

The Carleton Place Herald.

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Carleton Place.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Dead

All Canada Mourns the Death of Her Most Distinguished Son

The passing of Sir Wilfrid Laurier is like the removal of another landmark in the country's history. Honored and respected by political friend and foe, Sir Wilfrid was the one outstanding figure in the political life of Canada and his death causes universal regret.

For over 48 years in public life, for 45 years a member of the House of Commons, premier of Canada for 15 years, Sir Wilfrid held a rather unique position. Of French origin, and a devout member of his church, he was broad minded and tolerant, and his one desire to promote harmony between the two dominant races in Canada.

The funeral will take place on Saturday next, and he will be accorded a state funeral.

Mrs. Lambertus Passes Away Suddenly

Last Tuesday evening the home of Mr. M. Lambertus was entered by the angel of death, and the wife and mother was taken, another victim to pneumonia succeeding an attack of influenza. Mrs. Lambertus was before her marriage Sadie Whalen, and was a native of Guelph. For nearly seven years their home has been in Carleton Place. Of a kind and gentle disposition the deceased lady made many friends, with whom she was held in the highest esteem, and her demise is very deeply regretted. A family of five small children are left, who with the bereaved husband have the deepest sympathy in their season of grief. The funeral took place on Friday morning to St. Mary's church, and thence to the cemetery. Beautiful floral tributes adorned the casket.

THE HOCKEY LEAGUE

C.P.R. and Hawthorn Teams Tie for First Place

Last Wednesday evening a change took place in the standing of the local teams when the Hawthorn team defeated the C.P.R. by 5 to 1, and the North Side got the better of the Business Men by 4 to 2. The following were the players:—

Business Men		North Side	
D. McDiarmid	goal	C. Peden	goal
McMurtry	defence	J. McGill	defence
S. McPherson	defence	G. McCallum	defence
D. Jenkins	rover	R. Robertson	rover
H. Hughes	centre	A. Macklem	centre
F. McDiarmid	r. wing	R. Dean	r. wing
C. Hamilton	l. wing	McDonald	l. wing
Referee L. Imbleau.			

C.P.R.		Hawthorn	
I. Brundige	goal	Campbell	goal
L. Hockenhill	defence	L. Devlin	defence
H. Beck	defence	A. Doe	defence
J. Pendergast	rover	A. White	rover
A. Brice	centre	H. McFarlane	centre
W. Phillips	r. wing	T. Graham	r. wing
E. Hughes	l. wing	A. Nesbitt	l. wing
W. Dummett	spares	B. Walsh	spares
Referee L. Imbleau.			

On Friday evening a rather interesting game was played between the old-timers and the present-day boys in connection with the Father-and-Son activities of Zion congregation. The first half of the match was real fast and ended 1 to 1. But in the second period the seniors were unable to come back, and were rather on the defensive, and had it not been for the "star" work of "Peck" in goal the result might not have been the draw it was. The following were the players:—

Old-timers—F. Donald, F. Taylor, J. McLaren, F. McRostie, C. McCallum, Rev. W. Dobson, J. McPherson.

Juniors—C. Peden, H. McFarlane, Nairn Findlay, A. Shaw, Ham Findlay, G. Allen, D. Smythe.

Referee—G. Watters.
Umpires—J. K. Findlay, Geo. Kirkpatrick.

Shorten the C.P.R.

The scheme to shorten the distance between Ottawa and Toronto may come up again at next meeting of the C.P.R. By cutting across from Carleton Place to Perth would shorten the distance from Ottawa to Toronto by about 18 miles.—Perth Courier.

Kenneth Earle, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Earle, Perth, had a part of his right forefinger taken off at the shoe factory by a machine on which he was working.

At the Brockville police court last week a local man appeared before Magistrate Page charged with illegally selling liquor. The evidence presented came principally from a local fruit merchant, who testified that he had purchased a bottle from the accused for \$3. He placed the bottle in his store and about three minutes after its purchase Inspector Taber appeared on the scene and demanded the jug-water. The Magistrate found the accused guilty and imposed a fine of \$200 and costs of \$13.80 or three months imprisonment.

Auction sales are becoming quite common again early as it is.

Mr. Rose of Smiths Falls, has been appointed Public School Inspector.

Mr. Carl Lamb, of Ottawa, was a week-end visitor to Carleton Place.

Arenas of Toronto lost to Canadiens at Montreal Saturday night by 8 to 2.

Mr. Samuel Moffatt, of Renfrew, was a visitor to Carleton Place friends yesterday.

Rev. B. White, of Knox church, Ottawa, is to preach at the golden anniversary services in Zion church on March 2nd.

George Oliver has resigned as one of the Lanark county auditors and the warden has appointed E. R. Stedman, of Drummond, in his place.

"Get out the old sap buckets this spring and tap all the trees you can handle," is the advice of Chairman Thomson of the Canada Food Board.

Mr. Geo. Pound, missionary to the Sailors on inland waters, is in town this week. He spoke from the pulpits in the Presbyterian churches on Sunday in the interests of his work.

The Presbytery of Lanark and Renfrew is in session in Carleton Place today. Rev. James Taylor was elected moderator, and Rev. Dr. A. H. Scott of Perth was nominated as moderator to the General Assembly.

The juvenile mission band of Zion church, which captured the Presbytery's banner last year for the best work in the Presbytery, held a very successful little bazaar on Saturday afternoon last, and cleared some \$55 over the expenses.

The water-power of the St. Lawrence river belonging to Canada is estimated at 1,800,000 low-water continuous horsepower, according to a report of Arthur W. White, consulting engineer, Commission of Conservation, on the "Power Possibilities of the St. Lawrence River."

Instructions have been issued by the Secretary of the Women's Red Cross Society to the effect that all sewing for hospital and refugee work must be sent in by the first week in March if possible. A report that shipments of these supplies overseas will cease very soon, has been received by Red Cross Headquarters.

Mrs. Rich. Dowdall has been confined to the house for a few days with a sore limb. She, with her sister Mrs. P. Turner and Mr. Dowdall, were out driving last Wednesday evening, and when turning a corner the cutter slid, the runner striking a knoll that caused it to over-turn, throwing the occupants out. Mrs. Dowdall hit the ice first, and sustained quite a shock, although a fracture did not result.

Mr. John E. Aust, piano tuner, representing Mr. M. Webster, will make periodical visits to Carleton Place. Orders left at McIntosh's Drug Store will receive prompt attention. Mr. Aust is an experienced tuner and comes very highly recommended by Mr. Webster.

A branch of the Merchants' Bank is to be opened at Cobden.

Mr. Donat Laprade has joined the staff of Mr. Okilman as a salesman.

It is rumored that the Bank of Commerce may establish a branch in Perth.

A new boiler having been installed in Zion church the services were resumed last Sunday in the auditorium.

Mrs. C. C. Winnill, of Ottawa, and Mrs. H. P. Wright, Toronto, are guests of Mrs. Jas. Townsend and Mrs. C. H. Whitecher.

Mr. Alex McLean, jun., arrived home from the west on Saturday and will probably spend a month or six weeks with friends here.

Mr. Allan McEwen, son of Mr. Findlay McEwen, of Crystal City, Man., is visiting with relatives hereabouts. The young man is a nephew of Mr. Peter McDonald.

Mr. Wm. Barclay, night operator at the C.P.R. station in Arnprior for several years past, left last week for Carleton Place to take a similar position at the C.P.R. station there.—Arnprior Watchman.

By a vote of five to three the Renfrew council agreed to purchase the Leitch property, comprising some fifty acres on the Bonchere river, as a town park for \$1,800. The minority's argument was mainly that the purchase be first submitted to ratepayers.

Miss Elsie Gould, who has been holding an important position in the Hospital department of the U.S. Army since the Americans went to France, returned last week to New York, and is expected home this week. We will be glad to accord her a hearty welcome.

Mr. S. A. Torrance received word yesterday of the death in France of his nephew, Pte. Lyle A. Torrance, son of Mr. Adam Torrance, of North Bay. The young soldier was but 19 years of age and died of pleuro-pneumonia. The bereaved are greatly shocked at his sudden demise.

The central of the Lanark and Carleton Counties Telephone Company is being changed from Union Hall to Almonte, where it will be located in the Bell Telephone Company's office. The change will not only reduce running expenses but a day and night service will now be available.

Mr. E. T. Wilkie, who was attending the annual convention of Civil Engineers at Ottawa last week, spent a day with Carleton Place friends. Ed. does not seem to change any with his new environment and although associated with big things in the Queen City still takes a keen interest in the affairs of his native town.

Will ship Hogs, Calves, Sheep and Cattle on Saturday, February 22nd. Bring in your canner boxes. Highest market prices paid. Hogs will be higher.
CHAS. HOLLINGER.

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Reserve — 4,750,000

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A Bank well equipped to serve the Public. Drafts, Money Orders and Letters of Credit issued.
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Presentation to Mr. Moore

On Saturday the staff of Jamieson's store, presented Mr. Calvin Moore with an electric grill. Mr. Moore was entirely taken by surprise but in a few words thanked them for their gift and assured them of his lasting memory of their kindness. Mr. Jamieson presented him with a handsome cheque in token of his appreciation of the services he had rendered while in connection with the store. Mr. Moore is moving to Carleton Place.—Smiths Falls News.

Work is commenced on the Provincial highway between Ingersoll and Woodstock.

A young bank teller in Ottawa is missing, leaving his accounts \$3,000 short, and the proprietor of a local club where he was said to have gambled and lost heavily was fined \$500 after a raid.

A tablet was recently unveiled in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Pieton, in memory of a former pastor, Rev. D. G. McPhail who was one of those to give his life in the service of the country during the great war.

A meeting of the local committee on the thrift campaign was held in Mr. Colin McIntosh's office last Tuesday evening, when the subject was very fully discussed. It was decided to have the merchants sell the thrift stamps and advocate them at all times. The schools and the factories are all asked to recommend the stamps—a real saving scheme by which the small investor received in due course \$5.00 for \$4.00.

How Would It Do

To live up.
To push things.
To boom your town.
To advertise your business.
To renew your subscription.
To help your fallen brother rise.
To speak kindly of all, evil of none.
To wear a smile instead of a frown.
To trade at home the coming year.
To take advice as freely as you give it.
To get good yourself and do good to others.
To stand by your town and all its interests.
To school your sons and daughters in our schools.
To give every loyal enterprise your help and encouragement.
To speak your appreciative words while your friends can hear them.
To whoop your business to the front and help your competitors to keep up.
To send this paper to your friends that you wish to kindly remember.
To show your interest for your town by speaking well of it, standing by it, and living by it!

Shipping Day
Will ship Hogs from Carleton Place on Friday, Feb. 21st. Parties having Hogs for sale can phone and get prices.
J. M. QUINN,
Phone 199, Carleton Place.

The Ottawa N. H. L. team Thursday night defeated Canadiens in Ottawa by 7 to 0, and Arenas' task of overtaking them is now almost hopeless.

The Late William Machin

One most remarkable thing about the Spanish influenza is the toll it takes from the physically strong. Mr. Wm. Machin seemed a man unusually well built and physically as fit as you could find, and yet three days of pneumonia caused by the flu extinguished the life-spark, and the strong man passed away, death occurring at 1:25 last Thursday afternoon. The deceased was born in England 50 years ago, coming to Canada when quite a young lad. He learned his trade as a brass worker in Montreal, and was quite an expert in his calling.

He came to Carleton Place about 10 years ago, entering the employ of the C.P.R. in the shops here. He purchased a home for himself on Lake Avenue and became a citizen in the full sense of the term, taking an interest in all municipal affairs. He was a member of the International Association of Machinists, and for some years financial secretary of the local society. He was also a member of the Oddfellows Order, in both its branches, and a most enthusiastic worker, and held the office of D.D.G.M. for a term. He is survived by his wife and five children, who have the fullest sympathy in their bereavement. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon to Pine Grove cemetery, and although private was quite largely attended. The service at the home was conducted by Rev. Mr. Dobson, of whose congregation he was a member. The pallbearers were of his own choosing, members of the triple-link, viz., Messrs. H. Montgomery, R. McCallum, J. H. McFadden, W. H. Allen, J. H. Bond and W. J. Porterfield.

At the grave the Oddfellows paid the last tribute of respect by observing the burial service of the Order. The casket was laden with flowers, which included a pillow from the family, wreaths from his shop mates, the Machinists Union, the members of Stella lodge and Eureka Encampment.

Mrs. J. Wesley Spane

Another very sad death was that of Mrs. J. Wesley Spane, which occurred last Friday morning, from influenza. The deceased was but 30 years of age. Her maiden name was Lila Maude France, daughter of the late Robert France. She was ill two weeks. She is survived by her husband and five children, the eldest 14 years, the youngest but 8 months. Two brothers and one sister also survive, George R. of town, and Kenneth of Toronto, and Mrs. Dr. Sproul, of Applehill, all of whom have the deepest sympathy in their bereavement. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon, to Pine Grove cemetery, and was private. Beautiful floral tributes adorned the casket, amongst them wreaths from the family, the brothers, and Dr. and Mrs. Sproul, and a spray from Mrs. D. J. Miller and family of Montreal.

Eldest Daughter of Mrs. L. Cardiff

On Friday afternoon last Miss Edith Mabel, eldest daughter of Mrs. Levi Cardiff, passed away at the home of her mother aged 10 years and 9 months. Anemia was the fatal illness. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon to Pine Grove cemetery. The bereaved mother and other members of the family have the deepest sympathy in their time of trial and bereavement.

A Carleton Place Bard

The following poem, published in the St. Andrew's College Magazine (Toronto) is from the pen of one of our Carleton Place boys, Mr. David Findlay, and we are proud to give it a place in the columns of THE HERALD.

DAWN.

"Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning."
'Tis night, but still war's foaming flood
Rolls on in sacrificial blood;
Lurid flashes stab the dark;
Mortar answers Mortar's bark;
White afar the big guns bellow,
And the dead lie huddled stark.
The shriek of high explosive and the bullet's
sighing whine;
The deadly Maxim mutter as the foemen
sweep our line;
The red lust of killing in a din of hellish
sounds;
The grim frenzy of the fight, the madness of
dead hands,
And the Very's shuddering light shows the
dead high piled in mounds.
The dawn rose o'er torn trench and muddy
fit;
The cold stars gaze in pale amaze to find the
world so still.
Comes a whisper on the dawn wind to where
the Crosses show,
To where the dead are dreaming dreams and
Autumn flowers blow:
The flowers nod and bend to tell,—
A whisper from each crimson bell—
To tell the dead that all is well;
That reason rules the minds of men,
That peace on earth has come again.
DAVID K. FINDLAY.

Several cases marked "Cloth" consigned to a firm in Wahnapiate, on the C.P.R. excited the suspicion of the inspector at North Bay, and, on his opening one it was found to contain bottles of liquor. The whole were seized and the firm was served with a notice to appear in North Bay, but no one could be found to claim the goods.—Times

Capt. Leslie F. Burrows, M.C., of Guelph, has been appointed by the Dominion government director of agricultural training for the returned soldier land settlement for British Columbia, and has left Ottawa for Victoria.

We sell Everything that Men and Boys Wear.

NEW SPRING SHIRTS

Our new Spring Fine Shirts have arrived, and if your supply needs replenishing, you can do no better than to drop in, and pick out a few from our bright new stock.

We have them in Print, Crepe, Madras, Percalé, Granite Cloth, Silk, etc., etc. in a great variety of patterns and colors, at all prices from \$1 up.

You may have any sleeve-length required in the ordinary sizes, so that an unusual length of arm need not bother you.

We carry the celebrated ARROW SHIRTS, FORSYTHE SHIRTS DE LUXE, TOOKE and LANG brands, and offer a particularly good selection in this time of scarcity of materials.

F.C. McDIARMID

Phone 143.

THE PALACE GROCERY

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Appetizing Sandwiches

For that skating party or other social gathering can be made with

CLARK'S Potted Tongue or Beef Ham, per tin 10c
Veal, Ham and Tongue, per tin 25c
Peanut Butter, 15, 20, 25 and 40c
Cream Cheese, per pkg 15 and 25c
Sandwich Olives, already chopped, with Pimento per bottle 30c

Try a can of CLARK'S Beefsteak and Onions per tin 50c
Boiled Dinner, per tin 25c
Spaghetti with Cheese and Tomato Sauce, per tin 20c
Apples, Oranges, Grape Fruit, Celery and Cabbage.

T. STEVENS

Phone 121.

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

IT IS HOME.

Many young men, standing among the most tremendous realities, have their eyes half-shut or entirely closed. A mighty defense for a young man is a good home. Some of our readers look back with tender satisfaction to their early home. It may have been rude and rustic, hidden among the hills, an architect or upholsterer never planned nor adorned it. But all the fresco on primely walls never looked so enticing to you as those rough hewn rafters. You can think of no part or arbor of trees planted on a fashionable country seat so attractive as the plain brook that ran in front of the old farm house and sang under the weeping willows. No barred gateway, adorned with statuary of bronze, and swung open by obsequious porter in full dress, has half the glory of the swing gate. Many of you have a second dwelling place, your adopted home, that also issued forever. There you built the first family altar. There your children were born. All those trees you planted. That room is sacred, because, once in it, over the hot pillow, flapped the wing of death. Under that roof you expect, when your work is done, to lie down and die. You try with many words to tell the excellency of the place, but you fail. There is only one word in the English language that can describe your feeling. It is "home."

TALKING THINGS OVER.

An exchange very truthfully says that many people aside from Emerson have noted that moderns seem to have lost the art of conversation.

Many people talk, but few converse intelligently. Many say words and words, but little else. Many spend lots of time talking, but little gray matter. And many use their lips but leave out their minds and hearts.

In every home there is some place where the family members should gather at least occasionally and—just talk things over.

A wonderful living room—a cheering grate fire—sofa—soft, comfortable chairs—a foot-rest or two—a few good books—some nice pictures hanging on the walls—a few letters lying on the reading desk—a reading lamp—and still some people would let these things remain in a home without being used while they drift off down town or to the club seven nights a week.

There is no attempt at sermonizing in this editorial—but people will find out sooner or later that when they fail to consider home to be a real place to live in they lose out on one of life's big things.

So, why not sit down occasionally at home, with the family, and just talk things over.

It will develop the art of conversation; make the children think that home is after all a better place for a good time than the neighbor's house.

Birds in Battle

According to The American Museum Journal, birds at the European battle-fronts paid surprisingly little attention to the noise and confusion around them. In one case, when a shell burst through the roof of a shed in the rafters of which swallows were nesting, the birds quickly took advantage of the new opening when flying back and forth to feed their young. Masked gun sites are favorite nesting-places. A British ornithologist records that a brood of four young blackbirds were hatched within four feet of the muzzle of a gun. A pair of hedge swallows had their nest in the hub of a broken wheel continuously under fire and regularly fed their young without regard to the dropping shrapnel and bursting shells. It is stated, however, that droves of magpies have found the gun-fire in France too much for their nerves and have taken refuge in England. Birds ordinarily pay little attention to passing airplanes, but an exception is noted in the case of jack-daws at St. Omer, which have been known to leave their homes in the church steeples and attack the new-fangled denizens of the air.

Death at Stittsville

One of Stittsville's oldest and most prominent citizens in the person of Mr. Thomas McGuire, passed to his eternal rest on Monday. He was in his 81st year, was born and always lived in the vicinity where he died. He had been ill for the past four or five weeks from general debility and his end was peaceful. Deceased is survived by his wife, who before marriage was Miss Susannah Colbert of Hazeldean, and a family of children, namely: Mrs. W. J. Armstrong, Kinburn; Mills, of Ottawa; John and Florence at home. Two sisters also survive—Mrs. W. T. Morgan, of Bell's Corners, and Mrs. William Winchester, of Ottawa. The late Mr. McGuire was a member of the L.O.L. No. 490 under whose auspices the funeral took place to St. Thomas Church Stanley's Corners, on Tuesday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Greene. The pallbearers were six nephews, as follows: Messrs. John G. McGuire, Edward Foster, Albert Argue, James Bell, Robert Colbert and John Wall. The floral offering included the following: Wreaths—Orangemen, the family, the staff of Dominion Express Co., Ottawa; Spray—Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hickman, Ottawa.—Carp Review.

The Nipissing Mining Company shipped bullion during the month of January at an estimated value of \$207,259.

provide an opportunity for an exchange of opinion; and it will be honest-to-goodness pleasure!

Winter is here—and winter is the season for reading and for talking things over.

Why not make the most of it?

The ideal household is one where the parents manifest that fine courtesy that is to marriage what aroma is to a flower. Spawning from mutual consideration, in time it grows to be involuntary as the act of breathing. To enumerate and classify such tokens of good breeding and fine manners is as impossible as to define music. They gild every action, they soften every vocal chord. From "morn till dewy eve" they appear and reappear.

WANDERING BOY

"Oh where is my wandering boy to-night? Has he been singing thousands of times with wonderful tenderness and pathos, ever gave heed to the singers, or hearers, of the song? Statistics are frequently published showing the great majority of boys spending their nights away from the better influences of home. As they grow into youth and early manhood they seem to grow into the world and worldly ways. If the singer's plaintive question could be answered publicly in any ordinary meeting where the song is sung, it would cause a tremendous sensation, and many a heart would bow down in sorrow and pain. For some reason it is just as well that the nightly haunts of "the boys" are not specifically mentioned in local public meetings, and yet the matter is one of common report. The boys are too often out of home, out of the church and Sunday school, out of organizations of moral character, and into the world "for all it is worth."

The appeal for volunteers in the great battle of life, in exterminating ignorance and error and planting high on an everlasting foundation the banner of intelligence and right is directed to every member of this department would they grant it audience. Let no cloud again darken your spirit or weight of sadness oppress your heart. Arise ambitious! smouldering fires. The laurel may e'en now be wreathed destined to grace thy brow. Burst the trammels that impede thy progress and cling to hope. The world frowned darkly upon all who have ever yet won fame's wreath, but on they toiled. Place high thy standard, and with a firm and fearless eye press steadily onward. Persevere and thou wilt surely reach it. Are there those who have watched unrewarded, through long sorrowful years, for the dawning of a brighter morn, when the weary soul should calmly rest. Hope's bright rays still illumine their dark pathways, and cheerless faint not, though thy task be heavy and victory is thine.

WINTER HARD ON BABY

The winter season is a hard one on the baby. He is more or less confined to stuffy, badly ventilated rooms. It is so often stormy that the mother does not get him out in the fresh air as often as she should. He catches colds which rack his little system; his stomach and bowels get out of order and he becomes peevish and cross. To guard against this the mother should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They regulate the stomach and bowels and break up colds. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Makers of War and Peace

Perhaps you think of the members of your government and the members of other governments who are going to confer in the city of Paris as the real makers of war and peace, but we are not. You are the makers of war and of peace. The pulse of the modern world beats on the farm and in the mine, in the factory; the plans of the modern world are made in the counting-house; the men that do the business of the world now shape the destinies of the world, and peace or war is now in a large measure in the hands of those who direct the commerce of the world. A country is owned and dominated by the capital that is invested in it. I do not need to instruct you in that fundamental idea. In proportion as foreign capital comes in among you and takes its hold, in that proportion does foreign influence come in and take its hold, and therefore the processes of conquest.—President Wilson.

When Full It Is Full

At a recent social gathering the conversation turned on the crowded state of the street cars.

"It is really too bad," remarked a guest, "they pack in the passengers like sardines in a box."

"Your comparison is inapt," retorted a lady, smilingly. "When a box of sardines is full it is full. They don't constantly keep opening the box to pack in a few more."

Gray Hair
USE
Hair's Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hair-conditioner. Is not a dye. Generous sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

WAIST OF FLESH GEORGETTE



Simple yet extremely becoming is this bijou waist of flesh georgette. The double collar of knife plaiting, the turnback cuffs, held by bows of moire silk and the box plaits with an interesting line of hemstitching through the center are items worthy of note.

BEADED NOVELTIES ARE HERE

Woven Chains for Neck Wear Among the Attractive Trinkets Which Have Been Imported.

Among the trinkets which have been imported to this country and are selling in various places are chains to be worn around the neck. To say that they are woven does not in the least degree describe the intricacy of the patterns and designs.

One, for instance, of electric blue and silver beads, is woven in patches about an inch and a half long by a half inch wide, strung together by a dozen or more strands of the beads, on straight strings, these strands being, again, about two inches in length. At the end, for a pendant, there is a square, dangling midway between the throat and waist, woven in an enlargement of the pattern displayed in the other bits of weaving. The pattern is not distinct. It has an elusive way with it, being a design in the silver with a background of the shimmering blue beads.

This chain, or whatever you wish to call it, was worn with a street gown of black satin. The gown itself was entirely without trimming and it had one of those very popular and beautiful neck lines reaching in a straight line from shoulder to shoulder. This enabled the chain to show against the whiteness of skin for a space, and then to appear shining against the shiny blackness of the satin. The effect was decidedly interesting, and the beads held one's attention as a beautiful jewel might have done.

GOWNS AND HATS OF WHITE

These Promise to Be Prime Favorites This Winter, Velvets to Figure Prominently.

White is to have a vogue this winter. Long white coats are very smart indeed. So much is white to be in evidence this season that smart milliners are bringing out many hats of white velvet, or at least showing some trimming of this sort introduced here and there. After one has left youth far behind white needs most skillful treatment to be worn becomingly. It is always best to subdue it wherever possible with some beading or overdraping of laced effect.

Nothing could be prettier than the new dinner gowns of white velvet. They are unexcelled by any sort of ornament. Now that well-dressed women do not wear jewelry of any sort, there is not even a gleaming diamond permitted to be worn with these dead white frocks. No sleeves, no corsage decorations and no sashes appear. One can readily see that only the freshness of youth and the most pronounced beauty can successfully carry off a white velvet frock. They may be summed up in the brief verdict: Beautiful—at least to behold.

Along with the vogue of white is that for a combination of black and white, always much favored, but again a fashion demanding skillful treatment to be successful.

EXTRA WARM EVENING WRAPS

Favored Garment Folds Around Figure and Has Double Thickness Over Chest.

Certain economists buy a semiformal frock that will serve for gay hours between four and twelve p. m. with its own coat, which relieves them from the purchase of an extra evening coat, or keeps the one they possess for use for special occasions. This is after all, an extravagant trick, the critics say, for one warm long coat should serve.

The wrap of the hour is warm and heavy. It is no longer of chiffon nor does it show itself in cape form. It folds around the figure and has a double thickness over the chest. Furs are heaped on it, and, often, there is a return to the fashions of Charles II in the loose undersleeve of fur that comes out from the wide upper sleeve. This idea, by the way, is carried out in a few street clothes, and it catches the fancy of those who abominate the hiatus between the edge of a faring sleeve and the hand.

And such sleeves are warm. They act like a padded muff.

OUR PROBLEM OF HAPPINESS

Few People Consider Advisability of Action on Truths Suggested by Great Thinkers.

Why is it few people can act on truths put forth by great thinkers; for example, that the unselfish are happier than the selfish? writes Norman Hapgood in Leslie's. In discussing the progress of fellowship in industry, people constantly speak to me as if granting benefits to labor were a "sacrifice." So, as we are constituted, I suppose it is. Why is it not rather a privilege? Do we know in our hearts that simplicity and devotion give a contentment no accumulation of material things can rival? Is it not mere lack of courage that keeps us from trying in our own lives just a little of the New Testament? Indeed, is there anything more tragic than to die without ever having given the great spiritual truths a chance to practice?

I have been looking carefully into the early stages of co-operation in a small manufacturing plant. The plan started about a year ago. All questions concerning factory employment go first to a committee in which most of the members are factory employees. The head of the concern has interfered with the committee but once, and then he was right, and when he put his view, the committee voluntarily reversed its previous decision by something like ten to one. This concern last year paid exactly the same dividends on wages that it paid on capital. The president of the company intends to carry the plan further, as far as control goes, as rapidly as the education of employees makes it possible. He has no desire to pile up such a fortune that neither he nor his descendants for generations will know the necessity of doing their share in order to live. He is without fear and without indolence. I know him and I know also many of the other type of capitalists, who cling to all the power and all the profits. Believe me, if I had to choose between his inner self—his serenity, ardor, and youthful heart—and the tired, distracted plethora of the more acquisitive type, it would not take me long.

The Triumphant Herring.

Herrings were sold at three for a penny at Berwick-on-Tweed, Scotland, recently. They were landed in such large quantities that in the forenoon, asserts a correspondent, the townspeople were getting supplies free. Owing to the shortage of labor the fish curers were unable to deal with the catches, which sold at ridiculously low prices.

What a feast the people of Berwick must have had on that day! What appetizing incense arose from thousands of sizzling frying-pans and griddles! Men would be lured from their labors by the smell of the succulent fish. What if the beststeak of old England has gone to the bottom; it has emerged from the deep in a rich—may, richer—"silver harvest of the sea!" The sportive little herring is immune from the torpedo, and laughs at Tirpitz's shoal of ruthless sharks.

The besieged inhabitants of the seagirt isle may yet be saved by the smell of a herring. It would indeed be poetical justice if a mere sprat should be the means of throttling the all-devouring submarine. For, the herring are the most democratic of fishes; they are the common people of the sea—the masses—and are the most beloved by their prototypes on land.

Influence on Children.

As for moral influences in the home, it is the words the child hears us speak, the things he sees us do which will have the greatest effect on his nature, such as respectful care and tender affection toward the grandmother, the grandfather, the aunt, the uncle, our attitude toward those in our employ, etc. Family festivals will make ever glorious impressions on the child's mind, states a student of human nature.

The spirit of charity should permeate the home. The little child is too young to know how to help the less fortunate, but he will imbibe the home spirit and with his growing understanding adopt the ideals by which he is surrounded.

Above all other influences the most telling is that which the parents create by means of their relationship to each other. If peace reigns supreme and father and mother live as one, having a deep, true, earnest affection for each other, facing together the joys and sorrows, and supplementing each other's strength at every turn, there is no greater legacy parents can leave their children than the influence and memory of such a home.

The Packhorse Comes Back.

Among many revivals for which the war is responsible is that of the packhorse. The packhorse, or packmule, says London Answers, has proved his usefulness over and over again at the front, where he carries shells and other munitions and stores to the dumps and front lines, and this use has no doubt led the prince of Wales to endeavor to revive the once-famed Devon packhorse on his Dartmoor farms.

It is only within the last few years that the packhorse has disappeared from the byways of Devon and the north, and to this day ponies and donkeys are still used on the coast to carry seaweed and shingle.

Formerly nearly all the traffic in the west of England was carried by the packhorse, which traveled in single file, the leader wearing bells to warn on-comers in the narrow lanes and to guide those following.

The British Tar and the Ocean

When the German fleet surrendered to the British and French squadrons the captive crews were taken aboard British battleships. One big round-headed German was plainly disgusted with the way things had gone and showed it.

Walking up to a group of British sailors he spat overboard and said: "That's what I think of your verdammt fleet, and as for Admiral Beatty why—?" and he put over the rail again. Then he spat a third time by way of expressing his opinion of the whole British nation.

As he finished a big British tar hitched his pants up and said:—"Look here, Fritz, you can say what you please about the English fleet and act as you wish toward Admiral Beatty, and think what you want about the British, but you be dam well careful whose ocean you go spitting into."

The Daylight Saving Bill of last session is practically certain to be renewed when parliament meets. Inquiry shows that opposition to the bill, as expressed in communications received by the government is every slight.

The cotton garment makers of Canada have chosen G. C. Copley of Hamilton and H. M. Friedman of Montreal to represent them at London and overseas in an effort to get their share of export trade. The woolen clothing manufacturers of Canada will be represented by H. M. Levine of Montreal.

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and break up colds—how soon they allay the fever. Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold.

Taken then, they will prevent the Grippe. Taken after it has developed, there is nothing better for the pain and fever.

Take Zutoo

JUST RECEIVED A CAR OF

Alberta & Crescent

PROVENDER

\$58 and \$63 per Ton

We also have a quantity of Bran Shorts on hand at low prices.

C. F. BURGESS, Can. Food Board License No. 9-279

Headquarters for the Lake of the Woods Co. products

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

Pain? Hirst's will stop it!

Used for 40 years to relieve rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains, lame back, toothache, earache, swollen joints, sore throat and other painful complaints. Have a bottle in the house. All dealers or write us.

HIRST REMEDY COMPANY, Hamilton, Canada

Giving your Car its original Power

That's the sort of repair work you get done in this shop—the factory kind. You know what we mean! Your car comes back to you as though you had just got it from the factory. Every little detail about your car will be put in first class shape here.

McGREGOR BROS.
MACHINE SHOP AND GARAGE

THE GIFTS THAT LAST!

Home furnishings make the most delightful of all Gifts. They are not just for a day. They are for years, add even for a life-time so—

Why not Furniture for the new year?

Our store is well-stocked with new, useful and reasonably priced gifts for the home.

Plan to call on us.

Open every evening and glad to see you.

"The store that pleases."

W. H. MATTHEWS

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING - - LESLIE BLOCK

Store Phone 200. House Phone 142

Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

W. R. ALLEN, Proprietor.

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietor, Bridge Street, Carleton Place (next door to Post Office).

Advertising Rates

Legal and Government Notices—10 cents per nonpareil line (12 lines to inch) for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Yearly Cards—Professional cards, \$5.00 per year.

Local Readers—10 cents per line for first insertion; 5 cents per line subsequent.

Black Type Readers—15 cents per line for first insertion; 7 1/2 cents per line subsequent.

Small Advs.—Condensed advts. of such a nature as Lost, Found, Strayed To Rent, etc., 1 cent a word for first insertion and 1/2 cent a word subsequent; minimum charge 25 cents for first insertion, 20 cents for second insertion and 15 cents subsequent.

Auction Sales—50 cents per inch first insertion and 25 cents per inch subsequent.

Card of Thanks and In Memoriam, 50 cents; Obituary Poetry, 10 cents per line.

Commercial Display

One insertion 50 cents per inch up to 10 inches; 11 to 50 inches, 25 cents per inch; subsequent insertions up to 15, 20 cents per inch; over 15 insertions any length, with a total of 100 inches, 15 cents per inch; 1 year with a total of 250 inches, 12 cents per inch.

NOTICE—All copy for changes of advertisement should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

THE HERALD.

Carleton Place, Ont.

Professional Cards.

R. F. PRESTON, M.D.

GRADUATE of Queen's University Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office and residence, Bridge St., Carleton Place.

J. A. McEWEN, M.D.

(Successor to Dr. D. A. McFarlane) GRADUATE of Toronto University; House Surgeon C. P. Hospital, Ottawa; Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office—Old Bank of Ottawa Building, Franklin Street, Carleton Place.

DR. DOWNING,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and Residence, Bridge Street, formerly occupied by Dr. McFarlane. Telephone No. 55.

A. A. METCALFE, M.D., C.M.

SURGEON. Attendant at Rosamond Memorial Hospital. Specialist in Operative Appendicitis and General Surgery. Almonte, Ont. Telephone No. 90.

G. McDONALD, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S.

SPECIAL attention given to the preservation of Natural Teeth. C. P. Hospital, Ottawa. Anesthetics administered when required. Hours from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Office—Galvin's Block, Carleton Place.

M. H. STEELE, L.D.S., D.D.S.

GRADUATE of Royal College of Dental Surgeons and Elizabeth Dental College. Office—Strathairn's Block, Carleton Place. Entrance, Bridge Street, next door to R. A. Patterson. Telephone No. 48.

ROBERT MUIRHEAD BOX, D.D.S.

GRADUATE of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons. Post graduate course in treatment of pyorrhea and dental abscesses. Bridge St., Carleton Place, over Allan's Shoe Store. Same entrance as Hammond's. Phone 229.

PATTERSON & FINDLAY,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Solicitors for the Bank of Ottawa, Carleton Place. Offices in the new Ottawa Bank building. Money to Loan.

ROBT. C. PATTERSON

Geo. H. Findlay. C. MONTOSH, B.C.L., LL.B., BARRISTER, Solicitor of the Supreme Court, Notary Conveyancer &c. Solicitor for the Union Bank of Canada. Office—McDonald's Law Block, Carleton Place. Money to Loan.

J. W. GIVEN

(Organist Zion Ch. Church). TEACHER OF PIANO ORGAN AND VOICE. STUDIO in Bell's Block, over Keays' Restaurant, Carleton Place.

D. R. McNEELY

Manufacturer of Every Description of Cut Stone. Monuments of Newest Designs kept in stock. All inscriptions neatly cut and gilded by First-class Workmen. Stone Yard on Franktown Road, opposite Edwards' Grocery. Box 189. CARLETON PLACE, ONT.

LELAND HOTEL

The Leading Farmer's Hotel. Cheap rates. Meals 50 cents. THE HERALD is fully equipped to handle any job you may have—from a Visiting Card to a double sheet poster.

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS

McLagan Phonographs. Also a full stock of Columbia Records. Nothing nicer for Christmas gifts. Call and see our stock.

Beautiful pieces of Fancy Furniture for the holiday season.

PATTERSON BROS.

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

Job Printing—As good as can be had. Keep your work at home. THE HERALD is fully equipped to handle any job you may have—from a Visiting Card to a double sheet poster.

Cut Flowers!

Everything in Cut Flowers, Plants, etc., Wreaths and all varieties of designs for Funerals. Orders may be left at this Office.

W. H. ALLEN, Agent

THE USE OF HOT-BEDS AND COLD FRAMES

(Experimental Farms Note.) A hot-bed is desirable wherever vegetables or flowers are grown in Canada. It is a means by which plants are grown through their earlier stages in a suitable temperature in order to shorten the time of reaching condition for use or of coming into flower. It is the early vegetables which are the most profitable and most appreciated. Furthermore, with a hot-bed it is possible to mature certain vegetables in parts of Canada where, if started in the open, they would not ripen before being killed by frost. Again, with a hot-bed it is possible to mature a large crop when without one the crop would be very small. Certain vegetables also, even if not subjected to actual frost, will not grow if the soil and air are cold hence must be started in warm soil and warm air such as is afforded by a hot-bed, and the plants grown there are not set out in the open until warm weather. Such crops as radish, lettuce, spinach, carrots, and other vegetables which will reach marketable size in a relatively short season and are easily handled while the weather is still cool in early spring, reach the stage when they are ready for use much sooner when kept in the hot-bed or cold frame than if one had to wait until the seed were planted in the open and the plants developed there. There is unusually greater danger from keeping the hot-bed too hot for these particular vegetables than from its being too cool. Cauliflower also can be grown to maturity in hot-beds, and in places where it is difficult, owing to summer frosts or cool weather, to grow cucumbers and melons, a few plants in a hot-bed will provide a fair supply for the family. In making a hot-bed the conservation of the heat in it is one of the chief considerations, and to assist in this the hot-bed should be in a protected place, preferably on the south side of a building, wall or close board fence where the cold winds will be broken and all the sunshine possible be obtained. The manure used should be kept hot when it is put in, and it should be kept hot by thoroughly banking the outside of the frame with manure to prevent the cold getting in and the heat getting out. It is easier to conserve heat in a bed that is hot than one that is built high up. Cold frames are much like hot-beds in outward appearance, but no manure is put inside as cold frames are used later in the spring than the hot-beds and less heat is needed, there being sufficient from the sun shining through the glass, and the glass and frame usually afford sufficient protection from light frosts at night should there be such. Details in regards to making hot-beds will be found in a pamphlet which can be obtained free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

WAR SAVINGS SOCIETIES A War Savings Society is a group of persons organized to promote systematic saving among its members and to emphasize, in every way possible, the need and desirability of thrift. Ten or more persons may thus organize themselves and, having done so, secure official recognition through the issue of a charter from the National War Savings Committee. Organized in schools, factories, large business houses, and in the midst of already existing bodies, these War Savings Societies are capable of assisting greatly in the War Savings and Thrift Stamps campaign. Organizations such as the Daughters of the Empire, the Red Cross, the Home Makers, the Women's Grain Growers and others that could be mentioned can render valuable service by forming War Savings Societies and Thrift Clubs among their members. War Savings Societies should be formed by the thousands throughout Canada. One Successful Bluff Perhaps the most gigantic bluff of the war was the "Dover barrage bluff." Admiral Hall, of the British navy, invented, says the New York "Evening Post," what purported to be elaborate plans for an electric mine field across the Channel from Dover, some of the surface lights of which were put in place and then managed to have the whole scheme sold to the German secret service for \$20,000. In fact, there were no mines laid; but the German officials thought there were, and for a long time religiously kept their submarines away from the deadly place.

Pert Paragraphs

Facts are not stubborn things. It's the man who won't recognize them that is stubborn. It isn't what others think about you that brings the worry wrinkles; it's what you know about yourself. You've got to leave your work with some planning and thought. A fireless cooker doesn't do the business until heat is applied. Wealth does not come by the most diligent saving, but by the most diligent producing. Men and nations who pinch the pennies hardest are never the richest. When a man is satisfied with conditions as he finds them, he might as well call in the undertaker, for the jig's up with him. Estimates of unemployment to Toronto from 10,000 to 20,000.

Plain Talk

Employer—What! You want a raise? Why, when I was an office boy I had to work five years before I got one. Office Boy—Yesir; but p'raps you was one of those fat-head kinds that ain't worth a raise.—Boston Transcript.

Last of the "Mayflowers."

The birth-rate of the descendants of the "Mayflower" Pilgrims is not sufficient to maintain their numbers. Americans are soon to celebrate the three hundredth anniversary of their landing, and if their present birth rate continues for another three hundred years, they can all then be put into a "Mayflower" again and shipped back across the Atlantic, if so desired. At least this is the conclusion of S. J. Holmes and C. M. Doud, of the University of California.

Woman's Statement Will Help Carleton Place

"I hated cooking because whatever I ate gave me sour stomach and a bloated feeling. I drank hot water and olive oil by the gallon. Nothing helped until I tried simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka. I became completely Adler-i-ka relieved. ANY CASE sour stomach, gas or constipation and prevents appendicitis. The INSTANT action is surprising. W. J. Hughes, druggist.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

The second annual meeting of the Captain Hooper chapter Daughters of the Empire" was held Thursday evening, Feb. 6th, a large number of members being present.

The treasurer reported as follows:— Cash on hand \$ 9 14 Cash in Bank 108 40 Bank Interest 3 98 Cash Receipts 1,508 68

Total Expense \$ 606 63 Cash in Bank 961 63 Cash on hand 61 89

\$1,630 15 MR. A. E. CLAM, MR. D. E. OLIVER, Auditors.

During the year 1918 fourteen business meetings were held and one afternoon and evening a week for work.

During the month of February the town was canvassed for donations for pyjamas for Queen's Military Hospital, total amount being received \$166.65.

In May Mrs. J. E. Gobeil, regent, attended the National Convention at Toronto and brought back a very favorable report.

The donations for the year were as follows: Franco British Society Blind Soldiers, \$15.00; Maple Leaf Club, \$25.00; Nurse Home, England, \$25.00; Navy League, \$25.00; Western Library \$10.00; To Queen's Military Hospital, 55 suits pyjamas, 3 quilts, 6 pillows, 6 pillow cases, 1 box fruit, Red Cross Society, 150 property bags; To St. Luke's Hospital, 2 doz. jars jelly, flowers, Christmas treat, ice cream and fruit; To Sanford Fleming Hospital, 1 case of medicine; To Red Cross Soldiers, 24 boxes; Returned Soldiers going through, 30 boxes; Navy League Sailors, 25 Christmas bags, 9 sweaters, 4 mufflers, 1 cap; The Work Committee also reported forty day shirts and one hundred pair socks.

During the year three concerts were held:— Old Canadian Home, \$130.00; Sunny France, \$107.50; Major Hooper Lecture, \$84.00; One Tea, \$10.00; Garden Committee, \$29.10; Mrs. D. Findlay, \$5.00; Mr. S. M. Riddell, \$1.00; Miss Young, \$1.00; W. Fanning, \$2.00; Mrs. D. Caldwell, \$10.00; Mrs. D. Caldwell, relief, \$25.00; County of Lanark Grant, \$900.00; Donald Caldwell, 12 lbs wool; Miss Frizell, Mrs. Geo. Langstaff; Miss Shotton, Mrs. Gobeil, pillows, 2 quilt linings.

The election of officers for 1919 resulted as follows:— Regent—Mrs. J. E. Gobeil. 1st Vice Regent—Mrs. A. C. McCullum. 2nd Vice Regent—Mrs. James Lowe. Honorary 1st Vice—Mrs. Ed. Fanning. Secretary—Elizabeth C. Lowe. Assistant Secretary—Mary McAllister. Treasurer—Martha Fanning. Educational Secretary—Mrs. I. P. Steele. Echoes Secretary—Lewina McAllister. Standard Bearer—Mrs. Cecil Tetlock. Connecutors—Mrs. Geo. Langstaff, Miss M. Frizell, Mrs. W. J. Bailey, Mrs. Robert Weir, Mrs. Geo. Phillips, Miss M. Sullivan, Mrs. J. Call, Mrs. M. Stearns, Mrs. James Dolan, Gertrude Hockmull, Mrs. J. Clarke, Mrs. Cecil Tetlock.

Lieut-Col. Belcher, C.M.G., D.S.M., former O.C. 138th Batt., dropped dead at Calgary.

Woman suffrage by Federal constitutional amendment was beaten again in the U.S. Senate.

All the strikers on the Clyde have been instructed by their leaders to return to work.

An order in Council has been passed forbidding the sale or gift of liquor to any soldier in uniform.

The trial of the Turkish officials responsible for the Armenian massacres has begun at Constantinople.

President Wilson plans to return from the U.S. to Paris by March, which involves a short stay at Washington.

The Ontario Government has announced that they will spend 25 millions of dollars this year in reconstruction.

John Jackson, aged eighteen, was instantly killed while working at the Lake Superior Paper Company's mills at Sault Ste. Marie.

The contract for the laying of the new duplicate intake pipe, Pembroke has been awarded to ex-Mayor Edward Behan, whose tender was \$8,535.

Local Boards or Tribunals are to be formed to decide what enemy aliens are undesirable or dangerous, with a view to their internment and ultimate deportation.

Stiff penalties up to one year in prison and \$300 are provided by a new order in Council for the punishment of persons supplying liquor to returned officers and soldiers.

A block of Pembroke bonds for \$50,000 has been bought by W. L. McKinnon & Co., Toronto, their tender of \$102.98 being the highest. The bonds are six per cents, payable in thirty instalments.

Give Liberal Ration. If dairy cows are to be fed for profitable production they must receive a liberal ration at all seasons. In summer pasture generally is depended upon, but often it must be supplemented by molasses or silage, and sometimes by concentrates as well. For winter feeding, the ration usually is composed of hay, silage, and a mixture of grains. In properly balancing the ration the grain mixture is compounded to fit the roughage with due consideration for cost, bulk, palatability, and physiological effect upon the cow. For the best results, cows must be fed individually, salted regularly, and furnished with all the clean water they will drink.

Every hearth or fireplace in England was taxed in the reign of Charles II.

PEACE AND THE FARM

DEMANDS FOR PRODUCTS WILL BE VERY LARGE.

Although the War is Over, the Reconstruction Period Ought to Prove Even More Beneficial to the Agriculturist and the Stock Grower than the Period of War.

The war is over, and now starts the drive for reconstruction, and in this no class of the community is more directly interested than the farmers. Now, more than ever, will there be a reason for increased production in all lines and especially of foodstuffs. Transportation facilities will improve rapidly, and the demand for supplies in Europe needing first consideration, it is only to be expected that every surplus item of farm production on the American continent will be required for export.

This country especially, is well situated to meet the first call, which will naturally be for wheat and such proportion of other cereals as can be used to best advantage in milling. The winter crops are all saved and the little inroad on the new supply has been made as yet, but business of moving the grain will increase in activity at once without doubt. Also, such material suited for stock feeding, will be in demand to help save whatever remains of the herds and flocks on the other side of the Atlantic.

Not much more of the grain crops than will be required for seed next spring, can be expected to be held out of the amount called for to help carrying our allies and others over the coming winter and in view of the fact that the next call, namely, for meat animals and breeding stock, will follow immediately on the call for bread, farmers in Canada must take immediate steps to make fullest possible use of all feed substitutes that are available so that their live stock may be maintained in fair condition until next year's pasture season arrives. The situation will probably necessitate provision to allow for the survival of the fittest of our live stock and a careful culling of all herds should be started at once with a view to disposing of such animals as cannot be expected to improve economically, and to save every promising breeding animal so that building up may go on at a rapid pace next year.

The facility with which the purchase and export of products can be effected has been assured by the success of the Victory Loan campaign. The fighters have done their part in the war and will be willing to do their part in reconstruction, but in the period of demobilization it will be necessary, among other things, that the export of such products as foodstuffs to do their utmost in the way of maintaining the food supply.

Manufacturing and Farming.

Of course there are other industries to share in making use of labor set free by the cessation of munitions manufacture on a war scale, but if farm machinery manufacturers are allowed a share of both material and labor so lately employed in the work of producing fighting material, in accordance with the importance of their industry to the quick development of agricultural expansion, we may look for rapid increases in the output of farm machinery and especially tractors within the next few months.

Rumors to the effect that farm machines, and especially tractors, were due to become cheap by reason of increased competition and excessive production existing during the first year of the war, when farm tractors began to be considered seriously by a rapidly-increasing number of farmers, but such a condition cannot be looked for until some time to come or at least until more than one crop has been taken off, and then only if the crops prove good enough to allow of a reduction of prices for foodstuffs, so allowing a reduction in the cost of manufactured articles.

Merely because a surplus of foodstuffs is required to bring about lower prices for manufactured articles, including farm machinery, the farmer need not consider that he must be the sufferer from good times for other people. His chance to lap up a good supply of the basis of exchange has not yet passed and he can look forward to holding the commanding position in this regard for some years to come. He will, however, be in better position to hold his advantage indefinitely if he will at once invest a fair share of his cash in equipment that will ensure cheaper production. What the country needs most is food, and the country is willing to pay for it, therefore, since hand labor cannot be looked to to fill the demand for help on the farms, even with the return of the Allies' soldiers set free from military duty, the farmer who withholds from encouraging industry in which many men incapable of farming might be employed by refusing to purchase a needed tractor or other farm machinery, when he has the means to do so, is merely holding back general production and piling up discomfort for everybody in the country.

Search for Secrets.

Ponce De Leon started out to discover the Secret Fountain of Youth. Men are always looking for secrets: the secret of health, wealth, or happiness. But the secret of successful advertising has been discovered. It is strange it was not discovered long ago, but it was not until recent years, although it is remarkably simple. It is to "Tell the truth and shame the devil." Put into your advertisements the exact facts, without exaggeration or elaboration. When people see that you are entitled to confidence, they will make a beaten path to your doors.

A Packet of—

"SALADA"

Tea, will go further on infusion and give better satisfaction than any other Tea obtainable.

Not a shadow of doubt about this. TRY IT!

ICELAND PROUD OF CULTURE

Little Nation, Long Isolated From the Rest of the World, Has Maintained Its Spiritual Life.

There are few nations that can point to a brighter record of culture than this little nation of one hundred thousand people (Iceland), practically isolated on their arctic island for nearly one thousand years. Why did they not revert to barbarism, as has been the fate of many white groups out of touch with outside civilization? There is but one answer: The Promethean flame which kindled the genius of the old, now nameless, monks—the saga authors—has never died in Iceland. It could not die so long as the sagas lived, firing the spiritual life of the nation.

Each period of national prosperity since the saga age has seen a revival of literary activity. Now Iceland is more prosperous in a material way than ever in its history, and behold there is a pen scratching in every cottage; there is a poet apostrophizing every waterfall, dedicating the summer crop of poppies and daffodils, and charming, or at least trying to charm, the innumerable host of fays and light elves, trolls and water sprites and "landvaettir" which have endowed the bleak hills and mountains of Iceland with an immortal soul.—From the Dial.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

In Effect October, 1918 Present Time-Table to and from Carleton Place:

EAST BOUND No. 18 Sec Exp. 4:30 a.m. daily 1 Imp. Ltd. 5:50 a.m. daily 5:10 a.m. River Pgr. 9:55 a.m. daily ex. Sunday 8:55 P.m. Local 5:20 p.m. daily except Sunday 26 Toronto Pgr. 5:45 p.m. daily ex. Sunday 5:00 Brockville Mixed 8:20 a.m. NORTH AND SOUTH BOUND No. 17 Sec Express 1:25 a.m. daily 1 Imp. Ltd. 3:05 a.m. daily 5:55 P.m. Local 5:20 p.m. daily ex. Sunday 8:55 P.m. Local 5:45 p.m. ex. Sunday 5:00 Brockville Local 7:55 p.m.

For particulars apply to J. F. WARREN, Agent Carleton Place

For Biliousness

Biliousness is a common form of indigestion. It is brought on by food-waste which the stomach, intestines and bowels fail to expel. If you will take a few doses of Beecham's Pills, when bilious, you will soon rid yourself of the impurities, relieve sick headache, stimulate the liver and bile and tone the stomach. Healthy conditions are quickly re-established by using BEECHAM'S PILLS

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helena, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U.S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

Advertisement for Beecham's Pills featuring an illustration of a man and a woman, and the text 'Search for Secrets. Ponce De Leon started out to discover the Secret Fountain of Youth. Men are always looking for secrets: the secret of health, wealth, or happiness. But the secret of successful advertising has been discovered. It is strange it was not discovered long ago, but it was not until recent years, although it is remarkably simple. It is to "Tell the truth and shame the devil." Put into your advertisements the exact facts, without exaggeration or elaboration. When people see that you are entitled to confidence, they will make a beaten path to your doors.'

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, FEB. 18TH, 1919.

ALL Canada mourns the death of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The Dardanelles were thrown open to American trade interests for the first time since the world war on Saturday.

One hundred thousand Canadian women are represented in the Federation of Women's Societies formed at Winnipeg.

THE MAPLE SAP SEASON

The Food Board advises greater activity in this industry this season.

USE TWO GALLON SAP PAILS

In the gathering of maple sap don't make the mistake of using pails that are too small. If you are getting new pails, get two gallon ones. Then your sap is not so apt to run over on the ground before you get there with the tank. Metal pails and tanks are better than buckets and barrels or casks. They are easier to keep clean. Wood soaks up a certain amount of sap which turns sour with age, and tends to spoil the flavor of the new crop. But get out the old sap buckets if you haven't new ones ready. Make the most of the maple sugar season while prices are good.

TAP YOUR SUGAR MAPLES

Only about 50 per cent of the trees in the average sugar bush are tapped. Even in the Eastern townships of Quebec, where the maple industry is perhaps best developed, only 50 to 100 trees per acre are tapped. The ideal sugar bush should have about 200 trees per acre producing. There were only about 55,000 producers of maple sugar and syrup in 1917, though last year the number increased somewhat. In the decade of 1881 to 1891 an average production of 22,500,000 pounds was reached. At present prices this crop would be worth about \$50,000,000. Eastern Canada has an immense natural resource in her maple trees, most of which have never been tapped. How many trees are you going to tap this year?

MORE MAPLE SUGAR.

Last year's crop of maple sugar and syrup is all gone. Prices this year will be just about as profitable. The export trade is developing. What the dealers want is more maple sugar, more maple syrup, and better quality. Make your maple bush pay this year by tapping all the trees you can handle. As far as the boiling goes it is just about as easy to handle the sap of 5,000 trees as 500.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

President Wilson left Brest for the United States on Saturday.

The Supreme War Council has begun the examination of the Russian question.

The International Sunday School Executive approved the plan to raise twenty millions for religious education.

The Commonwealth of Australia is to be presented by Britain with six destroyers and six modern type submarines. Judge Livingstone at Welland told the assessors of the county that dishonesty is at the bottom of assessment troubles.

Jack Johnson, former heavyweight champion, is "broke" in Spain, and boxing limited round bouts with unknown boxers.

Jackie and Teddie West and Johnnie Miller of Port Dover lost their lives as a result of the first named breaking through the ice when skating.

Mrs. Kitchen of St. Joseph's Island poisoned her three children, and after two frustrated attempts to drown herself ended her life by poison also.

Mr. S. B. Livingston succeeds Mr. C. H. Albee as superintendent of the Perth Shoe Co. Mr. Livingston comes from Montreal and has had wide experience in Shoe Manufacturing.

Three defaulters sent by a Kingston Magistrate to the penitentiary for one year each must spend their term in the Central Prison, as one-year-terms are not admitted to the penitentiary.

Gold Storage Variety

A middle-aged bachelor was in a restaurant at breakfast when he noticed this inscription on an egg: To whom it may concern: Should this meet the eye of some young man who desires to marry a farmer's daughter, 18 years of age, kindly communicate with—Sparta, N.Y. After reading this he made haste to write to the girl offering marriage, and in a few days received this note: "Too late, am married now and have four children."

"If ever I marry in all my life, a farmer's bride I'll be," sang a level-headed town girl, as she prepared the vegetables for dinner. The grocer's boy had just brought in a pound of butter at 52 cents, a dozen of eggs at 60 cents, and a chicken at 25 cents a pound—Orillia Packet.

BIRTHS.

LOWRY—At South St. Marie, Ont., to Mr. and Mrs. Allan F. Lowry, a son, still-born.

SMITH—In Carleton Place, Feb. 15th, to Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Smith, a son, Stuart Max.

DEATHS.

MACHIN—In Carleton Place, Feb. 15th, William Machin, aged 50 years.

SPLANE—In Carleton Place, Feb. 14th, Lila Maude France, beloved wife of Mr. J. Wesley Splane, aged 36 years.

CARDIFF—In Carleton Place, Feb. 14th, Edith Mabel, eldest daughter of Mrs. Levi Cardiff, aged 17 years and 9 mos.

LIBERAL LEADER IS ILL

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Stricken by Paralysis.

Was Preparing for Church When Attack Came on—Early News Seemed to Be Hopeful and He Rallied Quickly But Later Reports Appear Less Favorable as He Suffered Serious Relapse.

OTTAWA, Feb. 17.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier was seized with a stroke of paralysis Sunday morning.

The seizure came shortly before 11 o'clock Sir Wilfrid was dressing at his home to go to church, when he suddenly became unconscious and fell to the floor. A maid in an adjoining room, hearing the noise, hastened to his assistance, and gave the alarm. Sir Wilfrid was carried to bed, and shortly afterwards his medical adviser, Dr. R. Chevrier, was in attendance.

It was a couple of hours later that Sir Wilfrid began to show signs of recovery. His condition gradually improved, and he regained speech.

At three o'clock Monday morning, Dr. R. E. Chevrier, from Sir Wilfrid's residence, made the following statement:

"Shortly after 12 o'clock midnight Sir Wilfrid had a relapse, there being a new effusion of blood into the brain. He took a very bad turn. Dr. R. E. Vallin and myself held a consultation at 1.30. The case seems to be hopeless and Sir Wilfrid is sinking slowly. The left side is affected. Up until midnight Sir Wilfrid was doing very well, and until a short time ago was conscious, could understand and answer questions. He is practically unconscious now."

He attended the Canadian Club luncheon Saturday, and in the afternoon was at his office in the museum, preparing for the session, until five o'clock. So well did the opposition leader feel that he went home in a street car, instead of his automobile. Yet there is no doubt the strain of the last few weeks had told on Sir Wilfrid's strength. There had been interviews and discussions galore. Anxious to play his full part in the session which opens on Thursday, Sir Wilfrid had not spared himself. There had further been much work to be done in the organizing of the Ontario Liberal conventions. Indeed, it was in this connection that Sir Wilfrid made his last public appearance. The occasion was the Eastern Ontario convention of a month ago. Sir Wilfrid then addressed the delegates at the evening meeting in St. Patrick's Hall, Ottawa. He spoke for almost an hour, and there was no sign of immediate relapse. His voice was strong, and as Sir Wilfrid outlined the Liberal platform there was every evidence of the mental vigor which in him appeared to be the master of time.

"I have but one regret," he then declared. "It is that I am not twenty years younger, that I might throw more vigor into the fight. Our horizon is broadening. Every man must do his part."

And as keen as ever to play his part on the floor of the House, Sir Wilfrid had given freely of the strength left to a man of 78 years.

Amid the expressions of general and sincere regret, there is also evident, in addition to the personal concern, a wonder as to how the leadership Opposition will get along during the session. While confidence is expressed by friends of the old Liberal leader that the stroke has not been a severe one, it is recognized that it will render him unable to take his place in the House of Commons during the present session.

A caucus will doubtless be called of the Opposition members to find someone to act as temporary leader of the party until Sir Wilfrid can return to his place or definitely resign in order to conserve his vitality for the years which may yet be ahead of him. As most of the old associates of Sir Wilfrid Laurier when in power were rejected at the polls during the last election, and as the present Opposition is working on the theory that Union Government cannot last, and that there will be a new alignment of political forces before a new election, there will be great care in choosing a successor to Sir Wilfrid if the latter decides to resign, to get someone who will be persona grata to the farmers as well as to the workers of Canada. Sir Wilfrid was to have presided at a convention of representative Liberals from all parts of Canada soon after the beginning of the present session, and no doubt this will still be held. It is expected that the regrettable illness of the old chieftain will cause even warmer interest and greater attendance at this convention.

It must be said that the discussion of all these possibilities has been a side issue with everyone in the capital, the principal note being one of personal concern.

Capital and Labor to Meet.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Government has decided to convene, probably within the present month, a national conference of representatives of capital and labor to seek a settlement of the present industrial unrest. It is understood that representatives of the employers and all the leading trade unions will be invited and that the Premier is devoting himself actively to the promotion of this conference, which will be the most important ever assembled to deal with labor problems.

Bolshevik Army Strong.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Russian Bolsheviks have a well-equipped and disciplined army of 1,000,000 men and will have doubled in size and effectiveness in another six or seven months, says Rev. C. R. Mitchell, secretary of the American Y.M.C.A., who was in charge of the association's work at Kazan, on the Volga river, and who has returned from Russia after fifteen months of service in Bolshevik Russia.

Of 14,784 Indians in Manitoba about 750 have died of "flu"

Ralph de Palma broke the world's record in an automobile at Daytona Fla., travelling the distance in 24.02 seconds.

Chief of Police Slein of Brantford reports that the foreigners in that city, numbering a tenth of the population, are responsible for a fourth of the crime.

CATTLE AND HORSES WANTED.

HAVING disposed of my Butcher Business I herewith desire to announce that I purpose devoting my time to the purchase of Cattle, Horses, Hops, Sheep and Poultry. For any and all of which I will pay the highest market prices.

Will also buy and sell Second-hand Vehicles of all kinds. W. MCGONEGAL & SON. Carleton Place, Dec. 4, 1916.



NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE - OTTAWA

- SIR HERBERT B. AMES, Chairman
CAMPBELL SWEENEY, Vancouver
JOHN BLUE, Edmonton
H. A. ALLISON, Calgary
HON. GEO. A. BELL, Regina
JOHN GALT, Winnipeg
GEO. M. REID, London
SIR GEORGE BURN, Ottawa
W. M. BIRKS, Montreal
RENE T. LECLERC, Montreal
SIR J. DOUGLAS HAZEN, St. John
W. A. BLACK, Halifax
HON. MURDOCK MCKINNON, Charlottetown

For Information, REGARDING War-Savings Stamps

- ADDRESS NEAREST OFFICE
BRITISH COLUMBIA Room 615 Metropolitan Building, Vancouver
ALBERTA 218a 8th Avenue West, Calgary; 742 Tepler Building, Edmonton
SASKATCHEWAN 803 McCulloch-Hill Building, Regina
MANITOBA 501 Electric Railway Chambers, Winnipeg
THUNDER BAY Room 410 Grain Exchange, Fort William, Ont.
WESTERN ONTARIO 361 Richmond Street, London, Ont.
CENTRAL ONTARIO 34 Toronto Street, Toronto
EASTERN ONTARIO Victoria Museum, Ottawa
QUEBEC 160 St. James Street, Montreal
NEW BRUNSWICK 89 Prince William Street, St. John
NOVA SCOTIA Metropole Building, Halifax Street, Halifax
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND Provincial Building, Charlottetown

O.H.M.S. Letters addressed to "Secretary, War-Savings Committee, . . ." and marked on envelope "O.H.M.S." require no postage. 37

GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY

Zion Church

TO BE OBSERVED SUNDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1919

Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

REV. R. B. WHITE, of Knox Church, Ottawa, to preach. Special Music by the Choir both morning and evening. Special Collections at both services, in aid of the Building Fund, when it is aimed to reduce the debt by at least one-fourth.

Monday Evening, March 3rd

The ladies will serve Tea from 6 to 8 o'clock in the School-room, after which a Programme will be rendered in the auditorium. The local clergymen will be present and give addresses. Admission, including supper, 35 cents. All are cordially invited.

AUCTION SALE OF FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS

The undersigned has received instruction from Mr. A. C. Dunlop to sell by Public Auction at his residence

Town Line, Carleton Place SATURDAY, MARCH 1st, 1919

- THE FOLLOWING: 1 Horse, Sidney Pointer, good roadster; 1 Black Mare; 1 good Cow; 1 Steer, rising 2-year-old; 68 well bred Sheep; 2 thoroughbred Hams; 2 single Bugles, new; 1 rubber tire Buggy, good as new; 1 fancy Pole for same; 2 good Cutters; 1 Waggon, 1 pair Saws; 1 double Express Waggon; 1 Deering Disk Drill Seeder; 1 Deering Mower; 1 Frost & Wood Mower; 1 Cultivator; 1 Disc Harrow; 1 set of Iron Harrows; 3 Walking Plows; 1 set of double work Harrows; 1 set single Harness; 1 Wind Mill; 500 Sap Buckets and Spiles; 3 Sap Pans; 1 Pipe Heater; 1 Sap Barrel, good one; 1 Galvanized Iron Tank, suitable for a bank Barn, 800 gallon capacity; 150 lbs. No. 9 Wire; 25 lbs. Staples; 75 Bags; 12 Steel Stanchions; 1 Hay Fork; 1 Cook Stove; 2 Kitchen Tables; and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention. All the above are practically new. Everything will be sold without reserve. TERMS: \$10.00 and under cash; over that amount nine months credit by furnishing approved joint notes. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock sharp CHARLES HOLLINGER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF Farm Stock and Implements

PURSUANT to instructions from Mr. JAMES CRAWFORD, I will sell by Public Auction, on Lot 2, 1st Concession, Beckwith

TUESDAY, March 4th, 1919

- COMMENCING AT 12:30 noon The following: Span of Brood Mares, weighing 2500; Gelding Colt, rising 3, good one; Driver, rising 6 years; Year old Mare Colt, 4 Cows, just in; 10 Cows to freshen; 2 Heifers, rising 2 years; Steer, rising 2 years; Bull, rising 2 years; 6 Calves, rising 1 year; 13 Choice Ewes, 50 Hens, 2 Geese and 1 Gander; Brood Sow due to pig May 7th; 2 Fall Pigs, Deering Binder, 6 ft. cut, Truck handle carrier, as good as new; 11 Disc Drill Seeder, almost new; 6 ft. Fr. Frost & Wood Mower, new; 9 ft. Frost & Wood rake, Truck Waggon, Road Waggon, Walking Plough, Spring Tooth Lever Harrow, Disc Harrow, Finishing Harrow, McLaughlin Buggy, Set Bob Sleighs, New Single Cutter, Hay Fork and new Hay Rope, Water Tank, Wheelbarrow, Cultivator, new; No. 12 De Laval Cr. Separator, 2 Sap Pans, 145 Sap Buckets and Spiles, 2 Sap Barrels, Grain Cradle, 100 lbs. Seed Barley, Quantity Seed Oats, Set Heavy Work Harness, Set Single Driving Harness, Quantity of seed Potatoes, and many other articles too numerous to mention. TERMS: \$10.00 and under Cash; over ten Dollars nine months credit by furnishing approved Joint Notes. CHAS. HOLLINGER, Auctioneer.

3 ONLY PIECED COON COATS SPECIAL PRICE TO CLEAR \$12.50 each A good Coat for rough work. BAIRD & RIDDELL OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS

MANTLE CLOCKS A large and varied stock suited to all purposes. See them whilst the stock is complete. J. A. DACK Watchmaker and Jeweller

NOTICE. THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of the Township of Beckwith will meet in the Township Hall, on Saturday, February 22nd, 1919, at 10 o'clock a.m., for general business. J. W. ROBERTSON, Clerk. FARM FOR SALE. THE East Half of Lot Number Four and the West Half of Lot Number Five, both in the Seventh Concession of the Township of Goulborne, upon which are erected Dwelling-house, two Barns, Stable and Sheds. Property is well fenced, and has abundance of water thereon, consisting of well and running spring. 150 acres under cultivation, 50 acres bush and pasture, soil clay loam. Property situated one mile from Village of Ashton, and one mile from school and cheese factory. Terms Liberal. Apply to W. H. STAFFORD, Barrister, Almonte.



War to Peace

Make The Returning Soldier Welcome

THIS is an important hour for Canada. The nation is entering on a new era. It is passing from war to peace. Let us start this new era right. There are thousands of soldiers returning from overseas. The Government is doing all in its power to get these men back to civil life.

It is giving a War Service Gratuity—more than any other nation—to keep the soldier going till he gets a job. It gives him a pension—where his usefulness is impaired by his service. It teaches a man a new trade when his service unfits him for his former trade.

It gives him free medical treatment when illness recurs, and supplies free artificial limbs and surgical appliances. It is bringing back to Canada at the public expense the soldiers' dependents now overseas.

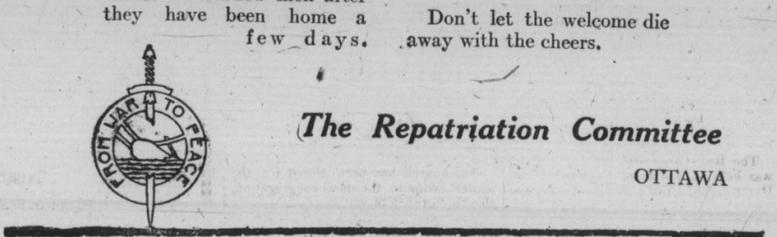
But the Government, however willing, cannot provide the personal touch needed in this work of repatriation. That must be given by the people themselves. The men who went from these parts to fight in Flanders deserve a real welcome home—the best we can give.

In most towns committees of citizens have already been organized to meet the soldiers and their dependents at the station, to provide hot meals, supply automobiles, afford temporary accommodation when necessary.

In addition, many other towns are organizing social gatherings to give public welcome to returned men after they have been home a few days.

The fighting job is done. It has cost many a heart-burning. But it has been well done. The least we can do is to show our appreciation in no uncertain manner. Don't let the welcome die away with the cheers.

The Repatriation Committee OTTAWA



SOCIETY REGISTER

SCHELL LODGE No. 119, I.O.O.F.
 Meets every TUESDAY Night in the Hall, in Taylor's block. Visiting brethren always welcome.

J. M. BARNER, Noble Grand
N. D. McCALLUM, Secy

COURT MISSISSIPPI No. 78, I.O.P.
 Meets every 2nd and 4th MONDAY in each month, at 7:30 p.m., in the Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attendance of members is requested. Visiting brethren invited.

J. BENNETT, R.S.
F. NOLAN, C.R.
N.B.—All Dues must be paid in advance on or before the 1st of the month. **W. HAMMOND, F.F.**

CARLETON COUNCIL, No. 27, C.O.C.F. meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth Thursday evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock. Visiting Friends welcome.

JAS. A. GREENE, C.C. **W. H. ALLEN, Rec.**

COURT ORION, No. 634, C.O.F. meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.

J. R. ROBERTSON, C.R. **W. J. HUGHES, F.S.**

I.O.L. No. 48 meets first Thursday in each month in the Orange Hall, two doors from post office, fourth Thursday for Degrees. Visiting brethren always welcome.

ROBERT WEIR, W.M. **J. S. SHAW, R.S.**

DISTRICT NEWS.

ALMONTE

From the Times.

Mr. Arch. Rosamond has moved to his home at Elm Glen from Pinehurst. A sad and distressing accident occurred at Pakenham on Tuesday evening by which Mr. W. Ross, whose farm adjoins the village, lost his life. It appears that he attempted to cross the railway track in front of the oncoming 4.40 train, and slipped on the track, with the result that he was struck by the pilot of the engine and instantly killed.

At the municipal nominations in the Council Chamber on Monday evening, to fill one vacancy, Messrs. James H. Bennett and James Little were proposed. Mr. Little declined to be a candidate, and Mr. Bennett was therefore elected by acclamation. He has served two years in the Council, and was again nominated last December, but declined. He makes an excellent Councillor.

During the past year seven retired farmers have passed away in the Third Ward. They all lived to a ripe old age. One was 83, two at 82, one at 79, two at 78, and one at 69. Of course this is not the total number in the town who were "borne to that bourne from which no traveller returns," but only for the ward mentioned. In the First Ward one died at 96.

Death came with startling suddenness, between 2 and 3 o'clock, last Sunday afternoon to Mrs. John Rea, who expired suddenly at the home of her husband on Union street. Deceased was in her usual good health during the day. The late Mrs. Rea was born in Ramsay township 75 years ago, where she resided all her life until a little over a year ago, when she and her husband moved to town. In addition to her husband she is survived by two daughters—Miss Bessie, teacher, at Kenora, and Miss Daisy Rea, also a teacher, at Ottawa. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon to the 8th line cemetery.

LANARK

From the Era.

Mr. J. MacDonald, manager of the Bank of Ottawa, is in Ottawa for a few days preparing to move his family here to take up residence permanently.

Mr. George S. McIlraith is in Toronto attending the Agricultural Society's Convention, being a delegate from the Lanark Village and Bathurst Agricultural Society.

Driver William Belisle arrived home Tuesday morning from England. Wm. is in the pink. He comes back from the big show a new man. He has seen much of the old world ways, and is now ready to take up civil life in Canada again, satisfied that this Dominion is the best place to live in.

Announcement is made by the Civil Service Commission that R. J. C. Stead of Calgary is the successful candidate for the position of Publicity Agent for the Department of Immigration and Colonization, at a salary of \$4,000 per annum. Mr. Stead is a cousin of Mr. Arch. M. Campbell of Pine Grove.

Lanark curlers went to Perth last Monday night. They met two rinks representing Perth and again suffered defeat. There must be something in want of practice. And the trouble of the whole matter is that we are all dressed up and no where to go. The rink is gone and unless we get back to the ice on the river, no indoor accommodation offers. But it was a good game anyway and enjoyed as much as though we won. The game was for the County Challenge Cup.

INNISVILLE

Special to THE HERALD.

Miss Lizzie Dial of Ottawa, who arrived here about two weeks ago, left for Carleton Place on Wednesday, where she intends spending some time with her sister Mrs. McCaw.

Miss Hazel Cooke returned to her home on Saturday, after spending the past week with her aunt, Mrs. W. Bolton.

Mrs. Walter Code, of Toronto, is at present staying at Mr. R. J. Dial's.

How welcome was the beautiful snow-fall, which has greatly improved sleighing.

Mrs. S. C. Crampton spent Saturday with friends in the village.

Master Jackie Watters, a pupil of Carleton Place High school spent the week end at his parental home here.

The Red Cross Sewing Bee, which was held at the home of Mrs. Alfred Hammond at Boyd's last Thursday, was a decided success.

Mr. Jas. Wilson, M.P. of Saskatchewan, accompanied by Mrs. Wilson,

SOLDIERS WANT HASTE

Peace Conference Has Been Too Leisurely.

Sir Robert Borden Protests Against Present Situation in Paris and Tells Canadian Soldiers That They Have Right to Know at Once When They Will Return to Their Homes.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—There are increasing evidences of dissatisfaction among the delegates over the leisurely progress made by the Peace Conference towards the accomplishment of the primary purpose for which the Conference was called: the conclusion of peace, thus permitting the world to set itself to the problems of peace.

The present situation of neither war nor peace, with the resumption of hostilities a possibility, even though a remote one, encourages industrial and political unrest which is becoming more manifest in European countries with each passing week. It is felt that the organization of the conference does not expedite proceedings. The reference of different questions to special committees to examine into and report upon, is only effective if the committees are active. The League of Nations committee sat daily for ten days and finally produced a draft of the proposed constitution, and the labor committee has been meeting at brief intervals and hopes to reach conclusions in a fortnight. There are a dozen committees with more work in sight and many of them do not seem to find it practicable to hold meetings oftener than once a week.

The important committee of Greek claims is a case in point. Appointed over a week ago, it has had only one meeting. A second meeting was to have been held on Saturday to consider the dispute as to the ownership of Northern Epirus, but was postponed. At this rate of speed it will take weeks to complete its work. It is understood that there have been formal protests against these delays. The Premiers of three great powers have now departed to attend pressing domestic questions and the other delegates face the prospect of long-drawn-out delays in reaching decisions which press for settlement.

Sir Robert Borden gave some expression to these feelings in the course of an address delivered Saturday evening to Canadian officers and soldiers on leave at the Canadian Y.M.C.A. hostel, Place d'Orleans.

In the course of his remarks Sir Robert said: "The proposed constitution of the League of Nations has been laid before the Peace Conference by a committee appointed for that purpose. I do not intend to discuss these provisions to-night, beyond offering the expression of my opinions that it affords a sound working basis for that discussion and consideration which it will receive in due course. The League of Nations will be welcomed by none more earnestly and thankfully than by those who mourn for their dead and by those who for years have stemmed the savage onslaught of the Central Powers. There are millions of these men still under arms. They will count no hour mispent which has been devoted to the formulation of the proposed League of Nations. They will hail it with thankfulness and with gratitude, but we who cannot even imagine, much less realize, the horrors and hardships which they have borne for years with invincible courage must never forget that they are waiting with tense hearts for the signal which will restore them to their homes, their families and their occupations."

"I listened in vain yesterday for some word as to the anxious waiting of these men, and if the arrangement of speakers, and the time available, had permitted, I should have deemed it my privilege to speak it. I have in mind especially my own countrymen in the Canadian army, many thousands of whom have served in this war for more than four years. They have been wounded, perhaps many times, and they have again returned to the trenches. Twenty, perhaps fifty, times they have gone 'over the top' hand-in-hand with death. They are vitally concerned that peace shall be made, and without delay. We shall be recreant to our duty if we rob our soldiers, even for a day, of the eagerly anticipated return to their homes, and their dear ones. I speak of the Canadians, because I know what is in their hearts, and it may, perhaps, express the thoughts and feelings of all troops now under arms. Although weary of war, they are going to fight until the cause is won, and while there is merely an armistice the cause has not been finally won. But more than three months have elapsed since the armistice was declared, and let us not flatter ourselves that our soldiers believe no time has been wasted. They are amazed at the extremely deliberate methods employed, and at some of the subjects upon which time is being spent."

"They demand to know, and, before God, they have the right to know, and to know without one moment's unnecessary delay, whether there is to be any further fighting, and if so, for what cause and to what purpose."

"This is the urgent, stern imperative demand of those to whose unsparing sacrifice and enduring valor the Peace Conference owes its authority, and to whom it must concede its labors. The soldiers did not palter with the purpose for which they went forth, they now expect the diplomats to follow their example."

arrived here on Saturday evening to spend some time with the latter's sister, Mrs. R. J. Dial.

Our church has been closed for the winter, owing to the small congregation, also the scarcity of wood.

Mrs. A. McGarry, spent a day last week with friends in Ferguson's Falls

President Ebert of Germany announced that the Government is arranging the details for complete disarmament and demobilization.

Premier Sir Lomer Gouin and his colleagues in the Quebec Government have been deluged with telegrams asking for beers and wines to be permitted.

The British and Canadian Red Cross organizations at Vladivostok have been amalgamated and placed in charge of the Canadian commissioner, Col. J. S. Dennis.

Everybody's Corner.

25 words or less, 1st insertion, 25c; 2nd insertion, 20c; 3rd or subsequent insertions, 15c. Three times for 60c. Over 25 words to a word first insertion, 1/2c a word for subsequent insertions.

WANTED—A Dwelling-house, with stable, in central part of town. Address: Herald office.

FOR SALE—A Wizard Magnet, low tension. Practically new. A bargain. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—Comfortable Frame Dwelling House, in central part of the Town; two excellent garden lots attached, also good house. Apply to COLIN MCINTOSH.

FOR SALE—A Jersey Cow, Good milker. Coming in in March. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—Brick veneered dwelling-house, William Street, Carleton Place. Well built, warm, comfortable, convenient. Sanitary conveniences, and excellent garden with orchard trees. Site very attractive. Apply to COLIN MCINTOSH.

FARM TO RENT—With or without stock and implements. E. A. LEECH.

WANTED—Women and Girls to mend and inspect Underwear and Operate Sewin Machines. Apply to BATES & ISSLES, Limited, Carleton Place.

For STUBBORN DEEP-SEATED COUGHS

and run-down conditions with a tendency to lung weakness, there is no better remedy than

Nyal Creophos

Creophos combines the tonic and tissue-building properties of fresh Cod Liver Extract, Hypophosphites, and Wild Cherry with the healing antiseptic virtues of Creosote.

A fully valuable preparation for the relief of Chronic Bronchitis, deep-seated stubborn coughs and Asthmatic conditions.

CREOPHOS quickly relieves the troublesome conditions, increases the appetite and is a flesh producer of unusual merit.

McINTOSH'S Book & Drug Store

NEW MEAT SHOP

Having leased the shop in the Kibbee building recently vacated by the C.P.R. Telegraph Co., and opened therein a First-class Meat Shop, I will carry at all times a full stock of

Fresh Meats of all kinds, Fish, Fowl and Sausage, Bacon, Ham and Smoked Meats and would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

Strict attention to all orders and prompt delivery guaranteed.

R. M. STANZEL
 Telephone No. 80

YOUR TABLE WANTS!

It is a pretty serious problem now-a-days to purchase wisely in your needs to keep your table properly supplied. Hoarding in some table necessities is prohibited. Indirectly this will benefit you, as in purchasing smaller quantities you will be assured of goods always fresh.

We are getting in Fresh Supplies Daily so that you need not fear getting any stale stock.

A small order will be given the same attention as the larger. Try us for your grocery wants and prove for yourself how well we can serve you.

M. R. BARIGER
 Near the Post Office
 Canadian Food Control License No. 8-1588.



Fry's Pure Cocoa

THIS "bonnie wee thing" is a FRY'S Cocoa Girlie. Her cheeks are rosy—she's plump and strong—she's a sunny, healthy, romping little Jenny Canuck because she gets FRY'S regularly. She plays harder than most people work—but FRY'S gives her richly back all the spent energy—and more to grow on!

Have you any little "pale faces" at home? Liven them up, build them up now with FRY'S.

"Nothing will do but FRY'S"



SEASONABLE GOODS

Automobile Skates at all prices
 Cheaper Skates for the Kiddies
 Carving Sets and Carvers in pairs
 Jack Knives, Pen Knives, Scissors,
 Boys' and Girls' Sleighs
 Snow Shovels and Hockey Sticks
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Just received a large assortment of Aluminum Double Boilers, Sauce Pans, &c. which I am selling at a cut price.

Save Money. Buy Your Wants
at MUIRHEAD'S

FRESH FISH

Just received our annual supply of Fish consisting of

Dressed Pike, Halibut, Salmon, Herring and Haddock
Also Smoked Finnan Haddie and Cured Codfish

J. A. MCGREGOR
 General Merchant - Appleton

N.B.—We buy Dressed Pork every day, and Live Hogs on Saturdays.

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Lord Robert Cecil Says League of Nations Bears Relation to Christianity

At a time such as the present, when the whole great question of the League of Nations is still sub judice, there is little to be gained by speculation as to the probable form that institution will take. There is, however, much to be gained by keeping in close touch with the development of the idea. In no way, perhaps, can this be done better than by a study of the remarkable statements on the league which are made from time to time by such authorities as Lord Robert Cecil, now a member of the International Commission selected by the Peace Congress to deal with the matter.

Lord Robert Cecil was appointed by the British Government to take charge of the League of Nations question, on behalf of Great Britain, at the Peace Conference. From the vantage point of the arduous positions of Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and Minister of Blockade, which he occupied during a great part of the war, Lord Robert had unrivalled opportunities of keeping in touch with the changes of opinion in various allied countries, and of estimating the support which might be expected for the great project to which he is now devoting his attention in Paris. The conclusion which

Lord Robert Cecil

Lord Robert has reached is, not only that the formation of a League of Nations is essential, if anything like the fruits of victory are to be secured, but that there must be no undue delay in the formation of such a league. Lord Robert, moreover, takes the broadest possible view of the question. It is no mere preventive of war which he aims at in a League of Nations. If it is to be a really effective instrument of peace it must, as he insisted in a letter which he addressed recently to Mr. J. H. Thomas, the British Labor leader, have many functions. It will have to consider the difficult question of international disarmament; it must protect the smaller states, particularly those who are called into being by the peace; it must, in a word, concern itself with all matters of international importance.

On the question of urgency, perhaps Lord Robert's most pressing reason for insisting, as he does, that the formation of the League of Nations must go hand in hand with the conclusion of the peace treaties, lies in the fact that he recognizes the importance to the world of having these peace treaties permeated, as he puts it, "by the League of Nations' spirit." As he has maintained on several occasions, the league must look for its chief sanctions to public opinion; it must depend for its effectiveness upon a recognition of the fact that, however honorable and admirable the sentiment of nationality may be, yet underlying that sentiment there is a common humanity which has in many respects a paramount claim on the loyalty of all; and it cannot for this very reason come into being in the form of a few clauses added to a peace treaty.

This, in the great speech which he delivered, some time ago, at Birmingham, on the occasion of his installation as Chancellor of the University, Lord Robert insisted that if any international organization was to be created it should be brought into existence by the treaty which would close the war. "It is only," he declared, "whilst the recollection of all we have been through is burning fresh that we can hope to overcome the inevitable opposition and establish at least the beginning of a new and better organization of the nations of the world." On this point Lord Robert is particularly emphatic, and in the course of the letter to Mr. J. H. Thomas, already referred to, he insists, once again, upon its importance. He does not attempt to close his eyes to the possibility of opposition, but he is quite firmly of the opinion that if the British people and those who think with them show that they are in earnest in pressing forward this reform, they will carry it through. "We have," he adds, and this is perhaps the best summing up of his whole attitude, "a splendid opportunity and a noble cause, the cause of Christianity itself. Let us not be weary in well-doing."

Snags.
She—I'm looking up your family tree, but the further I go the harder it gets.
He—That's why I quit looking up mine. The further I went the harder my ancestors got to be.

WANT STATE CHURCH.

Action Taken by Roman Catholics In Poland.

Sixteen archbishops, nine bishops of the diocese and eight suffragan bishops of the Roman Catholic church of Poland have issued a general appeal to the people that no unreligious new Polish state shall be formed, that none be formed without the Roman Catholic faith as the state religion. In an open letter spread broadcast in pamphlets and in newspapers and read in the pulpits they warn the people not to vote for candidates to seats in the constitutional congress who seek to limit the rights of the church, to keep religion out of the governmental life and to oppose the Roman Catholic as the state religion or religious schools and men who are Socialists.

This followed the united action of the entire hierarchy in all parts of Poland which met in Warsaw. The latter declares that the original constitution of May 3, 1793, when Russia, Germany and Austria partitioned Poland recognized Roman Catholicism as the state religion, guaranteed the freedom and protection of other faiths. It declares that the Russian anarchy is the fruit of Socialism which is bound to bring every community to similar anarchy and chaos. It warns the employers and the wealthy that this is the time to make sacrifices. Regarding the demand that the extended tracts owned by the church be turned over to the state for the use of the people the congressmen say that the church is willing to co-operate to the fullest extent and will make concessions where the necessity of agricultural reforms require but that the trust for which the property is held must neither be forgotten nor ignored. It warns against the adoption of hasty and temporary measures through dangerous, radical steps. It protests against the change that the Polish people are responsible for pogroms. However, it points to usury and increasing prices and impositions on the people and also to the fact that a number of Jewish agents in the Bolshevik service are responsible for the storm which is breaking over them. This, however, says the clergy, does not justify violence against the Jews. They say that the attack was committed by convicts freed from prison and Russia war prisoners. Women are told that non-religious schools injure children and endanger marriage.

The letter thanks the Pope and the Polish leaders for their activities in Washington and Paris and each of the allies. The archbishops are: Edmond Dalbor, Joseph Bilezwicki, Jozep Teodorowicz, Alexander Kakowski, Charles Hryniewicki, Cassimir Hryniewicki, Cassimir Rusokiewicz, Prince Bishop Adam and Stephen Sapieha.

The "Young Turks."

Turkey's Hamidian regime, of thirty-three years' duration, ended ten years ago. The death of the Ottoman empire in the spring of 1908 need only have brought out the sentiment that the Sick Man of Europe had been an unconscionable time a-dying. But in July, 1908, came the supposed miracle of the Young Turk revolution. There was practically no bloodshed. Vengeance for the horrors perpetrated by Abdul Hamid seemed swallowed up in an intoxication of joy. Out of the universal intrigue, suspicion, corruption, and cruelty sprang full-blown a new government based on all the virtues. The slogan was "Liberty, Fraternity, Equality, Justice." Turk and Armenian wept on each other's neck as they embraced over the graves of the sacrificed Armenians who for thirteen years had not been publicly mourned. Turk, Greek, Bulgar, Albanian and Jew all fraternized as not in a thousand years. Within the Empire the millennium seemed to have come. But the revolution was not so acceptable to Turkey's neighbors, at least without a chance to even up old scores and liquidate Hamidian debts. All in a heap, in the early days of October, vigorous Bulgaria declared her independence of the decrepit concern to which she was tributary, and became a full-fledged kingdom instead of a "principality." Austria-Hungary declared the annexation of Bosnia and the Herzegovina, Turkish provinces which for thirty years the Dual Monarchy had been administering "in behalf of Turkey." Crete, albeit unsuccessfully, declared for union with her natural motherland, Greece. The Young Turks, looking at all these violations from a very academic standpoint, had not the sense to bow gracefully before the inevitable. Untrained idealists and a few old foxes insisted on their "rights" apparently thinking that by abolishing the rule which had so cruelly oppressed Turkey from within they could thereby erase the external consequences. Young Turkey had her defenders. She seemed in almost every way to commend herself to the sympathies of the nobleminded.—Asia Magazine.

Patti In Retirement.

According to Phyllis Phillips, in Everybody's, "Patti lives, not only in our hearts, but really, in the flesh, at the age of 76, in her magnificent castle of Craig-y-Nos, ten miles north of Swansea, in South Wales, on which she has spent quite half a million. She lives there with her third husband, Baron Gederstrom, and sometimes, when they feel inclined, they throw open their theatre, a replica of the Baireuth Theatre, to the countryside and give one of the operas in which Patti once thrilled the world. Until recently Patti was even sometimes prevailed upon to appear at Albert Hall in London for the benefit of some charity, but her beauty is quite gone—it vanished far earlier than her voice—and so, for the most part, she is happiest in her Welsh fastness among the neighbors, who will always call her the 'Queen of Wales'."

The Life of a File.

Efficiency experts have been studying files and find that the life of one of these tools, on the average, is 25,000 strokes. To employ a file for more than its normal period of usefulness, it is claimed, more than doubles the cost of the work.

Luxemburgers Divided Into Six Distinct Parties.

Grand Duchess Unpopular

LUXEMBURG'S future is as difficult to forecast as the state of the weather the middle of next week. Just six parties have formed in the little grand duchy since peace negotiations began, says a Luxembourg letter in the Baltimore Evening Sun. They stand as follows: For unqualified independence and the abdication of Marie Adelaide, the 23-year-old Grand Duchess.

For independence with the Grand Duchess ruling.

For a Belgian protectorate without the duchess.

For a French protectorate without the duchess.

For a French protectorate with the duchess.

The strength of the Grand Duchess lies in the support of the Clerical party, for 250,000 of the 256,000 people in the grand duchy are Roman Catholics.

Her weakness lies in the unqualified sympathy with Germany.

Concerning the German invasion of 1914, a poster seen throughout the country reads: "The Government then in power did nothing but protest against the violation of our territory, whereas the people wanted to break all relations with the invaders."

Fanning the flame of resentment, Marie received the Kaiser at her palace in Luxembourg in the autumn of that same year. In the winter of 1915 she sent a telegram to the Kaiser, it is alleged, "praying God" for the triumph of Germany. In the immediate entourage of the Grand Duchess all are Germans.

In view of all these facts, and the fact that the Clerical party commands but 21 out of 40 votes in the House of Deputies, there is every prospect of revolutionary proceedings in Luxembourg. Whatever its outcome, it seems unlikely that Marie Adelaide will retain her power.

Demonstrations have already taken place for her abdication, and threats have been made that, if she does not gracefully retire, she will be removed forcibly.

Luxembourg covers an area of 988 square miles and has a population of 256,000. Its northern part is mountainous, the south extremely fertile.

Its iron mines afford its greatest wealth. There are 83 of them, and they employ 8,000 people, while the steel mills and foundries of the country produce goods to the value of \$23,000,000 each year.

In peace times Luxembourg has an army of 150 members and a gendarmerie of like strength. French is the language of the educated; German, mixed with French, that of the peasants.

Luxembourg was one of the petty principalities of the Holy Roman Empire of the Germans. In 1443 it fell into the hands of Spain, and in 1713 was transferred to Austria. It was ceded to France in 1797. It was raised to a grand duchy in 1815 by the Council of Vienna, and was under the sovereignty of the King of the Netherlands. When Belgium became an independent kingdom, in 1831, Luxembourg was divided between Belgium and Holland, the latter country holding little more than the city of Luxembourg.

In 1839, by the treaty of London, another part was taken from Belgium and added to form the present grand duchy. In 1867, Luxembourg was made a sovereign state by action of an international conference at London.

German plots to gain control of the country through the marriage of Princess Antonia, third sister of the Grand Duchess, and Euprecht of Bavaria have, of course, gone for naught.

Secret of the Czech.

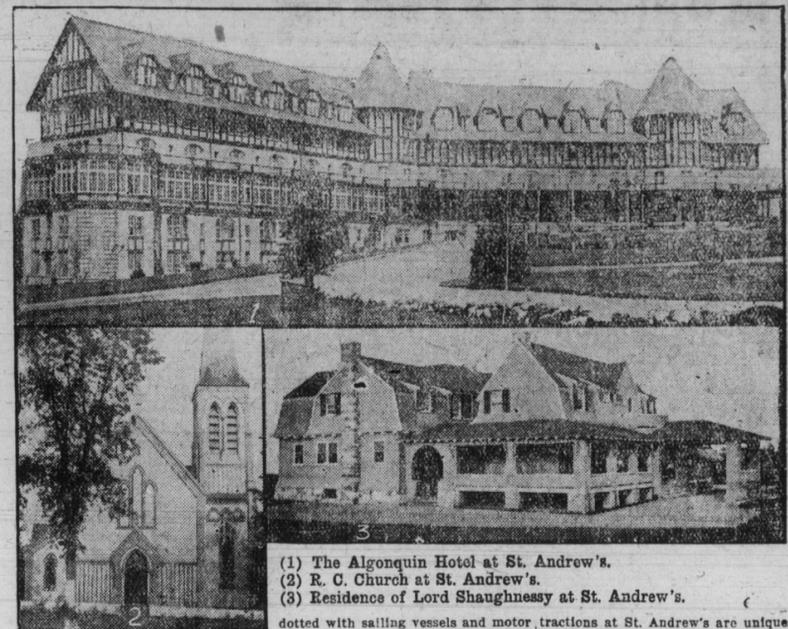
If you ask the Czech himself, he will tell you that the secret of his life is perhaps what President Wilson calls enthusiasm. He calls it love—love of country, which lays down life without question or stint; love of beauty, with which he considers life stupid, neither to be lived through with joy nor departed from with dignity. In this esthetic apprehension which we call by the thin and unsatisfactory word "taste" the Czech is like the French—surely he must be likened sooner or later to the French—because the mark of a race is in living, rich in tradition, discerning in its appreciations. He is, too, a lover of love, worshipping women; a lover of life, more joyous than the Russian, less light-minded than the Gaul. A lover not of the form, but of the substance. Life is short; youth is short. It is to laugh, to work, to weep, to think, to love, to be aware of that complex and ever-changing stream of consciousness. When a Czech dies, somehow one feels that one may say of him what may not be said of every man, "He is dead, but he has lived."

If you ask the American he will tell you that the Czech's secret is "Allied ideals with Teuton training." It is his efficiency that endears him to the American, especially if he is recuperating from the Russian army.—Olive Gilbert in Harper's Magazine.

Bisecting Boats.

Bisecting long boats so that they could be taken through the Welland Canal was considered an interesting feat a short time ago, but this has been surpassed, according to the Popular Mechanics Magazine. The Charles R. Van Hise, a 10,000-ton boat, was wanted for Atlantic service. It had a fifty-foot beam, whereas the canal is only forty-four feet wide. The boat was cut in two and each half was turned on its side in order to be taken through the locks. Floating in this position each section clears the lock sides by just eight inches.

A GLIMPSE OF ST. ANDREWS



(1) The Algonquin Hotel at St. Andrew's.
(2) R. C. Church at St. Andrew's.
(3) Residence of Lord Shaughnessy at St. Andrew's.

NEARLY everybody knows that golf was first played by the Scotch. A veteran devotee of the game, once said that Scotland's greatest contribution towards the welfare of mankind was the royal and ancient game.

Saint Andrew's By the Sea, New Brunswick, called after the patron saint of Scotland, is the home of many families of Scotch descent, and it is appropriate that the spot thus named should be possessed of golf courses as fine as any in the world. It is not exactly known when golf was first played at St. Andrew's, but the Algonquin Club came into existence in 1890. A club was firmly established here in 1895, and now St. Andrew's has the reputation of being the "Mecca of Golf." Hundreds of visitors from Canada and the United States flock hither annually and enjoy the glorious sport.

Golf is an invigorating game everywhere, but it is most delightful when played along the sea. At St. Andrew's there are two courses, a nine-hole course 2,500 yards long and an eighteen-hole course 6,000 yards long. Both overlook the sea, and are clad in a firm sward of velvet green. While resting on the course you can enjoy the view of the sea beneath,

tractions at St. Andrew's are unique. The club house on the golf grounds is equipped with all modern conveniences; you may play tennis on the admirable grounds at the Algonquin Hotel. You may ride in a motor boat to Deer Island, you may hire a row boat, or bathe in the tranquil waters of Katie's Cove; and a game of bowling on the bowling green is a joyous pastime.

The late Sir William Van Horne, one of the presidents of the Canadian Pacific Railway, built a beautiful residence on an island in Passamaquoddy Bay, and his family still lives there in the summer season. Lord Shaughnessy, the Chairman of the C. P. R. Board of Directors, makes his summer home at Fort Tipperary, St. Andrew's, and takes a special interest in the progress of the place.

At St. Andrew's there is splendid sea fishing, and a lake near at hand furnishes some of the best bass fishing in Canada. And should the weather ever be rainy the Algonquin Hotel supplies bowling alleys, pool tables, English and French billiard tables, and a beautiful large casino for dancing. Those who make St. Andrew's by the Sea their holiday resort once will do so a second time, for when you go away from it there is an allurements about the place that brings you back again.

HOSTILITIES MUST CEASE.

Allies Endeavor to Arrange Russian Conference.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—No official announcement has been made since the receipt of the Bolshevik acceptance to the invitation to the Princes' Islands conference as to what further steps have been taken to secure a more complete understanding of the conditions under which the conference will be held. It is understood, however, that the French Government, which originally transmitted the invitation through its wireless service, has since been trying to get an agreement that hostilities will cease all over Russia and adjacent countries, including Archangel, before the conference assembles. Otherwise, it is said, the Entente Governments will not consent to confer with the Soviet representatives.

Decision on this question is expected. In the meantime, American commissioners to the conference are planning to leave next week.

The Ukrainian Soviet Government has announced that it is willing to accept the invitation of the Allies to the proposed Marmora conference of Russian factions, according to the Temps, but it considers the date fixed, February 15, too near at hand.

The anti-Bolshevist Governments of Russia are apparently firm in declining to participate in the Princes' Islands conference. Nicholas Tschalkovsky, President of the Provisional Government of Northern Russia, told the Associated Press that he and his Government had decided not to go. Sergius Sazonoff, representing the Denekine, Kolchak and Don Governments, reiterated his refusal to participate in the conference.

Norwegian Agriculture Improves.

Norwegian agriculture has undergone quite a change during the war. Large areas of new land have been tilled with a view of giving the country as much grain as possible. Thus Norway, which formerly was obliged to import large quantities of foodstuffs, in the future will be able to take a more independent position with regard to these imports.

WANTED!

Several Vacancies in the Various Departments of our Laboratory for

GIRLS

Easy Work, Short Hours, Splendid Opportunity for Advancement. Good Wages to start.

H. K. WAMPOLE & CO. Perth, Ont.

Sawlogs Wanted!

I WILL PAY HIGHEST PRICE FOR Basswood, Ash, Spruce, Hemlock, Pine, Rock Elm and off Elm or Tamarack Logs and Shingle Blocks.

Delivered on the Mississippi Lake or at the Sawmill, Carleton Place.

ALSO CEDAR RAILWAY TIES, must be 6 ins. thick, 6 ins face and 8 ft. long

CUSTOMS SAWING of Shingles and Lumber during the winter at the Planing Mill or Sawmill here.

W. A. NICHOLS, Carleton Place.

HELP INCREASE PRODUCTION

We can supply you with the best kinds of Grain Feeds for your Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry.

You can do the rest, and at the same time get good prices for what you dispose of.

Use SUNLIGHT Flour

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"And maybe," she thought hopefully, "it was a good thing I said that to him. David is clever and good and dear and all that, but the trouble is he lacks ambition and push. He needs bringing up to take things more seriously. Perhaps it will be just as well if I take the reins for awhile."

Her first act as whip was to write a long letter to Aunt Clara. David, not guessing that the reins had been transferred to Shirley's hands—not guessing, in fact, that they had ever been out of Shirley's hands—was trudging listlessly, not to his office, but to Jim Blaisdell's bank. His note fell due that day.

"Same old story," he told Jim. "I'd like to renew it, if you don't mind." Jim fingered the note thoughtfully. "Davy," he said at last, "don't you think it's about time to clean this up? It's been running a good while."

David flushed, and his head went up. "Of course, if you'd rather not in-dorse—"

"Don't be a fool, Davy. It isn't that. There's nothing Mrs. Jim and I wouldn't do for you and Shirley, and you know it. What I mean is, debt's a bad habit. It grows on you, and you get to a point where it doesn't worry you as it ought. And it leads to other bad habits—living beyond one's means, and so on."

David's prideful pose collapsed suddenly. "I know," he said wearily. "I'd like to clean this note up. It worries me quite enough. But the fact is—the fact is, I'm strapped and can't. We've been living from hand to mouth for a good while. And it begins to look—"

David's laugh went to Jim's heart—"as if both hand and mouth would be empty soon."

"It's really as bad as that?" "Worse than that."

Jim slowly scrawled his name across the back of a new note. David got up and crossed the office, fixing his eyes—which saw not on a flashlight photograph of the last bankers' association banquet. He cleared his throat vigorously.

"It's worse than that, Jim"—He paused. "Yes?"

"Jim, you don't happen to know any one with a job—living salary attached—concealed about his person, do you?" "What?"

Jim whirled around in his swivel chair and stared hard at David's back. David continued his regard of the bankers' association banquet. "This is you in the corner, isn't it? Because if you know of any such job I'd be glad to take it over."

"In your own line, of course?" "In any line; preferably not in my line."

"But—good Lord, man! You're not losing your nerve, are you, just because business has slumped a little? What about your profession?"

"As to that"—David cleared his throat again—"as to that I think we may say—safely—I haven't made good."

"Oh, piffle! You're too young a man to say a fool thing like that. If it's this note that's bothering you"—He stopped because David had turned and Jim saw his eyes.

"The note is only part of it. But, if you don't mind, we'll not discuss it. I'll be glad if you can help me out. And I'll try to cut this loan down a little next time—somehow. I'll not keep you any longer now." David moved toward the door. "Remember us to Mrs. Jim, won't you?" And he went hastily out.

"Why, hang it!" muttered Jim, left alone. "This is bad. This is entirely too bad."

David went to a long weary day at his office, where he had nothing to do but sit at his desk and gaze into space. Shirley was mistaken. Her words had not been filed away in the remote pigeonhole, "To Be Forgotten."

For awhile Jim stared frowningly at the crumpled note in his hand. Then he began a long series of telephone calls.

The thing was still on his mind that evening when Mrs. Jim descended from the children's dormitory and silence reigned at last through the house.

"You might as well out with it now as later," she observed as she took up her sewing. "What has been bothering you all evening?"

"I've been congratulating myself on my cleverness in the matter of choosing a wife."

Mrs. Jim surveyed him suspiciously. "What put that into your head?" "Davy Quentin—by way of contrast, I suppose."

"What about Davy?" "I'm afraid he's got into a pretty sour pickle."

"He's been there for four years. Though he didn't always know it. What is the particular development now?"

"He didn't say so." "Davy wouldn't, of course." "It must be pretty bad, for he wants to give up his profession and take a job. You know, Davy's liking for his work amounted almost to a mania."

"Does he have to give it up?" "It doesn't meet their needs—at least their requirements. And, worst of all, he's got it into his head that he hasn't made good."

"But he has made good. He has done good work. And he has talent. Hasn't he?"

"In a way. But there's only one divine spark nowadays—push. He hasn't that. He prefers to let his work speak and push for itself. Poor Davy!"

"Poor Davy! But you'll get him a position, of course?" "There are times," remarked Jim, "when you're as innocent and credulous as Davy himself. It isn't so simple. He's fitted only for his own line. And there are very few men willing to pay a living salary to a greenhorn just for learning the business. In fact, after today I'm ready to say there is none."

"Poor Davy!" Mrs. Jim repeated softly. She threaded a needle and bent over her sewing. Jim watched the swift, deft fingers proudly; they had acquired the habit of industry in a day when the Blaisdells had had to wrestle with the problem of a slender income. After a few minutes' silence she let her sewing fall to her lap.

"I think, Jim, if you'll have the machine around I'll go downtown with you in the morning."

Jim sighed in relief. "You've solved it, then?" "I want to call on my latest acquisition. You remember asking, 'Why is Jonathan Radbourne?'"

Jim nodded, with the smile the thought of that gentleman always evoked.

"The answer is, of course—Davy." "I'm wondering," said Jim thoughtfully, "just how Davy would like it if he knew you were going to beg a job for him."

"I'm not going to beg a job. I will merely state the case to Mr. Radbourne."

"Suppose he concludes that making a job for Davy is too high a price to pay even for your ladyship's favor?" Mrs. Jim smiled confidently. "Mr. Radbourne and I understand each other. And he doesn't have to pay for my favor. I have made him a present of it."

CHAPTER VI. To the Rescue.

TWO mornings later David found a note from Jim asking him to call at the bank. David obeyed the summons at once.

"Davy," Jim began, "did you mean what you said the other day about a job?" "Yes," David answered quietly.

"Well, I took you at your word. And I think I've landed you one. Radbourne & Co. want a good man to do mechanical drawing. They'll pay a hundred and fifty to the right man at the start, and they'll raise that later if you turn out well. Do you care to try it on?"

"Yes," David said again. "I still think you're making a mistake—but that's your business. Shall we go around to Radbourne's now?"

"Yes." "To those three monosyllables David added nothing during the few minutes' walking. Had Jim been leading him to the prisoner's dock David could not have taken less joy in the journey. Jim discoursed of the judge before whom the prisoner was being led.

"Odd fish, this Radbourne; dinky little man with whiskers. You're apt to think he's a fool at first. But that's a mistake. He isn't at all. I'd hate to

lose his account. He makes machines in a small way, but very well and quite profitably. His father made a reputation for turning out high class work, and the son keeps it up. We got to know him at St. Mark's. Mrs. Jim says he's the only man of real charity she knows, not even excepting me."

"Did he tell you I've failed in the only thing I ever tried?"

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David forgot to smile. They were shown into a small bare office, where behind a littered flat top desk the judge peered nimbly at his feet, although "judge" was in this case a queer fancy indeed, as David had later to confess.

There are several ways in which men can be honest, and Radbourne of Radbourne & Co. had chosen the worst way of all. When you saw him you wanted to smile. He was little and roly poly. His eyes were too small; their blue too light. His nose was acutely and ungracefully pug. His ears were too big and stood out from his head. His mouth was too wide. His hair and eyebrows were thick and red, and red, and his round chubby face was flanked by a pair of silky, luxuriant red moustaches that would have done credit to a day of hirsute achievements. His linen was strictly without blemish, and he wore a creaseless black frock coat and a waistcoat of brown broadcloth. And as he stood looking up at his tall visitors, head on one side, he reminded them of nothing so much as a sleek cock robin who had just dined to his taste. He seemed to be in his late thirties.

David would have smiled at any other time. "Why, this," he thought unkindly, "is a mere comic valentine."

The comic valentine smiled—a little slyly, it seemed—and put out a slender long-fingered hand.

"This," he announced, "is a great pleasure."

David took the hand and murmured something polite.

Blaisdell chattered briskly for a few minutes, then departed. Radbourne turned to his draftsman to be.

"Perhaps Mr. Blaisdell has told you we are needing a man here. Do you think, now you've had a look at us, you would care to come and help us?"

"That's a pleasant way of putting it," said David, a bit grimly. "I'm needing a job badly. If you think you aren't afraid to try me—"

Radbourne smiled protestingly. "If you knew all Mr. Blaisdell has said of you you wouldn't say that. You have warm friends, Mr. Quentin, if he is a sample."

"Did he tell you I've failed in the only thing I ever tried?"

"He didn't put it that way," the little man said gently. "Nor would I if I were you. There's such a thing as getting into the wrong niche—which isn't a failure at all. Shall we consider it settled that you will come?"

"I'd like to be sure," David said, flushing, "that this job isn't one of your—charities."

The little man flushed too. "Oh, I beg of you not to think that. I expect you to prove it a good stroke of business for me. And I hope we shall please each other. Your first name is David, isn't it?"

"Yes." "And mine is Jonathan. That ought to be a good omen. Don't you think so?" And that diffident smile, so absurdly out of place on the face of an employer, appeared again.

"Why, I hope so," said David. "And I hope you will like the work, though it may not be very big at first. I understand how important that is to a man." Radbourne nodded gravely. "But I have a theory that if he puts his heart into his work he is bound to get a good deal of happiness out of it. Don't you think so?"

"I'll try to remember that. When do you want me to come?" "Could you make it next Monday?" "I will be here then."

David went away from Jonathan Radbourne, the comic valentine, and the headache, for some reason, was a little eased, courage a little stiffened.

"After all," he kept saying to himself, "it's only a gift to Shirley and the baby. And I'm glad to give it to them—they're worth anything. It's a debt too. I owe them everything I can give. And maybe now we can be happy as we used to be—no worries or quarrels."

He tried to keep thinking of that—the comfort in knowing that next month's expenses could be met, of debts growing less, not bigger; of a love happily reborn under freedom from worry.

(To Be Continued)

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

This Woman Recommends Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine."

Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."

Mrs. JOHN KOPPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska.

This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Finkham, Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

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TO MAKE CHICKENS LAY

To Make the Stock Pay Feed Concentrates.

Roughage and Roots Give Bulk to the Ration, But Production Depends Upon the Grains, Mill-feeds and Oilseeds.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

MANY people forget that a hen requires feeds other than grain in order to be in good health and to lay.

All-grain rations are neither conducive to health or egg production. At times when hens have the run of the stables and the yards, together with house scraps, they do very well, owing to the fact that an opportunity is given them to pick up bits of clover leaves, roots, and such like material.

A certain amount of meat foods is essential in order to produce the white of the eggs. Too much of such feed is apt to cause trouble with the general digestion of the bird.

Milk as a drink is, without doubt, the best animal feed known. It gives the best results when sour. When birds are accustomed to it they will not take too much.

Beef scrap and high grade tankage are used very extensively on large poultry farms where milk is not available. These are mixed with ground grain, generally in the proportion of fifteen to twenty per cent. For the general purpose breeds the former amount is sufficient. Breeds such as Leghorns will make good use of twenty per cent. of meat scrap in the ration.

Cooked butchers' meat, green cut bone, cooked beef head, lungs, liver, etc., are all very good feeds and may be fed in a manner similar to meat scrap.

Some people think that because a little of meat feeds are good, more would be better. Experience has shown that such is not the case. Too much often causes serious trouble.

Green feeds are essential for health and for economy. A hen should have all the green feed she will consume. A certain amount of bulky, succulent green feed she will consume. Such feed is usually fairly inexpensive. Where birds are not fed green feed, in the course of time they become unthrifty, lay poorly and moreover, the eggs from such birds many times are very low in hatching power.

Experience has shown that oats when properly sprouted are a most excellent feed. The hens are very fond of them and the value of the oats as a feed is good. That is, the sprouted oats reduce the grain feed consumption equal to the pounds of oats sprouted and one gains the increased palatability of the oats, as well as the value from the greens.

Thin-leaved greens contain one of the very important elements of growth and health. They are called nature's protective feeds; that is they assist to maintain the birds' health or normal resistance against disease. Health is an essential to profit. In winter we find such feed in sprouted oats, cabbage, and clover leaves.—Prof. R. W. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

Value of Concentrates in Rations. A cattle feed is valuable to the extent it contains the substances which will repair body tissue, build new tissue and furnish energy to do work. The particular materials in a food which have this power are protein, the flesh-forming substance, carbohydrates and fat, the fat and energy producers and the mineral matter which has a great many functions in the body.

Any feed that carries a high percentage of protein and fat and a large amount of a digestible form of the carbohydrates is called a concentrated feed or concentrate. Thus grains, mill feeds and oil cakes are concentrates. On the other hand, a feed low in these valuable constituents and high in indigestible carbohydrates, or crude fibre, as, for instance, straw, hay, corn stalks, are called roughage or bulky feeds. Roods may also be put in this class because they contain a very high percentage of water and they are for this reason bulky.

These bulky feeds have their place in the ration, indeed in the case of full-grown animals on maintenance ration, they may form the whole of the food; but it is impossible for a young animal to make rapid growth, a cow to give a large amount of milk or a horse to work hard on such feed. The hard woody fibre of the straw and hay are difficult to digest and much of the energy that should go to production of work or increase is used up in digesting the food. Consequently when production is desired the amount of roughage feed must be reduced and the concentrates increased.

Another reason why concentrates must be used is that to get the largest production we must have the animal digest and absorb the maximum amount of the various constituents which go to form a food. A cow cannot long continue to furnish a large amount of casein in milk unless it gets the material from which to form it from the food. Neither can a steer make rapid growth and fatten on a food that does not furnish a large amount of the food constituents essential for growth. These cannot be supplied in the largest and best quantities except by the use of the concentrates. The coarser feeds or roughage are necessary to give bulk to the ration, but there must be an abundance of easily-digestible materials if the best results are to be obtained and this is the place of concentrates in the ration. We want some coarse feeds, even if they are poorly digested, but we also want some concentrates to supply the materials for growth and production. Furthermore within certain limits the more of the concentrates fed the greater the production.—Prof. R. W. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By Rev. P. H. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 23

THE BREACH OF THE COVENANT AND MOSES' PRAYER FOR ISRAEL.

(May Be Used With Missionary Application.) LESSON TEXT—Exodus 32:1-34:9. GOLDEN TEXT—The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much.—James 5:16.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Deut. 9:6-29; Eph. 2:14-21; James 5:16-18. PRIMARY TOPIC—Ask God's help for others. Memory Verse—James 5:16. JUNIOR TOPIC—Praying for other people.

INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—Interceding for others. SENIOR AND ADULT TOPIC—The value of intercessory prayer.

Less than six weeks have elapsed since Israel took the oath of allegiance to Jehovah. In less than forty days they flagrantly break the first and second commandments.

I. The Golden Calf (32:1-6). 1. Moses' delay (v. 1) This they interpreted to mean that their leader had either lost his way in the darkness or had perished in the fire that hovered over the mount.

2. The people's demand (v. 1). They demanded of Aaron that he make them a god to go before them. Their profession of allegiance to God collapsed as soon as the strong personality of their leader was no longer felt.

3. Aaron's cowardly compliance (vv. 2-4). He was an eloquent man, but lacked moral courage. Many today can talk fluently, but vacillate before the real issues of life. In order to gain time with the rebels he demanded that they cast off their jewelry and bring it to him. Perhaps he thought that their love for it would cause them to forego their demands, but they cheerfully gave up their jewelry for a false god. Aaron, like many compromising men of this age, opened a door which he could not shut.

4. Wanton revelry (vv. 5, 6). Seeing their disposition, Aaron erected an altar and proclaimed a fast unto Jehovah. He no doubt wished them to worship the Lord through the image, but he had made a god for them and it was a very short step to the heathen orgies connected with idolatrous worship.

II. God's Burning Wrath (32:7-10). God's nature is such that He cannot tolerate a rival. No gods shall be before his face. The rival must be removed or the people must be consumed with divine wrath. God does not own them as his people, for they had cast him off.

III. The Mediation of Moses (32:11-14). The declaration of a divine purpose to destroy the Israelites did not deter Moses from making intercession for them. What was his threefold plea? (vv. 11, 12, 13).

Moses knew full well that the people deserved to die, therefore he could not plead any merit on their part. His plea was based wholly on God's purpose for Israel. Through his intercession God relented.

IV. Judgment Falls (32:15-35). 1. Moses broke the tables of testimony (vv. 15-19) emblematic of the breach of their covenant with God.

2. Moses destroyed the image (v. 20) and made the people drink of the water which contained its dust, thus making them to experience in a physical sense the bitterness which results from sin.

3. Moses showed Aaron that he was inexcusable for his part in the disgraceful affair (vv. 21-24).

4. Moses called for those who would take a stand for the Lord to gird their swords and slay all who stood out in rebellion. The tribe of Levi ranged themselves on his side and became the instrument by which God chastened his people (vv. 25-29).

5. Moses confessed the great sin of the people and begged that God would forgive them. He was willing to suffer the punishment himself, if possible, and let the people go free. The Lord declared to him in answer that every man should bear his own sin (vv. 30-35).

V. The Covenant Renewed (33:1-49). 1. Moses' commission renewed (Ch. 33). 2. The second tables of the law given (34:1-9). In the giving of these tables he reiterated God's justice, but gave particular emphasis to his mercy.

"The Lord God, merciful and gracious, long-suffering and abundant in goodness and truth, keeping mercy for thousands, forgiving iniquity and transgression and sin, and that will by no means clear the guilty; visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children, and upon the children's children, unto the third and fourth generation."

What to Pray For. Oh, do not pray for easy lives. Pray to be stronger men. Do not pray for tasks equal to your powers. Pray for powers equal to your tasks. Then the doing of your work shall be no miracle. But you shall be a miracle. Every day you shall wonder at yourself, at the richness of life which has come to you by the grace of God.—Phillips Brooks.

Fellowship. Those who follow Christ are blessed with the fellowship of Christ. Where there is fellowship there is fellowship.



STOP HEADACHES BEFOREHAND

You never had a headache when you were well.

To keep well is to keep clean, inside.

To relieve headache, and to prevent it, keep the liver active and industrious and the bowels as regular as a clock.

Two generations of healthy, vigorous people have done this by taking one pill at bedtime, regularly—a larger dose when nature gives the warning.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bears Signature

Colorless faces often show the absence of iron in the blood. CARTER'S IRON PILLS will help this condition.

EMISSARIES OF HATE.

Germans and Irish Combine to Make Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A cleverly-organized propaganda, the purpose of which is to estrange the American people and their Government from the peoples and Governments of the nations with which the United States is associated in the war, is in operation in the United States, according to United States Senators who discussed the subject Saturday.

Great Britain is the nation which is being principally attacked, and every pro-German agency, backed by such anti-British elements as the Sinn Fein, is actively participating in the agitation, the purpose of which is to create distrust in this country, and, if possible, to bring about a rupture of the relations between Washington and London.

There is also a somewhat less active propaganda directed against the French.

Statements that these propagandists were at work were made in the Senate by Senator King of Utah, Senator Wadsworth of New York, Senator Overman of North Carolina, Senator Poindexter of Washington, Senator McCumber of North Dakota, Senators Knox and Penrose of Pennsylvania, and other Senators of equal prominence.

Senator King bluntly asserted that the agitation was of German and Sinn Fein origin, and should be exposed in the interests of both America and of Britain. Senator Poindexter and Senator Wadsworth placed the propaganda at the doors of the enemy, as did other Senators representing both of the great parties and all sections of the country.

Had No Occasion to Say It. A little girl was invited to a friend's house for dinner and before leaving her mother warned her to say "please," "thank you," and "no, thank you."

When the little girl returned she was asked if she said please and thank you and she said yes. Then her mother asked: "Did you say no, thank you, when they passed something you didn't want?"

"No, mother, I didn't, because they didn't pass anything I didn't want."

THE SUN LIFE

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And if not already a Policy Holder it will pay you to interview the Local Agent.

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Total assurance in force 1915—\$257,404,160.00 Assets..... \$74,326,423.00

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Guarantee and Liability Insurance.

All Old Established Companies.

W. H. ALLEN.

Full weight of tea in every package

RED ROSE
TEA is good tea

Sold only in sealed packages

Two Brothers Taken

There is very great sorrow throughout the town, owing to the death of Francis P. Mea and Thomas Leonard Mea, brothers, both of whom died in St. Francis General Hospital, within a few hours of each other, from the prevailing influenza. Francis, the elder brother, aged thirty-one years, was ill about ten days, death resulting Tuesday afternoon, and Leonard, aged twenty-nine years, was ill not quite a week, dying early yesterday morning. Both were born in Chicago, sons of Mr. Frank Mea, but at the death of their mother, about twenty-three years ago, they came to Smiths Falls and had since made their home with their mother's people, the late Miss Mary Kelly and Mr. Michael Kelly. Both boys were well-known and their deaths have caused sincere regret. Rideoau Record.

St. Valentine

The St. Valentine who suffered martyrdom on the 14th of February was one of fifty-two saints of that name but nothing has ever been found in his life or in the lives of any of them, that would give occasion for the singular observances of the day. It has been maintained that it was an ancient custom among the Romans during the Lupercalia, celebrated in the month of February, for the boys and men to draw the names of their future wives in honor of their goddess, Februa Juno, and that the Christian clergy finding it absolutely impossible to abolish this heathen practice changed it to a religious ceremony by writing on the slips of paper instead of the names of women those of particular saints whom they were to follow and imitate during the years.

The Dominion Government proposes a vigorous policy of railway construction in the Prairie Provinces.

Action is begun to recover money spent by Burford Township Council on a deputation of farmers to Ottawa to protest against conscription.

The lady conductors of the Kingston Street Railway, who have been so popular with the travelling public, are to be gradually replaced by returned men. The company has given notice that no more conductresses will be engaged and that as time comes for dispensing with their service they will be given ample notice or the equivalent.

SEED CORN on COB
now in stock

We have received Two Cars of Ontario Grown Seed Corn on Cob, grown from seed GROWN IN ONTARIO. We have had it tested at Ottawa, and the tests were the best we ever saw, none less than 96 p.c. Germination, and 4 Varieties tested 100 p.c.

Really choice Seed Corn is scarce, and after using American Seed Corn last year we feel every farmer wants Ontario Grown Seed, so we have spared no effort to get the best. We have

Huron Dent **Improved Leaming**
White Cap **Bailey**
Wisconsin No. 7 North Dakota

All good varieties for Cobs in this section.

Our price for immediate delivery is \$3.75 for Dent's and \$4.75 for Flint's, per bushel of 70 lbs. bags free, Cash. It is expected that these select varieties will be dearer when the sowing season comes around.

Remember, the big dealers are bringing in American Corn. Move quickly and secure yours.

TAYLOR BROS. Limited

CAPITAL & RESERVE—\$8,400,000
TOTAL ASSETS—\$13,000,000

MUTUAL CONFIDENCE FOSTERS SUCCESS

Mutual confidence is essential between two parties if the best results are to be obtained from their business relations. Many businesses have been assisted to success because the firms or individuals took the bank into their fullest confidence and profited by the advice obtained. In your business transactions you would be well advised to consult our local manager. He will be glad to help you with his counsel.

UNION BANK OF CANADA
HEAD OFFICE WINNIPEG, MAN.

CARLETON PLACE BRANCH, D. B. OLIVER, Manager.
SMITHS FALLS BRANCH, W. A. L. BURCHILL, Manager.
KIMBERN BRANCH, P. MACGREGOR, Manager.
PAKENHAM BRANCH, A. C. THOMSON, Manager.

CANNOT STAND ALONE.

Reasons Why Austria Must Join With Germany.

VIENNA, Feb. 17.—Austria is rushing into a union with Germany, hardly giving itself time to think whether it really wants to. It regards itself as deserted by Bohemia and Jugoslavia, and Hungary also undoubtedly has turned its back. In introducing the following interview with Dr. Otto Bauer, Foreign Minister, who will have the details of the union in his hands, a few obvious things must be said.

Opinion, at least momentarily, seems almost unanimous for union. No party here dares speak openly against it, and all parties with hope of any success in Sunday's constitutional convention elections are for the union. The people seem to be driven by pique at the unfriendliness of the Czechs-Slovaks and Jugoslavs, but political leaders have a deeper thought. As the difference between Berlin and Vienna is almost as real as between Berlin and Paris, some intelligent people here think Austria is rushing into an alliance she may later regret, but right now the people, feeling themselves isolated, are for the union as the only way out. Dr. Bauer, who is really the leader of political thought among the Socialists in power, is aware the Entente eyes are watching Austria's actions, and his interview is largely in explanation of why Austria intends to join Germany. He said: "With the breaking of the Austrian-Hungarian empire, only two solutions are open for Austria, either a Danube federation or a union with Germany. Alone Austria is a poor, mountainous state, dependent upon the outside world for support and not rich enough to pay for it.

"Whatever the advantages or disadvantages in a Danube federation, it no longer is possible, and through no fault of ours. Other members of the old empire have cast us off. The Slav peoples to the north and south have drawn off by themselves and made the demarcation line between Germans and Slavs so distinct that we could not ignore it if we wished. They have been emphasizing their will to be apart from us unmistakably. In Marburg they used machine guns on us.

"There are 120,000 workless in Vienna. Austria is not highly enough developed to continue as a Switzerland. We need to be in a federation, otherwise hundreds of thousands of workers would be obliged to emigrate, and Austria would sink into insignificance with the poor, half-starved population. Her union with Germany or a Danube federation is necessary."

PARNELL IS ELECTED.

Labor Candidate Still Claims to Have Defeated Him.

ST. CATHARINES, Feb. 17.—Although the whole riding lies close to St. Catharines, and all points are easily accessible, the result of Saturday's by-election in this constituency is still in doubt, and will be till Sheriff O'Loughlin, as returning officer, gives out the official figures. As the situation stands now, supporters of the Conservative candidate, Fred. R. Parnell, are claiming a majority for him of anywhere from 125 to 160, while W. E. Longden and his Labor workers are hopeful that they will come out on top. The odds, so far as competent judges are able to determine, are in favor of Parnell by at least 100.

The difficulty is due to the failure of four deputies in Grantham and Niagara townships to send in their officials counts or their ballot-boxes. Without these four places Mr. Longden has a majority of 36, but it is believed from reports received over telephones that the four doubtful places went strongly for Mr. Parnell. There has been many speculations as to why things are so muddy.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Topics where given are for the following sabbath

Baptist Church

REV. MR. J. F. FORSYTHE, Pastor.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

St. Andrews Church

REV. J. MONDS, B.A., Pastor.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
The Pastor will preach.

Methodist Church

REV. ELWOOD LAWSON, Pastor.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
A.M.—Do we want the Bar back.
Rev. A. E. Smith, B.D., to preach.
P.M.—The Man's greatest Possession.
The Pastor to preach.

St. James Church

REV. CANON ELLIOTT, Rector.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Zion Presbyterian Church

REV. W. A. DOBSON, B.A. B.D., pastor
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
A.M.—The Privileges of Victory.
P.M.—Warning at the Wrong Fire.

Knox Church, Beckwith

REV. J. W. S. LOWRY, Pastor.
The Pastor will preach.

St. Paul's, Franktown

REV. MR. LOWRY, Pastor.

THIS IS AN AGE OF WEAK NERVES

Men and Women Alike Suffer From This Serious Ailment

"No heart for anything" is the cry of thousands of men and women who might be made well and strong by the new, rich red blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make.

Misery day and night is the lot of hosts of men and women who are to-day the victims of weak nerves. Thin, pale, drawn faces and dejected attitude tell a sad tale for nervous weakness means being tortured by morbid thoughts and unaccountable fits of depression. These sufferers are painfully sensitive and easily agitated by some chance remark. Sleeplessness robs them of energy and strength; their eyes are sunken and their limbs tremble; appetite is poor and memory often fails. This nervous exhaustion is one of the most serious evils affecting men and women to-day. The only way to bring back sound vigorous health is to feed the starved nerves, which are clamoring for new, rich blood. This new blood can be had through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which fact accounts for the thousands of cures of nervous diseases brought about by this powerful blood builder and nerve destroyer. Through a fair use of this medicine thousands of despondent people have been made bright, a fine and strong, among these is Miss Bibiane Chasson, South Beach, Que., who says: "I am a teacher by profession and probably due to the close confinement and arduous nature of my duties I became much run-down and suffered from extreme nervousness. The least noise would startle me, and my heart would beat violently. Indeed my condition was an unhappy one. I had often heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a cure for nervous troubles and decided to give them a fair trial. I am happy to say that this medicine completely restored my health, and I confidently recommend it to all suffering from nervous troubles."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

died, and Labor officials stated that a recount will be demanded if the majority is any way close.

Regardless of what the final outcome may be, the vote cast was so close as to represent a remarkable change in public opinion. At the previous election the late Conservative member, Dr. Jessop, got a majority of 1,529. He ran against ex-Mayor Wiley, then an alderman, and a well-known Labor man. Now Mr. Longden, who is a comparative stranger in the riding, reduces that figure to almost the vanishing point, and, indeed, even claims a possible victory.

Only a small vote was cast during the day, which was wet and disagreeable. In fact, only about a third of the total vote was polled. But in that vote were many surprises: Merritt, which has been regarded as a Conservative stronghold for many years, gave the Labor candidate a majority of more than 190. The old town of Niagara and the village of Port Dalhousie also put him in the lead, while in the city the run was close. The township of Niagara, however, gave Mr. Parnell considerable of a majority.

Labor leaders, such as Candidate Longden, Mayor McBride of Brantford; Joseph Marks, editor of the Industrial Banner, and W. J. Cheevers, president of the local Labor party, who led the campaign here, gave out statements that they regard the vote as a signal victory, and they will begin at once to organize for the next election.

Taber & Co.

Week-end Sale of Women's Coats

\$10.98

In cleaning up the balance of this season's Coats we offer Six Coats only, of the best Wool Tweeds, "Northway" made Coats, made to sell for \$20.00,

week-end sale **\$10.98**

Six only Women's Coats, Northway Coats, made of the best Wool Tweeds, regular \$22.50

week-end sale **\$12.98**

Four only Tweed and Chinchilla Coats, regular \$25.00 to 28.00

week-end sale **\$14.98**

CORSET SPECIALS

D. & A. Corsets, all sizes, 21 to 30, long hip, medium bust style, regular \$1.25 to \$1.50

week-end sale **89c**

Taber & Co.

GROCERIES

We have everything to supply your needs in Groceries.

Specials This Week

Evaporated Pears, Peaches, Apricots, Prunes
Baldwin and Nonparel Russet Apples
Jellied Tongue, Fray Bentos and Ham in Cooked Meats
Pure Clover and Dark Honey
Everything in Jams and Jellies
Table Syrups, Maraschino Cherries

Leave your every need for us to look after, and we assure you service.

C. W. MOORE

Keyes Block Carleton Place

ABDALLAH'S

We are now settled in our new stand, in the McDiarmid Block, the premises formerly occupied by Messrs. Baird & Riddell.

New Goods arriving daily, and our aim is to carry a complete line of Ladies' Ready-to-wears, Dry Goods and Men's Furnishings.

A new shipment of Ladies' Suits and Dresses on display, and now ready for your inspection.

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