

THE ADVOCATE

VOL. 1.—No. 32.

Toronto and Montreal, Canada, Thursday, September 13, 1894.

PRICE TEN CENTS.

Comment.

Mr. LAURIER said at Winnipeg that Prohibition was not dead. It may not be dead, but, plebeianly to the contrary notwithstanding, it has not yet entered the realm of practical politics, and is not likely to as long as statesmen and not demagogues are at the head of federal affairs.

While Sir W. Lawson was prating in London yesterday, Henry Hulks, another temperance lecturer, was being fined for having taken so much "deadly and devilish" liquor that he had to be trundled home by a policeman in a wheelbarrow. It made like a scene out of Marryat: *So Wifed* (sternly) — "Who goes there?" *Policeman* — "Temperance lecturer drunk on a wheelbarrow." *So Wifed* (mildly) — "Pass temperance lecturer drunk on a wheelbarrow, and all well." — *London Globe*, August 21st.

The Pullman company will yet be sorry that they allowed the trouble with their employes to reach such a pitch as a strike. They are to be proceeded against for violations of the liquor laws in permitting wines and beer to be sold in their hotel cars. The contention is made, and it seems to us with justice, that they are liable for the amount of the license in every district through which their cars pass. It is a pretty thing if in Prohibitionary States, for instance, the Pullman company could exercise a right that is denied to the residents and citizens.

The Bishop of Winchester, in a letter to the clergy of his diocese, says: "Temperance means self-control, and self-control is essential to manhood, and manhood is the only soil in which true religion can grow. But how shall temperance be fostered? Let those who covet legislation speak about it. When I think it near enough to deserve close attention, I, too, will speak about it. But legislation implies a good deal more maturing and defining of public opinion than at present exists. We can well afford to wait a little longer for external law if we can secure the law of the fear of God and the respect of man."

FRANCIS ARMINIUS HALSTEDT, the man to the throne of John Reno, who may be, recently addressed a temperance meeting at the Munster Park

Wesleyan Chapel, in the Fullam road, London, and in the course of his address he artlessly stated that his special purpose was to plead for the extermination of the drink traffic with the West Africans, because drink, in the form of turpentine mixed with paint was ruining the people. He therefore appealed to the Munster Park Wesleyans "to see that if any liquor was sent out at all it should be of the best."

Mr. Wm. Algie, of Alton, is evidently a man of thought and perspicacity. At the Annual Convention of the Canadian Secular Society he said: "There is a large number of men in this world who advocate temperance for the other fellow. There is no right-thinking man who does not appreciate the evils of the present liquor traffic. It is more a moral question than one of legislation. I am of the opinion that if this city would throw open its art galleries, its museums, have bands playing in the parks, and give men and women, by Sunday cars and trains, every opportunity for legitimate enjoyment there would not be so much drinking."

The Knights of Pythias have resolved not to confer on liquor dealers the privilege of membership. Nothing is said of those at present within the ranks, but if they can do so without inconvenience it would seem they would only be acting with becoming dignity were they to resign. In Toronto several liquor dealers are members, and it is noteworthy that some belonged to the select coterie who started the order in this part of the country. Three were in fact charter members of Mystic Lodge, the first outside St. John, N.B., Canada. These gentlemen were the late Mr. John Shamessey and Messrs. Harry Findlay and G. W. Cooley.

An English contemporary says that no calling requires for its successful carrying on, such a wide knowledge of technical points of law as does that of an inn keeper or publican. This is a true beyond any possible doubt. Therein lies the value of THE ADVOCATE. Not only do we regard it as our mission to place the trade in the proper light before the public and to furnish all possible information appertaining to the business of the license-holder, but above all do we regard it as our duty to keep members of the trade well posted on points of law. Two dollars a year spent with us may save a subscriber twenty-five,

fifty or a hundred times as much, and that is a fact which we beg all our readers to impress upon their friends.

A WELL-MEANING individual has suggested that Prohibition be brought about by allowing every present license-holder to remain in the business until he dies, no fresh licenses being issued nor old ones renewed. He thinks that in this way there would be no confiscation and no body would be seriously hurt. The suggestion for obvious reasons is not only not practicable, but robbery of the heirs of the dead is robbery of the living. The longest livers would doubtless have a fine picnic under the scheme, but the liberty of the subject would be equally as much interfered with as by Prohibition, and drunkenness would increase rather than decrease as the number of licensed houses lessened. One scheme is as bad as the other and both are wretchedly bad and unworthy of a free people.

The British Commissioners of Lunacy in a report concerning the Colney Hatch Asylum complain that beer is not given to the workers. They regard this as a mistake, as it lessens the percentage of unemployed patients, and employment is a potent factor in recovery, and the effectual remedy for some destructive habits. "The asylum," they add, "is not a reformatory; and, claiming to be advocates of temperance, which total abstinence is not, we think the withdrawal from the temperate of their past life's beverage irritates, whereas every effort should be made to alleviate the morbid discontent of the sober patients, in proportion to whom the drunkards are few. These last, if in the incipient stage of their vice, so soon recover that they must be discharged too soon for the eradication of that vice; if they be old staggers, they come to the asylum a wreck of humanity, and their condition is too chronic for discharge, except through death. We deem it to be our duty to repeat our colleagues' objection in 1892 to what is in no sense a proceeding in the cause of true temperance, which is the avoidance of excess." Beer, it would seem, has its beneficial uses even where the insane are concerned.

At the annual meeting of the Michigan State Liquor Dealers' Association at Jackson on Aug. 28 and 29, Detroit was chosen as the next meeting place. It was reported that the insurance branch had in one year brought \$10,228.82 into the

treasury and that five death allowances had been paid of \$1,000 each, there being 1,725 members. President Carroll said there were 238,728 liquor dealers in the United States, of whom 8,805 were credited to Michigan. There are 1,798 breweries in the country. The amount of taxes paid by dealers is as follows: Liquor, \$98,000,000; beer, \$55,000,000; imported wines and liquors, \$12,000,000, making a total of \$145,000,000, which is an average per saloon keeper of \$675. The government tax of \$25 added to this, makes an average of \$700. It was resolved to support union labor organizations throughout the state and to handle none but union-made cigars. It was decided that the executive should comprise nine members, with the president and treasurer as ex-officio members. The following officers were elected: President, Seneca I. Baker, Kalamazoo; vice-president, Martin Higgins, Houghton; treasurer, C. P. Wells, Bay City, re-elected. The convention adjourned until the third Tuesday in August, 1895.

A CURIOUS problem is raised by "A Perplexed Politician" in a letter to the *London Daily Telegraph*. He says: "During the past few weeks it has been my good fortune frequently to take lunch at a very splendid London political club. Its principles may be described as Liberal—Radical—Social-Democratic. Its grill is excellent—chops and steaks done to a turn; but I have noticed with some little interest that at this mid-day meal many members drink champagne. Now, I have never had the honor to be an invited guest at any of the great Conservative clubs, but I am told that there the members drink principally port and burgundy. It occurs to me to ask whether there is any intimate association between politics and wine? Does champagne represent all that is exhilarating and energetic—advanced thought and action—rapidity and rush, while port and burgundy simply mean repose and riches? In my provincial town I have no means of solving this little problem, but as I am a young man, anxious to distinguish myself as a future member, I should be glad to know if champagne is more likely than port to lead to fame?" The only solution to this strange state of things is that the advanced in thought prefer light and heavy wines, while the more staid and conservative prefer liquors with more body to them.

Wooderham & Worts "1884 SPECIAL." Fully Matured in Wood, AND GUARANTEED TEN YEARS OLD

WHAT AMERICANS DRINK.

OFFICIAL figures lately compiled, without reference to the tariff, show the importation of foreign wines and liquors to this port to be steadily falling off. The importation of champagne, for instance, was 57,300 dozen bottles less last year than the year before, and 100,000 more than in 1890. The importation of French brandy—208,000 gallons in 1888, 190,000 in 1889, and 250,000 gallons in 1890—was only 116,000 gallons last year, and there was a corresponding decrease in French brandy imported in bottles. The importation of Holland gin, which varied between 230,000 and 265,000 gallons up to 1891, was only 130,000 gallons last year. St. Croix rum fell off from 21,000 gallons in 1892 to 13,000 last year, and Jamaica rum from 35,000 gallons to 25,000. The importation of sherry fell from 688,000 gallons in 1893 to 574,000 last year; port, 11,000 gallons in 1890, 92,000 in 1891, 84,000 in 1892, was only 77,000 last year. The importation of German and Hungarian wines, more than a million gallons in 1890 and 1,891, was 824,000 gallons last year. Madeira, a rare article of consumption nowadays, which averaged 10,000 gallons a year up to 1890, was only 8,500 last year. French red wine (Bordeaux and Burgundy) was 19,000 gallons more were imported in 1891 and 391,000 in 1892, revealed 308,000 last year. The same decrease is shown in all foreign wines, the exceptions being Italian and Spanish red wine. Both are increasing in popularity among Americans. The Spanish increase of importation of wine last year was 10,000 gallons over the year previous, and of Italian wines 32,000 gallons.—*New York Sun.*

THE PURITY OF WINE.

An Interesting and Instructive Report Issued by the Inland Revenue Department.

A BULLETIN relating to the analysis of samples of wine has just been issued by the laboratory branch of the Inland Revenue Department. In accordance with instructions to the food inspectors in November, 1893, and January, 1894, a considerable number of samples of native and imported wines were collected from dealers in the most important of the inland revenue districts, and submitted to the local analysts for examination. The precise number of samples thus collected and analysed were as follows:

Halifax	18
St. John	12
Quebec	17
Montreal	12
Ottawa	12
London	12
Toronto	15
Winnipeg	12
Total	110

The certificates from the analysts give in most cases their opinion as regards the nature or purity of the wines examined, which opinions may be roughly classified as follows:

Genuine, pure, unadulterated	50
Fortified, sweetened, good, doubtful, and otherwise commented on	44
Adulterated	7
No opinion expressed	9
Total	110

From this statement and the nature of the opinions themselves, Chief Analyst Macfarlane says the conclusion may fairly be drawn that different standards of purity must have been adopted by the different analysts, and the absence of opinion in some cases may be supposed to

indicate the absence of a standard. The influences are quite in accordance with the facts, for there is no standard mentioned in the suggestions to analysts issued in 1884, nor have there since been any steps taken to fix the limits of variability in wines by order in Council, as provided for in section 19 of the Adulteration Act. It does not appear that the public and the analysts are any better off as regards a legal wine standard, in England or the United States than they are in Canada. It is otherwise on the continent of Europe where laws regulating this subject have been passed in France, Germany and other countries.

Mr. Macfarlane points out that the main provisions of the French law of 1889 are the following: 1. It is forbidden to sell, ship, or send or offer for sale under the name of "wine" anything else than the product of the fermentation of fresh grapes. 2. The product of the fermentation of the "mure" or muck (residual skins, seeds, stalks, etc.) of fresh grapes with water, with or without the addition of sugar and the mixture of the product with wine in any proportion shall not be shipped, sent, sold or offered for sale under the name of "muck wine" (*Vin de Mure*) or "muck wine" (*Vin de Raisin*). 3. The product of the fermentation of dried grapes with water shall only be sold, shipped or offered for sale under the name of "Vin de raisins secs" or "raisin wine." This provision applies to any blends of this product with wine in any proportion. 4. The barrels and vessels which contain "sugar wine" or "raisin wine," must be marked with these names in large characters. 5. The papers and permits used for, or which accompany, wine of any kind, sugar wine or raisin wine, must be of different colors. 6. If the fermentation product or distillation product of wheat, rice, barley, or any other such material is added to wine, sugar wine or raisin wine, it should be regarded as an adulteration of food.

The German law of 1892 is not quite so strict as the French, because the use of sugar to a certain slight extent is permitted without destroying the right of the wine to be called "wine." The name product to be called "wine" (*Naturwein*) is given to those products of the fermentation of grape juice which have received no addition whatever of sugar or spirit.

The general tendency of the present act, seen to be towards regarding wine as "the beverage which is produced by alcoholic fermentation from the juice of fresh grapes without any addition." This is the definition adopted by the Swiss Association of Analytical Chemists. König speaks with approval Neubauer's statement that "the name of 'wine' belongs exclusively to the beverage which is formed when the juice of grapes is allowed to ferment and clarify according to the rules of art and science. On the subject of adulteration König makes the following remarks: "It cannot be denied that many additions and methods of treating wine are capable of making it better or rather than some, but in this respect it is very difficult to draw a line. In the interest of sound manufacture (i.e., from natural material only) it is to be desired that such wines should be distinguishable by some terms or other from the genuine natural wines. It may be that then, for example, a sugar wine might be preferred to a real natural wine; just as many would rather use oleomargarine than rancid butter, but the article should be furnished with its right name so that every purchaser might know from what it is before him." The principle laid down in this quotation is simply that which underlies the clause in our Adulteration Act which provides that "food shall be deemed to be adulterated within the meaning of the Act, if it is an imitation

of, or is sold under the name of another article."

The bulletin is issued to enable the public to secure a better understanding of the subject, and to endeavor to point out how far the various wines sold in Canada have been fortified or made from added sugar. Other matters having reference to their composition, as for instance their acidity, and any other possible adulterations will be considered on a future occasion.

Out of the 110 samples 63 duplicate bottles of the same sorts were examined by Mr. A. Macfarlane, B.A., etc., first assistant analyst. 14 additional samples from other sources were also analyzed by him, the results of which are given. The opinions about the wines given are based upon considerations which Mr. Macfarlane contains a higher percentage of alcohol than that corresponding to 26 per cent. of proof spirit are regarded as having been fortified because experience has shown that it is impossible to produce, even from the richest must, wine containing any larger quantity. The above amount happens to be the limit above which wines imported into Canada have to pay extra duty, but it is also the limit which is found in nature. It corresponds to 12 per cent. by weight and 14.84 per cent. by volume of alcohol. According to Von Babo, wines from musts naturally rich in sugar, and in the fermentation of which the spirit produced has an antiseptic effect, and prevents the complete transformation of the sugar (so-called "Aubruchwein") never contain more than 14 or 15 per cent. by volume of alcohol. On the other hand Thudicum says that "he had made many experiments to must from Spanish grapes, with a view to ascertaining the maximum of alcohol obtainable by fermentation. . . . In no case out of more than 50 was it found to contain more than 22 per cent. of proof spirit. This is equal to 10.15 per cent. by weight and 12.58 per cent. by volume of alcohol. It is thus evident that the limit of 14.84 per cent. by volume of alcohol is not exceeded, especially when it is considered that this corresponds theoretically to 23.48 of grape sugar in the original must, a quantity much higher than the average. According to recent analyses of grape juice these vary in sugar contents from 12.8 to 26.8 per cent., and even in the case of Portuguese and Italian grapes there is no analysis recorded which shows more than 23.6 per cent.

In judging as to whether sugar has been added in the manufacture it becomes necessary to take into consideration some particulars concerning the production of wine as well as the average composition of grape juice, and this Mr. Macfarlane proceeds to explain in a carefully prepared statistics are included in the bulletin, which will doubtless be carefully read by wine producers, dealers and consumers.

THE ART OF SERVING WINES.

To know how to drink wine belongs only to a cultivated taste; to know how to tempt guests to indulge in it with pleasure belongs only to the host gifted with rare tact and artistic discrimination.

A painting from the hand of a master must be placed in a favorable light and its excellence; the most beautiful woman does not the art of enhancing her charms by harmonious auxiliaries or judicious contrasts.

There is, in the same manner, an art and a science in drinking wine. After studying the menu one can decide on a choice of wines and on the order in which they are to be served.

PIC-NIC parties should not fail to include in the lunch basket a supply of ST. JACOBS OIL For Sprains, Bruises, Insect Bites, Sunburn, Headache, Neuralgia, &c., it is invaluable

A good rubbing with the Oil after a day's outing will both surprise and delight you

Job Printing ADVOCATE THE OFFICE ADELAIDE AND VICTORIA STS

The following rules should be observed: With fish, white wines. With meat, rich red wines. At the conclusion of the repast, the oldest red wines.

After the desert, white, sweet sparkling wines.

In regard to the gradation of red wine the rule is to commence with the new and least celebrated. We shall see below the rules are followed by a general rule. A few spoonfuls of soup by their warmth prepare the palate and stomach to fulfil their wholesome function; drop of cold madeira or old sherry gives these organs all the necessary activity. With the oysters, which are followed by the fish, some fine white burgundy or burgundy wines, half dry or sweet, are preferable to champagne frappe. When the fish and oysters are removed, so are these wines.

When meat is on the table the proper accompaniment is the red Bordeaux wine melon and rich, cold in resplendent plum and with a perfumed head. With rich meats—roast beef, veal, bear, mutton—is served excellent, but rich burgundy.

When midway in the feast the guests have arrived at that satisfactory moment when the stomach, still docile, maddened by the judicious gradation of wines, is susceptible of the most delicate impressions, the noble red Bordeaux may make their triumphal entry, and the *moût de châteaux* proudly announces the illustrious names: Chateau Margot, Chateau Lafite!—Chateau Latour!—Chateau Haut Goutte.

After these wines one can enjoy sauternes and quaff a few glasses of the light champagne.—Francis Knicker in the *San Francisco Herald Gazette.*

DON'T WORRY ABOUT The Washing SOAP

It will save you much trouble It will bring you comfort and ease It will save your clothes and bank It does not require washing powder



BRE MONTREAL - QUEBEC LEVIE

JO Pr The E

PRINTING EST AND COMPI

ESTIMATES FOR ALL OF

ABERDEEN

JOHN LABATT'S ALE AND STOUT

NINE GOLD, SILVER AND BRONZE MEDALS

... AND ...
ELEVEN DIPLOMAS

ORIGINAL FLAVOR GUARANTEED PURITY

Recommended by Physicians for Table and Medicinal Use
THE ...
MOST WHOLESOME OF BEVERAGES. ALWAYS THE SAME, SOUND AND PALATABLE. ASK FOR THEM

BREWERY AT—LONDON—CANADA

PRINCIPAL AGENCIES...

MONTREAL—P. L. N. Beaudry, Manager, 123 DeLorimier Ave.

TORONTO—James Good & Co., 220 Yonge Street.

QUEBEC—N. Y. Montreuil, 277 St. Paul Street.

KINGSTON—James McParland, 311 King Street.

LEVIS—P. J. Montreuil, 140 Cote du Passage.

HAMILTON—R. H. Labatt, 81 Hughson Street South.

ST. JOHN, N.B.—Frank Smith, 24 Water Street.

BRANTFORD—J. H. Adams, 135 Colborne Street.

WINNIPEG, MAN.—Strang & Co., 130 Portage Avenue.

REGINA, ASSA.—Charles Howson, Broad Street.

JOB
Printing
The Advocate

PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT IS NEW
AND COMPLETE IN EVERY
RESPECT

Special Attention to the Trade

ESTIMATES FURNISHED
FOR ALL CLASSES
OF WORK

All Classes of ...
Printing, Lithography and Engraving

FINE PRINTING -
A SPECIALTY

LOUIS P. KRIBS, Prop.

ABERDEEN CHAMBERS

Cor. Adelaide and
Terra Nova, ... Toronto

TELEPHONE 1800

THE CANADIAN PHOTO ENGRAVING BUREAU
J. MOORE, J. ALEXANDER, Prop.
16 + 16 WEST ADELAIDE ST. TORONTO ONT.
COPPER, BRASS, ZINC, LEAD, ENGRAVINGS
HALF-TONE SPECIALTY

ADAMS & BURNS
Wine and Spirit Merchants
41 Front Street West, Toronto.

CANADIAN OFFICE & SCHOOL FURNITURE CO. LTD.
PRESTON, ONT.
FINE BANK OFFICE, CHURCH & LODGE FURNITURE
SPECIAL LOW PRICES. SEND FOR CATALOGUE

I CURE FITS!
Valuable treatise and bottle of medicine sent Free to any
sufferer. Give Editors and Post Office address. H. C.
ROBY, M.C., 141 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Ont.

J. W. Lang & Co.

Importers of ...
Wines, Liquors
and Cigars

59, 61 and 63
FRONT STREET EAST, Cor. Church St.

Sole Agents for ...

"GLENASKIT"
SCOTCH WHISKY

TORONTO

MURPHY GOLD CURE CO.'S INSTITUTE

For Treatment of ...

ALCOHOL AND MORPHINE DISEASES AND .
TOBACCO HABIT

253 WELLESLEY ST., TORONTO

WILLIAM HAY, Manager. JOHN TAYLOR, Managing Director.

Patients Treated at Their Residence When Required. Correspondence
Strictly Confidential



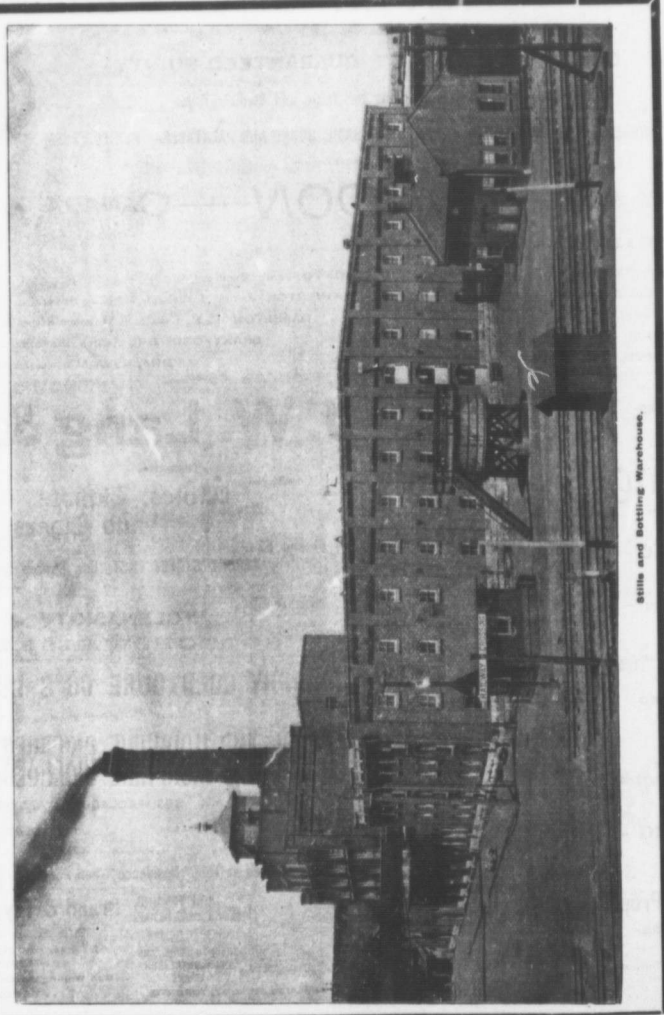
FOR IRON FENCING,
Bank & Office Railings
And all kinds of Iron
Work, address
TORONTO FENCE AND
ORNAMENTAL IRON
WORKS

73 ADELAIDE ST. WEST, TORONTO

Grand & Toy STATIONERS
PRINTERS

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS
OFFICE SUPPLIES
Cor. Wellington and Jordan Streets
.. TORONTO ..

GOODERHAM & WORTS (LIMITED)



Still and Bottling Warehouse.

Established
1832

TORONTO CANADA

Our Potable = Whiskies

Are all Fully Matured in Wood

DISTILLERS MALTSTERS, ETC.

Trade

MARTIN Hotel, was destroyed.
 First of course, hotel k...
 on the 25th, 1891.
 OFFICIAL: Under...
 show a declaration of...
 Mr. GEORGE...
 proprietor of the...
 south the Amer...
 St. West.
 It is a good thing...
 employment to ad...
 on use to advan...
 peering, and the...
 this state in the...
 things.—Herd W...
 Mr. THOMAS D...
 and Central F...
 the same import...
 A detective...
 the other night, a...
 Harry Roge...
 another employe...
 around the bar b...
 several hotels...
 was in the desert...
 by depression...
 hotel, whether it...
 lack it can be le...
 back to get away...
 readings, or, as...
 some house...
 and live at hotels...
 summer resorts. In...
 months past, espe...
 one on the coast...
 in much liked by...
 Job Review.

BOOTH'S HO

We desire to dr...
 orders to an adv...
 in this issue...
 The Booth's Co...
 ads advertised by...
 sent to many re...
 the name of Booth...
 manufacture co...
 goes to the trad...
 entry to the oth...
 bottles the...
 of goods in th...
 The firm announ...
 change is now re...
 application.
 We would advise...
 to communicate...
 before placing

ATTRACTIV
 IRON AND BR

It is often sound...
 in fitting...
 to the old w...
 we understand...
 healthy. It...
 these old fash...
 become, in a...
 dirt, vermin a...
 and getting inf...
 almost imposs...
 but spoiling th...
 nature; scalding...
 ing water, or ex...
 melting lead, dest...
 or in the other wa...
 getting skin to a...
 or a most in...
 in the still...
 skin behind co...
 the occupant...
 later, with a sh

Trade AND Notes.

MARTIN Hotel on King St., Chatham, Ont., was destroyed by fire on the 4th inst.

First fire done damage to Wm. Perry's hotel at Milton on the 6th inst. Loss, \$10,000; contents, \$100.

Overland trade returns at Washington show a decided falling off in the importation of champagne and wines generally.

ME GEORGE BEAUFORT, formerly proprietor of the Yorkville Hotel, has bought the American Hotel, 240 Queen St. West.

It is a good time for business men of all kinds, hotel keepers included, to give employment to all the worthy men they can get to advantage. Business is improving, and the worthy unemployed will share in the better condition of things.—*Hotel World.*

MR. THOMAS DONEY, proprietor of the Grand Central Hotel, St. Thomas, Ont., has received liquor from his bar all summer. A detective was locked in the bar the other night, and at 2:30 in the morning Harry Rogers, night porter, and another employe, were caught, having opened the bar by the flashlight.

Scotch hotels this season have a strange air of depression often helps summer and, whether it is that business is so slack it can be left to itself, or traders seek to get away from disagreeable surroundings, or, as some say, it is cheaper to close house for a month or two and live at hotels, we cannot decide, but summer resorts have done a good business, especially where an informed eye on the coast of Nova Scotia which is much liked by Americans.—*Canadian Ink Review.*

BOOTH'S HOT WATER URNS.

We desire to draw the attention of our readers to an advertisement found elsewhere in this issue of goods manufactured by The Booth Copper Co., Toronto. The goods advertised by this firm are of special interest to many readers of THE ADVOCATE. The name of Booth in connection with a manufacture of Hot Water Urns is new to the trade from one end of the city to the other. They are, we may say, doubtless the largest makers of this class of goods in the Dominion.

The firm announce that their 1894 Fall catalogue is now ready and will be mailed application.

We would advise all intending purchasers to communicate with the Booth Company before placing their orders.

AN ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY OF IRON AND BRASS BEDSTEADS.

It is often wondered why so many hotel men in fitting up their hotels will still use the old wooden bedsteads that are cumbersome and unhandy, not to speak of their being so liable to decay. It is a well-known fact that these old-fashioned pieces of furniture, in a short time, infested with dirt, vermin and germs of disease, get into the cracks and corners, and, almost impossible of dislodgment, then spoil the appearance of the nature; soiling off the varnish with yellow water, or eating it off with some kind of destroyer that leaves an ugly stain on the otherwise clean room that is being taken to a back number garbage bin or a cess-in sewer. Then how men in the stilly night close the old wooden bedstead collapse, depositing its heavy occupancy on the floor among the sheets, with a shock that makes him

dream of earthquakes and thunderbolts.

Rice Lewis & Son, Ltd., have a magnificent display of iron and brass bedsteads in their pavilion at the Exhibition, which is well worth seeing. These bedsteads are free from the defects mentioned above. They have no cracks or crevices to harbor vermin, etc., and every part can be reached by a dry cloth, needing no boiling water or moldorous lye compound to keep them clean and tidy; while they present a far neater appearance than any wooden bedstead ever made. They are very light in weight, therefore easily handled. The prices, also, are all right, being within the reach of all, ranging from \$4.00 each to \$150.00 each or higher if desired. If any of our readers contemplate fitting out a hotel or boarding house, we would advise them to see this firm's exhibit or call at the large store and warehouse on King Street, corner of Victoria, Toronto, where these bedsteads are to be seen in all styles and sizes, and where every courtesy will be shown to all visitors. Write them for catalogue.

WHAT IS HOME WITHOUT MUSIC?

In other words, what is home without a piano? Men and women can exist without relaxation just as they can subsist on bread and water, and without meat and vegetables. But what kind of existence or subsistence would it be?

A piano is in reality as necessary a part of our daily life as meat and drink. Music is the life of the soul, and there is no music at once so easily attainable and so adapted to the home life as that of the piano. But even that kind of music may prove undesirable if the instrument be not made by a first-class firm.

As of all things class there are pinnacles and pianos. A gift agent sometimes gets hold of a purchaser and induces him to purchase an instrument the best part of which is the box or frame. The result is dissatisfaction and a bad, angry, vengeful feeling that at all times should be avoided; and which could be avoided by buying from a reliable firm—a firm that although understands the beauties of tone and the secret of durability.

There is one such firm above all others in the city of Toronto. It is the Gerhard Heintzman Company, of 69 and 75 Sherburne st., whose city warehouses are at 188 Yonge st., who have succeeded in mastering the secrets of piano manufacturing to a superlative degree. As a matter of fact their instruments have reached such a pitch of excellence, that, placed against a Steinway and a Chickering, in purity of tone they will be found to be fully their equal, while for standing wear and tear there is no piano known to the trade that surpasses the Gerhard Heintzman. We can specially recommend it to our friends as being at once of high grade in workmanship, magnificent in tone, and exceptional in material.

To overlook the Gerhard Heintzman in purchasing a piano is to miss an opportunity of securing something out of the common.

ALL-ROUND SPORT.

The Capitals beat the Montreal lacrosse club on Saturday by 5 games to 3.

Baltimore still leads the National League, New York is second and Boston third.

J. P. Bliss has ridden a mile in 1:52 3-5 on a bicycle at Springfield. Tyler's work was 1:15 seconds less.

At Syracuse last week L. A. Callahan, of Buffalo, beat J. S. Johnson in the mile open, the time of which was 2:15 2-5.

Dempsey and McCarthy, of Australia, fought a draw of twenty rounds last week

at New Orleans. The purse of \$2,900 was divided.

Wrigley, the English bicyclist, recently rode 226 miles 1,450 yards in 12 hours. E. J. Steel, on a tricycle, covered 1913 miles in the same time.

The Berlin cricketers got away with Guelph team last week by 177 runs to 10. Dr. Bowley for Berlin made 60, and Saunders for Guelph 54.

The sixth cricket match in the series being played between Chatham and Detroit, was won by the latter club by one run last week. The score was 98 to 97.

Pony Moore, the father-in-law of Charley Mitchell, offered to pit an unknown against Slavin for as high a stake as Slavin would like, but the last-named refused to fight.

The first game of the three to be played between the Colbourn and Guelph baseball teams for the championship was won by Guelph on Saturday by 10 runs to 8.

The Montreal Athletic Association will be represented at the fall games at New York by Teas, Waldron and Clifford Carr, the sprinter, will not be able to go as his bad leg troubles him.

It is estimated that George Gould's expenses while in England were about \$300,000 for the three months. His steam yacht, the Atlanta, cost about \$15,000 a month, and the Vigilant \$10,000.

J. H. Tylers, the English amateur chausson swimmer, broke the 150 yard record in a handicap race by six seconds, last month, his time being one minute 42.3 seconds. Nuttall held the previous record.

The female oarswoman, Tillie Ashley, who arrogates to herself the title of champion sculler of her sex, has accepted the challenge of the St. Louis woman, Miss Rosie Mosenheim, for a 1/2 mile race at St. Louis.

The Hamilton cricketers beat the Parkdale club of Toronto, the other day, at Hamilton, by 129 runs to 113, the first innings. Hamilton made 230 runs for 9 wickets in their second venture. McGivern for them scored 86.

Leut. J. L. Donovan, of the American army, recently rode on a bicycle from Cheyenne to Omaha, a distance of 109 miles, in 9 hours and 35 minutes, to demonstrate to the war department the usefulness of the wheel as a dispatch carrier.

Seven games was the score which the Shamrock lacrosse compiled against the Toronto's at once at Toronto on Saturday last. A match against the Excelsiors at Braupont on Monday resulted in an exactly identical score in favor of the Shamrocks.

George Orton, the Canadian amateur one and two mile champion, now running in the colors of the N.Y.A.C., won the two mile race from Scratch at the New Jersey Club sports last week. Jarvis, Walsh, Herzberg and Hollander were the other starters. Orton led from the start, and finished over 100 feet ahead in 9:48 1-5.

The contest for the pennant of the National Baseball League is rapidly drawing to a close. On Saturday, September 8, the standing was as follows:

Club.	W.	L.	P.C.
1. Baltimore.....	76	36	679
2. New York.....	75	40	625
3. Boston.....	74	40	649
4. Philadelphia.....	66	48	579
5. Brooklyn.....	62	51	549
6. Cleveland.....	57	53	518
7. Pittsburgh.....	55	58	487
8. Chicago.....	50	64	439
9. Cincinnati.....	48	67	417
10. St. Louis.....	46	69	400
11. Washington.....	40	75	348
12. Louisville.....	33	81	289

WE WANT YOU

to **AMPLE OUR COAL.**

Why?

Because a very Sensible Man Considers it his Best Interest.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"OUR SPECIAL" GRADE? It Will Pay You to Do So. You Will Find What You Have Been Long Looking For—

The Best Coal in the Market. Its Heat Producing Qualities are unsurpassed.

ACTUAL TRIAL IS THE BEST TEST.

RING UP 1836

Order a Sample Lot and be Convinced that We Make Things Hot for Our Customers.

THE STANDARD FUEL CO.
58 King Street East

Do Not Insure Your Life . . .

UNTIL you have seen one of the Unconditional Policies of the Manufacturers' Life. Every policy is absolutely without conditions as to habits of life, or manner of death, and is non-forfeitable after the first year from any cause whatever.

Containing some of the most desirable features in life insurance, and issued at the lowest rates, an Unconditional Policy in the

. . . **Manufacturer's Life**

Is Canada's best policy.

HEAD OFFICE:

Yonge Street, Cor. Colborne Street

JOHN F. ELLIS, Managing Dir.
GEO. GOODERHAM, President.
GEO. A. STERLING, Secretary.

Coal AND Wood



CONGER COAL CO.

General Offices:

6 KING ST. EAST

MALTSTERS, ETC.

IN COMPETITION WITH THE WORLD

HONORABLE MENTION

PARIS, 1878.

AWARDED THE HIGHEST
MARK OF MERIT.

Maltsters
Brewers
Bottlers

MEDAL AT THE
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION,
PHILADELPHIA,
1876.

COSGRAVE & Co.

MEDAL AT

THE WORLD'S EXPOSITION,
ANTWERP, 1885.

PALE ALES . . .
EXTRA STOUT
HALF-AND-HALF

PURITY OF FLAVOR
AND
GENERAL EXCELLENCE OF
QUALITY.



Offices, Brewery and Malt Houses, - - - Niagara Street, Toronto.

THE ONTARIO BREWING AND MALTING CO. (Ltd.)

INDIA PALE ALE

AND

- PORTER -

WE GUARANTEE

That this ALE and PORTER is
brewed from pure Malt and
Hops only.

BOTH IN WOOD AND BOTTLES

ASK FOR IT.

311 King Street East, - - - TORONTO

“CANADIAN CLUB”

Distilled and Bottled by

HIRAM WALKER & SONS,
* LIMITED. *

WALKERVILLE, CANADA.



WHISKY

LONDON: 69 & 70 Mark Lane, E.C.

NEW YORK: 1232 Broadway

CHICAGO: 223 & 224 Monadnock Block.

The

LOUIS P. T.

1881-1882

ABERD

Corner Ab

1900

For You", is

Part of

Toronto and Mon

SUPPR

our friends

like fighting the

trouble about the

the other fellow

examination on

fighting him

cessful. We a

that the License

of Montreal had

ing for the abo

as the Dominio

nations it is ur

blind fanaticism

normal to a le

stitute a cons

suggested in the

(1) The aboli

society which re

and seeks to re

abmitted by th

the sale of in

either by cancel

late one, or

penal law, the

tion: (2) the a

we which, in a

Commissioner's

proven that a

in the district

as opposed to

The incensed

deliberately subj

by the Alliance

legitimate trade

any organized

constitutes a co

slightest doubt,

expressed? A

what good can p

expression? A

he has altoget

ture to be suc

an element.

With the sup

if any governm

could be got to

we would not

be believers in

brought to a d

In the contrary

be taken as to r

many always e

Prohibitionist

prints. They

retire of the c

but they would

property honest

The Advocate.

LOUIS P. KRIBS

Editor and Proprietor

ISSUED EVERY WEEK

HEAD OFFICES

ABERDEEN CHAMBERS

Corner Adelaide and Victoria Streets,

TORONTO, CANADA

Telephone 1886.

Subscription:

Per Year, in Advance, \$ 2.00

Advertisements:

Paid of Rates on Application.

Toronto and Montreal, Thursday, Sept. 13, 1894.

SUPPRESSION OF THE ALLIANCE.

Our friends in Montreal evidently feel like fighting the devil with fire. The only trouble about that kind of warfare is that the other fellow has too great a stock of ammunition on hand for the enemy that is fighting him in his own way to be successful. We are given to understand that the Licensed Victuallers' Association of Montreal has a petition in hand praying for the abolition of such organizations as the Dominion Alliance, which organizations it is urged are largely guided by blind fanaticism and thus are not only unjust to a legalized business, but constitute a conspiracy against it. It is suggested in the petition:

(1) The abolition of every incorporate society which refuses to submit to the law and seeks to rebel against the principles enacted by the Legislature concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors, and this order by cancelling their charter, if they have one, or by prohibiting, under a penal law, the creation of such associations; (2) the repeal of that part of the law which, in cities, forbids the License Commissioners to grant a license when it is proven that a majority of the electors in the district where the applicant lives are opposed to the license.

The licensed victuallers' trade is undoubtedly subjected to great annoyance by the Alliance. It is also the only legitimate trade that is so subjected by any organized body. That the Alliance constitutes a conspiracy we have not the slightest doubt, but how is it going to be suppressed? And if it were suppressed what good can possibly come out of such suppression? As we have said the evil one has altogether too much stock in store to be successfully fought with his own element.

With the suppression of the Alliance, if any government, or any ruling body, could be got to take such action, fanaticism would not be squelched, nor would the believers in the organization itself be brought to a different way of thinking. On the contrary, such a procedure would be taken as tyrannical and an exercise of tyranny always wins friends for its victim. Prohibitionists are frequently arch tyrants. They would not only rob a large section of the community of its liberty, but they would confiscate and lay waste property honestly acquired, oftentimes

by a whole life of toil and shift. But while contending for liberty ourselves we cannot deny it to others. We cannot, for instance, prevent people making temperance or Prohibition speeches, and they might as well make them in the assembly room of the Alliance as in the church or in the lodge room.

We believe in absolute liberty for all, so far as speech and thought are concerned, so long as the welfare of the community is not hurtfully affected, and we would not deny, were we able, the right to our opponents to speak against our views even as we speak against theirs; and we would not enter into a band or league having for its object the damaging of another man's business or the depriving him of his personal liberty. The Alliance is as we have said, such an organization, but there is no governing body that dare to suppress it, and if it were suppressed, also as we have said, the agitation would still go on and possibly with renewed vigor. No, the best weapons our friends have in their hands are orderliness, general good conduct and resolute obedience to the law. If the exactions of the law are too severe, and we must confess that we think they are, let us constitutionally agitate for their repeal, but let us do nothing that will bring our cause into ridicule or accentuate the feeling against us.

As to the majority by-law it has always appeared to us iniquitous. If the license authorities think a house of entertainment can reasonably be placed at a given point they should have the liberty to allow it to be so placed; the right, of course, being preserved to the residents to petition in the premises if they see fit, such petition being given due consideration but not to be held as positively mandatory, for it might be that a hundred property holders took it into their heads to ruin the property of ninety-nine others who had a great deal more at stake than they had. Even government by majority can be carried to extremes, don't you think so Mr. Catholic? don't you think so Mr. Protestant?

MAGISTERIAL LAW.

JUDGE JELLS, of Hamilton, has decided that license holders may keep their places open all night between 6 a.m. Monday and 7 p.m. Saturday, provided no liquor is sold during prohibited hours. Carl Blasse, Chas. Schwenger and Wm. Propper, hotel keepers near the Hamilton market, were charged before him with having their places of business open earlier than 6 o'clock in the morning. The case of Blasse was taken first:

Constable Bainbridge was called to the stand by the chief, and said that at 4:29 that morning he saw Blasse's bar lighted up. Blasse was behind it, and there were three men in front of the bar. He did not see any drinking.

"You ordered Blasse to close up," observed Lawyer Beasley to the officer.

"Yes."

"Why?"

"Because I understood his place should have been closed."

Judge Jells told the constable that he had no authority to do so. There was

nothing in the commissioners' by-laws to stop a licensee from being open at that hour.

Chief McKimmon said that he thought he had established a prima facie case that liquor had been sold.

Judge Jells said that was not sufficient on other times than Saturday evening and Sunday. The case did not come under the commissioners' by-law.

"That is all the evidence I have in the other cases," said the chief.

"Then they must be dismissed," Judge Jells remarked, and the defendants were dismissed.

Our excellent contemporary, the *Hamilton Herald* from whom the facts here set forth are taken, doubtlessly unwittingly, rather misleads its readers when it says in its report of the case license holders "will open any time they choose for the benefit of the weary, waiting farmers and butchers." License holders, if they are wise, will do nothing of the kind. Of course they can open their hotels for the purpose of supplying anybody with something to eat or with general accommodation outside the selling of liquor, but they can do no more. As to opening the bar between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m., as they cannot carry on business, they would feel foolish to do any such thing, for, in the first place, they would be misleading the public, in the second would be throwing themselves open to suspicion, and in the third, would be jeopardizing their license, as the commissioners would doubtless consider they had good ground for refusing a license to a man who perpetually kept his bar-door open, even if he did not sell liquor.

Judge Jells' decision is important, as proving that the fact that a bar door is open and men are inside must not be accepted as prima facie evidence that beer or other liquor is being sold, or that the provisions of the license law have been broken. We would not advise our friends, however, to bank too much upon this judgment, for magisterial law is exceedingly uncertain, and it is infinitely better to run no risks. While one judge or justice will refuse to accept the evidence of an informer who enters into a conspiracy to tempt a license holder to break the law, as was most glaringly palpable in the case of the Frayer brothers and Inspector Hastings against Thos. Cunerty, the Queen St. West wine merchant, another, like Col. Denison's deputy, Barrister Kingsford, several of whose rulings have been extremely singular, will regard informers as paragons among men, to doubt whose word would be a sin amounting to a crime.

While on this subject we would like to put one question to Mr. Kingsford, and we trust that gentleman will not be offended thereby. Supposing the detectives were to have a suspicion that a certain man was a thief and, in order to prove their suspicions well founded, tempted him to steal, would he maintain that the methods of the officers were justifiable? Mr. Kingsford will, perhaps, hold that this is not a parallel case. It is not—it is not so extreme as the other. The detectives are permanently appointed officers of the law who could plead that their action was for the benefit of the

community, in so far as prevention is better than cure, and it is advantageous to the community to be deprived of the presence of a possible thief. Messrs. Frayer and Hastings cannot advance the same plea, for, in the first place, the brothers were only temporary creatures of the law and of an obnoxious, unfair and un-British system, and, in the second, no sane man would hold that anybody was benefited by Mr. Cunerty being induced to break the law. Justice holds that the man or woman who causes an operation for abortion to be committed is equally criminal with he or she who performs it. In like manner men who conspire to secure a violation of the law are deserving of being placed in the dock quite as much as the man who falls into their trap, and in many instances a great deal more. In the affair of Mr. Cunerty this latter was glaringly the case, for if he was guilty of any offence under the Act it was unwittingly, as is proved by the very nature of the evidence and by the fact that he declined to sell the flask of whisky alone.

TORONTO'S ENCOURAGEMENT TO FRAUD.

Our excellent contemporary, the *Canada Farmer's Sun*, goes for his supremely spineless majesty Mayor Kennedy in red hot style. It is all over the fake auction businesses which the City of Toronto licenses to the detriment of trade and to the damage of the city's reputation generally. If a man buys of a fakir in the streets he is not very much disappointed if he finds himself lousy for a trifle. In fact, he often buys out of curiosity and would be pleasantly surprised if the article really proved to be all that the vendor claimed for it. But a licensed auctioneer in a shop is a different matter. Here, as the city has received money to allow the business to go on, both the residents and the strangers within our gates have an inherent right to expect that it will be honestly conducted. They have, as we say, an inherent right so to expect, but if they do so expect they will be egregiously disappointed. The auctioneers are as unrighteous and fraudulent in their methods as the green goods and lottery men and should no more be allowed to foist their presence upon a gullible public than that class of people. The least of their offences against honest and honorable dealings is that they misrepresent the merits and value of the goods they sell. They place experts outside and inside their places of business, sometimes hiring apparently simple-minded women of family to aid in their wicked purpose. If an article fails to secure a profitable bid it is bought by a caper and returned to the auctioneer, who does not hesitate to use genuine goods for purposes of his deception, knowing that one of his creatures will buy the good thing in while the outside will purchase the spurious article on which there is likely to be a profit of several hundred per cent. The injury such proceedings do to the business of the honest

traffickers must be apparent to every sane man, and yet the good, pious, holy city of Toronto not only allows them to go on but throws its cloak around them for a paltry license fee of \$20. In ordinary times the action of the city in this matter is had enough, but at a time when we are doing all we can to attract the stranger it is positively criminal. In fact the city makes itself an aider and abettor in the fraud and deception that are openly practiced.

The editor of the *Canada Farmer's Son*, organ of the Patrons of Industry, knowing that many of his subscribers and readers would be among the visitors to Toronto at this season, felt that it was his duty to protect them as far as laid in his power. He accordingly addressed himself directly to Mayor Kennedy. Having pointed out that these so-called auction places were legalized by the city, he put the case before his worship after this style:

"First, it is true the city gains through license fees the sum of \$20. If, for instance, you will find in their stock a brass watch which the maker was honest enough not to brand, but after becoming their property they cause it to be engraved 18k, for the purpose of conveying to the uninitiated that it is an 18k gold watch, and in the course the efforts of the auctioneer are directed towards confirming such an impression. You will also find in their stock watch chains and jewelry that will turn black over night, and you need only a few minutes to verify their statements to be convinced that the money obtained from their victims is gotten under false pretences and misrepresentations.

"Thirdly, you will find these shops existing between the Union Depot and the market on York, King and Yonge Streets. They have a fair-room growth, existing only during fair-time and holiday weeks.

"Fourth, the serious effect on our country visitors, of this city licensing the sale of trashy jewelry and watches by auction under misrepresentation, is such as to cause great damage to the city and its merchants. You, no doubt, are aware that country people are very sensitive, and that when once swindled they lose all confidence in their ability to purchase from strangers and will return home taking with them the balance of the money that they intended to spend during fair week with their minds fully made up to return for a long period, and further holding the opinion that between the Union Depot and the market all merchants on both sides of the street are robbers in whom they can place no confidence whatever.

The *Son's* editor also pointed out that the local newspapers had frequently referred to the iniquities practiced in these places. Naturally enough our contemporaries expected that Mayor Kennedy, being a business man, would at once recognize the evil of the thing complained of. If he did he successfully disguised the recognition, for here is the answer he returned:

"I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter on the subject of 'Jewelry Auction Fairs,' which I have read over and have forwarded the same to the chief of police. I really don't know what can be done in such matters to prevent what you complain of. Of course the simplest

remedy which presents itself to me is for people to keep out of such places, and then they won't be deceived or humbugged. If a man pays \$7 or \$8 for a watch that is only worth \$2, there is no one to blame but himself. However, the chief of police will deal with it as far as he possibly can."

Was there ever such a confession of feebleness, of something worse, of incompetency, of inability to rightly use the good trust imposed in him? He really does not know what can be done! The simplest remedy is for people to keep out of such places! If a man is swindled in a licensed place it is his own fault! God have mercy upon us! And this is the man that a large majority of the electors who used their franchise last January placed in position to guard their most important interests! This is the man they exalted above all his fellows: He doesn't know what to do! He doesn't know enough to withhold the license in the first instance, and to cancel it in the next if misused. He does not know enough to put a trustworthy detective in the place to see that the people are not swindled or defrauded. He does not know enough to hire other men for the service if the regular detectives are too busy elsewhere.

The simplest remedy is for people to keep out of such places! If a man pays \$8 for a thing worth only \$2 on false pretences in a shop licensed by the city of Toronto 'it is his own fault!' And this man, this mayor, is not only the chief magistrate of a civilized city of two hundred thousand inhabitants, but is one of the leaders in a movement having for its object the suppression of a right and liberty of the people! "The Mayor," says the *Son*, "is an ardent advocate of temperance, but he has never been known to assert that the simplest remedy for the evils of intemperance is for men to keep out of the saloons. More drastic measures must be adopted to satisfy him of the safety of a community. Those who license liquor shops are unhesitatingly condemned, and surely those who license dishonest auctioneers ought also to be condemned in like measure."

Our contemporary is at fault when it says "more drastic measures must be adopted to satisfy him of the safety of the community." "More drastic measures must be adopted" for no such purpose; but in Mayor Kennedy's mind must simply be adopted for the enhancement of Mayor Kennedy's personal ambition, for the enhancement of his social and business standing, for the satisfaction of a fad founded not on reason, or on right and justice, or even on religion, but on motives begotten of selfishness and raised on hypocrisy.

If a man is swindled it is his own fault! If he doesn't desire to be imposed upon he should keep out of such places! Mouth-tight such places are to be licensed and are to have thrown around them all the protection the law can afford. This is the moral teaching of Toronto's chief magistrate in the last decade of the nineteenth century. This is the argument of a man who would tyrannically prevent us following the advice of Paul to Timothy,

who would have us pay no heed to the doctrines contained in the New Testament set forth in the following extracts:

St. Luke, Chap. 7; 29 to 39.

"29. And Levi (a publican) made him a great feast in his own house; and there was a great company of publicans and of others that sat down with them.

"30. But they scribbles and Pharisees murmured against his disciples, saying, Why do ye eat and drink with publicans and sinners?"

"32. And Jesus answering said unto them, They that are whole need not a physician; but they that are sick.

"32. I came not to call the righteous, but the sinners to repentance.

"33. And they said unto him, Why do the disciples of John fast often, and make prayers, and likewise the disciples of the Pharisees; but thine eat and drink?"

"34. And he said unto them, Can you make the children of the bridechamber fast, while the bridegroom is with them?"

"37. And no man putteth new wine into old bottles; else the new wine will burst the bottles, and be spilled and the bottles shall perish.

"38. But new wine must be put into new bottles; and both are preserved.

"39. No man also having drunk old wine straightway desireth new; for he saith, The old is better."

Matthew, Chap. xi; 16 to 19.

"16. But whereas I sit likening this thing in the market, and calling unto their fellows.

"17. And saying, We have piped unto you, and ye have not danced; we have mourned unto you, and ye have not mourned.

"18. For John came neither eating nor drinking, and they say, He hath a devil.

"19. The Son of man came eating and drinking, and they say, Behold a man gluttonous, and a wine-bibber, a friend of publicans and sinners. But wisdom is justified of her children."

Truly the Pharisees of old have their faithful followers to-day.

A WORTHY BODY OF MEN.

OUR most excellent contemporary, the *Globe*, hit a nail square on the head when at the end of an editorial on the Exhibition it said: "The institution is a source of large profit to the city, and the shop-keepers and hotel men have acquired a reputation for moderate prices, good service and fair dealing which never fails to bring in good returns, and which is in itself an element of no small importance in the success of Canada's great Fair."

It is undoubted that the hotel men of Toronto are a credit to the city. They are honest, obliging and not grasping. They serve most excellent food, and no matter what is going forward their charges are invariably the same. When they do make any difference it is in the light of a reduction to conventions, etc., in which, so far as they are concerned, there is not a cent of immediate profit. We do not claim for the hotel men of Toronto that they work for nothing and live by the loss, but we do say that they have the good of the city and of the country at heart, and that they frequently put themselves to inconvenience in order to uphold the credit of both. Take them for all in all there is no more kindly, considerate, law-abiding body of men than the hotel-

keepers of Toronto. In fact we can say the same of the whole force of *Hotelkeepers* in Canada. If our so-called *Business* friends had wisdom they would recognize this fact and leave well enough alone.

CONSISTENCY THOU ART A JEWEL.

TORONTO'S mayor is an exemplary man. He declined to welcome a body of men engaged in legitimate trade to the city, but he does not hesitate in his official capacity to grace a banquet given to the president of a foreign insurance company, at which the official and paid for paper says "the wines were the choicest." But then Mr. Kennedy's presence, like the report of the banquet in the daily papers, was paid for. His worship was presented with a portrait of himself. "The presentation," the paid for paper reads, "was followed by tremendous applause and the singing in stentorian tones of the chorus 'We shall be pardoned for asking if the mayor stopped to consider to what extent those 'stentorian voices' were stimulated by 'the choicest wines,' which we are glad to know were served in abundance."

NEW ASSOCIATIONS FORMED.

DEBTS the last ten days Mr. E. Dickie, secretary of the Ontario Ladies Holders' Protective Association, has formed the following local organizations:

South Ontario, at Whitley, the Education being the officers: J. C. Wain, President; D. B. Gies, Secretary; J. M. Gies, Treasurer; J. M. Gies, Brougham, 1st Vice-President; D. W. Withey, Port Perry, 2nd Vice-President; W. Foy, Whitley, Secretary and Treasurer.

South Bruce, at Walkerton, the following being the officers: Wm. Ferguson, Walkerton, President; T. E. Cain, Lucknow, 1st Vice-President; J. J. Brick, Teaswater, 2nd Vice-President; John Meener, Walkerton, Secretary and Treasurer; Harry Hauck, Midway, Auditor.

North Bruce, at Port Elgin, the following being the officers: D. J. Innes, Port Elgin, President; J. Johns, Waton, 1st Vice-President; E. B. Cully, Heyworth, 2nd Vice-President; D. F. Campbell, Port Elgin, Secretary and Treasurer; W. Heiter and J. B. Ashby, Wiarton, Auditors.

Arrangements have also been made for the formation of an association in Centre Bruce.

N.Y. STATE HOTEL-KEEPERS.

Arrangements for Their Visit to Toronto. The New York State Hotel-Keepers' Convention begins at Niagara Falls, N.Y., on September 17th, lasting four days. In connection with the visit of the members to this city on the 21st inst., the Toronto Hotel-Keepers' Association have made the following arrangements for receiving them. Upon the arrival of the boat at Yonge Street wharf the visitors will be met by the Association and a drive will be given them through the city, reaching the Exhibition Park about 2 p.m., where a reception and luncheon will be tendered. Invitations are being sent out to a large number of prominent citizens of this city and it is expected that the close of the luncheon that a few short speeches will be delivered by representative citizens. The visitors will be accompanied from Niagara Falls, New York, by a land-

J. P. WISER,
BARLOW G.
ISAAC P. W.
E. FRANK W.
ALBERT W.

CANADA IS

J. E. SEAGRAM DISTILLER



SOLE MANUFACTURER OF

THESE RENOWNED BRANDS

"OLD TIMES"

"WHITE WHEAT"

Conceded by Connoisseurs
to be the choicest flavored
Whiskies in the Market

DIRECT IMPORTER OF



WINES... AND LIQUORS

Malt and Family
Proof Whiskies
Old Rye, Etc.

J. E. SEAGRAM, - WATERLOO, ONT.

Guaranteed by the Government

WISER'S CANADA WHISKEY

Prescott Distillery

PURE SPIRITS, RYE AND PROOF
ALCOHOL TRADE MARK WHISKIES

J. P. WISER & SONS, (Limited).

ONTARIO, PRESCOTT, CANADA.

Fully Ripened

and Matured

in Wood



OFFICERS

- J.P. WISER, President.
- HARLOW G. WISER, 1st Vice-Pres.
- ISAAC P. WISER, 2nd Vice-Pres.
- E. FRANK WISER, . . . Treasurer.
- ALBERT WHITNEY, . . Secretary.



OFFICERS

Fully Ripened

and Matured

in Wood



CANADA IS THE ONLY COUNTRY IN THE WORLD WHERE WHISKEY IS BOTTLED **IN BOND**, AND THE ONLY COUNTRY THAT CERTIFIES TO BOTTLED WHISKEY. THE GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATE, WHICH IS ON EVERY BOTTLE, GUARANTEES THE AGE, STRENGTH AND QUANTITY.

THE MOST ...
RELIABLE

ALES

IN CANADA



CRYSTAL ALE

CREAM ALE

NOURISHING PORTER

Milwaukee Lager Beer

Brewed and Bottled in Toronto by

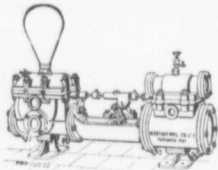
The Davies Brewing Company

WRITE US FOR

DUPLEX .

AND .

. SINGLE



Steam and
Power . . .

PUMPS

NORTHEY MANUFACTURING CO., Ltd.

TORONTO, ONT.

ROLPH SMITH & CO.
ENGRAVERS
Lithographers,
Stationers.
Office Stationery
Labels, Snow Cards
49 WELLINGTON ST. WEST.
TORONTO.
BREWERS DISTILLERS & LABELS A SPECIALTY

CHINA HALL

ALUMINUM...

Shakers, Strainers
Trays, Spice Boxes
Bottle Holders, etc.



PAPER
JULEP
STRAWS

...Full Lines of...
Tumblers, Wines, Cocktails,
etc.

JUNOR & IRVING, 49 King St. E., Toronto.
Telephone 2177

ROCK BREWERY

PRESTON, ONT.

Lager Beer

Best in Canada.

PETER BERNHARDT, Prop.

HUTCHINSON & PETERSON

Manufacturers of all kinds of

**Bottle Stoppers, Bottlers' Sup-
plies, Syrups, Extracts, and
Soda Water Supplies.**

106 Front St., East - TORONTO

A.E. CALDWELL
DESIGNER &
ENGRAVER
ON WOOD
10 KING ST. E., Over J. E. BELL & Co.
Toronto

**TORONTO
STEAM
LAUNDRY**

109

YORK STREET



TELEPHONE 1605

TORONTO'S GREAT FAIR.

An Admirable Display of Horses

Details of the Racing.

The sixth annual Industrial Exhibition of Toronto is not being held under the most auspicious circumstances. Rain, which has been for a day or two, has been followed by an unpleasant chilliness and dampness that makes one's eyes overcast and sight obscured. Still the exhibition appears to meet a success as ever and of great attraction as ever to our class of old friends. And so it should, for the various features were never more numerous. Whichsoever visit the visitor may expect some new and novel sights as well as the amusement provided is of such excellent variety as to vie in the aggregate with several of the so-called great shows on earth. What a man or woman cannot see at the Toronto Exhibition in a general way can fairly be put down as not worth seeing.

As usual the horse ring is the centre of attraction, as it is here that the wrestling, the performance of leopards, the mounted soldiers, trick bicyclists, acrobats, dancers, concertists, etc., etc., are presented to the public as well as the racing and judging of the hunters, saddle horses and driving. The horses taken place, and which are the favorites, which this year were creditably supplied by J. H. Hamilton, who was assisted by the Governor-General's Body Guard, the Toronto Field Rifles, the famous 4th and 5th Regiments, who turned out in force and made most gallant and brilliant showing. Our interest, however, was almost entirely centred in the horses, who although very strong, were all in a trifle short of the best yearling, the deficiency being probably due to the inconvenience of showing on the new grounds, encumbered as they are with fireworks, scenery and performing platforms, in 1892 and 1893. This year, however, the inconvenience does not exist, for provision was made for judging of the horses in four rings to the east of the stables and north-east of the track. These were most happily arranged and afforded about all the facilities needed for judging, besides giving the public an excellent opportunity to observe what was going forward. Besides the lessening there was dog racing, in which the principal competitors were Mr. Boham's famous Dog and Mr. J. A. Perry Victor, the former as usual proved to say conqueror by going the half-mile in 1:51 and 1:50, and really a marvellous performance for a dog trotting.

Details of the horse races are given in another column below. The contests were hardly conducted with the precision and respect for exactness that characterizes regular race gatherings they are of interesting and in several instances were of a judiciously chosen character. On Thursday of last week, when Messrs. J. A. Perry Victor and John Macdonald had been their dog-race horses and colts and Mr. Mead and Mr. Harton Walker, brought green hunters. There was a very interesting display of each section, but after some difficulty awards were made as follows:

- 1. Dog and colts horses, style and action, mare going, 1 year and over, not under 15 lbs.
 - 1. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Handsomest animal from an excellent animal from the best blood.
 - 2. Meredith, London—Bay gelding.
 - 3. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding, not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 1. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding by the best blood.
- 2. Meredith, London—Bay gelding; ran the best.
- 3. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 4. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 5. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 6. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 7. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 8. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 9. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.
- 10. Doggie H. Grand, Buffalo—Bay gelding; not under 15 and not over 15 lbs.

2. L. Meredith, London—Finest proportioned and well bred grey mare.

3. Robert Bell, Bowmanville—Natty bay mare, by more than a dozen of the breeders, buyers and more likely to attract the attention of a buyer.

4. Light weight green hunters, carrying not less than 14 pounds, best performance over four successive jumps, 20 feet each.

1. Adam Beck's, London, b.m. Charles.

2. W. J. Allen's, St. Catharines, ch.m. Daisy.

3. Robert Bell, Bowmanville—Natty bay mare, by more than a dozen of the breeders, buyers and more likely to attract the attention of a buyer.

4. Light weight green hunters, carrying not less than 14 pounds, best performance over four successive jumps, 20 feet each.

1. Adam Beck's, London, b.m. Charles.

2. W. J. Allen's, St. Catharines, ch.m. Daisy.

Senator Cochrane, Mr. Robert Beith, M. P., and Mr. George Hastings each made great displays of Hackneys.

Following are the details of the racing:

First Day—Tuesday, September 3.

The 3-minute trot and 2:45 trot were called, but were left unfinished on account of rain.

Second Day—Wednesday, September 5.

No trotting or racing of any kind on account of rain and frightful track.

Third Day—Thursday, September 6.

Stallions, 12 hands and under—First, George Pepper, Toronto, with Charles Burgess and second, T. Holland's Black Diamond, jr.; third, G. W. Robinson, Kingston.

4th Thursday, Mr. R. Robert Graham, Clearmont, and Mr. James Torrance, Markham, made awards in the pony classes as follows:

Stallions, 12 hands and under—First, George Pepper, Toronto, with Charles Burgess and second, T. Holland's Black Diamond, jr.; third, G. W. Robinson, Kingston.

4th Thursday, Mr. R. Robert Graham, Clearmont, and Mr. James Torrance, Markham, made awards in the pony classes as follows:

Stallions, 12 hands and under—First, George Pepper, Toronto, with Charles Burgess and second, T. Holland's Black Diamond, jr.; third, G. W. Robinson, Kingston.

4th Thursday, Mr. R. Robert Graham, Clearmont, and Mr. James Torrance, Markham, made awards in the pony classes as follows:

A. Proctor's, Toronto, b.k.m. Holl W., by Hon. Marcell jr., dam by Royal George.

H. Currell & Sons' b.m. Walter A., by Oliver Wilkes—Daisy.

5th Friday—Saturday, September 8.

Judges, R. R. Pringle, W. W. Taylor; starter, J. M. Macfarlane; assistant starter, George H. Briggs.

The runners made their appearance on the track for the first time on Saturday. Two events brought out large fields. The track was muddy with the rain of the previous night, but was remarkably hard under the circumstances. The first race was an open one, half-mile heats, best two in three. Summaries:

Open running race—half-mile heats; best two in three; weight for age.

Nightlight H. b.m., C. Phair, Toronto, 1:10 lbs. Murray.

Colombus, b.g., by Columbia, W. Northgrove, Drayton, 115 lbs. Ellison, 1:11.

King Bob, b.m., John Dymont, Orkney, 122 lbs. Dymont.

Colombus, b.g., by Columbia, W. Northgrove, Drayton, 115 lbs. Ellison, 1:11.

King Bob, b.m., John Dymont, Orkney, 122 lbs. Dymont.

FALL FAIRS, 1894.

Secretaries of Agricultural Societies are requested to forward such information concerning their respective fairs as will aid in making this list complete.

Toronto, Ont.	Sept. 3-15
Quebec	Sept. 10-15
Montreal	Sept. 13-24
London, Ont.	Sept. 13-22
Kingston, Ont.	Sept. 17-21
Herwick	Sept. 18
Winchester	Sept. 18-19
Marmoung	Sept. 18-19
Renfrow, Ont.	Sept. 18-19
Wellesley, Ont.	Sept. 18-19
Colourne	Sept. 18-19
Barrie	Sept. 18-20
Whitby, Ont.	Sept. 18-20
Perth, Ont.	Sept. 18-20
Guelph	Sept. 18-20
Midway	Sept. 20
Belleville, Ont.	Sept. 18-21
Waterloo, Que.	Sept. 19-20
Wales	Sept. 19-20
Markdale	Sept. 20-21
New Hamburg	Sept. 20-21
Pinkerton	Sept. 21
Port Perry	Sept. 21
Clarksonburg	Sept. 20-22
Bowmansville, Ont.	Sept. 21-22
Cornwall	Sept. 21-22
Ottawa, Ont.	Sept. 21-22
Idleton	Sept. 21-22
Palmerston	Sept. 21-22
Waterford	Sept. 24-25
Cartwright	Sept. 24-25
Tavistock	Sept. 24-25
Peterborough, Ont.	Sept. 24-26
Stirling	Sept. 25
Georgetown	Sept. 25-26
Uxbridge	Sept. 25-26
Berlin	Sept. 25-26
Orangeville	Sept. 25-26
Goderich, Ont.	Sept. 25-26
Cayuga, Ont.	Sept. 25-26
Woodstock, Ont.	Sept. 25-26
Paisley, Ont.	Sept. 25-26
Woodville	Sept. 25-26
Threacher's Corners	Sept. 25-26
Dashoro	Sept. 25-26
Milverton	Sept. 25-26
Prescott	Sept. 25-27
Avonmore	Sept. 25-26
Buck's Hill	Sept. 25-26
Wingham	Sept. 25-26
Ripley	Sept. 25-26
Stratroy	Sept. 25-27
North Grey	Sept. 25-27
Charlottetown	Sept. 25-28
Collingwood, Ont.	Sept. 25-28
Zarich	Sept. 26-27
Napanee	Sept. 26-27
St. Thomas	Sept. 26-27
Lansley, Ont.	Sept. 26-28
Williamstown	Sept. 26-27
Brantford, Ont.	Sept. 26-28
Harwich	Sept. 26-28
Stratford, Ont.	Sept. 27-28
Brampton, Ont.	Sept. 27-28
Port Elgin	Sept. 27-28
Fleurbaey	Sept. 27-28
Seaford	Sept. 27-28
Dundas	Sept. 27-28
Belgrave	Sept. 27-28
Blenheim	Sept. 27-28
Hespeler	Sept. 27-28
Springfield	Sept. 27-28
Cambridge, Ont.	Sept. 28-29
Norwich	Sept. 28-29
Simonsville	Sept. 29
Carleton Place, Ont.	Oct. 1-2
Mifflin	Oct. 2
Foxed	Oct. 2
Glouce	Oct. 2
Forest	Oct. 2
Acton	Oct. 2
Wroxeter	Oct. 2
Alisa Craig	Oct. 2
Bethany	Oct. 2
South Wentworth, James' Truck	Oct. 2
Arran and Tara	Oct. 2
Mitchell	Oct. 2
Arthur, Ont.	Oct. 2
Paris, Ont.	Oct. 2
Cookstown, Ont.	Oct. 2
Beansville	Oct. 2
Sunderland	Oct. 2
Oxford	Oct. 2
South St. Marie	Oct. 2
Chatham	Oct. 2
Stayner, Ont.	Oct. 2
Alamonte, Ont.	Oct. 2
Chatham, Ont.	Oct. 2
Walkerton, Ont.	Oct. 2
Princeton, Ont.	Oct. 3
Bolton	Oct. 3
Aberfoyle	Oct. 4
Enbro	Oct. 3
Markham, Ont.	Oct. 4
Galt	Oct. 4
Wallacetown	Oct. 4
Millbrook	Oct. 4
Elora, Ont.	Oct. 4
Beachburg, Ont.	Oct. 4
Southview	Oct. 4
Beachburg	Oct. 4
Burlington	Oct. 4
Waterford	Oct. 4
Bark's Falls	Oct. 5
Nassagaweya	Oct. 5
Oakwood	Oct. 5
Wheatley	Oct. 5
Otterville, Ont.	Oct. 5
Fordwich	Oct. 6
Ridgeway, Ont.	Oct. 8
Tilsenburgh, Ont.	Oct. 9
Drumbo	Oct. 9
Shelburne	Oct. 9
Ricketon	Oct. 9
Bartholomew Stn	Oct. 9
Barford, Ont.	Oct. 11
Cardwell, at Beeton	Oct. 11
Dungannon	Oct. 11
Cooksville	Oct. 12
Thetford	Oct. 12
Woodbridge, Ont.	Oct. 17
Delaware	Oct. 17
Simco	Oct. 18
Erin	Oct. 17-18

FIXED DATES FOR 1894.

In this column will be inserted free prices and fall fair dates. Friends are requested to keep us closely posted.

CANADA

Hamilton (James' Truck)	Sept. 18-20
Belleville	Sept. 18-21
Orillia	Sept. 20-21
Halifax, N.S.	Sept. 24-27
St. Johns, Que.	Sept. 25-26
Prescott	Sept. 25-27
Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Sept. 25-28
Montreal (Bel Air J.C.)	Sept. 27-29
Montreal Hunt Club	Oct. 4-6
Toronto Hunt Club	Oct. 6-13
Tilsenburgh	Oct. 9-11
New Westminster, B.C.	Oct. 10-11

FOR 1895.

Hamilton	June 29, July 1-3
Windsor	July 1-5

MASSACHUSETTS

Breeders' Meeting, Boston	Sept. 25-29
Fall River, Mass.	Oct. 15

NEW YORK

Plattsburg	Sept. 11-14
Canton	Sept. 11-14
Florence	July 17-20
Gettysburg	Sept. 15-18
Malone	Sept. 15-18

MICHIGAN

Howard City	Sept. 12-14
Grand Rapids	Sept. 12-15
Bay City	Sept. 20-22
Grand Rapids	Sept. 20-22
Ionia	Oct. 15

GRAND OCEAN

Philadelphia, Pa.	Sept. 11-14
Baltimore, Md.	Sept. 15-18

URNS...



For Hot Water, Tea or Coffee
With Tumbler Water and Beer Warmer

Handsome
Durable
Ornamental

A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND...

Correspondence Solicited

1894 Catalogue Mailed on Application

THE BOOTH COPPER CO. TORONTO, ONT.

GEO. BOOTH, Prop.

BLAKE'S BARREL FOR LIQUIDS

Canadian Patent No. 88,450
Dated March 9, 1894

OF SPECIAL IMPORTANCE TO THE BREWING INTEREST.

A BARREL, CASK OR KEG WITHOUT STAVES OR SEPARATE HEADS, COMPOSED OF INDURATED PAPER PULP

SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR LAGER, ALE, and PORTER

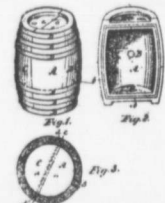


FIG. 1 is an exterior view of Cask.
FIG. 2 is an interior perspective view of one section of the Cask.
FIG. 3 is a transverse horizontal section through middle of Cask.

ADVANTAGES

Greater Strength, the materials being unabsorbent. Weight, about half that of an ordinary Cask of equal capacity.
Perfectly impervious to the contents, thus avoiding that constant source of trouble to Breweries, Foul Casks. Is perfectly inodorous.

The Patentee is willing to grant licenses or negotiate with parties desirous of undertaking the manufacture of and placing the invention on the market. Apply to

R. P. BLAKE, Ottawa, Ont.

REINHARDT & CO.

Lager Beer Brewers . . . Toronto



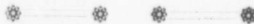
Only Brewers in Canada of those justly Celebrated Brands, viz :

Export **"SALVADOR"**

Select **"HOFBRÄU"**

Genuine **"BOCK"**

Original **"BAVARIAN"**



Liquor Merchants and Leading Hotels throughout the Dominion handle these Goods

J. E. Doyle & Co.

Manufacturers of

Corks

Importers of

CAPSULES, CORKING MACHINES
TINFOIL,
BOTTLING WAX AND WIRE

441 St. James Street, - - Montreal

P.O. BOX 502

Corks of any Size Cut to Order

HARVIE & CO.

- Box Makers -

36 SHEPPARD STREET, - - TORONTO

.....

Brewers' Cases a Specialty....

Best Workmanship - Best Materials
Sealing Fasteners -
Pins, Address, etc., Printed on Cases to Order.
Low Prices - Prompt Delivery.

.....

For particulars to

HARVIE & CO.

OWEN SOUND BREWERY

PALE ALES
EXTRA... DOUBBLE STOUT

EATON BROTHERS
BREWERIES AND MALTSTERS

... ..

PRINCIPAL AGENTS:

TORONTO J. A. THOMPSON, 244 Yonge St.,
Wholesale Agent.

" WM. MARR, 79 Yonge Street,
Retail Agent.

HAMILTON JAMES OSBORNE & SON,
PORT ARTHUR W. H. DAVIS.

Dominion Copper and Brass Works

COULTER & CAMPBELL

Manufacturers of

DISTILLERS', BREWERS'
and CONFECTIONERS' . . .
COPPER and BRASS WORK

Also Marine Varnish and Dyers'
Copper and Brass Work to order.
All Orders Promptly Executed.

155-157 GEORGE STREET

FIRSTBROOK BROS.

TORONTO, ONT.

Manufacturers of

Dovetail

and . . .

Packing Boxes

TELEGRAPH AND
TELEPHONE TOP PINS, SIDE BLOCKS
AND CROSS-ARMS

Wood Printers, Etc.

SHIPPING CASES
With Our Patent Hasp for Seal Fastener.

BOOTH

ESTABLISHED 1854

COPPER WORK

FOR BREWERS
and... DISTILLERS

Correspondence Solicited

The Booth Copper Co., Toronto, Ont.

M. McConnell

WHOLESALE IMPORTER

— OF —

Wines, Liquors AND CIGARS

OFFICE AND BONDED WAREHOUSE:

46 Colborne Street, - - Toronto.

BOWIE & CO.

BREWERS

Brockville, - - Ontario

R. BOWIE A. G. BOWIE

FALL MEETINGS IN CANADA.

FIRST DAY AT BRUSSELS.

BRUSSELS, September 2nd.—The first day's meet of the Brussels Driving Association was held here today. The weather was all that could be desired. The attendance was large. Summaries:

Table listing driving meet results including names like Saraux, J. Dalmage, and various horse names and times.

Second Day.

BRUSSELS, September 3th.—The second day's meeting of the Brussels Association was fairly well attended. The rain of the morning put the track in fine condition. Summaries:

Table listing driving meet results for the second day, including names like M. G. P. Scott and various horse names.

PICKED THE WINNER.

But His Money Was in the Hands of a Welcher.

HYDRA AID, in the Chicago Evening Herald, relates the following interview with Charles Cavaros, who tried to beat the English Derby, but landed in the hands of a "welcher."

"When I read the anecdote told by Colonel M. Lewis Clark and George Warren of winning their wagers on Doncaster in the English Derby of 1873, and when I remembered being present on the track that day and playing that wretched game Forward to beat Kaiser and Doncaster in that same race I felt inclined to go back to the oaths of my youth. However, I have the satisfaction of knowing that I got even with the portentious children of Albion, as some one has rightly called them, and it was also an Derby, the one won by Setton.

"Arrived in London, I secured my seat in one of the Derby day coaches and soon arrived at Epsom Downs. I took much interest in the races preceding the Derby, and amused myself gazing at the charming costumes of the beau monde. The track was very sloppy, but overhead the sun was shining brightly and life appeared one continuous round of pleasure. At three o'clock the Derby candidates were paraded. I watched them closely, but failed to make a selection. When seeking a good position to view the race from, I was accosted by a bookmaker who handed me his card and proffered to lay me the odds against anything in the race. I looked at the card and read:

"Zanbusi Sefton Club, Liverpool. A coincidence, a thought a hunch." Doncaster, Setton shall win, and I shall gain both lure and revenge. Eagerly I acquired Setton's price: 12 to 1, was the reply, and 3 to 1 to show. To hesitate would be to lose. I placed two crisp 100 was to lose. A pleasant note in Mr. Zanbusi's hands, and feverishly watched him write in his little betting book 1,200 to 100, and 300 to 100 Setton. What

hoke's a velvet? A Walsher, sure then, and I have neither my money, my revenge, nor my hat. Long and weary is my journey back to London, and I am momentarily reminded of my lost heg- lar by the constant inquiries, 'ave yer lost yer 'ed has well has yer?'



BILLIARDS and POOL TABLES

Low Prices and Easy Terms

Billiard Goods of Every Description.

Ivory and Celluloid Billiard and Pool Balls manufactured, repaired and re-colored. Bowling Alley Balls, Pins, Pool Chalks, Marking Boards, Swing Cushions, etc., etc. Estimates for Alleys given on application. Send for our 1920 Catalogue to

Samuel May & Co.

BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS 68 KING ST. WEST - TORONTO



CORKS CORKS

P. FREYSENG & CO.

Manufacturers of

Machine Cut Corks

OFFICE AND FACTORY:

Cor. Queen and Sumach Sts.

TORONTO

Every Description of Corks on hand and cut to order. Also Cork Wood, Cork Life Preservers, Bottling and Capping Machines, Bottling Wire, Caponets, Tin Foil, Bottle Baskets, etc.

BAR SUPPLIES...

- List of bar supplies including Jiggers, Shakers, Wood Muddlers, Strainers, Bitters Tubes, Corks, Bottle Holders, Tumbler Holders, Ice Scoops, Ice Strainers, Automatic Cork Screws.

RICE LEWIS & SON (Limited)

Cor. King and Victoria Sts., TORONTO

BAR SUPPLIES... IS OUR SPECIALTY

A full range of the BEST American Flint Tumblers at less than wholesale sale prices. See our goods and prices. They can't be beat.

RUSSELL'S

IN THE MARKET PHONE 2427

Advertisement for \$5,000,000 insurance policy with text 'St. Jacobs Oil' and 'its timely use not only saves money, but much suffering'.

Advertisement for 'FREE ISLAND WINE' featuring a bottle illustration and text 'Our WINES are the best produced in Canada'.

Advertisement for CLARE BROS. & CO. HEATING, PRESTON, ONT., with text 'We are successfully Heating more Homes in Canada than any other firm.' and 'WHY?'.

JUST WHAT YOU WANT!

IMPROVE... THE... APPEARANCE OF YOUR BAR... WITH ONE OR TWO OF PARKER'S HOT WATER HEATERS



Highly Nickel Plated. Heats with Gas, Oil or Electricity.

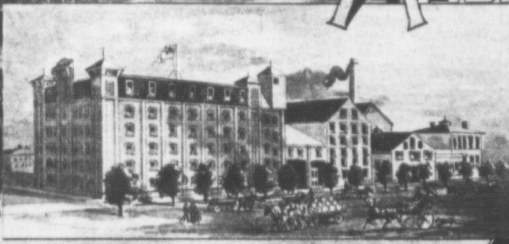
Send for Circular and Net Prices

J. O. PARKER & CO.,

TORONTO - ONT.

Fragment of an advertisement on the right edge, including text like 'Our S... and 48th H... John Taylor... BALMORAL... JOHN... COMMERCIAL... THE PALACE... Cbe Russ... F. X. ST. JA... QUEEN'S HOTEL...'

THE TORONTO BREWING & MALTING CO. (LTD)



CO. (LTD)
SIMCOE ST.
TORONTO.

We guarantee our productions to be brewed from pure malt & hops only. Our SPECIAL BRAND **DIAMONDALE** is brewed from the finest imported hops & the choicest malt & will compare favourably with any bottled ale imported or domestic on the market.

OUR BRANDS ARE
DIAMOND ALE.
INDIA PALE ALE.
AMBER ALE.
EXTRA STOUT.
HALF & HALF

SMOKE
Our Superior

AND 48th HIGHLANDER CIGARS
John Taylor, - - - Toronto.

TWO WORLD'S FAIR GOLD MEDALS
SPOONER'S
PHENYLE
THE FINEST DISINFECTANT KNOWN FOR
BREWERS AND HOTEL USE

ALONZO W. SPOONER, Sole Mfr., Port Hope, Ont.

Hotels

- Bowmanville.**
DIPLOMAT HOTEL, Bowmanville, Ont. One of the best equipped hotels in West-Canada. Four Superior Rooms. JOHN DARCH, Proprietor
- Hamilton.**
COMMERCIAL HOTEL, HARRY MANN, Prop. Best \$5.00 per day House in the City
- Ottawa.**
The Russell, . . . OTTAWA THE PALACE HOTEL OF CANADA

- Preston.**
HOTEL DEL MONTE = Mineral Springs = ROBERT W. ALDER, - - - Proprietor PRESTON, ONT.
- Toronto**
BROWN'S HOTEL, Cor. Simcoe and Wellington Sts. Newly furnished throughout. One minute's walk from Union Station. BROWN BROS., Proprietors
- EUROPEAN HOTEL,** 30 King Street West, Toronto. ED. CLANCY, Proprietor.

Port Hope.
QUEEN'S HOTEL, Port Hope, Ont. Leading hotel in town. Centrally situated. Sample Rooms on ground floor. A. A. ADAMS, Proprietor

GLADSTONE HOUSE, 120 1/4 Queen Street West. Special Rates for Families and Boarders. Rates, \$1.00 Per Day. Mrs. S. HOBSON, Proprietress. H. HOBSON, Mgrs. Telephone 2004.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL, Cor. Winchester and Parliament Sts. JOHN AVIAT, Prop.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, McGaw & Winnert, Proprietors. The leading hotel in the city.

Toilet Papers

\$7 to \$16 Per Case
PUT UP IN FLAT PACKAGES
PLAIN AND PERFORATED ROLLS
ALSO At Mill Prices
FIXTURES
THE E. B. EDDY CO.
Branches: MONTREAL and TORONTO

TORONTO LITHOGRAPHING & ENGRAVERS Co.

FOR ALL PURPOSES BY ALL PROCESSES.

DAWES & CO.
Brewers
PALE ALES AND PORTER
Lachine, P.Q.

Montreal Office, 521 St. James St.
BELL TELEPHONE, 563

RUPTURE

Cured Without Operation

The Wilkinson Truss
Leading Surgeons of this City say it is the Best. Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.
B. LINDMAN
Rossin House Block, King St. W.



None but the following city bottles are authorized to use our labels:
EUGENE BEAUDIN, . . . 271 Visitation
J. FLEZOR CAHME, . . . 174 Wolfe
MOISE VIVAT, . . . 30 Turgeon, St. Henri.

Wit and Humor.



They Would Wait.

YOU SA, STEPHENSON OF MANCHESTER, '84! There's two car-bons, and I'm all in a tremble with game fever!

A FABLE FOR FATHERS.

HE WAS the son of a worthy Manchester citizen, and had just returned from college. His father was a learned, matter-of-fact man, who had no liking for any thing pronounced, and he noticed with sorrow that his son returned with the latest thing in collars, and various other insignia of a dished-out. The old gentleman surveyed him critically when he appeared in his office, and then blurted out: "Young man, you look like an idiot."

Just at that moment, and before a fitting reply, a friend walked in. "Why, hellos, Billy, have you returned," he asked. "Dear me, how much you resemble your father!" "So he has been telling me," replied Billy. And from that day to this the old gentleman has and no fault to find with his son.

TURN ABOUT.

I thought a tearing cold, and found a winter he would never be here. Alas! I broke him in the Spring. And in the Summer he broke me!

SUMMER.

Ethel: "Here is the loveliest house-coat that I bought for Tom, and he doesn't seem to care for it the least bit." Clara: "I can tell you how to make him value it above everything." Ethel: "Oh, how?" Clara: "Tell him that you've given it away to some poor man."

THE DUCKS WORE THEM.

Charlie: "I don't think those bullet-proof coats are so very wonderful that people should make the fuses they do over them, duncester know." Ned: "My dear boy, it's a great invention." Charlie: "Nonsense! Every duck I ever shot at had one on."

NOT OF THE SAME.

Had in hand The horse-god, The moon, the silent Lake, a row. A month has passed They've married now! A month, a row. Or two, a row.

SHOCKING IMPECCABOSITY.

Fred Journalist: "Lend me half a dollar, will you?" Scound Journalist: "Can't I?" Fred Journalist: "What's the matter - broke?" Scound Journalist: "I should say so. Worse than the ten commandments."

TO BE SURE!

Boop: "Is there no ornithological name for riches?" Nops: "I don't know. Why?" Boop: "Do they not take into them selves wings and fly away?"

JUST THE THING.

Fred Fossil (of intending ground): "Well, we'll have to give them a present. What will it be and how much shall we spend?" Scound Fossil: "I don't know. It'll go as deep as you." Fred Fossil: "Let's send something that will make a big show for our money." Scound Fossil: "All right. What's the matter with a load of hay?"

OVERLID HIS PART.

Teacher: "Why did you put that tin in my chair?" Scholar: "Bo-hoo! How do yer know I put it dere?" Teacher: "Because you were the only boy in the room who was hard at work studying when I sat on it."

HE FORGOT HIMSELF.

WHEN the new landlord came in to dinner it was rather late. Only one or two were at the table beside the landlady. He spoke to no one until the waiter laid a plate of meat before him and then he burst out:

"Great Scott! Do you call this a dinner fit for a civilized man? Why on earth don't you get some victuals fit to eat! What do you call this carbon here!" He did not finish his question, for as his eye swept up to the head of the table he caught the landlady's stern glance, and she interrupted him with anger in her tones:

"What do you mean, sir, by such questions? I'd have you know that I am not accustomed to hear such unwell-to-do criticism of my table, and I won't have it. If you don't like the food, and if you can't behave yourself, you can hunt another boarding place and do it right away."

The complainant quailed under this rebuke and replied submissively. "I beg your pardon, ma'am. Indeed I do. I forgot for the moment that I was away from home and thought I was talking to my wife. It shan't occur again."

A GREAT COUNTRY.

Dennis (just over): "That's thin iron things runnin' up thin build'ks, I don't know?" O'Loon: "Thin's fire-escapes, sure." Dennis: "Ye don't say? An' do the fire escape up an' 'bout thin things?"

HIS QUALIFICATION.

Arist: "How do you know you would make a good model?" Fred Willson: "Cause I's such a durned good sifter."

SATISFIED WITH A REASONABLE PROFIT.

Small Scholar: "If you get me one hundred per cent. in my next examination, I'll give you a dollar." Teacher: "Why, Isaac, I'm ashamed of you! What pay such an abominable idea into your head?" Small Scholar: "My fader promised me two dollars dere first time I got one hundred per cent."



Discreet Judgment.

Kelly (captain of the town-pollers, ready-waggle): "Fair decision, dere, emprise. I tagged de even above he looked de blots. Fair judge mind, dere. He's out!" Sawyer (captain of the New-pollers, who has failed the emprise, first-round): "Dat man's safe, emprise. He could read a book on dat plate afore Kelly tagged 'im. He's a g'wonder!" Seaside (the umpire, and who has failed Kelly): "S.A.P.'! deal safe! An' I kin Cap de emprise. I'd say ball!"

VALOR'S BETTER PART.

Teacher: "What is discretion?" Bud Bow: "Gittin over the fence first when ye'll nuther feller names."

A MAN never realizes the superiority of woman so much as when he is sewing on a button without a thimble, pushing the needle against the wall to get it half way through, and pulling it through the other half by hanging on to it with his teeth.



The Disadvantage of Poverty.

Missionary: "My poor man, don't you know that strong drink stings like a serpent and heth like an adder?" BROTHER AGONIZING PARTY (sober): "This don't, lady. It's only twenty-five cent watered stuff. 'Tis no too poor to buy the kind you refer to!"

THE COMMERCIAL INSTINCT.

Little Loo: "Say, Batsy, all yer good luck yer very hard for yer good home?" Little Patsy: "You just will make my Little Loo." "So will none, Batsy. Led's stay in der vater-dre. He's more and so get full der value for our thing."

NOT AT ALL WORRIED.

Audlin: "Oh, Mr. Chaspe, where's your arm?" Jones: "Oh, never mind my arm; I'd look for it when I want it."

RUBBER HOSE

Brewers' Supplies

RUBBER

Manufactured and Kept in Stock

THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO.

OF TORONTO, LTD.

61-63 Front Street West

TORONTO



Billiard Tables BOWLING ALLEYS Supplies

REID BROS. & CO.

BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS 102 and 106 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

To the Editor: Please inform your readers that we have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. We shall be glad to send two bottles of our remedy free to any of your readers who wish consumption if they will send us their name and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM & CO., 186 Adelaide St. W. Toronto, Ont.

Drink the

COBourg ALES and STOUTS

BUY THEM. TRY THEM.

Macpherson, Gordon & Co., - Cobourg SUPPLY THEM.

Pure and Therefore the Best.

HIGHEST AWARD AT CHICAGO



Brewery and Hotel Scales LAGER BEER REFRIGERATORS

C. WILSON & SON

67 Eglarup Street, Toronto

THE

Great Brew

SPECIAL attention our Export (from Scotland) best system in England for table

Brew

THE OK

THE...
Grant-Lottridge
Brewing Co'y. Ltd.

Hamilton, Ont.

— BREWERS OF —

SPECIAL attention is directed to our Export Lager, put up in Crown Seal bottles, the simplest and best system in existence. Especially adapted for table and family use.



India Pale Ale
Extra Ale
Dublin Brown Stout
Lager Beer
Export Lager

IN CASKS AND BOTTLES

... ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THIS BRAND ...

Brewers of ALE, PORTER and LAGER BEER

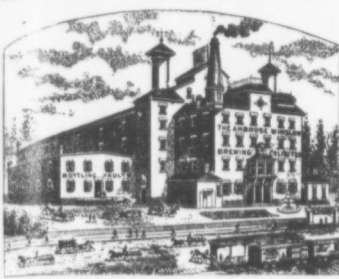


Brewery situate corner of Gould and Victoria Streets, opp. Normal School, where the public are cordially invited to inspect the premises and see our products in course of manufacture.

Nothing but Malt, Hops, and water are used by us.

EUCENE O'KEEFE, President.
WIDMER HAWKE, Vice-President.

Capacity, 165,000 Barrels per Annum



Highland Spring Brewery

THE AMBROSE-WINSLOW

BREWING AND MALTING COMPANY, LTD.

Brewers of FINE ALES and PORTER Half-and-Half MANUFACTURERS CHOICE MALT

PORT HOPE, ONT.

Guelph Brewery...

GUELPH, ONT.

THOS. HOLLIDAY

Proprietor

Manufacturer of the Celebrated

EAST KENT ALE

Made from the Finest Imported East Kent Hops

XXX and XX Pale and Amber Ales and Porters

Awarded a Medal and Diploma at the World's Columbian Exposition

T. H. GEORGE, Wholesale Agent, 699 Yonge Street, Toronto.

TELEPHONE 3100

DEALER IN MALT AND HOPS

CARLING'S

"PRIZE MEDAL"

Ale, Porter and Lager

KEPT BY ALL LEADING DEALERS IN CANADA AND UNITED STATES.

frequented certain parts of the county... One day I strolled along the shore of Lake Michigan, at a point where for about forty yards in breadth the loose soil was almost level, while between this and the dense woods rose a rather high barrier of sand dunes. Through this row of dunes, at intervals, narrow, ravine-like openings, presumably caused by rushing water, allowed passage to and from the woods, and deer frequently made use of them. It was hard work walking in the sand of the beach, and I turned into one of

these openings, intending to beat up a few grouse in the cover inside. The particular ravine selected curved in its course somewhat like a letter S, and as I rounded the second curve my eyes fell upon something that made my heart leap into my throat. A few yards ahead (not more than fifty at most), sitting half upright, his back supported by the sun-baked wall of earth, and he himself forming a perfect picture of lazy contentment, was a good-sized black bear. He had evidently heard uncertain indications of my approach, and was gazing intently at the opening toward the woods. His pose and whole appearance was so comical that had I been less startled I should probably have laughed outright. Then he slowly turned his head around in my direction, his pointed snout sniffing, sniffing, until his eyes fastened upon his guest and also started into the night as orbits of the levelled gun. He gave a soft "phit" of startled recognition, pricked up his ears and turned his head aside in a quaintly pezzed fashion, while his forehead seemed to wrinkle with thought, exactly as one may notice the head turn and wrinkles come on the forehead of a big Newfoundland pup if some noise is made which he cannot understand. There was no show of fierceness about him—in fact, he seemed to be the very soul of good-humor; possibly his thoughts

and his comfortable sunbath had been thoroughly enjoyable. However, that was none of my business, and I didn't even wait to apologize for my intrusion. One instant after his head turned the gun covered the space between his eyes, there was a roar and a cloud of smoke, and if the gun had kicked me clean out of the ravine I could not have left it quicker. Reaching the entrance I faced around like a flash, trembling all over with excitement. No sign of pursuit, and keeping a watchful eye in the direction of my black friend, I hastily began reloading. To my surprise, I found that the right barrel was empty. In my astonishment, or fright, at our unexpected encounter, I had forgotten all about the buckshot in the left barrel, had hurriedly cocked the most convenient hammer and had dosed brain with an ounce of number seven shot. Needless to say, both barrels were charged with buckshot when I again ventured to enter the ravine. There was not a sound to betray his presence, nothing but a powdery snell in the air to hint of the great event, until I neared the spot where I had made my involuntary stand. There I saw great splashes of red upon the parched sand, a row of long gashes in the dusty surface, and above these gashes a black arm and paw thrust stiffly out, the wide-spread toes and claws still quivering with that straining tremor that thrills the muscles of a brute but once.

The number seven shot had worked terrible damage. A hole almost as large as one's fist showed in the head, both eyes had been forced out from their sockets—in fine, the upper portion of the skull and most of the brain appeared to have been entirely blown away. The head presented confirming evidence of what three drachms of good powder and an ounce of small shot will do at close range. I cut off the two fore-paws and put them in my shooting coat as trophies, and later in the day returned with a native for the skin (in poor fur, of course), and the meat and the much-prized fat. It was only a small bear compared with many I have seen, but the glory was great. Yet sometimes I have commended with myself and proclaimed these questions: "Supposing that bear had been looking in your direction when you first saw him; supposing he had not given you that moment to recover your nerve, and supposing his face and movements had not so reminded you of a big black pup, would you, or would you not, have dashed out there, and run clean up to your neck in Lake Michigan before you noticed whether you were drifting?" And conscience whispers—"I don't know."

Smoke CONN BROS.' Great 5c. Cigar DON RAMIRO FACTORY - 93 Lombard St., Toronto

ROBT. DAVIES, *Manager.*

- THE -

WM. ROSS, *Sec'y. and Cashier.*

DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY

LIMITED

BREWERS AND MALTSTERS

MANUFACTURERS OF
-- THE CELEBRATED --

WHITE LABEL ALE

INDIA PALE
ALE . . .

- AND -

AMBER ALE

. . . XXX PORTER

Which is now taking the place of the
best imported.



For the above brands we hold Diplomas and
Gold Medals when competing against
the most celebrated brewers
in the world.



QUEEN STREET EAST
TORONTO



OUR ALES AND PORTERS ARE KNOWN
AND USED FROM THE ATLANTIC
TO THE PACIFIC, AND ARE
IN GENERAL FAVOR



ASK FOR THEM

*And See that our Brand is
on Every Cork*



THERE ARE MANY IMITATIONS OF
OUR WHITE LABEL.

SEE THAT

ROBERT DAVIES'

NAME IS ON EVERY LABEL . . .

OUR ALES AND PORTER

Have been examined by the best Analysts, and they have declared them pure and free from any deleterious ingredients.

Library of Parliament
OTTAWA, Ont.