

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
In Canada.....\$2.00 per year
In Foreign Countries...\$2.50 per year

The Glencoe Transcript.

PRINTING THAT PLEASES
The Transcript Press handles every
line of Job Printing and will meet
all competitors.

Volume 53.—No. 4

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 24, 1924

Whole No. 2714

HAY WANTED
Load of clover and load of timothy.
—McPherson & Clarke.

WOOD WANTED
Wanted, a few cords of green
wood. Hard wood preferred. Apply
Box 21, Glencoe.

FOR SALE
Cow to freshen soon; 10 cords rail
wood.—Dunc. Gilles, R. 2, Glen-
coe.

PIGS FOR SALE
Fifteen young pigs, about 50 lbs.
Marshall Moore, Newbury.

FOR SALE
A few young Bronze turkeys, gob-
blers and hens. Good stock.—C. N.
Annett; phone 604 F 14.

CARD OF THANKS
Mr. and Mrs. Stewart McCallum
wish to express their thanks to the
neighbors and others whose kindly
efforts saved their property from
destruction in the fire on Monday
morning.

Mosa Taxes
To the Ratepayers of the
Township of Mosa:
**All unpaid taxes for the
year 1923 must be paid on
or before January 25, 1924.**
By Order of the Council.
W. H. REYGRAFT, Collector.

WOOD WANTED
Sealed tenders will be received by
the undersigned up to January 25th
for 25 cords of green beech and ma-
ple wood, 18 inches long, to be de-
livered at Burns' church, Mosa, by
March 15th, 1924.—D. C. McTavish,
R. R. 2, Walkers.

TENDERS WANTED
Tenders will be received by the
undersigned up to January 25th for
the position of townsman for the
village of Glencoe, duties to include
all the duties of the present town-
man, also janitor of the public
library.

Or tenders will be received for
only part of the above, namely:
Taking care of the town hall, fire
hall and fire equipment, public li-
brary, pavement and public cross-
ings.—Chas. George, Clerk.

FOR SALE
In Appin, new eight-roomed cottage,
lot 75 by 175 feet. Apply to W. R.
Stephenson.

FARM LOANS
Apply to V. T. FOLEY, 83 King
Street, West, Chatham. Phone 189.

GLENCOE LODGE, No. 133,
meets every Tuesday, even-
ing at eight o'clock sharp
in the lodge room, opposite Royal
Bank building, Main street. All
brethren of the Order cordially invited
to attend.—W. G. Christner, N. G.;
A. B. Sinclair, R. S.

PEARLIE J. GEORGE, L.L.C.M.
PIANO INSTRUCTION
Glencoe Studio—Symes Street,
Newbury Studio—Mrs. D. Stalker's,
Tuesdays.
Phone 69, Glencoe.

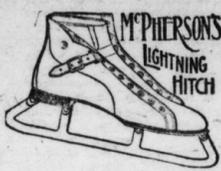
**EKFRID FARM LOAN
ASSOCIATION**
will meet at Appin March 20, April
17, May 15, August 21 and October 16.
For information, long and short term
loans, apply to President R. D. Coad,
Vice-president D. F. Eddle, Secretary-
treasurer Dan MacAlpine, Directors
A. T. Irwin, Dan McDonald, Martin
Johnston, James McRae, R. A. Finn.

J. B. COUGH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

J. A. ROBINSON & SON
Funeral Directors
HANDSOME MOTOR AND HORSE
SERVICE

Hand-made Walnut, Oak and
Chestnut Finished Caskets
We also keep the best Factory
Caskets and Vaults in stock
Phone 155 - Newbury, Ont.

Now is the time to go through your
office stationery and sort up sizes on
which you are low. The Transcript
Press is prepared to give you service
and suggestions.



**SKATES
HOLLOW-GROUND**
We have installed in connection
with our repair plant, a
power machine which will
sharpen your skates while
you wait.

MODERN SHOE STORE
Phones 103 Main St., Glencoe

A WOMAN SHOULD HAVE A BANK BOOK

EVERY woman has some little plan
of things she would like to buy—
if she had the money.

It should be a woman's privilege to handle
the housekeeping money. She can then plan
for the things she needs, and save for them.

If you are a wise housewife you will save
for these things. Loose cash in your purse
soon goes—it tempts you to spend. Keep
your money where it will be safe, yet avail-
able whenever you want it.

Ask for our useful memo book—it shows how
rapidly small savings grow.

**THE ROYAL BANK
OF CANADA**

Gordon Dickson, Manager, Glencoe
A. N. McLean, Manager, Appin

CHEVROLET AGENCY

We are now prepared to Grind the Cylinders of
all makes of cars.

Bring your Batteries in for Winter Storage. All
work guaranteed.

GEORGE HANCOCK

CHEVROLET AGENCY
CENTRAL GARAGE GLENCOE

GOOD HARD COAL

We are unloading STOVE and CHESTNUT
Coal. Standard preparation, clean and bright.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

PLANING MILL GLENCOE LUMBER YARD

**Vacvette Sweepers
AT \$35 CASH**

For this week only. Regular price
\$39 cash

JAS. ANDERSON

Tinsmithing GLENCOE Plumbing

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Order your next lot of these at The Transcript
Office.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

John T. Rosser, of Alisa Craig,
died a few days ago, in his 84th year.
The township of McGillivray loses
the deputy reeve on account of de-
crease in population.

Middlesex House of Refuge has at
present 74 inmates, who are kept at
an average cost of 62 cents per day.
A Thamesville professional man
inserts an advertisement in the local
paper to inform the public that he
is no deadbeat.

Judge Fisher, of Orangeville, has
ruled that a garage owner is respon-
sible for an automobile left in his
premises over night and undergoing
repairs.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Ontar-
io has invited the prominent stock
men of the province to a luncheon
to be held in Government House on
January 29.

A second nomination meeting will
be held in Dutton for the purpose of
filling two of the councilmen's chairs
as only two councillors qualified at
the regular nomination.

Strathroy will join the growing
list of municipalities holding elec-
tions on the first Monday of Decem-
ber, as result of the verdict of a
plebiscite on election day.

Alexander M. Elliott, a well-known
citizen of Bothwell, is dead, aged 62
years. Mr. Elliott resided in Both-
well 36 years and was engaged ex-
tensively in buying cattle and farm-
ing.

Mrs. Robert Cobban, of Caradoc,
passed away on Thursday at the age
of 67 years. She was a daughter of
the late John Brodie, of Caradoc,
and Mrs. Christina Brodie, of Mount
Bridges. Mrs. Brodie is in her 94th
year.

Going along the streets of Sault
Ste. Marie, one morning, asked
Charles Thompson for money. He
stopped and was in the act of hand-
ing them a fifty-cent piece when one
threw acid in his face. Blinded, he
was robbed of all he had.

Wardsville council has made the
following appointments for 1924:—
Clerk and treasurer for village and
hydro, Geo. E. Cornelle; metre read-
er, Clifton Davis; assessor, J. V.
Faulds; collector and scales clerk,
E. J. Purcell; janitor, Joe Walton;

Members of the Home Bank De-
positors' Association who are resi-
dents of Middlesex county have for-
warded to the county council a peti-
tion urging that the municipality
support their claim for Government
compensation. It is said that Mid-
diesex residents stand to lose about
\$300,000 if such aid is not given.

According to figures compiled by
the Federal Department of Labor,
the average cost of a weekly family
budget of twenty-nine staple foods
was \$10.69 at the beginning of No-
vember, 1923, as compared with
\$10.29 for November, 1922; \$11.08
for November, 1921; \$14.32 for June,
1920 (the peak), and \$7.96 for No-
vember, 1914.

Mrs. Wm. McGregor, of West
Lorne, has received word of the
death of her niece, Mrs. Arch. West-
on, at Lorrie, Sask., on January 2nd.
The late Mrs. Weston, formerly Miss
Karrel Graham, was the second
daughter of John Graham, of the
gore of Ekfrid. She leaves her hus-
band and three small daughters,
Helen, Ethel and Georgina.

To disseminate more widely the
religious teachings of Christian
churches, radio broadcasting is soon
to be undertaken by many of the
larger denominations. Active steps
already have been taken by several
American churches to utilize radio
communications as a means of reach-
ing millions of persons who might
have no other contact with religion.

In Northern Oklahoma there is an
oil well that is probably unique. It
produces not crude oil but high-test
gasoline. The well is four thousand
feet deep. Its flow is fifteen hundred
gallons a day of gasoline that tests
seventy gravity. Just what condi-
tions underground could have
brought about the natural refining is
puzzle to geologists. The owners
of the well sell their product at ten
cents a gallon just as it comes from
the ground.

To the end that war may be made
as repellant to all classes as it is to
those who must fight, the Christian
Science Monitor has proposed an
amendment to the Constitution of
the United States, expressed in sub-
stance as follows: "In the event of
a declaration of war, the property,
equally with the persons, lives and
liberties of all citizens, shall be
subject to conscription for the de-
fense of the nation, and it shall be
the duty of the President to propose,
and of Congress to enact, the legis-
lation necessary to give effect to
this amendment."

Wedding cake boxes at The Trans-
cript office.

ANNUAL CHURCH MEETING

Despite unfavorable weather last
Wednesday evening, there was a
good attendance at the annual con-
gregational meeting of the Glencoe
Presbyterian church. Rev. D. G.
Paton presided, and Miss Tona
Marsh acted as secretary. Satisfac-
tory reports were read by the treas-
urers of the various organizations.

The total amount raised for all
purposes was \$6,759.79. Of this
amount \$2,451 was expended for mis-
sions and benevolent purposes. In
the current revenue account the re-
ceipts were \$3,229.49 and expendi-
tures \$4,088.59, leaving a deficit for
the year of \$109.10, which, added to
a deficit last year of \$2,689, leaves a
total deficit of \$2,798.10.

Frank Abbott was appointed on
the board of managers in place of D.
J. McKellar, whose term had expired.
Alex. McAlpine, Mac. M. McAlpine
and D. M. Sutherland, whose term of
office also expired, were re-appointed.

Members of the missionary com-
mittees were re-elected as follows:
Alex. McNeil, J. G. Lethbridge, Geo.
Hurley and George F. Munroe.

J. M. Beckton and R. C. Troyer
were appointed auditors, the latter
in place of R. W. Odey.

Ushers appointed were Thos. Stra-
chan (convenor), Joe Grant, Charles
Cumming, Orville Quick and Sher-
man McAlpine.

DEATH OF ALEX. McMASTER

James McMaster, of Appin, receiv-
ed a telegram a few days ago appri-
sing him of the death of his brother,
Alexander, at Keller, Washington, on
December 25th last. Deceased was
a widower and lived alone since the
death of his wife, a few years ago.
They had no family.

Mr. McMaster was one of a family
of eleven and was born and raised
on the old homestead, north half lot
11, concession 1, Ekfrid. He went
west in the year 1871 and followed
prospecting and mining for many
years. He last visited the old home
in 1882. James McMaster, of Appin,
and Mrs. Annie McIntyre, of London,
are the only surviving members of
the family.

ASSOCIATION HOCKEY

London 10—Glencoe 2
London A. A. A. Intermediates won
from Glencoe by the score of 10 to 2
at the London Arena Monday night.
Glencoe—Leitch, goal; Humphries,
Davenport, defense; Affleck, center;
Greer, Aldred, wings; Weaver, sub.
London is expected to play the re-
turn game in Glencoe on Friday eve-
ning.

Glencoe 3—St. Marys 1

The fastest hockey game of the
season at the Carman Arena was
played on Saturday night when Glen-
coe defeated St. Marys by 3 to 1 in
an intermediate O.H.A. group game.
Glencoe scored a goal in each pe-
riod, while St. Marys got theirs in the
second. During the first period Wil-
lis, one of Glencoe's star players, re-
ceived a severe cut on the side of
his face and was unable to play until
the second period.

Glencoe—Quick, goal; Willis and
Davenport, defense; Affleck, center;
Aldred and Wall, wings; Weaver,
Greer and Leitch, subs.

MANAGEMENT CRITICISED

Bothwell Times:—The hockey
match between London and Glencoe
Juniors on Monday night at Glencoe
ended with a score of 3 to 1 in favor
of the visitors. Very few spectators
witnessed the game and I don't think
the management is helping to get the
public of outside towns to patronize
them when they refuse to let them
skate afterwards. A person driving
a number of miles to see a game and
paying 50 cents admission should
have half an hour or so to skate af-
terwards at least.

A LOT OF WHAT-NOT

"Are you there?"
"Who are you, please?"
"Wait."
"What's your name?"
"Wait's my name."
"Yeh, what's your name?"
"My name is John Wait."
"John, what?"
"Yeh."
"I'll be around to see you this af-
ternoon."
"All right. Are you Jones?"
"No, I'm Knott."
"Will you 'ell me your name,
then?"
"Will Knott."
"Why not?"
"My name is Knott."
"Not what?"
"Brr, clank, crash, sears."

C. H. McClintock was arrested at
Chambersburg, Pa., charged with
stealing 23 automobiles and selling
them.

C. C. HENRY ELECTED WARDEN

London, Jan. 22.—Reeve C. C.
Henry, of Metcalfe, was this after-
noon elected Warden of Middlesex at
the inaugural meeting of the county
council. The decision was not reach-
ed until the tenth ballot had been
taken. The unsuccessful contestants
for the honor were Allan McPherson,
J. N. Sullivan, William Boler, Richard
Reycraft, David Colbert, Geo. Lewis
and A. Holman. The two latter
served as runners-up in the interest-
ing fight, but their combined strength
was more than doubled by Mr. Henry.
He is the first warden to be supplied
by the township of Metcalfe in thirty
years, and this is his eighth year in
the county council as reeve of this
township.

FIRE AT WALKERS

On Monday morning at eight
o'clock the dwelling house of Arch.
McCallum at Walkers took fire from
some unknown cause and was com-
pletely destroyed, together with most
of the contents. There is an insur-
ance of \$1,200 on Mr. McCallum's
buildings, including the house which
was destroyed.

ANOTHER COLD DIP

The second cold wave of the sea-
son spread over the country on Sun-
day and Monday, with reported tem-
peratures as low as 16 below zero.
Reliable thermometers at London re-
corded 9 below as the lowest. There
was a brisk breeze blowing, but for-
tunately only two or three inches of
snow covered the ground—just
enough to protect the fall wheat
plant. On low wheat lands that
were flooded by the recent heavy
rains it is feared much damage will
be done to the plant by smothering
under the ice.

BARBERS CUT PRICES

Petrolia barbers are not a unit on
prices at the present time. The jar
occurred a few weeks ago when a
new shop was opened and cut the
prices from 40c for a hair-cut and
20c for a shave to 25c and 15c. An-
other followed suit last week, while
the three other knights of the scis-
sors decided that they could not
make a living at the reduced prices,
but compromised by reducing the
price of cutting children's hair to
25c. In Stratford the regular prices
are 20c for shave and 40c for hair-
cut.

FARMERS WILL GET BONUS

Lambton sugar beet growers are
looking forward to a very substan-
tial bonus on their 1923 sugar beet
crop. The contract price was \$5.50
a ton and bonus, and it is now re-
ported that the bonus will reach at
least \$3 a ton and possibly \$3.50.
The crop last year was a very good
one, averaging 12 tons to the acre,
which, at the latter price, would
bring its value to \$108 an acre.—
Petrolia Topic.

TO TRY MURRELL SEPARATELY

New evidence is to be offered at
the trial of Sydney Murrell and John
Williams at the Middlesex assizes
next month, charged with the mur-
der of Russell Campbell at Mel-
bourne three years ago, according to
T. J. Rigney, of Kingston, special
Crown prosecutor. A report that
the missing clothes of Campbell had
been discovered is denied. An un-
confirmed rumor says that Murrell
and Williams may be tried separately
for the murder, instead of to-
gether as was the case when the
jury disagreed last fall.

REACHES HALF-CENTURY

The Watford Guide-Advocate has
just entered upon the fiftieth year
of continuous publication, and has a
number of subscribers who have not
missed a copy since the first issue.
It has ever been in the front rank
of weekly newspapers, and this fine
record is very largely due to the
splendid efforts of the late editor,
Thomas Harris, who has just passed
away. Mr. Harris was editor for
about thirty-eight years. The pub-
lisher of the paper is W. C. Ayles-
worth, a young veteran of the great
war, with a fine record of overseas
service to his credit.

HOLIDAYS THIS YEAR

The holidays in 1924 fall on the
following days: Good Friday, April
18; Victoria Day, Saturday, May 24;
King's Birthday, Tuesday, June 3;
Dominion Day, Tuesday, July 1; La-
bor Day, Monday, September 1;
Thanksgiving Day, Monday, Novem-
ber 19, and Christmas Day, Thurs-
day, December 25.

The 15th year of the reign of King
George V. begins on May 6, 1924.
The 58th year of the Dominion of
Canada begins on July 1, 1924.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING

There was a largely attended
meeting of the Glencoe Board of
Trade in the council chamber on
Thursday evening, with President J.
N. Currie in the chair.

During the evening Alfred Aldred
exhibited a large map and pointed
out the proposed Provincial High-
ways linking connection between
Lake Erie and Lake Huron. He
showed the proposed road to be
the most direct linking connection, and
that it could be built cheaper than
any other and would serve the most
people of Ontario. He stated also
that a copy of the map and a perso-
nal circular letter should be forward-
ed to each member of the county
councils, presenting to them the ex-
act plan.

After some discussion, it was mov-
ed by J. G. Lethbridge, seconded by
George F. Munroe, that J. A. Mc-
Lachlan, W. D. Moss, A. B. McDonald
and J. N. Currie be appointed a com-
mittee to compile a circular letter
and mail same, together with a copy
of the map, to each member of the
two county councils. The motion
was carried.

A. B. McDonald proposed that this
meeting go on record as being op-
posed to any move being made to-
wards changing the system of dis-
tributing motor licenses, and sug-
gested that a petition be presented
to the Government to have the old
system of distribution continued.
The matter was placed in the form
of a motion which was carried
unanimously.

The president addressed the meet-
ing at some length on the honest ef-
fort Mr. Aldred was putting forth
in the matter of the proposed high-
ways connecting link, and thanked those
present for their attendance.

SOMETHING NEW FOR GLENCOE

The Modern Shoe Store has intro-
duced a Goodyear lock stitch sewing
machine, which is one of the first
power machines to be installed in
any small town in Western Ontario.
For some time past the farmer has
been greatly inconvenienced, particu-
larly during his busy season, with
a long wait of perhaps hours when
any part of a harness breaks. This
is not necessary any longer, as we
are now capable of stitching any
part of a harness in 1 to 10 minutes,
and it is 100 per cent. stronger and
also nearer than the old time hand
work. And more, this machine also
stitches soles on, and we are capable
of turning out as many as 150 pairs a
day. In short, we can stitch any-
thing made out of leather. We are
now prepared to sole your shoes with
"Pauco" soles, which is a composi-
tion that will give double the wear
of ordinary leather soles and cost no
more. This is not a foot-power
machine, but one run by electricity,
and we would like to have everybody
come in and see us demonstrate how
quickly we can stitch on a pair of
soles, a harness or anything else
called leather, by this new method.
We have also installed one of the
latest and best machines for sharp-
ening skates "hollow ground." In
this line also we can give you equal-
ly quick and efficient service.—The
Modern Shoe Store.

PLATT—McALPINE

Windsor, Jan. 14.—A very pretty
wedding took place at the home of
the bride's sister, Mrs. L. D. Black,
1594 Dougall avenue, Windsor, on
Saturday evening, January 12, when
Miss Bertha Olive McAlpine, daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. McAlpine, of
Appin, was united in marriage to
Earl Platt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo.
Abbs, of Detroit. The ceremony
was performed by Rev. C. A. Far-
quharson, of Westminster Presbyterian
church. Lohengrin's Bridal Chorus
was rendered by Master John Fletcher.
Mrs. Odessa Elliott was the
bridesmaid and Lawrence Abbs acted
as best man. Only the immediate
friends and relatives were present.
The bride wore a dress of white sat-
in crepe beaded with pearls, having
an overskirt of Spanish lace draped
on the left side, and a pearl embroi-
dered veil. Her slippers were silver
brocade. She carried a bouquet of
sweetheart roses and lilies of the
valley. The bridesmaid was attired
in old rose georgette covered with
silver lace and wore slippers to
match. She carried pink roses. The
house was decorated in pink and
white.

Following a dainty buffet luncheon
Mr. and Mrs. Platt left on a honey-
moon trip which will embrace a
number of points in Michigan and
Ontario. On their return they will
reside in Detroit.

Soils and Woods

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

CAN WE PULL DOWN OUR SILOS?

BY N. A. DRUMMOND.

The harvesting of the corn crop last fall was rather a heavy operation in many localities; hence the question is (a popular one for discussion): Can the silo be abolished? Some of the farm papers have opened their columns for a rigid discussion of the problem, and I have followed them closely. Now I am living in the Province of Quebec, and pretty well north, therefore I think I am in a position to voice an opinion on the corn crop as a safe one for eastern Canadian farmers in general on the farm on which I live corn, alfalfa, and all clovers seem to thrive equally well; and they all are giving satisfactory results and none of them are to be despised. There has been a silo on our farm for many years; in fact, so far as we know, my father's was the first in Pontiac County, and he probably harvested the first alfalfa seed in the county. I am comparing corn to alfalfa because, if corn were not grown, the alfalfa alone could replace it, I believe. And the change from the one to the other, if it were ever considered, should be cautiously and carefully executed.

The corn crop we have just harvested was exceptionally heavy and much lodged by fall rains; hence, it was a very heavy and difficult operation, to say the least. The field consisted of eight acres which filled our silo, 33x14 1/2, after refilling it three times; besides this we had 50 loads of stock. And, drawing and stooking corn takes time. Not only was this heavy labor, but it cost money; for an average \$2.50 an hour was paid. Then, during neighbors' time when we should have been at home cultivating the stubble. No doubt a corn crop, provided that it has been well cultivated, leaves a field in a good state of cultivation, but if the same time which is lost in filling silos were spent in after-harvest-cultivating, more

than an equal advantage would be obtained. Then there are other costs: In this section the life of an ensilage cutter has averaged about four seasons; at least they were laid away and pronounced unsafe, and, of course, no man would venture to use them. And who would blame them? The life, too, of a jointly-owned binder is very short. Thus the cost of silo, seed, cutter, binder, cultivator, twine—besides the application of all the barnyard manure and manure without maintaining the labor. However, there is one consolation—a silo sets off farm buildings to advantage, and silage seems to have a tendency to keeping stock healthy—this itself is worth much.

On the other hand, alfalfa has many merits in which corn falls down. In the beginning, if one cultivates the field the previous autumn and then sows the best alfalfa seed available—grown in your own locality if possible—a good catch is almost assured. Of course, it is better to inoculate the seed. Now you have it established, and when established little further trouble will be encountered. It's grand stuff to have! In this district, 3 1/2 to 4 tons per acre are often harvested with a value equal to bran, and bran is \$30 per ton; therefore, an acre of this crop is worth around \$100. And this is not all. As it grows it collects nitrogen from the air, deposits it in the soil; and it also sends its branch roots and rootlets far down into the soil, loosening and making plant-food available. And so, instead of depleting the soil of plant-food, as corn does, it deposits and makes more available by its action. Which shall it be—corn or alfalfa? Or some of each? Which can be grown to best advantage on your individual farm? Find this out. If you live near a city where land is of high value your opinion may be biased in favor of the corn, but, generally speaking, the other has merits which weigh heavily upon my mind at present.

POULTRY.

A bred-to-lay male birds should have four things, each of almost equal importance, because the lack of any of them will adversely affect the offspring. The four characters are breed type, bred-to-lay breeding, constitution and vigor.

The male bird should be fairly typical of the breed he represents. If he does not possess breed type, the general type of the flock will not be uniform and the sale of his progeny, especially the male progeny, will be very limited. No good poultry breeder purchases male birds simply because they are male birds. Breed type in the male either sets or scatters type in the poultry flock.

That the male should be of the right breeding is of the greatest importance if high egg production is the desired object. There is no surer way to failure than to introduce a male bird of a poor producing line. The degree of success met with in the egg production of his daughters depends almost entirely on the amount of high producing ancestors he has had. Certainly his dam should have produced 200 eggs or over in her pullet year, and if his granddam has laid 200 eggs or over in her pullet year so much the better. His sire should be the son of a high producing female, and the more high producing females the male side of his pedigree carries, the greater are his chances of passing on that desirable character to his progeny. So important is this one character that a good bred-to-lay strain can be ruined in one season by an inferior male.

Constitution is very necessary if the stamina of a high producing flock is to be maintained. To improve the laying ability of a flock is wasted time unless the birds have the constitution to withstand the strain of high production. A male of poor constitution seldom if ever passes on rugged constitutions to his offspring. The right male bird is one well grown for his age, and that stands straight on his legs. He should have a good full breast, good depth of body, and above all, a good masculine head.

Vigor is also very important, for without vigor the hatchings from the matings would necessarily be limited. Vigor in the male bird will give good fertile eggs that will hatch strong chicks, the kind that can kick the shell to the other side of the incubator, dry off rapidly, become fluffy, and get well along the way to maturity with a low death rate and the least trouble and greatest profit to their owner.

SHEEP

Succulent feeds, which are keenly relished by sheep, are valuable for their tonic and regulating qualities. Roots, such as turnips or mangels, are possibly the most satisfactory form of succulent feed, but they cost considerably more to grow and store than silage. It is sometimes more convenient and profitable to feed the latter, as it has been found that good quality silage, free from moulds and low in acid, can replace roots in the

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

THE LITTLE BOY'S DREAM.

It was all dark outside, and, oh so quiet. Only once in a while the big yellow moon peeped out from behind the clouds to make spooky shadows on the earth.

The little boy went to bed early, for after tramping in the woods all day with his father, he was very tired. "What a fine pet Bruin will be when I get him trained," thought the little boy. "We will have big times like I and Rover used to have. I believe I can hitch him to my little wagon."

Right then the little boy's eyes went shut and he was off for Dreamland. To-night it was different than he had ever seen it before. There were trees, oh so many, and there were houses among them.

The queer thing about it was that animals lived in these houses. They even came up to talk to him and he was surprised to find that he could talk to them. But the biggest surprise of all came when he looked down at himself and found that he was wearing a coat of fur. He felt of his face and found a long snout where his nose had been. His ears were little sharp wooley ones.

"Why, I really am not a boy at all," he thought, "I am a bear."

He rather enjoyed this new change at first and stopped and talked with all the animal folks he met. But as he was walking off among the big trees, all alone, something suddenly grabbed his foot. My! how it did hurt, and he cried with pain. Poking the leaves away with his other paw he found that his right one had been caught in his father's big trap.

"Oh, daddy, daddy, help me. I am in your trap," he cried. "It was a long time before a man came, but it was not his father. The little boy tried to tell what he wanted, but the man did not seem to understand. Roughly he put a muzzle with a long rope fastened to it, on the boy's head and let him out of the trap. Still he could not get away. The man pulled and jerked on the rope and led him a long way off through the woods, and shut him up in a little shanty.

He was tired, hungry and thirsty, but could neither eat nor drink because of the horrid muzzle. The bed was so hard and cold, he could not even sleep.

And then! Bl-u-bang! "Oh my, where am I?" asked the surprised little boy rubbing his eyes. Looking around, he found he had been sleeping on the floor. He felt of his foot and it really wasn't hurt at all. It had all been a dream.

"Bears do have feelings, just like boys and girls," thought the little boy. "We treated Bruin so mean yesterday. I never want to hitch him to my cart. Just as soon as the sun is up I am going to skip out and unfasten Bruin's chain so he can go home, wherever that is." And he did. Bruin couldn't quite understand it all, but he winked and blinked his thanks to the little boy as he limped off toward the woods.

Returns From Graded Hogs.

An agricultural representative in close touch with the hog raising situation in Bruce County, Ontario, reports that by shipping a carload of hogs on a graded basis the farmer who contributed the stock gained approximately \$80 over the flat rate of shipping which up to that time had been the rule. The load in question graded 75 per cent. selects and the balance thick smooths.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel.

Regularity in Home Living for Children

BY HELEN GREGG GREEN.

"I can't understand why Throck is doing so poorly at school," complained Throck's mother to Miss McHenry, his teacher, who was calling at the child's home.

"Mrs. Carlton, I think I know the reason," Miss McHenry answered, "and I thought you'd want to know about my discovery, so I came over."

"Indeed, I do, my dear," and the mother was all interest. "His chum, Bernard, across the way, is doing such splendid work."

"To-day I asked the children to write a short theme on their day's schedule. Most of them admitted a sort of haphazard existence, minus any regular routine. But one child, a little girl by the name of Nana, does good work, wrote such a sensible little theme I thought it might help other mothers. So I brought it to show you, Mrs. Carlton," and the teacher handed her Nana's composition.

Throck's mother read: "My mother has a sort of time schedule for my brother and me. We have to get up every morning, including Saturday, at seven o'clock. Mims calls once only! We have the use of the bathroom from seven to seven-fifty-five. After that Father has it. Then we eat what Mims calls a simple, nourishing breakfast. Usually it is either hot oatmeal and milk; fruit, toast, and milk; eggled egg, toast, and milk; or bread and butter and warm milk. We have plenty of time every morning to eat our breakfast,

Beeswax, How Obtained.

Beeswax, the natural secretion of certain glands situated in the abdomen of honey bees and produced chiefly by the younger members of the hive is used extensively in the manufacture of many products such as harness oils, polish, lubricants, candles, floor wax. It is also used by electricians, pattern makers and dentists. The greater part of the wax produced, however, is used by beekeepers in the manufacture of comb foundation.

As wax is worth more than three times as much per pound as honey, every particle in the apiary should be saved. In an apiary run for extracted honey the greater part of the wax will be from cappings while a large amount can be obtained from broken or discarded combs and pieces of hives scraped from the hives and frames during the summer.

As a certain amount of impurities are present in the wax as taken from the apiary it is necessary to adopt some method of rendering or extracting the wax pure. Two methods are in general use for this purpose, the first from the sun and the other by means of artificial heat. Rendering wax by means of the solar wax extractor is a slow process and only suitable for small amounts of cappings or pieces of comb. For a large amount of cappings and new comb most of the wax can be extracted by melting it in hot water and then allowing it to cool. The wax being the lighter will rise to the top and harden.

For old combs that have been used in the brood chamber or contain pollen it will be necessary to use pressure in rendering, as the beeswax and the several good hot water presses are on the market and any one of them will soon pay for itself in a fair sized apiary. The combs are first placed in a tank containing hot water and thoroughly melted. A sheet of burlap or some similar material is spread over the top of the tank and the wax or three gallons of the molten mass is poured into it. The edges of the burlap are then folded over evenly and another rack placed on top of it. The press is then filled with boiling water. The top rack is then pressed down by means of screw and the wax forced out of the combs in the burlap. It is well to release the screw once or twice during the operation so that the refuse becomes well saturated with the hot water and then to press again. The wax being lighter than water will float to the top and can run off into moulds.

Some presses are fitted with three racks so that three cheeses can be pressed at one time. Further details on rendering wax can be obtained from Experimental Farm Bulletin No. 26, on "Bees and How to Keep them." This bulletin can be had from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Ont.

Cost of Maintenance of Dairy Cattle.

An investigation was conducted at the Ontario Agricultural College with dairy cattle, the cost of maintenance for dry cows and heifers was shown to be \$8.60 per month. Some work was also done in an attempt to discover a satisfactory method of handling veal calves from dairy cows. The results show that dairy calves for veal should be marketed at the earliest possible age at which the market will accept them. It was also found that to make satisfactory veal whole milk was necessary.

In gradually increasing the number of good cows we are following the course of older civilization where the cow is indispensable.

RELATIVE POSITION OF CANADIAN BACON ON THE ENGLISH MARKET

"Top" Prices of Weekly Report Do Not Represent Bulk of Supply.

For the last twenty months the Dominion Department of Agriculture has issued a weekly report of cabled prices of bacon in England, which, if properly read by Canadian hog raisers, will serve a useful purpose. Like other statistics the report should be read with a clear knowledge of what it is intended to convey. The prices given are "top" market quotations for Irish, Danish, Canadian and American imported "Wiltshire sides" in London.

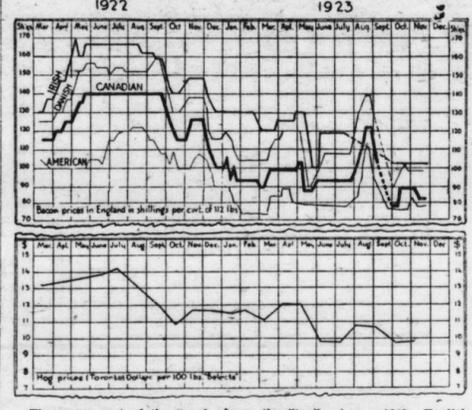
The variations since March, 1922, can be seen on the accompanying chart. The prices quoted are in shillings per English hundredweight of 112 pounds. No doubt they are as accurate as can be expected of cabled information but they are not entirely representative of the relation of Canadian and Danish prices.

And for this reason: Danish exported bacon comes from hogs of which 85 per cent. rank firsts, and the quantity of their yield for which "top" or near prices can therefore be

A staple food like bacon is very sensitive to conditions of demand and supply, such as those sketched below by Professor W. C. Mitchell, a world authority on commodity prices.

"We commonly speak of the wholesale price of articles, as if there were only one unambiguous price for any one thing on a given day, however this price may differ from one day to another. In fact, there are many different prices for every great staple, on every day it is dealt in. . . . Of course, varying grades command varying prices and so at a rule do small lots; for the same grade in the same quantities different prices are paid by the manufacturer, jobber and local buyer; in different localities the prices paid by the various dealers are not the same and even in the same localities different dealers of the same class do not all pay the same price to everyone from whom they buy the same grade in the same quantity on the same day." He adds that the man who reports prices "must have suffi-

"TOP" BACON PRICES IN ENGLAND



The upper part of the graph shows the "top" prices paid by English importers for Irish, Danish, Canadian and American "Wiltshire sides" from March, 1922, until November, 1923. The figures are those reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture in their weekly cables from London. Figures at the sides are in shillings per hundredweight of 112 pounds. Broken lines in the chart last fall indicate nominal prices reported.

In the lower section are charted the average monthly prices for "select" hogs on the Toronto Stockyards, also reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture in dollars per 100 lbs. Notice how closely they follow the main line for Canadian bacon in England.

obtained, is relatively high. In fact, thanks to their splendid uniformity, the bulk of Danish bacon may be reasonably put near the top quotation mark. This is not so true of Canadian bacon. As the percentage of our hogs grading "select" is smaller, uniformity in product is difficult to attain. Much of our bacon does not get the "top" price. There is often a difference of ten shillings between the cabled prices paid for a considerable part of the shipments.

These facts should be known in the Dominion, for there is always a tendency natural in the circumstances, for the seller of hogs to relate his prices to the pig raiser. The pig raiser is more convinced. Yet there are many factors of public choice and predilection for this or that kind. Consumers who have known a brand continue to ask for it; this is a benefit to the trade when once a brand is known. Irish and Danish markets have profited thereby. The salient fact from the producer's point of view is that there is no reason in the world why the mass of Canadian bacon should not, by quadrupling our percentage of "selects" to the total, be improved in quality, uniformity and volume so that it may at least equal Danish.

O.A.C. Farm Crops.

The crop acreage on the Ontario Agricultural College Farm for the season of 1923 was as follows: 105 acres of alfalfa, 40 acres of mixed grain, 30 acres of barley, 40 acres of silage corn, 8 acres of mangels, 8 acres of turnips and 117 acres of hay, including 20 acres of alfalfa.

The hay crop was very heavy, over 100 good loads being taken off one 30-acre plot of new seeding. Alfalfa also promises well on the College farm at last. Two good cuttings were taken from the 20-acre field and the crop has gone into winter in first class condition. Success following failure is largely attributed to the fact that the present crop was grown from homegrown Ontario Variegated seed.

The corn crop was not quite up to standard, two or three heavy storms breaking it down badly and injuring growth. There will be enough silage for winter feeding.

The mangrel crop was lighter than usual, although the stand was good. There are over 4,500 bushels in the cellar. The turnip crop was a bumper one—the largest produced on the farm in years—and made up for the falling off in mangels. There was over 5,000 bushels from the 8 acres.

As usual green feed for stabled stock was produced from a few acres

Music's Effect on Health and Happiness

"Music," said Plato, "is a moral law. It gives a soul to the universe, wings to the mind, flight to the imagination, charm to sadness, gaiety and life to everything. It is the essence of order, and leads to all that is good, just and beautiful, of which it is the invisible, but nevertheless dazzling, passionate and eternal form."

Certainly, if music is all that Plato says of it, it must have its place in restoring health to a morbid and unhappy mind. It should be capable really of giving gaiety and life, and thus leading to good and cheerful thoughts it should renew the vigor of body and mind.

Just now I felt worn and tired. Plato's suggestion of music as "a moral law" made me think of my radio. Turning it on I find myself listening to a dizzy "jazz" played by some unseen and far-away orchestra. Plato probably had in mind some higher order of musical expression, but I am no longer conscious of fatigue. There is no doubt of the stimulating and restful effects of even some modern music.

It is a pity to live in such a way that the universe is without soul. If your particular universe is dead, your own nature is just as dead. Unless there are wings for the mind and flights for the imagination you might as well be a batch of dough or a lump of putty.

The secret of happiness in life is to have a spirit capable of and ready for flight. Pour water on the wings of a butterfly and it is incapable of locomotion, and becomes no better than a dead insect.

Did you ever attend a meeting of the Rotary, the Kiwanians or the Lions club? They sing the war songs, such as "Pack all your troubles in your old kit bag and smile, smile, smile!" The members of the club have all come from business, with all its worries and perplexities. The picture to say that many a man has grumbled to himself, "I just can't spare the time to-day!" Watch their faces! The tired lines fade away. The tightness of jaws and muscles relaxes. The smiles and sparkling eyes tell the story of rejuvenation. Plato was right, music gives soul to the universe.

Armies march to death to the music of military bands. If I were a police administrator I would try music on mobs to see if it is more effective than clubs. Plato may be right here, too. He says music "is the essence of order, and leads to all that is good, just and beautiful."

There is no doubt that the home where music is found is a more cheerful, a more agreeable, and, consequently, a healthier place. Music is an important factor in promoting mental and physical health. Let us have more of it!

Another Winter Job for the Farmer.

A suggestion comes from Ohio that could well be adopted by the farm wives of Ontario. This suggestion is to prepare a score card and have the husband to carefully go over the kitchen and measure its conveniences by points on the score card. For instance, fifteen of the 100 points of a perfect score card are awarded for kitchens having both hot and cold running water.

One husband when he arrived at this point, ordered the proceedings stopped and moved immediately that water be piped to the kitchen, and made arrangements to have available, both hot and cold. After that the scoring continued and other conveniences were added as time and finances made them possible.

The eight sections on the score card used allow the following points: the floor plan of arrangement, 15 points; lights and ventilation, 16; floor and walls, 10; stove, 10; fuel, 9; water supply, 15; equipment, 15; storage, 10.

Dehorning of Cattle

After quoting a number of examples in the West showing the profit derived from dehorned or harmless cattle, the Division of Animal Husbandry at Ottawa, in a pamphlet on the Winter Feeding of Beef Cattle in Ontario, says the results show that buyers readily pay from 25 cents to 50 cents, and higher in some cases, for dehorned stockers and feeders. This discrimination is more pronounced when the supplies are plentiful. The conclusion is reached that the man who prevents the growth of horns on his calves, destined for sale as stockers and feeders, and the ultimate buyer of these cattle, may both expect a direct return, aside from the fact that such stock will make more economical gains in the feeding quarters, or on range, other things being equal.

Do not live in an outdoor desert. Keep the water pan of the furnace filled, or a small kettle of water on the heating stove.

It is a real test of character not to chafe at poverty instead of getting lessons from it.

When the crops of one season have been laid away, the seeds for another should be considered.

A concealed man may look in a mirror and still not see himself as others see him.

THE HAMMER OF THOR

Old Norse mythology pictured Thor, the god of war, thunder and agriculture, as destroying the giants with his magic hammer. That hammer was a good idea. And the conception of the destruction of giants was not far-fetched, according to the theory of earthquakes as advanced by Ellsworth Huntington and Stephen Visher, professors at Yale and Indiana Universities, who tell a startling story about sun spots.

For there are tremendous blows struck upon the earth's surface and giant mountains are shattered by them. When the barometer registers a drop of two inches as it has been known to do in many hours, a load of about 2,000,000 tons is removed from every square mile of land affected. A two-inch rise in the barometer means that 2,000,000 tons of additional pressure are thrown on the earth.

Typhoons, hurricanes, and even our lesser storms hammer on the crust of the old earth of ours. Frequent storms mean frequent hammerings. But even such a load as is hurled on it by one of those tropical cyclones is slight when compared with the strength of the rock-ribbed and ancient earth crust. As many have found out, this world is a hard nut to crack. This Thorlike hammer of air which may shatter mountains merely plays a role very similar to that of the proverbial straw which may break the proverbial camel's back.

The underlying cause of breaks in the earth's crust, which are frequently of such magnitude as to cause earthquakes, is the contraction of the earth itself. This contraction puts the crust under a constant strain. This strain is enormous, so much so that in comparison the blows of the severest storms, which we have called tremendous, are merely gentle taps.

But the earth's contraction is a slow-moving force, and even the most brittle glass would bend if the strain were applied to it slowly enough. "But suppose," say these scientists, "that while the tension is high the glass is tapped. A gentle tap may be followed by a tiny crack. A series of little taps may be the signal for small cracks to spread in every direction. A few slightly harder taps may cause the whole sheet to break suddenly into many pieces. Yet even the hardest tap may be the merest trifle when compared with the strong forces which are keeping the glass in a state of strain and which would ultimately bend it if given time."

Other forces may play a part, but it is these storms which are credited with furnishing the breaks in the folding of the crust which often make themselves felt in the form of earthquakes. Investigations by these meteorologists disclose that earthquakes occur in seasons of great storms and that the great storms are most pronounced when there are the most sun spots. So, according to their theory, spots on the sun, which are believed to be big electrical storms, result in rock-breaking and earth tremors on this globe of ours. The Thor that wields the atmospheric hammer is the sun. But the planets which are his satellites and even the distant stars influence our life, source in some unfathomable way and cause the sun storms which, in turn, provoke the breakings which are earthquakes.

Whistling Musical as Well as Musical.

Alice Miriam Heller, of Reading, Pa., a teacher of whistling, declares that there is an art of whistling which belongs to the musician's musical accomplishments. She said recently: "It is perfectly possible to have a chorus of trained whistlers that is certainly as lovely, if not lovelier, than the ordinary choral work. In Los Angeles, which boasts the only school for professional whistlers in the world, we had a group of forty whistling voices and the results obtained were remarkable and very beautiful.

"Nor is whistling good just to listen to. It may also be made a form of healthful exercise that is without parallel for lung development. In addition, the person who whistles never has to make the old and time-worn excuse of the pianist or player of other instruments, 'I am sorry, but I have left my music at home.' Nor has the whistler ever to worry about colds, since they rarely, if ever, affect the vocal cords used in the production of a whistling tone. Last, but not least, the whistler possesses an instrument of expression that is no trouble, that is never left at home by mistake, and that doesn't depend on correct temperature of the room or any other variable medium."

Merely Prevention.

Willie was under orders never to go in swimming. And other meant to see that he obeyed. So one day she became suspicious.

"Willie, your clothes are wet," she said. "You have been in the water again."

"Yes, mother; I went in to save Charlie Jones."

"My noble darling! Did you jump in after him?"

"No, mother. I jumped in first so as to be there when he fell in."

Claimed as the most wonderful set of church bells in the world, a carillon is now being cast in Troydon; it will include 68 bells and is to form an memorial to a millionaire's mother.

RED ROSE

For particular people
Roasted and packed same day in airtight cans

Surnames and Their Origin

JENNINGS.

Variations—Jenkins, Jenkinson, Jenks, Jennison.
Racial Origin—Middle English, also Welsh.
Source—A given name.

Though you would not think so to look at them, the name of Jennings and the foregoing variations are simply one classification of the innumerable host of family names which have developed from that most common of all given names, John.

From its original Hebrew form of Jehohanan, the name of John has developed into nearly every sort of sound around which the human tongue can twist, through pagan as well as Christian names. Indeed, it is held that the name of Hannibal, the great Carthaginian warrior who crossed the Alps with his elephants and nearly smashed ancient Rome, was simply a variation of John. Carthage was founded by Phoenicians, who came from the coast near Palestine.

But in England the name of John came to be spelled in many different ways according to the linguistic tendencies of individual localities. It is found as Jon, Jan and Jen, among other forms too numerous to mention. MacShosken (descendants of John), changed to the English form under the pressure of English laws which at

various times in various sections of that country forbade the use of native family names.

CLEVELAND

Variations—Clive, Cliff, Cleve.
Racial Origin—Middle English.
Source—A geographically descriptive word.

Cleveland and its variations trace back to an old Anglo-Saxon geographically descriptive term, as do Grover and its variations.

The old word was "clough." It meant a cleft or fissure between hills in those days and its modern use as "cliff" was probably a secondary meaning.

The variations, Clive, Cliff and Cleve, of course, are developments of the original spelling, and are useful in determining in what general sections of England a family may have lived at various periods. It is only in very modern times that spelling has been standardized. Throughout the middle ages people spelled very much as they pronounced, and there were marked differences in pronunciation tendencies in the different parts of England. Originally such names as Clive, Cliff and Cleve were written "Atte Clive (at-the-cliff), Atte Cliff and Atte Cleve or at earlier periods, when French was used more commonly and was the official language, "de la Clive" (of the cliff).

Cleveland, as a family name, gives a little more definite information as to the origin of families bearing it, which must have come from a section of Yorkshire known by that name, and of which the city of Middlesbrough is the capital.

WINTER HARD ON BABY

The winter season is a hard one on the baby. He is more or less confined to stuffy, badly ventilated rooms. It is so often stormy that the mother does not get him out in the fresh air as often as she should. He catches colds which rack his little system; his stomach and bowels get out of order and he becomes peevish and cross. To guard against this the mother should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They regulate the stomach and bowels, and break up colds. The new sales tax will not increase the price of Baby's Own Tablets, as the company pays the tax. You can still obtain the Tablets through any medicine dealer at 25 cents a box, or by mail post paid from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

What a Knot is Not.

The meaning of a sailor's "knot," like an ordinary knot, requires some unravelling.

A "landlubber" would say that a steamship is steaming at "twenty-five knot an hour," but a sailor would simply say "twenty-five knots." The latter is correct. A knot is not a distance, but a speed. The word "speed" combines distance and time, a sailor calling the speed of a ship while passing over a sea mile, about 6,080 feet or 1.15 land miles, one "knot."

The word "knot" is very old. In ancient days seamen found out the speed of their vessel by means of a "log line." This was a piece of wood to which was attached a long line knotted at regular intervals. The log was thrown overboard, and a sand-glass on board was allowed to run down. It was then seen how many knots had been paid out. If fifteen, then the ship was travelling at fifteen knots; if twelve, at twelve knots, and so on.

His Request.

Judge—"Have you anything further to say?"
Prisoner—"I should like to ask that the time occupied by counsel's speech for the defence be deducted from my term of imprisonment."

King crabs, found mostly off the islands of Japan, measure from 3 to 5 feet from tip to tip of their great claws; the largest ever caught is recorded as having been 19 feet from tip to tip and weighing 40 lbs.

It is 5.09 p.m. by the clock in Paris when noon in Toronto.

Rid Your Poultry of Lice

The new scientific discovery makes it easy to get rid of vermin. Stop greasy dusting, spraying and other unsatisfactory methods of fighting lice. Simply drop into the drinking water a harmless mineral tablet. It does the trick. It makes and keeps the birds clean and healthy. Warranted not to impart any odor to flesh or eggs. Sold under a money back guarantee. Thousands of poultry raisers are using them. Send one dollar for trial box. F. G. Davies, Dept. M., 30 Leopold Street, Toronto.

Paper money wears out and the average life of five dollar bills is about ten months.

When someone was complaining of insomnia, an Irishman recommended a sure cure for it. "Go to bed," he said, "an' shape it off!"

Being Busy.

When people tell one another how busy they are or have been, although they are likely to lament the "busyness," they usually regard it as creditable. And yet to be busy is not necessarily to be engaged in anything worth while. Being busy and working are by no means synonymous. The disparaging expression "a busybody" arose from a perception of that fact. People who keep themselves pretty constantly occupied with work have no time or inclination for mischief-making, yet people can busy themselves in making mischief. They can busy themselves too in ways that do no special harm to others and that are yet futile and frivolous. A great many people, for example, are busy performing social acts and rites that have no particular value.

Being busy in the sense of being constantly occupied with the little complications in the web of life is a harassing and discouraging form of activity, says a writer in Youth's Companion. Yet nowadays people give more time and effort to the attempt to deal with such complications than ever before—because the complications are more numerous and intricate.

The persons who are busy most of the time on productive, interesting work of some kind, and who do not allow the element of busyness to invade their hours of recreation and relaxation, have a sound philosophy of life and are living in accordance with it.



The Marriageable Age.

"When is the proper age for a girl to marry?"
"Any age at which he is able to make money enough to live in style."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Australia, the Peculiar.

Australia is a truly marvelous country. Nature there displays peculiarities that would seem almost to be the product of human imagination. Not only are there white eagles and black swans and non-barking dogs with wolves' heads and foxes' tails; not only does the salmon fish fit itself in the rivers and the perch in the sea, but the barometer rises before rain and falls to foretell fine weather.

Paper money wears out and the average life of five dollar bills is about ten months.

When someone was complaining of insomnia, an Irishman recommended a sure cure for it. "Go to bed," he said, "an' shape it off!"

Desire.

Life is a prison house, it seems, And all man's eager thoughts and dreams Are colored windows . . . looking through. He sees the heavens arching blue, Sees earth and all earth's lovely flowers, Sees golden noons and evening stars, Sees dawn's soft, pulsing, shadowed hours— And, hungry hearted, beats the bars.

There is a window in the wall Higher than any man is tall . . . I've gazed from it all night until I curse the hour I gained its sill, My feeble hand all night has pressed The pallid glass, while from above The moon, unloved and uncared, Shines far and faultless as my love. —Winifred Lockhart Willis.

WEAK ANAEMIC WOMEN

What They Need to Restore Good Health and Vitality.

The woman who feels tired out, who aches all over when she rises in the morning, who feels depressed most of the time, needs the help that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can give her—new, rich blood and stronger nerves.

And I don't believe that Jesus Christ was anything but a man. Of course He was the greatest man that ever lived—in his way." He was angry at himself for stumbling in his words before the quiet eyes of the old man.

But to his astonishment Dr. Carlow seemed to let the matter drop. "I hear you're going into business, Rob," he said.

"Yes, sir. Motors."
"Do you remember the parable of the talents?"
"Rob nodded. What was the old doctor driving at?"
"Do you think the master was hard on the servant with one talent?"

"Why, no, sir. The fellow had his chance like the rest. He was a quitter."

"I thought you'd say that. Now I have another question to ask. Are you capitalizing the faith you have? By your own acknowledgment you'll be a quitter if you let it lie idle. The same law holds in religion as in business; the only way to acquire more faith is to invest what you have."

"Why—" the young fellow stammered. Then he laughed, the frank boyish laugh that his pastor dearly loved. "You've got me, sir. I see I'll have to go home and thrash the matter out."

The Business of Faith.

Rob Stuart was no coward. The moment he realized that he had been avoiding his old pastor since his return from college he went straight to the parsonage.

The study greeted him with its old welcome. Rob had been there many an evening with a crowd of the boys before he went to college.

"It feels just as it used to," he declared, "before we revise our dreams here."

Dr. Carlow nodded. "I'm getting to be an old man, Rob. I like to sit here before the fire and watch my boys marching out to conquer the world."

"We don't go very far," Rob retorted, "before we revise our dreams a bit."

"Make them bigger or smaller?" Dr. Carlow inquired.

"Ours are bigger," Rob said. "I take college to make you see your size in relation to the universe! I don't believe as I did. You can't after you've taken a look down to the beginning of things."

"How much is left?" Dr. Carlow asked quietly.

"Well, sir,—it was harder than Rob had realized that it was going to be,—I'm not so sure of God. I'm not saying that He doesn't exist. I simply haven't settled the question in my mind. And I don't believe that Jesus Christ was anything but a man. Of course He was the greatest man that ever lived—in his way." He was angry at himself for stumbling in his words before the quiet eyes of the old man.

But to his astonishment Dr. Carlow seemed to let the matter drop. "I hear you're going into business, Rob," he said.

"Yes, sir. Motors."
"Do you remember the parable of the talents?"
"Rob nodded. What was the old doctor driving at?"
"Do you think the master was hard on the servant with one talent?"

"Why, no, sir. The fellow had his chance like the rest. He was a quitter."

"I thought you'd say that. Now I have another question to ask. Are you capitalizing the faith you have? By your own acknowledgment you'll be a quitter if you let it lie idle. The same law holds in religion as in business; the only way to acquire more faith is to invest what you have."

"Why—" the young fellow stammered. Then he laughed, the frank boyish laugh that his pastor dearly loved. "You've got me, sir. I see I'll have to go home and thrash the matter out."

The Herds of Death.

When the moon is high And the wind is low Over the alkali, The skeletons Of cattle go. Their ribs gleam white, The breath is frost, A ghost cow lows For a ghost calf lost, And on horns like sharp moons Their foes are tossed. —Elizabeth J. Coatsworth.

Mooring a Dirigible.

The proposal of the U.S. navy to fly to the Pole in the Shenandoah, Uncle Sam's biggest airship, includes the establishment of an air base in Alaska from which the start would be made. It is unlikely that a special hangar for the big ship would be built there, and it is much more probable mooring masts would be utilized to hold the Shenandoah between flights. Such masts already are in use at the Lakehurst, N.J., naval station.

The usual airship mooring mast is about 200 feet high and is of steel, firmly based in concrete. The nose of the ship is made fast by cables to a swivel arrangement set in the head of the mast. This swivel, moving freely, permits the flying craft to swing to the wind, much as a ship swings to its anchor in a tideway. When the airship toward the mast, drops her cable to the ground, and this in turn is made fast to the cable on the mast swivel. The slack is then taken up by a motor driven winch on the ground.

After being secured to the mast it is found the airship rides better in the wind if ballast is cast out.

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen you get your money back.

A portion of the old Roman wall of London has recently been uncovered in Houndsditch. It is 8 ft. 9 ins. thick, faced with squared stones, and filled with smaller stones, over which cement had been poured.

Ask for Minard's and take no other. A foolish mother can suggest mischief her son never dreamed of, by the questions she asks him.

"Pillboxes" and concrete dug-outs built by the Germans are still a problem in France; there were 6,000 in the Nord Department alone.

INDIGESTION, GAS, STOMACH TROUBLE

"Pape's Diapypain" is the quickest, surest relief for indigestion, gases, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages of Pape's Diapypain.

Use Cuticura for all toilet purposes. Sample each free by mail. Address: "Lyman, H. H., 244 St. Paul St., St. Louis, Mo." Sold every-where. Beware of cheap imitations without name.

"Miss America" Declares Tanlac Wonderful Health Giving Tonic



Miss Campbell in "Miss America" crown which she has won on two occasions. Photograph by Atlantic Photo Service.

Miss Mary Katherine Campbell, twice proclaimed "Miss America," has taken TANLAC and endorses it in a statement recently given to the women of America through International Proprietaries, Inc., distributors of this great tonic. In this statement, Miss America declares that Good Health is the basis of all Beauty, and advises women who would be beautiful to "first find good health."

Her complete statement as given is as follows: "I consider it a great privilege to be able to tell the thousands of women everywhere what a great tonic TANLAC is. Health is the basis of all beauty. Without good health, one is apt to be run down, nervous, overweight, high-strung, anemic. Indigestion drives the roses from a woman's cheeks and robs her of that radiant quality of womanhood that is real beauty."

"I have taken TANLAC and I do not hesitate to say that it is a wonderful health-giving tonic. It has brought relief and good health to many women, and with good health one may have a measure of beauty that will overcome shortcomings in face and figure. "Rosy cheeks, sparkling eyes, a well-rounded figure, a lovable disposition, go hand in hand with good health. To those searching for beauty, I would say—'First of all, Find Good Health.' The TANLAC treatment has proven itself a boon to womankind, and I recommend it."

Miss Campbell has written a booklet on Health and Beauty which may be secured by filling out the coupon below.

INTERNATIONAL PROPRIETARIES, INC. Department A-103, Atlanta, Ga. Gentlemen: I herewith enclose 10 cents (stamps will do), for which send me a copy of Miss Katherine Campbell's Booklet on "Beauty and Health."

Name Street Town State

Old People

Bitro-Phosphate feeds the nerves and old people need it to make them feel and look younger. It's the one best nerve builder for weak, nervous, exhausted men and women and that it guarantees to guarantee it. Price \$1 per pkge. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

CUTICURA HEALS ITCHY PIMPLES

Over Chin and Cheek. Large and Red. Was Discouraged.

"The pimples I suffered from were scattered over my chin and cheek. They were large and red and after a day or two festered over. They itched and when I scratched them the tops would come off and a watery fluid would come from them. The trouble lasted several months and I was awfully discouraged."

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. After using it there was a marked change so I purchased more, which healed me." (Signed) Miss Edna Prowse, Nonpariel Farm, Cluny, Alberta.

Use Cuticura for all toilet purposes. Sample each free by mail. Address: "Lyman, H. H., 244 St. Paul St., St. Louis, Mo." Sold every-where. Beware of cheap imitations without name.

ISSUE No. 4-24.

A Stock Reducing Sale that means much to you

**\$8,000.00 worth of Winter Woollens
must be Closed Out before
February 1st**

Indications point to even Higher Prices for Winter
1924. With our present cut in prices to clear, might
mean splendid buying for next Winter.

Finest Stocks of Underwear for Men, Women and
Children, at Clearing Prices.

Hosiery from best Mills at Way-down Prices.

Sweaters, Toques, Knit Scarfs and Gloves on Bargain
Tables.

Suits of the "Better Class"

for Men, Young Men and Boys, selling at a loss to
meet present conditions and reduce stocks.

Big Sale of Ends after Stock-taking
Get Here Early.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

between
MONTREAL
TORONTO
DETROIT
and
CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service.
Sleeping Cars on night trains and
Parlor Cars on principal day trains.
Full information from any Grand
Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning,
District Passenger Agent, Toronto.
C. O. Smith, Station Agent, Glencoe;
telephone No. 5. F. E. Lumley,
Town Agent, Glencoe.

CREAM WANTED

Our wagon will be on the
road all season.

We pay cash for Cream.

G. W. SUTTON

Agent for Ontario Creamery, Ltd.
North Main St., Glencoe
Phone 89

The C. E. Nourse Co.

Dealers in

Flour and Feed

COAL, WOOD AND CEMENT

Highest Market Prices paid for all
kind of Grain.

Terms Strictly Cash.

Store and Elevator, Main St., Glencoe

J. D. McKellar, Manager

GOOD SHOES

Deserve Special Care when
being REPAIRED

Let us do them for you.
Your Shoes as comfortable
and smart after repair as
before.

Soles Sewn On
Best Leather Used
Finished Like New

Charges Reasonable

Electric Shoshine, 10c

J. PARKE - Glencoe

H. J. JAMIESON

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE

PHONE 92 GLENCOE

District Agent

Manufacturers' Life

GROWING ASPARAGUS

A Vegetable That Grows More
In Favor Every Year.

The Best Varieties—Make Careful
Selection—Sow Generously—Soil
and Manuring—Thinning Orchard
Fruits is Worth While.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of
Agriculture, Toronto.)

Many inquiries have been received
with reference to the culture of
asparagus. The following paragraphs
answer briefly the questions usually
asked. Further information will
gladly be given on request.

Varieties.

Reading Giant, Palmetto, Giant
Argenteuil are commonly grown good
varieties. Washington and Mary
Washington have recently come into
prominence, partly on account of
vigor but more for their comparative
resistance to rust. Comparing the
two, Washington is the more rust
resistant and Mary Washington the
more vigorous. The percentage of
both is very similar, and the merits
themselves represent many years of
careful breeding and selection not
only for vigor and rust resistance
but also for other qualities necessary
in a commercial asparagus.

Selection of Plants.

Careful selection of plants is prob-
ably of greater importance even than
variety. There is considerable
variation in plants within any one
variety as to vigor, productivity,
etc. An asparagus bed should last
fifteen years at least so that even a
small percentage of inferior plants
would mean a considerable loss in
returns. Fifty per cent of the plants
is not too many to discard at plant-
ing time. Use only the crowns or
plants which have thick, vigorous
roots and show a few large buds in
a single cluster. Discard all that
have thin, weak roots and many
small buds. Such crowns are apt to
make a large number of small shoots.
Be Generous in Seeding.

If possible grow your own plants
from seed and grow plenty of plants
so that you can discard freely as
noted. One year old plants are pre-
ferable to two year olds. 7,280
plants are required to set an acre
planted 4 feet x 18 inches. Many
growers prefer a wider distance of
planting. Allowing for their germina-
tion of seed and rigid selection of
roots, from 1 to 1½ pounds of seed
should give the above number of
plants. Sow thinly, in rows 20 inches
to 35 inches apart, in rich well-pre-
pared soil as early in the spring as
the soil can be easily worked.

Soil and Manuring.

A rich well-drained deep sandy
loam is best suited to asparagus.
Heavy applications of manure sup-
plemented with commercial fertili-
zers are required to secure maxi-
mum yields. In planting, the young
plants are set in deep furrows so that
the crowns are 6 inches below the
surface. A little soil is covered over
the plants at first. Subsequent cul-
tivations will level the surface. No
shoots should be taken off a young
patch until the third season and care
should be observed every season
that plants are not exhausted by too
late cutting.—O. J. Robb, Hort. Ex-
p. Station, Vineland Station.

THINNING ORCHARD FRUITS.

Specific Advice As to How This Work
May Be Best Done.

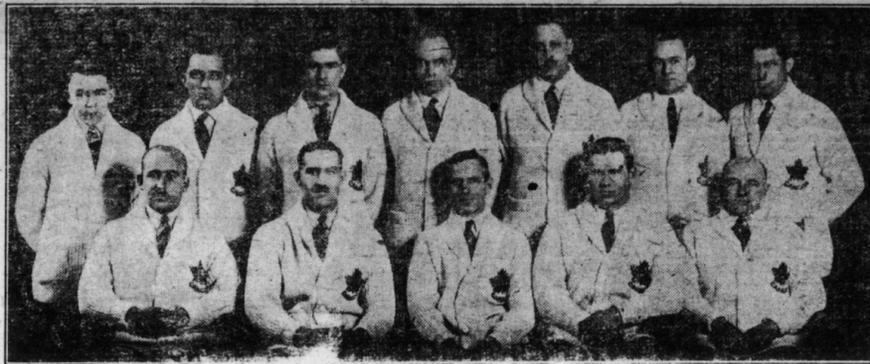
Apples, pears, plums and peaches
can all be thinned to advantage when
the crop is heavy. Some growers
might question the advisability of
thinning plums, and there are sea-
sons, of course, when the price of
this fruit is so low that obviously
thinning would not pay. Such
seasons, however, cannot be fore-
casted, and it would seem wise
therefore, to take the chance and
thin the fruit if the set is very heavy.
In thinning apples, do the work
when the young fruits are about the
size of walnuts. Generally leave only
one fruit to a spur and spaced about
4 to 6 inches apart. All fruits will
be removed from the tree. All of
the fruits on the underside of the
branch can usually be removed to
advantage. Remove all injured
fruits, leaving only the speci-
mens. Pears should be thinned about
the same as apples. The inclination
of the average worker will be to
leave twice as much fruit as is ad-
visable. See that sufficient is re-
moved.

Peaches should be spaced about
four inches apart. Again do the
work while the fruit is quite small,
as otherwise an unnecessary drain is
put upon the tree. Plums should be
thinned out sufficiently so that at
maturity individual fruits will be
no more than a thumb nail. —E. F.
Palmer, Hort. Exp. Station, Vineland
Station.

Co-operation.

In co-operation lies the solution of
the farmer's problem. They should
be co-workers, not competitors. In
helping each other they will help
themselves. If our farmers will get
together, work together, and play to-
gether they soon can be in a position
to receive their just compensation
along with the producers of other
world commodities, and that happy
day will be hastened when farm life
will offer all the pleasures and re-
wards that so justly belong to the
most essential workers in the world.

Give 'em air! One authority esti-
mates a thousand pounds of hens re-
quire 3,401 cubic feet of air a day.
The Pennsylvania legislature en-
acted a condensed skim milk law
in 1923. This law provides that no con-
densed, concentrated, or evaporated
skim milk in hermetically sealed cans
may be sold unless the can contains
not less than 5 pounds net weight
and is properly labeled.



CANADIAN OLYMPIC HOCKEY TEAM 1924

Canadian Olympic Hockey Team, 1924, which sailed for France on Canadian Pacific S.S. "Montcalm," January 11th.
Top row, from left to right: Harold McMunn, right wing; Albert J. McCaffery, left wing; Reg. (Hockey) Smith, centre; Beattie Ramsay,
defence; Ernie J. Collier, goal; Cyril (Sig) Slater, left wing; Jack Cameron, goal. Bottom row: Peter G. Campbell, Harry E. Watson, left wing;
W. A. Hewitt, sporting editor, Toronto "Star," Canadian Olympic hockey representative; Dunc. Munroe, captain, and Frank J. Rankin, coach.

Here and There

A grizzly bear barbecue will be
one of the features of the Winter
Carnival at Banff in February.

Ten Canadian and three United
States teams have already entered
for the Eastern International Dog
Derby, which will be run during the
Winter Carnival in Quebec, Feb-
ruary 21, 22 and 23.

Progress and bright prospects in
the development of sodium sulphate
in Saskatchewan is reported by the
Bureau of Labor and Industries.
Sodium sulphate recovered from
Saskatchewan deposits is now being
used in the manufacture of glass at
Redcliff.

A report of the British Columbia
Industrial Commission Department
shows loans to industries amounting
to \$1,176,694 embracing 60 plants.
Repayments have been made on
principal by 55 industries. Total re-
payments amount to \$181,128, of
which \$71,245 was interest.

For the purpose of extending
Canadian trade in Greece, Turkey
and the Eastern Mediterranean, W. L.
McL. Clarke, Canadian Trade Com-
missioner at Milan, Italy, has been
instructed to visit these countries
and report on the opportunities for
the sale of Canadian goods.

E. D. Calvert, noted guide and
sportsman of Rainy River, who has
been in the business of bringing tour-
ists from all parts of the United
States to the Lake of the Woods,
states that the tourist traffic this
year has greatly exceeded all pre-
vious years and anticipates a greater
increase next season.

United States grain shipped from
Canadian ports during the crop year,
September 1, 1922 to August 31,
1923, totalled 55,000,000 bushels.
This meant total landings of ap-
proximately 10,000,000 bushels, as
it was necessary for the grain to
pass through the elevators at lake
ports and at ports of exit.

Miss Marion Towne, of Berlin,
N.H., who in three years since she
first put on a ski, has achieved
fame through her daring and grace-
ful jumping, has expressed her de-
sire to compete with Canada's best
girl ski jumpers at the winter sports
carnival in Quebec on February 21,
22, 23 and 24th, during which time
she will make exhibition jumps.

Further indications that the year
1923 will create a record in ocean
traffic are shown by figures given
recently at the headquarters of the Cana-
dian Pacific Steamships. Bookings
for westbound sailings were excep-
tionally large, while those for sail-
ings to the Old Country for Christ-
mas and the New Year were in ad-
vance of the traffic of any previous
year.

The Calgary Board of Trade is
taking interest in the proposal of
large British interests, which in-
volves the utilization of western
straw for the manufacture of paper
and other products, and is getting
all possible information with respect
to the development of industries.
Hundreds of thousands of tons of
straw are burned in the prairies
every year, which it is claimed has
a commercial value.

St. Jovite, Quebec, has been chosen
once more as a movie location, and
arrangements have been made by
Conrad Nagle and Alma Rubens for
the transportation of themselves,
party of 17 and equipment to that
place during the early winter. Last
winter Lionel Barrymore and Seena
Owen located at St. Jovite for the
filming of "Snow Bound" prior to
taking other parts of the picture
around the Chateau Frontenac, Que-
bec, and Windermere, British Col-
umbia.

Traffic through the Lachine Canal
in 1923 showed an increase over
that of 1922 in almost every par-
ticular, the total grain carried being
68,285,270 bushels, as compared with
57,831,212 in 1922, the best pre-
vious year; coal receipts totalling
813,591 tons, compared with 384,575
tons; the ship tonnage operated be-
ing 5,462,200, against 4,786,543;
shipments of pulpwood totalling
356,980 tons, against 312,134 last
year; the cargo tonnage being 4,
411,183, compared with 4,560,323;
and the number of passengers car-
ried totalling 78,097, against 69,392
in 1922.

BLUE WATER HIGHWAY OR CENTRAL HIGHWAY

To the Editor of The Transcript:
I noticed the open letter of the
Board of Trade a couple of weeks ago
regarding the Central Highway, signed
by so many influential citizens.
I am sure they were wise in doing
so. The question is where is the
best place to have this connecting
link of the three highways, for the
Highway Commission has decided
not to build any more highways pa-
rallel with those already located, but
they have intimated that they intend
to build some connecting links. One
of the connecting links will be west
of London.

Now Windsor, Sarnia and Owen
Sound are grasping the opportunity
and booming their Blue Water High-
way route, which is over 200 miles in
length, running on the border of lake
and rivers, and would be beneficial
on one side only. They are sending
out pamphlets showing what a grand
driveway this Blue Water Highway
would make for tourists, and how it
would benefit all the summer resorts
on the water edge.

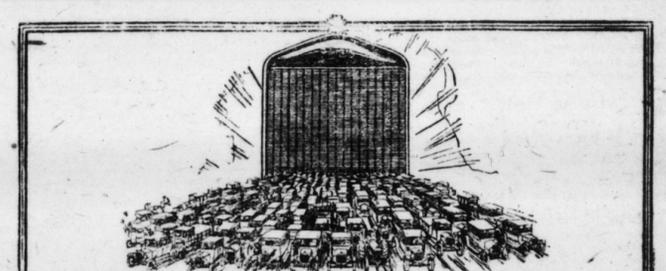
Now, it is absurd to think that
Western Ontario will allow so much
money to be spent to have a connect-
ing link between the three highways,
when the Central Highway, which
your former letter described, is only
35 miles between the three highways,
through a prosperous country on both
sides—a route more cheaply con-
structed and maintained than the
other route per mile, and the greater
part of which is already a first-class
gravel road and could be built for
about one-eighth of the cost of the
Blue Water route.

There is to be a connecting road
west of London of these three high-
ways, and it is up to influential peo-
ple to determine where it shall be
built.
Middlesex Farmer.



Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria is a harmless Substitute for
Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups,
prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of
Constipation Wind Colic
Flatulency To Sweeten Stomach
Diarrhea Regulate Bowels
Aids in the assimilation of Food, promoting Cheerfulness, Rest, and
Natural Sleep without Opium
To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*
Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.



Why Ford Predominates

Proof that Ford predominates is to be found in the
fact that 50 per cent of all cars in Canada are Fords.
Ford predominates because it supplies the essen-
tials of adequate, economical transportation.
Ford has been the pioneer in the automotive in-
dustry; has blazed the trail in every fundamentally
sound transportation principle.
Ford service is an outstanding example of Ford
predominance. Authorized Ford service is to be
found wherever motor cars are used—always
capable, business-like and prompt.
More than 4,500 service stations in Canada are
assurance of this.

See Any Authorized Ford Dealer



CARS - TRUCKS - TRACTORS
GALBRAITH BROS., FORD DEALERS, APPIN, ONT.

Canadian National Railways Main Line

Eastbound—No. 20, Toronto express (daily) 3.30 a.m.; No. 12, accommodation (except Sunday) 10.05 a.m.; No. 18 express (daily) 3.10 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flier (daily, no local stops) 6.35 p.m.; No. 114, accommodation (except Sunday) 9.52 p.m.

Westbound—No. 21, Detroit express (daily, no local stops) 4.48 a.m.; No. 75, accommodation (except Sunday) 7.25 a.m.; No. 117, Detroit express (daily, stops at Glencoe, Bothwell, Thamesville and Chatham) 12.26 p.m.; No. 11, accommodation (except Sunday) 6.40 p.m.; No. 115, International Limited (daily, stops Glencoe and Chatham) 9.52 p.m.

Wabash and Air Line Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, 10.05 a.m.; No. 354, mixed, 4.10 p.m. Westbound—No. 351, mixed, 9.00 a.m.; No. 3, express, 12.10 p.m.; No. 353, mixed, 2.50 p.m.

Kingscourt Branch Arrive—7.10 a.m., 5.30 p.m. Leave—7.30 a.m., 6.40 p.m.

Canadian Pacific Railway Eastbound—No. 634, 12.25 p.m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, 4.17 p.m. Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, 4.48 a.m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, 9.27 a.m.; No. 633, 3.22 p.m. Trains 633, 634 and 635, Sundays included.

Glencoe Post Office Mails closed—C. N. R. East, 9.30 a.m.; C. N. R. West, 5.45 p.m.; London and East, 5.45 p.m.; Glencoe Rural Routes, 7.45 a.m.

Mails received—London and East, 8.00 a.m.; C. N. R. East, 7.00 p.m.; C. N. R. West, 10.20 a.m.; Glencoe Rural Routes: No. 1—1.00 p.m.; No. 2—2 noon; No. 3—2.40 p.m.; No. 4—12.30 p.m.

Street letter boxes are cleared at 9.30 a.m. and 5 p.m. Letters for registration should be posted not later than half an hour previous to the time for closing the mails.

MEAT OF QUALITY (Fresh, Cured, and Salt) At Reasonable Prices We Invite Your Patronage Phone orders promptly delivered.

W. J. CORNFoot Successor to J. D. Smith Phone 73

McAlpine Grocery We are selling our Rubbers, Mackinaws and Overshoes at cost for the rest of this week. Many odd sizes of Bedroom Slippers for men and women at less than cost. Good line of groceries always in stock.

BRUCE McALPINE

J. A. RAEBURN Contractor for OIL, WATER AND GAS DRILLING

All kinds of Pumps and Pipe Supplies. Up-to-date Drilling Rig at your service. GORE CONCESSION, EKFRID.

As usual the up-to-the-minute Coat Dresses that Smartwomen everywhere are wearing can be secured only with PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS December Fashions now ready 45¢ each

IRWIN'S FOR Fancy Goods Stationery Hosiery China Corsets Books Smallwares School Supplies Agency for Parker's Dye Works

As a vermicifuge an effective preparation is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

Send in the local news, and send it in early. Extra copies of the Transcript may be had at the office ready wrapped for mailing to friends at a distance.

BIBLE THOUGHT FOR TODAY

SPEAK THE GOOD WORD:—Heaviness in the heart of man maketh it stoop; but a good word maketh it glad.—Proverbs 12: 25.

Born ARMSTRONG.—In Detroit, on January 16, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Armstrong, a son—Kenneth Lloyd.

In Memoriam WALKER.—In loving memory of a dear and loving husband and father, Wilfrid Walker, whom God claimed one year ago today, Jan. 24, 1923: Peaceful he thy sleep, dear one; It is sweet to breathe thy name; In life we loved you dearly, In death we do the same.

And our hearts are sad with pain; Oh, this would be a heaven Could we hear your voice again. You are gone, but not forgotten; Never shall your memory fade; Sweetest thoughts shall ever linger 'Round the grave where you are laid.

Sadly missed by his Wife and Daughter. In Memoriam

In loving memory of our only brother, Wilfrid Walker, who left us one year ago today, January 24: We loved him, yes, we loved him, But Jesus loved him more. And He has sweetly called him To yonder shining shore.

The Golden Gate was open, A gentle voice said "Come," And with farewells unspoken He peacefully went Home.

—His Sisters.

TOWN AND VICINITY A new time table came into effect on the St. Clair branch of the M.C.R. on Monday.

The retail price of gasoline advanced two cents per gallon the first of the week.

Donald McGagan, aged 87, of Coyne's Corners, Dunwich township, died on Tuesday.

The extra day in February this year falls on a Friday. Superstitious bachelors will have one excuse at least.

The Bell Telephone Company have installed a coin pay telephone booth in the ladies' waiting room at the C.N.R. station.

Charles Waterworth, of Wardsville, is moving to St. Thomas, where he will have a position with Patlds & Mulligan, automobile dealers.

Peter McArthur will lecture on "Country Life" at Brockville February 18th under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of the General Hospital there.

Chas. M. Macfie of Appin, will preside at a convention of Middlesex school trustees and ratepayers to be held January 25 and 26 in the Normal school at London.

Neil Humphrey, a life-long resident of Wardsville and a painter by trade, who has been living alone for some time, was taken to the Ontario Hospital at London last week.

It is stated that the Ontario Government is seriously considering the placing of a tax on gasoline to the extent of two cents a gallon for use in motor cars devoted to pleasure purposes.

A friendly game of hockey was played at the Glencoe rink on Monday evening between Glencoe and Appin players. The game was quite interesting and resulted in a victory for Appin by a score of 3 to 2.

A most enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. McMurphy recently when they entertained the members of No. 9 W. I. and their gentlemen friends. Cards and dancing were indulged in.

It is stated that the automobile license plates for 1924 in Ontario and Michigan are almost identical in size, shape, design and coloring, and are liable to cause more or less confusion among customs officials at border points.

In consequence of the C.N.R. water supply tank at Alvinston being frozen up on Monday morning the Kingscourt branch train was delayed for about an hour at Glencoe before making the return trip to Petrosle, the engine having to go to Longwood for water.

W. B. Armstrong of Tara, arrived on Monday to take the position of teller-accountant at the Bank of Montreal, filling the place of Grant Hibbert who was transferred recently to Mount Forest. S. I. Pattenham, of New Toronto, has been relieving here since Mr. Hibbert's removal.

The death occurred at his home, lot 19, Gore of Ekfrid, on Friday, January 18th, of Donald McAlpine, in his 73rd year. Mr. McAlpine was a life-long resident of the community and was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Flora Graham. The funeral was held on Monday afternoon from his late residence to Oakland cemetery, service being conducted by Rev. D. G. Paton, of the Glencoe Presbyterian church.

Here and There

A new record has been established by the Department of Marine and Fisheries in the number of white fish eggs collected for hatchery purposes in the Great Lakes and the Lake of the Woods. A total of 464,560,000 eggs were obtained, which exceeds all previous collections in the province of Ontario.

A new deposit of soapstone has been discovered on Trap Lake, a small lake south of Wabigoon Lake, in northwestern Ontario. The quality of the stone has been reported as excellent for various industrial uses, and practical trials are under way. Water transportation is available direct from the deposits to Wabigoon and Dryden, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

It is announced by the Canadian Pacific Railway that two free scholarships covering four years' tuition in architecture, chemical, civil, mechanical or electrical engineering at McGill University, are offered, subject to competitive examinations, to apprentices and other employees enrolled on the permanent staff of the company and under 21 years of age, and to minor sons of employees.

Canada's fisheries production during 1923 is estimated to be worth \$40,000,000. At the beginning of the year it was not thought that anything like this mark would be reached, for the Fordney tariff had cut deeply into exports to the United States. But as the year wore on the demand and prices generally improved, thus giving fishermen along the Atlantic coast especially a much better market.

Approximately \$5,000,000 will be spent by the Dominion Coal Company to open up a new mine and colliery at Ingon, Nova Scotia, and construction of a branch line of railway to the new site has already been started. The new colliery will be equipped with every modern device, and a model town will be planned in its vicinity. It will have a capacity of some 2,000 tons daily.

The tenth annual Ski Tournament will be held at Revelstoke, February 6th and 6th, in connection with which ski-joring, tobogganing, snowshoeing, skating, etc., will be featured. An endeavor is being made to secure the attendance of Uno Hilstrom, Sweden's champion ski-jumper, as well as other famous ski-jumpers from both Canada and the United States.

Canada in 1923 produced more coal, lead, cobalt and asbestos than during any other year since mining records have been kept. The output of coal was in the neighborhood of 17,300,000 tons, or 633,000 tons better than the best previous record, and 2,900,000 tons over that in 1922.

As a result of efforts on the part of Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, a 20 per cent. preference rate on Atlantic passages for all British immigrants settling in Canada has been arranged to come into effect on March 1 and continue until the end of the main immigration season at the end of November. It will apply only to British immigrants coming direct to Canada from the British Isles, and will affect all lines coming to Canadian Atlantic ports.

Three delightful cruises have been awarded to agents of the Canadian Pacific Railway, for services rendered the company during the past year. One of them, J. J. Forster, general agent at Vancouver, will sail on a round-the-world cruise on the "Empress of Canada"; W. C. Casey, general agent at Winnipeg, will spend sixty-eight days cruising the Mediterranean on the "Empress of Scotland," while D. R. Kennedy, general agent at Buffalo, will enjoy a twenty-nine-day cruise in the West Indies on the "Empress of Britain." The trips were awarded by the company in recognition of last year's work in connection with cruise bookings.

Our big stock reducing sale still going on. Stock must be reduced within the next ten days. Overall, \$1 to \$2.25; all our best mitts and gloves, value up to \$2, for \$1; other mitts for 50¢ pair; best wool sock, 3 pairs \$1; other sock, 5 pairs \$1; sweaters and underwear less than cost; robes and horse blankets less than cost; \$1 off the price of our best trousers; overcoats at less than cost. See our bargain window; any article in window, 25¢ to \$1.—D. Lamont.

Automobiles killed 1,450 persons in Pennsylvania in 1923. Buffalo police arrested almost 3,000 more intoxicated persons in 1923 than in 1922.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Remover at hand to remove them.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Miss Marie McKay, of London, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. G. Parnell, McRae street.

—Miss Bessie McCallum, of Alma College, St. Thomas, spent the weekend at her home here.

—Mrs. G. W. Sutton and James H. Treastain returned last week from New York where they represented the Glencoe Edwards Heirs Association, and investigated the estate of the late Robert Edwards of New York City.

—Mrs. Kehrig and children, of Lyons, France, left yesterday for Detroit and will sail in a few days for home. Mrs. Kehrig was called to Detroit some weeks ago owing to the illness of her mother, who since passed away, and for the past week or two has been visiting her brother here, M. J. McAlpine.

—Salt water herring at Jelly's. Good cutter for sale. Apply at Cyrus McTaggart's.

For sale—a good cow, just freshened.—F. M. Siddall.

For sale—8 shoats, 3 months old.—A. George, Battle Hill.

All roads lead to W. A. Currie's for fresh groceries at low prices.

Don't forget to take home a box of Traver's hand-dipped chocolates.

Buy your meat and fish from Jelly where you get quality and price.

Custom grinding daily, 10¢ per bag. Corn shelled.—R. E. Laughton, Glencoe.

Call at Scott's Shoe Store before buying elsewhere, and see our prices for cash.

For sale—1 choice Durham cow, due to freshen in February.—W. R. Stephenson, lumber yard, Appin.

Get your electrical appliances and fixtures at the New Electrical Store. Repairing also done.—Russell Quick.

Now is the time to haul those few logs and have them ready for the early spring sawing.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

Upholstering, fine cabinet work, carpenter work, furniture finishing.—J. D. Brown, first door north of Transcript office; phone 82.

Special bargains this week—one small size enamel cutter; one 10-inch grain grinder; one good cutter. No reasonable offer refused.—Wm. McCallum.

Agent for Exide batteries. Good stock of parts on hand. Work and storage on all makes. Work guaranteed, at Galbraith Bros' garage.—J. H. Welch, Appin; phone 48-20.

Oyster supper at Geo. Galbraith's on Friday, Jan. 25, under auspices of Bethel Ladies' Aid. Lots of oysters, in addition to a good supper. Program after the feed. Admission—adults 40¢, children 20¢.

Don't miss the play, "The Trail Back Home," put on by Kilmartin dramatic club in Appin town hall on Wednesday evening, January 30th, under the auspices of the Organized class of the Methodist Sunday School.

Miss Agnes McPhail, M. P., will address the members of the U. F. W. O. of Melbourn on Friday, February 8, at 8 p.m., in the auditorium of the school. A good musical program will also be rendered. Proceeds in aid of the cemetery fund. Admission, 25 cents.

MODEL CENTRE

Don't forget the "Heartbreakers" on Friday night at Will McFarlane's, Gordon Thornicroft and Ivan Kimball spent the weekend at Chester Thornicroft's.

Mrs. Dobie is a guest of her niece, Mrs. Dan Graham.

Alex. Crawford is confined to his bed with bronchitis.

On Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Graham entertained the No. 9 W. I. and their gentlemen friends to a most enjoyable evening of cards and dancing.

Miller's Worm Powders destroy worms without any inconvenience to the child, and so effectually that they pass from the body unperceived. They thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels and leave them in a condition not favorable to worms, and there will be no revival of the pests.

An entire family of six persons was killed at Bicknell, Ind., when their automobile was struck by a train.

An Oil Without Alcohol.—Some oils and many medicines have alcohol as a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential's compose Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting.

SHIELDS

On Friday evening of last week the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

Asthma Cannot Last when the regular meeting of the Wabigoon Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Percell. Red, white and blue tags made the rooms more cheery. A much appreciated program was provided consisting of community singing, readings, solos, piano, mouth organ and guitar selections and spicy addresses by several of the members. The able president, D. C. McTavish, occupied the chair.

An interesting contest was held, Mrs. Malcolm McVicar and D. C. McTavish getting the first prizes and Mrs. Russell Forman and Robert L. McAlpine getting the consolation prizes. Lunch was served by the hostess, Bessie McAlpine and A. D. Ferguson have charge of the next meeting, to be held February 1st.

FRIDAY JANUARY 25

<

Particular People

choose

"SALADA" TEA

The most delicious blend procurable.



SOUL-TRYING HALF JOBS.

An old rule of my childhood, one which my father held us to religiously, was "Never half do a task. If it is worth doing at all, it is worth doing well." When we were inclined to differ with him, he said: "You will find that a task half done or a makeshift of some kind is never wholly satisfactory."

And isn't it surprising how long that temporary shelf has lasted that was put up in place of the neat-looking cupboard you intended and how poorly it continues to serve your needs? Somehow there never has been time to pull out those nails that were put up behind the door to serve until you could get some nonrustable hooks. Only last week a too hasty tug put a three-cornered tear in a good slicker hanging there. It does look as though all the other buildings on the farm would need repairing before that unsightly temporary shed showed any signs of falling to pieces.

It really would be better before we spent money on the various devices which keep doors shut without banging—which, nevertheless, continue to stay open or bang—to teach the members of the family to close the door gently. If this is impossible, let us make the effort to get the money for a really noiseless, sure-shut door closer, or let the door bang and think about something else.

This is the way I feel about many of our household devices. They do serve our immediate purpose. But at the same time they often serve to cover up the real cause of the trouble and merely put off the day when it will have to be cured. A little less consideration for the easing of our immediate discomforts and a little more in discovering and correcting the first causes of those troubles will do more to solve our problems, especially for the future housewives, than all the latest models in floor mops and window cleaners.—Ruth Lovejoy.

CONVERTED BEDROOM INTO BATHROOM.

I have several conveniences in my home which save me time and lighten my labor.

Some time ago I had a small bedroom refurnished and converted into a modern bathroom supplied with hot water and cold soft water. My kitchen is also supplied with hot and cold water. At one end of the sink is a soft water pump and at the other end is a hard water pump.

Two or three steps from my back kitchen door, and on the level with it, there is a building twelve by sixteen feet. In this there is a gasoline engine which supplies power for my washing machine and wringer, churn and cream separator. My washer is connected with the main drain from the kitchen.

Other conveniences in this room are work tables, a large refrigerator and a four-burner oil stove. My gasoline flatiron is also a great labor saver.—F. J. M.

SAFEGUARDING GLASSWARE.

Place your tumblers, chimneys or vessels which you wish to keep from cracking in a pan filled with cold water, add a little cooking salt, allow the mixture to boil over a fire and then cool slowly. Glass treated in this way will not crack even if exposed to very sudden changes of temperature. This process is simply one of annealing; and the slower the process, especially the cooling portion of it, the more effective will be the work.

A SEWING RUG.

When sewing must be done in the living room a sewing rug is a great help toward orderliness. It may be made from denim, a generous sized square of table oilcloth, or even from a partly worn sheet.

Before beginning to sew, spread this rug beneath the sewing chair and well under the cutting table. When the work is finished gather up the rug by the corners and shake outside, and there will be no litter of threads and

Do Not SUFFER or Loose Your TEETH

SOHRGUM Paste will positively remove all soreness and infection, rendering the gums firm and healthy, correcting bleeding gums and a bad breath. Mail fifty cents to SOHRGUM Laboratories, Box 445, Toronto, for trial. Money refunded if not satisfied.

clippings to clear from the living-room rug.

The rug should be frequently washed and helps to keep the sewing clean and fresh. Such a rug is fine to use under the children's table and chairs when they indulge in paper cutting, sewing or painting.

REMOVE SPOTS YOURSELF.

Save the cleaner's bill by removing spots yourself, is the advice of home economics specialists. There are very few stains that cannot be removed.

Egg—Cold water, then ordinary laundering, will remove egg stains in washable material. If a grease spot remains, use treatment for grease.

Fruits—Pour boiling water through the material from a height for washable material. Silk and wool may be sponged with warm water, or bleached with lemon juice and sunlight if the color is fast.

Glue—Warm or boiling water will remove blue stain from washable material.

Grass—Alcohol will remove grass stains from any material. Hot water and soap may be used for washable goods.

Grease—Warm water and naphtha soap is good for washable material. For other materials the following may be used: Gasoline, benzol, chloroform, or carbon tetrachloride. (The first two are inflammable.)

Writing Ink—Soak washable material for a day or two in milk. Material also may be soaked for a few seconds in oxalic acid and rinsed in clean water. Put a few drops of ammonia in the final rinsing water.

Iodine—Sponge with alcohol.

Paint—Sponge with turpentine.



A POPULAR APRON STYLE.

4548. Percale with bias binding in white or in a contrasting color would be good for this design. Gingham, linen, cambric and sateen are also desirable.

The pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: Small, Medium, Large and Extra Large. A Medium size requires 3 yards of 27-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver, by the Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

An Emergency Repair.

A repairman received a call from a motorist who had become stranded on the road due to breaking of the fabric in the universal joint on the drive shaft. The mechanic knew he could not procure another fabric until the next day, but the car owner insisted that he must proceed on his way as he had an important business engagement. The mechanic then determined to improvise a repair which would meet the emergency.

He knew that strength combined with flexibility was required of the part, but at first was at a loss what to use until he thought of a chain, which seemed to possess the required properties. Accordingly, sections of a skid chain were cut off of a length sufficient to reach between the arms of the universal.

The small man also has his place; you would not go canoeing in an ocean liner.

"When Hearts Command"

By ELIZABETH YORK MILLER

"When hearts command, From minds the suggest counselings depart."

CHAPTER III.—(Cont'd.)

And now there was to be this excursion to the farm on Monte Nero. "Mother's friend," Alice explained to Philip Ardeyne. "His funny name is Hector Augustus Gaunt, and he's invited us to lunch."

"Not really?" Ardeyne's eyes shone.

"Yes," said Mrs. Carnay, "I believe he is the Gaunt. Was he one of your childhood's heroes?"

"I should rather think so," the doctor replied. "I say, it's awfully kind of you to include me in this. Are you sure—?"

"Quite," said Mrs. Carnay. "Mr. Gaunt invited us and I told him we must have a cavalier. That is, I wrote to him. He doesn't come down from his mountain any more."

"He must be an old man," mused the doctor.

Mrs. Carnay protested: "Oh, indeed not! Certainly he isn't more than fifty-seven or eight."

"But that is old, mummy darling," said Alice.

Mrs. Carnay looked a little flushed and annoyed. "Really—really!" she exclaimed.

"The arrogance of youth," said Philip Ardeyne, his voice teasingly indulgent as he smiled at Alice.

"Yes, they were head over heels in love with each other, those two. It was turning out as Jean Carnay had hoped and prayed for."

There was so much in Philip Ardeyne besides the mere good looks of which he possessed a little more than his share. Perhaps it was his immense vitality which had appealed to Mrs. Carnay in the first place. He looked as though he had never suffered a day's illness in his life nor was likely to do so.

He was a long-limbed fellow and walked like the wind. He had dark hair with the merest touch of silver at the temples, grey eyes, and a merry laugh. One had to stop and think hard to remember that he was by way of being distinguished in the most exacting branch of the medical profession. But then, of course, he also was on a holiday, and he played ardently with Alice for the most charming of playfellows. Tennis, mountain walks, excursions to Monte Carlo and Mentone, dancing, evenings at the jolly little Casino—with these diversions time was passing much too quickly.

Under it all ran the magical sub-current of love—love as yet unacknowledged, love trembling on the brink of declaration—the most precious moments of life, particularly for a young girl.

Jean Carnay's heart ached and yearned over her daughter. Now that the crisis approached her fears increased. Perhaps she had been foolish. Perhaps Philip Ardeyne was just the one man in the world who should have been kept out of Alice's way.

It was the evening before their proposed excursion to Monte Nero that the doctor, with refreshing, old-fashioned courtesy, begged Mrs. Carnay's permission to ask Alice to marry him. He told Jean all about himself with an anxiety which was almost boyish, and seemed to think that the opportunity to become a Harley street specialist's wife could scarcely be considered a treat for any girl, more especially for a girl like Alice.

Mrs. Carnay, on her part, confessed her own poverty. "My husband was a major in the Indian Army," she said, "and we have very little besides my pension. Very little, indeed."

Then, flushing becomingly, and in her pretty manner of nervousness punctuated with fluttering smiles and an occasional dab at her eyes with a wisp of a handkerchief, she went even more deeply into the details of their privations, telling Philip Ardeyne that even this holiday was more or less of a pretence, not to say fraud. How many years she had taken to save for it she could not quite say. But she had wanted just one happy hour for Alice, so that whatever befell the child would have something pleasant to remember.

Dr. Ardeyne was deeply touched by the pathetic narrative. If anything were needed to fan the flame of his ardor it was this appeal to chivalry. All that troubled him now was the fear that Alice might refuse him. On that score Mrs. Carnay was wise enough not to say what she privately thought. But she wished him the best of luck.

The question in his mind was: Should he ask Alice to-night and by risking a refusal spoil to-morrow's excursion, or wait until to-morrow night?

Mrs. Carnay would give no advice. She smiled her nervous smile and left the matter entirely to him. But after dinner she developed a sudden weariness. She wanted, she said, to be quite fresh and strong for the climb to the top of Monte Nero, even though her part of the excursion was to be accomplished on the back of a mule.

"And I should advise you not to sit up too late, dear," she said to Alice. "To-morrow will be a long and strenuous day."

"I'll take care of her," Philip Ardeyne assured the anxious mother. Already his manner was proprietary. When Jean Carnay mentioned the handsome young doctor was fetching a cloak for Alice. Perhaps he meant to ask her to stroll on the terrace with him.

CHAPTER IV.

Mrs. Carnay went first into her bedroom and switched on the light over the multi-draped dressing-table. It cast low shadows against the high walls, and the air was romantic with the sweet scent of the flowers which her old friend, Mr. Gaunt, continued

to supply. She had her own sense of excitement. To-morrow she would see Hector Augustus Gaunt again, and she wondered what he would be like and if he would find her much changed. Ah, indeed, there must be a great change. She had only been eighteen or thereabouts when she lived at the Villa Tatina as old Mme. Douste's companion.

What a wonderful night it was, a Riviera night for lovers such as she well remembered, with a silver-gold moon riding high, making a glittering pathway across the sea to Corsica; with whispering among the leaves of the tall palm-trees; with the scent of oranges and lemons, lavender and mimosa.

This was Alice's hour. Mrs. Carnay stepped out on the balcony which led from the little sitting-room and breathed a fervent prayer for the happiness of her daughter. With a husband like Philip Ardeyne, Alice would be safe. God keep her safe always. . . . and happy. Surely this mistake of the mother should not shadow a girl's life. No—no—no! It was all dead and buried a thousand years ago. Hugo, too, was safe. Jean Carnay shivered. The night air was cold. Lucky Dr. Ardeyne had thought of fetching Alice's cloak. Of course he would take care of her. . . . now and always.

But Jean Carnay had to think for herself, for there was no one just at the moment to remind her that she might be caught by a chill on the balcony, no love to warm the blood in her veins. So wisely she came in.

When she switched on the table lamp she found a letter which had come by the last post, the sight of which caused her heart to skip a beat. It was from Christopher Smarke, her husband's cousin, the solicitor who looked after her affairs. Christopher's letters were few and far between, but they never failed to cause her a momentary flutter of apprehension. Christopher invariably mentioned Hugo. He perhaps conceived it his duty to remind her, if only by a brief bulletin on Hugo's health, that the latter was quite so dead, not quite so deeply and irrevocably buried as the supposed widow would like to believe. One could, if one chose, visit Hugo; Christopher Smarke took advantage of that when he was in the country as it was permitted. There never was such a man for duty.

Mrs. Carnay opened the rather bulky letter, and as she read she felt that she was not nearly so fat as this one. It contained an enclosure, a letter from somebody else, and Jean read the enclosure first. There was an enclosure, a letter which made her flesh creep. Her eyes grew large with horror. Oh, Heaven be kind, what was this! From the front of the enclosure she saw which Mrs. Carnay had half forgotten that she ever possessed; that, indeed, she still possessed. For fifteen years she had called herself Jean Carnay.

"Madam—We have to inform you that your husband, Hugo Richard Smarke, who was convicted of manslaughter at the Winchester Assizes in November, 1907, and being found insane, has since been detained at Broadmoor Criminal Lunatic Asylum, has now been certified as sane and will be released at the end of the week.—I am, madam, very truly yours, "L. C. KNIGHT."

"(For the Home Secretary.)" The end of the week! According to the date, that was nearly three weeks ago. Hugo had been a free man for a fortnight.

And now Jean Carnay (Mrs. Hugo Richard Smarke) read Christopher's letter. Her husband's cousin in his precise, fussy handwriting informed her meticulously that he had been put to a little trouble in discovering her present address, having first to write to the pension in Florence; that he, himself, had gone down to Broadmoor to meet Hugo; that Hugo was quite a normal being now and most anxious to see her. The Smarke, naturally, felt that his place was with his wife and daughter, who would, of course, be rejoiced at this piece of good news. So keenly did they feel about the reunion that they had scraped together a hundred pounds with which to enable Hugo to rejoin his wife and enjoy

a holiday with her. Christopher himself had seen to Hugo's passports and bought his ticket.

(To be continued.)

Try That Salt Cure.

The human body is a marvelously adaptable organism, but few people would be willing to make in person the experiment described at a recent meeting of the Institution of Mining Engineers.

In order to show how the living body could adapt itself to different temperatures by evaporation on the skin, a man was enclosed in a chamber of dry air at a temperature of 200 degrees. A steak was also enclosed in the chamber, and the man watched this cooking in the heat without himself showing any discomfort.

With reference to cramp and fatigue caused by working in hot, dry places, it was stated that these could be cured by adding salt to any water drunk while at work. This discovery is expected to add twenty per cent. to the efficiency of miners working in a heated atmosphere. It is also thought that ship stokers and iron workers will benefit by it.

WOMEN CAN DYE ANY GARMENT, DRAPERY

Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 cents.



Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.

The man who has really tried has at least succeeded at a point where most failures begin.

A deep sense of economy is about as effective as "a still, small voice."

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

Tenants of a property-owner in La Rochelle, France, receive a "bonus" of three months' rent on the birth of the first child and six months' rent on the birth of the second.

NURSES

The Toronto Hospital for Incurables, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals New York City offers a three years' Course of Training to young women having the required education and desirous of becoming nurses. This Hospital has entered the six-hour system. The pupils receive uniforms of the School, monthly allowance and travelling expenses to and from New York. For information apply to the Superintendent.

Puzzled Jack.

It was bedtime for four-year-old Jack, but the little fellow wanted to stay up later. His aunt, who tipped the scales at nearly two hundred pounds, said: "Why, Jack, think of me—I am ever so much older than you and I go to bed with the chickens!" Jack looked at her size, and said: "Well, I don't see how you ever got up on the roost!"

Business and life are like bank accounts—you can't take out more than you put in.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

For Invalids

Delicious, strengthening beef-tea and dozens of other tasty and nourishing dishes may be easily and quickly prepared with



In the 4, 10, 50 and 100.



CANADIAN ALL THROUGH -since 1851

What Is YOUR Favorite Instrument

Violin, Mandolin, Cornet, Saxophone, Banjo?

Have you wished you had one of these instruments of your own? Nearly everyone has.

See our new catalog. It contains exact reproductions of every home instrument. It makes a special trial offer. It contains a startling easy-term proposal, which will enable anyone to enjoy the instrument of his choice while it is being paid for.

FREE LESSONS

A complete course of lessons on how to play each instrument is also outlined in this novel catalog. It shows just what every music-lover wants to know. And it's free to those who send in this coupon at once. Just tear it out, sign your name to it and slip it in an envelope addressed to us, and the complete book will arrive in your mail right away.

The R. S. Williams & Sons Co., Limited
145 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

Send me your new book, "Musical Instruments of Quality," entirely without obligation or expense to me.

NAME
ADDRESS (W.)

WILLIAMS & SONS CO. LIMITED
Established 1849
145 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

Order Your Farm Help Now

IN VIEW of the great demand for farm help existing in Canada, the Canadian Pacific Railway will continue its Farm Help Service during 1924 and will enlarge its scope to include women domestics and boys.

THE COMPANY is in touch with large numbers of good farm laborers in Great Britain, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, France, Holland, Switzerland and other European countries and through its widespread organization can promptly fill applications for help received from Canadian farmers.

In order to have the help reach Canada in time for the Spring operations farmers needing help should arrange to get their applications in early, the earlier the better, as naturally those applications which are received early will receive first attention.

Blank application forms and full information regarding the service may be obtained from any C.P.R. agent or from any of the officials listed below. THE SERVICE IS ENTIRELY FREE OF CHARGE.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY
Department of Colonization and Development

WINNIPEG—H. E. Thornton, Superintendent of Colonization
SASKATOON—W. J. Geow, Land Agent
CALGARY—T. O. F. Herzer, Asst. to Dept. of Colonization
EDMONTON—J. Miller, Land Agent
MONTREAL—J. Duggan, General Agent
G. L. Du Noire, Land Agent

E. G. WHITE, Assistant Commissioner. J. B. DENNIS, Chief Commissioner.

PRODUCTION OF CANADIAN WHEAT

ADVANTAGES OVER U.S. FARMER

Lower Land Values, Greater Fertility of Soil, Superior Quality of Grain Are Favorable Factors.

The disclosures arising out of the conferences of the United States Tariff Commission in their investigations into the relative costs of producing wheat in the United States and Canada have constituted one of the most forcible advertisements for Canadian wheat lands, and should act as the greatest stimulus and encouragement to those contemplating settlement in the Canadian West with the object of entering upon grain growing. Likewise it should make Western Canadian farmers view their lot in a new light and be a factor in promoting satisfaction and contentment.

There is only one conclusion to be drawn from a consideration of the great mass of data presented to the Commission by the representatives of agriculturists in the wheat-growing states of the Union, which was arrived at by the Commission itself, and that is that the Canadian farmer can produce wheat far more cheaply than can the farmer of the United States.

According to the matter presented by agricultural experts to the Commission for consideration, the factors which combine to permit a lower cost of wheat production in Canada than in the United States are larger yields per acre, lower taxation, and lower freight rates. The combination, according to their arguments, resulted in the year 1923 in the Canadian farmer being able to produce a bushel of wheat for 46 cents less than the United States farmer. It was shown that on an eleven-year average the production cost per bushel of wheat in the United States was \$1.58 as against \$1.22 in Canada, and that in 1923, whilst it cost the United States farmer \$1.49 to produce a bushel of wheat the Canadian farmer was able to produce the same bushel for \$1.03.

Canadian Rates Lower Than U.S. . . . Some time ago it was shown that Canadian farmers can get their wheat to its outlets very much more cheaply than can United States farmers, and that grain rates from Western United States points to the United States lake terminals are materially higher than from Western Canadian points to Canadian lake terminals, these rates in some cases being as much as fifty per cent. higher. Testimony was presented to the Commission to show that the average cost of wheat transportation in the United States was one cent for 37 miles; in Canada a bushel could be carried for 66 miles for the same cent.

It is naturally widely known that Canadian wheat lands can be secured at a much lower rate than can United States wheat lands. According to the latest available Government statistics the average price of all land, with cultivated and uncultivated, in the United States is \$69.38 per acre, whereas the average price of farm land actually occupied in Canada is but \$40 per acre over the entire Dominion. The average price of land devoted to wheat growing in the United States has been returned at \$92 per acre, whilst the average in Canada has been estimated at \$43.

Yield Per Acre Higher.

In addition to producing superior wheat as attested by a consistent series of annual world championships secured and a world-wide popularity and demand, the yield of wheat per acre is consistently higher on Canadian land in Canada than in the United States. Taking the last three years only, the average yields in 1921 were 12.7 bushels per acre in the United States and 13 bushels per acre in Canada; in 1922, 14 bushels in the United States and 17.5 bushels in Canada; and in 1923, 13.70 bushels in the United States and 16.75 bushels in Canada.

An analysis and comparison of the various factors entering into wheat production clearly evidences the fact that the advantages are all to the Canadian grower. Freight rates, lower land values, greater soil fertility, and lower taxation combine to put the Canadian farmer in the more advantageous position, and when to this is added the consideration that the grain is uniformly of superior quality, the benefits and advantages of producing in Canada become immeasurable.

A Fresh Egg.

Mrs. Egg—"Is he a cold storage egg?"
Miss Egg—"No, he's entirely too fresh!"

Ambition is the spur that makes man struggle with destiny. It is heaven's own incentive to make purpose great and achievement greater.—Anonymous.

Is this the best Bovril Poster?

A cup of hot Bovril bridges the gap between meals.

188UE No. 4-24

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN ON BRITISH RAILWAYS OUT ON STRIKE

London, Monday, Jan. 21.—A strike of the railway engineers, comprising engineers and firemen, started at midnight. The announcement of the strike was made at the headquarters of the organization.

The strike was called without the support of the national union of railwaymen and the railway clerks' organization, the members of which will continue at work unless coercion is employed to force them to take the strikers' places.

Passengers who left last night on port strike meetings at all the big railway centres, but it will be impossible to discover how far the strike has been effective for some hours.

Passengers who left last night on long distance journeys were warned by the railway officials that they might not reach their destinations, and most of the companies issued posters announcing a curtailment of the services and that goods and merchandise could only be handled at the sender's risk.

Among the first effects of the strike

in London was the stoppage of the usual midnight trains to Scotland, North Wales and other points, and consequent inability to despatch early editions of the London morning papers by rail. The newspaper managers have made the best preparations possible beforehand to meet this contingency, and the streets around London's newspaper row were lined with motors of all kinds hired to carry papers into the country districts.

J. H. Thomas, general secretary, and C. T. Cramp, president, in behalf of the national union of railwaymen, have issued a statement declaring that the intervention meeting called yesterday by the Trades Union Congress resulted in a basis which the railway companies regarded as acceptable, but as it failed to meet the approval of the engineers' union, there was no alternative but to adhere to their circular, issued Friday, denouncing the strike.

Preparations are in progress for motor services for the distribution of news supplies and other essentials while the strike lasts.

TWO MINING ENGINEERS BURNED

Staying in Shack at Kirkland Lake Overnight on Way to Rouyn Camp.

Kirkland Lake, Ont., Jan. 20.—Trapped when the shack in which they were spending the night caught fire, two American mining engineers and promoters, well known in the Northern Ontario camps, lost their lives early this morning. The victims were William F. Greene, Buffalo, N.Y., aged about 50 years, and George Snowdon Andrews, of Washington, D.C., aged about 55 years.

The two men arrived here on Saturday on their way to the new camp at Rouyn, and stayed for the night in the office of the Kirkland Combine Mining Company, of which Mr. Greene was general manager. About 2:30 a.m. an employee of the company named Larouque saw smoke pouring from the building, and roused Andy W. Grierson, superintendent of the company, whose house was adjacent to the office, but was untouched by the fire. Grierson and Larouque made a heroic effort to rescue the two mining engineers, but succeeded in getting Greene out, but he was unconscious from the smoke and soon died. The flames spread so rapidly that it was impossible to save Andrews, whose body was entirely burned, only charred bones remaining.

F. F. Greene, in addition to being general manager of the Kirkland Combine, was financially interested in the Greene, Kirkland and Lebel Oromines in the district, and also in the Stabell Mine at Rouyn. G. S. Andrews, formerly a resident of New Liskeard, had been identified with mining in the North since the early Cobalt days, and formerly lived in New Liskeard.

The fire is supposed to have been started by an overheated stove.

Alberta Farmers to Form New Co-operative Plan

A despatch from Edmonton says: Steps are being taken by the United Farmers of Alberta for co-operative marketing of general farm products under one board which would be distinct from the board in charge of the wheat pool. The annual convention adopted unanimously a resolution asking the executive to appoint a committee of seven "to survey a field of co-operative marketing, with power to organize the different commodities under the co-operative marketing system."

It was the belief that eggs, poultry and other products were not available in Alberta in quantities which would justify the overhead of individual pools, but that one pool might have control profitably of the several commodities.

Ice Imprisoned Vessels Supplied by Aeroplane

A despatch from Christiania says: Aeroplanes are carrying supplies to 50 ships that are now wedged in the ice in the Cattegat and off the Danish coast. The aircraft drop sacks of food and other stores near the imprisoned vessels.

ASQUITH ADVISES LIBERALS TO SUPPORT "NO CONFIDENCE" MOTION

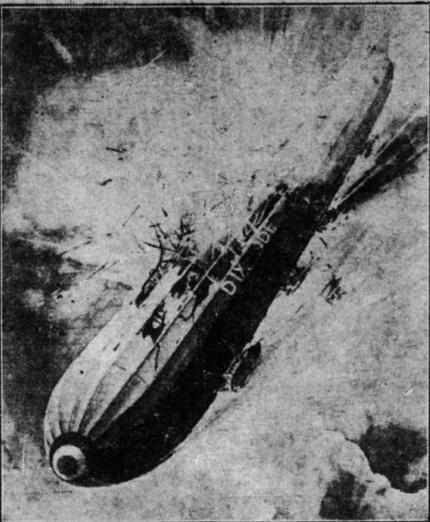
A despatch from London says: Former Premier Asquith, leader of the Liberals, in a speech in the House of Commons advised Liberals to vote in favor of Labor and voted Conservative and a few abstained from voting.

While this debate is going on, the real storm centre of the political situation lies in the threatened railway strike.

The still more serious menace of a coal strike grew more ominous on Thursday. The miners' vote in favor of denouncing the wage agreement that ended the 1921 strike was announced. The men by a vote of 110,000 to 305,000 demand higher wages. The agreement does not expire until April 17, so the crisis is not imminent.

ate, but if Labor negotiates its first hurdle of a railway strike, a second and more difficult obstacle awaits it in the form of the miners' attitude. A dockers' strike is also pronounced inevitable by Labor experts and the sky has suddenly become clouded with many important wage disputes, apparently produced by the approaching advent of a Labor Government and the belief of the workers that their own Cabinet must support their demands.

Asquith's "no confidence" motion in the form of an amendment to the address in reply to the King's speech, was presented by John R. Clynes, who scored the Baldwin Government both for what it had done and what it did not do during the last twelve months.



HOW THE DIXMUDE MET ITS FATE

The great dirigible airship, the Dixmude, which with a French crew of half a hundred, has disappeared mysteriously, is now believed to have been struck by lightning, far above the clouds, during a terrific storm over Africa. Romance and tragedy mingle in the story of the airship, which was surrendered by Germany, and applied by France for her own use. Defying the elements of the air, it started off on a long cruise, and except for the finding of the body of its commander there is no trace of the missing ship. The sketch shows what apparently happened to the Dixmude far up in the air.

MEXICAN REBELS HOLD UP EXPRESS TRAIN

Freight Train Laden With Ammunition Captured by Revolutionists.

A despatch from Mexico City says:—Rebels held up a passenger train at Aragon Station early Thursday morning. The express car was robbed of 40,000 pesos.

After forcing passengers to leave the train the rebels placed signals for a clear track in order to attack a freight train carrying ammunition which was following the passenger train from Laredo. The engineer of the freight train, when attacked by the rebels, unable to see the passenger train, opened the throttle in an effort to escape, and the engine of the freight train plowed half way through the Pullman coach attached to the passenger train.

The freight train carried a number of pieces of artillery, machine guns and ammunition shipped from the States. The rebels, after searching the freight train, dismantled the cannon and carried off the machine guns and ammunition in large quantities. What they were unable to remove was burned, together with two freight cars.

Another Titled Woman Joins British Labor

A despatch from London says:—The British Labor party now has another titled woman adherent to share that honor with the Countess of Warwick, Lady Mary Murray, wife of the Liberal Prof. Gilbert Murray, and a daughter of the Earl of Carlisle, has written the Oxford Liberal Association here that she has joined the Labor party, it is announced. Her brother, the Hon. Geoffrey Howard, M.P., has long been one of the Liberal whips of the House of Commons. But the family of Carlisle and Howard has always been noted for its ability to differ amicably in politics.

French Army Strength Less Than Pre-War Standard

A despatch from Paris says:—As a crowning piece of news in connection with the economies being made to restore the value of the franc, the French Government announced that the standing army of France has been reduced to 350,000, which is 200,000 less than the pre-war standard.

The French officials claim that the reduced army gives France the distinction of being the only world power, except Germany, which has a smaller army to day than before the war, declaring that the figures disprove the charge that France is militaristically increasing its armed forces.

\$4.58 to Pound Paid by Britain for U.S. Liberty Bonds

A despatch from London says:—The approximate rate at which the \$92,000,000 paid by Great Britain to the United States last December were purchased was \$4.58 to the pound, Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, explained on Thursday. Payment was actually made in Liberty bonds purchased at a discount.

Notorious Chinese Bandit, Slayer of Missionary, is Shot

A despatch from Peking says:—Leo Yang Jen, notorious bandit, who some time ago shot and fatally wounded Prof. Bernard Hoff and kidnapped Mrs. Kilen, both United States missionaries, was killed in a battle at Kwantling, the Foreign Office has been advised.

Mrs. Kilen was rescued several days ago.

Jen had terrorized the Provincial borders of Honan and Hupeh for two years.

Ocean Floor Subsided as Result of Earthquake

A despatch from Tokio says:—The repairing of deep sea cables, severed by the earthquake of September 1, has disclosed that at one point off Oshima Island the bed of the ocean has subsided 200 feet for a distance of eight miles. To the east of Oshima the damaged cable had to be fished up from a newly created abyss more than 4,000 feet deep.



A LONG JOB.

—From John Bull.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS SHOW REVENUE INCREASE OF \$17,646,935

A despatch from Montreal says:—In an official statement issued by Sir Henry W. Thornton, chairman and president, the net revenues of the Canadian National Railways for the year 1923 are placed at \$20,127,447, being an increase of \$17,646,935 in the net revenues over 1922. The statement says:

"The following represents briefly the financial performance of the Canadian National Railways for the year 1923, as compared with the year 1922:

	1923	1922	Increase
Operating revenues	\$254,622,447	\$233,656,388	\$21,006,559
Operating expenses	234,535,900	231,175,874	3,359,824
Net revenues	20,127,447	2,480,512	17,646,935

"The figures for 1923 are subject to slight alterations, as some of the items entering into both revenues and expenses are estimated, but the adjustment will only slightly affect the above statement. This statement speaks for itself, and complete detailed information with respect to all matters of interest relating to the National Railway System will be published in the annual report, which is now in preparation; but the administration desired promptly to acquaint the people of Canada with the general result. It is not possible to enter upon a detailed discussion of the company's affairs at this time, but the directors and chairman feel justified in taking advantage of this opportunity to express the hope that the service rendered in 1924 will merit the same generous support as has been received from the public during the past year. The board especially desires to acknowledge the fine and alert service rendered by officers and employees alike, which has greatly contributed to the favorable results for the year."

Natural Resources Bulletin

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:

In a general way Ontario people have very little information of the primary production of coal in Canada. Their initial introduction to the coal supply is usually in carload lots, averaging, for the larger hopper cars 60 tons. This coal, too, is largely of United States origin. A million tons sounds like a large figure, yet the coal output of Canada for the twelve months ending September last showed an increase of 1,770,488 tons over the average for the three previous years. Canada had available for use for the year ending September last 28,845,440 tons, of which 12,608,584 tons had been produced from Canadian mines, giving work to 29,203 employees. Nova Scotia was the largest producer, the output of that province being 5,067,434 tons; Alberta being next, with a total of 4,938,653 tons. New Brunswick produced 216,844 tons, British Columbia 2,171,871 tons and Saskatchewan 238,764 tons. Ontario, which is well supplied with both metallic and non-metallic minerals, is dependent upon outside sources for coal supplies, and a knowledge of what other provinces have available is interesting.

WORLD FIGHT AGAINST OPIUM LAUNCHED

First International Opium Conference Arranged by League of Nations.

A despatch from Paris says:—A world fight against opium and the narcotic drug evil took definite form on Thursday when the League of Nations issued invitations to the first International Opium Conference to be held at Geneva the first Monday in November, and a second conference on the third Monday of the same month.

The first conference will include delegates from countries having Eastern possessions, where opium-smoking exists. The second conference, which will include representatives of practically all countries of the world, will push The Hague Convention decision to secure a broad agreement concerning opium and its derivatives, and definitely limit the production of opium.

A report that Prof. Manley O. Hudson of the Harvard Law School may have won the Bok Peace Plan prize has created interest in League of Nations circles. Prof. Hudson was attached to the legal section of the League during the summer months of last year.

Two Merchant Ships Believed Sunk by Old Mines

A despatch from Hamburg says:—Instruments of the war, harmless for years, are believed to have found victims at last in two merchant ships in the North Sea. These vessels, with all hands, are thought to have been sunk by the floating English mines which once constituted part of the blockade of the North Sea against the German fleet.

Mines have been brought to the surface during recent violent storms in the North and Baltic seas. A number have been picked up and exploded to assist in the breaking up of huge ice fields in landlocked coastal waters.

Weekly Market Report

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.11 1/4.

Manitoba oats—No. 3 CW, 46c; No. 1 extra feed, 45c.

Manitoba barley—Nominal.

All the above track, bay ports.

Ontario barley—63 to 65c; yellow, 98c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 69 to 72c.

Ontario rye—No. 2, 70 to 72c.

Peas—Sample, \$1.45 to \$1.50.

Milled—Del. Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$28; shorts, per ton, \$31; middlings, 337; good feed four, 210.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, 93 to 95c; outside.

Ontario No. 2 white oats—38 to 40c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent apt. in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$4.60; Toronto basis, \$4.60; bulk seaboard, \$4.25.

Man. flour—1st pat, in jute sacks, \$6.20 per barrel; 2nd pat, \$5.70.

Flour—Extra No. 2 Timothy, per ton, truck, Toronto, \$14.50 to \$15; No. 2, \$14.50; No. 3, \$12.50; mixed, \$12.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$9.

Cheese—New, large, 2 1/4 to 2 3/4; 2 3/4; 2 1/2 to 2 3/4. Old, large, 2 1/2 to 30c; twins, 29 to 31c; triplets, 30 to 32c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 46 to 47c; No. 1 creamery, 48 to 49c; No. 2, 42 to 48c.

Eggs—Extras, fresh, in cartons, 52 to 58c; fresh, extras, loose, 50 to 51c; extras, storage, in cartons, 43c; extras, 40 to 41c; firsts, 35 to 36c; seconds, 29 to 30c.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 28c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; hens, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 15c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 19c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 22c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 30c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 25c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18c; roosters, 18c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 28 to 32c; geese, 22c.

Beans—Canadian, handpicked, 1 lb., 7c; primes, 6 1/2c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.

Hogs—60-lb. hms., 11 to 12c per lb.; 10-lb. hms., 11 to 12c; 5-lb. hms., 12 to 13c; 2 1/2-lb. hms., 3 to 4 lb.; comb

honey, per dozen, No. 1, \$3.75 to \$4; No. 2, \$3.25 to \$3.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 25 to 27c; cooked hams, 37 to 39c; smoked rolls, 19 to 21c; cottage rolls, 22 to 24c; breakfast bacon, 25 to 27c; special brand breakfast bacon, 30 to 33c; backs, boneless, 30 to 35c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18.50; 70 to 90 lbs., \$18; 90 lbs. and up, \$17; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$37; heavyweight rolls, \$32.

Lard—Pure tierces, 17 to 17 1/2c; tubs, 17 1/2 to 18c; pails, 18 to 18 1/2c; prints, 19 to 20c; shortening tierces, 14 1/2 to 15 1/4c; tubs, 15 to 15 1/2c; pails, 15 1/2 to 16c; prints, 17 1/2 to 18c.

Heavy steers, choice, \$7 to \$7.75; butcher steers, choice, \$6.50 to \$7; do, good, \$6 to \$6.25; do, med., \$5 to \$5.75; com., \$4.50 to \$5; butcher heifers, choice, \$6.25 to \$7; do, med., \$5 to \$6; do, com., \$4.50 to \$5; butcher cows, choice, \$4.75 to \$5.25; do, med., \$3.50 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.25 to \$2; butcher bulls, choice, \$4.25 to \$5.25; do, com., \$2 to \$3; feeding steers, good, \$5.50 to \$6.50; do, fair, \$4 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4 to \$4.75; do, fair, \$3.50 to \$4; milkers and springers, \$7 to \$10; calves, choice, \$11 to \$12.50; do, med., \$8 to \$9.50; do, com., \$7 to \$7.75; do, grassers, \$3 to \$4.50; lambs, choice ewes, \$12 to \$12.50; do, bucks, \$10.50 to \$11; do, culls, \$7 to \$8; sheep, light ewes, \$5.50 to \$6.50; do, fat, heavy, \$4 to \$4.50; do, culls, \$2 to \$3; hogs, fed and watered, \$7.75; do, f.o.b., \$7.25; do, country points, \$7, do, select, \$8.50.

How to Treat Your Town

Praise it.
Improve it.
Talk about it.
Be public-spirited.
Tell about its business men.
Remember it is your home.
Take a real home pride in it.
Tell of its natural advantages.
Help the public officers do the most good.
When strangers come to town, use them well.
Support local institutions that benefit your town.
Don't call your best citizens frauds and impostors.
Look ahead of self when all the town is to be considered.

A Short Winter Course for Farmers.

Three years in succession the men and women of rural Ontario have flocked to the provincial university—the University of Toronto—to attend short cultural courses organized for them by the Department of University Extension. So enthusiastically were these courses received that the first Short Winter Course for Farmers in February, 1921, was attended by no fewer than 279 people. In the following year there were 225 students in the course and last year there were 84.

This year the course is being offered for the fourth time during the two weeks from February 4 to February 18. Its reception has, however, been far from gratifying to its organizers and the Dept. of University Extension is being forced to the conclusion that the farmers of Ontario either do not want the course or are not in a position to spend two profitable weeks in Toronto. Consequently W. J. Dunlop, Director of University Extension, is considering the opening of the course to city people.

In the first three years nearly 600 people from the rural communities of the province availed themselves of this opportunity for broadening their minds and enriching their thoughts through a brief introduction into the realms of such cultural subjects as history, economics, English literature and psychology. The lack of enthusiasm this year would seem to indicate that this noble end comprises the sum total of the people in rural communities who are desirous of getting an introduction into the higher realms of thought by means of a short course.

Mr. Dunlop recently expressed considerable reluctance to discontinuing the course in future years because he feels that the people in Ontario who would appreciate such an annual event. He added that he was somewhat at a loss to explain the fewness of the applications received at his office as a special request had been made that those intending to take the course should make notification by January 25th, in order to facilitate arrangements.

The course recommends itself by its very cheapness. The registration fee is but \$2, tuition is free, board and lodging may be obtained at from \$3 to \$10 per week and the only other cost is railway fare. Three lectures are given each morning during the course and the afternoons are devoted to visits to the Royal Ontario Museum, the Parliament Buildings, the University Buildings, and other points of interest. No academic qualifications are necessary and there are no examinations to bring back memories, pleasant or otherwise, of school days.

The subjects which it is proposed shall be dealt with this year in the Farmers' Course have been especially adapted to meet the interests. In addition to the usual lectures in English literature, history, and rural economics, there are to be six lectures by a practical farmer on "Agriculture in the National Life." There will also be a course of four lectures in public speaking, which should prove attractive to those who wish to enter local or provincial politics, or even to preside at local social functions. There will be a continuation of the lectures given last year in public health, particularly viewed from the standpoint of problems of hygiene on the farms. While it is realized by those in charge of the course that it would be impossible to deal intensively with even one subject in so short a length of time, it has been found that the students were able to obtain, in the time provided, a good insight into the subjects offered and that they were enabled to pursue the subject further through their own reading. It is pointed out that the course serves, above all, as a mental stimulus.

Only Woman in the World Holding Sea Captain's License

A despatch from New York says:—"Aye, Aye, Madam!"

Thus does the crew of the good schooner Ruth Martin answer their skipper. What is more, they take a certain pride in the unusual salutation, because Mrs. Jennie E. Crocker, of Cliftondale, Mass., is said to be the only woman in the world holding a captain's license for an ocean-going sailing vessel and another certificate entitling her to act as first mate of any pleasure craft. Nelson A. Crocker, lord and master of Captain Crocker ashore, is her first mate afloat.

Mrs. Crocker has sailed all the seas of the world with her husband since they were married, 19 years ago.

NOW WE ARE GOING TO HAVE AN OLD-FASHIONED BARGAIN WEEK

A Splendid Selection of wanted goods offered at a fraction of the ordinary retail price

- Roller Towing (a splendid line), 12c per yd.
- 34-inch White Flannelette (good weight), 24c per yd.
- Extra Heavy Unbleached Sheet, 8-4 width, at 50c per yd.
- Splendid Heavy Weight Canton Flannel, at 29c per yd.
- Nice Neat Patterned Cretonnes, at 25c per yd.
- Table Damask (lily pattern), good width, at 50c per yd.
- Sport Flannels, 54-in width, good colors, at \$1.69 per yd.
- Children's Fleece-lined Sleepers, enclosed feet, sizes 3, 4 and 6, at 98c.
- Men's Guaranteed Mackinaw Rubbers, Reg. 3.75, on sale \$2.98.
- Men's Fine Rubbers (firsts), all guaranteed, at \$1.39.
- Women's Fine Rubbers (firsts), all guaranteed, 85c.
- Boys' and Girls' Rubbers (firsts), all guaranteed, 85c.

A Sensational Clothing Sale

Every Suit and Overcoat in the store to be sacrificed. Men's Overcoats from \$12.95. Men's Suits from \$13.75.

NOTICE.—All our New Spring Wall Papers are here for your inspection. Let us show them and give you prices on your room.

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

QUESTIONS and Bible Answers
If Parents will encourage children to look up and memorize the Bible Answers, it will prove a priceless heritage to them in after years.

What does wisdom do when it entereth into the heart?—Prov. 2: 10.

NEWBURY

The Anglican Guild will hold a sale of homemade baking Saturday, 26th, at Mrs. Crim's.

Mrs. Graham, of Toronto, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Moore.

Mrs. J. Cousins and son Bonnie returned to Harrow on Saturday after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Haggith.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Haggith and daughter Roma have been visiting Mrs. Glennie and Mrs. Babcock.

Will Gray, of Windsor, and Miss Jessie Gray, of Detroit, spent a few days last week with their mother and sister.

Ed. Woods is acting as reliever this week during the absence of Reeve Holman, who is in London attending county council.

Miss Frances Vanduzer, of Ford Hospital, Detroit, spent the week-end with her mother.

Eugene Crotchie, of Detroit, spent the week-end with his parents at North Newbury.

The Y. P. S. of Knox church spent a very enjoyable evening as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Fletcher at their home on Friday. Over forty were present and the evening passed all too quickly in playing games and music. A fine lunch was served. A vote of thanks to the host and hostess as proposed by Rev. H. Bolling, broke was heartily endorsed by the members and friends present.

Wm. Gillett spent the week-end in Chatham with his son Avery.

Richard Perks, of Glencoe, spent the week-end with Cecil Gillett.

The Newbury-Mosa W. I. held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. Stalker on Thursday, January 17, about ten ladies being present. Quite a lot of business was attended to concerning arrangements for the coming year. A happy social hour was spent, and a dainty lunch was served by the hostess.

WARDSVILLE

Robert Clark, from Saskatchewan, is visiting his sisters, Mrs. J. Sloan and Mrs. Ross Archer.

Elmer Story spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Steele, near Cairo.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Nichols, who have been spending the winter in Detroit, are home for a week or two.

On Friday evening one of the most interesting A.Y.P.A. meetings of the season was held, when the local branch entertained the young people of Bothwell Anglican church. The president, James O'Hara, opened the

NORTH EKFRID

The death of Wm. Nicholls occurred at the home of his son in Windsor on Wednesday of last week. Mr. Nicholls was in his 85th year. He resided on his farm in North Ekfrid for a number of years until last spring when he went to live with his son. He was well known in this section and was very highly respected. Surviving are three daughters and four sons. His wife died ten years ago. The remains of Mr. Nicholls were brought here Friday via C. P. R., and the funeral took place from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Chas. Roemmele, to Longwood cemetery.

Freedom from Pain
T.R.C.'s
Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules
For
RHEUMATISM SCIATICA
NEURITIS LUMBAGO
TEMPLETONS TORONTO
For sale by H. I. JOHNSTON

MELBOURNE

Melbourne, Jan. 17.—What might have been a very serious accident occurred on Wednesday when the steam chest of the engine on the Wabash noon express exploded. The train did not leave the track, although it coasted for about a mile with the brakes refusing to work. The engineer was badly scalded and cut and the fireman was hurt. They were taken to the home of Mrs. Kellock, near by, and Dr. Dewar was called. The men were taken to St. Thomas during the afternoon.

George Crozier and Miss Lena Parsons, both of Ekfrid, were married on the 9th inst.

James McDougald, formerly of this place, now of Maple Creek, Sask., was united in marriage on the 3rd inst. to Miss Florence Cumberland, of that place.

D. D. G. M. Alex. Westgate and his installing team of Egremont I. O. O. F. Lodge, Kerwood, visited Melbourne Lodge No. 244 and installed the following officers:—J.P.G., M. McNeill; N.G., R. A. Campbell; V.G., Allan McDougald; R.S., Wm. Tanner; F.S., Geo. Spontenburg; treasurer, Murray Laing; warden, Keith Black; conductor, George Huston; R.S.N.G., James Richards; L.S.N.G., John Campbell; chaplain, Gilbert Hyndman; R.S.V.G., John Near; L.S.V.G., Leonard Baker; R.S.S., Gordon Tiffin; L.S.S., Leonard Lockwood; I.G., Earle Beattie; O.G., Geo. Bees. After the officers were installed refreshments were served and a social time spent.

Melbourne, Jan. 21.—The executive of the Young People's League have arranged to have their pastor, Rev. W. W. Shoup, give a talk each Thursday evening during January on his Indian work while in the West.

Miss Eleanor McIntyre, who has been stenographer in the office of Elliott & Moss, barristers, Glencoe, for five years, has resigned and has accepted a position with the firm of Ivy, Elliott & Gillanders, London.

John Preece had the misfortune to slip and fall on the ice, giving him a bad shaking up. He is able to be out again.

Rev. G. W. Oliver and family have been confined to the house and bed with very bad colds. Although all are improving, they are not able to be out of the house.

Mrs. A. G. Hinkle, of Detroit, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Collier.

Miss Sarah Munro, of Kilmartin, has returned home after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. John Preece.

The newly appointed officers of the Methodist Mission Circle are:—Honorary president, Mrs. Edmond Richards; president, Miss Constance Shoup; 1st vice-president, Miss Clara Near; 2nd vice-president, Miss Marjorie Meek; recording secretary, Miss Laura Collier; corresponding secretary, Miss Phyllis Bees; treasurer, Miss Blanche Hardy. The Circle meets the first Saturday of each month at 2.30 p.m.

APPIN

The Progressive organized class of the Methodist Sunday School had their regular monthly meeting at the home of their teacher, Mrs. James Lotan, last week. Interesting features of the meeting were excellent reports from the secretary and treasurer for the past six months, and the semi-annual election of officers. The officers for the coming term are:—Past president, Mrs. L. D. Galbraith; president, Thelma Watterworth; vice president, Alice Underhill; secretary, Helen Macfie; treasurer, J. D. McDonald; conveners of various committees—attendance, Anna Farrell and Ronald Macfie; missionary, Isabel Black and Mrs. D. Galbraith; flower, Marion Macfie; social and literary, Annie McDonald and Mary Galbraith. Business for the term was discussed, and it was decided to get up a play by the members of the class, which they hope to put on by the end of February. At the close of the meeting the hostess served a dainty lunch and a social time was spent.

Angus B. McMaster returned home from Victoria Hospital on Tuesday after undergoing an operation for appendicitis.

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of the late Wm. Nicholls on Friday.

Come to Appin town hall next Wednesday evening and hear the play "The Trail Back Home," by Kilmartin young people.

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. J. Macfie on Thursday, January 31. The young girls of the Institute are preparing a good program and will serve refreshments. A good attendance is requested.

KILMARTIN

The Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. Robert Campbell on January 17th, with an attendance of 33 members and 7 visitors. A box of fruit, chickens, pickles, etc., was packed for the soldiers at Byron Sanatorium. Items of business were discussed and lunch was served. Collection of the meeting were: Collection, \$7; fees, \$3.

A meeting of the No. 9 literary society will be held next Tuesday evening, January 29th. An interesting feature will be a debate, "Resolved that conditions in rural communities fifty years ago were more conducive to happiness than are the conditions of today." No. 9 will be represented on the affirmative side by Miss Jean McEachern and Mrs. Nell W. Munroe. Sid Hartley and Milton Reycraft, representing the Cheerio Club, will uphold the negative side. A good musical program will be given.

The regular meeting of Burns' church Y. P. S. was held last Thursday evening. The feature of the evening was a debate on church union. It was decided beforehand that no judges would be appointed, so no decision was given, but splendid addresses were delivered by the speakers on both sides. Rev. D. Robertson also gave a splendid talk on church union. R. N. Campbell was chairman for the evening.

CAIRO

Herb Elson left Sunday to visit relatives in Detroit.

M. D. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burr attended the hockey match in Glencoe last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Ryan entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening to a fowl supper and euchre.

Sorry to report that Mrs. Manley Moorhouse is in poor health.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Blackall are spending a few days at the home of Geo. Prangley.

Mrs. Mulgrove, of St. Paul, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. John Curran, has left for Dresden.

Quite a few attended the funeral of little Russell, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Brown. Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Elson returned Saturday after spending six weeks with relatives in Hamilton and Toronto.

STRATHBURN

We are sorry to report that the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Copeland is dangerously ill. Two nurses are in attendance, and a specialist from London was called on Monday.

Motorists are still running, but the Strathburn hill gives them great trouble; it keeps piling up with drifts.

James Trestrain has returned from a business trip to New York.

L. D. Siddall has returned home from Detroit.

CAIRO

Meryl McKeown, of Windsor, spent the week-end with his parents here.

Owing to the cold night a small crowd turned out to hear "Southern Cinderella," put on by the Bothwell people Friday. The play was a real one, all talking their parts well.

Boy Murphy and family, of Ogema, Sask., are visiting the former's aunt, Mrs. G. W. Young, and friends in the vicinity.

Roscoe Burdon, of Windsor, is visiting friends here and in Newbury.

MOSA COUNCIL

The first meeting of Mosa council for 1924 was held pursuant to statute on Monday, January 14, at 11 o'clock forenoon, in the town hall, Glencoe. The following members made and subscribed to the statutory declaration of office:—F. J. James, reeve; John A. Leitch, James Gilbert, Arch. McCready and Isaac Watterworth, councillors.

The minutes of the last meeting of 1923 were read, approved and signed by the reeve.

The treasurer's bond was read by the clerk, and on motion of J. A. Leitch, seconded by J. Gilbert, was accepted.

Moved by Isaac Watterworth, seconded by A. McCready, that the court of revision to revise the assessment roll for 1924 be held at the town hall, Glencoe, on Monday, May 26, 1924, at 10 a.m. Carried.

Moved by A. McCready, seconded by J. A. Leitch, that Archie McCready be appointed commissioner for ward No. 1 and townline between Mosa and Euphemia and townline between Mosa and Zone; Isaac Watterworth for ward No. 2; James Gilbert for ward No. 3; J. A. Leitch for ward No. 4 and townline between Mosa and Brooke, and P. J. James for townline between Mosa and Glencoe and townline between Mosa and Ekfrid south of the Longwoods Road. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Leitch, seconded by James Gilbert, that Robert W. McKellar be appointed assessor for 1924 at a salary of \$110 and postage. Carried.

Moved by A. McCready, seconded by Isaac Watterworth, that Wm. H. Reycraft be appointed collector for 1924 at a salary of \$130. Carried.

Moved by A. McCready, seconded by Isaac Watterworth, that John C. Simpson be appointed a member of the local board of health for 1924. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Leitch, seconded by Isaac Watterworth, that Peter O'Malley and Dug. W. Gillies be appointed auditors for 1924 at a salary of \$20 each. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Leitch, seconded by Isaac Watterworth, that the following accounts be paid:—Deputy returning officers, \$5 each; polling booths, \$5 each; P. E. Lumley, \$4, formaldehyde used in fumigating; A. E. Sutherland, \$70.50, in full for printing financial reports, ballots, etc.; Municipal Ward, \$14.51, for election supplies; Thos. Stinson \$4, D. M. Gillies \$10, Alf. Gould \$8, for refund of statute labour. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Leitch, seconded by A. McCready, that Wm. Hamilton be paid \$8 for damages to car owing to defective road opposite lot 8, con. 6, Mosa. Carried.

The next meeting of the council will be held at Newbury on February 16th at 10 a.m.

C. C. McNAUGHTON, Clerk.

WOODGREEN

George Faulds, of Detroit, spent a few days recently with his sister, Mrs. Chas. Grover.

Miss Florence Simpson, who is attending business college in Chatham, spent the week-end at her home here.

Charlie Clannahan has returned to Highgate after spending a few days with Mrs. A. Clannahan.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Holmes of Kincardine, are visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Grover, and many friends.

The funeral of the late Mr. Hobson, of Blenheim, took place on Monday from the home of his son, Henry Hobson, to the Simpson cemetery. Mr. Hobson was well known in this vicinity.

The Swastika Club met at the

RENEW YOUR DAILY NEWSPAPER SUBSCRIPTIONS AT THE TRANSCRIPT OFFICE.

FIRST of the series dealing with the establishment of the BANK OF MONTREAL at representative points in CANADA and elsewhere



BEFORE any steamship had crossed the ocean, and before either the locomotive or the telegraph had been invented, nine merchants of Montreal signed articles for the formation of the "Montreal Bank," now the Bank of Montreal. That was on June 23, 1817—more than 106 years ago.

Since that time Montreal has grown from a town of less than 20,000 to a city of more than 800,000 population. The Bank, in continuous and successful operation from those early days down to the present time, has steadily pioneered its way across Canada. Today, through its Head Office and more than 550 Branches, it offers complete banking service—local, national, and international—in every section of the Dominion.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years
Total Assets in excess of \$650,000,000

WOODGREEN

home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Whitlock on Wednesday. The evening was spent in contests, euchre and other games. A most interesting feature was a geography match. Lunch was served at midnight. The next meeting will be held at A. Dunn's on January 30, when the feature of the evening will be a debate.

Joseph Walker spent a few days in Aylmer.

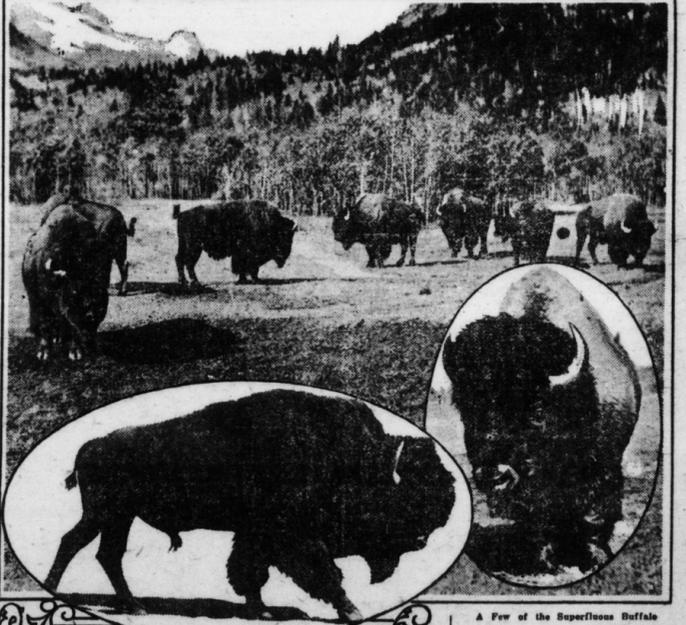
Since the recent rains there have been acres of ice added to the skating grounds at E. Winger's, which the young people are enjoying.

A number from here attended the hockey match in Glencoe Saturday night.

Mrs. Thomas Simpson is visiting in Florence.

John Whitfield had the misfortune to break his arm while riding his bicycle on the ice.

Buffalo Herds Grow Beyond Accommodation



TO nearly all Canadians the news that the buffalo, which we have been accustomed to regard as nearly extinct, have recently so increased as to necessitate the slaughter of a herd of 2,000 at the Canadian Buffalo Park, Wainwright, Alberta, will come as a very pleasant surprise. The mere existence of this surplus definitely announces that, though we will never see a large wild herd again, we yet may hope to see the prairies repopulated with numbers of buffalo, and that this magnificent animal, monarch of the Plains, will be always with us.

The buffalo were in their glory when the construction of the first American transcontinental railroad was begun in 1868. Herds of fifty thousand head were then common on the western plains of this continent as far south as Utah and as far north as Hudson's Bay, and as many as 100,000 robes were marketed annually. So easily were these obtained that whiskey-traders could purchase a robe for one cup of liquor. In 1874 the North-West Mounted Police, on trek for the Rockies, saw several immense herds, notably near the Sweet Grass Hills, when the force marched all day through a herd of 60,000 which blackened the horizon. This romantic scene, so vividly contrasting the wilderness and its denizens with the oncoming representatives of civilization, is surely a fit subject for artists and poets.

The work of destruction, once launched, proceeded so rapidly that by 1880 only vast quantities of buffalo bones and skulls remained to show that the great herds had ever been. The mighty half-breed hunter had fallen to collecting these skulls and bones for the sugar refineries and bone dust factories of the United States. It is worthy of note that the first eastbound freight run by the Canadian Pacific Railway was loaded with such relics.

The present encouraging state of affairs is due to the foresight of the Canadian Government, which, in 1907, purchased a small herd of buffalo in Montana and brought it over the border to form the nucleus of the 8,000 head now at Wainwright. To this wise purchase we owe the fact that the buffalo has not become merely a heraldic beast as extinct as the unicorn or the dodo.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hart*
Exercise may be a good thing, but nobody ever saw a village loafer who was unhealthy.