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THE JESTER, Friday, 26th April, 1878.

## TO THE ELECTORS

OF tur

## WESTERN DIVISION.

GKNTLEMEN,
Having recelved the unanimous nomination of the Reform Party of the Olty of Montreal, I beg to ofter mysel as a candidate for your
approaching election.
ln accepting the no
In accepting the nomination I do so Fith the firm purpose of protecting effrorts that may bo made to cripple and embarrass her trade or commerolal prosperity. If elected, I will support the Joly Administration, in its ondoavour to carry out a By
economy and retrenchment.
I shal strenuously oppose those measures in connection with the Rail the strict fulfilment of the original coutract between the City of Montreal and the Directors of the Northern Coloni zation Rallway Company, and the bulding of the terminus and workhops Fithln the elty.
I shall alao oppose strongly
All mensures calculated to further the education of the poorer classes wil receive my hearty support.
Differential Legislation I will oppose as I oannot soe the Justice of charging more for Ilcenses in the Clty of Mont real than in any other place in the rovince.
I shall also move for a blll having for its object the better protection of mating every contractor employed by he Government deposit a sufficlent sum as a guarantee against fraud on their part in their engagements with heir employees.
As your Tepresentative in Parliament I shall act independently and I bhall be found always ready and willthetr oblect the good and welfare of our Province.

Your obedient gervant,
Montreal, 3rd April, 1878.

## CLIBNDINEME \& ETURD

Founders and Manufacturers of Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Hardware, Iron Bedsteads, Railings, Tin and Japanned Ware,

SAMPLE AND SALE ROOMS:
Corner Victorla Square and Craig St. WORKS:

145 ro 179 WLLLIAM STREET montreal.

## 1878 .

MONTREAL WEST
Lagisditire Aspandily fondere

## Gentlemen

Having been honored with the unanimous nomination of the Conserva portant Diviaion in the Legisiative Assembly of the Province. 1 accen be candidature, and respectfully soliIt your vote and influence at the approaching election. If elected, I will use my best ettorts to do my duty in that as in the other positions of hono n which l have, in the past, been placed by my fellow-citizen
J. W. McGAUVRAN.

Montreal, March 29 th.
MUIR \& BOOKER
Honse, Land and Estate Agenits offices:
235 ST. JAMES SÏREET Opposite the Ottawa Hotal.

## FINE WINES!

All the leading Brands in CHAMPAGNE, CLARET, HOCK, MOSELLE, PORTS, SHERRY, dc. JOHNSTON'S MEDOC botlled by ourselves, price $\$ 4$ per doz. is the best value in the city.

## McGIBBON \& BAIRD,

110

## GRAND ASSEMBLY

Will take place on EASTER MONDAY EVENING 22nd Aprll 1878 at McDONALD'S ArADEMY Kenaud's Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

Prof. RiN:MoDonald, Manager.
TICKETS
50 Cents.

## I. D. SCOTT

Official Seal Engraver
672 CRAIG ST., MONTREAL. 56
WEBER PIANO WARER00MS
Will remove from their present quar ters No. 298 Notre Dame Street, on the Ws of May to 304 Noire Dame stree.

## SULLIFAN DAVID

Iusuramer dud Coummisgioll Agent
P. O. BOX 606, MONTREAL. 55

## LE VIDO, Eau de Beauté.

Infallible Remedy against tan, pimples, freckles, and all skin diseases rreatest digcovery forclearing the com plexion and preserving the freshness of the skin. For sale at all Druggists, Central Salesroom at 301 St. Lawrence Main Street, Montreal, Dr, Gauthier

## ICEIICE! ICE!

The new Ice-houses built by the undersigned are the largest in the city. Although in past years, they have no only amply supplied consumers, bu other dealers as well, the increase o hair premises. Thls allows on considerable reduction in prices, as the fol lowing scale indicates:

Price for tee delivered every day double quantlty on Saturday for Sunday's use) from 1st May to 1st Oct. 1878 . | 10 | lbs. eacn day for the senson. $\$ 4.00$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20 | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ |
| 80 | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ | 30

40
50
10 for one month............. 1.25
Cash strictly in advance. JOSEPH CHRISTIN \& CO, 140 Sanguinet St., Montreal. Agencies: Laviolette 《 Lewis \& Co., Vletoria Square. 68

## H. FARNER

PATMRR Ond MODEL MAKER 15 HERMINE ST., Montreal.
Work done with despateh, neatness and cheapness

H. M. SASSEVILLE, Wood EngraSt. Lambert Hill, Montrenl. Illustrntions for Books, Periodicals, Newspapers, Catalogues, dc., \&c. Inderate rates and prompt execution of all work

HOME MANUFACTURES
Furniture retailed at Wholesale.
Messrs. Craig \& Co. will sell Bedroom Setts at following rates
Back Walnut Bedroom Setts - $\$ 2 j .00$ Ash u u Marble Top is.00 Soft wood 15.0 CRAIG \& CO.,
80 a
43 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

GUPERIOR DAIRY and GRAIN F Farms cor saic we arcinstructed to ofter for sale, by AUCTION on HALL, Cornwall, Ont., Lot D, in the Third Concession of the Township of Cornwall, In the Co. of Stormont, P. 0 . Containing two hundred acres of very choice land on the South isruncli K ver, well adapted to dairy and grain purposes, in one of the most popilaits and best farming Districts in Ontario, way Stutlon at Cornvall and one mile from platiorm on G. I. R. where two tralns a day stop for milk for Montreu market, 24 hours.
The Lot presents three fronts, ha ing roads on three sides ; the soll mostly virgin; a neh chay, with wells and livings springs, two arm-honses barnes, sheds, ce. blacksmith's sino halfa mile distant. For partles wish ing to engrge in cheese-making, or the very protitable business of shipping milk to the Montreal market, this is one of the best localities in the province. The farm will support ovel sixty cows.
Also, Lot D., Second Concession, joinIng the above to the south, 200 neres, wood; sume description of soll, equal ly ndapted for grain or dairy purposes with three fronts, the south front veling on the G. T. R., on which is the milk platform above referred to (n stone's throw distant), with School, Postoffice, etc., conventent
if desirn in one or two hundred acere lots, or in bloces of plant, carpable of manufacturing the millk of dut cows, can be hat at a reasonablo rate, as well as the lease of $a$ very complete checse factory, on the adjolning property, consisting of dairy house, dry house, and large lce house, well hile
reto right of one bacing in respect of each
Terms of parcels are very llberal ; deposit of ten per cent, of the purchas money must be paid at the time of sale, whon easy terms for the balance can be arranged.
Further partlctulars and conditions of snle will be made known at time or mations apply to for further info mations apply to
DUNCAN G. MacDONALD, Cornwnll.
Or, De B. MacDONALD, Montreal.
SALE AT TWO O'ClOCK. $\quad 0$

## GEORGE POWERS

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER 885 St. Catherinc Street.
Watchmaking for the trade a speclalty Repairs neatly executed.

We are In earnest when we state hat you can get good value in HATs rom WM. ROBERTSON ${ }^{\text {Practical }}$ Hatter. T'ine address is 23?, McGill Street, Montreal. Give 18 a call ${ }_{75}$ and
see for yourself.


## LIEHT

## LAMPS,

CHANDFLIERS, PENDANTS.
FRED. R. COLEE, 日S St. Francols Xavier'street.

## TO THE ELECTORS

## of the

## CENTRE DIVISION

OF THE CITY OF MONTREAL. GENTLEMEX:
In reply to the very flattering requiaition presented to me by the couservitive party of the city or Montreal, I beg to offer mysel as a candifate for cal Election. I mays siny, in accepting, that inm a Conservative, and will suplort the truc
princlples of that parw. 1 am there. tore, opposed to the present Minlsiry as being unconstitutionnlly in existence.
1 daspprove of and would have opposed the bills imposing inxation on mercantile contracts introduced by the late Government, and inm niso opRanlway bul for the enforcement its provistons. its provisio
nevery wit shall advocate economy interests and rights of the City of Montrenl.
I shall endeavor to improve the administration of justice ln this Province, and shall try to do my duty ds I have thenonor to be, Gentlemen,

## O. M. O. \& 0, RAILWAY.

Shortest and mosi rivect routs to Oltuwa.

CHANGE OF TIME.
On and aftor MONDA $\mathrm{E}^{\prime}$, sth instant, ruins will leave Hochelaga Depotas Express Trains for Hull at 9.30 and t. 2 . " $"$ from 1 lull at 0.00 andi +1.00 Trafn for St. Jerome at....... 0.00 P. Mr. rain from St. . Triens leavo minutes later.
For Jickets and other information, aply at Oflice, 13 PLACE UARMES apply Aqure. DUNCAN MACDONALID,

Mr. HERBERT OLDHAM Organist of St. Martin's
Teacher of Organ, Plano \& Singing. 58

## THE JESTER,

a comical and satimical hecomd of tie times; illustrated; eight pages; weekly. publisied dy geonge e. desbmats.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, 26TH APRIL, 1878.

## OUR POLICE AND OUR FIREMEN.

The bluc coated Guardians of the Peace have from time immemorial been considered legitimate food for newspapers generally and for comic journals in particular. They are proverbial for not being present when wanted and their evidence is often regarded with suspicion. In short they have been usually associated with all sorts of short comings ; of sins of omission and commission. Who ever heard of a policeman having brains? Our Fire Brigade, however, have had a better chance of winuing the public approval, and, by their deeds, of proving themselves to be men of heroism and enduranceIn the face of all these facts our City Council, with that sublime inconsistency that has marked the administration of Mayor Beaudry, has evinced a tendency to cut down the salary of our Police Force aud our Fire Brigade. Why not at once let our aldermen cut their comnection will the Corporation and give place to others who instead of talkiny will do some good and efficient work "in a quiet sort of waty?" But we fear there is no immediate prospect of such a happy state of alfitirs. Since that hydra headed monster Economy has made his appearance in our midst our aldermen appear to be infected with a feverish desire to let our cily of Montreal go to the dogs. But to return to our Police Force. Grunted, Gentlemen of the Council, that the arerage policeman has no brains. Granted that he is never present when wanted. Granted that his knowledge of the mature of an oath is of at wry value nature. Admilting that he is only useful to make a joke upon in a comie pupur ; allowing that he is seen in all his pomp ambl megnilicence at a public funcral. We say admitting all these suppositions, we would venture to ask in the most respectful manner wo cin command: How do you propose to increase the quality of the Force by rellucing the pay? Just imagine for a moment, if you plaase, the state of things our distracted city would have to endure under your economic proposition? A riot unchecked. Mob-rule triumphant. Burglarism rampant. Assuults unpunished. Stcaling al libilum. Outrages unrevenged. And all these calamities and crimes for the silke of sating a dollar' a week by the services of men who are underpaid alrcaly! When you in your wisdon give a policeman a beat extemding a mile or so in length, and allow other "beats" to operate in the meantime, don't you thithit you have already done enough to merit public censure? When you instruct policemen not to arrest drumken vagibonds because the city camnot afford to pay their board, that you have pared the way sufficiently to let these miscreants go to still further excesses. But no, your honest simple souls are bent on sating a dollar eren if the City has to pay a hundred dollars in the effert. But we donit admit that our Police Force are all numbsculls. We don't think they are solely composed of incompetents, and secing that they are as good as can be got for the money, we can't well understand how you are going to improve their status by culting down wages. You have made a fool of Pexros long enough and it only needs the linishing stroke of misplaced retrenchment to prove how still more foolish are Paxrox's masters. Then what aboul our Fire Brigade? Surely their services at the St. Urbain street disuster ought to bring a blush upon the face of any alderman who would be found hardy * enough to adrocate the cutling down of their sathries. Only tast week we had an illustration of what might have happened, had our Brigade not been on the scene of a fire in sorne outhouses in rear of St. Catherine street, Bast. Ten minutes later-and the St. Urbain bolocaust might have been repeated and it was only the prompt and efliciont action of our compotent firemen that prevontod it. Some day
the time may when the City will have to mark the spot of a calamitous fire with the sollowing inscription:

THIS SITE
maiks the spot where the business foltion of monthenl once stood. this nscmiption is a thidute to the false econowy
of its aldermex.
If Aldermen Nelsos and Gremier can spare the time from their election canvassing we hope they will enter their strong protest against culling down the salaries of our policemen and firemen. For never were the services of these gentlemen more needed than now. We trust our citizens will not permit any reduction to take place. It is in the interest of our mercantile and social community to increase rather than reduce the wages of their public servants. We hope thoy will look at Toronto and compare notes.

## PERSONAL.

We ber to add our testimony to the general expression of regret that all classes feel at the approaching departure of one of our best citizens from among us. At such a moment it would be out of place to perpetrate a mol upon one who is, himself, a Prince among humorists, and the kindliest of men. Our people can ill atford to spare the Rev. James Carmichael from among them, for not only has he endeared himself to those of his own faith by his brave and wise counsels, but he has won the involuntary regard of those of another creed, who also admire him tor his sterling worth. In times like these; times of political intrigue, party faction, slander and recrimination, men like him act as a corrective upon violent language and rash deeds. Would that we had more like him ; men who by their influence and excellent tacl would harmonize factions and live out Christianity instead of contenting themselves merely with preaching it. Mr. Carmichael has succeeded in doing this without receding one step from the path of honest Conviction. We are sorry, deeply sorry to lose him, but since Duty has urged him to go, it is not for us to stay his footsteps. We know there will be abundant practical proofs of the general feeling of sorrow, but the addresses and testimonials he will receive, will only indicate a very small percentage of the feelings of those who will not be able to alford to contribute their mite. Under these circumstances we venture to think there will be a more powerful testimony in the memory of Mr. Carmichael when he knows that behind these tangible proofs of affection there is a unanimous public sentiment which will say "There goes an honest Christian gentleman and a true citizen." And knowing this, to say "good bye" will indeed be a painful thing to all. For ourselves, we would prefer to substitute au revoir.

## A GENTLE HINT ON THE USE OF THE V AND W.

The Vide Vorld you may search, and my fellow not find I dwells in a Waccum, deficient in Vind: In the Wisage I'm seen, in the Woice I am heard, And yet I'm in wisible, gives Went to no Vord. I'm not much of a Vag, for I'am Vanting in Vit, But distinguish'd in Werse for the Wollums l've writ. I'm the head of all Willums, yet far from the VurstI'm the foremost in Wice, though in Wirtue the first.
I'm not used to Veapons and ne'er goes to Var,
Though in Walour inwincible, in Wictory gure;
The lirst of all Wiands and Wictuals is mine.
Rich in Wenison and Weal but delicient in Ving.
To Wanity given, I in Welwets abound,
But in Voman, in Vife, and in Vidow ain't found;
Yet foremost in Wirgins, and I'll tell you (between - 4s),
To persons of taste I'm a bit of a Wenus.
Yot now take me for Veal or for Voe, in its stoad,
For I ranks not among the sweet Vood, Yun and Ved.
Portic.-What proscription is the bost for a poot? A composing drall. 'This is invariably taken by poets who have the spring fever.
Politiciars take notice.-Why are Parliamentary Reports called "Blue Books"? Because they are never re(a)d,

## SOCIAL OBLIGATIONS.

## by a married man.

Six nights in the week I may consider myself as a martyr to social obligations. I am an Odd Fellow, a Free and Accepted Mason, a member of the Sons of Harmony, a Knight of Pythias, Grand Mogul of the Order for the Mental Improvement of the Chinese, a member of the St. Andrew's Society, as also of the St. George's Society, on account of my wife's father being an Englishman, one of St. Patrick's Society, because I incline to cosmopolitan opinions on this subject, and if there was a Welsh Socicty I should probably belong to that for the same reason. Besides being a member of all these societies there are numerous smatler ones, on the rolls of which my name is placed as a matter of duty. I am also a married man, which position may also be considered in the light of a social obligation.

Being a married man, I find that relationship extremely irksome in the proper discharge of my duties. The Lodge of Odd Fellows meets on Monday evenings. On'Tuesday night the Free and Accepted Masons demand my attention. On Wednesday the inferior mental condition of the Chineso requires investigation. Thursday evening has to be devoted to the Knights of Pythias, the interests of which Order I have sworn to maintain. Friday night is taken up with St. Patrick's and St. George's Societies which meet at eight and nine o'clock respectively, and Saturday evening has special claims upon me at the rooms of the Adelphi Literary Associntion. Sunday forenoon is taken up at church, and the evening is spent in an excited controversy with my wife, who says, "I may as well be single for what she sees of me."
My wife has a peculiar contempt lor all societies, and secret ones in particular. . The Odd Fellows she regards with suspicion, and she hates the Masons with the hatred of a jealous rival, In vain I assert that my dulies as "Noble Grund" are a necessity to brotherly love, but she maintains that anything which debars a wife from a proper knowledgo of her husband's whereabouts is wrong. I try to reason with her remarks; I try to console her with the thought that in case she should die I shond get something like twenty dollars to bury her with and so mucha picee for the chiddren. At this juncture she usually bursts into tears and mutters something about "and you'll be only too glad to get rid of me." Indeed, this has come to be so strong a conviction with her that I do not attempt a denial. I dare not approach the subject of Misomry as I value my peace of mind. She is continually reminding me of what Mrs. Jones' experience is in that direction. Mrs. Jones and she exchange sweet sympathy together. Mrs. Jones says " the number of goats the Masons kill is something enormous." "They" (I suppose she means the Masons) "bring Jones home about twelve o'clock at night as far as the door, and leave him thore. They have to do it because they swear to support each other, and if it wasn't from them supporting Jones he'd never find his way home at all." I tell her this arises from nervous prostrution cansed by tho heavy responsibilities of office. It is in rain I plead with my wife upon the high position of a "Grand Arch" (which oflice I hold) and then she hurts my feelings by insimuating that the Fommain in Victoria Square is a worthy sample of Masonry. Then she, in a spirit of sarcasm, asks me if I cannot organize a society for the better protection of rowdies?'I quail before this shaft and refer her to the matchless sagacity of our.police.
But my troubles are not confined simply to domestic complications. Cases are continually arising in which I have to struggle with wy regard for truth. For instance, if I havo to return thanks at one of our periodical dinndis, it is sure to elicit the expression of my surprise at "being called upon to make a speech upon the occasion." If;, on the other hand, I devote a couple ol hours to its preparution, it usually occurs that my name is never mentioned. To provide against this embarmass-ment,-I have made it a pule to hand over my manuscript to those who are unable to writo speeches of their own, and it somolimes occurs that Smith or Brown who may have to resjond to a certain toast, comes to me and enquires, "Say, old boy, I'm set down to respond to the toast of 'Our Sister Societies:' have you got that speech of yours handy? I don'l think we shall want you to say anything to-night." So I band it over and am content to derive what comfort I can from the knowledge that Smith or Brown's brilliant peroration was principally one of my own efforts. I recolleet that I lost my best friend from one of the parest of motives, that of a desire to serve him. In a Sociely to which I formerly belonged there was an attached friend named Peters. Peters was an old and laithful brother, well stricken in years. If was universally estemod. In consideration of his age he was permitted to read his specches, which were usually dull and prosy. At an anniversary dinner lo came to mo, much troubled, and said, " my friend, if you can lend me your speech to-night I shall esteom it a favour. I have lef mine at home."
"Certainly, my dear fellow. Glad to oblige you."
The time came for the toast, "Our Past Noble Grand, coupled with the name of brother Peters."
Brother Peters rose amidst the plaudits of the company :-
"Noble Grand" Brethren and Ladies.-(Here he pulled out the manuscript.) I rise upon this occasion to express my surprise that you should have honored me in associating my name with this tonst. (Cheers.) I may truly say that I shall look back upon the occasion as one of the proudest of my life. (Loud cheers.) Occupying a position for so many years in connection with this body, I may say, without egotism, that I have a deep interest in its wellare." (Hear, hear.) When we reflect for a moment upon the bencfits this organization has conferred upon humanity we may well be proud of the part we have taken in its noble objects." (Loud applause.) The people whose wants we endeavour to alleviate are a people who have special claims upon our attention. The Chinese, gentlemen, are a mation remarkable for their originality and antiquity." (Langhter.)

Here Mr. Peters looked somewhat surprised.
"From the days of Conficius-why what the dence is this?" A roar of laughter followed the remark.
Mr. Peters became more confused and sat down. It is needless to say I had given him the wrong speech-one which I had delivered the night before at the dinner of Use Society for the Mental Improvement of the Chinese. Brother Peters never forgave me for my unintentional error.

Before concluding I may mention that upon the dissolution of a Society to which I once belonged, it was ascertained that there was a balance of something like two hundred and fifty dollars in the treasuror's hands. A supper was got up and the President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer were each presented with a testimonial as a mark of respect and esteem, in consideration of their services in that organization. The Mutual Admitation principle was a gigantic success, as a handsome clock which stands in my parlor bents witness.
The only thing I regret is, that there are not two Sundays in the week, instead of one, il only for my wife's sake and my domestic welfare.

## IMMORTAL SHAKESPERE.

The following lines were read by Mr. Niel Wansen on Tuesday evening (Shakespere's) hirthday, at the Synod IIall. They were compiled in honor of the greatest poet the woild has ever known, and read as only a true disciple of Shakespere could read them. Each line contains a quotation from the great author's writings and the whole form an unconscious tribute to his inspired genius. It is a subject for much regret that the Canadian nation knows so little of Shakesperian literature, and as an illustration we have yet to see in any other Canadiun journal the lirst allusion to the poet's natal day. Ev.

Natura ipsa valere el mentis viribus excilari el quasi quodam divino spinilu afflari.-Cicero.

Peace to this meeting,
Joy and fair time, heallh and good wishes, Now, worthy friends, the cause why we are mel, Is in celehration of the day that gave Immortal Shakspere to this favored isle ;
The most replenished sweet work of nature,
Which from the prime creation e'er she framed.
O thou divinest nature! how thyself thou blazon'st
In this thy Son ! form'd in thy prodigality,
To hold thy mirror up, and give the timo
Its very form and pressure : when he sjeaks
Each aged car plays truant at his tales,
And younger hearings are quite ravishèd; So voluble is his discourse. Gentle
As zephyr blowing underneath the violet,
Not wagging its sweet head. Yet as rough,
(Ilis noble blood enchafl'd) as the rude wind,
That by the top doth take the mountain pine
And make him stoop to th' vale. 'Tis wonderful
That an indivisible instinct should fame him
To loyalty; unlearn'd; honor untanght;
Civility not scen in other; knowledgo
That wildy grows in him, but yields a crop
As if it had been sown. What a piece of work!
How noble in faculty! Infinite in reason!
A combination and a form indeed,
Where overy God did seem to set his seal.
Heav'n lins him now. Yet let our idolatrous fancy
Still sanctify his relics; and this day
Stand aye distinguish'd in the calendar
To the last syllable of recorded time;
For if we take him but for all in all
We no'er shall look upon his like again.


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0
$$

## OUR " MILINGTARY" COLUMN.

Aatulear by lulves is the latest novelty in Guelph military tactics. According to General Monk " target practice " costs fifty dollars a shot in Monireal.

Nuws yon the Mannes.-The Minister of that branch of the Service has been knightod.
We beg to enter our protest at Mr. Worthington's staff being allowed to wear the "Windsor" uniform.

The Montreal "Black Iorse Gang" is to be brigarled with Capt. Pextox's new Cavalry 'Iroop for Home service.
A limig panodox.-Colonel Dyde still hives for his country. Long way he spared to inspect the ashes of other people.

Lient-Col. Fansk Bond is to be the new Emigration General to Russia. For lickets and knapsacks apply at the Brigade Olite.

It is curront in military circles that the newly enrolled Blue and Rouge batteries are under orders for immediate service against the Polls.

Thue, the Cadels beat the "Vics" at football the other day, but we hope the litter will yel prove as Vietorions with their arms as their late opfonents wore with their legs.

Gazetred out- It was an affecting sight, writes a drummer hoy, to sec the Chaplain General Sir Solby Smythe reading the funeral service over the graves of the late Ollawa Gurison Artillery Brigade.

Quarter master Bissomette will shortly havo an auction of Court Ilouse revolvers and pistols suitable for street practice. Thus, they minage to keep the ball it going and those who have been dispossessed of their arms will have an opportunity of getting them back again.

## AlHOUND TOWN.

We hope Fuige is no connexion ol cilher Budge or Mrides. A ristos-Brewn's 90 cent dollar dream in the Spectalor.
It will soon be time to lay down the club and take up the crosse.
The: motlo for the Conservatives in the West-" Come along, John."
Tue Inspector of Buildings has been called in to repair the bursts of elopuence at the Junior Reform Club.

Probifetic.-Who is he that by taking away the first letter of his name disappears? Gors-lor then he is ore.
Ald. Holiand, who recently could not believe that an Aldeman could lie, never served on a Conttat Committee.
Pensomat-Mr. Gorf has been a frequent worshipper of Bail Iately, through his ill timed devotion to the golden calf.
Tue Liberals are "awfully Jolly" just now but the Conservative candidate in Montrenl East is the best we have heard tell on. (Taillon.)
A "plasir."-The Jesten is an indigencous plant and grows on the Promises. The Speclalor is invited to view but not to remove this plant.
Not so.-The "Graphic " Coon says he will not "come down." In that case ho will have to remain "up a tree" exactly where we placed him last wook.
Tue Wilness does not take much stock in Mr. Goff's " ring " investments, the reason we believe being because it sels its face against displays of bogus jewellery.

Peinsoxat.- We hear the Very Rev. Dean Bond is to become the prohahle successor of the Metropolitan. If it be true, it will only strengthon the Bond of attachment between him and his flock.
Jocanalistic.-There are now two Evening Conservative papers; the Sletr and the laily News. We are glad to see our Craig Streel contemporary intopendent enough to assert its true sympathies.
The fazelle of the 18th inst. statos that "a three masted stoamship, passed Fox liver inwards yesterday morning." That steamship must have had a proty good swallow, compared to which Jonah's experience of the whate was not worth mentioning.

Emblematigal.-The City Iall architect in planning the new Council Chamber in accordance with the character of past civic deliberators, slut out the day light ; but the new councillors who are yet green in Aldermanic business demand that the chairs be reversed in ordor that Diogenes' lamp may have a show.

Pictunesque Econamr.- His Worship the Mayor threatens, if the City Inall elerks do not stop gaping after cvery prisoner who goes in and out of the Recorder's Court basement that he will put up a five hundred dollar window fonce rather than have the valuable time of the city wasted by Penton's free cxhibition.
Fon sale.-We have a cord and a half of spring poetry for sale cheap. It will make admirable kindling during summer. Applications should be made early as we have a contract pending to supply no less than six barber shops with shaving paper, beside making other arvangements for keeping a couple of paper mills going.

## TIIE ANTI-PUNS'IER.

The anti-punster is the incarnation of the spirit of intolerance. Ilis aversion knows no cold mediam. He has no mercy on the man who differs from him-on the point of a pun. IIe is a man of one iden, and that, though an old one, is certainly no joke. Ifis singleness of apprehension cannot stand the shock of a domble meaning. One is as much as he can manage to comprehend ; und he can no more stand up against the force and confusion of two, than he could brave the discharge of a double barrciled gun at his head. Besides, he regards a pun as a most reekless and extravagant waste of meaning. He would rather that that you useda word that meant nothing. "The no meaning" does not puzale him more than wit, and a passage that leads to nothing, allords him more profit and recreation than an insanc attempt to walk in two paths at at ime.

## "Like to a man on double buslness bound

he would infinitely prefor a stroll in the dark to joining in conversation with a punster. He resents an unprovoked yuibble as a persomal insult. He nevar challenged any one on this score because in his opinion, a man once convicted ol' a premeditaled pun has forfeited all claims to be treated as a gentleman; but he never fails to kick the offender down stairs :-"with his mind's foot." He sneers at Shakespere as an inspired idiot ; and condenns as vicious, not only in taste but in morals the tinal exit of Mercutio, who is sent into purgatory with a pun in his mouth. You increase his disgust if you tell him that the same thing has happened on the real stage of life-that Elliston's ending was even as that of Mercutio, whom he had so often represented-that when an hour or two before the parting of soul and body, the pratient's head was raised on his pillow, and to induce him to take a hopeless spoonful of medicine he was told, "he should wash it down with a hall' glass of his brown sherry"-hat, even then, the actor's glazed eye hrightened under the influence of the ruling passion, as he articulated with almost moveless lips, "Bri-bery and Cor-rup-tion. "
Nolling incenses the anti-punster so much as detecting in a distaste to puns an incapacity for making them. Charge him with that, and he will immediately prove himself incipable by oflering proot of cenpcity. He can neither make a gemune good pun, which is a good Himg, -nor a shocking bad one which is a better. Whatever he hazards is bad to be sure-but not bad enough; it is a wretched dull piecect or impotence, wholly innocent of drollery. He has no sonl for a villainous quibble-he cannot for his life make it vile enough to succeed. His jocular effort ends in a choke-ular failure. He has not grasplo of mind required to gather up two remote meanings and compress then into a single word, which the cye, rather than the tongue, itaticizes to the apprehension. In short he is unconscions that the excellent and the execrable meet together upon a point which genius alone cinn reach; and that in the act of punning, to be good enough aud had enough are the same thing-the difficulty being as great and the gloyg as unequivocal. In his attempl, therefore, he tries hard at working out a good one, and consequently fails to urrivo at the proper pitch of badness. The anti-punster is an incapable; all he can do is take his hat because he can't take a joke. He breaks up a party because somebody breaks a jest. He thinks ho shows his sense by not rolishing nonsense; and seeks credit for profound thought, by frowning at a play upon words. He carries a sneer on his lip for waut of a smile, and when lie opers his mouth he says-nothing.

## GELESTIAL CONFUSION.

## Of Juno the shrew, Jove was husband and brotherMinerva's papa, too. without any mother,

 Thus playing the part of himself and another. How strange!Venus was Vulcan's half wife and half sister,
And proved to his peace a perpetual blister
Had he sold, he ne'er, by tho bye would have missed her. How strange!
Such things are recorded in heathenish song;
Such things, we on earth, say to scandal bolong,
But the saints-oh! they'ro always above doing wrong.
How strange!

## alarming contingency.

It is with fear and trembling that we view the alarming contingency that is presented to the public mind by the Party Press; for both sides aro unanimous in the opinion that the candidates now before tho people are to be defeated by an "overwhelming majority." Should this news unhappily prove true the next question that arises is "Whowill be left to govern us?


## an incident of the house letting selson.

Gent, in search of a tenement: "Tuis hodse is to let, eit! ah! Just so; veny nige; I'm shuah. And my deah, aRE YOU TO DE LET WITHIT?"
Sahat Housemadd, indignanlly: "No Sir! I'm to ae LET-ALONE."

## THREE BELLES. <br> (A)(ler Kingsley.)

Three Belles came pruncing in from the west, In from the west on their way to town;
Each thought but of little save how she was drest,
And whether her train looked best—carried or down.
For men must work that women may sweep
With Silks and Merinoes and Velvots, the strect.
'Though there's littlo to earn and many to keep
And the head o'er the Desk bo groaning.

- Three wives reclined in a Cosey Boudioir

And from "five o'clock" tables sipped small cups of tea;
And they looked at their watches and wondered what rare
Business conld keej) men who now home should be.
But men must work, and women may weep,
For losses are sudden, and troubles are deep;
Money is hard hard to get, and still harder to keep, And the heads o'er the Desks are moaning.
Three names stand out from the printed shect
On the breakfast table.-The " House" is " down"! And wives and daughters are wringing their hands
To think that their names are the talk of the town. The men have worked that the women might sweop With Silks and Merinoes and Velvets the street. But now it's all over and they may get off chean, And good bye to their debts and the moaning.

## PROTECTION OR FREE TRADE ?

Prolection or free trade, that is the question ;--
Whether 'tis wiser, in our minds, to suffer
Under a dopression that makes times hard,
Or to take up arms against our sce of troubles, And legislate to lift it? To protect,-
To remedy;-for by a stroke we cure
The malady-the thousand grievous shocks
That trade is heir to,-'tis a consummation
Devoutly to be wished. We act,-we change:-
We change ! perchance de lrop; aye, there's the ruh
For, once we change, what clianges may not come,
When of our policy we ve rid ourselves,-
Must give us pause :- lhere's the respect
That makes calamity of co long life:
For where's the country that can stand to see Her manufactures killed, - lier very blood Feed a stoughter foreign life which, growing
Upon her substance, wears out her very skill,
Till air is dinned with plaints of law's delay;When hersolf could her own safety find In a mere statule? Why these burdens bear, Sweating ourselves in agriculural toil;
But for the drearl of something worse to come,
If on that ground debateable we move
Where 'conomists political get mired,
That makes us rather bear tho ills wo have
Than fly to others that wo know not of?
Thus doubts and fears do make us all afraid;
And thus the native hue of industry
Is sicklied over with a foreign cast,
And enterprises of great piih and moment,
With this default, their currents turn aside
And lose the nume of venture.

## ST. GEORGES SOCIETY.

We are glad to notice that the St. George's Society of Montreal did not forget the poor of their nationality on the anniversary of their Patron Saint on Tucsday last. After attending service at St. George's Church at the conclusion of which a liberal collection was taken up, a number of the members aljourned to the Windsor Hotel to partake of a pleasant supper. 'This is doing things on the proper orthodox principle; for after helping others, who required it more than they, they next helped themselves. If this was made the rule rather than the exception, the funds of all our National Societies would be in a far better condition than they are ut present. Let us hope the hint may not be forgotien. "To do good and to distribute, forgel not."

## A RE-BUS.

"What is a rebus?" I asked of dear Mary,
As close by my side the fair maiden was seated.
I saw her eyes sink and her countenance vary,
As she said, in reply, ""Lis a kiss, Sir, repeated."
A met.-If our local Inspector of Weights and Neasures would only take a turn around St. Lawrence Market he would be surprised to lind the number of instances in which the truth is made evident that "false weights are an abomination ". "Just measures " need not necessarily be conlined to Otuwa, although we are free to confess they appear to be the exception in the above locality.

Parlimentary eloquence is on the the decline.-Ex. What a good thing for the reporters. And now that the Sossion is drawing to a close the next question in order is "What has been done?."

Lades have now dropped the acipuaintance of noodles and have turned dog-fanciers; they have taken to poodles.

Query.-Who is the greater'y The man who walks against time or he who talks against time?
E. H. GOFF--His case will be discussed in tho Courts, we will therefore withhold our Judgment. The man looks young to have done so much in finance, railroading and insurunce; but those who know him say he is older than he looks. We are told his youthful appearance comes from the use of Luby's Parisian Hair Renewer.

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