June, $187 \%$.


ACADIA $C O$ II, $G \mathbb{H}$
(Founded 1838.)

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## At Home To-night.

I.

The lessons are done and the prizes won, And the counted weeks a:c past; 0 I the holiday joys of the boys and girls Who are "at home to-night" at last ! O : the ringing beat of the springing feot, As into the hall they rush i
O! tho tender bliss of the first home kiss, With its moment of fervent hush! So much to tell and to hear as well, As they gather around the glow ! Who would not part, for the joy of heart. That only the parted can know at home to-night!
II.

But all have not met, there are travellers yet Speeding along through the dark,
By tunnel and bridgo, past rim and ridge, To the distant, yet nearing mark.
But hearts are varm, for the winters storm Has never a chill of love:
And faces are bright in the fickering light Of the small dim lamp above.
And roices of gladness rise over the madncss Of the whirl and the rusid and the roar, For mpid and strong it bears them along To a home and an open door-

Fes, home to-night!

## III.

01 home to-night, yes, home to-night, Through the pearly gate and the open doos !, Some happy feetion the goldon street: Aro entexing now "to go out no more." For the work is done and the rest begur, sud the training tive is for ever past, And the home of rest in the mansiono blest Is safely, joyoualy reached at last.
$0!$ the love and light in that home to-night !
0 ! the songs of bliss and the harps of gold !
01 the glory shed on the new-croproed head?
0 the telling of love that can noter be told.
01 the selcome that waits at the shining gates,
For those who are folloving far, yet near,
Then all shall meet at fis glorious feet
In the light and the love of his home so dear!
Tes, "home to night."

## The Moral Teachings of "Stiakespeare's mragedy of King Richard the Second."

The charactor of overy man is a beam of sevencolored light photographed in distinetive and imperishable features upon the plane of an universal life. According as the brighter or darker elements predominate in any character is the life of the indiviaual made a success or a failure. The successes or failures of individuals cast the die of nations. The truth of these statements has, to some considorable extent, been demonstrated in real life; for, nor and again, in the study of history, we mett with porsons who have foreshadowed the grander prosperity or the overthror of kingdoms and nations from a thorough and widespread knowledge of the cloments which entered into the composition of those particular powers. From this source alone, and we say it revcrently, if no other were at his command, could he who perfectly knows the hearts of all mea read the etornal future as olearly as the eternal past.

Ho, thereforc, who aiscuvers to any nation, or class of individuals, evil in its primary and simplest forms, and who most clearly and acceptably points out the issues, thereby holping men in thie most agreeable manner into the way of escape, confers the greatest good. Shakespeare, in his tragedy to King Rickard II., appears to have bad such an aim in riew. Before the mind of this great and imaginative poet restod a darl scenu in English history, and as he possessed both a loyal and benevolent dispcsition, be was led immediately to concoive and ain for the good of his country. The masses pould not read, many of them sould not, but they would listen and learn, too, when Shakespeare and the stage sloould become the medium of instraction. The step was raken, and as a result this, with the other bistoric dramas which quickly followed, "produced a very deep effect on tho minds of the Finglish people"" and "were familiar oven to the lerst informed of all ranks." "The spirit of patriotic reminiscence," says Coleridgs, "is the all-permeating soul of this noble work." I have alleady shorfa that when we knows the elements of any society or people, wo may see, as from a mirror, the reflection of coming events. This is exemplified in the ploy before us. Look fur a moment at tha principal characters and scenes of this tragedy.

Norfolk, in his hidden parpose, sho takes ap the gnuntlot of the brave, farseoing, and insinuating

Duke of Hereford ; rash and fanciful Richard, the emblom of weakness, instability and foolbpadiness, whose overy act tends to the consummation of 'is own ruin ; the " wretched creatures" Bagot, Busby, Green, the worthless sycophants of the court, who, with deceitful smiles and fiatteries incessant, stop the cars and steel the heart of their Sovereign against all wholosome advice; the arrogant, unfeeling, ever-changing Northumberland, who, no doubt, long stood ready to omit the title of the King; the inhuma 1 York, who may sacrifice bis son, bis wife, or his political friends, but cannot forsake the stronger party; the treaoherous Aumerle, Henry Hotspur, Sir Pierce of Exton, Surrey, Fitzwater, and others of like disposition, are the restless spirits and elements of discord pith which the pont deals. The redeeming characters are but few. Conspicuous among them stand, like towers, "Old John of Gaunt, time-honored Lancaster," and the Bishop of Carlysle, the embodiment of wisdom and truit, and perhaps we should include the Gardener, whose modest but judicious counsel, bad it been received in time, would have prescrved both the life and the dignity of the King.

With these characters in the full bloom of zeal and power the play opens. Every moment the tragedy deepens, and anon we catch glimpses of tio daris cloud of disaster, as it rises higher and higher above the western horizon. There is trouble in Ireland abrosd, and discontent at bome. Men rush hither and thither, news flies, nature arms herself against the rash King, and the Qucen, wisely foreboding evil, is continually oppressed with a "nameless woe." Does the son of the Black Prince yet hope in an overruling Providence, and trust in gaarding angels and a heaven-bestowed title? Does he still fiatter himself chat " not all the water in the rough rude sea can wash the balm from an anointed king?"

It merely lends additional force to the hint of Carlysle, that if "the meanis that heaven yields" were not "embraced," bat were "neglected," Riohard's overthrow must follow. Already the time bar come when "the breath of worldly men" could "depose the deputy elected by the Lord."

History informs as that Richard. II came to the throne amid the loud and joyful acclamations of an entire kingdom but here we seo him die, by an assasin's hand anid the same applause which grected Hereford King. In the early part of the play the Queen speaks of him as "so sweet a gueat" referring to his personal qualities and beauty of form and face, but in the and we are shown that aimability and sociality are no safe-guards to a rash, wcak man while beauty, at the farthest, is but evanescent strength. The moral is good. Grod help those who are inherently just. Right is the true source of power. But wo must panse here. Time would fail us in any attempt which we might make to point out all the moral teaching of this play. It is heard in
specches, it nestles in sentences, smiles in figures, is displayed in perron and characters, and binted at onen when not plainly expressed. There are no really immoral suggestions in this tragedy-morality and right-doing it broathes forth continually. Granted if you wish that the names of the Doity,- of hell and heaven and raored things are sometimes employed When they might have been omitted, that alliteration and a play on words is 200 frequent, that strained figures, whioh, by the way, are often strained quite naturally, are scattered here and there throughout the whole, yet we dare believe that both the scholar and the critic, although thoy may condemn playwriting and stageacting as now conducted, especially since at the present time there is no necessity in christian lands for resorting to theatres and theatrical representations to gain any wholesome knowledge, will alike cheorfully grant us that in the publio presentation of the drama before us, Shakcspeare iot only did well, but the best thing possible under the circumstances, since he utilized the stage and digrified it while at the sans time by rising above the morality of his age, above his competitors and their grovelling motives he became the wise and generous instructor of Old England and shall yet be the benefactor of the many in other lands and times whose minds and whose hearts shall open to recoivo tho teachings of lis Riohard II.

It is better to de loyal and good than to seent 80.

## Professor Foster's Lecture.

Dear Editor,
We have not ofton jeen so thoroughly well pleased by a public lecture as by the "Plea for the higher Calture" given by Professor Foster on Wednesday evening.
Not that we wers just determined to be pleased, and therefore every thing went well. We had an inward consciousness that the wrinkles would have come out, had there been auy, in spite of ourselves.

Prof. Foster possesses, indeed, an honest, taking earnestness, that bespeaks attention and inter est ; but beyond all the inter-st of appropriate and pleading manaer, the value and bigh claims of the suhject stole jnto our hearts, and took us by storm in like manner as the whole audience were, evidently, we thought, swayed with the feeling of satisfaction and convictiou.

But this, it strikes us, was no small thing to effect, and gives strong evidence of the ability of the lecturer.
It is not overy man or even woman who has the power to make an unpopular subject pepular. Is it then true that "the higher culture" is io unvopular subject? We aro afraid so, tho' $\pi$
by no means intend to make an unfriendly remark.
It was always of necessity somowhat so. To the large majority who count it beyond their reach it must have always scemed too petrician and "stuck up" for love, tho' it may have often been an object of envy. But in an age, a community, a continent eminently utilitarian, in which time seems every hour to move faster; where is the individual who will consent to bs "button-holed" with the praises of the higher culture? Lower culture may make dollars; higher culture rarety. And just hero it is we seem to found our conviction of the winning talent and enthusiasm of the able lecturer from the University of New Bruns-wick.-

For that he was understood and his subjoct relished, the large audience who heard him gave abundant evidence. Who did not perceive that the air was elastic with approbation? And yet, we repeat to you, friend hearer, you were listening to a theme for which the great army of progress marching, on and on, to some golden ElDorado in the west, hes little if any relish.

Of course we "editorial correspondents" are bound to be considered juvenile, and yet, we may venture perhaps to say, the pet dream of our little life has been a wide diffusion of the higher culture. We have believed, in our young breast, that it possessed the power of a mighty principle, and have often felt convinced it were for any man a worthy life-work to make it popular. Judge then of the echo of enthusiasm with wi ich we listened to the lecturor's enthusiastic, often eloquent, and always intelligible, rendering of our favorite idea!

We were too pleased to take notes, and shall therefore attempt no digest of the lecturer's argument and illustrations; suffice it to say, these were cogent, appropriate, convincing, and conveyod in that style of language which seems never burthened with a word too much, and whioh, notwithstanding, nevor barthened the hearer with straining after the apeaker's meaning. The thoughts came frem a deep abundant spring, and yet rose, so to say, to the lips of those who drank them.
"Drink deep or taste not the Rierian spring," might not have been a bad motto for the lecture: and surely all who listened appeared to "drink decp." however new to some, perhaps to many the idea that higher culture offers to all men, all societies, all nations, the large and varied values claimed on its behalf.

Long live the worthy lecturer to present often and to many his well-timed discourse; and often and to many, to follow it with admirable practical addresses like that he gave as on Thursday;

Yours truly, "Shadorf."

## The Concert.

The audience room and galleries of the Baptist Church were thronged last Thursday ovening by the ladies and geutlemen who had been drawn to the anniversary exercises of the College.
The choir which exercised such attractive power was from the Baptist Church, in Germain Street, the pastor of which, Mr. Carey, was present. The esercises continued for upwards of two hours,-the sviftest gliding of the day, in which the high antioipations formed by the oxercisgs of the morning were amply justified. Several pieces of superior excellence were encored, and all commanded the deepest attention, and alicited the heartiest applause.

To some of us this was the first practical demonstration of the superiority of the human voice over the most exquisite of instrumental harmouies. For the expression of all the passionsthe blitheness of joy, the intensity of despair, the depth of pathos, the utter abandonment of woe, the human voice has ranked and ever must rank first as the immediate instrument of the soul through which its emotions are more naturally communicable, and also as being superior in absolu', power, flexibility and melody. To what a rich wasthetic repast we were treated, let all true lovers of músic bear witpess. We who know nothing about the Jenny Linds and Nilssons can only say that we never listened to more delightful melody thian the solos of the Misses Hart and Fostor. We have to tender; in behalf of every student of Acadia, our sincere thanks to Mr. Harding and his choir ; both for the pains talken to instruct and entertain us, and the culturod talent of such high ordjr as they brought to the task.

For ourselves we mean to profit by the lesson. It was not without a feeling of emulation mingled with admiratiou, that we heard a lady's voice in the crowded aud heated room, rise through two octaves so buoyantly and effortless; and fill the space, from the highest note to the lowest, with a volume of sound. We were well aware that had we been speaking we could not properly fill it with respectable ease. . If our present inspirstion only lasts, the woods will ere long be ringing to our vocal gymnastics.

Tife Agadran Aterenzuse is the name of a bright monthly issued by the students of Aoadia Colloge, Wolfville, N. S.,-a Baptist College founded in 1838, and ever since sastaining an oxcellent roputation. -The Watclimar and Reflector, May 17 th, 1877.

## Corrèspondence.

> (For tho Acadia Athonwum,

## Drar Enitors, -

I hope you will not conclude from my long silence that I have firgotten you. So far from this, not a day passeg, on mhich in fancy I do not visit Acadia. Had lise cime at my disposal for writing been equal to my disposition and to the abundant subject-matter on hand, I should frequently have trespassed on your space. But without any coutributions from my pen you have succeeded admirably in filling and enriching the columns of the Athenucem, and I beg to congratulate you on its improved character and appearance.
Ere you receive this the anniversary oxercises will be over and the college halls again for a time deserted. Those who have worked hard-which is true I bolieve of Acadia students generally-will appreciato the rest which pacation brings. But rest comes not to all, at least at the same time. In the German university tho present Semester lasts till the middle of August. The student may indeed enjoy the glories of the bursting spring; he may-in Leip-zig-regale biseyes with the beataties of Rosenthal, and his ears with the songs of its rightingales, but none of these things must be allcwed to allure him from his books. True, a breating spell of five weeks or so is given him from the middle of April on. In my orn case I added a week to each end of this, and availed myself of the opportur $v$ it afforded of visiting Italy, going thithor by way of Nuremburg, Munich, Innsbruck, and the Brenner Pass, and leaving it from Venice across the Adriatic to Trieste, and thence through Vienna and Prague to Leipzig. I spent 18 days in Rome. And such days 1 so full of deliciousI had almost said-delirious pleasure-well! in few life-times do they come more than once. I cannot of course speak particularly in a single letter of what could not bo fully described in a hundred. To mention only tho churches and palaces of Rome, of which of the former there aro 365 and of the latter over 100, how many and peculiar are their attractions. Then there are the museums and galleries of painting and sculpture, the walls and gates and bridges, the forums and temp'es and amphitheatres, ihe arcles and columns and obulisks, thie baths and aqueducts and fountains, the piazzas and promenades and villas, the mausoloums and catacombs and historical houses, and last but not least the charming envirous, such as Tivoli whose scenery inspired some of the most beautiful lyrics of Horace, and 10 miles more distant, Horace's sabine farm, aud Tiusculum the birth-place of Cato and the scene of Cicero's Tusculan disputations, and Alba L.onga made familiar by the poetry of Virgil, and Ostia, and the Via Appia \&e., so that Rome and its surroundings are not only full of interest but almost inexhaustibly so. And the same Tis largely truin of Venice. Florence, and Naples, all which with Verosa, Milan, Turin, Genoa, and Pisa I bad the pleasure of visiting.

The attendance at the University this Semester is possibly greater than it was last, and last Semester it was about 3100. The majority of these may be scen in a body $n$ the University Court on any day during the 15 -minuti iatervals between the different lecture hours. And swarming like a hive or standing in
groups distinguished from each orhor by the differont colored caps worn, showing to whatVGr.... or Gesellsebaft each group belongs, the sight is quite an interesting one to look upon.

Taking them altogether these students are a gentlemanly lot of fellows. They follow some practices indoed which would havdly consist with the code of American Colleges; which at least I hope will nover provail at Acadia,-I refer to smoking, beer drinking, and duelling. The last is acainst the laws of the University, but the laws are evaded, and pretty often too, judging from the number who go about with gashed faces. But in the mattor of order and propriety in the lecture room and respect for the lecturer, the conduct of the Eerman student is unexceptionable. After the Prufessor has taken his stand before his class, the class take the question of the preservation of order into their own hands, and permit nothing in the shape of noise or interruption. Tha poor fellow who is behind time and ventures to diter the room after the lecture has commenced will probably, so to speak, be scraped out of his shoes. Scraping with the feet upon the floor is the way in which a class exp:esses its indignation, and the indignation of thrpe or four hundred scraping all at once is about enough for one mortal to bear. The same thing is done also, only with rcspectful intent, when the lecturer speaks too fast or too indistinctly, and the class find theniselves unable consequently to take down his words or catch his meaning. Then scraping is heard heard and there over the room; the Professor takes we bint and goes over the sentence again. Not a single lecture is given in which mure or less of this doce not occur. This morning, fo: instance, as Dr. Kalnnis was lecturing on the connection of Religion and Philusophy, he gave a quotation from the Greek of Aristotle which was not understood. Scraping was the result. He went over it again, but still the class could not catch the words; heuce more scraping. Then the Doctor took up the chalk and put the quotation on the black board, and turning to the class with his broad face fall of humor said :-" num verstchen ?" The class replied with a tremendous cheer.

The Germans have the reputation of being good students and good scholars, but ? am convinced it is not so much from superior intellectual sharpness and vigor as from dogged persistence in the particular line of inquiry that has been chosen. As original investigators they are probablj behind the English and Americans. On equal terms the American student will be found every way a match for the German. But the entire educational system of this country, and evon the social and political condition of the $1 \mathrm{pe}-$ ple scem to favor that singleness of aim-that concentration of endeavor, which characterize the earman student and ensure his suceess. In this old and over-populous country where, in every department of labor, there seem to be two or three persons to do the work of one, where the condition of things appears to be settled and finished, there are far fuwar diversions from single lines of study than the student meets with in America. Hcre, with all the paths to distinction thronged with aspirants, success is innpos. sible to him who spreads his cuergics over too largo a ficld. It is only by the severest application of the principle of division of labor and by the selection of a single line of \{pursuit, that ultimate distinction can
bo gained. Then the general course of eincation ligre pursuod adapts itself to the same necessity and end. In the Gymnasium indeed, the rango of study is large; in it the student is expocted to familiarizo ininself with several branchos of knowledge. But passing from the Qymnasium to the University, the pold of inquiry is immediately narrowed. Ono principal study and two side-studies are all the student is erpected to devote himself to in the University. After leaving the University the ono main study becomes his work for life, and rare scholarship therein is consequently often the result. You have perhaps heard of the German Professor who spent his days in the study of the Greek article. On his dying bed however he expressed his regret that he had attempted so much. It would have been far better, he said, had he confined his attention to the iota subscript.
But my letter is alrealy too long. There are two or there other topies to which I sinould like to refer, but must defer doing so to another time. In tho mean time with best wishes for the College and Acadeny, I remain,

Yours very truly,
D. M. Welton,

Humboldt St., 31 In., Leipzig.

## Obituary.

Doubthess our readers have already ascertained, through the medium of the "Chistinu Visitors," the sad details in connection with the death of our much boloved and highly osteemed brother G. B. Oliach, of DIusquash, St. John Co. This being the case we deom it unnecessary te repeat them.
This brother was an inmate of our balls during the greater part of the last two years. During his connection with us, he won for himself our highest esteem; and also that of a very large circle of acquaintances. His presence was always relcomed by his fellow students. Being of that affable and obliging dispusition; which endears one to his fellow man, his memory has sunk deep in our hearts, and will ever be cherished by those Fiha know him.
Imniediately after his death the sad news was transmitted over the wires to us that "He had lost his life at a fire." The thrilling naw's was speedily whispered from one to another.
Nover have we heard anything that has cast such a gloom over the institutions as this. A melancholy silence appeared to take possession of each one; the customary levity was ntandoned to give place to thoughts of a mere serious nature.
We were anxiously expecting his presence among us at the closing exercises of the yoar. But "God's ways are not as our ways," Tho my'sleries of a Divine Providence ars beyoud the cenceptions of frail man. At the moment when he may bo prompted by the nolises aspirations, and everything bears a favorable aupect towards a career of
usefulness, then may the brittle thread of life be severed. Although the Divine face may at times be hid from us, and his dealings with us may seem mysterious lot us quielly aud trustiugly wait.

> " God is his orru interpreter
> And ho will make it plain."

We tender to the bereaved family our warmest sympathies in this the greatest of their affictions.

Things about Home.
Hooray! !
Tas Poor Studont's Dream : 30, 0.3, 0.0.
The Graduate's Dream : 1: ! ! *** ! ! !
Nobody's Dream-awake or asleep $=10.00$.
The Mafriculant's Dream :,,$+-=, \times, \div$ ; : : \& \&c.

Turs is the last number of the Athenæum for the year. Aren't you glad?

Ir is pleasant, just now, while sitting at our sanctum table in our shirt-sleeves, perspiring over the June locals to have the usual number of young lady visitors hesitatingly open the door and want to know if "this is the Museum?", Just as ree write a disappointed couple have stopped down and out.

We courr 8.3 faces in the class picture of the the coming Freshmen, honest, intelligent, and promising. A fow who were forced jy circumstances to lerve before the examiuations, may inatriculate in the Fall. We welcome the new class to the toils and pleasures of Colloge life.

The number of College stadents was smaller this year, considering the totaa of names on our roll, than for some years. Our students are largely of that class who have to fight their own battles, and these hard times take thom to the field earlier than they are wont to go.

Last year's graduates will be pleased to learn that all iheir class-trees are doiug woll. The trees set out at the same time by the Colloge are also flourishing. Tthis year a number of deciduous trees have been put in different parts of the ground.

Wolpumbe, and with it Acadia, looked its pretiest this June. It fairly excelled itself. The
(Continued on paye 95.)

## 

Wourvilee, N. S., Juwe, 887.

## EDITORS.

J. Goodwin, ${ }^{\prime} 77$
B. P. Suafnir, $\left.{ }^{\prime} 77\right\}$ Chief Ediiors.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { B. W. Locrinart, '78 } \\ \text { C. K. Harmigton, '79 }\end{array}\right\}$ Asst. Editors.;

## MANAGINC COMNITTEE.

G. B. Healy,
W. P. Shafner,
I. C. Anchbatd, Sec. \& Treas.

The Acadia Athenæum is sent to Subsoribers at the excoedingly low price of Fifty Cents per year, IN ADVANCE, postage pre-paid.

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Wr have reached the close of another College year, and it becomes our pleasant duty to address a few parting words to the readers of our Ataenazoar.

With the printing of the present cops our paper Anishes the third year of its existence. We have labored to fulfil the promises with which we began our editorial work. The burdens of our office have often oppressed, and sometimes wearied and aunoyed us: but supericr to all these has been the pleasure that came from the consciousness that we were doing our best under the circumstances. Thorns have pained but they have generally been covered by roses. If one mail has brought the surly-_" don't want your paper"-the next has borne messages of kindness and sympathy. Across the storms that have shaken our sanctum the rainbow has flung its arch. Our relations with other College journals have on the whole been amicable.
With the exception of a single passage at arms with the "Argosy," our career has been crowned with peace. Our numerous exchanges have manifested uniform courtesy. The suggestions of
friends have been gladly roceived aud duly considered. In the heat and fire of youthful blood wo may have proferred our own notions, and perheps have thus sometimes erred, but our intention has been to do the right thing, at the right time. The Atheneum now stands on a firmer financial basis ihan ever before.
The opening year found us solicitious about money matters. The vuice of the croaker was heard in the camp. Somo said.we will have to foot the bills out of our own pockets, and poured forth their joremiads over our short though hewildering subscribers list.
Others struck a different but not less dismal note. Our list has sprelled beyond expectation; our, bills have beon promptly paid, and if wo have secmed to some a little too pushing in our mode of procedure, let them remember their own youthful inexperience.

We take this opportunity of thanking those of our graduates who have assisted us in our arduous toil. They have helped ia a good enterprise and strengthened the bonds that bound them to their Alma Mater.

We now bid all our readers farewell. We trust that our successors will avoid our mistakes, and widen the reputation and so increase the power of the Ataenciman. We write these lines in sadness for the memories of College life even Low are receding into the past.

No mean attainments are requisite to enable one to form an opinion on the tangled questions that meet us everywhere at the present day. Hence the necessity for a brond culture. The student who would turn in fight the legions of false hypothesis that swarm about him, nusit have a stalwart arm nerved by a well-balanced wellstored brain. Fieasoning from the known to tho unknown is a delicate operation, and one beset with peculinrly perplexing dangers. Fallacies infest all subjects. Sly errors may secretly snap the chain of argument. A faulty syllogism may explode a brilliant theory. Languago may darken thought and palm off the spurious for the real. A fair exterior may hide a mass of hideo zsness. Many a blooming tree is rotten at the core. Ambiguous terms may lead into the desert of doubt.

The views we get in the realm of facts often hang-upon-trifics. How essential then to the truthseeker is a ponetrating gaze and a keen intellectual incipion. Unless the direct eudowment of nature, this rare quality can be largely accuuired only by prolonged systematic and exhnustive study. The main object of all training is the development of pourer. Education as a source of pleasure is but a grovelling view of its work and mission. The athlete swings his ponderous hammer to toughen muscle, so ws wrestle with giant problems that we may gain mental vigor in the struggle. We plongh into the subtilties of metaphysics, logic and philosophy, that we may catch the spirit of sharp inquiry In a word we study all knows relations, material and spiritual, to acquire that clearness of vision and steadiness of nerve, so essential to original investigation. In this view what a dignity crowns otudent life. No longer is the drill of the class-room drudgery, but a valued source of good. Is the subject abstruse? so.much the better as a stern educator. The nobility of the task linked with its importance fascinates and enchains.

The truism, a little knowledge is a dangerous thing, finds copeous illustration in our day. There is a modern tendency, us pernicious as it is general, to gloss men and style them cultured. 1 smattering of the merest rudiments, backed by the gift of prating, is deemed ample equipment for the exigencies of $\mathfrak{a}$ life confict. Young America must learn to harangue a crowd or edit : College magazine, though be to sacrifice to thit art the priceless benefits of a ripe scbolarship. Instead of storing the mind with solid facts, and thus fortifying it agninst the steaithy attack of false opinions, how many sruander their best days in evolving twaddle out of an undisciplined brain. We believe heartily in original independent thought and esteem it one of the loftiest endorrments, but we seriously question the tenet that it receives abiding strength from a mere lanbit of composition, energized by no rigorous well regulated training. The youthful intellect, like a ravp recriit, must feel hard service. Its exuberant faucies mus. yield to the shears of actual life. Its overflowiag vigor to be ufilized must, like a running stream, be turned inio channels of work.

We would not make the student the slave of a
montal tyranny, or crash out the gladness that springs from the full unshackled exercise of his own judgment; but we unhesitatingly.affirn: thet severe drill lies at the bottom of working porver. The pressing need of the age is trained monmon who aro masters of self and of sound learn-ing,-men who are prepared by long and faithful toil to lay bare the wretched sophistries of a false philosophy, and to set forth the beautifnl harmony of truth in every realm.

## Anniversary lu-trcises of 1877.

Oor current academical year closed on the 7h June. The amount of work performed ald tho general results obtained have been such, wo beliepe. as to ensure the continued patronage of the public and to incite the friends of these useful soats of Tearning to rencrped effort on their behalf

The attendance during the gear, notwithstanding tho continued financial dopression. has been encouraging. In both Institutions there were 193 students. Of these 55 were in the Colloge and 138 in the Academy. The attendance at the Academy may be classified. as follows: Males 77; Females 61; Boarders 108; Day pupils 30. The attendance at the academy for a calendar year gives much larger figures. For 1876 it was, Males 130 ; Feraales 91 , total 221.

This amount of worls contrasts very favorably with what is being done at similar institutions in N. S.

From the last report of the Supt. of Education we find that in the Arts course, Acadia had 57 stndents; Dalhousie 52; Sackville College 33; Kings 28, for the last school year. These figures taken in $3 n-$ nection with the fact that the standard of admission to Acada College,-its course of study and length of term time are allin advance of any similar Institurion in the Province,-are at once an inder of the enterprise of its supporters and the appreciation of tho public. Horton Acadomy exhibits a similar gratifying comparison. From the same authority we get the following figures:


It thus appears that our Academy does considerable more classical teaching than either the Ten County Acadomies or the Six other Special Academics belonging to the Educational System of N.S. This is done, too, at no expense to the Province, while the other academies receive a yearly grant of over $\$ 10,000$.

## GEOLOGICAL EXIPEDITION.

One of the features of a College course at Trolfville, is an anuual expedition for Geological and Mineralogital purposes under the direction of the Professor of Scionce. This usually takes place towards the last of Diay and is designed to give the Junior Class, who have just comploted their Geological studies, an opportunity for practical vork. This year, the party chartered a small schooner and visited in her, Blomidon, Five Islands, Prtridge Islahd, Cape $\ddagger$ 'Or and the Joggins. The trip proved to be a very pleasant and profitablo one to the budding Scientists. The shores of Minas Basin and the Bay of Fundy afford oxcollent facilities for scientific exploration. Minerals abound in great varicty and valuable fossils are often obtainable. Among the rare specimens collected this year was a Stigmaria about ten feet long. It was found in complete condition and will be placed by Prof. Kennedy in the College BIuseum so that future visitors to our collection will be able to see what kind of trees grew in the Carboniferous period of N. S., untold centuries aga.

## Watriculation exasconation.

The Examination for admission to College took place this jear on 31st of May and 1st and 2nd of June. About trenty-five candidates presented thenselves, all but one coming from the Academy. The exarainarions extended over $13 \frac{1}{2}$ hours embracing a vide range of subjects. The results of this Examinalion have not jet been made known, but tre have no doubt that the class which is a very promising one will give a good atcount of themselves both at their examination and in their subsequent college curse.-Tive prizes amounting to $\$ 80$ are to be given to this class, but the awards will not be made before September.

## COLLEGE EXAMINATIONS

The terminal Esaminations of the College classes inok place on Mronday and Tuesday, 4th and 5th inst. These cauminations are conducted by writing and are very therough and searching in their cbaracter. Their results combined with the average obtained in elass mork devermine the student's standing at the end of the gear. The subjects of this examination were as follows:-
Fieshmen.-Chemistry. Algebra, English Literature, Poems of Goldsmith, lifemorabilia and Agricoln.

Sophomores.-Analytical Geometry, Differential Calculus. Logic, Astronomy, Ethics, de Amicitia, Alcestis and poems of Gray.
Juniors.-History of Germany, Mechanics, Optics, Geoiogy, Mineralogy, Satires of Juvenal and Epiuus Tyrannus.

Seniors.-During the term haro been working at History, French, Classics and Moral Pbilosophy. Wo understand that the rork done during the year
in the College elasses has been with few exceptions extrencly satisfactory.

## homton acadeaty exabinnations.

These were for the public and wero held on tho 5th and 6th in the Academy Hall. A very encouraging attendance of the leading supporters of the Institution was present during the exercises and expressed themselves woll pleased with the results exhibited. Classes wore examined in Geography, Grammar, Aritbmetic, French, Greek, Latin, BOtany, Mental Philosophy, Grecian and Roman History and English Literature. Tho promptness and intelligent mastery of the subjects oxhibited by the pupils was very commendable. The young ladies acquitted themselves with marked ability, in Latin, French, Arithmetic, Mental Science and other bran bes, while the class prepared for college showed themselves woll grounded in their preparatory studlies. On Tuesday evening a very spirited contest took place in declamation and reading. The successfui competitors will appear below.

The chief attraction of the Academy exorcises was the
mosical and hiterary entertaingent
of Wednesday afterioon, which took place in the church in the village according to the following

PROGRABISE.
Duct, (Overture).-LeCheval DeBronze. . .Auler. Misses Robbins and Shafoer.
Essay-Living with an' aim, Miss Ellen Freeman.
Duet-Emani .... ... . . ...............Rummel. Misses Brown and Sawyer.
Solo-Taust........................ . Leybach. Miss Curry.
Essay-Thomas Babington Macaulay. Mr. G. W. Gates, (excused).
Duet-Miny Dance. ...............Sydney Smith. Nlisses Graves and Rice.
Duct-Lucretia Borgia........... Burgmuller. Misses Can and Chute.
Essay-FIebrew Poetry, Mise Bessio Shaw.
Duct-Priests March..................endelssohn. Misses Killam and MoKeen.
Essay-I'Acadie, Miss Lucy Curry.
Diset-LoTourbillon ................. . Gumann. Misses Maleed and Robbins.
Essay-Whiterash, Morrally considered, Miss Jemnic Iritch.
Solo-Recollections of Home. ......... S. B. aflls. Miss Cann.
Fiessy- What to read and hom, Mr. Arthur Chite.
Duet-Les Colombes Messageres ......... Camille Misses Cromell and Wier. (Schuberg.
Essay-Uses ef Calture, Mise Annie Gilmor.

Duot-Shepherd Boy's Song....... . G. Wilson. Miss Harding and Killam.
Essay-The Study of Natural Science, Mr. Albert Pinco.
Solo-Lerete des Fees. Miss llobbins.
distridution or patzes.
ADDRESSES.

## NATIONAL ANTHEM.

The music was pronounced by competent judges to be of a high erder. Many of the selections were rery difficult, but they were all well rendered, reficting much credit upon the very excellent teacher, Mrs. VanBuskirk. The performers were beartily applauded by the large audience. The essays showed much vigor and originality of thought, expressed in graceful and even elegant diction. They were much commended. Prof. Tufts presented diplomas to two young ladies who had completed the Lilerary course prescribed, viz:-Miss Jonnie Fitch and Miss Bessic Shaw, both of Wolfrille. He addressed them and tive matriculating class in a very neat and appropriate speech. The following Prizes were then presented :-
Essays- 1 st, $£ 5$ sterling, given by William Elder, Esq., St. John, N. B. Niss Annic Gilmore, St. George, N. B. 2nd, ——A. C. Chate, Strewriacke, N. S.

Elocution- $\$ 0.00$, given by Mark Curry, Isq., Windsor, N. S. A. C. Chute, Stewiacke.

Latin- 55.00 , given by Rev. G. MI. W. Carey, St. Jobn, N B. Miss Laura Gourley, Great Villago, N. S.

Greck.- $\$ 5.00$, given by. Clifford Locke, Esq., Lockport, N. S. Harry Bentley, Paradise, N. S. English Litcrature.- $\$ 5.00$, given by H. S. Chase, Esq., Hopkinton, N. H. Miss Ellen Freeman, Canning, N. S.
Arithmeic.-Medal, given by Lord Dufferin. Horrard Schofill, Black River, N. S.
Reading. - Vol., given by Niss Woodworth. Miss Mercy McLeod, Brooklyn, N. S.

Neatness of Rooms.- $\$ 0.00$, givea by Mrs. Mar Corry, Windsor, N. S. Alisses Ros and Chute, Bear River, N. S.
English Grammar.-Vol, given by Mr. F. H.
Eaton. A. N. Roscoe, Centrerillo, N. S.
Specling.- Vol., given by Professor Tufts. Miss Bessic Shar, Woifrillo, N. S.

Geography. - Vol.; given by Mr. F. E. Eaton. Rupert Dodge, Ariddleton, N. S.

## aldarmi aeetina.

The annual meeting of the Associated Alumni of Acndia Collcge took place in the vestry at 8 p . m. Oring to tho illness of the President, E. D. King, Esq., the chair was takon by H. H. Bligh, Esq.

Officers wore olected for the onsuing year as follows:
Pres:'יnnt.-E. D. King, Esq., A. Mr., Halifax. Treasurer.-TL. M. Smith, Esq., A. B.; Halifas. Secretary.-B. H. Eaton, A. M., Halifax.
Vice-President.-Rov. G. M. W. Cary, A. M., St. John, N, B.

## directors.

R. N. Bedinitt; Esq., Halifax ; Albort Coldwell, A. M., Wolfvillo ; H. H. Bligb, Esq., A. M., Halifax; Rev. W. P. Everett, A. M., St. John; Rev. J. W. Manning, A. M., Halifax.

The recommendation of the Excoutive Committee was adopted that tho nomineos of the Alumni for the Goveraorsinips given to the Society to fill, be Dr. T. H. Rand Supt. of Education for N. B., and B. H. Eaton, Esq., of Halifax. It wras announced that the Vaughn prize for the best essay on Acadia College bad not beon awarded. One essay only having come in, the judges had decided that there was no competition. Tho Sec'y is in correspondence with Mr. Vaughn and a further announcement will soon bo made. The Society adjourned to meet in Aug., at the approaching session of the Convention in Wolfville.

## college annitersary.

Thursday, tho great day of the feast, damned propitiously. A slight shomer during the night bad laid the dust. cooled the air and given a look of fresbness and renerred benuty to the graceful foliage of College Hill. Nature looked hor loveliest as though she would lond the oharm of her chaste beauty to the literary and social attractions of the day. The collego flar flonted proudly from the tall flag-staff as the dignataries of the colloge, grave doc-: tors, learned professors, governors, and alumni, with the gorved students formed in procession to make their annual march to the ohurch, whero the anniversary oxercises were held according to the following

## Programe: <br> Voluntary.

Prayer, by Rev. I. E. Bill.
Arusic-"Joy, joy to-day," By the cbior.
Oration-"I'hesystems of tho Stoic and Epicurean Philosophios contrasted," B. P. Sbafier, Annapolis Co.

Mfusic, Solom"Consider the Lillies." Miss Prudie Hartt.

Oration,-"Eistory Plrophetic,"
Joshua Goodrin, N. 3.

## Mfusic-Trio.

The president of tho college then announced that the troo gentleman who bad delivered orations had becn admitted to the degree of B. A., and the fire of the former graduates bad been admitted to the degree of ML . A. These were Rev. G. O. Gates, A.B., Rov. I. A. Darkee, A.B., A. J. Eaton, A. B., J. B. Mills, Esq., A. B., J. F. Longley. Esq A. B., and J. B. Hall, A. B.

These degrees wore then conforrod with the usual ceremony.
H. H. Bligh, Esq., on behalf of the Alumni Association, presented the following prizes:-

Freshman Class prize, $\$ 20$; W. Cox, Stewiacke.

Sophomore Class prize, $\$ 20$; A. I. Deaton, Digby, C. K. Harrington, Sydnoy.

Junior Class prize, 820 ; M. R. Tuttle, Wolfville.

Monthly Essay Prize, $\$ 25$; B. W. Lockhart, Lockhartville.

In addition to these Dr. Sarryer announced that the Lord Dufferin Silver medal had been anarded to Walter Barss, of Wolfville, for extra work in classics.

Dr. Saryer said that it afforded him much pleasure to announce that $\operatorname{Pr}{ }^{\prime}$. Jones, although desirous of remnining longer at 7xford, would meet his classes in September, and that Prof. Tufts had consented to resume his position as Profisor in the College and Principal of the Academy. Ho explained that the graduating class, nore so small, had numbered fifteen on entering College, but had become reduced, through various causes, to its present size. This dimnuition of college classes was partly through financial inability, but often through intellectual iuability. Although there was no formai placking at the yearly examinations, the same results were accomplished in a quicter way. The students who were unable, whether through insufficient preparation or through inattention to their duties to maintain the prescribed standing, were citber turned back or advised to remain at home. These measures effectuaily secured the "survival of the fittest."
Prof. Fostor, upon invitation of the President, made an escellont speech. He mentioned the pleasure he bad experienced in witnessing these anniversary exercises and the evidences of advanced culture cxhibited in the orations to which ho had just listened. He felt sure that Acadia College was doing a great work for bigher education in Nova Scotia. He hoped that its influence might be extended and multiplied tili all classes should be benefitted by the thorough and liberal training imparted here.
The orations by Messrs. Shafner and Goodwin wers of no ordinary merit. Both bor. evidences of vigorous, independent thought espres ed in elegant, often eloquent, language, and both were delivered with a distinctness of enunciation aud graco of action that rere pery pleasing to the andience. The music, by amitcurs from St. Joln, was beyond praise. The very farorable impression made by these singers wius they were in Tholfrillo before was decpened by further aequaintance with them.

## ALUEINL DINAVER.

At 2 p.m., the Alumni and friends, to the number of 150 , sat dorn to a very excellont dinner, prepared by MIr. and Mirs. Keddy, the sterrard and matron of the Academy. The spacious dining ball
was benutifully decorated for the ocoasion, and when all the ladies and gentlomen had taken their seats, and the waitors were iudustriously administering to the gastronomic demands of the company, the scene was very animated. The dinner was an excellent one in all respects, well selected, well cooked, well served, and woll apprecinted.

After the dinner, speeches were made by the Rev. Mr. Everett, of St. John; J. W. Longley, of the Recorder, of Halifux; Mr. Hay, of the Mforning News, of St. John; Mr. Hathway, of the St. John Globe; Rev. Mr. Cary, of St. John ; Rev. I. D. Bill, of St. Martin's ; Prof. Foster, of the N. B. University; Rev. A. S. Hunt, Sup. of Education; Rev. E. W. Saunders, of Halifax; the Rev. Dr. Sawyer, Pres. of the College.
iifr. Everett made a very happy speceh. It gave him great pleasure to join the annual pilgrimage to this, Iducational-Necca of the Baptists of the Lower Provinces. He was glad to find things generally in such a satisfactory condition and to learn that the past year had been such a prosperous one in every respect. New Brunswick, he was happy to state, was well represented at Wolfville. He was glad to see Prof. Foster, of the Fredericton University, here, was delighted with the honorable position taken by the students from his Province, both male and fomale, and was further gratified at what was being done across the Bay for the Endowment fund

## Acknowledgments.

H. C. Rand $\$ 1.00$; John L. Brown,

S1.00; R. P. Greenmood, E. A. Freemin, Rov. J. R. Stubbert, 93 ; Rov. S. March, 81.00 ; Miss Annie Gilmour, Ror. E. Howe, Robert Horre, Hiram Smith, \$1.50; Robert Hannab, S1.0n; J. P. McDonaid, Arthur N. Mhitmam, Si.00; C. B. Whitman, H. N. Raint, S1.00; E. Besmer, T. P. Calking, § $1.00 ;$ J. S. Witter, C. E. Grifin, John Johnson, $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 0 0 ;}$ J. F. Covey, A.B., J. R. Braiford, Rer. T. W. Crawlo, Wm. Lewis, John Burditt, E. P. Bomles, M. D., W. P. Shafnor, J. L. Morse, H. W. Rand, G. L. Rartriquin, S1.75; L. P. Godfres, 70; Allert Gates, , 1.00 ; Jos. Barss, $\$ 1.00$; Theophilos 310 Donald, $\$ 1.00 ; \mathrm{J}$. A. Blair, M. D., J. H. Vaugh, Lachlan P. Farris, इ1.00; J. W. Jefferson, Prof. J. T. Mellish, A. Dykeman, R. A Courtnes, $\$ 1,00 ; \mathrm{R}$ I_ Telfer, S. D. Mianna, Daria Sterart, 93 ; L. G. Huat, R. E.Chambers, E. D. Fraer, S1.00; Miss Helen A. Vidito, John R. Calhoun, M. P. P., Albert Clarke, Hon. John Icfargy, Cinas. Baker, S. Simpson, Stephen Baker, J. B. Clarke, R. Rodgers, C. Scharman, W. G. Strong, J. W. Hamilton, Ror. J. N. Fillmoro; L. S. Wallace, W. C. A rohibnld, Ror. W. A. Cover, S1.00; MI. B. Palmer, J. W. Spurden, J. F. Currie, J. F. Forbss, Si.00; F. F. Forbes, C. H. Morse, M1. D., Rer, Malcoln Ross, F. AI. Grant, SI.00; Rer. D. L Simpson, S1.00; 0 C. S. Wallace, 60 ; Mr. Jokn Locko, Amen A. Wiilen, C T. Carbonell, Freeman Fitch, W. Neil Simpson, Johnathan Locke, Miss Cassic $\Sigma$. Harris, Joshun Thompson, S1.00; E. C. Spinney, Rer. J. M5, Parker, Judson Hughes, 11.09 Wallace Phinncy, Rer. J. F. Kempton, E. H. Robiosen, 25; Rer. VF. P. Ererctt, Myra Locitrood, Otis Reden, Amanda Hanilton, Carmon Marshall, John Shafner, T. G. Dunlop, 70; Alonzo Danicls, \$1.00; Mortimer Smilh, S1.00; Prof. Foster, WV. Cbase, David Phinney, Rer. I. W. C. Dimmoc, Gco. H. Durland; F. L. Shafner, Miss F. Wilc, Silas Peal:
spring was far advanced, the trees draped with their richest foliage, the orchards blushing at their own loveliness, about all the beauty of the dykes, simple and unvaried, and the benuty of the hills, broken and diverse. The weather, too, was cool and plensant, not as clear and hot as at some former annivorsaries.

We formerly mentioned that Ike is an enthusiastic student. He is also no unvearied supporter of the "Athenæum"-losing no opportunity to gather in salscribers. The other day Mrs. Partiagton was in town and Ike took her into the Acadia Book Store to get her to put down her name for the Athencum. The old lady gazed around the store with that expression of mingled curiosity and sageness incident to elderly persons of her sox, and ran an inquiring eye through the show-cases and along the shelves. At length she paused, looked troubled and asked Mr. Payzant if be "kept any of Mr. Dime's novels." "Certainly," he replied, "no bookstore would be complete without them." " Ah !" said the old lady, sighiug over the depravity of the times, "Mr. Dime was a bad man, a very bad man, nobody ought to read his books." Aud then Ike coaxed his mother out of the store and went off to hunt for mose subscribers.

Br the time this issue of the Athenmum is distributed, our students will be also distributed, some home to rest, some out to labor. To all we wish a pleasant vacation. Just here let us say that a vacation cannot be really and permanently pleasant, unless it is profitably spent. And when we say "profitably," we do not mean that a great amount of work, especially mental work, must necessarily be doue; we do not mean that the mathematics must suffer or the classics weary the mind, although a threo month's ccurse in the higher calculus, or in the syntax of the classics, would be by all odds preferable to a three months course in lounging and ennui, every lesson in which would be a sledge-hammer blow at the foundation of that mind-culture and mind-strength, thich we have been laying the whole winter long. Rust, not rest, is a more sure and speedy destroger than use. Idleness, not recreation, is a fearful demornlizer. Not recreation, we say. The most profitable summer may be spent by him who leaves sll his text books on his College bookshelres. We have had a long winter's work over them, and if we have used fairly our time we need rest, change, recreation, either in amusemeat or physical labor. We would not say that a bard student wastes his summer if he nevor openg a book. Fishing and shooting, swimming and boating, gaidening if you choose and geologizing, may add sach strength to his body, vigor to
his braius nud vivacity to his spirits, that in the course of time he will he the gainer rather than the looser.by the interval of recrention, and then he has all the fun into the bargain. So let those of us who are not called to the Bema, or the Ferule, or the Yard-stick, or the Mowing machine, enjoy ourselves in the modes mentioned, is far as we severally require. Beyoud that we may find modes of employment both useful aud restful Physical labor; and the unwearing mental activity that attends it, generally, if not always, prove more beneficial than an unbroken course of amusements, even recreative amusements. Physical labor, to the student, is both crantive and recreative. The same is true of the lighter kinds of intellectual employment. An hour's study, daily, of Shakespeare, or Macaulay, or one of the firstrank poets, would add much both of pleasure and profit to the summer months. Some time spent each day in composing, too, would not be thrown away. In a word, the summer should be employed so is to preserve and supplement the culture of the winter.

Tas Quecn's Birthday was the most holidaylike holiday of the session. If loyalty consists in filling our Sovereign's natal day with eujoyment, we are logal far beyond the average provincialist. The Yarmouthians, in celebratisg their own natal day alone, can compete with us in variety and multiplicity of amnsements. The day began about three hours earlier than the ordinary student's day begins. At 4 A . M. the halls resonaded to the call and tramp of the Freshmen, who with satchel on shouldor and joy on face took the land route for the shores of Blomidon. There they were to geologize, as well they knew how, and enjoy themselves immensely. Quiet, broisen by an occasional footstep, then reigued over the iustitations, till about 6 A. M., when the cricket club woke up and wanted its breakfast. It.was bound for Windsor in the 7 A . M. train to add another laurel cither to their own brow or that of the Kings College club. The Juniors had, a few days before, departed on their usual geological tour, and so when the train left the station, few and far between, comparatively, were the students that were left to honor the Queen at Acadia. The Senior class, three Sophs, the Sems, and some Acaderyy boys who had not gone to Windsor with the Sophomores, or to Blomidon with the Freshmen, still remained. After breakfast all these, with the exception of the Sem., gathered before the College, and as the bell struck and the flag climbed gracefully up the staff and shook itself oat to the breeze, a 30 -voiced cheer broke against the College walls. Then the grand old "God Save the Queen" swelled up and again the 30 -voiced cheer rang out. At this juncture, the

Sems, who had been passive, but interested spectators, lifted up their sopranos and altos and warbled right loyally: Then the bass voices cheered again. Feeling, by this time in a very cheerful mood, we added to the usual proceedings and three threes went up in turn for the l'resident, the-College, the Academy, the Seminary, the Senior class and "the fellows who are going to be plucked. As a large per centage of the Academicians in the group were would-be matriculants, this closing cheer was joined in enthusiastically. The crowd then dispersed.

About this time a keen eye, on the lookout for some pleasant way of spending the day, espied the Basin Clipper making the village, and in a few moments the owner of this eye was on the wharf, chartering the steamboat for a day's plensuring. Mcanwhile the bell rang for prayers and three solitary students went in and sat down.

After prayers preparations were made for a day off, and a long and smiling array consisting of three collegians, nearly all the remaining Academicians and the entire Sem. teachers aud all, waltzed down along the hill and through the village, and about 10 A. M. set out for song-famed Blomidon. The day wore on. The half-dozen still under the shadow of Acadia amused themselvés in various ways. Some swung the oar, and a little party of three stole up over the hill and along the valley to Duncan's brook. A foretaste of vacation hung about the College. The afternoon, in the village, passed pleasantly away, a cricket caling the older aud a picnic the younger portion of the community from their homes. It would make this local too long to tell how the time went by abroad, how the Juniors compassed sea and land, how the Freshmen, removed from the awful restraint which the presence of Sophomores and Seniors cver imposes on them, disportod themselves on the shaggy hillside and raced over the rocks; how the Sophomores, giving no peace to the wicket, batted their way to glory, or how the steamboat party amused-themselves, both on sea and shore, in the thousand and two ways that a party of good-natured and lighthearted, care-free young ladies and gentlemen knew how to amuse themselves. Suffice it to say that the hour haud crept around all too swiflly.

Towards evening the halls began to echo again to the voice of the student. The rowers came up from the Basid, the fishers returned, emptyhanded, from the valley; the Freshmen, with their satchels full of doubtful looking amethysts, agates, and conglomerates, and their clothes full of the dust of travel ; the Sophomores and others of the Cricket Club, with joy in their hearts and glory on their brow; the water party, imbued with the spirit of the sea and the infinite sleepiness that naturally results from a long day on the wave and
along the shore, surged ap the hill, company after company, in due time. The 24th was over.

Tre Students and Officers of the College wish to convey their thanks to the many kind friends of the Institution in Wolfville, who have so hospitably entertained the numerous visitors from abroad, during anniversary week.

## Funnyisms?

A dog fight is now facetionsly called an "affairo du cur."-Clip.

Scene in the Grammar Class.-Question: "What part of speech is most distasteful to lovers?" Ans.: "The third person."-Clip

It was a German editor who said that in the United States thieves were so scarce that thoy have to offer a remard for them.-Clip.

One of the Wooster girls says Mr. Senior's moustache on a cold evening tastes like ice-cream. - Ex.

Bright * of my $x$ is 10 ce , give me an m~~n! said a Senior 2 to bis sweetheart. She made a at him and planted her ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 'between his 2 ii's which made him C ***.—Clip.

A prung lady sent to a British nerspaper a poem entitled "I Cannot Mako Him Smile." Tho editor ventured to express the opinion that she would hare succeeded if she had shown him tha poem.-Clip.
" John, what is the chief branch of educat. $\mu$ in your sehool?" "Willow branch, sir. Master has used up near a whole tree."

A Sophomore kissed his sweetheart the other night and asked her if sle felt his moustach? "Ob, no," said she, "I only felt a little down in the month."
"T Taik about the extrafagance of dress in wromen," cries Martha Jaue, exul'ngly. "What do you say to Tweed's six-million suiv, ${ }^{\prime} \dot{Z}$ like to know. He isn't a voman, I guess."

Young lady to gentleman: "Pick up my fan, hand me a cbair, and pass ne a glass of water." Gentleman (indignant): "Do you take me for a servant?" Lady (serenely) : "No, I mistook jou for a gertleman."

Professor in Rhetoric: "Will somebody givo me a heart?" Young lady (adraacing timidly): "Pro. fessor, you may have mine."


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1876-1877.
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