Huron Signal.

WEEKLY EDITION

GEO. COX & ABRAHAM SMITH, Proprietors. "The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number." JAMES YOUNG, Editor,

$1.00 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE, $2.20 AT END OF YEAR. GODERICH, ONTARIO, D.C., THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1871. VOL. XXIV—NO 12

Business Directory.

Dr. P. A. McDougall
WILL BE AT HOME FOR CONSULTATION up to 11 o'clock, a. m. every day. Will visit patients at any hour afterwards, night or day. w4

G. C. Shannon M.D.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c. &c., Goderich, C. W. 13:40-1y

DR. McLEAN,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, CORONER, &c. Office and Residence third door east of Central School. 49

G. M. McMICKING, M.D.
LICENTIATE COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, C. E. Residence, the house formerly occupied by Mr J. P. C. Galton, Elgin Street.

DR. CASSADY,
(of Medill College) PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., Office, over his Drug store, Goderich, Ontario. sw102

T. B. WALDEN, M.D.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR &C. Office and Residence (Late Widow MacPherson' Hotel). Amherly Ont., November 21st 1870. w44-6m

Joe Lewis,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, AND Solicitor-in-Chancery, County Crown Attorney, Goderich, Canada West. Office in Court House. v14n40

M. C Cameron,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, CONVEYANCER, &c., Kingston st., Goderich, Ont. n49

Cameron & Garrow.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, &c. Office, Kingston street, Goderich. M. C. Cameron. w52 J. T. Garrow.

Isaac F. Toms,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c., Goderich, Ont. Office—abbe's block, Kingston street sw77

Doyle & Squier,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS in Chancery, &c. Goderich, Ont. B. L. Doyle. sw5 W. R. Squier, B.A.

William R. Bain, B. A.
CHANCERY AND LAW OFFICE. CRAB'S NEW buildings, Kingston, Street Goderich. N. B.—Conveyancing. Money lent on reasonable terms. Disputed and defective titles to real estate quieted. Goderich, Aug. 14 1870. w30

M. NICHOLSON,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Rooms over the Post Office, West Street, Goderich. August 14th, 1870 w30tf

GIFFORD ELLIOT.
ATTORNEY-at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
BINGHAM, ONT.
Money to lend. Disputed Titles quieted. Crown Land Patents obtained cheaply.
Jul 25th, 1870. w27-1y

T. B. Stokes,
AGENT FOR STRATFORD AGRICULTURAL works. (Joseph Sharman, proprietor). Residence, Bayfield Road. w11-1y 4p

S. Malcomson,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c., &c. Clinton, Ont. w35
MONEY TO LEND.

Strong & Squier.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS, NO. 6, Arcade Building, Buffalo, N. Y. James C. Strong, Attorney-at-Law. H. R. Squier. Aug 13th 1870. w30

D. McDougall
LICENSED AUCTIONEER, BAYFIELD, County of Huron. Sales in any part of country punctually attended to. w3-1y78

L. B. Hamlin,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, LAND Agent and Conveyancer. Kincardine. 1

I. O. O. F.
HURON LODGE NO 62. Meets at their Hall, Albert Block, Goderich, every Thursday evening, at 7½ o'clock. Entrance on Kingston street. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.
D. CAMPBELL, Secretary.
Goderich, Feb. 23, 1871, w3-1y—

PAINTING
HENRY CLUCAS,
House, Sign & Ornamental Painter,
PAPER Hangers and Imitators of Woods and Marble KINGSTON Street.
GODERICH.
Opposite Saunders Hardwarde Store.
Goderich, Aug 17th, 1870. 1yw31

W. G. WILSON
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Insurance & Real Estate Agent
COMMISSIONER IN B. R.
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, &c.,
DRAWN AND EXECUTED,
MONEY TO LOAN AT 8 per cent.
Oct. 18th 1870. sw17-1y ZURICH, Ont

JAMES STEWART
WHOLESALE AGENT
OF
the far-famed and reliable St Catherine's Nursery D. W. BEADLE ESQ.
FOR ALL KINDS OF
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, GREEN-house Plants Grape Vines, &c., &c.
Any stock not on hand, ordered on the shortest notice. House—Maitlandville. Goderich P. O
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

PATENTS
FOR INVENTIONS
—:0:—
EXPEDITIOUSLY & PROPERLY
secured in Canada, the United States and Europe.
PATENT guaranteed or no charge. Send for printed instructions. Agency in operation ten years.
HENRY GRIST,
Ottawa, Canada,
Mechanical Engineer, Solicitor of Patents and Draughtsman.
Feb, 11th, 1871. w4-1y—

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.
THE undersigned having purchased the Planing Mill and Sash Factory owned, and occupied by Donald Cumming, are now prepared to carry on the business of manufacturing
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Flooring Siding,
and all kinds of
CIRCLE WORK,
such as Circle and Ovolve Sash and Frames
They think from their experience in Factory Work, that they can give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call.
N. B.—A libera discount to the trade.
20,000 feet of Dry inch and a quarter Flooring on hand.
JAS BUCHANAN,
DAVID LAWSON,
WM. ROBINSOM.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

SALT TERRITORY.
FOR SALE, IN 2 ACRE BLOCKS, ON RAILWAY Track, immediately out side and adjoining the Corporation of Goderich about 3 quarters of a mile from Market Square and commanding a leading road to town.
This is one of the most valuable locations for Salt Works in this section for the saving of teaming and the economica nc hase of wood. For further particulars apply at
"THE SIGNAL OFFICE."
Goderich, Nov. 29th, 1870. sw27-tf

Business Directory.

NEW Waggon and Carriage FACTORY.
BATES & ELLIOTT
HAVE pleasure in intimating to the public of town and country that they have opened a Waggon and Carriage Shop on St. David's st, (Lewis Elliott's old stand,) immediately adjoining the Western Hotel. B. & E. attend personally to all the work entrusted to them, and are prepared to turn out
Waggons, Buggies, Cutters, Sleighs,
and everything in their line, of the very best material and workmanship and at the very lowest remunerative rates.
JOBBING
Promptly attended to.
ON HAND, a large assortment of SLEIGHS
which will be sold Cheap for Cash or Cordwood.
Goderich, Aug 1 1870. w30

Lazarus, Morris & Co.

Opticians and Oculists, MONTREAL,
HAVE, WITH A VIEW TO MEET THE INCREASED demand for the celebrated Perfected Spectacles, appointed F JORDON, chemist and Druggist, Goderich, Ont as their Sole Agent for this place. They have taken care to give all needful instructions, and have confidence in the ability of their Agents to the requirements of all customers. An opportunity will be thus afforded to procure, at all times, Spectacles unequalled by any for their strengthening and preserving qualities.
Too much cannot be said as to their superiority over the ordinary glasses worn. There is no glimmering, wavering of the sight dizziness, or other unpleasant sensation, but, on the contrary, from the peculiar construction of the Lenses, they are soothing and pleasant, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural healthy sight. They are the only Spectacles that
PRESERVE AS WELL AS ASSIST THE SIGHT,
they are the cheapest because the best, always lasting many years without change being necessary.
We employ no Pedlars.
F. JORDAN,
Sole Agent for Goderich
Goderich Aug 16 1870. w12

PHOTOGRAPHS $1.00 Per Dozen.
HALF DOZEN FROM BACK NEGATIVE 51 cents, postage free. One dozen from back negative 87 cents, postage free, to any address.
Particular Attention paid to Copying old Ambrotypes.
For either large or small photographs. The subscriber in returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, would just say that he has made such improvements in his gallery as will merit a continuance of the same.
A Great Reduction on Large Photographs.
E. L. JOHNSON.
Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870. w30

Ready for Winter.
H. DUNLOP
Has now received a large stock of
Winter Tweeds, Meltons, Overcoatings &c
which he is prepared to make up,
FASHIONABLE AND CHEAP ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
IN READY-MADES' HE
has received a very select stock, which he will sell
CHEAP FOR CASH.
A full assortment of shirts, underclothing ties, collars and Gents Furnishings generally
Call and see styles and prices.
Oct. 17th. 1870. w39-tf

GODERICH
WAGON & CARRIAGE Manufactory
THE Subscriber would announce to the public of Huron and Bruce, that he is now manufacturing first-class
Carriages, Waggons, Sleighs, Cutters, &c.,
which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH.
JOHN PASMORE,
Victoria Street, Goderich
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

REMOVAL.
ALEX. WALLACE,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
WEST STREET, GODERICH.
THE Subscriber having removed to the Store lately occupied by A. Naysmith, West Street, opposite the Post Office, wishes to thank his friends and the public, for the liberal support with which they have favored him for the last 25 years, and hopes to assure them that no effort will be spared to merit a continuance of their patronage, his anxious study will be to supply
Watches Clocks and Jewelery
which will give satisfaction to the purchaser, and as all work has been done by myself, customers may depend on having it well executed.
A good assortment of Gold and Plated Jewelry. Watches, Clocks &c., always on hand
ALEX WALLACE.
Goderich, Aug. 15th 1870. w30

Business Directory.

REMOVAL
DANIEL GORDON, CABINETMAKER UPHOLSTERER,
HAS WITH A VIEW to keep up with the times purchased & fitted up the above two doors west of the Post Office as a
FURNITURE WAREHOUSE
where he will in future carry on the above business more extensively than ever. While thankful for past patronage, he hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance and increase of support.
HE HAS NOW ON HAND
one of the largest stocks of furniture in the County and is on the shortest notice, prepared to supply customers with everything in his line, such as
Drawingroom and Parlor Setts
Bedroom Setts in Walnut,
do do in Chestnut,
do do in White wood,
Mattresses of every description,
Feather Bolsters, Pillows, &c., &c.
ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Pictures such as Oil Paintings, Chromos; Lithographs Photograph of the Queen Having made arrangements with a Toronto Manufacturing House can supply Picture Frames n any style required at Toronto prices.
Has always on hand a complete assortment of
Coffins & Shrouds in the Latest Style.
Also, HEARSES to hire.
Cheap FOR Cash
2 Doors West of Post Office.
Lumber and Cordwood taken in Exchange.
Goderich, Dec. 22nd, 1870.

NEW BOOKS, WALLPAPER &c., &c.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
AT BUTLER'S.

A Beautiful Assortment
OF
JEWELLERY OF ALL KINDS
JUST RECEIVED,
and to be sold
CHEAP AT BUTLER'S.

Fishing Tackles,
OF ALL KINDS, CONSISTING OF REELS, BASKETS, BAITS, HOOKS and LINES of the superior kind
AND
SELLING AT COST
AT BUTLER'S.
Goderich 19th Aug, 1870. sw194

CLOSING OUT!!
A. MARTIN,
—o—
in view of changing his business, has determined on
SELLING OUT
his whole stock of Dry-goods at cost.
THIS IS NO HUMBUG
TO RECEIVE PEOPLE & THEN SELL THEM GOODS?
At the Usual rates,
But an actual clearing OFF;
AND PARTIES WISHING TO
SECURE BARGAINS
—will—
SAVE 20 per CENT
—BY—
CALLING AND PURCHASING FROM A. MARTIN
(Next door to A. Smith's Clothing Store Market Square.)
Goderich, Dec. 20th. 1870. sw37-tf—

IMPORTAN NOTICE.
F. R. MANN,
House Sign & Carriage Painter,
DESIRES TO ACQUAINT THE PUBLIC THAT he has fitted up a shop on North street next to the Wesleyan Methodist Church, with varnish room attached where he is prepared to fill all orders promptly, and at reasonable prices. Thankful for the patronage of the last 7 years solicits a continuance of the same.
Now is the time to Paint your Cutters Sleighs, and Carriages.
Orders from country Carriage shops attended to with dispatch.
Sign Painting, Gilding, Graining, Glazing, Paperhanging, &c., &c.
F. R. MANN.
Goderich, Aug, 15, 1870 sw1

Money to Lend.

MONEY TO LEND
At Greatly reduced Rates of Interest.
THE undersigned has any amount of money to loan from two to fifteen years, at a low rate of interest and favourable terms of repayment, payable by yearly instalments or if expenses will defy competition.
HORACE HORTON
Appraiser for the Canada Permanent Building & Savings Society, of Toronto.

INSURANCE CARD
The Subscriber is agent for the following first-class Insurance Companies
PHOENIX of London, England.
HARTFORD of Hartford.
PROVINCIAL of Toronto.
BRITISH AMERICA, of Toronto.
Fire & Marine business done [at the lowest rates
HORACE HORTON
Office Market Square, Goderich.
Sept 26th, 1870. w36-1y.

MONEY TO LEND
ON EASY TERMS
[INCORPORATED] THE A. D. 1864
HURON & ERIE SAVINGS & LOAN SOCIETY.
CAPITAL, - - - - $700,000.
THIS SOCIETY ADVANCES MONEY ON SECURITY of Real Estate, and on Terms very favorable to borrowers.
NO LAWYERS' COSTS ARE CHARGED
The Society pays its Solicitor's charges. Any sum of money, from $200 upwards, is lent for any number of years from one to fifteen. Money may be obtained at any time with little or no delay, beyond the time occupied in investigating the title and preparing the Mortgage, the cost of which is paid by the Society. The full amount of the loan is advanced, no deduction being made for commission or other charges, which often add so materially to the cost of a loan from other Societies or from individuals. The borrower can repay his loan by yearly, half-yearly, or monthly payments. The periodical instalments include, besides interest, a small sum for principal, and they are so divided that by their payment the debt is entirely extinguished, and the mortgage discharged at the end of the time stipulated.
EXAMPLE. A Borrower obtains $200 for 15 years; he pays $20.70 each year, and at the end of the time his Mortgage is paid off. The rapidly increasing business of this Society is the best indication of the favor with which it is regarded by the farming community, and its popularity will become greater as the merits of its system of lending become better known and understood. By the small payments of principal included in the yearly instalment, the borrower gradually, and without trouble, pays off his loan—thus avoiding the risk of losing his property, which is often happens when the principal falls due in a large sum at the end of the term. He can, at any time, pay off his loan in advance on favorable terms (which can be settled at any monthly meeting by the Directors, on the application of the borrower,) and interest at six per cent. per annum will be allowed on all payments in advance.
Full particulars and loan table may be obtained at the Society's Office, or by letter postpaid, addressed to the Secretary, or from any of the Society's valuators
CHARLES FLETCHER, Valuator at Goderich

$30,000 TO LEND ON THE SECURITY OF **Real Property** IN THE **COUNTY OF HURON,** at 6 per cent. by **DOYLE & SQUIER,** Barristers, Goderich. sw34 6m Aug 15, 1870

$200 TO $2000
ON MORTGAGE, REPAYABLE BY INSTALments (not in advance) in from 2 to 15 years.
Monthly 5 per cent
½ Yearly 6 " "
Yearly 7 " "
Apply to
F. F. WALKER
Solicitor &c.,
Goderich 23 January 1871. sw44-2m

MONEY to LEND
ON a day's notice and on reasonable terms.
J. S. SINCLAIR, Bar
Goderich, Nov. 23rd, 1870. sw28-3m—

Money to Lend.
On easy terms Apply to
B. L. DOYLE,
Savage's new Rock
Goderich Aug 15. 1870 sw1

MONEY
AT
EIGHT PER CENT
LENT ON MORTGAGE.
Apply at
WM. R. BAIN'S
Chancery and Law Office, Crabb's block, Goderich.
Goderich. Aug 15th, 1870. sw1

Money to Loan on Real Estate,
APPRAISER to the Trustand Loan Company of Upper Canada,
O M TRUEMAN,
Market Square Goderich

MONEY TO LEND ON IMPROVED FARMS
IN sums from $200 upwards at low rates of interest Charges moderate, apply to
BEATTY CHADWICK & LASH,
Solicitors, 58 King Street East, Toronto.
January 21st, 1870. sw44-2m—

GODERICH COMMON SCHOOLS.

ORAL EXAMINATIONS.

We had the pleasure, during a great part of Wednesday and Thursday, of going the rounds of the shools and listening to the oral examinations, conducted by the teachers and others, at which the parents are supposed to be present, for the purpose of testing the efficiency of the teaching by the progress of the pupils. We were sorry to see so few parents there. A teacher's work is a very arduous and a very noble one—a work which salary does not altogether compensate. The very least parents could do would be to show a genuine and continued interest in the school and the teacher, where and by whom their children are being moulded for future honor and usefulness. We were very much pleased with the general appearance of the schools and the pupils. If Young Canada does not grow up to be a glorious nation, it will not be for want of educational facilities, and these too afforded at the season when the mind is most impressible. It is particularly gratifying to notice the progress of the pupils, which is all that could be expected from the ages they have reached. It is very seldom you see in any room, a boy and girl, whose education has been neglected at the proper time, towering head and shoulders over all the rest.

WARD SCHOOLS.

WEST ST. SCHOOL (Miss Newton.) There were 68 scholars present, all well-behaved, and giving evidence of careful teaching. Mr. Miller, the Principal, examined the school shortly, and was well pleased with its condition.

ST. DAVID'S WARD SCHOOL (Miss McMahon.) The examination was conducted by Dr. McLean, L. S. and Mr. Miller. 94 children were present. The reading was very fair, but that of the girls much better than the boys.' All were well-drilled in spelling, and had a good comprehension of the subject of the lesson. The answers on the Multiplication Table were ready and generally correct. This is an important foundation for future acquirements in arithmetic. The discipline was excellent. Every time we see this beautiful schoolhouse, we approve of the public spirit exhibited by the Board in its construction. We should like to see them complete their work, by seating the room more comfortably.

EAST STREET SCHOOL.—(Miss Longworth.), The lady who has raised this school to its acknowledged pre-eminence is, we are sorry to say, suffering from severe indisposition. The school is at present very efficiently taught by Miss Lester. The order was perfect. About 80 children were present. The examination was conducted by Mr. McLean, L. S. and Mr. Miller. Reading and spelling exercises were very creditable and the questions on the Multiplication table well answered. At the close the Revds R. Ure and W. S. Blackstock expressed their gratification at the state of the school.

CENTRAL SCHOOL.

MISS LOGAN'S ROOM—The number of children present was 68. The reading here was good. In spelling there was a strict competition. The scholars were ranged round the room and required to answer without hesitation; every one failing to answer, or answering erroneously, having to sit down. 19 boys and 16 girls, or over half the class, stood the test of several rounds.

MISS DIXON'S ROOM—The scholars attending the examination were 58. Discipline seemed to be well maintained. The reading lessons were clearly enunciated, with good attention to pauses. Several pupils, specially called-up, read with not a little taste and feeling.

MISS MCLELLAN'S ROOM—The pupils in this room numbered 70. The reading was very fair. In spelling only five mistakes were made, in a lengthy exercise, while we were present. By request, the Rev. W. S. Blackstock, in a few happy remarks, presented the following prizes on behalf of Miss McLellan:—

Reading—Dora Leonard.
Spelling—Clara Dark.
Arithmetic—Sarah Sherman.
Geography—Charles Kerr.

MISS TRAINER'S ROOM 67 scholars were here, who acquitted themselves well in reading and spelling (the exercises most attention was paid to) and seemed thoroughly under the control of their teacher.

Great interest in these rooms was manifested by Mr. Preston, of the High School, Dr. McLean, L. S. and Mr. William Kay, who with much tact tested the progress of the pupils, with which they were highly pleased. More parents were present here than has been usual at the examinations conducted at this season. We want to see still more taking an interest in the important matter of Juvenile Education. The singing in all these rooms was very pleasing. One song taught by Miss Trauer, calling forth a good deal of bodily exercise, seemed specially relished by the children.

THURSDAY.—Visitors were more numerous to-day. Dr. McLean L. S., Mr. Preston, Mr. William Kay, Rev. R. Ure and Mr. Peter Adamson superintended the examinations.

MR. MILLER'S ROOM in the forenoon proved itself well-up in Grammar, Reading, and Spelling. The Algebra was very good. The specimens of Writing exhibited round the walls were really creditable. The boys had two very superior copies, but the penmanship of the girls was, on the whole, more conspicuous for general neatness and taste.

MR. PATTERSON'S ROOM seems well-conducted and making good progress. The Parsing, Analysis and Spelling were very good, and the correctness of writing to dictation marked.

MISS BAILEY'S ROOM is also doing favorably. We were quite pleased with the quickness and intelligence of the pupils. We had only an opportunity of hearing the parsing, in which there was only an occasional mistake.

In the afternoon the three last rooms were also examined in History Arithmetic, and Geography.

Mr Preston examined Mr. Miller's room in History, and got a correct answer to every question. Mr. Radenhurst conducted the examination in Geography, which was equally satisfactory.

After which there was Military drill. The quickness and precision of the evolutions testified to the good results the weekly practice of the health-giving exercise is producing.

The following statement by the Principle shows the continued progress of the school.

	JANUARY.		
1871 on the 1870 Roll	530 / 625	Average attendance	570 / 457
Increase 1871,	105		113
	FEBRUARY.		
1871 On the 1870 Roll	762 / 655	Average attendance	622 / 543
Increase for 1871,	107		79
	MARCH		
1871 On the 1870 Roll	789 / 667	Average attendance	619 / 523
Increase for 1871,	122		96

We would urge on the teachers the essential importance of paying, if possible, more attention to spelling. The standard of admission to the High School having been so raised that no candidate misspelling a word can be admitted, boys and girls, who are not well drilled in this respect, may be kept back from prosecuting a higher education for many months. Once more we would say to ratepayers, go to the schools, see the children at work, and you will ever after pay your school-tax without a grumble.

The Late Joel Dean.

The melancholy manner of Mr Dean's death will still be fresh in the memory of our townsmen, as also the large procession which followed him to the grave and the sadly solemn rites performed over it. To the masonic fraternity in particular, the following correspondence between D. D. G. M. Isaac F. Toms and the departed brother's mother-lodge will be of much interest:—

Office of the District Deputy Grand Master, A. F. A. A. M. Grand Lodge of Canada, for Huron District, Goderich, Nov., 1870.

DEAR SIR AND WORSHIPFUL BROTHERS:—Brother Joel Dean who was at one time, as I am informed, a member of your Lodge, was murdered in the month of September last about 60 miles from this place. His body was found about two weeks afterwards and brought to Goderich. Bro. Dean had resided here for the last three years, and by his gentlemanly and quiet deportment had become a universal favorite.

As he was known to me to be a Mason I requested the Worshipful Master of Goderich Lodge No. 34 and Maitland Lodge No. 112 to call an emergency meeting of their respective Lodges for the purpose of interring our deceased brother with Masonic honors. On Sunday the 10th September the brethren met and under my directions proceeded to the late residence of Brother Dean and accompanied his remains to the cemetery, where the last beautiful and solemn rites of our Order were rendered by R. W. Brother A. McKidd, Past Grand Chaplain of the G. L. of Canada.

I should have communicated with you before but did not until now know the name of Brother Dean's lodge.

The funeral was one of the largest I have ever seen, being attended by Masons from every part of my district.

Brother Dean leaves a widow and one child to mourn his loss. I enclose a paper with an account of the trial of the murderer.

Believe me to remain, Dear sir and W. Bro
Yours Fraternally,
ISAAC F. TOMS,
District Deputy G. M. Huron District
Grand L. Canada.

To W. Bro. L. H. Prosser, W. M. Union Lodge 334, Bradford, M'Kean Co., Pa.

At a regular meeting of Union Lodge 334, Bradford, Pa., held Dec. 8th 1870 the following preamble and resolutions were passed:

Whereas, The Right Worshipful Isaac F. Toms, District Deputy Grand Master A. F. A. A. M. Grand Lodge of Canada for Huron District has notified his Lodge of the untimely death of Brother Joel Dean by violence and

Whereas, The letter containing the sad intelligence is the best mode of communicating the news to the numerous friends of our departed Brother.

Resolved, That a copy of the letter be forwarded to the McKean *Miner* with a request that it be published in connection with the following resolutions:—

Resolved, That by the death of Brother Joel Dean this Lodge has been deprived of the influence of a worthy Brother whose energy, industry and sobriety reflected credit on the craft and illustrated the teachings of Masonry, but they are consoled to know that he has passed from life to be RAISED to immortality.

Resolved, That we bow in submission to the will of Him who ruleth in the Earth and without whose notice not even a sparrow falls to the ground—sensible that "He doeth all things well."

Resolved, That to the widow and orphan of our departed Brother we tender our sympathies and assurances of all the care and aid enjoined by our GRAND MASTER.

Cure for Snake Bites.

A man, belonging to one of the Indian tribes of the Orinoco, who was well known about Bogota and that part of the country towards the Meta, for his skill in curing snake bites, in a quarrel murdered a man, for which he was taken and tried before the tribunals of Cundinamarca and sentenced to death. His lawyer interested himself with the Government to grant him a pardon in exchange for the secret with which he had been so successful in saving so many people bitten by snakes, which was agreed to, provided it was not published until after his death. The composition of the remedy was that to a bottle of the strongest alcohol; (35 deg. at least,) the contents of the gall bladder of every poisonous species of snake he could get was added to it. The dose of this tincture was a thimbleful, and to be applied to the wound as well. This remedy has lately been tried in Veraguas with the best effects. It has only lately been known here, though throughout the interior its virtues have been proved in so many cases that it is the standard remedy. The Indian laborers who go into the woods barelegged rub the remedy on their leather sandals, and in the inside of their hats as preventives. A gentleman, an indigo planter, from Veraguas from whom we obtained much corroborative information on this subject, was a guest of the President of the State here, who also said there could be no doubt of the superiority of this preparation over Ammonia, Cedron, Guaco and other bitters from the vegetable kingdom usually had recourse to in snake bites.—*Pana Star.*

The Civil War in France

—o—
A DESPERATE BATTLE FOUGHT.
—o—
THE INSURGENTS DEFEATED.
—o—
NO MERCY TO THE RINGLEADERS.
—o—
A NUMBER CAPTURED AND SHOT.
—o—
THE VERSAILLES ARMY TO ENTER PARIS TO-DAY.
—o—
CONFLICTING ACCOUNTS.

London, April 4.—The *Times* special says a great battle was commenced at six in the morning by the Nationals under command of Gen. Bergeret, who at ten o'clock, asked for reinforcements from Paris.

The unexpected cannonade of Valerien threw the Nationals into confusion, and it is asserted that the fellowing is now the situation:—Bergeret with 15,000 men, was completely cut off. Then Flourens was purposely permitted to effect a junction with him, and Flourens and Bergeret with 45,000 men must surrender, or fight at the greatest disadvantage.

Daily News despatches confirm the rout of the insurgents, who proved great blustering cowards, and who expected that Fort Valerien would fraternize with them.

The Pontifical Zouaves shot all prisoners instantly.

The *Telegraph's* correspondent reports that he saw Gen. Henry killed by a shell from Mont Valerien, and that Bergeret's carriage and horses were destroyed in the same manner. The men were thrown into a panic stricken rout.

Versailles, April 4.—Thiers, in a proclamation to the Prefects of Departments, says:—"On Monday, the insurgent masses attacked our forces simultaneously at several points, by whom they were repulsed. Gen. Vinoy, with cavalry, outflanked the insurgents and they fled in complete rout, leaving many of their dead and wounded in the hands of the government troops.'

Thiers says that the government will exercise clemency towards all who have been blindly misled, but will punish with severity all the ringleaders. The insurrection is important.

Paris, April 4.—The *Cri de People* announces that the Nationals have maintained the positions which they conquered yesterday at Le Bas, Meudon, Bougeval and before Fort D'Issy.

The Communists claim to have won a victory yesterday.

Versailles, April 4.—A circular issued to day by Picard to the Prefects of Department announces the victory of the Assemblists in a conflict before Paris. The redoubt at Chatillon held by the insurgents was captured this morning by the forces of the government, with two thousand prisoners, including Gen. Henry. Gen Duval was shot.

The troops are becoming more than ever exasperated at the resistance shown by the insurgents.

A despatch from Marseilles says order has been restored, and that the troops have entered the town.

The *World's* special, dated Versailles, April 4, says:—To-day the Government troops again completely defeated the remnant of the Communists, taking many thousands prisoners and all their artillery, and destroying their army. Gen. Vinoy's troops enter Paris to-morrow or Thursday.

New York, April 4.—The following is a special, dated Paris, Monday evening:—About four o'clock yesterday afternoon after great preparations, the National insurgents commenced passing out of Neuilly gate, in all fifty thousand men. Gen. Bergeret, Flourens and Menotti Garibaldi commanding. It was understood that Fort Valerien would not fire. About 6 o'clock the Artrillery was all in front, and Gen. Bergeret advanced with ten thousand men, when suddenly Valerien opened fire, killing commandant Henry. Gen Bergeret had just got out of his carriage when the vehicle was smashed by a bombshell. The wildest scene ensued. The troops tried to retreat. The main body left Bergeret alone with ten thousand men. He tried to fight with field artillery against Valerien, but it was useless. Commandant got into the city. But Bergeret and his men are cut off and cannot pass Valerien. The main body escaped with a loss of one hundred men, but Bergeret must lose large numbers. Altogether there are twelve thousand men killed, wounded and missing including Bergeret's force. The communist troops, under arms, number one hundred and fifty thousand. Tremendous excitement prevails.

Versailles, April 4. noon.—(Official.) Yesterday two corps of insurgents advanced towards Versailles, one via Mendon and Chatillon, and the other by the way of Rueil. Both were routed with heavy loss, and Flourens was killed. The troops, whose expected defection constituted the hopes of the insurgents behaved nobly. The insurgents in North Vanvres and Issy fired on the troops today. The government forces have just attacked the insurgents, and a speedy and complete success is anticipated.

The Cat O'Nine Tails.

TWO BOYS FLOGGED AT HAMILTON.

[From the Hamilton Times of Monday.]

The sentance of the Court upon the two boys, John Collins, and Sylvester Glue *alias* Canal, convicted of indecent assault, was carried out at Court House at 3 o'clock this afternoon, in the presence of the sheriff, jail-surgeon, jailor, representative of the *Times* and *Spectator*, and other officials of the jail. At 3 o'clock the boys were brought out of their cells, and, with the fear of the punishment that awaited them, began crying. The surgeon made an examination as to the condition of the two boys, and pronounced them as in a fit state to receive the sentance of the law. They were then escorted to the woodshed, on the West side of the Court House, where a rack had been previously arranged. To this Sylvester Glue, *alias* Sylvester Canal was first strapped, after having been stripped to the waist. He stood with his face to the rack, hands and feet extended toward either side, and supported in front by his clothes, to prevent too severe friction to that part of his chest which would otherwise come in contact with the rough rack. On his left hand side stood the party selected to administer the whipping, having in his hand the lashes, which were eight or nine in number, fastened to a handle several inches in length. The larger boy John Collins, was so placed that he could obtain a full view of the punishment to which he was shortly to submit. The Sheriff then ordered the lashes to be applied, which were administered in moderation. The tender back of the little boy soon showed the crimson color, and when the full complement was received, numerous blisters appeared on the right side of his back. During the application of the lashes, the boy rent the air with his screams, and imploring cries of "Oh! my mother!" and "Doctor! oh, Doctor!" He was immediately released, and the larger boy, John Collins, was strapped and stripped to the frame. In his case as in that of the smaller boy the lashes were moderately applied and counted by the Sheriff as they were given. The lor took it if anything harder than the little fellow. He writhed fearfully under each successive strike, and besought the party holding the lash to wait a minute.' The effect of the lashes was as apparent in this case as in the other, though the blisters were not so soon occasioned, raised more gradually. As soon as the whipping ceased his crying changed to moaning. The boys were then ordered to their cells, and the attending surgeon ordered a cooling notion to be immediately applied. They will be dismissed from custody this evening if it should be found that they are in a fit condition. This is the first case of lashing under the new law in this city, and we entertain no doubt that the effect will be most wholesome as a future preventative of juvenile crime here.

Crack Shots, Attention!

Our County Council did the handsome and liberal thing, when they granted $100.00 towards defraying the expenses of the Wimbledon team. It strikes us that some of the scores made at our county and local rifle matches are fully equal to the highest recorded anywhere. Might it not be possible to gather for the brows of old Huron a share of the laurels to be dispensed in England to the best riflemen of Great and Greater Britain? How many of our volunteers, keen of eye, strong of muscle and steady of nerve, will go down to the preliminary competition to be held at London on 27th and 28th inst? Hoping that Huron will be represented in the "Forest City," and do so well there as to have at least one representative sent to the grand gathering at Wimbledon, we publish below the conditions of the preliminary competitions:—

1st. Preliminary competitions for admission to the teams will be held simultaneously in each of the four military districts in the Province of Ontario, on Thursday and Friday, the 27th and 28th of April next, viz, at London, Toronto, Kingston and Ottawa.

2nd. The following gentlemen will have full charge of the competition in their respective localities, viz,—Lieu-col. Moffatt at London; Lieut-Col. Gilmor at Toronto; Major Phillips at Kingston, and Lieut Col. Forrest at Ottawa.

3rd. Candidates for admission to the team must report in uniform to the officer in charge at the range, in their respective district, and must be furnished with a certificate from the commanding officer to the effect that they are efficient volunteers.

4th. Competitors are to use the three-grooved long Snider-Enfield; will provide their own ammunition and bear whatever expense they may incur through attendance at the match.

5th. Competitors will have seven rounds each at 200, 500 and 600 yards twice on each day, and will be allowed two sighting shots at each range at each practise.

6th. Targets at 200 yards, 6 ft x 4 ft. bullseye 8 in. centre 2 ft. Targets at 500 and 600 yards, 6 ft. x 6 ft., bullseye 2 ft, centre 4 ft. Bullseye to count, 4, centre, 3, and outer, 2.

7th. Position any, except at the 600 yards range, which must be from the shoulder, standing.

8th. The final competition will take place at Toronto on the 9th, 10th 11th and 12th of May. Regulations regarding which will be published hereafter.

JAS. A. SKINNER,
Capt. "Ontario Team."

What Killed Artemus Ward.

I thought I ought not to conclude an article without letting the reader know why this bright and genial spirit is no longer here to add to the world's enjoyment. Well this is the reason: Whenever he lectured whether in New England, California or London, there was sure to be a knot of young fellows to gather around him, go home with him to his hotel, order supper and spend half the night in telling stories and singing songs. To any man this will be fatal in time; but when a nightly carouse follows an evening performance before an audience, and is succeeded by a railway journey the next day, the waste of vitality is fearfully rapid. Five years of such a life finished poor Charles Brown. He died in London in 1867, aged thirty-three years and was buried at the home of his childhood in Maine.

He was not a deep drinker. He was not a man of strong appetites. It was the night wasted in conviviality, which his system needed for sleep, that sent him to the grave forty years before his time. For men of his profession and cast of character, for all editors, literary men and artists, there is only one safety—teetotalism. He should have taken the advice of a stage driver on the plains to whom he once offered whiskey; and I commend it strongly to the countless hosts who see this paper every week:

'I don't drink! won't drink! and don't like to see anybody else drink; I am of the opinion of those mountains—keep your top cool. They've got snow and I've got brains that's all the difference'—(Jas. Patton.)

An eccentric man in Massachusetts has made and published his will. He gives his body after his death to Prof. Agassiz and Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, to be placed in the museum at Cambridge, but directs that two drum-heads shall be made of his skin, on which "Yankee Doodle" shall be beaten at the base of Bunker Hill Monument, annually at sunrise on the 17th of June.

Kansas city reports a lady as passing along the main street of that town composedly puffing a cigar, whilst her husband a meek-looking personage, walked behind carrying the baby.

Watches and Clocks repaired at Smart's cheap—the work guaranteed.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, APRIL 13th, 1871.

THE RAILWAY QUESTION.

We publish, in another column, the *Expositor*'s report of a Railway meeting at Seaforth on Thursday last; the conclusion come to being to recommend the calling of a special meeting of the County Council to consider the propriety of giving the London scheme a 'County bonus.' This, by the majority of those present, was advocated as the most 'just and feasible' way of aiding the undertaking. There are several things we should like to know:—

1st. The details of the surveys that have been made in this county, and the comparative cost of various routes.

2nd. The route that has been determined on; if it is commercially the proper one; and if it will, at the smallest cost, give railway facilities to the largest number of Townships at present destitute of such.

3rd. The amount of bonus the projectors ask for; if they have had confidence enough in the financial success of the scheme to invest their own money in it and how much; the guarantees they give that the work will be completed; and what the City of London, which will be specially benefitted, is to contribute to the undertaking by way of bonus.

We presume those who proposed to go to the expense of having a special meeting of the County Council called must have had authoritative information on these points, which they will be prepared to submit to the Council, and which we should like to have the benefit of.

The principle of granting money to undertakings, before the location and cost have been settled and other information fully ventilated, has been so sweepingly reprobated by the people, that the County Council could not venture to do what Government has been condemned for doing.

We are satisfied the most amicable mode of arranging the matter would be for each Township specially interested to offer to pay according to its ability and the advantages to accrue to it, which the County might to some extent supplement. We should imagine from the style in which the *Expositor* is digging the spur into the ribs of Tuckersmith and McKillop, that these Townships are quite well satisfied with their present railway accommodation. Morris we should judge, if the route is fixed by Seaforth and Ainleyville, will be decidedly divided in opinion. Howick and Turnberry, unless they have changed their mind, would prefer the Hamilton to the London line. Really therefore, the only Townships likely to be strongly in favor of the London line under the rumored conditions, would be Usborne, Hay, Stephen and Grey, and the unanimity even in these would depend materially on how the line passed through them. When the ratepayers refused to give $40,000 to purchase the Northern Gravel Road, on the plea that it would only benefit Wawanosh, Colborne and part of Ashfield, we do not see, with our present light, how they could consistently vote the modest sum of $250,000 talked about, as a bonus to a line whose rumored route would only benefit a small section of the County. If Tuckersmith and McKillop are indifferent, what must Stanley, Goderich, Ashfield, Colborne and Wawanosh be? We hope the initiated will supply us with the knowledge we at present lack.

Storm Brewing.

"*It* was but natural to suppose that whichever route the London, Huron and Bruce Railway adopted, it would incur the hostility of those places it did not touch.—And so it turns out. The Clinton papers begin to pour contempt upon the undertaking, to dispute its basis, to abuse some of the directors of the road, and to call in question the advisability of entertaining the enterprise at all. Up to the time that the route was provisionally selected, going by the way of Seaforth, matters at Clinton were smooth enough. Now a storm has blown up, and people are warned of coming disaster. No doubt the directors who have made the location would have been most happy to have made Clinton a point upon the route. But they had something more to do than to try and be pleasant to communities. They had to consider not only the building of road but the traffic likely to accrue after it is built. From this point of view, the route *via* Seaforth has been thought to be the most advisable. By the adoption of it a larger field for operations will be open, the area from which business will be drawn more extended. We see that the route by Clinton is spoken of as the "central route," and much stress is laid upon it for that reason. But while it may be more central municipally as regards Huron, it would not be so central as the way by Seaforth as regards business flowing to it. The boundaries of a municipality are arbitrary, and cannot prevent trade taking a direction suitable to the necessities of it. By going a little to the east, by Seaforth, the road is made more central geographically, though less so in a municipal sense. Seeing these things, it is to be hoped that no rancorous feeling will be indulged, much less reflexions of a personal kind imported into a discussion which is purely one of a commercial kind. The railway directors are most anxious to do all in their power to promote the interests of the railway. Individually they can have no possible preference for Seaforth over Clinton, and if the road is eventually built by the former it will not be out of any hostility to the latter place."

The above we find in the *Free Press* of 10th inst, which, we imagine, puts the question in an honest London light. The route of the railway by Seaforth is not it appears located with a view to the fullest development of Huron, and is therefore admittedly not central "in a municipal sense," but [illegible] geographically, in relation to the territory from which traffic is expected. [illegible] therefore, which is to be developed, should contribute towards the construction of the Railway, and municipalities in Huron only be asked for their share. If we understand the present position, parts of Perth and Wellington are intended to be as much benefitted as part of Huron, and more benefitted than most of Huron, but we have not heard that these counties or their border townships have as yet offered, or been asked for, bonuses.

Pepper Away.

The Government *Gossip*, of this town, defeated in conflict and foiled in argument, has now opened its columns to slanderous contributions attacking the private character of the Editor of this paper. Every time North Huron returns a sterling reformer, we are ready to patiently endure the vilification and abuse of the rejected aspirant, and to accept such as a higher testimonial than even the praise of friends. Pepper away! A majority of 474 in our side is sufficient antidote to any amount of slander.

That Libel Suit.

We are very glad that the Jury failed to agree in the Libel suit—Mr Josiah Blackburn of the *Free Press* against Mr John Cameron of the *Advertiser* for $5000 damages. We should have been better pleased still if the two jurymen who favored the plaintiff had seen with the other ten and giving the case in favor of the defence. As it is, Mr Cameron will have to pay his own expenses, which will no doubt amount to a Considerable sum. There should certainly be *esprit de corps* enough among journalists, though they may be arrayed on opposite sides of politics, to prevent them from attacking each other in such an unseemly way. If the *Free Press* publishers were libelled in the advertisement appearing in the *Advertiser* over the signature of Mr. Cornish, he, as a responsible man, should have been the party prosecuted. We hope, for that reason, the case of Mr Stephen Blackburn against the same defendant, appointed for hearing on Friday next, will be decided against the plaintiff. We decidedly agree with the *Leader* "that when journals are attacked by journalists, both standing on an equal footing as to the means of righting himself right before the public, it would be as well that the courts should be avoided." We further think that when responsible parties wish to publish, either by letter or advertisement, matter that may bear the complexion of libel, curious journalists would be wise to get from such parties a written guarantee that they will bear the pecuniary consequences of such publication.

Town Talk.

KNOX'S CHURCH.—We are requested to state that several young men of this congregation are getting up the third of the series of Social Re-unions. It will be held in the basement, on Thursday 13th instant. An interesting programme is being prepared and a large attendance is invited. The proceeds go towards the liquidation of the Church debt.

THE HURON BASE-BALL CLUB—The members will please meet in the British Exchange, on Wednesday, at 8 p. m. sharp.

IN MEMORIAM.—On Friday last, we had an opportunity of inspecting the monument erected in the Maitland Cemetery, at the grave of the lamented partner of our much-esteemed townsman, Rev Robert Ure. It is from the works of Mr John Davidson, Guelph, through Mr Michael Moran, his agent here, and is a handsome square column of pure, white marble, some 10 feet high, tapering towards the top. The apex is covered with sculptured drapery and surmounted by a burning lamp, of oriental design. The inscription is as follows:—"In memory of Margaret Gale, wife of Rev. Robert Ure, born July 15, 1815, died Dec. 27th, 1869. Erected as a token of affectionate remembrance, by members and adherents of Knox's Church, Goderich."

SALT FOR CHICAGO.—Mr. Platt, with his usual indomitable energy that never will say die, is making the effort to open up a market for our salt in the United States. He has sent the *Jenny Bumbell* to Chicago with a full cargo in bulk, and we look for the result with much interest. If there is anything like a profit on it, the course for our manufacturers will be clear.

PERSONAL.—M. C. Cameron, Esq., M. P., has returned to town for the Easter holidays.

THE BATTALION BAND.—We were very much delighted, on the afternoon of Good Friday, once more to hear our Band playing on the square, under the able leadership of Mr Duckham. Though not a full muster, the playing was excellent and showed the results of assiduous practice during the winter months. May they long blow on and never be "blowed."

UNSUCCESSFUL.—Mr Cameron did his duty by our salt interests, at the third reading of the Customs Amendment Bill. But it was no use! His amendment to strike out "salt" was lost by 113 nays to 37 yeas.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—A special meeting is called, by advertisement in another column, for Tuesday, 25th inst., at the Court-house Goderich, for the purpose of submitting a By-Law to the rate payers to grant a bonus to the London Huron and Bruce Railway. Ratepayers who wish to express their views, previous to the meeting, are welcome to the use of our columns.

VALUABLE BUSINESS STANDS.—We would call attention to the fact that the Postponed Sale of the lots, corner of Market Square and Hamilton Street, takes place to-morrow (Wednesday) at noon, at Mr Trueman's Sale Rooms.

PUTTING IN THE SEED.—In this vicinity the farmers have the greater part of their grain sown. The rain of Monday night will have been very opportune.

AURORA.—The northern lights were very brilliant on Sunday night, shining down from the zenith into a belt of inky cloud, which surrounded the horizon.

MILLINERY.—We would direct attention to Miss McConnell's advertisement, announcing the arrival of seasonable goods and a first-class milliner to make them up.

GODERICH TO RED RIVER.—The well-known, fast steamer *Chicora* is to be placed on this route. For particulars apply to John V. Detlor & Son. See advt.

LOYAL VOLUNTEER AND RATEPAYER, Communications too late for this week.

ENLARGEMENT.—We like to see people steadily spreading out. Mr. D. Ferguson has had his store enlarged to double its former capacity, to meet his increasing trade, and has had a storehouse 20 X 40 built behind it.

☞ We see that W. Hick has opened his office and will be in the office from 1 to 6 p. m.

MUSICAL TREAT IN PROSPECT.—We understand Mr. Charles Ferguson, the talented performer on the Irish Union Harmonic pipes will shortly favor us with an evening's entertainment. He has not played for a long time now in his own town, and we have no doubt he will receive a bumper house.

CATERPILLARS ON FRUIT TREES.—We would advise fruit-growers to examine their trees and ascertain if their are on them any embryo caterpillars. We understand those who have made such an examination have found their trees covered with the eggs of the destructive vermin, particularly in old leaves adhering to the branches. Be sure to take them off and burn them, at once, if you prefer fruit to caterpillars.

LACROSSE.—At a meeting held on Wednesday evening last for the purpose of forming a Lacrosse Club, it was proposed that W. T. Hays, Esq., be President, C. R. Dunsford, Vice President, and Alex Cameron, Secretary and Treasurer, and that the entrance fee be $1.00. Mr Cameron will call on the parties whose names are on the list; and persons wishing to join can do so by sending in their names and entrance fee to the Secretary. We hope to see a large club formed in this Town, so that we may be able to compete with the other clubs now formed in nearly every town in the Province. This being a national game every one should take an interest in it and endeavour to assist the young men in carrying it out.

☞ Buy your Groceries at Megaw & McLinn's next door to the Post Office.

VETERINARY.—We would direct attention to the advertisement of Messrs J. T. Duncan and A. M. Campbell, who are coming to Goderich to practice the art. They are young men of superior ability and attainments educated in the theory at Cornell University, with good opportunities of putting it in practice in Toronto and elsewhere.

SHADE TREES.—We are very much pleased with the public spirit of the Town Council in resolving to plant East and West Streets with shade trees. Their other action is also worthy of notice, viz:—To give a premium of 25 cents per tree for every ornamental tree planted and protected opposite property or residence, if alive at the end of two years. We hope property owners will now go into the beautifying of their property and help to enhance the appearance of the Town.

THE CONCERT of SACRED MUSIC in the Wesleyan Church, on Thursday evening, was a great success. The new organ answered all the expectations of those learned in such matters. Professor Blackburn's playing of "Home Sweet Home" was a ravishing performance. The vocal department was supplied by Mrs. Simms, Mrs. Thompson, Dr. Thompson and Mr. Dixie Watson with rare ability, to the intense gratification of the audience. After paying all expenses, the sum of $60.00 was realised.

AMBERLY.—Our friends there must know that Willie Campbell immortalised by our Amberly correspondent as "an honest tailor" has come to town to work for Mr. Hugh Dunlop, merchant Tailor.

BAYFIELD—Business is not very lively. Mr. Henry McCann has lately moved into Mr Joslin's old stand and keeps a good house. The fishing season has commenced favorably and the price is likely to be high. Some dealers from Buffalo offered $50 per 100 lbs delivered on the cars, for any quantity through the summer.

DRYSDALEVILLE—Mrs Drysdale keeps them here, assisted by her son Robert, in very comfortable style, and deserves the patronage of travellers. The village contains in addition a French Protestant Church, and a Blacksmith shop.

KINK—On Saturday, 9th inst., the new Presbyterian Church, just erected, was opened for Divine service. The collection was unboundedly liberal, on the part of Mr. Douglas, and the managers, and funds of other congregations also contributed liberally.

ZURICH—This village is progressing steadily. An R. C. Church and a Lutheran Church are both to be built this summer. Rev. Mr Schiller, Lutheran, on Sunday last, hinted the desirability of having a new Church erected, and with true German liberality a subscription list was immediately opened at once.

Our friend R. Brown, Esq., has just leased his house to Dr Moore, who is about to enter the State of matrimony. Friend Brown we counsel thee to go and do likewise.

Mr W. Hick, the enterprising proprietor of the Mills, has on hand a large quantity of logged lumber. In gristing he is also doing large business and his miller is making good flour, large returns and giving good satisfaction.

HAY.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—We very much regret to hear the death of Mr Richard Wilson, son of Wm Wilson Esq, the respected Township Clerk, which took place on Friday last. The cause of death was an accident from runaway team about a week before, which, notwithstanding the best medical treatment, terminated fatally. The funeral of the deceased was attended, on Saturday last, to Farncestown Cemetery, by a large circle of friends and neighbors, where the beautiful service of the Church of England of which he was a member, was read over the grave.

ACCIDENT FROM A PISTOL-SHOT. — A mysterious accident happened, last week, to a son of Mr W. H. We understand the young man was handling a pistol a pistol, which must have been accidentally discharged, the ball going through his head and resulting in death on Sunday last, after lingering a few days. An inquest was to be held on the body.

BREWSTER.—This locality is not advancing much in morality. The people of Stanley and Bolton sets gather here to celebrate their "independence" of the decalogue. From the liquors to the bend of the Sauble River for coal and maple sugar are abundant.

Dominion Paliament.

The House met at 3 o'clock, 8 April 1871.

After routine, a discussion arose on the Election Bill.

Mr Trembly spoke strongly in favor of voting by ballot, and introduced an amendment for the adoption of the ballot system in Canada.

Upon a division, the amendment was lost by a majority of 41. Yeas 39, nays 80. The ministers and their supporters voted against the amendment.

After recess, Mr Fournier resumed the debate on the Election Bill, and moved the reenactment of Sec. 82, Chap. 6, of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, to prevent corrupt practices at elections.

Sir G. E. Cartier accepted the amendment, and the House went into Committee on the Bill, which was reported with the amendment. The second reading was moved, when

Mr Dorion moved an amendment to the effect that all officers in the employ of the Dominion government shall be disqualified to vote at elections for members of the Commons, imposing a fine of $200 for each offence.

Sir G. E. Cartier objected to the amendment, as the Bill before the House was only a temporary measure.

Mr Blake moved an amendment to the amendment to provide for the disqualification in Nova Scotia of the same class of servants as are now disqualified in Ontario and Quebec. Lost. Yeas 47, nays 83.

Mr Blake again moved that as the election for the Dominion Parliament in Ontario and Quebec are held under the same rules as local elections, and whereas in New Brunswick the Dominion employes are qualified to vote, but the mode of voting is a secret, therefore the general elections in Nova Scotia shall be conducted under the same rules. Lost.

On preceding division, Hon Mr Dorion moved to the effect that all contested elections for the Commons be tried by a court of justice the same as controverted local elections in Ontario and New Brunswick, and the municipal elections in Quebec. Lost. Yeas, 50; nays, 80

Hon Mr Campbell moved, in amendment, to restore the franchised by Acts of the Local Legislature since Confederation.

Mr Blake moved, in amendment, to the effect that Revisors, in addition to their local duties, shall prepare lists of Dominion voters, taking care to include the names of persons disfranchised by Confederation.

Sir Geo. E Cartier suggested an amendment in Mr. Blake's motion, providing that if the time for making the revision had elapsed, it should be extended.

Mr. Blake's motion, as so amended, was adopted, and the House went into Committee on the Bill.

☞ Remember! Smart's is the place to buy or sell Greenbacks.

AMBERLY.

(From our own Correspondent.)

WEATHER—The weather in this locality during the past week, has been up to the mark, keeping steadily dry and clear, with beautiful sunshine by day, and pretty moonshine by night, but still maintaining a slight tendency to coldness throughout. The roads have at length become passable and the fields are getting into excellent condition for cultivation. The Maple sap season has seldom, in former years, been more favorable to the interests of those concerned in it; but being now about past, most people have quit their operations in that line of farming, and have gone after the prosecution of their various other homestead duties, such as ploughing, sheep-shearing and sucker-fishing. In a cursory way of surveying the state of matters, in connection with the general appearance of nature at present, I think there is every reason for placing entire confidence in the early development of spring, and the truthful auguries of Ayer's Sarsaparilla Almanac. The following verses on the approach of the vernal season are from the indefatigable pen of your old poetical correspondent W. BANNATYNE

ODE TO SPRING

Thou art coming, gentle spring!
With thy Zephyrs soft and sweet
Thro'the wood, and o'er the mountain
Whispering pleasure every where:
Thou art coming gentle spring,
Now to garnish each retreat
By shady glade and fountain
With thy wreaths and pearlings rare;
Clothed in dews and light thou'rt coming.
I can trace thee everywhere.

Thou art coming lovely spring
With thy incense, and thy light,
And the balmy inspirations
Which thy vernal presence yields
Thou art coming cheerful spring!
With thy train of glories bright
And thy sacred scintillations
To the forests and the fields,
And the songbirds hail thy coming
To the forests and the fields.

Thou art coming happy spring
With thy melody and mirth:
All vocal is the wildwood
With thy welcome back again!
Thou art coming happy spring
With thy gladness back to earth;
And the gems, and joys of childhood
Richly sparkling in thy train.
How joyous rings the wildwood,
With thy welcome back again!

Thou art near us blissful spring
With thy bounty-speaking smiles,
And thy hope inspiring radiance
Fresh from natures fountain drawn:
Thou art near us, blissful spring!
Hark! the Peasant, as he toils
Joins the universal cadence
As he tills the fertile lawn!
How he swels the rapturous cadence
As he tills the teeming lawn!

Thou art with us, Heavenly spring;
Full of promise—full of love,
Ever bright'ning, ever blessing
Is the progress of thy reign:
Thou art with us Heavenly spring!
From the angel-realms above
With thy rays of glory chacing
Each fell shade of doubt and pain;
Thou type of life immortal
That shall burst from death again.

POTATO FAILURE—The opening of potato heaps in these days reveals a very vexing state of things, the issue of dry rot and the other prevalent blights. Some of our neighbors have found almost their entire stock a complete mass of rottenness; and others have lost quantities, varying from fifty to a hundred bushels, which will doubtless seriously affect the public both now, and at the planting season, as seed potatoes will of necessity be very high in price, and in many instances not to be found on any consideration. Early varieties seem to have stood the winter much better than the cups, which latter indeed, for some years past, have been showing strong indications of becoming speedily extinct.

SHINGLE FACTORY—Mr. Pritchard's new shingle cutting apparatus is now in full going trim, and is turning out great quantities of the finest shingles we have ever yet seen manufactured by the sawing process. The community at large, who have for a long time past been at a great disadvantage in procuring the supplies needed, only require to tip him the order, and their demands will be forthcoming. *Instander.*

SUPPOSED BALLOON ACCIDENT—Our poetical friend, "The irrepressible Tailor," whose sojourn amongst us for several months past, was at the same time both amusing and profitable, having one day last week been suddenly overtaken by a romantic fit, either of love, or some such volatile epidemic, he inflated his baloon, and stepped into the boat, or basket of that volant vehicle, in which he is accustomed to surmount the difficulties of earths *muddy pathways*; and rising speedily above the altitude of his terrestrial compeers; set out on an aerial ramble, in hopes to cull a choice selection of ethereal matter, wherewith to embellish a new Ballad which he intended composing on the subject of another slighted love aventure, which lately befel him in the vicinity of Amberly. He passed over our premises on the evening of Thursday last, and as no tidings of his landfall, could since be obtained; it has become a question of some gravity amongst his numerous friends and admirers, whether he has indeed literally gone to the moon, or, what is perhaps as likely; that his mysterious absence may be the result of having got blown away into the bosom of the *broad lake*, where he would, in all probability, soon get *Cabbaged* by the *Sturgeons*!

WAYSIDE ACCOMODATION—The Kintail Inn, Ashfield, having recently become the property of our respected neighbour, Mr. Alex. McCrae, is now well fitted up, and furnished in every department, with the necessary accomodation of bed, board, refreshments and stabling, for the service of passengers. From what we know of Mr. and Mrs. McCrae's natural courtesy, and genuine straightforwardness of principle, we feel no hesitation in assuring the surrounding public, as well as travellers, that every attention will be given to those patronizing their establishment. In fact, there are very few Wayside Inns in the County of Huron, provided with a more courteous landlord, and landlady, or yet with a more adequate supply of viands, liquors and other refreshments, than *The Half way House at Kintail.*

Gaud prosper lang my auld frein' Sandy
May rowth be ready at his hand aye;
May best yill, usquebae and brandy
Extol his bar:
And ne er may loafer, rogue nor randy
His comforts mar.

STANLEY.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at Mr. Morgan's Hotel, Bayfield, on Monday, the 3rd April. All the members present, minutes of last meeting read and approved.

A petition presented from the Trustees of the Bayfield School Section, praying the council to rescind a By-law passed on the 18th Oct 1858 which separated a part from the Bayfield section and annexed it to No. 3. Action to be taken on this petition next meeting of the council.

A strong delegation from Brucefield, headed by Mr. Brigs praying the council to submit a by law to a vote of the ratepayers, offering a bonus to the London, H. & B. railroad to induce it to approach Brucefield. Application from the Revd. Mr. Collins for remuneration of expenses incurred and injuries sustained to his horse by a hole in a culvert. Moved by Geo Castle, sec. by Thos. Keys, that the petition of the Trustees of the Bayfield school liencer till next meeting of the council to allow the members to consider the new act. Carried. Moved by Thos Keys, sec by Dr. Woods, that Geo Anderson be transferred from his beat on the 7th con. to the side-line between lots 5 & 6 extending along blind line to Townline, and that he be pathmaster in that beat. Carried. Moved by Dr. Woods, sec by Geo Castle, that this council grant half the cost of a bridge over James Logan's creek, provided the cost be not over $30 for a bridge, and provided the Reeve pay the other half out of his road appropriation for 1871. Carried. Moved by Dr. Woods, sec. by Geo Castle, that this council publish and submit a by-law for the consideration of the rate-payers for a grant in aid of the London, Huron & Bruce Railroad—say $6000.—if the line be carried to within three quarters of a mile of Brucefield and a Station maintained at that point, or $10,000 if the line be extended to within a similar distance of Clinton and a Station there maintained, provided also that no county grant be made for the railroad, and provided lastly that the road be constructed before the money be paid. Carried. Moved by Thos Keys, sec. by Dr Woods, that $10.62 be paid to Geo Stephenson for gravel taken to date. Carried. Moved by Geo Castle, sec by Thos Keys, that the clerk be instructed to direct the pathmasters to have all creeks and ditches opened and cleared of drift wood and other obstructions in their beats; and the clerks to get 150 copies of this motion printed and one sent to each pathmaster. Carried. Moved by Dr. Woods, sec by Thos Keys, that a By-law be framed and passed to prohibit all parties from taking or using any timber, gravel, stone or other material off the public highways or roads, save by the authority in writing of the Reeve or Deputy Reeve for the time being. Carried. Moved by Thos Keys, sec by Dr Woods, that $25 be granted to Mr Collins for injury done his horse by being injured in a culvert. Carried. Moved by Geo. Castle, sec by Dr. Woods, that this council do now adjourn to meet as a Court of Revision, and subsequently for general business, on the third Monday in May, at Mr Ching's Hotel, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. Carried.

WILLIAM PLUNKETT,
Tp Clerk.

Varna, 4th April, 1871.

ALLAN LINE—proposed scheme of sailing from Quebec to Liverpool for commencement of summer season.—P. H. Carter, Esq., agent for Goderich.

Peruvian,	6th May and	17th June.
Moravian,	13th "	24th "
Austrian,	20th "	1st July.
Prussian,	27th "	8th "
Nestorian,	3rd June	15th "
Scandinavian,	10th "	22nd "

The steamers of the Glasgow line are intended to be despatched from Quebec on or about the following dates:—
Ottawa, 4th May, St Andrew, 18th May.
St David 11th " St Patrick, 25th "

Goderich School Trustees.

The Regular meeting of the Board was held on Thursday, 6th inst. Present A Lefroy Esq. in the chair, Messrs Crabb Kay, Swanson and Nairn. Minutes of last meeting read, approved and signed. Accounts of G M. Trueman for desks and forms $5,70, ordered to be paid. Account of J. & J. Story, tinware, &c. $9.55. and $1.25, ordered to be paid. Account of John Nairn, for putting up Strips & Hooks, fixing desks &c. $9.00, ordered to be paid. Account of R. Black for cutting wood $30.20. ordered to be paid. The Principal's quarterly report was read (similar in effect to the statistics published in our last issue) received and filed. It was moved by Mr. Nairn, seconded by Mr. Elliot that the bell-ringer be paid $10.00 a year to ring the church bell every school-day at 8.45 a. m., according to the school clock. Adjourned.

WHAT O'CLOCK IS IT?—Nobody in Goderich can tell with anything like accuracy. Railway time is one thing, Bell time another thing, and watchmaker's time, something quite different. Dare we suggest to our "city fathers" the propriety of instructing the bell-ringer to regulate his ringing by *some one* authoritative timekeeper? At the present the irregularity of the thing is a nuisance.

Spring Shows of Entire Stock.

Exeter, 20th April.
Brucefield, 21st "
Lucknow, 26th "
Dungannon, 27th "
Blyth, 19th "
Cranbrook (Grey), 21st April.

PARLIAMENT will be prorogued this week.

THE POWER OF ENGLAND.—The *Times* says: The power of great Britain with respect to the Continental nations has in no wise decreased, but rather increased, in the present generation. Our population has grown more rapidly than theirs, our wealth is out of all comparison greater, our burdens relatively less than theirs. Fifty years ago the United Kingdom owed 902,000,000*l*, while the whole Continent of Europe owed only 570,000,000*l*; whereas at the downfall of the French Empire last year the debt of the United Kingdom was 800,000,000*l*., while the debts of the Continent amounted to 2,165,430,000*l*. In the old war every European State had a navy, and their combined force threatened England more than once. At the battle of St. Vincent the Spaniards had twenty-sail of the line; the Dutch navy, the Danish navy, the Russian navy, were successively used against us by France. In the present day there is, in fact, no navy in Europe except the French which could resist the ironclads for a single week. In naval power this country stands at the present moment higher than ever. Nor let any one be blinded by the lustre of the wars against Napoleon. England carried on those wars by paying large subsidies to foreign Powers, and it is not difficult to see that some of our neighbours who have good memories for what have passed in those days consider it to be our duty to help them to fight France in this way once more. But thought we heaped up a national debt which weighed on the country thirty years after the peace, until railways and free trade developed its resources and gave it fresh energy, we had no such armies engaged in the contest as some people seem to imagine. In the Peninsula, Wellington never united 20,000 native British troops under his command: at Waterloo, he had only 36,000. Indeed, this vision of a time when England was surpassingly potent and influential is a mere mirage. There never has been a period when foreign nations did not taunt and rail at this country just as now; the only difference is that in the old days Englishmen were strong minded and thick skinned enough to disregard what they said, and the Opposition, being for peace, retrenchment, and reform, did not make political capital out of it. We insist that this country is more able than ever to exert sufficient force in any matter which involves her safety and honour, and we protest against the unworthy tone which some of our public men and their echoes in the press display in these discussions.

The Civil War in France

TERRIBLE CONFLICT ON THURSDAY.

SHOWERS OF SHOT AND SHELL.

STUBBORN RESISTANCE OF THE REDS.

Paris, April 7, 6 p. m., via London, April 8.—The fighting is terrible. The Nationals on Thursday night reoccupied the barricade at Neuilly, and it was to-day fiercely attacked by batteries of the Versailles army. The Nationals defended the position with mitrailleuses which had been mounted on the barricade. There was a perfect rain of shells from the Versailles batteries until half past four o'clock in the afternoon, when it became apparent that a direct assault was intended by the government forces. The movement proved a feint, however; instead of following it up, the Versailles troops advanced upon both right and left flanks of the barricade. There was for the space of an hour a rapid and effectual fire of musketry, and then the fighting increasing in intensity the committee hastily advanced two fresh battalions of infantry, supported by 8 guns. Crowds of women and children were in a dangerous position near the Arch of Triumph watching with the utmost anxiety the changing scenes of the battle field. The fire of the artillery has, up to this time, spread to the enceinte. The Nationals resist the advances of the Assemblists with determination, and will defend every inch of the streets should the Assemblists succeed in entering the city. There is a strong concentration of Nationals in the Place Vendome, and many pieces of artillery in the Court Yard, Palace Royal, and in front of the Church of Madeline. The utmost bitterness towards the Versailles government prevails in the public mind, but the portions of Paris remote from the scene of the conflict are to all appearance calm.

London, April 8, 11:30 p. m.—Advices from Paris to-day state that Ladislas Dombrinski has been appointed to succeed Gen Bergeret in command of the National Guards.

The Nationals remained all of Friday night in their positions at the bridge of Neuilly.

Despatches from Versailles this evening say the entire army is now under the command of Marshal MacMahon, and has been divided into four corps, of which one, held in reserve, has Gen Vinoy at the head while the others have been ordered into active service, under the command of Gens Ladmirault, Cissy and Dubrail.

The National Assembly having voted an amendment to the effect that all the Mayors throughout France shall be chosen by the people, the government insisted upon having the appointment of some of them placed in its hands. Thiers even threatened to resign if that power was not conceded to the government.

London, April 8, 2.30 a. m.—Friday's details of the fighting at Neuilly have been received.

The Communists who were posted in small force at Courlevoie were dislodged by the guns of Fort Valerien. They rallied in the Avenue de Neuilly, and opened fire on the Versailles troops who appeared on the heights. The Communists were forced to retreat behind the bridge of Neuilly, which they barricaded. Their pursuers then shelled and demolished the barricade. The Nationals suffered heavily in attempting to hold the bridge, and fell into a temporary disorder, but they succeeded in extricating their cannon, and abandoned the bridge, taking refuge in the houses on the eastern bank of the river. The Assemblists also occupied the building on the other side, and a sharp fusilade was kept up across the river. They then pushed across the bridge and advanced in pursuit of the retreating insurgents. The guns of the ramparts opened a heavy fire, sweeping the Avenue de Neuilly with shell, and checking the pursuit. The Communists again commenced to throw up barricades across the Avenue, under the protection of the artillery on the walls, but they were ultimately driven out of Neuilly, and withdrew beneath the ramparts. The fighting, which was deeperate throughout, commenced at 10 a. m., and ended at sunset, at which hour seven guns still protected the gates. The forts are silent.

Minister Picard officially announces the complete success of the government forces, after a hard struggle lasting two days, Thursday and Friday. He admits that the losses of the troops were serious, and reports that Gen. Besson was killed. He returns thanks to the army for their loyalty and courage.

The Nationals, numbering 4,000, attempted a reconnoisance on Friday towards Chattillon, but failed to accomplish anything.

London, April 8, 5 a. m.—A special Paris despatch to the *Times* says:—The insurgentf have already commenced to put into execution their threats of retaliation on the prisoners they have taken

The Commune prevents the opening of churches.

Marshal McMahon who commanded the army of Versailles, has established his head quarters at the Petit Trianon. Vinoy has charge of the reserves.

Chicago, April 7.—Reports from the southern part of the State say, the breadth of winter wheat is very large, and the general testimony is that its present promise is unprecedented.

New York, April 8.—A Versailles special says:—The government troops carried Pont de Neuilly yesterday afternoon and crossed the Seine at 3.30 p. m., under a tremendous fire from guns and mitrailleuses of the insurgents. They advanced up the avenue of Neuilly, driving the insurgents furiously back inside the city, and advanced as far as Porte Maillet. The slaughter was great, the troops held positions right under ramparts. The rebels in forts Issy and Vanvres have ceased firing now. The troops are so [illegible] that they are firing shells into the city continually. The greatest consternation prevails. The government troops have fought most splendidly at Naterr, where Gen. Gullinet whipped the rebels badly.

COLBORNE.

April 5th 1871.

To the Editor of the Huron Signal:

DEAR SIR:—The weather is now all that farmers can wish for, and they are improving it to the best advantage in preparing the fields for seeds and some have already sown some grain; everything is about two weeks earlier this year than last. Many of our farmers are busy making syrup and sugar now, and they are very successful, this being the best season that we have had for that purpose for many years.

We are glad to see that the farmers of Colborne are beginning to take an interest in their profession and are trying to make farming what it should be; and to improve themselves by forming a society for that purpose.—So that by meeting together for discussing agricultural subjects; and by fair competition at our annual fall shows each one tries to excel for the purpose of submitting a By-law to the Ratepayers, to grant aid by way of Bonus to the London, Huron and Bruce Railway.

PETER ADAMSON,
County Clerk.

County Clerk's Office,
Goderich, April 10th, 1871. sw66-2t—

HATS FOR THE MILLION!!!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ESTABLISHED AN EXCLUSIVE *HAT, CAP, & FUR STORE*
In the new building, erected by himself, last summer, on West Side, Market Squar
IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL OPEN
for the inspection of the public, on
On Saturday the 4th day of March, 1871,
The Largest and best Stock of Hats, Caps, and Furnishing Goods ever brought to Goderich.
Consisting of the Newest Styles of
English, New York, & Canadian Fashionable Silk, & Beaver Hats, Fur & Wool Felt Hats
ALSO, Silk and Cloth Caps, of the latest Styles and Patterns for spring wear. Most of this Stock has been made specially to my order, and as I claim to have a thorough knowledge of the HAT and CAP business will be able (with the large and varied stock I have on hand and am continually receiving,)
TO PLEASE THE EYE AND FIT THE HEAD OF THE MOST
Fastidious, and at prices that will defy competition.

Goderich, March 1st, 1871. W. M. SAVAGE.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

ANOTHER LARGE CONSIGNMENT JUST RECEIVED BY
W. M. SAVAGE,
Come & see them.

EVERY BODY wants a Hat at this season of the year, and this is the place to get your Hats at 20 per cent less than City prices. Collars Shirts and Ties of the newest patterns. Ladies Sundowns and School Girls hats and Plateaus great variety.
Goderich, March 23rd, 1871.

BIRTH.

At Goderich, on Sunday 2d April, Mrs. J. B. Story of a daughter.

New Advertisements

WALL PAPERS.

New Patterns of Parlor Papers
New Styles of Satin Papers,
New Gold Papers,
New Oak Papers,
New Dining Room Papers,
New Marble Papers,
New Bedroom Papers,
New Hall Papers,
New Office Papers,

NEW BORDERING PAPERS

JUST OPENED AND OFFERED AT CHEAP RATES.

AT MOORHOUSE'S

Goderich April 4th 1871, sw64-tf

TRAVEL
LAKE SUPERIOR ROUTE.
1871 1871
The Magnificent Royal Mail Swift Upper Cabin Steamer,
"CHICORA"
CAPT. A. M. MCGREGOR,
Will leave Goderich on or about the 25th April next for Collingwood—thence leave Collingwood on
Tuesday the 2nd of May next,
On the arrival of the morning train Northern Railway, from Toronto, for Duluth calling at Bruce Mines, Sault Ste Marie, Fort William, and other intermediate ports. Direct connection at Duluth for St. Paul and Fort Garry.
Through tickets, and through bills of lading issued for Fort Garry and intermediate ports at No. 8 Front Street Toronto.
N. MILLOY, Agent:
For further information, Apply to J. V. DETLOR Goderich, or N. MILLOY Toronto. sw64-tf

COLBORNE.

THE Court of Revision for the Township of Colborne will be held at the Townhall, Smith's Hill on Friday the 21st day of April, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
JAMES TEWSLEY
Township Clerk.
April 9th, 1871. w12-2t—

NOTICE

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Council of the Corporation of the County of Huron, will be held in the Court Room in Goderich, upon
Tuesday the 25th Inst.
for the purpose of submitting a By-law to the Ratepayers, to grant aid by way of Bonus to the London, Huron and Bruce Railway.
PETER ADAMSON,
County Clerk.
County Clerk's Office,
Goderich, April 10th, 1871. sw66-2t—

Close of the Lists

TO SHARE IN THE NEXT DIVISION OF PROFITS,
CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1847.
THE Lists for the 24th Year will be closed on the 30th APRIL NEXT.
And assurers on or before that date will obtain a larger share in the Profits of the Company than later entrants. The great success of the Company, and the large Bonus declared last year, warrant the Directors in recommending this very important advantage to Assurers.
Forms of Application and all information may be obtained at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.
A. G RAMSAY,
Manager.
Agent at Goderich,
CHARLES FLETCHER,
April 9th, 1871. w12-10—

New Advertisements

LADIES' GOODS
—FOR—
SPRING & SUMMER!
—:0:—
MISS McCONNELL
HAS PLEASURE IN INTIMATING TO THE Ladies of Goderich and vicinity, that she has just received a splendid stock of
HATS & BONNETS,
MANTLES,
DRESS SILKS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
of the latest styles and suitable for the Spring and Summer Season
☞ A full assortment of Cuffs and Collars, Gloves and Hosiery and Linen Handkerchiefs

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Northern Pacific Railroad,

The Northern Pacific railroad was last Wednesday opened from Duluth to Brainherd, at the crossing of the Mississippi river, a distance of 113 miles. The grading is about completed west from the Mississippi 132 miles to the border of Dakota, making 245 miles in all. The bridge across the Mississippi river is nearly finished, and at the present rapid rate of progress the road will be in full operation between Lake Superior and the Red River of the North before September next. Between Mississippi and the Red river and westward the road is through an agricultural country of unsurpassed richness, and the entire Red River Valley, as far north as Lake Winnipeg, is one of remarkable fertility. The people of Manitoba, in British America, are already taking measures to construct a railroad to connect with this branch of the Northern Pacific at Pembina. This will render the British provinces west of Lake Superior commercially tributary to the Northwestern States, and important political results may follow.

VERY NATURAL.—When a person has moved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended he will not readily about on it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse medicen known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy" —all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition Medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

The Instrument of Success.—We must work if you would make: Few people live by their wits, and labour is the natural inheritance of our race, necessary to health as well as prosperity: but as none can expect perfect immunity from sickness, it is right that the best means of cure should always be ready. Now for colds, coughs, rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c., there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

Life has few Charms for the Dyspeptic, which is not to be wondered at when we take into the account the amount of bodily and mental suffering that this distressing malady generates, The Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron) has cured thousands who were suffering from this disease.

The mind governs the muscles through the Nervous System, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or other causes, the sympathetic nerves become debilitated, and through the nerves the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs or Genital Organs became weakened, and disease in the of Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs, or General Debility follow with their accompanying train of evell. Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites restores tone to the mind, the nerves and the muscles. In this way it overcomes disease.

THE MARKETS

Goderich, April 11th. 1871.

Fall Wheat	$1:15	@	1:25
Spring Wheat	1:15	@	1:25
Flour	5:50	@	6:00
Oats	0:43	@	0:48
Peas	0:70	@	0:80
Barley	0:50	@	0:52
Potatoes	0:45	@	0:50
Butter	0:16	@	0:20
Eggs	0:25	@	0:00
Hay, P ton	8:00	@	10:00
Hides (green)	7:00	@	7:00
Wool	3:50	@	3:75
Beef, per cwt.	5:00	@	7:00
Pork Nett	7:00	@	7:00
Chickens per pair	0:30	@	0:30
Wool	0:00	@	0:03
Sheep	3:00	@	4:00
Lambs	2:00	@	2:25
Apples	0:50	@	0:55

Goderich Salt, wholesale, f o.b. per bbl $1:20.

Clinton Markets.

By Special Telegraph for the Signal.

Clinton, April 11th, 1871.

Fall Wheat	1:30	@	1:40
Spring do	1:25	@	1:35
Oats	0:44	@	0:45
Barley	0:45	@	0:47
Peas	0:74	@	0:75
Potatoes	0:40	@	0:50
Flour	6:50	@	7:00
Butter	0:16	@	0:16
Pork	7:00	@	7:25
Eggs	0:16	@	0:16

Seaforth Markets

By Special Telegraph to the Signal.

Seaforth, April 11th, 1871, Noon,

Fall Wheat	1:30	@	1:35
Spring Wheat	1:30	@	1:35
Flour per lbs	6:50	@	6:50
Oats	0:45	@	0:48
Barley	0:48	@	0:50
Potatoes	0:35	@	0:35
Peas	0:73	@	0:75
Butter	0:12	@	0:17
Pork	5:50	@	6:00
Eggs	0:12	@	0:00

RED RIVER.

One of Wards' first class Steamers will call at Goderich about the 15th May next, for the purpose of taking on parties destined for Red River Territory, by way of Duluth at the head of Lake Superior.—From that point emigrants will have their teams, luggage, &c., bonded through U. S. territory by the owners of the boat.—This is by far the best, quickest and cheapest route to Red River. Parties intending to avail themselves of this fine offer would do well to call upon Mr C E Slack, at Dark's Hotel Goderich, for further particulars. 62

M. Trueman's sale Register

April,
" 12 Mortgage Sale at Kingsbridge lot N½ of N½ lot 1, 7 Con Ashfield W R McDonald Solicitor, Hamilton,
" At Mart 3 valuable building lots, Market Square, Goderich.

For the Benefit

OF whom it may concern. There will be sold at auction at Trueman's Sale Rooms, Goderich, on Saturday 15th April, 1871, at 1 o'clock pm. A hand PIANO.

G. M. TRUEMAN, Auctioneer.

Goderich April 9th, 1871, sw66-1t—

Special Notices.

Wife to husband.—Charles, I wish when you are in the village to-day that you would step into the Druggist's and buy a bottle of THE PAIN-KILLER. Be sure and get the genuine made by "Perry Davis & Son."

Husband.—What on earth do you intend doing with the PAIN-KILLER, my dear?

Wife.—Poody caught a severe cold last night, can hardly speak, has so hoarse, and George has had the toothache since yesterday morning, and yourself with the Rheumatism. If what every body says can be believed, the PAIN-KILLER will cure these complaints and such a house as this is we are always in trouble, and it would be a perfect God-send if we could find something to ease our inner affections.

Husband.—Well, Mary, anything for a quiet home we will try the PAIN-KILLER.

(*To be continued.*)

☞ The PAIN-KILLER is an internal and external remedy for pain. For internal pain, Cramps, Spasms, Sudden Colds and Bowel difficulties, a few drops in water will give immediate relief. As a liniment it is without an equal; it stops pain almost instantly. Be sure and get the genuine made by PERRY DAVIS & SON and sold by all Druggists and Grocers, sw12-1m

FELLOWS' HYPOPHOSPHITES.

Amongst the diseases overcome by the use of

Fellows' Compound Syrup of HYPOPHOSPHITES,

ARE

Constipation, Asthma; Consumption Laryngitis, Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Chronic Bronchitis, Chronic. Diarrhœa, Melancholy. Debility resulting from Typhoid and other low fevers. Diphtheritic Prostration Hysteria, Hypochondria, Amenorrhœa, Chloroses, Anæmia, Leucorrhœa, Nervous Excitability, Marasmus or Wasting of the Muscles. Aphonia, or Loss of Voice, Chorea or St. Vitus's Dance, Sluggishness of the Liver, Interrupted and Feeble Action of the Heart, Suffocating Feelings caused by mucous obstructions of the Lungs and Air Passages leading thereto. and Debility from various causes, many cases of which appeared hopeless,

SOLD BY APOTHECARIES.

Price, $1.50, Six for $7.50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist,
St. John, N. B.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES & CATTLE.

A NEVER FAILING REMEDY

THIS VALUABLE PREPARATION COMBINES all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, Internal Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Whitlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

This celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors

Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co. Bayfield; James Bentham, Rodgerville; J. Pickard Exeter J. H. Combe, Clinton; Secord, Lucknow; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w9—

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

A Family Medicine, well and favorably known for the past ten years, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its Virtue and Magical effects.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has won for itself a reputation, as a blood purifier, alterative stomach tonic, unsurpassed in the history of medical preparations. It seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Kidney Complaints, Acid Stomach Phthisic or Asthma, and restores to vital activity the system debilitated by suffering and disease.

Its magical and wonderful success in curing sudden colds, Sore throat, Coughs, Diptheria pains in the side, loins and back, neuralgia, tooth ache, rheumatic and other pains in any part of the body and from whatever cause, has given it a place in every household and is fast superseding all other preparations of the kind.

It is also an effectual and prompt remedy for Scalds, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Cramps in the Stomach, Diarrhœa, Cholera morbus, Bilious Cholic, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, &c.

Price only 25 cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.
General Agent for Canada.

☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co. Bayfield; James Bentham, Rodgerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; Secord, Lucknow; E. Hickson Seaforth and all Medicine Dealers. w38

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY

Job Moses' Periodical Pills

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE IS UNFAILING in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all Cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W., general agent for Canada

☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; James Bentham, Rogersville; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton, Secord, Lucknow; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w38

60 BUILDING LOTS

FOR Sale in the Town of Goderich. Reed's Survey. These Lots are very favorably situated for building purposes for Mechanics and others. All being within five minutes walk from the square.

For terms and particulars, apply to CHARLES WIDDER, Esq., or George H. Parsons.

Goderich, April 4th, 1871. w11-tf—

STORE TO RENT.

THE COMMODIOUS STORE FORMERLY occupied by Mr. Wm Kerr, Grocer, and presently as the office of the HURON SIGNAL, which is to be removed next door. Good cellar accomodation and a first-class dwelling house. For terms apply to this office or to,

ABRAHAM SMITH.

Goderich, March 3rd, 1871. w11-tf—

ARCHITECTURE.

THE undersigned is prepared to furnish Plans, Specifications, &c., of Public and Private Buildings, and also to superintend the erection of the same.

W. HICK.

OFFICE—Jordan's Block, Market Square.
Goderich, April 4th, 1871. sw64

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in payment of a Mortgage bearing date the 1st March, 1869, made by Thomas Sanderson and John Sanderson of the Township of Stanley, in the County of Huron, Yeomen, and pursuant to a Power of Sale contained in said Mortgage, the following property, viz: Lot number Fifteen, in the Thirteenth concession of the Township of Stanley, in the County of Huron containing by admeasurement One hundred and five acres of land more or less; will be sold at the TRUEMAN'S Auction Mart, in the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the

15th April, 1871,

unless the amount due on said Mortgage be sooner paid. Terms made known on day of sale.

Deed under Power of Sale contained in said Mortgage. For further particulars apply to D. S. GOODING, Solicitor for Assignee of Mortgage.

Dated 3rd April, 1871. sw64td

ELEVATIONS. SPECIFICATIONS. PLANS AND DETAILS.

W. HICK,
JORDAN'S BLOCK.
ARCHITECT
Market Square,
Goderich,
ONT.

GODERICH PUMP FACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED TO FILL ALL orders for,

PUMPS

and give satisfaction. Parties sending orders by mail will please give depth of well from platform, naming Township, No. of Concession and Lot. He has also on hand,

REVERSIBLE MOLEBOARD

ROOT SCUFFLERS,

CHURNS AND STRAW CUTTERS.

☞ All sold on liberal terms, and orders promptly attended to.

Stand previously occupied by Mr. H. Dodd.

J. D. ARMSTRONG.

Goderich March 4th 1871. w sw64-tf

VETERINARY SURGERY

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE that we will be located, GODERICH BY THURSDAY, 13th APRIL. When we will be prepared to attend to everything in our line in Town or County. We have fully studied the subject under the ablest Professors both in this country and the neighboring states.

By strict attention to business, moderate charges, and the careful treatment of cases according to the latest and most approved methods, We hope to merit the confidence and patronage of all interested.

J. F. DUNCAN. A. M. CAMPBELL.

Office and Stables, St David Street, near Lewis Elliott's Waggon shop.

April 5th, w12-3m

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Flooring, Siding,

and all kinds of

CIRCLE WORK,

such as Circle and Gothic Sash and Frames They think from their experience in Factory Work, that they can give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call.

20,000 feet of Dry inch and a quarter Flooring on hand.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

JAS BUCHANAN,
DAVID LAWSON,
WM. ROBINSON.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

TIME IS MONEY.

If you want to do two days work in one day, get a set of the

PATENT GROOVED IRON HARROWS

the best and cheapest ever offered in Canada. Only $18 cash, worth $25.00 Inspection invited at

D. E. STRACHAN'S
Blacksmith Shop.

Goderich, March 30th, 1871. w11 tf—

TORONTO AUCTION MART.

GREAT UNRESERVED SALE

—OF—

Valuable Lands.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS from C. J. Bridges, Esq., Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway to sell by public auction, at the above rooms, about the first week in May, (date to be given in two or three days) the whole of the

Surplus Land

of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company including valuable Salt Lands at Goderich, also other Valuable Lands at the principal points on the line

Full particulars and date of sale will be given in two or three days,

F. W. COATE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

April 16th, 1871. w13-2t—

WANTED a general servant in a small family, where good wages are given. Apply at this office,

Goderich, April 4th, 1871. w11-tf—

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY!

R. B. SMITH

Has Opened out 26 Cases and Trunks of New BOOTS and SHOES

—WHICH ARE—

STYLISH, GOOD AND CHEAP!

—ALSO—

SEVERAL CASES AND BALES NEW DRY Goods, in the following lines, Dress Goods, Prints, Grey & White Cottons, Hollands, &c., &c.

10 To 20 per cent Cheaper than last Season.

R. B SMITH.

Goderich, March 17th, 1871. sw-1—

LOOK OUT FOR THE BIG WATCH

AS YOU GO TO THE POST OFFICE.

—:0:—

DOUGLASS McKENZIE returns his sincere thanks to the public for the generous patronage extended him, since he commenced business last fall, and is determined to deserve it more and more.

He would call special attention to the

RUSSELL WATCH

for the sale of which he is Sole agent in Goderich. He has on hand a very large stock of this reliable timekeeper which he is in a position to sell cheap, and to guarantee satisfaction to the purchaser. There is nothing more tantalising than a bad watch and there is no excuse for being annoyed with such, when THE RUSSELL is to be had cheap.

☞ A complete assortment of gold and plated Jewellery. Watches and Clocks repaired in a workmanlike manner. Call and See.

DOUGLASS MCKENZIE.

Goderich, March 28th, 1870.

FRESH ARRIVALS

—OF—

Ready-Made Clothing

—OF—

SUPERIOR QUALITY.

—0—

LARGE VARIETY

OF

BROAD CLOTHS,
CASSIMERS
and TWEEDS,

ALL of which will be made on short notice and in first-class style.

☞ FIT and Workmanship guaranteed or no sale.

MY STOCK OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS **QUITE COMPLETE.**

N. B.—An assortment of the best Sewing Machines constantly on hand.

ABRAHAM SMITH.

Goderich, March 23rd, 1871. w9—

HOTEL FOR SALE

—:0:—

THAT well known, brick building, the

MAITLANDVILLE HOTEL

situated at foot of Bridge, in the thriving village Maitlandville, in the heart of the salt district of Goderich, Large stable. Driving shed and Ball room attached

For particulars apply to Mr. JAMES Le. T Goderich,

March 8th, 1871. sw57-tf

New Butcher Shop

OPPOSITE HENRY MARTIN'S HOTEL, HAMILTON ST.

—0—

THE Subscriber has pleasure in intimating that he has opened a Butcher Shop at the above address And he will be prepared to supply the choicest quality of meats at a lower price than elsewhere in town.

Give him an early call.

☞ Orders delivered in all parts of the town, at hours of the day.

ROBERT McLEAN.

Goderich March 7th, 1871. w7—

FOR SALE

That Valuable Tavern Stand

IN the village of Dungannon, known as the Prince of Wales' Hotel, where a good and increasing business has been done for the past 10 years.

ALSO EIGHT ¼ ACRE VILLAGE LOTS

all situate on the Main street of the Village, adjoining the Tavern and very suitable for store or other business purposes.

Also 50 Acres of Land

About ¼ mile South of the Village, on the gravel road, the best clay, 35 acres cleared and the balance in fine sugar bush. Excellent new house and barn and good water.

☞ To be sold together or seperate. Apply on the premises or by letter prepaid to

D. SWIFT.

Dungannon, March 24th, 1871. w11-3m—

A GOOD TEAM

—OF—

HORSES FOR SALE.

ALSO a good Waggon and Harness. Apply to James Craig, Caledonia Terrace, opposite the R. C Church, Goderich

March 27th, 1871, w10-1t—*

TENDERS will be received up till the third day of April 1871, for the erection of Three Cottages in the Town of Goderich. Plans and Specification can be seen at my office.

JAMES SMAILL
Arct.

Goderich March 28th, 1871. w10-4t—

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE WOOLEN FACTORY

IN THE

Town of Goderich,

IN THE COUNTY OF HURON.

BY Virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the Sale on

Tuesday 25th day April A D, 1871.

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

At Trueman's Auction Rooms in the Town of Goderich.

PARCEL 1.

The Easterly half of Lot running Number Twenty nine, South of East Street in the Town of Goderich County of Huron and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement twenty perches be the same more or less and which should it may be otherwise known and described as follows, that is to say commencing at a point in the North East angle of said Lot Number Twenty nine, thence due West along the South side of East Street, sixty three and three fifth links more or less to a point midway between the Northeast and Northwest angles of said Lot Number Twenty Nine thence due Southtwo chains two and three quarter links more or less to a point situate midway on the straight line joining the Southeast and Southwest angles of said Lot, Number Twenty Nine, thence due east along the straight line aforesaid sixty three and three fifths links more or less to the South east angle of said Lot Number Twenty Nine thence due North two chains two and three-quarter links more or less to the place of beginning.

There are on the premises a Brick Building two stories high, used as a Woolen Factory & Cloth Store, with brick addition in the rear, and one story containing Machinery, Engine and Boiler of 25 horse power.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale, for balance, terms will be known at the sale. For further particulars apply to

JONAS ap JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall,
OR TO
HORACE HORTON, Esq.,
Goderich.

March 31st, 1871, w11-td—

POSTPONEMENT!

The Sale of Town Lot NO 934 ON

THE Market Square, Goderich, is unavoidably postponed from Tuesday the 4th of April, until Wednesday 12th April, 1871, at 10 o'clock a. m.

G. M. TRUEMAN
Auctioneer.

March 31st, 1871.

Ten Minutes Ahead of Time.

OUR GOODS CAME SAFELY TO HAND YESTERDAY, FROM THE EASTERN MARKETS BY THE

GRAND TRUNK R. R.

TEN MINUTES AHEAD OF TIME.

THE GRAND TRUNK IS IMPROVING

—AND—

GROCERIES ARE DOWN IN PRICE.

—0—

Black and Green Teas, EXTRAORDINARILY CHEAP,

$1.00 Young Hyson, FOR 75 CENTS

75 cent Young Hyson. FOR 60 CENTS.

$1.00 Black Tea FOR 75 CENTS.

$1.12½ Imperial FOR $1.00

A Capital Twankay FOR 50 CENTS.

And all other Family Necessaries in Proportion

—AT—

MEGAW AND MULLIN'S,

Next Door to the Post Office

☞ Choice Seed Potatoes, such as Early Rose, Goodrich and Harrison, For sale at low prices.

Goderich, March 28th, 1871.

NEW SPRING GOODS AT THE EMPORIUM

J. C. DETLOR, & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED SEVERAL CASES

NEW SPRING TWEEDS,

FANCY COATINGS.

A CHOICE LOT OF FASHIONABLE MANTLES IN SILK, VELVETEEN AND CLOTH.

A Large quantity

—OF—

SPRING AND SUMMER TWEEDS,
GENTS' HATS, (NEWEST STYLES)

TWO BALES COTTON, JUST AT HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF CARPETS IN TAPESTRY, ALL WOOLS, (2 ply and 3 ply) THE NEW VIENNA CARPET, 45c PER YARD.

ANOTHER LARGE SUPPLY OF

NEW TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES.

HARDWARE

NEARLY EVERYTHING REQUIRED IN THIS LINE.

CUSTOM TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

FIRST CLASS CUTTER, &c. First-class Tailors constantly employed.

J, C. DETLOR, & Co.

Goderich, March 24th, 1871.

NEW COTTONS NEW COTTONS!! NEW COTTONS!!!

AT JOHN HARRIS'S.

NEW PRINTS! NEW PRINTS!! NEW PRINTS!!!

AT JOHN HARRIS'S.

New Hats, Spring Season 1871,

New Caps, Spring season 1871,

New Paper Collars, Spring season, 1871,

New Ties, Spring season, 1871,

AND IN IMMENSE VARIETY AT JOHN HARRIS'S

NEW TEAS! NEW TEAS!! NEW TEAS!!

OF DELICIOUS FLAVOR, ALMOST AT COST.

AT JOHN HARRIS'S.

Unrivalled Coffee, Fresh ground daily.

AT JOHN HARRIS'S.

Goderich, March 23rd, 1871. sw51 tf—

FASHIONABLE TAILORING.

W. & J. KAY

HAVE ENGAGED A FIRST-CLASS CUTTER,

AND ARE PREPARED TO MAKE SUITS TO ORDER AT CHEAPEST RATES

THEY HAVE RECEIVED NEW

TWEEDS AND COATINGS, NEW ALPACAS, NEW PRINTS, &c

Goderich, March 6th, 1871. sw55 tf—

THE NEW STORE IN FULL BLAST!

GEORGE ACHESON

Is now settled in his New Store and doing a rushING BUSINESS

HIS stock of Dry-goods, Winter Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Flannels and everything in THE LINE IS

FRESH, GOOD AND CHEAP.

SPLENDID GROCERIES

THE Finest Christmas Fruits at the very Lowest PRICES.

Goderich, Dec. 20th, 1870.

Gooding's Banking Office

WEST STREET, GODERICH,

BUYS Greenbacks, American Silver and Draft. Good Farmers' Notes discounted and purchased money loaned on Chattel Mortgage. Deposits received at 5 per cent interest payable on call.

ANDREW WADDELL, Agent.

Goderich, 10th Feb, 1871. sw 49-1

CAUTION.

THE undersigned having purchased the whole right of selling and vending through all the County of Huron in the Province of Ontario. D.C. A certain DOOR and GATE SPRING known as the Little Giant and patented by one John Gray of Tuscarora. I hereby caution all parties against infringing that right as in so doing they will be prosecuted.

ALEXANDER FRASER.

N. B.—For Township rights, Apply to A FRASER Chiff P. O. County Wellington.

March 7th, 1871. sw57-tf—

CORDWOOD

Cordwood! Cordwood!!

—0—

PARTIES wanting dry wood can buy it delivered any where in town by applying to

JAMES McCORT.

Residence near the Drill Shed.

Goderich, March 17th 1871. sw59-3t—

For Sale

THE one half interest, in Schooner, Evening Star, now lying in the Port of Goderich. Price and terms liberal. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber,

HORACE HORTON.

March 6th, 1871. sw56 tf

GREAT CLEARANCE

D FERGUSON

SELLING OFF

AT

REDUCED PRICES.

ENTIRE STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS

BOOTS AND SHOES

&c., &c.

PREPARATORY

TO

Elargement of Premises

—AND—

Arrival of Spring Stock.

JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Summer Tweeds.

SLOPPY WEATHER COMING!!

FOR CHEAP RUBBERS

GO TO

D. FERGUONS'S,

Goderich, March 1st, 1871. sw56-tf—

None Genuine unless signed I. BUTTS.

YOUR WANTS NOW SUPPLIED.

—0—

THE Subscriber having purchased a choice lot of timber and also having the most approved machinery, will be able to supply any quantity of

PINE AND CEDAR SHINGLES

at the shortest notice and the lowest price. He is also prepared to pay the highest price for pine or any other timber suitable for making shingles delivered at the Nile.

PETER LEONARD.

Nile, F. b. 4th 1871. sw48-2m—*

Dissolution of Partnership.

—0—

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between CHARLES CHURCH and WILLIAM H. FISHER as Farmers in Colborne has been this day dissolved by Mutual Consent All Debts owing to the said partnership, are to be paid to Charles Church who still remains here. All claims against said partnership are to be presented to Charles Church by whom the same will be settled.

March 24th, 1871. w10-3t—*

JOHN BELL GORDON.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT J. B. GORDON, Barrister of Goderich, is not my agent and has no authority to receive any money for me or on my account.

D. McDONALD.

Toronto 31st March 1871, sw64-1m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develops into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*, *Erysipelas, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Uterous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matter in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

NORTHUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Jordan Agents for Canada.

☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan, Gardiner & Co. Bayfield. James Bentham, Rodgerville. J. Pickard, Exeter, J. H. Combe, Clinton Secord, Lucknow E. Hickson Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w-17

THE NEW GROCERY STORE.

WHITELY & ELLIOTT

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
WINES & LIQUORS,

Corner Kingston Street & Market Square

GODERICH.

Goderich June 23th 1870. sw27-tf.

NORWAY OATS.

PURE Norway Oats for seed. I am prepared to take orders to furnish a quantity of this justly celebrated variety Farmers wanting seed will please order early as they will only be furnished to seeds.

H. HOWELL

Goderich, Dec. 6th, 1870 sw47-tf

MUSIC.

MISS SKIMMINGS, TEACHER OF Music for Pianoforte and Cabinet Organ. TERMS—$6.00 per quarter in advance.

Goderich March 1st, 1871. sw54-3m—

EXCELLENT LAND.

COMPRISING with [illegible] and Beech 10 miles from [illegible] loop, being easterly 1st [illegible] Division, Ashfield.

[illegible] WEATHERALD,
Engineer & Surveyor
Goderich.

Feb. 16th, 1870. sw51-tf—

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership heretofore existing between PARKER & CATTLE as Chemists and Druggists, in Owen Sound, Durham and Goderich, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All debts owing to the said Partnership in Goderich are to be paid to GEORGE CATTLE (who will continue the Business in the old stand), and all claims against said Partnership in Goderich are to be presented to said George Cattle, by whom the same will be settled

Dated in Goderich the 10th July, 1870 sw264

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of WILLIAM STANBURY, of Burgessville, an Insolvent.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I will offer for sale at the salesroom of George M. Trueman, in the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron, Ontario, on

Thursday, the 19th day of April next,

at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, all the right and interest of the said Insolvent in that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Colborne, in the County and Province aforesaid, and known as Lot, No. 6, in Bridge-street Place, in the said Township of Colborne, being part of Block letter C, having a frontage of five Rods more or less on the Eastern side of the Northern Gravel Road, containing by admeasurement half an acre, be the same more or less.

For particulars apply to Messrs. Richardson & Finkle, Solicitors Woodstock, Mr Lefroy, Goderich, or to the undersigned JAMES McDIARMID.

Official Assignee,

Woodstock, Feb'y 8th, 1871. w4-td

Norway Oats.

I AM RECEIVING A CONSIGNMENT OF THE true Norway Oats from the original Importers and growers, which I will

Sell at 50 cents per Peck,

also the genuine Sanford Corn which ripens in Sept. Send in your orders at once, also Early Rose, Harrison and all leading varieties of Potatoes,

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Goderich, 1st Feb., 1871. sw 7-

STEPHEN.

THE COURT OF REVISION FOR THE Township of Stephen will be held at Town Hall, Crediton, on this first Saturday in May 1871.

C. PROUTY,
Tp Clerk.

March 14th 1871 w8.

CHANCERY SALE

—OF—

FARM PROPERTY

IN THE

TOWNSHIP OF ASHFIELD.

—0—

MACDONALD vs. FITZGERALD.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction pursuant to the Decree of the Court of Chancery made in the cause and bearing date the 14th day of May A. D. 1870 and a final order of sale bearing date the 8th day of February, A. D.

Poetr' Corner.

The Lord's Prayer of the Freemason

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN BY JULIUS FRANKEL.

I Will to Thee,
For which a myriad arms are burning,
To which a thousand hearts are turning,
In every land.
I behold in use all wonders of Thy hand,
I view thy Beauty, Wisdom, Strength,
Right I cannot see,
I hear the music of Thy eternal reign—
With the voice tones it does in Heaven rejoice;
Myself I cannot see.
O Thou Eternal Spirit! who has ever divined!
But yet I know that I can find Thee, father,
In hallowed sanctuary, or by night, or day,
There I will seek Thee, and Thy child will pray,
"Our Father who art in Heaven."

I praise Thee,
Where is the name preferred the Godhead's own?
Mine Thou on earth by many names art known
And though they call Thee Isis, Allah, Brahma,
Sesphinx praise Thee in Jehovah-Jirch,
A same unknown not Thy glory:
And while in pious zeal, the pagan's idols burn,
And Greeks to ardent for their Demyurgos yearn,
So! great Builder of the firmament, would call on
Thee,
With on my knees lie bent, and pray,
"Hallowed be Thy name."

Lord, I implore Thee!
Thou hast conferred Hi grace to see the Right
By granting me the favour of Thy light.
Oh! let do me!
Let all the brothers feel Thy glory and Thy might,
That among grow the links that unite
To one great chain that death can not destroy;
And if fellows we walk on life's long strand,
If on the people or in desert sand,
They all lose down before the living God,
And all the scattered brothers will at length
Devote their lives to Beauty, Wisdom, Strength,
Oh! let me pray, "Thy kingdom come?"

I trust in Thee!
Give me the heights endowed by Thy grace;
Within Thy compass let my foot take pace,
My guide be Thy omniscience;
If selfish pride the heart yet holds in chain,
Then let me seek an humble one regain.
Humility's the Mason's noblest duty,
Its holy breath may lend us strength and Beauty.
Therefore the prayer, "Thy will be done in heaven
and on earth."

What Thine is mine should be.
I do not pray for earthly power and gold;
They are but dust that leaves the heart so cold,
Thou gavest me much! but where
Distress and poverty their voice would rise,
And pity sheds from wan and suffering face,
Where I the wants of needy creatures see,
And into the cries of those in agony,
Then to my arms the needful power lend,
That with the Mason's trowel I spread cement;
Oh! let me give with open brother's hand,
Whatever may upon gathered jewels grant:
And for the sake of charity pray,
"Our daily bread, dear Lord, give us this day!"

Forgive us, Lord,
The paths of sin lie thick on every hand,
But give that in Thy strength we may withstand.
That nevermore my hen t a bitter wrath may call,
Against a another never let me bear ill-will;
Let me his faults with a white lamb's skin cover,
Let guardian angels even round him hover:
Whose heart is pure, whose life without alloy,
Thou hast with gracious love embraced us,
Now we call on Thee in prayer,
"Forgive us all our trespasses
As we forgive those who against us sin?
Let our hearts be purified within,

Guide us, O Lord!
The Mason's step, if life be dark or fair,
Must be within the compass and the square;
Oft in our temple, with a hand profane,
The light we crave, now let this be in vain;
Lead us from sin and from temptation far,
To fairer climes where all blessed brethren are.
O Thou who art, who wert, who e'er will be,
Protect, we pray, our pure Freemasonry,
So mote it be!
Great Master! Thy eternal pillars stand,
Though the great temple is not built with hand:
The structure reaches far beyond the land.
And million pulses beat beneath the firmament:
Onward by Thy guide Thou tak'st us to the far-off
orient,
Where a J. shall ope the gates up to the temple's hall,
Where worship evermore is our celestial call;
Taine is the wisdom infinite, Thine the power,
Thine the glory.
And from now to all eternity every creature will
adore Thee!
Amen.

The Perils of Circumstantial Evidence.

[From the Cleveland Herald.]

A remarkable case, showing the dange of trusting implicitly to circumstantial evidence, has been concluded in Toledo. Nearly three years ago Robert Sharp was found dead with shot and slugs in his brain. A man named Harrington, who had been on intimate terms with the deceased, was arrested for the murder. The testimony was wholly circumstantial, but "so skilfully worked up" by the detectives, that Harrington was convicted and sent to the Penitentiary. His lawyers had become interested in the case; and although Harrington was a poor man, they determined to fight his cause to the last. After a long and arduous struggle, through the District and Supreme Courts, an order for a new trial was obtained, and that trial has just closed.

The main points in the evidence on which he was convicted, were the apparent correspondence of the shot in the body of the dead man with that in the shot bag of Harrington; the correspondence of pieces of a newspaper found near the scene of the supposed murder, and assumed to be part of the gun-wadding, with a torn paper in Harrington's residence, and a piece in his vest pocket; and that the motive for the murder was to be found in the alleged fact of Sharp having come to Toledo with several hundred dollars of money, which Harrington knew; and that no one else was so intimate with Sharp. On the second trial it was rendered doubtful whether there was a similarity in the shot. It was clearly proven that the pieces of paper alleged to have been picked up at the scene of the murder were not there at the time the body was found, nor for a day or two afterward, and the inference was that they were put there by the detectives to aid them in "working up" the case against Harrington. It was further proven that Sharp was destitute when he came to Toledo, and that Harrington was doing his best to aid him in procuring employment. To crown all, an *alibi* was clearly and distinctly proven. Harrington was declared innocent, and the jury voluntarily gave him a letter, signed by every member, repeating in emphatic terms their belief in his entire innocence of any knowledge of the supposed murder, and bearing testimony to his uniform good character. The public sentiment unanimously coincided with the verdict. The former employer of Harrington accordingly took him back into his service.

It causes an unpleasant shudder to reflect that a perfectly innocent man, of good character, suffered two years of degrading punishment, and narrowly escaped an ignominious death, for a crime of which he knew nothing. It is another warning against implicit trust in wholly circumstantial evidence, and a protest against the detectives "working up a case" against one they choose to suspect.

The New Zealand Natives.

[From Scribner's Monthly.]

The men are tall and well formed, the features regular, complexion from a light brown to darker shades of that color, hair black and generally straight. Many of them are splendid looking fellows; with their muscular and well formed limbs they look every inch the noble savage. Their powers of endurance are very great; they are intelligent, quick to learn, and have spendid memories. In trade they are shrewd, in morals licentious.

They are a very inquisitive set. When I was living in Auckland a Maori was one day passing the store and saw me working a sewing machine; he appeared very much interested and watched some time, and went away. An hour after he came back with several companions, and I was requested to work the machine again. For a week I had no peace, all the Maoris, I think, for miles around came to see the machine, and at last they became such a nuisance that I would not allow them in the store.

Some of them are good speakers, and very clever in argument. They must have a clear space of at least thirty feet, and at every sentence the speaker runs, jumps and dances down this space. Running backward he gains time to think of what shall follow, and down he comes, dancing, with another sentence. As warriors, they are superior to any savage nation in the world. They have studied war as a science; have a good knowledge of engineering, and are brave and active.

At bush-fighting, one Maori is more than a match for five white soldiers. In all other countries that England has colonized little regard has been paid to the claim of the natives to their own land; but, in New Zealand, Government was forced to acknowledge the claims of the Maoris.

At Wellington I once saw a rather comical sight, showing how the chiefs ape the whites. The steamer was just about to sail, when hurrying down the wharf came a Maori, dressed as follows:—a black frockcoat, black waistcoat, black silk hat, white shirt and fancy necktie; in one hand an umbrella and in the other a new portmanteau, but without pantaloons or boots. They were probably in the portmanteau. All travellers carried baggage, so he thought he must do it, even if it necessitated the taking off of some of his clothing.

The Maori mode of salutation is somewhat peculiar and especially so when the friends have not met for some time. Instead of shaking hands or kissing, they rub their noses together for several minutes, and then, sitting on the ground, sway their bodies to and fro, all the time shedding tears copiously, and talking most mournfully in a sing-song strain. The crying is not necessarily because some friend or relative has died, it is simply a custom of the people.

They began their war-dance by jumping clapping the hands on the thighs, and giving utterance to a short, peculiar noise from the throat, like "Hu! Hu!" They all keep perfect time in this, and as they continue the motions become quicker and more exciting. Soon some horrible grimaces, rolling of the eyes until the white only can be seen, thrusting out the tongue and yelling; in their fury and excitement they sometimes tear off what clothing they may have on, and with violent gestures and contortions of the body they continue until exhaustion compels them to desist.

CUBA.

A MAN ROASTED ALIVE.

Havana, March 31—A rumor prevails here, which is generally credited, that the volunteers in the neighborhood of San Juan De Los Remedios roasted a man alive, first running a stake throught his body. It is said the volunteers were caught by the Spanish officers while engaged in this act of cruelty. The outrage has greatly incensed the people, and many murders on both sides have resulted. An American gentleman staying at a hotel one day in the beginning of the week heard of two volunteers being murdered in their beds in a single night. Four hundred persons, mostly negroes, who recently surrendered at Puerto Pprincipe, have returned to the woods, impelled by hunger. They thought it preferable to die by Spanish bullets than from want or of smallpox, which is raging so fearfully! A few were seized while attempting to escape.

Manitoba News.

Latest advices from Manitoba predict an early summer. Emigrants are pouringin, and the whole valley of the north is being rapidly settled. From present indications there will be a number of lines to Manitoba from Fort Abercrombie. First, the new steamboat of Hill, Greggs & Co., Canadian forwarders, which is being pushed rapidly towards completion, and will be ready by the time the ice is out of the river. She is fitted up with a view to the comfort of travellers, the officers being Captain Griggs, in command, and J. A. Dickenson, clerk, well known to the public as good, reliable and courteous gentlemen, and the tourist and emigrant are likely to be comfortable. The fare by this line is, it is $14,825 from St. Paul to Winnipeg, which, considering the distance, is very reasonable. The Northern Pacific Railroad men say their line will be open from Duluth to Red River in July next. Archdeacon McLean was to have left for Canada on the 16th March

The University Boat Race.

AN EXCITING CONTEST

CAMBRIDGE AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

London, April 1, 1871.

The great boat race for the championship of the Universities came off this morning on the Thames course, which was the usual one from Putney to Mortlake. The following were the latest weights of the Cambridge crew, giving an average of 12 st. 4lbs. per man:—

		St.	lbs.
1	J. S Follett, Third Trinity	11	2
2	J.B Close, First Trinity	11	10
3	H.J Lomax, First Trinity	12	5
4	E.A A Spencer, Second Trinity	12	7
5	W.H Lowe, Christ's	12	12
6	E.Philips, Sidney	12	2
7	E.S.L Radolph, Second Trinity	11	10
	I H D Goldie, St John's (stroke)	12	10
	E.H Gordon, (cox)	8	2

The latest weights of the Oxford Crew gave an average of 12 st 4½ lbs per man, as follows:—

		St.	lbs.
1.	A H Woodhouse, University	11	7
2.	E Giles, Christ Church	12	10
3.	T S Baker, Queen's	13	3
4.	E D Malan, Worcester	13	1
5.	J Edwards-Moss, Baliol	12	12
6.	J E Payne, St. John's	12	8
7.	J W Bunbury, Brasenose	11	9
	Stroke—J Lesley, Pembroke	11	11
	Cox—F H Hall, Corpus	8	—

Both crews were on the water promptly at the call of "time." The choice of position was won by the Oxfords, who took the Middlesex side of the river. Both crews got a splendid start, but the Cambridge men took a slight lead upon the initiatial and maintained it throughout the race. The tide was slack lumpy. The race was well contested from the start to the finish but there was no doubt as to the result, as it was early apparent that the Cambridge men were the better crew, Cambridge took her opponent's water at Barnsbridge and shot under the arch several lengths ahead. The time of the winning crew was 23 minutes 9½ seconds. Crowds lined the river banks and filled the bridges. Probably half a million people witnessed the race, and the wildest excitement prevailed among the spectators, who were all enthusiastic supporters of one or other of the contestants. The city of London was completely emptied of its people. The betting just before starting was two to one on Cambridge.

There are several discrepancies as to the time and distance by which Cambridge won the race to-day. Some parties say the distance was only one length, and the time five seconds.

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.—A daily paper, such as are published in the interior, cannot hope to be typographically correct. Every editor is his own proof-reader, and no editor in the hurry of composition can expect to be perfectly accurate either in the choice or arrangement of hissentences. The articles in the London Times are corrected by three different proof-readers before they are given to the world. Few men can read their own proofs well. They carry the thought that they wish to express in their mind, and in haste of reading proof they too often infer that the expression before them corresponds with the thought they comprehend so well. These two facts ought to silence criticism.

Some man living on the line of the Southwestern Railroad, near Drakesville, Iowa, who had taken a spite against the company, amused himself the other day covering the rails for a distance of a mile with soap. A single train was three hours in crossing the greased stretch.

Sucking calves and lambkins frisk and sport upon the vernal hillsides. H! for the veal cutlets and tender lamb chops!

The infant trout now sportively wags his caudal appendage in the purling rivulet, but there is a time near at hand when he will be "caught out on the fly."

A Curious Story.

A correspondent of *Notes and Queries* writes:—In the churchyard of Tewin, Herts, is a remarkable ash tree growing out of the tomb of Lady Anne Grimstone, nee Tufton, daughter of Lady Thanet, who died 1712. The tradition is that, being doubtful of a future state, she expressed a wish or prayer that if there were a future state a tree might grow out of her heart. What foundation is there for this tradition? The editor adds:—Oddly enough, the following paragraph, extracted from the *Spiritual Times* (December 23, 1865), treating on the same subject, reached us simultaneously with the above. To use the words of our correspondent, Mr. Axon, "Can any one elucidate this marvellous legend? No reference to it is made in Clutterbuck's History and Antiquities of the County of Hertford:—

An Atheist's Prophecy Fulfilled.—The churchyard of Tewin in Hertfordshire is a spot of some interest to the curious, from the fact of its being the resting place of the mortal remains of Lady Anne Grimstone. The "old wife's tale" of the neighborhood is to the effect that the said Lady Anne Grimstone was an Atheist, without a shadow of belief in the Deity, and that so firm was her unbelief, in the non-existence of God, that at her death-bed her last words were to the effect that, if God existed, seven elm trees would grow out of her tomb-stone. Whether such words were used, and in such a manner, it is impossible to determine: but whether the tale be correct or not, seven elm trees have sprung up through the solid tomb, and have broken away the solid masonry in all directions, making the reading of the inscription a difficult and almost impossible task. The iron railings that surroundad the monument are in many places firmly imbedded in the trunks of the trees. The numerous names carved in all available parts of the trunks attest the number of visitors curiosity has drawn to the spot. The trees are each distinct and separate, and, notwithstanding the strangeness of the locality, appear to thrive well. Many suppositions to account for their growth have been started, but some are of so improbable a nature that the country people still cling to their favorite old story of Lady Anne's Atheism."

There have been erected during the past year no fewer than 26 new light houses, three beacons and 5 fog whistles, and arrangements have been made for the erection of a first class dioptric light on sable island, about 100 miles from the Nova Scotia coast, where the navigation is at all times difficult; the extensive sand bars which extend a long distance into the Atlantic, rendering it one of the most dangerous localities in the Dominion.

The Cape Ann *Advertiser* says:—The Plymouth fishing fleet is falling off in numbers. Of the fifty-five engaged in the cod fishery four were lost last autumn, and one was seized and held by the Canadian authorities. The catch last year was valued at $211,800, and the oil $13,050 more; total, 224,850. The herring fleet, mostly belonged in Seituate, brought in 5525 barrels, worth nearly $30,000. The fishing fleet of Maine last year consisted of 786 vessels, employing 5228 men.

THE OLD FLAG.—A Scotch resident in Paris, who had very reluctantly to quit his shop when the siege commenced, happily bethought himself that in a country where so spurious flags or ensigns are allowed, the "Union Jack" would be respected. After locking up and taking an anxious leave of his property in the gay city of his adoption he caused to be hoisted over the tenement the British standard. When the gates of the beleaguered city were partially opened after the capitulation, he returned to find his whole property, "goods and gear", entirely intact, while other houses and shops in the locality had been thoroughly ransacked, even the floors torn up in the search of hidden treasure. An American who had neglected to float the stars and stripes had upwards of £210 worth of silver plate and other valuables carried off.

The young man who will distance his competitors is he who masters his business, who preserves his integrity, who lives clearly and purely, who devotes leisure to the acquisition of konwledge, who never gets in debt, who gains friends by deserving them, and who saves his spare money.

Among the members of the present U.S. House of Representatives there are one hundred and thirty-one lawyers, twenty-five farmers, twenty-four merchants, eleven physicians, eleven journalists, six bankers, five manufacturers, four lumbermen, three railroad managers, three general business men two clergymen and one teacher.

The North Adams Chinamen have been giving the New Englanders some new wrinkles in regard to the causes of earthquakes. They say that 'Once all alive; then the outside die, but the inside still alive, sometimes he gets tired and turns over,' which to them is satisfactory explanation of how the old thing works.

Kissing him for his mother—During the troubles a young Confederate man was passing through one of the hospitals, when it was remarked that a prisoner, a lieutenant, died that morning.

'Oh, where is he? Let me see him! Let me kiss him for his mother!' exclaimed the maiden.

The attendant led her into an adjoining ward, when discovering Lieutenant H——, of the Fifth Kansas, lying fast asleep on his hospital couch, and thinking to have a little fun, he pointed him out to the girl. She sprang forward, and bending over him, said:

'Oh, you dear lieutenant, let me kiss you for your mother!'

What was he surprise when the the awakened 'corpse' ardently clasped her in his arm, returned the salute, and exclaimed:

'Never mind the old lady, Miss; go it on your own account. I have not the slightest objection.'

The Lord Chief Justice of England, says the London *Freeman*, has decided that a Bible, even though it be a large one, is personal luggage such as a traveller may reasonably require to take with him, and the value of which, if lost by the railway company, must be made good by them. It would be a good plan to have such a law in this country, although we do not remember to have heard of losses of this character.

A meeting was held in Washington on Tuesday, at which delegates from England were present for the purpose of promoting the union of all Evangelical denominations of Christians for catholic work.

A Mississippi paper, describing the effects of the recent tornado in a portion of that State, says in its report that "some of Mr Quinn's hens were subsequently discovered miles away, part of them entirely stripped of their feathers by the force of the hurricane."

A young lady, running as a Republican candidate for school committee in Nashua, N. H., recently, was defeated by her father, who was on the Democratic ticket.

There have been erected during the past year no fewer than 26 new light houses, 3 beacons and 5 fog whistles, and arrangements have been made for the erection of a first-class light on Sable Island, about 100 miles from the Nova Scotia coast, where the navigation is at all times difficult; the extensive sand bars which extend distance into the Atlantic, rendering it one of the most dangerous localities in the Dominion.

One T M Badger, of Brownsville, Texas, has been a candidate for the Legislature thirty-nine times, and has never had the remote st chance of success. He threatens to continue running while he lives, from the mere force of habit. He believes that to be elected would cause his death from the shock of surprise.

Challange Accepted.

To the Editor of the Signal.

SIR,—Robert Gibert Marshall can get a race according to his challange of Sept 25th, for $500 or $1000 aside, 200 yards against any man in the Dominion. If he means business let him send articles to me, and put up a forfeit in some man's hand in Clinton, and I will make the match.

M. BURGESS.

Woodstock, April 4th, 1871.

The Suez Canal.

From a return which has recently been pulished we learn that during the year 1870 two hundred and ninety-one vessels passed through the canal. Of these 374 were British, 74 French, 20 Austrain, 18 Ottoman, 10 Italian, 2 American, 2 Russian, 3 Spanish, and 1 Danish. It thus appears that fully three-fourths of the whole number were British. Even this, however, fails to convey a correct idea of the overwhelming proportion which the trade of Great Britain with the East bears to that of all other nations. As it is well known that the average tonnage of the vessels which she employes in that trade is greater than that of the other countries we have named, we may safely assert that of the whole tonnage which passed through the canal last year, at least seven-eighths were British.

The revenue of the canal was about $1,014,000—a most inadequate return on the enormous cost of construction, to say nothing of the expense for repairs and further necessary improvements. We daresay, however, that the present year will exhibit a great increase of income, even if a heavy falling off has taken place in French commerce with the East.

We commend these returns to the attention of the press of this country, which for years has rejoiced in predicting that the opening of the Suez Canal was to signalize the speedy decline of Great Britain's superiority in Asiatic commerce. Never was prophecy more fully falsified. To show how prompt our countrymen are 'to take occasion by the hand,' we shall mention one fact. A Glasgow firm, had a dozen ships of 1,000 to 1,500 tons each regularly employed in the Calcutta trade. When the capabilities of the canal were duly ascertained, they set to work to build several large steamers of light draught on the Clyde; and more than one of these is already making regular trips between Glasgow and Calcutta. Many other firms have done and are doing the same thing. This is but a solitary instance of British maritime and commercial enterprise; and we may venture to ask if there has been anything like it in this country during the last ten years.—*Scottish American.*

The Extravagance of American Women.

Every month or so newspapers contain accounts of some bride's outfit for married life, her jewels, her silks, her satins, her various finery, all which looks and reads very much like extravagance, and leads often to grave moralizing upon the wastefulness of American women. No doubt there are extravagant women; but after all, look at this: The value of silk and the manufactures of silk imported into the United States for the year ending June 30, 1869, was $22,334,624. Now in this state of New York, 1865, there were 1,467,636 women and girls over ten years of age. The sum of $22,334,654, the total value of imported silks, divided among these women and girls, of our State alone, would give only fifteen dollars and twenty-two cents United States currency to each. This is the value of two gallons of fine brandy imported from France, but in fact oftenest made at home. This simple fact seems to show that, as a class, American women are not extravagant; as a whole, they are in fact, the best of economists; for they make small means go farther in their own expenses and in their households than any women in the world.

No organ of thought or action can be employed without the assistance of the blood, and no organ can be employed safely or with impunity without a supply of healthy blood. With healthy blood the exercised organs become well developed, whether they be muscular or intellectual. By the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites the blood is speedily vitalized and purified, and so made capable of producing a sound mind and a sound body.

There have been 47 steam vessels added to the list owned by the Dominion during last year at an average value of $20,000 each, giving an aggregate value of $940,000. The number of wrecks on the Canadian coasts last year were 231; estimated loss, $500,000. Wrecks of lake and inland vessels, 104; estimated loss, $357,000.

Extensive New Premises AND SPLENDID NEW STOCK

C. Barry & Bro.

Cabinet Makers, Undertakers & Wood Turners,

HAMILTON ST.

Have removed across the street to the store next door to Wm. Acheson's Harness Shop, where will be found

A GOOD ASSORTMENT!

of Kitchen, Bedroom, Diningroom, and Parlor Furniture, such as

TABLES, CHAIRS (hair, cane and wood seated) CUPBOARDS HEADSTEADS, WASH STANDS, MATTRESSES, SPRINGS, SOFAS.

WHATNOTS, LOOKING GLASSES GILT FRAMING.

☞ C. B & B. are prepared to sell everything in their line

Cheap for Cash.

N. B A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand and a Hearse to hire; all on reasonable terms.

A CALL SOLICITED.

Goderich, 15 w32-1

PIANOS,

MELODEONS, HOUSE ORGANS, CHURCH ORGANS, Piano Stools, &c., &c.,

Manufactured by the celebrated Firm of R. S. WILLIAMS & CO., TORONTO.

The most extensive makers in the Dominion.

THE undersigned begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for Goderich and the surrounding country of the above justly celebrated firm, and is prepared to sell all articles made by them, at

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

Sample may be seen and terms ascertaine at Warc-Rooms, West Street.

DANIEL GORDON,

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Wanted to Purchase.

A GOOD SALT WELL, if with buildings erected, preferred. Address with full particulars and price, "J." SIGNAL Office.

Dec. th, 1870. w34-tf

THE LITTLE WANZER.

THIS LITTLE FAVORITE IS THE MOST COMPLETE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, EVER INTRODUCED INTO NORTH AMERICA OEUROPE

OVER 15,000 FAMILIES HAVE BEEN SUPPLIED WITH THIS MACHINE within the last two years, and have made for themselves hosts of friends, and earned the reputation of being an indispensable article. These Machines are patronized by all grades of society from the modest Farmer's Wives and Daughters to the Nobility and Royal Families of Europe.

THE LITTLE WANZER

is the simplest, will do the greatest variety of work, is more easily managed, less liable to get out of order, and runs lighter, than any other shuttle Sewing Machine manufactured. Every Machine is complete, with Tucking Gauge, Quilting Gauge, Hemmer, Self-Screwer, Filler, Bobbinholder, "Thread Oiler," Oil Can filled with oil, Screw Driver, 4 Bobbins, 5 Needles, 1 spool of thread, and Printed Instructions so full as to enable any person to use and keep the Machine in order.

Every Hand Machine is mounted on a Marble Slab, and packed in a neat little case, and is sold for.....$28 00

THE LITTLE WANZER, on a nice Iron Stand, with Treadle.....30 00

" " large Stand and Wood Case, with Drawer.....32 00

" " large half Case.....40 00

" " full Case.....50 00

R. M. WANZER & CO,

FACTORY—CORNER KING AND CATHARINE STREETS, HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

SHOW ROOMS—64 KING STREET, EAST.

AGENT AT GODERICH

ABRAHAM SMITH, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Hamilton, Aug. 30th, 1870. sw4-8mos

HURON FOUNDRY!

East Street — Goderich.

R. RUNCIMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF

GRIST & FLOURING MILLS,

Muley and Sash Saw-Mills, Steam Engines and Boilers,

Thrashing Machines, Seperators,

Horse Powers, Drag Saws,

IRON AND WOODEN PLOUGHS!

With Cast or Steel Boards, Drill Ploughs, Gang Ploughs,

Cultivators, Land Rollers, Straw Cutters,

Agricultural Furnaces, Potash Kettles, Sugar Kettles, Salt Kettles, Wagon and Pipe Boxes,

COOKING, PARLOUR AND BOX STOVES,

of the most improved kinds. Brass Castings made, and Blacksmith Work and Repairing done on short notice. Call and see the STEEL MOULD-BOARD PLOUGHS, as you can get one very cheap for Cash.

Goderich, Aug. 15th, 1870 w30

GODERICH WOOLEN FACTORY,

(KNOWN AS PIPER'S MILLS)

J. INGLIS & SONS,

RESPECTFULLY intimates to farmers and others that they are prepared to fill all orders in

ROLL CARDING MANUFACTURING,

Cloth Dressing, Custom Spinning, Dyeing, Satinetts,

Fulled Cloths, Winceys, Flannels, Blankets

On the shortest notice. Parties wishing to exchange their wool for good home made goods, will find it to their interest to give us a call, as we are satisfied we have the goods you require. Parties coming from a distance with wool to get carded may in nearly every instance rely on getting their wool home with them the same day.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Goderich Woolen Factory, Aug. 15th, 1870 w11

NEW CABINET AND UPHOLSTERING SHOP,

WEST STREET

OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL, GODERICH.

ERIC McKAY,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce that he has opened a new shop in the above line, on West Street, opposite the Bank of Montreal, where he will keep constantly on hand or make to order

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

Having on hand an assortment of Upholstering material, he will be prepared to fill promptly all orders in that line.

☞ A quantity of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings on hand.

Picture Framing to Order.

☞ He trusts by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 30-tf

HURON HOTEL,

ZURICH, CO. HURON,

JOHN PRANG, - - Proprietor.

This house is fitted up with every convenience for the travelling public,

☞ Good Stabling and prompt attendance

COLBORNE HOTEL, GODERICH.

E. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Good Accommodations. Ample Stable Room.

☞ This is admitted to be a First class house kept in Good Style.

August 15th, 1870. sw1-tf

MONEY TO LEND AT LOWEST RATES.

J. B. GORDON,

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, GODERICH.

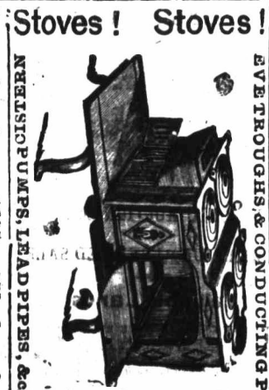
Goderich, March 30th, 1871. w9-tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL,

R Frederick Armstrong, Land Agent, has removed his office to Mr. Hugh Dunlop's building, next door to the Post Office, first flat. Farms and Wild Lands for sale on Money to Loan on very reasonable terms

Goderich, Nov. 26th 1870 sw26-tf—w49

Stoves! Stoves!



EAVE TROUGHS & CONDUCTING PIPE.

CISTERN PUMPS, LEAD PIPES, &c., &c.

PLAIN AND FANCY

TIN WARE,

COAL OIL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Coal Oil Lamps, &c. &c. Old Iron Copper, Brass, Wool Pickings, and Sheep Skin taken in exchange.

☞ Sign of the Large Coal Oil Barrel, Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 sw1

NORWAY OAT.

THE SUBSCRIBER, RESIDING ON LOT 29, 3rd Con. Tuckersmith, has for sale a large quantity of the celebrated NORWAY OATS, also, Early Rose, Harrison, Early Goodrich and Gleason POTATOES for seed, which he will sell for $1.00 per single bushel And upwards in proportion, ten bushels or upwards can have them at 90c. per bushel. The Norway Oats are true to name and free from other seeds.

EDWARD TURNER.

Jan. 20th, 1871. w-2m

MRS. DAYS' HOTEL WROXETER.

ON the direct road from Seaforth to Mitchell. Every necessary accommodation for the travelling public.

HANNAH DAYS.

Commercial Hotel, Mitchell, C.W

JOHN HICKS, Proprietor. This is the largest and best Country Hotel in Western Canada, and charges as moderate as any House in Mitchell. Stage Proprietor. Good stabling for 100 Horses; Horses and Carriages for Hire, on Shortest Notice. 1419

BRANTFORD BREWERY

THOS. SPENCER, PRO.

Spencer's XXX Ales & Porter

Spencer's Bottled Ale in Fine condition,

Spencer's Ales in Puncheon, barrels and Half barrels, at the

GODERICH DEPOT,

MARKET SQUARE.

GEO. GRANT.

Goderich, Jan. 10th, 1871. sw1-1y

FARM FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE.

THE PROPERTY OF THE LATE ANDREW Harvey, being the South Half of Lot, No. 26 north of the town Plot, Ashfield, Co. Huron, 100 acres; 8 fireplace land. 70 acres cleared; with buildings and orchard.

Terms Very Reasonable. Full particulars as to price &c., &c. to be had at the Office of DOYLE & SQUIRE, Barristers Goderich.

Goderich December 23rd 1870

FOR SALE.

AN OPEN BUGGY, AS GOOD AS NEW FOLDING seat behind, for Sale cheap.

L. CARBY,

Goderich March 2nd 1871. w7-

TO LET, A TWO STORY house, near the Market Square. Apply to

L. McINTOSH.

Goderich 20th, Feb. 1871. sw22-tf

TWO FARMS for SALE

FOR sale two valuable FARMS in the Township of Goderich. For particulars apply to

JOSEPH SHAW, Huron Road, Goderich Township

August 15, 1870 w30

HOUSE TO RENT OR SELL

WITHIN 10 MINUTES WALK OF the COURT HOUSE, containing 8 rooms, kitchen and pantry, with good garden, cellar and well. Apply at this office, or to

ROBERT WILSON.

Goderich, Feb. 28th, 1871. sw34-1m

VALUABLE TOWN & PARK LOTS FOR SALE,

LOTS 290, 389 and 387 on Brittania road, and about thirteen acres on lot No. five on Maitland Concession in Township of Goderich, within one mile of the Town. For particulars apply to A. M. ROSS, Goderich.

Goderich, Feb. 6th 1871 sw18-tf—

TO SELL

THE EAST HALF OF LOT NUMBER 8, FOURteenth concession of Hullett, on the boundary line between Blythe and Walton, post office each way—Good hardwood; watered with a never failing creek and never failing spring. Also well built log house. Forty acres cleared, well fenced, 77 acres in all. Log house and barn, a thriving orchard, 8 kinds of plums, black, white and red currants, pears, red and yellow gooseberries. For further particulars apply on the premises. TO RANKIN LAWSON and his Mother

Aug 15th, 1870. w30-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

LOT 10, CON. 10, W. D. COLBORNE, 100 ACRES, 90 cleared, good dwelling house, frame 22x26, with a commodious kitchen attached, also good barn and shed accommodation, good bearing orchard, well watered by two creeks running through the farm, and good wells. One mile from gravel road, 9 miles from Goderich. For particulars apply on the premises to undersigned, or to Mr. D Ferguson, grocer Goderich.

C. STEWART.

August 15, 1870 w30

LAND AND LOAN OFFICE.

Money to Lend on Mortgages. At as low rates as can be obtained anywhere. Lands bought and sold. Town and village lots for Sale.

Sales of Canada Company's Lots Necessarily and latest lists of Lands to be seen at the office of the subscriber.

LEWIS W. ORD, West Street, Goderich.

December 2nd 1870. sw30-tf

BARGAIN.

50 ACRES, East ½ lot 29, 10th con. Colross, Co. Bruce 7 acres cleared and good log house. Clear title for $300 cash or for $600 one third down and the remainder in 4 annual instalments with interest at 6 per cent per annum.

Apply to

ABRAHAM SMITH

Lumley 5 Sept 1870 w33-tf Merchant Tailor

Farm for Sale.

LOTS 53 and 54, Bayfield Concession, in the Township of Goderich Containing 68 acres, of these over 50 acres cleared with good Frame Barn, and Log House, about 3 miles from Clinton. For Terms of sale apply at the Division Court office at Goderich, or to Mr. WIGGINGTON on the premises.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

LANDS FOR SALE AT BAYFIELD.

LOTS NO'S. 71 & 72 BAYFIELD CONCESSION Township of Goderich, comprising 146 acres of the best quality of land, within about 2 miles of the Market place of the Town of Bayfield. There is a clearance of 25 acres which could readily be prepared for crop. The remainder of the land is closely covered with the best of beech and maple timber of splendid growth, an excellent road passes on two sides of the property, which is situated in an old and well settled neighbourhood.

ALSO—Lot 14, Range A Township Stanley, containing 39 acres of well reserved timber land, which would produce a large quantity of firewood to the acre. The lot runs to the River Bayfield with a considerable water fall which could be made available for mining or manufacturing purposes.

For terms apply to, JAMES D. ALLEN, Guelph. or W. W. CONNOR, Esq. Bayfield.

Guelph, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Salt & Flour Barrel HOOPS.

CAMPBELL BROS of Watford have constantly on hand, and are continually buying Green Hoops. We have over 200,000 for sale at present. Apply by letter to Campbell Bros, Box 28, Watford.

Watford, January 1871. w52-tf—

Feed! Feed!!

JUST RECEIVED AT

Shephard & Strachan's,

20 TONS OF BRAN, SHORTS & Midlings,

WHICH THEY WILL

Sell Cheap for Cash.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870. sw1

NOTICE TO CHOPPERS.

AS THE SUBSCRIBER WANTS A LARGE QUANtity of COLDWOOD. He now offers to choppers, for each figure per cord than has been paid yet by any one.

H. HINCKS.

Lot 11 4th con. Goderich Town'p.

Goderich, 1st Feb. 1871. w3-1

Notice to Debtors.

ALL PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE LATE FIRMS of Robinson & Mole and Robinson & Howell, are requested to settle up with me on or before 31st Dec. and save costs, as after that date all accounts will be sued.

Wm. ROBINSON.

Goderich 12 Dec. 1870. sw33

CHEESE, CHEESE.

Shephard & Strachan,

GROCERS, GODERICH

HAVE been re-appointed sole agents at Goderich for the sale of the celebrated Exeter Factory Cheese.

Local dealers supplied at the Factory Prices.

SHEPHARD & STRACHAN.

Goderich, Aug 15 1870 w30

FARM FOR SALE ON THE HAYFIELD GRAVEL ROAD,

BEING PART OF LOT NO. 29, 10th CONCESSION, Tuckersmith, to be sold in one lot or more, adjoining the Village of Hensall, containing about 80 acres, 60 acres cleared and free from stumps, the balance in good pasture, well watered by never failing creeks running through the land. The lot is situated on the Gravel road about 3 miles from the town of Goderich. The land is a red clay loam, being very suitable for wheat or fruit growing. The lot will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Possession can be given 1st October, for particulars and terms, apply to G. & J. PARSONS or to J. DAVISON, Esq. Goderich.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

A MERRY CHRISTMAS

TO

ROBINSON & CO.,

HAVE PLEASURE IN INTIMATING THAT THEY ARE NOW SUPPLIED WITH EVERYTHING SUITABLE FOR THE COMING CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR