

Convention Opens on To- day and Visitors Will Be Here Until Sunday,  
PROMINENT MEN TO COME  
Arrangements for Entertainment of the Visitors Completed.

### FRANCE HONORS MAJOR DREYFUS

Cross of Legion of Honor is Presented Where Officer Was Degraded.

NOTABLE CEREMONY HELD Where Uniform was Stripped of Facings and Sword Was Broken.

PARIS, July 21.—In the presence of a distinguished military assemblage Major Alfred Dreyfus today received the cross of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. The ceremony which occurred in the courtyard of the military school was rendered doubly impressive by being held on the very spot where the buttons and gold lace were stripped from his uniform and his sword was broken twelve years ago.

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from the military school and entered a carriage. As the major appeared the crowd in front of the main entrance gave him a hearty ovation, waving handkerchiefs and shouting "Vive Dreyfus Vive La Republique." "Vive La Armee." The carriage was then driven swiftly to residence. Major Dreyfus, who is affected with heart trouble suffered a violent attack, but thanks to his strong will power the illness soon passed away and he was able to receive Procureur General Baudouin and Brig. General Picquet to whom he expressed his sincerest thanks for their exertions in his behalf.

CASTRO'S NEW CABINET.  
Caracas, Venezuela, via Westminster, Caracas, July 21.—President Castro has appointed a new cabinet. It includes a minister of foreign affairs and General Manuel Arujo, minister of war.

A HUSBAND-BEATER.  
Frederick N. B., July 21.—Chief Antony Sobol, head of the New Brunswick Micmac Indians, is lying at death's door as a result of a terrible beating received at the hands of his wife.

STRUCK BY TORNADO.  
St. Paul, Minn., July 21.—Reports say that a tornado struck west of Valley City, D. S., this afternoon and did considerable damage. Several persons are reported injured but so far as learned no one was killed.

STEAMER FINLAND ASHORE.  
Flushing, Netherlands, July 21.—The Red Sea line steamer Finland, Capt. Apfeld which sailed today from Antwerp for Dover and New York, is ashore on the Shoals. Assistance has been sent to her.

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Bisley Camp, July 21.—Capt. Davies of the 1st Middlesex Regiment with a total score of 384 won the King's prize, added to this is N. R. A. gold medal and gold badge, and £250. Sergeant Hayhurst, the only Canadian qualified to shoot in final stage of King's prize made a total of 307.

STARTS IN AUGUST.  
Danes Island, Spitzbergen, by wireless telegraph to Hammerfest, Norway, July 21.—Wireless communication has been opened from within six hundred miles of the north pole via Hammerfest. Everything is progressing favorably at the Danes Island station.

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### CORRECTED TEXT LORD'S DAY BILL

Some Senate Errors Found Which Have Been Amended by Commons.

### CANADIAN NEWS NOTES

Hon. J. M. Langley of Halifax One of Speakers at Opening of Winnipeg Fair.

OTTAWA, July 23.—(Special)—A special edition of the Canadian Gazette will be issued tomorrow containing the corrected text of the Lord's Day Bill. The version printed in Saturday's Gazette materially altered clause 15, which states that prosecution must be authorized by the provincial attorney general and instituted within sixty days. It also included conveyance express matter among exemptions. This was a Senate amendment, not concurred in by the Commons, and not included in the bill as passed. Other errors will doubtless be found later, but fortunately will not come into force until the first of March next.

The Canadian agent at Paris reports to the trade and commerce department that the tariff war between France and Spain will result in giving Canadian fish and apples a substantial preference in French markets over similar products from France.

Winnipeg's Exhibition.  
Winnipeg, July 23.—Hon. J. W. Langley, of Halifax, ex-attorney general of Nova Scotia, was one of the speakers at the opening of the industrial exhibition here today. Judge Langley is in the west for the purpose of gathering data for the history of Canada which he is writing. That dramatic period in which Louis Riel was such a conspicuous figure will receive special attention. Justice Langley recognizes strong personal endowments of the unfortunate insurrectionist. He is expected to make a detailed study of the Riel case and will be ready to publish in about a year. "Development of Western Canada," the great work which he is now writing, will be published in the next few months. "Dominion Standpoint," said the historian, "Winnipeg and Manitoba have already assumed a most prominent position in the national life. Saskatchewan and Alberta will each in time overshadow Ontario. The Maritime provinces will eventually become but a fringe of the great agricultural and industrial portion of the country."

A Narrow Escape.  
Montreal, July 23.—Dr. G. Finley, secretary of the Medical Board of the general hospital, narrowly escaped being crushed to death beneath the wheels of a street car today. The car, which was carrying a large number of passengers, was making a crossing the street at a good rate of speed, crashed into his buggy overturning the rig and throwing the surgeon to the pavement with much force. The car was stopped by the police and the driver was taken to the general hospital. When examined by Dr. Robertson he was found to be suffering from scalp wounds, slight concussion of the brain, and a broken arm. No bones were broken, but he was severely shaken up. The buggy was wrecked but the horse escaped.

Orilla Mystery.  
Orilla, Ont., July 23.—The body of a man was found in the Orilla track by the brakeman of a freight train which had passed over him. Some mystery surrounds the man's death from the fact that he was found in a position which was found to be impossible. The body was found in a position which was found to be impossible. The body was found in a position which was found to be impossible.

A Clever Swindler.  
Toronto, July 23.—A young man calling himself W. C. Bayne, obtained \$500 from the Home Bank of Canada at the head office today. The fraud was discovered and reported some hours afterward in making up accounts for the day, and recalled the sensational cheque raising game at Wenton at the Bank of Commerce and Imperial bank, when \$2,900 was secured. The cheque presented at the Home bank was made out for \$5, and was cleverly altered after being marked by the ledgerkeeper to read \$500. It was not until the paying teller, the payment being made, the young man is thought to be a stranger from across the line, and it is believed that he got safely away before the swindle was discovered.

Growth of Alberta.  
Edmonton, Alta., July 23.—During the first ten months of the existence of the department of education for Alberta there has been erected one-fifth as many schools as the province originally contained. Since September, 1905, 112 new schools have been established.

Will of Late William Hendrie.  
Hamilton, July 23.—The will of the late William Hendrie has been filed for probate. The estate is valued in round figures at \$2,300,000, of which \$1,968,727.50 is in stocks and bonds. The estate is divided equally among the children, Col. J. H. Hendrie, M. P. P. Wm. Hendrie, George Hendrie, Murray Hendrie, Mrs. John D. H. Hendrie, Toronto.

WITTE WILL RETURN.  
Moscow, July 19.—The Rusko Slovo today publishes a despatch saying that former Premier Witte and former Interior Minister Durnovo have had a conference at Geneva, Switzerland, and that M. Witte has prepared to start for St. Petersburg.

### ALL EYES ARE ON RUSSIA

Situation in the Czar's Kingdom Grows Hourly More Alarming.

SLUMP ON THE BOURSE  
Financial Effect of the Imperial Manifesto Causes Great Apprehension.

PARIS, July 23.—The Russian situation absorbs the attention of officials, the public and the press of Paris and the effect is particularly apparent on the Bourse, where the slump in Russian securities today almost caused a panic.

The financial effect of the imperial manifesto is causing apprehension as one of the chief inducements to the taking up of the last Russian loan was the

NEWFOUNDLAND MAY JOIN.  
Rumor That Earl Grey May Discuss Confederation on His Visit.

Halifax, N. S., July 21.—A story comes from St. John's, Newfoundland, that a visit of Earl Grey to Newfoundland which he will make toward the end of this month has distinctly a special significance. Governor MacGregor who represents the British crown in Newfoundland is known to be strongly in favor of the entrance of that colony into the Canadian confederation, and it is understood that when his excellency visits in Canada some time ago he talked the matter over with Earl Grey. Now Earl Grey is returning his visit and it is believed that one of the objects of the visit is to renew the discussion of the question.

A FAIR PILOT.  
Chicago, Ill., July 21.—Mrs. Ogden McClurg of this city, a daughter-in-law of the late General A. C. McClurg was today given her final papers bestowing the rank of pilot and master of the great lakes. Mrs. McClurg is the first woman to receive this distinction on the great lakes. She is now captain of the "Sea Fox," the McClurg steam yacht.

STOLEN RACEHORSE FOUND.  
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FIRE AT GRAND FORKS.  
Forty Thousand the Estimated Loss—Narrow Escape of Town.  
Grand Forks, B. C., July 23.—The largest fire in Grand Forks happened at one o'clock this morning. The big furniture store of J. W. Jones, worth \$300,000, an old brick office owned by E. H. McCarter, valued at \$500, and three small dwellings belonging to Charles E. Knapp, valued at \$500, were totally destroyed. It is reported that the furniture store was covered by some \$150,000 insurance. Mr. Jones is at present in the Similkameen district.

SUSPECTED MURDERER HAS BEEN REMANDED  
Strong Circumstantial Evidence Pointing to the Guilt of R. Featherstone.  
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Imperial Manifesto.  
St. Petersburg, July 23.—Following is the text of the imperial manifesto dissolving parliament:  
"We called the representatives of the nation by our will to the work of productive legislation, confiding firmly in divine clemency and believing in the great and brilliant future of our people. We expected benefits for the country from their labors. We proposed great reforms in all departments of the nation's life. We have always devoted the greatest care to the removal of the ignorance of the people by the light of instruction and to the removal of the burdens of the people by facilitating the conditions of great work."

Confusion Arises.  
The peasants, disturbed by such anomalies, seeing no hope for the amelioration of their lot, resorted in a number of districts to open pillage, destruction of other people's property and disobedience of the law. But our subjects ought to remember that improving the lot of the people is only possible under conditions of perfect order and tranquility. We shall not allow arbitrary, illegal action, and shall impose our imperial will on the disobedient by all the force of the power of the state.

BUILDING COLLAPSES.  
South Farmington, Mass., July 23.—The Amsten building, an uncompleted structure, collapsed today. Ten men were reported to be buried in the ruins. At six o'clock six bodies had been taken from the ruins and 10 injured sent to the hospital.

### UNIONS ENTER POLITICAL FIELD

Council of Labor Issues Federation of Labor Issues Its Manifesto.

TO FIGHT FOR INFLUENCE  
Campaign Based on Allegation That Little Attention Is Now Paid to Demands.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor today declared its determination to enter the field of politics in the interest of the trade union movement and to urge all friends of organized labor to elect to political offices men known to be favorable to labor's cause. At the headquarters of the federation the council today issued its "campaign programme" addressed to "all organized labor and its friends in the United States."

DECLARED A DIVIDEND.  
Roseland, B. C., July 23.—The Canadian Mining & Smelting company of Canada has declared a dividend of 2-1/2 per cent on its capital stock, payable on August 1st. The capital is \$5,500,000 but there is about \$800,000 still in the treasury. This is the second quarterly dividend for the year. The company early in the year announced that it would pay quarterly dividends at the rate of 10 per cent per annum.

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### WALL STREET NESTOR DIES VERY SUDDENLY

Russel Sage's Long Life Ended—He Was Almost Ninety.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Russel Sage, the aged financier, died at his home, Cedar Croft, Lawrence, Long Island, yesterday. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, resulting from a complication of diseases due to old age. He would have celebrated his 90th birthday on August 4.

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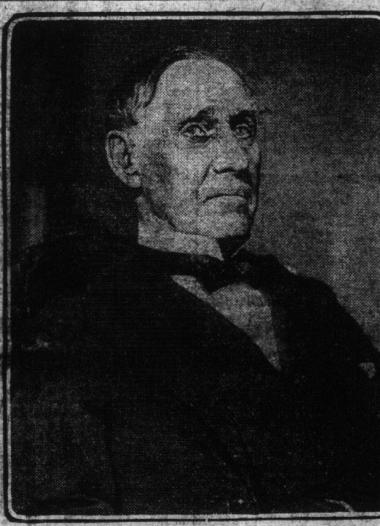
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THE LATE RUSSELL SAGE.

An Absolute Cure For DYSPEPSIA

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Belching of gas after eating, mean weakness. By means of its muscles, the stomach should churn the food—changing solids into liquids—mixing in the gastric juice to start digestion.

Fruit-A-Tives

strengthen the stomach—just as juicy beef and eggs and milk strengthen the wasted frame of a patient getting over Typhoid.

FRUIT-A-TIVES contain the elements that give new vigor to the muscles, stimulate the digestive glands and assure a copious flow of gastric juice for each meal.

More than that, FRUIT-A-TIVES correct the Constipation which usually attends stomach trouble—and by acting directly on kidneys and liver, put the whole system in healthy condition.

FRUIT-A-TIVES are a peculiar combination of fruit juices and tonics that are known all over Canada for their wonderful cures in all stomach, liver and kidney troubles.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price if your druggist does not handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, OTTAWA.

MINISTERS' SPEECHES AT BOARD OF TRADE

Hon. Capt. Tatlow Glad Board Has Taken Up "Better Terms."

COMMISSIONER OF LANDS AND WORKS

Discusses Annual Report of the Board Presented at the Meeting.

The speeches of Hon. Capt. Tatlow and Hon. R. F. Green at the recent annual meeting of the Board of Trade, are appended.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen.—This is, I think, the third occasion which you have done me the honor to request me to present at the annual meeting of this Board of Trade. On the former occasions that I have been present here it has been to apologize to you for the absence of my colleagues. In fact, I think on all those occasions I was the only minister at that time in Victoria.

However, I managed today to reinforce myself with the Honorable Minister of Lands and Works. At the same time I am requested by the Honorable the Premier to express his regret at not being able to attend with you today owing to his having left for Kaituma last evening.

I might say personally I see a great many things in the report that make me wish he were here to give you his views on the report which was handed to me by your secretary within the last twenty-four hours, and I have read it over with some interest. It seems to me, Mr. Chairman, that a great many of the nearly all the matters contained in it are more of federal than provincial policy.

There are a great many matters referred to which you will have to deal with the federal government, and where that occurs I think it would be ill-advised for me at the present time to make any more than a passing reference.

represented as fully as possible. The most important of these questions that I see mentioned in this report pertain to a matter of a federal nature. There is one item, however, that I might in passing allude to that bears more particularly upon the provincial government. (Quoting report.) "It is remarked that there is a lack of information in the provincial government office as to the status of the lands."

My colleague, the Commissioner of Lands and Works, is here with me today, and I do not want to tell you that his plans are in regard to this matter a little more lucidly than I might be able to do. At the same time I might say, we feel as you have so ably expressed it, that our financial position is now such that we can afford to spend more money in the way you point out. (Hear, hear.)

In fact, we have already taken some steps in that direction. On the other hand, information has been lately increased insofar as the staff is concerned, and we are getting out a larger amount of work than ever before. It has been made necessary, in view of the fact that we are having a much larger demand for such from different portions of this continent, and more especially from Europe, that we have had to, before, consequently necessitating the extra staff employed. This, however, I only allude to show you we are trying to keep up with the requirements in that respect.

As regards obtaining information of the mineral portions of the province, I might say that within the last few days Mr. W. P. Robertson, the provincial mineralogist, has been out with a party for this purpose. They will commence at Hazelton, going along through the Peace River valley, and through the northern portion of the Dominion district. We expect that will be of very material use to us, as I dare say, Mr. Chairman, you know a great portion of that part of the province has been locked up in years past in consequence of the Settlement Bill of 1884, by which we all agreed to give a grant of three and a half million acres to the Dominion government, the place that lay under a reserve. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, however, has promised us that he will have his surveys of the land completed within the next few months, and the Dominion government will possibly be able to come to an arrangement with us as to where their three and a half million acres will be located. And consequent on that being done, and the return of Mr. Robertson, we will be able to deal intelligently with the portion which will then belong to the province.

On Vancouver Island we have at the present time a survey going on by Mr. Carmichael, of the department, who, while looking for mineral, is taking special care to report on the building material of the western coast of Vancouver Island. These are the two principal surveys that are going on at the present time.

In regard to the surveys of land, Mr. Green, I think, will tell you presently what is being done in the Nechaco and Bulkley valleys, in which, though previously surveyed, inaccuracies have crept in, necessitating further surveys. As we have parties there at the present time rectifying these surveys so that this land will be ready for settlement, I hope in the near future, when the rectification work will have been completed, the portions of the interior ready to hand over to the incoming settlers.

Now, Mr. Chairman, I see that in this report you have mentioned a short memo. of mine on the agriculture of the province, which your secretary was kind enough to ask me to give. I do not think it necessary to enlarge upon that, except to say that I am very gratified by the circumstances. We find the importation of agricultural products during the last year, 1905, to the amount of \$800,000, which is a very large increase in the value of the goods imported, and the greater demand for products which has taken place in that time, shows that we are certainly to be increased at a very fair ratio. At the same time it is of interest to point out that even if we have decreased the value of our exports of agricultural products, we have not lost out over two millions of dollars for four articles, which we could very well produce in the province. Those products are—wheat, barley, oats, and flax. We find the importation of agricultural products during the last year, 1905, to the amount of \$800,000, which is a very large increase in the value of the goods imported, and the greater demand for products which has taken place in that time, shows that we are certainly to be increased at a very fair ratio.

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I am pleased just now to note your reference to the improvement of the conditions of the province, and most correctly so, Mr. Chairman. And I have great satisfaction in being able to say that this financial improvement is largely due to the exploration and the raw material of the province itself.

Once more the estimated receipts from the lumber industry have shown a very marked increase, and I have participated. When I met you last year I was able to tell you that the lumber industry was in a very thriving condition, and the receipts from royalties and so on were over a million dollars, and this year we have exceeded last year by exactly the same amount. Our receipts from the province for the year ending at the present year are some \$508,000, as against \$410,000 for last year, showing that we have come out on the right side. Some slighter than ago, when these estimates were made, we could not estimate by the condition of affairs at that time, and we were only able to estimate some \$325,000, and the actual receipts had been some \$308,000. That shows you that not only the condition of the industry is good, but it has very substantially increased. At the present time there are in this province some 126 mills, with daily capacity of some 126,000,000 feet of lumber, and a quarter million feet of sawed lumber. The actual production of these mills for the past year was some 510,000,000 feet, which will long continue the capacity of the mills. At the present time, the mills are nearly all increasing their production, and there are some 126 mills, with daily capacity of some 126,000,000 feet of lumber, and a quarter million feet of sawed lumber.

to congratulate ourselves on the fact that we are able to handle the great output within the confines of British Columbia. If we take, Mr. Chairman, the returns of the four principal industries of this country for the past year—agriculture, lumber, fish, and coal—the fish estimate we obtained from the Dominion government returns lately issued, and amounts to some \$7,500,000 for the year 1905. We find that the returns on the production of our four industries in the province amounted to \$43,000,000, which, when you consider the population of the province, is almost phenomenal.

It would not be surprising if we considered a fair estimate of at least \$10,000,000 for other industries in the province not enumerated, you will get an amount of some \$53,000,000 for a population of 1,000,000 people. (Sound applause.) I think this is a condition of affairs on which we have every reason to congratulate ourselves, and to wish that this condition of affairs is able to contribute certainly its full quota, if not more.

You have made reference in your report upon the satisfactory condition of trade in this vicinity at the present time, to the fact that applies to the province of British Columbia. There is no doubt but that we have entered upon a year of prosperity which has never been equaled in the history of the province. It is impossible for us to say where the end will be, or where it will lead you. The only thing is to keep up the same kind of progress in the days of prosperity, and to be ready to meet the conditions of the past when the prospects for the immediate future were not quite so bright or so cheerful as they are now. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Chairman, I must congratulate you on the report you have been able to present to this meeting today, and wish this board every success in the coming year, and that it may continue the good work which has been done in the past. (Applause.)

Hon. R. F. Green, Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. Mr. President and Gentlemen, I am very glad to have an opportunity of meeting with you this afternoon, although I have something like an apology to make. I am sorry that I cannot be with you, as I had some days ago made an engagement necessitating my absence from the city. I am, however, very glad to be able to do so, and I believe that it is going to be one of the largest factors in the growth of the province for many years to come.

Whist I have not had an opportunity of carefully perusing your report, at the same time in glancing through it, there are one or two items to which I might refer. In the first place, in company with my colleague, Capt. Tatlow, I wish to congratulate this board upon the production of such a report, and the prosperous condition of the country generally. It is a very gratifying circumstance that your report to be issued. Your board is certainly not lost sight of what is necessary to further the interests of the city and the province, and I am glad to see that in going from page to page of the report one finds nothing in it but what can be said if carried out to a proper extent, will be a benefit to the province as a whole. (Loud applause.)

The question of the railway bridge at the north end of the island, and a good many of the other questions dealt with in your report, have been very fully and carefully considered by the Board of Trade, and I believe that the people of the province, when they read your report, will be very much gratified by the extent to which I might almost say every line of it partakes of the character of provincial rather than local interest.

Now, as to the question of the general prosperity of the country: I will venture to say, a great many of you are in active business, and I believe that you are in different portions of the province, that the statement of my colleague, Capt. Tatlow, that we are in the midst of a very successful year, is verified by you. I have had an opportunity afforded me lately of traveling practically from one end of the province to the other and nowhere are the signs of prosperity so manifest as they are in the very near future a much greater influx of capital into the province than it has ever known in the past.

Coming down to the local matters in connection with the question of surveys, I am sorry to say that up to the present the government has not been in a position to supply the money necessary to survey the province, and to get the information it should have in proper shape to hand out to intending settlers. This has not only been a great loss to the province, but it has also been a great loss to the people of the province, who have been without the means with which to have the work carried out in the province. It is a matter of regret that the government has not been in a position to supply the money necessary to survey the province, and to get the information it should have in proper shape to hand out to intending settlers. This has not only been a great loss to the province, but it has also been a great loss to the people of the province, who have been without the means with which to have the work carried out in the province.

over that property to them and I may remark we have done nothing that we put us in a position of not being able to do that at any moment; though we did inform the Dominion government, through their agent, that unless they were prepared to do something with it, immediately we felt that they should pay for the property. (Applause.)

I have no hesitation in saying that if the Dominion authorities will say to us, "We are prepared to expend money upon that particular point for the betterment of the harbor," and if they can show us that the intended improvements will benefit the community, I firmly believe my colleagues will join with me in handing that property over to the Dominion government free of cost. (Loud applause.) There is nothing that can do more for the City of Victoria than better facilities in your immediate harbor and I believe you are moving in the right direction and am firmly convinced that if you press the matter, a better harbor will be provided for the city, and that Victoria harbor will eventually be one of the finest on the coast.

I do not know that I can say anything more at the present moment that would be of interest to you except possibly I might point out that not alone is the timber industry, which is one of our natural products in a "boom stage" may I say, (though there is in this a legitimate extension,) at any rate there is the same prosperity and growth prevailing throughout the province that we find in the lumber industry. Considering land for a minute—in the past, when one went into the Government office from one end of the province to the other and looked over the notice boards for applications to purchase and pre-empt land, there were only one or two, one, two, three, four or possibly no applications at all. That condition, however, has been changed, and to show how great the change has been I may say that when in the Government office at Nelson the other day I found there were something like ninety applications for the purchase of land in that vicinity, and a similar condition prevailed in all the other land offices in the province because the public are beginning to realize what our land will produce. They are beginning to realize how, out of a small area of land, they can make a living for themselves and their families; and, if we are able to keep that work up and supply intending settlers with the information necessary to enable them to properly settle upon the land, then I believe that it is going to be one of the largest factors in the growth of the province for many years to come.

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Two Crowded Excursion Steamers in New York Harbor Collide. New York, July 19.—Two crowded excursion steamers, in collision off New York harbor, Sunday night, imperiling the lives of 1,500 passengers but neither in the crash itself nor in the panic which followed was any one seriously injured.

The vessels were the Persens of the Iron Steamship Company, bound for Coney Island, with 500 passengers on board, and the Patten, of the Patten line, bound from Long Beach to New York, carrying 1,000 passengers. The shrill whistles of the colliding boats in the moonlight, and the cries of the passengers were transferred as quickly as possible and brought to this city.

THE DEADLY AUTO. Buffalo, N. Y., July 20.—Walter M. Wilson, a pawnbroker and well known some years ago as a promoter of athletic meets, was killed this afternoon in an automobile accident.

A WARNING NOTE REGARDING INDIA

Secretary Morley Explains Necessity of Excluding Colony From Party Politics. LONDON, July 20.—Introducing the Indian budget in the House of Commons this afternoon, Indian Secretary Morley sounded a warning note on the necessity of excluding India from party politics.

Time Ripe for an Advance in the improvement of the system of the government of India. Everybody knows that there was a new spirit abroad in India. There might be discontent but there was no dissatisfaction among the people and the present government of India was in full sympathy with the desires of the people for the introduction of more western ideas.

There is one matter in this report which is possibly of purely local interest, and that is in regard to the harbor improvements of your city. I just wish to say in this connection that the Government of Victoria, which you have asked the Dominion government to purchase, is still a portion of the domain of the province, and it is to be hoped that it will be given to them (hear, hear).

SIX LIVES LOST IN COLLISION

Tug Chehalis Founders After Colliding With the Princess Victoria in Narrows.

Princess Victoria Lowered Lifeboat and Picked Up Some of the Victims.

THE DROWNED.

Mrs. Robert Bryce, wife of Robert Bryce of the Union Steamship Company. Dr. A. W. Hutton, doctor of the missionary steamer Columbia. P. J. Chick, purser of the steamer Cassiar. W. H. Crawford, deckhand. Hilda Mason, aged 10. Charles Benwell, aged 9. Two firemen, Japanese. Cook, a Chinese.

THE SAVED.

Captain Howse, master of the Chehalis. P. G. Shallock, of Shallock & Macaulay. Joseph O. Benwell. Robert H. Bryce. R. N. Rich.

THE steamer Princess Victoria was in collision off Brockton Point at 2 p. m. yesterday with the steamer Chehalis of the Union Steamship Company, and nine persons were drowned as a result of the sinking of the latter vessel. Six were saved. The Princess Victoria was uninjured.

The Chehalis, which had been on the ways at Vancouver having a new propeller fitted, had been relanching, and left Vancouver about noon on a coast cruise with a pleasure party which planned to be absent three weeks. A call was made at North Vancouver for Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Bryce, whose home is on the North Vancouver side.

The Princess Victoria left her wharf a little later than usual. She swung around the coal hulk Robert Kerr, lying in Vancouver harbor, and headed for the Narrows. A strong flood tide was running against the ferry line. The Princess Victoria was on her usual course, a little nearer the Brockton Point side of the Narrows, when she struck the Chehalis. The collision was a severe one, and the Chehalis was turned on her side.

The Chehalis was sheered the same way as the Victoria, though she was in the Narrows, and the smaller steamer sheered toward the Princess Victoria as the latter vessel began to steam into the Narrows. It seemed to those on board the Victoria as though the Chehalis was trying to cross the bows of the C. P. R. steamer from starboard. On the other bow of the Princess Victoria was a gasoline launch. The steamer, going at high speed, whistled twice, but Captain Howse of the Chehalis did not alter her course. Instead, it seemed, perhaps due to the strong tide, that the Chehalis swung more in line of the Princess Victoria, which was turned to port in the effort to clear the white liner struck the Chehalis.

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It is probable that efforts will be made to raise the steam tug Chehalis. Many witnesses of the collision believe that the vessel will be found practically intact, other than for the damage to the deckhouse.

GATEMANS KILLED PRISONERS OF WAR

Indignant Protests of Salvadoreans That Enemy Violated Hague Convention. SAN SALVADOR, Friday, July 20.—The Salvadorean newspapers indignantly accuse the Guatemalan troops of having killed the Salvadorean prisoners as soon as they were captured. They say that General Cysales, when the armistice was signed returned to the Guatemalan army all the imprisoned officers and soldiers of Guatemalans, but the Guatemalans were unable to take a corresponding step because all the prisoners they had captured had been shot.

boat, and the crew hurried amongst the wreckage seeking others. R. N. Rich, an oyster burrent sent out from England to examine beds at Blundell Harbor, was picked up; and Joseph Benwell, of Benwell & Peart, Vancouver, Robert Bryce, wife of Robert Bryce, drowned, and another were taken from the water. All were taken on board the Princess Victoria, where the stewards promptly attended to their wants when the clothes were removed for them. None of the survivors were injured.

All those seen in the water were picked up, and search was made for other possible survivors. It seemed, though, that the others had gone down with the boat without escaping from the deckhouse, where, it is stated, the company was at lunch when the disaster took place. The firemen went down in the hull of the steamer.

As far as can be learned, the tide had much to do with swinging the tug in the path of the steamer. The Chehalis was running almost directly north when she struck the straggling flood tide, which set the vessel further and further to the eastward. The Princess Victoria with her great power was not affected by the force of the tide as was the smaller vessel, and the liner made good time against the rush of water.

The Chehalis was meanwhile thrown back by the flooding tide nearer the oncoming liner. Had she been able to maintain the collision, the Chehalis was running when first sighted from the Princess Victoria she would have cleared; but she seemed to sheer northward, and the Princess Victoria approached. Whether Captain Howse answered the two whistles blown by the Princess Victoria is not definite; some of the company of the Princess Victoria say that he did not. However, the Chehalis swung in until her port bow was caught against the starboard bow of the Princess Victoria, and the force of the blow swung her around, and she rolled over and foundered.

After picking up the survivors the Princess Victoria was headed back to the wharf at Vancouver, where there was much excitement. The rescued passengers were sent ashore, and at 3 p. m. the steamer made a second start for Victoria, arriving at 7:20 p. m. The officers declined to make any statement regarding the occurrence.

Among those whose lives were lost in the disaster were Dr. A. W. Hutton, who is well known in Victoria. Dr. Hutton, the physician and surgeon of the missionary steamer Columbia, which has been cruising for some time on the northern coast of British Columbia, in charge of Rev. Mr. Artley, minister of the Presbyterian church at Esquimalt, the Columbia is now at Vancouver being overhauled; and Dr. Hutton had taken advantage of the cruise of the Chehalis to visit his parishioners of the northern coast. Dr. Hutton has been on the Columbia since the missionary steamer started its work after being dedicated at the government wharf at Victoria by His Excellency Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Dr. Hutton had just been appointed corner and his appointment was gazetted this week and published in the Colonist of Thursday last.

Nothing is known here regarding W. H. Crawford, the deckhand, or the two Japanese firemen or Chinese cook. The two other victims were children—Charles Benwell, aged 9, and Hilda Mason, aged 10. One of the objects of the cruise of the Chehalis to the north was to visit the north coast of the province, and to see the oyster beds at the extreme north of Vancouver Island. Messrs. Bryce and Chick were interested in the oyster beds, and were negotiating to sell them to an English company. Mr. R. N. Rich, who survived the disaster, was an expert sent out by the English capitalists to examine the oyster beds, and upon his report the purchase depended.

It will be seen that under the authority of this clause of the new Customs Act it will be possible for Germany to exclude Canadian products altogether.

Report on Crops

The following telegram has been received at the department of agriculture from Wm. Saunders, director of experimental farms, now in the West. "Have seen the crops in Manitoba and Saskatchewan to this point. Grain of all sorts is well headed and generally very promising, very little disease reported. The wheat is in the best of condition. The view expressed on Dominion crops is not a narrow selfishness, but a promise is so great that there should be far beyond the narrow device of tariff bonds. The result of the day was far distant, but a noble bond than either of the bond which he thought, and Providence, was likely to be in the future—the bond of common development." This task, that our end was not simply to granaries or make our fortunes easy to the world the message of British freedom, self-reliance, of justice. "These are the ideas are beginning to influence public opinion in their attitude toward the colonies. The result of the day was far distant, but a noble bond than either of the bond which he thought, and Providence, was likely to be in the future—the bond of common development." This task, that our end was not simply to granaries or make our fortunes easy to the world the message of British freedom, self-reliance, of justice.

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NO TRUTH IN SEALING STORY

Premier Laurier Declares There is no Negotiation on Fov Treaties.

NEW GERMAN TARIFF

A Tremendous Discrimination Against Goods Imported Under General Tariff.

OTTAWA, July 20.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier when shown the despatch from Victoria stating that a treaty was being negotiated at Washington whereby Canada would relinquish the right to pelagic sealing in return for 25 per cent. of the revenue from the Pribilof rookeries, declared that there is no truth in the story. "No such treaty," he said, "is being negotiated."

Further examination of the new German tariff shows that the discrimination against goods imported under the general tariff is from 50 to 500 per cent.; but should duties under this general tariff prove insufficient to satisfy Germany's desire for retaliation against Canada, a clause in the Tariff Act gives the government of that country power to make the schedule tariff prohibitive. This clause reads: "Dutiable goods, proceeding from states that treat German ships or products less favorably than those of other nations, may, without prejudice to the tariff duties to be burdened with a surtax ranging up to 100 per cent. of the tariff duty imposed on such goods, or even with a surtax equivalent to the total value of the goods themselves."

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27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One year \$1.00, Six months .50, Three months .25

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.

It is a very old adage that prevention is better than cure. No adage, old or new, is truer. We have heard a great deal about the prevention and treatment of tuberculosis.

All such expedients are having the hearty support of the community, although they are not adopted as generally as they might be. Life saved is life gained, and it all tends to the general betterment of the community.

Beyond these expedients and these facilities for the treatment of consumptives is a very wide field of prevention regarding which we hear or read but very little, emanating even from the medical profession.

Now to some extent the criticism directed towards the veterinary, so far as live stock is concerned is coming to the medical profession so far as human beings are concerned. It may be said with some truth that the mission of both is to cure disease not to prevent it.

The facts of right living from a physical point of view are not properly impressed upon the mind of the public. The germs of tuberculosis might in rare cases find lodgment in the system of a healthy person and develop, so as to endanger life.

We need not expatiate upon the germ theory, which is so familiar to all now-a-days. It is a theory which illustrates a very ancient idea about the struggle of opposing forces of good and evil in the universe.

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WILL SAN FRANCISCO RISE?

There are many and diverse opinions on this subject. So far very little progress has been made in the way of rebuilding. As described to us by a recent arrival from that city, San Francisco is still full of dust and devastation.

The other morning, says the paper which has been so long in the hands of the medical profession, the interior were soon jammed with thirty, throngs, while outside long lines of drinkers waited their turn to reach the trough.

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THE PIG IRON INDUSTRY OF THE UNITED STATES.

The last report issued by the bureau of census of the United States, and which refers to the year 1904, shows some remarkable statistics connected with this industry, says Engineering.

capital expenditure. The return on capital invested was 33 per cent in 1900; but this, owing to the large increase of capital, has fallen to 9 per cent in 1904.

THE PROBLEM OF FARM HELP.

The supply of labor in nearly all industrial callings is scarce. It is not so much the case in regard to skilled labor, as in respect to what we usually term unskilled labor.

THE COLONIST POSITION ENDORSED.

(Victoria Times, July 20.) But we are not prejudiced against the Esquimalt Water Works Company. We are impressed by the enterprise the company has displayed and by the foresight it has manifested.

BARN BUILDING.

The Colonist the other day had a reference to Bulletin No. 18, published by the provincial department of agriculture, treating of the "Farm Barn."

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

The London Times, July 2. The Dominion of Canada entered upon the fortieth year of its federate existence, amid the universal rejoicings of a prosperous and confident nation.

one-third less than in the ordinary barn or drive shed. Mr. Logan is to be highly congratulated upon his success in endeavoring to solve a problem satisfactorily.

THE CITY WATER SUPPLY.

The advocates of Mayor Morley's policy on the water question shift their premises each day as the props of their arguments fall from under them.

Russia is on the verge of a great crisis. The prize list for the Nelson fair to be held on September 18th to 21st, has been received.

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A correspondent signing himself "Rural District" writes complaining about the length of the circular holidays, and protests against paying teachers' salaries all that time.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Apples (imported) \$1.15 to \$1.25, Bananas, per bunch \$3.00 to \$3.50, Lemons (choice), per box \$7.00.

PRODUCE.

Eggs (local), per doz. 22 1/2, Butter (local), creamery 25, Comb honey 18.

MEATS.

Tongues, per lb. 8 to 10, Beef, per lb. 8 to 10, Mutton, per lb. 8 to 10.

FOODSTUFFS.

American wheat, per ton \$22.00, Manitoba wheat, per ton \$22.00, Oats, Island, per ton \$22.00.

FLOUR.

Flour, Hungarian, per bbl. \$5.50, Flour, Hungarian, Lake of the Woods, Five Roses, per bbl. \$5.35.

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Flour, Hungarian, per bbl. \$5.50, Flour, Hungarian, Lake of the Woods, Five Roses, per bbl. \$5.35.

THE HAIRS STAY IN

Our stock has been augmented by the famous "SILVER DRAWN" English Tooth Brush. The hairs are permanently secured by SILVER WIRE and the brush is backed with SILVER WAX.

THE HAIRS CANNOT COME OUT. Positively the best 25 cent Tooth Brush made anywhere.

See the way the hair stays in at SHOTBOLT'S, PIONEER DRUG STORE, JOHNSON STREET

OUR COUNTRY AND MAIL CUSTOMERS

Are advised we close every Wednesday afternoon at one. Mail orders will be promptly shipped Wednesday morning.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

THE GROCERS

111 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

Where you get the Best Things to Eat and Drink. R.1218

New Townsite KITSILAS New Townsite

SKEENA RIVER, B. C.

Miners, prospectors, tourists and intending settlers for the Telkwa and Bulkley Valleys and the new Eldorado Mining Camps, adjoining Kitilas, will find it to their advantage to buy Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Clothing and Mining Supplies from

Goods Sold at J. W. PATERSON Goods Sold at

Coast Prices. KITSILAS Coast Prices.

TOWN LOTS, 50x100, FOR SALE. PRICE \$100.00 AND UP.

This beautiful Townsite is situated at the mouth of Kitilas Canyon, Skeena River, B. C., is accessible by steamers from the Coast at all times from the opening to close of navigation. Splendid Hunting and Fishing Grounds. For further information apply to

J. W. PATERSON

References: The Very Rev. Dean Paget, Rev. W. J. Kirby, Rev. Dr. Herdman, Rev. F. Patterson.

WESTERN CANADA COLLEGE

CALGARY, ALBERTA.

New Separate Building With School. Accommodation for 150 Boys. Five Masters. 20 Acres of Grounds. New Gymnasium.

The Autumn Term begins on September 14, 1906. In the College, Senior Classes personally prepared for the University, Professional, and Royal Military College Examinations. Very special training for Business Life and in Writing and Drawing.

Principal: DR. A. O. MORAY.

References: The Very Rev. Dean Paget, Rev. W. J. Kirby, Rev. Dr. Herdman, Rev. F. Patterson.

ELITE STUDIO

56 Fort Street

PHOTOS AMATEUR DEVELOPING AND ENLARGING

PRICES MODERATE.

Poultry and Livestock

FOR SALE—Fresh calved Jersey cow, Apr. 1906, by H. Evans, Cadboro Bay, \$45.00.

FOR SALE—Fox terriers, Millet, Coutts street, \$121.

WANTED—Orders for dressed poultry, young chickens and young ducks, Mrs. C. H. Coutts street, \$121.

FOR SALE—Cheap No. 2 Melrose separator, also some good old hay and young fresh-calved cow, Richmond, Strawberry Vale, \$121.

FOR SALE—Freshly calved cow, gentle, third calf (heifer), McAnally, Mt. P. O., \$119.

FOR SALE—Horse for sale, 44 Quebec street, \$118.

SETTER DOG WANTED—Irish or Gordon; thoroughly broken. Apply with description P. O. Drawer 981. Good price for satisfactory dog. \$118.

FOR SALE—Work horse, 1400 lbs, true and good worker, \$75. Holmes, Strathcona, \$114.

FOR SALE—Team of horses; quiet to drive, double or single, 10 years old, weight 1,200 lbs. L. Ogilvie Forde, Cobble Hill, \$112.

FOR SALE—One black horse, five years, sixteen hands high, very gentle. One bay horse, six years, good driver. One sorrel horse, six years, heavy and good worker. Also buggies, carts, wagons and harness. Apply I. J. Fleisher's Carriage Shop, Store St. \$112.

PRODUCE.

Eggs (local), per doz. 22 1/2, Butter (local), creamery 25, Comb honey 18.

MEATS.

Tongues, per lb. 8 to 10, Beef, per lb. 8 to 10, Mutton, per lb. 8 to 10.

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Flour, Hungarian, Lake of the Woods, Five Roses, per bbl. \$5.35.

Flour, pastry flour, Moffet's Drift, per bbl. \$5.00.

Flour, bran, per ton \$25.00.

Flour, shorts, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, middlings, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, extra, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, superfine, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, whole, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, cracked, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, bolted, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, sifter, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, roller, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, mill, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, stone, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, water, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, wind, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, fire, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, steam, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, water, per ton \$27.00.

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Flour, water, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, wind, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, fire, per ton \$27.00.

Flour, steam, per ton \$27.00.

Ask for Amherst solid wear. Commissioner—Charles been appointed gold-mining New Westminster mining the place and stand of Mackay, resigned.

A Rich Property.—A gold mine has just returned from the country says the most important in the district is what the Loring group of claims, rich ore has been found, so high as \$3,000 to the ton.

Appointment Teachers.—At the Saanich trustees last following teachers were appointed: Miss Helen Peck, Miss Lillian Leidy, Miss Mrs. Ada Howell, West St. Marion Offerhaus, Elk Blanche McDonald.

Civil Engineers.—Through the efforts of the Canadian Pacific the proposed trip of the City of Civil Engineers to Coast will be carried out from the donors, who are connected with the south and North convenience of members party from western Ontario.

Funeral of E. B. Kitto.—of the late Frances Bowyer place yesterday at Christ church. The Bishop of Vancouver, the Rev. Canon Beattie, the service, and the following men acted as pallbearers: Allen, Rev. Leslie Clay, Messrs. E. Baynes Road, Thornton Fell, A. J. Dallan, B. Holden.

Presentation.—Prior to British Columbia for his work in the Canadian Pacific schooner Baden Powell, at his watch, accompanied with a number of donors, who expressed their appreciation of his qualities possessed by a captain.

Another Pioneer Gone.—So path, a resident of Nanaimo, path 17 years, died Thursday, Westminister, after a brief illness, who was a native of Scotland, twenty years ago, at that province arrived in Nanaimo, and he there continued to work on the schooner Baden Powell, at his watch, accompanied with a number of donors, who expressed their appreciation of his qualities possessed by a captain.

Timber Export.—C. G. ers, of the Punjab district, who holds the office of deputy for of forests in the Imperial Forest Department, who has spent the greater part of the office of Crown Timber, Mr. Rogers, a letter from the Dominion forestry department instructing the local officials all possible information on of forestry. He is understood to be on his way to the office of the world which he will due time to his government.

Eagles Entertain.—At Lad Wednesday evening about 5:30 sat down at a banquet to the local Aerie of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, Provincial President J. J. Wachtel, earlier hours of the evening held a session in the aerie, during about 9 o'clock below, where a sumptuous dinner was prepared. After doing the many good things to do, a list of ten songs and songs and recitations, held of the banquet and served the evening in a most agreeable manner.

Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Infantum, Severe Stomach and Bowel Complaint, and all other ailments of the digestive system may be rapidly cured by DR. WILD'S

White Visiting Victoria, B. C. Stay at the HOTEL VICTORIA

Which is the most centrally located and best appointed. Family Hotel in the city. Rates, \$1.50 per day up, American plan, and 50c up, European plan.

WALTER MILLINGTON, Prop. Free 'Bus. Free Baths.

Wild The medicine cures you. You don't expect pleasure to tell of what has done for me. I have never had to take

Mrs. ELIAS A. M. fill a whole column with Wild Strawberry. It saved the life of one

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

THE WESTERN MEDICINE CO., LTD. VICTORIA, B. C. Particulars at 404 Government Street, Phone 143 or 929A.

Brace Up!

TAKE BOWES' BEEF IRON WINE

A Tonic that makes you feel young again

A Real Summer Bracer

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST

98 GOVERNMENT ST., Near Yates St.

See Our Line of LADIES' SIDE COMBS

STAY IN "SILVER DRAWN" English by SILVER WIRE and the best COME OUT anywhere. STORE, JOHNSON STREET

CUSTOMERS Wednesday afternoon promptly shipped

S & CO.

Victoria, B. C.

R. 1318

AS New Townsite BER, B. C.

settlers for the Kelwa and Camp, adjoining Kitlasas, series, provisions, Hardware, piles from

Goods Sold at Coast Prices.

PRICE \$100.00 AND UP.

the mouth of Kitlasas Canyon, from the Coast at all times and Hunting and Fishing

PERSON

A COLLEGE

BERTA. Accommodation for 150 Boys. New Gymnasium.

in the School. Senior Classes and Royal Military College Life and in Writing and Drawing the College. Classes conducted at Toronto University.

McRAE. W. J. Kirby, Rev. Dr. Herdman.

ths, Marriages, Deaths

BORN

AY—At Cowichan, July 18, the wife of George H. A. Mowbray, of

—On the 19th instant, at "Rock", Rockland avenue, the wife of Duthbert Holmes, India Civil Retiree, of a son.

—On the 20th instant, at Saanichton, the wife of H. Collins Connor, of a daughter.

MARRIED

MAN-SALSBERY—At Christ Church, Vancouver, on the 18th inst., Mr. C. C. Owen, Henry George, of Victoria, to Miss Lillian, daughter of W. F. Salsbery, Esq., of Vancouver.

the Spott-Shaw BUSINESS University

COUVER, B. C.

ST. W.

Choice of 2 to 4 Positions.

graduate. Students always in Great Demand.

graphy, Printing and Gregg Short-handling, Typewriting (on the six makes of machines), and Lectures by competent specialists.

OTT, B. A., Principal.

HIVEN, B. A., Vice-President.

BERTS, Gregg Short-handling.

INNER, Pitman Short-handling.

Visiting Victoria, B. C.

Stay at the

TEL VICTORIA

the most centrally located and

ated. Family Hotel in the city.

50 per day up, American plan,

up, European plan.

TER MILLINGTON, Prop.

Free Bath.

ANCER

of the Stomach, Liver, Breast,

Face has been cured in Vic-

the Never Fail remedy. Try it.

it is compounded only by

ern Medicine Co'y, Ltd.

VICTORIA, B. C.

at 46A Government Street, Phone 143 or 920A.

Local News

Ask for Amherst solid leather foot-wear.

Commissioner—Charles Cunliffe has been appointed gold commissioner for the New Westminster mining division, in the place and stead of Neil Franklin Mackay, resigned.

A Rich Property.—A gentleman who has just returned from the Copper River country, says the most important property in the district is what is known as the Loring group of claims, marvelously rich ore has been found, some going as high as \$5,000 to the ton.

Appoint Teachers.—At a meeting of the Spanish trustees last evening the following teachers were appointed: Gordon Head, Miss Helen Peck; Strawberry Vale, Miss Lila Leidy; Prospect Lake, Miss Ada Howell; West Saanich, Miss Marion Ochoa; Elk Lake, Miss Blanche McDonald.

Civil Engineers.—Through the courtesy of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the proposed trip of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers to the Pacific Coast will be carried out, leaving Montreal on Saturday, September 8. Connection will be made with trains from the south and North Bay for the convenience of members joining the party from western Ontario.

Funeral of F. B. Kitto.—The funeral of the late Frances Bowyer Kitto took place yesterday at Christ Church cathedral. The Bishop of Columbia and Rev. Canon Beaulieu conducted the service, and the following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Rev. Haugh Allen, Rev. Leslie Clay, Messrs. Lindley Crease, E. Baynes Read, S. MacIure, Thornton Fell, A. J. Daltain and Dr. B. Holden.

Presentation.—Prior to leaving for British Columbia for his wife and family, Captain John Anderson, of the schooner Baden-Powell at Hilsitar, made the recipient of a handsome gold watch, accompanied with a neat address from the donors, who, one and all, expressed their appreciation of the sterling qualities possessed by the genial captain.

Another Pioneer Gone.—Samuel Redpath, a resident of Nainaimo for the past twenty years, died at his home in Westminister, after a brief illness. The deceased, who was a native of Northumberland, England, coming to Nova Scotia twenty years ago, and leaving that province arrived in Nainaimo seventeen years ago, and has resided there continuously ever since.

Miners Recorders Named.—The B. C. Gazette contains notice of the appointment of Herbert T. Hanson, of Ashcroft, to be a deputy mining recorder for the Ashcroft mining division. Constable David E. Anderson, of Quesnel, to be a deputy mining recorder for the Cariboo and Quesnel mining divisions, with headquarters at Wymont, Windy Arm.

Big Log Boom.—A boom of logs embracing 70 "cutters" containing 3,500,000 feet of lumber, worth over \$300,000, gathered from various logging camps—the biggest boom ever got together on the Pacific coast—was the imposing sight that greeted the eyes of residents around English Bay this morning, says the Vancouver World. At first those who say it rubbed their eyes and looked again. The great mass of lumber, so many dead forest monarchs, stretched away astern of the tug Sea Lion and St. Clair, like some mammoth detrital that had surely never been built by mortal hands. Now that they know what it is, many people have gone to the bay to look at the monster boom, where it lies ready to be divided up and sent to its various consignees. It is something to have looked at, too, the biggest boom of logs that ever floated on the broad bosom of the Pacific. The boom is consigned to the Canadian Lumber Company, Port Moody, Robertson & Hackett, False Creek; Cook & Tait, False Creek; Vancouver Lumber company, and J. S. Emerson.

District Crops Good.—Crops in the Saanich district are reported to be looking very fine. A. E. Gale has already disposed of over twelve tons of berries this season netting a sum well over \$2,000. The strawberries are doing very heavy and other berries, now coming in look well. Hay was somewhat divided according to location. On the higher levels the crop was somewhat light owing to the absence of rain in the spring. The lowlands, however, more than made up for this, the crop averaging between three and four tons to the acre. Bartlett pears are of first class quality, but the crop is not so large as same may be said of plums. There will be a good crop of prunes of high quality. Roots and other field crops look well and will be heavy.

The Duncan Block.—The improvements contemplated by the D. J. Jones very much improve the appearance of the Duncan block. A twenty-foot addition, two stories in height will be immediately constructed by Contractor W. A. Gleason from plans prepared by the architect. It will be constructed of brick and stone in uniform design with the balance of the block. Three large rooms will occupy the ground floor, while above there will be bedrooms and bath. Provision has been made for the addition of two more stories when necessary in conformity with the older portion of the block. Dr. Jones will reside in the building and the other conditions are completed and have his office in the portion about to be erected. The vacant land will be laid out as a garden.

Fruit Condensed.—Large quantities of California fruit are daily being condemned by Provincial Fruit Inspector Cunningham. "It would seem," he said, "that a veritable avalanche of pests and diseases must affect the district this year. It is far worse than I ever knew it to be since my connection with the department. It is possible that owing to the scarcity and consequent high price of the fruit this year strenuous efforts are being made to unload a supply here but the fact that the quality and quantity of the fruit is so small, and that the fruit is being sold at a price which will not be permitted. The fruit affected are pears, peaches and plums, and the causes of the pest are numerous. Both rail and water carriage bring the products which have failed to pass inspection."

Victoria the Mecca.—H. I. English, of Richmond, Virginia, is a guest at the Diard. Mr. English in conversation with a Colonist reporter last evening stated that he was in the city for the purpose of inspecting the real estate market, and before he leaves will probably make several investments. Mr. English stated that great interest was at the present time being taken in Victoria by the people of the eastern states, every returning tourist being an advertisement of its beauty and climate, and since his arrival he is delighted with both the city and the people. Mr. English having business interests in Richmond, does not intend to settle here, but will buy several tracts of acreage just as an investment and he feels confident that the future prosperity of Victoria is assured.

Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Stomach Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Seasickness, Summer Complaint, and all Looseness of the Bowels may be rapidly and effectually cured by the use of

DR. FOWLER'S Wild Strawberry. Extract of Wild Strawberry. The medicine with a record of cures extending over 60 years. You don't experiment when you buy it.

Miss Mary Strong, Strongville, Ont., writes: "I feel it a pleasure to tell of what Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has done for me. I have had Summer Complaint several times and have never had to take more than 3 or 4 doses before being cured."

Mrs. ELIAS A. MORRIS, Hortonville, Ont., writes: "I could fill a whole column citing the virtues of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. It has been my firm friend for years, and once it saved the life of one of my little ones. I would not be without it."

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.—Price 35c.—They're DANGEROUS.

Dominion Appraiser.—Word has been received by the Dominion Appraiser, Mr. Marchant to the station of a Dominion appraiser by order-in-council.

Gold Commissioner.—The official announcement has been made of the appointment of C. C. Fisher, government agent and water commissioner for the New Westminster district, as gold commissioner for the province. Mr. Fisher's appointment is an important one for New Westminster, as the district has previously had no resident commissioner, the work of that department being transacted at Victoria.

Missing Relatives.—The local police have received an enquiry from Alfred Wood of Babbington, Cheshire, England, in relation to the whereabouts of Flaminio Hewitt and his two nieces, Janet and Annie Bale, who left Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, England, for Vancouver, B. C., about the 21st of August, 1905. He states that in all probability they are engaged either in farming or fishing and would be pleased to hear regarding their welfare.

Property Sold.—Grant & Conyers have sold among other properties, a lot on St. Charles street for B. C. Mess to a local man, who will probably build. The same firm disposed recently of a large lot on Holladay avenue near the end of the Arm, to A. K. Munro, president of the Victoria Book & Stationery Company.

Motoring a Feature.—There is an agitation on foot to make the facilities of motoring around Victoria more a feature of the tourist association's advertising than has been the case heretofore. The importance of the matter, it is generally acknowledged, cannot be over-estimated because, if the beautiful drives in this locality were more widely known, there is no doubt that enthusiasts from outside points would come here in larger numbers. It is a question for the association and all citizens to take up energetically.

Deadman's Island.—A cable from London says that the judicial committee of the privy council has reserved judgment in the case of the appeal in Attorney-General of British Columbia vs. Attorney-General of the Dominion of Canada. This is the Deadman's Island case, which has been before the courts of the province for years, and has created a question whether the Dominion or the Province has the right to dispose of Deadman's Island, off Vancouver.

Buy George Property.—Captain John Thompson, the local police, purchased through A. S. G. Flint, within the past two or three days, the last available acreage with water front on the Gorge road. It situated adjacent the Garsche property, and a residence will soon be erected. Another new resident in that vicinity is Guy F. Pownall, lately of Fort Steele, who has just purchased a piece of property near Craigflower road, and he has just moved into the house erected from plans designed by Thomas D. Sedger.

Motor Tour.—Members of the Victoria Auto club are looking forward to a tour of the Island. It is proposed to hold the outing some time about Labor Day, September 3rd. According to present intentions, the machines will be taken to Sidney and there transferred to a scow, which will be towed by Geo. Courtenay's launch to Cowichan valley. The Victoria motorists will set out on an afternoon excursion, the trip will tour all along the east coast of the Island, going as far as Nainaimo or perhaps Wellington.

Acres Market Active.—During last week Pemberton & Sons disposed of two pieces of land near the mouth of Whinney passage and also an acre at Oak Bay to a party from the same city. The firm mentioned also sold a first class lot on Dallas road. H. H. Jones's Co. also reported the Gorge market active. During the past week they sold a piece on Cadboro Bay road for \$7000 and another on Douglas street near the city limits for \$3500 and yesterday morning concluded a deal for another area in the same vicinity for \$4000.

Washington Journalists.—A party of Washington journalists is expected to arrive in Victoria shortly. The party is composed of Irving C. Norwood, Philadelphia Star; Angus McSwiney, Philadelphia North American; Thos. J. Pennington, News and Observer; Edward G. Loring, New York Evening Post; R. H. Lindsay, Kansas City Star; D. Hastings McAdam, St. Louis Republic; W. G. Miller, Scripps-McRee Press Association; Jesse L. Carmichael, Detroit W. S. Couch, Cleveland Plain Dealer; Maurice Splain, Pittsburgh Post; J. P. Miller, Baltimore Sun; J. Elliott, Associated Press.

E. & N. Improvements.—The C. P. R. is spending a large amount of money along the line of the coast. As before stated an expenditure of between \$60,000 and \$70,000 is contemplated during the summer, and already a considerable amount has been expended. A large gang of men are being the watercourses to remove danger when the high bridges are filled in. The water will be carried under the fillings in heavy concrete caissons, and the work is now under construction. As soon as this is finished gravel trains will be placed in commission and fill in the bridges before fall.

School Savings Bank.—The school savings bank will all probably be introduced into the city schools. The manager of the Bank of British North America, Mr. Mackenzie, suggested the scheme to the chairman of the school board three months ago. At that time he had looked well into the question of school banks the matter was presented to the board of school trustees at their regular meeting. A committee was appointed, consisting of Trustees Mrs. Jenkins, Jay and the chairman, to discuss the scheme with the bank's manager. With the result that the scheme will be warmly recommended to the board early in the week.

Camping Parties Up the Line.—Now that the blackberry season is at its height, the number of camping parties at the different summer resorts along the Esquimalt & Nainaimo railway has been considerably augmented and among the many picturesque spots that are being visited, the north Saskatchewan river which affords an ideal location for living the "simple life." The sloping sandy beaches and cool clear mountain water is admirable for bathing while the river banks offer innumerable spots for pitching tents. Already several private family parties have moved up to the Koksilah valley for the summer months and the number will doubt be considerably increased when the beauties of the river become more widely known and appreciated. The special Sunday rates in effect on the Esquimalt & Nainaimo railway are meeting with considerable patronage, and deservedly so, as a splendid opportunity is thus afforded of spending a quiet day in the country at a nominal cost. It has been found that the numerous visitors to the different camps at Shawanigan Lake daily warrant the opening of the special train which leaves this city every Sunday at 2 p. m. The low rates on Sundays now extend as far as Dunsmuir, and a reduced fare of one dollar for the round trip is made.

C. C. L. Induction Motors 1/2 to 75 Horse-Power. The Westinghouse Company has developed the first alternating current induction motor—and has brought these motors to their present perfect condition. This type, C. C. L., may be placed in any location—requires no attention—and will always operate. The best motors for factories, mills, machine shops, printing-offices, etc., of all sorts. Write for illustrated booklets. Free, on request.



THE CANADIAN WESTINGHOUSE CO. LIMITED. HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS, HAMILTON, ONT. MONTEAL, TORONTO, HALIFAX, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER. Write nearest office.

Sunshine Furnace. You can shake down a "Sunshine" furnace without getting covered with ashes and dust—has a dust fire through which all the dust and ashes escape when you shake down the fire. This heater is so easily regulated and operated, and so clean, that it makes the entire household bright and genial. Sold by all enterprising dealers. Booklet free.



HON. L. BORDEN, LEADER OF CONSERVATIVE PARTY. GENERAL MANAGER.

McClary's LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER, ST. JOHN, HAMILTON. H. COOLEY, Sole Agent.

Hewitt Located.—Yesterday the local police were successful in tracing the whereabouts of Fleming Hewitt who is being sought by Alfred Wood of the Babineau Hotel, Chatham, N. B. Fleming Hewitt left Great Yarmouth, England, about 18 years ago, being accompanied by his two nieces Janet and Annie Bale. Mr. Fleming Hewitt is a farmer in Methosin, near Victoria.

Growth in Saanich.—Several properties in Saanich changed hands recently. Robert Clarke of Isating, bought 24 acres of his unimproved property back of the railway to Thomas Tubman of this city for about \$1600. The purchaser will build a house on once. A new arrival from the north named Patterson has bought the Crowther farm near Shady Creek for \$5200. He will bring his family from England and live there.

Display at Winnipeg.—R. M. Palmer left yesterday for Winnipeg for the purpose of taking charge of and arranging the British Columbia exhibit at the Winnipeg Agricultural show. A good display has been forwarded from several fruit growers and also several exhibits of preserved fruit from the agricultural department. Mr. Palmer will remain East until probably the end of August. He will represent the province at all the big shows in the Northwest, including Regina, Calgary and Moose Jaw.

Experimental Farms.—Apropos of the announcement that a branch experimental farm is to be established on Vancouver Island, it is mentioned that the government has just reached a decision to establish two branch experimental farms in Alberta. One of these will be located at Lethbridge, in the dry belt of the south, where the crops are produced by means of irrigation. The other station will be at Lacombe, in the north. Saskatchewan has now got an experimental farm at Indian Head.

Gave Llanos To Indian.—Joseph Gardiner, said to have been a resident of Vancouver was brought down a prisoner on the steamer Camosun from Port Essington. He was recently found guilty before Magistrate R. L. McIntosh of Port Essington of having on June 16th supplied intoxicants to an Indian of the Kitlasas tribe. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 with \$50 costs, or in default to spend six months in the provincial jail at New Westminster.

Prince Rupert.—Speaking of the climatic conditions at Prince Rupert, A. E. Green, inspector of Indian schools, who is a frequent visitor to the north, says that it is most enjoyable. During certain months in the spring and late autumn there is considerable rainfall, but the summer and winter are delightful. Early fall, including August and often September, the conditions are ideal, he says. Following the fall and early winter rains, the months of February and March are dry and extremely enjoyable. After a few weeks of spring rains, the summer opens with charming weather, which continues through the months of June and July and often into October. Reports from the men engaged in barometer surveying conducted by the terminal works is to the effect that they are enjoying their life there and are well pleased with the conditions.

Public Health.—While on the mainland, Dr. Fagan, secretary to the provincial board of health, visiting the municipalities of North and South Vancouver. The authorities are taking great interest in matters affecting the public health and his first call in Vancouver was the chairman of the board of the latter municipality. That gentleman spent a whole day with Dr. Fagan, going all over the district and displaying a large amount of knowledge regarding the duties of his position. The same interest was shown in the other municipality mentioned. Dr. Fagan said yesterday that he was extremely pleased at the revival apparent in these matters. "While a few years ago, it was hard to get local officials to move," he said, "recently they are taking advantage of every opportunity not only to study the question but to enforce the necessary regulations."

Heisterman-Salsbery.—At Vancouver on Wednesday morning H. G. S. Heisterman, of this city, was united to Miss Lillian Salsbery, eldest daughter of Mr. W. F. Salsbery, local treasurer of the C. P. R. The ceremony was performed at Christ Church, Georgia street, by Rev. C. C. Owen, the rector, only intimate friends of the contracting parties being present. Miss Elsie MacCowan, of New Westminster, was bridesmaid, and the groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Bernard S. Heisterman. Among those present at the marriage were Mrs. Heisterman and Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Ker, of Victoria. The bride wore a gray traveling dress. Mr. and Mrs. Heisterman left immediately after the ceremony for the Okanagan where the honeymoon will be spent. Upon return they will reside on Cook street. Mr. Heisterman is a member of the law firm of McPhillips & Heisterman.

Pack at Rivers Inlet.—Sockeye salmon are running well on Rivers Inlet, and there is every prospect of a bumper crop at that point will all put up good packs before the season closes. In the Skeena river the fish are reported not to be as plentiful as at Rivers Inlet. Word arrived by the Camosun that on Monday night the pack at Wadham's cannery at Rivers Inlet totalled 7,800 cases while the pack at the Pacific Cannery at Fairhaven 9,000 cases of halibut, the White Crean Cannery company, 673 cases of halibut, and the Apex cannery 250 cases of halibut. On the Fraser river yesterday the fishing was very poor, the average catch to the boat having been twenty-five fish, while the highest boat took only a hundred fish.

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"The Helmet of Navarre"

BY BERTHA RUNKLE

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XVI.

Mayenne's Ward

LUCAS sprang up. "You have him? Where?" "Yes, I have him," Mayenne answered with his tantalizing slowness. "Alive?" "I suppose so. He had his flogging, but I told them I was not done with him. I thought we might have a use for him. He is in the oratory there."

"Diable! Listening?" cried Lucas, as if a quick doubt of Mayenne's good faith to him struck his mind. "Certainly not," Mayenne answered. "The door is bolted; he might be in the street for all he can hear. The wall was built for that."

"What will you do with him, monsieur?" "We'll have him out," said Mayenne. Lucas, needing no second bidding, hastened down the room. All this while mademoiselle, on the floor at his feet, had neither stirred nor whispered, as rigid as the statue of a Virgin herself. But now she rose and for a moment laid her hand on his shoulder with an encouraging pat; the next she flung the door wide just as Lucas reached the threshold.

"Lorraine!" he gasped. "Lorraine!" "Nom de dieu!" came Mayenne's shout from the back of the room. "What! Lorraine?" "He caught up the candelabrum and strode over to us."

Mademoiselle stepped out into the council-room, I hanging back on the other side of the sill. She was as white as linen, but she lifted her head proudly. She had not the courage that knows no fear, but she had the courage that rises to the need. Crouching on the oratory floor she had been in a panic lest they find her. But in the moment of discovery she faced them undimmed.

"You spying here, Lorraine!" Mayenne stormed at her. "I did not come here to spy, monsieur," she answered. "I was here first, as you see. Your presence was as unlooked for by me as mine by you."

His next accusation brought the blood in scarlet flags to her pale cheeks; she made no answer, but burned him with her indignant eyes. "Mordieu, monsieur!" Lucas cried. "This is Mlle. de Montluc."

"Then why did you come?" demanded Mayenne. "Because I had done harm to the lad and was sorry," she said. "You defend me now, Paul, but you did not hesitate to make a tool of me in your cowardly schemes."

"It was kindly meant, mademoiselle," Lucas retorted. "Since I shall kill M. le Comte de Mar in any case, I thought it would please you to have a word with him first."

"I think it did not need the look she gave him to make him regret the speech. This Lucas was an extraordinary compound of shrewdness and recklessness, one separating from the other like oil and vinegar in a sloven's salad. He could plan and wait, to an end, with skill and fortitude and patience; but he could not govern his own gusty tempers."

"You have been crying, Lorraine," Mayenne said in a softer tone. "For my sins, monsieur," she answered quickly. "I am grieved most bitterly to have been the means of bringing this lad into danger. Since Paul cozened me into doing what I did not understand, and since this is not the man you wanted but only his servant, will you not let him go free?"

"Why, my pretty Lorraine, I did not mean to harm him," Mayenne protested, smiling. "I had him flogged for his insolence to you; I thought you would thank me for it."

"I am never glad over a flogging, monsieur." "Then why not speak? A word from you and it had stopped." She flushed, red with very shame. "I was afraid—I knew you were vexed with me," she faltered. "Oh, I have done ill!" She turned to me, silently imploring forgiveness. There was no need to ask.

"Then you will let him go, monsieur? Thank you, my cousin!" "Oh, what did you suspect me? The boy was whipped for a bit of impertinence to you; I had no cause against him."

"Your hand, mademoiselle." She did not yield it to him, but held out both hands, clasped in appeal. "Monsieur, you have always been my loving kinsman. I have always tried to do your pleasure. I thought you meant harm to the boy because he was a servant to M. de Mar, and I knew that M. de St. Quentin, at least, had gone over to the other side. I did not know what you would do with him, and I could not rest in my bed because it was through me he came here. Monsieur, if I was foolish and frightened and indiscreet, do not punish the lad for my wrongdoing."

Mayenne was still holding out his hand for her. "I wish you sweet dreams, my cousin Lorraine."

"Monsieur," she cried, shrinking back till she stood against the door-jamb, "will you not let the boy go?" "How will you look tomorrow," he said with his unchanged smile, "if you lose all your sleep tonight, my pretty Lorraine?"

"A reproach to you," she answered quickly. "You will mark my white cheeks and red eyes, and you will say, 'Now, there is my little cousin Lorraine, my good ally Montluc's daughter, and I have made her cry her eyes blind over my cruelty.' Her father, being, gave her to me to guard and cherish, and I have made her miserable. I am

"I tell you I did not mean to kill the Horse-boy."

"That is true, Lorraine. But I am head of the League, and I must do my all to lead it to success. There is no other way. But not by the path of shame!" she cried quickly. "Success never yet lay that way. Henri de Valois slew our Henri, and see how God dealt with him!"

He looked at her fixedly. I think he heeded her words less than her shining earnest eyes. And he said at last: "Well, you shall have my boy, Lorraine."

"Al, monsieur!" "With tears dimming the brightness of those sweet eyes she dropped on her knees before him, kissing his hand."

"I wish I had not done it," she said. "Mademoiselle," the duke repeated, "will you get to your bed?" "She did not stir, but fixing him with her brilliant eyes, went on as if thinking aloud."

"I remember when I was a tiny maid of five or six, and you and your brother Guise (whom God rest) would come to our house. You would ask my father to bed for me as you sat over your wine, and I would go to kiss you and be fed comfits from your pockets."

"You were the prettiest little creature ever was," Mayenne said abruptly. "And my little heart was bursting with love and admiration of you," she returned. "When I first could lip, I learned to pray for my cousin Henri, and my cousin Charles. I have never forgotten them one night in all these years. God receive and bless the soul of Henri de Guise; God guard and prosper Charles de Mayenne. But you make it hard for me to ask it for my cousin Charles."

"This is a great coil over a horse-boy," Mayenne said curtly. "Life is as dear to a horse-boy as to M. le Duc de Mayenne."

"I tell you I did not mean to kill the boy," Mayenne said. "With the door shut he could hear nothing. I meant to question him and let him go. But you have seen fit to meddle in what is no maid's business, mademoiselle. You have unlocked the door and let him listen to my concerns. Dead men, mademoiselle, tell no tales."

"M. de Mayenne," she said, "I cannot see that you need trouble for the tales of boys—you, the lord of half France. But if you must needs fear his tongue, my liege, then you should set him free. He is but a serving-boy sent here with a message. It is a wanton murder to take his life; it is like killing a child."

"He is not so harmless as you would lead one to suppose, mademoiselle," the duke retorted. "Since you have been eavesdropping, you have heard how he upset your cousin Paul's arrangements. But if you should be thankful to him, monsieur. He has saved you the stain of a cowardly crime."

"Mordieu!" Mayenne exclaimed, "who foully murdered my brother?" "And his benchman, St. Quentin."

"Pardieu, you think them angels, these St. Quentins." "I think them brave and honest gentlemen, as I think you, Cousin Charles."

"That sounds ill on the lips that have but now called me villain and murderer," Mayenne returned. "I have not called you that, monsieur; I said you had been saved from the guilt of murder, and I knew one day you would be glad."

"Cousin Charles, it is our lot to live in such days of blood and turmoil that we know not any other way to do but injure and kill. I think you are more harassed and troubled than any man in France. You have Henry of Navarre and the Huguenots and half the provinces to fight in the field, and your own League to combat at home. You must make favor with each of a dozen quarrelling factions, must strive and strive to placate and loyalize them all. The leaders work each for his own end, each against the other and against you; and the truth is not in one of them, and their pledges are ropes of straw. They intrigue and rebel and betray till you know not which way to turn, and you curse the day that made you head of the League."

"I do curse the day Henri was killed," Mayenne said soberly. "And

"You speak hard words, mademoiselle," Lucas returned, keeping his temper with a stern effort. "You forget that we live in France in war-time, and not in the kingdom of heaven. I was tolling for more than my own revenge. I was working at your cousin Mayenne's commands, to aid our holy cause, for the preservation of the Catholic Church and the Catholic kingdom of France."

"Your conversion is sudden, then; only an hour ago you were working for nothing and no one but Paul de Lorraine."

"Come, come, Lorraine," Mayenne interposed, his caution setting him ever on the side of compromise. "Paul is no worse than the rest of us. He hates his enemies, and so do we all; he works against them to the best of his power, and so do we all. They are Kingsmen, we are Leaguers; they fight for their side, and we fight for ours. If we plot against them, they plot against us; we murder lest we be murdered. We cannot scruple over our means. Nom de dieu, mademoiselle, what do you expect? Civil war is not a dancing school."

"Mademoiselle is right," Lucas said humbly, refusing any defence. "We have been using cowardly means, weapons unworthy of Christian gentlemen. And I, at least, cannot plead M. le Duc's excuse that I was blinded in my zeal for the Cause. For I know and you know there is but one cause with

"That I understand, monsieur," she answered in a low tone. "While I live under your roof, I shall not be treacherous to you. I am a Ligueuse and he is a Kingsman, and there can be nothing between us. There shall be nothing, monsieur. I do not swear it, as Paul needs, because I have never lied to you."

"She did not once look at Lucas, yet I think she saw him wince under her stab. The Duke of Mayenne was right; not even Mlle. de Montluc loved her enemies."

"You are a good girl, Lorraine," Mayenne said. "Will you let the boy go now, Cousin Charles?" she asked. "Yes, I will let your boy go," he made answer. "But if I do this for you, I shall expect you henceforth to do my bidding."

"You have called me a good girl, monsieur." "Aye, so you are. And there is small need to look so Friday-faced about it. If I have denied you one lover, I will give you another just as good."

"Am I Friday-faced?" she said, summing up a smile. Then my looks belie me. For since you free this poor boy whom I was like to have ruined, I take a grateful and happy heart to bed."

"Aye, and you must stay happy. Pardieu, what does it matter whether your husband has yellow hair or brown? My brother Henri was for getting himself in a monastery because he could not have his Margot. Yet in less than a year he is as merry as a fiddler with the Duchess Katharine."

"You have made me happy, tonight at least, monsieur," she answered gently, if not merrily. "It is the most foolish act of my life, Mayenne answered. 'But it is for you, Lorraine. If I live to me by it, yours is the credit.'"

"You can swear him to silence, monsieur," she cried quickly. "What use? He would not keep silence."

"He will if I ask it," she returned, flinging me a look of bright confidence that made the blood dance in my veins. But Mayenne laughed.

"When you have lived in the world as long as I have, you will not flatter yourself, Lorraine."

"Thus it happened that I was not bound to silence concerning what I had seen and heard in the house of Lorraine."

Mayenne took out his dagger. "What I do I do thoroughly," I said to her with a smile. "I shall be."

Mademoiselle sprang forward with pleading hand. "Let me cut the cords, Cousin Charles."

He recalled a bare second, the habit of a lifetime prompting him against the putting of a weapon in any one's hand. Then, ashamed of the suspicion, which indeed was not of her, he yielded the knife and she cut my bonds. She looked straight into my eyes, with a glacial earnestness beseeching, "Bring me not begin to read all she meant by it. The next moment she was making her deep curtsy before the duke."

"Monsieur, I shall never cease to love you for this. And now I thank you for your long patience, and bid you good-night."

With a bare inclination of the head to Lucas, she turned to go. But Mayenne bade her pause.

"Do I get but a curtsy for my courtship? No warmer thanks, Lorraine?" He held out his arms to her, and she let him kiss both her cheeks.

"I will conduct you to the staircase, mademoiselle," he said, and taking her hand with stately politeness led her from it with the gleam of her yellow gown. (To be continued.)



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THE CHAIRMAN

The thick glass panel of door bore the modest sign, 'Emmet, Lawyer.' Miss Prescott stood by the broad window, looking idly at the roofs of the passing in Washington street, a mile below.

"The door to the inner study open. Miss Prescott crept out five minutes before it had occurred to her the business of the interview. The Children's Playground really done. That had occurred to the secretary of the Innu Social Settlement. It was to the chairman of the Committee on Cities. Still the in there. As for Emmet, had not got to be a vote him whenever this tall" was concerned.

"I wish that Electric Co. had been well out of the way was saying, with preoccupation. If he looked worried, flecting an expression that tary could not be sure. back at once to his confidant. "But I mean that I'm sending a man to work now."

She was smiling at him vaguely. "Well, I shall go to Tuesday—I hope it will go. She looked down and brightly gloved fingers along of the desk.

As a kind of discovery found her in that small, action, inexpressibly feminine. "It's pretty hard for there," he said—so person there was a little commot Secretary's pulse.

"Yes; sometimes it's pre and not always quite pleasant some of the people. But"— "a good many things hard."

The chairman stepped over. "No! Don't go down the he said abruptly. "There's It's just getting your bill my committee. Leave it want to do something!"

"But I've engaged to go, tested, nervously, steadily down. "Mrs. Randall thought to."

"No!" he repeated. "I later than Mrs. Randall. I leave it to me, I'll beat it. The committee shan't report all!"

"Oh, if it's a question of death, of course I surrender. I laughed, too, in the same way. "If you think that's added, rather humbly, for would not hold out, and for the door."

As she turned to the side, his hand brushed so that it could scarcely whether he had touched, he tained her for the wink of an eye.

"Thank you! I won't for said tremulously, under his and they got to the door. Returning to the inner room, ushering the two ladies, closing the door behind him, kept assuring himself, amidst less turmoil in his mind, that whatever had happened found himself, gripping the low bookcase in his hands, as though he were coaxed it into acknowledging nothing had happened. He king of himself in odd, odd pieces.

When the Clarion published the name of candidates Legislature, his paragraph under his city and Senate district.

"Democrat. Age 27. Born County. Lawyer. An unknotty. Well educated; good Gallagher. Has some friends who say he has his sponsors. Looks dubious."

"It looked dubious to Emmet just then. He had told that he believed in practice. He thought he had never followed. But there had been carelessness in his politics. ly, there was this affair of tric bill. It came back to kind of lump. Also, she ce to him just as she had st beside the desk. It seemed that a wise man might I might well personally presence from coming any to affairs that looked sad, and he made a little prayer or to the Providence, or to the effect that, if she won in his would get himself all cleaned up and be worthy."

"It looked rather more than to Mr. Gordon Prescott, for the Consolidated Light & Power Company."

He was explaining it to the smoking room after this gain in the City Council a paper concern that the Metropolitan Electric Company passed an ordinance for when they couldn't sell out to the South Side Illuminating company, they turned it over to Gallagher. He got some built a shed that he called station on the west side, some wires, and pretended the electric lighting business my company and the South luminating got around to where we're willing to go. The City Council, with a \$200,000 a year by it, and as good and cheap a service public. The lawyers look and find that there'll have little amendment to the St. Corporation law. They fix up Senate. Then it's referred Committee on Cities. The Committee on Corporations should be, and we find Johnny Gallagher owns the tea, body, boats and breech we've got to make terms

# Short Stories By The World's Greatest Writers.

## THE CHAIRMAN'S POLITICS - BY WILL PAYNE

The thick glass panel of the office door bore the modest sign, "D. O. Emmet, Lawyer." Miss Prescott stood by the broad window in the outer room, looking idly down upon the roofs of the passing street cars in Washington street, a hundred feet below.

The door to the inner room was wide open. Miss Prescott had sauntered out five minutes before, because it had occurred to her that all the business of the "Children's Playgrounds bill" was really done. That had occurred also to the secretary of the Prairie Avenue Social Settlements League and to the chairman of the Senate Committee on Cities. Emmet, lingering in there, had not got to be a vocation with him whenever this tall young lady was concerned.

"I wish that Electric Consolidation bill were well out of my hands," he was saying, with preoccupied abruptness. "If he looked worried, it was so affecting an expression that the Secretary could not be sure. He came back at once to his confident manner. "But I mean that it shall be; I'm sending a man to work it on now."

She was smiling at him—a little vaguely. "Well, I shall go to Springfield, Tuesday—I hope it will go through. She looked down and browsed her neatly manicured fingers along the edge of the desk.

As a kind of discovery, Emmet found her in that small, abstracted action, inexpressibly feminine. "It's pretty hard for you down there," he said, "because I wanted there was a little commotion in the Secretary's pulse.

"Yes; sometimes it's pretty hard—and not always quite pleasant with some of the people. But," she smiled,—"a good many things are pretty hard."

The chairman stepped over to her. "No! Don't go down there again," he said abruptly. "There's no need. It's just getting your bill reported by my committee. Leave it to me. I want to do something."

"But I've engaged to go," she protested, nervously, steadily looking down. "Mrs. Randall thought I ought to."

"No!" he repeated. "I know better than Mrs. Randall. If you don't leave it to me, I'll beat your bill. The committee shan't report it at all!"

"Oh, if it's a question of life or death, of course I surrender!" She laughed, too, in the same nervous way. "If you think that's best, she added, rather humbly, for the laugh would not hold out, and she started for the door.

As he went, she stopped her sleeve, so that it was nearly as if she had touched her for the wink of an eye. "Thank you! I won't forget!" he said tremulously, under his breath, and they got to the door together.

Returning to the inner room from ushering the two ladies out, and closing the door behind him, Emmet felt assuring himself, amid the endless turmoil in his mind, that nothing whatever had happened. Once he found himself gripping the top of the bookcase in his two strong hands, as though he were clinging to something that he could not lose.

When the Clarion published its estimate of city candidates for the Legislature, this paragraph appeared under his name and Senatorial district: "Democrat. Age 27. Born in Cook County, lawyer. An unknown quantity. Well educated; good speaker. He owes his nomination to Johnny Gallagher. Has some respectable friends, who say he is better than his sponsors. Looks dubious."

It looked dubious to Emmet himself just then. He had told her once that he believed in practical politics. He thought he had never been a fool. But there had been a certain carelessness, a certain free-headed liberalism, in his politics. Especially, there was this affair of the electric bill: It came back to him in a kind of lump. Also, she came back to him just as she had all along, behind the desk. It seemed to him that a wise and just Providence might well personally prevent that presence from coming any further into affairs that looked as dubious as his own.

He looked rather more than dubious to Mr. Gordon Prescott, president of the Consolidated Light & Power Company. He was explaining it to the men in the smoking room after dinner: "So this gang in the City Council got up a paper concern that they called the Metropolitan Electric Company, and passed an ordinance for it. Then, when they couldn't sell out to me or to the South Side Illuminating Company, they turned it over to Johnny Gallagher. He got some money and built a shed that he calls a power station on the west side, and strung some wires, and pretended to be into the electric lighting business. Well, my company and the South Side Illuminating got around to the point where we're willing to go in together, to consolidate. We can save \$200,000 a year by it, and give just as good and cheap a service to the public. The lawyers look it over, and find that there'll have to be a little amendment to the State Incorporation law. They fix up the amendment and introduce it into the Senate. Then it's referred to the Committee on Cities. Instead of the Committee on Corporations, as it should be, and we find out that Johnny Gallagher owns that committee, body, boots and breeches, and we've got to make terms with him."

and buy out his rotten Metropolitan company at his price or our amendment will be hung up. It's just damnable. Nice mess for ladies to be mixed up with their playgrounds bill!" And this fellow Emmet, that Miss Page quoted to us, is chairman of that committee! He'll pick her pockets if she don't look out!"

Nevertheless, the fellow Emmet bore no outward marks of degeneracy as, on Monday morning, he entered the inner room on the upper floor of one of the least pretentious buildings in La-Salle street.

This inner room was a mere closet, with only a desk and a couple of chairs. The man at the desk was middle-aged, with broad shoulders and a firm, flat chest, leanly muscular. He merely glanced up as the shining presence burst in.

The chairman never had his effect of sparring mere perfectly. Such was his air of youthful buoyancy and vigor that it seemed simply optional, with him whether he stopped or kept straight on through the wall.

However, he dropped at once into the chair at the end of the desk, bending forward in his eagerness. "They'll give \$350,000 for the Metropolitan, John," he said. "I've just had word from Winthrop. He makes the offer."

The shrewd eyes of the elder, lustreless man twinkled a little in his unglazed eyes. "Dan," he said, "Emmet was the dearest joke of his humorous heart. But this was business."

"Three fifty, eh?" he said calmly. "The coolness irritated Emmet's heat. "Of course, I've taken this up on my own motion," he said. "I sent a man to Winthrop because I wanted it settled and out of the way. You know I don't like it. Whatever we may say among ourselves, we're using a public position for our own advantage. Now, good gracious, John, this is a handsome offer, a generous offer."

Gallagher looked at the young man imperturbably. "Did you expect their generous offer, Dan?" he asked softly.

When he said "Dan," it was always with a slight grin and a slight air of mischief. "Of course I did," Emmet hung back impatiently. "You know, I can't do that. But I did tell my man that Winthrop had made a good offer," he added, challengingly.

Thereupon a series of deep wrinkles came leathewise in Gallagher's forehead. His large mouth expanded on lateral lines until a mighty grin stood revealed. It seemed to go so deep that it interfered with the production of his voice, which came out strained and hoarse.

"That shows your kind heart, Dan," he gasped out of the grin. "I'm sure it would comfort Winthrop to know you told your man that. He'd know he was right, even if I do turn him down."

Emmet stared coldly at the grin. The check to his plans touched his fiery impatience to anger. He was bent so ardently upon getting this one affair of the electric concern out of the way. He thought he had succeeded.

"You don't mean you're going to be such a fool as to turn the offer down?" he said quickly. "It's the best you'll ever get. Your partners won't thank you for it."

He knew he was insulting, but in his anger he did not care. Gallagher's face was different. He compressed his lips. He narrowed his steady eyes.

"Besides, I tell you," Emmet added boldly, "there are public questions involved."

When Johnny had himself firmly in hand, he said calmly: "You ain't got over being a kid yet, Dan! What you want is a rattle. You're a toddler and you slobber on your bib, talking of generosity. Where is any public question? We're in the electric business, and we've got the South Side Illuminating are going to consolidate because they see a chance to make a couple of million or so out of it. I'm a sociable person. Dan! I want to talk with 'em. When they get good and consolidated, they'll come over and try to take my little electric business away from me. It'll make hard feelings. Let's all go in and make a friendly deal and consolidate together, and we'll all get a share of the two millions. Those fellows have gone into the stock market and loaded up with Consolidated Light & Power and South Side Illuminating stock, and they're all ready to turn the trick—only they ain't got it until I say so. Generous! I've got 'em in a corner, ain't I? They can't wiggle unless I let 'em, can they? And you talk about their generosity to me, Dan? Tell 'em I say 'The'll with their generosity.' When they get ready to offer me half a million, I'll talk with 'em. You want a rattle? Mr. Gordon Prescott and Mr. Thomas Frederick Winthrop—my old friend, smooth Petroleum Tommy—and the rest, 'cause they've got a right to make as much money as you can, and I'll be pleased 'cause they're all prominent citizens, riding in carriages and throwing flowers at themselves. They can rig the stock market and play horse with the minority stockholders, and make all the money they want to. But you want to get in the game and make some money, they hold up their hands in holy horror because my clothes ain't allly mode and I was brought up over by the stockyards. It's your idea, Dan! That if we want anything we must go around to the back door with our hats off. It sort of jars you to think your Uncle John's going to kick open the front door and walk into the parlor and demand pie. You're afraid they'll command him rude and never let him accede to his hotel as though he had no friends. And if he were angry, it would be a little bit at least on account of that promise—Ah! if some one had the courage to help him. But what could a woman do? Her chair

was next a court that cut through the huge shop from ground floor to roof. Elevators laden with women piled up and down. Above and below she could see sectional vistas and glimpses of the immense, busy establishment crowded with hundreds of her sex shopping, examining fabrics, gossiping, loitering—the moment's phase of a perpetual women's fair. She remembered that she herself had put in two hours spending eight dollars in dry goods. Oh! she might send him a ribbon or a shirt waist, and write him, on a nice little piece of tinted notepaper, in a nice slanting little hand, that she was so sorry. "And you understand, I'm 'I'm out of this! Emmet sprang up. 'I'm out of this! I'll have nothing more to do with it!'"

Gallagher's eyes again narrowed, and again he waited a moment. "Get with you, Dan!" he said cheerfully. "The Metropolitan is a grown person's game. If you don't like it, get out. Go back on me, if you feel that way. I can get along without you."

"Get along with them!" said Emmet, and burst from the room so impetuously that he brushed against one of Gallagher's lieutenants.

the lawyer paused, smiling urbanely—"that Emmet sent him here."

"Yes," said Miss Page. "Mr. Emmet told me that he had sent a man to see about the Electric bill."

"He did?" cried Mr. Winthrop, with animation. "Why, it's a clear case! He tried to make us buy out the Metropolitan Electric Company, in which, I suppose, he's interested. Gallagher, who has never, I can vouch, tried anything of the kind!"

The puzzle suddenly became dazlingly clear to Miss Page. She turned to Gallagher with a kind of swift, fleeing, startled helplessness. "Does he mean that? Does he mean to denounce?" she asked breathlessly.

"I read it that way," he said, in his harsh voice. She felt that he accused her.

"Well, if he does," said Mr. Winthrop, looking at them both with urban enjoyment, "we'll explode a mine under the young man's mine. With what I know and what Miss Page knows, I guess Mr. Gallagher won't be the man that's blown highest."

When Gallagher walked out, Miss Page murmured a polite empty word to the lawyer and followed.



"I LOST YOUR BILL, HE SAID. 'I'D LIKE TO TELL YOU HOW.'"

The lieutenant entered, staring; found Johnny still standing by the desk, his hands in his pockets, asked, "What's the matter?" under his breath.

"Oh, these colts, Jakey! these colts!" he said wearily. "Dan Emmet is nutty and full of oats. He's bound to run away. He's going to run right into a stone wall, and there ain't going to be any upholstery on that wall, either. He reached over and closed the rolling top of his desk. 'I'm going to hand Dan a little package,' he said, still most grudgingly, 'and after the explosion, if he lives through it, he'll know more.'"

Mr. Winthrop had been notified of the failure of his offer, and Emmet had taken the evening train for Springfield.

Thomas Frederick Winthrop, who was Prescott's attorney, received the notification with his habitual blandness. But there was the sense of a painful swelling in the region of his heart. Standing in the centre of his private office on a rug of price beaded and looked shabby made a certain impression. Johnny's gloom, too, he thought she was a newspaper reporter. No, he knew nothing; politics was always too deep for him. In a half-mechanical following of the lawyer's lead they drifted up to the door of the inner room. But why don't you go to Emmet?" Johnny suggested. "He seems to know all about it. Have somebody interview him."

Miss Page glanced down. "I thought Mr. Emmet would do all he could for the bill," she said. "In fact, we counted on his help. We rather left it to him."

"Oh! You're one of 'em—one of the playground women—or, ladies?" "I'm Miss Page. Mr. Emmet told me he would undertake to get the bill favorably reported."

Johnny's interest suddenly roused. "Dan did? When did Dan say that?" he demanded in his harsh voice.

"Last Saturday."

Gallagher looked hard at her. He was sensible enough of her beauty and style. It was occurring to him that Emmet would have been sensible enough of them, too. Perhaps, after all, he had punished the younger more than he had meant; had hurt his pride more than he had intended. But the thought was subtly evoked by his belligerence, too. What business had beauty and style to get mixed up with politics?

"Well, I guess he thought he could do it," he said stolidly. "I reckon he wasn't calculating to play horse with anybody but me."

The form of the speech was baffling; but Miss Page jumped to a happy conclusion. Then she and he are really at odds. He said eagerly, "I'll read it to you. Gallagher pulled a crumpled telegram from his overcoat pocket and handed it over. She read:

"I shall speak on the Electric bill under privilege to-morrow forenoon. I shall throw all the light I can on it."

"This was more baffling than anything else. She looked her perplexity at Gallagher. Meantime, Mr. Winthrop had read the telegram in her hand.

"Why," said the lawyer, with his large air of amiability, "a man came to see me about the Electric bill day before yesterday, and he told me—"

"Mr. Gallagher! Mr. Gallagher!" she called, in the hall.

Johnny turned around stolidly, and she whirled up to him breathlessly. "What would you advise me to do?" she asked.

"About what?" she demanded in his stoniest manner.

"About Mr. Emmet. Johnny still waited, unresponsive, and with a little sympathetic help as a host. Before that rocklike attitude the young woman felt her courage evaporating. "I don't wish to do him an injury," she said evasively. "All I care about is the playgrounds bill."

"Then I'd advise you to go home and keep away from Winthrop, if you can," said Johnny, gloomily, as he turned away.

When Gallagher stepped from the train at Springfield next morning, he saw Winthrop and Prescott making their way to the street ahead of him. At the same time Mrs. Celia Randall, president of the Prairie Avenue Social Settlements League, chairman of the Committee on Political Action of the United Women's Societies, treasurer of the Association for the Suppression of Objectionable Posters and a director of the South Side Wagner Club, emerged from the last Pullman car.

"Here's Johnny Gallagher just ahead of us," she said in an aside. "You see, you came down in excellent company. Helen, I suppose there'll be nothing fit to eat," she added.

"Oh, I guess so," Miss Page answered with a vague attempt at cheerfulness.

Alighting from their cab at the hotel as an omnibus was discharging in his trousers pockets, his overcoat on his arm, and looked on uncompromisingly while the other men bowed, Politer Mr. Winthrop stopped into the hotel with the ladies. Gallagher turned his hard, challenging glance to Prescott.

"Do you know that young lady?" he asked in his harsh voice.

"Miss Page? Certainly I know her," said Prescott out of his surprise.

Johnny's gloomy eyes dwelt questioningly on the sanguine man for an instant. "Come now, Prescott," he demanded, "just man to man, is she on the square?"

Mr. Prescott flushed angrily. "Like any more, I tried to arrange a compromise between Gallagher and Winthrop. I got it out of the way, and John and I fell out about it. Then he upset your bill just to remind me that he was the boss. At first I was simply in a rage. It stung my pride. I told him I'd denounce the Electric bill, because I wanted to hurt him any way I could. But that's all gone now, and I'm going to do it because it's the truth. John has been the boss. The dishonesty has been all around me and all through me, and I want to tell about it just as it is. Of course, I know it won't do any particular good—at least not now. It isn't for the public. It's for myself. Everybody knows what the conditions are, I guess, and everybody seems to tolerate them. But it's spoiled everything for me. And I want to say my say about it, so some people will understand it may be and then I'll drop it all-go away somewhere else, I suppose. For the untruth has ruined me. Nothing can alter that."

"I don't think it's ruined you at all," she protested. As he had gone speaking, she had felt in a blind, wounded, accusing way that he was

cutting all the ground from under her feet. Her own drama seemed to be left dangling in midair. "Why that she could keep her voice quiet steady."

"I should have done no such thing, Helen," said Mrs. Randall, with an addition to her injuries. It was quite useless. Mr. Winthrop is going to arrange a compromise for me after breakfast. If Mr. Emmet chooses to come, very well. Be sure the chops are hot," she added, for the waiter had returned.

The minutes dragged interminably. A boy of many brass buttons, bearing a tiny tray, came into the dining room. Miss Page's heart missed a beat or so. The boy inquired of the usher; was waited in her direction. She remembered to try to look calm. He was at her side. Her own card lay on the tray. "Mr. Emmet ain't in his room," said the boy.

She attempted to sip the coffee, which seemed likely to choke her. "I'll wait for you upstairs," she said, reckless of the chin, and without looking around, arose and walked from the room.

The dining room was on the ground floor. She walked deliberately by the elevator on one side and the stairway on the other into the hotel office, where she drew the eyes of a dozen lounging men. There was a little smoking and writing room off to the left. She walked coolly and with a negligent ease through the office to the front windows that gave upon the street, looked out a moment, and calmly sauntered back. Going and coming, she threw a swift glance over the writing room. But she saw no one she knew.

The elevator boy leaned against the wire lattice by the open door of the cage. She stepped in. The boy followed and started the machine. "Parlor floor," she said, and they stopped at the first landing. The lock of the wire door did not yield at the first pressure of the boy's fingers.

"Is Mr. Emmet on this floor?" she asked. To get the lay of the land would be something.

"Mr. Emmet? No'm; on the fourth floor; number four twenty-one." The door had begun to close. The boy of the cage when she spoke, and was turning the lever of the machine. Now he brought the lever back, and held the door open as though he were uncertain whether she would get in again.

"Oh, I was mistaken," she said without the least hesitation, and stepped into the cage. She did not know why she would take her up to the fourth floor or down again. The cage stared up. It occurred to her that she had quite lost her head and was doing something dreadful.

"Wait ahead to first corridor on your right, about half way down; number four twenty-one," said the boy.

"Thank you," said Miss Page, as she stepped out, and the cage disappeared.

The empty corridors stretched before her. She stared not a step further, and then she turned and away her dignity and self-respect. She simply waited in a kind of agonized helplessness.

This face and figure struck upon Emmet's eye as he came dully along the corridors, his overcoat on his arm. In that moment it seemed not so remarkable that she should be there, for a figure of this sort, reserved, accusing, condemning, had been rising in his thoughts through the night and morning.

He came up. "I lost your bill," he said. "I'd like to tell you how."

When he took off his hat his hair was seen to be rumpled. His face looked a little haggard, which helped on the forlorn note in his voice. Such was the effect of his forlornness that Miss Page did not trust herself to speak.

"I let Gallagher give me an instant in a tone of surprise. He glanced at Helen in a confused way. "Why—the speech"—he seemed bewildered for a moment. Then he looked around in a kind of happy duality. "Why, I guess you made the speech already."

"I guess you have," said Helen. "Emmet seemed still somewhat confused. 'It's all wrong, John,' he declared, with a doubtful shake of his head at Gallagher. 'It's thoroughly wrong. But, well—I seem to have got a bit mixed sort of maybe a follow has to be rather unhappy before he can take a severe view of things. It wouldn't be right some way for me to pitch into anybody when I was so happy myself. I suppose if we wouldn't tolerate so much badness, I'm out of it now, you know, and I'll just stay out and say no more about it.'"

"Well," said Johnny philosophical. "I reckon you'll have troubles enough of your own if you're going to be married."

"Oh! Miss Page protested—plainly at the implication of marriage, so that every one laughed at her, and Mrs. Randall, who had come over that way, with a mollified chin, put her hand in a motherly way on the young woman's arm. They got out of the room, followed by Emmet.

There was a pause, full of the mellow, friendly air.

"This falling in love—" said Johnny thoughtfully. "Still," he added, after an instant, looking at Winthrop and Prescott whimsically, "I suppose we men'd got too tough to live if it wasn't for that." Again there was a little smiling pause.

"Well," said Johnny good-naturedly, "I don't think of a pty to go on with the scrap after this. The innocents being out of it, suppose we sinful gents got down to business. I'll be reasonable with you."

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RESEMBLANCES.

Fogg—I told Bass what you said—that he reminded you of a giraffe because he held his head so high. Fogg—And what did I say? Fogg—He said you reminded him of an ass. Fogg—Because why? Fogg—Because you are one, he said.

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TRADE RELATIONS  
JAPAN AND CANADA

Text of the Treaty With Great Britain Affecting Commercial Matters.

A SUBSTANTIAL TARIFF REDUCTION

A List of the Articles Which Will Come in at the Minimum Duty.

Ottawa, July 18.—(Special)—The text of the convention between Japan and Great Britain affecting the commercial relations of Japan and Canada, under which a tariff reduction is accorded to certain products of the Dominion, has been received here. It is signed by Baron Koto, minister of foreign affairs for Japan, and Sir Claude Macdonald, the British ambassador at Tokyo, on behalf of Great Britain.

MANY MORE BUILDINGS HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED

During Past Six Months Than During the Same Period of Last Year.

The number of buildings that have been constructed in this city during the past six months is far greater than for the same period of last year. Although few business blocks have been erected, there have been many new residences, and during the six months a great many of the prettiest homes have been added to Victoria's already long list. The erection of these new houses has also cost much more money in the past year, owing to the rise in the price of lumber. At present lumber is so high in price that the number of new residences is considerably lessened in consequence.

ANNUAL MEETING HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Proceedings at Session of Shareholders in London July 2nd.

STATISTICS REGARDING THE FUR TRADE

Sale of Lands Much in Advance of the Previous Year.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Hudson's Bay Company was held on Monday, July 2nd, at the Cannon Street Hotel, London, England, under the presidency of Mr. G. C. M. G. (the governor), presiding.

THE BOARD'S POLICY

The time had now arrived when it was believed, looking to the advancing values, that it was in the company's interest to limit sales, and a policy had been adopted by which only one-half of the stock was to be disposed of in the meantime.

ALASKA EXCURSIONS.

Two Alaska excursion steamers are expected in port today, the steamer Spokane which is making her third trip to the north and the steamer City of Seattle which is making her first.

LOGANBERRY IN FAVOR.

A Glance at the Fruit Prospect—Tree Fruits a Small Crop.

ROCKEFELLER RETURNING.

Paris, July 20.—John D. Rockefeller will sail for New York this evening on the steamer America.

GERMAN FLEET CRUISING.

Aalesund, Norway, July 20.—A German fleet of 24 battleships and cruisers and a large number of torpedo boats arrived here today.

REAL ESTATE BEFORE MAGISTRATE

Charged With Growing Unlawful Crop of Thistles on Vacant Land.

ALL ACCUSED WERE DISMISSED

Forgery Case Postponed—Chisholm Boy Is Still Missing.

It was the real estate man's day in the police court yesterday morning. As a result of the crusade recently commenced by the police against those who permit the thistle to grow in violation of the law, a number of cases were brought before the magistrate.

HAPPENINGS OF THE PACIFIC COAST

Strange Death of a Portrait Painter—The Lumber Crisis at Frisco.

PASADENA, Cal., July 21.—Miss E. Phemia Willmarth, of New Rochelle, N. Y., a portrait painter was found dead in the bathroom of her residence in Pasadena today.

NEWS OF ATLIN.

Quartz Outlook Reported Good Along Taku Arm.

Cannot Supply Cars

Portland, July 21.—Orders have been issued by the Southern Pacific railway for their agents to refuse to accept cars loaded with lumber for San Francisco and Oakland until further notice.

FIRE AT YOKOHAMA.

London, July 20.—A despatch from Tokyo to the Daily Telegraph this morning states that fire at Yokohama on July 20 destroyed 1,000 Japanese houses.

SITUATION AT ODESSA.

Odessa, July 20.—The harbor strikers will resume work tomorrow.

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GIRL MURDERED AT WELINGTON

Mary Jane Dalton Is Victim of Tragedy—Killed With a Revolver.

A SUSPECT IS ARRESTED

Featherstone Head Sawyer at Wellington Mill Charged With Crime.

NANAIMO, B. C., July 21.—(Special)—The murdered body of Mary J. Dalton, daughter of John Dalton, of South Wellington, was found this afternoon, and Featherstone, a sawyer at the Wellington mill has been arrested, charged with the murder. Dalton found the body of his daughter lying on her back, her fair hair in a pool of her blood, and the mark of a revolver bullet on her forehead.

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VOL. XLVIII

C. P. R. IN A NEW ENTER

Will Make Thorough Test of Fields of West Canada.

MEDICINE HAT THE

Wine Carloads of Drilling Machinery Already on Ship of Work.

MEDICINE HAT, July

Canadian Pacific Railway is starting at one of the greatest undertakings in the west.

There is no oil underlying the gas field.

"Where there is oil" appears to be the motto of Medicine Hat people.

Medicine Hat people hope the railway company will be able to find the truth of this maxim.

Nine carloads of drilling machinery arrived at Medicine Hat, consisting of modern cable-rigged drills and drill pipes of various capacities of fast work and first cable-rig to work in the greatest depth reached is 1010 feet, where there is a flow of natural gas.

They will go, if necessary, deeper. It is necessary to ascertain what is down below.

result of the test, if oil is as much as Medicine Hat people find a few years ago. It is much pleased to have P. R. interested in the work.

Be in charge of Eugene Cosgrove of report; while it will be in charge of Mr. G. H. Edmondson. Both gentlemen arrived at Medicine Hat, consisting of modern cable-rigged drills and drill pipes of various capacities of fast work and first cable-rig to work in the greatest depth reached is 1010 feet, where there is a flow of natural gas.

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