

BUSINESS NOTICE

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, N. B., every THURSDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of the day.

It is sent to any address in Canada or the United States by special arrangement with the Post Office, and is carried by the Atlantic Coast Steamship Co. at the rate of \$1.00 per copy. The price is paid in advance at the rate of \$1.00 per copy.

Advertisements, other than in reply to the notice, are inserted on the terms of a separate card, for its insertion, and three cents per line for each insertion.

Yearly or season advertisements are taken at the rate of \$1.00 per line per year. The matter, if space is secured by the year, or season, may be changed under arrangements made therewith with the publisher.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Province of New Brunswick and in the United States and Canada, is in constant communication with the business world and is engaged in publishing, printing and advertising. For further particulars apply to the Editor, Miramichi Advance, Chatham, N. B.

G. B. FRASER

ATTORNEY & BARRISTER,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

AGENT FOR THE
NORTH BRITISH
MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

CARD.

R. A. LAWLOR,
Barrister-At-Law
Solicitor Conveyancer Notary Public, Etc.
Chatham, N. B.

DRS. G. J. & H. SPROUL

SURGEON DENTISTS.

Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas or other Anesthetics.

Artificial Teeth set in Gold, Rubber and Celluloid. Special attention given to the preservation and regulating of the natural teeth.

Also Crown and Bridge work. All work guaranteed in every respect.

Office in Chatham, Benson Block. Telephone No. 53.

In Newcastle opposite Square, over J. G. Keith's Barber Shop. Telephone No. 6.

Furnaces! Furnaces!!

Wood or Coal which I can furnish at Reasonable Prices.

STOVES
COOKING, HALL AND PARLOR
STOVES at low prices.

PUMPS! PUMPS!!

Sinks, Iron Pipe, Baths, Creamers, etc., very best, also, all kinds of pumps, plain tinware in endless variety, all at the best stock, which I will sell low for cash.

A. C. McLean, Chatham.

IMPROVED PREMISES

just arrived and on Sale at

Roger Flanagan's

Wall Papers, Window Shades,
Dry Goods,
Ready Made Clothing,
Gents' Furnishings,
Hats, Caps,
Boots, Shoes, &c., &c.

Also a choice lot of
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

R. Flanagan

ST. JOHN STREET, CHATHAM

Speetacles

The undermentioned advantages are claimed for Mackenzie's spectacles—
1st.—That from the peculiar construction of the Glasses they Assist and Preserve the sight, rendering frequent changes unnecessary.
2nd.—That they confer a brilliancy and distinctness of vision, with an amount of Ease and Comfort not hitherto enjoyed by spectacle wearers.
3rd.—That the material from which the Lenses are ground is manufactured especially for optical purposes, by Dr. CHARLES BARNOR's improved patent method, and is Pure, Hard and Brilliant and not liable to become scratched.
4th.—That the frames in which they are set, whether in Gold, Silver or Steel, are of the finest quality and finish, and guaranteed perfect in every respect.
The long evenings are here and you will want a pair of good glasses, so come to the Madras Hall and be properly fitted or on charge.

J. D. B. MACKENZIE,
Chatham, N. B., Sept. 24, 1898.

Insurance.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL,
IMPERIAL,
LONDON & LANCASHIRE,
LANCASHIRE,
ETNA,
HARTFORD,
NORWICH UNION,
PHENIX OF LONDON,
MANCHESTER.

Mrs. Jas. G. Miller.

WOOD GOODS

WE MANUFACTURE & HAVE
For Sale

- Laths
- Paling
- Box-Shooks
- Barrel Heading
- Matched Flooring
- Matched Sheathing
- Dimensioned Lumber
- Sawn Spruce Shingles,

THOS. W. FLEET,

Nelson.

The address slip pasted on the top of this page is a date on it. If the date of the paper is later than that on the slip it is to remind the subscriber that he is taking the paper without paying for it. See Publisher's announcement.

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE

Vol. 26. No. 4. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, DECEMBER 6, 1900.

MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS

Chatham, N. B.

JOSEPH M. RUDDOCK, PROPRIETOR

Steam Engines and Boilers, Mill Machinery of all kinds; Steamers of any size constructed & furnished complete.

GANG EDGERS, SHINGLE AND LATH MACHINES, CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

CAN DIES.

Iron Pipe Valves and Fittings
Of All Kinds.

DESIGNS, PLANS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

MONARCH

Steel Wire Nails,

THEY NEVER LET GO,
AND TAKE NO OTHERS.

KERR & ROBERTSON,
SAINT JOHN N. B.

N. B.—IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE 100 DOZEN K. & R. AXES.

Miller's Foundry & Machine Works

RITCHIE WHARF, CHATHAM, N. B.
(Successors to GILLESPIE FOUNDRY, Established 1854.)
Mill, Railway, and Machine Work, Marine Engines, Boiler Repairing, Our Brass and Composition Castings are worthy a trial, being noted throughout the country. All work personally supervised. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send for estimates before ordering elsewhere. Mill Supplies, Fittings, Pipe, etc., in stock and to order.

TUG BOATS, STEAM YACHTS and other Crafts built to Order
Our Marine Slip has a Capacity for Vessels up to 100 Tons.
Repairs effected with quick dispatch.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Hardware

Ready-Mixed Paints, all shades, including the Celebrated Weather and Waterproof THE BEST EVER MADE.

School Blackboard Paint.
Gloss Carriage Paint, requires no Varnishing.
Graining Colors, all kinds.
Graining Combs, Dry Colors, all shades.
Gold Leaf, Gold Bronze, Gold Paint.
Stains, Walnut, Oak, Cherry, Mahogany, Rosewood, Floor Paints
Weather and Waterproof.
Kalsomine, all shades.
75 lbs. English Boiled and Raw Oil, Pure.
10 Turpentine.
100 Kegs English White Lead and Colored Paints.
1 lb. Machine Oil, Extra Good, Nestle Foot Harness OIL.
Ready-Mixed Metallic Roofing, 92 per cent. Iron.
10 Kegs 100 lbs. each, Dry Metallic Roofing, 92 per cent. Iron.
Paints and White Wash Brushes.
Varnishes, Elastic Oak, Carriage, Copal, Demar, Furniture Hard Oil
Finish, Pure Shellac, Driers.
Joiners' and Machinists' Tools, a specialty.
Special attention to Builders' Materials in Locks, Knobs, Hinges, etc.
Sleest Lead and Zinc, Lead Pipe, Pumps.
75 Rolls Dry and Tinned Sheathing Paper.
75 Kegs Wire Nails.
30 Boxes Window Glass.
10 Tons Retined Iron.
Cast Steel, Bolts, Washers, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Grindstones, Grindstone Fixtures.

Barber's Turret Clippers, Horse Clippers, Lawn Shears, Accordions, Violins, Fiddles and Fixings.

Farming Tools, All Kinds.

Mower Sections, Heads, Knife Heads, Mower Section Guards, Rivets, Oilers.

Our Stock of General Hardware is complete in every branch and too numerous to mention.

All persons requiring goods in our line will save money by calling on us, as they will find our prices away down below the lowest, prove this by calling.

The COCCIN HARDWARE STORE, CHATHAM.

WE DO
Job Printing

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Hand Bills.

Printing For Saw Mills A SPECIALTY

WE PRINT—
ON WOOD, LINEN, COTTON, OR PAPER WITH EQUAL FACILITY.
Come and see our Work and compare it with that of others.

Miramichi Advance Job Printing Office
CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK.

About the House.

TO CLEAN JARS.
Sweetmeat jars or bottles may be cleaned without scraping them by pouring in the jars hot water and a teaspoonful or two of pearlsh. The contents which remain sticking to the sides and bottom of the jar will be disengaged by the pearlsh and float loose in the water.

Wash kettles the same way, or other vessels which you wish to purify or clear from grease. Strong lye poured off clear from good history ashes will answer nearly as well by the same purpose, and for kags, buckets and other large cooking utensils, lye from wood ashes may always be used. A convenient method of cleaning a jar, bucket, tin or other article is to place a small quantity of lime on the bottom, and then shaking it with hot water in which much salt has been dissolved as it will take up. It will purify it like a charm. Cover vessel to keep steam in.

A housekeeper writes: "Having some stone jars in which lard had been packed until they became unfit for use, I made them perfectly sweet by packing them full of fresh earth and letting it remain two or three weeks. This is an experiment with me, and I suspect it would be equally effective in any case of foul earthen or stoneware."

TO Mend Broken Dishes.

As soon as a plate gets cracked part way across, crack it the rest of the way. Don't wash it after breaking, but cement it at once. Pie or baking plates that have been used, even a few times after being cracked, can be as successfully mended as those freshly broken. Commencing materials will not adhere to greasy surfaces with much tenacity.

TEA CAKE.

Break up half an ounce of fresh compressed yeast and put it into a basin with just sufficient tepid milk to cover it, and when the yeast is thoroughly softened beat it to a paste. Put a quarter of a pint of water into a saucepan with one ounce of sugar, and when the milk is quite warm stir it gradually into the yeast. Put one tablespoonful of flour into a medium sized mixing basin and pour into it a teaspoonful with one ounce of sugar, stirring the flour all the time with a wooden spoon so that the mixture may be smooth; cover the basin with a cloth and place it on the fender. The mixture will take some time to rise, but it must be carefully watched, and when it has risen well it will "fall." As soon as this takes place add by degrees half a pound of flour, less if the dough is rather dry, and when it is up to a smooth, soft dough and set it to rise as before in the basin covered with a cloth.

When the dough is nearly double the original size, put it into a round tin which has been well buttered and dusted with flour. Prick the top with a fork and let it rise for a third time. When risen throughly, bake the tea cake in a well heated oven until it is nicely browned; then turn it out of the tin on to a flat tin which has been warmed and brush the top over with a weak mixture of dissolving some powdered sugar in milk.

Put the cake back into the oven to finish baking and to set the glass, and when it does not let it cool until sieve before it is put away. If the above recipe is successfully carried out, the tea cake will have just the same appearance as a baker's tea cake, and it should be sliced into slices and toasted and buttered. It is well to remember that some flour absorbs more moisture than others; therefore a certain amount of attention is necessary when making dough, which on no account should be stiff, and, therefore, it may be found advisable to use rather less than half a pound of flour.

HEALTH HINTS.

Rule 1. Pure air for breathing is the first rule for the prevention of consumption.

Rule 2. Active exercise, outdoor as much as possible, is also essential.

Rule 3. Uniform climate is also important.

Rule 4. The dress should sustain uniform warmth.

Rule 5. The hours of rest should be carefully regulated.

Rule 6. Outdoor occupation is preventive.

Rule 7. Amusements should favor muscular development and sustain healthy respiration.

Rule 8. Cleanliness in the broadest sense is of special moment.

Rule 9. Every precaution should be taken to avoid colds.

Rule 10. The diet of consumptive people should be ample, with full proportion of the respiratory foods.

EATING TOO FAST.

Eating too fast generally involves eating too much—more than is needed for the support and nutrition of the body—the organs of taste, which are our guides in this matter, not being allowed sufficient voice or time to take cognizance of the presence of food ere it is pushed past them into the recesses of the stomach. They do not, therefore, have opportunity to represent the real needs of the system, and hence allow the crowding of the stomach. Thirty minutes should be spent at each meal—and spent, too, in chewing the food a good portion of the time, and not in continued putting in and swallowing, but in a pleasant chat and laugh, instead of a continuance of the intense nervous pressure of the office or library. If you spend 30 minutes in this way at your meals you may rest assured you will not eat too much, and that what you eat will be in the best condition for appropriating to the needs of your system.

THE SETTING OF A PLAY.

Storax at Sea, Bizzards and Thunder Storms to Order.

The success of a drama undoubtedly depends to a very large extent on the realism with which the various scenes are depicted. For it is realism which the public demands nowadays. Hence it will be readily understood that stage managers are always looking out for devices by which sensational scenes can be presented to audiences in the most realistic manner possible.

Take probably the best of Drury Lane dramas, "The Price of Peace." The great shipwreck scene is one of the most sensational pieces of stage mounting which have been seen for some years on the stage. It depicts a large "liner" crashing into and sinking a yacht in a dense fog and the manner in which the collision is accomplished is really remarkable.

Part of the stage-called the sinking stage—is cut into three parts, each portion being worked irrespective of the others, by separate hydraulic lifts. By working two of these lifts after the fashion of the motion is given to the yacht when sinking. The large "liner" is but a painted ship on a sea-scene, the latter being manipulated in such a manner by men in the "files" and "wings," that she suddenly looms up through a fog of gauze and crashes into the yacht with, to all appearances, terrific force. Of course the big drum, symbol, etc., produce the necessary noise, while the lifts are slowly lowered, and the yacht, as viewed by the audience, gradually sinks into the depths of the ocean.

A PYTHON IN A GUNBOAT.

The ship's company of H.M.S. Rattler had an exciting and, it turned out, not altogether unamusing experience recently. The event must have given actors and spectators a lively quarter of an hour.

There were to be on board the gunboat, a big Borneo orang-utan and a fine specimen of a python. The reptile, which was nineteen or twenty feet in length, having died heartily on the afternoon of the 23rd, began to feel its appetite returning, and in searching about its box for a place of egress, found one side in bad repair. It did not take that python long to come through the weak part, and quite unobserved, it began its perambulations around the gunboat.

Seeing the orang-utan chained up, a few yards off, the big snake invited itself to dinner very much to its taste, and at one o'clock for a start, it would soon have been all over with poor Jack if the quartermaster had not at this moment made the discovery that the two pets were about to be merged into one. He promptly cut Jack loose.

The orang-utan was up at the mast-head before any mischief could be done, and Lieutenant Larking—the proprietor of the orang-utan—wanted to get one of the aggressors flung overboard, and the other to be quartered and another of the crew flung themselves on the hungry python, one at the head, another at the tail, and a third in the middle.

Then the fun began, for the python wanted to get one of the aggressors into its coils, and cuddled up against something hard, and the men were determined it should be kept up in a straight line as possible.

For a minute it was the Lieutenant group over again, only in this case three men and one snake were sprawling all over the deck instead of standing upright in a classic attitude.

IRE-enforcements, however, arrived in hot haste, and about twenty sturdy bluejackets, each embracing a foot of python, reduced the reptile to complete quiescence. The procession marched back to the petty officer, coiled the creature inside and shut it up. But Jack sat aloft at the mast-head for a long time before he came to the conclusion that he was off the menu for the day.

IN MEMORY OF DRAKE.

A civic function that is peculiar to Plymouth is the yearly "Fysshage Feast." The last celebration took place on August 15th, when the mayors, wearing their scarlet robes and their golden mitres, proceeded to the harbor, accompanied by the mayor's household, and private carriages to Burrator Lake. Here a hall was made, and lines having been formed, two golden sleds of ancient date were produced by the borough chamberlain, and filled with water from the lake. They were then passed down the lines crosswise, each one in turn drinking to the memory of Sir Francis Drake, who, when Mayor of Plymouth in 1581, brought water into that town by a cutting of twenty miles from that very spot. Once again when the golden sleds, piled high with wine, and emptied to the toast, "May the descendants of him who gave us water never want wine."

These toasts having been duly honored, slight collations of Devonshire pasties, washed down with claret and other light wines was disposed of, and then, after a brief pause for digestion, the serious business of the day, the forming of a Garretian feast, was commenced. This, as is invariably the case, opened with a course of trout fish from the lake, and then sucking-pig was, according to immediate custom, placed upon the table, and done ample justice to by the jovial convives. After this a series of other dainties was discussed, and the loving cup having been brought forward, the feast was concluded with the toast, "Prosperity to the borough."

THE HAIR HARVEST.

Perhaps there is no staple article about which less is known by the average person than human hair as an article of commerce. It will doubtless surprise many when it is stated that the dealers in human hair goods do not depend on chance clippings here and there, but that there is a regular hair harvest that can always be relied upon. It is estimated that over 15,000,000 pounds of human hair are used annually in the civilized world for adorning the heads of women.

Two-thirds of the ladies nowadays use false hair, more or less. The desire of fashion or the desire to conceal a defect or heighten a charm is the reason, of course. One woman, for instance, has a high forehead and wishes to reduce it in appearance. Another has worn off the front hair by continued frizzing, and would like to conceal the fact. Both make use of a front or top piece, with a choice of many styles.

The rarest supply of hair comes from Switzerland, Germany and the French provinces. There is a human hair market in Merlans, in the department of the lower Pyrenees, held every Friday. Hundreds of hair traders walk up and down the one street of the village, their shears dangling from their belts, and inspect the brains which peasant girls standing on the steps of the houses, let down for inspection. If a bargain is struck the hair is cut and the money is paid on the spot. The hair is sold from 50 cents to \$5 in our money.

THE ROMANCE OF TRADE.

The Manufacturers Try to Gain the Secrets of Their Rivals.

To guard a trade secret is a matter of greater difficulty than one might imagine, but this is not altogether surprising when the tricks resorted to by rival tradesmen to make it public property are taken into consideration. Dishonest workmen are sometimes the cause of their masters' downfall, but strategy succeeds twice where bribery does once.

Some years ago a large firm of American printers discovered how to print on tin by a far cheaper method than that hitherto employed. The result was a terrible fall in the price of tin boxes, and many other makers, unable to reduce their prices accordingly, were ruined. Pilled with revenge, they tried to bribe the inventor's workmen to disclose the secret, but, although they offered them a thousand dollars apiece to change masters, loyally triumphed, and the secret remained intact. The printing system was then resorted to, but failed likewise, for no stranger was allowed inside the building, however urgent his business.

But one day three men arrived at the factory in the guise of policemen, and said that one of the workmen had been found to be connected with a powerful gang of thieves, and was smuggling stolen goods into the building, which must, therefore, be searched. The owners expostulated, but the men displayed their warrants, so no more could be said. An entrance was effected, and while searching the stolen articles the representatives of the law seized the opportunity of taking a number of snapshots with their cameras. After exploring the building for some time in vain they took their leave with profuse apologies for the mistake, and not long afterwards two other firms were able to use the printing secret. Then the inventors found how they had been duped. The policemen were spies and their warrants forged, but the perpetrators of this dastardly trick were never discovered.

The art of making cast steel was once a secret known only to one named Huntsman and his workmen, who plied their trade at a factory near Attercliffe. One stormy night a traveller in rags knocked at the door and asked for shelter from the snow, but was refused admittance. He pleaded hard, and was at length allowed to come in and sleep on the floor. But he had no intention of going to sleep, although he pretended to do so, and while the workmen continued to make cast steel he watched them with partly closed eyes. A few weeks later the great secret was public property, for the benighted traveller was no other than a well-known engineer.

Citric acid was discovered by a chemist, and for many years was solely made by him at his shop in Fleet Street. This being before the days of the Patents Act, he had no protection for his discovery except strict secrecy. He kept his doors and windows constantly locked, but an ingenious sweep crept down the chimney one night, and having made full investigations returned by the way he had come. He soon afterwards changed his "profession," and eventually became the largest manufacturer of citric acid in England.

A Manchester dyer some time ago discovered a great improvement in his art, and when he had spent a great deal of money in experimenting, built a large factory and employed a heavy staff of workmen. For some time it seemed as if he were on the way toward making an enormous fortune, for the dye he produced was far superior to any other, and cloth colored at his factory was largely sought after by merchants. But his manager got marries, and rival, knowing that the newly-made wife would probably have great influence with her husband, offered her \$25,000 down if she would discover and betray the secret. The deluded rival, dragged the secret from her spouse and sold it, only to ruin the man who had made the discovery.

But there are other trade secrets equally valuable, namely, those relating to dress and furniture patterns, and they are just as liable to be stolen. Some Parisian milliners were robbed last spring of designs that would have meant a very successful season to them. Skilled artists were employed at enormous salaries to get out the patterns, and, when completed, a clerk was instructed to take them to the bank for safe-keeping until the time arrived for their use. On the way he met a friend, and they adjourned to a public-house for refreshment. The clerk imbibed more than was good for him, and soon volunteered the information that he had the designs in his pocket, which the other asked to see. His request being complied with, he made notes of all the important points without his rival's knowledge, and ultimately, while the designs were lying at the bank, a rival merchant filled his window with costumes made from them.

But there are two important trade secrets that have defied human ingenuity to discover for upwards of a couple of centuries, despite the fact that a number of men are engaged on the work. One is connected with the manufacture of real eau-de-cologne, the firm of Johann Farina being the owners of the secret. Only two men know how Salvatori's Venice glass is made, and when one dies another is trusted with the mysterious information, and so the mystery goes unsolved.

Canada House.

Corner Water and St. John Sts.,
Chatham
LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM

Every attention paid to THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.

Located in the business centre of the town Stabling and Stable Attendance Free—

Wm. Johnston,
Proprietor

The Factory

JOHN McDONALD & CO.
(Successors to George Cassey.)
Manufacturers of Doors, Sashes, Mouldings
—AND—
Builders' Furnishings generally.
Lumber Planed and Matched in order.
BAND AND SCROLL SAWING
Stock of Dimension and other Lumber constantly on hand.
East End Factory, Chatham, N. B.

Mark You!

We have the BEST Studio, BEST assistants and the largest and most varied EXPERIENCE, and use only the BEST materials and therefore produce the

Best Photographs.

Whether our patrons be RICH or POOR we aim to please every time.

—IF YOU WANT—
Picture Frames
Photographs or Tintypes

Come and See Us.

Mackenzie's Quinine Wine and Iron

THE BEST TONIC AND
—BLOOD MAKER—
500 Bottles

We Guarantee it as
Mackenzie's Medical Hall
CHATHAM, N. B.

REMARKABLE ACQUAINTANCE.

A charming story about a robin is told by an English writer. "A few years ago," he says, "I spent the summer at Kew, during which time I met the privilege of an intimate acquaintance with a robin that lived in and about the garden. He perched beside me on the seat which usually occupied, took crumbs from my hand and often amused me with song. I was reluctantly compelled to leave, and I did not see him again for two years. When I returned to Kew for another long visit I went back to my old seat and recognized me at once. Of that I can have no doubt, because he took crumbs from my hand as fearlessly as before."

TRADE OF CHINA.

A remarkable fact that should be kept in mind in connection with the Chinese question is that, of the total annual trade of China—\$20,000,000—the share of the British Empire is \$3.5 per cent. It is British trade first, and the rest nowhere. Japan's share is only 11 per cent, while the United States of America come third, with under 10 per cent, and Russia a modest fourth, with less than 5 per cent. As for the other countries who have prominently taken hands in the Chinese game—France and Germany—their trading interest in China, plus that of other nationalities, amounts to only 10 per cent.

HE WAS FRESH.

"Have you any nice fresh eggs today?" asked the woman with business-like ways.

"Madam," answered the man, who has just started in the grocery business, "permit me to remind you that nice eggs are necessarily fresh and fresh eggs are always nice. Moreover, if I have any, I have them to-day. My possession of eggs yesterday or tomorrow does not in the slightest degree affect the situation. Therefore, time being precious to a business man, I will simply content myself with replying that I have nice eggs."

INSINCERITY.

"Our civilization demands a greater or less degree of mendacity," remarked the abstruse person. "We are constantly encountering some empty phrases, some conventional remarks which is absolutely devoid of sincerity."

"That's right," answered the book agent. "That's perfectly true. I am reminded of it every time I walk up to a front stop where there is a door mat with the word 'Welcome' on it."

DYED FOR LOVE.

"Congratulations, old man!"
"What for?"
"Oh, don't be hypocritical. Jockey tells me your rich old uncle died last week."

"Jockey thinks he's funny. A pretty young widow moved to next door to my uncle, and he's dyed his hair and mustache."

LOGICAL EXPLANATION.

Why is it, asked the girl who tries to be funny, why is it that they always say that a young man pines for a woman? Why couldn't they just as well say he craves for her, for instance? Because, growled the old bachelor, because pine is about the softest wood there is.

This Paper Farm Journal One Year. nearly 5 Years

PAY UP AND GET BOTH PAPERS AT PRICE OF ONE.

We want to get 500 new subscribers to THE ADVANCE, and are going to do it if we can; we therefore continue our arrangement with the Farm Journal...

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

DEPART ROYALTON on Monday afternoon... Mr. M. Bannan.

NEW BARGE—Mr. J. Desmond is to build, in his own shipyard, this winter a barge for the Miller Tanning Extract Company.

A GREAT HOLIDAY PRESENT—One of the Davenport and Treacy pianos. They are at Macleod's, Chatham, for sale at a special price.

HOLIDAY ADVERTISEMENTS are requested to send along their announcements to the ADVANCE office not later than Tuesday forenoon. We cannot guarantee that any coming in later than that will appear.

DEED AT 11:—The funeral of the late James Anderson, of Chatham, took place last Friday and was largely attended.

EDUCATIONAL SEMI-DAY, Dr. David Allison, President of Mount Allison University, will deliver the annual Educational Sermon in St. Luke's church next Sunday morning.

THE G. S. PERRY: The non-arrival of the brig G. S. Perry, which sailed from Belfast on 4th October for Newcastle, Miramichi, is causing a good deal of uneasiness.

MARRIED:—On Wednesday last, Mr. Thomas Lawlor and Miss Minnie Dyer, of Chatham, were united in marriage at the Pro-Cathedral.

DROPPED DEAD:—Mr. Richard McClellan, a respected and well known citizen of Newcastle, died of heart failure on Sunday last.

SHOCKING DEATH:—Mr. Edward Urquhart of Fish, was killed on Thursday last at Fish's quarry by his clothing becoming entangled about the engine-shaft...

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALM is composed of the best concentrated extracts of herbs, roots and gums of the world.

MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS—Now in the time to place orders for cemetery work and amid the spring rush...

JOHN H. LAWLOR & CO. THE FIRST GAME OF CURLING in New Brunswick for the present season took place on the Miramichi river opposite Chatham last Monday afternoon.

SEVEN ENDS were played and the result was a victory for Johnson's risk by one point—score, Johnson, 4; Watt, 3.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN COBB.—Mr. John Cobb, of Chapel Island Road, while driving a load of sleighs towards Newcastle last Thursday afternoon, met his death by being thrown off the load...

ST. ANDREW'S Church provided a very enjoyable entertainment at Masonic Hall, Chatham, on Friday evening last.

A PORTSMOUTH, N. H. despatch of the 26th Nov. says that the cargo of alvees and broken barrel staves from the British schooner "Advances" are washing ashore.

Mr. R. H. Anderson, Dr. Baxter, Mrs. O'Connell, Miss Alice Loggie, Mr. Clark, Mr. Newman Edgar, Mr. James Nicol, Miss Carrie Selver, Mr. Ridge, Mr. Archibald and others. Mrs. E. H. Anderson, Miss Edges and others were accompanists.

A committee appointed by the North American Fish and Game Association for the purpose of considering the question of harmonizing the Fish and Game laws of the Canadian Provinces and the different States contiguous thereto, is to meet in Montreal on Thursday, 13th inst.

FRANKLY.—Hon. Surveyor General Dunn paid a visit to Chatham last week arriving on Thursday afternoon and leaving again on Friday morning's Maritime Express.

A. E. HANSON, the well known crown land surveyor, and Miss Marion Carlisle, young-

est daughter of Charles Carlisle of Douglas, are to be united in marriage on December 12th. The ceremony will be performed in the Episcopal church at Douglas—F. T. Herald.

Mr. Geo. Jardine of Kingston and Mr. John Maloney of Regensburg were in town yesterday.

Dr. R. F. Quigley, of St. John, was in Newcastle on Friday last saying good-bye to his relatives and friends there preparatory to his leaving on Friday for Liverpool, en route to Paris, where he is to pursue special studies and then go to Rome to take a course in Roman law, with the ultimate intention of establishing himself in practice in Montreal.

Mr. David MacLaren who has been in New Brunswick nearly the whole of the past season, called from New York last Saturday in the Campanie and expects to remain in England until next spring.

Hon. Senator Snowball returned home on Friday night's Maritime Express from a visit to Antigonish, N. S.

Mr. W. B. Snowball and Miss Lillian Snowball are to leave for England on 13th inst.

Mr. Fred Dyke goes on the same steamer.

Malise; Hon. A. T. Dunn and D. G. Smith, New Brunswick; C. E. E. Usher, L. Z. Jones and N. E. Cormier, Quebec; S. T. Bastedo and Dr. G. A. MacCallum, Ontario. The work to be done by these gentlemen will be in preparation for the next annual meeting of the Association, which will probably be held in February next.

It Depends! Alderman Murdoch, who is the inveterate fighter, against pedlars defined the difference between those nomadic traders and commercial travellers, at the Chatham Town Council meeting on Monday evening.

The World of yesterday has a laborer article on the printing of the Town By-Laws in which it endeavors to show that the printer thereof exceeded his authority in doing the work. We have only to say, at present, that the work was done by contract in the usual way, the copy being furnished by the lawyer who was engaged by the council to revise and prepare for it.

The matter is only a small one, so far as this office is concerned, but the World magnifies it in the usual way in order to indulge in its customary abuse of the dearest of printers.

The Curlers Dined. As we go through the members of the Chatham Curling Club are assembling at the Adams House for the enjoyment of a dinner

The liabilities are largely of a mortgage character, but a number of others are interested for considerable sums. The pulp business investment referred to in that at the Lower Mill Cove opposite Chatham, now owned by the Dominion Pulp Company. While the Masterman had to put more money in the enterprise than they at first were led to suppose would be required, the investments was not losing one in the end for they transferred to a company at a price which was generally supposed to cover all its cost them, and the company has since operated the mill successfully.

Malignant Misrepresentation. The World of yesterday has a laborer article on the printing of the Town By-Laws in which it endeavors to show that the printer thereof exceeded his authority in doing the work.

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before spending their money. We can supply over two thousand similar with our usual and your money back if you are not satisfied. We will send you a twenty-five cent trial outfit for 10 cents in stamps or the complete treatment for \$1.00. At all druggists. N. C. Polson, Kingston, Ont., Hartford, Conn. Sold by C. P. Hickey, Chatham.

The Rev. Canon Forsyth, in his Advent Sermon on "The Hastening Kingdom," in St. Mary's and St. Paul's churches on Sunday last, made the following reference to the death of Col. Daniel F. Tracy, of St. John.

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business enterprises should conceive the idea of perfecting the manufacturer, as a whole, of what he had been for twenty years making in parts. In other words, Col. Tracy, acting for his firm, decided to "put a case on it." Davenport & Treacy, during the past year, have therefore entered into the business of making pianos, and no one will be surprised that they immediately took a place in the front rank with their instruments. We have seen, in the piano trade journals of the United States recently, very flattering references to the new competitors for public favor.

The firm's factories include two 65,000 four-story buildings, containing the most modern plant for making pianos and having a capacity of thirty-five instruments a week. They are already shipping them in carloads. No less than 250 have been sold to Boston dealers in the last three months. The dealer recognizes that quality has been the first consideration in making the Davenport & Treacy piano. The firm had a continental reputation to sustain in the piano world and they could not afford to turn out anything that was not first class. The next consideration was to put the best piano that could be made, so far as its quality as a musical instrument went, on the market at a reasonable price. With their large capital and manufacturing facilities they could easily do this, and they have done it. They know what they are doing when they cast their name in every plate and place it on the fall boards of every piano they make, and they give a seven years' warranty with each instrument—all of which show their faith in their work.

The Chicago Indicator, which is the leading piano trade journal says:— "A representative of the Indicator had an opportunity to inspect both the factory and the piano, and it did not take him long to decide that a whole lot of piano manufacturers in the East will have to carefully guard their hand-sawed lumber or the new Davenport & Treacy mill will walk off with the blue ribbon."

A stack of complimentary letters have been received from agents who have already ordered sample pianos and want more. So it appears now as if the new Davenport & Treacy piano had come to stay and that piano manufacturers of old fogey ideas will find it necessary to hustle in order to keep up with modern ideas and business methods.

Mr. R. A. Murdoch, of Chatham has the agency for these pianos. He has already sold some of them, and it will repay anyone who is interested in the matter to examine and test the one, now at his warehouse.

As a casual glance the piano does not differ very much from other well and extensively constructed instruments. There are six and six and a half inch frame, three pedals, tone moderator, one of the best actions, fine ivory keys, high-grade strings, pine and mahogany, double veneered case, beautifully varnished and the like, but the real point of merit that is sure to make it a great seller is its tone, on which a lot of time and money has been spent. Results, one of the most beautiful toned pianos of the day.

We are sure that it will be a matter of satisfaction to those who wish to buy a reliable piano that they need not go from Chatham to do so, and that they can get a first class instrument which is the scientific and mechanical product of a native of the town.

The ADVANCE will be obliged to its numerous readers if they will enable us to make reference in our local columns to matters and events in which they are interested, or may think their friends may be interested. Many things proper to be noticed in the ADVANCE columns do not appear therein, simply because our attention is not called to them by those who would like to see reference to them in the paper, but have omitted to do their part in making them known. Some, therefore, or write and tell us your local news.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the officiating clergyman, Newcastle, November 25th, Rev. T. J. Johnson, Mr. Daniel F. Tracy, of St. John, N. S., to Miss Jessie M. Moody, of Indianapolis, Ind.

DIED.—At Lower Newcastle, on Nov. 23rd, after 4 days illness, Mrs. Elizabeth Tracy, wife of Daniel F. Tracy, aged 73 years and 8 months.

At Chatham, N. S., on November 2nd, John M. Beatty, aged 42 years, eldest son of Wm. Beatty of Beatty's Bay.

New Advertisement. WANTED. Our Patrons, New and Old, to sit for their

CHRISTMAS PHOTOS NOW

NEW BACKGROUNDS NEW MOUNTS. Style and Workmanship up-to-date at

MERSEREAU'S STUDIO BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING.

WANTED. Agents to fill permanent positions with AT GOOD PAY. All supplies free.

"WATERPILLARINE." Many of our salesmen carry this as a side line and make considerable more than their expenses thereby.

Apply now for territory. STONE & WELLINGTON, TORONTO.

DRY GOODS AT SPECIAL BARGAINS FUR CAPS, CAPES, MUFFS, ETC. Ladies' BLACK DOGSKIN COATS \$30.00 for \$25.00. HORSE RUGS. SPECIAL LINES IN PANTS LENGTHS. W. S. LOGGIE CO. LIMITED. Chatham, N. B., 20th Nov. 1900.

J. B. Snowball Co. Ltd.

NEW FALL GOODS NOW ARRIVING DRY GOODS, HATS & CAPS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES.

Trunks, Valises, Etc. GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

It pays to sell Good Groceries because people want them and buy more. The first sale we make is not the only one.

Desicated Out Wheat, Jewel Gritz, Ralston's Breakfast Food.

Seeded Raisins and Cleaned Currants handled by us, are the best packed. ONLY NEW FRUIT USED.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF CANNED GOODS. CORN, PEAS, PEACHES, TOMATOES, BLUE BERRIES, LOBSTERS, PINE APPLE, SALMON, GALLON APPLES, JAMS and JELLIES.

KNOX and COXES GELATINE, PURE GOLD JELLY POWERS and EXTRACTS, MOTTS CHOCOLATE, BAKERS COCOA, CANDIED PEELS, ETC., ETC.

Chatham, N. B., Sept. 28, 1900.

CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY. WINTER 1900-1.

Table with columns for destination, fares, and connections. Includes routes to Fredericton, Chatham, and Loggieville.

CONNECTIONS are made at Chatham Junction with the C. P. RAILWAY, the Grand Trunk Railway, and the St. Lawrence Railway.

Established 1866. DUNLAP BROS. & CO. AMHERST, N. S.

Dunlap, McKim & Downs, WALLAOE, N. S. DUNLAP, COOKE & CO. AMHERST, N. S.

GO TO PORTLAND, BOSTON, ETC. VIA THE Canada Eastern Railway and Fredericton.

PULP WOOD CONTRACTS!

The subscribers are now making their Contracts for the Winter Season of 1900-1901 to be fulfilled by

DON'T BE DUPED. There have been placed upon the market several cheap reprints of an obsolete edition of Webster's Dictionary.

Webster's International Dictionary of ENGLISH, BIOGRAPHY, GEOGRAPHY, FICTION, ETC. This Book is the Best for Everybody.

Webster's Collegiate Dictionary. Recently abridged from the International and sold at the best for the family and student.

NOTICE. Any person trespassing on my lot number nine of the lot of the Hartwood River, will be dealt with as the law directs.

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BLOOD POISONING

FOLLOWS A WOUND IN THE KNEE CAUSED BY A PITCHFORK.

Five Doctors in Consultation Gave the Poor Fellow a Bad Prognosis—His Life Was Saved.

Among the old families in the township of Augustus, in the neighboring county of Granville, there is none better known or more influential than those that bear the name of Bissell. The Bissells were among the earliest settlers in the township and have ever since taken an active part in all moves to promote its welfare. The subject of our narrative, Mr. Silas Bissell, one of the younger members of the family, who some years ago left Canada to make his home in the state of Nebraska. He has passed through an experience almost unique, and so strange that he is fortunate in being alive to tell the tale.

The story as told in Mr. Bissell's own words is as follows:—"In the autumn of 1898 I sustained a serious injury through having the time of a pitchfork penetrate my left knee. The wound apparently healed, but I did not enjoy the same health as before. The blow was so sudden and unexpected he was completely bewildered; his brain was in a whirl.

"I was looking for John Brooks," said Rex. "I find the cottage empty. Can you tell me where they have gone?" "Gone!" echoed the man, surprised. "I don't understand it; I was passing the door a few hours since, just as the stage drove off with John Brooks and Daisy. 'Good-bye, neighbor,' he called out to me, 'I am off on an extended business trip. You must bring your wife over often to see me; she will be lonely. I'll warrant.' There was no sign of moving them. I don't understand it."

"You say he took Daisy with him," asked Rex with painful eagerness. "Can you tell me where they went?" "The man shook his head and passed on. Rex was more mystified than ever. "What can it all mean?" he asked himself. "Surely," he cried, "Daisy—dear little innocent blue-eyed Daisy—could not have meant to deceive me; yet why has she not told me?"

The hot blood mounted to his temples. Perhaps Daisy regretted having married him and had fled from him. The thought was so bitter it almost took his breath away. Rex loved her so madly, so passionately, so blindly, he vowed to himself he would search heaven and earth to find her. And in that terrible hour the young husband tasted the first draught of the cup of bitterness which he was to drink to the very end.

Early that morning there had been great bustle and stir in the Brooks' cottage in vain Daisy tried to tempt to steal quietly away into her own little room and write a hasty line to Rex, which, if all other means failed her, she could send to him by not one person in a hundred would beguile her to come to her at one. Septima would not leave her to herself for a single instant. Even her writing-desk, which had stood on the bureau all her life, she had been obliged to leave to the care of her mother-in-law. Poor little Daisy cried out to herself—fate was against her.

"I should like to say good-bye to the old familiar scenes, Septima," she said, "but I cannot do so. I must wait here until I have a chance to meet Rex by some means. 'I should like to see the old magnolia-tree down in the glade just once before I go.'"

"Nonsense," replied Septima, sharply, a malicious smile hovering about the corners of her mouth. "I guess the trees and the flowers won't wither or die of grief if you don't bid them good-bye; it's too late now, anyhow. See, here is the stage coming already," she cried, glancing out of the window. "and here comes John with his valises and umbrellas. Make haste, Daisy, where's your gloves and satchel?"

HEIRESS AND WIFE.

Rising hurriedly from the bank on which he had been reclining he made his way impetuously towards the cottage in which Septima bided away. He rapped loudly on the old-fashioned knocker without receiving any response. Rex was restless of all consequences; he must see Daisy at all hazards; and when Rex made up his mind to do anything he usually succeeded; he was as daring and courageous as he was reckless and handsome.

Once, twice, thrice he knocked, receiving no answer to his summons. "That's strange," he mused, "exceedingly strange."

Hardly knowing what prompted him to do it, Rex turned the knob; it yielded to the touch, swinging slowly back on its creaking hinges. "Good heavens!" he ejaculated, gazing wildly about him and as pale as death, "Daisy is gone and the cottage empty!"

He leaped against the door-way, putting his hand to his brow like one who had received a heavy blow; and the bars walls seemed to take up the cry and echo mockingly, "Gone, gone!" The blow was so sudden and unexpected he was completely bewildered; his brain was in a whirl.

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All Japan tees are colored.

SALADA

CEYLON GREEN TEA

is pure and uncolored.

The stranger appeared deeply interested in the columns of the paper he held before him; but in reality he was listening attentively to the conversation going on about him. "I shall not lose sight of this pretty little girl," said Lester Stanwick to himself, for it was he. "No power on earth shall save her from me. I shall win her soft, warm cheek against my rough hand."

"Madame Whitney's seminar is a very high-toned institution," confessed John, reflectively. "The young girls I saw there were no end of furbelows and ribbons; but I'll warrant for fresh, sweet beauty you'll come out ahead of all of 'em. Pet."

"No one but a husband," he responded, promptly. "But you are too young to have such notions in your head. What ails you? You are not a young man, and don't think of being married. We are on the subject, I might as well speak out what I've had on my mind some time back. I don't see why you're so nervous."

"I hope we will get there by noon," said John, anxiously, taking the seat beside her on the crowded train. "If you are late, I can at least write to Rex at once," she thought, "and explain the whole matter to him." Daisy smiled as she thought Rex would be sure to follow on the very next train.

John Brooks watched the smile and the flush of the rosy face, and believed Daisy was beginning to feel more reconciled about going to school. "I hope we will get there by noon," said John, anxiously, taking the seat beside her on the crowded train. "If you are late, I can at least write to Rex at once," she thought, "and explain the whole matter to him."

"Why, Uncle John, I've never away from home alone in my life!" "That's just the difficulty," he answered perplexedly. "I have always guarded my little flower from the world's gaze, but now she is going to the rough side of life."

"Still, I could go on alone," persisted Daisy, bravely. "John Brooks laughed outright. "You were either lost, or I lost at the first corner," he cried. "I shall remember that you have said."

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AGRICULTURAL

BACTERIA AND BUTTER.

Bacteria are friends to the butter maker through their assistance to him in ripening cream. Ripened cream gives a larger amount of butter than cream not ripened, it churns more easily and produces cream favored butter. Butter made from sweet cream is quite flat in flavor and aroma. A good flavor in butter will make a difference of 2 and 3¢ per lb. and sometimes more, and this flavor is developed simply as a result of the ripening.

The cream is placed for ripening at a warm temperature for 24 hours or there, during which period the bacteria are going on about them. The cream is filled with one or another species of bacteria. One class produces flavors which give a high grade of butter, a second class does not affect the flavor, while the third class results in unpleasant flavors, seriously injuring the quality of the butter.

The bacteria present in greatest number are those of the first class. The temperature of ripening, not far from 60 deg., favors the growth of this class, and the results are generally satisfactory. It is a common experience of butter makers, however, that they cannot make uniformly good butter at all seasons of the year. Butter made in the winter is almost always inferior to that made in June.

To secure more uniform results the method has been adopted everywhere to put within the reach of the butter maker the means of inoculating his cream with the proper bacteria. The material used for this purpose is called a starter, and may be made by allowing the right kind of a bacteria in sterilized milk, or by simply taking a lot of milk from the cleanest dairy that can be found, keeping it in a sterilized vessel and allowing it to sour naturally. The practical results of the simple method last mentioned are very satisfactory, and is the one most generally adopted.

There are two ways of using the starter. By one the cream is pasteurized; that is, the cream is heated to a temperature of 155 degrees for the purpose of destroying the bacteria already present, and a starter is added after cooling. By the second method a starter is added to the cream without pasteurization. Cream butter from unpasteurized cream seems to be better adapted to American taste than the pasteurized product.

To summarize the means of securing the proper butter flavors: The butter maker must insist upon cleanliness in the barn and dairies which furnish the milk and must be particular in the use of a starter for controlling the ripening process. This starter may be either a natural or a commercial one, and used with or without previous pasteurization of the cream.

POULTRY POINTERS.

If young fowls are to be used for breeders they should be selected from the earliest hatched—those hatched in March or April—so that they be reasonably well matured.

"All coms look alike to me!" is do most teas, but none taste like Blue Ribbon Ceylon.

Policies May Change, Opinions May Change, but one thing that never changes, that is the quality of

LUDELLA

CEYLON TEA. It always remains the best.

In Lead Packages 25, 30, 40, 50 and 100.

APPLES

Poultry, Butter, Eggs and other Produce.

If you have any correspond with us. We want 100 CARLOADS to supply our trade.

The Dawson Commission Co., Limited, Toronto.

ARMY BOOTS FROM SPAIN. The question of providing a new marching boot for the army is engaging the attention of the war office, and an important announcement may be made on this subject before long.

In forced marches in hot weather the head and feet suffer most, and of the two cases of exhaustion arising from the inappropriate covering for the feet are ten times more numerous than those arising from inappropriate covering for the head.

Some time ago, while making a walking tour through Spain, a foreign attaché joined himself through the courtesy of the colonel to a Spanish infantry regiment at that time engaged in a series of forced marches. Though a fairly seasoned pedestrian, he found it impossible to keep up the pace of the Spanish soldiers, and was about to relinquish the enterprise when the colonel loaned him a pair of marching shoes, with the result that he was able without difficulty to accompany the troops for seven consecutive days at an average of thirty miles a day.

The German war office about the same time sent two emissaries from Berlin to try the boots. Every morning before day-break they were out among the hills, one wearing alpargatas and the other ordinary army boots. Their report was so satisfactory that large quantities of alpargatas have been purchased by Germany.

Spanish military men declare that the difference between ordinary walking boots and alpargatas represents at least six miles a day. The cost is about 15¢ a pair. Lord Wolseley, it is understood, is having a report prepared on the subject. In a hot country the utility of alpargatas is undoubted, and had the war office possessed large supplies at the time of the Sudan and Transvaal campaigns the troops might have been saved much suffering and inconvenience.

It is not likely that any of these boots can be obtained in time for the operations in China, but they would be useful there.

W P C 1050 CALVERT'S... METAL ROOFING... LAW Music Teachers Wanted... Catholic Prayer... Gents' Suits Cleaned... THE MOST NUTRITIOUS... EPP'S... COCOA... The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation... Deposits... Debentures... Surplus Assets... WAX... THE QUEEN CITY OIL CO., Limited.