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JAS. S. CARNEGIE,
AGENT, St. Andrews.

THE GOLDEN SIDE.

There is many a rest in the road of life,
—If we would only stop to take it;
And many a tone from the better land,
If the querulous heart would make it!

Better to hope though the clouds hang low,
And to keep the eyes still lifted;
For the sweet blue sky will soon peep through,
When the ominous clouds are lifted!

There is many a gem in the path of life,
Which we pass in our idle pleasure,
That is richer far than the jeweled crown,
Or the miser's hoard of treasure;

Better to weave in the web of life
A bright and golden filling,
And to do God's will with a ready heart,
And hands that are ready and willing,

Interesting Tale.
MR. ARUNDEL'S DAUGHTER.
BY ANNA MASON.

I was about to take a journey to Philadelphia
to transact business for the firm of Van Dyck &
Co., to which I had just been admitted as a partner,
after serving a term of years as a book-keeper.

My father, having reached those balmy days
when easy-chair and slippers woo with irresistible
force, and being well off in this world's goods, had
decided to retire from business, leaving me to oc-
cupy his place in the firm.

Thus, at the age of twenty-four, with good
health, a tolerable personal appearance and fine
business prospects, I had as fair a start in life as
one could ask.

In Philadelphia, aptly termed "The City of
Brotherly Love," as I thought, when I had par-
taken of its hospitalities, resided an old friend of
my father, who had not seen me since my child-
hood.

By letter it was arranged that on my arrival I
should immediately repair to Mr. Arundel's house,
he insisting on receiving me as his guest, and
make his acquaintance, and that of his family.

The exact time of my coming was not fixed,
and thus it happened that early one February
evening I reached their house, to find it brilliantly
lighted, and myself a little unexpected.

Mr. and Mrs. Arundel, both of whom I at once
liked, extended to me so cordial a reception, how-
ever, that I could but feel myself welcome.

Our young people have company this evening,
remarked Mr. Arundel: who seemed to be a very
pleasant and jovial gentleman. Had we known
when to expect you, it should have been so.

Your first evening should have been a quiet one,
passed in our midst, devoted to breaking the ice
and getting comfortably used to us.

Never mind, interrupted Mrs. Arundel's cheer-
ful voice. I trust we shall succeed in making Mr.
Van Dyck feel at home with us as it is. Our
laughter and her young friends propose to entertain
us this evening with some private theatricals,
which I hope Mr. Van Dyck will not feel too fati-
gued to witness.

To be sure not! to be sure not! exclaimed Mr.
Arundel, heartily, before I could reply. We'll
give our young friend Arthur, here, plenty of time
in which to rest before the play begins, and he can
receive his introductions later. So, my boy, we'll
have a cup of tea, and let John show you to your
room at once.

Nearly an hour later, after a careful toilet made
with thoughts of the daughter who had been men-
tioned, I descended to the parlor, and found it
pretty well filled with guests seated as expectant
spectators while a subdued murmur of voices was
audible from beyond the scarlet curtain which
hid the back room from view.

Come here, Arthur. Take a seat by me, said
Mr. Arundel. The play is about to begin, I be-
lieve.

Even as he spoke a bell tingled, and the curtain
was clumsily swept aside. It disclosed a small but
beautifully constructed stage, and a background
of scarlet drapery.

The play which followed was by no means re-
markable. I remember there being a fair per-
sonated heroine, Lady Alice, a dark and handsome
lover with a guitar and velvet cloak, and a bril-
liant and beautiful rival to the fair lady, who, dis-
guised as a waiting-maid, wove her spells about
Sir Eustace.

The play wound up with an elopement, in which
the rival escapes with the false lover, leaving Lady
Alice to a broken heart.

Alas! and shallow as was this plot, the play
was rendered in the most spirited manner. The
part of Lady Alice was played with touching pas-
sion, by a lovely girl with fair hair and gentle
eyes, dressed simply in white.

Mr. Arundel pointed her out to me.
That young lady is my daughter Julia. She is
called very pretty, he added, a little complacently.

And merits the praise, I asserted, warmly. But
who is the dark one—the bewitching Elsie? I
confess I've fallen in love with her.

Mr. Arundel laughed so heartily that there were
several cries of "Hush!" ere he replied:

That young lady is my daughter, Miss Elsie
Arundel, very much at your service. She's a sad
boyden, I assure you, Arthur.

Perfectly bewitching, at any rate, I murmured.
In fact, I could not keep my eyes off the tall
and dazzling beauty, who, in short skirts, high-
heeled slippers, velvet bodice, ruffled apron, and
a captivating bit of head-dress, was so bright and
bewitching that almost it seemed Sir Eustace
might be pardoned for faltering in his allegiance.

But when the disguise of the French waiting-maid
was thrown aside, and Elsie appeared resplendent
in scarlet satin, with train of velvet and rich lace,
her dark hair clustering in short thick curls above
her noble brow, surmounted by a diadem of dia-
monds, her eyes sparkling, her cheeks glowing
with excitement, I exclaimed aloud:

Glorious creature!
She may have heard, for she turned and smiled
on me.

Miss Elsie is radiantly beautiful, said I to Mr.
Arundel.

Do you think so? Well, perhaps you are right!
You see she's younger than Julia, and a toubou.
She's developing rapidly, no doubt.

Mr. Arundel seemed shaking with uncontrollable
laughter. I was disgusted. He had called that
exquisite creature by an odious name.

"Miss Julia is evidently her papa's favorite, I
thought to myself, somewhat bitterly.

Here come the young ladies themselves, said
Mr. Arundel, the play being over. Very fine
actresses you make, my dears. He then presented me.

Miss Arundel held out her hand half timidly
Miss Elsie looked at me with her large blazing
eyes, then said, heartily:

I noticed you from the stage, Mr. Van Dyck,
and I knew at once I should like you. I played my
best to please you.

I was a little disconcerted by this charming can-
dor; but every one laughed, and Miss Julia
asked:

Are you sure you didn't fancy Mr. Van Dyck
the hero of the play, and so make such an effort
to fascinate poor Sir Eustace?

You've guessed it exactly, replied the frank
young lady. You see, Mr. Van Dyck, she went
on, addressing me, sister Julia has been flattered
till she expects all the attentions; but I claim you.
The daring girl had actually taken my arm.

Ran away with Mr. Van Dyck, if you please,
Elsie! cried Miss Julia, blushing, but joining in
the general laugh.

You may have a dance with your conquest, if
Mr. Van Dyck chooses to be regarded in that
light, seconded Mr. Arundel.

I've certainly no objections, I retorted, laugh-
ing.

In another moment Elsie and I were whirling
among the dizzy waltzes.

Every one is looking and laughing at us, re-
marked my eccentric partner, as if I danced like
an elephant.

Impossible! exclaimed I, deprecatingly. Your
waltzing is the very essence of grace—the poetry
of motion.

At any rate, I've had enough of it. It is lovely
in the conservatory; let us go in there and get
cool by the fountain.

I followed her lead willingly enough.
Isn't this delightful? sighed Elsie, as soon as
we found ourselves alone, dropping her somewhat
dashing manner, and looking up at me with a lan-
guid, almost timid glance.

She caught my admiring gaze and smiled, re-
vealing dazzling teeth.

Here's a seat among the roses for you Mr.
Van Dyck. The water from this fountain
is as cool as ice, and as sparkling as diamonds.
Let me fill this goblet for you! I'll be Hebe,
cupbearer to the gods, and you shall be the
glorious Apollo. I'll take care not to stumble,
but to be lashed from my Olympus. I'm in
paradise, Mr. Van Dyck!

Your allusions are classical, fair lady;
but are you in earnest in saying you're in
paradise?

Of course I am, monsieur, with the hand-
some gentleman in the company all to my-
self, and a younger sister.

Here Elsie, half kneeling, presented the
goblet with a bewitching grace. Judge me
not too harshly, kind reader, when I admit
that my heart beat rapidly. I was young and
susceptible.

I've no accomplishments, went on my
charmer. I can not play the piano, nor sing,
nor dance like sister Julia; but—here she
paued and looked at me half defiantly—I
can play billiards!

A start of surprise, retorted I, by no
means startled from my self-possession.

O dear! I'll tell papa you called me that?
Did you call me dear? I asked, slyly.

No, I never call gentlemen dear; but it
must be very pleasant.

Try to me, then, sweet Elsie! I ex-
claimed, enthusiastically, enraptured by her
coquettish candor.

Elsie made no reply but to drop her head
till her cheek touched my hand. I was in-
toxicated. I believe I bent down and kissed
her.

O, to this k'o' the folly of that evening!
I confessed my love to the fascinating
beauty.

You don't think me rude and forward,
then, as papa does—as they all do? she asked.

No, Elsie, I adore your simplicity and
frankness. What joy to pass through life with
you!

O, really, Mr. Van Dyck? And Elsie
needed close to me.

I caught her in my arms. She was shak-
ing with laughter.

Please don't be angry Mr. Van Dyck. I
really like you very much; but I cannot mar-
ry you.

And why not?
Papa wouldn't believe in such sudden love
for one reason.

But I'll make him believe it! Hark!
They're calling to us!

So they are, said Elsie; and she actually
kissed me, of her own accord, ere we went
back to the parlors, where our reappearance
was greeted with much merriment, and was
made the subject of more sly jokes than good
taste seemed to me to warrant. Elsie took it
very coolly.

Did Mr. Van Dyck propose to you? asked
Julia.

Of course he did. You see, Mr. Van Dyck,
I made a bit of a mistake to propose!

Could I have my ears? How had my
idol been close to me!

The guests shortly after departed, and when
good nights had been spoken we all retired to
our rooms.

Elsie passed my hand when no one observ-
ed us, and whispered:

Dream of me, dear—!
It was long before I slept that night for ex-
citement. I lay awake, haunted by the vision
of a dazzling creature in scarlet satin, varied
now and then by another vision—that of a
fair like little lady in white, with great
gentle eyes.

I was frightened, too, at the thought of my
own precipitancy, and very doubtful as to
what my father would say to Elsie as my
wife. I could not deny, even to myself,
that she was forward and bold.

It was, as may be imagined, with very
mixed emotions that I descended to the break-
fast-room the next morning. Mr. and Mrs.
Arundel greeted me cordially, and soon Miss
Arundel appeared, looking very fresh and
sweet in her white morning dress, with clusters
of scarlet geranium blossoms in her hair and
at her throat.

I was more impressed by her than I had
been the evening before, and wondered how
I had failed to appreciate her extreme beauty
and loveliness.

We were enjoying an animated conversa-
tion when the door opened, and a tall
youth of fifteen or thereabouts entered the
room.

My son Fred, Mr. Van Dyck, said Mr.
Arundel.

The lad advanced and seized my hand in a
hearty clasp, and—no!—could it be? The
dark eyes, the saucy smile, the clustering
curls had all belonged to my Elsie of last even-
ing.

If any doubts remained, they were dispelled
by a burst of laughter, in which all were join-
ing.

We don't fear, meet as lovers this morn-
ing, Mr. Van Dyck? queried the impressive
youth. Nevertheless, you need not look dag-
gers at me. Come now, confess that I look
you in captivity. You never dreamed Elsie
was Fred?

Indeed, no, I agreed, joining in the laugh,
although it was at my own expense.

I never was so completely sold
I shall teach Julia how to manage such
affairs, continued the elated Fred.

She has much to learn yet. No one ever
proposed to her on an evening's acquaintance,
I'll be bound. Don't look so chop-fallen, old
fellow; I dare say I'd be as big a fool over as
pretty a girl. Rouge and a satin gown add
greatly to my beauty.

O you puppy! cried his father, in an
interval of choking laughter. Have done
with your nonsense, and take your seat at the
table. Had I dreamed you would have carried
your joke so far, I do not have honored it.
Mr. Van Dyck will think we have broken all
the laws of hospitality.

Not at all, I murmured. I enjoy a good
joke. My polite answer was made despite
agonies of mortification. My smile was
intended to disarm the suspicion that I might
be chewing the cud of bitter meditation;
beneath it my soliloquy was, What a precious
fool I've made of myself!

Silently I determined to leave the soci-
ety where I had enacted so sorry a part at the
earliest opportunity.

I'll take Mr. Van Dyck in town, announce
de Master Fred. He shall benefit by my
rowing and billiards, after all. It will be
better for you, Mr. Van Dyck, than to leave
you to Julia's music and croquet, which often
prove snafus to the envious. As for her en-
broidery, that's even worse, for into it she
weaves a heart!

Don't be so silly, Fred, suggested Julia
blushing deliciously.

Breakfast proceeded pleasantly enough, and
every one seemed bent on making the feel at
home, and in dispelling any disagreeable im-
pressions I might have received from late
events. They succeeded so well that before
the meal was over I felt quite at ease.

Somehow I didn't leave in such hot haste
as in my first moments of chagrin I had de-
termined, but lingered on from day to day.
When at last I did take my departure, it was
with the understanding that I should return
soon and claim my bride. Dear little Julia
said good-bye with smiles quivering on her
lips and tears starting to her sweet eyes.

Master Fred shook hands heartily in prom-
ising that he'd give up, once for all, tending his
future brother-in-law about the beautiful and
too fascinating Elsie.

Mail Robber Arrested.

An important arrest was made in Boston
on Saturday of the principal in the extensive
mail robbery which were committed some
time ago between Chicago, New York, and
Boston. A former mail clerk was arrested
about six months since, and convicted as being
the direct person by whom the robberies were
committed; but it was at the time evident,
by his own confession, and by the facts which
appeared at the trial, that he had an accomp-
lice who was really the head. On Saturday
a man whose name is probably Robt. L. Dudley
was arrested as this confederate. The partic-
ulars of the search and the arrest are briefly
as follows: After the packages of letters were
secured the contents were removed and
handed over to the chief, who is supposed to
be Dudley, who acted as banker of the con-
cern. He would then visit places where he
was unknown, under an assumed name, and
establish himself in business, until he had
obtained a standing in the community, when
he would force an endorsement on the stolen
draft and obtain the cash for it. It was re-
cently ascertained that a man answering the
description which the officer had obtained of
Dudley had been stopping at the Beech
House in Boston under the name of Percell.
Letters which began to arrive for him were
therefore detained till called for. At halfpast
ten Saturday morning Mr. Percell did call,
was recognized and arrested. He at first
denied all knowledge of the affair, and made
considerable bluster about being arrested. He
had hired a house in Mattapan for the sum-
mer season and furnished it in fine style. It
is believed that his operations have amount-
ed to from \$50,000 to \$75,000. He was brought
before United States Commissioner Hallitt
Saturday afternoon and committed.

Do you think I am a fool? a violent man
asked the late Rev. Dr. Bethune. Really,
replied the doctor, I would not have ventur-
ed the assertion, but now that you ask my
opinion, I must say that I am not prepared to
deny it.

AMOUNT OF FORCE DERIVED BY THE E
FROM THE SUN'S HEAT.—An interesting
calculation has been made of the amount of force im-
parted to the earth by the sun's heat. According
to best investigations that have been made, it
received in one minute enough heat to raise
temperature of five and a half cubic m
water one degree Centigrade. If, now, we
compare this with the work done by a given
of heat, as utilized in a steam engine, it
reveals that the heat sent to the earth in the
rays during the space of one minute is able
to do as much work as would be done by two
the steam engines of one hundred horse-power
working continuously for the space of four
and a half years.

What becomes of this inconceivably great
amount of power is worthy of consideration;
we begin to realize the nature of the problem
the future scientists when we reflect that by a
larger part of this heat force expended itself
the earth in actual work, only a small portion
being radiated into space. Of course the
accomplished, such as the maintenance of the
temperature of the earth, ocean, and atmosphere,
stimulating of animal and vegetable life, etc.
be the equivalent of the power retained by
Globe.—[Harper's Magazine.

A comic heroic scene took place lately in
of the foreign restaurants in London, which
is a sensation among the diners there. A
swell had ordered what should have been a
dinner, but which turned out an utter failure
complained vainly; the bill (the only thing
had been cooked) was at length brought in,
at once paid without remonstrance, an extra
tuity being given the waiter to induce him to
his master, who at once came up smiling, who
his conversation, his customer threw himself
his arms, "Farewell, my host!" he pathet-
ically exclaimed, "I have dined here once; we
never to meet again!" and precipitately
said shouts of laughter, leaving the host per-
flabbergasted.

Legal Quibbling.

What is the legal meaning of the word
"either"? This question was by and by
argued in the costly English Court
Chancery the other day. A certain test
left property the disposition of which was
affected by "the death of either" of two per-
sons. One learned counsel contended the
"either" meant both. In support of this
he quoted Richardson, Webster, Ches-
ter, Dryden, Southey, the Story of the Crucifixion,
and a passage from Breviations. The
other counsel suggested that there was an
error in the "Beggars' Opera," known to
which took the opposite view:—

"How happy could I be with either,
Were I either dear charmer away!"

In pronouncing judgment the Judge
declared entirely for the argument of
counsel. "Either" meant one of two
did not mean "both." Though occasion-
ally in poets and some other writers the
word meant both, it did not in this case before
Court.

A Rich Man.

When people talk about millionaires they
usually mention Rothschild first, but there
is a man in England by the name of Ward
comparable with whom any Rothschild is
pauper. This man Ward inherits a vast
property, with accumulated investments and
taxes, which give him an enormous income.
He has the most magnificent house in London,
the finest collection of art, and the finest con-
seats in the Kingdom; his wife is cele-
brated for her beauty, and her display of diamonds
at the recent festival given by the Emperor
of Austria, in Vienna, made all the other ladies
the Empress Queen and Princesses, look
poor. What the income of this British
millionaire is we have never seen any statement
of, but a Manchester paper gives an account
of his annual profits derived from his coal
mines, which amount to the enormous sum of
900,000! So the income from one source
alone of this prodigiously wealthy person
is not much short of twenty five millions of
dollars a year.

A gentleman read somewhere that the
Chinese tell the time of day by examining
the pupil of a cat's eye, and he began to
eat around with him in his overcoat, but
with the intention to yank her out by the
tail whenever he desired to ascertain the
hour. But he carries a watch now. And
from the fact that the cat used to yowl,
spit, and charge around in an uncomfor-
table manner in his pocket, the first time
dragged her out to examine her eyes, and
clawed furrows an inch deep in his face,
carried on so generally, that he thought
better to drop her and hunt up a place
where they sold arnica plaster and salve.

What to do if you split your sides laugh-
ing.—Run till you get a stitch in them.

CAPS
Dolly Varden, Blue
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ch Shakespeare Panse
best fit and durability.
of Gents. Furnishing.
in Jute and Linen,
small wares. Ladies,
S & SHOES, worked
ATTAMANS.
colored, plain, striped,
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nmissioner of Customs.

Telegraphic News.

New York, June 14. A London letter charges that the Prince of Wales has been for weeks on a round of dissipation at Vienna, Pesth, Berlin and elsewhere, all of which performances have been suppressed by London papers. [This may safely be taken as "bosh."]

Paris, June 13. The demand of the Military Governor of Paris for authority from the Assembly to prosecute Deputy Ranc, causes a profound agitation at Versailles.

London, June 13. The new ministry in Spain in an overture to the Federal authority, restoration of discipline in the army, proclamation of martial law against the Carlist insurgents, liberty of the Antilles and suppression of slavery.

Madrid, June 14. During the session of the Cortes last night, it was announced that the separation of Church and State was a part of the Government programme.

It is said that Ex Queen Isabella proceeds to Rome together with the Pope upon the prospects of the Bourbon family in Spain.

Berlin, June 14. Emperor William of Germany continues in a very weak condition.

London, June 14. The Pope has completely recovered from his late dangerous illness.

Vienna, June 14. The number of visitors to the Vienna exhibition is far less than anticipated. The prices of living have been reduced as an inducement to visitors.

London, June 16. Weather in England favorable for crops.

Paris, June 15. The Assembly by an almost unanimous vote adopted a resolution ratifying the election of Ranc as Deputy from Lyons.

London, June 15. The Russian army was within 100 miles of Kiviv May 20th, and the enemy was flying before them.

London, June 15. The Sultan of Zanzibar has signed a treaty with Great Britain for the suppression of the slave trade negotiated by Sir Bartle Frere.

New York, June 16. Steamboat train from New London, on the Norwich and Worcester Railroad, was thrown from the track yesterday morning and three persons were injured.

Fire is reported this morning at Navazota, Texas, loss \$200,000; New Haven, Conn., loss \$100,000.

At daylight this morning Mr. Almond Gordon, a farmer, living near Thomdike Station, Me., together with his wife and youngest daughter, were found murdered in one bed, and their little son, six years old, who was sleeping in a crib in the same room, was fearfully wounded, and the house was afterwards set on fire.

A younger brother of the murdered man is alleged that a disagreement about property caused the act.

At Calais, Me., yesterday, five persons were drowned in the upsetting of a boat.

The fishery clause of the Treaty of Washington will go into effect on July 1st, on which day the President will issue his Proclamation.

Fish and fish oil from Canada and P. E. Island will be admitted free at that date, but fish remaining in bond at that time will not be free of duty.

MR. C. J. M. BELLEW ON EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

At an entertainment given to about 2000 women of the labouring class, by the Rev. Father Nugent in the League Hall, Liverpool, on Wednesday night, the 28th ultimo, Mr. C. J. M. Bellew, the eloquent elocutionist, who had that day returned from America, was the principal speaker. Mr. Bellew, who was received with loud cheers, said:

My countrymen, my friend Father Nugent has called upon me to address you, and as you have heard, I have only arrived this very day from America, full of fatigue and thoughts of the great country from which I have come, and utterly unprepared to face such a meeting as this. In fact, for the last four months I have done nothing but face meetings, perhaps two or three times as large as that which I now see before me, and I thought that, on returning to England, I was returning to rest. This is the beginning of it (laughter.) However, there is no rest so sweet to any man, whose heart is in the right place, as the rest of feeling that he may perhaps do some little good to a good cause for his own labouring countrymen and countrywomen. (Loud applause.)

And as it has been my privilege and opportunity to observe something of the condition of America and Canada, and more particularly of the Catholic condition of those two countries, I am sure my remarks will not be out of place if I just give you one or two ideas that have struck me as I have travelled along there. Now, my countrymen, you know it is common here, and especially in Ireland, to say that you must emigrate to the United States. Only last Saturday week, when I left New York, the emigration agent in New York told me that during that one week alone, in the port of New York, no less than 10,000 emigrants had landed. But allow me to draw your attention to another dominion, the Dominion of Canada. In America you have immense opportunities, but just let me tell you that you have also immense expenses. In Canada you have immense opportunities, but in Canada you have small expenses and cheap living. (Loud applause.) We think of the United States of America, and justly, as of a very great and almost boundless country, but I

question whether there is one person within these walls who will not be astonished almost when I say that the Dominion of Canada is as large as the United States of America. That is a fact that people do not hear in mind, and that great people do not belong to this country, only want opening up, only want cultivation, only want that which you can carry out into it, to make it become one of the greatest appanages of the crown of England. (Loud applause.)

At the present moment there is an end-ofavour being made by Sir Hugh Allan, of the great Steamship Company of which you may have heard, the "Allan" Line, plying to Quebec and Montreal, to carry out the Pacific Railway to run straight through Canada, the object being to open the highway from the Atlantic to the Pacific through thousands of miles, and bringing into cultivation thousands of millions of acres that at present lie unworked. How is that to be done? How is it even to be carried out? Why, by one means only, and that is emigration. (Applause.)

When I was lately in Canada, at the seat of the Government at Ottawa, some of the senators and members of the House of Commons there were pleased to give me a supper, at which various speeches were made and toasts given; and as I left the room that night one of the senators of Ottawa said to me, "Now, Mr. Bellew, when you return to England, don't forget to speak on behalf of Emigration to Canada." I have not forgotten it, by God's help. (Loud applause.)

Practical men have in my mind, in my way, upon the very first day of my landing in England, to be able to come forward here and speak on behalf of that cause. (Applause.) Now, women, listen to me. In Canada, at this very moment while I am speaking, there are three or four great commercial gentlemen met together there for the purpose of building large cotton mills a few miles away from the City of Montreal. A gentleman who lived in the United States for upwards of forty years, conducting the largest cotton mills in the country, and who is in Canada at present, told me that in the whole country he never saw such water power as can be brought to bear upon those mills, if they are built. "But," said I to him, "how are the immense mills you propose to build to be worked?" "By emigration," was the answer. (Loud applause.)

And one of the greatest mistakes—I speak it fearfully—one of the greatest possible mistakes made in Ireland, and in this country is the mistake of supposing that it is more beneficial to emigrate to the United States than it is to emigrate to Canada. It is a mistake, for this reason—though in the United States you seem to earn larger wages, yet in Canada you can live for a very much smaller sum of money; and, in addition to that, let me tell you something you are not perhaps aware of. I believe I address here, as a multitudes of Catholics. (Applause.) I am very glad indeed to know that this movement has the support of Protestants. (Loud Applause.) Let us go together, hand in hand, in this matter. But in Canada you, as Catholics, have advantages which you cannot possibly have anywhere else upon the whole of that great continent.

AN EXTRAORDINARY REVELATION.—A remarkable story is told in the London Record by a clergyman who signs his name and vouches for the truth of what he says. It seems that the mistress of a certain parish died a year or so ago, appointing as his executors two friends both of whom were admirals in the British navy. Among his effects was a bulky package sealed up carefully and endorsed, "Inviolably sacred: to be destroyed." After mature deliberation, the executors decided that as faithful trustees of what their friend had left behind him, they could not destroy anything without at least knowing what they were destroying. So they opened the envelope and found therein two documents, one of which was a deposition from the Pope permitting the deceased to retain his position as a clergyman of the Church of England, though actually a priest of the Church of Rome; the other document contained a list of clergyman in the same diocese or vicinity, who were in possession of similar dispensations, and consequently to be relied on for sympathy and co-operation in case of necessity. If this statement was not made by a well-known and responsible clergyman, it would be set down as an obvious attempt at imposition.

The reports of the displacement of Judge Pugh, the appointment of Mr. Otty in his place, and resignation of hon. Mr. Crawford from the ranks of the Government as published in the St. John Telegraph, are stated by the Daily News and Tribune to be "incorrect, nothing of the kind having taken place."

BRAZIL.—The conflict between the clergy and recent societies in Brazil continue to agitate the country. The ministry are gaining support for their policy. In the house the Premier made a speech, defending Pires Martins, and promised that energetic measures should be taken to prevent the bishops and Jesuits from interfering with the society.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE FOR JULY.—The July number of Ballou's Magazine is already issued, and contains a variety of brilliant stories and illustrations. Among the list of contents are:—The Pyramids of Egypt; Indian Life; English Inns and Club-Houses; Childhood; The Eleventh Hour; A Broken Voyage; Mr. Arundel's Daughter; Thods; A Song of Heaven; The Planet Jupiter; Master Freshly's Fourth of July—humorous views. Address Thomas & Talbot, 36 Broomfield Street, Boston.

A correspondent of the "Telegraph" writes that the Douglas Gold Medal has this year been won by Mr. W. G. Gance, of King's County, and that

Mr. E. M. Fenety has been awarded the medal of the Ammi Society.

THE PRINCE OF WALES IN HUNGARY.—The London "Times" observes that the reception given to the Prince of Wales in Pesth lately furnished abundant proof that the feeling of admiration and of liking for England had not died out in Hungary. Why is it that Hungary shows such an unaffected good-will towards England? There is a ready answer traditionally given—that the two countries are very like each other; and the answer is just, though the explanation which usually accompanies it is, happily, less exact. We are told that Hungary, like England, is an aristocratic country, a country of large landed proprietors—passionately fond of horses and of sport. If this is all that could be said of England, it would be a very different country from what it is. Hungary, like England, has much more. No country in Europe has advanced more rapidly during the last quarter of a century. No city in Europe, and very few in America, have made such strides as Pesth has made in the same time. For nearly two miles, if not more, the Danube has been embanked, and piles of counting houses and warehouses arise beside it as full of business and trade in their proportion as the warehouses and offices that front the docks at Liverpool. Wide corn plains stretch away to the horizon—stretch away, indeed, along the valley of the Danube until the Euxine is reached. Western Europe has long drawn a considerable portion of its corn supplies from those plains, and nothing but the cost of carriage hinders Hungary from becoming a dangerous rival to the wine-growers of the Gironde. But Hungary is not only more than a land of sportsmen; it is also more than an agricultural and industrial country. Its political history since 1848 has been such as should reassure those who are inclined to despair of any country as degraded past redemption.

NEW BUILDINGS.—The frame of Mr. J. Watson's house on Edward Street has been raised and boarded in. Mr. Edward Stinson's cottage on Parr Street is a similar state of forwardness; and Mr. Hugh Gurney's cottage on Sophia and Parr streets is also being boarded in.

WELL DONE!—The "Union Advocate," of Newcastle, Miramichi, has a large new Press driven by steam, and has also a great variety of job type of the latest style. We trust the "well done" will be supplemented by a corresponding amount of extra patronage. Such energetic and enterprise commands success.

The St. John "Weekly Tribune" has been considerably enlarged and improved. It contains the latest news and telegrams, and a large amount of reading matter.

NEW CARRIAGE.—Mr. Clarke, of the Railroad Hotel, has recently added to his stock of vehicles, a handsome double carriage, finished in the best style, from the manufactory of DeWolfe & Son, St. Stephen. He has also added to his stock of horses, and is leaving nothing undone to prepare for visitors.

The "Daily Tribune" of Saturday last has a terse and well written article on the "origin and history of the Academy of Music—the Gift Enterprise and the men who made it a success," and some capital articles on other practical subjects which interest the public. Its editor, Mr. Stewart, is most industrious in catering and writing daily to satisfy the insatiable appetites of the reading public, but he is equal to the task, and performs it well. How long his robust constitution will bear the strain, time alone will unfold. No one can form an idea of the amount of physical and mental labor required to conduct a daily journal, which has not a large staff of sub-editors and reporters.

EMIGRATION TO CANADA.—In another column we have given a lengthy extract from a speech delivered by the celebrated orator, Mr. B. Hew, on the advantages possessed by Canada, as a home for emigrants. The eloquent lecturer had only that day arrived at Liverpool from America, and everything was fresh in his memory. His speech from observation and a knowledge of the country, and undoubtedly did justice to the Dominion of Canada.

Our contemporary the "St. Stephen Journal" has lately published some excellent leaders on the necessity of manufactures on the St. Croix, and pointed out the facilities possessed for such purposes. In unmistakable language our contemporary shows that these advantages, inviting as they are, are not improved as they should be. Want of space prevents our publishing the articles referred to, but we heartily endorse the "Journal's" views, which are applicable to other parts of the county.

The Hon. the Minister of Finance, is expected home this evening by train, and it is to be hoped, he will be privileged to enjoy the pure air of our salubrious climate, and the quiet retirement from the active duties of office, for a few weeks or months.

THE NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for June is well filled with entertaining and instructive reading. Published by J. Duggall & Son, Montreal. Price \$1.50 per annum.

The property recently purchased by Mr. Odell is now occupied by the Messrs McGrotty, who have opened the store with a large and select stock of dry goods.

We understand that Mr. James Bradley has purchased the large wooden building recently occupied by Miss McGrotty, and intends moving into it in a few days, and open the store with a selection of goods suitable to the season.

The refreshing rain of Sunday has had a beneficial effect upon the growing crops. The grass promises an abundant yield.

THE GRAND CONCERTS.—Several persons left here on Monday, in the "City of St. John," to attend the Grand Gift Concerts at St. John.

NO CREDIT.—The "Fredericton Express" accuses some journals in St. John of omitting to credit to those papers from which they copy. This "omission" has become a common practice with some journals in their reports of local news from various districts, and is of U. S. origin, as well as such headings as "personal," "gubernatorial," "esort duty" and other equally elegant Yankee phrases. They also adopt the United States system of orthography, and use of slang terms, such as "Br." when writing of a contemporary, and also publish sensational extracts which exhibit the worst side of human nature; they also blow their own horns, with a vengeance.

The "British Templar," printed at Woodstock, is to be discontinued, unless the Grand Lodge, which meets at Sackville, in July, decides to continue its publication. It does not pay.

Mr. Harris Hill killed near Scott's camp, four miles below McAdam Junction, on Tuesday night, four bears, each of good size. Some sportsmen evult over a take of four good trout; but this exploit of Mr. Hill is something like sport.—Carleton Sentinel.

An eel seven feet in length and six inches thick was found in the wiers at Navy Island St. John last week by Mr. Christopher.

Many of the settlers of the township suffering from lung fever resulting from exposure in their new homes.

DIED.—On the 5th inst., aged 82 years, Mrs. Margaret Whittaker, widow of the late Mr. John Whittaker, much respected by all who knew her.

At Glasgow, on the 17th of May, William C. Fry, Esq., in the 64th year of his age. He was a native of this place, but has for many years resided in Scotland.

SHIP NEWS.—PORT OF ST. ANDREWS. ARRIVED.

June 11, Linda, Evans, Eastport, ballast. 12, Anna, Simpson, Portland, do. 12, Esther, Maloney, Boston, do. Utica, Maloney, do do. Mary Ellen, Britt, do do. 14, Daisy, Maloney, Portland, do. Eliza Frances, Maloney, Boston, do. Emma Penaberton, McQuoid, do. Albert, Williamson, Boston, do. E. Bowley, Morelle, Portland, do. 18, Harriet, Sheehan, Boston, do.

CLEARRED. June 12, Antelope, Bannon, Boston, 1800 sleepers, R. Ross. 13, Linda, Evans, Eastport, oil iron. 14, Harrie, McQuoid, Portsmouth, 2150 sleepers, R. Ross. 17, Daisy, Maloney, Boston, 2100 sleepers, R. Ross.

Calais, June 12, old—Esp. Hesperus, Waynes, Montevideo, lumber.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified not to neglect to take a Note purporting to be made by me in favor of the "Phenix Mutual Life Insurance Company" for \$45 75 dated the 9th inst., as was entered into signing the same, and if received no value.

EDWARD GIBSON. St. Patrick, Charlotte Co., June 11, 1873.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS indebted to me for Goods sold them out of my store, are forbidden paying any person but myself, or by my order.

JAMES BRADLEY. St. Andrews, 17th June, 1873.

NOTICE.—CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT. Ottawa, 4th June, 1873.

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By Command, J. JOHNSON, Asst. Commissioner of Customs.

Government House, Ottawa, Friday, 6th day of June, 1873.

PRESENT: HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the provisions of the Act 33rd Victoria Chapter 8, intitled: "An Act to explain and amend the Act respecting the Collection and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts and the liability of Public Accountants," His Excellency has been pleased to Order, And it is hereby ordered, that the privilege accorded by the Order in Council of the 19th March, 1863, to goods, wares and merchandize, the growth, produce or manufacture of Canada, which had been exported beyond the limits of Canada, of being reimported free of duty of Customs on certain conditions named in such order, be and the same is hereby extended and declared to apply to goods subject to duties of Excise, which goods may hereafter in like manner be reimported into Canada free of duty subject to the said several conditions mentioned in the said order and on the further condition that such goods on reimportation shall be warehoused subject to the Excise duties to which they would have been liable had they not been exported from Canada.

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His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority aforesaid has been pleased to order, and it is hereby Ordered, that all the Inland Revenue Laws of Canada in so far as they relate to the issuing of Licenses and the imposition of fines, penalties and duties on distillers, masters and brewers and on spirits, malt and malt liquor, and all laws relating to the collection and management of Revenue derived therefrom, be, and the same hereby declared to apply to and be in force in the Province of Manitoba.

W. A. HIMS WORTH, Clerk, Privy Council.

June 19 31

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JUNE 18, 1873.

Governor of Nova Scotia.

A telegram received last evening by Capt. Moody, kindly placed at our disposal, intimates that—JUDGE JOHNSTON has been appointed Governor of Nova Scotia. He will probably leave England to-day, June 17. This settles the governorship of our sister Province. The question now is who is appointed for New Brunswick? Has our present excellent Governor consented to remain another term in office?

The Shore Railroad.

We are happy to learn from prominent men of St. George, that a lively interest is taken by the people in that vicinity in the success of the projected "Shore Line Railway," and that the prospects of an early commencement of the work, are encouraging. The residents of that enterprising part of the County will no longer be left outside, as they have been heretofore, while plying their quota of taxes to build up other places in the Province, by attending their connection by rail with all parts of the Dominion and the United States.

The Eastern Parishes of the County are rich in natural resources, particularly St. George and Penfield, where there is an abundance of valuable mineral deposits, such as silver, copper, plumbago and iron, gold has also been found, and last but not least, valuable building material, such as the Red Granite and free stone. All that is required in connection with the outer world by rail, and the capital required to develop these great natural resources will be forthcoming, and the magnificent water power now used for milling purposes, when the lumber is exhausted, which is rapidly taking place, will then be utilized for other and more remunerative business. A railway running through the districts named, will be of incalculable benefit to the residents of those sections of the County, and will add materially to their prosperity. It is probable, that those recently discovered deposits of red granite now being quarried will hasten the construction of the Shore Railway—and that the inhabitants will do all in their power to attain a consummation of their hopes.

The Shore Railway. We will refer to this subject in future issues, and aid in our humble way, to forward the project; in the mean time, we invite letters from correspondents upon the matter. The fact is—railways are a necessity of the age, and the enterprise and energy of St. George, will not suffer the work to lag. The Dominion and Local Governments have given large subsidies to other sections of the County, and as St. George is a most important part, it can and will justly claim like considerations.

Serious Accident at Sea.

Wm. Wallace, seaman, of Black's Harbor, while reaving the Topsail halyards of the Schr. "Easter," John S. Maloney, Master, off Mistake Island and Seal Island, on 11th June in the afternoon, fell from the main topmast a distance of 90 feet, falling first on the galley, then on the pump, and then on deck, breaking his right leg in two places and injuring himself very much across the kidneys and cutting his head in two places. Capt. Maloney immediately took away for Lube, and ran all night through thick fog and heavy sea. Next morning brought Dr. Higgins, of Lube, on board and had the wounds on the head dressed, and got some powders to quiet Wallace and wash to bathe his leg. He delivered him at the Hospital here on the morning of the 13th. Hopes are entertained that he may yet recover under the treatment of Dr. Gove, and kind care of Mrs. Day, the matroness.

Many of the settlers of the township suffering from lung fever resulting from exposure in their new homes.

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SPRING.
'Tis not the murmuring voice of spring,
That stirs my heart and makes me sing,
'Tis not the sunshine rippling o'er
That floods with light my chamber floor,
But 'tis that long, long years ago
When all the world was blushing so,
When Hawthorn bloomed and violets grew
My heart beat soft with love for you.
And now when spring-time comes again
With rainbow wreath and pattering rain,
Sweet hope,—nursed by the voice of spring,
Says—sometimes we may meet again.

A Yankee grocer, being solicited to contribute to the building of a new church, promptly subscribed his name to the paper in the following manner: "John Jones (the only place in town where you can get eleven pounds of good sugar for a dollar), twenty-five cents."

Mr. LeBlanc, sailing master of the Government steamer 'La Canadienne, and three of the crew were drowned on Saturday at the mouth of the Grand River, Bay Chaleurs.

A good story is told of Hon. David D. Buell, well known on the Pacific coast. One day he went to a bootblack's stand, and seated himself in the chair and elevated his feet. The boy stood on the sidewalk, looking in speechless wonder at the feet displayed. After sitting a while Dave spoke to a friend who was beside him, saying:
"George, where the deuce is that bootblack? I've been here half an hour waiting to have him come to black my boots."
Here I be, sir, said the boy, coming from behind the foot boot.
I didn't see you, said Dave.

As a stout old lady got out of a crowded coach the other day, she exclaimed: "Well, that's a relief, anyhow! To which the driver, eyeing her ample proportions, replied, "So the ladies think, mam."

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Province of St. John's, the most successful Family Paper in the Union"

Harper's Weekly.
Splendidly Illustrated.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.
The WEEKLY is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the "Weekly" is read by at least half a million of persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The "Weekly" maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—[Louisville Courier Journal.]

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873.

TERMS:
HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year \$4 00
An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for \$20 00, without extra copy.
Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, \$10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7 00.
Back Numbers can be supplied at a very time.
The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$7 00 each. A complete set, comprising Sixteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.
The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office address.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

READ THIS All persons having leisure and wishing to increase their income, please send their names and addresses to the undersigned, to receive a copy of a new and valuable work, especially for Ladies. Sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$2 50 per copy, without risk or expense.
C. J. BOSSÉ, Montreal.

TEA POTS.
JUST RECEIVED per steamer Millbank.—A large assortment of
Ten-Pots and other Ware,
CHINESE TEA-POTS,
EGYPTIAN BLACK TEA-POTS,
ROCKINGHAM TEA-POTS.
For sale low by
F. & J. A. WHITE,
No. 10 Charlotte Street, St. John.

Government House Ottawa
Monday, 17th Feb., 1873.
PRESENT,
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 6th section of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 66, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of Stratford, in the County of Middlesex, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of London.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

MILLINERY
AND
Fancy Goods.

MISS E. O'NEILL respectfully intimates to the ladies of St. Andrews and vicinity that she has opened a
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT
in Miss Smith's building, where she has a Stock of FANCY GOODS, of the latest styles, and will be happy to execute all orders in her line with neatness and despatch.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

APRIL 1873.

ODELL & TURNER

Have received per Steamships
"POLYNESIAN," "MORAVIAN" and "SARMA-
THIAN."

60 Bales and Cases

N B W

SPRING GOODS,

PERSONALLY SELECTED

DRESS MATERIALS, SHAWLS,

Black Alpaccas, CLOTHS,

COTTONS AND LINENS, Prints, Muslins, Hosiery.

HATS, RIBBONS,

FLOWERS and FEATHERS, CARPETS & RUGS,

Damask & Lace Curtains.

A WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS.

Tenders Wanted.

\$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the TOWN of ST. ANDREWS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the 19th day of October, instant, for the purchase of the \$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the Town of St. Andrews, pursuant to the Act of Assembly 34 Victoria, chap. 59, intituled "An Act to authorize the Town of St. Andrews to add the Saint Andrew's Hotel Company." These Debentures are—10 of them for \$100 each, 4 of them for \$200, 3 of them for \$300, and 4 of them for \$500; are dated 19th of Sept. 1871, bear interest from that date at six per cent payable 1st July and 1st January; are payable in twenty years, and are a first class investment.
NEVILLE G. D. PARKER,
Hon. Secy. St. Andrews Hotel Co.
St. Andrews, 2nd Oct. 1872. oc 2 31

RAILROAD HOTEL,

ST. ANDREWS.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to him since opening the Railroad Hotel. Having purchased the property from Mr. Edward Phessant, he will CONTINUE THE BUSINESS, and trusts by attention and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of that patronage so liberally extended to the establishment.

TRANSIENT and PERMANENT boarders provided with comfortable rooms on reasonable terms.
GOOD SPOILING.—Experienced and reliable hostlers always on hand. Horses and Carriages to let.
COACHES in attendance on the arrival of Trains and Steamers
M. CLARKE,
Proprietor.
St. Andrews, April 17, 1872

ROYAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY STURDS)
Opposite Custom House and Public Offices, PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N.B.
During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be re-opened on 1st of May next.
Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.
Terms \$2.00 per day.
THOMAS F. RAYMOND,
Proprietor.
June 12

Why the Valve Jar is Superior to all Others for Preserving Fruit.

1. Because it is the only one in which the contents can be securely fastened, and cooked while thus fastened, without risk of an explosion.
2. It is the only one that is Automatically Sealed, therefore, the only Self-Sealing Jar in the market.
3. It is so simple that no skill is required to use it successfully.
4. It is securely fastened when placed in the kettle, and being immersed, the fragrance of the contents is confined in the Jar, a more perfect vacuum produced and the handling of the hot jars entirely avoided.
5. It is well known that fruit jars which are closed with rigid fastenings burst by fermentation, and the effect upon the closet and surrounding is well understood by many householders.
The Cover of the Valve Jar being a perfect safety valve makes an explosion impossible, and early closes every difficulty that exists in other fastenings. For sale by
F. & J. A. WHITE,
10, Charlotte St., St. John
sep 10

REMOVAL.
W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irving, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual

DRUGS, CHEMICALS
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
Toilet Articles, Groceries,
Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the et ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.
St. Andrews.

MADAM JUNCTION
EATING HOUSE,
S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.
Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains.
Jan. 16, 1872.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of Moses Parks, an Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Insolvent, will be held at the office of Geo. McSorley, Esquire, Barrister at Law, St. George, Charlotte County, on Thursday the seventh day of November next, at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the removal of the present Assignee of said estate, and appointing another Assignee, and for the purpose of ordering of the affairs of the said Estate generally, pursuant to an order of the Court of St. George, J. C. C. 1872.
The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.
Dated at St. George, Province of New Brunswick, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1872.
JAMES MORAN, Assn. gene.

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Chemist and Druggist,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,
DYE WOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,
24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.
Orders from the Country promptly executed.
Ships' Medicine Chests Filled and Re-fitted
Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.
api 12 7-ly

Plans of School Houses.
Education Office, Province of New Brunswick.
FREDERICTON, December 27th, 1872.

TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS are hereby notified that the Plans of School Houses prepared by the Board of Education, will be furnished free of charge to the Trustees of the several schools, on application to the Inspector of Schools for the County. Also, that when the Trustees have selected one of the said Plans, a complete set of working drawings of the same may be prepared without charge, on application to the Chief Superintendent.
THEODORE H. RAND,
Chief Superintendent of Education.
Jan 11

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors &c.
OFFICES—WATER STREET,
ST. ANDREWS

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.
Has received further supply of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Chains, Rings, Brooches,
Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.
Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,
Papier Machie, Parian, Spa, Wedgewood and Bohemian Goods

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.

CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS
TOYS, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY,
Together with a general assortment of
House Furnishing & Fancy Goods
WEDDING RINGS made to order.
July 19 41

St. Andrews Hotel Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hotel Company, held on the 16th inst., W. B. MORRIS was appointed Secretary,
R. ROBINSON,
St. Andrews, Oct 24, 1872. President.

Copartnership.

The Subscribers have this day entered into a Professional Copartnership, under the style and firm of
Street & Stevenson.
GEO. D. STREET,
R. R. STEVENSON
St. Andrews, June 1, 1872.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins,
25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale,
—o—

GRANULATED SUGAR.

35 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In Bond or Duty paid,
—o—

Vacuum Pan Sugar.

53 Bbls. Demerara Vacuum Pan Sugar, choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO., St. Stephen.

JOHN MCCOULL, GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant, AND AUCTIONEER.

St. George, N. B.
REFERENCES: Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sur General, W. Whitlock, Esq. St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran, and Abm. Young, Esqs. St. George; Chas. F. Finch, Esq. St. John; J. Morchie, and David Main, Esqs., St. Stephen.

MOLASSES.

21 Hhds. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct.
19 Hhds. } BRIGHT CIE FUEGOS MOLASSES.
18 Bbls. }
The above is a very choice Cargo and will be sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid.
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.
April 1871.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London.
40 Hhds. } Best Pale Geneva.
30 qr Casks }
200 Cases }
30 Chests }
20 Half " } Congou Tea.
10 Bbls. Refined Crushed Sugar
5 do London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.
20 qr Casks } Pale Sherry.
73 Hhds. }
31 Ton "Brandram Bros" Best White Lead
4 Hhds. } d. Boiled and Raw
4 qr Casks } Linseed Oil.
J. W. STREET.

The Standard.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY
A. W. Smith.
At his Office, Water Street, St. Andrews, N. B.
TERMS
\$2 50 per Annum—if paid in advance.
\$3 if not paid till the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Inserted according to written orders or continued till forbid, if no written directions.
First insertion of twelve lines and under, 80 cts.
Each repetition of do 20 cts.
First insertion of all over 12 lines 8 cents per line.
Each repetition of do 2 cts per line.
Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.
All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

HATS & CAPS

IN LARGE VARIETY,
Comprising—the Oxford, Dolly, Varden, Duke, Alexis and many other styles to numerous to mention. Also—the Monarch Shakespeare Paper Collar, unrivalled for its perfect fit and durability, together with a full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Chignons, Curls, Switches in Jute and Linen, Bustles, Hoop Skirts and small wares. Ladies' Gents, and childrens BOOTS & SHOES, work.

SLIPPERS and GAITERS.

FLANNELS, in White and colored, shawl, styles and checked. Cottons—in bleached and bleached. Harrack & Myers White Cottons, Brown ditto, &c. &c. &c.
As my motto is "Small Profits and large Sales," the above stock shall be sold at the lowest living advance on cost.
Remember the store on the corner of Water and King Streets, and opposite H. O'NEILL'S Market House.
N. B.—Orders taken for the elegant "DAY" Sewing Machine, which has been so celebrated in the United States, a sample of which can be seen at the store. For price and conditions of purchase of the same enquire.

Notice.

IN consequence of a serious accident occurring by persons leaving obstructions on the streets and side walks; the public are hereby notified, that all or any person leaving obstructions on the streets or side walks in the Town, will be prosecuted on the penalty according to Law.
Dated Saint Andrews 29th Nov. 1872.
THOMAS HEPWELL,
Commissioner District No. 1.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby Given, that the following Non-Resident Property in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as under for the year 1873, unless the amount, together with the cost of advertising &c. is paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to Law.
Benjamin Hanson Property, &c. &c. &c.
RONALD CAMPBELL,
St. George, Sept. 28, 1872.

CONGOU TEA.

Ex "Trojan" from London.
60 Chests & Half Chests good Congou Tea.
J. W. STREET.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE.
One of the original Weed Sewing Machines.
These celebrated Machines are now on hand by the Subscriber, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves.

JAMES STOOFF,

Agent.
Jan 16.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his Property in the Parish of Passamaquoddy Bay, the Islands and surrounding country. The place is pleasantly situated, bounded by the shore of the Bay, the Jean Road runs through it, rendering it a desirable country residence and farm, in a pleasant neighborhood, within six miles of the City of St. Andrews. The farm contains 100 acres, forty of which are under cultivation; it is a good hay, has good pastures, is well watered and thoroughly fenced; on the premises comfortable & dwelling House, with two Barns and out-houses. The property will be sold with or without crop. For further particulars, apply at STANDEARD OFFICE, or to
JAMES ORR, Esq.
Bocabee, July 3.

BLACK TEA.

Ex Schr. "Pointer" from New York.
182 Hb Chests } SOUCHONG TEA.
31 Chests }
For sale in bond or duty paid at lowest market rates.
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

King Street.
Saint Stephen N. B.
J. NEILL, Proprietor.

Canada Ale.

6 Hhls. } Canada Bitter Ale.
6 qr. Casks }
Nov. 2, 1872. J. W. STREET.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 26th instant, and under the authority vested in him, by the 2nd Section of the 34th Victoria Cap. 10, has been pleased to direct that the following articles be referred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, viz:
Felt, Cotton and Woollen Netting, and Fabrics used in the manufacture of Gloves and Mitts.
By Command,
R. S. M. BOURCHELLE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Jan 8 13