

The Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY MARCH 26 1896.

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 34

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Serious Accident to a Resident of Vancouver—Trout Fishing Near Wellington.

Mining in Cariboo—The Omineca Country—Encouraging Developments in East Kootenay.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—Eli Landers broke his leg so badly while walking on the Burnaby Road that it had to be amputated. Mr. Landers is an elderly man and the shock may prove fatal. The cantata, "Under the Palms," is to be rendered by the Central Methodist choir and Sunday school on Easter Sunday.

The McGillivray Pipe Works will be removed from New Westminster to Vancouver. The council will grant certain concessions in the way of free water and taxes.

Farmer's Grand Festival Mass in "B" flat was rendered in Dunn's Hall last night with great success. The concert was under the management of the Roman Catholic church.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—A number of California miners arrived in the city yesterday on their way to the Horsefly mine in Cariboo.

News has reached Vancouver that a shipment of ore from the Rico mine to the Everett smelter, aggregating 44 tons, realized for the owners \$17,521.

The committee appointed by the council to report on the advisability of allowing the Tram company to clear a recreation ground and bathing beach in and near Stanley Park have returned a favorable reply to the council. The Dominion government will probably be asked to allow the improvements to be made. The Tram company offer to make a recreation ground and bathing beach free of cost.

The council are considering the advisability of subsidizing the steamer Sunbury to run from between Chilliwack and Vancouver. The subsidy asked is \$100 a month. Those favoring the scheme say that at present two-thirds of the produce bought in the Westminster markets goes to Vancouver; that as a market is to be established here probably two days in the week produce could be sent direct at \$2.50 a ton, while farmers now pay \$4. It was also explained that many farmers could not get their goods direct from Vancouver, and consequently sent all the way to Victoria for them.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, March 24.—The New Westminster Bar Association has passed the following resolutions: "Whereas the members of the association have heard with feelings of profound regret of the affliction which has fallen upon the head of our profession in the province by the death of Mrs. Davie, wife of our Chief Justice. Therefore, resolved, that this association collectively and its members individually, beg to tender to His Lordship the Chief Justice and his bereaved family, their sincere and heartfelt sympathy in their hour of deep sorrow and affliction." The sitting of the Supreme court has been adjourned until after the funeral.

Inspector McComb has completed his labors in connection with the British Columbia hatchery, the last batch of fry being liberated in Shawigan lake and Pitt lake. Altogether 6,400,000 sockeye salmon have been liberated and 4,000,000 whitefish. According to official reports in the last ten years 53,282,000 fry have been liberated, or 66,000,000 including those of 1896.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, March 23.—Dr. McKechnie has announced himself as a candidate at the forthcoming election of the Medical Council of British Columbia.

The amateur opera company will produce the "Chimes of Normandy" in the opera house next month.

Three panthers were seen on Friday afternoon in the ravine east of the New castle townsite, and close to the railway track, where a solitary panther was seen the day before.

Since the beginning of the fishing season many trout have been taken from the lakes in the vicinity of Wellington, the weather having been unusually fine for this sport.

At a meeting of the Crescent Cycling Club the following officers were appointed: President, Dr. Eberts; captain, Thomas Bryant; secretary and treasurer, Dr. Wasson.

The following are the officers of the Nanaimo baseball club for this year: Hon. President, Andrew Bryden; vice-president, John L. McKay; manager, George Wallace; captain, Fred King; treasurer, George Elliott; secretary, E. Lowe.

NANAIMO, March 24.—

The bark Wilna, coal laden for San Francisco, expects to beat the Ellwell's record. She was nine days out from San Francisco to-day, or about four hours behind the Ellwell, and Captain Turner hopes to make good that deficiency if the winds prove propitious during the home run.

Messrs. T. R. E. and W. W. B. McInnes narrowly escaped being burnt out on Sunday night at their residence on Newcastle townsite. The former awoke about midnight conscious of a strong smell of burning. On entering the back parlor he found a portiere curtain near the stove blazing away. He tore it down and succeeded in extinguishing the flames with a heavy rug. The carpet was also badly burnt and the piano scorched.

A fatal accident took place yesterday morning on the New Vancouver Coal Company's wharf, a Chinaman named Loy being the victim. A large mass of

coal had fallen from one of the cars between the latter and the platform. The Chinaman stooped to pick it up, and as he did so another Chinaman, unaware of his position, started the cars, the consequence being that Loy was terribly crushed between the coal and the platform. He succumbed to his injuries shortly afterwards.

Two very distinct shocks of some kind were experienced on Sunday evening at 5:40 o'clock, a couple of seconds intervening. The general impression was that a couple of large cannon had been fired in the vicinity of the city. Another opinion was that an explosion had taken place at some of the mines or at the Northfield powder works, but such proved not to be the case. It is, however, stated that the shock was the outcome of some blasting by dynamite on Gabriola Island.

The Chemainus sawmill has started up with 50 men at work. The bark Volunteer is expected up shortly from San Francisco to load. The tug Vigilant will also arrive in the course of the next few days with a boom of logs from the Sound.

G. Bisset, of the E. & N., in the course of an afternoon's fishing at Chemainus on Sunday caught a dozen fine speckled trout, averaging nearly two pounds each, or 22 lbs. in the aggregate.

The Indians of the coast intend holding a big meeting on Kuper island to protest against the action of the government in prohibiting potatoes. Speeches will be made by the chiefs of the various tribes.

GOLDEN (From the Era.)

Mr. Wm. McNeill again visited his copper mine in East Kootenay last week and gives very encouraging accounts. He brought remarkably fine specimens of copper ore, some blue copper glance which contains 64 per cent. metallic copper. This ore exists in large quantities and the owner is making arrangements to have some of it shipped to a smelter.

Mr. Canard, of Victoria, who has undertaken the management of the Nip & Tuck gold property on Wild Horse, passed through here on Tuesday. He says that he is going to work the property on a much more extensive plan. It is a hydraulic property and he is shipping the machinery in from Victoria. He has purchased most of his supplies and provisions for merchants in Golden before he left. Examination failed to disclose any fracture of the skull. He had not regained consciousness up to Tuesday evening, when he was removed to the hospital at Kamloops. On Tuesday Ed. Davidson fell and broke his thigh. He was taken to the hospital on the same train with McRae and at last accounts both of the injured men were improving. A large force of men are engaged in this bridge, the construction of which is being pushed with all possible haste.

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ASHcroft. (From the B. G. Mining Journal.)

John Grey, in charge of a gang of men is busily pushing work on the North Fork at Quesnelle to divert the river. Mr. Pierson, of Victoria, who is largely interested in the project, is on the ground.

On the Breckenridge claim several shafts have been sunk to a depth of 50 or more feet. They are now drifting and are well pleased with the outlook.

The outlook for the various propositions in the Quesnelle Fork section is good. The Montreal Company, the Beaver Mouth, the French Company (the Columbia) the Fishback Hydraulic and various other large propositions are making preparations to go on with work on a large scale, and dozens of propositions will be put in shape for capitalists to take hold of for the next season.

Messrs. Young and Lee, of Pittsburg, Penn., came in last night to Ashcroft on their way to Quesnelle, where Mr. Young is building his dredger for work on the Fraser river. About 60,000 pounds of machinery direct from Pittsburg is now on the track here. The freight on the car load is nearly \$1,000, and with Canadian duty makes it a valuable consignment.

The indications now are that the season of 1896 will witness more prospecting in the Omineca district and through the Peace river country than has ever been done before, at least since early days, when prospecting was done not for the class of diggings that would be held as good now, but for at least \$20 a day ground.

It is believed that good quartz ledges will be found throughout this section. We believe as good opportunities now exist in the Omineca and Peace river country as in any section under the sun for the prospector who knows his business, and a few short months are likely to make the country better known than have the past twenty years.

Last year Charles Smith, who has been near Taylor's lake on a prospecting trip for Victoria parties, was drowned in the Chilcooten river, while on his way to Clinton to record a cinnabar mine. His accidental death left the mine not properly recorded with the time required by law. The promoters of the prospecting trip, however, got special permit for the ground to be held until a certain time. Meantime another party got the track of the mine and the two parties left Ashcroft last week, one by a B. X. special for Soda Creek via Hanceville, to Tatlow's lake, and the other by a Collin's & Haddock special to the same place via Dog Creek, Hanceville, etc. Neither party seemed to care for expense but wanted to get there with all speed. The mine is reported to be a bonanza.

Arthur Stevenson, road superintendent from Lytton, says the big dredger is still at its anchorage near the mouth of the Thompson, but that having made a trial of its machinery and finding it in good shape they were to move the dredger up the river soon. The small dredger is working on Mormon bar, and there is no doubt but that it is successful as a gold saver. Mr. Young, who is now at Kamloops, informed Mr. Stevenson that a new dredger would be built by his company at Spence's Bridge to operate on the Thompson near that point. Of the richness of portions of the river he has there is no chance of question, and if dredgers can work successfully among the boulders that in many places cover the river beds, they will reap a rich harvest.

Horse Shoe Bend is attracting considerable attention. About 200 acres of ground which is rich enough in gold to pay well for working was until two years ago on a reserve, but the water of the Thompson having cut through the neck

of land so that the main stream is diverted from its original channel. It is now claimed that the land is no longer a reserve, as the reservation is described as only to high water mark of the Thompson river. The ground on the bar yields in places as high as 2 1/2 cents per bushel quite a force of men are now working, and it will be increased soon.

A large number of men have come into Ashcroft, stayed a day or two and gone up the road, heading, in most cases, for the forest or Forks country. More than fifty have left this week. The demand for labor is not going to equal the supply, at least not for some weeks to come, as the camps in the vicinity of Barkerville will not be active until near the 1st of May.

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Laurier's Big Stake.

His Great But Unsuccessful Thrust—Foster's Magnificent Speech—Negotiations With Manitoba.

William Head Improvements—Salmon Fishing Regulations—Carmanah Point Wire.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 16.—Mr. Laurier has thrown up a big stake and has not succeeded. Rumor has it that in making his motion for the six months' hoist he did so upon the assurance of Mr. McCordy that the straight amendment would likely carry by a majority ranging from 15 to 30. With no other motion could the Opposition leader hope to secure the votes of dissident Conservatives like Mr. McNeill, Clarke Wallace, W. F. Maclean and others, who are just as much opposed to a commission of inquiry as to the bill itself. These gentlemen have inscribed on their banners "No interference with Manitoba," consequently nothing but a straight motion for the rejection of the bill meets with their approval.

Mr. Foster's speech on Friday afternoon is acknowledged to be the masterpiece of the debate. For over two hours the Minister of Finance held his hearers spell-bound, while in eloquent language he dealt with the shrewd question from the Liberal standpoint. He made a most effective analysis of Mr. Laurier's attitude on this question. The Liberal leader was in favor of giving redress to the people of Manitoba and yet he had moved the six months' hoist, implying thereby that he was opposed to the granting of the desired legislation. He asked what necessity there was for investigation. After six long years of inquiry the constitutional duty was imposed on parliament to act. Parliament did not make the constitution; it was their duty to carry it out. Mr. Laurier's amendment was an umbrella with which the Opposition sought to shelter itself from the pelting rains of criticism beneath which the members of the opposition quarrelled like cats and dogs. Mr. Foster wound up with an appeal to the Conservative to stick by the ship and not to allow this transient question to divide or defeat them. Mr. Foster was frantically cheered when he sat down and his speech will live long in the recollection of those who heard him.

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Cariboo and Horsefly.

Seattle, March 23.—Work on the Cariboo and Horsefly mines in British Columbia will begin very shortly.

General Manager J. B. Hobson, in charge of both mines, arrived in this city on Saturday with twenty-nine miners from Placer county, Cal., selected because of their knowledge of hydraulic mining. The two mines are incorporated under different names, though the same parties are interested in both.

General Manager Hobson, in describing the work already done on the mines and their future prospects, said: "The Cariboo mine, which is larger and richer than the Horsefly, has cost the company \$400,000, or \$100,000 more than the other. The vein is a cubic yard of gravel from the two mines is 60 and 20 cents, respectively. You can estimate the wealth of the gravel when you consider that a yield of 3 1/2 cents is about the average in California. A vein twenty miles in length, with a capacity of 3,000 miners' inches, has been built from Lakes Polley and Bootjack to the Cariboo mine and another canal twelve miles long, with a capacity of 2,000 inches, from the Horsefly river to the Horsefly mine. These ditches were not finished until late last year, and during the 45 days left of the season, from Sept. 1 to October 20, \$60,000 was taken from the Cariboo. During a slightly longer period \$50,000 was taken from the Horsefly. No dividends have been paid as yet, all the profit going into the equipment. This season we expect to take \$300,000 from the Cariboo, and \$100,000 from the Horsefly.

"We really have the privilege of working the year round, as the ground is leased from the Dominion government, for \$50 a year. Besides that, we agree to spend \$5,000 a year in improvements. We have regular sleeping houses at both mines and stores run by the company. Last season there were 75 men at work in the larger mine and 60 in the smaller. This year about twenty more will be put on. During what is called the closed season, there have been 15 men at the Cariboo, and seven at the Horsefly, doing winter work, such as putting in logs and driving tunnels. The miners are paid from \$2.50 to \$5 per day. Ten monitors with a head of 300 feet do the work of both mines. At Cariboo is Quesnelle Forks, a small mining town of 200 inhabitants, and each of the mines, which are about twenty-six miles apart, has a post office of its own. We think we undoubtedly have two of the richest mines in the country."

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ENDS ON APRIL 24.

Termination of the Dominion Parliament—Departure of the Delegates for Winnipeg.

Sir Charles Tupper Invites Mr. Laurier's Co-operation—Commissioners of Customs.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 23.—The Premier announced to-day that the present parliament terminates on April 24. The government has decided to pass the remedial bill if possible, no matter how the Winnipeg negotiations end. Provisions will be attached to the measure that it will not become law in the event of Manitoba legislating on behalf of the minority.

Sir Charles Tupper announced this afternoon the departure of the delegates for Winnipeg. "I take this opportunity," remarked Sir Charles, "of saying how glad the government will be to have the co-operation and influence of the leader of the opposition with his friends in the government of Manitoba, doing what he can to facilitate the object of the commission."

Hon. Mr. Laurier remarked: "I am glad to say the hon. gentleman will have that and always has had it. Although this is a tardy step, I think it is the most important step they have taken of doing at last what they should have done long ago in my estimation."

Sir Charles Tupper said the papers on the subject will be laid before the House. It is proposed to increase the salary of the Commissioner of Customs to the \$4,000 figure it was formerly at. The office has been vacant for some months, and Mr. Kilvert, the acting commissioner, will not accept the position at the salary fixed by the statute as it is less than he receives as collector at Hamilton.

The Senate discussed the subject of universal peace this afternoon and ridiculed Mr. Boulton for the manner in which he had brought it up.

Mr. McNeill's motion in favor of preferential trade and levy for defence purposes was discussed all day, the debate being eventually adjourned.

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SIR AUDLEY COOTE DISAPPOINTED

HONOLULU, H. I., March 15.—Sir Audley Coote, who called here for a day on his way home by the Monowai, spent the time at his disposal while that steamer remained in port in conference with President Dole and his cabinet on cable matters, the proposed connection with the Orient practically monopolizing attention. In this regard Sir Audley assured the Hawaiian government that he had already secured Japanese capital to proceed at once with the construction of the line; he asked that he be delegated to represent the republic of the islands in closing a contract with his Japanese principals on the lines of the draft agreement submitted some time ago to President Dole and his colleagues. These gentlemen, although expressing every confidence in Sir Audley and great appreciation of his action in advancing preliminaries to their present satisfactory stage, concluded that they could not under the extensive powers sought; neither could they see their way clear to accept his second proposition, which was in effect that they give him a written guarantee assuring him of a monopoly of cable landing rights in the islands. On the whole, the interview was far from satisfactory to the strong opponents of the Canadian-Australian scheme.

A movement is well under way that may result in the early departure from these islands of 3,000 to 5,000 of the Portuguese colony. The plan is to go at the expense of their home government to its new possessions in Africa. The government is now sending colonists from Europe free of charge and with £1 bonus per settler.

Respect is better secured by exacting than soliciting it.—Greville.

All have the gift of speech, but few are possessed of wisdom.—Cato.

Men must love the truth, before they thoroughly believe it.—Smith.

The heart's still rhetoric, disclosed with eyes.—Shakespeare.



James E. Nicholson.

Almost Passes Belief

Mr. Jas. E. Nicholson, Florenceville, N. B., Sufferer for Seven Long Years with

CANCER ON THE LIP, AND IS CURED BY

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Mr. Nicholson says: "I consulted doctors who prescribed for me but to no purpose; the cancer began to

Eat into the Flesh,

spread to my chin, and I suffered in agony for seven long years. Finally I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a

Decided Improvement.

Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore under my chin began to heal. In three months my lip began to heal, and after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Regulate the Bowels.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

THE BONE OF CONTENTION.

It cannot be said with any approach to truth that Englishmen generally are on national questions blind partisans; that they are ready to take the side of their Government whether it is right or wrong.

It might be supposed that if there is any question on which Englishmen would be unanimously in favor of their Government it would be the Venezuelan question. The tone adopted by the President with respect to the boundary dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela was so imperious, and his interference in the matter so uncalculated for, that the most cold-blooded Englishman might be excused in hotly resenting the expressions he used and the attitude he assumed.

But there was at least one Englishman who took the matter coolly and immediately began to inquire into his country's claim to the disputed territory, and who asked himself and others whether the blessed country was worth making a fuss about.

Mr. Comyn's inquiries led him to the conclusion that this Schomburgk line about which so much has been written is little better than a myth. In 1840 the British Government, he says, are found "sending the brothers Schomburgk to devise and mark out what they imagined should be the boundaries of British Guiana, without reference to the views of either Venezuela or Brazil."

Table with 2 columns: Country/Region and Population. Includes Whites of all kinds, Chinese, Portuguese from Madeira, Negroes, Imported India coolie laborers, Indians (estimated), Race not stated, Total.

There are not more than three thousand white British subjects in British Guiana. The Chinese and the coolies who were imported as indentured laborers are virtually the only working people in the country.

dreary portion of the earth's surface there are no cities, no towns, not even quasi-permanent villages, save Morahanna, a small place peopled mostly with officials standing on the Barima, where that river by the Mora passage finds its way to the sea.

TROUBLE IN THE TRANSVAAL.

There is evidently going to be more trouble in the Transvaal. The Boers are uneasy and suspicious, and are clearly not disposed to admit the Uitlanders to the privileges of citizenship. Transvaal for the Boers is emphatically their motto. They own the land, they want it all to themselves, and they believe that they can hold it against all invaders by their valor and their straight shooting.

The pusillanimity of the Uitlanders during the late disturbance must have increased the contempt of the Boers for the strangers who have made the Transvaal their home, and caused them to be more intolerant and overbearing than they were before it took place. It is evident that if white men are to get a foothold in the Boer republic and are to be treated like free men the governing race must be taught a lesson.

Glance at the commissariat of these most excellent irregular troops! See with what speed and alacrity they are collected. There is a threatening of telegrams go north from Pretoria. The mounted messengers in various districts gallop hotspur from homestead to homestead in the call to arms. The Boer sends his Kafir boy into the veldt to hand by his horse, takes down his rifle, fastens his big bandolier studded full of Martini-Henry or Wesley-Richards cartridges round his waist and another across his shoulders, fills one saddle bag with sun dried fish (biltong), another with Boer meal, tobacco and coffee, ties up a blanket to his saddle bow and a kettle and water bottle to the deers on either side of his saddle. In 15 minutes he is equipped for war. He buckles on his rusty rifle and bids a tearful farewell to his wife and numerous kinders—for the Boer is an intensely family man—and with his pipe in his mouth rides off on his rough but hardy nag for the rendezvous. In twenty-four hours two or three thousand of such men are assembled together under arms waiting the word from the grim and determined-looking Commandant-General Piet Joubert, the man with the long, grizzled beard, the frame of a sturdy oak, and the small, keen, piercing, black eyes. . . . They are deceptive men, these Boers. If you judge them merely by their outward appearance, you are wrong. An army composed of such men as Mr. Bryden describes is not to be despised by the bravest and best trained and equipped troops of any army. The Boers, too, now possess heavy cannon and quick-firing guns of the most modern pattern and are learning how to use them. If Great Britain again goes to war with the Boers, as now seems probable, it must not be done in a half-hearted way. The Government must engage in it in such a manner as to make defeat impossible. The number of Boers between sixteen and sixty years of age Mr. Bryden estimates is not more than 20,000 or 22,000. "This force," he adds, "could in the very nature of things never be expected to be mustered at one time." If the Boers provoke a war, Great Britain ought to subdue them in a single campaign.

THE DISTRICT OF BURRARD.

The Liberal-Conservatives of the District of Burrard are considering whom they shall choose to represent them in the next Parliament of the Dominion. The News-Advertiser, in a moderate and thoughtful article on the "selection" of a member, says: "That there is such a district to-day; that it has in its midst a thriving center of industry and commerce like Vancouver, is entirely owing to the courage and determination of Sir John Macdonald and the able men who were his colleagues when he came into power in 1878. The comparatively small Liberal party in Vancouver know this as well as anyone, and know also that against a united Conservative party they have 'not the ghost of a show' of success at the impending election. The noise they make is out of all proportion to their strength; it is intended rather for the effect it may have on other constituencies than with any idea that it will produce any result in the district itself. Sir Richard Cartwright has told us often enough what the western portion of the Dominion

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Mr. Jameson's House Warming at Vancouver—Verdict in Rossland Mining Accident.

Mining Association Formed—Improvements at Pilot Bay—Kaslo and Slocan R. R.

DISAPPOINTED.

The Grits are now abusing the Conservatives who were not such fools as to play into Mr. Laurier's hands by voting against the remedial bill, with the greatest virulence. It is easy to see now that they counted upon bullying a large number of Conservatives into helping them to defeat the Government. They tried hard to intimidate them in various ways and with some they no doubt succeeded. But there were many who could not be scared into voting against their convictions and deserting their party. On these the Grits are now venting their spleen, but their vituperation will not be at all more effective than were their threats; the stout-hearted loyal Conservatives will pursue the even tenor of their way perfectly regardless of the raging of the Grits and the vain misgivings of the McCarthy gang.

THE RETAIL MARKETS.

The Olympic, Rainier and Portland brands of roller flour have advanced from 25 to 30 cents per barrel this week, no particular reason being given for it. Oats have also risen a little in value but the main feature in the grain market is the special demand for seed made by farmers and gardeners. With the Grocers, trade is fair and each has a variety of green stuffs on hand, such as asparagus, rhubarb, lettuce, etc., nearly all imported from the American side, Seattle in particular. Chickens are selling at 75 cents and \$1 each, and there is complaint of them, as also other kinds of poultry being scarce.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, March 25.—The live stock on Lulu Island has been thoroughly inspected by Dr. Hickingbottom and a favorable report made. The cattle of Burnaby, Coquitlam and Surrey are now being inspected.

KAMLOOPS.

Mr. Sands, the owner of the townsite of Princeton, reports that mining operations in the Similkameen country are just beginning for the summer, and he expects there will be a busy season. A party of local fishermen went up the Squedeen creek the other day and succeeded in capturing some 200 trout. The fish were small and the bait used was Considerable stir has been caused at Princeton by men arriving to be in readiness to go to work on the Anglo-American and other gold mining claims.

FROM NELSON.

The owners of the Silver Blend and Star, two promising claims at the Needles on Lower Arrow Lake, are having their assessment work done. The B. C. Iron Works, of Vancouver, and the Mac Machine Company, of Ontario, have concluded to erect branch establishments at Trail. Seven cars of ore came into Nakusp on Sunday and four on Monday, from the Slocan, making the wharf look as if business was being done.

At a meeting held here the other day for the purpose of taking steps toward forming an association of those interested in the mining industry, Mr. H. E. Crossdale, of the Hall Mines Co., was called to the chair. A vote as to the title resulted in the name of the British Mining Association being chosen. The following temporary officers were elected for one month: H. E. Crossdale, president; A. L. Davenport, vice-president; John Houston, secretary-treasurer; Messrs. Turner, Kelly and Buchanan were selected as a committee to act in conjunction with the temporary officers for the drafting of a constitution by-laws and to report on April 22.

Thomas McGovern, of Anaworth, says that work on the Little Phil is going on, the ore going to the smelter at Pueblo, Colorado. It was reported on Wednesday that some of the people interested in the Kaslo & Slocan railway had it in mind to build a concentrator on railway ground within the corporate limits, bringing the necessary water power by line from Kaslo westward. It is current rumor that the Noble Five mines, in Slocan district, have been bonded to, or that an option has been obtained on them by, O. F. Law in the interest of a Toronto syndicate.

any price. We have received an offer, which we declined, of 25 cents a share for a majority or the whole of the stock.

We effected a settlement with D. C. Corbin two months ago regarding the title to the surface of our claims. He has agreed to give us a deed to five acres out of the eighty for mining purposes, to be selected by me and Corbin, as soon as his engineer can get around to it. We shall probably take three acres on this lead and we propose now to open up work on the Red Mountain railroad began as soon as Mr. Corbin returns from New York; at any rate, it will be begun before the first of May and trains will be running into Rossland by the first of August.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

DR. WOOD'S Norway Pine Syrup.

Rich in the lung-healing virtues of the Pine combined with the soothing and expectorant properties of other pectoral herbs and barks. A PERFECT CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Lung Diseases, Obstructed Coughs, etc. Resist other remedies yield promptly to this pleasant syrup.

ROSSLAND.

Geo. Pfunder has launched the Morning Star company in Butte and now F. Aug. Heineze is reported to be after the Derby and adjacent claims. The dry ore belt at the south end of Slocan lake is looking up. The surface showings are immense. The ore is dry silver ore and carries some gold which appears to increase the further you get back from the lake. The misunderstanding between the owners of the Rossland townsite and the Trail Creek tramway company is at an end. It is understood that the agreement is in the nature of a compromise. Neither the extreme demands of the tramway company nor the demands of the owners form the basis of the settlement. F. P. Gutelius, general manager of the Trail Tramway Company, says their road will be completed into Rossland by the first of May. "We have now 7 1/2 miles of track laid out and have 100 miles of rails at Trail to Rossland. We have enough rails at Trail to lay about eight miles of track, and the balance of the rails are at Robson or the mouth of the Kootenay."

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER.

MADE BY THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA. Behold The Star of the West whose health-giving rays, shining over an ever widening circle, give an assurance of well-made cakes to all who use

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS. Glasgow Beef-Ham, Armour's 49¢ Ham, Armour's 49¢ Bacon, Armour's Sliced Gold Band Bacon in Sealed Tins. FISH. Pinnac Haddies, Smoked Salmon. QUAKER OATS. For sale by R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

JOHN JAMESON & SONS (DUBLIN).

OWN CASED! Very Old BLACK BOTTLE WHISKY. Please see you get it with Metal (BLUE) One Star Capsules (PINK) Two Star (GOLD) Three Star OF ALL DEALERS. Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & C. DAY & CO., LONDON.

WANTED EARNEST MEN.

Word of Islam or Suffering Armenia, a thrilling book. Graphic account of the Eastern Question, the Turk, Armenian and Mohammedanism with its horrible massacres. Numerous startling illustrations taken on the spot. 48 pages, only \$1.00. Send orders for canvassing book. Agents make \$10.00 to \$20.00 weekly. THE BRADLEY-GARRETTSON CO. Ltd., Toronto, 169-171 W-122nd.

HOLY WAR.

The Khalifa Cal to Fight Natives Discontent—Slatin Pasha—Osman

Cairo, March 25.—The Khalifa proclaimed a jihad against Egypt, and called upon all able-bodied Muslims to take the banner. It is said that he has already received 100,000 volunteers. Lord Cromer decried the move as a "pious fraud" and the British Government is expected to take steps to suppress it.

While the natives in the prospect of a victory over the British in civil places are to join the forces, women have volunteered. The prospect of a jihad has excited many serious minds that attempt to do long-matured policy provoke a European war. The British are bringing into the Sudan a large force of troops which they have sent to Cairo to Ghizeh, where they will carry their down Nile to the Sudanese frontier. It is said that the young Khedive is in the prospect of a visit to the Sudan. Slatin Pasha, the Egyptian commander, who has had a life-long mission in the Sudan, and who now holds a high position in the Egyptian army, is expected to be brought into the Sudan. He is said to be a man of great ability and a man of great courage. He is said to be a man of great ability and a man of great courage.

OTTAWA, March 24.—per made a similar the House to-day Mackenzie Bowell did not sit after a debate on the Remedial bill. Mr. McCarthy's bill for a variety of constitutional and other amendments and the Supreme court was Mr. Wallace's movement of the debate another amendment, not a bill, since the in it to levy a tax on Mr. Speaker's decision. Mr. Borden, of Nova Scotia, of Ontario as also Dr. W. J. McMillen, of Ontario, Hon. Mr. Oimette, works, contended that the bill ought to be referred to the Supreme court to test its constitutionality. Mr. McCarthy.

HOLY WAR PROCLAIMED

The Khalifa Calls on the Dervishes to Fight Against Egypt.

Natives Disconsolate at the Prospect—Slatin Pasha for the Front—Osman Digna.

CAIRO, March 21.—The Khalifa has proclaimed a jihad (holy war) against Egypt, and called on all Dervishes capable of bearing arms to enrol under his banner.

Lord Cromer declines to express any opinion as to the situation. The assumption is that he knows very little of the scope of the movement. It is known that the order for the advance was a surprise to him.

The British have gained through Wolsey's dilatory, vacillating tactics in the Khartoum campaign before the British war office, it is practically certain that this expedition will be called forward with sharpness and precision.

While the natives are all disconsolate in the prospect of war, the English in Cairo are elated. Scores of young men in civil places are striving for permission to join the forces, and scores of English women have volunteered for hospital service.

The troops in Cairo are taken by rail to Ghizeh, where the steamers receive and carry them down to Assuan. The North Staffordshire regiment is booked to make the trip on the 26th.

Slatin Pasha, the companion of Gen. Gordon, who has had seventeen years of life and imprisonment in the Sudan, and who now holds the rank of colonel in the Egyptian army, is suffering from a disease received from a head wound from his horse.

The Sudanese are still in the hands of the courts it might be charged that the agreement is a violation of interstate commerce law, inasmuch as the effect of this agreement is to abolish competition.

THE REMEDIAL BILL.

OTTAWA, March 24.—Sir Charles Tupper made a similar announcement in the House to-day as that which Sir Mackenzie Bowell did yesterday in the Senate to the effect that parliament would not sit after April 24.

Mr. Edgar, who made a strong speech against the remedial bill to-night, raised a point of order that the bill should have been introduced by resolution and not as a bill, since there was a provision in it to levy a tax on the people.

BALLINGTON BOOTH'S ARMY.

New York, March 24.—Ballington and Mrs. Booth have issued a statement, through Lieut.-Col. Glenn, to the effect that they will under no circumstances take command of the Salvation Army in the United States.

Commander and Mrs. Booth will not for a moment consider any proposition whatsoever made to them from the international headquarters of the Salvation Army.

The leaders of the new movement claim that the London officers are playing a trick; that they talk reconciliation to prevent many American officers from the Salvation Army to join in the new movement.

The manufacture of puddled bars, from Canadian pig iron which it is intended to claim bounty hereafter, is made under customs supervision, such supervision to be paid for by manufacturers.

NEW TRANSCONTINENTAL ASSOCIATION.

New York, March 25.—The main features of the new Transcontinental Association were agreed upon at the meeting of the traffic officials, but there are several points which will have to be submitted to arbitration.

WAR OF THE REBELLION.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—In the house of representatives to-day, when the commission on military affairs was called, there was a feeble echo of the war talk raised by the President's Venezuelan message.

PLUNGED TO DEATH.

New York, March 24.—Charlotte Craig, who came to this city five days ago from Montreal, and who resided with her sister on East Forty-fifth street, is dead.

OUR OTTAWA SPECIAL. "A COMMON EMPIRE."

Mr. Chamberlain on Relations With the Colonies—Tribute to Canadian Loyalty.

Dr. Montague's Eloquent Reciprocity of the Expressions of the Colonial Secretary.

LONDON, March 25.—Dr. Montague, Canadian Minister of Agriculture, Sir Robert Herbert, General Galloway, Hon. Staveley Hill, Admiral McClintock, Sir B. Colmer, and Messrs. W. E. M. Tomlinson, S. Gedge and T. T. Buckhill, Q. C. members of parliament, and many Canadians were present to-night at the dinner given to Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, by the Canadian club.

The Colonial Secretary was given an enthusiastic reception as he rose to reply. He said that he felt honored to be associated with Dr. Montague, and that it was a great pleasure to meet the many representatives of the Great America, which stands first among the kindred nations of the British Empire.

Mr. Chamberlain continued: "That was the opinion. It is an ancient controversy and I will not refer to it now, except to mark the contrast between the doubt and hesitation then and the determination now of every son of Canada to maintain the British constitution in his special identity and at the same time to draw closer the bonds which unite him with the great parent state.

The shadow of war did darken the horizon and to none was the shadow more ominous than to our fellow-citizens of Canada. Yet though, if it had happened, it would be borne in the first instance by the British Empire, and they would make common cause with us and were prepared shoulder to shoulder to bear with us all that might arise.

Mr. Chamberlain then reviewed the growth of the feeling for Imperial Federation and said: "Although experience has shown that the final realization of our hopes of Federation is a matter of time, it is not a matter of degree, for it cannot be undertaken at the present time; it does not follow on that account that we should give up our aspirations."

BUYARD'S SIGNIFICANT SPEECH.

LONDON, March 24.—Sir Walter Henry Wilken, the Lord Mayor of London, presided at the banquet of the City of London Pension Society to-night. Lord Denbigh, Sir William Young, Judge Meadows White and Sir J. B. Monckton were among the guests.

GAGGED AND ROBBED.

CHICAGO, March 24.—Christopher Schrage, who is 76 years old and lives alone on South Jefferson street, was bound and gagged by two men at 11 o'clock and robbed of money and papers amounting to more than \$60,000.

MURDERER HOLMES.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24.—H. H. Holmes, the murderer, has been offered by a New York newspaper \$7,500 for a truthful and detailed story of his criminal career.

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NEWS FROM LONDON.

The "Times" Warns President Kruger—Mutinous Conduct of British Hussars—Armenian Sufferers.

Serious Reverses of Cuban Insurgents—Nansen's Success Still Hoped For.

LONDON, March 25.—The Times has an editorial this morning which warns President Kruger that it is impossible to discuss with him the essentials of the London convention which fixes the suzerainty of Great Britain over the Transvaal.

At the annual meeting to-day of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom, on motion of Sir Andrew Kaye Rollitt, president, a resolution was adopted expressing the appreciation of the Associated Chambers of Commerce at the friendly feeling displayed by the Chamber of Commerce of New York, in recording their strong desire for a method acceptable to both nations for settling in a conciliatory manner any differences which may arise.

A Berlin despatch says that there is no foundation for the report circulated in the United States and Canada that Dr. Kaiser, director of the Colonial department, has resigned.

A special from Madrid says a Cuban reverse that may harm the insurgent cause more in its moral effect than in a tangible way has just been sustained in the province of Santa Spiritus, where Spanish forces have captured all of the archives of the insurgent government.

The following message has been received from the treasurer of the international relief committee at Constantinople, dated March 23: "Need increasing; nation perishing."

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been in curing SICK HEADACHE.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured SICK HEADACHE.

ACHES.

It is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our first step. Our pills cure while others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not irritate or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

ve received an offer of 25 cents a share for whole of the stock. D. C. Corning regarding the title of his claims. He has deed to five acres out of three acres on ledge and the other Golden Chariot or We have long known about of pay ore on these now to open it at all surplus if certain railroad be Corbin returns from rate, it will be begun lay and trains will be land by the first of

WOOD'S Great Peppermint Cure for CROUP. It is the best remedy for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and all other ailments of the throat and lungs. It is a safe and reliable remedy for children and adults alike.

old tar of the West health-giving, skinning over an dening circle, assurance of de cakes to all

AR POWDER AND IN CANADA. This powder is used for various purposes, including cleaning and maintenance of machinery and equipment.

es and ons. This section contains various notices and advertisements for local businesses and services.

son, Victoria, B.C. This section contains information about local events, news, and community activities.

ARNEST MEN AND WOMEN. This section contains advertisements for various products and services, including clothing and household items.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Scores at Spring Meeting of Victoria Golf Club—Rugby Football Match.

Sealers' Race for Queen's Birthday—The Battalion Cricket Club Reorganized.

The following are the scores of the many competitors who took part in the Spring meeting of the Victoria Golf Club, concluded on Saturday last:

Table with columns for Ladies' Open Event, Gentlemen's Open Event, and Open Handicap, 12 Holes.

Table with columns for A Class Handicap and B Class Handicap.

Table with columns for A Class Handicap and B Class Handicap, listing names and scores.

CRICKET. A meeting was held last evening in the drill hall, for the purpose of reorganizing the Battalion Cricket Club.

YACHTING. An effort is being made to arrange a race between the flyers of the sealing fleet as an attraction for the 24th of May celebration.

THE OAR. Toronto, March 23.—James Stanbury, who is matched to row Harding on the Thames in July for the championship of the world, evidently has an idea of returning to Australia by the Canadian Pacific.

HERE AND THERE. A rifle match took place at the new Central Park range, Westminster, on Saturday, when the long distance ranges were found to be very defective.

One Honest Man. DEAR EDITOR:—Please inform your readers, that I written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

On Sunday morning Rev. D. Macrae read to the congregation of the Central church the official statement from the Presbytery that the congregation as an organized church ceased to exist on that day.

On Friday afternoon last the British ship Glenmorag, of Glasgow, on the Washington Coast. Two of Her Crew Killed and Others Injured—West Coast Progress.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

An important recommendation with regard to the conduct of coroner's inquests was presented as a rider to their verdict by the jury which yesterday investigated the circumstances in connection with the death of Nellie Davis.

OVERDUE CRAFT. Considerable anxiety is felt in marine insurance circles regarding the safety of several vessels which are considerably overdue.

BRITISH PACIFIC RAILWAY. DUNCAN, March 21.—(Special)—At a meeting held in Agricultural Hall, Dun-dun, Reeve Wood occupying the chair, about two hundred electors being present.

On Friday afternoon last the British ship Glenmorag, of Glasgow, on the Washington Coast. Two of Her Crew Killed and Others Injured—West Coast Progress.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Wreck of the British Ship "Glenmorag," of Glasgow, on the Washington Coast.

Two of Her Crew Killed and Others Injured—West Coast Progress.

On Friday afternoon last the British ship Glenmorag, of Glasgow, went ashore at Ocean Park, about seven miles from Ilwaco, on the Washington coast.

On Friday we met the Presbytery, informing them of the agreement we had come to with St. Andrew's Session in the terms of your resolution, asking their consent to the arrangement, which after discussion was agreed to.

The funeral of Gertrude, the little ten-year-old daughter of Mr. William Irvine, took place on Sunday from her parents' residence, Work Estate.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Theodore Davie has been arranged to take place on Thursday morning at 9:30 from the family residence, and three-quarters of an hour later from St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral.

On Sunday last anniversary services were held at the Emmanuel Baptist church. The preacher in the morning was Rev. W. Trotter, of Calvary Baptist church.

The steamer Rainbow has already developed a considerable trade between this city and Sooke by the frequent communication established through the enterprise of her owners, a few weeks ago.

The U. S. man-of-war Monterey left Esquimalt for Port Townsend at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. She will remain there a few days, and will then proceed to Seattle, where she is to be refitted.

THE CITY.

The United States C. and G. S. showing a new chart, No. 6,140, showing the mouth of the Columbia river to Upper Astoria.

YESTERDAY the funeral of the late Miss Ann Miller took place from Christ church cathedral, where Rev. Canon Beauland officiated.

Post Office Inspector Fletcher is taking vigorous measures to enforce the Post Office act to the letter. Yesterday afternoon a complaint against a city business man, with a fine of \$10, was made by police officer, the offence committed having been that of enclosing a price list in a box of cigars sent by parcel post.

After service by Rev. W. Leslie Clay at the residence of his pastor, Mr. John J. Russell, the remains of the late John J. Russell were borne to the grave yesterday afternoon, a coroner's inquest being deemed unnecessary.

The funeral of Gertrude, the little ten-year-old daughter of Mr. William Irvine, took place on Sunday from her parents' residence, Work Estate.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Theodore Davie has been arranged to take place on Thursday morning at 9:30 from the family residence, and three-quarters of an hour later from St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral.

Mr. Jos. L. Warner, the well known mining engineer, is registered at the Hotel Vancouver. He is in the city in connection with the proposed development of the O. K. mine, which is one of the best developed properties in the creek.

On Sunday last anniversary services were held at the Emmanuel Baptist church. The preacher in the morning was Rev. W. Trotter, of Calvary Baptist church.

The steamer Rainbow has already developed a considerable trade between this city and Sooke by the frequent communication established through the enterprise of her owners, a few weeks ago.

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CHARGES SUSTAINED.

The Special Committee Conclude Their Inquiry Into the Treatment of Beaver Lake Workmen.

Evidence of the Second Evening—Report Promised for Monday Evening's Council Meeting.

The special select committee of the city council, composed of Ald. Macmillan, Cameron and Humphrey, appointed to inquire into the complaints preferred as to the treatment of their employes by Messrs. Walkey, King & Casey, held their final session for the taking of evidence at the city hall last evening.

The Charmer this morning carried away 29 large bales of Saanich grown hops, all except five bales going to Kamloops, in transit to London, Eng.

Dr. E. H. Stanley, of Port Angeles, has taken up the idea of cultivating oysters at Sequim bay near Port Townsend and last week spent a couple of days in Victoria trying to interest business men here in the new scheme.

Police Constable Robert H. Walker is engaged in the development of a very suspicious fire case in which Geo. Carlow, who has just served a term of imprisonment for using insulting language, is held prisoner at headquarters, charged with incendiarism.

Harvey Wonder had worked for eight weeks at the lake, five weeks as a laborer and three as a foreman.

The annual meeting of the Natural History Society was held last evening in the Legislative library, when, notwithstanding the weather, the attendance was fairly good.

Mr. Hastings exhibited a number of specimens of ramifera collected on this occasion, and also presented a report on the work of the microscopic section of the society on the diatoms, foraminifera and radiolaria of this coast.

Preparations. Willie—I knew you were coming to-night. Castleton—Why, Willie? Willie—Sister has been sleeping all the afternoon.—Punch.

SIVA IS ST

A Fearful Hurry by the "Warring Have Desc

Without Precedent the Annals of South

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CEDAR HILL MEETING.

Hon. D. M. Eberts Explains His Position in Regard to the British Pacific.

A Resolution Carried Similar to That Passed at Metehosin Last Week.

The little school house at Cedar Hill was well filled last night at the meeting called by electors of South Victoria district to discuss the British Pacific railway.

The chairman Mr. D. Stevens, in announcing the object of the meeting, said that the building of the British Pacific was of vital importance, not only to the district and island, but to the province, and he regretted that the government had not given more consideration to the scheme.

Hon. D. M. Eberts, attorney-general, in his opening remarks agreed with the chairman that the question before them was of vital importance to the province generally, and he sincerely hoped to see a transcontinental line built.

The proposition was so large that the government could not see its way to accept it, considering the financial condition of the province and the smallness of its population.

Mr. Munroe Miller, in coming forward to move a resolution, remarked that in asking Mr. Eberts the question he did not intend to embarrass that gentleman, but simply to get information for himself.

Mr. Joseph Nicholson seconded the resolution, which was unanimously carried. A vote of thanks to the chair closed the meeting.

The funeral of the late W. H. Wood yesterday afternoon was attended by many friends, and was held at the I.O.O.F., to which order the deceased had for many years belonged.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Theodore Davis takes place this morning at 9:30 from the family residence, and at 10:15 from St. Andrew's cathedral, where Pontifical Requiem mass will be celebrated by Rt. Rev. Bishop Lemmens.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP positively cures Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hoarseness, Bronchitis and all diseases of the pulmonary organs.

THE CITY.

WILLIAM LORIMER left last night by the Maude for Alberni to finish up his contract on a trail from Granite creek to the Eureka ledge.

The impression having been erroneously created that Dr. John Lang was the medical man reflected on by the jury sitting on the inquest on Nellie Davis, it ought to be stated that he was not in any way engaged on the case.

The lecture on church history given by the pastor of St. Andrew's church, Rev. W. L. Clay, in the lecture room of that edifice last evening, was most complete and interesting, covering the first three and a quarter centuries of the life of the young church.

Mr. HARRISON T. PORTER, station-master at Duncan, on the E. & N. V. way, was yesterday afternoon united in marriage to Victoria Eugenie, only daughter of Mr. William Beaumont, of the residence of the bride's step-sister.

Mrs. James Tilton, whose sudden death at Rocabella is announced, came here in 1883 by the Victoria, and was born in Washington, D.C., in 1822.

A most successful general rehearsal for the "Old Folks' Concert" was held last night, giving promise of a rare treat in the way of music, as well as of novelty.

Some Interesting Amendments Asked From the Legislature by the Attorney-General.

The bill to amend the "Supreme court act," introduced by Hon. D. M. Eberts, and read a first time yesterday afternoon, provides amongst other things as follows:

1. When, in any cause, matter or other proceeding, the day of the holding of any act of parliament of Canada or of the legislature of British Columbia comes into question the same shall not be adjudicated to be invalid until after the expiration of three days after the day of the holding of such act.

2. Money to be paid into the court, from time to time, to be appointed an account of the Supreme court of British Columbia, who shall be an officer of the Supreme court and attached thereto, and who shall have charge of all funds paid into the court, and who shall be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

There are before the legislature at present three bills which, if they become law, will entirely supersede the present municipal act, its place upon the statute book being taken by separate acts relating respectively to the subject of (1) incorporation, (2) elections and electors, and (3) general municipal affairs.

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or barter spirituous or fermented liquors by wholesale or retail (under license and subject to the payment of a license fee) and granted to him or to a licensee in that behalf."

To facilitate the collection of the various license fees, it is provided that: "No person shall use, practice, carry on, or exercise within a municipality any trade, occupation, profession or business described or named in section 169 and subsections thereof without having taken out and granted to him a license by the public, not only on account of its object, but also on account of its nature, the Police Magistrate, and some person appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council."

LADIES' AUXILIARY CONCERT. The Ladies' Auxiliary concert in aid of the funds of the Jubilee hospital should have had a more liberal support from the public than that which was given, but because the programme was well worth hearing.

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Equal to the Best Swiss Milks.



IT IS THE EXCELLENT QUALITY OF THE GRASS, PECULIAR TO A CERTAIN SECTION OF NOVA SCOTIA THAT MAKES THIS MILK SO RICH AND GOOD.

The Truro Condensed Milk & Canning Co. Ltd.

Granby Rubbers

It is no wonder that rubbers, which are not the same shape as the boot, should be uncomfortable. It costs money to employ skilled pattern makers but the result is a satisfactory fit.

Advertisement for E. C. Prior & Co., Ltd. listing various agricultural and industrial machinery such as cream separators, pumps, and drills.

Advertisement for B. Williams & Co. featuring a '50 Cases New Spring Goods' sale commencing today.

Advertisement for The Occidental Hotel, located at the corner of Wharf and Johnson Streets, Victoria.

There was upon the rough cloth of the serape a most beautiful painting of Nuestra Señora de Guadalupe in exquisite colors.

After the ceremonies Bishop Lemmens, in response to a request of the venerable Archbishop Loza of Jalisco, travelled through the diocese, taking the infrequent parts which the Archbishop found to be in need of his pastoral visit.

FRASER RIVER BRIDGE. TO THE EDITOR.—On the 17th instant Hon. Mr. Turner stated in the house that "virtually the whole of the government business for this session will be in this week."

A SET OF... Being somewhat sayed to put Mother father having Don Sanchez, lead break the truth And a sorry, truth of it, to be straight in the lift them, she did I was lying from so disconcerted in rapped me by never scarce stammer to Then, without ask or once breaking he laid her face in beads and the tea fingers and fell up so away when I "He has gone at will come back no fault that I could ter."

Then what wonder I offered her be consoled and all room all the more fresh visitors come she entertained the lay at her heart. I of this cruel blow looked for, and but times sit positive wistful eyes, and a troubled sigh, on the end of her week so albeit wounds a young and healthful who weep the least Then, for her needed, Don Sanchez tidings of her father lodged near the he could hear the fiddles all night.

good entertainment which she got a few days later, very long telling how his late penter, he did amass at his old trade in was all agog for lead in a lathe, promise make her a set of 4 birthday, please Go the number of the space, every day bread cupation to her that now that 22,000 old ed us, Moll set herself it as quickly as possible with all sort appointments, which version of melancholy man's thoughts as I need dwell no long

About the beginning comes, cap in hand at the court to crave Moll setting some men at night, to lie in a telling how they had the act last spring, a other the year before sheep, adding that a seen loitering in the he doubted not, was crew.

Moll. "Has been you here these three days? "Yet to my knowledge, at either of the village he hath the look of a rascal, ripe for such v "I will have no misfortunes."

"Gentle mistress, out that if they lets of impious others, n thereby encouraged to mercy tends to greater "No man shall be there is my answer, Passion. "If you take creature, it shall be bodily hurt. You sh else.

"Not a bone shall be 'Tis enough if we can'tice Martin godly, a scourge to evildoers. "Nay, you shall I have heard his case," for me to decide whet me or not, and I'll set my place."

Promising obedience before any further rest put upon him, but much disturbed all day. Hearing Moll's cry of chief being done despite and at night she went her round the park to wish she thought that her ing hither to see her per a victim to Simon's arm. But we found no one, certainly hidden these where in the thickets. While we were at ta we heard a great comm and Mrs. Burterby, com pucker, told how the taken in the park, and

Advertisement for Perry Davis' Pain-Expeller, a vegetable-based remedy for various pains.



(Copyright, 1895, by Macmillan & Co.)

CHAPTER XVIII
Being somewhat of a coward, I essayed to get Moll off with a story of her father having gone frolicking with Don Sanchez, leaving it to the don to break the truth to her on his return.

Then what words of comfort I could find I offered her, but she would not be consoled and shut herself up in her room all the morning. Nevertheless she ate more heartily than I at dinner, and fresh visitors coming in the afternoon, she entertained them as though no grief lay at her heart.

Then, for her further excuse, if it be needed, Don Sanchez brought back good tidings of her father—how he was neatly lodged near the cherry garden, where he could hear the birds all day and the fiddles all night, with abundance of good entertainment, etc. To confirm which she got a letter from him three days later, very loving and cheerful, telling how, his landlord being a carpenter, he did amuse himself mightily at his old trade in the workshop and was all agog for learning to turn wood in a lathe, promising that he would make her a set of egg-cups against her birthday, please God.

"About the beginning of October, Simon comes, cap in hand and very humble, to the court to crave Moll's consent to his setting some men with guns in her park at night, to lie in ambush for poachers, telling how they had shot one man in the act last spring, and had hanged another the year before for stealing of a sheep, adding that a stranger had been seen loitering in the neighborhood, who, he doubted not, was of their thieving crew."

"What makes you think that?" asks Moll.
"Has been seen lingering about here these three days," answers Simon. "Yet to my knowledge he hath not slept at either of the village inns. Moreover, he hath the look of a desperate, starving rascal, ripe for such work."

"I will have no man killed for his misdeeds," says Moll.
"Gentle mistress, suffer me to point out that if these let one man steal with impunity others, now innocent, are thereby encouraged to sin, and thus thy mercy tends to greater cruelty."

"No man shall be killed on my land. There is my answer," says Moll, with precision. "If you take this poor, starved creature, it shall be without doing him bodily hurt. You shall answer for it else."

"Not a bone shall be broken, mistress. This enough if we carry him before Justice Martin, a godly, upright man, and a scourge to evildoers."

brought him to the house in obedience to her lady's command.
"Put do, pray, have a care of your-self, my dear lady," says she, "for this hardy villain hath struck Mr. Simon in the face and made most desperate resistance, and heaven protect us from such wicked outlays as have the villainy to show themselves in broad daylight."

Moll, smiling, said she would rather face a lion in the day than a mouse by night, and so bade the captive to be brought before her.
Then in comes Simon, with a stout band over one eye, followed by two sturdy fellows holding their prisoner between them, and this was a very passionate man, as was evidenced by the looks of fury he cast from side to side upon his captors as they dragged him this way and that to make a show of their power, but not ill looking. In his struggles he had lost his hat, and his threadbare coat and shirt were torn open, faying bare his neck and showing a very fair, white skin and a good beard of light, curling hair. There was naught mean or vile in his face, but rather it seemed to me a noble countenance, though woefully wasted, so that at a glance one might perceive he was no born rascal, but likely enough some ruined man of better sort driven to un-lucky ways by his distress. He was of a fair height, but gaunt beyond every-thing, and so feeble that, after one effort to free his arms, his chin sank upon his breast as if his forces were all spent.

Seeing this, Moll bade the fellows unbind him, telling them sharply they might see there was no need of such rigor.
Being freed, our prisoner lifts his head and makes a slight reverence to Moll, but with little gratitude in his look, and places himself at the end of the table facing us, who sat at the other end. Moll sitting beside Don Sanchez and me, and there, setting his hands for support upon the board, he holds his head up pretty proudly, waiting for what might come.
"Who are you?" asks Moll in a tone of authority.

He waits a moment, as if deliberating with himself whether to speak fairly or not; then, being still sore with his ill treatment, and angered to be questioned thus by a mere girl—he, as I take it, being a man of 30 or thereabouts—he answers:
"I do not choose to tell. Who I am, what I am, concerns you no more than who and what you are concerns me, and less, since I may justly demand by what right these fellows, whom I take to be your servants, have thus laid hands on me."

"How do you answer this?" asks Moll, turning to Simon.
Then Simon told very precisely, as if he were before a magistrate, how this man, having been seen lingering about the court several days and being without home or occupation, had been suspected of felonious purposes; how, therefore, he had set a net to lay wait for him; how that morning they had entraped him standing within a covert of the park regarding the house; how he had refused to give his name or any excuse for his being there; and how he had made most desperate attempts to escape when they had lain hands on him.

"Is this true?" asks Moll of the prisoner.
"Yes," says he.
Moll regards him with incredulous eyes a moment; then, turning to Simon, "What arms had he for this purpose?" asks Moll.
"None, mistress, but 'twould be a dread villain verily who would carry the engines of his trade abroad in daylight to betray him." And then he told how 'tis the habit of these poachers to reconnoiter their guard by day and keep their nets, guns, etc., concealed in some thicket or hollow tree convenient for their purpose.

"But," adds he, "we may clearly prove a trespass against him, which is a punishable offense, and this assault upon me, whereof I have evidence, shall also count for something shall yet come by their deserts." And with that he gives his fellows a wink with his one eye to carry off their quarry.
"Stay," says Moll, "I would be further convinced."

"If he be an honest man, let him show these his hands," says Simon.
The man innocently enough stretches out his palm toward us, not perceiving Simon's end.

handsome in death, the curls pushed back from his brow and his long features still colicous like a carved marble.
Then, with a "my lackaday" and "alas," in bustles Mrs. Butterby with a bottle of cordial in one hand and a bunch of burning feathers in the other. "Fling that rubbish in the chimney," says the don. "I know this malady well enough." And pouring some wine in a cup he put it to the dead man's parted lips.

In a few moments he breathed again, and hearing Moll's cry of joy he opened his eyes as one waking from a dream and turned his head to learn what had happened. Then, finding his head in Moll's lap, and her small, soft, cool hand upon his brow, a smile played over his wasted face, and well indeed might he smile to see that young figure of stern justice turned to the living image of tender mercy.

Perceiving him out of danger and recovering his own wits at the same time, Mrs. Butterby cries: "Lord, madam, do let me call a maid to take your place, for, dear heart, you have quite spoiled your new gown with this mess of water, and all for such a paltry fellow as this!"
Truly it must have seemed to her understanding an outrageous thing that a lady of her mistress' degree should be staggered to her feet while we raised and lowered his hand upon the table for support, he craved her pardon for giving so much trouble, but in a very faint, weak voice.

"I would have done as much for a dog," says Moll. "My friends will render you what further services are fit, and if it appears that you have been unjustly used, as I do think you have, be sure you shall have reparation."
"I ask no more," says he, "than to be treated as I may merit in your esteem."

"Justice shall be done," says Don Sanchez in his stern voice, and with that he conducts Moll to the door.
But Moll was not content with this promise of justice. For the quality of mercy begetteth love, so that one cannot only moderate one's anger against an enemy, but it doth breed greater compassion and leniency by making one better content with one's self and therefore more indulgent to others. And so, when she had left the room, she sends for me, and taking me aside says with vivacity:
"I will have no punishment made upon that man."

"Nay," says I, "but 'tis proved that his intent was to rob you."
"Then then?" says she. "Hath he not as much right to this estate as we? And are we one whit the better than he, save in the more fortunate issue of our designs? Understand me," adds she, with passion, "I will have nothing added to his unhappiness."

I found the young man seated at the table and Don Sanchez gravely setting foot before him. But he would take nothing but bread, and that he ate as though it were the sweetest meat in all the world. I led the don to the window, and there, in an undertone told him of Moll's decision, and whether her tone of supreme authority amused him or not I cannot say, because of his impassive humor, but he answered me with a serious inclination of his head, and then we fell speaking of other matters in our usual tone, until the young man, having satisfied the cravings of nature, spoke.

"When you are at liberty, gentlemen," says he, "to question my conduct, I will answer you."

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Arrival of British Bark "Howth"—Detained Twenty-five Days By Rough Weather.

An Immense Cargo—The "Glenmorrag's" Condition—She May Probably Be Saved.
Early yesterday morning the British bark Howth, Captain W. A. Martin, which has been daily expected since the arrival of her rival, the Glenalvon, in the long ocean race from Liverpool here—sailed into Esquimalt after a voyage of 150 days, or about a month longer than that of the Glenalvon. It was due through no fault of the bark, however, that she did not arrive earlier, for she is a thoroughly modern vessel, and besides is probably the largest merchantman that has ever visited this port. Her delay is largely attributable to a ten-day detention off Cape Flattery, and a fifteen-day waste of time through bad weather off the Horn.

The vessel was towed around to the outer wharf yesterday afternoon where Messrs. Cates and McDermott will immediately commence discharging her cargo. There are on the vessel 3,650 tons of freight for Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle and Tacoma, and as much as 1,700 tons of this cargo is mostly in form of the salmon canneries, in landed here the vessel will proceed to the Terminal city, afterwards going down the Sound. The Howth is a comparatively new vessel and an interesting one. She belongs to Sir R. Martin, of Dublin, and from her great size has been called the "Irish man-of-war." Her registered tonnage is 2,116. She is constructed of steel throughout, and is remarkable for her gracefulness. She has four steel masts, on which not a single wooden yard is to be seen. Robert Ward & Co., Ltd., are the vessel's agents here.

Capt. George Pope, surveyor of Lloyd's Register of Shipping has reported upon his examination of the wreck of the British ship Glenmorrag, wrecked near Astoria last August. "The vessel is imbedded in the sand to the depth of nine feet, lying with her head to the eastward, having both anchors dropped, and appears to have moved through the sand sixteen feet beyond. From a careful examination I find that her hull is in excellent condition. No water is in the hold, and the vessel is in a remarkably fine state of preservation. Her masts, spars, sails and other equipments are intact, except the two boats broken in the attempt to land. The stern of the vessel is now 350 feet from high water mark, and the bow about 2,000 feet from nineteen feet of water seaward. There appears to me to be no immediate danger to the vessel. I am of the opinion that the vessel may be raised when the fine weather sets in, and recommend that she be stripped of all movable, which should be secured against the elements. I further recommend that tenders be called for to float the vessel on the principle of 'No cure, no pay.'"

Care of Macadam and Telford Roads.
Improved roads are becoming so common in various parts of our country, that the following instructions, issued by the Royal Improvement Association of London, England, for the guidance of their roadmen, will be of great service to all who have to do with this class of roads; for one thing is sure, a Telford or Macadam road needs the best of care to give it good footing, and unless this care is given them they soon get out of order, and the work of repairing them is expensive.

- 1. Never allow a hollow, a rut or a puddle to remain on a road, but fill it up at once with chips from the road.
2. Always use chips for patching and for all repairs during the summer months.
3. Never put fresh stones on the road, if by chance picking up a stone, do not use of the rake the surface can be made smooth and kept at the proper strength and elevation.
4. Remember that the rake is the most useful tool in your collection, and it should be kept close at hand the whole year round.
5. Do not spread large patches of stone over the whole width of the road, but coat the middle or horse track first, and when this has worn in, coat each of the sides in turn.
6. In moderately dry weather and on dry roads always pick up the old surface into ridges six inches apart, and remove all large and projecting stones before applying a new coating.
7. Never spread stones more than one stone deep, but add a second layer when the first has worn in, if one coat be not enough.
8. Never shoot stones on the road or crack them where they lie, or a smooth surface will be out of the question.
9. Never put a stone upon the road for repairing purposes that will not freely pass every eighth of an inch through a ring, and remember that small stones should be used for patching and for all slight repairs.
10. Recollect that hard stones should be broken into finer gauge than soft, but that the two inch gauge is the largest that should be used where no steam roller is employed.

11. Never be without your ring gauge; remember Macadam's advice that if any stone you cannot easily put in your mouth should be broken smaller.
12. Use chips if possible for binding newly laid stones together, and remember that road sweepings, horse droppings, sods or grass and other rubbish when used for this purpose will ruin the best road ever constructed.
13. Remember that water-worn or rounded stones should never be used

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Second Session of the Seventh Parliament. THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, March 25, 1896.
The Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m. Prayers by Rev. J. H. S. Sweet.
MR. SEMIN asked: 1. Have the Perry Creek Mining Company complied with the conditions of their lease? 2. Have any other parties applied for a lease for the same ground; and if so, has it been granted or refused? 3. If not granted, why not?

HON. COL. BAKER—1. Yes. 2. Yes; refused. 3. Because the lease is in force.
The Columbia & Western railway company bill was read a third time and passed.
MR. HUNTER presented a report from the private bills committee in favor of allowing the presentation of petitions for private bills for the consolidation of Lightning Creek and Antler Creek mining leases. Report received and petitions presented.
The house again went into committee on the Consolidated Railway Company bill, Mr. Smith in the chair. Having adopted the greater part of the bill, the committee rose and reported progress.

MR. KITCHEN presented a report from the select committee on the municipal act, submitting a bill for introduction in the house. Report received; bill introduced and read a first time.
The report from the committee of the whole on the Roseland works bill was adopted with amendments, inserted on motion of Mr. Kellie, restricting the rights which the company may exercise with respect to the water.
The house went into committee on the Sandon waterworks bill. Mr. Kidd in the chair. An amendment restricting the water to be taken was inserted at the instance of Mr. Hume and Mr. Kellie. The committee rose and reported progress.

HON. MR. TURNER presented a message from the Lieutenant-Governor transmitting a bill to consolidate the claims and water rights of the Cariboo Gold Fields, Limited.
HON. MR. TURNER, in moving that the house at its rising stand adjourned until 3 o'clock to-morrow, stated that as the members would no doubt desire to attend in a body at the funeral of the late Mrs. Davis, carriages would be in waiting at the Adelphi corner at 9 a. m. The house adjourned at 5:55 p. m.

A SOLDIER'S STORY.

HE DISCUSSES A POPULAR MEDICINE WITH A NEWSPAPER MAN.
Had Suffered for Several Years With Rheumatism—Acting on a Friend's Advice He Used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and Effectually Drove Out the Trouble.
There are very few people in St. John, N. B., who do not know Capt. S. D. Crawford, who is prominent in military circles, and popular with his brother officers and men. In conversation recently with a member of the Gazette staff, the talk turned upon Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and the captain remarked that they had cured him of rheumatism. Being asked if he was willing to give the facts for publication, he replied that he is good for nothing, and in telling about his case, he felt he owed the medicine something for the relief it had given him from pain, and he was quite willing to help some one else on to the right road to health by his testimony. "For some years prior to 1895," said Capt. Crawford, "I had been a sufferer from rheumatism in my shoulders, the pain and attendant inconvenience being somewhat intermittent in its character. It was sometimes in one shoulder, sometimes in the other and sometimes in both. As may well be understood I endured not a little suffering in this connection. I tried local applications and made many other efforts to rid myself of these pains, but the efforts were always futile. At length a friend recommended to me the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I acted on his advice and am profoundly thankful that I did so. After using the Pink Pills for a short time the pains entirely disappeared, and best of all, though upward of a year has elapsed since that time, the pain has not returned for an instant. I believe myself perfectly cured. I have every reason to believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a sterling remedy, and cheerfully recommend their use to all who may be suffering as I have been."

With the approach of spring and its consequent extremes of weather, rheumatism makes the lives of hosts of people throughout the land miserable. All such sufferers should act upon Capt. Crawford's advice, and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. They are cured when all other medicines fail, and there are thousands throughout the Dominion who cheerfully bear witness to their wonderful healing powers. As a spring medicine the Pink Pills have absolutely no equal. They make pure, rich red blood, drive out all impurities, strengthen the nervous system, and prevent disease. The genuine can only be had in boxes with complete directions and enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Refuse all imitations no matter what plausible story the dealer who offers them may tell you.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

WINNIPEG, March 25.—(Special)—Sir Donald A. Smith, M.P., Hon. Mr. Dickey and Hon. Mr. Desjardins, the two latter members of the Dominion government, who were appointed by Lord Aberdeen to confer with the Manitoba government with a view to reaching a settlement of the vexed Manitoba school question, reached here this evening. Owing to the late hour of their arrival the conference will not begin until to-morrow, when Premier Greenway's colleagues will meet the Dominion representatives at the government buildings. Premier Greenway has proposed no line of action for the conference and will not decide the course to be pursued until advances have been fully made by the Ottawa delegation. A full report of the proceedings will be taken and presented to the Manitoba legislature when it re-assembles on April 16.

In an interview to-night Senator Desjardins, one of the Dominion commissioners, denied that he had been interviewed by a Montreal paper before starting as had been wired from Montreal. He said that the commissioners were not committed to any system as a basis of settlement at the proposed conference and was not aware that the Nova Scotia system would be recommended. He declined to indicate any possible basis of discussion or any propositions that would be made by Hon. Mr. Dickey would say nothing for publication.

MARRIED.
PORTER-BEADMON—In this city, on the 25th inst., by Rev. Percival Jenne, M.A., Harrison T. Porter, eldest son of Mr. J. Towler, Porter of Cobble Hill, to Victoria Eugenie, only daughter of Mr. Wm. Beadmon, of Duncan.

DIED.
DAVIE—At 10 p. m. on the 21st inst., Alice Mary Josephine, the beloved wife of the late Theodore Davie, in the 33rd year of her age.
TILTON—In this city, on the 25th instant, Isabel Harbord, relict of the late General James Tilton, a native of the United States, aged 74 years.

KING—In this city, on the 25th instant, at his residence, 198 Pandora street, Christopher John King, aged 54 years and 9 months.
KIRKENDALL—Mrs. Hamilton, Ont., on Sunday, March 22nd, Mrs. Janet Kirkendall, late of Esquimalt, aged 72 years.

WOOD—On the 22nd inst., William Henry Wood, a native of Windsor, N.S., aged 40 years.

Advertisement for Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, including 'Break Up a Cold in Time by using PNYN-PECTORAL' and 'SEEDS' sections with detailed product information and testimonials.

Vertical advertisements on the left margin including 'Canning Co., Ltd.', 'Goods', and other commercial notices.



Hearing Moll's cry of joy he opened his chief being done despite her commands, and at night she would have me take her round the park to see all well. Maybe she thought that her own father, stealing hither to see her privily, might fall a victim to Simon's ambushed hirelings. But we found no one, though Simon had certainly hidden these fellows some where in the thickets.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NO COLD OR COUGH is too severe to yield to the curative power of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. It has cured thousands of cases.

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1896.

Published Every Monday and Thursday by The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGENT, Secretary.

TERMS: THE DAILY COLONIST, Published Every Day except Monday.

Per year, postage free to any part of Canada, \$10 00.

Per week, if delivered, 20.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST, Published free to any part of the Dominion or the United States, \$1 50.

Six months, 75.

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES. REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from every other kind of advertising.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

Not more than one month, 60 cents.

Not more than one year, \$5 00.

Not more than one year, \$10 00.

Not more than one year, \$15 00.

Not more than one year, \$20 00.

Not more than one year, \$25 00.

Not more than one year, \$30 00.

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mandate to effect the reconstruction of society on the basis of communism. The question is one to which few can be indifferent, and with regard to which none could wish to be neutral.

MR. MARTIN'S OPINION.

It might be supposed that Mr. Joseph Martin would be a good, if a partial, judge of the Manitoba school law, which he himself framed and of which, if we do not mistake, he still acknowledges the paternity. This is what he said about that law in a letter over his own signature to the Ottawa Citizen, June 25, 1895:

When I introduced the school bill of 1890, I pointed out that in so far as it provided for religious exercises in the schools, it was in my opinion defective. I am one of those who deny the right of the state to interfere in any respect in matters of religion. I then said and still think that the clause of the 1890 act which provides for certain religious exercises is in my opinion defective.

A TRAVELLER'S STORY.

The Russian traveller who said that the Mahdi has 800,000 men all trained and disciplined at his disposal, was drawing very largely on the credulity of his hearers. Slatin Pasha, who lived many years in the Sudan, and who probably knows as much about its resources as any white man in existence, says that the Mahdi has not even 50,000 fighting men at his disposal.

PARTIES IN QUEENSLAND.

The politics of the colonies of Australia have an interest for the intelligent men in all parts of the Queen's Dominions. It is in those colonies and in New Zealand that the cause of Labor has become an element more or less powerful in politics. There is in each of those colonies a distinctive Labor party.

THE LIFE OF PARLIAMENT.

It has been decided that the term of the present Parliament expires on the 24th of next month. This is the safer as well as the more reasonable conclusion. The writs of the present House, except that of Algoma, were returnable on the 25th of April, 1891. According to this Parliament must die by the efflux of time on the 25th of April, 1896.

EGYPT'S BENEFACTOR.

What has Great Britain done for Egypt, and why instead of going to war to strengthen that country does she not leave it and let the Egyptians manage or mismanage their own affairs in their own way? The British, it is true, occupied Egypt to advance their own interests and the interests of other European nations. They have done this and while doing it they have conferred immense benefits on the inhabitants of the country.

THE LONDON TIMES.

The London Times in a late issue shows what Egypt was when Great Britain undertook to manage its affairs and what it is to-day. It says: When we were forced in the interests of Europe to occupy Egypt fourteen years ago, its plight was not much better than that in which Armenia stands to-day. The vassals of the Sultan had ruled in the spirit of their Suzerain. Despotism, corruption, poverty and debt saturated the whole fabric of society.

ferent times, it was always considered that Parliament was not completed until the last contest had been held.

This point is a nice one, but it is one that, under the circumstances, is hardly worth contending for.

THE EXPEDITION TO THE SOUDAN.

The army in Egypt has a long and a wearisome journey to make. Its objective point, Dongola, is 1,030 miles from Cairo by the river. But it is not proposed to travel the whole distance by water. The navigation of the Nile is in many places most difficult and in others impossible.

WHAT THE NAVY COSTS.

The sums which Great Britain has spent and proposes to spend on her navy between the years 1889 and 1899 are literally immense. Under the Naval Defence Act \$117,000,000 was expended, intermediate programme \$25,000,000, and now under execution \$45,000,000, making for the ten years the immense sum of \$275,000,000.

THE IMPORTANCE OF MINING.

"Mining" is a magazine published in Spokane. Its title sufficiently indicates its nature and its objects. The second number, that of February, contains an address, delivered by Col. F. Fishback before the first annual Convention of the Northwest Mining Association, from which we take the following extract:

A GOOD NAME!

Blessed in Tens of Thousands of Happy Homes. PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND A BLESSING TO CIVILIZED HUMANITY.

A good name untarnished by vice, evil or crime is blessed and honored whenever mentioned. It is like the refreshing shower that falls to cheer the parched and thirsty ground. The great and good name creates better and purer thoughts and aspirations, and tends to make mankind better.

HOW WISE WOMEN ECONOMIZE IN HARD TIMES.

A Ten Cent Investment Saves Dollars. When business men, farmers and mechanics complain of hard times, the women of the country realize the fact as quickly as the men. When times are really hard, the women are the first to study their economy.

THE U. S. GOV'T REPORTS.

show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS.

Difficulty Experienced by Dr. Dawson's Department in Keeping Pace With Western Mining.

Valuable Contributions of Fossils From This Province—Mr. Harvey's Services Acknowledged.

In the synopsis of field work contained in the annual report of the geological survey department for 1895, Dr. George M. Dawson, the deputy head and director of the department, notes that the work done in British Columbia during last year was confined to but two sections of this important province, the results being, therefore, insufficient to indicate the great general development in mining that is here in progress.

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