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The Toronto World.

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SIXTH YEAR TUESDAY MORNING JANUARY 12 1886. PRICE ONE CENT

A COLD NIGHT IN COUNCIL

A LIGHT SUBJECT VERY HOTLY DISCUSSED BY THE ALDERMEN.

The Street Lighting Contract Settled at Last—The Recommendation of the Fire and Gas Committee Goes Through—Bonuses to City Officials.

All of the members of the city council but Ald. Sheppard and Gormley shivered in their overcoats until within fifteen minutes of midnight at the meeting of the city council last night. The chamber was as chilly as an ice-house, and towards closing up time it got so cold that some of the city fathers had to even don their fur caps. Housekeeper Kimber ought to look to his furnaces a little better. Protracted debates took place on the street lighting contract and the voting of bonuses to two city officials. They were all passed through, however. Petitions were read from F. W. Jarvis and others for a cedar block pavement as a local improvement in Major street, College to Bloor, and from Hugh Tobin and others for a common sewer as a local improvement in a lane off Tecumseh street, running east and south of King.

The council went into committee of the whole on report No. 37 of the executive and the reports of other committees (Ald. Hall in the chair), in the midst of which they broke off at the last meeting. The first matter dealt with was the street lighting contract as recommended by the fire and gas committee. The full text of the contract, which is for five years, has already been published. Ald. Pepler led off in the assault against adopting the recommendation of the fire committee. He said gas and electric lights might be produced for next to nothing in the near future, and he did not want to see the city bound to a five years contract at exorbitant prices. He thought the least that could be done was to pass the contract over to the new council. All the members of the fire and gas committe ably argued in favor of accepting the contract as recommended by them. Ald. Shaw said the committee had given the matter the fullest consideration (ever since May last) and they had done the very best they could. The opposing forces were Ald. Hastings, Hunter, Carlyle, Steiner, Walker, Irwin and Mackenzie. Ald. Hastings said that in face of the local improvement bylaw, that was voted upon and passed by the citizens a week ago, it would be unfair to let out such a contract for five years. The new bylaw would regulate the cost of street lighting on the same principle as block-paving—on the local improvement plan. By several aldermen the new bylaw was declared totally inoperative. Besides, it had yet to be ratified by the council. After a two hours' discussion and several amendments being offered and lost, the report went through just as it came from the fire and gas committee. On motion of Ald. Mitchell, the following clause of the same committee's report was referred back:

Your committee have had before them the clauses in their last report, in reference to the acceptance of tenders for new fire alarm signal boxes, and repairs to old boxes, which were referred back to them by the council for further consideration, and after having fully reconsidered the matter, it is again recommended that the tenders of Alex. Anderson at $72.50 each for 18 new boxes, and $19.50 each for the repairs required to 99 (more or less) old boxes, to make them act on the non-interfering principle, be accepted.

In reference to the above the following letter was read:

THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA, TORONTO AGENCY, Jan. 11.—*To His Worship the Mayor*—DEAR SIR: The report of the fire and gas committee to be presented to the council to-night, recommends the acceptance of a tender for supplying eighteen new fire alarm boxes and the alteration of ninty others. The total cost will be over $3000. It is admitted by all that a new repeater of at least ten circuits will be required in the spring. This repeater will have to be purchased from the Gamewell company. The practical men of that company do not believe that these patched-up boxes will work satisfactorily with the new repeater and their opinion—even though it may be called interested—is entitled to some consideration. Not very long ago the city paid some two or three hundred dollars for experts opinions on this subject. Both of them reported in favor of the Gamewell system supplied by the Gamewell company. This company, as agents for the Gamewell company, is prepared to submit to the fire and gas committee an offer for the immediate supply of a large repeater and the replacing of all the present boxes by the latest non-interference pattern, making an allowance for the old boxes. This would at once put the city in possession of a system not excelled by any place on the continent. I should have made this offer to the fire and gas committee before this, but was unable to do so on account of not being furnished with figures. HUGH NEILSON, Agent Bell Telephone company, Toronto.

On report No. 1 of the special committee re the removal of the lunatic asylum, Ald. Baxter moved that it be struck out. He said the government would merely laugh at the council for making such a proposition. The committee recommend that petitions be circulated among the ratepayers praying that the institution be removed outside the city limits. Ald. Defoe said the committee was in earnest and it was no fool-play. The attorney-general had been interviewed on the subject more than once, and the deputations had always been courteously received and their arguments attentively listened to. Ald. Baxter's motion to strike out was voted down.

In council Ald. Walker and Hastings renewed their efforts to have the street lighting contract sent over to the new council. A direct motion to this effect was lost on the following division:

Yeas—Walker, Irwin, Mackenzie, Hunter, Hastings, Steiner and Carlyle—7.

Nays—Verral, Taylor, Galley, Elliott, McMillan, Brandon, Shaw, Frankland, Smith M. J. Woods, Johnstone, James, M. Woods, Baxter, Piper, Jones, Allan, Lamb, Defoe—20.

Another amendment by Ald. Hastings, that a clause be added to the contract giving the city power to cancel the same after one year's time by giving six months' notice, found 11 supporters and 19 opponents. The report was then adopted, and as a dying kick Ald. Hastings said that he hoped the mayor, before signing the contract, would see that there was no trickery in the wording of the document.

A couple of hours was then spent in committee of the whole discussing recommendations from the waterworks committee and the health committee, granting Mr. Venables, the mechanical engineer of the department, a bonus of $300 for extra and laborious services in connection with the improvements made at Hanlan's point and engine house wharf and well, and $200 to Dr. Canniff for extra services in connection with his smallpox labors. The local board of health originally recommended $400, but the executive reduced it to $200. Ald. Hall succeeded in getting Mr. Venable's bonus raised to $500, and Dr. Canniff's went through at $200. The balance of the reports of standing committees were passed without amendment, and the council rose at 11.45, without taking up the bylaw to provide for the issue of general consolidated loan debentures to the amount of $51,000, for the purpose of procuring a site and erecting a cattle market thereon.

The present council will hold a "settle-up-part" meeting on Friday next, when taxes and gas will be freely dispensed. The new council will organize on Monday next.

A CUT IN PASSENGER RATES.

The Baltimore & Ohio Takes a Step Which Will Probably Result in a Big Railroad War.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The Baltimore & Ohio railroad company this morning began a sale of tickets to western points at the following through rates: Chicago $15, Cincinnati $13, St. Louis $18.50. This is a cut of $5 from the standard tariff. As a result all the Baltimore & Ohio offices in the city did a rushing business from the moment the doors were opened. An official of the Baltimore & Ohio road said that the company would undoubtedly adhere to its purpose to fight the other lines. Ticket brokers regard the cut made by the B. & O. as the entering wedge which will eventually break the railroad pool recently established. Should the other trunk lines meet the B. & O. rate a lively railroad war may be expected.

The report that the Pennsylvania Railroad company has ordered a cut in through and local passenger rates westward from Baltimore, to conform with the Baltimore and Ohio rates, is denied by the company's officials in this city. Should such a reduction be made at Baltimore it need not affect rates from New York.

BELIEVED TO BE IN CANADA.

Suits for Foreclosure Against a Man Believed to Be Wealthy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—An action is now on trial in the supreme court brought by Dawson Fallacy against Fanny D. Hoexter, Augustus Hoexter, her husband, and Gustav Newwitter, to foreclose two mortgages for $150,000 on certain property in the city which grows out of the sudden disappearance of Augustus Hoexter, merchant, from this city sometime ago and whose creditors have been since looking for something upon which they might satisfy their claims. Hoexter is believed to be in Canada. His wife is said to have had daily communications from him up to the time of his father's death about two months ago. He left a large fortune. The interest on the mortgages was not paid and this suit was brought. Mrs. Hoexter puts in an answer to the effect that the mortgages were executed under duress.

SIR JOHN DECLINES.

The Premier Finds That he Cannot Accept the Hospitality of the Canadian Club.

New York, Jan. 11—Erastus Wiman, president of the Canadian club, has received a cablegram from Sir John Macdonald, in which the Canadian prime minister regrets his inability to accept the hospitality which the club tendered him in the shape of a public dinner on his arrival in New York Monday night, January 18. The premier expressed gratification, but regretted that his engagements were so numerous and pressing that he could not for the moment accept, especially as it would involve a two day's stay in New York. He stated that on some future occasion he would be very happy to show his appreciation of the courtesy of his fellow Canadians in New York.

THIS IS NOT IN CANADA.

A Number of Persons Found Frozen to Death in Illinois and Elsewhere.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—At Elgin, Ill., Irwin Underhill, on his way home from a party, lost his way and was found frozen stiff yesterday. At Dundee Ervin Baker was found frozen in a farm yard. At Burlington, Iowa, Jno. Lang left a barber shop late Saturday night for home and was found dead Sunday morning not a quarter of a mile from where he started. At Denver two men were frozen to death near the Western Kansas line and it is feared several persons have lost their lives in the mountains.

Broke From Jail.

WAYNESBORO, Ga., Jan. 11.—A number of prisoners escaped from jail here at 4 o'clock on Wednesday morning last. A fire was kindled on the second floor and a hole burned through by which the prisoners escaped down stairs. By means of an iron bar the front door was broken open. Wm. Garvin, a murderer, was heavily ironed with a chain around his neck and made fast to the centre of his cell. The chain was broken and Garvin carried his necklace and chain with him. The sheriff summoned a posse and went in pursuit. On Saturday night he found Garvin in the woods on the Savannah river, twenty miles from here. An attack was made and the sheriff was shot and severely wounded. Yesterday morning Jerry Tarber, one of the convicts, was captured after he had been shot. It is thought Garvin and some of the others will be frozen to death in the swamp.

A Life's Labor Destroyed.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Jan. 11.—The residence of the German naturalist, Chas. Buettner, containing the finest collection of birds, insects and animals west of New York, was burned last night. The collection included sixty thousand insects. There were also many specimens from all over the world of the rarest beauty and great value. The hydrants were frozen and the fire department was unable to arrest the flames and the fierce northwest gale blowing made quick work of the building and contents.

Queen's Bench Judgments.

The Queen's bench division (Chief Justice Wilson and Judge Armoury) delivered a number of judgments yesterday, the only one of interest being that of Richardson v. Ranson, in which an important constitutional question arose. The action was tried before Mr. Justice O'Connor at Belleville, and was brought to recover damages for an alleged false imprisonment, the plaintiff being arrested in the county of Hastings upon a warrant from the Belleville police magistrate, who by the Ontario statutes is ex officio, a justice of the peace for the county. The plaintiff raised the question as to whether the Ontario government had the right to appoint justices of the peace, claiming that the dominion authorities only had the power. The point was elaborately argued, and the court gave judgment to-day against the plaintiff's contention with costs.

Excess of England's Wheat.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Trade reports show that the English wheat harvest was much in excess of the estimates and that considerable quantities of old wheat remain in stock.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Franklin B. Gowan was yesterday elected president of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad.

The rivers emptying into Chesapeake bay are frozen over and navigation is entirely suspended.

Adam McNabb shot and killed John Connor, who had a few days previously married a girl he (McNabb) loved.

The railroads continue to encounter great difficulties in moving trains. Some trains are overdue at Chicago 24 hours.

Anna Cosmor, aged 17, at Grantsville, W. Va., suicided because her parents would not allow her to join the Mormons.

John C. Bevins, a New York ticket seller, fatally shot his wife yesterday while cleaning an old revolver. The couple had only been married six months.

MAJOR-GENERAL MIDDLETON.

A Severe Criticism of His Course in the Northwest.

From the Macleod Gazette.

General Middleton's conduct of the campaign last spring has been very severely criticised. The censure has been strongest among those who had the best possible opportunity of judging. It is a common subject of remark that, had it not been for a few Canadian officers the troops would probably have been skirmishing in the vicinity of Batoche—what there were left of them. Gen. Middleton has not been accused of cowardice. No one can doubt for a moment that he is a brave man. What he has been accused of is a narrow-minded selfishness; a reluctance to share the glories of the campaign with others, or to give credit where it is due; and a fatal inability to judge of the right moment to strike, and to take advantage of an opportunity surely and quickly. All these faults were so glaring, so apparent to onlookers, some hundreds of miles from the scene of action, that one cannot help feeling surprised at the failure of the authorities at Ottawa to see things as they really were. While the man whose management of the campaign was a succession of blunders from beginning to end; whose dread that others might reap a little of the glory prolonged the war, and rolled up the expense bill which Canadians must pay, has been honored and enriched, the men who did the most of the real hard work, and who proved themselves equal to any troops in the world in endurance and bravery have been ignored, neglected, snubbed. What makes this worse is that they are treated thus by a man who dared not follow where they lead. The men who are not considered worthy of the rebellion medal—the mounted police—were not only purposely kept in the background and hampered as much as possible; they not only had to fight the enemy where they could get at him, but they had as fight and struggle with this brilliant British exponent of military tactics to reach the enemy at all. It is a satisfaction to note that when they did "get there," these Northwest troops of ours walked over any of the performances of Gen. Middleton, and gave him a few well needed lessons in western warfare. It is a pity that his conceit was too strong for his common sense, or he might have profited by some of the lessons which the much despised mounted police taught him.

* * * *

No, we think we have struck the true chord when we say that Gen. Middleton came west with a full determination to dislike the police force, and to sit upon its officers and men whenever an opportunity presented itself. He made several opportunities. Although inwardly he was surprised at the efficiency and general make-up of the force, and could not help admiring it, he persisted in his impudent and uncalled-for snubs. A number of policemen equal to Middleton's command would have taken Batoche in a couple of hours, instead of four days. Mounted policemen took a nine pounder gun where this British general did not dare take an infantry corps. He could not follow Big Bear and refused to allow the police to do so, although they begged with tears in their eyes to be allowed to do so. The only really difficult part of the campaign was the pursuit of Big Bear. This he gave up in despair, and only then gave the police permission to go on. They needed no second urging. They started and captured him almost immediately. Col. Irvine was censured for obeying Middleton's peremptory command, and remaining idle. Col. Otter and Col. Herchmer were censured for their brilliant victory at Cut Knife, which really broke the back of the rebellion, because the general feared they might reap some of the glories of the campaign. Prejudiced against the police in the first place, he could not forgive them for having taught him how to fight Indians and halfbreeds, and now he continues to vent his spite by refusing to recommend them for the medal. Shame on you, Gen. Middleton. Such an action is not worthy of a man and a soldier. Sir John A. Macdonald knows the worth of the police, and their value to Canada. Will he allow them to be trampled upon by a man who made such a bungle of affairs as did Major-General Sir Fred. Middleton.

CHAMPAGNE AND STRAWBERRIES.

King Humbert of Italy has an Extraordinary Fit of Economy.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—A correspondent at Rome says King Humbert was recently taken with an economical fit, having become alarmed at the enormous expenses of the royal household. Evidences of the most extravagant luxury were found on all sides. The King was particularly shocked at discovering that Queen Margherita insisted on having a heaping plate of strawberries everyday in the year although the fruit can only be obtained in winter at an exorbitant cost. The King stormed and the Queen retorted by charging him with many needless acts of extravagance. At length the Queen offered to compromise by eating the strawberries two days only in each week if the King would order his cast off clothing to be sold hereafter instead of becoming the perquisites of his lackeys. The King agreed to this. The Queen put herself on short commons as to strawberries and the lackeys are deprived of a considerable portion of their income. King Humbert also ordered that not more than seven francs per bottle shall hereafter be paid for champagne which is the usual drink at the royal table.

Disappointed Anarchists.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—The anarchists of this city are greatly enraged at the non-appearance of a proclamation of amnesty to the anarchist offenders, as it was understood that M. Grevy would issue one on his re-election to the presidency. They threaten to hold a disorderly meeting outside the chamber of deputies to-morrow unless amnesty is granted in the meantime.

Chaplain for the City Council.

There is a chaplain at Ottawa who opens with prayer the sittings of the house; so there is in the local legislature here; it is now proposed to have one in the city council as soon as the new council is organized. Mr. Littlejohn, the assistant clerk, is a candidate for the office.

The World is sold for A Cent.

CABLE NOTES.

Gen. Prendergast, commander of the British forces in Burmah, contradicts the reports of trouble in Burmah. He says all is quiet there.

It is stated that several Scotch and Irish peers, both conservatives and liberals, will support a motion of the Earl of Kilmorrin in favor of the abolition of the office of lord lieutenant of Ireland.

Greece is negotiating with Montenegro for an alliance offensive and defensive against the porte. Bismarck has notified Greece that if she enters upon hostilities it must be entirely at her own risk.

Lord Salisbury has notified King Milan that Great Britain recognizes the union of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia and that Servia must take the consequences of opposing the union.

At the Munster assizes on Saturday sentences ranging from six to twenty years were passed upon a number of prisoners convicted of moonlighting, attempting to murder policemen, and wounding and shooting at other persons.

HIS HONOR'S LUCKY SHOT

THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OPENS THE CALEDONIAN RINK

By Landing a Stone Squarely on the Tee—A Friendly Game Between the Home Club and Six Other City Rinks.

Sharp at 2 o'clock in the new Caledonian rink yesterday afternoon, Skip Wm. Rennie laid his broom on the "tee" at one end of the rink, while His Hon. Governor Robinson at the other end braced himself to throw the first stone that had yet scuttled across the smooth surface. Assembled curlers from each city rink, the Caledonian, Granite, Toronto and Moss park, stood with brooms at the shoulder along the line the stone was to travel. His Honor, with an "out turn" sent the "stane" flying down the rink and the attendant curlers "swept her up." It landed squarely on the "tee." The second one, by direction of the skip, took the first one cleanly out of its position. This was done without overshoes. Said a braw Caledonian in describing the deed: "He cudna ha' done it again in a score o' years." His honor was justly proud of his feat. After he had released himself from congratulating admirers, in one of his characteristically happy speeches, he formally declared the rink open.

A friendly game followed between six rinks of the Caledonians and two each from the Toronto, Moss Park and Granite clubs, with these scores:

No. 1 Caledonian.	*No. 3 Moss Park.*
J. E. Hogg,	Q. D. Dolge,
R. Rennie,	T. W. Watson,
Fred. Foster,	W. K. Wellington,
Dr. Ross, skip.	Dr. Clapp, skip.
No 2 Caledonian,	*No 1 Toronto.*
J. C. Moore,	Wm. Christie,
J. A. Mills,	Samuel May,
J. Wright,	John Bain,
W. J. McCormack, sk.	Ald. Walker, skip.
No. 3 Caledonia.	*No, 1 Moss Park.*
J. Lumbers,	Jos. Lugsdin,
M. H. Ramsay,	Mark Hall,
A. Wheeler,	John Ritchie,
Dan. Lamb, skip.	Wm. Summerfeldt, skip.
No. 4 Caledonia.	*No. 1 Granite.*
W. Rosser,	J. Hedley,
Dr. Teskey,	Dr. Richardson,
Wm. Davidson,	W. F. Davidson,
D. Gibson, skip.	W. Taylor, skip.
No. 5 Caledonian.	*No. 5 Granite.*
John Ayre,	T. Anderson,
T. T. Gibson,	T. McCracken,
P. T. Dunn,	Wm. Hadenuch,
Jos. Pringle, skip.	Robt. Jaffray, skip.
No. 6 Caledonian.	*No. 2 Toronto.*
W. B. McIntosh,	D. S. Keith,
D. Prentice,	J. K. Russell,
Wm. Ross,	J. Biddle,
Wm. Rennie, skip.	T. McGaw, skip.

As this was strictly a friendly game the Caledonian powers that be firmly buttoned their lips and would give no information as to the final result, but some of the visitors darkly hinted that the hosts had succeeded in vanquishing their guests at all points. The rattle of the stones, the swish of the besoms, the cracking of the ice and the frost nipped noses reminded all of the halcyon days spent on the icebound burns of Auld Scotia.

At 6 o'clock the game was finished and the famished knights of the broom betook themselves into one of the spacious up-stairs rooms, where there was served an abundance of substantial curlers' fare, to which all did justice. Speeches from the lieutenant-governor and representatives of the various rinks passed away a couple of hours, when those who did not want to go home returned to the ice and rattled away till about 10 o'clock. The directors and members of the Caledonian rink can congratulate themselves on their house-warming, if such a term is applicable.

The Caledonian club was an off-shoot from the Toronto. In 1872 they separated themselves and played for a winter on the bay. The present property was bought in 1874. In 1877 the little shanty in the southeast corner, where The World used to buckle on its juvenile skates, was replaced by the building which now fronts the magnificent dome-roofed edifice built this year. The Caledonians were content at first to work, or rather play, in a humble way, and now they are housed in one of the largest and best appointed rink buildings in the world.

WHAT IRELAND WOULD ACCEPT.

Mr. Labouchere's Views on the Home Rule Question.

The Times publishes a long letter from Mr. Labouchere, headed "What the Parnellites would Accept." He says: I think I am not far wrong in saying that the following schemes would be accepted:

1. Representation in the imperial parliament upon imperial matters alone. The army, the navy, the protection of the British Isles, the commercial and political relations with foreign nations would be regarded as imperial questions, and probably there would be no insuperable difficulty in arranging a customs union, leaving it to the Irish to foster their industries, if they pleased, by means of bounties.

2. The government of Ireland, a viceroy, a privy council, a representative assembly, with ministers. The viceroy a member of the royal family, with a salary of £25,000 a year. The council would have to be reorganized by nominating a hundred new members, men of moderate views. The council would gradually be increased by the admission of Irish ministers. The house of representatives would be elected, as with us, according to population. One-fourth of the members would be nominated either during two parliaments or for five years. Ministers would be elected from the parliamentary majority as with us. The viceroy would call upon the leader of the majority to form a cabinet. He would, however, retain the constitutional power of the Queen to dissolve.

3. The veto would be reserved to the viceroy, with the consent of his privy council. No arrangement is possible which would give the veto to the imperial government.

4. Protection of minorities. They would already be protected by the veto of the nominated members, and by the Orangemen, who would return a considerable contingent, but the Irish would go farther than this. No contract existing or entered into could be set aside by Irish legislation. Any landlord would have the right to insist upon his land being bought by the Irish state on an estimate of its value by the land judges, due consideration being taken of tenants' improvements.

5. The army in Ireland and the fortresses would be under the orders of the imperial ministry.

Let Mr. Gladstone (continues the letter) boldly declare himself for a well-considered measure of home rule, and let us vote on this as soon as parliament comes together. If it be defeated, we shall see how the conservatives are able to carry on the government.

How Men Can be Misjudged.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.—In an interview with Gen. Lew Wallace, the latter uses the following language: "Gen. Grant in a report of 1865 says emphatically that the battle of Monocacy saved Washington. I have no hesitancy in saying that it saved the capitol contrary to the wishes of Halleck. I am convinced that at that time out of jealousy of Grant, Halleck was willing to betray his country and permit Washington to be captured, knowing that such an event would destroy Grant."

AMUSEMENTS.

The Sixth "Pop" at the Pavilion—A Great Show at the Grand.

After a lapse of one month the sixth of the series of Monday popular concerts was given at the Pavilion last night and there was a very large attendance. The program was one of more than ordinary interest as the selections of chamber music comprised in the main the numbers chosen on a previous occasion by the audience themselves. The concert therefore on this account was a popular one. The chief numbers for the string quartet were Mozart's clarionet quintet; an andante op 11 by Tschaikowsky and a cherzo by Cherubini.

The club manifested a greater degree of finish than heretofore in the execution of these pieces, both as to coloring and ensemble, and the audience freely manifested their appreciation. Herr Ludwig Corell played Popper's "Gavotte" by request, and an encore was insisted upon, his selection for the latter being executed with great care and the display of a fine rich tone. Mrs. Estelle Ford of Boston was the soprano soloist on this occasion. Her first number, "What Joy," by Mattei, gave an opportunity for the display of her executive powers and style, which were artistic and cultured, and while, perhaps, there was a lack, to a certain extent, of pathos or feeling in her voice, it was one, nevertheless, of much brilliancy and power. She sang for an encore "Coming Thro' the Rye," in a pleasing manner. In the second part her solo was also encored. Herr Kegel, who was so favorably received here a short time ago, in addition to his able phrasing in the clarionet quintet, played as a solo Weber's "Concertino," and proved himself a thorough master of the clarionet, both as to tone and execution. Mr. Carl Martens was the accompanist. The seventh concert is announced for the 25th inst.

Prof. Bristol's Equescurriculum.

A decidedly clever and interesting performance was the unanimous verdict of the large audience at the Grand opera house last night who witnessed the first appearance in this city of Prof. Bristol's Equescurriculum. And the verdict was well deserved. It is a clever entertainment, the horses proving according to their endowments to be possessed of extraordinary intelligence. There are about a dozen of these, and a mules that might possibly be stubborn naturally, but in Professor Bristol's hands have become most wonderfully amenable to reason. The company do everything but talk and sing, and if they don't accomplish those feats it is only because Nature has unkindly limited their powers. To describe their miraculous feats would be to occupy more space than The World can give them. At the word of command both horses and mules fetch, carry, form into line, go through numerous evolutions, dance, jump, curvette, cut figures, distinguish colors, answer any kind of a call from the professor or the audience, and, in short, do everything that is required of them as readily as a school of boys. The jumping is really marvellous and requires to be seen to be believed. Taken altogether the entertainment is one of the most novel, clever and unique ever presented to an audience. Prof. Bristol and his talented pupils will be here to-night and to-morrow at a matinee and evening. It is one of the most instructive and amusing entertainments for children that could be desired.

Maud Revell's Blondes.

Maud Revell's female minstrels held forth to a crowded house at the People's last night. Some of the specialties were good, others, although they took well with the audience, could hardly be called so in any sense. The show from beginning to end was characterized by extreme "raciness," both in speech and action. Performance each afternoon and evening.

AN IMPORTANT INDUSTRY.

Enormous Increase in the Exportation of Eggs From Canada.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Jan. 11.—The export trade in eggs from Canada to the United States shows an almost astonishing growth. A return has just been made of the imports of eggs entered at the American customs office at Suspension bridge, which fully illustrates this. The figures are as follows: For the year ending Dec. 31, 1884, 1,325,105 dozen; for the year ending Dec. 31, 1885, 3,383,205 dozen. The figures for Black Rock, Port Huron, Detroit, and exports from Eastern Ontario and eastern provinces of Canada, if added to this, would go to show that this trade is rapidly becoming important, although somewhat checked by the customs ruling of the Canadian department relating to the duty on returned egg crates.

The "Prince of the Hayfork Sharks" Arrested.

Edward Eton Jones, the "Prince of the hayfork sharks," who make Toronto their headquarters, was arrested at the American hotel yesterday afternoon on the strength of a telegram from St. Thomas. The message stated that Jones was wanted in that city on a warrant charging him with fraud in connection with the hayfork racket. Chief of Police Fewings will arrive in the city for his man this morning. A friend of Jones', who was with him when he was arrested, said to a World reporter last evening: "You can just say that Mr. Jones will be back in town in a day or two. Ours is a straight business, and they can't convict us on any criminal charge. They have been trying it for years all over the province."

Vets Arranging For Their Annual Dinner.

The students of the Ontario Veterinary college met last night in their lecture room and elected the following officers to arrange for their ninth annual dinner to be held on Jan. 29: President, W. P. McClure; vice-president, S. L. Hunter; treasurer, G. W. Dickey; secretary, E. H. Bradley; assistant secretary, John Scott; executive committee, S. E. Boulter, W. T. Stewart, M. O. Anderson, W. Joyce, J. G Clark, J. B. Black, H. Cooper and E. H. Davidson.

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Items of General Interest Received by Mail and Wire.

Hay at Edmonton is only $10 a ton delivered.

Hog raising is becoming an important industry in the Edmonton, N.W.T., district.

The E. B. company are offering $1 a bushel for No. 1 wheat, 50c for barley, and 60c for oats, all trade, at Edmonton.

Wolves are reported to be very numerous in the Northwest territories, and the fur catch generally promises to be large.

It is rumored that Blackfeet runners are among the Crees at Prince Albert, inciting them to rebellion.—Edmonton Bulletin.

The storm Friday night at Burlington Beach washed away the ferry landing. The ice banks on the lake shore are twenty feet high.

Col. Irvine, of the mounted police, has been pow-wowing with the Blood Indians, they having sent for him to detail their grievances.

Steps are being taken to establish a hospital at Fort McLeod, N.W.T., at a cost of $2500. Fifteen hundred dollars has already been subscribed.

Mrs. French, the widow of Captain French, of Northwest fame, is to receive a gratuity of $1000 and to be allowed $500 annually. Her children are also to be provided for until 16 years of age.

N. F. Davin has fallen foul of certain members of the Northwest council by publishing in his paper, the Regina Leader, bills given to him as Queen's printer and by abusing Judge Richardson, the man who sentenced Riel. Col. McLeod and a Mr. Perley are very severe on Nicholas Flood.

CEMENT AND BRICKS.

Tenth Day of the Garrison Creek Sewer Investigation.

Ex-Inspector Rolston was in the box all yesterday afternoon in the Garrison creek sewer investigation. Cross-examined by Mr. Coatsworth, he testified that Mr. Rust gave him the levels, and he took them down in a book. It was between witness and Rust that the matter lay. He had some doubts as to whether "pinkey" bricks should go into the sewer and consulted the engineer, who told him he could use his own discretion in the matter. If he thought such bricks were suitable he could put them in. He denied having told Ald. Barton that if soft bricks had been used the commissioner was to blame; he had said that the commissioner had been on the spot every day, had seen the bricks and mortar, and had made no objections. He also denied telling Ald. Jones that if he (Rolston) was guilty the commissioner was equally so. He had known at least 12 cart loads of soft bricks to be removed. He was not responsible for the cement, and had never tested it. This had been done by the commissioner. Portland cement should set in 36 hours. He considered that the cement in the sewer was now hard. The reason why the sample of cement produced from Brown's section was harder than Godson's was, in his opinion, that the sand in the first was better than in the second. He considered that there was ten per cent. of pinkey bricks in the sewer. His examination will be continued this morning at 11 o'clock.

The Retail Grocers' Association.

The Retail Grocers' association held its monthly meeting last night at Temperance hall. After adopting a constitution and bylaws these officers were elected: President, R. Mills; vice president, H. B. Hodgins; recording secretary, R. N. Sheppard; financial secretary, E. J. Partridge; treasurer, J. H. Hargrave; inside guard, J. Slade. Executive committee—J. Berwick, H. S. Mara, M. McMillan, J. Butcher. This association has for its object mutual protection and he promotion of trade generally.

Young Liberal Club.

There was a good meeting last night. The editor of the magazine, Mr. Mulvey, read an article contributed by Mr. Donald on "The Example of France as an Argument Against Protection." Then followed a paper by Mr. John Cameron, editor of the Globe, on "Popular Government." The executive of the provincial Young Liberals' association are to be asked to meet and push the organization of local clubs. Messrs. W. D. Gregory and J. H. Gillimour were appointed to attend the Blake banquet at London Thursday.

The Ladies Give Thanks.

The lady electors and workers for Mr. Howland in the recent mayoralty contest held a meeting of praise in Shaftesbury hall yesterday afternoon. Thanks were returned to the Almighty for Mr. Howland's success, and prayer was offered up that he might be strengthened during the year. Special prayers were made for the aldermen that they might be God-fearing men, loving righteousness and hating evil. The attendance was large and congratulations were the order of the meeting.

Toronto at the Colonial Exhibition.

Mr. James Beaty, M.P., and Mr. R. W. Elliott, president of the Ontario Manufacturers' association, addressed the city council last night on behalf of the Toronto exhibitors at the Colonial and Indian exhibition. These gentlemen urged upon the council the necessity of distributing something substantial in the shape of statistics regarding the city's growth, commerce, population, wealth, public buildings, etc., at the exhibition. The matter was referred to Ald. Saunders' special committee.

The Lindsay High School.

A deputation of prominent citizens of Lindsay, composed of Mayor Deacon, D. J. McIntyre, M.P.P., J. R. McNeilie, W. Hudspeth, Q.C., C. D. Barr, and Wm. Grace, had an interview with the minister of education yesterday afternoon with reference to having the high school of that town graded as a collegiate institute. The deputation used very strong arguments in favor of the change, and the minister said he would lay the matter before his colleagues.

New, fresh and fashionable costume cloths clearing at half prices at the Bon Marche.

The Badly Behaved Clocks in the Steeple.

Ald. Irwin presided at a meeting of the property committee yesterday afternoon. A committee was named to see the St. James' cathedral people about the bad behavior of the clocks in the steeple of late. The Hay property on the Esplanade was re-leased to R. H. Hay & Co. for 21 years at an annual rental of $12 per foot. It is understood a block of substantial warehouses is to be erected on this site.

Ald. Adamson Provided For.

The city council last night adopted the recommendation of the markets and health committee appointing Ald. Wm. Adamson to the position of weigh master of the new city scales now being erected on the Esplanade. The salary is $750 per annum. There was no opposition to the appointment. Mr. Adamson handed in his resignation as alderman for St. David's ward just after the council met.

An Answer to a Globe Slander.

During a speech on the electric and gas light contract at the city council last night Ald. Baxter said: "One of our newspapers (the Globe) said this council was the most corrupt that the city was ever cursed with. The people returned every member of the council who offered himself for re-election except two. That is my answer to that slander."

Mr. John Hallam Re-Appointed.

The city council last night re-appointed Mr. John Hallam one of its representatives on the public library board of management. The term extends over two years. Ex-Ald. John Taylor is the other city representative.

No Case.

The police magistrate yesterday discharged L. A. McDonald from custody, the crown having expressed its satisfaction with the verdict of the coroner's jury.

"Never Take the Horseshoe From the Door."

Such was the advice given by Henry Ward Beecher to one of his parishioners, whom one day he happened to see nailing a common horseshoe over the kitchen door. "It will bring you luck," said the eminent divine, and so it did. The twins were christened six weeks later. Papa was so elated that he came down town and purchased for his fruitful better half a nice sealskin jacket. And you ought to see her in it. You can't tell which she admires most, the twins or the jacket. Dineen's is the place to buy furs. He has a lot of ladies' furs marked away down cheap. Corner of King and Yonge streets. x

London and Lancashire Fire Ins. Co. Mail Building, Toronto, W. A. Sims, manager. Telephone No. 600. 25

A HOME RULE CONFERENCE

MR. PARNELL FAILS TO CONNECT AND THE MEETING ADJOURNS.

The Irish Dictator and the English Ex-Premier Meet on the Same Platform and Do Not Speak—The Struggle to be Continued.

DUBLIN, Jan. 11.—Sixty out of the eighty-six Parnellite members of parliament attended a meeting here to-day, called for the purpose of holding a conference on the political situation, and to draft a line of action to be adopted at the forthcoming session of parliament. Discussion was devoted mainly to the subject of home rule.

Mr. Parnell was not present. He left London last evening for the purpose of attending the conference, but quit the train at Crewe to partake of refreshments, and when he returned to the platform he found the train had left. He again started for Dublin this morning, and arrived at Chester at the same time as did Mr. Gladstone, who was on his way to London. Messrs. Gladstone and Parnell were on the same platform for a few minutes before the starting of their respective trains, but neither of the leaders spoke to the other.

The conference resolved to continue their struggle to secure the rights of Ireland. Consideration of leading questions regarding Irish affairs was postponed until the arrival of Mr. Parnell. Reporters were rigidly excluded.

The loyalists of this city intend holding weekly meetings to continue the agitation against the granting of home rule to Ireland in the hope that the action of the national league may thus be neutralized.

Look out for something startling next week at the Bon Marche.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

A largely attended special meeting of the Brewers' Employes' Protective association was held in Union hall last evening. The business transacted was the election of officers as follows: President, Wm. H. Ryan; 1st vice president, Capt. Kemp; 2nd vice-president, John Miller; secretary, J. F. Higgins; treasurer, C. W. Mackechnie.

A new departure has been made by Mr. Frederick Mossop, the wide-awake proprietor of the St. Charles' restaurant, Yonge street, in the shape of a fifteen-cent lunch counter at which turkey, chicken, salad and all the delicacies that are going are served.

For the five weeks ending Jan. 2 Dr. Canniff heard 115 applications for admission to the hospital as city patients and refused 48.

J. M. Wingfield, J.P., yesterday fined J. S. Coolican, auctioneer, $10 and costs for having conducted a sale at the residence of the late Judge Morrison without the necessary license.

The court of appeals will sit to-day to deliver some judgments, after which re Canada Temperance act will be taken up.

PERSONAL.

Mme. Patti has arrived at Bucharest, where she had an enthusiastic reception and dined with the Queen.

The King of Bavaria will probably marry, morganatically, Frau Kramer Kleti, a young and beautiful widow of a Nuremberger carriage maker.

"Many Happy Returns of the Day"

To Edwin H. Gerry, Member of the Ontario Lacrosse Club, born at Toronto, January 12, 1859.

At the Hotels.

Captain W. A. Miller, the jovial and handsome mayor-elect of Niagara-on-the Lake, is registered at the Queen's.

Sir Richard Cartwright is a guest at the Rossin.

Hon. Thomas White, minister of the interior, is at the Queen's. Mr. White spent Sunday in Hamilton the guest of Senator James Turner. To-night he opens his railway

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TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 12 1886.

Is This Gladstone's Irish Policy?

There is further confirmation of the view that the English radicals are not likely to concede home rule to Parnell—the first time of asking in the new house. Mr. John Morley, a capable and authoritative exponent of radicalism, has been speaking on the subject. He wants two things—order in Ireland, and power in the house of commons. The British people will not be master of its own house until the Irish members are removed from the popular chamber. And he still has faith in Gladstone as the only man competent to settle the Irish question. The two tory policies of coercion and county government tend to unsettle the country instead of quieting it.

He cautioned his hearers against being misled by the notion that the present is a parliamentary crisis. To him it appeared a great national crisis, nothing less. He was not before them to develop a scheme of government for Ireland; that was for his leader to do. Which suggests to us that Gladstone has not yet wholly revealed his plans to the enemy, after all. And thus he concluded:

"If I am in favor of finding new ways of dealing with the problem, of leaving the old rut, and of approaching that problem boldly, calling upon our statesmen to give some constructive solution of our difficulties, it is because I am persuaded that in that direction it is that you must look for the strengthening of the empire, that in any other direction you will only weaken the empire, tie your own hands, make yourself powerless for carrying out these great tasks which have been confided to this nation."

These words convey the idea of some very sweeping changes contemplated; thorough-going radical changes, we should say. He wants to approach the problem boldly, to leave the old rut, and to strike out some *constructive solution* of England's difficulties. Mr. Morley is a man who weighs his words, and coming from him these words mean a good deal. He sees the country in a great national crisis; and this must be met with a positive, constructive policy. Measures merely negative or destructive are worthless, nay, dangerous. Has his chief already confided to him the outlines of such a policy as he here indicates? It rather looks that way.

Parnell has called upon his parliamentary followers to meet in Dublin to-day, and to-night the whole body makes a theatrical-looking departure thence for London. If the radical leaders are really contemplating some strong measures for emancipating England from Irish rule, then Parnell's display of his voting power will certainly make their resolve the stronger. The utterances of responsible party leaders over the water will bear careful reading between the lines these days.

There is one thing which we may be sure Gladstone's opponents will not forget to say when the time comes. It will be claimed for him that he is the only man to frame a sweeping measure of radical reform for Ireland. The retort will be that it has been chiefly his ill-advised meddling with Ireland that has made such a measure necessary. Gladstone it was who created the present difficult situation, who made the presence in the house of Parnell and his band of obstructionists a possibility. This is substantially the indictment brought against the grand old man by Dr. Goldwin Smith; and there is far too much truth in it for the statesman's reputation.

A later despatch says that Chamberlain and Morley have utterly failed to command the confidence of the advanced radical members outside of the caucus; by which the Birmingham caucus is no doubt meant. Also, that the north country radicals look for a liberal-conservative coalition, and will join with the Irish nationalists to oppose it.

A Famous Surrender.

When Marshal Bazaine surrendered Metz he gave up more than he was aware of. He surrendered also his good name and the respect of his countrymen. His motives are and long will be in dispute; possibly he acted for what he thought the best, but while it is possible to acquit him of treachery it is not possible to say that he displayed either gallantry or judgment in the course which he adopted. It was thought—and said—at the time that he acted in the interests of Eugenie, but not a tittle of evidence has ever seen the light to show that that much afflicted and much maligned lady had anything to do, good, bad or indifferent, with Bazaine's surrender of a fine fortress and a still finer army. Many members of that army shed tears when the order to surrender was given, but they were not the tears of Moore's peris. That army had not been defeated. It had withered at the top.

Our dispatches tell us that the old man is poor and despised, in receipt of charity and in need of still more charity. Our dispatches often lie, as we have had occasion to warn the reader upon previous occasions, but we believe that in this instance they have approached the truth as closely as it is possible for dispatches to approximate that ideal. Our belief is founded upon the knowledge that the French are a mercurial people, peculiarly sensitive as to their military reputation, and that they therefore hate Bazaine with a holy hatred. "He ought to have cut his way out, or at least have tried to have done so," is about the formula adopted towards him by the French mind. We are in no position to say that the English mind would have judged him differently. We cannot conceive of the English, Scotch or Irish soldier who would have forgiven Marlborough, Wellington or Havelock for not *trying* to cut his way out under circumstances similar to those in which Bazaine found himself placed. Indeed no British soldier could have done as he did and have survived. Suicide would have resulted with a British officer.

Bazaine may be judged—probably is judged—harshly, but the moral is that he surrendered at Metz more than he thought of surrendering.

A Good Lease For Re-election.

The Montreal Star compliments Toronto on the remarkable success which has attended the new departure taken here in the constitution and working of the Board of Trade and Corn Exchange Association, including the amalgamation of the two bodies into one. All this, says the Star, is fitted to draw special attention to the languishing condition of the corresponding commercial bodies in Montreal, and to bring prominently forward the question as to whether there is any possibility of doing there what has been done here. Our contemporary thus proceeds:

With the example—and its result—of Toronto, the first point seems to be whether it would not be advisable for the two bodies here to amalgamate also. Of course in large cities like New York, there is ample room for diverse associations to exist and flourish; in fact, any association combining the different business interests in such cities would be unwieldy. But in Montreal the number of merchants who would join an exchange is not too large to be workable, while the union of the different interests would give a strength otherwise unattainable. At present there are two bodies, whose aims to a large extent ought to be identical, and yet these are worked as two separate machines. Can they not be fused and formed into either an exchange, a board of trade, or a chamber of commerce? The annual meetings of these two bodies are to be held on Tuesday and Tuesday week (12th and 19th inst.); would not this subject be worthy of consideration and discussion?

As all concerned know, the Toronto commercial movement owes its birth and its success chiefly to the energy and public spirit of one man—Mr. Henry W. Darling. He has been president for now three years, we believe, first of the old board of trade, and afterwards of the united body. And the desire appears to be very general that he should be re-elected at this time to the latter position—a position which he was chiefly instrumental in creating, and the proper filling of which is so important to the commercial interests of the Queen City. The nominations for officers of the united body take place to-day, and the election this day week.

Nine Days of Wonder.

The new British house of commons meets to-day, and the former speaker is sure to be re-elected, so it is said. But there will be no real business done until Thursday week, the 21st, when the Queen's speech will be delivered by Her Majesty in person. The interval will be occupied in swearing in members, in interchanges of opinion, and attempts to extract premature confidences from unwilling leaders. It will surely be a nine days of wonder for the public—of wonder as to what is going to happen, and what is to be the end of it all. It will be a most anxious time for all concerned.

A Captious Critic.

The Halifax Morning Chronicle thinks—or says—that The World is badly informed because it believes that the adoption of a fair trade policy by Great Britain would make for the benefit of Irish manufactures. When the Chronicle comes to give reasons for its alleged opinion it shoots like "Sir Humphrey in the dark, very much beside the mark." It actually asserts that Great Britain adopted free trade to ameliorate the rigors of the Irish famine of '46-47. Shades of Cobden and Elliott, look at that! The British agitators for free trade addressed themselves to the British people, and took about as much thought of the hungry Irish as they did of the hungry Poles. The people of Great Britain adopted free trade because they believed it the best policy for themselves. Whether it was the best or not they best know. It certainly has not brought the masses immunity from hunger.

It is undoubtedly true that Ireland can never become a great iron and steel manufacturer. She has neither the coal nor the iron for that. But she is naturally strong in textiles, and had it not been for ruinous legislation her acquired superiority in this respect would not be confined to a solitary town. "Fair trade" would give the Irish manufacturer of textiles an immense advantage in the markets of the empire. If the Irish had their own way they would adopt a protective tariff to-morrow. As their own way is out of the question, they would be glad to accept an imperial "fair trade" tariff. Such was the essence of our former article. This captious Haligonian critic thinks that he knows what the Irish desire better than they do themselves. He thought the same of the Canadian people in '78. We waive his insults to ourselves. We might easily adopt the style still fashionable in Nova Scotian journalism and call him an ass, but that would not be the truth. He is not thoroughbred.

■ "Mr. Frederick Bussy, the Mail's (New York Herald's) special commissioner for the west of Ireland," appears to be a Lucifer of a fellow in his own estimation. We can understand an intelligent interest in the fortunes—or misfortunes—of the poor people who live on Achill Island, and we are free to acknowledge that in bringing the condition of those people to the notice of the great and philanthropic English speaking reading public on this side of the Atlantic the New York Herald, and per consequence the Toronto Mail, is doing a good work for which proper credit is due. But that work can be done without so much "Mr. Frederick Bussy" in it. Our esteemed reporter, Mr. Fitz de Fitts, never mentions his own name when reporting a runaway on King street. Mr. Fitts is a gentleman who understands his business.

The official flirtation now going on between Bismarck and the Pope means something—what we can only guess; but as the German chancellor never goes out of his way to conciliate anybody except for a purpose, it is fair to infer that he sees in the head of the Roman church a possible ally against the radicals and socialists, of whose numbers in Germany few outsiders have any proper conception. The Pope is in the nature of things a conservative, and it is to the conservative forces that Bismarck must look for the preservation and perpetuity of that wonderful empire which he has called into existence. No man realizes this truth better than he. We shall presently see Herr Windthorst leading a parliamentary brigade in Bismarck's support. What the German Catholics are to gain by the new alliance will appear later on.

A city contemporary says that "it would seem queer to a stranger to enter the halls of the Ontario legislature some years hence and hear the debates carried on in the French language." We do not anticipate any such occurrence in the sense intended by our contemporary, but we heard a debate in the legislature once upon a time—a debate conducted for fun only—in which Sol White spoke French, Moses Springer low Dutch, Sinclair of Bruce Gaelic, Hardy interlected a quotation from the Latin, and Sol White again wound up in the mother tongue of the Six Nation Indians, with whom he claims kindred and chiefship. That was a "queer" debate, worthy of the builders of Babel, but the good humor of it all served to show that these men of many tongues were one at heart—Canadians.

La Minerve exonerates the Orangemen of Canada from the charge that they were instrumental in securing the execution of Riel. La Minerve recalls the fact that so long ago as the beginning of last June Mr. Chapleau addressed a letter to the French Canadians of Fall River, Mass., in which he emphatically declared Riel's life forfeit to the law, and stated plainly that there was no reason why the forfeit should not be paid. To suppose that Mr. Chapleau wrote that letter, in reply to a French Canadian appeal, under Orange pressure is to outrage all probability and to ignore all the notorious circumstances of the case.

The Montreal Star thinks that Mr. Moody's assertion that he accepted the bible in its literal entirety—that when he had to give up one passage he would give up the whole—could not have been conscientiously made by some of the Montreal clergymen who sat upon the platform with him. If not, why not? It is an open secret of Mr. Moody's success that he preaches what he believes to be the whole message. The preacher who cannot, or will not, do that, stands upon dangerous ground.

It is a long lane that has no turn. Henry George's continued story came to a close in the Globe yesterday. It is a story with a moral. The moral is that the more you buy from your neighbor and the less you make for yourself the richer you get. Right at the head of his romance and on top of his moral Mr. George writes the legend: "Copyrighted." Mr. George may believe his own story, but he evidently does not believe in its moral. We believe in neither, which is where we rank with the majority of civilized mankind.

It is rather late in the day for Mr. Speaker to discover that Mr. Bradlaugh has a right to take his seat in the house, but better late than never. The way in which Bradlaugh has been handled affords a good illustration of the old world style of how not to do it. The dominant classes over there always refuse to recognize any man's rights until they have to. This stubbornness deprives concession of half its graciousness.

A writer in the Week contradicts the allegation that Socrates was a drunkard. He argues that the old man could not have done so much work as he accomplished had he been in the habit of getting full. Perhaps not. But the Kingston News says that he died from strong drink. Not at all. He merely took time by the hemlock. He had an xantippe to strong drink.

A United States paper states that the celebrated George D. Prentice was the old original newspaper paragrapher. He it was, according to this authority, who originated the idea of writing a style of editorials which we have sometimes compared to carpet tacks—more point than heading. They stick. We are willing to be numbered among George D's "prentice hands."

A traveler reports that he saw oysters in New Guinea ten inches long. Give a traveler an inch and he will take an ell. But granting the truth of this story, what a country New Guinea must be for church socials, which are generally austere affairs.

Twenty years ago Minnesota abolished the death penalty. This year she returns to it. The good people who are talking about abolishing it in Canada had better paste this paragraph in their hats.

This is a piping time of pieces with the plumbers.

—Malaria is the action of disease germs in bad air, poor drainage, swampy regions, etc., upon the system, producing chills, fever, neuralgia and many dangerous diseases. Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the bowels, liver and blood, and wards off and cures malaria. 246

A Pointer for Mr. Howland.

Editor World: I see by Saturday's papers that Mayor-elect Howland proposes to make a crusade against skating rinks, cigar stores and eating houses. In view of the promises he made before his election in regard to the suppression of the evils arising from the illicit liquor traffic, as well as the traffic itself, it seems to me as if this latter ought to receive his attention before starting off on an entirely different tack. As to the evils referred to, there is no question as to which are the most crying, in fact there is hardly room for a comparison. If Mr. Howland can fulfil his ante-election promises I do not think the citizens will ask anything more from him the first year.

A HOWLAND SUPPORTER.

Toronto, Jan. 11, 1886.

—The stomach is the grand central of the living system, the first organ developed in animal life, and the first to suffer from excesses. Regulate its diseased action by Burdock Blood Bitters, which restores health to the stomach, bowels, liver, kidneys and blood. 246

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 11.

The total sales on the stock exchange to-day were 1892 and 50 Northwest Land reported. Of this number 1100 were of Northwest Land, the balance being bank and miscellaneous stocks. Morning board—6 British America at 98½; 75 Western Assurance at 121; 50 Northwest Land (reported) at 73, 100 at 73, 675 at 72; 5 Canada Permanent at 206; 18 B. & Loan association at 105; 5 Hamilton Provident at 126½. Afternoon board—5 Ontario at 109; 40 Federal at 102; 25 Western Assurance at 120½; 300 Northwest Land at 72; 7 Canada Permanent at 206½ (new stock) at 197; 450 Lon. & Can. L. & A. at 149; 200 at 150.

Montreal stock exchange sales: Morning board—400 C. P. R. at 64¾; 10 Montreal Telegraph company at 120; 100 Richelieu at 59½; 200 Northwest Land at 73. Afternoon board—25 Bank of Montreal at 203¾; 30 Merchants at 116; 40 Commerce at 120½; 125 C. P. R. at 64¾; 200 Northwest Land at 72½; 425 at 73.

Posted asking rates of sterling exchange in New York closed unchanged at $4.90 and $4.87.

Chicago closed: Wheat—January nom 81¼c, February 82½c, March, nom 83½c, May 87½c and 88c. Corn—January 36½c asked, February 36½c bid, May 39½c asked. Pork—January, nom $10.65, February $10.47½, March $10.57½, May $10.77½. Curb, May wheat 88c sellers, puts 87½c bid, calls 88½c bid.

English consols opened unchanged at 99 11-16, closed 99 12-16.

Hudson's Bay shares in London 6½ lower at 42½. Northwest Land unchanged at 72a.—Cable to Cox & Co.

There were 12 failures in Canada reported to Bradstreet's during the past week, against 10 in the preceding week, and 24, 22 and 12 in the corresponding weeks of 1885, 1884 and 1883 respectively.

The New York stock market was weak at the opening, rallied and closed with part of the recovery lost. New York Central opened ⅛ lower at 105¾, touched 104½ and 105¼, closed 105; sales 15,600. Lackawanna opened ¼ lower at 122¼, touched 123 and 121½, closed 122¼. Lake Shore opened ¼ lower at 87, touched 88¼ and 87½, closed 88; sales 50,600. Northwest opened ¼ lower at 109, declined to and closed at 108½; sales 12,100. St. Paul opened ¼ lower at 93¾, touched 94 and 93, closed 93½; sales 41,300. Western Union opened ⅛ lower at 72, touched 75½ and 74½, closed 74½; sales 19,200. Canadian Pacific opened ¼ lower at 54½, declined to and closed 54, on sales of 500.

Stocks in Toronto.

	Jan. 11.	Jan. 4.
Flour, bbls	8,875	503
Fall wheat, bush	158,105	151,693
Spring wheat	113,760	101,797
Oats	2,000	1,000
Barley	121,170	177,729
Peas	12,147	10,598
Mixed wheat	5,064	3,946
Corn		4,092
Totals	482,236	451,765

Toronto Stock Exchange—Closing Prices.

Montreal 203¾, 202¾; Ontario 109½, 108½; Toronto, 187, 185½; Merchants', 116¼, 115½; Commerce 120½, 119½; Imperial, buyers 131; Federal 102, 101½; Dominion, buyers 200; Standard, buyers 120; Hamilton, buyers 126; British America, 98, 93; Western Assurance, 122, 120; Dominion Telegraph, sellers 95; Montreal co., buyers 190½; Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Co., sellers 30; Northwest Land Co., 73, 71½; Toronto Debentures (last issue) 109, 99; Canada Permanent, 206, 203; Freehold, sellers 107½; Western Canada, buyers 185; Union, 134, 127; Can. Landed Credit, 124½, 123; B. & Loan association, buyers 105; Imperial B. & Invest., buyers 111; Farmers' L. & S. Savings, buyers 114; London & Can. L. & A., 150, 140½; National Investment, 100½, 99½; The Land Security Co., buyers 161; Manitoba Loan sellers 100; Huron and Erie, buyers 155; Dominion Savings and Loan, buyers 122; Ontario Loan and Debenture, buyers 123½; Brant Loan and Savings Society, sellers 105½.

Closing Prices at Montreal.

Bank of Montreal, 203½, 203; Ontario, 109½, 108½; Molsons, 134, 132; Toronto, 186½, 185½; Merchants', 116½, 116; Commerce, 120½, 120½; C. P. R. 64¼, 64¼; Montreal Telegraph Co., 121½, 120; Richelieu, 61, 59½; Passenger, 162, 122; Gas, 192, 190½; Canada Cotton, 80, 75; Dundas Cotton, 70, 65; Northwest Land, 73a, 72a 92.

The Farmers' Market.

Receipts of grain on the farmers' market continue merely nominal and prices remain unchanged. Straw continues scarce. Some 300 bushels of wheat, 200 bushels of barley and one load of oats comprised the sales to-day. Prices are as follows: Wheat, 81c to 81½c for fall and 75c to 81½c for spring; 68c to 70c for goose. Barley 60c to 62c. New oats 34c to 35c. Peas 60c to 60½c. Rye 61c. Hay—Timothy, per ton, $13 to $15.50. Clover—$11 to $12.50. Straw—$10 to $12.

Hogs $5 to $5.50. Forequarters of beef $3.50 to $4.00; hindquarters $6.50 to $8. Mutton $5.50 to $7 per cwt. Potatoes, per bag, 80c to 90c. Apples, per bbl., hand-picked, $1.75 to $3.00.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

MONTREAL, Jan. 11.—Flour—Receipts 550 brls; sales, none reported. Market dull and no business transpiring. The quotations are: Patents, $4.25 to $5.50; superior extra, $4.20 to $4.25; extra superfine, $4.05 to $4.10; spring extra, $3.80 to $3.90; superfine, $3.50 to $3.60; strong bakers', $4.25 to $5; fine, $3.30 to $3.40; middlings, $3.10 to $3.20; pollards, $2.90 to $3; Ontario bags, $1.75 to $2; city bags, $2.45 for strong bakers'. Grain—Wheat—Nominal, red winter, 93c to 94c; white, 92c to 93c; spring, 83c to 84c. Corn, 60c. Peas, 70c to 71c. Oats, 30c to 31c. Barley 50c to 60c. Rye, 65c to 67c. Oatmeal, $4.15 to $4.40. Cornmeal, $2.90 to $3. Provisions—Pork, $12.50 to $13.25. Dressed hogs steady at $5.35 to $5.60 as to weights. Lard, 9c to 9½c. Bacon, 10c to 11c. Hams, 11c to 12c. Cheese, 6c to 9½c, as to quality. Butter—Townships, 14c to 15c; Morrisburg, 13c to 17c; Western, 10c to 14c. Eggs, quiet; ordinary fresh, 19c to 20c; limed 17c. Stocks here up to Jan. 11: Wheat, 506,568 bushels; corn, 254 bushels; peas, 43; 555 bushels; oats, 3,779 bushels; barley, 8223 bushels; rye, 376 bushels; flour, 13,634 barrels; oatmeal, 694 barrels; cornmeal, 107 barrels.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Cotton firmer; middling uplands 9½c. New Orleans 9 7-16c. Flour—Receipts 18,900 bbls.; dull and still tending in buyers' favor. Wheat—Receipts 1100 bush. spot and options weak; sales 3,832,000 bush future, 8000 bush spot; No. 2 spring, 91c. No. 2 red, nominal at 91½c. elevator. Feb. 80½c to 92c, March 92½c to 93½c. Barley dull. Corn—Receipts 97,800 bush., spot 1c to ½c higher, options firm; exports 65,900 bush., sales 760,000 bush. future, 126,000 bush. spot; No. 2 50½c to 51c, elevator; No. 2 Jan. 50½c to 50¾c, Feb. 49½c to 49¾c. Oats—Receipts 66,600 bush., ½c to ¼c higher, sales 160,000 bush. future, 120,000 bush. spot; No. 2 36½c to 36¾c, mixed western 37c to 38c, white do. 38c to 44c, No. 2 Jan. 36½c to 36¾c, Feb. 36¾c to 37c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Flour quiet, unchanged. Wheat quiet, but firm, opened ¼c to ½c higher, fell back ½c to ¾c, rallied ¾c, closed ¼c higher than Saturday; sales ranged: Jan. 81½c to 82½c, Feb. 81½c to 82½c, May 87½c to 88¼c, No. 2 spring 82c to 82½c. Corn quiet, firm; cash 36¼c, Jan. 36½c to 36¾c, Feb. 36½c to 36¾c, May 39½c. Oats dull and steady; cash, Jan. and Feb. 22½c, May 31½c to 31¾c. Pork stronger, closing 10c higher; cash $10.42½ to $10.45, Jan. $10.35 to $10.40, Feb. $10.35 to $10.44. Lard quiet and firm; cash $6.10 to $6.12½, Feb. $6.10 to $6.15; March $6.15 to $6.20. Boxed meats firm; dry salted shoulders $5.30 to $5.50, short rib sides $6.15 to $6.17½, short clear sides $6.40 to $6.45. Receipts—Flour 5000 bbls, wheat 22,000 bush, corn 85,000 bush, oats 94,000 bush, rye 1000 bush, barley 49,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 6000 bbls, wheat 9000 bush, corn 33,000 bush, oats 37,000 bush, rye 1000 bush, barley 56,000 bush.

BERENSON'S DESPATCH—London, Jan. 11.—Floating cargoes—Wheat, quiet and steady; maize, nil. Cargoes on passage—Wheat, quiet; maize firm. Mark Lane—Wheat, quiet; maize, firm. English and French country markets quiet. Farmers' deliveries for the past week were: Wheat, 35,000 to 40,000 qrs. Weather in England wet. Liverpool—Spot wheat, quiet and steady; maize, rather easier.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 11.—Spring wheat 7s to 7s 2d, red winter 7s to 7s 2d. No. 1 Cal. 6s 10d to 7s. No. 2 Cal. 6s 8d to 6s 10d. Corn new 4s 2d. New Peas 5s 5d. Pork 49s. Lard 32s. Bacon, long clear, 28s; short clear, 29s 6d. Tallow 25s 6d. Cheese 48s. Breadstuffs—Wheat unchanged. Corn steady and in fair demand.

THE GREAT HIT.
BRUSSELS CARPET 59½c
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BROOM'S BANKRUPT STOCK.
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LESS THAN COST.
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Families waited upon for orders. 246

If you want to grace your table on New Year's Day with a Good Turkey or Prime Roast of Beef
Be sure you get them at
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THE WARD BUTCHER. 246
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J. P. DUNNING,
Family Butcher, Fresh and Salt Meats, Hams, Bacon, Lard, etc. Poultry, Vegetables. The best quality of meat only supplied. Orders called for daily. 246

OAKVILLE DAIRY,
481½ YONGE STREET.
Guaranteed Pure Farmers' Milk.
Supplied Retail and Wholesale at Lowest Market Rates.
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BRITANNIA HOTEL,
254 and 256 Front street west, Alex. Scott, Proprietor. Commands a beautiful view of Toronto Bay and Lake Ontario. Strictly first class. Terms, $1 per day. Special rates for weekly boarders. Among the attractions on the premises are a Moose from the Rocky Mountains, Educated Bears, etc.

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BANQUETS AND DINNER PARTIES supplied in the most approved style. Table Decoration and Attendance a Specialty. Numbers no object.

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REVERE HOUSE.
Corner King and York streets, Toronto.
Now open for day boarders, $4.00 per week. Six meal tickets for $1.50. Give it a trial.
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The above Hotel has been refitted and improved greatly, and the bar contains the finest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars in the Dominion. It is the best $1 per day house on Yonge street. 462
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Every Delicacy of the Season.
WALTER R. OVER,
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Every Seasonable Delicacy.
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Deal in Exchange on New York and London, American Currency, Gold and Silver, etc. Buy and Sell on Commission Canadian and American Stocks. 246

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GOLDWIN SMITH
ON
Temperance Versus Prohibition.
AN ADDRESS ON THE SCOTT ACT.
For sale at the bookstores. Price 10 cents.

NOTICE.

TUESDAY, the ninth day of February next, will be the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills.

Tuesday, the sixteenth day of February next, will be the last day for introducing Private Bills to the House.

Tuesday, the second day of March next, will be the last day for presenting Reports of Committees relative to Private Bills.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
December 24, 1885. 2

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136 YORK STREET,
Having purchased the business of George Oliver, will continue it at the above address. Wholesale and Retail Butchers, Dealers in Poultry, Vegetables, Milk and provisions. Orders delivered all over the city. 462

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Twenty-five cents each will be paid for Two copies of The World of Aug. 26, 1885.

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XMAS AND NEW YEAR GIFTS
In Pale Blue, Cardinal, Seal Brown, Peacock Blue, Plush, with quilted silk insoles, the finest goods imported into Canada. If you want a large assortment to select from go to
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Our offices are so arranged that parties will not encounter one another.
The Toronto staff is under the personal charge of Dr. Graham.
Consultation and Opinion Free.
Call at office, or write for list of questions and treatise on diseases peculiar to Men and Women. 26
Office Hours 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sunday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

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The Largest and Only Complete Stock in the Dominion.
JUST ARRIVED:
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Persons indebted to us will kindly settle this month. All accounts remaining unpaid January 31st will be handed to our collectors. No reserve, except by Special arrangement.
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STEALING A LOVER.

"There, darling, sit down by the fire and let me take your things off. Albert will be here this evening, and I have so much to tell you first."

Agnes Tressilian looked very beautiful in the soft glitter of the silver candelabra and the ruddy glow of the fire, as Barbarine Cliffe untied her bonnet-strings and loosened the clasps of her cloak. Her face was a pure, perfect oval, with blue, languid eyes, and lips of fresh, vivid scarlet, and her hair fell in a shining shower of gold from the fillet of blue ribbon that she wore.

Barbarine Cliffe was what is ordinarily termed a pretty girl, but Barbarine looked plain and coarse, with her fresh cheeks and hazel-brown eyes, by the side of this blonde sylph.

"Who would have thought, darling," went on Barbarine, pressing the soft dimpled hands in hers, as Agnes sat smiling before the fire, "that I should so soon have claimed your part of our old school-girl compact of being each other's bride-maids. I hope you will like him, Agnes—I don't believe you can help it—and I am very sure you will admire him."

She prattled away in the innocent fullness of her girl-heart, as she led Miss Tressilian up to the dainty casket of a little room provided for her, and Agnes listened, and smiling and radiant as a saint.

"Well, Barbarine, has she come?"

It was the first question that Albert Vining asked, when his betrothed wife came tripping across the parlor threshold to meet him! Barbarine nodded, brightly.

"Pshaw! I am sorry?"

"Albert!" she remonstrated, almost inclined to be vexed.

"But we have been so happy together, all by ourselves, Rina. And now this third one comes to spoil it all."

"You will like her so much, Albert," she pleaded.

"Shall I?" He shrugged his shoulders a little dubiously. "Well, for your sake, Rina, I'll try."

Barbarine Cliffe smiled triumphantly to see the unconscious start of admiration that Mr. Vining gave, when the parlor-door swung open and Miss Tressilian glided in, robed in a dress of white cashmere, with a blue-velvet band twisted through her hair—rose-cheeked, golden-tressed and beautiful as a dream.

"I knew he would admire her," thought unselfish little Barbarine; "and oh! I am so glad!"

There was no more question of Miss Tressilian's being "a third one" after this. How gracefully she harmonized with all their plans—how prettily she gave her sympathy on whichever side it was pleaded for. Barbarine was happier than ever—and Mr. Vining, was he happy? Yes, in a sort of dream, or fever, or exultation—something so different from all he had previously known that he scarce knew by what name to call it.

Agnes Tressilian went away, after a month's visit to her old school friend, and Mr. Vining escorted her to her home among the Catskill Hills, at Barbarine's especial request.

"She is too beautiful to travel alone!" said the bride-elect, "and I shall feel easier if you come back and tell me you saw her safe home!"

"What a whimsical little woman you are, Barbarine," said Mr. Vining, but he obeyed, nevertheless.

"He will be back to-morrow!" thought Barbarine, as she sat down to her embroidery, singing to herself and counting the days to her wedding. Only twenty-seven of them now!

But when the morrow came the servant brought in a note, at the hour she had expected Albert Vining himself to arrive—a note that blanched Barbarine's peach-blossom of a cheek and sent a keen stab to her poor little tender heart, as if a knife had cleft its way through the quivering flesh.

He had left her, to transfer his recreant allegiance to Agnes Tressilian—that was the upshot of it all. He did not love her any longer, since beautiful Agnes Tressilian's face had dawned upon his life.

And Agnes? She had accepted him—she lied, was false to the ideal of friendship poor, simple little Barbarine had worshiped so blindly.

Barbarine clasped her hand over her forehead, and tried to think that she was in a wicked dream—a dream which must come to an end soon.

"I will go to her," she thought, rising suddenly up, with her sweet face as pale as a moonlight snow-drift. "I will have the truth from Agnes' own lips. Else, I never, never can believe it."

Miss Tressilian had not expected ever again to see the face of the girl she had so wickedly wronged. She had thought Barbarine Cliffe would suffer unremonstratingly, and in silence—but she had misjudged matters in this respect. Barbarine could not give up her life-hope without at least one struggle.

"It isn't my fault!" said Agnes Tressilian, with a toss of the showery golden ringlets, "that Albert loves me better than he does you. You ought not to blame me!"

"Agnes! Agnes!" wailed the broken-hearted girl, putting up her trembling hands as if she would ward something away from her, "the fascination was never on one side alone! You dare not deny that you stole his heart away from me!"

No, Agnes Tressilian dared not deny it. She colored, bit her lip, and sent a glittering, arrowy ray from her lovely blue eyes, that was half malice and half triumph.

"At any rate, he is mine, now," said she, exultantly. "In this world of love, the race is to the swift, and the battle is to the strong! I am sorry you take it so much to heart, Barbarine Cliffe—but love will not be controlled or driven!"

Barbarine rose quietly up. "I forgive you, Agnes," she said, gently. "The time may come when you will be glad to remember that!"

"I don't want your forgiveness!" flashed back the blonde beauty; "I will not have it!"

So Agnes Tressilian was married to Albert Vining, the loveliest bride that ever the sun shone on, and Barbarine hid away her broken heart, covering it up with the sweet memories which were all that she had to dwell on now.

"It was a little shabby to poor Barbarine Cliffe," said Mrs. Vining, tossing back the yellow curls from her alabaster, fair brow; "but I was so much better suited to Albert than ever she could be! It will be a great deal more sensible for all parties in the long run!"

"Humph!" said old Mrs. Gregory, Agnes' aunt; "how would you like it for some other woman to put in a claim for Albert on this ground that she was better suited than you to his particular needs and requirements."

"But we are married!" said Agnes, looking alarmed.

"Marriage isn't always such a safeguard as some people seem to think," said Mrs. Gregory, and she took snuff, and plunged into her book again.

She met Barbara Cliffe sometimes in the years that followed—not in what the world calls society, where people meet to compare their diamonds, envy each other's Paris dresses and talk with those they never cared two straws about—but in the peaceful shadow of rich moors, where patient sufferers lay waiting for the great tide of eternity to float them away—in dreary purlieus, where Mrs. Vining went to scold dressmakers, and hurry up pale sewing girls. "A regular Sister of Charity!" said Agnes, scornfully; "Barbarine was just made for that sort of thing!"

So it happened that Barbarine Cliffe had occasion to go to her beautiful rival's handsome house one day to plead for an overworked seamstress to whom Miss Vining owed money—"a mere trifle"—she called it, but to Ruth Morris it was far more than that—and Antonia, the French child, showed her directly to "Madame's own room."

But Barbarine stopped on the threshold, appalled. Agnes lay with her face buried among the sofa cushions, the lace scarf torn away from her ebony shoulders, the diamonds sparkling, like scattered dew, all over the floor, and her lovely yellow hair tangled and disheveled.

"Agnes, are you ill?"

Mrs. Vining sat up, ghastly pale, with a wild, hysterical laugh.

"Look here!" she cried, holding up a sheet of crumpled paper. "Oh, Barbarine, you are avenged at last!"

Yes, she was avenged. Albert Vining had stricken her down to the very ground with the same cruel blow he had dealt poor Barbarine years ago, only keener and more sharp in that he was her husband.

He had left her forever, with some fairer and fresher beauty, who cared for his fascinating ways and tender voice more than all else the world had beside of fame or honor! He had left her!

Barbarine knelt down, and took that poor drooping head tenderly upon her breast.

"I thought you would exult over me!" sobbed Agnes. "I thought you would be glad!"

"Did I not tell you, then, that I forgave you, Agnes?"

"Yes—but—but—I have deserved this, Barbarine! I have filled the cup for myself, and now I drink it to the dregs."

And Barbarine, tender and pitiful as she was, felt that it was true! And she was avenged.

Especially to Women.

—"Sweet is revenge, especially to women," said the gifted, but naughty, Lord Byron. Surely he was in bad humor when he wrote such words. But there are complaints that only women suffer, that are carrying numbers of them down to early graves. There is hope for those who suffer, no matter how sorely, or severely, in Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." Safe in its action it is a blessing, *especially to women*, and to men, too, for when women suffer, the household is askew.

In a marriage register in the Church of St. James, Bury St. Edmunds, says an English journal, the following curious notice appears: "1832, Nov. 5, Christopher Newman, Charity Morrall. Charity Morrell being entirely without arms, the ring was placed upon the fourth toe of the left foot, and she wrote her name in the register with her right foot."

—You invite disease when you neglect a regular action of the bowels, and incurable disease may result. Regulate the bowels and the entire system with Burdock Blood Bitters, which acts upon the bowels, stomach, liver and blood. 246

A man who went hunting in the wild mountainous region near Stratton, Vt., recently, was found dead after three days, with his gun lodged in a crevice of the rocks, where apparently it had accidentally discharged both barrels into his body. The snow was tramped hard about the corpse by the efforts of his dog to arouse and comfort his master.

—S. Chadwick, of Arcadia, Wayne Co., writes: "I have had severe attacks of asthma for several years. I commenced taking Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. The first dose relieved me in one hour. I continued taking it in teaspoonful doses for a few days, and have not had an attack of it since, now nearly one year."

Bad Improvement.

—The great drawback to the silk and pull-over hat is their weight and hardness to the head, giving the hatter trouble to sell besides being uncomfortable to the wearer. The trouble has been to make a light hat and have it stand and keep its shape. This has been accomplished by Smith, the hatter. By carefully selecting his materials and by use of the patent steel wire for the brims he has built a silk hat fitting as easy as a soft hat, and after a trial of six months there is not a man having worn one but that gives it the preference, and praises the maker for introducing what has long been wanting. ed-x

Gentleman: "How are matters progressing in the church, Uncle Rastus—flourishing?" Uncle Rastus: "I 'laint preachin' ds no mo', sah." Gentleman: "Why, what's the trouble?" Uncle Rastus: "Ellis all owin' ter de drought, sah." Gentleman: "The drought?" Uncle Rastus: "Yes, sah. Yo' see, I prayed fo' rain fo' foah Sundays in concession, sah, an' da didn't no rain come, an' so de membahs ob de congregashun axed fo' my resignashun on de groun' ob disinnability."

—What a comfort to be able to gratify one's appetite once more without pain, after long suffering from dyspepsia! Victims of indigestion wise enough to accept the general verdict in favor of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure as true, and use the article, can enjoy the welcome relief. Obstinate dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness, invariably yield to its potent regulating action.

At a fashionable dinner party Goldmark is introduced to a pretty young lady from the country. It appears to him that she does not seem sufficiently impressed with the honor she has just received, and so he adds as a gentle reminder: "Carl Goldmark, the composer of the 'Queen of Sheba.'" Whereupon the rural belle, with charming naïveta, replies: "Remunerative position; isn't it?" Goldmark withdraws in disgust.

No More Restless Nights.

—"Hallamore's Expectorant," is a most certain and speedy remedy for bronchitis, coughs and all chest troubles. In the nursery it is invaluable, as children are fond of it and take it readily. Coughing ceases immediately it is taken; restlessness is gone and refreshing sleep ensues. In 25 cent bottles at all drug stores. edx

"Layin' out another railroad?" "Surveying for one," was the reply. "Gets threw my barn?" "Don's see how we can avoid it." "Wall, now, mister, I calkerlate I've got sumthin' few say 'bout that. I want you to understan' that I've got sumthin' else tew dew besides running out tew open and shet them doors every time a train wants to go threw."

—A lady writes: "I was enabled to remove the corns, root and branch, by the use of Holloway's Corn Cure," who have tried it have the same experience.

Stranger (to little boy near Riverside Park): "Can you direct me to General Grant's tomb, boy?" Little boy: "Yes, sir. Keep straight ahead till you come to a peanut booth. Cross over to de hard-boiled egg and sausage shanty, an' ax de man in charge where de rifle gallery is, then find out where the ten-pin alley is, and just beyond that is de tomb."

"Health Saved is Health Gained."

—Save it from the trying effects of coughs or colds by a timely and judicious use of "Hallamore's Expectorant," a preparation containing the purest, safest and best known ingredients for the prompt relief and cure of all such troubles. In 25 cent bottles at all drug stores. edx

Dumley had related a side-splitting joke, and the company laughed consumedly. Featherly seemed to be particularly amused. "Rather good, eh, Featherly?" said Dumley, very much pleased. "Y-yes, indeed," replied Featherly, as soon as he could articulate. "It's g-good every time, Dumley—g-good every time."

—It may be only a trifling cold, but neglect it and it will fasten its fangs in your lungs, and you will soon be carried to an untimely grave. In this country we have sudden changes and must expect to have coughs and colds. We cannot avoid them, but we can effect a cure by using Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that has never been known to fail in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest.

Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's Disease.

—These common and dangerous complaints are due to a bad condition of the fluids, unhealthy changes in the blood and secretions—the liver being equally at fault with the kidneys. Regulate these conditions with Burdock Blood Bitters, one of the best system renovators known to medical science. 246

Tramp (at the back door): "Will you please give me something to eat?" Woman: "Not a thing." Tramp: "Nor nuthin to drink." Woman: "Nor nuthin' to drink." Tramp: "No cast-off clothes?" Woman: "None." Tramp: "Well, would you tell a poor, unfortunate man what time it is?"

—Free and easy expectoration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm, and a medicine that promotes this is the best medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is a specific for, and wherever used it has given unbounded satisfaction. Children like it because it is pleasant, adults like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

The Best Family Remedy.

—A fair and impartial trial of "Hallamore's Expectorant" as a cough remedy during the past 25 years, has firmly established the fact that it stands unrivalled, being safe, pleasant and always promptly effective. Ask your druggist for a 25 cent bottle and take no other kind.

Said William to Martha: "But you must remember, my dear, that my taste is better than yours." Said Martha to William: "Undoubtedly, when we come to remember that you married me and I married you." And William said not a word, but seemed to be thinking.

—Worms derange the whole system. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator deranges worms, and gives rest to the sufferer. It only costs twenty-five cents to try it and be convinced.

A Cure for Drunkenness.

—Opium, morphine and kindred habits. Valuable treatise sent free. The medicine may be given in a cup of tea or coffee, and without the knowledge of the person taking it, if so desired. Send two 3c. stamps for full particulars and testimonials of those who have been cured. Address M. V., Luban, agency, 47 Wellington street east, Toronto, Canada. 6d

Small boy (in store): "I want to get a Christmas present for the mother." Proprietor: "How would a pair of slippers do, sonny?" Small boy: "Have you got 'em made of cloth, an' without any heels?" Proprietor: "Yes." Small boy (eagerly) "Gimme a pair."

NEW TAILORS

FASHION, FIT, FULL LINE OF SUITINGS, LOW PRICES,

Satisfaction Guaranteed AT

SEXSMITH & SON, 193½ Yonge Street. 246

WINTER CLOTHING.

Now that the cold weather has set in you will need a good warm suit of English, Scotch or Canadian Tweed.

MACDONALD, THE YONGE STREET TAILOR, Is doing a rushing business. A good fit, prices low and quality unsurpassed.

355 YONGE ST., (OPPOSITE ELM.)

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NO DOLLS, NO TOYS, NO SLEIGHS.

Reader, did it ever occur to you that when offered a bribe, such as any of the above articles, the customer must necessarily pay for them.

JUST STOP AND THINK.

We are not giving away anything with our Boots and Shoes, but are selling them at prices at least 15 per cent. lower than the toy shops. Call and be convinced.

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Quality, Quantity, Prices RIGHT AT

ROBT. STARK, 462 Yonge St.

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SKATES, BOYS' SLEIGHS

CUTLERY—The Latest Styles

Scissors in Velvet Cases.

P. PATERSON & SON 77 KING STREET EAST. Nearly opposite Toronto street.

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Guard against Cholera and other Diseases.

Get your basements and cellars whitewashed with the new disinfectant,

BLANCH DE CERONS.

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STONE, BRICK, CEMENT AND SEWER PIPE.

Being a manufacturer of bricks and a direct agent of the manufacturers of sewer pipes and cement, I am prepared to sell at bottom prices.

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BERTRAM & Co HARDWARE "Ahead of any" and Rodgers'

CUTLERY, Plated Spoons and Forks

AT POPULAR PRICES 114 YONGE ST. TORONTO. 246

THE GOOD VALUE CINDER SIFTER *Still Ahead of All Others.*

RESULT, AFTER SHOWING AT FIVE EXHIBITIONS: *1 Silver Medal, 3 Bronze Medals, 1 First Prize.*

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Largest Stock, Newest Designs, Greatest Variety, Lowest Prices. 246

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12 cases of Brevier and 10 of nonpareil body type. Also 60 fonts of Advertising type. The brevier will be sold at 20 cents and the nonpareil at 25 cents, in lots to suit purchasers. All in good condition.

THE WORLD, TORONTO.

JOLLIFFE & CO. ARE OFFERING Special Discount DURING This and Next Months —ON— FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

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JAS. H. SAMO, 189 YONGE ST., Has now in Stock 100 Bedroom Sets, from $20 upwards, of our own manufacture, and warranted of the very best workmanship. Particular attention given to Upholstered Goods. All goods manufactured on the premises under my own supervision. Bank and hotel fittings a specialty. JAMES H. SAMO, 189 YONGE STREET 246

IF YOU ARE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED, OR IF YOU ARE MARRIED And about to begin housekeeping, by all means go to WM. BROWN For anything and everything you want in the FURNITURE Line. You will be more liberally dealt with and have a finer stock to select from there than any other place in the city. Note—The address is 246 287 QUEEN STREET WEST.

Dominion Brewery! ROBT DAVIES, Brewer and Maltster, QUEEN ST. EAST, TORONTO 246

Celebrated for the finest Ales, Porter and Lager Beer in Canada. Special attention is directed to my India Pale and Amber Ales in Bottle, which are noted for purity and fine flavor. A fine stock on hand for the Holidays. Ask for the Dominion Brands, and see that it has my label on it.

CHAMPAGNES. Cordon Rouge, Pommery Sec. G. H. MUMM'S Ex. Dry & Dry Verzenay DELBECK'S Extra Dry, & DELMONICO *in qts., pts., and half pints.*

SPARKLING SAUMUR

We have on hand a large consignment of Dry Comet Champagne, The BEST WINE in the market for the price.

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DRINK OAKLANDS KOUMISS at 131 Yonge Street, and acquire the beautiful 246 KOUMISS COMPLEXION So much admired in Russia.

Grindstones! Grindstones! For wet and dry grinding. A large assortment to select from at lowest prices. LIONEL YORKE, Steam Stone Works, Esplanade, foot of Jarvis Street. 246

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We are the sole manufacturers of BLACKHALL'S Liquid and Elastic PAD GUM, for office, stationery and printed forms. No bindery is complete without our Gum, which is the cheapest and best manufactured in Canada. Put up in 2lb. and 5lb. tins, and in bulk. Send $1 for a 2lb. trial tin. 246

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ELEVATORS LEITCH & TURNBULL'S, HAMILTON, CANADA. For Factories, Warehouses, Hotels, Residences, Asylums. STEAM, HAND AND HYDRAULIC ELEVATORS. The Best, the Safest and the Least Expensive; Elegant in Appearance, Simple to Erect and Easy to Operate. Write for Specifications and Testimonials. 26

STOVES! STOVES! *Special Sale of Stoves all next week. Greatest bargains ever offered in Toronto.* SPECIAL DISCOUNT TO WORKINGMEN. *The Great Lansdowne and Westminster Baseburner sold only at* STRATHERN'S, 179 YONGE STREET. *4 DOORS ABOVE QUEEN STREET.* 246

A SAVING Has been effected at the City Waterworks with the old engines of 167 tons per month with the use of COAL supplied by us for the five months ending Oct. 30, 1885, as against the previous five months, in all 837 tons, or at the rate OF OVER 2,000 TONS per year; a further large saving is effected with the new engines in November with the same coal.

BEST WOOD OF ALL KINDS AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICES: 20 King street west, Do. 413 Yonge Street, Do. 769 Do., Do. 536 Queen Street west, Do. and YARD: Cor. Esplanade and Princess Sts. Do. do. Bathurst st., nearly opp. Front st. Do. do. Fuel Association, Esplanade St., near Berkeley Street.

ELIAS ROGERS & CO. MINERS AND SHIPPERS. WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS.

COAL & WOOD.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE WOOD.

During the Christmas and New Year's Season commencing to-day will sell delivered to any part of the city at following low rates.

Best Hard Wood, Beech and Maple,	4 feet long	$4.50	per cord
" "	cut and split	5.00	"
2d Quality "	4 feet long	3.00	"
" "	cut and split	4.00	"

Will also sell the Celebrated Scranton Coal at lowest prices.

YARDS AND OFFICES { *Cor. Bathurst and Front streets, Yonge street Wharf.*

BRANCH OFFICES { *51 King street east, 534 Queen street west, 390 Yonge street.*

Telephone Communication Between all Offices.

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WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY BY RAIL IN BOX CARS. DIRECT FROM MINES, NEWLY MINED COAL In First-Class Condition.

QUALITY GUARANTEED. ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING. EPPS'S COCOA. BREAKFAST. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast table with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." "Civil Service Gazette." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. 246

J. M. PEAREN, DISPENSING CHEMIST COR. CARLTON AND SHERBOURNE *Prescriptions Carefully Dispensed.*

SMALLPOX! *This terrible scourge may be prevented by the free use of* THYMO-CRESOL! THE Celebrated English Disinfectant. No house should be without it. For sale at 50 Front street east, Toronto, and by all Druggists. 402

TROY LAUNDRY, 25 AND 27 MELINDA STREET. Largest and best equipped laundry in Canada. Work put in before 9 o'clock Friday morning will be delivered Saturday. Newly manufactured and shelf-worn goods a specialty. All work guaranteed. ed EMMOTT HOWD, Prop.

CHICAGO STOCK YARD VACCINE COMPANY. J. E. SEACHAM, of the Arcade Pharmacy, has been appointed sole agent of the city. Physicians and Druggists supplied at reduced rates. All points guaranteed. SEACHAM, 123 Yonge street, Toronto.

BITTLE DEFEATS CASEY.

THREE ROUNDS DECIDE AN EIGHT-ROUND MATCH.

A Brief But Vicious Encounter—High-Priced Yearlings in England—A Sockmaker's Lucky Dream.

About two hundred and fifty people of all ranks of society, from the leaders of the learned professions down to a newsboy, assembled in Harry Gilmore's boxing academy, King street west, last night to see the boxing match between Maurice Casey, late of Woodstock, and Sam Bittle, now of Galt. The latter had much the advantage in weight, height and reach, turning the scales at 155½ lbs. to his opponent's 141 lbs. and being fully two inches taller. The preliminary set-to, in which Johnson and Smith (light weights), Checkley and Lemon (middle weights) and Burns and Symons (heavy weights) figured were of more than the ordinary interest, each man in each instance evidently striving honestly for the victory. George Cooper, as usual, was master of the ceremonies, and during the tedious wait that ensued before the stars appeared, gave a most instructive moral lecture, pointing out that on the good behaviour of the audience largely depended whether the contest of the evening would be brought to a satisfactory decision or not.

An hour or so, during which those present swelted and cursed, was wasted in trying to secure a referee. Finally one gentleman, Sam Caldwell, to wit, was selected, with W. E. Owens as timekeeper. Then Casey said he would like somebody else to act as well. Another plucky gentleman was with much trouble run to earth, and then somebody suggested a third would be required to decide between the two. Hial Stoddard was chosen and the board of judiciary was finally completed. The four ounce gloves, which had been lying in the centre of the ring, were donned by the principals and all was in readiness for the mill. Joe Popp and Harry Gilmore squired Casey and Jack Lead of Brummagem and George Fulijamns Sam Bittle.

At 10.15 Mr. Billy Owens called "Time" and the men doffed their outer casings and advanced to the centre of the ring. Both were wary and watched for an opening. Then Casey shot out and got one in on Bittle's lip. The latter was short in the counter, but he speedily made up for it by a beauty on the cook that sent Mr. Casey to earth. First blood was claimed for Casey and first knock down for Bittle. From the first it was evident that the struggle was in dead earnest. Each man had his teeth set and bore a look that boded no good to the other. Casey lost his equanimity entirely with the first blow, but still had wit enough left to take advantage of his position. He was overborne, and knew it. Twice he went down in the first round to avoid blows, the first time on the merest pretence of a touch and the second being clearly a foul. In the second bout the fighting was more even. At the first Casey—who was the quickest and, if anything, had the most science—got rather the best of it, but in the latter half Bittle fought his rival fiercely all over the ring, several times getting in his right hand with good effect. The countering all through the round was exceedingly good by both. Each man bore evidence of his exertions at the call of "round up." On "time" being called for the third, both advanced with alacrity to the centre. Casey aimed viciously on seeing an opening for Bittle's body. The latter got out of reach and sent in a red hot 'un on the jaw in return. Casey was nearly floored, but managing to keep his feet he gathered himself together and engaged in a rapid exchange. Breaking away Bittle came again with a rush and the Woodstock man went to earth, or rather board. He resumed his perpendicular on the call somewhat hesitatingly Bittle went in to finish the job. Casey met him more stubbornly than he anticipated, and some whirlwind fighting ensued. Finally Casey went down on all fours to escape a sledge hammer pounder. Getting up on the summons there was some sparring and then Casey retreated. Coming up the Woodstock man launched for the Galt boy's wind bag. His whole soul and body was in the blow and it staggered Bittle, but it was Casey's destruction. Thinking he had the game in hand he rushed heedlessly in. Bittle met him with a flourish and a terrible right hander full under the left jaw. All was over. Casey fell like a log and at the termination of ten seconds time was called without any response, and the decision was given in Bittle's favor.

The victor was mobbed and even kissed by his enthusiastic admirers, one of whom there and then offered to back him for $200 to fight Harry Gilmore this afternoon. Much talk and bluster resulted in no business. The fight was ended only just in time, for in another minute Detective Reburn would have intervened. Neither man, however, exhibited much damage when the affair was over, Casey rapidly coming to and shaking hands with his conqueror before he left the stage.

High-Priced Yearlings.

The St. James' Gazette, in an article on the yearling sales of 1885, says: The more marked is the failure of high-priced yearlings to justify the outlay incurred for them, the more "spirited" becomes the bidding at the yearling sales of the following season. In 1884 twenty-one yearlings were sold for 1000 guineas or upwards, two of them fetching as much as 3000 guineas each. Altogether the cost of these twenty-one yearlings was 34,500 guineas; and it might be expected that as two-year-olds they would have won some of the chief races of the season. But as a matter of fact, out of the whole number seven have never yet run (are never likely to run, might be said of most of them), twelve have run more or less frequently without success, and two have won between them 2450 guineas. One of these winners was Mr. Manton's Oberon, who cost 2500 guineas as a yearling, and is credited with £150 for a sweepstakes in which after running badly on several previous occasions, he was allowed to walk over, owing to the nomination of the only good horse in the race having become void. In short, the only one horse of these expensive yearlings which may be said to have proved worth its cost is Ste. Alvere, who, purchased at Mr. Chaplin's sale for 2000 guineas, has won four races worth 3300 guineas, and may take several more as a three-year-old. When it is further considered that all these yearlings were heavily engaged, and that the expenses of training them have been great, the magnitude of the loss sustained by their purchasers becomes obvious.

History of the Bicycle.

In the year 1816 Baron von Drais constructed a curious vehicle, consisting of two wheels of equal size, placed one in front of the other and connected by a bar on which was a small seat. The rider sat astride the bar, and propelled the vehicle by striking his feet against the ground. The machine, very simple in mechanism, was named the Draisine, and was the progenitor of the modern bicycle. In 1818 his contrivance was introduced to use in England, and the year following made its appearance in New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and was for a time quite popular. In 1863 a Frenchman applied cranks to the forewheels of the Draisine, having discovered that a certain speed would maintain the equilibrium of the two-wheeler, and in 1866 further improvements were effected, the new machine being introduced in New York. It received little or no attention until 1868, when a sudden popularity honored it, and everybody began to use it. This continued something more than a year, when it was as summarily abandoned as it had been enthusiastically taken up. Some English mechanics continued to work upon the plan, however, and in 1876 the first improved bicycle was imported and put on show at the Centennial exhibition. In 1878 the first American company for the manufacture of bicycles was organized, and the traffic in these articles has since increased so steadily that no less than 6000 were manufactured and sold in the United States last year, and it was estimated that there were then 30,000 in use in North America, exclusive of boys' machines.

The Chess Championship.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The chess match for the championship of the world began to-day at No. 8, Fifth avenue, under the auspices of the Manhattan Chess club. The contestants were introduced by President Green. Charles F. Buck of New Orleans is referee and holder of the $4000 stakes, and Thomas Freyrie acted as umpire for Herr Wilhelm Steinitz, while Adolph Mohle acted for J. H. Zukertort. The attendance was unexpectedly large, and the moves, which were duplicated on a gigantic board were watched with the utmost eagerness. A special code of rules to govern the contest has been drawn up and signed by Messrs. Zukertort and Steinitz. It provides that the match is to be for the championship of the world for a stake of $2000 a side and is to be decided by either player winning ten games, draws games not counted. The contest is to be divided into four games to be played in New York, all to be won by one player, three games to be played in St. Louis, and three games to be played in New Orleans. Thirty moves must be made during the first two hours of each game and fifteen moves an hour thereafter. Three games a week are to be played with intervals of one day between each game. Messrs. Zukertort and Steinitz both appeared in excellent condition, and at two o'clock tossed up a coin to decide who should have the first move. It was secured by Zukertort, who chose the white pieces and opened play.

The first game resulted at the end of the forty-sixth move in Zukertort resigning.

Type-Setting Tournament

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—A type-setting tournament began at a museum to-day, which is to continue for one week. The contestants are Joe. McCann of the New York Herald, the present champion; W. C. Barnes of the New York World, and Jos. M. Hudson, W. J. Creevy, Lee Monheimer, "Kid" Dejarnott and Thos. C. Levy of Chicago. The force is divided into two squods, and will set one hour and a half each afternoon and evening for a week, making three hours each day.

General Notes.

Besides Mr. Humphreys, Faatz, the stalwart 6 ft. 4 in. first baseman of the Toronto Baseball Association, has arrived in town. Both are much pleased with their reception and were interested spectators of the Casey-Bittle set-to last night.

The real name of the prize-fighter, Jack Dempsey, is Jack Kelly.

John Largan and George Perkins have been matched to row a race on the Thames for £100 a side, Feb. 4, 1886.

Jack Burke offers to fight any man in the world, bar John L. Sullivan, for from $5000 to $10,000 a side—Mitchell or Dempsey preferred.

Neil Matterson, the Australian oarsman, is 22 years old, stands 5ft. 11in. high, and weighs 170 lbs. His brother Charles, who is also a very promising oarsman, is but 19 years old.

A fight at the Cribb club, Boston, between La Blanche, the marine, and Jack Burgess for a purse of $400, was won by the latter on a foul. The marine, however, had much the best of the two rounds that were fought.

Sportsmen in the northern counties of Scotland have been engaged in mountain hare shooting. On Dec. 23 and 24 Viscount Stormont and party, in all five guns, shot over the Logie Almond Hills in Perthshire, when 1550 hares were bagged.

H. M. Johnson, the American sprinter, though an entry and on the spot was an absentee from the Sheffield Christmas handicap. Hutchens was also an absentee. The winner turned up in W. South of Sheffield, who, although handicapped back, had apparently a pretty easy thing.

The British Chess club received a challenge from Russia, through the St. Petersburg Chess club, to play a correspondence match at chess, the recognized strongest players on each side being allowed to participate. Bird, Blackburne Gunsberg, Hoffer, Macdonnell and Mason will probably be the leading players on the British side.

W. E. Simmons of Lexington, Ky., says that the cause of Early Dawn's death was undoubtedly poison, the symptoms, progress of disease, death and condition of internal structure, as shown by post mortem, all undoubtedly indicating arsenic. He also says that many people believe that Epaulet and Bonnie McGregor were dosed at the same time and place.

Jack Dempsey 34 losing reputation in New York. He has talked a great deal about fighting Mitchell, Burke, McCaffrey, La Blanche and all the rest of them. Each has offered to take him up, but Dempsey always finds a way to crawl out. Now Pete McCoy comes along and offers to fight for $1000 a side and to bet another $1000 that he wins. Dempsey gets away from the proposition by saying he will only fight for a $1500 purse.

One of the leading London metallists dreamed distinctively that Raffaello, the winning horse, would win the Manchester November handicap. He told his dream to his friends, and was laughed at. For the second time he dreamed the same, and again he was ridiculed as a superstitious old fossil of the fifteenth century. But for the third time the dream came. This was too much, and disdaining all chaff, he took 1000 to 20 about the horse, half of which he handed over to his better half for luck, win or lose, and backed him again for another thousand. His favorite song is now, "Let me dream again," as he is about £12,000 richer than at the opening of the season.

The Great Humorous Lecturer.

His honor the lieutenant governor and the government house party have signified their intention to be present at Robt. J. Burdette's humorous lecture on young men in Shaftesbury hall next Tuesday evening. The reserved seat plan is now open at Nordheimer's. The Pittsburg Despatch says of one of the talented humorist's lectures: "Robert J. Burdette is the one professional humorist whose performance has come up to promises and expectations. His humor was fresh, insinuating and unctious, and at the same time his style was graceful and at times ornate. His descriptive powers are of the best order, and the lifelike pictures he painted in flowing words, projected in graceful and rounded sentences, were realistic as modern stage pictures. The lecture was, taking all in all, one of the best and most entertaining performances we have ever heard."

An Innocent Man in Court.

Edward Cameron, of C company Infantry school, appeared at the police court yesterday, on remand, charged with forging the name of Major E. Smith to a scrip certificate. H. H. Hirschberg, of the firm of J. E. Banfield & Co., brokers, No. 4 King street east, testified that he purchased a scrip certificate from the prisoner on the afternoon of the 31st of December, paying him therefor $52.50. He was positive prisoner was the man with whom he had had the dealings. At this state of the case Mr. Langtry, counsel for the defence, stated that he was prepared to prove an alibi and had his witnesses in court. John Sanderson, a farmer, living in the township of Trafalgar, swore that the prisoner was a visitor at his house from last Christmas day until the fourth of the present month, so that it would be impossible for him to have been in Toronto at the time stated by Mr. Hirschberg. Mr. Sanderson's two sons corroborated their father's testimony. The crown was satisfied that the prisoner was not the right man and the court dismissed him.

By all means try the Bon Marche for blankets, sheetings and linens, everything at clearing prices.

"HOME RULE FOR IRELAND."

Mr. Charles Watts of London Lectures at Temperance Hall.

There was a fair-sized audience at Temperance hall last evening to hear Mr. Charles Watts lecture on Home Rule for Ireland. Mr. Thomas Tracey presided. "There are two kinds of government," began the lecturer, "one arising from the people and one exercised over the people; one belongs to the past, the other belongs to the present. The further we go back the more we discover that there are two classes. The one born to rule, the other to be ruled." His subject was twofold: Irish Home Rule and the House of Lords. There are four kinds of monarchy: constitutional, which prevails in England at the present time, and which was a government of might and not of right, inherited, limited and elective monarchies. The speaker did not believe in monarchy at all; he favored a republic, but if we must have a monarchy let us have an elective one, and appoint a person of utility and capability to carry on the government.

A political revolution took place at last British election, owing to the efforts of the Irish party under Parnell. He denounced the tories as having done everything possible to dim the transcendant glory of Ireland and crush her to the earth. He believed Gladstone was the man who would do most for the Irish people. There was no question of such magnitude and none more deserving to be called a burning question than the present state of affairs in Ireland. The attitude of the Irish people to-day was the result of the cruelty and hatred that had been exercised against them by their rulers. In the sixth century Ireland was the home of education and refinement, the school of the west, the seat of industrial art, the place where students flocked from all over Europe to be perfected and polished in high class literature. Ireland at that time was a reflex of Greece, both in attainment and culture. Then she was invaded by Norman plunderers, ever since which time she has been the victim of unjust laws such as have never afflicted any other country. Aristocratic despotism had taken from her every native industry and monopolized the soil, while absentee landlords spent abroad in gambling and revelry the money that had been wrung from the Irish peasantry.

The speaker asked his audience if they had ever witnessed an Irish eviction, and portrayed in vivid colors the agent and his men coming along and carrying the aged mother and little children out into the snow, and leaving them to perish on the roadside. Over 18,000 people had been evicted during the present year. Talk of patience. What would we do if we tried that? Go back to the reign of Charles I. or James II. and ask if the English people would put up with what they made the Irish people suffer. When treated so shamefully is was their duty to rise and fight for justice and freedom. At the same time he did not believe in separating England and Ireland. He would bind them even closer, but he would bind them with the golden cords of love. Lord Salisbury had said that Irishmen must be made to fear the laws before they would obey them. This was an insult. Let them have a hand in making the laws and then they would obey them. No one can make laws for Ireland like Irishmen. Let Irish thought adjust Irish wrongs.

Let the genius of Ireland provide a remedy for her present suffering. Irishmen were noted for their love of country, as shown by their willingness to contribute to redeem the glories of their native land. He then spoke of the house of lords. It is composed of 504 members, 402 of whom are landholders. So long as composed thus they would oppose any measure affecting their interests. By acting in opposition to the commons they would speedily bring about either their abolition or reformation. If reformed there would be mighty little left.

There were three reforms needed: The house of lords should be elective, there should be no bishops in it, and peerages should be for life only. He believed in giving a deserving man titles and honors, and letting him wear them with all the pomp and grandeur possible during his lifetime, but they should revert to the people at death, in order that they might be bestowed on others who had earned them.

C. L. Mahoney moved a vote of thanks to the lecturer, which was seconded by —— Welsh and accorded by the audience with a standing vote.

Both Ears Cut Off.

—A horrible accident occurred near the Walker house last night. As a dude was stepping over a newsboy a button in the rear of his shirtband broke, and his high collar sweeping upward cut off both his ears. Had he bought the shirt from quinn the shirtmaker, this accident would not have occurred, as the buttons are invariably well sewed on

Police Court Yesterday.

Matilda Leader was sent down for six months as a confirmed drunk. The Sunday shaving case against Charles James and Pierre Brunet was adjourned for a week. Mrs. Boddy, for selling liquor without a license at her house on Albert street, was fined $25 and costs or thirty days. Joseph Wells, charged with obstructing the roadway by placing a peanut stand at Victoria and Adelaide streets, was ordered to remove the stand to Lombard street. John Riley, stealing three clouds from the door of Somers' dry goods store, was committed to the Central for three months. John O'Connell and Andrew Christie, disorderly conduct on Bathurst street, were each fined $1 and costs. John Harris, a vagrant, was sent down for three months. Wm. Barton, disturbing the Salvation army service, fined $1 and costs. James Paley, threatening to kill Robert Morrison, was bound in one surety to keep the peace for a year.

Kidney Complaint.

—Much is blamed upon the kidneys when people are ill and suffer from weak and painful back, etc. If you regulate the liver and blood with Burdock Blood Bitters the kidneys will soon resume a right action. Burdock Blood Bitters cleanses the whole system, kidneys included. 246

About a Span of Horses.

Before Judge Rose at the civil assizes yesterday Mills v. French was heard. This was a case instituted by Robert Mills to recover from Thomas French a span of horses or their value, $600. The defendant about two months ago loaned the plaintiff $230 with which and $20 extra plaintiff purchased a span of horses. He tried for two weeks to sell them, when the defendant disposed of them at Bond's for $275. The plaintiff said he had an agreement to sell the horses for $600, for which amount he consequently sued. His case broke down and a compromise gave him $28.

Vanderverd v. Curran, was an action to recover possession of a piece of land in Weston, alleged to have been obtained by defendant from plaintiff through an error in the description. A verdict was brought in for the defendant.

To-day's peremptory list: Leveridge v. Robinson, Brown v. Phipps, Allan v. Porter, Mortane v. Billings, Ollendorff v. Toronto Street Railway company.

Dr. Lyman Abbott.

Dr. Abbott of New York, the author of the articles on the labor question which have attracted so much attention lately, is announced to lecture this evening in Shaftesbury hall under the auspices of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific circle, of which organization he is one of the counsellors. The subject is The Rival Queens, a chapter from English history. Hon. G. W. Ross, minister of education, will preside.

Debility.

—Perhaps you are weak and weary, all run down, get tired with slight exertion, feel faint and dizzy, or dull and languid, then you need a good tonic regulator to make pure blood circulate, and give you strength. Try Burdock Blood Bitters—it will not fail you. 246

Chance for Ladies.

—The whole of the dry goods stock of McKendry & Co., Waterloo House, is being disposed of at nominal prices, those who wish to buy seasonable goods for ridiculously low prices should visit The Waterloo House. The ordinary price of dry goods is at this popular store lower than the lowest, but with the reductions that have been made in order to clear out the stock, a veritable picnic is offered to purchasers of dry goods. 278 Yonge street, south corner Alice, is the place. 245x

Have a Cigar.

—Another large lot of our justly famous *"Royal Grenadier"* cigars to hand, done up in 50's. They are better than ever and every one *union made*. Gentlemen who enjoy a first-class cigar should try our *"Royal Grenadier."* Smokers say *it is the best* 5c. cigar *in this city*. Sold only at *"The Jewel"* cigar store, 104½ Queen street west, 2 doors west of Elizabeth street, on Queen 246 x A. R. MACKAY.

The Celebration of New Years.

—Notwithstanding the absence of snow the day was spent in a jolly manner. Calling was in order. As usual, lots of tea, coffee, wine, etc. Now that the boys have cultivated a taste for a fine Havana cigar they will not indulge unless they can get a General Middleton or our Brave Boys brands, union made, and registered. Manufactured only by W. E. Dobson, 159 King street east. 246 x

Real Estate.

—Persons having real estate to sell are requested to leave description with Eager & Faulkner, 31 Adelaide street east. If desired, they will be published in their spring list free of expense. No charge is made unless sale is effected through them. 246x

—A stylish, nice fitting overcoat is now the topic of conversation. Frank Stubbs, 3 King street west, is the place to procure just such a one at a wholesale price. See his choice stock of all-wool nap, pilots, beavers, meltons, also English, French and Scotch suitings of the latest patterns. 246 x

—Stanton's Sunbeams—beautiful little photographs on tinted mounts—$1 per dozen. 134 King street. All other sizes at lowest prices for first-class work 246

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GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

O. B. SHEPPARD, Manager.

To-night, to-morrow matinee and to-morrow evening,

PROF. BRISTOL'S SCHOOL OF TRAINED HORSES, MULES AND PONIES.

The like of them never before seen.

Box plan now open. Remainder of week—W. H. FOWNES IN THE RIVER DAM.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.

CLASSES RE-ASSEMBLE

ON WEDNESDAY NEXT,

the 13th inst., at 11 a.m.

The Spring Term begins on February 5th.

For Prospectus apply to

THE PRINCIPAL, U. C. C., Toronto.

A Lecture by Prof. J. W. A. Stewart, of McMaster's Hall,

Will be delivered in Alexander street Baptist church, under the auspices of the Young People's Association, on

TUESDAY, JAN. 12, 1886, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Subject—"William Carey, the Great Linguist and Pioneer Missionary to Bengal."

Admission, 25 cents.

THE RIVAL QUEENS.

LECTURE BY REV. LYMAN ABBOTT, D.D.

Shaftesbury Hall, Tuesday, Jan. 12th, 1886.

The Hon. the Minister of Education will Preside.

Tickets 25c. Reserved Seats 50c. For sale at Nordheimer's.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE,

Yonge street, near Queen.

Week commencing Jan. 11,

MAUDE REVELL'S BRITISH BLONDES.

18 BLONDES 18

Matinees daily at 2.30. Prices 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c.

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Reserved seats 50 cents. Plan now open at Nordheimer's.

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GREAT PARLOR CIRCUS AND TRAINED ANIMAL SHOW.

ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY, JAN. 11th and 12th, 9 p.m.

Skating before and after performance.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS. 613

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Fine Upholstering in all its branches. Ordered work a specialty. 462

HELP WANTED.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—Immediately; small family. 182 Berkeley street.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST ON SATURDAY, JAN. 2, SMALL black and tan dog, answers to the name of Tony. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at MAY & CO.'s drug store, 372½ Queen west.

LOST—A GOLD NECKLACE AND LOCKET. Finder will be rewarded at 184 York street.

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R. J. EDWARDS, ARCHITECT, ROOM "J," Arcade, Yonge street.

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TO EVERYBODY.

For all the Carpets, Furniture, Stoves and Bedding they require and invite you to call and examine our immense stock and get posted regarding our system of doing business.

Almost any article for housekeeping can be found in our establishment. A long list of well satisfied customers and the magnitude of our business attest our successful endeavours to please the public.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

WALKERS WEEKLY-PAYMENT STORE.

107½ QUEEN STREET WEST.

FURS!

Grand Clearing Sale.

JAMES H. ROGERS,

Rather than carry over his stock of FINE FURS, has decided to hold a GRAND CLEARING SALE, and now offers his entire stock at prices far below anything yet shown in the dominion. Ladies desirous of obtaining a Sealskin Ulster, Dolman or Sacque at a great bargain should not miss this opportunity.

Gentlemen wanting a Fur Overcoat, a fine Fur Cap, Gauntlets or Adjustable Collar and Cuffs at very low prices should call at once.

All goods manufactured on the premises, and you may depend they are properly made. Call and see us, and you will be astonished to see the way Furs are being slaughtered.

COR. KING & CHURCH STS.

SEAL MANTLE. PERSIAN COAT.

MANTLES, COATS, CAPS,

GAUNTLETS,

Collars and Cuffs.

We have a very large stock, and will sell any article AT COST.

Toboggans, Moccasins & Snow Shoes

If you wish to buy cheaply, call on us. Prices lower than any other house.

C. N. BASTEDO & CO.

Manufacturers, 54 Yonge Street. 56

LEGAL CARDS.

A. D. PERRY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR etc. Society and private funds for investment. Lowest rates. Star Life offices, Wellington street east, Toronto, (premises lately occupied by Commercial Union Assurance company.

CAMERON, CASWELL & ST. JOHN, Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, Notaries, 64 King street east, Toronto.

CANNIFF & CANNIFF, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., 30 Toronto street, Toronto. J. POSTON CANNIFF, HENRY T. CANNIFF. 24

HOWARD & GODFREY—BARRISTERS, etc. Money to loan. No. 5, Building and Loan Chambers, 15 Toronto street. D. M. HOWARD, J. J. GODFREY. 246

KERR, MACDONALD, DAVIDSON & Paterson—Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., Masonic hall, Toronto street, Toronto. J. K. KERR, Q. C., WM. MACDONALD, WM. DAVIDSON, JOHN A. PATERSON.

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MILLS & HEIGHINGTON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc.; money to loan. Room 4, Millmann's Buildings, 31 Adelaide street East, Toronto. ALEX. MILLS, J. HEIGHINGTON. 246

MURRAY, BARWICK & MACDONELL, barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., 50 and 52 King street east, up-stairs. Next door to Rice Lewis & Son, Toronto. HUGH W. M. MURRAY, F. D. BARWICK, A. C. MACDONELL.

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SHILTON, ALLAN & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., Toronto and Georgetown. Offices: 86 King street east, Toronto, and Creelman's block, Georgetown. Money to loan. W. T. ALLAN, J. SHILTON, J. BAIRD. 36

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FOR SALE—TO BE SOLD, IN THE Police Library, Court street, on Tuesday, the 12th, at 2.30, a Billiard Table and a Baggatelle Table, with balls, cues and markers complete. Intending purchasers may examine the articles any time before hour of sale.

FOR SALE—SHOP RIGHT OF OUR patent brush block boring machine; further information can be had and machine seen at Westman & Baker's machine shop, No. 119 Bay street, Toronto, Ont. The Mahle Boring Machine Co., Cleveland, O., U.S.A.

MASTIFF PUPS FOR SALE, BY "BOSS," 2218, out of "Bess" 2217, from "Colonel" 30 prizes and "Salisbury" 60 prizes in England; magnificent pups. Green Mountain Kennel, Fair Haven, Vermont. 3-5-6

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The present position of Surplus Account warrants the belief that there will be

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For distribution to POLICY HOLDERS.

The Register for 1885 is being held open for a few days. Those entering now and dating their policies back to December 31st will be entitled to TWO FULL YEARS' Profits at the close of 1886. A substantial advantage.

Policies Indisputable After 3 Years; Nonforfeitable After 2 Years.

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TREMENDOUS

Clearance Sale of Valuable Dry Goods

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182 YONGE STREET, 2 Doors North of Queen.

Yesterday (Monday) the vast throngs that crowded our store increased to a surging mass.

Such a sight was never before seen in any store in Toronto.

"And no wonder," for the immense crowds of visitors on Saturday bore the news far and wide that this is

A GENUINE CLEARANCE SALE!

Every article in the store is reduced from 15 to 75 cents off the dollar. For particulars see our hand bills, as we have not time to write advertisements.

Sale every day this week, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m. Come early. Scores went away. Could not get near the counters.

Special this day—250 doz. Blk. and Col'd Cashmere Gloves, 25c.; worth 45c. 450 doz. Ladies' Wht. Cot. and Balbriggan Hose at 25c.; worth 50c. and 75c.

EDWARD McKEOWN

182 Yonge St., 2 Doors North of Queen.

N.B.—Customers will much oblige by taking small parcels. It would be utterly impossible to deliver all on day of purchase. Those not sent out will be delivered early following morning.

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RIGGS & IVORY, SURGEON DENTISTS. All work first-class. Teeth $8 per set. Vitalized air for painless extracting. Fine gold filling and gold-plate work. Corner King and Yonge streets.

R. G. TROTTER,

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HAS REMOVED TO HIS NEW OFFICE

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THE DENTAL INFIRMARY OF THE Royal College of Dental Surgeons, 19 Richmond Street east (corner of Victoria St.), will re-open on Wednesday, Nov. 4th, and will be open every (business) day from 9.30 to 1 o'clock, until March 1st. Teeth extracted free. For other operations a small charge will be made to cover expense. 246

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

Thousands will testify to the total absence of pain during extraction.

Artificial teeth lifelike in appearance and perfect in eating and speaking. By increased facilities in laboratory, we are enabled to insert the best teeth on gold celluloid and rubber plates at a reasonable charge.

M. F. SMITH, - - Dentist, corner Queen and Berkeley Sts. Telephone 792. House at residence, corner Gerrard and Berkeley, before 9 a.m. and after 5 p.m. 136—246wa

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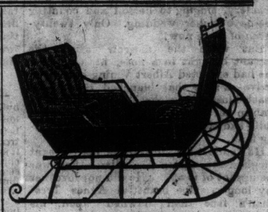

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Only reliable timekeeping watches, made by the best makers, kept in stock. We cannot be undersold, as we import direct from the manufacturers, and only expect a fair living profit. Old watches taken in exchange. Repairing by skilled workmen; no apprentices employed in this branch.

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25 CENTS PER DOZEN PIECES—COLLARS and Cuffs—Toronto Steam Laundry, 54 and 56 Wellington street west, or 65 King street west. G. P. SHARPE.