The Toronto World.

FIFTH YEAR. TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1884. PRICE ONE CENT.

LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET.

SPEECH BY THE MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Other European News—Excited Frenchmen—Skilful Canadian Voyageurs—Granville on the Congo Conference.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—At the lord mayor's banquet Granville stated that although France and China at different times were willing to accept the mediation of England, those countries had not been simultaneous in their propositions. Referring to the Congo conference, Granville said the government entertained no jealousy of the German scheme of colonizing in that country, especially if it is accompanied by freedom of navigation and commerce. In relation to the matters before parliament, Granville stated it was impossible for the government to produce redistribution proposals until it was known what the conservatives desired.

OUTRAGES BY CHINESE MOBS.

Vengeance Wreaked on Churches, Clergymen and Women.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 22.—Chinese mobs have been committing fearful outrages on places of christian worship and persons at Canton and interior points. In the province of Kwang Tung alone four Roman catholic and five protestant churches were destroyed, and 120 houses of resident christians looted and the residents driven away. In Nam Hov three catholic chapels and agents' houses were pillaged, the priests and occupants beaten, and women outraged. At Sihhung an English chapel was destroyed. The mob tore the clothes from the preacher's wife and shamefully treated her. At Chant Sung the Wesleyan chapel was destroyed, and christians are fleeing from the province to Hong Kong. The Chinese gave them the alternative to sacrifice to idols or leave home. They preferred the latter. Many women were caught by the mob and outraged. Twelve Cantonese villages issued notices that all christiens must leave. Fifteen churches in those villages have already been destroyed. Several stores were looted. Many persons are homeless. Although the attention of the Chinese authorities was called to these acts they refused to notice them. At Kitryung the mob and soldiers destroyed all the Roman catholic, English and presbyterian churches. At Swatow the Roman catholic priests were ordered to leave. After they had left the Chinese soldiers broke into the houses and ravished the female converts. The riots began at Hong Kong Sept. 30, and lasted three days. The trouble began through the refusal of Chinese workmen to help load a French vessel. They were taken to court and fined. They attempted to resist when one was shot dead. The others fled to Chinese territory.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

A Franchise Bill Amendment Rejected—Trade With the West Indies.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The house of commons to day rejected by 194 to 109 the amendment to the franchise bill introduced by Stanley (cons.) to prevent the bill going into operation until a scheme of redistribution was adopted. The bill passed the committee of the whole without amendment, the result being greeted with cheers.

Ashley, under secretary of the colonial department, replying to an enquiry said West, British minister at Washington, had been instructed to negotiate for a reciprocal commercial arrangement whereby America should remit in part the duty on West India sugar, and the West Indies should take off the duties on certain articles imported from America, but no arrangement was contemplated and no proposal had been made whereby the West Indies should impose differential duties on English as opposed to American manufactures.

NO DEMAND FOR INDEMNITY.

France Forgoes Its Claim Against China.—The Chambers Excited.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—Great excitement prevailed in the chambers to-day owing to the confirmation of the report that the cabinet council had decided to forego demanding an indemnity from China. Much discontent prevails in the Tonquin committee. The chairman of the committee resigned, and the committee resolved to postpone presenting its report until Ferry made an explanation.

Ferry, in reply to a query from Leroy, who succeeded Chaveau as chairman of the Tonquin committee, declined to attend a meeting of the committee this evening, saying he had no information to impart.

It is reported active negotiations with a view to the settlement of the difficulties between China and France are in progress in London between Marquis Tseng and Granville.

SKILFUL VOYAGEURS.

The Canadians Doing Their Work Well on the Nile.

CAIRO, Nov. 10.—While a boat manned by Canadians was ascending one of the Nile rapids a hawser broke, allowing it to be swept down in the dangerous current. By remarkably skilful steering and oarsmanship the boat was brought safely through. The feat is regarded with general admiration by the officers.

Many boats laden with military stores are wrecked daily in attempting to ascend the cataracts of the Nile.

The Plague at Paris.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—Since midnight there have been fifty-five fresh cases of cholera and twenty-two deaths; at Toulon two deaths.

The municipal council appropriated 100,000 francs for the expenses of the sanitary department in measures for eradicting cholera, and 50,000 francs for the relief of families suffering from the effects of the epidemic.

The prefect of police has ordered a thorough sanitary inspection of all unhealthy dwellings in the city.

The Crofters Mean Business.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The crofters from the neighboring islands are flocking to the Isle of Skye to assist their brethren. It is believed 2500 will meet the police on their arrival to-morrow and conduct them to Uig. The crofters will then demand the object of their coming. If the answer is unsatisfactory the islanders will conduct them back to the landing place and request them to leave.

Two hundred marines have been ordered to Skye to assist the police in restoring order.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

Gen. Sheridan Reports Upon its Condition—No Probability of War.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The annual report of Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan has been made to the secretary of war. He says the army has enjoyed almost a complete rest from active field operations, but the other duties, consisting of the occupation of posts upon the frontier of Canada and Mexico, with the stations near Indian agencies and the protection of Indian reservations have been important, and in some places very active, laborious and annoying, especially in guarding Indian territory.

Sheridan says, excepting for ocean commerce and seaboard cities, he does not think we should be much alarmed about the probability of wars with foreign powers, since it would require more than a million and a half men to make a campaign upon land against us. He earnestly invites attention to the perfectly defenceless condition of our seaboard cities and harbors against foreign naval attack and recommends an early beginning of a general system of improved seacoast fortifications.

The nation, he says, is growing so rapidly that there are signs of other troubles which will probably not come upon us if capital and labor will only be conservative. It should be remembered that destructive explosives are easily made, and banks, United States sub-treasuries, public buildings and large mercantile houses can be readily demolished and the commerce of entire cities destroyed by infuriated people with means, carried with perfect safety to themselves, in their pockets. He says if improvements in guns should continue as rapidly as during the past fifteen or twenty years, and a magazine rifle be finally attained that is good, battles will become so destructive to human life that neither side will be able to stand up before the other. Both sides will cover themselves by intrenchments, and any troops daring to make exposed attacks will be annihilated.

DANGEROUS DARKIES.

They Threaten to Burn the Property of Democrats in the South.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—A Telegram special from Cynthiana, Ky., says there is great excitement there on account of the war like attitude of the negroes. Many are drunk and threaten to burn the property of the democrats. John Raymond's house near Indiana Creek has been burned on account of a political quarrel between him and a negro.

Claims Against the Geneva Award.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The Great Western insurance company claimed from the United States $305,695 with interest alleged to be due from the Geneva award fund on account of war risks taken by the company upon vessels destroyed by confederate cruisers. The supreme court to which the case was brought decided it had no jurisdiction and declined to express any opinion for the reason that a special tribunal had been created for the determinations of such questions.

A Crew Drowned.

BOSTON, Nov. 10.—The brig Julia E. Haskell, from Navassa for Baltimore, was abandoned in a hurricane Oct. 15. The crew, excepting the captain and a sailor, were drowned while trying to reach Carcosetl island.

New York Cheese Market.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 10.—4251 boxes of cheese were sold at prices ranging from 11c. to 11¾c. the bulk at 11¼c. and 11½c; 250 consigned; 820 farm dairy 11¾c. Eighty packages of butter at 26c. to 27c.

A Midget's Money.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., Nov. 10.—In the probate court to-day the first account of the executors of the will of the late Tom Thumb was presented for probate. It shows a balance after all expenses paid of $16,000.

Mormonism Not Wanted in Arizona.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The governor of Arizona in his annual report fears violence unless the intended immigration of mormons into the territory is restrained by law.

The United States Cotton Crop.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 10.—The final report of the national cotton exchange estimates the cotton crop of the United States for the current year at 5,726,000 bales.

Wouldn't Accept a Reduction.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10.—One hundred employes of the Ontario cloth mills refused to accept a reduction of 10 per cent. today. The mill stopped and 250 are out.

All Hands Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—Chinese advices report that the steamer Miramer foundered off the China coast on Sept. 21. All hands were lost except two.

A Big Difference.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—A schedule in the assignment of R. A. Wright shows the liabilities to be $612,000 and the actual assets about $3000.

CABLE NOTES.

The lord mayor's show yesterday was an immense success.

The universal exposition at Paris will open May 5, 1889.

Eight persons have been arrested at Rostov, Russia, for political offences.

Charles Fitzgerald, accused of unnatural offences, was acquitted at Dublin yesterday.

The oil seed mills of Stewart Bros. & Spencer at Strood, Eng., were burned; loss £1,000,000.

Madagascar advices states that two French men-of-war have arrived at Tamatave with fresh troops.

The funeral of the late Postmaster General Fawcett at Cambridge yesterday was attended by 1500 persons.

The Spanish steamer Pedro, from Wilmington, N.C., has arrived at Liverpool with yellow fever on board.

Progress of the Catholic Church.

ROME, Nov. 10.—At a consistory to-day the pope created nine new cardinals. His holiness dwelt on the progress the catholic faith was making throughout the world, especially in the United States.

French Senatorial Reform.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—In the senate to-day the remaining amendments to the senatorial election bill were rejected and the bill was passed.

At Duluth an incendiary fire destroyed the Onota lumber company's sawmill, Osterhout & Highland's sawmill and fifteen million feet of lumber, four dwelling houses, a store and other buildings.

AMBER AND RUSSIAN SPY

THEY CARRY OFF HONORS AT THE VIENNA TROTTING MEETING.

Not American but Canadian Bred Horses—General Sporting Arrows and News Notes.

From the New York Spirit of the Times.

From a recent issue of the Allgemeine Sport-Zeitung we learn that the American trotters did remarkably well at the Vienna fall meeting, commencing Sunday, Oct. 5. The little bay stallion Amber (by Clear Grit) driven by McPhee, a Canadian trainer, easily won the two largest prizes for trotters of all countries. In the chief event, for a purse of 3000 francs in gold, he made three circuits of the course (3600 metres) in 5 34½, which is 1½ seconds faster than the best time ever made in Vienna at that distance, Carver's Cupid having trotted in 5.35½. He is now in the stud. Amber's action and form were greatly admired, and he is pronounced by our foreign contemporary "the best trotter that ever crossed the ocean." Last spring, his owner, J. A. P. Smith, refused 11,000 gulden for him, and, a few weeks ago, an offer of 16,000 gulden by a gentleman from Italy, was declined. From the form he has shown it is the opinion of expert horsemen abroad that he can beat any horse in Europe any distance from 1000 to 10,000 metres. We are very glad to hear such favorable reports of Amber, as it was on our recommendation he was purchased. In the first race, two circuits of the track, or 2400 metres, Russian Spy (by Old Royal George, formerly owned by Walter Grant of Toronto) finished 2d to Amber—time, 3.49—beating the Russian stallions Benefici and Talisman. Spy's time was 3 55 and Benefici's 3 57. The latter horse beat the American trotters, Lady Voorhis and Redwood, in purse No. 5, 1000 francs. He trotted 3600 metres in 5 47. Lady Voorhis was separately timed in 5 57½ and Redwood in 6 00. Later in the meeting, Harry Giddings' Spy won first premium (500 francs) in a dash of 2400 metres; time 3 51. The success of these horses, outclassed before they left our shores, affords positive proof of the superiority of even a third-rate American trotter over those bred in other countries. From the constant improvement that is going on by education and breeding, there are many better outclassed trotters than even Amber to be found in this country, at moderate prices. If English and continental horsemen fond of a fast and enduring class of light harness horses will make liberal draughts from this market, they will in a few years establish a breed that will beat all such records as above quoted.

[NOTE.—This is the first news that has ever been heard of these horses since they left Canada. The Spirit makes an attempt to claim them as American horses. We have supplied their real pedigrees in parenthesis to show that they are out-and-out Canadian horses.—ED. WORLD.]

Racing at Brighton Beach.

BRIGHTON BEACH, Nov. 10.—First race, ¾ mile, Miss Baldwin won, Sam Emery 2d, Glenbar 3d; time 1.18. Second race, 1 mile, Montauk won, Lytton 2d, Emmet 3d; time 1.44½. Third race, 1 mile, Unknown won, Lillie B 2d, Polonia 3d; time 1 44¾. Fourth race, 1 mile and a furlong, Royal Arch won, Little Fred 2d, George Singerly 3d; time 1.57. Fifth race, 7 furlongs, Valiant won, Paterson 2d, Adele 3d; time 1.32¾.

Notes.

The hounds will meet at Eglinton, Yonge street, at 3 30 p.m.

Alexander and Paddy, the crack double team, belonging to the late John Riordon, are advertised for sale.

Sullivan and Laflin had a glove fight at New York last night. The Bostonian battered the big man out of shape.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Rear-Admiral Alexander Murray died at Washington yesterday.

The United States cabinet meets to day for the first time in several months.

The Delaware and Lackawanna railway yesterday discharged five hundred of its employes.

The president yesterday appointed Gov. Crosby of Montana first assistant postmaster-general.

The Christian Workers' convention opened at Utica yesterday. Moody spoke on bible study.

Mrs. Lewis Cole has eloped from Morgantown, W. Va., with an adopted son, 15 years her junior.

Philip Hennessy, shot at Cincinnati election day died yesterday and his wife shot herself through the heart.

Edward Hughes was murdered by his son at Pennyon, N. Y., the motive being to obtain the old man's money.

The employes of the Gloucester iron works at Philadelphia yesterday accepted a reduction of 12 per cent. in wages.

Fred Murray and Fred Granger were killed by an express on the Boston and Albany road at Boston last night while crossing the track.

The New York and New England railroad yesterday inaugurated a system of fast trains between New York and Boston, making the journey in six hours.

There would be a tie in case of a joint ballot in the Illinois legislature, the republicans having a majority of one in the senate and the democrats one in the assembly.

It is stated first-class passenger rates from New York to Chicago were reduced yesterday to $10 50, by the Erie, West Shore and Lackawanna roads, and that scalpers sell for less.

Carlyle on Daniel Webster.

From Froude's Carlyle.

Carlyle met Daniel Webster at breakfast one morning, and has left a portrait of this noticeable politician: "I will warrant him," he says, "one of the stiffest logic buffers and parliamentary athletes anywhere to be met with in our world at present—a grim, tall, broad bottomed, yellow-skinned man, with brows like precipitous cliffs, and huge, black, dull, wearied, yet unweatiable looking eyes under them; amphorous, projecting nose and the angriest shut mouth I have anywhere seen. A droop on the side of the upper lip is quite mastiff like—magnificent to look upon; it is so quiet withal. I guess I should like ill to be that man's nigger. However, he is a right clever man in his way, and has a husky sort of fun in him too: drawls in a handfast, didactic manner about 'our republican institutions,' etc., and so plays his part."

NO LAW AT LAVAL.

The Majority of the Students Expelled for Insubordination.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—The Laval law faculty troubles reached a climax to-day. Rev. Father Hamel put the question straight to the students, "Will you submit to the regulations of the university or not?" Only six answered "Yes," the majority being determined to leave before submitting. The recalcitrant students were then expelled. Some of them saw Messrs. Laveau and Robidoux, French professors of the McGill law faculty, with a view of entering that university, and these gentlemen have promised to do what they can in their favor.

JAMAICA SAYS NO.

The Legislative Council Votes Dead Against Annexation.

HALIFAX, Nov. 10.—The steamer Beta from Jamaica brings Jamaica papers containing reports of a debate in the legislative council on the Canadian annexation scheme. On Oct. 27 Mr. Solomon moved a resolution that it would be for the general interest of the island to take steps for procuring political and commercial federation. The resolution was lost on a vote of 1 for and 8 against.

Cobourg News.

COBOURG, Nov. 10.—During the recent gale the sailing vessel Anna M. Foster came into harbor and was made fast to the west pier. In a few hours she broke loose from her moorings and was dashed with terrific force against the east pier. Her side was stove in and soon after she sank. The captain now threatens action against the town to recover loss sustained on account of imperfect harbor protection.

Dr. Sexton of England, has delivered several addresses in connection with the Jackson society of Victoria college. He was greeted on each occasion with a large and appreciative audience.

Breezes From Burlington Bay.

HAMILTON, Nov. 10.—The druggists will close their stores at 8 p.m. after Nov. 17.

The ladies of St. Mary's catholic cathedral have formed a benevolent association, the object being to provide clothing for the poor. A work room has been established at St. Joseph's convent.

Bishop Carbery blessed a bell at St. Joseph's church, Jackson street, yesterday.

James Ryan, who escaped from the insane asylum, has turned up at his brother's at Buffalo and will be brought back.

George Winerridge, who during his 18 months' residence here has been in turn a barber, whisky informer, and second-hand dealer, has gave the town the shake, much to the regret of a numerous body of creditors.

Soldiers on Snowshoes.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—The idea of forming a regiment of Franc Tireurs composed of showshoe clubs appears to be well received. The idea emanated from J. X Perrault, who, in a letter to the president of the Trappeurs, pointed out how useful snowshoers might prove themselves in the event of a winter campaign. The idea is to ask the government to provide the arms and accoutrements, the clubs furnishing the uniforms and all other requisites.

A North Dorchester Farmer Burned Out.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Edward Groat's barns and other buildings, 6th con. North Dorchester, were burned Saturday morning, together with fifteen cows, six horses, a large quantity of grain, wagons, harness, farm implements, etc. Loss $5000; insurance in the North Dorchester company. Mr. Groat was rendered unconscious by smoke and nearly lost his life, while Mrs. Groat was badly burned.

A Lake Captain Killed.

GODERICH, Nov. 10.—While Capt. Wm S. McKay of the schooner Garibaldi was up on the cross trees of his vessel he fell, landing on the deck, and received such injuries that he died a few hours afterwards. He was well known on the lakes.

Manager Hamilton Reinstated.

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 10.—It was rumored this morning that a further sum of $10,000 was missing from the funds of the Merchants' bank, which rumor both the inspector and manager deny. Wm. Hamilton has been reinstated as manager.

Midland Votes for a Fire Engine.

MIDLAND, Nov. 10.—The bylaw to purchase a steam engine with the necessary hose, reel, etc, was voted on to-day and carried by a majority of 113. There being only 11 votes against it.

DOMINION DASHES.

Galt talks electric light.

Snow is a foot deep in Haliburton.

Wild geese are on the wing for the south.

There are heaps of the beautiful in Renfrew county, and sleighing is good.

The Hamilton policemen filled in spare time by painting their central station.

Samuel Skillings, farmer at Plattsville, fell from a loft and was killed last week.

There is no money in theatricals at Kingston, and the opera house has been closed.

Mr. Lister of Sarnia has gone to Sault Ste Marie to prosecute the Michipicoten whisky traders.

Four houses belonging to the British Canadian lumber company at Midland were burned yesterday.

The death is reported from different points in New Brunswick of two men from gun accidents while partridge shooting.

The Montreal police have left Rev. Chiniquy to the tender mercies of the mob. They will attempt no further protection.

Miss R. J. Rowe of Naperton got hold of the wrong bottle and took a dose of ammonia instead of the doctor's medicine. She now knows the difference.

A young man named Sloan died at Ottawa from the effects of a dose which he took in mistake for other medicine. He worked in the house of commons stationery department.

Port Dalhousie can boast of three of the smartest old ladies in Canada. Mrs Duffin, an Irishwoman, is 94; Mrs. Philmore, English, will be 92 on Jan. 1, 1885, and Mrs. Mulholland, Irish, is drawing toward her 93d year.

Fun on the Frontier.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 10.—Deputy-marshal Menshon has just returned from Indian territory, where he had a fatal encounter with Indians who attacked his party and rescued thirty United States prisoners. Two of the attacking Indians were killed and several wounded. Nineteen prisoners were brought in by the marshal and jailed.

VICE IN VICTORIA, B. C.

CRIME AND DEGRADATION CAUSED BY THE CHINESE.

Their Slums, Opium Joints, Gambling Dives and Theatre as Described in a Local Newspaper—The Opium Trade Immense.

The Victoria, B.C., Times has been investigating the vice and degradation that reigns in the Chinese quarter of Victoria. We take from its columns the following description:

As near as we can ascertain there are eleven regular "joints" in the city, but this number does not include the many places connected with the laundries where large quantities of opium are daily consumed, and which are accessable only to the Mongolian. The principal "joint" in the city is situated off Fisguard street, and is run by an old broken-down Chinaman known to the police as "William," who has smoked himself almost into the grave. Entering the den through a narrow, dark, death breeding stench alley, the reporter found himself face to face with a shadowy, skeletonized Mongolian, and was shown into a back room about 6x10 containing two large bunks, made by covering a rough board platform with two or three old blankets and a couple of dirty looking pillows for the head. Upon the bunk stands the "layout," consisting of a bamboo stem, several clay or stone bowls, a yen-hock, resembling a knitting needle, a crooked hook to clean the bowl, a lamp and a glass globe evidently made by grinding the bottom of a goblet, making a hole one inch in diameter through which the flame protrudes, and then a hop toy to hold the perilous drug; this constitutes the magnificent paraphernalia of a Victoria opium "joint," or rather the back room of a third-rate washhouse. Near by on another bank are three or four Chinamen in a semi-state of insensibility, and to complete this motley crowd is a white girl, N. F. Davin's "beautiful young lady," known as Clara Kinsella. Here she may be found any night reigning supreme; a Chinese idol in this filthy hellhole of corruption, one of the most depraved and degraded of God's creatures in the city.

There is also a Chinese theatre, a large two-story building, fitted up for the presentation of the Chinese drama. It has a seating capacity of about eight hundred and is nightly packed with the delighted heathens, who seem to enjoy the play, (unintelligible to the Canadian) which is interspersed wish discordant music from the orchestra, which consists of pounding on a copper gong, brass cymbals, and a bamboo fiddle. The stage is well lighted up, and a blaze of glory and lights from lanterns shines over many yellow visaged men.

There is a large collection of rookeries tenanted by Chinese harlots of the lowest class, and it is a fact of their patronage and the availability of the property for purposes of prostitution that enables the property owner to secure a very high rent. It is almost impossible to learn the exact rent paid for these rookeries, but it is more than $1000 a month, and for any other purpose except prostitution and gambling, the property would not realize $100 per month.

There are seventeen regular gaming dives. There is a strict law and heavy penalty on the Canadian statute book for gaming and lottery and it should be strictly enforced. If we are sincere that the "Chinese must go" we have law enough already to take away some of their most cherished customs and stop much of the vice that now rages rampant in Chinatown.

As will be seen by the customs statistics there is a large amount of the raw poppy imported into the province. This is all manufactured into opium in Chinatown. There are nine opium factories fitted up with all the necessary and modern improvements, opium safes, etc. It costs about $10,000 to operate one of these factories. The money for stock is required to be sent to China in advance, the poppy is then shipped, and there is a constant shipping of the needful and receiving of the drug all the year round. The high tariff in the United States causes this industry in Victoria to be a most remunerative one. The duty on the manufactured article is $5 per pound. A new factory has not long since been built and fitted up at a cost of $6500; and although considerable manufactured opium was imported into the country last year. Victoria bids fair to be the centre of the opium trade in Canada, which seems to be increasing, both in production and use to an alarming extent.

The Canadian Constitution.

At the regular meeting of the Young Men's liberal club last night a paper was read by W. E. Raney on the subject: A New Constitution for Canada. The paper was independent in tone, and among other things advocated the abolition of the dominion senate. The discussion which followed lasted till 11 o'clock, and was participated in by nearly every member present. As a complement to his paper Mr. Raney moved a resolution that a new constitution should be drafted and submitted to the people. An amendment by J. M. Clarke and A. Frost that the British North America act should be revised was submitted and carried. At the next meeting a paper will be read by D. J. O'Donoghue on Chinese Immigration.

Can't Keep Out of Prison.

John Kekewich is a barber who used to do well in Toronto. But he got to drink and finally to steal. He served two terms of two years each at Kingston. The last one was for forgery. He just out the other day. He was in the police court again yesterday charged with stealing a watch from his brother-in-law. The magistrate sent him to the central for six months.

Arrested on a Telegram.

When the express on the Grand Trunk arrived from the west last evening Officer Healy of that road took into custody Alex. Wright, aged 35, of Carlton Place. The arrest was made on the strength of a telegram from Sarnia, charging Wright with stealing $180 from R. Cuthbertson of that town. When searched at police headquarters Wright had $53 on him.

The Young Coal Thieves of York Street.

Peter Black, aged 12, of 126 York street was wheeling a well-filled cart of soft coal through York street last night when Policeman Wallace arrested him. He is one of a gang of boys who go to the Grand Trunk yards, steal coal and dispose of it for a few cents. They experience very little trouble in selling all the coal they can steal.

MARKETS AND HEALTH MATTERS.

The Cow Byre Owners Allowed to Stay 1 to Vacate.

Ald. Carlyle (chairman), Millichamp, Hunter, Shaw, Verrall, McConnell, Harvie and Mitchell were in attendance at the regular meeting of the markets and health committee yesterday afternoon. It was decided after a long drawn out argument to allow cow byre owners until May 1 next to remove their bovines.

Ald. Defoe addressed the committee on the wisdom of having the cartage work done by contract. It was decided to visit the city stables some day next week so that the members may know something of the inside workings of this branch of the service.

A report from Mr. Coatsworth showed that the following appropriation balances are still to the good: Health department $50 29, street watering $2000, horse purchasing $600, markets $1064. A petition from a tallow boiler to be allowed to keep his factory near the Don in operation went to the city commissioner.

Axes and Pistols in Eastern Avenue.

There was a lively time on Eastern avenue about 1 o'clock Sunday morning, and axes and pistols were freely used in the row. About the time mentioned Mrs. Chesnutt rushed into the house of Alfred Jackson, who lives at 9 Central road, off Eastern avenue, and stated that her husband had nearly beaten her to death. Scarcely had the door of the house been locked when the husband rushed up, and tried to batter it down with an axe, saying he wanted his wife to kill her. The inmates refused to let him in, and he broke a hole in the door. Wm. and Alfred Jackson ordered him to desist, but as he did not, Wm. Jackson secured a revolver and fired seven shots at Chesnutt, only one of which took effect, the bullet passing through the right hand. The inmates were so alarmed that they rushed out very scantily attired, and obtained shelter in a neighbor's house. Both parties were arrested, and appeared before the magistrate yesterday. Chesnutt was convicted and sentenced to five months in the central prison, but Jackson was acquitted, as it was shown he had only acted in self-defence.

Canadian Shorthand Society.

The first of a series of monthly literary and social re-unions under the auspices of this society was held on Saturday evening, when J. D. Edgar, M.P., presided and delivered an interesting address on the importance of the work of shorthanders. As an outsider, Mr Edgar offered some good suggestions. Geo. H. Thornton of Buffalo, president of the international association of shorthand writers, contributed a valuable paper on stenographic improvements, with special reference to the method of writing without shaded characters—technically known as the light line system—of which he is the author. Mr Thornton illustrated his method on the blackboard, and satisfactorily answered many questions put to him. Mr. Hoogs enlivened the proceedings with sketches of ventriloquism and mimicry. The president, Thos. Bengough, explained the objects of the society, and after an intermission during which the members were introduced to Mr. Thornton, the meeting adjourned for a month.

Police Court Pickings.

Wm. Parsons, aged 16, disorderly on Yonge street, $2 and costs. Pat Foley, disorderly conduct, $2 and costs. Timothy Murpy, wife beater, bound to the peace. John Barton and John Kelly, disorderly at salvation army barracks, each fined $1 and costs. Daniel Bryson, a small boy, stealing $60 from Rev. Ed. Owen, pleaded guilty, and the magistrate discharged him, but bound his father for the boy's future good behaviour. G. Jeffrey, non-support of wife, discharged. Ann Robinson, smashing $20 of glass in Fel's restaurant Adelaide street, six months in the mercer. James Lennox, assaulting James Connors, remanded until Monday.

New Firm of Accountants.

Messrs. Ainge & Gooch have gone into business as public accountants and insurance adjusters at 72 King street east. Mr. Ainge is an expert accountant of many years experience in England, and for the past two years chief assistant to a leading firm of accountants and financial brokers in this city. Mr. Gooch is well known in Toronto as an insurance and real estate man. Any business entrusted to this firm will be promptly attended to, both partners being young and energetic men and well up to their business.

Caught Fire From a Coal Stove.

Heavy clouds of smoke issuing from windows in the second story of No. 84 Richmond street west last night caused an alarm to be sounded from box 69. The firemen were soon on the spot, and the fire was extinguished after ten minutes' work. The heat from a coal stove had set fire to the mantel piece, and the fire had crept up to the floor above. Thomas McCann occupies the premises, but was absent when the fire started; $200 will cover the damages to the house and furniture.

Non-Jury Court.

Judge Boyd's non jury court fizzled out yesterday. In McCaskill v. Empey the defendant did not appear, but allowed a verdict to go by consent. Two cases were postponed to next sittings in December—Howden v. Wilmott and Vanderlip v. Saunders. Willson v. Fawkes was fixed for this morning at 9. It is for commission on the exchange of property effected, son plaintiff. In Clendinning v. Robert by a verdict was given for plaintiff for $8.

A Deserving Bazaar.

The ladies of the Roman catholic churches of the city are busy preparing for the opening of the bazaar at St. John's hall, beginning Monday next in aid of the orphans of the house of providence. The collection of fancy and useful articles that will be offered for sale is large and varied, and it is the intention of the lady managers to offer them at reasonable prices.

Attention H. Co. Grenadiers.

The members of "H." company, Royal Grenadiers, will parade at the armoury this evening at 7 15, when every man is expected to be present. The competition for the Cumberland challenge cup begins at 8 p.m. sharp.

Not a Godless Crowd.

A deputation of the Y. M. C. A. in connection with University college intend to ask Mr. Mulock, vice-chancellor of the University of Toronto, for a site for a building in the park. They will put up a hall if the senate will give the site.

CONKLING AS COUNSEL.

THE DEMOCRATS ENGAGE THE SERVICES OF THE EX-SENATOR.

A Regiment Raised to See Cleveland Inaugurated — Alleged Democratic Frauds—The Official Count To-day.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The Tribune says a regiment of democratic volunteers has been formed here to see that Cleveland is inaugurated. Col. Andrew Govan is commander.

The Tribune says that letters and telegrams have been received corroborating the statements heretofore made that the votes cast for Butler and St. John electors have not been counted for them, and presumably have been counted for the Cleveland electors. Same thing, it is alleged, has been done in this and adjoining counties. A careful enquiry is to be made into the matter by republicans.

Roscoe Conkling will act as counsel for the democratic national and state committees in any questions that may arise in relation to the pending canvass. He was in consultation last night with a number of lawyers who are also to appear should there be any occasion.

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 10.—Everything is quiet here, but anxiety over the presidential contest continues. Rumors favorable to both sides are current. Everybody is waiting for the count in New York to-morrow, though few believe the great question will be settled so soon.

CANAJOHARIE, N. Y., Nov. 10.—The town officers advertised the election here from 8 o'clock to sunset. When republican workers arrived at 8 o'clock about sixty votes had been polled, mostly by democrats, the inspectors having opened the polls at 7.30. Affidavits have been filed and lawyers employed by the republicans to go before the county canvassers and ask that the vote in this district be rejected. The district gave Cleveland 99 of a majority.

WATERTOWN, N.Y., Nov. 10.—Attorney-General O'Brien (dem.) in a speech to-day said he had no fears that the wishes or judgment of the people expressed at the ballot box would be falsified or defeated. No party or set of men can steal the electoral vote of the empire state. The laws of the state are too perfect to admit of fraud and the people of New York too much in earnest to tolerate it. The votes given by the people of this state will be honestly counted and the result truthfully declared.

PERSONAL.

Col. Walker, Montreal, is at the Queens.

Col. Williams of Port Hope is at the Queens.

Judge Armour of Cobourg is at the Queens.

Rev. Dr. Beattie, Brantford, is at the Walker house.

H. Smyth, M.P., Chatham, is at the Walker house.

J. Burstall of Quebec is registered at the Queens.

H. Sanfield MacDonald of Cornwall is at the Rossin.

Dr. McCammon, mayor of Kingston, is seriously ill.

Sir Alexander Campbell leaves Ottawa for the west to-day.

Dr. Mulvany left yesterday for a holiday trip in New York.

Jean Ubicini, a distinguished writer on international topics, is dead at Paris.

Sir John Macdonald is in good health, and will be back at his post early in December.

John Elliott of the Elliott house, Church street, is very ill, and has been so for some days.

Henry George has arrived on the other side of the Atlantic, and will make a tour of Scotland.

Otto J. Klotz of Preston, president of the Dominion Land Surveyors' association, is at the American hotel.

Robert Birmingham, grand secretary of the orange association of Ontario, was banquetted by the brethren at St. Thomas Friday night.

John McDonagh, mayor of Thorold, has been re-elected for the twelfth time president of the Welland county conservative association.

James F. Joyce, Joe Murphy's business manager, is in the city arranging for Kerry Gow and Shaun Rhue at the Grand next week.

Mr. Cleveland will resign his gubernatorial office next month. He will be succeeded by D. B. Hill, the present lieutenant-governor of the state.

Archbishop Lynch and Vicar General Rooney went to London yesterday to participate in Bishop Walsh's 25th anniversary of ordination.

Jos. Tyrrell, B.A., of the Dominion geological survey, has returned from his second summer's work in the Rockies working up the coal measures.

Mrs. Mary M. Van Horne, mother of the general manager of the Canadian Pacific railway, died at Montreal Saturday. The remains will be taken to Joliet, Ill., her former home, for interment.

Hon Oliver Mowat, honorary chieftain of the Oxford Caledonian society, will attend the inaugural concert of the society at Woodstock this evening. He will deliver an address.

Mr. Singerley, the millionaire proprietor of the Philadelphia Record, has a mania for houses. He has already built 2.0 in the northwestern part of Philadelphia and intends to build 750 more.

Lawrence Barrett has decided not to produce his new tragedy on the story of the great archbishop of Canterbury. Thomas a Becket, until after his return from Australia in the autumn of next year.

Rev. W. H. H. Murray, of Adirondacks and buckboard wagon fame, is gaining quite a reputation as a cook in his Montreal eating house. In his white cap jacket and apron he looks every inch a chef de cuisine.

The "elegant, bold McIntyres" seem to be a power among scotchmen in eastern Ontario. Sheriff McIntrye has been elected president of the St. Andrew's society at Cornwall, and the sons of the heather at Ottawa have honored his son, the genial Aleck, in a similar manner.

Thomas Lister of the society of Friends is in town, the guest of Rev. Mr. Duff of Paradise. He addressed his congregation Sunday morning. Mr. Lister is well known in his native Yorkshire as a poet. He was the friend of Elliott the corn-law rhymer, and the schoolmate of Bright and Cobden, and supported these distinguished agitators by his pen and muse.

THE WORLD WOULD LIKE TO SEE

A night car run up Yonge street at 1 a.m. and another at 2 a. m., charging a 10-cent fare.

And one run to the west end at the same hours.

Return tickets between Toronto and Hamilton on Saturdays for a dollar.

Mr. Hickson of the Grand Trunk made Sir Joseph.

Mr. Mowat getting ready for his legislature.

And beginning to prepare for business in December.

The anti-exemption association well supported by the taxpayers.

And a large attendance at its meeting tonight.

Local Showers.

Light to moderate winds between west and northwest; fair weather with a few local showers, mostly in the northwestern portion; not much change in temperature.

Steamship Arrivals.

At New York: Arizona and Umbra from Liverpool; Donau from Bremen; Lessing from Hamburg; Normandie from Havre.

At Plymouth: Suevia from New York.

At Liverpool: Sardinian from Quebec.

At Glasgow: State of Pennsylvania from New York.

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W. F. MACLEAN.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 11, 1884.

An Electoral System on Trial.

The American system of electing president and vice-president is on trial. Or we may at least say that recent events suggest grave doubts whether it is really the best that might be devised. At present the question of who is to be president hinges upon the vote of one state—that of New York. Now, observe how the present system works. In that state the votes cast for Blaine and Cleveland together foot up to some 1,100,000, more or less, and the majority claimed for the latter is about 1240. It is evident that New York was very evenly divided on the choice, and that neither side has much of a majority to boast of, taking the state all over. But according to law the 36 electoral votes of the state have to be cast all for one candidate or all for the other. And this is the kind of talk that is now going on. If, say the republicans, it can be proved that Cleveland has but one majority, in the whole state, we submit and resign at once. If, say the democrats, it is proved that Blaine has just one majority, we submit and resign, ditto, ditto. That is—the law abiding portions of both parties respectively say so; though there are some who talk of guns, and cannons, and a resort to arms.

The difficulty now presented is not a new one; it was foreseen and considered a hundred years ago by the fathers of the republic. At that time the arguments in favor of making each state vote as a unit seemed conclusive to them. Do they appear to have the same force now, in the light of recent experience? Doubtful. There seems to be at least a good case for reconsideration.

An electoral unit must be found somewhere, but does it not seem as if a constituency of half a million, a million, or a million and a half of votes were rather too large for convenience. Unless, indeed you go back to the idea of a national vote all through, let each individual voter say who he votes for, and foot up the whole vote together, from Maine to Texas. The house of representatives, with its members elected strictly on what we would call in old Canada the rep. by pop. principle, is a pretty fair representation of the people—it is what its name implies. Why not, then, let each congressional district choose its own presidential elector, who in the national electoral college would cast his vote as the majority in his district directs? Were this the law now, we might have seen New York voting 19 for Cleveland and 17 for Blaine, or *vice versa*. But by law the 36 votes have to go all for one or all for the other, thus making half the state vote against itself.

It is easy to say that this must happen, or may happen, under any system of election and representation. In a constituency where 1000 electors vote, if Smith gets 501 and Jones 499, Smith is elected, and the 499 may say that they are practically disfranchised, inasmuch as they are represented by the man whom they voted that they did not want. The answer to this is that the errors of localities are corrected by the country at large. If not, let those who object tell us of a better way. The real question is as to the unit of representation, or election, and how determined; and as regards this, very able men differ widely.

The plan of voting by states is a survival of the old idea of state sovereignty, which beyond question was very powerful with the fathers of the republic. A hundred years ago the idea of the nation had not the hold upon the public mind that it has now. That was a later development, and it came to a head in the war between the sectional demand for slavery and the national demand for freedom. The commonwealth of Massachusetts and the commonwealth of Virginia both entered the union; but both brimful of jealousy with regard to any infringement of their respective rights. An electoral system was adopted, which by wise and patriotic men was deemed the best thing then. Is it the best thing now? It may at least be said that there appears a fair case for reconsideration.

Redistribution.

Governments, like everything else, are progressive. That most important part of government—the franchise naturally shares also this character. This apparently has been accepted by both sides of the house of commons. The difficulty now lies in the redistribution bill. The scheme for an amendment of the representation of the people was, it is understood, left to Hon. Mr. Fawcett to draw up. With his wonderful ability, not only in organization and tabulation, etc., but also in originating plans, it might have been expected that his scheme would have found favor both with the government and the opposition. Especially too as Mr. Fawcett's avoidance of extreme party politics was known and appreciated. By his death, however, the whole business has to be begun from the first again; and it is rumored that the cabinet is by no means unanimous in their views upon the subject. This will retard the matter for some time, and doubtless there will be some sharp fighting before either side gives in, or as is more probable, a compromise is arrived at.

A Godless Charge.

We are glad to see an official answer to "A Christian Reader's" traduction of the university of Toronto in the shape of a letter from Dr. Wilson, president of University college.

The university of Toronto is avowedly non sectarian. If there were any grounds of complaint against such an institution it ought surely to be of the very opposite character to "A Christian Reader's." One might expect objection taken to the fact that the daily work is opened with prayer; that the undergraduates are compelled (unless their parents or guardians especially interfere) to listen twice daily to the reading of scripture and to the repetition of prayer; that a public room in the building is used by the Y.M.C.A., etc. This criticism, we say, one might expect rather than the line taken by "A Christian Reader" and his narrow class.

Dr. Wilson has successfully shown that godliness can and does exist without ceremonies or buildings instituted for that purpose by statute.

An Ominous Sound

The fair trade agitation in England has come up several times within a dozen years past, but has always gone down again, with apparently very little to show in the way of results. But is the Times hinting at something new in this line, when it says, as below:

"Without in the least wishing to prejudge the party questions now being somewhat hotly debated, we may point out that the economic conditions of the moment are unfavorable for refusing popular demands or stirring up popular discontent. Political questions, which attract little attention when people are busy and comfortable, are apt to be made the outlet for the bitterness and impatience naturally engendered by idleness and want."

This looks as if the Times was "hedging" on the trade question. There is no other question that so well connects with the remarks made. In the same article the Times says, speaking of agricultural prospects:

"Just when farmers, following what seemed, and we believed was, the best advice, were making all haste to change their system so as to produce more meat and less corn, they were met by a heavy fall in the value of cattle and sheep; a fall, however, which, notwithstanding the laws of political economy, has as yet failed to benefit the consumer."

The so-called "laws" of political economy are at fault in this instance. Why not in others? The prestige of these "Brummagem" laws may soon disappear before the stern monition of events. Evidently the Times scents danger in the air.

The Egyptian Campaign.

If we take into consideration the enormous difficulties in the way of General Wolseley's advance towards Khartoum, we may come to the conclusion that as yet it is going fairly successfully, and that ere long General Gordon will be released. The complaints as regards the commissariat and transport services are usually uttered without the remotest knowledge of the obstacles to be overcome. It is impossible but that grumblings will exist, and the commissariat and transport are generally the scapegoat upon which all the sins of the army are laid. Nevertheless, the prospects at present point to success: the mahdi's followers are deserting in large numbers; Osman Digma has been lately defeated, an event that has indirect influences which will tell in Britain's favor; and fodder and water are said to be obtainable on the route towards the city where General Gordon is now virtually a prisoner.

When on every side are heard congratulations upon the wonderful progress we in this nineteenth century are making, it is more than merely amusing to take note of the different questions which are still unsettled and which are being argued daily at the present moment in the public press: Divorce, the bible in schools, the franchise, popular representation, the house of lords, is alcohol a poison, temperance and the liberty of the subject, is there a God, is christianity a fable,—these in a single day's issue.

SUNDAY STREET CARS.

How the Question Was Handled by the City Passenger Railway of Montreal.

At the annual meeting of this company the Sunday-running question came up again. J. H. Joseph immediately took the fence on the subject in the most nimble and agile manner. To run the usual hours on Sunday as at present was at once a spiritual iniquity, a tyranny towards the men and a cruelty to the horses. But to commence running at 2 p. m.—just when, by a curious coincidence, the travel on that day begins to be profitable—would square everything all right and all round. But this too diaphanous attempt to cheat the devil did not carry conviction with the shareholders, notwithstanding that the example of Toronto was urged as an inducement, and that the fact that that city has grown to be one vast conventicle on the seventh day was withheld. But to attempt the cessation, whole or partial, of Sunday running, would be only to widen the gulf now and for so long yawning between the company and the city council. If necessary, pay fresh hands a trifle more on Sundays—they will even then earn their pay less easily than the directors their frequent honorarium. Get more horses the means are at hand. Strike out your "deadhead" list, lay and ecclesiastic, certainly not forgetting the latter, or whether wearing breeches or petticoats. But let well alone on the Sunday-travel question.

—Mrs. George Simpson, Toronto, says: "I have suffered severely with corns, and was unable to get relief from treatment of any kind until I was recommended to try Holloway's Corn Cure. After applying it for a few days I was enabled to remove the corn, root and branch—no pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it. I can heartily recommend it to all suffering from corns."

Dost Thou Remember?

Janet, in Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Dost thou remember? when together straying
Through the dim aisles within the shady wood,
Beneath a vine with purple clusters laden,
In silent happiness we stood?

Autumnal flowers of many brilliant colors
Shed on the balmy air a fragrance sweet;
A tiny brooklet chose its path of silver
Through the green carpet at our feet.

Long years have passed since we in sorrow parted,
And thou, perchance, hast long forgotten me;
Or, if within thy heart my image lingers
'Tis only as a memory.

A PRESIDENTIAL PALACE.

The White House at Washington—Its Construction and Cost.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The corner-stone of the republican palace was laid October 13, 1792, with the "pomp and circumstance" of the masonic ceremonial. President Washington was present at the head of the leading men in the administration of the government, and thousands of enthusiastic citizens witnessed the event. During the next seven years the graceful pile, which at this time is second only to the capitol among the numerous fine structures in Washington, slowly rose from its well-chosen site, the centre of a plot of twenty acres, sloping gradually down to the river at the rear of the mansion. At the end of that time it exhibited the same exterior as now—two stories and a basement, a length of 170 feet and breadth of eighty-six feet, a large portico of Ionic columns in the front, a circular colonade at the back and surmounted by a balustrade. The building material was Virginia forestone painted white. Hence the name by which the executive mansion is best known. Washington died before it was ready for occupancy, but it was so nearly completed a few days before his death that he and his wife made a visit of inspection to it. The cost of the White house was not large. By the time when the hurried expedition and retreat of a portion of the British army descorated its privacy, in 1814, less than $350,000 had been spent on it. After that deplorable event congress authorized the expenditure of $300,000 on its renovation. It was reopened Jan. 1, 1818. Large sums have been expended on the building and its furnishing since that date. It was partially refurnished when John Quincy Adams became occupant, and wholly with the beginning of President Grant's administration. As it now costs the government $89,000 to maintain the White house, exclusive of what the occupant pays out of his salary of $50,000 for personal servants, household supplies, horses and carriages, the difference between expenditures in the infancy of the republic and in these days is shown in a striking light.

—Joseph Rusan, Percy, writes: "I was induced to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for a lameness which troubled me for three or four years, and I found it the best article I ever used. It has been a great blessing to me." Frauds may imitate Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in appearance and name, but in everything else they are dead failures.

Theatrical Talk.

W. J. Scanlan is one of the most profitable stars in the country.

Lotta's business in Philadelphia is immense, averaging $1000 a night.

Hugh Fay will soon rejoin his funny partner in their new play All Crazy.

After Jan. 1 next Rhea will be under the management of Jimmy Morrissey.

Karl Formes, the basso, recently celebrated his 79th birthday, and has been before the public for fifty years.

Edwin Booth denies the report that he goes to Germany to act next year.

Maurice Grau is going to take Aimee to Mexico and Cuba, and report says that Joseph Jefferson is going to England in the spring, but whether professionally or privately is not stated.

Salvini owns and runs a vineyard near Florence that yearly yields him 2000 quarts of wine, fetching twenty cents per quart in market. Through his acting and close economy he has become wealthy, while Rossi, notoriously extravagant, is poor.

Boston, in its desire to be lavishly complimentary of Mr. Irving, knows nothing better to say than that his acting shows very decided improvement over that of last season. Considering the facts that Mr. Irving presents methods of acting in which he has been confirmed for thirty years, and that he rather takes pride in the eccentricity of those methods, this Boston acumen is just a touch amusing.

—Mr. R. A. Harrison, chemist and druggist, Dunnville, Ont., writes: "I can with confidence recommend Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure for dyspepsia, impure blood, pimples on the face, biliousness and constipation—such cases having come under my personal observation."

Cranberries.

Wisconsin is the leading cranberry state; Michigan is second. The average yield of a marsh is 150 to 200 bushels to the acre. The picking season lasts two weeks, and three bushels is a good day's work. Seventy-five cents a bushel is the picker's pay. The Wisconsin crop is nearly all shipped to Chicago commission houses at $2 75 to $4 a bushel. A well managed marsh containing 400 acres of vines will yield about $50,000, and with a very large crop the sum can be nearly doubled. The entire crop of the United States is consumed at home. Englishmen don't take kindly to the fruit, and a ship load sent to London a few years ago could not be sold for the cost of carrying.

The Best Combination.

—The best combination of blood cleansing, regulating, health giving herbs, roots and barks enter into Burdock Blood Bitters—a purely vegetable remedy that cures disease of the blood, liver and kidneys. 246

Boarding-House Call.

Botts came down to breakfast the other morning at his boarding house, and, looking about the scantily spread table, put his hand to his head and said:

"Everything makes me sick to-day."

"Ah," replied the landlady, sympathetically, "you require a spring tonic."

"Yes," said Botts, as he took a cold bean on his fork, "the doctor prescribed one for me the other day."

"Indeed! What was it?"

"Well, he said for toning an empty stomach there was nothing like a poached egg and a nice mutton chop."

Easily Caught.

—It is very easy to catch cold, but not so easy to cure it unless you use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best remedy for all throat and lung troubles, coughs, colds and consumptive tendencies. 246

The Czar and the Nihilists.

From the Paris Gaulois.

General Appert, the French ambassador at the court of Russia, at present on a visit to Paris, in a recent interview on the czar and the nihilists, said: "The emperor's nature is serious and contemplative. He is often taciturn. He is a loyal man, animated with the best desires for his country. The nihilists, it is true, occupy a good deal of his thoughts, but their agitations are much less important than the papers assert, and have had no effect on his grand character. Besides, everybody is very reticent on this subject. The Russians say very little about their interior affairs. I am often much embarrassed in making up my despatch; it is the real empire of silence. The nihilists are not what we in France consider them to be. We call nihilists rascals for whom all methods are good enough. But they are divided into two classes.

"One class desires serious reforms compatible with the nature of the country, in accordance with the progress other people enjoy; the other class is the one which wrecks trains and uses dynamite as an ordinary weapon. In Russia society may be compared to the geometrical figure of the pyramid. At the apex the czar, below, forming a large and solid basis, the peasants, who fairly worship their sovereign; in the centre, finally, are those whom they call there the intelligent class.

"This represents the army, the nobility, people having liberal professions, such as physicians, lawyers, etc. All these people have traveled, seen what has taken place among their neighbors, and hope for progressive changes. Since the emancipation acts the peasants only cultivate just the portion of the fields sufficient for their support; the rest is abandoned and becomes for the owners, instead of a source of revenue, the cause of constant worry and trouble."

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.

Business was somewhat more animated on the local stock exchange to-day. The main feature was another drop in Federal from 48 to 46.

There is now in store at the Northern elevator 500 barrels of flour, 9332 bushels of fall wheat, 16,978 bushels of spring wheat, 111,096 3/8c Oats stronger; cash 25½c, November and year 25⅝c to 26¼c. Rye quiet at 50½c. Barley dull at 58c. Pork steady at $12.75 to $13, cash and year $11.35 to $11.50, Jan. $11.32½ to $11.50. Lard easier: cash $7.05 to $7.10, November $6.82½ to $6.90, December $6.85 to $6.87½. Bulk meats — Shoulders $5 to $5.25, short rib $6.95 to $7.75, short clear $7.40 to $7.45. Whisky steady and unchanged. Freight—Corn not quoted. Receipts—Flour 12,000 bbls, wheat 147,000 bush., corn 76,000 bush., oats 64,000 bush., rye 6,000 bush., barley 49,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 19,000 bbls., wheat 18,000 bush., corn 133,000 bush., oats 160,000 bush., rye 40,000 bush., barley 29,000 bush.

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26 TORONTO STREET.

WHAT NEXT!!

Chambers' Journal, from 1869 to 1883, unbound, clean, a few parts wanting, 13 vols.; 60c. per vol. Blackwood's Magazine, from 1867 to 1878 inclusive, wants only July, 1872; 60c. per year London Graphic, 7 years, from 1872 to 1878 inclusive, a few numbers wanting; 50c. per number. Second-hand books bought in large or small quantities by

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Special treatment for Impoverished and Exhausted conditions of the Nervous System, Loss of Energy and Power, Disease of the Heart, Kidneys and Bladder. The local and constitutional Diseases of Women. Obstinate Skin Disease, and all Chronic Medical and Surgical cases successfully treated.

Twenty-three Years' Experience in Hospitals, Prisons, Asylums, etc.

Correspondence invited. 246

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Will be found at his surgery as usual.

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Member Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland; member King's and Queen's College of Physicians, Ireland; Licentiate in Midwifery; Bachelor of Medicine, Paris University, France; member of the Imperial College of Surgeons and Physicians, of Bengal; Medical Doctor, London University, England; member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; late Surgeon Royal Navy; Commissioner on Cholera and Fevers, India; Staff-Surgeon Indian Medical Civil Service; Foreign Corresponding Member of the Vienna Institute of Science; Author of Cholera and Fevers, in relation to diseases of the heart and lungs: Health and Healthy Homes in Canada; Practical Hygiene for general readers; What can we do till the doctor comes, etc., etc. Specialty, diseases of the heart and lungs and chest affections. Office and residence, 250 Yonge street, Toronto. 246

THE GENUINE PIANO,

MANUFACTURED BY

RAINER & CO.,

Guelph, Ontario.

The undersigned respectfully announce that on the 9th day of April, 1884, Joseph F. Rainer dissolved partnership with Frank Sweetnam and John Hazelton, as piano manufacturers, and that said Joseph F. Rainer, in connection with his son, will continue to manufacture the original cross-scale Pianos, of which the said Joseph F. Rainer is the sole inventor.

These Pianos have now been before the public for 23 years, and have always ranked among the very best, and are celebrated for quality of tone, great power and durability of action, prompt elastic touch, fine finish and elegant style of case, combined with every known improvement. The most complete and unbroken list on record, embracing a period of 30 years, and made up of 38 first prizes, medals and diplomas, received at the principal exhibitions in Canada—Montreal, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and London. At the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia, in 1876, we secured a medal and diploma for our piano. The great favor with which the cross-scale pianos have been received for so long a period, and the reputation they bear, has induced others to imitate them. We therefore caution intending purchasers and dealers wishing to obtain the original cross-scale piano to see that the name of "Rainer & Son" is on each instrument. We make the Upright and Square Grand Pianos.

For further particulars, Price List, &c., address RAINER & SON, Guelph, Ont.

MANUFACTORY—Market Square. y2

GENTS' GOLD STEM WIND

WATCH!

Guaranteed 14 K,

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Night soil removed from all parts of the city at reasonable rates.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

ALL THE

Latest Improvements

IN DESIGNS FOR

HOUSE TRIMMINGS.

RICE LEWIS & SON,

TORONTO RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Departure and Arrival of Trains from and at Union Station.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Departures, Main Line East.

7.15 a. m.—Local for Belleville.
8.30 a. m.—Fast express for Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, Portland, Boston, etc.
11 p.m.—Mixed for Kingston and intermediate stations.
5.30 p.m.—Local for Cobourg and intermediate stations.
8.00 p.m.—Express for main points, Ottawa, Montreal, etc., runs daily.

Arrivals, Main Line East.

1 p.m.—Local from Cobourg.
9.15 a.m.—Express from Montreal, Ottawa and main local points.
11.30 a.m.—Fast express from Montreal, etc.
6.55 p.m.—Mixed from Kingston and intermediate stations.
10.30 p.m.—Express from Boston, Quebec, Portland, Montreal, Ottawa, etc.

Departures, Main Line West.

7.55 a.m.—Local for all points west to Detroit.
1 p.m.—Express for Port Huron, Detroit, Chicago and all western points.
4.00 p.m.—For Goderich, Stratford and local points north of Guelph.
6.25 p.m.—Mixed for Stratford and intermediate points.
11.15 p.m.—Express for Sarnia and western points; sleeping car for Detroit.

Arrivals, Main Line West.

7.55 a.m.—Mixed from Stratford and intermediate points.
9.10 a.m.—Express from Chicago, Detroit, Port Huron, and all western points.
11.30 a.m.—Local from London, Goderich, etc.
7.10 p.m.—Express from all points west, Chicago, Detroit, etc.
11.15 p.m.—Local from London, Stratford, etc.

Departures, Great Western Division.

7.15 a.m.—For Niagara Falls, Buffalo and local stations between Niagara Falls and Windsor.
9.25 a.m.—For Detroit, St. Louis and points in the southwest.
12.20 p.m.—For Detroit, Chicago and the west and all points east from Hamilton; runs daily.
3.55 p.m.—For Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York, Boston and local stations between Hamilton and London, and Brantford, St. Thomas, etc.
6.30 p.m.—Local stations between Toronto and Niagara Falls.
10.45 p.m.—For Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York, Boston and all points east and west of Hamilton.

Arrivals, Great Western Division.

8.25 a.m.—Express from Chicago, Detroit, Hamilton, etc.
10.15 a.m.—Express from London, St. Catharines, Hamilton, etc.
12.55 p.m.—Express from New York, Boston Buffalo and all points east.
4.30 p.m.—Express from New York, Boston Chicago, Detroit, London, etc., runs daily.
7.05 p.m.—Mail from Buffalo, Detroit, London, Hamilton and intermediate stations.
7.45 p.m.—Express from Detroit, St. Louis, etc.
10.55 p.m.—Local from London and intermediate stations.

Suburban Trains, Great Western Division.

Leave Toronto at 7.40, 10.55 a.m., and 2.25 and 4.20 and 6.05 p.m.

Returning leave Mimico 8.35 and 11.35 a.m., and 3.00, 4.55 and 7.25, calling at Queen's wharf, Parkdale, High park and the Humber, both coming and returning.

Sunday Trains, G. W. Division.

Trains leaving Toronto for Hamilton at 12.20 and arriving from Hamilton at 4.30 p.m., run on Sundays, but do not stop at intermediate stations.

Departures, Midland Division.

7.35 a.m.—Mixed—Blackwater and intermediate stations.
7 a.m.—Mail—Sutton, Midland, Orillia, Coboconk, Haliburton, Lindsay, Port Perry, Whitby, Peterboro, Lakefield, Port Hope, Madoc, Belleville, Hastings, Campbellford and intermediate stations.
4.10 p.m.—Mail—Sutton, Midland, Orillia, Coboconk, Lindsay, Port Perry, Whitby, Peterboro, Port Hope and intermediate stations.
4.55 p.m.—Mixed—Uxbridge and intermediate stations.

Arrivals, Midland Division.

11.45 a.m.—Mail 9.45 a.m.—Mixed from Uxbridge and intermediate stations. 9 p.m.—Mail. 6.10 p.m.—Mixed.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Departures Credit Valley Section.

7.10 a.m.—St. Louis express, for all stations on main line and branches, and for Detroit, Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas city.
1.05 p.m.—Pacific express, for Galt, Woodstock, Ingersoll, St. Thomas, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west and north-west.
4.10 p.m.—Local express for all points on main line, Orangeville and Elora branches.

Arrivals, Credit Valley Section.

9.20 a.m.—Express from all stations on main line and branches.
5.35 p.m.—Atlantic express from Chicago and all points west and stations on main line.
8.10 p.m.—Montreal express—All stations on main line and branches.

Departures, Toronto, Grey and Bruce Section.

7.20 a.m.—Mail for Orangeville, Owen Sound, Teeswater and all intermediate stations.
10.45 a.m.—S. S. express for Orangeville and Owen Sound direct.
8 a.m.—Mixed from West Toronto.
4.40 p.m.—Express for Orangeville, Owen Sound and Teeswater.

Arrivals, Toronto, Grey and Bruce Section.

10.45 a.m.—Express from Owen Sound and intermediate stations.
8.35 p.m.—Mail from Owen Sound and intermediate stations.
5.35 p.m.—Mixed, arrives at West Toronto.

Departures, Ontario and Quebec Section.

9.00 a.m.—Limited express for Peterboro, Norwood, Perth, Smith's Falls, Ottawa, Montreal, and intermediate points.
3.35 p.m.—Express for Peterboro, Norwood and all intermediate stations.
7.55 p.m.—Montreal express for Peterboro, Norwood, Perth, Smith's Falls, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec and all points east.

Arrivals, Ontario and Quebec Section.

9.05 a.m.—Express from Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Brockville, Peterboro, and intermediate points.
12.20 p.m.—From Peterboro, Norwood and intermediate points.
10.25 p.m.—Toronto express from (same as 9.15 and intermediate points).

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Trains depart from and arrive at City hall station, stopping at Union and Brock street stations.

Departures.

7.45 a.m.—Mail for Muskoka wharf, Orillia, Meaford, Penetang and intermediate stations, making direct connections at Muskoka wharf with Muskoka boats.
12.00 noon—Steamboat express for Muskoka wharf, Collingwood and Meaford, making direct connections at Collingwood with steamers for Sault Ste. Marie and Port Arthur.
5.05 p.m.—Express for Collingwood, Penetang, Orillia and Barrie.
12.30 p.m.—Muskoka special express each Saturday during July and August for Muskoka wharf, connecting with steamers for Lakes Muskoka, Rosseau and Joseph.

Arrivals.

10.15 a.m.—Express from Collingwood, Orillia, Barrie and intermediate points.
1.45 p.m.—Accommodation from Meaford, Collingwood, Penetang, Muskoka wharf Orillia, Barrie and intermediate points.
8.15 p.m.—Mail from Penetang, Muskoka, Orillia, Barrie and intermediate stations.
1.55 p.m.—Muskoka special express, Mondays only—July and August.

LED TO SACRIFICE.

THE MAN WHO WASN'T ELECTED PRESIDENT.

"I don't think I can let her go," said Mr. Cleve, shaking his head over and over again, while his eldest daughter's letters lay in his lap and the spectacles yet poised judicially on his nose.

The November wind was howling dismally through the boughs of the huge old sycamore trees which overhung the farmhouse chimneys, and the first snow-flakes of the season were beginning to flutter mistily through the air, and Alice Cleve had just come from the postoffice with a letter from her married sister, Farmer Cleve's daughter by his first wife, who had married a rich lawyer and gone to live in the city years ago, and who was nearly old enough to be the mother of the blue-eyed darling of the farmer's old age.

"Oh! let her go, father," said Mrs. Cleve the second, who stood in a sort of admiring awe of her wealthy and aristocratic step-daughter. "Only think of it, father, a winter in New York, and the child has never been out of Pine Hills in all her days!"

Little Alice crept closer to her father's side, with blue eyes aglow, and lips wreathed into radiant smiles.

"Papa, may I go?"

"Do you want to go and leave your old father, puss?"

"Papa—no! It isn't that, you know"—with a reproachful hug and kiss—"but I should so like to visit Marian, and see the great, beautiful city."

The father shook his iron-gray head.

"Not so beautiful a place as you may think it, my girl; but I don't know but I should ha' felt the same at your age! There ain't no putting old heads on young shoulders, and I don't reckon I should like the arrangement if there was! How much money do you want to fit the child out, mother? Will $100 do?"

"A hundred dollars!" Alice clasped her hands in breathless surprise and delight at her father's liberality. "Oh! papa! I shall be dressed like a queen!"

But in spite of all her raptures at the prospect of a city campaign, Alice Cleve cried heartily when she parted from her father at the depot, with the old buffalo-draped cutter standing by, and Doll's shaggy head rubbing against her shoulder, as if even her equine nature were moved at the prospect of seeing her little mistress no more.

"You'll not forget us all, puss?"

"Papa, I don't want to go!" sobbed Alice. "Let me return home with you!"

"Nonsense, nonsense!" cried the farmer, cheerily. "And what would become of the new blue silk dress, and the white kid gloves that were $1.50 a pair?"

And Alice was laughing through her tears, as the cars bore her away through the winter twilight. Her tears, indeed! What were they to the scalding drops which stood on the old man's wrinkled cheeks, as he drove back, through the gray dusk, to the home which seemed doubly desolate now!

Mrs. Garfield was delighted with her little rustic blossom of a sister.

"My dear," she said, "you are just like one of my tea-rose buds. Wait until I get you something decent to wear, and I shall have you the fashion at once!"

"But, Marian," said Alice, shyly, as she glanced around at the new unpacked garments scattered about her, "I have some beautiful things already."

"Pooh," said Mrs. Garfield, elevating her aristocratic nose. "Keep those for the back woods. A country dressmaker, and goods half a season old! You are too pretty, Alicia mia, not to be set off by the best advantages!"

"Yes; but Marian," and Alice blushed deeply, "we cannot afford—"

"I'll see to that," said Mrs. Garfield, with smiling despotism. And Alice could only laugh and submit.

Little Alice Cleve was like a grown-up doll to her elder sister. Mrs. Garfield robed her in glistening silks, hung jewels on her throat and arms, wreathed chaplets of costly flowers in her hair, and throned her queen of love and beauty.

"Oh! Marian!" cried Alice, "this is like living in fairy land all the while. I am so happy. But it seems strange to be dancing in a crowded room, with people about me, at the time when I used to be fast asleep in bed and dreaming!"

"My dear, that's only because you are a country girl."

"And—mind Marian, I only ask because I am so ignorant and foolish—you are sure it is right for me to dance those round dances with a gentleman's arm so tight round my waist? I am afraid mamma would not like it!"

"You little unsophisticated piece of simplicity, don't everybody else do so?" laughed Mrs. Garfield.

"Yes, but—"

"Then of course it's right. Get your hat and we'll drive up to the park this bright afternoon. My goodness, child, what have you brought down that hideous worsted scarf for?"

"Mamma knit it; it is to tie over my ears on a cold day like this," said Alice, coloring scarlet.

Mrs. Garfield burst out laughing.

"A pretty figure you would cut on Fifth avenue with your head tied up like a newsboy!" she exclaimed. "No, my Alice, your dimpled little profile is too pretty to be obscured by any such monstrosities."

"But I shall take cold."

"Nonsense, child! Nobody thinks of wearing such a thing!"

And Alice yielded to Mrs. Garfield's superior experience.

She went to a soiree that same night, with pearly shoulders bare, save for a web-like covering of white tulle, and beautiful feet encased in rose-colored silk stockings and nice slippers with gilt heels and revettes of lace, careless of the wintry storm that howled without.

"It's only running across the pavement, and you are safe in the carriage," said Mrs. Garfield. "Nobody thinks of wearing rubbers or thick stockings!"

Alice was a little hoarse the next day, but Mrs. Garfield took her to an opera matinee, all the same.

"Everybody will be there to hear Parepa for the last time," she said, "and Mr. Delancey will be dreadfully disappointed if you stay away! I do believe he's in love with you, Alice. There, don't blush so, pet! There's nothing to be ashamed of in the fact that you have captivated the best match of the season!"

Mrs. Garfield came back from the matinee in high spirits.

"Now you may have a little nap before dinner, Alice. I'll send a cup of tea to your room directly, for I want you to be fresh for the evening."

"Oh! Marian, I'm so tired!"

"But you must not disappoint Mrs. Carey. I have promised that you should be there. Mr. Delancey is to call for us at 9."

"I say, my dear," said honest Mr. Garfield, when Alice had gone, "you are going it too fast! She's losing all her rustic roses."

"Off, she will get used to it," said Marian, complacently. "And she is so much admired."

Night after night Alice Cleve's lovely face, set off with expensive dress and crowned with the sweetest flowers that grew, rose like a star on the horizon of fashionable assemblies; night after night Mrs. Garfield exulted in her young sister's success.

"Let me stay at home to-night, Marian," she pleaded. "I am so weary, and I long so to sleep!"

"My dear, what an idea, and Lent close at hand! You can rest then."

So Alice went, in pearl-colored silk, with floating trails of clematis in her golden hair, and pink spots on her cheeks, and Mrs. Garfield told her, with a proud kiss, that "she never looked so pretty in her life."

Alice smiled. "I don't think I care so much for such things as I did," she said gravely. "I feel now-a-days as if I wanted to see papa and mamma and the dear old home."

"Homesick!" reproached her sister.

"Not homesick, Marian; but so tired!"

Mrs. Garfield paid but little heed to Alice's words then; but they came back to her like a pang that evening, when Alice was carried out, fainting, from the oppressive atmosphere of the ball-room. It was so like death—the cold eyes and the pallid cheeks! And her old father—how could she render up her trust to him, if Alice went back in the spring-time, pale and drooping?

Mrs. Garfield sent for the doctor next day. The man of medicine shook his head and talked gravely of "pulmonary predisposition," and "tubercular tendencies," and prescribed quiet, port wine and beef tea. And the upshot of the interview was that Mrs. Garfield wrote to Farmer Cleve.

"Of course she is not seriously sick," his eldest daughter's epistle ran, "but just a little indisposed. If you choose to run up, toward the end of March, I dare say she will be well enough to return home with you. There is no cause for alarm; but our little Alice, the doctor tells me, has not a strong constitution naturally."

As if Mr. Cleve would have waited a day—scarcely an hour—after this letter came, like a bombshell of ruin and dismay, into the peaceful solitude of his home! He packed his carpet-bag straightway, and took the first New York bound train.

After traveling all night he reached the metropolis just as the early morning sunshine was reddening over the roofs of the houses; and, to his surprise, the Garfield household were up and stirring. Marian herself met him on the stairs.

"Where's my girl?" the old man demanded, trying to speak cheerily.

"Oh! papa, I am so glad you are come!" cried Marian, hysterically. "We telegraphed for you last night."

"She's not worse?" gasped the old man.

"Oh! no—at least—that is—we hope she is not seriously worse—only a sudden bad turn—that's all!"

Mrs. Garfield threw open the door of the apartment where, like a pale snow drop veiled by the white drifts of December, Alice lay among her pillows! She opened her eyes at the familiar sound of the footsteps!

"Papa!" she murmured faintly. "I only wanted to see you just once. Now I can go in peace."

"My child!" broke from Cleve's parched lips, as her arms were wreathed about his neck one instant, and then fell back on her breast, "Alice!"

But she did not answer; the sweet, closed lips should never speak more.

"My dear sir," said Dr. Fiske, solemnly, when they had forced the poor man away from the bed where only a lovely statue remained, "there is really nobody to blame. A little over-exertion—a slight cold, rendered obstinate by neglect; a delicate constitution. He hath given, my good friend, and He takes away!"

"It's a lie!" thundered Mr. Cleve, turning with pointed finger and blazing eyes to his eldest daughter, "a blasphemous lie! You have murdered her!"

And Mrs. Garfield, shrinking back, with conscious guilt, felt that the words of the frenzied old man were but too true. She had not meant aught but tenderness; she had loved the young girl as dearly as herself, yet she knew that hers had been the hand that led the fair victim unto death, garlanded and jewel-decked, like the sacrifices of old.

Truly, War hath killed his thousands and Pestilence his tens of thousands; but what are these to the victims that fall daily beneath the wheels of the great Juggernaut of Fashionable Life?

"I Feel so Well."

—"I want to thank you for telling me of Dr. Pierce's 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes a lady to her friend. "For a long time I was unfit to attend to the work of my household. I kept about, but I felt thoroughly miserable. I had terrible backaches, and bearing-down sensations across me and was quite weak and discouraged. I sent and got some of the medicine after receiving your letter, and it has cured me. I hardly know myself, I feel so well."

Thomas Jones, a young Englishman employed at the Elora carpet factory, left suddenly last week. Suspicion rests on him for stealing about $80 from a fellow boarder.

Well to Remember.

—A stitch in time—saves nine. Serious results oft follow a neglect of constipated bowels and bad blood. Burdock Blood Bitters regulate and purify the stomach, bowels, liver, kidneys and the blood. Take it in time. 246

Baron Rowlin, market gardener at Hamilton, has skipped out, leaving debts to the amount of $600.

—Mr. G. W. Macully, Pavilion Mountain, B.C., writes: "Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is the best medicine I ever used for rheumatism. Nearly every winter I am laid up with rheumatism, and have tried nearly every kind of medicine without getting any benefit, until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It has worked wonders for me, and I want another supply for my friends, etc."

The two classes of men who might find some excuse for wishing that political parades should, like Tennyson's Brook, "go on forever," are the shoemakers and the doctors.

A Double Purpose.

—The popular remedy, Hagyard's Yellow Oil, is used both internally and externally, for aches, pains, colds, croup, rheumatism, deafness and diseases of an inflammatory nature. 246

Mrs. De Blank—Well, I will try you, if you have a good recommendation from your last place. Domestic—A what, mum? "A recommendation—a character." "A charack-ter, is it ye want? An' sich as you ask me, me, for a charack-ter?" "Well, well, and why not?" "You, mum—you, the wife of a snake-thafe, a blackleg, a villain, the man what murdered his grandmother, sure, and stole the pennies from a dead pauper's eyes, you—" "Mercy on us! What are you talking about?" "Yer villain of a husband, of coorse. Sure didn't I rade the papers when he was runnin' fur office?"

—There is a wide difference between medicines which affect merely the symptoms of disease and those which affect its cause. The first are useful as palliatives, the second, if of genuine efficacy, produce a radical cure. To the latter class belongs Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. Thoroughness of operation is its special attribute in all cases of biliousness, costiveness, indigestion, kidney complaints, and female weakness.

$50,000.00

—THE—

Great Holiday Bible Competition

NUMBER 13.

TRUTH The leading domestic weekly magazine of Canada, (28 large pages). Instead of giving large sums of money and valuable articles in the way of Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, Silver Tea Sets, Gold and Silver Watches, etc., etc., to agents, are giving all these things direct to subscribers for answering Bible questions in the following manner, to the twenty-four hundred persons who correctly answer the two following

BIBLE QUESTIONS.

1. Is husband mentioned in the Bible.
2. Is wife mentioned in the Bible.

} One reference or answer to each question will suffice.

will be given in the order mentioned the following valuable and costly list of First, Middle, and Consolation Rewards

FIRST REWARDS First great reward will be given the sender of the first correct answer to the foregoing Bible questions....$1,000 in gold.

2, 3 and 4. Three magnificant Grand Square Pianos 1,650
5, 6 and 7. Three fine toned 10 stop Cabinet Organs 750
8 to 15. Eight Gentlemen's Solid Gold Stem Winding and Stem Setting genuine Elgin Watches 800
16 to 28 Thirteen Ladies' Solid Gold Stem Winding and Stem Setting genuine Elgin Watches 1,170
29 to 40. Twelve best Solid Quadruple Plate Silver Tea Sets, six pieces.. 780
41 to 70. Thirty Gentlemen's Solid Coin Silver Hunting Case Watches 900
71 to 100. Thirty Gentlemen's Solid Aluminum Gold Watches..... 600
101 to 135. Thirty-one Solid Quadruple Silver Plate Cake Baskets, new and elegant pattern..... 525
136 to 305. One hundred and seventy dozen sets of heavy Solid Silver Plated Teaspoons 850
306 to 509. Two hundred and four elegantly bound volumes of Shakesphere's Poems 510
510 to 715. Two hundred and six fine Silver Plated Sugar Spoons and Butter Knives..... 206

All these seven hundred and fifteen rewards will be given out strictly in the order *the correct* answers to those Bible questions are received at **TRUTH** office. The first *correct* answer taking number one, ($1,000 in gold) the second correct answer number two, (one of the pianos), and so on till they are all given away.

Then after this list will follow the Middle Rewards, which will be given in the way:—At the conclusion of the competition, (Feb'y. 15th,) all the answers received will be carefully counted by three disinterested parties, *when to the sender of the middle correct answer will be given number one, a fine stylish trotting horse and carriage.* The next correct answer following the middle one will take number two, (one of the pianos). The next correct answer, number three and so on till all these middle rewards are given away. Here you have the list in full.

MIDDLE REWARDS Number one. A fine stylish Trotting Horse and Carriage $1,000
2, 3, 4 and 5. Four Square Grand Pianos, by a celebrated maker ... 2,100
6, 7, 8 and 9. Four fine toned Cabinet Organs, by a celebrated maker... 1,000
10 to 20. Ten fine Solid Gold Stem Winding and Stem Setting genuine Elgin Watches 1,000
21 to 32. Ten Ladies' fine Solid Gold Stem Winding and Stem Setting genuine Elgin Watches..... 1,000
33 to 50. Eighteen Solid Quadruple Silver Plated Tea Services..... 1,440
51 to 70. Thirty Double-barrell English Twist breach-loading Shot Guns 2,700
71 to 110. Forty sets (10 vols. to set) complete Chamber's Encyclopædia 2,000
111 to 134. Twenty-three Gentlemen's Solid Coin Silver Htg. Case or Open Face Watches..... 690
135 to 162. Twenty-seven Solid Aluminum Gold Htg. Case Watches.... 540
163 to 320. One hundred and eighty-eight dozen sets of heavy Silver Plated Tea Spoons..... 990
351 to 600. Three hundred and fifty Solid Rolled Gold Brooches, newest design..... 1,050
601 to 940. Three hundred and fifty-six copies of Milton's or Tennyson's Poems 865
941 to 1,254. Three hundred and fourteen Solid Silver Plated Sugar Spoons or Butter Knives..... 314

After these will follow the *Consolation Rewards* for the last comers. So, even if you live almost on the other side of the world you can compete, as it is *the last correct* answers that are received at **TRUTH** office that takes these rewards. The plan is this, your letter must be *post-marked where mailed* not later than the closing day of this competition which is *February fifteenth*, (fifteen days allowed after date of closing for letters to reach us from distant places,) so the more distant you are the better your opportunity for securing one of these elegant and costly

CONSOLATION REWARDS

1, 2 and 3. Three elegant Rosewood Square Pianos..... $1,540
4, 5, 6 and 7. Four Gentlemen's Solid Gold Stem Winding and Stem Setting genuine Elgin Watches..... 400
8, 9, 10 and 11. Four Ladies' Solid Gold Stem Winding and Stem Setting genuine Elgin Watches..... 400
12 to 17. Six Solid Quadruple Silver Plate Tea Services..... 540
18 to 29. Eleven sets Chamber's Encyclopædia (10 vols. to set)..... 500
30 to 39 Ten Solid Coin Silver Htg. Case or Open Face Watches..... 300
40 to 90. Fifty-one Aluminum Gold Htg. Case Watches..... 1,000
91 to 121. Thirty-one Solid Quadruple Silver Plate Cake Baskets, elegant design 450
122 to 300. Eighty-nine dozen Solid Silver Plated Tea Spoons..... 445
201 to 400. Two hundred volumes Tennyson's Poems, elegantly bound 450

This finishes the largest and most elegant list of rewards ever offered by any publisher in the world. *It will positively be the last unless* the results of this competition far exceeds the proceeding ones, as I certainly cannot afford to continue them. I have now kept faith with my subscribers and the public in continuing these Bible competitions for a year, as promised, and this great one, offering this immense list of rewards will be a fitting close to the affair. Bear in mind every one competing must send *one dollar* with their answer for which **TRUTH,** (the cheapest and best weekly for the money) will be sent six months. You therefore pay nothing extra for the privelege of competing for these costly rewards, as one dollar is the regular subscription price of **TRUTH** for a half year. You cannot fail to be well pleased with your dollar investment even if you do not succeed in gaining any one of these rewards, as **TRUTH** is extra good value for the money as thousands of our subscribers have testified. Long lists of winners in previous competitions appear in nearly every issue of **TRUTH,** and full lists of winners in this entire competition will be published in the issues of **TRUTH** immediately after the close of the competition on fifteenth February, with the full name, street and number, when in cities, and in fact all the addresses as completely as possible, in order that all may be satisfied that there is no fraud or humbug in this matter. In order to prevent fraud, the proprietor of **TRUTH** reserves the right to deny any person or persons the privilege of competing for these remarks. We have always done *exactly as promised* during this year in conducting these competitions, and our reputation for fair and honorable dealings, is too well established now to risk overthrowing it. Look up these Bible questions, it will do you good apart from anything else. These competitions have done, we are assured, a great deal to promote the study of the Bible among all classes. Now this may be your last opportunity to secure an elegant piano, a gold watch, a fine horse and carriage, in addition to a half year's subscription to one of the most widely circulated and most popular weekly magazines you may have, so attend to it now. Don't delay. All money must be sent through the post office or by express. None can be received by telephone or telegraph. Don't forget that we don't guarantee that everyone will get a prize, but out of nearly twenty-four hundred rewards you doubtless will secure something. Be prompt. Answer as soon as possible after seeing this notice, and **TRUTH** will at once be forwarded as an acknowledgment of your subscription, and your letter will take its place in the order it is received at this office. There is no favouritism, and all are treated alike, fairly and squarely.

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THE TORONTO WORLD.

TUESDAY MORNING NOV. 11, 1884.

ALD. SMITH IN DEMAND.

An Influential Deputation Ask Him to Remain in the City Council.

An influential deputation of the electors of St. Thomas' ward waited on Ald. G. B. Smith at his residence last night and presented him with a requisition signed by over 600 electors of the ward, asking him to reconsider his decision to retire from the council at the close of the year, and to allow himself to be put in renomination for the coming year.

Among those of the delegation were H. S. Howland, H. S. Northrop, John Lyman, G. W. Badgerow, M.P.P., Alexander Boyd, Hugh Miller, R. H. Ramsay, T. C. Irving, Forbes McHardy, Robt. McLean, Adam Armstrong, J. B. Gordon, Henry Lowndes, E. Pearson, Major R. B. Hamilton and others.

Mr. Howland, on handing the requisition to Mr. Smith, made a few appropriate remarks, urging upon him to reconsider his determination, saying it was very important that the city should be represented by the best men, and he would regret to see Mr Smith retire from a position he had filled with so much advantage to the city and credit to himself.

Ald Smith in reply said he felt highly honored by the request of the delegation, composed as it was of leading men of the city who were residents of the ward, but when they in addition to their own request presented evidence of the popular will of a majority in number of the electors of the ward who have ever voted at elections the influence was so great that his determination to decline nomination for 1885 was considerably shaken. However the coming year was one in which his business would require more of his attention than usual for the reason that he was about reorganizing it so that afterwards it would not require so much of his close personal supervision. He had not come to the determination to retire without a good deal of thought and however much his personal feelings at the moment might lead him to allow it he could not give a decisive answer at once without saying he must adhere to what he had decided on at a cooler moment. He was unspeakably grateful for their flattering recognition. He asked a few days to consider the matter when he would give a decided answer.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED.

The anti tax exemption association will hold another meeting in the Rossin house this evening.

Alfred E. Carter, the organist, will give a free organ recital in the church of the Redeemer on Monday evening next.

The bolt works band serenaded Ald. Farley at his residence, John street, last night and were hospitably entertained.

The sisters of the house of providence beg to acknowledge with gratitude the receipt of $50 from Wm. Christie, being his annual subscription to that institution.

The second social of the season will be held in All Saints, church school room to morrow evening. The attraction will be "Ireland," by Mr. Morrison, illustrated by Mr. Whittemore.

Look out for the Grand Fancy Fair to be held in St. John's hall, Bond street, for the orphans of the House of Providence during the week beginning 17th inst.

Yvonne Falls Rather Flat.

Mlle. Rhea was not greeted with a large and enthusiastic audience last night at the Grand opera house—in fact there is a growing impression that she is an overrated actress. The audience was only moderate in size and her new play of Yvonne was only moderately applauded. "The play was written expressly for her," the management claims. It is the story of a true woman's sacrifice to save the name of a sister who has accidently tumbled into affluence and social standing and has transgressed. French play-wrights, if Francois Mons, the author of Yvonne, can be taken as a criterion, have some queer notions. One of M. Mons' to make a lieutenant of the army who has just returned to Paris from America exclaim with amazement, when he beholds a negro servant, "*What is it?*" The lieutenant is supposed to have seen lots of Indians in war paint in America but no colored pussuns. Another queer thing is that the audience is treated to an assassination before the play is many minutes old.

Yvonne fell rather flat. The only part that seemed to work the audience into animation was in the fourth act, which portrays a bal masque scene in Paris. Rhea appears in this act in a $1000 dress. A few of Rhea's company of last year are with her now. The support as a whole is up to the average. Yvonne will be produced to night and at the matinee to-morrow afternoon. To-morrow night An Unequal Match will be given. The engagement lasts all week.

Look out for the Grand Fancy Fair to be held in St. John's hall, Bond street, for the orphans of the House of Providence during the week beginning 17th inst.

Bleeding to Death.

Several days ago a middle aged man named James Davis, who was employed as a navvy on the Canadian Pacific railway, while in his boarding house at Port Arthur fell down stairs. He apparently was not hurt, and it was not until two days afterwards that blood began to flow from his nostrils. Since that time he has never been completely free from the bleeding, and yesterday he decided to start for Montreal, where he has a son residing. When he got as far as Toronto he was so weak from loss of blood, that on the advice of Dr. Thorburn, he was removed to the hospital in the ambulance. The bleeding has not been stopped, and it is feared that he will die.

Concert of Court Abstinence No. 7135.

A large gathering assembled at Occident hall last night on the occasion of the first concert of the court abstinence No. 7135, ancient order of foresters. F. S. Spence occupied the chair. Mayor Boswell came in while the proceedings were going on and was invited to a seat on the platform. The program was an excellent one and was well carried out. The comic singing of James Fax was good, and he had to respond to three encores. The telephone ventriloquism of R. Hoogs was very much appreciated.

A Plant of Rare Virtues

—Is the common and well-known Burdock. It is one of the best blood purifiers and kidney regulators in the vegetable world, and the compound known as Burdock Blood Bitters possesses wonderful powers in diseases of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach. 246

See the one dollar Dogskin Muff at the Great Fire Sale at the Bon Marche.

BUCKET SHOPS.

Something About Our Local Shops—How the Toronto Venture is Succeeding.

From the Montreal Star, Nov. 8.

Bucket shop speculation, which a few years ago was done on a very extensive scale in this city, and which gradually fell off thereafter, has within the current year experienced a revival owing to the dullness of our local stock exchange cutting out the "small fry" speculators who can only exist on a lively market. There are at present five of these "public stock exchanges" on the street, one of them recently opened, the proprietors of which formerly conducted an institution of this kind in Toronto. The reason of the transfer is that bucket shop speculation is not looked on with favor in the city named, and has recently been extinguished altogether. When this occurred it is said representatives of the bucket shop mentioned came down here to "spy out the land," and finding that the practice in this city was to limit profits to margins "put up," they thought by increasing profits to a possible 3 or 4 per cent. they could obtain a fair share of patronage. Our own bucket shops on hearing of the threatened invasion and of the point of attack, thinking that to adopt the principle proposed by the invaders would simply create a war ending in unlimited profits, at once adopted that plan. This did not, however, repel the attack, and last Monday the Toronto shop commenced operations on the same footing. It is now a little too early to say how they will get along.

The principles on which these speculations are conducted may not be known to the general public and a short sketch of the modus operandi may be interesting. Any number of shares up to twenty-five can be bought or sold and in taking "a risk" the speculator may do so in either of two ways—first in what is called "buying" or secondly in "selling." In the case of buying he puts up a certain percentage (margin) varying at his discretion on each share supposed to be purchased and receives a ticket stating that a purchase has been made by him at the price quoted in the last report with a ¼ per cent. commission added, and also stating the price to which the stock must fall in order to wipe out the margin. Everything above the price at which the stock was bought is profit to the purchaser who has the option when he thinks fit to close the speculation. If, however, he should remain too long exposed to the vicissitudes of a manipulated market, and the stock falls below the limit of his margin, it is forfeited.

In selling profit or loss depends on exactly the opposite movement of the market, the other conditions being also reversed.

The commission which is charged by the bucket shop has the effect of preventing to some extent quick and small profits, which otherwise would be obtained, owing to the privilege appertaining to the operators of closing at pleasure. The advantage thus obtained by the bucket shop is most apparent in the case of a one per cent. margin, in which the stock requires to rise in price one and a quarter per cent. to show a profit of one per cent., whereas a fall of ¾ per cent. is fatal. The opinion held by the public that bucket shop proprietors are, to use a vulgar but expressive phrase, a "scaley crowd," is not without reason.

During the comparative dullness in this enterprise which has prevailed for the last few years, several new ventures of this kind were started, but the owners seem to have believed in the proverb that "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush," for when they had got "ahead of the boys" to the extent of two or three thousand, they ably sought pastures new," taking with them in some cases, not only money which had been won fairly, but also the margins happening to have been on their hands at the time when "the spirit removed them." But of the present fraternity it can be said that so far no disposition of this kind has been manifested, and they are acting "on the square."

The operators in these concerns are of two classes, the habitual and the man who takes a "fly" occasionally. The former quarters himself in a "shop," and listening to the music of the "ticker," discusses the probable course of the market with his confreres, and watches the latest quotations whilst waiting for a customer. The other class referred to speculate when they think there are good chances of making "a scoop." These are the distinctive features of the parties, but they gradually merge into each other.

Although it is impossible to say anything with certainty, it is generally supposed the bucket shops are at present pretty well ahead, and although the operators realize considerable profits at times, they invariably find their way back to the "bucket," which, as a rule, makes the best of the speculation. This is not always the case, however, as a well-known operator has broken two or three shops himself. Occasionally one of these will start with a slender capital at an unfavorable time, and in consequence has to suspend payment. Some of those in operation at present have seen pretty hard times, but a turn in the market has set them all right again.

Owing to the action taken by the Chicago board of trade, bucket shops are no longer furnished with quotations for grain and provisions, and this has confined their speculation to the New York market.

This afternoon the Bon Marche will show 378 German and French made Ladies' Mantles, bought at a tremendous bargain, and which will be offered less than wholesale prices.

A Bad Gang in the Assize Court.

Wm. Cooney, jr., Joseph Rooke and James Brady, charged with assaulting Constable Thomas Adams, were the first prisoners placed on trial at the criminal assizes, resumed before Judge O'Connor yesterday. On Aug. 11 last Adams met Cooney, against whom there was a warrant charging him with a previous offence, and attempted to arrest him. Cooney resisted, and a number of roughs who were with him attacked the officer, and kicked him senseless. Adams was so badly hurt that he was not on duty for over two weeks. The jury returned a verdict of guilty against Cooney, and not guilty against the other two prisoners. Cooney and Rooke were then arraigned on a charge of stealing a watch from Herbert Wetherdon of Mabel street, while the latter was at work digging a drain on Oct. 4. The watch disappeared, and as Cooney and Rooke were seen near the spot they were arrested. Evidence was given showing that Rooke had sold the watch and Cooney had been a party to the sale. Both prisoners were found guilty. Cooney and Thomas McDermott, charged with feloniously wounding Constable Frank Ross, was the next case called. They pleaded not guilty, and the hearing of the case was postponed until this morning.

The History of Hundreds.

—Mr. John Morrison of St. Anns, N. S., was so seriously afflicted with a disease of the kidneys that dropsy was developing and his life despaired of. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured him after physicians had failed. 246

THE TELEPHONE PATENTS.

Argument Before Justice Osler at Osgoode Hall Yesterday.

The adjourned argument in the application of the Bell telephone company for a writ of prohibition directed to the Hon. J. H. Pope, minister of agriculture, and the Telephone manufacturing company of Toronto, was continued in the queen's bench divisional court before Judge Osler yesterday. There were present in behalf of the Bell telephone company of Canada James Maclennan, Q.C., Dalton McCarthy, Q.C., Dr. McMichael, Q.C., Hector Cameron, Q.C., Z. A. Lash, Q.C., and S. C. Wood, and on behalf of the Telephone manufacturing company, Frank Arnoldi and W. Roaf. The argument was opened by the legal gentlemen representing the Bell Telephone company. Mr. McCarthy held that the 28th section of the patent act of 1872 was ultra vires. The minister of agriculture, he argued, had no authority to give a decision as to the validity of a patent. The court should decide such cases. It appears that under this section of the act, a patent is rendered void if the patentee, after two years, imports the patented article, and that in such cases the validity of a patent will be decided by the minister of agriculture, to whom the matter shall be referred. The legal representatives of the Telephone Manufacturing company of Toronto hold that the section in the patent act referred to is valid and binding, and that the minister of agriculture has full power to dispose of the matter. The Telephone Manufacturing company also hold that the patent to Alex. G. Bell is invalid. Judgment was reserved, but the learned judge was requested to give his decision within two weeks time.

For bargains in Silks, Satins, Velvets and Velveteens go to the Great Fire Sale now going on at the Bon Marche.

A Horse Problem.

From the London Live Stock Journal.

Color in regard to constitution is a problem which some casual students of horse-breeding are trying to solve. As usual in such cases, when the information vouchsafed by those who are in the position of knowing something is not submitted to the test of cross-examination, it is not reliable. For a long time all those who have been engaged in working horses have been of the opinion that brown horses lasted the longest, and were the best to withstand wear and tear. Bays and blacks were next fancied, then came the animals of lighter shades of color. We have no good reasons for believing this, however, for any single opinion on the subject expressed without reasons or facts is not reliable enough. We have known the oldest horses—horses that have done the hardest work in the centre of a Clydesdale district, where chestnut is despised—to be pure chestnuts, and the best and oldest horse of the opposition firm almost next door to be a pure black. There is danger, therefore, we say, in raising discussions on this subject without material. In fact some horsemen are color blind to all but bays and browns.

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern science has been attained by the Dixon treatment for catarrh. Out of 2000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent. have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of the patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefitted, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissues, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination; this accomplished, the catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure, the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King street west, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on catarrh.—Montreal Star. 26

A Young Chinaman's First Shave.

When a Chinese boy baby is one month old his head is shaved and a bladder is drawn over it, and as his head grows the bladder bursts and the cue sprouts forth. The first shave is made the occasion of a magnificent banquet, and the guests are expected to make the host a handsome present in coin for the newly shaven baby, with which a bank account is started to its credit. This is the most pleasant feature of the affair for the baby, as the razor always pulls and he cannot take part in the feast.

This morning the Bon Marche will show a table of Fine Satins in all shades for 24 cents per yard.

The Wages of Servants.

From the Philadelphia Progress.

In 1870 there were 1,075,000 domestic servants in the country; at this time there are undoubtedly at least 1,200,000. Most of them have no votes, but they have fathers, brothers and other relatives to whom their earnings are of importance. The wages of servant girls in Liverpool average $6.68 per month; in Marseilles, $6.75; in Philadelphia, $14. Wages of cooks in Liverpool average $9; in Philadelphia, $20. The consular report indicates that the average paid to all servants of this class in England is about $7.84, in France about $6.27, and in this country, while the wages are somewhat lower than at Philadelphia or in other large cities, the average is at least $15. If we suppose that there are now 1,200,000 employed in this country, their wages are about $216,000,000. At the English rate of wages these same people would earn about $90,000,000.

—The reason why "Monsuch Washing Compound" should be used in preference to all other washing preparations. First, It is perfectly harmless. Second, It saves more than half the labor. Third, It is the cheapest in the market. Many more could be given but this should be sufficient. For sale by all grocers. Lowden & Co., Wholesale, Agents for Toronto. 2-4-8.

—West Toronto Junction is within a few minutes of the Union station by the trains of either the Ontario and Quebec and the Grand Trunk or the Northern. Real estate in the neighborhood has steadily risen in value and promises to advance still more rapidly. Some of the best lots in West Toronto are to be had from George Clarke, 295 Yonge street.

Trees That Breed Flies.

In the province of San Pedro, Brazil, the destruction of all encalyptus trees has been ordered. It appears that the tree favors the generation of a terribly dangerous dragon fly, which attacks all living creatures, and whose sting is fatal within a few minutes.

—Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand.

WHAT THE JUDGE SAID TO HIM.

How Gilbert W. Hazletine Received His Sentence at Baltimore.

From the Baltimore Herald, Nov. 8.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning Gilbert W. Hazletine was placed in the dock of the criminal court to receive his sentence for killing Mamie Thorpe. He appeared perfectly indifferent to his fate, betrayed no evidence of emotion, and when asked by Judge Phelps if he had any reason to assign why sentence should not be passed upon him, he said "No" in a careless manner. Judge Phelps then said:

"You have been convicted of the crime of unlawfully and feloniously killing a human being. The life you took was that of a woman and an abject woman. No attempt has been made to extenuate the barbarity of the deed. On the contrary, its unprovoked cruelty has been made the central figure in the theory of your defence. Pressed by able and distinguished counsel, with extraordinary skill and eloquence, the defence of insanity has yet been rejected by the jury who tried you, and now they turn you over to the court as responsible for your act. And it is fortunate for you that the jury found themselves able to take a view of the law which reduced the grade of your crime to manslaughter.

"The limit of punishment prescribed by law for this grade of homicide is imprisonment in the penitentiary for ten years. A very large discretion is confided to the court to mitigate the severity of this punishment. That discretion is to be exercised in view of all the circumstances of the case and of the demands of public justice. It is not to be exercised upon mere motives of pity for the prisoner or sympathy for his distressed family. Clemency, as such, is not the prerogative of the judiciary.

"Setting aside the defense excluded by the verdict, where are the mitigating circumstances that would justify the court in shortening the period of imprisonment? That you have had advantages of education, social position and respectable connections is rather an aggravation than otherwise. Nor does it commend your act to favorable consideration than it was the not unnatural offspring of a reckless and frenzied debauch.

"Regarded as a case of manslaughter, yours is an extreme case, and but for one consideration would call for an extreme penalty. You are not an old and hardened offender, but a mere youth and a novice in crime. There is also great care to be taken that as a stranger in this community whose law you have trampled upon and whose decency you have outraged, no discrimination is made against you. You are to be dealt with precisely on the same footing with one of our own people, neither better nor worse.

"Nor is it to be forgotten that the jury have absolutely determined by their verdict that the quality of your act was without malice, express or implied. By presuming to pass judgment upon any other theory the court would plainly transcend its power. Any such usurpation would be all the more unpardonable since it would be a violation of confidence reposed in the discretion of the court, remediless by appeal.

"Making all possible allowance for every consideration that might be urged, it is still my painful duty to say to you that nothing short of a severe punishment would meet the claims of exemplary justice.

"You are sentenced to imprisonment in the Maryland penitentiary for a term of eight years."

W. Hollingsworth Whyte, of counsel for Hazeltine, was present during the delivery of sentence, and accompanied him from the court room. Hazeltine expressed himself as satisfied with the sentence, and his counsel expressed themselves in the same way.

Hazeltine was taken immediately to the penitentiary, and was dressed in the regulation striped suit and placed in a cell. He will be examined by the penitentiary physician to day, and then assigned to whatever work may be best suited to his physical condition.

Did Noah Abuse His Wife?

Tradition tells us that he did, on more than one occasion. It was on a Sunday night, Noah, Ald. James, Shem, Ham and James E. Smith had been down to the National club. Monday morning's moon was just kicking the clothes off when the quartette telephoned to Bob Bond for a coupe to take them home. Noah said he had spent Sunday in Eden's garden. Mrs. Noah doubted the fact. She put a Julius Cæsar boomerang on Mr. Noah's hat quicker than Adam gave Eve her first August apple. But Noah knew where to get the latest style in hats. Dineen—the hatter—corner of King and Yonge streets, put a new head piece on the captain of the ark.—Advz.

Ye Correct Tyme.

—How is your time? If wrong have your watches and clocks repaired by H. Given Doherty, 205 Queen street west, who will do your work skilfully, cheaply and punctually. No "slop work" taken in: no "fancy prices" charged. 136

Economy.

—The secret of economy lies in the buying of upholstering, such a parlor or drawing-room suites, in the purchaser going to an establishment where they make it a specialty of manufacturing first-class goods. T. P. Cummings, 319 Yonge street, has the reputation of being an experienced workman, who thoroughly understands his business. You can rest fully assured of getting what you want, and at reasonable figures.

MORE THAN EIGHT YEARS' USE OF strictly reliable fabrics, made in the most artistic and durable manner possible, has made for

QUINN,

THE SHIRT-MAKER,

the most enviable reputation of any shirt-maker in Canada. ROSSIN HOUSE BLOCK, York st., Toronto

AMUSEMENTS AND MEETINGS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

O. B. SHEPPARD, - Manager.

To-night, To-morrow Night and Saturday Evening,

MLLE. RHEA,

In the English Society Drama

YVONNE.

Wednesday Evening and Saturday Matinee, AN UNEQUAL MATCH.

Thursday and Friday Eve'gs, FROU-FROU.

Regular prices. Plan now open. Next week—JOE MURPHY.

TORONTO ROLLER SKATING RINK, ADELAIDE STREET.

C. F. GOING & CO., - PROPRIETORS.

TO-NIGHT GRENADIERS' BAND UNDER THE DIRECTION OF PROF. TOULMIN.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 13TH,

GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL.

Doors open at 7.30, Grand March at 8 o'clock. Those without costumes not allowed on the surface until 9 p.m. 246

TAX EXEMPTIONS.

A Meeting of the Anti-Tax Exemption Association of Toronto will be

HELD AT THE ROSSIN HOUSE,

ON TUESDAY EVENING, 11TH NOV.,

At 8 o'clock, for the purpose of electing officers and adopting a constitution. All who sympathize with the movement for abolishing exemptions from taxation and who desire to become members of the association are cordially invited. By order,

62 A. W. WRIGHT, Secretary pro tem.

HELP WANTED.

BOY WANTED TO DELIVER PARCELS—Apply at the Bon Marche, 7 and 9 King street east, FARLEY & CO.

WANTED TO HIRE IMMEDIATELY—100 horses and carts to deliver coal and wood through the city. Apply to P. BURNS, Cor. Bathurst and Front streets.

THE COMBAULT'S CAUSTIC BALSAM!

Is undoubtedly the most valuable and reliable Veterinary Remedy ever discovered. It has superseded the Actual Cautery or hot iron; produces more than four times the effect of a blister; takes the place of all liniments, and is the safest application ever used, as it is impossible to produce a scar or blemish with it. It is a powerful, active, reliable and safe remedy that can be manipulated at will for severe or mild effect. Thousands of the best Veterinarians and Horsemen of this country testify to its many wonderful cures and its great practical value. It is also the most economical remedy in use, as one tablespoonful of Caustic Balsam will produce more actual results than a whole bottle of any liniment or spavin cure mixture ever made. Price $1.50. Sold by druggists, or sent, charges paid by LAWRENCE, WILLIAMS & CO., Sole Importers and Proprietors, 21 Front Street, West Toronto, Ont. ☞None genuine without it has our signature on the label.

BUSINESS CARDS.

G. S. CAESAR,

DENTAL SURGEON,

34 Grosvenor Street. 246

R. G. TROTTER,

DENTAL SURGEON,

298 Jarvis street. 246

H. ELTON & CO.,

No. 96 QUEEN STREET WEST, TORONTO,

Designers and makers of the far-famed Indian clock on Yonge street. A fine assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry always on hand. Specialty made in repairing fine Chronometers, repeaters and fly-backs at moderate charges. N.B.—All work guaranteed. 246

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & SHEPLEY, 28 Toronto street, Toronto.

MOWAT BROTHERS, ESTATE AND Financial Agents, 4 King street East; Properties sold on commission; Estates managed; money to loan, etc.

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 75 King street east. Money to loan. D. B. Read, Q.C., Walter Read, H. V. Knight. 246

REAL ESTATE.

ELLIOTT & PRITTIE,

HOUSE AND LAND AGENTS, TRUSTEES AND VALUATORS,

4 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

DAIRY.

OAKVILLE DAIRY,

481½ YONGE STREET,

Guaranteed Pure Farmers' Milk.

Supplied Retail and Wholesale at Lowest Market Rates.

FRED. SOLE, PROPRIETOR. 246

PERSONAL

PERMIT ME THROUGH THE COLUMS of your paper to sincerely thank Mr. Smith, proprietor of the Arcade billiard room, for his gentlemanly promptness in replacing the coat that was stolen from me some two weeks ago while engaged playing in the above hall. STUDENT.

HAVE YOU A FRIEND WHO WANTS to get into a good-paying business, or would you prefer to go in and win yourself? Agents, farmers, mechanics, clerks, school teachers, etc., will find this an easy way to make money. Everybody satisfied; no humbug; no peddling; write for particulars, enclosing 3-cent stamp; don't delay; the advertisement will only appear for one week. Address James Laut, importer of choice teas and coffees, 281 Yonge street, Toronto, Ont. 246

SPECIAL ARTICLES.

CHEAPEST PLACE FOR CROCKERY, Glassware, China goods is at TOLTON'S, 1030 Queen st. west.

THE FREEMASON—THE ONLY INDEPENDENT masonic monthly in Canada: 50 cents a year; agents wanted; send for specimen copies. COWAN & CO., Toronto.

THE FREEMASON—THE ONLY INDEPENDENT masonic monthly in Canada: 50 cents a year; agents wanted; send for specimen copies. COWAN & CO., Toronto.

USE MATCHLESS MITAL POLISH FOR cleaning gold, silver, brass, copper, nickel plate, &c. Warranted free from acid or gritty substances. Ask your dealer for it. Wholesale, 31 Adelaide east.

EDUCATIONAL.

TO YOUNG MEN WHO HAD NOT THE chance or neglected to receive a popular education: reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, grammar and a general posting up taught every night at 10 cents a lesson. Apply at 8 Bond street, Toronto. 36

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND CITY Property. Lowest terms. T. R. BROWNING, Barrister, 30 Adelaide street east.

PRIVATE MONEY AT 6 PER CENT, TO lend on best city property in large sums. W. JAMES COOPER, 25 Imperial Bank Buildings.

CLOTHING.

MAX JACOBS, 230 QUEEN STREET west. The highest prices paid for cast-off clothing. Those having such to dispose of will do well by dropping a note.

HORSES WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE 75 GOOD, Sound, First-class Cart Horses. Highest prices paid for such as suit; will pay as high as $250. Apply at office, corner Bathurst and Front streets. P. BURNS.

ARTICLES WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE OLD SILVERWARE. Address E. S., World office.

COLLECTION AGENCY

MORRIS LARY & CO., GENERAL COLLECTION agents, 29 King street west, second floor, Toronto. Best of references furnished on application. No charge for service unless collections are made.

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS on mortgage Brick dwelling: leasehold; good margin. Box 213 Postoffice.

FOR SALE

PIANO—GOOD SECOND-HAND FOR sale, 7½ octaves, New York make. Apply at T. FISHER'S, 359 Yonge.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

GEORGE THOMAS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses. Office 81 King street east.

GEO. EAKIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses; office Court house, Adelaide street; home 138 Carlton street.

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses and marriage certificates. Office—Ground floor, York Chambers, No. 5 Toronto street, near King street.

AINGE & GOOCH,

REAL ESTATE,

INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL BROKERS,

Public Accountants, Auditors and Assignees in Trust,

72 KING STREET EAST.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Repairs, pairs, Collingwood," will be received until Friday, the 21st day of November, instant, inclusively, for repairing the Breakwater at the entrance to Collingwood Harbor, Simcoe County, Ontario, according to a specification to be seen on application to Adam Dudgeon, Esq., Collingwood, from whom forms of tender can be obtained.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, the blanks properly filled in, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an *accepted* bank cheque, for the sum of *Two Hundred Dollars*, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.

F. H. ENNIS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 1st November, 1884.

MR. CALLENDER,

DENTIST,

Having just returned home with improved health, will enter with renewed vigor upon the duties of his profession.

The preservation of the natural teeth a specialty. 246

46 GERRARD STREET EAST.

Dr. Ryerson, L.R.C.P. & S.E.

Surgeon for the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose to the Toronto General Hospital,

317 CHURCH STREET.

Hours: 10—1; 4—6; Saturdays excepted. 246

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

AVENUE HOUSE.

HANDSOMELY REFITTED.

The best appointed bar in northern part of city. Choicest liquors and cigars. Billiard and pool rooms. 246

WM. J. HOWELL, 448 Yonge street.

BEST IN THE CITY.

ARCADE BILLIARD AND POOL HALL.

Yonge street, opposite Temperance street. Fourteen tables. Latest improvements. The Hall is an exhibition of itself, worth traveling miles to see. Second flat of the Arcade. Open from 8 a.m. until midnight. TURNBULL SMITH, Proprietor. 246

GRAY'S CHICAGO RESTAURANT,

146½ King Street West.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

A first-class Meal for 25c. Meals at all hours. Good accommodation for travelers. 246

MERCHANTS' RESTAURANT,

10 JORDAN STREET,

is now opened to the public under the management of R. Norman (late of the Bodega, Jewell & Clow's, and Elliott House, Church st.) The caterer will be glad to see all his old friends. 246

O'CONNOR HOUSE,

94 FRONT STREET EAST,

OPPOSITE THE CITY WEIGH SCALES,

R. H. REID, PROPRIETOR,

(late of City Hotel.)

Choicest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Direct Importer of Dunville Whiskey. 246

O'NEIL'S RESTAURANT.

239 KING STREET EAST,

Meals or lunch at all hours. Bill of fare on hand at all times. Roast beef, pork, mutton, veal, ham, fish, game, steak and oysters in all styles. Dinner from 12 to 2, with a good variety. 246

O'CONNOR HOUSE,

197 and 199 King street east.

Importer of Dunville's Irish whisky and Basse's ale. Family liquors a specialty. Finest wines, choicest cigars.

JAMES NEALON, Manager. 246

POPULAR ENGLISH PIE HOUSE.

Luncheon and Dining Rooms. First class meals any hour. Refreshments served up in good style. OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

6 DINNERS FOR $1 at

THE POPULAR Restaurant, 195 King st. E.

H. BROOKS, Proprietor. 26

ROSSIN HOUSE.—SPECIAL RATES are given to those requiring board for the winter at the Rossin House; engagement book now open. MARK H. IRISH, Proprietor.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT,

69 KING STREET EAST.

25c. DINNER

FROM 12 NOON TO 2 P.M.

Open all night; Sundays included. Breakfast and Tea on the European plan. Only Restaurant in the city illuminated by Electric Light.

SPECIAL RATES BY THE WEEK.

EAGLE & SUTTON, CATERERS. 246

COOPER & DONNELLY, PROPRIETORS.

WELLINGTON HOTEL, COR. YORK and Wellington streets; thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout. The best one dollar per day hotel in the city. J. J. JAMESON, Proprietor

A NEW DISCOVERY. COMPOUND Oxygen. The Great Vitalizing Agent. Cures Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Chronic, Sore Throat, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Nervous Exhaustion, etc., etc. Home and office treatment. Trial free. All Chronic Diseases find speedy relief and permanent cure. L. A. STACKHOUSE, 2-4-6 73 King St. West.

FURNITURE SALE

During the month of August I will offer over $10,000 worth of

New and Elegant Furniture at Cost Prices.

The stock consists of Parlor, Bedroom, Dining and Library and Drawing-Room Suites in endless patterns and styles, and every article is manufactured on the premises and warranted.

JAMES H. SAMO,

189 YONGE STREET. 1-3-5

Edward Gegg & Co.,

66 ADELAIDE ST. EAST.

Rents and debts collected. Money advanced on goods. Money to loan, Notes discounted. 135

CIGARS!

5c. CABLE, 5c.

10c. El Padre, 10c.

(BOUQUET,)

AND

15c. MODERN. 15c.

The Most Reliable Brands in the Market.

Manufactured Only by

S. DAVIS & SONS

MONTREAL.

Toronto Branch, 34 Church St.

J.H. ROGERS 105 KING & CHURCH

Our Show Room is now complete with an extensive stock of Sealskin Sacques, Dolmans and Ulsters

Fur Lined Circulars and Dolmans, handsomely trimmed.

Astrachan Sacques, an endless stock Fur Shoulder Capes in great variety.

Reliable Goods at Moderate Prices.

We employ none but first-class furriers, therefore guarantee a perfect fit of every garment.

JAMES H. ROGERS,

105 King street east.

Branch House, 296 Main street, Winnipeg.

UPRIGHT

Engine & Boiler

WANTED.

Ten-Horse Power. In Good Condition.

Address ENGINE, box 2632, city.

W. H. STONE,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

187 YONGE STREET.

COUPE and LIVERY STABLES

and 13 Queen st. east. Telephone. 246

Builders' and Contractors'

SUPPLIES.

Carpenters and Garden Tools, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

J. L. BIRD

313 QUEEN ST. WEST. 246

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To the Inhabitants of the West End and Parkdale.

Wall & Taylor, 22 Adelaide St. E

have opened a branch store at 1020 Queen st. west, near railway crossings, for the repairing of all kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry. All work entrusted to them is warranted to give satisfaction 36

ROBERT ELDER,

Carriage and Wagon Builder,

AND

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 36

Corner of Soho and Phœbe Streets, Toronto.

GO TO NOLAN'S

69 Queen street west,

FOR McCLARY'S

Famous Royal Hall

AND

OVEN STOVES.

ALSO

TELEPHONE OVEN

AND

MASCOTTE STOVES.

1-3-5

Old Stoves Taken in Exchange.

Cabinet Photographs Reduced.

$2.00 Per Dozen.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

THOMAS ADAMS,

145 YONGE STREET. 135

J. MOORE,

FINE

COMMERCIAL PRINTING,

39 COLBORNE STREET,

Orders by mail promptly executed. 135

J. B. ARMSTRONG,

PRACTICAL TAILOR,

Twenty years' experience in the most fashionable part of the world. Three years in Toronto.

36 J. B. ARMSTRONG, 775 Yonge Street.

N. B.—Prompt attention to all orders.

FIFTH YEAR.

PLAGUE-INVESTED P

TERRIBLE RAVAGES OF CH AT THE FRENCH CAPIT

Men and Women Stricken Dow Public Streets—Death of th Member of the Deputies' Cha

PARIS, Nov. 11.—Between noo o'clock last night 97 fresh cases o and 11 deaths were reported. T not include cases and deaths at pitals. At the asylum for old m were 5 deaths with hardly a pre Many persons were stricken on th n omnibuses and other public when about their ordinary vocati cholera hospitals are full to ove and others are being prepared. T many cases among the troo nearly all the barracks soldi been attacked. If the o ntinues the public schools will t The eastern and central portion city are most affected. The resid cupied principally by English an can people are in a most excellent condition. No cases have occurr quarters of Passy, Neuilly or Elysee and the West end. The water in these quarters is good an ant. There was a total of 83 de cholera yesterday, including thos hospitals. 119 cases were admitt hospitals yesterday. The num under treatment in the hospitals Between midnight and noon to-d were 40 fresh cases and 13 deaths the hospitals. The epidemic is s fined to the unhealthy quarters of

Up to noon to-day there were t deaths from cholera, including hospitals. Victor Guichard, seni ber of the chamber of deputies, denly to-day while conversing colleagues. The chamber adjourn

It is remarked, as a peculiari cholera in this city, that up to the time the disease has chiefly atta and feeble persons.

Two deaths from cholera occu Nantes and four at Orad to day.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—There were cases of cholera since midnight, six deaths. The victims of the are mostly ill-fed or dissipated, rarely of robust constitution. Tw are reported at Toulon to-day.

TOULON, Nov. 11.—The reappe cholera here has given rise to a p another exodus from the city seems p

THE BRUNSWICK SUCCESS

The Duke of Cumberland Ass Right to the Throne.

BERLIN, Nov. 11.—The North Gazette publishes a circular issue duke of Cumberland, which has dressed to all the German sovereign the Emperor William. The circ not been forwarded to the Empe liam. The circular has not be warded to the emperor because he to recognize the notification by the duke to the Brunswi istry, assuming the government duchy. The present circular that the duke's proclamation shall tersigned by the council of regent duke maintains that the validit succession is fairly established, hereditary right of succession has contested, that it is impossible for pire to refuse him the right of the government without encroachi the laws and justice which fo foundation of the empire. Wi the ultramontane leader, declares land's right to the crown is undout indefensible. Slight importance is to the manifesto and circular.

PASSED WITHOUT DIVIS

**The Franch