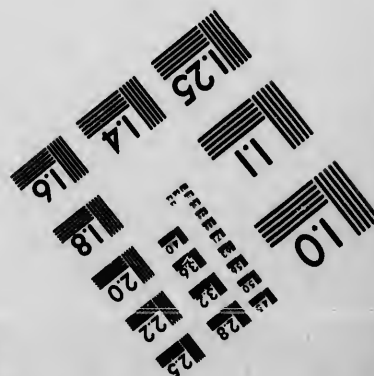
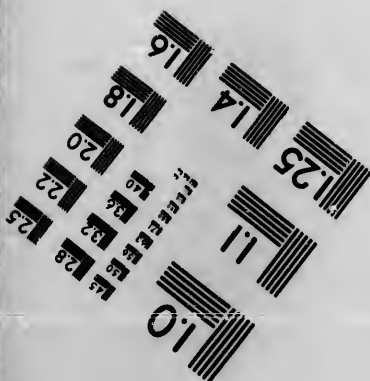
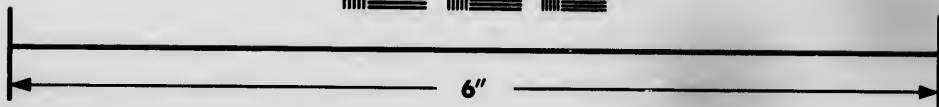
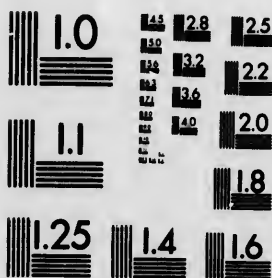


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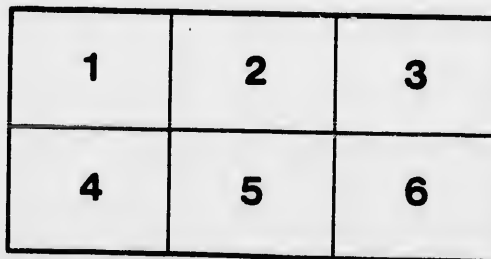
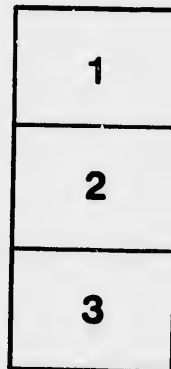
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STANDING BY-LAWS

— OF THE —

TOWNSHIP OF

☀ **BROOKE.** ☀

COUNTY OF LAMBTON.



PASSED 30TH APRIL 1896.



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STANDING BY-LAWS

TOWNSHIP OF BROOKE.

BY-LAW NO. 1.

To Provide for the Performance of Statute Labor, and to Define the Duties of Pathmasters or Oversees of Highways.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Township of Brooke, in Council assembled:

1. That from and after the passing of this By-law, every male inhabitant of this Municipality of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, and under sixty years of age, who is not otherwise assessed to any amount, and who is not exempt by law from performing Statute Labor, shall be liable to one days' Statute Labor, on the public highways, but shall be allowed to commute for the same at the rate of one dollar per day by tendering the money to the Pathmaster within three days from the time he was notified to perform his Statute Labor.

2. That it shall be the duty of each Pathmaster to make and subscribe the Declaration of Office, on or before the first day of May following his appointment, and to apply to the Township Clerk on or before the tenth day of June, for his Statute Labor List, but no list shall be given to a Pathmaster until he shall have signed the Declaration of Office.

3. That it shall be the duty of the Township Clerk, after the final revision of the Assessment Roll in each year, to prepare for each Pathmaster a list of all persons liable to perform Statute Labor in his division, with the number of days for which each is liable, and in cases where two or more persons are jointly assessed on the roll, the amount of their Statute Labor shall be at least one day each.

4. That it shall be the duty of the Pathmaster, upon receiving his list to enter thereon the names of any other parties residing in the division liable to perform Statute Labor, and not assess-

ed, and to charge such persons with one days' labor each.

5. That the Pathmaster shall give each person at least six days' notice, either verbally or in writing, of the time and place where he intends to perform the Statute Labor, and it shall be the duty of each person so notified to attend at the time and place appointed, either personally or by a good and sufficient substitute, and to bring with him whatever team or tools he may be required to bring, and that may be in his possession, and a span of horses with a wagon or plough shall count a day and a half. And it shall be the duty of every person liable to perform Statute Labor, to obey all legal orders and perform every reasonable duty as directed by the Pathmaster for the benefit of the roads in the division.

6. Any person liable to perform Statute Labor may commute the same by paying to the Pathmaster the sum of one dollar for each and every days work for which he is liable, providing such payment is made to the Pathmaster previous to the day appointed by him for the performance of the labor, and all funds so received by the Pathmaster shall be expended by him for the improvement of the roads in his division.

7. When a resident owner, tenant or occupant who has been entered upon the Assessment roll, after notice or demand, makes default in performing his Statute Labor, or in payment of commutation for the same, the Pathmaster of the highways in whose division he is placed, shall return him as a defaulter to the Clerk of the Municipality before the fifteenth day of August, and the Clerk shall in that case enter the commutation for statute labor against his

name in the collector's roll, and the same shall be collected by the collector. In every such case the Clerk shall notify the pathmaster of highways, that may be appointed for such division in the following year, of the amount of such commutations, and the pathmaster shall expend the amount of such commutation upon the roads in the Statute Labor division where the property is situate, and upon his certificate the Council shall issue an order upon the Treasurer of the Municipality, to the person performing the work.

8. That the time for performing Statute Labor shall be between the first day of June and the twenty-fifth day of July in each year, unless upon application of the Pathmaster the Council sees fit to extend the time. The Pathmaster's term of office shall commence on the first day of May following his appointment, and shall continue for one year unless removed by resolution of Council.

9. That it shall be the duty of every Pathmaster during his term of office, to superintend, make and keep in good repair, the highways within his division, and expend faithfully to the best of his ability, all monies received by him in lieu of Statute Labor, or otherwise, for the improvement of the highways in his division.

10. That it shall be the duty of every Pathmaster to cause sufficient guards or barriers to be erected in all dangerous places along the highways in his division, and in case of any serious damage to a bridge culvert or embankment, or in case of an impediment by snow, or the falling of trees upon the roads from the lands of non-residents, to call out any or every person liable to perform Statute Labor, and in his division to repair or remove the same as soon as possible, and twelve hours notice shall be deemed sufficient in all such cases, such extra labor shall be in reduction of the next Statute Labor which any person so called on shall be liable to perform. And any person neglecting or refusing to comply with the reasonable requirements of the Pathmaster in such cases, shall incur the penalty for the non-performance of Statute Labor.

11. That it shall be the duty of all resident owners or occupiers of land to remove all obstructions from off the road that may have been caused by timber falling off the land of which they are the owners or occupiers, and any such person failing or refusing to remove such timber from off the road

after being duly notified by the Pathmaster shall incur a like penalty as for non-performance of Statute Labor.

12. No Pathmaster shall have the right to alter any water course, or turn any water from its natural channel, without first having obtained the consent of the Township Council. Every Pathmaster shall perform the full amount of labor charged against him, on the list, but every day spent in over-seeing the work, going for and returning the list, or warning out the men to work, will count as so much work done. It shall be his duty to return his Statute Labor list to the Clerk on or before the first day of September, also an account of the receipts and expenditures of all monies that may have come into his hands by virtue of his office; and failing to make such return or account for such monies, it shall be the duty of the Township Clerk or any ratepayer, to make information before a Magistrate that such Pathmaster is in default, and the Magistrate is hereby authorized to summon such Pathmaster before him to answer to such complaint, and if the charge is sustained to fine such Pathmaster in a sum not less than five dollars, nor more than ten dollars, to be recovered, with costs, by distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels.

13. Any person liable to perform Statute Labour under section 1 of this By-law not commuted, shall perform the same when required so to do by the Pathmaster, and in case of wilful neglect or refusal to perform such labor after six days' notice requiring him to do the same, shall incur a penalty of \$5; and upon summary conviction thereof before a Justice of the Peace aforesaid, such Justice shall order the same together with the costs of prosecution and distress, to be levied by distress of the offender's goods and chattels, and in case there is no sufficient distress, such offender may be committed to the common goal of the county, and there put to hard labor for any time not exceeding ten days, unless such penalty and costs and the cost of the warrant of commitment and of conveying the said person to goal are sooner paid.

14. It shall be the duty of every Pathmaster in this Municipality to see that the provisions of the act relating to noxious weeds are carried out within their respective road divisions, by cutting down or destroying or causing to be cut down and destroyed at the proper times to prevent the ripening of their seed, all the noxious weeds grow-

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ing on the highways or road allowances within their respective divisions, such work to be performed as part of the ordinary Statute Labor of the division. Any Pathmaster neglecting or refusing to perform the duties required of him by this by-law, shall be liable to a penalty of not more than ten dollars, nor less than five dollars, to be recovered on complaint of any ratepayer before a Justice of the Peace, who in case of nonpayment shall issue his warrant to levy on the goods and chattels of the party convicted; and in case sufficient distress cannot be found, the convicting Justice may imprison the offender in the common goal of the County for any period not exceeding twenty days.

15. All fines imposed under this By-law shall be paid to the Township

Treasurer, and applied by the Council for the improvement of the roads in the division where such fines were collected, and every pathmaster, witness or informer shall be allowed remuneration at the rate of one dollar per day, for the time he may be employed prosecuting defaulters, on conviction of the same before any Justice of the Peace.

16. That for the purposes of this By-law eight hours' work of one man, shall constitute and represent one days' labor.

17. That this by-law come into force from and after the passing thereof and all former by-laws inconsistent with this by-laws, be and the same hereby repealed.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 2.

A By-law to Prevent Obstructions or Injuries to any of the Rivers, Streams, Creeks, Ditches, Public Highways and Bridges in the Township of Brooke.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke:

1. That it shall not be lawful for any person to fell, or otherwise throw, any trees, logs, brush, ties, bolts, or other description of timber or rubbish into any of the rivers, streams, creeks or ditches within the limits of this Municipality, nor shall any person drive through or in any of the public ditches with any team, waggon, or sleigh, (except when frozen over,) or use any of the public ditches for a watering place for their stock at any time. And it shall be the duty of any person, when notified to do so by the Council of the Municipality, or any officer appointed by the Municipality for the inspection or care of drains, to remove any trees or brush that may have fallen in any ditch from off the lands of which they are the owners or occupiers; and if not so removed within the time specified the Council or inspector may, without further delay have the same removed at the expense of the said party or parties.

2. That any person who shall throw any dead animal or other nuisance into any of the rivers, streams, creeks or ditches or public highways in this

Municipality, or being the owner of any animal which may chance to die on any of the public highways refuses or neglects to remove the same at once, when notified by any person interested, shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars for each offence.

3. That if any person shall wilfully or negligently stop up or obstruct any opened or travelled road, whether the same is an original allowance or a road established by By-law of this Township, by felling timber thereon, and allowing the same to remain, or placing or allowing to remain, any timber, ties, bolts, rails, cordwood, stones or any other obstruction or nuisance, or placing any obstruction or incumbrance on any bridge or line of road, or causing the same to be done: shall after notice to remove the same, and upon default for five days after receiving such notice be liable for the expense of the removal of the same.

4. That it shall not be lawful for any person to drive at a faster rate than a walk on any of the bridges over the streams known as the Sydenham River or Bear Creek, Little Bear Creek, Brown Creek and Hardy's Creek, and any person contravening the pro-

visions of this section of this By-law shall be liable to a fine of not less than one dollar nor more than ten dollars for each such offence.

5. That any person who has now, or may hereafter encumber any opened or travelled road by placing his fence thereon, or fencing up wholly or in part, any portion thereof, and shall not forthwith remove the same upon receiving notice from the Council, or from the pathmaster of the Division to do so, shall be liable to a fine of two dollars for each and every day the same remains unremoved. And any party having any portion of an original allowance for road enclosed, and where the same has not been opened, or required for public travel, and where no other road has been laid out, in lieu thereof, such party shall, upon notice from the Council, remove his fence off such road allowance, within the time specified in such notice, and under a like penalty per diem. In case the party or parties so offending fail to remove his or their fences, within a reasonable time, the Council may direct the pathmaster of the Division to remove the same at the expense of the party or parties so offending. Provided always that if such road allowance is under crop, previous to the notice being given, reasonable time shall be allowed for the maturity and removal of such crop, before any party shall be required to remove such fence.

6. Any party through whose land the Council may have laid out and established a road by By-law, and such party has not received any compensation therefor, or when the Council may hereafter lay out and establish a new road by By-law as a public highway, and the party through whose land the same may run, shall not require or receive any remuneration for the land taken, and when it is necessary to remove a fence from off a road so established, reasonable compensation shall be tendered by the Council to the owner or occupant of such land taken, for the trouble of removing the fence, which tender shall in no case exceed eight cents per rod. But in case the party owning or occupying the land as aforesaid shall not accept such tender, the Council may direct the pathmaster of the Division to remove the same, provided no crops be sown therein.

7. All timber of value, growing or being on any original allowance for road, may at any time be sold by the

Commissioner of the division in the manner provided for the expenditure of public moneys in the Township. Any person purchasing such timber shall remove it off the road at the time agreed upon, which time shall not exceed six months from the day of sale.

8. All timber of value growing or being on any road laid out by the Council through the land of private parties, shall belong to the party through whose land the road is laid out, provided he receives no compensation for the land so taken, and agrees to remove the same within a reasonable time to be agreed upon; and any person cutting or removing valuable timber from off the road allowance, without purchasing the same, or unless he or they have a job of clearing such road, and no sale or reservation of the timber has been made at the time of letting the job, such person or persons so offending shall be liable to a fine of not less than One Dollar or more than Five Dollars, over and above the value of the timber.

9. And be it further enacted, for the purpose of allowing the free flow of the water in the public drains, and to prevent the accumulation of ice, drift-wood, brush, or other rubbish, that all the bridges or crossings over the same shall be so constructed that the bottom side of the stringers shall not in any case be lower than the level of the surface of the ground adjoining such drain; and it shall be the duty of the Pathmaster of the division to see to the removal of any drift-wood or other rubbish that may accumulate in any of the public drains upon the highways in his division, during his term of office, and it shall be lawful for him to use whatever statute labor time that may be necessary for that purpose.

10. All fines imposed by this By-law may be recovered on complaint of any competent witness, before any Justice of the Peace, by the sale of the goods and chattels of the party or parties offending, and shall form part of the General Funds of the Municipality; and in case no goods can be found, the party or parties may be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not exceeding twenty days.

11. That this By-law shall come into force from and after the passing thereof; and that all By-laws inconsistent with the same, be and the same are hereby repealed.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

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BY-LAW NO. 3.

A By-law for the Appointment of Superintendent or Superintendents of Ditches and to define their duties.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1890.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of the Township of Brooke in Council assembled enacts as follows:

1. That the municipal Council may by By-law appoint one or more persons, whom they may deem fit and suitable, to an office to be known as that of Superintendent of the Public Drains of the Municipality; that such Officer or Officers shall continue in office during the pleasure of the Council; and that remuneration be allowed him or them at the rate of one dollar and a half per day, for every day actually and necessarily employed in the duties of the office. Any fees earned by him or them in the discharge of their duty shall be applied in the reduction of the allowances due them.

2. That the Drain Superintendent or Superintendents shall have an oversight of all the public drains in the territory under his or their jurisdiction (and which shall be defined in the By-law making the appointment) and see that the several By-laws for their preservation and maintenance are not violated.

3. That it shall be their duty to be guided especially in the discharge of their duties by Sections 78 and 79 of "The Drainage Act, 1894," which enacts as follows:

78.—(1) When any drainage work, heretofore or hereafter constructed, becomes obstructed by dams, low bridges, fences, washing out of private drains, or other obstructions, for which the land adjoining the drainage work, or the owner or person in possession thereof is responsible, so that the free flow of the water is impeded thereby, the person or persons owning or occupying the land shall, upon reasonable notice in writing given by the council or by an inspector appointed by the council for the inspection and care of drains, remove such obstructions in any manner caused as aforesaid, and if not so removed within the time specified in the notice, the council or the said inspector, shall forthwith cause the same to be removed.

(2) The Council may by By-law, appoint an Inspector for the purposes mentioned in the preceding subsection, and shall in the By-law regulate the fees or other remuneration to be received by him.

(3) If the cost of removing such obstruction is not paid by the owner or occupant of the lands liable, to the municipality forthwith after the completion of the work, the council may pay the same, and the clerk of the municipality shall place such amount upon the collector's roll against the lands liable, with ten per cent added thereto, and the same shall be collected like other taxes, subject, however, to an appeal by the owners or occupant, in respect of the cost of the work, to the Judge of the county court of the county in which the lands are situate.

79. Any person who shall obstruct, fill up or injure any drainage work, or destroy, cut or injure any embankment of any pumping works, or of any other drainage work, shall in addition to his liability in civil damages therefor, upon the complaint of the council of the municipality or of any person affected by such obstructing, filling up, destroying, cutting or injuring, be liable upon summary conviction thereof, before a Justice of the Peace, to a fine of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$100 and costs of conviction, or to imprisonment with or without hard labor for any term not exceeding six months, or in default of payment of such fine and costs or costs only to imprisonment for any term not exceeding three months.

4. That all former By-laws inconsistent with this By-law, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this By-law come into force from and after the passing thereof.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 4.

To Prevent the running at large of all Animals, to Regulate the Duties of Poundkeepers, the height of lawful fences, and other matters connected therewith.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1866.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke, in Council assembled.

1. That it shall not be lawful for any animal of any description to run at large or unattended, on any of the public highways of the Municipality. The owner of any animal found running at large shall be responsible for any damage done by such animal to the public roads or ditches, or to the crop of any person, even though the fence was not a lawful fence.
2. Every Poundkeeper shall impound any animal distrained for unlawfully running at large, or for trespassing or doing damage, delivered to him by any resident of the Municipality, or by his servant or agent on his behalf.
- 2a. That in case animals prohibited from running at large, enter from the public allowance for road, into any field, enclosure, pasture, yard, lane or premises, and do or commit any damage whatsoever; that the owner or occupant of said field, enclosure, yard, lane or premises, may enter a claim for damages before any Justice of the Peace for the County, and shall be entitled to recover same from the owner of said offending animals, or may impound same, as he considers best or easiest; and in either case it shall not be deemed necessary to prove that he had a lawful fence, or any fence at all, or that his gates, bars or other openings were shut or open.
3. The owner of any animal impounded shall at any time be entitled to his animal, on demand made therefor, without payment of any poundage fees, on giving satisfactory security to the Poundkeeper for all costs, damages and poundage fees that may be established against him; but the person distraining and impounding the animal shall, at the time of the impounding, deposit poundage fees, if such are demanded, and within twenty-four hours thereafter deliver to the Poundkeeper duplicate statements in writing of his demands against the owner for damages (if any) not exceeding \$20.00 done by such animal, exclusive of poundage fees, and shall also give his

written agreement (with a surety if required by the Poundkeeper) in the form following or in words to that effect:—

"I (or we as the case may be) do agree that I (or we) will pay to the owner of the (describing the animal) by me (A.B.) this day impounded, all costs to which the said owner may be put in case the distress by me the said A.B. proves to be illegal, or in case the claim for damages now put in by me, the said A.B. fails to be established."

4. It shall be the duty of the Poundkeeper when any animal is impounded as aforesaid to put up notice within forty-eight hours afterwards in at least three public places in the Municipality, specifying the time and place, at which the animal or animals will be publicly sold, if not sooner relieved or redeemed by the owner or some one on his behalf, by paying the penalty imposed by this By-law, the amount of injury (if any) claimed or decided to have been committed by the animal or animals, to the property of the person who distrained it—together with the lawful fees and charges of the Poundkeeper and the party impounding the same, the fence-viewers fees (if any) and the expenses of the animals keeping.

5. If any animal, or any number of animals impounded at the same time, be of the value of ten dollars or more, and the owner thereof is not known, the Poundkeeper shall postpone the sale of such animal or animals for three weeks, and cause a copy of his notice to be published in a newspaper published either within the Municipality, or in a newspaper published in an adjoining or neighboring Municipality for three successive weeks, and if no person appears to claim such animal or animals the Poundkeeper may proceed to sell the same by public sale, at the time and place mentioned in such notice, and he shall apply the proceeds in the discharge of the legally claimable damages, fees and expenses attending the advertising and sale of the animal

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or animals, and incidental thereto; and shall return the balance (if any) to the original owner of the animal. Or if not claimed by him within three months after the sale, the Poundkeeper shall pay the balance to the Treasurer of the Municipality.

6. Every Poundkeeper who impounds any animal in any common pound, or in any open or close pound, shall daily furnish the animal with good and sufficient food, water and shelter during the whole time such animal continues impounded; and in case any Poundkeeper who impounds any animal as aforesaid, refuses or neglects to find, provide and supply the animal with good and sufficient food, water and shelter as aforesaid, he shall for every day during which he so refuses forfeit a sum of not less than \$1.00 nor more than \$4.00.

7. If the owner, within forty-eight hours after the delivery of such statements as are provided in Section 3 of this By-law disputes the amount of the damages so claimed, the amount shall be decided by the majority of three fenceviewers of the Municipality, one to be named by the owner of the animal or animals, one by the person distraining or claiming damages, and the third by the Poundkeeper.

8. Such Fence viewers or any two of them shall within twenty-four hours after notice of their appointment as aforesaid, view the fence and the ground upon which the animal was found doing damage, and determine whether or not the fence was a lawful one according to the statutes or By-laws in that behalf at the time of the trespass; and if it was a lawful fence, and the animal legally impounded, then they shall appraise the damages committed, and within twenty-four hours after having made the view shall deliver to the Poundkeeper a written statement signed by at least two of them of their appraisement and of their lawful fees and charges.

9. If the Fence Viewers decide that the fence was not a lawful one, or that the animal was unlawfully impounded, they shall certify the same in writing under their hands, together with a statement of their lawful fees to the Poundkeeper, who shall deliver up such animal to the owner thereof, and may recover all fees and charges incidental thereto, from the party impounding such animal.

10. A lawful fence, if composed of rails, shall not be less than five feet in height, and if of boards, pickets, wire, or any other description of fence, the sufficiency thereof shall be decided by the Fence Viewers, and on their ap-

proval it shall be deemed a lawful fence.

11. Any Fence Viewer neglecting his duty as arbitrator as aforesaid, shall incur a penalty of \$2, to be recovered for the use of the Municipality, by summary proceedings before a Justice of the Peace, upon the complaint of the party aggrieved, or the Treasurer of the municipality.

12. Any Poundkeeper failing to perform any duties required of him, in addition to those set forth in Section 6 of this By-law, shall incur a penalty of not more than Eight dollars, nor less than One dollar, in the discretion of the convicting Justice.

13. Every fine, fee, penalty, value or allowance imposed by this By-law, if not otherwise paid, may be recovered and enforced before any Justice of the Peace for the County, who, in case of nonpayment, shall issue his warrant for the distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party convicted, and in case sufficient goods cannot be found to satisfy the fine, fee, penalty, or allowance, and costs, he may commit the offender to the common jail of the County for any period not exceeding twenty days, unless the same, including the costs of committal, be sooner paid.

14. And be it further enacted: That Schedule "A" hereunto annexed, shall be the lawful fines, fees, and allowances which Poundkeepers and others are to receive for the different animals impounded under this By-law, and the laws in force in Ontario, and that the forms in Schedule "B" may be used by Poundkeepers and others acting under this By-law, and the laws in force in Ontario respecting Pounds.

15. That every Poundkeeper appointed within this Municipality shall, on or before the 15th day of January in each year make a return to the Clerk of all animals impounded, and by whom, and of all fines, fees, and penalties collected by him during the preceding year; also any surplus of money unclaimed by the owner of any animal sold by him, and with the exception of the lawful fees due the Poundkeeper and the party impounding, all fines and penalties shall be paid over by him to the Township Treasurer, and form part of the General Funds of the Municipality.

16. That this By-law shall come into force from and after the passing thereof; and that all By-laws inconsistent with the same, be and the same are hereby repealed.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve,

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

SCHEDULE A.

DESCRIPTION OF ANIMAL.	Fine on each.	Fee to Pound-keeper on each.	Feetopersons impounding on each.	Allowance per day to Pound-keeper for keep each animal.
Stallion, over 12 months old.....	\$5' 00	\$0 50	\$0 50	\$0 75
Gelding, Mare, Colt or Filly.....	50	25	25	50
Bull or Stag.....	2 00	50	50	50
Breachy Cattle.....	1 00	25	25	25
Any other Cattle.....	10	25	25	20
Ram or Boar.....	1 00	25	50	25
All Pigs.....	25	25	50	25
Sheep.....	05	10	05	10

SCHEDULE B.—Forms referred to in Section 14.

POUNDKEEPER'S NOTICE OF ANIMALS IMPOUNDED.

Notice is hereby given that on the _____ day of _____ 18____ (here describe the animal), was brought to the Pound kept by me on Lot No. _____ Concession _____ by Mr. _____ and that the said person claims the sum of \$ _____ for damages sustained by him, and unless the damages and all fines, fees and allowances are paid in due time, I shall proceed to sell the said animal.

To Mr. C. D., (The owner of the animal, if known.) _____ A. B., Poundkeeper.

POUNDKEEPER'S NOTICE OF SALE.

Take notice that I shall sell by public auction, at my Pound, on Lot No. _____ Concession _____, on the _____ day of _____ 18____ at the hour of _____ o'clock in the _____ noon, (Here state the animal or animals to be offered for sale.)

A. B., Poundkeeper.

AGREEMENT WITH POUNDKEEPER.

I do hereby agree that I will pay to the owner of the animal (or animals) by me this day impounded, all costs to which the said owner may be put, in case the distress by me proves to be illegal, or in case the damages now put in by me fail to be established.

Witness my hand this _____ day of _____ 18____

E. F., (Witness.) _____ C. D., (Party impounding.)

NOTICE BY PARTY CLAIMING DAMAGES.

Take notice, that I claim that the animals by me impounded, have trespassed upon my premises, and have committed damage therein, to the amount of \$ _____, and I therefore claim such damage from the owner of the animal (or animals.) (To be made in duplicate.)

To Mr. _____ Poundkeeper. _____ C. D. (Claimant's name.)

BY-LAW NO. 5.

To Regulate the Expenditure of Public Funds and the mode of Letting Jobs of Work for the Improvement of the Roads and Bridges.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke, in Council assembled.

1. That all appropriations of moneys for the improvement of the Roads and Bridges in this Municipality shall be by By-law, or resolution of Council, and it shall be the duty of any Councillor or Commissioner, authorized to expend such appropriations or grants, to let the same by public auction to the lowest responsible bidder, giving at least four days notice in four or more public places in the Division where such moneys are to be expended, of the time and place of sale.

2. Any person taking a contract for the performance of a Job of work on the roads or bridges in this Municipality, shall be held responsible for the proper performance thereof, and in the event of his failing to perform such contract in the manner, and within the time specified, such Job may be re-let, and the original contractor shall be held responsible for all expenses attending the advertisement and sale thereof; and also for whatever such Job may cost over and above the original contract price.

3. Any Commissioner may, in case of urgent necessity, or in any case in which he considers the public good demands it, employ men by the day, let the same by public auction, without giving the necessary notice required by Section 1 of this By-law.

4. Any Commissioner who shall let Jobs, exceeding the appropriation to his Division, or who shall issue his order on the Treasurer for work undone, shall be held personally responsible for the same, unless such extra expenditure is approved of by Council, in which case the amount over-expended shall be charged to the Division the following year.

5. It shall not be lawful for any Councillor or Commissioner to expend any sum of money for the erection of a bridge, the cost of which shall exceed sixty dollars, without first submitting to the Council a plan and specification, and an estimate of the probable cost of such bridge. It shall be the duty of the Council to examine such plan and specification, and either to entertain, amend or reject the same. If approved by the Council it shall be lawful for the Councillor or Commissioner for the Division in which such bridge is proposed to be erected, to advertise for tenders and to let such contract to the lowest responsible bidder.

6. All orders to be paid out of the General Funds of the Township, shall be signed by the Reeve and Clerk, with the consent and knowledge of the Council, and each Commissioner is authorized to issue his order on the Treasurer to the amount of the appropriation to his division.

7. Any Councillor or Commissioner contravening any of the provisions of this By-law shall in addition to his responsibility under Section 4 of this By-law, be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars nor more than twenty dollars, to be recovered upon conviction before any Justice of the Peace for the County, on the complaint of any ratepayer of the Municipality. And in case of non-payment it shall be lawful for such Justice to collect the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, and all such fines shall be paid over to the Township Treasurer and form part of the General Funds of the Municipality.

8. That this By-law shall come into force from and after the passing thereof, and all By-laws inconsistent with same, be and they are hereby repealed.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 6.

A By-law to Define the Duties of Sheep Inspectors, and the manner in which parties applying for remuneration for Sheep Killed by Dogs shall be paid.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke, in Council assembled.

1. That the Municipal Council shall appoint at the time of appointing Pathmasters, two officers in each road division, to be known as Sheep Inspectors who shall (after taking and subscribing the declaration of office) and entering upon their duties remain in office during the pleasure of Council, or until their successors are appointed.

2. That it shall be their several duties when called upon, to forthwith examine any sheep in the municipality, that may have been destroyed or injured by dogs, and report to the Council in writing, their estimate of the value of the sheep killed, or the amount of injury done and give at the same time any other information they may deem necessary relative thereto; the information and report to be sent by sealed letter to the clerk or any member of the Council.

3. That such inspectors shall be allowed remuneration at the rate of \$1.50 per day for each and every full day actually employed in the inspection of killed or injured sheep, payment to be made at the last meeting of Council in December, on each Inspector presenting a detailed statement of the time so employed by him during the year.

4. That it shall be the duty of each and every person having sheep killed or injured by dogs (if claiming compen-

sation therefore) to call upon one of the Sheep Inspectors within 24 hours of his discovery of the damage, and upon receiving such call or notice the Inspector shall proceed to inspect the sheep destroyed or injured as soon thereafter as possible. It shall then be the duty of the claimant to appear and give testimony before the Council of the several facts relating thereto.

5. And be it further enacted: That it shall be the duty of every person claiming compensation for sheep destroyed or injured by dogs, to make diligent search and enquiry to ascertain the owner or keeper of such dog or dogs doing the damage, and it shall be the duty of such owner or keeper upon receiving notice of his dog or dogs having chased worried or destroyed any sheep or lamb, to cause such dog or dogs to be killed within 48 hours after receiving such notice.

6. That the owner of any sheep or lamb killed or injured while running at large upon any highway or unenclosed land, shall have no claim under this By-law, to obtain compensation from this Municipality.

7. That all former By-laws inconsistent with this By-law, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this By-law come into force from and after the passing thereof.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 7.

To Tax the Owners or Harbourers of Dogs, and to prevent them from running at large.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke, in Council assembled.

1. That each and every inhabitant of this Municipality who shall possess or harbor any dog or dogs, bitch or bitches, shall pay the yearly sum of one dollar for each and every dog or

dogs, by them owned or harbored; and the sum of two dollars for each and every bitch or bitches, by them owned or harbored.

2. The owner or keeper of any dog shall, when required by the Assessor, deliver to him in writing the number of dogs or bitches, owned or kept, and

for every neglect or refusal to do so, and for every false statement made in respect thereof, shall incur a penalty of five dollars, to be recovered with costs before any Justice of the Peace for the Municipality.

3. The owner of any sheep or lamb, killed or injured by any dog or dogs, shall be entitled to recover the value of the damage occasioned thereby from the owners or keepers of such dog or dogs, by an action for damages or by summary proceedings before a Justice of the Peace, on information or complaint before such Justice, who is hereby authorized to hear and determine such complaint, and proceed thereon in the manner provided by "The Act respecting summary convictions before Justices of the Peace, and appeals to General Sessions" in respect to proceedings therein mentioned; and such aggrieved party shall be entitled so to recover on such action or proceedings, whether the owner or keeper of such dog or dogs, knew or did not know that they were vicious or accustomed to worry sheep.

4. The owner or keeper of any dog or dogs, to whom notice is given of any injury done by his dog or dogs to any sheep or lamb, or if his dog or dogs having chased or worried any sheep or lamb, shall within forty-eight hours after such notice, cause such dog or dogs to be killed; and for every neglect so to do he shall forfeit a sum of \$2.50 for each dog, and a further sum of \$1.25 for each such dog for every forty-eight hours thereafter, until the same is killed, if it is proved to the satisfaction of the Justice of the Peace before whom proceedings are taken for the recovery of such penalties, that such dog or dogs has or have worried or otherwise injured such sheep or lamb; but no such penalty shall be enforced in case it appears to the satisfaction of the Justice of the Peace, that it was not in the power of the owner or keeper to kill such dog or dogs.

5. The owner or harbinger of any dog or dogs, shall not allow the same to run at large, except accompanied by such owner or some other person in charge thereof; and bitches in heat shall not be allowed to run at large, or kept in any exposed place so as to attract other dogs, or entice them

away from home, subject in each case to a fine of not less than one dollar for each offence.

6. In case where parties have been assessed for dogs and the Collector has failed to collect the Taxes authorized by this By-law, he shall report the same under oath to any Justice of the Peace, and such Justice shall by an order under his hand and seal to be served by any duly qualified Constable, require such dogs to be destroyed by the owner or keepers, and if such owner or keeper, neglect or refuse to obey the said order he or they shall be liable to the penalty to be recovered in the same way and manner as provided in Chapter 214, Sec. 15, Revised Statutes of Ontario, and in case any Collector neglects to make the aforesaid report within the time required, for paying over the Taxes levied in the Municipality, he shall be liable to a penalty of ten dollars and costs, to be recovered in the same manner as provided in said section.

7. And it shall be lawful for any person to kill or destroy any dog or bitch which he may see worrying or wounding any sheep or lamb, or find running at large contrary to the provisions aforesaid.

8. Any Justice of the Peace upon complaint being made before him by any person that a dog or bitch has been found running at large, or running at, barking at, or attacking a horse, horses or teams, on the public highway, or killing or worrying sheep or lambs, contrary to the provisions of this By-law, or that any vicious dog or bitch has injured any person, may order such dog or bitch to be killed; all costs incurred thereby to be paid by the complainant or the owner of such dog or bitch, as the Justice of the Peace may direct.

9. The term running at large used in this By-law, shall be so construed as to extend not only to the public highways, but also to any enclosed or private property in the Municipality.

10. That this By-law shall come into force from and after the passing thereof; and that all By-laws inconsistent with the same, be and the same are hereby repealed.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 8.

A By-law for the Preservation of the Public Morals in the Township of Brooke.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1886.

WHEREAS under the provisions of Section 489 of the Consolidated Municipal Act of 1882, power is given to the Council of every Township, among other things, to pass By-laws for the preservation of public morals within the limits of the Municipality.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke in Council assembled, and under the authority aforesaid:

1. That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons whomsoever, in this Township to sell or expose for sale, or to purchase any wares, goods or merchandise, personal property or real estate whatsoever on Sunday; nor to do or perform any worldly labor, business or work of his or their calling, (conveying Her Majesty's Mails, selling drugs and medicines, and other works of necessity or charity excepted.)

2. That except in defence of his property from any ravenous beast or bird of prey, it shall not be lawful for any person to hunt or take any game, or to go out with any dog, gun, rifle, net or fishing rod, in quest of any deer or other game, or any wild animal, bird or fish, or to use any fishing rod, gun, net, or trap, for any of the above mentioned purposes on the Sabbath day, within this municipality.

3. That it shall not be lawful for any person on that day to hold, convene, or to attend any public political meeting, or to tipple or to allow or permit tipping, in any inn, tavern, grocery or house of public entertainment, or to revel, or publicly exhibit himself in a state of intoxication, or to brawl, or to use profane language in the public highways or open air, so as to create any riot or disturbance, or annoyance to Her Majesty's peaceable subjects.

4. That it shall not be lawful for any person on that day to play at skittles, ball, football, rackets, or any other noisy game, or to gamble with dice or otherwise, or to run races on foot or on horseback, or in carriages or in vehicles of any sort.

5. That it shall not be lawful for any person to sell or give away, any intoxicating drink of any sort, to any minor, apprentice, servant, idiot or insane

person within this Township without the consent of the parent, master, legal protector, or physician of such person, or persons above mentioned.

6. That it shall not be lawful for any person to write, print, carve or make, or circulate, any indecent or immoral placards, writings or pictures, or to make any such indecent pictures, writings or drawings on any walls or fences or in any place whatever within this Township.

7. That it shall not be lawful for any person to utter or employ any profane oath, or any obscene, indecent and blasphemous, or grossly insulting language, in any shop, tavern or place of public resort, or in or near any of the public streets, highways or public places within this Municipality.

8. That it shall not be lawful for any person to indecently expose his or her person, or to be guilty of any indecent, immoral or scandalous behaviour in any street, highway or public place within this Municipality.

9. That it shall not be lawful for any person to bathe, or indecently expose his or her person, by washing in any waters within this Municipality, lying or running near any road, highway or public place, between the hours of five o'clock in the morning, and nine at night, unless provided with and clothed in a proper bathing dress, sufficient to prevent any indecent exposure of the person.

10. That it shall not be lawful for any person to deface or tear down any proper notice, writing or printed bill, intended for the information or to draw or attract the attention of the public to any sale, business, profession or lawful calling of any person or persons within the Municipality.

11. That any person or persons guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this By-law, shall, upon conviction before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, having jurisdiction in this Municipality, be liable to a fine of not more than Forty dollars nor less than One Dollar, to be collected by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender or offenders; and in case no goods or chattels are found belonging

to the said offender or offenders, as aforesaid, on which to levy such fees or fines, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace to commit such offender or offenders to the common jail of the County, for a period not exceeding Twenty days, with or without hard labor, as such Justice or Justices may determine.

12. And be it further enacted: That any person or persons found drunk, or disorderly, in any street, highway, or public place, or any persons assembled together in the night time in any street, highway, or public place in this Municipality, and acting in a disorderly manner, or disturbing the peace, or disturbing the quiet or repose of any person or persons, by blowing horns, ringing bells, firing off guns, or making any unusual noise or disturbance, may be arrested by any constable, who may summon to his aid any assistance that he may require for the purpose of

effecting the arrest of such person or persons, with or without a warrant, and may bring such offender or offenders before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, and such person or persons so offending shall be liable to the greatest punishment, by fine or imprisonment, or both, imposed by this By-law, in the discretion of such Justice or Justices.

13. And be it enacted that all fines imposed and collected under the authority of this By-law, shall be paid to the Township Treasure, and form part of the General Funds of the Municipality.

14. That this By-law shall come into force from and after the passing thereof; and that all By-laws inconsistent with this By-law, be and the same are hereby repealed.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 9.

A By-law to Repeal By-law No. 9 of the Standing By-laws of the Township of Brooke, in so far as the payment of a Bonus to parties Planting Trees is concerned.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke.

1. That Section 5 and 6 of Standing By-law No. 9 of the Township of Brooke, passed on the 17th November, 1888, be and they are hereby repealed, in so far as the Township is liable to pay or offer any bonus for the planting of trees along side of the highway or on or near any boundary line.

2. Nothing in this By-law tends to lessen the penalties incurred by any person or persons who injures or destroys any tree or trees growing upon or near any road or highway or upon public street, lane, ally, place or square in this Municipality.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 10.

A By-law to Regulate the Burning of Stumps, Brush and other Rubbish.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke, in Council assembled.

1. That no stumps, logs, trees, bush, straw, shavings or refuse shall be set on fire, or burned by any person or persons in the open air within the Municipality of Brooke in or during the months of from the 15th of July till the 15th of August, in any year, nor at any other time or times during the year, until after three days' notice has been given to the owner or occupant of the adjoining property, which might be injured thereby, of the intention of any person to set fire to, or burn such materials.

2. And be it further enacted: That any person or persons contravening the provisions of this By-law shall in addition to any damage which may occur or be occasioned thereby, be liable upon conviction to a fine of not less than two dollars nor more than fifty dollars, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace for the County of Lambton.

3. And be it further enacted that all By-laws inconsistent with this By-law be and the same are hereby repealed; and that this By-law shall come into force from and after the passing thereof.

ARCH. MCINTYRE, Reeve.

W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 11.

To Prevent the Spread of Noxious Weeds and of Diseases Affecting Fruit Trees.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke, in Council assembled.

1. That it shall be the duty of every owner of land, or the occupant thereof if the owner is not resident within the Municipality; to cut down or destroy all Canada thistles, ox-eye daisy, wild oats, ragweed, teasel, milk weed, burdock, or other burs or weeds that may be required to be cut down by the by-laws of the municipality; so often each and every year as is sufficient to prevent the ripening of their seed; to cut out and burn all black-knot found on plum or cherry trees on his land as it shall appear on such trees, and to cut down any peach, nectarine, or other trees on his land infected with the disease known as the Yellows, and to destroy all the fruit of trees so infected.

And whereas this Council has been petitioned by over fifty of the rate-payers of the Municipality to appoint one or more Inspectors to enforce the provisions of the act respecting "Weeds and diseases of Fruit Trees."

And whereas the Council has granted the prayer of said petition, by appointing one Inspector for each of the five sub-divisions of the Municipality.

2. Be it further enacted that it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to give or cause to be given upon the complaint of any ratepayer or of his own personal knowledge, notice in writing to the owner or occupant of any land within the sub-division of the Municipality for which he is appointed Inspector, whereon the said noxious weeds are growing, and in danger of going to seed, (and in case of property of a Railway Company, the notice shall be given to any Station Master of the Company resident in or nearest to the Municipality) requiring him to cause the same to be cut down or destroyed within ten days from the service of the notice; and it shall be the duty of the Inspector to give or cause to be given, such notice within five days after complaint being made.

3. In case such owner or occupant of land (or if it be Railway property, then the Station Master upon whom notice has been served) refuses or neglects to cut down or destroy all or any of the said noxious weeds within the period aforesaid. The Inspector shall enter upon the land and cause such weeds to be cut down or destroyed with as little damage to the growing crops as may

be, and he shall not be liable, to be sued therefor; or the Inspector instead of entering upon the land and causing such weeds to be cut down or destroyed, may lay information before any Justice of the Peace as to such refusal or neglect and such owner or occupant shall upon conviction be liable to the penalties imposed by Section 9 of this By-law. But no Inspector shall have power to cut down or destroy noxious weeds, on any land sown with grain; and when such noxious weeds are growing upon non-resident lands it shall not be necessary to give any notice before proceeding to cut down or destroy the same.

4. The Inspector shall keep an accurate account of the expense incurred by him in carrying out the provisions of the preceding sections of this By-law with respect to each parcel of land entered upon therefor, and shall deliver a statement of such expenses, describing the land entered upon, and verified by oath, to the owner or occupant of such resident lands, requiring him to pay the amount. If any owner or occupant of land amendable under the provisions of this By-law, deem such expense excessive, an appeal may be had to the said Council (if made within thirty days after the delivery of such statement) and the said Council shall determine the matter in dispute. In case the owner or occupant of resident lands refuses or neglects to pay the same within thirty days after such request for payment, the said claim shall be presented to the Council of the Municipality, and the said Council is hereby authorized and required to audit and allow such claim, and order the same to be paid from the fund for general purposes of the Municipality.

5. The Inspector shall also present to the said Council a similar statement, verified by oath, of the expenses incurred by him in carrying out the provisions of this By-law, upon any non-resident lands; and the Council is hereby authorized and required to audit and allow the same, or so much thereof as to the Council may seem just, and to pay so much thereof as has been allowed.

6. The Council of the Municipality shall cause all such sums as have been so allowed and paid by the Council under the provisions of this By-law, to be by the Clerk severally placed upon the Collector's Roll of the Municipality against the lands described in the statement of the Inspector, and to be

collected in the same manner as other taxes imposed by By-laws of the Municipality.

7. If written complaint be made to the Inspector that yellows or black-knot exist within the Municipality, in any locality described in such complaint, with reasonable certainty; he shall proceed to examine the fruit trees in such locality, and if satisfied of the presence of either disease, he shall immediately give notice in writing to the owner or occupant of the land whereon the affected trees are growing, requiring him within five days from the receipt of the notice to deal with such trees in the manner provided by Section 1 of this By-law.

8. It shall be the duty of the Path-master of highways to see that the provisions of this By-law relating to noxious weeds are carried out within their respective road divisions by cutting down or destroying, or causing to be cut down or destroyed at the proper times to prevent the ripening of their seed, all the noxious weeds growing on the highways or road allowances within their respective divisions; such work to be performed as part of the ordinary Statute Labor, or to be paid for at a reasonable rate by the Treasurer, as the Council may direct.

9—(1.) Any owner or occupant of land who refuses or neglects to cut down or destroy any of the said noxious weeds, after notice given by the Inspector, as provided by Section 2 of this By-law, or who knowingly suffers any of the said noxious weeds to grow thereon, and the seed to ripen so as to cause or endanger the spread thereof, or who suffers any black-knot to remain on plum or cherry trees, or keeps any peach, nectarine, or other trees infected with yellows, or the fruit of trees so infected, shall upon conviction be liable to a fine of not less than five nor more than twenty dollars.

(2.) Any person who knowingly sells or offers to sell any grass, clover, or other seed, or any seed grain among which there is seed of Canada thistles, oxeye daisy, wild oats, ragweed, burdock, or wild mustard, shall, for every such offence, upon conviction, be liable to a fine of not less than five nor more than twenty dollars.

(3.) Any person who knowingly offers for sale or shipment, or sells or ships the fruit of trees infected with yellows, shall upon conviction be liable to a fine of not less than five nor more than twenty dollars.

(4.) Every Inspector, Pathmaster or other officer, who refuses or neglects to discharge the duties imposed on him by this By-law, shall upon conviction, be liable to a fine of not less than ten nor more than twenty dollars.

10. Every offence against the provisions of this By-law shall be punished and the penalty imposed for each offence shall be recovered and levied, on summary conviction before any

Justice of the Peace and all fines imposed shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Municipality for the use of the Municipality.

11. And be it further enacted, that any By-law of this Council, the provisions of which are not in accordance with this By-law be and the same are hereby repealed.

ARCH. McINTYRE, Reeve.
W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

BY-LAW NO. 12.

A By-law to Aid in, and Encourage the Erection of Wire Fences in Certain Localities.

PASSED 30TH APRIL, 1896.

WHEREAS it is desirable to encourage the erection of wire fences on lands bordering on highways, that are liable to be blocked by snow drifts:

BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Township of Brooke in Council assembled, under authority of the Municipal laws of Ontario:

1. That the sum of 25 cents per lineal rod will be paid out of the General Funds of the Municipality, for the encouragement of, and to aid in the erection of wire fences on lands bordering on the west side of roads running north and south, or to the owners of lands bordering on any other road in the Municipality that may be proven to the satisfaction of the Council to be particularly liable to be obstructed by snow-drifts.

2. Provided that to entitle the said parties to be paid this bonus or grant, the fence must be built in sections of not less than forty rods in length, and in a locality, and of a description to be approved of by the Inspector hereinafter referred to, who when called upon by any applicant for the bonus or grant aforesaid, will as soon thereafter as may be, examine the said fence and locality, and report to Council whose decision shall be final.

3. The fence erected must in all cases run parallel with the road allowance and shall in no case encroach on same; and if erected of barbed wire in whole, or in part, shall be of the following description: Posts to be of good white Oak or Cedar; to be at least 5 inches in diameter at the small end, and to be set at least 3 feet in the ground, and placed not more than 7 feet apart from centre to centre; to be four and one half feet high, with a good strong scantling or pole on top firmly fastened to posts. If built with a base or bottom board, said board to be not less than 10 inches in width, and to be

firmly nailed to posts. The space between cap and base to be used for the wires of which there shall not be less than four strands properly tightened and fastened.

PROVIDED: That parties erecting any other description of wire fence that may not be strictly in accordance with the above specification may also apply for the bonus or grant, and if it is proven to the satisfaction of the Inspector aforesaid that the fence will be equally effective against snowdrifts, and in every other respect satisfactory, he may examine the same as hereinbefore provided, and report to Council whose decision shall be final.

4. Any party taking advantage of the provisions of this By-law, must enter into an agreement with the Council to maintain and keep such fence in a proper state of repair, and not at any time to erect any other description of fence in lieu thereof, except by special permission of Council.

5. That the Reeve of the Municipality during his term of office, shall be the Inspector appointed under this By-law, and he shall be allowed remuneration for such services at the rate 10 per cent on all sums thus paid.

6. Nothing in this By-law shall be construed to prevent the Municipal Council from taking advantage of the Act enabling Municipal Councils to "require owners or occupiers of lands bordering upon any public highways, to take down, alter or remove any fence found to cause an accumulation of snow or drift, &c.," in case the same might be deemed necessary.

7. That this By-law shall come into force from and after the passing thereof, and that all By-laws inconsistent with this By-law be and the same are hereby repealed.

ARCH. McINTYRE, Reeve.
W. G. WILLOUGHBY, Clerk.

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