

## The Campaign.

**Satisfactory Liberal Nominations at St. John, N. B.**

**North Perth Conservative Convention Ended in a Row.**

**West Durham Election Trial Results in Favor of the Member-Elect—The School Question in Quebec.**

### CHARLEVOIX COUNTY.

QUEBEC, Feb. 25.—Mr. Perreault, who was only defeated at the elections of 1891 by a majority of 25 for Mr. Cimon, has again accepted the Liberal candidature for Charlevoix.

**WEST NORTHUMBERLAND LIBERALS.**

COBBOURG, Feb. 25.—No immediate nomination was the result of the Liberal convention which met here Saturday afternoon. After some time spent in careful debate as to who was the fittest man to be the standard-bearer of the Liberal cause in West Northumberland, the convention with singular unanimity tendered the nomination to Wm. Kerr, Q.C., LL.D., "the old warhorse," as he is styled in the riding, the man who in the past has led the party to victory, and who is regarded as certain to carry the constituency again if he will place himself in the field. Personal considerations made Mr. Kerr extremely reluctant to accept the nomination, but he was given a week in which to decide, the convention adjourning for two weeks.

### FAILED TO NOMINATE.

Stratford Beacon: The Conservatives met in convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the House of Commons. For some reason or other—the blame is laid on the snow blockade—a good many of the delegates were absent, and the convention adjourned till March 5, without nominating a candidate. Messrs. Wm. Alexander, W. S. Dinkman, John Read and S. R. Henson were in favor of endorsing the candidature of Mr. Freeborn, the McCarthyite. Mr. F. W. Gearing led in a vigorous protest against this proposal. Mr. Gearing wanted a delegation appointed to interview Mr. Freeborn, who was understood to be in the village, to ascertain whether or not his Conservative principles were as sound as ever. If they were not, Mr. Gearing declared that he and others would support Mr. Grieve in preference. The delegation was not appointed, and after an elegant row as one could wish to see or take part in, the convention adjourned.

### THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

The Manitoba school question is coming more and more to the point in Quebec Provinces as the campaign goes on, and there is an increasing feeling that the Government will make an attempt to settle the question before the elections in order to retain its ground in Quebec. This impression is carefully fanned by the French Conservative newspapers. La Presse, the evening French Conservative organ, gives the following version of the caucus: "The Minister of Public Works explained to his friends that under the present circumstances it would be extremely difficult to obtain from the House complete redress of the grievances of the Catholics, because the members from the English Provinces on the eve of presenting themselves again before the electors would not dare to vote in favor of the complete remedial measures which Sir Mackenzie Bowell intends to propose, while after the elections, after the members were elected for five years, it would probably be as easy to obtain ample justice for Catholics. The Government has determined to present itself before the people with a definite programme on this question. The programme will be announced in an order in Council, and if the House elected at the next elections refuses to sanction it, the present Ministry, if retained in power, would make it a question of life or death, as it would be bound to do in consequence of the order in Council previous to the elections."

Such was the explanation of Mr. Outmet, and in face of it the meeting contented to election immediately. La Presse goes on to say that Ministers from this Province were requested by their chief to go to the bishops of the Province of Quebec, while others went to the bishops of other Provinces to submit to them the proposed order in Council mentioned in the preceding proposal. The Federal Parliament will appropriate for the maintenance of Catholic separate schools the immense area of land reserved for public instruction in the Province of Manitoba. This is the story outlined by La Presse.

### THE WEST DURHAM ELECTION TRIAL.

TORONTO, Feb. 25.—Judgment was given this morning by Judges Rose and Ferguson on the charge of kidnapping in the West Durham election case, the point having been reserved from the trial at Bowmanville last week. The charge was sustained, but was not deemed sufficient to void the election, all the other charges having been already dismissed. Mr. W. R. Reid, the Conservative member-elect was, therefore, declared confirmed in his seat. Costs were given against the petitioner in every charge, save that of kidnapping, which was proved.

### MR. JOLY ACCEPTS.

QUEBEC, Feb. 25.—Hon. H. G. Joly has accepted the Liberal candidature in Portneuf.

### EAST ELGIN LIBERALS.

The Liberal convention to nominate a candidate for the Commons for East Elgin, postponed on account of the smallpox, will be held in the town hall, Aylmer, on Monday, March 4, at 1 p.m.

### SIR DONALD SMITH SELECTED.

It has been decided to nominate Sir Donald Smith as the Conservative candidate in Montreal West at the coming elections.

### IN LINE.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 25.—At St. John, N. B., the Liberal delegates from the different electoral districts in the city and county met tonight, and on the first ballot selected G. W. Weldon as the candidate for the county and J. V. Ellis for the city. The selection gives great satisfaction to the Liberal party generally.

### NOTES.

Mr. Wm. Patterson, M.P., will speak at Leamington tonight.

The Liberal convention for Terrebonne will be held on March 5.

Ernest Pacaud denies that he is to run in Drummond and Arthabaska.

The Conservatives are arranging for

a series of meetings in and around Montreal in March. Sir Mackenzie Bowell will attend the Montreal meeting.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier will address a district meeting at Vankleek Hill for the counties of Prescott, Russell, Glengarry, Valcartier and Labelle some time during the month of March.

A convention of Liberals and opponents of the Federal Government will be held in Shoal Lake on March 8 for the purpose of selecting a candidate to represent Marquette in the Commons.

The Liberal candidates in the district of Three Rivers have all been chosen as follows: Nicolet, Mr. Leduc, M.P.; Maskinonge, Mr. Legris, M.P.; Champlain, Dr. Trudel, M.P.P.; Three Rivers and St. Maurice, Dr. Fiset.

Mr. Jeannotte (Con.), M. P. for L'Assomption, maintains that the duty of the Government is to call a session at once, unless the Catholic episcopate approves of the scheme of settlement above explained, and the opportunity of making an immediate appeal to the country.

The Liberals of Two Mountains held a highly successful convention at St. Scholastique. The candidature was unanimously offered to Charles Champagne, Q.C., of Montreal. Mr. Champagne would not accept it at once, but requested time, which was granted, to consult Mr. Laurier. It is probable that he will accept and be the opponent of Joseph Girouard, the present member.

## Ontario Legislature.

**Twenty Minutes Session of the Assembly.**

**A Commission Will Investigate the University Trouble—Delegations Received by the Government.**

(Special to the "Advertiser.")

### LEGISLATIVE CHAMBER.

TORONTO, Feb. 25. A very brief session was held this afternoon, the House sitting for only twenty minutes. After Mr. W. H. Reid was introduced the only thing done was the important announcement by Hon. Mr. Ross, in reply to a question from Mr. Whitney as to the University troubles, that President Laidlaw is having in his official capacity. The Government decided to issue a commission in a few days with full powers of investigation.

In reply to another question from Mr. Whitney, Sir Oliver Mowat explained that the Government's proposed Law Reform Bill will have the effect of lessening the number of appeals from courts of first instance, so as to cheapen procedure and facilitate speedy decisions. To deal properly with county and division courts, the Premier said, would need the setting of so many important details that he would not say whether they would be able to deal with more than the Superior Court this session. The matter of surrogate fees, he added, is being looked into.

Hon. Mr. Dryden replied to yet a further question of Mr. Whitney's, that the Government is inquiring into the best way of aiding the creameries, but had come to no decision as yet.

These questions answered and some routine work disposed of, the House adjourned. Rather important was a conference which Deputy Commissioner of Crown Lands White had with Father Pease and others regarding the intended French-Canadian settlers from Michigan. The party discussed the details of the scheme at great length, and it was decided to propose to Mr. Hardy an arrangement which will involve the spending of about \$175,000 for the 3,000 settlers promised. The request is that each Government—the Dominion and the Ontario—shall give \$37,500 cash to help the settlers when clearing and building; that the Ontario Government shall build roads to the extent of \$60,000 or \$70,000, and that the C. P. R. and Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway give free transportation, which is equivalent to \$30,000 more. The request will go before the Government.

In the interview with the Government which the representatives of the Grange had, Hon. Mr. Hardy asked the secretary as to the contradictory reports which have been sent to him as to the Grange's attitude to the Dominion Government's move to assist the butter trade. The secretary replied that the Grange approved the proposal to furnish cold storage, but with regard to the proposition to buy the butter at 20 cents a pound, thinks that the butter industry should stand on its own merits. The Government promised to look into the Grange's requests for legislation.

Dr. McKay, of South Oxford, has retired from the position of Government whip, and Mr. W. B. Wood, of South Brant, a very popular, active and faithful member, has been appointed to this honorable and responsible position. A new but vigorous young member, Mr. George A. Dana, of Brockville, has been appointed assistant whip. East and west are thus well represented.

### WHAT THE GRANGERS WANT.

The Government was interviewed this afternoon by the executive of the Dominion Grange, who laid before it the requests of that body for changes in the law. These requests are for a prohibition of allowing the sewage of towns to be emptied into rivers without purification; that coroners have power to commit prisoners without further magisterial inquiry; that township assessments stand for five years unless otherwise ordered by councils; that township councils be empowered to abolish the office of tax collector, and taxes to be paid to the treasurer; that the Agriculture and Arts Association having outlived its usefulness, a large portion of the money spent on it should be saved, and that the expense of the Central Farmers' Institute be curtailed and the money given to the various agricultural and horticultural societies, and that county councils be reduced, leaving only sent, and each reeve to have as many votes as equalized assessment of his township justifies.

### THE REPATRIATION SCHEME.

Mr. Aubrey White, Deputy Commissioner of Crown Lands, was closeted all day with Father Paradis, the priest who is trying to bring 3,000 French-Canadians back from Michigan into the Nipissing district, and Mr. A. M. Burgess, Deputy Minister of the Interior, Mr. L. O. Armstrong, Mr. McNicol, the well-known C. P. R. agent, and several representatives of the intending settlers. The party has been working all day over the details of a scheme of colonization, which will, when completed, be presented to Mr. Hardy, and by him, if he approves, to the Government.

## RADICAL REFORM.

**Bill for Disestablishment in Wales introduced.**

In the British House of Commons.

### JOHN MORLEY ILL.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Mr. John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, is confined to his bed from the effects of a chill with which he was attacked today.

### WHOLESALE SLAUGHTER.

ROME, Feb. 25.—A dispatch received from Massowah says that King Menelik's expedition to South Abyssinia killed 7,000 tribesmen, or one-tenth of the number given by the Tribuna.

### FIVE HUNDRED MINERS IMPRISONED.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The cages collided in the shaft of the Whitewood colliery at Normanton, near Leeds, today. The shaft was damaged so badly that it has been impossible to bring up any of the 500 miners who were below at the time of the accident. Much anxiety is felt for their safety.

### DISESTABLISHMENT IN WALES.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—In the House of Commons, Home Secretary Asquith moved the first reading of the Disestablishment of the Church in Wales Bill. Mr. Asquith said the bill proposed that the church should cease to be established in Wales and Monmouth in January, 1897; that provision be made for the formation of a representative body made up from the clergy and laity, to which power should be given to regulate ecclesiastical matters; that the church should be transferred to this body and the glebes to the parish, districts and town councils, and that other property vested in the church be placed in the hands of a commission of clergy, who should receive their present emoluments during their lives, the income from the remainder of the property to be used in the erection and maintenance of hospitals, dispensaries and convalescent homes; to provide nurses for the sick poor, for laborers, dwelling allotments, and for technical higher education. The opponents of the bill, he said, might accuse them of attempting to secularize religious funds, but the Government held that the purposes mentioned were truly religious and that there would be no profanation of a fund dedicated to pious uses in applying it to the relief of the suffering. The bill was conceived in an honest desire to satisfy a genuine demand of a vast majority of the Welsh people, with a least possible detriment to the interests of the church.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Conservative member for West Bristol, replied to Mr. Asquith. He characterized as sheer political cant the Home Secretary's remarks as to the appropriation of church property for charitable purposes. The Government proposals, he said, were without precedent in English history, and would be resented by millions of English men and women.

## Late Canadian News.

**A Package of \$20,000 Worth of Coupons Missing.**

**Brakeman Killed While Coupling Cars—Work on the T. H. and B. R. Booming.**

Work on the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo railway is now being rushed on at lively pace.

Lady Aberdeen is to attend the annual meeting of the National Council of Women in Washington, D. C.

Bradstreet's reports the assignments of Wellington Dunbar, grocer, Leamington, and James F. McGarvey, grocer and butcher, St. Marys.

The syndicate who have bought the Hamilton bridge works are considering the advisability of moving the works out of Hamilton to escape excessive taxation.

The Poultry and Pet Stock Association held their first annual exhibition in the Victoria Opera House, Cobourg, commencing today (Tuesday), and lasting four days.

Neil McDougall, of Antigonish, N. S., brakeman on the Intercolonial Railway, was killed at Riversdale on Monday morning while coupling cars, his foot catching in a frog.

Florence O. Kerman, the well-known actress, formerly of Belleville, was married on Monday at Richmond, Ind., to Mr. Hannigan, business manager of the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Company.

The Montreal street railway has discovered a conspiracy for defrauding it. The conductors were provided with a small trough of nickel or German silver, which is put into the slot at the top of the box, and the 5 cent pieces slide out into the operator's hand.

A package of coupons representing \$20,000, which was given to Ernest Clark, a messenger of the Canada Life Assurance Company, to mail at Hamilton postoffice, has been lost and no trace of it can be found. Clark admits he failed to post the package, but does not know what disposal he made of it.

The trial test of the new Merryweather fire engine purchased by the Winnipeg city council was proceeding satisfactorily, when there was a sudden explosion, one of the flues of the boiler bursting. The cause was the turning off of the water supply by John McLaren while the engineer's back was turned. McLaren has been arrested.

Albert H. Knowles, who has resided at Thorold, Dunnville, and Niagara Falls South, charged with obtaining false naturalization papers, was mandated at Buffalo on Monday in default of \$1,000 bail for trial at the United States District Court at Utica in March. He was James Walton, of Tonawanda, who was a neighbor and friend of the prisoner when both lived in Canada.

## House-Seekers

Read the ADVERTISER.

Rent your house. An ad. in the Advertiser for one time will cost

15c

No empty houses after an ad. with us. SEE NEXT PAGE.

## First in Canada.

**The McClary Company's Enamel Works in Operation.**

**And Buyers No Longer Need to Import Their Goods.**

**Up-to-Date Machinery and Skilled Imported Workmen.**

**An Interesting Description of an Interesting Process, Which Has Been Jealously Guarded by the Different Manufacturers.**

London may now lay claim to the honor of possessing the first Enamel Works successfully operated in Canada. This is in accordance with the intention briefly outlined by Mr. John McClary when he appeared before the City Council, some time last fall, and received permission to pipe petroleum, to be used as fuel, from the G. T. R. track to the building. Since that time the work has been going on, and the chimney alone, as it progressed skyward, giving any indication of what was going on. There was no ceremony either at the laying of the corner stone, or on the completion of the building. The city fire brigade, however, felt called upon to be present when the fires were started. The burning petroleum caused an immense amount of smoke before the burners became properly adjusted, and a pedestrian, fearing that the factory was in flames, called out the brigade. After the fires had been in operation for two weeks, it was concluded that the kilns (or muffles, as they are known to the trade) were about hot enough to commence operations.

Fortunately the process was found to be successful from the turning out of the very first vessel. This would not be a matter of comment in an ordinary business, but the secret process of enamelling has been so jealously guarded by the manufacturers that it is very difficult to successfully turn out work even after many trials, let alone the very first.

"Hitherto this ware has all been imported into Canada," said Mr. Wm. A. Gunn, secretary of the McClary Company, to a reporter, "but we came to the conclusion, although it involved a large expenditure of capital, and was considerable of an experiment, to try it."

"The process has generally been considered a secret, different factories owning different formulae of their own, which they hold very closely. The secret was obtained at a great deal of trouble and expense—not only to get the process, but to get skilled workmen to operate it."

"The work requires very careful and delicate manipulation from start to finish, as any fault in any of the various operations through which the vessels go will render the whole work useless."

"We have done exceptionally well in being able to produce the ware. One firm in the United States are said to have spent \$100,000 and never put a vessel on the market."

"The outlay on building plant has already been large, and further additions are to be made at once. All the skilled workmen are Germans, and they thoroughly understand their business. We will supply everything in the line of enamel goods known to the trade."

The work takes its start in a machine shop, where, with deafening sound, ponderous machines stamp sheets of steel into the many shapes in which enameled ware is required. Then they are taken to the enamelling shop to be annealed, or subjected to an intense heat that causes the steel to become softened and facilitates its being chemically cleaned.

The visitor who follows the process next finds himself in a room full of vapor and steam of a rather peculiar odor. Large crates stand around, which when filled with the steel vessels sink into chemical baths constructed beneath the floor. After being treated to several baths of this kind, they are handled by men who thoroughly scour them with sand and water. Then comes another chemical bath, and the articles are ready for the first coat of enamel, known as the base.

Men who are known as the "slushers," stand over vats of liquid enamel, dipping the goods. After this process they are put by the "slushers" in peculiarly shaped iron stands, which are then placed on racks to dry. After drying they are ready for the first burning. This coat leaves them nearly black in color, and the vessels look quite cool, but it does not take long to find out that everything black in an enamelling shop is not cool. After the first burning they are again dipped in enamel and burned again, and yet once more. The process is repeated three times in all.

The work is carried on day and night in order that the muffles may not be allowed to cool. The fires never die out. The petroleum and air, which composes the fuel, is injected under the muffles with much pressure, and the roar of the column of flame is tremendous. Behind the furnace the boilers are situated, and here the steam is generated for heating and cleaning purposes. Very expensive fire brick is used in the construction of the muffles, and the quantity used in building them was enormous.

The enterprise is an entirely new one in Canada, and a very important addition to the manufacturing of the city of London. The entire work of the process from start to finish is done on the McClary premises. The machinery is new and complete, and the workmen skilled in every branch, and the company is deserving of the patronage of all Canadian dealers in enamel ware, not only for the reason that it is a home industry, but from the fact that the ware is equal in appearance and quality to that hitherto imported from England, Germany and the United States.

### Cut Flowers.

We make a specialty of Cut Flowers and our collection, which includes Roses, Carnations, Violets, etc., is one of the finest in the city. We superintend and control our own greenhouses and are careful that none but the finest flowers go to our stores. Have your order a day or two in advance of the time of delivery and get first choice of fresh flowers. Funeral designs and wedding arrangements promptly attended to. GREENWAY, 235 Dundas Street. Phone 743.

# KINGSMILL'S

—ARE—

# MERCHANT TAILORS

## Kingsmill's

Have the Largest Carpet Ware house in the Dominion.

## Kingsmill's

Have a most complete Ladies' Muslin Underwear Department. Anything made to your order if not in stock.

## Kingsmill's

Have a First-Class Dressmaker. Most reasonable charges.

## Kingsmill's

Carry more Silks in stock than the combined retail stocks of the city. Our prices make the business.

## Kingsmill's

Ordered Clothing Department contains everything in Cloths and Tweeds you could wish for. Our cutter takes second place to none.

## Kingsmill's

Start Wednesday, and from day to day will show fresh Spring Novelties from the looms of the world in all departments.

# KINGSMILL'S

The London Leaders.







# WHISKARD'S

230-232 Dundas St.

Just received PER SPECIAL IMPORT, 6 Cases of MILLINERY and MILLINERY NOVELTIES, in Hats, Flowers, Jet Sprays, Jet Birds, Buckles, Pins, etc.

Just received, full line of Fine Swiss Spot Dress Muslins.

5,000 yards Silk Ribbon Velvet, satin back,  
5c, 8c, 10c, 12c, 15c YARD.

New Goods—Special line of Linen Torchon Lace, colored edge for trimming,  
4c, 5c, 7c YARD.

A new line of Art Sateens, beautiful shades, only  
20c YARD

Also a line of Art Sateens,  
12c YARD

See our special line of Embroidery, wide width, only  
5c YARD

Apron Linen, 40 inches wide, BORDERED,  
20c YARD

Extra value in Chenille Table Covers,  
50c, \$1, \$2 EACH

Floor Oil Cloth, 36 inches wide,  
25c YARD

Floor Oil Cloth, 72 inches wide, only  
50c YARD

Children's Black Wool Mitts,  
12c, 15c PAIR

Ladies' Black Wool Mitts,  
20c PAIR

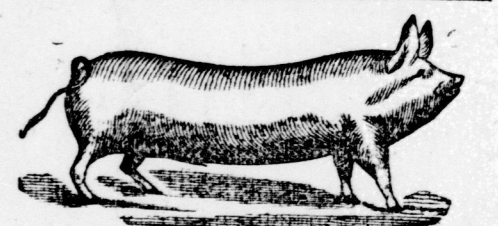
## Whiskard's

One Week Only

28 pounds Redpath Granulated Sugar and 5 pounds First-Class Tea for

\$2 10 Cash.

The  
Fitzallen, Grocer.



BACON, HAMS,  
TENDERLOINS, KIDNEYS,  
SWEETBONES, HEARTS,

The Canadian Packing Co.  
Store, Richmond St.

LEADING HOTELS.



ROSEBANK HOUSE,  
TORONTO, CANADA.

On account of increased patronage it has been found necessary to enlarge this popular addition, which has been done by the

ADDITION OF 75 ROOMS.  
elegantly furnished en suite, with baths. The latest exposed sanitary plumbing adopted throughout. The Russian is the largest hotel in the Province, having accommodation for 500 guests, and is the only one in Toronto complete in all its appointments.

HOTEL IMPERIAL, Cor. Michigan and 12th St., Chicago. One of the largest and best in the city. Rooms \$1 per day and up. Send for circular. Half a block from 12th street exit of the new Michigan Central station. All baggage delivered from Michigan Central depot. No cab fares necessary. Look out for our porter at the station. If you want comfort, convenience and economy, stop at the new

HOTEL IMPERIAL, CHICAGO.

It is said that in London there are no fewer than 10,000 professional musicians of various grades, and that more than half of them are women.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego Cal., says: "Buloh's Oatmeal Remedy is the best medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by W. T. Brown.

### BENAIAH'S VICTORY.

"He Slew a Lion in a Pit in a Snowy Day."

Practical Lessons from an Incident of Bible History, Elucidated by Rev. Dr. Talmage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Dr. Talmage took for his subject yesterday afternoon "A Snowy Day," the text selected being I. Chronicles, xl, 22: "He went down and slew a lion in a pit in a snowy day." Benaiiah was a man of stout muscle and of great avoirdupois. His father was a hero, and he inherited prowess. There is trouble in all the neighborhood. Lambs are carried off in the night, and children venturing only a little way from their father's house are found mangled and dead. One morning a step of a lion was found tracked in the snow, and Benaiiah, with only the old-time weapon, follows the trail until he finds the beast in its retreat. Then he jumps into the pit, and the lion, with shining teeth of rage, and claws fitted to tear to shreds the last vestige of human life, springs for the man, while Benaiiah springs for the beast. But the quick stroke of the steel edge flashes again, and again, and again, until the snow was no longer white, and the right foot of triumphant Benaiiah is half covered with the tawny main of the slain horrid of Palestine.

Three things were against Benaiiah of my text in the moment of combat—the snow that impeded his movement, the pit that environed him in a small space, and the lion, with open jaws and lifted paw. You say "I could stand one trouble, and I think I could stand two; but three are at least one too many." There is a man in business perplexity, and who has sickness in his head, and old age is coming on. Three troubles—a lion, a pit and snowy day. There is a good woman with failing health, and a dissipated husband, and a wayward boy—three troubles! There is a maiden with difficult school lessons, a prospect that through hard times she must quit school before she graduates—three troubles! There is an author, his manuscript rejected, his power of origination in decline, his numbness in forefinger and thumb, which threatens paralysis—three troubles! This is the opportunity to play the hero or the heroine, not on a small stage with a few hundred spectators, but on a large stage, with all the galleries of heaven filled with sympathetic and applauding spectators, for we are "surrounded by a great crowd of witnesses." My brother, my sister, my father, my mother, what a chance you have! While you are in the struggle, if you only have the grace of Christ to listen, a voice parts the heavens, saying: "My grace is sufficient for thee"; "Whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth"; "You shall be more than conquerors."

Paul had three troubles. Sanhedrin denouncing him—that was one great trouble; physical infirmity, which he called a "thorn in the flesh," that was the second trouble; approaching martyrdom—that made the three troubles. Yet, hear what he says: "Sorrowful, yet always rejoicing; poor, yet making many rich; having nothing, yet possessing all things." "Thanks be unto God, who giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ." David had three troubles—a bad boy, a temptation to dissoluteness, a throne. What does he say? "God is our refuge and our strength, a very present help in time of trouble. Therefore, will not we fear, though the earth be removed, and though the mountains be cast into the midst of the sea." John Wesley had three troubles—denunciation by mobs, domestic infidelity, fatigue from more sermons preached and more miles traveled than almost any man of his time. What does he say? "The best of all is, God is with us." And he says to his poet brother, Charles Wesley, said to him, "Brother John, if the Lord were to give me wings, I'd fly." John's reply was, "Brother Charles, if the Lord told me to fly, I'd do it, and leave him to find the wings."

George Whitefield had three troubles—rejection from the pulpits of England because he was too dramatic, that was one trouble; strabismus, or the crossing of his eyes, that subjected him to the caricature of all the small wits of the day; vermin and dead animals thrown at him while he preached on the commons—that made three troubles. Nevertheless, his sermons were so buoyant that a little child dying soon after hearing him preach said in the intervals of pain, "Let me go to Mr. Whitefield's God." Notice in my text a victory over bad weather. It was a snowy day, over bad weather, it was at low ebb, and the spirits are naturally depressed. Inspiration here admits atmospheric hindrance. The snowy day demolished Napoleon's army on the way from Moscow. The inclemency of January and February weather has some times bankrupted thousands of merchants. Long succession of stormy Sabbaths has crippled innumerable churches. Tens of thousands of Christians nervous temperament by the depraved of a snowy day almost despair of reaching heaven. Yet in that style of weather Benaiiah's victory, and let us by the grace of God become victors over influences atmospheric. If we are happy only when the wind blows from the clear above freezing point, and the sky is an inverted blue cup of sunshine poured in all over us, it is religion 95 per cent. off. Thank God, there are Christians whose sickness has been a snowy day, have killed every lion of despondency that dared to put its cruel paw against their suffering pillow. Christ landed in our stormy month of December, to show us that we might have Christ in winter weather, and on a snowy day. Notice everything down in the pit that snowy day depended upon Benaiiah's javelin? Was it a knife? Was it a sword? But everything depended upon it. But for that Benaiiah's body under one been left limp and tumbled in the snow. And when you and I go into the fight with temptation, if we have not the right kind of weapon, instead of our slaying the lion, the lion will slay us. The sword of the Spirit! No sword of earth or hell can stand before that. By that I mean prayer to God, confidence in his rescuing power, saving grace, Al you call it: I call it "Sword of the Spirit." And if the lions of all the jungles of perdition should at once spring upon your soul, by that weapon of heavenly metal you can thrust them of back, and cut them down, and stab them through, and leave them powerless at your feet. Go into the fight against sin on your own strength, and the result will be the hot breath of the lion in your blanched face, and his front

paws, one on each lung. Alas! for the man not fully armed, down in the pit, on a snowy day, and before him a lion. All true hearers and readers have a big fight of some sort on hand, but the biggest and the wraithiest lion you have to fight is what the Bible calls the roaring lion, who walketh about, seeking whom he may devour." The Apostle Peter calls the devil a lion. That means strength. That means bloodthirstiness. That means cruelty. That means destruction. Some of you have felt the strength of his paw, and the sharpness of his tooth, and the horror of his rag. But I am glad to say to all of you who have got the worst in such a struggle, that there is a Lion on our side. If you want him: Revelation, v, 5: "The Lion of Judah's tribe." A Lamb to us, but a Lion to meet that other lion, and you can easily guess who will beat in that fight, and who will be beaten.

A word to all who are in a snowy day. Oh, fathers and mothers who have lost children, that is the weather that cuts through soul and body. But drive back the lion of bereavement with the thought which David Rae, of Edinburgh, got from the Scotch grave-digger, who was always planting white flowers and the sweetest flowers on the children's graves in cold weather, when asked why he did so, replied, "Surely, sir, I cannot make over fine the bed coverin' o' a little innocent sleeper that's waitin' there till it's God's time to waken it, coz it's with the white robe, and wait it away to glory. When sic grandeur is awaitin' it yonder it's fit it should be decked out here. I think the Saviour that counts its dust as precious will like to see Laid in the clover sheet spread over it. Do ye no think so too, sir?" Cheer up, all disconsolates! The best work for God and humanity has been done on the snowy day. Benaiiah's victory on a snowy day, gained leonine triumph. Hardship and trouble have again and again exalted, and inspired, and glorified their subjects.

The bush itself has mounted higher. And flourished, unconsumed, in fire. Cold, fatigue, hardship and danger will be forgotten when you enter the harbor of heaven. You have had a rough voyage. Snowy day after snowy day. Again and again the machinery of health and courage broke down, and the waves of temptation have swept clear over the hurricane deck, so that you were often content to say, "All thy waves and thy billows have gone over me," and you were down in the trough of that sea, and down in the trough of the other sea, and many despondencies will like to see Laid in the great Pit, the one who walked storm-swept Galilee, and now walks the wintry Atlantic, comes on board, and heads you for the haven, when no sooner have you passed the narrow of death than you find all the banks lined with immortals celebrating your arrival; while some break off palm branches from the banks and wave them, those standing on one side will chant, "The shall be no more sea," and those standing on the other side will chant, "These are they which came out of great tribulation, and had their robes washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb." Off of the stormy sea into the smooth harbor. Out of leonine struggle in the pit to guidance by the Lamb, who shall lead you to living fountains of water. Out of the snowy day of earthly adversities into the gardens of everlasting flora and into orchards of eternal fruitage, the fall of their white blossoms the only snow in heaven.

### SCHOOL TEACHERS BEWARE!

A Profession Not Overpaid That Has Many Dangers.

Badly Ventilated Schools and Contact With Disease.

Paine's Celery Compound Cleanses the Blood and Keeps Up Strength and Vitality.

It Banishes Langour, Despondency and Irritability.

The majority of our public school teachers, male and female, have many dangers to face in a profession that is never overpaid.

Many teachers are suffering today from maladies and diseases contracted in crowded and badly-ventilated school buildings; the seeds of fatal troubles are taken into the system from impure food, draughts, and contact with children who carry infectious diseases from their homes.

At this moment hundreds of school teachers are invalids, or go about the performance of their duties in a half-dead way. Nervous troubles are prevalent amongst teachers; headache, dyspepsia, languor, irritability and despondency are common troubles, and make life truly miserable.

The school teachers' friend and life-giver, Paine's Celery Compound, has done a wonderful work in the ranks of the afflicted ones. During the year 1894 scores of cases have come before our notice, and sick and weary teachers have been restored to new life, energy and activity through the use of nature's wonderful medicine.

Paine's Celery Compound has been a true blessing to every teacher who has used it. The great medicine has done its work promptly and efficaciously. It always begins its operations at the great nerve centers; it cleanses and purifies the blood, and drives all impurities from the system; it strengthens every digestive organ, and builds up the entire system. Every school teacher in the land, male and female, should use Paine's Celery Compound if he or she desires perfect bodily strength is desired.

In several European countries, including France and Belgium, elections are always held on Sunday.

It's the embodiment of perfect strength, Dr. Price's, as it's absolutely pure.

Away from the treaty ports a Japanese barber charges 3-4 of a cent for a shave. If he has to go to his customer's house the price is about 4 cents.

The demand for our elegant line of furniture at the ridiculous low price tells more plainly than words that the people want. Try for yourself, W.M. TRAFFORD, 95 and 97 King street.

### The Agricultural Savings and Loan Company.

The 23rd general annual meeting of this company was held in its offices, London, Ontario, on Wednesday the 18th of February 1895. The meeting was largely attended by shareholders, Daniel Regan, Esq., president, in the chair. Mr. W. A. Lipsey, manager, acted as secretary. The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and approved. The chairman calling the meeting having been read, the annual report and statements were submitted as follows:

REPORT.

The directors have much pleasure in presenting to the shareholders the 23rd annual report of the business of the company. The profits of the year (including \$2,556.65 brought forward from last year) amount to \$30,182.31; and, after providing for interest on borrowed capital, for cost of management, losses and anticipated deficiencies, two half-yearly dividends of 3 per cent each, amounting, with the shareholders' income tax thereon to \$38,338.28, have been paid, leaving a net surplus of \$11,826.03, of which \$10,000 have been placed to reserve fund, and \$1,826.03 carried forward at the credit of profit and loss account to next year.

The repayments on mortgages during the year have, on the whole, been satisfactory. The deposits and debentures of the company, including interest, show an increase of \$67,515.04 over the preceding year.

The demand for money, notwithstanding the keen competition among lenders, has been fair, at slightly better rates than during the previous year. Since our last report we have to record with much regret the death of Lieut.-Col. Moffat, who has been a director since the inception of the company. The vacancy thereby caused has been filled by the appointment of Mr. Thos. H. Smallman.

The books, vouchers and securities of the company have received the usual careful audit by the company's auditors, as is shown in their certificate appended hereto.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

D. REGAN, President.

London, Feb. 1, 1895.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1894.

To dividends and income tax thereon.....	\$ 38,338.28
To interest on savings bank deposits.....	\$22,613.20
To interest on debentures.....	24,457.09
<b>Total general expense account, including directors' fees, solicitors' fees, auditors' salaries and municipal taxes.....</b>	<b>7,570.00</b>
To repairs to company's building.....	45.23
To commission on loans.....	2,271.00
To land inspection.....	1,444.98
To expenses and commission on debentures.....	653.42
To losses on real estate.....	915.54
To transferred to reserve fund.....	10,000.00
To balance carried forward.....	1,826.03
<b>By balance brought forward.....</b>	<b>\$2,556.65</b>
<b>By balance earned.....</b>	<b>\$10,528.13</b>
<b>By balance from company's building.....</b>	<b>2,500.00</b>
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$110,085.48</b>

ASSETS.

Cash values of mortgages on real estate.....	\$1,823,343.89
Less retained to pay prior mortgages.....	12,517.71
<b>Loans on company's stock.....</b>	<b>\$1,810,826.18</b>
Real estate.....	16,975.29
Building.....	28,070.00
Office furniture.....	728.75
Cash on hand.....	500.00
Cash in banks.....	3,380.60
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>79,095.19</b>
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$1,927,726.41</b>

LIABILITIES.

Savings bank.....	\$612,450.88
Currency debentures.....	\$77,476.00
Stock debentures.....	153,148.99
Interest accrued.....	6,887.39
Sundry liabilities.....	644.11
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$1,150,587.37</b>

To the shareholders—

Capital stock.....	\$619,000.00
Reserve fund.....	7,747.00
Dividend No. 45, payable Dec. 31, 1894, and the same correct and in accordance with the above statements and the company's books. We have examined the cash and bank accounts and vouchers monthly, and have carefully checked every entry into the company's ledgers, and in the internal audit of the company's securities and find them in order.	1,444.98
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$627,191.98</b>

W. A. LIPSEY, Manager.

We hereby certify that we have audited the accounts of the Agricultural Savings and Loan Company of London, Ont. for the year ending Dec. 31, 1894, and find the same correct and in accordance with the above statements and the company's books. We have examined the cash and bank accounts and vouchers monthly, and have carefully checked every entry into the company's ledgers, and in the internal audit of the company's securities and find them in order.

GEORGE F. JEWELL, F.C.A., } Auditors.  
ANDREW DALE, }  
London, Ont., Jan. 31, 1895.

The president, in moving the adoption of the report, said:

I may congratulate the stockholders and also the depositors and debenture holders on the close of another successful year's business—the stockholders on the profit derived from their investment, and the depositors and debenture holders on the increased security afforded by a substantial addition to the reserve fund.

The net profits, after paying two half-yearly dividends of 3 per cent each, have been sufficient to add \$10,000 to the reserve fund, which now amounts to \$30,182.31, and I have carried forward at the credit of profit and loss account to next year.

The funds of the company are loaned only in the best portions of Western Ontario, each loan being carefully inspected by an officer of the company and subjected to a rigid scrutiny by the board before being accepted. The result of this careful policy is shown by the trifling amount of "losses on real estate."

Notwithstanding the keen competition for loans the business of the company shows a satisfactory increase, and repayments, both of interest and principal, have been on the whole promptly met.

I hope and believe that the extreme limit of shrinkage in the value of real estate has been reached, and while I do not look for any advance in the near future, I believe that desirable land will find a more ready market, and the emigration of farmers from Ontario to the Northwest has practically ceased, and our young men, instead of leaving the Province, will become purchasers at home. The company has been fortunate in securing the services of so well-known and able a business man as Mr. Thomas H. Smallman to fill the vacancy on the board caused by the lamented death of Col. Moffat.

Twenty-three years of uninterrupted success warrant us in anticipating the future will show satisfactory results. I take pleasure in testifying to the good and ready work which the manager and every member of the staff discharge their respective duties.

Mr. Thomas McCormick, in the absence of the vice-president, seconded

the adoption of the report, which was carried unanimously.

The company's auditors, Messrs. Geo. F. Jewell, F.C.A., and Andrew Dale, having been reappointed, were requested to act as scrutineers, and reported the following elected as directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. D. Regan, W. J. Reid, Thomas McCormick, Thomas Beattie and Thomas H. Smallman. At a subsequent meeting of the board Mr. D. Regan and Mr. W. J. Reid were re-elected president and vice-president respectively.

In London nearly 264 streets are named after the Queen, while there are 241 Cross streets, 240 Albert streets, 212 Church streets and 191 Queen streets.

The husband (bitterly)—I wish I had known as much before I was married as I do now. The Wife—So do I. You might really have amounted to something by this time.

### Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective

### Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes Any Condition of Wasting. Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion, Free. Scott & Bowne, Belleville, All Druggists, 50c. & \$1.

London Soap Co.,

Dear Sirs,—Please find inclosed coupons for book No. 20 in Handy Classics. I have used your

### SWEET HOME SOAP

for quite a while and find it the best. I recommend it to all my friends. I am fond of reading and think your offer a good one. I have tried so many things like this and got cheated that I thought your offer too good to be true.

Yours truly,  
MRS. ISAAC WAY,  
Merlin, Ont.

### James Barwell's

SPRING STOCK OF

Gas Fixtures, Combination Fixtures (Gas and Electric), Electric Fixtures, Brackets, Hall Lights (Square, Round, Oval, and other shapes), Reading Lights, ALSO Cut Glass Globes, Etched Globes (Crescent and Shell Panels, Melon shape), Silver Etched Globes (With Beveled Edge or Scallop Top), Ruby, Amber and Pink Globes, Plain Globes

of varied designs from the best manufacturers. A visit solicited, but orders or inquiries by mail will receive prompt attention.

88 BAY ST., TORONTO.

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING

EPPS'S COCOA,

BREAKFAST-SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and properly nourished flesh."—Harris's Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by grocers labeled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., LTD., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

ZYX

Well-Bred

Refined

people use ADAMS' Tutti Frutti. It keeps the breath pure and fragrant and rectifies any disorder of the Stomach.

Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

### Navigation and Railways

#### WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

BRITANNIC.....	Feb. 29
MAJESTIC.....	March 5
ADRIATIC.....	March 12
TEUTONIC.....	March 19
MINOTAUROS.....	March 26

\*Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers.  
From White Star dock, foot West Tenth St. Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, \$3 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic and Teutonic, \$3 and \$4; round trip, \$70 to \$80, according to location of berth. Saloon rates of Germanic and Britannic, \$50 and upwards. Excursion tickets on favorable terms. Steerage at lowest rates. Company's office, 41 Broadway, New York.  
For further information apply to

EDWARD DE LA HOOKE

SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON.

Clock corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

#### ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, calling at Moville.

From Portland From Halifax

Laurentian..... Feb. 28 March 3

Munichian..... March 10 March 15

Mongolian..... March 23 March 28

Parisian..... April 11 April 16

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin, Derry and Liverpool, \$50 and upwards single; \$85 and upwards return. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, Belfast, Glasgow, \$30 return; \$55. Steerage at lowest rates, everything four shillings.

All steamships carry first cabin, second cabin and steerage passengers.

Leave Toronto Wednesday morning to connect at Portland Thursday evening at P. M., or Thursday evening at T. R. for Halifax.

STATE LINE SERVICE.

New York, Londonderry and Glasgow.

State of Nebraska..... March 16

State of California..... March 23

Cabin passage, \$40 and upwards; return, \$80 and upwards. Second cabin, \$25. Steerage at lowest rates. For tickets and every information apply to

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas, streets, F. S. Clarke, 416 Richmond street; John Paul, 301 Richmond street.

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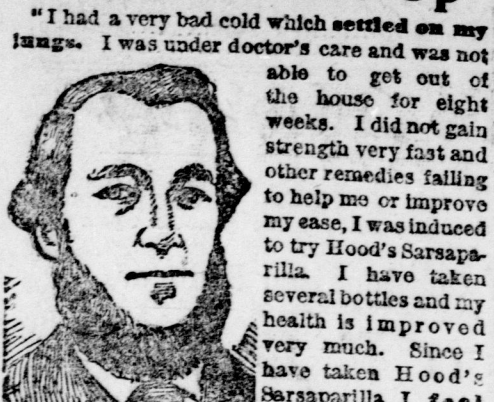
TO







## Health Built Up



Mr. Joseph Heller very much stronger than for a long time past. I have recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to others, for it truly has been of great benefit to me. J. JOSEPH HELLER, North Kingston, Nova Scotia.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are a mild cathartic. 25c.

## Now It's Bridges!

That Keep the Street Railway Franchise from Going Through.

Long and Busy Day in Municipal and Railroad Circles.

The Franchise Virtually Adopted Excepting Two Clauses.

Are Clarke's and York Street Bridges Wide Enough?

Slight Disagreement Over the Sixty-Hour-a-Week Clause—The Company Will Give Ten Hours a Day and Pay for Overtime.

Yesterday was a long and busy day for aldermen and street railway representatives. It began at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and did not finish until twenty minutes after midnight, and at the close a creditable result had been accomplished. The franchise would have gone through but for one thing—or rather two things of the same kind—and they were bridges. Mr. Everett agreed to extend the abutments at Kensington bridge, and to build a new superstructure to Victoria bridge, but he will not extend the abutments of York street or Clarke's bridge at his own expense. The city engineer, while admitting that the bridges in question could be made strong enough, would not commit himself to any guarantee that they were wide enough. And here the matter rests. Another point that the company will not concede is the 60-hour-a-week clause. However, they are willing to insert a 10-hour-a-day clause, with extra pay for overtime. This point has yet to be settled. It is said that the routes can be decided upon between the company and the city in about fifteen minutes.

Almost the last thing the mayor did before the meeting adjourned finally was to read the following message: "Gentlemen of the council,—In view of the possible early settlement of the street car matter, I beg respectfully to suggest that No. 2 committee be requested to confer with the ratepayers on Dundas and Richmond streets to ascertain their wishes as to paving. Should it be intended to repair any portion of these streets it would be desirable to have it done at the time the new tracks are being laid."

The afternoon session of No. 1 committee was characterized by the harmony that pervaded Saturday night's meeting. There was more firmness displayed on both sides in regard to disputed points, and the meeting ended with the committee and the company balancing one concession against another, the radial road and the bridge matters being left over until evening. There was a decided emphasis to Mr. Ivey's "No" when Ald. Armstrong asked for eight tickets for a quarter. The next rock struck was that of the valuation of the roadbed when the city assumes control at the end of the 30 years. The committee again contended that the city should only pay for the roadbed as far down as their own pavement went, and Mr. Ivey, on the other hand, held that the city should pay for any permanent concrete foundation, as it would be as valuable to the city after the 30 years as it would be to the company during that time. Again, the company now gave the devil's strip

two feet on either side of the outer tracks. The present devil's strip is three feet wide, and the company desires, in order to protect the safety of the citizens, to make the new strip four feet. In view of the extra foot between the tracks, they asked that the company be required to pave only eighteen inches on each side of the track instead of two feet. After the committee and Mr. Ivey had disagreed for over an hour on these points, Mr. Ivey agreed to concede the roadbed point if the city would agree to the paving matter. Mr. E. R. Cameron represented the Radial Road Company at this meeting, and held out so vigorously against exclusive rights in carrying Springbank traffic that this and the question of bridges was referred holo bolus to the council.

There was a large attendance of citizens at the evening session, and every alderman was in his place. There was a delay in getting down to business owing to the work of typewriting the amended offer in manifold form. When Mayor Little called the meeting to order at 8:15 the majority of the aldermen had been supplied. Mr. Ivey and Ald. Carr represented the company, and Mr. T. G. Meredith was present on behalf of the city. Mr. Joe Marks was present in the interests of the workingmen, while Mr. E. R. Cameron attended on behalf of the Radial Company. The council went into committee of the whole. Ald. Skinner in the chair.

"In presenting this offer, I do not mean to say that it is perfect," said Jones, as he proceeded to read the clause relating to fares.

Ald. O'Meara moved that children under 5, when accompanied by parents or guardians, ride free.

Mr. Ivey agreed to this; it had simply been overlooked.

"What does Mr. Everett say?" asked Ald. Parnell, in moving for eight fares for a quarter all day long.

Ald. Jones—He emphatically refuses.

"I have tried," said Mr. Ivey, "to get Mr. Everett's consent to eight tickets for a quarter. I went to him to Cleveland and Detroit on two different occasions, and I pressed the point so strongly that I was simply asked whether I was working for the company or for the city. I came back from Cleveland with Mr. Everett's ultimatum—seven and nine. We stand or fall on seven and nine," said Mr. Everett. It was short, but to the point.

Mayor Little, in replying to a query raised by Ald. O'Meara as to who were workmen, said, "Strike out the word 'workmen.' These cheap tickets are good for any person within the designated hours, whether workmen or not."

This was done.

Ald. Garratt then thought of last year's pious over the extension question, and looked in vain for any mention of streets to be traversed. He did not know that the council was working from the other end of the question.

"I don't see any mention of the street routes agreed upon by last year's council," said he, "and I think the whole thing is null and void. We want to consider extensions before we consider fares or anything else."

The chairman said that they were discussing the offer clause by clause.

Ald. Garratt subsided.

"After hearing the explanations of Mr. Ivey I beg leave to withdraw by motion," said Ald. Parnell.

"Then," said Ald. Parnell, "I will move for eight tickets myself." And Ald. Parnell's ultimatum, Mr. Pritchard shouted for the yeas and nays, but they are not recorded in committee.

Clause 2 hinged on a later clause, and provided for the striking out of the clause in the existing franchise calling for a car license.

Ald. O'Meara moved that a license of \$5 be charged.

Ald. Garratt championed the motion, but it was lost and the clause left untouched.

The next clause referred to the removal of snow from the tracks and from the sidewalk to the sidewalk in the center of the city. The company agreed to clear any two miles of street designated by the city, and to increase the portion of the sidewalk to be cleared from 100 feet to 150 feet.

Ald. Garratt again objected, but his motion was lost again.

Now plows will be used on the balance of the track, the company providing cars for the removal, and the city to supply the labor.

Ald. Garratt and Ald. O'Meara objected to this, but it was adopted.

"Ten hours to constitute a working day, the company to pay extra for overtime," read clause 4.

Ald. Parnell moved that the company be not allowed to work their motormen over 10 hours a week; other employees against the working of overtime by the men to the detriment of the traveling public.

Ald. Garratt kept up his record of speaking to everything, and moved that the employees be not allowed to work more than ten hours a day, and be paid not less than \$1.50 a day.

"Make it \$2," said Ald. Brenner.

"Can't do it," replied Ald. Garratt. "They are not cigarmakers, you know."

Mr. Marks spoke strongly in favor of the 10-hour clause, saying that he would without any stipulation with regard to labor than to have the clause omitted. He had obtained pledges to that effect from all the aldermen when on the hustings.

Ald. Garratt—I beg your pardon. I did not promise anything.

Mr. Marks—No; you were too far away to be reached.

Ald. O'Meara and Ald. Pritchard favored Ald. Parnell's motion.

Ald. Armstrong moved that the portion of the clause relating to extra pay for overtime be struck out entirely. Then the company would not be able to work the men overtime.

"The interests of the company and the interests of the citizens must be looked after as well as the interests of the employees," said Mr. Ivey. "It is an utter impossibility for a road, superintendent, manager, and all persons occupying official positions in connection with the company to work more than ten hours a day. We will not be told that we shall not employ labor more than 60 hours a week if necessity demands it, and then to be at the mercy of the citizens to be hauled up and fined for the contravention of a bylaw." He pointed out that skilled labor would be required, and a man could not be taken out of his car at the street corner when the 60 hours were up. Mr. Ivey assured the council that this clause would not be accepted with this clause inserted.

On the mayor's suggestion the clause was left over for a conference between No. 1 committee, Mr. Ivey and Mr. Marks.

The fifth clause bound the company to leave all streets where tracks are at any time taken up or relaid, in the condition as found. Carried.

The next clause was the paving provision, in which the company agreed to furnish the material—the same as used by the city—and pave whenever granted by the city, namely, 4 feet on each side of outer tracks instead of two feet. This was the point where the committee and the company were at loggerheads in the afternoon. It went through amid a dead calm that was a striking comparison to the afternoon discussion.

The following clause contained the

"saw-off" agreed upon by the company in case the previous clause went through. The word "roadbed" was rigorously excluded.

Clause 7—At the termination of the franchise the city may, after giving twelve months' notice prior to such termination, take over all the real and personal property of the company, including the track and payments necessary to be used in connection with the working of the said railway at their fair value for street railway purposes, taking into consideration cost and natural depreciation, to be determined by three arbitrators to be appointed as provided in "The Municipal Acts" and "References," and to have all the powers of arbitrators appointed under the said acts, each party to bear one-half of the cost of such arbitration; provided no such notice is given, then the franchise shall continue in force for a further period of five years, and at the expiration of the said five years the corporation may, after giving twelve months' notice prior to such expiration, exercise the said rights to take over all the said real and personal property of the company on the aforesaid basis, and failing such notice, the franchise and privileges granted by this bylaw shall continue in force for a further period of five years, and so on for further periods of years each as shall elapse without the corporation giving the notice aforesaid.

The clause went through without discussion, as agreed upon without dissent.

Clause 8, respecting awards of arbitrators, was discussed, but went through unaltered.

Clause 9—The company will receive and forward with all dispatch, free of charge, the passenger mail, express, freight and baggage cars of all radial electric street railways desiring the company to so do over their tracks from the city limits to the center of the city, or such other place or places as the said radial electric street railway may require, and back again to the city limits, and that when the company's track and trolley wires do not extend to the city limits, and the company refuse to make such extensions, the said radial electric street railway company shall have the right to enter upon the highway and make and construct, maintain and operate an electric street railway between the said radial company's lines and the tracks of the said company, subject to the permission of the city council being first had and obtained. The company shall not apply for control of all cars while the same are passing over their tracks, and to that purpose the company shall have the right to collect regular fares as provided by their bylaw from all passengers on the said cars hauled by them as aforesaid, and to take on and let off passengers within the city limits. The compensation to be paid for hauling mail, express, baggage and freight to be, in case the parties differ about the same, subject to arbitration in paragraph 7 hereof. The clause shall not apply to the particular branch of any radial electric railway competing for Springbank track.

(b) In case the company refuse or neglect to carry out any of the provisions of paragraph 9 the matter in dispute and the damages, if any, sustained by the company, shall be determined by arbitration in paragraph 7 hereof.

The company, or any of the said radial companies, shall be entitled to enforce the said award.

Mr. Cameron, representing the radial company, objected to the street railway company's refusal to haul the cars of an opposition road to Springbank.

In reply to a question, Ald. Jones admitted that the clause gave the street railway company the exclusive privilege, to a certain extent, of carrying passengers to Springbank. He favored the present company because it could carry people from any portion of the city to Springbank on the same tickets.

The clause went through.

Clause 10—Should the extensions of the company make it necessary the company to have the right to cross Clarke's and York street bridges on the present structures, and if necessary to replank and strengthen the same to the satisfaction of the city, and to have the right in so far as the city has the power to grant, of extending the abutments of the Dundas street bridge and building a bridge for its own use at the side, the company to have the option of either extending the footways of the Victoria bridge and building thereon a new superstructure or to remove the present structure and to replace it with a new two-foot roadway bridge. The material in the old bridge to be allowed the company, they to have a proprietary interest in the new superstructure. The city to grant the privilege, in so far as they have the power, of crossing the Oxford street bridge upon the same terms as aforesaid.

Ald. Pritchard objected to the company crossing York street bridge in its present shape, and Ald. O'Meara raised the same objection in regard to Oxford street bridge.

Ald. Pritchard moved that either of the bridges named be not used.

Ald. Carruthers moved in amendment that the company be allowed to extend the abutments of the Victoria bridge.

Mr. George Pritchard addressed the council, and asked as an alternative that a new bridge be erected over Richmond street, one-third of the cost to be borne by the city, one-third by the company, and one-third by the ratepayers interested.

The city engineer reported in writing that there was plenty of room for a wagon and trolley on all the bridges. York street bridge is 10 inches wide; Kensington bridge, 15 1/2 feet; Blackfriars bridge, 17 feet; Victoria, 16 feet 10 inches; and 17 feet 2 inches. The width of the footway of electric car is about 7 feet 6 inches, and the width of a load of hay is 11 feet.

Ald. Parnell moved that the clause be referred back to No. 1 committee.

Clause 11—The company will endeavor to meet the reasonable wishes of the council and citizens as to extensions, more than eighteen miles of track.

Ald. Garratt endeavored to foist the route agreed upon a year ago on the company, but the committee appeared to have sufficient faith in the above clause to pass it.

Clause 12—The company will agree to build to Springbank within two years, and any route the city may decide upon giving the company exclusive catering privileges at Springbank was dropped.

Ald. Powell moved that the work be gone over with within one year.

Mr. Ivey had nothing to say on this point, and it carried.

"I might say," said Mr. Ivey right afterwards, "that if the bylaw is passed after 12 o'clock tonight we will electrify this year."

"Well," said Ald. Garratt, as the clock pointed to 10:55, "I move that the clause be extended at once."

The last clause dealt with the pattern of cars to be used, and was also adopted.

Ald. Armstrong wished to have a clause inserted binding the company not to run Sunday cars, but was induced to withhold it until after the committee had risen and reported.

The committee rose and reported at 11:35, and a twenty-minute adjournment was made while No. 1 committee considered with the street railway men with regard to the bridge and the 60-hour-a-week clauses.



THE WEATHER TO-DAY:  
Fair and milder.

## A SCARCE ARTICLE

Just received, one large case of Crinkle Crape and fancy Tissue Papers. This article is in demand now, and is very scarce. If you don't want these, see what we can do for you in Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings, Belfast Linens, English, Canadian and American Cottons. This is the season for making up white wear, etc. It goes without saying that every department of our popular and large establishment is replete with most desirable merchandise. We do not require to say that value is given at our place. The people say so, and their word is good enough for us.

## TAKE A LOOK

At our window display. If there you see what you are looking for, come inside and examine it. Only a very few selections are in the window. Here are a few prices to awaken interest:

**COTTONS.**  
Canadian and Factory Cottons, 36 inch, at 20¢, 60¢, 65¢, 70¢, 75¢, 80¢, 85¢, 90¢, 95¢, 100¢, 105¢, 110¢, 115¢, 120¢, 125¢, 130¢, 135¢, 140¢, 145¢, 150¢, 155¢, 160¢, 165¢, 170¢, 175¢, 180¢, 185¢, 190¢, 195¢, 200¢.  
White Canadian, 34 inch, 60¢, 36 inch, 70¢, 38 inch, 80¢, 40 inch, 90¢, 42 inch, 100¢, 44 inch, 110¢, 46 inch, 120¢, 48 inch, 130¢, 50 inch, 140¢, 52 inch, 150¢, 54 inch, 160¢, 56 inch, 170¢, 58 inch, 180¢, 60 inch, 190¢, 62 inch, 200¢.  
Lonsdale Cotton, 36 inch, a favorite American, 100¢.  
Dwight Anchor (heavy), 36 inch, 100¢.  
Horseshoe English Cottons, 34 inch, 120¢, 36 inch, 130¢, 38 inch, 140¢, 40 inch, 150¢, 42 inch, 160¢, 44 inch, 170¢, 46 inch, 180¢, 48 inch, 190¢, 50 inch, 200¢.  
The celebrated Lonsdale Cambrics always in stock.

**SHEETINGS.**  
Bleached Sheetings, 2 yards wide, plain and twill, 20¢.  
Bleached Sheetings, 2 1/2 yards wide, plain and twill, 25¢.  
Twill Sheetings (Scotch), plain and twill, very like linen.  
Unbleached Sheetings, plain and twill, 180¢, 200¢, 220¢, 240¢, 260¢, 280¢, 300¢, 320¢, 340¢, 360¢, 380¢, 400¢, 420¢, 440¢, 460¢, 480¢, 500¢, 520¢, 540¢, 560¢, 580¢, 600¢.  
Twill, unbleached, 34 yards wide, 20¢.

A splendid stock of Belfast Linen Tableings, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Towelings, etc. We have a very complete stock, and new goods are arriving daily. You'll be sorry if you don't see them.

**D. McKenzie & Co.**  
383 RICHMOND STREET—OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

**SMALLMAN & INGRAM.**  
149 and 151 DUNDAS STREET.

hour a week clauses.

Council reassembled at 11:37. Chairman Jones reported that the company and the committee had got together and that when they left the chamber the company was willing to abandon Victoria bridge and use only York street and Clarke's bridge. The city engineer reported that it was practicable to cross the two bridges named. The company would not extend abutments at their own expense, but would abandon York street bridge and put a new superstructure over Victoria bridge. They were also willing to entertain Mr. O'Connell's recommendation to build a new bridge at the foot of Richmond street.

Ald. Weld and Ald. Parnell inquired as to how the northern portion of London South would be tapped unless the York street bridge was used.

Ald. Jones pointed out that a bridge was in use in Toronto which was no wider than either of the two named. The company also agreed to refrain from crossing any bridges when a load of hay is in sight.

Mr. Ivey was satisfied that Mr. Everett's ultimatum had been received respecting the bridges. He had agreed to extend the abutments at Dundas street and build a new superstructure at Victoria bridge, but would go no further.

It was a trying moment with the aldermen.

Ald. Parnell asked if the engineer had reported that the traffic would be entirely safe on the bridges.

Ald. Jones replied in the affirmative, and Ald. Armstrong moved the adoption of the clause.

Ald. Pritchard, Ald. Heaman and Ald. O'Meara spoke against the adoption of the clause.

Ald. Parnell asked the city engineer to verbally commit himself on the question.

Mr. Graydon replied that the bridges could be sufficiently strengthened to sustain the cars, but as to the safety of the bridges, and the width of the cars—surely they were competent to decide.

Ald. Nutkins withdrew from seconding Ald. Armstrong's motion after hearing the engineer's statement, and Mr. Armstrong, at the request of Ald. Jones, withdrew the motion altogether.

Ald. O'Meara moved that several clauses be referred back, but obtained no second.

Ald. Parnell withdrew a somewhat similar proposal to vote for Ald. Skinner's motion to adopt the report of the committee of the whole, which recommended that the objectionable clause be referred back to No. 1 committee.

The division on the question resulted as follows:

Yeas—Ald. Pritchard, John Heaman, Brenner, Jones, Wm. Heaman, Carrothers, Skinner, Armstrong, Dreaney, Nutkins, Parnell, Weld and McCallum—13.

Nays—Ald. O'Meara, Callahan and Ardill—3.

Ald. Garratt and Powell had gone home.

The meeting adjourned at 12:20.

Though President Faure has been in office but a short time he has accumulated a list of nicknames. He is "The Manikin," "The Under Study," "The Jumping Jack," "Poor Felix" and "The Tramp."

## A. Screaton &amp; Co.

**NEW**  
Prints,  
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All New Designs and Colorings. You Can Have Your Choice if You Come Early.

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**Can You Keep a Secret?**  
—NO!—  
Then tell everybody that we are doing

**BICYCLE, GUN, LOCKSMITHING, RUBBER STAMP WORK, And GENERAL REPAIRING.**

**D. McKenzie & Co.**  
383 RICHMOND STREET—OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

**Feminine Vanity.**  
Some fuss has been made at Moonheim about a well-known old lady resident, Frau Sophie Brechter, having completed her hundredth year. Letters of congratulation poured in upon her, the municipality waited upon her in a body with an address, and even the German Emperor sent her a portrait and autograph signature. The old lady, however, still preserves enough feminine vanity to feel quite annoyed at these attentions. She declares she is only eighty-eight, a figure at which, according to reliable witnesses, she has stood for twelve years past.—London Daily News.

**A. D. 2,000.**

She—Have you ever been kissed by a girl before?  
He—(blushing)—What a question! Of course I haven't.

**War About a Kiss.**  
That kissing should go by favor on the stage as elsewhere is evidently the opinion of Mme. Lenthold, a Vienna actress. Our correspondent writes: A tragic-comical war has been waged for some weeks past at the Raimund Theatre here. Mme. Lenthold absolutely refused to be kissed by Herr Ranzenberg, her partner, in the scenes of a play in which the author demands that she should be kissed. A few nights ago, when it came to the point, Frau Lenthold covered her face with her hands, and Herr Ranzenberg took them down and kissed her by sheer force. The director was distracted between them, and gave Frau Lenthold's part to another actress. Feeling that she had been unjustly treated, the lady gave notice to leave the theatre altogether, and her resignation has been accepted.—London Daily News.

**A Mean Trick.**  
Patrick was one of those witty sons of the Celtic Isle whose amusing sayings had entertained many transatlantic travelers.

One day, when the steamer was about leaving port, Patrick received the order to haul in a long cable that dragged astern. Patrick jumped to the task cheerfully enough, and hauled away contentedly. But the excessive length of the cable taxed his patience.

"I wonder what's become of the end of this odd cable, anyhow?" And finally, growing impatient, he growled out: "Faith, it's no use hauling away at the bast u v cable. Some devil's cut the end off u v it."

**In These Days.**  
Miss Fan de Syckle—Who was it said "the hand that rocks the cradle is the hand that rules the world?"

Mrs. Strongminded—I don't know. But, anyway, no one pays any attention to anything said of the men nowadays.



## R. J. Y. &amp; CO.

**YOUR SPECIAL ATTENTION**

Is called to a new line just in of  
NAVY and BLACK SERGES  
This is a lovely, wide, all-wool Serge for dresses—a splendid cloth in appearance and in every way desirable for wear.

**THE PRICE ONLY 50c**

**JUST IN TODAY**

Lovely silk finished German and French  
**HENRIETTAS**  
All wool and wide width; very handsome cloth and durable too.

**SEE THEM ONLY 50c PER YARD**

**BLACK AND FAWN**

Mantle Cloths in the above shades just in; nice fine cloths of good quality and nice appearance.

**THE PRICE 75c**

**FOR A FEW DAYS**

We are showing good all-wool Blankets, fine quality and good size, and well worth seeing  
**AT \$1.90 PER PAIR**

**WE HAVE NOW**

In stock a capital range of English Oxford Shirtings, a very superior cloth and handsome patterns; also perfectly fast in color. These are worth in regular way 20c to 22 1/2c a yard.

**Our Price Only 15c.**

**ANGOLA SHIRTINGS**

Specially nice goods that do not shrink in the wash—a very desirable thing in shirting cloths.

**PRICES 20, 25, 30, 35 Cents**

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## SMOKE VIRGINIA CIGAR

MADE BY H. McKENNA & Co.

50c 50c

SALE BY H. McKENNA, 225 Dundas Street.

**NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!**

Overcoatings, Suits, Trousers, Newest Shades, Come and See Them

**Harry Lenox,**  
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## Ask Your Grocer

FOR

**'SALADA'**  
(CEYLON TEA)

It is most delicious. No other tea will satisfy you after you have once tasted "SALADA"

Sold in lead packets only—black or mixed.

**Her Life's Love**

Roderick pressed the hand he held. "Have you two been talking together?"

"A little."

"And you have told her everything?"

"Everything—made a clean breast of it. A pretty story, isn't it, Silence? But it's an end now, thank God," said Bella, setting her teeth together. "Even a worm will turn at last."

"Shall you not go back to your husband—that is, if he will take you back?"

"I trust him for that. He knows on which side his bread is buttered; all the Thomsons do. They were good enough to catch me, a bright, clever, pretty girl—yes, I was both clever and pretty once, my dear—but to be a sort of caretaker or keeper over him; he needs a keeper when he is drunk. And a wife is the best sort of one—saves appearances. Thomsons as well as Jardines would do anything in the world to save appearances."

Roderick made no answer. He knew it was true. The sight of his sister had brought back the memory of many a boyish struggle, quixotic as vain, against the predominant spirit of the family—a family in which the first question that arose was never "Is it right?" or "Is it wrong?" but only "Is it expedient?"

This law of expediency, not righteous existence, but petty, worldly wisdom, had been at the root of Bella's marriage. Those who had the means of it, would they not do the same principle to their best to preserve their names? He felt sure his mother would. Anything, everything, she would sacrifice rather than be "talked about," as the saying was, that was a public separation between Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Thomson—two people who, in their own opinion and that of their respective families, held such a very important place in society.

He knew his mother and the rest would view this catastrophe, as they had viewed the marriage which resulted in it, solely from the standpoint of society. No higher law than that of the world would think and say ever actuated or guided them. In old times he had dimly guessed this—consciously and chiefly by its effects on his silent, patient father; but now, when he himself came to man's estate, and viewed things with his own eyes, he saw it clearly.

Still, this affair was, as all such cases are, most complicated and difficult; and in it Roderick's own position was not the least painful. To act a brother's part toward his poor sister he did not shrink from; but to aid and abet a runaway wife in concealing herself from her husband was most galling; not only to his pride, but to his sense of honor. Yet to thrust her from him into home misery was worse than cruel, dangerous, knowing, and unbecomingly, which was to escape from present pain as foolishly as a child does, at any future risk and cost. The medium course, to come boldly forward and insist upon the separation she desired, was equally difficult and responsible for any brother, being himself a man and a husband.

Roderick looked at his own wife, growing closer to him every day, in the mutual dependence which so gently and naturally replaces passion, and gives to both that ineffable rest, of unseparated joys, and divided cares.

"Bella," he said, in a moved voice, "do you know, my dear, or only what you are doing, or wishing to do? Remember your own Bible says: 'What God hath joined let no man put asunder.'"

"But God did not join us; it was the devil I think she answered, with a bitter laugh. "And if all other help fails, the devil shall help me to get rid of him."

"What do you mean?"

"Never mind. Wait till I'm driven desperate. I am already. If only I could tear off this skin, and throw it into the fire. If at any price, at any cost, I could be Bella Jardine again, and never more set eyes upon that brute, that fool, that—"

"Hush!" said Silence. "He's baby's father."

"Ah, that's it—that's the misery. I don't hate my child. I did at first, but not now; it's nature, I suppose. Besides, she is my child, all I have of my own; of her, that is half his, if he chose to claim her. Oh, Roderick, what must I do? What can I do?"

It was, indeed, a piteous strain. The one false step, marriage, unconsecrated by love, almost as great a sin as love unconsecrated by marriage, had brought its own punishment with it. The young pair, to whom these things appeared as a ghastly nightmare, scarcely comprehensible as a day-light reality, instinctively drew closer together, while they regarded the hapless woman, who had, as she truly said, no future. A loathing wife, an unthankful mother, what future could she have, either in herself or in "the world" for which she had sacrificed so much and gained so very little?

What could she do? As she put the question her despairing eyes supplied the answer. Nothing!

"I know very little about these things," said Roderick, sadly; "but I believe there are two ways of parting man and wife—by divorce, enabling both to marry again, and by judicial separation. But, oh! the pain, the scandal of it! Think of your child; think, too, of your mother!"

While using this argument he knew its futility. Whether from disposition or circumstance, Bella had always been that rather rare character among women—a woman who thinks only of herself. With a perplexed longing for help, for counsel, her brother turned to the other woman beside him.

"What does my wife say?"

"I don't care what she says—what anybody says, cried Bella, violently. "I will get rid of my husband somehow. I have no love for him; I never had. It is a simple question of money. If I run away, how am

I to keep myself and the child? She says—that voice of wisdom there—that if I leave him, I ought not to accept a halfpenny from him. Very well; get mamma to maintain me, or else I'll maintain myself."

"How?"

"I don't know or care. It may not be for long. He will drink himself to death one of these days."

Roderick turned away in horror, but Silence laid a firm, stern hand on her sister-in-law's arm.

"One word more such as that, and we will neither of us help you."

Bella shrank into submission, even a little shame, then burst into piteous entreaties.

"O Roderick, do not be hard upon me! I have nobody in this world to come to but you. How am I to get rid of my husband? Not harming him—I'll not harm him—only let me escape from him. I will do it, and I'm right; your wife says so."

"Yes, she is quite right," said Silence, not lifting her eyes, but speaking as her husband knew she could speak sometimes, with unmistakable decision.

"My wife is a daring woman to say such a thing."

"Am I?"

She looked up a minute with a quivering lip, and did not attempt to put back her hand, which he had left, but folded her fingers together, after a way she had, as if to give herself strength, when she had any difficult or painful thing to do.

"This is very strange advice for my wife—son all over her face—'If I were in Bella's place'—her voice sunk almost to a whisper; she turned deadly pale and then flushed crimson."

"If I were in Bella's place," she must think of them. She is responsible to God for them. "If I were in Bella's place," her voice sunk almost to a whisper; she turned deadly pale and then flushed crimson."

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**WESTERN ONTARIO**

The Knights of the Macabees convene in Sarnia on April 11, to discuss the formation of a Great Camp for Ontario. About 800 delegates are expected.

Albert E. Truax, eldest son of R. E. Truax, M.P. Bruce county, died on Wednesday. He was a bright, intelligent boy. A heavy cold hastened his death.

The Sarnia Post has information that the P. P. A. candidate in East Lambton, Mr. Wilson, had been offered the postmastership of Petrolia if he would retire from the field.

John Berry, of the 12th concession of McKillop, has purchased the 50-acre farm of James Nicholson, who lived across the road from Mr. Berry. The price paid was \$3,350. Joseph Berry, who has been in Manitoba for the past four years, will make his future home on the Nicholson farm.

News has been received of the death of Oliver Rowand, of Elkhorn, Manitoba, who was sore by a bull three weeks ago. He was the third son of Jas. Rowand, M.P., Saugeen township, Bruce county. He was leading the bull when it attacked him viciously, with fatal results.

Mr. P. Mahon, who was so severely injured by falling from a load of hay, died on Saturday at the old homestead, Puslinch, Wellington county. Mr. Mahon was born in the township some 52 years ago, and when he grew to manhood took a special interest in agriculture. He was for about a year farm manager at the Ontario Agricultural College, and filled several offices with credit.

Last Wednesday Archie Ward and Jim Hawkes took a day's hunting, and when they came across the road from Warton to Sarnia, they saw a bear. On following them up, they saw Mr. Bruin walking through an opening. Mr. Bruin took a careful aim and shot, hitting the bear through the head, killing him instantly. The bear was very fat and had a very beautiful skin, which measured over six feet from tip to tip.

**MIDDLESEX.**

At the parsonage of the Anglican Church, Belmont, on Thursday, Silas Dorchester, son of Reeve Wilson, of South Dorchester, was married to Miss Lesty, daughter of Mr. John M. O'Neil, of the same township. The bride was exquisitely gowned in a suit of fawn-colored bengaline, with trimmings of white-colored silk lace. Miss Lizzie Wilson, sister of the groom, who officiated as maid of honor, was beautifully attired in a suit of dove-colored Henrietta. The groom was ably supported by Mr. B. E. Mahony, of St. Thomas, and Rev. Geo. W. Racey, incumbent of St. George's Church, performed the ceremony.

**An Infant Trouble Too Often Neglected.**

**Lactated Food Corrects and Aids Digestion.**

Thousands of babies and young children suffer from irritability of the stomach. This trouble is common to day, and too often neglected by mothers.

Poorly prepared foods are responsible for the majority of the evils that infants suffer from. These common foods are so crude, heavy and indigestible that, were they used by an adult of strong constitution, indigestion and dyspepsia would certainly result in less than a week.

Stomach irritation and nausea is quickly banished when children are fed on Lactated Food. This food agrees with the weakest stomach and is retained when other foods are promptly rejected. Lactated Food is a true nourisher of all the digestive organs, and puts but little work upon the stomach and bowels. Infants and young children with indigestion and failing appetite should be fed regularly on Lactated Food.

**ANOTHER UNION.**

There has long been a feeling that the first practical step in the way of Methodist union in Great Britain, at least, would be in the amalgamation of the Primitive Methodist and Bible Christian churches. At their last annual conference representatives were appointed to confer on the subject. Two conferences have been held under the presidency of Rev. J. Wenn, president of the Primitive Methodist Conference, and Rev. S. Allen, who fills a similar position in the sister denomination. No report of the proceedings has been published, but agreement has been found, and recommendations favoring union will be submitted to the next annual meeting of both bodies.

Goblets with stem and stand like those we use to-day were employed in Troy 900 B. C. Among the valuable objects found by Dr. Schliemann was a golden goblet.

**SHILOH'S VITALIZER.**

Mrs. J. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Shilo's Vitalizer 'SAVED MY LIFE.' I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used. For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75c. Sold by W. T. Strong."

Seventy pairs of tongs, some bronze, some iron, have been taken from the ruins of Pompeii.

The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Eick's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

The Roman catacombs are 580 miles in length, and it is estimated that from 6,000,000 to 15,000,000 dead are there interred.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Just for one week \$4 will buy an oak finished extension table; solid oak lounge, upholstered in genuine hair cloth, only \$5. KEENE BROS., 127 King street, opposite market house.

Cakes, pies, rolls, and bread palatable and perfectly digestible, order the new shortening, "COTTOLINE," for your

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Wellington and Ann Sts., Montreal.

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**RADWAY'S READY RELIEF**

**PAIN CURED IN AN INSTANT.**

Let Radway's Ready Relief be used on the first indication of Pain or Uneasiness; if threatened with disease or sickness, the Cure will be made before the family doctor would ordinarily reach the house. CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH

**ACHES AND PAINS.**

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints, lumbago, inflammations, rheumatism, Neuralgia, FROSTBITES, CHLERA, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, DIFFICULT BREATHING.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the First and is the only PAIN

REMEDY.

That instantly cures the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Croup, whooping cough, and all other ailments, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other parts of the system, by one application. A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Croup, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarial, bilious and other fevers, as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

25 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists.

**RADWAY'S PILLS,**

Always Reliable. Purely Vegetable

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen the bowels, and are the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Headaches, Piles, SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, AND

And all Disorders of the LIVER.



What More Beautiful

Than a FEATHER FAN?  
What will add more to a handsome costume? We Clean and Dye old Fans, and get into them all the lightness and daintiness of new goods.  
**R. PARKER & CO.,**  
Dyers and Cleaners,  
217 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.  
Telephone 614.  
Branches at Toronto, Hamilton, St. Catharines, Brantford, Galt, Woodstock.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

**DIED.**  
**DUNN**—On Sunday, Feb. 24, Joseph Dunn aged 55 years and 10 months.  
Funeral from his late residence, corner Ridout and King streets, to Woodland Cemetery, on Tuesday, 26th, at 3 o'clock. Services at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Kindly omit flowers.  
Hamilton, Stratford and Buffalo papers please copy.  
**MADGE**—In this city, on Feb. 25, 1895, Nellie, beloved wife of Wm. Madge, and daughter of Charles Castle, this city, aged 34 years.  
Funeral from family residence, No. 2 Bathurst street, on Wednesday, at 2:30 p.m. Services at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.  
The Atlas, 25th.

**TRADE MARK**  
This Brand of Flour  
Always makes the  
**BEST BREAD**  
OR PASTRY.  
USE NO OTHER.  
**J. D. SAUNBY**  
257 York Street,  
Telephone 118.

**Pictures Framed**  
—AT—  
**R. LEWIS,**  
434 RICHMOND STREET.

**R.K. Cowan**  
Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce  
London.

**ROGERS & DOSS,**  
Electric Wiring and Fixture  
CONTRACTORS,  
435 Richmond Street,  
A full stock of fixtures both straight electric and combination, and Electric Bell Supplies.  
Telephone 577.  
Estimates cheerfully given. ywb

**W. FAIRBAIN**  
MERCHANT TAILOR,  
EDGE BLOCK, Up-Stairs

**A. B. Powell,**  
Does all kinds of insurance brokerage and represents the following fire companies:  
The Guardian, of England.  
The London & Lancashire, England.  
The Atlas, England.  
The Quebec, of Canada.  
Sole agent in London for the Manufacturers' Accident Company.  
Guarantee bonds given from \$500 to \$20,000.  
\$10,000 to loan.  
District manager for Western Ontario for the Dominion Life Assurance Company.  
Remember the address—  
Ground Floor, 437 Richmond St.  
**A. B. Powell.**

**WOOD!**  
Beech and Maple Long Wood, \$4 75  
Beech and Maple Blocks, - - 5 25  
Beech and Maple Split, - - 5 50  
Knots for box stoves, - - 4 25  
**COAL at Lowest Prices,**  
**GEORGE McNEIL**  
Cor. C.P.R. Track & Richmond St.  
Branch Office, - 657 Richmond Street.  
Telephone 363. yw

**WOOD!**  
Go to W. J. STRONG for house and sign painting. 333 Simcoe street, London, Ont. ywt  
Lowest prices in watches, clocks, silverware and jewelry at J. E. ADKINS', East London. Special attention to watch repairing. ywt  
When thinking of purchasing a good reliable railroad watch or anything in jewelry, silverplate or clocks, call on C. H. Tisdale, 374 Richmond street, opposite Masonic Temple. ywt

**TISDALE'S TORONTO IRON STABLE FITTINGS,** healthful, durable attractive and cheaper than other fittings. Send for our new catalogue. The Tisdale Iron Stable Fittings Co. (Ltd.), No. 6 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.

**Look!**  
**New White Cottons**  
AT THE  
**Lowest Prices**  
EVER KNOWN, AT  
**Priddis Bros.**  
**Southcott's**  
**FINE TAILORS**  
361 Richmond St.  
Repairing Department.  
Keys fitted, locks repaired, razors hollow ground and set, scissors and knives sharpened, rubber and seal stamps made to order, by  
**WM. GURD & CO.,**  
185 Dundas St., London. Phone 800.

**FINE WEATHER.**  
TORONTO, Feb. 25.—11 p.m.—The pressure is comparatively low in Eastern Canada and in the far Northwest, and highest over the Missouri and Mississippi Valleys. Snow has fallen generally along the St. Lawrence Valley, and light falls of sleet or snow in the Maritime Provinces.  
Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 20°-46°; Q'Appelle, 24°-40°; Winnipeg, 14°-38°; Pelly Sound, 18°-34°; Toronto, 28°-38°; Montreal, 18°-38°; Quebec, 12°-26°; Halifax, 10°-34°.  
**TODAY'S PROBABILITIES.**  
TORONTO, Feb. 26.—1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region (covering the peninsula and as far as Belleville) are: Moderate winds; fine weather.

**A DISTINGUISHED CONVERT.**  
Mrs. President Cleveland Joins the W. C. T. U.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26.—Mrs. Cleveland has joined the Women's Christian Temperance Union. Miss Willard and a few of her devoted friends had the honor of initiating the mistress of the White House into the mysteries of their organization last week. There has been an effort to conceal the fact from the public, but it is nevertheless true.

**SIXTY YEARS AN ORANGEMAN.**  
Brief Sketch of the Interesting Career of the Late Wm. Ferguson.  
HAMILTON, Feb. 26.—The late Wm. Ferguson, of this city, was born in county Monaghan, Ireland, in 1834. He served his apprenticeship to his trade as a tailor in the town of Couthill, and then joined the Eighty-first Royal Irish in 1853. He served under the command of Sir Charles Wilkes and Sir Charles Chichester. In 1840, when his regiment lay in London, Ont., he bought his discharge and settled in Canada. For over 60 years he was connected with the Orange Order, and at the time of his death was a member of Loyal Orange Lodge, 312, of this city.  
In politics he was a life-long Conservative, and for years was always in the van in the campaign of his party. On one occasion, to further the cause of Sir Allen McNairn, he came from Chicago. The trip could not then be done in Pullman cars.

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**  
When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**  
Glass windows are known to have existed at Pompeii, as early as A. D. 79. Chronic Derangements of the Stomach, Liver and Blood are speedily removed by the active principle of the ingredients entering into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. These Pills act specifically on the deranged organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease and renewing life and vitality to the afflicted. In this lies the great secret of the popularity of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills.

**Business Men Economizing.**  
Most business men economize at this season and in a better way than investing in a bottle of Four T's, the great guaranteed cough and cold cure, thus avoiding an expensive illness. Large bottles 25 cents. Sold at Strong's drug store. b

**A Big Washout.**  
Accidents seem to be the order of the day. Last week owing to the recent storms no less than three were reported within a few hours, but it is not an accident for a woman using Dishcloth Soap to have a big wash out on the line before 10 a.m. Try it once and be convinced of its merits. b

**Mrs. X. (observing her friend at work upon the floor of the kitchen)—Why in the world don't you get a servant to scour your floors? Mrs. Y.—Because, my dear, I'd have to scour the town to get a servant.**

**London Advertiser.**  
Telephone Numbers.  
107.....Business Office  
134.....Editorial Rooms  
175.....Job Department

**London and Environs**

—Tomorrow will be Ash Wednesday, and Lent begins.  
—The street railway company are advertising for horses.  
—Fred W. Moorhead and wife returned to their home in Chicago yesterday.  
—The new bridge at Byron has been completed, but not yet accepted by the county engineer.  
—Mr. A. J. Watson, of Dundas street east, has returned from a week's purchasing trip to the eastern markets.  
—Mr. J. W. Fetherston, organist of the Queen's Avenue Methodist Church, is confined to his bed with an attack of influenza.  
—Apple and Anderson (singer), evangelists from the Moody Institute, Chicago, will tonight open a series of meetings at St. James' Presbyterian Church, Richmond street.  
—In spite of the comparatively mild weather the ice in Princess Rink is in splendid condition. There will doubtless be a great turnout tonight on the occasion of Mr. Alf. Holman's benefit.  
—Mr. Alex. Harper, chief auditor for the city of Chicago, and a former London boy, whilst on his way to New York, dropped off here and spent a half day with his mother, Mrs. Harper, South London.  
—Herbert K. Betts has been solicited by W. F. W. Caspary, D. S. G. R., of the Independent Order of Foresters, to play his four-act drama, "The Foresters," for 200 benefits throughout Canada next season.  
—A man named Harp and a Mrs. McQuade have been arrested in Otterville. They are alleged to be implicated in the numerous Woodstock robberies. There are now seven persons under arrest at Woodstock, including Mary and Thomas Perry, whose capture at 326 Hill street was reported in yesterday's ADVERTISER.  
—"Ernest J. Mack," comedian, son of Mr. P. H. McLaughlin, King street, is spending a few days in London on account of temporary throat trouble. He has secured a desirable engagement at Proctor's Theater, New York city, where he opens early in March. "Mack" has a powerful baritone voice and is besides an actor of marked ability. He has a host of friends who wish him well.  
—When the police court resumed yesterday afternoon the charge against Arthur Rockett, the street car driver charged with cruelty to animals, was proceeded with, the line of prosecution and defense being exactly similar to the morning case. The case against Phillip Stephenson followed and occupied the attention of the magistrate until 4:15 p.m. It was also similar to the other cases, and Mr. Parke reserved judgment in all three. He will give his decision in a week's time.  
—Mrs. Kent, who died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John O'Brien, coach, London, on Monday, was one of the earliest settlers in this section of Ontario, and was well known, especially throughout Middlesex. She was the wife of Thomas Kent, a native of Staffordshire, England, who for many years before his death successfully worked the farm on which Mrs. Kent died. Mrs. Kent was 80 years of age, and leaves three children—Mrs. O'Brien, London, township; Sister Agnes, in the Ursuline convent, Chatham, and Rev. Father Kent, now in Washington, D. C. The funeral took place on Saturday morning to the Catholic Cemetery, and the remains were followed to the grave by a large number of the old residents of the district in which deceased lived. High mass was celebrated in St. Peter's Cathedral by Rev. Father Torrance. The pallbearers were all grandsons of Mrs. Kent.  
—The London Township Agricultural Society will hold their spring show at Hilderton on Friday, April 26.  
—People will read the news about your goods and store just as readily as they will about anything else, so make it fresh, crisp and interesting.  
—It is a golden maxim that the women are the buyers, even when it is the men for whom they buy, and it is the women who read advertising the most.  
—Wm. C. Sumner is lying seriously ill at his residence, con. 2, Westminster. His many friends and neighbors (especially in the city) hope for his speedy recovery.  
—At Osgoode Hall yesterday the case against Ald. Powell came up for argument, but was adjourned till Wednesday. The proceedings against Ald. Brener were also stayed until the same date owing to an error in the writ which was served upon him.  
—Forest City Lodge, No. 240, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, gave a concert in the East End Hall last night in aid of several sick members. The hall was well filled, and the entertainment was thoroughly enjoyed. The first part opened with a funny sketch entitled "The Doctor's Troubles," the characters being Dr. Cureall, Mr. M. Wilson; Pat O'Tooligin, Sandy Drennan; Billy, the Kid, Mr. J. Watson, and a host of patients. Excited by Daisy Eversong, Mr. T. Robinson, sailor's hornpipe, Miss Annie Patton; and a song by Miss Annie Small were given, and then the performance concluded with "The Irish Linen Peddler," which songs and dances were introduced by members of the following company: Pat O'Doyle, a linen peddler, Mr. Sandy Drennan; Mr. Flannagan, Mr. T. Robinson; Mr. Darling, Mr. J. P. Robinson; Miss Darling, Mr. J. O'Neill; Miss Annie Small; Mollie, Miss Annie Patton. The assembly after the concert was largely patronized.  
They Are After It.  
The Free Library Board will meet tonight and among the probabilities is the appointment of a librarian. Applications for the position were called for, and up to closing hour last night the secretary, Mr. Keene, had received no less than 80 applications. Some were accompanied by petitions.  
Scott Convicted Again.  
Fred Scott, the purloiner of fifteen boxes of pens from the Rectory street school, was brought before Judge Edward Elliott this morning and tried on the charge of stealing a quantity of pens from the Park street school. The evidence offered for the crown was similar to that given at the preliminary hearing before Police Magistrate Parke. No defense was offered. Judge Elliott found Scott guilty and remanded him until Thursday for sentence.  
"Molly McGraw" Captured.  
The police have captured two persons who are supposed to complete the gang that has been at work in Woodstock stealing from various houses in that town. When the Perry couple were arrested here on Saturday with a couple of loads of stolen furniture in their possession the young man made a confession that implicated Gabriel Harp, alias Martin, and Molly McGraw, alias McDonald, alias Harp, of Otterville, Ont. The pair were arrested yesterday on information sent from the police here. There were still at the G. T.

**USE**  
Harkness' Bronchial Syrup,  
Harkness' Bronchial Syrup,  
Harkness' Bronchial Syrup,  
Harkness' Bronchial Syrup,  
For Bronchitis use  
Barkwell's Bronchial Balm  
Barkwell's Bronchial Balm  
Barkwell's Bronchial Balm  
Barkwell's Bronchial Balm  
Barkwell's Bronchial Balm  
Are among the best, safest, surest and cheapest the world of science yet knows of.  
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY  
**W. S. BRYERS BARKWELL**  
To Satisfy Consumption use Flax Seed Emulsion. yw

**THE INSURANCE COMPANIES REPRESENTED BY EDWARD T. TOWE have assets and capital amounting to over \$221,000,000.**  
Money to loan at 5 1/2 per cent.  
Liverpool and London and Globe Ins. Fire Co.  
Canada Accident Assurance Co.  
Phoenix Fire Insurance Co.  
New York Life Insurance Co.  
Plate glass, employers' liability, fire, life and accident policies written at lowest rates.  
**EDWARD TOWE & CO.,** office over Bank of Commerce, London. Telephone 507. 251 cod

R. freight house here yesterday several bales of goods addressed to "Molly McGraw, London." The G. T. R. received a letter yesterday from the McGraw woman, who claims to be Harp's wife, asking the company to send the goods on to Otterville. They have been sent back to Woodstock. Mr. Peters' goods were packed at the police station yesterday in several large cases and also sent back to that town.

**"THE MANXMAN."**  
Wilson Barrett's Production at the Grand Opera House. A Magnificent Performance to a Crowded House.

Wilson Barrett and his famous London company appeared at the Grand Opera House last evening before the largest house of the season. Society was out in full force and style. The lower half of the house contained many faces from towns surrounding London. Both galleries were crowded. The success of the performance was certain from the first act. "The Manxman," as dramatized, is in use acts, and the version somewhat differs from the novel in treatment, though not in theme. It is the old tale of a woman's frailty, an honest man's love, and a friend's baseness and treachery. The plot of "The Manxman" is written out in brief. The story is set in the early summer. Here we meet Pete Quilliam and Phillip Christean, who have been chums from boyhood. Neither suspects the love that the other secretly bears for Kate, the pretty and winsome daughter of Cuchulainn, a publican. Phillip is a scholar and an aspirant for the Deemstership. Pete is a simple unlettered, generous-hearted man, and, with a sense of his own unworthiness, he asks Phillip to use his influence with the father, while he himself speaks to Kate. But the suit is spurned by the father, and Pete, leaving Kate in Phillip's care, and charging him that no harm shall come to her, sets out into the world to seek his fortune. A report comes to the village that Pete is dead, and then Phillip gains Kate's affection and betrays her, refusing to make reparation. At this juncture the hero returns. Kate has a revelation of feeling for her betrayer, throws herself into Pete's arms, and he marries her.  
A child is born, and after a time, being unable to face her husband, who is not the father of her child, she flees. Phillip still plays the part of the hypocrite to Pete. Kate returns to Pete's house to see her child, and is discovered by him. Kate tells him that she does not love him, and the child is not his. The last act takes place at the Cregreen here, and Pete induces her father to take her back. Phillip enters and accuses himself. Pete would have killed him but for the intercession of Kate and her father. Kate resolves that her future life is to be with her child's sire, and the curtain falls on three separate and wrecked lives.  
The consensus of opinion concerning the play was favorable. The first acts aroused enthusiasm and curtain calls were demanded. As the story was unfolded in all its pathos the interest deepened until the climax broke the tension. Mr. Barrett assumed a role vastly different from the classic parts in which he was seen here last year, and his life-like interpretation of the rough Pete was a striking exhibition of his versatility. It was in these emotional English dramas that Mr. Barrett achieved his first distinction over twenty years ago, and though he has since been accustomed to higher flights of art, he naturally finds himself at home in the domestic play. He was ably supported by Miss Maud Jeffries, and the minor competent people. "The Manxman" has a charm of its own because it is founded on truth and simplicity. The stage settings were very beautiful. A mild strain of comedy was introduced and was at times a welcome relief on the somber background.  
The orchestra came in for applause. Under the direction of their leader, Mr. Fred L. Evans, several new selections were played, which demonstrated that the Grand's orchestra is equal to the best.

Kitchens know the joy of economy, because Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is absolutely pure.

**BASEBALL.**

**IMPORTANT RULE CHANGES.**  
NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The rules committee of the National Baseball League held an important meeting yesterday and made a number of changes in the playing rules. The size of the pitcher's box has been increased from 12x4 inches to 24x6 inches. No player except the catcher or first baseman is permitted to wear padded or lined gloves. The bat must be round and be made wholly of solid hard wood. Other rules to do away with "soldiering" or delaying the game have been made more stringent. All balls rolling or bounding foul will hereafter be called four balls. Formerly a ball dropping inside the foul line and rolling out was a fair ball.

**HOCKEY.**

The game between the Stratford and London Hockey Clubs, to have been played in Stratford tomorrow evening, has been postponed until next week.

**How to Cure All Skin Diseases.**  
Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for "Swayne's Ointment." Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

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Is the most attractive in the city of London today. Here you can have a choice of an endless variety of New, Stylish Spring Costumes, and at a nominal cost.

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- 11 pieces All-Wool French Black Serge, 42 inches wide. This makes a stylish and inexpensive costume, only 25c per yard.
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- 44-inch All-Wool Silk Finished Black Henrietta, imported for this spring's trade, worth 75c, for 48c per yard.
- 46-inch Black Henrietta, silk finished, and worth \$1, for 75c per yard.
- 3 pieces only, Priestley's 46-inch Black Silk Warp Henrietta, for 75c per yard.
- 1 piece only, Priestley's Black Serge, 54 inches wide, and worth \$1 25, for 75c per yard.
- 6 pieces Small Figured Granite Cloth, 44 inches wide, and worth 75c, for 40c per yard.
- JUST IMPORTED**—9 pieces Colored Check Dress Goods, tweed effects, 44 inches wide, 48c per yard.
- 3 pieces Black and White Check Dress Goods, 44 inches wide, 35c per yard.
- 27 pieces All-Wool French Serge, 46 inches wide, and all the new shades for spring, worth 75c, for 50c per yard.
- 14 pieces 44 inches Irish Poplins, a great snap, at 48c per yard.
- 9 pieces Colored Satin Soliel, 44 inches wide, for 50c per yard.
- 2 pieces Porous Serge Coating, 46 inches wide, in black and navy, 75c per yard.

**Umbrellas and Circulars.**

We have just opened these goods out today:

- Special line of Ladies' Impenetrable Water-Proof Circulars, worth \$2 25 for \$1 25.
- Very Stylish Ladies' Circulars, with cape and collar, worth \$4, for \$2 75.
- A good line of Ladies' Umbrellas for \$1. Ladies' Silk and Wool Umbrellas, with natural wood handles of the latest designs, only \$2 25.
- A good strong Umbrella for a gentleman for half a dollar.
- Men's Heavy Rubber Coats only \$1 25.
- Men's Rubber Coats, extra value, for \$1 90.
- Men's "Rigby" Waterproof Coats, worth \$12, for \$8 75.

One case of Men's "Melissa" Waterproof Coats, with sewed seams, and worth \$18, for \$10.

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