

# THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. I. No. 11.

ST. JOHN'S NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1916.

Price: One Cent.

## Last Night's Cables

### The Terms of Peace Of Entente Allies

#### Demands Include Status Quo Ante, Indemnities, and Retention of German Colonies

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Spectator devotes the greater part of yesterday's issue in answering President Wilson's question to what are the peace terms of the Entente Allies. Briefly summarized the principal demands as outlined by the Spectator is as follows:— "Peace terms as a start from the status quo before the war, thus including evacuation of the whole of Northern France, Belgium and Luxembourg, of all lands taken from Serbia, Roumania, Russia and Montenegro; Alsace-Lorraine is to be restored to France. The Danish portion of Schleswig-Holstein is to go to Denmark and Posen, Polish Prussia and Austrian Poland are to be added to the new Kingdom of Poland, which the Czar pledges to create. The Slavs of Bosnia, Herzegovina, Dalmatia and Croatia are to be created into a new Kingdom. Bohemia is to be an independent state and the Roumanian section of Transylvania is to be added to Roumania. The whole of Austrian Tyrol plus Trieste, Istria and the other portions of Austria which Italian blood was shed for will be added to Italy. Turkey

must yield Constantinople and the Straights.

The Russian Armenians are to be put under Russian tutelage, the Arabs to be freed, while Syria, Asia Minor and Mesopotamia are to be under external protection guaranteeing tranquillity. German colonies are to remain in the hands of the Entente Powers.

Moreover, money indemnities for the ruin of Germany has done Belgium and France, Serbia and Montenegro.

Regarding shipping, Germany must make reparation in kind for all ships and commerce destroyed, ton for ton. Neutral shipping to be replaced only after all demands of the Allies have been satisfied. The German navy to be handed over and distributed among the Entente nations as a guarantee against future war.

The Allies are to insist upon the democratization of the German Government. The Kiel Canal to be neutralized under international non-German commission including the United States and other neutrals.

### CANADIAN P.M.G. DEAD

MONTREAL, Dec. 29.—Hon. L. Casgrain, Postmaster General died this morning, in Ottawa, after a brief illness, from pneumonia.

### ANOTHER PEACE NOTE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Turkey's reply to President Wilson's peace note received today by the State Department is substantially the same as Germany's and Austria's.

A  
S  
M  
A  
R  
T  
S  
U  
I  
T



is what you are looking for, and you will get one here. Our made-to-order suits are guaranteed perfect, in style, and finish, and are made of first class material. All the newest weaves and patterns in the finest fabrics, that will look stunning, when made to fit you. The cut, and fit, will without doubt, be better than any you have had before. We know our business, and strive to satisfy everyone. That's why we have so many permanent customers. Why not be one yourself?

**W. H. JACKMAN,**  
39 WATER STREET WEST. 2 Doors East Railway Station.  
Phone 795. P. O. Box 186.

### ROUMANIANS LOSE SOME GROUND

PETROGRAD, Dec. 30.—Petrograd says Roumanian troops were driven back nearly a mile in a desperate battle, also is reported taking place near Sesmezo, near Olina and within the Moldavian boundary, north of Rimnik Sarat all attacks were repulsed.

According to Field Marshall von Mackensen reached Dumirestr, about 12 miles west of Rimnik Sarat. North east of that town troops under his command have captured several villages. The number of prisoners taken by this army totals 400 in addition to cannon and machine guns.

Roumania and Dobrudja is now almost cleared of defenders as Berlin says Ratcheln, northeast of Matchin bridgehead across the Danube from Bralla, has been conquered. Ratchalu is on the Danube.

West of the Meuse and Verdun region forces of the German Crown Prince have repulsed attacks by French troops against new German positions. Lemart Homme, where the second and third lines of trenches were entered by the Germans 220 prisoners and seven machine guns were taken.

Paris admits slight success for the Germans in this sector, saying the trench south of Lemart Homme was entered by the attackers. Other efforts to advance were repulsed.

### BATTLE OF SOMME SWEEPING TRIUMPH

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Battle of the Somme is pictured as a sweeping triumph for the Allied arms in a detailed report of General Sir Douglas Haig, which was issued tonight and which covers operations from July 1 to November 18. General Haig terms the battle a triumph in which the German western armies were only saved from a complete collapse and decisive defeat by a protracted period of unfavorable weather, which prevented the Anglo-French forces from taking full advantage of their successful advance. He declares nevertheless it was a triumph which proves beyond doubt the abilities of the Allies to overthrow the Germans when the time comes. The British Commander himself is a firm believer in the doctrine that the Allies, can win the war on the western front.

### TO SECURE ALCOHOL SUPPLY

LONDON, Dec. 30.—It is officially announced today that owing to constantly increasing requirements for alcohol for the production of munitions and for other war purposes the Minister of Munitions has appointed a committee representing the distillery interests as well as the Government department to consider the best means to adopt to secure adequate supplies.

### DEUTSCHLAND TO CARRY MAIL

BERLIN, Dec. 29.—The merchant submarine Deutschland and her sister ships will carry, on future voyages, special mail at a rate calling those of transcontinental post in the days of the forty-niners. A special charge of two marks for post card or letter not exceeding twenty grams in weight will be levied in addition to regular international postage.

### ALLIES REPLY EXPECTED

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—The London correspondent of The Tribune cabled last night as follows: "The joint reply of the Entente Allies to the peace notes of Germany and the United States is expected to go to President Wilson to-morrow or Saturday."

### GERMAN FEAR IS REAL CAUSE

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Hilaire Belloc, military critic, in the forthcoming detailed review of war in 1916, attributes Germany's anxieties for peace to an exhaustion of her effectives, a result of the new tactical method adopted by the Allies which inflicts, by local offensive, greater losses upon the defence than are suffered by the attacking troops.

### SHIP LOST WITH MANY LIVES

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—A News Agency despatch from Tokio today says three hundred persons, mostly Chinese laborers, perished in the wreck of the Sankaku Maru off Chefoo, according to estimates today. Some victims, survivors, said, were killed by Chinese pirates, who boarded the grounded ship. The pirates robbed and attacked passengers and plundered the ship's stores. The American Consulate at Dalren today reported the rescue of two foreign survivors.

### ALLIES' AIR RAID.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A despatch from Amsterdam to The Times says:—"Heavy firing at Zeebrugge, yesterday, indicated another air raid on a German submarine base. Telegraphs from a frontier correspondent, state that a squadron of airmen appeared above Zeebrugge at 11.30 and remained until past midday. People in the vicinity heard exploding bombs and observing soldiers were subject to a brisk bombardment on the coast near Zeebrugge."

### SCANDINAVIAN COUNTRIES SEND NOTES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Three Scandinavian nations, Norway, Sweden and Denmark, through identical notes of Norwegian's reply which was handed to the State Department today by Minister Bryan, have expressed lively interest in President Wilson's proposals looking towards establishment of a desirable peace, their sympathies to shorten war. Unlike Swiss Government which offered help any way no matter how modest Scandinavian countries make no direct offer of co-operation this fact attached particular interest because Norway particularly has been the most to suffer from war among neutrals.

### SIR CECIL S. RICE MAY RESIGN

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—A special cable to The World from London says a rumor is prevalent that Ambassador Sir Cecil Spring Rice, whose health never has been robust, may elect to retire from his post at Washington. Following upon the change of Government there has been some severe criticisms in certain quarters of his alleged inability to cope with the German Ambassador's presentation of the German case at Washington, but Sir Cecil has generally been regarded as filling a position of immense difficulty, with success.

### TO MOBILIZE CIVILIANS

PARIS, Dec. 30.—Henri Berenger today introduced in the Senate a bill which provided for the mobilization of civilians of France into auxiliary service for national defence. The bill provides for the calling up of all citizens between the ages of 17 and 60 years.

### THREE MORE PEACE NOTES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A joint peace note from Norway, Sweden and Denmark arrived here today and will be made public later.

### AIRMAN KILLED

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Lieut. Gustav Leffers, a noted German aviator, is credited with bringing down five British aeroplanes, also recently decorated with the order Pour Le Merite, has been killed in an air engagement on the Western front, the Overseas News agency announced today.

### ANOTHER PEACE NOTE

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The Scandinavian Government have sent a joint note to the belligerents, supporting the peace note of President Wilson.

## To-Day's Cables

### Deportation of Belgians An Outrage

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—A London despatch to the News Agency here says Germany is now going so far in Belgian deportations as to arrest and transfer from Belgian soil Belgians engaged in relief work who were heretofore protected by card of the American Minister of Justice.

### SOME SUCCESS FOR BRITISH

LONDON, Dec. 30.—A British official statement issued after midnight says a party of our troops successfully raided the enemy's lines east of Lessars on Thursday. Eventually, the trenches were found to have been greatly damaged by our artillery fire. A raid was attempted Friday evening on our positions east of Armentieres, but was repulsed.

After a comparatively quiet night artillery activity was resumed with vigor to-day, Friday. Both sides are reaching the pitch of intensity along our front.

South of the Ancre and in the neighborhood of Berles, in spite of adverse weather, some successful work has been done yesterday and Thursday by our aeroplanes in conjunction with our artillery. One of our machines has not returned.

### STEAMER SINKS WITH RUSSIAN REGIMENT

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The Finnish steamer Orchonna, 1070 tons, with a regiment of Russian coast artillery, from the Aland Islands on board, struck a mine and sank in a few minutes, according to a despatch from Copenhagen. All on board with the exception of 50 persons are said to have been drowned.

### DESTRUCTIVE FIRE OF FRENCH ARTILLERY

PARIS, Dec. 30.—A War Office communication issued tonight says: Between the Aisne and Poize our artillery carried out a destructive fire on the German organizations. In the region of Quenniviers our patrols penetrated trenches which had been badly shattered. They had been evacuated by the Germans on the left bank of the Meuse.

The enemy violently bombarded, in the course of the afternoon, our position between the Meuse and Avocourt. We stopped several attacks attempted by means of grenades, at various points on this front. Everywhere else there was intermittent cannonading.

### CORONATION DAY IN BUDAPEST

BUDAPEST, Dec. 30.—Coronation festivities are in full swing here under the brightest winter skies.

Budapest, for the time being, seems to have forgotten the war, a holiday crowd moves through the streets in gay white flags and bunting, and many people in splendid national garb. The principal thoroughfares are crowded with automobiles and state carriages, mounted and unmounted troops and officers in full dress, nobles in may gar costumes.

The coronation ceremony will be begun at 7 o'clock Saturday morning.

### STEAMERS SUNK

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Lloyd's announces that the British steamers Oronay, 3,761 tons, and Moreddio, 3,069 tons, have been sunk.

### Germans Pressing on Three Sides New Thrust Has Been Started by Austro-Cermans Along Mol- davian Front

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Pressing upon southern Moldavia from three sides, apparently with all their vigor, the forces of the Central Powers are making progress against stiff resistance. On the Transylvania Moldavian front, in the region north of Rimnik, Sarat and Dobrudja, opposite Bralla, Berlin reports the Austro-German and Bulgarian troops are advancing. A new thrust has seemingly been started by the Austro-Germans along the Moldavian front,

### SPECULATION ON HOLLAND'S ATTITUDE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—It was indicated to-day in diplomatic quarters that they will not send communications regarding President Wilson's note, on the official understanding that the note was addressed to them largely for their own information and not to solicit the action of Holland, whose attitude has been the subject of much speculation, and who also was said to be unlikely to take any action, owing to the feeling there that it might appear unneutral to one side or the other and militate against the location of eventual peace conference in that country. Beyond the fact that the Spanish Cabinet has not yet decided on Spain's action no further information has come from the Spanish Embassy to-day.

### COALITION GOVT. FOR ROUMANIA

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—According to News Agency a despatch from Jassy Roumania, today, says Roumanian cabinet has been reconstructed on coalition basis with M. Bratiano as Premier and Foreign Minister.

## NEW YEAR'S CONCERT NEW YEAR'S NIGHT ST. PATRICK'S HALL.

(Under the distinguish patronage of His Excellency the Governor and His Grace the Archbishop).  
A popular programme of Music will be furnished by a number of our leading Singers, Musicians and Entertainers.  
Tickets—Reserved Seats at Atlantic Book Store, 50 cents. General Admission, 30 and 20 cents.  
A few Saturday tickets can be had at St. Patrick's Hall.

## POSITIVELY Last Trip.

### S. S. SUSU

Sailing Wednesday Noon, January 3rd.  
**FOGO MAIL SERVICE.**  
ALL PORTS CALL.  
Freight received until Tuesday 5 p.m.  
**NFLD. PRODUCE CO., LTD.**

## THE DEATH OF BACCHUS

TOMORROW HE DIES.

"Tomorrow he dies, cries the grief-stricken mother, Bacchus thou tyrant and godless king, I never hated so strong such another, As thee, but tomorrow you lose your sting."

"For years I have suffered, thou creature inhuman, My husband a prey fell to your base decoys, Such is the story of many a woman, Who's glad that tomorrow hold Bacchus he dies."

"Tomorrow he dies, cries the father heart-broken, For years I have waited and prayed night and day, Bacchus, thou villain, thou left me a token, My son, oh, my son, of your wiles he's a prey."

"I reared him to manhood, gave him all he needed, You made a fool of the boy I did prize, Sensible men all your deeds have conceded, And they shout with derision, tomorrow he dies."

"Tomorrow he dies, cries the wife ever faithful, My husband who once was a kind man and true, To me and his children he's proven most hateful, And Bacchus I lay all the blame upon you."

But soon you'll be leaving the country forever, And we're hoping for light hearts and far brighter eyes, And you, we all pray, may come back to us never, For the cry one and all is: tomorrow he dies."

SO LONG.

Dec. 30th, 1916.  
Among the passengers who went north by the Prospero were six Volunteers who are on New Year leave. They will return by the ship on her homeward course.

## WEDDING BELLS

FREKE-FREKE.

A very pretty wedding took place at Boyd's Cove, Church of England, at midday Tuesday, December 12th by the Rev. L. Godden, the contracting parties being Mr. Obed. Freke, son of Mr. William Freke, of Boyd's Cove, and Miss Elizabeth M. Freke, daughter of Mrs. Samuel Freke, of Joe Batt's Arm. The bride was very prettily dressed in a light-blue silk dress with hat to match, also a with a nice bridal veil, which gave her the appearance of a very pretty bride.

The bride was given away by the groom's brother, Titus Freke. The best man was the bride's brother, Mr. Fred. Freke, and the bride's maid Miss Mary Newman, a cousin of the bride.

After the ceremony the happy couple returned to the residence of the groom, followed by nine bride's boys and nine bride's girls, who welcomed them home by firing guns all the way, and then partook of a good tea, which was provided by the table-layers, who were Mrs. Alex Coffin, Mrs. Christopher Cobbs, Mrs. Levi Freke, Mrs. David Toms and Mrs. Arthur Mercer. A very enjoyable time was spent.

After the tea dancing commenced, and a hot supper was partaken, and the affair was kept up till the small hours of the morning. The bride was given many presents.

I wish the happy couple a happy life.—I am, etc.,

BERTHA NEWMAN.

Boyd's Cove, Dec. 14, 1916.

KING-MILLER.

On Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 5th, a very pretty wedding took place at St. John's Church, New Bonaventure, where Miss Althea Honor Dorothy Miller, only daughter of Mr. Noah Miller, J.P., of this place, and Mr. Azariah King, A.A., first son of the late Mr. Noah King, of George's Cove were united in Holy Matrimony by the Rev. C. M. Stickings. The bride looked charming and was supported by Miss Effie Vivian. The groom was supported by his cousin Daniel King. After the ceremony the bridal party went to the residence of the bride's

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

## BURNT HEAD FIRM AS EVER

(To the Editor.)

Burnt Head, Dec. 27th, 1916.

Dear Sir,—The annual meeting of the Burnt Head local Council was held on Wednesday, Dec. 27th. The following officers were elected: Chairman, Noah Morgan; deputy chairman, Elotel Bishop; secretary, Heber Dawe; treasurer, Leonard Martin, re-elected; Wm. Morgan, door guard.

The Council is in a better condition than ever. Our meetings are well attended by our members who are at home. Some are gone to Sydney and others to Bell Island to seek employment. Go ahead, Mr. Coaker, we are at your back. In your fight for right and liberty. Wishing you a prosperous and a Happy New Year.

Sincerely yours,

NOAH MORGAN.

## WANTS MORNING PAPER

(To the Editor.)

Freshwater, Dec. 28th, 1916.

Dear Sir,—As a reader of your most valuable paper *The Mail and Advocate*, you will find enclosed the sum of two dollars (\$2.00) for the coming year. Sir, I would like to get the morning issue instead of *The Mail and Advocate*, on account of getting the news quicker.

Wishing W. F. Coaker and his great business every success,  
Yours truly,  
CHARLES H. MOORES.

parents, where a large number of friends were gathered to partake of a sumptuous supper, which everyone enjoyed. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold coin. The gifts were numerous and costly, including a silver tea service, and also several other pieces of silver and other gifts, which showed the popularity and favor in which both are held. The bride and groom will remain at the bride's home in future.

Wishing Mr. and Mrs. King many years of matrimonial bliss.—COR.

New Bonaventure, Dec. 21, 1916.

P.S.—The groom has two brothers serving their King and Country.

## COMPLAINS OF DISCRIMINATION

(To the Editor.)

Dear Sir,—A short time ago, while looking over the *Mail and Advocate* something attracted my attention as regards the naval boys who came home on leave a few days ago. I noticed they got a reception at St. John's, and I thought it something strange for Jack to get a reception. Now, Mr. Editor, why I am writing these few lines is just to describe their passage across the country on the Reid Nfld. Co.'s railroad. I came from Canada at the time, and was an eyewitness to the way they were treated. When we landed at Port aux Basques the men went into a first class car. I went in just after going through the car and here was Mr. Conductor telling them they had to ride second-class. I was surprised, and almost ashamed of the country I belong to, for I thought that men coming home after spending twenty-seven months in the North Sea were entitled to a first class car on the road, but no, it was Jack. If it had been Tommy it would have been different. Now, sir, can you tell me why the distinction is made in the two men? They have both enlisted for the one purpose, with the one aim. One on the sea, the other on the land. One gets treated like a gentleman, the other like a slave. I don't think it is a square deal for men who are willing to endure the hardships that these poor fellows have to endure to be treated with so little respect, while the Army boys are getting so much praise.

Jack joins the Navy, Tommy the Army. Jack gets the magnificent sum of 46c. a day, while Tommy gets \$1.10. Jack's wife gets one shilling (or about that) a day. The other gets \$20.00 per month. In the name of common-sense how is a woman going to live with numbers the price they are now.

I think if the officials some night while sitting by their cosy fire with their family around them, would think of poor Jack's wife and the scanty means on which she has to live, and compare it with their own, they would try to make things better than they are now. Let them think what luxury their wives could have on that sum. Sir, to my mind, the man who goes to take part in this world's struggle can't have too much done for him.

# OVERCOATS-- MEN'S and BOYS'



Owing to some late arrivals we have still a good stock of Men's and Boys' Overcoats on hand.

In Men's we have several styles including

**The popular Stormway and Chesterfield**

Single and Double Breasted, some with Belt at back.

In Greys, Browns and Navys.

**\$8.50 to \$16.00.**

## In Boys

We have just marked off an excellent line, made of cuttings from men's better class coatings. Made in the popular motor style, with belt at back.

These are extra value. We have all sizes from 000 to 12. **\$3.95 to \$6.65.**

MEN'S NAP REEFERS—\$5.00.

# STEER BROTHERS

They should be treated like men and all treated alike. A certain Lieutenant told me that all soldiers and sailors were to travel first class. I explained to him what I saw, and the Magistrate standing by said that it was the agents not knowing their business. Perhaps that's very good, and I am sure the agents at St. John's are not out of reach of the law, and I am sure the Government officials know it. I wonder if these people think there is any reward due them. If they get theirs Jack will get his also, and not the present Government will deal it out. Trusting I have not trespassed too much on your space. I am with you in the fight for "every man his own." PAT. Smith's Sound, Dec. 23rd, 1916. **READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE**

# ANDERSON'S Display of Quality and Winter Goods.

## ASBESTOL HORSEHIDE GLOVES



The Glove that's warranted to stand the test of Heat, Steam, Washing and Water.

The Glove for Railroad Men, Drivers, Motormen, Miners, Automobilists and all those requiring Gloves of superior wearing quality.

They are made from mineral tanned leather and sewed in the strongest manner possible.

GENTLEMEN!

## Get a Woollen Scarf

For real neck comfort and chest protection.

We have them in the right length.

With fringe on ends, knitted double and in one piece.

**80c**

## Rubbers

You need them now! The first few inches of snow is on the ground—the first of Winter is here.

Our stocks are now complete in MEN'S, WOMEN'S, BOYS', MISSES' and CHILDS'.

PRICES:

Men's . . . . . 85c. to \$1.60.  
Women's . . . . . 60c. to \$1.00.  
Boys' and Youths' . . . . . 60c. to \$1.00.  
Misses' . . . . . 60c. to 70c.  
Childs' . . . . . 45c. to 60c.

## Long Rubbers for the Children

Why not fit them out in Rubbers that are lined with fleece—and extra high in leg?

PRICES:

Childs' . . . . . \$1.90 to \$2.10.  
Misses' . . . . . \$2.10 to \$2.40.

## Boys' and Youths' Storm Boots

Special High Leg Blucher Storm Boots, with soles both sewed and pegged—leather stitched up back—one and two straps with buckle at top of boots so that they can be brought in close to leg.

A Boot for SERVICE, COMFORT and DURABILITY.

PRICES:

Youths' . . . . . \$3.20 to \$3.60.  
Boys' . . . . . \$4.50.

## Boys' Grey Sweater Coats

Coats that button up the front with buttons same shade—every Coat has two pockets.

All sizes.

**Special, 45c to 60c**

## Stylish Boots for Ladies

The Newest Boot is that high leg, with plain pointed toe, and new high heel.

We have your size.

The leathers are Gun Metal and Kid.

**\$4.50**

## Cushion Girdles

Colours—Red Tan, Olive, Olive, Green Pink. 2½ yards long.

**40c**

## Bargains in Wings

We are clearing out our whole stock.

Some in prices up to 30c.

All going out at

**5c each**

In a vast assortment of colours.

Now is your chance to retrim the Hat.

## Furs for the Children

Three Piece Fur Sets—Cap with ear protectors, Muff with cord to go around neck. **\$4.30**

Teddy Bear—Muff and Stole. **70c.**

White Bear Sets—Muff and Stole. **.75c., 90c., \$1.10.**

Imitation Ermine Sets. **.90c., \$1.10, \$1.50, \$1.80.**

White Bear Stoles. **.75c.**

MISSES' SETS

Of Imitation Ermine—lined with satin—stole extra long. **\$4.00**

## Woollen Blankets

You need them to obtain that perfect rest and comfort so essential to healthy and peaceful slumber.

We have Blankets that combine warmth with durability and strength.

Prices—\$5.00, \$6.00, \$8.00, \$9.00 pair.

## Bed Room Slippers

GENT'S—Grey felt—all sizes. **\$1.60**

LADIES'—Colours Brown, Grey, Red, Blue, Pink. Prices. **.85c., \$1.70, \$1.80.**

MISSES'—Colours Red, Blue. Prices. **.85c., \$1.80.**

CHILDS'—Colours Royal Blue and Red. Price. **80c.**

**BRITISH**

**THE POWER OF PROTECTION**

**Buying a BRITISH SUIT Means PROTECTION from High Prices**

**BRITISH**

PROTECTION in Material.  
PROTECTION in Style.  
PROTECTION in Fit.

Every Man and Boy Needs  
**PROTECTION**  
Have It!

The British Clothing Co., Ltd.,  
Sinnott's Building  
Duckworth Street, St. John's.

**Special to Fishermen**

If you are thinking of purchasing a Motor Engine ask us to mail you particulars of the

**BRIDGEPORT**

**Job's Stores, Limited.**

**To My Outport Friends:**

As the Fall is now approaching, you will, no doubt, be thinking of coming to St. John's to purchase a supply of clothing for yourself and the boys. Our purpose in writing this is two-fold; we want to make a fair profit on the Goods we sell you, and also to give you the best possible value for your money. We offer you **GOOD VALUE FOR GOOD MONEY.** We have no **TWO PRICES,** and guarantee all a square deal. Anyhow, drop in and see our clothing when in the city, and if not satisfied with the Prices and the Goods, you need not buy.

With best regards, I am,  
Yours truly,

**T. J. BARRON**  
BOYS' AND MEN'S OUTFITTER,  
358 Water Street, St. John's, Nfld  
One door west of Post Office

**STOREKEEPERS, ATTENTION!**

When buying clothing you want:  
**Good Material,  
Good Workmanship,  
Prompt Deliveries,**  
at  
**Lowest Prices.**

You'll get what you want if you place your order with us with our large staff of 145 employees. We can Guarantee it.

**Newfoundland Clothing Company, Limited.**



## Crumbs From the Past

By Terra Nova

We are under the impression that of all seasons, the Winter season is the best suited for contemplation on the past, so we have adopted for our theme, some reminiscences of the days when our forefathers were treading this terrestrial sphere, the days before the electric light, the railway carriage, the automobile, and the five-cent dude were known. To the readers of the *Mail and Advocate* the "Crumbs from the Past," which we will impart to them, will, we have no doubt, be of service in teaching them many things they may not have been aware of before.

We will at first begin in the days prior to the coming of a local form of Government when it was a crime to till the land or to build even a pig-stye, as the late Hon. Charles Fox Bennett remarked many years ago at a meeting of the Agricultural Society. There have been many writers now and then indulging in the publication of items of local antiquity, which have been most interesting, and to a lay mind, maybe these items may have been the principal ones in connection with our history, but it is not so. No net catches all the fish and before we are finished we hope to make this assertion a bona fide one. Now then let us, as we stated, begin in the days anterior to the blessings of a local government. Thieves were banished from the country, and those who were not received very harsh treatment. It is on record that a man who had held up and robbed another on the streets of St. John's, was sentenced to be hanged, the Governor granted him a reprieve, he was banished to New South Wales. There is an account of a person having been proven guilty of stealing cabbage, being made pay their value to the owner, and to "walk round the town, guarded by constables, with cabbage tied around his neck." The stocks were then in use, and we have read of instances in which culprits were confined in those instruments of torture. The late Judge Pinsent, a very clever lawyer and judge in his day, and a native of the old historic district of Port de Grave, relates many cases of punishment meted out to criminals in those old days. He says in one of his articles entitled, "Curiosities from the Surrogate Records": "The Tashions of the Old Country, I see, were so far observed that not only the knee breeches, shoes and buckles of the time were the accustomed attire, but the service of the Perruquier were in demand, for we find an agreement between James Jude, planter, of Hr. Grace, of the one part, and Luke McGrath, hairdresser and perrewer, maker of the same place, of the other part." The Judge then goes on to show the treatment accorded to law breakers, which notes are very interesting. He tells of one, Samuel Pinkham, a deserter from his master in Ferryland, and found thieving a Hr. Grace, was sentenced to receive forty lashes in two instalments and to be drawn through the harbor by a horse, and then confined in goal until he could be relegated to his master at Ferryland. Speaking of Bonavista, the judge says: "I observe a case in which a man, for supplying a prisoner with liquor through the cell window, is committed to the public stocks, and another, prior to the cat-o'-nine tails, is to parade around the settlement with a label on his back. We came across an interesting item in the records for 1797. It had to do with a sailor named William Brown, of His Majesty's ship "Romney." Brown stole some fish from the flake of one Roderick Robertson, a merchant of St. John's. The prisoner was led by a constable through the public street with a fish tied around his neck to denote his crime, and was sentenced to receive 29 lashes on the bare back. It appears that his health was impaired in such a way that he did not undergo the treatment of the at-

continued a few days, until they had spent the whole of the money in dissipation. After that one went to London and the other left for Newfoundland, where awful crime so played in his conscience that he surrendered himself to justice and made a voluntary confession.

In 1762 a man convicted of using a false key in the night and feloniously stealing a quantity of rum, was judged to be led to the gallows with a halter round his neck and from thence to the whipping post, there to be strip and receive on his bare back thirty-nine lashes. So much for the real ancient days. Now let us come down to a later date, even within the memory of some of those among us, and we will find that the cat-o-nine tails was in use, the late Judge Renouf, known as the "Gallant Major" having been major of one of the volunteer companies formed at St. John's in the sixties, asked from his place in the House of Assembly in 1866, how much money it had cost for the previous twelve months for whipping prisoners, being told that it was in the vicinity of \$1,000.00. He said that the best thing to do, and it would save such an enormous sum which could be devoted to some humane purpose, was to get a prisoner to flog the culprits.

In the early forties, there is an account of two men being banished for thievery. The father of one of the criminals died heart broken, his son was the oldest of the family, and was the father's only help.

In 1854 a man who had received a coal scuttle, stolen by some children from the firm of Hunter & Co., was banished for life.

Culprits to-day have a lot to be thankful for, as regards the treatment accorded them, the cup of "switchel" and the bowl of "burgeo" and the quart of water and pint of salt have long been buried in the tomb of oblivion. The songs composed by prisoners on the severe hardships which they underwent have been forgotten. Very few can recall the verses in which the following lines occur:

"Tis early every mornin,  
From the pen we have to jog,  
From that to Signal Hill my boys,  
To root and turn up bog."

Like all things else, which have kept pace with our country's progress prisoners are now being made to think they are not beasts. That the words of Burns ring in clarion truth, when he says:

"Gently scan your brother man,  
And gentler sister woman,  
If they a ken to going wrong,  
To step aside is human."

We are hoping that the future may usher to us even better imprisonments for the unfortunate creatures, male and female, who fall into the pit of temptation, more especially for the youth, for whom we hope to see erected at no distant date, some suitable place, where they may be reformed and made to be able to go forward with an education and trade to take their part in Life's battle.

Of the many prelates who came to Newfoundland there was none more widely known and more highly respected than Bishop Fleming. By His Lordship's exertions the Cathedral was built. It would be ambiguity on my part to go into the many incidents in the life of the reverend Prelate, who toiled so unremittently and so laboriously both night and day, to create a monument everlasting, a credit to His Lordship's Love of the Faith, as it is to the men and women who had taken part in the helping of its construction. At Kelly's Island Bishop Fleming slept in a hut formed of the bark of trees, he dressed his own food, brought water from the spring in a little kettle, and only for his faithful dog, while sleeping in the hut, he would have been surrounded by rats, which infested the place. My meaning for explaining to the readers of the *Mail and Advocate* the work of Bishop Fleming is to convey to them the type of man he was, and to give them an idea of the state of Newfoundland as it existed before the Members of the Almighty had taken their places to labor in God's Vineyard among the residents of Terra Nova. In a letter written by His Lordship over seventy years ago, he said: "The Sacrament of Matrimony was administered by Constables, Magistrates and the women, applied to the children the names of heathen gods and goddesses. The feasts of the Church were dispensed by housekeepers or nurses, no House of Worship, Catholic against Catholic, Irishman against Irishman, an unfortunate struggle for the mastery of Limerick over Munster. Boys of six and seven years old got work on wharves and an allowance of grog was handed out to them. Mar-



Published by Authority

**Weights and Measures Act, 1916.**

THE attention of the Public is drawn to the following extracts from "The Weights and Measures Act, 1916," viz:—

All packages such as cartons, kegs, boxes, crocks, tins, bags and bottles, containing articles exposed for sale in such packages in quantities of two ounces by weight or measure and upwards shall have the net weight or measure marked thereon.

The provisions of this Act whereby the vendors of goods are required to have the net weight of the contents of packages marked thereon shall come into force on the first day of January, nineteen hundred and seventeen.

J. R. BENNETT,  
Colonial Secretary.  
Dept. of Colonial Secretary,  
December 29th, 1916.  
dec30.31



### The Gift Worth While

AN elastic bookcase of the famous

**Globe-Wernicke** make—a bookcase that is always complete yet never finished for you add section by section as required. We have this year supplied two friends with additions to bookcases purchased twenty-three years ago.

**PERCIE JOHNSON LIMITED**

### DANDY SELLERS

**WELCH'S GRAPE JUICE.**  
**PURE GOLD ICINGS.**  
**PURE GOLD JELLIES.**  
**PURE GOLD FLAVORINGS.**

Outport Storekeepers write for prices.

### P. E. Outerbridge

(Sole Agent for Nfld.)  
Commercial Chambers  
Telephone 60.  
sep5,tue,th,sat,fr

### READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

riages of the most improper kind took place. The records show some most daring instances of marriage. At Carbonear a man and woman were married by the servant of the groom. Education was at a low ebb in the beginning of the last century, the poor man had a small chance of having his son or daughter achieving an education worthy of the name. The outports were very much neglected. Bishop Field the energetic and zealous prelate of the Church of England, writing to the press in England in 1844 said, "Money in many parts is scarcely known, all commerce being carried on by barter, even the payment for the school of children is often made in fish.

Our next article will deal with education and with other matters in relation to the past, which we hope to make even of more interest than this one.

## THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE

EVERY AFTERNOON 2.15—EVERY NIGHT 7.15.

Presenting John Lorenz in  
**"The River of Romance"**  
An Essanay Feature in Two Reels.

Ethel Teare in "IN CINDERELLA'S SHOES," a Classic Comedy.  
Helen Gibon in "THE TREASURE TRAIN," an episode of the "Hazards of Helen" railroad series.  
Wm. Dangman and Kate Price in "IN ARCADIA," a Vitagraph Comedy.  
**PROFESSOR MCCARTHY** playing the Latest and Best Music, Drums and Effects.

THE USUAL BIG SATURDAY MATINEE.  
SEND THE CHILDREN.

## Rossley's British Theatre!

On **NEW YEAR'S DAY**  
ALL NEW SHOW.  
MATINEE AND TWO SHOWS NIGHTLY.  
COMPLETE CHANGE—NEW COSTUMES.

Special Feature:  
**"HELEN OF THE CHORUS"**  
In Three Parts.  
Roaring Comedy:  
**"Diamonds and Pickles"**

## Xmas Gifts Ladies & Gents.

Call here and secure your Xmas Presents.

We have a Grand display of Jewellery, including Watches, Rings, Brooches, Locketts, Cuff Links, Watch Fobs, &c., which we are selling below cost.

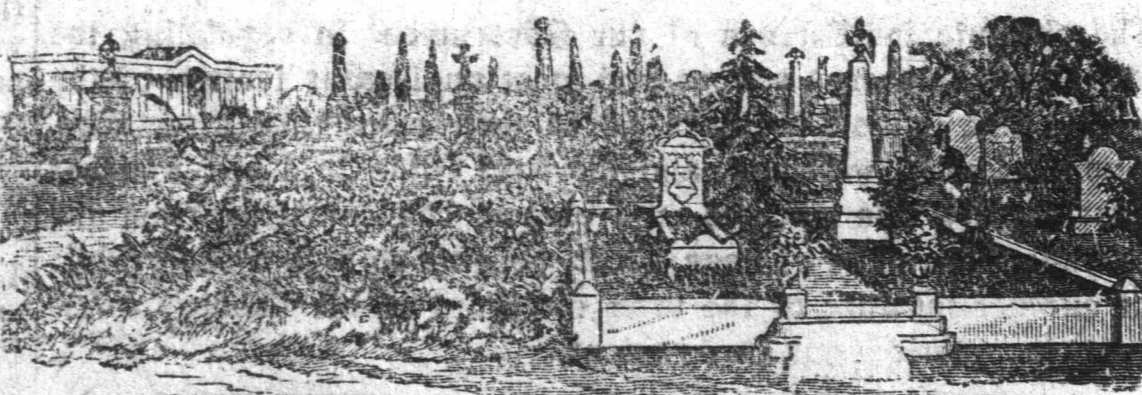
We are also offering Sweater Coats, Underwear and Heavy Lapskirts, at a very low price.

## Antoni Michael,

426 Water St. Cor. Buchanan St.

## SKINNER'S MONUMENTAL WORKS

Established 1874—and still growing stronger  
St. John's, N.F. - - - 329 & 333 Duckworth St



On hand a large selection of

### MONUMENTS and HEADSTONES

Our new catalogue of Photo Designs now ready for Outport customers. Thousands have testified their satisfaction with our Mail Order system of buying Headstone and Monuments.

N.B.—None but genuine Frost Proof Tested Stone Sockets supplied with all orders; refuse imitations now in the market. Give us a trial order and get the best there is. Price List sent to any address on receipt of postal.

When next you require Roofing think of

## CROWN BRAND ROOFING

Quality first. Costs a little more than the cheap kinds, but **The Value is there.**

## THE DIRECT AGENCIES, LTD.,

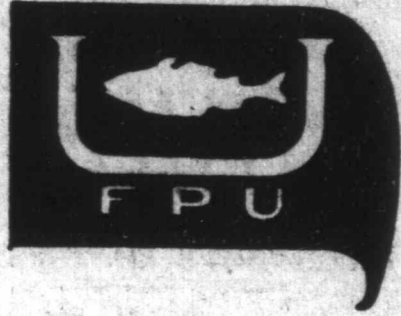
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS.

OUR MOTTO: "Suum Cuique."

**The Mail and Advocate**

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Company Limited, Proprietors.

Alex. W. Mews... Editor in Chief  
R. Hibbs... Morning Editor



("To Every Man His Own.")

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, DECEMBER 30, 1916.

**1917 SPEAKS**

YES,  
I am Opportunity.

But say, young man, Don't wait for me  
To come to you;  
Just buckle down to win your crown,  
And work with head and heart and hands,  
As does the man who understands  
That those who wait,  
Expecting some reward from fate  
Or luck, to call it so—  
Sit always in the 'way-back row.

**A SHORT REVIEW OF 1916**

IT WILL be remembered that the year was ushered in by the Coal Problem, which held the intensest interest of all in the City for some months. The action of the coal-dealers in raising prices of stocks by \$2.80 a ton to follow the market value of the article was condemned in no uncertain tone by the public generally, and by it the Government were forced to take over the coal held in the City, and retail it in half ton lots until a further supply was secured. This marked the first enforcement under the Defence of the Realm Act and we may say, the only enforcement. It looks as if we shall be again faced with the Coal Problem soon, and prices are likely to advance.

The New City Charter brought a greater interest in city government and it was deemed of such importance that a Committee of thirty were appointed at a public meeting, and they are now deliberating on the Charter. It is questionable whether the Bill will come before the House this Session, as during election year, the Government is not likely to risk any legislation of a contentious character. The Municipal Election held in June saw only four of the Commission returned to power.

At the Seal fishery, eleven steamers only engaged, and the voyage ended with a total catch of 241,302 seals with a value of \$633,657.52. Mr. Coaker again was instrumental in raising the price of fat, and his efforts in this direction do not go unnoticed by the sealers. The Cod fishery has been less than an average catch, but the higher prices have compensated for the short catch and brought the value up to a fair voyage.

The Herring fishery has developed considerably during the year and in Green Bay, to mention one locality, there have been about 2500 men who have earned from \$150.00 to \$300.00 each during the Fall. The price was \$2.50 a barrel from the net. Although the Shore fishery in Green Bay was the smallest on record, the Herring fishery has offset this and as a result the people are as prosperous as at any time.

Ship-Building has come to the fore again, the F.P.U. taking a leading part in building large ship-yards at Catalina, while other Companies on the West Coast have been started. It is estimated that at present there must be about 5000 tons of shipping under construction in the Colony.

In the City industries there has, for the most part, been great activity, and most factories have considerably increased their volume of business. Trade in general has been good, though we question if there has been great prosperity among the people. The increased prices would account for the increased volume of business, but we are afraid that very little is left in the purses of salaried men to provide for a rainy day. If we as a people are spending all we earn the country is going to suffer for it, and in saying this, we do not blame these, who, we know, must spend all their wages to keep themselves well and sheltered.

The absolute indifference of our Government in regulating the cost of living has been a serious and most unpleasant feature of the year. The Red Cross Line have raised their rates time after time, quite unnecessarily, we think, and the Reid Nhd. Co.'s new scale of freights this Fall has received, and earned, condemnation from the whole Trade. The price of flour, which went up so high a short while ago, is another instance of the utter disregard of the People's interests that characterizes our Government.

In this short and incomplete review of the year, it is impossible to ignore the fact that our Patriotism has not been stirred up, and energised as it should have been by the Government. Every time the Government have seen the people labouring under unnecessary burdens, and stood aside, so much harm has been done the Empire. We are not fighting for abstract issues. We are fighting for the Right and for the Empire, and we feel that we are but voicing the opinion of the whole Country in saying that we need a new Government that will stand as a more fitting and visible representative of the Empire and the principles of democracy upon which it is established.

In the Fall of this New Year, the people will be given the opportunity to elect a new Government and we believe that this time next year we shall have experienced the "change" which undoubtedly the people want now.

The Fishermen's Union still increases and goes forward and this year has witnessed the commencement of the extensive operations at Catalina, which mark the wonderful advances which the various Companies have made since the Union started in 1908. Several new stores have been erected in various localities during the last year and as a political force the Union's strength is unquestioned. The coming year will see greater activity than ever in Union circles, and there seems no doubt that the endorsement of the Union policy, which was so emphatic at the election in 1913, will be accorded Mr. Coaker in a greater measure at the election to be held in November 1917.

As to Newfoundland's share in the War we can only point with pride and sorrow to the Roll of Honour which we publish to-day. The

story of their achievements has been already told and remains yet to be told in detail. The War in general our readers have followed day by day. It has been a year of varying success and for the British it has been one of further preparation for the successful issue which is sure to come. That that issue will come in 1917 is our fervent hope and puts a new meaning in the old wish that we extend to our readers that they may enjoy in very truth

**A HAPPY NEW YEAR.**

**THE TRUE FACTS**

Last night's Star contained an editorial reiterating the statements made on Thursday, which we denied. The Star went to enumerate imaginative proposals which all Union members who attended the 1915 Convention know to be untrue. This matter was fully discussed by that Convention and particulars of what transpired in the spring of 1915 were communicated by the President, who suggested that the Convention pass resolutions refusing to entertain further Coalition proposals. Mr. Coaker has not conducted any Coalition proposals with anyone since. He was invited by to do so but declined. Dr. Lloyd has not conducted any Coalition proposals since the spring of 1915. The Opposition Party will not be a Party to Coalition.

The elaborate details produced by The Star have not existed in fact. The town is full of rumors which are without foundation and from this gossip The Star hatched the article of Friday. The Premier very recently consulted the Opposition in reference to the subject of his intimation on Tuesday, but nothing about Coalition was arranged or will be arranged. The Premier will likely leave for London in about six weeks and return in time to open the Legislature. The public now possess the facts, not imaginations.

**THIS DATE IN HISTORY**

**DECEMBER 30**  
New Modn—24.  
Days Past—363. To Come—1.  
ROGER ASCHAM born 1515. The teacher of writing to Edward VI, Latin Secretary to Queen Mary and instructor in Greek and Secretary to Queen Elizabeth. His "Schoolmaster," by which he is now remembered, was written to show "the right order of teaching and honesty of living, for the good bringing up of children and young men."

**SIR SAMUEL BAKER** died 1893, aged 72. A traveller and author of special note, whose books are full of charm and whose services as an explorer will long be remembered.

**DECEMBER 31**  
Days Past—364.  
New Year's Eve.

**JOHN WYCLIFFE** died 1384, aged 59. "The morning Star of the Reformation" seems to have been educated at Oxford. He quarrelled with the Bishop over church government and organized a body of preachers who spread his ideas through the country; they were called Lollards. Wycliffe's great work was the translation of the Bible into English.

**JANUARY 1**  
Days to Come—364.  
MURILLO born 1618. One of the greatest of Spanish painters whose chief works are altar pieces and religious subjects. He also painted a number of marvellous studies of peasant life. Some 200 of his pictures are in England.

**EDMUND BURKE** born 1729. The able Dublin attorney who made his mark in literature by his famous work on the "Sublime and Beautiful." He entered Parliament and quickly made a name as an able and earnest debater, taking part in all the great movements of his time.

**AUSTRALIAN Commonwealth** inaugurated 1901.

**KERNELS**

It is said that locomotives use a third of the coal mined in England.

Some naturalists believe that the whale was originally a land animal, and that it fled to the water for safety.

It is estimated that one-twelfth of the population of England suffer from gout. A physician says that this malady is often due to the excessive use of meat.

It is not proper to trim the hair that grows in the ear of a horse. Nature intended it to protect the orifice from dust, insects, &c. and sudden atmospheric changes.

**VARIA**  
BY GALE

**THE FULFILMENT OF A PROPHECY**

THE late lamented Archbishop of St. John's—the Most Rev. M. F. Howley—was possibly one of the greatest patriots whom this Colony ever knew. Nothing affecting the interests of his native land was either too trivial or too great to him; and we once heard one of his flock say that if Archbishop Howley had one predominant failing it was "love for his native land." If we remember aright, the eloquent preacher at his obsequies said the same of the illustrious prelate who left upon the pages of our history an indelible record.

Everybody is familiar with the attitude of His Grace towards the big monopoly which is now stretching forth its tentacles in every direction; but perhaps few are aware of the discourtesy of certain hirelings of the said big

Every guest at a Norwegian wedding brings the bride a present. In many parts a keg of butter is the usual gift, and, if the marriage takes place in winter, salted or frozen meat is offered.

A perilous feat was performed, not long since, by a cyclist in France. He rode his wheel over the coping stone of a house, fifty feet from the ground, in the presence of an immense crowd. The track is only two feet wide.

In seven consecutive years the St. Lawrence River gradually decreases in depth; then for seven years it gradually increases in depth, the difference in level being about five feet. Why it does so, no one has yet discovered.

It seems from some recent observations that fish, like ships, take ballast on board. Before leaving shallow water the cod is in the habit of taking a quantity of sand into the stomach, which is disposed of before migrating again from the deep sea.

monopoly towards the illustrious prelate. They did not dare to come out in the open to display this discourtesy; but they did it like the Heathen Chinese by "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain." They made efforts to poison the minds of those whom they could influence; and during a memorable election campaign, they tried this game in a certain section where it was supposed that it would be kept "wrapped in the folds of silence."

But alas! the best laid plans of mice and little underlings oft gang agle, and right in the settlement where this game was played the underlings came to grief. Later we shall go further into detail anent this and other incidents. The history which we shall then unfold will be rather unpleasant reading for certain individuals who now loom so large in public estimation, we reserve this interesting bit of history until a later day; it may not be far distant, however.

Why was this illustrious man vilified? Because he dared to tell his fellow countrymen that they would live to regret the infamous transaction whose aftermath we are now witnessing. He protested, and asseverated, that we were bartering away our heritage. He proved that the interests of this Colony were being sacrificed on the altar of political greed. He did not rest with wordy protestations; but he demonstrated his belief in a very concrete manner. Doubtless our readers know just how this was done. All they need to do is to recall the attitude of the great patriot towards certain hirelings of the press who are now crawling to ingratiate themselves

with circles where their presence was taboo in diebus illis.

The infamous Deal was consummated; and we are now reaping the harvest. The franchises of the Colony were bartered away forever; and we have no redress. We are perforce obliged to look on and witness a policy of spoliation such as no British Colony ever witnessed. Are we overstating the facts? Not at all. We are just touching the fringe for the moment.

What did Sir Herbert Murray term this infamy? Why did he withhold his assent to the fact which consummated the iniquity of 1898? Sir Herbert was a keen business man. He viewed the issue from a business standpoint, whilst the illustrious Archbishop viewed it as only a patriot could.

Now for the prophecy. He is said to have declared to a very intimate friend that we should live



**AT HOME**

The Governor and Lady Davidson will be AT HOME on New Year's Day from 3 to 5 p.m.

C. RILEY, Capt.,  
Private Secretary & A.D.C.  
Government House,  
December 29, 1916.

to see the "blight which would follow from the iniquity which was consummated in 1898." The prophecy has come true; we have sowed the wind and are now reaping the whirlwind.

*Hearty Season's Greetings  
to My Customers  
and Other Friends*

**A. Douglas Cox**

THE DOUGLAS PHOTO STUDIO.

**Reid-Newfoundland Co.**

**New Year Excursion**

*Excursion return tickets will be issued at  
ONE WAY FIRST-CLASS FARE  
good going December 30th, 31st, and January  
1st, and good returning up to January 3rd.*

**Reid-Newfoundland Co.**

**Men's Heavy Dull Finish Rubber Boots,  
Wool Lined, Jersey Brand, \$3.10.**

**Men's Woonsocket Rubber Boots,**  
This Boot is made with the Tap running to Heel and has been the Standard Boot for more than a generation.

**Our Price \$3.70.**

**MEN'S MALTESE CROSS DULL FINISH BOOTS,**  
Red Top, Natural Grey Sole, a good First Grade Boot at a Medium Price. **Only \$4.50.**

**Men's Red and White Patent Pressure Process Rubber Boots,**  
These are famed the country over and are made from the finest Gum, specially constructed by skilled workmen.

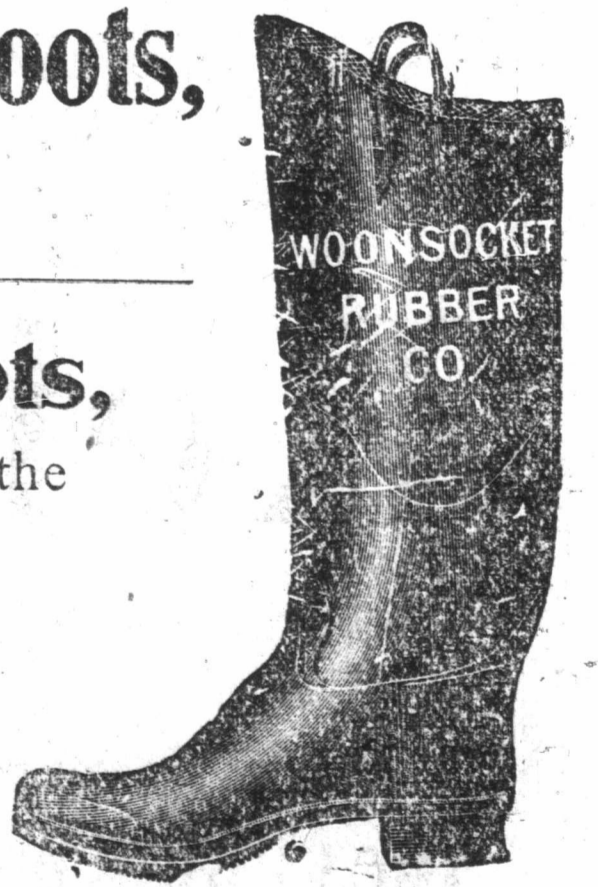
**Our Price for all Red is \$4.50; for all White \$5.20.**

**Men's Black Pure Gum Rubber Boots,**  
White Sole, Reinforced, Red Foxing, Felt Lined. We recommend it as the Best Fishing Boot made. There is none better.

**Our Price, \$5.25.**

People who have bought this Boot tell us that they get from Twelve to Eighteen months wear out of them.

**GEORGE KNOWLING.**



## Heroes Who Answered Last Call.

List of the Men of the Newfoundland Regiment and Royal Naval Reserve who have Died on Active Service since Beginning of the War up to December 5, 1916.

### THE LIST COMPRISES THE FOLLOWING RANKS IN BOTH BRANCHES.

Commissioned Officers	22
Non-Commissioned Officers	60
Privates	355
Naval Reservists	97
<b>Total</b>	<b>534</b>

#### OFFICERS.

Captain Charles Wighton  
 Captain Eric S. Ayre  
 Captain James Donnelly  
 Captain M. Frank Summers  
 Captain Augustus O'Brien  
 Lieutenant Fred C. Mellor  
 Lieutenant Hubert C. Herder  
 Lieutenant Richard A. Shortall  
 Lieutenant S. C. Norris  
 Lieutenant Owen S. Steele  
 2nd Lieutenant Gerald W. Ayre  
 2nd Lieutenant John R. Ferguson  
 2nd Lieutenant William T. Ryall  
 2nd Lieutenant R. Wallace Ross  
 2nd Lieutenant Wilfred D. Ayre  
 2nd Lieutenant R. Bruce Reid  
 2nd Lieutenant William H. Grant  
 2nd Lieutenant H. J. R. Rowsell  
 2nd Lieutenant Clifford Rendell  
 2nd Lieutenant S. J. Ebsary  
 C. Sgt. Major V. W. Miles  
 C. Q. M. S. C. Allan Cleary  
 Sergeant Augustus Manning  
 Sergeant William B. Knight  
 Sergeant Bertram Brown  
 Sergeant Sidney G. Burry  
 Sergeant Edmund J. Higgins  
 Sergeant George Dick  
 Corporal William J. Ryan  
 Corporal John T. Doyle  
 Corporal Richard Pittman  
 Corporal William P. Costello  
 Corporal Wilfred Harbin  
 Corporal Herbert Taylor  
 Corporal H. V. Gullage  
 Corporal H. G. Luscombe  
 Corporal Richard Fowlow  
 Corporal Martin J. Grace  
 Lance Corporal Frederick Jones  
 Lance Corporal Harry T. Westcott  
 Lance Corporal Randolph Winter  
 Lance Corporal James Freake  
 Lance Corporal John H. Hockley  
 Lance Corporal Norman W. Strong  
 Lance Corporal Joseph Leudy  
 Lance Corporal Duncan Nichols  
 Lance Corporal Gordon Bastow  
 Lance Corporal Walter Tucker  
 Lance Corporal Wm. E. Alexander  
 Lance Corporal Douglas M. Osmond  
 Lance Corporal Robert W. LeBuff  
 Lance Corporal H. R. Butler  
 Lance Corporal F. J. Targett

#### PRIVATES.

W. F. Hardy  
 H. W. McWhitter  
 William J. Murphy  
 Josiah Squibb  
 James Ellsworth  
 Samuel Hiscock  
 Samuel Hiscock  
 James J. Hynes

Edward Dewhey  
 John M. Fitzgerald  
 James J. Tibbo  
 Fred C. Roper  
 George S. Knight  
 James M. Brown  
 John Dunphy  
 George Simms  
 Robert Morris  
 George R. Curnew  
 Edward L. Cole  
 John Lukins  
 Arthur Wight  
 William P. Dohaney  
 John J. Johnson  
 Stanley Abbott  
 Leonard J. Barrett  
 John Cleary  
 Laurence J. Corcoran  
 Nicholas J. Evans  
 William Knight  
 James J. Maher  
 Arthur Driscoll  
 Garrett Burke  
 John J. Rice  
 Herman Noseworthy  
 William J. Reid  
 Robert J. Williams  
 Edward J. Brown  
 Edward J. R. Rowsell  
 William White  
 Colbert Antle  
 Stephen M. Boone  
 Luke Holden  
 Francis J. Hussey  
 John Frampton  
 Kenneth Critch  
 Fred Wilcox  
 Edward W. Butler  
 Bernard Cleary  
 Frank Pillier  
 John Hanock  
 George R. Jones  
 James R. Mooney  
 William Pennell  
 William Russell  
 Robert J. Lahey  
 Maxwell J. Mercer  
 Thomas Seymour  
 Michael F. Walsh  
 George Winsor  
 George W. Harris  
 Robert J. Watkins  
 Michael J. Ross  
 William Morgan  
 Maxwell Jones  
 Edgar C. Whitten  
 Matthew Greeley  
 Stephen Fallon  
 Harry N. Harris  
 Zachariah Smith  
 Laurence J. Fewer  
 William Fry  
 Stanley S. Pinesent  
 William G. Perran  
 Samuel Luff  
 Alfred Humphries  
 Carl Reid  
 Harry Brown  
 Edward Seward  
 William Joyce  
 Martin Farrell  
 Daniel Barrow  
 Albert V. Coles

John Elliott  
 Joseph Martret  
 Joseph W. Evans  
 Michael F. Kennedy  
 Robert Meadus  
 Leo M. Burke  
 Donald Templeman  
 Frank Woodford  
 Maxwell Barnes  
 William G. Ivany  
 Allan Lyons  
 Cecil Parmiter  
 David Brent  
 Martin J. Cahill  
 Joseph Martin  
 Matthew Rossiter  
 Robert W. Heale  
 Arthur H. Young  
 Andrew J. Mackay  
 Samuel J. Learning  
 Donald F. McNeil  
 Silas Stuckless  
 William P. Prowse  
 John C. Edwards  
 Michael Broderick  
 Arch. M. Newman  
 Peter J. Hudson  
 Theophilus Harttree  
 James J. Lannigan  
 Stanley G. Pike  
 Alfred Reid  
 Ed. J. Strickland  
 Edward Peckford  
 Alex. King  
 John J. Cahill  
 F. D. Bastow  
 Robert A. Noonan  
 Henry A. Martin  
 Joseph Legge  
 Alex. A. Read  
 Benjamin Barsey  
 Wilfred Bradley  
 John Calpin  
 Patrick Woodford  
 Geo. R. Shave  
 Walter A. Kane  
 William Morris  
 Thomas Druken  
 Aug. Quinton  
 James Wheeler

#### MISSING JULY 1ST, NOW BELIEVED "KILLED IN ACTION" OFFICERS.

2nd Lieutenant Geo. H. Taylor  
 C. S. M. Robert Porter  
 Sergeant Michael F. Kelly  
 Sergeant S. S. Ferguson  
 Sergeant E. F. Gladney  
 Sergeant Charles Reid  
 Sergeant Thomas Carroll  
 Sergeant William S. Elliott  
 Sergeant William Ollerhead  
 Corporal Chester C. Guy  
 Lance Corporal John J. Ellis  
 Lance Corporal Arthur J. Rendell  
 Lance Corporal John J. Dunphy  
 Lance Corporal Augustus Lilly  
 Lance Corporal El. C. Rowsell  
 Lance Corporal Fred E. Snow  
 Lance Corporal Frank J. Spurrell  
 Lance Corporal Ed. J. Gardiner  
 Lance Corporal Arthur W. Gillam  
 Lance Corporal Richard E. Hynes  
 Lance Corporal Frank Harnett  
 Lance Corporal George E. Pike  
 Lance Corporal Edward A. Ayre  
 Lance Corporal Horatio Barbour  
 Lance Corporal Edwin L. Shave

#### PRIVATES.

Silas Jeffers  
 Daniel Linehan  
 James J. Pike

Frank T. Lind  
 Kenneth Morris  
 Charles A. Parsons  
 George P. Simms  
 George R. Sparks  
 Ignatius J. Butler  
 John T. Curley  
 Thomas B. Hefford  
 Jos. P. Bartlett  
 Reginald Paul  
 Josiah Smith  
 Alex. McDougall  
 William A. White  
 Edward Carrigan  
 M. C. Mahoney  
 Augustus Penney  
 Stanley West  
 Richard M. Short  
 Gordon Etheridge  
 William Bennett  
 William Dunphy  
 George Hatfield  
 Eric S. Martin  
 W. R. McNeven  
 Fred Garf  
 Arthur S. Hayward  
 James J. Howard  
 Laurence Murphy  
 James J. O'Leary  
 Charles F. Taylor  
 Joseph Andrews  
 James P. Connors  
 Harry Butler  
 Ernest L. Chafe  
 Patrick Richardson  
 Edward H. Winter  
 James Atwill  
 John T. Morrissey  
 Thomas Melee  
 Norman Coultas  
 John M. Power  
 Douglas R. Suvv  
 John Carsons  
 Harry Hynes  
 Thomas J. Kelly  
 James R. Morris  
 George Hawkins  
 Robert Mercer  
 Allan Moyes  
 John C. Piercey  
 Stewart Pinesent  
 Harry G. Strathie  
 Harold G. Coish  
 Edwin Edgar  
 Michael J. Jackman  
 Allan Burridge  
 Josiah H. Penney  
 George S. Small  
 Campbell Nichols  
 Israel Anderson  
 Albert Haines  
 William V. O'Brien  
 Garland Warford  
 Willis White  
 Richard Maddigan  
 John S. Snow  
 John Breen  
 Henry Evans  
 George Lukins  
 Edward J. Murphy  
 Wm. J. O'Keefe  
 Patrick J. Hayes  
 Michael J. Holland  
 Jos. Hollahan  
 Charles Nelson  
 Ed. T. Rodgers  
 George Abbott  
 Roger Callahan  
 Francis J. Galway  
 John J. Carew  
 Michael J. O'Neil  
 Augustin Whelan

Charles Bowman  
 Eric Moore  
 John J. Carew  
 Alf. P. Taylor  
 John C. Snelgrove  
 Wilson Bishop  
 H. Crocker  
 John A. Jenns  
 Heber Kearley  
 Geo. F. Newhook  
 Harold Hutchings  
 George Miller  
 Albert O'Driscoll  
 Arch. H. Porter  
 Robert R. Simms  
 Fred White  
 L. Cranford  
 John J. Duke  
 Joseph A. King  
 Joseph A. King  
 Nath. Croucher  
 Sidney Rideout  
 Gerald Ford  
 M. J. O'Flynn  
 John Barton  
 M. F. Lannon  
 Aubrey Parsons  
 James P. Haney  
 Alfred Johnson

#### MISSING, CONCERNING WHOM THERE IS STILL HOPE. OFFICERS.

Lieutenant Cecil B. Clift  
 Lance Corporal Martin P. Kent

#### PRIVATES.

William Masters  
 John J. French  
 Leighton Bugden  
 George Phillips  
 William Brown  
 Wallace LeMessurier  
 John Langer  
 H. L. Young  
 James Hall  
 Isaac Mitchelmore  
 Bertram C. Parsons  
 Charles H. Parsons  
 Fred Raynes  
 Thos. E. Rodgers  
 Fred J. Saunders  
 James P. Watts  
 Neil McLeod  
 Ambrose Guy  
 Edward Hardy  
 Luke Muford  
 William L. Marsh  
 Robert S. Ryall  
 John Sargent  
 William Snow  
 Frank P. Tuff  
 Adolphus Wiseman  
 Gilbert Walters  
 Bernard Meehan  
 Laurence E. Clare  
 Henry W. Cook

#### ROYAL NAVAL RESERVISTS' ROLL OF HONOR

Edward Bryan  
 William H. Chafe  
 Timothy F. Coady  
 Stephen Dicker  
 Albert Hallett  
 Thomas Knight  
 John T. Morgan  
 Walter Morris  
 Gerald A. Osmond  
 Eugene F. Simmonds  
 Ronald J. Snow  
 Richard J. Squires

Edward Stone  
 Peter Butler  
 Stanley Crocker  
 William J. Dyer  
 Thomas J. Kavanagh  
 William J. Keough  
 Patrick J. O'Brien  
 Francis Pike  
 Ralph Randell  
 Jonas Watkins  
 Philip J. Wheeler  
 Edmund Brown  
 Thomas Copley  
 Joseph Farewell  
 Barton Greene  
 Sylvester Martin  
 William H. Peach  
 Charles A. Piercey  
 Edgar J. Spracklin  
 Simeon Whalen  
 William King  
 Harold A. Stanley  
 Enos Barnes  
 Alert Brace  
 George Coates  
 Gilbert Dyke  
 James Greening  
 Levi Jerrett  
 Albert Kelly  
 Lewis Phillip  
 Sandy Martin  
 John B. Mercer  
 Frederick Morgan  
 William G. Morgan  
 John Parsons  
 Henry W. Peach  
 Charles Ralph  
 Charles Rowe  
 William St. Croix  
 Edward Smart  
 Eli Sparks  
 George Stringer  
 Douglas Walsh  
 Albert J. Warren  
 George Youden  
 Thomas Youden  
 Victor J. Benoit  
 Walter J. Hynes  
 George H. LeDrew  
 Stephen Sparks  
 William H. Woolbridge  
 David Butler  
 Eric F. Taylor  
 Joseph Benoit  
 Peter Benoit  
 John Reader  
 Melvin Tittford  
 Walter Goss  
 Randall A. Pike  
 George P. Bragg  
 James P. Curran  
 Edgar Hoskins  
 Frederick J. Butt  
 William Jones  
 William H. Dawe  
 Nathan Muford  
 Alexander Chalk  
 William Cross  
 John Hibbs  
 John Hiscock  
 Jacob Peafeey  
 Thomas Hurley  
 Denis Tucker  
 Archibald J. Pitcher  
 William Butler  
 Dugald Steed  
 Leo J. Bennett  
 Harold Miller  
 James Anderson

[This list is copied from the "Illustrated Tribune" Christmas Number.]

# Reid - Newfoundland Co'y.

## Electrical Department

### Flexible Arm Lamps

for Sewing and Reading and Studying

**\$4.00**



Lamps for Floor Use  
 Adjustable Arm

**\$7.50**



### BEAUTIFUL STANDS LAMPS

**\$7.00 to \$30.00**

Reading Lamps for every purpose.

SEE OUR WINDOW FOR GRAND DISPLAY.

PHONE 240

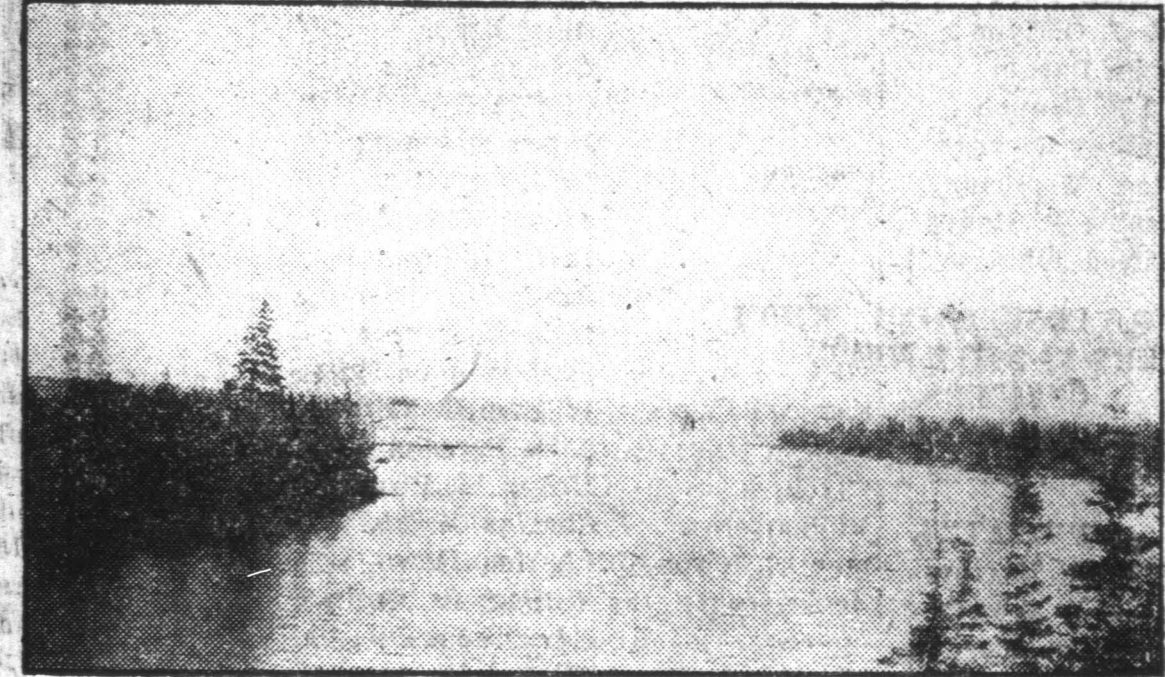
# W. F. Coaker--The Man And His Work.

## By a Friend

It was a certain Friday evening in April, 1909, I was passing a public hall in one of our largest northern outports. The building was lighted, the evening was warm and all the windows were open. It was evident that a public meeting of some sort was in progress and casting about myself for an explanation I remembered that Mr. W. F. Coaker was to address a meeting in that hall that night, in the interests of the Fishermen's Protective Union. I had no desire just then to enter the hall. It was not difficult to hear from the outside, so I went nearer and listened just out of curiosity. I had enjoyed the oratorical dispensations of Sir Robert Bond, I had been swayed by the argumentative eloquence of Mr. Morine, but there was something

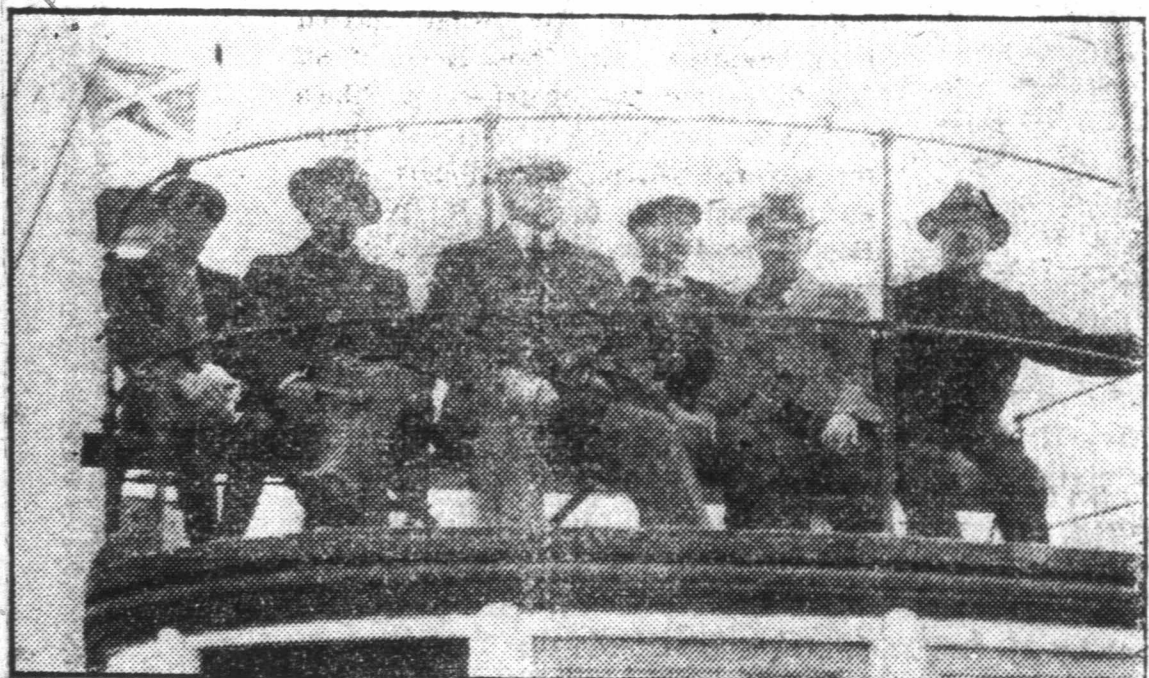
phenomenal and one stops and asks one's self the question--What of the organizer? What manner of man is he? William Ford Coaker needs no introduction to many readers of the Advocate. He was born on the South Side of St. John's on October 19th, 1871, the son of the late William Coaker of Twillingate and Elizabeth Ford of St. John's. He left school at the early age of eleven and went to work; but later augmented his education by spending some time at the General Protestant Academy under Principal Hancock, and at Bishop Feild College under Professor Blackall. At the age of 16 he was sent to Herring Neck as the agent of McDougall & Templeton and on the dissolution of the firm some four years later Mr. Coaker bought out the business, of which he was manager. In 1895 he gave up his business at Herring Neck and went to live on a farm, which he had cleared on an island in the mouth of Dildo Run, now known as Coakerville. In 1897 he again went to Herring Neck as Telegraph operator and post master, but the Liberal Party being defeated at the polls Mr. Coaker lost his position and

one exception, was returned with an overwhelming vote, Mr. Coaker himself, who contested the strongest out-party Tory district--Bonavista--being returned with a vote never before accorded any candidate in the country. The Constitution of the Union allowed for commercial undertakings, consequently in 1911, Mr. Coaker formed the Union Trading Co. The fishermen having full faith in this marvellous man, readily bought up shares; and Union stores were started in the principal settlements. To-day the Union operates thirty-five cash stores, which did a business this year of \$1,250,000; while fishermen have invested \$300,000 in the Trading and Export Companies. Both Companies will pay a ten per cent. dividend this year. The F.P.U. itself has \$20,000 in funds accumulated through discounts on tea, tobacco and butter. The Export Co., formed in 1915, and capitalized at \$1,000,000, has for its object the buying and exporting direct, local fishery products of all kinds. This year President Coaker has established two additional Union companies, viz., the Union Shipbuilding Co. and the Union Electric Light and



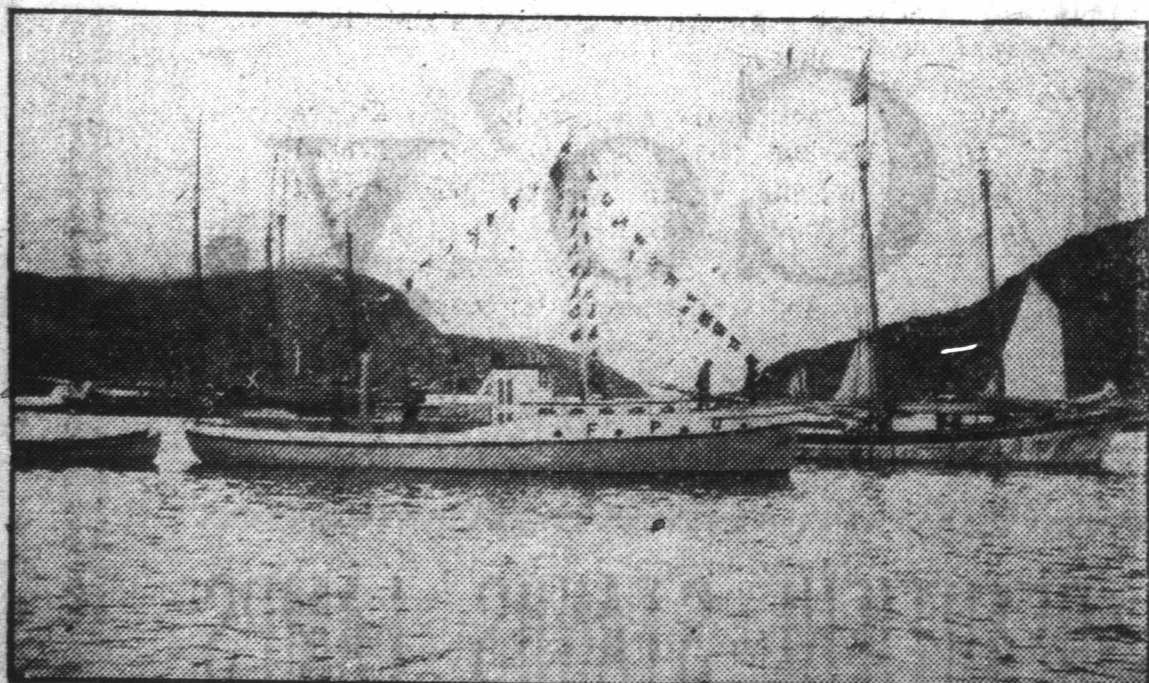
Coakerville Harbor.

held for many weary years of toil and hardship; but a vision which, owing to the increase of the social, political and commercial wrongs unside, der which they groaned they felt would never be realized. It was a vision of independence, a vision of equal rights for all, a vision of the rights of every man to have a soul of his own,



Snap Shot taken off Grate's Cove, August 1st, 1916, by Pres. Coaker.

to think for himself. It held out to every man a square deal, a just reward for his toil; and permitted him a word in the affairs of his country. The calm confidence of the man that he needed no argument to impress that aim, men enrolled themselves, as members of the F. P. U. and pledged their active support to W. F. Coaker. The hall was packed with men, yet, save for the



New F.P.U. Motor Yacht.

that night eight years ago has happened since in hundreds of others, in the North, South and West of the Island, until to-day the F. P. U. has over 250 local councils, aggregating a membership of 22,500, with its influence felt in every electoral district. Men had gone there out of curiosity and nothing more. So many impostors had appeared before who claimed has ever seen. Its success has been



Newfoundland Government Post Office Shack at North Sydney.

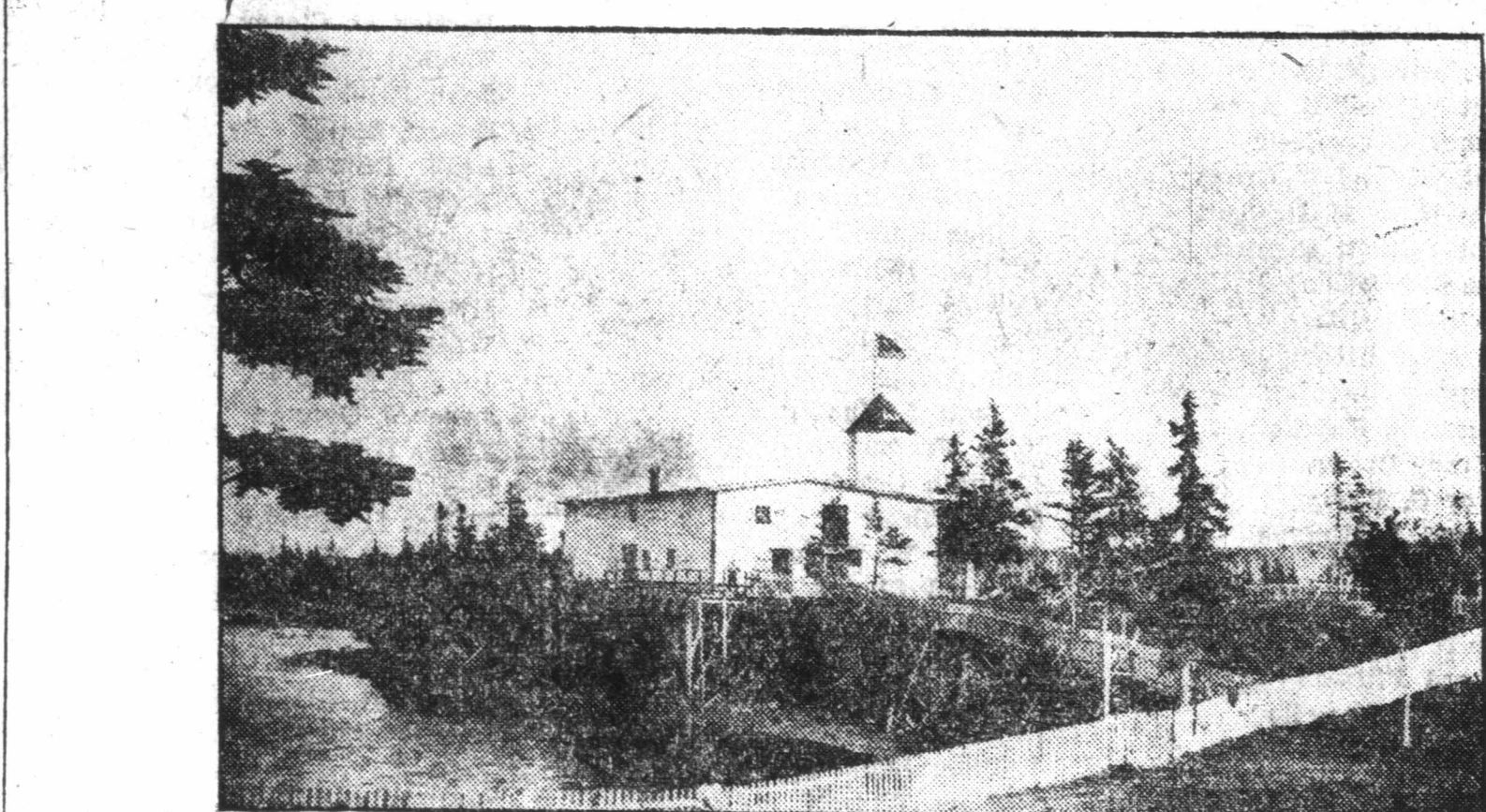


W. F. COAKER, M.H.A., PRESIDENT OF THE F.P.U.

In 1900 he went to Canada and worked on a sock farm at Danville. He returned to Newfoundland in the same year. In 1902 he became government operator at Lewisporte and late in the same year was transferred to Port Blandford, where he held the three positions of operator, sub-collector and post master. In 1904 he resigned those positions and in 1905 was at Coakerville again; where he remained until the furtherance of his plans in connection with the development of the F. P. U. necessitated his moving to St. John's.

From the brief biographical sketch given above, it is apparent that Mr. Coaker, previous to the organization of the F. P. U., had an experience of men and things, which must have been of incalculable value to him in the great work he has undertaken and brought to such phenomenal success. As a young man he had seen the greatest financial disasters the country ever witnessed, he had gone through the darkest days of our history. He felt that something was wrong with the whole order of things, social, commercial and political. He saw what had to be done; and he set himself with characteristic energy to the task of changing conditions; and to usher in for the fishermen and labourers, for the masses of Newfoundland, an age of independence, an era of justice, a day of clean government.

With keen foresight, he felt that the Union, strong as it might be in numbers, could do very little to ameliorate and better conditions, until it had through its own representatives in the Assembly, direct political power. Accordingly in 1913, nine candidates, selected from the Union ranks, contested districts in which the Union had been organized. The number would have been greater, but Mr. Coaker, feeling that the time was not ripe for the Union to face the country as a party, joined forces with the Liberal Party, and consequently some Union candidates gave up their nominations to make room for Liberal Party candidates. The result of the election for the Union was a glorious success. Every Union candidate, with



Barn at Coakerville.

doubtful. He asked them to go ahead with their questions. They hesitated. Finally some one said, "You speak first, sir." Then the quest became general. He ascended the platform and spoke for two hours. He electrified the audience. After it was over he said, "Now for your questions." The answer was an additional \$3,000 invested in Union Companies. He reassures the sceptical. He meets conditions in a proper spirit. He is progressive, far-sighted and astute. No gains will be spared to get the best of his plans for



President Coaker's Home at Coakerville.

forward to success. He has great faith in the future of the Colony. Hence his confidence in the success of his enterprises.

Holding the Presidencies of all the Companies affiliated with the F.P.U., he is necessarily a very busy man. Yet he finds time for considerable writing and the interests of his constituents are never neglected. He is at his desk from 8:30 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. daily and often after tea. In the early days of the Union he worked eighteen hours daily. In business he arrives at conclusions quickly. He will digest a conversation, a letter, or a file in from the lobbies. All interest then. He has done great good while in the House. He goes to the bottom of every thing. I should say he has an analytic-synthetic brain. He questions and cross questions severely. He wants the truth. He demands the truth and he gets it. I was listening to a heated debate in the House last session with a friend who is not the most ardent of Coakerites. I said to him after the debate: "Even if the Union never comes to anything great, at conclusions quickly. He will digest a conversation, a letter, or a



A Corner at Coakerville.

BY  
erring  
of th  
ate, an  
nge Isl  
itt's H  
t, Gut  
por, Bu  
Good A  
Clark  
sett  
general  
at 1200  
es, and  
and po  
Neck.  
nally  
t fifty  
h a ca  
years  
s' Arm  
rs of  
and  
ing Ho  
—Fish  
100 ye  
in que  
d those  
Arms  
their l  
ched th  
across  
s' Cov  
Arms  
cured.  
al vis  
n they  
boats,  
ring's  
e area  
Neck  
r cons  
Harbo  
ses.  
red. I  
prities  
Herrin  
ely app  
barbo  
foundla  
Neck.  
ain cou  
men's a  
thereat  
ant whe  
and w  
ty."  
e settle  
unmysid  
and ex  
premis  
er of S  
by Mr  
re in N  
rger, fu  
ent, or  
conduct  
business  
Lockyer  
came t  
llingate  
t 35 ye  
ch trad  
W. Let  
Mr. Let  
llingate  
Duder  
to the  
Neck b  
the fi  
e bank  
Neck.  
00. Th  
te trans  
erty to  
ng of 1  
00 payab  
r. Cart  
yer to  
er being  
essing  
ed lgr's  
s at St  
ring Ne  
ally fav  
be inf  
ed. God  
rator fe  
ion in t  
st nil.  
ed thro  
Carier  
lition of  
round h  
be best  
ling at  
es. It  
ises pro  
of the  
r front  
sea an  
all No  
gradual  
ves, fis  
es for  
-to-day  
outpor  
to none  
employ  
be perso  
of the m  
ok-keep  
pt store  
alleyman  
stant an  
fishing h  
the firm.

# A Review of Herring Neck-1780-1916

## By President Coaker.

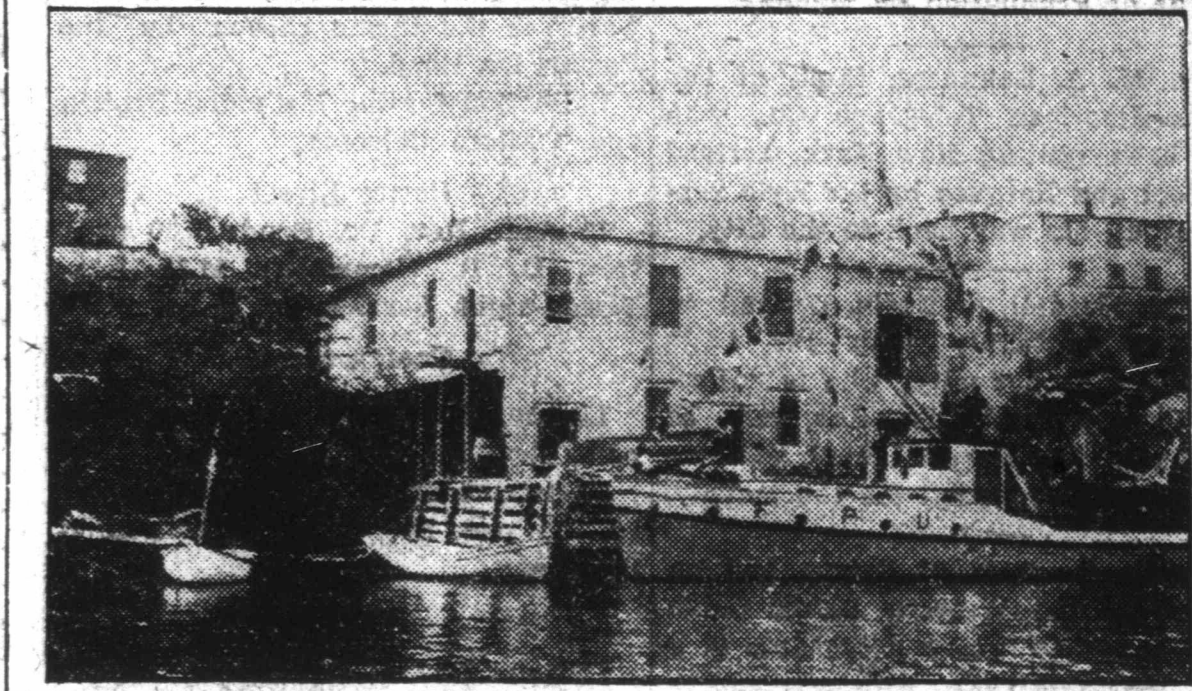
BY W. F. COAKER.

Herring Neck is situated in the north of Notre Dame Bay about 8 miles from the Bay's chief town, Twillingate, and the same distance from the Change Islands. It consists of islands, ticks, arms, and coves. Merritt's Harbor is the most Northern, Gut Arm, Salt Harbor, Starve Harbor, Burnt Arm, Gashen's Arm, Good Arms, Green's Cove, Pike's Cove, Clark's Cove and Cobb's Arm. The settlements composed in general make-up of Herring Neck about 1200 souls reside at those places, and altogether it forms the largest population designated as Herring Neck. The name Herring Neck originally identified a neck of land about fifty yards in width through which a canal was cut about thirty years ago. The canal is named Clark's Arm Canal, as it connects the waters of Clark's Cove and Pike's Cove, and cuts off a voyage around Spring Head—a distance of five miles—fishermen from Fogo more than 100 years ago frequented Pike's Cove in quest of Herring. They often found those fishes abundant at Too Good Arms and Burnt Arm, and leaving their large boats at Pike's Arm, they reached the smaller ones with the arms across Pike's Arm Neck, into Clark's Cove and thus passed on to the arms where the Herring could be cured. Consequently those occasional visitors named the Neck, over which they so often had to launch their boats, and carry Herring across the neck—subsequently the name of the area came to be known as Herring Neck. To-day Herring Neck consists of Sunnyside, or the Harbor facing Carter's business premises. It is time the name was changed. It is intended to petition the authorities to call it Port Safety and Herring Neck. Port Safety is extremely applicable, as there is not a harbor, or chain of harbours in Newfoundland that can surpass Herring Neck. The whole navy of Great Britain could be safely anchored at Herring Neck. Let us therefore, that the day is not far when this haven of rest from wind, will be named "Port Safety."

The settlements enumerated, centre Sunnyside, here is found the extensive and extremely convenient business premises belonging to Mr. G. J. Carter of St. John's, which is managed by Mr. J. D. Lockyer, J.P., none in Newfoundland can be found larger, fully equipped, more convenient, or better maintained premises conducting a general Newfoundland business. It has been built under Lockyer's supervision. Mr. Lockyer came to Herring Neck from Twillingate branch of Edwin Duder about 35 years ago. He conducted a fish trade of Edwin Duder's, under W. Lethbridge's supervision, until Mr. Lethbridge withdrew from Twillingate and settled in England. Duder then promoted Mr. Lockyer to the sole management of Herring Neck branch which was continued by the firm of Edwin Duder before the bankruptcy in 1894. The Herring Neck branch was then worth \$100,000. The Trustees of Duder's estate transferred the Herring Neck property to Mr. G. J. Carter in the year of 1895 for a consideration of \$50,000 payable in three years.

Mr. Carter again engaged Mr. Lockyer to manage the concern, Mr. Lockyer being an astute business-man possessing considerable wealth, pursued largely from the insolvent estates at St. John's, and started his Herring Neck venture, under exceptionally favourable circumstances, as he inferred from facts already stated. Good fisheries followed. The harbor fleet was successful. Competition in trade at Herring Neck was not nil. Splendid profits were secured through want of competition. Carter availed of the unsettled situation of business in 1895 to gather around him a considerable number of the best of Edwin Duder's planters living at Twillingate and other places. It was not long before the business proved too small. The situation of the premises was ideal, as the front was deep and very safe from sea and storms, being protected from all North winds. The premises gradually extended. New shops, fish stores, a hotel, dwelling houses for employees, were erected. To-day it stands as a Newfoundland business premises, second to none in the Colony. The company employs an assistant manager, the person of Mr. Frank Lockyer, who is the manager; a head shopman, a book-keeper, a store-keeper, an assistant store-keeper, a tinsmith, cooper, store-keeper, seven shop assistants and almost all the school-boys from Herring Neck belong to the firm. Ninety per cent of the

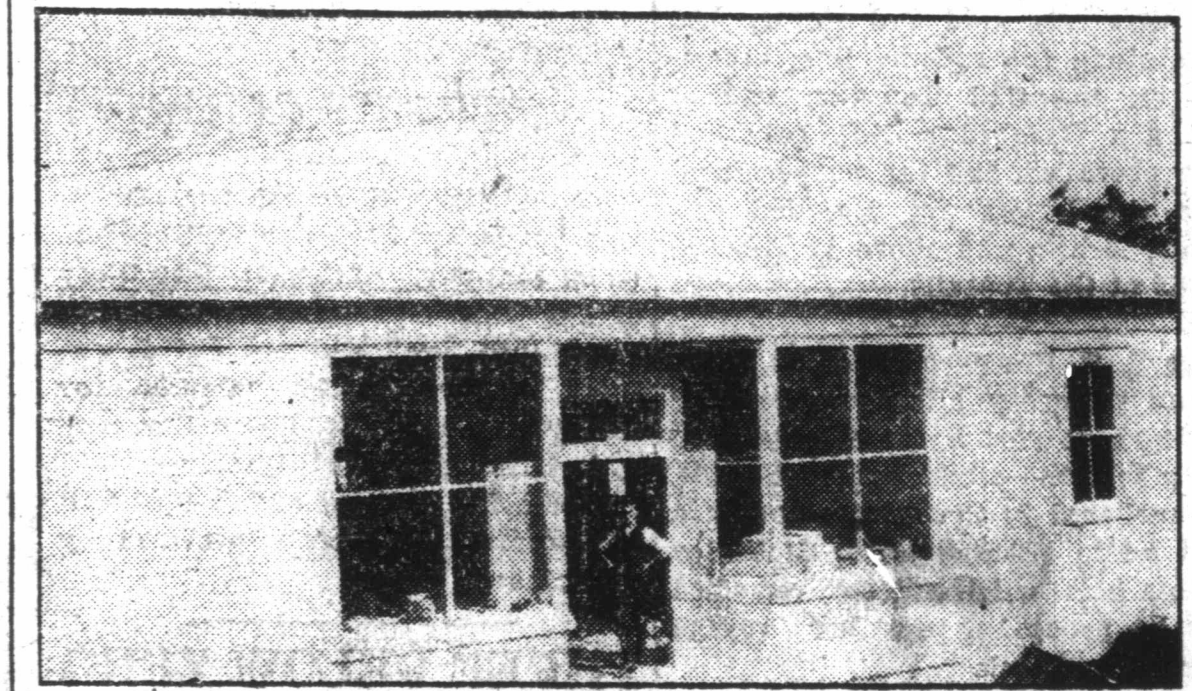
whole trade was done by Carter. The net earnings of the establishment must be very considerable. Herring Neck trade is a veritable Klondyke for Mr. Carter. The stock carried is very large and contains everything required by a fisherman. The employees live in an hotel on the premises. Mr. Lockyer erected a dwelling house at Trinity and permanently reside there, except for an occasional visit to oversee affairs at Herring Neck in the interest of his business. The other business stores are owned by H. J. Earle and William Ashbourne. Mr. John Holwell is Mr.



New F.P.U. Premises, Herring Neck, Adjoining the New Coastal Wharf.

Earle's manager. The community possesses three churches, a fourth at Cobb's Arm and another at Pike's Arm. This will give two to the Church of England, and three to the Methodist Church. The Methodist people recently erected a new church at Herring Neck proper. The Salvation Army also own a fine barracks. The Orangemen possess a splendid hall, worth \$2,000. The S.U.F. Lodge also own a fine new hall at Salt Harbor. Two clergymen care for the souls of the community. In educational matters Herring Neck to-day is

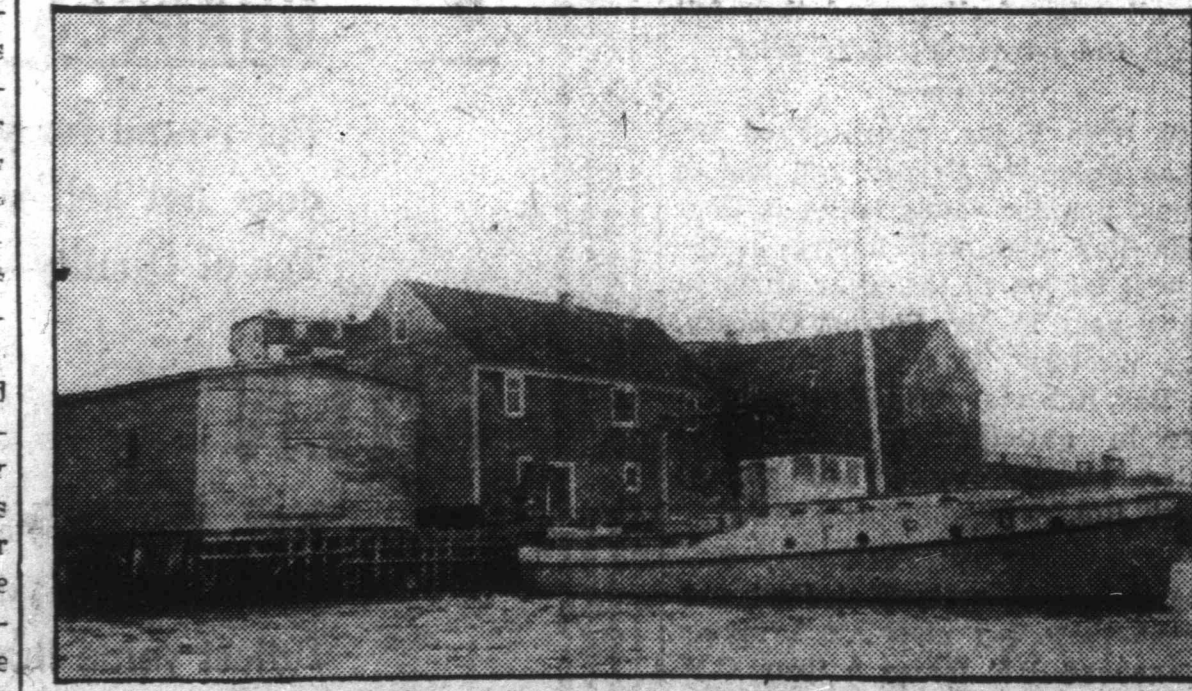
Church did not stand there very many years. It was generally known as William Rendell's Church. A Minister named Lawrence visited the community from Twillingate after Mr. Chapman left. The Rev. Mr. Cross, was the first resident clergyman of Herring Neck. He taught School also, and was the first school teacher, as well as resident minister to serve Herring Neck. Mr. Cross erected the Church at Starve Harbor, that appears in Prowse's History of Newfoundland. It was erected about 70 years ago. This old Church which the writer has



F.P.U. Shop, Herring Neck.

far behind every settlement of similar importance and population in Newfoundland. Educational conditions are simply disgraceful. The Church of England Board is greatly to blame for those conditions, but past Methodist Boards cannot be exonerated. In our humble opinion the man that must shoulder the responsibility for the backward educational state of Herring Neck, proper, is Mr. J. D. Lockyer. He was on the Board for nearly thirty years, except for about two years, 1896-1898, simply because

worshipped in, was dismantled some twenty years ago and utilized in the erection of the Church which is now used. Mr. Cross also erected the old Parsonage which was taken down ten years ago and utilized in the erection of the Parsonage now occupied by Mr. Giddens. Mr. Cross also erected, from funds principally supplied by a Mr. Joseph Stuckey, a splendid School Chapel at Green's Cove, which was burnt during the period that Capt. William Richards (so well known) was teaching at Green's Cove. Mr. Cross



Union Premises No. 2 at Catalina.

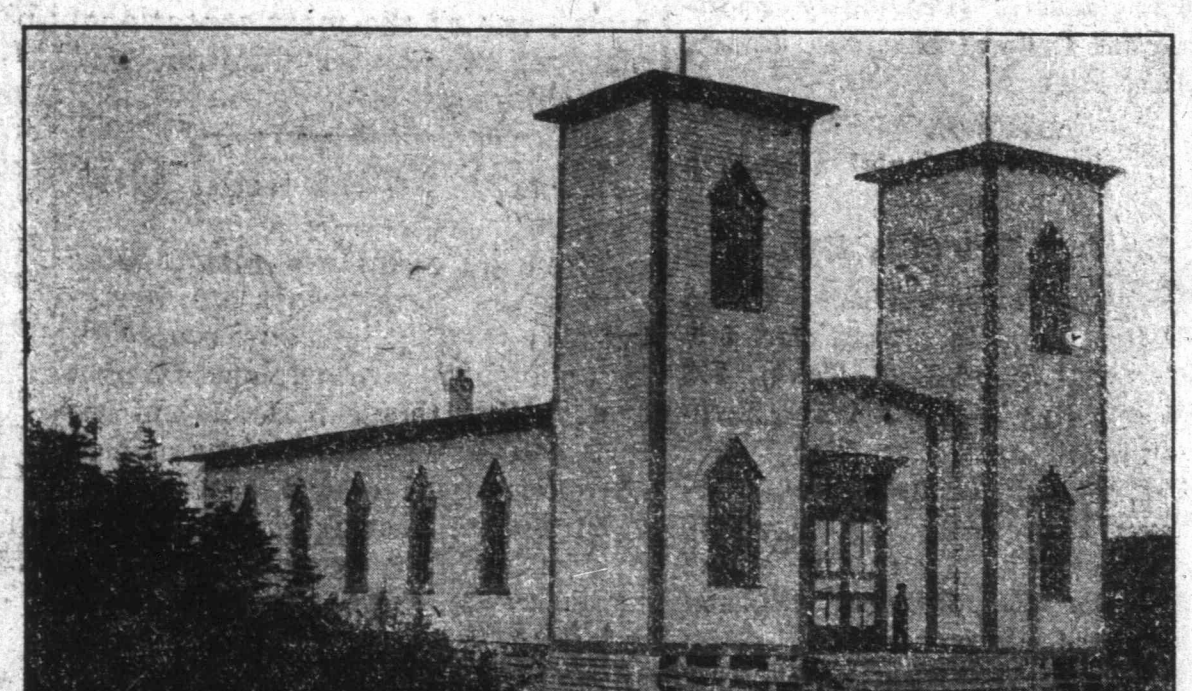
he was the commercial man of the community. The first clergyman to visit Herring Neck regularly, was Rev. J. Chapman from Twillingate. This was more than 125 years ago. He erected a small Church at Too-Good Arm, on the premises of William Rendell, and resided when at Herring Neck with this Mr. William Rendell. There are no descendants of this family of Rendells now living at Herring Neck, possibly some of this family now reside at Twillingate. The room occupied by William-Rendell which also contained

left Herring Neck for London about 60 years ago taking with him a native Thomas Philpot, brother of late Skipper John Philpot, and Mrs. Joseph Kearley, now living. Thomas Philpot went from London to Pictou, New Zealand, and prospered. He became Mayor of Pictou. He is still alive. A nephew, Esau Miles left Herring Neck 37 years ago, and found his way to his Uncle Thomas at New Zealand. Mr. Miles is now a man of considerable wealth. He visited his native place ten years ago while on a tour of the world. He

owns 40 houses in Wellington, N.Z. Mr. Cross was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Darrell, who married a Miss Newman of Twillingate. Mr. and Mrs. Darrell spent the closing years of their lives at Twillingate, where both died and were buried a few years ago. Mr. Darrell labored 18 years at Herring Neck and during his incumbency Change Islands was included in Herring Neck Mission. This connection continued until about 15 years ago, when Change Islands, became a separate Mission under Rev. Mr. Clench. Mr. Darrell was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Windsor, a young clergyman, a native of Aquaforte, who married Miss Ellen Stirling, daughter of Doctor Stirling of Twillingate, almost 46 years ago. Mr. Windsor visited his first Mission a few years ago and was warmly welcomed by his old parishioners at Change Islands and Herring Neck. Mr. Windsor left Herring Neck for Canada where he has spent the greater part of his life. The Rev. J. Hewett, now of Petty Hr., succeeded Mr. Windsor. Mr. Hewett married a daughter of Judge Hayward, and sister of the late A. O. Hayward. Mr. Hewett lived thirteen years at Herring Neck, and faithfully labored for the Glory of God. Many of the older residents speak of him to-day in terms of love and respect. He sowed the seeds that, many a time saved the Church from disruption in the stormy days, that came after Mr. Hewett left the Mission. Mr. Hewett's incumbency saw new churches erected at Change Islands and Herring Neck which were completed by his successor, the Rev. Mr. Chamberlain now of Catalina, who succeeded Mr. Hewett in 1887, coming from Exploits. Mr. Chamberlain labored 14 years in the Mission, he was the last incumbent of the Mission which included Change Islands. Rev. J. White, who died last year at English Hr., succeeded Mr. Chamberlain. Mr. White buried his wife, Sarah, daughter of Dr. Stabb, of the Lunatic Asylum, and a little boy, Henry, while at Herring Neck. Rev. Mr. Mercer, now at Harbor Brston, succeeded Mr. White, remaining for one year only. Mr. Mercer began the erection of a new parsonage, and a new church at Pike's Arm. Mr. Mercer was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Richardson, from England, now laboring at Cape Breton, who remained two years and completed the Parsonage. Mr. Richardson was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Kirby, Rev. Mr. Penny, son of the late Edward Penny, of Keels, succeeded Mr. Kirby, and completed the Church at Pike's Arm. Mr. Penny was succeeded by the Rev. Llewelyn Godden, the present incumbent.

Now for the History of Methodism at Herring Neck, when Mr. Windsor succeeded Mr. Darrell, there was no Methodist in Herring Neck. Methodism dates from 1870, a clergyman from Twillingate cared for the small flock for several years. Services were held in a store belonging to Skipper Esau Blandford. A church was then erected nearby, which was dismantled a few years ago and utilized in the erection of a new Methodist Church. A Parsonage was erected about the same time as the Church. The circuit of Herring Neck was subsequently established by placing the Rev. Mr. Bradford in charge. Change Islands was also included in Herring Neck circuit. Mr. Bradford was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Rex, who remained for three years. Rev. Mr. Rex was succeeded by Rev. A. Stoney. Mr. Stoney was unmarried. A sister from England kept house. Two brothers, Robert and Willis, afterwards Methodist Ministers, also lived with him at Herring Neck. Mr. Stoney subsequently went to British Columbia. Another brother George was also a Methodist Minister in Newfoundland at that time. The four brother Ministers, all left Newfoundland to labor in other sections of the Master's Vineyard. Rev. Mr. Harris succeeded Mr. Stoney. Mr. Harris previous to this abored at Twillingate. He married a Miss Roberts of Twillingate, who died at Herring Neck. Mr. Harris now resides at Moreton's Hr. Mr. Holmes now residing at Hr. Grace, succeeded Mr. Harris. Mr. Holmes was a hard worker and a good preacher. A splendid Church at Change Islands was erected during Mr. Holmes term at Herring Neck. Rev. Mr. Patterson succeeded Mr. Holmes, Change Islands being more progressive and liberal than Herring Neck, at this time demanded that their settlement should be the headquarters of the circuit. Mr. Patterson consequently removed to Change Islands, and was succeeded by the Rev. Mr. French. Mr. French remained one year, and was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Mosdell, who did not remain long. Rev. Mr. Pike succeeded Mr. Mosdell for one year. Rev. J. W. Guy succeeded Mr. Pike. Rev. Mr.

Hayden, a brilliant young man, succeeded Mr. Guy, and left Herring Neck for Toronto. Mr. Hayden was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Pickering. Then came the Rev. Mr. Leigh. The Circuit of Herring Neck having increased in numbers and importance, it was decided to ask for a married clergyman, and conference appointed the Rev. Mr. Royle to Herring Neck Circuit. Mr. Royle began by laying the foundation of a new church. Cobbs' Arm, Merritt's Hr. and Friday's Bay with Herring Neck proper, makes up the Circuit of Herring Neck.



The Birthplace of the F.P.U., the L.O.A. Hall, Herring Neck.

Mr. Royle married a Miss Oldford of Musgravetown. Rev. Mr. LeGrow succeeded Mr. Royle. Rev. Mr. French, now at Exploits, succeeded Mr. LeGrow. Rev. Eli Anthony, now at College, succeeded Rev. Mr. French. Rev. Mr. Gillingham, now at La Scie, succeeded Mr. Anthony. Mr. Gillingham was succeeded last year by Rev. Mr. Freke of Lewisporte.

Herring Neck is honored by two light houses, one at Baccalieu Island, the other at Fishing Point. Mr. William Holwell was the first keeper at Baccalieu, being appointed in 1884. He resigned in 1900, and was succeeded

the good or evil effects upon a community caused by duty faithfully, or unfaithfully performed by teachers. Herring Neck possessed good teachers in former days. The very first school teacher engaged permanently at Herring Neck was Andrew Miles. He must have been trained by Rev. Mr. Cross, for he was a native of Herring Neck, which is something very remarkable for a native of Herring Neck. Andrews Miles taught several years. His widow now resides at Herring Neck. Henry Miles, keeper of the Harbor Light is a son, Jonathan Miles, another, and Andrew Miles of

Change Islands is another. Mr. Wm. Holwell, father of John, Claude, and Captains, Arthur and George, taught school at Starve Harbor 40 years ago. He died last year nearly 90 years old. The late Rev. Hynes, also taught School at Herring Neck. W. J. Kent, late manager of the "Herald," G. B. Lloyd of the Money Order Department of the Post Office, Rev. Mr. Hiscock of Newton, Rev. Mr. Purchase of Winklesham, U.S.A., S. Colbourne, late light keeper at Battle Hr., M. Simms (present operator and sub collector at Herring Neck), G. Peppers of Coley's Pt. All good men, have taught at Herring

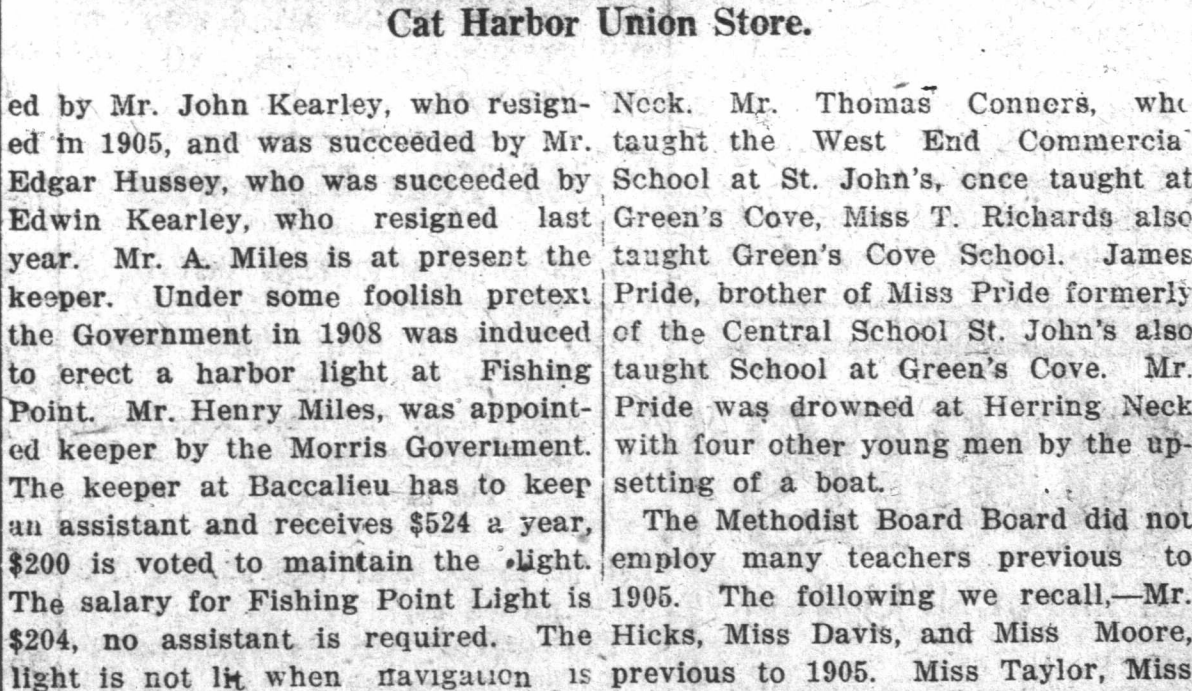
Neck. Mr. Thomas Connors, who taught the West End Commercial School at St. John's, once taught at Green's Cove, Miss T. Richards also taught Green's Cove School. James Pride, brother of Miss Pride formerly of the Central School St. John's also taught School at Green's Cove. Mr. Pride was drowned at Herring Neck with four other young men by the upsetting of a boat. The Methodist Board did not employ many teachers previous to 1905. The following we recall.—Mr. Hicks, Miss Davis, and Miss Moore, previous to 1905. Miss Taylor, Miss

Young, Miss Harbin and Mr. Harvey since 1905. Miss P. White of Green's Cove taught at Cobb's Arm, that much neglected part of Herring Neck, which will cause every minister, Church of England, or Methodist, who served previous to 1903 to hold down their heads in shame on the Day of Judgment. Since 1903 Revs. French, Pike, Guy, Haden, Pickering, Leigh in selecting proper teachers. A close student of public affairs, could trace

Last year the F. P. U. erected the splendid mercantile premises, a cut of which we publish herewith. It is one of the most compact and convenient premises in Green Bay, and adjoins the coastal wharf erected this Fall. Mr. Alfred Hussey is the clerk in charge. Last year the people of Starve Harbor Island erected a new school building, which was the first erected on that island. Recently the people of Merritt's Hr. erected a nice Methodist Church. The F. P. U. has a Hall under erection at Pike's Arm. Many of the old residents that I knew intimately have passed away since I came to St. John's to reside. Probably, two of the most renowned toilers of Herring Neck were John and Elias Warren, brothers, who 35 years ago, were leading planters, but died in poverty. The fishery at Herring Neck has been poor the past two years and has retarded the progress of the settlement.

I shall always look back with pleasure to the days spent at Herring Neck and Pike's Arm. Had I not been sent to Herring Neck there would not be a F. P. U. to-day, and I would probably be working as a storekeeper or wharfinger here. Had the Winter Government not fired me, when they took charge in 1897, it is likely I should to-day be a rusty Civil servant. Herring Neck has changed quite a lot since I first saw it in 1883, but it has changed for the best, and will, I trust, continue to make steady progress. It is a settlement that was sadly neglected about the time I became interested in it. The population is increasing, the young men do not emigrate, and all the settlements are improving. I will never have the pleasure of residing there again, yet while I live, I will entertain the best of wishes for the old settlement, which was first inhabited about 130 years ago.

Herring Neck has changed quite a lot since I first saw it in 1883, but it has changed for the best, and will, I trust, continue to make steady progress. It is a settlement that was sadly neglected about the time I became interested in it. The population is increasing, the young men do not emigrate, and all the settlements are improving. I will never have the pleasure of residing there again, yet while I live, I will entertain the best of wishes for the old settlement, which was first inhabited about 130 years ago.



Cat Harbor Union Store.



Union Store, Champneys.

closed, \$200 is voted also to maintain this light. School teachers always occupy a prominent place in the life and history of a settlement, when teachers do their duty faithfully they sow seeds for good, that will be sure to spring up in good time. Very much depends upon the teachers and too little trouble is taken, as a rule by the School Boards in selecting proper teachers. A close student of public affairs, could trace

Young, Miss Harbin and Mr. Harvey since 1905. Miss P. White of Green's Cove taught at Cobb's Arm, that much neglected part of Herring Neck, which will cause every minister, Church of England, or Methodist, who served previous to 1903 to hold down their heads in shame on the Day of Judgment. Since 1903 Revs. French, Pike, Guy, Haden, Pickering, Leigh in selecting proper teachers. A close student of public affairs, could trace

**PROPERTY LOSS OF \$3000**

The big sea and tide of Monday last did great damage at Petty Hr. It swept away nearly all the flakes and stages in the place and some of them contained a good deal of fish which entails great hardship. One man was very severely hit by the storm and sea. This was Mr. Park Howlett, an energetic and hard working planter. All his stages, flakes, fish houses and fishing gear were completely swept away and he suffers a loss of property of more than \$3000. This is an unparalleled blow to Mr. Howlett. At Brigus South, in Ferryland District, most of the stages were swept away and much damage was done in Witless Bay and nearby places.

**A LETTER FROM SOLDIER**

By yesterday's mail Mr. Thos. Glascoe Butcher, of Water Street West, had a letter which, if it caused him great surprise, also yielded him great pleasure. It is from his brother John, who for the past 8 years has not been heard of, and whose mother and relatives here were not sure as to whether he was in the land of the living. "Jack" who was well known to the boys of the West End, left here and went to the Crow's Nest Pass some 20 years ago. He returned some 8 years ago, remained only 7 days in St. John's, and proceeded to Canada again. The letter which he wrote is dated London, England, and in it he says that he had a good deal of knocking around the world and joined the British Army in England. When he wrote he expected that his regiment would get orders at any moment to proceed to France. Since he left here his father, the late Mr. John Glascoe died. He hopes his mother and all his relatives and friends are well and trusts that if he proceeds to France he will come through all right.

**A YOUNG SOLDIER DEAD**

Yesterday afternoon Rev. Fr. Pippy, of St. Patrick's, who had been advised of the fact, broke the news to Mrs. Peter Shortall, of Water Street West, that her son, Corporal Patrick Tobin, had died in Scotland. The young soldier had been on active service for over a year, was sent to Arras, France, which he has been very ill. Pat, who was a nephew of Mr. J. J. Tobin, of the Bench, was well and favorably known in the West End. To his sorrowing mother, brother and sisters, the Mail and Advocate extends its sympathy.

**The Change of Years**

The Old Year gently takes his leave, And bids that none of us should grieve About his going. New Year wakes Amid our best hopes, and takes His daylight peep at everything. Especially he seems to cling To all the old year's promises Of fuller, deeper kindnesses; Of deeper, stronger ties to bind Our hearts and lives to hopes that find A last joy along the way Of their fulfilling. Day by day The New Year wakes to larger fields Of all the old year's effort yields.

**OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT**

Received December 29th, 1916.  
2185 Corporal Herbert Willis, Grand Falls; killed in action, December 8th.  
1209 Corporal Patrick F. Tobin, 302 Water Street; died suddenly, Scotland, midnight, December 27th.

2595 Private Ralph Christensen, Norway; University War Hospital, Southampton—Dysentery, slight.  
1378 Private James J. O'Brien, Topsail; wounded, December 7th.  
420 Corporal Isaac Field, Bonavista; King George Hospital, London—Gunshot wound, right knee, severe. (Previously reported 5th General Hospital, Rouen, Dec. 4th.)

JOHN R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

Received Dec. 29th, 1916.

2185 Corporal Herbert Willis, Grand Falls; killed in action, Dec. 8th.  
1209 Corporal Patrick F. Tobin, 392 Water St.; died suddenly, Scotland, midnight, Dec. 27th.

2595 Private Ralph Christensen, Norway; University War Hospital, Southampton, Dysentery, slight.  
1378 Private J. O'Brien, Topsail; wounded, December 7th.

420 Isaac Field, Bonavista; King George Hospital, London—gunshot wound, right knee, severe. (Previously reported 5th General Hospital, Rouen, Dec. 4th.)

J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

Lance-Corp. Otto Whiteaway, son of Mr. Jesse Whiteaway and who for some time had been suffering from foot trouble, is now at Newton, Near Arras, Scotland, where he is taking a special course in military training. He received his stripes, only recently having crossed as a private with the last contingent.

**The New Year**

Shoulder to shoulder, we have climbed, And reached the hill-path's very top. Our steps to busy duties timed We might not halt, we might not stop. Until, with hearts aglow to-day, We share the summit of the way.

Good news — the outlook broadens still.

With clearer views for you and me Here's the reward of brave "I Will," That strove yet worthier to be.

"I'll Try," who leaves no work undone, At length another height has won.

Good news — the hills of morning ring

The message of a year begun; Good news — our hearts within us sing

For all the good that has been done, For all the good that is to be

To set the earth from bondage free

—By Frank Walcott Hutt.

**OUR THEATRES**

**A BIG BILL ON AT THE CRESCENT**  
The Crescent Picture Palace presents a big bill on New Year's Day. James Oppenheim's celebrated story, "The Stoning," pictured in three reels by the Edison Company, featuring Little Viola Dana, the Broadway Star, will be shown, beside other pictures. Professor McCarthy has arranged a programme of classy New Year music. To-day's show is a very fine one. Don't miss seeing it. The show starts on New Year's Day at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and 7 at night.

**A BIG NEW SHOW AT ROSSLEYS**

At Rossleys' British Theatre on New Year's Day there will be an all new show—songs, dances and costumes; also special feature is "Helen of the Chorus" in three reels—one of the most sensational pictures ever seen. Matinee and two shows nightly.

**As the Years Roll On**

Advancing years are permitted to shut us in. More people are worrying over the fact that they are growing old than give anxious thought to any other thing. They do not see that age has compensations which no other period of life conveys. Is there not satisfaction in the superior wisdom which comes only with experience? Is there not comfort in reflecting that one is not so foolish as formerly? Think of the broader knowledge of life, of the sense of achievement, which is attained after the battle, but never before it. Think of the richer emotions, the spiritual repose, the longer vision, the points of vantage which are possible only to the aged. Think of the prospect on Pisgah which no one ever gets in the valley. Rabbi Ben Ezra had it: "Grow old along with me! The best is yet to be. The last of life, for which the first was made. Our times are in His hand. Who saith, 'A whole I planned. Youth shows but half; trust God: see all, nor be afraid!'"

Yes, but it is the close of life that bothers. Getting old would be nothing where it is not for that grim thing that marks the finish. But the habit of expectancy will correct the morbid thought of death, which does not shut life in, but takes the cover off that there may be more life. Walt Whitman—has he not shamed us with his better view of death than half of Christendom holds? "Thee, holiest, minister of heaven: thee, envoy, usherer, guide at last of all!"

Rich, florid loosener of the stricture-knot called life: sweet, peaceful, welcome Death." Is not life like the passing of a voyager adown a river, guarded on either side by mountains? As he moves on, the vistas widen, the hills stand farther apart, the current runs deeper, the brimming flood is smoother and broader, till the sea breaks on the sight—the boundless, all-enveloping sea!

**Old Year Memories**

Let us forget the things that vexed and tried us, The worrying things that caused our souls to fret; The hopes that, cherished long, were still denied us. Let us forget.

Let us forget the little slights that pained us, The greater wrongs that rankle sometimes yet; The pride with which some lofty one disdain'd us. Let us forget.

Let us forget our brother's fault and falling, The yielding to temptations that beset, That he perchance, though grief be unavailing, Cannot forget.

But blessings manifold, past all deserving, Kind words and helpful deeds, a countless throng, The faults overcome, the rectitude unswerving. Let us remember long.

The sacrifice of love, the generous giving, When friends were few, the hand-clasp warm and strong; The fragrance of each life of holy living. Let us remember long.

Whatever things were good and true and gracious, Whatever of right has triumphed over wrong, What love of God or man has rendered precious,

**BELIEVED CREW ARE LOST**

The belief is now that the crew of the schr. Hesperia were lost when that vessel went ashore at Point Platte. Last night Mr. Piccott of the Marine and Fisheries Department had the following official telegram re the accident from the British Consul at St. Pierre: "Four men were seen clinging to a spar and fell into the sea when the vessel broke up, and the spar fell. Nothing has been picked up except a few papers. Will forward them to you, on arrival of tugs from Miquelon. Very stormy weather."

**IS NOT TRUE**

Since men have been going from the City to work in the Pulp and Powder Coy's mills at Jacques Falls, Ontario, rumors have been set afloat as to conditions there, which have made the friends of the men at home uneasy. We have it from Mr. Jones, Manager of the Seaman's Institute, who is the agent for the Company here, that the men are well looked after, get good pay and are comfortably housed and well fed. There is not the slightest truth in the report put about that pressure was being brought to bear so that the men who went there should enlist. As a matter of fact not a man except three has joined the Army and these went of their own volition, volunteering in a Canadian regiment.

**The Old Year: Was it a Failure?**

When the old year was new the heart took courage and promised that the days of the new year would not be marred, as were so many of the old year, with weakness, folly, selfishness, unkindness, and all those mean characteristics that spell out the harsh word failure. And the resolution was made in good faith. But now that the new year has become the old year, what of it? Was it failure, after all? Oh, no! You did not achieve the high mark every time. You did become weary in your well-doing sometimes. The temptation was too much for you more than once. But all that does not spell failure. You have the marks of the struggle upon you. And that means success. It is the man who will not struggle for righteousness, purity, honor, truth, character, and light who fails. The reaching out after good, even though the good be not always attained, is reaching out after good, even though all proof of right character.

**A New Year's Prayer**

Oh, God, give me the strength through this new year To take each day just as it comes to me; To grasp the good of every passing hour; And never question what the next day be.

Help me to see that all the homely cares, When fully met and simply done, bring peace; Let me not seek for joy outside myself; For that which springs within will never cease.

Grant that at night the fulness of content, Which life more deeply lived would bring to me, May banish restless thoughts and foolish deeds, And at the last may I come close to Thee. F. G. L.

Let us remember long. So, pondering well the lessons it has taught us, We tenderly may bid the year "Good-bye," Holding in memory the good it brought us, Letting the evil die. —Susan E. Gammons.

**Notice**  
Wrapper Holders OF "CHRISTIAN'S Borax Soaps" Must have them in by December 30th, As competition for the \$10.00 closes on that date.

CHRISTIAN'S Borax Co. Box 902. M. A. Duffy.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

**LOCAL ITEMS**

The Kyle's express is due here at 4.30 p.m. to-day.

The Supreme Court will begin the sitting of the Winter Session on January 8th.

Several vessels are now due here from various ports and are delayed no doubt by recent storms on the Atlantic.

Mr. J. F. Meehan leaves here next Thursday for St. John, N. B., on business in connection with the firm he represents.

Watchnight Service at Bethesda Mission, 193 New Gower St., will commence at 8 o'clock Sunday. All cordially invited to be present.

No announcement has yet been made as to where the office of the acting Comptroller will be located on the advent of Prohibition on Monday.

Mr. H. A. Saunders, Supt. of the Anglo-American Telegraph Co., who has been visiting New York, arrived at Port aux Basques by the Kyle yesterday on his way back to the City.

Dr. McDell, of Burin, arrived in the city yesterday with his little daughter, aged twelve, who is suffering from appendicitis. She will be placed in the Hospital next week to undergo an operation for the malady.

A fair daughter of Brigus and an official of the Western Union Cable Company, who is now doing duty in a New England town will, we understand, join fortunes for life's journey when the roses come again. Felicitations.

Work is being pushed rapidly ahead on the fine new schooner building for Mr. G. C. Fearn, at Placentia. She is being built under the direction of Mr. Palphrey, and will be over 200 tons, and one of the finest vessels ever turned out here.

Latest advices from Woods Island state that boats averaged from five to fifteen tubs of herring a day around the island this week. Four vessels were there and prospects for loading looked good. There were no herring in the Armas of Bay of Islands.

It was very cold and stormy last night along the railway line, especially on the Gulf Topsails, and at Port aux Basques a N.E. gale and snow prevailed, and the temperatures were the lowest yet recorded this season, it being 10° above at Basques and 15 at the Topsails.

The S. S. Prospero sailed at three o'clock yesterday afternoon, but had to return to port again shortly after owing to some slight engine trouble. She anchored in the stream and in a short while chief engineer McKinley and his aids had the defect remedied and she proceeded on her voyage again at 4 o'clock.

A few nights ago past the cavernous of the higher levels were visited by the "fools." They met with a hot reception in some places; we mean they were made to partake of a drop of "hot stuff" which after Monday is expected to be as slim as the chance of lowering the price of grub for the poor people.

Three victims of inebriation were gathered in by the police last night to spend the night on the soft side of the plank couches provided for those who worship at the shrine of the Bacchalian deity. Sorrow for the departure of these beloved friends, Johnny Walker and Old Tom, overcame all other feelings and they fell beneath the burden of their grief.

Miss Rose Foley, daughter of Mr. Thomas Foley, of Brigus, and one of the most popular young ladies in Conception Bay, also well known in the city, will be led to the altar early in the new year by Mr. Patrick O'Leary, of the Western Union Cable Co.'s staff, Bay Roberts. The Mail and Advocate, in anticipation, wishes the popular young couple bon voyage through life.

The S.S. Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques yesterday morning, bringing C. Blanchard, P.F. James, A. Grey, C.M. Warren, R. Rose, F. A. Haslett, E. Maddock, H. A. Saunders, Mrs. M. W. Purlong and four children, L. Duchesne, W. A. McKay, J. Kresser, J. Cashion, W. H. Hynes, P. Camp, H. Burchell Mrs. Rossiter and Mrs. Gibbons.

Said a poet to an unfortunate speculator: "Don't you think that the opening lines of Tennyson's little poem, 'Break, break, break,' are plaintive and sad?" "Yes," was the melancholy reply. "But I think that 'Broke, broke, broke,' is a good deal sadder."

**SUNDAY AT THE CHURCHES**

**ANGLICAN.**

Parish of St. Mary The Virgin Services on Sunday and New Year's Day.

Sunday—8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Matins and Sermon; 6.30 p.m., Evensong; 11 p.m., Watch-night Service. At Evensong the Christmas music will be repeated, and Mr. F. M. Ruggles will sing "Nazareth." New Year's Day—8 a.m., Holy Communion and Address.

**METHODIST.**

Cochrane Street At Cochrane Street Centennial Church on Sunday evening, the Rev. Dr. Bond will take as his subject "A Finished Story."

The usual Watch-night Service will be held on the Sabbath evening to commence at 11 o'clock. "Going Forward" is the theme chosen by the Pastor, Dr. Bond.

Collection for the Methodist Orphanage. Visitors welcome.

Gower Street 11 a.m., Rev. Dr. Bond; 6.30 p.m., Rev. D. B. Hemmeon; 11.15 p.m., Watch-night Service.

George Street

11 a.m., Rev. D. B. Hemmeon; 6.30 p.m., Rev. N. M. Guy. Christmas Day music will be repeated, 11 p.m. the usual Watch-night Service.

Wesley

11 a.m., Rev. N. M. Guy; 6.30 p.m., Sunday School Service; 11 p.m., Watch-night Service. The Pastor will occupy the pulpit and the subject of his address will be "A Prophet's Death-bed." Collection for the Methodist Orphanage.

St. Andrew's (Presbyterian)

11 a.m. and 6.30, Rev. Gordon Dickie.

Congregational

11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m., Rev. W. H. Thomas. The Christmas music will be repeated partly at each Service.

Adventist

Subject:—"Peace on Earth." All welcome. Evangelist, Dr. J. C. Barrett.

**AT GEORGE STREET CHURCH**

The Choir will repeat the Christmas music which was so well rendered on that day. Anthems: "The Glory of the Lord" (Messiah) and "Break Forth into Joy," and the Carols entitled "Holy Night," "Carols for Christmas Day." Mr. Harry Courtney and Miss Marjorie Hutchings will render solos. Visitors and friends will be welcomed and seats provided by the ushers.

**THREE BELOW ZERO**

It was very cold across country early this morning, with a high wind and at Bishop's Falls the thermometer registered 3 degrees below zero. At other parts it was from 5 to 15 degrees above.

**READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE**

**THANKS AND GREETINGS**

(Editor Mail and Advocate.) Dear Sir,—Having completed our tour around the South Side of the District, viz.—Hant's Harbor, New Melbourne, Sibley's Cove and Lead Cove, we wish to publicly thank all the friends for their kindness shown us at each of the above settlements, and wishing each and every one a Happy Xmas and a Prosperous New Year, we remain, Truthfully yours, STONE AND TARGET Dec. 23rd, 1916.

**Declarations of War**

The following are the dates of the declarations of war by the nations engaged in the present tonatic conflict:—

- 1914—
- July 28—Austria on Serbia.
- Aug. 1—Germany on Russia.
- Aug. 3—Germany on Belgium and France.
- Aug. 4—France on Germany.
- Aug. 4—Great Britain on Germany.
- Aug. 5—Austria on Russia.
- Aug. 6—Belgium on Germany.
- Aug. 6—Serbia on Germany.
- Aug. 8—Montenegro on Austria.
- Aug. 12—Great Britain on Austria.
- Aug. 12—France on Austria.
- Aug. 12—Montenegro on Germany.
- Aug. 23—Japan on Germany.
- Aug. 25—Austria on Japan.
- Aug. 28—Austria on Belgium.
- Nov. 2—Russia on Turkey.
- Nov. 5—Great Britain and France on Turkey.
- Nov. 7—Belgium and Serbia on Turkey.

- 1915—
- May 23—Italy on Austria.
- June 3—San Marino on Austria.
- Aug. 22—Italy on Turkey.
- Oct. 14—Bulgaria on Serbia.
- Oct. 15—Great Britain on Bulgaria.
- Oct. 16—France on Bulgaria.
- Oct. 18—Russia on Bulgaria.
- Oct. 19—Italy on Bulgaria.

- 1916—
- March 8—Germany on Portugal.
- March 10—Portugal on Germany.
- March 15—Austria on Portugal.
- Aug. 27—Roumania on Central Powers.
- Aug. 28—Italy on Germany.

**AT HOME**

His Grace Archbishop Roche will be AT HOME on New Year's Day from 12 to 1 p.m., and from 3 to 5 p.m. J. J. McDERMOTT, V.G., Administrator.

LOST—On Tuesday Night, a large Newfoundland Dog, answering to the name of "Spot." Finder please return same to LEONARD EARLE, "Alta-Jenna" Logy Bay Road.—dec29,31,eed

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Doctor. Reside at Western Bay. Practice from Broad Cove to Burnt Point, both inclusive. Valued at \$3000; perquisites extra. Apply EDMUND BUTTS, Western Bay.—dec2,tf

**RUBBER GOODS**  
We have in stock now a full line of all kinds of Rubber Goods, selling at old prices.

**RUBBER SHOES**  
Child's and Misses' Low and High Cut Rubbers. Boys' and Youths' Low and High Cut Rubbers. Ladies' Low and High Cut Rubbers.

**RUBBER BOOTS**  
Child's and Misses' Long Rubber Boots. Women's Long Rubber Boots. Men's Bear Brand Rubber Boots. Youths' Bear Brand Rubber Boots.

**BUDDY BOOTS**  
All Sizes in Boys' and Men's Buddy Boots. OLD PRICES IN EVERY CASE.

**Nicholle, Inkpen & Chafe Limited.**  
315 WATER STREET 315  
Special attention given to Mail Orders. Agents for Ungars Laundry & Dye Works.

**? IF YOUR GROCER CHARGES YOU 60 cents**  
Per pound for your TEA, and if he does not sell you ARMADA—the Tea of Quality—

**THEN**  
You are losing money on your purchase as you do not get the fullest value that your money could buy—

**ARMADA**  
Is absolutely the finest Tea ever imported into Newfoundland. Put up in Cartons—never sold in bulk.