

# The Weekly Monitor

AND

## Western Annapolis Sentinel.

VOL. 37

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, MARCH 2, 1910

NO. 46

### FATAL WRECK NEAR FOLLEIGH LAKE

**I. C. R. Freight Leaves Rails and Plunges Over Embankment.—  
Three Train Hands Belonging to Truro Killed.—Broken  
Engine Tire Causes Accident.**

A terribly sad accident happened, about one o'clock Monday morning, when a special freight, in charge of Conductor Harry Baker, Arthur street, Truro, left the rails about two miles north of Folleigh Lake, and eight cars, with the locomotive and tender, plunged down an embankment some 80 to 100 feet, killing the Driver, Daniel McLeod, the Fireman, John McIsaac, and the Brakeman, Jas. O. B. Davidson. These men all have their homes in Truro, and are well known in railway circles.

Mr. McLeod's home is on Wood street where a widow and five children mourn his untimely death.

Mr. Davidson, son of James William Davidson, Portapique, had his home at Riverside, Bible Hill, and here a heart-broken wife and seven small children are in deep grief over this sudden taking away of husband, father and provider. He is a cousin of Davidson Hill, M.P.P., and of Mr. Charles Hill, Central Onslow.

A third Truro household is in mourning, that of Mr. David McIsaac, Prince street, whose son, John, unmarried, was the fireman, whose young life was also a victim in this disaster.

A special train with medical men, at once went to the scene of disaster, as soon as the accident was reported in Truro. At the same time the big steam derrick in Stellarton was sent for and hurried to the scene of the accident.

The bodies of driver, fireman and brakeman have been brought to Truro, and are now at Olive's undertaking rooms, where an inquest is being held by Coroner Yorston as we go to press.

This untimely and exceedingly distressing catastrophe has not only brought unspeakable grief to the immediate households bereaved, but has sent a deep thrill of sorrow throughout the town, especially in railway circles.

An accident in connection with the accident that may be mentioned, is that at Folleigh Lake, the forward brakeman, John Youmans, of Halifax, was relieved by rear brakeman Davidson, for the purpose of permitting brakeman Youmans to have a chance to eat his lunch in a car at the rear of the train. Truro News

### THE BREAKING OF TIRE GIVEN AS CAUSE BY CORONER'S JURY

At a late hour Monday night the coroner's jury came in with the following verdict:—"We believe, from evidence submitted, that Messrs. McLeod, McIsaac and Davidson, came to their death on the morning of February 28th, at 1.40 o'clock, at wreck of special freight train engine 309, at Hill's siding, and that said wreck was caused by breaking of tire on one of driving wheels of engine."

### Forestry in Nova Scotia

By F. C. Whitman, Esq., Annapolis Royal, President Western Nova Scotia Lumbermen's Association.

Owing to the way nature lavished trees on Nova Scotia and the low value of wood Mr. Whitman noted that during the early settlement of the country absolutely no thought was ever given to the conservation of the forests. Settlers from Britain and the New England states planted oaks Scotch larches, pines and elms to beautify their places. Now, however, the forestry problem was commercial and not aesthetic. He could scarcely blame the people of early days who hewed down the forests without thinking of conservation. With the limited appliances of fifty years ago it meant a great deal to get out nine lumber for \$9 per thousand feet and spruce at \$6, with the bay oil partly in cash and the rest molasses and flour at \$12 per barrel. Up to a few years ago no bank would advance money on the security of standing timber, consequently operators had to advance their own money and endeavor to turn the timber over into money as quickly as possible. It was a case of 'needs must when the devil drives,' and the forests suffered. The best was taken, and waste was large and fires swept anything left.

In fact once Nova Scotia people were rather proud of the ball of smoke. It indicated that lumbering was active and fire was taken to be only a natural result of the operation. Nevertheless, Mr. Whitman held that the lumbermen of Nova Scotia were the best people to carry out under proper Government regulation a policy of conservation. He believed conservation had come to be a commercial proposition, and that the men who owned timber and manufactured lumber, knowing the conditions would prove to be the best foresters.

The Lumbermen's Association of Western Nova Scotia and the Government had been endeavoring to come together to devise plans to perpetuate forest growth on both Crown lands and private holdings. He emphasized the statement that large holders of timber in endeavoring to protect their property would at the same time increase the value of small holdings and of farm wood lots. Lumbermen buy standing timber whenever offered and with the assured market of the future there was a warrant for any one to make a business of growing timber, or, as it might be put to let trees grow until they were fit for the market. He was of opinion that the solution of the forestry problem was the fixing of values for timber land that cannot be controverted. When this had been done, if only partly, it would establish a credit that would prevent lumbermen from having to sacrifice timber. To fix a value on one thousand acres of spruce land would make that value applicable to any part of Nova Scotia, but no value could be fixed if the title was uncertain, or if there was danger of destruction by fire or flood.

There was needed in Nova Scotia an accurate survey of Crown and private lands, so that they might be defined and separated.

Referring to what was being done to preserve the forest he said that about six years ago by cooperation of the Government and the Lumbermen's Association the act for the protection of forests against fire was put into force. The system adopted had proved beneficial and had the support of the people. He had been told by leading men in the province when the law was first enacted that the idea of preventing or fighting forest fires was chimerical and that destruction was inevitable. But today the matter was so well in hand that buyers were investing their money in forest land on which commercial timber would not be available for twenty or thirty years, and they were relying upon the fire ranger system to protect the timber. Rather a curious complaint had been recently made to him. The complaint was that since forest fires had been stopped and lumber had grown so valuable the farmers were allowing their land to grow up into woods and soon there would not be sufficient pasture for the cattle.

Mr. Whitman then detailed what had been done so far toward making a forest survey of Nova Scotia quoting from the article on the subject in (Continued on page 4)

### Children's Skating Carnival

The Children's Carnival came off at the Bridgetown rink on Friday night last, and was a very enjoyable event to the children and satisfactory also to the management, although it was not as largely attended as some former carnivals. The evening was fine and the ice was excellent.

Prizes for best costumes were given as follows:—Girl's first, M'Le Pop Corn; Griffin, M'Le Pop Corn; Edna Price and Ruth Fowler as Siamese Twins; boys first to Vernon Munro, as Buster Brown, boy's second Willie Patrick as Bridgetown.

The skaters in fancy dress were as follows:—

Ethel Daniels, Bo Peep, Dodo Lloyd, Water-Baby, Josie Kinney, Water-Baby, Eva Troop, Snow-shoe girl, Muriel Troop, Hockey girl, Doris Nelly, Just Me, Edna Price, Siamese Twins, Ruth Fowler, Siamese Twins, Mildred Lockett, Halley's Comet, Ruth Burns, Snow-flake, Bertha Corbett, Snow-flake, Hortense Griffin, M'Le Pop Corn, Lillie Everett, Red Wings, Willie Patrick, Bride-town, Raymond Bent, Snow-shoe boy, Clarence Kinney, Snow-shoe boy, Gerald Hoyt, Hockey boy, Vernon Munro, Buster Brown, Percy Chitley, Salor, Freddie Blanchard, Good-Night, Max Piggott, Hay-seed, Alexander Fowler, Snow-flake, Jack Ruzles, Summer Girl, Ronald Ruzles, Hockey Boy

### Train and S. S. Service

P. Gifkins, general manager of the Dominion Atlantic railway, who went to Boston via St. John last week, was a passenger to Yarmouth on Wednesday per steamer Boston, which encountered a heavy sea and head winds throughout the passage, and was interviewed by the Times.

"I have nothing new to tell you," said the general manager to the Times. "It was exceedingly rough last night but we are here only a little late."

When told that the St. John Sun stated that the Boston-Digby service would begin May 1st., Mr. Gifkins said that July 1st was the correct date.

"Will Port Wade be a port of call for the Boston?" asked the Times.

"No, it will not," replied Mr. Gifkins.

Asked respecting train and steamer arrangements generally the general manager said they would be practically the same as last year. The Prince Arthur and Prince George will perform a daily service between Boston and Yarmouth making connections with the Flying Bluebonnet and express trains. The Prince Rupert will make daily trips between Digby and St. John, leaving the latter port a little later than in past years in order to make connection with the boats of the Eastern Steamship Company. These boats are due at about 8 a.m., four days a week.

"What about the 144 mile branch which your company proposes to build in King's county?" asked the Times.

"Work will begin there on March 1 and the road will be completed as rapidly as possible," said Mr. Gifkins.

Referring to the Boston-Digby service Mr. Gifkins expressed the opinion that it could not in any way interfere with the interests of Yarmouth. "It will," he said, "relieve a congestion which sometimes occurs here in mid-summer, nothing more."

Mr. Gifkins proceeded to Kentville by the morning train.

### A FINE CALENDAR

We have received a copy of "The Gospel Text Calendar" for 1910, published by H. S. Hallman of Berlin Ont. It contains thirteen large sheets, beautifully printed in colors, suspended from a silk cord. Each sheet except the cover contains a design of a Bible with a Bible text for each day in the month, and at the lower end of the sheet a calendar for the month in large figures. The publisher desires an active agent in each county or city to sell the calendar. Price 25cts., each; sample copy and prices to agents, 15 cts. Send for a copy to H. S. Hallman, Berlin, Ont.

### Assessment Appeal Court

The assessment council of appeal of the town of Bridgetown met last Tuesday afternoon in the Council Chamber. The following appeals were heard and disposed of:—

1. Owen Covert. The complaint in this case was that Mr. Covert had sold part of his land to Mr. O. S. Miller for \$2000.00 and the Board had not been altered. The Board reduced Mr. Covert's assessment by \$200.00 and added a like amount to the assessment of Mr. Miller.

2. John Clark. This complaint was that the personal property was assessed too high and it appearing to the Board that the real estate was over-assessed a reduction of \$50.00 on real estate and \$25.00 on personal property was ordered.

3. Frank H. Willett and Wm. Chase. This appeal related to the assessment of the new Apple Warehouse. It appeared that the assessors had first valued the warehouse for the purpose of assessment at \$2400.00 and had entered this amount against the name of Mr. Chase, but subsequently learning that Mr. Willett had a 1/2 interest they entered \$800.00 against the name of Mr. Willett and omitted to make a corresponding reduction in the amount assessed to Mr. Chase. The Board accordingly reduced the assessment of Mr. Chase to \$1600.00 but declined to interfere further in altering the value which the assessors had put on the property.

4. Mrs. Caroline Forsythe. The complaint here was that the assessment of personal property was too high and Mrs. Forsythe stated that no schedule had been delivered to her last fall by the policeman and after hearing Mrs. Forsythe personally the Board ordered a reduction of \$50.00.

5. Charles M. Hoyt. This complaint was that there should not be any assessment of personal property as Mr. Hoyt had removed from Town and the personal property now about the premises belonged to the tenant and this appearing to be the fact the assessment of personal property was struck out entirely.

7. Wm. Chesley. Mr. Chesley was assessed for \$325.00 of personal property and upon a comparison of other assessments in the roll and after hearing Mr. Chesley's own statement in reference to the matter the Board reduced the assessment to \$250.00.

7. L. M. Whitman. This complaint was that there was no personal property to be assessed and that the real estate was assessed too high. It appearing that Mr. Whitman did not live in Town and had no personal property in Town except mechanical tools which are exempt from assessment, the Board struck out the assessment of personal property entirely. Mr. Whitman stated in reference to the assessment of his real estate that he paid \$400.00 for the lot of land on Water Street extending to the river and had built a blacksmith shop upon it and had a house 24 x 34 with the roof shingled and the clapboards on and most of the outside finish on. The Board thought the assessment of \$500.00 was quite reasonable in comparison with other assessments and declined to interfere.

8. C. L. Piggott. The complaint here was that Mr. Piggott had sold a portion of his real estate for which he had previously been assessed \$200.00 and there being no doubt about that fact the Board reduced the assessment \$200.00 and as the lands sold were already assessed to Mr. John O. Elliott the matter was disposed of by relieving Mr. Piggott.

9. J. Willard Smith. Mr. Smith owns the Grand Central Hotel and the assessors had assessed him not only for the Hotel but for the furnishings which do not belong to him and the Board ordered the assessment of personal property to be transferred from Mr. Smith to Mr. Patrick.

10. Evelyn Legg. Mr. Legg did not appear and the Board requested the policeman to invite him to attend and Mr. Legg sent word back that he was satisfied to allow his assessment to stand as it was.

11. Dr. Freeman. No one appeared to support this appeal and as the appellant is an invalid the Board thought it best to adjourn this case and deputed Councillor Dewitt, one of the members of the Board to call and interview Dr. Freeman about the matter and report later.

### BRIDGETOWN STATION BURGLARIZED

**Entrance Made through Window and Freight Parcels Broken  
Open and Carried Away.— Suspected Parties Arrested  
and Brought Before Magistrate.**

The D. A. R. station-house was broken open on Sunday night and a quantity of goods was stolen from the freight room. The discovery was made by the station agent on Monday morning. A pane of glass had been removed from a window and the catch released, the burglars making their entry through the window. Several packages of goods, addressed to various parties were opened, and some of the contents abstracted, among them a case of ham and bacon for J. E. Lloyd, a case of goods for Stronz & Whitman, a package of dried fruits for a private party and a case of 'hop tonic' which was consigned to D. J. Patrick but had been re-used by him. If the burglars were looking for other liquid refreshments they were evidently disappointed. A cask of oil on the station platform was rolled out upon the track and this was in its possible intent the most serious offence committed, as had a special been passing through during the night an accident must almost inevitably have followed.

Supt. Fraser of the D. A. R., arrived on Monday and advised the station agent, Mr. Jones, to place the matter in the hands of Policeman Goldsmith. Mr. Goldsmith's first move led him directly to the discovery of the goods and the apprehension of the guilty parties. With the idea of learning who had been in the vicinity of the station on Sunday night he

went to the home of Henry Cuff, a short distance down the track, and learned from him that two young men, Roy Walker and Will Mitchell had been at his home until about midnight. Mr. Goldsmith then made it his business to interview the two young men. On questioning them as to their whereabouts later he found they could give no account of themselves until three o'clock in the morning when they turned up at James Awalet's where they said they spent the remainder of the night in the barn. This led Mr. Goldsmith to search the barn of Mr. Awalet and he discovered a loose board in the floor where the hayseed had been disturbed. Lifting this board he first thing that met his eye was a roll of cotton dress goods. A box of raisins and other articles convinced him that he had found the stolen goods. Mr. Goldsmith, with the assistance of Constables Crair and DeWitt proceeded to get on the track of the young men who by this time had disappeared. It was not until about three o'clock on the following day that they were discovered at a house in Beaconfield, where they were arrested by Constable DeWitt and brought before Magistrate F. R. Fav. They did not attempt to deny the charges against them and were placed in the lock-up over night. Today they were taken to Annapolis to the county jail, to await their preliminary trial on Friday.

### The Reason Why

The Black Printing Co., Amherst has gone into voluntary liquidation. The Truro News says:

We regret to hear of this financial failure of a well-known Printery, but we could see no other issue for a firm that did its printing and publishing at the low prices that were constantly quoted by this Amherst concern. We for a time, lost many a job in Colchester, too, to the Black Printing Company, on account of our inability to meet the figures quoted by our competitors. We know full well, that we were quoting prices to secure only such a reasonable profit as any printer must have, who wished to pay his bills and continue in business. Our patrons, who thought our prices in some cases may have been a little high, will now see that the other fellow was too low.

### Opening of Legislature

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 25.—The legislature opened on Thursday with the usual ceremonies. The R.C.R. and the First Canadian Artillery bands were heard. Geo. Faulkner, Halifax was elected speaker. In the speech from the throne, Governor Fraser referred to the adjustment of the difficulties, to the completion of the Technical College, the betterment of the highways, the conservation of the national resources of Canada, the proposed legislation to enable the minister of railways to lease branch lines of railway connected with the Intercolonial and the Working Men's Compensation Act, and the proposed plan for Canadian naval service. The address in reply was moved by R. M. McGreor, Pictou, and seconded by J. H. Livingston, Cumberland. J. M. Baillie, Pictou, is the new leader of the opposition.

### Printing to be Taught in Boston Public Schools

The centre of literary interest, book binderies and publishing houses, is fittingly the first city to undertake to teach printing and bookbinding in the public schools. The old East Boston High School has recently become the most modern of institutions through the installation of a course for the purpose of fitting young men and women to become expert printers and bookbinders, thus enabling them to leave high school prepared to take up a definite trade by which to earn own living. The studies begin with typesetting, following this with proof-reading, press work, sewing, trimming and binding. Students have grasped the subject with interest, and the project has all the signs of being successful. It is already expected that it will be necessary to enlarge the shop next year. A two-year course is thought to be sufficient time in which to turn out an efficient apprentice printer or bookbinder. It will be necessary, of course, for the student to perfect himself in spelling, punctuation, capitalization, and the general use of grammar, in connection with his work in the printing shop.—Boston correspondent to exchange.

### Footwear Not to Advance This Year

(St. John Exchange)

Those who walk will be glad to hear that wholesale shoe-dealers have no advance in the price of footwear to announce for the near future. Shoes have risen each fall and spring for two or three seasons past, but the trade is evidently satisfied that it has done enough for a while toward raising the cost of living.

Ald. R. T. Hayes, of the J. M. Humphrey Co., said yesterday that no advance in the price of leather footwear seemed likely to take place for some time. Raw leather was advancing, but both the manufacturers and wholesalers were already well-stocked, and a raise would be held off for some time.

Where rubbers will soar to will not be known until the next price list is issued on April 1st. Rubber is very scarce at present, however, largely owing to the heavy importations of the motor car tire makers, whose goods have to be eighty per cent pure.

Medicines that aid nature are always most successful. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It loosens the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Sold by all dealers.

MINARD'S LINIMENT RELIEVES NEURALGIA.

### JOINT SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

A joint deposit account may be opened in the names of two persons either one of whom may deposit and withdraw money.

In case of death the entire amount is at the disposal of the survivor.

ONE DOLLAR OPENS A SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

### UNION BANK OF HALIFAX

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH, H. L. BENTLEY Manager.  
LAWRENCEVILLE BRANCH, F. G. PALFREY Manager.  
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL BRANCH, E. B. Mc DANIEL Manager.

## SOME OF OUR SPECIALTIES

**LETTER HEADS**  
**BILL HEADS**  
**ENVELOPES**

Good stock. Neat Workmanship. Reasonable prices.

**Social Stationery**

**WEDG. INVITATIONS**  
**SOCIAL NOTE**  
**VISITING CARDS**  
**"AT HOME" CARDS**

Especial attention given to stock and workmanship. Finest script--Imperial or Tiffany.

**BUY YOUR BUTTER WRAPPERS AT HOME**

We can give them to you in any size, printed or unprinted.

GET OUR PRICES

Don't send away for your **COUNTER PADS**. We can do them for you at home as well and as cheaply as you can get them anywhere.

**MONITOR OFFICE**

### BACK TO MONOTONY.

Mrs. Baker ran out into the hall and grasped the collar of her husband's coat with an eager little tug that made the tall man smile, it was so infective.

"I'm all right now, Bessie," he said, cordially. You mustn't tire yourself out helping me when it isn't necessary."

"O Charlie," she exclaimed, "you don't know how good it is to have you go!"

Mr. Baker smiled again, and was about to remark that the implication was not precisely complimentary when he caught the earnest look in the returned eyes, and knew that this was no time for teasing.

"Yes, dear," he said gravely. "I know what you mean. I feel that way too. It is good to be going again. It is great to feel once more that you are a part of the system, to have a little place in the world, and fit into it every day, so the blue thing will be complete. It's good, too, to feel equal to the occasion. You know I didn't for a long time, back there. But don't wear yourself out trying to get everything into running order in one day, little girl!"

"Mamma!" a plaintive voice floated down over the banister.

Mrs. Baker laughed jovially. "There's Amy calling to have her hair done, as usual," she said. And then, with a good-by so rapturous in spite of its haste, that it sent Charlie off chuckling, Mrs. Baker hurried upstairs, smiling as if it were the most blissful thing in the world to be called to "do" Amy's hair.

They were all gone at last, being properly washed, combed, brushed, buttoned, collared, necktied and luncheoned, and Mrs. Baker stood in the parlor window watching and nodding until the fourth little mittened hand had waved its last and thrown its last kiss from the corner. Then she turned and surveyed her little parlor with its evidences of family life, looked through to the dining-room with the table still loaded with breakfast dishes, and on into the kitchen where a glimpse of the range showed the kettle steaming with an energy that demanded refilling.

"It's all just as untidy as ever," spoke Mrs. Baker aloud, with a little catch in her throat. "But it's beautiful! It looks precisely as it did that Wednesday morning seven weeks ago when I said I was sick of it all! When I said I hated and despised the everlasting cleaning and cooking, the everlasting muzzing up and eating up! When I asked what was the use of living, if a woman had to go through such deadly routine every day of her life. I wished something would happen. I said right plain I didn't care what happened, so long as something did. I didn't know what I was talking about, and I didn't know how soon I was to find out."

"When Charlie came home sick, and the money stopped coming in, I got an idea of what a lucky woman I had been. When the children came down, one by one, and it looked as if there would be a little white coffin in that bay window, instead of Lora's doll carriage that I'd fussed so about--then I knew how precious and dear my life had been. Then I turned round and wanted the things I'd despised. I told God that if He'd spare Charlie and the babies, I'd never make one of them unhappy again with nagging at them; that I'd never again hate my sweet woman's part in His world."

"And now, after all those dreadful weeks, He has given me back my husband, my babies, my home, with all its clutter and work. He's given me back the monotony I loathed. Oh, I praise Him, praise Him, for the monotony--the blessed monotony! Now monotony means a united family, and a chance to work and keep our unbroke home happy and comfortable! First I'll fill that teakettle, and then I'll dig out."--Mamma Stanwood, in Congregationalist.

### THAT TEST REPORT.

St. John Sun.--The statements made in the Sun on Monday regarding the smallpox epidemic in Nova Scotia did not emanate with Mr. Hartman of the Colonial Stock Company, as might have been supposed. Mr. Hartman did not mention the existence of smallpox in Nova Scotia to anyone connected with The Sun, nor to anyone else as far as The Sun is aware, and the statement that his company had been unable to obtain bookines came from an altogether different source. This statement is made in justice to Mr. Hartman who has been accused of spreading false and misleading information.

**DYEING is Such a SAVING**  
And it's as simple as A. B. C. with



With the SAME Dye you can color ANY kind of cloth PERFECTLY--No chance of mistakes. All colors 10 cents from your Druggist or Dealer. Sample Card and Booklet Free from The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Dept. E, Montreal, Que.

### HANDICAPPED

This is the Case With Many Canadian People.

Too many Canadian citizens are handicapped with a bad back. The unceasing pain causes constant misery making work a burden and stooping or lifting an impossibility. The back aches at night, preventing refreshing rest, and in the morning is stiff and lame. Plasters and liniments may give relief, but cannot reach the cause. To eliminate the pains and aches you must cure the kidneys.

Booth's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys and cure them permanently. Can you doubt Annapolis Royal evidence?

Miss G. V. Misner, of Albert St., Annapolis Royal, N. S., says: "I had suffered greatly with a very weak back and backaches, dizziness and frequent headaches from which I found no relief, although I had tried several remedies. I then learned through an advertisement of Booth's Kidney Pills procured a supply and have found them to benefit me greatly. After only a short treatment my back is much stronger and the backache has disappeared. I am feeling much better generally and have not had an attack of headache or dizziness since. I am pleased to recommend Booth's Kidney Pills as I think them a very valuable remedy." This sterling remedy may be procured at S. N. Weare's Pharmacy.

Sold by dealers. Price fifty cents. The R. T. Booth Co., Limited, Fort Erie, Ont., Sole Canadian Agents.

### Moments of Despair

(Judge Ben B. Lindsay, in 'Everybody's Magazine'.)

I found my first employment in a law office copying letters, running errands, carrying books to and from the court rooms, reading law in the intervals, and at night scrubbing floors. I was pale, thin, big-headed, with the body of an underfed child and an ambition that kept me up half the night with Von Holst's 'American Law,' or a sheepskin volume of Lawson's Leading Cases in Equity. I was so mad to save every penny I could earn that instead of buying myself food for luncheon I ate molasses and gingerbread that all but turned my stomach; and I was so eager to learn my law that I did not take my sleep when I could get it. The result was that I was stupid at my tasks, moody, melancholy, and so sensitive that my employer's natural dissatisfaction with my work put me into agonies of shame and despair of myself. I became, as the boys say, "dopey." I remember that one night after I had scrubbed the floors of our offices, I took off the old trousers in which I had been working, hung them in a closet and started home; and it was not until the cold wind struck my bare knees that I realized I was on the street in my shirt. Often time when I was given a brief to work up for Mr. Thompson I would slave over it until the small hours of the morning, and then to his disgust--and my unspeakable mortification--find that my work was valueless that I had neglected the fundamental points of the case, or that I had built all my arguments on some misapprehension of the law.

Worse than that, I was unhappy at home. Poverty was fraying us all out. If it was not exactly brutalizing us it was warping us, breaking our health, and ruining our dispositions. It seemed to me that my life was not worth living--that nobody had any faith in me--that I should never succeed in the law or anything else--I had no brains--that I should never do anything but scrub floors and run messages. And after a day that had been more than unusually discouraging in the office and an evening of exasperated misery at home, I got a revolver and some cartridges, locked myself in my room, confronted myself desperately in the mirror, put the muzzle of the loaded pistol to my temple and pulled the trigger.

The hammer snapped sharply on the cartridge; a great wave of horror and revulsion swept over me in a rush of blood to the head; and I dropped the revolver on the floor and threw myself on my bed, sobbing and shuddering.

By some miracle the cartridge had not exploded; but the nervous shock of that instant when I felt the trigger yield and the muzzle rap against my forehead with the impact of the hammer--that shock was almost as great as a very bullet in the brain. I realized my folly, my weakness; and I went back to my life with something of a man's determination to crush the circumstances that had almost crushed me.

Why do I tell that? Because there are so many people in the world who believe that poverty is not sensitive, that the ill-fed, over-worked boy of the slums is as callous as he seems dull. Because so many people believe that the weak and desperate boy can never be anything but a weak, vicious man. Because I came out of that morbid period of adolescence with a sympathy for children that helped to make possible one of the first courts established in America for the protection as well as the correction of children.

### Possibilities for Women

There is one asset the present century won't have much of on its hands a time to come, and that is the washed out, colorless woman of wrecked fortunes. The kind of education we are giving today make it possible for a woman to take her life in her own hands and do the best with it. She may never need to use her education from a utilitarian point of view--or she may. The wheel of fortune takes some startling turn these days, and crashes in upon some very happy homes, leaving only the wrecked debris to tell the tale. Does the modern woman, often left without a cent, creep away and lament for the rest of her mortal existence? She doesn't unless she's a fool.

She first takes an inventory of her stock in trade, so to speak. What am I best at--what, in other words, is my specialty? And then she prepares to face the great big pulsing world that is waiting for her to take her place in its ranks as a worker. Does she shudder at the thought of the struggle that lies ahead? Why should she? Isn't life a warfare, no matter how we take it? Haven't some of the greatest tragedies come into the lives of those who are shielded from even all need to buckle on our armour some time or other, so it is wise not to let it rust lest it fall to pieces when we want it some day in a hurry.

Yes, the world was never so full of possibilities for women as it is today. She wants a level head! Of course she does. She wants to hold her ideals in both hands and never let them go. She wants a much larger equipment than the woman of other days--naturally. She has much more to contend with. Her greatest asset is independence of character, it should absorb her through and through. Her principles ought to be truth and integrity in all things; and if she has sound common sense, well, I don't think there is much fear of her. Do you?

### MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., Ltd.

Gentlemen--My daughter, thirteen years old, was thrown from a sleigh and injured her elbow so badly it remained stiff and very painful for three years. Four bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT completely cured her and she has not been troubled for two years.

Yours truly

J. B. LIVESQUE,  
St. Joseph, P. O., 18th Aug., 1900.

### INFORMED.

New York paper: Sometimes a New Yorker acquires wisdom far from Broadway. A young man who had occasion a few weeks ago to spend some days in that part of Nova Scotia which a poem of Longfellow's made famous stopped at a small hotel not far from the old village of Grand Pre. Salmon was on the bill of fare and knowing that he was in a salmon country he ordered it. When he got it he asked the woman where the particular salmon before him was caught. Now the young woman didn't know and said so. Evidently she regarded his question as unnecessary and almost impertinent. He could hear her telling the other girls about it. He was quite unprepared, however, when the young woman brought his dessert and as she set a piece of blueberry pie before him, remarked: "The berries in this pie was picked by Evanveine!"

How to get a pure white loaf

THE object of all expert bakers and cooks is to make a pure white loaf. And this object is attained by the use of

**PURITY FLOUR**

Purity is a hard-wheat flour of decidedly superior whiteness. It bakes into a pure white loaf. So, you see, to get the really beautiful white loaf you must use PURITY hard-wheat flour.



Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Ltd. Mills at Winnipeg, Brandon, Goderich.

### HEALTH, WEALTH, AND WORK.

So long as Nature's laws require that mankind shall work, the necessity of keeping one's self in health and strength is of first importance. Many people believe that men of great wealth do nothing. That is a mistaken idea. They may not work with hammers or shovels, but they work with their nerves, brains and minds. Scores of millionaires have worked themselves into nervous prostration in their efforts to control, to avoid losing, their millions. But it is the humble workers who suffer most.

Mr. Arvez Herten, of Robertville, Gloucester Co., N.B., is a sturdy man of 65, who works in the lumbering districts in winter, and who, therefore, must have good health. Some years ago, he suffered much from Dyspepsia, with headaches, dizziness and rheumatism. In a statement, dated June 24th, '09, he says he used only Mother Seigel's Syrup and four bottles cured him completely.

Would you like some fine stationery with your address printed on it?

We have a fine line of note paper for social use in packages of one hundred sheets or by the pound on which we will neatly print your home address or your initial.

Or you can buy it unprinted, if preferred, much cheaper than by the ream. Call and see it and get our tempting prices.

MONITOR OFFICE,  
Bridgetown.

## Mid - Winter Sale

Great Bargains in Boots, Shoes, Slippers & Rubbers

ALL GOODS MARKED DOWN

Bridgetown Boot and Shoe Store  
E. A. COCHRANE

## MONEY TO LOAN

ON TOWN OR FARM PROPERTY

Do not pay interest forever, but adopt our plan and have

YOUR HOME FREE OF DEBT

We can save you over the ordinary 5% straight interest mortgage, \$92.60 ON EVERY 1,000 BORROWED ON our ten year term.

Send for particulars.

**EASTERN CANADA LOAN CO.**  
OF HALIFAX.

AGENT AT ANNAPOLIS:  
F. W. HARRIS

## HOLIDAY GOODS

AND

## EVERYDAY GOODS

### NEW DRIED FRUITS

Raisins by the box, half-box, quarter-box, 1 pound package, seeded and seedless; Currants, Figs, Dates, and Candied Peels.

NEW NUTS, shelled or in the shell; Oranges, Grapes, Confectionery, etc.

A large assortment of CANNED GOODS, MINCE MEAT and BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

FANCY and STAPLE CHINA and CROCKERY.

WANTED:- Any quantity of good Yellow-eye Beans.

**C. L. PIGGOTT, QUEEN STREET**

## Harness! Harness!

We have just received a shipment of harnesses which for quality of material and workmanship surpass anything we ever carried before. If you are contemplating the purchase of any goods in this line it will pay you to see our stock before ordering elsewhere.

**Bridgetown Foundry Co., Ltd.**



**The Weekly Monitor.**  
ESTABLISHED 1873  
—AND—  
**WESTERN ANnapolis SENTINEL**  
Successor to  
**THE BEAR RIVER TELEPHONE.**  
Published Every Wednesday.  
BRIDGETOWN, ANnapolis Co. N. S.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—  
\$1.50 per year. If paid in advance  
\$1.00 per year. To U. S. A. sub-  
scribers, 50 cts. extra for postage.  
SUBSCRIBERS ARE HELD RE-  
SPONSIBLE until all arrears are  
paid and their paper ordered to be  
discontinued.

WE INVITE readers to write for  
publication on any topic of general  
interest and to send items of news  
from their respective localities.

ADVERTISERS ARE REQUESTED  
to notice that changes of copy must  
be in the hands of the foreman not  
later than Monday noon to ensure  
publication on following Wednesday.

**M. K. PIPER**  
PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.  
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1910.

Students of criminal law are com-  
ing more and more to recognize the in-  
determinate sentence to be the solution  
of the problem of scientific penology. An  
acknowledged authority states that un-  
der the present method of the determi-  
nate sentence ninety per cent of the  
criminals discharged from prison at the  
close of their sentence return to their  
criminal course of life. The present  
method must therefore be acknowledged  
to be a failure and it is surprising that  
so little advancement has been made in  
the methods of dealing with criminals,  
which are practically the same as those  
half a century ago. With the marked  
advancement in the various schemes for  
the betterment of humanity it is strange  
that the criminal laws that govern the  
various nations have received so little  
attention. The Elmira (N. Y.) Reforma-  
tory has been experimenting with a  
system of indeterminate sentences and  
the results have been eminently satis-  
factory. It is reported that 83 per cent  
of the convicts confined during the last  
twenty-five years of the nineteenth cen-  
tury have been restored to honest and  
industrious lives.

Mr. Justice Russell recently address-  
ed a Halifax audience upon the problem  
of prison reform and from his impress-  
ive utterances on this subject we quote  
the following:—

"The modern doctrines of peno-  
logy may be summed up in a few  
plain and simple propositions. We  
are first of all to study the condi-  
tions that make for the produc-  
tion of a criminal class. Those  
causes are physical, social and  
moral; extreme poverty, with its  
innumerable temptations unsani-  
tary and vicious surroundings, the  
licensed or unlicensed bars that  
lead to immoderate indulgence in  
the custom of social drinking,  
rambling hells of high and low  
degree, houses of prostitution  
every one of which things we cal-  
mly and patiently endure just as if  
we had not the means in our  
hands of putting an end to every  
one of them. Destroy these evil  
agencies and you put an end to a  
very large proportion of the  
crimes that exist in your commu-  
nities. That is prevention, and an  
ounce of prevention is better than  
a pound of cure.  
"But your preventive measure  
will fall in exceptional cases.  
There will be criminals no matter  
what you may do to discourage  
their manufacture, and these crim-  
inals will be of two distinct clas-  
ses. Some of them will be capable  
of being reformed under proper  
treatment. Others will be absolute-  
ly incorrigible and incurable. We  
will consider this class first, be-  
cause it is in regard to them that  
our present methods are, if possi-  
ble, more irrational than in any  
other case. I cannot state the ob-  
jections to our methods of dealing  
with such cases more strongly  
than by adopting the language of  
the very latest report of the in-  
spectors of penitentiaries. Refer-  
ring to the escape of criminals  
from the penitentiaries, these in-  
spectors use the following lan-  
guage:—We have no desire to ap-  
ologize for the negligence that  
results in escape, or to minimize  
the danger to society that follows  
yet we have to draw attention to  
the fact that every year by our  
fixed sentence system scores of  
equally dangerous criminals are  
automatically set free to prey up-  
on society by the expiration of  
their sentences. Every week no-  
torious and habitual criminals  
who have evinced no intention to

reform, are set free merely because  
the judge or magistrate has fixed  
the limit necessary for the protec-  
tion of society in their cases.  
From our experience in the ad-  
ministration of penal institutions,  
we are convinced that society  
would be more adequately pro-  
tected by the application of in-  
definite sentences to habitual of-  
fenders."

**Clarence**

Miss Nita Balcom, of Lawrence-  
town, is spending the week with her  
cousin, Merle Banks.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Caswell, of  
Granville Ferry, visited at S. N.  
Jackson's over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Fitch spent last  
week in Halifax.

Mr. Atwood Banks returned home  
last week, after a month's visit in  
Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Fritz and Mr.  
and Mrs. Eldon Marshall both en-  
tertained large companies last week.

Miss Georgie Miner, of Wolbrook is  
staying at C. G. Foster's.

Mrs. L. S. Elliott, who has been  
spending a few days in Middleton, re-  
turned home on Monday.

An Institute meeting will be held in  
Clarence Hall on Thursday evening  
in the interest of agriculture. L. D.  
Robinson will be one of the speakers.

**A Demonstration of  
Cigarette Facts**

"You smoke thirty cigarettes a day?  
"Yes, on the average."  
"You don't blame them for your  
run-down condition?"  
"Not in the least. I blame over-  
work."

The physician shook his head. He  
smiled in a vexed way. Then he took  
a leech out of a glass jar.

"Let me show you something," he  
said. "Bare your arm."

The cigarette fiend bared his pale  
arm, and the other laid the leech  
black leech upon it. The leech fell to  
work busily. Its body began to swell.  
Then, all of a sudden, a kind of shud-  
der convulsed it and it fell to the  
floor dead.

"That is what your blood did to  
that leech," said the physician. He  
took up the little corpse between his  
finger and thumb. "Look at it," he  
said. "Quite dead, you see. You poison-  
ed it."

"I guess it wasn't a healthy leech in  
the first place," said the cigarette  
smoker, sullenly.

"Wasn't healthy, eh? Well, we'll try  
again."

And the physician clapped two  
leeches on the young man's thin arm.

"If they both die," said the sick man  
"I'll swear off—or, at least, I'll cut  
down my daily allowance."

Even as he spoke the smaller leech  
shivered and dropped on his knee.  
Dead, and a moment later the other  
one fell beside it.

"This is ghastly," said the young  
man; "I am worse than the pestilence  
of these leeches."

"It is the emphysematic oil in your  
blood," said the medical man. "All  
cigarette fiends have it."

"Doc," said the young man, regard-  
ing the three dead leeches thoughtfully,  
"I half believe you are right."—West  
Virginia School Journal.

**Meat Barons are  
Indicted By Jury**

Charged with Conspiracy in Limiting  
the Supply of Meat and  
Poultry.

New York, Feb. 25—The so-called  
Beef Trust in the United States,  
otherwise six great packing companies  
and twenty-one packers, several of  
them multi-millionaires socially and  
industrially prominent, were indicted  
by the Grand Jury in Hudson County  
N. J., charged with conspiracy in lim-  
iting the supply of meat and poultry.  
The indictment is drawn under the  
laws of New Jersey, which provides  
for a \$1000 fine or a maximum pen-  
alty of three years in the penitentiary  
upon conviction, or both. The offence  
is extraditable which means that  
practically all the meat barons of  
this country must either successfully  
resist extradition or come to Jersey  
City for trial.

The defendants named are: The National  
Packing Company, Armour and  
Company, Swift and Company, Mor-  
ris and Company, Hammond Packing  
Company, G. C. Hammond and Com-  
pany.

The Medford Mercury says:—Mrs.  
Stephen Porter will be the organist  
at the dedication service of the new  
Union Congregational church next  
Sunday morning. Prior to taking up  
her residence in South Medford, Mrs.  
Porter was organist at the Bridge-  
town, N. S. Baptist church.

5 cent and 10 cent bundles of news-  
papers at MONITOR OFFICE.

**Forestry in Nova Scotia**

(Continued from page 1.)

the Canadian Forestry Journal for  
December. This was to the effect that  
the western half of the province (a-  
bout 8,500 square miles), was covered  
by a reconnaissance survey last sum-  
mer by Dr. B. E. Fernow, Dean of the  
Faculty of Forestry of Toronto Uni-  
versity and his assistants. The east-  
ern half will be covered next season.  
The low cost of the survey (less than  
twenty cents per square mile), was  
particularly noteworthy. A high de-  
gree of accuracy was not aimed at,  
the object being to furnish approxi-  
mately correct information regarding  
the character, extent and condition  
of the province's reserves. Such in-  
formation was vastly more reliable than  
the haphazard guesses which up to the  
present had contained all the know-  
ledge available. The information was  
as far as possible plotted on maps on  
the field and from these maps were  
now being prepared for publication.  
It was found that in the timber coun-  
try not ten per cent of the area was  
fit for farming. Regarding reproduction  
Dr. Fernow wrote that if fires were  
kept out there was no difficulty in  
restocking by natural means the cut  
over areas if not too severely  
cullled. Reproduction of conifers was  
prolific where not prevented by fires  
especially on abandoned pastures.  
Mr. Whitman said that the Nova  
Scotia Government was seriously con-  
sidering the situation in Nova Scotia  
and would improve the laws. Changes  
were likely to occur by which a large  
area of land now only partly forested  
would be handled with a view to mak-  
ing it productive timber land in the  
future.

**Obituary.**

**WILLIAM M. SPROUL.**

In Clarence, N. S., on February 22,  
William M. Sproul passed peacefully  
away after a year of failing health,  
leaving his wife, three sons—Wesley  
H., of Norton, N. B., and V. C. and  
J. B. Sproul, of Attleboro, Mass.;  
three daughters—Mrs. John Walker  
of Midland, N. B., Mrs. H. G. Keith,  
of Campbellton, and Mrs. Everett  
Sproul, of Clarence, N. S., and seven-  
teen grandchildren. The late William  
M. Sproul, proprietor of the Royal  
Hotel, of Campbellton, who was so  
widely known and respected by the  
travelling public, was a son. The sur-  
viving brothers are J. H. Sproul  
who recently retired as conductor of  
the I. C. R., and James Sproul of  
Highfield.

Mr. Sproul was a member of the  
United Baptist church, and during the  
pastorate of Rev. H. H. Saunders, M.  
A., at Paradise, N. S., a close friend-  
ship sprang up between the two and  
at the former's request Mr. Saunders  
preached the funeral sermon in River-  
view meeting house, taking as his sub-  
ject "The Comfort of God." The fun-  
eral took place at Norton on the 24  
inst. Rev. C. G. Pincombe conducted  
the service at the house and was as-  
sisted at the church by Rev. Messrs  
Frank Baird, M. A., and H. H. Saun-  
ders, M. A., of Sussex, the same min-  
isters also taking part at the grave-  
side. The large number of relatives  
and friends present, showed the re-  
spect and esteem in which the family  
are held.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver  
Tablets invariably bring relief to  
women suffering from chronic consti-  
pation, headache, biliousness, dizz-  
iness, sallowness of the skin and dys-  
pepsia. Sold by all dealers.

**CARD OF THANKS.**

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Farnsworth  
wish to publicly express their thanks  
to their friends of Hampton and Pin-  
ney Cove for their kindness during the  
illness of Mr. Farnsworth.

**BORN**

ZWICKER.—Albany, Feb. 26th, to  
Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Zwickler, a  
son.

FOSTER.—At Clarence, Feb. 24th,  
to Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Foster, a  
son.

**AUCTION**

To be sold at Public  
Auction at the store of  
**W. E. HALL Lawrence-**  
**town on Saturday Even-**  
**ing at seven o'clock, and**  
**continue sales on Wed-**  
**nesday and Saturday**  
**evenings until stock is**  
**disposed of.—**  
**GROCERIES, STOCK**  
**FOODS and a general**  
**line of goods.**

Terms Cash  
**JOHN HALL,**  
Auctioneer  
Lawrencetown Feby 15th

**Just Opened**

Spring Suits for Men and  
Boys  
Spring Shirts for Men  
and Boys  
Hard and Soft Felt Hats  
Caps and Neckwear  
Raincoats, Toppers, etc

PRICES RIGHT  
**HAYWARD CLOTHING STORE**



**BEAUTIFUL FLOORS**  
are a necessary accompaniment of a  
beautiful home. You can make the floors  
in your home beautiful at least cost if  
you use **THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS MODERN**  
**METHOD FLOOR FINISHES.** They make  
good looking floors. Get color cards and  
prices before finishing your floors.  
FOR PAINTED FINISH  
Inside Floors—**THE S-W. INSIDE FLOOR PAINT**  
Porch Floors—**THE S-W. PORCH FLOOR PAINT**  
FOR VARNISHED FINISH  
Natural—**MA-807**, a durable floor varnish  
Stained—**flooring**, stain and varnish  
combined.  
FOR WAXED FINISH  
**THE S-W. FLOOR WAX**  
FOR UNBRIGHTLY CRACKS  
IN OLD FLOORS  
**S-W. CRACK AND SEAM FILLER**  
See us for proper finishes  
for different rooms.

**Karl Freeman**

"Black Prince" Hose  
for Children wear the  
best.

**Your Fingers, Madam, are First  
to Touch Five Roses**

Last week at a five o'clock tea a young hostess exclaimed:  
"I do love to make cake; it makes my hands so clean!"  
And she ate her cakes alone.  
Did you ever consider, Madam, why the best surgeons wear rubber  
gloves when performing a critical operation?  
They say it's impossible to so wash the hands that they will be  
absolutely free from danger of germ infection.  
How many hands, think you, have handled the flour you are  
NOW using.

Out in the sun-flooded Keewatin  
mills, Mistress Housewife, we make  
a flour which never comes in contact  
with hand or finger.  
"FIVE ROSES" is its name.  
It is made in an automatic water-  
power plant, under the eye—but not  
under the hand—of experts with 21  
years of "know-how" behind them.  
From field to sack and barrel every  
bit of machinery that FIVE ROSES  
touches is bright and polished like  
those piano keys of yours.

Then the fleckless purity in prepara-  
tion, Madam.  
Special devices exclusive to FIVE  
ROSES are employed so that no  
hand need touch your flour.  
It is hand proof—germ free—pregnant  
with health and wholesomeness.  
Different from any other flour made  
you see.

For nearly one mile FIVE  
ROSES travels through hy-  
gienic automatic processes,  
getting cleaner and finer, until in the  
cherry packing room it flows into  
sacks and barrels of our own make.  
Here likewise purity is paramount,  
and the high-grade packages are  
filled full-weight and sealed by auto-  
matic machinery.

All this for your folks' protection and  
yours, Mistress Housewife. Thus  
your own white hands are the first to  
touch FIVE ROSES from the time it  
was hidden in the heart of the field-  
ripened Manitoba berries until de-  
livered in your kitchen.  
You know this positively when you  
read "FIVE ROSES" on the label.  
Because it is an absolute guarantee  
of purity backed by a responsible  
company whose fair reputation is at  
stake in every sack.

Are you particular enough to look for  
the name, Mistress House-  
wife?  
Strong-willed enough to insist  
on getting what you ask for?  
That's FIVE ROSES.

**J. H. HICKS & SONS,**  
Furniture and Builders' Materials

Our hardwood flooring is thor-  
oughly kiln dried and well mill-  
ed. If you are interested write  
us for sample and prices. We  
will be pleased to quote on any  
building finish you may require

Factory and Warerooms  
**BRIDGETOWN, NOVA SCOTIA**

**New Wall Papers**

Manufactured by the old reliable firm of **WATSON,**  
**FOSTER Co. Limited, of Montreal** who are the acknowl-  
edged leading manufacturers in Canada. We are also  
stocking a line of the **Regular N. BOXER WALL**  
**PAPER Co. of Toronto.**

We have the finest line of Wall Papers ever shown in town; and  
marked at our usual low prices.

Do not get fooled by buying from peddlers—as hundreds have.  
In a great number of cases you will either have to order more than you  
require and thus have paper on hand which is waste, or order too little  
and then find yourself short and unable to get any more; as peddlers  
never sell for any manufacturers.

We guarantee to all our customers that they shall not fall short  
if notified in a reasonable time.

We control every pattern of the Watson, Foster Co. goods  
which we show.

**John Lockett and Son**

**BUILDING MOVER**

Buildings moved without taking down  
chimney or disturbing occupants.  
Vessels Raised and Moved  
—ALSO—  
Boilers and Engines  
PRICES RIGHT.  
**W. A. CHUTE,**  
Bear River, Annapolis Co.  
P. O. Box 104.

**MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES  
DANDRUFF.**

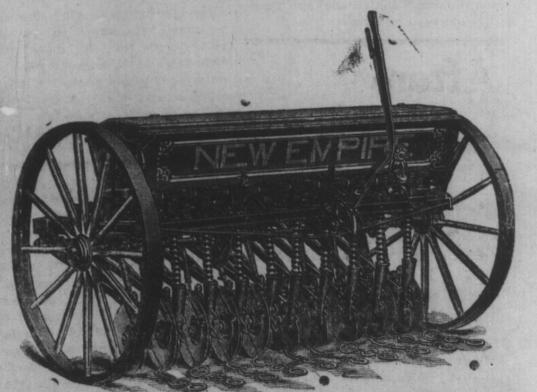
**Special Grocery Sale**

**Saturday 5th. Monday 7th.**

GROCERIES		GROCERIES	
10 lb. ONIONS	.25	CREAM TARTAR, pkg.	.064
RICE, lb.	.044	PEPPER, pkg.	.06
SPLIT PEAS,	.04	GINGER, pkg.	.06
LARD, lb.	.154	CLOVES, pkg.	.05
ASEPTO WASHING POWDER	.04	ALLSPICE, pkg.	.06
COFFEE, lb. can	.27	MUSTARD, can	.08
BUTTER COLORING, bottle	.13	MUSTARD, can	.08
BUTTER COLORING, bottle	.23	SEEDED RAISINS, pkg.	.08
GRAHAM FLOUR, 7 1/2 lbs.	.25	VALENCIA LAYER RAISINS	.084
ROLLED OATS, 5 lb. pkg.	.23	CURRENTS, pkg.	.09
OLD DUTCH CLEANSER	.09	NUTMEGS, 2 oz.	.05
BON AMI CAKE	.13	LEMON, 2 oz. bot.	.08
ST. CHARLES' CREAM, can	.12	VANILLA, 2 oz. bot.	.08
SALMON, can	.09	SHELLED WALNUTS, lb.	.32
CORN, can	.09	SHREDDED COCOANUT	.24
PRUNES, lb.	.74	SCOTCH MARMALADE, jar	.19
RISEING SUN STOVE POLISH	.07	CITRON PEEL, lb.	.20
GILLET'S LYE, can	.10	LEMON AND ORANGE PEEL	.15
HOUSEHOLD AMMONIA, bot.	.08	ROYAL YEAST CAKES	.04
PUMPKIN, can	.09	COW BRAND SODA, lb.	.04
BAKERS COCOA	.13	MOIRS HIGH GRADE CHOC-	
LOWNEY'S COCOA, 4 lb. tin	.25	OLATES	.36
TAPIOCA, lb.	.08	NATIONAL BLEND TEA	.28
SODA, lb.	.03	SALADA 40c. TEA, lb.	.33
CORN STARCH, pkg.	.09	MORSE'S 40c. TEA, lb.	.36

WANTED: Print Butter 22 cents lb.

**W. W. CHESLEY**



**Every Farmer Should Interest Himself in the  
EMPIRE FERTILIZER DRILLS**

If every farmer who is intending purchasing a Grain Drill, could examine the Empire, we  
are sure that there would be very few other makes sold in Nova Scotia.  
A broad assertion, but is warranted by the facts in the case. Ask any farmer, having one,  
what he thinks of the Empire, and he will tell you that it is the best Grain and Fertilizer Drill that  
ever put a seed in Mother earth. He will tell you that it plants right, that his grain all comes up  
at one time, grows evenly and grades high at threshing time. He will tell you that he never had  
commercial fertilizers that the Empire would not sow in wide range of quantities and without dif-  
ficulty. He will also tell you that the Empire is a simple machine, that it is easy on both man  
and team; that it does just as good work the 15th year as it did the first; that the repair cost is  
low. What more can a farmer desire? Look the Empire over yourself. Compare it with any  
or all other makes, and you will make up your mind that it is good enough for you. This means of  
course, that you want the most for your money.

PRICES AND FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.  
We are exclusive agents in Nova Scotia for the Empire Grain and Fertilizer Drills.  
**BLIGH & PRINCE, TRURO, N.S.**  
Agricultural Implement and Carriage Dealers.



**DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY**  
 —AND—  
**Steamship Lines**  
 —TO—  
 St. John via Digby  
 —AND—  
 Boston via Yarmouth  
 "Land of Evangeline" Route.

On and after October 30th, 1909 the Steamship and Train Service on this Railway will be as follows (Sunday excepted):

Accom. from Annapolis ... 7.20 a. m.  
 Accom. from Richmond ... 5.40 p. m.  
 Express from Yarmouth, 1.46 p. m.  
 Express from Halifax, ... 12.21 p. m.

**Midland Division**

Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily, (except Sunday) for Truro at 6.45 a. m., 7.30 a. m. and 5.35 p. m. and from Truro at 6.50 a. m., 12.00 m. and 3.20 p. m. connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway, and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth.

**Boston Service**

Commencing Monday, Oct. 18 the Royal Mail S. S. Boston will leave Yarmouth, N. S., Wednesday and Saturday, immediately on arrival of Bluenose trains from Halifax, arriving in Boston next morning. Returning, leaves Long Wharf, Boston, at 1.00 p. m., Tuesday and Friday.

**St. JOHN and DIGBY**

ROYAL MAIL S. S. YARMOUTH.  
 Daily Service (Sunday excepted.)  
 Arrives in Digby ..... 10.45 a. m.  
 Leaves St. John ..... 7.45 a. m.  
 Leaves Digby same day after arrival express train from Halifax.

P. GIFFKINS,  
 Kentville,  
 General Manager.

**FURNESS, WITBY & CO., LTD.**

**STEAMSHIP LINERS.**

**London, Halifax and St. John, N.B.**

From London. From Halifax.  
 Steamer. ....  
 —Rappahannock Mch. 3  
 —Kanaqua ..... Mch. 15  
 March 5 Shenandoah ..... March 29  
 March 19 Rappahannock ..... April 12

**From Halifax to Liverpool via St. John's Nfld.**

From Liverpool. From Halifax.  
 Steamer. ....  
 —Tabasco ..... March 1  
 —Durango ..... March 15  
 March 8 Venango ..... March 29

**FURNESS WITBY & CO., LTD.,**  
 Agents, Halifax, N. S.

**H. & S. W. RAILWAY**

Accom. Mon. & Fri.	Time Table in effect Oct. 18th, 1909	Accom. Mon. & Fri.
Read down.	Stations	Read up.
11.30	Lv. Middleton Av.	16.15
12.01	* Cherec	15.44
12.18	Bridgetown	15.29
12.45	* Granville Centre	14.57
13.01	Granville Ferry	14.40
13.19	* Karsdale	14.24
13.40	Av. Port Wade Lv.	14.00

\* Flag Stations. Trains stop on signal.  
 CONNECTIONS AT MIDDLETON WITH ALL POINTS ON H. & S. W. RY. AND D. A. RY.

P. MOONEY  
 General Freight and Passenger Agent  
 HALIFAX, N. S.

**Poultry**

Will sell a first class Incubator and Brooder at a low price, if sold at once. Write

Incubator

P. O. Box 7  
 Lawrencetown Feb. 1st 1910. 4 t.

**LOST APPETITE.**



**CAN'T EAT! STOMACH OUT OF ORDER!**  
 You are losing strength and vitality. That listless, languid feeling is due to the weak condition of the system. There are signs of a breakdown. Check the breakdown quickly and effectively by using PSYCHINE the Greatest of All Tonics. If you feel worn out, and run down, it is time for a tonic. Use PSYCHINE early, do not wait till you are worse. It will tone up your system and restore you to your old-time vigor and health. Keep your stomach in order, increase your appetite, restore your system to a healthy condition by taking PSYCHINE to-day. Mrs. J. T. Miller, of 63 Notre Dame Street, Winnipeg, proved this, for she says: "I am thankful for what PSYCHINE has done for me. I was laid up with weakness. Oh, how I suffered! My appetite was very poor and my stomach was greatly disordered. To-day I am strong and well, for PSYCHINE has brought me permanent relief. I feel like a new woman now to what I did before taking PSYCHINE. I feel the vigor of girlhood in my veins once more."

**PSYCHINE**  
 GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

**T MORSE'S A**  
 A Tea of Quality.

**1910 - New Wall Papers - 1910**

The bulk of my American and Canadian WALL-PAPER has arrived, comprising all the latest novelties; 10,000 ROLLS to select from, prices 4c. to \$1.00. From my large stock can suit the most exacting taste. Samples on request.

Good bargains in 1909 paper to clear.  
 BUTTER AND EGGS TAKEN.

**F. B. BISHOP, LAWRENCETOWN**

**COWAN'S PERFECTION COCOA**  
 (MAPLE LEAF LABEL)  
 Its richness and exquisite flavor give an added deliciousness to homemade "sweets" and dainties. Be sure you get COWAN'S—the cocoa with the Maple Leaf Label.  
 THE COWAN CO. LIMITED, TORONTO. 133

**Fresh Family Groceries**

at the  
**Bridgetown Central Grocery**

**Canned Vegetables**  
 Beans, Corn, Peas, Pumpkin, Squash and Tomatoes. One dozen each, or assorted, for \$1.00.

**Canned Fruit**  
 Blueberries, Raspberries, Strawberries, Plums, Peaches, Pears and Pineapples.

**Dried Fruit**  
 London Layer Table Raisins, Valencia Layer Table Raisins, California Muscatel Raisins, California Seeded Raisins, Figs, Dates, etc., at the LOWEST PRICES.

Buy at the "Central Grocery", get reliable goods and save money.

**J. E. LLOYD**

A few nice trimmed Winter Hats at very Low Prices to clear.

**MISS ANNIE CHUTE**

Advertise in the Monitor

**Joker's Corner**

**THE WAIL OF GREED.**

Wow!  
 I'm only a cow.  
 But say,  
 By hay!  
 I'm a power in the land  
 And I take my stand  
 With the Eagle Bird, and don't  
 Roost high  
 Why?  
 Listen: I'm beef, beef's meat.  
 And that's a real treat  
 These days of lofty prices  
 When cost of living's such  
 It hard-hits everybody  
 And puts them in Dutch  
 And milk?  
 Ain't they finer than silk?  
 And ain't I  
 The source of supply  
 And butter?  
 Well, that's too utterly utter  
 For any but the richest.  
 And don't they have to be  
 As humble as the humblest  
 Or get no goods from me  
 Sure they do.  
 On your trolley!  
 Oh, I'm the stuff.  
 And yet it is not enough.  
 Why?  
 Oh, me! Oh, my!  
 I mourn amidst my plenty.  
 Drape sackcloth on my legs.  
 And sigh and weep  
 And lose my sleep  
 Because I don't lay eggs  
 Wow!  
 Ain't that tough on the gentle cow?  
 W. J. LAMPTON.

**ONE OBJECTION.**

In a Nova Scotia town lived an old man whose wife had recently died leaving him in a comfortable house with no one to look after him. He soon began "lookin' round" for a second helpmate, and settled on a widow whose status as a housekeeper for her former spouse was well established. The old man had but one objection to her: she was a Methodist and he had been a devout Presbyterian all his life.  
 "It's all right but for that one thing," he confided to his cronies, when they fell to discussing his drawback. "Come weekdays, she will be fine. I'm a thinking, she can keep me tidy, mind the house, and man, ve know she can cook. But then, and he shook his head doubtfully—then will come Sunday. We will be starting off for church together, just as a husband and wife should be doing on the Sabbath day, and we will come to the corner, then Mandy, she will be turning to go down to that Methodist place, and I will go on to the house of God alone.—Ex.

**CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE**

A witness in a railroad case at Fort Worth, asked to tell in his own way how the accident happened, said: "Well, Ole and I was walking down the track and I heard a whistle and I got off the track, and the train went by, and I got back on the track, and I didn't see Ole but I walked alone and pretty soon I seen Ole's hat, and I walked on, and seen one of Ole's legs, and then I seen one of Ole's arms, and then another leg, and then over one side Ole's head and I says: My God! Something must have happened to Ole!"

**ON THE WRONG BACK.**

Charitable Lady—"I gave your father the money to buy you a coat last week; I see you're not wearing it?"  
 Boy—"No, mum, 'e put it on a 'orse."  
 Charitable Lady—"On a horse? But he should have thought of your comfort before that of an animal."

**HE DIDN'T PROPOSE.**

"Could you be content with love in a cottage?" timidly inquired the poor young man.  
 "Oh, yes," answered the girl with large ideas. "What we saved on the size of the house we could put into the automobile."

**HANDS FULL.**

"Have you ever wondered about your husband's past?" "Dear me, No, I have all I can do in taking care of his present and worrying about his future."

**TO CLEAN FRESH INK SPOTS**

There are several ways to clean off fresh ink spots from carpets. One which is always efficacious is to cover the spot immediately with milk. If no time is lost between the time when the ink is spilt and the milk poured on there will be no spot whatever when the milk is wiped off. Another way is to cover the spot with table salt. Continue pouring the salt on until it remains white on top and the ink is completely absorbed. Leave it on until the salt has dried. Then remove it and if any ink remains wet with water and pour on more salt. Leave again until dry and the ink stain will be entirely removed.

**The Fashions**

The manager of a leading store in London says: "There will be some revolutions in modes this spring. Paris is preparing surprises for us. I cannot at present give away my secrets, but I can suggest generally what the new fashions will be like:  
 "In the first place, I have seldom seen more charming materials than those of which spring and summer gowns will be composed. Shantung-crepe in all colors will be one of the most popular materials. It is especially smart in black and colored stripes.  
 "Chiffon cloth, which is the very finest and softest cloth, almost resembling a satin, will be seen in the most beautiful shades. Cashmere nixon is also a novelty. It is like a very fine cashmere, and drapes beautifully.  
 "For debutantes dowered crepe de Chine will be much used. Foulards will be seen, and another lovely material is nixon de sole with white spots on a dark ground patterned with a satin or shantung stripe.  
 "A beautiful effect will be obtained by draping fine nixon printed satins of flowers almost as if they were hand-painted. These will be especially popular for bridesmaid dresses.  
 "There is a great future in the velled effects. Handsome embroideries are seen on a gown and then veiled with soft, pale colored chiffons or nets.  
 "Among tailor-made costumes the short coat and boleros will be seen again, while skirts will be fuller, with numbers of box pleats.  
 "Sleeves will also be fuller in afternoon gowns, and will be made up in many different pieces with an over-lap, puff, and undersleeve. In evening gowns, however, the sleeve will only be suggested by fine lace chiffon—tulle unlined.  
 "Evening dresses will be very elaborate and original. I have just designed one of the palest pink crepe veiled with a tunic of silver crepe chiffon.  
 "Hats will be smothered with flowers of every color. A great favorite will be the white picture hat banked with black roses."  
 "The waist line will be one of the most important considerations this spring. This necessitates much more accurate fitting of all gowns and garments. It behooves, therefore, every woman who takes any interest at all in dress to be more than usually careful in the foundation of her gowns, viz., the all-important question of the corset. This has become more imperative the last few years, and promises this coming season to be still more so.

**Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd.**

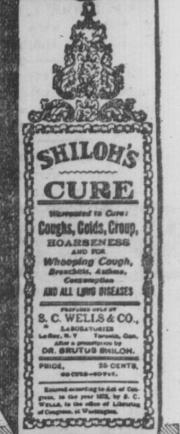
We know a cure  
 And we are sure  
 There is nothing like it  
 For Bruises, Burns and Sprains,  
 In fact all Rheumatic Pains,  
 It has no equal.  
 It is  
**EMPIRE LINIMENT.**

**You reduce existence to its essence**

and to its simplest possible formula when you assume the Unity of Life and seek to identify yourself with it. As long as you think yourself as separate from all else you have all else to overcome.

**Shiloh's Cure**  
 makes short work of  
 the most dangerous  
 Cough—you can trust it

That's the secret of Shiloh success for forty years—trustworthiness. When you contract a cold—like a wise man you want to cure it—Shiloh's Cure will do that quickly. When there is a cough in the household you know as well as we do what it may lead to: Asthma, Chronic Bronchitis, Consumption, are its fruits—Shiloh's cures coughs. All throat and bronchial soreness and inflammation are eased and healed, all phlegm secretions are safely removed, by Shiloh's Cure. Incipient Consumption is checked by the soothing, building influence of Shiloh's Cure. You realize that from the quick way a long standing lung cough is alleviated and cured by it. Whooping Cough and Croup—take them in time! Shiloh's Cure should never be out of the house where there are babies or children.



It's the Remedy you can Trust

Get Shiloh's today  
 ALL DRUGGISTS 25¢

**GERMAN SURTAX ABOLISHED BY DOMINION GOVERNMENT**

Negotiations have been going on for some time between the government and the German consul general for Canada, looking into the improvement of trade relations between Canada and the German Empire. As a result of these negotiations an agreement has been entered into and was signed today whereby the surtax imposed upon German goods is suspended, thus leaving German products to be admitted into Canada under the terms of the general tariff, Canada to receive in return for this concession the benefits of the German conventional tariff upon a specified list of products. These include Canadian wheat, barley, oats, fresh and dried fruits, such as apples and pears, apricots, peaches, plums and small fruits; rough timber, staves, horses, cattle, sheep, bacon, lobsters, condensed milk, wood alcohol, leather, foot-wear, semi-pulp for the manufacture of paper or cardboard, pasteboard and strawboard. Hitherto such products imported from Canada have been subject to the maximum German tariff.

**THE BARNYARD HEN—THE GREAT WEALTH PRODUCER.**

Montreal Witness—"The present excitement over food prices has led to the revelation of the fact that the barnyard hen is the greatest wealth-producer on this continent. It is the humble cackler, not the soaring screeching bald-headed eagle, that is Queen of America. She and her products exceed in annual value any other staple, not excepting wheat, cotton, corn or cattle. A leading merchant in New York, when charmed with being in an egg trust, scouted the idea. It was true that Armour & Swift & Co. are in the egg business, but their operations amounted to nothing when compared with the entire trade of the country. Eggs would be two dollars a dozen were it not for cold storage in the cities."

**C. P. R. TRAIN WRECKED**

Montreal, Feb. 16.—The afternoon C. P. R. train from Montreal and Waterloo was badly wrecked this evening close by West Sheffield, the rear first class car and a smoker going over an embankment. The train was not running fast and this probably was the reason that there were no fatalities to chronicle. As it was nine of the passengers were shaken up and some badly bruised, but when taken out to Waterloo few of the men needed the doctors. The two cars were badly smashed and the track torn up for a hundred yards.

**Convince yourself that it is worth the price**

**THE** secret of the greater flavor and body of Union Blend Tea—the choice rose aroma,—lies in the fact that there is not a single full-grown tea leaf in it. I use nothing but the tender, young sprouts hill grown in Ceylon every year. This ensures quality. In my thirty years I have gathered together a staff of expert blenders who devote their entire time to make Union Blend

**UNION BLEND TEA**  
 the Tea that satisfies

Look for my picture  
**I HAVE** no doubt you wonder why I use my picture in advertising a tea. Let me explain—it is for your protection. When you buy, look for this picture on the end of the packet; it is your guarantee that the packet contains Union Blend—"the tea that satisfies." I firmly believe that you are going to like Union Blend Tea when once you try it—grocers tell me that of all who once start using it, ninety-five per cent. continue to buy it. Remember, also, that you have only to buy one, single, half pound packet to convince yourself of the truth of my claim—will you give me the chance to prove my words? I shall be perfectly satisfied to accept Harry W. Donnet your decision.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER SAVED BY GIN PILLS

The Famous Kidney Remedy. 44 Woolfrey Ave., Toronto, March 21st, 1909. "While engaged as assistant at Sterling Mines, Gray's Sliding, Ont., I became familiar with the merits of Gin Pills. On leaving Toronto, I left my wife (aged 51) and my daughter (aged 21) in poor health. The former had tried all sorts of remedies for her ailment—Middle Age or Change of Life. The joints in her hands were badly swollen and she suffered much pain. It occurred to me that Gin Pills would help her and so advised her. This was a happy thought, for my wife wrote back to say she was trying Gin Pills. Her next letter said that the pills were doing her good, and the second, that the swollen joints were fast disappearing. Also, her general health and color was vastly improved. Now, she cannot say too much in favor of Gin Pills. My daughter has also derived much benefit from their use." Wm. B. CRAIG. Simply write to the National Drug & Chemical Co. Dept. NS Toronto, and a free sample will be sent you. When Gin Pills have proved their great value, get them at your dealer—50c a box, 6 for \$2.50.

FEARLESS OLD SEA-DOG

M'LAREN OF THE ENTERPRISE HAS HAD THRILLING CAREER.

Atlantic Coast Skipper, Who Was Recorded as Having Made a Rough Trip the Other Day on the Nova Scotia Coast, Once Commanded One of the Fisheries' Protection Fleet—Empress' Adventure.

The Maritime Provinces paper the other day chronicled the arrival in port after a very rough passage of the stout coasting steamer Enterprise, which maintains with wonderful regularity a service along the east side of Prince Edward Island, and Pictou, Hantsburg, Mulgrave, Port Hood and other Nova Scotia ports. The designer, originator, and captain of the Enterprise, William McLaren, is one of the oldest and most skillful navigators in the Maritime Provinces. For several years his name was familiar throughout Canada as commander of one of the fisheries' protection vessels. It will be remembered that upon the termination of the Washington Treaty in 1885, the Dominion Government took steps for the equipment of a squadron to enforce the rights of Canadian fishermen and to protect Canada's shore fisheries according to the terms of the convention of 1885. The Government's own schooner fleet was equipped and commissioned, and several other smart craft were chartered and placed under the command of the fisheries' protection officers. Captain McLaren, who like scores of other "deep sea captains" in the Maritime Provinces had found his old occupation gone with the wooden sailing ship, was at the time engaged in the coastal trade as captain of the schooner Critic, a stout smart vessel of which he was owner. The sailing department considered Captain McLaren and his schooner both suited for the fisheries' protection service and both were secured, the captain being commissioned to command his own vessel. Captain McLaren is still a strong, athletic man. In the twenties he was very active, and it is no wonder that he and the Critic were terror to poachers. He had his crew on the Critic drilled and disciplined like that of a man-of-war, and even today naval maneuvers prevail on the Enterprise. None of the officers or crew may address the skipper without a salute, an "Aye, aye, sir," a "Port it is, sir," etc., etc. The writer of these notes last summer had occasion to make a trip on the Enterprise, and being struck with the disciplined way of doing every thing on board made enquiries and was informed that "the skipper was the captain of a cruiser in the old fishery navy, and a corker he was too." The old wooden vessel days there was a perfect craze for shipouting in Prince Edward Island. In every cove and bay there was a ship in course of construction, generally a brigantine or barquentine. When completed they were loaded with timber and sailed to England, where both ship and cargo were sold. Captain McLaren had sailed one brigantine over and had made the usual sale. He tried to get a ship for the voyage back, and eventually shipped as second mate and carpenter on a bark named the Empress. The chief things about this vessel were that she was poorly manned, was an indifferent sailor, and had a most gorgeous figure-head, a wooden representation of an Oriental beauty. In mid-Atlantic they ran into a terrific storm, which did all sorts of damage, among other things loosening the figure head so much that it looked as though it would be carried away. As the captain was very anxious to save the wooden representation of Oriental beauty, Mr. McLaren had himself lashed over the bow and lashed to the bobstay, so that he could cut away the forced bolts, and so release the figure-head that could be hoisted up on deck. Beforehand, however, he had the ship's course so changed temporarily that she would take the seas over her quarter instead of plunging bow foremost into them. While McLaren was busy at work with his chisel the helmsman lost control of the ship, and she chopped right round into the wind, plunging her bow under the huge waves and shipping a heavy sea. McLaren, unable to help himself, for he could not unfasten the stout lashings which held him to the bobstay, was held under water for what seemed an interminable time, and he actually resigned himself to the fate of being drowned like a rat in a trap. Fortunately the captain McLaren does not consider that the narrowest squeak for life which he has had during his seafaring career. He was disposed to award the palm as "the closest call" to an experience he had when he was a young man. He had been chiding some of the crew for slowness in furling the top gallant sail, and one of the men insinuated that it could not be done any faster. McLaren felt that it was incumbent upon him to show that it could and going aloft, he was soon out on the top-gallant yard. The ship giving a lurch, a rope of which he had held and by which he was steadying himself, broke, and he found himself precipitated into space. He thought at once that his end had come; but as fortune would have it, he was interrupted in his fall by the topmast yard, he falling square across it, and so gently that he was able to seize it and easily gain a secure footing.

SUNLIGHT SOAP



THIS IS IT! The soap that saves you work, and saves you money without injury to hands or article. Sunlight Soap turns wash-tub drudgery into pleasure. Get a bar of Sunlight to-day and try. Follow Directions.

Famous Canadian Writer Speaks on Conservation

(Ottawa Journal.)

Miss Agnes Laut, Canada's foremost woman writer, and who in recent years has taken such a prominent part in the United States for the conservation of natural resources, delivered a most interesting address in St. Patrick's Hall last night, under the auspices of the Canadian Club. Miss Laut took as her subject the conservation of natural resources in Canada. Stating that the United States is today using three times more lumber than grows and wasting ten times more than is used, Miss Laut plainly showed that it was only a matter of a few years when the demand for lumber could no longer be met. In Canada, except in two sections, the lumber resources had as yet been untapped. With conservation of the forests, which means the proper development of the industry, Canada would be able to supply a world demand annually ten times greater than the supply of the Northwest coast. To patrol a lumber area the size of Russia, Canada employed only eighty-two men. To conserve what would eventually mean a value of one billion dollars a year, Canada was spending little more than \$100,000 a year for fire patrol. Turning her attention to the wheat market, Miss Laut stated that Canada was today supplying one-third of the world demand for wheat. The world supply was three and one-half billion bushels. The prediction of J. J. Hill that it is only a matter of time when permanent hard times would prevail on this side of the ocean would seem to be correct. Canada had ten times the wheat area she was using and it would be possible to make up this demand of one billion bushels, which would mean one billion dollars annually to the country. Since he would not come to hear the gospel, the gospel should be carried to him. This was done best by the establishment of consolidated schools. In the United States there were six hundred consolidated schools supplying four thousand log school houses. It cost from \$2,500 to \$4,000 a year to run these. The only answer to the charge that they could not be afforded was that the country cannot afford not to afford them. Turning to the enormous water power of Canada, Miss Laut declared it was impossible to exaggerate the possibilities. Canada has not yet taken an inventory of its power sites. Hon. Clifford Sifton said these were 500,000 horsepower in use and seventeen million available. This is altogether too conservative, the seventeen million should be seventeen billion. In New York state a policy is now adopted whereby the state controls the raw water and sells it to the power companies. The commissioner when asked where they had gained the idea, said they were following the method adopted in Ontario. The two policies, Miss Laut claimed were well shown at Niagara. On the United States side the company takes out 200,000 horse-powers a year and pays nothing. On the Canadian side, what is practically the same interest under different incorporation, the province from \$20,000 to \$30,000 a year. The future of Canada was a great one and it would now appear that the mistakes and accumulations of natural powers by individuals, as seen in the United States would probably be avoided.

Who Should Go West

The following letter has been sent to an Eastern paper by a resident of the West who knows whereof he is speaking:

I am a young married man, who came West sometime ago, to take up land, but after travelling the three prairie provinces from end to end, and being unable to procure a homestead worth taking up, I accepted the Principalship of the school in a Saskatchewan town of modest proportions. I may also say that this is my second venture in the West, so that it need not be said that I am a new arrival or a tenderfoot. I have determined to send you a letter describing conditions as I found them, and incidentally to give a word of warning to those who are eager to leave the East for the proverbial far away hills which are so eternally green. In Manitoba the average wheat yield for the past season was fifteen bushels to the acre, in Saskatchewan seventeen, in Alberta about twenty. While wheat was selling at eighty-one cents per bushel in Alberta it was selling at \$1.08 in the East—a difference of 27 cents per bushel. Floured out, then, fifteen bushels in the East are as good as twenty bushels in Alberta. There is an equality of yield, if not wider, diversion in the prices of barley, oats and hay. Land in Southern Alberta sells from \$16 to \$40 per acre, and land at the lower figure is in general virgin prairie, with neither houses, wells or improvements of any sort except an occasional wire fence. I am safe in saying that there is not a village wacker in Eastern Canada but each week contains a list of farms, many of them well improved, with comfortable homes and good buildings, offered for sale for less money per acre than the Southern Alberta land. It must be remembered that homesteads which are left now are of very doubtful value. In order to verify this, all that is necessary is to visit any one of the larger post offices or land offices in the West and read over the number of cancellations which are posted up for public inspection. The same homestead may be taken up several times before some settler finds it to his advantage to improve upon it. Abandonments are extremely common. The reason evidently is that after taking up the land the settler finds that it will cost him to prove up and get the patent more than the land is worth. I have gone over the farms with those who are homesteading and with those who have paid up. I have also spoken to a number of others, who have declared that a homestead, unless it is right close to some market, say within six or seven miles, is not worth its cost. It is almost the unanimous opinion of those to whom I have spoken that it pays to land which is improved, rather than wait three years for a crop from virgin prairie. As for the cost of living in towns, at the very lowest estimate it will take \$300 per year more to keep an ordinary six-roomed house in the West than in Eastern Canada. From an educational point of view the homesteader has nothing to hope for. I have pupils in my school, eleven and twelve years of age, who have never been to school up to now, and only the other day a new girl, fourteen years of age, had to be placed in the class that reads from the first part of the First Reader. It must be remembered that our rooms are not filled with the children of foreigners. We have few of these, not many. The deplorable educational conditions are due to the fact that seventy-five per cent of our children are living or have lived on farms or homesteads where educational facilities are impossible. It is said that this matter will right itself soon. Let me say that it will not. The West is being so rapidly settled that all the Normal schools in Canada cannot turn out enough teachers to man the schools. There is not a Public School Inspector in Saskatchewan or Alberta but what could locate at least twenty teachers if he could procure them. The Easterner who has children at school would certainly be making a great mistake to come West to homestead. Indeed if the average Eastern farmer would improve his own farm along the lines suggested by the Eastern Agriculture Colleges, his yield of grain would be so satisfactory that any desire he might have to come West would vanish. Who then should come West? I would say that the West is the natural place for the overflow population from Eastern Canada or the Northern States. But everyone should not consider himself certain of work in the West. His children receive meagre educational privileges his wife may not have neighbors close at hand and the eternal prairie is extremely lonely. Besides there are dangers from typhoid epidemics and from frosts, from hail, from the terrible prairie fires and from the equally terrible blizzards. In conclusion I would say that homesteading for the average man

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Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills,

stand higher in public estimation than any others, and their ever-increasing sales prove their merit. Physicians prescribe them. 25c. a box.



COSTS LITTLE Accomplishes Much A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make you want known, to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

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Hides, Sheep's Pelts, Calf Skins and Tallow. GEORGE M. LAKE.

Wanted Now

for Bridgetown and surrounding district for Fall and Winter months an energetic, reliable agent to take orders for nursery stock. GOOD PAY WEEKLY. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY. OUTFIT FREE. Six Hundred Acres. under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show you that there is good money in representing a well known, reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years. Write for particulars. PELHAM NURSERY CO. Toronto, Ont.

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BRIDGETOWN, N. S. Centrally located in the business section of the town. Every attention paid to the comfort and requirements of guests. Sample rooms in connection. J. D. PRICER, Proprietor.

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THE MONITOR SENTINEL wants a good live boy or girl in every school district to secure subscriptions for this paper. A handsome commission paid for New Cash Subscriptions. Full particulars will be sent upon request. Address MONITOR-SENTINEL, Bridgetown.

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a fresh line of FISH including Fresh Halibut, Codfish, Smelts, Smoked Haddies, Bloaters, Fillets, Salt Boneless Cod, Herring, Tongues, and Sounds, at

100,000 CEDAR SHINGLES, 20,000 SPRUCE SHINGLES, 40 barrels CEMENT, 50 casks LIME.

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J. B. Whitman Land Surveyor, BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

Leslie R. Fairn ARCHITECT Aylesford, N. S.

Undertaking We do undertaking in all its branches Hearses sent to any part of the County. J. H. HICKS & SON Queen St., Bridgetown, Telephone 46 J. M. FULMER, Manager.

Dr. F. S. Anderson Graduate of the University Maryland PAINLESS EXTRACTION By Gas and Local Anesthesia Crown and Bridge Work a specialty. Office: Queen street, Bridgetown. Hours: 9 to 5.

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WANTED A LARGE QUANTITY OF HIDES, PELTS, CALF SKINS & TALLOW CASH PAID AT THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICES MCKENZIE CROWE & Co., Ltd.

NOTICE On and after Oct. 25th. all kinds of repairs for Frost and Wood's Machinery will be at Edward Craig's Blacksmith Shop, persons wishing to purchase any plows or any kind of Machinery made by Frost and Wood can buy of Mr. Craig or the undersigned. ISAAC C. WHITMAN Agent. Round Hill Oct. 25th 1909.

Nova Scotia Fire INSURANCE COMPANY. LOWEST RATES consistent with safety. SECURITY FOR POLICY HOLDERS \$450,000.00 STRONGLY REINSURED HEAD OFFICE. HALIFAX JOHN PAYZANT, ARTHUR BAILLE, PRESIDENT, MANAGER. F. L. Milner, Agnet, Bridgetown

TESTS OF A GENTLEMAN

"Don't judge of a man by the fact that he regularly gives up his seat in a street car to a smiling young woman, who beams upon him her gratitude and good will," philosophized a young professional man the other day. "That is not of his gallantry and self-control. That's the easiest thing he does. Just watch the same man on Market street at the rush hour on a rainy, slippery day. Watch him try to make his way up the street against the crowd of shoppers and shop girls on their mad rush to lunch. Watch him ward off the point of an umbrella carried like a bayonet in the hands of absent-minded elzeline shop girls and then get jabbed in the ear with the tip of a steel umbrella rib on the other side. Watch him crase through the mud for his hat, which some careless pedestrian knocked off as he came pell mell around a windy corner. See him dodge into a doorway to avoid a line of shoppers walking five abreast across the sidewalk. If he still manages to smile, manifests no ill will against the fair sex and does not swear loud enough to be heard, you may mark him down as a perfect gentleman.— Philadelphia Record."

108 Nox a Cold In One Day

The Great Lung and Cough Medicine GUARANTEED 25c. a bot. at WARREN'S drug store.

NO MONEY AND NO FRIENDS

A Sad Story of Consumption in a Canadian Town

The Local Hospital Unable to Care for the Patient, and the query is What to Do?

In a little booklet issued by the National Sanitarium Association under whose auspices has been established the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives, we have the story told of a sad case of consumption.

A young woman, apparently friendless, came in on a train reaching Fort William, and immediately procured work as a domestic. A doctor was called in to examine her case, as she appeared to be a consumptive, and she was at once pronounced a bad case of tubercular.

She was placed in the small local hospital of the town, and everything possible for the moment is being done to help the patient.

But writing to the Secretary of the National Sanitarium Association, the Secretary of the Board of Health asks: "Is it possible to make room for this patient in the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives. The local hospital is crowded for room, and there is really no place for this poor girl."

Continuing, the Fort William official adds "I may say that as far as being able to pay is concerned, she, as far as we can learn, has no friends who can afford to pay for her in an institution." It is to meet just such cases as these that the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives has been opened.

The official reports of the past year show that more than half the patients who entered the institution were absolutely free—their maintenance not costing them a single farthing. The others only paid a nominal sum ranging from \$1.50 to \$6.00 a week, only a few paying the larger amount. The average of each patient was less than 50 cents a day. The actual cost of maintenance to the institution is over \$9.00 a week so that our readers can readily see how strong a case is made out by the Trustees in their appeal to make provision for just such a patient as that from Fort William—only one of scores who are constantly seeking admission.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

When sewing in sleeves, instead of binding the seams use the French seam. It is neater and quicker.

Who Should Go West

The following letter has been sent to an Eastern paper by a resident of the West who knows whereof he is speaking:

I am a young married man, who came West sometime ago, to take up land, but after travelling the three prairie provinces from end to end, and being unable to procure a homestead worth taking up, I accepted the Principalship of the school in a Saskatchewan town of modest proportions. I may also say that this is my second venture in the West, so that it need not be said that I am a new arrival or a tenderfoot. I have determined to send you a letter describing conditions as I found them, and incidentally to give a word of warning to those who are eager to leave the East for the proverbial far away hills which are so eternally green. In Manitoba the average wheat yield for the past season was fifteen bushels to the acre, in Saskatchewan seventeen, in Alberta about twenty. While wheat was selling at eighty-one cents per bushel in Alberta it was selling at \$1.08 in the East—a difference of 27 cents per bushel. Floured out, then, fifteen bushels in the East are as good as twenty bushels in Alberta. There is an equality of yield, if not wider, diversion in the prices of barley, oats and hay. Land in Southern Alberta sells from \$16 to \$40 per acre, and land at the lower figure is in general virgin prairie, with neither houses, wells or improvements of any sort except an occasional wire fence. I am safe in saying that there is not a village wacker in Eastern Canada but each week contains a list of farms, many of them well improved, with comfortable homes and good buildings, offered for sale for less money per acre than the Southern Alberta land. It must be remembered that homesteads which are left now are of very doubtful value. In order to verify this, all that is necessary is to visit any one of the larger post offices or land offices in the West and read over the number of cancellations which are posted up for public inspection. The same homestead may be taken up several times before some settler finds it to his advantage to improve upon it. Abandonments are extremely common. The reason evidently is that after taking up the land the settler finds that it will cost him to prove up and get the patent more than the land is worth. I have gone over the farms with those who are homesteading and with those who have paid up. I have also spoken to a number of others, who have declared that a homestead, unless it is right close to some market, say within six or seven miles, is not worth its cost. It is almost the unanimous opinion of those to whom I have spoken that it pays to land which is improved, rather than wait three years for a crop from virgin prairie. As for the cost of living in towns, at the very lowest estimate it will take \$300 per year more to keep an ordinary six-roomed house in the West than in Eastern Canada. From an educational point of view the homesteader has nothing to hope for. I have pupils in my school, eleven and twelve years of age, who have never been to school up to now, and only the other day a new girl, fourteen years of age, had to be placed in the class that reads from the first part of the First Reader. It must be remembered that our rooms are not filled with the children of foreigners. We have few of these, not many. The deplorable educational conditions are due to the fact that seventy-five per cent of our children are living or have lived on farms or homesteads where educational facilities are impossible. It is said that this matter will right itself soon. Let me say that it will not. The West is being so rapidly settled that all the Normal schools in Canada cannot turn out enough teachers to man the schools. There is not a Public School Inspector in Saskatchewan or Alberta but what could locate at least twenty teachers if he could procure them. The Easterner who has children at school would certainly be making a great mistake to come West to homestead. Indeed if the average Eastern farmer would improve his own farm along the lines suggested by the Eastern Agriculture Colleges, his yield of grain would be so satisfactory that any desire he might have to come West would vanish. Who then should come West? I would say that the West is the natural place for the overflow population from Eastern Canada or the Northern States. But everyone should not consider himself certain of work in the West. His children receive meagre educational privileges his wife may not have neighbors close at hand and the eternal prairie is extremely lonely. Besides there are dangers from typhoid epidemics and from frosts, from hail, from the terrible prairie fires and from the equally terrible blizzards. In conclusion I would say that homesteading for the average man

Amherst Standard:—It looks as if Amherst would hold the record this year as an automobiling town. There will probably be fully one hundred motors honking about our streets. Among those who have already placed orders for machines are Charles R. Smith, Dr. C. W. Hewson, Dr. C. A. McQueen, John W. Morrison, Mrs. J. H. Douglas, A. A. Baker, Rae Baker, C. C. Black, W. B. Calhoun and Blair McLaughlin. The News is informed that one agent alone has sold fifteen new machines in this town.

**Annapolis.**

A couple of deals in real estate have taken place here recently. Mr. John Cameron has sold his farm to Mr. Oliver Goldsmith, and has purchased the farm of Mr. H. D. Ruggles just outside the town limits.

It is reported that one of our prominent solicitors, Mr. H. D. Ruggles will go West in the spring to take up the practice of his profession.

Dr. A. A. Horsfall has closed his dental office in Bridgetown finding that his practice here required his entire attention.

The Telephone Co. is installing a cable system which will do away with the net work of small wires on our streets.

Mr. G. E. Corbitt has returned from a two week's trip to the eastern part of the province, where he has been looking after his mining interests.

Miss Naomi Phinney, who was summoned recently to her home in South Farmington, owing to the illness and death of her father, has returned to her position in Mrs. Potter's store.

About twenty of our citizens attended the Rink Carnival at Bear River.

Mr. Norman H. Phinney, of the firm of N. H. Phinney and Co., Lawrence town was in town last week.

Gordon Blackie, of the Bank of Nova Scotia staff made a week-end visit to the home of Mr. B. C. Eaton, Belle Isle.

Mrs. Gesner, of Belleisle, is visiting her mother, Mrs. R. L. Hardwick.

Mrs. A. A. Horsfall and her cousin, Mrs. Howe, who has been spending the winter with her have left for Boston to remain two months.

The town Council have appointed Mr. Miles McMillan as policeman and Scott Act Inspector.

**Springfield.**

We are sorry to report the illness of Miss Nellie Roop.

Miss Flora Grimm is spending a few days at New Germany.

A very pleasant evening was spent by the young people in Bent's Hall on the 24th. The party was given by A. L. Bent.

Mr. and Mrs. Avar Roop were summoned to Mt. Hanley on the 24th by the sudden death of Mrs. Roop's father, Mr. Bartheaux.

Quite a number from here attended the horse race at New Germany on the 23rd.

Mr. Fred Grimm made a business trip to Bridgetown on Monday last.

A party of young people from New Albany enjoyed a sleigh drive to the Lakeside House on the 22nd.

Mr. H. A. Oakes spent Sunday at his home in New Albany.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Carter and little daughter, Miriam, spent Sunday at New Germany.

Some of the young people from here took advantage of the good roads and had a sleigh drive to Moore's Hotel at New Germany on Friday evening.

**Bear River.**

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Benson returned home on Thursday last.

S. S. Bear River called for St. John on Monday.

The good sledding which we had last week is a thing of the past, the continuous rain of Sunday night and Monday, causing a heavy freshet and leaving the roads partly bare and icy.

Mr. C. H. Purdy and Clarence Harris went to Halifax on Monday.

Mr. Fred Benson arrived from Boston on Saturday to spend a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Benson, returning to Boston again on Wednesday.

The marriage of Miss Mary Alice Peck, of Greenland, to Harry B. Beeler, of Nacomis, B. C., was solemnized by the Rev. John Phalen at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Peck. They left for the West on Tuesday.

The silent messenger has been doing his work in our community. On Saturday of last week the wife of John Thomas was called to rest at the age of eighty-three years and three days.

For the last four years she had been unable to do much work. She leaves besides her husband to mourn their loss a son, George, of Ogden, Utah, and four daughters, Lydia, wife of R. C. Hamilton, Inverness, Mrs. Irene Chute, living in New Hampshire, Annetta, wife of Jacob Morgan of Moransville and Mrs. Trask, living in the United States. Interment took place in Mt. Hope cemetery on Wednesday.

On Saturday night Frederick Jones after a lingering illness, passed away at the age of fifty-one years leaving a wife and one son, Vernon. Interment at Clementsvale on Wednesday.

Mr. Wm. Miller, whom we reported as being very sick last week, is much improved.

Mr. George Rice returned home from Halifax on Monday, where he has been attending the Dalhousie Law school.

**Upper Granville**

Miss Mabel Troop, of Belle Isle, is the guest of her cousin, Mr. E. P. Fellows.

Mrs. Edwin Dodge is again sojourning for a time in Upper Granville.

Mrs. Wm. Archibald, who has been with her daughter Mrs. Thomas Kelly for several weeks during her critical illness, has returned to her home in Musquodoboit. Mrs. Kelly is thought to be gradually improving in health.

Ice is being taken from the Fresh and Newcombe Pond, not of the same thickness or quality as that obtained in past years, but a boon to all those needing it nevertheless.

Ideal weather for the farmers and lumbermen with perfect sleighing for pleasure has been gladly welcomed. Not often do we get bright days and roads free from drifts when King Winter is so far advanced. Though not a pessimist, March is at hand, and may give employment in road breaking.

The W. A. met at the residence of Mrs. Shaw on Thursday evening, February 24th.

**Smith Cove**

Miss Addie Cummings was hostess at a five o'clock tea last Wednesday afternoon. All present enjoyed the function very much.

Squire Isahab Wilson is spending all his available time on the writing of a history of the temperance movement. It will be international in its treatment and at the same time the local aspect will be prominently dealt with.

Mr. Wilson is not in a position to state when the work will be ready for publication but he hopes to make rapid progress towards completion during the next few months. That the treatise should be comprehensive will be conceded by all who have read the Author's history of the County of Digby.

A wildcat made its appearance in Miss Cummings's yard early the other morning and leaving there, sauntered off through Mrs. Poole's field in the direction of the beach. Finding no toothsome morsel on the shore the beast retraced his steps and started for the woods back of town. Sports with dogs gave chase as soon as the news reached them, but the cat had too much of a start to be overtaken.

The services in the Methodist church Sunday afternoon were made uncomfortable by the smoking of the stove. A member of the congregation said there was one consolation and that was there was no brimstone in it. Perhaps he will get a whiff of that later on if he doesn't mend his ways.

Mrs. J. K. Cossaboom wishes to thank all her good neighbors, who turned out recently and hauled her enough fire wood to last a year.

Elmer Weir has accepted a position with Mr. H. T. Warne. Mr. Warne will find Elmer good stuff.

Mr. A. M. Gidney, M. P. P. went to Halifax last Wednesday to attend to his legislative duties, he being one of the Digby County representatives in the local house.

Mrs. H. S. Hall has returned to Middleton, after a pleasant visit here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Cornwell. She called on all her old neighbors, who were much pleased to meet her again after an absence of five years. It is that long ago that she removed to the West, settling in the province of Alberta, near the city of Edmonton. Mr. Hall is engaged in farming there, and is doing well. Her eldest daughter married a western farmer a year or two ago. Her other daughter and two sons are at home.

Mr. Hall speaks very well of the West but there is a hanker for Nova Scotia. Her husband makes no secret of the fact that he would like to be back here again, and in all likelihood he will return when he becomes fairly prosperous. Those who think that money making is easier in the West than in the Maritime provinces are greatly mistaken. Mrs. Hall says the fact is that the requirement of a competency there is quite a difficult matter after all, because there are so many clever people ready to grasp every golden opportunity that offers that the ordinary individual finds progress slow, and often very discouraging. All classes have to work far harder than we do, conditions are much more exacting, and all the circumstances attendant upon daily life are so unpleasantly different that Nova Scotians should think twice before changing their lot. Here we talk of the golden west. There they speak enthusiastically of the East as a promised land, a country flowing with milk and honey.

The following conversation actually took place in a store in a neighboring town the other day. A lady entering a store addressed the proprietor thus: "Have you any sulphur?" Proprietor: "Yes" Lady: "How do you sell it?" Proprietor: "Eight cents per pound." Lady: "Oh my! I can get it at Eaton's for four cents." Proprietor: "You can get it in here for nothing. Good morning, madam." Lady: "You're wrong, there; they are saving it all for you. Good morning, sir."

Mr. J. L. Cornwell is advertising four rooms to let in his homestead next summer during the tourist rush.

Mr. John Smith will leave his residence "Breezy Brae" to tourists for the summer, he and his family occupying the bungalow in the rear.

The two sewing circles, the Baptist and the Methodist are having successful meetings every week. They are to have a union gathering one of these days and swap ideas for stimulating the work. Union is the slogan now-a-days and the ladies who always succeed in doing things might show us a wrinkle in this respect. They always have set the pace in a certain kind of union movement, which was started by mother Eve and agreed to by Adam, because it takes two to make a bargain, but as the high cost of living is operating against the continuance of this men and women will have to paddle their own canoe, silencing their fluttering hearts as best they may, while the fair sex divert their activities towards the solution of other differences with a view to restoring harmony in all departments when men and women will be able to

live in luxury on frugal salaries and love again to their heart's content.

The clam business is good. Fifty barrels went forward from here last week, all consigned to Boston merchants.

Mr. T. Rice reports that his brother Mr. M. O. Rice, who went to British Columbia last fall, where he remained a few weeks, afterwards removing to Pasadena, California, has written home stating that he is not satisfied and intends moving back as far as Boston, where he will work at his trade, which is carpentering. He would rather be in Nova Scotia but he is anxious to earn back from Uncle Sam some of the money he spent travelling through his domain.

Smiths Cove, the most popular resort in the province, will probably benefit materially from the direct service between Boston and Digby. No doubt the hotel accommodations will have to be enlarged, and should business warrant a new hotel, will likely be projected another season.

Mr. Henry H. Sulis has built a handsome yacht for Mr. J. N. Shenton of Toronto. Mr. Shenton is secretary Treasurer of the Massey Harris Company, and summers here his bungalow being one of the finest in the place.

The heavy rain has completely washed away the snow, interfering with the plans of the Division members, who were to have a sleigh drive to Digby, where they would make a fraternal call on Union Division. Perhaps the elements will favor them yet.

About a dozen of the members of Home Division put on original four act comedy last Wednesday night. The title was "What Harvey Weir's bargain sale did for Mr. Brown." The play was well acted, the star of the evening being probably Miss Nettie Merritt, who as Mrs. Brown, brought down the house by her clever impersonation. Mr. Wm. Woodman, as Harvey Weir, also covered himself with glory, and Mr. Brown showed to good advantage. All participants did fine work, and the spectators enjoyed the evening very much.

**Port Wade**

L. D. Robinson, of Berwick gave a very interesting talk on Agriculture, Wednesday evening of last week in Division Hall.

T. G. Taylor, of Yarmouth, representing the International Correspondence School was calling on the people of Port Wade last week.

Isahab Kinghorn lost quite a valuable cow one day last week.

Mr. Guilford Haynes, of St. John, son of John Haynes, Esq., of this place arrived here by Port Wade Ferry with the remains of his little daughter, Florence Mabel, aged seven years on Friday, for interment at this cemetery. Much sympathy is felt with the bereaved parents on this their eighth bereavement.

With regret we record the death of Mr. Wm. McGrath of this place which occurred on Saturday afternoon, after quite a long illness of tuberculosis. Mr. McGrath was the first captain of the Ferry boat, "Port Wade", and has followed the sea for about thirty years. He was a man of exemplary character a staunch liberal in politics and a member of St. George Lodge I. O. Odd Fellows of Digby and will be buried by that body on Monday at 2 p.m. at the cemetery here. He leaves a sorrowing widow and a large family to mourn their loss.

Miss Winnifred Thorne, of Karsdale, has been spending the past few days as the guest of Miss Minnie Snow.

Mrs. F. N. Thorne has been very sick the past week but we are pleased to report her recovering.

Mr. Samuel Ryder is quite ill. He despatched his only son, Clarence, working in Lynn, a few days ago, that he must come home at once. Accordingly Mr. Ryder and his wife arrived here Saturday afternoon.

**Greenwich.**

We regret to learn of the sudden death of Dr. Prior Bishop, formerly of New Minas. He died in New York and was brought home for interment.

A social was held at the home of Mrs. Edward Manning on the evening of the 25th. The sum of \$12.50 was realized toward the new church building.

Mrs. J. E. Shaffner and daughter Jean, of Lawrence town, are the guests of Mrs. Enoch Neary.

Miss Hay, who has been very ill at the home of Mr. Humphrey Bishop is slowly recovering.

In answer to question of last week's Monitor:— Nothing was lost.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are safe, sure and reliable and have been praised by thousands of women who have been restored to health through their gentle aid and curative properties. Sold by all dealers.

**PREMIER ON THE FLOOR.**

Sir Wilfrid is Past Master at introducing Measures.

It seems to be the fortune of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to present to the House of Commons all the really great measures of Parliament. It was he who launched the National Transcontinental Railway bill on the stormy seas of discussion. Later he introduced the bill granting autonomy to the Northwest Territories. Quite recently he gave the House the substance of the measure creating a Canadian navy. The autonomy bill might have been introduced by the Minister of the Interior; the N.T.T. bill, primarily the business of the Minister of Railways, but Mr. Blair was out of sympathy with it and left the Government. The navy bill was to have been presented by Hon. Mr. Brodeur, but his unfortunate illness intervened.

For presenting the general effect of an important measure none is better equipped than Sir Wilfrid. He lacks the mastery of detail possessed by such a man as Mr. Fielding, and in the maze of committee discussion he may not be as expert as some of his Ministers. In a larger sense, however, he is a shining star, for he has the eloquence, grace, imagination, fluency and commanding gesture. He does not burden his mind with the details of sub-sections, but as in a vision he sees the effect of the whole measure. In the autonomy bill he saw two new commonwealths born to take their place in Confederation. In the National Railway project he could see years ahead, when processions of settlers pouring over the plains would be calling for railways, and east of the plains he saw a new steel trail giving breadth as well as length to Canada. In introducing the navy bill he was more restricted, having already spoken in the House on the same topic last year.

Sir Wilfrid uses but few notes on the occasion of an important speech. He almost never prepares a manuscript beforehand, leaving his ideas to frame themselves into suitable form as the speech develops. Usually he leaves his arms free for gesture, and when referring to notes picks up his paper, adjusts his spectacles and reads an extract, or momentarily refreshes his memory.

A Colonel at Eighty-Seven.

The Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, formerly Prime Minister of Canada, who celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday on Dec. 27 last, has been gazetted to the full rank of colonel in his old regiment, the 49th, his previous rank of colonel being merely honorary. The veteran politician and statesman is also a veteran militiaman, for as long ago as 1857 he assisted in raising at Belleville a rifle company of which he became ensign.

Upon the organization of the present 15th Regiment, Argyle Light Infantry, he became captain of No. 1 Company, and was later transferred to the 49th, with the rank of major. He was on active service on the front after the St. Albans Raid and also during the Fenian troubles of 1866 and 1870. Sir Mackenzie is a remarkably well preserved man for his years and active career. Erect of figure and alert in movement, one could easily take him for a man of fifty.

In fact he will tell you that he does not feel half his age, and that he can do a day's work with the average young fellow yet. And he certainly makes his boast good, for when the Senate takes to night sittings, as it is to towards the end of the session when the House of Commons gets tired of talking and does some work, Sir Mackenzie is one of the Senators who can be depended upon to wait until the Senate rises, even if it is two or three in the morning; and when business resumes at eleven he is always sure to be in his place, as if he had just returned from a week's rest.

Annual Seal Slaughter.

It is very seldom that the captain of a sealing vessel can be induced to take a spectator with him. This is not because the captains object to any one watching their movements, but because the vessels are unusually full and space is both limited and valuable. Explains a writer in the Wide World Magazine. In addition to the crew there are the hunters to be considered, and should many seals be taken the ship is loaded to her utmost capacity. Indeed, it seals are speedily sighted, and in large numbers, even the crew is thrown overboard to make room for the skins.

The ship returns as soon as a sufficient number of seals have been caught. Sometimes the vessel is back in harbor again in a couple of weeks, loaded to the gunwale with as many as thirty or forty thousand seals, worth from \$2.50 to \$3 apiece. The crew of a single vessel has been known to capture as many as 20,000 seals in seven or eight days.

Two seasons ago the crew of the Neptune secured 42,000 seals in eighteen days, the pelts not only filling the hold, but being piled up on the decks as well.

The watchers of the harbor knew at once whether a vessel has been successful, for it is the custom to hang a broom aloft if the catch has been a particularly good one. Sometimes, however, the steamer is unlucky, and, after bustling about among the ice for a period of six weeks, returns with only a few skins to pay bare expenses. The annual catch of seals runs into well over half a million, and the total value of the industry to Newfoundland is about \$1,500,000.

A Representative From Detroit.

It seems strange to read to-day that in the first of Canadian Parliaments set a member representing Detroit. Now Detroit is not only the commercial metropolis of the State of Michigan, but also one of the largest and busiest of United States cities along their northern frontier. At that time Detroit and a part of the State of Michigan were still held by the British, somewhat in the nature of a pledge that certain stipulations in the treaty closing the war of the Revolution would be carried out by the United States; and, therefore, the people of Detroit elected a representative to sit in the earliest of Canadian Parliaments.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES PAIN

**LET US HELP YOU DO YOUR HOME FURNISHING**

WE have planned for one of the Greatest Spring's Sellings in the history of this store. We have taken advantage of every turn that would shave the price a little closer, and have in our showrooms one of the finest assortments of FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, OILCLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, Etc., to be seen anywhere in the Province.

Free delivery, either from our team, or at your nearest railway station

A SPECIAL INVITATION TO VISIT OUR SHOWROOMS, AND GET ESTIMATES.

**CHAS. DARGIE & SONS**  
Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia

**Lower Granville**

A quiet wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Anthony on Wednesday when Mr. Anthony's eldest daughter, Addie, was married to Stewart Armstrong, son of Elwood Armstrong, Esq. The happy couple left at once for North Dakota, their future home. We wish them all possible happiness and success in their distant home.

The annual Methodist Donation was held at the residence of Horace M. Johnson, on Thursday evening and was very largely attended. After a supper that would satisfy the most epicurean taste the financial part received attention and soon \$65.75 was made up for the pastor and \$7.25 for his good lady. This was presented in behalf of the company by E. H. Porter and appropriately acknowledged by Rev. Mr. Whitman. A vote of thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Johnson for

opening their house and in every way contributing to the comfort of their guests was unanimously passed after which shows that the Port Wade people that it was good to be there.

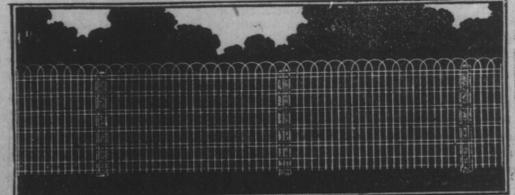
The steamship, "Diana" discharged a lot of hard pine for Reid & Archibald last week at the Pier. About 263M. was discharged in two days which shows that the Port Wade people can hustle if necessary.

We deeply regret to report the death of Capt. William McGrath, lately in command of the Port Wade-Digby Ferry boat, "Port Wade". The sad event took place on Saturday at his home. Port Wade, after an illness of over a year with that dire disease consumption. Capt. McGrath was a man very highly respected for his many excellent qualities, and his death will cause a blank in the community hard to fill. We deeply sympathize with the family. The funeral takes place today. (Monday).

**VITAL TABLETS ARE GUARANTEED TO CURE RHEUMATISM.**

To cure rheumatism you must build up your blood by driving out the impurities and replacing fresh pure blood in its place. Vital Tablets will do this or your money back.

Price 50 cts. a box or six for \$2.50. Manufactured by The Seobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. For sale at Warren's Drug Store.



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**YOU CAN SAVE MONEY in buying from us!**

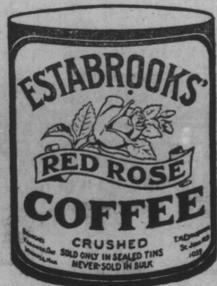
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| 18 lbs. BEST GRANULATED SUGAR | \$1.00 | 3 POUND PEAS, lb.          | .034 |
| 50 lbs. only SEEDED RAISINS   | .07    | LEADING KINDS 40c. TEA     | .36  |
| FANCY MOLASSES, per gal.      | .47    | LEADING KINDS, 35c. TEA    | .32  |
| NEW VALENCIA LAYERS, lb.      | .07    | COW BRAND SODA, pkg.       | .04  |
| PEARL TAPIOCCA, per lb.       | .08    | CHOICE CREAM CANDY, 2 lbs. | .25  |
| JUTMEGS, 4 ounces for         | .09    | ROSSCUT SAWS               | 1.05 |
| RISING SUN STOVE POLISH,      | .07    | ROSSCUT SAWS (disstons)    | 1.47 |
| GINGER COOKIES, 3 lbs.        | .25    | ROSSCUT SAW FILES          | .13  |
| GREY BUCKWHEAT FLOUR lb.      | .034   | CATTLE CARDS, pair         | .13  |
| TELSON'S ROLLED OATS, lb.     | .034   | GOOD SCRUB BRUSHES         | .11  |
| BEST GRAHAM FLOUR, lb.        | .034   | DIAMOND DYES               | .08  |
|                               |        | SULPHUR, 1 lbs.            | .10  |
|                               |        | PLAIN GLASS TUMBLERS doz.  | .37  |

**T. G. BISHOP and SON**  
LAWRENCETOWN

**The new Crushed Coffee as compared with Ground Coffee**

Merely to look at it you will see how very different it is; Crushed Coffee being in small even grains, totally free of chaff or skin while ground coffee has the appearance of being mashed; large and small grains with chaff or skin mixed together.



Red Rose crushed Coffee, being free of the chaff, can be made as easily as Red Rose Tea. Settles clear and bright. No egg or anything required. Just look at our crushed Coffee and see how correctly we describe it.

A good combination is Estabrook's Coffee for breakfast and Red Rose Tea for other meals.

**Estabrook's RED ROSE Coffee**

ORDER A TIN IN TIME FOR BREAKFAST