

DOCTOR SAYS VINOL IS THE BEST TONIC

Honest Opinion Doctor Gave His Patient

Bedford, Ohio.—"I was in a pitiful condition, weak, nervous and run down so I could not do my housework. I had doctored for years and tried everything under the sun. A friend told me about Vinol. I asked my doctor about it, and he replied, 'It certainly is the best medicine that can be had today. I couldn't give you any better. I took it, and today I am as well and strong as any woman could wish to be, and it was Vinol that saved me.'—Mrs. Frank A. Horner, Ash St., Bedford, Ohio.

We guarantee this famous cod liver and iron tonic for all such conditions.

A. McG. McDonald, Druggist, Campbellton. Also at the best druggists in all New Brunswick towns.

LACK OF FOOD IN GERMAN SUBSTITUTES.

Warning issued by Scientists.

Amsterdam, Jan. 14. (Correspondence of The Associated Press)—The almost complete lack of nourishment in many of the food "substitutes" now being sold in Germany is arousing a storm of warning from German scientists, who declare that government supervision of the whole substitute food traffic is an immediate necessity.

Professor Juckewitz, of the University of Berlin writing in the Vossische Zeitung, says:

"It is useless any longer to hide the truth. Unless the government actively intervenes to put some control over the food of substitute foods with which we are overwhelmed, the end of the war will see the end of a third of Germany's population. Moreover, the remaining two-thirds will be so enfeebled from malnutrition that they will be unable to perform the immense tasks of recuperation and restoration."

"The devil alone knows what are the ingredients of thousands of these wretched substitutes that already did duty for butter and eggs, oil and milk, flour and spirits, meat and broth, coffee and sugar, tobacco and tea, fish and so on without end.

WHEN HORSES ARE POISONED.

When a horse, out at pasture or in the stall, is found staggering in a dazed condition with the pupils of the eyes dilated, it is usually apparent that he has eaten something that does not agree with him. The cause, of course, is not always the same. Bulletin No. 26, scientific Series, of the Health of Animals Branch, Department of Agriculture Ottawa, that can be had free on application to the Publication Branch of the Department, explains at least one cause of this state of things. The authors, Messrs. S. Hadwen, D. V., Co. Pathologist, and E. A. Bruce, V. S., Assistant Pathologist, tell of experiments by which it was found that bracken was frequently at fault. They say a disease known as "staggers" has been prevalent on the Pacific slope for many years, and then proceeds to detail the results of their research. To show the serious nature of the complaint they quote an instance in which of 24 horses, owned by 11 farmers, 16 died. Not only are the symptoms fully set forth, but the treatment that should be followed is given, and steps that should be taken for the eradication of the fern from horse's feed, whether gathered in the field or supplied from the hayloft. The title of the bulletin is "The Poisoning of Horses by the Common Bracken."

When one woman out of a hundred has nothing to say the other nine are asking what is the matter with her.

TAROL CURES

COUGHS COLDS BRONCHITIS WHOOPING COUGH CRIPPE

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

Dr. Ed. Morin & Co. Ltd. Quebec

WHEAT ON EVERY FARM IN NEW BRUNSWICK

This Province in 1918 is expected to produce sufficient wheat for bread purposes. The food situation among the Western Allies is very critical at the present time.

1. There has been a great shortage in their home-grown bread crops, of wheat and rye; their sugar production has fallen to about one-third the pre-war amount and they have been cut off from their former supplies in central Europe; their meat production has decreased greatly and some of these countries have already killed off so large a portion of their live stock that any further reduction would endanger their milk supply.

2. The war has made a vastly increased demand for ships and the submarine has reduced the world's tonnage by at least one-quarter. Today tonnage should not be spared for food importation except for the most concentrated food stuffs, and these form the nearest market, that is, wheat and meat from Canada and the United States. A vessel can make three voyages to Canada in the time it would make one to Australia, or two to Canada for one to South America.

With this double shortage of harvests and tonnage the food situation now becomes of crucial importance in the war. Our Allies are on strict rations. "They have made the most drastic reduction in their consumption, there is actual starvation among their women and children, there is starvation in Belgium."

The opportunity for our New Brunswick farmers is great and their duty is imperative. We must increase our production of wheat and other cereals as well as of pork and other meats.

1. Our increased production may save the Allied soldiers and civil population from actual hunger and thereby win the war.

2. Every ton of food stuffs saved by us means a saving in tonnage which will allow ships to transport American soldiers to re-inforce our armies. If vessels must carry sugar from Java and wheat from Australia in order to keep the Allies from starvation the American army must be left home, and our western front weak for lack of re-inforcements.

3. Our Federal Government may Commandeer our entire western wheat supplies next year for export so that the only way to be sure of our bread is to grow it.

4. In addition to the patriotic call there is the motive of thrift. With the high prices for meats and the fixed price for wheat our farmers can make good profit in growing their own bread and producing their own feed for live stock.

If we are to grow our own bread supply another year we must increase our production five-fold. To do this it is necessary for the farmer to have at his disposal plenty of good seed. This matter was discussed at our County Council during its last session, and arrangements have been made to secure the necessary seed through the Provincial Department of Agriculture. This department is purchasing the seed from the Dominion Seed Commissioner. The Wheat that it has obtained is thoroughly cleaned, guaranteed for germination, of the red life and marquis varieties. The oats are Ontario grown, have been thoroughly cleaned and tested for germination, and are of good quality and variety. The prices for these grains have not been fixed by the Commissioner, but they are being secured at the lowest rates, and will be sold to the farmer at a price just sufficient to cover purchase and cost of handling. The wheat will not be more than \$3.00 per bushel in bags laid down, and probably \$2.90. Seed oats are scarce and high. They will come bagged and will be approximately \$1.40 per bushel.

At the County Council it was agreed that each farmer should inform the Councilors of his parish concerning his requirements. Will you, therefore, let your County Councillor know at a very early date the amount of seed or oats that you desire him to order for you from the Department. Please order through your Councillor and thereby make sure of your seed grain. It is expected this grain will be ready for distribution in the month of April.

The Department of Agriculture and the Committee on Food Control hope that the production in this province may be very greatly increased during the coming year. The call to greater conservation and increased production is the imperative call of loyalty and patriotism. The farmers of this country can unite with our soldiers in the fight for victory.

N. B.—Please notify your neighbors that seed grain is available through your County Councillor.

GODS OF THIS NEW ERA.

Various present-day conceptions of God, or, perhaps more precisely, gods, are discussed in a most interesting manner by Reverend Lorne Pierce in The Canadian Magazine for February. Mr. Pierce, takes as the basis of his article some recent observations of the writer H. G. Wells, referring specially to "Mr. Britling Sees It Through" and "The Soul of a Bishop". Other contributions to this number are: "Where is Canadian Literature?" by

J. M. Gibbons; "A Mould of British Steel", a description of English school life by Arthur G. Penny; "Wolfen Work", a view of relief work in England, by Lacey Amy; "Donald MacKenzie: King of the Northwest" by Ernest Cawcroft; as well as a number of very excellent short stories.

Screen Idols. Flicker flicker little star, How I wonder what you are! Up there on that movie-screen, Forty-eight or sweet sixteen?

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.

Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic troubles, nervousness and headaches and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatment would relieve me for a time but my doctor was always trying to get me to have an operation. I took five bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to a operation. I took five bottles of it and it has completely cured me and my I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—VIRGINIA H. BRITTINGHAM, 809 Calverton Rd., Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

DO YOU KNOW OATMEAL?

(By U. S. Food Administration.)

Do you know that oatmeal makes delicious puddings and other good things?

Of course, you know it is a good breakfast food, but it is even better fixed up for dinner or supper. It makes excellent puddings, wholesome bread and cookies, an appetizing soup for a cold day, a baked dish for dinner in place of meat.

To cook oatmeal, stir slowly two and one-half cups of rolled oats into five cups of boiling water which has in it 2½ teaspoons of salt. Cook for one hour or over night in a double boiler or fireless cooker. This will serve five people. If you want it for two meals, cook twice the amount to save time and fuel.

Oatmeal Pudding.

Try one when you have a light dinner or supper.

Oatmeal Betty—Two cups cooked oatmeal, four apples cut up small, one-half cup raisins; one-half cup sugar, one-fourth teaspoon cinnamon.

Brown Pudding—Two cups cooked oatmeal, one-half cup molasses, one-half cup raisins.

Mix and bake for one-half hour. Serve hot or cold. Any dried or fresh fruit, dates, or ground peanuts may be used instead of apples. Either will serve five people.

Scotch Soup.

With bread and dessert it is enough for lunch or supper.

Two and one-half quarts water; one and one-fourth cups rolled oats; five potatoes cut in small pieces; two onions, sliced; two tablespoons flour; two tablespoons fat.

Boil the water and add the oatmeal, potato, and onion, one-half tablespoon of salt and one-half teaspoon pepper. Cook for one-half hour. Brown the flour with the fat and add to the soup. Cook until thick. One cup of tomato adds to the flavor. Serves five people.

Oatmeal Bread.

Is delicious with all meals—try it.

One cup milk or water; one teaspoon flour; one-third yeast cake; one cup rolled oats.

Scald the liquid, add salt and pour over the oats, cool half an hour, add the yeast mixed with one-fourth cup lukewarm water, and the flour. Knead and let rise until double the size. Knead again and let rise in the pan until the size is doubled. Bake in a moderate oven for 50 minutes. Makes one loaf weighing one and one-fourth pounds.

Special Oatmeal Cakes.

The whole family will like these, and they are easily made.

One and one-half cups flour; one-half cup cooked oatmeal; one-fourth cup sugar; one-fourth cup raisins; one-fourth teaspoon baking powder; one half teaspoon cinnamon; three tablespoons fat; one-fourth cup molasses.

Heat the molasses and fat to boiling. Mix with all the other materials. Bake in muffin pans for 30 minutes. This

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING.

Save your hair! Get a small bottle of Danderrine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and ragged hair is sure evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scalp. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and dislodge the hair falls out fast. A little Danderrine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderrine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderrine. Save your hair! Try it!

DRASTIC MEASURES.

Food Controlled Issues Warning Against Hoarding of Flour or Other Foods.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Drastic measures against hoarding food are being considered by the food controller. Warning was issued tonight that householders, and others may find themselves in an unenviable predicament if spoiled flour is found on their premises. Few homes have proper storage facilities, and persons who have bought large quantities of flour are liable to have it spoil on their hands next summer.

"There is," said the food controller, "absolutely no necessity or excuse for Canadians buying more flour than is required for current needs. The belief that the new standard flour is a poor quality is entirely unfounded. Few people will be able to tell the difference between bread made from standard flour and that made from flour heretofore in use. Hoarding is, therefore, unnecessary, unprofitable and unpatriotic, and food hoarders may be exposed as a result of measures now under consideration."

EAGLE

Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE showing our full line of bicycles for men and women, boys and girls.

MOTOR CYCLES

Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Lamp, Tubes, Lamps, Bell, Cyclometers, Saddles, Leather and Parts of Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.

Put it To The Test

Order a barrel of Purity Flour, and prove its superior quality in your home. Your success with bread, rolls, cakes, and pastry will be such that you will never be satisfied to use any other flour.

PURITY FLOUR

More Bread and Better Bread—and Better Pastry, too.



OUR WORK CLOTHES AND WORK GLOVES

FIT WELL, FEEL GOOD AND LAST

"COMFORT" IS WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU WEAR THINGS TO WORK IN. OUR WORK CLOTHES ARE CUT FULL AND SEWED DOUBLE STRENGTH.

WHEN YOU WANT WORK CLOTHES OR WORK GLOVES BUY THEM FROM US—BECAUSE WE WILL SELL YOU THE BEST FITTING AND BEST LOOKING CNE'S BUILT. FOR NO MORE THAN OTHERS CHARGE FOR POOR STUFF.

ANDREW'S CLOTHING STORE.



Memories

of "the nicest cup of tea I ever tasted"

KING COLE ORANGE PEKOE

The "Extra" in Choice Tea



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Campbellton Graphic

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White's Drug Store, Gervais Street
T. Wren's Drug Store, Water Street
A. McLeod's Water Street.

Thursday, February 7th, 1918.

PREPARE FOR NEXT WINTER

The papers throughout Canada are advising all to lay in a stock of wood of coal will be worse next year, and advising all to lay in a stock of wood or other substitute for next season.

Here in Restigouche county with an abundance of good hard wood, every citizen should lay in a good supply to burn next winter and thus save coal for other communities not so fortunately situated.

Good green hardwood is being hauled to town by farmers at \$2.00 per cord, or about \$6.00 per cord. Get a supply and help save coal.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

At a recent session of the County Council held at Woodstock, Ont., it was decided to petition the government to abolish county jails and to establish others in central localities.

This is a feasible plan and could be taken up with advantage in New Brunswick. At the present time each county has a jail, with several lockups. These buildings require jailors, and caretakers and must be heated in winter. Now that prohibition is in force and there are very few ordinary drunks or prisoners sent down for petty offences, one jail, located say at Bathurst could serve the three North shore counties.

This matter should be a measure of war time economy, be taken up at the next session of the local legislature which might pass legislation allowing counties to combine for this purpose.

CIVIC RULERS.

The time draws near when a new council must be elected.

His Worship has publicly announced that he will not again offer, and it will be necessary to elect a new mayor. Several of the councillors have also expressed the desire to retire and consequently some new men will be required on the council board.

Steps should be taken at an early date to procure the right men to offer. Eleventh hour candidates are not always desirable.

The Graphic is a firm believer in civic contests. As an election awakes interest in civic matters.

The lack of men willing to serve their town is regrettable. This is a duty which every citizen should feel owes and he should get into harness. We have many men eminently qualified to act as mayor and councillors, but unfortunately they do not care to act.

We think that in the past the unjust criticism of a certain class of citizens has been responsible for this. Let us remember that any fool can criticize, but it takes a clever man to rule wisely.

The Graphic would like its readers to express their views on civic matters. Who will be first?

ARE YOU SAVING FOOD?

The government of the United States is giving right of way to trains running food to the seaboard to be shipped as fast as possible to Europe. It is sorely needed, both in France and Italy, and needed also in England. Form information they have received the Americans regard the shipment of food to Europe as of more immediate importance than sending men or munitions. The situation is one of extreme gravity. The Canadian people must be aroused to a keener sense of the seriousness of the food crisis. The Toronto Globe of Monday says:

"Food will win the war. A comprehensive plan for food conservation in the United States, characterized as a rationing system, will go into effect today. Canadian mills begin the grinding of standard flour today. In one week in December submarines sent to the bottom of the sea 3,000,000 pounds of bacon and 4,000,000 pounds of cheese. This statement was made to a gathering of English farmers by Lord Rhonda, the food controller, on Saturday. It is of itself a striking illustration of the damage that the submarines are doing despite the decrease in the loss of British ships, as shown by recent returns. The necessity for Canada and the United States making good the losses thus sustained—to a large extent because they are nearest to Britain and the European Allies—is imperative. Until some more effective method is found of combating the submarine menace these losses will be large enough to cause

anxiety and suffering among the Allies."

Facing this condition what is the duty of Canadians? clearly it is to substitute to the limit other foods for those that can be shipped to Europe. It is a national duty of supreme importance.—St. John Times.

TOO MANY TITLES.

A loud and insistent cry of protest has gone up from the people of Canada over the manner in which titles are being showered on the citizens of this country. With the exception of those immediately interested in being Sir Somebody-or-Other, everybody objects. And indeed, it would not be overstating the case to say that had some of our knights foreseen that the shower was to become a deluge, they would have quietly intimated as did John Galworthy, the English writer, and our own John Ross Robertson, that they preferred to remain Mister, plain and unadorned. Or take the case of the Hon. W. S. Fielding, who declined a knighthood on three counts. First that he was a politician, a profession which lacks stability—in to-day, out to-morrow. Second, that he was a newspaper man; and thirdly, that he was poor. And it is quite possible that he did not believe in such things.

It is quite conceivable that a great philanthropist, a great educationist, or scientist, or soldier, or statesman, might well in his declining years, when his life's work could be viewed in retrospect, be tendered a knighthood. Under these circumstances a decoration would possibly be a well deserved climax of a great career.

In the good old days when one could go around the corner without stepping on the heels of a knight, a baronet or a baron, when knighthoods were conferred upon such men as Sir John A. MacDonald and Sir Hugh Allan, the country rejoiced that public recognition had been given to the "Father of Canadian shipping." These and other men of that generation equally honored, had stamped their personality on the country in such a manner that they will live for all time. But now, alas, the givers of knighthoods and like honors have grown so careless that one hesitates to write his butcher without first inquiring whether the Mr. Somebody of yesterday has not become a knight, a baron or something of that sort, over night.

It would be well if a public enquiry was held re titles. Who recommends them? How they come to be granted? For instance, it is plain enough as to why Lord Shaftesbury, as the head of one of the greatest institutions in the British Empire, was made Baron. But it is not half so evident as to why Sir Hugh Graham became Lord Altholstan. What was the deal? How was it done?

Then there is our Baronet? Who recommended him for an hereditary title? And did he in turn recommend the better part of the last batch of knights, etc.? The people of Canada are entitled to this information. They are demanding that the whole business be investigated. If our Governor General has a hand in such matters he should be cautioned to go slow, or better yet to stop. There is a taint of commercialism and partisan politics about a great many of these Imperial honors. If they are sometimes poured through a party boss, as if they were well established already, or if they are given for generous contributions to campaign funds, the public should be told.—Toronto Saturday Night.

LAVAL'S BLASTED YOUTH.

Our hearts must melt in sympathy for those students of Laval University who had been drafted by local tribunals under the Military Service Act; and for their parents who behold them blasted in the bud. Of 177 applicants, 164 have produced certificates from civilian doctors, which indicate an amazing prevalence of fatal diseases among the educated classes of French Canada. The cases of the 28 young men who suffer from flat feet or deformities, though sad enough, are not so tragic as those 40 who are suffering from tuberculosis, the 26 who have been assailed by diabetes, the 27 who are laid low with that acute and unfamiliar disease of the kidneys, nephritis, the 32 who have heart trouble, and 11 victims of permanent bronchitis. Think of these young men, doomed to years of suffering, and to untimely death—not the heroic death of the battlefield—but the lingering and painful dissolution of premature decay! If this is what the higher education does for the flower of Quebec, let there be no more of it. We had always thought of Laval as an educational institution but have come to the conclusion that it must be a hospital.—Saturday Night.

Unless all signs fail, the coal shortage next winter will be more acute than this winter, and every effort should be exerted to provide a supply of dry hardwood. Farmers and villagers will be expected to look after themselves, but in cities and towns the responsibility is devolving upon the municipal authorities. These should have no time in organizing to have

THINKING ALOUD IN RUSSIA

Crowds Assemble on Streets to Participate in Debates Which Really Amount to Very Little.

Along the Nevsky that evening in the parks and open spaces, little herds of people were packed together as sheep crowd together under a tree on an August afternoon. In the center two persons debated, shaking their heads in each other's faces. They had been talking like that for weeks all over Russia, writes Arthur Rühle in Collier's Weekly.

All Petrograd was one big village meeting—the village habit of talking over together the village's business being transferred to the capital. And coming in late at night from the edge of town, you could see every now and then these black little clumps of people, still talking, still huddled there, vaguely pathetic, like sheep under the trees.

Any one of hundreds of excited phrases flung off in these little debating clubs might, I suppose, be taken as a man to jail or Siberia a generation ago. Now they could say anything, gather anywhere, listen as long as they wanted. Russia was a gift for talking and a happy lack of self-consciousness in doing it. They really like to make speeches. Mr. Root, in one of the lighter moments of his stay in Petrograd, remarked that one of the tragedies of the Russian revolution was the turning loose on the world 180,000,000 orators.

Now one saw some old peasant, a giant of a man, come down with a bare head from the north, perhaps, holding forth with great quaintness of phrase and gesture to an amused group of city folk. Or while one talked some expansive old fellow, in the long coat, cap and boots of the old-style merchant, would be doing a sort of comic accompaniment on the edge of the crowd, throwing out his arms and putting a "golubchik" ("my little dove") between every other sentence.

Much of this talk which looks interesting—so expressive in voice and gesture—turns out to be a mere sort of thinking aloud.

Indians in the Great War.

Indians have been volunteering for service in the United States army since 1861. In 1882 Lieutenant Scott, later a living, he has all the qualities of a good soldier—endurance, patience, courage and an instinct for scouting. London Pitt-Rivers says.

The Canadian government recognized the great fighting ability of the many Indian nations and tribes who volunteered their services for king and country at the outbreak of the war, and there are hundreds of Indians enrolled in many of the different Canadian regiments at the front. Many have made the supreme sacrifice, among the first to fall being Lieut. Cameron Brant of the Six Nations Indians, who was a lineal descendant of the distinguished colonial warrior, Capt. Joseph Brant of Revolutionary fame.

The Strength of Woman.

"The work women are doing in this war" exclaimed a member of the railroad board, at a banquet. "Digging ammunition trenches, digging trenches; even, as in Russia, fighting in the front line!"

"Woman comes more and more to resemble Cornelius Husk's daughter, Mame. When Husk Mame, as she was known in the township, presented her future husband, the old man, Corn Husk signed and said:

"Take her, son, but take good care of her, for the little lady has been a tender-like. Four acres a day is all I ever ask her to plow, and two acres of corn is all she's been used to grow. She's a good girl, and she can do light work, such as milking and well-digging, but she ain't used to rough stuff, and you must be gentle with her. I tell you, son, it's hard for the old man to give his little sunshine up. He'll have to split his own wood and tend his own stock now."

Dream Come True.

The encyclopedic Andrew Lang is responsible for the following dream record, according to Katherine Cox, writing in the Occult Review:

"A certain barrister set up late one night to write letters, and at about 12:30 went out to put them in the post. He returned to his room, and while undressing for bed missed a check for a large sum, which he had received during the day. He hunted everywhere in vain, went to bed, slept, and dreamed that he saw the check curled round an area railing not far from his own door. He woke, got up, dressed, walked down the street and found his check in exactly the spot where he had seen it in his dream!"

Wood in Coal FurnACES!

Where wood is to be burned in a furnace intended for coal it will be found desirable to partly cover the grate with iron or firebrick, in order to reduce the draft. If this is not done the wood is wasted by being consumed too fast and makes a very hot fire which, in a furnace, may damage the firebox.—Engineering and Mining Journal.

RUINED CITIES OF FRANCE

Many of Them Have Taken on a Character of Permanency, So Endless Does War Seem to People.

There is a new kind of city on earth today, a strange, nightmare kind of a city that has taken on for the people of northern France since a character of permanency, so endless is this war. People have lived through so much since August, 1914, that they seem to themselves to have been always at war, and, looking forward, they see nothing but long years of warfare. The ruined cities such as Arras have become a part of the natural order of things, and the strange life in them has come to seem a natural sort of life. Towns like this are found by the score where the slow pressure of the allies is forcing the Prussian back, says a war correspondent.

They are the towns that have been bombarded and bombed again, taken and retaken, assaulted and captured, and surrounded by those who held them the day before, until it is a marvel that one brick remains on another. They are full of ruined houses and shattered quarters of all degrees of destruction, and, stranger than all, they have blocks and sections that by some miracle escaped.

Here is a row of houses that might be in the far South, 300 miles from the battle front. The shutters are up and the streets are deserted, as though the people were late in rising. Here is a public square pitted with shellholes, one side fronted by a row of buildings, whole save for broken windows, the other bounded only by shapeless masses of brick and stone. Here and there a slow smoke curls upward from some gnawing fire. A hundred yards away there may be a strobbers family still occupying its old home, but nobody puts out the fire. The civilians are too hopeless and the soldiers are too busy.

And here is a house with the front sliced off by a shell and the rooms still in order—a strange spectacle—with beds and bureau and chairs and tables all in order, as though some enterprising furniture dealer had undertaken a new and ambitious form of window display. For the most part the noblest buildings, the churches and public halls and the towered relics of the Gothic period are gone—shattered, too, to mark for the ransacker. And ever again a dull crash tells of another shell carrying on the barbarous war.

Blind Relief.

Swedish Consul Gustavus Swan said, in discussing the war:

"The experience from Buenos Aires show that Germany believes all's fair in love and war. Germany duped my eyes. She has all the qualities of a good soldier—endurance, patience, courage and an instinct for scouting. London Pitt-Rivers says.

The Canadian government recognized the great fighting ability of the many Indian nations and tribes who volunteered their services for king and country at the outbreak of the war, and there are hundreds of Indians enrolled in many of the different Canadian regiments at the front. Many have made the supreme sacrifice, among the first to fall being Lieut. Cameron Brant of the Six Nations Indians, who was a lineal descendant of the distinguished colonial warrior, Capt. Joseph Brant of Revolutionary fame.

He Tumbled!

He was a particularly tiresome and inquisitive old gentleman, and after politely replying to a number of questions fired at him, the young flying officer, who, unfortunately, happened to be travelling in the same railway carriage, began to be a bit tired.

"That's a terrible proposition that's just been discovered," he said to the old gentleman at last.

The latter picked up his ears. "What's it called?" he asked, excitedly.

"Aeroplane poison," said the other man.

"Is it very deadly?" said the other.

"I should say so" was the reply.

"How much would kill a person?" went on the tireless questioner.

The flying man's eyes twinkled. "One drop!" he said. Then silence reigned.

Architects Go to France.

It is gratifying to learn that many architects have responded to the call of the signal corps of the war, and that they are now working in the construction of aviation camps there, says an exchange.

These men enter the national service as first lieutenants, as so many members of other American professions have done. They will provide the government with expert aid in the carrying out of a task which promises to rank among the most important of the war. The entire campaign in the air will be vastly increased next year if present plans hold. The number of machines to be put into service is expected to reach far into the thousands.

Chestnuts to Aid War.

British children all over the country where the chestnut tree grows are gathering horse chestnuts as told in the Christian Science Monitor. It is their particular contribution to the fighting of the war, for ripe horse chestnuts have been discovered to provide a good substitute for the grain which is used in the making of munitions. It will be quite valuable service, for the computation is that every ton of chestnuts will save half a ton of grain. The gathering is organized by committees in connection with the schools, and woods and lanes are bands of young patriots enjoying their "war work" hugely.

Vermont Increases Food.

The hope that the appeal for the production of more food might result in some increase of wheat-growing in the East has been justified in Vermont. It is estimated that 81,000 bushels of wheat were grown this year, against 25,000 bushels last year. The Vermonters have also done well along other lines, for the estimated yield of corn in 1917 is 10,000,000 bushels, compared with 7,867,000 bushels in 1916.

WOOD IN COAL FURNACES!

Where wood is to be burned in a furnace intended for coal it will be found desirable to partly cover the grate with iron or firebrick, in order to reduce the draft. If this is not done the wood is wasted by being consumed too fast and makes a very hot fire which, in a furnace, may damage the firebox.—Engineering and Mining Journal.

WAR IS COSTING U. S.

\$24,000,000 PER DAY.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Ten months of the war have cost the United States about \$7,100,000,000—at the rate of \$710,000,000 a month—nearly \$24,000,000 a day.

Difficult Feet.

(Florida Times-Union.) The schoolgirl was sitting with her feet stretched far out into the aisle and was busily chewing gum when the teacher espied her.

"Mary!" called the teacher sharply.

"Yes, Ma'am!" questioned the pupil.

"Take that gum out of your mouth and put your feet in!"

NEW GOODS**Heatherbloom Skirts.**

Taffeta Heatherbloom Skirts, Plain Blacks, Figures and Plain Black with Colored Frills. We have secured the New York agency for same. Have the same rustle as Silk and more serviceable.

PRICES \$1.50, \$2.50, \$3.00.

Geo. G. McKenzie Co., Ltd.

PHONE 267

ALL RAIL ROUTE to Prince Edward Island

With the inauguration of the car ferry service between the two nearest points of land, Port Borden and Cape Tormentine, a distance of eleven miles, Prince Edward Island may virtually be said to be connected with the mainland by rail.

Hereafter freight, mail, and express have had to be unloaded from the train at Charlottetown and Summerside, transferred to the steamer, unloaded from the steamer at Pictou and Point du Chêne and reloaded on the train. It took about four hours to load the vessel, from three to four hours to cross the Strait, and about the same time to unload. This at four points, and then only for eight months in the year.

At Port Borden a standard gauge track has been constructed alongside the Island track, so that freight can be conveniently transferred from the smaller Island cars to the larger ones operated on the Canadian Government Railways mainland line, the latter having double the capacity. Thus there will be in actuality standard mainland freight cars loaded on the Island ready for the mainland rails. The car ferry, "Prince Edward Island," is capable of carrying twelve freight cars, which means freight will be landed from the Island on to the mainland without breaking bulk, and vice versa. In other words, a through freight service has been established between Prince Edward Island and the mainland railways. The twelve cars are capable of carrying a tonnage equal to one steamer load. The ferry is scheduled to cross the Strait in an hour, to be ready in less than an hour to recross the Strait again with a similar cargo. This at two points only and by a route which is confidently expected to be operated the year round.

A refrigerator car service for perishable goods is to be established. Another important feature is that heavy freights, such as undressed lumber and coal which has up to the present been dependent upon sailing craft, can now be assured of through rail carriage. Special facilities are being provided for the unloading of coal shipments, and development may be expected along similar lines where commodities require special handling.

Express, mail and baggage will be transferred at Port Borden, but until the Island Railway gauge is standardized there will not be any necessity to ferry passenger cars. The "Prince Edward Island" provides a handsomely furnished first-class saloon, dining room, ladies' room, gentlemen's smoking room, and second class accommodation, so that the comfort of the passengers while crossing on the ferry will be well looked after.

Under the winter passenger schedule the ferry will make one round trip a day.

The summer service contemplates two round trips of the ferry daily (Sunday excepted), which will mean that passengers from the Island will be able to arrive at Halifax much earlier in the evening, and also make connection with the two express, the "Ocean Liner" and the "Maritime Express" for the west and east will arrive at their destinations on the Island much earlier.

So that with a passenger, mail and express daily service the year round, the saving in time and money of handling freights—one transshipment instead of four, and through one terminal instead of four, a frequent freight service will be provided for the Island. It is estimated that the ferry making such extra trips as business warrants—rail shipments of heavy freights, connection in the open season with the two express for the west and the earlier arrivals on Prince Edward Island, the new route must lead to the greater development of the "Gardens of the Gulf," a freer intercourse between its people and those on the mainland, and be a powerful factor in removing its feeling of isolation from the rest of the Dominion—an improvement of conditions in which Canada, and particularly Eastern Canada, will equally participate.

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REDUCE YOUR GROCERY BILL

BUY at the New Meat & Grocery Store, Prince William St., Foot of Chapel Hill.

The following are a few of my prices:

1st Class Flour per bbl.	\$12.80
2nd Class Flour per bbl.	12.25
White Sugar 20 lbs.	1.90
Pure Lard per lb.	34c
Steak per lb.	28c
Roast per lb.	20c

Goods Delivered

J. E. NADEAU, Prince William St., Campbellton, N. B.**Seed Grain 1918**

Good seed is scarce. Place your order now with your County Council.

The Department of Agriculture has ordered wheat and oats through the Seed Branch, Ottawa. The germination is carefully tested.

The seed is now stored in the elevators at Quebec, thus avoiding transportation difficulties and guaranteeing delivery.

The Department requested the co-operation of the County Councils in the distribution. Seed will be forwarded at their order in car lots, thus avoiding local freights and much handling.

Wheat will cost about \$3.00 per bushel in bags laid down.

The Seed Branch is yet unable to fix the prices on oats. Definite prices will be stated in this space immediately they are at hand.

New Brunswick is expected to breed herself for the duration of the war. Every farmer should grow some wheat.

Agricultural Societies should arrange orders early.

Send all orders to the County Councilors immediately.

NEW BRUNSWICK DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Feb. 7-4-18.

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POOR COPY

Local Items of Interest

News Notes of Town and Country, Happenings Gathered by Graphic Reporters.

MANY VACCINATED.

It is estimated that upwards of two thousand persons have been vaccinated in the town since the publication of the compulsory vaccination notice.

GOOD ADVICE.

A young man of our town recently sent \$8 to a New York firm for a "marriage guide." He received a 15-cent Bible and these words: "There is no better guide for married life than this book." He got value received, more than many got.

LOST HIS LIQUOR.

A young man wanted to get a case of liquor, but did not wish to get it in his own name. He sent an order to a Montreal house in the name of a local doctor, and hoped to take delivery of the case upon arrival at the freight shed. Unfortunately the Inspector got word of the transaction and seized the case.

VAL D'AMOUR.

The name of Seven Mile Ridge, post office has been changed to Val D'Amour, therefore no mail shall be addressed to Tobique, Coldbrook or to Seven Mile Ridge. The only name now recognized for this parish is Val D'Amour.

The Shivers, Pithard, and Tobique Lumber Co.'s mills are doing good work here, and there is much traffic on the road.

OBITUARY.

Death entered the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Astles on Jan. 22. He took away their bright little daughter Sadie, at the age of eight years. The little one, always so bright and cheerful was loved by all who knew her, and will be sadly missed. She leaves to mourn her loss, her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Astles, and a number of little brothers and sisters. Dearest sympathy goes out to the family in their sad bereavement.

CORRECTION OF ADV.

In the Central Book Store adv. in last week's Graphic the price of Victor Phonographs read from \$5.20 to \$27.50. This was an error and should have read from \$7.50 to \$200.00. Mr. Cantin says he was surprised at the number of persons who spoke of this, but was convinced that people read Graphic advertisements. Of course not of our readers expected to get a Victor at \$5.20. Mr. Cantin has already sold a large number of records, but has still plenty in stock.

DECREASE IN CUSTOM.

The reinforcement of prohibition has made quite a shrinkage in the revenue as at this point. During the ten months from April 1st, 1916 to Feb. 1st, 1917 the entire receipts, including those collected from liquors amounted to \$23,407.08. During the corresponding ten months 1917 to Feb. 1st 1918 the entire revenue was \$12,289.40 a loss of \$11,117.68. Of course the entire shrinkage may not be due to the elimination of the revenue on liquors, but a very large proportion of it is from that cause. In one month, October 1916, the revenue from liquors amounted to \$19,463.31 out of a total of \$29,900.84.

FINED \$25.00.

A local physician was before the court last week charged with enabling a person to procure liquor contrary to law. He was fined \$25.00 and costs.

NO MORE GAMBLING.

The Chief of Police is to begin the suppression of all forms of gambling in town. He will commence by taking possession of all slot machines and punch boards, which are contrary to the law.

SALE OF FOX PELTS.

Last year fox pelts to the value of \$350,000 were sold from P. E. Island, through the Fur Sales Board, and this represented about eighty per cent. of the total number disposed of the balance being handled by individual owners.

COUNTY LODGE.

A meeting for Restigouche Co., L. O. L. will be held in Murray Hall, Tuesday evening, February, 12th. A full attendance of members is requested as business of importance is to be brought up.

NO SMALLPOX HERE.

Campbellton has been fortunate so far in escaping smallpox. There are no cases in town or near here. The nearest case so far as we can learn is at Dalhousie, where schools, and churches have been closed and are being fumigated. The epidemic seems to be confined to Durham.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Captain Rescoe Lane, Life Saving Guard Organiser, for the Maritime Provinces, will conduct the meetings at the Salvation Army on February 9th, 10th, and 11th. The Captain is a beautiful singer and a fine speaker. Everyone should avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing the Captain.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank the people of New Port, Chandler, Shigawake, Cross Point and Oak Bay for their kindness, respect and sympathy shown us in our sad bereavement. In the death of our beloved husband and father, James Keighan. Mrs. James Keighan and Family.

KEEPING UP PRICES.

A merchant makes the complaint that a certain wholesale establishment refused to sell him goods, even when the cash was offered, because he dared to cut prices on certain staple articles and another merchant complained and threatened to withdraw his trade from the wholesale house if the said merchant was supplied.

MONEY RETURNED.

In our last issue Mr. J. J. Bernier advertised the finding of a sum of money. On Friday Mr. Bernier had the pleasure of returning the money to the owner who saw the adv. in the Graphic. Graphic advs. are read far and wide. A gentleman told us recently that his wife had eight replies to her letter wanted adv. These came from all sections of the country. Graphic advs. bring results.

MANY LAID UP.

Because of vaccination many employees of the different establishments about town are off duty this week.

TRAINS BEHIND TIME.

The past week has been a hard one for the C. G. K. and the trains have all been late. On Tuesday No. 3 was over seven hours late while No. 4 from Montreal was cancelled.

AT NEWCASTLE.

A Campbellton hockey team in charge of Capt. O. Mowat, went to Newcastle Wednesday morning. They were to play the Newcastle team last evening.

NEW STOCK OF ENVELOPES.

We have received a very large stock of envelopes. These we will print in the latest style and at close prices. Order now.

THE GRAPHIC LIMITED.

RECEIVED SHAKING UP.

Town Engineer Sly received a severe shaking up Monday when he slipped on some ice at the head of the stairs in the town building and fell down the stairs.

WOUNDED.

Mrs. Wm. Nelson received word last Friday that her husband-Pte. Wm. Nelson has been admitted to Convalescent Hospital, Quebec for treatment, for a bayonet wound in the left arm.

OFF TO BATHURST.

Four rinks of Campbellton Carriers left yesterday for Bathurst to take part in the North Shore Bonspiel. Rinks from Newcastle, Chatham, Bathurst and Dalhousie will also compete in the bonspiel.

DOING GOOD WORK.

The relief committee mentioned in our last issue is doing splendid work. A widow at Athol who has four children was visited this week and made comfortable, and a number of needy families have reported to the committee. Application for assistance can be made through any of the local clergymen.

DALHOUSIE WOMEN'S INSTITUTE.

The following is a correct list of contributions from Summerside to the Women's Institute:

Mrs. Wm. Miller,	\$2.00
Mrs. Jas. Miller,	2.50
Mrs. Charles Miller,	2.50
Mrs. George Miller,	1.00
Mrs. Tait,	1.00
Mrs. E. Ferguson,	2.00
Total	\$11.00

Also the number of pairs of socks shipped in November, was 151 instead of 121 as published.

BRICK DAY FOR HALIFAX BLIND.

Mr. Havelock Sansom who is working in the interests of the Halifax School for the Blind interviewed Principal James Carr and a number of the teachers, and discussed the matter of holding a "Brick Day." By this is meant each pupil will be asked to contribute 10 cents in constructing the large addition to the Halifax School for the Blind, made necessary by the large number made blind in the Halifax disaster. These blind will be educated at this well known institution. The day to be observed will be announced later.

"JOAN, THE WOMAN."

Mr. Dimock just received a telegram from the Film Co., stating that the film for "Joan, the Woman," had gone astray in the various shipments, and to extend his data for this picture one week. This picture will therefore not be shown in the Opera House tonight for the above reason. "Joan, the Woman" will appear in the Opera House, Campbellton, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Feb. 13th and 14th. Should it be possible to exhibit this picture in Dalhousie on Friday evening, Feb. 15th, Mr. Dimock will do so. "Joan, the Woman" is a most excellent picture and no one should fail to see it. Prices, adults: 25c, children 15c.

The old soldier was telling of his thrilling adventures on the field to a party of young fellows, one of two of whom were skeptical as to his veracity.

"Then" he said, "the surgeons took me up and laid me in the ammunition wagon and..."

"Look here," interrupted one of his doubtful listeners, "you don't mean the ammunition wagon."

But the old man shook his head. "No," he insisted; "I was so full of bullets that they decided I ought to go in the ammunition wagon."

Jimmy's Philosophy.

Jimmy had not come up to his father's expectations in regard to his studies at school, and an explanation was demanded. "Why is it?" inquired the irate parent. "That you are at the bottom of the class?"

"I can't see that it makes any difference whether I am at the top or bottom," replied Jimmy pacifically. "You know, they teach the same at both ends."

MEETING OF TIPPERARY CLUB.

A meeting of the Tipperary Club will be held at the home of Mrs. A. H. English on Friday evening, Feb. 8th at 7.30 o'clock.

SEED GRAIN.

The attention of farmers is directed to the announcement of the Provincial Department of Agriculture regarding Seed Grain. See adv. in another column.

QUARANTINED AT BATHURST.

A Canadian Govt. Railway brakeman who was discovered at Bathurst suffering from smallpox at Bathurst has been quarantined there.

SCHOOL FUMIGATED.

Because of a case of diphtheria in the home of one of the pupils of the Gerrard Street school, that building was thoroughly fumigated on Monday and Thursday.

LUCKY NUMBER.

The drawing for the silver basket donated to the Soldiers Comfort Association was held on Thursday evening last. The lucky number was 46 held by Mrs. Harold Armstrong. The sum realized amounted to \$44.00.

ARMENIAN RELIEF.

The Flat Lands Presbyterian S. S. have contributed the sum of \$25.28 for the Armenian Relief Fund \$12.15 of this amount we're collecting by Misses Muriel McLeod and Bessie McDonald.

APPOINTMENT.

Mr. James A. McAnn has been appointed Tice Inspector on the C. G. R. and left Tuesday afternoon on the Limited for Campbellton, where he will enter upon his duties. He will likely return on Saturday of this week.—Transcript.

AWARDED CERTIFICATE.

The Misses Dawson of Maple Green have knit over 200 pairs of socks for the Soldiers' Comforts Association, Campbellton, and have received from the Association a certificate. These certificates come from England and are awarded to people who knit over 100 pairs of socks.

SMALLPOX AT MONCTON.

In consequence of a case of smallpox having been discovered in the American Hotel, it was found necessary by the local Board of Health to quarantine the house temporary for a few days. Every precaution has been taken by the local Board of Health to prevent any spreading of the disease among the other guests.—Transcript.

OBITUARY.

The death of Mr. John Smith, aged 59, took place here Saturday afternoon. A widow and three sons and one daughter survive. The funeral was held Monday afternoon. Rev. Mr. Camp officiating. Interment was made in the Rural Cemetery. The family have the sympathy of all in their bereavement.

OBITUARY.

Many friends throughout the province will regret to hear of the death of Mrs. Jane Dunn when occurred at Dalhousie Junction, on Feb. 6th, after an illness of four weeks.

Mrs. Dunn, who was the widow of Andrew Dunn, of Harcourt, N. B., has for the past seven years resided at the home of her son-in-law G. H. Allan, station master at Dalhousie Junction. She is survived by one son Stephen of Harcourt, and one daughter, Mrs. Bessie who has been with her mother during her residence here.

The funeral will take place at Harcourt on Friday at three o'clock p.m. Service being held in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church where Mrs. Dunn was for many years a devoted member and faithful attendant.

LADIES' HOCKEY TEAM.

The young ladies of the Tipperary Club organized two hockey teams and played a fast game here Tuesday. The teams were known as the Fighting 26th, and the 236th Killies. The Fighting 26th won with a score of 6 to 3. Capt. O. Mowat refereed the game and Miss Kathleen Kirk was time-keeper. The line-up was as follows:—

Fighting 26th.
Estelle McKenzie, Goal.
Ninetta Alexander, Point.
Hazel Lingley, Cover.
Gladys Kean, Centre.
Irene Murray, R. Wing.
Marion Winton, L. Wing.
236th Killies.
Louise Barthe, Goal.
Ethel Lingley, Point.
Bertha Ferguson, Cover.
Mary Graham, Centre.
Margaret McLennan, L. Wing.
Mona McLennan, R. Wing.
Spares—Jessie Moore and Jessie MacIntosh.

100,000 ENVELOPES.

We have just received a large shipment of envelopes. These we will print to your order at close prices. Orders by mail or phone will receive prompt attention.

THE GRAPHIC LIMITED.—td

Foolish people allow pride to rob them of many comforts.

OVERSEAS ENVELOPES.

We have just received a stock of special overseas envelopes. Good and strong to stand the long journey. Many persons having friends overseas get the addresses printed on them. Price \$1.25 per hundred printed.

THE GRAPHIC LIMITED.

Office of
DR. JOHN J. MACPHERSON, L. M. C. C.

Physician and Surgeon.
Campbellton, N. B.
Thompson Building, Phone, 349
Office Hours 11-12 a.m. 2-4 p.m. and 7-8 p.m.

FOR SALE.

A Motor Boat in first class condition, copper lined with air tanks. Will sell boat without engine if required. For particulars apply to,
LEA CONNERS, Broadlands, Que.
Feb. 7-2-pd.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislature of New Brunswick, for certain amendments to the Town's Incorporation Act, so far as it relates to the Town of Dalhousie.
To restore the Ward System.
To confine the voters qualification on money by laws, to owners of real property only.
To have election protests tried before the County judge.
And for other purposes.
Dated at Dalhousie the fifth day of Feb. 1918.—4 ins.

WONG CO., CAFE.

Opposite C. G. R. Station.
Is now Open for Business.
Best Chef in Town is in Charge.
Open Day, Open Night.
Lunches, Meals, etc.,
Prices are Reasonable.
Feb. 7-1-wk.

MAID WANTED.

For general house-work. Apply to,
MRS. D. A. HARQUAIL, Town.
Feb. 7-1-in.

PASSENGER TUG BOAT FOR SALE.

Str. R. R. Call in very good order. For particulars apply to,
FRANK J. ALLARD, Carleton, Que.
Jany. 24-4f.

ROOM AND BOARD.

Room and board for ladies before and during confinement. Price moderate and strictly private. Also board for infants and young children.
MRS. VIRGINIA DEMEAU, Dawsonville, N. B.
Jany. 24-4-pd.

END STOMACH TROUBLE. GASES OR DYSPEPSIA

"Pape's Diaphepsin" makes sick, sour, gassy stomachs surely feel fine in five minutes.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of distress, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach-headache, you can get relief in five minutes by neutralizing acidity. Put an end to such stomach distress now by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diaphepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder caused by food fermentation due to excessive acid in stomach.

McRae's Shoe Store, THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES

To the Ladies of Campbellton and Vicinity:—

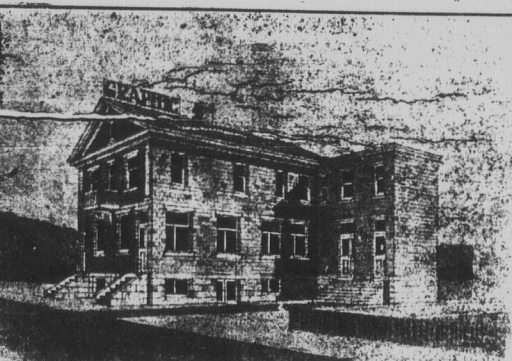
May we call your attention to the choice and unusually handsome showing of "Womens' Footwear, which is arriving weekly for the spring and summer trade.

We have Dress and Street Boots in beautiful Bright or Dull Black Leathers, and the new Mahogany Tan. A variety of handsome Toe Shapes. The new Cuban and Spanish, Louis or Kidney Heels. The best of skilled Shoe Makers combined all the good points in order to produce Shoes of Style, Beauty and Comfort.

Then there are handsome creations in Pumps and Slippers. We mention these particular styles because they are Popular and please so many Women. Many Women say that to get the best of shoe it is necessary to come here.

May we prove the truth of this assertion to you.

Very truly yours,
McRae's Shoe Store.



THE GRAPHIC BUILDING

FIRST IMPRESSIONS ARE IMPORTANT :

In a world where appearances are valued as indexes to character, your Stationery should represent you worthily always and everywhere.

That atmosphere of character and refinement which should distinguish all self-respecting correspondence is assured when you place your stationery order with us. If you allow us to furnish your Letter Heads Note Heads Memo Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Monthly Account Forms, Counter Checks, Books, Card Index Systems, etc., they will reflect the dignity and self-respect of the discriminating.

Our Job Printing Department

is without doubt the best equipped on the North Shore, and consequently, is in a position to turn out all kinds of Job Printing—neatly, promptly, satisfactorily—at very reasonable prices.

LET US PROVE

To YOU the truth of the above statement by giving us a trial for many of the above mentioned office requisites,

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Makes You Strong
The Delicious Cod Liver
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Vinol

A Body Builder
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Completely Restored to Health and Strength
"I was all run down in health," writes Mr. A. D. Robinson, Bedford, Va. "I had no appetite and could not sleep. I tried Vinol. After the first bottle I noticed a great improvement in my condition and by continuing its use was completely restored to health and strength. I am glad to recommend it to my friends."
Vinol contains all the ingredients required to build the body. It makes pure blood and strong muscle tissue.
Your money will be returned if you are not satisfied.
That Vinol helped you.

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Druggist & Optician
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WRAN'S DRUG STORE

A Ready Remedy for COLDS

Ready enough and always in equal doses. OUR COLD TABLETS will stop a cold mighty quick. It will head off grippa just as sure as can be. It is a fine remedy. Test it. 25c.

A True Fitted TRUSS

It is not impossible to fit a truss. Every thing is possible for the man who knows his business. We specialize in trusses, confident fittings, perfect results and fullest benefit hereby. Trusses for the young or the aged. Old trusses replaced with new, new parts restored.

THOS. WRAN, DRUGGIST

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REXALL

Cod Liver Oil Emulsion

So Good for Health.

A remedy that never yet has failed to build up a run down system or to relieve the distress of lung ailments, to restore wasted flesh, to emphasize health advantage for all. If you want to take Cod Liver Oil, take Cod Liver Oil and not some unstable, unhandy imitation or substitution. It's a pure cod liver oil in an emulsion form; nothing better. 50c, \$1.00

Fountain Syringes

A very desirable commodity wherever humans abide. Unusual quality in this product of live new rubber in full equipment. Big economy value represented by low cost.

DRUGGIST

The Rexall Store

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Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of a cent a word a week. Minimum charge 25c.

FOR SALE.
A brood sow, boar and pigs for sale. Write for particulars. MRS. SARAH BROCHET, Matapedia West, Que.

REPAIRING, CARPENTER WORKS, ETC.
I am prepared to do all kinds of carpenter jobbing. I can also supply all kinds of glass at short notice. G. E. ROSS, Phone 538.

FOR SALE.
The highest grade Commercial printing at prices that will please you. Best paper and ink used and none but first class work turned out. Get our prices. THE GRAPHIC LTD.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF WILD LANDS IN NEW BRUNSWICK.
Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N. B.
Notice is hereby given to all owners of wild lands in the Province of New Brunswick of 500 acres in extent and upwards to send in to this Department the quantity of land owned by them and the situation thereof in conformity with Chapter 8, 7 George V. 1917.

E. A. SMITH, Minister of Lands and Mines.

CARPENTERS WANTED.
A number of Carpenters for work at Halifax. Steady employment. \$4.00 per day fare paid. Board \$4.00 per week. Xaver Cyr will be on the Coast Thursday and Friday, also next week. Apply to him. Jan. 22-2-pd.

PROFESSIONAL.

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THE WINTER TERM.
of the
FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE
opens on
MONDAY, JANUARY 7th, 1918.
Familiarizing with particulars of our course of study, rates of tuition, etc. will be mailed to any address on application.
Address
W. J. OSBORNE, Prin.
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YOUR TIME
Is the most valuable asset you possess—delay in grasping opportunities means delay in reaching success. You may miss it if you delay too long.
MONCTON BUSINESS COLLEGE,
MONCTON, N. B.
It pays to attend an Accredited School.

TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES,
PIANOS AND ORGANS,
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MONUMENTS, UNDER-
TALING, EMBALMING.
D. F. GRAHAM
WATER ST. — PHONE 59.

NEWSY ITEMS FROM NEARBY PLACES

Gathered by Graphic Correspondents.—Contributions to this Column are Solicited from every District of the Bay Chaleur.

JACQUET RIVER.
After a brief respite we are again in the grip of a cold wave. The thermometer registering 22 below on Sunday last. According to weather prophets we will have an early spring as the groundhog could not see his shadow on the forenoon of February 2nd. He will therefore not return to his den for a second winter. It is always so much to look forward to.

The smallpox situation seems well in hand now. The school has re-opened, after being closed for two weeks, very few new cases are reported, and vaccination is going on merrily. There are no cases in Jacquet River proper, all being in the outlying districts.

A number of farmers have given in their orders for seed wheat and oats to Mr. John Lawlor, Jr., the time for orders being closed on Tuesday. The Government will provide the seed at approximately \$2.50 per bushel for wheat, and \$1.40 for oats.

Messrs. Norman and Edgar Frontette of Turgeon spent Sunday in town the guests of friends.

Mrs. Douglas Hill of St. John is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Firlotte.

Miss Marie Shannon has returned from Campbellton where she was the guest of Miss Georgina Lemieux.

Miss Trites spent the two weeks extra vacation at her home in Moncton.

Miss Helen and Katherine McMillan have returned to their studies at Mount Allison, Sackville and Dalhousie College, Halifax, respectively after attending the funeral of their brother, the late Cadet Evan McMillan.

LeBLANC-SAVOY.

Dalhousie, Feb. 5.—A quiet, but pretty wedding was solemnized here on Wednesday the 30th, when Miss Mina Savoy, daughter of the late Alex. Savoy, became the bride of Mr. Frank LeBlanc, son of Mr. and Mrs. John L. LeBlanc, of Campbellton. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. A. Boucher. The bride was prettily costumed in silver grey duchess satin, and silk crepe de chene with bead trimmings. The witnesses were Mr. D. J. Carrier and Mr. Wilfred Godin. Miss Alma Savoy, sister of the bride was maid of honor, gowned in black satin, with pretty bead trimmings. Following the wedding ceremony a dainty luncheon was served at the bride's home, among friends and relatives, where the bride received many beautiful and useful gifts, including cut glass, silver-ware, etc.

The happy couple left for Montreal by the maritime express the following morning, followed by the good wishes of many friends. The bride's travelling suit was a navy blue serge, grey satin hat, and a beautiful set of wolf furs, the gift of the groom.

On their return they will reside in Campbellton, where the groom is an employee of the C. G. R.

She Knew What to Take.

Five-year-old Mary, who is always anxious to be in everything that goes on, lives in a small town where the long-suffering minister still endures donation parties, to make up his back salary. Just before the last one she begged eagerly:

"Can't I take something, too, muvver?"

"No; if your father and I take something that will be plenty."

But the child could not bear to give up the idea, so she ransacked the whole house for something suitable. Finally she appeared before her mother with a worn and faded dress of her own.

"Please, muvver, can't I take this? See, it's not a speck of good for anything," she urged.

Bright Youngster.

"Ethel, can't you tell us the shape of the world?" asked teacher dear encouragingly.

"Yesum; it's in a pretty bad shape just now," replied the precocious child who had heard her daddy say a few things at home.

IF YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, cleanse little bowels with "California Syrup of Figs."

Mother, can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children "need" to be coaxed to take this harmless "Fruit Laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

SIDE LIGHTS ON THE GREAT WAR

Strange Example of War's Coincidence.

Australian soldiers in the field have contributed \$500,000 to the Commonwealth War Loan.

With armour and guns complete the cost of a British "tank," as used on the western front, is \$25,000.

Free letter paper supplied the British troops by the Church Army huts in France and Flanders costs \$75,000 a year.

The German postal authorities are organizing a telephone service between all the large cities and the army front.

The average number of letters sent every day in the London Postal Censorship Department is 375,417, weighing about four tons.

Official figures just made public show that the average cost of food-stuffs in England has a little more than doubled since the commencement of the war.

One of the conditions of enlistment in the famous French Foreign Legion is that in any fighting the Legion shall lead any "forlorn hope" the French army may be called upon to carry out.

The Graves Committee, with headquarters in London, undertakes to furnish the relatives of British soldiers killed in action with information as to the burial place of the departed here and a photograph of the grave, whenever obtainable.

Virtually all military aviators actively engaged in the war have muskets to safeguard them in their flights. If they did not, air casualties would be far heavier; at least, that is the opinion of every genuine flying man, and particularly every "old hand" at the game.

Sir Francis Fox, the eminent English engineer, has found an original way of helping war-work. Learning that linen was in much request in hospital use, he obtained old maps and surveyors' plans mounted on linen. He soaked them, and separated the linen, which, after a visit to the laundry, was in first class condition for making bandages.

Two soldiers in the military hospital, at Bath, England, furnish a strange example of war's coincidence. Both were born in the same village, both joined the same regiment, both were simultaneously wounded in their left ankles by bullets which passed into their right feet, travelled home together in the same conveyance, and were placed side by side in the hospital to receive identical treatment.

WAR THRIFT AND DAYLIGHT SAVING.

(Halifax, Chronicle.)

The United States promises to march ahead of Canada in the adoption of daylight saving. The senate has already approved of the innovation and a bill is now before the house of representatives to bring daylight saving into operation. The press of the United States is strongly supporting this bill including big New York dailies like the Herald and the World. One of the most successful and influential papers across the line is the Kansas City Star, and it endorses daylight saving in these words:

"While the nation is learning the lessons of war saving it should not overlook the big saving in daylight that would be effected by the passage of the bill now before the house. This plan of catching the sun an hour earlier in the morning is a good one for any summer, as has been proven by every community that has tried it, but it is of increased value now that the war has laid its demands for economy in all things upon us."

Like many other things that are new, and, therefore, open to suspicion, the daylight saving plan has, as the Regina Leader, which has seen its success in its own city, even applied locally, heretofore met opposition, or at least, indifference and inertia. But now that it is recognized as a war necessity and a subject of national relations, its triumph seems assured in the United States, and we hope in Canada, as it is in line with the war thrift that is profoundly affecting the national life, and like many other economies that our people are learning, and learning to like, it probably will become a habit that will be retained even after the war is over.

How many times have we won out when asked to play another man's game.

You Cannot Breathe Liquids!

That is why liquid medicines are of so little use for bronchitis. To get to the seat of the trouble the medicine must be breathed. That is why Peps are so successful in the treatment of this ailment—Peps are breathables!

When a Peps Pastille is dissolved in the mouth the fine vapor which is liberally and is breathed down the bronchial tubes to the lungs, soothing and healing all the delicate, inflamed membranes. Peps are equally good for laryngitis, asthma, sore throat, cough, and colds. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25. All dealers or Peps Co., Toronto. Send stamp for trial package.



W. C. T. U.

This department is conducted by the Local Union, and is under the charge of an Editor appointed by them. This Editor assumes the responsibility for the statements and articles which appear in this column.

When we pause for a moment to consider the question of total prohibition of strong drink as a beverage, we are inclined to look upon it as "something new under the sun," or at least of a very recent date. This is not the case, however, for if we look up our bibles we will find there, that the sons of Rechab were commanded by their leader to abstain altogether from the use of strong drink, and very faithfully they followed this injunction and would not drink it for the prophet of the Lord. In profane history a notable example of prohibition, is found among the Mohammedans, "The Prophet," forbade his followers to use wine and implicitly they followed his instructions. No true son of Israel could be induced to drink it. It is among Christian people that the idea of total prohibition is of recent date.

It is true that for a number of years, there have been enacted, in different sections of the country, prohibition measures more or less stringent, notably in the state of Maine, U. S. A., which has had a prohibitory law since the days of Gough, and in Canada we have had the Canada Temperance Act, which was in a measure a Prohibitory Law, but the good effect of these acts was almost if not entirely destroyed by the fact that they were circumvented in various ways, and were finally rounded by districts where liquor was freely sold. This fact in itself destroyed any good which might arise from a partial prohibition in any prescribed limits.

For a number of years all earnest thinking people and especially Christian people have been considering the idea of Total Prohibition, and gradually their writings and their conversation have enlightened the public sentiment, on this subject and we were beginning to think that some day, some how we would have a "Prohibition Law" when the people were ready and sufficiently alive to the good to be derived from such legislation. Gradually in nearly every state of the U. S. A., Prohibitory laws, more or less drastic had been tried, these all depended on the popular vote of each state and were only for a limited time, consequently they could not have the effect that the friends of the measure desired. In Canada in nearly every county, there had been local option laws of some kind. This gives us an idea of the trend of Public Opinion. But in this great question as in all great questions the issue came not in the way looked for.

The world was plunged into the greatest contest ever known. The fate of nations hung on the balance, and on this subject and we were beginning to think that some day, some how we would have a "Prohibition Law" when the people were ready and sufficiently alive to the good to be derived from such legislation. Gradually in nearly every state of the U. S. A., Prohibitory laws, more or less drastic had been tried, these all depended on the popular vote of each state and were only for a limited time, consequently they could not have the effect that the friends of the measure desired. In Canada in nearly every county, there had been local option laws of some kind. This gives us an idea of the trend of Public Opinion. But in this great question as in all great questions the issue came not in the way looked for.

Hurrah! How's This
Cincinnati authority says corns dry up and lift out with fingers.

Hospital records show that every time you cut a corn you invite lock-jaw or blood poison, which is needless, says a Cincinnati authority, who tells you that a quarter ounce of a drug called Frezome can be obtained at little cost from the drug store but is sufficient to rid you of every hard or soft corn or callus.

-You simply apply a few drops of Frezome on a sandy, itching corn and soreness is instantly relieved. Shortly the entire corn can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

This drug is sticky but dries at once and is claimed to just shrivel up any corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. If your wife wears high heels she will be glad to know this.

EVERY SUGAR MAPLE SHOULD BE TAPPED

Interesting and Profitable Facts About Canada's Initial Sugar-Making Process.

Canada's dependence on imported sugar, how a scarce commodity, can be materially lessened by increased production of maple sugar this spring. Except in farm houses in Quebec where it is used on the table, maple sugar has been regarded as a luxury. This should not be so, as it can now be produced on a small scale where no additional help has to be paid for, at a somewhat lower cost than the present retail price of the sugar ordinarily used.

Every pound of granulated sugar that can be exported is needed overseas, and Canadian farmers should increase the production of maple sugar and syrup this spring by tapping every maple tree that is large enough. The sap runs at a time when farm work is at a minimum and no increase in the labour supply is therefore needed.

A mature, thrifty maple will yield about 12 gallons of sap, composed of about 95 per cent. water and 5 per cent. sugar, with a residuum of mineral matter. Large-crowned trees, or trees grown in the open bush, with long trunks, produce the most sap. The ideal weather conditions for sap flow are moderately warm days and freezing nights.

To tap a tree, bore a half-inch upward-sloping hole one inch deep, on the sunny side of the tree. There are many varieties of sap spouts available. The best sap pails are made of tin or galvanized gathere-iron, with covers. The sap is gathered at least daily and boiled down in the boiling house, or in the farm kitchen. The process is simply one of evaporating the water contents until the sap becomes of the consistency of syrup, or of a weight of 11 pounds to the gallon. The syrup should be strained through flannel which leaves the product perfectly clear.

In making sugar, the syrup should be re-boiled until it begins to crystallize, or "sugar off." This point may be determined by pouring a little into ice-water or on the snow. If the syrup becomes waxy it has been boiled sufficiently. It is best to reduce the syrup to sugar in small quantities. Before pouring it into moulds, stir slowly to reduce the temperature, and thus avoid granulation.

Where production is undertaken on a larger scale, much more elaborate equipment is necessary.

Provisions of Measure.

The subject has been under consideration by the war committee of the cabinet and the following conclusions have been reached:

1. Any liquor or beverage containing more than 2-1/2 per cent. alcohol shall be regarded as intoxicating liquor.

2. The importation of intoxicating liquor into Canada is prohibited on and after December 24th, 1917, unless it shall have been actually purchased on or before that date for importation into Canada and unless, having been so purchased, it is imported into Canada not later than the 31st day of January, 1918.

3. The determination upon any question respecting such purchase shall rest with the minister of customs. This regulation shall not apply to importations for medical, sacramental, manufacturing or chemical purposes.

4. No Interprovincial Trade.

5. The transportation of liquor into any part of Canada, wherein the sale of liquor is illegal, will be prohibited on and after April 1st, 1918.

6. The manufacture of intoxicating liquor within Canada will be prohibited on and after a date to be determined upon further investigation and consideration of the industry.

7. "As above mentioned the prohibition of importation becomes effective on Monday next, December 24th."

"The regulations to carry into effect the other provisions above mentioned are being prepared and upon approval, they will be enacted under the provisions of the war measures act."

"The foregoing provisions will remain in force during the war and for twelve months after conclusion of peace."

This will practically give us Total Prohibition during the period of the war and we must hope and pray that the effect will be so much for the better that never again will any Government be allowed to place upon the Statute Book any Legislation, supporting or allowing the sale or manufacture of Intoxicating Drink as a beverage.

THIS is Thomas A. Edison, who although seventy years of age, is now working eighteen hours a day for his country, without pay or thought of reward.

His work is being done secretly; but it is probably true that the United States is placing more reliance on Mr. Edison than on any other single man except the President.

Mr. Edison is conceded to be the greatest inventor the world has ever known.

The NEW EDISON
"The Photograph with a Soul"

It is Mr. Edison's favorite invention. It is the achievement in which he takes the greatest pride.

Do you believe that there is any other man in the world—or group of men—who could invent as good a photograph as Mr. Edison's new photograph?

This wonderful new instrument is built by experts under the direction of technical men in accordance with laboratory standards established by Mr. Edison personally.

COME TO OUR STORE. Let us prove that The New Edison gives a musical result which no other sound reproducing device is capable of producing.

A. E. ALEXANDER & SON, - Campbellton, N.B.

Florence Hotel
Opp. Post Office

Newly built and furnished. Homelike in every particular. Best Cuisine in Campbellton. Service of the best. Hack meets all trains and boats.

DUGOLD & ALLAIN, Proprietors
Campbellton, - N. B.

Hard and Soft COAL.

Stoves, Ranges and Heaters

Hay Wire in cut lengths.

Horse Blankets

Men's Boots and Shoes

Gloves and Mitts.

Men's Underwear

W. T. COOK

Nova Scotia FIRE UNDERWRITERS AGENCY

OF THE HOME INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK

One of the Strongest Fire Insurance Companies on the Continent.

Insure before it is too late. I solicit your patronage.

Eugene Tremblay
P. O. Box 483
OFFICE: HAMSEY STREET, OPP. GRIST MILL

What Doctors Use For Eczema

A Soothing combination of oil of wintergreen, Thymol, and other healing ingredients called D. D. D. prescription is now a favorite remedy of skin specialists for all skin diseases. It penetrates the pores giving instant relief from the most distressing skin diseases.

D. D. D. The Liquid Wash
A. McE. McDonald, Dispensing Chemist, Campbellton, N. B.

TRILBY SHOE CREAM

Original and ONLY GENUINE

Beware of Imitations

Sold by all Minors-Lincolns

SELF OPENING BOX

Best Polish

In The Best Box!

PINCH IT TO OPEN
PINCH IT TO CLOSE

THAT'S ALL!
10c EVERYWHERE

Everett & Barron Co.
AMHERST, N. S.

Livery Stable

AUTOS IN CONNECTION

I am now ready for fall and winter business, getting in a lot of new horses and rigs.

I also run an automobile in connection with my stable. We would appreciate a call from you.

Orders by phone or otherwise promptly attended to.

H. P. DOYLE
Phone 24
Campbellton, N. B.

SAUSAGE HAMS, all sizes BOLOGNA HEAD CHEESE

Short Roll Long Roll Breakfast

JOHN HOPKINS
125 Union Street
ST. JOHN'S, N. B.

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In a time needing...
It is not how much that does you good...
The addition to the diet...
more than...
and thus save...

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These seven...
thirst. Drink...
ful, alone...
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You will be...
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W. H. GRAY, e

Ready's
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PERSONALS

Mr. C. Mann was in Moncton this week.

Dr. Martin has returned from Montreal.

Mr. B. Hille left Saturday evening for Quebec and Montreal on business.

Mr. Edmond Poirier was in town on Wednesday enroute to his home at Cullen's Brook, Que.

A. W. Wall and L. D. Dewar of Campbellton are registered at the Brunswick Hotel, Moncton.

Cous. Murdoch Firth of Robinsonville and John Lawlor of Jacquet River were in town last evening.

Miss Marie Shannon who has been visiting Miss Georgina Lemieux has returned to her home in Jacquet River.

Miss Elsie Loubert has returned to town after spending the last three weeks with her relatives in Maria, Que.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Annington are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby boy at their home on Monday Feb. 4th.

Miss Ena Gillis who has been ill with typhoid fever is now convalescent and is spending a few weeks at her home in Flat Lands.

Mr. Charles Robinson, Secretary of the Returned Soldier's Relief Association was in town yesterday on business in connection with the returned soldiers. Mr. Robinson's work in this connection is much appreciated by the local boys.

Mr. and Mrs. James T. Traverser of Shigawake East, P. Q., have received word that their son Pte. Ernest C. Traverser has arrived safely in England. Pte. Traverser enlisted in Vancouver and passed through Campbellton a short time ago enroute overseas. He offered his services three times to his Country before being accepted.

DAVIS-ANNETT.

A very pretty marriage took place in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Gaspé, P. Q. on Wednesday the sixth inst., when Miss Edna J. Annett youngest daughter of Mr. F. J. Annett of L'Anse Aux Cousins was married to Mr. Chas. T. Davis youngest son of Mr. J. F. Davis, merchant, of Gaspé. The bride looked charming attired in white silk trimmed with white fur and bridal veil, as she passed up the aisle leaning on the arm of her father to the strains of the wedding march, played by Miss Carter. Miss H. B. Davis, sister of the groom attended in pale green silk, with overdress of lace, looked very pretty.

Mr. H. LeBoutillier, son of Mr. C. B. LeBoutillier acted as best man. The church was crowded with friends and relatives, a great number of whom drove to the comfortable home of the bride's father at L'Anse Aux Cousins where refreshments were served, and an enjoyable hour or two spent, after which they drove to the home of the groom where the balance of the evening was spent in the usual hospital way. The bride received a number of very beautiful and costly presents, including cheque and gold coin. After the honeymoon the newly married couple will reside at Gaspé.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN HAS PASSED AWAY

A pretty young school marm who teaches a first grade class in a school of the northwest section of the city, says the Chicago News' is telling a funny story on herself that happened just before the close of the term.

She had son: visitors on the afternoon in question, and thought she would show them what a good class she had.

Calling on a bright little fellow at the rear of the room, she said to him: "Johnny, if I gave you two cents and your father gave you three cents, how much would you have?"

"Seven," promptly replied Johnny. The teacher blushed painfully, but thought she would try again. "You can't have understood me, Johnny. Now listen, and I will repeat the question. If I gave you two cents and your father gave you three, how much would you have?"

"Seven," said Johnny again, and with the same promptness. "I am surprised at you Johnny," said the teacher. "How on earth would you have seven?"

"I got two in my pocket," said Johnny.

However wants two wheelless days in the United States. They already have wheelless days. The next step will be wheelless days.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

You can always have the law at actual costs.

The width of a broad grin is equal to the length of a smile.

Your Clothes

Should be the best that money can buy.

Clothes do not make the man, but they make you presentable, and he is often judged by appearances.

You need never be ashamed of your clothes if we make them.

Call and see our line of Blue and Black Suits, absolutely guaranteed.

BERNIER
THE TAILOR

VEHICLES TO KEEP TO THE RIGHT

New Traffic Regulations Issued in Halifax.

Halifax, Feb. 1.—Drastic changes in the city street traffic regulations have been passed by the Board of Control and will now go before the city council for approval. The new regulations provide for vehicle keeping to the right instead of the left and one way traffic on certain congested streets. All classes of vehicles are subject to stringent laws. Even baby carriages are provided for, one rule being to the effect that baby carriages may not be wheeled two abreast on the sidewalk during the summer.

FIRE-MADDENED DOG PREVENTS SAVING HOUSE FROM FLAMES.

Red Bank Dwelling Burned With All Its Contents Friday Morning.

Newcastle, Feb. 2.—John Arsenault's house at Red Bank with all its contents was burned yesterday forenoon. The fire is supposed to have caught from clothes drying on the upper flat. When Mrs. Arsenault, who ran out of the house to give the alarm, tried to re-enter she was prevented by the dog who savagely refused to let anyone or to leave the building himself. As no weapons were handy to overcome his resistance the delay gave the flames such headway that it was impossible to save anything.

Mr. Arsenault, an aged man, part of whose family is grown up, is an employee of William Sullivan, mill owner.

WHY HE WASN'T AFRAID.

Robert, aged four, enjoys in the admiring family circle a considerable reputation for devotion to that popular watchword, safety first. In short he is a celebrated coward.

A steam-roller which operated on his street in his suburb filled him with more than usual alarm. Not without ulterior purpose, his father bought him a top steam-roller.

Robert took very kindly to the toy—but did not cease to be afraid of the real thing.

One Sunday morning Robert wanted pictures drawn for his entertainment on the nursery blackboard, and father obliged. "What is that, my son?" he said, when he had finished a somewhat labored sketch. "Steam-roller," said Robert.

"And what little boy is afraid of the steam-roller?" said Robert's father.

"No little boy is afraid of that steam-roller," replied Robert promptly.

JANE KNEW THE REASON.

Representative Rufus Hardy of Texas remarked at a dinner that most things are easily explained, and told the following story as an illustration:

One afternoon the mistress of a rather pretentious home happened in the parlor, and was not a little pleased to observe that one of the chairs was plentifully covered with dust.

"Come here, Jane!" she imperatively called, going to the hall door. "I want to show you something!"

"Yesum," answered Jane, waddling into the parlor, wiping her hands on her apron.

"I want you to look at this chair," said the mistress, pointing to the offending piece of furniture. "It is literally covered with dust."

"Yesum," was the easy rejoinder of the imperturbable Jane. "I s'pose nobody ain't set in it lately."

But He Has Thrift Stamps.

A pretty young school marm who teaches a first grade class in a school of the northwest section of the city, says the Chicago News' is telling a funny story on herself that happened just before the close of the term.

She had son: visitors on the afternoon in question, and thought she would show them what a good class she had.

Calling on a bright little fellow at the rear of the room, she said to him: "Johnny, if I gave you two cents and your father gave you three cents, how much would you have?"

"Seven," promptly replied Johnny. The teacher blushed painfully, but thought she would try again. "You can't have understood me, Johnny. Now listen, and I will repeat the question. If I gave you two cents and your father gave you three, how much would you have?"

"Seven," said Johnny again, and with the same promptness. "I am surprised at you Johnny," said the teacher. "How on earth would you have seven?"

"I got two in my pocket," said Johnny.

However wants two wheelless days in the United States. They already have wheelless days. The next step will be wheelless days.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

You can always have the law at actual costs.

The width of a broad grin is equal to the length of a smile.

ANTHRAX FOUND NEAR LEVIS, QUE.

A Few Families Now Using It.

Quebec, Feb.—Work on the extraction of coal from a mine discovered on the cliff near Levis, opposite this city, has started. So far three families are heating their homes with the anthracite taken from Quebec soil. It is not yet established whether Quebec only has a stray deposit of coal, or whether it is a far reaching vein.

SHIVERS AT HOL.

School Report for January:—Advanced Department

Number of pupils enrolled, 55. No of pupils fully present, 50. The following are the names of those making over 65 per cent on their examinations:

Grade VIII.—Isabel Hill 85; Henry Olesamp, 80; Gerald Thompson, 78; Empress Glover, 70.

Grade VII.—Thelma Olesamp, 94; Maude Warman 94; Arthur Christensen, 93; Joseph Albert, 92; Ethel Douglas, 89; Clementine Klippert, 87; Reginald Ayotte, 85; Joseph Hill, 82; Rector Warman, 80; Jennie Miller, 78.

Grade VI.—Carmel Jolicœur, 82; Henry Olesamp, 80; Gerald Thompson, 78; Empress Glover, 70.

Grade V.—Mildred Brooks, 90; Lilian Christensen, 81; Mary Glover, 80; Vernie Cooling, 75; Willie Keeley, 72; Rachael Porter, 71.

Grade IV.—In order of merit: Lucy Gallant, Antoinette Dion, Earl Wilkins, James Olesamp, Clara Gallant, Fred Thompson, Ethel Gagne, Viola Bouché, Eddie Babine, Marie Godin, Lillian Christie, Joseph Cyp, Marion Richardson, Aurore Godin, Joe Clark.

Grade III.—Class A:—Evelyn Clair, 83; Joseph Pineault, 80; Eva Porter, 80; Gordon Cooling, 78; Tom Christensen, 72; Bertha Pineault, 67.

Grade I—Class B:—Adelia Arsenault, 85; Florine Le Bel, 80; Delphia LeBel, 75.

Grade I—Class C:—Edward Arsenault, 75; Jervais Poirier, 75; Gordon Thompson, 75; Anna Dugas, 75; Ruel LeBlanc, 70.

Those daily present during month:—Edward Arsenault, Albert Gallant, Gordon Thompson, Adelia Arsenault, Stella Porter, Bertha Pineault.

R. G. MacINTYRE, Teacher.

REDUCE THE COST OF BUTTER.

To each pound of butter use the following:

One pint of rich milk.

One tablespoonful of salt.

One tablespoonful of gelatine.

Cream the butter as for cake (Squeezing it through the hands). Dissolve the gelatine in a little of the milk. Heat the balance of the milk-pour slowly over the creamed butter (to which has been added the salt) and beat with an egg beater until well mixed smooth and thick. The result will be two and a quarter pounds of good war butter. Take a spoon and ladle the mixture on to a plate, and as you do this each spoonful will set, piling up in a firm butter.

GOOD SUGGESTION FROM ONTARIO.

Woodstock, Ont., Feb. 4.—The County Council has decided to petition the Provincial Government to abolish County jails. It will be asked to divide the Province into groups of counties, with a jail for each group, in order to eliminate unnecessary expense in up-keep.

TO GIVE TURKS A FREE HAND.

Backed by the combined might of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria, the Turks will be given a free hand in dealing with the Armenians and Arabs after the war, if the Central Powers are successful, is the belief of George H. Roberts, Laborite leader and British War Council member. Roberts in an interview today, declared he was convinced a secret treaty existed between Germany and Turkey, which includes such a provision.

In this treaty, the Central Powers have agreed to do their utmost in aiding Turkey to recover her lost territory, maintain her as free State and permit the Sultan to retain the title as Caliph of Turkey.

Knitted White Gauntlet Mitts.

Jaeger's Hosiery

styles provide garments that are suitably worn on a much greater variety of occasions. More attractive from our New Stock of Knitted Goods which is just-to-hand, feature smart and artistic styles.

THE NEW KNITTED SWEATER COATS, in shades of Gold, Coral, Green, Purple, Royal and Grey.

THE NEW KNITTED GAP AND SCARF SETTS.

THE NEW BROWN CASHMERE HOSIERY.

KNITTED-GLOVES AND MITTS.

CHILDREN'S KNITTED SUITS.

F. E. SHEPARD & COMPANY

Headquarters for all kinds of Knitted Goods for Ladies and Children.

There's a Reason—

The Fashion influence to recognize utility has largely increased the scope of Knitted Wear. More attractive

styles provide garments that are suitably worn on a much greater variety of occasions. More attractive from our New Stock of Knitted Goods which is just-to-hand, feature smart and artistic styles.

THE NEW KNITTED SWEATER COATS, in shades of Gold, Coral, Green, Purple, Royal and Grey.

THE NEW KNITTED GAP AND SCARF SETTS.

THE NEW BROWN CASHMERE HOSIERY.

KNITTED-GLOVES AND MITTS.

CHILDREN'S KNITTED SUITS.

F. E. SHEPARD & COMPANY

Headquarters for all kinds of Knitted Goods for Ladies and Children.

Children's Knitted Overstockings in White and Scarlet.

More attractive

styles provide garments that are suitably worn on a much greater variety of occasions. More attractive from our New Stock of Knitted Goods which is just-to-hand, feature smart and artistic styles.

THE NEW KNITTED SWEATER COATS, in shades of Gold, Coral, Green, Purple, Royal and Grey.

THE NEW KNITTED GAP AND SCARF SETTS.

THE NEW BROWN CASHMERE HOSIERY.

KNITTED-GLOVES AND MITTS.

CHILDREN'S KNITTED SUITS.

F. E. SHEPARD & COMPANY

Headquarters for all kinds of Knitted Goods for Ladies and Children.

PAPER TROUSERS IN GERMANY.

Paper trousers are now being worn by a large proportion of the male population of Germany. Whole suits for men are being sold which contain practically no fabric except paper, but the demand for paper fabric far exceeds the supply. Collars are now selling in Berlin for nearly 75 cents each, and shoe laces of paper yarn are 15 cents a pair.

Leather is becoming almost unobtainable. Boots with wooden soles are worn even by the better class and fully 40 percent of the soldiers at the front are wearing wooden-soled boots. The "standard" shoes that are sold contain only ten percent leather. In many cases the uppers are made out of old ship's sails, tent awnings, and impregnated burlap. Paper for ordinary purposes has become so scarce that some provincial newspapers are using low grade colored papers.

EIGHT HUSBANDS ONE WOMEN'S LIST

Washington, Jan. 3.—Eight husbands since she was 14 years old is the record of Mrs. Cora Ellen "Woodie" Barnes, at thirty-three, the mother of an eighteen-year-old boy, and because two of the eight husbands, are living she finds herself to-day in a Washington police cell on a charge of bigamy. Walter Barnes, the "husband before last," Mrs. "Woodie" says, deserted her a year ago, two months after their marriage. She says she read an account of his death a short time later, and then married Arthur B. Woods, a Washington navy yard employee.

STOP TIPPING DURING THE WAR

Now that the Japanese government railways have abolished tipping to the employees on their lines, and everywhere in the United States is cutting down all kinds of expenses in order to live and help win the war, why is not this the ideal time to stop the ever growing evil in hotels, restaurants, pullman cars, steamship, barber shops and many other places.

If the employees of these places are objects of charity, why cannot a law be passed and enforced compelling the proprietors to place conveniently for the public charity money boxes with appropriate signs calling attention to the fact that their employees are objects of charity and asking contributions for them? Open these charity boxes once a month and divide the contents equally among the employees.

CAMPUS VACCINATION NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

The Provincial Board of Health has ordered that Compulsory vaccination and revaccination be carried out in the health districts of the County of Restigouche.

It is urgent that this order be carried out at once as unfortunately small numbers of children in some parts of this county.

All residents of the County are therefore required to present themselves to a doctor of their choice and be vaccinated. Vaccination is free to everybody. After the 10th of February the whole county will be canvassed and all those who have not been vaccinated will be vaccinated by the Doctor appointed for that purpose.

While it is advisable that every person submit to vaccination, children under 4 years and those who have been successfully vaccinated within ten years will not be compelled for the present to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated.

A doctor will visit the different schools throughout the County to vaccinate the school children. Notice will also be given by means of posters, on what days a doctor will visit the different localities and where for the purpose of vaccinating the people. In the different localities that a doctor will visit for the purpose of vaccinating the people it is urgently requested that all who can, present on the day appointed to the doctor.

W. DOUGHERTY, M. D., Chairman of Board of Health for Restigouche County.

Jan. 30-2-12.

The Churches

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. F. T. Bartram, Pastor.

Service at 7 p. m.

Morning Service at 11 a. m.

Epworth League Service at 7.30. Wednesday evening.

Choir Practice at 8.30 Wednesday evening.

Young Men's Bible Class in the Church 2.30

Evening Service 7 p. m.

Holy Communion

First Sunday in the month 11 a. m.

Third Sunday in the month at 7 p. m.

Fourth Sunday in the month 8 a. m.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

Rev. Hugh Miller, Minister.

Morning service at 11 a. m.

Evening service at 7 p. m.

Monday ev. at 7.30 p. m. Y. P. Guild.

Wednesday evening at 7.30 Congregational Prayer Meeting.

Wednesday ev. Choir Practice at 8.30.

Friday evening C. S. E. T. meeting at 7.30.

Service at Richardsville at 3.45.

RESTIGOUCHE BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. R. M. Brown, Pastor.

Sunday Feb. 3rd.

Flatlands, at 11 a. m.

McDavid's Mt., at 2.30 p. m.

Matapedia, at 4.15 p. m.

Mann Sett., at 7 p. m.

Prayer Meeting.

Flatlands at 7 p. m.

Mann Sett., on Wed. 7 p. m.

RESTIGOUCHE PRESBY. TERIAN CONGREGATION.

Rev. J. R. MacKay, Pastor.

Sunday, Feb. 10th.

Service at Sellarville at 11 a. m.

Service at Kempt Road, at 3 p. m.

Service at Tide Head at 7 p. m.

Prayer Meeting.

Flatlands at 7 p. m.

WE CAN REPAIR YOUR OLD WATCH

YOU SHOULD NOT LET YOUR WATCH GO TOO LONG WITHOUT BEING CLEANED. A TIMEPIECE KEPT CLEAN AND OILED LASTS LONGER AND KEEPS BETTER TIME.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING AND DO IT RIGHT AND REASONABLE.

COME IN NOW AND SEE OUR "LEFT-OVER" CHRISTMAS GOODS. NOW'S THE TIME TO BUY WHAT YOU NEED FOR YOUR OWN USE, BECAUSE OUR REDUCED PRICES ON MANY ARTICLES WILL SAVE YOU LOTS OF MONEY.

H. R. HUMPHREY

Optician—Optometrist

Campbellton, N. B.

Pains in the Head Due To Defective Eyes.

IF you suffer from pains anywhere in the head; at the base of the skull; over the temple; over or behind the ears; on the crown of the head—the chances are that your eyes are defective, need examination and fitting of proper glasses.

You may not feel actual pain in the eyes, yet you may need glasses in the worst way.

If you suspect your eyes being other than perfect, come and let me examine them. You cannot afford to neglect those valuable organs for a week or a day. I have all the most modern and scientifically exact instruments for the purpose.

H. R. HUMPHREY

Optician—Optometrist

Campbellton, N. B.

THE RESTIGOUCHE

G. W. V. A.

MEETS

Every Wednesday Evening.

In their Hall, Water Street, Campbellton, at EIGHT O'CLOCK SHARP.

The General Meeting is held on the First Wednesday of Every Month. At this Meeting Refreshments are Served.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of water. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach red nose, much blanching as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Get three ounces of strained white