

FOR DAY

ment. Don't be ch we offer: 10c. yard. Extra CENTS A YD. ay and Monday, S EACH. N CENT Tables. y and Monday, GAIN. 1-2, were \$1.25. 5c. per pair. es 11 to 5, were day and Monday, e \$1.50 and \$3.00. 1.25 per pair.

ANTHAGE

ters

PHONE 36.

in the lumber is really worth out of the said combine, we at the government will treat lingly.

OS. BALAM. Secy-Treas. eting adjourned till the 11th

HITE WHALE LAKE rick and son are engaged in rick and lumber for the build- be hotel which they propose here as soon as the town sets

man is making a trip to the river, about one hundred and es. He expects to be absent

nt agent for the government line was here a few days up a supply of poles for which will be extended from rove to Lac Ste Anne, via

provincial government is to om about three miles west of rove to the lake. The road

planned will come through and 3 and into 4 on the line and 20 on the line. We

that Mr. F. J. Francis will rge of the work on the road. on of S. Annin, and at several

ng is in full swing at Me-

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Dunn, 18th, a daughter, and

W. F. Hurst visited the city this week.

Paterson and family returned extended trip to the coast last report a very enjoyable time

of friends and acquaintances. The route at present are the has ever seen in the coun-

is able to speak with ac- tness. He has been familiar with of the Edmonton district since

P.P. locating party are still near J. Hadock's. The large snow is making progress

but no connection of work is as Labrick Lake in range connect with the next party

working west from there. location stakes are being set to the C.N.R. and in several

of the lake the in-cress

WEATHER FORECAST. on, D.C., Feb. 26—Last bulle- forecast of disturbance to cross

25 to March 1, warm wave, 27 to March 3. Next

will reach the Pacific coast at March 2, cross west of Rock-

by close of 3, great central to 6, eastern states 7. Warm

cross west of Rockies about great central valleys 4, east-

4. Cool wave will cross west about March 5, great central

western states 8. features of this disturbance

great high temperature wave accompany it and which will

the month and in several months and the highest tempera-

March. From about March 5 month trend of temperatures

steadily downward, fluctuating but more down than up.

Following Feb. 28 all great high temperature wave

the warmest weather of this the spring, will be quite se-

45 CENTS

Isn't much, but it will buy about the best pound of Java and Mocha Coffee to be had.

GARIBY & LESSARD.

WETASKIWIN WILL SPEND OVER \$182,000 THIS YEAR

In Installing Waterworks and Sewerage Systems, Extending Electric Light- ing Plant, and Purchasing Site for New Hospital--All Three By-Laws Carried With Little Opposition.

Special to the Bulletin. Wetaskiwin, Mar. 6.—Three debenture bylaws were submitted to the ratifiers of Wetaskiwin yesterday, the first for \$150,000 for waterworks and sewerage systems, the second for \$30,000 for electric light extension, and the third for \$2,500 for the purchase of a hospital site. The ratifiers gave an almost unanimous endorsement to all three projects. The vote was as follows: Waterworks and sewerage, in favor, 57; opposed, 7. Electric light extension, in favor, 56; opposed, 6. Hospital site, in favor, 86; opposed 13. The work on these improvements, to be done with the development of the C. P. R. at this point will result in Wetaskiwin being one of the most places in Western Canada this summer.

FULLY QUALIFIED. Marienst, Wis., Mar. 5.—Isaac Stevenson, multi-millionaire lumberman and U. S. congressman, today announced he is a candidate for the unexpired term of United States Senator John C. Spooner.

JOHN D. BECOMING GENEROUS. Intimate in the Newspaper Boys That He Contemplates Another Endowment.

New York, Mar. 4.—A remark which John D. Rockefeller made to several reporters before starting for Augusta, Ga., today led to the publication of a report that he contemplates another large gift to the cause of education or philanthropy.

OSTIGAN'S SUCCESSOR ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

Grand Falls, N.B., Mar. 5.—At the nomination proceeding today to fill the vacancy in the commons for Victoria, Madawaska, owing to Hon. John Costigan's appointment to the senate, Fleur Mechuad, Liberal, a barrister of Edmundston, was the only candidate and the returning officer declared him elected by acclamation.

THE MEMBER FOR MACLEOD DECLARED HE WAS READY TO GIVE A DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE HISTORY OF THE CASE TO ANY INDIVIDUAL OR TO ANY NEWSPAPER AND WAS WILLING TO BE JUDGED BY ALL THE FACTS.

Mr. Puffer (Laconia) said the dates for ducks fixed by the dates from January 1st to August 21st. The open season was for sport or for food. It was a question of not preserving ducks, but of saving men and women who, in the north, so often starve. The farmer did not shoot for sport but for food. McKenney thought it was an imposition. It was too discriminating. The sport was against the farmer.

Mr. Puffer thought that since only a small percentage of the population were devoted to sport it would be unfair to impose a general tax upon the people to support the act. Those for whom the game is protected should pay for it. Other states enforced game licenses. Manitoba received nearly \$4,000 for big game licenses, while Montana received some \$90,000 from this source last year. Mr. Moore was in favor of raising a revenue from those who enjoyed the sport of hunting.

Mr. Puffer speaking for his constituents said that this clause would impose a serious hardship upon them, many of whom are existing by hunting and fishing.

A discussion arose over the clause relating to game license. The clause was allowed to stand over.

The committee rose and reported progress with 5 o'clock to sit again. It being 5 o'clock the speaker left the chair.

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Conference of Coal Men Is Off

ANTICIPATE AMICABLE SETTLEMENT LATER

Joint Meeting of Operators and Miners at Calgary brought to Sudden Termination--Real Reason Has Not Been Made Known--Will Reconvene March 18th.

Calgary, Mar. 6.—The convention being held here between the operators and the representatives of the miners, came to an end suddenly yesterday afternoon when by an unanimous vote it was decided to adjourn and reconvene again on March 18.

What the real reason of the adjournment is not yet been made public but among the miners it is rumored that it was because the operators were not ready to go ahead with the formation of an agreement.

This does not mean that there is any probability of a rupture between the two parties as representatives of both the operators and the miners assert that the prospects of a settlement being reached at the time of reconvening are very bright.

A meeting of the district board for district No. 18, which is the Calgary district, will be held today at which delegates Sherman, Galvin, Morgan, Patterson, McDonald, Crab, Sullivan and Graham will attend.

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Edmonton Bulletin.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1907.

NUMBER 461

THE LEGISLATURE SPENDS MUCH TIME IN COMMITTEE OF WHOLE

Game Act and Regulation of Traffic on Public Highways are Contentious Questions--Maximum Fee for Admission to Alberta of Students and Barristers From Other Provinces Placed at \$200--Malcolm Mackenzie, of McLeod, Refers to an Article in Calgary Herald Which He Claimed Did Him an Injustice.

(Wednesday's Daily) Mr. Malcolm Mackenzie, member for Macleod, made a statement to the House yesterday afternoon with regard to certain statements that appeared in the Calgary Herald last Thursday regarding himself.

Before the orders of the day were called Mr. Mackenzie asked leave to address the House on a question of privilege. He said that the matter referred to in the Herald had been before the House for years, and for that reason he thought he should refrain from saying anything upon the matter publicly.

Public Health Act. The Hon. Mr. Finlay introduced his bill entitled the "Public Health Act," which was read and passed the first time.

Committee of the Whole. Mr. Finlay's bill for the regulation of traffic on public highways and bridges encountered considerable criticism. Mr. Finlay opposed the bill as being premature. It could not be carried out in law. Mr. Boyle replied that he was not taking any issue with the member for Leduc when he was silent during the second reading of the bill.

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LAND DEAL REVIEWED IN REPORT

SPORT

HOCKEY MATCH ENDS IN DISPUTE

The first game of the Brockman-Ker cup series played last night at Strathcona, resulted in a very unsatisfactory ending, the Edmonton team leaving the ice with ten minutes yet to play and the score 2 to 1 against them.

The referee, Referee Gorman, under the circumstances was apparently quite at variance with the rules understood by both sides in relation to the double official system, not to mention the generally understood principles that both supposed to guide a gentleman in conducting a hockey contest.

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The greatest weakness of the Edmonton line-up appeared in their shooting, the forwards being content to shoot from centre as a rule instead of coming down to the nets.

In the second half Edmonton appeared to better advantage, but while two men of the red and white were off, Strathcona half their defence still powered with one Strathcona man of secured the net goal for the Capitals.

Below the call of time the goal umpire at the Edmonton end signalled for two more for Strathcona, but the first was made on an offside while the second proved to be behind the net.

The line-up and officials were: EDMONTON. Forwards: Blomfield, Campbell, McArthur, Kent. Defence: Hamilton, McEae, Raitt, Houghton. Goalkeeper: STRATHCONA. Referee: R. E. Gorman. Judge of play: H. Laidlaw.

WANDERERS CAPTURE EASTERN CHAMPIONSHIP

The manager states that he has signed William Power, the famous Fargo outfielder, usually known as "Rabbit" Foster, whose fielding average last year was .99, and Connors, a pitcher, who has a record of 250. He is also securing contracts from half a dozen other players, and he trusts that he will have the best men in the Northern-Copper circuit.

The greatest game that will be seen in the east this year will be at Ottawa tonight when the Montreal Wanderers play there.

The High School will have Durand, of Strathcona, in uniform for their next hard game. They have permits for both he and Lendrum.

It looks all over like Houghton to land the championship in the International professional league. Three wins will do the trick and they have seven to play.

It is likely Ross will travel as spare man for the Intermediates for the balance of the season. Crockett, Gouveau and Ward will scramble for his place. Seaman is plenty fast enough to become a permanent fixture on the seven.

Medicine Hat will play at Duluth on May 15th—five days before the Western Canada league opens.

Parke Wilson, of the San Francisco seals, will look after the Vancouver club this coming season. He has been playing the game in California for years.

DR. ORONHYATEKHA

Dr. Oronhyatekha (Iron Sky) whose death was recorded in yesterday's patches, was the most prominent representative of the once powerful race of Ironquois, the Romans of the new world.

Dr. Oronhyatekha accordingly next went to Oxford and during his studies in England and abroad received the strongest reputation for ability and worthiness.

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JUDGE OF PLAY'S VERSION

Tells a Somewhat Different Story to Referee Gorman.

The Sporting Editor, Bulletin: Sir—Would you kindly give me space for the following in your valued paper.

I noticed in the Bulletin of Saturday, March 1st, a number of explanations from Referee Gorman in regard to the late hockey match between Edmonton and Strathcona in which he would lead the public to think that he knew it all and that the Judge of Play and others were a pack of fools.

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TWO VIEWS OF REGINA SERIES

Edmore Jaw News: The Regina hockey team got a bad grumbling in a series of games at Edmonton last week.

The Regina players are not at all disgraced by the travelling. The next game was even worse for the home team than away with the visitors, the score being six to one.

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YE CASTLE HOTEL

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The Railway of the Bay

The Long Hope of the West Nearing Realization--Government Considering How Best to Provide Transportation Line for Western Produce to Tide Waters on Hudson Bay.

Resolution introduced by Mr. W. E. Knowles, of West Assiniboia: "That in the opinion of this House it is urgently necessary that the Government should take all possible steps for the speedy construction of a railway to Hudson Bay."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier: I agree altogether with what has been said by my honorable friend from North Toronto that the time has come for the construction of this railway, and I may say to my honorable friend who has brought this question to the attention of the House and to the members of the House, especially to those friends who are particularly interested in this matter, that at this moment the subject is in the hands of the Government. I am not prepared to say that next week or the week after or within any short time we will have an announcement to declare on this subject.

Early in the session the hon. member for Qu'Appelle (Mr. Lake) brought before the House a resolution which expressed the opinion of the House that it is urgently necessary that the Government should take all possible steps for the speedy construction of a railway to Hudson Bay.

The GRAIN BLOCKADE
I desire to speak of the manner in which this lack of transportation facilities affects the grain growers of the west. On that occasion there was a somewhat prolonged debate but I am sorry to say that the unfortunate condition of affairs which we then all deplored was not nearly so serious as that which developed later.

On Canadian Pacific Railway running about one day late.

Here is another telegram signed by the Dominion Lands agent in the city of Calgary, and also addressed to the Deputy Minister of the Interior at Ottawa, dated January 10, 1907:

No question railway service entirely inadequate, smashing more cars than they are building. Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of grain would have been Liverpool and west in shippers' pockets but for lack of cars. By leaving more cars in coal until winter, it clashes with grain and stock shipments, all of which are delayed. There is no room for a rapidly growing country. There have been many general resolutions on organizations of various kinds. I desire to read something concerning one of them passed at a public meeting of the citizens of Lumsden, on December 22 last. I shall not read all of it but I will refer to the fact that the town of Lumsden is one of the old towns of Saskatchewan in the best condition in Lumsden as it is described.

For several weeks the four elevators at Lumsden have been completely filled with grain. The empty cars having been supplied about November 1.

This is from November 1 to December 22:

The major portion of the year's crop (nearly 500,000 bushels) is still in the elevators, and the storage space in the elevators, which we have the wheat, but we cannot get it out. I have letters from some men who have had their hands full of grain and they are humiliated as I submit no independent, hard-working, fair dealing citizen of Canada could be. They have toiled, they have wrought and they have brought forth from the earth the products of the soil, and as a representative of the west I submit that it is only fair that I should place before the members of this House the needs of the country that are living there may be able to realize the earnings of their soil.

Realizing that the existing state of affairs was causing great hardship to all classes throughout this district, and that the matter of transportation of such momentous importance as to demand immediate action, a public meeting was held in the hall of the town of Lumsden, on Wednesday, December 19, at which the following resolution was unanimously adopted. And then they proceeded to give the Canadian Northern Railway fit, but I shall not read the resolution at this moment.

THE CATTLE TRADE
There is another respect in which we lose the car shortage very seriously, and that is in our cattle trade. The number of cattle being in the town of Lumsden, in the month of January, was 1,000, and at that time there were 2,000 in that town. There were 2,000 in that town, and at that time there were 2,000 in that town. There were 2,000 in that town, and at that time there were 2,000 in that town.

THE PUEL QUESTION
Let me say a word or two with regard to what we have suffered on the question of the Puel. I am happy to say that the matter has been largely exaggerated. We have read in the newspapers about what will happen when the Puel is opened. I am not minimizing the seriousness of the proposition which faced us in the west. It is a serious question, but I am very glad to say that there was not that suffering, that feeling of death, which the papers in the west may have mentioned. Even now, I speak from advice I have received from many people. The weather conditions have been completely changed. I was speaking yesterday to a gentleman from Regina who owns one of the finest residences there, and who told me that for two days before he left, during the afternoon, and throughout the day, the furnace had been left unlighted, the weather being turned so rainy. And I am glad to say that the weather has been changed. There was no fear that cold weather would affect the settlement of the Puel. It is not founded on air, as people coming in, determined to be early in the country, even in advance of the approach of spring. But the fact remains that we did suffer more in contemplation more in the possibility of what might have happened than in what really did happen. And, as showing that this difficulty was in a way a very serious one, I am glad to say that the question of transportation should receive the most careful and speedy attention which the government and this House can give to it. (I desire first to speak of the extent to which the people there are using the transportation facilities now at their disposal. I need not say because it is a matter of fact that the transportation facilities in fact I am sorry to say, it multiplies throughout the whole world, that for the last few weeks or months the great prairie district of Canada has been most unfortunately and disastrously affected by the lack of transportation facilities. It has been brought before the House in one manner or another on several occasions.

the route that is proposed will pass through a country that will be a great deal easier to build a railway through than it is in many places in Canada. The route is laid, and from the Pas to Fort Churchill, the distance is 450 miles or 500 miles at the outside.

Mr. William Roche:—Will my hon. friend (Mr. Knowles) please tell me how many months of the year Hudson Bay is navigable?

FEASIBILITY
According to the best information I can get I would say that on an average it is navigable for four months. After leaving the Pas for forty miles the proposed route passes through a country which is virtually a desert. It is a most stupendous, very easy to construct a railway upon, and the immediate vicinity is very valuable for building purposes. We have commenced to know the value of that western country to Canada, is something that has surprised everybody in the last five years and at the end of the next five years the country will be just as much surprised and pleased at the progress which has been made in the west. It is simply now to bring this matter to the attention of the House.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER
The hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier (Prime Minister)—This is not the first time that we have heard of the opening of a railway to Hudson Bay; the project is as old as the first settlements in the Northwest Territories, and the question has become one of acute importance than ever before on account of conditions which have recently developed in the new provinces. As a result of these new conditions there has been a large increase in the population of the west, and it is now necessary to provide for the transportation of the surplus produce of the west. The hon. member for Halifax (Mr. Roche) has anticipated that difficulty, and I am glad to see how long the war has been open. That is the real difficulty which we are now faced with, and I can tell that only by reports which have been brought to us. One of the main objects of the bill is to provide for the transportation of the surplus produce of the west, and I am glad to see that the hon. member for Halifax (Mr. Roche) has anticipated that difficulty, and I am glad to see how long the war has been open.

Now, sir, what remedy can be applied for these evils I have mentioned. I have no doubt that the remedy to the government and to the people is that they take into their hands the matter of transportation of the surplus produce of the west. I am glad to see that the hon. member for Halifax (Mr. Roche) has anticipated that difficulty, and I am glad to see how long the war has been open.

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LAND DEALS REVIEW

Continued from Page Five

ter had borne in mind the drawing of the Union Trust company at a meeting held December 7th, the case of the company's land dealing, similar, commission is being provided for the action.

WESTERN LAND DEAL
The report next takes up mention of the Great West Land deal by Messrs. J. H. P. Powell, W. H. Bennett and Laforgue, M. P.'s. It explains a share of 500,000 shares of land syndicate from the A. P. R. The enterprise was financed by the Union Trust Company. The deal is a minute and technical one.

ANOTHER 'RETAINER'
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ALBERT DID NOT GO
The report explains upon the quiet transfer to the New West Great West Land company, which were owned by Messrs. McGillicuddy and Wilson, although this time the Union Trust company is the transferee. The deal is a minute and technical one.

THE SICKLER PROP.
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SHORT, HON. C. W. CROSS
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THE VOZEL MEAT AND PACKING CO., LIMITED
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P. HEIMINCK & CO.
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AGENTS
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Around the City

BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS SIGN AGREEMENT FOR 1930

There will be no labor trouble in the building trades in Edmonton during 1930.

An agreement has been reached between the Master Builders' Association and the Edmonton Carpenters' Union, No. 1235, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, which will cover the year 1930 and provide for every possible point of contention.

The agreement, which reflects credit on the "Diplomats," was negotiated by J. H. Miller, Chas. May and C. Anderson as representatives of the Builders' exchange, and W. A. Doyl, J. A. Kinney and P. C. Foley as representatives of the Building Trades Council.

The Building Trades Council.

The unions interested in the building trades in Edmonton are the carpenters, masons, bricklayers, plumbers, plasterers, builders' laborers, painters, electricians and sheet metal workers. Of these unions all are members of the building trades council or will be in the near future except the masons and bricklayers, who do not affiliate as a fundamental principle of their charter.

Carpenters Strongest Union.

There are two carpenters' unions in Edmonton, the United Brotherhood and the Amalgamated. Both work in harmony and the same wage scale invariably rules for both unions.

The United Brotherhood is not only the stronger carpenters' union but is the strongest union in the building trades council. It has a membership of 400, all of whom are active mechanics with their names on some pay roll in the city. Their agreement also rules for the Amalgamated, which has a membership of about 50.

Carpenters' Agreement is Criticized.

The agreement between the carpenters and the master builders is the important event of the labor year. It is the wind-vane, so to speak, which indicates the direction of the sentiment of both employer and employee.

Therefore, when the builders and carpenters reach an amicable agreement without hitch or friction, the public can rest assured that all is quiet on the Edmonton front. There will be no labor war.

Agreement is Quoted One.

The agreement which was reached by the committee representing both sides, and which has been notified by the union and by the builders' exchange, is a very advanced one and that perhaps could not have been reached in this city five years ago or even two years ago, under any circumstances.

Eight Hour Day.

It reaffirms the agreement for a universal eight hour day among the carpenters, for a rate of wages from \$3 to \$3.35 per day, for a distinct understanding that carpenters are not to job after hours, and that carpenters who become contractors must join the builders' exchange and become subject to all the regulations of that body, or pay a premium for their labor. The agreement is for a closed shop. It provides for the working out of the day, and it provides while it gives the builders protection against the irresponsible wood-butcher style of contract which also gives the carpenters protection through a possible harmonious working with other branches of the building trades.

Guarantee Labor Supply.

This agreement, reached at this early date in the building year, not only guarantees peace for the coming year, but also guarantees a supply of labor at least nearly commensurate with the demand. Labor supply is guaranteed. It does not flow freely to centre of disturbance. The towns in which good wages and work are being had are the towns that get the good mechanics and plenty of them. With the heaviest building year in the city's history in sight, it is now practically assured that there will be men enough to do the work and whether the building of the year be four million or five million will be a matter of no great difference as the labor will flow automatically to Edmonton from this time forth the same way that it flows to the big cities of the east and the American side.

Other Unions Will Follow.

Other unions will undoubtedly follow the carpenters in the near future. The builders' laborers' union have an agreement. The plasterers, electricians and sheet metal workers have not yet received their charters from their respective headquarters, but will undoubtedly be fully organized within the next thirty days and will come in under the agreement. The bricklayers and stone masons have an agreement of their own outside of the building trades.

Spirit of Agreement Guaranteed Peace.

The spirit demonstrated in the agreement between the carpenters and builders is a guarantee that all the other unions will be able to reach agreements with the master builders without friction, and by the time the building season is in full swing everything will be signed up, Edmonton will be a "fair" town and the year's work will be guaranteed.

PARKDALE AND BRENTON MINES

Yesterday the Brenton and Parkdale mines, recently purchased by the newly organized Edmonton Standard Coal Co., were taken over by the company. Mr. Munns, who formerly lived in Toronto and came to Edmonton last summer with the Manufacturers' Association, was then impressed with the project and floated the new company. The president is A. A. Laurie, Toronto; the engineer in charge is D. B. Evans, former superintendent of mines for the North-West, and the mines manager, Robert Livingston, formerly of the Galt mines in Lethbridge.

The new company propose to operate the mines on a large scale and put in an equipment to turn out from 500 to 1,000 tons a day. The present offices and shaft will be continued and an up town office opened later.

Mr. Munns is also identified with the Eastern Coal Co., with mines in Sydney, B.C., and the Casco Coal Development Co. of British Columbia. Speaking in the Bulletin this afternoon he stated that he expected fully serious coal famine next winter as has taken place this winter in parts of the West. Reason for this he gives as the fact that the mines of Alberta are now taxed to their fullest output and the great influx of population this summer which will make the demand next year much greater. In order to facilitate the supply of the demand Mr. Munns heartily approves of the proposed scheme of the board of trade to secure lower freight rates during the autumn months for transportation of coal to further eastern sections.

THE MINISTER REPLIES TO A

The bluff and insinuation of the leader of the opposition against the public works department of the province that has gained notoriety during the last few days was vigorously refuted by the minister of public works, Hon. W. H. Cushing, in his speech yesterday afternoon in the legislature. The leader of the opposition, Mr. J. H. McQueen, was promptly asked to formulate his suspicion as a regular charge, whereupon he veered off on another track.

Before the orders of the day were called the minister of public works called attention to what he termed misleading and untrue statements in regard to reports in the opposition press with reference to the irregularity of the request asked by the member for High River a short time ago in the House.

The minister said that if the press were not disposed to report the proceedings of the House in a fair manner and according to the facts as they transpired they had not better report at all.

Report Untrue.

The report as published in the Journal and in its editorial comment was untrue as regards the action of the minister in the House and the action of the department of public works.

Unworthy Journalism.

The foundation of the report was to publish facts as far as possible, but when it distorted the truth to advance its own political ends, it is unworthy of a place in the community. The minister here read from the Journal's article of Feb. 27th, 1930, how Mr. Cushing answered his questions. He first of all referred to the member for High River to the public accounts, which do not belong to the department but to the public. "It is true," said the minister, "that I did refer him to the public accounts. It is not true that the department does not furnish details."

The department furnished every detail showing the amount expended and the locality.

"The paper," said the minister emphatically, "is stating what is untrue, and they know it. They are stating what is untrue, and they know it. They are stating what is untrue, and they know it."

With reference to the ruling of the Speaker in the matter, Mr. Cushing said that the Speaker called the attention of the House to the irregularity of the request for an order of the House as set forth by the member for High River. The Speaker put the question into parliamentary form for the leader of the opposition. When the question arose in the regular course the minister referred him to the public works report. The leader of the opposition accepted the answer without complaint or dissent. He had the right to dissent at the time. But when he brought the matter up again and asked the same question, it was contrary to all parliamentary tradition and procedure.

The leader of the opposition no doubt accomplished the purpose of his question which was more for cheap notoriety than for information.

Expenditures by Constituents.

The policy of the government and the department was not to make expenditures by constituents. This was the policy. The money is spent where it is most needed. Some constituencies are more difficult to reach than others physically and engineering difficulties. The business of the department was to supply as far as possible the immediate needs of the province without regard to the limits of any particular constituency. It was not the business of the department to supply any particular constituency. If the leader of the opposition knew anything of the geography of his constituency he would know these things.

Extra Staff for Lazy Members.

The only way it would be profitable to furnish this information to the members who had lacked sufficient energy to do this for themselves would be to maintain an extra staff of clerks.

Following Precedent.

The minister stated the department was following precedent. In all the history of the North-West Territories no such information had been furnished by the administration. Mr. Haultain always took the position and was money for provincial purposes and not for any particular constituency.

Speaker Explains.

The Speaker explained his ruling in the House and put the question in parliamentary form. The motion was not in order. The Speaker explained his ruling in the House and put the question in parliamentary form. The motion was not in order. The Speaker explained his ruling in the House and put the question in parliamentary form. The motion was not in order.

EXCELLENT FIRE DRILL IN SCHOOLS

Edmonton—bright, well equipped, up to date Edmonton—need fear no such tragedy in its school annals as that which shocked Montreal and all Canada last Tuesday.

Edmonton schools have excellent fire drills, as the Bulletin proceeded to see for itself yesterday.

The fire drill in the public schools of Edmonton was a most successful one. The fire drill in the public schools of Edmonton was a most successful one. The fire drill in the public schools of Edmonton was a most successful one.

DEPARTMENT CONSULTS LEADER OF OPPOSITION

He further stated that last year the department sent him a form to be filled out, setting forth the requirements of the district, but mailed it to the wrong post office, and he did not get it.

Member is Suspicious.

The leader of the opposition upheld the newspaper report, saying that it was correct in every detail. He had desired the information for his constituents, and submitted a series of questions, which the Speaker had declared was out of order, and gave him a form in which to put the requisition.

The Speaker interrupted Mr. Robinson here to correct, saying he put the requisition in order at the time, and allowed it to go on the order paper and be answered, but therefore could not be answered again.

The Leader of the Opposition said he was suspicious and the ratepayers of his district would be suspicious too.

Mr. Cross: "Make a charge."

Without taking up the challenge the member for High River went on, stating that the newspaper in question had done the right thing in standing for what he called fair play. He could not understand when he asked for expenditures he should meet such charges, and it was a shame at the least newspaper should be attacked for its staff represented as flat rats.

Member for High River Asks Nothing.

Continuing, Mr. Cushing said that if the department had not done anything in the High River district but what the member for that district had asked him to do, he would not be difficult to make up the statements. However at any time asked or advised the department of improvements to any road or bridge in his constituency. Any information the department received it was obtained from other sources. The member for the district had not burdened himself with looking after its needs, but he could assure the House it received the same fair treatment that was accorded any other constituency in the province, which showed entire absence of narrow partisanship on the part of the department.

Equal Chance for All Members.

"With reference to the statement that 23 out of the 25 members in the House knew exactly how every dollar was expended in their constituencies, the minister said that the member for High River was in the same position as all the others to receive information. No other member had made such a request. Many do know what has been spent in their districts and have been kept informed. They looked after the business they were entrusted to perform."

Satisfied With Expenditures.

According to an interview with the High River Times last fall the minister said he learned that the member for High River had made a tour of his district, had learned its needs, and was well satisfied with what had been done. This information was given about the time of the Gleichen by-election, and it was blared abroad by the Calgary Herald that more grants had been spent in High River than in Gleichen. These statements had apparently been made to prejudice the administration in that election.

Thrifty, Judicious and Clean.

In closing, Mr. Cushing said the Government had administered the affairs of the province for over a year now, and had always endeavored to give clean and efficient government. It was gratifying to know that no

ACME CO.

Workmen commenced this morning at extensive alterations in the front and side of the Acme Company's store, corner of Jasper and Second streets. The alterations are being removed today. The ladies' dress goods, silks and domestic linens have been removed to the quarters at the second store; also the gentlemen's furnishings. The alterations are expected to take about ten days.

CONCERT AT NAMAO.

Namoo Melodists had the assistance of several city artists at their concert last night, which was an unqualified success and largely attended. Among the Edmonton people who took part were Miss Wright, Mrs. Host, who contributed a couple of piano duets; Mr. and Mrs. Luck with banjo and guitar; Mrs. L. J. Lavin, who sang; Mr. Birks, who sang; Mr. Riddell, of Albergo, who also present and delivered an address.

LEGISLATORS AT RUSSIAN CONCERT.

The premier and a number of the legislators have accepted the invitation of the organizers of the Russian Concert, which is to be given at the Opera House tonight. The opening hour is 8 o'clock sharp. Grace Church Quartet and a Russian choir will furnish the vocal music. Mr. Inspector McCaig being asked to come along also to the school.

WELSHMEN CELEBRATE.

A social gathering of about twenty Welshmen partook of a nice supper at the Prince Arthur cafe last night to celebrate St. David's Day. After supper a concert was held. Speeches were delivered by the chairman, E. E. Lavin, W. D. Jones and others. A new society will be formed in the city, the Cymry Fydd Society, with the following officers: President, W. E. Jones; secretary, E. E. Lavin.

DEATH OF EARLY STAGE DRIVER.

The death of Jack McDougall, a noted stage driver of the early days, and well known to many Albertans, is being commemorated in the province. The deceased was a brother of Mr. Archie McDougall, Stewart street, an old-timer of this district.

THE SEMERAD CASE.

The Semerad case came up again this forenoon before Magistrate Wade in the police court.

Mr. Robertson, for the defence, asked that judgment be deferred till the other charges were proceeded with. Mr. Newell quoted procedure in favor of an immediate judgment before the other charges were heard.

Magistrate Wade took the ground that at the present time, in view of the fact that Mrs. Towner had been at first summoned as a witness by the prosecution who later refused to put her on the stand, and that the entire evidence given was that of Mrs. Mikela, one of the principals, he would like to hear the testimony of Mrs. Towner and thought matters could best be settled by putting her on the stand.

Mr. Newell said that in consultation with the crown prosecutor he had been advised to withhold her and that he intended to do so. He would amend the conspiracy indictment to make it refer to Mrs. Mikela as well as to Mrs. Towner and Marsh.

This materially altered the case from the magistrate's point of view, as new evidence bearing on the first charge might be introduced in the later hearing and this might have an effect, involving the second charge.

On the request of Mr. Short, counsel for Mrs. Towner, an adjournment was made till 2:30 in order that the magistrate look over the written statement taken by the magistrate.

DEATH OF MRS. MCKEIL.

The death of Zella A. McKelil, wife of Robert J. C. McKelil, occurred yesterday at the General Hospital, where she had been lying quite ill for the past month. The deceased was about forty years of age; she leaves no family. The remains are in the chapel of the Alberta Undertaking company to be viewed by friends this evening. Tomorrow the body will be from "Edison" was excellent, and received very hearty applause.

The piano solos were delightful selections played with artistic merit. Miss Anderson contributing the "Rondo Capriccioso" and Mr. Barford the "Frustration."

Miss Alice McDougall, who has been for some time the accompanist of the club has resigned and the resignation was accepted. A new accompanist will be appointed at the club's meeting this week.

LADIES' MUSICAL CLUB.

The monthly meeting of the Ladies' Musical Club was held Saturday afternoon at the residence of Miss McDougall. The songs served after which the ladies adjourned to the spacious drawing room and spent an hour with the great composer, Mendelssohn. An excellent paper on the life of the old master was read by Mrs. Farquharson. Miss Tait's vocal number, "Oh, for the Wings of a Dove," was highly appreciated, as was also Miss Gardner's solo, "The First Violet." Mr. Stutbury's rendering of "Lord, God of Abraham," from "Edison" was excellent, and received very hearty applause.

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found the drill interesting. But what would they have done when the ominous stroke of the fire gong broke on their parliamentary debate and up the stairway came the echo of some hundred pairs of scampering feet? Would they have made a bolt in marching order to gain the stairway, and would the sergeant at arms—armed with his mace and sedately make the usual detour of the little glass lobby before joining in the stampede for the stairway?

Would the—hush, perhaps these speculations too nearly approach less majestic!

It is enough that Edmonton schools have fire drills equal to any, and that in his rambles through the luxuriant crops and pastures of his riding he has been as observant as the most trained botanist.

BIG TURNOVER OF VERMILION LANDS.

(Monday's Daily)

The largest Alberta land sale made this winter was completed in Winnipeg a few days ago by Mr. Sharvin, of The Times Wright & Co. It consisted of a block of land of 32,000 acres nearly all open prairie in the famous Vermilion valley district, which is understood to have been bought by the C. N. R. and G. T. P. main lines, between Battleford and Edmonton, and the price paid was in the neighborhood of a quarter of a million dollars. The firm sold it to one Toronto and two Winnipeg buyers in one block, and it is understood that the handling and control over it. Never before in Western Canada's history has the demand for such blocks been so keen especially from the States.

ENGLISH HOMESTEADER DEAD.

(Monday's Daily)

The remains of Kenneth Keene, aged twenty, of Brighton, England, who settled on a homestead at Athabasca Landing a year ago, were brought to the city yesterday and will be shipped to England tomorrow. Keene succumbed recently to appendicitis. The body is accompanied by Mrs. McKeil, who came out last year with the deceased.

PRISONERS SENTENCED.

(Monday's Daily)

At the supreme court this morning an Indian named Bouleau was arraigned for stealing a bag of flour from Hishop & Nagle. He pleaded guilty claiming he was drunk at the time. Mr. Justice Harvey sentenced him to two months in the penitentiary.

Everett Neill, who accepted several weeks ago from the Edmonton penitentiary a copy of the "Edmonton Herald" Saturday and pleaded guilty. He was given an additional six months.

A SUGGESTION FOR THE C. N. R.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has begun tree planting on quite extensive scale along its western lines. A contract has been let for a small acreage of breaking near Wainwright, on which the company has planted a large number of trees. A piece of ground is also to be planted at Medicine Hat with jack pine and tamarac for the same purpose. Over 100 miles of trees are to be planted between Winnipeg and Calgary for snow breaks, and at several stations trees are to be planted around the station grounds and prizes are to be offered for the section foreman who makes the best show.

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