

Brilliant Work of Canadians Saved The Situation; Whole Empire Thrills With Pride Over Their Gallant Fight

ALL ENGLAND STIRRED BY GALLANT WORK OF CANADA'S SOLDIERS

Press and People Praise Brilliant Fighting of Canadians who Saved Day in France — Canada Looms Up Prominently on Bulletin Boards of Newspaper Offices.

London, April 25.—Canada loomed up prominently on the bulletin boards of the Saturday evening newspapers in London. "Canadians Saved the Situation," "Well Done Canadians," and "Bravo Canada." These were some of the headlines which appeared. In reference to this evening's statement from the War Office the Evening News says: "The War Office gives us, in this message, the kind of prompt news we want. Today's glorious bulletin will live always in the military chronicles of the Empire. The despatch reveals that the left of our line which was unavoidably left uncovered by the French retirement, was held by the Canadians, who were in the first battle line and eager for the clash. The Germans did not capture their guns. They fell into them when the Canadians were swept back. Later, and with what impetuosity and grim resolution we are left to imagine, the Canadians made a counter-attack and re-took the four guns they had left behind, and also made German prisoners. Unhappily their casualties were heavy, but all around the Empire will re-echo the praise of the War Office for their conduct."

MAJ. MAGEE IN THE THICK OF THE BATTLE

Ottawa, April 24.—Military headquarters authorities state that they have absolutely no means of telling what Canadian regiments were involved in the fighting of Thursday and Friday in France. Information as to the disposition of the troops has not been officially communicated to Canada.

It is known, however, that the 47

guns with the Canadian division are part of the heavy artillery brigades. They are 46 pounders from Montreal under the command of Major F. C. Magee, St. John, N. B., with Captain G. E. Hall, Montreal; Lt. W. A. Irving, Quebec; Lt. J. A. Ryan, Montreal, and Lt. W. H. Robb, Montreal, as second, third, fourth and fifth, respectively, in command.

HALIFAX MAN WOUNDED IN YPRES BATTLE

Lt. Raddell Was Musketry Instructor for Royal Canadians at Wellington, Halifax.

Halifax, April 25.—Lieut. Thomas Head Raddell, reported wounded in the battle now raging around Ypres, was a resident of Halifax, where his wife and family of five children now reside. Lieut. Raddell was musketry instructor at Ottawa and for the Royal Canadians at Wellington, Halifax. He volunteered for the front in the first contingent and at the time of being wounded was attached to the 90th Winnipeg Rifles.

SAV BRITISH BATTLESHIP WAS DAMAGED

Washington, April 24.—The German Embassy announced today it had information from a reliable source that a British battleship was severely damaged in the last Zeppelin attack over the Tyne.

GEN. FRENCH SENDS MESSAGE TO GEN. HUGHES

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, April 24.—General Hughes has received following cable from Lord Brook, staff officer to Field Marshal French as follows: "Heartiest congratulations on magnificent behavior of Canadian troops."

RIOTS IN MANY PARTS OF AUSTRIA

Rome, April 25, via Paris.—Despatches from Trieste, telegraphed from the frontier daily are growing more grave in their reports of the situation there. One-tenth of the population are serving under the colors, including men fifty years of age. The calling of men of this age into the army has caused a rebellion among the women, who invaded the railroad station when the troops left and tried to prevent, by violence, their departure, crying: "Down with war; return to us our old men." Serious riots are reported at Gorz and in many other parts of Austria, especially in Vienna, while at Prague conditions are reported to have assumed a revolutionary character. Military trains loaded with bread and flour have been pillaged and a Bohemian regiment is reported to have mutinied.

BRINGS PARTY OF MEN UNFIT FOR SERVICE

The Hesperian at Halifax With 437 Passengers — Seaman Jumped Overboard but Was Rescued.

Halifax, N. S., April 25.—The Allan liner Hesperian arrived here on Saturday evening from Liverpool. She brought 437 passengers and 3,639 packages of mail. With the exception of a seaman who jumped overboard, and was rescued, the passage was without special incident. Among the passengers were Captain Coulter, a Nova Scotia officer in charge of 34 Canadian soldiers, a number of whom are medically unfit for active service.

NEPHEW OF EARLY GREY A PRISONER

With Thirty-eight Other Officers Is Held by Germans in Detention Barracks.

London, April 25.—There was received here yesterday a list of the thirty-nine British officers placed in detention barracks, ten of them in solitary confinement, by the German government in retaliation for the declaration of Great Britain to accord honors of war to the crews of captured German submarines. This list, which was supplied to Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin by the German government, consists of the names of seven captains and thirty-two lieutenants.

In the list are the names of Lord Carlisle, Alexander Fraser, Master of Saltoun; Lt. Goschen, son of Sir William Edward Goschen, former British Ambassador to Berlin; Robin Grey, a nephew of the British foreign minister, and many sons of peers. Nearly all the prisoners belong to crack regiments.

GALLANTRY OF CANADIANS WINS ADMIRATION OF GENERAL FRENCH

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, April 25.—Mr. J. J. Garrick, M. P., who is at the front with the Canadian troops, cables General Hughes that Sir John French telegraphed General Alderson today as follows:

"I wish to express to you and the Canadian troops my admiration of the gallant stand and fight they have made. They have performed a most brilliant and valuable service. Last night and again this morning I reported their splendid behavior to the Secretary of State and I have a reply from him saying how highly their gallantry and determination in a difficult position are appreciated in England."

Sir Robert Borden sent the following cable today to General Alderson, Commander of the Canadian Divisions: "Report of the splendid gallantry and efficiency of division under your command has thrilled all Canada with pride. Warmest congratulations."

Sir Robert also sent the following cable to Earl Grey in reply to a congratulatory message:

"Deeply appreciate your message. Canada is very proud that her sons have upheld so worthily the splendid traditions of our great pioneer races."

GEN. HUGHES' TRIBUTE.

Ottawa, April 24.—"They would never leave these guns in the hands of the Germans," said Major General Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia regarding the Canadian victory, when shown the British War Office statement: "They have done what was expected of them, what we all know they could do and that was their duty. Yes, this despatch makes us prouder than ever of them. I am sorry that the despatch says there were many casualties but we must be prepared for these. However, many of them."

GOVERNOR GENERAL'S MESSAGE.

Ottawa, April 25.—His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, has received a message from His Majesty, King George, expressing his admiration of the gallant stand made by the Canadians at Langemark, and sympathizing with Canadians in the heavy casualty sustained.

Half Million Germans Rushed From East to Flanders in Effort To Break Through Allies' Line

Believed Furious Attacks of Past Few Days Forerunner of Final Effort of Enemy to Break Through to Coast — Germans Attacking British Line Held by Canadians — Italy and Greece Still Undecided.

London, April 25.—The German rushes in Flanders and the Woever, where they claim to have had considerable success, are believed to be the forerunners of another big effort to break through the allied lines in the west.

For many days Belgium has been sealed from the observation of neutrals, while reinforcements from Germany were being moved to the south to take part in the new offensive, which they hope is to carry them to Calais and possibly break the resistance of the Allies.

The attack in Flanders, originally levelled at the French, has been transferred to the British lines held by the Canadians, on the immediate right of the French, and here, for two days, the men from the Dominion have been engaged in a deadly contest with the Germans. The latter state, in their official report, that they have made further progress toward Ypres and that the British counter-attacks have been repulsed.

The French account, on the other hand, declares that the Allies' counter-attacks continue with success and that the British hold all their positions and repeated the charge that the Germans are using bombs containing asphyxiating gases.

The German attack in the Woever, or in the Meuse hills, was directed against the French positions to the southwest of Combray, and according to the Berlin statement the French suffered a heavy defeat. Paris, however, say that in a counter-attack the Germans were completely driven out of the French first line, which they had pushed back.

These offensive movements by the Germans have been made possible by the state of the ground on the eastern front, where operations are virtually impossible until the spring floods have

subsided. Taking advantage of these conditions, the German general staff transferred a large number of troops to the west, to make another big effort, which shows that they are not content to rely on a passive policy. It is believed that half a million new German troops have reached Flanders and that more guns and material are to be used than were provided for in the original attempts to destroy the allied armies in the west—attempts which met with failure both in August and October.

In the meantime the eastern front is enjoying a period of comparative calm, except in the mid-Carpathians, where the Russians continue to attack the Austrians in Uzok Pass, and to the eastward, where the Austrians and Germans are trying to crush the Russian flank. Both sides report successes.

The Balkan States.

The operations in the Dardanelles apparently are still confined to the bombardment of the Turkish entrenchments, while preparations are being made for landing the Allied forces, part of which is already on Turkish territory at Enos, and other points.

Italy and Greece continue to debate what steps, if any, they will take, and Roumania, it is believed, waits on Italy's decision. It is stated that Austrian and German diplomats at Rome are prepared to recommend acceptance of Italy's terms, but are waiting for instructions from Vienna, which must have the last word in the matter.

Greece, too, is considering terms which, however, come from the Allies, and Athens is torn by divided opinion. The adherents of ex-Premier Venizelos demanding immediate intervention, and the government supporters insisting that the integrity of the country must be guaranteed before Greece takes up arms. A despatch from Athens tonight says that a decision is expected some time this week.

HON. MR. MEIGHEN DID NOT CRITICISE PRESIDENT WILSON

Report of His Speech Before Laurentian Club a Fabrication—Were No Reporters Present.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 25.—Hon. Arthur Meighen, the Solicitor General, made a speech at a private dinner of the Laurentian Club here the other evening in which he quoted extracts from a speech delivered by President Wilson the night before in New York. Mr. Meighen made some general historical remarks upon the trend of diplomatic relations between world powers, but he was reported by the Ottawa Citizen as criticizing severely the address of President Wilson. This he did not do. However, the report was sent broadcast by the Canadian Press, although it is understood that no Canadian Press or other newspaper reporter was present.

The Ottawa Citizen comments editorially this morning upon Mr. Meighen's alleged utterances and assumes that the report was correct. The Solicitor General thereupon issued the following statement: "I am told there has been wide circulation given to a speech of mine at the Laurentian Club, which report appeared first in the Citizen Thursday evening last. It is on that report this editorial attack is based. The report and the attack are of a piece—and probably derive their inspiration from much the same source. I said nothing attributed to me in either the one or the other."

It is stated that the report was handed to the Ottawa Citizen by a Liberal member of the Laurentian Club. The

"FIGHT NOW TO AVENGE LOSS OF OUR BOYS"

New Incentive to Spur on Canadians at Front — Gen. Hughes Sends Canada's Congratulations to Men at Front.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 23.—General Hughes sent the following cable today to General Alderson:

"Please convey to all your splendid division the deep appreciation of their comrades in Canada, and of all Canadians of their gallant fight and their splendid behaviour. We rejoice in their gallantry, but while mourning the loss of many brave comrades, our one great desire is to avenge that loss. The hearts of all Canadians are firmly with them."

Lieut. S. D. Armour, of the Seaforth Highlanders, Vancouver, who is wounded is one of three brothers at the front. General Sam Hughes felt severely the losses suffered by the Canadians, "but," he said, "it just means we will have to fight the harder and beat the Germans to a finish. We have been fighting against tyranny and for liberty. Now we will fight to avenge the loss of our boys."

Citizen is now openly opposing the government although it was formerly a Conservative newspaper. No reporters were present at the gathering and Mr. Meighen states that his remarks were reiteration of those he made in a public speech in Ottawa recently, when he covered the same ground. In that speech there was no criticism of President Wilson or the United States. Mr. Meighen states emphatically that the report of his speech is a fabrication. It is learned that the Laurentian Club is taking up the matter officially.

CHAMPION RIFLE SHOT OF WORLD DIES IN BATTLE

Major McHarg, of Vancouver, Among the Canadians Killed in Fight at Ypres.

Ottawa, April 25.—The late Major W. Hart McHarg of the Sixth D.C.O.R., Vancouver, whose name appears in today's casualty list, was the champion rifle shot of the world, winning the title at the last international rifle matches at Fort Perry, Ohio, in 1913. He won the Governor General's prize on two occasions, being one of the only two men who ever won the honor twice at the D.C.R.A. meet here. His record at Bisley and the Canadian annual matches has very few equals.

Captain Gerard O. Lees of the Thirteenth Battalion, reported killed, was one of the best known athletes in Canada, being especially prominent as a golfer. He was on the reserve of the Fifth Royal Highlanders of Montreal, and when war broke out at once volunteered. He was a member of the Royal Ottawa Golf Club and in 1913 was runner-up for the championship.

Mrs. Peter Whelen, of this city, received a private cable tonight from her son, Lieut. Earl G. Whelen of the Second Battalion, stating "wounded in shoulder, quite safe."

RUSSIANS DRIVE BACK ENEMY IN CARPATHIANS

Germans Bring Up Fresh Artillery Units but Fail to Dislodge Russians from Positions in Uzok Pass.

Petrograd, via London, April 26.—The official communication issued this evening says:

"During the night of April 24-25, German forces aggregating from two companies to one battalion, made several attempts to attack our advanced positions between Kalwarya and Ludwinow (in Russian Poland). All the attacks were easily repulsed by our fire. After one of the repulses the enemy fled in disorder."

"Our aircraft, on the morning of the 24th, successfully attacked the station at Neidenberg (East Prussia), where their bombs caused a number of fires and destroyed a portion of the railway line. "In the Carpathians the enemy recently has been increasing in volume his artillery fire on the whole front. He has apparently brought up fresh units of heavy artillery. During the night of the 24th and 25th the enemy delivered a series of persistent attacks in the region of the Uzok Pass, which we repulsed with rifle fire and hand-grenades, inflicting very great losses on him."

"On the other sectors of our front there has been no change. Artillery and rifle fire of varying intensity is going on at some points, with minor outpost engagements."

ATTACK ON HILL 60 ONE OF THE GREATEST EXPLOITS OF BRITISH TROOPS DURING WAR

Germans, Terror-Stricken by British Attack, Drive Bayonets Into Comrades in Front of Them

Capture of Hill 60 One of Greatest Achievements of War — Enemy Hurlled Tons of Metal and Explosives at Hill After Losing It, but British Troops Stood Their Ground.

London, April 25.—"Trenches, parapets and sandbags disappeared," says the British official "eye-witness," in describing the effect of the explosions of the British mines which preceded the attack and capture by the British of Hill No. 60, to the southeast of Ypres, recently.

"The whole surface of the ground," the narrative continues, "assumed strange shapes. Here it was torn in to huge craters; there large mounds of fallen debris were to be seen.

"As the reports of the explosions died away, and while dense columns of smoke and dust still hung in the air, our men, led by their officers, sprang from the trenches and rushed across the intervening space of some forty to fifty yards lying between our line and the gaping craters before them, the front covered by the attack being only some 250 yards in length.

"When the mines had actually exploded nothing was left of the occupants of the hostile line, but in the neighboring trenches our assaulting infantry witnessed an extraordinary scene. Many German soldiers, possibly owing to the fact that they were working, were surprised while in their shirt sleeves, and without equipment. Stunned by the violence of the explosions, bewildered and suddenly subjected to a rain of hand-grenades thrown by our bombing parties, they gave way to panic.

Maddened by Terror, Killed Their Comrades

"Cursing and shouting they were falling over one another and fighting in their hurry to gain the exits leading into the communication trenches. Some of those in the rear, maddened by terror, were driving their bayonets into the bodies of their comrades in front of them.

"Of all this our infantry had but a momentary glimpse before they fell upon the enemy with the bayonet, burst through the maze of trenches, poured into the craters and pressed on down the communication trenches, until at last they were stopped by barbed wire defended by bomb throwers.

"The first line of trenches was captured in a few minutes with little difficulty, and fifteen prisoners fell into our hands; but it was then that the real struggle began, for the Germans quickly recovered from their surprise.

"From our line the hill is a salient which is exposed to fire from three sides, and it was only a few minutes before the German gunners took advantage of this fact and opened fire. Soon the whole position became obscured by smoke of bursting shells. Meanwhile our batteries had begun to support the attack, and a terrible artillery fire was maintained far into the night.

"From many points along our line to the north and south of Hill No. 60, could be seen the flashes from the shells, while the flashes from the guns were so nearly continuous that they resembled the effect of musketry fire. Under this fire our men had to work, throwing up parapets towards the enemy, blocking their communications and generally rendering the position defensible.

"Nor was the enemy's infantry idle. Advancing up the communication trenches they threw hand-grenades over the barricades, and also into the mine craters, on the crumbling sides of which our men were clinging, in an endeavor to obtain a foothold.

"Throughout the night the fighting continued, culminating early in the morning of the 18th in two massed attacks by the enemy.

These were beaten off, principally by the fire of our machine guns, some of which had been rushed up.

Nevertheless, in spite of the heavy losses, which left the hillside piled with dead, the enemy continued his pressure during the whole of Sunday, until we were gradually driven from the southern edge of the hill. At six p. m. help reached our front line in the form of reinforcements, who swept the Germans from the foothold they had gained.

"Prior to this the close proximity of the contending sides had led to a slackening in the bombardment; but it then broke out afresh, and with almost as great intensity as on the preceding evening. Our position, however, was more secure, and, although the shelling and bombing never ceased altogether, the night may be said to have passed in comparative quiet.

"The narrative says the bombardment was maintained Monday, April 19, and that the Germans extended their shelling to the entire Ypres area, including the town itself, in which, it is asserted, fifteen children were killed. Toward evening the Germans made another attack on Hill No. 60,

but the eye-witness asserts, "again did our machine guns do tremendous execution, and the attack was beaten off."

One of Finest Exploits of the War

Another attack at 8 o'clock in the evening," the narrative continues, "suffered the same fate. Still the Germans would not admit defeat, and all night long, parties armed with hand-grenades made repeated efforts to drive us off the hill, their attacks alternating with bombardments from artillery of all kinds and also trench mortars.

By Wednesday, the "eye-witness" says, the British had firmly established themselves on the hill.

"The attack upon and the defence of Hill No. 60," the narrative declares, "will go down in history as one of the finest exploits of the British troops during the war. Officers who experienced the bombardment prior to the attack of the Prussian Guard, on the 11th of April, and also understood that directed against Hill No. 60, say that the latter, by far, was the worse of the two.

"What our troops withstood can, in some degree, be realized if it be remembered that the space fought over during four and one-half days was only fifty yards.

"Upon that small area the enemy for hours hurled tons of metal and high explosives, and at times the hill top was wreathed in clouds of poisonous fumes; and yet our gallant infantry did not give way. They stood firm under a fire which swept away whole sections at a time, filled the trenches with dead bodies and so cumbered the approach to the front line that reinforcements could not reach it without having to climb over the prostrate forms of their fallen comrades."

The desperate efforts of the Germans to recapture the hill, the "eye-witness" says, "probably were due not only to the intrinsic value of the position, but to the fear of personal consequences to the Generals concerned, if they failed to hold it." He adds that the Bavarian Generals who were responsible for the unsuccessful action at St. Eloi were placed on the retired list.

The troops who opposed the British on Hill No. 60, the "eye-witness" says, "were composed of Saxons and men recruited from all parts of Germany."

OFFICIAL REPORTS FRANCE

Paris, April 25 (2.40 p.m.)—The war office statement of this afternoon is as follows:

"In Belgium our counter-attacks continued successfully, in close cooperation with our allies. The Germans, who attacked us with two army corps, continued to employ annihilating gases during the day. Some of their projectiles which did not explode were found to contain a large quantity of these gases.

"We have made considerable progress towards the north, on the right bank of the Yser Canal. The British troops, notwithstanding the violent attack of the Germans Saturday evening, have on our right maintained all their positions.

"In the Argonne we took a German trench, captured two machine guns and made some prisoners. The action was a local one, although it was of the most violent character.

"On the heights of the Meuse, at the Colonne trench, the Germans made an attack with an entire division on a front of one kilometre (about two-thirds of a mile). At first they compelled our first line to give way, but were completely driven out by a counter-attack."

RUSSIA

Petrograd, April 25 via London

The following official report was given out last night:

"In the Carpathians during April 22 and the night of April 23 the Austrians after long preparations with heavy guns, delivered a series of attacks against the heights occupied by us in the region of Polon, but they were repulsed with enormous losses. The Austrians also failed in attempts in the day-time on the 23rd to attack our positions in the region of Voloskate.

"Today we progressed in the region of Telepoch and further southeast at Slanka. Our troops, after desperate fighting, captured a series of important hills.

"Elsewhere on our front there have been only fusillades and cannonading."

AUSTRIA

Vienna, via London, April 25 (9.10 p.m.)—The following official communication was issued by the Austrian War Office tonight:

"On the Carpathians, in the Orava Valley, near Kozulowka, we have gained a new success. After a sap attack, executed with the greatest doggedness, our troops yesterday stormed the height of Ostry, to the south of Kozulowka. Simultaneously the Austro-German troops succeeded in gaining ground on and to the south of Road 652, which the Russians had captured.

"With the capture of Ostry Height and Zwinin Ridge, which was taken at the commencement of April, the reduction of the Russian positions, which had been stubbornly defended for months on both sides of the Orava Valley, is now accomplished.

"There have been local artillery engagements in the other sectors of the Carpathian front. In Galicia and Poland it is generally quiet."

CHOSE BY P. E. I. LIBERALS AS CANDIDATE

Charlotte town, P. E. I., April 25—At Liberal convention in Summerside on Saturday John Richards, leader of the provincial opposition, was nominated as candidate for Prince Edward Island county.

MARRIED.

WILLIAMSON-HANSEN — On April 24th, 1915, at the Immigration Hall, by Rev. R. Helne, Phil. D., Mr. Harry Williamson of Maple Creek, Sask., to Miss Helga Hansen of Odense, Denmark.

DIED.

BABCOCK—At her residence, 115 St. Monday street, on the 24th inst., Rosa T., widow of George Babcock, aged seventy-seven years, leaving one son and three daughters to mourn.

Funeral on Monday, the 26th inst., from her late residence. Service begins at 2.30 o'clock.

PATERSON—On Saturday, the 24th inst., David Paterson, aged seventy-six years, leaving three sons and two daughters.

Funeral will be held today (Monday) at three o'clock from his late residence, 15 Castle street.

LONG LIST OF OFFICERS AMONG CANADIANS KILLED AND WOUNDED

- Special to The Standard.
- Ottawa, April 25.—The latest casualty list of the Canadians shows that three majors were killed, Major A. E. Kimmens, of Winona, Ont.; Major E. C. Noseworthy, of Ingersoll, Ont., and Major McLaren, of Calgary.
- Eight captains were killed: Capt. George A. Ryerson, of Toronto; Capt. Donald Glover, of Orillia; Capt. W. H. Clark Kennedy, of Montreal; Capt. Gerald O. Leung, of Ottawa; Capt. Richard Steacie, of Montreal; Capt. C. M. Merritt, of Vancouver; Capt. John Geddes, of Winnipeg, and Capt. Hamilton Maxwell Fleming, of Vancouver.
- Seven lieutenants were killed: Lieut. A. D. Kirkpatrick, of Toronto; Lieut. M. D. McDonald, of Toronto; Lieut. Cameron D. Brant, of Hamilton, Ont.; Lieut. Charles D. King Mason, of Saskatoon; Lieut. Guy M. Drummond, of Montreal; Lieut. George M. Richardson, of Montreal; Lieut. A. L. Lindsay, of Stratroy, Ont.
- Capt. C. M. Merritt, who was killed was a son-in-law of Sir Charles Herbert Tupper. His son Lieut. Reginald Hibbert Tupper, was wounded.
- Lieut. Drummond was the only son of Lady Drummond, of Montreal.
- Lieut. Brant, was the grandson of General Brant, the famous Indian warrior and friend of the British.
- Capt. Gerald Lees was a famous golfer, and had held the Canadian amateur championship.
- Capt. Ryerson was a son of Dr. G. S. Ryerson, a well known Toronto physician.
- Over eighty officers of the First Canadian Expeditionary Force are now included in the list of killed and wounded as a result of the titanic struggle at Langemarck, and there are fears that this number may be augmented. So far the list of losses among the men has not been called, and it is not expected for several days. This morning the first list among officers came to hand, with one killed and thirty wounded. It was hoped that this was the extent of the losses, but during the afternoon and evening the total steadily mounted.
- FIRST BATTALION Killed
- Major Albert Edward Kimmens, Queen's Own Battalion, native of Winona, Ont.
- Captain George Crouther Ryerson, Queen's Own Battalion.
- Lieut. A. D. Kirkpatrick, Toronto, Ont.
- Lieut. M. Daniel McDonald, Toronto, Ont.
- FOURTH BATTALION
- Captain Donald Glover, Orillia, Ont.
- Lieut. Cameron D. Brant, Hamilton, Ont.
- Lieut. Col. A. P. Brechall, Canadian Permanent Staff, Gloucester, Eng.
- FIFTH BATTALION
- Lieut. Chas. King-Watson, Saskatoon, Sask.
- THIRTEENTH BATTALION
- Major Edward C. Noseworthy, Montreal.
- Captain William Clark Kennedy, Highlanders, Montreal.
- Captain Gerald O. Lees, Highlanders, Montreal, formerly of Ottawa.
- Lieut. Guy Melford, Drummond, Montreal.
- FOURTEENTH BATTALION
- Captain Richard Steacie, Westmount, Montreal.
- Lieut. Geo. M. Williamson, Montreal.
- SIXTEENTH BATTALION
- Captain Cecil M. Merritt, Vancouver, B. C.
- Captain John Geddes, Vancouver, B. C.
- Captain Hamilton Maxwell Fleming, B. C.
- Lieut. Arthur Lodge Lindsay, Vancouver, B. C.
- SEVENTH BATTALION
- Lieut. Col. W. Hart McHarg, Vancouver, B. C.
- SEVENTH BATTALION Died of Wounds
- Lieut. Col. Russell L. Boyle, Crossfield, Alb.
- FIRST BATTALION, Wounded or Missing
- Major A. J. Hunter, Toronto.
- Lieut. E. W. Clifford, Stoney Creek, Ont.
- Lieut. J. L. Youngs, Stratford, Ont.
- Lieut. P. W. Pick, Mount Forest, Ont.
- THIRD BATTALION.
- Lieut. E. T. Kelly, Haldimand, Ont.
- Lieut. J. K. Cronyn, Toronto.
- FOURTH BATTALION, Wounded.
- Captain G. R. Rogers, Ottawa.
- Captain S. J. Huggins, Ottawa.
- Captain E. G. Bogy, St. Catharines, Ont.
- Lieut. G. C. Brown, Norwich, Ont.
- Lieut. J. R. Riley, Milton, Ont.
- Lieut. J. M. McKinley, Canning, N. S.
- Lieut. F. W. Miller, Canning, N. S.
- Lieut. G. W. Ballard, Hamilton, Ont.
- THIRD BATTALION.
- Major D. B. Sandeman, Red Deer, (seriously).
- Capt. R. A. S. Allen, Salmon Arm, B. C.
- Lieut. W. Fitzpatrick, Pipestone, Man.
- Lieut. J. Kirkaldy, Brandon, Man.
- FOURTEENTH BATTALION.
- Lieut. E. A. Whitehead, Montreal.
- Lieut. H. Quintal, Montreal.
- SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
- Captain C. H. Ross, Winnipeg.
- Captain G. W. Jameson, Winnipeg.
- Captain J. H. McGregor, Victoria, B. C.
- Lieut. S. H. Goode, Vancouver, B. C.
- Lieut. G. S. Ager, Victoria, B. C.
- Lieut. J. G. Kenworthy, Vancouver, B. C.
- Lieut. V. A. McLean, Vancouver, B. C.
- Lieut. S. D. Armour, Vancouver, B. C.
- SECOND BATTALION.
- Lieut. T. A. Kyde, Burtis Rapids, Ont.
- THIRD BATTALION.
- Captain C. E. H. Morion, Royal Grenadiers, Toronto.
- FOURTH BATTALION.
- Lieut. J. H. Bennett, 12th Toronto York Rangers, Toronto.
- Lieut. H. B. McGuire, 36th Militia Regiment, Orangeville, Ont.
- SEVENTH BATTALION.
- Lieut. A. G. Spencer, Sixth Regiment, Vancouver.
- TENTH BATTALION
- In this battalion there is a Lieut. A. B. Ball reported wounded, but there is no such name in the list at the front, but in the Tenth Regiment there is an A. L. Bell, who it may be.
- SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
- Lieut. E. N. Gilliat, —
- THIRTEENTH BATTALION. Killed in Action.
- Lt. Guy Drummond, son of Lady Drummond, Montreal.

1,000 Trimmed Hats

We intend to sell 1,000 Trimmed Hats this week. These hats will be Milan, Tagel, Hair and Hemp, trimmed with flowers, feathers, velvet or silk ribbon, actually worth \$5.00 and \$6.00 each, and will be sold for \$3.00 Each.

These hats are in black and all colors, and the value will sell them.

No hats exchanged and none on approval.

Marr Millinery Co. Ltd.

GERMAN ACCOUNT OF THE OPERATIONS

Berlin, April 25.—Army headquarters gave out today the following report:

"Western theatre of war: We obtained further results at Ypres. The ground captured on April 23, north of Ypres, was still retained yesterday, in spite of the attacks of the enemy. Further east we continued our attacks and took by storm the Solact Farm, southwest of St. Julien, as well as the villages of St. Julien and Kerseleue, and advanced victoriously towards Gravenstafel. During these engagements about 1,000 Englishmen were taken prisoners and several machine guns were captured.

"A British counter-attack against our positions west of St. Julien was repulsed early this morning with very heavy losses to the enemy.

"West of Ypres attempts of the British to make an attack were quenched at the very start by the fire of our artillery.

"In the Argonne we repulsed an attack by two French battalions north of Four De Paris.

"In the Meuse hills, southwest of Combrès, the French suffered a heavy defeat. We began an attack at this point and in the rush broke through many French lines, lying one behind the other. The French attempted at night to take away from us the captured territory, but again failed, with heavy losses to them. Twenty-four French officers and 1,600 men, with seventeen cannon, remained in our hands after these engagements.

"Between the Meuse and the Moselle fighting at close quarters occurred only at certain places on our southern front, the fighting at Ally, not having yet come to a conclusion. A French night attack in the wood of Le Pretre failed.

"In the Vosges a dense mist prevented all military activity yesterday.

"Eastern theatre of war: The situation remains unchanged. Two weak attacks by the Russians west of Clechano (near the East Prussian border) were repulsed.

"In reply to bomb dropping by Russians on the peaceful town of Danburg, the railway junction at Bialystok was again bombarded by us. Twenty bombs were dropped.

LETTER FROM LIEUT. INCHES

Letters from Lieut. Cyrus F. Inches, dated April 8th, who is with Major F. C. Magee, gives the officers of the battery as follows: "The personnel at present being, Major Magee, O. C., Capt. Hall, Capt. Reiffenstein, Capt. Chown (paymaster), Capt. Grignon (Vet.), Capt. Mackay, Lieuts. Ryan, Garland, Leach and myself. I should have included the interpreter somewhere in the list." Captain Reiffenstein, mentioned by Lieut. Inches, is the air-man. Capt. Mackay is from P. E. I. and was in Fredericton during the winter.

In a previous letter he writes that Lieut. Kelly whom he had not seen for nearly two months called to see him and was at their mess to dinner. Lieut. Hayes had also ridden in a few days previously.

Lima, Peru, April 23—A despatch to La Prensa tonight states that the British steamer Orcoma has sunk a German merchant steamship near Bayovar. It is also stated that the British cruisers Kent and Orama have received coal from the British steamer Eggeford at the port of Bayovar.

The last report received from the Orcoma was to the effect that she had arrived in Liverpool, February 16, from Valparaiso. It is possible that since then she has been armed and sent back to South American waters.

ITALY'S MILITARY STRENGTH 2 MILLIONS

Paris, April 25.—French military writers estimate the full military strength of Italy at 2,000,000 men, of whom 800,000 probably form the active field army. The chief of the Italian general staff is Lt. General Cadorna. Lt. General Cadorna is regarded as a brilliant thinker, cool and tenacious, and is still in the height of his powers.

The principal assistant to Lt. General Cadorna is Lt. General Porro, Under Chief of the General Staff. The latter is sixty-one years old. He is very popular with the army and is reputed to possess high strategic abilities.

SEIZE AMERICAN STEAMERS CARRYING CONTRABAND GOODS

London, April 25.—An Athens despatch to the Evening News says it is reported in shipping circles at Piræus that warships of the allied fleet have captured and taken to Lemnos the Hadja Daout line steamers Virginia and Magda, which were flying the American flag. They carried cargoes which were declared to be contraband of war.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS HELP PATRIOTIC FUNDS

Entertainment tonight in their Hall, Coburg Street.

The concert to be given under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus in their hall on Coburg street, this evening, is for patriotic purposes, as the proceeds are to be divided between the Belgian Relief Fund and the Red Cross Society. The merits of the entertainment, however, should be sufficient to fill the house. Among the ladies and gentlemen who are to take part in the entertainment are the Misses Lynch, Miss Hogan (instrumentalist), Miss Louise Knight, Miss Frances Travers and Miss A. Harney (vocalists), Miss Amelia Green (solicitor), Messrs. F. Hazel, C. A. Munro, a male quartette consisting of Messrs. Lanyon, Long, Rippey and Lingley, and Steven Hurley, recitations.

St. John, N. B., April 23, 1915

Mr. W. Frank Hatheway, Consular Agent for France at this port, is instructed by the French government to notify all Frenchmen living in Canada born in 1897, and also those others of earlier military class, that they are to register themselves at once in the census book of military class 1917 in order to establish the lists of that class. Necessary forms for this registration will be furnished by the different Consular Agents. Those French subjects interested who consider themselves exempt must attach to their statement of exemption a medical certificate stating in detail and with precision their state of health and the reasons why they are not fit for military service. Height, weight and condition of sight must be mentioned in such statement. Those persons not registered in classes 1913, 1914, 1915, are subject to the same conditions mentioned above. They are now notified that they must, without further delay, fulfil the military requirements.

OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT TUE.-WED. WED. MATINEE

MACK'S MUSICAL REVUE

In a Bright, Sparkling Up-to-the-Minute Programme of New Hits. The Best Show of the Season.

Matinee Wed.—Souvenir Chocolates

Nights.....10, 25, 35c.

Matinee.....10, 25c.

Over 500 Good Seats at...25c.

War News, Melodrama, Acrobatic Thriller, Slang Fables and Good Music

A HUMAN UNION JACK

Australian Children in Wonderful Demonstration

IMPERIAL

25 Year-Old Favorite Melodrama

"UNDER THE GASLIGHT"

FOUR TREMENDOUS ACTS

This is a special revival of an oldtime English play by the Biograph Company

A CLASSIC IN MELODRAMAS

SLANG FABLE "THE MAN WHOSE FRIEND KNEW A CORKER" SCREENS OF FUN!

Patriotic Australian Children Zeppelin Raid Over Paris Military Scenes in London The Germans Occupy Guise

WORLD NEWS

"Kron Prinz Wilhelm" Sensa Shooter Echo of Titanic Disaster Turks Sink Russian Vessels Clever Cartoons Wally van Watt

A ZEPPELIN RAID Result of Attack in Vicinity of Paris

Startling Acrobatics for a Change

CLAIRMONT BROTHERS

ON REVOLVING LADDER

This kind of Vaudeville will make you sit right up straight—thrills!

DARING AND CLOWNING TOO

WED. Marguerite Clarke in Social Drama "THE CRUCIBLE" Famous Players

ALLIES REPULSE ENEMY NORTH OF YPRES AND GAIN GROUND ON RIGHT BANK YSER CANAL

ASPHYXIATION GASES USED BY ENEMY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TEMPORARY SETBACK OF ALLIES

Thick Yellow Smoke From German Trenches Blown Towards Allies' Line Produced Suffocation and Gave Enemy Temporary Advantage—Bombs Filled with Chloride and Other Chemicals.

Paris, April 24, via London (3.57 p.m.)—The French War Department today gave out the following official statement: "Supplementary reports furnish particulars of the way the Germans succeeded in forcing our lines back Thursday evening to the north of Ypres between the Yser Canal and the Boelcapelle Road. Thick yellow smoke emitted from the German trenches and driven by northerly winds produced an effect of complete asphyxiation among our troops, which was felt even in our second line positions.

"Counter-attacks made yesterday already have enabled us to regain part of the ground lost. Our situation has been completely consolidated and our action is being carried out under good conditions with the support of the British and Belgian troops.

"The enemy made an attack at Les Eparges and another at Loweshead, in the forest of Apremont, both of which were repulsed.

"A German attack to the south of Parroy and further attacks on Belch-Ackerkopf were stopped by our fire. The enemy suffered heavy losses."

Bombs Filled With Chloride
The asphyxiation gases used by the Germans in their attacks on Ypres on Thursday were thrown at numerous points along a front of three miles, according to information that has been brought to Paris. The contents of these missiles were largely chloride, mixed with other chemicals.

The Germans threw these bombs when the wind was blowing from them in the direction of French trenches. The fumes caused uncomfortable breathing and a smarting and they were so powerful that the Germans had to wait themselves a considerable time before they could occupy the evacuated trenches.

During this delay the French troops remained most of the ground lost. The German supply of chloride bombs apparently had been used up in their first advance. They had no more to throw, and they gave way before the resolute bayonet attack of the French. The bombs themselves are thrown by means of a hand-throwing, such as boys use for throwing stones.

British Steamers In Foreign Ports May Be Commandeered

Needed by British Gov't—Admiralty official say Many avoiding United Kingdom for fear of being taken over.

London, April 25.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—It is probable that a large number of British steamers in foreign ports will be taken over by the government, owing to the scarcity of suitable steamers in this country.

It is stated by Admiralty officials that British vessels are avoiding the United Kingdom, owing to the probability of their being taken over for government purposes, and such ships will now be commandeered wherever they may be, as necessity imposes. The shipowners at present rates can make about three times as much profit on the open market as through a lease to the government.

The British navy is still actively engaged at Gibraltar in stopping steamers bound for ports in the Mediterranean and vessels meet with considerable delays.

Special attention is being paid to steamers having their cargoes, or portions of their cargoes, assigned to Switzerland. One case posted recently on the Baltic exchange was of a steamer which had been detained at Gibraltar 105 days before she was allowed to proceed. Shipowners are not taking the precaution to stipulate that if any cargo is destined to Switzerland it must be consigned to the Swiss government.

FRANCO-BELGIAN TROOPS RETAKE LIZERNE FROM ENEMY

London, April 25 (5 p.m.)—The following statement was issued this afternoon at the Belgian legation:

"Lizerne (Belgium, west of the Ypres Canal), which was taken by the enemy on Friday night, has been retaken today by Franco-Belgian troops.

"Our artillery has replied successfully to a fire directed at the whole length of our front by German batteries.

"Notwithstanding a very strong wind, our aviators have been able to make useful reconnaissances."

ALLIES ADVANCE ON RIGHT BANK OF THE CANAL
Paris, April 25—The following official communication was issued by the War Office tonight:

"To the north of Ypres the battle continues under conditions favorable for the troops of the Allies. The Germans have attacked at several points along the British front from various directions, north, north-east and southwest, but they were not able to gain ground.

"On our side we have progressed on the right bank of the Canal through vigorous counter-attacks.

"On the rest of the front there is nothing to report."

CASUALTY LIST SHOWS CANADIANS WERE IN THICK OF FIGHTING

Ottawa, April 25.—The following list of casualties among the Canadian troops was issued today:

FIRST BATTALION.
Wounded.
CAPT. JOHN H. PARKS, (FORMERLY NINTH BATTALION), NEXT OF KIN, MRS. J. H. PARKS (MOTHER), NO. 82 PARKS STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Lieut. Alfred C. Bastedo. Next of kin, John M. Bastedo, No. 4 Jean Street, Toronto.

Major D. Sutherland, Norwich, Ont. Capt. J. G. L. Smith, Chatham, Ont. Lieut. W. C. Butler, London, Ont. Lieut. T. D. Lockhart, Galt, Ont.

SECOND BATTALION.
Wounded.
Lieut. Andrew Gordon McLennan. Next of kin, Mrs. A. G. McLennan, (mother), No. 85 Nepean street, Ottawa, Ont.

FOURTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Lieut. Col. William Senkler Buell, Brockville, Int. Next of kin, Sophia E. Buell, care the High Commissioner for Canada, No. 36 Victoria street, London, S. W., England.

Major Berkeley Henry Belson, Port Dalhousie, Ont. Next of kin, Mrs. H. Belson, care Colonial Oldfield, No. 73 St. Ronans Road, Southsea, Hants, England.

Lieut. R. M. Young, Barrie, Ont.

FIFTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Private Cecil Maynard Moran. Next of kin, Mrs. L. Morgan, The Homestead, St. Benedicts, Norwich, England.

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
LIEUT. THOMAS HEAD RADD-DELL, NEXT OF KIN, MRS. RADD-DELL (WIFE), NO. 53 CHEBUCTO ROAD, HALIFAX, N. S.

Lieut. Robert Bruce S. Burton. Next of kin, Agnes F. Burton (mother) No. 52 Boswell avenue, Toronto.

Died of Wounds.
Bugler Charles Francis Hussey, April 23. Next of kin, John Hussey, Plymouth, England.

Killed in Action.
Private Allen G. Ingalls, April 15. Next of kin, A. C. Ingalls, La Prairie, Que.

Wounded.
Private Kenneth McDonald, April 16. Next of kin, J. McDonald, Broadford, Skye, Scotland.

Lt. G. H. Weld, Delaware, Ont.

TENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Major James Lightfoot. Next of kin, Mrs. A. Lightfoot, (wife), No. 450 Kennedy street, Winnipeg.

Captain Daniel L. Redman. Next of kin, D. B. Redman, (father), No. 210 Hope street, Calgary.

Captain Charles Wilson Robinson. Next of kin, Mrs. Louisa Robinson, Munson, Alb.

Lt. William Arthur Lowry. Next of kin, Mrs. Clara Lowry (wife), No. 528 Twentieth Ave., West, Calgary.

Lt. George Gordon Duncan. Next of kin, Rev. G. P. Duncan, (father), Port Credit, Ont.

Killed in Action.
Major J. McLaren, (Brandon, Man.) Next of kin, Robert McLaren, (father), No. 140 Lorne street, Locher, Dundee, Scotland.

Wounded.
Lt. Col. R. L. Boyle, Crossfield, Alb. Capt. C. H. Watson, Port Hope, Ont.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Captain George E. McCuaig. Next of kin, C. J. McCuaig, (father), No. 682 Mountain street, Montreal.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Captain Hercule Barre. Next of kin, Mrs. A. Gervais, No. 1256 St. Hubert street, Montreal.

Lt. W. K. Knubley. Next of kin, H. J. Knubley, No. 2136 Waverley street, Montreal.

CAPTAIN PAUL R. HANSON.
NEXT OF KIN, MARY E. HANSON, (WIFE), ST. LAMBERT, QUE.
Captain H. R. Boyd, Ridgeway, Ont. CAPTAIN H. H. SMITH, MONTREAL.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Major Gilbert Godson-Godson. Next of kin, Mrs. G. Godson-Godson, No. 2715 Second Ave., West, Vancouver, B. C.

Lt. REGINALD H. TUPPER, NEXT OF KIN, SIR CHARLES HIBBERT TUPPER, K. C. M. G., NO. 408 HASTINGS WEST, VANCOUVER, B. C.

Lt. Graham Montgomery Ainslie. Next of kin, William Ainslie, Lecterve, Ellen, Aberdeenshire, Scotland.

Lt. G. H. Davis, Claxton, B. C.

ELEVENTH ARTILLERY.
Wounded.
Lt. W. Young.

PRINCESS PATRICIAS.
Wounded.
Private John Kelso, April 19. Next of kin, Rachel Kelso, No. 268 Caspar

REWARD NAVY MEN FOR THEIR DARING WORK

London, April 24.—The Admiralty has decided to send letters of thanks to officers and men displaying daring and resource in the handling of the ships of the fleet. The letters will be equivalent to the well known "mention in despatches" in the army.

Such letters have thus far been sent to six officers concerned in the sinking of the U-8 and U-12. The latter says, the Admiralty, was sunk off the Firth of Fourth.

This is the first information issued of the location of the sinking of the boat.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.
Victoria.
A. B. Sim and wife, Woodstock; Miss Marie Cameron, Jas. Arthur, Toronto; F. M. Saunders, Halifax; Scott D. Guphill, Grand Manan; E. Gagnier, Montreal; L. G. Speedy, McAdam; E. R. Hall, St. John; Chas. Vanwart, Evandale; Jas. Pringle, Armories; Ralph Freeman, Amherst; Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Dann, Hampton; Geo. C. Elliott, Point de Chene; A. Brotherton, Winnipeg; W. J. Allen, Port Elgin; O. Swanberg, West St. John; P. M. Redding and wife, Truro; J. M. Knight, Boston.

Belgian Relief Fund
The following subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund were received Saturday: Alexander Watson, \$100; proceeds sale of doll, Royal Standard Chapter, I. O. O. E., per Mrs. H. A. McKeown, for Belgian orphans, \$100.

Norwegian Steamer Hits Mine and Sinks

London, April 25.—The Norwegian steamer Caprivi, which sailed from Baltimore April 8th for Christiania, by way of Adrossan, Scotland, struck a mine at a point fifteen miles north-east of Tory Island Friday night and sank, according to a despatch received here by Lloyd's Agency, from Inishtrahull, Ireland. The crew of the Caprivi was landed at Inishtrahull today.

The steamship Caprivi had a net tonnage of 1,872 and was built in 1892. The vessel was 350 feet long, forty feet beam and twenty feet deep.

The crews of the Norwegian barks Oscar and Eva were landed here Saturday by the steamer Anna, flying the Danish flag. A German submarine overhauled the barks about 170 miles northeast of Lonsstone, and allowed their crews ten minutes to board lifeboats. The submarine then shelled the abandoned vessels.

Subsequently the German submarine, stopped the Danish steamer Anna, and ordered her to take aboard the crews of the Oscar and Eva. The barks were bound for a Scottish port.

Farm For Sale

One of the best old colonial homestead farms in Kings county, formerly known as the CHARLES GUNTER FARM, situated in Springfield, one and half miles from the boat landing at Hatfield's Point and seven miles from Norton station with a two-family house in good repair and two barns, one new last summer with hog house and henry. This farm is a self-contained hay farm with about forty acres of fowage intervals; will give annually from eighty to 100 tons of hay, together with a large range of pasture land. Will sell with forty sheep or without to suit purchaser. For further information apply to

J. E. MACAULEY & CO.
Lower Millstream, Kings Co., N. B.

Stood the Test

Whyte & Mackay's Scotch Whisky has stood the test for years. Always pure, and is one of the few whiskies that can be safely used in the sick room.

When you want a smooth and agreeable stimulant be sure to get

Whyte & Mackay's

At This Season of the Year Many People Feel as if They Would Like To "Lie Down and Give Up" They Have The Spring Fever And Need A

Spring Medicine

What they need is a medicine that will clean out all the impurities from the system and place the blood in good shape to withstand the heat of the hot Summer months.

That Grand Old Medicine

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

WILL FILL THE BILL

It has been on the market for 40 years, and is conceded by all who have use it to be

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE

Manufactured only by

The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto Ont.

Hats
Trimmed will be
Hemp, velvet or \$5.00 and for
all colors,
none
Co. Ltd.

Lieut. Cyrus F. Inches, who is with Major F. ...
The personnel ...
Capt. Mackay is from ...
Captain Reiffenstein ...
Lieut. Inches, is ...
from ...
Frederick during ...
letter he writes that ...
whom he had not seen ...
months called to see ...
at their mess to dinner ...
had also risen in a few ...
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April 23—A despatch ...
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is also stated that ...
the Kent and Orama have ...
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report received from the ...
to the effect that she had ...
Liverpool, February 16, ...
also. It is possible that ...
she has been armed and ...
South American waters.

PERA HOUSE
TUE.-WED. ...
WED. MATINEE ...
MACK'S
MICAL REVUE
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Wed.—Souvenir Chocolate ...
10, 25, 35c. ...
10, 25c. ...
Good Seats at ...25c.

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ZEPPELIN RAID
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Vicinity of Paris

or a Change
ROTHERS
LADDER
make you sit right ...
thrills!

WNING TOO
REAMS OF FUN!

helm" Senks Shelter ...
Disaster ...
Wills you Wait

E 99 — Famous ...
Players

The St. John Standard

Published by The Standard Limited, 82 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.
 TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

"BRAVO CANADIANS"

These words, forming as they did the laudatory headlines in one of the English newspapers on Saturday, regarding the praiseworthy exploit of the Canadian troops in what must be one of the outstanding acts of heroism in the Empire war, represent the feeling with which the whole British Empire today will greet the achievement of Canada.

The story is simply told. The French had retired and unavoidably left uncovered a portion of the British lines. Quick to take advantage the Germans charged. The Canadians were in that particular position and by the impact were swept back and away from their guns. In an instant the men from Canada made a counter-attack and succeeded in recapturing their guns and taking a number of German prisoners.

Advices from the front indicate that for two days the Canadians have borne the brunt of the German attack and have beaten back all attempts to break their lines. It is a critical situation for men who a year ago were busy doing their part in the development of the country along the peaceful lines of commerce and industry. They had no record of military service to look back on; they were, at the best, ordinary graduates from the ranks of Canada's citizen soldiery, the Canadian militia, but they knew their duty and they did it when the call came.

History has been and will be made before the war in which the Empire is engaged comes to a conclusion, but in nothing to come will a prouder record be inscribed to the credit of any portion of the Empire than has fallen this day to Canada, through the bravery of her sons. "Bravo Canadians."

A QUESTION FOR THE TELEGRAPH.

The Telegraph appears to be more than a little upset by the certainty that after the next election Hon. J. K. Flemming will be the representative of the joint counties of Carleton-Victoria, and Mr. F. B. Carvell, the loud-mouthed libeller of the Canadian soldiers, and the defamer of the British Field Marshal, will be retired to private life. With more than ordinary viciousness it demands to know what action Sir Robert Borden intends to take regarding Mr. Flemming's candidacy.

Why should Sir Robert take any action? Mr. Flemming is not a member of the Dominion Parliament, he is merely the candidate of the Conservatives of Carleton-Victoria and it is safe to say when he gets to Ottawa he will make a better record than Mr. Carvell who has represented Carleton. It may be remembered that in the nominating convention in Woodstock Mr. B. Carvell Smith openly charged that Mr. Carvell stole his last election, a charge which, up to the present time, Mr. Carvell has taken no steps to refute.

If after all its own experience in political and journalistic crookedness, and no newspaper in the province has a record which, in this respect, can compare with it, the Telegraph desires to indulge in "spring cleaning," why not start in its own party? Why not ask Sir Wilfrid Laurier what he intends to do with the Honorable Frank Oliver, a gentleman who, while a Minister in the Laurier cabinet was guilty of permitting dealings in government lands to be carried on by his own officials, and who allowed the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, with which he had official dealings, to put into the coffers of his newspaper, the Edmonton Bulletin, the sum of \$15,000?

After the Telegraph has purged the Liberal party of its everlasting record for graft and questionable transactions it will then be time enough to look to the party which Sir Robert Borden leads. The trouble with the Telegraph is, it realizes that Hon. J. K. Flemming is the gentleman who will write "finis" after the political career of the present member for Carleton county. That realization explains the recent editorial epigrams.

THE ASSESSMENT COMMISSION

Following the action of the Provincial Government in regard to St. John assessment matters, it is reasonable to suppose that the City Council will soon consider the matter of appointing a commission to enquire into the whole question of civic assessment and to frame a new act. Such a body should be selected with the greatest care and should include only men who can bring to the task before them an intimate knowledge not only of values but of conditions of life and work and of the earning power of the community.

It has been suggested that the Commissioners might resolve themselves into such a board. That, the Standard believes, would be a mistake. The men to frame St. John's new assessment law should be men outside of the council altogether and, as far as possible, the body should include representatives of both capital and labor. Only by such a body working in harmony and in the best interests of the whole community can the best results be obtained. Now that it has been decided to change the assessment law, the sole idea should be to produce a measure which to the greatest possible extent will deal fairly with all classes in the community. As it stands at present wage earners are taxed to the full extent of their earnings. In most cases also property valuations are fairly assessed, but it is a notorious fact that many residents of St. John escape very lightly when their assessment is estimated in comparison with their means.

1864 AND 1915.

The following from the Toronto News is worthy of careful perusal: During the darkest hours of the American Civil War, Abraham Lincoln addressed his nagging critics in these impressive words: "Gentlemen, suppose all the property you were worth was in gold and you had put it in the hands of Blondin, to carry across the Niagara River on a rope. Would you shake the cable or keep shouting to him, 'Blondin! stand up a little straighter—Blondin, stoop a little more—go a little faster—lean a little more to the north—lean a little more to the south? No; you would hold your breath as well as your tongue, and keep your hands off until he was safe over. The Government is carrying an enormous weight. Untold treasures are in their hands; they are doing the best they can. Don't badger them. Keep silence and we will get you across." These stinging sentences of rebuke should be taken home today by all those violent partisans and partisan writers who have denied the Borden Government credit for its immense achievements in face of an unprecedented crisis, and who have not ceased day or night to impugn the motives of the ministers, to exaggerate departmental irregularities and to play low politics at the expense of the national and imperial welfare.

And before the war commenced the German authorities held the opinion that at the first sound of strife Canada would fall away from the Empire like ripe fruit from the parent tree. Speaking of Hon. J. K. Flemming's candidature in Carleton-Victoria, the Frederickton Gleaner says, "the worst that can be said is that he winked the other eye while a campaign fund was in process of collection." The evidence against Hon. Frank Oliver, Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Minister of the Interior, is much more direct than that.

Just let us look at that "boot scandal" and the subsequent actions of the Grit opposition with the eye of common sense. If the Liberals really believed the boots were bad, would Sir Wilfrid Laurier have exerted all his power to defeat the proposal to give the vote to the soldiers wearing those boots? It hardly seems reasonable.

In one St. John family the shadow of the war falls very heavy today. Rudolph McKel, son of the late Rev. LaB. McKel, for years rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd in Fairville, has succumbed to injuries received on the field of battle. He is the first St. John man to fall in the

present conflict but his name and memory will live as one prepared to make the supreme sacrifice in a cause he deemed right. To his family will go the sincere sympathy and condolences of the community.

The silly Telegraph and the sillier Times have devoted no little space during the past few weeks to statements to the effect that a bill to provide a superannuation allowance for Police Magistrate Ritchie has been receiving the attention of the Provincial Government. The Standard is in a position to state on the best authority that nothing of the sort has been suggested or considered and that the City Council has sent no request for any such legislation.

It is a mournful list The Standard publishes this morning of Canadians who have given either life or limb on the altar of their country. The heavy casualties in the Canadian contingent should prove a stimulus to recruiting all over the Dominion. Hitherto Canada has fought because it was the fight of the Empire, the fight of right and liberty against wrong and tyranny. In future, however, the arm of the Canadian soldier will be steered by the knowledge that he fights to avenge his brothers and friends who have gone before.

Canadian soldiers today have placed Canada in the Empire limelight. It should not be forgotten that many of the men of the First Contingent, who held the line against repeated German attacks and thereby won the admiration of the British Empire, are graduates of the Canadian militia and that it was the Canadian militia of which Mr. Carvell spoke when he said "ALL YOU GET IN THE MILITIA OF CANADA IS THAT YOU TEACH ABOUT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. OF THE MEN OF CANADA HOW TO GET DRUNK." It would be more than interesting to know if Mr. Carvell holds the same opinion today.

Bravest Deeds At The Front.

How The Enemy Trench Was Blown Up.

(London Daily Mail)
 The following narrative is written by a motor-car driver at the front, whose thrilling letters home appeared in "The Daily Mail" last November.

I was seated in a cafe with four French drivers and interpreters, and each of us spoke of the bravest deed he had witnessed in the war. The following are the narratives of a French interpreter and a Belgian driver:—

It was decided by engineers that a hole which had been used by an officer as an artillery observation post would be an ideal spot to connect up mines which had been tunnelled right under the whole first line of enemy trenches. These were to be discharged at a certain moment and immediately followed by a bayonet attack.

The interpreter was ordered to accompany as escort the officer who was to take the despatches to the observation-hole, 200 yards from the German trenches. As flares were being used it meant certain death to venture out.

The despatch-bearing officer was brought down when within a few yards of his destination. The observation officer, unaware of his mission, saw him fall, and realizing he must be the bearer of important orders, tried to reach him. He was immediately seen by the Germans and fell back in the hole riddled with bullets.

Suddenly the German flares were extinguished, and my friend the interpreter instantly realized that the Germans possessed there was something important on, and no doubt meant to try to get the papers lying there between the trenches. "Being now dark and there not being so much risk," to use his own words, I decided to chance my luck, so telling an N. C. O. to give orders not to fire should I return, I made my way in what I thought was the direction in which the two bodies had fallen, for there was now no telephone wire to guide me.

I found myself on the edge of the hole, so I got in and began feeling my way around. Stumbling over the body of the dead officer, I again began groping, but my heart seemed to stop beating, as I heard whispering going on in German just overhead. I quietly lay full length, a tremor running through me as my face rested alongside the dead body of my officer, and that dead officer saved my life. The German who had just entered trod on my hand with the great bomb in his boot, and the pain made me involuntarily pull my hand away. He must have felt the action, for he instantly made a plunge with a sword or bayonet, and although it entered the dead body lying beside me it seemed to go through me too.

Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE
 Me and pop was wawking beam from a wawk today, and a man came up with a beak of shoelaces and things, being a shtankle man with a green necktie awlways smiling as if he was happy about sumthing without knowing wat.
 Good day, sir, se dithe man.
 Greetings, sed pop.

Its a funny thing, sed the man, but wood you bleeve it, I can hardly get a sole to take any shoelaces today, they give me the munny for them and awl then they wont take any, sed the man, because wun lady gave me five cents this mornning and she took a pare, and I sed, You got anuthir pare, you do, lady, there two pares for five, and she sed, But I ony wunt wun pare, and I sed, Well wunt you take the uthir pare, and she sed No, and she dident; can you beet that, mistir?
 I cant even equal it, sed pop.
 Then there was a fello and a gerl this aftinnoon, sed the man, the gerl sed, Wy dont you give the poor man sumthing, and the fello sed, Sure, Ill give him sumthing, and he came back anr gave me three cents and I tried my best to make him take a pare of shoelaces, but he jest woodent lissen to me, that was a funny wun, wassent it?
 Yes, that was laffabil, sed pop.

But thats the way it goes, sed the man, noboddy seems to wunt to take any shoelaces, how about you, mistir, do you need any shoelaces?
 No, sed pop, but I shoold be glad if you wood askpese these few pennies wich have bin making a hidious noise in my pockit awl day. And he gave the man sed, Well now youll take a pare of shoelaces, wunt you.

No, I ware butth shoos, sed pop, and the man looked, saying, Well darn if you dont, well can you beet that, well how about talking a box of matches.
 Im not aloud to carry them awn akount of insurance, sed pop. And me and him kepp awn wawking and the man kepp awn standing there, saying, Well, theres anuthir wun that dont wunt anything, this sertyen had bin a funny day.

ed that surely the incident must be one of the bravest and most remarkable in the whole war, but a Belgian driver declared an act he had personally witnessed beat it. You can judge for yourself. I repeat his words as far as I can remember them:
 I was on an ammunition column running between Antwerp at the surrounding trenches, but they loaded my lorry up too heavy, and running on a very bad "pavy" road, it broke the axle, so we pushed her into the road side and, carrying as much ammunition as possible, made our way to the trenches. Well, there were three lines of trenches, with a communication trench between each, and just as I arrived they had dropped back to the second owing to the enemy having found the accurate range of the first. Between the two trenches lay scores of our poor fellows who were laid low by rifle fire in the retreat, many hoping to get back as all could not reach the communication trench. One poor chap was making his way to us on his hands and knees, falling exhausted at every two or three paces, and an officer quite close to me, unable to stand it any longer, stripped of his kit and made a dash for the wounded man, who had again dropped after an heroic struggle to continue.

He reached him, too, and slung him on to his back like a baby, then started back. Well, as he ran he must have felt a bullet enter the man behind him, for he stopped, twisted the body round, then clasped both arms round the waist, so that now he was running with the body in front of

him, leaving his own back as a target for the enemy. One of our party at this part of the story had grown so excited that he could not wait for our Belgian friend to continue and burst out, "Did he get back safely?" and on receiving "No" for an answer completely broke down. When one's nerves are continually under a terrific strain it is easy to be overcome by such a story.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. F. E. Jones (nee Woods), will receive her friends for the first time since her wedding on the afternoon and evening of Wednesday, April 23, at Welsford.

Al Turner is requested to call on J. M. Christopher at once.

Misses and Children's Black and Sand Cloth Top Button Boots

Misses Patent Black Cloth top Button Boots, sizes 11 to 2, \$2.30, \$2.75
 Misses Patent, Sand Cloth Top Button Boots, sizes 11 to 2, \$3.25
 Misses Dull Calf, Black Cloth Top Button Boots, sizes 11 to 2, \$2.75
 Misses Vici Kid, Black Cloth Top, Button Boots, sizes 11 to 2, \$2.25
 Child's Patent, Black Cloth Top Button Boots, sizes 8 to 10 1-3, \$1.95
 Child's Patent, Sand Cloth Top Button Boots, sizes 8 to 10 1-2, \$2.25

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 Only a few years ago the proportion of perfect Diamonds averaged 65 per cent. of the output. Now, or rather last August when the War closed the mines, perfect stones are less than 20 per cent. of the total mined.
 This decrease in perfect stones makes them increase in value immensely each year, and the law of supply and demand makes the imperfect stones also go up in price rapidly.
 If you want a Diamond, but it is new. Your money will secure you much greater Diamond value than it will later on.
 We are making a special display of Diamond Jewelry now, each stone guaranteed as to degree of perfection, color and weight, and the price representing the greatest possible Diamond value.

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 Now is the time for preparation.
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Repel the attacks of Influenza with Bovril

BRITISH TO THE BACKBONE
 We will send post paid to any Soldier in England or France two 1/2 lb. tins Bovril for \$1.00.

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Perfectly by Canadians, in Canada, in the most modern salt works on the Continent—and daily in use in thousands of Canadian homes.

REGAL Table Salt

Free Running

is not affected by climate or weather changes. It never gets damp—never clogs the shaker—but is always dry and free running.

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The accurate Time Keeping qualities of "The Modern Watch" are to be found in the Watch of Moderate and even Low Price, as Compared with those of our Grandfathers time. Our large stock of Watches, are from "The Best" only of the "Modern Watch Factories". You should consult us about Watch accuracy.

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Diamond Importers and Jewellers—King Street.

Johnson's Wood Finishes

We carry a very complete stock of these widely advertised and noted FINISHES for finishing new or refinishing old wood, furniture and floors in the latest and most artistic way.

Johnson's Wood Dye

For the Artistic Coloring of all Woodwork, Furniture and Floors: In Various Shades

Size 1-2 Pint Pint Quart
 Each, . . . 30c. 50c. 85c.

JOHNSON'S PREPARED WAX, for polishing all Woodwork, Floors and Furniture, including Pianos. Preserves the varnish on a motor car. In cans, price per pound50c.

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 Just work you
 A easily name to to a line boots a No str contest. we sele
 Water
 P. CA
 HAMPTO
 Miss Barbara nurse is visiti Mrs. John E. street.
 On Tuesday King and Miss are at an inform side Inn, in ho Barnes, of the Friends of Mr be glad to know ed from her sev Lieuts. Geo. N Barnes, of the spent Sunday Hampton. Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Wm. Lang in St. John. On Tuesday ev Society of the M a social in the games and cont and vocal select Hooper and Mr Dorothy March The proceeds of will go towards age. Mrs. N. M. Bar and Miss Elda Sock Social gi Standard Chapte of the Empire in day. Mr. F. A. Ma to Kentville thi of the illness of Mrs. James Mc Ham McAvity ven Friends on Thurs Mr. and Mrs. M
 NOSE COLDS
 Doesn't Mat Cold is C Will
 Don't snife and cold—you can ki breathing in the tartarous. It's t thing for colds c knocks them righ to take when you you just inhale th giney essence the vised inhaler—th is death to the g tarr. It heale

Do a Little Thinking And Win Ten Dollars

Just a moment's work and maybe you will win

\$10.00

A short, snappy easily remembered name to be applied to a line of women's boots and low shoes. No strings to this contest. The name we select is worth

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We want a name for a line of Women's Boots and Low Shoes. A short, catchy, easily remembered name. It must not conflict with any name now in use. We will send a cheque for Ten Dollars for the name selected. This offer is open to all. Just put your thinking cap on and address the name you suggest to

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HAMPTON PERSONALS.

Miss Barbara Schofield with her nurse is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. John E. Irvine, on Everett street.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. S. S. King and Miss Peacock were hostesses at an informal dance at the Wayside Inn, in honor of Private Oly Barnes, of the 26th Battalion.

Friends of Mrs. W. H. Robinson will be glad to know that she has recovered from her severe illness.

Lieuts. Geo. N. Otty and G. Roland Barnes, of the 6th Mounted Rifles, spent Sunday at their homes in Hampton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Sutherland and Mrs. Wm. Langstroth spent Saturday in St. John.

On Tuesday evening the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church held a social in the church school room, games and contests were indulged in and vocal selections from Mrs. Edward Hooper and Misses Kathleen and Dorothy March were greatly enjoyed. The proceeds of this entertainment will go towards repairing the parsonage.

Mrs. N. M. Barnes, Mrs. C. H. Smith and Miss Elida Smith attended the Sock Social given by the Royal Standard Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire in St. John on Wednesday.

Mr. F. A. MacPherson was called to Kentville this week on account of the illness of his brother.

Mrs. James McAvity and Mrs. William McAvity were guests of Hampton friends on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Schofield, of

Montreal, arrived in Hampton today and are the guests of Mrs. Schofield's mother, Mrs. John E. Irvine.

JEWELLERY TRADE HARDEST HIT INDUSTRY IN BRITAIN

London, April 22.—With indulgence in luxuries—at least, so far as the great middle-class is concerned—cut down to a minimum during the past six months, it stands to reason that the jewellery trade has been one of the hardest hit industries in the country.

Few people have either the inclination or the money to buy pretty things for the sake of their prettiness, except on a very limited scale, so it is small wonder that the goldsmiths and silversmiths company's results are smaller than those of past years.

The profits for the past year, according to the report, are £20,260, after providing for depreciation, as against £43,600 for the previous year—or less than half.

The Preference dividend will be paid, but nothing will be distributed among the ordinary shareholders, who receive monthly a dividend of 7½ per cent., as they had done for ten consecutive years.

The carry-forward is higher at £22,870 against £20,260 brought in, and the conservative policy of the directors is undoubtedly well warranted, as it is hardly to be expected even should the war cease shortly, that 1915 will prove a profitable year.

However, in time there is no doubt that the trade in luxuries will have a strong revival, and the goldsmiths and silversmiths must come into their own again.

NOSE COLDS RUN INTO CATARRH

TEN MINUTE CURE IS "CATARRHOZONE"

Doesn't Matter Where the Cold is Catarrhzone Will Cure It.

Don't sniffle and sneeze with a nasty cold—you can kill it in a jiffy by breathing in the healing vapor of Catarrhzone. It's the quickest, surest thing for colds ever known—simply knocks them right out. No medicine to take when you use Catarrhzone—you just inhale the richest of healing essences through a specially devised inhaler—this medicated vapor is death to the germs of cold or catarrh. It heals and soothes the in-

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY AT TRINITY

Large number attend Divine service—An eloquent sermon by Rev. R. J. Sherman.

There was a large muster of members of St. George's Society yesterday at 6:30 p. m. at the headquarters of the Knights of Rhynias, German street, whence they marched in a body to Trinity church for divine service. Red and white roses were worn by all. The service at the church was of a special character. The lessons were from Isaiah 65 and Romans 12 and the music included the hymns "Onward Christian Soldiers," and "The Son of God Goes Forth to War." The impressive patriotic sermon was preached by Rev. Ralph J. Sherman before a very large congregation, taking for his text part of Hebrews 12: "Wherefore seeing we also are compassed about with so great a cloud of witnesses . . . let us run with patience the race that is set before us."

Rev. Mr. Sherman said, in part: "St. George for Merrie England! How triumphantly the old words ring out this year, and yet how they catch in our throats. Merrie England! with this war upon us, dveling the cross of our patron saint with even a deeper tinge! Surely we must rather hear the echo of that great cry which arose on a morning in Egypt when, through God's visitation, there was not a house where there was not one dead. Or, perhaps our ears, tuned in loving sympathy, catch the echo of another cry which originated farther down the pages of history, a cry that heralded by contrast the coming of Him who was to be not only the Giver of Life, but the Prince of Peace—just as many Rachels weeping for their children, refusing to be comforted, because they are not."

The rain of blows which the honor rolls have been bringing to England day by day for months, which they have begun to bring to Canada, which they will soon bring, it may be, to your own city, to your own family circles, must all our minds as we meet together tonight for our annual service with feelings that are of the deepest. And yet it is for England, England and the Empire. Thank God that idea has never failed yet. So, therefore, do we rejoice that we are able now to thrust back into their very throats the words of those who have not scorned to say the breed has long run out. Therefore it is still the ringing cry of old, purged, may be, deepened, strengthened, but never more triumphant—St. George for Merrie England! Never more so than this year let us try to examine and fill in the substratum which those words represent.

"We think first of our patron saint himself—firstborn of all ages, of high degree or order, have seen quick to perceive that there was in his character some solid stuff, something enduring, representative, in a word, national in the very highest sense. They recognized in him a kindred spirit, and they rejoiced to own, and follow and foster that kinship. What were the ingredients in this so exciting and so attractive a combination? What, these were those enduring qualities? First, faithfulness in things both great and small, which meant a fine sense of honor, a high ideal of duty, an unswerving purpose, ever chivalrous, ever true. And then one sees woven into this, for it is hard to analyze, where the blending is so perfect, the thread of heroism. Both fact and legend have dowered him with dauntless courage, a love of life combined with a willingness to die, and at his picture his eyes are fast, and less knight whose spear was ever ready to defend the right. But he was no warrior rejoicing in war for combat's sake, no ruthless slayer lustful for blood and carnage, but one who showed the gentler graces, the helper of the helpless, the protector of the weak. Faithful first of all to his God, true first of all to what he knew to be the reality amid all the charming phenomena of life, no less a man for his beliefs, when the Doctianian persecution swept the land he bore a martyr's witness and served in death the Master he had served so well in life. Such, as I seem to see him, was St. George.

"But it were foolish to reverse where one has no desire to imitate. It seems to me that this is the year of years in which to understand and appreciate in our own experience the breadth of the character we invoke. Life is serious at present, life is strenuous. For the first time, perhaps, many of us have had brought home to our minds that we are necessary units in the nation and Empire, that the life of the individual and tangible thing in which we share, that the nation needs us in our capacity or another. There were many things, harmless in themselves, which one did not simply haven't the face to do now without hearing of the nation's call to more serious service. In a word, self is at last taking its proper place in the background, we are learning to play the game. There will be room now for a new conception of faithfulness between man and man, a new blending of all its elements because the nation has risen to the ideal of, and shown the way by faithfulness at a stake. I cannot too strongly declare my lack of sympathy and agreement with all the unguarded talk of well-meaning people concerning a Holy War, and England's being necessarily God's instrument, and such sentiments, of faithfulness, of honor, or right we were called into a combat which was

ARBOR DAY SHOULD BE PUBLIC HOLIDAY

Conservation Commission makes a plea for better observation of the day.

The Commission of Conservation has sent out a bulletin in which a special request is made for the better observance of Arbor Day in the schools of New Brunswick. The bulletin says: "In the Province of New Brunswick Arbor Day is celebrated to a limited extent in the schools. This is not sufficient, however. The observance of Arbor Day should be general. There is need in every part of Canada for the education and instruction which Arbor Day represents. The day should be observed as a public holiday, at a time most suited to the climatic conditions of the locality. Public recognition should be given to the value of trees, the protection of shade trees, the preparation of flower and vegetable gardens, and the thorough cleaning up of homes and surroundings should be advocated as special duties for the day.

Arbor Day has its justification in the value of trees from whatever point of view they may be considered. Nothing contributes so much to make the world a pleasant place to live in as trees. The true home feeling is not satisfied without the presence of the trees, with their shelter and shade, their beauty of form and leaf, their blossom and fruit, their varying shades and the passing of the seasons, and their fullness of color in the autumn days. They also afford homes and shelter for our feathered friends—the birds—during their annual visits to us.

There is nothing which will add beauty and value to a home or a schoolhouse more than the presence of trees; there is likewise nothing which adds more to the comfort of the pedestrian than shade trees on the roadside. The way may be long and dusty, but under the cool shade of the trees relief is found.

And then, again, to be sure, the celebration of Arbor Day will be more general; that the planting and care of trees and shrubs around schoolhouses, homes, public spaces and by roadsides may have the effect of developing a keener appreciation of the value and beauty of trees; and that in this enlarging the field of Arbor Day activities, greater interest may be created in the protection of our Canadian forests from the reckless destruction by fire and the axe which they are threatened.

None of us seeking, and therefore has the nation set her seal to the truth of the fact that faithfulness even at a cost is very much worth while. And then, again, there is a chance today to see the planting soldier, including those in the trenches. The connection of the Red Cross Society with Sir George Perley's Association is simply this. But the Red Cross having warehouses and transportation systems already organized, and being desirous of helping men at the front in every way has permitted field comforts to go through its warehouses at Toronto and Halifax, whence they are shipped to the Canadian War Contingent Association for use among fighting men. Hence the Red Cross is simply a channel for help to all those, whether of its own branches or other societies, who will comply with its regulations and so avail themselves of its help.

PROPERTY TRANSFERRED.

The following transfers of property have been recorded within the past few days in St. John and Kings counties:

St. John County.

A. McK. Dewar to Mrs. Alex. Thorne, property at Lancaster.

Eastern Terminal Realty Co., Ltd. to E. S. White, property at Simonds.

Eastern Terminal Realty Co., Ltd. to Lavinia Rainie, property at Simonds.

Assignee of William Lilley & Son to P. J. Steel, property on Elm street.

Ellen Murphy (widow) to Evelyn B. Murphy, property on Rodney street, Carleton Place.

P. J. Steel to Mrs. Chas. Lilley et al., property on Elm street.

Anthony Thompson to J. W. Thompson et al., property at Musquash, valued at \$200.

Kings County.

J. C. Burlock to Lawson Brown, property at Havelock, valued at \$100.

Alfred Burley to J. W. Smith, property at Westfield.

Frank Corey to Mary J. Alward, property at Havelock.

D. L. Campbell to G. N. Pearson, property at Sussex.

John Dobbin et al. to W. S. Rankine, property at Rothesay.

W. J. DeVine to Joseph DeVine, property at Hammond.

Fanny Fowler to Rebecca Scribner, property at Springfield, valued at \$100.

Frances J. Murphy to H. N. Raymond, property at Norton, valued at \$4,900.

H. A. Reid to R. H. Lacke, property at Upham.

F. L. Sprague to Bessie L. Sprague, property at Studholm.

Heirs of Huldah Tabor to Herbert Tabor, property at Hammond.

Heir of A. W. Vall to J. W. Middleton, property at Springfield.

Saturday Police Court

Daniel Dugan who was remanded on the charges of drunkenness and assaulting Sergeant Baxter was allowed out on suspended sentence. Hop Lee who has been remanded to jail on the charge of keeping an opium joint was further remanded. James O'Dell was charged with destroying property and committed for trial. John Kelly, on a charge of being an inmate of a disorderly house, was allowed out on suspended sentence. William Shea, on a similar charge, was fined \$8.

DOUBLE WEDDING IN OPERA HOUSE

Four members of Musical Revue Company wed—Solemn ceremony impressively conducted.

One of the most impressive wedding ceremonies that has taken place in St. John for a long time was the double wedding at the Opera House on Saturday night when four of the popular members of Mack's Musical Revue were joined in the bonds of matrimony in the presence of their associates in the company and a large audience assembled in the auditorium of the theatre. The event was noteworthy for the fact that it was the first public theatrical wedding that has taken place in this city and that the audience, both in the orchestra seats and in the top gallery, were thoroughly in accord with the solemnity and impressiveness of the occasion. No ceremony in a church could have been followed with any deeper interest and attention.

The happy couples were Robert Winstanley and Anna Mae Miller and Franklyn Smith and Rose E. Reading. Previous to the ceremony, Miss Ule Akerstrom, the director of the company, made an address to the audience the substance of which was as follows: "My friends, I feel that it is proper for me to make a few remarks regarding the reason for the young people selecting the theatre for their wedding about to take place. We trust that no one will think on account of this circumstance—that we regard lightly the sacred ceremony of marriage. To understand us, one must remember that we are a peculiar people, we travel from place to place, a little band of Bohemians, our only home is the theatre; our family, members of our company; our friends, the public to whom we play. Had these young people been married at any other time or place it is hardly likely that all the members of the company could have been present as our duties—rehearsals, study, making of wardrobe, etc., etc., occupy our time fully, therefore, they are to be married 'at home,' with 'the family' around them, and all of their 'friends' present. I assure you that there is true affection in their hearts for each other and they realize to the full the solemn step they are taking and approach it with the deepest reverence. We trust you will all believe this and act accordingly. After the ceremony we will be glad to have any of our friends come upon the stage and wish the young couples joy and long wedded happiness."

The stage of the Opera House was prettily decorated with a large floral bell hanging in the centre, directly facing a platform on which stood the officiating clergyman, the Rev. J. C. Berrie. Harrison's orchestra played the Wedding March and the members of the company came upon the stage in procession. Miss Akerstrom represented the parents of the young brides and game them away. The full Methodist service was used.

After the ceremony showers of rice and confetti fell from the ceiling above the stage and the members of the company presented gifts to the happy couples. A large number of the audience came upon the stage and joined in congratulations. After the reception the entire audience escorted the young couples to Wananmaker's where a wedding supper was served.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Rosella T. Babcock

The death of Mrs. Rosella T. Babcock, widow of George Babcock, took place Saturday at her home, 115 Simonds street, after a brief illness. She was in her 77th year and is survived by three daughters, Mrs. James Miller, Calgary; Mrs. W. R. Mowatt, Derby, Me.; and Miss Amelia at home. The funeral will take place today.

David Paterson.

A well known resident of St. John passed away on Saturday in the person of David Paterson at the age of seventy-six years. Mr. Paterson, who had been in failing health for a long time, was senior partner in the firm of

LONDON FIRST STOCK EXCHANGE

The London Stock Exchange, which re-opened recently, began its career in a coffee house on Cornhill in the early years of the eighteenth century. A number of those who labored in Government consols and other shares used to meet at "Old Jonathan's," on Cornhill, and in 1773, after their resort had been burnt down and rebuilt resolved to call the place "The Stock Exchange" and forthwith induced the proprietor to set that title above his door.

Just Suits My Needs Building Up the System

This is the Way Thousands of Women Are Speaking of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

"I want to state that I have never taken anything to do me so much good as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food," writes Mrs. Edson Brock, Trenholmville, Que., "and I am never without it in the house. I was so nervous I could not sleep, but now I sleep soundly at nights and wake up feeling refreshed and ready for the day's work. I used the Nerve Food for months and found that it just suits my needs and has built up the system wonderfully. I know it is Dr. Chase's Nerve Food that has brought about the great change in my condition and am thankful for it."

"My husband was a great sufferer from itching piles and has been entirely cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment."

We are constantly receiving letters like this in regard to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Everywhere it is being used because of its great restorative and reconstructive influence on the nervous system. Men and women who

Painless Dentistry!

We extract teeth free of pain. Only 25c.

We do all kind of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.

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Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor.
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Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

MOLASCUIT

If you wish your horse to have a nice coat this summer try mixing some Molascuit with his grain each meal during April and May while he is shedding his old hair.

For Sale by
A. C. SMITH & CO.
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UNION STREET - WEST END

STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds—

One "Inclined" Type 50 H. P.
One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P.
One Locomotive Type 20 H. P.
Two Vertical Type 20 H. P.

Full particulars and prices will be mailed upon request.

I. MATHESON & COMPANY, LTD.

BOILER MAKERS
NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA

D. & J. Paterson, tailors, of Germain street. He was much respected and his death will be heard of with sincere regret by a large circle of friends. Three sons and two daughters survive. The sons are George, of New Westminster, and James and Harold both of St. John, and the daughters, Miss Alice, also of St. John, and Mrs. Cheser, of Edmonton Alberta. The funeral will take place today at 3 o'clock, from the late residence of the deceased, 15 Castle street.

Mrs. Rosella T. Babcock

The widow of Mrs. Rosella T. Babcock, widow of the late George Babcock, took place at her residence, 115 Simonds street, on the 24th inst. Mrs. Babcock was seventy-seven years of age and only been ill three days. She leaves one son, George J. Babcock of this city, and three daughters, Mrs. James Miller and Mrs. W. R. Mowatt in Western Canada, and Miss Amelia at home.

Mrs. Babcock was a native of Newfoundland, but had lived many years in this city. She was a member of the Portland Methodist church and had a large number of friends in the North End who will be grieved by her death.

The funeral will take place at 2:30 this afternoon from her late residence.

The London Stock Exchange, which re-opened recently, began its career in a coffee house on Cornhill in the early years of the eighteenth century. A number of those who labored in Government consols and other shares used to meet at "Old Jonathan's," on Cornhill, and in 1773, after their resort had been burnt down and rebuilt resolved to call the place "The Stock Exchange" and forthwith induced the proprietor to set that title above his door.

are run down in health, tired, nervous and discouraged, find in this great Food Cure the means of nourishing the exhausted system back to health and vigor.

Headaches, indigestion, sleeplessness, nervous irritability, lack of energy, and vigor—all tell of nervous exhaustion, and indicate the need of such treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Instead of affording mere temporary relief by stimulating the nerves, Dr. Chase's Nerve Food builds up the system by supplying the ingredients from which Nature forms new rich blood and revitalizes the wasted nervous system. Put Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to the test when you are feeling tired out and discouraged, fill the body with new rich blood and new nerve force and you will realize again the joy of good health. 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

All the Latest News and Comment from the World of Finance

THE STAGGERING COST OF WORLD'S GREATEST STRUGGLE

Economists will have difficult task to estimate monetary cost of European War.

Economists have never been able to tabulate the cost of war. The difficulty is that the advances and disadvantages of war do not run in the same terms.

Fifty years ago the Civil War in the United States gave us a transcontinental railroad, a new meaning to the Constitution, a new bond of union for the states and new nationalism, a national banking system, a unified currency, a civic spirit and a material progress not previously dreamed of.

How could this account be balanced against killed and wounded, four billions of war expenditure and industrial and social disorganization and destruction in the southern states?

Put your pencil over these items before you read further and see if you can strike a balance, and see also if any main item is omitted. In a large way all the debt and credit items affecting the United States are enumerated above.

But was the Civil War a matter only between states? Did not the Civil War settle a world problem and answer the question of whether one human being was to be heretofore born on this planet as the owner by divine right over another man whom he could call his chattel slave, to be whipped or sold—the white race by divine right dealing in the bodies and souls of men and women born black? Southern slavery and the social and industrial organization there perished by the only manner in which it could be put out of existence.

In civil war, when men gave up their lives for principle, the South acquired the idea of selling its slaves to the nation. Slavery was its institutional birthright, guaranteed by the Constitution.

The world today is staggered by the cost sheets of modern warfare. In eight months, seven empires and four nations or states have blown at each other's throats and sent bullets into the bodies of more than two million men, and the world is figuring on the cost sheets!

But who can supply the debt and credit elements to begin the true enumeration for cost sheets? At least twenty-three problems are involved in this war and its settlements, and they are between the Kiel Canal and the Bosphorus, or the German indemnity to Belgium and the Bagdad Railroad. Geographically, none of them are a thousand miles apart. But how many thousand miles apart are the real issues in this war?

The life of France as a nation, as well as republicanism in France, is at stake. The sacredness of treaties and the right of Belgium to exist are involved. The right of Germany to make and to hold a war power that can bid for world dominion is involved, as well as the right of a military autocracy to make war without popular information or vote.

Where is the economist that can value or begin to get down the debts and credits in these accounts? The national debt of the United States is a billion dollars. All the gold in its 7,500 national banks is less than a billion dollars. Ten European states are today spending a billion dollars a month in direct warfare. Who can count the losses and gains? Puerile are the statistics, idle the guesses that can measure in money or time the war upon which the world has now entered.—Wall Street Journal.

PRODUCE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Table with columns for Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork, and various grades of flour and other commodities, listing high, low, and close prices.

STOCK MARKET CLOSED STRONG WITH UNITED STATES IN THE LEAD

Leading shares neglected in early part of session, war issues occupying chief interest—Large cash gain in Bank statement.

New York, April 24.—The stock market developed unlooked for strength in the latter half of today's short session, closing with an almost buoyant feature, gaining two points to the accompaniment of rumors that the case of the government against the company would soon be decided on reasonable terms.

In the early part of the session leading shares were more or less neglected, interest again shifting to "war" issues, the metal shares and Mexican Petroleum. Coppers held their prominence throughout, a few of the lower priced issues making new price records. Mexican Petroleum also broke all records, making a net gain of four and a quarter points on confirmation of the report that the company had entered into a very advantageous selling agreement with leading British interests.

Reading, Union Pacific, St. Paul and other stocks in the investment class shared in the later movement. Stocks

World's Shipping News

Table titled 'MINIATURE ALMANAC' showing phases of the moon, day of week, and various astronomical data.

has about 19,000 bags of sugar to discharge at Halifax. The Str Egrie arrived in port Saturday and anchored in the harbor. The Str Marina sailed for Glasgow yesterday.

The Str Whatley went to sea yesterday. The C P R Line Str Montfort, Capt. Hodder, arrived Saturday from Avonmouth with general cargo. The Str Jeserie, Capt. White, reached port yesterday morning from Havre via Louisburg, C.B., to load feed, etc., for trans-Atlantic ports.

The Donaldson Line S. S. Mariana, Capt. Brown, sailed yesterday for Glasgow with general cargo. Among the passengers sailing on the Str Misanable are pilot-apprentices John Abbott, William Scott and William Trainor, who are making the required trans-Atlantic trips after having served 5 years on pilot boats.

At that time clerks of brokerage houses were eating and sleeping in their offices, the strain finally becoming so great that it was necessary for the Stock Exchange seats then were quoted at so much below the present price, \$50,000 being the best record of 1901. Comparison of the prices of New York Stock Exchange memberships during the past few years is as follows:

Table showing stock quotations on N.Y. Exchange with columns for High, Low, and Close prices for various stocks.

Noted by the Dominion, which left Poglund on Tuesday for St. John, N. B., where she is owned, and put into Boothbay Harbor the same night, while getting under way Thursday morning ran ashore on McFarland's Point. Fortunately the U. S. fish commission steamer Gannet was in port and at once went to her assistance, pulling her afloat in a short time with no damage. As the Domain went ashore at about half ebb tide she would very likely have been seriously damaged but for the good work rendered by the Gannet.

DANGERS TO NAVIGATION. Str Sattila reports April 18, lat 37 24 N, lon 75 57 W, 4 feet wide and 2 1/2 feet deep, apparently bolted together. Str Vesta reports April 21, lat 36 16 N, lon 75 02 W, passed spars projecting about 10 feet out of water, apparently attached to submerged wreck.

BRITISH PORTS. Glasgow, April 21.—Sid: Str Sardinia, Philadelphia. Adrossan, April 22.—Str Thorvald (Nor) Iversen, Campbellton, N. B. Leith, April 21.—Sid: Bark Annie M Reid, Durkee, New York.

FOREIGN PORTS. Port Reading, N. J., April 22.—Sid: Str Thomas W H White, Clark, Fredrickton, N. B. Bruswick, April 22.—Sid: Str Neortorian, Colson, Liverpool.

NEW YORK, April 22.—Arld: Schs Pio Mader, Ingramport; Daniel McCleod, Weymouth; Scotia Queen, Parraboro; C. H. Island, April 22.—Passed: Schs Percy C. Elizabethport for Lockport, N. S.; A. V. Conrad, Perth Amboy for Casco, N. S.

Boston, April 22.—Sid: Schs Annie Salmon River, N. S.; Resolute, Westport, N. S. Rockport, April 22.—Arld: Schs R. Lister, Beaver Harbor, N. B. for New York. Vineyard Haven, April 22.—Arld: Schs Edna, Machiasport for New York (and sailed).

NOTICE TO MARINERS. Portland, April 22, 1915. Steele Ledge Monument Light reported extinguished April 22, will be relighted as soon as practicable.

MARINE NOTES. STEAMSHIP NOTES. The Allan liner Hesperian arrived in port last night from Liverpool via Halifax with freight and passengers. The Str Theopis arrived in port yesterday from France and was ordered to Montreal. She sailed about five o'clock in the afternoon.

RAPID RISE IN EXCHANGE SEATS

In past month those at New York have almost doubled in value.

New York, April 22.—Early in March a New York Stock Exchange membership was transferred for \$40,000, and Wall Street was cheered because that represented a substantial advance over the price of \$34,000 quoted when the Exchange was closed last October. On Thursday four memberships were transferred, three for \$59,000 and one for \$60,000; on Friday it was reported that a bid of \$70,000 had been made without finding a member willing to part with his seat.

Stock Exchange activity to date, by which membership values are being determined, is well measured in the following table, which presents the number of days in each year, since 1898, when Stock Exchange sales ran beyond a million shares:

Table showing Stock Exchange sales from 1897 to 1915, listing years and corresponding sales figures.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE. Chicago, April 24.—Wheat, No. 2 red, 1.63 1/2 @ 1.63; No. 2 hard, 1.62 1/2 @ 1.63. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 79 1/2 @ 79 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 78 @ 78 1/2; No. 4 white, 78 @ 78 1/2.

WINNIPEG OATS CLOSE. May 65 1/2 July 66 1/2

COAL AND WOOD. DOMINION COAL COMPANY. Montreal, Saturday, April 24th.—C. P. R. Notes—10,000 @ 103 1/2. Cedars Com.—171 @ 66, 25 @ 65 1/2. Cedars Bonds—300 @ 86 1/2. Steamships Com.—15 @ 9.

Georges Creek Blacksmith Co. The Best in the Market OLD MINES SYDNEY. SPRINGHILL RESERVE. SCOTCH AND AMERICAN ANTHRACITE. In all sizes always in stock.

R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD. 49 Smythe Street, 226 Union Street.

Scotch Coal. All sizes Scotch Anthracite Coal on hand; also Reserve and New Brunswick Soft Coal.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES. Jan. High. Low. Close. 11.01 10.93 10.99

Queen Insurance Company. Agents Wanted. C. E. L. JARVIS & SONS 74 Prince William St.

MONEY TO LOAN. \$5,000 on Freehold; smaller Sums at Current Rates. CHAS. A. MacDonald, Solicitor 49 Canterbury St.

THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B. PUGLEY BUILDING, 46 PRINCESS STREET. Lumber and General Brokers. SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, OAK, CYPRESS, SPRUCE PILING AND CREOSOTED PILING.

LONDON EXCHANGE'S DIVIDEND LOWER

Three pounds per share lower than last year—Statement of the Bank of France.

London, April 23.—The London Stock Exchange which is a company, has declared a dividend of 27 per share for the year ended March last. This compares with £10 per share for the preceding year.

The capital of the company consists of 20,000 shares, with £13 paid up on each. The dividend of 27, therefore, represents about 54 per cent. The surplus after payment of the dividend is £219,000 or £20,000 more than a year ago.

The £20,000 would have paid an extra £1 per share in dividend or about 7.1 per cent. more, and many shareholders and members of the Stock Exchange argue that a larger dividend should have been declared.

The managers of the Exchange, however, evidently are preparing for poor results during the current year. The income of the Stock Exchange Company consists chiefly of members' subscriptions and owing to the war and the reduction of membership there will be a severe decrease in the revenue of the company for the current year.

W. Simms Lee, F. C. A. Chartered Accountant and Auditor. Queen Building HALIFAX, N.S. 777 Hollis St. Box 723.

ROBERT CARTER CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Auditor and Liquidator Business Systematized Cost Systems Installed McCurdy Building, Halifax.

1,000 Bbls. Portland Cement IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE: PRICE LOW. Gandy & Allison 3 & 4 North Wharf.

STEAMSHIPS. New Zealand Shipping Co Limited. Montreal and St. John to Australia and New Zealand.

Georges Creek Blacksmith Co. The Best in the Market OLD MINES SYDNEY. SPRINGHILL RESERVE. SCOTCH AND AMERICAN ANTHRACITE.

R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD. 49 Smythe Street, 226 Union Street.

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STEAMSHIPS. The Steamer Victoria

Will leave St. John (Old May Queen wharf) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8:30 a. m. for Fredericton will leave Fredericton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a. m.

THE VICTORIA S. S. CO., LTD. H. G. Harrison, Manager. Warehouse Phone No. 2860.

The Steamer Majestic

will leave her wharf Indiantown on Thursday, April 29th, for upriver as far as the ice will permit, calling at intermediate stops and will make further trips until further notice.

Crystal Stream S. S. Co., Ltd. D. J. PURDY, Manager.

Majestic Steamship Co. Steamer Champain. Until further notice Strm. Champain will leave Public Wharf, St. John on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 o'clock noon for Hatfield Point and intermediate landings, returning on alternate days, due in St. John at 1 p. m.

R. T. ORCHARD, Mgr. EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL LINE. St. John to Boston \$5.00 St. John to Portland \$5.00 Staterooms, \$1.00.

Leaves St. John Wednesdays at nine a. m., for Lunenburg, Eastport, Portland and Boston, also Saturdays at 7:00 p. m. for Boston direct. Returning a. m. Mondays and Fridays for Portland (Mondays only) Eastport, Lunenburg and St. John.

City Ticket Office, 47 King Street. A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John, N. B. A. E. FLEMING, T. F. P. A., St. John, N. B. C. B. KINGSTON, Commercial Agent, Eastport, Me.

ELDER-DEMPSTER LINE. South African Service. S.S. "Benin" April 25th Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban and Delagoa Bay. Cold storage accommodation on each vessel. Accommodation for a few cabin passengers. For freight and passenger rates apply to J. T. KNIGHT & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

MANCHESTER LINE. From Manchester, St. John, N. B. From St. John, N. B., Manchester.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED). Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows: Leave St. John, N. B., Thorsge Wharf and Warehouse Co. on Saturday, 7:30 a. m., for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor. Tide and weather permitting.

AGENT—Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Co. St. John, N. B. Phone 2281, manager, Lewis Connors, Black's Harbor, N. B. This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the Steamer.

FURNESS LINE. From London, Feb. 17 Start Point Mar. 6 From St. John, N. B., Sagamore Mar. 29 Mar. 12 Caterino Mar. 29 WILLIAM THOMSON & CO. Agents, St. John, N. B.

RAILWAYS. CANADIAN PACIFIC. Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco. Tickets on Sale March 1st to Nov. 30th. Limit Three Months. \$115.70

From St. JOHN, going and Returning via Chicago. Going via Chicago and Returning via Vancouver, or vice versa, \$17.50 additional. W. B. HOWARD, D. P. A., C. P. R. St. John, N. B.

FOOD SITUATION IN HUNGARY AND AUSTRIA SHOWN

Policy of Government in regard to Foodstuffs Examined—Uncertainty Causes Many to Cross from Austria to Italy.

(Special to The Christian Science Monitor.)

Vienna, Italy—Every train that crosses the frontier just now is crowded with men, women and children who are leaving Austria for Italy, owing to the uncertainty as to political developments in the near future. Some of the fugitives are pure Italians, others Austro-Italians, and they all come from districts inhabited by Italian-speaking people.

These reports are confirmed by the Austrian newspapers, according to whom the governors of the "Alpine" lands met recently to deliberate upon the future policy to be pursued in the country and no prospect of obtaining any. The governors of the "Alpine" lands met recently to deliberate upon the future policy to be pursued in the country and no prospect of obtaining any.

Vienna. In Vienna itself there is a shortage of corn, and although many families have stored up sufficient to last over the summer, or even over the war, some are feeling the lack of food very severely.

Hungary. Meanwhile, Hungary's attitude toward Austria is becoming more and more uncompromising. The communes have stored sufficient provisions for the use of their inhabitants until next harvest, and each individual has privately done likewise.

In addition to all this there is the cold storage question, which has long occupied the attention of social reformers in Austria-Hungary. Provision of Europe make use of cold storage, but nowhere perhaps has this system been carried so far as in Austria-Hungary.

YOUNGEST WOMAN AVIATOR TO FLY ACROSS CONTINENT THIS SUMMER



Word received from San Antonio, Texas, states that Miss Katherine Stinson, said to be the youngest woman aviator, has announced her intention of undertaking a transcontinental flight from New York to San Francisco this summer.

SPAIN APPEARS LIKE ENIGMA IN EYES OF FRANCE

Unrest in Political Circles will continue until nation begins rebuilding on new basis—Value of Tangier emphasized.

Paris, France—Of all the neutral countries in Europe, Spain is at the moment, probably, the greatest enigma in the eyes of France. The racial and geographical factors, the sympathy between the two countries, and the absolute necessity to the progress of Spain, of a future commercial entente with France, are all reasons why the Frenchman today looks on the Spanish attitude with unqualified surprise.

The whole Spanish question is a vitally important one for France. It reaches far beyond the present crisis in Spain, for on the grounds of the proximity of the frontiers, both between the countries themselves and their colonies, it would prove of the greatest disadvantage to France if her future colonial policy should in any way be handicapped by a continuance of the national disorder and inertia prevalent in Spain at the present time.

Spain, in the absence of a supreme national need, can gain the impetus necessary to enable her to emerge from her present state of lack of initiative. The old method of seeking, by a new political combination, to raise national aspirations is a played out game, for all proposals to effect the much needed internal reforms are more or less incapable of consummation, owing to public distrust of the would-be reformers.

AMHERST SOLDIER DIES SUDDENLY

Lt. Elmore of 40th Regiment dies after few hours illness—Will have Military funeral.

Special to The Standard. Amherst, N. S., April 25.—William Elmore, of the 40th Regiment, died suddenly at the home of Frank Melanson last evening. Elmore had attended the drill as usual on Saturday morning and spent the afternoon with some companions. He was taken suddenly ill on Saturday evening and died within a few hours. There was some talk of holding an inquest but Coroner Avard after investigation decided that there were no grounds of suspicion in connection with the death.

A military funeral will be held on Tuesday by the volunteers of the local company of the 40th. This will be the first military funeral held in Amherst since the inception of the town as a mobilization centre. Lance Corporal Elmore was an excellent soldier and gained his first stripe after a few days of drill. It is understood that his home is in England. He came to Amherst about ten years ago and has been an employee of the Rhodes, Curry Co. and the Malleable Iron plant. Next of kin is Mrs. Elizabeth Reo, 14 Steford Street, Sunderland, England.

Patriotic Fund C. B. Allan, secretary-treasurer, has received: W. E. S. Flewelling, Rockville, K. C. \$1; John Hargreaves, \$2; John Walker, \$2; Alexander Watson, \$100.

BEN BEY THE TEN CENT CIGAR "Worth twice the dime it costs."

Tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed on the envelope "Tender for Pilot Steamer," will be received up to noon of the THIRD DAY OF MAY, 1915, for the sale or charter of a ready built steamer for the Pilotage Service on the Lower St. Lawrence River.

The steamer offered must be strongly constructed of steel throughout, not less than 140 feet long, about 27 feet moulded breadth and 13 feet moulded depth, greatest draft not to exceed 10 feet 6 ins., capable of steaming, when fully equipped for service, at a speed of not less than 11 knots per hour.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

EUROPEAN AGENCY Wholesale Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries, China, Earthenware and Glassware, Cycle Motor Cars and Accessories, Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods, Fancy Goods and Perfumery, Hardware, Machinery and Metals, Jewellery, Plate and Wares, Photographic and Optical Goods, Provisions and Oilmen's Stores, etc., etc.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS (Established 1814). 25 Abchurch Lane, London, E. C. Cable Address: "Annulars, London."

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS. The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

COAL—Coal mining rights may be leased for twenty-one years, renewable at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2,500 acres can be leased to one applicant. Royalty, five cents per ton. In unsurveyed territory the tract must be staked out by the applicant or his Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands for the district in which the claim is made, and the rental for the first year must be paid to the agent within thirty days after filing application.

Half Dollars FOR Boys and Girls Who Can Color a Picture

An Interesting Competition for Standard Readers In the Saturday, May 1st, issue of The Standard, we will publish a sketch which we want every boy and girl under 14 years of age to try and color with water colors or chalks.

To the young artist who does it the best we will give a prize of half a dollar. It's a simple competition, no hard rules, no entrance fees, just cut the picture out, paint or color it the way you think best, save six coupons the same as the one shown on this page each morning from The Standard, fill them up, pin them to the painting and send them all addressed to THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Mark your envelopes in the top left hand corner "Art Competition," then watch for your name appearing as the winner of the prize. You must save the coupons from six consecutive issues of the paper. Start cutting these coupons now to be ready for next Saturday's picture.

STANDARD PAINTING COMPETITION Full Name Address Age Last Birthday (Must not be over 14 years of age) April 26, 1915

Classified Advertising One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1-3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents

WANTED—To buy second hand gasoline engine with outfit. Apply Box "A" care The Standard.

WANTED—Small furnished flat in city, central locality, no children. Apply Box "G" Standard office.

WANTED—At once, one machine operator to operate awl and needle bar wax harness machine, also five or six harness makers. Edgar Ayer, Sackville, N. B.

MALE HELP WANTED. WANTED—First, Second or Third class Teacher for School District No. 9, Parish Grand Falls, Victoria county, N. B. Apply to L. B. Austin, Secretary to School Trustees, Costigan, N. B.

ABLE-BODIED MEN for firemen, brakemen, \$120 monthly; experience unnecessary. Railway, care Standard.

AGENTS WANTED. AGENTS WANTED—Salesmen \$50 per week, selling one-hand egg-beater. Sample and terms 25c. Money refunded if unsatisfactory. Collette Mfg. Company, Collingwood, Ont.

Wanted at once, two men to travel and appoint agents, no canvassing, experience unnecessary if willing, position good for \$200 monthly to bus-tlers. H. J. Ward, Niagara Falls, Ont.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Murray & Gregory, Ltd. Saw Mill, Woodworking Factory, Glass Works. Supplying everything in wood and glass for buildings. Phone M 3000, Private exchange.

Rubber Goods Clothing of all kinds. Rubber Hose for all purposes. Rubber Tubing Steam Packings. Sanitary and Domestic Rubber Goods. Bicycle and Automobile Tires and Accessories. "IF IT'S MADE OF RUBBER" we supply it. ESTEY & CO., 49 Dock Street.

HOTELS. PRINCE WILLIAM HOTEL. Overlooking the harbor, opposite Boston and Digby boats. Furnished in fine taste; excellent table; American plan.

ROYAL HOTEL. King Street, St. John's Leading Hotel. RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD. T. B. Reynolds, Manager.

HOTEL DUFFERIN. ST. JOHN, N. B. FOSTER, GATES & CO. F. C. GATES, Manager.

VICTORIA HOTEL. Better Now Than Ever. 87 King Street, St. John, N. B. ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD. Proprietors. A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

WINE AND LIQUORS. RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO. Established 1878. Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants Agents for MACKIE'S WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKY, LAWSON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKY, SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKY, KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKY, AUK'S HEAD BASS ALE, FABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER, GEO. SAYER COGNAC BRANDIES, Bonded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street, Phone 533.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS. William L. Williams, successors to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant, 110 and 112 Prince William Street. Established 1870. Write for family price list.

M. & T. MCGUIRE. Direct Importers and dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the best houses in Canada, very Old Ryes, Wines, Ales and Stout, Imported and Domestic Clares. 41 and 45 Water Street. Telephone 578.

NERVES, ETC., ETC. ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electrician Specialist and Masseuse. Treats all nervous diseases, weakness and wasting, neurasthenia, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc. Fractures and dislocations of all kinds removed. 27 Coburg Street.

THE UNION FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD. ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS. Iron and Brass Castings. WEST ST. JOHN, Phone West 11

ENGINEERING. Electric Motor and Generator Repairs, including rewinding. We try to keep your plant running while making repairs. E. S. STEPHENSON & CO. Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

J. FRED WILLIAMSON MACHINISTS AND ENGINEER. Steamboat, Mill and General Repairs. INDIANTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B. Phone M-229; Residence M-1724-11.

WATCH REPAIRERS. W. Batley, the English, American and Swiss watch repairer, 138 Mill Street.

PATENTS. "PATENTS and Trade-marks procured, Fetherstonhaugh and Co., Palmer Building, St. John."

Musical Instruments Repaired VIOLINS, MANDOLINAS and all string instruments and Bows repaired. SYDNEY GIBBS, 81 Sydney Street.

ENGRAVERS. F. C. WESLEY & CO. Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers, 59 Water Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 932.

WIRING. Flats wired \$25.00 up. Knox Electric Co., 34 Dock Street.

LANDING One Car American Silverskin ONIONS A. L. GOODWIN. WATCHES. A full line of Bracelet and other straps at lowest prices. ERNEST LAW, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, 2 Coburg Street.

No. 1 Mackerel in Bbls. and Half Bbls. JAMES PATTERSON 19 and 20 South Market Wharf St. John, N. B.

CUBA FOR

New Brun... sentative chance... wick tu... J. C. Manser, tative of New... a communicatio... points out the... ban market for... da. In his lett... Cuba importa... to 800,000 sack... toes.

For many years... quantity was... The present year... ported from Eu... portations are... States and Cana... say Canada is... proportion of th... ly due to our li... ties from Cana... cause Canadian... a higher duty to... erican. A barr... toes to enter C... about sixty cen... American pays... eight cents.

If we had a d... from St. John... totals with rate... than from Bos... through rate fr... of New Brunaw... John would be... Boston.

This difference... more than offset... duty and put us... our American c... believe with equ... deliveries that... will give Canadi... erence.

I have been... and examined c... tations of potat... countries in Eu... lands, Mexico, ar... but I have neve... superior to the... "Green Mountain... ing qualities and... color, its firm t... this variety to b... climate as late... I am enclosing... Messrs. Izquierdo... largest importers... in reference to... potatoes:

"Mr. J. C. Manse... Havana. Dear Sir:—Com... quest for our o... quality of Canadi... say for some ye... Canadian potato... and we find th... are as good... potatoes from... for seed purpos... potatoes from any... Yours very truly,

IZQUIERDO. Now under the... Heve Canada shu... to capture the bu... of Cuba. Cuba... quarters of a mi... toes each year... them to sell. No... is for the shipp... to deliver these... regular intervals... quires and I bel... price enough in... necessary steam... purpose.

During the m... buys her potatoe... August from S... September from... these shipments... All the rest of the... supply Cuba with... quires, which you... sacks or barrels... volume of business... with enough ener... In my next lett... question of trans... between Canada a... J. C. MANSE... Commercial repre... for the Governm... wick. Havana, April 8, 1915.

BANK OF FRAN... Paris, April 5... items in the state... of France on April... (in francs):— April Gold... 4,228,000,000 Silver... 377,000,000 Circula... tion... 11,500,500 Deposits... 2,323,800 Bills... 229,900 Treasury... 101,700 Advances... 665,500 Extended bills... 600,000 francs, as a... on April 8th and 2...

Vital St... Reports to Regis... week ending Satur... marriages and th... nineteen males and... T. M. Burns, secr... of Health, reports... for the week: The... (monday); heart... ility; (th); nephrit... one; meningitis; on... one; cerebral hemor... the convulsions, of... law, one; carcinoma... pulmonary tubercu... loss of bladder, or... structure, one; ma... oestum, one.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Mostly fair, stationary or a little higher temperature. Toronto, April 25.—A heavy thunderstorm has occurred this evening over Toronto and its immediate vicinity, otherwise fine conditions have everywhere prevailed.

Table with columns: Location, Min., Max. Includes entries for Victoria, Vancouver, Edmonton, Battleford, Prince Albert, Calgary, Medicine Hat, Moose Jaw, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, London, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec, Halifax.

Around the City

For Travellers' Aid The Lenda-Hand Circle of the King's Daughters raised the sum of \$54 for the Travellers' Aid at a party sale Saturday.

His Liberty Was Brief On Saturday morning Michael Kelly, an old man, was allowed to go from the jail where he had been confined on the charge of drunkenness.

Small Boy Injured In Fall Yesterday afternoon about 2:30 o'clock, a small boy named James Darley fell over Starr's wharf on Smythe street to the bottom of the slip.

Arrested For Theft James Hargie, aged twenty-eight, a native of Ireland, was arrested on Saturday by Patrolman Gibbs on suspicion of stealing one suit of clothes, one rain coat and two shirts, the property of Simon King of the C. P. R.

Snow Yesterday Citizens awoke yesterday to find the ground covered with a snow. Early in the morning there was a heavy flurry of the "beautiful" but as soon as the sun gained power the snow disappeared and by the middle of the afternoon there was little left.

Hay Still Burning Shortly after Saturday midnight Patrick Traisor, who is on watch at the ruins of the Peter's warehouse on Ward street, found that the fire had again broken out among the bales of hay.

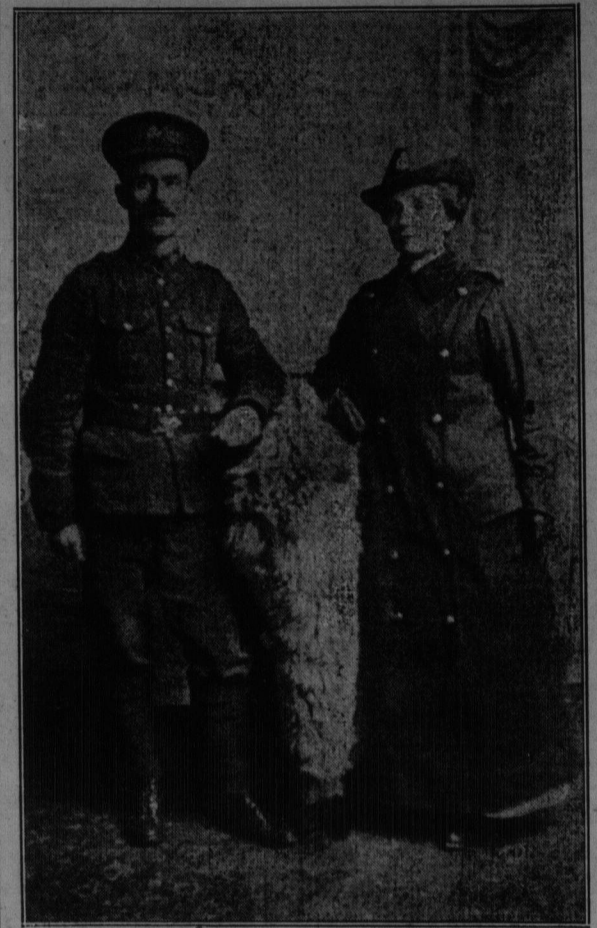
An Objectionable Passenger On Saturday afternoon a drunken Frenchman made himself rather objectionable on a street car, running from Main street to the Suspension Bridge.

Sudden Death of a Child. Henry Fosbrooke Armstrong, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. William Armstrong, 306 Rockland Road, succumbed suddenly on Saturday to pneumonia.

For some months Private McKell experienced all the difficulties in training at Salsbury Plain, while his sister, the nurse, was on duty under the command of Dr. Murray MacLaren in the hospital in England.

RUDOLPH M'KEIL THE FIRST ST. JOHN MAN TO MEET HERO'S DEATH ON FIELDS OF EUROPE

Sad news in telegram to his brother in Fairville yesterday — Was a member of Princess Patricia's Regiment — Had been in local Military organizations.



The late Rudolph McKell and his sister, Miss T. A. McKell, from a photograph taken while both were on active service in England.

J. M. McKell, Fairville, N. B., Ottawa, April 25th, 1915. Deeply regret inform you 22764, Private Rudolph McKell, Princess Patricia's, officially reported died of wound April 16.

The above sad tidings were the first to reach the city and inform J. Medley McKell that his youngest brother, Rudolph McKell, had died the death of a hero while fighting for King, County and Freedom. The sad news was received by Mr. McKell at his home on the Manawagonish Road about nine o'clock yesterday morning and it is needless to say proved a severe shock to him and others of his family.

To a Standard reporter Mr. McKell spoke in feeling terms about his brave brother and said: "Rudolph was twenty-nine years of age. He had always, from his younger days, had a great desire to become a soldier, and when I was a member of the Carleton battery in the 3rd Regiment Canadian Artillery Rudolph requested that he be allowed to become a gunner, but he was then too young to be taken into the company.

"Then came the time last summer when war was declared and there was a call for men to fight for King and country. Rudolph did not hesitate a minute but immediately answered the call not only as a duty that all strong young Canadians should adhere to, but looked on being given the chance to don the uniform of the King and go forth to fight his battles as a pleasure."

Rudolph McKell was the first young man to enlist from Fairville. He was one of the large number of brave young men to march through the streets of St. John to the I. C. R. depot under the command of Major Sturges and receive the cheers of the thousands of fellow citizens who massed along the streets and crowded about the troop train which carried them to the mobilization camp at Valcartier.

Private Rudolph McKell is the first St. John man to lose his life while fighting at the front in this great European war and while news of his death is received with the deepest sadness by his relatives and friends, his sudden demise has proved a glorious one.

He was the youngest son of the late Rev. LeBaron McKell, who for a number of years was the rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Fairville, and who died a couple of years ago. Private McKell's mother is also dead. He leaves three sisters and two

WOUNDED MEN POPULAR HERE

Captain Parks, Captain Hanson and Captain Smith wounded in recent fighting.

Mrs. J. H. Parks of Mount Pleasant received a wire from the Adjutant-General's office at Ottawa stating that her son, Capt. J. H. Parks, had been wounded, and adding that particulars would be sent her as soon as possible.

Captain Parks joined the 1st Battalion in Vancouver with the rank of Captain. He was a graduate of the Royal Military College at Kingston and served in the South African war. At one time he held a commission as lieutenant in the 8th Hussars. His father was the late J. H. Parks, who at one time was manager of the cotton mills here.

Captain H. H. Smith, who is also on the list of wounded, lived in St. John for some years, and while here acted for some time as quarter-master of the 62nd Regiment. He was a veteran of the South African war, and was popular with all who knew him.

CADETS PARADED TO CHURCH WITH 26TH

The 26th Battalion held the usual church parade yesterday morning with the band of the 26th in attendance. A feature of the parade was the presence of the Cadet Corps of St. Stephen and St. Andrew's churches. The boys made a fine showing. After marching to King square the battalion split into detachments going to St. Paul's, Centenary, the Cathedral, St. David's, Presbyterian and the German street Baptist. The Railway Construction Corps and the members of the 55th Battalion stationed here did not hold church parades.

brothers to mourn the death of their brave soldier. The sisters are Mrs. Zwicker and Mrs. Rudolph of Lunenburg, Nova Scotia, and Miss T. A. McKell, the nurse at the front. The brothers are C. R. and J. M. McKell, of Fairville.

For a number of years before leaving with the Canadian contingent Private McKell made his home with his brother, J. M. McKell, on the Manawagonish Road. He was a young man of sterling habits and a general favorite with all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

M. R. A. SALE OF SILK POPLINS AT DOLLAR A YARD Poplin is one of the newest and most popular of the season's silks, and is ideal for making blouses, dresses, costumes and for millinery uses.

Special Sale of Rain Coats. F. A. Dykeman & Co. have received a large shipment of ladies' rain coats which they are placing on sale at very attractive prices. They have a silk finish poplin coat in fawn, sassafras, black, which they will sell at \$4.98.

Advertisement for Lawn and Garden Hose. Includes an image of a hose reel and text describing various types of hoses and their prices. W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. MARKET SQUARE AND KING STREET.

Advertisement for Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B. White All-Wool Polo Cloth for Coats. Now in Stock. Includes text about new styles and prices.

Advertisement for "Reach" Baseball Goods. "Play Ball" With the Baseball Goods. Endorsed by the World's Champions. Includes an image of a baseball player and a list of items like baseballs, mitts, gloves, bats, and masks.

Advertisement for GREAT SALE OF SILK POPLINS AT ONE DOLLAR A YARD. COMMENCING THIS MORNING. Beautiful Poplin is one of the newest and most popular of the season's silks.

Advertisement for Men's Spring Suits. M. R. A. Suits are the product of makers famed for fine workmanship and studied thought to details which give that unmistakable high quality look to all first class garments.