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TORONTO, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1849.

Doctrn.

CONSUMPTION. (By the Rev. R. Montgomery.) "Her sun is gone down while it was yet day."-Jer. xv. 9.

A beauty clothes her bestie cheek,
A radiance fills that sunken eye,
But when her mellow'd accents speak
They make the sadden'd hearer sigh;
For softer sink they in their cadence far
Than autumn's dying tone beneath some mournful star. They bore her to that healthful isle
Whose rocks of terraced verdure rise
And catch the morn's celestial smile,
Responsive to the greeting skies;
And vainly prophesied, the island breeze
ould freshen her white cheek, and waft away disease.

But there she sicken'd, day by day,
In shrinking paleness, like a flower,
Yet from her glance there shined a ray
Of almost supernat'ral power;
With such clear brightness did her eyeballs roll,
That through them fancy saw the lustre of the soul.

For mother too, and far-off home. Her plaintive heart in secret cried.

And backward long'd her soul to roam,
Since in the churchyard, side by side,
Under the green tu f where loved sisters lay.

She would her dust might wait the awful Judgment-day.

And they behold her once again
In her own room, with placid brow;
So pale, you see each azure vein
Yet, like a pulse of rosy light at even.
On to her faded cheek a common flush is given.

Seldom she sighs, but vells within

Much that would grieve fond Love to know,
And when some pensive tears begin,
Safe in the arms of Jesus rests her soul,
Nor does the early grave with gloom the mind control Not for herself, but for the heart
Of love parental she could weep;
And often in her dreams would start,
And make some watching gazer weep,
As faintly through her lips there steals a word,—
And "Oh! my mother dear!" is like low music heard.

She dies,—as beauty ever dies
When sad consumption finds a tomb;
With brilliance in her deep-set eyes,
And on her face a healthless bloom;—
No harsh transition, but a soft decay,
Like dream-born tones of night, that melt by dawn of day.

And now, the dying scenes advance Nearer and nearer to the goal,
For death-gleams in that deepen'd glance
Betray the egress of the soul;
Soleum she is, but no complaining sigh
Breaks from her burden'd heart, to think her youth must die.

They wheel her round each garden-walk,
Where off her lisping childhood play'd,
And loved to hear the old nurse talk,
And soothe her when she seem'd afraid,
White danced her ringlets as she prattled on,
More playful than the birds she loved to gaze upon.

She looks as they alone who feel
The last of earth before them lies,
While o'er them soften'd mem ries steal
Which melt the heart into the eyes,
For, tree and turret, woods and uplands, all
Back to the dying girl her childish past recall,

Dream-like the hush of childhood floats, Veiling the lilac bowers around;
While in the air melodious notes
Of soft dejection sweetly sound.
The landscape, like a conscious mourner, seems
To fie in brooding shade, and sadden as it dreams.

Now, to her chamber back return'd Before the casement calm reclined,
Just as the broad horison burn'd
With the last blush day left behind,—
Her eye was center'd on the setting sun,
Fading like feeble youth, before life's course is run.

Husb'd is the breezeless air, and deep
The awe around each mourner stealing;
Bend o'er her form, but do not weep,—
Death is too grand for outward feeling!
As sinks the sun beneath you golden sea,
So ebbs her spirit back to God's eternity.

appliances of revivalism are brought to bear upon this Point; men are taught to look for the assurance of Pardon, in this tranquilization of feeling. To say nothing of the entire want of Scriptural authority for this doctrine, it is at war with sound philosophy. It is to mistake a natural effect of organization for the influences of divine grace; all persons, of what temperament soever, are expected to undergo the process, to realize the same overwhelming conviction, the same depression; and upon the removal of the Superincumbent weight, to feel the very same swellng emotions of joy; many a man has abandoned all

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away from the Gospel, and fashion out some theory has got on wonderfully. which has in it nothing akin to revealed truth, they Under the superintendence of Mr. and Mrs. Wright, must needs err. The doctrine has been recently a school has been opened, which, as we learn from a promulgated, that religious truth is constantly deve- letter written by an English officer at Sarāwak, and loping; that systems of faith now held in certain which appeared in the Times of the 2d of December, quarters, are nearer the standard of perfection than "already consists of fifty adults and children, and is when the Gospel came from the hands of Christ and thought to be making great progress." His disciples, I ask, Mr. Editor, whether the credit "The boys," says Mrs. Macdougall, "are very quick,

Had not the sects long since taught it?

one desirous of doing the will of God, and being em- and answered for one another-for some superstitious braced within the covenant of grace, to know the reason. They have droll ideas about age; one little grounds of his hope. St. Peter, when asked by the boy declared himself fifteen years, and another of the first converts, what they should do to be saved, spake same size said he was seven months. I found this to them not in an unknown tongue, but clearly pointed out some time ago in an evening walk, during which I ont the way of salvation, "Repent and be baptized noticed all the babies I met, and asken their parents for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive the their ages; but they told me nonsense. One little gift of the Holy Ghost." Let us imagine that St. sturdy fellow, standing strong on his legs, they said Peter had held the novel doctrine now taught, and was three months old—he certainly was. when asked of the plan of salvation, that he had told It is a favourable circsmstance, that no ill-will, or them to come and prostrate themselves before him apprehension of undue interference, has been excited; that he might pray for them; that after being deeply many of the natives of high rank visiting the school, convicted, for a greater or less time, God would speak and appearing pleased with the instruction given. pardon to them, and that their feelings would recoil The same correspondent saysand be happy, what reliance, I ask, could they have "One of the young Pangerans has several times placed upon this test? What a multitude of causes, visited the school; he came, in the first instance, for stealing into the mind might have produced the medical advice, as he is suffering from one of the effect, and God the Holy Ghost have had no part in dreadful wounds he received at the time of Muda it? And if this be the mind, of The Spirit now, it Hassim's murder. The poor young man cannot be had surely been then. It was not then, and who so more than eighteen or nineteen years old. He has a bold as to say a "change has come over the Divine bad cut across his mouth, which has injured his face, mind," and caused a thorough and radical alteration and another across his chest; but, notwithstanding his in the cardinal doctrine of conversion? This doctrine disfigurment, he has all the airs of royalty—such a conflicts in every essential feature, with that taught stately walk and graceful manners. A Malay, indeed, by St. Peter and the other Apostles. St. Peter spake is a very refined gentleman; as calm and self-posof Repentance, and Baptism, and Confirmation, ("ye sessed, and averse to any great attack upon his feelshall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost.") This ings, as any reserved Englishman can be. He never doctrine speaks of feeling only. I ask them, must it wonders." not be radically and ruinously defective?

FIRST STEPS OF THE BORNEO MISSIONARIES. (From the Colonial Church Chronicle.)

readers will remember, the Borneo Missionaries em- change visibly before the month is over, getting both barked a second time on their voyage to Singapore, paler and thinner. While Mr. Macdougall was in where they arrived safely at the end of May. It the Dispensary to-day, a Malay came who was very would seem that their friends, and those of the Mis- ill, and to whom he gave some physic; but the man sion, have especial cause for thankfulness in their declined taking it. On this he was asked, 'Why did safety, for the ill-fated vessel in which they sailed, you come to me at all, then?—Go away; I shall not after having been run down into the Channel at start- doctor you.' 'Give me some physic to take home,'

river they describe as very fine-

instance of the practical operation of this thing, an who some time since left Sarawak; it is of two stories

upon which to rely for eternal life, and if none had a moulded it in hot water to the shape of one of our better hope, there was nothing in the gospel upon servants' legs, and then put the broken leg in it. It which to rest one's hopes of happiness hereafter. makes a complete boot, as firm as any board when dry, And this is but one of the very many instances of and the shape is easily altered with hot water, -so And this is but one of the very many instances of and the same was the work of his own spirit, effective and suffing. Was himself a child of Israel.—B. D'Israel's Int. overturned hope, of perverted faith. When men go that it is both comfortable and safe. The poor man the first and strongest desire of his nature; in every The manner of the impending judgment was not told. Notice to the Curiosities of Literature; New Edition.

of originating this theory is due to Mr. Newman? particularly at numbers: they caught the multiplication table surprisingly. Mrs. Wright wanted to know Agreeably to this doctrine, it is impossible for any their names, but they would not tell their own names,

To make him a Christian, however, will evidently be a work both of time and difficulty. He is a Mahis religion. Thus, we are told-

"In this, which is the great fast month, they are not allowed to eat anything in the day till after sup-Twelve months have elapsed since, as many of our set; and so strictly do they keep the fast, that they

At Singapore they were most kindly received by the must leave this busy and intriguing scene, subversive of the truth. It is held that the assurance of the pardon of sins, is given before the judgment of the mind under down the interest excited in their enterprise, that, during the interest excited in their enterprise, that, during the interest excited in the mind under down the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the interest excited in their enterprise, that, during the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the interest excited in their enterprise, that, during the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the interest excited in the reaction of the mind under down the many part to the business. But the case with the Dyaks is the mass and so great was the many part to the hulks—found to the foldow.

At Singapore they were most kindly received by the mind under down the business. But the case with the Dyaks is the mass and so great was the many part to the business. But the case with the Dyaks is the mass and so great was the many part to the business. But the case with the Dyaks is the mass and under the mind the part and highly respectively on the light the colonists.

At Singapore they were most kindly a ten days' sail from Singapore, and were warmly welcomed by their countrymen there. The entry of the them; for they are fast adopting the language, dress, "Beautiful wooded mountains, jutting out into the and customs of the Malays, and their religion will soon lake-like sea, and changing as the river winds into follow. At present they can hardly be said to have every variety of form, from its mouth up to the town any religion-ghosts and omens are all they seem to Kuchin, where they disappear, and are succeeded reverence. I find, upon investigation, that we have by a large tract of undulating hills, covered with no less than thirty-three tribes of what I may term free and liberated Dyaks, in our Rajah's territory, A site for the church, and future residence of the scattered about the country in groups, at a distance of Missionaries, had been fixed by Sir James Brooke from one to four or five day's journey from this place. before his late visit to England, and the ground is now Some of these tribes are very numerous and influential: be of salvation, who, having been brought under is course of preparation for building: tims, move in the first second of the conversion, came to the hopeless of their conversion, came to the hopeless of the three is nothing they desire so much as appear, in a country where markind and the forces of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the forces of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the forces of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the forces of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the forces of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the forces of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the forces of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the force of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the force of the hopes have appear, in a country where makind and the force of the hopes have appear and appear, in a country where makind and the force of the hopes have appear and the work of the house should have a country where makind and the force of the hopes have appear and the work of the house should have a country where makind and the force of the house of the same have appear and the same appear and is course of preparation for building: this, however, I would instance three or four-Singhi, Sautak, and intelligent gentleman in one of the dissenting denominations had been a communicant for seven years, tice, a large room used for various public purposes, and persed, they should come into Sarāwak, and live as it and had never been baptized. He was brought to in which Divine Service is now performed. On this were in college, when they would have the advantage

happy conversion; and by this rule, he adjudged Christianity; he well knew that he had nothing settlement and so that the second time; has had with a very bad compound fracture of the leg, and late of the settlement in the Terra Firms, and grateful to the God of the Church.

January 19.

Commander Peel, son of Sir Robert Peel, and late of the work, that it may not be hindered, and that this abundant harvest may be gathered into the storehouse and so total that the prophet emphatically expresses abundant harvest may be gathered into the storehouse and so total that the prophet emphatically expresses and so total that the prophet emphasize the prophet em

INQUIRY AFTER HAPPINESS. (From Sterne's Sermons.)

stage of his life he searches for it as for hid treasure; them: was it that the earth should open her mouth, though perpetually disappointed, -still persists, - or Gomorrah, or shall the Lord arise to shake terribly runs after, and enquires for it afresh, -asks every the earth in a day of visitation "upon everything passenger who comes in his way, Who shall shew him that is high and lifted up." O, it is a fearful thing any good?-who will assist him in the attainment of to fall into the hands of the Living God! Where, let all his wishes?

gay and useful pleasures of life, in scenes of mirth and notice? sprightliness, where happiness ever presides, and is ever to be known by the joy and laughter which he will at once see painted in her looks.

A second with a graver aspect, points out to the costly dwellings which pride and extravagance have erected;-tells the enquirer that the object he is in search of inhabits there;—that Happiness lives only if he could tell him where he might meet with Mr. —. The in company with the great, in the midst of much son of Euclid replied (at the same time placing his trencher on her out by the coat of many colours she has on, and the great luxury and expense of the equipage and furniture with which which with pomp and outward state; -that he will easily find one side of his head, and wrapping his gown round him), "you

look into the plain and thrifty dwelling of the prudent million on that branch of the public expenditure, as compared man, who knows and understands the worth of money, with last years. and cautiously lays it up against an evil hour: that it | FALL AT SHARSPERE'S CLIFF. - Dover, Jan. 21 .- This is not the prostitution of wealth upon the passions, or the parting with it at all, that constitutes happiness; -but that it is the keeping it together, and the hering and holding it fast to him and his heirs for ever, which are the chief attributes that form this great may be estimated at about 100,000 tons. human worship, to whom so much incense is offered

tp every day. The epicure, though he easily rectifies so gross a nistake, yet at the same time, he plunges him, if to quote all the learning which has been devoted to this subject his pursuit to be happiness, and knowing of no other happiness than what is seated immediately in his jack, as it quality to be constructed in many the subjoined statement. It is due, however, to our correspondent to say, that this drawing of the union jack, as it quality to be constructed in many than the construction of t hometan of the strictest kind, and warmly attached to happiness than what is seated immediately in his religion. Thus, we are told—

happiness than what is seated immediately in his jack, as it ought to be constructed, is much more consonant to senses,—he sends the enquirer there, tells him 'tis common sense than the design at present in use; it exhibits senses, he sends the enquirer there, the senses is a sense of the union jack is perhaps, not generally the senses of the union jack is perhaps, not generally the senses of the union jack is perhaps, not generally the senses of the union jack is perhaps. has placed it, -in the indulgence and gratification of the appetites, which are given us for that end: and, in a word,-if he will not take his opinion in the matter, he may trust the word of a much wiser man, who has assured us, That there is nothing better in this world, than that a man should eat and drink, and rejoice in his works, and make his soul enjoy good in his labours; -for that is his portion.

To rescue him from this brutal experiment, Amrefit, was, with her cargo, totally lost about a fort-night's sail from Singapore, on her voyage homeward; her crew narrowly escaping in their religious observances! The Datu Patuigi, who had carries him into drink till evening. See, then, how strict they are in their religious observances! The Datu Patuigi, who had carries him into do not fight under their own flag, and which is a manifesto, calling apoor the world,—shews him all the kingdoms of the earth their religious observances! The Datu Patuigi, who had carries him into do not fight under their own flag, and which is a manifesto, calling apoor the world,—shews him all the kingdoms of the earth their religious observances! The Datu Patuigi, who and the glory of them,—points out the mainy ways of their religious observances! The Datu Patuigi, who are not sufficiently obviher crew narrowly escaping in their boats. The opportunities of study afforded by the monotony of an Indian voyage are always valuable to the Missionary; but, even in a merchant-trader of 350 tons, such as the Maria Louisa, the Christian minister may find a merchant and the grown flag, and which is a day of the many ways of the cause of the same of the many ways of the many way

or where to lay the fault, whether in the incapacity done to him as to themselves, and make him reparation. of his own nature, or the insufficiency of the enjoyments themselves.

In this uncertain and perplexed state,-without knowledge which way to turn or where to betake knowledge which way to turn or where to betake ourselves for refuge,—so often abused and deceived by the many who pretend thus to shew us any good, days the lord lieutenant of a county in Munster had thirteen execution. -Lord! says the Psalmist, lift up the light of thy after happiness, to direct us safely to it! O God!

which to rest his hopes, and finding nothing upon of talking, and often peals of laughter from the natives, which to rest his hopes, and finding nothing upon which to fasten, being wholly unable to "give a reason for the hope that was in him," he relapsed into moody scepticism, and to all human appearance it was utterly impossible to reclaim him. This unhappy condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous condition was but a legitimate effect of a ruinous cause; he had been told by persons to whom he had learned to defer, that no man had ever a better ground to defer, that no man had ever a better ground to defer, that no man had ever a better ground to defer, that no man had ever a better ground and finding nothing upon the merciful averting of was expected, not merciful averting of was expected, not never in the exacts of one of taking, who heeans an English denize in the sease of understanding them on his side, the merciful averting of was expected, not merciful averting of was expected, not merciful averting of which to make an English denize in 1748, was with the difficulties of understanding them on his side, the mecessary funds have been raised, men will have therefore in the exesses of understanding them on his side, the mecessary funds have been raised, men will have the frattas.—On Tuesday last, the Coort of the heccessary funds have been raised, men will have was expected, not merciful averting of which the difficulties of understanding them on his side, the hecessary funds have been raised, men will have as expected, not merciful averting of which the mack.

Onton of The Index.—On Tuesday last, the Coort of the hecessary funds have been raised, men will have as expected, not merciful averting of the f the necessary funds have been raised, men will have was expected, not merely in the merciful averting of goods.

that a greater blessing, even repentance unto life, came upon many,—and that is what "God saw," and which made these sinners "turn from their evil way," there had been sinners that is what the republic of t -courts it under a thousand different shapes, and, and their city become as Admah or Giboim, as Sodom it, or direct him to the discovery of this great end of us ask, is any open achnowledegment of God to be found

Deferred Extracts from our English Files.

A PORTER PUZZLED .-- A porter having a parcel to carry to a student in one of the colleges at Cambridge University, upon entering the square met with one of the collegians, and asked

morning, about ten o'clock, an extensive fall of the chalk rock from Shakspere's Cliff took place. The fall occurred near No. 4, shaft of the Shakspere tunnel, on the South Eeastern Railway, and left an indentation in the crown of this classic cliff

with the following memorandum respecting the union jack, accompanying it with a coloured diagram, for which we regret we cannot make room. We are not, at this moment, prepared possible, into a greater; for, hearing the object of in a pamphlet of no great antiquity; nor will we at once pin

known. In the third year of King James I, it was ordered that the flags to be hoisted on board ships were to be as follows: At the main.—The union jack, which was to be composed of the St. George's red cross, on a white ground, and the St. Andrew's white cross (diagonally on a blue ground) by all ships, belonging to North Britain.

"In 1800, on the union with Ireland, the St. Patrick's red

cross, on a wite ground, was added to the union jack; the flag therefore, should be constructed so as to show obviously the three crosses distinctly: whereas, as at present constructed, the crosses of St. Patrick and St. Andrew are not sufficiently obvi

DISTRESS AMONGST LANDLORDS.—The landed gentry in this country (says the Limerick Chronicle) "are obliged to plough with their carriage horses, where the tenants have carried away or sold the farm horses when quitting for Americs,

cutions against him. The Freeman's Journal thus allades to countenance upon us! Send us some rays of thy grace and heavenly wisdom, in this benighted search grace and heavenly wisdom grace grac houses, some of the most ancient and most aristocratic in the let us not wander for ever without a guide, in this land, are outcasts and beggars. One southern commoner has

(By a Correspondent of The Church.)

From an official return, it appears that, in the eleven years, from 1837 to 1847, there were coined at the mint 373 tons of gold, value £34,877,667; 431½ tons of silver, value £3,329.

We are told in Holy Scripture that "Every good ift and every perfect gift is from above, and cometh a total of £35,275,486.

From an official return, it appears that, in the eleven years, from 1837 to 1847, there were coined at the mint 373 tons of woolen goods to London for transhipment to the United States.

The usual supply of wool from Hungary will be much shortened by the difficulties of the war.—Morning Chronicle.

At the Staffordshire Sessions, last week it was formally de cided that a widow is not a single woman, and a thief got off in consequence of such a misdescription of the owner of stolen goods.

The great pursuit of man is after happiness; it is was the work of his own spirit, effectual and abiding. was himself a child of Israel. - B. D'Israeli's Introductory

THE ROYAL ETCHINGS .- On Tuesday Vice Chancellor Knight Bruce gave judgment in the case of the royal etchings, "Prince Albert v. Strange." His honour continued the injunction, affirming that, by a statute of Anne, not only books and M.S., but works of invention and art, were protected from publication without the consent of the author. He concluded— "The common law sheltered the privacy of life, it respected and protected thoughts and sentiments, and in the case of Mr. Southey and others, Lord Eldon emphatically stated that men-If his wishes?

He is told by one, to search for it among the more gay and useful pleasures of life, in scenes of mirth and notice?

He is told by one, to search for it among the more gay and useful pleasures of life, in scenes of mirth and notice?

Southey and others, Lord Engine emphasized with and of the times to discern, no judgments of the Lord to notice?

Southey and others, Lord Engine emphasized with and of the times to discern, no judgments of the Lord to notice? would be destroyed, and, therefore, the law gave him the ex-clusive right and control over his own private labour. In the case before the Court the plaintiff and his consort possessed that right, and the partial publication of the etchings among the plaintiff did not destroy or weaken that. The obtaining possession of those etchings, and the strempt to publish and exhibit them, was an intrusion into the privacy of life, an unbecoming and unseemly intrusion—it was the intrusion of a

the great luxury and expense of the equipage and furniture with which she always sits surrounded.

The object blesses God!—wonders how any one would mislead, and wilfully put him upon so wrong a gene never inhabited under the same roof;—that, if he would not be disappointed in his search, he must loot into the plain and thrifty dwelling of the prudent way he knows and understands the worth of money, who knows and understands the worth of money. cellor's Court at the earliest possible period .- January 20.

REPEAL ASSOCIATION.—The balance sheet of the Repeal Association for the last half year has been published, and exhibits a truly begarrly account. The balance now on hand for achieving the downfall of the Saxon and terrifying John Bull 4. shaft of the Shakspere tunnel, on the South Eeastern Railway, and left an indentation in the crown of this classic cliff of something like an acre. The quantity of chalk detached may be estimated at about 100,000 tons.

The Union Jack.—A distinguished officer has favoured us with the following memorandum respecting the union juck. £471 7s. 8d., and the sale of waste paper produced £133 15s. The last item probably includes net proceeds of reams of unreadable speeches and books about the repeal bubble. also amongst the items a sum of £128 12s, 6d., which is curiously described as " restitution of a grant formerly made for the erection of a repeal hall in Cork." The use of the word "restitution" seems some what old; but one thing is evident by the item, that repeal is as hopelessly defunct in Cork as in Dub-

> REVIVAL OF THE CHARTIST AGITATION. - Last Tuesday evening a public meeting of the Chartists was held in the Lit-erary Institution, John-street, Tottenham Courtroad, Mr. Henry Ross in the chair, for the purpose of organizing a new plan for making the National Charter the law of the land, Messes. F. O'Conner, M.P., Dickson, Kydd, M'Grath, and other leaders in the recent Chartist campaign, addressed the meeting. Resolutions, condementory of the late state prosecutions, and pledging the working classes never to cease agita tion until the charter was the law of the land, were carried amidst great applause .- January 20.

> THE "OLD IRELAND" AGITATION -- Mr. John O'Connell

The theory of conversion, as held by very many professing Christians of every non-Episcopal denomination, is unphilosophical and unscriptural; and by consequence, subversive of the truth. It is held that the British Governor and casidones of the case with the British Governor and casidones of the case with the British Governor and casidones of the case with the British Governor and casidones of the case with the British Governor and casidones of the Crass.)

Indeed a self-denial.'

On the 19th of September, in the last letter received from day not this chimate, is sphere of active duty: and this, in the present instance, does not appear to have been neglected by Mr. Macdougall writes as follows:

On the 19th of September, in the last letter received from Sarāwak, Mr. Macdougall writes as follows:

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On the John of the Maria Louisa, the Christian ninister may find a sphere of active duty: and this, in the present instance, does not appear to have seen no rest for the loss of the Church; and, as we now have it; consequently. The Kaffers on the sar form of the fall on the fall on the fall on the Malaysher, beyond removing obstacles, and in the Malaysher, beyond rem

JAMAICA.—A fact had recently transpired which incontestibly proves the fearful crisis of the affairs of this colony. It is this, that the value of exports for the last parliamentary year did not reach £900,000, whilst the imports exceeded £1,100,000; thus showing a balance of trade against the island of

Long CREDIT. - Some time since a person at Chemisford. LONG CREDIT. — Some time since a person at Chemisford, more ingenious than scrupulous, paid a tradesman for some goods by a bill at two months, but on presenting it at the expiration of that period the owner found it was payable two months after death instead of after date.

GOLD MINES IN CALIFORNIA .- Four Companies are already GOLD MINES IS CALIFORNIA. — Four Companies are already formed in London, for sharing in the riches discovered to lie in abundance in California, and which are to be had only for the trouble of picking up, added to the expenses of the time and labour of doing so. The success of these companies depends principally on the spirits and prudence, and respectability with which they are conducted. At this moment it is believed that the Gold Mines of California will yield not less than £6,000,000

IRISH STATE TRIALS .- On Tuesday last, the Court of

when in the Excellent, has been promoted to the rank of Post-

Bunn v. Jenny Lind .- The long contested suit of " Bunn a. Lind" has at last been settled, it is said, for the sum offered before litegation commenced, namely, £2,000.—Globe. THREATENED EXCOMMUNICATION OF ELECTORS IN THE

ROMAN STATES.—The Pope has published another protest, dated January 1st, in which he reminds the electors of the Pontifical States of the pains of excommunication decreed of old against all those who shall in any way obstruct or usurp the temporal Sovereignty of the Roman See, and warns them against taking any part whatever in the election of represen-tatives to the Assembly convoked by the revolutionary Go-

The Indian army is being now supplied with cavalry horses

Col. Conolly, M. P. for the county of Donegal, died at Castletown, near Dublin, on Thursday week. The deceased was the eldest son of Admiral Sir Thomas Pakington, and assumed the name of Concily on inheriting the estates of the Right Hon. Thomas Conolly, of Castletown .- January 13.

The first church bell which has ever been heard in Egypt since the occupation of that country by the Moslem conquerors, has lately been suspended in the tower of a Roman Catholic church, built by the Jesuits at Alexandria.

The Globe states that a steam plough has been tried on a farm near Stratford, in Essex, by stationary engines at the extremities of the field, and that the experiment was satisfactory. The engine is ten feet by six in bulk, portable with a pair of horses, and may be used for ploughing, thrashing, or for any purpose where power of the kind is required.

The Dissenters have taken to the public reading of Mr. Noel's book in their chapels.
The title of "Ban" was given to the ruler of Croatis in the

time of Constantins Porphyrogentius, and the Austrian gover-nor of that province is still called "Ban." — Wilkinson's Dal-

In the year 1848, according to the records of the London are engine establishment, the premises totally destroyed or greatly injured by fire were 206, and the number of less important ares over

FRANCHISE BILL FOR IRELAND.—It is reported that a measure to establish a new county franchise in Ireland will be introduced early in the next session, and also to lessen the period for holding elections in counties.

The Rev. Thomas St. George, Incumbent of Newmarket-on-Fergus, Clare, while walking in Nassau-street, Dublin, on the Gentlemen of the House of Commons, 30th ult., suddenly dropped down and expired. January 13.

ALLEGED APPARITION OF THE VIRGIN.—The Bishop of La Rochelle has officially authenticated as a fact vouched for by himself, the apparition of the Virgin, alleged to have taken place recently on the mountain of La Salette, near Grenoble: a miraculous event, which has obtained very general credence

LONDON AND NORTH- WESTERN RAILWAY .- The following is the number of persons employed on account of this company, including these occupied in the collection and delivery of goods: - 2 secretaries, 1 manager, 2 superintendents. 366 clerks, 3045 porters, 701 police constables, 738 engine and firemen, 3347 artificers, 1452 labourers: total number, 10,263. The number of horses employed is 612, ditto vans, &c., 253. The Times, in a long leading article, gives the description of

a new printing machine, which has been for the past two months in use in that office, whereby the extraordinary number of 140 copies can be thrown off in a minute. It is a machine having eight cylinders. Hitherto, the rate at which it has been worked is about 1,000 revolutions per hour, or 8,000 impressions; but it is probable that it will be ultimately worked to 12,000 copies an hour. The name of the gentleman who constructed this wonderful piece of mechanism is Mr. Augustus Applegarth, of Dartford.

The baron of beef at the Queen's table on Christmas Day was a portion of the ox bred by Prince Albert at the Flemish Farm, and purchased by Mr. Minton, Purveyor to her Majesty: hours in cooking. A rump, sir-loin, and sitch bone, were offered by Mr. Minton to Louis Philippe, but politely declined. A Sow, belonging to a villager at Rait, near Dundee, lately

attempted to swallow a live rat, head foremest. The rat stuck its claws so fast in the throat of the unlucky sow, that she was choked by her strange tit-bit. A Goop Sign .- The walls are placarded in Manchester for

power lorm weavers. The mills being now fully employed, any further extension of machinery will absorb all hands accustomed to such employment, at full wages; so that there is an all but certainty that good wages and cheap provisions will be the lot of the working classes for some time to come. ELECTRICITY vice STEAM .- Since the discovery by

Ersted of the magnetic wower imparted to bars of iron by an electric current traversing copper wire coiled round them, nu-merous attempts have been made, with various degrees of success, to move machinery by the enormous force which we have thus at our command. The most remarkable experiments are those of Professor Jacobi, who in 1838 and 1839, succeeded in propelling a boat upon the Neva at the rate of four miles an hour. At this time an engine is in process of construction in London, of Mr. Hjorath, a countryman of the great disive a power equal to five horses. One of the electro-magnets 5,000 lb. and its attractive force at one-eighth of an inch was

The Athenaum publishes an account by an African traveller of a hitherto unknown animal, which is stated by the natives to exist in the province of Kordefan. This animal, which is termed A'nasa, is said to be of the size of a small ass, with a thick body, thin bones, coarse hair, and a fail like a boar; and is also said to be armed on its fire head with a long horn, which it usually allows to hang down, but erects immediately on perceiving an enemy.

In the saloon carriages lately built for the Caledonian Railway Company, the interior is divided into two parts by a sliding panel, on which are placed two large mirrors, and each apartment is scated with two arm chairs and two sofas, all covered with merocce, while in the centre there is a folding table. Outside the carriage, at each end, there is fixed a short platform, on which travellers may get out to enjoy the scenery through which the train passes.

The produce of two gratuitous Jenny Lind concerts at chester, for building an additional wing to the Infirmary, is

EMIGRATION .- The number of persons who have emigrated from Liverpool during the year 1848 is as follows:--127.501; North American colonies, 2,066; West Indies, 199; Australia, 298; Hongkong, 14; Falkland Islands, 12; total,—131,121.— Liverpool Journal.

The Duke of Marlborough supplied 810 families, comprising of, so far as our Province is concerned. 3,000 individuals, plentifully with fat venison, and the Duchess distributed blankets and warm clothing amongst the poor, last

go along, with wider parts at intervals, used, no doubt, as conceive it possible that the advisers of our gracious passing places. It has not yet been explored.

The River Nile, in a known course of 1250 miles, receives

GIPSY MEETING .- The twentieth anniversary meeting of this neglected and interesting people took place on Thursday lest, at the seat of William Betts, Eeq., at Bevois Mount.

Divine strice was performed at 11 o'clock in a spacious marquee erected so as to communicate with the coach house, and victorious.

leled in the annals of legislation. Rebels have been pardoned ere now, but we never heard of them being rewarded or reimbursed, save by their own party when victorious.

sent it me when only one day old. These Ballads he sent me for publication in The Church," and want of time alone has hitherto prevented me from transcribing them. You may therefore imagine with what delight capable of containing nearly 500 persons, which was filled to overflowing. Suitable addresses were delivered by the Revds. James Crabb, Carr Glynn. J. Maners, R. Morse, and other clergymen. Some of the children who are now being educated at Faraham school were examined, from which it was evident that they had made considerable improvement during the short time they had been at the Asylum. After the meeting & good dinner of roast beef and plum-pudding was provided, to which they did ample justice. Most of them were also supplied with warm blankers, stockings and other articles of clothing, as well Bibles and Testaments. A subscription from the visitors and friends present was entered into to defray the expenses of the dinner, &c .- Wilts Independent.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM SIBORNE .- With deep regret we announce the death of this officer, so very generally known to the service at large and to the public, and universally esteemed as an excellent, kind-hearted man, and, from his talents, an ornament to the profession. Captain Siborne, who was Military Secretary and Adjutant at the Royal Military Asylum, to which office he was appointed 10th November, 1843, died at Chelsea, on the 13th ult., after a lingering and painful illness, produced by nine veers' clear application in the street and painful illness, Gould, who some years ago was convicted of argon. produced by nine years' close application in the accomplishment of the "Model of the Battle of Waterloo." This beautiful work was commenced in the first instance by the desire of the Government, but was ultimately abandoned by them, and Captain Siborne was left to grieve over that which had raised his fondest hopes and highest ambition. He was for 18 to our House of Commons, but we see no reason why years Military Secretary at Dublin, an office which he filled with great credit under Sir George Murray, the late Lord Vivian, and Sir Edward Biskeney. He was also the author of the "History of the War in France and Belgium in 1815," would be exceedingly difficult for them to adduce tanthe only authentic record of the Battle of Waterloo. He has left a Widow, two daughters, and a son, a Licutenant in the Royal Engineers, to deplore the loss of a most excellent hus-

Dr. Machale, the Romanist Archbishop at Tuam, has issued a sort of pastoral letter to the faithful of his diocese. He begins by stating that such is the extreme poverty of the Penitentiary at Kingston for the crime of arson—Sheweth,

cushion. As the Queen entered, every one rose. Her Majesty, in her usual clear voice, then read the following speech:—

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH. My Lords and Gentlemen,-The period being arrived at which the business of Parliament

is usually resumed, I have called you together for the discharge of your important duties.

It is satisfactory to me to be able to state that both in the North and in the South of Europe the contending parties have nsented to a suspension of arms for the purpose of negociating

terms of peace. Hostilities carried on in the Island of Sicily were attended with circumstances so revolting, that the British and French admirals were impelled, by motives of humanity, to interpose and stop the further effusion of blood.

I have availed myself of the interval thus obtained, to propose in conjunction with France, to the King of Naples, an arrangement calculated to produce a permanent settlement of affairs

been my anxious endeavour, in offering my good offices to the various contending powers, to prevent an extension of a calanitous war, and to lay the foundations for lasting and honour-It is my constant desire to maintain with all foreign States

the most friendly intercourse.

As soon as the interests of the public service will permit, I shall order the papers connected with these transactions to be

laid before you. A rebellion of a formidable character has broken out in the Punjaub, and the Govenor General of Iudia has been com-

Punjaub, and the Govenor General of India has been com-pelled for the preservation of the peace of the country, to as-semble a considerable force which is now engaged in military operations against the insurgents; but the tranquility of British India has not been affected by these unprovoked disturbances. I again commend to your attention the restrictions imposed on commerce my the navigation laws.

If you shall find that these laws are in whole or in part, un-

necessary for the maintainance of our maritime power, while they fetter trade and industry, you will, no doubt, deem it right to repeal or modify their provisions.

I have directed the estimates for the service of the year to be nade with the closest attention to a wise economy.

The present aspect of affairs has enabled me to make large ns upon the estmates of last year.

My Lords and Gentlemen,-I observe with satisfaction that this portion of the United Kingdom has remained tranquil amidst the convulsions which Lave disturbed so many parts of Europe. The insurrection in Ireland has not been renewed, but a spirit of disaffection still exists, and I am compelled, to my great regret, to ask for a continuance, for a limited time, of those powers which, in the last session, you deemed necessary for the preservation of the

public tranquility.

I have great satisfaction in stating that commerce is reviving rom those shocks, which, at the commencement of the last

session, I had to deplore.

The condition of the manufacturing districts is likewise more ncouraging than it has been for a considerable period.

It is also gratifying to me to, observe that the state of the

evenue is one of progressive improvement.

I have to lament, however, that another failure in the potato rop has caused very severe distress in some parts of Ireland.

The operation of the laws for the relief of the poor in Ireland will properly be a subject of your enquiry, and any measures by which those laws may be beneficially amended and the condition of the people may be improved, will receive

It is with pride and thankfulness that I advert to the loyal spirit of my people, and that attachment to our institutions, which has animated them during the period of commercial difdeficient production of food, and political revolution. I look to the protection of Almighty God for favour in our continued progress, and I trust that you will assist me in upholding the fabric of the constitution, founded as it is upon have added £2000, and the munificent sum of

			WEEKLY CALE	NDAI	R.		I manually	
Day.	Date.		echal phoduct says substantians	0.500 0.500	1st Lesson		2d Lesson.	
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T	**	700 700	andra. waarin	{ M,			Luke 24. 1 Thess. 4.	
w				{ M, E,	::		John I. 1 Thess. 5.	
T	"	15,		{ M. E.			John 2. 2 Thess. 1.	
F	"	16		{ M, E,			John 3. 2 Thess. 2	
5		17,	the Temple, 1585.	S E	11	2	Tohn 4.	

THE CHURCH.

TORONTO, MARCH 8, 1849

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First Page. Poetry.—Consumption. Fewell: Essays of Opinion for Churchmen. First Steps to the Borneo Missionaries. Inquiry after Happiness. On Humiliation. Deferted Extracts from our English Files,	Fourth Page. Prospects of the Clergy in Irela A Popish Priest in the Rebelli of 1798. Interesting Confirmation Scene A Conversation between a Miniter and a Child. The Little School Girls. Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

REBELLION LOSSES.

With mingled feelings of indignation and regret, we have to state, that the second reading of the treason indemnity Bill was carried in the House of Assemby question may thus be considered as finally disposed passed.

Some of our Conservative contemporaries seem to apprehend, that the Home Administration stand com-A subterrarean passage, at Chester, has been discovered, mitted to give effect to this most obnoxious and unpassing under two of the principal streets. It is hewn out of constitutional measure, but we cannot permit ourselves the solid rock, and is just wide enough to allow one person to take such a desponding view of matters. We do not bial Philosophy," with whom I have been lately cor-Sovereign will so far compromise her dignity, and abuse her prerogative, as to counsel her to sanction proceedings, which we assert without hesitation, are unparal-

> which such subservient ministerial prints as the Globe, and Pilot, maintain that no money is to be voted "ex-Colonial Cabinet has dared to assert in his place, that | will be deeply gratified. the contemplated benevolence is to be confined to loyal subjects of the British Crown. On the contrary, the official "special pleaders" have been straining their ingenuity to the utmost to demonstrate, that the liege. men of Canada West may be righteously taxed to reimburse parties, of whose disaffection, both as regards

We have much pleasure in laying before our readers Gould, who some years ago was convicted of arson, to our House of Commons, but we see no reason why gible grounds, why the application of Nathaniel Gould

should not meet with prompt and friendly attention, To the Honourable the Legislative Assembly of Canada.

He begins by stating that such is the extreme poverty of the people that many of them "die of starvation, and are buried without the decency of Christian sepulture." He closes by announcing that this same people are anxious to make a subscription for the Pope, and that he will take an early he had no means of liquidating got his goods and his store and then with the subscription of destarging "what made of collecting it may subscription for the Pope, and toat he will take an early opportunity of deetermining "what mode of collecting it may be best calculated to manifest the fervour of their homage and devotion to the Sovereign Pontiff, Christ's vicegerent on were soon reduced to ashes. Due care was taken that no alarm OPENING OF THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT. On the 1st should be given until the fire was so far advanced, that it was February, Parliament was opened by the Queen in person, with the usual formularies. The houses presented a very brilliant appearance. Nearly all the representatives of the foreign powers were present, the bishops, peers, and a fair bevy of peer- to obtain the large amount I had insured on my property, and

esses. At a quarter past two, the booming of guns announced at the same time to secure my merchandize which wes the the arrival of Queen Victoris. The Queen was led to the throne by Prince Albert, who took his seat on the left. The Duke of Wellington, bearing the sword of state, looked somewhat paler than usual, but seemed cheerful and in good spirits.

The general was also the two most valuable of it, but unfortunately, while I was absent at Toronto, some prying, envious persons discovered the goods which had been concealed, and gave information to the authorism what paler than usual, but seemed cheerful and in good spirits.

The general was absent at The JEW BILL REVIVED.

We learn with deep regret that Lord John Russell has signified his intention of bringing forward a Bill, for so altering the oaths taken by members of Christian and the same time to secure my merchandize which was the most valuable of it, but unfortunately, while I was absent at Toronto, some prying, envious persons discovered the goods which had been concealed, and gave information to the authorism.

> stitutional liberty, will say that we were guilty, and deserved punishment, but your Honourable House will take a more liberal and enlightened view of the sublect. You will see that we were merely endeavouring to improve our condition at the expense of others, and that we did not succeed was our misfortune, and not our fault. And that it was the inquisitive neighbours who discovered the fact, and the corrupt Judge and Jury who con-

demned us, that were the incendaries, and not your petitioner.

Your petitioner however is happy to perceive, that a more just and liberal policy is now prevailing, and it is with confidence that he now approaches your Honorable House, to seek remuneration for the "losses" he has sustained in these "unfortunate" six works.

fortunate" circumstances.

Your petitioner therefore prays, that the Honourable House will institute an enquiry, to ascertain the value of the building and goods destroyed by the fire, and otherwise lost, as also, the loss of his time, and that of his wife, for seven years, and the injury to their health, consequent upon close confinement and

work, and particularly the injury done to their character. That having ascertained the value of such claim, you will take such measures as you in your wisdom may deem meet for the reimbursement of such losses. And your petitioner would suggest that the parties who prevented him from realizing the intended fruits of his villainy, should be compelled to pay the

losses he has thereby sustained.

Should your petitioner be included in the "amnesty" about to be extended to other criminals (which he hopes to be, unless the Cross, which so long has hallowed it. he has inadvertently omittted some essential crime which would recommend him to the favour of your Honourable House), so that the remainder of his imprisonment may be remitted, he would submit to a proportionate deduction from his claim for loss of time. And should your Honourable House be pleased to pay your petitioners debts he would be willing to have that

Your petitioner will ever pray.

BISHOPRIC IN CHINA.

With feelings of much gratification we have to state that an addition is about to be made to the number of our Colonial Bishops. "Her Majesty, (says he Colonial Church Chronicle), has been pleased to signify Her approval of a plan, long under deliberation, for planting a Bishop's See in the Island of Hong-Kong, with jurisdiction over the members of the Church of England in the five free ports, and wherever else on the continent of China the Bishop may find an opening for the introduction of the Gospel."

The new Diocese is to be styled the Bishopric of Victoria, and the merit of its formation is to be attri- Society—" Freely ye have received, freely give." buted in no small degree to his Lordship, the Bishop of London. That pious and energetic Prelate, soon after the treaty with the Chinese Empire had been concluded, at once perceived the "great door and effectual," which was opened for the spread of the Gospel, and the extension of the kingdom of Christ. He accordingly issued a pastoral letter, which we noticed at the time, bringing the matter energetically before his Clergy, and inviting them to collect the offerings of their respective congregations for a fund, towards the endowment of a Bishopric in the Chinese interest, amounts to upwards of £6000. To this sum the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel £10,000 has been contributed by two anonymous individuals, who seeking alone the favour of Him, who seeing in secret rewards openly, simply designate as Warden thereof.

Bishop of this deeply interesting and most important

OUR AGRICULTURAL ARTICLES.

The subjoined commendation we properly appre-2 Thess. 3. ciate, coming as it does from such a competent authoas the of February: What a series of articles on agriculture, now published in The Church, written evidently by a practical farmer, that we have no hesitation in furnishing our readers with an extract or two in reference to our present subject."

MARTIN F. TUPPER.

give below, was sent expressly for publication in the Church, and we have to express our obligations to the friend in this Province who was the medium of its transmission. It is hardly necessary for us to say that we deeply appreciate the distinction which an author so deservedly popular as Martin F. Tupper, confers upon our journal, by noticing it in this manner. Gifted with poetic abilities of the very first order, he uniformly devotes them to noblest and most patriotic purposes; and in these darksome days, of democracy and insubordination, it is difficult to estimate the health-giving influence of such lyrics, as, from time to on Friday last, by a majority of forty to twenty. The time, he pours forth with a grace and vigour unsur-

We take the liberty of making the following exdoes an appropriate introduction to the verses.

responding) containing several of his beautiful Ballads, and amongst the rest "Home," which I may tell you was written at my suggestion, and, strange to say, the author had it in mind for his very next subject, and he them. You may therefore imagine with what delight It is really remarkable to notice the audacity with I this morning saw "Home" occupying a prominent corner in the paper.

I now send you another of them for next week's pubcept to innocent parties." Not one member of the lication; and as I transmit the paper to the author, he

These Ballads are effecting much good, in both hemispheres; and it rejoices the heart of the estimable writer, to see them producing such happy effects."

ENGLAND'S HEART. A WORD OF COMFORT TO THE LOYAL. (By the Author of "Proverbial Philosophy.)

England's heart! O never fear The sturdy good old stock; Nothing 's false or hollow here, But solid as a rock. England's heart is sound enough,
And safe in its old place, Honest, loyal, blythe, and bluff, And open as her face!

England's heart! with beating nerves It rallies to the throne,—
And, like Luther, well preserves The knee for God alor England's heart is sound enough, Unshaken and serene, Like her oak trees, true and tough And old, - but glad and green!

England's heart! all Europe hurl'd To ruin, strife, and dearth, Sees yet one Zoar in the world, The Goshen of the earth! England's heart is sound enough. And,-though the skies be dark, Though winds be loud, and waves be rough, Safe as Noah's Ark! England's heart! aye, God be prais'd.

That thus in patriot pride An English cheer can yet be rais'd Above the stormy tide: Safe enough, and sound enough, It thrills the heart to fee A man 's a bit of English stuff, True from head to heel! MARTIN F. TUPPER. THE JEW BILL REVIVED.

tian Britain's Parliament, as to permit Jews, and consequently heathens, to take their seats in that Assembly. for spring sowing should now be got, and when getting mentation, and will not make so good an article. We need hardly repeat, that towards the "veildarkened' children of Israel, we entertain the warmest interest, and most heart-felt affection. Groping, as each variety. The importance of this can scarcely be would give it a dark colour if allowed to remain. they are, in the chill gloom of unbelief, they are still overrated. Some varieties of each of the ordinary The addition of a little lime water, especially as the the race Jehovah once loved, and who, beyond all farm grains sown, are much more productive and requestion, are yet to be reclaimed from the regions munerative than other varieties: the seed to be sown gallons of sap will be serviceable. It will correct the whither they had been driven by His fierce anger, and restored to their dearly cherished Palestine. With tained, but the best possible sample of that kind. It When boiled down to symp, it is taken off, strained all this, however, we must protest against the outrage would probably not be an over estimate to suppose, through a close flannel cloth, and after being allowed with which our nation is again threatened by the proposed measure. It is impossible to conceive of an act the man, who regarded Emanuel as a justly perished of what is foul, or infected by insects or the seeds method to cleanse the syrup from all impurities, which felon, to the rank of a Christian legislator. something so incongruously revolting in the bare idea, crop obtained. Or, in other words, if the best and principally of minute particles of dust. One mode that we feel assured Lord John Russell will meet with soundest seed was always sown by every person, the of doing this, and sufficiently effective for ordinary as signal a defeat on the present occasion, as he for- whole crop of the different kinds of grain annually purposes, is to mix the whites of two or three fresh merly experienced. Great Britain has, of late years, obtained might amount to a full fifth more in value eggs, well beaten, a pint of milk, and half a spoonful sadly fallen from the high moral vantage ground which than is now actually realised. she once occupied; but she has still enough of virtue left to retain Christianity as a national feature. She spring crops, we, in Canada, must, of course, wait till in when the syrup is about at a blood heat. As the is not prepared to obliterate from her "meteor flag" such time as the disappearance of the frost leaves it heat gradually increases all foreign matter will rise to

Sandwich, to acknowledge a donation from W. R. Wood, Esquire, Churchwarden of St. John's Church Wood, Esquire, Churchwarden of St. John's Church so deducted from the general amount there, of a valuable Town Lot, containing one acre of lating, holes are made at the bottom of the boxes, there, of a valuable Town Lot, containing one acre of lating, holes are made at the bottom of the boxes, have everything that will contribute to facilitate the land. This lot adjoins another acre, granted by Government, and the addition considerably enhances the value of both

It is always with much pleasure that we make acare, that in no other way can such substantial or per- of it is lost in attending to matters which should have may be further refined by being dissolved and sugared manent benefits be conferred on the Province, as by making provision for the future maintenance of the Church. And we may add, that Canadian Churchmen cannot more appropriately shew their gratitude for the fostering and long continued care which they have received from the mother country, than by thus providing for the support and independence of their own Pastors. We should be called upon to notice many more such donations as the above than we are

THE REV. J. LLOYD THOMAS.

Travelling Missionary in the Talbot District, and eldest son of the Rev. Ll. Ll. Thomas, Newport Rec- on to say:tory, Haverford, West Pembrokeshire, South Wales, debted to a fellow student of the deceased.

the commencement of his disease he was at a distant all tight and strong—the sacks new patched and men- water is standing, and clean out the drains, or deepen portion of the Province, and surrounded by compara- ded, that no seed-corn be spilt upon the road,—the them, if necessary, to let the water off. A small themselves as "A brother and sister." A portion of tive strangers, from whom, however, (as he took pleased corn thrashed, measured up, and sacked, and amount of labour in this way, applied at the proper this fund is to be appropriated towards the erection of sure in repeatedly remarking) he experienced every what is last wanted put into the granary—the horses time, may be the means of saving a large quantity a College at Hong-Kong, and the salary of the Bishop care and attention, which it was in their power to be-Magdelen Hall, Oxford, has been appointed first be was solaced by the affectionate and auxious ministrations of several old and tried friends, who in every heralded in the sky. indeed. Latterly his bodily sufferings were very suppose that the plough-irons and harrow-tines have husbandry," says Mr. Stephens, "is the calving of the closing scene, however, he experienced considerable seed-corn or for horses' corn in the midst of the sow- where a number of cows are kept, a matter of very

order. His knowledge of the Word of life was very ploughed when they should be sown, that is, a loss of toms of being about to calve in a few days, she should great, and from it he drew largely for consolation and support. In an especial manner he delighted to dwell upon the cxix Psalm, which abounds with prayers and in the busy season, and the provoking reflection occurs with a warm mash or two, or a few boiled oats, or carpraises well adapted for a Christian's meditation, espe- that the loss incurred now was occasioned by triffing rots, and have warm water to drink. In case of any cially when entering the dark valley. Our departed off-puts in winter. Compare the value of these trifles difficulty occurring in parturition, recourse should be The spirited and very seasonable Ballad which we below, was sent expressly for publication in the very below, was sent expressly for publication in the constantly looking to Jesus, and striving to suppress beans or spring wheat. Suppose, once more, that inevery murmer against the loving Fatherly hand, which stead of having turnips in store for the cattle, when be permitted; valuable cows and calves have often corrected him for his profit.

our Clergy, during the past winter. One, an old sol- work without interruption, you are obliged to send from the cow when one or two days old, and taught to dier of the Cross, who had long borne the heat and away a portion of the draughts to bring in turnips, drink. It should have new milk for the first two or burden of the day,—the other, a youthful labourer in which must be brought in, and brought in, too, from three weeks, after which a little skimmed milk may be the vine-yard, whose "hopeful sun did set ere noon." hand to mouth, it being impossible, in these circum-Thus the green and the ripe are equally cut down- stances, to store them. In short, suppose that the gradually, till at the age of six weeks it may be fed " may we also be ready."

EDITORIAL CHANGE.

The Rev. Dr. Seabury, who for many years edited the New York Churchman, with no ordinary vigour and tract from our Correspondent, s letter, forming as it ability, has just resigned his important office, and is to be succeeded by the Rev. William Walton. Owing "By the way, I received a few days since a most to the crowded state of our columns, we must postpone delightful letter from the amiable author of "Prover- any notice of the gentleman's valedictory address, till another occasion.

> AGRICULTURE. HINTS FOR MARCH.

During this month the live stock on the farm will equire increased care and attention. Working horses that have been kept sparingly during winter, should now be well fed on hay and grain, in order that they may be in good condition for work, when the busy season arrives. At this season horned cattle will fall fed: a few turnips, or other succulent roots, will be grateful to them, and will serve to prepare them for

manship. The time and labour saved by using good be thoroughly cleansed before being used, as also We learn with deep regret that Lord John Russell and efficient implements is an important consideration, should the boilers, and storing trough or cask. The besides the more effective manner in which the ground sap should be gathered at least once every twenty-four is prepared, and the consequent greater result in the hours, and boiled as soon as possible. If allowed to crops cultivated. Every description of seed required stand any length of time, it undergoes a sort of ferseed the farmer of any intelligence will not be con- Before being put into the hoiler, it should be carefully tented with any but the best possible description of strained, to remove leaves and pieces of sticks, which should not only be of the best kind that can be ob- acidity of the syrup, and facilitate its granulation. that the deficiency in produce annually sustained from to stand over-night, to allow the sediment to fall to sowing light and inferior seeds, and that of which the the bottom, put into the sugaring-off kettle. At this of grosser impiety, than would be implied by elevating germinating powers have been injured, (not to speak stage of the process, it is necessary to adopt some There is of weeds,) equals in amount a fifth of the whole the straining could not remove, and which consist

in many respects.

brated Book of the Farm, relating to work at this sea- ported sorts. We have seen samples of maple sugar, son, which, though rather long, and in some respects which had been manufactured in a careful and skilful more directly applicable to circumstances in connection manner, quite equal in point of whiteness and flavour with farming in England and Scotland than here, is so to the best crushed loaf sugar; whereas it is well much to the point, that we conceive we cannot do known, that in the very rude and imperfect manner in if our people duly appreciated the motto of the Church better than insert it. The principle implied applies which the business is commonly conducted, the greater equally everywhere. After describing how every fa- part made is scarcely fit for any domestic purpose. yourable day should be taken advantage of, in prepar-This week the mournful task is imposed upon us of tares, or naked fallow, in their respective order, (this, sequence, one in which failure is frequently met with, ecording the decease of the Rev. J. Lloyd Thomas, of course, cannot be done here in winter as described and consequently great loss and disappointment in by him, but only in autumn and early spring,) he goes curred, particularly when seeding down fields with

England. Our brother expired on the 27the ultimo, promoted, and there is found little or nothing to do time to sow on winter wheat, at least on clay lands, Danby House, Stamford, the residence of John till the burst of spring work comes, both horses and than towards the close of this month, or just as the Mewburn, Esquire, Surgeon, in the 26th year of his men may enjoy a day's rest now and then, without snow is leaving the ground. The seed is drawn into age. For the substance of what follows we are in- incurring the risk of throwing work back; but before the ground with the melting of the snow, and the alsuch recreations are indulged in, it should be ascer- ternate freezing and thawing, and generally produces Soon after his ordination, Mr. Thomas was appinted tained that all the implements, great and small, have a thick enough growth of herbage. The spring frosts Travelling Missionary to the Talbot District, but had been repaired for work,—the plough irons all new laid will not often injure it. As soon as the frost has left not long exercised his duties, till it pleased divine —the harrow tines new laid and sharpened, and fas-Providence to stretch him upon a bed of sickness. At tened firmly into the bulls of the harrows—the harness fields with a spade, note carefully every place where stow. At the expiry of three months, he was, by may throw a pair of horses out of work for even one is also necessary in fields intended for spring grain of God's mercy, enabled to remove to Stamford, where single hour-in short, to have everything prepared to fallow, and will forward the business of sowing.

nation, may fancy this to be an overdrawn picture- to take all her milk. even an impossible case; but, unfortunately for that supposition, it is drawn from the life. I have seen every incident occur which I have mentioned, both as to work being in a forward and a backward state."

Such is the sound advice of the writer of, perhaps, the most eminently practical and complete work on farming that has yet appeared. If generally acted upon in this country, it would contribute no little to the off more than during the winter months, unless well advantage and satisfaction of the parties concerned.

From about the first to the fifteenth of this month from about the first to the fifteenth of this month the season for manufacturing maple sugar generally and circulated by the Wesleyan Methodists in the 22nd the pasture fields. A little salt also, once in a week or ten days, will keep them in health and give them which, if skilfully conducted, will return, perhaps, as or ten days, will keep them in health and give them which, if skilfully conducted, will return, perhaps, as an appetite. Cattle should not be allowed to wander over the meadows while the frost is disappearing, as they injure them very much by tramping on them in farming pursuits, and as the season occurs at a period fine the very much by tramping on them in farming pursuits, and as the season occurs at a period that we are again publicly assailed through the same methat we are again publicly assailed through the same methat we are again publicly assailed through the same methat we are again publicly assailed through the same methat we are again publicly assailed through the same methat we are again publicly assailed through the same methat we are again publicly assailed through the same methat when the properties and the season occurs at a period that we are again publicly assailed through the same methat when the properties and the season occurs at a period that we are again publicly assailed through the same methat when the properties are the season occurs at a period that we are again publicly assailed through the same methat when the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties as the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties an appetite. Cattle should not be allowed to wander considerable a profit, in proportion to the time and them more harm than good, and is apt to give them a amount of other work on hand, many farmers find it disrelish for dry food. Sheep will be benefitted by much more profitable and convenient to manufacture having a few carrots, parsnips, or other nourishing toots with their fodder.

their own sugar than to dispose of a considerable portion of their fieldproduce in purchasing this necessary article.

the 2 and A panel. By the 2 and A panel. All winter work remaining on hand should now be at once despatched; the grain all thrashed, cleaned up, and stored in the granary, if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary, if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and stored in the granary if not disposed of in the up, and those who possess extensive groves of the tree, and have the requisite labour at command, may not only school, for the education of the Indian youth resident in the vicinity of the Grand River in this district. Our opening the granary is not only an analysis of the up and the up, and the up and the market. Hay, that will be required for working cattle and horses should be got into the harns or stables. and horses, should be got into the barns or stables, surplus for sale, and thus obtain a neat augmentation to that time may not be lost in the busy season, in going after it, when it is required for immediate use. All the timber that will be wanted for spring fencing should now also be cut, that it may be ready to split as soon as the frost is out of it. As soon as possible after ths as the frost is out of it. As soon as possible after the of years, they should be injured as little as possible in snow leaves the ground, the fences should be all repaired, and new ones made where required. Much valuable time will be saved by having all such work executed before the fields are ready to be ploughed and sown.

The reservoir of the fields are ready to be ploughed and sown.

It is circulated in the same report "that when the Rev. It is circulated in the same report "that when the Rev. It is circulated in the same report "that when the Rev. It is circulated in the same report "that when the Rev. It is circulated in the same report "that when the Rev. The near approach of spring now renders it neces- common spile may be put in underneath, with the tapsary to look to all the farming implements and tools, ping gouge as usual. A wound of this kind will soon heal and see that they are in the best possible working order. over, and the tree will not be sensibly injured. The The plough irons should be relaid and sharpened; the first requisite in making a superior article of sugar is his interpreter, that the Methodists are Yankees and harrow teeth laid and pointed; and the harness re- perfect cleanliness in every department of the business; paired, if necessary, oiled, and put in good working the vessel generally used for receiving the sap from order. Every farmer should provide himself with a the tree, is the common trough; the best are made full assortment of working implements,-ploughs, from the yellow pine, white ash also does very well harrows, cultivator, drill, barrow, or sowing machine, for the purpose, but the neatest and best article is a they to become Methodists; that the Church of England roller, &c. When new implements are required, they should be got of the most approved pattern known, or that can be obtained, and of the best possible work-

of saleratus, with a sufficient quantity of syrup to form, In regard to the preparation of the land itself for say forty pounds of sugar,—the egg, &c., to be stirred in a fit state to admit of the commencement of opera- the snrface, and must be carefully skimmed off, care tions. All that we can do in the meantime is to at- being taken not to allow the syrup to break into a boil tend to every other branch of labour in connection with before the skimming is completed. It is then sugared the season, that nothing may be in the way to prevent off, but if the best article is desired, it should be left We are requested by the Rev. William Ritchie, of fleld work being begun the very moment the ground is sufficiently moist to draw in a little. It is then put into ready. The advantage of having had a good breadth kegs or boxes, made smaller at the bottom than at the of ploughing performed in the autumn will now be top, sixty or seventy pounds in each, and after grandappreciated. It is of the greatest consequence to lating, holes are made at the bottom of the boxes, dispatch of spring work, performed in good season, may then be covered with several folds of a clean that when the time for active field operations arrives, thick woollen cloth, saturated with pure water, and not a moment's time may be unnecessarily lost. The over that a board neatly fitted to the shape of the box knowledgements of this description, convinced as we season for sowing in this country is short, and if a part or cask. After it has done draining, or nearly so, it been seen to before, it will be a cause, not only of loss off again, and undergoing the same process of clarifying and an increase of toil, but of vexation and annoyance and draining as before. By this or some similar mer thod a superior quality of sugar may be made, which We have met with an extract from Stephens' cele- would compete favourably with some of the best im-Sowing clover and grass seeds, in such a way as to

ing the land for wheat, beans, oats, potatoes, turnips, insure a successful growth, is a matter of much confall wheat. From what experience we have had in "And when every one of all these objects has been the matter, we are led to believe that there is no safer

which the calving of cows principally takes place: sense of the expression, proved themselve to be friends "But suppose the contrary of all this to happen; "The first great event in spring, on a farm of mixed severe, a racking cough and pain in his side, constrain- to be laid and sharpened, when perhaps to-morrow they cows." Though in this country things are not maning him at times to cry out with pain. Towards the may be wanted in the field—a stock to be thrashed for aged quite so methodically, it is still even here, telief, and aniath real Redemand into the gracious ing of a field—suppose, too, that only a week's work considerable interest and importance, and requires Mr. Thomas possessed attainments of no common the consequence is, that six acres of land have to be his family or servants. When the cow shows symp. a whole day of six pair of horses, or of two days of be confined, not tied, in a comfortable room or box, three pair—suppose all these inconveniences to happen of sufficient size, and be moderately fed on sweet hay, the oat-seed is begun in the fields, and that, instead | been lost in consequence of the meddling of such per-This is the second death, which has occurred among of being able to prosecute that indispensable piece of sons. If the calf is to be reared, it may be taken season of incessant labour arrives, and finds you un- entirely with skimmed milk. The milk may be thickprepared to go along with it, and what are the con- ened after the first week or two with oat or wheat meal, sequences? Every creature about you, man, woman, and a few carrots, boiled and sliced. If the calf is to and beast, are then toiled beyond endurance every day, be fattened for the butcher, it should be kept in a clean not to keep up work, which is a lightsome task, but to dry pen, suckled twice a-day, at regular hours, having make up work, which is a toilsome task, but which you the first of the milk, and should not be permitted to said you could easily do, when you were idling your overload its stomach. If it is intended to produce a time in a season you consider of little value; and, af- very superior animal, a Bull calf, or a premium heifer, ter all, the toil is bestowed in vain to obtain the end the same treatment will answer at first and as the seayou wish, namely, to prepare your crop in due season. son advances, and the calf acquires size and strength, You, who are inexperienced in the evils of procrasti- it may run with its dam in the pastures, and be allowed

Communications.

[We doem it necessary to follow the example of the London Church periodicals, and to apprize our readers that we are not responsible for the opinious of our Correspondents.—Ed. Church.]

To the Editor of The Church.

REVEREND SIR .- I request that you will have the goodness to allow me space in The Church, as soon as conve-

dium, I have thought it right to offer a few remarks in defence, which may, it is hoped, tend to efface unfavourable impressions which may have been left on the minds

It is circulated in the same report "that when the Rev. Mr. Elliot understood that the Methodist native brethren were endeavouring to impart Christian instruction to the rebels; that the Methodist preachers are intruders into the ministry; that they have no authority to preach and administer the sacraments; that their religion is spurious and without foundation, and that they (the heathen) are laiseness is confirmed by the attestation of the parties alluded to, by whom I have been informed that Mr. Elliot neither addressed the language in question to the heathen, nor went among them at all either to oppose the Methodia. dists or any other denomination of Christians. As to his administer the Sacraments," and "the true Church," they are the same as those of the Clergy of the Church of thought of presenting them to the repland generally, and certainly neither he nor I ever thought of presenting them to the repland generally. thought of presenting them to the minds of poor ignorant

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The Methodists state in their report that "in the course of the year their native teachers made several attempts to introduce the Gospel among the heathen who still reside on the Grand River," and that the "statements" they accuse Mr. Div. accuse Mr. Elliot of making "led them to reject the Gospel altogether." It is true that a portion of the Indians here yet profess paganism, but the Gospel was introduced among them by the Church of England long before the "attempts" were made by the "native teachers" alluded to, and not a few of each of the nations or tibes have not only heard the doctrines of Christianity. bes have not only heard the doctrines of Christianity, a received them and attached themselves to the Church. As to Mr. Elliot's statements leading the heathen "to bject the Gospel altogether and to confirm them in heath-clism," it is with much pleasure that I take this opportunity of stating, that this is so far from being true that he has heather than the statement of the statement o he has been very successful as a Missionary among them, and that during his residence here it has pleased God to

of interest of interest of interest and the place Interment was the new burying ground where a School louse has been built by the New England Company, on the south side. the deceased, and to their great surprise and mortification conversed, conveyed by other hands into the aforementioned place of worship." I have not the slightest hesitation in saying the ing that no such scene occurred on the occasion and the no such scene occurred on the occasion. and that the representation is wholly false. It is also untrue that "the funeral service was performed by Messrs. Nelles and Elliot." Mr. Elliot did not officiate, the duty was done by me. Mr. Elliot did not even know the there was to be a burial until he reached the spot, and would not have been present if he had not been passing tally at the tim I have only to add that in correcting these misstate

to be hoped that in future no occasion will be given for recurring to them.

It would be easy to indulge in recrimination, but, in my opinion, all personal strife about Missionary operations should be studiously avoided.

I remain, Rev. Sir, Your obedient servant, ABRAHAM NELLES. Mohawk Parsonage, Feb. 24th, 1849.

PRAYER.

The following prayer was found on the grave of our Lord sus Christ in the year 803, and sent from the Pope to the who shall repeat it every day, or hear it repeated, or keep it about them, shall never die a sudden death, nor shall they be drowned; and the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall they be drowned; and the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall they be drowned; and the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall they be drowned; and the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall the shall never die a sudden death, nor shall never drowned in water, nor poison have any effect upon them; and if it he read over a woman with child she will be safely delivered, and be a glad Mother. When the child is born lay it on his or her troubled with his or her right side, and he or she shall not be troubled with t side, and if you see any one in its, by it on its of the stand and thank God. They shall repeat it in any house shall be blessed by the Lord they who will laugh at it shall suffer. Believe this, for this time, that it is no true as if the Holy Evangelists had the shall be the far light hing nor thunder, and they who shall repeat it every day shall have three days warning before their death. THE PRAYER.

O adorable Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, dieing on the ga lows tree for lives! O Holy Cross of Christ, see me in thought Words! O Holy Cross of Christ, see me in thought Words! O Holy Cross of Christ, ward off from me sharp repeating of danger! O Holy Cross of Christ, ward off from me all wespon things that are evil! O Holy Cross of Christ, protect me in the way of happiness! O Holy Cross of Christ, ward off from me all dangers was designed to the way of happiness! O Holy Cross of Christ, ward off from the all dangers was designed to the way of happiness! O Holy Cross of Christ, ward off from the all dangers was designed to the way of happiness! O Holy Cross of Christ, ward off from the all dangers was designed to the way of happiness. me all dangerous deaths, and give me life everlasting! O crucified Jesus of Nazareth, have mercy on me now and forever

O Lord Jesus Christ have mercy on me. Mary and Joseph my for me through Necodemis; and Joseph who took our Lord down from the Cross and buried him. O Lord Jesus Ouist, through thy sufferings on the Cross, for truly your oui was parting out of this world, give me grace that I may early my cross patiently, with dread and fear, when I suffer, and that without complaining and through thy sufferings I may that without complaining and through thy sufferings I may at without complaining, and through thy sufferings I may

ape all dangers now and for ever. Amen. In honor of our Lord Jesus Christ, and in honor of thy passion, and in honor of his holy insurrection and God-ascension to which he liked to bring me, leading me the by to Heaven. True as Jesus Christ was born on Christmas in the stable; true as Jesus Christ was crucified on Good iday: true as three Kings brought their offerings to Jesus on the thirteenth day; true as he ascended into Heaven, so the our of Jesus will keep me from my enemies, visible and invisible, now and for ever. Amen."

Williamsburgh, 20th Feb., 1849. Dear Sir.—The above may be to many others, as it is to me, quite a curiosity. It is printed for the purpose of being all at 7½d, each, the proceeds to be applied to the building of a Romish all of the proceeds to be applied to the building of the By-law.

To the Editor of the Church. nish chapel at the Caledonia Springs. I have sent you a true copy, errors included. If you think proper you can insert it in the Church.

I remain your obedient servant, EDWARD J. BOSWELL, To the Editor of The Church.

INSTANCES OF THE WRONG USE OF THE For The Church. WORD CATHOLIC, WITH CORRECTIONS.

INSTANCE XIII. Some time since, a Protestant minister was requested inister the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper to a sick and aged lady, which he accordingly did, and she received the holy elements with her sister. After the

rament was concluded, the sister of the invalid said hat she was a Catholic, and she hoped she had not done that she had assuredly not done wrong, for that her recep-

le article in the Review, with this exception, is admir-written, and accurately worded. Its drift and object o Point out the distinction between Romanism and tholicism. It would have been preferable indeed, had the writer at the beginning of the above-quoted passage, as dsome other more definite term, than "a Protestant injuster." A Societan minister is a Protestant minister. A Socinian minister is a Protestant minister. A Brownist minister is a Protestant minister. An Ana-baptist minister is a Protestant minister. A Wesleyan Protestant minister. A Mormon minister is a Protestant

ster. So that the term, we see, is very vague. The gentleman referred to by the Reviewer, as it apears just after, by the phraseology actually used, was an inster, by the phraseology actually used, was an inster, by the phraseology actually used, was an inster, by the protestant inster, by the phraseology actually a aglish parish priest, or of any person in holy orders.— Yould the writer said "English elergyman," the exception uld have been sufficient. An English clergyman is cessarily Protestant. Therefore there is no necessity to ach the epithet to him. Just as "Churchman," within a British expirition of a man, tish dominions, is a sufficient description of a man, life-giving sound of the Gospel of Peace. And your Committee in this place cannot but observe, that in those countries of Right man. a religious point of view. For if a churchman, then he essarily Protestant. But on the other hand, "Pro-

seems to have referred to the question, whether it was right to administer the Communion to a Schismatic, as this lady by her own shewing was. It having been done, state of separation from the Church which had jurisdiction over her, being an Englishman, and the necessity of repentance and return to the unity of the Church of her country, before she would be entitled to the privilege of

country, before she would be entitled to the privilege of receiving the Holy Communion at the hands of an authorized dispenser thereof.

It is satisfactory to observe that the object aimed at in these "Instances" is being carried out in intelligent quarters—everywhere in fact where there is the eye to see that a great extension is estable in the use and abuse see that a great principle is at stake in the use and abuse of the word "Catholic" by Protestants. Blackwood, in the number for February just past, in an interesting article on Mrs. Jameson's clever book on "The Poetry of Sacred and Legendary Art," has the following passage, which will explain itself:— "The Romish Church (we say not the Catholic, as Mrs. Jameson so frequently improperly terms her) readily acted that part [in the middle ages] to the people at large, which nurses assume for the amusement of children; and in both cases the more improbable the story, the greater the fascination; and the people, like children, are more credulous than critical."—Blackwood's

their profession by abandoning their "heathenish practices," and in one settlement by turning the building, formed, into a house of prayer and Christian instruction. The late Moses Walker, one of the chiefs of the Mohawk tribe, and his wife and family returned to our Commulaion several years before his decease, I frequently visited supper to him during his long illness.

Being desired 1 officiated at his funeral, and the place of interments. The late of interments are more credulous than critical."—Blackwood's Magazine, no. 400, p. 186.

In the note on Instance xii, the word "latitudinaria, is ought to have been printed "latitudinaria," and in "Correction xii," the expression "disquisition of statement" ought to have ran "disquisition and statement." It is hoped that it will have been seen by every one at all acquainted with the principles of the English language, that these were typographical errors. Some narrators have a sad habit of making a blunder, just when they are some to the point and gist of the story. An unfortunate in the correction is in the note on Instance xii, the word "latitudinaria, is mouth to have been printed "latitudinaria, is mouth to have been printed "latitudinaria, is ought to have ran "disquisition of statement." ought to have present where a few years ago their pagan ceremonies were percently in the note on Instance xii, the word "latitudinaria, is ought to have percently visited and the place where a printed "latitudinaria, is ought to have as an "disquisition of statement." ought to have percently visited and the place where the same percently visited and the place where the same percently is ought to have percently visi misprint too frequently makes a writer seem to do the same. Turpissimâ typothetarum negligentiâ sæpe fit, ut auctor delirare videatur, the above Instance xiii, may be

A PROTESTANT CATHOLIC.
Toronto, March 5th, 1849.

Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

CANADA. DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

RISHOP'S STUDENTS' FUND.

ments, no unfriendly feeling has been entertained towards to have been circulated; and it is Missionary Stations in the Diocese of Toronto, Jan. 21st, 1849, appropriated to the Fund for the support of Divinity Students, by order of The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, made on the 3rd day of January, 1849, in accordance with Act XIX of the

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r	101 Collections amounting to	£189	10	114

101 Collections, amounting to.....£182 10 11 T. W. BIRCHALL.

Toronto, 7th March, 1849.

* 10s. was all that was received from the Rev. P. Shirley, not 15s. as advised. The Treasurer has also received from the Rev. J. A. Mulock, £1 5s., his subscription to The Church Society. Note.—By reference to the "By-law for making provi sion for the due administering and improving the Widows and Orphans' Fund of The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto," it will be seen that there is no subscription to that special fund required from the Clergy to entitle their Widows and Children to the annuity provided, but that they must be incorporated members of the Society or subscribers thereto of £1 5s. per annum. It is supposed that each Clergyman will pay his annual contribution through his Parochial Committee, and the subscription so

Sir,-I have at the request of some of the Clerical friends present at the meeting, sent you a copy of the report and resolutions then read and adopted for insertion in your paper it you think proper.

I am, Yours &c.,

Church Hill Farm, Tecumseth, ear Bond Head, March C. Near Bond Head, March 2nd, 1849.

THE SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

Of the Tecumseth and West Gwillimburg Parochial Associa-tion of the Church Society, read at the Annual Meeting held in Trinity Ghurch, Tecumseth, February 27th, 1849. It is with mingled feelings of pleasure and regret, the Committee present their Sixth Annual Report of this Association : pleasure, when they contemplate the increasing prosperity of the Church at large, and of some of its most valued institutions, t she was concluded, the sister of the invalid said one in the said of the most range, and of some of the some of the most range, and of some of the some of the most range, and of some of the some of the most range, and of some of the some of the most range, and of some of the some of the some of the most range, and of some of the some of the most range, and of some of the some of the some of the most range, and of some of the some of the some of the most range, and of some of the som Eview, No. liii. p. 186.

[What the intelligent theologian would demur at in Jubilee Fund, we cannot but thank God and take courage. Again, if we turn to the proceedings of the Irish Society of London, that simple, though highly honoured instrument in the hand of God, for evangelizing Ireland, the Church lere inserted some such qualification as, "to use her own The Church and the courage of the invalid said that she was a London, that simple, though highly honoured instrument in the hand of God, for evangelizing Ireland, the Church lere inserted some such qualification as, "to use her own The course of the invalid said that she was a London, that simple, though highly honoured instrument in the hand of God, for evangelizing Ireland, the Church lere inserted some such qualification as, "to use her own Ireland to the invalid said that she was a London, that simple, though highly honoured instrument in the hand of God, for evangelizing Ireland, the Church lere inserted some such qualification as, "to use her own Ireland to the proceedings of the Irish Society of London, that simple, though highly honoured instrument in the course. Society, and read of the immense sums now being raised for its evening last. inserted some such qualification as, "to use her own as," or "as she erroneously styled herself," &c. The institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and institutions are considered. Ister is a Protestant minister. A Knoxite minister is former sum. Your Committee fear that the present depressed (not waiting to be asked) to cast our mite into the treasury, by no means necessarily gives the idea of an or shall we not endeavour, in faithful reliance upon God, not rish priest, or of any person in holy orders.— only to come up to former contributions, but to exceed them? remembering that we are only stewards of the bounties of God, and that through the means of the Society, we may be made the instruments of propagating the faith once delivered to the Saints, until every township, sye, and every corner of every

township, in this wide spread Province, shall echo with the

love the Lord, to join in sending forth His Heralds to proclaim Esq., and the Gospel of Peace in all its fulness, - neither adding thereto,

during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good

ander Gaviller, Esq.,

Resolved 3rd. That this meeting believes that the stability and order which has reigned throughout Great Britain during the late commotions on the continent of Europe, is chiefly attributable, under God, to the sound teaching which has been attributable, under God, to the sound teaching which has been disseminated through the land by the instrumentality of the established Church of England and Ireland. This meeting therefore calls upon all faithful members of that Church, to extend as widely as possible in this country, the same effective system, which, with God's blessing, has been the means of suppressing energy and confusion, and proporting that true

Balance 31st December, 1848				£222	15	9
Sales in Depository				133	12	3
Collections for Mission Fund. :	£18	2	11			
Dividends	18	5	0			
COMPANY AND AVE		-	-	36	7	11/2
Collections for W. & O. Fund	3					
Special Donations	1	5	0			May !
Dividends, &c	38	0	0			
	-	-	-	42	14	41
Collections for Bishop's Student	's F	und.		64	18	8
Rents-Society for P. G. F. P	£1	8	6			
m'it Obaseh King Stroot						4 13
Toronto	7	14	0			
A STANDARD CONTRACTOR OF THE STANDARD CO.	-	100	1030	9	3	6
Septuagesima Fund, Interest				1	10	0
Cornwall Free Schools, Divider	ids			4	10	0
Kent Testimonial, Dividends				3	0	0
Georgina Parochial Association	1			- 7	9	41
Midland District Branch				18	18	5
ste E man ben				1 30.30		11
CR.				£545	2	11/2
CR.						

١	Accounts as per audit 3rd Jan., 1849 €	3	11	18	51
١	Mission Fund.				
1	Rev.J. MacIntyre (Interpreter) £12 10 0				
1	Do. (Travelling expenses) 3 2 6				
1	Rev. John Hickie 27 15 6				
ı	" W.Ritchie(Schoolmaster) 2 10 0				93
1	" F. Tremayne 27 15 7				-
1	" D Morphy 6 18 11				
	" R G Cox 6 18 11				
	" G. C. Barrett 23 3 11				
3	" John Fletcher 13 17 9				
	" D. Frazer 13 17 9				
	" F. J. Lundy 6 18 10				
	" John Kennedy 5 14 0	TE			-
		1	51	3	8
	Bishop's Student's Fund.—				
	Mr. W. C. Clark £40 0 0				
	" Thos. Bousfield 10 0 0				
	" Thos. Bousfield 10 0 0 " Arch. Lampman 10 0 0				
			60	0	0
	Simcoe District Mission Fund,				200
			13		9
	Emily let instalment on land		13	-	0
	Depository - R Bainbridge & Co		52	1	0
	Assistant Secretary—Half years allowance		25	0	U
	Three Instalments on 15 Shares Toronto		01	,	101
	Building Society		24	ort:	109
		c	172	9	41
					2 9
	Balance	2.	211		
	TABLE T	0.		0	11
		±:	140	o T	12
	The Standing Committee recommended t	na	into	6 1	ica-
į	surer be authorized to pay the following ac	col	auts		0
Ļ	One quarter's rent	£			0
-	Appleton & Co., Stock		33	17	4

H. Rowsell, Stock £15 4 Expenses..... 1 4 7 16 9 4 37 0 0 Bibles and Testaments..... perintendent of Depository Messenger's wages..... 2 10 0

£125 5 0

pay the same from time to time, as it becomes due.-Committee, that a grant of Books and Tracts to the value of £2 10s. be made to the following Clergymen for distribution in their respective missions; viz., the Rev. E. J. Boswell, West Williamsburg, and F. Tremayne. Travelling Missionary, Ottawa District; and that a set of rough calf service books be granted to the Rev. W. S.

Fuller, returning thanks for the grant of Books and Tracts, made by the Society for distribution in his mission. Mr. Fuller says, "I trust that this grant will

corporated a member of the Society.

W. H. RIPLEY, Secretary.

the objects of the Society, and dwelt more at length on

several gentlemen who moved, seconded and enforced the Resolutions. Suffice it to say that the meeting was attended with benefit and interest to all who were present. The following are the Resolutions and the preamble thereto which were unanimously adopted.

"The present condition of the world, so full of signs portentous of changes, subversive of the present civil and portentous of changes are the present civil and present civil

were confirmed. After service a meeting was held for the present condition of the world, so full of signs portentous of changes, subversive of the present civil and ecclesiastical organization, loudly calls on the Church of Christ to seize the opportunities of pulling down the stronghold of Satan's kingdom, and building up that of the processing and Association of the Church of Bishop, as well as the Rev. Messrs. Nicolls, Reid, and stronghold of Satan's kingdom, and building up that of the processing and Association of the Church of the purpose of organizing an Association of the Church of the purpose of organizing and Association of the Church of the purpose of organizing and Association of the Church of the purpose of organizing and Association of the Church of the purpose of organizing and Association of the Church of Suciety: the meeting was held for the purpose of organizing and Association of the Church of Suciety: the meeting was very well attended, and the greatest interest was manifested in the proceedings. The business will for the future be carried on by Rice Lewis. Who also the purpose of organizing and Association of the Church of Suciety: the meeting was very well attended, and the greatest interest was manifested in the proceedings. The Business and JOHN JONES EVANS, as general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS, as general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS, as general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS, as general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS. As general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS. As general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS. As general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS. As general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS. As general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS. As general Merchants, under the name of R. Lewis and JOHN JONES EVANS. As general Merchants, under the n christ to seize the opportunities of pulling down the stronghold of Satan's kingdom, and building up that of Righteousness, Peace and Joy in the Holy Ghost, Therefore.

RICE LEWIS.

JOHN JONES EVANS.

RICE LEWIS.

JOHN JONES EVANS.

which was part of a chain of appointments made by him,

Resolved 2nd—That the evident duty of every member of the Church of England is to study the Word of God in order to discover what the precise will of God at this time is.

The meeting concluded that Chair, a hymn and the usual prayers, Yours, &c. A CHURCHMAN.

-To the Editor of the Chronicle & News.

VISITATION TOUR OF THE LORD BISHOP OF MONTREAL IN

system, which, with God's blessing, has been the means of suppressing anarchy and confusion, and promoting that true Christian loyalty, which being founded on the fear of God, leads men to honour the Queen.

Moved by Rev. J. Fletcher, seconded by Mr. H. Mortimer,

Resolved 4th. This meeting is of opinion, that the system of the United Church of England and Ireland, is the most been so long the bane of one portion of the United Kingdom, which has been so long the bane of one portion of the United Kingdom, which has been so long the bane of one portion of the United Kingdom, which has consequently partaken of a share in those countries, where the influence of Popery is allowed to prevail.

Moved by the Rev. J. McIntyre, seconded by Dr. Orr,

Resolved 5th. This therefore it is the feet date of a state of health as to be forbidden by his medical advisers to enter the pulpit at all,—a prohibition, however, which was not complied with—there were no means of meeting the enter the pulpit at all,—a prohibition, however, which was not complied with—there were no means of meeting the neutron of Mr. Bishop reached and administered the Holy Communion at Portneuf Church. The Bishop reached Nicolet, where his first appointment for Confirmation lay, on the afternoon of the 16th, and became, with his Chaplain, the Aller of the United Kingdom, which has consequently partaken of a share in those countries, where the influence of Popery is allowed to prevail.

Moved by the Rev. J. McIntyre, seconded by Dr. Orr,

Resolved 4th. This meeting is of opinion, that the system of the United Church of England and Ireland, is the most first appointment for Confirmation lay, on the afternoon of the 16th, and became, with his Chaplain, in the District of Montreal, which took place at Christian the other in the Other had been under the pulpit at all,—a prohibition, however, which was not complete with the ordination of the United Church of Standard International and Ireland, is the enter of the United Church of Standard International Aller of the south side of the Grand River. A most unseed as under judge relation of what I have now stated is published Society, which would naturally lead such as could believe the Captule that the late Toport of their Missionary, the Rev. Later of the Methodist mit the Hard Seed Statements of the William of the Captule that the later Moses Walker was buried as and aged lady, which he accordingly did not the Treport to have expressed and wish to be buried to the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements of the William of the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements of the deceased, and no intimation was given to a Methodist minister. The truth of these statements of the General monthly meeting of the Society was being in receiving it in two kinds: the clergymun told by a Methodist minister. The truth of these statements was any intention that the intent there was any intention that the intent sheed as suredly not done wrong, for that here of the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements and the time that there was any intention that the intent sheed as suredly not done wrong, for that here of the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements and the time that there was any intention that the intent sheed as suredly not done wrong, for that here of the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements and the time that there was any intention that the intent sheed as under 1900 and the statement of the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements are the time that there was any intention that the intent sheed as suredly not done wrong, for that here and the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements are the sheed as suredly not done wrong, for that here ceiving it in two kinds: the clergymun told wrong in receiving it in two kinds the clergymun told wrong in receiving it in two kinds the clergymun told wrong in receiving the truth of the Methodist minister. The truth of these statements of the deceased, and no intimation was given to a state of the deceased, and no intimation wa

thirteen other persons, became a recipient of the rite of Confirmation, His Lordship preached on this occasion, the Rev. Messrs. Mountain and Butler having read the During their stay in Kingsey, the Bishop and Mr. Mountain were indebted to the hospitality of Capt. and Mrs. Cox, as well as to that of Mr. and Mrs. Butler. On Mrs. Cox, as well as to that of Mr. and Mrs. Butler. On the morning of the 20th, Mr. Butler drove his Lordship to Upper Durham, distant seven miles, where he has a second Church. Eleven persons were here confirmed, and the Bishop again preached. After the confirmation, his Lordship took leave of Mr. Butler and proceeded to Melbourne, (5 miles,) having been met by the Rev. Dr. Falloon. Missionary of that place and Mr. Tait, one of his loon, Missionary of that place, and Mr. Tait, one of his parishioners, who kindly drove his Lordship up, and entertained him during his stay there. Mr. Mountain was received into the house of Dr. Falloon On Sunday 21st, twenty-eight persons were confirmed in Richmond church, on the opposite shore of the St. Francis (there being no church in Melbourne itself). Thirty candidates had received tickets, but two were prevented from attending by illness in their family. The church, which will accommodate about 300 persons, was filled in every part. The Bishop preached, combining with his sermon the address to the confirmed, as is always his practice when he preaches himself upon occasions of confirmation. In the afternoon his Lordship preached in a school-house about two miles from Melbourne, where a new church is in

course of erection. On the 22nd a meeting was held at Melbourne, for the purpose of forming a parochial branch of the Church Society. The Bishop was in the chair, and addressed the meeting. The attendance was not so numerous (though of a highly respectable class.) as could have been desired, which was partly to be accounted for merous (though of a highly respectable class) as could have been desired, which was partly to be accounted for by the unsuitableness of the hour which it was found necessary to fix, and partly the sudden death, on the preceding day, of the head of one of the leading families in the place. The spirit manifested at the meeting was very gratifying, and it is hoped that the impulse then given may make itself widely felt. Some of the ladies and gentlemen present had come a distance of about 14 wiles. tlemen present, had come a distance of about 14 miles, on a very severely cold day, to attend the meeting. The

a very severely cold day, to attend the meeting. The following gentlemen moved or seconded resolutions: the Revs. Dr. Falloon, A. W. Mountain, Secretary of the Society, and J. Butler, Capt. Cox, and Messrs Journeaux, Tait, Lloyd, and White.

In the afternoon the Bishop proceeded to Lennoxville, (28 miles,) and reached Bishop's College, where he became the guest of the Principal. About six o'clock on Wednesday 24th, his Lordship preached in Sherbroke church, and afterwards presided at the Annual Meeting, which followed the service, of the St. Francis District The Standing Committee reported that they have ezamined the memorial of Mrs. Pope, widow of the late Rev. John Pope, Minister of St. Mark's Church, Barrie-field and Pittsburg, and are of opinion that she is entitled to the annuity as provided under the the By-law for the management of the Widows and Orphans' Fund, and therefore recommend that the Treasurer be authorized to the same from time to time, as it becomes due.—

ay the same from time to time, as it becomes due.—

decoration of it with evergreens was singularly good. It was ordered, on the recommendation of the Standing

At was ordered, on the recommendation of the Standing and all the arches of the windows, and the chancel arch, Travelling Missionary, Ottawa District; and that a set of rough calf service books be granted to the Rev. W. S. Darling, for the use of St. Jude's Church, Townline, Scarboro'.

A letter was read by the Secretary from the Rev. Mr.

A letter was read by the Secretary from the Rev. Mr.

By the Rev. C. P. Reid. Thirty-five persons the lessons by the Rev. C. P. Reid. Thirty-five persons and the lessons by the Rev. C. P. Reid. be not only an encouragement to my people to persevere in the steady support which they have given the Society since its formation, but also an incentive to redouble in the steady support which they have given the Society since its formation, but also an incentive to redouble their exertions in so good a cause."

Also from the Rev. St. George Caulfield, returning thanks for a similar grant.

The Rev. E. L. Elwood was elected by ballot, and incorporated a member of the Society.

Alexander I for the County of Story which amounted to £4 14s. 10½d. The singing and chanting without instrumental accompaniment, in this church are very good. The Revs. Messrs. Butler, Burrage, and Kenn were rivesent on this conscious. (In the County of Story and County, and apting his sermion to the Festival, as well as to the occasion of confirmation. At the Offertory a collection was made for the purpose of procuring a fount for the County of Story and County.

G. O. Stuar Mayor of Quebec. rage, and Kemp were present on this occasion. On the 26th his Lordship was engaged throughout the day at a meeting of the Corporation of Bishop's College, and on the 27th went to Waterville, in the Mission of the Rev. shewed her the passage in the 1st Epist. Cor. 'As often Lord's death until he come.'"—The Foreign Quarterly

to send Missionaries to the destitute settlers in the Colonies of the Rev. C. Reid, six miles from Lennoxville, where nine persons were confirmed. One of them came over from Lennoxville, and one candidate was prevented from attending by derive their support from this Society. If we examine the destitute settlers in the Colonies of the Empire, and to which we in Canada are so deeply indebted, as no less than fifty Clergymen in Western Canada, mainly of St. James Parochial Missionary Association in connection with the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, was held in St. James' Church, Stnartville, on Wednesday illness. After the second lesson the Bishop baptized three ville, and one candidate was prevented from attending by children, and also delivered an address to the confirmed at In the absence of the Venerable the Archdeacon of Kingston, the Chair was taken by the Revd. R. V. Rogers, ex-officio, as Minister of the Parish.

the conclusion of the service. The Rev. J. H. Nicolls preached upon this occasion. On Sunday 28th his Lordship preached and held a confirmation at Sherbrooke in ship preached and held a confirmation at Sacratic series of the Society, and dwelt more at length on selves. In the afternoon the Bishop preached in Lennox-selves. In the afternoon the Bishop preached in Lennox-selves. Pastoral Aid Society, the Jews Society, and many kindred institutions, our hearts cannot but be warmed within us, and we feel the force of the admonition "Go thou and do likewise."

Or if we look into the Report of our own Parent Society, which exhibits an increase in its receipts of £100 over those of success accorded to it. But here our pleasure ends, and our regret begins, for with what other feelings can we contemplate the decrease in our funds from £30 18s. 8d.—the amount of the subscription, three years ago, compared with the income of the past year, viz., £16 16s., but little more than half the former sum. Your Committee fear that the present depressed former sum. Your Committee fear that the present depressed of the Society, and dwelt more at length on the objects of the Society, and dwelt more at length on the present depressed to the congregation to constant will echurch, and in the evening lectured in the enjoy ville church, and in the evening lectured in the enjoy ville church, and in the evening lectured in the enjoy ville church, and in the evening lectured with the present aspect of the times as connected with the congregation to constant where eight on the present aspect of the Church of England.

He particularly called the congregation to constant watchfulness and prayer, and increased liberality.

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He particularly called the congregation to constant watchfulness as particularly called the congregation to constant watchfulness and prayer, and increased liberality.

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He children as a constant watchfulness and prayer, and increased liberality.

He children as a constant watchfulness and pra

Once more. Neither the clergyman nor the reviewer seems to have referred to the question, whether it was seems to have referred to the question, whether it was seems to have referred to the question, whether it was sight to administer the Communion to a Schismatic, as right to administer the Communion to a Schismatic, as it would seem, unwillingly, saves the clergyman from as it would seem, unwillingly, saves the clergyman from the fruits of Peace abound. We call, then, on all who the charge of infringing the xxviith Canon of the English to administer the service. Mr. Nicolls drove his save delicated to the service, Mr. Nicolls drove his save delicated to the service. Mr. Nicolls drove his save delicated to the service. Mr. Nicolls drove his save directed, he would address her brother, with canon of the English to the charge of infringing the xxviith Canon of the English to address her brother, with canon of the English to the charge of infringing the xxviith Canon of the English to the charge of infringing the xxviith Canon of the English to the charge of infringing forth His Heralds to proclaim on the 31st, the same clergymen assisting as before: the Rev. C. Reid preached the sermon. This church was dedicated to the service of God by the name of Saint Thomas's. After the service, Mr. Nicolls drove his Lordship back to Bishop's College, about twenty-three miles. On the following day the Bishop went to Compton, where he was kindly received by the Rev. C. Raid and Moved by the Rev. H. B. Osler, seconded by Mr. D.

Resolved 1st. That the Report which has been read be adopted.

Moved by A. Hill, Esq., seconded by Dr. Mohaffey, Moved by A. Hill, Esq., seconded by Dr. Mohaffey, Moved by A. Hill, Esq., seconded by Dr. Mohaffey, Moved by A. Hill, Esq., seconded to the Society during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good during the past year by Almighty God, from whom all good come.

Moved by the Rev. H. B. Osler, seconded by Mr. D.

Resolved 2nd.—That the evident duty of every member of the Church of God in order to discover what the precise will of God at this time is.

[This Resolution was further enforced by the Rev. H. Brot.]

Moved by Stafford F. Kirkpatrick, Esq., and seconded by the Rev. Paul Shirley, and

Resolved 2nd.—That the evident duty of every member of the Church of England is to study the Word of God in order to discover what the precise will of God at this time is.

[This Resolution was further enforced by the Rev. H. Brot.]

Moved by Stafford F. Kirkpatrick, Esq., and seconded by the Rev. Paul Shirley, and seconded by the Rev. Paul Shirley, and increased liberality, to aid this lady. There was no confirmation to be held here, that which took place at Waterville having been made to comprehend the whole Mission, but on the 2nd, being the which took place at Waterville having been made to comprehend the whole Mission, and a Parcohal Association of the Church of England is to study the Bishop went to Compton where the whole the church of Bod Mark. That this meeting been made to comprehend the whole Mission, and a Parcohal Mark and the set of Mary Parcohal Association of the Church of Englands.

Resolved 3rd. That th amount collectively, are of frequent if not regular occur-rence. On the afternoon of the same day the Bishop proceeded to Hatley, escorted by the Rev. H. Burrage, who had come down to Compton partly for this purpose, and partly to attend the meeting just mentioned. His Lord-ship became the guest of the Rev. C. Jackson. Mr. Bur-ISITATION TOUR OF THE LORD BISHOP OF MONTREAL IN THE DISTRICTS OF THREE RIVERS AND ST. FRANCIS.

The Lord Bishop of Montreal left Quebec on Saturday,

a state of health as to be forbidden by his medical advisers From Hatley his Lordship proceeded to Stanstead, and became the guest of Lieut. Thompson, R.N., Her Majesty's Collector of Customs.

The next day, being Sunday, the Bishop performed the

whole service alone, in the morning; in the afternoon Mr. Burrage came over from Hatley to assist his Lordship.— Burrage came over from Hatley to assist his Lordship.—
Mr. Burrage has undertaken to perform Divine Service
every Sunday, at this hitherto, unavoidably, neglected,
though important place, as well as at Hatley. On the 5th
his Lordship returned to Lennox ville, being escorted from
West Hatley village by the Rev. Principal Nicolls, who
had driven up so far on his way to Georgeville, the Rev.
A. W. Mountain, whence he was to proceed on the tour,
which illness as before mentioned had interrupted.
His Lordship continued at the College during the week.

His Lordship continued at the College during the week, busily occupied with correspondence which had accumulated during his tour, and other matters connected with an ordination which was afterwards held at St. George's, Lennoxville, on Sunday the 11th, when Mr. John Dalands and Mr. John Dalands and John Calendary an Twelve persons presented themselves for the administration of the orninance, and the Bishop delivered an address to them from the chancel. A sermon was also preached by the Rev. A. W. Mountain, the Rev. Messrs. Butler and Ross, reading the prayers and lessons. In the afternoon Mr. Butler drove the Bishop to his own parsonage in Kingsey, distant by the road which a recent snow-storm rendered it necessary to take, nearly twenty miles. Mr. Mountain also became the guest of Mr. Butler. A Confirmation was held on the following day, in the very pretty church of Kingsey: great pains had been taken to complete the furnishing of this church, the interior of which is exceedingly neat, and very appropriately fitted up. plete the furnishing of this church, the interior of which is exceedingly neat, and very appropriately fitted up.— All the seats are free. There is probably no church in the Diocese which is more correct or pleasing in the effect of its internal arrangements. The building was tastefully decorated with evergreens, interspered with cranberrys as a substitute for the English holly,—a good old English custom, which is universally retained at the season of Christmas, in this part of the country. After the second lesson, the Bishop received into the Church, by the sacrament of baptism, an adult, who manifested in her deportment a deep sense of the solemnity of the act by the sacrament of baptism, an adult, who manifested in her deportment a deep sense of the solemnity of the act in which she was engaged, and who afterwards, with thirteen other persons, because the sacrament of baptism, an adult, who manifested in ordinarily no ministrations, beyond those of a Catechist. His Lordship will be attended at Dudswell by the Rev. Incumbent of the Mission of Laproveille.

Colonial.

Provincial Parliament.

Since our last the proceedings of the Provincial Legislature

Monday, March 5.

Mr. Christic moved that the petition of James M. Ferres
Esquire, he referred to a select Committee.

A long debate ensued. On a division, the motion was negatived by a vote of 43 to 13.

Leave of absence was granted to several hon, members, on Esquire, he referred to a select Committee.

tived by a vote of 43 to 18. Leave of absence was granted to several hon, members

account of urgent private business.

Mr. Hinchs delivered a message from his Excellency, transmitting copies of correspondence between the Secretary of State for the Colonies, on the subject of emigration, and the public works. The message was read by the Speaker, and

1000 copies ordered to be printed. On the motion of Mr. Laterriere, message was ordered to the Legislative Council, requesting leave for the Hon. W. Walker to be examined before a Committee of the House, appointed to enquire into the expediency of establishing a permanent School

of Navigation at Quebec. Mr. Boulton brought in a bill to abolish imprisonment for

debt. Second reading, Monday next. On motion of Mr. Bell, returns were ordered of the quantity and estimated value of lands originally set spart for the support of the Protestant Clergy, in Upper Canads; amount of receipts

from sales and leases; net proceeds now available, &c.

On motion of Sir Allan McNab, the returns of the receipts and expenditures of the Desjardins Canal Company, were SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

Montreal, 23th February, 1849.

His Excellency the Govenor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:-

ingara District.
Robert Maxwell, Esq., ditto, Newcastle District.
Joseph D Clement, Esq., ditto, Gore District.
William K. Cornish, Esq., ditto, Western District.

Notary in that part of the Province formerly Upper Canada,
Thomas Hay, John Gilchrist, and Daniel Coate, Esquires, Surgeons, to be a board of Surgeons for the examination of applicants for Militia Pensions, residing in the District of

Charles Selby, Esquire, to be a Barrister, Advocate, Attorney, Solicitor and Proctor in all her Majesty's Courts of Justice in that part of Canada heretofore Lower Canada: George Frederick Baillarge, Gentleman, to be a Surveyor of Land in and for the aforesaid part of the Province of Canada; James Gibb, Alexander C. Buchanan, Laughlin T. Mc Pherson, James Douglas, Joseph Edouard Deblois, William Henry Lemoine and John Bowley, Esquires to be Trustees under the Ordinance 4 Victoria, Intituled, "An Ordinance to provide for the improvement of certain Roads in the neighbourhood and leading to Quebec, and to raise a fund for that

FIRE. - A most destructive fire occurred at St. John's New Baunswick, on the night of February 26th, gene destroying a large number of houses and property. Alexander McLean, Esq., sitting Member

for the County of Stormont, has been declared duly elected G. O. Stuart, Esq., has been re-elected

Forgery .- A forged cheque, on O'Neill Bro's, for 25t. was last week presented for payment at the Commercial Bank in this city. The forgery was at once detected. The person who presented the cheque has been arrested, undergone a preliminary examination, and been committed for

Gen. Taylor, the new President of the United States, was inaugurated on Monday last, at Washing-

Is it too much to say that every Family, Hotel, Boarding-house, every Ship and Stesmer which leaves our port, and every physician and person needing benefit, or desire to do good, should possess at least one dozen bottles of Sherwood's Galvanie Embrocation, for it is an invaluable remedy for all the diseases for which it is designed, - Bultimore Daily Clipper, For sale by LYMAN, KNEESHAW & CO., and

ROBERT LOVE, Druggists, King Street, Toronto.

To the Members of the Home District Clerical Association.

Rev. Brethren,—The next meeting of this Association will take place (D. V) on Wednesday the 14th inst., at the Residence of the Rev. Dr. Lett, Toronto. R. MITCHELL, B. A.

und Toronto, March 1st, 1849. Secretary, pro tem.

THE PARTNERSHIP existing between

CHURCH ORGANS.

TO TEACHERS.

WANTED-A MASTER for the Ancaster GRAMMAR SCHOOL. Apply to the REv. J. G. GEDDES, Hamilton, 24th Feb., 1849. WM. CRAIGIE.

Upper Canada Building Society.

NOTICE.

ON and after Monday, the 2d day of April next, a Premium of Three Pounds currency per Share will be charged (in addition to the instalments and fees due), on all Shares subscribed for in the Upper Canad. Building Society, and a further Premium of Two Pounds, per Share will be added on the 1st day of

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Secretary & Treasurer.

Albany Chambers, Toronto, Feb. 22d. 1849 M. BURT WILLIAMS, FURNISHING UNDERTAKER,

No. 140, Youge Street, Toronto. N.B.-No extra charge on Coffins delivered within 10 miles of the

Pew in St. George's Church

FOR SALE.
FIRST CLASS PEW in St. Gronge's Chuncu for Sale; or one in the Cathedral taken in Exchange.

THOS. D. HAPRIS.
No. 4, St. James's Buildings.
31-tf

CHURCH ARCHITECTURE.

M. R. FRANK WILLS, Member of the Ecclesiological Societies of London and New York, and Architect of the Cathedral, and of St. Anne's Chapel, Fredericton, N. B., is prepared to furnish Designs and working Drawings of Churches, Schools, and other buildings for further particulars apply (post-paid) to Robert N. MERRITT, Fsq., Cobourg, or to Mr. Wills, 156, Broadway New York, February 22nd, 1849,

Teachers Wanted.

WANTED by the Quebec Diocesan Committee of the Society for Promoting "hristian Knowledge, Teachers for the Male and Female National Schools at Quebec; being Members of the Church of England, and experienced in the art of Tuition.

Application to be made to the undersigned at Quebec, or the Ray,

By order of the Quebec Diocesan Committee. C. N. MONTIZAMBERT.

ROR the Talbot District Grammar School, an ASSISTANT possessing a competent knowledge of the Classics and Mathematics. A person having some experience in teaching would be preferred Salary, £75 per annum.

Application may be made to the Principal, the REV. GEORGE SALMON, Simcoe, Talbot District.

THOS. BILTOW, MERCHANT TAILOR.

No. 2 WELLINGTON BUILDINGS, N returning thanks to the gentry of Canada West for the distinguished patronage his establishment has so long received, begs to ntimate that his usual assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods

a notice. Toronto, 1st November: 1818. Mrs. DACE. (LATE MISS NIXON,)

FRENCH STAY MAKER, Has Removed to No. 58, King Street West, nearly opposite the Baths.

MRS DACK takes this opportunity to return her sincere thanks to the Ladies of Toronto, for the liberal parrorage she has received since her commencement in business, and begs to inform them that she continues to import French Coutillé Elastic, &c. N.B.—Mrs. D. makes to order ELASTIC LACED STOCKINGS and CHEST EXPANDERS.

Toronto, Nov. 13, 1848. Organ For Sale.

A TEN STOP'D ORGAN WITH PEDALS, ALSO A VERY NICE CHURCH of CHAMBER ORGAN, warranted, with four Rows of Pipes, to be sold cheap for Cash or approved credit. For particulars apply to The Church Office.

Toronto, January 3d, 1849.

T. HAWORTH,

IMPORTER OF Thomas Burger, Esq., to be an Associate Coroner for the BRITISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE. No. 44, KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

Robert Maxwell, Esq., ditto, Newcastle District:
Joseph D Clement, Esq., ditto, Gore District.
William K. Cornish, Esq., ditto, Western District.
Francis William Sobieski Oakes, of Kingston, to be a Public Rotary in that part of the Province forwerly Upper Canada.
Thomas Hay, John Gilchrist, and Daniel Coate, Esquires,

Thomas Hay, John Gilchrist, and Daniel Coate, Esquires, Trimmings in all their variety,

Cooking and Fancy Sloves, Hallow Ware, Britannia & Plate Ware, Table Cuttery, Silver Spoons, &c. &c. &c.

Baldness and Grey Hair,

Hyperion Fluin.—This is decidedly the most safe and certain cure for diseases of the hair, such as restoring and promoting a fresh, and luxuriant growth where baldness has taken place, eradicating all dandruff and scurl, and where the hair has become grey, bringing it back to its original colour. It is well known that the latter disease often occurs at an age which is quite unnatural, caused by violeur action of the brain, such as sever affliction, deep study, anxiety of mind, &c., which create inflammation, causing the hair to fall off.—By the use of the Hyperion, this disease is removed, and a complete reaction takes place, restoring the hair to its former hue, and imparting to it a glossiness of the most brilliant description.

For Sale he Robert LOVE, Towards, and also he branch. For Sale by ROBERT LOVE, Toronto, and also by Druggists

Important Letter from North Carolina.

Important Letter from North Carolina.

Fayetteville, North Carolina, March. 2, 1847.

Dr. Seth W. Fowle—Dear Sir: For two years past I have been more or less troubled with a cough. During the past year, I was taken with a severe pain in the left side, accompanied by a very bad cough, and a raising of blood—probably a quart or more. In addition to this, I sweat profusely at night, which induced me to apply to a physician, but received no permanent boneft. I then procured a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of 18 ild Cherry, which seemed to have the desired effect. I continued to use it, and my appetite, which had been very poor, returned, and with it, my strength was restored. After taking four bottles I was completely cared, and have enjoyed good health since. DAVID R. BELL.

The editor of the North Carolina, albeit strongly opposed to puffing "quack medicines." but believing that Wistar's Balsom of Weld Cherry ought not to be classed with that sort, cheerfully testifies to his knowledge of the fruth of Mr. Bell's statement, in regard to the efficacy of the Balsam. Price one dollar a bottle, or six bottles for five dollars.

None genuine, unless signed L BUTTS, on the wrapper.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by LYMAN, KNEESHAW & CO, and ROBERT LOVE, Toronto; also by Druggists generally.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday the 27th February, by the Rev. M. Boomer, Mr. William Wilson Barlow, Merchant of Beverly, to Mary, second Daughter of the late John Bechtel, Esq., of Waterloo. In this city on the 23rd inst., at Christ Church, by the Rev. Dr. Bethune, Mr. Atkinson Schneider, of Vandreuil, to Miss

Dr. Bethune, Str. Avanton Susannah McBean of Rigaud, In this city, on the 20th instant, at Christ Church, by the Rev, W. Agar Adamson, Mr. Robert Miller, to Miss Jane Trelford, both of Granby. BIRTHS.

At the Parsonage, Belleville, on the 20th ult,, the wife of On Thursday, the 22nd ultimo, Mrs. W. Tremain, of twin DIED.

On Sunday, the 25th ult., Winckworth, Infant son of Mr. On the 24th ult, at Cobourg, Mary, relist of the late Wm.

Rev. J. Mockridge; J. Cawthra; Mr. W. Selby, rem.; J.

NS. B. Ewart, rem.; J. M. Babbington, rem.; W. McKay, Esq., 82-31 rem., per Rev. T. Greene; J. W. Gamble, Esq.

abour pany; nt" is

ject, in which all right minded individuals must fully ing he had taken the descending flight, pursued in unite with us in feeling. We mean the distresses in that direction. The Doctor, seeing this, speedily which the clergy of the Established Church in Ireland regained the room, and secured the door, which the are now involved. They are eminant for patient en- disappointed friar, on returning, attempted to force, durance; wrong upon wrong, injury upon injury they but could not succeed. In the hope of effecting his have endured, to the spoilation of their goods, and the retreat from the castle, he made his way to the ensevere diminution of their maintenance, yet no murmurer has risen up against the harsh injustice with
which they have been treated: no universal appeal which they have been treated; no universal appeal and down, he could not open it. He had then but has as yet proceeded from their body to the powers one way of escape left-to force his body through an that be, for relief and remedy of their affliction. Still open space at the bottom of the door, in attempting onwards we find them treading their way through good which he killed himself, and was found dead in the and evil report, through toleration and oppression, morning! This was the fate of a bloody and deforgetting sorrows and gaunt want at home, to diminish ceitful man,' the end of Friar Burne." the miseries of the people.

We cannot enter into any elaborate account of the distress in which they are involved individually; our pages would never suffice for such an undertaking.— We could report, and most faithfully too, upon the families of clergymen in want of sufficient much more accustomed food; in want of necessary clothing; debarred from education; while every retrenchment has been made to meet the griping and grinding hardship of the poor rates. We know of insurances resigned in despair, of accumulating debt, of expected imprisonment, as well as of actual imprisonment; and yet no stern impatient murmur, no stern appeal against such wrongs has yet been heard.

We have read of oppressions and cruel martyrdoms, but without exaggeration we must say the injuries now heaped upon the rural clergy in Ireland form a systematic oppression, anything similar to which is unknown in any other country under heaven. A professed Protestant Government grinding down its clergy into the deepest poverty, has never been heard of exand inconsistent administration.

We are well aware that Christian delicacy, high minded honour, prevents the sufferers from uttering any complain before such merciless masters at they have now to deal with. Yet we think they might, for the benefit of the great Protestant and Christian cause generally, form something of a remonstrance against the harsh and ruinous treatment which they have received and continue to receive. We would not expect any redress from their oppressors—we look on them as "sold to do evil" - but we would expect that all the Protestant laity would enter into their woes, make common cause with them in their afflictions, and rouse to that proper respect for themselves which would end ""The Church, Bishop Doane said, on a former of office.

Rome and impiety, from government place, and our to Him be all the glory !" difficulty will be at an end. Many are the evils now | = which would flee away before the general uprise of true religious principle and practice amongst our nominal brethren. We now look only on the one evil, the rain in which our clergy are involved by misgovernment; and we say, if there were no other cause, surely this should be enough to stimulate to action, and send the laity of our Church forward into enterprize, till the men who have sacrificed the hope of promotion to principle, abandoned all worldly calling and preferment that they might serve the eternal interests of their people; the men who have been oppressed, insulted and robbed, because they were men of peace and mute in suffering, should be delivered out of the hands of their merciless taskmasters ..

A POPISH PRIEST IN THE REBELLION OF 1798. (From the Achill Herald.)

In the life of the Rev. Adam Averell, very recently published, there occurs the following account of a Priest. It is taken from Mr. Averell's diary, and is as follows: "On my visiting the residence of Dr. Waddy, I received the following account of an extraordinary adventure he had with a Friar of the name of Burne. The Doctor having been very active in his hostility to the cause of the rebellion, had rendered himself obnoxious to the rebels. Contiguous to his house stands an old castle, which he had fortified for his own security, and in which generally passed his nights. The part of the castle which he had fitted up for his accommodation contained two beds; one of which, standing in a recess in the wall, covered by have read to so much profit: take good care of the will was a wandering star that seemed to have no settled place; but though erratic in his movements through the country, he was not without having some fixed design. One object which he had in view was, to ingratiate himself with Protestant gentry, and by pretending loyalty, and affecting liberality in religion, he had artfully succeeded in securing for himself access had been you Ella," said Alice Jones to her compator several of their houses. Dr. Waddy was one of nion, as they walked along together from school one those upon whom he had so successfully practised the morning. art of deception. The Doctor was hospitable and the Doctor's hospitalities, and spent nights at his took offence, and they had not spoken for several days. the friar came, as he now did at pleasure, on a visit. other girls about you." The Doctor was absent, but was to be home for dinner. Burne, on this occasion, appeared to Mrs. Waddy to E!!a's countenance, as Alice made this last remark, but have something so terrific in his aspect, that she could it passed away as she replied. not bear the sight of him, nor, when her husband returned, would her feelings allow her to be present at but indeed, Alice, I have not felt happy since I have dinner. It having been settled that Burue was to re- Been angry with Susan, yet I was determined not to main all night, he several times, in the course of the evening, inquired whether any person was to sleep in the castle that night but themselves, and was answered to the part the castle that night but themselves, and was answered to the part to favour this proposal or to suggest a better one. But the part to favour this proposal or to suggest a better one. But the part to favour this proposal or to suggest a better one. But the part to favour this proposal or to suggest a better one. But the part to favour this proposal or to suggest a better one. But in the negative. The Doctor and his guest at length trespass against us, something seemed to whisper, repaired to this castle, the entrance to which was se- 'Do you do so Ella? if not you ought not to say that.' eured by a portcullis door. The Doctor soon got into After I lay down in bed I tried to think about every bed, but finding the friar still unstripped asked him thing else, but Susan would come into my mind; and in the attitude of prayer. The doctor at length gave indication that sleep had overcome him. The friar's wished-for moment had now arrived; he seized the doctor's sword, but in too hastily unsheathing it. let doctor's sword, but in too hastily unsheathing it, let the scabbard fall. The noise awoke the Doctor in time to see, but not to prevent, the coming stroke aimed by the friar, which, had it fallen in all its force, would have inflicted a deadly wound; but the arch door I met Susan and held out my hand to her regarded as very beautiful aimed by the friar, which, had it fallen in all its force, would have inflicted a deadly wound; but the arch over the bed caught the point of the sword, and the Doctor escaped with a slight cut on one of his cheeks. Before the friar could fetch another stroke, the Doctor had sprung from bed and seized him round the middle.

The presentation was made in the presence of the congregation, and was accompanied by a few highly appropriate remarks from the Rector, expressive of his own feelings of interest in the occasion, and his grateful estimation of those services, which, he believed, under Provi-The friar, not being able to disengage himself, was to speak to Susan?"

PROSPECTS OF THE CLERGY IN IRELAND. pectedly, nearly put him off his feet; and before he feel much happier than to indulge in bitter feelings With no small pain we address ourselves to a sub- ing to a higher story in the castle. The friar, think- affectioned one to another,".

INTERESTING CONFIRMATION SCENE. (From the Banner of the Cross,)

MR. EDITOR,—The following extract of a letter received a few days ago from a friend in New York, will, perhaps be no less acceptable to your readers Rev. W. W. Ewbank and his Curate. than it was to me. Its interest is heightened by the society until about three years ago. ECCLESIA.

"I had the pleasure last Sunday of hearing Bishop Whittingham for the first time. What a clear and forcible writer he is! and what a soul there is in his composition! I mean his literary composition; though I doubt not, there is more than ordinary energy and life in the man and the Bishop. He administered the holy rite of Confirmation at one church to forty-nine persons; who, being from all classes of society, presented a faithful and lively picture of what the Church should be, and is, in this day of her renovation. There cept in the present age, and under the present imbecile were the young, coming in the morning of their years to receive strength for the following day; and the old, seeking light for the coming darkness of death; the rich and the poor, the wise and the ignorant.-Among the number was a coloured man, weak and feeble with the consumption. But the most interesting sight was the confirmation of an aged negro, who had been confined to his bed some twenty years .-Not being able to move without help, he was placed in a chair near to the chancel; and after all the others in a chair near to the chancel; and after all the others had been confirmed, the Bishop left the chancel, and states that he has now fourteen inquirers, who have left invoked the Holy Ghost upon the head of the aged sufferer. He the last aptly represented the mission of the Church, and her returning life. of the Church, and her returning life.

in driving these incompetent and injurious men out occasion, 'is not like Jesus of Nazareth, who went about doing good. But is she not now growing their refusing to learn any trade practical at Jerusalem. What do we require now, at any time, in order to into the likeness of her Lord? Is not Zion putting the extensive welfare of our empire, its kingdoms, on her beautiful garment, and girding herself with provinces and colonies, but a godly government, a strength? We see it in the temples, wherein everyrighteous administration fixed in the hands of men thing bespeaks the Lord's house. We hear it in the who hate treachery and lies, and are determined to revival of those holy strains of music that dwelt on the stand by the glory of our constitution, the gospel of lips of the saints of old. Better still, we see the Jesus Christ, carried out in all its provisions. And Church's life in her firm adherence to, and defence of, to effect this most wholesome and necessary revolution, 'the faith once delivered to the saints.' And does we need but this, that the integral Protestantism of not 'Nashotah' and the 'Vale of the Cross,' show the our empire should awake from its supine indifference, rouse to action, to indignation against and expulsion of evil. Therefore it is we that would feed the minds of our Protestant brethren, not only with the good counsel of the word of life, but point out the misery that accrues to their pastors by the unworthy continuance of the present ministry in office.

On every side we find the inquiry stirring abroad, our empire should awake from its supine indifference, breathings of that better, holier life; born, not at what shall we do to save the empire from ruin? - likely to be suspected. I do sincerely think we owe There is but one thing to be done; let the Protestant much of this living energy to Oxford, though human party unite, associate, vow and effect the expulsion of nature dwells there as well as at Geneva. But the unprotestant men, of temporizers and trucklers to day must have come; for the work is the Lord's, and

AND A CHILD.

An Irish clergyman, who made the Scriptures his daily study, and was a zealous advocate for the establishment of schools in his own country; in which poor children might be taught the way of salvation, one day it the country with the Church, and to bring with them confidences of better might be taught the way of salvation, one day with the church, and to bring with them confidences of better might be taught the way of salvation, one day with the church, and to bring with them confidences of better might be taught the way of salvation, one day with the church and of religious and moral character. They met a little boy whom he did not know, going to school. will not be admitted, ordinarily, under 18, or above 22 He thought the child looked intelligent and thoughtful years of age. The ordinary course of instruction in the which led him to wish to enter into a conversation with the little stranger; so he addressed him thus:

'What is that you have under your arm, little man.' 'It is a will, sir.'

What will.'

'The will which Jesus Christ hath bequeathed to

'What inheritance then has Jesus Christ bequeathed to us in his will?'

'A kingdom, sir.'

'And where is this kingdom?' 'It is the kingdom of heaven, sir,'

Do you expect to reign in heaven as a king, my little boy?'

kingdom by doing what is commanded in this holy

so wisely taught; and after much more conversation with him, he said: you are a very happy little boy to which makes you such precious promises; study all its provisions, believe its testimony, and you will be happy both in this world, and that which is to come.'

THE LITTLE SCHOOL GIRLS.

"I would not have made up with Susan Gray if I had artfully succeeded in securing for himself access had been you Ella," said Alice Jones to her compa-

Ella Roberts and Susan Gray went to the same unsuspecting: Burne was wiley in manner, and a school, and had always been good friends until recently, murderer in heart. He had several times partaken of when Susan had done or said something at which Ella house; and on a recent occasion had occupied the Alice continued, "You know she offended you Ella, spare bed in the castle. On the day of the adventure, and ever since your quarrel she has been talking to the

An expression of anger rested for a moment on

"I am sorry Susan has talked about me, indeed, bed, but finding the friar still unstripped asked him why he did not go to bed also. The friar said he must say his prayers, and fell on his knees. The Dr. dozed—awoke—and dozed again; the friar was still in the stillude of prayer. The dozer is now as the friar was still in the stillude of prayer. The dozer is now as the friar was still in the stillude of prayer. The dozer is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still both low some is now as the friar was still between the friar was still between

him go, and gave him a push, which, coming unex- your school-mates? If so, do as Ella did. You will was presented.

could recover himself, rushed out of the room. Pro- against them. I will give you a text which I wish all videntially the Doctor took the ascending stairs, lead- little school girls to remember. It is, "Be kindly

Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

ENGLAND.

St. James, Plymouth, under license from the Bishop of

NEW CHURCH .- At Chatham another new Church is about to be built near the turnpike on the new road.

The undertaking has been taken up by the Rev.
W. Conway, the liberal founder of Trinity Church,

CLERICAL LIBERALITY .- The Rev. W. Wayet, Vicar of Pinchbeck, has subscribed 1,000l towards the building of the new Church, about to be erected in his parish. BAPTISM BY IMMERSION .- From a statement in the Chester Courant it appears that the practice of baptism by immersion, in conformity with the directions of the Book of Common Prayer, has recently been revived in

St. George's Church, Everton, near Liverpool, by the THE ARCHDEACON OF BATH .- The Rural Deans of fact that the writer was a member of the Methodist society until about three years ago. ECCLESIA. glass window in the Cathedral at Wells, as a memorial of their regard for the Archdeacon of Bath, with the following inscription:—"In honorem viri venerabilis dilectissimi in Christo fratris, Gulielmi T. Parr Brymer, hodie Archidiaconi Bathoniensis, hujusce diœcesis olim curatoris, fenestram hanc vitro colorato adornandam,

curaverunt complures ejusdem diecesis clerici et laici." CHURCH DISCIPLINE.—The Cheltenham Examiner asserts, on the authority of common report, that some of the clergymen of the town have threatened to refuse the Holy Communion to any of their congregations who

were seen at the assembly-rooms on the 18th ult. TRAINING COLLEGE AT CARMARTHEN .- The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge has granted the sum of 1,000% towards the erection of the buildings of the Training College at Carmarthen, contingently on the whole sum required for the completion of the work being

ANNUAL LETTER OF THE BISHOP AT JERUSALEM. The Bishop of the United Church of England and Ireland at Jerusalem has issued his annual letter. He states that the Greek Patriarch and his Clergy keep as far from him as they possibly can; that with the Latin he is on a footing of polite reserve, and that with the Armenian, the United Greek Patriarch, and the Syrian Bishops a in the enjoyment of health, is to be baptized until he can earn at least a part of his daily bread. In accordance with this rule, the Bishop refused baptism to two candidates who had been prepared for it, in consequence of

DISSENT.—Noel's Readings.—The Dissenters are welcoming Mr. Baptist Noel's book as a new Gospel. At a chapel at Islington special services for reading it are announced to take place two days of the week, both morning and evening.

GLASGOW.—We are informed that there are fully 30,000 members of our Church in this severely tried city, many of whom, principally very poor persons from England and Ireland, are suffering to a fearful extent from the epidemic. The clergy from their own very limited incomes cannot supply what they know to be limited incomes cannot supply what they know to be absolutely necessary in food, medicine and warm clothing,

JUBILEE OF THE SOCIETY FOR THE PROMOTION OF CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE. - It is in contemplation to commemorate the one hundred and fiftieth year of the existence of this Society, the anniversary of which falls on the Sta of March 1991. the 8th of March next; but in consequence of an appre-hension lest this should interfere with the three hundredth anniversary of the publication of the Book of Common Prayer, an application has been made to the Archbishop at work in every part of the united empire, all of A CONVERSATION BETWEEN A MINISTER of Canterbury to ascertain what arrangements may have been made for the last-named object.

ST. AUGUSTINE'S COLLEGE.—We are r state that term will commence at St. Augustine's College College may be completed in three years. that the annual expense to each student will not exceed 35. All applications for admission must be made to the Right Rev. the Warden, St. Augustine's College, Canter-

At the first native confirmation, held in the Cathedral of Calcutta, eighty-five males and seventy-five females, from the villages of Baripur, Thakapukur, Ramuagur, me, and to all those who desire to have their part in the inheritance therein mentioned.

Mirzapur, and Agarpara, were confirmed. The Bisho delivered an address on the occasion, which was trans lated into Bengali by the Rev. T. Sandys.

THE WELSH CHURCH .- On Sunday last the venerable Archdeacon of Cardigan preached an eloquent sermon in the Ancient British Language, at the Welsh Chapel in Ely-place, before a congregation of nearly 800 of the natives of the Principality; and the learned divine has kindly promised to officiate again next Sabbath day for his country men.—Januarg 20. GRANT FOR THE CATHEDRAL OF FREDERICTON .-

"Yes, sir, as being a co-heir with Jesus Christ."

"Will all men reign their, as well as you?"

"No, sir: those only who ground their right to the ingdom by doing what is commanded in this holy ook, can reign there through the infinite mercy of the society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, January 2nd:—"Considering the very liberal contribution already made by the Bishop of Fredericton himself to this object, and the large sum raised within the colony, the Standing Committee the requirements of the penaltar circumstances." book, can reign there through the infinite mercy of Committe recommend, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, that the sum of one thousand pounds, in The good clergyman was delighted to find the child addition to the former grant of one thousand pounds, be voted towards the Cathedral of Fredericton, on the 6th of February next."- January 20.

UNITED STATES.

Mission to California .- It is evident that something must be done for California, and that without delay. The Nashotah Plan is the only one to be thought of, and in order to suggest one mode of starting it, I beg leave to present the following.

1. Let the Bishop of Connecticut, as the Senior Bishop, or candidates for orders, who may be willing to go.

2. Let him, when he has received proposals from a sufficient number of competent men, announce it to the Church, name a Treasurer in New York, or Hartford, and est contributions, in money, prayer-books, &c.

Let all lovers of the Church, and of men's souls, begin to offer daily in their families and closets, a prayer that Gop would raise up the men, and supply the means. I have faith to believe, Mr. Editor, that we shall not wait long for an answer to our prayers.

The mission in California, would be supported, I think by the settlers; but a considerable outfit would certainly be required. A pious layman to whom I mentioned this project, immediately offered to give 100 dollars, and now stands pledged for it. I look for many similar offerings. Let us lose no time. If the Mission goes out now, it will gain a foothold, before the next General Convention,

we want .- Calendar. Hartford, January 22, 1849.

PRESENTATION OF PLATE. - EMMANUEL CHURCH,

dence, had greatly contributed to the welfare and prosperity shortening his hold of the sword, to stab his victim; but the Doctor, perceiving his intention, quickly let him go, and gave him a push, which, coming mex-

"May she live long, to preside, as she has hithertodone, TO SHAREHOLDERS IN BUILDING SOCIETIES. over the music department of our Church, and continue, by her well known skill and good taste, to elicit from our organ that ' concord of sweet sounds,' which has so often enlivened our devotions, and accompanied our praises to heaven."—From the Banner of the Cross. New Castle, January 9, 1849.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH, BROOKLYN. - A very interest. ing meeting was held on Wednesday evening, 31st January, in St. Michael's Church in this city, to celebrate the anniversary of its organization. The Rev. E. M. Johnson took the Chair, and after reading a portion of Scripture, called upon the congregation to pray for that and other Churches in our land, and especially in this city; for all schools and institutions, for the promotion of Christian instruction, &c., &c. He then offered prayer by using some of the Collects in the Prayer Book, and the Lord's Prayer. A report of the state of the congregation was then read, from which it appears that the number of baptisms for the year was 55; of marriages, 38; communicants, 50; of burials, 35; of children under catechetical instruction, 75. The Church was said to be well filled on Sundays, with an attentive and serious congregation. After the reading of this report, the Rev. S. R. Johnson, D. D., offered a resolution, expressing the satisfaction of those present with the result of this enterprise, and tendering their support and sympathy.

—He prefaced this with some very interesting remarks on the importance of extellibring Cherchen marks on the importance of establishing Churches in the outskirts of our cities, as well as in the newly settled parts of our country. Rev. Dr. Vinton se-conded the resolution, which he accompanied with an address to the members of the congregation, forcibly pointing out to them their duty to their church, to their pointing out to them their duty to their church, to their minister, and to themselves, if they expected growth in numbers, or growth in grace. Both these addresses were very able and eloquent. The Church was well filled, and every one went home satisfied with the manner in which the evening had been spent, and well pleased to know that "the work of the Lord" is prospering in that neglected part of our city.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Advertisements.

Six lines and under, 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 74d. each subsequent insertion. Ten lines and under, 3s. 9d. first insertion, and Is subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4d. per line first inserand 1d. per line each subsequent insertion. A discount will be allowed for advertisements of not less than twelve

From the extensive circulation of The Church, in the Province of Canada, ((rom Sandwich to Gaspe,) in Nova Scotia and New Bruns-wick, in the Hudson's Bay Territories, and in Great Britain & Ireland, as well as in various parts of the United States, it will be found a profitable medium for all advertisements which are desired to be

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Toronto, Jan. 24, 1849. DR. DERRY

Has Removed to 101, Bishop's Buildings, ADELAIDE STREET. Toronto, May, 1848.

JOHN ELLIS & CO., Official Seal and Bank Note ENGRAVERS, LITHOGRAPHERS, AND COPPER-PLATE PRINTERS. 8, KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

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CONVEYANCER, &c. DIVISION STREET, COBOURG, CANADA WEST. Cobourg, Oct. 21, 1845.

T. BILTON, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 2, Wellington Buildings, King Street TORONTO.

J. P. CLARKE, Mus. Bac. K. C. PROFESSOR OF THE PIANO FORTE, SINGING AND GUITAR, Residence, Sumach Cottage, Ann Street. Teronto, Jan. 13, 1847.

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Reference may be made to the Rev. R. J. MacGeorge, at the Office January 24, 1849. OILS. BARNARD, CURTISS & Co., III, WATER STREET,

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Toronto, June 13 h, 1848.

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THE Undersigned begs leave to inform the Gentry and Inhabitants of Toronto, that the TORONTO BATHS have been re-opened and are now ready to receive the Public every day, from SEVEN in the Morning to TEN o'clock in the Evening, during which hours every attention will be paid to Visitors. Toronto, March, 1848. ANGUS BLUE.

ADVERTISEMENT.

If this Advertisement meets the eye of William or Richard Mick, who emigrated from the county of Limerick, Ireland, about three years since, they, or either of them, will please address a letter to their father, Mr. John Mick, who is now in Brownville, Jefferson Co., State of New York. Any person who may know the present postoffice address of either of the brothers, will confer a great lavor upon a worthy person, by addressing a line, containing such address, either to Mr. John Mick, or to the Rev. W. H. Hill, Brownville, N. Y. Canada papers will confer a great favor by noticing the above. January 24th, 1849.

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ECCLESIASTICAL REGISTER

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Toronto, 30th October, 1847.

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THIS COMPANY is prepared to effect Assurance upo LIVES, and transact any business dependent upon value or duration of Human Life; to grant or purchase Ansities or Reversions of all kinds, as also Survivorships and Endowments. In addition to the various advantages offered by other Com

panies, the Directors of this Company are enabled, from the investment of the Premiums in the Province at a rate of compound interest, much beyond that which can be obtained in Britain, to promise a most material reduction of cost; guarantermalled. teeing Assurances, Survivorships, or Endowments for a sm present payment, or yearly premium, and granting increases Annuities, whether immediate or deferred, for any sum of money invested with them. They can also point to the local position of the Company as of peculiar importance to intending Assurers, as it enables such Assurers to exercise control of

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	45	3	17	1	3	4	0	3	7	4		
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