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# THE DISCIPLE GF CHRIST 


"If ye abicie in my word, then are ye truly my.
Vol X., No. 18.
HAMILTON, JAN. 15, 189e.
in office who will help the kingdom
along.
Our old friend, Bro. Robt. Moffet. has an article in a late number of the Christian Oracle, on "The Monroe Doctrine," which though it bears hard er, we think, than is jut on England, yet is in the right line, and well calculated to cool off the jingoes to the south of us. We give the closing paragraphs, and gently intimate to Bro. Muffet that we are nut sure up this way that Brman would lose Canada in the event of war with the States:

And there are those whose jingoism never stops to consider what a war with Grear Britain would mean. In the first place war naval strength is, scarcely more than one fifth of that of Griat B itain England's feet has 88,000 men, 50 battle ship-, 25 armed and 140 unarmed cruisers; 34 large iorpedo vessels, and isg turpedo boats. The United States has $13,0=0$ men, 3 batle ships, one armed and 33 unarmed cruisers; : large torpedo vess 1 and 2 torpedo boats. On the sea th-se mighty odds would be against us. Our ports would be blockaded, our commerce destroyed and our merchantmen ruined. Perhaps a billion dollars of United States stocks and binds held by foreigners would come at once to nur markeis to be disposed of for gold. This would cause such a panic as never has been felt in this country; and this blow to our financtal strength would fall befure a single batile would have been fought. Alreads the "Buak Fridays" give us a hint of what may be explected. It would be a long and doubiful struggle. On land England would be at inmense disadvantage. On sea the United States would weld a feeble sword. England would prob'abiy lose Cmada, but it would be a cosily victory for the United States.

And then the demoralization of com 1 merce, the ruin of our merchants, the ipauperizing of our laborers and farmers would be nothing compared with the desiruction of all those virtues which destruction of Christian civilizatıon.

There will be those on either side of the water who will look on both sides lot this serious question and find a way to avoid all this awful carnage without a sacrifice of honor. In these Chrissian men, the basis of Anglo.Saxon civilization, we have such confidence that we can not believe that war is
 England.
R. M.

It is hard to understand why the 13ritish Guvernment refused arbitration
upon the friendl) suggestion of the United States, unless it wished to provoke a quarrel, the end of which may be the breaking up of har splendid world-wide ampire. - Christian Standard.

Perhap, the following paragraph from Lord Silisbary's reply to Secretary Olnes may enlighten our contemporary a linle :

It will be seen from the preceding s'atement that the Guvernment of Great Britan hive from the first held the same ves as to the extent of the territory which they are entitled to claim as a matter of right. It comprised the ;itself.
coast line up to the River Amacure; and the whole basin of the Essequibo and its tributaries. A portion of that claim, however, they have always been। willing to waive altugether, in regard to another p.rtion thes hase $b$ en and cominue to be verfoctly reads to sub. mit the question of the title to arbiration. As regards the rest, that which lies within the so-called Schomburgh line, they do not consider that the 1 rights of Great Britain are open to question. Even within that line they hiave, on various occasi ms, offered to
Ventzuela considerable conceisions as cni zuela considerable conceisions as and for of friendship and conciliation, and fur the purpuse of securing an
amicable settement of the dispute. If, as ime has gone on, the concessions thus offered diminished in extent and have nuw been wi hdrawn, this has been the necessary consequence of the gradual specad over the country of Branh: setlements, which Her MI yesty's Government cennot, in justice to the inhabitants, offer to surremi.r to for. cign rule ; and the justice of such with. drawal is ampy b:rne out by the researches in the national archives of H, lland and Spain. which hate furnish. ed further and more convinci g evidence in support of the B:itish caims.
Here is a clipping from the Montral Whtress wheh we मur for the benefit of the Pacific Christian and other United States religious exchanges that are in the habit of tapatuating on "Eing. land's greed:"
As for the Americans. when they remember the afuresad Feman rads which successfully crossed the frontier, with no hondrance from them, and their national refusal afterwards to pay any damage; and England's uncalled for acguescence, they will milugate। their $13 \cdot \mathrm{k}$ abuat England's freeboorang. England's greed, which so much pains every American meralist, is not borne out by fact. She has restored various dependencies to the lands that clained
them, and the countries over which her

We notice that the impression is spreadin: that the solution of the srhool question will be found in making the national schusls secular. The mure peuple think over it the more they will see that perfunctory religivus exercises are worse than useless, 一: hey are harmful.

The result of the general electons in Nanitoba shows that the people of that province are bound to manage their schouls in their owa way. The Dominion Governmeat may as well withdraw its remedial order..

Wic do not suppose there is mach in the rums: thil Eupero: Willam intends to claim the B itish crowa when Quear Victoria das. N evatheless we take sulace to rematk that we think it wou'd do the young man good to be King of Engl.ind for a while. In the cuurse of a year or two he might not be so bumptious.

## Books for Bible School.

The second term of the l3.ble School at St. Thomas has opened with twenty students in attendance A good library is one of our needs. It will take jears to collect one, but we want to begin at once. There is an excellent public library in the city, but it contains few volumes helpful to munsterial students.
We wish to ask friends of the School to help us by sending in books new or old that would be helpful to oung men preparing for the ministry. Send all books by mail or express to, T. L. Fowlek,

3נ 1093
St. Thumas, Ont

In at the Side Dour.

## ANKA D, bradian

To the Buvs and (iris.
To-day I called, with a friend, to see a lady on busiress. Being in a burry, my friend said, "lle won't take time to ring the bell and call for ber. I know her so well I will just run around to the side door and see her." I, having only a calling acquaintance, could not, of rourse, take the liberty of approaching her side door, so I waited without in the carriage. As I waited I rell to thinking of how every house was but a miniature life. Every nature has its front door and its stde door. The front door leads into the hall and then into the reception room where guests come and go; and often their remaining card is all there is to remind us of their visit. Rut the side door leads at once into the "Holy of holies;" the real lite.

The front door,-well, it does not so greately matter who is admitted there. I call, ring the bell and am shown into your parlor; and my fifteen minutes conventional call means very little one way or the other. In the influences which go to make up your life mine would not be counted. It is only around the side door where the dangers cluster. It is only those whom we love that we allow to enter there; to freely pass in and out ; to see us with all of the formality of our lives cast aside, and to see our true and real solf shine forthas it is. Yes, there is where all danger hes. - Bui listen; and boy; and girls remember this. No one ctn come into our lives through the side door entrances except we ourselves shall give them the key. And even with the key, these side doors do not open easily f:om without; the latch must be lifted from within
Dear boys and girls, I love you so, and I cannot help but tremble as I see you with your warm, young, tender hearts so ready to respond to worcis of love and sympathy; so willing to trust the sacred key to the side door of your lives to those who will surely prove all unworthy of the holy trust. I must, though my arm is weak and my voice is feeble, throw out the danger signal. Oh boys and girls, if you would not be cursed, guard well the side entranre to your life. It is as natural for you to have your chosen and especial friends as it is for ,ou io 'ive : but be not hasty in your choice. 'Ve do not take all of our, seemingly, pla asant callers into our family siluing rom; and you dare not let everyone, with gracious outward bearing, have the key which unlocks
the entrance which leads into your real life.

There is nothing of the pessimist in my composition. I am not one of those who think the world is given over to evil, and that men and women wait only to prey upon each other. On the contrary, I believe that on every hand are men and women brave and true, who gladly journey, as nearly as they can, o'er the path which Duty has marked out for them. But I also be lieve that many of these same perple would still be no safe, inner friend for you. The influence which they, perhaps with the best intention, would ex ert is not the influence you need to de velop your life in the highest and best that is possible for you. Proof, do you ask ? Look around at the married but not mated lives which meet us on every hand and you have a mournful proof of what I say. I wonder why it is written nowhere, save in the great book of Nature, what God hath put asunder let nut man join together.

There was a beatiful tradition associated with an ancient harp which stood in the hall of a brave and noble Saxon. It was said that the harp only gave forth is sweetest, truest notes when its strings were swept by the hand of one whose heart was true, and when all within the walls were loyal to the house. Nothing so rich and glorious as the mustc of that harp when its stsings wree moved mid fitting environ. ments; but it would sob and sigh as if in grief and pain when dinger or disgrace was hovering o'er the house.

The pretty legend is not without its suggestive lesson. I believe that every life is as the tabled harp. Lorked in some secret cell of each spiritual being there is music rich and beautiful, waiting only the God-taught hand to touch the strings and bring it forth. But alas, alas! The trouble is, that we uncover our harp at random, and let who will play upon it; and the result is the jarring and discordant notes that grate so harshly on the ear. Even when the true hand comes that could bring forth life's harmonies, lo! the harp is out of tune; the strings are rusted, and there is no music in them.

Dear boys and girls, again I beg you, while in the springtime of your life, to guard well every approach to the side door of your spiritual house. Alas, to this door there is no hall, no vestibule, no waiting place; but those who cross the threshold may enter at once iuto the sacred chamber of the soul. When once inside it is not easy to rid the chamber of their presence; and even if we do succeed in expelling them, still the impress of their footsteps can never
be erased. Dear buys and girls, far better keep this side door closed forever than open it to one whose passing back and forth will leave a taint or sorrow on your life. Better be lonely today than to be consumed with remorse or regret to-morrow: Guard well the side door of your life.

## Disciples' Church.

A very pleasing and interesting entertainment was beld in the Disciples' church here on Monday evening last, it being the occasion of the celebration by the congregation, of the wiping oilt the balance of the debt on their new church. A splendid supper, got up by the ladies of the church, was served in the basement, to the children of the Sunday School and to the members of the congregation, after which anadjournment was made to the church. Rev. R. A. Burris, E. A., opened the meeting, and after singing and prayer by Rev. Mr. Barnes, in a few well chosen remarks read the following, which he moved in the form of a Memorial :

My Dear Friends: This is a joyous occasion; your beaming faces I know but faintly index the intense satusfaction of your hearts, in having this - piritual home-uur meeting place with God-His without reserve, absolutely free of debt ; now at last fitted to be a type of these whom the Son maketh free, who are the free indeed. Such a time as this may not occur again in the history of this congregation for generations to come, and therefore in some way we should fix or crystalise this pleasant hour, ere it passes and present impressions grow dim and gladness be dismissed to make way for the carce of all coming tomorrows. I venture to submit the following as a memorial of the superb efforts so happily terminated, over which we have met to night to re joice. At the well of Sychar, Jesus promised a day-now long enjoyedthat men should worship in no set place as Gerizim or. Jerusalem, but everywhere in spirit and truth. Freedom to select a place to praise God is a boon that His people in all lands greatly appreciate, and nowhere is their loyalty to the Master better advestised than when any section of them combined to erect a Bethel, literally, house of God, in which to exercise the soul's loftiest function of worshipping the Lord of Hosts. Since the days of our fathers, the sturdy pioneers of sixty years ago, our people have built three places of worship previous to this, aisd the minds of some here can look barto the days hallowed in each of thuse spots, and the faces and grectings and grandeur of the Bates', Burk's, Simpson's, Vancomp's and Lister pass out from the chambers of treasured memories like a holy panorama. Magnificent women and men these were. Strong their adhesion to the truth and unboundedly loyal to the church. Like worthy sons of noble sires, when it be-
a more comfortable and commodious house, your energy and skill and liberality used without stint, secured us decidedly the finest church site in the town-a building for architectural benuty hard to surpass, ornately furnished, and now, above all, entirely paid fir. Messrs. J. H. H. Jury, M. D. Williams and J. B. Mitchell, who, as finance committee, have in a wonderful and almost unexpected way engineered the liquidation of the large sum of \$2,7:7, have won laurels that will keep their names green in the memories of the Disciples of Christ in the town, when they worship no more in the tabernacles of earth, but shall unceasingly praise in that temple of which the Lamb is the light thereof. We stand to-night upon the line that divides the past with its tears, and falterings, and recessions, coupled with more, aye, much more, of joy, and elation and progress, from the future with the twentieth century so near at hand, with great present problems unsolved, and a louder call than ever before fur Christ's Charch to rise and shine. Those who built the former churches had, at the most, a very partial estimate of the potent infuence that radiated from those places, as heat from a furnace, or as light from a lamp in a dark place. The spiritual quality of all their wor. shippers was formed and intensified there and also their human Christian friends, which by God's design is the most holy thing on earth, converged in these hallowed spots. So we to-night can not appreciate or apprehend the heavy weights that will yet be lifted from weary hearts here; or the friendships, dearer than life, that may obtain their inception in this place. Yes, we stand to-mght particularly on the line that divides the past with its history, part written and still more forgotten from the future fragrant as Mary of Nazareth was with the yet unseen conception of the Holy Spirit, and as she ardenty awaited the advent of her firstborn and revelled in indescribable delight of her holy motherhood, so may we long for and fondly cherish the children that will here be born unto the new life, which is one with God in Christ Jesus.

Mr. James Archibald, in a neat little sperch, seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

Mr. G. McGill then moved a vote of thanks to the ladies, which was also carried.

On motion of Mr. McGill, seconded by M. D. Williams, a cordial invitation was extended to some of the outside adherents of the church, who resided at Oshawa, to join and worship with them.

At this juncture a letter was read by Miss Clara Windatt, from her fa!her, Mr. R. Windatt, one of the life-long workers of the church, expressing regret at his inability, through ill.health,
from being present, and also his pleasure at being spared to see the new church free of debt. Mr. M. D. Williams, one of the Finance Commintee, replied, and paid a very high tribute to Mr. Windatt, and spoke of the geat assistance he had rendered the committee in therr work. Messrs. Gilfillan and McGill also spoke on the same line, and as a token of appreciation the letter was received by all standing.

Mr. Bannes, a former pastor, who was present, fullowed in a short speech, expressing his pleasure at being present, after which the benediction was pronounced and the happy meeting brought to a close.-West Durham Nerus.
The College of the Disciples, St. Thomas, Ont.

It is known to our brethren that there is now in operation in St. Thomas, Ont., a college under the auspices of the Disciples of Christ, the objects of which are to fit young men and young women for usefulness in the church As it is deened desirable to secme the intelligent sympathy and hearty support of the brotherhood for the new enterprise, it las toen thought well by the College Board to have prepared and distributed the following statement :

## management

The Collige is under the control of a board composed of the folluwing brethren: I. L. Fowler, president; John Campbell, vice-president; Johr. A. McKillop, rec. sec.; Geo. Munro, fin. sec. and treas.; Dugald Brown, C. A. Fleming, W: D. Cunningham, W. Trott, R. N. Price.

## 1.OCATION.

The city of St. Thomas is a favorable location for the College. It has the advantage of being the centre of a disirict containing a cluster of churches dany of which need the assistance which a College can give. St. Thomas has a live artive church, one of the largest in the Dominion. It is distinguished for its loya'ty to the plea of the Disciples, for great activity in local church work, and for its hearty interest in missions at home and abroad. instructors.
The College is under the care of Bro. T. L. Fowler as principal, assisted by Bro. W. D. Cunningham, pastor of the church in St. Thomas

## COURSES OF STUDV.

1. The Ministerial Course is intended for young men preparing for the work of the ministry, and includes the following branches of study: Outlines of the Bible, Old and New Testament History, Homiletics, Hermeneutics,

Hebrew and Greek, Evidences of Christianity, Church History, Inspira tion, 'Ihe History and Principles of the Current Reformation. There will also be given each term a course of lectures on the everj-day work of the preacher, and on methods of church work. A purcly English course will be arranged fur those who do not wish to take Hebrew and Greek.
2. A course for those intending to work in the foreign field.
3. A Sunday-school and Endeavor Normal Course. Ma.cy of the most active and zealous workers in the chuiches feel the need of special preparation in order that they may be able to do more thorough work in the Sunday-school and in the Endeavor Society. This course is intended to meet the requirements of such, and $1 t$ is believed that it will become very popular and very useful.
4. Special lectures. Courses of lec tures by competent men are being arranget! for and will be announced from time to time.

## SUPPORT.

The college has been started with the conviction that such an institution is urgently needed, and with the confidence that properly conducted it will commend itself to the Disciples and receive their generous support. It d . pends upon the voluntary contributions of those interested in it, and an appeal is here made for liberal offerings for the current year's work. The estimated expenditure for the session of $1895.9^{6}$ is $\$ 625$-Pri:ncipal's salary, $\$ 600$; in cidentals, $\$ 25$. There is no charge for rent, heat, light, etc. The church in St. Thomas very generou ly provides these fret, and they are not inconsiderable, as there are evening classes as well as day ones.

## fers.

It is the desire of the Board to make the College tree prantically, and so for the pesent there is no charge save a nominal fee of one dollar a term for each studer.t.

## time.

The session begins October 1st, and is divided into two terms. The second term begins Jan. 7 th, and the session closes March 3 ist.

## place.

The College is located in the school room of the Church of Christ, Railway street, St. Thomas.

## the enrollment

during the first term was fourteen. So far (Jan. roth) this-the second-term, there are twenty enrolled, and others are expected. Of these twenty, six are taking the Ministerial Course, two the


Catarrh in the Head Is a dangerous disense because it is liable to result in loss of hearing or sinell, or develop into cousumption. Read the following:
"Bry wifo has been a sufferer from catarrh for tho past four years and the diseaso hod gone so far that her eyesight was affected so that for nearly a gear she was unablo to read for inore than five minutes at a time. Sho suffered severe palns in the head and at times was aimost distracted. About Christmas, she commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and since that time has atcadily improved. She has taken six botlles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is on the road to a complete cure. I cannot speak too highly of Hood's Garsnjarilla, and I cheerfully recommend it." W. H. Fcrster, Newmarket, Ontario.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

## Is the Only

True Blood Purifier
Prominnutly ia the public eye today.
Hood's Pilis cmro habitual constipar
Missionary Course, and twelve the Sun day-school and Endeavor Normal Course.
general remarks.
In addition to the facts preserited in the foregoing paragraphs, it may be fit:ing here to make a few observations. That we have suffered in the past from the lack of such a College as is now being conducted in St. Thomas we all agree. It has long been a settled conviction amongour most thoughtfulbrethren that at the earliest possible date a College should be inaugurated. Such a centre of influence, it was reasonably believed, could not fail to have a most beneficial effert upon the rising genera tion of Disciples. And the way in which the Schpol is opening up and at tracting to it young men and younk women, shows that it is meeting a felt need among us.

We are familiar with the idea of hav ing a College to train young men for the ministry. We, perhaps, have not thought so much of the importance of providing means for the preparation of missionaries. And possibly we have scarcely considered at all the benefit that would accrue to the churches if some of the workers in the Sunday-
schools and in the Endeavor Societies were to receive special instruction in the Bible and in the most approved methods of teaching $i t$. The more we think of the Sunday-school and Endeavor Department of the College Course, the more we are impressed with its value and even necessity. Those who closely observe the workings of the Sunday-schools and En. deavor Sccicties, sec that there is urg. ent need in them for a better handling of the Bible. Earnest teachers themselves feel their incapacity and lament it. It may be safely said that the future, so far as Christianity is cuncerned, is for the peop'e who can and will deal truly with the Bible. We should be that people. Our principles. our record, our spirit, our watchwords, all call upon us to keep to the front in Lible knowledge.

And what is needed is not only a force of preachers who know their Bibles, but als. Sunday-school teachers and Endeavor leaders who are mighty in the Scriptures. We should, therefore, like to see a large number of our young people arrange to take a course in the College in St. Thomas.

This circular letter is sent out to the churclies and to brethren that they may be apprised of what is now being done at the College, that as many as possible may be induced to take advantage of its faciluties, and that all may have an opportunity to aid in supporting it.
As intimated already, the College is started in a modest way, and it is proposed to carry it on at a moderate expense. The College Board, therefore, feels warranted in asking the Disciples in this country to give the College liberal financial support, and, what is scarcely less important, cordial sympathy in every other way.
It would be gratifying to receive contributions from every district and from every church in the province. And as the second term of the present session is now entered upon, the Board would esteem it a special kindness if offerings should be sent in verg soon.

It is requested that all money and pledges for the College Fund be sent to the undersigned, who has been appointed Fin. Sec. and Treasurer.
Any further information will be cheerfully given; and those interested are invited to correspond with T. L. Fowler, principal, Box 1093, St. Thomas, Ont.

On behalf of the Buard,
Geo. Munro.
North Barton Hall, Hamilton, Ont.
The body must be well nourished now, to prevent stckness. If your appetite is poor, take Hood's Sarsaparilla:

Woung DPeople's Vulork.
FOR CHRIST ANH THF, CHURCH.
 Mioc A. M. Hall.

St. Thomas, Ow., Dec. 28, 1895 . At the consecration service of our Christan Endeavor last mght, three questions were asked

1. How many would be willing, if they knew it was the Lord's will, to go to a foreign mission field?
2. How many would like to go?
3. How many expect to go?

Nutice was given fo ur wee ks ago that the questions would be asked, and the answers were piven aftermature deliberation.
We have about enghty actuve members. In answer to the first question, about thirts-five hands were rased. In answer to the second, about twenty. In answer to the third, nine.
Four of nur members have been preparing for this work (three in our Bible School here and one in Clevelands, hoping that the Lord may open the way for them to go. Thus five more are added to the hist of those who are willing to say,
I'll go where you want me to go, Lord,
Over muruntan or praitie or sea,
I'll do what you want we to da, Lord, I'll be what gou want me to be
w. D. Cunningham.

Perhaps each active member should have answered the first question in the affirmative. Try it in your suciety and see.
C.

## C. E. Prayer-Meeting Notes.

## GEO. FOWLER.

Jan. 26. How and why we should testify for Christ. I John iv. 215 .
There has been a sad abuse of the word "testimony" in the church it has been made synor ymous with the word "experience." Says J S. Lamar: "Frequently it is made a leading object with professional and enthusiastic evangelists to induce men to arise in the congregation and 'testify for Christ.' Now the objection to this is, not what is said is false or even doubt sul. It may every word be true. The man thus 'testifying' may have experienced all the peace and joy and comfort which he reports; and if the question appertained simply to the fact of such experience, he would be a competent witness, and his 'testimony' might be regarded as conclusive. But the question upon which he is assum. ing to testify is not the fact of his experience, but the cause, the meaning, the explanation of it. And while he may give us his honest judgment upon this point-his opinion, his belief, his
conviction-it is in no proper sense testumor $y$, and would not be regarded as evidence before any competent tribunal."
Tutestify then is to lay down factand adduce evidence to substantiate the facts, that persoms hearirag would be by the $p$ wer of truth, proveti, com. pelled to belleve. Rom. s. 17.
the aposiles were witnesses, and could and did testify to the great facts of the Guspel "You" says Christ to His apostles, "shall by My witnesses both in Jerusalem and in all Juda. and Samaria and unto the uttermost part of the earth." ' s i. 8.
We are but secondary witnesses, and can speak furth what the apostles have written fur our guidance. In Acts axviii. 23 are brought together the three principles, which are the Divme arranement in proclainng the truthexposition, testifying or adducing evi dence in prouf of the gospel facts, and cahurting, persuading those who know tw acc, pt. It is useless to exhort men and women to come to Christ unless "e show them the way and nake pian ard clear the great priaciples of G.d's word, and a cold, furmal manner of Mesenting the facts needs the warmith of earnest exhortation. To be of lasting benefit, men must be reached through their understanding. l.uke xxiv. $4 i$
" Apostles and prophets, argels frion heaven, the spirit of God and God Himself bear witness to him. And although our testimony be, as it must be, only secondary and subordinate, it is still of high consequence to give life and warmth and force to that which else would be quiescent and inopera tive. Whoever, therefore, is able by study and meditation, and by daily rommunion with God, to bring forth this testimony from the fulness of his own soul and as the heart burst of his love ; nay, to bring it forth with tend erness, the grace and the power of the Divine spirit with which he is filled, may well feel that he is in fellowship with all highest intelligences, and that he is engaged in the most sacred and most important of vecatons." Lamar.
Feb. 2. Laborers together auth God I. Cor. iii. 623 . (Christian Endeav. r Day.)
Thirteen years ago Dr. Endeavor Clark organized the first C. E. Society. Its development has been almost, if not altogether, unprecedented. Its inception ard establishment mark a new era in the history of Christianity.
"Never since the days when our Lord and Master walked upon this earth of ours, and gathered with his chosen disciples in that upper room, has the oullook for Christian fellowship
and the brutherhood of evangelical Christian bellevers been so bright." There are now about forty-three thousand socleties with a membership of $2,600,000$. Of these there are about 34,400 societies in the United States, and .butut 3,200 in our own Dominion and over $5,000 \mathrm{~m}$ fureign and mission ary lands. There are over 3,000 so cieties in England and 1,600 in Aus ralia.
The secret of its colossal growth, and mighty influence, is the spirit and bond of unry, working together with God, "fur Clirist and the Chuch."
At this, our thiteenth anniversary, let us emphasize the great principles of Christian Endeavor. The Goderdaned purpose of thes mighty move. ment is not a scheme to raise money, to hold socials, or to dictate to the Church; but an organization within the church, to rase and keep aloft a high standard of devotion, and loyalty to and practical seivice for the World's Redeemer.

The many victories, truly marvellous, that have been won by C. E. are the result of unted Christ-like endenvor. Let us strive for higher, nobler, richer attamments in the Chri,tian life! I.et us exalt the Lord M.ssiah to His proper place, and raise higher the standard of devetion and serving, and while our hearts are filled wht joy and love and hope, let us not glory in paries or men, or numbers, but in Jesus Christ. "For ill things are yours; whether Paul or Apollos, or Cephas, or the world, or life, or dath, or things present, or things to come; all are yours; and ger are Chist's ; and Christ is God's." I Cor., ini., 23.

## That Sluggish Feeling.

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## The $\mathfrak{F u}$ unday $\mathfrak{F c h o o l}$.

Comaitrthe James Lediard, Geo. Fowler, Miss L. Pitcher.

Sunday School. Soctal, - On the forenoon of New Year's Day, the annual entertarnment of the Claristian Sunday School to $k$ place in the A. O F. hall, Imperial block. The scholars were out in full force with countenances beaming to sult the occasion, and a number of older foiks also were present to witness the exhibition of talent. The scholars provided a long programme and pe'formed their respective parts most creditioly. At one point a dialogue was announced when two of the boys stepped up to the table where Sec-Treas. McDonnell was silling bus) with his pen, taking that innocent individual completely by surprse. They made an address and presented him, on behalf of the scholars, with a beautiful set of three volumes of Oliver Wendell H. lmes' Works. Later in the programme, a duet was announced, when a lady and gentleman stepped also in front of the Secretary's table, and on behalf of the S. S. teachers, presented that favored gentleman with a valuable copy of the Oxford Teacher's Bible. A second surpiise was so unexpected that it tried Mr. McDonnell's resources to the full to find words again to express his thanks to his fellow workers for this token ot their appreciation of his services.

A plomment feature of the programme was the performance by the Glee Club of the Y. M. C. A. of two part pieces, which were very nicely rendered and much appreciated.

The distribution of prizes and bags with candies, nuts and oranges, brought the day's proceedings to a close about noon.-Galt Refurmer.

## The Secretary, his Work and Reports.

## J. A. AIkins.

The superintendent and secretary of a Sunday.school correspond to the manager and book-keeper in a factory; on them, more than on any others, rests the responsibility of making a success of the Sunday-school or factory, as the case may be. A manager may be able fairly to estimate the general state of affairs, but without the assistance of the bouk-keeper, his calculations lack ac curacy. In regard to cost of goods, profit and expenses, he can be sure of nothing. The book-keeper is essential to a well conducted business, and in the Sunday-school a secretary who keeps a complete and accurate record of all that transpires in his Sunday-
school, is essential to an efficient superintendency. It is impossible for a superintendent $t$, have a true knowledge of his Sunday-school, unless learned from the records. Banks require weekly reports from theirbranches, in addition to full monthly titements, and an annual inspection. The superin tendent who does nut possess full and accurate statistics of his Sunday-school cannot supetintend it as it shsuld be done. In the first place, appoint a young man as secretary who is sharp and accurate ; one who will do business in a business way. Then give him the necessary books; this includes a regular Sunday-school register, a minute book. some stationery and a class book, and collection envelopes for each class.

As to his wotk, he shotild record the minutes of every session and business meeting, do all corresponding, order and receive all books and periodicals, record the attendance, conduct, receipts and verses memorized, and, in company with the treasurer, should check -ach collection envelope, and initial every collection in a book for that purpose. The secretary should not be ex pected to make out scholars' monthly reports : that is the teacher's work.

All his work must be reported. No hard and fast rule can be laid down as to the contents of all reports. In the wetkly reports ceriain things should always be given. The number of teachers, officers and scholars present, and number of each that are absent, collection of the day and largest two class collecitons; total of verses mem orized, and largest by two classes. In addition to this, he might make contrasts with the report of the previous Sunday or the corresponding Sunday of last jear. The report given the first Sunday in the month should, in ad. dition to the records of the day, in clude a general statement of the last month contrasted with the previous month and the corresponding month of last year.

The secretary can make his reports to be stimulating and of interest to every teacher and class in the Sundayschool, if, like a wise cook, he will excite the anticipation of the Sundayschool by a varied and tasty bill-of-fare. Try $i$, secretaries ! and prove the truth of what is said.

## How to Reach the Mothers.

a paper read at the aleeting of the OWEN SOUND SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

The obvious inference to be drawn from the tule of this paper is, that it is desirable that the mothers of the pupils in our Sunday-schools be brought into
personal contact with the teachers. But why? For the reason that the mother is the prime factor in the child's life, and if it is to receive the greatest amount of good it must be effected by the mother and the teacher coming into partnership and uniting their forces on the child's behalf. They each have a duty to perform. which cannot be relegated to one at. ther without loss. Nis true mother wil! neglec: her child on the gr und that it will go to Sunday school and stady the lesson with the teacher ; neither will the teacher neglect to prepare the lesson or give it carefully because the mother his taken some pains to prepare the child's mind to recrive it. It will need the combined eff stts of bo $h$ mother and tacher in order to bring about the re-ul!s which each should be seriving fur, viz., the salvation of the child and :he bnilding up of such a chararter as shall do the greatest amount of good in the circumstances in which it is placed. Not that this result always follows, for the sad touth is, that often, after all has been done by both mother and teacher, our boys and girls wander away, and some of them never return. Another reason why this is desirable is the mutual help and strengtl which each can procure from the other; if the mother feels sure that the ieacher of her child is really interested in that child's welfare it will strengthen her hands and comfort her heart very often. But how this is to be done is the question before us. Five minutes will scarcely suffice to point out every way, but a few may be mentioned. The most direct is through the channel of direct intercourse with the child itself. The teacher who is regular and punctually in her place, and is uniformly kind in manner, will have done much towards the desired result. A birthday remembered by a litlle note, with a suitable card. . loaned book, or the gift of one, will help; a visit to a sick pupil with some little delicacy or not as may be convenient will warm up the mother's heart as well as the child's, and if there is anything about the child which the teacher can by any mears construe into prase, let it be done. It may be their eyes, or the behaviour, their beautiful hair or well preparid lesson, but if there is any thing praiseworthy about the chili it should be mentioned; and the one of whom nothing good can be said must be bad indeed. A plan tried by a Sunday-school in the town not long ago was to invite the mothers of the pupils to a social gathering in the church parlor. Invitations were sent by mail, and the whole proceedings were under the control of a committee composed of the lady teachers of the
school. The room was rendered as attractive as possible by the addition of rugs, flowers, etc, while at one end were set out tables containing the utensils for dispensing in a dainty manner cups of fragrant tea accom. banied by thin br.ad and butter and fancy cake. The offect was considerably brightened by instrumenal music rendered by one of the ladies present. After this part of the proctedings was over the programme followed, the principal idea of which was t.) make all present feel as much at home as possible, and to bring the mothers and teachers more closely together by an open discussion on the work of training the children aright and how they could best be mutually he pful. The ti achers of the diffurent classes were piepared with some suggestions, whereby the mothers could lend, iffectual aid in the study of the lesson, by seeing that the Golden Text was learned by the primary class, with an additional memory verse or more as the grade grew ligher. One mother gave us the binefit of her experience in taking up with her children the intervening history between the lessons during the week, and thereby filling up the gaps in the story. Great emphasis was laid on the necessity of the children in their earliest days being trained to habits of implicit obedience, and as this spee.ker was both mother and teacher her, semaks carried wtight, as they deserved tu do.

The question as tw how far mothers should be held respunsible for the conduct of children when they get older received its share of altention, and called forth a varicty of thoughts and suggestions. On the whole the committee decided that the experiment was a success, and that it would $b=$ worth repeating at intervals of three months possibly. The immediate result of this initial meeting was the impression conveyed to the muther's mind that the teachers really had the interests of the children at heart; and it is safe to say that every one present was aroused to realize more fully the iniportance the responsibility devolving upon her, and to strive to do her duty more fathfully, while the teachers wicre enthused to greater interest in their work in their various classes, and a greater desire to help the mothers in their arduous task of training the children into habits of obedience and morality, with the higher aim of ultimately leadin- them :o the Saviour.
J. E. Leamiard.


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## Omnibus.

Bro. E. R. Black, \{ormerly of Aylmer, is now located at Buchanan, Mich.

We trust none of the boys and girls will omit to read "In at the Side Door" on page two.

We are giving much space to Bro. Mcl.nan. But we are sure that our readers will not be sorry.
A goodly number of subscribers have paid up since last paper was issued. We thank them. There are mary more we would like to hear from.
Notwithstanding the general cry of hard times not many are asking to have the Disciple stopped. Many kind words are received from those who are paying arrears and renewing.
We are sorry that a larger number of our friends have not taken advantage of the grand Lible offer. We were anxious that many should have had the benefit of it.

Massey's Magazine, published by the Massey Press, Toronto, one dollar a year; ten cents per number. This is a new monthly magazine, and barring the first page of the cuver, presents a firstclass appearance. A glance at the table of contents suggests good reading. The illustrations are fine.

Here is an interesting item to be added to the reports from Bowmanville on prge 2. Bro. Geo. McGill stated at the meeting that the church in Bowmanville has raised over $\$ 4,000.00$ last
year. Not only the amount of the nortgage, but all the general expenses, $\$ 1,400,00$. That is a big showing, and in these hard times.

A great many people have no opinion of their own on the trade question. 'lhey do not understand it. But the same people have very decided views as to prohibiting the legalized liquor traffic lhes are sure that that should be done. But the;; allow their political leaders to pull the wool over their eyes and they continue to "whoop it up"
for the grand old party.
College Notes,
conrmibutions.
M. N. Stephens, Sr., Glencairn, \$10.00.

Attention is drawn to the statement on page three. Copies of it will be -ent to the churches, and will also be distributed among those who do not take the Disciple. It is desired to bring the College before all our brethren.

The writer spent a day in St. Thomas last week. He was pleased to find that the second term of the college has opened most auspiciously. Twenty students, and others expected. Think what that means ! And if that be kept up from year to year, what a stimulus the good cause will receive! Now we would not be surprised to see torty or fifly students in all departments next 'year.

We feel like congratulating our brethren tiat we have such an institution in Ontario.

Bro. Fowler is enjoying his work. He says he never worked harder than he did last term, but it was a happy time. Bro. Cunningham is most hearty in seconding all Bro. Fowler's efforts. The Church in St. Thomas is enthusiastic about the School. It is a bigger affair than they expected it to be.
It is a pleasure to commend the College to the Disciples and to tell them that they may have feilowship in the good work it is doing by contributing to its funds. Prompt gifts from all quarters will be gratefully received. G. M.

## (\&)bituaries.

Munro.-George Livingstone Munro, born at Erin, Ont., May 28th, 1888 , died at Hamilton, Ont., Jan. 7th, 1896. "'Who plucked this fiower?' the gardener said. His fellow servant answered, 'The Master.' And the gardener was silent."

## Sunday-School Notes.

It is cheering to read the St. Thomas Sunday Festivities account. How many of uur schools have been following this plan of giving instead of receiving? Owen Sound introduced it in that Sur.day school four years ago and is more than satisfied with the results.

This year the number of baskets distributed to the poor by the Owen Sound school was larger and better filled than ever before, and into each basket of groceries, clothing, boots, toys, etc., there went a substantial roast of beef.

The children were entertained at tea by the teachers and afterwards a musical programme was carried out, but no presents were made to the children.

Other Sunday schools in town are following our plan this year, the Bap. tists and Methodists sending out gifts to the poor from their Sunday schnol.
l.et the secretaries read carefully Bro. Aikens paper, on the secretaries, work. It is a branch of S . S. work capable of much improvement.

## James Lediard.

## Married.

Brown-(ikeenwoon.-At the residence of Mr. F. L. Thurston, Hamilton, Ont., Jan. rst, 1896 , by Geo. Munro, Mr. Wm. I.. Brown, of Lansing, Mich., to Mrs. Helen M. Greenweod, of Hamilton.

## Children's XUlork.

Mrs. Jas. Lediard, Supt., Owen Sound, Ont. to whom communications for this department should be addressed.

A happy new year to all the readers of the Children's Column. As we stand on the threshold of 1896 , it will perhaps be wise to consider in what way we can try to improve our lives, so as to secure beiter results than we did in 1895 . The one point that I feel specially interested in, is, how to make our Children's work more successful than it was last year. I often wonder to what extent the sisters have lost interest in the work of the children. Have you decided that it is useless to tiain them into missionary helpers? That the world will get along just as well without your worrying yourself? That you are not responsible for them at any rate, and that it does not matter any way? I invited, nay asked as a favor that the bands and junior societies would let me have a brief report for the next paper. How many do you think responded? Just one, which you will
find further.down the column, and for which I am thankful. Not very flatter. ing, is it? It is possible that you are not doing very well, or worse still, nothing at all, but even then a Post Card only costs a cent, and a minute or two to write, and it would have bien far more satisfactory to me than the ominous silence which you preserve. The fact of the matter is that you are either very careless or very much discouraged. To the first named, I would say, "He that putteth his hand to the plow," you know the rest. To the second, "In due season ye shall reap if you taint not."

In Sister Lhamon's able article on "Woman's work in the Church," she asks this queston-"Is it easy to find a Mission band leader ? ${ }^{n}$ And I answer emphatically, No, it is not. Is it because the work is too unimportant to bestow the time and effort upon? No, but I do think that it is because you do not realize the importance, that so few are ready to take it up. I honestly believe that if there is one thing that meets with the Lord's approval more chan another, and excites the Devil's malice and hatred, it will be a carefully conducted mission band or Junior Endeavor Society; and I also think that the Church and Sunday School who are content to be without one, are wronging the children in their charge, and are sowing the seed for a harvest of regrets in the near future. That is scolding enough; now for a suggestion. Where it is not possible to have a fully organized band and regular meetings, could not the children be invited to pledge some sum, and hand it in to some person authorized to receive it, and who would give each child credit for whatever they pay between this date and the end of May? In four months quite a sum might be raised, and possibly this might help to arouse fresh interest in the work. Those reports are still in order.

- From an interesting letter from Sister McDougal, of Guelph, which I have not the time to re-write in full, she says: "In some ways our Society is very encouraging, and in others, discouraging. We have a slight decrease in numbers. The novelty seems to be rubbing off, but it leaves the pure metp' behind." An average attendance of 20 , who hold their meetings at the close of Sunday School. A very helpful thing in connection with this Society is a meeting on one night in the week, for the study of missionary literature. The only regret is that the girls are the only ones to enjoy this privilege. The object is two-fold: to bring the members into closer touch with missionary work and
workers, and to cultivate a taste for pure literature. The Guelph Juniors send New Year's greeting to the other Iuniors and Mission Bands, and wish all success to our work for 1896 .
J. E. L.


## News from Japan.

Tokio, Nov. 27th., 1895.
J)bar Children.

You must think I have already told you all that is to be told about the children in Japan, but indeed I have not, so this time I am going to tell you of the little ones I am most interested in-the little tots in the poor school and those living here in my home with ne.

Most of the older pupils who were attending the school on Matsugawa Chu have left to help their parents earn the food and clothing for the coming winter, but their younger brothers and sisters are there in their places, looking a little cuter and a little more saucy perhaps than they did before them. The little girls have been learning to sew and so I am quite proud of their work: will send you a sample to let you see how nicely they do it. All of the children have been trying real hard to learn the whole of the Sermon on the Mount by Christmas and they can memorize a great deal of it, but they are getting tired of $i$, it is so hard and so long-won't we let them learn some new hymns instead? They dearly love to $\sin _{5}$ and know a great number of tunes, and .arry them throughout encouragingly. A missionary who has been in Japan for over ten years, was visiting the school last month and when she heard them sing said she knew of only one other school where they sang so well. Quite a number of the children have learned to read and wite well, and now read the Sunday School papers with a little help. In their writing there is a decided improvement in neat-

## In the Beginning

Of a new year, when the winter season of close confinement is only half gone, many find that their health begins to break down, that the least exposure threatens sickness. It is then, as well as at all other times, and with people even in good health, that the following facts should be remembered. viz. : that Hood's Sarsaparilla leads everything in the way of medicines; that it accomplishes the greatest cures in the world; has the largest saie in the world and requires the largest building in the world devoted exclusively to the preparation of the proprietary medicine. Does not this conclusively prove, if you are sic's, that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine for you to take?
ness, yet they still manage to get about as much ink spread over their hands and faces as ever, which hardly improves their appearance, though many a good laugh I have had over the comical transformation a few daubs of ink have made. Christmas is comine, and they are beginning to be quite im. patient. They have been told all about those pretty books some of you dear children are making for them, and each and every one has made up his mind to posess one if possible.
But my little ones in the house are the dearest of all. Such bright little sprites, to be sure, and how their tongues do rattle. They have finished knitting their own mits and are now on a pair for their little sisters less fortunate than themselves, to be hung on the Christmas tree. They have inumated to me that nothing but a Xmas, tree will quite meet their expectations this year. I do not say much nor do I frown on the idea, so they nod joyously and hopefully to each other.
I enjoy putting them to bed and hearing them say their prayers, for it brings me nearer to them and I see into their litule lives better, for being so busy with other duties and they out to school nearly all day gives me su little time with them. One little girl never forgets to pray that her sister and mother may soon become Christians, and begged a Bible of me to send to her mother. Onc other, since I have been sick, never neglects to thank God for making me well and strong again and to please keep me always so.
Last month they all wrote letters to their friends in America. As I had them translated, will reproduce one for you.
"My dear Friends:-It is getting very cold, but I hope your are all well. I am well and go to school every daj and study many lessons.
"I am glad that Christmas is near. I go to Cifurch every Sunday and am learning many precious stories about Jesus. I am very happy here, for my teacher is very kind to me and I study the Bible every evening with my :eacher.
"I enjoy my school very much.
"I am very well and strong, for God is always watching over me.
"It is getting cold, so please take care of yourself.
"Please pray that I may be a good girl. Good-bye.
"Yours lovingly, So Tsuchiga."
All of the letters are very much alike and written in their very nicest hand writing. The one whose letter I give you is partly supported by the St. Thomas Y. P. S. C. E., and though the above letter was written specially for them, am sure it might include all our little friends at home. Now what I
wish you all to do is to write them a nice long letter. Am sure, did you know how they woutd appreciate it, it would not take youl long to get out your pens and paper.

But I have written you a long letter and have told you very little of what I started out to tell.

Lovingly, Mary M. Riocis.

## Those Bibles.

## SPECIAL.

The Bibles have come and have been distributed.

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We strongly urge our friends to seize the opportunity still open to them to procure one of these splendid Bibles. Remember the Bible, the Disciple and the Templar ior $\$ 2.50$, or with the cover of the Bible leather lined $\$ 3$.

But note that, after this, every order must contain an additional Ten Cents, to pay postage on the Bible. Otherwise the Bible will be sent by express, not prepaid, which will mean 25 cents to the purchaser.

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## (Ghurch ri)ews.

Lonnon, Jan. 13h, 189'.—One baptism last everning and three confessions at our regular service.

Giso loulder.
Lonnon, Jan. 6th, 1896 - Wight confessions and baptisms since list report at our regular services. Had tive baptisms last Sunday evening, ated at the morning service received into the church from another reltyious body a man and lis wife, both over seventy years of age. Brethren, remember the work in 1 . ondon in your prayers.

Geo. Fowiek.
Grand Valleex--Another baptism on Christmas daj:
A. H. Fiscu.

Ridgetown.-lw, baptisms here Jan. $5^{\text {th, }}$, another expected on the 12 th. R. M. A.

## Muskoka Matters.

The usual Christmas Festival in Brunel was held in the hall on Christ. mas eve, and, notwithstanding bad roads and foul weather, was well attended. The refreshments, presents, order and programme were eacellent. A Bro. J. H. Johnson occupied the chair.

A brother in the county of Elgin, who is a friend of missions, sent me five dollars, for which I am very thankful. Friends in Hallsburg sent me a box of clothing to be distributed among the needy, and a present to ourselves. Aiso another from I do not know where; all of which are thankfully received. If any brother has a cutter robe that he does not want, he may find a purchaser for it by writing me.
The New Year opens very cold, but far colder is the resting place of thous. ands of the poor Armeniars of Asia Minor. May the Lord espouse the cause of the innocent and have mercy on the guilty.
W. M. C.

Huntsville. Jan. 6, 1895.

## THE PERFECT TEA

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Teas. For that rearon they see that none but the sens. For that rearon they see that none br
rery
fran leaves go into Monsoon packages. That is why "Monsoon. ' the perfoct Tea, can be sold at the same price as inferiur tea.

It is put up in sealed caddics of $3 / \mathrm{lb}, 1 \mathrm{Ib}$, and Ibo., and sold in three farvours at foc., 5oc, and $6 o c$.
 to SIEELL HA

 Wrappers smis iotere itwe. a useful p.in r-bound bouk, $2(x)$ layes, will be seils

## A Chance to Make Money.

I read some we eks ago how one of your subuchibe is made money, selling Dish Washers. I ordered onee, tried it. and it did the work beaulifully. My lad) friends came in, saw $t$, and were charmed, as they all hate the drudgery of dish washing, and they mostly all do their own wotk My brother suggested that we start in the business. We did so and have made $\$ 1,700$ atter paying all expenses. Our sales were made at home. Wie have not canvassed any. Our business is increasing right along, and we are going to stick to it uritl we have made ien thousand dollars, or unil the United Siates is supplied with Mound City Dish W:shers.
We sell from five to fifieen Dish Washers every day, and some days more. The Dish Washer is lovely, and every housekeeper wants one. Get a sa:mple Washer, show it to your friend, and you are sure to make money. Nu excuse for any one to be poor, when money can be made as easily as it is selling Di-h Washers. For full particulars and sample Washer, addrese, Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo. They will start you on the road to success.
J. C.

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ONTARIO.
Ifamsiron.-Church, corner of Catheart and Wilson Strect.
fand's Day Services
Public wor hin. 11 a. m. and 7 P. m. Sunday school at 3 P. in. Y'. 1?. S. C. E. at 8:15 p. m.
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Strangers and visitrs to the city are alwayi welcome.
Geo. Munko, Minister.
Toronro.-Cecil Strect (near Spadina Ave.,
W. J. Lhamon, 435 Euclid Ave., Minister. Seraices:
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Fijday, Teachers' Meecing, $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
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St. Tuomas-Church, corner of Railway and Elizabeth sireets.

Lord's Day Services.
Pullic worship, 11 a m. and 7 p.m. Mission
Sundry schiul, 9.30 a. 11. ., Junior E. So
ci-1y, $10.20 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Sundar-school, 3 p. m. Wednesday evening Prayer-meeting, 8 p.m. C. E. S ciety, Friday, 8 p. m. Strangers welcume to all seiv ces.
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Monday, 8 p. m.. C. E. Praypr Meeting. Tureday, $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$, Trachers' Mreting. Thuts day, 8 p. m., Prayer Meeling. Saturdas. 2:30 p. m., Mission B.nd.

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 Munto. Norih lant con liail. Manititin.
All contribution for the Wonnn's Mixtionary Societ are to be sent to Miss I.

## From Japan

'Tr.kio, Dec 15, 1895.
To the Ontario and Maritime Provinces C. W. B. M.
Dear sisters, this past month has been a very happy one, because I have had three more enter the Bible Train'ng School. They are all carnest Chrislians, trying their best to pri pare them selves to be helpers. The Industrial depariment, though small as yet, has filled some very gocd orders Labor is so chiap here that the amount of work done and the amount of mones racifed for same are vel; unt qual. The pupils are learnirg to be quite deft with their finsers already.

Have rented the land preparatory to building the charity schrol. The ren is high, hut could do no belter. Had hoped to have the building up by the Niw Year, but then you know how things more reys slowly in Japan.

The attendance at the schools and women's metungs is good, and the intetest stems to be greater. We are prayirg for results from our long labor. Ycur sister in the work,

Mary M. Rioch.

## A Broad-Minded Doctor.

relates some experience in his own practice.

Believes in Recommending Any Medicine he Knows will Cure his Pa tients-Thinks Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a Great Discovery.

Akrgn, Pa., Apill 2 th, '95.
Dr. Wi !:nais' Medicine Co.
Gentlemen,-While it is entirels contrary to the custom of the medical profession to endorse or recommend any of the so-called proprietary prepara tions, I shall, neventheless, give you an account of some of my wonderful ex periences with your preparation, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The fact is well known that medical practitioners do not as a rule recognize, much less use preparations of this kind, conse quenily the body of them have no definite knowledge of their virtue or lack of it , but sourdly condemn them all without a trial. Such a course is manifestly absurd and unjust, and $I$, for one, propose to give my patients the best treatment known to me, for the pariicular disease with which they are suffering, no matter what it is, where or how obtained. I was first brought to prescribe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills about two years ago, after having seen some
remarkable results from their use. Reuben Hoover, now of Reading, Pd., was a primment contractoo and builder. While superintending the work of erecting a lapge building duing cold weather he contrarem what was thought

to be sciatica, he having first noticed it one morning in not being able to arise from his bed. After the usual treatment for this disease he fuiled to im prove, but on the contiary grew rapndly $w$ rse, the case diveloping into hemiphlegia, or partial naralysis of the entire ight side of the bods. Electicity, onics and massame, etc., were all given hial, but nothing gave any $b \cdot n$ fit and the 1 aralysis continued. In despait he was compelled to hear his physician announce that loss case was hopeless. About that tince his wife noticed ne ol your advertisements and roncluded to ry your Pink Pills.
"He had given up hope and it re quired a great deal of begging on the part of his wife to persuade him to take them regularly.
" He, however, did as she decired, and if appearances indicate health in this man, one would think he was better than before his par.lysis.
'. 'Why,' says he, 'I began to improve in two days, and in four or five weeks I was entirely well and at wonk
"Having seen these results I concluded that such a remedy is surely worth a trial at the hands of ar.y physician, and consequently when a short time later I was called upon to treat a lady suffering with palpitation ol the heart and great nervous prostration, afier the usual remedies failed to relieve, I ordered Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The result was simply astonish ing. Her att, cks became less frequent and also less in severity, until by thrir use for a peiod of only two months, she wasj the picture of health; rusjcheeked and bright eyed, as well a. ever, and she has continutd so urtil today, more than one year since she tcok any mrdicine. I have found these pills a specific for chorea, or as more commonly kr.uwn, St. Vitus' dance, as beneficial results have in all coses marked their use. As a spring tonic any one who, from overwork or nervous strain during a long winter has beconse pale and languid, the Pınk Pills will do worders in brightening the counten ance and in buoying the spirits, bring ing roses to the pallid lips and renew ing the fountain of youth.

Yours respectfully,
J. D. Albright, M. D.

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senil all antibutiuns fur Eureaci Missiuns to A. Menil all hatribuinns for Euresici

## A Circuit of the Globe.

## 1 Mitin

Ves. xit: and vir--. 2 trip so the north of Japan
In order tha I might sec Japan to the greatest advantane and in the short es: tume practicable, it was though: uj the missionaties that it wuuld be Heil for ase to vialt the churches ia the wirth of the empore first ; after that, sece ilve woik in ['okso ard l'akohama; and after that agam, ste the leading citles of the south, namely; Koble, Osaka, Kus:o and N'agasaki. lite first thing' (o) du was to secure a passjont. I'nis e:3II nuw be had for the asking. No, one can tratrel in lapan ar live outstde the furelan conac.eston, wath.ulut a pass. purs. There is a reas in for thes. If a wratsmer shoutd commat asy crame, he cannn: b: tricd in a Japanest court. If a native lias a rlaim aparist a foretnner, the same is tue. He can be irted naiy b:fure the Consul of the nation to which h: bel.mgs. The framnesc grois..ment cannot tiy him in its inwn courts for volating it laws, but It can recill his pisipurt, and thereby compel han is live in the foreman concesio $n$ or leave the couniry. Every foreigner in Jajan is located. He is coristanily under po.ice surveillance. Before you are in a hot:l five minutes 2 pilire:man $\mathrm{c}:$ is and asks to see your pasip) mi. In= propnetor of the hotel records your name and number. So before you can buy a railr, ad ticket you muss produce your pasop, me, and thus convenc: the agent tiot you hate the Emperor's consent to travel winin has domain. A chide in arms, no less than its parenes, nust have a passport in order in go arywhere. When the new treates $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{o}}$ mo eff et in isgo, this nuts. arce will be abatei. The foretgners can go and ronac at will. Then, too, consuluar couris will be abolished, and :oreigners and niwes must appear bemre the same tribunals and answer for any charges preferred against them. Ten jears axo it was a difficult matier to get a passport. It took weeks and months and no small amount of pressure to secure this document from reluctant officials. Now it can be had in 3 few minutes and without any charge or any condition.
It was arranged that Mr. and Mrs. Guy should art as my escoits pirt of the way. Thes are most azeceable traveling companions. The baby we t along and added inmensely to our joy. A little child makes the whole world kin Dignified judges and lawmakers
pretty boy. When you are in a strange land and do not understand a word of the language, and the people do nist understand a word of what you say, you are in a helpless and pitiable condition. At such a time, you find it hard to en tratain a very high opinion of those men whose misconduct in building the tow. r of Bubel caused the co fusion rif tongue; I have not been lift fir an instant without an interperter, and $s$, have gotten along smoothly enough. Ifad I hern left without a guardian I should have farel differently. Our firit seng was at Nikiko. Here I has my firat experience in a Japanese hoitel The proppienor and his wife and chief recok onid all the servants in sight. buw ed biseir finds to the eartin as we approached. The's assured us that we did well in coming. After icninving ou' shies we were shown in our roums. There was neither chair nur table in sight. The only furniture in the roum wis a reress with a scroll hanging in it. S.onte mots wore boush: in and we were asked to sit down. I tised in si: on my fect, but it wis noi a brilliamt success lither my feet are two lirge, or my backbone is too long, or my joints are 10 censtiucted properls Perhajs if my ancestors had been ac cuttomed to sit or their frat for "age ciernal." to horrow a Japanese phrase., I couid do it as rasily and as spacefully as the naives, but with all my eff int, and goond intentions I must confess that I cannol. My guardian apologizes for me when guests are in the room. The first thing brought in is a tray con. taining a lutle fire and a spitboon. Smoking is univerial in Japan. The piests in the temple and the teachers in the schools and the people in the theatres smoke. The pipe holds only a pinch of tobacco. Four or five puffs exhaust it. The cost of smoking on this scale is not more than two cents a week. Thej could not smoke as the Americans do, on their incomes. The next thing brought in, is another tray containing tea and sweets. The cups hold a tablespoonful. The tea is served without cream or sugar. In a Japanese torel there is no dining-room where all the guests eat. You cat in your own room. The bill of fare is different from that served in American hotels. It has no bread, no butter, no checse, no potatoes, seldum any meat, no tea or coffee, no ve!per or salt. Rice is the main dish and is cooked and served without seasoning. Besides rice you have fish, soup, eggs in some form, and vegetables, cither fresh or pickled. These last are intended to be relishes. Eych gucst has his own food on a lac. quered try) This tray is placed before
you on the floor. Yull find no knife or fork or spuon, chopsticks answer all purposes. I is astunishing to see how deffly a native can dispuse of any dish with chopsucks. I tried mine. I got them by the wrong end, and could not make them lift anything. When I got a piece of foud so that I could mov- it I co uld not find ms mouth. The little maid, with all her miturn and inbred policues, could not hoip lauthing uutripht. In ber unn m.nd she set me down as a full 11 dned b ibarian. The food is clean and pa,ut.ble and diges tible. You luok about fur a washstand 1 d find none. Yuu are expected to carry your own soap and towel, and to go to the public wash roum whenever it suits your convenience Travellers carry their own pillow, shee:s, mos. quito bar and msect powder. The ho tel supplies the fluor and some rugs. The mats and thate hrd roof; of Japanese houses affurd fleas a superb refuge. If you wish to sleep in peace you must protect sourself. With all this protection, a bed on the fluor is not quite to the taste of a panpered American who has be en accu:' ' 10 a mattress wath -prings under it. he bath is a curi. osity. The - ueter is kept at a point near buillug. One water lasts the whole das. The family and the guests are expected to use it. Some fastidious pisons whject in this feature of a Jap. .an se bath-tub. Knowing that we were likely to have some scruples on this point, the clerk came to us and told us the bath-tub was :eady, we asked him If it had been used since it was filled; he added that a Korean had been in it, but a tinle thing like tha: did not count with him. Before lying daw, to ste ep you uy to lock $y$ ur room. You cannor lock it. Three sides are screens and can be lifed out bodly. The scieens are made of paper. There is no door with hinges that gou can lock. A burglar or a rat could walk in any hour of the day or night. You put your valu. ables inside your fly-net and sleep the leep of the weary. The people about the hotel are all politeness. They bow when we go out, and assure us that we shall be welcome when we return. We come back and they bow again and thank us for our kindness. Fancy an American hotel clerk bumping the floor with the top of his head whenever a guest went out or came in. When we leff, each one received a present and a letter of secmamendation to other hotels. For our food and lodiging we paid sixty cents a day. In other hotels in

the interior we pard twenty-five cents. Aside frum this difference in price, one hutel is like another hotel; all have the same bill of fare

The Japanese have a proverb to the -ffect that no one ought to use the word " magnificent" till he has seen Nikko. Chamberlain says of this place, that it has a double glory, a glory of natura and a glory of art. "Muntains, cascades, and monumental furest trees had always stood there." Japanese artists have produced there the most perfect assemblage of shines in the whole land. One of the greatest of the Shokuns, the fuunder of a dynasty that swayed the destinies of Japan fur two hundred and fifty years, lies turied above the temi. les. His grandson, a man almost equally renowned in Japanese history, is also buried therc. Their family and friends spared neither pains nur money to make the grounds and buildings near their tombs as magnificent as possible The temples are quare wooden buildings; externally there is nothirg striking or beautiful about them. They do not compare in either s:z= or grandeur with the cathedrals of Europe Tney were not built to accommodate great audiences. Men and women ho to Nikko to worship, but not in our sense or according to our method. They pray for a few seconds in one place, and then hasten on to another place. and so continue till they have nade the rounds of every temple and pagoda and shrine within the enclosure. People do not visit this place to hear words of instruction or admonition from the lips of some eloquent preacher. For this reason mo vast auditorium is needed. The glory and the beauty of these build ings are seen within. In the Budahist temples there are numerous idols. You may see the Burdha in pure gold, and the fioddess of Mercy, and Fudo and many others. On the walls and on the ceiling are the works of the most famous Japanese artists. They have carved lions, tigers, dragors, cats, flowers and trees of almost ever, kind, birds and sages. In one group there are three monkeys; one has his hands on his eyes, another on his ears, another on his mouth. The lesson is that a good man should have neither eyes, nor cars, nor moth for evil things. In one shrine we saw the sacred horse. One of the gods of the place rides on him when he goes out. We inquired as to his pedigree and age and record and value, but could get no answers. He is selected because he has four white feet. More magnificent than the temples and the grounds are the trees in and about Nikko. Therc is an avenue of white cedars which extends for twenty miles toward Tukyo. Along this
avenue the mighly Shoguns were borne by their retainers when they went to Nikko to worship the gods and to make their offerings to the spirits of their ancestors. There are tens of thousands of those noble trees ab:ut the grounds. Thay lift the ir massive trunks a hundred feet or more into the air. It is a most gloriuus vision. Ite stayed the e a day longer than we cx pected, because we heard tha: st me friends were on their way to Nikko to see us.

Our next stop was at Hanobuchi The Garst family were spending a few weeks there. Miss Alice Miller and W. K Azbill were visiting them. We had a warm welcome The house in which we ate and slept and talked cost only sixty dollars, but we were as comfortable and as joyfulas if we had been in a palace. Several missionaries from Sendai and the region round about weae spending their vacation at this place. They asked me to speak to then on Sunday afternoon. After the servire we walked over to a Shinto temple and some shrines in a grove about a mile distant. This temple is said to be two hurdred and fifty years old. In one small shrine there is a wooden horse. His worshipers have thrown in beside him about fifty pairs of straw shoes. The rice placed in his manger supplies the mice and rats with food. On the way home we walked through the vil. lage. The people are fishermen and farmers. The children ran about the streets naked The men and women wore scant clothing. The doans barkei at us as if we were intruders. On our return we canvassed the situation. It was agrect that Mr. and Mrs. Garst should go with me to Akita and the ad jacent towns. They had lived in the north, and knew the people and the roads.

Monday morning we were off. That night we reached the point where we were to leave the railroad. On reaching our hotel, a policeman called to inspect our passports. He had hardly gone when the hotel clerk came in and asked permission to record the same. He spent twenty minutes examining the outside of the envelopes; not finding what he wanted, he touched the floor with the top of his head and asked if he might examine the contents of the envelopes. He asked our ages and caste. He was told that we belonged to the heavenly caste. Atter an hour or so he took his leave. About midnight he was back again. He begged to see our passports once more. The names of the Garst children were on both passports and the children were not present. That fact must be reported to the aulhorities in Tokyo.

The next morning we were in our jinickishas at six. We reached our destination a little after midnight. We made fifty miks that day. We had two men each, and changed men cight times. Most of the day we were climbing the mountains. The seenus was as fine as can be found in West Virgin.ia. The ruads are well made The budges are narrow and slighi. Nu havy loads pass over them. At one town, on the was, we met two believers and had a service with them in the hotel. One was a travelling merchant. Thiy were urged to be ready for every good work. Opportunitics are constantly presenting themselves, they were taught to be prepared to nake the most of them. The day was the Shinio "All Saints Day." It was the day for making offerings at the graves of their ancestors, and for feasting, a.d for attending the lemples. Such a day usually ends with a general spree. Fur this reason we found it difficult, toward evening, to get men. By patemt and persistent effort, we succeeded. We reached our hotel a litile weary, but thankful that no evil had befallen us, and that this was the point for which we started. On Wednesday we left Yuzawa for Innai, a town twenty mues distant. We istued the public schuol of this place. One of the Aknta Chnstians teaches here. When she was studying the clains of Christianty, she sat up late on winter nights without any fire ; her father asked her why she did si', she said she would yo to sleep it she was warm, as long as she was cold she would keep awake. There are seven teachers and four hundred pupils in tinis acheol. As long as we were in sight the chaldren jelled with all their minht. Probably we were the first Caucasıans they had seen. Our visit wits an event in their lives, We were introduced to the principal and to several of his assistants. He smoked his prpe and drank his tea and paid very little attention to us. He bowed very slighly when we entereu and when we left. He feels as large as the Mikado. Perhaps he is. Inna is a mining town. Kudo San is the evangelist. Besides preaching, he has a school of seventy scholars. The audience, at this point, was made up mostly of young men, they were really fine looking fellows. The address was based on the words; "I have writen unto you, young men, because ye are strong, and the word of God abideth in you; and ye have overcome the evil one." In the midst of a
rough population, these joung men hive, ! so that their lives commend the gospei (w) the people. As one result, the con- murity is becoming mure favorable to Chistianity. As anuther result, hellev- | ers are being added to the Lord. We "ere tould that the courch is made up of young men the cause the young are muer: easily won than the old. It is made up mustly of men because no Bible woman has been here to work among the women. After the service we returned to Yuzawa and had a second service there. The teacher whom we saw in the murning came back with us. She travelled forty miles that she might join in this service. There are two or chree bethevers in this place. They meet to break bread. Yuzawa is a dark place. The believers are exhorted to let their light shine. The next marmung we were on the road before sunnise. We wanted to make fifty miles, but fell short five. It was clection day and the pulticians were about. Many of the men were still drunk and we could not go so far as we wished.
On Friday we went to Arakawa. The church in this place has quite a histury. A Chrisiian from Akita went there to work in the mines. By his zeal and devotion, he led anuther to Christ. These two won others. They buit a latte chapel. The owner of the mme is a zealous idulater. $H$ e is a pluato crat and owns the place. They were obliged to build outside the gate. The most zealous of these men was dis. missed on account of his preachung. He was gone a year, but is now back agan. We had a service here. The address was based on the words, "Be thou fathful unto death, and 1 wall geve the a crown of life." That evening we left for Akita, reaching it about 9:00.
On Saturday morning we visited the school and spoke a few words to them. In the afternoon we went down to the seaport of Akita and sp ke in the chapel. The audience was large. Noto San is the evangelist. He is a baker and lives near by. On the way home we visited the cemetery where Mrs. Josephine W. Smuth is buried, and scattered some flowers over her grave. The saintly woman was born in Nova Scotia and died here. In her life of purity and devotion we see the best imitation of the Christ. In her case
" Love took up the harp of life
And snoose the chords with might
Smote the chord of self that, trembling,
Passed in music out of sight."
At night the church gave us a reception.
The next morning we went to Sun-daj-school. Afterwards we had a preaching service. The sermon was suggested by the text, "Be perfected;
be roufurted; be of the same mund; bere in peace, wind the cind of li.ve and peace sholl be with yout. 'There was a mesting for women in the dlemoun, I-d by Miso Garst. In the evemug Mr. Garst preached. At beth :ervices I spuhe briefly. We had a good daj: Akita was the place 1 ln wheh our work in Japan began. Here the: list church was organzed. Here the chandren built the Joseplune $W$. Smuth Memorial Chapel. Irom this point the wook branched out into-other centers.
Monday mornung we took our leave of Akita and started for Honjo. Our road was between the mouritans and the sea of Japan. The country is poor : the people are chich, fishermen. Part of the day we rode in an ommbus. The horse was emactated. A boy went along to hold his head steady and to help him up hill. We w.lked most of the was. This outfit is inspected and approved by the government every manth. We were over four hours making twelve nules. We saw this horse feed. His dinner $\mathbf{c}$ nsisted of dirty water unctured with meal. The owner does not know that a horse cannot thrive on a cold bath and on such thin gruel. If this company could see a horse at its best estate, and know what he is in strength, in speed and in beauty, they would not send cut such animals as they now have to distress their patrons. In Honjo, Tashiro San is in charge of the work. He is a man of good repuie, and deservediy so. The church here has had sume trouble. An evil-minded man w.ught (1) git; wossession of the property: He was defeated in the couns, but the fact that a suit was brought damaged the work. The beltevers ware urged to hold fast the beginnmen of herr confidence uato the end. We were assur, d that a better day is dawning. It took us a day and a half to reach Shonai. Here we had a strvice in the chapel. Here the Garst family sperat four happy years. Their former freends were delighted to see them. The wiok at this point received a great imp tus from the conversion of a drunkard. The people said that a religion that could work such a change must be true. It took us two dajs more to reach Sendai, and one day more to reach Tokyo. In my next I shall have some more things to say of this trip.

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