The Weekly Observer.

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The Weekly Observer.

Published on TUESDAY, by DONALD A. CAMERON at his Office, corner of Prince William and Church Streets, over the Store of Messrs. Flewwelling & Reading.—TERMS: 15s. per annum, half in advance.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company is prepared to receive applications for Insurance against FIRE upon Buildings and other Property, at the Office of the subscriber.

I. WOODWARD.

St. John, Nov. 11, 1846. *Secretary.*

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Of Boston.

No connection with Fire, Marine, or Health Insurance.

PERSONS Insured in this Company on the *Mutual* plan,—"the only plan" says Chamber's Edinburgh Journal,"—which the *Public at large* are concerned to support,"—will have returned to them *all the Profits*, instead of a *portion only*, as in the *Stock* or mixed Companies.

The *advantages* offered by this Company are, *Annual Dividends* of 50 per cent., paid during the life of the party, in the order of rotation from the excess of a capital of profits of $300,000.

Parties may insure for 1 year or 7 years, for life, or until they attain the ages of 40, 50 or 60, and *for any sum* from $100 up to $5000, and at *any age* from 14 to 67.

Parties insuring for 1 or 7 years enjoy many advantages of a *mercantile* nature, at a *very small* expense.

Parties insuring for Life, can provide for those *dependent upon them*, notwithstanding *contingencies of trade*, as to which this Company's *Charter offers peculiar facilities*—See Section 9,—and those who insure until they arrive at the age of 40, 50, or 60, make a *sure provision for old age* and their families, in case of death—(the attention of the Public is *earnestly solicited to this*, and this Company's rates therefore.)

Parties may insure for Life *without profits* at a reduction of 30 per cent., from *life rates*.

Parties insuring for Life or until the ages of 40, 50 or 60, when the premiums amount to $40, can have a *credit* for half at interest, *without any increase of premium*—such *credit* for the *whole term* and not merely for the first 5 years. After payment of three premiums on surrender of Life Policy, the holder will receive its *equitable value in cash*.

This Office insures from the *nearest* birth-day, instead of the *next*, as in other offices. The Charter makes it "*unlawful to loan any sum of money to any Director or Officer of said Company upon any security whatever.*" In no case is the person insured liable beyond the amount of premium.

The Board of Finance (who are among the most reliable financiers of the country,) viz: Franklin Haven, President Merchant's Bank, Boston; Thomas Thacher, Merchant, Boston; and Ruel Williams, President Kennebec Rail Road, *superintend all investments* of the Company; 12 Directors, Hon. David Henshaw, and others.

—LOCAL REFEREES—

Boston.—Hon. Abbot Lawrence, Hon. David Henshaw, Hon. Robert G. Shaw, Hon. William Sturgis, and Hon. Charles Sumner.

Saint John.—Benjamin Smith, Levi H. Waterhouse, Thomas G. Hatheway, Nathan S. DeMill, and Samuel L. Tilley, Esquires.

☞ See Pamphlets and statements of Company's affairs at the subscriber's office, who will receive applications and give further information.

W. H. HATHEWAY, *Barrister at Law*, St. John, AGENT FOR NEW-BRUNSWICK.

9th December, 1851.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON Fire & Life Insurance Company,

(Established in 1836.)

Capital £2,000,000—in Shares of Twenty Pounds.

THE Stockholders of this Company are responsible to the full extent of their property for the liabilities of the Company.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Public of New Brunswick, that the above named Company have empowered him, by a full and ample Power of Attorney, to open an Office in the City of Saint John, for the Insurance of PROPERTY against loss or damage by FIRE, in any part of the Province, and to sign and issue Policies in the name of the Company; and that in virtue of the power vested in him by the said Power of Attorney, he has appointed MR. ADAM JACK to act as Agent for the said Company, in the receiving of proposals for Insurance, and the inspection of premises proposed for Insurance, and all other the usual duties of an Agent; and to collect and receive the amount of premium on any policy issued by the undersigned in the name of the said Company, or for the renewal of the same.

The Deed of settlement, and the supplemental Deed of settlement, lies with Mr. JACK, at the Office of the *New-Brunswick Marine Assurance Company*, also the pamphlets issued by the Office at Liverpool, affording ample details of the mode of transacting business by the Company.

The rates of premium will be as low as any other respectable Company, and the undersigned trusts a fair portion of public patronage will be accorded to the Company.

Losses not exceeding £500, will be settled without referring to the head Office at Liverpool.

EDWARD ALLISON.

Dated at St. John, N. B. 4th August, 1851.

Oakum, Paints, Oils & Putty.

Landing ex *Faside*, from London—

3 TONS London Best Parish Picked *OAKUM*;
3 casks boiled } Brandram's best Paint Oil;
3 casks raw }
2 casks No 1 } Brandram's best White Lead,
2 casks No 2 } in 56 and 28 lb. kegs;
1 cask Putty, in 14 lb. & 7lb. bladders;
20 half-chests best Congo *TEA*.

GEORGE THOMAS,

May 4. *South Market Wharf.*

New Molasses.

166 HHDS., 17 Tierces, } Early Crop Molasses.

Now landing from Matanzas ex brig Zero, will be sold low while landing.

FLEWWELLING & READING,

March 16.

Brandy and Venegar.

Per *Oberon*, from Charente—

22 HHDS. Henessey's Dark and Pale BRANDY;
25 cases very old Bottled ditto;
6 casks French White Wine *VINEGAR*.

June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

London Goods.

Landing ex "Faside," *from London*:—

20 CHESTS fine Congo TEA,
2 chests fine Old Hyson,
5 casks Day & Martin's Blacking,
30 kegs Colman's MUSTARD,
15 boxes Blue STARCH,
1 chest E. I. INDIGO,
10 bags Black PEPPER,
Cases Cayenne Pepper, Isinglass, Sago, Salad Oil, Pickles and Sauces, &c. For sale by

April 27. JARDINE & CO.

REMOVAL.

Mr. G. BLATCH,

Barrister and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, &c.,

HAS removed to the Office adjoining that of J. M. Robinson, Esq., over Mr. J. Dougherty's store, Prince William-street.

May 11, 1852.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

Market square, April 17th, 1852.

NEW GOODS, Per steamer "Canada."

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just received a large and rich assortment of GOLD JEWELLERY, consisting of new styles of BROOCHES, set with Agua-Marine Carbuncle, Topaz, Amethyst and other settings; Ladies and Gent's. Finger RINGS, set with gems and other fancy and rare stones; new patterns VEST CHAINS, in gold and silver; GOLD CHAINS and GUARDS in variety; Gold, Silver, Scotch Pebble, and Hair BRACELETS; Lockets; Watch Brooches; Watch Keys and Seals; Gold Snaps and Crosses; Gold Spectacles; Gold and Silver Pencil Cases and Tooth Picks; Gold Enamel and Cornelian Studs, latest patterns.

☞ Silver Brooches and Shawl Pins, in great variety; Silver Butter Knives and Pickle Forks; Silver Thimbles; Ladies' Companions; Fish Carvers and Cake Knives; in cases; Silver Fruit Knives; Silver sugar Spoons and Caddy Shells; Silver Knive, Fork and Spoon, in cases; Silver Rattles with Coral; Silver Bouquet Holders; Silver Card Cases; Silver Fittings for Work Boxes, &c.; Silver Taper Stands; best English Side Combs.

GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, &c.

The above Goods having been purchased in the first Markets by one of the firm, they can with confidence recommend them as being of the first quality. They are offered at such prices as will ensure a continuance of the liberal patronage hitherto enjoyed by this Establishment for the last ten years.—Having renewed the lease of their Store, and made extensive enlargements and improvements, purchasers will do well to inspect their Goods, which, when complete, will be found to consist of every variety and price, suitable to the wants and wishes of all classes.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Daily expected per Ships *Devon* and *Alciope*—55 packages, consisting of Cutlery; Plated Electro and Albata Wares; Fancy Goods, &c., &c., &c. Particulars in future advertisements.

Expected per steamer early next week—1 case English Silver Spoons, &c. April 17.—6i.

Books, Stationery, Threads, &c.

Per ship 'Royalist,' Kerr, Master, from Liverpool, Landing for the Subscriber—

6 CASES of well-assorted STATIONERY, containing Superfine and Fine Quality Foolscap; Post and Pott PAPER; Letter and Note Paper; Envelopes; Single and Double Crown Paper; a few Calf-bound Elastic Ledgers, 4 and 7 quires; Long Folio and Day Books, Calf bound, 4 and 10 quires; Gilt and Plain Metallic Books; Sacred Music Books; Songs of Scotland, &c, &c. The above well adapted for Counting-house use.

Also—3 Cases of 3 and 6 cord White Sewing THREADS, numbered from 10 to 90. 100 to 300 Yard Reels, of very best quality and description.

Will be sold low by the Subscriber.

JOHN V. THURGAR.

March 30. North Market Wharf

Sheffield House,

Market Square, April 17, 1852.

To Watchmakers, Jewellers, &c.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just opened an assortment of WATCH MATERIALS, TOOLS, &c., which they offer to the Trade at very low prices, consisting of English and Geneva Gold, Steel, and Metal WATCH HANDS—Butterfly, moon, swell, spade and other patterns; Steel Seconds; Gold and Metal Centres; best Lever Fusee Chains; French do. do.; English and Geneva Hair Springs; Verge do.; Chain Hooks; Lever Staffs; Lever and Verge Screws; Case Springs and Buttons; Jewel Holes, &c.; Ruby Pins; Brass Curbs; Brass Ratchets; Geneva Ratchet Work; Indexes; Silver and G. S Bows and Pendants; Watch Dials, Watch Glasses, Joints; Catches and Ornaments for repairing Brooches; Brooch Pins in Gold, G. S, Steel and Brass; Ear-ring hoops, Cramps, and Claws; Screw Ferrules; French Drills; Drill Stocks, self-acting do.; Pivot Broaches, Watch do.; endless screw Keys; Chamfering Tools; Calipers; Watch Pliers, cutting do.; Sliding Tongs; Hand Vices; Clams; Pinion Gauges; Dividers Hammers; Main Spring Winders; Joint Pushers, Tweezers, Burnishers, English and French Screw Drivers; drill bow, and spring Gut, &c. &c. &c.

☞ An inspection is respectfully solicited. ☜

Apr 17.—4i.

GOODS

From London, Liverpool, &c., now landing—

900 BOXES 7x9, 8x10, 9x12 and 10x12 Sheet Window GLASS,
200 Kegs Brandram's WHITE LEAD,
200 Kegs *Hubbuck's* White ZINC PAINT,
100 Bags assorted Cut NAILS,
2000 Pieces London PAPER HANGINGS,
5 Hhds. Crushed SUGAR,
20 Barrels Dried CURRANTS,
15 Bags Black PEPPER,
6 Bales CLOVES,
20 Chests TEA,
1 Chest INDIGO; 1 bbl. NUTMEGS,
1 Case of Bottle INK,
50 Boxes Common SOAP,
20 Boxes Castile, Windsor, and Toilet SOAPS.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR,

April 27, 1852. *Prince Wm. Stree*

Guano, Pickles, &c.

Landing, ex '*Sarah Louisa*,' from Liverpool—

80 BAGS best Peruvian GUANO;
35 dozen SICKLES;
15 dozen Grass HOOKS; 10 doz. Steel Pointed SHOVELS; 10 doz. CATTLE TIES; 8 doz. GARDEN RAKES.

Ex schr. *Martha Greenow*, from Boston—

15 boxes Cummington *SCYTHE STONES*;
5 Spring Teeth Horse Rakes;
5 Revolving Horse Rakes,—with a large assortment of SNEATHS, Cradle Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, &c. &c.—For sale by

June 22. JARDINE & CO.

SHIP'S PROVISIONS!

Beef, Pork and Bread.

LANDING ex Mary, from Boston:—40 barrels Mess BEEF; 20 barrels extra Prime PORK;
25 barrels Pilot } BREAD;
70 barrels Navy }
In bond, for Ships' Stores.

Sept. 7. GEORGE THOMAS.

Window Glass and Champagne.

Landing this day by schr. 'Charles' from Halifax:

100 BOXES WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes, 10x8 to 15x11;
20 Baskets Sparkling CHAMPAGNE.

Daily expected from Glasgow:—

200 Boxes TOBACCO PIPES;
3 cases COTTON REELS.

JOHN V. THURGAR,

Sept 7, 1852. North Market Wharf.

London Groceries.

Landing ex Adæon from London:

20 CHESTS fine Congo TEA, of very superior quality, for family use.
2 cases Brown Windsor, and Honey SOAP,
5 kegs S. F. and D. S. F. Mustard,
5 cases Smyrna Cooking RAISINS;
1 chest Pearl SAGO; 20 boxes Maccaroni & Vermicelli,
1 bag White PEPPER;
Cases Isinglass, Candied Citron, Lemon & Orange Peel;
Casks Pickles and Sauces, Orange Marmalade, Patent Groats;
1 tierce Preserved Meats—comprising Roast and Boiled Beef, Mutton, and Veal, Hashed Mutton, Calf's Head, &c. &c.
1 chest Madras INDIGO.—For sale by

Sept. 23. JARDINE & CO.

CORNER OF KING & GERMAIN STREETS.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES BURRELL

HAS received per *St. John* from Glasgow, *Faside* from London, *Alciope* and *Devon* from Liverpool, and also from the United States—a choice assortment of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, viz:

LONG & SQUARE SHAWLS;
DRESS MATERIALS—In fancy Delaines; Cachmeres: Circassian Cloth; Orleans; Coburgs; Printed Muslins; black and coloured Silks.
An excellent assortment of STRAW BONNETS; French and English Bonnet and Cap RIBBONS;
Artificial Flowers; Parasols;
5-4 *PRINTED COTTONS*, choice patterns;
Grey and White Cottons; Red and White Flannels; Cotton Warps, Wadding and Batting;
Bed Ticks; Regatta Shirtings;
LINENS, LAWNS, Hollands, Towellings, Diapers,
Table Cloths, Linen GINGHAMS;
CLOTHS, TROWSERINGS & VESTINGS;
Counterpanes, Toilette Covers;
Worsted and Cotton FRINGES;
Furniture Dimity; MUSLINS; Harnes Filled Book Muslin; HOSIERY and GLOVES in great variety; Thread and Cotton Laces, Edgings and Insertions; Infant's Robes, Frock Bodies and Caps; Sewed Muslin Habit Shirts, Chemizetts and Collars;
Black and Coloured Veils;
Fancy Neck Ties;
Patent Elastic Bands;
Hair Nets and Platts;
Col'rd and White Stays.
Gents. Linen SHIRTS, FRONTS, and COLLARS, in newest patterns;
Silk Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs;
UMBRELLAS, Braces, Spring *STOCKS*;
BRUSHES, Combs, SMALLWARES, &c. &c. &c.

MILLINERY.

The Subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to his present STOCK OF GOODS, which having been carefully selected will be sold Wholesale and Retail at the lowest prices for Cash.

JAMES BURRELL,

May 18. *Corner of King & Germain-streets.*

PORT, SHERRY AND MADEIRA

WINES.

The subscriber has just received, and which is now in course of landing—a shipment of superior *WINES*, consisting of

15 HHDS. and 30 quarter casks PORT WINES, of different qualities,
10 hhds. } Brown and Pale SHERRIES,
15 qr. casks }
5 qr. casks old E. I. MADEIRA.

The above Wines have been selected expressly for the St. John market, and will be sold low by

JOHN V. THURGAR,

Aug. 14. North Market Wharf.

S. K. FOSTER'S

Ladies' Fashionable SHOE STORE,

Foster's Corner, Germain-street.

Just received per Steamer.

LADIES' white and Black Satin SLIPPERS,
Do. White, Black and Bronzed Kid ditto;
Do. French Cachmere BOOTS, *very light*;
Do. *Exhibition Slippers*, Silk Lin'd for Dancing,
Do. Black and Coloured French Merino—"*Cossacks*" for Walking;
Misses and Children's very Fine, Medium and Low priced BOOTS and SHOES, in almost endless variety.

And always on hand—Every description of BOOTS & SHOES that may be required for City or Country wear.

Further Supplies of the Newest and most Fashionable work, shortly expected per Ship *Mary Caroline* and Steamer.

Ladies and Families visiting our City are most respectfully invited to call.

Domestic Manufactures.

Men's Black and Drab Cloth Congress BOOTS;
Do. Patent, Enamelled, French Calf and Morocco Side Spring BOOTS—Dress and Walking;
Do. Light Soled Peg'd Patent, Morocco, Enamelled, Calf and Grain BOOTTEES;
Boys, Youths, and Children's Calf, Grain, Morocco, Patent, and Enamelled BOOTTEES;
Youths and Children's Strong BOOTS and Boottees.
Children's Patent and Enamelled fancy *Boots* and *Shoes*, in several styles;
Women's strong Shoes for service.

☞ Orders from the Country attended to.

Aug. 17, 1852. S. K. FOSTER.

LONDON HOUSE,

MARKET SQUARE, May, 1852.

THE Spring Stock of this Establishment comprising the usual extensive assortment, has just been received by the late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States—

IN DRESS MATERIALS; LADIES VISITES SHAWLS; PARASOLS; RIBBONS; GLOVES, &c. &c. &c.

are many new styles and makes.

And in the WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT will be found a very general assortment, carefully selected for that extensive branch of the business of this Establishment.

May 11. T. W. DANIEL.

Goods Just Received.

126 BOXES 10x12 GLASS;
20 pieces American Oil Cloth;
2 barrels Cream of Tartar; 5 cases Salad Oil;
20 kegs MUSTARD; 12 dozen Yeast Powder;
5 barrels Lard and Sea Elephant OILS;
New patterns of ROOM PAPERS;
Live Geese and Common FEATHERS;
20 dozen assorted CHAIRS;
500 assorted LOOKING GLASSES.
Assorted Wooden Wares; 30 boxes PIPES.—

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR,

Sept 7. *Prince Wm.-Street.*

100 Dozen Hats.

WE have just received per "*Alciope*" and "*Sir Harry Smith*," over 100 dozen Satin, Kossuth, and Rustic Hats. Also a lot of Cloth Caps, all of which will be disposed of wholesale or retail at a small advance on cost.

A large stock of our own manufacture on hand and constantly making up.

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

East side Market Square and North side King street.

May

STRYCHNINE.

FOR destroying WOLVES and FOXES, just received and for Sale by

THOMAS M. REED.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

The Steamship *America* arrived at Halifax on Tuesday last, with Liverpool dates to the 2nd inst. Among her passengers is Mr. Manaton, of this City.

The state of trade at Manchester was good, particularly goods and yarns, suitable for export to India.

The Money Market was quiet but steady.—Consols closed at 100 1-8 for money and account. Bullion in the Bank £21,817,295.

Iron was very active, and prices were tending upwards, £6 10s. for bars, and £7 for rails at Liverpool.

A dinner was given at Bunbury on Tuesday by the Conservatives, in honour of the Hon. J. Whenley, President of the Board of Trade, Col. North, Capt. Vyse and Mr. Knightley, Tory Members of Oxfordshire and Northamptonshire.

A Free Trade Banquet is to be held at Manchester on the 9th proximo, at which Messrs. Cobden, Bright, and all the leading men of the party are to assist.

At Liverpool the Liberals are organising against the Tory influence which carried the late election.

The Queen and Court are still at Balmoral, where also Lord Hardinge, the new Commander-in-Chief, is in attendance.

Earl Derby is at his seat in Lancashire; the other members of the Government are scattered here and there in the country, and D'Israeli, according to *Punch*, is shut up in Downing-street, calculating on the slate the details of the Budget.

It is rumoured that Parliament will be summoned for business on the 21st Oct.

The London papers are rabid against Captain Jewet's expedition to the Lobos Islands, seeing in it a deep laid scheme for the annexation of Peru.

There had been two arrivals from Australia with gold, but no later dates.

The *Times* of Oct. 1st has reason to believe that the late statement that Lord Elgin is superseded in the Government of Canada is unfounded, or at least premature.

Violent gales have raged in the English and Irish Channels during the week, and have caused much destruction of shipping.

Alderman Challis, M. P., is chosen Lord Mayor of London for the next year.

A report by Lord Shaftsbury is published regarding Bethlehem Hospital for the insane, and discloses horrible treatment of the inmates.

Mackintosh, the India Rubber patentee, advertises a Paint of Mucous Catchouc, for ship's bottom, which, by lessening resistance, increases the speed two knots per hour.

The weather was cold and rainy: the Scotch and Welsh mountains already exhibited a capping of snow.

FRANCE.—The public mind appears to be made up in favour of the immediate proclamation of the Empire. It is even said that Louis Napoleon will return to Paris as Emperor, and that the proclamation will be made at Tours, the ancient Capital of Loraine, on 14th instant. His reception at Toulon, Avignou and Marseilles was enthusiastic. He was met and congratulated by the Envoys of Piedmont, Naples and the Pope.

The Gazette de Breslau says that the Emperor of Austria has demanded the hand of the Princess Vasa, and that the Emperor of Russia is using his influence to win over the same lady for Prince Adalbert of Bavaria, brother to the King of Greece—this, however, is discredited in Paris.

In laying the foundation of the new Bourse at Marseilles, Louis Napoleon said he hoped that the prosperity of the port would contribute towards the realising of the Emperor's grand idea, that the Mediterranean shall be a French lake. The idea is not discountenanced from public rumours, from the hint recently thrown out in a government paper, that when a few more steamers are launched, England will be called on to show by what title she holds Gibralter and the Ionian Islands.

SPAIN.—Government has ordered honour to be rendered to the memory of the late Duke of Wellington. General Castanor, who served under Wellington, is just dead, aged 95, and will be buried with National solemnities.

The Cholera is rapidly declining in Poland and Prussia.

THE AUSTRALIAN EXODUS.—Australia, emigration, and gold are still the great topics. The emigration is assuming the dimensions of an exodus. It is computed that, taking a series of weeks together, the emigration from the United Kingdom to all parts of Australia amounts to more than 4000 souls per week. At such a rate, the annual drain upon the home population would be more than 200,000 persons. From the islands and highlands of Scotland, where the destitution of the Celtic race had attained a point of chronic famine, no less than 1200 persons have been shipped since June, by the instrumentality of a society formed in London for the purpose. In this case, the repugnance of the people to leave their homes was overcome by arranging that the emigration should take place not only in entire families, but almost in entire villages. Thus the number have included both sexes, and all ages, from the grandfather and grandmother, down to the newly-born infant. A clergyman, in whom the parties had been accustomed to place confidence, accompanied each ship, and the whole experiment was conducted more in the German fashion than has been attempted on any other occasion. The total emigration of the present year, to all parts of the world, from all parts of the United Kingdom, may approach towards half a million of souls.

The government returns show the number of emigrants from Liverpool, during August, for America and Australia, was 21,907, about 8,000 over the corresponding month last year, and independent of passengers by private ships. To America the emigrants were mostly Irish and German, and Scotch to Australia.

THE MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.—The *New York Times* considers the empire and triumphs of the electric telegraph, and winds up a long article on the subject thus:—"In the nine years that have elapsed since Morse erected his first telegraph from Baltimore to Washington, from twenty to thirty thousand miles of wire have been stretched over this continent. England sends her galvanic missions under the sea to Ireland, and beneath the Straits of Dover to France. Naples unites herself to Gaeta by a subterranean rod. In Austria three thousand miles are in existence; in Germany four thousand; and all Europe is becoming rapidly interlaced with these thought-avenues, while Egypt, Asia, and South America, will soon become subject to their dominion. The earth might be more than circled with the ærial, subterranean and submarine pathways for intelligence, now in operation.

Poetry.

There's Beauty in Everything.

BY MARY S. LUCE.

There's beauty in the forest tree
That proudly waves its head,
And throws its darkening shadows o'er
The modest violet's bed.

There's beauty in each stream that glides
Serenely towards the sea,
The mirrors on its glassy breast,
Each floweret, shrub and tree,

That deck its banks, and bow their heads
To kiss the sparkling wave;
And beauty in each bird that seeks
In cooling stream to lave.

There's beauty in the flitting cloud,
And in the deep blue sky;
There's beauty rare in all that's made
By Him who reigns on high.

Every lofty tree and lowly flower,
That rise upon the sod,
Alike display, in all their forms,
The handiwork of GOD.

An Open, Honest Heart.

I like to see an open, honest heart,
Where frankness loves to dwell,
Which has no room for base deceit,
Nor hollow words can tell;
But in whose throbbings plain are seen
The import of the mind,
Whose gentle breathings utter naught
But accents true and kind.

France as it was, and as it is.

It is the peculiar stigma of a country, which otherwise possesses in itself so many elements of nobility and greatness, that her highest officers have been, as a rule, devoid of common honesty and patriotism. To plunge the country into confusion for the sake of a speculating in the funds—to take bribes—to struggle for place and power by base intrigues and in utter disregard to public interests—to hold them at any cost—to break faith unblushingly—these are political vices on the part of her chief men by no means of uncommon occurrence in the records of the history of France. The history of the last half century shows us with what a happy facility Frenchmen can put on and off their allegiance as though it were an old glove. There is something almost ludicrous—if it were not humiliating—in this facility, as it was manifested during the "hundred days." Generals swearing to be faithful and to bring the usurper "like a wild beast in a cage," and then giving the first signal of defection;—statesmen weeping for joy at the sight of one whom in his absence they had diligently vilified—and the *Moniteur* first announcing the landing of Napoleon as that of the *Anthropophagos*, and then running through the several designations of ogre, usurper, general, and emperor as he approached the metropolis, till it finally chronicled his advent to the Tuilleries as that of "his Imperial Majesty, amidst the acclamations of his faithful people." These constitute a picture of political knavery which could not, we believe, be furnished by any other country at present in existence. In our own day this want of political principle has been equally manifest. The Spanish marriage is yet in the recollection of our readers. M. Teste has, we believe, gone to his account; but we have still M. Thiers, who writes knowingly of revolutions, and has done as much as most men to precipitate them for selfish ends. We have M. Lamoriciere virtuously indignant at the breach of public faith on the part of the President with Abdel Kader, still a prisoner in France; and, not to go tediously through the whole catalogue, all Europe has been but lately scandalized with the doings of an assembly turned into a beargarden by a party of public men desirous of reenacting the scenes of the first revolution for their own aggrandizement, and struggling to retain their places for five-and-twenty francs *per diem* which it brought them. It is true that thousands have lately been banished from France, many of them, doubtless, very unjustly; but the banishment of such numbers from their native soil is either a political necessity or a great political crime. If it be a necessity, it is a striking index to the social condition of the country; if it be a crime, it only shows how power is attained and held in it. Still, we have no sympathy with the tears which public writers in our land are shedding over the wrongs of a constitution violated by the rough hand of despotism. Constitutional government in France is notoriously impossible: whenever it is attempted, it becomes either a farce or a tragedy. Constitutional feeling is with the French a sentiment and not a principle: they who care not to fulfil the duties which constitutional rights involve have surely no just claim to the privileges which they should confer. Louis Napoleon's *coup d'etat* has been the subject of much declamation, peculiarly French in its style and character, on the part of banished generals and disappointed statesmen; but with them Louis Napoleon's real crime is his success. He played a game of hazard with competitors as unscrupulous but not so clever as himself, and won it. * * * * The events of French history have a peculiarly retributive character in the aspect which they present to us. If the house of Bourbon has met with calamities unparalleled in the annals of royalty, it is because that family has been essentially faithless in its compacts, selfish in its gratifications, and profligate in its vices. The unhappy Louis, though innocent himself in these respects, suffered for the sins of his race. The hereditary treachery of the Orleans branch has been fearfully compensated by their sufferings. Philip l'Egalite compassed the death of the King and Queen for the gratification of a mean revenge. Of this there is but little doubt, and he perished at the guillotine. And if Louis Philippe died an exile in this country, it is a significant fact that he was one of those who swore the loudest, in the period of the hundred days, that he would never occupy the throne from which his royal relatives should have been expelled.—*Church of England Quarterly Review*; Art.: *The Duchesse D'Angouleme.*

"The Summer is Ended."

Summer, that portion of the year in the north temperate zone so delightful, has ended. She lives now only in the memory of such as have survived her short and brilliant course. In her advent, she was not as gorgeously attired as most of her predecessors have been, yet, notwithstanding this, she appeared no less richly adorned at the coronation scene than they. But, alas! she has passed away. Behold her now, robed in a shroud of decaying flowers. She cannot be embalmed, but in the memories of her most devoted admirers, and must, therefore, be consigned to the tomb, over which the autumnal breezes will hymn their saddening and mournful wail, Nature's requiem.

But to pursue the figure no further. To the thoughtful person, a lover of nature, there is much to produce feelings of sadness when the words of the weeping prophet are heard, "the summer is ended." For he remembers well how sweet was the proclamation to his ear, and quickening to the pulsations of his heart, "Lo! the winter is past—the howling and chilling storms are over and gone. The flowers appear on the earth; the time of the singing birds is come; and the voice of the turtle is heard in the land; the fig tree putteth forth her green figs, and the vines with the tender grape gives a good smell."

Arise! Go forth and behold the two kingdoms, the animal and vegetable, vieing with each other as it were, as if to see which could do more to attract the attention of man. And not only these—the babbling brook coursing through the shaded lawn, the fleecy clouds, as they take their way through the azure vault, all seem to invite man forth to worship the Great Giver of such beauty and magnificence as fill and adorn this pleasant world—to worship in spirit and in truth, not only in Jerusalem, but everywhere, where the father has revealed his name to a dependent, erring child.

It is the season, of all, which most gladdens the heart of the husbandman. Seed time and harvest, summer and winter are promised by Him who is able to fulfil. The seed time, by whomsoever improved, has been followed by the early harvest, which has been gathered into the barns. And the ripening corn is soon to be gathered in, when the labourer, as well as the earth, will have a season of rest.

The flowers have faded and mostly gone—the singing birds have become mute, and are returning to the sunny regions of the south; and instead of those soul-cheering songs, the air is now resounding with the mournful cries of expiring insects. Who can look upon the decay of nature, and not be reminded of his own demise! Fit emblem of human decay. We all have our summer, the moral and spiritual seed-time of life; and the Apostolic injunction sounding in our ears during summer time is, "Be not deceived; God is not mocked; for whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap. For he that soweth to the flesh, shall of the flesh reap corruption; but he that soweth to the spirit, shall of the spirit reap life everlasting." Reader! thy summer may have already calumniated. Which of these harvests hast thou in expectancy? Examine thyself, and answer this serious inquiry, lest the language of the prophet to God's ancient, rebellious people should be verified in thy case—"The harvest is past, *the summer is ended*, and we are not saved."—[Rural New Yorker.

Beautiful Tribute to a Wife.

Sir James Mackintosh, the historian, was married early in life, before he had attained fortune or fame, to Miss Catherine Stuart, a young Scotch lady, distinguished more for the excellencies of her character than for her personal charms. After eight years of happy wedded life, during which she became the mother of three children, she died. A few days after her death, the bereaved husband wrote to a friend, depicting the character of his wife in the following terms:

"I was guided in my choice only by the blind affection of youth. I found an intelligent companion and a tender friend, a prudent monitress, the most faithful of wives, and a mother as tender as children had ever the misfortune to lose. I met a woman who, by the tender management of my weaknesses, gradually corrected the most pernicious of them. She became prudent from affection; and though of the most generous nature, she was taught frugality and economy by her love for me. During the most critical period of my life, she preserved order in my affairs, from the care of which she relieved me. She gently reclaimed me from dissipation; she propped my weak and irresolute nature; *she urged my indolence to all the exertions that have been useful and creditable to me*; and she was perpetually at hand to admonish my heedlessness or improvidence. *To her I owe whatever I am; to her whatever I shall be.* In her solicitude for my interest, she never for a moment forgot my feelings or my character. Even in her occasional resentment, for which I but too often gave her cause, (would to God I could recall those moments!) she had no sullenness nor acrimony. Her feelings were warm and impetuous, but she was placable, tender, and constant. Such was she whom I have lost; and I have lost her when her excellent natural sense was rapidly improving, after eight years of struggle and distress had bound us fast together, and moulded our tempers to each other; when a knowledge of her worth had refined my youthful love into friendship, and before age had deprived it of much of its original ardor. I lost her, alas! the choice of my youth, the partner of my misfortunes, at a moment when I had the prospect of her sharing my better days."

The Father.

He is the appointed head of the family. He may rule by love, but it is his right and duty to RULE; and to him, as the monarch of that little state, must be the last appeal. Hence he appears before his children invested with authority—the divinely appointed representative of law; and if he worthily sways the sceptre over his little realm, he develops in his children some of the most desirable traits of character. If love is one of the elements of family happiness, order is another; and it is his, in the last appeal, to support order. If the sympathies and affections of children should be developed, so should their spirits of obedience to rightful authority; and it is his to develop that spirit. It is undoubtedly desirable to raise the mother's authority to the highest degree; and when the father is what he should be, and does what he should do, she stands invested, in the eyes of her children, with a power combining an indirect reverence for the father, who appears only to sustain the maternal rule, with direct obedience of her own gentle fondness.—[Miss Whittelsey.

THE FEMALE CAPACITY.—Women in their course of action describe a smaller circle than men; but the perfection of a circle consists not in its dimensions but in its correctness. There may be here and there a soaring female who looks down with disdain on the paltry affairs of this "dim speck called the earth;" who despises order and regularity as indications of a grovelling spirit; but a sound mind judges directly contrary. The larger the capacity, the wider is the space of duties it takes in. Proportion and propriety are among the best secrets of domestic wisdom; and there is no surer test of integrity and judgment than a well proportioned expenditure.—*Moore.*

The Rajah of Coorg and a numerous suite visited Vauxhall Gardens, London, on Thursday, to witness the balloon ascent with the military band, accompanied by Mr. Green. The ladies of the prince were seated in a private carriage in the open space, from the blinds of which the "hidden fair ones" caught a glimpse of the ascent. The royal party seemed to enjoy the brilliant novelty, and expressed very warmly the gratification they had experienced, and their resolve to renew their visit to the royal property.

A writer gives the following advice to wives:—"Should you find it necessary, as you undoubtedly will, many of you, to chastise your husband, you should perform this affectionate duty with the soft end of the broom, and not with the handle."

A COCKNEYISM.—A "fast" young gentleman, who indulges in a pipe of Orinoco occasionally, asked the following simple question of his purveyor—"Mr. Turbakanist, how do you spell horroonoker, with a haitch or a hoe?"

The following advice was left by a miser to his nephew: "Buy your coals in summer; your furniture at auctions about a fortnight after quarter-day; and your books at the *fall of the leaf.*

The Observer.

SAINT JOHN, OCTOBER 19, 1852.

On Thursday next, the Provincial Legislature will meet, in extra Session, for the purpose of considering the all-important question, whether or not this Province shall forthwith be ensured the means of rapid provincial advancement and progressive improvement, by the establishment of rail-roads within her borders. That the future welfare of this Province mainly depends, on our being as speedily as possible put on an equality with the other civilized nations of the earth, by means of rail-road intercommunication, and the consequent facilitation of mercantile and personal intercourse with other countries and among ourselves, is too self-evident to be discussed or controverted. That the terms of the contract entered into between our Provincial authorities and the eminent British capitalists and contractors who have agreed to carry out the works, are, all things considered, in the highest degree favourable to us, and far better than could have been obtained by any portion of the neighbouring Republic, is also undeniable. That the roads to be constructed upon those terms, will be vastly superior in solidity, durability and permanency, to any now existing on this continent; and that, therefore, the building them in an inferior style on lower terms, (or what is broadly called "the cheap and nasty system,") would be "penny wise and pound foolish," is equally unquestionable. That the introduction of so large an amount of British capital and labour into this Province, must, independently of the ulterior effects of the railroads themselves, prove an immense stimulus to every industrial and commercial pursuit in the country, and thereby proportionately advance the general prosperity; and that the prosecution of these works by means of funds contributed by British stockholders, must inevitably raise our reputation in the Mother Country, and attract to our Province a valuable accession of productive settlers, contributing largely and in c easingly to the public wealth, are also truths that admit of no contradiction. To secure these most important benefits to New-Brunswick, is now the province of the Legislature; it is for them to ratify or to reject the provisional contract that will be laid before them; and accordingly as they adopt the former or the latter alternative, will they receive the grateful acclamations of general approval from an admiring constituency, or the well-merited execrations of a betrayed and indignant people, who will incontinently drive them into permanent political obscurity. The voice of the country, as expressed through its legitimate organ, the press, is nearly unanimous in demanding the confirmation of this magnificent project; maugre the feeble grumblings of some few selfish and interested individuals, the people at large will be satisfied with nothing less than the ratification of the contract; the people demand it, and it is therefore the duty of their representatives to ensure it. We have no fears, therefore, for the result of the approaching Session. Whatever the result of its deliberations, the Contract will remain intact; even its rejection by the present Legislature will not destroy or annul it. Should there unfortunately, (contrary to all our expectation and belief,) be such an amount of wrong-headedness, short-sightedness, or local jealousy and selfishness, in the present Legislature, as to prevent the fulfilment of the popular desire, by refusing to ratify the Contract, the country will be satisfied with nothing less than an immediate dissolution of the House of Assembly, and an appeal to the voice of the people; in which event, we are certain that a House will forthwith be elected, pledged to promote the welfare and prosperity of New-Brunswick, by the adoption of the present most advantageous Railroad project.

Since our last publication, the final particulars of the Provincial Exhibition, and the list of Exhibitors to whom prizes were awarded, have come to hand; and we may now appropriately conclude our notices of the great display, by congratulating all parties concerned and the Province at large, on the successful issue of the experiment. By general report from those who visited the Exhibition, it appears to have far exceeded previous expectations; the variety and excellence of the congregated productions of nature and art afforded not only the highest gratification, but even excited astonishment, especially in those who were previously strangers to our provincial capabilities; and we feel confident that the tendency of the recent display will be, to create general confidence in the future agricultural and horticultural resources of New-Brunswick, and a salutary and beneficial spirit of emulation among our mechanics and artizans. We understand, that the £500 granted by the Province to the recent Exhibition, was all expended in *prizes;* and although we have no reason to doubt that those prizes were judiciously bestowed, yet we regret that some branches of mechanical art and genius were wholly excluded from participation in those honorary rewards. There were various beautiful models of ships, bridges, and other important constructions exhibited; but as no prize was appropriated for *models* of any kind, none of their Exhibitors were gratified by any such distinction; and as ship-building is a highly important branch of provincial industry, the omission is somewhat remarkable.

By a paragraph in another column, it will be seen that the British subjects resident in the city of New York, have determined on paying a public tribute of respect to the memory of the departed hero, the Duke of Wellington. This determination does credit to the patriotism and good feeling of our countrymen in that region; and affords an example well worthy of imitation by British subjects in all parts of the world. Wherever the British flag waves, the memory of the great man whose loss Britain deplores, will be held in universal veneration; and we hope that our own fellow citizens will not be outdone by their fellow countrymen resident in the land of the "stars and stripes," in testifying their respect for departed greatness, and their admiration of a character unparalleled in history.

DINNER TO FRANCIS FERGUSON, ESQ.—A large number of the principal inhabitants of Bathurst and its neighbourhood invited Francis Ferguson, Esq., to a Public Dinner, at Brown's Hotel, on the eve of his departure for St. John, as a token of their appreciation of his public and private conduct during the twenty years he resided amongst them. The expressions of esteem and regard for the many acts of kindness received from Mr. Ferguson, were warmly tendered, and affectionately replied to, and all present joined in a sincere and general wish for his future prosperity and happiness in the more important position he is henceforth to occupy. Mrs. Ferguson was kindly and deservedly remembered as one whose place will not be easily filled in Bathurst.—*Miramichi Gleaner.*

The steamer J. D. Pierce, trading between Fredericton and Woodstock, got ashore at the Meductic Falls on Thursday last, but was afterwards got off. The passengers were all safely landed in scows. A man named John Newel, it is stated, was unfortunately drowned while attempting to get on board.

The Toronto *Globe* contains a long and interesting account of the Great Canadian Exhibition, which had just closed. In some departments the *Globe* says it had been exceeded on former occasions, but taken altogether it had been decidedly superior. As regards the number of visitors it was altogether unexampled in Canada. The influx of strangers was enormous. On one day 18,000 single tickets were sold at the gates, and it is supposed that 30,000 persons must have been assembled on the grounds.

INQUEST.—On Thursday last, an Inquest was held before Dr. W. Bayard, Coroner, on view of the body of Mr. Joseph Harding, Cabinet-maker, of Fredericton, found drowned the preceding evening in Lovett's Slip. A verdict was returned accordingly.

It is stated that the deceased came down the river on the previous Saturday evening in the steamer *Union*, and that he left Indian Town somewhat intoxicated, in company with a young man, to go to a boarding-house in the City. Nothing further was heard of him, until his body was found on Wednesday evening. A pocket book containing money, and a watch, with gold chain, were found on his person. His trunk having been left on board the *Union*, was returned to his family, at Fredericton.—*Cour.*

Melancholy Accident.—On Saturday evening, about 5 o'clock, the second mate of the "Indus," of Glasgow, lying at the Ballast wharf, fell down the hatchway of that vessel. Medical attendance was immediately procured, but the unfortunate man expired in about half an hour afterwards. *We* learn his name was Richard *W*ales, and that he leaves a wife and family in Port Glasgow, Scotland.—*Times.*

NEW VESSELS.—Launched on Thursday last, from the Building Yard of Messrs. Thompson & Jenkins, near the Aboideau, a fine ship of 1157 tons, called the *Ida.* She was built for Messrs. Gilbert & Co.; is constructed of hackmatac, and will class for seven years. For beauty of model and durability of workmanship the Ida will compare favourably with our first class vessels, and reflects much credit upon her enterprising builders.

Also, on Saturday last, from the Yard of Mr. John McDonald near the same place, a beautifully modelled clipper ship of about 1200 tons, called the *Briseis.* She is also constructed of the best materials, and justly entitles the builder to every praise, both as regards model and workmanship.—*New Bruns.*

On Wednesday the 72nd Highlanders were reviewed on the Barrack Square, by Major General Gore, the new Commander-in-Chief of the Troops in the Eastern Provinces. It is needless for us to add how well this fine Regiment appeared, and how thoroughly they displayed their admirable discipline. General Gore is, we believe, a native of Mayo in Ireland, where his ancestors have resided for several generations. He was an active agent in the suppression of the late rebellion in Canada; and in recently leaving that Province to assume the command here, he has been highly complimented by the Press, as well as the military department.—*Fredericton Reporter.*

Matthew Richey, Esq., the son of the eloquent preacher of the same name, has lately issued the prospectus of a newspaper to be published under his editorial management, in Halifax. It is to be called the "*Colonial Advocate,*"; but he has not alluded to his particular creed of politics.—*Ib.*

Snow Storm.—*We* were yesterday visited with a snow-storm, which would do honor to a January day.—*Carleton Sentinel.*

SUPREME COURT—*Michaelmas Term.*—BALDWIN *vs.* WADDELL.—This was an action against Dr. Waddell, Superintendent of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, for alleged negligence in performing a surgical operation, whereby the plantiff lost his hand; it was tried in St. John in January last, and a verdict given for the defendant.

In February last the plaintiff obtained from the Supreme Court a rule *Nisi*, to set aside this verdict; the case was argued in June last, and the rule *Nisi* has now been discharged, and the verdict of the jury confirmed.

Mr Wetmore, Counsel for the Plaintiff; and Mr. Jack for the Defendant.—*Freeman.*

DUKE OF WELLINGTON.—At an adjourned meeting of the British residents of New York, at the consulate last week, it was resolved to wear crape upon the arm and hat until the day following that to be henceforth designated for the obsequies of the late Duke, and that the Rector of Trinity Church be requested to permit the delivery of a funeral sermon in honour of the Duke, after the usual performance of divine service, on the afternoon of the day appointed for the funeral in London.—*Boston Daily Adv.*

The Newfoundland Electric Telegraph Co. have purchased, at Philadelphia, a steam propeller yacht, with which it is purposed to board the European steamers bound to the United States, while passing in the vicinity of Newfoundland, and procure from them the foreign news, for transmission over their wires for the newspaper press, and by this means anticipate the arrival of the steamers.

PRIZE ESSAY.—The Society of Arts and Manufactures in London, have announced that the Sweney prize of a £100 sterling, in a goblet of like value, will be awarded for the best work on Jurisprudence, with special reference to Arts and Manufactures, published prior to June, 1854. The prize is open to the competition of all the world.

A number of M. P. P.'s, and citizens of Quebec, recently paid a visit to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, at Beauport, inspected the several wards and the beautiful grounds contiguous, and the whole came away impressed with the belief that nothing was wanting in the establishment to ensure the comfort and contentment of the unfortunate inmates.

BARBADOES.—The largest crop of sugar ever made in Barbadoes—50,000 hhds. have been shipped from that island this year. Fever prevailed at St. Ann's in the iron Barracks, occupied by the 69th Regt. The troops were to be immediately removed from the barracks and encamped on the Naval Hospital ground. A woman named Cornelia Parris, convicted of infanticide, has been executed within the walls of the jail. His Excellency Governor Hamilton left Barbadoes for Newfoundland on the 27th ult. The Hon. John Sheafe Gaskin was, on the same day, sworn into the administration of the government of the Windward Islands.

TRINIDAD.—Several samples of sugar, made by a new process, have been brought to Trinidad from Porto Rico. The amount of produce already shipped this year is;—Sugar, 30,478 hhds. 3717 tierces, 7070 barrels; Molasses, 10,836 puns. 193 tcs.; Rum, 696 puns.; Cocoa, 3,691,582 lbs.; Coffee, 86,144 lbs.; Cotton, 395 bales, 175 seroons; and Indigo, 10 seroons.—No Asphaltum has been exported this year.

Mr. Whitney, a celebrated dentist, was recently burned to death at Port of Spain, in consequence of having accidentally set fire to some articles of female clothing, which communicated to his own and caused his death.

SHIP BUILDING IN NEW YORK.—Business at the ship yards is remarkably dull, and builders talk discouragingly respecting the future. The impression is that too many vessels have been built within the last two years—more than sufficient to supply the necessities of trade,—and the business has been overdone. At the eastward, ship building has been prosecuted to a large extent.

The yards of the builders are nearly empty.—[N. Y. Jour. Com., 9th.

The work on the caloric ship Erickson is progressing rapidly, and it is expected she will be ready for sea about the first prox. One of her engines is nearly complete.

FILIBUSTING AT NEW YORK.—It was reported from New York yesterday that preparations were making at that city, for an immense mass meeting, to express public opinion, or the opinion of those who wish to provoke hostilities with Cuba, on the affair of the bark Cornelia, Capt. Ward, which lately arrived at New York, after having been detained and searched by the Cuban authorities, in the harbor of Havana, a concealed person, and a passenger arrested, and her letter bag taken, and after the selection of certain letters, returned.

The Journal of Commerce very justly remarks upon this case, that our vessels while enjoying rights in foreign ports, must always be subject to those fair police regulations which are made for the protection and safety of the foreign country. The question is, whether under the pretence of measures necessary for protection there was any wanton annoyance or injury. In the present case it was admitted that a person was improperly secreted on board, under circumstances which might justify suspicion of connivance on the part of the officers of the vessel; but it seems the Cuban authorities have regarded it, on examination, as a case not of collusion, but merely of negligence, and they discharged the captain and his vessel. The merits of the question as regards the arrest of Spanish subjects on board and the detention of the letters, must depend upon facts of which we can have no knowledge.

THE STEAMER ATLANTIC.—On Saturday, John Green, the famous diver, went down to the Atlantic four times. The time required to reach the vessel is four minutes, (144 feet deep,) and he is able to stay under the water from nine to twelve minutes.

On the following day four more descents were made. But he was unable to find the state room in which the Express Company's safe is lodged, nor could he determine his exact position on the boat, except that he was aft the gallows frame. The water was thick and muddy, and the vessel covered with slime. Several lines and chains have been made fast to the boat, with buoys attached, preparatory to raising the wreck.—[Buffalow Com. Adv., Oct.5.

The number of persons imprisoned for intemperance in Massachusetts during ten years, ending Sept 1st, 1852, was 51,239.

The blowing down of a pine tree in the township of Nelson (C. W.) has revealed the skeleton of a man of great stature, a stone image, two copper vessels, and some large sea shells.

LATER FROM EUROPE.—The American steamship *Arctic* arrived at New York on Saturday evening, bringing Liverpool dates to the 6th instant, and 160 passengers.

The Flour market was rather firmer, and prices are quoted at 21s. 6d. per barrel.

Cotton was without material change.

The news generally is unimportant. Advices from France lead to the belief that Louis Napoleon will soon be declared Emperor.

SHIP NEWS.—Arrived at Liverpool, ships Cromwell, Crescent City, Lochinvar, and Algoma—all from St. John. At London, ship Albania, do.

The ship Eranklin King, from St. John for London, arrived at Plymouth waterlogged, and with loss of spars. She was discharging.—*New Br.*

Her Majesty has decided that the remains of his late Grace the Duke of Wellington shall receive the honours of a public funeral and be deposited under the great dome of St. Paul's Cathedral, beside the remains of the immortal Nelson. The grand and solemn obsequies were to be deferred till Parliament should meet and stamp, by its sanction, the proposed ceremonies, with greater solemnity. It was conjectured that it would devolve upon Lord Brougham to pronounce the late Duke's eulogium in Parliament.

Her Majesty's departure from Balmoral Castle was fixed for Monday the 11th inst. Her Majesty and the Royal Household went out of mourning for the late Duke of Wellington, on the 29th ult.

Lady Lovelace, Lord Byron's Ada, was lying dangerously ill—having been given over by her physicians.

The *Gazette* of the 28th contains the appointments of Prince Albert to the Grenadier Guards and the Rifle Brigade; the Duke of Cambridge to the Fusilier Guards; Major-General Taylor, C.B., to the 17th Light Dragoons (Lancers); and General Viscount Beresford, G. C. B., to the 60th foot (Rifles).

Lieutenant General Viscount Hardinge, G.C.B., has been gazetted to the brevet rank of General so long as he continues in command of her Majesty's army.

The West Indian mail steamer La Plata, arrived at Southampton on the 28th Sept, with dates from Chagres to the 8th, and had on freight one million three hundred and seventy four thousand seven hundred and sixty-six dollars, of which $339,217 were on account of the Mexican dividends. The La Plata has on board three ponies, a present from the President of Mexico to the Prince of Wales, besides some presents to the Queen in charge of Col. Shaffino.

Emigration to Australia continues unabated. 300 Dutchmen recently sailed from Gravesend for Port Philip, in a Dutch vessel named the *Six Sisters*—chartered by government.

From the Fredericton Reporter, Oct. 15.

Last week we alluded briefly, and in general terms to the effect which the Provincial Exhibition was calculated to leave not only on the minds of those who had the good fortune to see it, but also upon the future destinies of the Province, by arousing the dormant energies of the people to a consciousness of their own ability and resources.

The crowning feature in the Exhibition will however be found in the fact which it fully establishes in relation to the soil, the climate, and the manufactures of the country. Take the following for instance.—Three barrels of Flour were exhibited for competition. That which took the first prize was from wheat raised by Dr. Peters, and manufactured in a country mill. The next, or second prize barrel was from wheat raised by Robert Jardine, Esq., and also manufactured at a country mill. The third was from fine *White Genesee Wheat,* and manufactured with special preparation for the Exhibition at the City Mills; but not only were the domestic growth and manufacture superior to it, but it was also surpassed by no less than five specimens of bag flour, all of which had been ground from wheat produced in the country. This, when it is known that it is the deliberate award of three of the best Judges in the Province, who examined the samples with special reference to their different applications both for bread and pastry, must be acknowledged a most satisfactory result to lay before the Farmers of New-Brunswick. In addition to this, the first prize wheat, grown by Mr. Dow Brooks of York County, weighed 68 1-2 lbs.; the best oats, 51 lbs. was also produced in York.

The display of Agricultural produce, including samples of grain and esculents, might, as observed by Judge Wilmot in his lecture, safely compete with the world. Enormous squashes, weighing upwards of 130 lbs., cabbages weighing 25 lbs., with potatoes, turnips, beets, carrots, and mangold wurtzel of immense sizes, lay there in good keeping with the specimens of Grain, in wheat, barley, rye, oats and buckwheat, and peas and beans of the finest quality.

On the other side of the vestibule—to the right on entering—the produce of the dairy was exhibited; but not in such large quantities as might be expected in a country where some of the farmers make from a ton to a ton and a half of cheese, and the same weight of butter. The samples, although not numerous, were however of the very finest qualities, and were generally sold on the spot at high prices. The smaller and more complicated articles of manufacture for the domestic purposes of the farm and dairy were very numerous. These consisted in churns of various patterns and sizes, cheese presses, spinning wheels, potato diggers, fanning mills, theshing machines, horse rakes, cultivators, sowing machines, &c.

In cloths, shawls, counterpanes, blankets, bed quilts, carpets, rugs, socks and mittens, there was a fine assortment—generally superior to imported articles of the same description.

Specimens of useful and ingenious workmanship were scattered in general profusion all over the rooms. The Shoemakers, Harness makers, and Tanners exhibited excellent samples of their respective vocations; and carriages and sleighs, fit for the Queen to ride in, were not wanting.—The edge tools, were equal to any thing we ever saw in their way, and the castings, for which Messrs Harris & Allan took the first prize, was both beautiful and substantial. There were soaps and candles by our friend Mr Scott of Portland, which were admired by all who saw them, and for which prizes were awarded; and a mammoth pile of the former article, made by Mr. Brown, excited curiosity. In the same vicinity there were whole piles of native Honey in the Comb; one of them displaying a whole commonwealth of Bees, in active operation, preparatory to the approach of Winter.

The display of fruit by Mr. Watts of Fredericton, Mr. Harris of St. John, Mr. Murray of Springhill, and Mr. Sharp of Woodstock, was a tempting one. The latter, we are informed, took the first prize, for the general excellence of his collection. Three small specimens deserve special notice in this department. These were a plate of beautiful peaches, produced in St. Andrews, a small lot of mammoth apples off a tree owned by S. W. Babbit of this city, and several bunches of fine grapes, raised by Mr. Harris.

On one of the middle ranges, not far from the door, there were large piles of Confectionary by Messrs. Martin and Lormer of St. John; and near the same place stood a solitary keg of home manufactured Tobacco, by a Mr. M'Lauchlan of Miramichi. By the way, the inhabitants of the North have proved themselves no laggards in the race of industry and intelligence which has just closed; and sitting aside the handsome as well as durable Agricultural Implements which they produced, their woollen manufactures—especially those from Restigouche—were beyond all praise.

The large room which is occupied by the Legislative Assembly, contained many elegant and costly articles of the finest manufacture and quality. There were two Astronomical Clocks, that made by Mr. White, which took the prize last year in St. John, and another by Mr. M'Causland, which on the present occasion received the same honour. There were three Pianofortes, two by Messrs. Kennay & Scribner of St. John, which obtained the first and second prizes, and a diploma; and one, an elegant looking instrument, by Mr. T. Richards of this city. This last is, in our opinion, as good as it is beautiful. There was also an organ, the sole one—by Mr. Naish, which, with the Pianos, frequently tended to delight the audience under the skilful operation of Mr. Gardiner. Here, too, there were some elegant sofas, made in St. John; and a few very superior tables. One of the latter, made from the red oak of this country, the growth of the Grand Lake, was much and deservedly commended. In the same place was exhibited a very fine assortment of Made Clothing. There were coats, pantaloons and vests which a Prince might wear. A Coat made by Mr. A. Gilmour, Merchant Tailor of St. John was, we think, the finest and richest specimen of the kind which we ever saw. Its price was ten pounds, but we understand its materials and the labour which it took to produce it, amounted to a much higher sum. Suspended from the front of the Gallery hung a number of rich and beutiful Furs and Skins, the property of Mr. Lockhart and others. Mr Lockhart also exhibited several costly articles in the Fur line, which might be called purely domestic in their origin as well as manufacture, since the animals upon which they had once grown, and the tradesmen who had prepared them, were alike natives of the Province. The Hats and Caps displayed by the same gentlemen, as well as those which these names we did not learn, were also highly creditable to the manufacturers.

Several curious specimens of Needlework, apparently the productions of

"The herd of *Gentlewomen* who *sew* at ease."

were here hung along the wall in rear of the Speaker's Chair; and a dark, and bold, but somewhat rude bust of Wellington, in marble, occupied the Speaker's Desk.

Of the articles exhibited in the Council Chamber, which was chiefly occupied with specimens of the Fine Arts, a large proportion were furnished by female skill and industry. The first prize for a Painting was awarded to Mrs. Shore, a lady whose taste and execution in this department, have yet been unrivalled in the Province. Several elegant Paintings by the Rev. Mr. Churchill, were also exhibited, but we understand not for competition, as they were executed while the rev. gentleman resided in Canada. Mr. Woolford of the Barrack Department, long favourably known as an artist, also contributed a number of fine Paintings; and a large and beautiful collection in massive gilt frames made by Messrs. Potter & Co. of St. John, and some of them doubtless by native artists, were highly conspicuous. To Messrs. Potter & Co. the Province is certainly deeply indebted for the interest which they manifested in the Exhibition, and for their own elegant and numerous contributions. In Crayons there was a respectable display, but we did not learn the name of the successful competitor. A portrait of the late Chief Justice, by Hoyt, and faithful as life, occupied the prescribed place of the Throne when the Legislature is in session; and several others whose originals we could not recognize, but whose beauty all must own, were in the same neighbourhood, and probably the works of the same artist.

There were also a great variety of Prints, one of which we particularly noticed in reference to its fine execution. It was a picture of Pius IX. in his pontifical robes, and was, we heard, furnished by Mr. Gaynor, of this city. Here also, there were several superb specimens of Needlework in *Berlins.* One by a Miss Welsh of St. John, was much and deservedly admired; and another, an historical sketch, by Miss Burpe of Sheffield, also received a full meed of admiration and a *diploma.* Many of the raised *Berlins* were really beautiful; but among the whole range of Needlework essays, nothing attracted our attention more than a piece of patch-work furnished by a lady who had counted more than her ninety years at the time of its making, and who says in a label attached, that she produced this work "without tears or spectacles!" Time will not permit us to enumerate the tythe of the specimens of art and science scattered in such rich profusion throughout the whole Exhibition. We have altogether omitted the Minerals, and consequently the most curious department, displayed in the Speaker's Room, because we are unlearned in such matters, and should consequently be liable to make blunders. A shark's jaws which found their way to this room were, when opened, wide enough to admit the entrance of a moderate-sized canoe; while the numerous rows of teeth on either side, indicated plainly enough that the original proprietor must in his day, and with certain opportunities, have been an unpleasant customer. We have also not alluded to the numerous and ingenious models of houses, ships and bridges which made their appearance. Of the former we saw a specimen by a Mr. Kelly, of a Cottage in miniature brick, handsomely executed; of the latter, a portable one about seven feet long, and only a few pounds weight, upon which five heavy men stood at once, and seemed only to render it the stronger by their pressure. An elegant Wheel and Capstan of a ship, forwarded from his manufactory by Mr. Gaynor of St. John, were excellent specimens of nautical workmanship.

From the Head Quarters.

PRIZES AND HONORS,

ESSAYISTS—*Farm Management.*

First, Geo. P. Peters, M. D.—Tea Service with inscription, St. John County.
Second—R. Jardine, Esq., do do

On Orchards.

First—Mr. W. Watts, Sr.,—Fruit Basket, York.

Turnip Culture.

First—J. G. Layton, Esq.,—A siver cup, York.

Agriculture and Horticulture.

First—C. L. Hatheway, Eeq.,—A Fruit Basket, Sunbury.

Honorary Diplomas.

Hose cart—J. Malony, with special notice,	York.
Astronomical clock—J. M'Causland,	do
Astronomical clock—J. White,	do
Cabinet work—J. & G. Lawrence,	St. John.
Pianos—Kennay & Scribner,	do
Furs—Lockhart & Co.,	do
Stoves—Harris & Allan,	do
Edge Tools—E. & J. Broad,	do
Edge Tools—S. Spillar.	do
Brass castings—Wallace & Small,	do
Castings and common spikes—Hayward,	do
Agricultural Implements—Harris & Allan,	do
Cordage—Jarvis & Co.,	do
Paper—Philps & Brothers,	do
Grates and stoves—Colebrook Dale Iron Co.,	do
Carriages—W. H. Hallett,	do
Gilding—Potter & Co.,	do
Soap and candles—Andrew Scott,	do
Breeder of Ayrshire cattle—R. Gray,	York.
Framed Berlin work—Eliza Burpe,	Sunbury.
Wooden manufactures—R. M'Kenzie,	North'd.
Electric clock—Dr. Toldervy,	York.
Wood Engraving—S. Gasking,	St. John.
Honey—F. P. Sharp,	Carleton.
Statuary & Models—R. A. McKim,	St. John.
Grass Plait—Benj. Jewett,	Sunbury.
Hearth Rug—Miss Letson,	Northumberland.
Organ—Isaac Naish,	York.
Carriages—Harrison,	St. John.
Waggon—	Carleton.
Truss—Dr. Fletcher,	Charlotte.
Dentistry—Dr. Hatheway,	St. John.
Printing—W. E. Avery,	do
Preserved Fish—	
Boots and Shoes—S. K. Foster,	St. John.
Trunks—T. Sime,	do
Preserved Fish—Joseph Winslow,	Restigouche.
Clay and Sand—Jas. Davidson,	St. John.
do do fine—Jas. Trueman,	Queen's.
Mineral Manure—A. Barberie,	Restigouche.
Slates—A. Bennett,	Albert.
Minerals, assorted—John Robinson,	do
Salt—Joseph Brand,	King's.
Potash—G. L. Raymond,	Carleton.
Lime—B. Randall,	St. John.

PREMIUM LIST.

Garden Engine, Jardine & Co.,	St. John County.
Fire do John Bradley,	do
Stove, Harris & Allen,	do
do Colebrook Dale Co.,	do
Plough Iron, Wm. Smith,	do
Drill Harrow, do	do
Hoes, P. McFarlane,	York.
Manure Forks, E. & J. W. Broad,	St. John.
Hay Forks, T. G. Allen & Co.,	York.
do. E. & J. W. Broad,	St. John.
Axes, do	do
do J. C. Edward,	do
Hammers & Edge Tools, E. & J. Broad,	do
do do do S. Spillar,	do
Planes, Edward Drury,	do
Carriage, W. H. Hallet,	do
do Jeremiah Harrison,	do
Farm waggon, A. Jessmine,	Northumberland.
Sleigh, W. H. Hallet,	St. John.
Cheese press, R. McKenzie,	Northumberland.
Churn, Asa Willard,	St. John.
do Harris & Allen,	do
Shingles, John Harris,	do
Bee hive, E. H. Wilmot,	York.
Shoe Lasts, James Clerke,	St. John.
Lucifer matches, James Clerke,	do
Ships wheel, &c., John Gaynor,	do
Spinning wheel, S. K. Trueman,	Westmoreland.
Wheelbarrow, S. Skinner,	St. John.
Clock reel, C. W. Raymond,	Carleton.
Piano, Kennay & Scribner,	St. John.
do do. do	do
Organ, Naish,	York.
Cranberries, T. W. Saunders,	do
Wheat, James Henry,	do
do Joel Everitt,	do
do Thomas Pringle,	do
Oats, Dow Brooks,	do
do James Cunningham,	St. John.
do John Johnston,	York.
Chevalier Barley, John Wize	North'd.
do do Wm Brett,	Kent.
Common do Robt Keltie,	St. John.
Rye, James Henry.	York.
Garden produce (200 kinds) Judge Wilmot,	do
Potato Starch, Fanny Carman,	do
Squash, Judge Wilmot,	do
Turnip seed, Michael Searle,	North'd.
Beet, do John M'Cafferty,	York.
Carrot, do do do	do
Millet, do Isaac Murray,	do
Hemp, do Mathew Rideout,	do
Timothy do Isacc Burpe,	Sunbury.
Flax, do James Henry,	York.
Mangold do A. Miles,	Sunbury.
Peas, do R. Smith,	St John.
Beans, H. P. Bridges,	Sunbury.
Indian Corn, J. Murray	York.
do do Dow Brooks,	do
Buckwheat, smooth, J. Cunnigham,	St. John.
do rough, Thos. Douglas,	York.
Barley, hulled, P. McFarlane,	do
Cabbage, Ed. White,	St. John.
Parsnips, J. Berry, Govt. House,	York.
Onions, do do	do
Celery, J. E. Snider,	St. John.
Salsafy, James Berry,	York.
Carrots, W. DeCantlin,	do
Beets, Charles Carson,	Charlotte.
Potatoes, John Harper,	Carleton.
do Isaac Murray,	York.
Turnips, T. R. Barker,	do
Mangold Wurtzel, J. Harrison,	Sunbury.
White Carrots, George Leek,	York.
Butter, Mrs. M. Trueman,	Westmoreland.
do John Anderson,	do
do Mrs. Plant,	York.
Cheese, Robt. Gray,	do
do Jardine & Co.,	St. John.
Honey and Wax, E. H. Wilmot,	York.
do do do	do
Grass plait Bonnet, Benj. Jewett,	do
do Hat, do	do
Straw bonnet, Miss Olive,	Albert.
Twine & Thread, Mrs. T. Graham,	Queen's.
Linen Goods, James Slip,	do
do do Joseph Sharpe,	Sunbury.
Native Dye stuffs, W. Dayton,	York.
Blankets, Abner Bull,	Carleton.
do Chas. J. Smith,	King's.
Counterpane, Mrs. Musgrove,	do
Woollen Carpet, M. C. Burpe,	Sunbury.
Flannel, John M'Gill,	Charlotte.
Woollen Cloth, Fulled, Wm. Brown,	York.
do do do	do
do not Fulled, C. Goodspeed,	do
do W. Trenhohn,	Westm'ld.
Mixed homespun cloth, C. Carson,	Charlotte.
do women's wear, J. Trueman,	Westm'ld.
Mixed homespun cloth, (with special reference to pattern), Rev. Dr. Wiggins,	Sunbury.
With special reference to patterns, Wm. Sherwood,	King's.
Woollen Shawl, C. McAlpin,	Queen's.
do Socks, Adam Jackson,	York.
do Mitts & Gloves, C. H. M'Alpin,	Queen's.
Moccasins, Molly Cecil,	York.
Ropes & cordage, J. & R. Jarvis,	St. John.
Wrapping paper, Philps & Brothers,	do
Architect work, Miss E. Letson,	Northumberland.
Cotton Knitting, Mr. Allen,	York.
do Netting, Mrs. E. H. Wilmot,	do
Embroidery, Mrs. Abner Carman,	Sunbury.
Braid work, Mrs. M'Killigan,	York.
Wool work, Miss S. Austin,	St. John.
Raised worsted work, Miss A. Martin,	do
Furs and skins, Lockhart & Co.	do
do do manf'd do do	do
Otter caps, A. Magee,	do
Seal Vest and Boots, Lockhart & Co.,	do
Hats, A. Magee and C. D. Everitt & Son, (a tie,) St. John.	
Best specimen of Tailors' work, (very beautiful in design and finish,) Andrew Gilmour,	St. John.
Lot of fine Down, Nathaniel Rideout,	York.
Hair watch guard, Benj. Jewett,	do
Corn brooms, Penitentiary,	St. John.
Brushes, do	do
Leather, D. Coldwell,	do
Harness, T. Bradley,	York.
(5) do H. Rutter,	do
Saddle and bridle, D. Collins,	St. John.
Boots, (undetermined)	
Candles, John Brown,	do
do Andrew Scott,	do
Soap, do	do
do John Brown,	do
Biscuits, T. Rankine,	do
Confectionary, R. Lormer,	do
Dry Pollock, James Brown,	Charlotte (Isles.)
Pickled Herring, James Brown,	do
Smoked Fish, W. Fisher,	do
Cod Fish, Joshua Alexandre,	Gloucester.
Astronomical clock, J. M'Causland,	York.
Green house plants and grapes, J. Harris,	St. John.
Apples, F. P. Sharp,	Carleton.
Pears, Isaac Murray,	York.
Pickles, Mrs. *W.* Watts, sr.,	do
Preserved Fruits, do	do
Drawing room Chairs, C. Humphreys,	St. John.
do Table do	do
Native Oak Table, do	do
Couch and side board, J. & G. Lawrence,	do
Wheat flour, J. & Reed,	do
Rye, George Murray,	Sunbury.
Corn Meal, S. Burpe, Jr.,	do
Buckwheat Meal, R. D. Wilmot,	do
Oatmeal. C. Carson,	Charlotte.
Electrical Instrument,	
Metallic Ores, Robert Foulis,	St. John.
do David Muir,	Carleton.
Mineral Paint, James Watt,	Northumberland.
do Combustibles, R. Foulis,	St. John.
do do Rev. A. Coster	Queen's.

PLOUGHING MATCH.

1st Prize to Gilbert Ross, (W. H. Odell's ploughman,) York.
2d Prize to Jas. Robertson, (Alexander Martin's ploughman,) St. John.
3d Prize to James Agnew, (Dr. G. P. Peters' ploughman,) St. John.
Sixteen competitors—Prize ploughing all done by Wilke's Ploughs.

GAMES.

Foot Race—200 yards, D. Smith, York.
" 450 yards, J. Murray,
" 200 yards,—4 hurdles, J. Roach.
Putting the Stone—F. Jenkins, 72d Regt., York.
Throwing the Hammer, J. Smith, Sunbury.
Pitching the handspike—B. Wheeler, York.
" 2d prize—J. T. Doughs, do
3 Standing Jumps—Corp. Ballard, 72d Regt., do
Jumping with the pole—T. O. Miles, jr., Sunbury
" " J. H. Friel, York.
Hop, step, & jump—Corp Ballard, 72d Regt., do
" 2d Prize, J. M'Donald, do. do

GREAT PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the New-Brunswick Society, for the encouragement of Agriculture, Home Manufactures and Commerce, held in the Supreme Court Room, on Monday the 11th day of October, 1852.

PRESENT:

His Honor Mr. Justice Street, *President,*
The Hon. A. E. Botsford, *Vice President,*
R. Jardine, Esquire, ditto,
R. Chestnut, Esquire, ditto,
J. Robb, M. D., *Corresponding Secretary,*
R. Fulton, *Recording Secretary,*
Messrs. W. Watts, Senr.,
D. S. Kerr,
J. A. Beckwith,
J. Gregory,
W. Carman.

It was, on motion of the Corresponding Secretary, resolved unanimously.

That this Committee desire to record an expression of their earnest and heartfelt thankfulness to the Almighty Giver of all good, in that he has crowned this year with peace and plenty, and blessed so abundantly the labors of the Husbandman. They also desire to praise His Name for the fine and genial weather vouchsafed to us of late, whereby the exceeding riches of the earth, and the various products of the skill and industry of the people, (employed upon materials furnished by him alone), have been enabled to be brought together from far distant parts of the country, without injury, and exhibited to the best advantage, before the eyes of the whole people.

That the thanks of the Committee be, and hereby are, publicly tendered to His Excellency, Sir E. W. Head, Bart., Lieut. Governor of New-Brunswick, and to Lady Head, for the warm interest which they have taken in the Great Provincial Exhibition of 1852.

That the thanks of the Committee be, and hereby are, publicly tendered to His Honor Judge Wilmot, for the eloquent and impressive Oration which he delivered at the desire of the Committee during the Exhibition week, and that he be requested to prepare a copy of the same for publication.

That the thanks of the Committee be, and hereby are, publicly offered to the Exhibitors at the recent Provincial Show and Fair, for their numerous and valuable contributions thereto, and which have excited such great and general satisfaction in regard to the Resources, the Skill, and the Industry of the country.

That the thanks of the Committee be, and hereby are, publicly offered in the Gentlemen and Ladies who have acted as Judges,

fifty-five grand-children, and sixteen great grand-children, together with a large number of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

Suddenly, on Saturday evening, 16th inst., John M'Crossen, aged 50 years.

At Port Maria, Jamaica, 3d of August, Mr. Adolphus Stapelton Petch, chief mate of brig "Cambyses," aged 25 years, third son of Lieut. Wm. Petch, Royal Navy, London.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

ARRIVED.

Tuesday—Barque Irvine, Whitty, New York, 8—W. Warwick, coals.
Brig John Wiley, Davidson, New York, 7—Wm. Thomson, flour, pork, &c.
Wednesday—Ship Superior, Mason, Philadelphia, 8—W. & G. Carvill, ballast.
Barque Indus, Cliney, Bristol, 26—R. Rankin & Co., do.
Brigt. P. I. Nevius, Boddie, Alexandria, 22—S. Hersey, wheat.
Hebron, Skaling, New York, 10—Geo. A. Lockhart, gen. cargo.
Gipsey, Cochran, Bathurst, 11—R. Rankin & Co., household furniture.
Schr. Gazelle, Frost, Halifax, via Yarmouth, 1—C. McLauchlan, gen. cargo.
Mary Jane, Elkin, Bath, 2—Master, merchandise.
Regulator, Martin, Salem, 2—Master, apples, &c.
Thursday—Ship George F. Patten, Stinson, New York, 6—Lunt & Pickup, ballast.
Brigt. Eliza Goddard, Petch, Sydney, C. B., 6—Geo. Eaton, coals.
Schr. Windsor, Francis, Fredericksburg, 14—J. & R. Reed, wheat.
Steamer Forest Queen, Winchester, Portland—R. P. McGivern, passengers and merchandise.
Maid of Erin, Driscoll, Portland—Thomas Parks, passengers and merchandise.
Saturday—Schr. Charles, Simpson, Halifax, 5. Noel, O'Brien, Boston, 5.
Sunday—Ship Devon, Smith, Liverpool, via Cork, 30—W. & R. Wright, gen. cargo.
Barque Lady of the Lake, Duncan, Boston, 7—S. Wiggins & Son, ballast.
Claremont, Dorman, New York, 8—J. W. M. Irish.
Robert Beauchamp, Boston, 2—R. Rankin & Co.
Brig Thomas, Hargrave, Maryport, 31—R. Rankin & Co., coals.
Harlequin, Brown, New York, 9—S. Wiggins & Son, gen. cargo.
Brigt Venus, Miller, New York, 7—G. Thomas, gen. cargo.
Emily, Smith, Sydney, C. B., 9—J. Fairweather, coals.
Schr. Cuba, Kavanagh, Boston, 4—gen cargo.
Mary Mahoney, Boston, 6—do
Franklin, Mussells, Providence, 8—E. D. Jewett & Co.
Monday—Ship Josephine, Boonholme, Boston, 7—John Rogerson.
Barque John Buchanan, Savanah, 25—C. McLauchlan, p. p. timber.
Schr. Fowler, Cox, Boston, 2.
Tuesday—ship *Winfield Scott*, McLellan, New York, 10—J. *W.* Cudlip, ballast.
Clara Ann, Reid, Boston, 3, ditto ditto
Bark Douglas, Smith, Philadelphia, 10—J. Robertson, do.
Susan, Rohan, Boston, 9, R. Rankin & Co. do.
Brig America, M'Kinnon, New York, 7, Wm. Thompson, gen cargo.

CLEARED.

Oct. 12th—Barque Industry, Kent, Dublin, timber and deals.
13th—Brig Themis, Elder, New Bedford, lumber; Schr. Sultana, Whittier, New Haven, boards; Seven Sisters, Crowley, Boston, timber and deals.
14th—Ship Plymouth Rock, Caldwell, Liverpool, deals; Jenny Lind, Mosher, Liverpool, timber and deals; schr. Oliver Frost, Smith, Boston, pine timber, laths, &c.
15th—Ship Aurora, Cheny, Hull, deals, &c.; barque Brothers, Doran, Newry, timber, deals, &c.; schr. Harriet, Welsh, Boston, alewives.
16th—Barque Sarah Millidge, Kendrick, Penarth Roads, deals.
16th—ship Jennie *W* Paine, *Whitney*, Bristol, deals; Aurora, Cherry, Hull, do; bark Sarah Millidge, Hendrick, Penarth Roads, do; Brothers, Doran, Newry, timber and deals.
18th—ship Amazon, Roberts, Hull, deals; brig Henry Holland, Grant, Glasgow, do; Mary, Howell, Queenstown, do; Ann, Boyle, Sligo, timber and deals; brigt. Bream, Joslin, Boston, boards and fish.

Schr. Lavinia, Hurst, from Boston, bound up the bay, put in here last night for a harbour.

The schr. Hero passed, off Quaco, on Thursday, near the middle of the Bay, a schooner, about forty tons, dismasted and full of water, no person on board. The bulwarks were painted red inside, and she steered with a wheel and iron tiller. The mainmast had been cut away.

The schr. Martha Ann, laden with deals, came on shore last night at Hazard Point, near Mispeck, no person on board—the crew are supposed to have perished.

The ship Devon, at this port, on the 19th ult, lat. 48 30, long. 16 25, picked up captain Bell and crew of the schr Isabella Muston, of Shields, from Galatz to Cork or Falmouth, which vessel had been abandoned in a sinking condition.

Arrived at Alexandria, Oct. 7th, schr. Josephine, Fritz, St. John; 8th, schr. William Wallace Ritchie, Philadelphia.—At Boston, 6th, schr. Effort, Brannen, St. John; 10th, schr. Xerxes, Stewart, do.; 12th, schr. Julia, Anderson, do.—At Quebec, 12th, ship Britannia, Spence, Clyde.—At Sydney, (C. B.) Sept. 30th, brigt. Emily, Smith, hence.

Arrivals in Britain from St. John.—Sept. 23d, Competitor, in the Clyde; 25th, Amelia, at do.; 28th, Caroline, at Hull; 29th, Coquette, at Gloucester; 30th, Fanny, at Deal; Oct. 1st, Franklin King, for London, at Plymouth, reported waterlogged.

Sailed for St. John.—Sept. 17th, Helen Thomson, from Lancaster; 21st, Economy, from Queenstown; 25th, Rectitude, from Dundee; 26th, steamer Mountaineer, from Waterford.

Cleared at Liverpool, Sept. 30th, ship Favorite, Lithgow, this port; Dundonald, Gillis, Bombay.

Deal, Sept. 30th.—The Thetis, for Yarmouth, and Fanny from St. John to London, were in contact, both sustained considerable damage.—The crew abandoned the Thetis, and were landed at Deal.

NEW FRUIT—1852!

Now landing ex Schooner Gazelle, *from Halifax*—
350 BOXES, Halves and Quarters, Muscatel and Layer RAISINS;
30 kegs Sun Raisins—*all the growth of the present season*—for sale by JARDINE & CO.
October 19, 1852.

New Raisins! New Raisins!

Per *Gazelle*, from Halifax,
100 HALF-BOXES Muscatel Raisins,
100 quarter ditto ditto.
Oct. 19. JAS. MACFARLANE.

FOR BOSTON!

Steamer "ADMIRAL,"

WILL leave for EASTPORT, PORTLAND, and BOSTON, on
Wednesday Morning, 20th inst.,
at 8 o'clock
GEORGE THOMAS, Agent,
Oct. 16. South Market Wharf.

INFORMATION WANTED of one Rev. J. WEST, late of Cheltenham, England, supposed to have come to this Province about 3 or 4 years ago, and resided at Grand Manan, or St. Stephens; any information respecting him will be thankfully received, and be found to his advantage, by applying at the Office of the Morning News, St. John. *Oct.* 19.—2i.

Cast Iron Well Pumps,

Warranted Not to Freeze in Winter.
W. H. ADAMS

HAS received a further supply of Cast Iron Well Pumps, which have been tested the past Winter and found to work freely at all times. They are arranged for Wood Pipe, which may be had suitable for Wells of any depth.—Warranted

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEW-BRUNSWICK,
Saint John, 19th October, 1852.

A DIVIDEND of Three per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, will be paid to the Shareholders on or after the 18th proximo.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE P. SANCTON, *Cashier.*

KING STREET HOUSE,

No. 18, King Street.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

The subscriber has received per Themis, Actæon, Henry Holland, and British Steamer, the greater part of his *FALL & WINTER SUPPLIES:*

CONSISTING OF—

CASHMERES, Delaines, Coburgs, Lustres, Striped *SOUS*, Sprigg'd *VICUNAS*,
Broraded LUSTRES; Embroidered DRESSES;
Flounced CRUVELLIS;
Albinese and Chene LUSTRES, &c., &c.;
Pilot, Beaver, Whitney and Broad CLOTHS;
Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings;
Silk Velvets, Silks, Persians, and Ribbons;
Long and Square Cashmere and Wool SHAWLS;
Hooded SHAWLS, CLOAKS and MANTLES, *in all the new styles.*
CLOAKINGS, in Lustre, Tweed, Ermine, and Mantle Cloth;
FURS, GLOVES, Hosiery, Prints, Woollen Druggetts, &c., &c.

Also, every other description of DRY GOODS suitable for the season, to which he would call the attention of *Wholesale* and *Retail* buyers.
Oct. 19th, 1852. JAMES HARDY.

NEW FALL GOODS.

Received per *Themis*, from Liverpool, *Glasgow*, and *Village Belle*, from the Clyde, *Actæon*, from London, and *Admiral*, and *Creole*, from Boston:

197 Packages, comprising

LONG and Square SHAWLS;
MANTLES, CLOAKINGS, FURS;
DRESS MATERIALS, SILKS, SATINS,
VELVETS, RIBBONS, GLOVES,
HOSIERY, NETS, LACES,
FLANNELS, CLOTHS, VESTINGS,
PRINTS, GINGHAMS, TICKS,
Grey, White, and Striped SHIRTINGS;
MUSLINS, POLKAS HOODS,
RUGS and CARPETING;
which, together with One Thousand Pairs of
BLANKETS,
are offered Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest market prices. W. G. LAWTON.
St. John, N. B., 19th October, 1852.

Provincial Penitentiary.

Tender for Supplies.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Commissioners of the Provincial Penitentiary, at the Office of the undersigned, until Friday the 29th October instant, at noon, from persons desirous of furnishing the undermentioned articles, in such quantities and at such times as may be required for the use of the Prison, for one Year, from the 1st November next:

Superfine Wheat FLOUR, best quality, Canada or Mill, in bags or barrels;
RYE FLOUR, of best quality;
TEA, in chests—strong, good flavored Congo;
MOLASSES, in puns. best quality Clayed and best quality Cienfuegos Muscovado;
RICE, in tierces, of first quality;
Good Common SOAP;
Pot BARLEY;
OATMEAL;
CORNMEAL, of best quality, in bags or brls.
DRIED FISH—Pollock and Cod, of good merchantable quality.

Tenders will also be received at same time and place for BREAD, made of equal proportions of Wheat and Rye Flour, of best quality, delivered at the Prison by the Contractors.

Also—For Baking Bread, the Flour to be furnished by the Commissioners; the Tenders to state the number of lbs. Bread the Contractor will deliver for each barrel of Wheat and Rye Flour received.

Security will be required for the faithful performance of the Contracts.

Every article will be subject to the inspection and approval of the Keeper and Visiting Commissioners.
SAML. D. BERTON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Conducted by Miss Thomson,
ASSISTED BY HER FATHER,
Who has been engaged for many years in preparing Youth for College.

THE system, in its more limited and scholastic sense, is adapted to the constitution of different minds, and is applicable to all the departments of a liberal education, and is fitted to prepare youth for the study of *books*, of *men*, and of *nature*.

The objects aimed at are—1st, to ensure a thorough scriptural (not sectarian) and ladylike education; 2nd, to maintain in every department the *strictest discipline*, united with kindness and moderation; 3rd, by means of familiar conversational lectures, to teach the *principles* as well as the common *facts* of knowledge; 4th, to treat the pupils as members of the family, providing them liberally with domestic comforts.

Entrance and removal are unfettered by the usual conditions, and the School is A HOME for Pupils from distant parts.—A Vacation of three weeks given at Midsummer, and a fortnight at Christmas.

THE BRANCHES TAUGHT ARE—
German, Italian, Latin, French, Drawing and Music, English Composition, general History, pure and descriptive Geography, use of the Globes and Maps, Arithmetic, mental calculations, PRINCIPLES of book-keeping, general accounts, stenography, and facility in writing a current hand, geometry, algebra, and general science.

The terms, with board and washing—from thirty to sixty pounds per annum, regulated by the age and studies of the pupil.

Daily pupils, two dollars per month.

References to Clergymen and parents of great respectability.

☞ Present residence, *Orange-street.*—Class Room, *Germain-street.* The latter is fitted up with every convenience and comfort. October 12.

Hat, Cap, and Fur Store!

BARLOW'S CORNER (up Stairs) KING STREET.

Just Received, part of their FALL SUPPLY, consisting of—

LADIES' MUFFS, BOAS, Victorines, Royal Czarina Boas, Gauntlets, Cuffs, Ladies' and Gents. FUR Gloves and Gauntlets.

Gent's Otter, Beaver, Astracan and Seal CAPS, of various patterns; Gents. fine Seal and Buffalo COATS; a very large supply of *Buffalo Skins*; Gents, London, Paris and New York HATS; plain and soft Felt Hats; Children's Hats; Cloth and Fur Caps; Glazed Hats and Caps; Trunks, Valisses, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c., *Wholesale and Retail*, at very low prices.

☞ FURS altered and repaired.
Oct. 12.—1mp G. & E. SEARS.

Drugs, Medicines, & Perfumery.

THE subscriber has just received by the '*Actæon*,' from London, a fresh supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c.

Lazenby's superior PICKLES, and SAUCES, Orange Marmalade; French Olives and Capers; Italian *Maccaroni* and *Vermicelli*. For sale at low rates. TOMAS M. REED,
Oct 12. *Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.*

VICTORIA HOUSE,

PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
Saint John, 19th October, 1852.

JAMES DOHERTY & CO.
British and Foreign Importers,
BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF—
Per steamships "Niagara," "Canada," and "America," and per last ships from London, Liverpool, and the Clyde—
EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS
OF
Fall and Winter Goods.

Bank of New-Brunswick,

1st October, 1852.

A DIVIDEND of FOUR per Cent. on the Capital Stock for the half-year ending 30th of September, 1852, will be paid to the Stockholders on or after 31st instant.
By order of the Board.
R. WHITESIDE, *Cashier.*

RAILWAY NOTICE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the EUROPEAN AND NORTH AMERICAN RAILWAY COMPANY, will be held in the Commercial Bank Building, in the City of Saint John, on Monday the 25th October next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration certain alterations required in the Charter of the Company, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
By order of the Directors.
R. JARDINE, PRESIDENT.
St. John, N. B., Sept. 21st, 1852.

SUGAR.

30 HDS. Bright SUGAR, landing ex *Oliver Frost*, from Boston. For sale by
FLEWWELLING & READING.
Oct. 9.

NEW FALL GOODS.

JAMES BURRELL,
Corner of King and Germain Streets.

HAS received per "*Themis*" from Liverpool, "*Actæon*" from London, and "*Henry Holland*" from Glasgow, part of his FALL SUPPLY.
Long and Square Shawls;
Wool Plaids; Prints;
Grey and White Cottons;
Velvets; Dress Materials;
Col'd and Shaded Woollen Yarn;
Gloves and Hosiery;
Regatta Shirting;
Bonnet and Cap Ribbons;
Laces and Edgings;
Berlin *Wool* Hoods; Caps, &c. &c.
Remainder daily expected, per "Devon" and "Commodore." Oct. 5.

TEA, OATMEAL,

Per "Agnes Ross" from Halifax:—
100 PACKAGES Chebucto's TEAS, in chests, half-chests, and boxes.
Per "Dart," from Halifax:—
20 hhds. Fresh OATMEAL.
Per Admiral—Mess PORK, Lard, Lard Oil, Onions, &c.
Oct. 5. JAMES MACFARLANE.

Agricultural Implements.

ON HAND—A large assortment of F. Mills, Straw Cutters and Vegetable Boilers. For sale by
Oct. 5. JARDINE & CO.

Dwelling House Wanted.

A Small DWELLING-HOUSE or Lower Flat, wanted immediately. The vicinity of King's Square will be preferred. Apply to
Oct. 5. JARDINE & CO.

Tobacco Pipes.

Landing for the subscriber ex ship *Henry Hollan*, from Glasgow:—
160 BOXES TOBACCO PIPDS, (and 10 gross boxes,) put up expressly for this market—will be sold low, by
JOHN V. THURGAR,
Oct. 5. North Market Wharf.

MINERAL TEETH.

DR. J. C. HATHEWAY, late from Philadelphia, has taken a Residence in Sydney-st, above Queen's Square, and nearly opposite the residence of Beverley Robinson, Esq., where he is prepared to make ARTIFICIAL TEETH, and attend to all other branches of DENTISTRY.—Dr. H. respectfully invites the public to call and examine his specimens. July 13.

Oatmeal & Rice.

15 BARRELS Prime Prince Edward Island OATMEAL,
5 tierces Head RICE. For sale low by
FLEWWELLING & READING.
Aug. 24, 1852.

To LET.

THE subscriber has been instructed to Lease for a Term of Years, a valuable Tract of LAND on the Quaco Road, belonging to the Trustees of St. Andrews Church. Or to dispose of the TIMBER now growing thereon, consisting of Birch, Spruce, &c., with the privilege of cutting and removing the same in one or more years as may be agreed on. For particulars apply to
W. GIRVAN,
Secretary to the Trustees, Peters' Wharf.
St. John, Sept. 18, 1852.—2i.

270 Canada Stoves.

For sale at low rates, Wholesale or Retail:—
270 CANADA STOVES, assorted sizes; Also—150 Cooking Stoves of St. John and American manufacture, which can be recommended with confidence to those in want of a good and durable article.
Oct 12. E. STEPHEN.

WINES, OIL, &c.

Now landing, ex ship Actæon, Benson, Master, from London:—
1 BUTT, } SHERRY WINE,
2 hhds. }
13 qr. casks }
20 octaves }
100 casks Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL;
50 barrels (3 doz. each) best India ALE;
50 do. do. best London STOUT.
For sale low, landing from the vessel.
Oct 5.—2i. R. RANKIN & CO.

Patent Windlasses on Consignment.

To arrive per ship "Commodore," from Liverpool:
5 PATENT WINDLASSES, 14 inch, 16 inch, 17 inch, 19 inch, and 22 inch, with Patent Boxes, Cross Hands, and Pedestal Handles
Sept. 28. GEORGE THOMAS,

MARKET SQUARE.

OCTOBER 1, 1852.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

J. & H. FOTHERBY have received per *Themis* from Liverpool, *Actæon* from London, *Henry Holland* from Glasgow, and Steamer *Admiral* from Boston, a varied and general assortment of Goods adapted for the present and approaching Season, consisting of all the novelties out, in Long and Square SHAWLS, Ladies' CAPES and MANTLES; DRESS GOODS in great variety; Gala Plaids, Tweeds, Mantle Cloths and Mohairs.

Pilot, Beaver, Bath and Witney CLOTHS, Tweeds, Kerseys, Doeskins and Satinetts.

BLANKETS & FLANNELS;
RIBBONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, and LACES;
Grey, White and Printed COTTONS;
Two and Three Cord FISHING THREAD;
COTTON WARPS, and a general assortment of Small Wares and Tailors' Trimmings.

The whole of which are offered at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail. October 12.

London House,

Market Square, Sept., 1852.

Fall and Winter Goods!

Per "*Themis*," "*Village Belle*," and "*Glasgow*."

A considerable portion of the WINTER STOCK of this Establishment has arrived by the above vessels, which, (with those previously received per Steamers,) comprises a General Assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS; some of which are Ladies' MANTLES, and SHAWLETTES, Long and Square SHAWLS, *DRESS GOODS*, in various styles; SILKS, SATINS, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Clothings.

Pilot, Beaver, and Broad CLOTHS, Kerseys, Doeskins, Vestings, Blankets, Flannels, Quilts, Sheetings, LINENS; White, Grey, and Printed COTTONS—and such other general Goods as are generally found in a Stock of this kind.

Wholesale and Retail.
Sept. 28. T. W. DANIEL.

Wholesale & Retail Warehouse.

Prince William-street.

J. & J. HEGAN

HAVE received per BRITISH STEAMER via Boston, and ship "THEMIS," from Liverpool, part of their

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

consisting of
Pilot, Beaver, & Broad Cloths,
in Blues, Black, and other colours;
PARTRIDGE and MARBLE MIXED BEAVERS;
Witney, Venetian and Satarra Cloths.
in the newest shades;
Extra Heavy Dufill and Siberian Cloths;
Cassimeres, Doeskins and Fancy Trowserings.
Grey, White & Printed Cottons,
TICKINGS, REGATTAS, &c. &c.,
STUFFS and DRESS GOODS
of every description:
Black and Coloured GLACE SILKS and GROSDENAPS; BARATHEAS;
Rich Watered and Damask Silks and Satins.
Satinetts and French Satins;
RIBBONS, BONETINGS, &c. &c.
☞ Remainder of Stock daily expected per "Actæon," from London; "Commodore" and "Devon," from Liverpool; and "Henry Holland," from Glasgow.
P. S.—In order to make room for the very extensive Stock of CARPETINGS daily expected, the subscribers will sell at an IMMENSE REDUCTION to present stock of BRUSSELS and SCOTCH CARPETING, for Cash.
J. & J. HEGAN.
St. John, N. B., 28th Sept., 1852.

MORRISON & CO.,

Prince William Street,
Are now receiving per *Village Belle, Themis*, and
STEAMER "NIAGARA,"
A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF
NEW
FALL & WINTER GOODS.
to which they would earnestly call the
ATTENTION OF
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CUSTOMERS.
St. John, 28th Sept., 1852.

AUGUST 11, 1852.

Per Steamer "Niagara."

JUST ARRIVED—
A LOT of black and coloured RIBBONS, PERSIANS, SARSNETS and SATINS, Black Ribbon VELVETS, Sewing Silks and Twist, superior black LACES, Crimson and Scarlet Worsted FRINGES.
—ON HAND—
An assortment of FLOOR CLOTHS, comprising the following widths, *(in chaste new patterns:)*

2 feet,	5 feet 4 inches,
2 feet 3 inches,	5 feet 6 inches,
2 feet 5 inches,	5 feet 9 inches,
2 feet 9 inches,	6 feet,
3 feet,	7 feet 5 inches,
3 feet 6 inches,	7 feet 10 inches,
4 feet 6 inches,	8 feet 3 inches.
5 feet 3 inches.	

The whole of which are offered at the very lowest market rates, W. G. LAWTON.

Liquors, Tobacco, Pipes, &c.

Just received and in course of landing for the Subscriber, per ship "Actæon," from London:—
10 HDS. Pale and Brown Old Cognac BRANDY, 15 hhds. Pale Hollands GENEVA;
2 hhds. and 8 quarter-casks } Superior Pale SHERRIES;
20 casks London Brown Stout, each 4 dozen.
Ex ship "Henry Holland" from Glasgow:—
2 puns. fine old Malt *WHISKEY;*
150 boxes Tobacco PIPES, suitable for the market;
3 cases Sewing COTTONS, on Reels.
For sale low by JOHN V. THURGAR,
Oct. 12, 1852. North Market Wharf.

25th SEPTEMBER.

PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

NOW READY FOR INSPECTION,
A Choice assortment of
NEW CARPETINGS
WITH
RUGS TO MATCH!
MORRISON & CO.

Manilla Cordage.

Just received from the Greenock Manufactory, and for sale by the Subscribers:—
5 TONS assorted Manilla CORDAGE, from 1 1-4 to 3 inch, inclusive;
400 bolts Gourock Bleached and Boiled CANVASS;
BOLT ROPE, Twine and Manilla Pentline.
ROBT. ROBERTSON & SON,
Sept. 28. *Paddock's Wharf.*

400 Canada STOVES.

JUST landed and for sale low, either wholesale or retail, 400 CANADA STOVES.
The subscriber would also wish to draw the attention of the public to his present stock of Cooking, Hall, and other STOVES, which he believes to be better and cheaper than is to be found in this city. E. STEPHEN.
Sept. 7th, 1852.—3m.

Notice to Mariners.

THE Commissioners of Light Houses hereby give notice, that an IRON BELL BUOY, painted Red, (similar in all respects to the one off the Port of Liverpool, England.) was placed off this Harbour on the 28th September last.—The following are the Bearings by Compass and distances from the Buoy to the several points named, as given to them by Commander SHORTLAND, of Her Majesty's Steamer Columbia.

	Bearings.	*Nearly.*	*Distance.* Miles.
Cape Spencer,	S. 59 E. or	S E. by E. ¼ E.	—
Cape Mispeck,	S. 62 E. "	S. E. by E. ¾ E.	3.8
Partridge Island Light House,	N. 21 E. "	N. N. E.	1.5
Sheldon's Point	N. 49 W. "	N. W. ¼ W.	1 8
Mahogany Island, S. E. point,	N. 76 W. "	W. by N. ¾ N.	2.1
Cape Negro, (Negro Head,)	S. 31 W. "	W ¾ S.	4.4
Cape Split, (Split Rock, Musquash.)	S. 78 W. "	W. by S.	—

The Buoy is anchored in 7½ fathoms, low water, spring tides. The Bell is 19 feet above the water.
By order of the Commissioners.
I. WOODWARD, *Sup't.*
Commissioners of Lights' Office,
Saint John, N. B., 6th October, 1852.

The Steamer "CREOLE"

WILL resume her Weekly Trips again between SAINT JOHN and BOSTON, touching at Eastport and Portland on THURSDAY morning next, leaving Saint John, at 10 A. M. Returning will leave Boston TUESDAY morning at 8 o'clock.

Cabin Fare to Boston,		$4,50
" "	Portland,	$4,00
Deck "	Boston,	$3,50
" "	Portland,	$3,00

R. P. McGIVERN, *Agent,*
St. John, Oct. 15. North Market Wharf.

Cheap HAT, CAP, and FUR STORE.

No. 17, King Steet.

NEW GOODS opened by the Fall Ships, from Great Britain, France and the U. States.

FUR GOODS.—Ladies' Muffs, Boas, Victorines, Queen's Gauntlets, Cuffs and Muffs, in French Sable, Stone Martin, Fitch, Siberian Squirrel, Polish and British Sable, Miniver, Ermine and Silver Mink.
Gents' FUR CAPS, in Beaver, Otter, Mink, South Sea Seal, Nutria, Astracan, and Hair Seal—newest patterns.
Gents' FUR GLOVES and GAUNTLETS, very cheap.
Gents' Russian Jennet, Wolf, Alpacca, Seal and Buffalo Winter Coats.
A choice lot of Sleigh Robes, in Bear, Lynx and Racoon—*our manufacture.*
Buffalo Robes, Sleigh Foot Muffs—new.
Gents' Satin HATS—Fall style; Cloth CAPS, new styles.
Gents' Hungarian storm Caps—domestic.
Gents' Furnishing Goods, in Shirts, Collars, Stocks, &c.; a large variety of Cloth and Woollen Gloves: Trunks, Valisses, Carpet Bags, Glazed Hats and Caps, Gold and Silver Laces; with an assortment of other goods—wholesale and retail.
FUR GOODS of every description manufactured to order. LOCKHART & CO.
Oct. 5.—6i.

Liquors, Groceries, &c.

Landing ex Actæon, from London, and Village Belle, from Glasgow:
30 HDS. HOLLANDS GENEVA;
10 casks Old Port and Sherry Wine;
40 kegs Coleman's MUSTARD, F. S. F. & D. S. F.;
10 casks Coleman's No 1 STARCH,
2 casks Mixed PICKLES,
5 casks Washing SODA; 5 casks Epsom Salts,
1 cask Refined SALT PETER,
30 brls. F. and FF GUNPOWDER,—*Hall & Son's;*
150 boxes TOBACCO PIPES, assorted;
Daily expected, direct from Charente,
32 hhds. Hennessey's best Dark and Pale BRANDY.
Per Martha Greenow—
15 puncheons strong RUM:
IN STORE—
A well selected Stock of TEAS, SUGARS, MOLASSES, TOBACCO, COFFEE, &c. &c., either in Bond for Ships' Stores and exportation, or duty paid.
FLEWWELLING & READING,
Oct. 5. Prince Wm. Street, St. John, and Queen Street, Fredericton.

Vulcan Foundry Manufactures.

Stoves, Franklins, Registers, &c.

A LARGE and extensive assortment of Cooking STOVES; Close STOVES; FRANKLINS; Register GRATES; PLOUGHS; and all descriptions of CASTINGS; for sale at the *Vulcan Foundry Ware Rooms*, in Prince William-street, and at the Warehouse of the Subscriber.

The style, pattern and quality of the Vulcan Foundry Cooking STOVES and FRANKLINS, it is believed, are equal if not superior to any in the market, while the prices are exceedingly low. Purchasers are requested to call and examine for themselves.

Orders for Castings or other work left at the above places will have immediate attendance.
JOHN V. THURGAR,
North Market Wharf.
St. John, Sept. 21, 1852.

S. K. FOSTER'S

Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,
Foster's Corner, Germain-street, St John. Queen-street, next Coy & Son, Fredericton.

NEW BOOTS & SHOES.

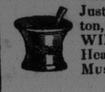
Just received per ship *Mary Caroline*, and the last Liverpool steamer to Boston,
LADIES' Fashionable side Spring BOOTS;
do. Cashmere and Prunella Boots, assorted;
Ladies' White and Black Satin SLIPPERS;
Black, Bronze and White Kid Slippers;
Patent, Enamelled, Morocco and Kid Slippers; with every variety of the very best make of Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes.
These goods are all warranted good.
Sept. 28. S. K. FOSTER.

Sperm & Elephant Oil.

Landing ex Schr. "*George*," from Boston:—
5 BARRELS pure Lard OIL;
5 do. Elephant Oil;
4 brls. Bleached Winter Strained Sperm OIL;
8 boxes fine Aromatic TOBACCO.—For sale by
Sept. 28. JARDINE & CO.

Nails, Mustard, and Black Lead.

Per 'Themis,' from Liverpool—
25 KEGS MUSTARD: 224 lbs. Black Lead, in oz., 2 oz. and 4 oz. papers;
25 kegs assorted Horse NAILS,
40 do. rose-head, ass'd size, board & other Nails.
15 do. clasp-head do.
Sept. 28. JOHN KINNEAR.



Just received per *Admiral*, from Boston, a fresh supply of Wheeler's WINE BITTERS, McAlister's All Healing OINTMENT, and Mexican MUSTANG LINIMENT.
THOMAS M. REED,
Sept. 21. Head of North Wharf.

WHEEL HEADS.
BOXES Common WHEEL HEADS, on consignment—for sale low by
Sept. 21. W. H. ADAMS.

SHAD! SHAD!
27 BARRELS and 10 Half Barrels SHAD Inspected No. 1, from Dorchester.
Sept. 21. JAMES MACFARLANE.

Here is Your Remedy!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A MOST MIRACULOUS CURE OF BAD LEGS, AFTER 43 YEARS' SUFFERING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. William Galpin, of 70, St. Mary's Street, Weymouth, dated May 15th, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

SIR,—At the age of 18 my wife (who is now 61) caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep. Every remedy that medical men advised was tried, but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your Advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and, strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are perfectly sound, without seam or scars, and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 43 years, and contrast them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature.
(Signed) WILLIAM GALPIN.

A PERSON 70 YEARS OF AGE CURED OF A BAD LEG, OF THIRTY YEARS' STANDING.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. William Abbs, Builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

SIR,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works, accompanied by scorbutic symptoms. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact.
(Signed) WILLIAM ABBS.
The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr. W. P. England, Chemist, 13 Market Street, Huddersfield.

A DREADFUL BAD BREAST CURED IN ONE MONTH.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated Dec. 13th, 1850.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

DEAR SIR,—My wife had suffered from Bad Breast, for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case, and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends. (Signed) FREDERICK TURNER.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF A DANGEROUS SWELLING OF THE KNEE.

Copy of a Letter from John Forfar, an Agriculturist, residing at Newborough, near Hexham, May 15, 1850

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

SIR,—I was afflicted with a swelling on each side of the leg, rather above the knee, for nearly two years, which increased to a great size. I had the advice of three eminent surgeons here, and was an inmate of the Newcastle Infirmary for four weeks. After various modes of treatment had been tried I was discharged as incurable. Having heard so much of your Pills and Ointment, I determined to try them, and in less than a month I was completely cured. What is more remarkable I was engaged twelve hours a day in the hay harvest, and although I have followed my laborious occupation throughout the winter, I have had no return whatever of my complaint. (Signed) JOHN FORFAR.

AN INFLAMMATION IN THE SIDE PERFECTLY CURED.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Francis Arnot, of Breahouse, Lothian Road, Edinbro', dated April 29th, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—For more than twenty years my wife has been subject, from time to time to attacks of inflammation in the side, for which she was bled and blistered to a great extent, still the pain could not be removed. About four years ago she saw, in the papers, the wonderful cures effected by your Pills and Ointment, and thought she would give them a trial. To her great astonishment and delight she got immediate relief from their use, and after persevering for three weeks, the pain in her side was completely cured, and she has enjoyed the best of health for the last four years.
(Signed) FRANCIS ARNOT.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases;—

Bad Legs	Chiego-foot	Sore-throats
Bad Breasts	Chilblains	Skin diseases
Burns	Chapped hands	Scurvy
Bunions	Corns (soft)	Sore-heads
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies	Cancers	Tumours
	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Ulcers
Fistulas	Gout	Wounds
Lumbago	Piles	Glandular Swellings
Rheumatism	Scalds	Sore Nipples
Coco-bay	Elephantiasis	Yaws

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar), London; and by S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 15, *King* Street, St. John, N. B.; A. Coy & Son, Fredericton; W T. Baird, Woodstock; Alexander Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and James G

AUTUMN.

BY LONGFELLOW.

Thou comest, Autumn! heralded by rain;
With banners by great gales incessant fanned,
Brighter than brightest silks of Samarcand,
And stately oxen harnessed to thy wain!
Thou standest, like imperial Charlemagne,
Upon thy bridge of gold; thy royal hand
Outstretched with benedictions o'er the land;
Blessing the farms through all thy vast domain,
Thy shield is the red harvest moon, suspended
So long beneath the heaven's o'erhanging caves;
Thy steps are by the farmer's prayer attended;
Like flames upon the altar shine the sheaves;
And following thee in thine ovation splendid,
Thine almoner, the wind, scatters the golden leaves.

AGRICULTURE AND ITS NEEDS.

—Truth can never be confirmed enough,
Though doubts did ever sleep.—*Shakespere.*

Agriculture and the life and employment of a farmer has ne er lacked its eulogists; indeed, it has been bepraised and lauded from classic days until now, beyond all other occupations which men follow for a subsistence. The members of all other active business calling, seem to look upon it as a pursuit rich in varied charms and ample rewards, and often picture to themselves a farmer's life, as free from the thousand cares that vex them now, and sigh for the time when they may retire from the anxieties of law, merchandize, medicine or politics, to enjoy the quiet elysium of a farm of their own, in some pleasant rural neighborhood. They have a kind of poetized idea of the business of carrying on a farm—very different from the experience of the practical agriculturist—and little dream of going earnestly to work themselves, or of depending upon their own labor or its products for support as he must do,—but they have made money in other occupations, and now propose to themselves a leisurely enjoyment of agricultural felicity.

Another class,—men who have had one sort of experience in the matter—look with very different opinions upon the pursuit of agriculture. We find the case well put by a contemporary journal:—"Look at that man, says one; he has toiled, toiled, toiled through long days and weary years, and what has he made?—something to be sure—but what he has got has been gained more by *saving* than by *making*. He has denied himself the fruit of his own labor. He has stinted himself and his family, and scarce allowed them the bare necessaries of life, and for what? Why to get a few paltry dollars together, that had he been engaged in any other business, he might have obtained with half the toil. Thus says the opposer of agriculture as an occupation, and he backs his assertion not by one case alone, but by scores." There are indeed too many, to whom this will truly apply. All they possess they owe to the closest economy and to hard work. The farm has been to them a scene of much toil and a source of little profit. To make "both ends meet" has taxed every energy, and all the surplus attained seemed to be at the expense of some much needed comfort or convenience.

Others—practical farmers, also—take another, and, it seems to us, a far more reasonable, and certainly a more encouraging view of the subject. They believe that agriculture underlies all other avocations of men, as their basis and substratum, and, "like the primal rock whose giant ribs and bones sustain the waters and their fleets—the fertile ground and its array of verdure—the lordly tree and modest flower—man and his mansions—so agriculture sustains all other employments, and provides the foundation, too often forgotten, on which they are erected. It is the fuel that feeds them all—it gives motive power to the great locomotive of human achievement." With this high idea of its importance, they do not content themselves to follow the old routine, whether successful or unsuccessful—they do not toil on satisfied that no improvements can be made—no more profitable course pursued—no waste prevented—no neglected crop, product, or fertilizer be turned to valuable account, but they apply all their energies, mental as well as physical, to the development of the resources of their farms, and the means at command around them. These men do not come to you with the tale of all work and no profit on their lips. These men not only save but *make* money, and they do it fairly and honestly, without stooping to the shifts and paltry meanness that too often disgrace other avocations.

How, then, stands the true state of the case? Is farming so pleasant as a pursuit, honorable as a profession, and profitable in result, or the contrary? We believe that, like other pursuits, there are certain requisites to success which may not be foregone. Enterprise, intelligence, capital, and industry, are necessary to this as to all other professions and pursuits.

"Successful agriculture," says the *New York Times*, "calls for something more than mere application of sinew. It is not enough to plant and hoe. Intellectual must mingle with physical toil; a good head, as well as a strong arm, is required In the development of the best mode of agricultural cultivation, observation, study, and experiment, are as necessary, as in the progress of natural philosophy. It is not only a science, but other sciences contribute, and are indispensable to its success. The study of soils—the best mode of enriching them—the proper alternation of crops—the adaptation of ground to wheat or corn, oats or hemp, root crops and vines, or clover and the grasses—the application of chemical principles to the treatment of the ground—the exhausting power of certain productions—the best system of irrigation—the true time of sowing, or harvesting, or felling of timber—the introduction of labor saving machines, or of new grains, plants, or fruits—how provisions may be preserved—how cattle fattened, and a hundred other kindred topics connected with agriculture, are subjects it may readily be seen, requiring something more than a superficial examination; calling, rather, for the highest efforts of scientific industry. Agriculture in its true sense, is an encyclopædia in itself—requiring great knowledge, fine powers of observation, high mental cultivation, assiduous thought and study, and opening its arms to ingenuity and invention."

The respectability—the dignity—of agricultural employments, few now question, in theory at least; and they would have still less cause to do so, would the farmer show himself always a true master-workman, and no bungler in his profession. Of its pleasure and profit there will ever be varied opinions, as men may succeed or fail—as they may make or lose in their experiments in farming. We repeat what we have repeated before, but

"Truth can never be confirmed enough"—

that, with the requisites to success in this, or any other pursuit—intelligence, capital, enterprise, and industry—agriculture will prove as profitable and far pleasanter, as a life-long employment than any other which may be chosen. Thus seems to us, *the true state of the case.*—*N. Y. Working Farmer.*

Vegetable Reproduction.

The reproduction of vegetables is very analogous to that of the animal kingdom. The organs of reproduction are the stamens and pistils. These are situated within the colored leaves which, together with these interior and essential parts, form the flower. Sometimes both stamen and pistil are found in the same flower, which is then called a perfect flower. Sometimes the flower has only a stamen or only a pistil, and then it is called an imperfect flower. It is necessary that the stamen and pistil should communicate in order to the reproduction of the plant In a perfect flower this communication is effected by the contact of the stamen and pistil. When, however, the flowers are separate, and communication cannot be had by contact, the fecundation is effected by the agency of the wind, which carries the pollen or dust of the stamen and deposits it on the pistil of the other flower. Sometimes the male and female flower are not on the same plant, but a different one, as is the case with the strawberry, the hemp and hop. Sometimes they are on the same plant, but a separate stem, as the melon. In plants of this kind, having imperfect flowers, the fecundation is exposed to be incomplete or to fail; and is sometimes assisted by the hand of the gardener. In this way the varieties of certain species of plants are chiefly produced.

These hybrid plants can be produced only when the parent species are nearly allied to each other. If the hybrid bear flowers which become fertilized by its own pollen, it may produce seeds from which similar plants may be raised. This may be repeated for two or three generations by agency of its own reproductive organs, or by intermixture with those of the parent stock or species. In this last case, however, it will be a new variety. If the several parent stocks from which the variety proceeded are of distinct species, the new hybrid race becomes soon extinct, unless it be continued by intermixture with one of the parent stocks; in which case it becomes merged in the stock.

Those flowers which contain the pistil are called fertile flowers, because they are capable of reproduction if fecundated by the stamens bearing flower. The sterile flowers may be easily distinguished from the fertile by the knob or bulb at the top of the stamen; which becomes covered with a fine yellow dust called pollen, which is the fructifying element of the stamen, and which must, in order to reproduction of the plant, be brought into contact with the stigma or expanded head of the pistil in the fertile flower.

This knowledge is valuable to gardeners, as by it they are enabled to select the suitable sets for strawberries and other fruits, to assist in the production of melons by placing the pollen on the stigma, and, by selection of pollen from different species, to produce new varieties.—*New England Farmer.*

Heavy Spade *v.* Light Fork.

Little stands have been made about the farm by manufacturers, who take advantage of the agricultural gathering at Tiptree to display such tools and implements as are thought worth displaying. . . The stand is made over a patch of the harderst soil, a spade is taken, and it is found that with much effort it is simply impossible to dig with it efficiently in soil so hard. The man then takes a light fork, weighing two pounds less than the agricultural fork commonly put into the hands of labourers. Its five narrow prongs are of cast steel, and it is completed of one solid piece without joint or weld. With this fork the man proceeds to dig with wonderful facility the heavy stony soil. The prongs of such forks yield place to the stones, and bend round them, loosening the soil, springing instantly, when withdrawn, into their original form. A match was on one occasion tried between two workmen, one of whom used the old-fashioned, rigid, and broad-bladed fork, the other used one of these light implements (Winton's Parkes's they are called) with narrow tines of elastic steel. The man with the light fork earned four shillings while the other was earning two shillings and threepence, and the heavy fork after the match required an outlay of sixpence for repairs. The savings in repairs and renovation pay for the light fork several times in the course of a year, and in labour the saving is so great, that a man using this fork is said to lift—by the saving of two pounds on each effort—five tons less in the course of a day's work than his old-fashioned neighbour. Some of these forks are made still lighter for the use of children, who can earn good day wages by the use of them at twelve-inch trenching. These forks were regarded as playthings by the men when they were first brought to Tiptree, but it was soon found that whoever could get one of them to use was saved twenty per cent. of labour, and was able to perform his work more thoroughly than it could otherwise be done. Thus it appears that there is room for Young Agriculture to display its brains, even upon a pitchfork.—*Dickens's Household Words.*

A Word for our Scientific Friends.

THE ELECTRIC TIME SIGNAL AT CHARING-CROSS.

To the Editor of the Daily News.

SIR,—I beg to forward you the following statement respecting the time signal recently erected, and now in operation, at the Electric Telegraph Company's Station, at Charing-cross.

It has for severnl years been the practice of the company to transmit daily to their more important stations in the provinces, as nearly as circumstances would permit, the true London time; but it was felt by the Electric Telegraph Company that, possessed as they were of means so extensive, it would be possible, as well as desirable, that an accuracy might be obtained, which would prove extremely valuable to the principal towns and sea ports in the United Kingdom, and be available, not only for ordinary, domestic, and commercial purposes, but also for the rating of chronometers, and for all scientific investigations, in which time forms an important element.

During the summer of last year a sum of money was accordingly voted by the Electric Telegraph Company for these objects; and I, as their engineer, was instructed to take all necessary steps for carrying them out. An application was soon after made to the Astronomer Royal, for his valuable and indispensable co-operation in the undertaking, which, it is needless to add, was instantly and most cordially afforded. He had, indeed, long contemplated a telegraphic communication between the Greenwich and other observatories, for astronomical purposes; and he proposed at once to make arrangements for giving the company a daily signal from Greenwich. Wires were accordingly laid down for him between the Observatory and the Lewisham station on the South Eastern Railway, and thence to London Bridge along this line; one of these wires was liberally appropriated for the Strand time signal, and was continued for that purpose through the streets by the Electric Telegraph Company to their office in the Strand. The permission of the South Eastern Railway was necessary for this arrangement, and was granted without hesitation; and the work along their line was executed by their able and well-known telegraph engineer, Mr. C. V. Walker. The ball at the Strand is liberated directly by a current sent from Greenwich through this wire. The ball, six feet in diameter, is made of zinc, and, with its attached piston, weighs about 2¼ cwt. When fully raised it is 129 feet above the level of the Thames, and it falls through a space of 10 feet. The rod which supports it passes down the centre of he column and carries at its base a piston, which, in its descent, plunges into a cast-iron air cylinder, ten inches in diameter, the escape of the air being regulated so as to check at pleasure the momentum of the ball, and prevent any concussion from its weight. The raising of the ball half-mast high takes place daily at ten minutes to 1: at five minutes to 1 it is raised to its full height, and at 1 precisely, and simultaneously with the fall of the ball at Greenwich it is liberated by the current sent from the Observatory. The true moment of 1 o'clock is therefore indicated by the first appearance of the line of light between the dark cross over the ball and the body of the ball itself. Should anything interfere with the operation, the ball will be lowered half-mast high, where it will remain until five minutes to 2, and will be liberated at 2 precisely by a second current from Greenwich, or will be slowly lowered to the base of the pole.

The illuminated clock now in course of erection in the centre of the crossing is moved by a voltaic current from a good regulator in the office; and is liable, therefore, only to the minute errors of this regulator during 24 hours; as by an apparatus attached to it, it is daily set right by the fall of the ball. The minute hand moves only at the termination of each minute, and the instant of its departure from any minute indicates the commencement of the next minute. It will thus be found to move over the last minute before 1 o'clock, simultaneously with the fall of the ball. The Telegraph Company is indebted to Mr. Clark, the extensive lamp manufacturer in the Strand, for the willingness with which he gave up the prominent site selected. It is well known that the communication of time by means of voltaic currents, originated with Mr. A. Pain, who has lent his valuable assistance in the details.

The time-ball already acts with the greatest precision. The internal arrangements of the clock are, however, not quite complete, but will be so in the course of a few days. Absolute reliance may at all times be placed on the correctness of the signals whenever they are given, and it is hoped that the arrangements made are so perfect that few interruptions will occur.

The Electric Telegraph Company intend to make similar arrangements for signalizing time at their stations in most of the principal towns throughout England.

EDWIN CLARKE.

Electric Telegraph Company, Engineer's Office, 448, Strand, Sept. 7, 1852.

HOW TO CATCH SHEEP.—In catching sheep never seize them by the wool on the back, as it hurts them exceedingly, and has in some cases, been known to kill them, particularly in hot weather, if they are large and fat. Indeed, the best way is to avoid the wool altogether, and to accustom yourself to take them by the hind leg, or what is still better, by the neck, placing one hand under the jaw, and the other at the back of the ears; by lifting up the head, a child may hold almost any sheep.—*Maine Farmer.*

VICTORIA HOUSE,

PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
Saint John, June 5th, 1852.

JAMES DOHERTY & CO.
British and Foreign Importers,
BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF
EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS
OF
Spring and Summer Goods!!
PER STEAMSHIPS
Niagara, Canada, America, Europa, Cambria:—
AND PER SHIPS
"Sir Harry Smith," "Alciope," "Cambria," and "Devon," from London, Liverpool and Glasgow, Comprising a Magnificent Assortment of the LEADING NOVELTIES for the Season, in
BROCADED and Plain SILKS and SATINS
Fancy DRESS GOODS, in every novelty
BRITISH and FOREIGN SHAWLS,
PARIS Made MANTLES and VISITES;
Leghorn, Tuscan, and Straw BONNETS;
RIBBONS;
LACES,
PARASOLS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
STAYS.
LADIES' VESTS,
HABIT SHIRTS;
CHEMAZETTES & COLLARS;
BROAD CLOTHS:
TROWSERINGS;
VESTINGS, &c.;
FLANNELS;
BLANKETS, &c.;
FAMILY MOURNING, &c. &c.
☞ FRESH ARRIVALS *of choicest and latest Styles of Goods by every British Steamer once a fortnight from our Buyer, resident in England.*
*** ONLY ONE PRICE MADE, FROM WHICH THERE CAN BE NO DEVIATION.
JAMES DOHERTY & CO.

Window Glass, Feathers, &c.
Just received, and offered for sale,
14,000 FEET large sizes, superior quality White WINDOW GLASS:
80 bags Steamed FEATHERS, three different qualities, *(oil all extracted)*;
10 boxes, assorted sizes, LOOKING-GLASS PLATES;
2 cases Writing PAPERS and Blank Writing BOOKS;
1000 pieces, New Patterns, PAPER HANGINGS;
25 dozen assorted CHAIRS, &c.
Patterns of superior and high-priced Paper Hangings are to be seen, any of which can be ordered, deliverable in ten or twelve days.
JOHN KINNEAR,
Sept. 21. *Prince Wm. Street.*

August 1st, 1852.

Groceries! Groceries!

JAMES MACFARLANE,
MARKET SQUARE.
In Store---(Bond, or Duty paid.)
101 HHDS. and 10 Tierces Prime Matanzas MOLASSES,
[Early crop, and stored in a cool Cellar;
25 Hhds. Porto Rico MOLASSES,
50 Hhds. Cuba and Porto Rico SUGARS,
100 Chests Congo, Souchong, and Pekoe Souchong TEAS,
50 Half-chests and boxes Oolong, Fine Congo, &c. &c.
50 Boxes *TOBACCO*, well assorted,
40 Boxes Java, Laguira, and St. Domingo *COFFEES*,
20 Casks Pale SEAL OIL,
10 Barrels Dog OIL,
300 Bags Liverpool SALT, fine and coarse,
Mould and Dip Candles, Soaps, Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs, Indigo, Spices, Cigars, &c. &c.
☞ A full Stock of articles in the Trade, for sale low. JAMES MACFARLANE.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.
Per *Sarah Louisa*, and *Commodore:*
A further supply of ELECTRO PLATED Goods consisting of
CANDLESTICKS, Cake Baskets, Tea Sets, Salvers, Castors, Snuffers and Trays, Butter Coolers, Toast Racks, Brass Candlesticks, Children's Cups, (Sugar Bowls, new styles.)
Also—New *JEWELLERY*, in Gold Settings; Brooches, Rings, Chains, Pencil Cases, Guards, Habit Brooches, Gold Pens, Presentation Pens, &c. &c.; with a great variety of FANCY GOODS—all direct from the first Makers, and made expressly for our Retail Business; they are offered at such prices for Cash, as will meet the wishes of all parties.
An early inspection is solicited.
☞ Watches and Jewellery carefully Repaired.
*** Further supplies expected daily.
ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22.—6i. Proprietors.

TWENTY-FIVE CASES OF
India-Rubber Boots & Shoes.
Received by the schooner *London*, from New York, and *Pearl*, from Boston, assorted as follows:—
MEN'S and Women's OVER-SHOES;
Misses' and Children's ditto; Women's Busins and Gaiters; Men's India-rubber Boots; Women's (Jenny Lind) Boots.
Also—100 cases Leather and Cloths BOOTS and SHOES, among which are Men's Boots and Brogans; Men's SLIPPERS and PUMPS; Women's Buskins and Shoes; Women's Enamelled and Jenny Lind Shoes; Youths' and Boys' Brogans and Shoes; Misses' and children's Lace Boots and Shoes, for sale only by the case.
I am authorised to state, that a constant stock of the above kinds of goods (in the Shoe Trade) will be kept in my hands for sale, and buyers may expect to get them on better terms than they can be imported.
Also, constantly on hand—*PAINTS* and *OILS*; NAILS and SPIKES; WINDOW GLASS, from 6x8 up to 40x50; Flint Glass of all kinds; Wooden Ware; Brooms; 10,000 pieces Paper Hangings; English and American Oil Floor Cloth and Canvas; Warranted Seasoned Cane and Wood-seat Chairs, of every kind; Groceries, Spices, Drugs, Dyes, &c.
JOHN KINNEAR,
June 1. Prince Wm.-street.

India Rubber Machine Belting, Engine Packing and Hose.
MILL OWNERS and Machinists are hereby notified that the subscriber has been appointed by the *Boston Belting Company*, their Agent for the sale of INDIA RUBBER BELTING, PACKING and HOSE, and that a supply of these Goods will be kept constantly on hand.—Eight bbls ENGINE PACKING just received.
W. H. ADAMS,
Corner Market Square and Dock-street.
March 23, 1852.

Groceries, Liquors, &c.
Landing per 'Sir Harry Smith,' from London:
30 HHDS. GENEVA;
40 kegs MUSTARD, Coleman's;
2 cwt. *STARCH*, Coleman's;
2 cases CASSIA; 2 casks mixed PICKLES;
5 boxes Sperm *CANDLES*;
2 cwt. WHITE LEAD, Brandram's;
5 casks PUTTY; 15 brls WHITING;
5 casks Washing SODA; 2 casks ALUM;
1 cask VITRIOL;
6 kegs F and FF Gunpower, Hall & Sons.
May 4. FLEWWELLING & READING.

No 17, King Street.
Cheap Hat, Cap, & Fur Store.
THE Subscribers will open their *New Store, No. 17, King Street*, on Saturday, May 1, with an extensive variety of new and fashionable GOODS, imported by late arrivals and manufactured expressly for this Establishment.
It being fitted up in the Modern Style and adapted to their trade, and as all articles will be marked at prices decidedly to the advantage of the purchaser; which combined will offer an additional inducement to our Customers and the public to continue their patronage. A Call is requested.
April 30, 1852.—4i. LOCKHART & CO.

LONDON HOUSE.
MARKET SQUARE,
December 20th, 1851.
Just received per Steamer 'Asia,' via Halifax:
RICH Plaid BONNET RIBBONS;
SATINS; GROS DE NAPS; PERSIANS;
FANCY TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.
T. W. DANIEL.

GLAZED HATS.—Just received from Halifax, per *Loyal*—7 cases containing 56 doz. Glazed Hats, which will be sold Wholesale or Retail by
C. D. EVERETT & SON,
East side Market Square and
April 27. *North Side King-Street.*

EXHIBITION CLOTHS!
GOLDEN FLEECE, Prince Wm.-st.
May 29th, 1852.
GILCHRIST & INCHES have just received and opened A CASE OF PATENT FINISHED BLACK CLOTH—*an entirely new article*, of superior quality, which will be sold low by the piece, or retail. June 1.

Havana Cigars and Tobacco.
FIVE THOUSAND *HAVANA CIGARS*, and Five boxes superior Chewing Tobacco —*"Diadem of Old Virginia,"*—just received and for sale by THOMAS M. REED,
Aug. 24. Head of North Wharf.

BURNING FLUID, &c.
3 CASKS Porter's BURNING FLUID;
10 brls. Crushed SUGAR; 14 bales Lute and Alicante MATS.
June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

MESS PORK & LARD OIL—Per steamer Creole, from Boston—10 brls Mess Pork; 4 brls Extra Lard Oil.
July 20 JAMES MACFARLANE.

RUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
THIS PAINT is entirely free from any injurious properties whatever; it is healthful in manufacture—healthful in use—healthful to occupants of rooms newly painted with it. It is unparalleled in whiteness, clearness, and brilliancy of color—and permanent. Two hundred weight of this Paint, with *nine gallons of Oil*, will cover as much surface as three hundred weight of White Paint made from Lead, and *twelve gallons of Oil.*
Further particulars will be given at another time.
☞ A quantity of this Paint, in kegs of all sizes, is expected from London about the end of this month. JOHN KINNEAR,
April 6. *Prince Wm. Street.*

Pipes, Pipes, Pipes.
In course of landing, ex the Barque *Oremocto*, from Glasgow:
200 BOXES Tobacco PIPES, 5 to 10 gross each, of first quality and description, put up expressly to suit the *St. John market*—for sale low while landing, by
JOHN V. THURGAR,
May 4, 1852. *North Market Wharf.*

HARDWARE.
Corner Dock Street and Market Square.
W. H. ADAMS
HAS received by late arrivals from England and the United States, extensive additions to his former Stock of HARDWARE, comprising all Goods usually kept by the trade. May 25.

Bay State Mills Manufactures.
The Subscriber has just received per Steamer *Admiral*, from Boston—
A FEW sample Packages of Fancy CASSIMERES—a new and superior style of Goods; also of Scarlet and Red Twilled FLANNELS—The Manufacture of the *Bay State Mills, Massachusetts.*
☞ The early attention of parties in the Dry Goods Business is requested to the above Goods, to be viewed at the Warehouse of
JOHN V. THURGAR,
17th April, 1852. *North Market Wharf*

Tea, Clover Seed, &c.
Landing, ex "*Loyal*," from Halifax—
15 CHESTS Fine Congou TEA.
Ex Admiral, from Boston—
15 barrels Northern CLOVER SEED;
23,000 CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS.—For sale by JARDINE & CO.
April 20.

Flour, Tobacco, and Tea.
On Consignment ex "N. Noyes," from Boston:
200 BARRELS Superfine Canada FLOUR—*Fancy Brands;*
10 chests and 10 half-chests best Congo TEA, Shanghai importation;
30 boxes TOBACCO, of the following Brands—Palo Alto, Randolph, Lamartine, John Cary, E. A. Price, and Thompson's.—For sale at low rates. GEORGE THOMAS,
April 27. *South Wharf.*

JANUARY, 1852.
English and American Paper Hangings, &c.
FOR SALE BY—JOHN KINNEAR,
Prince William Street.
6000 PIECES, principally low prices and new patterns;
250 assorted cane and wood seat Rocking and other CHAIRS.
A large variety of American Wooden WARE, COAN BROOMS, &c. Jan. 27.

Oats! Oats! Oats!
Just received from Sackville:
250 BUSHELS BLACK OATS,
And from Glasgow—
36 bushels POTATO and HOPETON OATS.
For sale low by JARDINE & CO.
May 18, 1852.

Scythes, Shot, &c.
Landing ex ship *Devon*, from Liverpool—
100 DOZEN Griffin's SCYTHES;
10 boxes English Scythe Hones;
60 bags *SHOT*; 1 hhd. *BATH BRICKS*;
2 hhds. GOLDEN SYRUP;
10 boxes "Halls's" Patent STARCH;
Ex schooner "Franklin," from Boston—
10 casks RICE; 25 bags Gov't. Java COFFEE;
Bitter and Shelled ALMONDS; SNUFF;
TOBACCO; LEMONS, &c.
Ex *Victoria*, from New York—
15 barrels *CLOVER SEED*;
20 barrels New-York City MESS PORK.—For sale by [May 18.] JARDINE & CO.

Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins.
NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION—
A SPLENDID assortment of *TWEEDS* and *DOESKINS*, in the newest styles and patterns. Purchasers in want of such articles, have now an opportunity of selecting from an entirely new stock, which can be MADE UP TO ORDER on the Premises, if required.
June 1. GILCHRIST & INCHES.

Fresh SEEDS!
Just received by the 'Fusilde,' from London:—
A FRESH and well selected Stock of GARDEN, FIELD, and FLOWER SEEDS; for sale by
THOMAS M. REED,
May 4. *Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.*

TO FARMERS.
THE subscribers are now receiving One Hundred Barrels of Ground BONES, and a large variety of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
May 18. JARDINE & CO.

London House, Market square,
JUNE 1st, 1852.
JUST received, another lot of Ladies' VISITES, in all the newest shapes, same as last.
June 1. T. W. DANIEL.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.
Just landed from ship "Sir Harry Smith:"—
15 CASES assorted PICKLES;
6 do. Preserved FRUITS;
6 do. SAUCES, and SALAD OIL;
20 do. MUSTARD, *a superior article:*
10 cases containing JAMS, JELLIES, ORANGE MARMALADE, Italian MACCARONI, and VERMICELLI; for sale low by
THOMAS M. REED,
May 11. *Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.*

Drugs, Medicines, &c.
THE subscriber has received per *Themis*, the remainder of his Fall Stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, *Perfumery, Brushes, Pickels, Sauces* &c., all of which are warranted of the best quality and for sale on reasonable terms.
T. M. REED,
Head of North Wharf.
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, BURNING FLUID, of superior quality always on hand.
October 28.

CIGARS! CIGARS!
10,000 LA DESEADA CIGARS just received and for sale by THOMAS M. REED,
Dec. 16. Head of North Wharf

Richard Cobden.
Received by the above vessel, from New York—
60 CHESTS Superior Souchong TEAS,—*"Esther Mary's" Cargo.*
Dec. 16 FLEWWELLING & READING.

HARDWARE, &c.
Received ex 'Alciope,' 'Cambria,' 'Samuel,' and 'Devon,' from Liverpool, 'Sir Harry Smith' from London, and 'Oremocto,' from the Clyde:—
12 SMITHS' BELLOWS, 12 ANVILS;
24 VICES, 1 cask Smiths' HAMMERS and SLEDGES; 2 casks TRACES;
1 cask OX CHAINS; 1 do. Halter Chains and Back Bands.
Casks Close Link CHAIN ¼, 5-16 and ⅜ inch.
2 tons Horse and Ox NAILS, 60 bags Wrought Nails, from 5dy to 40 dy.
50 bags *Patent Pressed Nails*, from ⅜ inch to 6inch.
10 bags Clout Nails; 10 bags Block Rivetts, 1 cask Tinman's and Coopers' Rivetts;
¼ ton Clinch RINGS, from ⅜ to 1¼ inch;
2 tons SPIKES, from 4 to 9 inch;
8 do. Pots, Bakepans, Spare Covers, Fry Pans and Griddles;
1 ton Shoe Bills, ⅜ and ½ inch; 2 do. Brass Sparrowbills, 3 do. Zinc do.;
1¼ ton Sad Irons, 1 ton Cart Boxes assorted;
12 pigs Block Tin, 1 cask Strip TIN;
1 cask Zinc; 1 ton SHOT; 3 sheets *LEAD*;
1 ton Lead Pipe; 100 Plough MOULDS;
1 ton Plough Plating; 1 ton Blister *STEELS*;
½ ton spring STEEL; 1 ton square, Octagon Round and Flat CAST STEEL;
6 casks Tea Kettles, Sauce pans, Digesters, and Enamel'd Preserve Kettles;
95 Rings WIRE, Brass, Copper and Iron, all sizes.
75 dozen Griffin SCYTHES; 50 dozen Reaping Hooks and Sickles.
60 dozen Handled SPADES and SHOVELS.
150 dozen Steel'd Miners or round point Shovels, Garden Rakes, Hoes, and Trowels.
1 ton Block Bushes; 16 dozen long handled Fry Pans;
10 do. short handled Fry Pans.
500 Patent Block Bushings.
100 Hoole, Staniforth & Co's Gang Saws, 54 feet.
50 Rowland's Vicker's, and Hoole & Co's MILL SAWS, 6 6½ and 7 feet.
Circular SAWS, from 12 to 30 inches.
Cross Cut, Hand, Tenon, and other Saws in variety.
3 cases Thompson's Scotch Screw AUGERS, from ⅜ inch to 2 inch, long and short screw.
3 cases GUNS and PISTOLS, Shot BELTS, Pouches, and Percussion Caps.
3 casks Vickers's Mill, X Cut, Hand, Tenon and other FILES and RASPS.
1 cask Hair Seating and Curled HAIR;
1 cask Wire Cloth and Grating.
1 cask Cart Hames; 2 do. Bara Hinges.
2 casks Butt H H T Strap and Chest Hinges.
1 case Patent White Metal, Brass, and Brass Joint HINGES; 18 casks, containing every variety of LOCKS, Brass Foundry and general Shelf HARDWARE and Cut LERY; 104 kegs POWDER, all qualities; 3 tons Brandram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD; Red, Yellow and Black PAINTS; 1 do. London PUTTY; 1 case of BRUSHES; with the Stock on hand, comprising one of the best assorted stocks in the City, which will be sold very low for approved payments, by W. TISDALE & SON.
June 1, 1852.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.
Per "*Commodore*" and "*Sarah Louisa*"—
WILL be opened in a few days—10 casks and cases of BLOCK TIN and JAPANNED GOODS, consisting of Tea Trays, Waiters, and Bread Baskets; Toilet Sets, Dish Covers, Teapots, Coffee Pots, Filterers; Hecla's Teddy Kettles, on stands; Egg Coolers, Sugar Boxes, Spice Boxes, Paste Cutters, Jelly Moulds, Baking Dishes, Nutmeg graters, Soup Tureens, Nursery Lamps, Slop Pails, Coal Vases, Candlesticks, Pattie Pans, Lamp Heads, Fish Trowels and Slices, Foot Warmers, Knife Dippers, Wash Basins, Mastic Kettles, Snuffer Trays, Tackets, Tart Pans, &c. &c., with a large variety of other furnishing articles, too numerous to particularise in the limits of an advertisement—AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.
ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22.—6i. Proprietors

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!
Received from Paris—
1 CASE ROOM PAPER—latest designs —which will be sold exceedingly low wholesale or retail, if applied for immediately.
June 12. W. H. ADAMS.

TOBACCO & CIGARS.
Just received from New York,
67 BOXES TOBACCO, various brands;
25,000 very choice Havana CIGARS.
June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

Seeds, Nuts, &c.
Landing ex 'Cuba,' from Boston—
CARROT Seed, early jefferson and sweet corn; Pumpkin and Squash Seed; Ploughs; Cultivators; Seed Sowers, Forks, Spades, Shovels, &c. 4 sacks Grenoble Walnuts; 10 boxes Oranges; 1 frail Dates; 20 drums Figs; 2 casks Honey.
April 27. JARDINE & CO

50 Kegs Nails, &c. just received,
consisting of the following:—
FOURPENNY Rose and Clasp wrought Nails,
6d'y and 8d'y do. do. do.
10d'y and 12d'y do. do. do.
4d'y and 6d'y OX NAILS,
8d'y and 9d'y HORSE NAILS.
11 and 2 inch BOAT NAILS.
—ALSO—
10 barrels Sea Elephant OIL,
10 barrels Spirits of Turpentine,
18 boxes large size GLASS—up to 32x40,
400 assorted size LOOKING GLASSES,
25 gross Mason's BLACKING,
12 gross Castor Oil BOTTLES,
1 barrel superior American Castor OIL, and one case containing
Hair and Cloth BRUSHES, Shaving Boxes, Shaving Glasses, Dressing Cases, &c.
JOHN KINNEAR,
July 13 *Prince Wm.-street.*

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B,
Per *Commodore*, and *Sarah Louisa*,—Just received—a beautiful assortment of GAS FITTINGS, consisting of
1, 2, and 3 light CHANDELIERS, complete;
Pendants, Brackets, Hall Lamps, Gasaliers, in Bronze and Bronzed and relieved, direct from one of the first Manufacturers in England—GLASS GLOBES to suit; GIG LAMPS, &c. &c.
☞ The above are made expressly for Private Dwellings, and will be found superior to any in the market, the styles being quite new—they are offered at the lowest cash prices.
ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22.—6i. Proprietors

LUBIN'S PERFUMERY.
THE subscriber has just received an extensive assortment of the above celebrated Perfumery, consisting of Rose, Geranium, Jocky Club, Sweet Briar, Heliotrope, Verbena. Also—A fresh supply of *FARINAS, COLOGNE*, and *LAVENDER WATER.*
THOMAS M. REED,
June 1. Head of North Wharf.

Four Hundred Boxes
7x9, 8x10, and 10x12 German Sheet Window Glass,
Of an approved quality, and for sale at a low price.
—ALSO—
5 Boxes Coloured GLASS—Ruby, Green, Purple, Yellow and Blue, sizes to suit buyers.
June 1. JOHN KINNEAR.

Superfine Flour & Clover Seed.
Landing ex "Rainbow," from New York:
50 BRLS. Canada Superfine FLOUR.
Ex "Admiral," from Boston:—
10 bags CLOVER and GRASS SEED.
JAMES MACFARLANE,
May 11 *Market Square.*

New and Handsome PAPER HANGINGS.
Just received per steamer Eastern City—
A NEW supply of PAPER HANGINGS, comprising the *cheapest* and most beautiful variety we have had this season. Those who want a good and handsome Paper at a very cheap price, will please call and examine the assortment.
Ju. 27. S. K. FOSTER.