

JOHN S. MAGEE,
desirous of calling the attention of the Pub-
lisher and varied stock of goods received
from "United Kingdom," "Nawn" and
"H" consisting in part of
COBBERGOS,
BLANKETS,
ONSABURGOS
Red, white, blue & grey twilled Flannels
Plain Flannels in all colors,
can confidently recommend our Flannels as
and will sell cheap.
BOOTS and SHOES,
dressed, youth, Boys, Mens, Misses and
not warranted manufacture.
I call special attention to his white Waps
made from the very best Southern foot
I warrant sound, well made and good
for the wear.
You want good value for your money, come to
LEON HOUSE.
JOHN S. MAGEE
2,000 Gallons
LBER TEE OIL,
received from the manufactory at Saint
and will be sold wholesale or retail at the
rate, by the Subscriber. Please enquire
directly, before purchasing elsewhere
JOHN BALSON,
Kennedy's Arcade, Water St.
Andrews, Aug. 20, 1866.
gar & Molasses
"Loyalist" from Barbados via St. John.
do } Choice
do } Barbados Sugar.
do } do do Molasses.
27, 1866. J. W. STREET.
37. Almanacks 1867.
MILLIAN'S New Brunswick Almanack and
Register for 1867, can be obtained singly
cents, or by the dozen for retail from
J. LEITCH & SON,
supply of the old Almanack always
on hand.
Andrews Nov. 30, 1866.
dissolution of Partnership.
TICK is hereby given, that the partnership
lately subsisting between James Moran and
A. A. Moran, of St. George, in the County of
lotte, under the firm of James Moran & Son,
this day dissolved by mutual consent.
I certify that the said partnership is to
be dissolved by the said James A. Moran, who is
authorized to settle all debts due to and owing
to said firm.
JAMES MORAN,
JAMES A. MORAN.
George, September 16, 1866.
ab. Rubber,
Rubbers
AT THE
Albion House,
JOHN S. MAGEE,
Has received an assortment of
Childrens, Misses,
Ladies,
Gent's,
Rubber Overshoes.
Ladies Rubber Balmors Boots, a nice
lot for the present season, which with all
Childrens and Ladies Boots,
SKELETON SKIRTS,
and the balance of stock of
WINTER DRY GOODS,
will sell CHEAP for Current Money
strictly Bills taken at the usual discount.
MORE NEW GOODS.
JUST RECEIVED and now open for sale
at the very lowest prices:
Hats, Bonnets,
Gloves, and Ribbons.
SHAWLS, MANTILLAS,
AND FANCY DRESS GOODS
Grey and White Cottons,
Lining, Stripes, and Regattas
Pants,
Silkies,
and COBBER CLOTHS
Crashes; Towel-
ling & Table Li-
neus, Shirt-fronts,
Collars, and Fan-
cy Neck Ties,
Lars, Rubbers,
Boots and Shoes.
Balance of Summer Stock daily expected
Steamer "Europa" and when received
it be sold at a very small advance on cost
D. BRADLEY.
FOR SALE.
Hosiery, Gloves,
and Worked Col-
ver Garments for Boys & Girls
Boys Jackets, Sacks, Pants,
Waists, &c. &c.
Each pattern can be used with ease.
June 23. J. S. McKINNEY.

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.] E. VARIIS SUMMENDUM EST OPTIMUM.—Cic.
[25 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE]
Vol 34 SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, MARCH 13, 1867. No 12

Poetry.
TWO LITTLE PAIRS OF BOOTS.
Two little pairs of boots to-night,
Before the fires are dry in g;
Two little pairs of tired feet
In a trundle bed are lying.
The tracks they left upon the floor
Make me feel much like sighing.
These little feet with copper toes
They run the living day;
And oftentimes I almost wish
That they were miles away;
So tired am I to hear so oft
Their heavy tramp at play.
They walk about the new plowed ground,
Where mud is plenty less;
They roll it up in marbles round,
They bake it into pieces.
And then at night upon the floor
In every shape it dries.
To-day I was disposed to scold,
But when I look to-night,
At those little boots before the fire,
With copper toes so bright,
I think how sad my heart would be
To put them out of sight.
For in a trunk up stairs I've laid
Two socks of white and blue;
If called to put these socks away,
O God what shall I do?
I mourn that there is not to-night,
Three pairs instead of two.
I mourn because I thought how nice
My neighbor cross the way.
Could keep their carpets all the year
From getting worn and gray;
Yet well I know she'd smile to own
Some little boots to-day.
We mothers weary get and worn
Over our load of care;
But how we speak to these little ones
Let each of us beware,
For what would our firesides be to-night,
If no little boots were there.

Miscellany.
LOOKING UNDER THE BED.
It is the habit of many persons to take a
look under the bed before retiring for the
night. Mrs. Evergreen, my beloved wife, in-
dulges in indulgence it can be called, in this
peculiar practice. I do not object to it in the
least so long as she does not enforce the per-
formance upon myself; but when, as is some-
times the case, she forgets it until she has put
out the light and encased herself under the
comforter, then it is hard that I, who am not
troubled with nervous apprehensions, should
have to get out in the cold and do it for her.
I have often remarked to Mrs. Evergreen,
when I have seen her prying under the bed,
that it was a silly habit, and that the sooner
she gave it up the better. To this gentle ad-
monition my better half invariably rejoins:
"La, Evergreen! what harm does it do?"
It's a kind of satisfaction to know that no-
body's under there, and then I don't think of
such a horrible thing after I'm in bed.
I think, my dear, you might just as well
pursue your investigations further and look
into the bureau drawers and the clothes-
basket.
Evergreen, she will rejoin, don't mention
the idea or I shall certainly do so. Come to
think of it, a man could very easily get into
the clothes-basket!
Certainly he could, my dear, quite as easily
as a cat. You should certainly include the
clothes-basket, and by-the-by, there's the
chimney! why not look up that as well?
Now, Evergreen, you're laughing at me.
But I can't leave off the habit, and I never
will. It's a comfort for me to know that
there's nothing wrong about it, and I don't see
why you should deprive me of it.
So under the bed goes the candle, and no
signs of humanity being discovered, Mrs. Ever-
green is able to repose in peace. But, as al-
ready observed, this precautionary act is some-
times forgotten, and I myself obliged to rise,
light the lamp, and report. I've done it rathe-
re more frequently of late than is agreeable,
and have intimated as much to Mrs. E. She
says:
"Very well, Evergreen, I'll do it myself."
But this procedure is almost as bad, for she
invariably lets the cold in on me, both in get-
ting out and getting in. If it were not for in-
creasing this mental idiosyncrasy on the part
of Mrs. Evergreen by giving her some good
reason to apprehend danger, I should relate to
her what I am about to lay before the reader.
In this narration, therefore, I ask the public

most particularly to bear in mind that Mrs.
Evergreen is of a sensitive nature, rather ap-
prehensive and slightly superstitious, and that
what I have to say must under no circum-
stances be imparted to that lady. If for two-
and-twenty years (that is the period of our
wedded life, and happy years they have been)
if I say I have for this long period refrained
from imparting the matter to the beloved
share of my joys and partaker of my sorrows,
surely the public (which, as we know, always
does keep a secret) will keep mine.
All young men, I suppose, have love af-
fairs before they eventually fix their affections
on the one who is to bless their lot in life. I
know that I had, and I don't regret it. Re-
gret it? Far from it. Mrs. Evergreen is not
present, and therefore I have no hesitation in
saying that if I had my life to live over again
I'd like to go through the same sentimental
experience, particularly if it was to be suc-
ceeded by again leading to the hymeneal altar
the present Mrs. Evergreen.
I was not bad looking when I was in my
twenties. I think I may go further, and con-
fidently say that Gus Evergreen was a decid-
ed favorite among the girls of Oakville, and I
really believe that I could have had any of
them "for asking." As I before remarked,
Mrs. Evergreen is not present, and I indulge
my thoughts somewhat more freely than would
otherwise be the case. I don't think that I
cared particularly for any of the Oakville girls,
however, and I might have kept my heart
whole to this day if it had not been for the
circumstances which I am about to relate.
Fred Evans, who had been my chum at
school, came to make me a visit at Oakville for
"a day or two," as he said, when he came;
but he made it a week or two easily enough
after I'd taken him among the "young ladies."
When that time had expired Fred said he
really must go as he didn't know what his
father and mother would think of his long
absence; but it ended in his relieving their
anxiety by a letter and sending for his trunk.
I knew how the matter was perfectly well,
and that Belle Bronson had bewitched him
out of his five senses. Fred used to put it on
to the country air and the quiet which was
beneficial to his health, etc., but it was no use
trying to deceive me, and I told him so. Then
he owned up frankly, and I promised to help
him all I could if he required any help in the
prosecution of his suit. I never thought of
Belle a flirt, or that she would willingly dis-
tress any human being; but she had a way of
looking into one's eyes, as if to captivate them
for her mere personal amusement. At any
rate she had a larger share of beauty than the
other girls, but all their attentions came to
nothing. I feared it might be so with Fred
Evans, and warned him accordingly; but Fred
said he'd "have her if he tried all his life,"
that "without her life was naught to him,"
that she was the only living being who had ever
awakened a real emotion in his breast, etc. etc.
After that I said no more, but closely observed
the lovers, and soon came to the conclusion
that Fred was by no means discreditable to
me. This went on in this way without any
definite result until Fred received a sudden
summons home on account of his mother's ill-
ness. When he came back to renew his visit
he insisted upon staying at the Oakville Hotel,
rather than wear out his welcome at our house,
and finding remonstrances unavailing, he went.
The landlord (honest old Downbury—
wonder if he lives!) gave Fred, at my sug-
gestion, the best bedroom, "No. 20"—I am
particular in mentioning the number. "He
shall have No. 20," said Downbury. "Any
friends of yours, Master Augustus, shall have
the best I have to give as long as I'm land-
lord." It was a pleasant room, looking out on the
distant hills and the beautiful winding branch
of the Blackwater; but what cared Fred for the
scenery? He was in the hands of the blind
god, and could not see as far as his nose, ex-
cept in the direction of Belle's cottage. I used
to go over to Fred's room and smoke my cigar,
while he, poor wretch, expiated on his suf-
ferings, doubts, and solicitudes. Did she love
him? that was the question that disturbed
every moment of his existence, and to which,
with the closest reasoning, he could not bring
himself a satisfactory reply. "Sometimes he
thought a word or sign settled the point be-
yond a doubt in his favor; at others he fancied
he read a coolness and indifference in her eyes.
In this condition of uncertainty he dared not
press the question lest a hasty step might bring
him to grief.
At Fred's earnest solicitation I promised to
sound Belle as to her sentiments, if a favor-
able opportunity presented itself, or at any rate
to let her know, in an indirect way, that Fred
was languishing in distress on her account, and
thus give her no excuse for unnecessarily pro-
longing his misery. It so happened, that my
services were not called into requisition,—
Belle Bronson, because of the sudden arrival
of some country cousins at her house, was ob-
liged to give up her room—her mother's cot-
tage being a small one—and to occupy for a
single night a room at the hotel. We would
certainly have offered her guests accommo-
dations at our house, but we were in the same
predicament. An agricultural fair in the vil-

lage had bro't many strangers into the place,
and our own guests were so numerous that I
had given up my room to two of them, and in-
tended asking Fred Evans to let me pass the
night with him.
For this purpose I went to the hotel at a
late hour, and proceeded at once to Fred's room,
but to my surprise found no one there. I did
not even notice that his trunk was gone or sus-
pect the fact which afterwards became appa-
rent, that "to oblige some lady guest for this
night only," as the landlord expressed it, Fred
had consented to give up "No. 20" and occupy
a small room in the rear of the building.
The gas being turned up I took a book (I a-
wait his return, and hearing at last what ap-
peared to be steps approaching the room, and
supposing it to be Fred, in a momentary im-
pulse to play a joke on him I slipped under
the bed, a large and high one, intending to imi-
tate a cat (of which animal I knew he had a
detestation) as soon as he entered the room.
The door opened and I was on the point of
indulging in my ventriloquical faculty by a
long drawn "meow," when from my hiding-
place I beheld Belle Bronson taking quiet
possession of the apartment.
My astonishment was so great, and the
sense of mortification so intense, that I did
not, as I should have done, make myself known
to her. Thus the opportunity for discovery
and explanation was lost. I dared not move
a hair, but hoped sincerely that some excuse
might take her out of the room for a moment,
and so facilitate my escape. She, however,
locked the door, removed the key, and as I
knew by the sound, prepared to retire. Fi-
nally she knelt down beside the bed, and
changing her hands and bowing her head (so
fearfully near to mine that I could hear the
soft words in my very ear) she offered up her
earnest prayer in a manner so full of feeling,
and with such sweet accents of womanly ten-
derness and devotion, that I felt as if she was
an angel bending over the vessel of mortals.
The prayer went to my heart; but one por-
tion of it went through it and held it captive.
Never shall I forget my feelings of surprise
and deep emotion when I heard her utter these
words: "Bless my dear mother, sisters, and
friends; bless all around me, and O God!
bless him I love, Augustus Evergreen, and
show down thy mercies over him. Amen."
"Ah, Augustus," said my divinity to herself,
as she rose from her devotional attitude, "if
you but knew that I named your very name
in my prayers, you would be less indifferent to
me!"
If I breathed short before, before that my
breath seemed to desert me entirely, and I
revelly thought that the beating of my heart
would betray me. Belle, pure as an angel to
me then, and white as a snow-flake, proceeded
to turn off the gas to get into bed. I felt her
step pressure over my head, and shrunk closer
and closer to the hard floor upon which I was
extended. What thoughts rushed through my
brain! above me lay a young and unso-
phisticated girl wholly unconscious that the
one she loved lay so closely to her, and who
had for the first time been made aware of her
interest in him, by hearing words which she
supposed went only to Heaven! I knew
then that the night must pass away, and the
morning come, and that Belle must first leave
the apartment before I could venture to change
even my position.
Belle had lain perfectly motionless for several
minutes and was, I flattered myself, losing
herself in sleep, when suddenly she exclaimed
to herself, "There—I haven't looked under
the bed!" A horror ran through me; all is
lost; what should I do? Belle rose and I
heard her feeling for the matches. She struck
one and was moving towards the gas light,
when the lucifer went out leaving darkness
again. Blessed relief! but how brief! Again
I heard her feeling for the matches and try-
ing to light one after another, as they failed to
ignite; then an "Oh dear, there are no more!"
escaped from her lips.
"Safe! safe!" whispered my soul to me, and
I thanked God in silence for my deliverance.
Belle groined back to bed, but did not im-
mediately get in; she stooped and lifted the cur-
tains which hung around the bottom, and cau-
tiously passed her arm under and around as
far as she could reach. I almost felt her fin-
gers touch my face as I held myself fearfully
and silently back against the wall, too far, just
too far for her reach. Apparently satisfied that
no danger was near, she lay down in bed again
and I counted her respirations till she was
lost in slumber.
As for myself, sleep was entirely out of the
question. I never was so wide awake in my
life. How I lay upon that hard carpet and
thought the night out!—tho't of her, and her
love for me! tho't of myself and my love for
her. Yes I was convinced from that moment
that the hand of destiny was in it, and that a
benign and all-wise providence had seen fit
in this extraordinary way to open my eyes to
the path of happiness and peace.
With the morning light fresh fears came
upon me lest my unconscious room mate might
yet peer beneath the bed for robbers before
she left the room; but my fears were ground-
less. She rose and dressed expeditiously, for

she was to join her cousins at an early break-
fast and she had overslept herself. When at
last she took the key, unlocked the door, and
departed. I lost no time in slipping out of my
shameful place of concealment and escaping
from the hotel. On the stairs I met Fred just
coming out of his room, who exclaimed:—
"Why, what's the matter with you, old fel-
low? You look like the last days of an ill-
spent life. And your coat, too—why it's all
over feathers and dust. Where have you
been?"
"Why, I slept—slept out last night, that's
all. Our house is full, and so I had to find
quarters elsewhere. I'm just going to—dress."
I should say so, decidedly. I see it all, old
fellow. You've been on a lark, and had to
put up in the watch-house; come now, up and
tell us all about it.
No lark at all, Fred, nothing of the kind I
assure you.
Well, if not a lark what kind of a lark was
it? From the looks of the feathers I should
say it was a goose.
You're a goose, Fred. But seriously I've
a word to say to you of the most important na-
ture. Be a man, Fred and make up your
mind to hear something disagreeable. It must
be told sooner or later, and I might as well
tell you now.
Good Heavens, Gus! how earnest you look
at me, you do mean to say that—that anything
has happened to Belle Bronson?
Don't mention her name again, Fred, or
to think of her any more, for she'll never be
anything to you. I have it from one who knows
all about it, that she has long been attached to
somebody else, and that somebody means to
marry her. There is no mistake about it; so
bear up and try your luck elsewhere.
But Fred Evans was not to be discouraged
by a mere hearsay. That very day he went
to see Belle, determined to know his fate from
her own lips. Soon after he left Oakville and
I did not see him again for several years, when,
meeting him in town one day, I insisted on
bringing him home with me and presenting
him to his old flame, Belle Bronson—the pre-
sent Mrs. Evergreen.
Ah, Fred I said he, after dinner, when my
wife and the little Evergreens had left us to
ourselves—Ah, Fred, you served me a shab-
by trick when you allowed me to lose my heart
to the girl you intended to marry yourself—a
very shabby trick, one of which I never sus-
pected you!
So I had to tell him (in strict confidence of
course, as I tell you, reader) all about the bed-
room affair at the Oakville Hotel, and the
love that grew out of it.
[Harper's Magazine.]
THE FRONTIER WEDDING.
BY THE MINISTER'S WIFE.
One day in early winter, my husband receiv-
ed a summons to Burke's settlement to unite
a couple in the bonds of wedlock. It was es-
pecially requested that his wife should accom-
pany him; as we should be expected to re-
main all night, and partake of the festivities
of the expected bride, about noon. A
dozen tow haired children were at the door,
waiting our arrival. They telegraphed the
news instantly.
Marm! marm! here's the elder and his wo-
man. They're nothing but folks. She's got
a man's hat on, and a turkey wing on the front
of it. His nose is just like dad's—crooked as
a cow-horn squash.
Alas for Mr. Morrison's aquiline nose! of
which was a little vain.
Sam! cried a shrill female voice from the
interior of the cabin, run out and grab the
rooster, and I'll clap him into the pot. Sal,
you quit that churn, and sweep the floor.
Kick that corn dodger under the bed. Bill
you wipe the tallow out of that cheer for the
elder's wife, and be spry about it.
Further remarks were cut short by our en-
trance.
Mrs. Burke, in calico short gown, blue pet-
ticoat, and bare feet, came forward, wiping
her face on her apron.
How d'y do, elder? How d'y do, marm?
Must excuse my head, ha't had no chance to
comb since last week. Work must be did,
you know. Powerful sharp air, ha't it?
Shoo, three! Bill drive that turkey out of the
bread-trough. Sal, take the lady's things.
Set right up to the fier, marm. Hands cold?
Well, just run 'em in Bill's hair, we keep it
long a purpose.
Bill presented his shaggy head; but I de-
clined, with an involuntary shudder.
Laws! if she a'n't actually shivering! cried
Mrs. Burke. Bring in some more wood.
There, marm, take this hot corn dodger inter-
yer lap. It's as good as a soapstone.
A latef squall announced the execution of
the rooster, and shortly afterwards he was
boouncing about in a four quart kettle, over the
fire. Sal returned to her churn; but the ex-
traordinary visitor must have made her care-
less, for she upset the concern, and the butter-
milk went swimming over the floor.
Grab the ladel, Bill, cried Mrs. Burke, and

getting breakfast and, at my earnest request Mr. Morrison got our horse, and bade them adieu. I never could have lived through another meal in that house.

I have since heard that Mr. Lord, said that if he had seen the elder's wife before he was married, Sally might have gone to the dickens. "Alas! it might have been so."

TELEGRAPHIC.

Toronto, March 7th.
It is understood that orders have been received from the military authorities to put 2,000 Volunteers in readiness for immediate service on the frontier. It is supposed that the authorities have received information of an intended Fenian movement.

New York, March 8.
London, 6th, evening.—The Fenian agitation in Ireland has been renewed and is increased. A meeting of several hundred Irishmen near Dublin has been dispersed by the troops. The telegraph wires have been cut in various parts of the country. In the house of Commons, Lord Russ, chief Secretary of Ireland, stated today that the Fenians rising around Dublin was supposed to number from 20,000 to 40,000 men.

Dublin, 6th.
An attack was made by a body of Fenians upon the Drogheda barracks yesterday. The attacking party was repulsed with great gallantry by the military and police stationed there. Several Fenians were given the bayonet, and several others were wounded, when they took from the field. Several government forces were injured, including three police.

Liverpool, 6th.
Despatches have been received by the government stating that an attack was made by a small force of Fenians upon Castle Marty yesterday, but the enemy was repulsed and driven off. One of the attacking force, said to be an American officer, was shot.

London, 6th.
The Fenians have torn up the rails and blocked up the roads between Cork and Dublin, completely suspending rail travel between these cities.

The government does not feel any alarm at the aspect of affairs, as very efficient measures have been made throughout the island. There have been as yet no serious outrages committed upon either persons or property of private subjects, the rebels appearing to be in a state of strict military discipline. At 4 p. m. reports were received a government head quarters stating that all was quiet.

London, 7th.
Consols closed to-day at 93½. U. S. 5 20's 74½.

New York, 8th.
Gold 124½.

London March 7.
Despatches received during the day from Dublin and Cork, give the following particulars of the last outbreak in Ireland: The fight took place on Tuesday night at Falagh, about eight miles from Dublin, between the armed police and a large body of Fenians. One of the latter was killed, and five wounded. The police captured 80 persons, and six loads of ammunition. Up to dark to-day over 200 persons had been brought into Dublin. The main body of the Fenians engaged in the fight retreated to the hills north of Dublin, with Lord Rathfriland, the commander of the British forces in Ireland, in vigorous pursuit. The police station at Kilmallock, 10 miles south of Limerick in the County of Munster, was attacked by 200 Fenians who were repulsed, leaving 30 of their number dead upon the ground, and losing 14 prisoners.

The barracks of the police at Dramore, County Down in the north, had been fired by an incendiary and totally destroyed.

The manager of the Union Bank, and a mounted police messenger have been shot in Dramore.

Reports from Dublin state that the various bands of Fenians appear to be well supplied with rations, and seem to have risen suddenly in all parts of the island. They attacked the coast guard stationed at Kilmallock in the County Clare, and took away their arms.

Consols 90½. 5 20's 73½.

Gold 124.

It is reported from Ireland to-day that tranquility has been restored throughout the Province of Leinster, and that there has been no recent disturbance in the County of Kerry, the scene of the abortive outbreak of last month.

James Stephens is reported to be still in Paris.

Dublin, March 3th.
A despatch from Waterford states that the Galley Mountains, on the borders of Tipperary and Cork Counties are swarming with Fenians, and it is feared an attack will be made upon the town of Tipperary, the inhabitants of which are disaffected and strongly disposed to help them.

London, March 9.
Official despatches from Ireland say that loads of arms have been found and seized by the military and this fact seems to confirm the reports that the rising of the Irish failed to be general.

London, March 9.
Despatches from Dublin state that small bands of Fenians are patrolling the Counties of Cork, Waterford Tipperary and Limerick, pressing the people into their ranks, and committing robberies everywhere.

The taverns in City of Cork are to be closed every evening at dusk.

London, March 9.
C. W. Field has consummated the purpose on which he chiefly came hither some weeks since by contracting for a cable to be laid from Palencia, Newid. to Cape Breton.

Consols closed at 90½.

New York March 9.
Gold closed quietly at 124½.

Dublin, March 10.
The band of Fenians previously reported to have taken possession of the barracks at Kilmallock, in Kildare, have been dispersed by the troops.

The insurgents made an attack on the barracks at Mount Mellik, at the foot of Slieve Bloom Mountains and were repulsed, two of the attacking party were shot.

The rebels are said to have assembled to the number of 3,000, in the neighborhood of Aherly Abbey, in Queen's County. Troops have been sent out to disperse them.

The existence of a Fenian Council has been discovered and its members have been arrested by the police.

James Burke one of the Fenian leaders in the South has been captured at Tipperary.

Paris, March 10.

The Monitor states that by this time all the French troops must have left Mexico and that the departure of the Emperor Maximilian from Vera Cruz was to have taken place on the 8th of March.

Madrid, March 10.

A Royal proclamation announces the termination of Martial Law in Spain.

New York, March 11.
Gold 125.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

Head Quarters, Fredericton, 27th February, 1867.

No 23.

Commissions signed by His Excellency the Commander in Chief:—

First Battalion Charlotte County Militia.

Ensign A. St. Pauline to be Captain, 27th Feb.

P. G. Stoop do 28th do

J. R. Bradford do 1st Mar.

Jas. Curry to be Lieutenant, 27th Feb.

John Lechay, Jr. do 28th do

Henry A. Rilemont do 1st Mar.

Wm. Whitlock, Jr. do 2nd do

Robert K. Ross, M. D., to be Assistant Surgeon, 27th Feb. 1866.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief has been pleased to permit the undermentioned Officers to retire with the rank opposite their names:—

Captain Nathan N. Treadwell—Major.

Lieutenant Samuel H. Whitlock—Captain.

By Command.

GEO. J. MAUNSELL, Lt. Colonel.

Adjutant Gen. of Militia.

The Standard.

9th ANDREWS, MARCH 13, 1867.

The telegrams by the Cable of the rising of the Fenians in England and Ireland, look ominous, but really we must take with a degree of allowance all such statements, as they are generally exaggerated. Our experience of last spring justifies us making these remarks for every one knows, that tens were multiplied into hundreds, and hundreds into thousands. No one who is at all acquainted with the power of Great Britain, imagines for a moment that these wicked men, can accomplish anything beyond, perhaps, killing a few men and destroying a small amount of property. The misguided dupes are led on by designing and desperate men, who are pocketing the hard earnings of poor deluded people who are led to believe that they are marching on to glory—instead of inhospitable graves.

That their leaders can accomplish anything they do not believe themselves—many of their countrymen will oppose them and shoot them down. Clergymen of all denominations have warned their people against having anything to do with them. The Government is fully alive to the necessity of exterminating the lawless hordes, and the recent encounter in Ireland, shows that the day of leniency is over, and that justice will be meted out to them. No more commutation of sentence—the soldiers will do their duty.

The latest news by Cable dated 11th March, states that the Fenians in Ireland have dispersed, and order is again restored. A reward is offered for a leader named Dance.

Our correspondent "A Merchant," whose letter is on file, labors under a misapprehension. The Postmaster we know from our own experience, keeps the Office open for some time after the arrival of the mail by Railway on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings. And we also know of cases where he sent letters to business men who did not happen to send, before the office closed. As the exact time of the arrival of the Railway mail cannot be determined, it is impossible for the Postmaster to publish the hour the office is opened on those evenings. We trust "A Merchant" will rest satisfied with this explanation; where there is any want of public accommodation on the part of an official, we will perform our duty as a journalist and expose it. We can state for the information of those interested, that on the arrival of the Railway mails the Post Office will always be open for delivery of letters, &c.

We are requested to state that the Annual Meeting of the "St. Andrews Friendly Society," will be held to-morrow, Thursday 14th inst., at Wm. Morrison's large room.

The "Rambling Special" of our contemporary the "St. Croix Courier," speaks in glowing terms of the Town of St. Andrews, its open winter Harbour, its facilities for trade, its salubrious climate, its beautiful scenery and surroundings. Now he could find time to notice all these matters, and yet attend steadily to business as he did, is surprising. A paper with so industrious, and observing a "Correspondent," and one withal so agreeable as to render himself a favorite in a few short hours, is exceedingly fortunate. The "Rambling Special" will be a welcome visitor wherever he goes. It is almost unnecessary to add, that the paper he represents, is a large, carefully made up, and well conducted sheet, and worthy of support far beyond the locality in which it is published.

SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—We learn that the pupils attending Miss Magee's School, will give an Exhibition on Tuesday Evening next in the Town Hall, consisting of Recitations and amusing Dialogues, with music. The object is to raise money to obtain Maps and other appliances for the School. A large attendance is expected.

There is an erroneous impression that the St. Stephen Branch Railway has a decided advantage over the Main Line, having railway connection six times a week with Woodstock. It is not so; the connection is only three times a week.

We omitted in our last, to acknowledge the receipt of the Circular of the Mount Allison Wesleyan Academy. From it we learn that the Institution is in a prosperous condition; the courses of study are given, the number of students, and other information. A new building to replace the one destroyed by fire, is to be ready for occupation by the 1st August next. A College is also embraced in this flourishing Institution, and degress of B. A., B. S., and M. A., are conferred on those who can pass the required examination.

The Rev. Mr. Wilson's lecture on the Wesleyan Hymn Book and its author, last evening, is very highly spoken of.

The St. Stephen Bank has declared a Dividend of Three per cent. for the half year payable 31st March.

Capt. Mitchell of the sch. "James Marcell" was drowned in New York harbour on the 28th February.

Capt. S. Hill, of Calais, died of Small Pox at Matanzas.

The Episcopal Church in the Colonies.

Lord Carnarvon, in the House of Lords, a short time ago, in reply to a demand of the Bishop of London for certain documents relating to the condition of the Episcopal Church in the Colonies, said, "Not a single Church in the Colonies was at this moment an Established Church. Canada, Victoria, New South Wales, South Australia, one after another had repudiated the idea of anything like an Established Church; and matters had gone so far that in South Australia the Legislature had absolutely refused on one or two occasions to pass an Act referring to the Church of England because it seemed to give a legal existence to it. Therefore the Colonial Church at the moment was entirely in the position of a voluntary association—it was precisely in the same position as the Wesleyan body, the Roman Catholics or the Baptists—neither better nor worse than they were."

The Bishop of London, later in the same debate, highly eulogized the tenor of Lord Carnarvon's statements, and observed, "The connexion between Colonial Churches and the Church at home was not to be maintained by flimsy documents or high sounding claims. How do these statements accord with certain fine spun legal arguments lately drawn out in the Sun press on this subject?"

STABBING AFFRAY.—We learn from a Police man this morning that a serious stabbing affray took place last night between nine and ten o'clock, at one of the street corners in Lower Cove. A young man named Kirby received fourteen stabs (14), inflicted by a lad named Phil. Dougherty, son of Mr. Dougherty, Brewer. We did not learn how the dispute arose. D. is still at large, and the Police are on the look out for him. [News.]

DISASTER.—On Friday at the barque "Eliza Young," of Yarmouth, was leaving this port she was forced by the tide up the Channel, and finally got stranded between Navy Island and Carleton. Her deck load had to be removed, and an attempt was made on Saturday forenoon at high water, to get her afloat. This, however, proved unavailing, and she must, therefore, in all probability remain in her present position till such time as she is lightened by the discharge of her cargo. [1b.]

The Government of Nova Scotia has given notice that two lights are now exhibited from the light house recently erected on Ironbound at the entrance of Mahone Bay. They are fixed white lights placed horizontally twenty-five feet apart, and in clear weather should be seen twelve miles. A fixed white light is also now exhibited from the lighthouse recently erected on Amet Island in Tatamagouche Bay, Northumberland Straits.

Work has commenced on Windsor and Annapolis Railway.

Montreal, March 8.
The Coroner's Jury in the recent railway accident which caused the death of a fireman, have returned a verdict of manslaughter against the manager of Grand Trunk Railway and the division superintendent.

C. J. Brydges, Esq., of the Grand Trunk, leaves for England this p. m. via Portland—Matters in connection with the Inter-Colonial Railway said to be the object of his visit.

It is asserted that only one Session of the Federal Parliament will be held at Ottawa—that it will afterwards be transferred to Montreal.

Samuel Downing, believed to be the last of the revolutionary soldiers of the American war, and who was born in the reign of George II., died recently in the State of New York, aged 107 years. The changes which he lived to see surpass the boldest conceptions of fiction. It has been remarked that five and fifty such ages in regular succession would form a chain that would connect to-day with the era ordinarily assigned as the date of the creation of the world.

It is a fact not generally known that the finest or higher brands of Flour are not the most wholesome for general use. The coverings of the wheat which contains the phosphates (the great vitalising elements of grain) are stripped off in the process of grinding and sold as pig feed, and consequently the portion which should be retained for the human are distributed among the brute creation.

A process has been patented in England for depriving the wheat of the outer husk without injuring the three inner coverings, so that the flour obtained combines all the food qualities.

The Postmaster General has issued an order that in future all fees, preposits and other revenues (except the commission on Postage Stamped) derived at any of the Post offices in the Province, in connection with the duties thereof shall be collected by the officer in charge, and accounted for as belonging to the general revenues of the Post Office, to the Head of the Department.

The Government, at the suggestion of His Excellency, Major General Doyle, has consented to grant free passes by the E. & N. A. Railway to the officers of and men of the Volunteer Corps, and to officers of Militia when on duty, provided they appear in uniform. The abuse of this privilege, by wearing uniforms when not on duty, be punished by dismissal from the service.

PRINCE PATRICK TO BE KING OF CANADA.—A Montreal telegram from the N. Y. Herald states that H. R. H. Arthur William Patrick Albert, is to be King of the Confederation, and that it is hoped his appointment will neutralize the tendency of the Irish in America toward Fenianism.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—We learned by telegraph from Hillsboro last night, that the only child of Mr. Howard Steeves, a little girl aged 2½ years, was burned so badly on Thursday that she died in the afternoon. Her clothes caught fire during her mother's absence from the room for a few minutes. [Telegraph.]

The International telegraph line will be pushed through to Rockland, Belfast, and Bangor, as soon as spring opens.

After April 1st the St. John Post Office will be kept open at night, until 9 o'clock. This is a decided improvement, originating with the Postmaster General.

An organ is to be erected in St. Andrew's Church, Halifax.

The whole of the capital—\$100,000—for the steam line to the lower ports, which the merchants of Quebec propose establishing, has already been subscribed.

An advertiser in one of our exchanges wants a young man to take charge of a span of horses of a religious turn of mind.

The fire in the Albion Mine continued to rage all last week. Much damage is said to have been done to the works.

Married.

On the 24th ult., at the residence of R. Sinclair, Esq., Campbellton, N. B., by the Rev. William Wilson, Mr. Robert S. Blaikie, of Montpelier, C. E., formerly of Green Hill, Pictou, N. S., to Miss Emma, daughter of Mr. Walter Grover, of Kempt Road, Resigouche, Bonaventure Co.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Portland, on the 6th instant, by the Rev. George J. Cate, Robert Dunlop, Esq., to Isabella, daughter of the late James Cate, Esq., of Chatham, Mr.

On the 12th ult., at All Soul's Church, Langhamplace, by the Rev. Chancellor Sparks, assisted by the Rev. John Tryphitt Drake, Rector of Cottesbrook, Northamptonshire, Eng., Graham Edward Henry, second son of His Excellency Sir John Henry Thomas Mansel-Sutton, K. C. B., Governor of Victoria, to Charlotte Laura, only daughter of the late Lieut. Col. Astley, of 7, Cavendish Square, and of Burgh Hall, Norfolk.

Died.

On the 27th Feb., at St. Ann's Rectory, Annapolis, Maryland, U. S., William Pheasant, aged 41 years, a native of Southwell, Nottinghamshire, Eng.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

March 7, Sch. Emiline, Fuller, Red Beach, mcal, master.

8, Jacob, Bradford, Boston, mcal & J. R. Bradford.

Rechar, Mowat, goods Express Co.

CLEARED.

March 7, Sch. Jaddie, Fanning, New York.

Lutha, J. McAdam & Sons.

9, Olive, Matilda, Fitzpatrick, Boston.

126 M. claphams, A. Watson.

12, Utica, Maloney, Boston, 2250 sleepers.

350 ft. ash plank, 1873 ft. Baswood.

Boards, R. Ross.

Maria Jane, Maloney, Boston, 100 tons.

Hay, J. W. Street.

Charlie, Britt, Boston, 2500 sleepers, R. Ross.

To the Court of General Sessions in and for Charlotte County.

The Petition of _____ of the Parish of _____ in the County aforesaid.

Humly sheweth,

That Petitioner is a Householder, residing in the Parish of _____ in said County, and is desirous of obtaining a License to keep a TAVERN at _____ (here specify the place and building) in said Parish. That Petitioner is a person of orderly and sober habits, and has the means of comfortably entertaining travellers, and is prepared in all respects to comply with the Laws of the Province, and the Regulations of this Honorable Court, relating to the sale of Spirituous Liquors and the keeping of Taverns.

And as in and by the said Petition, and the Statute in that behalf made, may more fully appear.

Dated (Pa. 8th) _____ 1867. A. B.

The above petition is to be accompanied with the following recommendation signed by not less than two freeholders in the Parish aforesaid, certify that we know the above named petitioner, that we believe the statements by him to be true, and recommend that the prayer of his petition be complied with.

The foregoing is the form of petition to be signed by applicants for Tavern Licenses, and ensuring Sessions, which petition is to be in Court on or before Thursday of the first week of the Court. Blank forms of petition may be had at the Office of the Clerk of the Peace.

GEO. S. GRIMMER, Clerk of Peace.

St. Andrews, March 8, 1867. Courier 6 weeks.

Choice Fish.

A few Bundles 50 lbs each Bundle, choice Pollock Fish, for family use, are offered for sale by the subscriber, at One dollar and twenty five cents per bundle.

JOHN S. MAGREE, Advsr. House.

TO BE PUBLISHED.

IN NUMBERS.

Of 96 pages each (perhaps 12 Nos. altogether).

A WORK ENTITLED

Political Notes and Observations;

or,

A glance at the leading Measures that have been introduced and discussed in the

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

OF

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Under the Administration of Sir W. M. G. Colebrook, Sir E. W. Head, Hon. J. H. T. Mansel-Sutton, and Hon. A. H. Gordon, extending over a period of twenty five years.

BY G. B. PRENEY, (Queen's Printer).

The first Number will be issued on the 1st May, and sold at the Bookst. and Agents at 25 cents.

By addressing the Advertiser, any time before the month of May, enclosing 25 cents in Postage stamps, the Book will be sent to any one free of postage.

The postage on all letters to the Advertiser must be prepaid, or they cannot be taken out of the Office.

Agencies will be established in different parts of the Province.

Further particulars in reference to the manner in which the work will be continued, etc., etc., will be explained in the advertisement that will appear in the first Number.

S. H. MILLER, (Queen's Printer).

mar 13 41 (Queen's Street, Fredericton).

St. Andrews, 24th Feb. 1867.

WE the undersigned Ratepayers of School District No. 1, Parish of St. Andrews, request the Trustees of Schools for said Parish to call a meeting of Ratepayers of said District for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of providing a sufficiently commodious Parish School House for said District, by Assessment upon the inhabitants, being Ratepayers.

W. WHITLOCK, and Eleven others.

Public Notice.

In compliance with the above Requisition, we do hereby give Public Notice, that a Meeting of the Ratepayers of School District No. 1, will be held at the Parish School House, on

MONDAY, the 18th MARCH,

at 3 o'clock, P. M. For the purpose of Assessing the Ratepayers of said District, for said purpose.

A. W. SMITH, J. LOCHARY, Jr. Trustees.

St. Andrews, Feb. 26, 1867.

New Brunswick & Canada Railway.

On and after this date Trains will leave St. Andrews for Richmond every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 9 a. m., and St. Stephens for Richmond every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 a. m.

Returning

will leave Richmond for St. Andrews every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.30 a. m., and for St. Stephens every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9.30 a. m., until further notice.

AGENTS.

D. J. SELLY, Water street, St. John; & W. VANWORT, Woodstock.

HENRY OSBURN, St. Andrews, March 5, 1867. MANAGER.

Cases Brandy.

100 Cases Pale and Brown Brandy, vin. 74, just Received.

Feb. 5, 1867.

J. W. STREETER.

Dissolution.

THE business of

Subscribers

is this day dissolved due to, and settled by, the business

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Rechal, Mowat, goods Express Co.
CLEARED.
March 7, Sch. Jeddie, Fanning, New York
Laths, J. McAdam & Sons.
9, Olive Matilda, Fitzpatrick, Boston,
129 M. Chapboards, A. Watson.
12, Uden, Maloney, Boston, 2250 sleep-
ers, 350 ft. ash plank, 1873 ft. Basswood
Boards, R. Ross.
Marin Jane, Maloney, Boston, 100 tons
lay, J. W. Street.
Charlie, Britt, Boston, 2500 sleepers, R.
Ross.

To the Court of General Sessions in and
for Charlotte County.

The Petition of
Humbly sheweth,
That Petitioner is a Householder,
residing in the Parish of
County, and is desirous of obtaining a License
to keep a TAVERN at [specify the place
and building] in said Parish. That Petitioner
is a person of orderly and sober habits, and has
the means of considerably entertaining travellers,
and is prepared in all respects to comply with the
Laws of the Province, and the Regulations of this
Honorable Court, relating to the sale of Spirituous
Liquors and the keeping of Taverns.
And as in duty bound he ever prayeth,
that the day of A.D. 1867,
The above petition is to be accompanied with
the following pecuniary addition signed by not less
than two freeholders:

The Subscribers, resident freeholders in the
Parish aforesaid, certify that we know the above
named petitioner, that we believe the statements
by him above subscribed, and recognized that the
petitioner of his petition be complied with.
The foregoing is the form of petition to be signed
by applicants for Tavern Licenses, containing
Sessions, which petition is to be in Court on or be-
fore Thursday of the first week of the Court.
Blank forms of petition may be had at the Office
of the Clerk of the Peace.
GEO. S. GRIMMER,
Clerk of Peace.
St. Andrews, March 2, 1867. Courier 6 weeks.

Choice Fish.
A few Bundles of Choice Fish, including Pollock
Fish, for family use, offered for sale by the
subscriber, at One dollar and twenty five cents
per bundle.
JOHN S. MAGEE,
Adams House.

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thers).

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By addressing the Advertiser, any time be-
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For further particulars in reference to the mat-
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A. W. SMITH,
J. LOCHARY, Jr., Trustees.
St. Andrews, Feb. 26, 1867.

New Brunswick & Canada Railway
On and after this date Trains will leave St. An-
drews for Richmond every Monday, Wednesday,
and Friday at 9 a. m., and St. Stephens for Rich-
mond every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at
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Returning
will leave Richmond for St. Andrews every Tues-
day, Thursday and Saturday at 9.30 a. m., and
for St. Stephens every Monday, Wednesday and
Friday at 9.30 a. m., until further notice.
AGENTS,
D. J. SMITH, Water street, St. John; & W.
VANWORT, Woodstock.
HENRY OSBURN,
St. Andrews, March 5, 1867. **MANAGER.**

Cases Brandy.
100 Cases Pale and Brown Brandy, vin. 54, just
Received.
J. W. STREET.
Feb. 5, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE business heretofore carried on by the
Subscribers, under the style and firm of
Mealy & Stinson,
is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All
debts due to, and by the late firm, to be paid to
and settled by Mr. Charles Stinson, who con-
tinues the business on his own account.
ALFRED M. MEALY
CHARLES STINSON.
St. George, Feb. 27, 1867. 41

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the
Estate of EDWARD WILSON, Esq., of St.
Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the
same duly attested within three months; and all
those indebted to said estate are requested to
make immediate payment to
Z. CHAPMAN,
B. R. STEVENSON, Executors.
St. Andrews, Feb. 26, 1867. 41

Noticed.

ALL parties having accounts against the Coun-
ty of Charlotte, are hereby notified to send
duelities thereof to me, on or before the 1st
day of APRIL, next for audit.
JOHN S. MAGEE,
COUNTY CLERK.
St. Andrews, Feb. 26, 1867. 41

Western Insurance Co.

(Limited) of England.
Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid, without
reference to England.
The Subscribers have been appointed Agents of the
above Company, and are prepared to take Risks
against Fire on liberal terms.
GEO. D. STREET,
Feb. 19, 1867. 41

FOR SALE.

THE Corporation of St. Paul's Church Grand
Manan, will offer for sale at Public Auction, on
the 15th day of May next, between the hours of 12 o'clock
noon, and 3 o'clock P. M.
Half an Acre of Land more or less, situate at
Grand Harbour on the West side of the Creek
near the Public Landing, and being a part of the
Globe Land granted said Corporation.
Terms and further particulars at sale.
GEO. T. CAREY, Rector,
COCHRAN CRAIG, Church
Philip NEWTON, J. W. Street,
Grand Manan, Feb. 13, 1867. 31

FISH. FISH.

THE Subscriber has received on consignment,
a lot of
Barrels and half barrels packed HERRINGS
Dry COD and FLOLOCK.
Also a supply of Smoked Herrings.
Jan. 30. C. F. CLINCH.
(Academy 4)

FLOUR.

N. STORE-Ex ahrs. "John Clinch & Co."
"Maria Juner" from New York,
1,000 Barrels Flour, various grades.
Jan. 30. C. F. CLINCH.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE
One of the Original WOOD
Sewing Machines.
These celebrated Machines are now on sale at
the Subscriber's, where the public are invited to
examine and test for themselves.
JAMES STOOP,
Agent.
Jan. 16.

Havana Cigars.

17 M Havana Cigars.
Imported and for sale by
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.
St. Stephen, N. B.

Flour, Pork & Corn.

Ex "Mary Ellen" from New York:
250 BLS. superfine Extra State and R. H.
Extra Ohio Flour, assorted brands.
50 Bushels Corn.
10 BLS. extra Mess Pork.
J. W. STREET.

E. & N. A. Railway.

Winter Arrangement.
ON and after MONDAY, 3rd December, Trains
will run as follows:
UP TRAINS.
Leave St. John for Shediac at 9.00 a. m. daily.
Leave Shediac for St. John at 10.00 a. m. daily.
Leave St. John for Shediac at 6.00 a. m. daily.
Leave Shediac for St. John at 7.00 a. m. daily.
A Freight Train with a Second Class Passenger
Car attached, will leave St. John for Shediac
every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12.15
P. M., and will leave Shediac for St. John every
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11.45 A. M.
All trains carry freight.
Freight for Station between St. John and
Sussex will go by 4.15 P. M. Train.
Freight to and from St. John Station one hour
and other Stations half an hour before the
time of departure of the Train by which it is to
be conveyed.
GEO. THOMAS,
Chairman.
Railway Commissioners Office,
St. John, N. B., Nov. 23, 1866. 41



SHERIFF'S SALES.

Sheriff's Sales to take place at the
Court House, St. Andrews.
N. B. & C. Railway do April 20

To be sold at Public Auction at the Court
House, in St. Andrews, in the County of
Charlotte, at 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNES-
DAY, the eighth day of June, 1867:—
ALL the right, title, interest, claim and de-
mand, whatsoever, of the NEW BRUNSWICK
AND CANADA RAILWAY AND
LAND COMPANY, LIMITED, of, in and to all the
following lands, described as follows:—
First, all that certain tract of land, (excepting
so much of the same, as lies and is situated in the
County of York.)

Beginning at a birch tree standing on the wes-
terly side of the railway and in the northerly
angle of block number six, granted to the Saint
Andrews and Quebec Railway Company, in the
parish of St. James, thence running by the
magnet of the year 1868 south seventy-three de-
grees west, three hundred and fifty-six chains
along the northerly line of said grant, (crossing
the road from Oak Point Bay to Woodstock, viz. Lot
number four granted to George J. Thomson, lot
number five granted to Hugh Boyd, lot number
three granted to Samuel Elliott, lot number one
granted to William McGuffey, lot number twenty-
four granted to Geo. Eales, lot number twenty-
five granted to John Mitchell, lot number sixteen
granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
two granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
three granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
four granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
five granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
six granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
seven granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
eight granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
nine granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-one
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-two
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-three
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-four
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-five
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-six
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-seven
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-eight
granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty-nine
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-one
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-two
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-three
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-four
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-five
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-six
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-seven
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-eight
granted to John Nicholson, lot number forty-nine
granted to John Nicholson, lot number fifty
granted to John Nicholson, lot number fifty-one
granted to John Nicholson, lot number fifty-two
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granted to John Nicholson, lot number sixty
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granted to John Nicholson, lot number sixty-five
granted to John Nicholson, lot number sixty-six
granted to John Nicholson, lot number sixty-seven
granted to John Nicholson, lot number sixty-eight
granted to John Nicholson, lot number sixty-nine
granted to John Nicholson, lot number seventy
granted to John Nicholson, lot number seventy-one
granted to John Nicholson, lot number seventy-two
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granted to John Nicholson, lot number one hundred and ninety-six
granted to John Nicholson, lot number one hundred and ninety-seven
granted to John Nicholson, lot number one hundred and ninety-eight
granted to John Nicholson, lot number one hundred and ninety-nine
granted to John Nicholson, lot number two hundred

ed to the place of beginning. Containing twenty
nine thousand nine hundred and eighty-two acres
more or less, distinguished as Block number
nine.

The second Tract being situated in said Parish
of St. James, in the said County of Charlotte, and
beginning at the northwesterly angle of Lot
number three west of the south branch of Canoe
river, surveyed for Robert Pinkerton; thence
running by the magnet south two degrees west
ten chains to a northern line of Block number six
granted to the Saint Andrews and Quebec Rail-
road Company; thence along the same south sev-
enty-three degrees west, thirteen chains to a ce-
dars tree; thence north seventeen degrees west
fifteen chains and twenty-nine links to a post
and thence south eighty-eight degrees east eight-
teen chains to the place of beginning. Containing
eighteen acres more or less.

The said two tracts containing together Thirty
Thousand Acres more or less, subject nevertheless
to the following lots of land situated on the east-
ery and westerly sides of the above mentioned
road from Oak Point Bay to Woodstock, viz. Lot
number fourteen surveyed for Joseph Dixon, lot
number seven granted to George Mings, lot num-
ber eight granted to Peter J. Cooke, lot num-
ber nine granted to Jonathan Godfrey, lot num-
ber ten granted to George Boyd, lot number eleven
granted to David Mann, lot number twelve
granted to Robert Shaw, lot number thirteen
granted to David Lion, lot number fourteen
surveyed for Robert Minkson, lot number fifteen
surveyed for James Coulter, lot number sixteen
surveyed for Sidney Mitchell, lot number seven-
teen surveyed for Alexander Grant, lot num-
ber twenty-one surveyed for Solomon Simpson,
lot number six granted to John McCoubrey, lot
number five granted to William McGuffey, lot
number four granted to George J. Thomson, lot
number three granted to Hugh Boyd, lot num-
ber two granted to Samuel Elliott, lot number one
granted to William McGuffey, lot number twenty-
four surveyed for Geo. Eales, lot number twenty-
five surveyed for John Mitchell, lot number sixteen
granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
two granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
three granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
four granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
five granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
six granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
seven granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
eight granted to John Nicholson, lot number twenty-
nine granted to John Nicholson, lot number thirty
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granted to John Nicholson, lot number ninety-eight
granted to John Nicholson, lot number ninety-nine
granted to John Nicholson, lot number one hundred

A plan of the lands may be seen at the office
of James G. Stevens, M. P. P., Saint Stephen, at
the Crown Lands Office, Fredericton, and at my
Office.

The same having been seized under, and taken
by virtue of the following executions, issued out
of the Supreme Court of this Province, to wit:
first at the suit of the Hon. John J. Robinson, en-
dorsed to levy \$3229 12 6, with interest, together
with Sheriff's fees and incidental expenses.
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

The sale of the above properties is postponed
by order of Judge Wilnot, until the
first Tuesday in November next, or until
otherwise ordered.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, June 6, 1864.

The above sale is further postponed until
the 20th of January 1865, by order of the
Supreme Court in Equity.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, Oct. 31, 1864.

The above sale is further postponed until
the 20th of April, 1865, by order of the Su-
preme Court in Equity.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Per ALEX. T. PAUL,
Under Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office.
St. Andrews, Jan. 19, 1865.

The above sale is further postponed until
the 20th of July, 1865, by order of the Su-
preme Court in Equity.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, April 17, 1865.

The above sale is further postponed until
the 20th of October, 1865, or until the further
order of the Court. By order of the Su-
preme Court in Equity.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, July 17, 1865.

The above sale is further postponed until
the 20th January, 1866, or until the further
order of the Court. By order of the Supreme
Court in Equity.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, Oct. 19, 1865.

The above sale is further postponed until
the 20th April next, or until the further order
of the Court. By order of the Supreme
Court in Equity.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, April 15, 1866.

The above sale is further postponed until the
eighth day of November next.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, July 16, 1866.

The above sale is further postponed until the
twenty seventh day of February next.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, Nov. 8, 1866.

The above sale is further postponed until the
29th day of April next.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, 27th Feb. 1867.

NOTICE.

A PROPOSITION has been made by the Pos-
tal Authorities of Canada to extend the
limit of Money Orders with New Brunswick in-
terchanging with Canada, from £10 to £20 Ster-
ling to have effect from the 1st of January, 1867
and that the scale of Money Orders between Can-
ada and New Brunswick shall be as follows:—
On Orders up to £5 Sterling, One Shilling Sig.
On Orders over £5 and not exceeding £10, Two
Shilling Sig.
On Orders over £10 and not exceeding £15,
Three Shilling Sig.
On Orders over £15 and not exceeding £20
Four Shilling sig.
Proposition approved by His Excellency, in
Council, 15th day of November, 1866.
JOHN McMILLAN,
Postmaster General.

NOTICE.

It is ordered by His Excellency the Lieutenant
Governor in Council, that the Inland Postage
on Books and Pamphlets in New Brunswick
be reduced from one cent to one half cent per
page; also to collect one half cent per ounce on
Pamphlets received in Mails from the United King-
dom, when prepaid as Newspapers, and shall be
taxed according to rates of four ounces each; one
rate of four ounces, two cents; exceeding one rate,
up to eight ounces, four cents; exceeding two
rates, up to twelve ounces, six cents; and so on,
adding two cents for every rate or fractional part
thereof.
To be applicable to the United Kingdom and the
Provinces only.
JOHN McMILLAN,
Postmaster General.
Post Office Department,
Fredericton, 30th November, 1865. dec 11

GIN, Crushed Sugar, Tens &c.

Ex the "Choice" from London, via St. John:
3 Pipes } London proof Geneva,
30 Hds } "J. McKay & Son."
20 Qr. Cases }
100 Cases best pale Geneva 12 Bottles each.
100 Cases best pale Old Tom }
25 Cases Best pale Old Tom }
25 Bls. English Crushed Sugar.
20 Chests }
15 Half } English Congou Tea.
1 Case Orange Marmalade.
1 Case Best No. 1 White Lead.
1 Case Black & Green Paints &c.
JAMES W. STREET.
Nov. 13th. 1866.

Champagne.

15 Baskets "Cordon Royal" Champagne,
aug. 1. J. W. STREET.

SUGAR and MOLASSES.

Ex "D. Young" and "Emma" from St. Michaels.
86 H HDS. choice Centrifugal Sugar,
50 } Bright Muscovado do
30 }
30 } Bright Muscovado Molasses.
30 Bls. }
For sale in BOND or duty paid at lowest mar-
ket rates.
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.
St. Stephen, N. B.
June 1865.

BRANDIES.

Ex "Star in the East" from Cherante via
Saint John:
23 Hds } Best Cognac Branties
51qr. casks } "Hennessy" & "Vine"
30 Hds } Pale & dark }
OLD TOM GIN—20 } do Old Tom.
PORTER & ALE—110 Casks best Bottled Lon-
don Porter & Pale Ale.
NUTMEGS—5 Cases.
CARBONATE OF SODA—10 Kegs best each.
MARMALADE—1 Case.
COFFE—7 Bags Rio, 5 do Ceylon.
TEAS—25 chest, 50 half chests Congou, 12 half
chests Oolong, &c. &c.
J. W. STREET.
July 11, 1866.

ALBION HOUSE,

Water St. Cor King
St. Andrews,
1866.

Arrival of Spring Goods.

Direct importation from English, French and
American markets, per Steamers ST. PATRICK,
VENETA, ANNETTE and OTTAWA, and Ship NEW
LAMPING.
JOHN S. MAGEE begs to call public at-
tention to his stock of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS,
which embraces a large and well selected variety.
DRESS GOODS—in all the new styles,
PAINTS—White Sheetings, Fancy Regattas, Grey
Cottons, Stripe Shirtings, Tickings,
CORBES in Blk. & Coloured,
TWEEDS, Checkings, Satinets, Black Brails.
Ready Made Clothing.
Coats, Vests and Pants, Merino under Vests
and Pants, Merino and Cotton Socks, Braces and
Handkerchiefs, Neckties, Collars, in paper and linen.
Large variety of Ladies Hosiery and Gloves in
Thread, silk, wool and cotton.
Ladies and Gents French Kid Gloves, the best
makers, Blk. and colored.
Childrens, Ladies and Gents, White Kid Gloves.
Trunks, Carpet Bags, and Valises.
A large lot of Nice Straw Hats, to which par-
ticular attention is directed, prices from 55 cents
to \$1 the very newest shapes.
Gents Hats and Caps—in straw, cloth and felt
Ladies and Childrens Boots and Shoes, war-
ranted best quality of their kind.
All of which will be sold at lowest remuna-
tive prices for cash. No second price.
JOHN S. MAGEE.

British North and Mercantile

Insurance Company.
OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

FIRE & LIFE.

CAPITAL - - £2,000,000 STERLING
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)
The Subscriber having been appointed Gen-
eral Agent for New Brunswick for the above Com-
pany is now prepared to effect insurances on
any valuable terms.
J. LOCHARY, Esq., Agent for St.
Andrews and vicinity.
Aug. 9. HENRY JACK,
General Agent.

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in 1782.
CAPITAL £5,000,000 STERLING
Office—London Street and Charing Cross.

This Company will effect insurances on as favorable
terms as the Company of the risk will admit.
Agent at St. John N. B., J. W. WELTON.
Office W

