

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

REMEMBER
THERE IS NO NEED TO
SEND AWAY FOR YOUR
PRINTING!

The Granite Town Greetings

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF ST. GEORGE & VICINITY.

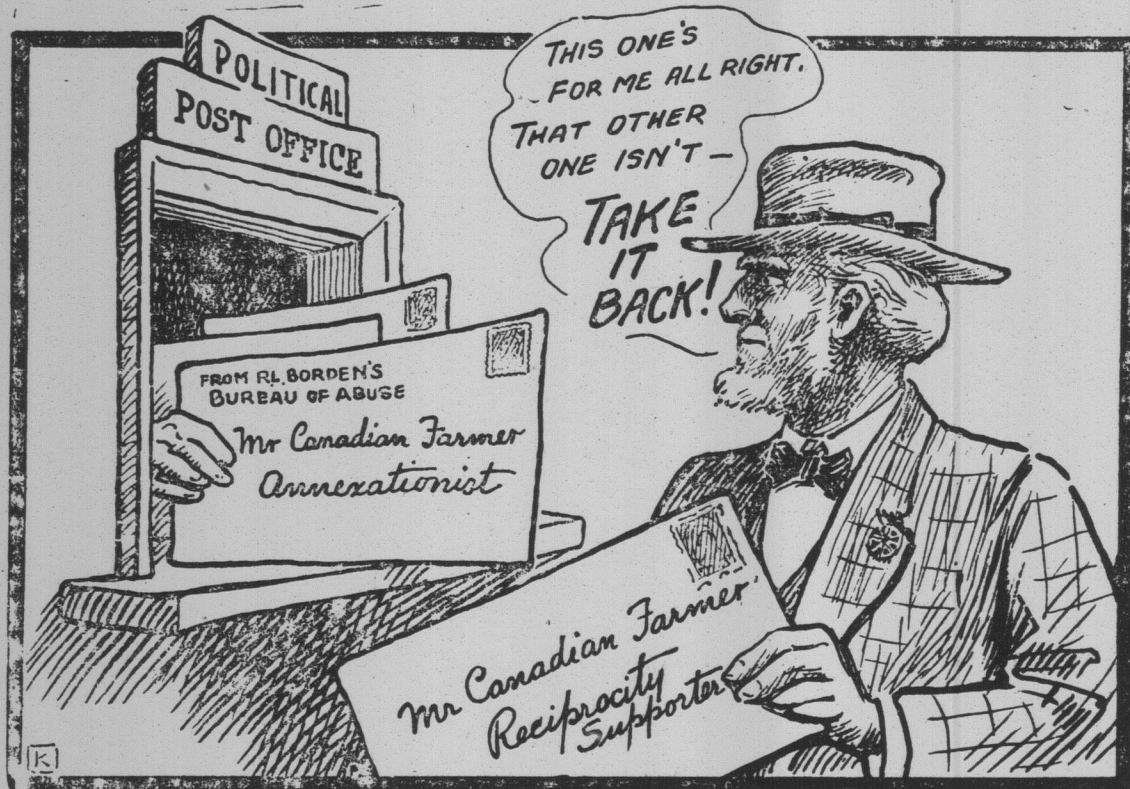
GOOD AD-
VERTISING
MEDIUM!

VOL. 7.

ST. GEORGE, N. B., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1911

NO. 8.

THE NEW Church Hymnal for sale at the Greetings Office in several Qualities and Styles.



Patriotism

The stomach is a larger factor in "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" than most people are aware. Patriotism can withstand hunger but not dyspepsia. The confirmed dyspeptic "is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils." The man who goes to the front for his country with a weak stomach will be a weak soldier and a fault finder.

A sound stomach makes for good citizenship as well as for health and happiness.

Diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are promptly and permanently cured by the use of

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.
It builds up the body with sound flesh and solid muscle.

The dealer who offers a substitute for the "Discovery" is only seeking to make the little more profit realized on the sale of less meritorious preparations.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 50 stamps for the cloth bound. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

SWORDFISH RIPS WHALE IN FIGHT.

The Bermudian Brings News of Desperate Sea Battle and Also Specimens for the Aquarium.

New York, Aug. 18. Battle to the death between a calf right whale, a thresher whale and a swordfish was witnessed by Captain P. J. Fraser, of the steamship Bermudian, of the Quebec Steamship Company, when that vessel was 400 miles from Sable Hook at daybreak Wednesday morning. The conflict, according to Captain Fraser, took place about a mile off the port bow, and went to what he called six rounds.

There were only two or three passengers on deck at the time Captain Fraser sighted a disturbance in the water. With his glasses he could see the three cornered fight, which ended disastrously for the larger whale.

"When I first saw them," said Captain Fraser, "the whale was tearing along at a fast clip in the direction of the Bermudian. The calf must have been about fifty feet long, while the thresher was less than twenty feet from tip to tip. The swordfish was large, about eighteen feet long, with a sword of extra long size.

"The thresher led the attack by swimming up close to the calf, when he spouted, and hitting it with its heavy tail. Then the swordfish, about one hundred yards away, dived out of sight. In a moment the whale half tumbled out of the water and I knew that the smaller antagonist had struck. For the next few minutes the fighting was furious, the

whale having only one resource, diving. Six times it went down but just as soon as it would come up to breathe they would go at it again.

"When the battle was over the whale gave one final leap and sank, the thresher diving quickly after it."

One of the passengers on board the Bermudian was Louis L. Moberly, the curator at the Bermuda Aquarium who brought up a collection of sea life for the Aquarium at the Battery consisting of more than three hundred specimens.

"I also tried to bring up some cetopods," he said, "but they died. I am sure that the vibration of the boat caused it."

CRIME AGAINST CANADA'S NATIONHOOD.

It will not do for Mr. Borden and his newspaper allies to try to evade responsibility for Mr. Bourassa and his campaign in Quebec. Calling Bourassa a Liberal does not justify the Bourassa-Borden alliance. Mr. Borden cannot afford to talk loftily about loyalty to Britain on platforms in Ontario while his allies in Quebec, with his knowledge and consent, are doing their treasonable utmost to inflame the minds of the French-Canadians against that very imperial ideal which Mr. Borden extols. It is rank hypocrisy to shout for a greater navy at the same time among French Canadians to denounce all naval defence. Does Mr. Borden think he will make real political progress by running with the Toronto News and the Tory Orangemen in Ontario when he was the Ultramontane and the French Nationalists in

Quebec. He may do one. He cannot do both. Which will he choose? He cannot maintain what Mr. Campbell of North Bruce calls "a cowardly silence."

This is indeed the most serious question for the leader of the Conservatives to face. Reciprocity will pass without his aid and despite his opposition, but the uniting of the races and creeds of Canada into a harmonious and organized nationhood can never be accomplished so long as significant political encouragement is given to separatists and schismatics like Bourassa, Monk, and Lavergne. Will Mr. Borden be obedient to his own better intelligence, or will he surrender to the political exploiters who already have betrayed him almost to his own undoing?

It is inconsequent and silly to pretend that Bourassa is a Liberal. Had he been true to his Liberal inheritance he would not have turned his back on Liberal principles or joined forces with the hierarchy. He is in no sense a Liberal. He is in the fullest and deepest sense an Ultramontane. His desire and purpose is to develop and organize French-Canadian nationalism as a distinct political power holding the balance between the two great political parties in Canada and true to the Ultramontane dogma of ecclesiastical supremacy.

This is the enterprise to which Mr. Borden's political associates are giving encouragement and help. He stands by in silence, refusing to rebuke this crime against Canada. It is mere mockery to send paid agitators about Ontario appealing to the British-born when through Quebec the way is made easy by Mr. Borden himself for anti-British and anti-Canadian demagogues whose success would mean disunion for Canadian nationalism and the disruption of the Empire. All these perforations and panegyrics about the flag and the Empire are but so much sound and fury so long as this guilty alliance is maintained with disloyalty and reaction.—Tor. Globe.

Two New Steamers for the C. P. R.

Order Placed With New Glasgow Firm for Palatial Boats for Pacific.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has placed an order for two new steamships for the Vancouver-Hong Kong service with the Fairfield Shipbuilding Company of Glasgow, one of the most famous firms in the Clyde. The new ship,

will be of the most modern construction in every respect. They will be 595 feet long over all, and will have a tonnage of about 15,000 tons. They will be equipped with engines of from 16,000 to 17,000 horsepower, and will be required to maintain an average sea speed of eighteen knots per hour, and develop on their trial trips a speed of twenty knots an hour. In size a trifle larger than the Atlantic Empresses, the new boats will have accommodation for 1,300 passengers, and will also have a huge freight carrying capacity.

The new boats will be literally floating palaces. They will be luxuriously fitted up, and will undoubtedly materially decrease the running time between Vancouver and the Orient. The boats will be ready in January, and will cost about \$2,500,000 each, fully completed.—Ex.

Falling Hair.

Mrs. Jas. Harris of Wappella, Sask. says:—

"I have found Parisian Sage to be the best scalp and hair tonic and dressing I have ever used. My hair had been coming out in combs full and was very dry and brittle and the scalp was always itching and full of dandruff. I have used two bottles of Parisian Sage and it has stopped my hair from falling, the itching and dandruff have disappeared and my hair is fine and soft and glossy. I would not be without this fine Hair Tonic for many times the price."

For women, men, or children Parisian Sage is without any doubt the finest preparation for the hair. Daily perfumed, it is free from grease or stickiness and ought to be where every member of the family could use it daily. Large bottle 50 cents at all druggists or from the proprietors, The Gironx Mfg. Co., Fort Erie, Ont., postpaid. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every package. Sold and guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark.

The Best Market for Cattle.

Those who have taken upon themselves the task of proving the gradual removal of needless taxation and injurious trade obstructions must be sorely pressed for excuses when they seek to alarm the farmer. The food producers have been the chief sufferers by our great fiscal mistake, and they will be the first to gain as that mistake is gradually corrected. The letter from Mr. Wm. Weir of the well known cattle-dealing firm of that name should relieve any anxiety that may have been aroused by several statistics of prices and false inferences. The writer gives the public the benefit of his half a century of experience in the cattle trade, an experience which necessarily covers both the prosperity and depression periods. The conclusion after fifty years of interested acquaintance with available markets is the American is the best for good cattle. This is the verdict of a man who has been for half a century engaged in disposing of cattle in all the leading markets reached by the Dominion. Of course the opening up of the American market, which he describes as worth seven hundred dollars a year in the disposal of the stock raised on 150 acres, will not close other markets. These will still be available.

Mr. Weir quotes current market reports, which give the price of cattle on the Toronto market at six and a quarter cents per pound, and on the Buffalo market at seven cents to seven and a half. The Chicago quotation and neither picked nor excepted, and the differences are drawn by a man with a long life of business activity for guidance. Mr. Weir has sent cattle to Switzerland and other foreign markets as well as to Britain, and speaks with authority when he says that the removal of the obstructions will open a new market better than any of them. He has been forced needlessly to sacrifice about \$20 on every bullock sent to the American market, he has little patience with

the demand of the privileged interests that we leave well enough alone. The spirit in which that plea has been met shows that the recipients of protection would have more worldly wise if they had allowed the relief urgently required instead of subjecting their special privileges to the light of full discussion.

Japan to spend \$50,000,000 On Navy.

Experts by 1917 to Have it Equal to any in The World.

Naval expansion is coming to occupy a prominent place in the Japanese mind. The tremendous outlay on naval armament in Europe and America, in the face of voluminous discussion on the subject of arbitration, is tinging the Japanese mind with apprehension, says the New York Evening Post's special correspondence from Tokio. There appears to be a conviction that some attempt must be made to bring Japan's fighting strength up to a standard reasonably proportionate to that of the United States. It has been decided in cabinet council to supplement the amount to be spent on naval armaments by at least \$12,500,000 for the special purpose of modernizing the older ships, and this, together with the sum to be expended on new ships, will bring the expenditure on additional fighting units up to nearly \$200,000,000 by the year 1917, when Japan expects to have a navy of a thoroughly modern type. During the present year, at least \$21,500,000 will be laid out on the navy.

In accordance with the enlarged programme, orders for new ships have been given to an extent that proves greatly increased activity in naval circles. The new battleships Kawachi and Settsu are already nearing completion of equipment. In October of this year a new ship is to be laid down at the Yokosuka yards, the Hiei, a sister ship to that ordered recently from the Vickers in England while at the Kawasaki and Nagasaki yards are under construction two powerful armored cruisers, the Hatana and Kirishina, in addition to three second class cruisers, the Chikuma, Hirato and Yahagi, now undergoing equipment in the same yards. Two new destroyers will also be finished this year as well as a number of river gunboats. All these will be ready to take their places in the fighting line by the end of the present fiscal year.

The new naval programme will include the building of at least seven new battleships of the latest type, four armored cruisers, and five second class cruisers, which when added to Japan's present fighting strength, will bring her naval forces up to 11 battleships and cruisers by the year 1917.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Breakwater at Castalia, Grand Manan, N.B." will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Wednesday, September 20, 1911, for the construction of a Breakwater at Castalia, Grand Manan, Charlotte County, N.B.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and at the offices of E. T. P. Sheehan, Esq., District Engineer, Chatham, N. B., and on application to the Postmaster at Castalia, Grand Manan, Charlotte County, N.B.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 24, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

Asaya-Neurall

THE NEW REMEDY FOR
Nervous Exhaustion

Since the tissues receive their tone from the nerve centres, lustrous eyes, a clear complexion and symmetrical figure can only be preserved by maintaining full nerve vigor. When the mirror warns, "ASAYA-NEURALL" is required. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, quickens the appetite, aids digestion, and restores the sparkling radiance of full nerve vitality. \$1.50 per bottle. Local agent.

Andrew McDev, Book Bay,
W. S. R. Jackson, Paris, Ind.,
Mills, Curtis & Co., St. George.

On The Congo.

A missionary thus describes the eagerness of the people of the Congo to receive the Gospel story.

"It would take one missionary's whole time to handle the delegations which are coming in from the villages on the plains and far out in the jungles, urging that teachers be sent speedily to tell the people that are in the darkness, of the Saviour's love and the Way of Life. One day as we waited at Lubo some men came who had walked about 175 miles. They told the missionaries that they had come from a dark village far away; that all their people were in darkness. They had heard that if they would build a church in their village that a teacher would come to teach them the way of salvation. They had built a church, and they waited and waited. The church had rotted down; no teachers had come."—American Messenger.

Explained.

(Harper's Weekly.)

"I don't see why in introducing that gasbag to his audience last night you referred to him as a 'matchless oraor.' Binks," said Jorlocks. "He struck me as being the slowest thing on the forensic pike."

"My words were painfully descriptive," sighed Binks. "If he hadn't been matchless he might have got a little fire into his talk."

Yes

ALL teas may look alike to you—but the difference in Red Rose Tea is in the taste and the smell. Another marked difference is the agreeable strength that puts real quality in the cup with less tea in the pot. Will you try it.

Advertise in Greetings.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

MOUNT ALLISON INSTITUTIONS SACKVILLE, N. B.

Mount Allison University COURSES IN ARTS, SCIENCE AND THEOLOGY

Annual Session 1911-12 opens Sept. 31st, 1911

Five Entrance Bursaries of \$75 Each will be offered for open competition in Matriculation examinations on September 22nd and 23rd, 1911

Incoming students wishing residential accommodation should give earliest possible notice.

For full information send for calendar to

Rev. B. C. Borden, D. D., President

Send your Daughter to Mount Allison Ladies College

THE LARGEST RESIDENTIAL LADIES' COLLEGE IN CANADA

57th Year commences September 7th, 1911

IT OFFERS—Courses, in Literature, Music, Oratory, Household Science and Fine Arts.

It has Specialists for teachers; it is Splendidly Equipped; it is situated in a Healthful town.

Scholarships for worthy students.

For calendar and full information apply to

Rev. G. M. Campbell, D. D., Acting Principal

Your Boy should go to Mount Allison Academy

For Special and Matriculation Courses leading to the Colleges of Arts, Engineering, Medicine, etc.

Mount Allison Commercial College

For Courses in Business, Shorthand and Typewriting. Comfortable Residence. Strong staff of teachers.

Write to

J. M. Palmer, M. A., Principal

BEAVER HARBOR

A large number from here attended the picnic of the Episcopal church held at Pennfield on Thursday last. A game of ball was played between the Beavers and Pennfield, and resulted in a victory for Pennfield. They expect to play another game this week.

Mrs. Wm. Cross and children drove to St. George on Tuesday.

Mrs. Gideon Justason of Pennfield spent Wednesday the guest of her daughter Mrs. Ira Hawkins.

Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Gillmor drove to St. George on Tuesday last.

A conservative meeting addressed by M. N. Cochrane, Judge of Probate, St. Andrews, and Mr. A. L. Richardson, Barrister, St. Stephen was quite largely attended on Friday evening.

Misses Lena and Debra Parker, Lila and Violet Hawkins, Mrs. Dan Thompson, Victor Sparks, and Newton Wright attended the play in the Opera House in St. George last Wednesday.

Charles Daley of New River spent a few days with friends recently.

Misses Mabel and Wilhelmina Scott returned to St. John on Wednesday after a week's visit with Mrs. Martin Eldridge.

Capt. Wallin in the Schr. Forest Maid has gone to Grand Manan to move from there to here the furniture of Rev. A. F. Brown, who will occupy the home of Frank Cross who with his family have gone to Portland where he expects to remain.

Mrs. Walker of Barre, Vt. spent a few days with friends and relatives leaving for her home on Monday.

Miss Jennie Hanson of Pennfield was a week-end guest of friends here.

Mrs. Harry Johnson of Calais is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Wright.

Misses Florence Hawkins and Flossie Gillespie of Pennfield spent last week with Miss Dora Justason.

Those who went to St. John to attend the Liberal party addressed by Sir Wilfred Laurier were: Millie, Newton, and Palmerston Wright, John F. and Emory Paul, Geo. and Henry Best, Frank Kinsman and James Harvie.

Medley Kennedy spent Sunday with friends here.

The schools opened on Tuesday with

Edgar Blaney as Principal and Miss Margaret McLaughlin as primary teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. Addison Eldridge entertained friends on Saturday evening in honor of the birthday of their daughter Ada.

Miss Violet Hawkins leaves this week for Fredericton to attend the Provincial Normal.

Mrs. S. Akerley and daughter Florence have returned from a short visit in St. John.

Miss Teresa Tatton spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Jane Dickson was called to Pea Point on Monday by the serious illness of her son Clayton, night-keeper at that place.

James Mawhinney has purchased the house which was owned and occupied by the late R. T. Cross and is putting it in repair for occupancy.

Misses Lila Spear and Laura Brown, and Messrs. Kenneth Storey and Joseph Spear of St. George attended the dance held here Wednesday evening.

SEELYE'S COVE

Mrs. B. Carter and Misses Edith, Mae and Flossie Carter spent a few days of last week with friends in Eastport.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Warren and children of St. John are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Spear.

Our school opened on Tuesday under the management of Miss Margaret Hayes of Kings Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Baten, Misses Lizzie and Hazel Armstrong and Melvin Dunbar of Pennfield were visitors here last Sunday.

Justin McCarthy of West Newton, Mass. is spending his vacation with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Johnson and Mrs. Thos. Carter were guests of Mrs. Herb French on Tuesday.

LORD'S COVE

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Stuart returned home Friday after a pleasant visit with her mother Mr. Arthur Henderson at Maccarene.

Mrs. Thomas Barker called on friends at Stuart Town Sunday.

Messrs. Charlor and Landfear left on Monday's boat for their homes in New

York and Boston after a pleasant visit with friends here.

Mrs. Edna Wakefield, a native of this place died in the Portland hospital on Thursday last, the remains were brought here on Saturday and interment took place at Richardsonville cemetery on Sunday.

Mrs. Wakefield was a member of the Loyal True Blue Lodge and was buried by the members. Many and beautiful were the floral offerings.

Rev. C. A. Brown preached in the Christian church here Sunday evening.

60,000 Miserables At Carlsbad Cure.

Sins of Eating Atoned for There by Persons from all over the Globe.

A city shaped like a cup—a cup containing hot water—that is Carlsbad! The sides of the city are clothed with pines, and in the hollow lie the waters where the dyspeptics of the world foregather to drink and to be healed.

They desire to be freed from excess of fat, from yellow skins, from pains that catch one in the small of the back and from the stiff joints that follow hard upon the pleasures of the too abundant board.

From the heights above the city large cranes brood over the place to follow it and to remind the cosmopolitan motley—Russian, Austrian, German, English, American and the fearsome Pole—that much may be achieved by faith and abstinence.

The symbol catches your eye upon every hill as you tilt your head to drink. In Carlsbad you drink often and drink deep; drinking is your main occupation. Your drinking glass is strapped over your shoulder as you wander, slipping, from spring to spring as arduously as any bee that you do not get honey.

Your misery begins at six. At six o'clock they call you and you are expected to be shaved and decent before you face the world of waters and if miserable sinners at seven.

So you take your place at the end of a queue 500 dyspeptics long and wish you were dead.

Everything contributes to your misery. A German close behind you is treading on your heels and breathing loudly down your neck and a gentleman in a curious top hat is conducting an orchestra with intent to make you merry. He fails. You hate him. And every moment you draw nearer to the "sprudel" Spring.

It leaps from the bowels of the earth towards the roof of the Colonnade shrouded in its own steam, and a girl in waterproof overalls catches you a glassful by means of a long pole.

Then you retire to a corner with evil brew and try to drink it.

The hardened dyspeptic who does his yearly "cure" has a trick with a little glass pipe. He is limited by the wise. After the first full glass you hurry to the little glass pipe stall and buy a little glass pipe for your very own, and half an hour later you brace yourself together for the second dose.

If you have sinned deeply you may be ordered even three, but probably you will be let off with two goes of Sprudel and one of something lighter.

An hour afterward you may have an inadequate meal of sour milk, one egg and a brown roll that would baffle a dentist. During the morning you will be required to undergo a bath, possibly of mud, reeking with curative properties and very expensive—as expensive as the lunch you would like to have afterward if they would let you.

Even as it stands, your mockery of a meal, fruit, rice and a bit of boiled bird, climbs up to a total hitherto unassociated with such elementary insufficiencies. At 4 o'clock you drink more water. At 10 the long day closes with a final gulp, and the dinner intervening is beneath the dignity of words—of any words.

REAT VALUES IN Mens and Boys Suits

In order to make Room for our
Fall Stock which is Coming in this
month, we are Offering During
The Month of August
Seventy Mens' Suits at A
Discount of 25 ofo
5 per ct. Discount on all Boys Suits

We also have a few Light
Overcoats which we are offering
at a Discount of 35 per ct.

These Discounts for Cash Only

Come at Once as these
Discounts are made only during Aug.

Connors Bros. Ltd

BLACK'S HARBOR, N. B.

George F. Meating Custom Tailor

Clothing Cleaned and Pressed

St. George N. B.

Rooms over Milne, Coutts & Co.'s store

The flavor lingers.
The aroma lingers.
The pleasure lingers.

And you will linger
over your cup of CHASE
& SANBORN'S SEAL
BRAND COFFEE.

In 1 and 2 pound tin cans. Never in bulk.

Sixty thousand of the sorrowful subject themselves to these penalties every summer.

On the whole, it is better to suffer in silence since Carlsbad is your lot, and, surely, perhaps, to associate yourself with the Pharisee, who thanked his God that he was not as other men are.

And, alas, this flattering unctuous must be qualified, for you to resemble your fellow-men quite closely in one leveling detail, and there is no getting away from it.

You may not be guilty of noises with your soup, and you may not make a tooth pick of your fork, but you have done other things with your fork not wisely and too well, even as he has done, and here you are—paying for it.

But as the days go by the pink hues of health begin to return to your cheek; your color ceases to be drab and your temper becomes less vile; you find you can tolerate your fellow-men with some degree of courtesy, even when he breathes down your neck and clears his throat in the region of your ear.

For two or three weeks this quickening process will develop and continue until in the exuberance of health you return to your land and begin to break the law again with chops and beer and tea and the window closed at night.

Eleven months later you will come back to Carlsbad; everyone always comes back. You will be welcomed and expected. Carlsbad will be charmed. It exists for you, you are its raison d'être. Without you it would cease to be.

Still, you are cured, and a cure is always a cheap. But on the whole, perhaps it would have been cheaper, if you had kept the law.

THE FORTUNATE ISLES.

You sail and you seek for the Fortunate Isles.

The old Greek Isles of the yellowbird's song?

Then steer straight on through the watery miles.

Straight on, straight on, and you can't go wrong.

Nav, not to the left; nay to the right.

But on, straight on, and the Isles are in sight.

Boyd's Hotel,

ST. GEORGE, N. B.

First-Class Livery and Sample
Room in Connection.

Professional Cards

Henry I. Taylor,
M. D. C. M.
Physician and Surgeon,
ST. GEORGE, N. B.

C. C. Alexander,
M. D., C. M., MCGILL.
Physician and Surgeon.
Residence, - - Goss House,
Eyes tested for errors in
Refraction

With poor teeth or the teeth absent
mastication cannot properly take
place and the Stomach is forced
to do the work intended for
the teeth resulting in a
diseased stomach.

Leading physiologists now declare it
their belief that this causes not only
gastric ulcers but such serious growths as
cancers.

DR. E. M. WILSON
DENTIST

at St. George (in new office which is
fitted with every convenience) the last
two weeks of every month.

Office Hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Daring office hours teeth extracted
without pain 25c.
After hours and Sundays, 50c.

Long Distance Telephone.
House 161.
Office 127.

N. MARKS MILLS, LL.B.
BARRISTER AT LAW,
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

W. S. R. JUSTASON
General Dealer
Pennfield, N. B.

Have your Watch
Repaired here in
St. George by

Geo. C. McCallum

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Have also on hand a stock of brooches,
stick pins, lockets, rings, bracelets,
watches, chains, charms, etc., which I
will sell at a great discount.

The Fortunate Isles where the yellowbirds sing.

And life lies girt with a golden ring.

These Fortunate Isles they are not so far
They lie within reach of the lowliest
door.

You can see them gleam by the twilight
star.

You can hear them sing by the moon's
white shore

Nay, never look back! Those levelled
gravestones

They were landing steps: they were
steps unto thrones

Of glory for souls that have sailed before
And have set white feet on the fortunate
shore.

And what are the names of the Fortunate
Isles?

Why, Duty and Love and a large
Content.

Lo! these are the Isles of the watery
miles

That God let down from the firmament
Lo, Duty and Love, and a true man's
Trust;

Your forehead to God, though your
feet in dust;

Lo, Duty and Love, and a sweet face's
smiles;

And these, O friend, are the Fortunate
Isles.

—Joachim Miller.

CHERRY'S

Eastport,
Maine.

Cherry's

Ice Cream Freezers
Hammocks Etc.

CHERRY'S

MOTOR BOAT
SUPPLIES.

CHERRY'S

Propellers &
Shafting.

Cherry's

Washing Machines
Wringers Etc.

CHERRY'S

Baseball
GOODS

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Personals.

Dr. Taylor accompanied his brother Geo. P., mother and cousin to St. John on Monday spending the week with them his brother intended leaving the last of this week for his home at Los Angeles, Cal., stopping at New York for a day or two enroute.

C. V. Wetmore, Sydney C. B., A. D. Wetmore, Truro N. S., Louchan Cameron, Lepreau and D. C. Dawson of St. John were here this week to attend the funeral of R. T. Wetmore which took place at 1.30 today (Thursday).

W. F. Todd and Senator Gillmor have been holding meetings at various ports during the week, on Friday at Letete and Wednesday at Second Falls.

Atchiso, Carson who is now living at Bocabee and his brother Wilson were in town on Thursday.

E. D. Harvey and wife are spending his vacation camping on Isaac Spinney's farm, on Sunday they entertained 6 or 8 visitors who report that they have a delightful spot for camping.

Grant S. Sherman and wife who were here visiting for some days returned to their home on Thursday.

W. E. Morin has been spending a few days at St. Stephen this week.

Miss Laverne Smith who has been the guest of Mrs. Allan Grant for some days left on Wednesday.

Miss Gowan of Lords Cove has resumed her duties as teacher at Lepreau.

J. Sutton Clark and wife are visiting at Toronto and while there will take in the Exhibition at that city.

Miss Nellie Mooney has been quite ill but is now much improved.

Mrs. Fraser and children who have been visiting with her parents T. O'Brien and wife for the past few months left Thursday morning for their home at Middleville near Lenark Ont.

Carlen Woodcock M. D. and wife of Bangor Me., have been visiting their son Allan (pitcher for the ball team) this week and will likely leave again on Saturday.

Miss Mary Matheson and niece Miss Clara Sewell left on Monday for Concord, N. H. where Miss Matheson intends to make a short visit before leaving for her home in California.

James Matheson arrived home on Monday from New Glasgow.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Matheson, Jr. of St. John West are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a bouncing baby boy born Sunday Aug. 27th.

Frederick Woodbury of the Beacon staff, returned to St. Andrews on Tuesday after a week spent with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Woodbury.

Mrs. Wm. Judson is spending a few days with her sister Mrs. A. Deagle.

Miss Carrie Matheson arrived home on Monday after spending a pleasant visit with her sister Mrs. Fred McKillop.

A party of young folks enjoyed a sail to Lake Utopia on Sunday last, the party consisted of Messrs. Kate McCarten, Frances Murphy, Mrs. James Southard and Messrs. John Thompson of Beaver Harbor and Bernard Connors of Blacks Harbor.

Mrs. Wm. Wood of Springfield, Mass. formerly of Mascarene has successfully undergone an operation in a Springfield hospital and is now regaining both strength and health. Mrs. Wood has been a sufferer for years, her suffering finally reaching an acute state that an operation had to be performed. Her son Andrew McDiarmid who has been visiting Charlotte Co. this summer found her in the hospital on his return to his home.

Mrs. Chas. Maxwell of St. Stephen accompanied by Miss Rennie Hanson are guests of her mother Mrs. McMaster this week.

Miss Grant of St. Stephen and Miss Jenn Clark of St. John are guests of Miss Helen Clark this week.

Quite a number of our citizens attended the Liberal meeting at St. John on Monday some of whom remained over for the Conservative meeting on Tuesday.

Rev. J. Spence made Parochial calls at Seville's Cove and Woodlands this week holding service there on Wednesday evening.

P. McLaughlin went to St. John on Monday enroute home he stopped off at Lepreau for a few days returning here on Thursday.

Miss Nellie Ray of Dexter Me., was the guest of Miss Eva Meating last week.

Miss Constantine is the guest of Mrs. Harry Cooke this week.

Miss George Storey of Red Beach is the guest of her brother Jud Storey this week.

Las. Emery and wife who have been spending the summer here, intend leaving for their home in Oconto Wis. this week.

Senator Gilmore, of St. George, was in town last week, full of political enthusiasm.—Beacon.

A Dispossessed Tree-Mouse

Just why the diminutive tree mouse should build a large globular nest in the upper fork of a pine is a mystery. With the possible exception of man, no other animal was ever known to do anything so unreasonable. Man builds sky scrapers and reverts again to a cliff-dweller when there is abundance of comfortable room on the surface of the earth. He burrows under ground and becomes again a cave-dweller, though the light he needs continuously for guidance still shines overhead. But from a mouse we naturally expect more wisdom, and thus the big globe of compact vegetable fibre, brown and dead, always excites curiosity. The crow and the hawk choose such lofty situations for convenience and safety. The structures are easily recognized, for they lay a foundation of crooked sticks that project in picturesque irregularity. But the mouse has not the strength required to handle such building material, nor does his weight render substantial methods of construction necessary. He is content to gather a great quantity of dead pine needles, moss, and vegetable fibre from the neighborhood of his chosen site and assemble them in a substantial form in the most inconvenient situation imaginable. This cannot be a degenerate imitation of human folly, for he rejects all overtures toward domestication even in the suburbs of an invading city. Perhaps like man, he finds excuses for his monumental folly in building in the tree tops, but, unlike man, he does not feel under the necessity of making them. He simply builds and lives in a skyscraper because he decides to do so, and is not led into more reasonable ways by settlement work organizations.

Second-growth pines find the conditions of life easy, and so they send out crowling branches almost as convenient as the rungs of a ladder. The tempting nest is in consequence easily invaded and inspected, though in a location suited rather to nature's aviators. A natural platform is provided where the original stem of the pine has been broken close to the top and the nearest branch has tried to take its place and fulfil its mission. On this dead new ledge and all the light fibres carried by the wind find lodgment and accumulate. It may be that an ambitious climber finds this accumulation so comfortable that he forgets how far he is from the ground and how difficult it will be to complete the structure impulsively begun. The collapsed dome has a general air of ruin that suggests abandonment by an indifferent owner. The winds and storms to which it has been exposed have robbed it of the aspect of domestic utility, although the closely matted pine needles and fibres show that it was built with great industry and considerable care. It has the fascination of a ruin and as the matted dome and sides are slowly and carefully separated it is made apparent that a lack of the bird's skill in selecting and combining material is atoned for by industry in gathering and assembling. As the nest is gradually demolished and its structure examined there is a sudden manifestation of feeble life among the debris, and the dispossessed mouse runs over the invading hand and leaps for safety.—Tor. Globe.

(Mr. McTavish) I hear wife's in a terrible crestful condition' (Mr. McDougall) Ay, ay Ye're right, but she's better the day. I doot she's gain the taffie us yet. Everybody's Weekly.

The banus were called on Sunday morn'g last at St. Gertrude's church, of his honor Judge John L. Carleton and Miss Annie Josephine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Green, of Richmond, Carleton County.—Woodstock Dispatch.

THE ST. STEPHEN BUSINESS COLLEGE
Reopens Monday Sept. 11th.
Commercial Course, Stenographic Course,
Special Course in English
The best time to Enter, Sept. 11th.
FREE CATALOGUE
M. T. Crabbe, Prin. - St. Stephen, N. B.

St. George Pulp & Paper Co.
ST. GEORGE, N. B.
Have on Hand a Lot of Spruce Lumber and Cedar Shingles.
Get our prices before placing your orders elsewhere.

Union Foundry & Machine Works, Ltd
WEST ST. JOHN, N. B.
GEO. H. WARING, Manager
Engineers and Machinists. Iron and Brass Moulders
Makers of Saw Mill Machinery and Engines
Shafting Pulleys and Gears. Stone Cutting and Polishing Machinery
Bridge Castings and Bolt Work
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRS

Charlotte County Exhibition
St. Stephen, N. B.
Sept. 12, 13, 14 & 15
Bigger & Better than Ever
Special Prizes in See The Midway
All Departments! Something Doing
FREE Attractions
See Captain Satlips in his High Dive
The King of all High Divers
Two Wire Walkers and many other Attractions
Plan to Spend a few days at St. Stephen!
W. S. Stevens, Secty.

Envelopes
Neatly Printed at The
Greetng's Office

Small Boy (excitedly)—Some liniment and cement, please.
Chemist—Both for the same person?
Small Boy—Yus, farver's just broke 'is loving cup, so 'e wants cement for it; an' 'is wot it landed on so the liniment's for 'er.—London Opinion.

The New Ideas.
This is the age in which we try experiments and seek to find a better method to apply our government to its mankind. The referendum may, indeed, as soberly we think it over, be just the very thing we need. To let the people rule once more. The legislature does not stand a mighty moult far away. And from its great and generous hand pass down the laws we must obey. No, carefully its acts we scan. Examine every clause and dot. And by the referendum plan say what will do and what will not. Then follows swiftly the recall. That hits the one that is a crook And tells him, "Sir, that will be all." For he is brought at once to book. His job for life he doesn't hold. Nor for a special term of years. He has to go when he is told. The moment the recall appears. These are a starter for the game. Democracy has got to be in fact as it has been in name. As one with half an eye can see. The people, waiting, you observe, Have seized the reins that they had lost. And by these means a notice serve That they no longer will be bossed.

Humor and Philosophy
BY DUNCAN H. SMITH
PERT PARAGRAPHS.
WE should not blame a man just because he thought of some clever thing that Shakespeare thought of first.
It is a wise woman who, when there is a tummy jar, puts it with cookies.
He is yet to be born who declines a use in society because modesty forbids the acceptance.
Every man thinks he is his own expert and reason for desiring and expecting the moonlight.
The man is truly irresponsible who can't be counted on to show up regularly and promptly on pay day.
It will take the wind out of the Standard Oil company's sails when some one gets a corner on the atmosphere.
When the nerves are overstrained unreason will get the best of the biggest and strongest intellect.
Advertise in Greetings!

Election Card

To the Electors of the County of Charlotte Gentlemen:—
I have been selected by a very large and representative convention of the Liberal Conservative Party of Charlotte County, to contest this Constituency, at the approaching election of a member to represent the County of Charlotte, in the House of Commons of Canada. I therefore solicit your support at the polls on the 21st of September next.
For nine years I have been honored with your confidence, as one of your representatives in the House of Assembly of this Province, and during that time have spared no efforts to advance your best interests and the interests of this Province as a whole. Should I be honored with enough of your votes to elect me, on September 21st next, in the higher arena, of the Dominion Parliament, it shall be my constant endeavor to advance the commercial and material interests of this County; to promote such measures as will secure to the people of this province a just recognition of their industrial interests and rights; and to support every principle that will strengthen the tie that binds this Dominion to the Mother Land.
I believe the splendid ports of Charlotte County have always been shamefully neglected in connection with all questions of transportation, which have engaged the attention of the Government of Canada. If honored with your confidence, on election day, that all important subjects shall receive my unlimited attention.
I believe that the adoption of the so-called Reciprocity pact, which is an important issue in the campaign, would materially and disastrously affect the great natural resources of Canada, including those of the farm and forest and the fisheries, that its tendency is to lessen interprovincial trade and trade with the mother land, which have contributed so largely to the prosperity of Canada during recent years, to open the country to the great trusts and combines, against whose exacting demands the people of the United States have been protesting so strongly of late, and to weaken the imperial tie.
For these and numerous other important reasons, which I hope to have the opportunity of discussing with the Electors of Charlotte during this campaign, I am entirely opposed to the adoption of the Reciprocity Agreement, and if elected as your representative, will use every influence that I can command to defeat that measure.
This issue is a very important one in the history of our Country. I ask you to weigh it well before you deposit your ballots. If honored in the future, as in the past, I will give you the best of what is in me to prove myself worthy of the trust.
I am, Yours Sincerely and Faithfully
THOMAS A. HARTT.
Dated August 14th, 1911.

Canning and Preserving.
In canning fruits, the important points to be observed are: to have hot syrup and air-tight jars, to fill the jars to overflowing and seal immediately. Jars should be scalded and tested before using. Patent canners greatly simplify the work. To make the syrup for canning, the right proportion is one half pint boiling water to each pound of sugar. The different kinds of fruit require different quantities of sugar. Cherries, raspberries, pears, grapes and peaches need least of all. Taking about four ounces of sugar for every quart can of fruit. Blackberries, plums and apples require six ounces, and strawberries, quinces, pineapples, rhubarb, currants and cranberries require eight.
If fruit is not canned but preserved, each pound of fruit must have a pound or at least three-quarters of a pound of sugar. For the syrup allow one-half cup water to each cup of sugar. The fruit should be summered in the syrup till tender, a little at a time; then skimmed out into the jars. When all are done, bring the syrup to the boiling point, fill and seal the jars. Hard fruits like quinces, should be first steamed or cooked in boiling water till tender.
Jams are usually made with small fruits or with chopped large fruits. They are cooked with an equal weight of sugar to rich and thick, then put into tumblers or small jars and sealed.

For jellies, use equal parts of sugar and drained fruit juice. Mash and beat the berries until the juice runs readily. Then turn into bags of unbleached muslin or cheesecloth and let drip. Measure juice, and a corresponding amount of sugar. Boil the juice for twenty minutes. Add the sugar to the boiling juice, allow it to boil up once, then remove from the fire and pour into tumblers. Fruit like apples and quinces should be chopped and covered with water, then simmered till tender, before turning into jelly bags.
In making spiced fruits or sweet pickled fruits, for four pounds of the prepared fruit allow one pint vinegar, two pounds brown sugar and one-half cup of whole spices, cloves, allspice, stick cinnamon and cassia buds. Skim, add fruit, and cook till tender. Boil down the syrup, pour over the fruit in the jars and seal. Currants, peaches, grapes, pears and even berries may all be prepared in this way, also ripe cucumbers, muskmelons and watermelon rind.
Amelia Selley.

On Tuesday morning the death took place of Robert T. Wetmore at the early age of 47 years, he was a son of the late Col. Wetmore and the family in former years held a prominent and influential position in the town. Deceased was of a very bright and enterprising disposition and the possession of a fine voice, and started in life with excellent opportunities for a successful career, but was one of those who dropped by the way. For some time he had lived in Truro N. S., with his brother but early in the season in the season returned to St. George and shortly after his arrival was forced to take care of him, Wm. Jack of St. John has been helping her for the past week. His health has been broken for some time past and death has been looked for for some time. He was an active politician on the liberal side, and a few years ago contested the County as an Independent Liberal and though his personal magnetism obtained quite a vote.
He leaves two sisters, Mrs. (Rev.) Thos. Stewart of Prince Hill Colledge, Halifax and Miss Laura and two brothers A. D. of the Western Union Tel. Co., and C. V. of Sydney, C. B.

New Oil Engine Has Been Invented.
Smokeless Locomotives on Prussian Railways.
London, Aug. 21.—By the use of oil fuel and internal combustion a smokeless engine has been invented on the Continent, and is now being used on the Prussian State railways. The English roads are taking the greatest interest in the matter, but the possibilities of similar experiments there are still remote on account of the prohibitive cost of oil.

"For many years the Great Eastern Railway ran engines, driven by liquid fuel," the locomotive expert attached to this company explained, "but there are only about half a dozen engines on our lines now propelled by liquid fuel. The reason is the greater cost of oil fuel when compared with the price charged for coal in this country. One and a quarter tons of oil fuel are equal to two tons of coal, but we can obtain the latter for about 10s. per ton, whereas oil fuel costs at least double this amount per ton. Yet we have proved the great utility of oil fuel, which is practically smokeless for our engines, and would be ready at any time to use it again were its price the same or lower than that of coal. Ours were fitted that they could be immediately transformed from coal to oil fuel carriers, vice versa were it desired."
"We still use the smokeless oil fuel engines when royal parties or notable persons are travelling over our lines, for with them the passing landscape can be watched without interruption. Of course there is keen competition among our firemen to 'do duty' on one of the oil fuel engines, for instead of hard shovelling the fireman's work is simply to turn on a tap."

A lady one day remarked to Bulwer-Lytton how odd it was that a dove (Latin, columba) should have been sent out to find the old world, and Columbus (French, Colombe), should have found the new.
"Yes," agreed the novelist, "but more curious still is the fact that one came from Noah and the other from Genoa."—Ex.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

MI-ON-A

An Excellent Stomach Remedy.

Mrs. J. R. Whyte, Kilarney, Man., who says—"I have found great comfort and relief from Mi-on-a. I had been greatly troubled for months with heartburn and a heavy burning feeling in my stomach. A fair meal would disturb me so much that I would have to sit up at night—the food would sour on my stomach and form a gas which would cause belching and dizzy spells. These distressing troubles disappeared after using Mi-on-a and I shall always speak highly of this excellent stomach remedy.

Mi-on-a is the best prescription for stomach trouble ever written. It gives quick relief and cures permanently. Mi-on-a is put up in tablet form and is small and easy to swallow. Sold by leading druggists everywhere—50 cents with a guarantee to cure or refund your money, or postpaid from The R. T. Booth Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont. You will search the world over and not find a stomach remedy half so good as Mi-on-a. Sold and guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark.

A warning to Great Britain.

The late labor strikes in Great Britain will serve more than one useful purpose as a chapter of unpleasant experiences in the minds of the statesmen who direct her national destinies. Amongst the other lessons they must have impressed on public men of all political parties is this: there is not within the United Kingdom at any one time more than enough of provisions to last for more than a few days. This undoubted fact will suggest to different minds different courses of action, according to their respective points of view. All will agree that the absolute supremacy of the British navy must be maintained, for if any other fleet were allowed to become its equal in efficiency the kingdom would be face to face with a position too humiliating to be thought of.

The other great lesson to be learned from the revelation just referred to is the absolute necessity of maintaining perfect freedom of trade with all the rest of the world. This is the only way by which the British people can make reasonably sure of having enough to eat should a break out between Great Britain and a combination of European powers. Under free trade it is to the interest of neutral powers to pour food supplies into the United Kingdom, and in this way there could never occur anything like a dangerous scarcity.

There is in the occurrence a warning also that a large proportion of British warships should be swift armored commerce "protectors," and commerce "destroyers". To these classes belong the new type of vessels to be built and controlled in Canada; the "bristols". They are swift, powerful, and thoroughly modern in every respect, and of these there cannot be too many. The Canadian navy is to contain at the outset a few of these vessels and a few torpedo-boat destroyers. In the event of a war they would, with the consent of the Canadian Parliament, be placed under the control of the British Admiralty, to be commissioned for the kind of service for which they are best adapted, and which is most urgently required. It may be noted that the Nobe and the Rainbow are not intended to serve as warships in active service; they are merely training ships for cadets.—*Tor. Globe.*

CATARRH CURED. By Breathing.

You breathe in Hyomei (pronounced High-o-me) and inhale the antiseptic vaporized life of the pine and eucalyptol forests. As you breathe in this delightful air it passes over the inflamed and germ-ridden membrane, allays inflammation, kills the germs and drives out the disease.

Druggist J. Sutton Clark sells Hyomei and guarantees it for catarrh, coughs, bronchitis, asthma and croup. A complete outfit includes hard rubber inhaler and costs you \$1.00. Extra bottles of Hyomei cost but 50c, and \$1.00 from The Booth Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont. Remember Hyomei is guaranteed or the money back if it fails you.

CAMEO KIRBY

By Booth Tarkington AND Harry Leon Wilson
Adapted From the Play of the Same Name by W. B. M. Ferguson

Copyright 1909 by the Amalgamated Company

At that state of unconsciousness for which he had consented his partner, for in the adjoining room Adele had commenced to sing, and all his thoughts promptly went to her, his lips unconsciously repeating the words of the well remembered song, while his eyes grew as dreamy and abstracted as his mind. At length, when it was his turn to play, conscious only that he was holding a book of cards and consequently inferring that he must be indulging in his usual and better game of poker, he spread his hand face up upon the table.

"Malheur!" exclaimed Mme. Davaze, aghast at this startling innovation. "He exposes his hand."

"I fear," commented the Judge, rising and pushing back his chair, "that Colonel Moreau thinks it difficult to play cards and listen to the voice of a beautiful woman at the same time."

"And you cannot say that he has not good taste," commented Mme. Davaze. "Hens! We adjourn, then, to the music room. You will come, Colonel Moreau and monsieur the secretary?"

Adele was still singing, Miss Pierdell accompanying her, and, drawn by the soft baritone, M. Veaudry and Aaron at length forsaw the library and, as had the others, proceeded to make their way toward the music room. Their goal, however, was never attained, for as they approached through the window into the deserted drawing room they were met by Poulette, one of the "French niggers." She carried a small bundle made of a twisted spotted handkerchief, and her manner attested that she was evidently mourning under the repressed excitement incident upon discovering business not intended for her cognizance. In fact, she had but completed a victory over old Croup, who had persistently annoyed her with his attention and, when assured for so doing by his ample wife, had promptly and quite untruthfully charged Poulette with making his life miserable by her unrequited affection for his person. Since then Poulette, smarting under the calumny, had eagerly sought some method of assuaging her outraged feelings, and now at last she had secured it.

"Miche Aaron," she whispered, plucking Mr. Randall's sleeve as he was about to pass on—"Miche Aaron, dat black man, Croup, he have a secret. Dat secret it is with Miche Moreau."

CHAPTER XI
"WHAT secret?" demanded Aaron, for at the magic name "Moreau" his common-sense and no mere attendant's all attention. "What secret?" he again peremptorily demanded.

"I see them speak together sly," said Poulette, nodding her head and screwing up her eyes in a manner that boded ill for the amative and untruthful Mr. Croup. "I can tell that they did not wish you to see. Then when you come from dinner Colonel Moreau he hand this to Croup behind the door. Croup he keep it in his breast pocket until he fall asleep on porch just now. I have look. It is all those cameos!"

"Cameos?" dryly echoed Aaron, with raised eyebrows.

"Oh, miche," confidently nodded Poulette, evidently no whit amazed at the idea of the spotted handkerchief being able to accommodate such animals. "All those cameos the colonel get'em when he is come, wear them on his fob chain." And she opened the spotted handkerchief.

"Cameos, M. Aaron," exclaimed Adele, an exultant light leaping to his eyes. "See, there they are. Now I know. You saw Colonel Moreau when he started for that meeting this morning. You saw him when Tom Randall has meeting this morning. You saw him when Tom Randall has give him that pistol of his father's to go and kill—who? But one man—Cameo Kirby!" he cried, leveling his arm at the startled Aaron.

And, as if further proof were needed, evidence which proved beyond a doubt the sinister identity of the unwelcome guest, Croup entered with a note, which he handed to M. Veaudry.

"Man on horse-back ride all de way from de city wif it," he explained.

Hastily scanning it, the young creole handed it in silence to Mr. Randall, and the latter read:

I have one more crier to run down, but I shall follow this within the hour. I hear a rumor that Colonel Moreau took the journey this morning. If this is true, secure his portmanteau, and if he is still at the plantation do not allow him to quit the place till I come. Use any means to prevent his leaving do not hesitate at force. Colonel Moreau was murdered this morning by Cameo Kirby.
TOM RANDALL.

Aaron gravely returned the letter to his companion, and for a long moment the two men looked at each other in silence. Then M. Veaudry quietly placed the paper in his pocket, turned on his heel and strode from the room. Mr. Randall obediently following. At

last they had arrived at a complete understanding regarding the identity and disposition of the troublesome guest who boldly masqueraded under the name of Colonel Moreau. That no words had been necessary testified to the sinister character of the resolve upon which they had amply determined.

From the balcony Larkin Bance, chewing impatiently on his cheroot, waited for Adele to leave the drawing room. It was imperative that he should have a final word with Kirby. Escaping from the music room before the others, he had been in time to catch a glimpse of Aaron Randall's face as the latter followed M. Veaudry, and the sight had not been a comforting one, the old gambler feeling assured that something untoward had happened. It would not have surprised him if their respective identities had at last been discovered.

"I knowed we'd get it if we stayed," he commented gloomily. "I wonder if this means it's come," glowering at Aaron's retreating back.

As he looked through the window, he discerned Kirby seated at the card table negligently toying with the pasteboards and frittering away the time with Adele as if secure in the peace and happiness of his own home. Such indifference was maddening, inexplicable, and the old gambler, with a faint impression, decided that the moment Adele had gone he would convey a last warning to his partner, and if it was still unheeded he would then think of his own safety and, however difficult it would prove, leave Kirby to the fate he deserved.

"Men while that gentleman was claiming his own safety and, however difficult it would prove, leave Kirby to the fate he deserved."

"You ask me if I am sorry I did not go," he was saying. "Miss Randall, what is a man who acts against all the reason he has?"

"Sometimes he is a hero," she replied, steadily meeting his eyes.

"And sometimes he's a fool," he added grimly. "Things come so suddenly sometimes that you can hardly get your breath quick enough to tell what to do. Yet," he added mustily, "you



MR. DISCERNED KIRBY SEATED AT THE CARD TABLE.

do know all the time, underneath, what you ought to do. For instance, I know that I ought not to be here now. I haven't any right. And, then, I ought to be hunting the man who stole a silver-mounted pistol at the docks this morning."

"But you can't do that," she expostulated, nodding wisely. "Your friends would!"

"Miss Randall, I've got only one friend in the world, and he's out there on the balcony swearing cuss words at me because I don't go."

She turned away, evincing sudden and vital interest in a book she had read twice over and knew by heart.

"Do you think you have a right to say that you have only one friend?" she asked gently.

"I hadn't thought of you as a friend, Miss Randall."

"Why? How do you think of me?" suddenly facing him, her eyes half timid, half daring, demanding a sincere answer.

"Why?—just as you, Miss Adele—and I ought not to think of you at all." "Do you mean because this unjust charge is hanging over you? Do you think I care for that? Is there any other reason?"

He nodded, permitting the cards to fall from his hand one by one to the table. "Yes, there is another reason. You remember what Mercutio said of his wound—'Tis neither as deep as a well nor as wide as a church door, but 'twill serve. Ask for me tomorrow; you shall find me a grave man.' The bad price ought not to stay too long, you know."

She seated herself at the table and scrutinized him with grave, troubled eyes, her chin resting daintily on the crux of her hand. "You must make it clearer to me than that. What are you afraid of my finding out?"

He shrugged and smiled. "Life makes some pretty queer shuffles, Miss Randall, and you can't fool much with the deck yourself," he said, somewhat irrelevantly, picking up the cards and unconsciously beginning to riffle them.

"If you don't play the game square it's only a question of time till you get caught, and then nobody will play with you."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]
Getting in the way seems to be the daily congenial employment of some of our fellow creatures.

Being in love with more than one woman at a time is a little too strenuous for most men if he fears that either suspects it.

Why Is It Warm in Summer?

We might think at first that, perhaps, the earth is nearer to the sun in summer than in winter, and so the air is warmer and the sun's rays hotter, but this is not the reason. The fact is that though the earth is nearer to the sun during part of the year, it is nearest in winter and farthest in summer in the Northern Hemisphere. The difference in distance, however, is so small that it does not affect the weather much, but no doubt if the earth were nearer in summer and farther off in winter, summer would be a little hotter and the winter a little colder than it is.

It is warm in summer because then the sun's rays strike the earth more directly, the sun rises higher in the sky, as we say, and that means the same thing. The air is like a great blanket; it keeps heat in and it keeps heat out. If the sun's rays strike straight downwards to the earth through the air, they do not have to travel through so much of it as if they traveled through the air slanting.

White Nile and Its Sudd

Sudd of the White Nile, which is to be manufactured into fuel, consists mainly of papyrus and "um soof" reed, with masses of earth clinging to the roots. It accumulates in great blocks twenty feet thick, over which a man can walk. The effect of these blocks upon the river may be illustrated by the fact that when the clearance operations were carried out after the fall of the Lhalifax to the north of one block alone brought the fall of the river above down by five feet in four days. When another burst the floating vegetable matter took thirty-six hours to pass a given point. One block removed later was seven miles long. It was found impossible to blow up the sudd, which was too elastic, so that the explosive only made holes in it. The method was to burn the surface matter, dig great trenches in the remainder and then tug with a steamer.

Jordan Sanitarium at River Glade

Consultation on the Plans Necessary Work—Mrs. James C. Jordan, of River Glade, arrived in the city on Friday evening and, in-to-day in consultation with Premier Hazen and Mr. F. Neill Brodie, regarding the plans for the Jordan Sanitarium. It is expected that some definite announcement may be made soon as to the extent of the work which will be required to transform the residence into a hospital.

One of the matters which require prompt attention, Mrs. Jordan said this morning, is the need of fire protection. The house is fully piped with spring water, but this does not give sufficient pressure for a fire supply. It is probable that a stand pipe will be erected which will draw the water from the river.

It had been hoped that the institution would be ready for patients this fall, but that now depends largely on whether the work can be finished in time and whether the right doctor can be secured to take charge. Dr. Cox, who was highly recommended, has declined not to leave his present work, but another physician fully qualified for the duties of the position is now considering an offer from the Sanitarium Commission.

Speaking of her own plans, Mrs. Jordan said that she will leave St. John on September 24th for San Francisco, going by the C. P. R. and stopping at interesting places along the route. She will be accompanied by her three nieces and will spend the winter on the Pacific Coast.

In May next Mrs. Jordan will return to River Glade. A comfortable cottage and stable are being erected and are now nearing completion and she expects to return each summer, both because of her liking for the place and on account of her deep interest in the sanitarium which is being established through her generosity.

Bible Sales in Korea.

Corea presents, as generally agreed, the greatest example of rapid change from non-Christian to Christian conditions that has taken place in the history of Christian missions. Since the political occupation and control by Japan the number of Japanese residents has rapidly increased, and a novel feature of the new situation is religious work and Bible Colportage by Koreans among Japanese immigrants.

The American Bible Society's agency in Corea is now an independent one, and its first year's report as such shows sales of the Scriptures in Corea last year of 116,492 volumes, an increase of 66 per cent over the previous year. New book stores are being established, and the colporteurs are being sent into the frontier regions. Recently an edition of the New Testament was issued for Corea; giving Koreans and Chinese texts together. Now the Old Testament has just appeared and is sold at fifty cents per copy. Efforts are making to sell a hundred thousand copies within the year.

Conditions of Korean women are changing rapidly for the better, owing to teachings of the Gospel, and women are engaged, as in other Far East countries, to place the Scriptures in the hands of mothers, young women and families. Bible women, as they are called, are doing much to change the Korean family life and improve the outlook of Korea and Japanese women and girls.—*N. Y. Observer.*

\$100 REWARD, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Abuse of Tobacco

A physician at Washington, D. C., is full of hope that the tobacco habit will have to become obsolete in fifteen years.

There is a society in the United States denominated the Non-Smokers' Protective League, which has branches in several of the larger cities, and is steadily if not rapidly pushing its way. This society does not deny a man's right to smoke but it disputes its right to smoke in public, or to chew tobacco in public, or to publicly snuff, because this inflicts unwholesome smoke and unpleasant odors upon people, and generally interferes with the finer tastes and dispositions of reasonable and moderate people. Dr. Wiley of Washington who is an active propagandist of the new society does not deny the individual right of any one, in either sex, to drink a "table-spoonful of mellow rye" or puff a cigar or cigarette, but that is no excuse for the publicity of the deeds. No doubt time will accomplish much for the anti tobacco cause, but it may be doubted if the rise of chewer or smokers will be extinct in fifteen years. It is not unreasonable, however, to insist that they shall not indulge in their practice in the streets, in the public buildings, in street cars, or in any place or places where they may give annoyance to the general public. The persistent smoker is too apt to defy the ordinary regulations which prohibited him from praesenting in public places, and this will eventually be his undoing. People will insist eventually on a strict observance of the regulations, as they ought to do. Education and remonstrance may be more effective than any rule to the violation of which there is a penalty attached.—*St. John Globe.*

Self-Help

Many years ago, when the German Chancellor, who was only plain Otto von Bismarck, a Pomeranian squire and inspector of dykes, he went out one day snipe-shooting with a friend on some marshy land, into which his companion, a stout, heavy man, suddenly sank up to his armpits. Vainly struggling to extricate himself, the gentleman shouted for help, and seeing Herr Bismarck approaching very slowly and cautiously, apparently still looking out for the rising of some

snipe, piteously appealed to him to leave the confounded snipe alone and pull him out of the abominable swamp. "My dear friend," replied Bismarck, with the utmost calmness, "you will certainly never get out of that hole; nobody can possibly save you. It would, however, pain me very much that you should suffer unnecessarily by slowly stifling in this vile swamp. I'll tell you what, my dear fellow; I'll save you the agony of suffocation by putting a charge of shot into your head. Thus you will die at once swiftly and more respectably." "Are you mad?" shrieked the other struggling desperately to free himself. "I don't want to be either drowned or shot; so help me out, in the name of the fiend!" Deliberately leveling his fowling piece at his friend's head, Herr Bismarck rejoined, in a sorrowful tone, "Keep steady for a moment; it will soon be over! Farewell, dear friend! I will faithfully tell your wife all about it." Stimulated to superhuman effort by the imminent peril menacing him, the unucky sportsman contrived to wriggle out of the mud on all fours, and when he had recovered his feet he broke out into a storm of vehement reproach. Herr Bismarck listened to him with a sardonic smile, merely observing, "Can't you see how right I was after all? Every man for himself!"—while he coolly walked away in search of more game.

ELMORE DISTRICT SWEEP BY CYCLONE

Saskatchewan Farmers Lose Barns, Crops and Machinery—Two Casualties.

Gainsboro, Sask., Aug. 21.—A terrific cyclone swept the Elmore district, about 12 miles from here, on Saturday, and four buildings are totally wrecked. When the barn of Donald Colquhoun was blown down, two men were in it, and one is so seriously injured that he is not expected to recover, while the other is quite badly injured.

The other buildings on the farm were damaged and the machinery rendered useless, while the crops were destroyed. J. S. Shillington's barns, hay and crops are totally ruined.

A neighbor named Brown suffered a like loss, and a boy was hurt from the flying timbers at one of the barns.

John W. Stevenson lost his barn, granary, machinery and crops.

John Cares suffered as severely as Stevenson.

The houses of all were damaged though none were blown down.

The extent of the damage suffered by yesterday's storm cannot be gauged. It was sufficient to send the wheat market soaring two points, but the volume of actual harm caused is beyond conjecture.

The city is flooded with reports and rumors, which are unreliable, as is shown shown by the fact that correspondents in the same districts do not agree as to the effects of the storm. One thing is known definitely, and that is that a cyclone 200 yards in width swept through a great stretch of Saskatchewan, the southern corner of Manitoba, and entered into the northern States. In Saskatchewan hail and heavy winds robbed a few sections of a good percentage of grain, but it is not believed that the damage was really a warrant for the big advance in local prices here to-day.—*Ex.*

Gen. the Right Hon. Louis Botha, Prime Minister of South Africa, paid a flying visit to Glasgow, in order to receive the freedom of the city. It had been originally hoped that the honor would have been conferred on the famous Boer general on the occasion of the visit of the Earl of Dominion Premiers and of Lord Kit-chener. Unfortunately the state of General Botha's health prevented the arrangement being carried out, and the spectacle of the two former antagonists fraternizing at the same hospital board was not realized. General Botha, who travelled specially to and from London to attend the ceremony, arrived at the Central Station at five minutes to eight o'clock, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. W. E. Bok. In waiting to receive the General on the platform were the Lord Provost Sir Archibald M'Innes Shaw, Mr. Robert Killin, district superintendent. There was a gathering of about 150 spectators on the platform.

Subscribe to the Greetings

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

NOTICE

A large number of our subscribers are more or less in arrears, all of whom we would ask to kindly make a prompt remittance. This is a very small matter to the individual subscriber but when multiplied by the hundreds, it is a matter of quite large dimensions to the Editor.

The date under your address will inform all of the date they are paid up to. Remember 25 p. c. discount allowed when subscriptions are paid in advance.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.

S. S. CONNORS BROS. will leave St. John for St. Andrews Saturday morning calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Blacks Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island and Red Store or St. George.

RETURNING leave St. Andrews for St. John Tuesday morning calling at Letete or Back Bay, Blacks Harbor, Beaver Harbor, and Dipper Harbor. "Tide and Weather permitting."

MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd. (St. John Agent)

Thorne Wharf & Warehouse Co. Freight for St. George received up to Noon Fridays, not later.

Manager LEWIS CONNORS Blacks Harbor, N. B.

ELACKS HARBOR

(Late for Last Week)

Misses Maggie Connors and William Thompson called on friends in Beaver Harbor on Monday.

Basil Paul and Chas. Conley made a flying trip to Black's Harbor on Sunday.

Miss Ada Campbell returned to her home at Westfield accompanied by Miss Sadie Johnson who will spend a few days with friends there.

Misses Della Hawkins and Ora Hump lrey called on friends here on Monday.

Mrs. P. W. Connors and daughter Annie made a flying trip to Beaver Harbor on Saturday.

Bernard Connors, Earl Tucker, Willie Connors and Jack Campbell attended the Bow Supper and Concert at Beaver Harbor on Thursday last.

Miss Susan Justason spent Sunday at her home in Pennfield.

Mrs. George Bates of Beaver Harbor spent Friday of last week with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Gallant of St. George spent one day last week with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gallant.

Rev. Mr. Brown held service in the Baptist church here on Sunday.

Miss Nina Noddin is visiting friends in St. Andrews.

Ralph Holmes and Albert Eldridge spent Sunday with friends here.

Rev. J. F. Carson and niece Miss Dever called on friends here on Monday.

Robert Thompson spent Sunday at his home in Pennfield.

Mrs. Daniel Thompson spent Sunday with Mrs. P. W. Connors.

The Quaker's Bargain.

An amusing tale of a farmer who found out to his sorrow that honesty is the best policy comes from Thomas DeVoe's 'Market Book.' It happened in 1820 in a New York market, when a weigh master had been appointed by the Agricultural Society to see that the public was served.

One morning, a respectable looking and wealthy farmer who was generally known to cheat when even he had a chance, brought his butter to Fly Market done up in pound rolls. This was when butter was scarce and worth two shillings and ninepence a pound, and it had a quick sale, which no doubt induced him to scant the weight in each roll.

This morning the weigh master appeared unexpectedly, and saw the farmer's butter open for sale. He prepared his test scale to weigh it. While he was doing so the farmer slipped

a guinea—a five dollar gold piece out of his pocket, and while the weigh master's back was turned thrust it in to the top roll, as he thought unperceived by any one, to make up the required weight, which satisfied the weigh-master who did not weigh another.

While he was putting up his scale, a Quaker gentleman, who had been standing off a little distance, and had seen the whole transaction, came up and inquired the price of the butter. "Three shillings," said the farmer. "Put me up that roll," said the Quaker, pointing to the guinea roll.

To this the farmer replied, "I have sold that roll to a friend."

"No, thee has not," responded the Quaker. "Thee can give thy friend another roll, if they are all good and weigh alike," and he turned to the weigh master for support.

With this the Quaker took up the guinea roll and placed it in his basket, then laid down three shillings.

As he was going he turned back to say to the farmer, "Thee will not find cheating always profitable."—Youth's Companion.

SURE SIGNS

Of Kidney Trouble.

If your back is constantly aching and you experience dull shooting pains, your kidneys are out of order. If your urine is thick and cloudy or your passages frequent scanty and painful, your kidneys and bladder are out of order. Neglect quickly brings on rheumatism, diabetes, lumbago, sciatic and etc.

Mrs. John Wagner of 110 Hollis St., Halifax, N. S. says: "Dull pains would catch me across the small part of my back and extend into my shoulders and neck, often causing me to suffer with severe headaches and spells of dizziness. Spots would dazzle before my eyes and everything would turn black. I would fall to the floor and be unable to get up without assistance. A friend told me of Booth's Kidney Pills and I began their use. The first box gave me relief and I am now well and strong."

All druggists sell Booth's Kidney Pills 50c a box with a guarantee to relieve or your money back. They are the world's greatest specific for Kidney and bladder trouble. Postpaid from the proprietors The R. T. Booth Co. Ltd. Fort Erie. Sold and guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark.

Farm Labor For Convicts.

"Yes, the farm's the thing," says Warden Tynan, who conducts the Colorado Penitentiary on the open air plan. "Most of my criminals are city products—ill-nourished, drink sodden, stunted. We must bring them back to the land, for in the land there is healing and increasing strength. Under the instruction of employed experts they will come to health, wholesomeness, usefulness and profit. In the fields they would learn soil values, crop care and all details of scientific farming and agriculture. In the orchards, the nursery business; in the barns, all about dairying; in the brooderies, the secret of poultry raising and the pens, hogs, and their care. Look at Frank, the chap that takes care of the chickens, ducks and geese at the pen. He didn't know a thing when he came in and now three men are waiting to employ him as a poultry expert when he gets out. Only a 1,200-acre tract I could make use of two hundred and fifty men."—From Success Magazine.

Likes New Brunswick's Looks.

Mr. John Roberts who is travelling through Canada with the British press party was in Sassex last week and was given a chance to look over the country hereabouts, with the result that he left the great dairy district of the Maritime Provinces, full of enthusiasm about its possibilities and ready to recommend to his constituents farm life in this section of Canada. Mr. Roberts was not a stranger to Canada. He was here some years

ago but spent all of his time in the West. Now he has been having a look over the Maritime provinces and he bespeaks for them a great future. He is himself a farmer and works about 1,200 acres in Wales, and at home is an alderman of 21 years standing. It may be supposed, therefore, that Mr. Roberts knows much of the part of Wales in which he resides and he gives it as his opinion that the average Welshman who desires to emigrate cannot do better than come to New Brunswick. Mr. Roberts is an enthusiastic sheep breeder and he saw sufficient here in his hurried trip to convince him that there are great possibilities for that industry in this province. He was impressed with the cheapness of the land available and took with him considerable data which will enable him to do justice to New Brunswick and her natural resources. From what he had to say to the Record, there is no doubt that those who have the pleasure of reading his articles will find in them much that will encourage a careful investigation of the chances in New Brunswick by intending settlers. We trust that Mr. Roberts' visit will be productive of good results. If he writes as he talks, this province has found one good friend among the men who are now investigating Canada.—Record.

Newest Big Gun... to Hurl One Ton Shell.

Sixteen Inch Terror will be effective a Distance of Fifteen Miles.

Washington, Aug. 15 The United States Navy is about to astonish the world again with a new gun having a calibre of sixteen inches, which will make the present world beating fourteen inch gun obsolete.

The plans for the new gun have been made by Rear Admiral Twining, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance. The Admiral said today that the length of the gun will be sixty-seven feet. The fourteen inch gun is fifty-two feet bore and about eight feet breech. The fourteen inch gun fires a shell that weighs fourteen hundred pounds and can rip the armour off a ship at a distance of eleven miles.

The sixteen inch terror is to carry a shell of the enormous weight of 2,000 pounds, and will be effective at fifteen miles, thus proving that the horizon can not put a limit to modern naval science.

A somewhat greater ship than is projected is the necessary consequence of guns of the size contemplated by Rear Admiral Twining.

Advertise in Greetings

Are You Your Boy Getting Ready For School?

Play Time is Over Now for the School Suit

Goodness of Material and Correct Styles are what Put Our Boys Clothing in a Class by Itself

Boys Suits \$2.37 to \$6.50
,, Pants 50c. ,, \$1.49

School Boots FOR Boys & Girls

Special Lines Made of Fine Strong stock, on Good Fitting lasts Just the Thing for Hard School wear

Frauley Bros.

The St. George Clothiers & Furnishers

Advertise in the Greetings!

SEASONABLE GOODS!

SEPT.

1911

Glass Preserving Jars; Pints, Quarts and ½ Gallons
Rubber Rings 5 cents per Dozen
Cider and White Wine Vinegar, Pickling Spices
Wooden Measures --- ½ Bus. Peck, and ¼ Peck
Gilt Edge Soap --- 6 for 25c.
School Books and Supplies of all kinds
Alarm Clocks \$1.10 to \$2.00, Eight Day Clocks \$2.50 to \$3.25.

1 Car "Canada" Cement rec'd this week --- \$2.25 bbl.
Do your cement work before cold weather sets in
Lime, Hair and Bricks
Glass --- all sizes --- and Putty
Gasoline --- 5 gals. for \$1.00, Columbia tiquitors --- 30c.
Hunting Knives --- 60c. 65c. and 75c., Hunters Axes
Loaded Shells and Cartridges
Dried and Tarred Paper

We are Always Ready to Buy your Eggs

JOHN DEWAR & SONS, Ltd.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS
ST. GEORGE, N. B.

PUBLISHED FRIDAYS
J. W. CORRELL, Editor

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS—\$1.00 per year, when paid in advance 75c; to the United States 50c, extra for postage. All subscriptions OUTSIDE the COUNTY payable in advance and will be cancelled on expiring unless otherwise arranged for.

Remittances should be made by Post-Note or Registered Letter.

Advertising Rates—One inch, first insertion 25 cents; each subsequent insertion 20 cents; readers in local column 5c; a line, transient advertisement, 25c. For one insertion, 5c for three insertions, 15c. Transient ads. must be paid for in advance. Rates for yearly or quarterly contracts on application.

All Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address. Correspondents have a well equipped Job Printing Plant, and turn out work with neatness and despatch.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 1 1911

A Plain Talk to Plain People.

We plain electors in this campaign are being told by the opponents of reciprocity that we now have a home market for all that our farmers produce and that the reduction in duties by the United States will be serious injury to us.

Canada cannot control the tariff of the United States. Every one knows that. If we are, then, to believe the Conservative speakers all that the United States has to do is to remove her tariff wall and away will go all our trade to the south. It is the United States wall, mind you, that is diverting the trade east and west. This is the Conservative doctrine in a nut shell. What keeps our fruit, fish, lumber, coal, grain and vegetables out of the United States? Not the Canadian tariff, for it only forms a barrier to prevent American products from crossing our border. We hope this point is clear to every one.

Take the arguments put forth by the opponents of Reciprocity and boil them all down and in the concentrated form they simply mean that Canada and Canada's trade is and has been at the mercy of the United States at any time that that country would remove her duties.

If this is true and there is absolutely no other logical way to take of Conservative arguments, then we shall be on our knees to the United States and imploring that country for "Heaven's Sake" to keep up her tariff wall, or Canadians will be ruined, trade will be diverted north and south and the British Empire will become a thing of the past. Do you believe it? We don't. We have more faith in Canada and her people than in the Yankees tariff wall for her salvation. The great kick against the reciprocity agreement is not the concessions by Canada to the United States, but the main objection is that the United States has reduced her duties against Canadian products, something we could not prevent. Think this over and the Reciprocity man can pin his opponent down so hard that all he can do is to reach out one feeble hand to the Union Jack which after all is the last city of refuge to which he can flee.

But we are getting away from the question which we started out to talk about, that is, the "home market" and what will follow with an enlarged market. Let us use a homely illustration. Twenty-three years ago we made our first trip through the Annapolis Valley. It was then as it is now, famed for its fruit, but its export trade was less than \$200,000. Once it was discovered that apples could be shipped with a profit to Great Britain the acreage of the orchards began to increase. Then our orchard men learned another lesson and that was that the Britisher would pay more for apples properly wrapped, of a uniform size, free from any blemishes and also that they preferred them in boxes than in barrels. It is anticipated this year that the Annapolis Valley will export fully \$1,000,000 worth of fruit. If we want our apples in boxes and wrapped in paper we can get them at the same price as the Britisher. If we are content to take them in barrels we can get apples at as reasonable cost as any place in the

world. We can get No 2's cheaper and No 3's cheaper still. This is due to the fact that the orchard men have to grow more fruit to get a sufficient supply for the European market. The same holds true of potatoes for export and it can generally be said that a wider market means more dollars to the farmer because he produces more and no increase of cost to the consumer, in fact, it often accrues that a reduction follows in the ungraded produce which is just as good only may vary more in size or in the case of apples in color.

As however, we pointed out in a previous talk the Reciprocity Pact is a bigger proposition than the cost of potatoes or turnips. It will tend to bring in new capital. It will make the west more prosperous and Nova Scotia will enter upon her mission as one of the busy work shops of Canada.

This pact can be cancelled at any time. How would it do to give it a trial?—N. S. Ex.

A Remarkable Will.

Greek Merchant, who Dies in London Leaves \$2,500,000 to his Country.

The will of a Greek merchant, Marin Coragiagos, who died last April in London, has just been made public, and seems to be a model of philanthropy. The amount bequeathed reached a sum of nearly \$2,500,000, and most of it is to be used for educational and other public purposes. King George of Greece is one of the executors of the will, and to him is left a blue China Sevres Lyre clock, signed by Cateau de Paris, and dated 1784. He also left \$10,000 to the Lord Mayor of London to be distributed to charitable institutions and asylums of London.

The rest of his property he leaves to his wife in trust. After her death the property is to be divided in the following interesting manner:— One hundred and fifty thousand dollars to found a new hospital in Athens to be known as the Coragiagos Hospital.

Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (on the suggestion of King George of Greece), to be used for barracks for the Greek army and as to \$200,000 to be used in the uncontrolled discretion of King George of Greece for the improvement of the Greek navy.

Two hundred thousand dollars to institute a school at Athens on the lines of Eaton and Harrow.

Two hundred thousand dollars for craftsmen at Argostoli, in the island of Cephalonia, to be called the "Coragiagos Professional School," for intelligent orphan boys of the island over fifteen.

One hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars upon trust to build a model prison in Greece, "being desirous of assisting in the amelioration of the prison system in Greece."

One hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars for a children's hospital at Athens, to be under the patronage of H. R. H. Prince Sophia, Crown Princess of Greece.

Fifty thousand dollars to be employed in draining the marshes at the end of the Gulf of Catusos, in the municipality of Greece.

Seventy-five thousand dollars upon trust for technical scholarships to enable recipients to study their subjects in England and France.

Seventy-five thousand dollars for the Royal Theatre, Athens.

Seventy-five thousand dollars for a permanent and appropriate building for the Conservatory of Musical and Dramatic Society of Athens.

Fifty thousand dollars for a school for girls in Cephalonia, to be known as the Coragiagos School for Girls, and the house at Argostoli is also left for this purpose, "considering the education of women to be one of the best factors in the civilization of a community, and wishing to contribute to a better level of education of the mothers of future generations."

The residue of his property, which will apparently amount to not less than \$200,000, he left to the Crown Prince of Greece for use in his discretion for the improvement and embellishment of the City of Athens or the establishment of any institution for the promotion of scientific, literary or moral knowledge or the advancement of the arts and trades.

Election Card



St. Stephen, N. B., Aug. 22 1911.
The Electors of The County of Charlotte.

Gentlemen:— I have been chosen, by a very large and representative convention of the Liberal Party of Charlotte County, as the Candidate to solicit your support in the approaching election, in behalf of the policy of that Party and the Reciprocity Agreement now before the people for their decision.

During the three years I have had the honor of being your Federal representative, I have labored diligently for the interest of Charlotte County in legislation, public works and betterments, that would be helpful to the business, safety and comforts of our people.

Should I again be honored by you on Sept. 21st next by being elected your representative to the Federal Parliament, I shall use every effort to advance your interests as well as those of the Province and the Dominion at large. In thorough accord with the Government, who will rule the next Parliament, I feel I can assist greatly the many interests of the people of Charlotte County if elected their representative.

I believe very strongly in the great good that will come to our County and the whole of Canada by the adoption of the Reciprocity Agreement, which is the great and sole issue before the people in this election.

Both parties have tried to get fair reciprocal trade relations with the United States for many years, and it is now our chance, if we so elect, to profit by this agreement. Any tariff put upon the products of the soil and sea, give not the slightest gain or assistance to the farmer or fisherman. It lessens the great value of his labor, in the home market, and bars him largely from getting into a foreign market. Not tariffs, but larger markets are what the farmers, lumbermen and fishermen need for their best prosperity. Under the proposed Reciprocity Agreement one of the very best and largest markets will be opened to us. Our farms and homes will increase largely in value and our present prosperity greatly enhanced. The heritage of fair and just trade taken from the farmers, the lumbermen and the fishermen by hostile tariffs will be returned to them by the adoption of this Reciprocity Agreement.

I desire, dear sirs, above all things, to be your chosen member to assist in Parliament, in obtaining this great boon for you.

I am, Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM F. TODD.

LITTLE LEPREAU

Herring are quite plentiful here. The C. G. S. Curlew paid a visit to the harbor Friday.

Mrs. D. Brown of St. John spent a few days of last week with her mother Mrs. Wm. Lomax.

Mrs. S. Stewart of Deer Island who has spent the greater part of the summer with her mother Mrs. Wm. Boyle left for home Thursday.

Miss Ethel Rogers spent Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. Chas. Rogers and family are the guests of Mrs. George Gamble.

Miss M. Boyne spent Thursday in St. George.

John Boyne spent Saturday and Sunday in Lunenburg.

We have in stock an immense quantity and full assortment of
SPRUCE Lumber

in all lengths and all sizes.

**Spruce Boards
Spruce Scantling
Spruce Timber**

HALEY & SON

St. Stephen, N. B.

The Most Up-to-date Repair Department in connection with this Jewelry Business in Eastern Maine.

All Kinds of Work Done

Jewelry mending and repairing. Diamond Mounting, Optical Work-fitting and repairing Class and College Pins and Rings, Gold Chain making and reweaving, Watch Case making and repairing. Special Attention given to Watch Work and all work guaranteed as represented.

OTIS W. BAILEY

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
CALAIS, MAINE



To Let!
THE R. H. DAVIS HOUSE
On Carleton Street.
Apply to H. V. Dewar

Chargeous to be Alive.
(New York Herald.)

London—All the English papers, because of the hot wave, are full of health hints now, and after reading the injunctions of the doctors one is ready to endorse the statement of an English newspaper writer that it "is really dangerous to be alive."

Readers are told that tea is a poisonous alkaloid which produces chronic dyspepsia and also acts as an irritant on the nervous system. Coffee, it appears, is even more deadly, while alcohol is said to be a poison in narcotic form, no matter in what way it is taken. Even when diluted it ruins the digestive organs, and tell it not in Gath!—is a certain cause of obesity in middle age.

Now watch the fat men clumping the "water wagon."

Beers and stout, these doctors tell us, induce gout, rheumatism and Bright's disease; red wines are indigestible; white wines upset the functions of the liver; whiskey causes hepatic cirrhosis; brandy aggravates all forms of kidney complaints; gin, if persisted in, produces lunacy, and ordinary water—watch the fat men hopping off the wagon!—is dangerous, not only because of impurities and harmful germs that it may contain, but also owing to natural salts and minerals.

F. M. CAWLEY

ST. GEORGE, N. B.

Undertaker and Embalmer

Complete stock Funeral Supplies on hand

Prices lower than any competitor

J. B. SPEAR

Undertaker and Funeral Director

A full supply of funeral goods always on hand.

Telephone at Residence

All goods delivered free

Prices to suit the people



NOTICE OF SALE

To Alvin S. Murphy, late of the parish of Dumbarton, in the county of Charlotte and Province of New Brunswick, Farmer, and to all others to whom it may in wise concern:

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the terms of the power of sale contained in a mortgage made between Alvin S. Murphy of the one part, and Irwin E. Gilmor of the other part, bearing date the third day of May, A. D. 1909, and duly recorded in the Records of Charlotte County, in Book No. 40, at pages 343 to 346, there will, default having been made in the payment of moneys secured by said mortgage, be sold at private sale at the residence of the said Irwin E. Gilmor at Bonny River, County of Charlotte, Province of New Brunswick, on Thursday the 21st day of Sept. A. D. 1911, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Land described in said mortgage as follows: "All that certain lot of land situated in Pleasant Ridge in said Parish of Dumbarton, County and Province aforesaid, bounded and described as follows:—to-wit: Bounded on the west by Bonny Brook, so called, on the north by land owned by John New, on the east by the Boundary line of the granted land on the east of Pleasant Ridge, on the south by and owned by the heirs of one Robert McGowan. Containing 175 acres more or less." Together with the buildings thereon and the privileges thereto belonging.

Dated the 15th day of June A. D. 1911.
Irwin E. Gilmor, Mortgagee.

Sleep With Bare Skin

Prominent Physician Says That This Most Healthful Way

"The physiological ideal of sleeping is with a bare skin," writes Dr. William Lee Howard in Munsey's Magazine. "The bedclothes offer a sufficient covering for comfort, and do not stick to the skin and thereby remain as a sodden garment. When rolling over in bed, nature's way of giving every portion of the skin's surface a chance to breathe, they do not roll with the body. In the ordinary nightclothing, every time you turn, you simply carry the covering with you, thereby depriving the skin of its full breathing opportunities. For the same reason you should never allow sodden underwear to remain next to the skin. Nightclothes in particular, should be loose and buggy."

A tramp called at the house of a gentleman and said:—
"I've walked many miles to see you, sir, because people told me that you were very kind to poor chaps like me."
"Oh they said so, did they?"
"Yes, sir."
"Then, in that case, will you be good enough to contradict this rumor?"—California Christian Advocate.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 26, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

in solution, because it gives rise to painful kidney affections.

Shall we indulge in cool, sweet milk? Nay, nay! brother. Aesculapius declares that milk is full of countless millions of bacteria, and fruit, owing to the system of handling it, is swarming with germs.

Starch, we are told, is the fountain and source of all illness; sugar causes gout, diabetes and rheumatism; meat charges the body with various well defined poisons; fish produces leprosy troubles; shellfish are a fruitful source of potamine poisoning; cooked vegetables produce gastritis; uncooked vegetables and salads have the same tendency; eggs are indigestible, while spices and condiments are condemned as simply irritant poisons.

Ottawa, Aug. 24 It is estimated that the expenses of the Dominion general election will total close to \$750,000. The number of polls will be upwards of 14,000 as the vote has increased much heavier than expected in the west especially.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

A Richfield School Teacher

Once a Dyspeptic—Now Well.
Thanks to Father Morrisey's No. 11.

Richfield, N. B., Nov. 17th 1906.
Father Morrisey, Med. Co., Ltd.

I have been teaching school for upwards of thirty years, during the last twenty-five of which I have suffered seriously with stomach trouble, indigestion and dyspepsia.

I have tried all my remedies, and while I would get temporary relief from some of them, yet the old trouble would return, and with it the sufferings only known to the chronic dyspeptic.

Last year I had made up my mind to abandon my profession, feeling that in my condition I could neither do justice to myself or to the many pupils under my charge. A friend suggested to me that I try Father Morrisey's No. 11 Stomach Tablets. I did so, and have continued to use them with the result that my stomach trouble is cured—my indigestion and dyspepsia gone and I feel as well as I ever did.

I have, thanks to the Tablets, been able to continue in my profession, and feel that I am once more enjoying my work and am able to give justice to the fifty-five pupils under my care.

Yours Gratefully,
(Signed) MARY CHRYSTAL.

Are you one of the many thousands who, like Miss Chrystal, are prevented from doing their best work, or really enjoying life, by stomach trouble?

If you are not assured of better than she did—like Father Morrisey's No. 11 Tablets.

Each No. 11 Tablet, when dissolved in the stomach, will digest 14 pounds of food—a good, hearty meal—so that no matter how weak your stomach may be, No. 11 Tablets will enable you to get the nourishment out of your food and build up your strength, while the stomach, thus relieved, recovers its vigor. See a box at your dealer's or from the Father Morrisey Medicine Co., Ltd.,

THE CZAR AND THE JEWS.

Some Interesting Statements on the Subject.

(Denver News.)

The Czar is friendly toward the Jews as far as his person and his court are concerned. He has manifested this quite often. He has welcomed the late Baron and Baroness Alphonse de Rothschild and others of that family at the court of St. Petersburg, bestowing upon the baron the highest of his decorations. He has accorded the right to appear at his court to Countess Witte, wife of the noted statesman, although she is a Jewess of humble origin.

He has likewise conferred not only high offices and dignities, but hereditary

nobility upon a Jewish banker by the name of Dubson, who began life as a peddler at Warsaw, but who to-day is a member of the council of the Imperial treasury, and the principal financial magnate of St. Petersburg, and a man upon whose advice in economic matters the emperor reposes the greatest trust.

Then there is the case of Baron Horace Gumburg, whose funeral was attended by a number of members of the imperial family. This man although a Jew of the most orthodox type, was not only a Knight of the Grand Cross of the Order of St. Stanislaus, but also possessed the grand cordon of the infinitely more important order of St. Anna, and which ipse facto endowed him with hereditary seat in the house of nobles.

When Baron Gumburg celebrated his golden wedding most of the members of the imperial family, all the principal dignitaries of the old feudal Muscovite nobility in person tendered the pair their felicitations.

It was through the intervention of Baron Gumburg with Alexander II that all obstacles were removed to the erection of the magnificent synagogue at St. Petersburg, one of the finest buildings of the capital on the Neva. Both Alexander and the imperial treasury, at the instance, subscribed thereto. When in London Baron Gumburg and his aged wife were presented to King Edward and Queen Alexandra by the Russian ambassador and ambassadors. The present head of the family is his only son, Baron David Gumburg, a distinguished Orientalist.

One of the most hospitable and brilliant salons of St. Petersburg until a few years ago was that of Mme. Polozoff, wife of the multi-millionaire statesman and senator of that name, who bore the title of secretary of the emperors. Yet Mme. Polozoff, of whom a description will be found in Lady Randolph Churchill's "Reminiscences," was a Jewish foundling, left on the doorstep of the late Baron Stieglitz, one of the great Jewish bankers of St. Petersburg, and who, being childless, had adopted her and made her the heiress of all his wealth.

She repeatedly entertained the late Emperor and his consort, and the present Czar and his wife, at her palace in St. Petersburg, at her celebrated suburban villa, and at her chateau in Polona, where the Kaiser was on one occasion her guest for a week.

Some of the grandest houses of the old Russian nobility, pride themselves on their Jewish origin. There are at least two score of these families of so-called Semitic ancestry, notably that of Bagration which claims lineal descent from the King David of the Old Testament.

Herding Cattle by Aeroplane

The uses of the aeroplane are becoming more numerous every day, but novel indeed is the use to which his Heriot aeroplane was put by M. Remie Simon at Houston, Texas, on the 27th ultimo, the opening day of the engagement there of the international aviators. M. Simon flew out over the plains, and roamed about a large number of steers by circling about them and swooping down upon them. When he had got the herd together, he succeeded in driving them right up to the fence of the aviation field by employing similar tactics. The cowboys looking on in amazement and upon his alighting they thanked Simon for having so cleverly and expeditiously herded the cattle.

The following day, at the Houston meet, M. Roulan Geros ascended to a height of 7,000 ft. and was lost in the clouds for fifteen minutes. M. Simon flew over the spectators in the grand stand only five or six ft. above them, so close indeed, that the hats of many were blown off.

Power of an Air Brake.
(Science Spectator.)

Some idea of the power of an air brake may be gained from the following facts: It takes a powerful locomotive drawing a train of ten passenger cars a distance of about five miles to reach a speed of six miles an hour on a straight level track. The brakes will stop the same train from a speed of six miles an hour in 700 ft. Roughly it may be stated that a train may be stopped by the brakes in about three per cent. of the distance that must be covered to give it its speed.

Advertisement in Greetings.

Do You Want?

A Driving Harness Nickle, Rubber or Brass Mounting.

A Suit of Clothes, made to measure by the House of Hobberlin Toronto. Fit Guaranteed.

A Pair of Boots or Shoes for any member of the family.

Special Discount for August 500 PAIR

Footwear to be Sold

H. McGrattan & Sons, ST. GEORGE, N. B.

WEDDING PRINTING

IS A

SUCCESSFUL SPECIALTY OF OURS

Let Us Show You Samples, and

Quote You Prices.

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Subscribe TO Greetings

PATRICK McLAUGHLIN, J. P.

Collecting Justice Conveyancer, Licensed Auctioneer, etc. Office Clinch street.

A big stock of latest novels by popular authors. Rent at lowest prices.

L. B. YOUNG, S.

JOHN B. SPEAR, Contractor and Builder. Estimates furnished.

Try Greetings for

JGB PRINTING,

St. George, - N. B.

OVER 55 YEARS EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS

DESIGNS

COPYRIGHTS &c.

Having secured a patent and description may be made available for sale. For a full and complete information in relation to the above mentioned business, apply to the undersigned at his office, 100 Broadway, New York City.

Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Published by

MANN & Co. 301 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 100 P. St., Washington, D. C.

NOTICE

The Parish Aid of St. Mark's church, St. George,

after Sept. 20th, 11, will undertake to do quilting, make underclothing and frocks for children, kitchen aprons made for 10 cents each, and all kinds of underclothing for ladies, gentlemen and children repaired at reasonable rates. Apply to Mrs. J. Spencer or Mrs. G. Clinch.

St. George, Aug. 31, 1911.

Job Printing at

The Greetings Office.

Orders from HEADQUARTERS

To Clean Out ENTIRE STOCK At Once!

\$9000. worth of Staple dry goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and General Furnishings, must be cleared out At Once. Get There as Soon as You can!

The Entire Stock of D. Bassen, St. George, N. B.

Must Leave the Store P. D. Q. And no Waiting!

Stock Now in the Hands of the Lyons Sales Company who have

Just Received Orders from Headquarters to make a Speedy Clearance of the

THESE WILL BE Entire Stock Regardless of the cost of Manufacture. ALL GOODS MUST NO RESERVE WHATEVER. BE SOLD AND NO WAITING.

HURRY! - HURRY!
If you miss this opportunity of saving many hard-earned dollars, blame yourself, not us. We are doing our part, now it's up to you. Bring yourself, mother and all the family

REMEMBER

Our orders are to clean out this stock at short notice! so don't delay a moment! only a short time to Feast on this stock

GET TO THE GREATEST BARGAIN FEAST OF YOUR LIVES

The Lyons Sales Co. are the Greatest Clothing Bargain Givers in Canada!

REMEMBER-- Everything Sold for Cash! NO EXCHANGE NO APPROVALS