

Weekly Monitor.

VOL. 4

BRIDGETOWN, N. S., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1879

NO. 38

Weekly Monitor,
PUBLISHED
Every Wednesday at Bridgetown.
SANTON and PIPER, Proprietors.

Advertisements.
One Line—First insertion, 50 cents; every after insertion, 12 cents; one month, \$1.00; two months, \$1.50; three months, \$2.00; six months, \$3.00.
One Square (two inches)—First insertion, \$1.00; each continuation, 25 cents; one month, \$3.00; two months, \$4.50; three months, \$6.00; six months, \$10.00.
Half Column—First insertion, \$4.00; each continuation, \$1.00; one month, \$12.00; two months, \$18.00; three months, \$24.00; six months, \$40.00.
A Column—First insertion, \$8.00; each continuation, \$2.00; one month, \$24.00; two months, \$36.00; three months, \$48.00; six months, \$80.00.
Yearly advertisements charged on a month, will be charged 25 cents extra per square for each additional alteration.

JOB WORK.

At the office of this Paper may be obtained to order and at short notice:
Pamphlets, Circulars, Programmes, Bill-Heads, Doggers, Business Cards, Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Shipping Tags, Posters, Tickets, &c., &c., &c.
Call and inspect Samples of Work.

GILBERT'S LANE DYE WORKS.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
It is a well-known fact that all classes of goods get soiled and faded before the natural life of the material. It is only by using the best dyeing and cleaning materials that they can be made to last as long as new. Carpets, Furnishings, Curtains, Dress Goods, Shawls, Hosiery, Linens, Silks, and Satins, Gentlemen's Overcoats, Pants, and Vests, &c., &c., dyed on reasonable terms. Black Goods a specialty.
AGENTS—Annapolis, W. J. SHANNON, Merchant; Digby, Miss WRIGHT, Millinery and Dry Goods; St. John, N. B., A. L. LAW.

VINCENT & McFATE,
PARADISE ROW, ST. JOHN, N. B.
HAVING received about \$3,000.00 worth of the finest quality of Oil-Tanned Leather and Leather in the Dominion of Canada. Also having received one of the LATEST IMPROVED TURNING MACHINES, at a cost of \$1,000.00, we are enabled to compete with any of the American or Canadian Manufacturers of Ladies' Gents', Misses' and Childrens' SLIPPERS of all kinds.

LARRIGANS AND SHOE PACS.
And believing this stock to be far superior to any imported from the United States, we will guarantee all our Customers a Superior Article at a CHEAPER RATE than any manufacturer in the Dominion of Canada. Also having received one of the LATEST IMPROVED TURNING MACHINES, at a cost of \$1,000.00, we are enabled to compete with any of the American or Canadian Manufacturers of Ladies' Gents', Misses' and Childrens' SLIPPERS of all kinds.

GLASS! GLASS!
1000 Boxes GLASS, in all sizes, at cheap rates.
White Lead, Oils, Brushes,
Paper Hangings of all kinds.
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
The trade supplied on reasonable terms at 22 Gormain St., St. John, N. B.
BLAKESLEE & WHITEHEAD,
80-83-85

LAWYERS' BLANKS
A LARGE STOCK ON HAND AT THE "MONITOR" OFFICE.
Some material improvements have been made in the SUMMONSES, Capias and Inquests them.
SANTON & PIPER.
JUST PRINTED AND IN STOCK.

MAGISTRATES' BLANKS.
25 Cts. per Quire.
MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS should send us an order for
Shipping Tags!
A large stock on hand.
Just Printed

Hymns for Social Service.
\$1.00 per hundred. Send for sample copy.
SANTON & PIPER.

EDWD. ALBRO & CO.
Ship Chandlery,
IRON & HARDWARE
MERCHANTS,
207 Lower Water St.,
Head of Mitchell's Wharf, South of Queen's Wharf,
Halifax, N. S.

OFFER for Sale at LOWEST MARKET RATES a large and well assorted Stock of
HARDWARE
—AND—
Ship Chandlery,
—CONSISTING OF—
Ensigns, Canvas, Oakum, Compasses, Quok, Drill, White Lead, Colored Paints, Wire Rope, Cordage, Portable Forges, Anvils, Chain Cables, Boiler Tubes, Saws, Rosin, Tar, Pitch, Turpentine, Steel, Copper, Lead Lights, Binnacle Heads and Lamps, Augers, Anvils, Bellows, Vices, Terne Plates, Tin Plates, Lead (Sheet & Pig), Lead Pipe, Grain and Ingot Tin, Zinc, Bolt, Hoop & Sheet Iron, Bar, Muntz Metal bars, Roofing Felt, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oils, Cables, Nets, Lines, Twines, Fish Hooks,

Shelf Hardware
In Endless Variety.
The above Stock is receiving continual additions of NEW GOODS by successive Steam Ships from Europe and the United States.
Oct. 15, 1878. 131 140

Three Trips a Week.
ST. JOHN TO HALIFAX!
STEAMER "SCUD!"
For Digby and Annapolis.
Connecting with the Windsor and Annapolis Railway for Kentville, Wolfville, Windsor and Halifax—with Stages for Liverpool and Yarmouth, N. S.
On and after MONDAY, June 12th, Steamers "EMPEROR" will leave her wharf, Reed's Quay, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 8 o'clock. Returning on same days.
FARE—St. John to Halifax, 1st class, \$3.00; do do 2nd class, 2.50; do do Annapolis, 2.00; do do Digby, 1.50; Excursion Tickets to Halifax and return good for one week (1st class), 7.50. Return tickets to Clergymen and delegates, (to Digby and Annapolis) issued at one fare on application at head office.
SMALL & HATHEWAY,
St. John, N. B., June 5th, 76.

AT THE BEE-HIVE!
Will be found the usual variety of CLOTHES, TWEEDS, COATINGS, &c., For Spring and Summer Wear, All of which will be made up at the USUAL LOW PRICES.
Also a full assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Of the Newest Styles and most Economical Prices.
114 WATER CORNER JACOB STREET HALIFAX, N. S.
JAS. K. MUNNIS.

STEAMER EMPRESS
WINDSOR & ANNOBOLIS RAILWAY.
Resorts for Kentville, Wolfville, Windsor and Halifax and intermediate stations, taken at greatly reduced rates.
A careful agent in attendance at Warehouse, Reed's Quay, between 7 & 8, and 9 & 10, daily, to receive freight.
No freight received morning of sailing.
For Way Bill, rates etc., apply to
SMALL & HATHEWAY,
Agents, 39 Dock Street,
had been sent to Southampton for shipment.
The chief agent on the suggestion, Here was an opportunity to test the powers of the telegraph—lightning against

ADAM YOUNG,
38, 40, & 42 WATER ST.,
and 145 Prince William St. John, N. B.,
Manufacturer of
Cooking, Hall and Parlor Stoves,
Ranges, Furnances, &c.
Marbled Slate Mantle Pieces,
—AND—
Register Grates.
A large assortment of the above Goods always on hand, at the lowest possible prices. Catalogues on application.
August 2nd, 1876. 117 y

W. H. OLIVE,
Custom House, Forwarding,
COMMISSION,
Railroad and Steamship Agent,
Prince William St., St. John, N. B.
May 3rd, 1876. y

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COMMISSION,
Railroad and Steamship Agent,
Prince William St., St. John, N. B.
May 3rd, 1876. y

GEORGE WHITMAN,
Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent,
Round Hill, Annapolis, N. S.
Parties having Real Estate to dispose of will find it their interest to consult with Mr. Whitman in reference thereto.
No charge made unless a sale is effected, or for advertising when ordered to do so.
May 22 73 11

Jno. B. Mills,
Barrister, &c., &c.,
Bona Vista House,
ANNOBOLIS ROYAL, N. S.
—AND—
MORSE & PARKER,
Solicitors, Conveyancers,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS, ETC., ETC.
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
L. S. MORSE, J. G. H. PARKER,
Bridgetown, Aug. 16th, 76. 11 y

ROYAL HOTEL.
(Formerly STUBBS)
146 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
Opposite Custom House,
St. John, N. B.
T. F. RAYMOND, PROPRIETOR.
Sept. 7 73 y

WILLIAM HILLMAN,
Silver and Brass Pater,
ELECTOR PLATER
—AND—
MANUFACTURER OF
CARRIAGE & HARNESS TRIMMINGS
No. 60 Charlotte St., St. John, N. B.
Sept 19 73 y

Great Bargains
—IN—
DRESS GOODS.
A LOT OF
SUMMER DRESS GOODS!
New Being Offered at Cost, by
M. C. Barbour,
48 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.
THOMAS DEARNESS,
Manufacturer of
Monuments, Grave-Stones
TABLE TOPS, &c.
South Side King Square, St. John, N. B.

June Importation.
Checked Dress Goods; Black Silk Fringes; Seal Brown, Green and Eru Silks; Nottingham Lace Curtains; Eru Lace Curtains; Neck Prillings; Eru Nets, Eru Laces, Eru Neckers; Muslins of all kinds; Brown Hollands; Irish Linens; Cream Damask; Linen Towels; Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs; New Styles; Black Trimming Velvets; Mantle Velvets; Matelasse Cloths; Matelasse Brades; Black Dress Buttons; Gentlemen's Linen Collars and Cuffs; Linen Tassos, for Costumes; Narrow Plaid Ribbons; Plaid Wash Ribbons; Ladies' Josephine and Cuff Kid Gloves; Hyde Park Wraps, for Girls; Crumb Cloths; Gentlemen's French Kid Gloves; New Plaid Prints.
Manchester, Robertson & Allison,
27 King Street, St. John, N. B.

NEW LANDING.
200 PAGES LONDON CONGOU
TRA: 8 bags Oatmeal; 75 boxes Corn Starch; 50 boxes Diamond Glass Starch; 40 boxes Golden's Starch; 2 cases Nix's Black Lead; 1 case Shop Twine; 15 cases Mustard, Spices, etc.; 5 tons Prandam's White Lead; 2 tons Colored Paints; 5 cases Peppercorn; 16 lbs. Capsules; 100 lbs. Dried Apples; 50 lbs. American Raisin Sugar.
For sale at lowest market rates by
GEO. S. DEFOREST,
11 South Wharf,
St. John, N. B., May 2, 76

L. H. DEVEBER & SONS.
Wholesale Merchants,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Dry Goods Department
93 & 95 PRINCE WILLIAM ST.
Keep constantly on hand a large stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, from the English Markets, suitable for the Wholesale Trade.
—AND—
AMERICAN GOODS
such as Fr. Grey & White Cottons, Cotton Flannels, and Bell Linings, sold by the cheap and small quantity.
Canadian and Domestic Goods.
GROCERY DEPARTMENT,
34 & 36 Water St.
A full stock kept constantly on hand, of Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Rice, Soda, Cream Tartar, Nuts, and an assortment of Spices, for sale in bulk at the lowest prices.
August 2nd, 1876. 117 y

Just Opened!
Moir's Musical Warehouse,
WILMOT, ANNOBOLIS CO., N. S.
—IN STOCK—
A variety of New Mathushek
PIANO FORTES AND ORGANS,
Also, second-hand. Oct. Expected by next Steam-er a supply of
PIANO FORTES
from the celebrated firm of Smith, Bro. & Co., of Liverpool, G. B. Also, Fisher Piano Fortes from N. Y.
The subscriber is not under heavy taxes or rent, he feels confident that he can sell musical instruments at lower prices than any City Dealer or Travelling Agent.
GEORGE MOIR,
Importer and Wholesale Dealer in Pianos Fortes and Organs.
Sept. 19th, 76. 3m 24

MacFarlane & Adams
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS.
Agents for
Canada Paper Co.
HALIFAX, N. S.
Oct. 16th, 76. 6m 27

BARNES, KERR & CO.
Special attention to large and varied stock of STAPLE GOODS and General House Furnishings—Shootings, damasks, and tapes in silk and worsted, table covers and cloths, and a large assortment of dress materials, ladies' fancy costumes, black and colored silks, sequins and satins, cravattes and parasols jet and silk buttons, trimmings.
3 and 4 Market Square, St. John, N. B.

THE BANKRUPT STOCK!
OF THE
Estate of Lansdowne & Martin
HAVING been purchased by MAGEE BROTHERS is now being sold at
BANKRUPT PRICES!
and will be continued until May 1st, 1877, at the
IMPERIAL BUILDINGS,
Cor. King & Prince William Sts.
Visitors to St. John will find superior advantages for procuring
CHEAP DRY GOODS
at this establishment. Fresh importations are being constantly received from Europe and the United States to keep the Stock well assorted, and are sold at
LOW PRICES.
MAGEE BROTHERS.
St. John, N. B., May 1st, 1876. y

ELM HOUSE.
MRS. DANIEL STARRATT,
(Formerly of the American House)
Transient or Permanent Boarders
as before.
GOOD STABLES FOR HORSES.
MRS. DANIEL STARRATT,
Lawrence Street, Sept. 12th '76. 3m 23

Just Received.
I BEL SOOTH SNUFF,
SIMPSON'S CATS' SPICE,
POWDER'S TURMERIC,
BORAX, SALTPEPER,
Ayer's Hair Vigor, Withor's God Lives Oil and Lime, Elder's Lotion, G. Brown's Chondrodyn, Essential Oil of Bergamot. For sale by
GEO. S. DEFOREST,
11 South Wharf,
St. John, N. B., May 2, 76

NOTICE!
ALL parties having any legal demands against the Estate of the late Albert Stuart Deabrey, will please present the same duly attested to either of the Executors within 12 months. All parties indebted to the Estate are requested to make immediate payment.
LEAVITT BISHOP,
EDMUND BENT,
Executors.
Bridgetown, Oct. 19th, 76. 11 y

Select Literature.
A Quick Fortune.
CHAPTER II.
AN UNDERSTANDING.
(Continued.)
'But my father was a more west country boondoggler, who became wealthy.'
'And I am a mere trader myself,' he replied; 'and my cousin knows all that.'
'Who is this distant cousin?'
'She is three times removed, but the same blood partly flows in our veins. She is Lady Sandall, and I trust that she will soon become the Dowager Lady Sandall by our marriage with her only son, who is the very distant cousin of both of us, exactly as my cousin knows all that.'
'But why have you never told me all this before, Mr. Heakell?'
'Because there has been no need for the confidence. However, it was this distant relationship, which induced him to constitute me your guardian; and, believe me, I have been a faithful and loving one.'
'He spoke in a moved voice, and she was deeply touched. She could not help confessing his evident unfeignedness with the hot egotism honest Hastings Waite had betrayed.'
'She was thrown off her guard.'
'Dear Mr. Heakell, you are so good to me, that I cannot hide my secret from you! I am engaged to Mr. Hastings Waite, my old school-fellow in Yowle.'
'No, you are not engaged. That is to say, you will disengage yourself within a minute of the time I am speaking.'
'I think not,' he answered, gravely.
'Yes, he is married already!'
'I suppose?'
'There is the address of his unhappy young wife. Inquire for yourself.'
'Oh, shame!—oh, infamy! But, Mr. Heakell, how do you know this?'
'Very simply. I mistreated him and had him watched. He was followed to the miserable house in which she lives with her child, and I saw her there.'
'She has a child?'
'A charming little girl and very much like him, she is! She was a milliner, and she fell in love with her fair countenance and blue clothes. I will say this much for him—that he was honest enough to marry her. As for his flirtation with you, I suppose it was done with the purpose of passing time.'
'Here was Mr. Heakell absolutely defending the young sailor!'
'Meanwhile she was thinking. The very last time I saw him he referred to a pretty milliner looking at and falling in love with any good-looking man.'
'Next day she went to the address given, and found a pretty girl with really a handsome baby.'
'The young mother was making bonnets, and readily fell into the trap Marion extended towards her concerning a recommendation to the poor girl as an admirable mendicant.'
'Marion Oliver had her guardian's statement corroborated in a measure equally accurate and simple.'
'She gave the name of her husband, his age, the day he sailed, and various minute particulars; and so, before he had time to retract, she obtained little or no money from him, and gained a precarious living as a milliner.'
'This evening angry Marion agreed to receive Lord Sandall as a visitor. She found him a perfectly pleasant and amiable gentleman, but, of course, possessed of his class prejudices and that class mood of existence. He restrained his passions, and was equally cold and amiable.'
'She felt she could never love him thoroughly as she had been attached to Hastings Waite, who, he remembered, had released the young lady from her engagement.'
'Eight months after Hastings had sailed, the prediction of Marion's marriage came to pass.'
'His previous was a fact: in eight months, a girl engaged to a sailor might not only forget him, but be prepared to marry another man, when the sailor was not present to defend himself, and explain matters.'
'Mr. Heakell had hurried on the marriage with very evident anxiety.'

CHAPTER III.
NOW HE BECAME SO QUICKLY RICH.
When Hastings Waite set foot upon English ground, his heart smote him that he had left his sweetheart so abruptly, and he reproached himself in the most lively manner for not having written.
'But there, he urged, quite insufficiently, 'sailors never do write!'
'It was, perhaps, with a mortified sense of his behavior that, as he was walking across Hyde Park towards Marion's residence, he kept his eyes upon the ground. Thus it was he came to see a bit of paste-board upon the ground, which he picked up. At its top there was a printed name and address; then was written, 'Diamond ring, 215 St. St.' And after this there was an address of a woman named Eva St. Clair.
'The address was that of a place not far away, and this he had been attacked and asked for Mrs. St. Clair.
'Poor lady!' said the proprietor of the evident lodging-house; 'she has lived in better days!'
'Upon seeing the young lady, who was making bonnets, and near whom a pretty baby was playing on the floor, he produced the bit of paste-board.
'The young person burst into tears.
'Oh, I am so humiliated, though you are a perfect stranger to me! I have seen better days! That is, I might still have a diamond ring, and I can never hope to regain it! I am poor for ever! I was going to sell this document for two pounds to my rival; that is, I might still have a roof over my head. I must have dropped it in the Park. It is a lady's ring, and is worth thirty pounds. Ah, if you would give me two pounds for this ticket, I should be grateful!'
'Now, soft-hearted and practical Hastings Waite thought if the lady did not want the ring, he might as well have it as a peace-offering to Marion, whom he was about to visit, and he ceased his con-

science by giving the poor thing three pounds. She almost went down upon her knees in the wealth of gratitude. He had received his quarter's allowance from his guardians, and he went at once to the pawn-brokers to obtain the ring.
'He found no difficulty about the matter, and he obtained the jewel, which had cost him nearly sixteen pounds, and which he supposed was worth over thirty sovereigns.
'To be sure, he waited on a cousin, a Jeweller, living in Piccadilly.
'The cousin shook his head.
'You sailors,' he said, 'you ought never to leave your ships. You are always floored. This is a beautiful-made diamond, as we call jewels, and with the gold, it may be worth a guinea. How much did you pay for it?'
'The sailor told him, adding every particular concerning the affair.
'The cousin called his partner, saying, 'Here is another of Smithswan's "plans"!'
'The sailor—sailor-like—had already sufficiently mastered his loss to ask what was meant.
'Said the elder partner: 'The pawnbroker, who takes under the name of Smithson, is a clever swindler, who pawns with himself well-made imitation jewellery for large sums. Even his assistants are not associated with the swindle, and could prove that large amount are paid over to the counter (of course really into confidants' hands) and the money comes back to this fellow directly. The tickets are then sent in fashionable localities. The persons who pick them up are of three categories—the first, who know that pawnbrokers only advance on one-third to one-half their value, they dare not expose the fraud to which they have been submitted, a fraud in appropriating the ticket referring to the jewelry. The second category is composed of persons who honestly take the tickets to their supposed owners—really, Smithswan's confederates—as you did in this case. The conspirators plead abject poverty, and the victim is induced to buy the ticket at something beyond the apparent loan on the card-board. When such a victim, finding out the fraud, threatens proceedings, he himself is accused of abducting a false jewel for a true one, and Smithswan's innocent shopmen would prove that sums equal, or almost equal, to those paid by the victim were in the first place advanced to a loan on the jewelry. The victims of the third category—are composed of men and women, who, finding the ticket, and taking them to their owners, are entreated to pay the interest due upon the pawn-tickets, for large sums, so that the property may be retained for another small period, and property upon which no interest during twelve months has been paid upon the loan becoming the property of the pawnbroker.'
'These victims supposing that they do a good turn by paying a pound or two, think no more about it. Now granted one thousand victims a year, paying twenty shillings apiece upon these fraudulent pawn-tickets, which really represent little or no money, and you have a thousand a year obtained by this man and his two or three conspirators, of whom the chief is the woman you saw to-day.'
'Are the police aware of all this?' asked Hastings Waite.
'Yes; but they can do nothing but wait.'
'Do you know his real name cousin?'
'Oh, yes; he is a Mr. Heakell.'
'What?'
'Heakell. I have learnt that myself from Scotland Yard. He has been six years in London, passes as a respectable man, keeps a capital house at the West End, has made an enormous fortune, and is about to marry his ward to a young lord. Why, what now?'
'For Mr. Hastings Waite, now a third mate in the English mercantile marine, had dashed out of the establishment without the politeness of saying good morning. He hastened with the utmost speed to the home of Marion, whom she explained what had happened.
'Life, and this tale, are too short to detail all that had took place between them.
'But Marion agreed to go with Hastings to corroborate his statement, and perhaps the more readily that she found her old love for a commoner like herself once more taking possession of her. She could not doubt his honest declaration that he had never been married, and that he had no child.'
'Do you know Mr. Heakell?' asked Hastings.
'The woman shrieked.
'I am innocent,' she cried, 'until I fell, and love for my infant—'
'She stopped.
'I understand,' said Hastings. 'If you wish to leave him—'
'I do, indeed!'
'Miss Oliver, here, says you are a good milliner. We are to marry, are we not, Marion?'
'Oh, ye, ye?'
'I will see to your future. In the meanwhile, go there, it is my aunt's address, and remain with your child until you hear from me.'
'Then he went and had an explanation with Mr. Heakell, who was exceeding frank.
'My good young friend,' he said, 'go away for my infant—'
'You are a couple of fools. I sold the business three weeks since, the very day after I married old Lady Sandall. All that I sold Marion is true, and she is free to marry a youngster who will probably be a tyrant before a year is passed! Don't strike, for you will give me a power over you I shall use. I never go about without a pistol. As for relieving me of that puppet girl and her child, I really feel I ought to write you a check.'
'Soondrell!'
'Perhaps; but if soft words butter no parents, hard words spell no beef, and I have plenty of beef. My good sir, I have not traded upon the greed and the weakness of humanity. If you expose me—and tell you I have left the business—I shall

associate your intended wife with myself as an accomplice. On the other hand, as I shall leave no children when I die, she will possess all my wealth, for she is my only blood relation, except on my wife's side, my cousin, and now my wife, Lady Sandall, who will keep the title. You will find Marion's account perfect and prepared to the last penny. I am sorry for young Sandell's disappointment, for he really liked Marion; but if she prefers to have you, let her. Don't allow me to detain you further. Good morning.
'Good morning; I shall not prosecute you.'
'But you would, you know, if the process would not damage you through Marion.'
'But my wife shall never touch your money.'
'No. But her children will. You surely would not rob your own children?'
'Sir?'
'Beh! I good morning.'

A LOVER'S DEVICE.
One fine winter evening, early in the present century, Colonel Smith and his maiden sister, Patty, were sitting on either side of a blazing fire, enjoying their ease, without any interruption for at least an hour; and that, considering the sex of Miss Patty, was certainly very remarkable. The Colonel was cross-legged in a great arm-chair, with his spectacles on his nose, and a newspaper in one hand and a newspaper in the other—fast asleep. Miss Patty was moving herself gently forward and backward in a low rocking-chair. Close by her was the cat, while Carlo was stretched out at full length on the rug in front of the fire, and, like his master, was fast asleep.
'At length, the Colonel roused from his nap, took off his spectacles, rubbed his eyes; then, glancing at a large pile of papers on the table near him, said: 'I wish my wife were here to help me collect my rents.'
'Well, I really wish he was,' answered his sister.
'I can't expect him this month yet,' yawned the Colonel.
'Hadin' you better send for him?' suggested the sister.
'Upon this, the dog got up, and walked towards the door.
'Where are you going, Carlo?' said the old gentleman.
'The dog looked at his master, yegged his tail, turned about, and pursued his way towards the door; and, as he could not well open it himself, Miss Patty got up, and open it for him.
'The Colonel seemed perfectly satisfied, and was composing himself for another nap, when the load and cheerful barking of the dog announced the approach of some one, and roused him from his lethargy. Presently the door opened, and a young man gaily entered the room.
'—Why, William Henry, is that you?' said Aunt Patty.
'I am, heartily glad to see you! I have been getting entirely out of my chair, and giving my nephew a hearty shake of the hand. Pray what has brought you home so suddenly any boy?'
'Oh, I do not know,' answered Henry; 'it is rather dull in town, so I thought I would pay you a visit, and see how you were.'
'Well, I am glad to see you; sit down,' said the Colonel.
'So do,' said his sister.
'There, man, is a bottle of something good for you; and here, uncle, is one of capital Maraschino.'
'Thank you, my boy,' said the Colonel. 'Positively it does my heart good to see you in such fine spirits!'
'And mine too,' said the sister.
'Henry, either anxious to help his uncle or himself, broke the seal from the top of the bottle, and drew the cork, while Aunt Patty provided some glasses.
'Well, my boy,' said the Colonel, whose good humor increased every moment, 'what's the news in London? Anything happened?'
'No—yes,' said Henry; 'I have got one of the best stories to tell you you ever heard in your life.'
'Come, then, let's have it,' said his filling his glass.
'Well, you must know, said Henry, 'that I had been in to meet with my old and particular friend of mine, about my own age. Some two months ago, he fell desperately in love with a young girl, who was an admirer of beauty. So, what does he do, but go and get her miniature taken, for she was extremely beautiful, besides being intelligent and accomplished.'
'Beautiful—intelligent—accomplished!' exclaimed the Colonel—'pray what objection should the foot have to a girl?'
'Why she is not worth a groat,' replied Henry.
'Fudge!' said the Colonel. 'I wish I had been in to see the old gentleman's photo. How did he get on?'
'Why, as I said, he had a picture taken, and as it was about the time of collecting rents, he thought it would make the uncle good-natured if he went home and offered to assist him; and so, answering all inquiries, he took the miniature out of his pocket, handed it to his uncle, and asked him how he liked it—telling him a particular friend lent it to him. The old gentleman was in an ecstasy of delight, and declared he would give the world to see a woman as handsome as that, and that she ought have her.'
'Ha! shouted the Colonel. 'Capital! the best joke I ever heard of; but was she really beautiful?'
(Continued on fourth page.)

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'To be sure, he waited on a cousin, a Jeweller, living in Piccadilly.
'The cousin shook his head.
'You sailors,' he said, 'you ought never to leave your ships. You are always floored. This is a beautiful-made diamond, as we call jewels, and with the gold, it may be worth a guinea. How much did you pay for it?'
'The sailor told him, adding every particular concerning the affair.
'The cousin called his partner, saying, 'Here is another of Smithswan's "plans"!'
'The sailor—sailor-like—had already sufficiently mastered his loss to ask what was meant.
'Said the elder partner: 'The pawnbroker, who takes under the name of Smithson, is a clever swindler, who pawns with himself well-made imitation jewellery for large sums. Even his assistants are not associated with the swindle, and could prove that large amount are paid over to the counter (of course really into confidants' hands) and the money comes back to this fellow directly. The tickets are then sent in fashionable localities. The persons who pick them up are of three categories—the first, who know that pawnbrokers only advance on one-third to one-half their value, they dare not expose the fraud to which they have been submitted, a fraud in appropriating the ticket referring to the jewelry. The second category is composed of persons who honestly take the tickets to their supposed owners—really, Smithswan's confederates—as you did in this case. The conspirators plead abject poverty, and the victim is induced to buy the ticket at something beyond the apparent loan on the card-board. When such a victim, finding out the fraud, threatens proceedings, he himself is accused of abducting a false jewel for a true one, and Smithswan's innocent shopmen would prove that sums equal, or almost equal, to those paid by the victim were in the first place advanced to a loan on the jewelry. The victims of the third category—are composed of men and women, who, finding the ticket, and taking them to their owners, are entreated to pay the interest due upon the pawn-tickets, for large sums, so that the property may be retained for another small period, and property upon which no interest during twelve months has been paid upon the loan becoming the property of the pawnbroker.'
'These victims supposing that they do a good turn by paying a pound or two, think no more about it. Now granted one thousand victims a year, paying twenty shillings apiece upon these fraudulent pawn-tickets, which really represent little or no money, and you have a thousand a year obtained by this man and his two or three conspirators, of whom the chief is the woman you saw to-day.'
'Are the police aware of all this?' asked Hastings Waite.
'Yes; but they can do nothing but wait.'
'Do you know his real name cousin?'
'Oh, yes; he is a Mr. Heakell.'
'What?'
'Heakell. I have learnt that myself from Scotland Yard. He has been six years in London, passes as a respectable man, keeps a capital house at the West End, has made an enormous fortune, and is about to marry his ward to a young lord. Why, what now?'
'For Mr. Hastings Waite, now a third mate in the English mercantile marine, had dashed out of the establishment without the politeness of saying good morning. He hastened with the utmost speed to the home of Marion, whom she explained what had happened.
'Life, and this tale, are too short to detail all that had took place between them.
'But Marion agreed to go with Hastings to corroborate his statement, and perhaps the more readily that she found her old love for a commoner like herself once more taking possession of her. She could not doubt his honest declaration that he had never been married, and that he had no child.'
'Do you know Mr. Heakell?' asked Hastings.
'The woman shrieked.
'I am innocent,' she cried, 'until I fell, and love for my infant—'
'She stopped.
'I understand,' said Hastings. 'If you wish to leave him—'
'I do, indeed!'
'Miss Oliver, here, says you are a good milliner. We are to marry, are we not, Marion?'
'Oh, ye, ye?'
'I will see to your future. In the meanwhile, go there, it is my aunt's address, and remain with your child until you hear from me.'
'Then he went and had an explanation with Mr. Heakell, who was exceeding frank.
'My good young friend,' he said, 'go away for my infant—'
'You are a couple of fools. I sold the business three weeks since, the very day after I married old Lady Sandall. All that I sold Marion is true, and she is free to marry a youngster who will probably be a tyrant before a year is passed! Don't strike, for you will give me a power over you I shall use. I never go about without a pistol. As for relieving me of that puppet girl and her child, I really feel I ought to write you a check.'
'Soondrell!'
'Perhaps; but if soft words butter no parents, hard words spell no beef, and I have plenty of beef. My good sir, I have not traded upon the greed and the weakness of humanity. If you expose me—and tell you I have left the business—I shall

associate your intended wife with myself as an accomplice. On the other hand, as I shall leave no children when I die, she will possess all my wealth, for she is my only blood relation, except on my wife's side, my cousin, and now my wife, Lady Sandall, who will keep the title. You will find Marion's account perfect and prepared to the last penny. I am sorry for young Sandell's disappointment, for he really liked Marion; but if she prefers to have you, let her. Don't allow me to detain you further. Good morning.
'Good morning; I shall not prosecute you.'
'But you would, you know, if the process would not damage you through Marion.'
'But my wife shall never touch your money.'
'No. But her children will. You surely would not rob your own children?'
'Sir?'
'Beh! I good morning.'

A LOVER'S DEVICE.
One fine winter evening, early in the present century, Colonel Smith and his maiden sister, Patty, were sitting on either side of a blazing fire, enjoying their ease, without any interruption for at least an hour; and that, considering the sex of Miss Patty, was certainly very remarkable. The Colonel was cross-legged in a great arm-chair, with his spectacles on his nose, and a newspaper in one hand and a newspaper in the other—fast asleep. Miss Patty was moving herself gently forward and backward in a low rocking-chair. Close by her was the cat, while Carlo was stretched out at full length on the rug in front of the fire, and, like his master, was fast asleep.
'At length, the Colonel roused from his nap, took off his spectacles, rubbed his eyes; then, glancing at a large pile of papers on the table near him, said: 'I wish my wife were here to help me collect my rents.'
'Well, I really wish he was,' answered his sister.
'I can't expect him this month yet,' yawned the Colonel.
'Hadin' you better send for him?' suggested the sister.
'Upon this, the dog got up, and walked towards the door.
'Where are you going, Carlo?' said the old gentleman.
'The dog looked at his master, yegged his tail, turned about, and pursued his way towards the door; and, as he could not well open it himself, Miss Patty got up, and open it for him.
'The Colonel seemed perfectly satisfied, and was composing himself for another nap, when the load and cheerful barking of the dog announced the approach of some one, and roused him from his lethargy. Presently the door opened, and a young man gaily entered the room.
'—Why, William Henry, is that you?' said Aunt Patty.
'I am, heartily glad to see you! I have been getting entirely out of my chair, and giving my nephew a hearty shake of the hand. Pray what has brought you home so suddenly any boy?'
'Oh, I do not know,' answered Henry; 'it is rather dull in town, so I thought I would pay you a visit, and see how you were.'
'Well, I am glad to see you; sit down,' said the Colonel.
'So do,' said his sister.
'There, man, is a bottle of something good for you; and here, uncle, is one of capital Maraschino.'
'Thank you, my boy,' said the Colonel. 'Positively it does my heart good to see you in such fine spirits!'
'And mine too,' said the sister.
'Henry, either anxious to help his uncle or himself, broke the seal from the top of the bottle, and drew the cork, while Aunt Patty provided some glasses.
'Well, my boy,' said the Colonel, whose good humor increased every moment, 'what's the news in London? Anything happened?'
'No—yes,' said Henry; 'I have got one of the best stories to tell you you ever heard in your life.'
'Come, then, let's have it,' said his filling his glass.
'Well, you must know, said Henry, 'that I had been in to meet with my old and particular friend of mine, about my own age. Some two months ago, he fell desperately in love with a young girl, who was an admirer of beauty. So, what does he do, but go and get her miniature taken, for she was extremely beautiful, besides being intelligent and accomplished.'
'Beautiful—intelligent—accomplished!' exclaimed the Colonel—'pray what objection should the foot have to a girl?'
'Why she is not worth a groat,' replied Henry.
'Fudge!' said the Colonel. 'I wish I had been in to see the old gentleman's photo. How did he get on?'
'Why, as I said, he had a picture taken, and as it was about the time of collecting rents, he thought it would make the uncle good-natured if he went home and offered to assist him; and so, answering all inquiries, he took the miniature out of his pocket, handed it to his uncle, and asked him how he liked it—telling him a particular friend lent it to him. The old gentleman was in an ecstasy of delight, and declared he would give the world to see a woman as handsome as that, and that she ought have her.'
'Ha! shouted the Colonel. 'Capital! the best joke I ever heard of; but was she really beautiful?'
(Continued on fourth page.)

Local and other matters.

The plague has reappeared in Bagdad. The young people in our vicinity appeared to enjoy themselves during holiday week. The Berlin correspondent of the "Times" says an immediate rupture is apprehended. The Russian army is reported in a very bad condition, decimated by malarial fever and typhus. It is estimated that 250 men and 130 vessels were lost in the recent storm on the English and Scotch coasts. The Chinese Government has apologized for the destruction of the American chapel and paid damages. The interview between the Marquis of Salisbury and the Sultan appears to have produced a favorable result. The demand for fish sent from the Maritime Provinces via the Intercolonial Railway is largely increasing. In King's County, potatoes are selling for sixty cents per bushel for shipment to the United States. A Gloucester (Mass.) firm has received a large order for oil clothing for the British navy. There is dedicated to the Rath children's family the first book ever published in Jerusalem. The voyage of the "Discovery" and the "Alert" makes the 134th expedition to the frozen regions since the days of Cabot. The cold has reached 30 degrees in Southern Russia, and it is almost impossible to move troops in such a temperature. The Austrian cabinet has decided that a special armament should not be undertaken even in the event of local war between Russia and Turkey. The French Chamber of Deputies finally passed the entire Budget, which terminates the contest between the Senate and House. A Paris despatch says the official opinion there is that war can scarcely be avoided, and the prevailing feeling is one of extreme alarm. Nine children were smothered and four are missing in the burning Convict of Quebec. The city of Tokio, Japan, was visited by a great conflagration, and a loss of \$10,000,000. Sixty-five streets and 5,000 houses were burned, and 50 lives lost. It is announced that the judicial committee of the Imperial Privy Council has decided that no appeal lies to it from judgments of election cases of Quebec, under the existing law. The Globe asserts that Russia has ordered the whole fleet to rendezvous at Otschokoff, as apprehensions are entertained of active measures by the Turkish fleet. In several localities in this Province diphtheria has been very prevalent of late. In the County of Cumberland its ravages have been particularly alarming. The largest sail in the world has been made in Dublin. It is rectangular, and measures 180 feet by 60. It is to be used in raising sunken vessels. HYMNICAL.—Providence Church was filled to overflowing on the 27th ult., to witness the nuptials of matrimony between Mr. Miles McMillan, of Annapolis, and Miss Bessie Bask, of Granville. The tea-meeting and hot supper which took place at Middletons on Thursday last, in aid of the new Methodist church, realized \$271 towards the purpose for which it was intended. The sum of \$21,774.62 is the award by the jurors, for lands and buildings on the line of the Western Counties' Railway, beginning at the junction of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway, and extending west as far as Bear River. It appears certain that the Porte will not reject all the proposals, but only make objections to several points, although the Turkish war party is strong, a peaceful solution is considered possible. A Cincinnati special to the Graphic says Governor Hayes will resign his gubernatorial position on assembling of the Ohio Legislature, confidently believing he will be inaugurated President on the 4th of March. ANOTHER RAILWAY PROPOSAL.—Now that the Spring Hill and Piquette Railway is approaching completion, another Cumberland railway has been projected. It is to extend from Piquette harbor to the intercolonial, forming a junction at River Philip Station, and may in time extend to Spring Hill and Piquette. Railway Company will be organized at the Victoria Hotel on February 1st.—St. John News.

Telegraphic News.

Special Despatches to the Morning Chronicle. EUROPE. London, Jan. 5.—The "Standard" special from Constantinople, after reviewing proceedings in Thursday's sitting of the Conference, expresses the opinion that the dangerous part of the crisis is over. The "Patriot" in close relation with the British foreign office, however, says:—We regret to state that the disposition of Turkey was not improved in Thursday's sitting, and leaves very little hope of arrangement by diplomacy. Although the Conference meets again on Monday, if the situation is not modified, it may now even be stated that the task of England is ended. The "Patriot" also states from Berlin that it is affirmed that negotiations will be carried on elsewhere if broken off at Constantinople. No power except Russia is likely to permanently withdraw its ambassador from the scene of the failure of the Conference. The "Standard's" Belgrade despatch says the Serbian Government continues to deny and demands that the armistice be extended, as Serbia cannot bear the proposed uncertainty. The Austrian views at Constantinople are becoming more and more increased against the Russian; the consequence of the project of Gen. Ignatoff for annexing old Serbia to one of the Provinces into which Bulgaria is to be divided. The Russian Government is confirmed in the deep indignation of the Greeks at the proposals of the conference, which tend to subordinate the Greeks to the Bulgarians, and to give the Turkish-Greek population to the Slavs. BUCHAREST, Jan. 5.—The Roumanian Senate has adopted a resolution declaring that the rights of Roumania shall remain inviolable, and that the Government will maintain them in a manner worthy of the State. Russian officers are reconnoitering the route between the crossing places, and ships are being contracted for to aid the crossing. SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT. Episcopal Church, 11.15 a.m. 7 p.m. Methodist, " 11.15 a.m. 3 p.m. Baptist, " 11.15 a.m. 7 p.m. Presbyterian, " 11.15 a.m. 7 p.m. M. C. Meeting, in Basement of Methodist Church, 7 p.m. MARRIAGES. McMillan—Bask.—In the Methodist church in Bridgetown, N. S., on Wednesday, December 27th, by Rev. W. C. Smith, Mr. Miles McMillan, of Annapolis Royal (formerly of Antigonish), to Miss Bessie Bask, second daughter of Abner T. Bask, Esq., of Bridgetown. Thanks to the Organist. MACKENZIE—MACKENZIE.—At Middleton, on the 28th inst., by the Rev. Joseph Gaetz, Mr. John Mackenzie, to Miss Margaret Mackenzie, both of Port George. MARSHALL—MARSHALL.—At the residence of Mrs. W. H. Parker, of Middleton, on Wednesday, December 27th, by the Rev. J. E. Blackney, Byrd Marshall, son of Charles Marshall, Esq., of Middleton, to Miss Margaret Mackenzie, daughter of Mr. W. H. Parker, of Middleton. THOMAS—DECKER.—At the Parsonage in Clementonville, on the 27th inst., by the Rev. J. M. Parker, Mr. Matthew Thomas, of Dunlopville, Halifax Co., and Sophie Decker, of Clementonville. DAVIS—POTTER.—At Clementonville, Dec. 25th, by the Rev. J. M. Parker, Mr. Holland W. Davis, of Clementonville, to Miss Caroline T. Potter, daughter of Mr. W. H. Parker, of Middleton. COPLEY.—BARRETT.—At Port Williams, on the 27th ult., by Elder J. E. Blackney, Mr. William Copley, to Miss Louisa Barrett, both of Port Williams. HOPKINSON—HOPKINSON.—By the same on the 28th ult., Mr. John B. Tompkins, of Hampton, to Miss Annie Hopkinson, of Port Williams. McNair—Swallow.—At Springfield, Annapolis Co., on the 19th ult., by the Rev. W. G. Parker, Mr. Albert McNair, to Miss Elizabeth Swallow, both of Springfield. PRACTICE—MARTY.—By the same on the 20th ult., Mr. Edmund Practice, to Miss Mary J. Marty, both of Albany. MARY—MARTY.—By the same on the 20th ult., Mr. Edmund Practice, to Miss Mary J. Marty, both of Albany. PARKER—CROLEY.—At East Boston, Mass., by Rev. Mr. Warren, Mr. Joseph Perkins, of Halifax, to Miss Croley, formerly of Port George, N. S. SCHEM—WATMAN.—In New York, Dec. 27th, by the Rev. E. W. Donald, James DeWolfe Spurr, of St. John, to Eleanor DeWolfe Spurr, of St. John, Alfred Whitman, of Annapolis, N. S. DEATHS. FARMER.—At Lower Granville, Dec. 24th, Mrs. Maria Farmer, beloved wife of James Farmer, aged 96 years, leaving a husband, five children, and a large circle of friends to mourn their loss. Cause, old age. CAMPBELL.—On the 26th inst., after a lingering illness, Leatrice, relict of the late Samuel Chipman, Esq., of Lawrenceville, in the 76th year of her age. Her remains were taken to Pine Grove Cemetery for interment. PARKER.—At Nictaux, on the 29th of December, 1876, Mr. Edward Parker, aged 74 years. TOWN.—At Brooklyn, Clarence, on Monday, Jan. 1st, Maggie, infant daughter of Mr. Collingwood Young, aged one year and four months. STARR.—At the residence of Geo. H. Starr, Esq., Halifax, Mrs. Harriett Starr, widow of the late John J. Starr, Esq., of St. John, N. B., and sister of Dr. Ruggles C. C., of Bridgetown, N. S., aged 68 years.

HALIFAX PRODUCE PRICE LIST FOR THE WEEK.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including Butter, Eggs, Pork, Beef, Mutton, etc.

Notice.

Notice regarding the Anchor Line, including details about ship schedules, routes, and company information.

New Advertisements.

Advertisement for SOAMMEL BROTHERS, Fall and Winter Goods, and other retail services.

Notice.

Advertisement for WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY, WINTER ARRANGEMENT, and other railway services.

Notice.

Advertisement for H. CHUBB & CO., Stationers & Bookbinders, and other business notices.

Large advertisement for H. CHUBB & CO., Stationers & Bookbinders, featuring various products like ink stands, flannels, and blankets.

(Continued from first page.)

The most angelic creature I ever saw... answered Henry: 'but you can judge for yourself. He is a man of taste, and knowing your taste that way, I brought it for you to look at.'

Miscellaneous.

Ignorance of the law excuses no one. It is fraud to conceal a fraud. The law compels one to do an impossibility.

BUSINESS LAWS.

Each individual in a partnership is responsible for the whole amount of the debt of the firm. A note given by a minor is not void.

HISTORICAL ITEMS.

Potatoes, it is said, were first introduced into Europe by Sir Walter Raleigh; but the fact is by no means certain.

KEEP STRAIGHT AHEAD.

Pay no attention to slanderers or gossip mongers. Keep straight ahead in your course, and let their lack-lustings die of neglect.

I WONDER.

When a young man is clerk in a warehouse, or bank, and dresses like a prince, smokes 'foam cigars,' drinks 'noisy brandy'...

Poetry.

NEW YEAR'S ADDRESS.

To the Patron of Weekly Monitor. BY THE LAD WHO DELIVERED IT. The far-off orbs that shine on high in majesty sublime.

Astronomers are not inspired!

'Tis Newton's searching eye, In looking up, was only fired By splendors in the sky.

The rise and setting of the sun—

The phases of the moon— The courses which the planets run From July to June—

The year, then, has it staid bound—

As it was when first rolling round, So are its movements yet. If, on this opening day

Last night the tolling of the bell,

Which startled many an ear, Was but the solemnizing knell Of a departed year.

But Seventy Six, diversified

With tints both dark and gay, Has gone—mere bubble on Time's tide—

The year just gone behind has left

Remembrances that bring Sadness to some (of friends bereft) Who now are sorrowing.

Two Revered Worthies, stricken low

By death's relentless way, Have made the tears of hundreds flow.

Another victim death has claimed,

Whose "sun at noon went down," Who was for mental brilliance famed,

Regrets—boreavments—were not all

That marked the year just gone; For gleams of joy (which sometimes fall)

Upon our pathway shone.

The Summer flowers and Autumn fruits, Were pleasing to the sight, And oft our every-day pursuits

We look abroad—In Europe's sky

We see a cloud of war; And ere its darkness passes by Proud Russia's Emperor,

But if "the tug of war" should come,

And hostile armies meet, Those who tattoo old England's drum,

Lo! in this western hemisphere—

In "Uncle Sam's" domain, It was a grand "Centennial year."

No better land is known—

No happier shores can be found Than this we call our own, Annapolis Valley—mountain-flanked,

To me its hills—the fertile plains—

Are brighter far than those domains Which Poets see in dreams.

Though but a boy, my pulses beat

With patriotic fire to-day, And with swarming raptures sweet, My country's flag I love to see.

Think of the year that is to be!

When all your hearts are glad, Because another year is born, Think of the year that is to be!

An Englishman and a Frenchman

fought a duel, in summer time; and not to make the act public, and the better to satisfy their egotism in case of the result proving fatal they agreed to fight in a darkened room.

CENTRAL BOOKSTORE.

Spring Importations. Just received ex. 88. "India" from Glasgow, and S. S. "Anglia" from London.

38 CASES OF STATIONERY.

FOOLSCAP PAPERS, Cream and B. Laid, Large and Small Post, Flat, Legal Cap, Bill Cap Commercial Letter and Note Paper, Antique Parchment Note Paper, Ordinary Letter and Note Paper, Cream, Post, Letter, Thin Linen, Letter and Note, Cream Laid and Antique Envelopes—Square and

Our Stock of BLANK BOOKS will be found complete in all kinds.

THOMAS P. CONNOLLY, Cor. Grenville and George Sts., Halifax, N. S. Aug. 16th, '74. 11 no 19.

GREAT REDUCTION!

FOR CASH. Tweed Suits, \$20 to \$24, FORMER PRICES, \$26 to \$33. MENS FURNISHING and all other Goods PROPORTIONATELY LOW.

CAUTION!

I hereby forbid any person or persons harbouring or trusting my wife, Rebecca A. Pomeroy, on my account, as I will not be accountable for any debt or debts contracted by her.

ESTABLISHED 1861.

Parks' Cotton Warp.

White, Blue, Red, Orange & Green. THE COTTON WARP MADE BY US for the past fifteen years having proved so very satisfactory to consumers, we feel justified in offering it to all who use the article as the BEST IN QUALITY and actually the CHEAPEST in the market.

FRED. LEAVITT, LAWRENCE TOWN,

INVITES the attention of purchasers to his Large and Complete Stock of

Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, BOOTS AND SHOES, Hats and Caps,

Wholesale, Tea, Sugar, Groceries of all kinds, Brooms, Fans, Tubs, Farming Implements, Nails, Cordage, &c., &c., &c. All of which are offered at LOW FIGURES to suit the times.

ALSO—

Packet, Eagle, Doe, Prouty & Mear's PLOWS,

at Berwick Prices. May, 1876.

SHEPHERD HOUSE,

Market Square... St. John, N.B. Jewelry and Watch Department.

THE SHEPHERD HOUSE having engaged the

services of First-class Manufacturing Jewellers, is prepared to make to order, Wedding and Signet Rings, Ladies' and Gents' Gold Chains, Gold Lockets, Brooches, Ear-Drops, Charms, Studs, Solitaires and General Jewellery.

In the Stock Department,

New and Fashionable Goods in Ladies' and Gents' Watches and Jewellery, Silverware, Electro-Plated Household Goods, Paper-mache and Fine Porcelain, Wax, Anticote Brasses, Marble and Pocket Cutlery, &c., and Foreign Importations of French and German manufactures are being constantly added, by request, in accordance with the best market.

RECHARD THOMPSON,

May 24, '76. \$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. BRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 1y 148

SEND 25c to G. P. ROWELL & CO.,

New York, for a Pamphlet of 160 pages, containing lists of 2000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. 1y 148

TO MAGISTRATES!

A large lot of MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS for sale at this Office. Bill-Heads. Different sizes and styles promptly and elegantly printed at the office of the printer.

THE PERTIFYING SILICATE PAINTS,

As supplied to the Admiralty, Board of Works, Austrian Lloyd's, Woolwich Arsenal, Guard Company, &c., &c. For House, Ship and General Use, Indoors and Out, And in all Colors.

Artificial Stone Paint,

For preserving Wood, Zinc, and other Buildings, giving them the appearance of White or Bath Stone, &c. DAMP WALLS, DAMP CHURCHES, &c. Cured by the PERTIFYING LIQUID, at a cost of about 2d. per square yard.

TO PREVENT WHITE ANTY,

In Woods, Sills, For Smokey Rooms, Railway Sleepers, Ships' Bottoms, Brass and House Timber, Damp of Wet Walls, and General Iron and Wood Work. GRIFFITH'S PAT. ENAMELLING PAINTS. Every article for the Trade at lowest prices.

Agent for Nova Scotia—HUGH FRASER, BRIDGETOWN.

ALSO—CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE,

REFIN'D SCOTCH IRON

BLISTER, CAULKING & TYRE STEEL, Assorted sizes, suitable for the Trade. In Kegs of 112, 55, 28 and 14 lbs. weight.

1 Ton No. 1 Glasgow White Paint,

BOILED AND RAW PAINT OIL, 5 Cwt. Genuine White Lead; 2 Cwt. Zinc White Lead, Bridgetown, July 19th, 1876. HUGH FRASER.

NOTICE.—A Complete Set of the West India and United States Charts

for sale Cheap, together with a lot of NAUTICAL BOOKS, &c. Also, First Class SEXTANT, all will be sold for Cash. H. F.

McCARTHY & COOK,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PIANOFORTES AND ORGANS.

PIANOFORTES WEBER, MATHUSKE, FISCHER, LABELLE, and other First-Class Makers.

ORGANS and Melodians,

G. A. Prince & Co.'s

The "Matchless" BURDETT ORGAN

A SPECIALTY. This Organ received the HIGHEST AWARD at the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia. Every instrument warranted for Five years.

Office and Warerooms.—COR. UNION and CHARLOTTE STS., ST. JOHN, N. B.

E. T. KENNEDY & CO.,

87 Prince William Street....ST. JOHN, N. B.

STEAM HEATING ENGINEERS,

RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING.

Agents for Rich's Patent Saw Sharpener and Gummer.

STEAM PIPE, WATER PIPE, RUBBER HOSE, RUBBER PACKS, RUBBER GASKETS, WATER GAUGES, STEAM PUMPS, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GOUGES, STEAM COCKS, RABBIT METAL, COTTON WASTE, HAIR FELTING, MILL SAWS, CIRCULAR SAWS, SAW GUMMERS, LARD OIL, SPERM OIL, WHALE OIL, SEAL OIL, NATIVE OIL.

The SPRAGUE CHURN!

Important to Farmers and Dairy-men of this Province! J. L. SPRAGUE, INVENTOR OF THIS CHURN.

SEEKING the fallings of other Churns has lately constructed a CHURN which is the NEAREST PERFECTION ever yet constructed, and that is taking the lead wherever it is used.

Taste of long study on the proper method of obtaining every particle of butter that cream contains in from one to six minutes, the average time being four minutes.

It has churned eight pounds of butter from six quarts of cream in forty seconds.

It will make better butter, and better than I will stand more working than that made in a common shawl, the grain being coarser.

It will make the hardest kind of butter in the hottest days in August.

It works the buttermilk out in one minute, and cleanses itself in one minute.

By the motion of the paddles the air is pumped in at the side, passes through the cream, and is carried off through a tube in the top of the cover. This process cleanses the cream of all impurities, and brings the oxygen of the air in contact with the oil in the cream which hardens and turns to butter.

It is driven with cogwheels that set the paddles in rapid motion, and makes the labor so light that a child turns year's old can churn with ease.

These Churns are manufactured at Berwick, N. S., and will be kept constantly on hand at the SHEPHERD HOUSE, 117 Market Square, St. John, N. B. Orders promptly attended to.

AGENTS WANTED

To dispense the Counties of Annapolis, Kings, Queens, and Pictou.

D. H. SHAW,

Berwick, N. S., November 17th, 1876. Job Work. Neatly executed at the Monitor Office.

Agricultural.

CONSTRUCTION OF BARN

That manure which is kept under cover till carried to the fields is much more valuable than that which is exposed to the sun, wind and rain, has been proved by numerous experiments; yet farmers will so construct their barns that their stable manure must be thrown out of doors where much of its plant-food is destroyed and lost.

That there is much hard work on a farm,

and not a little that is disagreeable every farmer knows; yet farmers will so construct their barns that there will be more of both than there need be. That it is unhealthy to live partly or wholly underground, needs no argument to prove; yet farmers will so construct their barns that their cows must live most of the time they are fed in the stable.

Whereas, if farmers would so construct their barns with a cemented cellar or basement under the stables for manure,

that would then be kept under cover till wanted, and could be drawn out whenever convenient, the stable liquid manure would be saved, the stable could be more thoroughly cleaned in one-fourth to one-third the time, and with much less hard, disagreeable work than it would take to whee the manure into the yard, and could be done just as comfortably in stormy as in fair weather, and their cows would have a dry and healthy stable.

To wheel the manure of forty head of cattle three or four rods from the stable takes ten or twelve days longer every six months the cattle are stabled over night, then it does to drop it through the floor, to say nothing of the hard, disagreeable work of wheeling it through the mud or snow or on a line of plank to the heap.

A tight stable floor one or two small windows on each of two sides of the cellar, a ventilator from the cellar up through the roof, will prevent any odor rising from the manure into the stable. The benefits of cellars or basements under stables for manure, and the objections to keeping cattle in them are like the goods the merchant advertises for sale, too numerous to mention.

A year ago last January I called upon one of my neighbours who keeps about 25 cows, that was eating hay in an open lot. I asked him why he fed his cows there instead of in the stable; he said that it was poor hay, and they ate it better there than in the stable; that they had all the good hay they would eat before they were turned out. Some four or five weeks since I was there again and his cows were in the stable for the night. It is a basement half under ground, the sill on one side being level with the yard, and a wall up to the barn on the other; two rows of cows were standing lengthwise of the stable, their heads towards each other with a few hours, breathing in this damp air filled with the odor of their own manure, loses all appetite for food for their lungs and mouths with pure air, their appetites returned and they were hungry enough to eat "very dirty" hay.

Is milk perfectly healthy that is manufactured in such a stable?

I referred to the conversation a year ago and asked if he could give a reason for his cows eating the poor hay and freely eating all the good hay he would in the stable? He replied, "I can not, I only know it was poor hay, and had been overfed with water, and was very dirty." I gave him this explanation: "Your cows after being fed in the stable a few hours, breathing in this damp air filled with the odor of their own manure, loses all appetite for food for their lungs and mouths with pure air, their appetites returned and they were hungry enough to eat "very dirty" hay.

Is milk perfectly healthy that is manufactured in such a stable?

Germany paid \$170,000,000 for the support of her army in 1875.

Detroit freezes 500,000 fish in a season for more Southern markets.

There are 1,006 lakers in New York and 5,811 larger beer and liquor saloons.

At many as 4,000,000 barrels of flour are required to feed the people of New York for one year.

A Rockingham, Vt. family of five persons weigh respectively 315, 294, 232, 230 and 210 pounds.

Paris has devoured, during the last half-year, 700,000 kilograms of horse-flesh, and 48,000 kilograms of mule or donkey meat.

There is a restaurant in Greenwich street, New York, which caters to 30,000 people, and cooks 14 barrels of eggs each day.

It is said that there are 50,000 men in New York, and that of the number one hundred have estates valued \$1,000,000 or upwards.

The grain imports into Great Britain for the year ending August 31st, 1876, were 118,794,118 cwt., an increase of nearly 22,000,000 cwt. over the preceding year.

The territories of Russia in Turkestan cover 480,000 square miles, or a space as large as the Austrian empire, Germany, and Belgium put together. But the population is only 2,500,000.

There are five hundred and forty monasteries and convents in Russia, the revenue of which amount to \$6,500,000. The cost of each monk or nun during one year amounts, on the average to \$110.

In Great Britain there is a public house to each 120 persons, and 2146,000,000 are spent annually in strong drink.

The cost of conducting a first class church in New York, with an audience of 800 to 1,000, is \$10,000 a year.

Over 10,000 signatures have now been appended to the "Charter Memorial on Intemperance," including those 11 bishops, 21 deans, 67 archdeacons, 49 canons, 173 hon. canons, and 145 prebendaries.

In 1862 the butter product of the United States was 600,000,000 pounds, of which were exported 20,000,000 pounds. The annual product is now estimated at 700,000,000 pounds, and we are producing 100,000,000 more than we are consuming.

Jokers' Corner.

HE FOUND SEVERAL.

There were a dozen men in a Michigan avenue tobacco store yesterday, smoking time away or playing checkers, when a drowsy-looking, middle-aged stranger entered and crowded in behind the store. When he had thumbed a little and wiped a tear from his nose he looked around and asked:

"Did any of you read about that terrible cyclone in the East?"

One or two replied that they had seen an account of it.

"Well, gentlemen, there will be the tallest kind of suffering down there this winter, and it is the duty of every man who can spare a dollar to send it to the poor victims. I will now pass around the hat."

He passed it, and when he had completed the circuit it was as empty as when he started.

"Gentlemen, I am surprised and saddened," he remarked, as he put on his hat, "those people need money, and I thought I'm a poor man, I'm going to forward my share. Is there any one here who will take a five dollar bill and send it across the ocean for me?"

"I suppose I could send it, replied the tobaccoist, showing a cigar at the stranger.

"Yes—ahem—could he?" replied the latter as he bit the cigar and lighted it.

"I'll take it!" called out seven or eight others.

"That's good. Do any of you happen to have any fine cut about you?"

A full pouch was handed out, and he lifted half the contents into his vest pocket and went on:

"Yes, I want to end them five dollars, and I want some of you to take the money and scot it across the ocean in regular business style. I will now go out and borrow the five."

There was a grand rush for him, but he was twenty-five feet ahead and gaining as he turned into Fifth street.—Detroit Free Press.

THE WINDOW AND THE BOY.

A pretty widow, whose husband had been dead for some time, received a beautiful bouquet the other day. The man that sent it had been flying around her with an earnestness worthy of a good clerk, and it was with extra delight he saw her pass him on her way to the bouquet of flowers in hand.

"Am so pleased to see you with them," said he, and a thousand little cupid dimples in his cheeks served to brighten his face.

"Yes," she replied, "was very kind in you; I always knew you liked him; I am taking them to his grave."

DOMESTIC ITEMS.

A SIMPLE DISINFECTANT. One pound of green copperas, costing seven cents, dissolved in one quart of water, and poured down a water-closet, will effectually concentrate and destroy the foulest exhal.

Scorches made by overheated flat irons can be removed from the linen by spreading over the cloth a paste made of the juice pressed from two onions, one-half ounce white soap, two ounces fuller's earth, and one-half pint vinegar. Mix, boil well, and cool before using.

SQUAREY BOOTS.—Who has not suffered the horrible discomfort of a squeaky boot? And now some one has invented a pair of nails or pegs, or two rows of rivets to each other will stop the noise, which is caused by the rubbing together of the layers of leather composing the sole.

How TO TEST MILK.—The Country Gentleman advises his readers to test their milk by pouring a given quantity into a water bath. When the temperature of the milk reaches the small of garlic, putridity, fever or other disease, will unmistakably manifest itself.

TO REMOVE FRONTS.—To remove fronts split ink from carpets: first take up as much as possible from the ink with a spoon. Then pour cold water on the spot, and take up as usual, before pouring on milk until at last it becomes only slightly tinged with black. Then wash with cold water, and absorb with a cloth without too much rubbing.

MILK IN THE LARDER.—A practice is prevalent in some parts of the country which shows the power possessed by milk to absorb the impurities of the atmosphere. It is that of placing a saucer of new milk in a larder to preserve meat from a leaky tin. The milk serves that purpose, but the milk at the end of a few hours becomes so impure that no animal will touch it.

A COTON MEDICINE.—A recipe for cough syrup appears in the Cincinnati "Gazette" from a "farmers wife," is spoken of as excellent. It is as follows: Take a small handful of hops and some old field balsam, and some hourdough, and make a strong tea; boil down as much molasses as tea; boil down about one half. To be taken before eating and before going to bed. My husband had a very bad cough this winter and this is what cured him.

WATERPROOF BOOTS. The best material I have ever tried to make boots or harness of is linseed oil, and waterproof is linseed oil, applied hot; and if the leather be entirely free from water, the oil may be boiling hot without the least injury to the leather. I saw Mr. Samuel M. Handy an old blacksmith of Norridge-week apply boiling hot oil to the leather of his bellows. He said nothing but hot would make his bellows so pliable and easy to work as hot linseed oil. One oiling of a pair of boots with linseed oil will do more service than three or four oilings with tallow or neat's-foot oil.

A FAMILY MEDICINE. Some days ago our attention was drawn to some copies of bronchial diseases represented as truly wonderful, and effected by the use of a combination of herbs under the name of Chesters Cure. Having heard of no such medicine, and many patients proceeded to investigate the case, feeling very doubtful as to the result. However, the facts proved all that was claimed, and we became thoroughly convinced of its efficacy. Physicians who have looked into the matter say it will cure bronchitis, asthma, catarrh of the lungs, and all the diseases of the respiratory organs. We should like to hear from any of our readers who try it.