## PAGES

MISSING

# CANADIAN C PROCR D L 

Member of the Associated Business Papers --- Only Weekly Grocery Paper Published in Canada THE MACLEAN PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED


## Shippers and Manufacturers!

Are you looking for a Wholesale Grocery Organization to handle your product?
We can give it to you. Throughout the West our houses handle only first quality goods. So that when you put your product in our hands you are introducing it under the proper suc-cess-making auspices, as we cover the entire field from Lake Superior to the Pacific Coast.

## Annual Purchasing Power Twelve and a Half Millions

You can form an idea of our buying power by reading over the following list of wholesalers for whom we are purchasing agents:

Macdonald-Crawford, Ltd., Saskatoon, Sask. Maedonald-Crawford, Ltd., Swift Current, Sask. Macdonald-Crawford, Ltd., Battleford, Sask. Macdonald-Chapman, Ltd., Winnipeg, Man. White Star Mfg. Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Man. Occidental Fruit \& Canning Co., Limited, Kelowna, B.C.

## Consolidated Purchasing Co., Limited

313-319 Pacific Ave.
:-:
WINNIPEG, Manitoba

## E. NICHOLSON, General Manager

WE INVITE CORRESPONDENCE FROM MANUFACTURERS AND SHIPPERS
"EVERY GRAIN PURE CANE'

## A Sugar of Peerless Quality

When you consider the uniform goodness of Royal Acadia Sugar, when you remember that "Every Grain is Pure Cane," you can readily understand the reason for its continued popularity.
Royal Acadia Sugar is put up in 2 and $5-\mathrm{lb}$. cartons, 10, 20 and $100-\mathrm{lb}$. bags, half-barrels and barrels.

## The Acadia Sugar Refining Co., Limited

HALIFAX, CANADA


Canada Food Board License No. 11-608



## Get your share of the demand for

## Borden's



Make your window and counter displays the connecting link between Borden popularity and your cash register.

By directing a little attention to those "Leaders of Quality" you will very quickly realize the big
 advantages of constantly pushing lines whose merits have gained nation-wide popularity.

# Borden Milk Company Limited <br> "LEADERS OF QUALITY" <br> MONTREAL 

## Do They Know?

It may be you want to rent that store; have a business for sale; seek a partner; or perhaps wish to purchase stock in a progressive grocery business. Then again it is likely to be some fixture you want taken off your hands owing to recent improvements.

Do the grocers in all parts of Canada know what you have to offer? They don't?

Then a "Want Ad" in Canadian Grocer will tell nearly all the progressive business men, together with their staffs, just what an opportunity you have, and in the way that you want them to know.

And the cost is so reasonable, too- 2 cents a word for the first insertion, and I cent a word for each subsequent issue. 5 cents additional per insertion if answers are to be sent in care of a box number.

Is not that a good service at a low cost? It has accounted for many rapid turn-overs.

Send in yours to-day.

## Canadian Grocer <br> 143-153 University Avenue Toronto

## CLARK'S

You doubtless know Mr. Grocer, that "Quality" is the best Reputation Builder, and that the sale of quality goods is your best advertisement.

## PORK and BEANS



Clark's Pork and Beans have the quality that makes satisfied customers. The name that guarantees. The reputation which makes easy sales.

## ARE SELLERS

## W. CLARK, LIMITED, MONTREAL

Canada Food Board License No. 14-216

## A KEEN BUYER AND ANCHOR CAPS

When a grocer buys food products at this time of the year and particularly when the country needs every variety of food product, whether grown or manufactured, it is essential that he take every precaution against loss.

If all products packed in glass jars are sealed with Anchor Caps, the loss arising from mold and general contamination is so greatly reduced that it is practically nothing.

- If all buyers, therefore, would insist on having Anchor Caps on their glass packages, they would make a big saving for themselves as well as for the country's cause.

Write us for full particulars.

## Anchor Cap \& Closure Corporation <br> OF CANADA, LIMITED

## Wonderful Smis SOAP

Wonderful Soap gives the housewife that overflowing measure of satisfaction that clinches her future trade in your favor.

Put up in a neat red label that gets attention quickly.

Try our<br>"Crystal Soap Chips" The Best Ever

## Guelph Soap Co.

Guelph, Ont.

## FINEST CRYSTAL GELATINES <br> Powdered and Sheet <br> FINE LEAF GELATINE

BRITISH MANUFACTURE

## GELATINE

OURY, MILLAR \& CO.
9 Mincing Lane, London, E.C., Eng.
SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA
F. S. Jarvis \& Co. 18 TORONTO ST., - TORONTO


Story for Week Dated Oct. 18, 1918.

## Eddy Matches Are Made In Washed Air

ONE of the wonders of the Eddy Plant is the airwashing process, which provides for the interior of the match factory in the sultriest days, a supply of air sweet and cool as that of an October morning.
Perfect matches cannot be made in any kind of air. The humidity has to be watched many times an hour, and the slightest change noted, for millions of matches depend for their efficiency upon the air conditions under which they are made.
For Eddy match-making, cool, dry, clean air kept just below $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. is insisted on, and as a result the atmosphere inside the match factory is deliciously refreshing. Here nimble-fingered girls keep pace with immense machines through which the matches march at the rate of seventy million a day.
Down below a 50 -ton ice plant is cooling the air from outside, and every breath of that air is sent through a gloriously exhilarating spray bath. You can peep through a double glass window at the sprays in action. There are a hundred of them, each sending a perfect Niagara of finest ice-clear, ice-cold water against the currents of air as they arrive from the pumps. The chill has the effect of squeezing the moisture out of the air, and gallons of the superfluous humidity go out with the dust and impurities which are washed out of the air before it passes on to the match factory.
In winter the process is reversed, and the cold outside air is washed and warmed to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$., so that for a really equable climate the proper place to go is to the E. B. Eddy Company's match factory, if you can get there. As a matter of fact you can find all varieties of "climate" from temperate to torrid amongst the various processes of making Eddy products, but Eddy matches are made in the most heavenly atmosphere of them all.

# Some Eddy Matches You Know 

Eddy's Silent 5 Match<br>Eddy's Golden Tip Match<br>Eddy's Buffalo Match<br>Eddy's Home Match<br>Eddy's Domestic Match<br>Eddy's Red Bird Match<br>Eddy's Sesqui Match<br>Eddy's Safety Match<br>Eddy's Comet Safety Match<br>Eddy's Little Comet Match<br>Eddy's Safe-Light Match<br>Eddy's Telegraph Match<br>Eddy's Safeguard Match<br>The Eddystone Safety Match<br>Eddy's Capital Safety Match<br>Eddy's Gas Lighter Match<br>Eddy's Silent 200 Match<br>Eddy's Eagle Parlor Match<br>Eddy's Royal George Match<br>Eddy's Tiger Match<br>Eddy's Silent Pony Match<br>Eddy's Everready Match<br>Eddy's Flaming Wax Vestas<br>Eddy's No. 1 Wax Vestas<br>Eddy's No. 2 Wax Vestas<br>Eddy's No. 5 Wax Vestas<br>Eddy's No. 9 Wax Vestas<br>Eddy's No. 13 Silent Wax Vestas

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## 20\% RICE FLOUR

in home-made bread and cooking will immensely improve the quality---try it.

MOUNT ROYAL MILLING \& MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED

Agents :
D. W. ROSS CO., MONTREAL

Mills at :
MONTREAL AND VICTORIA

## These Reprints Will Help You Sell Trench Goods

THERE will be an important "TRENCH GOODS" Section in the Annual Fall and Winter Number of CANADIAN GROCER coming out ne it week. A number of manufacturers are giving reasons in this sction why their goods are suitable for overseas boxes.
Order some reprints of pages which are appropriate to your trade for distributing among your customers. Put them in parcels and baskets going out, with your own rubber stamp on them.

## Watch for the Trench Goods Section

See that you look over this section in next week's issue very closely. Order the pages you want by sending in name of the advertiser, and number of the page. We are holding the type in these pages for a week or ten days so that on receipt of your order we can print the reprints without delay and at minimum cost. Wire, phone or mail your order without delay as soon as you get your copy of the Fall Number, and take advantage of this economic method of advertising.


## Your customers do not need to pay extravagant prices for Fruit for their Christmas baking

## FEATURE

## TASTY

## Man Left You, Did He?

And for the life of you you don't know where to find another to replace him. Well, our advice to you-and it's good advice-is: Find him by adver-tising-a small condensed advertisement in CANADIAN GROCER.

If you wanted a blacksmith, we wouldn't recommend CANADIAN GROCER, but when it comes to finding a man for the grocery business, honestly we don't know of a better or cheaper way of finding him than the use of CANADIAN GROCER.
The way to find the man you want is to look for him where he is likely to be found-in the grocery business.

Rate is 2 cents a word first insertion and 1 cent per word each subsequent insertion Five cents additional per insertion when replies are to be sent to Box Number in our care.
Send your advertisement and remittance to
Canadian Grocer Want Ads.
143-153 University Avenue TORONTO

## When Writing to Advertisers Kindly Mention this Paper.

## A Vegetable Garden the Year round



Julienne is a mixture of evaporated potatoes, carrots, turnips, onions, peas and beans. Can be used for vegetable soup or for boiled vegetable dinners.

This will be a big seller in your town as soon as the fresh vegetables are done. It has the same flavor as fresh picked garden vegetables but there is no waste.

Ask your iobber for Chilliwack Trand.

CHILLIWACK EVAPORATING \& PACKING COMPANY, LIMITED 415 Dominion Bank Bldg., Vancouver


THE GROCER
handling


Diamond C Brands
Corn Flour and Corn Meal
has a product he can recommend with every confidence of having a satisfied customer.

Milled from the highest grade American Corn.

## G. COPELAND \& SONS

MIDLAND and PENETANG, ONT. HEAD OFFICE, MIDLAND
Canada Food Board Licenses 123, 9-382, 3-874


WESTERN PROVINCES

MANITOBA Wholesale Grocery Commission Brokers

ALBERTA WESTERN ONTARIO

## H. P. PENNOCK \& CO., Ltd.

Head Office: WINNIPEG Manitoba
We solicit correspondence from large and progressive manufacturers wanting active and responsible representation west of the Great Lakes. An efficient selling organization, and an oldestablished connection with the trade, place us in a position to offer you unexcelled facilities for marketing your products. Write us now.

## The H. L. Perry Co., Ltd., 214-216 Princess St., Winnipeg <br> As your Selling Agents, we can make a big success of your Account.

STORAGE

DISTRIBUTING
FORWARDING

## SIX HOUSES IN WESTERN CANADA

W. H. ESCOTT CO., LIMITED W. H. ESCOTT CO., LIMITED W. H. ESCOTT CO., LIMITED

Winnipeg, Man.
Saskatoon, Sask. Regina, Sask.
W. H. ESCOTT CO., LIMITED

Calgary, Alta.
W. H. ESCOTT CO., LIMITED, Fort William, Ont.
W. H. ESCOTT CO., LIMITED Edmonton, Alta.

WHOLESALE GROCERY BROKERS, MANUFACTURERS AGENTS, IMPORTERS

## Let us connect you with the Western Markets

We cover the entire wholesale and retail trade through twelve aggressive men, nine of whom are doing retail work exclusively. Think what a success-making factor these men will be in marketing your product in the West!


May we send you full particulars?

## SCOTT-BATHGATE COMPANY, Ltd.

PUGSLEY, DINGMAN CO., LIMITED JOHN TAYLOR \& CO., LIMITED We represent some of the best manufacturers,
of whome the above are examples. WTe will
give your line the same attention.
F. D. COCKBURN CO. WINNIPEG
A. M. Maclure \& Co.
maltese cross building WINNIPEG
IMPORTERS, BROKERS MAN'F'S. AGENTS GROCERY, DRUG AND CONFECTIONERY SPECIALTIES

When writing advertisers, please mention this paper.
$\qquad$ CO
C. H. GRANT CO.

Wholeaale Commission Brokers and Manufacturers' Agents
1206 McArthur Bldg., Winnipeg We have the facilities for giving manufacturers first-elass serviee.


> Williams Storage Po. WINNIPEG Lessees WINNIPEG WAREHOUsING co. 288 Princess Street Owners c s. TURNER co. 147 Bannatyne Avenue Prompt and Efficient SERVICE Bonded or Free Storage Track Facilities Steam Heating WAREHOUSING DISTRIBUTING STORAGE

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS KINDLY MENTION THIS PAPER
D. J. MacLeod \& Co. Manufacturers' Agents
and Grocery Brokers EDMONTON, ALTA.
Open to negotiate for new lines in Alberta. Open to negotiate for new lines in Alberta.
Our staff calls on wholesale trade and does Our staff eal
detail work.

WATSON \& TRUESDALE Wholesale Grocery Brokers and Manufactarers' Agents.
Have live men doing detail work throughout our territory. Manitoba Saskatchewan and Alberta. They get the business, and ean get it
for you. Write us, and we will explain our syatem.
156 LOMBARD STREET - WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

Trackage
Storage
Distri-
bution

# Donald H. Bain Co. 

 Wholesale Grocery Commission AgentsA sales force of competent men.
Ample capital-and the reliability that goes with it.
A record of results-and the prestige that follows it.
An energetic, result-getting organization-with satisfied clients to prove it.
Are all at your disposal if WE represent you.
Every branch a business in itself, directed by capable, experienced managers.
All varieties of Food Products.
If you want results get in touch with us.

## Head Office: WINNIPEG

Branches-REGINA, SASKATOON, EDMONTON, CALGARY, VANCOUVER



BRITISH COLUMBIA

# Squirrel Brand BUTTER 

## C. T. NELSON <br> GROCERY BROKER



 Victoria Vancouver

The Robert Gillespie Co.
Importers and Exporters
323 Homer St., Vancouver
Live Salesmen covering Alberta and B.C.

When answering Advertisements please mention Canadian Grocer

## LITTLE BROS. LTD., VANCOUVER, B.C.

Established 15 Years. Live Staff of Salesmen. First-Class Storage and Warehouse Facilities. We can place one or two good specialty lines on the B.C. market. If you want live representation, write us to-day.

## After the War-What?

The time to put on fire insurance is before the fire. The time to prepare for after-the-war-conditions is before peace comes.
Advertise now your facilities for making special machinery, fine tools, etc., in this section of Canadian Machinery.

## EL ROI-TAN PRergect CIGAR



## "Peerless"

## Overseas Mailing BULLETIN NO. 6

Boxes
Our advice, we are pleased to note, has been well taken up by the grocers in general throughout the country. Consequently we have had our hands full handing out orders to our shippers, going to all patts of Canada-one order from DAWSON, ALASKA (wonder when it will reach there). Somebody thinking of their soldier boys even up there. We are thinking of how we are going to make stock go round. Oh, well, send in the orders! We will look after you. PRICES have advanced a trifle only; but-!!-NUF CED. J. TOBIN \& SONS (Sons on Aetioe Service) OTTAWA, ONT.


ONTARIO

## W. G. PATRICK \& CO Limited <br> Manufacturers' Agents and Importers <br> 51-53 Wellington St., W. Toronto

W. G. A. LAMBE \& CO. TORONTO Established 1885

SUGARS
FRUITS

## Are You Interested?

CANADIAN GROCER reaches the retailer, the wholesaler, the manufacturer, the clerk and the traveller, just the men to whom you wish to sell or from whom you would buy. RATES:
(payable in advance)
2c per word, first insertion.
1c per word, subsequent insertions.
5 c extra per insertion when replies are to be addressed c/o Canadian Grocer.
No Other Paper Reaches
All These Men.
Is Selling a Business ?
In Buying a Business?
In Engaging a Clerk?
In Securing a Position?
In Securing a Partner?
In Disposing of Second-hand Fixtures?
Then you should use.
Canadian Grocer's Classifed Ad. Columns.
It should find for you among the progressive Grocers of Canada at least one individual who is on the lookout for just such a proposition that you have to offer.

## Canadian Grocer

 143-153 University Ave., TorontoKINDLY MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING ADVERTISERS

Maclure \& Langley, Limited Manufocturers' Arente Grocers, Confectioners and Drug Specialists 13 front gtrebt east toronto

SAY YOU SAW IT IN CANADIAN GROCER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS

KINDLY MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING ADVERTISERS

## X-X-X

PHOSPHATE CREAM TARTAR
Formerly only sold in Bulk, NOW offered to the Grocery Trade in Five and Ten Pound Cartons.
To avoid unsatisfactory substitutes look for this label on the package. Insist on the Genuine X-X-X.


The Jones Packing \& Provision Co. (Chemical Department) Limited SMITH'S FALLS, ONTARIO License No. 13-126

## W. F. ELLIOT <br> Importer \& Manufacturers' Agent (Cor. Leith and Hardisty Ste.) FORT WILLIAM. ONT. <br> Ereablitioded 1909.

## To Manufacturers' Agents

Manufacturers are always looking for aggressive brokers to represent them. Keep your name and territory covered to the front, thus impressing them with your aggressiveness. The Manufacturers' Agents' directory is the right place to have your card.
The rates are reasonable. For one inch each week for one year the cost is only $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$ per insertion. For quarter column for the same time the cost is $\$ 2.80$ an issue.
We shall be glad to furnish you with other rates upon application.

## Canadian Grocer

 143-153 University Ave. TORONTO

ROSE \& LAFLAMME LIMITED
Commission Merchants
Grocers' Specialties MONTREAL TORONTO
Canalian Font Control License Noes. 6 -28/7/8

## H. D. MARSHALL

Wholesale Grocery Broker OTTAWA MONTREAL HALIFAX

The service department of Canadian Grocer will gladly assht manufacturers at home and will gladly assint manufaeturers at home and
abroad in making arrangements with the abroad in making arrangements with the ments appear on this page.

## QUEBEC

## J. R. GENEST

CORN and CORN PRODUCTS-PEAS
Grain, Flour and Feed-Wholesale only Grocers Specialties BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING, MONTREAL

If you have a business to dispose of, or are in need of efficient help, try a Want Ad. in Canadian Grocer, and let it assist you in filling your needs.


JOHN E TURTON
Wholesale Grocery Broker
MONTREAL
FREEMAN and SHEELY
Wholesale Grocery Brokers
8t. Nicholas BId. - Montreal

## MARITIME PROVINCES

C. B. HART, Reg. Montreal, P.Q.
Grocery and Chemical Brohers Commission Agents

Schofield \& Beer, St. John, N.B.
Commission Merchants
Agents for: Acadia Sugar Refining Co., Agents for: Acadia Sugar Refining Co.,
Ltd., of Halifax, N.S.; W. C. Macdonald, Regd., Montreal, P.Q.: F. W. donald, Regd., Montreal, En.Q.: The T Upton Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

## GAETZ \& CO.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND GROCERY BROKERS
47-49 Upper Water St., Halifax, N.S.

Just try how
MacKay's will sell

You can strongly recommend this delicious wholesome Canadianmade Barley Food.
MACKAY's PEARL BARLEY FLOUR is without any peer whatever. Gives soups
and gravies a delightful flavor. Just the right food for infants and invalids.
A strong consumer publicity campaign is helping dealers to keep their sales of MacKay's going.
Recommended by Dr. McGill, Ottawa, Dominion Chemical Analyst.
John Mackay Co., Limited bowmanville, ont.


# Your Customers Will Like <br> ALBATROSS BRAND PILCHARD 

It is a wholesome and delicious Sea Food and with the prevailing big demand for
fish dealers will find Albatross Brand Pilchards a quick-mover and a good money-maker, too.

Clayoquot-Sound Canning Co., Ltd. J. L. BECKWITH. Agent VICTORIA - B.C.

## You Can Safely'Recommend MATHIEU'S Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil



The winter months are particularly suitable for featuring and recommending this sure remedy for winter ailments.
Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, etc., yield quickly when Mathieu's Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil is taken.
Tell your customers about Mathieu's and keep it displayed.
J. L. Mathieu Co.

Proprietors


[^0]
## Two Cars Jamaica Oranges

## For This Week's Offering

We strongly advocate the buying of these oranges, especially when they are so much cheaper than Valencias. They are juicy and sweet, and all good, marketable sizes; refer to this week's price list. Book your orders early, as we do not expect these cars to last throughout the week.

We are in receipt of shipment of No. 1 White Clover Honey, put up in 5-lb. fancy lithographed pails; scarcity of honey necessitates quick buying.

2 cars extra fancy Jonathan Apples.
Messina and California Lemons.
Choice Yellow Danver Onions.
Potatoes and various other staple lines.
Car Winter Nellis Pears.
Local Grapes, Plums.
If you're not already on our list, communicate with us.
McBride Bros. 35 Church St., Toronto

## For the Credit of Canada!

B USINESS is good in Canada. More men and women are now employed than at any other period in our country's history.

Many millions of dollars are being expended annually in Canada.

A large proportion of this money is paid out in wages-large sums go to our farmers.

Our well-paid workers and our prosperous farmers turn over much of their large incomes to the merchants from whom they obtain their household and personal requirements.

But there is another side to the picture.

For four long years we have been defended by an army so brave and so well-equipped that it is called, with reason, "The most formidable weapon of its size on any fighting front."

To maintain that army costs money-and the money must con-
tinue to come from the Canadian people.

Not as a gift-but as a loan.
The merchants of Canada must subscribe their share of that loan -must provide their fair proportion of the money that is to maintain our fighting strength, our industrial activity, and our farm prosperity.

You know that Canada cannot continue her splendid effort without money, the super-weapon in this war.
You know that Canada's Victory Loan 1918 provides an opportunity of lending your money to help win the war-and it will come back to you plus a high rate of interest.

## Be ready then-to buy Victory Bonds. Buy all you possibly can.

[^1]

There is nothing lacking in the quality and the flavor of these products that would tend to make them more popular with the consumer. That's why Bodley's cake and puddings sell so easily and why keen grocers find them such good feature lines.

C. J. BODLEY, LIMITED, Toronto

## \$1 FOR A MAN

Perhaps you want a good man for your office, or store, or warehouse, or for the "road?" Would you pay $\$ 1$ to find a good man? Sure you would.

WHAT are you doing about it? We suggest that you advertise in Canadian Grocer-condensed advertisement, 2 cents a word. Make the advertisement brief as a telegram; but make it explicit. Tell all the other man wants to know-except your identity in the first instance. Use a box number to hide this.

Some man somewhere would like, probably, to tie up with you,-if your proposition is good. At the same time good men are scarce-very scarce. So you'll have to do some bidding.

This means-keep on repeating the insertion of your advertisement-"until forbid."

It's reasonable to keep on. Hunting for a hard thing to find usually requires a long search: All CANADIAN GROCER can do is to put your advertisement in 5,300 places where men of the type you may want are likely to be found. We can't make men reply to advertisements-any more than the postman can make people to whom he delivers letters reply to them. We're pretty much like the postman.
But we go to 5,300 and more likely places-remember that. No other single newspaper in the world gets into 5,000 Canadian grocery houses. So if you are in dead earnest about finding a man use Canadian Grocer. Rates-two cents per word first insertion and one cent per word each subsequent insertion, with five cents extra per insertion when replies are to be sent to Box No, in our care. Address:

CANADIAN GROCER WANT ADS.
153 UNIVERSITY AVENUE, TORONTO

## Keen's Oxford Blue <br> -The Utmost in Quality

Never let your customers forget the fact that you sell and recommend Keen's-the Blue of Blues.
They know Keen's-Good Housewives in every community are familiar with this first quality blue. And it only requires a little display -a little suggestion on your part when making up orders-to keep your stock of Keen's Oxford Blue moving briskly.
We will send you a Show Card with large Square and Sailor Boy for your counter free.

MAGOR SON \& CO. LIMITED

191 St Paul St. W., Montreal 30 Church St., Toronto

# CEYLON BLACK TEAS 

We have a large selection of the finest liquoring Ceylon Teas in store.
Also some very fine Assam Teas.
The prices are several cents per pound under present import cost.
Prices will be higher next month.

## KEARNEY BROS., LIMITED TEA AND COFFEE MERCHANTS <br> 33 St. Peter St.

# CANADIAN GROCER 

# A Radical Price Experiment 

## Retailers Compelled to Show Cost and Selling Prices on Goods in Plain Figures-Order Applies Only to Retail Trade-New Order in State of Arizona

EDITOR'S NOTE:-How would you like to be compelled to make known to all your customers and competitors the gross profit on each individual line sold in your store? Supposing you were ordered to mark both cost and selling price on all goods, in plain figures, thus showing your gross profit to your customers. Would you object to such procedure? Commencing Oct. 1 retail merchants in the State of Arizona are compelled, under orders from the State Council of Defence, to mark their merchandise in plain figures, with both the cost and selling price. This action is of great signifiance. The U.S. War-Industries Board is now considering a plan to stamp the wholesale price on all merchandise sold in the United States. The Canadian Fuel Controller has just made it compulsory, through an Order-in-Council, for dealers in gasoline, who sell over 1,000 gallons a month to have posted up in a conspicuous place the cost and selling price of gasoline. The following article, outlining the Arizona plan, and some of the difficulties likely to be encountered, should be read by every merchant, both wholesale and retail. The article is reprinted almost in its entirety from "Printers' Ink," New York, and outlines in a most practical manner many of the difficulties likely to be encountered.

IT is a trait of human nature to believe things are much better way off somewhere. Merchants in Tyler, Texas, complain that their townspeople go to Dallas to spend their money when they ought to spend it at home. Dallas merchants are contiually worried at the amount of Dallas money which goes to St. Louis. And in St. Louis it is a big job to keep the moneyed people from doing their trading with the storekeepers on Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Home town people everywhere seen: to have an idea that merchants in other places are somehow more up-to-date than the local business men, and sell things much cheaper.

The State of Arizona is so impressed with these things that it is taking matters into its own hands. Beginning October 1 every retail merchant in Arizona must plainly mark every piece of merchandise with the retail selling price, and also the wholesale, or cosi price. Arizona folks are about to leari just how much the storekeepers have been profiteering on them all these years.

Talk about retail profiteering is not confined to Arizona. It has been a burning question everywhere since the war began to send prices skyward. It is a burning question with national advertisers.

In a cantonment town in the South ihere had been constant complaint of high retail prices. Soldier boys saici every merchant along Main street raised his prices the moment a man in unlform entered his store. Civilian cusiomers growled among themselves that the retailers were a bunch of grafters who raised prices because the coming of the soldiers had doubled the popula tion of the town, and they had the public at their mercy. The most well meaning storekeeper in town, returning fror. work on a Liberty Bond or Red Cross committee, might at any time enter his store to find things in turmoil on account of some indignant customer protesting at the prices asked, and demanding to meet the grafting proprietor face to face.

There were so many complaints at last the chamber of commerce advertisea that it would welcome any charges
against local business men, and see that any irregularities were adjusted. A committee was named, composed of three leading citizens, and an equal number of army officers, to act as a jury in any case of profiteering.

## Accusations of Profiteering

The complaints were varied. One charge was against a clothing firm which had asked 25 cents for a man's collar. The complainant stated that he could buy the same make of collar in any other town at exactly half that price. A soldier boy alleged that he had been charged 7 cents for a package of cigarettes which had sold for a nickel in his home town ever since he could remember. A lady appealed to the committee to make a jeweler refund the $\$ 30$ which she had paid for a wrist watch some weeks before, because a Iriend had told her she could get it cheaper by sending to a Chicago mailorder house. She added that she was tired of a wrist watch anyhow, and believed she would rather spend the money for a fur boa.

An army officer-yes, a real officer with gold hat cord, leather puttees and everything-made a written complaint against the proprietor of a watermelon stand, alleging that he had been charged 10 cents for a slice of watermelon whici was less than two inches thick, same oeing carefully and accurately gauged by a tape measure which the officer carried in his pocket.

All of these complaints are on file in writing at the office of the chamber of commerce of the cantonment town in question. Of the first twenty compiaints only one might have been considered a case of profiteering. A soldier had bought a plated watch chain at a pawn shop and had really been charged an exorbitant price for it. The chain, however, was of a widely advertised orand, everywhere sold in first clase stores at a uniform price, so the pawnbroker, caught red handed, was compelled to refund the amount overcharged.
In spite of the fact that the vast majority of profiteering complaints proved upon investigation to be baseless., citizens felt the reputation of their town
might be impaired, and a mass meeting of citizens of all classes was held to consider the matter.

At this meeting a professional man proposed a remedy. "Most of the complaints are made by army people," he said, "and that reflects on our patriotism. Our merchants may, or way not, be charging too much for their wares. But I won't discuss that. What we are most concerned with, is the necessity of saving the reputation of our city. What I propose is that our merchants shall give a 10 per cent. discount to all persons wearing the uniform of the United States Army."

To many of those at the meetins the professional man's proposal seemed rather reasonable. But fortunately for the merchants, one of the leading bankers of the town was present. "I an in position to know a great deal about the inside of retail merchandising," said this banker, "because my institution handles the accounts of a great many retailers. The gentleman's discount plan would not work. I speak from personai knowledge when I say that not one merchant in fifty makes 10 per cent. net profit on his total sales. When, therefore, you propose to compel a merchant to give a 10 per cent discount to any class of people you are compelling him to sell his goods at a loss. And if carried to its logical conclusion there would come a time when there would be no storekeepers in our town at all, because every one of them would go bankrupt."

The 10 per cent. discount idea was not adopted. Instead, it was decided to appoint a vigilance committee to watch for $a_{1} y$ cases of overcharging that might occur, and enforce a stern boycott against any storekeeper guilty of such action. So far this has worked well. Frequent stories are carried in the local newspapers regarding the efforts of reputable merchants to keep down prices, and far fewer complaints are made than formerly because the public is convinced that the local peopie are trying to give them a square deal.

## Why It Is Impossible For Merchants To Profiteer

All this has direct bearing on the plan adopted by Arizona, compelling every retail merchant to mark all merchandise with both cost and sellingt price, so customers may see how muci: profit they are paying. The writer has recently traveled throughout a large portion of the United States and has everywhere heard that retailers are taking advantage of war time conditions to advance their prices. When the complaints are simmered down it nearly always appears that the complainant believes conditions in his own town are worse than anywhere else. The man who had to pay 25 cents for a collar in the Southern cantonment town believes that the haberdasher back in Rochester N. Y., where he used to live, is still selling them two for a quarter.

Now the question arises-are retaii merchants really profiteering? The writer says unhesitatingly that they are
not. And a very good reason why they are not profiteering is because they can't. This is not saying that some merchants would not like to profiteer. but the laws of the game are against them.

A Government expert who had been engaged on a campaign to rid one of our large cities of its plague of rats, recently made a very striking statement. "Rats, or any other pest," he said, "invariably increase to the utmost iimit of the food supply."

This statement applies to business men as well as rats. There is no longer any frontier in the United States. Men who are thinking of going into business cannot go out West somewhere and find a town where there will be no competition in their line. Every town in the country is supporting just as many business houses as there is a living for. Some, by extra efficiency, get alon well and make money. But every year some drop out of the running.

Now let us see how things would work out if merchants in every line were compelled to take the public into their confidence and tell them what theli goods cost at wholesale. A line whicn sells very rapidly can, of course, be retailed at a very much smaller profit than a line which sells slowly. Anci, contrary to general belief, goods which are necessities do not always move rapidly. Crockery and furniture are two lines of necessities which not oniy move slowly, but from their nature are expensive to handle, and therefore must bring a large margin of profit.

A state convention of retail merchants was recently held in a middle Western city of something over a hundred thousand population. One evening after the sessions of the day were over a number of the delegates were sitting around their hotel, and one of them remarked that there was no exclusive crockery store in the city, adding that someone was evidently overlooking is good thing.

A man in the group spoke up. "I live here," he said, "and can tell you about the crockery store business, because I lost some money in that line myself. During the past seven years three retail crockery stores have started in this city, and each one of them has gone broke. And the reason they went broke was because they did not have the nerve to charge enough profit.
"You gentlemen doubtless know," the speaker continued, "that the retail crockery dealer must get a long profit on account of breakage, heavy freight charges and similar expenses connected with the line. But you will probably be surprised at the actual figures.

## Customers Would Be Up In Arms If They Knew This

"A retail crockery dealer to come out whole must add 20 per cent. to the invoice cost of an article and then couble that sum for his retail price. For example, a set of dishes comes into his store, costing wholesale $\$ 10$. He adds 20 per cent. to that, which make $\$ 12$. He doubles that amount, which comes
to \$24. And he has absolutely got to get $\$ 24$ for that set of dishes or he will be doing business at a loss.
"As I said, three crockery stores have gone broke in this town because they aid not realize how much it cost them to do business. Very likely some other man will tackle the proposition, and it can be made to pay if he charges a living protit. But meanwhile the local people have to pay even more than the ingures I have quoted, because whenever they want to buy a piece of nice china they have to send out of town for it, and pay heavy express charges."

It may be presumed that this mar. knew what he was talking about, and that a margin of more than 100 per cent. is necessary in the retail crockery business. But what chance would a storekeeper have with a frugal woman customer when his sales talk had to run something like this: "Here is a beautiful dinner set, Ma'am, in the very iatest decoration. It actually cost us $\$ 10$; but I can let you have it to-day for the very low price of \$24?" Wouiu the lady tell the neighbors that the crockery man was a grafter? She would.

If the plan of marking wholesale cosi were to be carried out thoroughly it should of course apply to every one who sells anything for money. Take the case of a lawyer, for instance, who does a piece of legal work and renders a bill of a hundred dollars for it. His cost would probably be something like $\$ 5.35$, which he would have expended for typewriting and buying a lunch for a good witness. But it might be contended that there is no similarity between the business of lawyering and that of storekeeping. One sells service and the other sells merchandise.

In some lines of retailing, however, the dealer sells both merchandise and service. There is a high grade Amerıcan gentleman's watch which costs the dealer $\$ 50$ and retails at $\$ 75$. That looks like a pretty nice profit on an article which is not expensive to handle, iike crockery or furniture. But when the dealer sells one of these watches he is not through with it by any means. He must give service on it for a year. During that time if the mainspring breaks he must replace it without charge. He must spend his time every few days in regulating the timepiece, because it takes months to get a watch adjusted to the owner's habits. And so, at the end of a year, the $\$ 25$ profit which the dealer apparently made has dwindled down to $\$ 5$ or $\$ 6$. But it would be hard to make a customer see it that way who was getting ready to spend his hard earned money.

## Predicted That Agitation Will Be Widespread In Arizona

The plan adopted by Arizona, the newspapers say, is being watched by the Washington Government with interest. It is hoped that the measure will "allay agitation and restore public confidence in retail merchandising."

But won't it work just the other way? Continued on page 26

# Tomato and Corn Prices Announced 

Tomatoes Slightly Higher Than Hoped For-Very Fair PackLight Pack Corn-Plums, Pears, Peach Prices Being Worked Out

NEW prices have been announced on tomatoes and corn, both of which range fairly high. Tomatoes are lower than last year, of course, but not as low as had been expected early in the season. Corn is also slightly easier than last year, but not a great difference is noticeable. Prices on plums, pears and peaches are being worked out and an estimate of what these may be is given below.

## Quotations on Tomatoes

Early crop reports on tomatoes were most encouraging and the outlook was for a big pack. The season started fairly early and for about two weeks factories operated at a high production level. Then the weather man stepped in with rain, cold, and no sunshine-the result was obvious. The pack sufferea, the period of operation extended over a much longer period than expected and instead of a 100 per cent. pack in record time at comparatively low prices, the result will be about an 85 per cent. delivery and an increased cost whicn shaves the margin on a 20 c retail basis down pretty fine. Booked orders are being taken care of at as low as $\$ 1.921 / 2$ per dozen for $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, and this is likely to be about as low a figure as will prevail.

## Light Pack Corn

The output of corn was about equal to earliest reports, it being estimated delivery will be about 35 per cent. Here again the weather man played pranks. June and July gave little promise of a corn crop, but favorable August weather showed a phenomenal improvement in the condition of the field crop with the result that optimistic reports were heard on all sides. But it was not to be, rain, cold and no sunshine proving factors to put a crimp in operations on corn. Earliest quotations available show $\$ 2.20$ per dozen for 2 s as figure likely to rule.

## Beans and Succotash

Prices were given out on beans recently and range for the Golden Wax, Midget, 2 s at about $\$ 2.40$; Golden Wax, 2 s , about $\$ 2.00$ to $\$ 2.10$; and Green Refugee, 2 s , about $\$ 2.00$ to $\$ 2.10$ per dozen; the delivery will run about 25 per cent. Succotash, 2 s , will probably range round $\$ 2.20$ to $\$ 2.25$ per dozen.

## Plums, Pears, Peach Prices Being Worked Out

Definite figures are not yet available on plums, pears and peaches, but these are now being worked. What the delivery will be on these has not yet been ascertained. Indications are that Lombard plums, 2s, L.S. will range around $\$ 1: 95$ to $\$ 2.05$ per dozen; 2 s H.S. around $\$ 2.15$ to $\$ 2.25$. Tse L.S. Damson plums,

2 s , will likely figure out at around $\$ 1.95$ to $\$ 2.05$ per dozen, and the H.S., 2 s , at $\$ 2.15$ to $\$ 2.25$. Greengage plums are slightly higher, indications being that 2 s L.S. will sell at about $\$ 2.10$ to $\$ 2.20$ and H.S., 2 s , at $\$ 2.35$ to $\$ 2.45$ per dozen. Pears are very strong, too, the outlook for the Bartlett 2 s being on a $\$ 2.75$ to $\$ 2.85$ per dozen basis and $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ at around $\$ 3.50$. Yellow peaches, 2 s , seem likely to be up around $\$ 2.75$ to $\$ 2.90$ per dozen, $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ around $\$ 3.50$, while the $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ pie peaches will not run much, if any less, than about $\$ 2.75$ to $\$ 2.90$.
These prices all show substantial increases over last year's figures, but were generally expected owing to high
prices of the fresh fruit, the comparatively small crop and increased manufacturing costs, including labor, containers, labels, boxing, etc.

## WILSON MILLS, FERGUS, REOPEN

The Wilson mills, Fergus, Ont., which were burned about a year ago, have been rebuilt and equipped with new and improved machinery for the manufacture of oatmeal and other cereals. They will be in operation immediately.

John Simpson, sales manager for Chase and Sanborn, is confined to his house through illness.
F. G. O'Grady, general manager of the Atlantic Sugar Refinery Ltd., is this week away from his desk through illness.
S. T. Nishimura, Vice-President and a Director of the Meiji Trading Co., Ltd., arrived at New York. It is expected that Mr. Nishimura will visit several Candian points before his return.

# New Regulations Govern Sale of Flour by Millers 

## Millers Are Responsible For Seeing That All Sales of Flour Must be Accompanied by $25 \%$ of Substitute Flours-These Substitutes Enumerated-When Order Becomes Effective

Order No. 67 just promulgated by the Canada Food Board imposes a number of new conditions on the sale of flour and cereals by the mills. This regulation makes it imperative for the mill to provide substitutes with every sale of flour made. Mills not manufacturing substitutes are required to order and to assure themselves of the delivery of sufficient quantities of substitutes from some other source to cover the Food Board requirements.

The regulation is as follows:
Wheat Flour Substitates

1. This Order shall become effective

In the Province of Ontario and Quebec on the 12th October, 1918.
In the Provinces of Manitoba, Nova Scotia,
New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island on the 14th October, 1918.
In the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatche-
wan on the 16th October, 1918.
In the Province of British Columbia on the ${ }^{17}$ th October, 1918.
2. In this Order-
"Substitutes" when sold to bakers for use in their bakeries shall mean pure and wholesome barley, rye and corn flour and oat products; and when sold to wholesalers, retailers and consumers shall mean pure and wholesome barley, rye, oat and corn flour.
"Consumers" shall include any person buying for consumption but who does not sell the flour or the product thereof and without restricting the generality of the foregoing shall include hospitals, publie and religious institutions, farmers' clubs and co-operative societies, where the purchase is made direct for distribution to the members of the club or society.
"Wheat flour" shall mean Government Standard wheat flour.
3. No miller shall sell wheat flour to any person who does not, at the same time, purchase from him substitutes in the proportion of one pound of substitutes to every four pounds of wheat flour.
Provided that a miller may deliver wheat flour without substitutes to wholesale dealers who have received permission from this Board to purchase wheat flour without substitutes, and to manufacturers of bread, biscuits and alimentary pastes for use in their factory only.
4. No dealer shall purchase any wheat flour who does not at the same time purchase substitutes in the proportion of one pound of substitutes to every four pounds of wheat flour, except such dealer holding a permit and such manufacturer for use in his factory only.
5. No miller shall in gristing deliver the grist to, or exchange flour for wheat with, any person who does not, at the same time, purchase or take from such miller one pound of substitutes to every four pounds of wheat flour received as grist
or in exchange. in exchange.
6. A wholesale dealer whose sales of flour during the year 1917 amounted to 100,000 barrels or more may make application for a special permit to purchase wheat flour without at the same time purchasing substitutes if such dealer furnish the Canada Food Board with invoices showing purchases of substitutes.
7. Millers will be deemed to have fulfilled the conditions of Clause 3 if with each shipment of wheat flour they ship the required amount of substitutes or if they order from a manufacturer of, or dealer in,-substitutes and ensure delivery to the purchaser of the required amount of substitutes that otherwise should have been included with the shipment of flour.
8. No miller shall manufacture substitutes without first having obtained a permit from the Canada Food Board.
On and after 15 th November, 1918, no miller shall offer for sale and no dealer shall deal in substitutes unless the package containing the same is plainly marked with the permit number of the manufacturer
9. Anybody violating any of the provisions of this Order is guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary convietion before Police Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace to a penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars and not less than one hundred dollars : or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months, or to both fine and imprisonment.
Where the proceedings in any case in which a fine is imposed under the authority of these regulations are instituted at the instance of any munieipality, or any other officer of a municil pality, the fine shall be paid to the treasurer of such municipality, to be disposed of as the municipality may direet from time to time. And where such proceedings are instituted at the instance of, or by any provincial officer, such fine shall be paid to the provincial treasurer, to be disposed of as such treasurer may direct from time to time.

# CANADIAN GROCER MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED BUSINESS PAPERS ESTABLISHED 1886 

The Only Weekly Grocer Paper Published in Canada<br>JOHN BAYNE MACLEAN<br>President<br>H. T. HUNTER<br>Vice-president

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## NO WEAKNESS

N
OW that President Wilson's reply to the German peace proposals has been made public, it becomes evident that the Allies stand united in their peace demands, and that no patched up peace is within the realms of possibility. Now that the war has gone so far, it must be fought to a conclusion that can only come with a change of heart and not merely a change of terms on the part of the enemy.

Much as the world desires peace, it can be purchased at too great a price. Peace now must be built on so sure a foundation that no power-crazy monarch or people can ever again bring about so bitter a calamity.

Whether the German peace proposals were intended to result in peace, or were merely another form of Teutonic diplomacy we cannot know ; probably failing the acceptance of the terms of the proposal, they hoped at least to gain by a slowing up in allied activities.

If there is any slackening in allied efforts, something at least they will have attained. Everyone. who is a little more careless about the food restrictions, or who is a little less enthusiastic over the coming Victory Loan, because they think the end is near, is playing the Kaiser's game. We are in this thing to a finish. Let us be sure to finish strong.

## NOW IS THE TIME.

THE campaign to limit the consumption of tin grows in volume and enthusiasm among our neighbors across the line. Manufacturers and wholesalers seem to be vieing with one another to help in this important movement. They are uniting with the Food Control Board to meet a suituation before
it becomes so desperate as to require desperate remedies.

Canadian manufacturers may as well face the situation. Canada is dependent on the United States for supplies, and it would be more than humanly generous if they would give to Canada supplies sufticient to meet our present needs while limiting themselves so rigidly. Some changes are bound to come, and it will be better to make them now as a matter of free will than to make them later when it has become a necessity.

## THE MERCHANT CAN HELP THE VICTORY LOAN

MR. MERCHANT, the success of your business in the coming months in a large measure is dependent on the success of the Victory Loan. If this loan should prove a failure, such a failure will unquestionably have a depressing effect on business, and a depression in general financial business will assuredly react on the retail merchant.

We do not feel that there is need to call this loan to the attention of the wide awake merchant himself. If he is worthy of the name of merchant, he must realize that this untaxable loan, yielding $51 / 2$ per cent. interest, and guaranteed by the government of the country to which he belongs, is the best investment he could possibly make. We are confident that the retail merchants of the country will, in their own interests, buy as heavily as their resources permit of this splendid security.

But the merchant can do more than that. He can aid the sale of bonds among those who are not so well qualified as he to realize the value of these securities. He can arrange window displays with cards calling attention to the Victory Loan. He can decorate his store with campaign posters. He can sell the Victory Loan idea to his own clerks, pointing out to them the value of the securities, and suggesting the Loan as a wise investment. More than all he can urge upon the clerks that they keep this matter to the fore in talking to customers. The store decorated with Victory Loan literature makes it easy for any clerk to introduce this subject in conversation. And these conversations may be the result of drawing it to the attention of some people who might otherwise not be brought under the influence of this campaign.

This is a way in which you can help, Mr. Merchant. Help your country, help your customer and help yourself.

OFTEN the race is to the rank outsider, on whom the victims somehow neglected to place their coin.
U. S. has placed soft drinks, pianos, corsets and coffins on the non-essential list. Well, as a matter of fact, there's a lot of folks around who have got along without any of this stuff.

## Current Events in Photograph

## LOCKS ON THE TRENT CANAL

Picture shows the upper lock of the Trent Canal at Hailey's Falls, Ont. The lift here is 27 feet. The canal has only recently been placed in operation, and connects Peterboro and Trenton. Further work is in progress which will make it one of Canada's most important waterways.


## TRAGIC DEATH OF MARSH BROTHERS

John and Henry Marsh, members of the Stamford Park Winery Company, met a tragic death last week in seeking to rescue two workers who were overcome with fumes while cleaning out an empty vat at the company's plant ai Stamford. The vat, which is 25 feet deep, was being cleaned out to allow of it being filled with new wine, and the two Russian workmen were sent down to work. Joseph Marsh noticed the men were acting strangely, and descended into the vat to see what was the matter. A little later Henry Marsh, wondering at his brother not coming up, looked into the vat and saw the three men at the bottom of the vat had been overcome. He jumped in to rescue his brother, and immediately the fumes caught him: and he was soon as helpless as the rest. Men nearby were powerless to help the doomed men. and had to see them slowly die. Their bodies were recovered witil difficulty. Both the Marshes were married and leave wives and children.

## RESTRICTIONS ON EXPORT SHIPMENTS OF MILK AND CREAM

"The Food Board has instructed the Custom's collectors by authority of the department, to restrict export of milk and cream to the maximum shipped during the week of Sept. 30, and to refuse exports to non-regular shippers during that period. All shippers must apply to the board for export permit through the Customs Collector."


THE LATE W. H. ESCOTT

## PROMINENT WESTERN BANKER DIES SUDDENLY

WINNIPEG, Oct. 16.-By wire.-W. H. Escott, a well known figure in the Western grocery trade, died Tuesday of this week. Mr. Escott was attacked by influenza, which developed into pneumonia which ended fatally after a week's illness. The late Mr. Escott has been associated with the grocery business practically all his life. He was born in Ontario in 1870 and started in his business career as a clerk with J. H. Bogart, Chatham, Ont. Following that he became a traveller for T. B. Escott and Co., London, Ont. He came to Manitoba some years ago and started a brokerage business with Joseph Carman, later Escott and Harmer. The
firm was incorporated as W. H. Escott Co., Ltd., in 1913. The firm has branches in several different cities of the west. T. B. Escott of London was at his bedside at the time of his death.

## AN ERROR CORRECTED

In the advertisement of the Clayoquot Sound Canning Co., Limited, on page 46 of the British Columbia number, October 4, an error appeared. The words "Hand picked" should, of course, have been "Hand packed." The trade would no doubt recognize this error immediately. CANADIAN GROCER regrets its occurrence.

## CUSTOMS LICENSE SUFFICIENT FOR IMPORTS

The Department of Customs for Canada has just issued the following memorandum on restricted imports.
To Collectors of Customs:
Referring to Memo. 2238-B, concerning restricted imports into Canada, it will be sufficient for importers to procure a license from the Customs to import the following liquors when containing more than two and a half per cent. of proof spirits, without a permit from the Canada Food Board, viz.:

Amylic alcohol or fusel oil.
Ale, porter, lager and other beverages.
Lime juice and other fruit juices.
Liquors, malt or other.
Wines.
John McDougald,
Commissioner of Customs

# Wanted: Schedule of Normal Margins 

The Science of Retailing Needs This Forward Step-No Such Schedule Available, Merchant Must Develop One For Himself-A Word on How to do This

By Henry Johnson, Jr.

IHAVE received the following pertinent inquiry from a Western Province, with its pointed suggestion of the need of more science in our methods of fixing margins.

Gentlemen:-I have just received and read with interest Mr. Johnson's article which covers the ground of figuring margins and profits by a method in which I concur-the only reasonable and safe method as I see it. But the point of what margin to each item, in order to get the desired result for the year-or rather to get the right and just price level for each item, based upon its ratio of turnover-has been a matter of guess rather than a definite basis on which to figure our margin.
"For instance, if we sell twenty cases of corn a month average, for the year, what might be the expected turnover or rather amount of tomatoes, corn starch, ketchup, etc., on an average grocery stock? Has such a figure been gathered, and is such a list of figures available from any source? If so, I would like to get in touch with it. Mr. Johnson's statement that canned corn "should show $22 \%$ to $25 \%$ " gross margin infers that the figures are available as applied to the grocery list generally. I would be much pleased to be put in touch with such information."

No! so far in my travels and readings I have found nothing such as my friend asks for; but now that he has brought up the question, I see no reason why a start should not be made. My method was the result of experience and detailed study, just as it is with other grocers, based, however, on the one knowledge of certain fundamentals. For example :

## Must Offset Average Expense

We know the average expense in our several businesses; or, if we are beginners, we can ascertain that expense averages about $16-17 \%$. Next we know that a considerable proportion of what we handle bears a total gross margin insufficient to cover that expense, the total of such "non-profit" goods varying, according to locality and kind of business, from perhaps $30 \%$ of the total turnover to $45 \%$. Hence, we must get pretty much "all the traffic will bear" on the $55 \%$ to $70 \%$ of our turnover on which a margin wide enough to cover expense and leave a profit, can be obtained.
What, then. is the thought ever uppermost in the intelligent retailer's mind? This: What margin can I hope to get on this article-whatever it may be-and yet not slow up or stop its sale beyond a wholesome degree?

I put it that way for the very important reason, that we always are in danger of the error that we must sell as cheaply as our neighbors-that, if our prices be higher, he will get the business and we shall lose it. Hardly anything could be
further from the truth because merchants sell a lot of things besides merchandise, and those things are classed together generally as "service." Whether I can get more for an article than you can will depend on whether I deliver more acceptable service with the article or not, and the line of distinction is one difficult to draw between merchant and merchant. It is so impalpable, sometimes, that the customer, asked for her reason' for trading with Smith instead of Brown says: "Oh, I just like it better at Smith's."

## Two Grocers "Side-by-Each"

Here is an example from real life, every detait literally true: Two grocers operated adjoining stores. Their back doors and front entrances were side by side. They operated in perfect harmony though one ran a high-grade, maximum service store and knew his business like an instinct, while the other operated just a better-than-ordinary store. They interchanged stock freely. Smith was the high-grade man, Brown the ordinary grocer.
Both carried Black Diamond salmon, which was a staple seller in that town. Prices got up where 15 c no longer yieided a normal margin, according to Smith's ideas, so he made the price 18 c on halves. Brown came in to buy some, noted the price and said: "How can you do thatI cannot," Smith was polite about itbut what better exemplar could one find? Here was a free-selling staple; two stores side by side; one getting $162-3 \%$ more than the other; and incidentally, selling five times or over as much as the other.
There must have been something about Smith's "ways" that customers liked.

## Food Administration's Experience

There is something very apposite and interesting in the attitude of the United States Food Administration as just announced by Mr. Hoover. He says that grocers must so gauge their margins that the poor shall be able to obtain the staples of their diet-sugar, potatoes, onions, wheat and other flours-at the lowest possible cost. Beyond that, grocers can charge their normal customary margins; and, for the high grade products, the idea is to "go as far as you like," on the theory that consumers who demand high grade, fancy products, have the wherewithal to pay-and should pay.
This attitude is peculiarly interesting since it shows clearly that what study those men have given to the problem of food distribution has led them to conclude that the grocery trade already has automatically arrived at a just estimate of its value to the various committees served; for that is precisely the plan we have operated on all along.

If the more advanced idea, that grocers should be trained and that only those shoul be permitted to serve the
community who are able to pass certain rigid examinations as to knowledge and minimum financial ability to promise successful service; and that true conservation demands that grocers' hours of business be limited to nine daily, with none on Sundays and legal holidaysgreat good must come from it; also the community will be served better and more cheaply-all things considered.
In the absence of the kind of data my friend asks for, the only thing the grocer can do is something like what I have always done. I have fixed my minimum margin, on any staple article aside from those which custom has decreed must be handled below cost-margin, at $20 \%$, for that, I figured, yielded me the minimum net profit of $31 / 3 \%$ over expenses. Then, on every other kind of article, I have considered several factors. There is the general question of bearing a share of the deficit on the low-end merchandise, say $3 \%$; the question of its semi-perishable character, or its seasonal limitations, anywhere from $2 \%$ to $5 \%$ more; then whether it is of such character as makes it a slow seller to a limited range of consumers, $3 \%$ to $5 \%$; next, what that kind of customer will be willing to pay-"all the traffic will bear"-another $2 \%$ to $5 \%$; lastly, whether the sum of previous computations lands us on a psychologically unfortunate price, and the needful adjustment.
Take canned white cherries costing $\$ 2.65$ the dozen, and we find that 35 c is the correct selling price by this method, on this schedule:
Basic margin, $20 \%$; off-setting margin, $3 \%$; perishable character is limited to soiled labels and shelf-damage because otherwise non-perishable, hence $2 \%$ on this count; slow seller, maximum, because only a comparatively few want it -so $5 \%$; then consumers of canned white cherries of such grade are able to pay-also willing, indeed, would suspect inferiority if not charged enough-hence $5 \%$, so $35 \%$, which will yield a trifie over $\$ 4.00$ the dozen, and then 35 c is a better psychological price than would be 34 c , so we get it, and then we make verv nearly $37 \%$.

Peeled apricots are similar, but in le-ser degree, and a 34 e price would probably induce so much heavier a turnover as to justify the concession, 34 c being so much .cheaper looking than 35 c as well as conveying the suggestion that you have figured closely. There is value in suggestion that is not so palpable as to show the machinery.

All these things are the result of thought, study and experience, and each merchant must derive his own experience from his own store; but soon such thines become mechanical and one krows intuitively about what a suitable morgin in his own business, applied to certain lines, can be.

# CURRENT NEWS OF THE WEEK <br> Canadian Grocer Will Appreciate Items of News from Readers for This Page <br>  

## Maritime

Apparently as a result of the advice given by Frank Stockdale at the Business Men's Institute last week, the retanl advertising in the St. John papers showed a çonsiderable increase in volume this week.

Business throughout New Brunswick has been affected but little by the influenza situation. As a preventatıve measure, rather than because the disease has secured any serious hold on the province, the Department of Public Health has ordered the closing of ail churches, schools, theatres and other places of amusement, and has passed other restrictive regulations. There has been no panic over the possibility of an epidemic and business continues as usual.
Application has been made to the city of St. John ${ }^{-}$by a New York concern which seeks a harbor site for a molasses distributing depot. Their plan is to bring molasses to St. John from the West Indies in tank steamers, pump it from the steamers into storage tanks, and from the tanks fill suitable packages for rail distribution throughout the country. It is said that this method of transportation would effect a considerable economy in freight charges and also eliminate the waste from leakage during the sea voyage. The city has offered a suitable site with wharf, warehouse and railway accomodation.
T. H. Estabrooks, of Red Rose Tea, who is acting as chairman of the provincial Victory Loan committce believes in applying business methou's to any project in which he is interestie. 1. He argued that commercial travellers as trained salesmen would make the best salesmen for Vietory bonds. In order to enist their help he had extended invitations to several hundred commercial men to meet him in St. John to lay out a campaign in which they could take part. The health regulations prohibiting meetings on account of the influenza epidemic made it necessary to cancel this arrangement but other plans are being arranged to secure the fullest co-operation of the travellers.
The advantages of the co-operative delivery system were laid before the members of the St. John Retail Merchants' Association. at a meeting held this week, by J. A. O'Donnell, Cleveland, Ohio, of the National Delivery Men's Association, who is regarded as an expert in this work. Mr. O'Donnell explained the system as worked out in other places and told of the success attained, not only in effecting a saving of from twentv-five to fifty per cent. in delivery costs but also in actually giving


Edmund Le Roy Arnold, who was a member of the staff of the G. E. Barbour Co, Ltd., before going overseas with an artillery unit, has been killed in action.

Herbert Walter Wright, a valued employee of Jones Brothers store in Apohaqui, N. B., before enlisting in June, 1916, was killed in action on September 14.

Percy L. Wheaton, a clerk in Harry Smith's grocery store, West St. John, iefore enlisting, is reported dangerously ill in a hospital in France.
better service, as the result of co-operstion and systematization. At the close of his address several members spoke strongly in favor of the establishment of such a svstem and it was decided that the matter be given sericus and detailad consideration at the next nieeting of the association. The thanks of the merchants present were extended to the spesker by F. W. Daniel, president of the associaticn.

## Quebee

Mrs. Cyrille Larose, Quebec city, has sold her assets.
J. R. Biron, general store, Notre Dame Des Anges, assets sold.
J. A. H. Chevrier \& Co, general store, Regaud, have dissolved partnership.

Beland \& Veillet, general store, St. Thecle, have dissolved partnership.

## Ontario

Gubb Bros, Toronto, have dissolvec partnership.

Sheppard \& Co., grocers of Clinton, has suffered fire loss.
J. W. Collier, Sarnia, has been succeeded by Cook \& Meryshall.

Mrs. John McRoe, Mooretown, has soid ner general store business to Nyall \& White.

Hugh Fraser \& Son, general store, Winchester, have been succeeded by $C$. A. Coons.

Ross \& McQueen, grocers and butchers, Port Dover, have been succeeded by McQueen \& Cromwell.
R. H. Brown \& Co.. general mer chants, Latchford, Ont., have sold their store building and business to Ira D. Bradley.

A provincial charter has been granted to the Alliston Milling \& Manufacturing Co., to deal in all kinds of grain and foodstuffs, and for the manufacture of flour and cereals. The head office of the company will be in Toronto.

Vandervoort Bros., who for some time have conducted a general store business in Eldorado, have purchased the business of C. E. Redden \& Son, Harrowsmith, and are now doing business in the latter town, having discontinued their business in Eldorado.

## Western

Geo. Clayton, butcher, Austin, Man., has discontinued business.

Ferguson \& Miller, butchers, Meiville, Sask., are discontinuing business.
P. Ellis, Rockhaven, Alta., has sold his branch store to L. Schaffer.
S. Whitewell, butcher, Conquest, Sask., has been succeeded by Proctor Bros.
G. Finnbogasson, procer. Winnipeg, has sold his stock to J. S. Gillies.

John A. Cheyne is now calling on the Winnipeg trade for Tees and Persse, Ltd.
J. F. Crosby, general store. Darlin rford. Man., has been succeeded by A. H. Pye.

There has been a change in the partnership of the Central Grocery, Winnipeg.
J. S. Castle, butcher, of Delisle, Sasi., has been succeeded by the Empire Meat. Market.

Morrow \& Ellis, general store, Mikado, Sask., has been succeeded by W. H. Morrow.
S. W. Brunt, general store. Bladworth. Sask., has been succeeded by M. Marquson.

Eugene Mousset, general store, Laurier, Sask., has been succeeded by C. R. Terrillon.

A Manitoba license has been grante? to Gordon Ironsides \& Fares, packers Ltd., Winnipeg, Man.

The Stanley Cash Stores, grocers, Winnipeg, has sold their Weston brancen to John R. Gardner.
The Hague Trading Co., general store, Hague. Sask., have dissolved partnership, Jacob Karasov continuing.
H. C. Leggo. Keddlestone, Sask., is renting his store at that place to the Park Lumber Company. This company has also purchased his grocerv stocks. The balance of the stock of the store, along with the stock of the Bethune, Sask., branch he is moving to Kenaston, Sask.. where he has rented the store at present occupied by Haas and Manning. These changes become effective Nov. 1.

Maycock \& Toms, Ltd., wholesale fruit dealers, Winnipeg, are quitting the small fruit business, but intend to handle
fruit in carload lots from the grower to the merchant. They are giving up their warehouse at 137 Bannatyne ave., and will open an office at 141 Bannatyne ave., under the same name. Following their recent fire. it was decided to suspend the small fruit trade till after the war. A. T. Maycock is at present at Vinemount, Ont. He is president of this company. H. E. Toms will remain in Winnipeg for a while, but will later go to Ontario.

## HALIFAX MERCHANT PASSES AWAY

George Richardson, grocery and provision merchant of 811 Barrington street, Halifax, N.S., died recently after a long iilness. Mr. Richardson was another victim of the explosion of December 6th last. He lost a son in that disaster and has been ailing ever since. He was a very active member of St. Patrick's parish, where his death will be deepiy regretted. He was a man of genial disposition, good qualities, and well liked by all with whom he came in contact. In politics he was a staunch Conservative and a leading worker in Ward 5, and always took a deep interest in politics in the city. He leaves a widow and one daughter, Mrs. Clifford Paul.

## B. D. ROGERS. PROMINENT MERCHANT AND MAYOR OF STELLARTON, N.S., DIES

B. D. Rogers, mayor of Stellarton, N.S. and wholesale manuf eturer of biscuits and confectioner, died at that place after being ill for some time past. No man could be more intensely loyal to his town than was the late B. D. Rogers. He served repeatedly as mayor and always improved the condition of Stellarton from a civic and financial standpoint, and through his efforts earned the gratitude of his fellow citizens. He was always an enthusiastic worker for the cause of temperance and was an organizer for teetotal societies. He also carried on a wholesale and retail grocery business in Stellarton.

## JAMES MCLAUCHLAN HONORED BY MANUFACTURERS

At a recent meeting of the biscuit and candy producers branch of the Manufacturers' Association held recently in Toronto, James McLauchlan of Owen Sound, Ont.. was elected life presidenc of the branch and at the same time presented with a handsome oil painting of himself, as an indication of the esteem in which he was held by the Association.

## GRAND RIVER MUNICIPALITIES UNITE BOARDS OF TRADE

Following a luncheon to the Minister of Labor at Brantford, Ont., recently Board of Trade representatives from several Grand River municipalities adopted a resolution, moved by John Harold, M.P., Paris, and seconded by John Bain, Woodstock, calling for the organization of a united Grand River
trade board organization. The officers elected were: president, J. H. Hancock, Galt; vice-president, J. S. Martin, Port Dover; secretary, Wm. Debus, Kitchener. The purpose of the new organization will be action in regard to Port Dover and other harbors, pure gas, Grand River improvement, and better transportation.

## A RADICAL PRICE EXPERIMENT Continued from page 20

Any man who has ever sold goods at retail can imagine what real, sure enough agitation will take place when a customer looks at the tag on a wardrobe trunk and sees the wide gap between cost and selling price. And to ionk at a similar tag on a dining room table would certainly destroy any confidence in retail merchandising that such a person ever possessed.

But such margins have to be maintained if a storekeeper is to stay in business. There is an average profit on every line of merchandise which has been found correct by years of experience, and the success or bankruptey of ten thousand merchants.
Retail profits adjust themselves automatically. All the storekeepers in a town might illegally get together and raise their prices 5 per cent. But before the end of the month some merchant in a nearby town, hearing of it, would open a branch store in their midst with prices at the proper level and take ail their business away.
The laws of the Medes and Persians have nothing on the laws which inexorably dictate the percentage of profit which a merchant may put on his goods.

If he puts on too long a profit his competitors cut under him and he goes broke from lack of patronage.

If he puts on too short a profit he goes broke through the activities of his creditors.

## Will Plan Work?

The Arizona State Council of Defense is very hopeful that the measure will check profiteering, restore "public confidence in retail merchandising" and allay agitation. Business men, however, are not so enthusiastic about the plan They can't see how it can be equitably enforced, but if it is enforced they are afraid it will play havoc with business.

As simple as the Arizona plan may seem to its projectors, it is very likely that human nature will nullify it. The public is not a competent judge of how much profit a business man should make. Not possessing all the facts, it is not in a position to give an unprejudiced opinion.

On many products retailers aim to make a gross profit of $331 / 3$ per cent on the selling price. That means a gross of fifty cents on a $\$ 1.50$ article. But if a. retailer were to state openly what his profit is, he would be waving a red flag in the face of his customers. Most of them would not believe that his net out of that fifty cents was only five cents or perhaps less. In many
cases, despite the large gross, the transaction may show an actual loss.
People as a whole, have no conception of how much it costs to do business. That a merchant needs 30 to 40 per cent. gross on many products in order to come out even taxes the credulity of people who are inexperienced in running a business. Among farmers there was at one time a widespread belief that if a merchant got 10 per cent. above the delivered cost of his goods, it ought to have been ample.

Another objection to the Arizona plan is that people will expect to find uniform profit margins marked on goods. They won't be able to understand why one thing must bear a higher margin than something else. As a matter of fact, though, merchandise has to be priced according to its salability. Goods that turn slowly must bear a higher margin than those that turn rapidly. A number of other factors influence markups. As at present conducted, successful merchandising consists in being able to strike a happy average.

Having a merchant's profit appear on the goods will incline many persons to haggle with him to get it reduced. If the margin appears ample, people will have a good excuse to ask for a cheaper price. Knowing the seller's profit they will shop for a low margin as well as for a low price. This will inevitably lead to price cutting. Each merchant will want to have the profit that he asks lower than that of his competitors. The further fact that retailers do not always buy their goods at uniform prices would lead to other unpleasant complications.

Theoretically, of course, there is much to recommend this ruling of Arizona's War Council. It will be a fine arrangement for showing up the fellow who cuts the prices of well-advertised products and then makes up his loss by charging enormous prices for unfamiliar goods. The scheme will expose the shortcomings of the careless buyer and the indifferent manazer. But the chances are that if the ruling is strictly enforced it will in some respects hit the efficient as well as inefficient.

If we were living in an age of absolute standardization this Arizona plan might work smoothly. If prices, qualities and everything else about a product were completely standardized retailers would have to operate on a uniform margin, and then of course there would be no harm in making it known to the public. But as it is there is still too much individualism in business despite the wide socialization that the war has caused to permit this Arizona idea to function easily.

If these dilettante economists insist on enforcing their ruling there is one way the Arizona merchants can lighten the blow, and that is to advertise steadily to their customers what their cost of doing business is. Let them explain their service and tell what it costs them to support it. If it is necessary to make public the gross profit, why not make public the many expenses that eat up that profit,

## Enquiry Department

WHEN you become a subscriber to CANADIAN GROCER this is part of the Service you buy. We are glad to be of any assistance to our readers and enquiries are solicited. Cut out the coupon at the bottom of page, fill out and mail to us if you want to konw where to buy a certain product, agents for any particular line, manufacturers of a special article, etc.

## RE GRAHAM FLOUR

Is it necessary for me to sell substitutes with Graham flour?

## J. H. REID,

Howarden, Ont.
Answer-No. The part of the Act bearing on this point reads: "No licensed dealer shall sell to any person for private consumption . . . any white or standard flour who does not purchase from him substitutes in the proportion of not less than one pound of substitutes to four pounds of white or standard flour." Graham flour is neither white nor standard flour and consequently does not come under the operation of the Act.

## COAL OIL AND KEROSENE

Is there, or has there ever been any difference, either commercially, chemically or in any other way between coal oil and kerosene?

Coal oil is, I believe, still called kerosene in the States, but I have been informed that true kerosene to-day differs in density in the flash test, and is more explosive than the coal oil in general use in America to-day.-Sawyer Bros., Marden, Ont.

Answer.-Commercially there is no difference between kerosene and coal oil. The term kerosene is used altogether in the United States. One firm when establishing their brand in Canada some years ago used the term but found the people as a whole didn't appreciate what kerosene was. The result was they adopted the name coal oil and have used it ever since. There are some "lighter" grades of kerosene sold on the other side which might show a difference in density or flash test such as you mention.

However, commercially, which is the main factor for Canadian trade, there is no difference between coal oil and kerosene.

## NO LIMIT TO SELLING PRICE OF FLOUR

Is there any limit to the retail selling price of flour, and if so, what is it ?-W. R. Wood, Turriff, Ont.

Answer.-There is no limit on the selling price. The only limit on the sale of flour, is that no merchant shall sell more than 14 days' supply except in cases where the purchaser is living at a considerable distance from the store, and that he shall sell one pound of substitute with every four pounds of flour.

## MANUFACTURERS OF CROCKERY

Will you kindly give me the names of some firms where I can get a general supply of crockery and delft ware.-H. Pushinsky, Shallow Lake, Ont.
Answer.-Toronto Pottery Co., Toronto; Belleville Pottery Co., Belleville; Foster Pottery Co., Hamilton; R. Campbell's Sons, Hamilton; John Davis \& Son, Toronto; J. W Foley \& CO., St. John, N.B.

## TORONTO RUBBER STAMP DEALERS

Where can we obtain rubber stamps in Toronto?
Answer.-The following is a list of manufacturers of rubber stamps in Toronto: Bernard Cairns, 77 Queen St. E.; Canada Stamp \& Stencil Co., Ltd., 68 Dundas St. E.; Patterson \& Heward, 319 King St. W.; Superior Mfg. Co., 93 Church St.; Toronto Stamp \& Stencil Works, Ltd., 137 Church St.; W. E Irons \& Co., 30-32 Temperance St.; C. W Mack, 46 Adelaide St. W.; Wilson Stationery \& Printing Co., 118 King St. W.

## WHERE TO OBTAIN APPLES

Where can I obtain one or two carloads of apples at a reasonable price?-Emile Julien, Baie Shawenegan, Que,
Answer.-The United Fruit Co. of Nova Scotia, Berwick, N.S.; Nova Scotia Shipping Co., Berwick, N.S.; Herbert Oyler, Kemptville, N.S.; H. Blight and Sons, Halifax, N.S.; W. H. Chase and Sons, Wolfville, N.S.

Kindly give us the names of some manufacturers of dry yeast cakes other than the E. W. Gillett Co. - St. John, N.B.

Answer.-White Swan Spices and Cereal Company, Ltd., 156 Pearl St., Toronto, and A. MacDonald and Co., Winnipeg, are manufacturers of these goods.

## MANUFACTURERS CAN ONLY DEAL WITH LICENSED PARTIES

Has the manufacturer of pickles, sauces, etc., the right to sell anyone who has not a wholesale or a retail license.-D. A. Hill, Waterford, Ont.

Answer.-Our understanding of the regulations is that he has not the right to sell to anyone not having a license.

MAGAZINE DEALING WITH JAMS AND MARMALADES
Where can I find a magazine that takes up the manufacture of jams, marmalade, jellies and pickles?-M. H. Low, Edmonton, Alta.

Answer.-Some suggestions were given relative to this matter in last week's column. Further investigations have assured us that there is no magazine published on this continent that deals entirely with the subjects mentioned. The editor of The Canner, 140 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, writes:
"We are sure there is not a journal published in the United States that prints as much about these lines of goods as does The Canner.
"The manufacture of jellies and jams is not with us an industry of sufficient magnitude to support a trade journal; however, we maintain a department in The Canner, which, though concerning itself largely with pickles, vinegar, and sauerkraut, manages to get in a little smattering of matter about jellies and preserves, lines which do not yield a great amount of trade talk and news."

This magazine, and The Canning Trade, Baltimore, Md., come the nearest of anything available to meeting your requirements.

## A MARKET FOR COOKING ONIONS

Kindly give us the names of Canadian and American firms that buy domestic cooking onions.-W. L. Querengesser, Brodhagen, Ont.
Answer.-Practically all the fruit and produce wholesalers handle these goods. We believe that if you have any quantity to sell you would be well advised to deal through a fruit and produce broker who knows the conditions of the market and could probably do better for you than you could do for yourself. Fither of the following firms could self. Either of the following firms could
handle this business for you. J. J. McCabe, handle this business for you. J. J. McCabe,
32 Church Street, Toronto; or Fred J. White, 32 Church Street, Toronto; or Fred
Board of Trade Building, Toronto.

CANADIAN GROCER, 143-153 University Avenue, Toronto.

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191...

Please give me information on the following:

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# WEEKLY GROCERY MARKET REPORTS 

Statements From Buying Centres



## THE MARKETS AT A GLANCE

FEW prices have been announced on canned tomatoes, which show a slightly higher range of cost than had been hoped for early in the season. Crop reports were encouraging, the outlook bright and early operations satisfactory, but the elements combined to overcome all optimistic feelings. The result has been smaller production, higher operating cost, and whereas the retail price will probably range around 20 c per tin, there is little chance of many offerings of 2 for 35 c . Corn prices are also out, and range about the same as last year, with the delivery estimated at around 35 per cent. Quotations on plums, peaches and pears are now being worked out, and figures will run much higher than last year.

Latest regulations issued by the Food Board provide that the mills must supply or arrange to have supplied substitutes to the percentage of one to four with all orders for wheat flour. Rye flour, corn flour, barley flour and oat flour are now mentioned as the only substitutes to consumers. This means dealers will have to take into stock the proper proportion of substitutes, and they, in turn, will pass these on to the consumer. This is probably the reason for the Food Board's action, and has been taken, it is thought, when visible supply of substitutes seems likely to more nearly meet these requirements.

MONTREAL—Advances of price are this week made in canned peaches and pears, and also for corn, canned and on the cob. Soap chips and caustic moved up.

Declines were made for cornmeal, corn flour and package rolled oats, split peas, beans and feed oats. Bananas are also easier, while lemons and oranges are firm. New pack tomato prices are announced.

An advance may be looked for in mustards. The difficulty of securing supplies from overseas is great, and all materials have increased in price. The cocoa and spice markets are steady and firm, while coffee and tea are ruling with the tendencies heretofore reported.

Tapioca will not be permitted through, jobbers having received intimation from the Food Board that stocks are ample in the country to
meet requirements, and that they will, therefore, be unable to permit importation, freight space being short.

The influenza epidemic has somewhat handicapped trading.
TORONTO - Much higher prices are the pears and peaches, from advices now at hand. Production has been limited owing to comparatively small crop, it is estimated, and high prices paid for the fruit, along with enhanced manufacturing costs, have brought about greatly increased prices to the trade.

Quotations are out on tomatoes and corn. These are lower than last year, but it had been hoped that tomatoes would show a much lower level than they do. Delivery of tomatoes will be about 85 per cent., and of corn about 35 per cent.

Between 40 and 50 per cent. delivery of orders placed for dried peaches seems now possible since Government requirements have been provided for. The orders amounted to about 25 per cent. normal, so the present outlook is for about one-eighth usual shipments.

An unprecedented demand for lemons and oranges has developed all over the continent since the epidemic of Spanish influenza started. The result has been that with the light supplies available, prices have soared to record levels. So far this has been more noticeable in United States points than in Canada, but local prices have attained a pretty figure, particularly with oranges.

Quotations on barrel apples show an advance of from 50 c to $\$ 1$ per barrel for some kinds on the No. 1 grade over opening prices given out two or three weeks ago. Sweet potatoes have declined, and onions hold unchanged at what may be termed a comparative level.

Coffee is very strong at primary points, and indications point to a further advance of from two to three cents per pound over increase of two cents made just a couple of weeks ago. Supplies are none too plentiful, though requirements of the trade to date have been very well looked after.

## QUEBEC MARKETS

MONTREAL. Oct. 16.-The epidemic of influenza has had a great deal of real effect on the grocery jobbing trade this week. Staffs have been much interfered with and it is awkward to work on short staffs. Changes have been made in several lines, reference to this being made in the market summary.

## Soap Chips, Caustic Soda Marked Up

## Montreal.

SOAP CHIPS, CAUSTIC-Advances are made by one jobber for caustic soda. This is for broken lots which are selling now at $\$ 9.50$ per 100 lbs .

Soap chips of St. Croix make are selling in one quarter at 9 c per pound, this being an increased price by half a cent per lb .

## Sugar Holds Firm; Supplies No Better

Montreal.
SUGAR.-Nothing has occurred during the week to change the local situation and prices on the various refineries' output are held. Delivery of raws has been ruling with little change. Some feel that a slight improvement is probable, with preserving needs pretty well supplied, but there is no likelihood of extensive improvement in the matter of requisite stocks.


## Tomatoes Lower; Other Lines Up

Montreal.
CANNED GOODS.-Prices have been announced to the trade on tomatoes and corn, new pack. These, in the case of tomatoes are lower. One pound tomatoes are selling at 95 c per doz.; 2 lbs ., $\$ 1.40$ to $\$ 1.50 ; 21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} .$. \$1.90- $\$ 1.921 / 2$ and 3 lbs. , $\$ 2$ to $\$ 2.02 \frac{1}{2}$. Gallons are selling at $\$ 7.00$ to $\$ 7.05$. Some of the groups are selling at a better price than others, while what is known as group " $B$ " has $21 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ per doz. added to the price, with a rebate of 5 c for those placing orders early. Pears No. 2 are quoted at $\$ 2.75$ and in gallons (pie grade) at $\$ 7$. San-
dard grade peaches are $\$ 3.60$ in $21 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. size and yellow pie grade in gallons are $\$ 7.60$ to $\$ 7.75$. Greengage plums are quoted at $\$ 2.25$.
salmon Sock

| Salmon Sockeye <br> "Clover Leaf," $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$, flats. |  | 245 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sovereign, $1-\mathrm{lb}$. flats..... |  | 450 |
| Do., $1 / 2-1 \mathrm{lb}$. flats |  | 230 |
| $1 \mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{flats}$ |  | $4621 / 2$ |
| 1 lb . talls, eases 4 doz., per doz. |  | 450 |
| $1 / 2$ flats, cases 8 doz., per doz... | 50 | 200 |
| Chums, 1-1b. talls |  | 225 |
| Do., $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, flat |  | 120 |
| Pinks, 1-1b, talls |  | 260 |
| Cohoes, 1-Ib. talls |  | 340 |
| Red Springs, 1-lb. talla |  | 270 |
| Red Springs, $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. |  | 210 |
| Salmon, Gaspe, Niobe Brand (case of 4 doz.), per doz..... |  | 225 |
| Canadian sardines (case) ...... | 75 | 700 |
| Norwegian sardines, per case of $100 \text { " } 1 / 4 \mathrm{~s} "$ |  | 2000 |
| Lobsters, $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, doz. | 360 | 365 |
| Canned Vegetables and Fruits- |  |  |
| Asparagus (Amer.) mammoth green, doz. |  | 400 |
| Tomatoes, is |  | 095 |
| Tomatoes, 3 s | 200 | $2021 / 2$ |
| Tomatoes, U.S. pack, 2 s | 140 | 150 |
| Tomatoes, $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ | 190 | $1921 / 2$ |
| Tomatoes, Canadian pack, 2 lb . |  | 210 |
| Tomatoes, gallons ..... ..... | 700 | 705 |
| Peas, standards | 145 | $1471 / 2$ |
| Peas, early June | 1. $571 / 2$ | 160 |
| Peas, extra fine, 28 |  | 235 |
| Do., fancy, 20 oz . |  | $1571 / 2$ |
| Peas, Morens Ex fine |  | 225 |
| Beans, golden wax | 195 | $1971 / 2$ |
| Beans, Refugee | 195 | 200 |
| Do., old pack | 180 | 195 |
| Do., new pack |  | 200 |
| Corn, 2s, doz. | 215 | 2 271/2 |
| Spinach (U.S.). 8s |  | 800 |
| Do., (U.S.), gallons |  | 1000 |
| Corn (on cob, gal. cans), doz. | 780 | 830 |
| Red raspberries, 2s |  | 400 |
| Simeoes |  | 275 |
| Red cherries, 2 s | 260 | 290 |
| Strawberries, 28 |  | 800 |
| Strawberries, 1918 pack (2s). |  | 400 |
| Rhubarb, $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ |  | 260 |
| Blueberries, 2s, doz. |  | 185 |
| Blueberries, gallons |  | 700 |
| Pumpkins, $21 / 3 \mathrm{~s}$ | 160 | 170 |
| Pumpkins, 3 s . |  | 175 |
| Pumpkins (gallon). do |  | 600 |
| Potatoes, Can. Sweet, $21 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$, tins |  | 210 |
| Potatoes, Cal. Sweet, 2-lb, tins . |  | 275 |
| Carrots, sliced. 2 s |  | 145 |
| Apples (gallons) |  | 500 |
| Peaches, 2s (heavy syrup) | 200 | 240 |
| Peaches, standard grade, $21 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. |  | 360 |
| Peaches, gallon pie (peeled) | 760 | 775 |
| Peaches, 2s (heavy syrup) ... | 200 | 290 |
| Pears, No. 2 . ${ }^{\text {P. }}$. . . |  | 275 |
| Pears, gallon (pie peeled) |  | 700 |
| Pineapples, 11/2s ... |  | 225 |
| Pineapples, 2s |  | 310 |
| Pineapples (grated), 2s |  | 290 |
| Greengage plums (light syrup), No. 2 |  | 225 |
| Lombard plums (heavy syrup), |  | 170 |

## Corn Syrups Active:

## Molasses is Firm

Montreal.
MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.-A very firm market still obtains for molasses. Shipments into Montreal have been heavy of late but these stocks do not last long, as the booked orders in importers' hands absorb these readily. It is not at all improbable that prices will be even higher than they are to-day.

Corn and cane syrups have been selling well, the shortage of sugar and the scarcity and high prices for molasses being assigned as contributing factors in this activity.

```
Corn Syrup-
    Barrels, about 700 lbs
    Half bbls.
    Kegs
```

000
309
2.2

2-1b. tins, 2 doz. in case, case.
$5-\mathrm{fb}$. tins, 1 doz. in case, case.
10 lb . tins, $1 / 2 \mathrm{doz}$. in case, case
$20-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, $1 / 4 \mathrm{doz}$. in case, case
2 -gal. 25 -lb. pails, each..
3-gal. $381 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. pails, each
White Corn Syrup-
White Corn Syrup-
2 -lb. tins, 2 doz. in case, case
$5-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, 1 doz. in case, case $10-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, $1 / 2$ doz. in case, case $20-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, $1 / 4$ doz. in case, case Cane Syrup (Crystal) Dismond)-
$2-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, 2 doz. in case, per case. Barrels, per 100 ing
Half barrels, per 100 lbs
Barbadoes Molasses-
Puncheons
Barreles
Half barrels
$\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \text { Prices for } \\ \hline\end{array}$ lower.
Carload lots of 20 puncheons or its equivalent in barrel or half barrels to one buyer, may be sold at "open prices." No disoounts will be given.

## No Topioca Allowed; <br> Rice is Steady

Montreal
RICE, TAPIOCA.-It is stated that tapioca supplies are so heavy in Canada that they will take care of the demand for some time. This has been the reason for the new ruling from Ottawa regarding its import, and this, it is understood, will prevent the import for the time being of any tapioca whatever.

Rice is moving freely, and the trade is supplied promptly with its wants, stocks being ample. Prices have been somewhat readjusted in various quarters within the past ten days.


## Walnut Tendencies Up; Markets Active

## Montreal.

NUTS.-Advances are being made for shelled walnuts in New York. This was as much as four cents per pound. Locally, the market conditions are firm, but changes have not been effected in the trade. There is every reason to look for further increase on this line, however.
A feature of the trade is that of local brokers trading in New York and Chicago and selling supplies f.o.b. these points. A lot of trading is being done in a general importing and jobbing way, and from now on the latter activity will be stimulated.
Almonds (Tara), per lb, ....... 027 0 80 Almonds (shelled)
Almonds (Jordan)
Almonds, Valencia, shelled
Almonds, soft shelled Tarragona
Bragil nuta (new)
Brazil nuts (med.)
Filberts (Sicily), per ib.
Brazilian in bags.
Filberts, Barcelona
Hickory nuts (large and smali).
lb. ...................
Bon Tons
Bon
Faneys, per B.
$\begin{array}{ll}0 & 25 \\ 0 & 24\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}0 & 25 \\ 0 & 26 \\ 0 & 25\end{array}$


## Dried Peaches Firmed; Package Dates 20-22c

## Mentreal.

DRIED FRUITS.-A firming tendency surrounds dried peaches and apricots. Now that the season for the more active movement of dried fruits is approaching, supplies are being checked up. These are fairly good of some lines, while prunes and figs and dates too are none too plentiful.

Raisins are in active request, and it would seem that these are counted upon as a table commodity in some quarters, judging from the volume of trading. Prunes are still to be had in fair quantities.



## White Beans $\$ 7.20$; Split Peas $\$ 8.25$ <br> <br> Montreal.

 <br> <br> Montreal.}BEANS, PEAS.-Declines are registered for Canadian white beans and these may be had as low as $\$ 7.20$ per bushel. It depends of course upon the condition of these, as to what price shall be asked. This condition is in definite accord with the tendencies of the local market already referred to in the columns of CANADIAN GROCER.

New split peas are easier too, $\$ 8.25$ per bag of 98 pounds being quoted in one quarter. The markets are easier with supplies good.

## Beans-



## Pacific Tea Shipment Quick; Markets Steady <br> \section*{Montreal.}

TEA.-Little new has developed, the markets ruling steady and firm and the trading operations somewhat improved This change is a gradual one, indicating that the retailer is cleaning up well on his stocks before replacing them.

In speaking with the representative of a large Japan tea importing firm, it was stated that shipments via the Pacific were very prompt and even quick. This promptness was somewhat interfered with when the tea reached the coast, for rail transportation was such that the necessity of carrying grain precluded prompter shipments of other commodities.
Ceylon and Indias-

| Pekoe, Souchongs, per lb. | 047 | 049 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pekoes, per lb. | 051 | 05 |
| Orange Pekoes | 055 | 057 |
| Japan Teas- |  |  |
| Choice | 065 | 070 |
| Early Picking | 053 | 058 |
| Javas- |  |  |
| Pekoes | 041 | 043 |
| Broken Orange Pekoes | 043 | 045 |
| Orange Pekoes | 046 | 049 |

## Active Sales Honey Keep Market Firm

## Mentreal.

honey. Maple products. Honey has been ruling high. This condition will very probably continue, for there is an active market, large quantities already having changed hands and a good consumptive demand obtaining. In view of this, prices are likely to hold or even to advance somewhat.

Maple products are scarce and for this
reason the undertone is firm. Prices are higher than for some time and supplies are usually considered small.
Maple Product-
Syrup, 13 lbs . Imp. meas., gal.
Syrup, 5 -gal. tins, per gal...
$81 / 2-1 \mathrm{lb}$. tins
Sugar, in blocks, per lb .
Honey, Clover-
Comb (faney)
In tins, 60 lbs .
30-lb pails
10-lb. pails
Honey-Buckwheat, tins or bbls.

## More Coffee Moving; Market Holds Firm

Montreal.
COFFEE, COCOA.-Coffee has been moving freely and the demand will be greater for some weeks to come, as is usually the case. Stocks have been well maintained, for while some sources have been interfered with more or less, new markets have been able to take care of the requirements. The undertone is firm.

Cocoa sales have been better all around and the undertone on this too, has been strong. It is not improbable that there will be an advance in some quarters if supplies should be curtailed in any way.

| Coffee, Roasted- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bogotas, 1b. | $0291 / 2$ | 033 |
| Jamaica, 1b. | 025 | 029 |
| Java .lb. | 039 | 042 |
| Maracaibo, lb. | $0281 / 2$ | 081 |
| Mocha, lb. | 034 | 038 |
| Mexican, Ib. | 023 | 027 |
| Rio, 1b. | 024 | 028 |
| Santos, Bourbon, lb. | 028 | 031 |
| Santos, lb. | 027 | 0 '30 |
| Cocom- |  |  |
| Bulk eoeon (sweet) |  | 025 |
| Bulk cocoa (sweet) |  |  |

## Firmness Feature <br> in Spice Market

## Montreal.

SPICES - There is a firmness of undertone, such as has characterized the market for some time. This applies to the list throughout and peppers in particular. A good deal of business is reported by the spice men and this will apply to the city trade and that of the country as well.


## Apples Moved to \$7; Bananas Down \$1

## Montreal.

FRUITS.-Apple prices have not only been firmer but for No. 1 stock $\$ 7$ per barrel is being asked. These prices apply to the best St. LLawrence and Wealthys. Other grades have advanced also and the general tendency is upward.

Bananas are somewhat freer and the quotations are now from $\$ 4$ to $\$ 4.50$ per bunch, this being $\$ 1$ less than previous prices at $\$ 4$. Apricots. Cantaloupes and pineapples are off the market. Trading is active.
Apples
No. 1


## Cauliflower $U p$;

 Vegetables ActiveMentreal.
VEGETABLES.-Little change from the quotations of last week has been made, cauliflower registering an advance to $\$ 3$ per doz. These are scarce and this accounts for the increase in price. In a general way, the price of vegetables is high enough, even coarse roots holding on a steady basis. great deal of trading is being effected and this will doubtless continue. Potatoes are steady and unchanged.
Beans, new string (American)
basket



## Cornmeal Declined; Corn, Oat Flours, Too

## Montreal.

CEREALS.-Interest in the cereal markets centred around cornmeal, corn flour, oat, flour and rolled oats in packages. These all registered decline and this movement is in definite accord with lowering grain prices. It is stated that there is not a big surplus of some grains and that oat products, for instance, are oversold in some instances. Revisions downward may also be made for barley flours, though these remain unchanged for the week.
Self-raising flour-
8-1b. pkgs., doz.
6-m. pkgs., doz.
6-10. pkgs., doz. .....
Cornmeal
Cornmeal (bolted)
Barley. pearl
.
600

Barley, pearl
Barley, pot, 98 575
425

Barley (roasted) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Barley flour, 98 lbs.
98 libs.

## ONTARIO

TORONTO, October 16.-Opening prices on tomatoes and corn have been announced in addition to many lines of fruits. Beans are a light pack as well as corn, though tomatoes show a very good percentage. Sugar is still scarce, but the heavy consuming demand seems to have eased off somewhat. Markets generally are somewhat quiet during the week.

## Conditions About

## Same on Sugar

## Toronto

SUGAR.-The situation shows little, if any, change. The heavy consuming demand shows some falling off and for this reason the strain on refiners and wholesalers is not quite so great. However, there is no surplus of sugar as yet and it is thought some time will elapse before the conditions surrounding supplies can be termed easy. Prices have held firm and unchanged at following levels.

Corn flour (standard) (2 bags).
935
930
Do., (bbl.)
875
Oat flou. (2 bags)
Hominy grits, 98 lbe.
Hominy, pearl, 98 lbs.
Graham flour
675
750
Oatmeal (standard-granulated

Split peas
Rolled oats, $90-\mathrm{-} \ddot{\mathrm{~b}}$. bags
Rolled oats (family pack.),
case $\ldots \ldots . . .550$....... 50
Rolled oats (small size), case

Rolled wheat ( $100-\mathrm{lb}$. bbls.) | 2 | 00 | 2 | 05 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Rye flour (Can.), 98 lbs.
Do. (American), 98 lbs.
Tapioca flour, $\mathbf{l b}$.

## Flour Trade Active;

 Feed Oats Lower
## Montreal.

FLOUR AND FEEDS.-A steady and active sale obtains for flour, millers being busy on the new crop supplies. There is a steady and unchanged condition with regard to price basis.

Feeds are in active demand all the while, the demand for the standard feeds, bran and shorts, absorbing stocks readily. Special feeds too, are actively selling, for the needs of farmers and milik producers are insistent. Feed oats are easier at $\$ 1.03$ per bushel.


## MARKETS

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Atlantic, extra granulated } \ldots . . . . . . . . & 9 \\ \text { St. Lawrence, extra granulated.......... } 979\end{array}$
St. Lawrence, extra granulated.
Acadia Sugar Refinery, extra granulated Can. Sugar Refinery, extra granulated. Dóm. Sugar Refinery, extra granulated.. 904
Canada Sugar differentials: $50-\mathrm{lb}$. sacks, 10 c over $100-\mathrm{lb}$.: $20-\mathrm{lb}$. gunnies, 25 e advance; $10-\mathrm{lb}$. gunnies, 40 e advance; 5 -lb. cartons, 50 c advance: $2-\mathrm{lb}$. eartons, 60 c advance. St. Lawrence differentials: In $25-\mathrm{lb}$. gunnies, 25 c over 100 lb .; $20-\mathrm{lb}$. gunnies, 40 c advance, 10 b , gunnies, 50 c advance, 5-lb. gunies, 70 e differentials : 20 lb .artons, 10 c advace. 100 lb . differentials. 20. 50 . 50 c 10-1b. gunnies, soe advac advancer differentials: $20-\mathrm{b}$, 35 c advance over 100 ber 100 . Barrels of granulated and yellow may be had Bat 5 c over above prices, which are for bags. Fancy over put so in 1 yellow is 30 to 40 c ner 100 the under granulated, No. 2 yellow is 10 lo 10 c per 100 lbs under No, 1 yellow, and No. 3 yellow 20 c to 30 c less than No. 1

## Stove Polish Changes; Other Lines Higher

## Toronto.

STOVE POLISH, OTHER LINES.Higher prices have been named in some quarters on Nonsuch liquid stove polish,
the 15 c size now being quoted at $\$ 1.40$ per dozen; Nonsuch stove enamel No. 1 is also up to 85 c dozen. X-Ray stove polish, 10 c size, is now quoted at 95 c dozen. Advanced figures are also noticeable on household lubricant, which is now selling at $\$ 10.80$ gross. Jobbers report a great scarcity of Keen's D.S.F. mustard, all sizes being sold out from some stocks.

## Demand For Molasses Good; Syrups <br> Toronto.

MOLASSES, SYRUPS.-The demand for molasses keeps up splendidly and whereas stocks are not considered heavy, orders generally are being filled. Latest advices would indicate that manufacturers in the United States had very small stocks of containers smaller than $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, so orders will be adjusted to include this size. Cane and corn syrups are in very good demand and prices unchanged as follows:
Corn Syrups-
Barrels, Crown or Bee Hive, per lb. $0071 / 4$
Cases, 2-1b. tins, Crown or Bee Hive,
doz. in case
Cases, 5 -lb. tins, Crown or Bee Hive, 1
doz. in case
Cases, 10-lb. tins, Crown or Bee Hive,
$1 / 2$ doz. in case
Cases. 2-lb. tins, Lily White or White Clover, 2 doz. in case
Cases, $5-1 \mathrm{~b}$. tins, Lily White or White Clover, 1 doz. in case
Cases, $10-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, Lily White or White Clover, $1 / 2$ doz. in case Half barrels, $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ over bbls.: $1 / 4$ bbls. 560 Cane Syrups-
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Barrels and half barrels, lb.... } 0 & 071 / 2 & 0 & 08 \\ \text { Cases, 2-lb }\end{array}$ Molasses-
Molasses-
Fancy, Barbadoes, barrels
Whoice Barbadoes, barrels
105
West India, $1 / 2$ bbls., gal.
West India, No, 10 , kegs
West India, No. 5, kegs
Tins, 2-lb., table grade, case 2
doz., Barbadoes
Tins, 3 -lb. table grade, case 2
doz., Barbadoes
Tins, 5 -lb., 1 doz. to case, Bar-
badoes
Tins, $10-1 \mathrm{bb}$., $1 / 2$ doz. to ease,
Barbadoes
Tins, 2-lb., baking grade, case
Tins, 2 - lb ., baking grade, case
of 2 doz. .......................
Tins,
of 1 doz.
doz.
Tins, $10-\mathrm{lb} .$, baking grade, case
West Indies, $11 / 2,48 \mathrm{~s}$

## New Prices on

Tomatoes, Corn, etc.

## Toronto.

CANNED GOODS.-Prices have been named on new pack corn and tomatoes and both range fairly high. Tomatoes, which gave promise of a heavy pack, good quality and early completion, dropped off owing to unfavorable weather with the result that slightly higher prices than had been hoped for prevail; the pack shows a very fair percentage. Corn is a small pack. Tomatoes are quoted for $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ at $\$ 1.921 / 2$, and corn, 2 s , at $\$ 2.20$. New prices on plums, pears and peaches are also out and full details appear in special article elsewhere in this issue.

Following prices on canned goods are general quotations from wholesaler to retaller and not F.O.B, factory prices.


## May be Some

Peaches; Raisins

## Torente

DRIED FRUITS.-Estimates given out indicate that after government requirements have been fulfilled 40 to 50 per cent. of orders placed for peaches may be shipped. Orders placed were about 25 per cent. normal amount, it is estimated, so about one-eighth usual quantity is now hoped for. The extent of damage through rain to the raisins is still unknown. Part of the crop was already safe and remainder may show some effects of exposure to the elements. Indications are, however, that good production will be well up to estimates.

| Apples, | 18 | 020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do., do., Nova Scotia |  | 017 |
| Aprieots, unpitted |  | 016 |
| Do., faney, ${ }^{258}$ |  | ${ }^{-30}$ |
| Do., choice. ${ }^{258}$ | $0{ }^{25}$ | $\bigcirc 27$ |
| Do.. atandard, 258 | 024 | 026 |
| Candied Peels, Ameriean |  |  |
| Lemon |  | 048 |
| Orange |  | 0 451/2 |
| Citron |  |  |
| Curranta- |  |  |
| Greclan. per lb. | 026 | - 28 |
| Australians, lb. | - 30 | - 35 |
| Dates- |  |  |
| Ereelsior, kgr.. 8 doz. in en |  |  |
| Dromedary dates, 3 doz. in case | 7 se | 775 |
| Figs- |  |  |
| Taps, |  |  |
| Malagas, |  |  |
| Comadre figs, mata. | -18 | 14 |
| Cal., 4 oz. pkgs., 70s, case |  |  |
| Cal., 8 oz., 208, case . |  | 0 |
| Prunes- |  |  |
| 30-40s, per lb ., 25s, faced |  | 018 |
| $40-50 \mathrm{~s}$, per $\mathrm{lb} ., 25 \mathrm{~s}$, faced | $0161 / 2$ | 019 |
| $50-60 \mathrm{~s}$, per lb., 25s, faced. | 016 | - 161/2 |
| $60-70 \mathrm{~s}$, per lb., 256, faced. | - 131/2 | 014 |



## Teas Hold Firm <br> Without Change

TEAS.-The market remains firm without any change being recorded in the matter of price. Supplies generally are very good, though fine teas are reported none too plentiful.
Ceylon and Indias-

| Pekoe Souchongs | 46 | 048 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pekoes | 048 | 056 |
| Broken Pekoes | 056 | 058 |
| Orange Peknes | 058 | 60 |
| Broken Orange Pekoes Javas- | 060 | 62 |
| Broken Pekoes Japans and Chinas- | 045 | 48 |
| Early pickings, Japans |  | 050 |
| Second pickings | 040 | 048 |
| Hyson Thirds, H. | 040 | 048 |
| Do., Seconds | 050 | 055 |
| Do., sifted | 050 | - |

## Outlook For

## Higher Coffee

Toronto.
Higher Coffee COFFEE.-The outlook seems to be
higher coffee. Primary points have for higher coffee. Primary points have
gained in strength and present prices on some lines which showed a recent advance of two cents per pound are very likely to be superseded by an additional increase of another two or three cents per pound. Stocks so far have largely met the demand, but generally may be termed low. Improvement in the matter of supply is not looked for -materially so at any rate.
Coffee

| Bogotas, lb. | 033 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Guatemala, lb. | 029 | 031 |
| Maracaibo, lb. | 030 | 035 |
| Mexican, lb. | 032 | 036 |
| Jamaica, lb. | 031 | 036 |
| Blue Mountain Jamaica |  |  |
| Mocha, Arabian, lb. |  |  |
| Rio, lb. | 026 | 032 |
| Santos, Bourbon, lb. | 032 | 035 |
| Chicory, lb. |  | - 25 |
| Cocoa- |  |  |
| Pure, lb. | 025 | 030 |
| Sweet, lb. | 018 | 020 |

## Spices Show Continued Strength Terenta.

SPICES.-Continued strength features the spice markets. This applies practically throughout the list and a decided improvement in the demand is noticeable. Favorable war news has not excited any downward influence on the markets and it is felt in some quarters that even with the cessation of hostilities it would be many months before any appreciable change in the prices would be felt.


## Firm Tendencies

## Still Evident

Toronto.
NUTS.-Firm tendencies in all lines mark the situation in nuts. Shipments continue to go forward in good volume and the trade generally shows a healthy condition.

## Lima Beans

## May Not Come

Toronto. BEANS.-A report current in the trade this week is that no shipment of new crop limas may be expected. It is indicated a tight embargo exists and this is rather unexpected in view of good crop reports and fact that surplus from last year's production is reported. The situation otherwise is without change.
Ontario, 1-lb. to $2-\mathrm{lb}$. pickers, bu. Do., hand-spicked

Kidney Beans, bush. Japanese Kotenashi, per bush. Rangoons, per bush Limas, per pound


## Rices Firm;

## Demand Good

Toranto.
RICES.-The market holds firm at unchanged levels. The demand is good and the situation genorally considered satisfactory. Range of prices follows:

| Texas, fancy, per 100 lbs. .... 1250 | 1300 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blue Rose Texas, per 100 lbs..... 1275 | 13 |
| Honduras, fancy, per $100 \mathrm{lbs...}$. | 1350 |
| Siam, fancy, per 100 lbs. ..... 1050 |  |
| Sipm, second, per 100 lbs. | 1100 |
| Japans, fancy, per 100 lbs. .... 1100 | 1200 |
| Japans, second, per $100 \mathrm{lbs} . . . . .1000$ | 1100 |
| Chinese XX, per $100 \mathrm{lbs} . . . . . .950$ | 1050 |
| Do., Simiu .......... | 1300 |
| Do., Mujin, No. 1 |  |
| Do., Pakling .... | 1150 |
| Tavioca. per lb. . . . . . . . . . . . . 0 . 14 | - 15 |
| White Sago .................... 0 . $148 / 4$ | 016 |

## Situation Steady in Package Goods

PACKAGE GOODS.-A steady feeling prevails in all package goods. Prices are firm, the demand generally con-
sidered normal and altogether the situation without feature.

## Honey Sells Well; <br> Maple Syrup

Toronto. HONE, MAPLE SYRUP.-Sales of honey continue along very good lines and the market is holdling steadily at unchanged levels. Maple syrup is quiet though trade is considered normal. Honey

| Clover, $21 / 2-1 \mathrm{l}$. tins |  | 029 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5-\mathrm{lb}$. tins | 028 | $0281 / 2$ |
| $10-\mathrm{lb}$. tins |  | 028 |
| Buckwheat, $60-\mathrm{lb}$. tins | $0271 / 2$ | 028 |
| Comb, No. 1, faney, do | 375 | 425 |
| Do., No. 2, doz. |  | 300 |
| Maple Syrup- |  |  |
| No. 1, 10-1b. tins, 6 to case |  | 1510 |
| No. 2, 5-lb. tins, 12 to case |  | 1710 |
| No. 3, $21 / 2-1 \mathrm{~b}$, tins, 24 to case. . |  | 1850 |
| No. 3, 32-oz. bottles, 24 to case |  | 1670 |
| Gallon tins, Imperial, per gal. |  | 225 |
| 5 -gallon tins, Imperial, per tin |  | 1050 |
| Barrels, 25 or 40 Imp. gais., gal. |  | 200 |

## Apples Higher;

Oranges Soaring
FRUIT.-Higher prices are already in evidence on some lines of barreled apples and an advance of $\$ 1.00$ on No. 1 Kings and 50 c on No. 1 Greenings, No. 1 Blenheims, and No. 1 Cranberry Pippins is shown in quotations issued this week. Oranges show a sharp advance, prices ranging up to $\$ 12.00-\$ 14.00$ per box. The epidemic of influenza has created a very heavy demand for oranges and lemons and with limited supplies only available prices are at record levels.

| Apples- | 030 | 050 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do., B.C. Crab, box | 225 |  |
| Do., Crab, 11-qt. basket | 065 | 075 |
| Do., B.C. McIntosh Reds, box | 325 | 350 |
| Do., B.C. Jonathans, box .. | 325 | 350 |
| Do.. in Barrels. No. 1 | No. 2 | No. 3 |
| Kings . . . . . . 600 | 500 | 450 |
| Greenings .. 550 | 500 | 425 |
| Wealthy's .. .. 500 | 450 | 400 |
| Colvert's .... .. 450 | 425 | 350 |
| Blenheims .. .. 550 | 500 | 400 |
| Ribstons .... .. 500 | 450 | 400 |
| Alexanders .. .. 500 | 450 | 400 |
| Wolf River . . . 500 | 450 | 400 |
| St. Lawrence ... 500 | 450 | 400 |
| Snows ... ..... 6 00 | 550 | 500 |
| c. Pippin ..... 550 | 500 | 425 |
| Bananas, per lb. |  | 006 |
| Cranberries, bbls. |  | 1300 |
| Do., 1/2 bbls. |  | 650 |
| Grapes- |  |  |
| Do., Cal., Tokays, crate |  | 400 |
| Do.. Canadian, basket | 0 | 040 |
| Grapefruit- |  |  |
| Florida. 36s. ${ }^{\text {468 }}$ |  |  |
| Do., $54 \mathrm{~s}, 64 \mathrm{~s}, 72 \mathrm{~s}, 80 \mathrm{~s}$ | 650 | 700 |
| Do., 96s |  | 700 |

## Oranges-

## Valencias-

100s, 126s, $150 \mathrm{~s} \ldots \ldots . .$.
176s, 200s, $216 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}_{2} 250 \mathrm{~s}, 288 \mathrm{~s} .$.
Lemons, Cal., case
Do., Messina Verdellis, box
Pineapples-
Floridas, 30s, 36s, case ...... $550 \quad 600$
$\begin{aligned} \text { Pears, Cal., winter varieties..... } & \ldots \\ \text { Do., Can., basket ................. } & 50 \\ \text { 5 } & 100 \\ & 100\end{aligned}$

## Sweet Potatoes <br> Easier; Peppers, Too

VEGETABLES.-A decline has been noted in sweet potatoes, hampers now being quoted at $\$ 2.50$. Green peppers are also easier at 40 to 50 c . Celery, Fancy Thedford, in large crates, is ar-
riving, being quoted at $\$ 4.50$ crate. Tomatoes are pretty well cleaned up.


## Mills to Ship Substitute Flours

FLOUR.-The latest Food Board regulation provides that mills must make shipment of substitute flours with orders of wheat flour. Those mills which do not mill or carry substitutes are required to secure and ship with their orders or place orders with mills able to supply for direct shipment to the dealer. The list of substitutes now covers rye flour, barley flour, corn flour and oat flour only, which must be represented in shipments to the proportion of one to four.

## Demand Continues

in Big Volume
Toronto.
MILL
FEEDS.-The demand shows no signs of letting up and all available supplies are readily shipped out at set prices.
mill Feeds
Bran, per ton
In carlots, track
Shorts, per ton
$\$ 3700$
4200

## Markets Hold Steady; Corn Firmer

Toronto.
CEREALS.-The markets seem much steadier, corn, which has been on the downward move, having stiffened again and prices hold unchanged on the various products for the week. Two new products are being offered. Cornlets, in 98 lb . sacks, at $\$ 6.50$ sack and Cornaline, in 98 lb . sacks, at $\$ 6.50$ sack. Rye flour is being quoted at around $\$ 6.50$ and oat flour at $\$ 6.00$, somewhat easier figures.


# WEEKLY MARKET REPORTS BY WIRE 

Statements From Buying Centres, East and West

## British Columbia

FROM VANCOUVER, BY WIRE.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Oct. 15.-The local millers are taking the Government price of $\$ 10.80$ per barrel limited as the cash price for carload lots, hauled away by purrchaser; 10 cents barrel is added for delivery in the city and 10 cents per barrel for credit. Highland long keeping potatoes are now coming in freely and warehouses are filling up, but prices remain very firm. Other root vegetables are plentiful and are being more largely consumed than last year. Doctors urging free use as prophylatic against grippe and being between seasons there are few to ship out. Lard and butter easy and unchanged. Eggs are extremely scarce. Great quantities of Alberta eggs are being used. Cheese continues firm. Siam rice stocks again low. Oranges have gone up to $\$ 11$ a box. Lemons hard to get.

VANCOUVER, B.C.:

| Sugar, pure eane, gran., 100 lbs. Flour, war grade, Manitoba, per per bbl., in car lots |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rice, Siam, No. 1, per ton ...... |  | 420 |
| Do., Stam, No. 2 | 185 | 180 |
| Riee, China, 44 lb . mats, No. 1. | 190 | 195 |
| Do., No. 2 | 175 |  |
| Beans, Japanese, per | 010 | 012 |
| Beans, B.C., white | - 141/2 |  |
| Potatoes, per ton |  |  |
| Potatoes, lowland | 3200 |  |
| Potatoes, asheroft | 4200 |  |
| Lard, pure, in $400-\mathrm{lb}$. tierces, lb. | .... |  |
| Lard compound |  | 26 |
| Butter, fresh made creamery, lb. |  |  |
| Cheese, Canadian |  | 26 |
| Margarine |  | 82 |
| Eggs, new-laid, in cartons, |  | 074 |
| Oranges, box |  |  |
| Lemons |  |  |
| New Cal. figs, 70 4-oz. pkgs. |  | 525 |
| Almonds |  | 030 |
| Brazils |  | 030 |
| Filberts |  | 030 |
| Cal. Walnuts |  | 030 |
| Cal. Walnuts, No |  | 025 |
| Walnuts, Manchurian |  |  |
| anuts |  | 025 |

## Alberta Markets <br> FROM CALGARY, BY WIRE.

Calgary, Alta., Oct. 15.-Large Ontario cheese is quoted at $\$ 26.75$ to $\$ 27.50$. Storage eggs, $\$ 14.00$ and $\$ 15.00$ a case, the latter price being asked for some April extras. Pickles in all sizes of containers offering at less money for some brands. Dingman's blue, dried salt fish, seedless raisins in packages, and some

- lines of cigars are slightly higher this week. New candied peels for immediate
shipment are quoted as follows: Lemon, $\$ 34.50$; orange, $\$ 36.50$; citron, $\$ 39.50$; Siam rice is quoted $\$ 9.75$ to $\$ 11.00$. Lemons, $\$ 8.50$ case.

| CALGARY: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beans, small, lb. | 009 | 011 |
| Beans, small white, per cwt.. |  | 875 |
| Flour, 98s, per bbl. |  | 1095 |
| Rye flour, 49 s , per bbl . |  | 1220 |
| Cornmeal, 24s, per bbl. |  | 1230 |
| Molasses, extra fancy, gal. |  | 115 |
| Rolled oats, 80 s |  | 480 |
| Rice, Siam, cwt. | 975 | 1100 |
| Rice, Japan | 1100 | 1200 |
| Rice, China, per mat, No. |  | 510 |
| Do., No. 2. |  | 470 |
| Tapioca, lb . |  | 014 |
| Sago, lb. |  | 014 |
| Sugar, pure cane, granulated, ewt. |  | 1087 |
| Cheese, No. 1, Ontario, large... | $026 \%$ | $0271 / 2$ |
| Butter, creamery, lb. |  | 049 |
| Do., dairy, lb. | 035 | 040 |
| Lard, pure, 3s, per case |  | 1860 |
| Eggs, new-laid, case ... | 1400 | 1500 |
| Eggs, No. 1 storage, case | 1400 | 1420 |
| Candied peel, lemon, lb. |  | $0341 / 2$ |
| Do., orange, lb. |  | $0361 / 2$ |
| Do.. citron, lb. |  | $0391 / 2$ |
| Tomatoes, $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, stand. case, spot | 410 | 420 |
| Corn, 2s, standard, case . . . . . . . | 540 | 590 |
| Do., new | 335 | 360 |
| Peas, 2s, standard case |  | 360 |
| Apples, gals., Ontario, case.... | 220 | 285 |
| Strawberries, 2s, Ontario, case. <br> Do., new pack | 750 | $\begin{aligned} & 810 \\ & 8 \quad 50 \end{aligned}$ |
| Raspberries, 2s, Ontario, case.. |  | 875 |
| Cherries, 2s, red, pitted |  | 640 |
| Apples, evaporated, 50 s , Ib |  | 021 |
| Apricots, evaporated, lb. | 026 | 029 |
| Peaches, evaporated, lb. | 018 | 020 |
| Peaches, 2s, Ontario, case |  | 475 |
| Salmon, pink, tall, ease ...... | 900 | 10.25 |
| Salmon, Sockeye, tall, case |  | 1775 |
| Do., halves |  | 1825 |
| Potatoes, per ton |  | 2900 |
| Oranges, Valencias, case |  | 1000 |
| Lemons, case . . |  | 850 |

## Saskatchewan Markets FROM REGINA, BY WIRE.

Regina, Sask., Oct. 15.-Threshing operations are nearing completion with the continuance of fine weather. Milk in Regina advanced one cent a quart on Thanksgiving Day, Price is now 15 cents per quart. A ton and a half of milk is now being brought in from Edmonton to meet the local demand and this product laid down here costs sixteen and a half cents, dealers claim. No prunes are in prospect from California to meet local requirements, a result of recent destruction through rains. Cheese has advanced two cents per pound and is now 29 cents. Quite a shortage of pork is evident at present time. The price is also considerably advanced, packers asking 26 cents per pound by the carcass as compared with 20 cents same time last year. There is plenty beef and lamb.
regina-
Reans, small white Japans, bu. .
750
Beans, Lims, per B. ............
Flour, standard,
Molases, New Orleans, gal.......
\%
Rolled oats, bailsRice, Siam, ewt.
Sago, M.
Tapioca, Jb.
Sugar, pure cane, gran., cwt.
Cheese, No. 1 Ontario, large
Butter, ereamery
Lard, pure, 3s, per case
Bacon, 1b.
Eggs, new-laid
Pineapples, case
Tomatoes, 3 s , standard case.
Corn, 2s, standard case
Peas, 2s, standard case
Apples, gal., Ontario
Apples, evaporated, per ib.
Strawberries, 2s, Ont., case.
Raspberries, 2s, Ont., case
Peaches, 2s, Ontario, case
Plums, 2s, case
Salmon, finest Sockeye, tail, case
Salmon, pink tall, case
Salmon, pink, tall, case
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Pork. American clear, Der bbl.... } & 4075 \\ \text { Potatoes, bushel }\end{array}$

## New Brunswick Markets FROM ST. JOHN, BY WIRE.

St. John, N.B., Oct. 15.-New pack canned goods are now arriving. The new prices show a dollar reduction in tomatoes which are now quoted at $\$ 4.40$, but there has been an even bigger increase in peaches which are now $\$ 6.00$, with corn slightly lower at $\$ 4.90$. Case eggs are firmer at 48 c to 50 c . Lard is higher again. Pure 35 c to $351 / 2 \mathrm{c}$, compound 28 c to $281 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Potato quotation shows effects of reduced crops reaching $\$ 4.00$. Lemons advanced, now $\$ 10$. Plums off market. Nova Scotia apples $\$ 2$ to $\$ 5$ barrel.

> ST. JOHN. N.B.:

| Flour, No. 1 patents, bbls., Man. Cornmeal, gran., bags ........... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1270 \\ 700 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cornmeal, ordinary, bags | 375 | 30 |
| Sugar |  |  |
| Standard, gran | 985 | 990 |
| No. 1, yellow | 935 | 940 |
| Cheese, N.B., twins | 027 | 027 |
| Eggs, fresh, doz. | 050 | 055 |
| Egrs, case | 048 | 50 |
| Breakfast bac | 035 | 38 |
| Butter, creamery, per lb | 048 | 30 |
| Butter, dairy, per lb | 045 | 48 |
| Butter, tub |  | 42 |
| Margarine | 030 | 32 |
| Lard, pure, lb | 035 | 035 |
| Lard, compound | 028 |  |
| American clear pork |  |  |
| Beef, corned, is |  |  |
| Tomatoes, 3s, standard, ease |  | 40 |
| Raspberries, 28, Ont, ease |  |  |
| Peaches, 2s, standard case |  | 00 |
| Corn, 2s, standard case |  |  |
| Peas, standard case |  | 80 |
| Apples, gal., N.B., do |  |  |
| Strawberries, 2s, Ont., eas |  | 420 |
| Salmon, Red, spring, eases ....... .... 15 |  |  |
| Pinks |  |  |
| Cohoes |  |  |
| Chums |  |  |
| vaporated apples, | 018 |  |
| Peaches, per lb. ............. |  | - 23 |
| Potantoes- |  |  |
| Natives, , per bbl. | 850 <br> 8 <br> 10 |  |
| Onions, Can., 75 -1b. bags |  |  |
| Lemons, Cal., Messina Oranges, Cal., |  |  |
| Grapefruit, ease ................ 7 \%0 800 |  |  |
| Bananas, per lb. .............. .... 07 |  |  |
| Peaches, Cal., crate |  | 800 |
| Apples, N.S. | 200 | $800$ |

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# Importance of Equipment in Business 

Modernized Store Display and Sanitary Devices One of the Great Factors in Building Business-Giving Salesmen an Interest in Sales a Way to Stimulate Business

EQUIPMENT is one of the important factors in business to-day. People have come to look for it and to go where it can be found, so that it has become one of the important elements in building business.
W. L. Hogarth, 74 Bathgate Ave., Toronto, has foreseen the advantage of installing modern equipment. For instance he has a complete mechanical refrigeration system for keeping his stock of fresh, cured and cooked meats in the best condition. This meant considerable outlay. But it has served to protect him against loss in this department always, especially so in the hot weather. An added advantage of this refrigeration plant is that of display. The refrigerating pipes at the rear of the refrigerator counter in no way interfere with the frozen air or ammonia and lend themselves to a
backing for the display of meats on platters, etc., immediately in front of them. A neat case, enclosed with glass in front and on top, and with nickelled division strips, makes an attractive fixture, and is a silent salesman in itself.

## Meat and Grocery Sales.

This store has maintained from its opening about three years ago a splendid trade in meats, quite in keeping with the sales of the grocery department. Not only has this been possible, but plans are under consideration now for the further development of this side of the business, so that a larger demand may be served. It is very probable that the equipment of the store will enable the firm to handle a certain amount of jobbing trade with other stores in the vicinity, or within a few
miles. Thus, notwithstanding the war and its attendant effect upon the meat business everywhere, there will really be an increase in turnover the present season.

## Handling Fresh Fish.

The Hogarth store has handled fish along with its other lines. It is now proposed to instal a larger and more complete refrigerator to take care of fresh fish and maintain them in prime condition. When this case is completed it will be possible to keep fish in even better condition than before and to carry it on the premises in larger quantities than formely. The advantage of this will be that of maintaining a stock to handle a steady trade from the store's patrons. Giving Salesmen an Interest in Sales.
Mr. Hogarth is solving the help problem by giving his salesmen a direct in-


Interior of a Prince Albert, Sask., store, showing well-arranged pro vision department in the rear.
terest in his business. This advantage immediately appealed to the men and has served to retain the most desirable class of help engaged by the store. An incentive to better work and more of it, the privilege of sharing in the accruing profits of earnest effort has so appealed to the staff that this plan bids fair to prove its worth from the very outset.
The retail grocer figuring matters out on this basis has made an important innovation, and one which will probably become a far-reaching factor in his future development. In many enterprises it has already proven to be a large contributing factor in measuring progress and development. The proprietor has, in the first instance, taken the salesmen into his confidence and there exists from that moment a real intimate connection which must make for the expansion of the business generally. For a satisfied employee is an important asset.

To know that he is to share in the results of his expended effort is likely to make an employee more earnest and more painstaking than if he were receiving only a moderate, definite return for his work. Therefore, from the proprietor's standpoint as well as that of the employee, there are mutual advantages in this profit-sharing poliey.

Details of the plan at this store are still being worked out, but knowing that there will be an inauguration of this plan, the men already are taking an increased interest in the selling end of the business.

## PIONEER CANNER DIES

Matthew Moore, Who Has Devoted the Most of His Life to the Canning

Business, Called by Death At a Ripe Old Age
Matthew Moore for many years a prominent figure in the canning trade, died recently at the home of his son-inlaw, L. R. Tobey, 360 Aberdeen ave., Hamilton. The late Mr. Moore retired from artive business about eight years ago, and had since made his home with his son-in-law, Roy Tobey. Mr. Moore was a member of Court Transportation, Canadian Order of Foresters, joining the order the 25th of November, 1879, Courl Frederick, Delhi. Mr. Moore was born in Burford, Brant County, 82 years ago, and was the son of the late Colonel Moore, who was a magistrate of Scotland, and who was granted a considerable amount of land in the township of Moore, Lambton County, for his valuable services in the rebellion. He started the first canning factory in Ontario at Grimsby, and has since made it his business to organize canning factories. He learned the canning business in Baltimore, Md., and for some time packed beef and turtle in Texas. Among the many factories he has organized are those at Simcoe, Aylmer, Delhi, Waterford, West Lorne and other places. Mr. Moore and Capt. Howell started the oil refinery at Sarnia, which is now owned by the Standard Oil Company.

Mr. Moore spent nineteen years in Chatham in charge of the processing of

## Gasoline Dealers to be Licensed

## All Sellers of Gasoline Are Required to Have License-License Fee Will be Imposed on a Basis of Yearly Volume of Business

AS of recent date many grocery and general stores have installed gasoline pumps and have made the selling of gasoline an important item in their business the government regulations requiring the licensing of all dealers in gasoline in Canada will be of considerable interest.
This will place the control of the entire wholesale and retail gasoline trade under the direction of Fuel Controller Magrath. Forms, of application for licenses will be mailed from the Fuel Controller's office in Ottawa and the license fees will range from $\$ 2$ to $\$ 600$ per annum, bas ${ }^{\prime}$ entirely on the volume of dealers' sales of gasoline during the previous year.

## Must Keep Records

Provision is also made for the keeping of certain sales records, and all retailers of gasoline are called upon to post in their places of buisness the wholesale as well as the retail cost of gasoline handled by them. One important pro-
vision of the regulations is that fur the duration of the war the sale of gasoline on Sundays is absolutely prohibited.

## Prices are Fixed

Retail maximum prices are prescribed for establishments selling gasoline in quantities over a thousand gallons a month. Profits are based on a 10 per cent. advance over the wholesale cost delivered. These regulations mark the first step toward bringing the control of the sale of gasoline under the same sort of supervision as is now extended to the sale of coal and other fuels.

## Liable to Fines

In cases where dealers fail to obey the provisions of the law the Fuel Controller has absolute power to cancel or suspend licenses without notice. All persons who continue to deal in gasoline without making application for a permit to do so will be subject to a penalty of $\$ 50$ for each day such business is conducted in contravention of the regulations.
the Kent Canning Co. The last factory he organized was at Jordan. Mr. Moore was one of the pioneers of the goldi mining excitement in California about 1855. He sailed from New York to Panama, went across to the Pacific side and into the California gold field. He is survived by his widow, Frances Moore, a daughter, Mrs. Le Roy Tobey, and one son William S. Moore, of St. Bartholemi, Que.

## SOME INTERESTING INFORMATION REGARDING EGG CANDLING

Although the candling method of determining the quality of eggs in the shell is the best known for commercia! grading, one group of eggs of inferior quality can not be detected by this system and it is inadequate in grading still arother group. The investigations, reported in the United States Department of Agriculture Bulletin 702, show that experienced candlers and those using extreme care do not make many mistakes in grading eggs. Eggs with green whites and those having a normal appearance but bad odors are not recognizable by candling. White rots, more particularly mixed rots, eges with yolks slightly stuck to the shell, blood rings and eggs with bloody whites are not always detected and are included in the group most frequently miscandled by inexperienced or careless workmen. Eggs with brown shells or light-colored yolks make detection between good and bad specimens more difficult.

In the studies with skilled candlers, who candled a number of cases of 30 dozen eggs each, the average proportion of bad eags miscandled per case-varied from 0.2 in spring firsts to 10.77 in very
iow-grade cold-storage eggs. The percentage of bad eggs which could not be found by recandling ranged from none to 6.93 per cent. per case and depended on the grade of eggs examined. In the commercial candling of 128,587 eggs, 5,985 bad eggs were found, of which 71.65 per cent. were recognised by candling and the balance, or 28.35 per cent. were not found until the eggs were opened and examined individually. Then it was observed that the 28.35 per cent. was divided between a group of 17.02 per cent. bad eggs, which in many instances are distinguishable by candling and a second group of 11.33 per cent. consisting of types of bad eggs which can not be discovered until the eggs are broken.

The accuracy of candling depends upon the quality of the exgs and the skill of the candler, according to the bulletin In plants having poor management and poor candlers the number of good eggs in the discards sometimes reached 11 dozen to the case. The enforcement of a system of checking the work of individual candlers, particularly in plants employing inexperienced help, was found to be the best way to maintain high efficiency and thus eliminate waste by grading marketable eggs as rejects.

## PROHIBITS USE OF PREMIUMS

Two American coffee concerns, doing business in interstate commerce, have been ordered by the Federal Trade Commission to discontinue the distribution with their products of premium coupons redeemable for artieles of unequal value based on chance.

# Produce, Provision and Fish Markets 

## THE MARKETS AT A GLANCE

LIVE hogs are again the feature of markets which seem to be generally fairly quiet this week. A further decline of 50 c has been made, and it is thought this will carry through for the week's buying. The run has been very good, and improved receipts are looked for during the next few weeks.

The better arrivals of hogs has had an effect on the lard situation as well. Supplies are better in spite of increased demand, and there is a tendency on the part of some to accept business for November delivery on a firm basis about a half cent below spot deliveries.

Production of eggs has fallen off very materially, with the result that demand is being largely met from storage stocks. Sales have kept up at a good level.

Butter is in big demand, and dealers are hard pressed to cut butter fast enough to meet the heavy calls on storage supplies. Little dairy butter is coming in, it being thought production is being absorbed largely at local centers. Cheese is scarce, and dealers are having difficulty in meeting the demands of the trade.

Poultry has been arriving in good quantities. Some sources intimate a poor grade coming along, whereas others report quality generally a little above the average.

Fish continues to sell freely. A scarcity of fresh cod is reported, and some indications of a light supply of oysters have been given.

## Bacon, Ham Move; Hogs Easy <br> Meatreal.

PROVISIONS.-There is a steady and good trade for bacon and hams and some other cured meats, which hold unchanged notwithstanding the easier position of live and dressed hogs that has recently developed. It is probable that some slight reductions may be made in these lines, although the good demand has been keeping prices steady.

Live and dressed hogs are quiet and the tendencies are downward, but have not yet manifested themselves. Factions are working to maintain prices, while buyers are trying to pull these down. Markets for barrel pork are very quiet and dull.

| Hogs, DressedAbattoir killed, small Do., heavy, 225-275 lbs. Hogs, live | 2750 $19 \%$ | 2800 2600 1950 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hams- |  |  |
| Medium, smoked, per lb.(Weights) 16-25 lbs.... | 035 | 036 |
| Large, per lb. (wgh.) $25-35 \mathrm{lbs}$. | 032 | 033 |
| Baeks- |  |  |
| Plain | 043 | 044 |
| Boneless, per lb. | 046 | 047 |
| Secon- |  |  |
| Breakfast, per lb. | - 481/2 |  |
| Roll, per lb . | - $331 / 2$ | ${ }_{0} 341 / 2$ |
| Ory Salt Meato- |  |  |
| Long elear baeon, ton lots. | - 29 | - 291/2 |
| Long elear bacon, small lota.. | - 291/2 |  |
| Fat baek, lb. | - $2911 / 2$ | 030 |
| Cooked Mesto- |  |  |
| hams, boiled, per lb | 058 | 054 |
| Hams, roast, per lb. |  | 054 |
| Shoulders, boiled, per |  |  |
| Shoulders, roast, per lb. |  | ${ }_{0}{ }^{0} 48$ |
| Barrel Pork- |  |  |
| Canadian short eut (bbl.) |  |  |
| Clear fat backs (bbl.) |  | 6000 |
| Short eut elear pork (bbl.) |  | 5800 |
| Heavy mees pork (bbl) |  | 5500 |
| Bean pork (bbl.) |  | 540 |

## Lard Holds Strong On Good Demand

 Montreal.LARD.-There is much strength to the market undertone but no quotable changes are made. Stocks are still very fair and the trade from both city and country districts bids fair to continue active.
Lard, pure
Tierces, $400 \mathrm{lbs} .$, per lb .
Tubs, 60 lbs.
Pails $\ldots \ldots$. .......
Bricks, 1 ib., per lb.
032
$0323 / 4$

## On Light Supplies

Shortening Is Firm
Montreal.
SHORTENING.-Trade keeps brisk and prices firm. The fact is that if supplies are not augmented, the present heavy sales will tend to enhance prices ere long. Heavy demand for fats of all kinds has the effect of preventing much accumulation.
Shortening-
Shortening-
Tierces, ${ }^{400} \mathrm{lbs} .$, per $\mathrm{lb} . \ldots . . . . .$.
0

Pails, 20 lbs., per lb.
Bricks, 1 lb ., per lb.
$\begin{array}{ll}. . . & \cdots \\ \end{array}$

## Margarine Firm, <br> Improved Demand

## Montreal.

MARGARINE.-The better grades of margarine are very firm. In view of the high butter prices, this condition is likely to continue and it is probable prices will further increase on this line. For the week prices hold firmly without change.

| Margarine |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prints, according quality, lb. | 030 | 032 | 084 |
| Tubs, according to |  |  |  |
| quality, $\mathbf{1 b}$. | 029 | 031 | 38 |

## Butter Is Firm <br> At Held Prices

Montreal.
BUTTER.-Markets are still decidedly firm, and this under heavy and steady demand. Receipts have been fairly good, but there has been so little abatement in consumption that much stock is continually being used up, and none seem inclined to defer buying.

## Butter-

Creamery prints (fresh made)
Creamery solids (fresh made)
Creamery solids (fresh made)
Dairy prints, choice
Dairy, in tubs, choice

## Cheese Firmer

## Buying Prices High

Montreal.
CHEESE.-In accordance with the higher prices demanded by the various country boards, cheese has firmed during the week. Some are asking 27 c now for large cheese, twins and triplets. Sales at country points ruled around $243 / 8 \mathrm{c}$ and there is quite an active market for lots coming forward. The retail trade is absorbing a considerable amount, but it develops that frequency in buying is characteristic of many dealers. The recent increase of price made for lot.s wanted by the Dairy Produce Commission, has been a leading factor in the increased price asked of the trade.
Cheese-
Cheese-
Large, per lb .
Large, per lb .
Triplets, per lb.
Stilton, per lb. ..........
Faney, old cheese, per lb .

## Eggs Hold Firm, Many For Export

## Montreal.

EGGS.-Prices for eggs have ruled firm, but there has been no actual change from last week. New-laids are scarce and the farmers are not sending forward a great quantity. Storage stocks are consequently being used freely and while storage eggs are still in good supply, the present demand will absorb a great many of these in a short time.


## Poultry Sold Well

 For ThanksgivingMontreal.
POULTRY. - The position is unchanged, and sales for Thanksgiving business were very good. This was probably less, owing to the "Flu" epidemic, although telephone business was heavy. The same condition is still reported re-
garding the grade of fowl coming forward. Large numbers are poorly-conditioned and this is a fault the produce men would like remedied. Prices for the better grades are good, while those for the inferior grades have a tendency to soften.


| Live |  | Dressed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$0 38 |
|  |  | 043 |
|  |  | 040 |
|  | Dre | essed |
|  | \$0 46 | \$0 47 |
|  | 035 | 038 |
|  | 038 | 040 |
|  |  | 040 |
|  |  | 030 |

## Scarcity Halibut, Salmon; <br> Oysters Active

Montreal.
FISH.-There is little change in the price basis of the fish market, and sales nave been maintained through the week on a satisfactory basis.

Bulk oysters are in freer supply, the producers being better able to take care of the demand. Locally they are increas ing in sale and will as the weather becomes cooler.

Among those lines which are s.ort. halibut and salmon are important. The favor with which these are received makes a shortage apparent very prompt$l y$, once production has decreased.

Salt and pickled fish are in demand, and booking business is reported active. The general retail demand has been ex cellent with many.

## SMOKRD FISH.

| Haddies | (fresh cured) | 014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Haddies, | fillet | 018 |
| Smoked | herrings med.) per box | 023 |
| Smoked | cod . . . . . . . . . . . |  |
| Bloaters, | per box 60/100. | 150 |
| Kippers, | per box $40 / 50$ | 225 |




## Better Receipts of Live Hogs

Teronto.
PROVISIONS.-A decided improvement in receipts of live hogs was noticeable last week, and it is thought supplies will continue better for the ne: $t$ month or six weeks. Prices declined early ir the week to $\$ 18.25$ per cwt. fed and watered, and it was thought this quotation would hold.

All dressed meats are firm and in very good demand. The undertone is the market is just a little easier owing to larger run of hogs, with tendency towards lowering prices.

| Hams- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Medium | 038 | 039 |
| Large, per lb. | 034 | 035 |
| Baeks- |  |  |
| Plain | 046 | 048 |
| Trimmed, with rib in |  | 048 |
| Boneless, per lb. | 050 | 052 |
| Bacon- |  |  |
| Breakfast, per lb. |  | 046 |
| Roll, per lb. . . | 035 | 036 |
| Wiltshire (smoked sides), lb. . | 0 $371 / 2$ | 040 |
| Dry Salt Meats- |  |  |
| Long, elear bacon, av. 50-70, lb. | 031 | 032 |
| Do., aver. $70-100,1 \mathrm{lb}, \ldots$. . |  | 030 |
| Fat backs .... | ( $321 / 2$ | 034 |
| Cooked Meata- |  |  |
| Hams, beiled. per lb. | 053 | 055 |
| Hams, roast, without dressing. per lb . | 053 | 055 |
| Shoulders, roast, without dressing, per lb. | 050 | 052 |
| Barrel Pork- |  |  |
| Mess pork 200 lbs. | 5000 | 5400 |
| Short cut backs, bbl., 100 lbs.. | 5800 | 6000 |
| Pickled rolls, bbl., 200 lbs.. | 5600 | 6100 |
| Hogs- |  |  |
| Dressed, 70-100 lbs, weight |  | 29.00 |
| Live, off cars |  | 1830 |
| Live, fed and watered |  | 1825 |
| Live, f.o.b. . |  | 1750 |

## Lard Supply Better; Outlook Fair

Toronto.
LARD.-Supplies seem to be imploved in view of the larger run of hoge, and whereas the demand is increasing it is now thought this will be pretty well taken care of. Some business is being accepted, November delivery, at easier prices than spot shipments. The outionh seems to be quite satisfactory at the present time. Quotations range as follows:
Lard, pure, tierces, 400 lbs. . lb.. $\$ 0301 / 2 \$ 0311 / 2$ In $60-1 \mathrm{~b}$. tubs, $1 / 4-1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ higher than tierees pails $1 / 2-\% / 4 \mathrm{c}$ higher than tierces, and $1-\mathrm{lb}$. prints $11 / 2-1 \% \mathrm{c}$ higher than tierces.

## Shortening Holds <br> Firm, Unchanged

Toronto.
SHORTENING. - The situation is without change. Demand is good, and being met from ample though not heavy stocks. Price rules firm and with steady undertone.
Shortening, tierces, 400 lbs., M. 5026
In $60-1 \mathrm{~b}$. tubs. $1 / 4-1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ per ib. higher than and $1-1 \mathrm{l}$ prints, $11 / 6-1 \% / \mathrm{c}$ higher than tierees.

## Demand For Margarine Better

## Porento.

MARGARINE.-The demand shows continued improvement from week. to week. Shipments are coming along freely, and there is no indication at present of a shortage developing. Price hold firm and without change.


## Butter Moves Freelv; Little Dairy Coming

Torento.
BUTTER.-Dealers report very heavy sales creamery butter from storage, and the greatest difficulty seems to be in cutting up rapidly enough to make prompt shipments. There is little dairy butter arriving, supplies being absorbed generally at point of production without shipping to larger centres. Prices are steady for the week.

Creamery prints . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 051 0 52
Cresmery solids
Dairy prints, fresh separator, ib. o 49
Dairy prints, No. 1, Ib.

## Production Eggs

Grows Smaller
Torento.
EGGS.-Production has fallen to an almost negligible factor as far as taking care of the trade is concerned. The demand is being very largely met from storage stocks and sales have been maintained at a very satisfactory level.


CHEESE - Cheese is a very scarce commodity and there seems to be great difficulty in securing sufficient to take care of orders coming to hand. This condition seems largely general among the trade here. Prices hold without shange at new levels receady estabiiz'zed


## Poultry Coming

Along Freely
rorento.
POULTRY.-The supply oi poultrs for ing in has been very hea'y duris's the past couple of weeks. Generally the rase of poultry received has been goorl, in fact, it is said this year's receipts seem somewhat above the average Prices are unchanged for the weei
Prices paid by commission men at Toronto

| Ducks | Live $\ldots-80 \quad 15$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ducklings | 020 |
| Turkeys | 30 |
| Roosters | 018. |
| Hens, over 4 lbs. | $023-024$ |
| Hens, under 4 lbs. | 018.020 |
| Chickens, Spring, 2 lbe. |  |
| or over .... | 24 |
| Squabs. dozen | 50 |

Priees guoted to retail trede


## Oysters and Fresh <br> Cod Very Scarce

## Torente.

FISH.-Indications are that oysters are in light supply, and heavy reseipts seem to be questionable with son,e sources. Fresh cod is also scarce, shipmolits coing througl: to the State ; it is thought. Other lines are in good supply and a good demand for all lines is in evidence.

## FRESH SEA FTSH



## FRESH LAKE FISH

Herring, dressed, lb.
Trout, lb.
Whitefish, ib


SERIOUS DECLINE IN STORAGE HULDINGS OF EGGS IN MONTREAL
Statistics issued by the Department of Agriculture on stocks of eggs in storage in Montreal of recent dates as compared with holdings of a year ago give some interesting figures. The withdrawal from storage between August 31 and Sept. 30 left the storage supply poorer by nearly 8,000 cases. Moreover, the figures given show how very far available stocks in storage in this city, which is fairly representative of conditions in other cities of the Dominion, have fallen below the holdings of the previous year.


## CANADA THIRD IN POULTRY EXPORT

In the export of poultry in 1916 to the United Kingdom, Ireland ranks first with a value of $\$ 8,745,000$ the United States second, $\$ 1,310,000$; and Canada fifth, $\$ 60,025$.

## DANISH EGG EXPORTS

The value of the eggs exported from Denmark in the year 1917 amounted ts between $\$ 18,300,000$ and $\$ 20,000,000$. The exports took place to Great Britain, Sweden, Norway and Germany.

## SPAGHETTI <br> MANUFACTURERS ALSO AGREE TO CONSERVE TIN

Packing of spaghetti and macaroni in cans will be discontinued in the United States after October 15. This action, in the form of a unanimous resolution, was taken by a committee representing
practically every large American canner of alimentary pastes, in conference with the United States Food Administration. The manufacturers declared that they were willing to take any measures that might be suggested by the Food Administration for the conservation of tin.

## Willing to Shut Down

"We shut down upon recommendation about 4 months last year," the representatives of one company declared, "and if the Food Administration says the word, we will shut down to-day."
In order to allow the manufacturers to make use of the tins already in stock, and which are not suited for other purposes, it was finally decided that packing should be continued until present stocks of cans are exhausted, with October 15 as a limit.

## PROTEST AGAINST NEW SHIPPING: ORDER

A new order was issued by Canadian Freight Association as to rules of shipment. The order states that "Effective Oct. 1, freight, when to be delivered in less than carload lots, must be plainly, legibly and durably marked, showing the name (not initials only) of only one consignee and the address to which consigned."

So great a storm was raised among shippers by this order that it was agreed to make the order effective from Oct 7. The grievance is that insufficient time has been given shippers to comply with the new regulations.

The Canadian Freight Association represents all railways operating ir Canada, including American railways doing business in the Dominion. A joint meeting of the Wholesale Grocers' Guilu, the Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants, Association and the Wholesale Metal and Dry Goods Merchants, will be held to-morrow at the Board of Trade to consider the whole effect and working of the new regulations.
facilities.

## U. S. REVISES SALMON AND TOMATO ORDERS

The United States Food Administration has notified the wholesale grocers that the following modifications in the Government requirements have been made for canned salmon and cannedi tomatoes for the army and navy (No. 1 cans) :-

80 per cent. tall and flat Alaska reds.
65 per cent. tall and flat pinks.
60 per cent. tall and flat Alaska chums.

100 per cent, all sizes Puget Sound and Sockeyes.

All medium reds, Cohoes and Silversides are released except such quantities as are already designated to be held by the' Government.

The Government now reserves 45 per cent. of the total 1918 pack of all grades of tomatoes. Delivery to be of standard grade. If packer does not have sufficient quantity of standards he should make adjustment with buyer before tendering other grades.


## Recommend

## Brunswick Brand

## to your hard-to-please customer

The woman who has very decided ideas as to what real quality sea foods should be will find in these delicious lines the realization of her ideals.

An already big demand is being augmented by the food conservation propaganda which aims at making fish a more common article of diet in the Canadian home.

This affords every good grocer an opportunity to extend his trade by featuring fish. A stock of Brunswick Brand Sea Foods will turn a sizeable share of the fish demand to your store.

Get in a supply to-day.
$1 / 4$ Oil Sardines
1/4 Mustard Sardines
Finnan Haddies
(Oval and Round Tins)
Kippered Herring
Herring in Tomato Sauce Clams


## Connors Brothers Limited

Black's Harbor, N.B.

## WHY NOT SELL FISH?

## It's Easy to Do-And Profitable, Too

The small soace oscupied by a Freeman Fish Box can easily be made one of the most profitable departments of your store, for the Government is urging housewives to use more fish and less meat and the demand for fish is growing in leaps and bounds.

FREEMAN'S FISH BOX is attractive, well made and thoroughly sanitsry. Complies with all Government requirements. Choice of


Plate glass dis-
Dlay top. Built
on the same
tandard as our
large meat re
rigerators.
Get your share of this good ousiness. Write to-day for illustrated catalogue and price list of Freeman'
Fish Boxes. Mailed free.

Write To-day for Catalogue FREEMAN'S FISH BOXES

## Manufactured by <br> The W.A. Freeman Co., Limited HAMILTON, ONT.

MONTREAL - David H. H. Neil, 16 Notre Dame St. E. Uptown 8547

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TORONTO-114 York Street, near King
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## Here's a popular line for the Present Season -a product that EVERYBODY likes!

MAKES you hungry to look at it-doesn't it? And it tastes every bit as good as it looks. A few thin slices with fresh vegetable salad make a light, appetizing repastand it's equally good for sandwiches.

Davies Quality Bologna is prepared in our own sanitary kitchens from choice pork and beef-tastily seasoned-then smoked over hardwood fires. It contains no artificial coloring of any kind.
Moderately priced, too. Each sausage weighs from five to eight pounds.

If you want to feature a good, quick selling line on your provision counter-order Davies Bologna and see how well it takes with your customers.
Other excellent lines include Davies Ham Bologna-Davies
"Lakeside" Bologna-Davies Belforts-Davies Wienersall quality products, and dandy sellers.
Our Traveller will take your order-or we shall be pleased to have you drop us a postal card.

## Help Conserve Our Meat Supplies

## "INDIAN CHIEF" BRAND CLAMS

offer your customers a dandy substitute-a sweet, pure, wholesome fish food that represents sensible meat substitution in its most economical and practical form.
You cannot recommend a better sea food than Indian Chief Brand Clams. They will open up on your customer's table just as sweet and just as fresh as the day they were taken from the clam beds.

Remind your trade, too, that Indian Chief Brand Clams are ready cooked. Heating to a simmer makes them ready to serve-a fact that will appeal to both the restaurant trade as well as to the housewife.

Make Indian Chief Brand Clams a leader in your fish department. It will pay you.

## Shaw and Ellis, Pocologan, $\begin{gathered}\text { Chalobe } \\ \text { cole }\end{gathered}$ N. B.

## HEINZ Tomato Chutney

## One of the 57 Varieties

Here is a highly seasoned and carefully blended tomato relish which will give zest to meats, game, fish and oysters. It is prepared from ripe, red tomatoes, skilfully cooked and seasoned to bring out its pungent flavor, and is filled, while hot, into bottles.

Heinz Tomato Chutney will be specially desired as a relish for cold weather dinners. Stock it.

## Imperial Rice Milling Co., Ltd. <br> VANCOUVER, B.C.



We are offering the best value in Rice on the Canadian market to-day.
Canada Food Board License No. 4-517

## Our Advertising Makes Money For The Merchant



Mc CORMICK advertisements are to be found in the best and most widely circulated Canadian Magazines and newspapers. The demand is therefore created for the merchant.

$T$HE McCormick lines have an international reputation. They are the result of the strictest adherence to the highest standards of quality. They are made in the newest, finest biscuit plant in America.

$T$HE McCormick lines are second to none. They are highly recommended. Therefore the merchant who has a stock on hand satisfies the largest number of customers and correspondingly increases his own returns.

## The McCormick Mfg. Co., Limited London, Canada

Branches: Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Kingston, Winnipeg, Calgary, St. John, N.B., Port Arthur

## OYSTERS AND FISH

Get in touch with me for
XXX Oysters
Smelts
Frozen Herring Frozen Mackerel
Fish is the food of the moment.

## EMILE PATUREL

SHEDIAC, N.B.
License No. 1-748.


## OAKEY'S "WELLINGTON" KNIFE POLISH

The original and only reliable prepara-
tion for Cleaning and Polishing Cutlery, etc.

## John Oakey \& Sons, Ltd.

Manufacturers of Emery Cloth, Black Lead, Glass Paper, \&c.
LONDON, S.E., ENGLAND AGENTS:
Geo. B. Jenkinson, 43 Queen St. East, Toronto, and J. E. Huxley \& Co., 220 McDermid St., Winnipeg.

## EGG CASE FILLERS and EXTRA FLATS



The 12 Dozen Crate


## Salesmen Wanted

Men who have worked up a connection with the trade are far more valuable to you than inexperienced men. The way to locate them is through your trade paper because wide-awake salesmen read it. When in need of salesmen use the Want Ad Page; the rates are 2 cents per word first insertion and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion, a charge of 5 cents extra is made for Box Number to cover cost of forwarding replies.

QUOTATIONS FOR PROPRIETARY ARTICLES SPACE IN THIS DEPARTMENT IS $\mathbf{5 6 5}$ PER INCH PER YEAR

BAKING POWDER
ROYAL BAKING POWDER


DOMINION CANNERS, LTD.
"Aylmer" Pure Jams and Jellies.
Guaranteed Fresh Fruit and
Pure Sugar Only.
Screw Vace top Glass Jars. 16 oz. glass. 2 doz. case.
Blackberry ${ }^{\text {Blackberry }}$ Currant. Black .................. 8800 Currant. Blace
Plum ........ Pear Peach
Raspberry. Red ….......... 2 Raspberry and Red Currant. 8 on DOMINION CANNERS. LTD.
CATSUPS-In Glass Bottles
1/2 Pts., Delhi Epicure Per doz
$1 / 2$ Pts., Red Seal, screw tops 18145
Pts., Delhi Epicure ......... 185
Pts., Red Seal
Ots., Red Seal
Qts., Lynn Valley
..... $1_{2}^{9}$
BAKED BEANS WITH PORK
Brands-Canada First, Simeoe. Quaker.
Individual Baked Beans, Plain
85 s , or with Sauce, 4 doz.
to case Baked Beans, Flat. Plain.
4 doz. to ease
1's Baked Beans, Flat. Tom.
Sauce. 4 doz. to ense
I's Baked Beans, Tall, Tomato or Chili Sauce. 4 doz, to ease 1 $1^{11 / 2}$ 's (20-oz.) Plain, per doz. 165 Tomato or Chili Sauce ...... 190
2's Baked Beans, Plain, 2 doz
2's Baked Beans, Tom. Sauce.
2's Baked Beans, Tom. Sauce,
2's Baked Beans, Chill Sauce, tall, 2 doz. to case.
Tomato or Chil per doz. ... 2
Famaty. Plain, 82.85 doz. : Family,
amily. Plain, $\$ 2.35$ doz.; Family,
Tomato Sauce, $\$ 2.80$ doz. : Family,
2 doz, to case, 10 's, $1 / 6$ doz per 2 doz. to case, ${ }^{10} \mathrm{~s}, 1 / 2$ doz. per
case: Chili and Tomato Sauce, for hotel and restaurant use (gals.). $\$ 12$ and restaurant use "AYLMER" PURE ORANGE MARMALADE
Tumblers, Vacuum Top, 2 doz. in case ...... ............... 8190 12-oz. Glass, Serew Tod, 2 doz. in ease ...................... in case . Screw. 16-0z. Glass, T̈all. Vaeuum, 2 dor in ease ............ 2 's Tin, 2 doz. per ease....... 8 4's Tin. 12 pails in erate, per pafl .... .................... 68

5's Tin, 8 pails in crate, per pail.$\ldots$ pails in erate, per ${ }_{7}{ }^{\text {pail }}$ Tin or Wood, 6 pails in 034 crate ….................. 15 7 's Tin or Wood, 4 pails in crate, per lb. Wood, one pail 016 crate, per $\mathrm{lb} . \ldots . . . . . . . .$. one 16 BLUE
Keen's Oxford, per lb. ..... $\$ 022$
In cases 12-12 lb. boxes to case .. .................... 0 211/2
COCOA AND CHOCOLATE
THE COWAN CO., LTD.
COCOA-
Perfection Cocoa, lbs., 1 \& 2 doz. in box, per doz. ...... $\$ 460$ Perfection, $1 / 2$-lb. tins, doz... 245 Perfection, $1 / 4$-lb. tins, doz... 135 Perfection, 10 e size, doz. .... 095 Perfection, $5-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, per $\mathrm{lb} . .037$ Supreme Breakfast Cocoa, $1 / 2$ -
lb. jars, 1 \& 2 doz. in box,
doz. . ...................... 27
(Unsweetened Chocolate)
Supreme Chocolate, $12-\mathrm{lb}$. box-
es, per lb. ...................
Supreme
Supreme Chocolate, 10 c size,
2 doz, in box, per box ... 180 Perfection chocolate, 10e size, 2 doz. in box, per doz....... 090 SWEET CHOCOLATE- Per lb.
Eagle Chocolate, 1/2s, 6-lb. boxes 28 boxes in case .......... 033
Diamond Chocolate, $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s},, 6$ and
12 lb . boxes, 144 lbs , in case 035
Diamond Chocolate, $8 \mathrm{~s}, 6$ and
12 lb . boxes, 144 lbs , in case 035
Diamond Chocolate, 7s, 6 and
12-lb. boxes, 144 lbs . in case 034 Diamond Chocolate, 7s, $4-\mathrm{lb}$. boxes, 50 boxes in case, per box
CHOCOLATE CONFECTIONS
Maple Buds, 5 -lb. boxes, 30
boxes in case, per Ib..... Milk Medallions, 5-lb. boxes in case, per lb. ............. Chocolate Ginger, $5-\mathrm{lb}$. boxes, 80 bixes in case, per $\mathrm{lb} . \ldots$. . Crystallized Ginger, 5-lb. boxes, 30 boxes in case, per lb...... 045

6c. LINES
Toronto Prices
Per box
Filbert Nut Bars, 24 in box, 60 boxes in case............... Almond Nut Bars, 24 in box, 50 boxes in case $\ldots \ldots \ldots .105$ Puffed Rice Bars, 24 in box,
50 boxes in case ......... 1.05 50 boxes in case in box. 50
Ginger Bars. 24 in boxes in ease $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots{ }^{1} 05$
Fruit Bars, 24 in boxe, 50
Actives in ease Bars, 24 in box,
50 boxes in case. ...........
Victory Bar, 24 in box, 60 Queen's in case $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$.
60 boxes in case 24 in box,
Regal Milk Chocolate Bar.
Regal Mink Chocolate Bar,
Royal Milk Cakes, 24 in box,
Royal Milk Cakes, 24 in box,
50 boxes in case $\ldots \ldots . . .1$
Maple Buds, 6 e display boxes,
Ge pyramid packages, 6e ge pyramid packages,
glassine envelopes, 4 doz in
 10c LINES
Maple Buds, $10 \mathrm{c}, 1$ doz. in box, 50 boxes in case, per doz...s0 95 Medallions, 10c, 1 doz in box, 50 boxes in ease, per doz... o 95

## New Price Ranges

We have introduced higher price ranges on Dayton Computing Scales to meet the changing mark et conditions and to suit the higher prices at which you have to sell your commodities to-day. For example, the new charts cover price ranges from 15 C to 75 c per pound, also $10 c$ to 60 c per pound, etc. Intending buyers of a Scale will want to look into this feature. It's a time saver and makes for accuracy over the old time low-price ranges that suited conditions of a few years ago.


## Dayton Automatic Scales

are the finest and most beautifully finished and most permanently accurate weighing machines ever built. The Dayton Scale shown in this pic-ture-No. 148 Electric-stands without a peer in the Scale world. It flashes a sign by electricity which advertises your goods, every time the Scale is used. This does not affect the weighing mechanism in the slightest degree.

Its presence in a store is the sign of an honest, up-to-date merchant who isn't afraid to let the people know that he's that kind of a merchant.

## Our New Catalogue

There's a copy in an envelope all waiting for your name to go on it-just drop us a card and we'll mail it at once. You'll see the handsomest range of Scales ever made one that will suit your business-and they're all made in Canada, completely.

FRANK E. MUTTON
Vice-Pres. and General Mgr.

Division International
Business Machines Co. Ltd.

Also makers of International Time
Recorders and Hollerith Electric Tabulators

## Looking for a Man?

Look for him where he should be found-in employment in the grocery business, the business you yourself are in.

Advertise to get him. Use a small classified advertisement, to cost you 2 cents a word. Put this low-priced advertisement in CANADIAN GROCER-the paper read by grocers and their men. Somewhere is the man good for you to have. You may not be able to attract him readily from his present place. On the other hand, he may be looking for you. But fish for him. Cast again and again. The best men are hardest to get.

What is a dollar or two spent on finding the man you want -if you get him?

Narrow your search. Use the newspaper that searches out for you among those where he is likely to be found.

Make your advertisement brief-like a telegram.

We provide a box number, if you want your identity concealed. And forward replies, of course.

Rates.-Two cents per word first insertion and 1 cent per word each subsequent insertion. Five cents extra per insertion if replies are to be sent to box number in our care.

Canadian Grocer
143-153 University |Ave. Toronto.

## Dairy Butter Wraps

Made from $30-\mathrm{lb}$. No. 1 Genuine Vegetable Parchment Paper, printed in two colors ink. with design conforming to regulations covering Dairy Butter, size $8 \times 11$, packed 500 sheets to a carton.

ALWAYS IN STOCK
Special Printed Wraps to Order
Business Systems Ltd.
Largest Manufacturers of Butter
Wraps in Canada
52-56 Spadina Ave. TORONTO

Have you read page
56? It will interest
you.


## Hydro Problem is Before Ontario Government

PETTER business administration of the Bydro-Service is demanded by many manufacturers and other users of Hydro power in Ontario. Ottawa has been approached for aid against the arbitrary cutting off methods which have been injuring industry. Ottawa has put the matter up to the Provincial Government of Ontario, and the issue must shortly be decided for or against Autocratic Control decided for or against Autocratic Control
of the Hydro. On this vital subject see of the Hydro. On this vital subject see
THE FINANCIAL POST dated Oct. 12th a leading article on page one.

WILL VICTORY LOAN AFFECT EXCHANGE ?
A vigorous and interesting special article on the question of Canadian-American Exchange and the Victory Loan fortheoming, change and the Victory Loan fortheoming,
is written for THE FINANCIAL POST of is written for THE FINANCIAL POST of
Oct. 12th by a Canadian banker in New Oct. 12th by a Canadian banker in New
York. See this. It is important to International business relations.
REGULATION OF SEED SUPPLY IN west
An almost new system for supplying seed wheat for settlers and for making colwhetions for the supply has been inaugurated. Particulars detailed authoritatively by E. Cora Hind, appear in THE FINANCIAL POST of Oct. 12th, and the matter is worth your special attention.
CHANGES IN C.P.R. ADMINISTRATION Retirement of Lord Shaughnessy and appointment of E. W. Beatty to his position pointment of E. W. Beatty to his position
as president of the C.P.R. with the results immediate, and to be anticipated from the changes form the subject of another special and important article in THE FINANCIAL POST of Oct. 12th. The big business prospects ahead for the C.P.R. mean more business for every Canadian concern.
OTHER CONTENTS OF THE POST FOR OCT. 12
Toronto Railway Co. to do Its best to Give Service.
Canadian Pacific Classed as "Peace Stock." Regulation of Gasoline Salea.
Canadian Flour in Chinese Market.
August Trade With States Biggest of the Year.
British Imports to Canada Now Under License.
Ogilvie Sales Over $\$ \$ 6,000,000$ in Year Substantial Gains in Bank Clearings.
Earl D. Babst-Student of GroceriesEarl D. Babst-Student of Groceries
(Biographical).
The Farmer's Income and Income Tax, Victory Loan Campaign Inaugurated.
Bank Strains a Point to Help Out Hanfax. Association of Builders to be Formed.
These are only a few of the more important headings. Send for a sample copy of THE POST and note its business value to you. Use this form, or order subscription which costs $\$ 3.00$ per year.

The MacLean Publishing Co.,
153 University Ave., Toronto.
Send me a sample copy of THE FINAN-
CIAL POST. I am interested in.

Name
Address
c.G.


It's astonishing how quickly the demand for

## ocean BLUE

 increases wherever introduced.Customers who pride themselves on spotlessly white linen and lace continually recommend it to their friends who pass on the information to other particular people. It is really worth your while to have your store associated with Ocean Blue.

## Order from your Wholesaler.

HARGREAVES (CANADA), LTD.
The Gray Building, 24-26 Wellington St. W., Toronto. WESTERN AGENTS:-For Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta-W. L. Mackenzie \& Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary and Edmonton. For British Columbia and Yukon-Creeden \& Avory, Rooms 5 and 6, Jones Block, 407 Hastings Street
W., Vancouver, B.C.

## WAR CONDITIONS

necessitate the prohibition of export of all foodstuffs from the United Kingdom.

## SPRATT'S

## DOG CAKES

POULTRY FOODS, CANARY AND PARROT MIXTURES
pending the removal of

SPRATT'S PATENT (America) LTD. Newark, New Jersey.
London (Eng.), Spratt's Patent Limited


AGENT8:-Ontario-MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co., Ltd., Toronto, H. J. Sykes, 735 Elgin St.., Ottawa, Ont. Montreal-George Hodge * Sons, Limited. St. John, N.B.-Maclaren Imperial Cheese Co. Halifax, N.S.-MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co. Sydney, N.S.-A. E. Sheppard. Hamilton-R M. Griffith. Calgary, Alta.-MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co., Ltd. Edmonton, Alta.-MaeLaren Imperial Cheese Co., Ltd. Saskation The H. L. Perry Co., Ltd. Manitoba-The H. L. Perry Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Every Furnivall sale will mean repeat orders, for Furnivall Quality appeals to all.
Display Furnivall's and so remind your customers of this delicious, wholesome jam.
It repeats because it satisfies.
FURNIVALL-NEW, Limited

## Cane's Washboards Are Easily Sold <br> Whether made of Zinc or Glass Cane's Washboards arefar ahead of the ordinary washboard in both appearance, and value. <br> The frames are made of Basswood, which guarantecs against slivers or splinters. <br> All materials used are the best available. <br> Show Cane's Washboards in your store and you'll get good extra business. <br> WM. CANE \& SON CO. LIMITED NEWMARKET, ONT.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT CANNERS ASSOCIATION
CALIFORNIA RIPE OLIVES DEL MONTE BRAND
$1 / a$-quart Tall Cylinder Can
No. 1 Pint Cylinder Can.
No. 16 Jar
No. 4 Jar
YUBA BRAND
21/2-quart Tall Cylinder Can.
No. 1 Pint Cylinder Can.... No. 10 Can
Pienic Can
BORDEN MILK CO.. LTD.,
CONDENSED MILK
Terms, net, 30 days.
Eagle Brand, each 48 cans. . $\$ 900$ Reindeer Brand, each 48 cans. 870 ilver Cow. each 48 cans.... 815 Gold Seal, Puritv, each 48 cans 800 Mayflower Brand, each 48 cans 800
Challenge Clover Brand, each
48 cans..................$~$
70
EVAPORATED MILK
St. Charles Brand, Hotel, each
24 cans $\because$ Hotel. ......... $\$ 640$
Jersey Brand. Hotel, each 24640
Peerless Brand. Hotel. each $24{ }^{6}$

St. Charles Brand, Tall, each 48 cans ................... 650
Jersey Brand, Tall, each 48
cans $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .656$
Peerless Brand, Tall, esch $48{ }^{6}$
cans $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . .{ }^{\text {c. }} 650$
each 48 eans ................. 550
Jersey Brand. Family, each
48 cans ...................... 50
Peprless Brand, Family. each
48 cans ..................... 550
48 cans ...................... 260
Jersey Brand, small, each 48
cans
Peerless Brand, small, each 48
260
cans .............................. 260
CONDENSED COFFEE
Reindeer Brand, large, each
24 cans .................... $\$ 600$ Reindeer Brand, small, each 48 cans ........................ 625 Regal Brand, each 24 cans.. 565 Coenn. Reindeer Brand, large,
each 24 cans
Reindeer Brand. small, 48 cans 625
CARNATION MIIK PRODUCTS CO.. LTD.
All noints east of and including Fort William. in nntario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces.

EVAPORATED MILK
Carnation, 16-oz.. talls (48 Case cans per easp) talls (48 640 Carnation, 6-oz. baby ( 96 eans per case)
Canada First. 16-oz. talls ( $48{ }^{540}$
cans per case)
Canada First. 6-oz. baby ( 48
cans per case)
Canada First, $12-n \pi$ family
Canada First. s? -oz. hotel ( 24
cans per case) ............... 6
W. CLARK TIMITED. MONTREAL.
Compressed Corn Beef-1/2s, \$2.90 14. $8445: 25, \$ 9.25$, $68, \$ 34.75$ 148 . $\$ 80$.
Lunch Ham-1s. $\$ 6.45: 2 \mathrm{~s} . \$ 13.50$
Ready Lunch Beef-1s, $\$ 4.45: 2 \mathrm{~s}$,
EngFish Brawn-1\%s. $\$ 2.900^{2}$ is
\$4.95: 2s. 89.90 .
Boneless Pig's Feet-1/2s, $\$ 2.90 ; 1 \mathrm{~s}$ $\$ 4.95$ : 1s. $\$ 9.90$.
Ready Lunch Veal Loaf- $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathbf{8 2 . 4 0}$ : 1s. $\$ 4.45$.
Readv Lunch. B
Ready Lunch Beef Loaf - $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.40$ : 18. \$4.45.

Ready Lunch Asst. Loaves-1/2s. $\$ 2.45$ : 1s, 84.50 .
Feneva Sausare-1s, 84.95 : $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathbf{8 9 . 4 5}$ Roast Beef-1/2s. $\mathbf{8 2 . 9 0}$ : 1s, $\mathbf{\$ 4 . 4 5}$ $2 \mathrm{~s} .3925 ; 6 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 34.75$.
Boiled Beef-1s, \$4.45; 2s, 89.25 ; 6s, $\$ 34.75$.
Jellied Veal- $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \quad 82.90$ : 18, 84.45 ; 2s. 89.

Cooked Tripe-1s, $\$ 2.45 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 4.45$ Stewed Ox Tail-1s, $\$ 2.45 ; 2 s, \$ 4.45$. Stewed Kidney- $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 4.45 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 8.95$ Mince Collops-1/2s, 81.95 ; 18, $\$ 8.75$; $2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 6.95$.
Sausage Meat-1s, \$4, 23, \$7.75.
Corn Beef Hash $1 / 2, \$ 195$;
Corn Beef Hash
$\$ 3.70 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, ~ \$ 5.45$.
Beef Steak and Onions-1/2s, 82.90 $1 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 4.45$; 2 s , $\$ 8.45$.
Jellied Hocks- $2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 9.95 ; 6 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 29.80$
Irish Stew- $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.45 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 6.75$.
Cambridge Sausage-1s, \$4.45; 2 $\$ 8.45$.
Boneless Chicken - $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, 35.90$; 1 s , $\$ 8.95$.
Boneless Turkey - $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, 55.90$; 1s, $\$ 8.95$.
Ox Tongue- $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.85 ; 1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 7.95$ $11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 12.45 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 15.95 ; 21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ $\$ 17.50 ; 31 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 27 ; 6 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 45$.
Lunch Tongue $-1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.45$; $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 6.75$; $2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 15.50$.
Tongue Lunch $-1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 6.75$.
Beef Suet-1s, $\$ 4.90$; $2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 8.50$.
Mince Meat (Tins)-1s, $\$ 2.95 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}$, $\$ 4.45 ; 5 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 12.95$.
Mince Meat (Bulk)-5s, 23e; 10s $22 \mathrm{c} ; 25 \mathrm{~s}, 21 \mathrm{c} ; 50 \mathrm{~s}, 20 \mathrm{c} ; 85 \mathrm{~s}, 20 \mathrm{c}$ Chateau Brand Pork and Beans with Tomato Sauce-Ind., $\$ 1.10$ $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.75 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.55 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.85$. With Plain Sauce-Ind., \$1; 1s, $\$ 1.65,2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.40 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.40$.
Chateau Brand Concentrated Soups Celery, 1s, $\$ 1.25$; Consommé, 1s, $\$ 1.25$; Green Peas, $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.25$; Julienne, $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.25$; Mulligatawny. 1 s , $\$ 1.25$; Mutton Broth, is $\$ 1.25$ Ox Tail, $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.25$; Pea, $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.25$ Soteh Broth, 18, 11.65 , Mock Turtio Chicken, 1 s , $\$ 1.65$, Mock Turtie, 18, \$1.65, To mato, $1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.65$ : Vermicelli To $\$ 1.35$. Soups and Bouilli, is, $\$ 1250^{\circ}$ $\$ 12.60$
Clark's Pork and Beans, Tomato Sauce, Blue Label-Ind., 95 c ; 1 s $\quad \$ 1.25 ; \quad 11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 1.90 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 2.30 ; \quad 3 \mathrm{~s}$ flats, $\$ 2.95 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}$, talls, $\$ 3.35 ; 6 \mathrm{~s}$ 312; 12s. $\$ 20$.
Plain Sauce, Pink Label-Ind. $85 \mathrm{c} ; 1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.15 ; 11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.65 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}$ $81.95 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}$ (flats), $\$ 2.50 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}$ (talls) $\$ 2.95$ : 6s. $\$ 10$; 12s. $\$ 18$
Chilf Sauce (red and gold label)Ind., $95 \mathrm{c} ; 1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.25 ; 11 / \mathrm{s}, \$ 1.90$ $2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.30 ; 3 \mathrm{~s}$ (flat). $\$ 2.95$,
Vegetarian Baked Beans and Tomato Sauce-2s, $\$ 2.25$.
Sliced Smoked Beef-1/2 $\mathrm{s}, \quad \$ 2.35$; 1s $\$ 3.45$; 4s, $\$ 24$.
Canadian Boiled Dinner-1s, $\$ 2.45$ : 2s, $\$ 5.95$.
Army Rations-Beef and Vegetables 1s, $\$ 3.45 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 5.95$.
Spaghetti with Tomato Sauce with Cheese- $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.85 ; 1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.50 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}$, $\$ 4.30$.
Tongue. Ham and Veal Pates- $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, $\$ 2.25$.
Ham and Veal Pates-1/2s, $\$ 2.25$. Smoked Vienna Style Sausage- $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ $\$ 2.45$.
Pate De.Foie-1/4s,75e; $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathbf{8 1 . 4 0}$.
Plum Pudding $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.45$.
Potted Beef Ham-1/is, 75e: $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ $\$ 1.40$.
Beef- $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 75 \mathrm{c}: 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.40$
Potted Tongue $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 75 \mathrm{c}: 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.40$ Potted Game (Venison)-1/4s, 75e Potted Veal- $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 75 \mathrm{c}$ : $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 81.40$ Potted Meats (Asorted)- $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 80 \mathrm{c}$ : $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.45$.

Devilled Beef Ham $-1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 75 \mathrm{e} ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ | Devilled Beef $\mathrm{Ham}-1 / \mathrm{s}, 75 \mathrm{e} ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, |
| :---: |
| $\$ 1.40$. Beef $-1 / \mathrm{s}, 75 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / \mathrm{s}, ~$ |
| 1.40 | $\$ 1.40$. Beef- $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 75 \mathrm{c}: 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1.40$ Devilled Tongue- $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 75 \mathrm{e} ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, Devilled Meats (Assorted) - $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 80 \mathrm{c}$. $1 / \mathrm{s}, \$ 1.45$.

In Glass Goods
Fluid Beef Cordial-20 oz. bottle. \$10: 10 oz ., $\$ 5$.
Ox Tongue - $11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 14.50$ : 2 s $\$ 17.50$.
Lunch Tongue-1s, $\$ 9.95$
Sliced Smoked Beef - $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 1.75$ $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 2.85$; 18, $\$ 4.15$
Mincemeat-1s, $\$ 3.45$.
Potted Chicken-1/4s, \$2.35.
Ham-1/4s, $\$ 2.35$.
Tongue- $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.35$.
Venison-1/4s, $\$ 2.35$
Chicken Breast-1/2s, $\$ 9.95$.
Tomato Ketchup- $8 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 2.25 ; \quad 12 \mathrm{~s}$, $\$ 2.80$ : $16 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.50$
Peanut Butter - $1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, \quad \$ 1.45$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ $\$ 1.95 ; 1 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 2.45$; in palis, 5 s , 38 e $12 \mathrm{~s}, 31 \mathrm{e} ; 24 \mathrm{~s}, 30 \mathrm{e} ; 50 \mathrm{~s}, 30 \mathrm{c}$.

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## Naximin wip

# The Story of War Under the Earth 

$T$ HE German sappers had discovered and broken into a Canadian tunnel. They had planted a machine gun at their end and sent a shower of bullets down the dark, narrow passage whenever the Canadians made any effort to enter their underground galleries. The story of how two Canadians nailed steel snipers' shields to the front of a push cart and shoved it ahead of them up to the very teeth of the gun, and how they dropped a can of deadly explosive, hopped on to the cart, and let it coast back down the tunnel, while bullets rattled on the shield like hail and, finally, how the explosive blew up the machine gun and its crew and blocked the passage again-this remarkable story is told by Lieut. C. W. Tilbrook (who was one of the two) in the course of an article, "An Underground Tank," in October MACLEAN'S.

Recently a Toronto newspaper declared editorially that the public was tiring of war books and war stories because of the sameness of them. The newspaper was right. But the public literally devours any story of the war that is new. The series of articles that Lieut. Tilbrook has done for MACLEAN'S have been read with an astonishing amount of interest because they are different from anything that the public has yet read.
Warfare in the tunnels is a terrible businessgrim, silent, cruel. It is a strangely technical phase
of warfare and the "sappers" go about their business with queer instruments that might have figured in a Jules Verne phantasy. To read of underground fighting, as Lieut. Tilbrook tells of it, is to get a vision of a new kind of war altogether-something gripping, fearsome and mystifying.
"An Underground Tank," is the best of his series. But, after all, it is only one feature in a long array that makes the October issue of MACLEAN'S one of unparalleled interest.

A STRANGE CHANGE IN WOMAN'S
WORLD. By Agnes C. Laut.
The new status of women, arising out of he war, is treated in the powerful style if this famous writer, who came from the Canadian West. It introduces a new thought.
CONSCRIPTION AFTER THE WAR. By Brigadier-General A. C. Critchley.
A young Canadian who rose from Lieutenant to General in three years and originated the "Critchley Method" of military training, tells what he thinks about the need for compulsory service after the war.

THE LIFE OF MARY PICKFORD. By Arthur Stringer.
The second of a series of articles on Canada's most famous woman. No expense has been spared to produce the beautiful illustrations specially posed for the photographs.

THE FOUR FACTIONS AT OTTAWA. By J. K. Munro.
That the House will split into four, more or less, distinct groups is the guess of the author, a trained political observer. He outlines the reasons humorously, pungent Iy and impartially. It is a political article on new lines and will be found refreshing.

BONEHEAD BILL-Another Service Poem.
Robert W. Service, most popular of poets. sends all his war verse to MACLEAN's. In "Bonehead Bill" he depicts the grief of a soldier for his fallen foe.
THE EVENTS OF A MAD WORLD. are summed up in the "Review of Reviews" which gives reprints of the best articles from the magaxines of the world. All the best and most important articles are selected-five dollars' worth for twenty cents !

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143-153 University Ave., Toronto

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## MARKET BRIEFS

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Prices on new pack tomatoes have been named of $\$ 1.921 / 2$ per dozen for $21 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$. The delivery will be about 85 per cent., but this was accomplished only after a much longer period of operation than had first been expected with the result that increased cost developed and consequently higher prices to the trade than at first thought probable. A retail price of 20 c seems likely to be general, but this does not allow a very wide margin. Corn is also being quoted, 2 s , new pack being offered at $\$ 2.20$. Pack will range about 35 per cent., equal to earliest estimates, though there was a period when it was felt this might be materially bettered.

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A N EXPERIENCED LADY CLERK FOR GEN$A_{\text {eral store. Apply with references, stating ex- }}$ perience and salary expected to Lewis Bros., Richmond, Ont.

A GENCY WANTED FOR QUEBEC. SALARY $A_{\text {or commission. First-class references. Write }}$ A. S., 164 Desfranciscains, Quebec.

THOSE OVERDUE ACCOUNTS CAN BE COLLECTED IF YOU use "Walker Collection Letters." One collection resulting from their use will pay your cost many times over. $\$ 2.00$ with Canadian Grocer.

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FOR SALE-SPLENDID GROCERY STOCK. Doing a flourishing business. Centrally located in Sault Ste, Marie. Immediate possession. Ill-health reason for selling. Box 445, Canadian Grocer.

FOR SALE-GENERAL COUNTRY STORE IN best mixed farming district in Alberta, post office attached, on Canadian Northern Railway. Established eight years. Good reasons for selling. Turnover $\$ 15,000.00$. Stock $\$ 3,500.00$. Store, warehouse, stable and house. This business can easily be doubled. Apply Box 448, Canadian Grocer.

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