

THE ELECTION INQUIRY CASE RESUMED;
MORE LONDON WITNESSES IN THE BOXSwear to Having Received
Ten Dollars—Premier
Scott Not Recalled.

[From Our Own Reporter.]

Toronto, Oct. 15.—A batch of seven new witnesses in the London election inquiry case arrived at the police court this morning from the Forest City. Mr. James White, the Ottawa contractor, also put in an appearance, but it is said that Hon. Walter Scott, premier of Saskatchewan, who Mr. DuVermet intimated would be again recalled, will not be again placed in the box, the prosecution having failed to show cause why he should be examined a second time.

Messrs. George M. Reid, John O'Gorman, Daniel Wiley, Wm. Mulloy and George Ardy, defendants, appeared in court. Tom Lewis and Jerry Collins were also present.

As usual, the London witnesses were taken into the back room at the police court, where they were put through the sweating process by the lawyers for the prosecution.

It was not until 12 o'clock that the case was taken up, as Magistrate Denison was compelled to settle with a score of cases before he could continue the London inquiry.

Daniel Holm, of London, was the first witness placed in the box. Before the election a man named Wootton called on him, and after speaking of his vote told him to go to the West London hotel. There he saw two men whom he did not know, but later came to know one as Tom Lewis, whom he identified in court. He swore Lewis told him if he voted for Hyman he would get \$10, which Lewis placed in an envelope. The money was then placed in Jerry Collins' hands. After the election he met Crockett and Lewis and he was taken to the latter's hotel. He was then taken upstairs, where he saw Collins and another man whom he did not know, but the man looked like Wiley. Collins gave him \$9.50. Witness voted for Hyman.

To Mr. Robinson, Mr. Holm stated that he had always been a Grit and that money did not influence his vote. He would vote for Hyman again. The first time he had seen Lewis was in the West London committee room. There were others in the room, but he took no particular notice of anybody. Witness could not say as to whether another man gave Lewis the money, which was put in the envelope, or whether Lewis took it out of his pocket.

Robert Norman swore he got \$10. Service, he said, first saw him about his vote. He told Service he would take \$10 and vote for Hyman, and Service saw him a second time with another man whom he did not know.

He refused to identify Mr. Mulloy as the other man, though Mr. DuVermet tried hard to make him do it. Collins and Service made the final arrangements and got his money, he said. He went up to Collins' corner and got his money, which was paid over in Hodgins' floor and feed store.

Defense Protests.

Witness signed a receipt for the money. Mr. DuVermet resumed his habit of leading the witness, and the defense protested. Cross-examined, the witness said he was going to vote for Hyman anyway, and so would his son, for whom he also got \$10 the same day. He had always been a Liberal and so was his son. Mr. Hodgins was not in the store when the money was paid over.

Mr. D. H. Hodgins, the storekeeper, of 40 Blackfriars street, was next placed on the stand. Collins had seen witness (Continued on Page Eight.)

BEWARE THE FLIES

They Help Spread Typhoid Bacteria—Fourteen Cases in the City.

Dr. Hutchinson, medical health officer, has fourteen entries of typhoid fever cases on his books at present, two more having been made at noon today. Dr. Hutchinson is of the opinion that while there is a great deal of talk nowadays about typhoid fever in London, he does not think there are many cases of which he has not been notified. Three of the cases came from one family in the east end of the city, and two of the patients have been removed to the contagious ward at Victoria Hospital. Dr. Hutchinson visited the house on Saturday and found that the yard was in a very dirty state. The house itself was clean, the only cause for complaint there being the vast number of flies.

And by the way, Dr. Hutchinson, like other medical men, claims that flies are frequently responsible for fever in a home.

"Rid the house of flies," is the doctor's advice to housekeepers. One of the cases reported today came from a house on Horton street east, and it was at first supposed that a well which is used by the family may have been at the bottom of the trouble. Dr. English, the chairman of the health board, investigated the matter, however, and he found that the water was very good.

A THIRD VICTIM
OF STRIKE FIGHTMontreal Detective Dies From
Wounds Received at Buck-
ingham Battle.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—Detective Warner, of Montreal, died at Buckingham this morning. This is the third death from the fight which recently occurred at McLaren's mills. Coroner Rodguez dismissed the jury this morning, which will allow Coroner Fontaine, Maniwaki, to take his place and empanel a new jury.

NOT FOR A MONTH

Will Railway Board's Engineer Inspect
the Local Trolley System.

While the provincial railway board on Thursday last promised to send an engineer here at an early date to investigate and report on the London street railway system, it is not expected that the official will come to London for three weeks or a month.

Such is the impression at the city hall, but the city fathers are not worrying, as the only serious defect drawn to the attention of the board last week was in the Wellington street bridge, and that is being remedied by the company without delay.

A number of broken rails, also reported by the expert employed by the city, will be immediately replaced.

A NEW CAMP.

A new camp of the Woodmen of the World will be organized at Saskatoon, Sask., on Wednesday, by J. H. McConnell, formerly of Windsor, Ont.

CROKER'S SUIT

Case Against English Magazine Settled
Out of Court.

London, Oct. 15.—The lawyers representing the Amalgamated Press, publishers of the London Magazine, against which Richard Croker brought suit for damages, on the ground of defamatory statements, made in an article headed, "Tammany in England," in which he was charged with having used his office as chief of Tammany Hall for purposes of financial profit, informed the Associated Press today that the case has been amicably settled out of court. It was added that counsel are not yet at liberty to announce the terms of the settlement.

The suit brought by Richard Croker against the London Magazine was formally opened in Dublin on Oct. 10.

It was learned, however, that the terms include the publication in the next number of the London Magazine of a full withdrawal of the statements complained of, an apology, and probably a statement that the series of articles entitled "Tammany in England" will be discontinued, as the defendants have undertaken to make no further personal references to Mr. Croker. The defendants will also pay Mr. Croker's costs.

HIGH-DIVE TURN
ON DUNDAS ST.Clinton Youth Plunges 4 Stories
to Pavement—Badly Hurt,
But Will Recover.

Albert Nelson, a young man hailing from the town of Clinton, attempted to establish a high-diving record for London early on Saturday evening, and in doing so he came within an ace of losing his life. As it is, he lies at Victoria Hospital with a broken leg and three fractured ribs. He is also badly bruised.

Nelson's Fall as Sketched for The
Advertiser By An Eyewitness.

and it may develop that he has sustained severe internal injuries.

Nelson fell headlong from the window of a room on the fourth floor over 198 Dundas street, almost opposite The Advertiser office, and he owes his life to a heavy electric wire of the street railway. In his long drop to the pavement, Nelson struck the wire, which broke the force of his fall, and undoubtedly saved him from fatal injuries, and possibly instant death.

The room from which Nelson fell was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Donahue, both of whom stated to The Advertiser that Nelson was under the influence of liquor.

The young fellow has been operating a merry-go-round at the county fairs, and as the exhibitions were concluded last week he came to London to celebrate because of his financial success. He was accompanied by Charles Actworth, who, by the way, is a son of Mrs. Donahue.

On reaching Mr. and Mrs. Donahue's rooms, Nelson noticed a sofa standing near the window which faced the street and started for it. He missed the lounge, however, and instead he went through a large pane of glass headfirst. So quickly did the whole thing happen, Mr. and Mrs. Donahue did not have time to seize Nelson and prevent him from falling. In his fall Nelson struck the feed wire, which runs along in front of the building, and that undoubtedly saved his life. He was rendered unconscious by the fall, but was soon revived.

Nelson was taken to the Victoria Hospital, where it was found that he had sustained a fracture of the left leg, three fractured ribs and a severe shaking-up. He will recover.

The police heard of the accident in a few minutes, and three officers were soon on the scene. After securing the particulars of the affair, they took the names of a number of persons who might be required as witnesses in the event of Nelson's death and an inquest.



THE NEW CARDINAL.

Word was received at Quebec from Rome last week that Archbishop Begin is to be made a cardinal. Cardinal Taschereau was the only other prelate to receive that honor.

WOULD BAR HINDOOS

B. C. Enters a Complaint Over Influx
of East Indians.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—Department of trades and commerce received today a complaint from the colonial office which was forwarded to them from British Columbia against the influx of East Indians. The collector of customs at Vancouver informs the department that the arrivals up to date were 11,468.

SCARED FOLK
WITHDREW \$140,000Another Slight Run on the On-
tario Bank at Toronto
This Morning.

Toronto, Oct. 15.—Mr. E. S. Coulson, general manager of the Bank of Montreal, arrived in Toronto this morning to personally attend the negotiations by which that bank will assume the liabilities and take over a portion of the assets of the Ontario Bank. The meeting at which the negotiations are expected to be completed, takes place at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. G. A. R. Cockburn, president of the bank, stated this morning that an expert was to be brought in to examine the books of Mr. Charles McGill, the former manager. "That is, if he has any books," added Mr. Cockburn.

This morning there was a run of slight proportions on the branches of the Ontario Bank, those who came for their money being also small depositors. When they insisted on having it, the money was paid. Outside this was a branch bank, however, stood a clerk of the Bank of Montreal with a stamp of the bank, and as each Ontario Bank depositor came up, the clerk asked to be allowed to stamp the deposit book with the same of the Bank of Montreal. In most cases, this satisfied the depositors, and they departed without their money.

The withdrawals of depositors of the Ontario Bank and all branches on Saturday, according to Mr. Stavert, of the bank, Montreal amounted to about \$140,000. At the clearing house this morning the Ontario Bank debit was \$700,000, and its credit \$60,000. The Bank of Montreal sent over legal tenders for the balance.

There appears to be competition between the Bank of Montreal and other banks for the same business. That formerly went to the Ontario Bank. This was alluded to by Mr. Braithwaite, appointed by the Bank of Montreal general manager of the Ontario Bank, when he made this remark this morning: "The other banks are trying to obtain the best offices and customers of the Ontario Bank; that is the way they are helping us." An officer has been sent by the Bank of Montreal to every branch of the Ontario Bank to look into affairs.

WARD FOUR APPEALS.

The court of revision will meet at the city hall on Saturday afternoon to consider appeals against the assessment of No. 4 ward for 1907. The appeals are not very numerous. This will complete the work of the court for the year.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FINE

Toronto, Oct. 14.—Very fine weather prevailed throughout the greater portion of the Dominion, attended by warm conditions in most districts.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 34-38; Victoria, 46-58; Vancouver, 42-50; Edmonton, 44-56; Qu'Appelle, 42-46; Winnipeg, 38-44; Port Arthur, 40-50; Pelly Sound, 38-48; Toronto, 38-55; Ottawa, 38-56; Montreal, 38-51; Quebec, 38-56; Halifax, 30-54.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, Oct. 15.—Oct. 15—s. a. m. B. a. m. Monday, Oct. 15—s. a. m. B. a. m. Tuesday—Easterly winds; not much change in temperature.

Stations.	s. a. m.	B. a. m.	Weather.
Calgary	36	54	Fair
Winnipeg	36	50	Fair
Port Arthur	48	46	Fair
Pelly Sound	48	42	Fair
Toronto	48	42	Fair
Ottawa	46	42	Fair
Montreal	48	40	Fair
Quebec	46	40	Fair
Father Point	42	40	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

A few scattered showers have occurred in the Western Provinces. Elsewhere in the Dominion the weather has been very fine and mostly warm.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest registration at the London weather bureau on Sunday was 62°; lowest, 31°; Sunday: Highest, 70°; lowest, 33°.

CONFERENCE ENDS
NOT UNANIMOUSBritish Columbia Cause of
Hitch at the Capital.

NOT SATISFIED WITH ITS SHARE

Increase to This Province Will Amount
to \$100,000 Besides Per Capita
Increase.

Total sum payable by the Dominion to the provinces in the form of per capita and specific subsidies, \$5,865,121.

New liabilities assumed by the Dominion under Saturday's arrangement, \$3,372,000.

Sum to be paid to the provinces in per capita subsidies, \$4,125,121. Increase, \$1,107,000.

Sum to be paid to the provinces in fixed subsidies for civil government and legislation, \$1,740,000.

Increase, \$1,265,000.

In estimating the above sums, the additional \$100,000 which Alberta and Saskatchewan received, and the additional \$100,000 to be paid to British Columbia over and above what the other provinces get, have been incorporated in the allowance for civil government and legislation.

Ottawa, Oct. 14.—After a week's deliberation on the part of the provincial premiers and ministers, varied by occasional joint meetings with Dominion representatives, Sir Wilfrid Laurier yesterday afternoon announced to the inter-provincial conference that the Federal Government favored an increase in the specific and per capita subsidies to the provinces as provided for in the Quebec resolutions of 1887, not those of 1892. The claim of 20 cents per capita for the administration of provincial justice was not entertained. Sir Wilfrid said that next spring, when he and Mr. Fielding would be in London, they would endeavor to obtain those amendments to the B. N. A. act necessary to give effect to the Dominion Government's decision.

The total increases to provinces are:

Province	Amount
Ontario	\$78,484
Quebec	\$99,885
Nov. Scotia	\$17,650
New Brunswick	\$100,000
Manitoba	\$15,000
British Columbia	\$215,000
Prince Edward Island	\$70,000
Alberta	\$130,000
Saskatchewan	\$130,000
Total	\$2,372,000

As early as the 19th of October Mr. McBride and Mr. Whitney handed in special memoranda in support of the special claims which they were making.

Mr. McBride asked for the appointment of a commission of arbitration to consider the claims of his province. After prolonged discussion the resolution was defeated, on motion of Mr. Murray, seconded by Mr. Weil. Every other province helped to vote down Mr. McBride's resolution in favor of arbitration. Afterwards, in an informal sort of way, the British Columbia Premier brought forward another proposition to the following effect: "British Columbia to receive, besides the other subsidies, \$1 per head until the payment amounted to \$200,000 and the population reached 400,000; after that 75 cents per head until the amount reached \$400,000 and the population 800,000; after that 50 cents per head until the amount reached \$500,000 and the population 1,500,000; 33 1-3 cents until the amount was \$600,000 and the population 2,000,000; afterwards 25 cents per head in perpetuity. This claim was not seriously pressed. It was found impossible afterwards to pin Mr. McBride, so the other delegates say, to any statement as to what sum would be satisfactory. During the conference Mr. McBride read a telegram from the Vancouver Board of Trade, urging the desirability of a general insolvency law for the whole Dominion. This was held to be a subject outside of the scope of the provinces.

The Resolutions Passed.

The following official minutes embody the resolutions passed by the conference:

"Moved by Mr. Tweedie, seconded by Mr. Roblin, that subsection c of resolution No. 1, adopted at the conference held at Quebec in December, 1892, be amended, and it was unanimously resolved that it be amended, so as to read as follows:

"(c) The population as ascertained by the last decennial census to govern, except as to British Columbia, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and as to Saskatchewan the population to be taken to be that upon which, under the respective statutes in that behalf, the annual payments now made to them respectively by the Dominion are fixed until the actual population is for the census ascertained to be greater, and thereafter the actual population as ascertained to govern."

"Friday, Oct. 12, 1906.—Moved by Hon. Mr. Murray, seconded by Hon. Mr. Weil: That in the opinion of the conference it is inadvisable that the claim in the way of subsidies of any province be referred to arbitration.

"The conference dividing upon this question, the names of the provinces were taken down as follows:

"Contents—Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward (Continued on Page Eight.)

English Mine Disaster;
Two Hundred EntombedExplosion Wrecks Great Colliery at Durham—Scores
Trapped and Many Bodies Already Taken Out.

Durham, Eng., Oct. 15.—An explosion occurred in the Wingate colliery near here at about midnight, resulting in some 200 men being entombed. About 100 of these are believed to be safe in a lower part of the colliery, but there were between 60 and 80 men in the seam where the disaster occurred. Up to 10 o'clock today ten bodies had been recovered, and every effort was being made to ascertain the fate of the remainder of the endangered miners. Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon 24 bodies had been recovered, and 30 miners had been brought out alive.

FOURTEEN OUNCES
TO THE POUNDCitizens Claim They Do Not Al-
ways Get Full Weight
of Butter.

The regular meeting of the city council will be held tonight. A matter of interest to every householder in the city is to be brought before the aldermen by the Trades and Labor Council. The secretary of the labor organization has written the city council charging that for some time past rolls of butter have been sold on the local market which are short in weight, only fourteen ounces being received in many cases instead of a pound. The Trades and Labor Council alleges further that the matter was brought to the attention of Ald. Matthews, chairman of the committee which has the oversight of market affairs, and that no notice has been taken of it. Hence the letter to the council.

The special committee appointed by the council to deal with Mr. W. J. Reid for the purchase of a strip of Tecumseh Park for breakwater purposes will recommend that Mr. Reid be paid \$1,000 for a strip of twelve feet, and that Mr. Reid be allowed a right of way over the breakwater to the park from Dundas street.

This report will cause considerable discussion.

Mayor Judd also promises to have something to say to the aldermen regarding pavements. He may also deal with the question of public utilities.

LUBY WAS THE RIGHT MAN

Wanted at Newark, N. J., for Alleged
Perjury and Grand Larceny.

Two detectives arrived in the city on Sunday from Newark, N. J., returned in the evening with Thomas Luby, who was picked up by the local detectives on suspicion of being the party who is badly wanted in that place for grand larceny and perjury.

The visit of the American officers proved that the London detectives had made no mistake in arresting Luby. The latter has been wanted at Newark for some time, but he managed to evade arrest until a day or two after he arrived here and secured employment as an electrician.

Luby is alleged to have perjured himself while giving evidence in a police investigation. When arrested here he denied ever having been in Newark, but when confronted by the detectives from that place he admitted that he was the much-wanted individual. He at first intended to fight extradition, and only consented to return to Newark when he found that the friends whom he expected to furnish the funds for the fight had decided to keep their cash in their pockets.

SAM JONES DEAD

The Noted Evangelist Passes Away on
a Southern Train.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 15.—Sam Jones, the noted evangelist, dropped dead this morning, in an Oklahoma, Choctaw, and Gulf train, near Little Rock. Mr. Jones' home is at Cartersville, Ga.

Ontario Bank Deficit
Over Million and QuarterPresident Places Blame on Ex-Manager—Latter De-
clares Did Not Speculate on Own Account.

THE GENERAL PUBLIC WILL NOT BE THE LOSERS

Toronto, Oct. 15.—Where did the money go—the million and a quarter dollars which President Cockburn says has disappeared from the funds of the Ontario Bank?

Until the books and securities of the Ontario Bank can be further examined, it will be impossible to get a close estimate of the bank's loss. The president has admitted a probable loss of \$1,250,000. Bankers are estimating the probability of their guarantee being enforced placed the loss about \$500,000 higher, but that estimate was admittedly made for the purpose of putting them far on the safe side. Mr. Cockburn's reference to the Royal Bank's offer of purchase did not disclose the price, but it is believed that the Royal Bank's calculation placed the losses below Mr. Cockburn's admission. The extent to which funds may return from speculative accounts is not yet fully known, and this may reduce the amount somewhat. The president stated on Saturday that brokers had turned over to the bank a total of \$82,500 in amounts of \$25,000, \$25,000, \$20,000 and \$12,500. It is understood that these were balances from different brokerage firms, paid over from accounts in Mr. McGill's name and paid under his instructions. The fact that these accounts were distributed among different brokerage firms suggests an extensive speculation and has encouraged a hope that more returns may still come in. During the summer Mr. McGill paid a visit to Saratoga, and is believed to have varied his speculative operations during that visit.

President G. R. R. Cockburn also had a correction to make in regard to statements attributed to him. He said that he had never intended to allow the impression to go abroad that Mr. McGill's misapplication of funds had occurred during the last few months. "But," he had said, "this summer, and the fact that Mr. McGill had been speculating without authorization had become known to the directors. Every investment made by the bank had to be passed upon at a meeting of the board. The only exception to this was that the president might authorize an investment, but in this event the ac-

Continued on page nine.

FIRE AT SEA CLAIMS SCORES;
DISASTER OFF CHINESE COASTThe SS. Hankow Burned to the
Water's Edge, With Great
Loss of Life.

Hong Kong, Oct. 14.—The steamer Hankow, which was burned today, carried 2,000 Chinese passengers, men, women and children and seven Europeans and a cargo, including 300 bales of matting, 500 bales of raw silk and 400 bales waist silk.

The vessel arrived from Canton at 3 o'clock this morning, and was shortly afterward moored at the wharf. The chief officer reported to Capt. Branch that the ship was afire. The captain then directed the chief engineer to turn on the water through the fire hose.

This was impossible, for the reason that within five minutes after the alarm was given the Hankow was ablaze fore and aft.

Captain Branch then awakened the European passengers, who rushed down the gangway, the ladies in their night clothes. The crew was compelled to leave the ship, which, by this time, was a frightful furnace.

The Chinese steerage passengers were thrown into a frightful panic. Horrifying shrieks and cries to save their lives were heard, but it was impossible owing to the inflammable nature of the cargo.

Hundreds were burned to death and many others jumped into the harbor and were drowned.

Responding to signals from the British cruiser Flora, the naval dock-

yard dispatched contingents of engines and pumps.

The land and floating brigades of firemen made heroic efforts to extinguish the flames, which leaped to a height of over 60 feet.

The British steamer Pow An, which was berthed at the same wharf, was towed out to save her from destruction.

A neighboring pier, 100 yards distant, was burned to the water's edge. Governor Nathan, accompanied by his aide-de-camp, arrived at the scene at 4:15 a.m., and Governor Nathan suggested scuttling the ship, but the suggestion was found to be impracticable. The fire was brought under control at 6 a.m., at which time only the shell and hull of the Hankow remained.

The gruesome work of recovering the dead was then begun. The fire fighters have already recovered 75 corpses. Many of them were huddled together and only singed, while others were incinerated beyond recognition.

Of the cargo 200 bales of raw silk were saved, but badly damaged by water. The remainder was totally destroyed.

There are many theories as to the cause of the fire. The first is that the fire was caused by the overturning of the lantern of a Chinese boarding house runner, who came aboard seeking customers. The second was that an opium smoker accidentally set fire to the matting. The third is that it was caused by the crossing of electric wires.

A fourth theory, and one that is considered the most probable, is that the fire was incendiary, and was an outgrowth of a boycott against British river boats.

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS—NO ADVERTISEMENT LESS THAN TEN CENTS.

MEETINGS.—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. **ARTICLES FOR SALE.**—To let, help wanted, situations wanted, board and lodgings, lost and found, rooms to let, real estate for sale, etc.—first insertion one cent per word; subsequent insertions, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

DEATHS.—In this city, on Oct. 15, 1906, Margaret Eliza, dearly beloved and only child of May and Dennis Talbot, aged 8 months and 2 weeks. Funeral from the parents' residence, 106 Inkerman street, on Wednesday, Oct. 17, at 9:30 a.m., to St. Peter's Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Ingersoll and Hamilton papers please copy.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

TONIGHT and Tomorrow Night
10 The White Stock Co.
Monday, "Hearts of Gold."
Tuesday, "Rip Van Winkle."
Vaudeville Between Acts.
Seats on sale.

Wed. & Thurs.—Oct. 17-18
Special Mat. Thanksgiving Day
Mlle. JEANE LE PELLETIER,
in the New Musical Delicacy.

WILL-O-THE-WISP

60-PEOPLE-60
20-WHISTLING CHORUSES-20
Prices, 25, 50, 75; Mat., 25, 50, 75.
SEATS ON SALE MONDAY.

ALWAYS BENNETT'S Mat. Daily, 2:30

MR. AND MRS. SIDNEY DREW
AND 7 ALL-STAR ACTS—7
Special Mat. Thanksgiving—Night Prices.
Prices, 15, 25, 35, 50, 75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00.
Coming, "Her Last Rehearsal."

Y. M. C. A. Lecture and Entertainment Course.

10 STAR ATTRACTIONS \$1.00.
Reserve Seats 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c extra.
COURSE OPENS NOVEMBER 10.

The Rogers Grille Recital Company,

Montville Flowers,
Hungarian Orchestra,
Slayton Jubilee Singers,
President Russell H. Conwell,
The Bohemian Kyrle Company,
Elma B. Smith Company,
Dr. Ernest O'Neill,
Dr. Frank Dixon.

The Dundas Male Quartet.

Secure course tickets by phone 50, or
members, and Miss Roth, agent.

Dundas Center Methodist Church

Concert
THANKSGIVING NIGHT, OCT. 18.
MISS JESSIE IRVING, Canada's Leading
Bibliophonist.
MR. ALBERT GREENLAW, Bass Soloist.
Admission, 10c and upwards. 671

RECORD TRIP

The Empire of Britain lands passengers
in this city Saturday afternoon, Oct. 15.
Left Liverpool Friday night, Oct. 5. F.
B. Clarke, Richmond street, agent. 1

C. P. R. ATLANTIC LINE

Finest and fastest. Empress ships hold
the record of the St. Lawrence route.
First, second and third class, Palatial
accommodations. Special care for all
classes on this line. F. B. Clarke, Rich-
mond street. 2

CUNARD LINE—CHRISTMAS EXCURSIONS.

On every Saturday afternoon, Oct. 15, 1906.
On Saturday, Nov. 17, 1906. On Saturday,
Nov. 24, 1906. On Saturday, Dec. 1, 1906.
On Saturday, Dec. 8, 1906. On Saturday,
Dec. 15, 1906. On Saturday, Dec. 22, 1906.
On Saturday, Dec. 29, 1906. On Saturday,
Jan. 5, 1907. On Saturday, Jan. 12, 1907.
On Saturday, Jan. 19, 1907. On Saturday,
Jan. 26, 1907. On Saturday, Feb. 2, 1907.
On Saturday, Feb. 9, 1907. On Saturday,
Feb. 16, 1907. On Saturday, Feb. 23, 1907.
On Saturday, Feb. 30, 1907. On Saturday,
Mar. 6, 1907. On Saturday, Mar. 13, 1907.
On Saturday, Mar. 20, 1907. On Saturday,
Mar. 27, 1907. On Saturday, Apr. 3, 1907.
On Saturday, Apr. 10, 1907. On Saturday,
Apr. 17, 1907. On Saturday, Apr. 24, 1907.
On Saturday, May 1, 1907. On Saturday,
May 8, 1907. On Saturday, May 15, 1907.
On Saturday, May 22, 1907. On Saturday,
May 29, 1907. On Saturday, June 5, 1907.
On Saturday, June 12, 1907. On Saturday,
June 19, 1907. On Saturday, June 26, 1907.
On Saturday, July 3, 1907. On Saturday,
July 10, 1907. On Saturday, July 17, 1907.
On Saturday, July 24, 1907. On Saturday,
July 31, 1907. On Saturday, Aug. 7, 1907.
On Saturday, Aug. 14, 1907. On Saturday,
Aug. 21, 1907. On Saturday, Aug. 28, 1907.
On Saturday, Sept. 4, 1907. On Saturday,
Sept. 11, 1907. On Saturday, Sept. 18, 1907.
On Saturday, Sept. 25, 1907. On Saturday,
Oct. 2, 1907. On Saturday, Oct. 9, 1907.
On Saturday, Oct. 16, 1907. On Saturday,
Oct. 23, 1907. On Saturday, Oct. 30, 1907.
On Saturday, Nov. 6, 1907. On Saturday,
Nov. 13, 1907. On Saturday, Nov. 20, 1907.
On Saturday, Nov. 27, 1907. On Saturday,
Dec. 4, 1907. On Saturday, Dec. 11, 1907.
On Saturday, Dec. 18, 1907. On Saturday,
Dec. 25, 1907. On Saturday, Dec. 31, 1907.

EAST SIDE RINK—ROLLER SKATING.

Open every afternoon and evening, Oct. 15.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
561-vzx

DANCING CLASSES—PALACE ACADEMY.

First, second and third class, Palatial
accommodations. Special care for all
classes on this line. F. B. Clarke, Rich-
mond street. 2

DANCING SEASON OPENS SEPT. 27.

Lessons any hour. Call and register.
R. B. Millard, 348 Princess avenue. 2

TONY CORTESI—THE ORIGINAL.

London Harpist. All furnished. Mat.
all occasions. 161 Maple street. Tele-
phone 120. 2

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR

private parties, balls, banquets, etc.
Telephone 120. 161 Maple street. Tele-
phone 120. 2

MEETINGS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
Protestant Orphans' Home will be held
at the home, Monday, Oct. 15, at 3:30
p.m. The general public cordially in-
vited. F. M. Macnamara, secretary. 55c

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF
S. H. Farworth, grocer, 28 Dundas
street, dark bay horse, aged, about 14
hands high, small rose on back. Phone
120. 2

LOST AT BENNETT'S VAUDEVILLE
Theater, on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 10,
gold bracelet, invaluable to owner. Lib-
eral reward if returned to London Ad-
vertiser. 2

LOST SATURDAY NIGHT, BETWEEN
Mills' book store and Davy's, last
cardcase; owner's name inside. Return
to this office. 8c

LOST SATURDAY AFTERNOON—A
gold chain, watch, ring, and pocket
ornament. Reward at 270 Central ave-
nue. 8c

LOST ON OCT. 5, 1906, GOLD LOCKET
chain, between Chapman's store and 32
Stanley, valued at \$20.00. Return to
this office. Reward. 2

STRAYED OR STOLEN—DARK RED
yearling heifer, dehorned, from lot 20,
con. 19, Adertown, Albert Kennedy, Liden-
port, P. O. 2

LOST LADY'S SATCHEL, CONTAIN-
ING gold watch, money, etc. Reward
for return to this office. 5c

LOST SATURDAY MORNING—GEN-
TLEMAN'S heavy gold-plated watch,
chain, valued at \$10.00. Reward on
return to this office. 5c

WANTED.

WANTED—MANTLE BED, WARD-
ROBE and dresser. Apply Box 23,
Advertiser. 8c

WANTED—SHOW CASE. APPLY 230
Dundas street. 5c

WANTED—1,000 BARRELS NO. 1
apples for export; carloads accepted.
State price, E. B. Davis, Apply D. F.
McNorton, Box 25, Advertiser office. 4c

WANTED—CITY LOAN COMPANIES'
stocks. John Wright, stockbroker,
London. Phone 93. 2

INFORMATION WANTED OF THE
whereabouts of Mrs. Nobel Fawcett (nee
Miss Elizabeth, or Deane, Johnson),
daughter of Arthur Johnson, of Grey,
stone, Ireland, whose husband, Nobel
Fawcett, died in the year 1856 or 1857,
at Portsmouth, Kingston, Ont., after com-
ing from India. Her daughter Marion
Boulters, Mrs. John Cook, Gibraltar,
Ontario. 60c

MALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG MAN TO HELP INSTALL
rooms, telephones, experience unnece-
sary. Apply Mr. Kunkle, Hotel St. 57

WANTED—A COUPLE OF GOOD MEN.
Apply at once, Parnell-Dean Steam
Baking Company. 64c

CYLINDER PRESS FEEDERS WANTED.
Apply at once, Parnell-Dean Steam
Baking Company, Carling street. 8c

BOY WANTED FOR LITHOGRAPHING
department. Apply the London Printing
and Lithographing Company, Carling
street. 8c

BOY WANTED—AGE ABOUT 15 YEARS;
work good in north part of the city.
Refer, Smallman & Ingram. 8c

WANTED, YOUNG MAN AS CASHIER
and office assistant. Apply Box 34, Ad-
vertiser. 8c

PEARL SETTER WANTED, J. J. ZOIC
& Company, Limited, 200 West Ade-
laide St., Toronto. 8c

LEARN TELEGRAPHY—NO TRADE
or profession offers better opportunities
or pays as well. Write for full particu-
lars, including employment, to
Railroad and Adelaide east, Toronto.
85c-1

**CARRIAGE ROUGH-STUFF RUB-
BERS**—Wanted two at once; steady
work, good wages. The Bramford Car-
riage Co., Limited, Bramford, Ontario.
87c

WANTED—MAN FOR DELIVERY
wagon. J. Gammage & Sons. 57c

MESSENGER BOY AND JUNIOR
clerk wanted at Grand Trunk freight
office. 8c

BRICKLAYERS AND LABORERS
wanted. Steady job. Apply on the job,
King street, next Burwell. Edgar
Neville, contractor. 8c

BOY WANTED, APPLY CAMPBELL'S
Carriage Factory. 8c

WANTED—GOOD CARPENTERS AND
joiners; good wages. Apply corner Tal-
bot and Carling streets. 8c

BOYS WANTED, APPLY SOUTHAM
Printing Company. 8c

**MEN ACCUSTOMED TO PIPE FIT-
TING** work, at once. Apply Hyman's
Tannery. 8c

TINSMITH—FIRST-CLASS; 25 CENTS
per hour. Apply J. C. Park, 663 Dundas
street. 8c

BOY WANTED, APPLY LONDON SOAP
Company. 8c

CANVASSER WANTED AT ONCE FOR
large established route of two customers.
Apply Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street,
city. 8c

TWO GOOD BREAD BAKERS, AT
once. Johnston Bros., 262 South street.
8c

**BOYS AND MEN WANTED FOR FAC-
TORY.** Apply McCormick Manufacturing
Company. 48c

BOYS WANTED, APPLY ADAM
Beck. 48c

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN
earn good income at home in spare time
corresponding for newspapers; no adver-
tising; experience unnecessary. Send
for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lock-
port, N. Y. 8c

PRINTER—ALL-ROUND JOB HAND;
steady employment to good man. Ad-
vertiser Job Department. 18c

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GIRLS WANTED FOR THE
following departments:
Caramel wrapping, bon-bon
dipping, chocolate dipping,
biscuit packing and biscuit
icing room. Good wages.
Apply to S. Perrin & Co., Limited,
151c

**WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, AP-
PLY Mrs. R. C. Barkie, 575 Colborne**
avenue. 8c

DINING-ROOM GIRL AND HOUSE-
MAID wanted. Apply Housekeeper,
Victoria Hospital. 8c

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SKIRT
hands, at once. Miss Hargreaves, car.
J. H. Chapman & Co. 8c

**WANTED—DINING-ROOM GIRL, AP-
PLY Butler. 8c**

TWO DINING-ROOM GIRLS AND
store room girl wanted. Apply 67c

WANTED—FEW GOOD GIRLS OR
women, at once. Gorman, Eckert & Co.
8c

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED FOR
two people. Apply 372 Maitland street.
8c

**WANTED—A THOROUGHLY EXPERI-
ENCED** cook. Apply Aged People's
Home, Richmond street north. 8c

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL
housework, at once. Highest wages.
362 Dufferin avenue. 8c

WANTED—ELDERLY LADY, WITH
OUT children, to do housework. Apply
Mrs. C. Decker, Forest. 8c

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE
child out in afternoon. Apply Mrs. R. A.
Baley, 67 Ridout street. 8c

SITUATIONS WANTED FOR THREE
housekeepers, two cooks, two general
servants. Apply 309 Dundas street.
8c

EXPERIENCED COATMAKERS, TO
work on ladies' garments. Smallman
Ingram. 60c

A FEW TIDY SMART GIRLS

WANTED
to pack bon-bons, chocolates, etc.;
vacant; nice, clean work; good ad-
vance; McCormick Manufacturing Com-
pany. 47c

EXPERIENCED CHOCOLATE AND
bon-bon dipper also girls for candy
packing department. McCormick Manu-
facturing Company. 47c

OPERATORS, DRESSMAKERS AND
apprentices wanted. Apply Helena Cos-
tume Company. 57c

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN
earn good income at home in spare time
corresponding for newspapers; no adver-
tising; experience unnecessary. Send
for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lock-
port, N. Y. 8c

HELP WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—FIRST-
CLASS stenographer and bookkeeper.
Apply Angus Elliott, district manager,
North American Life Company, 204
Masonic Temple. Phone 950 or 75. 8c

**WANTED—COMPETENT AND EXPERI-
ENCED** stenographer; none other
needed; give references and state
salary expected. C. H. Nicholson, traffic
manager, Northern Navigation Com-
pany, Sarnia, Ont. 8c

A MARKER WANTED, APPLY PAR-
LIAN Laundry. 8c

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED BY GOOD VISE HAND—A
job of work. Apply Box 38, Adver-
iser. 8c

YOUNG MARRIED MAN OF GOOD
education and references requires a per-
manent position of trust in wholesale
commerce; experienced in grocery trade.
Geo. T. Harris, Thamesford Postoffice. 8c

MISCELLANEOUS

HAIRDRESSING, ETC.—COMBINGS
hair, 227 Dundas, formerly Miller's
Hair Store. 8c

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

PIG FEED

CHICKEN FEED

DOG FEED

Our biscuit dust, floor sweepings and
sifted flour make splendid cheap feed
for swine. Dominion Printing and Litho-
graphing Company, Carling street. 8c

FOR SALE—25 NEW MILCH COWS AND
springers, 4 cows due to calve in March
and April, 4 farrows, 2 sows, 2 bulls,
5 brood sows, 14 pigs 6 weeks
old, 1 fat sow, 8 stores. Thursday, Oct.
18, at 1 p.m., lot 10, con. 2, London
Township. Wm. T. Sumner, proprie-
tor. 8c

HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE—AS GOOD
as new; also Art Countess heater. 48c
Queen's avenue. 8c

TWO THREE-YEAR-OLD REGISTERED
Clydesdale stallions for sale; bar-
n, sold at once. Apply S. Campbell,
Hyde Park Junction. 8c

SAP EVAPORATOR—THOUSAND
times capacity; tanks and everything
complete; easy terms. R. A. Hoeth,
Arva. 8c

WE WILL BUY A SIX-HORSEPOWER
gasoline engine, has only been used
four months. D. McKenzie, 288 Rich-
mond street. 8c

FOR SALE—COMPUTING SCALE,
agate basins, good as new. Apply Box
23, Advertiser. 8c

PURE ICE—THE LONDON COLD STOR-
AGE and Warehousing Company, Limited,
is prepared to contract with responsi-
ble ice customers to supply them with
pure distilled spring water ice in large
quantities. Correspondence or personal
interview solicited. 8c-xvz

STOVES, RANGES AND FURNITURE
at Keene's, 141 King street. New and
second-hand. 8c

FOR SALE—McCLARY FAMOUS BASE-
BURNER, good as new; also Duchess
of Oxford range. Apply 161 Bruce street.
8c

TWO HUNDRED BUSHES OF POTAT-
TOES for sale. Apply J. C. Coote, Mar-
ket Lane. 8c-xvz

FOR SALE—TWENTY YEARLING
Lincoln ewes and six 2-year-old steers.
Apply B. Seila, Ferguson P. O. 8c

FOR SALE BUCK BASEBURNER
with oven in good condition; also two
hanging lamps. 67 Wellington street.
8c

LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM
to let, with wallpaper, head office 9,
152 Maple street. 8c

LIGHT WORK HORSE AND DEMO-
CRAT; also young mare, 5 years old.
Apply Mowat's Livery, Talbot
street. 8c

NEW WILLIAMS SEWING MACHINE,
good as new. Apply Box 35, Advertiser.
8c

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES FOR
sale; first-class condition; complete.
James Gleeson, 681 Dundas.
8c

FOR SALE—TWO DOCTORS' BUGGIES
almost new; also some good wagons. J.
W. Smith. 8c

25-MOTOR FOR BIKE OR BOAT.
Cash paid for second-hand boat. Must
be cheap. J. H. Cunningham, East
London. 8c

UPHOLSTERING AND REPAIRING AT
278 Dundas street, opposite McCormick's.
You get the best and cheapest. 8c

ONE JENNINGS SQUARE PIANO (NEW
York), \$35; one Mason & Rich upright
grand piano, \$45. Easy terms of payment.
Nordheimer's, Limited, 138 Dundas
street. 8c

D. H. GILLIES & CO., COAL AND
wood dealers. Wood our specialty. Try
load 2500 lbs. of coal. 151c

NEW BALL-BEARING RAYMOND
Sewing machine, best attachments, ten-
year guarantee, elegant, durable. Sec-
ond-hand machines. 225 Dundas. H.
Clark, manager. 8c

\$50 BUYS GOOD COUCH, PATTEN.
The Furniture Man, next to Vaudeville.
8c

\$150 WILL BUY GOOD SECOND-HAND
automobile, in perfect running order.
Horton & Co. 8c

SPECIAL—TWO FINE SQUARE PIANOS
(guaranteed five years), at \$50 each, pay-
able 50c per week. Heintzman & Co., 47
Dundas, corner Clarence. 8c

FURS, MEN'S OVERCOATS, BLAN-
KETS and all kinds of furniture on easy
terms at H. H. Hargreaves, 229 South
street. 8c

NO CREAMERY BUTTER BETTER
than MacLeod's. Clean, pure and well
made. Insist on getting it. B. Learn,
Market, furnishes the trade. 8c

\$25 WILL BUY A NICE SHOE AT
William Farnham's, 200 Dundas street.
8c

WE HAVE MOVED OUR STORE TO 92
King street. Wm. Scarrow, 92 King.
75c

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—SEE
what we have. F. S. Orr, Fish Market.
Phone 1295. 8c

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS
want to buy or sell real estate, etc.,
insert an advertisement in the Hamilton
Herald, the recognized want medium of
the city; rate, 1c a word, or three cent
per line. Subscriptions: Daily, 5c a
month; 2c yearly; Saturday edition, 5c
yearly. Sample copy sent on application.
8c

BUSINESS CHANCES.

START A SOAP FACTORY WITH \$10
and make money. Send 6 cents (stamp)
for circulars. K. C. Fred F. Harper, George
street, Montreal Annex. 8c

SMALL ICE CREAM, CANDY AND
restaurant business for sale. Address
Box 37, Advertiser. 8c

GENERAL STOCK FOR SALE; ALSO
store building, in store, no oppo-
sition, doing a good business in vil-
lage of Cairo, township Euphrasia;
good reasons for selling; possession at
once. Apply Geo. Banghart, Cairo, Ont.
8c

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker,
Room 101, Masonic Temple. 8c

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES.
—M. P. McDonough, barrister, 413 Talbot
street. 8c

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO
loan at 4% to 5% on real estate securi-
ties, in sums to suit. No commission
charged. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 93
Dundas street, London. 8c

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST
rates. Budner & Gunn, 31 Dundas
street. 8c

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. HARRIS & CO.—REMOVED TO 72
Simcoe, opposite London and Petrolia
Barrel Works. 8c

ALL KINDS OF TINSMITHING, RE-
PAIRING, etc. Metallic ceiling work
a specialty. First-class work guaran-
teed. D. Taitani, 207 Hamilton road.
8c

EDGAR NEVILLE, CONTRACTOR AND

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1883.
TWO EDITIONS DAILY — WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office 157
Editorial Department 154
Job Department 175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, London,
Ont.

LONDON, MONDAY, OCT. 15, 1936.
THE INTER-PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE.

The inter-provincial conference failed of unanimity, but it has not been abortive. It is something that the premiers of all the provinces of the Dominion met at the same table, not merely as party leaders, but as trustees of the whole Canadian people. It will broaden the outlook of the public men of the various provinces if they are more frequently brought into contact with one another, and the decision to make the inter-provincial conference an annual affair should help to remove maladjustments in the working of our federal system of government. One resolution adopted unanimously does credit to the broad Canadianism of the delegates. They will recommend their respective legislatures to abolish the taxes on commercial travelers, which are an interference with inter-provincial trade contrary to the spirit, if not the letter, of the Confederation act.

Eight of the nine premiers were agreed upon the financial demands to be made of the Federal Government. The dissentient was Premier McBride, of British Columbia, who made out a strong case for special treatment, because of the peculiar physical features and enormous area of that province, which made the adequate development of its resources a heavy burden for its small population. The premiers of the other provinces recognized the exceptional position of British Columbia, and agreed to join in asking that its federal allowance be \$100,000 per year, in addition to that provided for by the new scale of subsidies. Premier McBride would not consent to this, and British Columbia will negotiate independently with the federal authorities. The latter have made no promises to any of the provinces. Their demands involve an addition of about three million dollars to the present allowances. Unless they are all agreed upon the terms which each province shall enjoy, the Federal Government will not be able to procure the necessary imperial legislation.

HEARST UNMASKED.

Hughes, the Republican candidate for governor in New York State, has countered on his opponent, Hearst, with crushing effect. Hearst and his brood of yellow journals have been holding Hughes up to public odium as a corporation lawyer, a most unfair campaign trick, in view of Hughes' great work for the state in probing the insurance frauds. Hughes has now turned the tables by showing that Hearst himself is a practitioner of the worst corporation methods. Hearst's leading newspaper, the New York American, is published by the Star Publishing Company. It has been discovered that the Star Company petitioned in February last to be relieved from all taxes, on the plea that it possessed no taxable property, but was simply the holder of stock in certain corporations for which it had issued bonds. Hearst's other newspapers in New York, the Evening Journal, and Das Morgen Journal, are also incorporated separately, and these corporations likewise petitioned to be relieved from taxes on the ground that their debts exceeded their assets. Hughes was able to show that Hearst in his own person was three distinct corporations and a trust. The three Hearst corporations are consolidated in the control of a holding company, similar to the holding company which constitutes the Standard Oil trust, the sugar trust, or the tobacco trust. It is the precise counterpart of the Northern Securities Company, which was dissolved by the United States supreme court. Hearst's object in resorting to this financial thimble-rigging is to dodge taxes and libel suits. His papers, being purveyors of scandal and printed filth, are peculiarly exposed to actions for libel. Suits of this character, aggregating hundreds of thousands of dollars, are pending in the courts. The Hearst corporations are also following other practices for which the Hearst newspapers denounce the trusts. They have notified small news dealers that the New York Journal and New York American will not be sold to them if they handle the New York World. The Hearst corporations, like the most unscrupulous of the trusts, would force retailers to exclusively handle their own products.

Not one word of Mr. Hughes' address, in which he exposed Hearst as the embodiment of the most oppressive corporation methods, has been published in the Hearst newspapers, and no defense has been attempted. The facts show Hearst to be a brazen hypocrite and impostor, and it is probable that Hughes' exposure will insure his defeat.

THE BRITISH LABOR PARTY.

The failure of the Liberal Government in Great Britain to command the support of the whole Labor delegation in the House of Commons is merely part of a disruptive movement within the ranks of the Labor party itself. The challenge has been thrown down by Keir Hardie, the leader of the Socialist wing of the Laborites. He declares that they must work on independent lines, and sever all relations with the Liberal party, which he describes as essentially capitalist. He advocates a distinctive programme and a vigorous fighting policy. Another wing of the Labor party finds its best representative in John Burns, the president of the Local Government Board. Those who follow his lead and share his views and opinions are nicknamed "Lib-Labs," because they believe the most practical course is to work in harmony with the Liberal party, or at least make use of it as long as that party is willing to meet them halfway. The "Independents" are a third Labor group, more conservative than the followers of Hardie. While they advocate public ownership of railways and other public services, they refuse to subscribe to a programme of thoroughgoing socialism, and hold that the Laborites will be throwing away the substance for the shadow if they decline to take what they can get from the present Government. The difference between the Socialists and the Anti-Socialists in the Labor ranks is fundamental, and the breach is being rapidly widened. They have clashed in the governing bodies of the great trades unions, with the result that some of these have declared for one side, some for the other. The struggle between the two schools will be an interesting phase of British politics. In continental countries Socialism has absorbed the labor movement. It is only in Anglo-Saxon countries that the working classes are a force in politics distinct from the Socialist propaganda.

AN ORGIE RECALLED.

Under the heading, "A Defective Memory," the Free Press says: "In his evidence before Police Magistrate Denison in Toronto on the London bribery conspiracy charges, Mr. Edward Jeffery spoke of the 'destroying' of 60 Liberal votes in the Hyman-Beattie election. 'The witness' memory must have played false in regard to this matter, in which the name of Wm. Peel was mixed up. 'No ballots were destroyed in the election referred to. The 60 ballots to which Mr. Jeffery referred in his evidence were duly and properly counted for Mr. Hyman. 'After further inquiry into the case it is up to Mr. Jeffery to make correction, and this in all fairness he should be willing to do.' Mr. Jeffery need make no correction. He was virtually correct in saying that 60 Liberal votes—not 60—were destroyed in one subdivision by the deputy returning officer in question. This deputy declared 60 ballots marked for Hyman to be fraudulent, on the ridiculous pretext that his initials were forged. He absolutely rejected them, and the conservative candidate got the benefit of this in the deputy's return. Fortunately the ballots were not destroyed, and in the recount the judge placed them in Mr. Hyman's column. The Free Press has chosen to rake up one of the scurviest episodes in a scurvy election. In the whole city there were 296 rejected ballots in that contest when a Conservative Government controlled the machinery. In the Dominion election of 1930, with the Liberals in power there were only 47 rejected ballots in London. The Free Press would have done better to let sleeping dogs lie.

SOUNDS REASONABLE.

[Harper's Weekly.] "It's dreadful queer," said the housewife, "that foreigners you bring me should be so much bigger at the top of the sack than they are at the bottom."

"Not at all, mum," said the honest farmer. "It's just this way. Potatoes is growin' so fast now that by the time it's all munched the last one dug is ever so much bigger 'n the first ones."

TO THROW MUD.

[Hamilton Times.] The announcement that Hon. Frank Oliver and Hon. Walter Scott are to be opposed in the London bribery case that is being heard in Toronto, is a hint of the object to be secured by that very irregular proceeding.

FORCE OF HABIT.

[Pileggi's Blatter.] "That new farm hand of yours used to be a bookkeeper?" "How do you know?" "Every time he stops work for a minute he tries to put the pitchfork behind his ear."

FACIAL HORTICULTURE.

[Harper's.] "A new milkman left our milk today," announced Dorothy. "Did he have whiskers?" asked her mother, thinking perhaps, it was the proprietor. "No," said the 4-year-old; "he didn't have whiskers, but he had the roots."

A SHORT CUT.

[Smart Set.] Mother—Zombie, how did you get acquainted with the little boy next door? Bobbie—I licked him.

PROSPERITY IN BRITAIN.

[London Spectator.] Though it militates so strongly against its demand for a protective tariff as necessary to preserve British trade and commerce, we note that the Daily Mail has the candor to admit that the condition of the home trade is at the present moment most flourishing. In an article which is given a place of prominence in Friday's issue, the Daily Mail declares that "a great wave of industrial prosperity un-

derlaid in some trades in the past twenty or thirty years is at present passing over England." Sheffield is busier than at any time since the Franco-German war, and from Sunderland, Nottingham and the Lancashire towns come reports of great prosperity. At Coventry there are said to be 5,000 more male workers at work than there were this time last year. And yet Mr. Chamberlain and the tariff reformers during the last three years have been beating their breasts and striving after the hair and wearing by all their gods that British industry was dying and could never recover without protection from the unfair competition of the foreigners!

ASPIRATION.

[Catholic Standard.] "Of course," said the new rector, "you hope eventually to reside in a heavenly mansion where—"
"Oh, yes," replied Miss Upplech. "And I do hope it won't be too close to the heavenly huts of the poor."

THOUGHT SHE WAS CHEATED.

[Detroit Free Press.] "This isn't the pie I ordered," observed the pretty girl. "You said green apple pie, didn't you?" asked the waiter. "Yes, I did," said the girl, "but these apples are perfectly white."

HARD TO UNDERSTAND.

[Smart Set.] Bibbs—Some people get everything they go after. Gibbs—Yes, and others don't seem to get what's coming to them.

A COMMON MISTAKE.

[Smart Set.] Gilmore—How did you begin your downward course? DeWitte—I began at the top, of course. Did you think I began at the bottom?

OFF THE WATER WAGON.

[Chicago News.] The big husband was worried at his wife's apparent coolness. "I don't believe you care for me any more," he interrogated suspiciously. "And why not?" she asked laconically. "Well—er—you don't call me 'Ducky' any more." "No, I don't call you 'Ducky' because you don't take to water like you used to."

And then he took the hint and went out and signed the pledge.

HOW HE SUCCEEDED.

[Success Magazine.] A Baltimore man tells of an address made to some school children in that city by a member of the board of trustees: "My young friends," said the speaker, "let me urge upon you the necessity of not only reading good books, but of owning them, so that you may have access to them at all times. When I was a young man I used frequently to work all night to earn money to buy books, and then get up before breakfast to read them."

MET HIS MATCH.

[New York Mail.] Dr. Abernethy, the famous Scotch surgeon, was a man of few words, but he once met his match—in a woman. She called at his office in Edinburgh one day and showed a hand badly inflamed and swollen, when the following dialogue, opened by the doctor, took place: "Burn?" "Bruise?" "Poultice?" "The next day the woman called again and the dialogue was as follows: "Better?" "Worse." "More poultice." "Two days later the woman made another call, and this conversation occurred: "Better?" "Well, Pe?" "Nothing," exclaimed the doctor. "Most sensible woman I ever met."

SOOTHING SUGGESTION.

[Smiles.] Old Crockybo—I think we'd better have the passage and staircase repaired while I'm laid up, Mrs. Grimgage. Mrs. G. (his housekeeper)—Lor, sir; 'adn't yer better wait and see 'ow ye goes on first? Them coffin caps do make such work with staircase wall papers.

A SISTERLY SHOT.

[Exchange.] Miss Passes—I accepted Dick Bradford last night. Miss Youngs—Yes, I expected it. Miss Youngs—Why? Miss Youngs—Because, when I refused him, he said the next time he would propose to someone old enough to know her own mind.

GAVE THIEVES A TIP.

[Trib-Blitz.] "Now, sir," said the cross-examining counsel, "answer me this. No. The court does not want to know what you supposed. I supposed that I had my watch in my pocket this morning, but, as a matter of fact, I had left it on my dressing-room table. The court wants facts, not suppositions. The witness did not quibble any more and the case went quietly on. But when the lawyer arrived home that evening the wife of his bosom said to him: "You must have been anxious about your watch to send four men after it one after the other."

"What?" cried the lawyer, as a suspicion crossed his mind. "Did you give it to any of them?" "Of course," she said. "I gave it to the first who called. Why, he actually knew where you had left it."

BEAUTIES OF ENGLISH SPELLING.

[Carolyn Wells.] As a farmer was going to plough, He met a man driving a cough. They had words, which led to a rough. And the farmer was struck on the bough.

One day when the weather was rough, An old lady went for some snuff. The doctor she thoughtfully placed in her mouth, And it scattered all over her cough.

While a baker was kneading his dough, A knight fell down on his knee. He was suddenly exclaimed, "Ough!" Because it had hurt him so much.

There was a hole in the hedge to get through; It was made by a one-eyed woodchuck. In getting through a boy lost his shroud And was quite at a loss what to do.

A poor man had a bad cough. To a doctor he straight went; Ough! The doctor did nothing but cough, And said it was fancy, his cough.

3 DREADNAUGHTS BUILT IN SECRET

The Discovery of Big New Ships Amazes—Best War Craft Ever on Ways.

London, Oct. 15.—Unbounded amazement has been created by revelations regarding the secret building of three huge, swift battleships for the British navy. It has been so unusual hitherto for the naval authorities of Great Britain to keep anything up their sleeve that their new policy of reticence is regarded with surprise. It may be remembered that a storm of indignation was created throughout the country at a suggestion of building only one of the new proposed Dreadnaughts. Consequently the sensation was intense when it transpired that three mysterious armored cruisers approaching completion on the Clyde and at Elswick, which are too far advanced to preserve the secret any longer, are not cruisers at all, but battleships—every bit as powerful as those of the Dreadnaught type and a great deal faster.

Berlin dispatches show how intense is the German surprise. News paper comments betray considerable chagrin. Is this, they demand, how Britain sets the example of universal disarmament?

To those who find it difficult to believe the feeling which exists in Germany against England, an incident narrated by Sir Edward Russell in his own paper, the Liverpool Daily Post, is an eye opener.

"Here," he writes, "is a perfectly true story, which should make Englishmen think. 'It was after the recent military maneuvers. Three genial German officers were cordially taking leave of their British hosts. 'We shall meet again, but not so pleasantly,' one said. 'When?' was the surprised query. 'Oh, when we come to fight you. We shall do so, you know, as soon as our fleet is ready. And this was said as calmly as if he were observing that New Year's Day falls on Jan. 1. 'Well, forewarned is not always prearmed.'"

At the beginning of this week Admiral Sir Edmund Fremantle is in Germany, visiting on the result of the trials of the Dreadnaught. He admitted, of course, that all was satisfactory. The turbines worked so well that the great battleship attained a high rate of speed and there was little vibration. "But," said Sir Edmund, "I don't think it is much use having one ship of great speed if we don't have more. Evidently it is not in condition to fight in the line with our existing ships. If it does fight in the line its extra knots are thrown away, and if it uses them it will have to fight by itself."

"It is plain that the sooner we have a squadron of Dreadnaughts the better." Asked concerning his views on the new battleships, the veteran admiral said: "They really are battleships and would make short work of any cruiser afloat. 'Of their value as battleships much cannot be said until the thickness of their armor is definitely known. They could fight any existing battleship except the Dreadnaught, because of their gun power. At any rate they could pick up ships ahead and engaged them for a time, knocking them around so much with their powerful guns that the other ships could catch up. 'The chief question raised by them is that of the value of speed—how much speed is sufficient to it. Captain Mahan says that speed is of little use, especially for ships of the line, but I think he depreciates speed too much. 'Judging from their measurements, I should calculate that the thickness of their armor cannot be more than six or seven inches, certainly not more than eight. They must have had to skip the defense, I think. Nine inches is weak and none too much. 'If guns are placed on echelon it is not satisfactory, for that means that they must be fired across the deck. This method was tried in the case of the German battleships, but the superstructure was knocked all to pieces. Possibly they have found a satisfactory solution of the difficulty with the present long guns."

Three more Dreadnaughts are to be built next year. Thus by the time a single foreign rival takes the water Great Britain will have at least seven ready to meet it.

POLITICAL SHARPS AT SEA ON HEARST

Inscrutable Campaign Has Experts Guessing—Somebody Going To Be Fooled.

New York, Oct. 15.—Somebody is going to be terribly fooled over the result of the election in New York State next month. The claims of the two parties advanced in all good faith in a confidential way are vastly farther apart than is customary in such a campaign, with the election only about three weeks away.

It is impossible to believe, as the Republicans insist, that Hearst is to be snubbed under a majority which will equal that against Bryan in 1896. There are plenty of evidences of revolt on the Democratic side, but on the other hand, that is every reason to believe Mr. Hearst's real strength, and there is actual danger in the situation on that account.

Mr. Hearst may not be elected, but the present indications are that he is going to surprise everybody unless something happens to break up the present harmony between the candidates.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO

Good Clothing Speaks for Itself



PROGRESS BRAND CLOTHING

Men's All-Wool Plain Knit Undershirts and Drawers, soft, unshrinkable, clean wool, in extra well-made garments that can't be equaled anywhere at 65c. Selling here at 50c

Penman's Wool Fleece Undershirts and Drawers, well made, high grade garments, nicely finished. The genuine 75c grade. All sizes. Special here at 50c

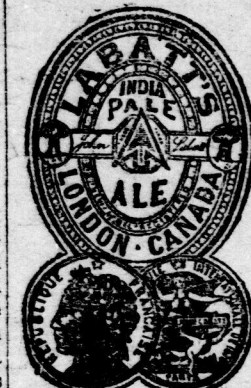
Silk Petticoats \$4.25

Clearing an odd line of Ladies' Soft Finished Taffeta Petticoats, nicely made, deep flounce, regular prices \$7.50 and \$8.50. Tuesday at \$4.25

White Bear Cloth Coats

For little tots, warm pretty coats, lined throughout. Special \$3.50

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128 1/2 Dundas St.



ASK FOR Labatt's (LONDON) INDIA PALE ALE

The barley and hops used are the finest that money can secure. It is a prime favorite. 10 MEDALS—12 DIPLOMAS.

Woods' Fair

Cut-Glass Jugs at Less Than Cost Price on Tuesday

- 5 only, 1-Pint, Genuine Cut Glass Jugs, worth regular \$2 each. Special price, on Tuesday, each \$1.00
- 6 only, 1-Quart Size, Genuine Cut Glass Jugs, regular price \$4.00; 2 shapes. Special Tuesday price, each \$2.00
- 6 only, 3-Pint Size, Genuine Cut Glass Jugs, worth regular \$5.00 each. Special price on Tuesday \$2.50
- 12 only, Tall Shape, Celery Glasses, genuine cut, regular price \$2.00 each. Sale price \$1.00
- 7 only, Round Pickle Trays, regular \$3.00 each. Sale price on Tuesday, each \$1.50

Japanese Plates and Cups and Saucers

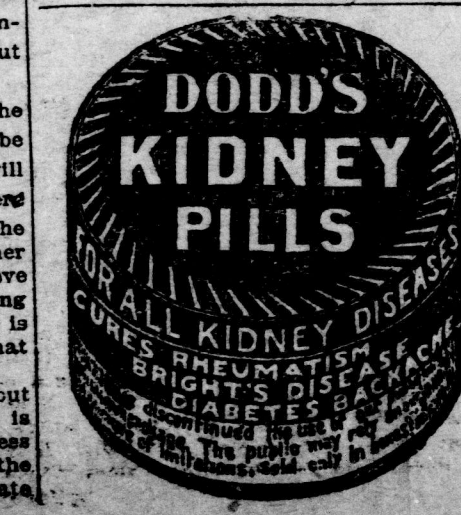
on Tuesday, 15c Each

- 144 dozen Beautiful Japanese Cups and Saucers; bought to sell at 25c each, but the quantity is too large. We must sell at least half of them at a special price. On Tuesday (3 different patterns to choose from), each 15c
- Japanese Tea Plates, very pretty and a decided bargain at, on Tuesday, each 15c
- Japanese Bread and Butter Plates, 3 patterns, in pink, green or blue decorations, regular 15c plates. Special price on Tuesday, each 10c

Another big sale of Graniteware this week—the last one this year. Everything in Granite at reduced prices.



Ash Sifters, well made, at 15c each. Bake-boards, 3 sizes, 45c, 50c, 60c each.



than it was then. Quite the contrary is true. There was a time, days ago when there was a prospect that Hearst and Murphy might split. They seemed to be extremely far apart on the subject of local nominations. The usual foil friends of each side did their best to propitiate discord. The newspapers of New York, practically all of which are opposed to Hearst, assisted as best they knew how to keep him away from Murphy. The most preposterous stories were circulated for the purpose of infaming the two men, and there certainly was a time when it was more than possible that there would be an open war, the inevitable result of which would be to cut Hearst's vote in half in New York and sacrifice all chances of his carrying the state. But all of this has been changed. Murphy and Hearst today are working together harmoniously, and have divided up the judicial slate in a satisfactory fashion. It looks on the surface like a

disreputable political deal which ought to be rebuked by the people, but it is not a bit worse from the standpoint of practical politics as applied to the stump than the combination which was made between Tim Murphy and McCarren in regard to the Brooklyn Judiciary. Last year Murphy and Hearst were at odds. The editor denounced the boss in his newspaper and on the stump in savage fashion. It is impossible to believe that the Hearst vote last year included any of the loyal Tammany strength. Without that strength, however, Mr. Hearst nearly or quite carried Greater New York against McCarren, who was then supported not only by Tammany, but by the Republican organization as well. This year, if Hearst receives the solid and loyal support of Tammany Hall, he ought to carry Greater New York by a large majority, because his original strength is intact, and to that must be added the whole enormous vote controlled by Tammany Hall.

A MISSION FULFILLED

At the end of the ten days she departed, leaving her daughter to the care of her husband and Mrs. Spencer. No nurse could have been more tender than Keith, no companion more kind and cheery, and now, as they sat together in the lengthening evenings, a new bond drew the two together, as new subject filled the mind of both, afforded an unwearying topic of interest to their conversation—the future of their little son, the small Keith Stefano, who lay slumbering so peacefully upstairs, unconscious of the fact of his low-born, Italian, or his well-to-do, but inimical English grandfather.

The next three or four months were some of the happiest that Margherita had ever known. She had much to interest her—her baby, her house to look after, and her husband, now working hard, was as contented as herself with his new life. He had begun a most promising picture, a portrait of Margherita in her fisher dress, leaning in her old position, knitting, against a background of calm gray sea and sober-colored rocks, against which the crimson jacket of the central figure, with its general outline of color and striking outline of feature, told with artistic effect.

Spencer, who was much interested in his friend's work, and by no means a poor critic himself, thought highly of the performance, and gave Keith much encouragement. In a couple of months the sketch was finished and sent off to a picture dealer in the Strand, who sold it within a fortnight of its arrival at a good price. This fact was a cheering one for Keith, although he could not help entertaining a suspicion that it might be due to a recognition of the likeness by some of his wife's friends or admirers. But he was not thinking enough to feel annoyed if the supposition were true. The likeness was not absolute, and there was nothing in the title of the picture necessarily to associate the subject with Margherita. There was no direct mention of Capri, nor reference to coral-seekers. It was simply called "A Girl of the South," and sold anonymously. He felt in spirits about his work, and set himself at once to another composition of a like nature, but a little more ambitious in its design. In this sketch Margherita was omitted, but her mother and Stefano and Teresina all took part.

Advertiser Patterns

Designed by Martha Dean.



A SIMPLE TUCKED DRESS—4796. If the little maid has a love for constant activity, she goes through her gowns very quickly. This means a constant replenishing of the wardrobe, and if her mother be economical she fashions the little gowns at home. Patterns which are attractive and yet simple to make are much sought, and here is one which answers every requirement. The blouse and skirt are all in one, being belted in long-waisted manner. The three tucks on either side of the front and back give a broadening effect which is very becoming. These are attached to below the waist line, and increase the fullness of the skirt. This little gown is excellent for school or every-day wear, developed in serge, challis or mohair. In the medium size the pattern calls for 3½ yards of 36-inch material.

4796—Sizes, 4 to 10 years.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

Name

Street Address

Town

Province

Measurement: Bust.....Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is sent, you need only mark 22, 24, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to reach you in less than three or four days from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT, ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONT.

bitious in its design. In this sketch Margherita was omitted, but her mother and Stefano and Teresina all took part.

And so the autumn months wore away and winter set in, enclinging the little island with its band of snowy foam, and enwrapping it with storms that ever and anon gave place to pauses of bluest sky and a balmy softness of sphere. Keith was quite content. His life was happy and a busy one. Every morning he worked at his picture; often again in the afternoon, until the gray of twilight fell across the large canvass; then, throwing down his brush and quitting his studio, he would seek out wife and child, have a game of romps with the latter or a turn on the cliffs with the former, generally finishing off with a smoke in Spencer's cosy room. It was certainly wonderful with what ease the young man managed to accommodate himself to his changed circumstances; and it was amusing to find how he himself at times contemplated this creditable fact with an almost impersonal approval. He began to feel himself, for the first time in life, a genuinely useful, genuinely active man; and the novel sensation was both an agreeable and a flattering one.

He wrote to his mother, Margherita, that he felt no regret for his lost English comforts or English amusements; when he told her that he had no hankers after the old gay life; while, as for society the Spencers and herself were quite sufficient to satisfy his tastes. No one could have been a more loving husband, a more tender father, a pleasant friend than Keith at this juncture; and if he was satisfied with himself, and imagined that to be force of character which was but the action of circumstances upon a placid nature, he was only making a very natural and common mistake. He was so engrossed with his occupation, so happy in his innocent recreation, that his mind refused to trouble itself about anxieties, and he thought no more about possible want or coming poverty.

He was living in a pleasant dream. Never mind the future, everything would come right in time—his father would forgive him, his pictures would make money—why should they look forward? Anticipating evils that might probably never come to pass was but an enervating and sorry way to pass through life.

"Do your duty in the present—leave the future to take care of itself," he said, laughingly, to Margherita one day, amused himself at his own position of moral preceptor, as with a somewhat anxious face she came to him one morning to consult him upon the matter of ways and means.

She took the hint. She was a true woman, ready to bear her anxiety without help, and to share with her husband only the joys of life; so she said no more. She knew that Keith dreaded the subject, both on account of his hatred of suspense and his peculiar dislike to the discussion of petty economies or the facing of pecuniary embarrassments. Let it be so; why should she trouble him before the time? So good and sweet and tender to her, more than ever before one with her in all other things—her true and loving spouse? Why should she sully the sunny sweetness of his present life by sordid cares? Let him reap the fruits of his own happy disposition so long as he could.

But there came a day when she could no longer keep silence—when the state of their affairs could no longer be kept out of sight before him. She had a horror of asking him for money, but she must do so now. Day by day she had pared more closely, they had lived more sparingly, until she had thought that he could not help but notice it; still he asked no questions, still he only made some laughing remark upon the severe simplicity of their fare—which, in its contrast to his former luxurious living, had brought, for his sake, tears more than once to her foolish woman's eyes. Was it that he would not notice it? Would not speak first on a matter so distasteful to him? But now there was not a soldo in the house! For several weeks she had been supplied by her neighbors on credit with the necessities of life. She must speak to him today; it was absolutely necessary at last that they should face the truth together. She came up to him and put her arm round his shoulder.

"Spouse mio," she said, gently, but abruptly, "can you give me any money?"

"Not a centesimo, Marghe," he said, quickly. "I haven't any."

"Not any at all, dear?"

"None at all," he said, his face clouding.

"I want some, Keith, for—the house-keeping. What shall we do?"

"We must live on tick till I sell my picture, I suppose. At any rate, it can't be helped. I've told you I have absolutely nothing, and nothing to draw upon."

"The house-money is all gone, Keith?"

"All. There is nothing due to me—nothing."

"Then we must borrow, or sell something, Keith mio!"

"Why can't they go on credit, if it's the people here you mean?—and we will pay them all in time?"

"They can't, caro mio; they are too poor to do it any longer. They have done all they can."

He rose up and began to pace the room with a troubled countenance.

"There is my watch, Keith," she suggested, timidly. "Or, Mr. Spencer might lend us a little till—till your picture is sold."

"You shall never sell the watch! I gave you! How can you think of such a thing? I suppose I must ask Spencer; but I hate it—I'd rather cut my throat!" he said, irritably, quickening his steps.

She remained silent; what could she say to soothe him?

"It's a shame—a dastardly shame!" he went on, working himself up into one of his rare fits of temper; "why should my father treat me in this way? I might have committed murder! It's a shame, a preposterous!"

Our own faults are usually seen through the wrong end of the telescope; and Keith was sincerely convinced of the truth of his own words, and felt himself a man most unjustly used.

Margherita did not contradict him, although her vision was clearer—she loved him too well; she only sat regarding him with pitiful eyes, that forgot her own portion of the trouble and saw only his; unkindful too that he had

been the sinner, and she the sinned against.

"I won't ask Spencer!" he continued, more hotly; "why should I lower myself to borrow when there are thousands that are mine by right? My father has no right to keep me out of a proper allowance—it's a swindle!" he said, forgetting that the proper allowance had been already forestalled for many years to come. "He must do it—he shall do it—or I'll shame him before all the world—everyone shall know the way he treats his only son!"

He paused before her, crimson with wrath. She rose and put her arm in his.

"No, Keith mio," she said, "that is not the way; that would be no good."

"I don't care! I'll show him up before all his friends! Let them all know he leaves his son to starve."

"It would not show him up, dear Keith—but only us. We have done wrong, we have made the mistakes, my husband—everyone would say so—"

"The world wouldn't! they would say it was a dastardly swindle!"

"If they did, it would only harden him. No, Keith, we have been in the wrong; we must say so."

"Never!" he ejaculated, hastily. "I'm not going to eat dirt when I'm treated so unjustly. I shall demand my rights, and if I can't get them I'll defy him and make things hot."

"You would only spite yourself, dear. The other way is right and wise. Keith, mio," she said, more earnestly, as the sound of a baby voice came from the next room, "you have a child to think of now."

Her voice trembled; what should she do if her husband, in his foolish anger, threw away the last chance for that child's future, reduced it even to want and beggary? Keith paused, and his expression changed. The anger faded from his face and he pressed his lips together.

"I will write to my father today," he said, abruptly. "You shall see the letter before it goes."

And Margherita, who could read the thoughts of his heart as in a book, flung her arms round his neck and kissed him silently and tenderly, the tears standing in her eyes.

The same evening the letter was dispatched; a letter that did Keith credit—simple, straightforward, and manly.

In it he avowed his misdeeds and admitted the justice of his father's anger, and pleaded more than demanded—yet without servility—for the restitution of his allowance. For his own sake, he said, perhaps truly, he would never have done this; but the sake of his wife and child he besought an assistance that he could not but believe his father would refuse.

The answer to this letter was waited for anxiously. Things were in a very bad way now at the villa, and Margherita found it hard to supply her little household with daily food. And every day Keith said:

"If the answer does not come today, I shall have to go across and ask Spencer. It will only be for a day or two, you know."

He really felt sure that this was the case; his father could not refuse his application; he could not intend his son and grandson to want for food. Still each day he put off the effort of borrowing once more—they would wait till tomorrow. It was a strange experience for him, that of being absolutely, literally penniless. Accustomed all his life, not only to a luxurious and expensive way of living, but to an unlimited supply of ready money, it was a new sensation one morning to put his hands mechanically into his pockets, and bring them out empty, with a muttered refusal, as he passed the blind beggar who lay beneath the little shrine upon the stony pathway. Old Tomaso had recognized the step of the English signor, and felt surprised as well as disgusted by the non-appearance of the couple of soldi that usually found their way into his horny, outstretched palm whenever Keith passed him; but he could not but be flattered that rose to the face of the latter—the outward manifestation of a new emotion. His patron at that moment, in actual possessions, was almost poorer than he!

[To be Continued.]

FOR EVENING DRESS.

Solving the Problems for Men in an Easy Way.

Until the advent of the Semi-Ready tailoring, the purchase of a full dress suit or a Tuxedo was a \$40 or \$50 affair—and a lot of money for a man in the finish, for few tailors can get in the real style of this garment, as they have only a few chances a year.

Semi-Ready dress suits are tailored on the physique type system, so that every man is sure of his exact fit and the correct length for his figure. A silk-faced coat, with vest and trousers, in fine black cheviot, for \$25 at any Semi-Ready Wardrobe.

McLean Bros. have the only Semi-Ready tailoring agency in London, at 146 Dundas street.

VEILED WOMEN WANTED

Are Believed to Have Poisoned Wealthy Old French Lady.

Geneva, Oct. 13.—Two heavily-veiled women, whose identity has not been established, are wanted on a charge of having poisoned a wealthy old woman at Schwarzsach, a small town near the Swiss-Austrian frontier.

The old woman, who kept a large number of servants, had lived in the house for two years, and a few days ago was found dead in bed. A post-mortem examination of the body was made, and arsenic was found in the stomach. As there was at the time no evidence to arouse suspicion of foul play, the jury returned a verdict of suicide.

Yesterday, when the funeral was to have taken place, the police gave orders that the body was not to be removed, and it appears that they had received information that on the night of the old woman's death two unknown heavily veiled women were seen leaving the house.

An inspection of the house showed that a window had been forced open from the outside. The police now open the door to the old woman was poisoned, and are looking for her mysterious visitors.

CZAR GRASPING, NARROW, BRUTAL.

German Picture of the Russian Ruler Is of One Fast Falling to Decay.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 15.—The Czar of Russia may be a very good man and husband from some points of view, but he has faults and limitations which would disgrace a man in private life. For one thing, he is mean and grasping. Every rouble that can be drawn from the treasury approaches him is carefully looked after by his majesty, and his recent offer to allow some millions of acres of his appanage lands to go to the peasants is regarded as a trick to sell at a high price what the coming Duma may take from him as property to which he is entitled. In fact, herein, is supposed to be one of the secrets of the Duma's dissolution.

The Tanrida Palace in which the Duma held its sittings, is the property of the state, built with state money, but the Czar demanded for his private pocket a rent of 130,000 roubles a year for it. Previous to the existence of the Duma the palace brought in no rent.

Equally characteristic of the state of the Czar's mind is the renewed lease of power possessed by the Grand Duke Peter Nikolaievitch, and his wife, Militsa Nikolaievna. The Grand Duke is a person of no account, a very handsome, very bigoted, a believer in spiritualism, telepathy and all the other legitimate and illegitimate branches of the "black" sciences. It was his influence which brought the French spiritist Philp to the court, and it is stated that she has now a gibbering idiot from the province of Kaluga whose mutterings and strange jargon are interpreted as a sort of Delphic oracle and who is said to be inspired with regard to the future of the country.

A well-known Berlin publicist, who writes under the name "Ignotus" and is generally regarded as an authority on the internal and secret history of the Czar's court, says that Nicholas is gradually deteriorating; that narrowness and intellectual weakness, pride and vainglory, tortuousness of speech, childish reserve and naive brutality are now his leading characteristics. There is no Russian question which is rushing to its solution more rapidly than the dynastic question.

RUSSIAN LOVERS

FLEE FROM DEATH

Pursued by Angry Husband, They Resort to Trick to Throw Him Off Trail.

London, Oct. 15.—Capt. Gabriel Essipoff, who eloped with Mme. Ouchakoff, whose husband is in pursuit with the avowed intention of killing Essipoff on sight, is making desperate efforts to throw the pursuer off the scent.

In the event of failure and discovery they say they will take their own lives. The elopers were prevented from landing in New York, and were returned to Europe on La Savole whose sailing was delayed for them.

The husband, who followed them to New York, took passage on La Provence when he found they had escaped. He is due in Havre next week. Meantime the lovers are exercising all their ingenuity to deceive him as to their line of flight. Immediately after their arrival in France it was published that they had gone to Paris. This was not believed to have been a subterfuge in which the runaway wife, Capt. Essipoff, and the runaway wife, The real lovers traveled directly from Havre to England. Their presence was discovered, however, by detectives from the Russian embassy, and after their identity had been established, Essipoff, who was the confidential friend of Gen. Ouchakoff and a member of his military staff, said:

"Nothing would please me more than to meet the general in a fair fight, with any weapons he chooses to name. I am a good shot and have a reputation as a swordsman. The chances would be about equal in a duel, but I know that Ouchakoff seeks to kill me anywhere he finds me, and then immerse his wife in an insane asylum. I am striving to save her from that fate. We are all in all to each other, and would rather end our lives together than be separated. We are as determined as he is."

Madame Ouchakoff is a woman of rare beauty. She admits her love for Capt. Essipoff, without qualification.

"I had a private fortune of \$50,000 which I gave up for the sake of Gabriel, whom I love," she said. "I admit that I have given my husband grounds for divorce. I do not blame him for what has happened."

"But surely he has increased his shame and disgrace tenfold by this mad pursuit. I will never return to him. Rather would I kill myself. I am not mad and my husband knows it, unless he regards the love I have for Gabriel as a species of madness. I could not live a dishonest life in my husband's house. I prepared to efface myself by going away at once."

It is said that the fugitives will sail for America.

How It Spread.

The first package of Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid (the infallible Pile cure) that was put up went to a small town in Nebraska.

It was a case of Piles that was considered hopeless.

The news spread, and although this was only two years ago, the demand prompted Dr. J. S. Leonhardt, of Lincoln, Neb., the discoverer, to prepare it for general use. Now it is being sent to all parts of the world.

It will cure any case of Piles. There is a month's treatment in each box.

Sold for \$1.00, with absolute guarantee.

It is for sale by druggists, or by The Wilson-Pyle Company, Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money."

No Better Place in Town to Buy Blankets & Comforters

You'll not find better values anywhere than at Gray & Parker's. Indeed we don't believe in some cases you'll find as good. A comparison visit would be a good way to find out which store has the best values. We're quite willing to have our Blankets and Comforters compared with others. Sure they will score for us both in point of quality and lowness of price.

White Wool Blankets. All new stock. Fresh and clean. The kind that will keep you warm and comfortable during the cold autumn and winter nights. Per pair \$2.75, \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$7

Gray Wool Blankets. You'll be pleased with both the quality and value of these blankets—we feel sure of that.

Comforters—Splendid qualities and values. Prices range from \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 to \$6.00

White and Gray Flannelette Blankets all sizes. Have strong reason to believe our prices are the lowest in town. Bought a large quantity before the late advance in prices. Pleased to show them to you and to quote prices.

Ask to see our White and Gray Flannelette Sheeting, and 72-inch White and Gray Wool Sheeting.

150 Dundas and Carling **GRAY & PARKER** 150 Dundas and Carling

Sensational Sale of Slightly Used Pianos

Trainloads of Fine, Nearly-New Pianos at Great Reductions From Regular Prices.

Every summer we do a large renting business, and this year we furnished more pianos than ever before. Now at the height of the fall trade, when our store is already filled with new pianos, back come the rented instruments by every train. Where to put them—that is the problem that confronts us.

We have decided to reduce the prices that a speedy clearance of the entire stock will be assured, and are now conducting a

GIGANTIC 10-DAY CLEARING SALE

putting a price on each instrument that will undoubtedly quickly send it to someone's home.

Every piano in first-class condition; in fact, most of them were new three months ago and the little use they have received has not harmed them a particle. We are forced to offer them at the best value ever offered in London.

Elegant Upright Pianos will go during this sale at \$90, \$125, \$175, \$210, \$235 and upwards, representing savings in many cases of \$50, \$75, \$100 and even more. Square Pianos at \$35, \$45, \$75 and up to \$125.

Very easy payment terms will be arranged at no advance in price. Make a small payment down, then pay by the month as you can afford.

Special Free Offer—During this sale we will furnish, without extra charge, a fine stool with each piano; will also pay freight within 100 miles of London.

Every piano guaranteed exactly as represented, and our guarantee is backed by capital of over two million dollars. You take no chance when you deal with us, as our business record for over half a century will attest.

Every instrument is such a decided bargain that we expect to close out the entire lot within the next ten days. Don't delay. This is your golden opportunity for money saving and we make it easy for you to take advantage of it.

Store open evenings during this sale.

Every piano marked in plain figures with both the regular and special sale prices. Look for the red tag.

Nordheimer's
LIMITED, 188 DUNDAS STREET.

Excursion To New York City By Erie Railroad, Oct. 18.

The next low rate excursion from Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge and Buffalo, to New York, via Erie Railroad, will take place on Oct. 18. Tickets will be good for round trip from Niagara Falls, Ont., and \$9 from Suspension Bridge, Niagara Falls or Buffalo.

A panorama of beautiful scenery all along the line of "The Picturesque Trunk Line of America" in the golden October days. The finest equipped trains, solid vestibule, with cafe car service a la carte, parlor and sleeping cars. Application to be made to H. T. Jaeger, general passenger agent department, 309 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y. Further information may also be had on application to Mr. M. MacIntyre, general Canadian agent, 210 Board of Trade, Toronto.

It appeals to everybody to be able to get pure goods.

COWAN'S
PERFECTION COCOA
(MAPLE LEAF LABEL)

is absolutely pure, and of the very highest quality.

The Cowan Company, Limited, Toronto

Your own way doesn't always turn out to be your way when you get it. Nothing is so bad for ill temper as ill temper.

ALWAYS A GOOD FRIEND.—In health and happiness we need no friends, but when pain and prostration come we look for friendly aid from sympathetic hands. These hands can serve us no better than in rubbing in Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, for when the Oil is in the joints it is out. It has brought relief to thousands, who without it would be in great distress.

King Alfonso Intends to introduce port wine to Spain. A remarkable thing about his playing is that when he makes a bad stroke he smiles, saying only "Hill!"

THEY ADVERTISE THEMSELVES.—Immediately they were offered to the public, Parnele's Vegetable Film became popular because of the good report they made for themselves. That reputation has grown, and they now rank among the first medicines for use in attacks of dyspepsia and biliousness, complaints of the liver and kidneys, rheumatism, fever and ague, and the innumerable complications to which these ailments give rise.

ROOSEVELT PLANS BIGGER TRUST WAR

Campaign Mapped for Battle on All Monopolies.

LASH FOR TOBACCO LORDS

That Combine Found "as Monstrous" as Oil-Steel Corporation Next on List.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 15.—President Roosevelt is preparing for another and sharper onslaught on the trusts. The dissolution of the Standard Oil combination is at present on the tapis; it was the subject of a conference at the White House today, in which participated the President, Secretary Root, Secretary Bonaparte, and Attorney-General Moody.

But the Standard is not the only corporation at which President Roosevelt has sighted the Government's guns. Commissioner of Corporations Garfield is putting the finishing touches on his investigation of the tobacco trust and early in the new year will submit his report on the whole matter.

The most extraordinary thing which will be shown about the tobacco trust is that it has practically no valuable assets save trademarks. The steel trust, on the other hand, has plants of immense value which furnish some excuse for a vast quantity of the water injected into its stock. The tobacco trust has no such excuse.

The prosecution of the Standard Oil Company under the Sherman anti-trust law will be absolutely independent of proceedings now under way, alleging that the Standard gave and received rebates for the transportation of its oil and products, which necessarily was an injury to independent shippers.

The report of Messrs. Morrison and Kellogg, of Chicago and St. Paul, respectively, was submitted some days ago to the Attorney-General. Copies of the report were made and one was given Secretary Bonaparte, who is to succeed Mr. Moody as Attorney-General, and the other is retained by Mr. Moody.

A third copy will be made and submitted to Secretary Taft for examination upon his return. This preliminary procedure the trust was formed in 1882, and for a decade it flourished, the supreme court of the State of Ohio ordering its dissolution in 1892.

Aim Is To Smash It Up
Seven years were required to liquidate the affairs of the trust and then the Standard Oil Company was organized under the laws of the state of New Jersey, the capitalization at first being \$3,000,000. The present capitalization is \$10,000,000. The Standard has pursued its brutal policy of crushing independent refineries, and evidence has cropped up which the President and his advisers have convinced proves conclusively that the company is an organization in restraint of trade and commerce and that its dissolution should be ordered.

The President does not want to obtain a decree which will dissolve the trust.

HE IS CORRECT
DR. HAMILTON PROVES THAT PILES ARE CAUSED BY CONSTIPATION AND STRONG CATHARTICS.

Knowing the frequency with which people suffer from this ailment, Dr. Hamilton made an exhaustive study into the cause of piles.

He found that the lower part of the bowels is like a network of blood-vessels, and if subjected to persistent pressure, a section will bulge out and form what is commonly known as piles.

The only effective mode of curing this trouble is the regular use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which can be taken before retiring. Next day will bring wonderful relief.

"I suffered up to about the limit of human endurance with piles," writes Miss Luciers, from Cornwall, Ont., "I was employed in a factory here, but for a while had to give up work till I got better of this trouble. I read in the Montreal Herald about Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and after using them for two weeks was cured. I can recommend these pills very highly; there are none better. They at once relieve and prevent a constipated condition of the bowels, and from my experience can be depended upon as a perfect safeguard against piles. Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mondrake and Butternut, I am sure, will be a benefit to every girl or woman."

Take Dr. Hamilton's Pills and your system will be regenerated, revitalized, and made proof against disease.

Good for men, excellent for women, and most effective for children. All ages and both sexes. And Dr. Hamilton's Pills a marvelous medicine. Although active, they do not gripe or cause inconvenience, still they cleanse and purify the system, thereby maintaining a high standard of health. Sold by all dealers, 25c per box or five boxes for \$1.00, by mail, from Dr. C. S. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

Standard, only to permit its reorganization under a new name. It was a deconstructive in character that it will be impossible for it to continue in business as one organization, but will require its separation into a number of concerns which actually will compete against one another in the production and sale of oil and its products.

Since the decision of Judge Humphrey in the beef trust case, the President has been alive to the importance of having the Standard anti-trust case brought before a judge who will not be amenable to influence of any kind whatsoever. What Mr. Taft returns to Washington this point will be carefully considered. It is not at all certain that the case will be begun in Cleveland.

The investigation of the commissioner of corporations into the operations of the tobacco trust has revealed abuses as deconstructive as those which the Standard Oil investigation established.

Not only has the trust control of the output of tobacco, but it has made every effort to put its halter around the neck of the flour industry, which is allied to that of tobacco. As a result of the prosecution instituted against the tobacco trust in New York some time ago, Attorney-General Moody was able to wring important concessions from the tobacco trust in the interest of the independent tobacco men of the south, but the latter still suffer hardships which hamper them seriously in competing with their floated rival.

Commissioner Garfield will be able to turn over to the President for the use of the Attorney-General a mass of information which will startle the country. It will be shown, for example, that in one case the trust engaged in a cutthroat struggle with an independent concern which lasted four years. It fixed the price of its product at a low figure, but as soon as it reached an agreement with the independent concern, the trust secured more than 50 per cent of its stock, it issued a circular advancing the price 15 per cent.

By the coupon system which it has adopted the trust has exercised an effective means of injured independents. In the opinion of the independent tobacco men, the trust is an even greater evil than the cutting of prices because it appeals to the cupidity of the people.

Same Evils in Steel Monopoly.
Evidence has been presented to show that in certain sections where there is competition the trust sells cigarettes below cost, while in sections where it controls the situation prices are high. Bond and stockholders of the tobacco trust will be interested to learn the value of the trust factories and establishments, for from what can be learned it is ridiculously low in comparison with the immense capitalization of the combination. The trust places a high valuation upon its trademarks, which, indeed, seem to be its main stock in trade.

The steel trust has the same inherent evils as the tobacco trust, that of overcapitalization.

Charles M. Schwab, who is identified with the trust, called at the White House today and saw President Roosevelt. He told the subject of their conference was not disclosed. In the frame of mind if the President at this time Mr. Schwab must have gotten cold comfort if he sought to induce Mr. Roosevelt to curtail the work of the commissioner of corporations. The investigation was ordered by Congress, but under the policy the administration has adopted it is using the evidence obtained to prosecute all violations of law discovered. Above all, the President would like to place the officials of a trust behind the bars. If this could be accomplished further attempts at evasion of the statute probably would be prevented.

FOUND SPOUSE WAS THIEF
Deceived Australian Girl Rescued from Her Criminal Husband.

Paris, Oct. 15.—An Australian girl named Bessie Smith, who had married a Frenchman, and afterwards found him to be an "Apache," has been rescued by the police under dramatic circumstances.

The police were searching for stolen property at a house frequented by "Apaches," when they heard a woman shriek. They burst open a door, and found a young woman lying on the floor with a severe wound in her shoulder. The window was open, and on looking out they saw an "Apache" named Pellier escaping by the water-pipe. He was "wanted" for several crimes, but got clear away over the roof.

When the police returned to the woman they were astonished to find that she spoke nothing but English. She said that she first met Pellier when she was employed in a shop in Melbourne. He was always smartly dressed and appeared respectable, and he won her affections.

Some time after their marriage Pellier decided to come to Paris, using his wife's savings for the passage money. When they arrived here she found that her husband was a criminal and her life has been a misery to her ever since.

When she heard the police in the lodging house she thought she saw a way out of her tortures. She shrieked for help, and her husband stabbed her before he decamped through the window. She is being befriended by an English Protestant family named Stone, who live at Passy.

The local option clauses of the New York liquor law apply to 933 towns. The law went into effect on March 23, 1896. At that time there were 283 "dry" towns in the state. The number gradually declined until Jan. 1, 1898, when it was 252. On Jan. 1, 1900, it was 276. On May 1, 1902, 285. On May 1, 1903, 284, and on May 1, 1906, 283—exactly the same number as at the time of the adoption of the present liquor law.

The population of France is about 40,000,000 people; the wealth of France is nearly \$45,000,000,000. Robert P. Skinner, United States consul at Marseilles, in some recent statistics, shows how evenly this wealth is distributed. The number of estates administered in 1904 was 394,737, and of these one-half were for values ranging from less than \$1,000 to a little under \$100,000. Only three were over \$100,000,000.

PIECE OF GUM PLAYED CUPID

His Hands "Get Stuck" and His Heart Is Caught in Freeing 'Em.

New York, Oct. 15.—New York Mother, we are married. Love us and forgive us. No knife can cut our love in two, for the tie that binds is a double knot. For the sake of our faith and that of Hilda's mother, we were first married by a priest and then by a rabbi.

HULDA DANIELS O'BRIEN, ARTHUR P. O'BRIEN.

This is the very explicit telegram sent by Arthur P. O'Brien, manager of the American Luxfer Prism Company, of this city, to his parents in Chicago, announcing his sudden wedding to his pretty young typewriter and amanuensis.

The O'Briens move in the best society in Chicago. They are wealthy. There are three brothers of the younger generation, and each has had his little romance, ending in the same old way—the altar.

The romance in which he was one of the actors last week was not of Mr. O'Brien's planning. Cupid had laid the plan, and O'Brien fell into it, as if it were his own. It all came about through a piece of chewing gum.

Three years ago Arthur O'Brien, then appointed manager of the American Luxfer Prism Company. He was then a resident of Chicago, where are the main offices of the company. When he arrived here and assumed charge of his office for the first time, in attempting to raise his roll-top desk his finger stuck on a piece of chewing gum.

Mr. O'Brien, while a temperate man in language, said a few words that brought to a sudden stop and stare a pretty, dark-eyed, dark-haired young woman, who up to that moment had been pounding away at a typewriter close to the O'Brien desk.

As O'Brien got the sticky stuff off his left hand, it was only to discover that it was as firmly fastened to the fingers of his right hand. Red in the face, ruffled of dignity and swearing, he happened to glance into two hugging eyes.

"I—I—I—say, is this gum yours?" said O'Brien, holding up his two hands, from which long, silken threads of the stuff waved.

The eyes danced in laughter, but the mouth never uttered a reply. Again O'Brien asked, this time rather sheepishly, "Is this your chewing gum?"

"No," came the pert retort, "it looks as though it was yours."

The speaker was Miss Hulda Daniels, now Mrs. O'Brien. As became her duty, she helped the new manager out of his sticky dilemma, and this ministrations led to many pleasantities that augured well from a new manager on the first day.

Mr. O'Brien wrote home about the pretty Jewess, he received very caustic answers, for his people were staunch Catholics. Miss Daniels' people were equally as opinionated on affairs religious; so the young people confided in Miss Mae Coe, a friend of Hulda, that they were going to be married, and the day last week they went to Tuckahoe, where Father McGann tied the knot.

Miss Coe was bridesmaid, best man, ushers, audience and—gave Miss Hulda away.

And, in order that there should be no ill-will on the part of Miss Daniels' people because of their religious scruples, there was a second ceremony, performed by a rabbi.

PAID ON WRONG BODY
Insurance Collected on Stranger Supposed to Have Been a Relation.

London, Oct. 15.—An error made by the authorities of the Birmingham workhouse in mistaking the identity of one of the inmates who died a few days ago has led to extraordinary results.

The name of the dead patient was Harry Brooks. In the workhouse was another man of the same name, and by some mistake on the part of one of the clerks notification of the death was sent to Mrs. Butt, the sister of the man who is still alive.

She replied that the funeral would be undertaken from her house, and immediately arranged with an undertaker to supply the coffin.

The relatives had insured the old man's life, and drew several sums of money for funeral expenses, the societies offering no objection after the official notice of death.

The body, incased in a coffin, was removed to Mrs. Butt's house, and the funeral was about to take place, when the undertaker suggested that some one who had known the dead man should identify his body. Mrs. Butt at once offered to do so, and the coffin was opened.

Then it was discovered that an extraordinary mistake had been made, the body being that of a much younger man than the brother of Mrs. Butt. The body was at once taken back to the workhouse.

Difficulties have since arisen regarding the money paid over by the insurance company, which is now asking for its return. The guardians, it is understood, are likely to assist the relatives in the matter, as most of the money was spent in connection with the funeral arrangements.

A STATUE TO VERDI.
New York, Oct. 15.—In the presence of thousands of his countrymen, including an official representative from the Italian Government, a marble statue of Verdi, the composer, was unveiled today at Seventy-second street and Amsterdam avenue.

"BLACK HUNDRED" REAL RUSS RULER

Organized Ruffians Slay, Rob, and Pillage Unhindered by the Police.

Warsaw, Poland, Oct. 15.—The prevailing distress in Russia and the fact that the revolutionary parties all employ ruffians to perform deeds of violence lately have increased to an alarming extent the league of thugs and terrorists known as the "Black Hundred." No one is safe from its members.

Not only are these wretches employed by the Russian authorities in different localities to begin the Jewish massacre which from time to time horrify the civilized world, but they also break into private houses and under the name of some political party, loot the homes of any valuables and money they may find there.

These attacks generally take place in broad daylight, as shooting is then an easier matter. Moreover, if the police by any chance should interfere, the large open gateways of the houses make it almost a certainty. The "brami" as these ruffians are called, are closed at 10 o'clock at night.

The news columns of the Russian papers are full of such attacks, of which twenty, thirty and sometimes even forty and fifty take place daily in the large towns.

So confident have these bands of ruffians grown, so rarely are any of them arrested, that they literally hold the large centers in their rule. Nobody tries to resist them, nobody refuses to open the door when they ring, for they have cast the worst spell of all over the citizens of Russia—the spell of terror.

Sometimes two of the "Black Hundred" manage to terrorize a whole house.

They go to the front door, ring the bell, and ask to see the master on "business." The master comes. Immediately a revolver is clapped against his head with the request to give up the keys of his safe.

If he protests or struggles to free himself he is promptly shot. If he comes into their presence with a revolver in his hand he is shot at before he gets up to them.

The characteristics of the "Black Hundred" is that it never hesitates about taking life, be it man's, woman's, or child's. Their victims on the contrary, hesitate, thus is gained the advantage of the bandit over the citizen.

The "Black Hundred" lately has turned its attention to those who regularly send deposits to the banks. A couple of men will enter the courtyard of a house in which some large office or shop is situated, chat with the house guardian, or the servants, treat them to some vodka, and learn when the money is taken and by whom.

This person is then followed. If he happens to have the money with him, the suspicion that he is being shadowed may cross his mind, but he has no choice but to follow.

Within a short distance of the bank ten or twelve people fall upon him. One pins the custodian's hands behind his back, while the others, drawing their revolvers and enforcing "silence," rifle his pockets.

If he happens to shout for help he will probably get killed, for nobody will go to the rescue. On the contrary the passersby who see his plight hastily cross to the other side of the street and make off from the scene of the outrage as fast as their legs can carry them.

There is always a sentry at the bank but none of the spectators dare tell him what is happening a few yards away for fear of revenge at the hands of the "Black Hundred."

Another method of this organization is to go up to a man or woman on the street, represent themselves as missions out of work, ask for money, and when it is refused take purse and watch by force. The victims in such cases think themselves lucky if they do not get a knife in their vitals into the bargain.

Some of the favorite members of the "hundred" are fond of practising with stilettoes in this way. In fact, there is now a tendency to substitute the knife for the revolver in street attacks. As no noise is made and the victim does not feel the cut at first, the assailant has time to realize what has happened, faints or runs off screaming. A crowd collects around her and the assassin's victim, while the perpetrator of the crime goes free.

Banks are closely watched inside as well as out. When a woman is seen to take out a large sum of money she follows her into the street and says:

"Allow me to take you home, madam. The times are so troublous that you should not walk alone."

If she agrees he will walk a little way with her and be joined by another friend at a short distance, when both will enter the house with her and rob her of her money. If she refuses to be "taken home" a knife thrust is the result, after which the money is snatched from her.

It rarely happens that a thief of this kind is caught, for persons who could intercept him prefer to give him a wide berth when they see him running for fear they should fall, too, before him.

But the "Black Hundred" does not Is Your Trouble Indigestion?

Then probably you know the evils of indigestion, fermentation and irritation that accompany digestive troubles. Next important is to know how promptly to relieve them. Quick as wink it relieves bloating and feeling of fullness, puts the entire digestive apparatus in perfect order, makes you feel fit and fine all over. For internal pain Polson's Nervine surpasses every known remedy. Keep it in the house always. It's a source of comfort in the hour of emergency. Large bottles for 25c at all dealers.

Woman's Kidney Troubles

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is Especially Successful in Curing This Fatal Disease.



Mrs. J. W. Lang and Mrs. S. Frake

Of all the diseases known, with which women are afflicted, chronic kidney disease is the most fatal. In fact, unless early and correct treatment is applied, the weary patient seldom survives.

Being fully aware of this, Lydia E. Pinkham, early in her career, gave exhaustive study to the subject, and in producing her great remedy for a woman's ills—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—was careful to see that it contained the correct combination of herbs which was sure to control that fatal disease—woman's kidney troubles.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the only one especially prepared for women, and thousands have been cured of serious kidney derangements by it. Derangements of the feminine organs quickly affect the kidneys, and when a woman has such symptoms as pain or weight in the loins, backache, bearing-down pains, scalding or burning sensations or deposits in the urine, unusual thirst, swelling of hands and feet, swelling under the eyes or sharp pains in the back running through the groin, she may infer that her kidneys are affected and should lose no time in combating the disease with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the woman's remedy for woman's ills.

The following letters show how marvelously successful it is.

Mrs. Samuel Frake, of Prospect Plains, N. J., writes: "I cannot thank you enough for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I first wrote to you I had suffered for years with what the doctor called kidney trouble and congestion of the female organs. My back ached dreadfully all the time, and I suffered so with that bearing-down feeling I could hardly walk across the room. I did not get any better, so decided to study doctoring with my physician and take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am thankful to say it has entirely cured me. I do all my own work, have no more backache and all bad symptoms have disappeared."

"I cannot praise your medicine enough, and would advise all women suffering with kidney trouble to try it."

Mrs. J. W. Lang, of 626 Third Avenue, New York, writes: "I have been a great sufferer with kidney trouble. My back ached all the time and I was discouraged. I heard that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would cure kidney disease, and I began to take it; and it has cured me when everything else had failed. I have recommended it to lots of people and they all praise it very highly."

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.
Women suffering from kidney trouble, or any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women. Out of the great volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than likely she has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.



Throw away your waxing pad
"Good wine needs no bush," and good starch, Celluloid Starch, needs no wax. The waxy substance that gives starch its gloss is put into Celluloid Starch when manufactured.

Fancy the ease of placing a little Celluloid Starch in warm water as compared to the bother of cooking up and boiling a mess of common starch. Cooked starch is always large-grained and gummy, Celluloid Starch is fine-grained and smooth; fine starch grains work thoroughly into the cloth, coarse grains of other starches don't; they simply smear over the surface.

If you want perfect ironing, stiff, pliable, snow-white linen and home work equal to the finest laundry work, the one sure way is to use

CELLULOID STARCH
NEVER STICKS
NO COOKING
THE BRANTFORD STARCH WORKS, LIMITED, BRANTFORD, CANADA

stop here. It can be "engaged" for acts of revenge. In some of the large towns in Russia there are headquarters where by paying various sums, according to the difficulty of the deed, one can hire men to kill or injure any person he may name.

In fact, it is only necessary to enter any of the pouthouses in the lower quarters to find an unlimited number of ruffians, armed with knives or revolvers, ready for any deed of violence for a fixed sum of money or a share of the booty.

Suppose a man does not pay his rent for a year or two and his landlord threatens to evict him. If he is unscrupulous he can engage five or six ruffians to go to the landlord with revolvers cocked and make him promise not to put his troublesome tenant into the street. This kind of terrorism is now practiced to such an extent, especially in the Polish towns, that the landlord is lucky indeed who gets even a small part of his rents or can evict a tenant without having his property damaged.

A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS
(Corrected to date.)
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.
Arrive from the east—4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 p.m., 12:35 p.m., 12:55 p.m., 1:15 p.m., 1:35 p.m., 1:55 p.m., 2:15 p.m., 2:35 p.m., 2:55 p.m., 3:15 p.m., 3:35 p.m., 3:55 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 4:35 p.m., 4:55 p.m., 5:15 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 5:55 p.m., 6:15 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 6:55 p.m., 7:15 p.m., 7:35 p.m., 7:55 p.m., 8:15 p.m., 8:35 p.m., 8:55 p.m., 9:15 p.m., 9:35 p.m., 9:55 p.m., 10:15 p.m., 10:35 p.m., 10:55 p.m., 11:15 p.m., 11:35 p.m., 11:55 p.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 11:55 a.m., 12:15 a.m., 12:35 a.m., 12:55 a.m., 1:15 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 1:55 a.m., 2:15 a.m., 2:35 a.m., 2:55 a.m., 3:15 a.m., 3:35 a.m., 3:55 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 4:35 a.m., 4:55 a.m., 5:15 a.m., 5:35 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 6:15 a.m., 6:35 a.m., 6:55 a.m., 7:15 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 7:55 a.m., 8:15 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 8:55 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 10:15 a.m., 10:35 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

Forest City 14, Babes 2. That helps some. But London's boys have got to put in faithful practice every evening until Thanksgiving Day if they want to make any kind of a showing against Dundas at Tecumseh Park on Thursday. Dundas is speedy, and can't be beaten without an effort.

Well, it looks like the Capitals for the Minto Cup now. If the Caps can trim the Tecumsehs 4 to 1 on the latter's own ground, what is to stop them from trimming them in Ottawa? What a wall must have gone up in Hogtown on Saturday when the Indians were beaten.

The Ottawa Rough Riders played broncho themselves Saturday and Montreal rode away with the game 12 to 3.

Mighty Penn was made to look like a deuce spot in a crooked deck when little Swarthmore landed on the tune of 4 to 0. Won't there be a walling and a gnashing of teeth in the Keystone State?

Chicago has been nearly blown off the map several times by windstorms, but never in the history of the windy burg has anything struck the town which stirred it up so much as the baseball series between the Cubs and the White Sox, which resulted in a victory for the latter, when they took yesterday's game. And, by the way, there must have been a big bunch of money dropped on the series, as the Cubs were 3 to 1 shots at the start, and even money was offered after each club had won two games.

The Forest City Rugby team is composed of a bunch of good players. All the boys require to turn out a winning team is good, hard, faithful practice. Capt. Hague has been having his own troubles in getting the crew out for evening practice, but now that the lack of practice was shown up so plainly in the game with Woodstock, he should have less trouble on this score in the future. Steady hammering is what brings victory—go to it, fellows.

The Hamilton Tigers hung the 23 sign on the Argos on Saturday and won by a score of 19 to 6. The Tigers are certainly a great aggregation of pigskin booters, and the Argos are lucky to have scored on them at all.

The Mic-Macs of the City Tenpin League broke this season's records last week when they made 878 pins in a game. First thing we know we will have some world's championship (bowling) ball series ourselves in the Forest burg.

The Argos juniors were more fortunate than their elder gridiron brothers, and trimmed the Victorias II by a score of 23 to 26, the game being called on account of darkness.

Willie Fitzgerald took a nap Saturday when Harry Lewis let one of his padded fists connect with "Fitz's" jaw. The slug-fest lasted two rounds. In the first round Fitz showed up well, but was made to look like a counterfeit nickel with a hole in it in the next round.

The Chicago Tribune says: There is one particular in which the Chicago Nationals have earned the praise of the better class of fans, and that is their deportment toward the umpires. The Sox, while they have not been offensive during the series, have been guilty of considerable "baiting" of the officials who are confronted with the difficult and important task. Considering the desperate nature of the struggle, the treatment of the umpires has been good, and shows that the best and most intelligent teams have come to realize that they do not gain by bullying-raging the arbiter.

SOUTHPAW.

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP GOES TO COMISKEY'S WHITE SOX

American Leaguers Take Four Games of the Series With Murphy's Cubs—Wild Scene at Ball Park.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—The world's championship in baseball again rests with the American League. Outgunning and outfinishing their better-touted rivals for the honor, the White Sox this afternoon followed the crushing blow of Saturday with a victory that was even more decisive, the score being 3 to 3, and the result never in doubt after the American Leaguers had had their first turn at bat. It was a day of form reversals, it being the first game of the series won by the team that was playing on its own grounds, the first game of the series in which the team that scored the opening run did not win the contest, and, finally, another occasion on which the so-called "hittish wonders" outslugged the reputed fence breakers so far that there was no comparison.

To Comiskey, winner of seven league titles and three world's championships, the triumph was especially sweet. Just twenty years to the day, he had won his last previous world's honors, another Chicago National League club going down before his St. Louis Browns in the decisive game of a series on Sept. 14, 1888.

Sand Decided Championship. Sand, as much as skill, today's doing proved, decided a world's championship. After the downfall of Saturday, in which Chance used three pitchers and found that none of his string of box artists could stay the American League champions, the spirit of his men broke. In his last effort to stall off the rush of the White Sox, the Cubs' manager today, for the third time in the series, sent to the slab this year's National League pitching sensation, Mordecai Brown. For the second time in a week he was forced to bow to defeat. In less than two innings the Sox drove him to the bench, securing eight hits, two of them doubles. Before he had been benched his game was gone and the world's championship was decided. With the lead thus taken, White was never forced to extend himself to beat a team whose actions showed that they were bowed to the inevitable.

Fans Mad with Joy. It was a wonderful scene that followed the play that closed the game, when with the bases full of Cubs, Jiggs Donahue speared Schulte's homer and beat the runner to the bag. Before the victorious players could reach the runway that leads under the stand to the club dressing-rooms, the rosters had poured into the field from all quarters, and the Sox were engulfed by their admirers and threatened with bodily harm by those who in the excess of their joy, pressed in to offer their congratulations.

There were more than 20,000 persons on the field, the paid admissions being 12,500. Fully half of these rushed from stands to infield as soon as the game was done, and, even half an hour after the last play had been

made, 5,000 of these fanatics stood around, howling, cheering, laughing.

Murphy: "Best Team Won."

President Murphy, of the Cubs, came to the front and made a speech, in which he said that the team that had played the better ball had won, and to which he offered his congratulations. Comiskey was called for, but he was hidden away under the stand refused to come out where the rosters were.

Mad scenes were enacted about the players' dressing room, which, at the Sox park, is built behind the first base bleachers. The crowd had a passion for souvenirs, as had been shown during the game, nearly every ball that went into the stands being retained by the person who first reached it. About the dressing room were assembled at least a thousand fans. They wanted anything as a memento. At one time Isbell opened the door and threw out several playing socks. These socks of the Sox were deemed especially desirable, apparently. One man pounced on one of the socks. Another man grabbed him and threw him to the earth. Before possession of the calf covering had been decided at least half a dozen men were bleeding about the face, while their lothing was soiled or torn. Still they hung about and finally followed the players from the dressing room and off the field, still madly cheering.

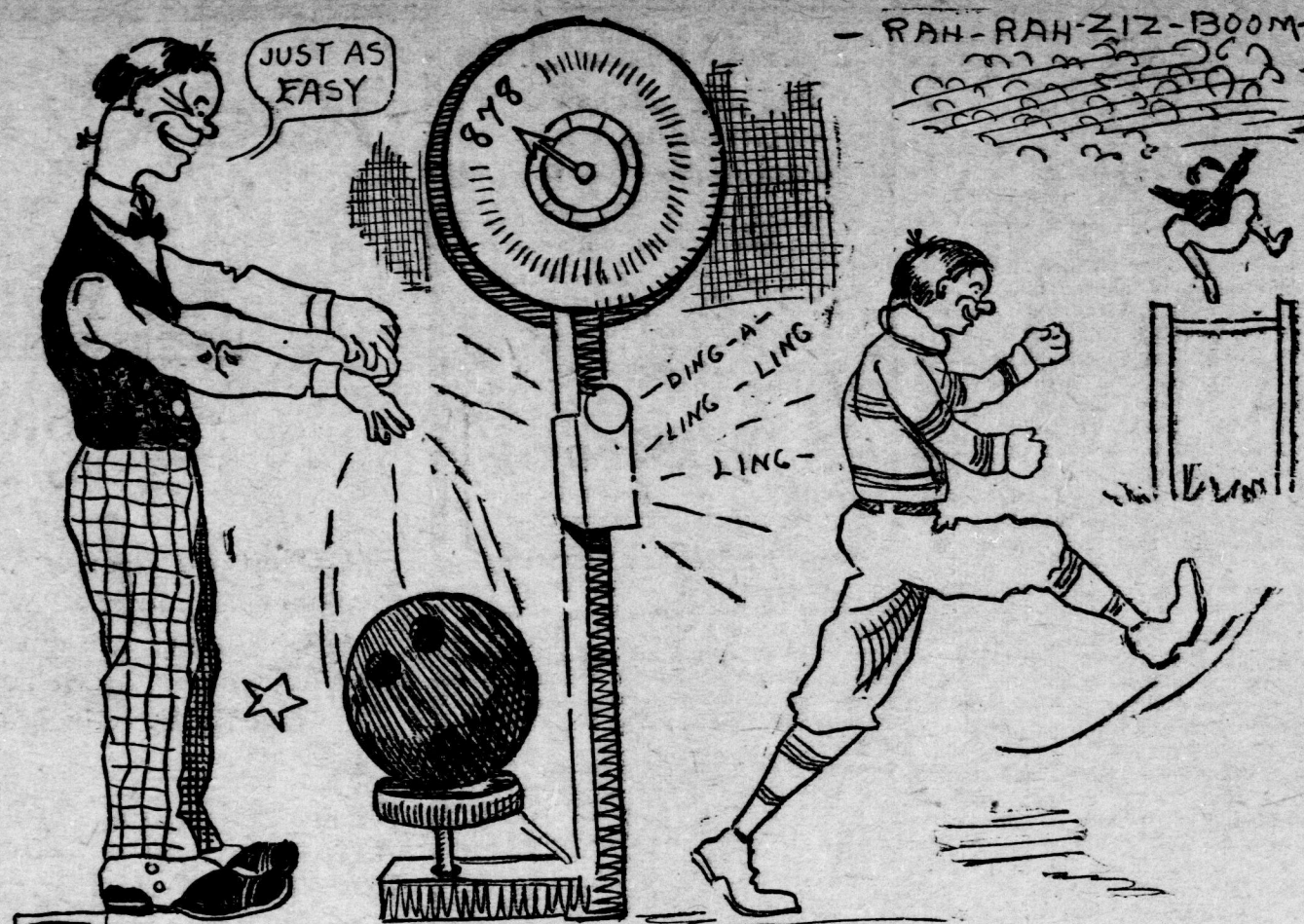
Brown Alone Could Hold Sox. The Nationals really began to go on Saturday when they decided that they had no pitcher to alternate with Brown, who could be relied on to hold the Sox safe. They themselves had learned that slugging the Sox slabbists was not as easy as had been anticipated. When they returned to the game that had made them invincible in their own league, mixed bunting and base-running with straight-away hitting, they were buffeted by the left-hand and spit-ball pitching that was offered to them despite the fact that Roche, at third, showed a weakness on balls that were laid down to him.

Reulbach and Pfeister were disposed of on Saturday. The first-named had won one game, largely because the Sox chased bad balls, instead of forcing him to put it over.

For some reason Chance did not deem it advisable to let Overall start a game or to use Taylor or Lundgren at any stage. This put it up to Brown today. He had been beaten in one close contest, and had won another that was equally fierce. Today the Sox had his measure. When they whopped him in the first round, the Cubs treated it as a mistake. When four men found Brown safely in the second, after two were out, the Cubs wilted, and it was over.

There was no ginger to the play after the second inning, when Chance's men decided themselves done for. They had gone against opposition they had not expected, and the strain broke them. The Sox had done some of the poorest

Continued on Page Two.



THE MICMACS RANG UP A NEW TEN PIN RECORD



CHICAGO DURING BALL WEEK.

THE SOCCER TEAMS PLAYED SEVERAL EXCITING MATCHES



The Past Week In Sporting Circles.

MIGHTY PENN TEAM LOSES BITTER GAME

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 13.—The University of Pennsylvania football team experienced its first defeat in three years this afternoon when the Swarthmore team came out victoriously. They scored 4 to 0 in one of the most bitterly fought games ever seen on Franklin field.

The first half ended with the score 0 to 0, though Penn was outplaying the visitors 2 to 1. But in the second half the tables were turned and Swarthmore not only held on to her ball almost the entire time, but her quarterback, O'Brien, drop-kicked a goal from the field on the 30-yard line that won the game. In their anxiety to win, both teams had to be severely penalized. The Swarthmore visitors lost 95 yards on penalties alone, 18 yards more than they gained by rushing the ball. The Pennsylvanians were penalized 45 yards, most of which was for holding in the line. But for Pennsylvania fumbling in the first half the red and blue would have been an easy winner.

Both teams absolutely ignored the formations possible under the new rules.

GAMES ACROSS THE LINE.

At Annapolis—Princeton 5, Midshipmen 0.
At New Haven—Yale 17, Holy Cross 0.
At West Point—West Point 0, Colgate 0.
At Cambridge—Harvard 11, Massachusetts Agricultural 0.
At Hanover, N. H.—Dartmouth 4, University of Maine 0.
At Williamstown—Williamstown 16, Middlebury 0.
At Bethlehem—Haverford 5, Lehigh 0.
At Rochester—University of Rochester 0, Rensselaer 0.
A TIE.

Montreal, Oct. 14.—The Rugby football match between Westmont and St. Patrick's, of Ottawa, on Saturday resulted in a tie, the score standing 12 to 12 when darkness intervened.

A POOR GAME.

Kingston, Oct. 13.—The intermediate intercollegiate game, Queen's H. vs. Royal Military College on the Athletic grounds this afternoon was decidedly poor. Neither team was in any form. Half-time score, 12 to 1, in the Cadets' favor. At full time this was increased to 16 to 1.

DARKNESS STOPPED GAME.

Toronto, Oct. 13.—The intermediate O. R. F. U. match here today between Argonauts II. and Victorias II. was abandoned on account of darkness when the Argonauts led by a score of 23 to 28.

BAD DEFEAT FOR O. A. C.

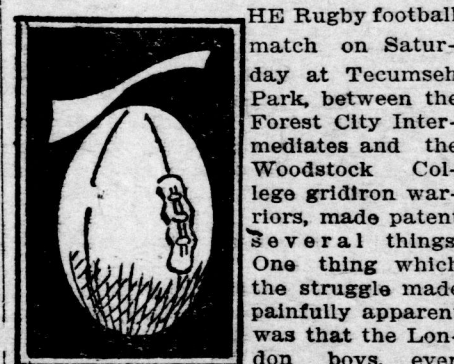
Berlin, Oct. 14.—The O. A. C. Rugby team, of Guelph, were badly defeated here yesterday afternoon by the St. Jerome's College team in the first of the series for the champion of the district. The scene ended, 14 to 5, the local team having it all their own way, the agriculturists not being a match for the college aggregation.

R. M. C. OUT OF IT.

Kingston, Oct. 14.—R. M. C. have withdrawn their team from the junior O. R. F. U. and defeated their game with Gananoque here today. They will play in the junior intercollegiate series.

London, Lacking Practice, Managed to Beat College

Intermediates Beat Woodstock Team at Tecumseh Park 14 to 2.



HE Rugby football match on Saturday at Tecumseh Park, between the Forest City Intermediates and the Woodstock College gridiron warriors, made patent several things. One thing which the struggle made painfully apparent was that the London boys, even though victorious, are very much in need of more practice, especially on passing the pigskin, and in kicking. While there were some fine individual plays by the London boys, their team work was distinctly not as good as it should be. Of course, allowance must be made for many of the misplays, owing to the fact that Saturday's game was the first of the local season, and in consequence the players were over-anxious, and nervous; but if the Londoners hope to make any kind of a showing against the other teams in the

intermediate class of the O. R. F. U., they will have to practice more and exhibit better form than they did on Saturday.

Woodstock is deserving of much credit for the game fight it put up against the heavier aggregation. Dick Whetter, of the Forest City team, was a whole team in himself. Time and time again he would get the ball and plunge through the opposing line for gains of 20, 30 and 40 yards. His long runs were truly phenomenal, and had the remainder of the team done nearly as well the score against Woodstock would have been much larger than it was.

London made a rouge and a touchdown in the first half, and the score when the whistle blew stood: London 6, Woodstock 0.

In the last half London made two rouges, one goal and a touchdown; while Woodstock scored two points by making a kick over and getting a rouge. Final score: London 14, Woodstock 2.

The Lineups:

London—Spry, back; Canfield, Thompson, Whetter; halves, Hague (captain), quarter; Smith, snap; McCall, Sage, Carmichael, Compell, Gilmore and Rowlands, wings.

Woodstock—Clark, back; McNeil, Woodcock, quarter; halves, Quigley, quarter; Fisher, snap; Newton, McDonald, Cautley, Parker, Wood and Rubie, wings.

Does Not Look Much Like Minto Cup For the Indians

Toronto, Oct. 13.—The largest crowd (probably 7,000), that ever witnessed a lacrosse match in Toronto turned out to Rosedale today to see Caps and Tecumsehs play the first game for the championship of the N. L. U. and the Minto cup. The result was a disappointment to the spectators, for their hopes were beaten by a score of 4 to 1.

While the game was not as spectacular as last Saturday, it showed more close work. Both defenses were strong, and it eventually turned into a defensive game on both sides. Tecumsehs missed opportunities in the first quarter that never occurred afterwards. They started some rushes that reminded you of a run on the Ontario Bank, but Bousie Hutton handed the sphere out to them again.

Caps played a great defensive game, and with Ralph and Pringle directing the men, the goal was almost impregnable. Ralph, at point, was a tower of strength, followed closely by Pringle and Hutton, the latter playing one of the best games seen in Toronto in a long time. Caps deserved to win on the play, they being a better team man for man. It was only the great Quinn,

defense work of Davidson, Stuart, Pickering and Picher that prevented a larger score. Tecumsehs seemed to be minus the field and altogether they played a different game from last week. This was probably due to the close checking. The Indians felt the loss of Querrie, who wrenched his knee in the second quarter, and toward the last they appeared to lose heart. However, it is doubtful on form displayed if the Tecumsehs would have beaten Toronto Saturday.

The officials, Carling and Pettigrew, didn't have much to do, but what little trouble they got into, they showed a greenness that resembled an evergreen.

Tecumsehs (1)—Goal, Clarke; point, Pitcher; cover, Davidson; defense, Stewart, Pickering, Rountree; center, Felker; home, Querrie, Murtin, Durkin; outside home, Whitehead; inside home, Adamson.

Capital (4)—Goal, Hutton; point, Ralph; cover, Shea; defense, Brennan, Pringle, Butterworth; center, Ashfield; home, Starns, Allan, Powers; outside home, Murphy; inside home, Gaul.

Referee—J. Carling, Montreal.

Judge of Play—Guy Pettigrew, Montreal.

Timekeepers—W. Foran, Ottawa; W. H. Hall, Toronto.

Penalty—Fred Thompson, Toronto.

Umpires—Jimmy Burphy and Percy

ROUGH HOUSE AT WRESTLING MATCH

Police Broke In When a General Melee Appeared To Be Imminent.

Montreal, Oct. 13.—Kicking, hacking, hitting and otherwise mauling each other, Alphonse Steurs, the "Belgian Lion," and Pietro, the pugnacious Bayonet, produced the record in rough wrestling at Sohmer Park last night, and at one point of the contest a dozen policemen jumped into the ring, primarily to separate the contestants, and, secondly, to stay a rush by a portion of the spectators, who, stirred by the excitement of the bout, showed a desire to participate in the fray.

For five minutes there was a tumult in the auditorium, and prospects for a general melee seemed excellent. The policemen drew their batons, and some of them lined across the footlights to prevent further inroads of the mad-dened spectators. Fifty or sixty men succeeded in leaping the gap of the orchestra pit and went clamoring on to the stage. It seemed that they wanted to land on Steurs.

Fortunately, the ropes guarding the mat proved as good a defense as could be offered, acting as an entanglement, and a dozen hot-headed men were jammed in the manila, and these helped to block those behind. This delay gave the police an opportunity to bar the way. Meanwhile the foremost of the mob called unpleasant epithets at Steurs, but he stood his ground gamely and cheerfully offered to wallop the first one who came within hitting distance.

Steurs defeated Pietro, winning the first and third falls, Pietro being awarded the second fall on a foul.

SIMPLY A CAKE WALK FOR TIGERS

Argonauts, Badly Disorganized, Were Beaten to the Tune of 19 to 6.

Hamilton, Oct. 13.—In the O. R. F. U. senior series this afternoon the Tigers trimmed the Toronto Argonauts by a score of 19 to 6. The score at the end of each quarter was as follows: First quarter, 1 to 0 in favor of the Tigers; second quarter, 17 to 0; third, 19 to 1; last 19 to 6. About 3,000 people, expecting to see something choice in the way of football, crowded into the cricket grounds. They did not get what they expected.

The visitors were badly disorganized by the absence of Hoar at quarter. Dave Hewitt took his place and played a star game, but was not heavy enough to go against the Tiger line. Mara was put out of the game soon after the first whistle with a sprained ankle, and Craig went off to even things up. The team was depending on Mara to put some of their fancy tricks through, and his absence from the line was a serious handicap. In addition to that, nearly the whole team was in such poor condition that some one was put out every few minutes until the rosters dubbed them "Chaucer Elliott's Chinamen."

It was an off day for the Tigers, and while they won the game by a good margin, they did not add anything to their reputation. They did not play with their usual finesse. They started out by fumbling badly, although they were quick at recovering the ball, and did not meet any serious losses.

The passing was punk and the Argos succeeded in breaking up nearly all attempts at the criss-cross plays. Until the last quarter the Argos' wings were highly successful in blocking all mass plays and in holding their opponents' plays. For the Argos' back division Flett was easily the best. In fact, he played nearly the whole game, relieving nicely when the goal was pressed, and taking care of all the kicking in a first-class manner.

Tigers (19)—Back, Tope; halves, Simpson, DuMoulin and Moore; quarter, Ballard; snap, Barron; wings, Lyon, Isbister, Murray, Buckholder, Craig and Marriott.

Argos (6)—Back, Hay; halves, Clark, Flett and Sale; quarter, Hewitt; snap, Russell; wings, Crooks, Mara, Greay, Grant, Burns and Maguire.

OTTAWA COLLEGE WINS.

Ottawa, Oct. 13.—Ottawa College defeated Queen's here today by a score of 18 to 15. About 1,500 in attendance. When the whistle sounded for the end of play, Queen's had the ball on the 10-yard line.

STRATFORD EASY FOR GALT.

Stratford, Oct. 13.—Stratford lost to Galt in the Junior O. R. F. U. series, score 20-2. Both teams showed lack of practice. Referee, Monteth.

YOST'S NEW STUNT.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct. 13.—Yost has been working his men in secret on long passes with the football. The coach is rather a wonder at this stage, and can hurl the leather farther than a lot of good punters can kick, but there is a young man in the university who can hang it all over him. He is Lawrence Hull, the student-manager of the football team. Hull can do 54 yards on a throw. The best Yost has been able to negotiate is 50 yards.

CURLING.

WATERLOO'S OFFICERS.

Waterloo, Oct. 14.—At the annual meeting of the Waterloo Curling Club the following officers were elected: Patron, J. E. Seagram, M. P.; patroness, Mrs. J. E. Seagram; honorary president, Mrs. Wells; president, Ed F. Seagram; vice-president, Thos. O'Donnell; secretary, A. E. Devitt; treasurer, Geo. B. Mook; committee of management, Wm. Hogg, D. G. Kuntz and W. S. Naylor; representatives to the annual meeting, E. F. Seagram and Wm. Hogg. It was decided to enter rinks for the tankard and also for the district cup.

MONTREAL FALLS ON ROUGH RIDERS

Ottawa Team Were Outplayed in Last Half—Stratford Badly Beaten.

Ottawa, Oct. 13.—Montreal outplayed the Rough Riders on Lansdowne Park here today, winning out by 12 to 8. At half time the Ottawas had scored two points over the dead line and one rouge, the latter against the wind and sun, while Montreal failed to tally. In the third quarter Montreal scored a try and missed the goal. Following a touch with Lafleur, Ottawa scored a run, without a try, regaining the lead, 8 to 5. In the fourth quarter, Powell fumbled badly and Murphy scored a try, which Gordon missed. Montreal forced Powell to rouge twice, putting in two more, making the final score 12 to 8 for the Red and Black. The teams were:

Montreal (12)—Full back, Stinson; halves, P. Molson, Craig (captain), E. Russell; scrummage, Lesser, Noseworthy, Roberts; right wing, Murphy, Kingston, Davidson; left wing, Rogers, W. Molson, Kelly.

Referee—H. C. Griffiths, St. Catharines. Umpire—Dr. Ridley McKenals, Toronto.

CHAMPIONS TAKE ONE.

Toronto, Oct. 13.—The Thistles, senior champions of Toronto, defeated the Scots today in a senior football game at the Pines, by 3 to 2.

NORMALITIES HAD A HARD CHASE

But They Managed to Dearth the McClary Soccer Boys—Protest Allowed.

The Normal School football team defeated the McClarys by a score of 2 to 1 in a City League football match Saturday afternoon. The McClarys presented a new line up and played a strong combination game. J. Iskey, center half was the star. The forwards, although light, were very fast and at times had the Normals guessing. For the Normals, Byers, in goal, stopped some hard shots. We was well supported by Jarratt and Sinker. Walkom and Callahan did some fine work at half back, seldom failing to break up the rushes of the McClary forwards. Price and J. Baugh, on the left wing, played splendid combination. Lutes, at center, was hurt during the early part of the play and consequently did not put up his usual game. P. Baugh, outside right, did the best individual work for the Normals. McClarys scored the first goal and in a few minutes the Normals evening the score, and shortly after tallied again, this ending the scoring. The teams were as follows:

Normals—Goal, Byers; backs, Jarratt and Sinker; half backs, Belfer, Walkom and Callahan; forwards, Price, J. P. Baugh, Lutes, Washburn, P. Baugh (captain).

McClarys—Goal, Fish; backs, B. Iskey, and Walker; half backs, Sargan, J. Iskey and Ellis; forwards, Cox, Martin, Campbell, McFie and Denton.

PROTEST ALLOWED.

A special meeting of the executive of the City Football League was held in the Y. M. C. A. parlors on Saturday evening to consider a protest made by the Medicos against the Y. M. C. A. team for playing the man who did not belong to the team. The protest was sustained and the teams are ordered to play again on Nov. 1. This leaves the standing of the league as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Play.
Normals	1	0	1	3
Medicos	1	0	0	4
Y. M. C. A.	1	0	0	4
Baracks	1	1	1	3
L. C. I.	0	1	1	3
McClarys	0	2	0	3

TENNIS.

REINIGED CHAMPIONSHIP CUPS.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—The challenge lawn tennis match for the Reiniged Championship of Ontario in the men's doubles was played here yesterday afternoon.

Glascow and MacDonnell succeeded in regaining the cups, which they had held for four years last previously to 1905, when Burns and McMaster became the holders.

Glascow and MacDonnell played a splendid combination game and hit hard throughout, their cross-court shots being very accurate and no doubt helped them materially to win.

Burns and McMaster played very brilliantly at times, but were not as shly as their opponents.

Glascow and MacDonnell beat Burns and McMaster, 6-4, 6-3, 6-2.

NEW TRACK RECORD.

New York, Oct. 13.—Disabille, with Knapp up, won the Municipal handicap, 1 1/4 miles, at Belmont Park today, defeating Ironsides by eighth lengths, with Miss Crawford third. The time, 2:57 2-5, is a new track record. Ironsides was always favorite, 3 to 1, while Disabille was backed down from 5 to 1 to 4 to 1. Red Firar was strongly played, his price dropping from 8 to 1 to 5 to 1, but was never dangerous, and finished far back.

BASEBALL.

BARROW LEAVES CLUB.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—The Toronto Baseball Club is likely to play under a new manager next season. Manager Barrow has closed a deal whereby he will become the owner and proprietor of the Windsor Hotel, corner of Church and Richmond streets, and the deal has passed the license commissioners.

Additional Sporting on Page Two.

ELEVATOR BROKE; WORKMAN HURT

Edward Dean Probably Fatally Injured in Accident at Warehouse.

Edward Dean, 43 years of age, and an employe at Tanton's warehouse, York street, met with a very serious accident between 2 and 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Dean was riding from the upper floor on the warehouse elevator, when the machinery broke, allowing the elevator to drop into the cellar, a distance of 30 feet or more. He was rendered unconscious by the fall, and was removed in the ambulance to Victoria Hospital, where it was found that he was seriously, perhaps fatally, hurt. The full extent of his injuries are not yet known.

SEVENTH'S MEN WERE WINNERS

Rifle Match Between Sergeants of Wolseley Barracks and the 7th Regiment.

The annual rifle match between the sergeants of the R. C. R., Wolseley Barracks, and the sergeants of the 7th Regiment took place at the rifle ranges on Saturday afternoon. The score was a close one, the Seventh having a margin of only 52 points on the total. Conditions for shooting were fairly good, although a tricky wind and variable light spoiled some "good ones."

Sergeant-Major Horland, Sergeant Fraser and Sergeant Youngman carried off the honors for the Barracks, while the 7th's scores were more even, the only ones in the eighties being Staff-Sergeant Fisher, Color-Sergeant Insley and Sergeant Butler.

Major Hayes and Lieut. Thomson acted as range officers.

After the match the teams were entertained at luncheon by the sergeants' mess of the Seventh Regiment, when a pleasant half hour was spent, short speeches being made by Major Hayes, Sergeant-Major Horland and Sergeant-Major Milligan. Following is the score:

R. C. R.	200	500	600	700
Horland	200	500	600	700
Fraser	200	500	600	700
Youngman	200	500	600	700
Butler	200	500	600	700
Insley	200	500	600	700
Fisher	200	500	600	700
7th Regiment	200	500	600	700
Edwards	200	500	600	700
Robson	200	500	600	700
McDonald	200	500	600	700
Slater	200	500	600	700
Galbraith	200	500	600	700
Fidler	200	500	600	700
Insley	200	500	600	700
Butler	200	500	600	700
Hayes	200	500	600	700
Total	200	500	600	700

MISS KRUPP IS MARRIED

Civil Ceremony Performed—Religious One Monday.

Essen, Prussia, Oct. 15.—The civil ceremony of the marriage of Fraulein Bertha Krupp of Essen, daughter of the late Alfred Krupp, and Herr Gustav Voss of Berlin, took place Saturday at the registry office of the village of Bredene, near here.

The proceedings were strictly formal, only the brother of the bridegroom, a cousin of the bride, Arthur Krupp, of Vienna, being present.

The directorate of the Krupp works, on Monday, on the occasion of the religious ceremony, present to all of the employes who have been in the Krupp's service for longer than five years, a ten-mark (\$20) gold piece, and to those who have served less than five years a five-mark (\$10) silver piece, making a total of about \$150,000 to be distributed among the workmen.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Oct. 13-14.	Reported at.	From.
Caledonia	New York	Glasgow
Edinburgh	New York	Liverpool
Cymric	Boston	Liverpool
Canadian	Boston	Liverpool
Canada	Liverpool	Montreal
Umbria	Liverpool	New York
Columbia	Mobile	New York
Sardinian	Have	Montreal
New York	New York	Southampton
La Touraine	New York	Have
Ettrick	New York	Liverpool
Philadelphia	New York	Liverpool
Georgic	Liverpool	New York
Celtic	Liverpool	New York
Funston	New York	Liverpool
Rhynand	Rotterdam	New York
Blucher	Cherbourg	New York
Armonia	New York	Liverpool
Koenig Albert	Genoa	New York
Monte	Father Point	Liverpool
Montfort	Father Point	Liverpool
Melville	Father Point	Britain

For Fashion Magazines go to Red Star News Company, 8 Market Lane.

Greatest Grapes! Grapes! Jersey sweet potatoes, Osege melons, Crawford peaches, Smythe's Hyman and Richmond strawberries, Phone 1221.

IT IS GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.—Not only Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil of incomparable value in the household, but the farmer and stockman will find it very serviceable in the farmyard and on the cattle range, after saving the services of a veterinary surgeon. In injuries to stock and in cases of cough and pain it can be used with great effect.

A deputation of city functionaries went from York, England, to Hull the other day to see about the proper painting of a boundary post connected with the navigation of the River Ouse. The post was duly painted and the Hull corporation of York is expected to pay for the work, includes such items as cases of champagne, two dozen bottles of Scotch whisky, melons, pineapples, chickens, ducklings, hares, pheasants, grapes, oranges, breakfast and tea.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—MAN TO LOOK AFTER furnace at Bishopstowe, corner St. James and George streets. Apply Bishopstowe.

TO LET—NO. 47 TALBOT STREET, every modern convenience, nearly new. Wm. Wyatt.

SOLD ICE CREAM ON THE SABBATH

Restaurant Man Charged With Breach of the Lord's Day Act.

Next Wednesday's session of the city police court will probably decide whether Londoners are to have any ice cream on Sundays or not, for this morning Peter Mandas, who conducts a candy and ice cream parlor at 130 Dundas street, appeared to answer a charge of alleged breach of the Lord's Day act, by selling ice cream on Sunday. The case was adjourned for a week, at the end of which time the magistrate will give his judgment.

Police-Sergeant Crawford, the first witness called, testified that when he visited the premises occupied by Mr. Mandas he found eight people taking ice cream and soda water. There were no meals being served—nothing but ice cream and cream soda being sold. When he told Mr. Mandas what his errand was, and asked him if he sold lunches on Sunday, he answered that he did not.

Peter Mandas, the defendant, said that he had been carrying on an ice cream and candy business, but that if anyone wanted meals he always got short-order dinners of any kind. He sold lunches on Sunday but never sold candy. On this particular Sunday, on which the police constable visited the store, he said that he had sold about \$5 worth of light lunches, consisting of coffee, bread, eggs and ham, etc.

Mr. Meredith, who appeared for the defendant, submitted that ice cream was only a form of lunch, or part of a lunch, and that on this ground Mandas, who had a provincial victualling license, had not been guilty of a breach of the Sunday observance laws. He also referred to several precedent cases to strengthen his argument.

Cruelty to Animals

James Cadoo appeared on a charge of cruelty to animals and was fined \$5. Cadoo drives a mail cart, and was applying too much persuasion to his horse by means of a whip in the east end of the city the other evening. While so engaged a police constable came along and finding that the horse had several bad bruises on its back, where the gad had been applied, the officer took Cadoo's name and had him summoned.

A Junk Deal.

Moises Left appeared to answer to a charge of conducting a junk business without a license. Two small boys who had sold 35 pounds of iron to Left for 5 cents appeared to give evidence for the prosecution, and told of the sale of the metal to Left on one occasion.

Mr. Meredith appeared for Left, and submitted that the crown had only evidence to prove that Left had made one purchase of junk, and that one sale was not sufficient to prove a man to be a dealer in any kind of merchandise.

He asked that the case be adjourned until Saturday to allow him to bring before the court some precedent cases. Mr. Meredith's request was granted, and the case was adjourned.

Detective Rider here came to Mr. Left's rescue, and reminded the court that Saturday was the Jewish Sabbath, and that Mr. Left was an elder in the synagogue, and would be greatly inconvenienced if he had to appear. The adjournment was then altered to Friday. James Munroe and Wm. Crawford were each remanded one week for vagrancy.

THE ELECTION INQUIRY CASE

Continued from page one.

and told him if he voted for Hyman he was good for \$10. Witness insisted on having his money before the election, and Collins gave him two \$5 bills the Sunday before polling. Witness voted for Hyman.

No one but Collins had approached him regarding his money.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Oct. 13-14.	Reported at.	From.
Caledonia	New York	Glasgow
Edinburgh	New York	Liverpool
Cymric	Boston	Liverpool
Canadian	Boston	Liverpool
Canada	Liverpool	Montreal
Umbria	Liverpool	New York
Columbia	Mobile	New York
Sardinian	Have	Montreal
New York	New York	Southampton
La Touraine	New York	Have
Ettrick	New York	Liverpool
Philadelphia	New York	Liverpool
Georgic	Liverpool	New York
Celtic	Liverpool	New York
Funston	New York	Liverpool
Rhynand	Rotterdam	New York
Blucher	Cherbourg	New York
Armonia	New York	Liverpool
Koenig Albert	Genoa	New York
Monte	Father Point	Liverpool
Montfort	Father Point	Liverpool
Melville	Father Point	Britain

For Fashion Magazines go to Red Star News Company, 8 Market Lane.

Greatest Grapes! Grapes! Jersey sweet potatoes, Osege melons, Crawford peaches, Smythe's Hyman and Richmond strawberries, Phone 1221.

IT IS GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.—Not only Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil of incomparable value in the household, but the farmer and stockman will find it very serviceable in the farmyard and on the cattle range, after saving the services of a veterinary surgeon. In injuries to stock and in cases of cough and pain it can be used with great effect.

A deputation of city functionaries went from York, England, to Hull the other day to see about the proper painting of a boundary post connected with the navigation of the River Ouse. The post was duly painted and the Hull corporation of York is expected to pay for the work, includes such items as cases of champagne, two dozen bottles of Scotch whisky, melons, pineapples, chickens, ducklings, hares, pheasants, grapes, oranges, breakfast and tea.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—MAN TO LOOK AFTER furnace at Bishopstowe, corner St. James and George streets. Apply Bishopstowe.

TO LET—NO. 47 TALBOT STREET, every modern convenience, nearly new. Wm. Wyatt.

did not think he had a right to vote, but Lewis said to vote anyway. Mr. DuVerne asked witness if he had not heard he was going to be sworn, and consequently did not vote, but Clarke would not agree with this.

Clarke said that if he had voted he would have voted for Hyman, as he had always voted for him. He could have voted if he liked, but did not go to the polls.

Albert Clarke, sen., father of the preceding witness, swore that he got \$50 from Jerry Collins after the election. Before the polling witness said he was told to see Collins by Joe Hardy. Tom Lewis was in the room in the Normandy Hotel when the money was paid over, he said. Lewis was also in the committee-room when the arrangement for the buying of Clarke's vote took place, but at no time had Lewis spoken to him. Witness swore that he was a life-long Liberal, and would have voted Liberal. In the election of 1904 witness got \$5 from Jerry Collins for voting for Hyman.

Albert Bowman, barber, swore he got \$3 and some odd cents for his vote. Jerry Collins and another man made the arrangements before the election. After the election Collins delivered the goods.

To Mr. Robinette, the witness swore that he intended voting Grit anyway, and that the money did not influence him.

"It was Collins all the way in the deal with you?" Mr. Robinette asked.

"Yes," the witness replied. "I dealt with no one else."

In the election of 1904 witness said he was to get \$5, and that he was a paymaster, told him the finances had run out, and so he got nothing.

Couldn't Trust Collins.

Murdoch McKay got \$10. He had refused to allow Collins to hold the money, because he could not trust him. Serviss held the money. Collins made the arrangements. Serviss paid the money after the election.

"Way did you hold the money until after the election?"

"I don't know. I always voted for Hyman."

In the Beck-Rumball election witness swore he got \$5 from Serviss.

Mr. McKay swore that he had lost considerable time working for Hyman, and had canvassed for him.

"Didn't you get \$3 from Mr. F. A. Jones?"

"No."

"If his book shows it will you deny it?"

"Yes."

"Did they say if you did not vote for Hyman you would not get the money?"

"No."

Spence Not There.

William Spence, of London West, was again called in court, but he was not present. Mr. DuVerne informed the magistrate that the gentleman is not now in the country.

John M. Graham swore he got \$5 from Jerry Collins in the bye-election. Sam Crockett called him in to the committee room, where the witness told Collins and others that he was a Grit and would vote for Hyman anyway.

There was another man with Collins when the money was paid over, but witness did not know him.

"Do you know Mulloy?"

"No, I don't know him from a bunch of bees."

"Did they tell you you would not get the money if you didn't vote for Hyman?"

"No."

"What did you get the money for?"

"I don't know. Just a favor, I guess. They had no reason to buy me."

"Did you sign a receipt for \$5 you received in the first Hyman-Gray election?"

"No."

Witness said that in the Beck-Rumball election he was promised \$5 by Collins to vote for Rumball, but Jerry deducted 50 cents and paid him only \$4.50. The money was paid over in Collins' hotel.

Joseph T. Storrie got \$9 for his vote. He was promised \$10 by Jerry Collins before the election. Witness had told the statement some time ago that Tom Serviss was in the room with Collins at the time, but after thinking the matter over, he would not swear that Serviss was the man.

Witness had not talked to Serviss in months.

He swore he had not seen Mulloy before to his knowledge, when Mulloy stood up for identification.

'PHONE 56

We are always waiting at our end of the line.

When you have a drug store need and are unable to come to your store for it, telephone us, and we will promptly deliver it.

We will send to your home for prescriptions, and deliver the remedy after it is compounded.

Get the habit of remembering Phone 56 whenever you have occasion to think of drugs. An emergency may arise when our service will be of the utmost value to you.

W. T. Strong

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, 184 DUNDAS STREET.

not sure as to Lewis. Is that statement here the witness inquired, greatly surprised.

Mr. DuVerne maintained his questioning for some time, but finally allowed the witness to leave the box, without gleaming any further information.

John Crockett swore he got \$5.50. Witness saw Collins and Lewis in the back of the committee room, where the money was placed in an envelope by Lewis, who offered to hold it until after the election. Lewis told him if he voted right he would get the money after the election. Witness refused to allow Lewis to hold the cash, and Collins held it and paid it over. Lewis told him Collins wanted to see him one day and he went upstairs and was paid.

Witness had given the money before election, but did not remember who paid him. Jerry Collins has promised the money to him.

To Mr. Robinette witness said he did not see the envelope go to Collins. In fact, he did not know that the same envelope had at any time gone to Collins.

Jerry Collins occupied the position of prompter today. He sat at Mr. DuVerne's elbow, and as the witnesses were placed in the box, he gave cues to the crown counsel, which he thought would corner them.

The court adjourned at 1:30 until 3 for lunch. It is expected Tom Lewis will be placed in the box this afternoon.

It is also understood that Mr. George C. Gibbons, K.C., president of the London Liberal Association, is to be called as a witness tomorrow.

CONFERENCE ENDS NOT UNANIMOUS

Continued from page one.

Island, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta (8).

"Non-entente—British Columbia (1)."

"So it passed in the affirmative."

"How did you vote?" asked before the conference the following declaration: "I protest that the question of British Columbia's claim upon the Dominion Government for a reference should not be considered by the conference, but that it is a question between the Dominion and the Province of British Columbia."

"Proposed by Hon. Mr. Whitney, seconded by Hon. Mr. Murray: That in view of the large area, geographical position and very exceptional features of the Province of British Columbia, it is the opinion of this conference that the Dominion Government should receive a reasonable additional allowance for the purposes of civil government in excess of the provisions made in the Quebec resolutions of 1902, and that such additional allowances should be to the extent of \$100,000 annually."

"In view of this conference the year moved in amendment to Mr. Whitney's motion," by Mr. Scott, seconded by Mr. Rutherford, that the following words be added to Hon. Mr. Whitney's motion respecting exceptional treatment to British Columbia:

"In view of the very exceptional conditions of settlement existing in the Province of Manitoba, Alberta, and Saskatchewan, each of the said provinces should be granted for a period of ten years an allowance of \$50,000 per annum in excess of the subsidies provided by the Quebec resolutions of 1902, as amended."

"At this stage Hon. Mr. McBride withdrew from the further proceedings of the conference."

"The conference dividing on the above amendment, it was lost on division."

"The question of the reference to Hon. Mr. Whitney's motion, the conference adopted it unanimously."

The Travelers' Tax.

"It was proposed by Hon. Mr. Robinson, seconded by Hon. Mr. Peters, that as a result of the deliberations of this conference with the representatives of the Government of the Dominion of Canada."

"This conference recommends to each Legislature to abolish the special tax on commercial travelers, provided that any license payable under act concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors."

"(2) This conference also recommends that the Legislatures of the several provinces shall make no discrimination in the taxation of companies incorporated by the Dominion and companies incorporated by the province wherein such tax is imposed."

"(As to the second part of the above resolution Mr. Whitney and Mr. Murray stated that they desire to consult with their colleagues before assenting to it.)"

Adopted.

"It was resolved that a meeting of the prime ministers of the several provinces of Canada be held each year to consider the matters of common interest, and that every such meeting shall be convened by the Prime Minister of the Province of Ontario and the Prime Minister of the Province of Quebec."

The conference concluded with singing "God Save the King" and three cheers.

The Manitoba Boundaries.

As to the supplemental matters which came before the provinces, Nov. 12 has been fixed for hearing Manitoba's case for an extension of its boundaries. At this hearing Ontario and Quebec will also doubtless be represented.

50c Corduroy Velvets

This Week Sell At Per Yard ... 39c

COLORS: Navy, Cardinal, Brown, Myrtle, Castor, Cream, Black.

That the clearing of this lot shall be quick and sure, we have made the price unusually low. The velvets are heavy pile, deep, rich colorings.

Corduroys are among the popular materials for fall and winter suits and coats for women, as well as for boys' suits and children's coats, etc.

Twenty-three inches wide, regular 50c quality, special..... 39c

New Collars, Belts and All Women's Necessaries For The Holiday.

American Novelties in Collars and Belts, selling at..... 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1

Cases of New Hosiery Were Passed Into Stock on Saturday

See them; and while you're wondering at the little prices, keep in mind that quality is always first consideration here.

Saturday was the biggest day of Mantle selling in the store's history. Come tomorrow and Wednesday morning and select your coat before the rush of the day commences.

R. J. Young & Co.

was taken up separately by each province interested with the Dominion. The Maritime Provinces and Quebec recognize that the Dominion is the authority which, by the aid of its fleet, can best administer these fisheries, and moreover, when international questions arise the Canadian Government must act. Not having obtained any man date the British Columbia Premier was averse to committing himself. The Premier of Ontario was in a similar position in regard to Dominion control in Lake Erie.

Technical Education.

Technical education, which the Dominion has been asked to take up, was adjudged by the conference to be a purely provincial matter.

As indicated by the resolutions, the provinces will repeal provincial enactments imposing a tax upon commercial travelers.

At one of the joint meetings between the Dominion and Provincial representatives, the Federal Government were requested to scrutinize more carefully the incorporation of purely provincial companies. The Dominion representatives retorted by asking for an equal scrutiny respecting companies on the part of the provinces.

An effort will be made by the treasurers of the several provinces to arrange for a uniform system of levying succession duties. This will be done through correspondence.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Mr. T. F. Harcourt, of Chicago, was in the city last week visiting his sister, Mrs. J. F. Power, 524 Talbot street.

—The repairing of the street railway portion of the asphalt pavement will be started tomorrow by the Warren Company. City Engineer Graydon has also been notified that the shipment of 70,000 vitrified brick required to complete the York street pavement is on the way. The brick will arrive here in a few days.

—The death occurred in Glencoe on Friday of Mr. J. A. Young, father of Mrs. William Glenoveck and Mrs. D. McDonald, of this city. Mr. Young was well and favorably known in Glencoe, having kept a general store there for many years. Besides the two daughters mentioned, he is survived by Misses Lizzie and Aggie Young at home, and four sons: John, of Montreal; Adair, of Kamour, Alta.; Watson and Norman, at home.

DIED AT SUBURBY.

The police received a telegram at noon today from Sudbury asking them to find the relatives of Clarence Slater, a young man of 26 years, who died in St. Joseph's Hospital there of typhoid fever. Slater is supposed to belong to London. There is no person by that name in the city directory.

TWO RUNS FOR FIREMEN.

The firemen had two runs at noon today. The first was to the Columbia handle works, where a spark from the smokstack had ignited a large pile of sawdust. When the firemen arrived the flames were making their way to the factory. One line of hose extinguished the blaze. Before the firemen had returned to the central station, another alarm came in from Struthers' warehouse. A pile of packing cases in the rear were burning briskly, but the flames were smothered without much difficulty. The loss will be trifling.

THE BIBLE AND ARCHEOLOGY.

The Ministerial Alliance met this morning in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A., the president, Rev. Dr. McCrae, in the chair. Rev. Mr. Bowen acting as secretary. After routine business Rev. J. B. Freeman

LOCAL MARKET.

London, Monday, Oct. 15.—The farmers are taking a taste of the fine weather to stay at home and get in their potatoes and other root crops, and they are behind in their plowing. This was no doubt the reason for the small supply of hay and oats which were offered today.

The loads of hay that were offered sold quickly, there being more buyers than sellers; prices were firm, at \$1.10 to \$1.20 per ton.

Oats were scarce, selling at \$1.02 to \$1.04 per cwt.

About 50 live hogs were purchased by Mr. D. McIntyre at \$2.25 per cwt; the prospects are for lower prices.

There should be a good demand for poultry on Tuesday, as Thursday will be observed as Thanksgiving Day, and there will be no market. Oats, hay, butter, eggs and potatoes will all be in good demand.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Wheat—Ontario No. 2 white and red, 10 to 12; Manitoba, No. 1 hard, 10 to 12; 2 hard, 9 to 10; 3 hard, 8 to 9; 4 hard, 7 to 8; 5 hard, 6 to 7; 6 hard, 5 to 6; 7 hard, 4 to 5; 8 hard, 3 to 4; 9 hard, 2 to 3; 10 hard, 1 to 2; 11 hard, 1/2 to 1; 12 hard, 1/4 to 1/2; 13 hard, 1/8 to 1/4; 14 hard, 1/16 to 1/8; 15 hard, 1/32 to 1/16; 16 hard, 1/64 to 1/32; 17 hard, 1/128 to 1/64; 18 hard, 1/256 to 1/128; 19 hard, 1/512 to 1/256; 20 hard, 1/1024 to 1/512; 21 hard, 1/2048 to 1/1024; 22 hard, 1/4096 to 1/2048; 23 hard, 1/8192 to 1/4096; 24 hard, 1/16384 to 1/8192; 25 hard, 1/32768 to 1/16384; 26 hard, 1/65536 to 1/32768; 27 hard, 1/131072 to 1/65536; 28 hard, 1/262144 to 1/131072; 29 hard, 1/524288 to 1/262144; 30 hard, 1/1048576 to 1/524288; 31 hard, 1/2097152 to 1/1048576; 32 hard, 1/4194304 to 1/2097152; 33 hard, 1/8388608 to 1/4194304; 34 hard, 1/16777216 to 1/8388608; 35 hard, 1/33554432 to 1/16777216; 36 hard, 1/67108864 to 1/33554432; 37 hard, 1/134217728 to 1/67108864; 38 hard, 1/268435456 to 1/134217728; 39 hard, 1/536870912 to 1/268435456; 40 hard, 1/1073741824 to 1/536870912; 41 hard, 1/2147483648 to 1/1073741824; 42 hard, 1/4294967296 to 1/2147483648; 43 hard, 1/8589934592 to 1/4294967296; 44 hard, 1/17179869184 to 1/8589934592; 45 hard, 1/34359738368 to 1/17179869184; 46 hard, 1/68719476736 to 1/34359738368; 47 hard, 1/137438953472 to 1/68719476736; 48 hard, 1/274877906944 to 1/137438953472; 49 hard, 1/549755813888 to 1/274877906944; 50 hard, 1/1099511627776 to 1/549755813888; 51 hard, 1/2199023255552 to 1/1099511627776; 52 hard, 1/4398046511104 to 1/2199023255552; 53 hard, 1/8796093022208 to 1/4398046511104; 54 hard, 1/17592186044416 to 1/8796093022208; 55 hard, 1/35184372088832 to 1/17592186044416; 56 hard, 1/70368744177664 to 1/35184372088832; 57 hard, 1/140737488355328 to 1/70368744177664; 58 hard, 1/281474976710656 to 1/140737488355328; 59 hard, 1/562949953421312 to 1/281474976710656; 60 hard, 1/1125899906842624 to 1/562949953421312; 61 hard, 1/2251799813685248 to 1/1125899906842624; 62 hard, 1/4503599627370496 to 1/2251799813685248; 63 hard, 1/9007199254740992 to 1/4503599627370496; 64 hard, 1/18014398509481984 to 1/9007199254740992; 65 hard, 1/36028797018963968 to 1/18014398509481984; 66 hard, 1/72057594037927936 to 1/36028797018963968; 67 hard, 1/144115188075855872 to 1/72057594037927936; 68 hard, 1/288230376151711744 to 1/144115188075855872; 69 hard, 1/576460752303423488 to 1/288230376151711744; 70 hard, 1/1152921504606846976 to 1/576460752303423488; 71 hard, 1/2305843009213693952 to 1/1152921504606846976; 72 hard, 1/4611686018427387904 to 1/2305843009213693952; 73 hard, 1/9223372036854775808 to 1/4611686018427387904; 74 hard, 1/18446744073709551616 to 1/9223372036854775808; 75 hard, 1/36893488147419103232 to 1/18446744073709551616; 76 hard, 1/73786976294838206464 to 1/36893488147419103232; 77 hard, 1/147573952589676412928 to 1/73786976294838206464; 78 hard, 1/295147905179352825856 to 1/147573952589676412928; 79 hard, 1/590295810358705651712 to 1/295147905179352825856; 80 hard, 1/1180591620717411303424 to 1/590295810358705651712; 81 hard, 1/2361183241434822606848 to 1/1180591620717411303424; 82 hard, 1/4722366482869645213696 to 1/2361183241434822606848; 83 hard, 1/9444732965739290427392 to 1/4722366482869645213696; 84 hard, 1/18889465931478580854784 to 1/9444732965739290427392; 85 hard, 1/37778931862957161709568 to 1/18889465931478580854784; 86 hard, 1/75557863725914323419136 to 1/37778931862957161709568; 87 hard, 1/151115727451828646838272 to 1/75557863725914323419136; 88 hard, 1/302231454903657293676544 to 1/151115727451828646838272; 89 hard, 1/604462909807314587353088 to 1/302231454903657293676544; 90 hard, 1/1208925819614629174706176 to 1/604462909807314587353088; 91 hard, 1/2417851639229258349412352 to 1/1208925819614629174706176; 92 hard, 1/4835703278458516698824704 to 1/2417851639229258349412352; 93 hard, 1/9671406556917033397649408 to 1/4835703278458516698824704; 94 hard, 1/19342813113834066795298816 to 1/9671406556917033397649408; 95 hard, 1/38685626227668133590597632 to 1/19342813113834066795298816; 96 hard, 1/77371252455336267181195264 to 1/38685626227668133590597632; 97 hard, 1/154742504910672534362390528 to 1/77371252455336267181195264; 98 hard, 1/309485009821345068724781056 to 1/154742504910672534362390528; 99 hard, 1/618970019642690137449562112 to 1/309485009821345068724781056; 100 hard, 1/1237940039285380274899124224 to 1/618970019642690137449562112; 101 hard, 1/2475880078570760549798248448 to 1/1237940039285380274899124224; 102 hard, 1/4951760157141521099596496896 to 1/2475880078570760549798248448; 103 hard, 1/9903520314283042199192993792 to 1/4951760157141521099596496896; 104 hard, 1/19807040628566084398385987584 to 1/9903520314283042199192993792; 105 hard, 1/39614081257132168796771975168 to 1/19807040628566084398385987584; 106 hard, 1/79228162514264337593543950336 to 1/39614081257132168796771975168; 107 hard, 1/158456325028528675187087900672 to 1/79228162514264337593543950336; 108 hard, 1/316912650057057350374175801344 to 1/158456325028528675187087900672; 109 hard, 1/633825300114114700748351602688 to 1/316912650057057350374175801344; 110 hard, 1/1267650600228229401496703205376 to 1/633825300114114700748351602688; 111 hard, 1/2535301200456458802993406410752 to 1/1267650600228229401496703205376; 112 hard, 1/5070602400912917605986812821504 to 1/2535301200456458802993406410752; 113 hard, 1/10141204801825835211973625643008 to 1/5070602400912917605986812821504; 114 hard, 1/20282409603651670423947251286016 to 1/10141204801825835211973625643008; 115 hard, 1/40564819207303340847894502572032 to 1/20282409603651670423947251286016; 116 hard, 1/81129638414606681695789005144064 to 1/40564819207303340847894502572032; 117 hard, 1/162259276292133363391780010288128 to 1/81129638414606681695789005144064; 118 hard, 1/324518552584266726783560020576256 to 1/162259276292133363391780010288128; 119 hard, 1/649037105168533453567120041152512 to 1/324518552584266726783560020576256; 120 hard, 1/1298074210337068907134400823041024 to 1/649037105168533453567120041152512; 121 hard, 1/2596148420674137814268801646082048 to 1/1298074210337068907134400823041024; 122 hard, 1/5192296841348275628537603292164096 to 1/2596148420674137814268801646082048; 123 hard, 1/10384593682776551257075206584288192 to 1/5192296841348275628537603292164096; 124 hard, 1/20769187365553102514150413168576384 to 1/10384593682776551257075206584288192; 125 hard, 1/41538374731106205028300826337152768 to 1/20769187365553102514150413168576384; 126 hard, 1/83076749462212410056601652674305536 to 1/41538374731106205028300826337152768; 127 hard, 1/166153498924424820113203210548611072 to 1/83076749462212410056601652674305536; 128 hard, 1/33230699784884964022640642109722144 to 1/166153498924424820113203210548611072; 129 hard, 1/66461399569769928045281284219444288 to 1/33230699784884964022640642109722144; 130 hard, 1/13292279913953985609056256443888576 to 1/66461399569769928045281284219444288; 131 hard, 1/26584559827907971218112512887777152 to 1/13292279913953985609056256443888576; 132 hard, 1/53169119655815942436225025775554304 to 1/26584559827907971218112512887777152; 133 hard, 1/10633823931163188487245005155110608 to 1/53169119655815942436225025775554304; 134 hard, 1/21267647862326376974490010310221216 to 1/10633823931163188487245005155110608; 135 hard, 1/42535295724652753948980020620442432 to 1/21267647862326376974490010310221216; 136 hard, 1/85070591449305507897960041240884864 to 1/42535295724652753948980020620442432; 137 hard, 1/17014118289861101579592008248177728 to 1/85070591449305507897960041240884864; 138 hard, 1/34028236579722203159184016496355456 to 1/17014118289861101579592008248177728; 139 hard, 1/68056473159444406318368032992710912 to 1/34028236579722203159184016496355456; 140 hard, 1/136112946318888812636736065985421824 to 1/68056473159444406318368032992710912; 141 hard, 1/272225892637777652734720131970843648 to 1/136112946318888812636736065985421824; 142 hard, 1/544451785275555305469440263941687296 to 1/272225892637777652734720131970843648; 143 hard, 1/1088903570551110610938880527883374592 to 1/544451785275555305469440263941687296; 144 hard, 1/2177807141102221221877761055766749184 to 1/1088903570551110610938880527883374592; 145 hard, 1/4355614282204442443755522111533498368 to 1/2177807141102221221877761055766749184; 146 hard, 1/8711228564408884887511044223066996736 to 1/4355614282204442443755522111533498368; 147 hard, 1/1742245712881776975022088446013393472 to 1/8711228564408884887511044223066996736; 148 hard, 1/3484491425763553950044176892026786848 to 1/1742245712881776975022088446013393472; 149 hard, 1/6968982851527107900088353784053573792 to 1/3484491425763553950044176892026786848; 150 hard, 1/1393796570255421580017707166810747584 to 1/6968982851527107900088353784053573792; 151 hard, 1/2787593140510843160035414333621495168 to 1/1393796570255421580017707166810747584; 152 hard, 1/557518628102168632007082866724299328 to 1/2787593140510843160035414333621495168; 153 hard, 1/111503725620433726401416573444598656 to 1/557518628102168632007082866724299328; 154 hard, 1/223007451240867452802833146889197312 to 1/111503725620433726401416573444598656; 155 hard, 1/44601490248173490560566629377838624 to 1/223007451240867452802833146889197312; 156 hard, 1/89202980496346981121133258755677248 to 1/44601490248173490560566629377838624; 157 hard, 1/1784059609926939622422661151113544768 to 1/89202980496346981121133258755677248; 158 hard, 1/356811921985387924484532230222709312 to 1/1784059609926939622422661151113544768; 159 hard, 1/713623843970775848969064460445418624 to 1/356811921985387924484532230222709312; 160 hard, 1/1427247687941551697938128920890872448 to 1/713623843970775848969064460445418624; 161 hard, 1/2854495375883103395876257841781744896 to 1/1427247687941551697938128920890872448; 162 hard, 1/5708990751766206791752515683563489792 to 1/2854495375883103395876257841781744896; 163 hard, 1/1141798150353241358350503136712697984 to 1/5708990751766206791752515683563489792; 164 hard, 1/2283596300706482716701006273425395968 to 1/1141798150353241358350503136712697984; 165 hard, 1/4567192601412965433402012546850791936 to 1/2283596300706482716701006273425395968; 166 hard, 1/9134385202825930866804025093701583872 to 1/4567192601412965433402012546850791936; 167 hard, 1/18268770457651861733608050187403167744 to 1/9134385202825930866804025093701583872; 168 hard, 1/36537540915303723467216100374806335488 to 1/18268770457651861733608050187403167744; 169 hard, 1/73075081830607446934432200749612670976 to 1/36537540915303723467216100374806335488; 170 hard, 1/14615016366121489386886440149925341952 to 1/73075081830607446934432200749612670976; 171 hard, 1/29230032732242978773772880299850683904 to 1/14615016366121489386886440149925341952; 172 hard, 1/58460065464485957547545760599701367808 to 1/29230032732242978773772880299850683904; 173 hard, 1/116920130928971915095091521198022735616 to 1/58460065464485957547545760599701367808; 174 hard, 1/233840261857943830190183042396045471232 to 1/116920130928971915095091521198022735616; 175 hard, 1/467680523715887660380366084792090942464 to 1/233840261857943830190183042396045471232; 176 hard, 1/935361047431775320760732169584181884928 to 1/467680523715887660380366084792090942464; 177 hard, 1/1870722094863550641521464339168363769952 to 1/935361047431775320760732169584181884928; 178 hard, 1/3741444189727101283042928678336727539904 to 1/1870722094863550641521464339168363769952; 179 hard, 1/7482888379454202566085857356673455079808 to 1/3741444189727101283042928678336727539904; 180 hard, 1/1496577675890840513217171471334691015968 to 1/7482888379454202566085857356673455079808; 181 hard, 1/2993155351781681026434342942669382031936 to 1/1496577675890840513217171471334691015968; 182 hard, 1/5986310703563362052868685885338764063872 to 1/2993155351781681026434342942669382031936; 183 hard, 1/11972621407126744105737371770677288136704 to 1/5986310703563362052868685885338764063872; 184 hard, 1/2394524281425348821147474354135457627408 to 1/11972621407126744105737371770677288136704; 185 hard, 1/478904856285069764229494870827091524816 to 1/2394524281425348821147474354135457627408; 186 hard, 1/957809712570139528458989741654183049632 to 1/478904856285069764229494870827091524816; 187 hard, 1/1915619425340279056917979433108366099264 to 1/957809712570139528458989741654183049632; 188 hard, 1/3831238850680558113835958866216732198528 to 1/1915619425340279056917979433108366099264; 189 hard, 1/7662477701361116227671917732433464397056 to 1/3831238850680558113835958866216732198528; 190 hard, 1/15324954402722232455343835448668887940112 to 1/7662477701361116227671917732433464397056; 191 hard, 1/30649908805444464910687670897337775880224 to 1/15324954402722232455343835448668887940112; 192 hard, 1/61299817610888929821375341794675551760448 to 1/30649908805444464910687670897337775880224; 193 hard, 1/12259963522177785964275068399351110320896 to 1/61299817610888929821375341794675551760448; 194 hard, 1/24519927044355571928550136798702220641792 to 1/12259963522177785964275068399351110320896; 195 hard, 1/49039854088711143857100273597404441283584 to 1/24519927044355571928550136798702220641792

WALL PAPERING
Is Quite in Order Now.
With fall comes housecleaning, and with housecleaning the necessity of papering some of the rooms that require freshening up. Let us show you our newest papers.

O. B. Graves, Ltd.
222 Dundas Street.

ECONOMY
For the same amount of light the newest lamp requires only one-half the current taken by ordinary incandescent lamps. This means the running cost of electric lights has been reduced about 50 per cent by the introduction of the Economy lamp.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO.
Limited, 359 Richmond Street.

BOXES!
PACKING CASES
Clement-Baker Lumber Company.

Highest Grades of
**BURNING OIL,
LUBRICATING OIL**
AND ALL OTHER
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.
THE QUEEN CITY OIL CO.
LIMITED,
Head Office—Toronto.
London Branch, York St. East.

**LONDON INSTITUTE OF
CURATIVE PHYSICAL CULTURE**
619 RICHMOND STREET.
Office hours, 3:45 to 4:45, or by appointment.

If we would develop our bodies so as to possess health, strength and endurance, we must use a system of exercises that produce these results, namely, a course of light and heavy work arranged according to our temperament and physical needs.

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg. next Court House, London.

PICTURES
Call and inspect our large assortment of Beautiful Pictures. Nothing more suitable for wedding or birthday gifts.

Colerick Bros.
212 Dundas Street.

**London Conservatory of Music
and School of Elocution, Limited**
Reopens Tuesday, Sept. 4.
Ask for curriculum.

W. CAVEN BARRON, Principal
Address 374 Dundas Street. Phone 1101.

Five Situations.
It pays to attend a school where you receive instruction from experienced teachers. The following pupils have accepted situations: Miss Brown and Miss Wardell, at Academy, Miss Thompson, at Monarch Fire, and Miss Cousins, with Hodgins & Haskett.

**Western
Business College**
(Coo Building)
110 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

The pain produced by eye strain causes an aversion to study. We relieve the strain, when study becomes a pleasure.

Examination Free
Marshall
264 Dundas St. Look for the name.

The fruit, vegetable and nut crop of 1905 in the United States required the services of over 100,000,000 crates. Laid out in end, each touching its neighbor, these crates would encircle the earth at the equator three and one-half times they would easily hold our national annual yield with a base the size of a big office building, higher than the world's most lofty mountain. Texas alone uses enough crates to reach across the United States five times, and Georgia is not far behind.

IS THERE ANYTHING more annoying than having your corn stepped upon? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it. Try it and be convinced.

The phrase "this mother's white-headed boy" is as old as the hills in Ireland. It appears in many of the Irish fairy stories of the last century. Irish mothers knew good fairy tales always kept the secret for the "white-headed" boy of the family. Gerald Griffin, in one of his best short stories, years ago used the phrase as he had borrowed from an old Celtic book.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's.

Choose new clover honey. A No. 1 creamery. Fresh & Smythe's, Hyman and Richmond Streets. Phone 231.

25
years ago a friend as executor was a necessity. Having his own business to attend to first, the estate was often neglected with sad results.

This company was established expressly to provide a permanent executor who would not speculate, but would have experience and undoubted financial strength. It only charges what the judge allows. Call or write.

**THE
Canada Trust Co.**
HURON & BIE OFFICES,
LONDON, ONT.

Our D. L. & W.

Seranton Coal
Is the best coal mined, being shipped in box cars and is bright and clean and will give perfect satisfaction. Try it this season and save money.

HEAMAN & SON
Sewer Pipes and Cement
Phone 312 Burwell and G.T.R.

DR. J. DAVIS, DENTIST
24 Jarvis Street, London.
In Dorchester every Wednesday. Next visit, Oct. 17. 414-25V

QUALITY STORE
**Choice
Grape Fruit**
Harry Ranahan.
515 Richmond Street, Phone 1024

**Diamond and Pearl
Brooches.**
We have a line of Pearl and Diamond brooches, which are the most particular. Each design is the work of an artist, and the general workmanship is as fine as it possibly could be. The prices range from \$1.50 to \$425.

TWO STORES.
W. G. Young
DIAMOND HALL, 674 Dundas.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mr. H. E. St. George, of this city, left for Detroit last evening.

—Miss Ida G. Hawkins, of Arva, has returned home from Montreal and Quebec City.

—Last evening at St. John's Church, Bishop Williams preached a memorial service for the late Archbishop Bond, taking as his text, "I Am the Good Shepherd."

—The funeral of the late John McGinnis took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence to Woodland Cemetery, and was largely attended. Rev. J. W. Graham, of the First Methodist Church, officiated.

—Miss Laura Elting, of New York, formerly of Brampton, and Miss Lydia Young, of New York, formerly of this city, are visiting Miss Young at her home, corner of Central avenue and Talbot street.

—Miss Maud Blaikie, of Limerick, Surrey, England, is visiting her brother, Mr. Wilfred Blaikie, 306 Oxford street. Mr. Blaikie left England 20 years ago when his sister was a child, and they had not met again until a few days ago, when Miss Blaikie came to London.

**"A HIDING-PLACE
FROM THE WIND"**
Address by Rev. T. T. Shields to
7th Regiment at Adelaide
Street Church.

A large proportion of the Seventh Regiment, headed by its excellent bands, paraded to Adelaide Street Baptist Church yesterday morning, and it is almost needless to say there were no empty seats when the service began.

After extending a hearty welcome to his red-coated congregation, Pastor Shields took for his text the words, "And a man shall be as a hiding-place from the wind, and a covert from the tempest; as rivers of water in a dry place; as a shadow in a weary land." (Isaiah, xxxiii, 2.)

The wisest of all men, remarked the preacher, had said, "There is no new thing under the sun." But while this does not always appear on the surface to be true, yet the laws of nature are found to be unvariable, so that "one generation passeth away and another generation cometh, but the earth abideth forever." The differences we observe between life in our day and in earlier generations are largely external and superficial. As surely as the same laws which produced the bounteous harvests of the pious years in Egypt which Joseph garnered, produce the harvests of our own land today, so surely do the same moral principles determine human character and destiny today as in the day when Isaiah lived and sang.

The prophet anticipated the storm that was gathering over Israel. Assyria threatened her, and Egypt, her only ally, was unable to stay the advancing foe; but it was also shown

Tomorrow we shall have those choice Toronto Crumpets and Sally Lunas.

Also Delaware, Concord, Niagara and Warden Grapes, Oysters, Sweet Potatoes, Celery and Cauliflowers.

E. LEES
Phone 565. 261 Dundas St.

**For the Past
25 Years**
All other Baking Powders have taken "Purity" as their standard of quality—the ideal they have hoped to reach. Tea Biscuits and Cakes made with

Purity Baking Powder
reach that ideal of lightness, deliciousness and purity.

Only 20c Pound
Cairncross & Lawrence,
Chemists and Druggists,
212 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.

JACKETS
Particular attention is called to our stock of Jackets, which are of the finest grades, perfectly matched skins, and made up only by a retail furrier can who understands the art of cutting.

BELTZ
PRACTICAL FURRIER

him that in that day God would raise up a deliverer—"A man shall be as a hiding-place from the wind, and a covert from the tempest." And so the prophet's vision is widened, national boundaries and distinctions are obliterated, a wider kingdom established, and a greater King arises for the salvation of that greater dominion.

This text, the preacher showed, enunciates the principle by which nations and individuals are invariably saved from impending calamities. The prophet suggests no radical change in the nation's institutions, no educational propaganda to inculcate patriotism, no increase in the national defenses, nor even a more general observance of religious ordinances. He says nothing of these things. They may be good, but they are not fundamental. But when the hot breath of the simoon sweeps down upon the people, and the tempest breaks in all its fury, the fair and weary nation will find salvation in a man who "shall be as a hiding-place from the wind." And this prophecy was verified in the overwhelming defeat of Assyria's host.

The underlying principle of this text therefore is that personality is the saving and establishing force in all relationships of life. Whatever be the character of the impending storm, whether it threatens the domestic, commercial, political, moral or religious life of the people, the remedy—the covert from the tempest—is not to be found in abstract principles, however excellent, but in a living personality.

"Let me," said the preacher, "warn you against the folly of expecting relief from life's ills in any other than God's way. These dreary words of the text—"wind," "tempest," "dry place," "weary land"—all find a place in every page of life's history. Whatever your calling in life, or your social station, some day—even before death blows out your candles—God will send you a sheltered nook, and whistle its warning about the gates."

Men try to build shelters. Labor builds a union hiding-place from the wind; capital combines to erect a covert from the tempest; philanthropy digs canals to turn streams into the desert; many a religion erects temples for the shadow in a weary land. These may all be good in a way, but they are inadequate—they prune the branches, but do not reach the root.

God said, "Let us make man," and God only can remake a man. "I know of only one agency," said the preacher, "which confines itself to the individual, and that is the Gospel. It undertakes to make a man, and who makes a man makes a nation, and making a nation saves the world. Thus does personality and not abstract principle make a hiding-place from the wind."

The preacher illustrated this idea by pointing out how in every-day life large factories, business concerns, railway companies and commonwealths, owe their success largely to a leading personality. The history of the commonwealth of England may be described as the triumph of certain principles, but they were principles "made flesh" and living in a man—Oliver Cromwell. England's history in Egypt can be written in three words, "Cromwell," "Cromwell," "Cromwell." In each case the man becomes the "shadow of a great rock in a weary land." You can tell the story of the South African war without a verb: "Krugger," "Rhodes," "Chamberlain," "Roberts," "Kitchener." So of the Russo-Japanese war, there were the great ships and the great guns, but it is still the man behind the gun that wins. In religious life, this principle is illustrated. The "Reformation" was the enlargement of a man's experience. Luther was the hiding-place from the wind. And when in England in the eighteenth century, spiritual deadness seemed to prevail, it was not an institution or organization, but two men, Wesley and Whitfield, who became as "rivers of water in a dry place," and "a shadow of a great rock in a weary land."

And all this points to the one person in whom this principle finds its perfect exemplification. There are winds of adversity, tempests of trouble, there is the one event that happens to all when the silver cord is loosed, and the golden bowl is broken—when man goeth to his long home, and in all these vicissitudes, who does not need a hiding-place? And where is this refuge to be found? There is none other name under heaven given among men whereby

we must be saved," but that of the Man Christ Jesus.

Look, then, from principles to their incarnation. Look above all personalities to the God-Man Jesus, and if you would be safe when the fearful tempest of divine wrath sweeps from the judgment seat over the world, then pray today.

"Rock of Ages, cleft for me,
Let me hide myself in Thee."

At the conclusion of the service the choir and congregation united in singing heartily the first stanza of the National Anthem. Mrs. A. E. Brown's soprano solo, "The Coming of the King," was much appreciated. At the evening service Miss Mason sang an alto solo in a sweet voice.

HUNT CLUB RUN

Good Turnout of the Members on Saturday Afternoon.

On Saturday afternoon the London Hunt Club had a run with the hounds, which proved to be one of the finest of the season, being well attended by the members. The following were among those who followed the hounds: Mr. George Gibbons, jun., Miss Gibbons, Mr. J. I. A. Hunt, Dr. Hogg, Messrs. R. and W. Leonard, Mr. McNea, Mr. Green, Mr. Beck. At 3:30 o'clock the hounds left the Kennels. They ran from the Shaw-Wood property west, and north, about five miles. At St. John's the first check took place, and from there the hounds ran in an easterly direction, then toward the south and finish on the Burwell farm on con. 4. The time of the run was about two hours.

On Thanksgiving Day the next run will take place, when Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Gibbons will give a luncheon at 12 o'clock to the members of the club, and their families. The hounds will leave the Kennels at 3 o'clock, and it is anticipated there will be an exceptionally large turnout.

**LONDON CONGREGATIONS LISTEN
TO VISITING ANGLICAN BISHOPS**

**Bishop Pincomb Makes a Strong
Appeal for the Northwest—
Other Able Discourses.**

The pulpits of several of the local Anglican churches were occupied yesterday by some of the bishops who were attending the general mission board meetings during the past week, and the able discourses of the visiting clergymen were listened to by large and appreciative audiences.

At St. Paul's Cathedral, Bishop Pincomb, of Calgary, delivered the morning sermon at St. Paul's Cathedral. His lordship made an earnest appeal to the local members of the Church of England for their moral and financial support of the churches in the Diocese of Calgary, Canada, and the great Northwest. The bishop said in part:

"I should like to impress upon the congregation of this great house of the Lord the fact that it is not only our duty to support our own church, but to do our utmost to obey the Word of God, and extend our most earnest efforts to the enlargement of his work in less fortunate communities. The vast Northwest of Canada offers a great field for the exercise of our best efforts."

"You have no doubt heard a great deal about the development of the Christian movement in that comparatively newly-settled community. While true that you have heard is doubtless true, from my 38 years of practical experience in that country, I can truthfully state that many of the stories are exaggerated. I do not want to detract any of the glory from the efforts of the many faithful servants of the Lord who have labored faithfully in that region, but I must say that much more might have been accomplished had the work been given better support in the past. Friends, we want your earnest support and sympathy in that great work in the Northwest. While we are doing our utmost to help ourselves, we are not strong enough to carry on the work as it should be carried on without outside assistance. We need more clergymen out there. The population is increasing beyond our present limitations and we should have at least 60 ministers of the Gospel in that section of our country."

"We must teach our clergymen to instruct their congregations how to become self-sustaining. When I visited Calgary, and was asked to call from that diocese when requested to do so, I replied that I would not care to make any promises until assured that the congregation in that diocese would make an earnest effort to become self-sustaining. The history of the churches in that district which are self-sustaining, being entirely supported through the free-will offerings of the congregation. However, all of the churches in that vicinity are not able to support themselves; and until such time as they are able to do so, we must continue to ask for your financial aid as well as your moral support."

"We want the best young men that can be obtained for our ministry. Young men who are morally, physically and mentally above the average are the kind we are looking for. Unfortunately there are not many young men offering themselves to the ministry—the greatest work mankind can be called upon to do. I would sooner have a vacant mission than to have the place filled by an incompetent man. We have the field; you must furnish us with the right kind of workers. If we are not supplied with the right kind of men we cannot expect to see the church develop in Calgary and other parts of Canada's Northwest as it should."

"We are working for the church and doing our very best, because we love Christ, who died that we might live, and we want your prayers, your moral support and your money, until such time as all of our churches are self-supporting."

At Christ Church, Bishop Pincomb, of the Mackenzie River Mission, preached to a large congregation.

**Try Columbia Soups for
Your Thanksgiving Dinner**

They have a rich, full flavor, and are easily the best soups made. All kinds. Quarts, 40c; pints, 25c. Half pints, 2 for 25c.

EXTRASIFTED PEAS (new pack.)
These are the Finest Peas packed in Canada. Small, green and tender. Two cans for 25c.

OLIVES
We handle the best brands of Bottled Olives—Quercus, Stuffed, and Manzanillas. All sizes, a bottle 15c to 35c.

PICKLES
Helm Sweet, Gherkins and Mixed, Pin-Money, Mixed (Sweet), Gillard's Delicious Relish.

JELLIES
Bishop's Red Currant, Guava and Grape Fruit Jellies. The purest Jellies made. A glass 30c and 35c.

TRYPHOSA FRUIT JELLIES
No other can compare in quality. All flavors. A package 15c. The Best Coffee in the city at a pound 40c.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
Choice Cranberries, Sweet Oranges, Choice Grapes (very sweet), Rosy Red Snow Apples, Sweet Apples, Florida Grape Fruit, Bananas.

Spinach, Cauliflowers, Celery, Ripe Tomatoes, Lettuce, Parsley, Hubbard Squash, Marrows, Parsnips, Jersey Sweet Potatoes.

Your phone orders will be carefully taken and promptly filled. Call 1866 or 317.

T. A. ROWAT & CO
234 DUNDAS STREET.

AXMINSTER CARPETS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

More than 800 yards of fine Axminster Carpet, in designs and colorings suitable for any room, two-toned greens, blues and reds, handsome floral effects in rose and gold on green ground and rich orientals. Some designs have ¼ and 18-inch borders to match; of others the borders have been sold. The quantity of each pattern ranges from 50 to 125 yards.

Regular Values, \$1.65 to \$1.85 per yard.

On Sale at \$1.45 Made and Laid

A. SCREATION & CO
THE CARPET STORE.

have for our children and our children have for us, the church would never need to ask for money. We would not feel it a sacrifice. How many people who say they belong to the Church of God, and profess to believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, give only what they can easily spare, and that as a sacrifice. The measure of our contributions is the measure of our love for Christ. If we only gave in our churches what the poor Indians in our mission fields are willing to give, when they have the means, then the cause will not suffer for want of money.

"Where there is a living church, and where there is a relationship of love, there will be no need for the bishop coming to ask for money. The material that we need is the means to build up our missions in the Northwest, where so many thousands of our young men are going to make their homes, and where many of them are entirely away from all religious surroundings. In some places the conditions are such that a man dies he has to be buried without any religious ceremonies, because there is no preacher obtainable."

Bishop Holmes went on to speak of the great rush to the Klondike goldfields, telling of the enormous sums of money spent in endeavoring to get the precious metal, and of the many who spent their all in trying to get rich quick; many of them only to die in the forests of Athabasca. He said that if men would only be willing to sacrifice for the Lord Jesus Christ what the gold seekers did for gold, the mission cause would be supported as it should be.

"In Mooseonee," said the bishop, "there are 7,000 Indians, 5,000 of whom are Christians—Christians who attend church once a day, and some of them twice. When I first went to Mooseonee I was asked if I would preach every day, and I asked why the gold seekers did for gold, the mission cause would be supported as it should be."

Among the strange Eskimo customs of which Mr. Peck told, was one, perhaps the most barbarous, that of the strangling of persons stricken with serious malady which caused its victim much pain. When one of these poor creatures found himself in the grasp of some dread disease, he would immediately send out a petition to be strangled by his fellow citizens. But, thanks to the advent of Christianity, this practice has been almost entirely abandoned.

Mr. Peck described Baffin's Land as being very barren. For the first 12 years of his work there he never saw a tree; the only vegetation being a few shrubs and berry bushes.

It was intimated some time ago that on account of the isolated situation of Baffin's Land the work would be dropped, but Mr. Peck is doing all in his power to have it continued.

The Erie Railroad's next excursion to New York will be on Oct. 18, good ten days, \$8, round trip from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo.

We furnish coaches, hacks and cabs for funerals, Hueston's Livery.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.
The Sunday school of the Askin Street Methodist Church celebrated its anniversary yesterday. At all the services very large congregations were in attendance. Rev. J. W. Graham addressed the scholars in the morning, giving a delightful and instructive talk to the boys and girls. In the afternoon when an open session of the school was held, earnest addresses were given by City Clerk Baker and Rev. Dr. Teasdale. Superintendent A. M. Hunt presided. In the evening Rev. Alfred Brown preached.

"August," is accented on the first syllable, "August," the adjective, is accented on the second syllable. This is due, no doubt, to the fact that, though both started from the Latin "augustus," they have arrived by different routes. The adjective is the French "auguste," while "August," commemorating the Roman Emperor's title, is the French "aout," and the middle English "August" or "Aust," "July" used to rhyme with "duly," even in Johnson's time, as it had done centuries earlier, and as it does in Southern Scotland now.

Many thrilling incidents were related by Mr. Peck, who has spent the past 30 years in missionary work amid the hardships of life in that far distant land. The first great difficulty encountered by Mr. Peck, when he went to Baffin's Land was the acquisition of sufficient command of the native dialect to enable him to conduct services, but after many long hours of arduous study and with the help of an Eskimo, whom

he took as a room-mate, he at last mastered the Eskimo language to such an extent that he could impart some of the fundamental principles of Christianity to the natives. The language mastered, the next struggle was to get a church erected. Here again Mr. Peck showed himself to be a man of never tiring energy and steadfast purpose, in getting the natives together, and having them build a house of worship, by sewing together seal skins to make a large tent, in which were placed rocks for seats. Notwithstanding the uncomfortable surroundings, in this improvised building, the services held were very successful, and were well attended.

From Baffin's Land.

Rev. Mr. Peck, of Baffin's Land, occupied the pulpit at St. James' Church, South London, last evening, and preached from the text, "As My Father Hath Sent Me, Even So Send I You."

Malta-Vita
"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something "just as good" has no regard for your judgment or your health. It's delicious.