

ANALYTICAL INDEX

TO THE

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE DEBATES

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

SIXTH SESSION—TWELFTH PARLIAMENT
6 GEORGE V, 1916.

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PREFACE.

This volume provides an Analytical Index of the Official Report of the Debates of the House of Commons for the Session, 1916, and is designed as a ready reference for the use of Members of Parliament and others who have to make research.

The work is in three sections—A table of the Sessions of the House, a Subject Index and a Name Index. In the first is given a table of the columns for each working day of the session; in the second the questions discussed are treated analytically under the subject heading, in the third section the members' names are arranged alphabetically, and the subjects discussed follow in alphabetical order.

The volume has been prepared by instruction of the Debates Committee of the House.

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Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—
22.

Congratulates the Speaker on his election and the mover and seconder of the Address and refers feelingly to the members who have passed away, 22. The estimates were not greatly cut down last session, but they were left there with the distinct understanding, if I recollect correctly, that no new works should be undertaken during the pendency of this war, unless they were of the most urgent and imperative character. That policy has absolutely been carried out from the commencement of the war, until the present time. But I desire to say that if in the urgency of conditions as they may be pressed upon this country in the future it should be necessary for us to take that course, the

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Government would not shrink from taking it. Proceedings by the Government to secure wheat, and the war referred to, 23. At the moment let me express my full confidence that the necessary preparation is now being effectively made. Then we have the overmastering facts that the numbers and resources of the allied nations vastly exceed those of the enemy, and that the British and Allied navies have complete command of the seas—a consideration which in itself outweighs, in the balance of victory, all the military successes which Germany and Austria have attained, 24. The forces sent across the Atlantic and the increase to 500,000 referred to. My right hon. friend says that seems to him a very large number. So it is, a very large number. We must, however, remember that we are fighting in this war as one of the nations of the British Empire. Order in Council increasing forces quoted, 25. In speaking in the first two or three months of this war I made it clear to the people of Canada that we did not propose any conscription. I repeat that announcement to-day with emphasis, 26. Reference made to appointment of commissions, 26-7. Now I come to my visit to Great Britain during the past summer. One of the objects which I had in mind in undertaking that mission was to ascertain from first hand information, as best I could, what might be the preparations of the Empire for winning the war by the organization of all its

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resources, 27-32. There is no doubt as to what Germany anticipated and intended when this war was planned. She believed that Great Britain would stand aside and thus earn and deserve the contempt and aversion of her allies and the scorn of the world. France would be crushed, Russia hurled back, and peace made under such conditions as would completely isolate our Empire, 32.

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough East)—372.

I am shocked, Mr. Speaker, indeed, I am terrified, to find this House being turned into a political shambles. I do not purpose to excite further controversy by saying which side is to blame; I leave it to an impartial public to judge when they have understood thoroughly how this debate was begun, and how it has been carried on. Extracts from speeches quoted and criticised, 372-7.

Burrell, Hon. Martin (Minister of Agriculture)—313.

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Carroll, W. F. (Cape Breton South)—363.

Bourassa and Lavergne and Nationalists generally criticised 363-5. I admit freely that this Government is doing well as regards recruiting in this country, 366. If my hon. friend the Solicitor General is right in his contention that the Shell Committee has done no wrong, it is a fair proposition for the Government to show to Parliament and to the country

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that this committee is all right, 367. What has the Government done to contribute to the naval defence of Canada since this war began?, 368.

Partisanship in recruiting, technical education referred to, 369-72.

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—

War finances dealt with, 236-7. Shells and other military contracts referred to, 237-277.

Casgrain, Hon. T. Chase (Postmaster General)—40.

Reference made to the speeches of Mr. Clarke and the mover and seconder of The Address, 40-1. Refers to his trip to the West in regard to postal and other matters and recruiting meetings held by himself, colleagues and others in the province of Quebec, 42. The Catholic Church in the province of Quebec, as in days of old, has done its duty. At the very beginning of the war, a pastoral letter was issued by the archbishops and bishops of Quebec (calling upon their flocks to respond to the call of duty and to serve the flag, 43. Quotations from *Le Devoir*. The province of Quebec understands what her duty is; she understands that it is in her interest to participate in this war and for Canada it is a war of self-defence, 44. What do we owe to England? Is it not a fact that we owe her our free institutions, our autonomous government, the privileges which, I have no hesitation in saying, make us the freest people in the world? What do we owe to France? We owe to France what the child owes to the mother: our greatest love and our fondest admiration. What an example France is giving us to-day!, 45. I turn to the overseas dominions, and what a splendid example they have given to the world! An example unequalled in history, 46. Sir, it seems to me that in this conflict—and I am only repeating what I have heard others say, and what I feel most earnestly—the whole nation must have but one aim in view, that is, the triumph of our arms and the vindication of the eternal principles of right, and justice, and freedom, 47.

Clark, Michael (Red Deer)—32.

Congratulates mover and seconder of Address and desired also to associate himself with the mover on the remarks about His Royal Highness. As a prince, son of one of the most illustrious monarchs that ever sat upon the throne of Britain—brother of one of the most beloved—uncle of our present monarch, he has been an example of how a man should live, even though he be a prince, 32. Reference made to the bounteous harvest in the West, the prices of farm produce and free wheat market to the United States, 33. I want to congratulate the Government upon the fact that they have, I think, correctly interpreted the mind of the country in regard to the holding or not holding of an election dur-

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ing the time of war, 34-5. I am perfectly sure that the people would be satisfied in their own minds if they could have an explanation of how long exactly it takes the men to get from the recruiting point to the point at which they are doing something really effective in the efforts that are being made for the termination of the war. That is where the Government's responsibility lands it, 36. But I should be false to my own sense of duty if I did not say that at this time the air is full of rumors as to what is being done with the enormous amount of money that is being voted by the Parliament of Canada, 37. I desire to say that we here also claim our full share of the determination which is expressed in the Speech, that no effort shall be wanting on the part of Canada, so far as we can speak for any portion of it, to bring this war to a successful termination, 38.

Cockshutt, W. F. (Brantford)—57.

Reference made to the speeches of the mover and seconder of the Address and the war and Canada's part in it, 57-60. The great financial task which confronts Great Britain touched upon and figures quoted, 60-1. Let us now see what Australia, the next elder member of the British family of nations is doing, 61-2. There is no haggling about rights, about whether I am doing a little too much and the other fellow a little too little; but every man, and every woman, and every child, has placed his or her services unreservedly at the command of the nation, and has said: Where I can serve, send me! That is the spirit which we must display if we are going to win this war, 64. We have not yet wakened up in this country to the fact that we are really at war. If some of us could only see trampled Belgium, if some of us could only take a walk through Serbia, take a glance through Poland and see homesteads devastated, the land bare and every young man, woman and child, old, maimed and crippled, all driven out of the country which to them was just as dear as ours is to us, then we would realize perhaps that we are at war, 66.

Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—403.

I wish to refer for a moment or two to the question of our right to criticise the actions of the Government in regard to what we consider questions of great public importance, 403. The Shell Committee criticised, 405-09. The purchase of hay referred to, 410-12. Extension of the life of Parliament referred to, 413.

Demers, M. J. (St. Johns and Iberville)—529.

Mr. Speaker, the French Canadian Conservatives are not satisfied with the appointment of the new minister. As his colleagues had done before him in former sessions, the hon. minister has endeavoured to explain what he has done in the past, 529. Expenditure for war purposes dealt with, 530-1.

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Devlin, E. B., (Wright), 337.

Submarines, trade, finances, taxes, public works, Shell Committee and other matters referred to, 337-50.

Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac), 350.

At this particular time, when the liberties of mankind are in the balance, and when the very foundations of civilization are being threatened, the utterances of public men are of more than ordinary interest, 350. We were prepared then, and we are prepared to-day, to trade with the people of the United States or any other people on a fair basis, but we are not prepared to give away this country, as hon. gentlemen opposite have been disposed to do on more than one occasion, 351. As far as the hon. member for Carleton is concerned, when his hand grenades or rather his mouth grenades, his shrapnel and high explosives and his sniping failed to make a hit, he undertook to make use of the poisonous gas of misrepresentation; and, a very short time after he had started that gas in the direction of the Government, the wind changed and it was blown back in his own face, and he has gone away now, pretty sick, 352. In so far as his equally wild and reckless statements concerning the purchase of hay are concerned, I should think that the hon. member for Carleton, N.B., would never mention hay again, 353. Shells and other matters referred to, 354-5. Bourassa and Laverge strongly condemned, 357-8. The Opposition leader's remarks compared with the Prime Minister's in reference to British connection, 360. Enlistment figures, etc., by provinces and other remarks, 360-3.

Glass, F. S. (Middlesex East)—277.

The unusual conditions which we are called upon to meet remind us of the weighty problems with which this country is confronted at the present time, 277. The trade of the whole world has been deranged. Transportation has been crippled, especially so by the withdrawal of shipping from the customary channels to provide for the more urgent needs of war, 278. That brings me to the point in the discussion which has taken up a large part of the time of Mr. Carvell, the munition question, which I think, has taken up the greater part of the debate since its commencement, 279. *Free Press* quoted, 280. I wish now to refer to some remarks that my hon. friend from Russell (Mr. Murphy) made the other day, 283. The question whether Great Britain will adopt a protective tariff after the war is being discussed in England, and the idea finds favour among many newspapers which were formerly free traders, 285. Now, Sir, in face of all that has happened, in view of the conditions that exist, is it not our duty to look forward with cheer and hope to the prospects of another year?—286.

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Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—491.

A general criticism of the Government, 491-2. Shells referred to, 493-8. Recruiting referred to, 498-501. Naval policy referred to, 502-5.

Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—184.

Congratulates Mr. Speaker on his election and the mover and seconder of Address, 184. Mr. Clark has made certain representations in regard to delays that may have occurred between the time when the Canadian troops are enlisted and the time when they actually get into the firing line. I would like to say a few words on that, 84-5. The hon. member for the city of St. John holds the Government responsible for the high freight rates because, as he suggests, the members of the Administration had been spending too much time in addressing recruiting meetings, 185-6. Military and naval requirements must be paramount, rough and ready though their demands often are; and they must be served fully at the cost of all other considerations. I now wish to say a few words regarding the regular transportation service inaugurated for carrying supplies and munitions of war for the British Government, 187-193. My hon. friend from St. John dealt with the question of the conduct of the Shell Committee, of which General Bertram was Chairman. I do not intend to follow him all through his argument, and his address on this subject, but I do intend to take up one or two points in connection with the question, 193-9. I now pass on to refer to a few other matters in connection with some subjects that were dealt with by hon. gentlemen opposite. First, I desire to refer to the statement made by the hon. member for St. John with regard to the investigation held by Sir Charles Davidson into the purchase before the war of the submarines at Seattle, for use in British Columbia waters, 200-211. The hon. member for Edmonton (Mr. Oliver) referred to another matter of great importance, that is, the pensions paid to Canadian soldiers, 211-215. There are one or two other matters with which I would like to deal. My hon. friend the member for St. John made certain references to the extension of the term of Parliament. My hon. friend from Gloucester also referred to it, 215-17. The hon. member for Richmond, N.S., spoke the other night about the evidences of patronage in connection with shell matters in Cape Breton and more particularly in connection with the appointment of inspectors. My hon. friend stated that nobody could be appointed as an inspector unless he had a recommendation from the Borden Club or some other political organization there. I am not quoting my hon. friend's exact words but that was the effect of them. What are the facts, 217-18.

Hughes, Hon. Sir Sam (Minister of Militia and Defence)—287.

I wish to deal, as briefly as possible and yet as fully as possible, with some of

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the statements that have been made by gentlemen on the other side—possibly by gentlemen on both sides—as to the impatience of the troops to get across the water, 288. Reference has been made to machine guns. That subject, in fact, has been discussed very fully in the House, and I am sure every one here will agree with me that this is one topic that ought not to be openly discussed in Parliament, 289. I have also observed that some question was raised in this debate about Colt pistols and Colt machine guns. As this is a Canadian matter, I wish to give the fullest information at once, 290-1. At this point I may be permitted to state briefly where our soldiers are stationed. At the present time we have about 60,000 soldiers in France, nearly 60,000 in England, and the balance of 250,000 odd training in Canada. We have three divisions at the front, and a fourth is in course of preparation. Other troops are ready in Canada to cross to England, and the troops in England are getting ready to cross to France. We trust that in a very short time we shall have the different units, the artillery, infantry, army medical corps and army service corps complete for the four divisions at the front, 291-2. I wish to take up for a few moments that very-much-discussed question in days gone by, the Ross rifle, 292-3. My good friend from Carleton, N.E. (Mr. Carvell), in the course of his address yesterday, trusted that I would raise the veil, with regard to shells, and explain some party politics in that connection in my own county. I will do so with the very greatest pleasure, 293. Militia appointment referred to, 294. I now come to a very interesting part of the discussion, namely, the Shell Committee. And here let me frankly admit to the House that it is my baby; I am the father of the concern, be it for good or be it for bad, and I purpose sticking to it as long as it has a button left on its jacket, 295-303.

Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw)—423.

Allusion made to the desire of the West for free wheat and agricultural implements and to the speech of Mr. Pugsley, 423. I am not a Conservative, and I am almost sure that I never will be, but I would think it my duty to uphold the hands of the Prime Minister at this time, 424. To extend the life of Parliament is a very serious thing to do anyway, and a somewhat cheeky thing, 425-6. Transportation of wheat referred to, 427-32. I wish to say a word about this dirty seed grain, 432-4. The greatest problem in this country, during and after the war, will be the problem of producing wealth, 435.

Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.)—138.

The Government of which the Minister of Finance is such a distinguished member is not doing its share in the practice of economy and thus relieve as far as possible the burdens of the people, 138.

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I would appeal to hon. gentlemen sitting upon the Treasury benches to spend no more money upon the Hudson Bay railway until the conditions in Canada are more favourable and the people are better able to bear the burden of extra taxation than they are at this time, 139-140. Shells and their manufacture in Canada referred to, 141-4 charges partizanship in the recruiting of officers in N. S., 145-6. Reference made to the Public Accounts Committee, 146-7.

Lamarche, P. E. (Nicolet)—467.

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Lapointe, Ernest (Kamouraska)—377.

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Lawrie, Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—16.

Congratulates mover and seconder of Address. We meet again under the shadow of the disastrous war in which we have been engaged for something like eighteen months—a shadow which seems to be darker now than it was in the month of April last, when Parliament prorogued. No one expected that in the year 1915 we would see the end of the war, but all expected that we would see the beginning of the end. The only complete victory which has been won during the war has been won by the British navy, 16. When the war broke out, both parties in this House agreed that it was the duty of the Canadian people to participate in the war to the fulness of our resources. That decision, made on the floor of this Parliament by both sides of the House, was unanimously ratified by the Canadian people. On this very question of our participation in the wars of Great Britain there has been between my right hon. friend on the other side and myself a line of cleavage, 17. Our action has not been based upon the sophistry which we have heard in the Nationalist press; our action has been based upon the primary condition that we must be free, or that we must lose our freedom. Upon that our choice has been made, 18. I shall be prepared, and my friends around me will be prepared to listen to, and to discuss in the spirit in which all such propositions should be discussed, the proposition which the Government deems essential to carry on the fight in which we are engaged, 19. Regrets that there is no intimation of cutting down expenditure and reference made to commanding of wheat in November, 20-22.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—47.

The functions of the government in any British country are of the nature of a trust, generally speaking, and more so during a war when expenditures are

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as stupendous as they are to-day, 48. I have no hesitation in proclaiming high and loud that the common defence of the Empire means in my humble judgment the common defence of our liberty. In this sense my hon. friend the Postmaster General is right when he says that in the present war the first line of defence of Canada is in the plains of Flanders, 49. There exists now an indissoluble union between England and France, a union cemented by the blood of the bravest on the plains of Flanders and on the cliffs of the Dardanelles, 50. Mr. Bourassa does no more represent public opinion in my province on this issue than Bernard Shaw represents England's opinion in the old country. Mr. Speaker, we are a unit. Nine thousand of our kith and kin are on the battlefield, 51. Reference made to the cost per capita of running the country and the administration of the Post Office Department particularly, 52-3. The first lesson which my hon. friend the Minister of Finance has to learn is the lesson of economy, the most stringent economy. He has been borrowing and wasting too much, and a halt should be called, because he should not forget that while the burden of debt must be borne, the capacity to bear it is limited, 54. The conditions which will exist after the war, technical education and the Premier's visit to England referred to, 55-6.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—218.

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Maclean, W. F. (York South)—44.

As to what is called the seizure of the wheat, I think it is quite within the duty and competence of the Government, especially on an occasion of this kind, to take possession of wheat if they think it is in the public interest to do so. The war situation referred to, 461-3. What I should like to know is why Parliament is not now devoting its attention to this great question of financial reform, which may involve the nationalization of the currency of this country, and which does involve the creation of these mortgage banks for the benefit of the farmers, 464. What are we doing to find out how great a supply of petroleum we have in the Northwest, and how are we going to conserve it? 465. Certainly a way could be found to utilize our nickel and petroleum for the benefit of the Empire, but of course we can do nothing unless Parliament takes the matter up, and Parliament should deal with it at once, 466-7.

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Mr. D. D. McKenzie's speech criticised, 398-402.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—303.

I wish to follow for a little some of the points made by the Minister of Militia in the order in which he made them, 304-10. Let me say a few words in a general way as to the general administration of the country, 311. I wish to say a little in regard to the partyism which has been rampant in this country since the Conservatives came into power in 1911, and to point out that, in so far as my part of the country is concerned, this Government has been to us a disappointment, 312-13.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—467.

The war referred to, 467. Object in speaking is principally to repel aspersions cast upon Quebec, 477-82. Bilingual school question referred to, and the French race in Canada defended, 482-91.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—115.

I shall not undertake to comment as a member of the Government, on much of what the hon. member has said with regard to the conduct and equipment of the forces of Canada. An answer, in so far as an answer can be given to the specific complaint he makes, having regard to Imperial interests, can be better made by some member of the Administration more closely in touch with our military forces, 115. But when the hon. gentleman complains that we should have insisted, upon the British Government commandeering vessels under their control for the purpose of carrying grain, so as to be consistent with our design in getting them to commandeer vessels for the carrying of munitions, he fails to observe that there is a very clear distinction between the carriage of Canadian grain and the carriage of British Government munitions, 116. There is no country on the face of the globe at the present time that is not compelled, under the conditions which obtain, to pay exorbitant transportation rates, 117. It is impossible to shut our eyes to the truth; that doubtless a part of the increased rate is paid by the consumer himself. The conditions that obtain in the trade are complicated, they vary from day to day,

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and it is only putting it moderately to say that without any question whatever a large share is paid by the consumer in European countries. I am afraid it would be impossible with any deference to truth at all, to say that the hon. member for St. John had conducted himself in Parliament with any regard whatever to the tremendous and appalling character of the events that overhang this country, 118. I am going to endeavour to expose to the House the artifices to which the hon. gentlemen descended, and the devices which he adopted in order to secure what he thought was a party advantage, and I shall ask the House whether, in the exercise of these arts and devices, he conducted himself in a manner befitting an hon. member of this House in these times, 119. We divorced the shell committee from the Canadian Government in the matter of responsibility; we made them a committee of the Imperial authority. I am not here to say whether they did wrong throughout or whether they did right throughout; they are answerable to the Imperial authorities for what they did, 120. I stated that I would have something to say about the devices adopted by the hon. member for St. John, 121-9. I wish now, Sir, to refer to another subject, and one with which I am confident I can deal without long engaging the attention of the House. Certain references were made by the hon. member for St. John to what is now popularly named the Davidson Commission, a commission appointed under the Inquiries Act to investigate the letting of war contracts, 129-137.

Murphy, Hon. Charles (Russell)—156.

It is eminently fitting that at the opening of another war session we should reaffirm our determination to consecrate with renewed energy all the moral and material resources of this country to the task of securing victory for the cause in defence of which so many thousands of our brave fellow countrymen have already laid down their lives, 156. Refers to the Premier's visit to England expressing disappointment at the information given as to his invitation to attend a meeting of the British Coalition Government, 157-8. Thinks an investigation should be held on war expenditures and quotes newspaper extracts in support, 158-167. Reference made to Solicitor General's speech, 167-71.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—99.

I did not desire to deal with the question of supply of munitions to the British Government by the manufacturers of Canada. It was not my purpose in rising to address the House to deal with that question, and I do not go any further now than merely to say, that accusations of disloyalty against those who are sent here for the purpose of guarding the interests of the public because they ask in a most respectful way for information for the benefit of the public in regard to

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the expenditures of the moneys of the public, cannot be maintained. Ocean freight referred to, 100-01. Dealing with the proposal to extend the life of Parliament, I am quite aware that in conditions such as we have at this time, the mere fact that it is unusual and unprecedented does not seriously militate against its favourable consideration or against its being given effect to, 103. We have not a dollar to waste in connection with this war. We need every dollar we have, and we shall need every dollar we can raise in order to carry on our share in the war to a successful conclusion, 103. The important point is that we have undertaken to find half a million men for active service in this war, and that as I said, we will have to cut to the bone in order to get them, 104. There is at the present time the matter of dealing with the disabled men as they come from the front. I am prepared to question the Government's policy in regard to that, 105. Enlistment of men for overseas forces dealt with, 107-115.

Paquet, Eugene (L'Islet)—11.

In seconding the motion for an Address in reply to the speech of His Royal Highness, it is my object to rise above partisan considerations, and let myself be prompted by the truly Canadian sentiment of rallying every Member of this House, every citizen of this country, every race, every effort and every sacrifice, to the sacred cause of safeguarding our national existence, 11-12. Quotations from speeches of Sir Robert, the Postmaster General and others, 12-14. Reference made to extension of Parliamentary term, financial situation, trade and other matters, 15.

Pardee, F. F. (Lambton West)—453.

The duty of the Government is to give the lead to patriotic public sentiment; and to invite friendly counsel and thoughtful and honest criticism, 453. Another problem that will confront us at the close of this war is the home-coming soldier, and that is a problem, with one other I shall mention, that, above all others, the people of Canada, if they dare to call themselves loyal citizens, if they have faith in themselves and in the Empire, must take care of, 454. Urges economy in the administration of public affairs, 455. Deprecates the building up of an aristocratic party in this country, 457.

Parthenaude, Hon. E. L. (Minister of Inland Revenue)—521.

The general drift of the present discussion point to a desire in certain quarters to spread throughout the country and have the people believe the story that there exists in Canada a group of citizens who are not loyal to the British Crown. I say that such a fable ought not to be given currency, and its authors should be censured rather than the men who on each side of this House are endeavouring to fulfil their duty, 522-4. I now come to

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a discussion of the situation as it was to be found at the time of the general elections in 1911 and when war was declared in 1914, 525-6. Nevertheless, it must be acknowledged that outside a certain section of the people, a stop was put to disputes. It stood to reason that such wrangling should come to an end while Germany was treading Belgium under foot, was showering bombs on the Rheims cathedral, in the heart of France, was ruining the library of Louvain, the brains of Belgium, as it were, and had armies pushing their way close to the city of Paris. Great Britain sided with France. Is there a Canadian bold enough to contend that we should remain indifferent to what is going on, and that, whatever opinions we may hold, we should not strive to the utmost towards the triumph of the common cause and of our own interests, 527-8.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—67.

Reference made to extension of Parliament and errors of judgment of Government in preparing for the war, 67. If a commission is appointed—and I should like my hon. friend's assurance that it will be appointed—to investigate the actions of this Shell Committee, it will be shown that through the bungling of this Government prices were paid for shells far beyond what was reasonable and fair, and that the Allies have been called upon to pay vastly larger sums than would have been necessary if proper organization had taken place, 72. I am told—these things get abroad; they are talked of in Toronto; they are talked of in Ottawa—that something like \$24,000,000 worth of orders were given by this Shell Committee in the United States, 73. I think I yesterday called attention to the fact, and I desire to repeat it to-day, that the constitution of this Shell Committee was entirely contrary to the public interest, and this Government ought to have known it, 79. Although this country was supposed to have guarding its interests a committee of eight members, four of them civilians and four of the military men, General Bertram says that really nobody but himself was looking after those important interests, 80. Quotations from newspapers *re* shells, 81-91. Equipment of soldiers referred to, 91-2. Asks that a committee be appointed to investigate shell committee, 93.

Scott, F. Stewart (Waterloo South)—171.

We may not know at the present time what may be the future position of the colonies and their relation to the Motherland but we do know that never again will the people of this Empire be satisfied with the relations that have existed in the past. Munition contracts dealt with, 172. Trade matters referred to, 173-4. War contracts again referred to, 175-7.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—414.

Thinks there are two matters to which people are open to congratulation: the

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united front shown the enemy and the record of the soldiers at the front, 415-16. Patronage referred to and deplored, 417-422. We hoped for improvement but have been disappointed, 423.

Taylor, J. D. (New Westminster)—384.

The outstanding feature of the sessional programme as indicated in the speech now under discussion, is a request for authorization of the increase of the Canadian Expeditionary Force to 500,000, 384. In following Imperial example and seeking an extension of the life of Parliament, in my opinion the Government interpret properly the will of the Canadian people, 385. Observations of Opposition gentlemen on different topics criticised, 386-9.

Thompson, Alfred (Yukon), 5.

The winning of the war, this great world-shaking war, is the overshadowing issue to-day in Canada, as well as in every other part of the British Empire; and, that being so, this Ministry must have an eye single to this great contest; they must be able to devote their energies to this great issue; and it is for the purpose of removing the possibility of an election that an extension of parliamentary term is desired, 7. Reference made to agriculture and mineral products and financial standing of Canada, 7-8. The fortunes of war referred to, 9-10-11.

Thomson, Levi (Qu'Appelle)—458.

Reference made to the commandeering of wheat, 458-61.

Turgeon, O. (Gloucester)—178.

Tells what has been going on among the Acadians since the war broke out, 178-80. No one appreciates more deeply than I do the position in which Canada is at present on account of this war, 181. Extension of Parliament referred to, 181-3.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—436.

We are deeply involved in the war, and things have not been going as well as might have been expected or as many of us hoped, but we are into the war, and we are in it to stay until the end, cost what it may in men or in money. That is the position the Liberal party has taken, and that is the position we are going to stand by until the end of this war, 437. Seed grain, war financing, shells, harbour improvements, commandeering of wheat referred to, 438-53.

Wilcox, Oliver J. (Essex North)—93.

I cannot conceive of a speech that has been delivered in this House since the great world crisis has faced the people of Canada that has been so unbecoming, so out of place, as that which has been delivered by the hon. member for St. John, 93. Ottawa *Free Press* quoted with regard to Mr. Pugsley's speech, 95-6. The hon. gentleman last evening tried to make a

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case against the Government by asserting that enough had not been done for the farmers of Canada, 96. The Government has been doing everything in their power to adjust the freight rates, but it should be remembered that conditions exist to-day upon the high seas over which no government has control, 97. The extension of the life of Parliament is not serious, and the Government has taken that position, 98. I say let us for goodness sake throw this old political game into the ditch. It is rotten. Let us remember that the country and the institutions under which we live are at stake, and that everything that was won for us by our forefathers must go if Germany wins, 99.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE GRAIN ACT.

Statement.—Sir George Foster—3189.

Remarks:

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—3226.
Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—3189-97, 3199, 3201, 3224-30.
Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—3197-9.
Martin, W. M. (Regina)—3219-24.
Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—3207-14.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3201-5.
Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3214-19.
Wright, Wm. (Muskoka)—3206-7.

AGRICULTURAL LABOUR.

Memorandum presented of soldiers on leave for seeding and ploughing.—Sir Robert Borden, 4129.

ALLEGED CAPTURE OF RAINBOW.

Inquiry.—Mr. Lemieux, 3297.

ALLEGED DISTURBANCE AT EDMONTON.

Inquiry.—Mr. Oliver.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—887-8.

Quotes Bulletin of February 12, as to disturbance.

ALLEGED ENLISTMENT OF FOREIGN LABOURERS.

Attention called.—Mr. Stevens, 3145-6.

Alleged omission from Hansard. Attention called to error.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 2647.

Alleged Omission from Hansard. Attention called to error.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 2840.

Alleged omission from Hansard. Attention again called.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 3099.

Alleged suppression of recruiting. Inquiry.—Mr. Burnham, 1607.

Allied Economic Congress, Inquiry.—Mr. Graham, 2802.

ALLOWANCES TO DEPENDENTS OF SOLDIERS.

Reference to, Mr. Oliver, 4102.

Remarks:

- Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—4105-06, 4107-8, 4112-15, 4120-7.
 Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—4122-3.
 Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—4121-2.
 Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—4112-13.
 Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—4116-17.
 Nickle, W. F. (Kingston)—4125.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton), 4102-05, 4112, 4114-16.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—4106-7, 4113.
 Reid, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Customs)—4123-5.
 Rogers Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—4108-11.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—4120-21.
 White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—4117-20.

APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE.

Motion:

That Mr. Edgar N. Rhodes, member for the electoral division of Cumberland, be appointed chairman of Committees of the Whole House.—Sir Robert Borden—531.

ASH WEDNESDAY ADJOURNMENT.

Motion:

That when this House adjourns on Tuesday, the seventh day of March, it do stand adjourned until Thursday, the ninth day of March instant, at three o'clock, p. m.—Sir Robert Borden—1309.

ASSISTANCE TO SHIPBUILDING.

Return complained of.—Mr. Macdonald—2115.

BANK LOANS TO FARMERS.

House in Committee on Bill No. 33—Sir Thomas White—611.

Bill reported.

Bank Act Amendment—

Resolution: That it is expedient to amend the Bank Act by repealing the provision limiting the time within which chartered banks may lend money for the purchase of seed grain upon the security of the grain purchased, the crops to be grown therefrom and the seed thrashed from the crop; and also by permitting the chartered banks to lend money to farmers and those engaged in raising stock upon the security of their live stock, that is to say, upon horses and their progeny, bulls and cows and their progeny, sheep, and swine, Sir Thomas White, 674.

BANK LOANS TO FARMERS—*Con.*

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—679.

The farmers thought that they should be able to get this credit direct from the bank. The matter came before the United Farmers Association, at its recent meeting in the city of Calgary, and they endorsed the idea contained in this resolution of the Minister of Finance, 679.

Lawrie, Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—679.

This resolution deals with two classes of goods belonging to farmers: grain, and live stock. I understand that the purpose of the resolution is to give banks the power to take a lien upon live stock, and to have the lien published or registered, 679.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—677.

When this matter was before the House on a previous occasion, I took very strong ground against legislation of this kind being effected. I still think it would be very objectionable to pass such an Act, because it would enable the banks to strengthen their security, as they would naturally do, 677.

Thomson, Levi (Qu'Appelle)—680.
 Endorses amendment, 680-1.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—674.

Strong representations have been made to me that this legislation is very desirable. It has been pointed out, particularly from the West, that the enactment of this legislation would facilitate the making of further advances, affording a greater degree of credit to those engaged in the live stock industry; and also that the banks would be more willing to loan substantial sums, and for longer periods, if they were permitted to take the securities referred to in this Act, 675-6.

BANK LOANS TO FARMERS—

Motion for second reading of Bill No. 33.—
 Sir Thomas White, 924.

Douglas, J. M. (Strathcona)—930.

Expresses pleasure at the stand taken by the Minister of Finance, 930-1.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—931.

My experience and practice of something over twenty years has been that in the East live stock is about the poorest security you can give for a loan whether it is given by bill of sale or chattel mortgage. To my mind, therefore, the advantage will be more fancied than real, 931. If the minister is going to provide for future conditions, I urge him to empower the banks to loan money upon personal property generally; in that way he would avoid discrimination. he would avoid class legislation, 932.

McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—928.

It would be of great value to the farmers to know what banks they might apply

BANK LOANS TO FARMERS—*Con.*

to with the security afforded under this Bill and be sure that they would get advances, 928. I simply make the suggestion to the minister that the time may come when it will be necessary for him to see that we do not have weak banks that cannot do the work they are undertaking to do, 929.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—934.

Asks an explanation as to what the rights of the banks are to be under this bill of sale, 934-5.

Smith, William (Ontario South)—933.

I take it to be scarcely possible that the western farmers would be opposed to the propositions of the Minister of Finance, for those propositions will be to their interest, 933.

Turri, J. G. (Assiniboia)—929.

If the banks under this legislation, are not going to advance any more money than they have been advancing to the farmers in the past, it would be worth the minister's while to consider whether they should be given this extra security, 929. I do not want to be understood as opposing this proposal because it may be all right and it may be a help in some ways, but it does not seem to me that we are going far enough or that we are getting at the root of the trouble, 930.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—925.

For the information of the House, and as showing the point of view of myself, of the bankers, and of the farmers of the West, I propose to place on Hansard certain correspondence, 925-7. Grain Growers Guide quoted as to advances upon security of grain, 927. I know that all members of the House have but one idea with regard to this matter, and that is to adopt legislation that will facilitate the extension of credit along safe and sound lines to our great agricultural community, 928. The intention of the legislation is that the bank may take a chattel mortgage in provinces where there is provision for the registration of chattel mortgages, 935. When this matter comes before the committee it is my hope and wish that the proposed legislation will be thoroughly canvassed, because it does involve a departure and if, in the opinion of the majority of the committee, it is deemed advisable that a time limit should be put upon this legislation, so that it may, in a sense, be experimental, that will be well worthy of consideration, 937.

BILLS FIRST READING.

Bill (No. 1) respecting the Administration of Oaths of Office.—Sir George Foster, 5.

Bill (No. 2) to amend the Criminal Code.—Mr. Mr. Bickerdike, 39.

Bill (No. 3) respecting the Burrard Inlet Tunnel and Bridge Company.—Mr. Stevens, 147.

BILLS—FIRST READING—*Con.*

Bill (No. 4) respecting the Canadian Northern Railway Company.—Mr. Bradbury, 147.

Bill (No. 5) respecting the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 147.

Bill (No. 6) to confirm certain agreements made between the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway, the Canadian Northern Railway Company and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 147.

Bill (No. 7) respecting the Farnham and Granby Railway Company of Canada.—Mr. Douglas, 147.

Bill (No. 8) respecting the Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 147.

Bill (No. 9) respecting the Peace River Tramway and Navigation Company.—Mr. Douglas, 147.

Bill (No. 10) to incorporate "Les Sœurs de l'Assomption de la Sainte-Vierge.—Mr. Lemieux, 148.

Bill (No. 11) respecting British America Nickel Corporation, Limited.—Mr. Northrup, 287.

Bill (No. 12) respecting The Calgary and Edmonton Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 287.

Bill (No. 13) respecting The Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. R. B. Bennett, 287.

Bill (No. 14) respecting The Central Western Canada Railway Company.—Mr. Green, 287.

Bill (No. 15) respecting The Pacific Northern and Omineca Railway Company.—Mr. Green, 287.

Bill (No. 16) respecting The Quebec, Montreal and Southern Railway Company.—Mr. Lemieux, 287.

Bill (No. 17) to incorporate The Canadian Indemnity Company.—Mr. Schaffner, 457.

Bill (No. 18) respecting W. C. Edwards and Co., Limited.—Mr. Frupp, 457.

Bill (No. 19) respecting a patent of James W. Owen.—Mr. Middlebro, 457.

Bill (No. 20) respecting Queen's University at Kingston, and to amalgamate therewith the School of Mining and Agriculture.—Mr. Nickle, 457.

Bill (No. 21) to amend the Canada Shipping Act.—Mr. Sinclair, 589.

Bill (No. 22) to incorporate Edmonton and Southwestern Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 639.

Bill (No. 23) to incorporate The Ontario Niagara Connecting Bridge Company.—Mr. German, 640.

BILLS—FIRST READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 24) respecting the Toronto, Niagara and Western Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 640.
- Bill (No. 25) to incorporate the Western Canada Telephone Company.—Mr. Green, 640.
- Bill (No. 26) respecting the Corporation of the City of Brantford.—Mr. Cockshutt, 670.
- Bill (No. 27) respecting The Empire Life Insurance Company of Canada.—Mr. Macdonnell, 670.
- Bill (No. 28) respecting The Kettle Valley Railway Company and Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.—Mr. Green, 670.
- Bill (No. 29) respecting certain patents of The Peplar People Limited.—Mr. William Smith, 671.
- Bill (No. 30) to incorporate Seaport Trusts Corporation.—Mr. Stevens, 671.
- Bill (No. 31) to incorporate The Eastern Canadian Union Conference Corporation of Seventh-day Adventists.—Mr. William Smith, 671.
- Bill (No. 32) respecting The Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.—Mr. Stewart, 671.
- Bill (No. 33) to amend the Bank Act.—Sir Thomas White, 681.
- Bill (No. 34) to authorize certain extensions of time to insurance companies.—Sir Thomas White, 686
- Bill (No. 35) respecting the investments of Life Insurance Companies.—Sir Thomas White, 885.
- Bill (No. 36) respecting The Joliette and Lake Manuan Colonization Railway Company.—Mr. Guilbault, 921.
- Bill (No. 37) to amend the White Phosphorus Matches Act.—Mr. Crothers, 989.
- Bill (No. 38) to amend the Criminal Code.—Mr. W. M. Martin, 1040.
- Bill (No. 39) respecting the Governing Council of the Salvation Army in Canada, and to change the name thereof to The Governing Council of the Salvation Army, Canada East.—Mr. Blain, 1208.
- Bill (No. 41) for the relief of Lena Pearl Potter.—Mr. Wallace, 1276.
- Bill (No. 42) for the relief of Robert Napper.—Mr. Buchanan, 1208.
- Bill (No. 43) for the relief of Sherwood Norman Hill.—Mr. Douglas, 1208.
- Bill (No. 44) for the relief of Ida May Woltz.—Mr. Boys, 1208.
- Bill (No. 45) for the relief of Cecily Ethel Maude Farera.—Mr. Buchanan, 1208.
- Bill (No. 46) respecting the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Company.—Mr. Boyce, 1208.

BILLS—FIRST READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 47) to amend the Railway Act.—Mr. Reid, 1207.
- Bill (No. 48) to amend an Act to incorporate the Canadian Red Cross Society.—Sir Robert Borden, 1325.
- Bill (No. 49) for the relief of Lillian May Dent.—Mr. Douglas, 1385.
- Bill (No. 50) for the relief of Raymond Conliffe Savage.—Mr. Douglas, 1432.
- Bill (No. 51) for the relief of Harry Lorne White Cunningham.—Mr. T. J. Stewart, 1432.
- Bill (No. 52) for the relief of Henry John Thomas Wardlaw.—Mr. Wallace, 1549.
- Bill (No. 53) for the relief of Robert William Thompson.—Mr. J. E. Armstrong, 1549.
- Bill (No. 54) to amend the Insurance Act, 1910.—Mr. Blain, 1548.
- Bill (No. 55) to amend the Winding-up Act.—Mr. Doherty, 1548.
- Bill (No. 56) respecting certain patents of Stone, Limited.—Mr. Cockshutt, 1604.
- Bill (No. 57) for the relief of Nora Louise Jackson.—Mr. Douglas, 1759.
- Bill (No. 58) to amend the Canada Grain Act.—Sir George Foster, 1604.
- Bill (No. 59) to amend the Vancouver Harbour Commission Act.—Mr. Hazen, 1606.
- Bill (No. 60) to authorize the raising by way of loan, of certain sums of money for the public service.—Mr. White, 1843.
- Bill (No. 61) to amend the Customs Tariff, 1907.—Mr. White, 1843.
- Bill (No. 62) respecting a certain patent of Harvey Hubbell, Incorporated.—Mr. Cockshutt, 1903.
- Bill (No. 63) for the relief of Mary Phyllis Lasher.—Mr. Nickle, 1903.
- Bill (No. 64) for the relief of Mabel Mills.—Mr. Douglas, 1903.
- Bill (No. 65) to amend the Government Railways Small Claims Act.—Mr. Hughes, 1900.
- Bill (No. 66) in aid of Provincial Legislation prohibiting or restricting the sale or use of intoxicating liquors.—Mr. Doherty, 1903.
- Bill (No. 67) relating to the St. Peters Indian Reserve.—Mr. Roche, 2071.
- Bill (No. 68) relating to the Superior Courts of Saskatchewan, and to amend the Judges Act.—Mr. Doherty, 2078.
- Bill (No. 69) for the relief of Clarice Smith.—Mr. Cash, 2111.
- Bill (No. 70), respecting the Atlin Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 2165.

BILLS—FIRST READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 71) for the relief of Arthur Alexander Reinhardt.—Mr. Fripp, 2165.
- Bill (No. 72) for the relief of Charles William Wilson.—Mr. Fripp, 2239.
- Bill (No. 73) for the relief of Aime Rita Elliott.—Mr. Douglas, 2239.
- Bill (No. 74) to levy a tax on business profits, was introduced and read the first time.—Sir Thomas White, 2298.
- Bill (No. 75) to amend the Canada Shipping Act.—Mr. Hazen, 2346.
- Bill (No. 76) for the relief of Christopher Sinclair.—Mr. Douglas, 2442.
- Bill (No. 77) respecting Colonial Bank (Canada).—Mr. Middlebro, 2542.
- Bill (No. 78) respecting the British Trust Company.—Mr. Morris, 2542.
- Bill (No. 79) for the relief of Hope Fothergill Baily.—Mr. Thoburn, 2496.
- Bill (No. 80) to amend the Dominion Forest Reserves and Parks Act.—Mr. Roche, 2496.
- Bill (No. 81) to amend the Canada Shipping Act.—Mr. Hazen, 2542.
- Bill (No. 82) to incorporate the Premier Insurance Company of Canada.—Mr. Nesbitt, 2599.
- Bill (No. 83) to amend the Bank Act.—Mr. L. A. Lapointe, 2599.
- Bill (No. 84) to authorize certain School and Dominion Lands to be included in the Taber Irrigation district, in the province of Alberta.—Mr. Roche, 2599.
- Bill (No. 85) for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the Public Service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1917.—Sir Robert Borden, 2665.
- Bill (No. 86) to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act.—Mr. Doherty, 2690.
- Bill (No. 87) to amend the Railway Act.—Mr. Reid, 2690.
- Bill (No. 88) to incorporate the Manitoba and Saskatchewan Bible Society.—Mr. Schaffner, 2741.
- Bill (No. 89) respecting the High River, Saskatchewan and Hudson Bay Railway Company.—Mr. W. M. Martin, 2741.
- Bill (No. 90) to amend the Canada Temperance Act.—Mr. Doherty, 2878.
- Bill (No. 91) to amend the Government Railways Small Claims Act.—Mr. Reid, 2919.
- Bill (No. 92) for the relief of Robert Charles Vondrau.—Mr. Scott, 2973.
- Bill (No. 93) for the relief of Percy Lynn Woods.—Mr. Boys, 2973.

BILLS—FIRST READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 94) to provide for the payment of bounties on zinc produced from zinc ores mined in Canada.—Sir Thomas White, 3035.
- Bill (No. 97) for granting to His Majesty aid for military and naval defence.—Sir Robert Borden, 3294.
- Bill (No. 98) to aid in the construction of certain lines of railway of the Saint John and Quebec Railway Company, and to confirm an agreement between the company and the Governments of Canada and New Brunswick.—Mr. Reid, 3372.
- Bill (No. 99) to amend the Exchequer Court Act.—Mr. Doherty, 3405.
- Bill (No. 100) to incorporate the Manitoba-Ontario Railway Company.—Mr. Carrick, 3463.
- Bill (No. 102) for the relief of Martha Isabella Kenny.—Mr. Nocke, 3674.
- Bill (No. 103) for the relief of William Thomas Craig.—Mr. Pardee, 3826.
- Bill (No. 104) for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service for the financial years ending respectively the 31st March, 1916, and the 31st March, 1917.—Sir Thomas White, 4128.

BILLS—SECOND READING.

- Bill (No. 3) respecting the Burrard Inlet Tunnels and Bridge Company.—Mr. Stevens, 383.
- Bill (No. 4) respecting the Canadian Northern Railway Company.—Mr. Bradbury, 393.
- Bill (No. 4) to amend the Railway Act.—Mr. Cochrane, 1306.
- Bill (No. 5) respecting the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 393.
- Bill (No. 6) to confirm certain agreements made between the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company, the Canadian Northern Railway Company and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 393-4.
- Bill (No. 7) respecting the Farnham and Granby Railway Company of Canada.—Mr. Douglas, 394.
- Bill (No. 8) respecting the Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 394.
- Bill (No. 9) respecting the Peace River Tramway and Navigation Company.—Mr. Douglas, 394.
- Bill (No. 10) to incorporate Les Sœurs de l'Assomption de la Sainte-Vierge.—Mr. Lemieux, 394.
- Bill (No. 11) respecting British America Nickel Corporation, Limited.—Mr. Northrup, 394.

BILLS—SECOND READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 12) respecting the Calgary and Edmonton Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 394.
- Bill (No. 13) respecting the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. R. B. Bennett, 394.
- Bill (No. 14) respecting the Central Western Canada Railway Company.—Mr. Green, 394.
- Bill (No. 15) respecting the Pacific Northern and Omineca Railway Company.—Mr. Green, 394.
- Bill (No. 16) respecting the Quebec, Montreal and Southern Railway Company.—Mr. Lemieux, 394.
- Bill (No. 17) to incorporate the Canadian Indemnity Company.—Mr. Schaffner, 592.
- Bill (No. 18) respecting W. C. Edwards and Company, Limited.—Mr. Fripp, 592.
- Bill (No. 19) respecting a patent of James W. Owen.—Mr. Middlebro, 592.
- Bill (No. 20) respecting Queen's University at Kingston, and to amalgamate therewith the School of Mining and Agriculture.—Mr. Nickle, 592.
- Bill (No. 21) to amend the Canadian Shipping Act.—Mr. Sinclair, 4128.
- Bill (No. 22) to incorporate Edmonton and Southeastern Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 739.
- Bill (No. 23) to incorporate the Ontario, Niagara Connecting Bridge Company.—Mr. German, 739.
- Bill (No. 24) respecting the Toronto, Niagara and Western Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 739.
- Bill (No. 25) to incorporate the Western Canada Telephone Company.—Mr. Green, 739.
- Bill (No. 26) respecting the Corporation of the city of Brantford.—Mr. Cockshutt, 948.
- Bill (No. 27) respecting the Empire Life Insurance Company of Canada.—Mr. Macdonell, 756.
- Bill (No. 28) respecting the Kettle Valley Railway Company, and Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.—Mr. Green, 1018.
- Bill (No. 29) respecting certain patents of The Pedlar People, Limited.—Mr. Smith.
- Bill (No. 30) to incorporate Seaport Trusts Corporation.—Mr. Stevens, 756.
- Bill (No. 31) to incorporate the Eastern Canadian Union Conference Corporation of Seventh Day Adventists.—Mr. Morphy, 948.
- Bill (No. 32) respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.—Mr. Stewart, 756.

BILLS—SECOND READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 33) to amend the Bank Act.—Sir Thomas White, 937.
- Bill (No. 34) to authorize certain extensions of time to insurance companies, 938.
- Bill (No. 35) respecting the investments of life insurance companies.—Sir Thomas White, 1615.
- Bill (No. 36) respecting the Joliette and Lake Manuan Colonization Railway Company.—Mr. Guilbault, 1015.
- Bill (No. 37) to amend the White Phosphorus Matches Act.—Mr. Crothers, 1492.
- Bill (No. 39) respecting the Governing Council of the Salvation Army in Canada, and to change the name thereof to the Governing Council of the Salvation Army, Canada East.—Mr. Ba'n, 1410.
- Bill (No. 40) to incorporate the Governing Council of the Salvation Army, Canada West.—Mr. Blain, 1410.
- Bill (No. 41) for the relief of Lena Pearl Potter.—Mr. Wallace, 1410.
- Bill (No. 42) for the relief of Robert Napper.—Mr. Buchanan, 1410.
- Bill (No. 43) for the relief of Sherwood Norman Hill.—Mr. Douglas.
- Bill (No. 44) for the relief of Ida May Woltz.—Mr. Boys, 1410.
- Bill (No. 45) for the relief of Cecily Ethel Maude Farera.—Mr. Buchanan, 1410.
- Bill (No. 46) respecting the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Company.—Mr. Boyce, 1410.
- Bill (No. 48) to amend an Act to incorporate The Canadian Red Cross Society.—Sir Robert Borden, 1492.
- Bill (No. 49) for the relief of Lillian May Dent.—Mr. Douglas, 1435.
- Bill (No. 50) for the relief of Raymond Conliffe Savage.—Mr. Douglas, 1516.
- Bill (No. 51) for the relief of Harry Lorne White Cunningham.—Mr. T. J. Stewart, 1516.
- Bill (No. 52) for the relief of Henry John Thomas Wardlaw.—Mr. Wallace, 1626.
- Bill (No. 53) for the relief of Robert William Thompson.—Mr. J. A. M. Armstrong, 1626.
- Bill (No. 55) to amend the Winding-Up Act.—Mr. Doherty, 1616.
- Bill (No. 56) respecting certain patents of Stone, Limited.—Mr. Cockshutt, 1650.
- Bill (No. 57) for the relief of Nora Louise Jackson.—Mr. Douglas.
- Bill (No. 58) to amend the Canada Grain Act.—Sir George Foster, 1706.
- Bill (No. 59) to amend the Vancouver Harbour Commissioners Act.—Mr. Hazen, 2078.

BILLS—SECOND READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 60) to authorize the raising, by way of loan, of certain sums of money for the Public Service.—Sir Thomas White, 1972.
- Bill (No. 61) to amend the Customs Tariff, 1907.—Sir Thomas White, 2303.
- Bill (No. 62) respecting a certain patent of Harvey Hubbell, Incorporated.—Mr. Cockshutt, 1990.
- Bill (No. 63) for the relief of Mary Phyllis Lasher.—Mr. Nickle, 1990.
- Bill (No. 64) for the relief of Mabel Mills.—Mr. Douglas, 1990.
- Bill (No. 66) in aid of provincial legislation for prohibiting or restricting the sale or use of intoxicating liquors.—Mr. Doherty, 2479.
- Bill (No. 67) relating to St. Peters Indian reserve.—Mr. Roche, 2316.
- Bill (No. 68) relating to the Superior Courts of Saskatchewan and to amend the Judges Act.—Mr. Doherty, 2319.
- Bill (No. 69) for the relief of Clarice Smith.—Mr. Cash, 2168.
- Bill (No. 70) respecting the Atlin Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 2264.
- Bill (No. 71) for the relief of Arthur Alexander Reinhardt.—Mr. Fripp, 2264.
- Bill (No. 72) for the relief of Charles William Wilson.—Mr. Fripp, 2474.
- Bill (No. 73) for the relief of Aimée Rita Elliott.—Mr. Douglas, 2474.
- Bill (No. 74) to levy a Tax on Business Profits.—Sir Thomas White, 2636.
- Bill (No. 75) to amend the Canada Shipping Act.—Mr. Hazen, 2802.
- Bill (No. 77) respecting Colonial Bank (Canada).—Mr. Middlebro, 2664.
- Bill (No. 78) respecting British Trust Company.—Mr. Morris, 2664.
- Bill (No. 79) for the relief of Hope Fothergill Baily.—Mr. Thoburn, 2664.
- Bill (No. 80) to amend the Dominion Forest Reserves and Parks Act.—Mr. Roche, 2663.
- Bill (No. 81) to amend the Canada Shipping Act.—Mr. Hazen, 2804.
- Bill (No. 82) to incorporate the Premier Insurance Company of Canada.—Mr. Nesbitt, 2664.
- Bill (No. 84) to authorize certain school and Dominion lands to be included in the Taber Irrigation district in the province of Alberta.—Mr. Roche, 2806.
- Bill (No. 85) for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the Public Service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1917.—Sir Robert Borden, 2665.

BILLS—SECOND READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 86) to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act.—Mr. Doherty, 2841.
- Bill (No. 87) to amend the Railway Act.—Mr. Reid, 2743.
- Bill (No. 88) to incorporate the Manitoba and Saskatchewan Bible Society.—Mr. Schaffner, 3074.
- Bill (No. 89) respecting the High River, Saskatchewan and Hudson Bay Railway Company.—Mr. W. M. Martin, 2921.
- Bill (No. 90) to amend the Canada Temperance Act.—Mr. Doherty, 3298.
- Bill (No. 91) to amend the Government Railways Small Claims Act.—Mr. Reid, 3303.
- Bill (No. 92) for the relief of Robert Charles Vondrau.—Mr. Scott, 3074.
- Bill (No. 93) for the relief of Percy Lynn Woods.—Mr. Boys, 3074.
- Bill (No. 94) to provide for the payment of bounties on zinc produced from zinc ores mined in Canada.—Sir Thomas White, 3147.
- Bill (No. 95) respecting rentals payable to the Mount Royal Tunnel and Terminal Company, Limited.—Mr. Reid, 3372.
- Bill (No. 96) for the relief of David Whimster Rhodes.—Mr. Boys, 3316.
- Bill (No. 97) for granting to His Majesty aid for Military and Naval Defence.—Sir Robert Borden, 3530.
- Bill (No. 98) to aid in the construction of certain lines of railway of the St. John and Quebec Railway Company, and to confirm an agreement between the company and the Governments of Canada and New Brunswick.—Mr. Reid, 3500.
- Bill (No. 99) to amend the Exchequer Court Act.—Mr. Doherty, 3502.
- Bill (No. 11) to incorporate the Manitoba-Ontario Railway Company.—Mr. J. E. Armstrong, 3561.
- Bill (No. 101) to authorize the acquisition of lines of railway between the city of Quebec and Nairn Falls and between Lyster and St. Jean des Chailions.—Mr. Reid, 3990.
- Bill (No. 102) for the relief of Martha Isabella Kenny.—Mr. Nickle, 3863.
- Bill (No. 103) for the relief of William Thomas Craig.—Mr. Pardee, 3863.
- Bill (No. 104) for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service for the financial years ending respectively the 31st March, 1916, and the 31st March, 1917.—Sir Thomas White, 4128.

BILLS THIRD READING.

- Bill (No. 3) respecting the Burrard Inlet Tunnel and Bridge Company.—Mr. Stevens, 1012.

BILLS—THIRD READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 4) respecting the Canadian Northern Railway Company.—Mr. Bradbury, 1012.
- Bill (No. 4) to amend the Railway Act.—Mr. Cochrane, 1309.
- Bill (No. 5) respecting The Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 1015.
- Bill (No. 6) to confirm certain agreements made between the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company, the Canadian Northern Railway Company, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 1625.
- Bill (No. 7) respecting the Farnham and Granby Railway Company of Canada.—Mr. Douglas, 1012.
- Bill (No. 8) respecting the Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 2903.
- Bill (No. 9) respecting The Peace River Tramway and Navigation Company.—Mr. Douglas, 1015.
- Bill (No. 10) to incorporate Les Sœurs de l'Assomption de la Sainte-Vierge.—Mr. Lemieux, 1015.
- Bill (No. 11, respecting British America Nickel Corporation, Limited.—Mr. Northrup, 1015.
- Bill (No. 12) respecting The Calgary and Edmonton Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 1015.
- Bill (No. 13) respecting the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. R. B. Bennett, 1015.
- Bill (No. 14) respecting the Central Western Canada Railway Company.—Mr. Green, 1012.
- Bill (No. 16) respecting the Quebec, Montreal and Southern Railway Company.—Mr. Lemieux, 1012.
- Further consideration of Bill No. 19, respecting a patent of James W. Owen.—Mr. Middlebro, 1228.
- Bill (No. 20) respecting Queen's University at Kingston, and to amalgamate therewith The School of Mining and Agriculture.—Mr. Nickle, 1015.
- Bill (No. 21) to amend the Canada Shipping Act.—Mr. Sinclair, 4128.
- Bill (No. 22) to incorporate Edmonton and Southwestern Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 1410.
- Bill (No. 23) to incorporate the Ontario Niagara Connecting Bridge Company.—Mr. German, 1891.
- Bill (No. 24) respecting the Toronto, Niagara and Western Railway Company.—Mr. Morphy, 2907.
- Bill (No. 25) to incorporate the Western Canada Telephone Company.—Mr. Green, 1890.

BILLS—THIRD READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 26) respecting the corporation of the city of Brantford, and to change the name to "an Act to enable the corporation of the City of Brantford to own and operate the Grand Valley railway."—Mr. Blain, 1726.
- Bill (No. 28) respecting the Kettle Valley Railway Company, and Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.—Mr. Green, 1887.
- Bill (No. 29) respecting certain Patents of The Pedlar People, Limited.—Mr. Smith, 3133.
- Bill (No. 30) to incorporate Seaport Trusts Company.—Mr. Stevens, 1410.
- Bill (No. 31) to incorporate the Eastern Canadian Union Conference Corporation of Seventh-Day Adventists.—Mr. Smith, 2168.
- Bill (No. 32) respecting The Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.—Mr. T. J. Stewart, 2133.
- Bill (No. 35) respecting the investments of Life Insurance Companies.—Sir Thomas White, 2802.
- Bill (No. 36) respecting the Joliette and Lake Manuan Colonization Railway Company.—Mr. Guilbault, 1410.
- Bill (No. 37) to amend the White Phosphorus Matches Act.—Mr. Crothers, 1616.
- Bill (No. 39) respecting the Governing Council of the Salvation Army in Canada, and to change the name thereof to the Governing Council of the Salvation Army, Canada East.—Mr. Blain, 2908.
- Bill (No. 40) to incorporate the Governing Council of the Salvation Army, Canada West.—Mr. Blain, 2908.
- Bill (No. 41) for the relief of Lena Pearl Potter.—Mr. Wallace, 1904.
- Bill (No. 42) for the relief of Robert Napper.—Buchanan, 1904.
- Bill (No. 43) for the relief of Sherwood Norman Hill.—Mr. Douglas, 1904.
- Bill (No. 44) for the relief of Ida May Woltz.—Mr. Boys, 1904.
- Bill (No. 45) for the relief of Cecily Ethel Maude Farera.—Mr. Buchanan, 1904.
- Bill (No. 46) respecting the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Company.—Mr. Boyce, 1904.
- Bill (No. 48) to amend an Act to incorporate the Canadian Red Cross Society.—Sir Robert Borden, 2414.
- Bill (No. 49) for the relief of Lillian May Dent.—Mr. Douglas, 1904.
- Bill (No. 50) for the relief of Raymond Conliffe Savage.—Mr. Douglas, 2133.

BILLS—THIRD READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 51) for the relief of Harry Lorne White Cunningham.—Mr. Thomas J. Stewart, 1904.
- Bill (No. 52) for the relief of Henry John Thomas Wardlaw.—Mr. Wallace, 1904.
- Bill (No. 53) for the relief of Robert William Thompson.—Mr. J. A. M. Armstrong, 2133.
- Bill (No. 55) to amend the Winding-Up Act.—Mr. Doherty, 1616.
- Bill (No. 56) respecting certain patents of Stone, Limited.—Mr. Cockshutt, 2474.
- Bill (No. 57) for the relief of Nora Louise Jackson.—Mr. Douglas, 2133.
- Bill (No. 58) to amend the Canada Grain Act.—Sir George Foster, 1972.
- Bill (No. 59) to amend the Vancouver Harbour Commissioners Act.—Mr. Hazen, 2079.
- Bill (No. 60) to authorize the raising, by way of loan, of certain sums of money for the Public Service.—Sir Thomas White, 1972.
- Bill (No. 61) to amend the Customs Tariff, 1907.—Sir Thomas White, 2361.
- Bill (No. 62) respecting a certain patent of Harvey Hubbell, Incorporated.—Mr. Cockshutt, 2474.
- Bill (No. 63) for the relief of Mary Phyllis Lasher.—Mr. Nickle, 2474.
- Bill (No. 64) for the relief of Mabel Mills.—Mr. Douglas, 2474.
- Bill (No. 66) in aid of Provincial Legislation prohibiting or restricting the sale or use of intoxicating liquors.—Mr. Doherty, 2956.
- Bill (No. 67) relating to the St. Peters Indian Reserve.—Mr. Roche, 2946.
- Bill (No. 68) relating to the Superior Courts of Saskatchewan and to amend the Judges Act.—Mr. Doherty, 2326.
- Bill (No. 69) for the relief of Clarice Smith.—Mr. Cash, 2474.
- Bill (No. 70) respecting the Atlin Railway Company.—Mr. Douglas, 2474.
- Bill (No. 71) for the relief of Arthur Alexander Reinhardt.—Mr. Fripp, 2663.
- Bill (No. 72) for the relief of Charles William Wilson.—Mr. Fripp, 2663.
- Bill (No. 73) for the relief of Aimée Rita Elliott.—Mr. Douglas, 2663.
- Bill (No. 74) to levy a Tax on Business Profits.—Sir Thomas White, 2802.
- Bill (No. 76) for the relief of Christopher Sinclair.—Mr. Douglas, 3214.
- Bill (No. 77) respecting Colonial Bank (Canada)—Mr. Middlebro, 2908.
- Bill (No. 78) respecting British Trust Company.—Mr. Morris, 2920.

BILLS—THIRD READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 79) for the relief of Hope Fothergill Baily.—Mr. Thoburn, 3214.
- Bill (No. 80) to amend the Dominion Forest Reserves and Parks Act.—Mr. Roche, 2663.
- Bill (No. 81) to amend the Canada Shipping Act.—Mr. Hazen, 2956.
- Bill (No. 82) to incorporate The Fire Insurance Company of Canada.—Mr. Nesbitt, 3214.
- Bill (No. 84) to authorize certain school and Dominion lands to be included in the Taber Irrigation district in the Province of Alberta.—Mr. Roche, 2841.
- Bill (No. 85) for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending 31st March, 1917.—Sir Robert Borden, 2665.
- Bill (No. 86) to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act.—Mr. Doherty, 2847.
- Bill (No. 87) to amend the Railway Act.—Mr. Reid, 2802.
- Bill (No. 88) to incorporate The Manitoba and Saskatchewan Bible Society.—Mr. Schaffner, 3214.
- Bill (No. 89) respecting the High River Saskatchewan and Hudson Bay Railway Company.—Mr. W. M. Martin, 3074.
- Bill (90) to amend the Canada Temperance Act.—Mr. Doherty, 3303.
- Bill (No. 91) to amend the Government Railways Small Claims Act.—Mr. Reid, 3312.
- Bill (No 92) for the relief of Robert Charles Vondrau.—Mr. Scott, 3214.
- Bill (No. 93) for the relief of Percy Lynn Woods.—Mr. Boys, 3214.
- Bill (No. 94) to provide for the payment of bounties on zinc produced from zinc ores mined in Canada.—Sir Thomas White, 3353.
- Bill (No. 95) respecting rentals payable to the Mount Royal Tunnel and Terminal Company, Limited.—Mr. Reid, 3375.
- Bill (No. 96) for the relief of David Whimster Rhodes.—Mr. Boys, 3561.
- Bill (No. 97) for granting to His Majesty Aid for Military and Naval Defence.—Sir Robert Borden, 3534.
- Bill (No. 98) to aid in the construction of certain lines of railway of the St. John and Quebec Railway Company, and to confirm an agreement between the company and the Government of Canada and New Brunswick.—Mr. Reid, 3502.
- Bill (No. 99) to amend the Exchequer Court Act.—Mr. Doherty, 3502.
- Bill (No. 101) to authorize the acquisition of lines of railway between the city of Quebec and Nairn Falls and between Lyster and St. Jean des Chaillons.—Mr. Reid, 4052.

BILLS—THIRD READING—*Con.*

- Bill (No. 102) for the relief of Martha Isabella Kenny.—Mr. Nickle, 4039.
- Bill (No. 103) for the relief of William Thomas Craig.—Mr. Pardee, 4039.
- Bill (No. 104) for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service for the financial years ending respectively the 31st March, 1916, and the 31st March, 1917.—Sir Thomas White, 4128.

BILLS—ROYAL ASSENT—

- An Act respecting the Canadian Northern Railway Company, 1495.
- An Act respecting the Calgary and Edmonton Railway Company, 1495.
- An Act respecting the Central Western Canada Railway Company, 1495.
- An Act respecting the Quebec, Montreal and Southern Railway Company, 1495.
- An Act to amend the Railway Act, 1495.
- An Act to incorporate the Canadian Indemnity Company, 2074.
- An Act respecting Queen's University at Kingston, and to amalgamate therewith the School of Mining and Agriculture, 2074.
- An Act respecting the Burrard Inlet Tunnel and Bridge Company, 2074.
- An Act respecting the Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company, 2074.
- An Act respecting the Farnham and Granby Railway Company of Canada, 2074.
- An Act respecting the Peace River Tramway and Navigation Company, 2074.
- An Act respecting the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, 2074.
- An Act respecting the Pacific Northern and Omineca Railway Company, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Lena Pearl Potter, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Robert Napper, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Sherwood Norman Hill, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Ida May Woltz, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Cecily Ethel Maude Farera, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Lillian May Dent, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Harry Lorne White Cunningham, 2074.
- An Act for the relief of Henry John Thomas Wardlaw, 2074.
- An Act to incorporate Les Sœurs de l'Assomption de la Sainte-Vierge, 2074.
- An Act respecting W. C. Edwards and Co., Limited, 2074.

BILLS—ROYAL ASSENT—*Con.*

- An Act respecting a patent of James W. Owen, 2074.
- An Act to amend the White Phosphorus Matches Act, 2074.
- An Act to amend the Winding-up Act, 2074.
- An Act to authorize the raising, by way of loan, of certain sums of money for the public service, 2074.
- An Act to incorporate Seaport Trusts Corporation, 2807.
- An Act respecting The Joliette and Lake Manuan Colonization Railway Company, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Raymond Conliffe Savage, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Robert William Thompson, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Nora Louise Jackson, 2807.
- An Act to amend an Act to incorporate The Canadian Red Cross Society, 2807.
- An Act to amend The Vancouver Harbour Commissioners Act, 2807.
- An Act to incorporate The Ontario-Niagara Connecting Bridge Company, 2807.
- An Act to incorporate The Western Canada Telephone Company, 2807.
- An Act respecting The Kettle Valley Railway Company and Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company, 2807.
- An Act to amend The Canada Grain Act, 2807.
- An Act respecting certain patents of Stone, Limited, 2807.
- An Act respecting a certain patent of Harvey Hubbell, Incorporated, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Mary Phyllis Lasher, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Mabel Mills, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Clarice Smith, 2807.
- An Act respecting The Atlin Railway Company, 2807.
- An Act respecting British America Nickel Corporation, Limited, 2807.
- An Act to incorporate Edmonton and South-western Railway Company, 2807.
- An Act to confirm certain agreements made between The Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company. The Canadian Northern Railway Company and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, 2807.
- An Act to authorize certain extensions of time to Insurance Companies, 2807.

BILLS—ROYAL ASSENT—*Con.*

- An Act to amend The Customs Tariff, 1907, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Arthur Alexander Reinhardt, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Charles William Wilson, 2807.
- An Act for the relief of Aimée Rita Elliott, 2807.
- An Act respecting The Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Company, 2803.
- An Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Brantford to own and operate the Grand Valley Railway, 2808.
- An Act for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the Public Service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1917, 2808.
- An Act relating to the Superior Courts of Saskatchewan and to amend the Judges Act, 4155.
- An Act respecting Colonial Bank (Canada), 4155.
- An Act respecting British Trust Company, 4155.
- An Act respecting The High River, Saskatchewan and Hudson Bay Railway Company, 4155.
- An Act respecting The Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company, 4155.
- An Act to amend The Dominion Forest Reserves and Parks Act, 4155.
- An Act to amend The Bank Act, 4155.
- An Act for the relief of Christopher Sinclair, 4155.
- An Act for the relief of Hope Fothergill Baily, 4155.
- An Act for the relief of Robert Charles Vondrau, 4155.
- An Act for the relief of Percy Lynn Woods, 4155.
- An Act respecting certain patents of The Pedlar People, Limited, 4155.
- An Act to incorporate The Fire Insurance Company of Canada, 4155.
- An Act respecting The Governing Council of The Salvation Army in Canada and to change the name thereof to "The Governing Council of The Salvation Army, Canada East," 4155.
- An Act to incorporate The Governing Council of The Salvation Army, Canada West, 4155.
- An Act respecting the investments of Life Insurance Companies, 4155.
- An Act to authorize certain School and Dominion Lands to be included in the Taber Irrigation District in the Province of Alberta, 4155.

BILLS—ROYAL ASSENT—*Con.*

- An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act, 4155.
- An Act to incorporate The Manitoba and Saskatchewan Bible Society, 4155.
- An Act respecting Rentals Payable to the Mount Royal Tunnel and Terminal Company, Limited, 4155.
- An Act to levy a tax on Business Profits, 4155.
- An Act to amend the Canada Shipping Act, 4155.
- An Act for the relief of David Whimster Rhodes, 4155.
- An Act to provide for the payment of Bounties on Zinc produced from Zinc Ores mined in Canada, 4155.
- An Act to incorporate The Eastern Canadian Union Conference Corporation of Seventh-Day Adventists, 4155.
- An Act to amend the Canada Temperance Act, 4155.
- An Act to aid in the construction of certain lines of railway of the Saint John and Quebec Railway Company and to confirm an agreement between the Company and the Governments of Canada and New Brunswick, 4155.
- An Act to amend The Exchequer Court Act, 4155.
- An Act for the relief of Martha Isabella Kenny, 4155.
- An Act for the relief of William Thomas Craig, 4155.
- An Act respecting The Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway Company, 4155.
- An Act respecting The Toronto, Niagara and Western Railway Company, 4155.
- An Act to amend The Government Railways Small Claims Act, 4155.
- An Act relating to the St. Peters Indian Reserve, 4155.
- An Act to authorize the acquisition of lines of railway between the City of Quebec and Nairn Falls and between Lyster and St. Jean des Chaillons, 4155.
- An Act in aid of Provincial Legislation prohibiting or restricting the sale or use of Intoxicating Liquors, 4155.
- An Act to amend the Canada Shipping Act, 4155.
- An Act for granting to His Majesty aid for Military and Naval Defence, 4155.
- An Act for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial years ending respectively the 31st March, 1916, and the 31st March, 1917, 4155.

BOUNTIES ON ZINC.

Motion:

Resolved, that it is expedient to authorize the payment out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of a bounty of two cents per pound on zinc or spelter, containing not more than two per cent of impurities, produced in Canada from zinc ores mined in Canada; provided the standard price of zinc or spelter in London, England, at the time of production is less than £36.19.3 sterling per ton of two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds, when the bounty payable shall be an amount equal to the difference between such standard price per ton and £36.19.3 per ton. Further provided, that in no event shall bounty be payable when the price received for zinc or spelter by the producer is eight cents or more per pound, and that no bounty shall be payable on zinc or spelter to the producer during the continuation of the war, and in no event on zinc or spelter produced after July 31, 1917.

Further resolved, that the total amount payable under the provisions of any Act founded on these resolutions shall not exceed the sum of \$400,000—Sir Thomas White, 302f-30.

Remarks:

Green, R. F. (Kootenay) 3033-4.
Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North) 3034.
Turriff, J. G., (Assiniboia) 3031-3.
White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance) 3030-1,3024-5.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.

Motion:

That on and after Monday next, the 3rd day of April, and until the end of the session, Government orders shall have precedence on Mondays after questions and notices of motions for production of papers.—Sir Robert Borden, 2303.

CALGARY ELECTION CHARGES.

Inquiry.—Mr. Buchanan, 1609.

CAMPBELLTON-GASPE SERVICE.

Inquiry.—Mr. Marcell, 3100.

CANADIAN ARMY DENTAL CORPS.

Memorandum presented of the Dental Service of the Canadian Expeditionary Force.—Sir Robert Borden, 4129-30.

CANADIAN FISH IN ENGLAND.

Attention called.—Mr. Devlin, 2741.

CANADIAN NAVAL SERVICE.

Motion:

For a return showing a list of vessels belonging to the Canadian Government which are on service under the provision of the Canadian Naval Act, and of all vessels not

CANADIAN NAVAL SERVICE—*Con.*

now in service and their present condition and suitability for service, and also for a copy of all letters, petitions or communications had by or with the Government in regard to the establishment of a Canadian Naval Brigade.—Mr. Macdonald, 1667.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—1689.

My hon. friend (Mr. Pugsley) has endeavoured to pump up a little enthusiasm about the course he and his friends took in 1912 and 1913. He found it very difficult indeed to create any enthusiasm in his own mind, and still more difficult to create even the semblance of enthusiasm among the hon. gentlemen who sit behind him. But I think this may at least be said for the hon. gentleman that he is entitled, perhaps more than any other of them, to the glory, or whatever it may be, of preventing three Canadian dreadnoughts from flying the British flag to-day and assisting in the defence of the Empire, 1689. If any hon. gentlemen on this side of the House, having regard to the conditions, which were pretty well understood in Europe, and fairly understood, perhaps, on this side of the Atlantic as well, ventured to address a word of warning to the people of this country as to the necessity of Canada's doing something to aid in the common defence of the Empire, his remarks were the subject of merriment and of jest on the part of hon. gentlemen on the other side of the House, and by no one more than by the hon. member for St. John. Quotations given from speeches of Opposition leaders during Naval debate in 1913, 1690-3. So, we have a very clear conscience as to our efforts in this war; a very clear conscience as to the effort which we made in 1912-13 to assist in the naval defence of the Empire by the provision of the three ships, 1693.

Carroll, W. F. (Cape Breton South)—1693.

If there is an emergency at the present time in regard to the navy of the Empire, that emergency exists off the coasts of Canada, because it is a notorious fact that, since the war commenced, the coasts of Canada have not been defended, 1694. If this Government does not ask for recruits to fill up vacancies in the British Navy, I say they are not doing their duty in the present crisis, 1695-6.

Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—1671.

I cannot but think that his resolution is moved, not so much for the purpose of gaining information that would be of value to the country, as for the purpose of making a partisan attack on the Government of the day, 1671. The hon. gentleman comes before this House posing as a man who has made a study of naval matters. Will he be surprised when I tell him that the measures taken for the protection of the Halifax dockyard are in line with the measures taken for the

CANADIAN NAVAL SERVICE—*Con.*

protection of the dockyards of the Imperial Government, 1672. Opposition scored for defeat of Naval Bill of 1913, 1672-4. Therefore, I say to my hon. friend from Pictou that when he asks why this country is not doing her duty in the matter of defence upon the seas, I say: ask your leader and your party, and ask the Liberal majority in the Senate. That is the answer I give, 1675. Enlisting men to form naval brigade referred to, 1675-8. The hon. gentleman says that we to-day have no means of defence. Reference made to the British Navy, a navy to which we have never contributed a single dollar and which the hon. gentlemen opposite prevented us from contributing to most substantially in 1913, 1678. Reasons given for *Niobe* being laid aside, 1679. Since the war broke out the Naval Department has done a great deal of work in connection with other matters. Certain men were sent by us to England, and of these I will give a brief statement, 1680-3.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1667.

This motion which I have submitted to-night is for the purpose of drawing the attention of the House and of the country to the fact that the time has arrived when something ought to be done, 1667. The only available boat we had was being dismantled; for what purpose I do not know, and I would like the Minister of the Naval Service to tell us, 1668. Let us see what the public records say as to what can be done in Canada, 1669-70. Further remarks on closing debate, 1697-1703.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1683.

The condition of the *Niobe* at the breaking out of war referred to, 1684-5. The attitude of the Liberal party defended on defeat of Naval Bill in 1913, 1685-9.

Wilcox, O. J. (Essex North)—1697.

The Government side committed themselves to a policy of strengthening the naval defence of the Empire, and the Liberal party said that should not be done, and that was the position that the Nationalists took also. So, on this question, they sleep in the same bed, 1697.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Attention called to provision in Act of 1914.—*Mr. Pugsley*, 2648.

CANADIAN NORTHERN AND GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAYS.

Documents in connection with proposed loan laid upon the table.—*Sir Thomas White*, 3345-6.

CANADIAN NORTHERN AND GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAYS.

Statement respecting proposed loan.—*Sir Thomas White*, 3563.

CANADIAN NORTHERN AND GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY—*Con.*

Remarks:

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3577-9.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3574-7.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3586.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—3580-1.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3581-6.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3579-80.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—3563-74.

CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY.

House in committee on Bill No. 48.—*Sir Robert Borden*, 2014.

C.N.R.—SNOW BLOCKADE ON ESTEVAN CARLYLE LINE.

Attention called to telegram which is read.—*Mr. Turriff*, 2647.

CANADA'S SHARE OF WAR EXPENDITURE.

Inquiry—*Mr. Pugsley*, 39.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 39.

I desire to know whether all the expense of ammunition, guns, equipment, etc., is to be borne by the Government of Canada, or what the arrangement is, 39.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance), 39.

In a general way, I may say to my hon. friend that the Government of Canada is bearing the entire expense of Canada's participation in the war, 39-40.

CANADA SHIPPING ACT AMENDMENT.

Motion for second reading of Bill No. 21.—*Mr. Sinclair*, 1300.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—1300.

The law relating to coasting and a poem by Joseph Howe on the coaster referred to, 1301-02. What I am asking for is that a captain holding a coasting license be allowed to trade with South America, and go through the Panama canal, and be free to do business in the ports of the Pacific coast, 1393. The restriction apparently was made owing to the whim of some one in the office of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, and it is difficult to understand why it has been allowed to remain in the Canada Shipping Act for so many years, seeing that it has done so much damage to the shipping business of this country, 1304. If this country is ever to become a great commercial country we must encourage our people to build and own ships to carry our products to the markets of the world. That is why I consider this matter important and why I have persisted for the last four years or more in bringing it almost yearly to the attention of Parliament, 1305.

CANADA SHIPPING ACT AMENDMENT.

House in Committee on Bill No. 81.—Mr. Hazen, 2885.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS IN ACTION.

Inquiry.—Mr. Macdonald, 889.

CANADA TEMPERANCE ACT AMENDMENT.

House in Committee on Bill No. 90.—Mr. Doherty, 3298.

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice)—3298-3302.

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—3299.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3299-3000.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—3301-2.

CANADA'S TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Ocean transportation and rates.—Sir George Foster, 3100.

On motion for Committee of Supply.

Remarks:

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—3100-3110.

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—3114-18.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3110-14.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3118-20.

CANADA'S WAR CONTRIBUTION.

Inquiry.—Mr. Pugsley, 805.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT STATISTICS.

Motion for return.—Mr. Bickerdike, 1956.

CARPENTER'S STRIKE IN MONTREAL.

Attention called.—Mr. Verville, 1079.

CASUALTY LIST.

Explanation.—Mr. Kemp, 2841.

CASUALTY LISTS.

Attention called.—Mr. Buchanan, 3029.

CENSORED DOMESTIC LETTERS.

Complaint of letters being opened.—Mr. Lemieux, 2840.

Complaint of letters opened.—Mr. Carvell, 2880.

Attention called.—Mr. Kay, 3029.

CENSORED MAIL MATTER FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Attention called.—Mr. Carvell, 3050.

CERTIFICATED MOTOR BOATS.

Introduction of Bill (No. 75).—Mr. Hazen, 2346-7.

CHIEF TRANSPORT OFFICER.

Inquiry.—Mr. Turriff, 1903.

Answer.—Mr. Kemp, 1969.

CIVIL SERVICE MESSENGERS.

* Letter from *Ottawa Journal* read and strong plea made for increase for Messengers.—Mr. Ethier, 2765-6.

CLAIMS OF B. C. SEALERS.

Motion:—

For a copy of all letters, telegrams and evidence on the claims of sealers of British Columbia under the last treaty with the American Republic.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 595.

COAL SHORTAGE IN N. S.—LACK OF SHIPS.

Calls attention to grave situation in coal used for bunkering.—Mr. A. K. Maclean, 1608-9.

COL. J. WESLEY ALLISON.

Inquiry.—Mr. Proulx, 2012.

Inquiry.—Mr. Turriff, 2549.

COLONEL DAY.

Inquiry.—Mr. Kyte, 2920.

COLONEL DAY AND DEATH OF PRIVATE D. CURRY.

Inquiries of Mr. Kyte answered.—Sir Robert Borden, 3028-9.

COLLECTIONS ON HOMESTEADS PURCHASES.

Statement of amount collected to 31st March, 1916, placed on table.—Mr. Reid, 3463.

COMMANDEERING OF COASTING VESSELS.

Attention called.—Mr. Pugsley, 1969.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—1970.

The view which my hon. friend has enunciated in that regard has been put forward to the British Government, and I hope that so far as the future is concerned opportunity will always be given for consultation, although I entirely realize that the necessities of the war might be so paramount that we could not refuse our consent, even though it might be attended with some inconvenience to this country, and especially to our industries.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1969.

It does seem to me that this Government ought to be consulted in regard to the commandeering or requisitioning of

COMMANDEERING OF COASTING VESSELS

—*Con.*

vessels engaged in the Canadian trade, because it is almost of as much importance that the industries of Canada should be kept constantly going and well supplied with coal as it is that vessels should be engaged in the carrying trade for the Government of Great Britain, 1970.

COMMANDEERING OF WHEAT.

Motion:—

For a copy of all orders in council, letters, telegrams, reports and other documents in connection with the commandeering of wheat about the 27th November, 1915, and in connection with the disposal of such wheat.—Mr. W. M. Martin, 558.

Inquiry.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 1156-7.

Complaint of incomplete return.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 1434.

Complaint of incomplete report.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 1609-10.

CONTROL OF WATER-POWERS.

Attention called—Mr. Graham, 556.

Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir Robert (Prime Minister).

No arrangement has been arrived at, so far as I am aware, up to the present time, but I think the negotiations are progressing rather favourably, 556.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—556.

Asks if water-powers under the control of the federal authority were to be handed over to the Provincial Government, 556.

DAMAGE TO PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY.

Report of Librarians presented.—Sir Robert Borden, 755-6.

DAYLIGHT SAVING.

Inquiry—Mr. Macdonald—4006.

DEATH OF CORPORAL DR. STEWART.

Attention called—Mr. Copp, 2443-4.

DEATH OF PRIVATE D. CURRY.

Attention called—Mr. Kyte, 2987.

DEATH OF PRIVATE CURRY.

Further information—Sir Robert Borden, 3049.

DEBRIS OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Inquiry—Mr. Murphy, 806.

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Statement of Under Secretary of State for External Affairs in connection with criticisms of his report.—Sir Robert Borden, 1207.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Motion for adoption of Order in Council.—Mr. Roche, 3347.

Remarks

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3347-50.
Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—3350-2.

DESTRUCTION OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS BY FIRE.

Reference to—Sir Robert Borden, 578.

Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—578.

Mr. Speaker, we meet to-day under the shadow of a great calamity. It is most deplorable that the unfortunate occurrence of last evening should have been attended with loss of life, 578. Telegrams and letters and Minute of Council and report of the Sergeant-at-Arms read, 579-80. The appalling suddenness of this calamity must, I am sure, have impressed itself on every member who was within the precincts of the House at the time the fire occurred. Those who were not actually present within the building will hardly believe with what startling suddenness, the volumes of smoke and the gusts of flame came into the corridors. When I went down the corridor leading past the press room the smoke and flames were rolling through the corridor which led to the reading room in an appalling volume; and the fire and smoke seemed to be accompanied by a series of short, sharp explosions, indicating the fierceness with which the fire was making headway, 580.

Laurier, Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—581.

The old Parliament Building in which we sat yesterday, and which has been identified with the life of the Canadian people since Confederation, is a mass of ruins. Great though the material loss is to every member of Parliament, to those of the present day and to those of an older generation still living, the loss of life is still more appalling, 581. When we look at the mass of ruin there on the hill, and when we know that it is the result of an accident, we are reminded of the ruins of Louvain, and of the ruins of Rheims, caused not by accident, but by this wickedness of a cruel foe. If there is anything which the present calamity should impress upon us, it is the desirability of going on with our work and doing everything to bring those cruel murderers to justice, 581.

DESTRUCTION OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Commission of Inquiry.

Copy of Order in Council appointing Commission laid on Table.—Sir Robert Borden, 582.

DESTRUCTION OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS BY FIRE.

Messages of condolence—Sir Robert Borden, 587-9.

DESTRUCTION OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS:

Messages of sympathy read.—Mr. Speaker.

DESTRUCTION OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Announcement of messages of sympathy.—Sir Robert Borden, 885.

DESTRUCTION OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS BY FIRE.

Architects' report read.—Mr. Rogers, 888-9.

DISTURBANCES AT CALGARY AND CAMPBELLTON.

Inquiry.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 756.

DISTURBANCES AT BERLIN AND CAMPBELLTON.

Memo. laid before House.—Sir Sam. Hughes, 855.

DISTURBANCES AT CAMPBELLTON.

Reference to.—Mr. Marcil.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—945.

Reads newspaper extract and letter from Mayor of Campbellton, 945-6.

DISTURBANCE AT CALGARY AND CAMPBELLTON.

Inquiry.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 803.

DISTURBANCES AT WINNIPEG.

Telegram read from district officer commanding at Winnipeg in regard to alleged riot of soldiers.—Mr. Kemp, 2548.

DOMINION LOAN—\$75,000,000.

House in Committee on following proposed resolution:

That it is expedient to authorize the Governor in Council to raise by way of loan, in addition to the sums now remaining un-borrowed and negotiable of the loans authorized by Parliament by any Act heretofore passed, such sum or sums of money, not to exceed in the whole the sum of seventy-five million dollars, as may be required for paying maturing loans and obligations of Canada, carrying on of public works authorized by Parliament and meeting expenditures for general purposes authorized by Parliament.—Sir Thomas White, 1812.

Clark, Michael (Red Deer)—1839.

I should like to be permitted very sincerely to congratulate the minister upon having got this loan, as well as the previous loan, from the United States. I think in doing so he has added another item to the very large obligation which he has placed the country and the Empire under to him since the war began, an obligation which will be recognized not only by the present, but by future generations, for the assiduity and, on the whole, the very great financial ability which he has brought to the discharge of duties which have been very onerous, 1840. While the balance of trade

DOMINION LOAN—\$75,000 000—*Con.*

is being aggravated against us from the United States, I have another remark and another suggestion to make, 1841. The minister has tremendous problems before him in the immediate future: I do not want to aggravate them by wasting his time, 1842.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—1817.

In view of the fact that so many loans are cropping up, one after the other, the time has come for the Government to curtail expenditure, 1817. Reference made to campaign of 1911, 1817-18.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1830.

I want to say a few words with regard to my hon. friend's reference to me in the course of his speech, 1830-3.

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—1814.

I have discussed this question on one or two occasions since the war began, and the only objection I have to the minister's proposal to-day is that to my mind it is not on a sufficiently large scale, and further, under the present circumstances, I think we should adopt what I would call more modern methods of financing, 1814. We ought to start with a national currency and the creation of the Bank of Canada, as I would call it, which would be a bank of rediscount and which would rediscount for all the banks of Canada any paper or any securities that they cared to deposit with it, 1415. If we reform our currency system and our financial and banking system now, in this time of war we shall finance ourselves better than we are now doing; we shall do more for the Mother Country than we are now doing, 1816. Further argument, 1834-36.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—1812.

Explanation of resolution, 1812-13. In order to give stability to our finances, and to ensure that we should have ample funds for the purpose of carrying on our part of the war during the coming year, I made an arrangement with the Imperial Government whereby an authorized credit of £30,000,000 was provided, but I stated in the Budget speech that it was our object to rely upon that to as slight an extent as possible, 1813. When we make a loan we simply buy money. We are not doing anything different in buying money from the United States from what we have been doing for many years in buying goods from the United States, 1818. Since this war broke out financial conditions have been most trying; they have been kaleidoscopic, as I have before stated. Transactions in time of war cannot be judged by transactions in the preceding period of peace. The minister finds himself in the position of simply doing the best he can, 1819. This loan of ours in New York paved the way for the Anglo-French loan of \$500,000,000, 1821. Economical administration referred to, 1822-30. Further remarks, 1837-9.

DOMINION LOAN, \$75,000,000.

Bill No. 60 amended—Sir Thomas White, 2006.

DUTY ON SHELL BOXES.

Inquiry—Mr. Gauvreau, 2691.

DUTY ON ZINC OR SPELTER.

Motion:

Resolved, that it is expedient to authorize the payment out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of a bounty of two cents per pound on zinc or spelter, containing not more than two per cent of impurities, produced in Canada from zinc ores mined in Canada; provided the standard price of zinc or spelter in London, England, at the time of production is less than £36.19.3 sterling per ton of two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds, when the bounty payable shall be an amount equal to the difference between such standard prices per ton and £36.19.3 per ton. Further provided, that in no event shall bounty be payable when the price received for zinc or spelter by the producer is 8 cents or more per pound, and that no bounty shall be payable on zinc or spelter to the producer during the continuation of the war, and in no event on zinc or spelter produced after July 31, 1917.

Further resolved, that the total amount payable under the provisions of any Act founded on these resolutions shall not exceed the sum of \$400,000.—Sir Thomas White, 2840.

EASTER ADJOURNMENT.

Motion—Sir Robert Borden, 2925.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER.

Motion:—Sir George Foster, 1.

Foster, Sir George (Acting Prime Minister).

Submits the name of Albert Sevigny, Esq., as Speaker of the House, 1-2.

Laurier, Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—2.

When Dr. Sproule took the Speaker's Chair he was an ardent Tory; the hon. member for Dorchester when he came to this House was an ardent Nationalist. As extremes always meet, it seems to be fitting that Mr. Speaker Sévigny should follow Mr. Speaker Sproule. We shall deem it our duty to give him every assistance to maintain the dignity and traditions of his office, and as well to maintain the dignities and privileges and rights of the House of Commons, 3.

EMBARGO UPON OATS AND OATMEAL.

Inquiry.—Mr. Oliver, 653.

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—653.

No embargo has been placed upon the exportation of oats, 653.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—653.

Asks if any embargo has been placed upon oats, 653.

EMBARGO ON OATS AND OATMEAL.

Inquiry.—Mr. Oliver, 803.

Information given.—Sir George Foster, 855.

EMPLOYEES OF SOULANGES CANAL—CHARGES OF PARTISANSHIP.

Attention called.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 3231.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF SHIPBUILDING.

Reference to on motion for Committee of Supply.—Mr. Macdonald, 4052.

Remarks:—

Barnard, G. H. (Victoria, B.C.), 4057-8.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister), 4054-6.

Carrroll, W. F. (Cape Breton), 4065-7.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou), 4052-4.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria), 4063-4.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 4056-7.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough), 4058-61.

Thoburn, Wm. (Lanark North), 4064-5.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance), 4061-3, 4067.

ENLISTMENT OF CIVIL SERVANTS.

Inquiry.—Mr. Pugsley, 1045.

ENLISTMENT OF COLOURED MEN.

Inquiry.—Mr. Pugsley, 2114.

ENLISTMENT UNDER AGE.

Inquiry.—Mr. Carvell, 3049.

ENLISTMENT OF EDWARD PAQUETTE.

Attention called.—Mr. Ethier, 2241.

ENLISTMENT IN GASPE AND BONAVENTURE.

Inquiry.—Mr. Marcil, 4078.

ENLISTMENTS IN NORTHERN ALBERTA.

Inquiry.—Mr. Oliver, 4076.

ESTATES OF DECEASED SOLDIERS.

Memorandum of Militia Dept. laid on the Table.—Sir Robert Borden, 4075-6.

EXPORT OF CANNED LOBSTERS.

Attention called to letter which he reads *re* lobsters entering Great Britain.—Mr. Loggie, 2547.

EXPORTATION OF NICKEL.

Order in Council laid on Table.—Sir Robert Borden, 2239.

EXTENSION OF THE TERM OF PARLIAMENT.

Motion:

Resolved, that an humble address be presented to His Most Excellent Majesty the King.—Sir Robert Borden, 622.

Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir R. L. (Prime Minister)—622.

The motion which I am proposing to the House is obviously of a very unusual and important character, and can only be justly based on the extraordinary events which the Empire is passing at this time, 622. From all the information in my possession, and from all that I could derive when I was in England during the past summer, I do not believe that we are more than half way through this war at present, 623. As to the precedents for the course which we propose on this occasion, there are only two as far as I am aware, one a precedent of nearly two hundred years ago and the other a precedent recently established in the British Parliament, 624. It may eventually become necessary here, as in Great Britain, that a further extension should be made if an election during the war is to be avoided, 625. Extracts from important journals quoted respecting proposal, 625-7. Public utterances of Opposition speaker quoted, 627. Lest, however, there should be any misunderstanding as to the position of the Government, let me say this. We do not come before Parliament in any sense as suppliants. The Government is quite prepared and willing to submit its record to the judgment of the people, whenever that course becomes necessary or desirable in the public interest, 628.

Laurier, Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—629.

In view of the expressions of public opinion to which my right hon. friend referred during the course of the remarks which he made this afternoon, it is possible that the proposal for an extension of the term of Parliament not for the period of the war, but simply for a period of twelve months, will occasion some disappointment. But, in my judgment, and, I believe, in the judgment of every one who values British institutions, a proposal for the extension of the term of Parliament for the duration of the war would be absolutely unacceptable, and if such a proposition as that should be brought before Parliament, I would deem it my duty to oppose it to the last, 630. When war broke out I had a clear vision of the path I should follow, and from that path I have never deviated, though very often I encountered the taunts of foes, and sometimes the doubts of friends. Standing before me were facts which illuminated my course and pointed the way. There was first of all the fact that England did not engage in this war from any motive of ambition or from any desire for aggrandisement. England went into this war from a sense of the duty which she owed not so much to herself, as to Europe and to mankind at large, 631-3. For all

EXTENSION OF THE TERM OF PARLIAMENT—*Con.*

these reasons, Sir, in view of the responsibility which has been placed upon my shoulders by my hon. friend; in view of the rights of the people, and in view of what I think best for the country, after giving this question the best judgment that I could, I am not prepared to oppose the resolution, and will allow it to pass unanimously in this House, 635.

EXTENSION OF TERM OF PARLIAMENT.

Inquiry.—Mr. Graham, 3231.

Inquiry.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 3943.

Answer to inquiry of Leader of Opposition.—Sir Robert Borden, 4007.

Statement of progress of Bill in Imperial House.—Sir Robert Borden, 4129.

FAIR WAGE CLAUSE IN MUNITION CONTRACTS.

Inquiry.—Mr. Knowles, 1969.

FEDERAL PLAN COMMISSION.

Report laid on Table.—Sir Thomas White, 1603.

FENIAN RAID BOUNTY.

Inquiry.—Mr. Boivin, 3231.

FREE WHEAT.

Motion:—

That, in the opinion of this House, in order to secure to the farmers and people of Canada the advantages of the American market for wheat, wheat products and potatoes, steps should be taken at once to put these articles on the free list in the Canadian Tariff.—Mr. Turrieff, 793.

Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—1059.

Of all farmers who have no reason to grumble, those of the prairies are first, for the Government is lavish in its favours to them, 1061.

Cruise, Robert (Dauphin)—1052.

Believes farmers are in favour of free wheat and gives quotations to sustain argument, 1052-3. Milling industry dealt with, 1054. Pamphlet of Grain Growers Association quoted, 1055-6. Shipbuilding referred to, 1057.

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—1058.

Free wheat from the millers standpoint discussed, 1059. Potatoes referred to, 1059-60.

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—1067.

After studying this question as well as I could, I have come to the conclusion that we should not resist the voice of the people of the West when they ask for the right to sell their wheat in every possible market, 1067. Millers referred to, 1068.

FREE WHEAT—*Con.*

MacNutt, Thomas (Saltcoats)—856.

Price of wheat at Winnipeg and Minneapolis for 1911-15, given, 857-8. Freight congestion referred to, 859-60.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—1068.

I have always believed, and never more than now, that at least ninety per cent of this free wheat issue is purely political, while, for the other ten per cent, it is economically unsound, 1068. The whole people of Canada are concerned, and concerned vitally, with the question of whether or not we place wheat and flour on the free list, 1069. Prices of wheat and grading referred to, 1070-2. The hon. member for Edmonton says that in justice they are entitled to a measure of protection, but because the interests of the millers and the farmers are not the same you shall do what the farmers say and do an injustice to this other class. I cannot subscribe to that doctrine, 1073. Reference made to the Grain Growers' Grain Co., 1074.

Morrison, Alexander (Macdonald)—1057.

I hold it is the duty of Canadians to conserve what surplus we may have, over and above our own requirements, so that it may be available for the requirements of Great Britain and her Allies, 1057-8.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—874.

Regrets that Sir Thomas opposes passage of resolution, 874. The difference between my hon. friend and his Government and his followers, and us on this side of the House is this, that he is prepared, as he and his followers and his supporters have always been prepared, to set the interests of the railroads, or the millers, or the manufacturers or any other industry under heaven against that of the farmers, 875. As a matter of fact he has informed the House and the country that the reason the Government will not agree to give the western farmer free wheat is because it is bound to maintain on behalf of the Canadian milling industry that protection which it enjoys at the present time, 877-80.

Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—880.

I am sure that no hon. member in this House would say that the provision in the Underwood tariff giving us free access to the American market, on certain conditions, was made for the purpose of giving the Canadian producer of Western Canada any special advantage. Government Commission of Saskatchewan quoted, 881-2. The Canadian farmer is getting a good deal more for his wheat this year than the American farmer is getting for his, notwithstanding the statements made by hon. gentlemen opposite. The extravagant statements they put forth do not agree with the facts, 884. Because of the methods pursued by the grain trade of the Dominion, as compared with the methods employed in the United States, where they pick and lower their grades,

FREE WHEAT—*Con.*

a great advantage has come very recently to the grain producers of western Canada. Boomhalls Supplement quoted, 1047-9. A vigorous and determined immigration will have to follow the conclusion of the war in order that all the advantages possible may come to Western Canada, 1050. We want for Western Canada an informed industrial leadership, a skilled industrial population, the best of both in the world, 1051.

Thomson, Levi (Qu'Appelle)—1062.

When we are passing legislation in this House, we must pass it with a view to the circumstances that at present exist, 1062. Speech of Minister of Public Works criticised, 1063. Minister of Finance criticised, 1064-7.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—793.

Grading of wheat defined, 793-4. I do not care whether the United States exports wheat or not. What I know is that the American elevator man is there with money ready to buy our wheat, and pay a higher price for it than we can get on our side of the line, 795-8. The milling trade and free wheat referred to, 798-802.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—861.

There is a very considerable body of opinion in Canada which believes that if we admit wheat free from the United States our wheat will then automatically be permitted free into the United States. That is not the fact, 861. Provisions of Underwood tariff quoted, 862. Gives reason for higher price for wheat prevailing at Minneapolis, 863. Extract from Wall Street Journal quoted, 863-4. Memo. of comparative prices of wheat given, 864. The real question is not whether the price is higher at Minneapolis under existing tariff conditions, but the question is: what would be the state of affairs if the present situation were changed, 865. It is obvious that if our grain did flow down to Minneapolis it would not remain in Canada to be ground by our mills, nor would it be carried from Canada by our transportation systems to the markets of the world. If free wheat will be a real, and not an illusory, advantage to the farmers of the West, that is what would happen, 866. Now, I have dealt with this question from the standpoint of the farmer of the plains, and I have dealt with it from the standpoint of the milling industry I now propose to deal with it from the standpoint of general Canadian policy, 868-72. I desire to give some figures on the potato. It is a homely subject, but the potato is an honoured vegetable, and we might spend a worse five minutes than in considering the tariff with regard to it, 873.

FRENCH CANADIANS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE OF CANADA.

Motion:

That, in the opinion of this House, Canadians of the French language should

FRENCH CANADIANS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE OF CANADA—*Con.*

hold positions in the employ of the Intercolonial Railway, and in the public service of Canada, in proportion to their number in the country; and that it is urgent and in the public interest that all civil servants holding higher offices, and drawing salaries of \$2,000 and over, should understand the two official languages of this country, and that no official in the said service should be admitted into the Civil Service in future unless he can fulfil such conditions.—Mr. Boulay, 1176-85.

GERMAN CANADIANS IN THE MILITARY SERVICE.

Attention called.—Mr. Pugsley, 683.

GOVERNMENT INSPECTION OF HAY.

Inquiry.—Mr. McCoig, 1552, 1606-7.

GOVT. RYS. SMALL CLAIMS ACT AMENDMENT.

House in Committee on Bill No. 91.—Mr. Reid, 3303.

Remarks:

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—3303, 3305.

Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw)—3309-10.

Marcel, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—3310.

McLean, A. A. (Queens, P.E.I.)—3311.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3304, 3309.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3303-5.

GRAIN CONGESTION IN THE WEST.

Attention called.—Mr. Cruise, 3382.

GUSTAVE HEIDMANN.

Reference to.—Mr. Hazen, 681.

Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—681.

Offers a defence of his private secretary, who was accused by some newspapers of being a German subject, 681-3.

HILLSEBOROUGH, P.E.I. BRIDGE.

Inquiry *re* guard for bridge.—Mr. Hughes, 1433.

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES BY VOLUNTEERS.

Attention called to newspaper statement.—Mr. Oliver, 3529.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—APPOINTMENT OF OFFICIAL.

Motion:—

That the recommendation of His Honour the Speaker respecting the appointment of Mr. C. W. Boyce as Clerk of Votes and Proceedings be concurred in.—Sir Robert Borden, 755.

4665—3

HOUSE OF COMMONS—APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT CLERK.

Motion:—

That the recommendation of His Honour the Speaker, laid upon the Table of the House on 15th instant, respecting the appointment of Mr. Arthur Beauchesne, B.A., K.C., to the position of Clerk Assistant of the House of Commons, be concurred in.—Sir Robert Borden, 884.

HOUSE OF COMMONS READING ROOM.

Complaint about papers being removed from files.—Mr. Hughes, 1706.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Changes in reporting branch submitted.—Mr. Speaker, 2398.

Motion for sessions to open at 2 o'clock.—Sir Robert Borden, 3294.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—SATURDAY SITTINGS.

Motion.—Sir Robert Borden, 3409.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Appointment of Editor of Debates.—Mr. Speaker, 4131.

HUNTINGDON PREVENTIVE STATION.

Motion:—

For all correspondence and reports relating to the closing of the customs preventive station at Vicars, Quebec; the opening of customs House office or preventive station at Frontier, Quebec, county of Huntingdon, and subsequent protest against the closing of the office at Vicars. Also for a return showing reports since 1912 of inspectors and collector as to the administration and ability of preventive officer of customs John W. Curran, recently dismissed, at Vicars, Quebec.—Mr. Robb, 641.

I.C.R.—ACCIDENT AT VAL BRILLANT.

Information given.—Mr. Reid, 2058.

I.C.R.—ALLEGED EXPROPRIATION OF COAL.

Information given House by Mr. Macdonald wrong.—Mr. Reid, 1762-3.

INQUIRY FOR RETURN.

Information asked for.—Mr. Edwards, 3297.

INTERCOLONIAL CAR SHORTAGE.

Inquiry.—Mr. Lemieux, 1705.

I.C.R. COAL SUPPLY.

Complaint of conditions.—Mr. Marcel, 2115.

I.C.R.—RATES OF PAY.

Attention called.—Mr. McCurdy, 2831.

I.C.R.—RETURN TICKETS FOR SOLDIERS.

Telegram read from general manager of Intercolonial Railway.—Sir Robert Borden, 2646.

I.C.R. TRAIN DESPATCHERS.

Inquiry—Mr. Gauvreau, 2691.

ILLITERATE SOLDIERS.

Inquiry—Mr. Gauvreau, 1904.

IMMIGRANT WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

Inquiry—Mr. Murphy, 1118.

IMMIGRANT WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

Inquiry—Mr. Murphy, 1330.

IMPORTED LABOURERS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Attention called.—Mr. Verville, 1329.

INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Inquiry of Mr. Graham answered.—Sir Robert Borden, 755.

INQUIRY FOR PAPERS.

Attention called to misunderstanding in preparation of papers asked for.—Mr. Knowles 1810.

INQUIRY FOR REPORT.

Report of Royal Commission on military hospital at Halifax asked for.—Mr. Sinclair, 2114.

INSURANCE COMPANIES' CHARTERS.

House in committee of following proposed resolution:

That it is expedient to provide that any insurance company whose power to apply for a license under the provisions of the Insurance Act, 1910, will expire before the end of the next session of Parliament, may obtain an extension of such power until the end of the next session of Parliament by filing a notice in prescribed form with the superintendent of insurance, and paying a fee of one hundred dollars.—Sir Thomas White, 685.

INSURANCE COMPANIES EXTENSION BILL.

House in committee on Bill No. 34.—Sir Thomas White, 1610.
Bill reported.

INSURANCE COMPANIES INVESTMENT BILL.

House in Committee on Bill No. 35.—Sir Thomas White, 2399.

Remarks:

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—2399, 2400.

INSURANCE COMPANIES INVESTMENT BILL—*Con.*

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—2401.

McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—2401, 2404.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2401-2, 2403.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—2400, 2402.

INTERCHANGE OF RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Inquiry.—Mr. Copp, 2742-3.

INTERNED ALIENS AS FARM LABOURERS.

Inquiry.—Mr. Buchanan, 2649.

JAPANESE IMMIGRATION.

Statement corrected.—Mr. Lemieux, 2646.

J. P. DIONNE *vs.* THE KING.

Inquiry.—Mr. Gauvreau, 2743.

LABOUR IN MUNITION FACTORIES.

Inquiry.—Mr. Macdonald, 2549.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES INVESTMENT BILL.

House in Committee on Bill No. 35.—Sir Thomas White, 1611-15.

Bill read a second time.

LOBSTER FISHING IN NORTHUMBERLAND STRAITS.

Extension of time for open season referred to.—Mr. Macdonald, 4077-8.

LOCAL FREIGHT AT CHATHAM, N.B.

Calls Minister's attention to discrimination.—Mr. Loggie, 1705-6.

MAIL MATTER FROM THE UNITED STATES CENSORED.

Inquiry.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 2691.

MANITOBA AND SASKATCHEWAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

Motion for refund of fee of \$200.—Mr. Schaffner, 3144.

MEREDITH-DUFF AND DAVIDSON COMMISSIONS.

Reference to printed copy of evidence.—Sir Robert Borden, 4130.

MESSAGE FROM ASSEMBLY OF BARBADOS.

Cablegram read.—Mr. Speaker, 652.

MILITARY DECORATIONS.

Corrected list laid on table.—Sir Robert Borden, 3294.

MILITARY DISTRICT No. 12, SASK.

Inquiry.—Mr. McCraney, 1903-4.

MORNING SITINGS OF THE HOUSE.

Motion.—Sir Robert Borden, 2111. Motion stands, 2113.

MOUNT ROYAL TERMINAL AND TUNNEL COMPANY.

Motion for second reading of Bill No. 95.—Mr. Reid, 3372.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3374.

Marcel, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—3374-5.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General), 3373-4.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3374.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3373, 3375.

MUNITION CONTRACTS.

Reference to.—Mr. Carvell, 235.

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—235.

Asks if a statement of contracts for shells will be laid on the table, 235.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—235.

Asks that question be renewed at another time, 235.

MUNITIONS CREDIT TO IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT.

Inquiry.—Mr. Macdonald, 1810-11.

MUNITIONS WORKS COMMISSION.

Inquiry.—Mr. Graham, 2841.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS.

Mr. McCraney.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the purchase by the Government of the several parcels of land now comprised in the Experimental Farm at Rosthern, Saskatchewan, 553.

Mr. Turriff.—For a copy of all affidavits, letters, telegrams and other correspondence during the years 1914 and 1915 in reference to the S.E. 7-1-13 West 2nd Meridian, now the 160-acre homestead of Frank Strubell, between the Department of the Interior or the Minister, or any officer of the department and the land office at Weyburn and Estevan, and with all parties who endeavoured to secure or assisted in securing homestead entry for the said land, 553.

Mr. Kyte.—For a return showing the names of all employees of the Government of Canada in the inside and outside service who have enlisted since the 4th day of August, 1914, for overseas service; and the names of all employees of the Government of Canada in the inside and outside service who have enlisted since the 4th day of August, 1914, for home defence; also the salary received by each previous to enlisting; and the rate of pay received by each since enlisting; specifying those, if any, who

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

continue to enjoy the salaries paid them before their enlistment and the amount of same, 553.

Mr. Kyte.—For a return showing the names and addresses of members of the House of Commons and of the various provincial legislatures in Canada who are in the service of the Department of Militia and Defence either in Canada or overseas; the official rank and rate of pay of each; the names of those who are now in Canada; the names of those who are in England, and the names of those who are or have been in active service at any of the battle fronts, 553.

Mr. Carroll.—For a copy of all letters, papers, telegrams, pay-sheets, pay-rolls receipts and documents of all kinds whatsoever in connection with the extension or repairs on the public breakwater at Port Morien, in South Cape Breton, during 1915, 554.

Mr. Carroll.—For a copy of all letters, papers, telegrams and documents of all kinds whatsoever in connection with the tenders and awarding of the contract for carrying the mails between the tram cars and the post office at Glace Bay, South Cape Breton, 554.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, or other communications sent to the Government or any member or department thereof before August 15, 1914, pointing out the necessity of granting relief to the settlers in the drouth-stricken area of Alberta, 554.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a copy of all letters, tenders, advertisements, posters, telegrams and of other documents in connection with the letting of the contract for conveying the mails between Medicine Hat and Eagle Butte, in the constituency of Medicine Hat, Alberta, 554.

Mr. Knowles.—For a copy of all Orders in Council, letters, telegrams, reports and other documents regarding the proposed public building in Prince Rupert for post office and other purposes, and regarding the land proposed or such public building and the purchase of such land, 554.

Mr. Knowles.—For a copy of all Orders in Council, letters, telegrams, recommendations and other documents in connection with the Government's decision in September, 1915, to exact payment of one-half of the seed grain liens, 554.

Mr. Demers.—For a copy of all documents, letters, messages, correspondence and reports concerning the contract for carrying the mails between the post office at Saint Jean, P.Q., and the railway stations of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Grand Trunk Railway Company and the Vermont Central Railway Company since and during the year 1911, 554.

Mr. Gauvreau.—For a return showing all the employees in the inside service of the Department of Inland Revenue, their names and Christian names, and their respective

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

salaries in 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915-16. Also of all the employees in the outside service of the same department, their names, Christian names and respective salaries for 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915-16. A statement of the services for which these latter were employed, and of the services in which they were employed, and the number of dismissals and appointments since 1911, 554.

Mr. Boulay.—For a copy of the investigation held from 1911 to 1913 concerning the loss of a horse, at Lac au Saumon, on the Intercolonial railway, by J. S. Théberge, 554.

Mr. Oliver.—For a copy of all Orders in Council passed since August 4, 1914, dealing with members of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces in the following particulars: Pensions to partially or totally disabled soldiers or their dependents; money allowances or other provision made for the support or care of partially or totally disabled returned soldiers; and pay allowances or other consideration to dependents of soldiers while on active service, and after their return from active service, because of disablement from any cause, 554.

Mr. Kyte.—For a copy of all correspondence, memorials, letters and telegrams received by the Hon. Postmaster General or the Right Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden, in 1915, relating to the contract for carrying the mails between Roberta, in the county of Richmond, and West Bay, in the county of Inverness, N.S., and also of all replies thereto, 554.

Mr. Kyte.—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and memorials received by the Hon. Postmaster General or the Right Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden, since January 1, 1912, relating to the contract for carrying the mail across Lemon ferry in the county of Richmond, N.S., and also of all replies thereto, 554.

Mr. Boulay.—For a copy of the report of the investigation held in connection with the burning of the barn of George Lavoie, a farmer at Bic, on the 23rd May, 1914, 554.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all reports upon the depths of water in the different locks in the East River of Pictou, improvements, and of all correspondence and recommendations in regard to changes on the plans therefor, 554.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a return showing the names of all medical officers employed and designated in the years 1914 and 1915 in the examination of recruits in the county of Pictou, and of any changes in the list of said officers in said period, 554.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, papers, evidence, reports and all other documents relating to the investigation into certain alleged irregularities in the weighing of freight on the Intercolonial railway at Stellarton and New Glasgow in 1914 and 1915, and the dismissal of Arthur McLean in connection therewith, 554.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con*

Mr. Carvell.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, correspondence and agreements between the Department of Railways and Canals, and any official thereof, including the officials of the Intercolonial railway, regarding the installation of the McQueen siding, so-called, at Shediac, in the province of New Brunswick and the subsequent removal thereof, 554.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all documents, papers and telegrams in any way referring to the application of Aenas McKinnon, of Iron Mines, Inverness county, for the Fenian Raid Veteran bounty, 554.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all documents, letters and petitions in the possession of the Railway Department relating to the dismissal of Wm. P. Mills, bridge and building master of District No. 4, Intercolonial railway; and also a copy of all letters, telegrams, petitions and documents of all kinds in the possession of the Government, either in Ottawa or at Moncton, relating in any way to the application of said Wm. P. Mills for an investigation into the causes which led to his dismissal, 554.

Mr. Boulay.—For a copy of the report of the investigation held in the case of Messrs. Nazarire Morin and Napoléon Hébert, of Ste. Florence, county of Matane, bearing the number 10083 of the records of Mr. Alward of Moncton, 554.

Mr. Séguin.—For copies of all telegrams, letters, petitions, correspondence and other documents whatsoever relating to the post office and the postmaster of the parish of St. Esprit, in the county of Moncalm, from October, 1911, to the present day, 554.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all petitions, letters, papers, telegrams, tenders and other documents relating to the establishment of rural mail route from Scotsburn to North Scotsburn, Rogers Hill and Hardwood Hill, and as to the closing of any post offices on said route, 554.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters and other documents of Mr. Price as assistant superintendent of the Oxford and New Glasgow division of the Government railways, and as to his retirement therefrom, and the appointment of Mr. Rufus Martin in his stead, 555.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, agreements and all other papers relative to the creation of a Board of Conciliation, during the year 1915, under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, in regard to the employees of the Nova Scotia Steel Company in the county of Pictou, 555.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, petitions and other papers relative to the granting of a Conciliation Board to the employees of the Acadia Coal Company, in the county of Pictou, in the autumn of 1915, 555.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, petitions, directions and other documents relative to the surveys for a

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

- railway under the Railway Department, which have been carried on during the past summer, points east and west from Sunnybrae, in the county of Pictou, 555.
- Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all tenders, letters, telegrams and contracts relative to a mail contract from Noel to Maitland, in the county of Hants, and relative to the awarding of the same under contract, 555.
- Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents, including tenders, relating to the establishment of a rural mail route between Pictou and West River, in the county of Pictou, 555.
- Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents, including tenders, relating to the establishment of the rural mail route from Eureka to Sunnybrae and return, in the county of Pictou, 555.
- Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents, including tenders, relating to the mail contract from Tatamagouche to New Annan and Tatamagouche Mountain, in the county of Colchester, 555.
- Mr. Boulay.—For a copy of the investigation held on the loss of a horse belonging to Louis de Gonzague Belzile, of Amqui, county of Matane, during the year 1915, 555.
- Mr. Law.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, and other documents in detail, showing expenses, mileage and disbursements of Joseph W. V. Wilson, of Barrington, N.S., as fishery guardian in Shelburne, N.S., during year 1915, 553.
- Mr. Law.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents in connection with repairs, upkeep and watchman's services on Patrol Boat A, Captain Blackford, while laid up at Shelburne, N.S., during the month of December, 1914, and subsequent months until ready for sea in 1915, 555.
- Mr. Law.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters and other documents in connection with repairs to wharf at Shag Harbour, Shelburne county, N.S., during the years 1915 and 1916, 555.
- Mr. Law.—For a copy of all letters papers, pay-rolls, telegrams and correspondence in connection with the expenditure of, and receipts and vouchers for moneys paid for the building of a wharf or blocking at the head of Belleville, Yarmouth county, N.S., 555.
- Mr. Law.—for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents relative to repairs on the Hanlover at Cape Negro, Shelburne county, N.S., in 1915, 555.
- Mr. Law.—For a return showing the itemized disbursements of Ward Fisher, inspector of Fisheries for western Nova Scotia, for the year 1912, amounting to \$388.40, and the year 1913, amounting to \$1,009.84, 555.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

- Mr. Law.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents in connection with the purchase of a site for the post office building at Bear River, N.S., 555.
- Mr. Martin (Regina).—For a return showing the fractional areas of homestead lands, or otherwise, in the province of Saskatchewan, sold in the year 1915, the name of the purchaser, and the price paid in each case, 555.
- Mr. Gauvreau.—For a copy of all documents, title deeds, papers, notarial deeds or private writings in connection with the sale, donation or transfer, by the estate of Alex. Fraser, of Rivière du Loup, to the Government or the Railway Department, for the Intercolonial, the lot of land or part of the lot of land, at the east of the Intercolonial bridge at Rivière du Loup, at a place called Gauvreau Yard; also of all correspondence in this connection, 555.
- Mr. Kyte.—For a return showing: Who the recruiting officers were for the counties of Lunenburg, Queens, Shelburne and Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, during the months of July, August, September, October, November, and December, 1915; what remuneration each received during each month, for salary, disbursements and expenses; if they are still employed as recruiting officers; if so, what salary is being paid each recruiting officer per day or per month, 555.
- Mr. Edwards.—For a return showing: How many officers, N.C.O.'s and men enlisted in Canada for overseas service during the year 1915; how many enlisted from each province in each year; how many of those enlisting in each year were British subjects, born outside of Canada, French Canadians, English Canadians, that is, Canadians of English, Scotch, Irish or Welsh descent, and German Canadians; how many of the First Contingent were Methodists, Presbyterians, Anglicans, Roman Catholics, and other denominations, 555.
- Mr. Edwards.—For a return showing: The number of officers, N.C.O.'s and men enlisted in Canada for overseas service during the year 1914, and during the year 1915; how many enlisted from each province in each year; how many of those enlisting in each year were British subjects, born outside of Canada, French Canadians, English Canadians, that is, Canadians of English, Scotch, Irish or Welsh descent, and German Canadians; how many of those enlisting in each year were Methodists, Presbyterians, Roman Catholics, Anglicans, and other denominations, 555.
- Mr. McCraney.—For a copy of all documents, letters, messages, correspondence and reports concerning a conference between the Minister of Agriculture and certain representatives of the Mennonite Church in or about July, 1873, and referred to in a certain letter dated 23rd July, 1873, signed by P. M. Lowe, secretary of the Department of Agriculture, and addressed to

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Messrs. David Klassen, Jacob Peters, Heinrich Wiebe and Cornelius Toews, delegates from Southern Russia, 596.

Mr. Turgeon.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, evidence of witnesses at the investigation, and reports thereon, in relation to the claim of Alexander D. Doucet, of Beresford, N.B., for cattle killed on the Intercolonial railroad on May 25, 1915, 596.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other papers and documents in the possession of the Department of Public Works relating to a request made by the Nova Scotia Historical Society for permission to place a memorial tablet commemorating the late Reverend Dr. James MacGregor, on the post office building, New Glasgow, N.S., 596.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return showing a copy of the prospectus, rates of interest, the effective interest, the net yield, commission charges, printing charges and other charges, in connection with the Government Domestic Loan of one hundred million dollars, and also in connection with the loan of forty-five million dollars made at New York in 1915, 596.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return showing the amounts expended by the Post Office Department for that part of the present fiscal year ending December 31, 1915, under the following subheads: Conveyance of mails by land; conveyance of mails by railways; conveyance of mails by steamboats; making and repairing mail bags, locks, etc.; rural mail boxes, salaries, travelling expenses, manufacturing postage stamps and postage notes, tradesmen's bills, stationery, printing and advertising miscellaneous disbursements, and maintenance of the service in the Yukon. Also showing the revenue for the same period under the various subheads of revenue mentioned in appendix "A" of the report of the Postmaster General for the year ending 31, 1915, 596.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return of all money expended, respectively, during the present fiscal year by the Department of Public Works chargeable to capital account, for public buildings, and harbours and rivers, by provinces designating in detail the purposes of such expenditure, 596.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return showing all sums of money expended during the present fiscal year to December 31, 1915, by the Department of Public Works, respectively, for public buildings, harbours and rivers, roads and bridges, telegraph and telephone lines, dredging and for miscellaneous purposes, chargeable to income, showing said expenditure under the above headings and by provinces, 596.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all correspondence between the Department of Militia and Defence or any of its branches and the Department of Agriculture, in

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

reference to the using of the immigration or quarantine buildings at McNab's island and Lawlor's island, Halifax, N.S., for military purposes, and particularly for their use by the 63rd Regiment overseas contingent, 596.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a copy of all correspondence with the Imperial authorities respecting legislation by the Parliament of United Kingdom, in answer to the petition of the Canadian Parliament asking for amendment of the British North America Act with reference to the Senate, 596.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a report showing the apportioning of electoral divisions in Manitoba, made by judges under authority of the Dominion Elections Act, 7-8, Edward VII, Chapter 26, 596.

Mr. Pugsley.—For a copy of the Order in Council or department order dismissing Mr. Bayfield from the position of Superintendent of Dredging in British Columbia and also Order in Council or departmental order appointing J. L. Nelson in his place, 596.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all papers, memoranda, correspondence, reports, etc., in connection with the dismissal of John E. Hallamore, as Postmaster at Upper New Cornwall, Lunenburg county, N.S., 596.

Mr. Pardee.—For a return showing the number and purpose of all Commissions appointed by the Government since 1911, and the cost of each, together with names of the various members of such Commissions, 596.

Mr. Copp.—For a return showing the names and salaries of all the officials, assistants and clerks employed in the Intercolonial railway offices in Moncton, including the assistant superintendent's office, dispatcher's office, station and freight house, the names and salaries of the foreman employed in each of the shops, and also the names of all officials, clerks engine drivers and conductors who have been retired and placed on the pension list since the first of January, 1915, with the amount of the annual retiring allowance to each, 596.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a copy of all papers in connection with the appointment of Léon Roy as interpreter in the Department of the Interior and also a copy of the Order in Council, documents and correspondence, relating to his dismissal, 596-7.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all Orders in Council or Departmental regulations, and amendments thereto, relative to the enlistment for Overseas Service of employees of Departments of Government and the matter of their departmental pay while under enlistment, 597.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all letters, correspondence, memoranda, Orders in Council, etc., relative to the Transatlantic Mail Service for the winter season 1915-16, and passing between the contractor company and any Departments of Government or Minister of the Crown, 597.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Maclean (Halifax).—For a copy of all correspondence, inquiries, evidence, reports by departmental officials or Orders in Council, relative to the dismissal of Clifford G. Brander of the Customs Preventive Service at Halifax, N.S., 597.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all evidence, correspondence, reports, memoranda or Orders in Council, relative to the retirement or dismissal from the customs service at the port of Halifax, of A. J. Crosby, Thomas Lynch and J. B. Naylor, 597.

Mr. Maclean.—For a return showing the names of all medical officers appointed and employed for immigration or quarantine purposes at Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver and Victoria, together with the date of appointment of each, their salary, and in each case designating whether they or any of them are still in the service of the Government and why not, the date when the service ceased, 597.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all correspondence, evidence, reports, memoranda and Orders in Council relative to the dismissal of Charles McCarthy from the customs service at the port of Halifax, and in respect to his restoration to office, 597.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all correspondence, evidence, official reports, memoranda and Orders in Council, in connection with an investigation or inquiry into the conduct of any officials of the customs service at the port of Halifax, N.S., in the latter part of 1915 by Mr. Busby, inspector of customs, 597.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return showing the number of subscribers to the Government Domestic Loan of one hundred million dollars which were in the sum of \$1,000 or under, and the number of other subscriptions in multiples of \$1,000, 597.

Mr. J. J. Hughes.—For a copy of all tenders, offers, letters, telegrams, engineers' reports and other documents relating to the construction of a breakwater or boat harbour at North Lake, Prince Edward Island, 597.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a copy of all Orders in Council, letters and correspondence which led to the convening of the conference of local governments which took place in Ottawa during the month of October last; together with all the proceedings and resolutions of the said conference, 597.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a statement showing the quantity of wheat shipped month by month, during the calendar years 1914 and 1915, from Winnipeg to Fort William and Fort Arthur, and by what railways; to Duluth by the Canadian Northern railway or allied system; to Minneapolis and St. Paul by the Canadian Pacific railway, to the seaboard by rail over Canadian territory; and to American ports over American railways, 597.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. McKenzie.—For a copy of all correspondence between the Department of Marine and Fisheries, or any department of Government, and the Pilot Commissioners of the harbour and district of St. Anns, in the county of Victoria, during the years 1914 and 1915, in respect to the removal or dismissal of Daniel Buchanan from the office of pilot of said harbour and district, 597.

Mr. Lemieux.—For a return showing how many rural mail delivery routes have been opened during the last fiscal year, in what counties, and at what cost to each county, 597.

Mr. McKenzie.—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams or other communications between the officers of the customs at North Sydney, N.S., or any of them, and the Department of Customs, in respect to the renting of a room or rooms for the purposes of the said department at North Sydney, 597.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, duties rebated to importers during the present fiscal year up to December 31, 1915, with the particulars thereof, 597.

For a return showing the revenue collected during the present fiscal year up to December 31, 1915, from the importation of the following classes of dutiable articles, and under the divisions of general tariff, preferential tariff, and surtax tariff, together with the quantities and values of such importations; iron ore, iron and steel and manufactures of iron and steel; cotton and cotton manufactures; leather and manufactures of leather; wool and manufactures of wool; coal; manganese; zinc; copper, meats; eggs and butter, 597.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—Where any of the above items are numerous subdivided in the customs return, the principal items in the imports as to quantity, value and revenue need only be given, 597.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a return showing the names and post office addresses of all applicants for bounty under the Deep Sea Fisheries Act, from the districts of Ecum Secum, Marie Joseph, Spanish Ship Bay, and Liscombe, county of Guysborough, N.S., for the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915, distinguishing between applications that have been accepted and the bounty paid, and those that have been rejected, and also the reasons for such rejections, if any, 597.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a copy of all papers and correspondence respecting the expropriation of Joseph Griffin for land at Valcartier, Quebec, 597.

Mr. MacNutt.—For a copy of all letters, papers, and other documents relating to the application of Wasyl Piniński for the patent of the southwest quarter section 5, township 25, range 4, west second principal meridian, office file No. 1752484, 638.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Macdonald.—For a return showing the names of contractors for supplies, meats and other provisions required for the dredges of the Department of Public Works, working in the East River of Pictou or elsewhere in Pictou county, during the year 1914 and 1915, respectively, and the amounts paid respectively to each of said tenderers, 638.

Mr. Douglas.—For a return showing the different mail routes in the Strathcona constituency, their location and date of establishment, and all rural routes under consideration at the present time, 641.

Mr. Gauvreau.—For a copy of all documents, letters, messages, correspondence, reports, etc. regarding the cancellation of the subsidy contract to the Compagnie de Navigation Trans-St. Laurent, and the granting of a like contract to another company, for service between Rivière du Loup, Tadoussac and other ports on the north shore, including all correspondence exchanged between the Department of Trade and Commerce, the Post Office Department, or the ministers of such departments and the two above-named companies, 641.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a return showing the name, port of registry, tonnage and name of the master of all steam trawlers that cleared outwards from the port of Canso, Nova Scotia, in the year 1915. Also a copy of all reports and declarations under the hand of the master or chief officer of each of the said trawlers so clearing outward from said port since April 16, 1915, required to be signed by such masters under the provisions of an Order in Council passed on the 16th of April, 1915, 674.

Mr. Oliver.—For a return showing the number of field kitchens supplied by the Militia Department to each infantry battalion of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, serving overseas, the number of field kitchens purchased by the Militia Department for the use of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, the average cost of each of the field kitchens supplied, and what manufacturing firms have supplied field kitchens to the order of the Militia Department, 761.

Mr. Thompson.—For a return showing the different mail routes in the constituency of Qu'Appelle, their location and date of establishment, and all rural mail routes now being established or under consideration at the present time in the same constituency, 761.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions and documents of any kind, referring in any way to the application of Ares or Angus McKinnon, or Iron Mines or Orangedale, Inverness county, for the Fenian Raid Bounty, 761.

For a return showing the number of persons of German or Austrian birth in the employ of the post office department, their names, class of employment, and the remuneration paid to each of them, 761.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence and telegrams, exchanged between the Government, its resident engineer of the district, and all other persons concerning the construction of a bridge between Ile Perrot and Ste. Anne de Belleville, and Ile Perrot and Vaudreuil, 853.

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence and telegrams between the Government, the engineers, and all other persons concerning the building of the post office at Rigaud; also of the amounts of money paid to divers persons for such building, furnishing, the land, the care of the grounds and other works, 853.

Mr. Boyer.—For a list of the permanent and other employees on the Soulanges Canal in 1910, with the salary of each of them also a list of the employees, permanent or otherwise in 1915, and the salary of each of them, 853.

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence and telegrams, exchanged between the Government, its Inquiry Commissioner, Mr. G. H. Bergeron, and all other persons, concerning the inquiry, the dismissal and replacing of the postmasters of the different post offices mentioned below; and of all correspondence relating to the appointments of the present postmasters who replace the former ones, who had been either dismissed or replaced for one reason or another:—St. Lazare Village, Vaudreuil station, Pointe Fortune, Val des Eboulis, Mont Oscar, St. Justine de Newton, Ste. Marie, 853-4.

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence, telegrams and reports exchanged between the Government, the resident engineer of the district, and all other persons, concerning the dredging work done at the places below named, and the amount of money paid to divers persons, companies, etc., for such work, as well as the statements already presented at my request, the whole since 1904:—At the wharf of Ile Perrot, North, South, and at the church; in Dorion Bay channel; at Vaudreuil village channel; at Pointe Cavagnale; at Como; at Hudson; at Hudson Heights channel; at Graham channel; in the Rigaud river channel; in the Ottawa river; Ile aux Poires channel; at Pointe Fortune, and at Ste. Anne de Bellevue channel, 854.

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence, telegrams and reports, exchanged between the Government, the engineers residing in the districts, and all other persons residing in the district, and all other persons, concerning the construction and repairing done to the wharves mentioned below, since 1904, and of all data and reports already produced at my request and relating to documents prior to 1904; also the amounts of money paid for such construction and repairing, and to whom paid:—The wharf at Ile Perrot, North, South, and at the Church; of the village of Vaudreuil; of Pointe Cavagnale; of Hudson; of Pointe Fortune, 854.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Douglas.—For a return showing the location of all rural mail routes in the present constituency of Strathcona, the date of their inception, and the location of routes at present under consideration, 854.

Mr. Copp.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and correspondence between the Department of Marine and Fisheries, or any official thereof, and any person or persons in reference to the proposed retirement from office of the present keeper of the lighthouse at Cape Jourmain, in the county of Westmorland, 854.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters and petitions, and of all documents of all kinds in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail to Eastern Harbour and Pleasant Bay, 854.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters and petitions, and of all documents of all kinds in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail to Upper Margaree post office and Gillies post office, 854.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters and petitions, and of all documents of all kinds in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail to Margaree Harbour and Cheticamp, 854.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters and petitions, and of all documents of all kinds in any way referring to the awarding of the contract for carrying the mail from Inverness to Margaree Harbour, 854.

Mr. McKenzie.—For a return showing the amounts expended in railway subsidies in Canada during the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915; the amounts by provinces, and the names of the lines to which granted; amounts expended on the construction of Government-owned railways in Canada during the above years; the amount expended in each province, and the name of the line of railway on which such expenditure was made; the amounts expended on harbour and river improvements in Canada during the above years; the amounts by provinces and the particular places where expended; the amounts expended on the building of public wharves, public breakwaters, and public dredging in North Cape Breton and Victoria during the years 1905 to 1911, inclusive, including the expenditures on Government railways; and the amounts expended for like purposes in the said county, during the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915, 854.

Mr. Delisle.—For a return showing: The total number of government employees in the inside service in the month of September, 1911; the total number of Government employees in the outside service in the month of September, 1911; the number to-day in each department, 854.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Hughes.—For a return showing whether the Government, or the Department of Militia and Defence has employed any parties other than the officers of the permanent force to obtain recruits for the overseas forces; if so, the number of persons so employed in each province, 854.

Mr. Boulay.—For a return showing the number of soldiers of English origin and the number of French origin in the Patricia Regiment; how many soldiers of English origin were comprised in the first contingent, and of the number, how many were of Canadian birth; how many soldiers of French origin there were in that contingent, and how many in the Patricia Regiment, 951.

Mr. Verville.—For a return showing how many persons have been employed by the Department of Militia since the beginning of the war in the examining, appraising or testing of materials, such as clothing, harness, etc., purchased for military purposes; and how many of such employees are practical trades people, experts, or otherwise experienced persons in the respective callings, connected with the various materials so purchased, 951.

Mr. Lemieux.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, memos, Orders in Council, reports, and of all and every document concerning the construction of the dam at Grand' Mère, county of Champlain, province of Quebec, by the Laurentide Co., Limited, 951.

Mr. W. M. Martin.—For a return showing the amounts of money paid by all departments of the Government to the *Regina Province* and *Standard*, the *Moosejaw News*, and the *Saskatoon Star*, respectively, in each of the years 1914 and 1915, 951.

Mr. W. M. Martin.—For a return showing the different rural mail routes in the constituency of Regina, their location and date of establishment and all rural routes under consideration at the present time in said constituency, 951.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, papers, telegrams and other documents relating to the survey in the harbour of Pictou, for a proposed new bridge, by the Railway Department, and also a statement showing the amounts paid in connection with said survey, the names of the persons to whom paid, and the purposes for which they were paid, 951.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all papers, agreements, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the proposal to purchase, lease, or use of, the railway known as the Vale railway, county of Pictou, and to the operation of the same by the Railway Department, 951.

Mr. Gauvreau.—For a copy of all letters and correspondence between A. Bellemare, Esq., M.P., and the Government or any member thereof in connection with the construction of the post office at Louisville, 951.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Lanctot.—For a return showing the amounts spent for the furnishing of the office of the Hon. E. Patenaude, Minister of Inland Revenue; with a copy of all invoices. And also a statement of the amounts spent for the furnishing of the office of Hon. W. B. Nantel, when Minister of Inland Revenue; with a copy of all invoices, 951.

Mr. Lemieux.—For a detailed statement of all the wrecks which have taken place on the St. Lawrence River from 1867 until 1916, inclusive, 951.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, investigations and reports relating to the dismissal of Joseph Fleming, conductor Intercolonial railway, and in regard to his reinstatement, 951.

Mr. Kyte.—For a return showing the names of all corporations, firms and individuals who tendered or offered to supply clothing to the Department of Militia and Defence since the 1st day of August, 1914, and the prices submitted by each.

2. The names of all corporations, firms and individuals to whom contracts were awarded, together with quantities and prices, and a copy of all such contracts.
3. Also a copy of all correspondence with corporations, firms and individuals seeking such contracts.
4. And a copy of all complaints against the quality and character of the clothing supplied.

Mr. Lemieux.—For a detailed statement of all war orders obtained by the Dominion Steel Corporation of Sydney, Nova Scotia, 951.

Mr. Fortier.—For a copy of the war orders given to the Montreal Street Railway Company, 952.

Mr. Verville.—For a copy of all correspondence and telegrams exchanged between the Labour Department and the working men at Thetford Mines prior, during, or after the last strike in that vicinity, and of all other papers relating thereto, 952.

Mr. Gauvreau.—For a copy of a petition from the citizens of Louisville, requesting that L. F. Sanfaçon be not dismissed from his position of postmaster of that town; also of all letters sent by A. Bellemare, M.P., in connection with the dismissal of said L. F. Sanfaçon and asking for such dismissal; and of all letters from the same A. Bellemare, M.P., recommending Chas. Ed. LaSage as postmaster in the place of the said L. F. Sanfaçon.—952.

Mr. Edwards.—For a return showing the amount paid out for new buildings and repairs at the Royal Military College and at Fort Henry in each of the years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915; to whom the money was paid; the amount in each case; what portion of the work was tendered for; and the amount of each tender submitted, 1043

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Lanctot.—For a return showing the number of permanent employees in the Department of Inland Revenue in 1915-16; the number there will be in 1916-17; the amount paid in salaries for temporary employees in each of the following years: 1912-13, 1913-14, 1914-15, and 1915-16; and the names of the temporary employees and dates of their appointment, respectively, 1043.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a return showing the names of all shell inspectors employed in and about the Nova Scotia Steel Company, and the other factories producing shells at New Glasgow, in the county of Pictou, 1043.

Mr. E. Lapointe.—For a copy of plans, profiles, reports, correspondence and all documents concerning the construction of a viaduct at Amqui, on the Intercolonial railway, at the place called Traverse Dubé, Dubé Crossing; also of the plans of properties belonging to the Intercolonial railway at Amqui, and of the land leased to the municipality of Amqui, with a copy of the lease affecting such land, 1043.

Mr. E. Lapointe.—For a copy of all reports and documents concerning the surveys made by the Federal Government during the autumn of 1914 of Lake Matapedia and the river of the same name down to the village of Amqui, 1043.

Mr. E. Lapointe.—For a copy of all documents, correspondence, reports, etc., concerning the dismissal of J. B. Levesque, of Rivière Ouelle, as steward on the steamer *Champlain*, 1043.

Mr. E. Lapointe.—For a copy of all documents, reports, correspondence, etc., relating to the changing of St. Eleuthère station on the National Transcontinental railway, 1044.

Mr. E. Lapointe.—For a return showing the names of all persons who worked at the repairing of the wharf at Rivière Ouelle during the summer of 1915, with a statement of their occupations and the amount paid to them, respectively, 1044.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a return showing how many men have been recruited in Canada for active service in the Navy, either Canadian or British; at what places they were recruited; and for what rank and service they have been recruited, respectively, 1079.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a return showing how many employees were in the Post Office Department on October 11, 1911, in the inside service and the outside service, respectively, including postmasters and other officials of every class paid by the department; also the number of temporary clerks employed in 1900, whose services were dispensed with on or before December 31, 1911; also, how many employees were in the pay of the Post Office Department on December 31, 1915, in the inside service and in the outside service, respectively, including postmasters and other officials of every class paid by the department; also the number of temporary clerks employed in 1915, whose services were dispensed with on or before December 31, 1915, 1079.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Kyte.—For a return showing in detail the payment or payments, amounting to \$647.50, paid to P. A. Stoddart, fishery guardian, Shelburne county, N.S., during the year ending March 31, 1915, 1165.

Mr. Kyte.—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and documents of all kinds relating to the chartering of the vessel *Starling*, by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, 1165.

Mr. Pugsley.—For a copy of the contract with the Amalgamated Dry Dock and Engineering Company for the construction of a dry dock at North Vancouver, B.C., together with the application for subsidy therefor, and also a copy of all reports of engineers' correspondence, and all other documents relating thereto, 1165.

Mr. Gauvreau.—For a copy of all accounts, telegrams, letters, bills of costs and other documents relating to the case of J. P. Dionne against the King, before the Exchequer Court, in which case Mr. Leo Bérubé was attorney and Mr. E. H. Cimon was counsel, both being lawyers of Fraser-ville, 1165.

Mr. Proulx.—For a return showing the names, rank and military qualifications of the officers on the headquarters staff of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd divisional areas, including those on staffs of camps and schools of instruction, on October 1, 1915; the names of those of the above who on that date had volunteered, taken the oath and been attested for overseas service, 1165.

Mr. Ethier.—For a return showing the number of employees in the Militia Department at Ottawa on the 4th August, 1914; the present number of employees in the Militia Department; how many of them are of Canadian origin, and how many of foreign origin; the dates of their respective appointments; the nature of their duties, and their salaries, 1165.

Mr. Ethier.—For a return showing how many persons have enlisted in the Dominion since the 4th August, 1914; the number in each province; the number of those who have recently come to Canada and enlisted, and the date of the arrival of each, 1165.

Mr. Delisle.—For a return showing the number in 1911, of the buildings leased in part or in entirety by the Government; what total amount such annual leasing represented; the number at present of buildings leased in part or in entirety by the Government; what total amount such annual leasing represents, 1165.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, reports and documents of all kinds relating to the visits of a fair wage officer to New Glasgow, N.S., in connection with the schedule of wages of men employed in works making shells at that place, 1279.

Mr. Carvell.—For a copy of all papers, letters, telegrams, Orders in Council and payments of money with reference to the quartering

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

of troops at Amherst, province of Nova Scotia, respectively, in the financial year ending March 31, 1915, and during the present financial year up to date, 1279.

Mr. Turriff.—For a copy of all letters, correspondence and telegrams between the Speaker, the Clerk of the House of Commons, the Civil Service Commission and the Minister of Finance in regard to the proposed appointment of Mr. H. Crossley Sherwood as assistant Clerk of Routine and Records, from October 1, 1914, down to the present date, 1279.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a copy of all correspondence between the Prime Minister and Mr. Arthur Hawkes, during the years 1912 and 1913, relating to the Special Report on Immigration, published by the Hon. Robert Rogers in May, 1912, and particularly referring to the necessity for greater production from the soil, following the application of the Canadian Northern railway for financial assistance, and the speech of the Minister of Finance, in concluding the debate on the Budget, in April and May, 1913, 1279.

Mr. Graham.—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, Orders in Council, etc., relating to the transfer by the Government of Ontario to the Government of Canada, of the rights held by the former in the lakes, dams, etc., contiguous to or forming a part of the Trent Valley Waterways System, 1279.

Mr. Lanctot.—For a return showing the names of the lawyers of the province of Quebec who have been entrusted with certain cases or given other work by the Government since the month of September, 1911; the amounts that have been asked by each of such lawyers for each case; and the amounts paid to each of them, 1440.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a return showing the different rural mail routes in the constituency of Medicine Hat, with their location and date of establishment; and also all rural mail routes now being established or under consideration at the present time in the same constituency, 1440.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a return showing the amounts contributed from the constituency of Medicine Hat for machine guns and by whom contributed or forwarded, 1440.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and documents relating to the dismissal or resignation of Dr. W. T. Patton from the service of the Veterinary Inspection Branch of the Department of Agriculture and his re-appointment and his later dismissal or resignation, 1440.

Mr. Murphy.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and reports in any way connected with the investigations made at different times during the year 1915, in connection with the Toronto harbour works, under contract to the Canadian Stewart Company, 1440.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all correspondence, accounts, vouchers, etc., in connection with the construction of a wharf at Shad Bay, Halifax county, N.S., in 1914 and 1915, 1440.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all correspondence, accounts, vouchers, memoranda, etc., relating to the construction of a launch way and boat house at Bear Cove Beach, Halifax county, N.S., and completed in 1914, 1440.

Mr. W. A. Chisholm.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions, and documents of all kinds referring in any way to the application of Mrs. Flora McIntyre, of River Dennis, Inverness county, N.S., for the Fenian Raid veteran bounty of her late husband, Angus McIntyre, late of River Dennis, 1440.

Mr. W. A. Chisholm.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters, petitions, and documents of all kinds in any way referring to the change in the Inverness-Margaree mail route from the west to the east of the Margaree river, from a point at Margaree Forks to Chapel Bridge, 1440.

Mr. Wm. Chisholm.—For a detailed statement of the expenditure last year at McNair's Cove, Nova Scotia, giving the names of the workmen, the number thus employed, the amount paid to each; also the amount paid for supplies and material, and the names of the persons to whom the same was paid, 1440-1.

Mr. Graham.—For a return showing the amounts paid under retroactive clause of the Act providing for an impost of 50 cents per proof gallon on all spirits taken from bond between the date of the outbreak of the war and the date of the passage of such Act; and also by whom paid, and the date of payment, 1441.

Mr. Boulay.—For a list of the employees in the Dominion police force, with the salary of each of them, 1441.

Mr. Paquet.—For a return showing: What are the names of the lawyers of the province of Quebec who have been entrusted with certain cases or given work by the Government between the 1st September, 1908, to the 1st October, 1911; what amounts were claimed by each of such lawyers for each case or matter in which he acted; and what amounts were paid to each of them, 1552.

Mr. McKenzie.—For a return showing: how much was collected in wharfage on goods landed on Government wharves in the county of Victoria, at Neils Harbour, Ingonish, Englishtown, South Gut, Baddeck, Little Narrows, Nyaiga, and Big Bras d'Or; and how much was collected at each of the above places, by whom collected, and how much returned to the Government in each case, 1552.

Mr. McKenzie.—For a return showing the names, dates of appointment, post office addresses at time of appointment, and

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

former occupations of the censors employed by the Militia Department at Louisburg and North Sydney, Nova Scotia; the names of all the said censors who are also decoders, and the names and addresses of all who are employed in the censorship service at the above points; the amount paid to each censor or decoder since the 4th of August, 1914, up to the 1st February, 1916, or to any party or person in connection with the censorship or decoding services at the above places, 1654.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a return showing a list of all Canadian officers employed in England, not attached to any particular unit, the amounts paid monthly to each, the nature of duties performed by each, and a copy of all correspondence in relation to their employment, 1654.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, petitions, memorials and other documents relating to the subsidizing by the Government of the construction of ships in British Columbia, or of ships when built; or as to the laying down or constructing or assisting in the construction in British Columbia of twenty-five ships by the Government, or as to assisting by subsidies or otherwise in the construction of ships in the Dominion, 1654.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all petitions, letters, papers, telegrams and other documents relating to the establishment of the Rural Mail Route No. 2, Scotsburn, county of Pictou, and as to the closing of post offices along said route, 1654.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of the affidavit of David W. McLean, Windsor, N.S., to whom Warrant No. 25737 was issued for Fenian Raid Bounty, and also a copy of all correspondence and other documents relating to the payment of the same, 1654.

Mr. McKenzie.—For a copy of all the evidence taken by the commission appointed to inquire into claims for damages made against the Militia Department in the town of Sydney Mines, Nova Scotia, and of the report made upon each claim or case, said claims being for damages to lands and other property, 1654.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, recommendations and other documents in the possession of the Post Office Department relating to the appointment of the postmaster of West Roachdale, Guysboro county, Nova Scotia, to take the place of J. H. McGuire, deceased, 1654.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all instructions, letters, telegrams, and of other documents relating to any action taken, or to be taken, against the firm of Jas. W. Cumming by the Department of Railways on account of the disclosures made in regard to irregularities in the weighing of freight, as appears in Return No. 25, dated February 29, 1916, 1654.

Mr. Nesbitt.—For a return showing the names of all medical examiners of recruits appointed since the war started to date, 1654.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Bureau.—For a copy of all correspondence, memoranda, reports, telegrams, recommendations, orders, etc. between the Department of Railways and Canals and the officers of the Ste. Maurice Fire Protective Association with reference to fire protection on the Transcontinental railway line between Hervey Junction and the Western Boundary of the province of Quebec, 1654.

Mr. McKenzie.—For a return showing the names of those who have been furnishing food, clothing and other necessary supplies to the soldiers at North Sydney and Sydney Mines, since 4th August, 1914, to 1st February, 1916; the names and amounts paid to each, and amounts due to each on 1st February, 1916, over and above what has already been paid; whether the said supplies of all kinds were obtained or called for by public tender, and if so, how the tenders were called, and who were the tenderers; whether the contract for such supplies was always given to the lowest tenderer; the names of those who tendered and the figures of the tenders in each case; and the different methods by which tenders were invited, and for what class of merchandise or supplies, 1762.

Mr. McKenzie.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and petitions in the possession or under the control of the Post Office Department having reference to the dismissal of Postmaster McRitchie at North River Centre, Victoria county, Nova Scotia, and to the appointment of Neil McLeod in his place, 1762.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.—For a copy of all correspondence between the Government and the provinces, regarding increased co-operation in the promotion of immigration and land settlement, commencing with a letter of the Minister of the Interior to the provincial Prime Ministers, in November, 1911, 1762.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return showing how many medical doctors are employed by the Militia Department at Halifax, N.S.; the name of each, and their rank and pay, respectively; whether the entire time of all or any is devoted to the militia service; when not constantly employed in the militia service, what is their daily period of service, 1808-9.

Mr. Carvell.—For a return showing whether the Government has received any complaints as to the manner of supplying clothes to the Royal Military College, or as to its fit, workmanship or materials employed, or as to any delay in furnishing the cadets with clothing; if so, from whom such complaints have been received; on what grounds were such complaints made; what form was the complaint in; what was the nature of the complaint; whether the Government is aware as to whether or not there has been dissatisfaction as to the fit, workmanship and materials employed, or as to any delay in furnishing the cadets with clothing; whether it is true, as alleged, that the late Commandant of the Royal Military College, Colonel Crowe, before he left, recommended a

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

change of system for the supply of clothing, and outlined the features of such a system; if so, what were the details of the plan suggested; to what extent was the plan suggested by Colonel Crowe adopted, and if not adopted, why not; whether the present commandant of the Royal Military College has made any suggestions as to a change in the system of supplying clothing to the cadets; if so, what were the changes which he suggested, 1809.

Mr. Papineau.—For a return showing whether the Government have taken cognizance of the following article published in the Montreal Gazette on November 1, 1915:

"Canadian help comes from Sale of Gift Flour—Foodstuffs not needed by the English poor were bought for Belgium Relief Funds to aid East Coast—Hon. Walter Long suggested to Canadian Government that \$750,000 be allotted, and latter agreed.

"(Special cable from the Gazette's Resident Staff Correspondent.)

"London, October 31.—'Canada's aid to the east coast towns of England, which are suffering through the war is the subject of some misconception,' said Sir George Perley to-day. In a statement in the Commons, Hon. Walter Long said that the necessary funds for a Government scheme of help for hotel and lodging house keepers had been generously provided by the Canadian Government. This gave rise to the idea that the Dominion was taking a new step, but the fact is that no money is coming from Canada. Of the flour sent by Canada a year ago to relieve the distress in England very little was distributed, as poverty was in no way abnormal. Some 400,000 bags of this flour was transferred to the American committee for Belgian relief, which purchased them. The money paid for this flour being in the hands of the local Government Board. Hon. Walter Long, as President of the Board, suggested to Sir George Perley that this might be utilized for the relief of the east coast towns where the season had been ruined owing to the lack of railway facilities and the disinclination of the public to visit the east coast because of the possibility of German naval or aerial raids. The Dominion Government acquiesced in this proposal and the sum of \$750,000 part of the proceeds of the sale of flour, has now been allotted for this purpose. Canada's generosity will therefore go to alleviate the distress of a large number of better-class people, who are direct sufferers from the war, instead of the destitute poor, for whom it was intended, but who, it develops, were not in need of it"; whether the said article is accurate, if not, in what respect is it inaccurate, 1907.

Mr. Papineau.—For a return showing whether the Government is aware that the following extract from an article was published on the 12th January, 1915, in the Montreal Gazette:

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

"Distress caused in England by War is negligible—Comparatively small portion of Colonial Gifts used for National Relief—Much went to Belgians—War Office also took large share. Salvation Army has scheme requiring Canadian co-operation.

"(Special cable from the Gazette Resident Staff Correspondent.)

"London, January 31.—Very satisfactory evidence of the comparative absence in England of any distress caused by the war is furnished by a report of the special work of the Local Government Board arising out of the war, which was issued to-day as a White Paper. The action by Noel Kershaw, dealing with the disposition of the gifts from the colonies, shows that only a small part of the goods allocated has been required for relieving the distress of civilians.

"The following is the disposition of the 940,530 bags of flour received from Canada; to the local committees for the relief of distress; 90,474 to the Belgian Refugees Committee, 1,691 transferred to the War Office, 99,760, further offer to the War Office, 300,000 to the Belgian Relief Commission, 443,886; sold, owing to damage, 4,719."

Who had charge of accepting delivery and the shipping of this flour; whether the Government have any information of the shortage of 59,430 bags of flour, alleged in said article; if not, what became of the flour that was short, 1907.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a return showing the number of horses bought for remounts in Alberta, the persons from whom they were purchased, and the amount paid for each horse, 1907.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a copy of all letters, recommendations, telegrams, reports of officials and other documents relating to the appointment of A. Kastella as mechanical superintendent of dredges, and as to his resignation from said office, and also as to causes and reasons of his resignation or removal, 1907.

Mr. Bourassa.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters, correspondence and contracts between the Quebec Harbour Commission and Benjamin Demers, of the parish of St. Nicholas, county of Lévis, concerning the purchase of the St. Nicholas quarry, 1907.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a return showing the names of the 54 Canadian officers employed in the Canadian Pay and Record Office, London, and what amounts per month are paid to each of them, 1907.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a return showing the reason for the delay in the establishment of the rural mail routes, reported under consideration, in the constituency of Medicine Hat; when these routes were first applied for; whether the applications possessed the required number of signatures; whether tenders have been invited, and for what routes; why the lowest tenders were not accepted, and the routes established; whether any new tenders are being invited for these routes; whether there is a likelihood of any of these routes being operated immediately, 1907.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. William Chisholm.—For a copy of all recommendations, letters, telegrams and correspondence relating to the recent appointment of a lightkeeper at Arisaig, N.S., 1907.

Mr. Bourassa.—For a copy of all telegrams, letters and correspondence concerning the appointment of Mr. Alfred Gravel, harbour commissioner of Quebec, and concerning all other candidates for the position of commissioner on the Harbour Board of Quebec, to represent the South Shore, 1907.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return showing a list of companies firms or persons if any, resident in Halifax, N.S., at present in the Department of Militia and Defence from whom are asked tenders for war supplies on behalf of the said Department or War Purchasing Commission; and the nature of the supplies for which tenders were asked during the calendar year 1915 for any war supplies at Halifax, N.S.; to whom tenders were awarded, and at what price, for the said respective articles or supplies, 2011.

Mr. Copp.—For a return showing how many conductors, brakemen, drivers and firemen, respectively, were on duty on the Canadian Government railways between Moncton and Campbellton during the month of February, 1916; and how many hours each of the above mentioned trainmen and engine-men were on duty each trip between said points during said month of February, 1916, 2011.

Mr. Fortier.—For a return showing how many sessional clerks, messengers, stenographers and typists, servants, charwomen, etc., both permanent and temporary, were on the pay-list of the House of Commons for the session of 1910-11; and how many sessional clerks, messengers, stenographers and typists, servants, charwomen, etc., both permanent and temporary, were on the pay-list of the House of Commons on March 14, 1916, 2011-12.

Mr. McCraney.—For a return showing the names and addresses of all employees of the Government in the constituency of Battledford, together with their respective duties, salaries and date of appointment; and also a statement of the total number employed in September, 1911, 2012.

Mr. Pacaud.—For a return showing to whom was awarded the contracts for the transport of mails in the county of Dorchester from the 21st September, 1911, to this date; if there were any tenders called for these contracts, and, if so, who were the tenderers and the amount of their respective tenders, 2177.

Mr. Lachance.—For a return showing the names and salaries of the persons employed in the immigration service in the city of Montreal; their respective salaries when appointed, what they receive at the present time; which of said employees are given travelling or other expenses, and how much has been paid to each on that account since their respective appointments, 2177.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, etc., in any way referring to the dredging at Margaree harbour, Inverness county, N.S., during 1913, 1914, 1915 and 1916, 2177.

Mr. Carroll.—For a return showing the names and addresses of all persons in the public service of any and every department of the Government of Canada, in the counties of Cape Breton, Victoria, Inverness, Richmond, Guysborough, Antigonish and Pictou, province of Nova Scotia, 2177.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a copy of all petitions, correspondence, telegrams, recommendations and other papers or documents in the possession of the Postmaster General or his department, relating to the dismissal of James Hall, postmaster at Milford Haven bridge, Guysboro county, Nova Scotia, and the appointment of Guy O'Connor as his successor, 2177.

Mr. Boulay.—For a return showing the amounts paid by the Federal Government from the 1st July, 1896, to the 1st October, 1911, to the following newspapers: Le Canada, La Presse, La Patrie, Le Pays, of Montreal, and La Vigie and Le Soleil, of Quebec, 2177.

Mr. Copp.—For a return showing the total cost to the Government of the military barracks established in the buildings of the Canadian Car and Foundry Company, Amherst, N.S., during 1915, and to whom the money has been paid; if there are any outstanding bills; if so, for what amount, and to whom; the amount of material supplied, from whom purchased, and for what prices; the cost of dismantling these barracks, to whom was it paid, and at what time was the dismantling done; and the total cost of supplies and provisions for the troops quartered in said barracks, to whom paid, and at what price? 2301.

Mr. E. Lapointe.—For a copy of all petitions received by the Governor General in Council requesting the disavowal of the Act of the legislature of the province of Ontario, chapter 45, George V, 1915, concerning the School Commission of the Roman Catholic schools of the city of Ottawa, and of all documents, memoranda, reports, letters and correspondence concerning the said petitions for disavowal, or concerning the said Act of the Legislature of the province of Ontario, 5 George V, chapter 45, 2301.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a copy of all correspondence, petitions and papers, including the report of Charles Bruce, engineer, in the possession of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, relating to the construction of a bait freezer at White Head, Nova Scotia, 2302.

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, etc., exchanged between the Department of Public Works and the Department of Justice and the council of the town of Rigaud, Archibald Macdonald, Elzéar Montpetit, and the Rigaud Granite Company, Limited, in connection with the military building, 2302.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Buchanan.—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and documents relating to the dismissal or resignation of Dr. W. T. Patton, from the service of the Veterinary Inspection Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Coutts, Alberta, and his re-appointment and later dismissal or resignation, 2477.

Mr. Boulay.—For a copy of all investigations, letters and correspondence whatsoever, regarding the dismissal of J. B. Deschênes and Thomas Bernier, employees on the Intercolonial railway at Rivière du Loup, 2477.

Mr. A. W. Chisholm.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and correspondence of all kinds in any way referring to a subsidy granted to the SS. Amethyst, plying between Montreal and Newfoundland ports during the years 1910-11 and 1911-12, 2477.

Mr. Paquet.—For a copy of the correspondence between Mr. J. Antime Roy, of l'Isle Verte and the Federal Government, on the subject of a farm that might be sold or leased to the Government for the purposes of an experimental farm, 2477.

Mr. P. oux.—For a return showing the names of the staff in the office of the High Commissioner for Canada in London; whether any of these officials are natives of Canada; if so, which ones; whether it is true, as alleged, that Canada is the only British Dominion which employs none of its natives in its High Commissioner's Office, 2477.

Mr. Boulay.—For a copy of all questions asked of candidates for examination in the inside civil service since the 1st May, 1912, 2546.

Mr. Gauvreau.—For a copy of all telegrams and letters from Léo Bérubé, lawyer, M.P.P., to the Minister of Justice relating to the production of the official and public documents asked for by C. A. Gauvreau, M.P., in the case of J. P. Dionne vs. the King, and of any answers of the Minister of Justice to such telegrams and letters, 2546.

Mr. Burnham.—For a copy of a certain lease made by the Government of Canada to one J. A. Culverwell, of a certain water-power on the Trent waterway, known as the Burleigh Falls power; and of all assignments of said lease and of the consent of the Government of Canada thereto; and also a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, tenders, reports, contracts and other papers relating to the said original lease, 2696.

Mr. Turriff.—For a return showing how many clerks there are in the Post Office Department who belong to and are paid from the outside service vote and who work in the inside service; the names of said clerks; the salary paid to each; how long each has been in the service of the department; whether all or any of these clerks have passed any examination; and if so, what examination and on what date or dates, 2801.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Turriff.—For a return showing how many clerks there are in the Customs Department who belong to and are paid from the outside service vote and who work in the inside service; the names of said clerks; the salary paid to each; how long each has been in the service of the department; whether all or any of these clerks have passed any examination; and if so, what examination and on what date or dates, 2801.

Mr. Turriff.—For a return showing how many clerks there are in the Interior Department who belong to and are paid from the outside service vote and who work in the inside service; the names of said clerks; the salary paid to each; how long each has been in the service of the department; whether all or any of these clerks have passed any examination; and if so, what examination and on what date or dates, 2801.

Mr. Turriff.—For a return showing how many clerks there are in the Labour Department who belong to and are paid from the outside service vote and who work in the inside service; the names of said clerks; the salary paid to each; how long each has been in the service of the department; whether all or any of these clerks have passed any examination; and if so, what examination and on what date or dates, 2801.

Mr. Turriff.—For a return showing how many clerks there are in the Finance Department who belong to and are paid from the outside service vote and who work in the inside service; the names of said clerks; the salary paid to each; how long each has been in the service of the department; whether all or any of these clerks have passed any examination; and if so, what examination and on what date or dates, 2801.

Mr. Macdonald.—For a return showing the plan and description of the proposed permanent harbour quay line in the harbour at Pictou, and for a copy of all papers, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the establishment of the same, 2801.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a return showing the superficial area of, and price paid for all lands acquired from any persons, at Halifax, up to March 31, 1916, for the purposes of the Ocean Terminals at Halifax between Bedford Basin and Point Pleasant, 2924.

Mr. Turriff.—For a return showing how much overtime has been paid to men in the Printing Bureau from January 1, 1916, to April 1, 1916; the names of the men who were paid overtime; which of the men were day and which were night men; what rate of overtime each man received, and how much at $1\frac{1}{2}$ day rate, and how much at double rate, 2924.

Mr. Sinclair.—For a return showing a list of the decoders and censors employed at Halifax since the war broke out, together with the names, dates of employment, total amount paid, by whom recommended, and former employment of each, 3026.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Con.*

Mr. Sinclair.—For a return showing a list of all medicals and chaplains appointed by the Department of Militia and Defence in the military division of Nova Scotia, since August 4, 1914; together with the name, post office address, date of appointment, rank, present position, whether in Canada, England, or at the front, rate of pay and total amount paid each, since the beginning of the war. Also the names of any who have withdrawn from the service, with the date of such withdrawal, 3026.

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence and telegrams exchanged between the Government, its district engineer, and all other persons, concerning either the construction or repairing or purchase of the wharves at the following places: Ile Perrot Sud, the Church in the village of Ile Perrot, the village of Vaudreuil, Pointe Cavagnal, Hudson, Rigaud, Graham, Pointe Fortune, and Ile Perrot nord. Also a copy of all specifications and reports already brought down at my request in relation to the documents prior to and since 1904, and a statement of the amounts that have been paid for such construction or repairs, and to whom they were paid, 3026.

Mr. Boyer.—For a copy of all letters, petitions, correspondence and telegrams exchanged between the Government, its resident engineer, and all other persons, concerning the dredging work done at the following places: Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Pointe Fortune, Ottawa river channel between Ile au Foin and Ile à Paquin, Graham channel, Rigaud channel, Hudson heights channel, Hudson, Como, Pointe Cavagnal channel at Vaudreuil village, Dorion Bay channel, Ile Perrot Church, Ile Perrot Sud wharf, and Ile Perrot Nord wharf. Also a statement of the amounts paid to different persons, companies, etc., for such work, the dates, etc., and a copy of the estimates already brought down at my request, the whole since 1904, 3026.

Mr. Devlin.—For a return showing who, if any, is director of recruiting and organizations in England for the Canadian service; his name, and his duties; how many are employed upon his staff; and what are the total expenses of his staff, 3026.

Mr. Oliver.—For a return showing all transactions entered into by the Government of Canada to clear up squatter's rights to the Banff Hot Springs; together with a statement of payments made on such account, and to whom paid, 3232.

Mr. McCrea.—For a copy of all Orders in Council, departmental orders, and of all correspondence in respect of the embargo on the export of tan bark from Canada to United States, 3232.

Mr. Graham.—For a copy of the lease made by the Militia Department, or other department of the Government, with Lindsay and McCluskey, for a building situated in the town of North Bay, 3232.

MOTIONS UNOPPOSED FOR PAPERS—*Ccn*

Mr. Michaud.—For a copy of all correspondence between the Minister of Justice, the mayor of the town of Edmundston, N.B., the police magistrate of the said town, and others, in reference to one Antoine Levesque, 3232.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a copy of all papers, telegrams, letters and other documents in connection with the decision to locate an interior storage elevator at Calgary, Alberta, 3232.

Mr. Buchanan.—For a copy of all correspondence and papers relating to the change in the location of the post office at Roseberg, Alta., 3232.

Mr. Devlin.—For a copy of all papers, correspondence, documents, petitions and communications between the Post Office Department and the postmaster, or any other person, in connection with the Aylmer, Quebec, post office, received or sent by the department since October, 1911, relating to complaints, changes or dismissals and appointments to the said post office, 3232.

Mr. Ethier.—For a return showing the names of the tenderers for the different mail carrying contracts in connection with the rural mail delivery recently established in the county of Two Mountains; the amount of each of such tenders, the name of each tenderer to whom a contract has been granted, and the price to be paid to him; if there were any contracts given without tender; if so, to whom, for how much, and on whose recommendation; if any indemnity has been allowed to mail conductors for the transportation of rural mail boxes; if so, to whom, and for what amount; if any indemnity was allowed to any mail conductors who had discontinued the service before the expiration of the three months' notice required by the contracts for the carrying of mails, if so, to whom, and for what amount, 3232.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, bills, vouchers and memoranda in connection with the repairs to the wharf at Shad Bay, Halifax county, N.S., in 1915, 3353.

Mr. A. K. Maclean.—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, bills, vouchers and memoranda in connection with the repairs to the wharf at Upper Prospect, Halifax county, N.S., 3353.

Mr. Turgeon.—For a copy of all correspondence, letters and telegrams relating to the dismissal of Augustin D. Lanteigne as postmaster of Island River, Gloucester county, N.B., 3563.

NATIONAL LABOUR BUREAUS.

Motion:

That this House recognizes the necessity for immediate national action to cope with new and complex conditions arising after the war and emphasizes the urgent need for a system of National Labour Bureaus.—Mr. Lemieux, 597.

4665—4

NATIONAL LABOUR BUREAUS—*Con.*

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—610.

It is this free competition race which the world is endeavouring to run, with the strong always in the lead, that is producing and has produced the sad condition that has existed for so long a time, and that is getting worse as the world becomes more thickly populated, 611-12.

Crothers, Hon. T. W. (Minister of Labour)—604.

My hon. friend has referred to the conditions which will exist when this war is ended. While I think it is right that we should begin now to think about those conditions, there is no certainty whatever that there will be anything like the immigration about which my hon. friend speaks almost with certainty, and I do not think it is wise at present to arrange by legislation for conditions which may not exist at the close of the war, 605. Labour bureaus referred to 606-8.

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—620.

We are asked to consider the condition of the labouring men of this country. We are asked to consider the case of the soldiers who are returning, and who will return in greater numbers after the war is over. But we should also consider the position of the tax payer, who, after all, makes up four-fifths of the population, 621.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—597.

In bringing up this question, I do so at the request of a very important body of gentlemen who, in Montreal some weeks ago, took up this problem of the establishment of labour bureaus so as to facilitate the handling of returned soldiers and of immigration after the war is over, 598. Quotations and comments thereon, 599-604.

Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—618.

Suggests further amendment to resolution 619. Industrial conditions in portions of N.S. referred to, 620.

Martin, W. M. (Regina)—612.

I have always understood that the object of establishing labour bureaus throughout the country is to enable men to go to that portion of the country where they can obtain employment. If that is the object, I do not see why the system should not be given a trial, 612. Unemployment, the Military Hospital Commission and immigration referred to, 613-15.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—615.

It seems to me the Government ought themselves to bring these questions to the attention of the House, and ought themselves to deal with them, 615. Gives his views as to proper way to promote immigration and settlement upon Crown lands, 616. Thinks rural credits and other matters should be taken up by the Government, 617-18.

Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—615.

Suggests amendment to resolution, 615

NATIONAL LABOUR BUREAU—*Con.*

Taylor, J. D. (New Westminster)—621.

Resents aspersion of Mr. Hughes against members wearing His Majesty's uniform and gives his reasons for having it on, 621-2.

Verville, A. (Maisonneuve)—608.

I wish to speak especially on the question of non-employment and I may say at once that I do not quite agree with the Minister of Labour in respect to non-employment, 608. Employment Bureaus referred to, 609-10.

NEW MILLS FISH POND.

Inquiry.—Mr. Marcl, 4078.

NEW RICHMOND WEST, P.O.

Attention called.—Mr. Marcl, 1118.

NIAGARA, ST. CATHARINES AND TORONTO RAILWAY CO.

House in Committee on Bill No. 8.—Mr. Morphy, 2444.

Remarks:

Armstrong, J. E. (Lambton East)—2472-3.
 Bristol, E. (Toronto Centre)—2470-2.
 Bennett, W. H. (Simcoe East)—2449-52.
 Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—2458.
 German, W. M. (Welland)—2467-70.
 Laurie, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—2453.
 Macdonell, A. C. (Toronto South)—2454-8.
 Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—2459-62.
 Sutherland, D. (Oxford South)—2445-8.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—2463-7.

N. T. R. OPERATION.

Inquiry.—Mr. Pugsley, 2399.

OCEAN SHIPPING AND THE WAR.

Attention called.—Mr. Lemieux, 7038.

OMISSION FROM HANSARD.

Debates committee report presented.—Mr. Schaffner, 3188.

PATENT OF JAMES W. OWEN.

House in committee on Bill No. 19.—Mr. Middlebro, 1157-60.

PAYMENTS TO H. P. DUCHEMIN.

Complaints of incorrect answers to questions.—Mr. Sinclair, 1610.

PAYMENTS TO SOLDERS' RELATIVES.

Inquiry.—Mr. Pugsley, 3560.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Sir Robert Borden, 1763.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Newspaper item referred to, and denial given to statement of his retirement.—Mr. Casgrain, 2014.

PETITION FOR DISALLOWANCE OF ONTARIO STATUTE.

Inquiry.—Mr. E. Lapointe, 1810.

PETITION FOR DISALLOWANCE OF ONTARIO STATUTE.

Explanation.—Mr. Doherty, 1833-4.

PETITION AND DISALLOWANCE OF ONTARIO LEGISLATION.

Inquiry.—Mr. E. Lapointe, 2802.

PICTOU COUNTY MAIL SERVICE.

Motion:

For a copy of all letters, petitions, papers, telegrams, tenders and other documents relating to the establishment of a rural mail route from Alma, through Sylvester and Loch Broom, and as to the closing of the post office at Sylvester and Loch Broom.—Mr. Macdonald, 955.

PICTOU—P.E.I. STEAMERS—HANDLING OF FREIGHT.

Motion:

For a copy of all tenders, offers, letters, telegrams and other documents relating to the arrangements for the handling of freight and coal at Pictou, in connection with the boats engaged in the winter service between Pictou and Prince Edward Island during the year 1914-1915, and during the present season.—Mr. Macdonald, 952.

PLANS OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Announcement that plans are ready for inspection of members.—Mr. Rogers, 1969.

PLANS OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Invitation to members to look at plans.—Mr. Rogers, 4077.

POSITION OF J. K. SCAMMELL.

Inquiry.—Mr. Carvell, 1157.

POSTMASTER AT LOUISEVILLE.

Request for papers.—Mr. Gauvreau, 2114.

POWERS OF THE RAILWAY COMMISSIONRY. ACT AMENDMENT.

House in Committee on Bill No. 87.—Mr. Reid, 2743.

Remarks:

Armstrong, J. E. (Lambton East)—2746.
 Blain, Richard (Peel)—2749.
 Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—2750.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—2744, 2748-9-50, 2753-4, 2758.
 Maclean, W. F. (York South)—2746, 2751.
 McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—2755.
 Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—2752-3, 2757-8.

POWERS OF THE RAILWAY COMMISSION
RY. ACT AMENDMENT—*Con.*

- Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—2754.
 Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—2745,
 2751-2.
 Nickle, W. F. (Kingston)—2756-7.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—
 2747-8.
 Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Rail-
 ways and Canals)—2745.

PREFERENCE TO RETURNED SOLDIERS
IN CIVIL SERVICE.

Motion :

That, in the opinion of this House, in all future appointments to the Civil Service of Canada, preference should be given to those properly qualified candidates who have served with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces in the present war.—Mr. Middlebro, 642.

Alguire, D. O. (Stormont)—649.

In this country there are those who have a certain say also who shall be appointed to some of the smaller positions that do not come under the Civil Service Act, and I think it would be proper for us to make it clearly understood that those positions should be filled by returned soldiers who were capable of filling them, 649-50.

Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—650.

The subject engaged the attention of the Government some months ago, and on the 27th of November last an Order in Council was passed, and immediately after the opening of the House it was laid on the Table. Order in Council quoted, 650. We must give earnest consideration to everything that is reasonably possible to be done for the men who have been in any way disabled by reason of their military service, 651.

Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—650.

Thinks appointments should go only to deserving individuals, 650.

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough)—649.

A soldier should be sent forth to war on the understanding that he will be allowed sufficient to properly provide for his family while he is away; and if he dies in the service of his country he should be assured—not by the promises of the people, which are often written in water, but by a guarantee at the time of his enlistment—that when he enlists his life is insured, and that his future, and the future of his family is also assured, 649.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—647-8.

The men who have been asked to go to the front should not only have our best wishes and heartiest support but, what to them is more important: they ought to know that their families shall not want for any necessity while they are at the war, 647-8.

4665—4½

PREFERENCE TO RETURNED SOLDIERS
IN CIVIL SERVICE—*Con.**Middlebro, W. S.* (Gray North)—642.

One naturally looks about for precedents in bringing up a resolution of this kind, but if there were none, the tremendous sacrifices and the general upheaval of the traditional order of things consequent upon the present struggle, would be sufficient justification for us to create a precedent, 643. Quotations in support and comments thereon, 643-4. We cannot do anything for those who have fallen, but we can do something for their relatives; we can do something for those who are willing to offer their lives in defence of their country by providing that upon their return they shall be given a preference in the matter of appointments to the Civil Service if they shall be able to perform the duties of a civil servant, 646.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—648.

Suggests an amplification of the idea, 648-9.

PRICE OF CODFISH IN PORTUGAL.

Attention called to letter from Oporto.—Mr. Loggie, 3560.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND FERRY SERVICE.

Enumeration of difficulties in connection with ferry and consideration of Minister asked because of inconveniences people are suffering.—Mr. Hughes, 1704.

PRINTING OF ELECTORAL LISTS.

Inquiry.—Mr. Lemieux, 3100.

PRIVATE SOLDIERS.

Inquiries of Mr. Carvell and others answered.—Sir Robert Borden, 3230-1.

PRIVATE ADOLPHE GRENIER.

Attention called.—Mr. Marcil, 3559.

PRIVILEGE.

Attention, called to passage in Solicitor General's speech.—Mr. Pugsley, 151.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—153.

I accept the explanation of the hon. gentleman that he had not read the evidence. I assumed, of course, that before he complained of the evidence and based an attack on the integrity of a judge upon it, he would have read it. I now quite accept his explanation, and understand better than ever why he made that attack, 153.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—151.

Claims an injustice was done him by Solicitor General in his remarks in regard to Shells and Davidson Commission, 151-3.

PRIVILEGE.

Attention called to Mr. Pugsley's remarks *re* connection with shell contracts.—Mr. Hepburn, 154-6.

Reference to newspaper article.—Mr. Turriff, 414.

Attention called to newspaper despatch.—Mr. Burnham, 555-6.

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—555.

Calls attention to a report in the *Toronto Star* and characterizes as an absolute fabrication and asks for protection and ruling of the Chair, 555-6.

Speaker, His Honour, The, 556.

If this report was sent to the paper in question by a member of the Press Gallery, I think it is his duty to apologize, and to do justice to the hon. member for Peterborough, 556.

PRIVILEGE.

Reference to newspaper article.—Mr. Pugsley, 806.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—806.

Complains of comments of *Ottawa Journal* in reference to his remarks on mercantile shipbuilding, 806-7.

PRIVILEGE.

Attention called to newspaper comment.—Mr. Boulay, 807.

Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—807.

Statement given in *Ottawa Citizen* as to what he said in St. Ann's Hall, Ottawa, contradicted, 807.

PRIVILEGE.

Newspaper despatch corrected.—Mr. Turriff, 888.

PRIVILEGE.

Rumour contradicted.—Mr. Rogers, 1045.

Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works) 1045.

Denies statement that he was the instigator of charges made against Saskatchewan Government, 1045.

PRIVILEGE.

Reference made to Lieut.-Col. Currie's remarks.—Sir Sam Hughes, 1045-6.

PRIVILEGE.

Attention called to newspaper report.—Mr. Boivin.

Boivin, G. H. (Shefford)—1207.

Refers to a speech made in Toronto at a recruiting meeting and corrects the report given by *Montreal Gazette* as to what he said, 1206-7.

PRIVILEGE.

Attention directed to newspaper despatches.—Mr. Bureau, 1432.

PRIVILEGE.

Reference made to fraudulent questions on the order paper.—Mr. Carvell, 1492.

PRIVILEGE.

Reference to Mr. Carvell's remarks on the Sheet Metal Products Co. and shell contracts.—Mr. Kemp, 1646-7.

PRIVILEGE.

Explanation.—Mr. Crothers, 1811-12.

PRIVILEGE.

Correction made.—Mr. Loggie, 2113-14.

PRIVILEGE.

Explanation of remarks on prohibition.—Mr. Seguin, 2239.

PRIVILEGE.

Reference to evidence in Public Accounts Committee and denial given to insinuation by Mr. Carvell.—Mr. Clements, 2398-9.

PRIVILEGE.

Correction.—Mr. Pugsley, 2399.

PRIVILEGE.

Calls attention to article in *Ottawa Citizen*, which is branded as untrue, with regard to his connection with N. S. Steel Co.—Mr. McCurdy, 2548-9.

PRIVILEGE.

Despatch in *Montreal Gazette* referred to.—Mr. Kyte, 3296-7.

PRISONS AND REFORMATORIES ACT AMENDMENT.

Motion for second reading of Bill No. 86, Mr. Doherty, 2841.

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice)—2841-2, 2844-5-6-7.

Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac)—2845.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—2842-3.

Macdonell, A. C. (Toronto South)—2843-4

Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—2844.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2846.

PROCEDURE IN DIVORCE CASES.

Motion:

That, in the opinion of this House, the procedure under which divorces are granted by Parliament, and the consequent unreasonable expense thereof, are so unsatisfactory, besides being prohibitive to the great majority of the people of Can-

PROCEDURE IN DIVORCE CASES—*Con.*

ada, the same should be taken into immediate consideration by the Government during the present session, with a view to reform.—Mr. Northrup, 762.

Carroll, W. F. (Cape Breton South)—777.

Thinks divorce in U. S. a great curse, 777. I take the stand that only one tribunal in this country is capable—I will use the word capable—of hearing and passing upon divorce cases, and that tribunal is to be found in our courts, 778.

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice)—781.

Very kindly reference made to the eloquent speech of Mr. Northrup, and the law of divorce discussed, 781-9.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—771.

My view is that we should not increase the facilities for obtaining divorce, but that, on the contrary, we should restrict these facilities, or at least we should leave the procedure as it is, and as it was intended to be at the time our Divorce Committee was organized after Confederation, 771-2. United States statistics quoted, 772-4. I accept the view which condemns divorce as a violation of natural law. Husband and wife are parents of the same child, and the natural relationship of each to the child inevitably produces, as between husband and wife, a natural relationship one to the other. No decree of a court or no Act of Parliament can undo that relationship, 775-6.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—778.

I am opposed to divorce on principle. I think that, far from extending the facilities for granting divorces, we should do everything to keep the divorce evil out of Canada, 778-9.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—789.

I think it would be better to have it in the shape of a statute and to have courts in the different provinces where the cases with the least possible expense and in such a way that the poorest person can take advantage of the remedy, just as in any other matter of litigation, 790-1.

McLean, A. A. (Queen, P.E.I.)—779.

If the principle of divorce is one which should prevail in this country there should be the same remedy given to all classes, 779.

Northrup, W. B. (Hastings East)—762.

Thinks grounds should be extended on which divorce should be granted, and that present procedure is not satisfactory, 762-4. If you are rich and happen to be wronged in your household while you are away, file your petition with the Senate, and the remedy will be provided. But if you are poor we can do nothing for you, because under our Canadian law a divorce cannot be granted except under these two conditions: first, the crime of the offending party, and, second, the wealth of the injured party, 765. Refers

PROCEDURE IN DIVORCE CASES—*Con.*

to doctrine of R. C. Church with regard to divorce, 766-8. I have been very careful not to advocate a court. I have been trying all the way through to confine myself to suggestions that are practicable with our existing system. I quite understand that if I said a word about a court different objections would be raised; but I can see ways in which a tremendous improvement could be made in the present procedure, a wonderful saying, even using the imperfect machinery we have, 769. Concluding remarks, 791-2.

Thoburn, Wm. (Lanark North)—779.

I heartily agree with the hon. member for East Hastings that there should be some improvement in our system of divorce. I wish to give some reasons why I think the power of granting divorces should be taken from Parliament and vested in the law courts of Canada, 780-1.

Lost on division.

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

Motion:

That in the opinion of this House, at this time, when the Empire is at war, the conservation of the wealth and the resources of the Dominion and the promotion of the efficiency of our nation would be materially aided by the prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes, and legislation for this purpose should be enacted forthwith.—Mr. Stevens, 1441.

Bureau, Hon. Jacques (Three Rivers and St. Maurice)—1491.

During the war we are called upon to make sacrifices, and I think the biggest sacrifice a man can make is the sacrifice of his liberty, since that is worth his life. Let us make the sacrifice, but let us make it properly, 1491.

Gauthier, L. J. (St. Hyacinthe)—1486.

With the full knowledge of what is in store for those of us who have the courage to express our views against prohibition, I say without fear that I am opposed to this resolution. Let me give my reasons, 1486. Do you want to have in Canada, where we boast of our liberty, a system under which the home of every free man, will be under the supervision of the policeman? 1487. At the very time when the Allies are exerting all their power and giving the best of their resources, the best of their blood, the best of their manhood to this purpose, gentlemen get up in this House and seek to tamper with the liberty of the citizen, 1488. Charity is a virtue, but do you think that this Parliament should pass a law to compel me to be charitable? 1489.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—1451.

I have accepted the honour of seconding this resolution on the invitation of mem-

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS

—*Con.*

bers of the Dominion Alliance, which for years has been working for the cause of temperance throughout Canada. Canada, as we know, is inhabited by people of various creeds and various nationalities. We differ on many questions, but prohibition is one upon which we can all agree, because on the solution of this problem rests the efficiency of the nation, 1452. Claims temperance movement organized in Montreal. Quotes petition and circular asking Government to take action, 1452-4. Lord Kitchener and others quoted, 1454-70.

Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—1442.

There are two aspects to this question: the moral and the economic or social aspect, and with the moral aspect I do not intend to deal at any great length, 1442. I ask the indulgence of the House while I point to the opinions expressed on this question by various sections of Canada, 1443. Quotations from different sources, 1444-7. I come to another phase of the question, which is probably the reason for objection to prohibition more than any other, and that is the cry of personal liberty, 1448-9. Compensation dealt with, 1450-1.

Thornton, C. J. (Durham)—1482.

In the discussion which has taken place here to-day, it would seem that almost everything that could be said on this question had been said. The economic side of the problem has been fully treated both by the mover and seconder of the resolution, and it would seem that scarcely anything further could be said without repetition, 1483. Statistics showing percentage of paupers caused by drink, and success or failure of prohibition in United States referred to, 1484-5. The most serious question before the people of Canada and Great Britain to-day is: Are there some things that we and the people of Great Britain, and perhaps of our Allies, are indulging in that prevent God from answering the prayers of His own people, 1446.

Thomson, Levi (Qu'Appelle)—1479.

I do not purpose discussing the financial effects of prohibitive measures. I think most people who are open to conviction are already convinced that it pays to pass and enforce such measures. And after all, we cannot place a money value on the conduct and habits of the people. We cannot estimate in dollars and cents the value of vigorous manhood, 1479. It seems to me that the present is the time when this matter ought to be thoroughly dealt with. Notwithstanding anything that may be said, the people of Canada are ready for such legislation as is proposed. They are anxious that we should pass the most stringent legislation in this matter, 1481.

Weichel, W. G. (Waterloo North)—1470.

I am opposed to prohibition on the ground that it will have a tendency to degrade

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS

—*Con.*

the public service; that it dulls the public conscience, and will make the nation hypocritical, 1471. If one half of the time now devoted by the moral reformers and prohibitionists to this propaganda were given to aid in securing legislation to improve the conditions in factories, where thousands of men are yearly mangled and killed, there would be fewer victims of our industrial machines, 1472. I honestly believe that prohibition is not necessary to make the world sober. Economic considerations force a man to be temperate. No one trusts a man who habitually drinks to excess, nor can he hold a job, nor can he get life insurance, and if he seeks the company of idlers he will find that he cannot find much company because the sober men are all at work, 1473. Opinions of eminent men quoted, 1474-8.

Wright, Wm. (Muskoka)—1489.

This evil is so great that I think the people of this country have delegated to us the power to deal with it, and they expect us to take the position of responsible representatives, and to say yes or no to the proposition that is here before the Chair, 1489-90.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

Bill in aid of Provincial legislation introduced, read the first time and explained.—*Mr. Doherty*, 1901-3.

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

Motion:

That, in the opinion of this House, it is desirable that necessary action should be taken by the Government during this session to secure an amendment of the British North America Act so as to empower the Legislature of any province to prohibit the importation of intoxicating liquors into such province and the manufacture of such liquors within the province.—*Mr. Hughes*, 1949.

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—1949.

We have been told that legislation of this kind is an infringement upon personal liberty, 1951. It is well known to every member of this House that nearly all legislation infringes more or less upon the personal liberty of the individual. The best legislation is that which has for its aim the greatest good for the greatest number, 1952.

McLean, A. A. (Queens, P.E.I.)—1953-6.

Years ago it would have been considered legislation which a socialist, or an anarchist, would ask for, but to-day it is legislation which the whole of the people agree is proper and in the interest of the workmen and of the employers, 1953. Those people who come here and say that it is against the interests and the will of the people to pass this Act are taking a position against the interests of the people, 1954. Prohibition Act of P. E. I. referred to, 1954-6.

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

House resumed consideration of proposed resolution of Mr. Stevens, 2210.

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary)—2210.

Used as a stimulant, it has, as this war has indicated, a valuable place; used as a drug, it also has a valuable place, but it has no place as a beverage when human effort is considered from the standpoint of human efficiency, 2211. Having regard to these results in the various provinces, we have to consider what our attitude should be as a Parliament, representing not one province but all the people of the Dominion, 2212. Most men object to being told what they should eat and what they should drink. There is no man so bold in this House as to say that the liquor traffic should not be restricted and regulated, 2213. Let me ask this question of the House, which seems to me after all, the crux of this whole issue: Within what area and to what extent shall the will of the majority prevail over the will of the minority with respect to the tastes and appetites of the people, 2214-22. Amendment moved, 2222.

Davidson, A. L. (Annapolis)—2223.

The evils of the liquor traffic are so inherent that to-day they are appreciated both by the user and by the non-user of alcoholic liquors. But this was not always so. It has taken a long time for this evil to be viewed in its proper light. The role which alcohol has played in the human drama has been the role of the gay deceiver, 2223. The difficulties prohibitory legislation referred to, 2224-6.

Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac)—2233.

But if we take for granted the hon. member's statement, that the overwhelming sentiment in every province is in favour of prohibition, what does it mean? It means that if each of the nine provinces go to the full limit of its powers in passing legislation, this Parliament, by this Act, is going to make that legislation absolutely effective—and so you will have prohibition from one end of Canada to the other, 2234.

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—

Gives reasons for supporting resolution, 2235-6.

McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—2236.

It would be better for the provinces themselves, and for the temperance cause which I support, if the people in each of these provinces should have their contests out and should come to their own conclusions so that we might later on act upon these results, 2236-7.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—2231.

Believes that the public opinion of Canada is in favour of a Dominion wide prohibitory law, 2231-3.

Martin, W. M. (Regina)—2226.

Temperance legislation of Saskatchewan referred to, 2226-7. Thinks prohibition will not be a success until the Dominion Government enacts legislation, 2228.

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS

—*Con.*

Seguin, P. A. (L'Assomption)—2228.

I protest against the attempts at coercion which have been used in certain localities to force upon the people this measure which is pompously labelled prohibition and which prohibits nothing except the licensed and consequently legal, licit and controlled traffic in alcoholic beverages and substitutes the secret traffic with its long train of immoralities, 2229.

Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—2230.

I submit that if ever there was a matter of supreme national importance, it is this problem above all other problems with which this Dominion is faced. Therefore, I think that under the provisions of the British North America Act it can be and should be dealt with by this Parliament, 2230-1.

Turriff, J. S. (Assiniboia)—

Thinks motion of Mr. Stevens should be adopted and accuses the Government of sidestepping, 2235.

Amendment carried on division, 2237.

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

House again in consideration of proposed resolution of Mr. Stevens, 2352.

Remarks:

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary).

Boivin, G. H. (Shefford), 2356.

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat), 2357.

Devlin, E. B. (Wright), 2359.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South), 2356.

Guthrie, Hugh (Wellington South), 2356.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou), 2359-60.

McCoig, A. B. (Kent West), 2357.

McMillan, J. A. (Glengary), 2357-8.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North), 2360-1.

Proulx, E. (Prescott), 2358.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough), 2356-7.

Turgeon, O. (Gloucester), 2358-9.

Motion as amended agreed to, 2361.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

House in committee on Bill No. 66.—Mr. Doherty, 2479.

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. J. C. (Minister of Justice), 2479-86, 2488-9, 2490-1-3.

Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac), 2494-5.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville), 2491-3.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2486-8.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough), 2489-90.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

House in committee on Bill No. 66.—Mr. Doherty, 2549.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF IN-TOXICATING LIQCORs—*Con.*

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. J. C. (Minister of Justice), 2550-2, 2553-4-5, 2560-1, 2564-8.
 Guthrie, Hugh (Wellington South), 2563-4.
 Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou), 2554-5.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2552-3, 2556-7, 2561-2.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough), 2560-1.
 Thomson, Levi (Qu'Appelle), 2557.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia), 2559, 2568.

PROHIBITION—STATEMENT OF THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE.

Attention called.—Mr. Burnham, 2601.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

House again in committee on Bill No. 66.—
 Mr. Doherty, 2696.

Remarks:

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West), 2708-9.
 Copp, A. B. (Westmorland), 2716.
 Doherty, Hon. J. C. (Minister of Justice), 2696, 2702, 2711, 2714-15.
 McLean, A. A. (Queens, P.E.I.), 2707.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2697, 2701-2, 2704-6, 2708, 2712-13.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough), 2702, 2709-10.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia), 2706-7.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

House again in committee on Bill No. 66.—
 Mr. Doherty, 2758.

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice), 2758-9-64.
 Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou), 2763-4.
 Morphy, H. B. (Perth North), 2762.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

House again in committee on Bill No. 66.—
 Mr. Doherty, 2882.

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice), 2883-5.
 Proulx, E. (Prescott), 2882-3.
 Thomson, Levi (Qu'Appelle), 2883-5.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF IN-TOXICATING LIQUORS, 2946.

Motion for third reading of Bill No. 66.—Mr. Doherty, 2946.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF IN-TOXICATING LIQUORS—*Con.*

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. C. J. Minister of Interior)—2947-9, 2950-2, 2953-4, 2956.
 Guthrie, Hugh (Wellington South)—2949.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank Edmonton)—2949.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—2955.

PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTION OF IN-TOXICATING LIQUORS.

Consideration of Senate amendments to Bill No. 66.—Mr. Doherty, 4127.

PROHIBITION OF PAPER EXPORTS.

Inquiry.—Mr. Lemieux, 4006.

PROPOSED FOREST RESERVE IN SPIRIT RIVER DISTRICT.

Inquiry.—Mr. Oliver, 3529.

PUBLICATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

Attention called.—Mr. Nesbitt, 3883.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Motion:

That the recommendation contained in the third report of the Joint Committee on Printing, presented to the House on May 11, be concurred in.—Mr. Curry, 3875.

Remarks:

Currie, J. A. (Simcoe North)—3875-80.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Motion:

That the third report of the Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing be commended to the attentive consideration of the Government with the recommendation that the attention of each department of Government be directed thereto with a view of having the recommendations contained in the said report carried into effect so far as may be practicable and with the matter of public printing, and that a report be prepared by each department of the Government for presentation to this House at the next session in which shall be set forth the extent to which such recommendations have been carried into effect and the reasons, if any, which render it impossible or undesirable to carry into effect such recommendations in any particular department.—Mr. Hugh Clark, 4152.

Remarks:

Burrell, Hon. Martin (Minister of Agriculture)—4154.
 Clark, Hugh (Bruce North)—4152-3.
 Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—4154.
 Schaffner, F. L. (Souris)—4153-4.

PUNISHMENT OF PRIVATE SOLDIERS.

Attention called.—Mr. Knowles, 3051.

PUNISHMENT OF PRIVATE SOLDIERS.

Particulars given as to punishment.—Mr. Knowles, 3099.

PURCHASE AND EXPORT OF HORSES.

Motion:

For a copy of all correspondence with the Imperial authorities in connection with the purchase of horses, and the prohibiting of the export of horses.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 596.

QUESTIONS.

Bellemare, A. (Maskinonge).

I.C.R. Sleepers—Asks re contract for such, etc. Ans.—Information given, 549.

Rivière Du Loup Dredging—Asks amount spent from 1900 to 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2477.

Rivière Du Loup Wharf—Asks who was contractor under former administration, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2543-4.

Best, John A. (Dufferin).

Enlistment of P. O. Employees—Asks how many have enlisted since war started. Ans.—Information given, 1761.

Mr. S. M. Genest—Asks if he is employed by the Government, his salary, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1885.

Bickerdike, Robert (St. Lawrence).

Naturalization of Aliens—Asks if existing laws permit naturalization of aliens of enemy nationalities, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2922.

Boivin, G. H. (Shefford).

British Columbia Companies Act—Asks if it has been declared ultra vires, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3561.

Farnham Experimental Farm—Asks who has charge, names of persons employed since 1914. Ans.—Information given, 3407-8.

Montreal District Judges—Asks names of Judges in district of Montreal, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2301.

Quebec Judges—Asks their names, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2692-3.

Quebec R f r e e on Butter and Cheese—Asks if petition was received to appoint John O'Dell, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3942.

Boulay, H. (Rimouski).

Censors and Decipherers—Asks names and salaries of each employed at Pointe au Père in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2476.

Employment of Dr. Haanel—Asks if he and his son are still in employ of Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 852.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Enlistment of Jews—Asks how many have enlisted since war began. Ans.—A large number, 1550.

Enlistment from Rimouski and Matane—Asks how many enlisted since August 1914. Ans.—Impossible to get information, 2301.

Fisheries Guardian, Gulf Division—Asks if commandant Wakeham has been replaced, etc. Ans.—Information given, 548.

Military Hospital Commission—Asks if members are paid by Dominion Government and amount of each. Ans.—Information given, 2347.

North Ontario Mines—Asks quantity of metal exported to United States in 1912-15, etc. Ans.—No information, 1161.

Potato Inspectors—Asks if any have been appointed since 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 951.

Post Office Employees—Asks number employed on 1st July, 1896, in principal cities, and number in 1916. Ans.—Information given, 1906.

Bourassa, J. B. (Levis).

Drill Hall at Levis—Asks if tenders were called for stone for sidewalk, in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2173.

Lease of Military Land at Levis—Asks if land upon which Fort No. 3 is situated has been leased, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2922.

Levis Drill Hall—Asks how much the stone cost for sidewalk, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3232.

Levis Quarantine Station—Asks if Government is aware of existing servitudes on lot 550 purchased by Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2011.

Levis Quarantine Property—Asks how much the work done in 1915-16 cost, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3352.

Mr. Aurele Gelig—Asks if he is employed by Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1759.

Boyer, G. (Vaudreuil).

Elizear Montpetite and Archibald Macdonald—Asks amount paid to them, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2694.

Export of Nickel—Asks names of companies that export nickel from this country, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2799.

Rigaud-Pointe Fortu e Mail Route—Asks names of tenderers for carrying letters between these points and amount asked by each, etc. Ans.—Information given, 541-2.

Rigaul Rural Mail Delivery—Asks dates of tenders for rural delivery Rigaud No. 1 and 2. Ans.—Information given, 595.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Soulanges Canal—Stone for Pier—Asks how many tons of stone were purchased, price paid, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1041.

Soulanges Canal Pier—Asks *re* stone sold by one Philiias Doré, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1437-8.

Stone for Soulanges Canal—Asks amount of Major tender, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1760-1.

Stone Purchased from Ernest Dempsey—Asks number of tons purchased from him, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3098.

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat).

Advances on Live Stock—Asks if Bank Act is to be amended, etc. Ans.—Yes, 550.

Austrian and German Immigrants—Asks how many have entered Canada since August 1, 1914. Ans.—Information given, 547.

B. C. Copper Refineries and Zinc Smelter—Asks if assistance has been requested for these industries, etc. Ans.—Announcement in due course, 2799.

Commanding Officer, 13th C. M. R.—Asks who he is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1329.

Carlsruhe Hotel Property—Asks total award by Exchequer Court, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3562.

Exportation of Wool—Asks if there is an embargo on wool going into U. S., etc. Ans.—Information given, 2058.

Farm Labour—Asks if demand has been made to secure labour for farmers in Canada, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1906-7.

Indian Lands Commission—Asks who members are, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2057-8.

Internal storage elevators—Asks when Calgary elevator was opened to receive grain, its capacity, etc. Ans.—Information 533.

Interior terminal elevator—Asks if petitions have been received for another elevator in Alberta, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2693-4.

Lethbridge Camp Supplies—Asks who has contract for internment camp, etc. Ans.—Procured from Militia Dept., 2011.

Who has contract for provisions of troops at Lethbridge, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2011.

Lethbridge Immigration Agent—Asks is an agent is located at Lethbridge, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2695-6.

Lethbridge Post Office—Asks salary of P.M. and assistant, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2800.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Medicine Hat P.O.—Asks cost of extras to addition to P.O., etc. Ans.—Information given, 534.

Medicine Hat—Eagle Butte Mall—Asks when tenders were advertised for, etc. Ans.—Information given, 534.

Medicine Hat Custom Building—Asks amount paid for rental while building was being constructed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1440.

Overseas Forces—Asks if a regiment is being raised at Medicine Hat, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1435.

Payments on Pre-emptions—Asks total amount received in Western Canada, etc. Ans.—Information given, 534.

Relief for Alberta Farmers—Asks how much expended in 1914-15, how much for seed grain and stock, and how much repaid. Ans.—Information given, 532.

Railway Bonds Guarantees—Asks if interest was paid by Government on C.N.R. bonds, etc. Ans.—No, 887.

Roseberry Post Office—Asks reason of change of location, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2474-5.

Seed Grain Purchases—Asks if purchases were made from Dyer, Bow Island, Alta., in 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 886.

Asks if Dyer had handling of distribution of seed grain, etc. Ans.—Information given, 886.

T. Ry. Grain shipments—Asks number of cars shipped at 6 cents per bushel rate, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1276.

War Supplies—Purchases in Alberta—Asks who persons were who purchased horses, hay and oats, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3232.

War Supplies—Horses, Hay and Oats—Asks who were engaged to supply these in Alberta, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3528.

Western Provinces Liquor Prohibition—Asks if request has been received from the three prairie provinces to amend law to prohibit liquor in provinces where prohibition has been brought into effect. Ans.—No, 638.

191st Overseas Battalion, Macleod—Asks if authority has been given to raise a regiment with headquarters at Macleod, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1329.

Bureau, Hon. Jacques (Three Rivers and St. Maurice).

Fuel purchased from Z. Machand—Asks quantity so purchased in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3098.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

- Carroll, W. F.* (Cape Breton South).
Censors and Decoders at Louisburg—Asks their names, salary, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1808.
- Glace Bay Mail Service—Asks who has contract between tram car and P.O., etc. Ans.—Information given, 533-4.
- Carvell, F. B.* (Carleton, N.B.).
Canadian Officers in England—Asks how many are in England, etc. Ans.—Information given, 949.
- Flax Expert—Asks if Mr. Bromhill has been appointed as such, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2348.
- J. H. Stewart—Automobile Seizure—Asks if seizure was made in May last, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1438-9.
- Munitions Inspectors—Asks by whom appointed prior to 1st December last, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2006-7.
- New Zealand Wheat Purchases—Asks if Government has purchased any, the amount, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1278.
- New Zealand Wheat Purchase—Asks when wheat was purchased, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1438.
- One Hundred and Second Battalion—Asks why it is being recruited at Comox, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1041.
- Pay of Canadian Soldiers—Asks amount withheld while in Canada, England, and at front, respectively, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1162-3.
- Pierce Arrow Motor Car Purchase—Asks when, who ordered and for what purpose car was purchased. Ans.—Information given, 1327-8.
- Purchase of Desks—Asks value of desks purchased since fire and from whom purchased. Ans.—Information given, 1278-9.
- Sale of Small Arms Ammunition—Refers to page P. 284, Auditor General's Report, and asks to whom ammunition was sold, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2168.
- The Valley Ry.—Asks amount paid N.B. Govt. as proportion of earnings of Valley Ry. to December 31, last, etc. Ans.—Information given, 757.
- Victoria, B.C., Dredging—Asks how much has been paid for harbour dredging, etc. Ans.—Information given, 546-7. Who supplied coal for dredges *Ajax* and *Mud-lark* in 1911-12, etc. Ans.—Information given, 547.
- War Supplies—Bayonets—Asks how many with bu'ge removed have been supplied and delivered to Canadian army. Ans.—Impossible to give information, 1761-2.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

- War Supplies—Hay—Asks who has contract for hay and oats at Ottawa, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2543.
- Wheat commandeered by Government—Asks total amount since August 1, last, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1278.
- Chisholm, A. W.* (Inverness).
Bounty to Beam Tawlers—Asks what years was bounty paid, etc. Ans.—Information given, 760.
- Dredging in Cape Breton—Asks total amount expended in 1915, etc., Ans.—Mabou, \$14,15£.75; Smith's Cove, \$13,759.54, 7172.
- Eastern Harbour Dredging—Asks amount expended from 1878 to present time. Ans.—Information given, 760.
- Eastern Harbour Dredging—Asks amounts expended from 1878 to 1915. Ans.—Information given, 853.
- Halifax Terminals—Asks amount expended to date. Ans.—Information given, 885.
- Inverness Expenditures—Asks amounts expended during years 1913-14-15-16. Ans.—Information given, 853.
- Port Hood Wharf—Asks amount expended from 1896 to present time. Ans.—Information given, 760.
- Timiskaming Dam—Refers to Auditor's report and asks *re* certain items paid to H. Morel. Ans.—Information given, 2546.
- Chisholm, Wm.* (Antigonish).
Antigonish Fishery Officer—Asks who he is and salary. Ans.—(1) Hugh McDougall; (2) \$200.
- Antigonish River Guardians—Asks their names and salaries. Ans.—Information given, 552.
- Antigonish P.O.—Asks No. closed since October 6, 1911 and new ones established. Ans.—Information given.
- Antigonish Station Flower Garden—Asks cost of establishing, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2057.
- Archibald Tibbits—Asks if he is employed by Marine and Fisheries or Naval Service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1439.
- Arisaig Lightkeeper—Asks who he is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1808.
- Breen's Pond Breakwater—Asks if tenders were called in 1914 for extension, etc. Ans.—No, 1438.
- Griffin's Point Wharf—Asks if tenders were called for construction in 1914. Ans.—No, 1438.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Mr. T. R. Ferguson—Asks if he is still in employ of Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 885-6.

Post Offices in Inverness—Asks number of families served by offices named, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1550.

Sir Joseph Pope—Asks *re* items in Auditor General's Report paid to Pope, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2924.

Status of enlisted Indians—Asks if they have a right to vote during the war. Ans.—Section of Act quoted, 3407.

Tracadie Harbour Improvements—Asks if tenders were called in 1914, etc. Ans.—No, 1438.

Copp, A. B. (Westmorland).

Amherst Barracks Coal Supplies—Asks who supplied it, the cost, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2600.

Amherst Hog-slaughtering—Asks amount paid in 1915. Ans.—Nothing, 2174.

Amherst Military Barracks—Asks cost of fitting it up, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2300.

Col. Samuel Sharpe, M.P.—Asks if he is drawing pay as commander of 116th Battalion, etc. Ans.—Yes, 2924.

Dr. Ferguson—Asks if he is in employ of Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1042.

George Skeffington—Asks if he is still employed by Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1437.

I.C.R.—Men from other railways—Asks how many men have been taken from other railways between 1st June, 1912, and December 31, 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3097.

Major Fillimore—Asks amount paid to him since war began as recruiting officer, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2477.

Main Street Subway, Moncton—Asks total cost of right of way, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3025.

N. B. and P. E. I. Ry.—Asks total cost of commission to inquire into compensation to sealers, etc. Ans.—\$35,546.93, 3025.

N.S. hay compressing contracts—Asks if contracts have been made, etc. Ans.—Undesirable to give information, 537.

The Minister of Militia—Asks when he left for the old country and when did he return in 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2545.

The Schooner *Burleigh*—Asks if she is owned by Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 853.

Truro-Moncton Section—Asks if it is the intention of Government to change location of I.C.R., etc. Ans.—No, 3352.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Cruise, Robert (Dauphin).

Dr. H. H. Elliott—Asks if he is employed by Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 553.

Manitoba School Lands—Asks if lands will be sold during 1916, etc. Ans.—Yes, 3675.

Delisle, M. S. (St. John and Iberville).

Commercial Agents in South and Central America—Asks how many there are, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1653.

Inland Revenue Department Appointments—Asks how many have been appointed from candidates at May examinations. Ans.—None, 2175.

Neuville Lighthouse—Asks if a keeper has been appointed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 593.

Pont Marcotte—Asks cost of construction, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2171.

Valcartier Camp—Asks if tenders were invited for removal of refuse tins, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2174-5.

Valleyfield Concrete Breakwater—Asks days engineers superintend dredging, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2694.

Weights and Measures—Asks how many inspectors there were on 1st October, 1911, and 22nd March, 1916. Ans.—(1) 68; (2) 113, 2475.

Demers, M. J. (St. John and Iberville).

Max Lososki—Asks if a German of this name is in employ of Immigration Department at Quebec, etc. Ans.—Information given, 949.

Mrs. Berlington Ham—Asks if lady of that name is employed in Immigration Department at Quebec, etc. Ans.—No, 949.

Devlin, E. B. (Wright).

Berlin, Ont., Registrar of Aliens—Asks if petition was received for appointment of registrar, etc. Ans.—Information given, 542.

Canadian Pay and Record Office, London—Asks if there is such office and how many are employed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3024.

Supplies and Transport—Asks if there is a director for the Canadian service in England, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3096.

Douglas, J. M. (St. Athena).

Canada Car and Foundry Co.—Asks what was paid for electric light in 1915, while department used their buildings, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1078.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Killam, Alta., Mail Service—Asks if application for a rural mail service has been made, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1438.

Overseas Forces—Asks where 22nd battalion was located in spring of 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1435.

Taxes payable by Banks—Asks amount under new taxation will be paid by Banks of Montreal, Commerce, Royal, and Nova Scotia. Ans.—Not possible, 2176.

Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac).

Army Chaplains—Asks name, rank and religion of persons appointed in 1915 at Barrifield camp, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2171.

Enlistment in Canadian Expeditionary Forces—Asks No. enlisted in January, February and March, 1916, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3025.

Lt.-Col. Armand Lavergne—Asks if he still retains rank, etc. Ans.—Information given, 541.

Portsmouth Penitentiary—transfer of insane convicts—Asks when they were removed to Guelph, etc. Ans.—Information given, 541.

Portsmouth Penitentiary—Convict Gowan—Asks if he was sent to Guelph, etc. Ans.—Information given, 541.

Portsmouth Penitentiary Surgeons—Asks when Dr. Phelan ceased acting, etc. Ans.—Information given, 541.

Royal Military College—Asks what has been done by tender or otherwise for years 1912, '13, '14, '15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2172.

Ethier, J. A. C. (Two Mountains).

Population of Canada—Asks total, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1277.

The Minister of Militia—Asks how many officials accompany him on trips to Europe, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2546.

Translators in Secretary of States Department—Asks how many are employed apart from official staff, etc.—Information given, 3231.

War Supplies—Automobiles—Asks how many have been purchased by the headquarters staff, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2544-5.

Fripp, A. E. (Ottawa).

Cable and Wireless Rates—Asks re suspension of deferred rates and week end letters. Ans.—Information not yet available, 637-8. Information, 672.

QUESTIONS—*Con.**Gauthier, L. J. (St. Hyacinthe).*

Mr. J. E. Larue—Asks if he is employed as purchaser of hay at Montreal, etc. Ans.—No, 950.

Gauvreau, C. A. (Temiscouata).

Blue River M. & L. Co.—Asks if this Company received Government aid for construction of spur line to their mill, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1076.

I.C.R.—Mr. Devenish—Asks his nationality, etc. Ans.—Information given, 638.

J. P. Dionne vs. The King—Asks if P. M. G. received any documents bearing on this case. Ans.—No, 2839.

J. P. Dionne vs. The King—Asks if Minister of Inland Revenue received telegram, etc., in connection with his case, etc. Ans.—No, 2924.

Louisville P. O.—Asks to whom contract was given for sidewalk around P.O., etc. Ans.—Information given, 546.

At what date did superintendent of construction of Louisville P.O. cease work, etc. Ans.—Information given, 546.

Louisville P.O.—Asks total revenue for past year. Ans.—\$2,632.42, 1077.

P. O. Dept. Advts.—Asks amount paid to L'Echo des Bois-Franc, in 1915-16, etc. Ans.—\$590.60, 1164.

Rimouski Customs Officer—Asks re dismissal of Vallee, etc. Ans.—Information given, 546.

Riou Store Repairs—Asks cost of converting store into armoury, etc. Ans.—Information given, 535.

Temiscouata Mail Service—Asks if a P.O. is to be established at St. Dominique du Lac, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2477.

German, W. M. (Welland).

Shell Boxes—Asks re contracts given to parties at Fenelon Falls. Ans.—No, 543.

Graham, G. P. (Renfrew South).

Armstrong Lake Bridge—Asks costs of collapse up to date, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2692.

Dredge Port Nelson—Asks total cost of purchase price, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2692.

Hudson Bay Ry.—Asks amount expended to January 1, 1916, etc. Ans.—Information given, 543.

J. T. Lindsay—Asks if is employed by Militia Department. Ans.—No, 2349.

Leasing of Locomotives—Asks if any have been leased, from whom, and at what price, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2546.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

- Life Stock for Port Nelson—Asks quantity purchased and how much reached destination. Ans.—Information given, 2692.
- N.T.R.—Through Lumber Rate—Asks if there is a through rate to points on C.P.R., C.N.R. and G.T.R. Ans.—Information given, 548.
- 159th Battalion Separation Allowances—Asks if wives of men who joined at North Bay in September receive separation allowances. Ans.—Question not clear enough to give information, 2348-9.
- North Bay Armoury—Asks if buildings or rooms have been leased from J. T. Lindsay, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2691.
- Ownership of Water Powers—Asks if agreement has been made to transfer ownership to Ontario, etc. Ans.—Information given, 760-1.
- Overseas Forces—Asks about certain names being dropped from 159th Battalion on duty at North Bay, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1435.
- Port Nelson Dock Accommodation—Asks how many square feet are available for sea-going vessels, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2692.
- Port Nelson Works—Timber—Asks quantity purchased in United States for works, amount paid therefor, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2838-9.
- Royal Military College—Clothing contract—Asks who contractor is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3881.
- Separation Allowances—Asks if wives of men joined at North Bay will receive allowances. Ans.—Question not clear. Information will be given if battalion is specified, 2176.
- Transcona Railway Shops—Asks if shops have been leased, etc. Ans.—Information given, 636.
- The Hudson Bay Route—Asks if reply will be made to Anderson's report. Ans.—Information given, 636-7.
- War Loan, \$75,000,000—Asks if loan has been fully underwritten, by whom and on what terms. Ans.—Information given, 2546.

Hartt, T. A. (Charlotte).

- Naval Service Department—Travelling Expenses—Refers to Auditor General's Report and asks if amounts charged were paid for purposes shown. Ans.—No, 2300.
- Refers to Auditor General's Report and asks why were large increases for travel and outlay of fisheries inspectors necessary. Ans.—Information given, 2301.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.).

- Annandale Buoys—Asks if a man named Robertson was looking after buoys, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1808.
- Charlottetown Medical Officers—Asks name of senior officer, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1905-6.
- Commissioned Officers and Commons and Senate—Asks if they can attend to their duties as officers and members at the same time. Ans.—Yes, 1328.
- Dr. N. O. Fareman—Asks if he holds rank in Militia, etc. Ans.—No, 2175.
- Duty on Necklaces—Asks if Government collected duty on necklaces imported from England by a Minister of the Crown during last six months. Ans.—No knowledge, 1329.
- Duty on Pearls and Diamonds—Asks amount of duty and war tax on pearls and diamonds. Ans.—Information given, 541.
- Exportation of Horses Prohibited—Asks date of O. I. C. re prohibition of horses for export, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1329.
- Herring Fishing at Souris—Asks if inquiry was carried on last summer, etc. Ans.—Information given, 551-2.
- Horses for French Government—Asks where they are being purchased in Canada. Ans.—Government has not official information, 1041.
- Imports of Necklaces—Asks if duty has been collected on diamond or pearl necklaces within last six months, etc. Ans.—Information given, 758.
- Imports and Exports—Asks amount between Canada and U. S. years 1910-11, 1912-13, 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2057.
- Intercolonial Railway—Asks how many men are employed by P. W. Dept. in Charlottetown, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2799-2800.
- Members of Parliament in Military Service—Asks if they draw their pay as officers and indemnity at the same time. Ans.—Yes, 949.
- Inspectors of Pickled Fish—Asks how many there are in P. E. I., etc. Ans.—Information given, 2175.
- Little Sands, P. E. I., Breakwater—Asks if it was repaired last year, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2175.
- Members of Parliament serving with the Forces—Refers to attitude of British Government in not allowing indemnity to members serving with forces, and asks if Canadian Government is going to do the same. Ans.—Information given, 1550.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

- Major T. A. Mullock—Asks if he is a recruiting officer in Lunenburg, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2300.
- P.E.I. Dredging—Asks date on which Nogard II. commenced and stopped work in 1914. Ans.—Information given, 853.
- P.E.I. and Newfoundland Steamship Service—Asks *re* subsidizing of steamer between these points, etc. Ans.—Information given, 536-7.
- P.E.I. Fishery Inspectors—Asks the number, names and salary, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2010-11.
- P. M. Fielding—Asks his position in public service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2175.
- Powder Milk for Troops—Asks where it is obtained, etc. Ans.—Information given, 850-51.
- Powder Milk—What quantity of milk can be made from a pound of powder milk? Ans.—Add water, 1043.
- Powder Milk for Troops—Asks if it is still being supplied. Ans.—Yes, 2175.
- Purchase of Ships for War Purposes—Asks how many have been purchased since 1st August, 1914, etc. Ans.—Not in public interest to answer, 673.
- Riverside Lumber Co.—Asks on whose recommendation company was placed on patronage list. Ans.—Not on list, 2058.
- Ross Rifle Magazine purchases—Asks if extra magazines were purchased since beginning of war, the number and price. Ans.—(1) Yes; (2) 43,000; (3) \$2.31, 1328.
- Souris Rifle Range—Asks total cost, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2600.
- Summerside Rifle Range—Asks if tenders were called for building range, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2010.
- Summerside Post Office Building—Asks if tenders were called for building addition, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2010.
- Supplies for Troops in Canada—Asks procedure at local headquarters, etc. Ans.—Information given, 552.
- Transportation of First Contingent—Asks number of ships employed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2693.
- War Supplies—Horses—Asks how many horses were bought in P.E.I. in 1914, etc. Ans.—Information given, 542.
- War Supplies—Horses—Asks if any horses were purchased in Canada by British or French Governments since August 1, 1914, etc. Ans.—Information given, 759-60.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

- War Supplies, Horses—Asks if parties buying horses in Prince Edward Island received remuneration, etc. Ans.—Information given, 672.
- War Supplies—Horses for French Government—Asks where French Government is purchasing horses in Canada, etc. Ans.—Information as soon as possible, 950.
- War Supplies in Prince Edward Island.—Asks from whom supplies are being purchased for troops at Charlottetown, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3406-7.
- Jameson, Clarence (Digby).*
- C. N. R. Subsidies and Guarantees—Asks total sum paid out of treasury, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1042.
- C. P. R. Subsidies and Guarantees—Asks sum paid out of treasury, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1042.
- Digby Gap Submarine Bell—Asks if one was established and when, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1276.
- G. T. R. Subsidies and Guarantees—Asks total sum paid out of treasury, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1042.
- Lighthouse Board—Asks if there is such a board for Canada, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1078-9.
- Kay, W. F. (Missisquoi).*
- British Remount Commission—Asks if commission is buying horses in Canada at the present time, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2799.
- Farnham Camp—Asks if troops are to be mobilized at Farnham, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1164.
- Importation of Horses—Asks number imported between August 1 and December 1, 1914; January 1 and December 31, 1915, and January, 1916. Ans.—Information given, 2057.
- War Purchases—Hay—Asks if any has been bought in Kings, N.S., etc. Ans.—Information given, 2694.
- Asks how many tons of hay was purchased in Prince Edward Island since war began, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2695.
- War Supplies—Horses—Asks if British Government are buying horses at present in Canada, etc. Ans.—Information given, 542.
- How many horses have been bought in Canada for military purposes and average prices paid, etc. Ans.—Information given, 542-3.
- War Supplies—Horses—Asks how many have been sold in Toronto and Montreal, etc. Ans.—Not in public interest to answer, 671.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

War Supplies—Horses—Asks how many are on hand at present, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1326.

Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw).

Machine Guns—Asks how much was subscribed by public, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2542.

Moosejaw Customs Office—Asks total amount paid in salaries for year 1910-11, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2171.

Kyte, G. W. (Richmond).

Antoine Gobeil—Asks how much money he has received since December 31, '14, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1551.

Fishery Inspector Fisher—Asks if he is employed in any other capacity, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1078.

Fisheries Advisory Board—Asks who members are, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2010.

Rev. J. A. Spiddel—Asks if he is a recruiting officer, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3097.

Schooner Two Brothers—Asks if it has been chartered by Naval Department, etc. Ans.—Information given, 533.

Shelburne, N.S. Imports—Asks amount of dutiable goods entered and their value, in December '15 naming classes of goods, etc. Ans.—Not customary to give such information, 1276.

Shelburne Customs Duties—Asks amount paid in 1915 on imports from United States and other countries. Ans.—United States, \$3,478.07; other countries, Nil, 1762.

The Commandeering of wheat—Asks how many bushels were commandeered in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 544.

Lachance, Arthur (Quebec Centre).

Dr. Boucher—Asks if complaints were lodged against him as physician for the Lorrette Indian reserve, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1550.

Employment—Zephirin Daigle—Asks if he is in service of Government, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2922.

Immigration Agents at Montreal—Asks names of those appointed since 1911 at Montreal and Quebec, etc. Ans.—None, 1440.

Quebec Harbour Commission—Asks amount of money advanced to Commission since 1st October, 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2347.

Lamarche, P. E. (Nicolet).

Major G. Ogilvie, R. C. A.—Asks if he is in employ of Government, etc. Ans.—No, 1162.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

War contracts—Blankets, etc.—Asks if Logan Bros. Co. obtained any contracts since 1st June 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1436.

Did Renfrew Woollen Mills obtain any contracts since 1st June, 1915. Ans.—Information given, 1436.

Lancot, Roch. (Lapairie and Napierville).

Mr. De Witt Foster—Asks if he is employed by Government, etc. Ans.—No, 949.

Major de Lapassey—Asks if he is employed in the 5th Military Division, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1163.

R. C. Military Chaplains—Asks if there is one with 25th Regiment at the front, etc. Information given, 3097.

Asks if there was any trouble among the men of 64th regiment at the time of going overseas, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3098.

Solicitor General's office fittings—Asks total amount for preparing and furnishing offices. Ans.—\$802.45, 1076.

Lapointe, E. (Kamouraska).

Department of Agriculture—Employees with Diplomas—Asks how many there are, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2176-7.

Ottawa Separate School Commission—Asks on what date copy of Ontario Act was received. Ans.—28th October '15, 2546.

Rivière Ouelle Wharf—Asks if Dr. Michaud sold wood and materials for wharf in 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1164.

Lapointe, L. A. (St. James).

Interest on Savings Deposits—Asks if legislation will be introduced fixing rate on deposits in Government savings banks. Ans.—No, 543.

Is legislation to be introduced fixing rate of interest on deposits in banks at not less than 4 per cent. Ans.—No, 543.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East).

Immigration—Asks if Government has taken up with British Government question of greater co-operation, etc. Ans.—No, 1164.

Immigration and Production—Asks if communication has been had with provincial governments with this end in view. Ans.—Information given, 1277.

Has the Government taken cognizance of a Resolution unanimously passed by the Legislature of Saskatchewan, in June, 1915, proposing closer co-operation between Provincial and Dominion Governments in regard to immigration and greater production from the soil? If so, what action has been taken to give effect to such proposals? Ans.—Information given, 1277-8.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Has the Government received any communications from the Toronto Board of Trade or other bodies, urging the necessity for an improved immigration policy? If so, what are they, and what steps have been taken to give effect to them? Ans.—Information given, 1278.

Immigration—Co-operation with the provinces—Asks if provinces, in 1911, were invited to co-operate with Dominion to secure permanency in the flow of immigration, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1904-5.

Payments to A. C. St. Amour—Asks what his salary is as superintendent at Soulanges Canal, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3408-9.

Lavallee, J. O. (Bellechasse).

Lieut.-Col. O. Talbot—Asks if he is carrying on recruiting, etc., in Bellechasse. Ans.—Information given, 1325-6.

Law, B. B. (Yarmouth).

Application for Bell Buoy—Asks if petition was received for a buoy on Bantam Rock, etc. Ans.—Information given, 543-4.

Capt. John Bateman—Asks if he is in employ of Government and at what salary. Ans.—(1) Yes; (2) \$75 per month, 545.

Capt. Charles Blades—Asks is he is in employ of Government and at what salary. Ans.—(1) Yes; (2) \$75 per month, 545.

Capt. William Ross—Asks if he is in employ of Government and his salary. Ans.—(1) Yes; (2) \$80 per month, 545.

Cape Negro Island Lighthouse—Asks if tenders were called for construction at this place, etc. Ans.—Information given, 544.

Shelburne Port Physician—Asks if there is a regular physician here, etc. Ans.—Information given, 543.

Shelburne Fishery Guardian—Asks if Joseph Nickerson is a guardian, etc.—Ans.—Information given, 545.

Shelburne Fishery Guardians—Asks their names and salaries, etc. Ans.—Information given, 546.

The American Vessel Starling—Asks if she was entered for duty in 1915-16, etc. Ans.—Information given, 544-5.

Western, N.S. Fishery Inspector—Asks who is, etc. Ans.—Ward Fisher, 546.

Yarmouth Public Works—Asks amount spent in 1912-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 550.

Yarmouth Dredging—Asks amount spent in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 550.

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QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville).

Cost of Living Commission—Asks if Commission is at work at present time, etc. Ans.—Information given, 852.

Censors—Asks who they are at Pointe au Pere, Rimouski, etc. Ans.—None, 851.

Fox River Breakwater—Asks amount expended since 1st January, 1912, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1761.

House of Commons Officials—Asks how much was paid them in December, 1911, and February, 1916. Ans.—(1) \$33,846.78; (2) \$37,011.35, 2475.

I.C.R.—Freight Cars—Asks number of cars at present out of repair between St. Rosalie and Levis. Ans.—60, 2347.

I.C.R.—Freight Service—Asks if complaints have been received of service between St. Leonard Junction and Nicolet, etc. Ans.—No, 2543.

Magdalen Islands Service—Asks what steamer is making the service this year, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3352.

Payments to La Patrie and L'Evenement—Asks amounts paid to them for years 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2299-2300.

Post Office Employees—Asks number on pay list on 1st October, 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1651.

Post Office Employees—Asks number on pay list on February, 1st, 1916, in chief cities. Ans.—Information given, 2010.

Post Office Revenues—Asks revenue of P.O.'s of principal cities for 1910-11, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1651.

Quebec P.O. Superintendent—Asks who he is and his salary, etc. Ans.—Information given, 547-8.

Quebec Post Office—Asks how many appointments have been made since November 1, 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 6723.

Quebec and Saguenay Railway—Asks if bonds are to be guaranteed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2475.

Asks if Quebec and Saguenay Railway is to be made part of Government system, etc. Ans.—Information in due course, 2475.

Returned Soldiers in Civil Service—Asks how many have been given employment. Ans.—279, 1276.

Revenues of Customs Ports—Asks total of chief cities, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2169.

Salaries of Customs Employees—Asks total amount paid as salaries, and number of employees on Oct. 1, 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2169-70.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Technical Education—Asks if it is intention of Government to take action on commission's report. Ans.—Information given, 535.

The Farmers Bank—Asks if legislation will be introduced to reimburse depositors. Ans.—No. 544.

The Parliament Buildings Fire—Alleged warning—Reads despatches from American paper and asks if Government received any such information. Ans.—No, 674.

W. Lloyd Carner—Asks *re* his employment and promotion and duties. Ans.—Information given, 1163.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou).

Appointments—Asks number of men at \$900 and over on the I.C.R. taken from other railways between April 1, 1913 and December 31, 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1040-1.

A. Kastella—Asks his position, when appointed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1549.

Bear River, N.S., Public Building Site—Asks if purchase was made since last sitting of House, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1164.

Big Island Mail Service—Asks if petitions have been received asking additional service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 549-50.

Brigadier General Carson's Staff—Asks how many officers are attached to the office and under his direction, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2693.

Canadian Officers in England—Asks how many are employed in the Pay and Record Office, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1551.

Canadian Pay and Record Office, London.—Asks number of employees in addition to com. officers, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3024.

Charters of Govt. Steamers—Asks to whom steamers were chartered belonging to the Ry. Dept., etc. Ans.—Information given, 1076-7.

Coal Contracts—Asks date contracts were signed with different companies, etc. Ans.—Information given, 538-9.

Communication between Eureka and New Glasgow—Asks if better accommodation for people has been requested, and what action has been taken. Ans.—(1) Yes; (2) Being inquired into, 1043.

Construction of Ordnance in Canada—Asks why it was not carried into effect. Ans.—Information given, 2799.

Dr. N. P. Freeman—Asks if he is employed by Militia Dept., etc. Ans.—Information given, 3097.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

East Gore—Kennetcook Mail Service—Asks who carrier is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3383

Fred S. Wilson—Asks if he was appointed to buy hay for Colchester, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3353.

Government Railway Divisions—Asks if any orders given for management of divisions or creation of new ones. Ans.—No. 549.

Inspection of Munitions—Asks how many have been appointed since the war began, etc. Ans.—Information given, 544.

I.C.R. Coal Supply—Asks *re* storage at certain points on line. Ans.—Information given, 538.

I.C.R.—Car Purchases—Asks if more cars will be purchased during present year. Ans.—Under consideration, 757.

Immigration—Asks number of immigrants coming to Canada in 1915. Ans.—48,466, 1436.

I.C.R. Freight Rates—Asks if increases have been made for lumber, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1435-6.

Industrial Disputes Act—Asks if amendment will be introduced this session.—Ans.—Under consideration, 1161.

I.C.R.—Rates on Forest Products—Asks rate on products used for local consumption, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1652-3.

Kitsilano Indian Reserve—Asks if a larger sum than \$300,000 is to be paid for reserve, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1652.
Machine Gun Subscriptions—Asks if Government intends returning funds. Ans.—Later, 2613.

One Hundred and Sixth Regiment supplies—Asks if tenders were called for, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2172.

Open season for lobsters—Asks the date of open season in Northumberland straits between Cape George and Molagush, etc. Ans.—Information given, 950-1.

106th Regiment—Supplies—Asks who were the tenderers at Pictou. Ans.—Information given, 851.

Pictou Telephone communication—Asks if communication will be established between Pictou Island and mainland. Ans.—No, 549.

Pictou Island Life Boat—Asks if station is to be changed. Ans.—No, 549.

P. M. Fielding—Asks how much has been paid him as recruiting officer and expenses. Ans.—Nothing, 1551.

Pictou County Recruiting Officers—Asks who they are and salary. Ans.—(1) Rev. J. F. Tupper, Maj. R. H. Graham; (2) pay of their rank, 1165.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Political patronage—Asks in what Department patronage list is maintained, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1326.

Asks if Government intends doing away with patronage list, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1326-7.

Port Howe R. R. No. 1—Asks who contractor is and amount paid. Ans.—(1) W. H. Dunbar; (2) \$295, 1076.

Port Howe Postmaster—Asks salary paid him. Ans.—Information given, 1076.

Pugwash Spur Line—Asks total cost and amount of freight from it. Ans.—Information given, 3024.

Purchase of ss. *Hochelaga*—Asks from whom purchased, how much paid, etc. Ans.—Information given, 950.

River John Customs—Who is sub-contractor, etc. Ans.—Information given, 549.

Rural Mail, Pictou—Asks how many have been established in 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 549.

Sales of Ammunition—Asks if any small arms ammunition was purchased from the Department since 4th August, '14, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2543.

Shell Inspectors—New Glasgow—Asks if any have been dismissed, etc. Ans.—No information, 674.

Shell Inspectors—Stellarton—Asks who were appointed. Ans.—None, 673.

Small Arms Ammunition—Asks if any was disposed of since August 4, 1914, etc. Ans.—Not advisable to answer, 1151.

SS. *Stadacona*—Asks purchase price, etc. Ans.—Information given, 548.

Stellarton Public Building Site—Asks if land for site was purchased, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1164.

Subsidizing ships in B.C.—Asks if any request has been made by the provincial Government for subsidizing B.C. ships, etc. Answer in due course, 1551.

Supplies for the 106th Regiment—Asks from whom tenders were called for supply of milk, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1042-3.

Supplies for 40th Battalion—Asks if tenders were called for supplies, etc. Ans.—No, 1043.

Supplies for 106th Regiment—Asks to whom contracts were awarded. Ans.—Information given, 1077.

The Vale Railway—Asks amount expended upon it, receipts from operation, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3024.

Vickers, Limited—Asks if it is the Canadian or British firm of that name who purchased ammunition. Ans.—British, 2695.

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QUESTIONS—*Con.*

War Purchasing Commission—Asks who members are, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2695.

War Supplies—Groceries in B.C.—Asks who tendered for such supplies in B.C.

Ans.—If question amended information will be given, 3097.

War Supplies—Groceries—Asks who were the tenderers in Vancouver, amount of each tender, and to whom contract was awarded. Ans.—Information given, 3733-4.

Wentworth Mail Service—Asks name of contractor, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3353.

West Gore—Clarksville Station Mail Service—Asks if Sine is carrier, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2695.

Maclean, A. K. (Halifax).

Ballots for Overseas Forces—Asks if ballots were sent to England in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 673-4.

Canadian Exports—Asks values of exports under certain heads for November and December, 1915. Ans.—Information given, 592.

Canadian Immigration—Asks immigration by nationalities for 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 540-1.

Coal from Halifax to Hudson Bay—Asks if any was shipped in 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1759.

Dominion Notes in Chartered Banks—Asks total amount outstanding on December 31, 1915. Ans.—\$2,028,635, 592.

D.T.S. Tyrian—Asks if contract for bulk-heads was recently made, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1437.

Estimated Population of Canada—Asks what it was on January 1, 1916. Ans.—No, 636.

Exports and Imports to United Kingdom—Asks total amount for 1915. Ans.—\$361,426,733, 592.

Lunenburg Co. Mail Service—Asks name of contractor on Church Lake, New Cornwall and Mahone Bay route, etc. Ans.—Information will be furnished when contract is executed, 3942.

Mahone Bay—Martin's Brook Mail Service—Asks who were tenderers for this service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 545.

Martin's River Mail Service—Asks who postmaster is and when he was appointed. Ans.—Mrs. Stella Langille; appointed 15th April, 1912, 3881.

Asks who is mail contractor between Martin's Point, P.Q., and railway station, Martin's River, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3881.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Asks who is postmaster at Martin's Point, and if late postmaster resigned or was dismissed. Ans.—(1) William Dorey; (2) resigned, 3881.

Mr. R. H. Kennedy—Asks if he is employed for recruiting purposes, etc. Ans.—Information given, 4075.

R. Robson Block—Asks if he has been appointed inspector for cadets in N.S., etc. Ans.—Information given, 3144.

Steamer Starling—Asks on what terms and for what purpose this steamer is hired, etc. Ans.—Information given, 540.

Revenue from Special Taxes—Asks revenue to January 31, 1916, from special taxes, etc. Ans.—Information given, 948.

Voters Lists, 1915—Asks number printed in 1915, the firms who did it and amount charged. Ans.—Information given, 593-4.

War Expenditures by Departments—Asks total for fiscal year to January 1, 1916. Ans.—Information given, 1161.

War Supplies at Windsor, N.S.—Asks from whom supplies are being purchased, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3407.

MacNutt, Thomas (Saltcoats).

Trench Warfare—Asks if aid has been offered to War Office beyond the purchasing of trenching tools, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2696.

McCoig, A. B. (Kent West).

War Supplies—Horses—Asks how many from U.S. have passed through Canada, etc. Ans.—Not considered advisable to give information, 671.

McCraney, Geo. E. (Saskatoon).

Compulsory Military Service—Asks if Minister of Interior made a statement in Chicago *re* compulsory service in Canada. Ans.—Information given, 592.

Prince George, B.C., Ry. Station—Asks if site recommended by Scott has been confirmed. Ans.—Information given, 637.

Purchase of Horses—Mr. Fallis—Asks if it is the intention of the Minister to request payment of \$1,880 to Dominion Government. Ans.—Government has no claims, 674.

Seed Grain Indebtedness—Asks amount incurred by Sask. and Alta. in 1908., etc. Ans.—Information given, 761.

McCrea, F. W. (Sherbrooke).

Cap à La Roche Channel—Asks how many dredges have been employed at this point in 1911-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 761.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Deepening of St. Lawrence Channel—Asks how many dredges were employed in 1912-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1906.

Sherbrooke Drill Hall—Asks if certain parties, giving names, were employed as sentries, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3098.

Sherbrooke Post Office—Asks how long position of postmaster was vacant, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1906.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria).

Baddeck Wharf—Asks if any wharfage charges were made for years 1912-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 548.

Bay St. Lawrence Telegraph Office—Asks cost of running for 1911-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1551.

Dingwall, N. S., Postmaster—Asks if Joseph O'Brien was appointed and when he was removed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1160-1.

Government Telegraphs, Victoria Co.—Asks if any new lines were built in 1913-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 548-9.

Magdalen Islands Cable—Asks when it was laid, etc. Ans.—Information given, 759.

Meat Cove Breakwater—Asks steps taken towards building, etc. Ans.—Information given, 758-9.

Railway Subsidies and Harbour and River Improvements—Asks amount expended for subsidies and public works in 1912-14-15 in Canada. Allowed to stand as order for return, 853.

Telegraph Poles, Victoria, N.S.—Asks *re* purchase of poles for certain sections, etc., etc. Ans.—Information given, 758.

Steamship Baleine—Asks who owners are, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3676.

Wellington Harbour Improvements—Asks cost, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2169.

Westover County Telegraph Offices—Asks reasons and upon whose recommendation changes were made, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2600.

McMillan, J. A. (Glengarry).

War Supplies—transport trucks—Asks on what date contract was let, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3676.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure).

Bonaventure County Mail Service—Asks if petition for rural mail service at Black Cape and Caplan, and what has been done. Ans.—(1) Yes; (2) Under consideration, 1433.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Bonaventure County Postal Service—Asks if petition was received for a post office to be opened at residence of A. W. R. Chardson, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2172-3.

Campbellton-Gaspé Steamship service—Asks if any arrangement has been made for service between these points for 1916, etc. Ans.—Information given, 536.

Canadian Overseas Forces—Asks if Government acted on its own volition in deciding to enlist 500,000 men or were they actuated thereto by the British authorities, etc. Ans. Information given, 2348.

Carleton Beach Protection Works—Asks how much was expended last year, etc. Ans.—Information given, 536.

Conference of the Allies at Paris—Asks if Canada was invited to send a representative, etc. Ans.—Information confidential, 2476.

Gaspé and Bonaventure Lighthouse—Asks if any new lights on lighthouses were put on coast line in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 536.

Government officials in the Elections—Asks if there is a rule preventing inspector of weights and measures taking part in elections or being elected to council. Ans.—No. 1759.

I.C.R.—Campbellton Supt.—Asks who has succeeded Price; was the principle of promotion followed; was the new appointee connected with I.C.Ry. Ans.—(1) W. R. Devennish; (2) Yes, 535.

Imperial Munitions Board—Asks re erection of factory in Montreal for making fuses, etc. Ans.—Information given, 594.

Inspection of Weights and Measures—Asks who did the work and what the cost in Rimouski, Gaspé and Bonaventure in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 671.

Liquor in Prohibition Territory—Asks if there is any legislation concerning it, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2169.

Maria Beach Protection Works—Asks how much has been expended altogether and how much last year, etc. Ans.—Information given, 536.

Members of Parliament as Lieut.-Cols.—Asks names and date of appointment, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2168-9.

Minchies Channel Piers—Asks if petition was received for erection of piers, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1654.

New Carlisle Wharf—Asks if any work was done on it in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 535.

New Richmond Post Office—Asks if it is to be re-opened, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1653-4.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

New Richmond Mail Service—Asks who contractor is, how much paid, when he tendered, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2174.

New Richmond West P.O.—Asks if P.O. is to be reopened. Ans.—No, 3232.

Overseer of Fisheries—Asks who succeeded late Dr. Wakeham, etc. Ans.—Information given, 535.

Paspebiac Wharf—Asks if any work was done on wharf belonging to Robin, Jones and Whitman, etc. Ans.—Information given, 536.

Postmasters and municipal elections—Asks if such are allowed to act as municipal officers. Ans.—Information given, 1653.

Prohibition of Intoxicating Liquors—Asks who asked for legislation. Ans.—Information given, 2475.

Saguenay River Improvements—Asks total cost and year's work was carried on, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3674-5.

St. Alphonse de Caplan Mail Service—Asks if request has been received to improve service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1654.

The Quebec Fisheries—Asks if agreement has been reached with Quebec. Ans.—Information given, 638.

Martin, Mederic (St. Marys).

The Poor and Unemployment—Asks if Government is aware there is an increasing number of poor and people out of employment. Ans.—No, 595.

Martin, W. M. (Regina).

Assistant Receiver General, Regina—Asks when office will be opened. Ans.—No immediate urgency, 553.

A. A. Evans—Asks if was ever employed by Interior, etc. Ans.—Yes, 1438.

H. A. Evans—Asks how much was paid him for relief work in October, 1914. Ans.—\$58, 1653.

D. D. Bennett—Asks if any attempt has been made to locate him, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1759.

Employment of Robert E. Stedman—Asks if he is employed by army service corps at Regina, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3232.

Moosejaw Examining Warehouse—Asks from whom and at what price land was bought for site, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1550.

Max Drab—Asks if he is in employ of Interior, etc. Ans.—No, 1439.

Regina Inland Revenue premises—Asks from whom premises are rented, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1439.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Regina Army Service Corps—Asks from whom premises were rented for the accommodation of corps, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1652.

Release of Walter T. Ross—Asks if he was released in 1914, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2331.

R. N. W. M. Police at Regina—Asks from whom premises are rented for accommodation of police, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1439.

Riding Mountain Timber Reserve—Asks re certain Galician notes in payment of homesteads, etc. Ans.—Information given, 640.

Swift Current P.O. Site—Asks if property has been purchased for post office site, the price and date of purchase. Ans.—(1) yes; (2) lots 19 and 20, block 55; (3) March 31, 1914; \$25,000, 1041.

Sixty-eighth Battalion—Asks if there is difficulty and delay in privates securing pay, etc. Ans.—No, 2695.

W. Badger—Asks if he has ever been employed in Interior Department, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1439.

Michaud, Pius (Victoria, N.B.).

Accommodation for Soldiers at Campbellton—Asks if engine house of I.C.R. was fitted up for soldiers, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1162.

Campbellton Public Building—Asks if repairs, alterations and improvements were made, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1162.

Guarding an International Bridge—Asks arrangements made with U.S. for guarding bridge between Van Buren, Me., and St. Leonard, N.B., etc. Ans.—Information given, 1041.

Lieut.-Col. Sabourin—Asks if he is employed as an officer and his pay. Ans.—Yes, \$5 per day, 949.

Moses Mitchell—Asks if he was appointed valuator in reference to land purchased for Valley Railway, etc. Ans.—No, 3408.

Soldiers at St. Leonard, N.B.—Asks how many drilled there in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 640.

T. M. Richards—Asks if he was appointed recruiting officer in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1653.

Travelling Expenses of Minister of Militia—Asks total amount since August 1st, 1914. Ans.—Information given, 2171.

Murphy, Hon. Charles (Russell).

Dominion wide Prohibition—Asks if it is intention of Government to introduce legislation to prohibit sale of liquor during the war. Ans.—Several notices of motion with regard to this question are

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

upon the Order Paper, and it is not desirable to anticipate the discussion thereon, 534.

Export of Electricity—Asks if application has been made for export to Detroit, etc. Ans. No. 671.

Ottawa Customs Building—Asks if tenders were asked for retaining walls, etc. Ans.—Information given, 154-9.

Payment of Sold's—Quotes newspaper despatch and asks amount misappropriated as alleged in despatch, etc. Ans.—Information given, 552-3.

Payments to Wallace Shipyards Limited.—Asks what was paid in 1913-14-15 for repairs to dredges *Ajax*, *Mudlark*, *Lobnit* and tugs Point Ellice and Hoke. Ans.—Information given, 1077-8.

Sir Max Aitken—Asks if he is engaged with overseas forces, remuneration, etc. Ans.—Information given, 534.

Sir Max Aitken—Asks total amount paid him up to date as representative at the front, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2692.

Submarine Torpedo Equipment—Asks upon what date the two submarines purchased by Sir Richard McBride were equipped with torpedoes, by whom supplied and installed and cost. Ans.—Information given, 534.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North).

Water Carts—Asks number of tenders for lot of 25th May, 1915. Ans.—Information given, 537.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton).

B. C. Indians—Asks if commission of investigation has completed its work, etc. Ans.—Information given, 852.

Field Kitchens—Asks how many have been supplied to expeditionary forces, etc. Ans.—Information given, 547.

Okanagan Indian Reserve—Asks if right of way has been purchased through it by the C.N.R., etc. Ans.—Information given, 3144-5.

Okanagan Indian Reserve—Asks names of Indians to whom money was paid. Ans.—Information given, 3676.

Oil burning locomotives in B.C.—Asks if Railway Commission issued an order requiring C.P.R. and G.T.R. to burn oil in British Columbia. Ans.—No, 1550.

Separation Allowances—Asks re separation allowances, etc. Ans.—Information given, 550-1.

St. Peter's Indian Reserve—Asks if resolution passed at meeting in Selkirk demanding confirmation of surrender of lands sold to private parties, etc., has been acceded to. Ans.—Legislation will be introduced this session, 593.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

War Supplies—Socks—Asks how many pairs are issued to each soldier, etc. Ans.—Information given, 593.

War Supplies—Canvas Shoes—Asks price per pair, etc. Ans.—Information given, 673.

War Supplies—Overshoes—Asks number and price supplied, etc. Ans.—Information given, 673.

War Contracts—Canvas Shoes—Asks if Ritchie & Co. of Quebec have been making canvas shoes, etc. Ans.—Information given, 595.

War Supplies—Overshoes—Asks how many issued to men in service overseas. Ans.—18,000, 886-7.

War Supplies—Socks—Asks if socks supplied are paid for by soldiers. Ans.—No.

Pacaud, L. T. (Megantic).

Appointments from Dorchester Co.—Asks if any appointments have been made on the inside or outside service since September 21st, 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2921.

Papineau, L. J. (Beauharnois).

Consolidation of Railway Act—Asks cost and to whom paid. Ans.—Information given, 1276.

Soulonges Canal Dredging—Asks amount of material raised by dredge No. 2, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1761.

Paquet, E. (L'Islet).

Assistance to Fair Association—Asks if grants were ever made for construction and repair required for rural exhibitions, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3026.

Employees in Departments of Government—Asks how many were in certain Departments in 1895 and how many in 1911. Ans.—Information given, 3674.

N.T.R. employees at Quebec—Asks their names and salaries. Ans.—Information given, 1436-7.

Quebec Dairy Inspection—Asks No. of centres in Quebec, names of inspectors, etc. Ans.—Information given, 852.

What was No. of inspectors for central centres on 1st October, 1911. Ans.—Information given, 852.

Quebec Live Stock—Asks how many swine and sheep, bulls and cows and stallions, were loaned for breeding purposes during 1912-15, in the Province of Quebec. Ans.—Information given, 886.

Pardee, F. F. (Lambton West).

Advances for shell or Fuse Making—Asks if any were made. Ans.—No, 3097.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Advances by Shell Committee—Asks if advances were made to firms in Canada. Ans.—No information, 3528.

Enlisted Civil Servants—Separation Allowance—Asks if wives of such receive a separation allowance. Ans.—No, 3232.

N.T.R. Police Commissioner—Asks if C. Rankin holds that office and his salary. Ans.—(1) Yes; (2) \$150 per m., 2696.

Prince Rupert Militia Quarters—Asks if premises are being rented. Ans.—No, 3352.

The Launch *Walrondo*—Asks if it has been sold, to whom, and price and original cost. Ans.—(1) No; (2) \$12,000, 3942.

War Supplies—Shells—Asks if contract has been made with Invincible Steel and Iron Products, etc. Ans.—No, 757.

Proulx, E. (Prescott).

A. de W. Foster, Esq., M.P.—Asks if he is employed by Government, etc. Ans.—No, 2175.

Archibald Tibbits—Asks amount of his travelling expenses annually, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2176.

Carleton Drug Co.—Asks re purchases by Government from this company, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2542-3.

Dr. A. MacKenzie Forbes—Asks what rank he holds in Militia, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3528.

Employment of Mrs. Shouldis—Asks if she is employed in P. O. Dept., etc. Ans.—Information given, 1328.

General John Carson—Asks if he is employed by Govt. in England or elsewhere, etc. Ans.—Information given, 851.

John Wesley Allison—Asks his rank in Militia, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2476-7.

Lt.-Col. Tremain, M.P.—Asks when he was made a colonel, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1652.

Lieut. A. H. Chute—Asks if leave of absence has been granted him, etc. Ans.—No, 2476.

Major General Lessard—Asks his present position, etc. Ans.—Information given, 547.

Marine and Fisheries Department Law Clerk—Asks who he is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2176.

Method to Improve Security of Trenches—Asks if method devised by a Canadian engineer has been tested, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2923.

Mr. Beckles Willson—Asks re his engagement, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1327.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Packard Automobile Purchase—Asks if such a car was purchased for P. O. in Montreal, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1328-9.

Proof Spirit Purchase—Refers to Auditor General's Report and asks explanation of purchase of spirits. Ans.—Used in manufacture of ammunition, 2176.

Sussex Battalion Medical Officer—Asks who he is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1161-2.

Ross, D. C. (Middlesex West).

J. J. Behan—Asks if he is employed by Government. Ans.—No, 3408.

Seguin, P. A. (L'Assomption).

Government offices in Joliette—Asks how much is paid for rent, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3562.

Joliette Post Office—Asks total cost of improvements, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3561-2.

L'Assomption and Montcalm Rural Mail—Asks names of tenderers to date, etc. Ans.—Information will be laid on Table, 1078.

L'Assomption Mail Service—Asks who contractor is for rural distribution, etc. Ans.—Route not yet established, 3881.

St. Paul L'Ermite Mail Service—Asks names of tenderers and amount of each tender, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2174.

Wharf at L'Assomption—Asks amount paid for work and materials, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2174.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough).

A Minister of Munitions—Asks if Government intends making appointment. Ans.—No, 532.

Amherst, Sydney and New Glasgow Postal Revenue—Asks revenue for year 1915. Ans.—Information given, 3561.

British Columbia Lighthouse Service—Asks if steamer has been chartered for present season for lighthouse service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3352-3.

Canadian Naval Service—Asks if ships referred to by Sir Robert Borden in Naval debate, in 1913, have been built. Ans.—Information given, 2545.

Censors—Asks names of those employed at Canso and Hazel Hill, N.S., etc. Ans.—Information given, 851.

Censors and Decoders—Asks how many were employed in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 640.

Civil Service Appointments—Asks how many have been made by Administration under section 21, of C. S. Act. Ans.—Information given, 948-9.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Coal Harbour Wharf—Asks if any steps are being taken to carry out this work. Ans.—No, 758.

Employment of Dr. Hjort—Asks if he is in employ of Naval Service, etc.—Ans. Information given, 1552.

Exports and Imports through Halifax—Asks number of tons of exports and imports in 1915. Ans. Information given, 3734.

Fenian Raid Bounty—Asks how much has been expended for salaries and expenses in this connection in Nova Scotia. Ans.—\$8,267.19, 593.

Fish for Canadian Troops—Asks what description is being purchased, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1652.

Fishing Bounties—Asks rate of bounty to boat fishermen and to vessels. Ans.—Information given, 2546.

Foreign Steam Trawlers—Asks if any steps were taken in 1915 to prohibit purchase of coal and supplies in Canadian ports. Ans.—Information given, 640.

Foreign Trade Licenses for Steamers—Asks if committee has been appointed for granting licenses etc. Ans.—Information given, 2694.

Fish for American Market—Asks if Government has considered question. Ans.—No, 636.

Freight Exported through St. John—Asks how many tons went through in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3529.

Government Annuities—Asks how many were sold in 1908 and since. Ans.—Information given, 1437.

Guysborough—Canso Mail Contract—Asks who the contractor is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2800.

Herring Industry—Asks total cost of experiments conducted some years ago. Ans.—\$67,438.71, 2475.

Hudson Bay Railway and Terminal Expenditure—Asks how much has been expended for dredging and other improvements, etc. Ans.—Information given, 636.

I.C.R.—Guysborough Branch—Asks if construction will be commenced this year. Ans.—No, 850.

I.C.R. Pensions—Asks if fund will be established to provide pensions. Ans.—No, 757-8.

Letters to Soldiers—Asks why they are arriving free of postage. Ans.—Information given, 532.

M. G. Archibald—Asks if he is an officer of the C. A. M. C. in Kamloops, etc. Ans.—Information given, 539-40.

Milford Haven Bridge Postmaster—Asks if he was dismissed, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2173.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

- Pickled Fish—Asks how many barrels were inspected and branded in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1761.
- Payments to H. B. Duchemin—Asks total amount paid him since, 1911. Ans.—\$4,675.50, 1161.
- Payments for Printing and Advertising—Asks amount for 1915 paid to newspapers named. Ans.—Information given, 3095.
- Asks, referring to an item in Auditors report, paid to *Herald*, Halifax, if tenders were asked. Ans.—Information given, 3095-6.
- Asks, referring to an item in Auditor's report, re advertising, to whom money was paid. Ans.—Information given, 3096.
- Port Nelson Navigation—Asks at what date ships arrived in 1912-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 592.
- Postal Revenue—Asks total revenue for sale of stamps from March 31, '15 to February 29, '16, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2173.
- Private contributions for Machine Guns—Asks how much was received, how many paid for, and if it is intention of Government to return money to donors. Ans.—Information given, 532.
- Registered shipping in Canada—Asks tons which stood on register for years 1875, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915. Ans.—Information given, 2175.
- Remounts for Canadian Forces—Asks why purchases are not made in Canada for our own forces. Ans.—Information given, 950.
- Revenue from postage stamp—Asks amount of revenue for 1914 as compared with 1915. Ans.—1914, \$14,392,510.25; 1915, \$14,598,267.94, 532.
- Sherbrooke—Moser's River Mail Service—Asks cost of service between these points etc. Ans.—Information given, 2172-3.
- Smelt Fishing Regulations—Asks reason for prohibiting fishing for smelts in spans of bridges or within 100 yards of spans. Ans.—Information given, 673.
- Steam Trawlers—Asks if declaration for clearance has to be given in writing. Ans.—Yes, 641.
- Has International conference, relating to steam trawling regulations, ever been invited or called. Ans.—No, 641.
- Tonnage of Canadian vessels—Asks net on Register in 1910 and increase each year to date. Ans.—Information given, 1163.
- Victoria, B.C. Rifle Range—Asks if title is held for property. Ans.—Yes, 1549-50.
- War Supplies—Remounts—Asks average price paid from opening of war until March 31, 1915. Ans.—\$162.53, 1162.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

- West Rochdale Postmaster—Asks who he is, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1551-2.
- Whitehead Cold Storage—Asks if any expenditure was made, etc. Ans.—Information given, 757.
- Schaffner, F. L.* (Souris).
- Sunnybrae Mail Service—Asks difference in cost of railway and rural service in existence at Sunnybrae, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1549.
- Smith, William* (Ontario South).
- Sale of War Stamps—Asks percentage paid postmasters for sale. Ans.—None this year, 546.
- Stewart, D.* (Lunenburg).
- Public Works in Yarmouth—Asks amount expended in 1908-11 and amount for each work. Ans.—Information given, 1905.
- Sutherland, D.* (Oxford South).
- American Hogs—Asks if hogs are being killed and singed, shipped into Canada in bond and exported, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2923.
- Thompson, Alf.* (Yukon).
- Ottawa Military Camp Doctors—Asks who they are, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1760.
- Thomson, Levi* (Qu'Appelle).
- Moosejaw Military Camp—Asks when it was established, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1651-2.
- Mr. A. Dewitt Foster—Asks if he is in employment of Government, etc. Ans.—No, 4075.
- Regina Military Camp—Asks when it was established, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1808.
- Tobin, E. W.* (Richmond and Wolfe).
- Bramptonville Mail Service—Asks who is carrier on route No. 2, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3562.
- D'Israeli Government Wharf—Asks if any repairs were made in 1915, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3562.
- Truax, R. E.* (Bruce South).
- Hanover Public Building—Asks who contractor was and amount of tender, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1439-40.
- Turgeon, O.* (Gloucester).
- Firewood for Tracadie Lazaretto—Asks if wood is procured by sisters in charge or by contract, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2800.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

I.C.R.—Purchase of Rolling Stock—Asks if any was purchased from the Northern New Brunswick and Seaboard Railway Co. Ans.—No, 2799.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia).

Agriculture Department Clerks—Asks how many there are who belong to and are paid from outside service and who work in inside service, etc. Ans.—None, 2801.

Applications for Public Works—Asks if applications for public works are to go before a board, etc. Ans.—Explanation given, 1808.

Assistant Clerk of Routine and Records—Asks if Mr. Sherwood is to be appointed, etc. Ans.—Information not given, 1161.

Claim of Rev. D. R. Macdonald—Asks if his claim for ballot design has been paid, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3675.

Indian Department Clerks—Asks how many there are who belong to and are paid from outside service, and who work in inside service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2800-01.

Inland Revenue Clerks—Asks how many there are who belong to and are paid from outside service, names, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2544.

Justice Department Clerks—Asks how many there are who belong to and are paid from outside service and who work in inside service, etc. Ans.—None, 2801.

Marine Department Clerks—Asks how many there are who belong to and are paid from outside service and who work in inside service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2801.

Mine Department Clerks—Asks how many there are who belong to and are paid from the outside service and who work in inside service, etc. Ans.—None, 2921-2.

Public Works Department Clerks—Asks how many clerks there are who belong to and are paid from outside service, but who work in inside service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3096.

Unmarried officers—Separation Allowance—Asks if relatives of such draw allowances, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3098.

Railway Department Clerks—Asks how many belong to and are paid from the outside service and who work in the inside service, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2839.

Sale of Lee-Enfield Rifles—Asks how many were sold since October 1, 1911, etc. Ans.—Information given, 3562.

Seed Grain Liens—Asks number of liens taken in 1914-15, etc. Ans.—Information given, 760.

QUESTIONS—*Con.*

Separation Allowances—Asks if wives of officers who are still in Canada are drawing separation allowances, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2924.

Sessional Clerks—Asks how many were appointed for present session, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2799.

Victoria Transfer Co.—Asks amount paid for services for 1912-16. Ans.—Information given, 3144.

War Profits Taxation—Asks if legislation levying taxation on excess profits will be introduced. Ans.—Announcement in Budget speech, 550.

Women Voters in Manitoba—Asks if they will be allowed to vote in Dominion elections. Ans.—Not the practice to answer questions of law, 2301.

Verville, A. (Maisonneuve).

Appointment of Napoleon Aubrey—Asks if he is appointed in Library, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2300.

Camille Feller—Asks if he is a recruiting officer, etc. Ans.—No, 2348.

Fair Wage Board—Asks if recommendations have been received from Imperial Government respecting fair wage board. Ans.—Correspondence confidential, 1438.

Ice-breaker Contract—Asks if contract has been given, to whom and at what price, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1440.

Imprisonment of Jack Reid for Sedition—Asks words used by Reid for which he was condemned to 15 months' imprisonment, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2007-10.

John Lyons—Asks if he is employed at Exchequer Court, etc. Ans.—No, 3881.

Munition Wage Board—Asks if Government has been solicited to establish a board, etc. Ans.—Information given, 1277.

Montreal Customs Building—Asks who are contractors for partitions, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2175-6.

Montreal Customs Building—Asks if fair wage clause was attached to contract for this building, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2476.

Wallace T. G. (York Centre).

C. S. MacInnes—Asks his position in Militia Department, etc. Ans.—Information given, 2923-4.

Mr. C. C. James—Asks if he is to be appointed Deputy Minister of Agriculture, etc. Ans.—No, 2477.

Wilcox, O. J. (Essex North).

Price of Gasoline—Asks when it was made free, etc. Ans.—Information given, 885.

QUEBEC JUDICIAL VACANCY.

Inquiry.—Mr. Lemieux, 1044.

QUEBEC AND SAGUENAY RAILWAY.

Explanation.—Mr. Graham, 3146.

QUEBEC AND SAGUENAY AND LOTBINIERE AND MEGANTIC RAILWAYS.

Acquisition of Branch Lines.—Mr. Rogers, 3616.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3616-18.

Rogers, Hon. Robt. (Minister of Public Works)—3616.

Speaker, Deputy, Mr.—3617.

QUEBEC AND SAGUENAY AND LOTBINIERE AND MEGANTIC RAILWAYS.

Motion for second reading of Bill No. 101.—Mr. Reid, 3990.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—4948-9, 4050-1.

Casgrain, Hon. T. Chase (Postmaster General)—4001-02.

Forget, Hon. Rodolphe, (Montmorency)—4020-24.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—4011.

Girard, Joseph (Chicoutimi and Saguenay)—4042-4.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—4004-05, 4036-40.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—4024-8, 4046-8.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—3996-8, 4012-14, 4032-40.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton and Victoria)—4044-6, 4050.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—4019-20.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—4002-4, 4014-19.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3998-400, 4008-9, 4011-12, 4051-2.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3990-5, 4007, 4009-10.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—4040-2, 4049-50.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—4028-32.

REBUILDING OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Attention called.—Mr. Rogers, 2012.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—2013.

I shall, of course, be very glad to name three of my colleagues to co-operate with and assist the Minister of Public Works in conjunction with the gentlemen who shall be selected from the other side of the House, 2013.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—2013.

With regard to the rebuilding of the Parliament Buildings, so far I am happy to

REBUILDING OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS—*Con.*

say that I can also express my approval. I shall be glad to confer with my right hon. friend the Prime Minister as to the committee.

Rogers, Hon. Robt. (Minister of Public Works)—2012.

I am going to ask the right hon. the Prime Minister and the right hon. the leader of the Opposition to be good enough to name three members from each side of the House to act with me in the making of all necessary arrangements for the immediate rebuilding of the House of Commons, 2013.

REBUILDING OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Report of progress.—Mr. Rogers, 3049.

RECORD OF DECORATIONS OF CANADIAN SOLDIERS.

Asks that a record be kept of Canadian decorations.—Mr. Marcell, 1969.

RECRUITING—THE COLOUR LINE.

Reference to—Mr. Pugsley, 235.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—235.

My purpose in rising is to ask if there is any colour line drawn for service overseas, 235.

RECRUITING—THE COLOUR LINE.

Inquiry.—Mr. Pugsley, 557.

Hughes, Sir Sam. (Minister of Militia and Defence)—557.

The only complaint we have any record of is with reference to the fact that two or three young men, possibly good fellows, came to a certain recruiting office and were rejected because they were not in the very best condition. I do not know whether my hon. friend wants anything further or not, 557.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—557.

Complains about young coloured men not being allowed to join the ranks in St. John, 557.

RECRUITS FOR THE ROYAL NAVY.

On motion for Committee to Supply.—Sir Thomas White, 2987.

Remarks:

Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac)—3018-21.

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—2989-2996.

Glass, G. F. (Middlesex East)—3014.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3021-2.

Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2987-8.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3006-15.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2987.

RECRUITS FOR THE FOYAL NAVY.

McCrea, F. N. (Sherbrooke)—3022.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2988-9, 2996, 3002.
 Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—3002-06.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3015-18.

RECRUITING IN TORONTO.

Statement in Senate referred to.—Mr. Kemp, 2878-80.

REGIMENTAL BANDS.

Inquiry.—Mr. Lemieux, 1044.

RELEASE OF WALTER T. ROSS.

Motion:

For a copy of all letters, papers and correspondence in connection with the release of Walter T. Ross from the Prince Albert Penitentiary in the spring of 1914.—Mr. Turriff, 2302.

RELIEF OF GRAIN CONGESTION.

House in Committee on Bill No. 58.—Sir George Foster, 1706-1714.

House in Committee on Bill No. 58.—Sir George Foster, 1971.

REORGANIZATION OF CANADIAN FORCES.

Reference to—Mr. Hughes, 2015.

REPORT OF CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF DOMINION POLICE.

Memorandum read.—Sir Robert Borden, 669-70.

RESIGNATION OF MR. LAVALLEE.

Inquiry.—Mr. Lemieux, 3883.

ROYAL COMMISSION ON SHELL CONTRACTS.

Inquiry about appointment of counsel by Opposition Leader.—Sir Robert Borden, 2691.

ROYAL COMMISSION ON SHELL CONTRACTS.

Order in Council passed on 15th April laid

SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION.
on Table.—Sir Robert Borden, 2920.

Motion:

For a copy of all letters, telegrams, offers, tenders, reports, contracts and documents relating to the sale or other disposal of small arms ammunition since August 4, 1914.—Mr. Macdonald, 2546-7.

SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION.

Inquiry.—Mr. Macdonald, 3297.

SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION.

Motion: Mr. McKenzie, 3884.

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—3908.

Reference made to the statement of the Minister of Militia and the Auditor General, 3908-9. Don't let the Minister of Militia deceive himself on that point. Don't let him feel that he can help his cause or protect a man who has practically pilfered a quarter of a million dollars from the people of Canada, by throwing out any nasty insinuations about what I or any other member of Parliament may have done in New York or elsewhere, 3911. Reference to question before the House, 3913-14.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3890.

I did not know that this matter was coming up to-day, nor have I had from my hon. friend the courtesy of receiving a copy of the resolution he has moved, the terms of which I did not know at all until he read the motion to the House, 3890. Therefore, the Minister of Justice brought a report to council on Monday last which was approved by His Royal Highness on Tuesday, and as soon as the Order in Council had been communicated to Sir Charles Davidson, he made arrangements to subpoena the witnesses and to proceed with the inquiry, with the result that the investigation commenced before my hon. friend made his motion, 3891. It could hardly be expected that Sir William Meredith and Mr. Justice Duff would interrupt the proceedings they are now carrying on, for the purpose of taking up this inquiry. On the other hand, Sir Charles Davidson was in a position to take it up at once, and secure the evidence of witnesses who are now available in the city of Ottawa, 3892. Reference made to Quartermaster General with regard to matter and quotations from his report given 3893-7. Under the circumstances, hon. gentlemen on the other side, on the strength of newspaper rumours, have seen fit to make charges or insinuations in this matter, and we have thought it desirable that all the documents should be brought down, even though, in the ordinary course, they would not be brought down as they give certain information with which we would prefer that the enemy should not be made acquainted, 3898.

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice)—3914.

After replies had been made by the right hon. leader of the House, and by the Minister of Militia, they had it more manifestly borne in upon them than ever that there was no case; and so my hon. friend the member for Carleton rose with the brief duly endorsed: "No case; blackguard the plaintiff's attorney." But there did not happen to be any plaintiff's attorney; somebody had to be blackguarded, so the hon. gentleman blackguards the distinguished gentleman to whom in his capacity of commissioner this matter has been referred, 3914. Is it to be wondered at that, having regard to the immense field of different charges

SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION—*Con.*

and investigations that had to be covered, resulting in thousands of pages of testimony, we should not as yet have had a complete report? 3915. The Auditor General's evidence before commission quoted, 3916-17. When the hon. gentleman undertook to make the reckless attack that he did make this afternoon, he simply placed himself in the position that when the report of it goes to the public, that knows Sir Charles Davidson and that knows the hon. gentleman, it will draw its own conclusion, and that conclusion will be greatly to the advantage of the gentleman whom the hon. member next chooses as the object of his vituperation, 3918. How will the people of Canada accept even from the right hon. gentleman the suggestion that when a man dons the uniform of an officer in His Majesty's service and goes forth, as I have said, to take his place with the men who are defending us and the liberties of this Empire, he forfeits his honour, his conscience, and his reliability, and that by that fact alone he becomes incompetent to act with regard to investigations respecting the Militia Department, because, forsooth, he is the subordinate of the Minister of Militia, 3920. In view, however, of the imputations that have been made, and to make it perfectly clear that, notwithstanding those imputations, there is in this Government absolutely no desire in the world other than that anything that can be given, by any possible construction, the face or appearance of a charge against this Government or any member of it, should have the most ample and thorough and competent investigation possible, 3921-3.

Hughes, Sir Sam (Minister of Militia and Defence)—3902.

I will briefly analyse this matter. The charge was made before I arrived here that the price of this ammunition was too low. I may say that it is exactly the cost of the ammunition and it is just twice the price that was offered a year or so ago for the same ammunition, 3902. I remember on one occasion, after I became minister, going through the factory and putting my hand on one of the machines. I caught five or six cases as they came out, and out of five cases three were defective, as could be seen with the naked eye. The machines needed trueing up. But to any suggestion made about possible improvements, we were told that we didn't understand it and that the best possible was being done, 3903. Just before the troops sailed from Quebec, on my return from Gaspé Basin, we held a council and talked over the supply of ammunition. We were deficient in ammunition at that time—it is no harm to admit it now, when our supply is ample. We decided to get rid of that manufactured before 1908 and keep the balance of the Mark VI ammunition in hand in case of an emergency, 3904. This ammunition was first ordered, I say, by the members of the Vickers firm. Finally it was ordered by Col. J. Wesley Allison, who has the honour of being the Vickers representa-

SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION—*Con.*

tive, and who had, and still has, the honour of having been selected by the special representative of the British Government as agent in the United States of America in respect of very large matters of international concern, 3905. But when the Auditor General undertakes to say what he has said in the document which has been read; when he makes reflection upon a gentleman who has more honour in his little finger than the than the Auditor General has in his whole carcass, I want to tell him that I will find some means of reaching the Auditor General. I will permit no man occupying the position of public servant in this country so far as I am concerned, whether in office or out of office, so to misconduct himself as to pen the letter which he has penned—I never saw it until to-day—to the Minister of Finance, 3906. This defective ammunition released a similar quantity of good English ammunition for the front. It has been asserted that Vickers' officer in England added, for transport, freight, insurance, exchange, handling and risk, one pound sterling additional, and then sold the lot to the British Admiralty for \$25 per thousand, 3907.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—3898.

If, Sir, there is a case which requires investigation, and the most ample investigation at that, it is the very matter which we now have in hand, 3898. The answer given by the Prime Minister to-day is not only insufficient, but—and I do not want to characterize it too strongly—it is in absolute defiance of the law of Parliament, 3899. It is alleged that this ammunition has been sold to Vickers, Limited, for testing purposes. I can hardly credit that statement, owing to the magnitude of the sale; but if it were sold, why was it sold at such a low rate, and why was it necessary to obtain the services of Colonel Allison? 3900. Will anybody in this country excuse the Minister of Militia, or the Government, for having depleted our stock of ammunition by selling this quantity to Vickers, Limited, and allowing them to sell it at a profit to the Imperial authorities? That is the charge which is made to-day; that is the charge which is borne out by the record, and it is that for which we ask an investigation, 3901.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—3923.

I will give the House the story of the way in which this matter came before Parliament, 3923-25. The sale of a quantity of ammunition to Vickers-Maxim to be used for testing machine guns, coupled with the suspicious circumstances in connection with the returns up to that time, at once suggested to one's mind that there was a field in which further information might be desired, 3926. When you remember that this gentleman, Mr. J. Wesley Allison, was the man who negotiated this unusual and peculiar sale, you have a further condition under which investigation becomes absolutely imperative, 3927. What did the Minister of Militia

SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION—*Con.*

mean this afternoon when he talked about the Quartermaster General having power to dispose of this ammunition without an Order in Council? 3928. Why is it asserted that the ammunition was of no value, when the British Admiralty got it and used it? 3929. These munitions went to the British Government; they went to the Admiralty. I say this is essentially a case that ought to have gone to the Meredith-Duff Commission, because it referred to relations between this Government and the Admiralty in regard to ammunition, 3930. The issue, therefore, before the House, is whether we will or will not have a proper investigation, 3932.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—3884.

I think it is desirable that this matter should be brought to the attention of the House and that proper investigation be made, 3884. I submit, therefore, that this sale, taking place as it did, without an Order in Council, is irregular, improper, and that even at this late date, an Order in Council should be made ratifying it, if it can be ratified, and if not, that the proper steps should be taken to chastise and properly deal with the parties responsible for disposing of our property in this way, 3886. Letters quoted, 3887-9.

SALE OF SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION.

Counsel for Opposition before Davidson Commission. Inquiry—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 3943.

SASKATCHEWAN JUDGES' SALARIES.

House in Committee on Bill No. 67.—Hon. Mr. Doherty, 231£.

Remarks:

Doherty, Hon. J. C. (Minister of Justice), 2323-6.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville), 2319-24.

SASKATCHEWAN JUDGES' SALARIES.

House in Committee on following resolution: Resolved, that it is expedient to amend the Judges Act, chapter 138 of the Revised Statutes, 1906, and to provide:

That the salaries of the judges of the Court of Appeal, and of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench for Saskatchewan shall be as follows: (a) the Chief Justice of Saskatchewan of the Court of Appeal, and if not, to the Chief Justice of Appeal, \$8,000 per annum; (b) three puisne judges of the Court of Appeal, each \$7,000 per annum; (c) the Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench \$7,000 per annum; (d) five puisne judges of the Court of King's Bench, each \$6,000 per annum.—Mr. Doherty, 2071.

Remarks:

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary)—2071-2.

SASKATCHEWAN JUDGES' SALARIES—*Con.*

Doherty, Hon. J. C. (Minister of Justice)—2071-2, 2075-8.

Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw) 2075-6-7.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—2073.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2073-5.

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—2077.

Proulx, E. (Prescott)—2077.

SASKATCHEWAN RIVER WATER SUPPLY.

Inquiry.—Mr. Knowles, 3189.

SEED GRAIN INDEBTEDNESS.

Motion for adjournment.—Mr. Knowles, 505.

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary)—510.

If my hon. friend has a grievance, his grievance is against the Legislature of Saskatchewan that permits the sheriff to seize from farmers in war time. In the province of Alberta the legislature realized that very fact, and at the last session passed a statute providing that no seizure under execution should be made against any debtor, while this war lasted, without the consent of a judge, given on application made and a summons issued, 510-11.

Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw)—505.

Asked for leave to move the adjournment of the House for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance, namely, the desirability of immediately withdrawing the order for the collection of certain debts due to the Government by certain western homesteaders, 505-7.

Martin, W. M. (Regina)—512.

The point we have been trying to make in this House in two or three speeches that have been delivered has been that the farmers of Western Canada are not getting fair treatment from this Government, and in so far as my observation goes I am prepared to repeat that statement, 512.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—509.

The Government has a lien on the grain, and because it has a lien on the grain it has a lien that takes precedence over every other right, 509.

Robb, J. A. (Huntingdon)—516.

Thinks Government bungled seed grain question, 516.

Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—507.

The question has already been dealt with by the department. The hon. gentleman is absolutely wrong in stating that the Government are imposing a hardship upon these people whose grain and chattels have been seized by their creditors. The Government has nothing to do with these seizures, 508.

SEED GRAIN INDEBTEDNES—*Con.*

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—511.

It is not the law we want at the present time for the poor farmer; it is some fair play, 511.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—513.

Let us consider for a moment the circumstances under which that relief was afforded, and see whether there is any ground for complaint that the farmers in question did not receive a square deal from this Government, 513-16.

SEED GRAIN INDEBTEDNESS.

Inquiry—*Mr. Knowles*, 1607.

SHELL CONTRACTS.

Inquiry.—*Mr. Carvell*, 803.

SHELL CONTRACTS.

Motion:

That a special committee of — members of this House be appointed to inquire into all purchases of shells or other munitions or goods by the Shell Committee formed by the Minister of Militia, as stated to this House by the Prime Minister on the 15th April, 1915, together with all contracts made or orders given by the said committee for any shells or other munitions or goods, with authority to the said committee to examine witnesses under oath and to require the production of any documents, books, letters or papers; and that such special committee be directed to report from time to time to this House in such manner as it may think advisable. —*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*, 1495.

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary)—1565.

I desire to direct the attention of the House for a few moments to the official attitude of the Liberal party as distinguished from what may be called its semi-official attitude as shown in the remarks of the hon. member for Carleton, 1566-8. There has never been a war since the earliest days, in which there were not men who took advantage of their country's necessities to improve their own opportunities. It has been so in the past, and it will always be so, 1569. If there is one thing more than another which places the Prime Minister high in the estimation of this House and of the country, it is the part my right hon. friend took, when, regardless of feeling, of sentiment, of all those ties that bind party leaders to their followers, he stood out as the great Canadian that he is, and declared that there would be no graft or corruption within his party during this war, 1570. The manufacturing of shells referred to, 1572-4. They tell us that the British Government was dissatisfied with the work of the Shell Committee, 1575. We then pass to the question of fuses and their manufacture in Canada, 1576-7. Further argument in defence of the Shell Committee, 1576-89.

SHELL CONTRACTS—*Con.*

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—1504.

My right hon. friend, in the midst of the greatest struggle with which this Empire has ever been confronted, has this afternoon, upon scraps from newspapers which he has read to the House, demanded an inquiry into the operation of the committee known as the Shell Committee, 1504. Statement of work of old shell committee, 1505-07. *Mr. Thomas* quoted 1508-9. *Mr. Hichens'* letters quoted, 1510-13. Generally speaking, the prices paid in Canada compare very favourably, indeed, with those paid in Great Britain and the United States, according to the authoritative information which has been placed in my hands by the British Ministry of Munitions, 1514. Prices of shells in Canada, United States and Great Britain compared, 1515-17. The position taken by *Sir Wilfrid* in 1903 and the attitude of the British Government with regard to investigations during war time referred to, 1519-20. *Mr. Speaker*, when one comes thus to consider and investigate the basis and meaning of this motion, and the proposal on which it is put forward, it would appear that my right hon. friend has not given sufficient reflection to the course which he proposes to pursue and that he fails altogether to realize the scope and tendency of the motion which he proposes, 1521. We shall direct the attention of the British Government in detail to every charge, allegation and rumour brought up in this House or elsewhere by my right hon. friend or by any of his supporters with regard to the Shell Committee. We shall further inform the British Government that if an inquiry is thought advisable, we are prepared to co-operate with them to the fullest extent, and to issue any commission, take any proceedings, pass any legislation, and do any other act for the purpose of making that inquiry as full, thorough, and complete as they deem advisable, 1522.

Boys, W. A. (Simcoe South)—2249.

At the outset I want to say that this discussion at this particular time in the history of the Empire is to me distasteful, but so long as hon. gentlemen on the other side of the House can be found to precipitate discussions of this kind, which lead to more or less party controversy, somebody on this side of the House must be found to answer the charges that they see fit to make, 2249. Newspapers, speeches, etc., quoted with remarks, 2250-7. Is it not true that the members of this Government, whose departments require at their hands all the time that they can give, should be permitted to attend to the affairs of the Empire and to Canada's part in this war rather than that they should be bothered with this endless party discussion which has been going on in this House practically from the day we first met until the present time, 2558.

SHELL CONTRACTS—*Con.*

Broder, Hon. Andrew (Dundas), 2519.

Explanation of his attitude and vote, 2519.

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—1523.

Shell contracts and prices discussed in detail, 1523-1547; 1552-65.

Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.)—2259.

The Prime Minister, Solicitor General and Ministers of Militia and Finance quoted, 2259-66. Criticises the Solicitor General's speech, 2267-74. Allison referred to, 2275-88.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—1495.

I repeat that the press of all shades of politics have for months past been urging that the Government should probe, and probe to the bottom, the transactions of the Shell Committee, as a duty which the Government owed not only to the country, but to itself, 1495. The attitude taken by the Solicitor General here is that he and the Government wash their hands completely of responsibility for the actions of the Shell Committee, 1497. Monk motion of 1903 referred to, 1497-9. The Prime Minister and report of Shell Committee quoted, 1499-1501. Here we have conclusive evidence that in this matter we have to look to the Canadian Government and the Canadian Government, of course, is responsible to the people, 1501. The *Toronto Telegram* and Sir Sam Hughes quoted, 1502-3. My hon. friend has told us that credit is due to the Shell Committee because through its work, there has been no money lost. I am not so sure about that I think my hon. friend's statement is disputable, but one thing that is indisputable, and that is only too true, is: that if, money has not been lost owing to the work of the Shell Committee, time has been lost, and loss of time is ten times more criminal than loss of money, 1504. In view of the resistance that has been offered by the Government to this motion, in view especially of the arguments that have been adduced in support of that resistance, it may not be amiss that we should refer to the duties and responsibilities both of the Government and of the Opposition in these war times, 2519-20. Sir, this is the position to-day, and naturally, being the mover of the resolution now before the House, I am asked what should be our attitude—should we accept or should we not accept the offer of the Government? There are two observations to be made in that respect. There is, first, the character of the tribunal, and then there is the scope of the Commission, 2521-24. Now for the third reason which was given by the Government for refusing this inquiry. They took the ground that they were not responsible for the doings of the Shell Committee, 2524-28. If it is true, as we know, that extra and excessive prices have been paid, that injurious delays have occurred, that sinister adventurers have been levying infamous tolls upon the treasury of the land and upon the blood of our soldiers, who will suffer but those who should suffer—the guilty parties, 2509.

SHELL CONTRACTS—*Con.*

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2509.

Reference made to speech of Minister of Finance, 2509-10. Now, we have to consider the question whether the man responsible for this Shell Committee business is General Sir Sam Hughes, the Minister of Militia, now in England, or whether the Government as a whole are responsible, 2511. Col. Allison's connection with Shell Committee referred to, 2512-18.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—1737.

In this case we are asked not to review the work of the Government of the day, not to investigate a charge of fraud or irregularity even against the appointees of the Government, but to investigate alleged charges of mismanagement by appointees of the Government who, after they were appointed, dispensed the money under the Government of Great Britain, 1638. I have never heard hon. gentlemen on the opposite side or anywhere else bring into Parliament two sentences or two paragraphs attributable to the Prime Minister and make them clash nor can they bring one into Parliament and make it clash with the actual facts, 1739. The hon. member for St. John, not five minutes before he sat down, made it clear to the House that he charged nothing in the way of fraud or irregularity even against the Shell Committee yet who will ever forget the demeanour and the language of horror, yes, of tragedy, with which he opened that address, 1740. Let us see what "charge" he actually does make against this Government, in respect of which he takes such a fearful responsibility on himself, 1741-2. The hon. member for St. John, on the contrary, does not seem to think that there is any duty devolving upon him to make any inquiry whatever. He does not need to make any inquiry as to the circumstances concerning anything, or any event, or any alleged statement. So long as he has heard or read it somewhere, it does not matter where, he is justified in imparting it to the House and giving it all the circulation he can if perchance it will bring any party capital to himself or his friends, 1743. Affidavits produced in rebuttal to statements made by Mr. Carvell and Mr. Pugsley, 1744. Complaint has also been made with regard to fuses. If there is one thing upon which hon. gentlemen on the other side of the House are unanimous, it is that we have had awful treatment in the matter of the supplying of fuses, 1748. The right hon. gentleman arranged the Shell Committee and the Government because the Empire suffered on account of the awful delay in the delivery of fuses, 1749-50. Alleged political acts referred to, 1751-6. The charge of having garbled a quotation from a speech of Sir Wilfrid denied, 1757-8.

Pardee, F. F. (Lambton West)—2243.

I submit that, so far as this question has gone, an absolute case has been made out by the right hon. leader of the Opposition, 2243. I want to say to the So-

SHELL CONTRACTS—*Con.*

licitor General just as strongly as I can that the Government cannot deceive the people of this Dominion in their reasons for not granting a committee to investigate the charges against the Shell Committee, 2244. Is not the investigation denied because the Government knows in its heart of hearts that an investigation will show that the Shell Committee was not all it was painted by hon. gentlemen opposite? 2245. Newspapers quoted, 2246-8.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1714.

My right hon. friend has stated that he desires that some member of the House shall put these charges in direct and understandable form. I accept the responsibility, 1715-16. Investigations before Public Accounts Committee last session referred to, 1717. I am not able to see any reason why we should wait until the war is over. I do not see why we should not investigate these matters now, and I think the people expect us to investigate them now, 1718. If that is to be the dividing line between us and hon. gentlemen opposite; if they say that the lid must be kept down until the war is over, we, on the other hand, say that as the representatives of the people, have a right to demand an investigation into the expenditure of public money, 1720. There is not one word in the record, or in the correspondence, or in the testimony available to the House, to show that the Shell Committee were the appointees of the British Government, 1721-22. We have made grave charges against the members of the Shell Committee and against the Minister of Militia, and necessarily against the Government by reason of the Minister of Militia being a member of this Government, 1723-6. Further remarks with regard to Shell Committee and letters quoted and fuse contracts referred to, 1727-37.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—2289.

Before I take up the serious parts—or what what I assume my hon. friend to have intended as the most serious parts—of the address to which we have just listened, I desire to deal briefly with some of his arguments and statements in reply to the Solicitor General. My hon. friend came to the rescue of the hon. member for Carleton. He felt it was a case that needed his best assistance, and, to do him justice, I must say that he did reasonably well, 2289-2296. We come now to the question: shall the inquiry be had? The committee is defunct and one would ask himself what purpose is served in holding an investigation, 2296-8. Reference made to previous portions of speech of Kyte and Carvell, 2496-99. Statements of Kyte summarized. Let me again say that this Government has had and has no knowledge of these contracts or of the transactions referred to. They were not contracts entered into by this Government,

4665—6

SHELL CONTRACTS—*Con.*

2500. Appointment of Royal Commission referred to, 2501-5. The Shell Committee was not, as has been stated, a branch of any department of the Dominion Government. The Shell Committee was an agent of the Imperial Government and not of the Government of Canada, 2506. Our position is that they are not our agents; we have no authority over them whatsoever, as we have no authority whatsoever over the Imperial Munitions Board; and having no authority over the Shell Committee, there cannot be on the part of this Government any responsibility for its action, 2508.

Motion lost on division, 2529.

SHELL CONTRACTS.

Announcement of appointment of Royal Commission to investigate charges preferred by Mr. Kyte.—Sir Robert Borden, 2349-51.

SHELL CONTRACTS.

Order in Council appointing Royal Commission to investigate Kyte charges laid on table.—Sir Robert Borden, 2442-3.

SHELL CONTRACTS.

Motion for adjournment.—Mr. Carvell, 3404.

SHELL CONTRACTS.

Motion for adjournment of House.—Mr. Carvell, 3464.

Remarks:

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister), 3477-82.

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.), 3464-77, 3498-9.

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice), 3486-91.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou), 3491-4.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General), 3494-8.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 3482-6.

SHELL DELIVERIES.

Telegram read correcting some of his remarks.—Mr. Carvell, 1609.

SHELL DELIVERIES.

Statement.—Mr. Carvell, 2240.

SHELL INSPECTORS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Motion:

For a return showing the names of all shell inspectors employed in and about the Nova Scotia Steel Company, and the other factories producing shells at New Glasgow, in the county of Pictou.—Mr. Macdonald, 761.

SHIPBUILDING IN CANADA.

House in Committee of Supply.

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—1617.

We cannot hope for the lowering of freights unless we have a marine of our own which we can control, 1617-18.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1616.

Thinks it lamentable that the Government has not taken steps towards the encouragement of shipbuilding in Canada, 1617.

SHIPMENT OF SYRUP FROM WEST INDIES.

Inquiry.—*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*, 1762.

SHIPMENT OF SYRUP FROM WEST INDIES.

Information given as to service of subsidized steamers.—*Mr. Hazen*, 1809.

SHIPMENT OF SYRUP FROM WEST INDIES.

Complaint of Quebec merchants.—*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*, 1970.

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—1970.

I think the company is doing everything it possibly can in the way of carrying what offers, and also in the way of distributing it as far as it possibly can so as to aid each class of its patrons and avoid filling up the vessels with the produce of one particular class only, 1971.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—1970.

The complaint was that the vessels of that line will carry sugar, but not syrups and molasses, as sugar is a more convenient and profitable cargo, 1970.

SELECT STANDING COMMITTEES.

Report presented.—*Sir Robert Borden*, 148-151.

SIGNAL LIGHT ON PARLIAMENT BUILDING.

Announcement.—*Sir Robert Borden*, 739.

SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION.

Motion:

For a copy of all letters, telegrams, offers, tenders, reports, contracts and documents relating to the quantity of small arms ammunition in stock in Canada on August 4, 1914, and as to the increase or decrease in quantity of the same; and as to the sale or other disposal of said ammunition or any part thereof since that time.—*Mr. Macdonald*, 2302.

SOLDIER'S EQUIPMENT.

Reference and remarks.—*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*, 590.

SOLDIERS' PENSIONS.

Motion:

A copy of the pension list in force in Canada for disabled soldiers and of all petitions, letters or other documents relating to the amendment readjustment of the same.—*Mr. Macdonald*, 1654.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—1659.

The subject of pensions has been under the consideration of the Government for some time past, and probably it would have been taken up at an earlier date had it not been that I thought it desirable,—as this motion has been standing for some time upon the Order Paper,—that we should hear the views of hon. gentlemen before the Government took any definite or final action on the whole subject, 1659-60. Canada, Great Britain and Australia pensions compared, 1660. As to securing a method by which political influence of any kind, or pressure of an undesirable character might have no scope or effect, I am entirely at one with my hon. friend from Pictou, and I think that it is eminently important, 1661. With respect to soldiers' homes, I really have not had that matter brought very much to my personal attention. My knowledge of what is being done in this country, and, indeed, on the other side of the ocean, is almost wholly confined to the so-called convalescent homes, 1662. The report from the Pensions and Claims Board in Great Britain suggests a more elaborate scheme of analysis of the degrees of disablement. I think they divided them into six degrees by percentages, 1663.

Glass, Frank S. (Middlesex East)—1665.

A great deal can be done for the comfort and happiness of soldiers who have been wounded or incapacitated in various ways, by a system of technical training that will enable them to be useful in some vocation, 1665-6.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1654.

There are certain anomalies in connection with this pension list which have attracted attention throughout the country. While I concede that we must make some distinction between a private and an officer, I submit that the difference in pension allowed under the present arrangement is entirely too great, and that the pensions to these two classes ought to be brought closer together, as in Australia. Comparison of pensions given, 1655-6. Soldiers homes referred to, 1657-8.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—1663.

In reference to the pension scheme, I think the pension for the unmarried man who is totally disabled is slightly too low, and I would suggest raising it to a dollar a day, or \$30 a month, and allotting the other pensions in proportion, 1664.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—1658.

Thinks pensions should be dealt with through a pension board and two features of care of returned soldiers referred to, 1658-9.

SOLDIERS' PENSIONS—*Con.*

Thompson, Alfred (Yukon)—1664.

Reference made particularly to treatment of insane soldiers returning from the war, 1664-5.

SOLDIERS PENSIONS—REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

Motion :

That the report of the Special Committee appointed on the 14th day of March last, to consider and report upon the rates of pensions authorized, the establishment of a Pension Board and other matters relating thereto, presented to the House on the 10th day of May last, be received and that the rates of pensions, and the methods of procedure and administration therein recommended be commended to the consideration of the Government.—*Mr. Hazen, 4131.*

Remarks :

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—4131-2, 4138, 4150-51.
Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—4132-7.
Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—4140.
Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou) 4137-40.
Macdonell, A. C. (Toronto South)—4149-50.
Nickle, W. F. (Kingston)—4140-48.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—4148-9, 4151.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—4131.

SPECIAL RAILWAY RATES FOR SOLDIERS.

Inquiry.—*Mr. Macdonald, 2549.*

SPIRIT RIVER FOREST RESERVE.

Inquiry.—*Mr. Oliver, 3883.*

ST. BERNARD-ST. MAXIME MAIL CONTRACT.

Attention called.—*Mr. Lemieux, 3560.*

ST. JOHN VALLEY RAILWAY.

Motion :

For a copy of all letters, telegrams, correspondence and contracts between the Department of Railways and Canals or any official thereof, including the officials of the Intercolonial railway, and any member of the Government of New Brunswick, the St. John and Quebec Railway Company or any official thereof, regarding the operation of the Valley Railway, so-called, in the province of New Brunswick, from the first day of October, 1914, down to the present date.—*Mr. Carvell, 1908.*

Remarks :

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N. B.) 1909-22, 1945-9.
Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—1945.
 4665—6½

ST. JOHN VALLEY RAILWAY CO.—*Con.*

Michaud, Pius (Victoria, N.B.)—1940-1.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John city)—1932-40.

Rogers, Hon. Robt (Minister of Public Works)—1922-31.

Turgeon, O. (Gloucester)—1944-5.

ST. JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

Inquiry.—*Mr. Carvell, 1433.*

ST. JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

House in committee on resolution for subsidies.—*Mr. Reid, 3353.*

Remarks :

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—3364-5.
Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—3365-70.
Michaud, Pius (Gloucester)—3371-2.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3356-64.
Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3353-6, 3360.

ST. PETERS INDIAN RESERVE.

House in committee on following resolution :

Resolved, that it is expedient to provide that patents of land included in the St. Peter's Indian reserve, in the county of Selkirk, in the province of Manitoba, issued by His Majesty be confirmed and made good, (a) in cases where lands were unsold and were held by Indian patentees on the first day of June, 1915; (b) in cases where the additional sum of one dollar for each acre of such lands included in such patent or sale, together with interest at the rate of five per cent per annum from the first day of June, 1915, until payment has been or is paid to His Majesty; and, (c) in cases where the owner gives His Majesty a lien creating a first charge upon the lands for the sum of one dollar for each acre of such lands included in such patent or sale, payable in five equal instalments with interest at five per centum per annum from the first day of June, 1915; the first of such instalments and interest to be due and payable on the first day of June, 1916; and that procedure be prescribed for the effecting and discharge of the said lien; and that in any enactment based upon this resolution it be provided that such enactment shall be deemed to have come into force on the first day of June, 1915.—*Mr. Roche, 2059.*

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice)—2065.

I have always understood that it was in the nature of a settlement and compromise that the parties should get together, basing their action necessarily on the leaving aside for the moment of the absolute determination of who is right and who is wrong; and, that this Government should be willing under those circumstances to come to a settlement which does not produce all the results that a successful

ST. PETERS INDIAN RESERVE—*Con.*

lawsuit would produce, seems to me only the ordinary conduct of any one who joins in a settlement, 2066-7.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—2070.

No man will settle a case in which his honour is impugned. He will never accept anything short of a full apology. No trustee has a right to settle a case for his ward upon a question of fraud. He should not do so, he has not the right to do so. This case has long been familiar to the older members of the House, as was stated in the opening remarks of the Minister of the Interior, 2070.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—2061.

The late Government took upon itself to adopt certain methods, and also later on to ratify the methods adopted by those acting under them, with regard to this legislation, which at the time, justly brought upon the Government very severe criticism in the country, 2061. The man who did wrong, at all events the men who were enabled to do wrong by the action of the late Government, who perpetrated the wrong upon the Indians, were able to get away with the results of their wrongdoing before this Government came into power, 2062. After all is said and done in so far as this settlement is effected, the principle for which we have all along contended is vindicated. The Indian who has lost is the Indian who now benefits, 2063. Further remarks, 2069-70.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton), 2060.

To-day the minister proposes to wipe the slate clean upon consideration of the purchasers of this land paying an additional amount, not of \$10 an acre, but of \$1 an acre, 2060. I feel warranted in taking this opportunity of placing before the House, and thereby before the country, the facts as to the complete exoneration of the officers of the department and of myself, and of the purchasers of the land, in fact all who were connected with the transaction, on the authority of the Minister of the Interior and on the responsibility of the Government of which he is a member, as shown by the action that he is now taking, 2061. Further remarks, 2067-8.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2064.

The Indians ought to have been called together and consulted in the regular way as to the disposition which would be made of the interests which the Government contends they still had in the lands, notwithstanding the surrender which was alleged to have taken place, 2064. It does seem to me that the action of this Government in this respect is not defensible. Either that transfer was legal or it was illegal. If it was illegal, then the Indians are entitled to their lands; they are entitled to be consulted, 2065.

ST. PETERS INDIAN RESERVE—*Con.*

Roche, Hon. J. W. (Minister of the Interior)—2059.

Reasons for resolution given, 2059-60.

ST. PETER'S INDIAN RESERVE.

House in committee on Bill No. 67.—*Mr. Roche*, 2317-19.

ST. PETER'S INDIAN RESERVE.

Motion for third reading of Bill No. 67.—*Mr. Roche*, 2925.

Remarks:

Bradbury, G. H. (Selkirk), 2928-34.

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice), 2940-4.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General), 29347.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton), 2925-8.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2937-40.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia), 2944-6.

STRIKE IN MAXIM-VICKERS WORKS.

Inquiry—*Mr. Verville*, 1157.

SUGGESTED DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Motion:

That, in the opinion of this House, the organization of a Department of Public Health is desirable in order to conserve in the largest measure possible the physical welfare of the people of this Dominion.—*Mr. Steele*, 1165.

Discussed by mover, *Hon. Mr. Hazen*, and *Mr. Alfred Thompson*, on pages 1165 to 1176.

SUPPLY OF MUNITIONS FROM CANADA.

Reference to—*Mr. Murphy*, 106.

SUPPLY—AGRICULTURE.

Patent Record, \$30,000, 1386.

Remarks:

Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—1395.

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—1407-8.

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—1387-8.

Copp, A. B. (Westmoreland)—1402-4.

Girard, Joseph (Chicoutimi and Saguenay)—1389-92.

Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—1386, 1397-9, 1402-4.

Paquet, E. (L'Islet)—1392-4.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1386.

Sutherland, D. (Oxford South)—1405-6.

SUPPLY—AGRICULTURE.

Branch of Entomology, \$20,000, 1410.

SUPPLY—AGRICULTURE—*Con.*

Remarks:

- Carvell, F. B. (Carleton N.B.)—1410.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—1412.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—1410.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—1410.

SUPPLY—AGRICULTURE.

For the administration and enforcement of the Destructive Insect and Pest Act, \$75,000, 1412.

Remarks:

- Carvell, F. B. (Carleton N.B.)—1413-18, 1420-26.
 Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—1419.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—1413-17, 1424-5.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—1412-1418-19.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—1421-2.

SUPPLY—AGRICULTURE.

Arts and Agriculture—health of animals, \$570,000, 2956.

Remarks:

- Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—2970.
 Glass, S. F. (Middlesex East)—2960.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Agriculture)—2956-9.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—2964.
 Lanctot, Roch (Laprairie and Napierville)—2964-5.
 McCoig, A. B. (Kent West)—2958-9, 2963.
 Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—2968-9.
 Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—2960, 2967-8.
 Robb, J. A. (Huntingdon)—2961, 2967, 2970.
 Ross, D. C. (Middlesex West)—2961-3.

SUPPLY—AUDITOR GENERAL.

Items discussed, 657-61.

SUPPLY—CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

Civil Government—House of Commons—to appoint M. Crossley Sherwood to second division, subdivision A, as assistant clerk of Orders and Records of the House of Commons, \$1,600, 4079.

Remarks:

- Boivin, G. H. (Shefford)—4099-4102.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—4091-2.
 Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—4084-5.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—4088.
 Reid, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Customs)—4097-9.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—4082-4.

SUPPLY—CIVIL GOVERNMENT—*Con.*

- Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—4089-91.
 Speaker, His Honour, The—4087.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—4079-82, 4092-7.
 White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—4085-91.

SUPPLY—CUSTOMS.

Customs—salaries and contingent expenses of the several ports in the Dominion, including pay for overtime of officers, notwithstanding anything in the Civil Service Act, \$3,590,000.

Remarks:

- Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3644.
 Reid, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Customs)—3644-6.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3646-7.

SUPPLY—FINANCE.

Items discussed pages 653-4.

SUPPLY—FINANCE.

Miscellaneous—to provide for the expenses of commission to prepare plans relating to the cities of Ottawa and Hull—further amount required, \$2,800, 3135.

Remarks:

- Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3136-7.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3137, 3140-1.
 White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance) 3136-40.

SUPPLY—FINANCE.

To cover unprovided items, 1914-15, as per Auditor General's Report, part B, page 3, 1914-15, \$228,664.18, 3147.

Remarks:

- White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—3148.

SUPPLY—FINANCE.

To provide for the administration of the Business Profits War Tax Act, 1916: appointments for the purpose may be made without reference to the provisions of the

Civil Service Act, \$150,000, 3638.

Remarks:

- Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—3639-40.
 White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—3638-40.

SUPPLY—INLAND REVENUE.

Excise, \$1,134,876.25, 2157.

Remarks:

- Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—2158.
 Patenaude, Hon. E. L. (Minister of Inland Revenue)—2157.

SUPPLY—INLAND REVENUE.

Adulteration of food, and the administration of the Act respecting fertilizers, fraudulent marking and commercial feeding stuffs, \$35,000, 2159.

Remarks:

Boyer, G. (Vaudreuil)—2159-64.
Lafortune, D. A. (Montcalm)—2164.
Patenaude, Hon. E. L. (Minister of Inland Revenue)—2164.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Items discussed, 655-7.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Department of the Interior—Dominion lands and parks—salaries of the outside service, \$465,000, 817. —

Remarks:

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—821-25.
Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—826-27.
Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.)—820-22.
Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—819-20.
Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—825.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John city)—818.
Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—817.
Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—819-26.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Dominion lands and parks—contingencies, advertising, etc., \$300,000, 827.

Remarks:

Martin, Wm. (Regina)—827-8.
McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—829-30.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—831-4.
Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—827-34.
Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—829.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Dominion lands and parks—surveys, examination of survey returns, printing of plans, etc., \$976,300, 834.

Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—834. Remarks, 834-6.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

To pay expenses connected with water-power investigations and reports in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and the Railway Belt in British Columbia, \$164,000, 839.

Remarks:

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—842-4.
Martin, Wm. (Regina), 841.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton), 840, 848-9.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR—*Con.*

Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior), 840-9.
Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia), 845-6.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Government of the Yukon Territory—salaries and expenses connected with the administration of the territory, \$128,000, 938.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—938.

Remarks, 938-42.

Thompson, A. (Yukon)—938.

Remarks, 938-43.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Government of the Yukon Territory, \$353,000, 1309

Remarks:

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—1323.
Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—1310.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—1322-4.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1312, 1316, 1324.
Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—1309-10, 1320-22.
Thompson, Alfred (Yukon)—1310, 1319.
Wilson, C. A. (Laval)—1321-22.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Dominion Lands and Parks—salaries of the outside service, \$465,600, 2079.

Remarks:

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary)—2091-3.
Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—2095-6.
Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—2088.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—2079-84, 2089.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2090-1, 2093-5.
Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—2084-6.
Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—2086-7.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Immigration—salaries of agents and employees in Canada, Great Britain and foreign countries, \$630,000, 2096.

Remarks:

Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—2106-7.
Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac)—2109-10.
Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—2100, 2111.
Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2100-1.
Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—2102-3.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR—*Con.*

Middlebro, W. S. (Grey, North)—2105-6.
 Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—2108.
 Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)
 —2096-7, 2099, 2102-5.
 Olivier, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—2110-11.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2096-9.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—2100-01.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Scientific Institutions—Astronomical surveys,
 \$260,000, 2428.

Remarks:

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—2429-31,
 2435.
 Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)
 —2428-9.
 Shepherd, F. H. (Nanaimo)—2433.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Immigration—contingencies in Canadian,
 British and foreign agencies, and general
 immigration expenses, \$900,000, 2435.

Remarks:

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton), 2440-1.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2435-7,
 2439-40.
 Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the
 Interior), 2435, 2437-9.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Administration of Chinese immigration—con-
 tingencies, \$10,000, 2441.

Remarks:

McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon), 2442.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and
 Victoria), 2441.
 Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the In-
 terior), 2441-2.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Indians, New Brunswick, \$16,284, 2674.

Remarks:

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.), 2675-9,
 2680.
 Copp, A. B. (Westmorland), 2679.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Indians, British Columbia, \$182,650, 2681.

Remarks:

Martin, Wm. (Regina), 2689-90.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2681,
 2686-7.
 Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the In-
 terior), 2682-3, 2688.
 Stevens, H. B. (Vancouver), 2683-6, 2687-8.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Immigration—amounts required for seed
 grain to settlers on patented and unpatented
 lands in the provinces of Manitoba and
 British Columbia, \$48,000.—Mr. Roche,
 2861.

Remarks:

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat), 2863-4.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2861-2.
 Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the
 Interior), 2862-3-4.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia), 2862-3.

SUPPLY—INTERIOR.

Dominion Lands and Parks—to provide for
 the repurchase of the property contiguous
 to Silver Falls on the Winnipeg river,
 Manitoba, which dominated a power site
 of 60,000 horse-power capacity, including
 Governor General's warrant for \$100,188.51,
 \$102,824.51.—Mr. Roche, 2864.

Remarks:

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat), 2867.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2865-
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 Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the In-
 terior), 2864-7.

SUPPLY—JUSTICE.

Penitentiaries—Kingston, \$210,600, 2115.

Remarks:

Boulay, H. (Rimouski), 2121.
 Copp, A. B. (Westmorland), 2149-53.
 Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice),
 2115-21, 2122-3, 2133-49.
 Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac), 2119-2123-31.
 Lafortune, D. A. (Montcalm), 2156-7.
 Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville), 2155.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton), 2117,
 2153-4.
 Proulx, E. (Prescott), 2131-3.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Construction of lighthouses and aids to navi-
 gation, including apparatus, submarine sig-
 nals, and providing suitable boats for carry-
 ing on construction work, \$750,000, 728.

Remarks:

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton N.B.)—730-8.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and
 Fisheries)—729-38.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—735-8.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Ocean and river service—maintenance and re-
 pairs to Dominion steamers and ice-break-
 ers, \$1,180,000, 692.

*Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and
 Fisheries)—692.*

Remarks, 692-4.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Ocean and river service—expenses of schools of navigation, \$8,000, 695.

Remarks:

- Carvell, W. F. (Cape Breton South)—711-13.
 Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac)—703.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—695, 702.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—696-9.
 Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—703-6.
 Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—698, 703.
 McLean, A. A. (Queens, P.E.I.)—713-14.
 Middlebro, W. S. (Grey North)—708-9.
 Nickle, W. F. (Kingston)—714.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—701-2.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—696-9, 709-11.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—706-8.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Fisheries—Salaries and disbursements of fishery officers, including the expenses of the Fisheries Advisory Board, and an allowance of \$300 to W. J. E. Casey, secretary thereof, \$305,000, 2361.

Remarks:

- Carvell, F. B. Carleton, N.B.)—2394-7.
 Chisholm, A. W. (Inverness)—2387.
 Chisholm, Wm. (Antigonish)—2370-1, 2391.
 Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—2370, 2392-3.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2361-2, 2371-8, 2380-1, 2386, 2389-90, 2395-6.
 Kyte, G. W. (Richmond N.S.)—2378-80, 2382.
 Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland N.B.)—2368-9, 2385-6, 2392.
 Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2387-8.
 Marcil, Hon. Chas. (Bonaventure)—2386-7.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—2383-5.
 McLean, A. A. (Queens, P.E.I.)—2382.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—2362-8, 2388.
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SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Fisheries—to provide for the maintenance of experimental works for the reduction of dogfish, \$60,000, 2404.

Remarks:

- Chisholm, A. W. (Inverness)—2405.
 Chisholm, Wm. (Antigonish)—2408.
 Davidson, A. L. (Annapolis)—2408.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2404, 2405-7, 2408-9.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—2407-8.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—2406, 2409.
 Turgeon, O. (Gloucester)—2404.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

To pay customs officials for services in connection with issuing modus vivendi licenses, \$900, 2409.

Remarks:

- Chisholm, Wm. (Antigonish)—2414.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2409-12-13.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—2414.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—2410-11.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

To provide for a fisheries exhibit at the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto, \$10,000, 2415.

Remarks:

- Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—2420.
 Chisholm, Wm. (Antigonish)—2415, 2416-17.
 Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2415-17-19.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—2421.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2418-19.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—2417-18-20.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Department of Naval Service—to provide for the maintenance and upkeep of ships, Naval College and dockyards at Halifax and Esquimalt, and Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve, \$1,000,000, 2385.

Remarks:

- Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2385-9, 2396-9.
 Maclean, W. F. (York South)—2900.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2389-93.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—2394-6.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Department of Naval Service—Radiotelegraph service—to provide for the building and maintenance of wireless stations, \$295,000, 2908.

Remarks:

- Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2908-9.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—2911-12.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—2913.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2912.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—2911.

SUPPLY—MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Tidal service—to provide for maintenance of tidal stations and surveying steamers, \$35,000, 2913.

Remarks:

- Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2913-14, 2915-16.

SUPPLY—MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Allowances, Active Service, \$100,000, 1341.

Remarks:

Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—1377.
 Bradbury, G. H. (Selkirk)—1365.
 Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—1353, 1363.
 Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—1364-7.
 Douglas, J. M. (Strathcona)—1372-4.
 Hughes, Sir Sam (Minister of Militia and Defence)—1341-84.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—1377-1384.
 Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.)—1367-70.
 Martin, W. M. (Regina)—1374-6.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—1370-2.
 Murphy, Hon. Charles (Russell)—1385.
 Robb, J. A. (Huntingdon)—1382-3.

SUPPLY—MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Cadet Service, \$100,000, 3502.

Remarks:

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3502, 3504-7, 3509-11-13, 3515, 17, 3521-27.
 Currie, J. A. (Simcoe North)—3517-18, 3525-6.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—3527.
 Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—3519-20.
 Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3503.
 Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—3510-12, 3526.
 Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—3510-16.
 Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—3503-4.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3503, 3507, 3515-16-19, 3520-1.
 Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—3508-9.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3502, 3504-6, 3511-12.

SUPPLY—MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Dominion arsenal, \$100,000, 3537.

Remarks:

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3537-41, 3544-5.
 Chisholm, Wm. (Antigonish)—3541-2.
 Knowles, E. W. (Moosejaw)—3537, 3540-1.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—3543-4.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3547-51.
 Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—3543.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3542.

SUPPLY—MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Dominion Arsenal, \$100,000, 3586.

Remarks:

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3586-7, 3591-2.
 Douglas, J. M. (Strathcona)—3592-3.
 Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—3590.

SUPPLY—MILITIA AND DEFENCE—*Con.*

Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—3589-90.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3587-9.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3591.

SUPPLY—PRIVY COUNCIL.

Royal Northwest Mounted Police—Northwest territories, Yukon territories, provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan—pay of force, \$630,216.75, 686.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—686.
 Gives explanation of vote, 686-8.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—691.

Reference made to German spies in Canada and some instances given of their daring, 691.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—689.

Thinks Order in Council of August, 1914, should be amended in relation to people of foreign birth, 689-90.

Martin, W. M. (Regina)—691.

Describes N. W. police as beyond reproach, 691-2.

SUPPLY—PRIVY COUNCIL.

To provide for the expenses of the Acting High Commissioner, London, England, \$10,000, 957.

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Bennett, W. H. (Simcoe East)—971-2.
 Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—957-9, 960-2, 967, 970, 973.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—970-1.
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 Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—957-8, 965-7.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—964-5.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—963-4.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—961-2.

SUPPLY—PRIVY COUNCIL.

For supply of Canadian publications to Library of High Commissioner's Office, \$1,000, 973.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—974.

Remarks, 974-6.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—975.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—973.

Remarks, 973-5.

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Remarks:

Casgrain, Hon. T. Chase (Postmaster General), 2016-42.
 Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac), 2043.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South), 2035-9, 2054.

SUPPLY—POST OFFICE—*Con.*

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 Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.), 2020.
 Maclean, A. K. (Halifax), 2020, 2025, 2033-2034.
 Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou), 2033, 2045-8, 2053.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria), 2054-5.
 Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure), 2020, 2029, 2050-1.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton), 2044-5, 2050.
 Schaffner, F. L. (Souris), 2055-6.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough), 2041-2, 2048, 2056.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia), 2023-4.

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Outside Services—Salaries and allowances, \$7,443,152.25, 2716.

Remarks:

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SUPPLY—POST OFFICE.

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Remarks:

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 Casgrain, Hon. T. C. (Postmaster General) 2728, 2734-5.
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SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

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 Morphy, H. B. (Perth North), 2829-30.
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SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

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 McLean, A. A. (Queens, P.E.I.)—3155.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—3156.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—3155-6.
 Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3155.

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

Quebec—Laprairie—protection works, \$80,000, 3164.

Remarks:

Descarries, J. A. (Jacques Cartier)—3169-70.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3168.
 Lanctot, R. (Laprairie and Napierville)—3164-5, 3167, 3170-72.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—3165-78.

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

Harbours and rivers, Saskatchewan and Alberta—Sturgeon river improvements, \$9,500, 3313.

Remarks:

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3313, 3317-18.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—3313-14, 3317-18.

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

Public Works—Miscellaneous—Engineering Branch—Salaries of engineers, inspectors, superintendents, draughtsmen, clerks and messengers of outside service, \$435,000, 3319.

Remarks:

Chisholm, W. (Antigonish)—3319-21, 3323.
 Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3324.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—3320-22, 3324-5.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—3322.

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

Telegraph and telephone lines—Saskatchewan, \$44,000, 3326.

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS—*Con.*

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- Martin, W. M. (Regina)—3329-33.
 McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—3328-9.
 Morris, James (Chateauguay)—3327-8.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3326-3334.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

St. John Harbour—Improvements, \$1,000,000, 3335.

Remarks:

- Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 3335-7.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works), 3335-7.

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

Toronto Harbour—Improvements, \$600,000, 3338.

Remarks:

- Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South), 3338, 3344-5.
 Macdonell, A. C. (Toronto South), 3344.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 3341-2-3.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works), 3338-41.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough), 3338-9-40, 3343.

SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

Public Works—harbours and rivers, New Brunswick—Kouchibouguac, \$10,500, 3621.

Remarks:

- Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works), 3621-2.
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SUPPLY—PUBLIC WORKS.

International bridge between St. Leonard, N.B., and Van Buren, Maine—repairs, \$2,000, 3628.

Remarks:

- Descarries, J. A. (Jacques Cartier), 3629-31.
 Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville), 362-9.
 Maclean, W. F. (York South), 3629.
 Marcell, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure), 3628-9.
 Michaud, Pius (Gloucester), 3633.
 Morris, James (Chateauguay), 3631-2.
 Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works), 3628, 3632-3.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Anti-creepers and tie-plates, \$20,000, 1590.

Remarks:

- Mr. Reid, 1590-1603.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Department of Railways and Canals chargeable to capital, \$5,161,173, 2569.

Remarks:

- Boulay, H. (Rimouski), 2595-9.
 Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West), 2580-1.
 Bureau, Hon. Jacques (Three Rivers and St. Maurice), 2593-4.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South), 2569-79.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2588-93.
 Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals), 2581-9, 2593-4.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Railways, chargeable to capital—Intercolonial railway, \$5,161,173, 2767.

Remarks:

- Davidson, A. L. (Annapolis), 2775-6.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South), 2797-8.
 Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville), 2781-3.
 Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B., 2789-91.
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 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City), 2769-70, 2776-7.
 Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals), 2767-9-70, 2776-7, 2783-4-6, 2793-6.
 Robb, J. A. (Huntingdon), 2796.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysboro), 2768, 2772-5, 2786.
 Turgeon, O. (Gloucester), 2783-4.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

P. E. I. Ry.—bridges, etc., \$613,100, 3051.

Remarks:

- Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—3062-3.
 Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—3051-2.
 Chisholm, Wm. (Antigonish)—3067.
 Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—3069-70, 3078-81, 3083.
 Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3054, 3057, 3088-9.
 Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—3091-5.
 Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw)—3065, 3068-9.
 Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—3055.
 Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3074-8, 3084-5.
 Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3059-60, 3070-2, 3081-3-4.
 Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3052-5, 3066-7, 3072, 3085-9.
 Schaffner, F. L. (Souris)—3061, 3067.
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SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Prince Edward Island Ry., \$613,1000, 3035.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3038-41.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3035-6, 3043-8.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3036-7, 3041-3.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Railways and Canals—chargeable to capital—Hudson Bay railway—construction of railway terminals and elevators, \$3,000,000, 3375.

Remarks:

Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—3397, 3403.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3387-90.

Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—3393-7.

Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—3403.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3379-80-1.

Robb, J. A. (Huntingdon)—3387.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3379, 3380-3, 3390-1.

Sinclair, J. H. Guysborough)—3384.

Schaffner, F. L. (Souris)—3384-7.

Turgeon, O. (Gloucester)—3383.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada—maintenance and operation of, including 800 for Clyde Leavitt, as chief fire inspector, \$178,350, 3411.

Remarks:

Best, J. A. (Dufferin)—3422.

Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—3421-22.

Chisholm, A. W. (Inverness)—3428.

Graham, G. P. (Renfrew South)—3412-15-17.

Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.)—3426-7.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—3415-16, 3423-4.

Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—3418, 3422-3.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—3424-6, 3429.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3412-14-16-18-19-20, 3427-8.

Turgeon, O. (Gloucester)—3419-20.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Railways and Canals—Grand Trunk Pacific railway—Remuneration to Government Director of \$2,000, 3429.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3431.

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Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3431.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—3429.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—3432.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3430.

Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—3431-2.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Consolidation of Railway Act, \$2,000, 3433.

Remarks:

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3433-4

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals, 3433.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Railways and Canals—chargeable to capital—Quebec bridge—construction, \$3,450,000, 3434.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3435-6.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3434-5.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Railways and canals, chargeable to capital—To the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway, for a subsidy for a branch line from a point on its line as located, situated near the Spirit river settlement, to and through the Grande Prairie Land District, Alberta, for a distance not exceeding sixty miles; on the same terms and conditions as subsidies were granted in aid of the construction of certain railways as embodied in the Act 3-4 Geo. V, Cap. 96, 1913, \$384,000, 3445.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3445-8.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3448-52.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3446-8.

Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—3452-4.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Railways and Canals, chargeable to capital—Welland ship Canal—Construction, \$4,500,000, 3454.

Remarks:

Gauvreau, C. A. (Temiscouata)—3458.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3455-6.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—3460.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3457.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3454-6, 3458-9, 3461-2.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

St. John terminal facilities—Rebuilding grain elevator, \$500,000, 3593.

Remarks:

- Chisholm, Wm. (Antigonish)—3603-4.
Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—3611-12.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3595, 3599, 3600, 3607-8.
Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3593, 3596-3609.
Robb, J. A. (Huntingdon)—3601-3.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Galops canals—In full settlement of all outstanding claims of contractors, Murray and Cleveland, in connection with the construction of the upper entrance, \$20,028.25, 3610.

Remarks:

- Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—3611-12.
Descarries, J. A. (Jacques-Cartier)—3612.
Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3610-12.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Railways and Canals—chargeable to income—Grand Trunk Pacific Company—Loan not exceeding \$8,000,000, repayable on demand with interest payable half-yearly at the rate of six per centum (6 per cent) per annum to be used for expenditure made or to meet indebtedness incurred in paying interest upon securities of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, to meet deficit in operation and for the purchase of rolling stock said loan to be secured by mortgage upon the undertaking of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company containing such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council may approve. The disposition of the loan to be subject to the direction of the Governor in Council, \$8,000,000, 3648.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3649.

There is no doubt that the war has dislocated things, and the traffic of the railways fell off to such an extent at one time that the strongest transportation company in the world, to my mind, the Canadian Pacific railway, saw its stock tumble to a degree that was never anticipated, 3649. It is conceded now by every person that the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Transcontinental form the most perfect transcontinental railway in America. I think that nowhere in the world is there a stretch of road of such length and of such superior construction as the Transcontinental line, 3650. This situation with regard to the railways comes to us at a time when we seem to be carrying the last pound that we can bear; and whether we agree to aid the railways in this or in some other way, my own conviction is that we all require some of the courage and stamina our fathers had when they first came to this country to hew out homes for them-

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selves, 3651. We were all caught in a financial maelstrom. I am not discouraged with the Canadian Northern as one of our transportation companies, 3652. I want to go on record as being a man with an optimistic view, wishing to sound a note of warning in my own weak way against our allowing ourselves to be stamped by the pessimism that is in the air. Canada is all right. She is going on to the accomplishment of her purpose with a firm tread, 3653-5.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville), 3655.

Having read the history of my country since Confederation and having lived since the inception of the Canadian Pacific railway and watched the course of events up to the present time, I am an optimist and believe that our National Transcontinental can certainly be saved, 3656.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—3659.

The hon. gentleman (Mr. Oliver) thinks the Government is remiss in its duty in bringing down this measure without seeing to the completion of certain lines in the province of Alberta, and complains that the matter of their completion is entirely one for which this Government is responsible, 3659-60. If the hon. member for Edmonton wants us to take the position that in addition to what is absolutely necessary to hold the situation we should provide the railway company with funds to prosecute new construction or to complete the prosecution of construction for which the provincially guaranteed securities are not sufficient, then he should put that in the form of a definite resolution so that we shall know what we are asked to do, 3661. The province of Alberta had control of the sale of the bonds. They should not have allowed the sale of the bonds until they knew that the company was in a position to complete the road. If they find themselves responsible for interest in the meantime it is their folly, and it is to them the hon. gentleman should go with his castigation, 3668.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3657.

This railroad question has generally been discussed by those who see the question only from the centre outwards; I represent the people who are at the outside of the circle, and who are affected in an entirely different manner, 3658-9. I have taken the responsibility of bringing this condition to the attention of the Government and I say that it is a condition that demands attention at this particular time, 3662. Attitude of Finance Minister, he thinks, open to criticism, 3667-9.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3669.

All through the construction of the Canadian Northern from beginning to end this Government and the previous also, so far as I know, have handed over to Mackenzie and Mann, or the Canadian

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS—*Con.*

Northern Railway, millions, tens of millions, hundreds of millions of dollars by way of bonuses and guarantees, and no proper care has been taken to see that the money went into the railroads, 3669. From the beginning to the end, that has been their practice; to get bonuses and guarantees and then issue, to any one who would purchase their bonds securities for a great deal more than ever went into the road, 3670. Where is this going to end? The company, according to their own showing, have \$92,000,000 of present liabilities. And they are not satisfied with these present liabilities. These men are never satisfied unless they are branching out in all directions, 3671. Inside of five years Canada will have from one and a half billions to two billion dollars of debt to face. These two railroads will have to be looked after in some way, and if the Government takes them over, or keeps on fathering them, we will be liable for the whole business; and we will have from \$75,000,000 to \$100,000,000 of fixed charges and interest to pay every year, 3674.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—3648.

I desire briefly to give the House certain information which was asked for by hon. members opposite when this matter was last under discussion, 3648-9. It is perfectly clear that the Grand Trunk cannot, under present market conditions, finance the Grand Trunk Pacific by raising additional money upon its guarantee; and it is their view that to do so would seriously impair the credit of the Grand Trunk Railway Company and prevent it from financing the betterments, improvements and facilities it requires in connection with its own system, 3655. The company is confronted with an immediate serious situation by reason of the large amount of its unfunded debt and current obligations, and this loan is for the purpose of meeting that situation and enabling them to finance during the year, 3657. Therefore, what they are confronted with is a \$7,300,000 situation and a \$16,395,416 situation; in other words, \$24,000,000. To put the Canadian Northern in a position in which its current obligations would be taken care of, would require, not \$15,000,000, but \$24,000,000, 3663. It is true that it has money in trust accounts and resources which will enable it to take care of the contractors' and sub-contractors' estimates; but the remaining situation, some \$24,000,000 or \$25,000,000, is immediate, and consequently the \$15,000,000 is, in my view, and in their view, and I think it will be in the view of any man looking fairly at this statement, the minimum amount with which they can hope to finance the company, 3664. But they are satisfied that they can renew existing loans or make new loans, so that they can get the situation cleared up to the extent that we propose, but it does not by any means liquidate the temporary situation, 3665. The completion of branch lines referred to, 3666-7.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

G. T. P. Co. loan, \$8,000,000, 3826.

Remarks:

Cockshutt, W. F. (Brantford)—3850-6.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—3357-8.

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—3826-39, 3871-2.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—3859-62.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3863-71.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3858-9.

Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—3839-47.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3847-50.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Canadian Northern Railway Company—Loan not exceeding \$15,000,000, 3933.

Remarks:

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary)—3945-62.

Chairman, The—3944.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3962-5.

Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw)—3933-6, 3940-1.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3976-9.

Pardee, F. F. (Lambton West)—3974-6.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3944.

Roche, Hon. W. J. (Minister of the Interior)—3936-8, 3941.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3938-40.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—3965-74.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

To provide for inquiry and report upon the railway situation of Canada, \$150,000, 3979.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3982-3, 3988.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—3889.

Nesbit, E. W., (Oxford North)—3979-80.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3980-2, 3889-90.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3983-6, 3990.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—3981-2, 3986-8.

SUPPLY—SECRETARY OF STATE.

Printing and Stationery—Items discussed, 655.

SUPPLY—SECRETARY OF STATE.

Geological Survey Branch—For explorations and surveys ethnological and archaeological and palaeontological investigations, wages of explorers, topographers, draughtsmen and others, \$185,000, 2341.

SUPPLY—RAILWAYS AND CANALS—*Con.*

Remarks:

- Blondin, Hon. P. E. (Secretary of State)—
2343-4-5.
Boivin, G. H. (Shefford)—2343-4-5.
Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2344.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—2342-3.

SUPPLY—SECRETARY OF STATE.

Mines and Geological Survey—Investigation of ore deposits, economic minerals, peat deposits, clays, structural materials; determination of fuel values of coals, lignites, peat, petroleum, and natural gas; investigation of ore dressing and metallurgical processes; investigation of clay products and non-metallic structural materials and mineral waters; provision for additional machinery required for the testing laboratories; wages of mechanics and labourers; collection of information regarding minerals, and the mining and metallurgical industries and their operations, \$76,000, 2326.

Remarks:

- Blondin, Hon. P. E. (Secretary of State)—
2326-8,9, 2330, 2332-3-4.
Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—
2326-7.
Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—2327.
Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2328, 2331-2.
McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and
Victoria)—2334.
Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—2328-30.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—2340.
Proulx, E. (Prescott)—2328-9.
Verville, A. (Maisonneuve)—2839-40.

SUPPLY—SECRETARY OF STATE.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery—To appoint Frederick Cook assistant King's Printer and Controller of Stationery, \$4,000 per annum, from July 1, 1915, \$3,000, 4068.

Remarks:

- McNutt, Thomas (Saltcoats)—4058.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—4072.
Reid, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Customs)—
4058-9.
Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public
Works)—4072.
Verville, A. (Maisonneuve)—4069-72.
Wright, William (Muskoka)—4073.

SUPPLY—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Steamship service between Annapolis and London or Hull, England, or both, \$5,000, 2530.

SUPPLY—TRADE AND COMMERCE—*Con.*

Remarks:

- Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and
Commerce)—2531-2.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—2530-
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SUPPLY—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Items and discussion, pages 2532 to 2542.

SUPPLY—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Trade and Commerce—Trade commissioners and commercial agents, including expenses in connection with negotiations of treaty or in extension of commercial relations; miscellaneous advertising and printing, or other expenditure connected with the extension of Canadian trade, \$150,000, 3022.

Remarks:

- Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and
Commerce)—3023.
Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—
3022.
Thompson, Alfred (Yukon)—3023.

SUPPLY—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Mail subsidies and steamship subventions—ocean and mail service between Canada and Great Britain, \$1,000,000, 3120.

Remarks:

- Bennett, W. H. (Simcoe East)—3127-30.
Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and
Commerce)—3120, 3131-3-4.
Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—
3130-1.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3120-2,
3131-3.
Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—3122-7.

SUPPLY—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Steam service between St. John and Digby, \$20,000, 2855.

Remarks:

- Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and
Commerce)—2856, 2858-9.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—
2855-8-9.
Schaffner, F. L. (Souris)—2857.

SUPPLY—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

To provide for the development and extension of Canadian trade, \$150,000, 3551.

Remarks:

- Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and
Commerce)—3551-3.
Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—
3553-4.
Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—
3553.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1916-17.

Presented by Sir Thomas White, 2646.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1915-16.

Message from His Royal Highness the Governor General presented.—Sir Thomas White, 2798.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES, 1916-17.

Message presented from His Royal Highness the Governor General.—Sir Thomas White, 3294.

TAXATION OF PROFITS.

Motion for second reading of Bill No. 74.—Mr. Rogers for Sir Thomas White, 2601.

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—2621.

There is a very great difference between the speech of the hon. member for Pictou and that of the hon. member for Halifax (Mr. A. K. Maclean) who spoke this afternoon with deliberation, and in a common-sense way appealed to the people to give careful consideration to the questions at issue, instead of devising, as the hon. member for Pictou did, a wild whirlwind of talk that had no bearing upon any subject on earth, except, perhaps, to disconcert the Postmaster General in the arduous duties which he is called upon to perform, 2622.

Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland N.B.)—2635.

I wish to refer for a moment to what appear to me to be some anomalies in the Bill, and which I think are unfair to the country at large, 2635-6.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2616.

Expenditures of Post Office criticised, 2616-17. There is no use of any one starting out to assert the necessity of economy in his household if he has the money in his pocket and shows that he does not intend to economize, and notwithstanding the financial situation in which he may happen to be at this moment or at the outbreak of the war, starts into a line of absolutely reckless expenditures, 2618-20. I mention three lessons which it is important for the people of this country to take into consideration at the present time: the necessities of the war; the railway problem and how it is to be solved, and the necessity of having close regard to the development of agriculture and of our mineral resources, 2621.

MacLean, A. K. (Halifax)—2601.

My criticism of the taxation of business profits is that it eliminates as contributors to war revenues a great number of people, who, I believe, are willing to contribute, and who should be contributing at this time, 2601. But, if we are to tax profits made by those who are supplying munitions of war to the Government of this country, I think we are fairly entitled to receive from that source a greater percentage than the 25 per cent which the Bill provides for, 2602. With regard to the tariff imposition of last

TAXATION OF PROFITS—*Con.*

year, and particularly the surtax of 7½ per cent upon the general tariff, I would point out that that tax has been in force now for practically a year, and I think it is quite clear that as a revenue measure it has been a failure, 2603. We have discussed the expenditures of several departments here on many occasions; I wish very briefly to address myself to the House on that subject, 2605-15.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—2631.

What we have complained of is unnecessary public expenditure and the fact that the minister has permitted other ministers to put in the Estimates expenditures which they had no intention of carrying out, 2631-2. The tariff referred to, 2633. The British tax and mining industry referred to, 2634-5.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—2622.

As I stated in my Budget speech, this is essentially a time for economy, but I submit that from the outbreak of the war the Government has exercised that economy, and I think I can prove it to the satisfaction of the House and of the country, 2622-7. The war has imposed additional duties and responsibilities upon all the members of the Government, and upon nearly all departments of the Government. In my own department the work devolving upon me as minister has been multiplied many fold, 2627-8. There are many nations at war, but I believe that this Government has so administered the affairs of the country since the war has broken out that Canada is taxed less heavily than any other of the Dominions, much less heavily than the United Kingdom, and less heavily than any country that is engaged in the war, 2628-9. It has been pointed out by the hon. member for Pictou that the agricultural interests were excepted by the Budget, and that the statement was made that resort would not be had to taxation upon the property or effects or income of farmers. He indicated that in his view that was a class discrimination. I believe that the course taken in that regard embodies a sound principle, 2630. I think that a number of prominent mining men would feel disappointed if the mining industry was passed over. Many of them desire to pay a share of the taxation which is rendered necessary by this war, and that is precisely the position which I would expect them to take, 2631.

TAXATION OF PROFITS.

House in Committee on Bill No. 74.—Sir Thomas White, 2636.

Remarks:

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—2641.

Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—2644.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—2637, 2642.

McCrea, F. N. (Sherbrooke)—2639.

TAXATION OF PROFITS—*Con.*

- Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—2641.
 Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—2637.
 White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—
 2636-40.

TAXATION OF PROFITS.

House again in Committee on Bill No. 74.—
 Sir Thomas White, 2649.

Remarks:

- Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—
 2649-50.
 White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—
 2649-63.

TAXES PAYABLE BY BANKS.

Attention directed.—Mr. Turriff, 2478.

TECHNICAL TRAINING FOR EX-SOLDIERS.

On motion for Supply.

Crothers, Hon. T. W. (Minister of Labour)—
 1636.

I was glad to hear the hon. member for North Oxford and the hon. member for Edmonton speak about the manner in which the returned soldier should be treated, especially in the direction of technical education. I am not aware whether it has been stated in this House before—if so, I am going to repeat it now—that the Government have not been unmindful of these things, 1638. We are not unmindful of the soldier. Nothing is too good for the man who has risked his life for the British Empire. This Government and the Provincial Governments, municipalities and commissions, are all co-operating to bring about satisfactory results, 1640.

Glass, S. F. (Middlesex East)—1631.

Resolution moved in British House and comments thereon quoted, 1632. Technical education is necessary also, because it will mean production of things that we did not produce prior to the war. If we increase our range of products it necessarily follows that we must employ more labour; because, as we develop new industries and train men to carry them on, we give employment to a large number of people, 1633. Mr. Runciman and Mr. Barlow on technical education in Germany quoted, 1634.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1620.

That situation naturally calls for sympathy and attention of an unusual kind, but that does not in any way lessen the general importance and necessity of Canada taking some forward step in regard to the whole question of technical education, 1620. What was done in Germany referred to and statement read, 1622-5. After the battle upon the plains of Europe and the East is over, will come the great industrial contest, in which the maintenance of our interests will depend upon our being in a position to grasp a portion of the world's trade, 1627. We must deliberately, clearly and

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TECHNICAL TRAINING FOR EX-SOLDIERS—*Con.*

calmly analyse the economic condition of the country, see what changes are necessary, see what preparation should be made, and endeavour to meet the condition which we know is to come, 1628. If we can do anything, by word of mouth or in any other way, to induce others who are less skilled perhaps than we are to enter upon this way of knowledge and pursue it but for a short time, we can rest assured of one thing, and that is that they will never be able to forsake it. There is no going back; there is no apostasy, 1628.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—1635.

I believe that technical education will teach us to value things; to know what can be made out of things, 1635. If we have not the technical men to assist us in making a start, we can bring them in and educate our own boys; the development will be remarkable, 1636.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—1618

I would urge the minister to take up the question with his department at once, and try to work in conjunction with the various provinces to get schools started. We have nothing of the kind in Canada as far as I know, 1619.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—1619.

Certainly, the education of partially disabled men is as important, not only to the men themselves, but to the welfare of the state, as anything else that we can consider in connection with the war. We are going to have an enormous number of broken men, men who were able to engage in the most active life before their enlistment, 1619-20.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1640.

Replies to remarks made by Mr. Crothers, 1640-45.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Motion:

That, in the opinion of this House, measures should be taken at the earliest opportunity to give effect to the report on technical education—Mr. Lemieux, 2177.

Bennett, R. B. (Calgary)—2206.

Might I make this observation, that I do not think this is either the time or the place in which to discuss this question. The whole social and economic condition of this country must change after the war, 2207.

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough)—2200.

Suggests that resolution be withdrawn and a new one prepared, 2200.

Crothers, Hon. T. W. (Minister of Labour)—
 2187.

The Provincial Legislatures, to which, by our constitution, the subject of education is exclusively assigned, have not expressed their approval of the scheme recommended

TECHNICAL EDUCATION—*Con.*

in the report, and I believe, in many instances at least, do not approve of it. The scheme itself is very elaborate and would, I believe, prove impracticable and unsatisfactory, 2187. Letters and quotations given, 2188-95. In nearly all the provinces much good work has already been done in this direction, sometimes by municipalities, sometimes by the provincial government. When the time comes to make any contributions we should make them to the municipal or provincial schools, or to the provinces, without interference on our part. Provincial reports quoted, 2196-7. The provincial governments have said, in substance, that they do not want this; that is the fair inference from the replies received from eight out of the nine. With the exception of Nova Scotia they say: we do not approve of those recommendations, and yet my hon. friend's motion asks to give effect to them, 2198.

Glass, S. Frank (Middlesex East)—2200.

If the provinces are not aroused to the need of technical education within their own borders, and are not interested themselves in the subject, I cannot see how any grant by this Government would encourage an interest that does not exist. Quotation and remarks, 2201-04. The industrial development of Germany referred to, 2204-05.

Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.)—2206.

I think that the time has come for this Government to do something in the way of relieving the province of Nova Scotia of a portion of the burden involved in carrying on this important branch of its educational system, 2206.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—2177.

Education, of course, comprises knowledge and mental discipline, but not these alone; to be practical and useful to those who must earn their livelihood, it must also afford opportunities for acquiring physical dexterity with special reference to the industrial pursuits of life, 2177. The provinces and technical education dealt with, and quotations given, 2179-85. This question is the most imperative of all. The Government should co-operate with the provinces; it is a matter of national concern. By giving to labour technical education, the Government will enable the labourers to fill leading places in industry and win respect for their skill, learning and wisdom, 2186.

Rogers, Hon. Robt. (Minister of Public Works)—2208.

In view of the differences of opinion that appear to exist even in this House, and in view of the sensitive manner in which the question of education is considered by the various provinces, I think that my hon. friend from Rouville will see the force of my suggestion when I urge upon him that he should not press his resolution, and especially when I remind him that, as stated by my hon. friend the

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Minister of Labour this afternoon, the Government recognizes the principle of assistance in the matter of technical education, 2209.

Verville, A. (Maisonneuve)—2193.

Where is the provincial government that would not be satisfied with whatever grant this Parliament saw fit to give at the present time, 2193. The Minister of Labour cannot excuse his failure to take action by saying that my hon. friend from Rouville will not accept anything but what is in his motion, 2199-2200.

Motion withdrawn.

TEMISCOUATA CO. PUBLIC WORKS.

Inquiry.—*Mr. Marcil*, 4077.

THE BATTLE OF ST. JULIEN.

Commemoration of Anniversary.

Motion:

Resolved, that this House desires to place on record its admiration and pride in the valour and heroism displayed by the Canadian Expeditionary Force at the front, and its profound appreciation of their service to Canada and to the Empire.

That the spirit which animates the Canadian people in this conflict has found its highest expression in the achievements of Canadians upon the battlefields of France and Belgium; and as the anniversary draws near of the first great test to which the Canadian troops were subjected and in which they so splendidly distinguished themselves, it is fitting that there should be a suitable commemoration throughout the Dominion of the service thus rendered to the Empire, to the allied nations and to the world.

That this House commends the proposal that on the 22nd, 23rd and 24th of this month flags should be flown at the head on all public buildings throughout this Dominion and that the Canadian people be invited to commemorate thus the momentous events of a year ago in token of Canada's determination to do her part until the efforts of our Empire and the allied nations shall have been crowned by an honourable and lasting peace.—*Sir Robert Borden*, 3028.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3026.

Let me recall for a very few moments what has transpired since the commencement of the war so far as the action of this country is concerned, 3026. We are approaching the anniversary of the day on which the first great test came to the Canadian troops at the front. How shall we honour those who survive? How shall we honour the men, whether in the British Islands or in this country, who have rallied to the colours and who are keen and eager in their desire to go to the front and do their part? 3027. What of those who fell? Do I hear some one say that for them we should

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fly the flag at half-mast, and not at the head? Not such is my conception, Mr. Speaker, and I believe that we shall best honour their memory also by flying at the head that flag for which they made the supreme sacrifice and which symbolizes the ideals of justice and liberty which Canada, in common with the whole Empire, maintains in this war.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—3028.

The proposition of my right hon. friend that the Canadian people should remember that day is one that must commend itself to us all. What should be the form of that commemoration? In what manner should we Canadians express our testimony to the valour of our soldiers on that occasion? The proposal which has just been made by the Government, I think, must commend itself to every one, 3028.

THE BILINGUAL QUESTION.

Inquiry—Mr. Marcil, 3297.

THE BILINGUAL QUESTION.

Reference made to newspaper report which is characterized as a gross and mischievous misrepresentation.—*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*, 2973-4.

THE BILINGUAL QUESTION.

Documents in connection laid on table.—*Mr. Doherty*, 3352.

THE BILINGUAL QUESTION.

Motion:

That all the words after "that" in the main motion be struck out and the following substituted therefor:

"It has long been the settled policy of Great Britain whenever a country passed under the sovereignty of the Crown by treaty or otherwise, to respect the religion, usages and languages of the inhabitants who thus become British subjects:

"That His Majesty's subjects of French origin in the province of Ontario complain that by recent legislation they have been to a large extent deprived of the privilege which they and their fathers have always enjoyed since Canada passed under the sovereignty of the British Crown, of having their children taught in French.

"That this House especially at this time of universal sacrifice and anxiety, when all energies should be concentrated on the winning of the war, would, while fully recognizing the principle of provincial rights and the necessity of every child being given a thorough English education, respectfully suggest to the Legislative Assembly the wisdom of making it clear that the privilege of the children of French parentage of being taught in their mother tongue be not interfered with.—*Mr. E. Lapointe*, 3618.

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Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3619.

In any event, it seems to me that, if my hon. friend is determined to precipitate a debate, which, so far as I see, can do no possible good, and which, in my judgment, may do an infinite amount of harm, the exact terms of the proposed resolution ought to be submitted for the information of the House before any debate takes place, 3619.

Casgrain, Hon. T. Chase (Postmaster General)—3620.

I have not seen the terms of the present resolution, but, if I am correctly informed, we are asked to comment to a certain degree upon the action of a legislature in this Dominion, 3620.

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—3620.

My right hon. friend who has just taken his seat (*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*) has asked his supporter, in reference to what has been said, to let this motion stand for another day. I wish to the bottom of my heart that he had put his plea that the question should stand forever and a day, 3620.

Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw)—3618.

I submit that this House has no more jurisdiction to discuss this question than it would have to deal with the question of whether Prince Edward Island should take into consideration the matter of running automobiles on the country roads, 3618.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—3619.

There is nothing to be gained by running away from this question. Let us discuss it; let us hear both sides of it; and then, Sir, I believe that from this discussion we shall rise wiser and better men, knowing better what our position is, knowing better what the rights of the minority are; and I venture to say that when the question has been settled, as it ought to be settled, the minority will accept the situation, whatever it may be, 3619-20.

THE BILINGUAL QUESTION.

House resumed discussion on *Mr. Lapointe's* resolution, 3676.

Bellemare, A. (Maskinonge)—3824.

Alas! that a priest, a Catholic bishop, should be so blind as to make common cause with the Orangemen in their attacks upon our race. Does he not realize that the interests of religion, the welfare of the country, the promotion of peace in Canada, forbid him to assail a minority that has acquired rights and shows respect for his high office, 3825.

Bennett, R. E. (Calgary)—3812.

I wonder if it has dawned upon the minds of the men responsible for the introduction of this resolution that the very existence of our institutions is at stake, and that the question for which our fellow Canadians are dying to-night is whether

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this shall continue to be a British country, or, as the hon. member for Shefford (Mr. Boivin) has said a German colony, 3812. My hon. friend has referred to a precedent that would indicate that possibly this Parliament in days gone by had interfered with the free exercise of power by the provinces. I was surprised, I was astounded, when the hon. member for Lambton (Mr. Pardee) so dared in this free Parliament to inaccurately discuss what took place in it in 1872, 3813-15. It is new doctrine to me that in this twentieth century and in this British country disregard of constituted authority, marchings upon the street, the flying of banners, the defiance of law, shall form the basis of action by the Parliament of Canada? 3816. Then it gets down to this, that the Legislature of the province of Ontario, and that Legislature alone, has the right to decide and determine what time shall be allotted to the teaching of French, and what time shall be allotted to the teaching of English; and, if that be so which is admitted in the terms of this resolution itself, as explained by the hon. member for Bonaventure (Mr. Marcil), with the applause of the right hon. leader of the Opposition (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) what right has this resolution in this Parliament, 3817. Summarizes his position, 3818-19.

Boivin, G. H. (Shefford)—3808.

I consider that this is the most important question that has been submitted to this House of Commons since the declaration of war, with the exception of the voting of the money and the aid required by the Mother Country, 3808. Mr. Ferguson quoted as to law, 3809-10. I merely wish to say that it is a pleasure for me to support this resolution, because, while the vote given upon it to-night, may be an adverse vote, I feel it will have a moral effect, 3811.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3690.

This motion is addressed to Parliament rather than to the Government: it does not call for any governmental action. Nevertheless, I conceive it my duty, holding the position of leader of the Government, to make my attitude clear in regard to the motion, and I cannot see my way for one moment to support it, 3690. If we really propose to give advice to the Legislature of Ontario, if a resolution for that purpose could properly be introduced in this Parliament, would it not be reasonable in the first instance to refer the matter to a committee of the House for the purpose of inquiry and report?, 3690. No one of my fellow-citizens of the province of Quebec could be animated with a more intense determination to uphold the rights of the French language in this country, as they are fixed by the Constitutional Act, than I would be if any attempt were made to assail those rights, 3692. Edward Blake and Sir Wilfrid Laurier

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quoted on disallowance of educational legislation, 3692-3. Another remarkable feature about the resolution is that it omits any reference to the province of Manitoba. I would assume from this very significant omission that the situation in Manitoba, so far as this question is concerned, must be entirely satisfactory to my hon. friend from Kamouraska, 3694. As long as these various legislative bodies are supreme within their own sphere, no good purpose can ever be attained by having any of them cast reflections upon the legislation or policy of the other. Let each keep within its own jurisdiction; let each deal with the matters that are confided to it by the constitution, 3695. Surely it is not suggested by my right hon. friend that the Parliament of Canada, without any consultation with the provinces, against the consent of the provinces, can pass or ought to pass an address to His Majesty for the purpose of so amending the British North America Act that the rights of the provinces of Canada shall be cut down and limited, 3696. Therefore, when a suggestion such as that is made, pointing unmistakably to action by this Parliament along that line, I say it is unfortunate, and particularly unfortunate from the standpoint of the province of Quebec, 3697.

Casgrain, Hon. T. Chase (Postmaster General)—3709.

After the most mature deliberation, after having examined the situation, after having studied the resolution now before the House, and considered whether or not under the present circumstances it can be of any profit, advantage, or benefit to the minority of Ontario or in Canada, I have come to the conclusion for the reasons which I am about to give that I cannot support the resolution, 3709-10. My hon. friends have alluded to the history of this country, and, as the opportunity offers, it may be profitable that I should refer briefly to the historical aspect of the question, 3711-13. My humble opinion is that this resolution is not only absolutely useless, but harmful. It is fraught with great danger to the other provinces, and especially to the province of Quebec, 3713. The fact that we have not been blamed, that no member of this House has dared to rise and condemn the Government for not disallowing the Act of the Ontario Legislature is not only a vindication of the position we have taken, but a condemnation of those who have gone around in the province of Quebec and in the province of Ontario gathering those signatures to a petition, the prayer of which finds no supporters amongst the 221 members of this House, 3714. The principles upon which Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir John Thompson, and the Conservative party acted in those days in respect to an Act passed by the Legislature of Quebec are the principles upon which this Government stands to-day, 3715.

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Clark, Hugh (Bruce North)—3796.

I venture to say that if the minority have enjoyed these privileges, as quoted in the resolution, in a province such as Ontario, that province surely is not open to the censure of being intolerant and that this Parliament is not in a position to advise the legislature to exercise justice and tolerance, 3796. I do not believe there is one solitary government in the Dominion of Canada, outside of that of the province of Quebec, that would pass such legislation and regulations as the Government of Ontario have passed with respect to the teaching in bilingual schools, 3797. My hon. friend the member from Nicolet (Mr. Lamarche) has declared that this law is *ultra vires*. I think it is too late to do that now. He should have told it to the courts before they declared that it was not *ultra vires*. It was up to him to do it. With his superior judgment one would have thought he had foresight enough to offer his opinion to the court before judgment was delivered, 3798.

Devlin, E. B. (Wright)—3684.

I believe in the most absolute freedom and liberty for the people of all races and of all creeds in this country, 3685. The French Canadians of the province of Ontario claim that they have a grievance. They have, as I said in the beginning of my remarks, petitioned the Government; they have through their press and from the public platform told us that they have a grievance. They ask us as their representatives to bring that grievance before the Canadian Parliament, and to appeal to its judgment and its intelligence, 3687. There is something in their love of their language which may be incomprehensible to those who have not had to do with the French-Canadians, who have not lived among the French-Canadians, and who are not intimately acquainted with them, 3689-90.

Doherty, Hon. C. J. (Minister of Justice)—3802.

I want to point out the one question upon which it seems to me we are called upon to vote, and the one question upon which I desire to make it perfectly clear that I express an opinion by my vote. That is the question of the propriety of this House sitting in judgment upon the Legislative Assembly of the province of Ontario, or of any other province, and proceeding, as has been pointed out so forcibly by my hon. friend the Minister of Trade and Commerce, to try that Legislative Assembly and find it guilty without it being heard or had opportunity of being heard of action that has been described in terms of varying degrees of strength, 3802. There is no case before this Parliament that this Parliament has, properly speaking, any right to pass upon or adjudicate upon. Nor is there any room for us to determine to what extent these principles have been applied, or have failed to be applied in a parti-

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cular province. But we are asked to take this step in the interest of a minority which is represented as having a grievance, 3804. We are told that a resolution of this House need only to be passed and that at once peace, unity, harmony will prevail. The legislature of one of the provinces of this Dominion attempted to bring about peace, unity, harmony, and the remedy of the grievance alleged, by telling the legislature of the province of Ontario what ought to be done in regard to this question. Any one who knows human nature would have known in advance that that was the last way in the world to bring about the desired result, 3805. There is no man in this House that has at heart more earnestly and more sincerely than myself—however mistaken I may be in my view as to the best method to serve them—the service of the best interests of the people of the province of Quebec, and because that is true, I stand here to register my vote in a moment against this resolution, 3806. If ever there was a travesty, if ever there was a means represented as being the proper means to an end, but which must necessarily defeat the end for which it is represented they are resorted to, it is the means that this House is asked to take to produce peace and harmony and to bring about the protection of the rights of a minority with regard to whom it is claimed that it is suffering under a serious grievance, 3807. Why do not they address these appeals to the legislative body that enacted these laws and is responsible for those regulations and can modify them if they are to be modified? 3808.

Edwards, J. W. (Frontenac)—3747.

May I be permitted to glance very briefly over history, as was done by others who have preceded me in this debate, 3747-8. I am going to place on Hansard some figures to show why, in my judgment, the province of Quebec should not presume to offer advice to the province of Ontario on educational matters, 3748-50. Foreign population of the West given, 3751. Regulation 17 referred to 3752-6. In 1896 the slogan of the Liberal party was "Hands off Manitoba." That was the battle cry of the right hon. gentleman and his party at that time. Should not that apply equally to the province of Ontario as to the province of Manitoba? Apparently the old battle cry still obtains so far as Manitoba is concerned, because in this resolution it is still "Hands off Manitoba," but "Hands on the province of Ontario", 3757. Let me ask you, Sir, and you men who represent French constituencies, if when the province of Ontario has shown this disposition, this spirit, if to-day the blood of her heroic sons is being poured out on the plains of Flanders in the defence of France and Belgium and England, in this great struggle for freedom and justice, if they are to-day fighting alongside of France in this great war of liberty, surely hon.

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gentlemen opposite can trust the men who represent the people of Ontario to deal justly and fairly with the French children in that province, 3758.

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—3790.

I have listened attentively to every speech that has been made, including the speech which has been made by my hon. friend who has just taken his seat (Mr. Graham), and I acknowledge to this House and to myself that now, just at this moment, I am more mystified as to why this resolution was ever brought here than I have been at any other time during this debate, 3790. The greatest crime that a man can commit in a democratic country is to refuse to obey the laws that the democracy imposes upon him, 3791. Disallowance is no good, he says; disallowance is no good, said my right hon. friend, the leader of the Opposition (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) over and over again; disallowance will not do what is desired, said others in this debate, over and over again. How is it—and here is a question that troubles me—that for week after week, for month after month, an agitation has been carried on, paper and ink have been freely used, and thousands upon thousands of people were led to sign a petition to this Parliament, asking for disallowance as a remedy for a grievance which is alleged, 3792. There is another thing with regard to my right hon. friend. In all his speech I did not hear a single word of condemnation for the firebrands, for the violators of law on the other side of the question, and not only the violation, but the denial, and the flouting of it under my right hon. friend's front windows, 3793. Once you open the pathway to a resolution which involves an interference with a legislature which is acknowledged by hon. gentlemen themselves to have enacted within its powers a law which they would not ask to be disallowed, the very moment you open a path with reference to the province of Ontario, you open it for every province in this wide country, 3794.

Girard, J. (Chicoutimi and Saguenay)—3822.

If Parliament is entitled to discuss my hon. friend's resolution was it not open to us a few weeks ago, while the Ontario and Manitoba Legislatures were both in session, to submit at both capitals with some chance of success the humble prayer which this House to-day is asked to formulate? But now there is behind the present resolution no possible sanction, and at any rate any chance of better conditions is retarded a whole year by the delay in presenting such a resolution. With the present widespread perturbation, I should suggest that new men, independent of the present organization, get together and endeavour to bring about a redress of the grievances complained of by peaceful and diplomatic means, which alone will bring back to Canada the quiet it enjoyed heretofore, 3824.

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Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—3785.

It has been suggested to me many times during the past three weeks that were I to vote for any resolution touching on this delicate question I should be preparing material for a first-class political funeral. If so, blessed are the dead, 3785. I want to reiterate that, so far as I am concerned, I would not vote for a resolution, much less speak for it, which had even the semblance of interfering with the rights of this province or of any other province, 3787. Disallowance referred to, 3787-8. If some enactment can be passed that will make it so clear that lawyers cannot differ, and everybody will know what this legislation means what the Ontario Government says it means, there will be no cause, I think, for the grievance among those who are now complaining, 3789.

Lamarche, P. E. (Nicolet)—3758.

The question of education is a question which is dealt with separately in the British North America Act. The subject is limited by a special proviso dealing with certain guarantees given to denominational creeds in this country. It is true that this guarantee contemplates religion. But I maintain that the French-Canadian Catholics have in that section certain rights as well as their English-speaking co-citizens of the Catholic creed, 3759. The general terms in which this resolution has been worded allows, in my opinion, no serious objection to be taken as to the advisability of bringing it before the House, 2760. Now, a rapid review of that Regulation 17 will reveal the fact that it changes altogether the system of education and is detrimental to our interests; and, as I have already said, this is the proper place to discuss this matter, 3763-4. Is the abolition of the French language useful, necessary, or desirable in any way in the interest of the welfare of this Dominion? For there must be a reason for gradually abolishing the French language, as is proposed, 3765-6. I am confident that the French language is in this country to stay forever, 3767. A great deal has been said about this matter having been brought up as a political question. I am not here to speak for any one except myself. As far as I am concerned I would consider it a crime for any one to mix with the petty questions of politics a cause which to every French Canadian is sacred, 3768-9.

Lapointe, Ernest (Kamouraska)—3678.

This question, from its nature, has become a national question. We cannot ignore it. We have to treat it courageously and patriotically. There is no question which affects vitally one section of this country which does not affect the others; especially is that the case when it relates to the language which one-third of the population of this country claim as their birth-right, 3678. But we love the French

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language also because we sincerely feel that it is the sweetest and purest and noblest language which has ever been spoken by human lips. We love it because of its great literature. We love it for its glorious history, 3679. But when that man strives to defend and to propagate his ideas there is a limit which he must not overstep, and that limit is my rights and my liberties and the rights and liberties of other people as well. It is against such interference that the French Canadians of Ontario are now protesting, 3680-1. What is peculiarly painful is that this unholy war is being waged at the expense of the most sacred and innocent victim; at the expense of the child, 3682. We must inspire Canadian public life with a lofty and courageous spirit; we must protect the equal rights of all the citizens; and above all, erect in this Canadian land a strong and solid wall against the mad blows of violence and prejudice, 3884.

I rise to plead before the people of Ontario, in behalf of His Majesty's subjects of French origin in that province, who complain that, by reason of a statute passed by the province, they have been deprived of rights, in matters of education, which they have enjoyed, themselves and their forefathers before them, ever since Canada became a possession of the British Crown, 3697. Sir, now that I have laid down the ground upon which I propose to proceed, let me try, if possible, to lay before Parliament the genesis of the agitation which, unfortunately, is now raging in the country, 3698-3700. I want to have the matter discussed here so that on all sides we may frankly approach the subject from the basis of our common Canadian nationality, and, if possible, find a meeting ground where we shall be able to say to the minority: "You shall not go further than that," and the majority, "You should grant what is reasonable; you should, at all events, make some concession." I ask no more than that, 3700. My aim and purpose in approving of the resolution of my hon. friend from Kamouraska is rather to appeal to the sense of justice of the province of Ontario—justice between man and man, justice not according to the letter of the statute, but justice according to the conscience of every living man, no matter what his nationality may be. I will now put forward the view which I intend to present to the House upon this aspect of the question, 3701-7. If there is this exclusion of the French language which we complain of to-day in the manner which I have stated, is it because there is distrust of the French race? You do not look to the great body of the nation; you look only to certain extremists who have made use of the most detestable language, 3708-9.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3715.

The bilingual issue has reached such a climax that to-day we are face to face with a condition and not a theory, and I do not intend to set up a case on behalf

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of the minority based on any treaty or any statutory enactment, 3715-16. Our traditions, our laws, our language, constitute the inheritance which was left to us by our forefathers in 1759. It is a glorious heritage which any man of honour will always treasure. Would not my English-speaking friends have less respect for me if I were unfaithful to that sacred trust? 3717. Is it not an elementary proposition that, the English and the French languages, having been thus declared official, in the spirit if not in the letter of the Constitution, it follows that the teaching of both languages was intended to be left free and untrammelled, 3718. The French Canadians want equal justice. They want fair treatment, nothing more and nothing less, 3719. Regulations 15 and 17 referred to, 3720-1. With regard to this question of natural right, the right of a child to learn and to speak the language of his mother, is just as sacred as the duty which devolves upon parents to look after their children, just as sacred as the duty which devolves upon children to support their parents if they are in need, 3722. May we not, long after the plains of Abraham, "meet each other, understand each other, love each other?" There are, I know, obstacles embedded in the memories of the past, but can they not be overcome by goodwill and mutual forbearance? 3723.

L'Esperance, D. O. (Montmagny)—3811.

While listening yesterday to the very eloquent speech of my right hon. friend the leader of the Opposition, my mind wandered back to the great drama, or rather to the great tragedy that took place in the House of Commons twenty years ago. But while my mind dwelt on the tragedy which took place in 1896, and the comedy now being enacted in this House, I could not help thinking that his eloquence at that time served to kill a practical and constitutional measure that would have brought relief to his compatriots in Manitoba, while to-day that eloquence is used for no other purpose than to create political strife in this country, 3812.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—3819.

The resolution of Mr. Costigan in 1872 referred to, 3819-20. What is our situation here? This resolution is not an invasion of provincial rights. This Parliament does not in any way intend to interfere with provincial jurisdiction, 3822.

Macdonell, A. C. (Toronto South)—3780.

To my mind it is to be doubly regretted that this resolution is now before the House. I think it is untimely and inappropriate, both because of the undesirability of raising the cry that this motion will raise and has raised in the country, and because a matter of still more importance, and one that I think we all have at heart, is engaging out attention and that is the purpose of prosecuting this war with a

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single aim and a single idea, 3780. It does seem to me that, having regard to the fact that Ontario is an English-speaking province, and that the English language is in use there, they have gone as far as they could to meet the condition of French children who are not familiar with the English language, 3781. With regard to the provincial legislation we are asked to exercise a measure of control over the province of Ontario, whether it be by direction, by admonition, or by appeal, 3782. Let us consider the history of the school question in the province of Ontario, because that is the place where the claim in regard to the rights of the French is made, and it is according to the laws of that province and the laws of the Dominion governing the provinces that we have to decide all rights with regard to education and language, 3783-5.

Marcil, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—3734.

Following my leader, I concede at once that it rests entirely with the province of Ontario to deal with this question; that the province of Ontario is supreme in this matter, and that the policy which has been followed by the present Government in not disallowing the Act of the legislature is merely in keeping with the traditional policy of the Liberal party followed in this House since Confederation, 3735. The province of Ontario is not asked to institute a new system; it has allowed the teaching of French from time immemorial, 3736-8. I look to the province of Ontario for better treatment, and following up the requests that have been made, I hope that reconsideration will be given to this subject as it easily can be given. The minority are not unreasonable, 3739. Surely Canadians ought to be big enough to settle a problem of this kind. Surely this question ought not to be beyond solution. For my part, I would be prepared, if I were a citizen of Ontario, to submit a question like that to three or four men, 3740. You tell us that under Regulation 17 we can have it, but under certain conditions. We consider that those conditions are inadequate, unfair to us, and unworkable, and we ask you to give us another hearing, to give us another trial, in order to find some solution of this question, 3741-2. Is it to the credit of Canada that any portion of our people should complain upon the score of language, or upon any other score, 3743. I do not ask for any different treatment for the French people in the province of Manitoba than for those in the province of Ontario, 3744-7.

Morphy, H. B. (Perth North)—3769.

The form for the discussion of this resolution is in the city of Toronto and before the Legislative Assembly there, that legislature which, with its English and its French members, both Tory and Grit, unanimously passed a resolution to put upon the statute-book the law that is here attacked. There is a great responsibility, to my mind, resting on the shoulders of these agitators. They have entered upon

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a propaganda in which they have organized and publicly paraded children of tender years through the city of Ottawa. They have instilled into the minds of these children false promises and statements not based on facts, or upon legal rights, 3770-1.

Nickle, W. F. (Kingston)—3723.

I shall direct my remarks to three aspects of the question: first, the constitutional development of Ontario, and her attitude towards French as a constituted language of instruction in the province. I shall next direct the attention of the House to the development of this bilingual struggle, and then I shall endeavour to explain wherein I think a misapprehension exists in regard to the regulations, 3723-33.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3773.

I am here as a representative of the West, as those who have spoken up to the present time are representatives of the East. There could be nothing brought out more clearly than that which has been brought out by this debate and that is the difference between the east and the west. The heart of Canada for generations, for centuries, has been on the banks of the St. Lawrence and along the lakes. But, it is only a truism to say that in the years to come the heart of Canada will lie between the Red River and the Rocky Mountains, 3774. So I say that the problem of establishing facilities for the efficient education of the rural population of those Prairie Provinces is the great problem, not only for those provinces, but, in the long run, for this Dominion itself, 3775-7. I have heard much as to the necessity of teaching children through the medium of their own language, and I am not going to dispute the desirability of doing that where it is practicable, 3778-9. Let the problems of Eastern Canada be dealt with as they may be, but let the problems of Western Canada be dealt with as they may be; that is all we ask, 3780.

Pardee, F. F. (Lambton West)—3794.

I propose to give reasons, as shortly and clearly as I may, why, in my opinion this resolution is properly here, and why, in my opinion it should be supported, 3494-5. I have been told by my friends some of them political, some of them otherwise, that, as a member for an Ontario constituency, for me to vote for the resolution means political oblivion. All I have to say is that if the time ever comes in this House why I cannot give good reasons for the faith that is in me, for the measures I support, I sincerely hope that I shall not continue to be here, 3796.

Proulx, E. (Prescott)—3798.

In regard to the question of the teaching of French in this province, the French language was taught many years before Confederation, and, although the Confederation Act does not expressly stipu-

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late that the French language has a legal status in Ontario, still section 133 states that French is an official language in the country, and, that being the case, it should certainly have a right to be taught to the citizens of that province, 3798. Regulation 17 referred to, 3799-3801. I had hopes when this resolution was introduced that it would be accepted by the Government. There is nothing provoking in the resolution, it is only to express to the Ontario Government our view that in order to promote peace and harmony and goodwill among the different nationalities in this country, it would be well to make clear that the rights of the French-Canadians to have their language shall be not interfered with, 3801.

Robb, J. A. (Huntingdon)—3771.

I want to say that neither in this House nor out of it has any one of my French-Canadian fellow-citizens asked me what attitude I would take upon this proposed resolution that was to come before Parliament; and if I take an attitude here to-night it is not because of any idea of how it will affect me politically, but because I consider it is a duty to my fellow-citizens of French-Canadian origin, with whom I have lived for 40 years, and lived upon the best of terms, and whom I have found to be good neighbours and good friends, 3771. I have had an experience of 20 years in school work in my home city, where I have been connected with the school board, and where the Protestants have a splendid system of elementary and advanced education; where our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens, our French-speaking fellow-citizens, have a college for boys, a normal school for girls and a system of primary and elementary education that would be creditable to any city or town in the Dominion of Canada, 3772. I am encouraged by the debate here to-day to hope that the people will take a sober view of this trouble, and that before this Parliament meets again this subject will be settled to the satisfaction of all interests, 3773.

Resolution defeated, 60 to 107.

THE CASE OF DR. BELAND.

Inquiry—*Mr. Macdonald*, 806.

THE COMMANDEERING OF WHEAT.

Inquiry—*Mr. Knowles*, 156.

THE COMMANDEERING OF WHEAT—THE IMPERIAL MUNITIONS BOARD.

Inquiry—*Mr. Knowles*, 804.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

Reference to pay of lower grade employees—*Mr. Proulx*, 4079.—

THE DAVIDSON COMMISSION.

Inquiry for report—*Mr. Pugsley*, 3188.

THE DAVIDSON COMMISSION.

Inquiry *re* appointment of counsel—*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*, 4006-7.

THE DEBATES COMMITTEE.

Motion for leave to sit while House is in session—*Mr. Schaffner*, 3143.

THE 163RD BATTALION.

Inquiry—*Mr. Lemieux*, 4152.

THE EXPORT OF NICKEL.

Inquiry—*Sir Wilfrid Laurier*, 2166.

THE FIGHTING IN FRANCE.

Inquiry.—*Mr. Macdonald*, 1118.

THE FLAX INDUSTRY.

Motion:

That, in the opinion of this House, taking into consideration the stability of the flax industry and the market value of the product, more attention might be given to promoting its cultivation in Canada; that the flax and linen industries should, both as to culture and manufacture, receive that aid and consideration from the Government, which would enable it to assume the importance the natural resources of our country assure it. And to this end, serious encouragement should be given to farmers by such means as the Government, after full investigation, deem best to increase the production of flax throughout the Dominion.—*Mr. Glass*, 1279.

Armstrong, J. E. (Lambton East)—1287.

The subject is one that should be dealt with entirely by the Dominion Government, 1288. We are not here to-day asking for a bonus, or a duty, but we are here asking that some definite proposition should be presented as a result of which, this industry could be developed along proper lines, 1289-90.

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—1293.

Thinks Government should encourage flax industry, 1294.

Glass, S. F. (Middlesex East)—1279.

Views of flax growers of Western Ontario placed on Hansard. The flax plant is the source of two extremely valuable economic products, the one a fibre derived from the straw and noted from time immemorial the world over for its strength, beauty, fineness, and length of staple; the other, a seed rich in oil of such superior drying qualities as render it an indispensable ingredient in paint and varnish, and in the manufacture of linoleum, oil-cloth, printer's ink, patent leather and other products, 1280. The need of Government co-operation as a means to produce not only more, but better, flax has

THE FLAX INDUSTRY—*Con.*

been demonstrated beyond any doubt, 1283. The possibilities for flax culture in this country are so great, and its economic value so immense, that I feel that our Government would fail in the discharge of their duty to agriculture and to productive wealth if they did not without further delay arouse themselves to the great need that confronts them with references to this subject, 1285-6.

Hazen, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—1295.

I might say the Department of Agriculture has been taking steps along the lines which have been suggested in the debate this afternoon, and I trust they will be of such a character as to satisfy the farmers of this country as to the advantage or disadvantage of raising flax in Canada, 1296. Mr. Grisdale's report on flax quoted, 1297-99.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—1286.

Speaking offhand, I would say that the government might very well look into the question whether linen could be produced in Canada from the fibre, also paper, and at what cost, 1287.

Pardee, F. F. (Lambton West)—1292.

Thinks flax industry a proper case for consideration of Government, 1293.

Sutherland, Donald (Oxford South)—1291.

While the growing of flax in Canada since the beginning of the war has proved unusually profitable, by reason of the good prices received for the fibre, yet, having regard to the agricultural condition of the districts where flax-growing was extensively carried on for a number of years, I for one do not look favourably upon any encouragement of the industry, 1291-2.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—1293.

Anything done by the Government in the way of carrying out the wishes of the flax growers of Ontario, or of ascertaining whether the flax grown in the West is of the right quality to make a valuable fibre that will be worth money on the market, would I think be a step in the right direction, 1293.

Wright, Wm. (Muskoka)—1294.

I should be very pleased to see the Government take this matter up, and see whether something could not be done in the direction of utilizing flax straw, 1294.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S SPEECH.

Speaker, His Honour the, reads speech delivered by His Royal Highness in the Senate Chamber, 4.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Statement—Sir Robert Borden, 2443.

THE HEIGHT OF OTTAWA BUILDINGS.

Attention called—Mr. Lemieux, 2165-6.

THE LATE MR. B. B. LAW, M.P.

Reference to his death—Sir Robert Borden, 590.

Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—590.

It has been suggested to me that some hon. gentlemen on both sides of the House who did not find the opportunity to pay a tribute to the memory of Mr. Law on Friday last, would desire the privilege of doing so to-day, and I hope that with the permission of the House they may avail themselves of this opportunity, 590.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—590.

He was beloved by the plain people in his own constituency and honoured by men of both sides of politics, and so was re-elected to Parliament by increasing majorities and held a commanding position in his county which few men in Parliament have occupied. Every one who knew our honoured friend appreciated how modest he was in regard to the expression of his views, 591.

Stclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—591.

Expresses his great sorrow at his untimely death, 591.

THE LATE SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

Motion:

That a committee composed of Sir Robert Borden, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir George Foster, the Hon. Geo. P. Graham and Mr. R. B. Bennett, be appointed to prepare a resolution of condolence on the death of the Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., G.C.M.G., and report the same with all convenient speed.—Sir Robert Borden, 39.

THE LATE RT. HON. SIR CHARLES TUPPER, BART.

Report of committee presented—Sir Robert Borden, 582.

Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—582.

A brief history of Sir Charles' public life given, 582-3. Among the thousands who followed his mortal remains to their last resting place, I was privileged to be present. Years ago, he marked the spot where after life's fitful fever he should sleep. There in the quiet God's acre, in the suburbs of Halifax, where he desired to be laid at rest, he reposes by the side of her who for more than sixty years was his faithful companion and help-mate, 583.

Laurier, Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—584.

Sir Charles Tupper was the last survivor of that galaxy of strong and able men whom the Canadian people delight to honour with the name of Fathers of Confederation, 584. When I entered this House, more than forty years ago these were the two things which particularly struck

**THE LATE RT. HON. SIR CHARLES TUPPER,
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me in him. He was then in the prime of life and in the full maturity of his powers; he seemed to me the very incarnation of the parliamentary athlete, always strong, always ready to accept battle and to give battle, 585.

THE MACE.

Reference to—Sir Robert Borden, 762.
THE MINISTER OF MILITIA.

Inquiry—Mr. Proulx, 1117.

THE MINISTER OF MILITIA.

Inquiry—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 2012.

THE MINISTER OF MILITIA.

Inquiry as to minister's return—Mr. Kyte, 2548.

THE MINISTER OF MILITIA.

Attention called to answer to question by acting minister—Mr. Pugsley, 2601.

THE MINISTER OF MILITIA.

Correction made in answer to question—Mr. Kemp, 2646.

THE RAINBOW.

Inquiry—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 3542-3.

THE SHELL COMMITTEE.

Inquiry—Mr. Carvell, 683.

THE SHELL COMMITTEE.

Inquiry—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 923.

**THE ST. JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY
COMPANY.**

House in committee on Bill No. 98.—Mr. Reid, 2500.

Remarks:

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—3500-1.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—3501-2.

**TORONTO, NIAGARA AND WESTERN RAIL-
WAY COMPANY.**

House in committee on Bill No. 24—Mr. Morphy, 2903.

Remarks:

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—2903-4, 2906.

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—2907.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Minister of Marine and Fisheries)—2904-6.

TRADE COMMISSION.

Inquiry—Mr. Lemieux, 4076.

TRAIN SERVICE IN THE WEST.

Attention called—Mr. Turriff, 518.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—518.

Gives a full explanation of the situation, 518-21.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—518.

Calls attention to what he claims as a rather serious condition of affairs which exists, 518.

TRAIN SERVICE IN THE WEST.

Reference to—Mr. Reid, 556.

Reid, Hon. J. D. (Acting Minister of Railways and Canals)—556.

Reads telegram in reference to delay in fuel deliveries, 556.

**TRANSPORTATION AND MARKETING OF
FISH.**

Motion—Mr. Jameson, 558.

Jameson, Clarence (Digby)—558.

Statistics of fish values 1914-15 given, 559-61. Let us for a moment follow the journey of the fish from the boat to the consumer, 561-2. I have some suggestions which I propose to make in a very kindly spirit to my hon. friend the minister who takes a deep interest in this matter and I will make them as briefly as I can, 563-4.

Law, B. B. (Yarmouth)—571.

We are at all times assisting the farmer, doing things for him, which, I have no hesitation in saying, are quite right, but very little has been done for the hardy, sturdy fisherman, 571. Another way in which the fishermen could be helped would be to give a bonus, or a bounty, in some form to them. There is no line of industry in the world that is fraught with so much danger and hardship as the fishing industry, 572.

Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—576.

If the Government would carry out the policy that they have already laid down of extending the Intercolonial railway by means of branch lines to these producing centres they would serve the fishing industry in a marvellous way, and do a great deal to encourage the marketing of fish, 577.

Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—572.

The marketing and transportation of fish involves a great many issues, and it is very difficult to assign any disadvantages in our marketing and transportation of fish to any one cause. For instance, it might be that some of the disadvantages might lie with the fishermen in their methods of catching, others with the fish exporter, and others again with those who transport and market the fish. A great deal would also depend upon the consuming population, that is as to whether they were a fish-consuming peo-

TRANSPORTATION AND MARKETING OF FISH—*Con.*

ple, 573. If a regular steamship service, designed particularly for the carriage of fish between the Maritime Provinces and the United States, could be established by the granting of a small but reasonable subsidy, it would be invaluable to the fishing interests of Nova Scotia, 574.

McCurdy, F. B. (Shelburne and Queens)—567.

The food value of fish has long been very widely recognized, and is doubtless attracting more attention year by year. It is, of course, of the greatest importance that the product should reach the market in the freshest condition possible, otherwise consumption will not be encouraged, 567. I support the resolution which suggests consideration of ways and means to make possible a larger production of wealth from our fisheries, to remove any restrictions or drawbacks under which this portion of our productive populace labour, and that will lead to improvement in living conditions and an increase in the fishing population of the country, 568-9.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—575.

Suggests two ways by which fisheries can be assisted, 575-6.

Sinclair, J. H. (Guysborough)—564.

The slight assistance that was given a few years ago has given splendid results. Prior to ten or twelve years ago, a large part of the fresh fish consumed in Montreal, Toronto, and other Canadian cities came from Gloucester in the United States, 564. The main problem is to find a market for our fish; if that industry is to grow, and it has possibilities of becoming very extensive, the local market will not suffice, 565. This is not a party question but a business question, and one that a business government ought to deal with, 566.

Stewart, Dugald (Lunenburg)—570.

This resolution, Mr. Speaker, opens up a very wide and very important question—that of the transportation and marketing of fish. But because it is wide and important, and because its solution may involve many difficulties, there is all the more necessity for its early consideration and all the more reason why the necessary study and effort should be attractive, 570.

TRANSPORTATION OF GRAIN—RAILWAY ACT AMENDMENT.

House in committee on Bill No. 21—Mr. Cochrane, 1306-9.

206TH BATTALION—SUPPLY OF KITS.

Attention called and article quoted from Daily Mail, Montreal—Mr. Lemieux, 1809.

206TH BATTALION—SUPPLY OF KITS.

Denies that articles comprising kit are made in Germany—Mr. Kemp, 2167.

VACANT SEATS.

Inquiry—Mr. Marcil, 3410.

VALCARTIER EXPROPRIATIONS.

Motion:

For a copy of all correspondence up to date respecting expropriations at Valcartier, as well as statement of actions taken, judgments rendered, and claims still unsettled—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 1300.

VANCOUVER HARBOUR BILL.

House in committee on proposed following resolution:

That it is expedient to amend the Vancouver Harbour Commissioners Act, chapter 54, of the statutes of 1913, by providing that the corporation may make by-laws for the imposition of tolls, rates, fees and dues, other than pilotage dues, sick mariners' dues and steamboat inspection fees—Mr. Hazen, 1604-6.

VANCOUVER HARBOUR COMMISSION.

House in committee on Bill No. 59—Mr. Hazen, 2078.

VANCOUVER MUNITION WORKERS IN BRITAIN.

Inquiry—Mr. Turriff, 2743.

VICKERS-MAXIM WORKS, MONTREAL—LABOUR TROUBLES.

Calls attention to trouble—Mr. Verville, 1763-4.

WAR CONTRACTS.

Statement—Sir Sam Hughes, 2974.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—2985.

I desire to say that, with regard to the matters to which the right hon. gentleman has alluded, and which are now under investigation, the Minister of Militia and Defence has assured me that he not only desires, but intends that the investigation shall be full and complete to the end, and that he is prepared from now henceforth to place his time at the disposal of that commission in order that the most searching investigation may be made, 2985. I am free to say that there never was a Royal Commission recommended and granted, for inquiry into the conduct of a minister of the Crown, that was based on such slender and slight foundation of charge or assertion as the Order in Council and the commission issued in pursuance of it in this case, 2986.

Hughes, Sir Sam. (Minister of Militia and Defence)—2974.

Personal explanation given, 2974. Now, what are the conditions surrounding the shell contracts? The fact is—the details will follow later on—that the two companies with whom the contracts were made are now employing between them

WAR CONTRACTS—*Con.*

nearly 8,000 men, and that they have invested in plant, machinery, and materials fully \$6,000,000, 2975. I have not yet found in the speech of the hon. member any statement that is correct, and I will just correct a few of his misstatements en passant, 2976. Allison referred to, 2976-8. And now, if my hon. friend the member for Carleton, N.B. (Mr. Carvell) will permit me, I shall refer to his summary at the conclusion of his address, as containing all that is worthy of comment or recognition in his remarks, 2978. The manufacture of shells and fuses and prices referred to, 2979-80. There was another point made about the division of profits. I know nothing about that, and I do not know that anybody else does except what can be learned from the contract which was purported to be read by the hon. member for Richmond (Mr. Kyte). I am assured that, when the hon. member stood up in his place in this House and professed to read from an agreement, he knew there was no such agreement in existence. He goes on to speak of the various companies concerning which I know nothing, 2981. Then he speaks of another deal concerning 140,000 rifles, known as the Allison Southern rifle deal. It will be found that this was even more visionary than the first one, 2992. Not one dollar has ever been received or ever will be received. And yet a gentleman, representing a free constituency in the Dominion of Canada, knowing that he had no data whereon to make these statements, stands up here and makes to this House and this country these abominable misstatements, 2993. When in England I read an extract from a German paper relating to present conditions. The Germans claim that since the outbreak of the war they have added a population of 55,000,000 to their domain, 2984.

Laurier, Sir Wilfrid (Quebec East)—2985.

I have to express my regret that he did not think it advisable to refer also to a contract which has been brought forward prominently in the press with regard to the disposal of small ammunition. It has been alleged in the press that his department has sold fuses and cartridges, manufactured by the Government for the benefit of the country, to a private firm. This matter is in the air to-day, it is demanding attention, and I am surprised that my hon. friend did not refer to it, since he chose to go into other matters than this one, 2895.

WAR CONTRACTS COMMISSION.

Inquiry—Mr. Macdonald, 9213.

WAR LOAN—\$250,000,000.

House in committee on following resolution:

1. That it is expedient to provide that a sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) be granted to His Majesty towards defraying any

WAR LOAN, \$250,000,000—*Con.*

expenses that may be incurred by or under the authority of the Governor in Council during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1917, for:

- (a) The defence and security of Canada;
 - (b) The conduct of naval or military operations in or beyond Canada;
 - (c) Promoting the continuance of trade, industry and business communications, whether by means of insurance or indemnity against war risk or otherwise;
 - (d) The carrying out of any measures deemed necessary or advisable by the Governor in Council in consequence of the existence of a state of war; and
 - (e) Payments made for the said purposes during the fiscal years ending respectively the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and fifteen and the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and sixteen, in excess of the amounts authorized by the War Appropriation Act, 1914, and the War Appropriation Act, 1915.
2. That the Governor in Council be empowered to raise by way of loan, temporary or otherwise, such sums of money as are required for the purpose of making any payment authorized by any Act founded on these resolutions.
 3. That the principal raised by way of loan under this Act and the interest thereon shall be chargeable on the Consolidated Revenue Fund.—Sir Robert Borden, 3233.

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3233.

Explanation of resolution given. If we compare the organization which the Department of Militia and Defence has been thus called upon to undertake, with the military organization of the whole Empire before the war broke out, we shall have some adequate idea of the burden and the responsibility imposed upon the Government of this country, and especially upon the Minister of Militia and Defence, and the officers of his department, 3233. At the same time, considerable work is still involved in connection with many matters, such as the discharge of minors and American citizens, the bringing back of non-commissioned officers and men from England to Canada for discharge to take commissions, etc., 3235. The work of the assistant Adjutant General and medical branch referred to, 3236-8. The record office and duties of the Quartermaster General alluded to, 3239-42. At the outbreak of war in August, 1914, there was a Permanent Force of 3,000 troops, and the total Militia expenditure was at the rate of nearly \$12,000,000 a year. There are at present 300,000 troops in the field, and the expenditure has increased to \$250,000,000 a year, 3242. There is a great deal more information of a similar character with regard to all branches of the Department of Militia and Defence, but I have given enough to make hon. members realize the very great magnitude of the task which has devolved upon

WAR LOAN, \$250,000,000—*Con.*

the Government in connection with the organization required by the war, 3243. A difficulty has arisen in connection with the supply of drafts and reinforcements; I think hon. gentlemen will understand at once what it is, 3244. We have received a delegation which very strongly pressed upon the Government the necessity of a complete registration of the manhood of Canada, and eventually of conscription. We have not had an opportunity of giving adequate consideration to this proposal, but the Department of Militia and Defence has endeavoured, particularly during the past six or nine months, so to guide recruiting that the agricultural, commercial and industrial strength of Canada shall not be unduly weakened, 3445. The spirit of our people has been so splendid that no words of mine are needed in commendation of it. Who would have imagined, in August, 1914, that in less than 18 months more than 300,000 men in Canada would have flocked to the colours? The difficulty has been not to obtain enlistments, but to provide uniforms, equipment, arms, and all the necessaries for war, 3246. We do not possess in Canada men of military experience according to the standard my hon. friend has set up. The best we have been able to do is to take men who are inspired by a patriotic desire to serve in this war—some of them have had a little military experience in training camps, perhaps, some of them have had none at all, but they come forward—and we judge of their capacity as best we can, 3250. So far as the responsibilities of the Government are concerned, I hope it will be understood, not only by the members of this House, but by the country, that the various transactions and affairs carried on through an enormous territory in this country are in many cases absolutely beyond the direct control of any member of the Government, or, for that matter, of any departmental officer, 3288. Patronage and recruiting referred to, 3288-9. Mr. Macdonald's criticisms alluded to and answered, 3290-2. The criticism of other opposition members referred to, 3293-4.

Burnham, J. H. (Peterborough West)—3252.

Enlistment and patronage referred to, 3252-3.

Clark, Michael (Red Deer)—3275.

I intervene from a strict sense of duty, and because I think it would be unfortunate that a vote of this magnitude in connection with a war of this magnitude, should pass without a note of clear support of the Government at this crisis, coming from this side of the House. I am confident that the impartial historian will record that my right hon. friend who leads the Government has from the day the war-cloud burst kept a single eye to the winning of the war, and has not been led aside or diverted from that purpose by any small motive or any small consideration whatsoever, 3275. For my part,

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in such a crisis in the history of our Empire and of the country, as a private individual citizen who happens for a moment to have a seat in Parliament, I have no time for criticism. My talk, and such effort as I am able to exert, have been from the beginning behind the clear-eyed purpose of the Prime Minister, and they are so now; and so, I believe, are the thoughts and efforts of the people of Canada, 3276.

Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—3264.

We all know that a very large number of men have been appointed to responsible positions in connection with the training of recruits and the raising of battalions, without due regard to their military qualifications, 3264. Just because a man happens to be an officer and holds a little higher rank than somebody else has, he has no right to abuse his authority in the way a number of military officers are doing in this country. The punishments that have been meted out to soldiers in the ranks have been reported in the newspapers, and are absolutely true, 3265. Extravagance charged in expenditure of public money for military purposes, 3266-7.

Graham, Geo. P. (Renfrew South)—3284.

Some criticism may seem in Parliament to be of small importance, but nothing that tends to improve conditions can be called a small matter, 3284. The situation has come home to us; members representing constituencies in this House have those dearest to them in the trenches, their lives hanging in the balance. Some have paid the highest tribute they could to their love of country, and it is with deep regret we have seen that a minister of the Crown has to mourn the loss of a dear son. It is a serious time, a serious situation, 3285. This resolution is for a large amount of money, and while it is a sad duty to vote it, still that sadness must be tempered by the consideration that we are glad in Canada that we are able to vote for it, and we are doubly glad that there is no dissenting voice to our voting it from one end of the country to the other, 3286-7.

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—3261.

Recruiting in P.E.I. and patronage list referred to, 3261-4.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—3281.

Since the beginning of the war there has been, generally speaking, bad feeling as regards the attitude of the province of Quebec, and if I speak of that particular subject this evening it is because I think it is relevant to the issue, and because I wish to, if possible, clear the sky, 3281-2. What has the province of Quebec done in the way of recruiting since the beginning of the war? Let us face the facts without any prejudice, bearing in mind the situation as I have described it in good faith, 3283-4.

WAR LOAN, \$250,000,000—*Con.**Macdonald, E. M.* (Pictou)—3253.

I do not pretend to be a prophet in any sense, but I always felt that there could never be any doubt whatever as to the attitude of the Canadian people when the interests of the Empire were at stake, 3254. With regard to the system of recruiting that has been adopted, I desire to call attention to the situation in the province of Nova Scotia, 3255-6. There have also been cases of ill treatment of soldiers, and I wish to call my right hon. friend's attention to the case of Pte. Chapman in my own constituency, 3257. Another thing I would take the liberty of asking my right hon. friend is that he should tell the House frankly what the attitude of the Government is in regard to returning money subscribed for machine guns, 3258. In connection with this war vote, I wish to call the Prime Minister's attention to a situation which exists in our province with reference to what might be properly be called a naval matter, the commandeering of ships, 3259-60.

Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—3247.

I do not think that the country would be too critical as to small details of war expenditure, but, in the main, they will expect from the Government an oversight and direction in respect to war expenditures that will make them feel that their interests are being protected, 3246. It is needless for me to say that hon. gentlemen on this side of the House will unhesitatingly vote the amount asked for by this resolution and accelerate its passing, 3248. I do not propose saying anything further upon that point other than to emphasize the fact that if any portion of these war expenditures is made upon the basis of patronage it is absolutely indefensible and the country is entitled to an assurance from the Government who are collectively responsible for the proper expenditure of this account that no such things did occur in the past and that they shall not occur in the future, 3249.

McLean, A. A. (Queens, P.E.I.)—3276.

It would seem that to the mind of the hon. member for Kings it is an unpardonable thing that the Conservative party should have successfully carried out Canada's share in the conduct of the war. Had they made mistakes that would have been to the advantage of the Liberal party, but because they have conducted affairs honestly they have been unpardonably wrong in the eyes of the hon. gentleman, 3277.

Martin, W. M. (Regina)—3251.

Reference made to recruiting, 3251. The question of patronage alluded to, 3252.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—3277.

Defends opposition in its course of criticism against the Government since the war broke out, 3277-8. Casualty lists publication referred to, 3279-81.

WAR LOAN, \$250,000,000—*Con.**Rhodes, E. N.* (Cumberland, N.S.)—3267.

I certainly should not have spoken under ordinary conditions, but I could not sit quietly in the chair and listen to wild, outrageous, and absolutely unfounded assertions as I shall be able to show them to be. I notice, too, that the hon. member for Westmorland skated on thin ice when he discussed the question of lumber supplies. He did not tell the committee that the company which supplied lumber was one of which I am president and in the stock of which I hold a fifth interest, 3268. I want to make the assertion positively, so that there can be no misunderstanding in respect to it, that so far as the constituency of Cumberland is concerned—I can speak only of that constituency, because I have not been concerned with outside constituencies—every contract for supplies is awarded on open tender and absolutely without respect to a man's political qualifications, 3268-73.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3253.

Complaints of men physically unfit being trained for six months and then discharged, 3253.

WAR LOAN—\$250,000,000.

House in committee on Bill No. 97—Sir Robert Borden, 3530.

Remarks:

Borden, Sir Robert (Prime Minister)—3533-4.

Lancetot, Roch (Laprairie and Napierville)—3530-3.

Marcel, Hon. Charles (Bonaventure)—3534.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—3533.

WAR PURCHASING COMMISSION.

Motion:

For a return, showing the dates, parties, quantities and values of all contracts made by the War Purchasing Commission, so called, from its formation down to the present date.—Mr. Carvell, 1907.

WAR PURCHASING COMMISSION.

Motion:

For a copy of all Orders in Council, letters, and of all other documents relating to the appointment, constitution and operations of the War Purchasing Commission.—Mr. Macdonald, 2801-2.

WAR SUPPLIES—CLOTHING.

Inquiry—Mr. Macdonald, 4078.

WAR SUPPLIES—HORSES.

Inquiry—Mr. Smith, 2841.

WAR SUPPLIES—IRISH STEW.

Inquiry—Mr. Sutherland, 2014.

WAR SUPPLIES—PETROLEUM FOR MUNI-
TION WORKS.

Attention called to letter which is read—Mr. Descarries, 2648.

WAR SUPPLIES—SHELL BOXES.

Inquiry—Mr. Gauvreau, 2351.

WAR SUPPLIES—THE DAVIDSON COM-
SSION.

Inquiry—Mr. Macdonald, 2369.

WAYS AND MEANS—CUSTOMS TAXATION.

House in Committee of Ways and Means—
Sir Thomas White, 1764.

Remarks:

- Armstrong, J. E. (Lambton East)—1789-91.
Best, J. A. (Dufferin)—1786-7.
Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—1775-6.
Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—1804.
Clark, Michael (Red Deer)—1764-7.
Douglas, J. M. (Strathcona)—1781-2.
Green, R. F. (Kootenay)—1773-5.
Graham, G. P. (Renfrew South)—1893-04.
Knowles, W. E. (Moosejaw)—1770-2.
Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—
1780-1.
Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—1799-1800.
McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—1787-9.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—1792-95.
Shepherd, F. H. (Nanaimo)—1800-03.
Sutherland, Donald (Oxford South)—
1772-3.
Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—1777-89.
Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—1782-6.
White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—
1764, 1767-9, 1796-8.

WAYS AND MEANS—CUSTOMS TAXATION.

House in committee on Bill No. 61—Sir
Thomas White, 2303.

Remarks:

- Clark, Michael (Red Deer)—2308.
Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—
2303-5.
Green, R. F. (Kootenay)—2307-8.
Martin, W. M. (Regina)—2308-9.
McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—2315.
Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—2306-7.
Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—
2305-6, 2310-11, 2315-16.
Schaffner, F. L. (Souris)—2309-10.
Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—2314-15.
White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—
2312-14.

WAYS AND MEANS—THE BUDGET.

Annual statement—Sir Thomas White, 807.

Ames, Sir Herbert (St. Antoine)—1255.

Thinks it a marvellous thing that the people of Canada have raised so much money for war purposes. The patriotic fund dealt with, 1255-9.

Armstrong, J. E. (Lambton East)—1015.

I am sure that after all is said and done we can do nothing less than congratulate the Minister of Finance and the Government upon placing before Parliament such a splendid measure for demanding a reasonable share of the profits of the great manufacturers and financial institutions of the country, 1015. Duty on apples referred to, 1016-18. Gasoline referred to, 1018-20.

Bellemare, A. (Maskinonge)—1034.

The events of the last year in Europe have developed into a situation of such gravity that those of us, who had been opposed to Canada's participation in Imperial wars, although at the time absolutely sincere in their opinion, are driven by the present turn of events, to acknowledge the changed conditions and alter their views on the subject, 1034-5.

Boulay, H. (Rimouski)—1079.

Quebec politics discussed, 1079-80. Complaints of the size of the Budget, of increase of troops for overseas, and of Germans in employ of Government, 1081. The ban on the French language referred to, 1082. Hudson Bay Ry. and other matters referred to, 1083.

Bradbury, G. H. (Selkirk)—1155.

Replies to some of the remarks of Mr. Turriff, 1155-6.

Buchanan, W. A. (Medicine Hat)—915.

With what the Minister of Trade and Commerce has said about the war, and about the position that Canada should take in connection with it, I am in accord. I think our entire energy, our every thought, should be devoted to the winning of this war and that there should be the most active participation of Canada in the war with respect to both resources and men, 915. Tariff changes and agricultural matters referred to, 916-19. Internal storage elevators, the needs of the western farmer and Canada after the war referred to, 920-1.

Currie, J. A. (Simcoe North)—989.

Congratulates Sir Wilfrid Laurier on stand taken since war began and thinks he has made for himself a name in the political history of this country which will never be forgotten, 989. The Budget contains very few features upon which any remarks could be offered. The new policy of assessing corporations is one that will doubtless meet with considerable opposition, 990. In Germany they are already looking forward to the carrying on of a further commercial war against the Allies, 991. It has been suggested in England

WAYS AND MEANS—THE BUDGET—*Con.*

and amongst some of the nations included in the alliance that, since we are now virtually selling our bonds on the joint credit of the Allies, some method must be devised to have commercial treaties between the Allies so that they can all work together to one end, 992. A short sketch of the operations of the Canadian divisions at the front given, 993-1001. Reference made to his own conduct at the front, 1001-02. The nation that has the greatest number of men, the largest number of guns, and the greatest amount of equipment at the front, is the nation that is going to win this war, 1003-06.

Davidson, A. L. (Annapolis)—1088.

Criticises Mr. Verville's attitude towards labour, and the attitude of the opposition towards the Budget, 1088. Considers Budget the most encouraging and courageous ever brought before Parliament, 1089-90. The C.P.R., potatoes, apple duty and other matters discussed, 1091-5.

Ethier, J. A. C. (Two Mountains)—1269.

Three features of the new Budget have given rise to objections and protests: the system of taxation, its unequal distribution and the retroactive clause; and I do think that in all three respects the new Budget is inconsistent and objectionable, 1269. Lord Shaughnessy and others quoted, 1270-5.

Foster, Sir George (Minister of Trade and Commerce)—903.

Taxation, whenever it comes, is apt to hit some one harder than another; it is a thing which most people would rather not encounter, but I am convinced that, in so far as the prosecution of this war is concerned, either by the active one hundred thousand, or the two hundred thousand, or the ultimate three or four hundred thousand that go to the front, the seven million five hundred thousand who remain at home are prepared to cheerfully pay what is necessary in order that the men at the front may do their work, 903. It is a fair proposition that all amounts expended, whether by the Militia Department or by any other department, the purpose of which was immediately to support and carry on the war, should be charged to the war, 905-6. The question of patronage referred to, 907. New taxes referred to, 907. The business and economic situation after the war, 908-12. Summing these certainties up, thoughtful men say that the year which comes with the introduction of conferences for peace will possibly be the most strenuous, the most dangerous, and the most fatal year of the whole period from a business point of view, 913. We must also learn to practise economy in all expenditures, public or private, to improve the production of the country, both in quality and in quantity, to invite and direct immigration on sound and discriminating principles, and to reinforce efficiency in production by technical education and thus combine as far as possible the factory and the laboratory, 914-15.

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WAYS AND MEANS—THE BUDGET—*Con.*

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—109£.

I regret that, with the present Government, either the Finance Minister is not sufficiently strong, or the members are too unruly, because he has not been able to keep them in subjection as far as their expenditure is concerned, 1100. If I wished to say a word politically, I might say that it was a strong admission the Finance Minister made, that after three years of the management of his Government Canada found herself in a more critical position than she had been since his party was in power before, 1101. I do not wish to dilate on these matters at any great length, because my desire is that we, as a Parliament, should not be divided in the schemes which we are trying to work out for the nation's good, 1102. Our business is now not to act from a party standpoint in the hope of gaining political advantage, but calmly to try to find how we can get the money which we need and how we can get it from the sources that ought to pay it, and that we need the money goes without saying, 1103-08.

Hughes, J. J. (Kings, P.E.I.)—1118.

Expenditures discussed, 1119-22. War supplies referred to and Government scored for extravagance, 1122-6.

Lancot, Roch (Laprairie and Napierville)—1035.

Thinks expenditure has overstepped all bounds and control, 1035. Ontario school question referred to, 1036. Criticises the speech of Mr. Patenaude, 1037. Taxes new and old discussed, 1038. Hay referred to, 1039-40.

Lemieux, Hon. R. (Rouville)—1143.

The spirit of the Canadian people with regard to the war has never been better exemplified than during the weary months that have passed since August, 1914, 114. I now come to the ways and means proposed by the Minister of Finance in order that Canada may stand the test during this crucial period. Let us be sincere with ourselves; let us face the facts as they are, not as we would like them to be, 1146. Thinks Sir Wilfrid Laurier should have been taken into the Cabinet, 1147. This Government have been playing politics, instead of playing the part of statesmen. What have they done since 1911? If they really wanted to help the Mother Country, if they were really in earnest, would they not stop at once every foolish expenditure and use the money to purchase equipment and necessities for our soldiers, 1148. Departmental expenditures referred to, 1149. I say, let us have a round table conference in the House of Commons. Let us form a committee, and let us apply the pruning knife to the scandalous expenditure of the various departments of the Government, 1150. Free wheat referred to, 1152. Thinks taxes on munition makers not high enough, 1153.

WAYS AND MEANS—THE BUDGET—*Con.*

Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—1126.

Thinks this an opportune time to cut the patronage system out of our municipal and national life. Tax resolution discussed, 1127-30.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1243.

Criticises speech of Solicitor General, 1243-8. Claims that the man who is going to be hit by the new tax is the small business man, 1249-51. I submit that the Minister of Finance, in dealing with the question of the present financial condition of Canada, has not been frank in his statement to the House and to the country, 1253-4.

Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—889.

Balance of trade and loans referred to, 890-1. I wish now to refer to the financial statement just presented by the Minister of Finance in respect to the present fiscal year, 892-4. This is, perhaps, the most convenient place for me to make reference to the Estimates for the coming fiscal year, which are open to grave censure, and are out of harmony with public opinion, 894-8. Capital expenditure and taxation proposals criticised, 898-902.

Maclean, W. F. (York South)—1262.

The nickel question dealt with, 1262-9.

McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—1259.

Peel election. The Solicitor General and the Minister of Public Works referred to, 1259-61. Thinks farmers are willing and anxious to bear their share of the burdens of the war, 1262.

McKenzie, D. D. (Cape Breton North and Victoria)—1103.

The Budget is the real subject with which we have to deal on this occasion, and perhaps it would be well from my standpoint, as an Opposition member, if I briefly reviewed the financial conditions of the country for a short period before this Government came into power, and very hurriedly from that time down, 1110-14. Creation of new courts and Sir George Foster's speech referred to, 1114-17.

Meighen, Hon. Arthur (Solicitor General)—1222.

Mr. Oliver's speech criticised and a review of finances for two years given, 1222-3. Comparison of what Canada and England is doing in curtailing expenditure during the war given, 1113-6. I wish to say a word as to the features of the Budget that pertain to the tariff, 1228. The large phase of the Budget proposals remains, namely, that portion of its proposals which asks the great industries of this country to give of their surplus profits to help the country to tide over the financial stress of this war, 1229. Export of nickel referred to, 1232-40. It has been argued by hon. gentlemen opposite that we pay no attention to the call of economy, that we go ahead throw-

WAYS AND MEANS—THE BUDGET—*Con.*

ing away money here and there, employing civil servants beyond number, squandering the assets of Canada, and taxing the people of Canada to make good the loss. But it is important that the people of Canada should know the actual facts, and know what confidence to place in these wild and rambling assertions, 240-42.

Michaud, Pius (Victoria, N.B.)—1097.

Mr. Boulay's speech criticised and Mr. Verville's remarks commended as thoughtful and earnest, 1097-8. New taxes and other matters referred to, 1098-9.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—1006.

If the people have to economize as individuals, there is nothing that will make them so sore, if I may use the word, as to see what they consider wastefulness on the part of this Government, 1007. Now I come to the revenue side of the account, 1007-11. Immigration referred to, 1011-12.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—1209.

Budget dealt with from the angle of the Government's administration past, present and prospective, 1209. It will be remembered that the Government of the day came into power on a very definite policy of high taxation and restricted trade. Resources of Canada and how administered dealt with, 1211-12. Taxation referred to, 1213-19. I believe that our people, especially the producers of the West, stand to lose a vast amount of money because of the policy of the Government, 1220. The hope that the Finance Minister expressed of a further increase in agricultural production next year might reach fruition if this Government would give the farmer of the West a square deal, 1221.

Pacaud, L. T. (Megantic)—1095.

As this is the first occasion I have had of speaking in this House on the great issue which overshadows all others to-day, perhaps I may be permitted to lay special stress on a few considerations which have impressed me still more deeply since the beginning of this debate, 1096. Quebec politics discussed, 1096-7.

Ross, D. C. (Middlesex West)—1020.

The war discussed, 1020. The apple duty referred to, 1022. Finances and taxation discussed, 1023-5. Rural credits considered, 1026-8. Government charged with lack of initiative, 1029-30. Government charged with extravagance, 1031-2. Thinks patronage and partyism should be destroyed, 1032-4.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—1130.

Considers Budget a new departure in the history of Canada. Deplores the increased duty on apples and oil, 1130-2. I have several objections to the proposed taxation, but the main objection I have is this: the minister proposes to treat the honest business man exactly as he

WAYS AND MEANS—THE BUDGET—*Con.*

would treat the dishonest munition manufacturer who makes a huge fortune by robbing this country and Britain, 1133. Where have we had any evidence of economy on the part of the Prime Minister or the Minister of Finance? There is not a single sign that they contemplate economy, 1134. Mr. Foster's speech referred to and commended, 1135. We on this side of the House stand exactly where we stood on the 18th day of August, 1914, when the House was summoned in order to vote the first war credit, 1136. New tax discussed, 1132-40. The nickel industry scored, 1140-3.

Verville, A. (Maisonneuve)—1083.

Wheat and bread referred to, 1084-5. Thinks present system of taxation bears heavily upon poorest classes in this country, 1086. Claims that labour has been well represented in this war, 1087.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—807.

Informs House that total revenue for year ending March 31, 1916, will be \$170,000,000 instead of \$150,000,000 as estimated. Civil and war expenditure, 1915-16, 807-8. Loan issues, 1915-16, 808-9. Economic conditions, 1915-16, 809-10. Fiscal year, taxations and loans, tariff proposals, 1916-17, 810-16. Never has our national spirit been more high, never our resolve more unshaken, never have we been more supremely confident of ultimate victory than we are to-day. We have taken the measure of our foe, we have estimated the resources of our manhood and the other elements of Imperial power, and we steadfastly abide the issue in calm consciousness of inherent strength and the eternal justice of our cause, 816.

WAYS AND MEANS—TAXATION OF PROFITS.

House in Committee of Ways and Means—*Sir Thomas White*, 1843.

Remarks:

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—1892-3.

Copp, A. B. (Westmorland)—1853-4.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—1844, 1854-5.

Green, R. F. (Kootenay)—1873-4.

Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—1850-1.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1862-4, 1874-8, 1885-6.

McCrea, F. N. (Sherbrooke)—1858-9.

Nickle, W. F. (Kingston)—1860-1.

Oliver, Hon. Frank (Edmonton)—1880-1.

Stevens, H. H. (Vancouver)—1882-5.

Thompson, Alfred (Yukon)—1878-80.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—1870-3.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—1843-9, 1851, 1855-6-8, 1864-70, 1893-1900.

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WAYS AND MEANS—TAXATION OF PROFITS.

House in Committee on Ways and Means—*Sir Thomas White*, 1972.

Remarks:

Carvell, F. B. (Carleton, N.B.)—1994, 1998.

Cockshutt, W. F. (Brantford)—2002-03.

Graham, Hon. G. P. (Renfrew South)—2000.

Loggie, W. S. (Northumberland, N.B.)—2001-02.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1980-1, 1985-8, 1998, 2004.

Maclean, A. K. (Halifax)—1977.

McCrea, F. A. (Sherbrooke)—2005.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—1973-5, 1984-5.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—1976, 1984.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—1972-89, 1990-2006.

WAYS AND MEANS—NEW TAXATION.

House in Committee of Ways and Means—*Sir Thomas White*, 1330.

White, Sir Thomas (Minister of Finance)—1330.

Taxation explained, 1330-38. Amendments proposed, 1339-40.

WAR SUPPLIES—HORSES.

Attention called—*Mr. J. J. Hughes*, 652-3.

WAR TAX ON LAND.

Inquiry—*Mr. Turriff*, 756.

WAR TAXATION—MINING COMPANIES.

Inquiry—*Mr. Graham*, 924.

WHITE PHOSPHORUS MATCHES ACT AMENDMENT.

House in committee on Bill No. 37—*Mr. Crothers*, 1615, 16.

Bill read second and third time.

WINTER COMMUNICATION WITH P.E.I.

Inquiry—*Mr. Hughes*, 1433.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Motion:

That, in the opinion of this House, it is desirable that the Government should promote legislation to amend the Dominion Elections Act, so as to provide that upon any province of Canada enacting legislation giving women the right to vote for members of the Provincial Legislature, such women as are on the Provincial voters' lists, or as are otherwise entitled to vote for members of the Legislature in such province, shall also, unless otherwise disqualified, have the right to vote at elections for members of this House.—*Mr. Pugsley*, 1185.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE—*Con.*

Borden, Rt. Hon. Sir Robert (Prime Minister)
—1203.

I venture to submit that the proposal of the hon. gentleman ought not to command the support of hon. members, for the reason that, as regards the right to vote of one half the proposed electorate, it would create a discrimination in the franchise, as between the various provinces of Canada, 1204.

Clark, Michael (Red Deer)—1197.

I think that the greatest political evil existing in this country at the present time would almost cease to exist if you had many women taking interest in politics as men do to-day, 1198-1200.

Kyte, G. W. (Richmond, N.S.).

I desire at the earliest possible moment to put myself on record, in language as concise and clear as I may command, as being against the principle enunciated in the resolution, 1189-95.

Macdonald, E. M. (Pictou)—1201.

I think the proposition is sufficiently important to justify some pronouncement on the part of the Government as to their attitude, 1202.

McCraney, G. E. (Saskatoon)—1185.

Thinks that women should be given the right to vote, 1195-6.

Nesbitt, E. W. (Oxford North)—1201.

Thinks if resolution become law some inequalities would exist, 1201.

Proulx, E. (Prescott)—1196.

If the resolution of the hon. member were limited to widows and spinsters, I should feel disposed to support it, but I do not feel disposed to support a proposal to extend the franchise to married women,

WOMAN SUFFRAGE—*Con.*

thus introducing into the home matters of political discussion and dissension, 1196-7.

Pugsley, Hon. Wm. (St. John City)—1185.

I am unable to see one reasonable argument that can be presented against granting to the women of our country the same right to share in public affairs, the same right to vote for members of the legislatures, or of Parliament, as is granted to the male portion of the community, 1185-89.

Rogers, Hon. Robert (Minister of Public Works)—1202.

If the hon. member for St. John would amend his motion I would be disposed for one to give it consideration and to support a resolution by this House to extend the franchise to women in all parts of Canada, 1202-3.

Turriff, J. G. (Assiniboia)—1200.

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