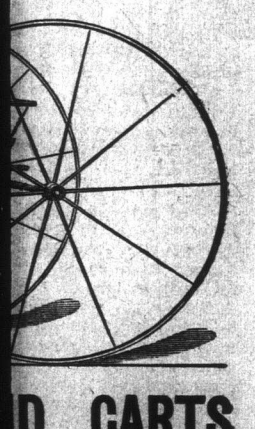


he still desired to take... it appears, was in... with the poor people...

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NO MORE DISQUEIT.

Return of Chief of Provincial Police... Numerous Pow-Wows With the Indians...

From our own Correspondent... NANAIMO, April 13.—The Dominion...

Details of the Expedition—Well Managed and Highly Successful Negotiations.

The steamer... The steamer... The steamer...

The steamer... The steamer... The steamer...

Several of the witnesses were then heard... Several of the witnesses were then heard...

After dinner the taking of evidence was continued... After dinner the taking of evidence was continued...

Then arose a massive Kikialah named... Then arose a massive Kikialah named...

"We men," said he, "of the Kikialah... "We men," said he, "of the Kikialah..."

"But, Chief Hussey, suppose you go... "But, Chief Hussey, suppose you go..."

HOME RULE.

Mr. Redmond Continues the Discussion... Mr. Courtney Has Doubts as to the Justice of an Irish Parliament.

The Premier Has Seen Nothing to Justify Putting on the Cloture.

LONDON, April 13.—The debate on the second reading of the Home Rule bill was continued in the House of Commons...

Mr. Redmond, who was speaking for the second time, said that the bill was a measure of justice...

Mr. Courtney, who was speaking for the first time, said that the bill was a measure of injustice...

Mr. Courtney, who was speaking for the second time, said that the bill was a measure of justice...

Mr. Courtney, who was speaking for the third time, said that the bill was a measure of justice...

Mr. Courtney, who was speaking for the fourth time, said that the bill was a measure of justice...

Mr. Courtney, who was speaking for the fifth time, said that the bill was a measure of justice...

Mr. Courtney, who was speaking for the sixth time, said that the bill was a measure of justice...

CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, April 13.—Mr. John Hanikter... LONDON, M.P. for Canterbury, has given notice in the House of Commons...

LONDON, April 13.—Several of the largest nation-glass merchants in Canada have formed a combine and have applied for a charter under the name of the Consolidated Plate Glass Company, Limited...

LONDON, April 13.—A furious battle was fought a few days ago near Oreston between the Indians belonging to the estates of Gussacarran and Quolacta...

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CABLE LETTER.

Failure of Large English and Colonial Bank—Alexander Baird's Two Wills.

LONDON, April 13.—The Tribune publishes a report that the investigation of the bank scandal has revealed enormous irregularities in the affairs of the Bank of America...

MELBOURNE, April 13.—Since April 1st more than £200,000 have been withdrawn from the English, Scottish and Australian chartered bank...

PARIS, April 13.—In the anarchist trial which was concluded, Bricot was found guilty as charged...

VIENNA, April 13.—The town of Veszprem, Hungary, has been almost completely destroyed by fire...

MOSCOW, April 13.—In consequence of the fact that he has received here today the effect that China is gathering arms and other warlike material in Chinese Turkestan...

THE ARBITRATION. U. S. Counsel Carter Continues His Argument and Causes Considerable Controversy.

THE DECISION MUST BE BASED ON GREAT MORAL PRINCIPLES COMMON TO HUMANITY.

PARIS, April 13.—Upon the resumption of the sitting of the Behring Sea court of arbitration today, James C. Carter continued on behalf of the United States the presentation of the American side of the case...

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FATHER OF DEMOCRACY.

New York, April 13.—Democrats throughout the United States, by receptions, banquets and public gatherings, celebrate to-day the 150th anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson...

WASHINGTON, D.C., April 13.—The University Club celebrated Jefferson's birthday to-night with a grand banquet under the auspices of the alumni of the University of Virginia...

ANN ARBOR, Mich., April 13.—The University of Michigan Democratic Club kept open house this afternoon in celebration of Jefferson's birthday...

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., April 13.—Telegraphic advices were received yesterday by an Albuquerque gentleman who has just returned from the Mexican frontier...

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CLEVELAND AT CHICAGO. His Wife Will Press the Button at the White House.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Arrangements for the trip of President Cleveland to Chicago to take part in the exercises attending the opening of the Columbian exposition on May 1 will be completed in a day or two...

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Secretary Gresham said yesterday afternoon that the action of the government in directing Admiral Harmon to send a war vessel to Corea had been taken simply as a precautionary measure...

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PLUNGER PARTRIDGE.

Chicago's Great Wheat Bear Ruined by Bulls Cuddey and Eggleston.

CHICAGO, April 13.—The most widely known wheat speculator in the grain trade of the world last night acknowledged himself beaten if not ruined. In the interview Edward Partridge talked wildly of his losses and of revenge, declaring that his wife and his real estate would yet enable him to redeem himself and down the enemies who he admitted had pushed him to the wall in the great May wheat deal.

There were scenes of wild excitement on the board of trade when the movement began to boom May wheat to \$1 a bushel. The whole trade seemed to feel that the fate of the multi-millionaire partridge, Eggleston, and the feeling of nervousness and anxiety was widespread. He covered his enormous short sales hurriedly on Tuesday for margins away beyond the market. His position was supposed to be unworkable by advances in July, as he was unprepared to be about a lot of that month also.

It is said that he had been turning securities into money in large amounts for a week in anticipation of a squeeze, but the need for ready cash had to-day apparently only fairly begun. Everything seemed to be conspiring with the big bull clique, headed by the multi-millionaire partridge, Eggleston, and the feeling of nervousness and anxiety was widespread. He covered his enormous short sales hurriedly on Tuesday for margins away beyond the market. His position was supposed to be unworkable by advances in July, as he was unprepared to be about a lot of that month also.

With a terrific roar May opened to 90 cents, an advance over night of 3 1/2 cents. It was supposed that this would bring the plunger down, but he was apparently in the ring by a large majority, and the clique, seeing its mistake, began pounding the market with heavy offerings of one of the best known clique brokers, and inside of five minutes the quotation was 84 cents. A series of wild fluctuations followed. The figure shot to 90 cents followed, but the excitement had exhausted itself. At the end of the first hour the market was comparatively steady, 6 cents under the opening figure, though another upheaval was looked for.

The bull game evidently was to make heavy margins necessary, though distinguished speculators were not to be deterred. The plunger down, but he was apparently in the ring by a large majority, and the clique, seeing its mistake, began pounding the market with heavy offerings of one of the best known clique brokers, and inside of five minutes the quotation was 84 cents. A series of wild fluctuations followed. The figure shot to 90 cents followed, but the excitement had exhausted itself. At the end of the first hour the market was comparatively steady, 6 cents under the opening figure, though another upheaval was looked for.

After unusual fluctuations May closed at 86 1/2 cents, within 1 cent of yesterday's price. The range during the day was about 10 cents. Eggleston's defeat there seems to be nothing to prevent a consummation of the deal. As to the identity of the clique there is as much mystery as ever. Nobody has yet named John and Michael Cuddey and "Sandy" Eggleston. But few acquainted with the situation believe that these are the principals.

Ed Partridge, who has been apparently buried by the bull movements of Michael and John Cuddey and Sandy Eggleston is a servy little fellow, who it would seem is not so full of life and energy in the market as an extensive dry goods merchant and owner of a fine estate. It is not believed that Jim Keene was interested.

CHINESE EXCLUSION. WASHINGTON, April 13.—Extraordinary efforts will be made to secure an adjournment upon the Chinese Exclusion Act by the Supreme court at this term. The matter has been the subject of correspondence between the governments of China and of the United States, and at the request of the United States Department of Justice has completed the necessary preliminaries in connection with counsel for the Chinese Government and its subjects in this country. The argument in contempt, the arrest of a Chinese laborer in New York for violation of the terms of the law, a prompt decision in the Lower courts and an appeal to the Supreme court of the United States, which may be heard on the 8th day of May, is called. If the programme be carried out, the decision will be rendered by the middle of May, at which time the court expects to adjourn sine die for the term. The argument for the United States Government in support of the constitutionality of the law will be made by Solicitor General, and for the Chinese Government by Choate, of New York, and Ashton, of this city.

QUEBEC'S WANTS. WASHINGTON, April 12.—Ex-Freemason Honore Mercier, of Quebec, and J. C. Langelier, late assistant Registrar of the Province of Quebec, arrived in Washington City to-day. Mr. Mercier said that he was on a pleasure tour, and that annexation or other political measures had nothing to do with his presence at the capital. In response to a request for his views upon annexation, Mr. Mercier said: "I can speak for the Province of Quebec alone. There is with us a strong feeling for annexation under certain conditions. The dominating sentiment, however, is for a separation from England and a complete Canadian independence."

HAWAII BELIEVED.

Americans Charged Over Hauling Down of the Stars and Stripes.

The Provisional Government Able to Maintain Itself—The Chief Danger Japanese Interference.

HONOLULU, H. I., April 6.—Probably no more dilatory task ever fell to the lot of an American seaman than was imposed upon Lieut. Draper, of the U. S. marine corps of the Boston, who has been stationed at the Government house since the Provisional Government assumed power...

On the afternoon of March 31 the commission held a lengthy and secret conference with President Dole and the military...

These residents who were inclined to support the commission through their opinion of his good intentions quoted constitutional and international law to sustain their position...

There was a sudden hush of the throng as Lieut. Draper, U. S. Marine, raised his bugle and sounded the call in clear and distinct notes...

As the crowd dispersed from Palace square it was remarked by many whites with surprise that no demonstration of any kind had been made when the Hawaiian flag was raised beyond the "present arms" of the provisional troops...

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Japanese subjects or the Hawaiians themselves.

Minister Stevens, Commissioner Blount and Admiral Skerrett consulted over the matter, and it is stated, agreed that Japanese interference would be a not of hostility to the United States and American interests demanded that such be repelled...

Several official changes have been made recently. A. S. Clegg, father of Princess Kaulani, retires from the collectorship of customs...

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CAPITAL NOTES.

Statue of Sir John Macdonald for the Parliament Grounds—World's Fair Arrangements.

Tribute to Darcy McGee—R. G. Overlooked—John White's Company Incorporated.

OTTAWA, April 14.—Tenders inviting artists to submit models for a statue to Sir John Macdonald, to be erected on the Parliament grounds, Ottawa, will be called for in a few days. The statue is to be of bronze, nine feet high, the models to be on foot...

John White, ex-M.P., G. Boswell and others have been incorporated as the Toronto and British Columbia Lumber Co., Ltd., with a capital of \$1,000,000.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Up to the hour of closing the Department of State said no information had been received regarding the action of Commissioner Blount in entering the U.S. flag to be removed from the Government buildings in Honolulu...

PARIS, April 14.—Mr. Carter, counsel for the United States, continued his address to-day before the Behring Sea court of arbitration. He further discussed the law governing the tribunal and likened unrestricted destruction of seals to piracy...

BRUSSELS, April 14.—The police made an attempt this evening to disperse an enormous crowd outside the People's Hall. The crowd resisted stubbornly, and many workmen were wounded. Great crowds of demonstrators gathered in the streets...

NIAGARA CANAL. NEW YORK, April 13.—The officers of the Niagara Canal company deny emphatically the statement made by Count Keratry that their scheme is purely a political measure, and secondary in proportion to the Panama Canal...

PHENOMENAL ICEBERGS. LONDON, April 15.—The British bark Ariadne, Capt. Croft, arrived here yesterday from Tacoma. She confirms the reports heretofore received of the phenomenal ice drifts from the Antarctic ocean...

COAST CROP REPORT. (Seattle Press-Times.) Local reports from the valleys tributary to the Sound tell of inactivity, owing to the weather. The work of plowing the new ground everywhere stopped with the rain...

THE FIRE RECORD. SEASPORT, April 14.—A fire in Colman's salt block destroyed eight buildings. Two firemen were seriously injured by falling timbers; loss, \$3,000.

HUNTSVILLE, April 14.—John Miles & Sons' planing mill was burned yesterday; loss, \$12,000; insurance \$8,000. George Hiseley & Co., hats and caps, have assigned, with liabilities of \$3,000.

HOME RULE.

Continuation of the Discussion in the Imperial Parliament by Hon. Mr. Asquith.

Michael Davitt's Position—A Member Called to Order by the Speaker.

LONDON, April 14.—In the House of Commons to-day, Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone continued a desire to close the debate on the second reading of the bill on Tuesday next. Rt. Hon. Mr. Balfour protested against such an early termination of the discussion...

AMIDST cries of "withdraw!" "apology!" etc., the Speaker rose and called for order. "If the expression was used," he said, "it must be withdrawn by the gentleman who used it."

FROM SEATTLE. PORT TOWNSEND, April 14.—(Special)—Hon. P. Restar and A. L. Baldwin, Government civil engineers, arrived from Washington City this evening to await the arrival of the U.S.S. Patterson from San Francisco...

BEHRING SEA. Proceedings of the Arbitrators—Counsel Carter Contents for Search and Seizure.

U. S. Decline to Assume the Responsibility of Reporting the Proceedings.

PARIS, April 14.—Mr. Carter, counsel for the United States, continued his address to-day before the Behring Sea court of arbitration. He further discussed the law governing the tribunal and likened unrestricted destruction of seals to piracy...

AMSTERDAM, April 14.—The Socialists in this city have recently been making nightly attempts to hold a demonstration in front of the Royal Palace. Night after night their plans have been frustrated by the police...

CANADIAN NEWS. MONTREAL, April 14.—At the annual meeting of the Dominion Cotton Mills Co., held here yesterday, the statement showed the value of the company's output was \$230,000. The company now owns eleven mills, ten of which are in operation.

MONTREAL MATTERS. MONTREAL, April 15.—(Special)—The funeral of Alexander Buntin, the well-known paper manufacturer, who died recently at Bath, England, took place yesterday from the family residence here.

MONTREAL, April 14.—David Preston, mechanical superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway works in Montreal, died yesterday from blood poisoning produced by the use of a solution applied to a corn.

BOWMANVILLE, April 15.—Word has reached here that Rev. Henry Garwood of New York had returned to his quarters at Africa under the superintendence of Bishop Taylor, of the American board of missions, and was accidentally drowned.

BOUND TO RULE.

Descendants of the Great Explorer in New York En Route for Chicago.

The Duke of Veragua Accorded the Highest Civic Honors.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The American line steamer New York, from Southampton, with the lineal descendants of Christopher Columbus, Duke of Veragua on board, arrived at quarantine shortly after 6 o'clock this morning...

VIENNA, April 14.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says the wording of King Alexander's proclamation is quite in the style of King Milan, and he fears that the army supported the coup d'etat.

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CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS.

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WORLD'S FAIR.

Newly Elected Directors—Object Lesson in Civil Engineering—The Opening Ceremonies.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The newly-elected directors of the World's Fair met in special session this morning and re-elected President H. H. Higginbotham, Ferd W. Peck and Treasurer A. F. Seeburgner.

AMERICANS, Turks, Cingaleses, Russians and representatives of other nations, making a motley throng through the hallways of the fair, gathered in the midway piazzas this morning and watched with interest the work of hoisting the immense iron sections of the derricks...

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The Colonist.

FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1893.

BEWILDERED JOURNALISTS.

The figures of the census, on which the Government were expected to base a Redistribution measure, are to the newspapers of the Mainland almost as bewildering as was the famous Fifteen Puzzle of a few years ago. They find it impossible to arrange them so as to produce a result that can be relied upon. They are not content to do as we have done; take them on faith and accept the results they lead to without question.

The World has got into a bad temper over them and has so far forgotten itself as to say what is not true with respect to our simple and easy computation. It asserts that we stated that the "voting strength of the Province is 54,950." We, as our readers know, did nothing of the kind. What we did say was that the enfranchised population of the Province after the Indians and Chinese were eliminated are, as shown to be by the figures supplied to the Government by the authorities at Ottawa, 54,061. This is very different from stating that the voting strength of the Province amounted to that number. There is no necessity for making any misstatements about the matter. We certainly did not make the statement on our own authority. It was the result of a very simple calculation, having for its data figures supplied by officials of the Dominion Government. If they lead to results distasteful to the World and its very good friend the Westminster Columbian, we may be very sorry; but how can we help it? Addition and subtraction are limited by rules that cannot be changed, to suit the exigencies of either localities or parties. All that we wished to prove by our calculations was that our critics and opponents themselves being the judges, it is most unreasonable to expect the Government to frame a Redistribution bill satisfactory to any one on the census returns and other data supplied by the Department of Agriculture.

AN AUDACIOUS NEWSPAPER.

Our clever contemporary, the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, has had the boldness to criticise pretty sharply the "Single Tax theory." We admire the Intelligencer's audacity and we trust it will survive the effects of the contempt and indignation of the outraged Georgistes. It, perhaps, does not know that they are the most concealed and the most intractable of theorists. They are, in fact, the Pharisees of political economy. If Job were alive now he might say to them, "Ye are the people and wisdom will die with you." They look down with supreme contempt on every other school of economists, and the unfortunate man who should dare to question the infallibility of their prophet, Henry George, must expect to be looked down upon as the most ignorant and the most incapable of the sons of men. It is not a little singular that the disciples of Henry George, who condemn every system of social reform but that of their master, are the most intolerant of controversialists. They show the man who does not accept George's system of wholesale robbery no quarter. Though some of them are the shallowest creatures that ever attempted to enlighten their fellow-men they affect to believe that George's theory is so profound and so complicated that it is beyond the comprehension of men of ordinary intelligence who refuse to swallow the Georgian absurdities.

One would think that men, who are passably honest, when they come to find that the acceptance of George's theory requires them to believe in robbing everyone of his land whether he is rich or poor, would reject a scheme of social improvement which is based upon wholesale robbery. Those of George's disciples who are not completely infatuated by it try to explain away this feature of their teacher's system. But they show their folly when they do so, for George's system with its abolition of private property in land is worse and more absurd than the play of Hamlet with the part of Hamlet taken out. And how does George say that private property in land is to be abolished? By taking from its owners, small and great, the land that is now legally theirs without compensating them to the extent of a single cent. These half converts to George's system are really more dangerous than the fully converted, for they are ready to support the latter's measures, which sit at a partial confiscation of land. It is quite evident that the converts to this pernicious system have made up their minds that since they cannot get people to consent to a wholesale confiscation of land they will do what they can to get in the thin end of the wedge and do their very best to make the land as of little value to its owners as possible. This intention can be seen in many of the measures which the full disciples and the half disciples of Henry George advocate and prevail upon unsuspecting persons to support.

They act upon the assumption that land should not be private property, and they are therefore ready to tax it to such an extent that it will be of no value to its owners. The nearer they advance to this point the better they are pleased, for then they are getting close to what their master has taught them is the perfection of statesmanship.

The workingman who has lent a willing ear to the specious arguments of the Henry George men does not suspect that their object is to deprive him and his children of the plot of land he has purchased with the savings of half a lifetime. He does not realize that according to the Georgian creed the, when he bought his lot with his hard-earned savings, was nothing better than a robber, and that it will be a virtue to take it from him so soon as there are Georgistes enough in the land to enact laws sanction-

ing the robbery. Mr. Arthur, Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, whom the Intelligencer quotes, saw that this would be the result of the adoption of the Georgian system, for he said:

I am directly opposed to many of Mr. George's theories, especially the one relating to the ownership of property. Quite a large number of our members own their own homes, and I am sure they would seriously object to giving them up to benefit men who don't own homes and never would if their possession depended upon their own exertions.

The electors both of the Province and of the municipalities should be on their guard against the men whose object it is to place every possible burden on the land. The theory that the land can be made to bear all the burdens of the state, and that taxing it exclusively will abolish poverty, is what Herbert Spencer is said very properly to have denounced as "rubbish." The experiments of ignorant men who think that they understand this theory are certain to do mischief that cannot be readily remedied.

PUGET SOUND TIMBER.

The Oregonian believes that timber will be scarce at Puget Sound in thirty years from this date. This, considering the immense area of forest there is in Washington State, is a very short time. But there is an immense consumption of timber on this continent in these days, and the rate will go on increasing in a geometrical ratio. The way in which the land has been denuded of timber on the eastern side of the continent is wonderful to contemplate. Fifty years ago timber was a thing in the Eastern States and in British America. It was then believed that the forests of even a limited area of the continent were inexhaustible. But many of those forests are now literally exhausted, and have in fact entirely disappeared—and the rest of them are diminishing at an alarming rate.

The same process is going on on this side of the continent, and unless means are taken to preserve the forests there will be very little timber left in any of the Pacific States or the Province of British Columbia at the time specified by the Oregonian. If, as we fully expect, the duty will be taken off timber by the United States Congress at its next session, the drain on the timber of this Province will be much greater than it is now, and the demand for that timber must go on increasing.

The disappearance of forests in the United States has become a matter of national concern. State Governments are considering how they can preserve the forests that still remain, and how they can be replaced as they disappear. The prospect of something like a timber famine in the United States is by no means imaginary. The time that the forests will last, even at the present rate of consumption, can be calculated with almost mathematical exactitude. The calculation has in fact been made, and the time measured than most people imagine. The United States Congress would be wise to take the duty off timber if its only object was to prevent the almost immediate destruction of the forests of the country, but the abolition of that duty as part of the fiscal policy of the Democratic party is as certain as anything political can be. It will then be for the people and the Government of British Columbia to take measures to manage the forest lands of the Province that they will remain as long as possible a source of wealth to its inhabitants.

SOME LATE LESSONS.

The late Chicago strike did not last long. The principle involved was the right of the employer to compel employers to discharge the men in their employ who do not belong to labor organizations. There was no question of either of wages or of hours of labor, or of treatment of men, at issue. What the strikers wanted was that the authorities should discharge all non-union men in their employ, and bind themselves not to engage such men in the future.

Here, as it will be seen, the men were not content merely to insist on their own right to work when they pleased, for whom they pleased, and on such terms as they approved, but they went further and insisted, upon other men's being refused work, and took upon themselves to dictate to the authorities whom they should employ.

They were wise in thus abandoning an untenable position. It is becoming every day more evident that when employees insist on their own rights whether they are right or wrong, reasonable or unreasonable, they have with them both the law of the land and the sympathy of the public. As soon, however, as they begin to infringe on the rights of others, whether those others are their fellow workmen or their employers, they place themselves in antagonism to the law and they lose the sympathy of the public.

Every one in these days admits that a man who is not under contract to work has a perfect right to refuse to work. But although he is under no obligation to work himself unless he chooses, he has no right to say to his neighbor, "You shall not work except in such a way and on such terms as I approve." It is very evident that that neighbor has a

good right to work or to refuse to work as he sees fit, and he has also a good right to accept or reject the terms that are offered. When, then, one workman tries to punish another for not belonging to his combination and for not agreeing to the terms that he dictates, he takes upon himself power that does not of right belong to him.

When, also, an individual workman or a combination of workmen say to an employer of labor, you shall give work to A and not to B or C, he evidently attempts to infringe upon the employer's right to hire such men as please him and to reject such as do not. It is becoming every day more and more apparent that neither the law of the land nor public opinion is on the side of the workmen who, not content with asserting and maintaining their own rights, endeavor to enroach upon the rights of others. The Chicago strikers the other day were soon made to know that the feeling of the community was against them, and it may have been the consciousness of this that caused their leaders to be so ready to agree to a settlement.

The settlement of the Chicago strike did a good deal to define the power of unions with respect to individual non-union men and employers, and the Toledo decision made it clear that the public have rights which labor combinations must respect.

The questions involved in these two strikes are very important, and the sooner they are settled the better for all classes of the community. Organized labor can do much and has done much towards asserting the rights of working men and securing them fair remuneration, safety and good treatment. While they confined themselves to work of this kind, they gained the good opinion of the community and acquired considerable influence. But as soon as they began to misuse their power, and attempted to coerce both non-union men and employers they fell in the public estimation. Many things have been done of late by unionists in the name of organized labor which have a tendency to make unionism unpopular. This is greatly to be regretted. It is to be hoped that the members of labor unions will see in time the mischievous tendency of all encroachments on the rights of others, and that they will consent to be guided by the advice of moderate, thoughtful and law-abiding men.

A GROSS MISSTATEMENT.

Our attention has been directed to the Daily Columbian's report of Monday's proceedings of the Legislative Assembly. The reporter in describing the scene in which Mr. F. C. Cotton read extracts from the preliminary prospectus of the British Pacific Construction Company, mentions the names of "Messrs. Davis, Vernon and Baker" as "trustees" among others. It would be hardly possible to make a more misleading statement than this. The readers of the report cannot but conclude that the persons so designated must be the Premier, the Commissioner of Lands and Works and the Provincial Secretary. But, as was pointed out at the time, the name of none of these gentlemen was mentioned in the prospectus. "Davis" was not even read by Mr. Cotton, so the insertion of that name was a mistake or a falsification on the part of the reporter. "Vernon" mentioned was not the Provincial Secretary and the Commissioner of Lands and Works. If the Columbian has a spark of honesty in its composition it will let its readers know that the names read by Mr. Cotton were not those of members of the Government, but of gentlemen who are not in politics and who are not connected with the Government in any way.

THE BELGIAN RIOTS.

BRUSSELS, April 13.—There was a large and excited mob around the Chamber of Representatives to-day when the session was resumed. Many of the more turbulent of the mob were arrested. While ex-Minister Woeste was returning home from the Chamber a man attacked him, striking him violently on the chin with his fist. The man tried to escape but was soon caught, after trying to draw a revolver on his pursuers. There was a savage encounter between the strikers and some of the police in the town of Quevaert, four miles from Mons. Three thousand strikers had raised a barricade in the Rue Monsvillie to prevent the general's army from patrolling their bests. The general's army promptly charged the mob, and one general, who was knocked off his horse, was savagely maltreated by the mob. Several other general's were seriously injured. The rioters afterwards sacked the shop of a butcher who had supplied the general's army with ropes with which to bind the rioters who had been arrested. The town of Peteghem, near Mons, was the scene of an encounter between the strikers and general's army.

Among the persons arrested in Brussels this evening are the Socialist leaders Voldere, Vanderveld and Mass Mase. They were arrested while inciting the rioters to further violence. It is reported that Anarchists distributed cartridges among the crowd. The civil guards have been called out and are held in readiness for any emergency. They have been supplied with ball cartridges and have been instructed to act promptly and with all the severity necessary to suppress any disorder that may arise.

A mob of several thousands of rioters armed with paving stones and other missiles pelted the streets of the lower part of the city this evening. They smashed in the windows of many cafes and shops as they marched along. The windows of all the private houses were protected by closed shutters. In the Place de la Monnaie a conflict arose between the rioters and the police. The police charged the rioters and with their sabres eventually succeeded in dispersing the mob. Several persons were severely injured. Many arrests were made.

CALCUTTA, April 13.—The Kachin rising in Burma is becoming serious. Five hundred well armed Chinese have attacked two villages east of Seala and have surrounded a detachment of 60 British soldiers. A strong relief force has been despatched to the scene from Bhemo, and other reinforcements have been sent from Madras. It is stated that the government has resolved among the Chinese regulars to assist the Kachins. Chinese troops are engaged in suspicious movements on the Burmese frontier.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

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Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head (more or less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., (about 60 or 70 years.) 1 pedigree Hereford Bull (raising

7 Mares (in foal to a good stallion), 1 Horse, Pigs, Chickens, etc.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Slids and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gent's), Billes, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stoves and Pipes, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important gold, silver and coal mines in West Kootenay. The population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm land is very limited, and from this it may be ascertained that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

A BONANZA!

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

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Vancouver, April 19
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The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are in good order, and farming operations can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea level; the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

The Title is by grant from the Crown, and is free of all encumbrances. Immediate possession can be given.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate distance, and two railway lines have been run to pass close to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbia, is the richest and most important mineral section in the province. Statistics show that although the district is in its primary stage, the mines have developed ore veins rich enough to warrant the investment of over a million dollars. When these mines come to be worked systematically, there will be an

Influx of Population, which will require beef and farm produce in large quantities. The limited quantity of really good farm land in the district to supply these requirements makes this

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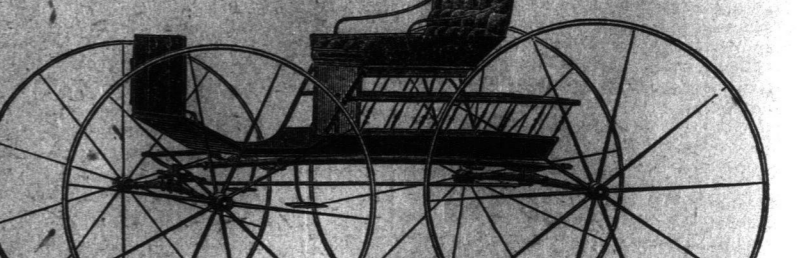
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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Provincial Odd Fellows to Celebrate Foundation of Order—Frozen Beef From Australia.

The Damaged Theatrical Wardrobes—The Sea Bird Bluff Victims Literary Beliefs.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, April 13.—Miss Isaacs has been arrested for removing goods from her store which were in charge of a bailiff.

The verdict in the Dunn vs. Robertson case in its ownership, was given by Mr. Justice Crooke today in favor of the plaintiff. T. Dunn gets possession of the Oriental hotel and is paid all the profits accruing from the business since March 1, 1885.

Mr. John Johnson has a law lexicon and list of English lawyers who have been in the family one hundred and five years, and a pipe smoked for two years by the famous Indian warrior Poundmaker.

The steamship Catch is receiving a general overhauling during her trip to the U.S.

A special meeting of the C. O. F. M. U. Local Pacific Lodge, No. 92, will be held to-morrow evening.

Harry J. Woodside, representing the Dominion Lumber Co. was to bring a motion for a writ of habeas corpus against the C. P. R., of Winnipeg, is here on business.

The steamship Catch is receiving a general overhauling during her trip to the U.S.

A meeting of the Fire, Water and Light committee took place yesterday.

The school board met Wednesday. A number of schools will be allowed to practice choruses for the dedication of the new Y.M.C.A. building.

Another case of the practical Christianity of Vancouver citizens came to the notice of your correspondent Wednesday.

The City Council has decided to offer Mr. Vipond \$200 in full and complete settlement of his claim for the Newcastle town-site contract.

The stock of goods illegally appropriated by Lizzie Isaacs has been found and taken possession of by the police.

New Westminster, April 13.—Richard S. Mowat, a pioneer of the Province, died at 80 on Monday yesterday.

attending divine services at Olivet Baptist church on Sunday evening.

The Government dredger, which has been at work on the bar below Annelville for some weeks, has succeeded in increasing the depth of water at all distances across the channel below Annelville, and will finish up in the course of two weeks.

The usual May Day celebration, which has been observed in New Westminster without a break for a quarter of a century, is likely to be given up this year owing to the indifference of the staff of the Hyack fire company, the officers of which organization have conducted these fetes in past years.

New Westminster, April 14.—It is reported in fishing circles that the tug Yelco has changed hands, Alex. Ewen being her new owner.

Provincial Constable Calbeck arrived today from Cortez Island with a crazy man named David Jones, for the asylum.

Old timers are now convinced that ever that the coming season will see unusually high water in the Fraser river, some even going so far to predict that the 1892 high water mark will be reached.

The gale last night was particularly severe, and the few fishermen who remained on the coast were blown down, no damage occurred in this city.

A Royal City branch of the Young Men's Institute was organized this evening.

H. Abbott, general superintendent of the C. P. R., has caused to be distributed notices to the effect that he will pay \$50 for the recovery of a lost ticket.

The performance of "The Rivals" was witnessed last night by a large audience, the evening's entertainment given here this evening by the Coviach Pleasant Evening Society was a great success.

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was a native of Scotland and was aged 43. He was a widower and leaves three little children.

The general takes place on Sunday afternoon, at which the members of the Masonic lodge, the Ancient Order of United Workmen will be present.

The patients and suspects from the Empress of Japan arriving here on the ship having been thoroughly disinfecting from quarantine last evening, will this morning proceed to Vancouver.

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settlement will be held to arrange how the road appropriation money is to be divided.

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From the Daily Colonist, April 14. THE CITY.

Kaalo-Hoan Railway R. Service. Yesterday's Gazette contains an announcement of a reserve of sixteen miles on each side of the Kaalo-Hoan railway.

The Legislative buildings across James Bay were deserted yesterday afternoon, after a thorough sweeping up, the Sergeant-at-Arms took his leave.

A cablegram received yesterday announces that William Campbell, son of Captain Campbell of the Suez Tunnel, is lying dangerously ill.

The following appointments as justices of the peace have been made: Edward W. Brewster, of South Vancouver for the Westminster District; Oliver T. Stone, of Kaalo, and William Melville Newton, of Pine Bay, for West Kootenay Electoral District.

Mrs. A. Macdonald, of Kamloops, was a passenger home by the Islander this morning, accompanying her son, A. Macdonald, who has just completed a term of one year in the Provincial reformatory.

The thirty-first drawing of the Victoria Building Society took place last evening in the drawing room of the Victoria Hotel.

The owners of the sealing schooners sailing from this port and at present in Japanese waters are busy just now comparing the records made in the past year.

The directors of the Otell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co. held a special meeting at the office of Morrow, Holland & Co. yesterday morning.

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THE "QUADRA" ARRIVES. Extensive Preparations for War Nipped in the Bud by the Expedition.

The steamer Quadra arrived in Victoria yesterday afternoon, after having been away a week. The entire party who made the trip returned in good health, and reported a very pleasant time.

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plaintiff; H. B. W. Aikman for defendant. Wilson v. Perrin—For security for costs of appeal.

Haywood v. Morrison—For time to defend. Laumister v. Bowker—Before the Chief Justice, at 12 o'clock.

THE VICTORIA & SIDNEY. The Road Has Changed Hands and Will Be Ready for Operation by Fall.

Mainland and Island Connections in Prospect—A Direct Ferry to Be Established.

Contracts for the construction of the Victoria & Sidney railway will, in all probability, be awarded to-morrow or Monday.

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Public... RM... 100 feet above sea... A store, hotel... OFFICE... ON, ENG... Office in the World... CO... CARTS... Supplies... MLOOPS.

Winnipeg Wireing... Whiskey Informers... SUPREME COURT... WATERWORKS EXTENSION... THE BOARD OF TRADE BANQUET... PORT ARTHUR... KINROSS... VERNIA... DR. ROBERTS' COAM BAKING POWDER... The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Writ for Vancouver Island District Issued—Spring Salmon Run Improving.

Vancouver Liberals Preparing Their Platform—Gold Strike at Eytou.

(Special to the Colonist)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, April 16.—A letter has been received by his former parishioners of Christ church from Rev. Mr. Hobson, dated Toronto, in which he intimates that he will not return to Vancouver.

Richard Whyte, of Windsor, Ont., brother of Mr. Stephen Whyte, who was killed in the recent C.E.R. accident, arrived yesterday to take steps to recover, if possible, the remains of his brother.

Capt. Ross, of Portland, who went to Japan to make arrangements to put the steamer Zamboni on the Honolulu and Pagan routes, says that the steamer could not be got ready in time, and she was put on the Asiatic coast trade.

Mr. S. B. Brown submitted a platform last night at the meeting of the Liberal club—tariff for revenue only; reciprocity with the United States, reduction in the annual expenditure; manhood suffrage, one man one vote; land for settlers only; the Senate to be elected; no taxation of the necessities of life; and the right of Canada to make commercial treaties.

The ladies of the First Congregational church will hold a bazaar in the school-room of the church on the 27th inst.

For three months the Lytton syndicate have been prospecting their ground which adjoins the Van Winkle ground at Lytton. Mr. George de Wolf, manager of the syndicate, has received word that they have struck at this depth the same old channel that the Van Winkle struck on their ground, the gold being of a regular channel nature.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, April 15.—Inkerman Lodge Sons of St. George will give a supper in the Foresters' Hall, Saturday, April 22nd, and the following morning, Sunday, the members will attend St. Albans.

Yesterday and to-day were pay days for the employes of the New Vancouver Coal Company. The pay roll amounted to \$105,000.

The contractors for the Free Press block and A. E. Johnson & Co.'s frame building, commenced operations yesterday.

The new Presbyterian church will be started next week; when completed it will be the handsomest edifice of the kind in the city.

The electric tramway system now in operation in Nos. 1 and 2 levels of the Esplanade shaft is to be extended to No. 3 level. Electrician Wye is now engaged in installing the line.

Government Agent Bray has received the writ for the election for Vancouver Island District. The local Liberals are agitating for the nomination of a representative candidate.

On Monday evening a meeting will be held in Good Templars' hall for that object. On Wednesday evening, William Richardson, of Victoria, will deliver a lecture on the Liberal platform in the Opera House.

The ship Tacoma sailed this morning for San Francisco. Arrived, steamship Hawaiian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 15.—The hardware merchants have fallen into line with the dry goods merchants, and after May 1 will close every evening, except Saturday, at 8 o'clock.

Spring salmon run continues to improve, and the daily shipments are becoming large. The Port & Wharf Co. will ship 20,000 pounds to New York early next week.

Speculators are preparing to boom Langley townsite. A large section will be cut up into town lots and placed on the market in about a month, when construction begins at the village.

At a meeting of the local branch of the Canada Mutual Loan and Investment company, yesterday afternoon, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: President, M. Sinclair; Vice-President, D. Robson; W. Law, A. E. Wood, F. Brown, N. O. Schou, and R. McFarlane.

Mr. Milne has just completed the hospital and the excellent work has been admired by all.

Steamer Rainbow arrived Friday morning; after loading steam coal she proceeded to Comox.

The funeral of Miss Bessie Benson, daughter of Mr. W. Remison, Comox, took place at Vancouver on Monday last. Miss Benson was a young lady of much promise, eighteen years of age. She was a general favorite in Comox and was much missed.

Mr. J. V. Nicholls has returned from a visit to Donnan Island. While there he was the guest of Mr. Pickett, of Mount Pleasant. Among other attractions which he enjoyed were Messrs. W. E. Plery, J. Seargent, J. Watt, F. Sutton, and D. McNeill.

Steamer Joan arrived yesterday, having made the passage from Nanaimo in four hours fifty minutes net steaming time.

ship with Geo. Howe, as stated last week, but he has been engaged as bookkeeper. The San Mateo loaded a cargo of 4,500 tons of United coal, and left this morning for San Francisco.

Rev. Jno. Robson, B.A., is appointed to preach at Donnan on Sunday next. He goes down by steamer to-morrow. During his absence the pulpit here will be taken by local preachers.

A large organ for the Union Lodge L.O.O.F. is expected by next week's steamer.

HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

HONOLULU, April 8.—The steamer Alameda, which arrived here yesterday, brought among her passengers Paul Neumann and Prince David Kawananakoa, the deposed Queen's envoy to Washington.

Wm. R. Castle, one of the Hawaiian commissioners, and Harold H. Sewell, the former United States consul general in Honolulu, were also on board. Neumann and Prince David were met by a delegation of the Hawaiian people and escorted to the royal carriage which was in waiting to take them to the residence of Liliuokalani, where they explained the results of their mission.

Neumann said subsequently: "I went to Washington on the invitation of the Queen to see if possible, an injurious being done. I favored the appointment of a commissioner to examine into the state of affairs before judgment was pronounced and have secured my point. I have brought back no assurances to the Queen, but I believe her best assurance lies in the fact that Mr. Bessie Benson has been appointed and named as the United States consul general in Honolulu. If an assurance were possible, I should be in favor of it, but I do not consider it possible at present. I don't think it practicable, indeed, I don't believe the United States would annex the Islands unless it was practicable, and if it is possible I am rather in favor of a protection once and for all. However, I have done my duty and shall now leave the problem in the hands of people here to work out."

ATLANTIC FLYERS.

LONDON, April 15.—The new steamer Campana, built for the Cunard Company had her trial trip on the Clyde to-day. She obtained a maximum speed of 23.86 knots, or fully 27 miles an hour. This is the greatest speed ever attained by any steam ship. It is hoped she will be able to make the run from Fastnet to Sandy Hook in five days and a half.

The Campana is scheduled to leave Liverpool for New York on Saturday morning. It is expected that it will attempt to break records, but will steam along easily to allow of her engines getting into first-class working order.

The Campana, the latest ship of the company, will be launched in about six weeks, and will begin her regular sailing some time in July.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

The Canadian Commissioners and Surveyors Will Leave Here on the Quadra April 25.

Plenty of Men Available to Make Up the Party—The Programme Not Complete.

So far as arrangements have been made up to date, the Alaskan Boundary Commission and the party of surveyors who are to do the work for the Canadian Government will leave here on April 25, going North on the Quadra probably to Port Simpson, from which point they will begin their work, the parties going to their different stations at once.

The Canadian Commissioner, Prof. W. F. King, chief astronomer of the Department of the Interior, will consult as far as possible with the American Commissioner, Prof. Mendall. The former, whose arrival here was chronicled yesterday, is accompanied by A. H. Worden, secretary, G. E. Knox and H. E. Robertson, surveyors.

The plan of operations is yet to be completed, but it has been decided to do the work in seven parties of eight men each, under the leadership of the following surveyors: G. E. Knox, J. C. MacArthur, W. Ogilvie, A. S. Cyr, A. J. Talbot, James Gibbons and A. J. Brabson. Two Canadian surveyors will go along with the expedition, but they are to accompany the Americans. Their names are H. E. Robertson and J. Driscoll, the latter being a British Columbia man, who has been resident at Chilliwack. The whole of the Canadian party will go north on the Quadra, but Prof. King will return on her and get a smaller boat for use during the summer.

Since the arrival of the party in the city there have been dozens of applications for positions on the staff, plenty of men being available. Those who are engaging the men are the heads of the different parties, and while all the candidates are not yet filled, it is not for lack of volunteers, the work being an extensive one and meaning good money to those who are going, with limited opportunities for expenditure.

It was expected that Prof. Mendall would have been over from Port Townsend last evening to have a consultation with Prof. King. Owing, however, to the delay to the steamer he did not arrive, but will no doubt be over next week.

The U. S. S. Peterson, which is to take the American party north, will not reach Port Townsend for several days.

F. A. Young, of the United States coast and geodetic survey, is the first of the American party to arrive.

"It was the expectation," says Mr. Young, "to start about the 15th of the month, but there will probably be some delay. I do not expect that Prof. Mendall, the United States commissioner, will be with the expedition in the field this summer, though the Canadian commissioner, Prof. King, Messrs. Ogden, Titman and McGrath, principal assistants of the commission, will be here shortly, and the Government vessels Haasler and Peterson will start on the 25th inst. from here in a few days. There will be a number of astronomer with the expedition, among them Messrs. French and Putnam and Mr. Moore, of San Francisco, and Professor King of Ohio State university, who is specially assigned to the work. We shall make surveys of the Takn and Stikook rivers this summer, but the work will not be completed. The work to be done is preliminary and for the purpose of finally settling the boundary."

"Mr. McGrath, of the party, has done considerable work in Alaska, and spent two or three winters on the Takn in '90, '91, and '92. Last summer he was engaged in work near the base of Mt. St. Elias."

M. QUAD'S HUMOR.

The Kicker on Snide Shows and Plans for Booming up its Circulation.

The American Goat on Jokes and Jokers in Which Tom Works Few Changes.

(Copyright, 1893, by Charles B. Lewis)

DRAMATIC.—Major Hope yesterday directed the coroner of the finding of a dead body between Turkey Bend and Red Hot Crossing. It was that of a long haired young man about 23 years of age, and from the dress he believes it to be one of the members of the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company who played here early in January. It will be remembered that a theatrical company calling itself the "New York Ideal" started in here one evening to play "Uncle Tom" with only three people in the cast and with only a beard, two blond wigs and a pair of handkerchiefs for an outfit.

The audience happened to feed captious that night and raised a row. The "Ideals" got out by the back door and started on foot for New Mexico, but all probably got lost and perished among the hills. As soon as a show set in the coroner will institute a search for the other two bodies. In this connection it might be well to drop a word of advice to the so called "Fifth Avenue Theatrical company," which is advertised to play a play entitled "Polish" next week. There must be more or less high kicking to make a play go here; also at least one four round set with the gloves, with hard punching. No callow youth with hair parted in the middle and a voice like a schoolgirl will be accepted as a villain. The villain must be knocked down two or three times, and virtue must triumph over vice as often as the players can make it convenient without extra charge to the audience. Our people don't like a leading lady wearing \$5,000 worth of clothes and jewelry, but when she faints away at the top of a flight of stairs she's got to roll clear to the bottom and bump every step. Any stopping half way will be promptly resented because it is unnatural. If there is a pirate in this play, the chap who takes it has got to skip for raw meat, be able to shin over an alley fence and stand off at least five or six policemen.

WOULDN'T WORK HERE.—In another column of this issue we publish a letter from a valued correspondent asking why we don't try the New York plan for the goat.

"How long has it been going on?" "About two years—two years of ridicule, abuse and slander! What can I do about it?" "You can only have patience and wait. The joke man changes his subject once in five years, as you will observe by the following schedule:

"From 1835 to 1840 the stovepipe joke.
From 1840 to 1845 the mother-in-law joke.
From 1845 to 1850 the sandwich joke.
From 1850 to 1855 the ham organ joke.
From 1855 to 1860 the bathwater joke.
From 1860 to 1865 the goat joke.

"In 1896, my dear William," continued the wise and good man, "you will be dropped with a heavy jar and with great suddenness, and the joke man will pick you up."

"O Sage," interrupted a man who drew near at that moment, "I ain't worth beg for thy advice! My case—"
The Sage looked him to silence and winked at the Goat.
"I tumbled!" replied William as he returned the wink. "From 1896 to the year 2000—the bow legged man joke! This will, I vanish!"

WE PROMPTLY BOUNCED THE AGRICULTURAL EDITOR.

booming THE KICKER. We have given the subject serious thought and have concluded that it wouldn't work here. If we were to claim a circulation of 5,000, 000 copies a week, some cantankerous crowd would soon figure that our old press couldn't print that many copies in five years' working night and day, and we couldn't get a woman in a show window and offer a free trip to Europe to anybody who guessed her correct weight, should her job within 10 minutes after the show new subscribers by giving her \$16 worth of books with every \$2 subscription, but we can't exactly figure where our profit would come in. If we were to insure every subscriber against death or accident, old Jim Thompson and Frank Bill, both of whom are trying to get a bulge on us, would start out with their guns some morning and bankrupt us within two hours. As soon as we can pick up a "gossamer hog" somewhere for about \$5 we'll tie him to a post in front of the office and offer a 40-acre farm over in the Jim River valley to any new subscriber who hits his pounds and ounces, but we shan't have much faith in it as a draw.

New Yorkers who may queer ideas on new subscribers by giving her \$16 worth of books with every \$2 subscription, but we can't exactly figure where our profit would come in. If we were to insure every subscriber against death or accident, old Jim Thompson and Frank Bill, both of whom are trying to get a bulge on us, would start out with their guns some morning and bankrupt us within two hours. As soon as we can pick up a "gossamer hog" somewhere for about \$5 we'll tie him to a post in front of the office and offer a 40-acre farm over in the Jim River valley to any new subscriber who hits his pounds and ounces, but we shan't have much faith in it as a draw.

EXPLANATORY.—While we were over at the capital last week assisting to run the affairs of state our agricultural editor was temporarily placed in charge of the paper. As he had been with us about a year we supposed he was familiar with our general policy and could be trusted. He took advantage of the occasion, however, to make various editorial experiments on his own hook, and in this issue we wish to apologize.

To the common council for calling that body a band of robbers and a disgrace to the west.

To the Mexican nation for asserting that the United States could lick Mexico in 10 days.

To the governor of the territory for asserting that he was born without a spinal column.

To the postmaster of this town for calling him a "chuckle headed ignoramus who didn't know enough to walk out of Sing Sing with the front door wide open."

To at least 50 different citizens of this town who were grouped under the head of "Lars and Deadbeats" and who were advised to hunt for a change of vocation.

To President Cleveland and his cabinet for referring to them as "The Great American Fakir" and predicting the bankruptcy of the nation within two years.

It is needless to say that we promptly bounced the agricultural editor as soon as we got back and that we shall make it impossible for any such event to occur again. Further apologies next week, and the week after, and all summer long, if necessary, to square ourselves with the public.

AN AMERICAN LEGEND.

Once upon a time as the Sage was traveling about the country to listen to the complaints of the people and advise them to the best of his knowledge he was approached by the Goat, who laid a funny newspaper at his feet, choked back his emotion with a great sniff and began:

"O wise man, I have tried this thing until I am very tired, and I want to know how it can be stopped!"



"I tumbled!" replied William.

"Is it your liver?" kindly inquired the Sage as he laid his paternal hand on the Goat's head.

"Liver be hanged! Look at that—and that! Here are more'n a dozen jokers on me, and every one of them is a wild eyed dabbler. I am mentioned in connection with old oyster cans, discarded corsets, joints of stovepipe, broken down bedsprings and thrown away mattresses. I am made to upset a washer-woman, knock the underpinning from a policeman, do up various small boys, and exhibit a general recklessness regarding human life. I want this thing stopped!"

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"I tumbled!" replied William as he returned the wink. "From 1896 to the year 2000—the bow legged man joke! This will, I vanish!"

HE REBUKED.

It was the noon hour, and I was sitting with the colonel in his store, with front and back doors open, when I saw a colored man slip in from the alley. The colored man reached over the counter for his revolver and called upon the man to advance. The Negro about 60 years of age, ragged and barefoot, slouched forward, and it was plain that he had something hidden in the bosom of his shirt.

"What were you doing back there, Moses?" queried the colonel.

"I am got in wrong place, sah. I thought dis was de gunshop."

"Oh, you did? I see you have a swelling on your chest?"

"Yes, sah—powerful bad swellin on my chest; can't sleep nights on account of de swellin."

"What does the doctor say about it?"

"Shakes his head an looks mighty sad, sah. Reckon he thinks I ain't gwine to pull free."

little time. You were in the war, Moses?" "You sometimes had soap?"

"Yes, sah—Hold on, Kurrel Purd—hold on a minute! It sorter scart me when you pulled dat swellin off, but I's got de soap to it now. I sawlotted de bar of soap in January, 1864, when I was in de war, an it has bin all dis time workin out from my chest! Yes, I recollect all 'bout it now."

"I'm glad you do," replied the colonel as he laid the soap aside and turned the darky around. "If you hadn't remembered, I should 'ave sent you to jail, but as it is—"

"But before he could kick the second time Moses went down the store and out of the back door like a rocket, and he still had a scared look on his face when I met him four hours later."

HE WAS FELLED.

I was sharing my seat with a farmer looking man about 60 years of age, and when we were within about 10 miles of Indianapolis he queried:

"Be you going to stop at a tavern in town?"

"Some tavern where they use gas?"

"Do you know how to turn the blamed thing off when you go to bed?"

"I have done it several times. Don't you try to reach down into his satchel and brought up six talloo candles and a bus box of sulphur matches and displayed them on his knee."

"What are those for?" I asked.

"I am goin to stop at a tavern where they use gas."

"I bet a 2-year-old steer agin a last spring's lamb that I blow out the gas and an found dead in the mornin'. See I am goin to stop at a tavern where they use gas?"

"Exactly."

"How did you happen to think of it?"

"Waal, I'm nacherally purty cute on my own account, and them 'belong to a family which has lost five members by blowin out the gas at different taverns. Nuthin dangerous about taller. When she's blowed, she's blowed, and that ends it. Hayseed in my hair and turnip tops a-stickin out of my coatpockets, but I don't blow out on this trip—no! If my name is Joshua B. Sanderson, and I guess she is!"

BUT HE HAD FELLED.

They stood together on the tavern veranda in the soft moonlight of evening. It was only a dollar a day tavern, but the best in the town and always furnished clean water for guests to wash in. It was also convenient to the depot and the public-hay scales. They had not been long acquainted—only three days—but as he gazed her beautifully arched shoulder he said it seemed as if he had known her 20 years, 8 months and 29 days. She leaned toward him and replied that she loved him from the moment he entered the dining room and said he preferred mashed potatoes to any other brand.

He must not think her unkindly because she betrayed her love so quickly. Let me to be 'tumble, and she was only living up to it. Then there came a long silence, broken only by the soft, sad notes of a mother cricket singing her twain to sleep in the May weeds across the dusty street. She finally broke it by saying:

"George, does your heart tell you that you truly love me?"

"She do," he replied as he stole an arm around her.

"And you want me to become your wife?"

"Bother life!" "But you already have one, together with three children."

"Yes, I know—'blame the luck!" "But you will take me on a trip to Niagara Falls, and get me out of the bank above the whirlpool rapids, and then I will be a mother to your dear, sweet children."

"I—I don't know!" he stammered.

"I would be rather risky." "Oblay are you not willing to run any risk for my sake?" "Most any, but—but—" "You hesitate!" she exclaimed, drawing away from him and bringing her eyes to a focus on the end of his nose. "If I try and let her catch the chelera or typhus over my mail-box, but I—I—"

"All in over between us?" she hissed as she moved away. "You have thrown off the mantle of hypocrisy and now appear in all your baseness! Farewell, sir! Good night, and let her catch the chelera or typhus over my mail-box, but I—I—"

"SECESSION!"

Excited Vancouverites Listen to Inflammatory Speeches from Clergymen and Others.

Adopt a Bill of Rights and Appoint a Committee to Take Action.

(Special to the Colonist)

VANCOUVER, April 15.—A large audience turned out to hear the Secessionist speakers at the Market hall to-night. William T. Phipps took the chair, and said he had heard that Premier Davie would attend the meeting and if he came forward would be received courteously as their Premier. There being no response.

Mr. J. C. Brown, M.P.P., the first speaker, said he had come over because he had heard that Premier Davie was here and he never missed an opportunity to meet him. Mr. Brown went exhaustively into statistics compiling a long speech from his former utterances. He appeared to draw up a resolution as it was from the Dominion census, and stated that the Government had used the chance given them by the mistake in the enumeration of the Indians to delay redistribution, and were guilty of a crime as deliberate as it was dirty.

He continued that British Columbia was governed by a little clique at Victoria, and concluded by saying that Vancouver Island and 30,000 whites and the Mainland 47,000; that the delay in redistribution was a gross and glaring wrong, and no Government should sleep until they had done justice to the Province.

The declaration and appeal to the Mainland of British Columbia was read by Rev. G. R. Maxwell. It covered seven closely written papers of legal op, the following sentences occurring: "In 1871 we see the verge of an abyss from which nothing can save us but the most determined and vigorous action on the part of the Mainland."

The Mainland is represented in the Legislature in nothing but name. The Mainland should have 37 members and only has 17. One-fifth of the votes of the Province return the majority of the representatives. The laws of God and Nature have been grossly disregarded by the Government in retaining redistribution, and the welfare of the Province is imperiled.

The Government is responsible for the confidence of the people. The termination of a gross outrage on a large body of people is demanded. It is hoped the people of the Mainland will make a determined stand against these outrages. The Government desired a vote of \$600,000 for a pile of buildings that in magnitude outline the capitol in the British republics and the money was dared to belch in the faces of the majority of the citizens of the Province the issue that the buildings would attract capitalists to Victoria.

Let man-meetings be held in every village and district; let the consensus of opinion be taken on the issue, and let an appeal be made to the Governor-General to remedy the evil which according to that opinion. We have no more right to allow our country to be ruined than to watch a fellow man mutilated and murdered. There is no time to be lost. It is too late, let every man consider whether it is not better that the mainland have self Government and secede from the Island.

Let every man consider this act before the Government ruins us. After reaching the goal of independence, which was greeted with wild applause, the speaker delivered a harangue in praise of a more judicious nature than his famous quarantine oration, among other things saying "it would be better for the Province if all the Davie were—"

"and the rest of the speech was added" "or in" (and the audience again cheered the divine to the echo, who added) "it was better that all our taxes were thrown into the Fraser river than that they should be spent for the benefit of Victoria."

Mr. P. Pedley followed, and said some rough things about the Premier and his followers, but they were mild in comparison with the intemperate utterances of the Rev. Mr. Maxwell.

The following resolution was passed "that a constitutional league be hereby organized for the purpose of defending our political rights, and that the following delegates be appointed to act in the name and in behalf of the citizens of Vancouver in conjunction and in co-operation with similar committees, which may be appointed from other parts of the province: Wm. Tompkins, Geo. Walker, Geo. Polley, Dr. Carroll, Jno. M. Dural, G. Magee, R. Anderson, W. Shannon, G. Gold, J. C. Keith, F. C. Cotton, Maj.-Gen. Twigg and the clergyman."

Maj.-Gen. Twigg and Mr. Dural proposed a further resolution, which the General Assembly is requested to vote the act appropriating \$600,000 for the Government buildings.

The small guns then took the platform and the crowd divided away.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Toronto, April 15.—(Special.)—T. D. Phillips Stewart, a poet of some renown, died recently, leaving \$20,000 to the Law Society, provided the society could legally accept the bequest; but if not, the amount was to go to the sick children's hospital.

The society cannot legally accept the bequest, but will seek power at the present session of the Legislature. The hospital trustees will oppose the measure.

A telegram cable from Paris says that Sir Charles Tompkins is still confined to bed from an attack of LaGrippe. His physicians decline to allow him to leave his room or to in any way participate in the work of the Behring Sea Court of Arbitration. They say that there is no cause for alarm.

John Anderson, aged fifty-two, was arrested last night for creating postmarks on stamps so that they could be used again. Hundreds of stamps showing the printing process were discovered. The business was evidently very profitable as Anderson was in the direct poverty.

A call for a prohibition rally to consider the plebiscite matter has been issued. The meeting is called for the 20th inst.

BLAKE'S SPEECH.

LONDON, April 15.—Mr. Edward Blake took part in the Home Rule debate last night, speaking for over an hour. He dealt fully with Mr. J. W. Russell's recent speech, in which the latter contended that the alleged evils in Quebec province, arising from the "domination" of the Roman Catholic majority over the Protestant minority, would be repeated in Ireland as between the Ulster Protestants and the Roman Catholic majority. Mr. Blake took the opposite view of the question, and with much

sincerity, and many citations from eminent men in both political parties in Canada, showed his reasons why the Protestants in the North of Ireland, assuming the two cases to be of a similar character in many respects, should have no reason to fear the ascendancy of the Roman Catholics. The speech was concluded at midnight, too late for much comment on the part of the London press.

The Chronicle gives a review of Blake's address which was really a remarkable piece of reasoning, that it was sagely intimated by Mr. Gladstone was worthy of delivery at a much earlier hour.

THE COLUMBUS CARAVELS.

HAVANA, April 15.—The three Spanish vessels, La Reina Regent, L'Infanta Isabel and La Nueva Espana, started from Havana at noon to-day, having in tow the Columbus caravels Santa Maria, Pinta and Nina. La Reina Regent towing the Santa Maria, L'Infanta Isabel towing the Pinta and La Nueva Espana the Nina on their way to take part in the great voyage which will start on April 27. The wharves were crowded with spectators and a large number of sail boats and other kinds of boats accompanied the vessels of war and the caravels for miles out of the harbor.

DIVORCE SUIT.

SEATTLE, April 14.—Mary Steele, who brought suit against her husband, David H. Steele, on March 30, to have certain deeds executed by her to him set aside on the ground of fraud, began action yesterday for a divorce, alleging cruelty and refusal to support. She claims

citations from eminent parties in Canada, why the Protest...

US CARAVELS. The three Spanish Regent, L'Infante Espana, started from...

An Evening of Fun and Music. Standing room was all that could be afforded...

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY. A General Committee Appointed to Decide on the Nature of the Celebration.

AN ASSAULT-AT-ARMS. The Completion of the Fine New Drill Hall Striving Up the Volunteers.

LADIES! If you desire a transparent CLEAR, PRESH complexion...

THE COPY, MONTREAL. Family Chemist, Sole Agent, Victoria, B.C.

EMPTION. For the above disease, or for any other...

THE CITY. From the DAILY COLONIST, April 15.

At the adjourned meeting of the vestry of St. Barnabas' church...

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY. Reports from Vancouver of the first district convention of the Young Men's Christian Association...

THE JOHN G. TAYLOR HOME. The contract for the new Protestant Orphanage was duly signed yesterday...

THE W. C. F. E. WORK. Mr. McMillan, city missionary for the W.C.T.U., has submitted his report for the month of March...

THE PROPOSED BY-LAWS. To the EDITOR: I see by last night's Times that the Corporation has purchased seven and one-half acres of land near Jubilee hospital...

BOUNDARY CREEK MINES. To the EDITOR: As it is not the intention of the company I represent to open up the mine...

THE W. C. F. E. WORK. Mr. McMillan, city missionary for the W.C.T.U., has submitted his report for the month of March.

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SURF AND PASTIMES. The "James Bays" announce a Grand Ball and Prepare for a Field Day.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY. The general committee appointed at the birthday celebration...

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"TSHUN!" Tshun! Tshun! Tshun! Tshun! Tshun! Tshun! Tshun! Tshun! Tshun! Tshun!

Military Parade for the Queen's Birthday. The shooting prospects brightening.

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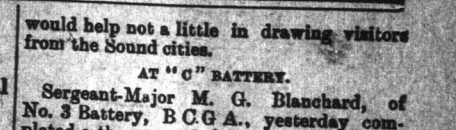
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THREW AWAY HIS CRUTCHES AFTER YEARS OF TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

AN INTERESTING HISTORY. There is a possibility of a special endorsement for getting up the heavy artillery work...

STATEMENT OF MR. W. McNEE. For eight years I was troubled with a sore on my leg which resulted from having it broken.

ELLEN RUNNING SORES. Developed one which reduced me to a living skeleton (lost 70 lbs. in four months).

THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION. Professor King and the Canadian Party Reach Victoria Ready for Business.

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Advertisement for Scott's Emulsion, featuring a fisherman carrying a large cod fish on his back. Text: 'Some Children Growing Too Fast... SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES'.

AN UNUSUAL SPRING.

Bill Nye Describes the Kind They Have in California—He Visits Another Ostrich Farm.

Habits of This Wonderful Bird—How They May Be Caught—A Picture of the Toy Cowboy.

(Copyright, 1893, by Edgar W. Nye.)

IN CALIFORNIA.

Florida is the home of the unusual winter, but California is the place where the unusual spring grows the rankest. The sun bursts forth with a glad, wide smile a month ago as we entered San Francisco, and people told us we could now give our umbrellas away. I picked out a deserving poor man who had no other clothing and said to him, "Here, my man, take this and dress up," as I handed him a costly umbrella marked down from 75 cents.

When you come here, get a white hat of the rancho variety. They are made in Philadelphia, but grow to maturity in this climate. It has an embossed leather band suited to the owner's condition in life. It may cost from \$2 to \$10, and the hat is as good as new. It is light, semi-stiff, with a flat brim, and becomes more valuable as it becomes disreputable and filled with dust and perspiration.

ON THE OSTRICH FARM.

Then the heavens opened at San Diego, and another of those unusual springs that have puzzled me through life caught me with polished shoes and a high hat. When you come here, get a white hat of the rancho variety. They are made in Philadelphia, but grow to maturity in this climate.

With one of these hats and a pair of goat or dogskin "chaps" on the legs and a 3-pound spur on each foot, also a pair of riding pants made with a counter seat to them, one is dressed for tea or an exhilarating ride in a street car.

Should you ride horseback, as some do, in these clothes, and the horse be molaring at the time, your horse clothes will not do you any good. You must, especially if you use corduroy for your suit, as it smells more like a day in Constantinople than anything you can get this side of the ocean.

Long since I have ceased to reproach the weather. The weather is what it is made to be. It means well, but very little religious advancement can be made this spring in southern California. Pastors here tell me that they can see a noted falling off in Santa Barbara in the attendance at the Look Up legion here and in the Lend a Hand society also since the weather fetched loose.

There is a Home for Disabled Spiritual Mediums also at Santa Barbara, and this spring there has been a retrogression there bordering on iconoclasm. This is the Do Good society's parlors members now hold their umbrellas in their hands even through service instead of leaving them in the hall or in the pastor's study where they can drain into his last year's sermons. They are ruined, for a sermon should be kept perfectly dry.

I have been given by Lieutenant Chase of the army a bag of seeds from the sequoia trees of the state. He says they will grow easily in North Carolina. I will plant them there, and will invite to come there when they mature, in 6,000 years from this spring, and we will have a basket picnic, after which I will speak.

The sequoia is like a number of men I have met here—chiefly remarkable for having been here first. I subscribed last week \$5 for the relief of a man who frankly admitted that, aside from that, there was nothing whatever the matter with him.

I visited another ostrich farm the other day. I can hardly keep away from this strange bird. Ostrich eggs are worth \$150.75 per dozen. They are good to eat, and six of them will make a man a meal.

each with no freedom. It took that year to recover the birds. This is as awkward as raising pineapples on my upright farm in North Carolina.

"What! Another suburban burglary?" groaned the city editor as I handed in a half column "scoop" one night at midnight. "Yes, and the police have no clue." "How many does this make?" "This is the seventh in three weeks, and no arrests have been made."

"I have given the police five weeks, and I have stated that the detectives have utterly failed to get on—chief of police seems to be perfectly helpless—citizens talk of a vigilance committee—gangs calling for the heads of the burglar and the mayor had better bounce the police force and then step down and out himself."

"Good! The old man will back us on the editorial page, and The Star will send to New York for a couple of first class detectives and have the honor of breaking up this gang. Keep 'em busy, but hustle. It's our golden opportunity."

Seven residences in the eastern district had been burglarized, one after another, and all doubtless by the same gang, and the detectives had utterly failed to get a lead. Jewelry, money and silverware had been taken in each case, but nothing could be traced or recovered.

In two instances an intruder had been seen and his description furnished, but the police had arrested a score of "suspects" only to turn them loose again. After the first three cases I had been interested to "turn loose" on the police, and I had followed instructions so vigorously as to endanger every official head.

I sprang up and was manacled with the revolver. I threatened and was ridiculed. I defied them, and the man at the table swung his serpent eyes on mine and said: "You'll either go with us or we'll leave you a corpse here when we go out!"

After a little reflection I saw that my policy was to appear to submit. They consented that they were the burglars. We were going to make our last haul to-night and then skip. You are going along with us!"

"What! Commit a burglary with you?" "Exactly. We are going to clean out the chief of police. We will help you, you are going to help him and give you a big 'scoop' besides."

"I drew up to the table, and we began playing. There was no question of his skill as a burglar, but he had no luck with the cards. He became disgusted at the end of half an hour and threw down the pastebards and began asking questions about newspaper work, while the one on the bed indulged in a nap. I explained to him how the staff of a newspaper was made up, the work required of the various individuals, the process of stereotyping, how the proof sheets were corrected and the forms made up, and the other above mentioned things.

"We will now be going. We are going from here directly to the house of one of our friends, Mr. Groat. If you think to give us the slip en route, let me tell you that it will result in your getting hurt. Conduct yourself in a sensible manner, and you'll come out of this all right."

"I had two plans. One was to make a dash for it on the street, the other to call upon the first policeman we encountered. When we reached the street, I was placed between the two, and I realized I should have no show to make a bolt. The streets were quiet as a graveyard, and in the walk of one block did not even meet a dog. The house of the chief was a detached 3-story brick, with an alley in rear of it. The burglars must have 'piped it off' beforehand, for they seemed to know just to go past through that alley into the yard and advanced almost to the kitchen door before we halted. As we stopped I saw that the kitchen window to the left of the door was raised and had a fly screen in it. It had been a rainy afternoon, and I had on rubbers, and both men were similarly provided for."

"Now, then," whispered the one who had been called Jim, "you and I are going into the house through that window, and Tom is to remain on the lookout. We wouldn't have carried this thing along this far if we hadn't intended to see through to the end. If you are to be a burglar, you will have to be a burglar, and you will have to be a burglar, and you will have to be a burglar."

M. QUAD'S SKETCHES.

A Reporter's Experiences with Burglars—Hearing from Jimmie.

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"What! Commit a burglary with you?" "Exactly. We are going to clean out the chief of police. We will help you, you are going to help him and give you a big 'scoop' besides."

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"We will now be going. We are going from here directly to the house of one of our friends, Mr. Groat. If you think to give us the slip en route, let me tell you that it will result in your getting hurt. Conduct yourself in a sensible manner, and you'll come out of this all right."

"I had two plans. One was to make a dash for it on the street, the other to call upon the first policeman we encountered. When we reached the street, I was placed between the two, and I realized I should have no show to make a bolt. The streets were quiet as a graveyard, and in the walk of one block did not even meet a dog. The house of the chief was a detached 3-story brick, with an alley in rear of it. The burglars must have 'piped it off' beforehand, for they seemed to know just to go past through that alley into the yard and advanced almost to the kitchen door before we halted. As we stopped I saw that the kitchen window to the left of the door was raised and had a fly screen in it. It had been a rainy afternoon, and I had on rubbers, and both men were similarly provided for."

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SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANEA.

MUSIC FROM THE BRONZE AGE.—In the bogs of Denmark and neighboring parts of Sweden and the Baltic coast of Germany, have been found a number of "bronzes," curious musical instruments of the bronze age. Most of these—about a score—are now in the National Museum of Copenhagen. Several have been carefully put in order, and some skilled musicians have played upon the instruments, demonstrating of the remarkable musical as well as constructive knowledge of the unknown makers of some 3,000 years ago.

ANTISEPTIC SLEEP-PRODUCING.—It appears that even insomnia is to be fought by means of microbe-killers. The theory has been advanced that in acute mental disease the gastric juice becomes so perverted that the food, instead of entering with the food are not wholly destroyed, as they are in a healthy stomach. One result is sleeplessness. It has been accordingly assumed that in such cases sleep may be secured by the use of harmless antiseptics instead of the usual more or less harmful narcotics. The experimenter, an English physiologist, reports a successful trial of the antiseptic, naphthalene. Sleep was induced in troublesome cases, the drug proved to be harmless, and there were no unpleasant after effects.

ELECTRIC POWER IN FACTORIES.—The ideal method of using electricity in manufacturing, in the view of Mr. Alexander Siemens is to supply an electric motor to each machine tool. This reduces the strengthening necessity for floors, and dispenses with shafting, counter-shafting, belts and pulleys. Lord Kelvin has made calculations to show whether power can be better transmitted by shafting and belt or by electricity. His results prove that electric transmission supplies to the machines at least 70 per cent of the indicated horse-power, while with the shafting not more than 60 to 65 per cent is made available.

UTILIZING SCRAP OF TINNED IRON.—In the process now being worked by M. Lambotte, of Brussels, tin is recovered in the form of chloride from clippings of the machines at least 70 per cent of the indicated horse-power, while with the shafting not more than 60 to 65 per cent is made available.

CHLORINE LEAKS.—The notion that a fish diet contributes to the development of leprosy is upheld by the president of the London Medical Society, who, however, does not regard this diet as capable of starting the disease in a healthy person. He has exhibited a patient who is recovering from leprosy through treatment with small doses of arsenic and abstinence from fish. The peculiar patches have disappeared from this patient, but the hands and feet are insensitive to heat and cold and pain. It is stated that mild cases usually recover in the English climate under treatment with regular diet.

INSECT CHEMISTS.—The odd fact that the forked-tail moth (Diarrhus vinula) is a chemist of considerable capacity was shown at a recent meeting of the London Entomological Society. It was previously known that its larvae, like those of the formic acid. To this Mr. Oswald Latter added the new and surprising discovery that the mouth of the adult moth secretes caustic potash, with which it softens its cocoon and enables itself to emerge. Caustic potash is a matter of protection to the insect, capable of destroying the human skin and its secretion by any animal is a unique revelation.

America's two great celebration years are distinguished by two closely related achievements of the utmost importance to civilized humanity. The Centennial Exhibition brought through the world, and showed the possibility of conveying speech to a distance; the Columbian Exposition comes to us with the perfected telegraph, which confers the scarcely less marvelous power of writing in one's own hand on a sheet of paper hundreds of miles away.

It has been known for several years that the germs of some diseases pass unharmed through the digestive system of flies. A German bacteriologist has now added Asiatic cholera to the list of diseases, finding that the cholera bacteria may survive 72 hours, or even longer, in the intestines of flies, while it is probable that under some conditions they may multiply there.

The two sides of the face are never alike. A German biologist says that the eyes are out of line in two persons out of five; one eye is stronger than the other in seven out of ten, and the right eye is generally higher than the left.

A new work by Mr. H. M. Wilson states that, by irrigation, 25,000,000 acres are made fruitful in India alone. In Egypt there are about 6,000,000 acres, and in Europe about 6,000,000. The United States has but just begun the work of improving its waste acres, but has already about 4,000,000 acres of irrigated lands.

The Cancer Hospital of London, has found it necessary to correct a widespread belief that tomatoes are refused to its patients because they are so hot. There is no evidence that tomatoes predispose to or excite cancer formation, or that they are in any way injurious to cancer patients or other persons.

A new driving belt has been made in France by parching the leather instead of tanning it. The belt does not stretch, and is more durable than tanned belts.

In the English, French and German languages there are now published each month over 150 issues of periodicals.

devoted exclusively to electricity, besides probably twice as many more scientific journals which have occasional articles on electrical subjects.

An "incombustible snow" for decorating Christmas trees, etc., is being made in Germany from asbestos-fibre and mica.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS. WINNIPEG, April 13.—(Special)—The decision of the Courts making null and void the recent Brandon election, thereby unseating W. A. Macdonald as member for the constituency, somewhat disturbs local political circles. The two parties are now discussing probable candidates. It is generally supposed that Hon. James A. Smart will not offer himself for re-election.

FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR. NEW YORK, April 13.—A large number of distinguished passengers came on the Majesty, the most notable among these were: Joseph Dredge, the British royal commissioner to the World's exposition, and Walter H. Harris, who is assisting him in the transportation of an immense shipment of English exhibits for the fair. A large consignment of exhibits from Windsor, which are lent to the exposition by the Queen and the Princes of Wales, arrived on the Majesty with the commissions. The exhibits which the two monarchs have brought with them consist principally of royal Windsor tapestries. These possess a historical value as representing the last specimens produced at the Windsor works, which went out of existence six years ago. Commissioner Harris carried with him a letter written by the Queen and addressed to the fair committee, in which she wishes every success to the exposition, and adds that Great Britain is interested in the immense affair. Fifteen British journalists also arrived on the same steamer. They are the vanguard of a large delegation of English editors and proprietors who are coming here for the opening of the Columbian exposition.

Series, Prairie Fires. TOPEKA, Kan., April 13.—Reports were received here yesterday of terrible devastation and destruction of property wrought by prairie fires in Western Kansas during the past forty-eight hours. Several hundred head of cattle were caught in the fire and perished, while in one instance 150 head of sheep, in a ranch which was surrounded by a barbed-wire fence, perished in the flames. In Morton county on Monday night a party of campers en route to Oklahoma from Colorado set fire to a clump of grass near their tents as a matter of protection to their stock and families against a sweeping fire which was coming rapidly from the south. The wind was blowing a gale and the grass was very dry, and for thirty miles had been ploughed and ignited the great unbroken sea of dry grass north of them. Soon the fire spread over the territory from north to south for miles, and for thirty miles every vestige of dry material was consumed.

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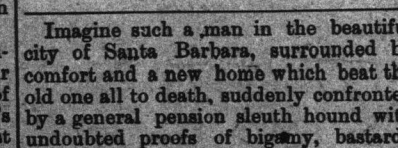
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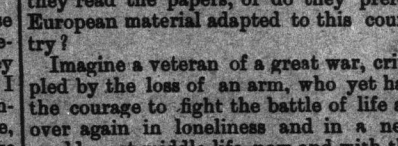
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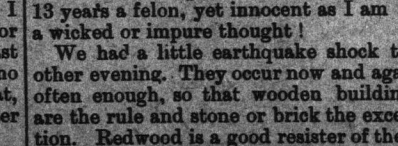
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HOME RULE.

Mr. Goschen Continues the Debate—"No Need For Interference."

"Ireland Has Entered on a Period of Prosperity"—"The Bill a Foolish One."

LONDON, April 17.—In the House of Commons today, Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, Liberal M. P. for the Brighton division of Sheffield, and President of the Board of Trade, introduced a bill to provide for the submission of labor disputes to arbitration.

The debate on the second reading of the Home Rule bill was resumed, and Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, formerly Chancellor of the Exchequer in Lord Salisbury's late ministry, addressed the House in opposition to the bill.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

April 18.—A large number of passengers came on the most notable among these.

London, April 18.—The British royal to the World's Exposition, and Mr. J. J. Goschen, who is in charge of an immense shipment of exhibits for the fair.

London, April 18.—Reports were yesterday of terrible devastation of property wrought up in Western Kansas during the night.

CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, April 17.—A celebrated case came up in the Probate court on Saturday.

London, April 17.—Ben Tillett, the well-known labor leader, charged with having incited strikers to riot in Britain in September last, was found guilty by a jury sitting in the assizes.

London, April 17.—A committee representing all the conspicuous Jews of Bulgaria have ordered in Buda Pesth an album album with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, which they will give to the Emperor and Empress on the wedding day.

London, April 17.—Queen Victoria leaves this evening for Venice, with the intention of spending several days at Mr. Browning's palazzo on the Grand Canal.

London, April 17.—According to a letter received from London, Joseph Richard Lambert, an inmate of St. George's Workhouse at Southwark for eight years, who is a veteran of the Crimean war, having fought at Sebastopol, has been made glad by information that a fortune of some millions in the neighborhood of three quarters of a million dollars has been left to him by his mother's brother, James Killick, a millionaire New York oilman.

London, April 17.—The preliminary conference of the International Benedictine College of St. Anselm, arrived to-day, nearly 600 abbots from different parts of the world, who have been reaching the city during the past week, were gathered at the depot, and gave the American brethren a hearty reception.

London, April 17.—The preliminary conference in honor of the silver wedding of King Humbert and Queen Margherita of Italy was inaugurated to-day. The celebration falls on Monday next, but the entire week will be one of festivity throughout the country.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Imperial Decorations for Long Service in the Canadian Volunteers—Equivalent Fortifications.

Canada's Commissioners at Chicago—No Announcement as to the Governor-Generalship.

THE ALASKAN SURVEY.

United States Plans Respecting the Work of the International Commission.

IMPORTANCE OF THE ISSUES INVOLVED.

How the Cause May Become Interested.

A Port Townsend special on the subject of the international commission on the survey of the Alaskan boundary will be read with particular attention here.

"The United States coast and geodetic survey steamer Harker is expected to arrive here Monday from Mare Island.

Deputy Minister of Marine to-day, he stated that his hospital so designated by the Department was a marine hospital under the terms of the Sick and Distressed Mariners' Act.

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SOLAR ECLIPSE.

The Longest and Last Important Occurrence During the Present Century.

Many Interesting Problems Expected to Be Settled by the Observations Made.

SERBIAN POLITICS.

VENICE, April 18.—Events at Belgrade explain ex-King Milan's reconciliation with his wife, Queen Natalie.

MADRID, April 17.—The eclipse of the sun was clearly visible from this city to-day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—The total solar eclipse, which took place yesterday, was the longest of the century, and also the last of this century from which any additions to the history of solar physics could be obtained.

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IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Canadian Cattle in England—Dock Laborers' Strike—Niagara Canal Arrangements.

Home Rule Denounced by Lord Randolph Churchill—Self Preservation Forbids Its Concession.

MORLEY'S REPLY—NO REASON FOR UNREST FEAR—"THE OBJECT WILL BE REALIZED."

LONDON, April 18.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Edward Grey, Parliamentary Under Secretary of the Foreign Office, stated in response to questions that the treaty between Great Britain and Nicaragua signed in March, 1889, guaranteed to British subjects the "most favored nation" treatment in regard to any canal, railway or other mode of transit that might be established in Nicaragua.

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London, April 18.—Forest fires are reported from the suburbs of Vancouver. One large factory was burned to the ground and others were heavily damaged.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—The total solar eclipse, which took place yesterday, was the longest of the century, and also the last of this century from which any additions to the history of solar physics could be obtained.

VIENNA, April 17.—A committee representing all the conspicuous Jews of Bulgaria have ordered in Buda Pesth an album album with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, which they will give to the Emperor and Empress on the wedding day.

FLORINCA, April 17.—Queen Victoria leaves this evening for Venice, with the intention of spending several days at Mr. Browning's palazzo on the Grand Canal.

NEW YORK, April 17.—According to a letter received from London, Joseph Richard Lambert, an inmate of St. George's Workhouse at Southwark for eight years, who is a veteran of the Crimean war, having fought at Sebastopol, has been made glad by information that a fortune of some millions in the neighborhood of three quarters of a million dollars has been left to him by his mother's brother, James Killick, a millionaire New York oilman.

ATLANTA, April 17.—Since 7:30 this morning two more abductees have shaken the whole island of Zante.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The greatest railroad train seen in many a long year was drawn out of the Pennsylvania depot at 10:18 this morning amidst the cheers of a crowd of curiosity seekers.

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BELGIAN DISQUIET.

Strong Reinforcements of Troops Arrive in Brussels Ready for Any Emergency.

Labor Leaders Insist Upon Universal Suffrage Pure and Simple—House Proceedings.

BRUSSELS, April 18.—Strong reinforcements of troops arrived with every train last evening. All officers have received a city map, on which is marked a neutral area from which the crowds are to be excluded.

The whole argument of the Opposition against the bill, he said, might be condensed in the charge that Ireland was a dishonest nation, yet the late Government had arranged to lend Ireland £40,000,000 for the purchase of holdings.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The busy day has been devoted to the arrival at Fort Monro of the British fleet, and the review of the fleet.

The debate on the second reading of the Home Rule bill was then resumed. Lord Randolph Churchill stated that he was seeking to bring about a compromise of the trouble and spoke hopefully of a settlement of the strike.

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oustable moon," for decorations, etc., is being made from asbestos-fibre and

WIRELESS.

April 18.—(Special)—The deputations making null and void London election, thereby un-

Macdonald as member for, somewhat disturbs local. The two parties are now available candidates. It is generally held that Hon. James A. Smart is himself a re-election.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

April 18.—A large number of passengers came on the most notable among these.

London, April 18.—The British royal to the World's Exposition, and Mr. J. J. Goschen, who is in charge of an immense shipment of exhibits for the fair.

London, April 18.—Reports were yesterday of terrible devastation of property wrought up in Western Kansas during the night.

CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, April 17.—A celebrated case came up in the Probate court on Saturday.

London, April 17.—Ben Tillett, the well-known labor leader, charged with having incited strikers to riot in Britain in September last, was found guilty by a jury sitting in the assizes.

SOLAR ECLIPSE.

The Longest and Last Important Occurrence During the Present Century.

SERBIAN POLITICS.

VIENNA, April 18.—Events at Belgrade explain ex-King Milan's reconciliation with his wife, Queen Natalie.

REEF AND CURE.

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The Colonist.

FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1893.

UNFAIR TO THE RURAL DISTRICTS.

The very peculiar declaration and appeal of the Mainland of British Columbia submitted to the Vancouver meeting by the Rev. Mr. Maxwell contains the following sentence: "The Island with 36,000 people has 16 representatives; on equal basis the Mainland, with 60,000 people, ought to have 27, yet it has only 17." Here we find that the leader of the new movement would apportion the representation according to the gross population without regard to those parts of it that are not entitled to vote. Neither the Indians nor the Chinese are enfranchised, yet Mr. Maxwell, to suit his purposes, counts them in with the white inhabitants who are entitled to vote. Now it is evident that, for the purpose of representation, only the population entitled to be represented can be counted. The Indians and Chinese are not entitled to representation. They have no voice in making the laws of the Province. It is, therefore, both absurd and dishonest to include them in the population among whom seats in the Legislature are to be distributed.

According to the rules of representation laid down in this manifesto, the population of the rural districts is to be divided in the same way as the population of the towns. This will give almost the whole power of legislation to the inhabitants of the four cities. The agricultural and the mining interests of the Province will be almost wholly unrepresented in the Legislature. This is a manifestly unjust that the mercenary in politics must see its impracticability.

In a new country like this, something besides population must be taken into account. This is what was done when the electoral districts were first laid out. Thaly people, agricultural, and mining districts were given a representation not at all in proportion to the number of settlers they contained. The system has hitherto worked well. None of the dreadful consequences pointed out in the manifesto as certain to follow a disproportionate representation have taken place. Would the country have been well governed, and would substantial justice have been done to all parts of the country and all classes of the population if the representation had been apportioned strictly according to population? If the representation of the Province had been nearly monopolized by the inhabitants of the towns? We are quite sure it would not.

The object of the agitators is evidently to give the inhabitants of the cities an undue preponderance in the Legislature of the Province—to make them the complete masters of the situation.

It does not require an arithmetician to see that the seats in the Legislative Assembly are divided mathematically according to population, the rural and mining districts will be almost completely wiped out. Their representation will be so small compared with that of the towns that they might almost as well remain unrepresented. Is there any intelligent legislator of the Province who desires to see such a state of things brought about? The elaborate calculations of the manifesto can have but one object, which is to give the cities the lion's share of legislative power and to whittle down the representation of country places to nothing, or next to nothing.

The electors of the Province must not for a moment forget that the system of representation which the agitators denounce has not been attended by any of the evils with which it is charged by the Rev. Mr. Maxwell, but that under it the Province has progressed in a greater ratio than any other in the Dominion.

RASH AND UNADVISED.

The clergyman who did most of the speaking at the accession meeting held in Vancouver on Saturday night are evidently not very well versed in the policies of the Province. The Rev. Mr. Maxwell held the present Government responsible for the way in which the representation of the Province is at present divided. This is manifestly unfair. The representation, as it is now, is the work of many Governments. The Province has been legislated for by Legislative Assemblies elected pretty much as the present one has been since Confederation, and all things considered, it has been as well governed as any Province of the Dominion. The disproportions that the complainants have existed for years and no injury has been done either to individuals or localities.

Whether it has been productive of good results or bad, whether it is just or unjust, the Government now in power is not responsible for the present state of the representation. If the Rev. Mr. Maxwell had kept this fact in view he would have seen that many passages of his speech were without point and many of his criticisms most unjust and altogether unavailing.

The worst that can be said of the Government is that they have allowed the system of representation that has worked tolerably well for so many years to remain unaltered for few a month longer. This is the only charge that can in any fairness be brought against them. Mr. Maxwell and his associate minister in the agitation have not attempted to show that the people of this Province will be injured in the slightest degree by the postponement of the Redistribution measure. They have not done this for the best of all reasons—they cannot. There is no chance of their being an election during the next twelve months. The Province, until the general election has lived out its term, will all in vain probability join along in the quiet way in which it has been progressing

since it entered the Confederation. The anomalies of its representation will have long more effect upon its inhabitants than will the promotion of Sir Julian Pauncefote to the rank of ambassador.

Why the postponement for a few months of the enactment of a Redistribution law should raise a ferment in the mind of a Christian minister is more than we can comprehend. We can easily understand why a few disgruntled and disappointed politicians should make a handle of it in an attempt to bring the Government into disrepute, but why it should disturb the serenity of a pastor of a Christian congregation is a mystery. It surely cannot be possible that the ministers have unwittingly been made the instruments by which the designing politicians hope to accomplish their purposes. Yet upon no other theory can we understand why presumably good and intelligent men should take part in an agitation for which there is no adequate cause.

The reason given by the Premier for postponing the Redistribution measure was, as everyone now knows, that the information supplied by the census was not sufficient or of a kind to enable the Government to do the work satisfactorily to themselves. The clergyman, as well as all others who have taken an interest in the matter, must see that the Government were justified in coming to this decision. According to the promise given by the Robson Government the census of 1891 was to be the basis on which a permanent Redistribution measure was to be framed. When it was found that the information contained in the census was defective and unsatisfactory, what was to be done? Were the Government to draw up a Redistribution Bill by the rule of thumb? Were they to depend upon statistics that were known to be defective, or were they to take for their data the guesses and the theories of politicians interested in leading them astray? It will be observed that no journalist or politician who has studied the census returns has ventured to assert that they are correct with respect to the population of this Province. When those who are interested in showing that the census contains the information requisite to guide the Government have to admit that it is not correct, and that it would not be a safe guide to those entrusted with the work of redistribution, what sense is there or what justice is there in blaming the Government for postponing the task in order that they may have time to collect data on which it will be safe to rely? Requiring the Government to bring down a Redistribution Bill which will be fair to all parts of the Province, with the information now available, is worse than the task allotted to the Israelites in Egypt. Making bricks without straw, is easy work compared with framing a Redistribution Bill on figures which are defective and contradictory. So bewildering are the figures of the Census, that one of the clerical officers confessed that he was unable to understand them, and still he blames the Government for not undertaking to bring order out of that chaos.

When the whole matter is considered, we cannot but think that reasonable people—people who have no axes to grind and no vengeance to wreak, will come to the conclusion that the postponement of the Redistribution Bill has done no harm, and is not likely to do harm, that the Government were justified under the circumstances in delaying its consideration for a few months, and that there is really no more cause for agitation to-day than there was twelve months ago.

AN ENEMY'S WORK.

We find that efforts are being made in the East to deprive the miners of this Province of any advantage they may gain by the provision in the tariff exempting mining machinery not manufactured in the Dominion from duty. The following extract from an article in the Toronto Mail of the 10th inst., shows how an Eastern manufacturing association has contrived to make this concession to the mining industry of no effect:

"At a meeting of the Quebec Mining Association just held at Montreal, a report of a committee which had been appointed to interview the Commissioner of Customs with respect to the matter was submitted. Mr. Franchois, well known and enterprising phosphate miner of the Buckingham district, presented the report. Although the law, he said, provided that the output of the importer was sufficient evidence as to whether any machine was manufactured in Canada or not, in practice it was found that by any means make every class and kind of machinery in existence, and some machines which they did make took a whole year for manufacture. Then, after waiting a year for the machine to be made, the importer would have to pay something \$300, or the full amount of the duty, more than the same machine cost in the United States." Mr. Franchois went on to say that he did not blame the country which had managed to get the ear of the Government. It was good business tactics on their part. It is to be hoped that this desire of the Eastern manufacturing firm will not be permitted to deprive the miners of British Columbia of the advantage they ought to gain from the provision of the tariff applied in their favor. The Government, we hope, takes as great an interest in the prosperity of the mining industry as it does in that of any other, and is as ready to give it a helping hand. The kind of assistance, too, that the miners want can easily be extended, and will really cost the country nothing. All that they want is a comparatively slight exemption from taxation on machinery for a limited time. The Government should not

allow any one to place obstacles in the way of their getting what has apparently been given them.

RIGHTS NOT WRESTED.

Towards the end of his extraordinary declaration and Appeal to the Mainland of British Columbia the Rev. Mr. Maxwell, in his finest style, says: "We have, therefore, to ask is it to be tolerated that our natural and constitutional rights shall be wrested from us?"—by the postponement of the Redistribution Bill for a few months. We should like to know what natural or what constitutional rights have been wrested from the people of any part of the Province or is likely to be by the men at present in power? It would do the reversed gentleman good, since he has gone into politics so deeply, to inquire what are the natural and what the constitutional rights of a British subject. Before he can affirm with any degree of intelligence that men have been deprived of certain rights he should be able, clearly, and calmly and dispassionately, to tell those whom he addresses what those rights are.

What "natural" right has the present Government wrested from the Mainland? It is in the first place not a little difficult for a thoughtful man to find out what natural rights are. There are indeed some thinkers who go so far as to say that man has no natural rights at all. The truth is that modern civilized society is such an artificial structure that it is exceedingly difficult to distinguish between what is natural in it and what is conventional. We could easily produce dozens of instances of what appear to be natural rights that the civilized man is not allowed to exercise. It does not like, another party or another section at some future time can do the same thing, and in this way a factions spirit or sectional jealousy will do what it can to deprive the Province of self-government altogether. It is to be hoped, for the credit of the Province, that the resolution moved by Mr. J. McKay Lambly, of Enderby, at the meeting will be thrown into the waste basket—a proper receptacle.

BLOUNT'S MISSION.

It appears now that the principal object of Mr. Blount's mission to Hawaii is to undo, as far as possible, what Consul Stevens was instrumental in doing. It will be remembered that Mr. Stevens, almost before it was known in Honolulu that a revolution was on foot, caused a detachment of American seamen from the warship Boston to enter the town for the ostensible purpose of protecting the property of American citizens from violence, but really to protect the Provisional Government from attack. The American forces were stationed near the public buildings and in the presence made it unnecessary for the revolutionaries to do anything towards their own protection. In a very short time after, Consul Stevens took the whole country under the protection of the United States, and the Stars and Stripes floated over the Government buildings. Mr. Blount had not been in Honolulu very long before he ordered the Hawaiian flag to be hauled down, and sent the American sailors back to their ship.

This shows that President Cleveland is determined not to take the people of the Hawaiian Islands at a disadvantage. He has taken measures to show that they are free to declare what Government they prefer. To pretend to treat with the Hawaiian Government while the American flag floated over the public buildings of the capital and while the city was occupied by an American force was like pretending to make terms with a man while he was tied hand and foot and while he was covered with six shooter held by a crack shot. The fate of the Hawaiian Islands seems, however, as uncertain as ever. All that is known is that President Cleveland will not use his influence to compel the people to join the United States. But whether the Islands will become a dependency of the Great Republic, whether their inhabitants will set up a little republic of their own, whether the Queen will be restored, or whether the Provisional Government will develop into a permanent and stable administration is not known. It is, however, pretty certain, that no foreign government will interfere in the affairs of the people of Hawaii.

BELGIAN DISQUIET.

There is serious trouble in Belgium. The Belgian workmen do not appear to be by any means a quiet, law-abiding set of men. When they cannot get the wages they are apt to strike, and when they are on strike they are noisy and excitable, and do all that is possible. The Belgian workmen want political power. They demand that the suffrage be extended to them. Not content with getting men of education and standing to plead their cause for them, and then quietly and patiently awaiting the result, they assemble in large masses, and expect by turbulent demonstrations to prevail upon Parliament to decide in their favor. If the misguided men only knew it, their readiness to resort to violence is precisely a force now to accomplish their purposes, would they not be quite as ready to attempt to coerce their opponents if they were allowed a voice in choosing men to represent them in Parliament? If they were voters would not an election be a series of fights and would not the weaker party, physically, have to succumb to the stronger?

Judging by what is now going on in Brussels, there is too much reason to conclude that the men have neither the intelligence

nor the self-restraint requisite to enable them to exercise the franchise either for their own good or for the good of the community. We, therefore, do not wonder that the Belgian Parliament is unwilling to extend the franchise to the men who are howling and fighting in the streets and who, in horrible language, threaten with violence those who would smooth universal suffrage.

A SERIOUS MISTAKE.

We are surprised that any British Columbian wishing to be considered intelligent could be induced to vote for a resolution favoring an appeal to the Governor-General against a law constitutionally enacted by the Provincial Legislature. It might be supposed that he placed too high an estimate on the advantages of self-government, and saw too clearly the mischief that Dominion interference, if encouraged, is calculated to do, to ask the Ottawa authorities to nullify provincial legislation. It would be better a hundred times to put up with laws which were in his opinion injudicious and uncalled for than by begging the Governor-General to veto a provincial law confessed that the people of the province are not fit to be entrusted with the power of making their own laws. There is in the present instance not the remotest chance of the Ottawa Government advising the Governor-General to veto any of the laws passed by the Legislative Assembly of this Province during the late session, but the resolution shows that there are British Columbians who do not place a very high value on the privilege they enjoy of managing their own affairs in their own way.

DOWN FROM OKANAGAN.

That Section in a Very Flourishing Condition, Both Agriculturally and Otherwise. The Mines Turning Out Well—Several Smelters Projected and General Development Under Way. Mr. J. McKay Lambly, of Enderby, arrived in Victoria yesterday on a short visit. In response to the usual question Mr. Lambly gave a very encouraging report of the condition of affairs in his section of the country.

"Generally speaking," said he, "the Okanagan country is in better shape and has better prospects than at any time in its history. Most of the mining ventures that were taken up last year are turning out very well; at Fairview there is a good group of properties which have been purchased by Messrs. Atwood & Reynolds, an English firm, who put in a small mill last year in order to sample the products of the prospects, and the results were so encouraging that they purchased the property, and this year are proceeding with extensive developments. They have now in course of erection a twenty stamp mill which will soon be in working shape. They are down on the Brown Bear claim some 200 feet, and in one place 90 feet they have a twelve foot ledge of rock that runs from \$6 to \$200 per ton. They are also building a sawmill in the same locality.

An irrigation project is on foot for an irrigating canal from Dog Lake to the head of Osoyoos lake, and by that means open up for cultivation a large tract of fine farm land. At Keremeos creek considerable development work is going on, and things are looking well. Work is progressing on the Okanagan river, which is being opened from Dog Lake to Okanagan lake.

An Okanogan creek thing are in very good shape also. An American syndicate has purchased the claims of Mr. Erball, and they will erect a smelter this summer to handle part of the ore produced in the creek. The spring has been rather backward and the winter was very severe. Most of our cattle stock is well, however, as we had put up a lot of extra hay, and so were able to feed them through the hardest of the cold. The loose bands of horses running on the range suffered the greatest amount of loss, many of them dying.

The Aberdeen canner is completed and will run this summer on the fruit of the region around. This will be a good effect on the fruit-growing business and several hundred acres of trees will go in the ground this year."

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

CHEQUERS.

LANGLAY PLAYERS REORGANIZED. LANGLEY, April 14. (Special)—The Langley Chequer Club held their annual meeting last evening. There was a good turnout of last year's members and a number of new names were submitted for membership during the meeting. The following officers were elected: President, C. D. Rand, Vancouver; Captain, B. W. Spilbury; vice-captain, D. Symington; secretary and treasurer, K. Sutherland; committee of management, J. D. Bland, W. D. Jardine and W. Bilard. The following were named as patrons of the club: Messrs. James Mackie, J. P. A. Morris, Jas. Taylor, J. Deacon, G. B. Jones, W. McEwan, J. Fraser, G. Rawlinson, J. A. Shearer and Dr. Herald. The secretary was instructed to arrange fixtures for the season. Looking to the success which attended the club's initiatory endeavors last season, and as the playing powers, both batting and bowling, are to be increased, the prospects are that the club will be able to make a good showing in the matches during the season.

THE GOLF.

M'LEAN SHOULD GO TO KOOTENAY. Mr. J. W. Haskins, of Revelstoke, has issued the following challenge: "Mr. Law being desirous of making a match with the winner of the Hamm-Haskins race, and as this race is now declared off, I will accept Mr. Law's challenge, and will handicap myself as follows: I will straight I will allow him 100 yards; 3 miles with a turn, 200 yards; 5 miles with a turn, quarter mile. The race to be on the 22nd inst., at 11 o'clock, in West Kootenay to a race on the same terms, with the exception of the handicap."

THE TERP.

"MIDNIGHT" ON THE TRACK. Golden Era: The race horse "Midnight," which mysteriously disappeared in the fall, arrived from the East last week, and is now to be seen in active career participating for the races which will take place some time in July. Mr. Dan Klinton has brought in a splendid looking animal for the same purpose. The fever for horse racing is again here, so Winkers friends had better be ready with their mounts for the event of the season.

FROM THE DAILY COLONIST, APRIL 18.

THE CITY.

Federated Canining Co. At a meeting of the trustees of the Federated Brand Salmon Canining Co., Ltd., held last Saturday, over \$40,000 of stock was subscribed for.

Victoria & Sidney Railway. Yesterday was the last day for receiving tenders for the construction of this road. Tenders were received as usual under consideration, and the contracts will, it is understood, be awarded to-day.

Boundary Creek ore. Twenty thousand tons of "American Boy" ore are awaiting transit facilities, and the extensions of the "Mountain Chief" have been sold at good round figures. The "Mountain Chief" is a most valuable quartz claim, and belongs to the Spokane and Great Northern Mining Co.

California matters. A letter received this city from a Victoria visiting Southern California, states that on a trip from San Jose to Pasadena they were treated to a fall of snow that lasted for several hours. The weather, the letter continues, was much colder during April than it had been during December.

The Mount Talmie Framway. The promoters of the Mount Talmie and Cordova Bay motor line will hold a conference to-day with Mr. C. J. Kosford, representing the Vancouver Works of the Fraser River, who it is quite probable, will give the contract for the line. It is hoped to have the line in operation, at least to Mount Talmie, by this autumn.

Buried With Orange Honors. There was a large turnout yesterday afternoon at the funeral of the late John Grimason, a number of the members of the Orange lodges turning out to pay their last tribute to the departed brother. The pallbearers were Messrs. J. J. Walsh, E. Sheppard, L. Walsh, H. McDonald, T. Ash and G. Barker. The funeral services were conducted at the home by Rev. S. Wilkinson, pastor of the James B. Methodist church.

Gettysburg Ready to Appeal. The appeal from the decision of the Admiralty Court in the case of the sealing schooner Oscar and Hattie, for violation of the modus vivendi, will be brought on in the Supreme Court of Canada at an early date as possible. The judgment in the case has now been printed, and it is expected the case will be brought on in Ottawa on the next docket. Messrs. Eberts & Taylor are solicitors for the owners of the schooner.

Lumber Combine. Mr. A. D. Moore, of San Francisco, who is now in Portland, is expected to visit Victoria during the present week, as his representative of all the lumber companies of the Pacific states, to confer with the timber men of this Province with a view to the formation of a Pacific Coast combination. The low prices current have practically ruined production all along the coast during recent months, and American lumbermen pronounce the proposed plan a necessity. The conference with the representatives of British Columbia will be held in this city.

The Boundary Commission. Other members of the Alaska Boundary Commission arrived on Sunday evening. Among them are the Hon. Mr. Robert Montgomery, Q. C., Louis E. Fontaine, Lewis Q. J. C. Cole, Ottawa, and Arthur Smith, C. J. of the District, and J. T. Gibbons and J. A. Brabant, who are at Hotel Victoria. An office has been opened in the Williams' block, on Broad street, where Professor King and his staff will transact the necessary business of the commission during their stay in Victoria.

Alaska News. The steamship City of Topeka, at Port Townsend from Alaska, brought news that Governor Knapp had left Sitka on a tour of Western Alaska on the steamer Crescent City. His visit will extend to all the settlements along the coast as far west as Ounawaska, gathering data for his annual report. The Topeka also brought word that Deputy Marshal Jack Dalton, charged with murder, was removed from Juneau to Sitka for confinement in jail. There will be no spring term of court in Alaska until an account of the funds being exhausted, and consequently several important suits against seized sealers will have to be laid over until the autumn term.

FROM THE DAILY COLONIST, APRIL 18.

THE CITY.

New Police Barracks. Tenders for the erection of the new police barracks upon the plan of Mr. John Tesque will be received at the office of the city clerk, Mr. W. J. Dowler, until noon of Wednesday next, the 26th inst.

St. John's Church. At the vestry meeting of St. John's Church last evening, Messrs. Henry Saunders and A. L. Belyea were re-elected wardens, and Messrs. A. C. Flamerfelt, D. R. Kerr and Rev. J. Turner, assessors. The usual financial and other reports were presented and duly adopted.

Preparations for the Ball. A deputation of three, representing the Ball committee of the James Bay Athletic Association, waited upon the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dawdney, Mayor Beaven and Mrs. Beaven yesterday afternoon, and received the promise of their patronage for the ball at the club house on Friday evening, April 28. The ball room will be decorated at that time, and every effort put forth in the way of decorating, etc., to beautify the room.

A Steamers Meeting. The steamer Wellington, laden with coal from Nanaimo for San Francisco, dropped anchor off the outer wharf on her way out to sea last evening, and shortly afterwards the Deane was seen at anchor, though for what purpose remains unknown to those watching the wharf. After being together for a short time the vessels proceeded on their respective ways, the Deane having sounded her whistle during the whole evening.

The Assizes at Arma. All three batteries of the B. C. A. were well represented at the first practice in the Market hall last evening, in preparation for the grand assault-arms at the opening of the new Drill Battery on Saturday. The company was divided into two squads, and these were drilled separately in the various exercises of physical drill, bayonet and sword practice, club swinging, gymnastics on the parallel bars, etc. The drill was addressed by the men at the close, impressing upon them the necessity of regular attendance at the practices, so that the classes would be kept back. Ample arrangements were present last evening and actively helping with the instruction were Lieuts. Williams, Sargison and Munro.

St. James' Church Concert. A very pleasant entertainment was given last evening in the schoolroom of St. James' church, in aid of the organ fund. The programme was as follows: Gloria—Messrs. Greig, Russell, Heath, Pegram, Song—Messrs. Greig and Jay. Solo—Mrs. Bosph. Trio—Mrs. Greig, Mrs. Greig and Mrs. Greig. Fugue—Mrs. Greig. INTERMISSION. Chorus—"Ave Maria"—Mrs. Russell. Song—Mrs. Greig. Solo—Mrs. Greig. Gloria—Messrs. Greig and Jay. God Save the Queen.

As may be inferred from a perusal of the names, the concert was an artistic success, and was thoroughly appreciated by all present. At the conclusion of the formal programme the concert was given, and proved not the least enjoyable part of the evening's entertainment.

Enter Meeting of St. Xavier's. The annual meeting of the above church was held last evening, when a very large number of the members of the congregation assembled. Rev. W. D. Barber in the chair. The report of the trustees was read and showed an increase of one-third in the offerings of the church over those of last year. The following officers were elected: Rector's Wardens, W. J. Weaver, Beaumont Boggs, Sideman, W. H. Saunders and James Finnore; Church Committee, Hon. Col. Baker, R. J. Taylor, R. J. Taylor, C. Roberts, L. C. Roberts, Walter Poole, H. O. Price and F. R. Harwood; Auditor, John Hawkins; Representatives to the Synod, Lieut. Col. Holmes, W. J. Weaver, Beaumont Boggs, Sideman and Hon. Col. Baker. An address of welcome to the new bishop was passed, and a committee consisting of the rector and two wardens was appointed to confer with other Anglican churches relative to a reception. Votes of thanks to the Ladies' Sewing Society, The Guild and the various donors to the church were also passed before the meeting adjourned.

Girls' Friendly Society. A full house greeted the performers in the entertainment given by the Girls' Friendly Society, last evening, at Pillarhouse Hall. The programme was carried out completely, and the audience showed thorough appreciation for their applause. The girls were corrected in a most judicious manner and crooked by the Misses Whitaker, Harris and Crookford was well rendered and applauded. A song by Mrs. Wallis, "The Girls at School," was received with evident approval, and encored. The Empire Drill, containing over fifty different figures, was executed by seventeen young ladies attired in appropriate Empire costume, and armed with their brooms, who under the leadership of their captain, Miss Clara Ure, performed the difficult but graceful movements with the utmost precision. A piano and violin duet by Misses B. Todd and Miss B. Todd was a cultured and beautiful performance. A pretty feature was the summer costume, which introduced the Sunflower Chorus, in character—a lyrical composition, also the Singing Waltz Song, during which the graceful waltzing of Miss Annie Wilson and Susie Spring pleased all, and the minut by eight little ladies and gentlemen, in sixteenth century costume, was admirably and correctly danced. They had been trained by Mrs. Dickenson, to whom their success was in a great measure due. Master Cecil Berkeley's song, "If I Waited and Wait for Kate," was sweetly and charmingly rendered, receiving a rapturous encore. The evening concluded with an amusing play, "Mistaken," by Victoria. Well annotated; the character taken by Miss M. Whitaker, Miss A. Bailey, Miss G. Ure, Mr. A. E. Cave and Mr. Coot. M. Chambers, all performing their parts so well that it were ridiculous to discriminate. The instructions were given by Mr. Todd, Mr. Prof. Hayes, Mr. Muriest and Mr. Rhodes were admirably played. Miss Todd's violin playing, especially for so young a lady, being a striking feature. The grand overture is due to Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. L. M. Caldwell, who originated and managed the affair throughout. Mr. Hayes acting as musical director, for the trial of Mrs. Mary Howland, for the murder in the first degree in killing Carl Bauer last June. The district attorney will be assisted by two other counsel, and a strenuous effort will be made to convince the jury that the case is one for a capital sentence. In this event Mrs. Howland will be the first woman to be electrocuted in this country, unless the retrial of Mrs. Howland is postponed until next September in this case should become law in the meantime.

FROM THE DAILY COLONIST, APRIL 18.

THE CITY.

MR. McBEAVEN. Mayor Beaven's Not Thinking of Resigning. Another speech Council was made by Mr. Beaven in the afternoon.

The object of the speech was to refer to the petition from the city of Vancouver, which was read by the Mayor. The object of the petition was to have the city of Vancouver annexed to the city of Victoria.

The Mayor's speech was a very able one, and he showed that he was fully conversant with the subject. He pointed out the difficulties of the annexation, and the advantages of the present arrangement.

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THE ARBITRATION.

Continuation of the Argument of American Counsel Carter. - In his second address to the arbitration court...

If the United States Does Not Own the Seals It is Their Duty to Protect Them.

PARIS, April 19. - Yesterday Mr. Carter complained to the Bureau de Conciliation, president of the arbitration court...

of her many published works appeared. It was issued in 1858. In Boston, under the title "The Poet's Works"...

THE SHIP LABORERS.

LONDON, April 19. - The executive committee of the Shipping Federation met at York to-day, instead of London...

CABLE NEWS.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 19. - A noted Mexican criminal named Amaris recently arrived from the United States in the district of Querretaro, state of Chihuahua...

CANADIAN NEWS.

MONTREAL, April 19. - J. P. Paret has a series of articles in La Patrie advocating the claims of Cardinal Gibbons as successor to Pope Leo XIII...

THE BELGIAN FRANCHISE.

BRUSSELS, April 19. - The scheme of plural or cumulative voting, provided for in the Nyonen bill, confers a vote on every male citizen aged twenty-five years who has resided at least one year in the same commune...

THE SIMILKAMEN RESOLUTIONS.

To THE EDITOR: - I read in this morning's COLONIST the resolutions which were passed at a largely attended meeting of residents of Similkamen, opposing the expenditure of \$200,000 for public buildings...

PRIMROSE DAY.

Yesterday, the anniversary of the death of the late Lord Beaconsfield, was duly observed in this city, the admirers of the statesman symbolizing their respect for his memory by wearing a primrose in their button holes...

LUCY LARCOM.

BOSTON, April 19. - Miss Lucy Larcom, the poetess, died yesterday after a protracted illness. Lucy Larcom was born in Beverly, Mass., in 1820. As a child of seven years she wrote stories and poems for her own amusement...

CAPITAL NOTES.

Heavy Demands on the Experimental Farm - Additional Public Buildings.

Administration of Justice on the Mainland - Duty on Parving Blocks.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN INDIANS.

Prof. F. Patman, head of the World's Fair ethnological department, said before his desk in the administration building a few days since, wondering what had become of his Quococquo Indians...

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Fire at Nanaimo - Cattle Losses at Sumas Prairie - Oolichans Running Poorly.

New Denver and Nelson Real Estate Rising - Another Silver Lead Struck.

CHINESE ARRIVALS.

TAOUMA, April 18. - The wharf where the Oriental steamer Mogul, of the N.P.R. line, lies, was the scene of much excitement all to-day...

WELL-ORGANIZED AND POWERFUL GANG OF OPIUM AND CHINESE SMUGGLERS.

The Evening News alleges that it is in possession of information showing that the rumor of a well organized gang of smugglers on the coast is too true...

WANTING.

NANAIMO, April 19. - As a result of the recent amateur performances of "Rumplestiltskin" given under the management of Mrs. Dr. L. T. Davis, checks of \$200 have been presented to St. Paul's church...

WESTMINSTER.

New Westminster, April 19. - A band of fifteen pedigree horses, the finest ever brought into the country, have arrived from the stock farm of Robert Beth, M.P., Bowmanville, Ont. They will be offered for sale.

THE OOLICHAN RAIN.

The Oolichan rain is a failure so far. Dr. Powell has planted 30,000 fruit trees on his Hall's Prairie farm this spring.

THE PORT & WINCH CO.

The Port & Winch Co. shipped 16,000 pounds of fresh salmon to New York to-day.

SECRETARY EGGLEWORTH.

Secretary Egglew. of the South Kootenay Board of Trade, has received the board's certificate of incorporation.

CONTRACTOR LARSON'S ENGINEER.

Contractor Larson's engineer and a carload of tools and other appliances for carrying out the work of construction of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway are reported to be at Northport on their way to this city.

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VICTORIA MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various commodities including flour, sugar, and other goods.

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ARRIVALS.

Celestial Passenger to Land...

and Powerful Gang and Chinese...

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THE CITY.

From the DAILY COLONIST April 20.

Luchoon Party Postponed.

Crucifix to be Animal.

Hon. Col. Baker, Minister of Education...

L. G. G. Entertainment.

The performance in aid of Lodge No. 29...

The Megala's Chinese.

The Northern Pacific steamer Mogul...

Investments in Lardosa Mines.

J. M. Kellie, M.P.P., arrived over from...

St. John's Church.

The following is the complete list of...

A Settlement Reached.

A temporary settlement has been reached...

The Ancient Foresters.

This evening at 7.30 a new court of the...

The Police Barracks.

The plans for the new barracks to be built...

"One Boy".

Had the amateurs who presented "Our...

Boys at the Victoria last evening being...

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SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Provincial Rifle Association. Arrange...

Enthusiastic Tennis Players Prepare...

The Council of the Provincial Rifle Association...

The annual vestry meeting of St. James...

The annual vestry meeting of St. James...

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HIGH ART IN DESIGNS.

THE NEW SUMMER FABRICS SHOW...

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THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

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It Feeds and Fattens. Benefits and Builds Up.

Stimulates and Sustains. Strengthens and Satisfies.

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MONEY IN MINING.

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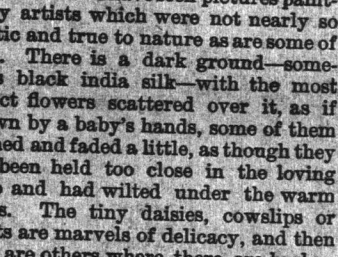
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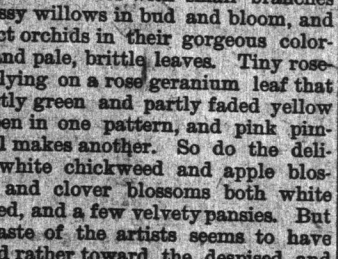
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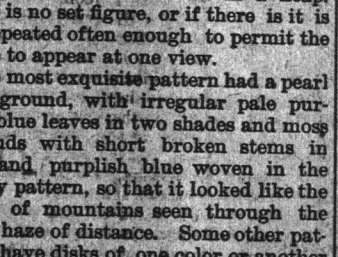
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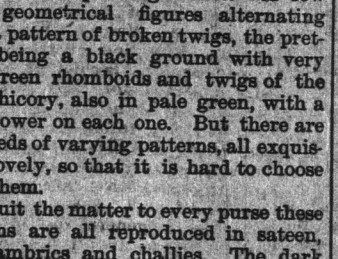
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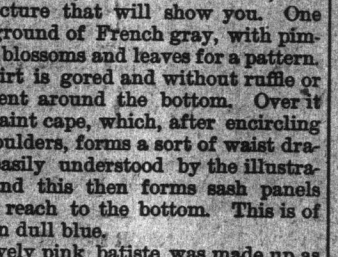
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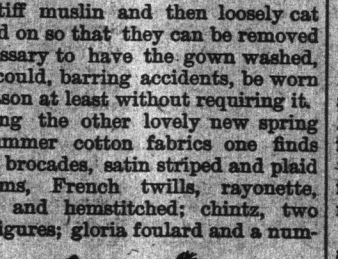
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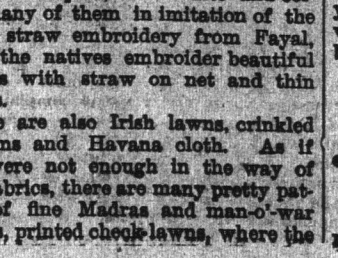
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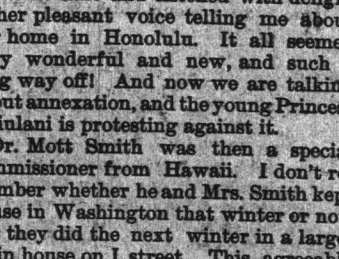
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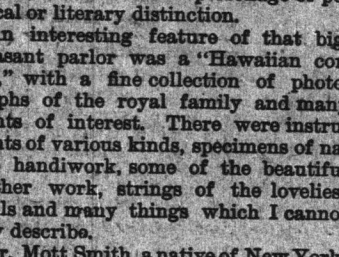
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The Colonist

FRIDAY, APRIL 21 1893

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Coal Mining Brisk at Nanaimo—Boat Accidents—Interior News.

Cattle Losses on the Mainland—Chimney on Bogus Certificate—Snow Storm at Westminster.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER, April 17.—Two sailors from the ship Fly stole a small boat last night and decamped.

The steamer Mermaid, of the Northern Shipping Co., sailed on her initial trip tonight for the North with a full complement of passengers and baggage.

The M. C. A. convention met in New Westminster last night.

Forty Chinamen, who sailed for Portland by the Haytian Republic, were refused admission on account of bogus passes.

The C. F. Navigation Co. has chartered the C. F. Navigator.

VANCOUVER, April 18.—Rev. G. R. Maxwell, famous for his secession utterances, last night lectured on "Happy Homes."

Preparations for producing the cantata "The Haymakers," are going along swimmingly.

The C. F. resumed work on the Vancouver Club building today. Nothing has been done to it since August last.

The machinery for the C.P.R. steamer on Okanagan lake went up on Saturday.

Lena Leese, who removed at night the goods the ball had seized upon the previous day, has escaped the police, and the goods have been returned to the owner.

A lighted match carelessly dropped into the waste paper basket, made an exciting little blaze in Douglas & Co.'s office last night.

Rev. F. Holland, of St. Michael's church, preached his farewell sermon on Sunday, previous to leaving for Revelstoke.

The Canadian horticultural department at the World's Fair is seeking for literature concerning fruit growing in British Columbia.

The draft of the estimates has been brought down in the City Council. It shows a proposed expenditure of \$408,941.78, with a surplus of \$100,000.

The Street Railway company has at last been authorized to put down its tracks.

The city is disputing Major Dupont's right to \$100 for a counsel fee for his solicitor, Mr. Bodwell, on the Westminster avenue subdivision, though that sum was awarded by the Supreme court taxing officer. City Solicitor Hammersley previously told the Council that Major Dupont could not in any case recover more than \$50, and now the amount has been taken to know why is opinion is so far out.

Boyd & Clendenen have been awarded a carpenter contract at 40c a foot more than the Vancouver City Council stipulated. A vote was taken on record on the approval of the action of the Provincial Government of British Columbia in the matter of the scheme to pledge the credit of the Province for \$600,000 for the purpose of building in Victoria, when the money should be spent in opening up roads for settlers; also their breach of faith with the Mainland in the matter of the same scheme, and a bill; also our dissatisfaction with our junior representative for Vancouver, Mr. J. W. Horne, in supporting the Government in its action to the detriment of the Mainland, and the movement now put forward to advocate the separation of the Mainland from Vancouver Island.

After an informal discussion, the last two classes were taken up, the remainder of the resolution being adopted.

REDISTRIBUTION.

Resolution Adopted by the Vancouver City Council Last Night.

(Special)—The following resolution was passed by the Vancouver City Council tonight: "Whereas the action of the Provincial Government of British Columbia in the matter of the scheme to pledge the credit of the Province for \$600,000 for the purpose of building in Victoria, when the money should be spent in opening up roads for settlers; also their breach of faith with the Mainland in the matter of the same scheme, and a bill; also our dissatisfaction with our junior representative for Vancouver, Mr. J. W. Horne, in supporting the Government in its action to the detriment of the Mainland, and the movement now put forward to advocate the separation of the Mainland from Vancouver Island.

After an informal discussion, the last two classes were taken up, the remainder of the resolution being adopted.

CHRISTIAN AND TURKS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17.—H. E. Newberry, secretary of the United States Legation in this country, who returned last week from Constantinople, where he was engaged in the recent reports of the persecution of Christians by Mohammedans and the burning of the Moravian college conducted by Dr. Harriek, has made a statement in an interview in regard to the origin of the disturbances. Mr. Newberry appears to consider the action of the Turkish authorities as in part at least justifiable. He says that the disturbances had their beginning in Turkish or Armenian conspirators inciting the populace to revolt by seditious placards, which were stuck on the doors of the American Legation and other public buildings. The placards were in the Turkish language. They are of a very inflammatory and treasonable character, and declared that it was necessary for the American Legation to be destroyed. He said that he was unable to find in Columbia the funds wherewith to carry out his project he came over to England for assistance. Among the persons who visited was Liverpool, and here, although he was then almost entirely unknown, he met with a generous response to his appeal, no less than \$200 being contributed in two days. With a well lined pocket Mr. Newberry returned to Constantinople, and a large stone church was erected as the result of his journey to England. Recently this was destroyed by the Sultan of Constantinople the Cathedral Church of the disease. Among the Indians and the varied classes of the people of all nationalities who had rubbed to the point of digging, Mr. Newberry found much exercise for his missionary zeal, and his kindly disposition made him welcome even to the roughest of those with whom he became acquainted. After being engaged in this manner for nearly eight years, he returned to England on account of the death of his father, and for a year after this sad event, he travelled over a wide area, particularly in China, India and Siberia. He carefully studied the word of British, Roman and Greek missions in those countries, and probably it is due to the insight he thus obtained of such organization that he was so successful in his outdoor ministrations in Anfield. After about eight years zealous work and travel in the remote regions indicated, Mr. Newberry returned to England, and from 1868 to 1873 he was Vicar of Bilton, near Harrogate, where he established for himself a high reputation, and whence he removed to Liverpool in the latter year to become first incumbent of the then new Church of St. Margaret, Belmont road.

The Bishop of Norwich, which has given the Church of Rome two saints for her calendar, dates from the seventh century, that is during the Heptarchy, and about two centuries before Edgar began his reign as the first King of England. The first Bishop was St. Felix, a Burgundian, who was sent to convert the East Anglians in the time of Sigebert. This was in A.D. 639. About 675 the see was transferred to the town of Elmham. In 893, the Bishop of Norwich, which has given the Church of Rome two saints for her calendar, dates from the seventh century, that is during the Heptarchy, and about two centuries before Edgar began his reign as the first King of England. The first Bishop was St. Felix, a Burgundian, who was sent to convert the East Anglians in the time of Sigebert. This was in A.D. 639. About 675 the see was transferred to the town of Elmham. 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