CARLING &

Brewers and Malts

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LA[RGE] OF THEIR

Very Fine Amber Ales, IP[A]

AND STOCK LAGER,

In casks and bottles. [illegible] Ask your grocers for our SPECIALTY BREWS!

HALF & HALF,

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Married.

At Ogden City, Utah, on the 23th of Feb., by the Rev. A. W. Atkinson, Miss Jennie, third daughter of Edwin Brannier, Esq., of London, Ont., to Mr. E. Ritchie, of Nismouth.

At Christ Church, on the 14th Feb., by the Rev. C. Ruttan, Robert T. Weston, of the Ayr-cutlery, Sheffield, England, formerly of this city, to Annie, the daughter of A. McPhail, of this city.

Died.

In this city, on the 8th inst., Nellie, third daughter of Michael and Margaret Cahill, aged 22 years and 8 months.

THE ENGLISH SAVINGS CO.

North-east Corner of Dundas and Talbot Sts.

LONDON, - ONTARIO.

6 & 6!

PER CENT. PER ANN'M

ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

Office hours, 9 to 3 o'clock. Saturday, 7 to 10 p.m.

GEO. A. VIDAL, Senator, President. | E. J. CAMPBELL, MANAGER.

MEETINGS.

LONDON TOTAL ABSTINENC[E] Society meeting in the Dundas St. Centr[al] Methodist Church on Tuesday evening, 14th [inst.] Speakers—Revs. Geo. J. and Hunter, of [illegible]. Albert, from a medical standpoint; [illegible] music. No collection. All welcome. By order of the Executive, in the Committee Room of the Church at 7.—J. S. Ross, Sec. C[ity]

NOTICE.—CARPENTERS AND Joiners are respectfully invited to attend a meeting on Wednesday evening, 15th inst., at 8 o'clock, in Forester's Hall, Albion Block, Richmond and Carling streets. C[ity]

NOTICE—ALL JOURNEYMEN Plasterers are requested to meet at Loyd's Livery Stable, Wellington street, on Monday evening, 13th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a union. By order.—J. Purtell, Sec. C[ity]

PALL MALL METHODIST Church—Missionary Meeting this (Monday) evening, addressed by Revs. Wallis and Daniels. C[ity]

UNITED PROTESTANT WORK DIMENSION Parish Society. The regular monthly meeting of this Society will be held in Mr. Hamilton Peel's Bank, on one of Richmond and Dundas streets, on 14th inst., at 8 p.m. All members are requested to attend.—F. Rishor, Sec. C[ity]

BUSINESS CHANCES

A DWELLING AND GROCERY for sale or rent on easy terms, on corner of Waterloo and Simcoe streets. For particulars apply to JAMES S. BRAIG, on the premises. C[ity]

A GOOD CHANCE FOR SOME-ONE to start a brick or tile yard. No other yard within twenty miles of it. Cost, per rods of St. Mary's, Clay good. Address—W. J. Evans, St. Mary's, Box 318, Ont. C74d-w[illegible]

BENTON HOUSE LIVERY STABLE to rent. Room for twelve horses. The party renting to purchase hotel 'bus and two if for the hotel horses. This is one of the best paying stables west of Toronto. Possession on 1st of March. Apply at once to JAMES A. Ross, Benton House, Ridgetown, Ont. C[ity]

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

BENTON HOUSE LIVERY STABLE to rent. Room for twelve horses. The party renting to purchase hotel 'bus and two if for the hotel horses. This is one of the best paying stables west of Toronto. Possession on 1st of March. Apply at once to JAMES A. Ross, Benton House, Ridgetown, Ont. C[ity]

TO LET, THAT VERY DESIR-ABLE protected, business stand on the west side of Richmond and north corner of Dundas street. For particulars apply at REID'S Hardware Store, Dundas st. C[ity]

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albion Building, Richmond street, at present occupied by the occupation of the American Express Co., and Messrs. Leigh & Co., as agencies. Possession at once. Apply to [illegible] C[ity]

THE ROOMS LATELY OCCU-pied by the Masonic Lodge to rent.—Apply to E. W. Butler, Huron & Erie Buildings, Albion st. C[ity]

TO LET—THE THIRD AND fourth stories of the Superior Savings and Loan Society's building, corner of Dundas st. and Market Lane. Apply to E. R. Wood, Manager, Superior Savings and Loan Society. C[ity]

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

HOTEL PROPERTY AND Furniture for sale in the thriving village of Aylmer, Ont., doing a first-class paying business. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. For particulars apply to or address T. J. KENNEDY, Aylmer, Ont. C[illegible]

HOUDAN EGGS FOR SALE.—G. Lewis, 139 Queen's avenue, London East. [illegible]

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

PAPER AND CARD CUTTER FOR SALE.—Peerless Guillotine, in first-class order. Cuts 30 inches with side and back gauges. Free Press Printing Co.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE.—A twelve-horse upright steam boiler; fit to sell at a short time by the Free Press Printing Co. Extra strong. Makes steam fast. Apply as above. [illegible]

DENTISTRY

F. N. HARVEY, L. D. S., DEN-TIST, will still continue the practice of Duke & Harvey, over Dr. Mitchell's drug store on the old office in Dundas st.

H. M'LAREN, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST. Office removed over Bradford's Confectionery opposite Crystal Hall. 168 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. Teeth extracted without pain.

L. M'DONALD AND DAVIS, Dentists.—Office: Dundas street, four doors east of Richmond street over Davis' grocery store.

S. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST. Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Richmond streets, over Reid's hardware store.

MEDICAL.

D. R. H. HANSON, RESIDENCE AND OFFICE: 36 MILL STREET, LONDON, ONTARIO. May be consulted at the Western Hotel Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. ly

D. R. J. M. SMITH, Office and Residence, HARVEY TERRACE, 68 Talbot st., London. 104y

D. R. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear and Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of every month, from eight o'clock. L104dly

JEWELERS, &c.

J. W. FITT.—A GREAT VAR-iety of new articles suitable for Xmas and New Year Gifts. Can cannot buy to your advantage anywhere. Jobbing work a specialty. All work is well known, and the old people in the city come to me for repairs. L[illegible]

NOTE A FEW OF OUR PRICES. Watches of all ordinary kinds cleaned and warranted one year, 50 cents. Watch mainsprings, 50 and 75 cents. Watch glasses, 10 cents each. Watch hands, 10 cents each. Watch keys, 5 cents each. Brooch pins, 5 cents each. Watches cleaned, 50 cents each. Spectacles, 25 cents per pair. All other repairs as cheap to give perfect satisfaction. Remember that we have removed to No. 171 Dundas street, Temple Block, opposite Revere House. W. D. McCLELLAND, Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician, over five years' experience.

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GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN, Barristers, etc. London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond sts. C. Gibbons, Q.C. P. McNaben. John M'Nab. Fred. F. Harper

EUGENT & GALT, BARRIS-ters, etc. Office—39 Adelaide street, in the new brick buildings, next to post office. Alfred A. Eugent, Q.C. Thos. P. Galt.

SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

Just arrived from the best known seed growing districts of the world—England, France and Germany—a large assortment of every kind of seeds, suitable for the kitchen garden, the farm and the flower garden in the season. Send for price list. Address—ROE, WELD & CO., Seed Merchants, 4 Richmond street, a few doors south of King, London, Ont.

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8110

PRESENTS!

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Wire Brushes,
Perfumes,
Vases,
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Joseph Rodgers & Sons', Lockwood Brothers', John Moulson's.

MY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE.

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157 DUNDAS ST.

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Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

AN ACTIVE YOUNG MAN wanted as Traveller.—Apply personally to G. Marshall & Co., 83 Dundas street, London. C[ity]

CARRIAGE WOOD-WORKER—Steady job—Must be first-class mechanic. Apply at once.—George Wilson, St. Thomas. C[ity]

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED FOR a small family. Middle-aged person preferred. Apply by letter to G. W., Free Press Office. C[ity]

WANTED.—STOUT BOY TO learn press work at Free Press Office. C[illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

GOOD SITUATION WANTED by the first of April, as book-keeper. Address—W. Hartley, P. L. M., 452 Prospect avenue, Buffalo, N. Y. C[ity]

BOOK-KEEPER.—WANTED, A situation as book-keeper. Has considerable and double entry. Address, Box 1, Free Press Office. C[illegible]

SERVANTS WANTED.

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COOK WANTED.—GOOD COOK, well recommended. Apply at once at St. Lawrence Hall. Only those in search of comfort need apply. C[ity]

WANTED—50 GENERAL SER-vants, to fill first-class situations,—by a cook to Bermudas, 2 cooks for St. Catharines, 2 cooks for Hamilton, 2 cooks for Clifton, 2 cooks for Richmond Hill, 2 cooks for Aylmer, 2 cooks for Ingersoll, 2 cooks for Woodstock, 2 cooks for Brantford, 2 cooks for Paris, 2 cooks for Galt, 2 cooks for Guelph, 2 cooks for Berlin, 2 cooks for Stratford, 2 cooks for Sarnia, 2 cooks for Chatham, 2 cooks for Windsor, 2 cooks for Sandwich, 2 cooks for Amherstburg, 2 cooks for Kingston, 2 cooks for Belleville, 2 cooks for Peterboro', 2 cooks for Cobourg, 2 cooks for Port Hope, 2 cooks for Whitby, 2 cooks for Oshawa, 2 cooks for Toronto, 2 cooks for Hamilton, 2 cooks for Niagara, 2 cooks for Clifton, 2 cooks for Port Dalhousie, 2 cooks for St. Catharines, 2 cooks for Welland, 2 cooks for Port Colborne, 2 cooks for Fort Erie, 2 cooks for Chippawa, 2 cooks for Niagara Falls

OR FIRST-CLASS

GROCERIES,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

At the Very Lowest Prices.

GO TO WILSON AND MUNRO'S,

SUCCESSORS TO

Frank Smith & Co.

186 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday, March 13, 1882.

MR. MEREDITH ON THE BOUNDARY QUESTION.

We publish this morning a full report of the speech of Mr. W. R. Meredith on the resolutions moved by Mr. Mowat on the Boundary Question. It will well repay perusal, not only for the matter it contains, but as an evidence of the excellent temper and spirit in which the difficulty has been approached by the leader of the Ontario Opposition. While Mr. Mowat has treated the subject with a heat and an asperity which is quite unworthy, Mr. Meredith has shown that he can distinguish between fair and judicial treatment, and those appeals to unreasoning passion which have formed the basis of Mr. Mowat's utterances. There is no mistaking the position which Mr. Meredith and the Ontario Opposition have assumed. It is one that does them infinite credit. Instead of seeking a clap-trap kind of popularity, they have taken a stand on the adoption of sound and satisfactory procedure, as opposed to that hasty kind of action which Mr. Mowat has been the ill-advised champion of. Nooneon the Conservative side of the House wishes to abate one jot of the claims of Ontario in respect of territory or of right. But they do wish that the claims to the possession of territory set up should rest upon undeniable and a satisfactory basis. They uphold the idea that a question of that kind, which is one of scientific investigation and calls for legal and critical decision, should be treated in a spirit of enquiry, and not in one of partisanship. There are other interests than those of Ontario involved in this matter. The other Provinces have a right to know that the claims that have been advanced on the part of Ontario are just claims. It is true that a so-called arbitration decided in a certain way by Lord Mowat and Lord Cairns is not a final one, and so long as there is matter in dispute, either on the part of Manitoba or any of the other Provinces, it is only reasonable that the issue should be held in abeyance awaiting the highest adjudication. That case done the matter would be set at rest forever, while by pursuing Mr. Mowat's plan the difference might become one of unceasing dispute and unfortunate irritation in the future. It is not the position of the Conservatives to abate any of the rights of Ontario. On the contrary, that those rights should be determined upon the surest foundations. Mr. Mowat says, in effect, "there we have the judgment of an inferior Court in our favor. Let us take and hold possession of all hereafter, and if need be, take our shotguns with us to uphold the judgment we have got." Such a course might suit the case of some sharper who wished to take advantage of a favorable circumstance, but it is not worthy of anyone pretending to represent the interests and the character of a people like those of Ontario. So far as we know those people, we would say that they do not wish to take advantage of anyone. Certainly not of any of the members of the same Confederation. Patriotism to Ontario is a very excellent sentiment, but when it degenerates into a sweeping others, it ceases to be worthy. It is evident that the far-off wilds of Algoma will suffer no detriment, the Province will lose by a due to the settlement of the matters at issue in a final manner. And Mr. Mowat, of all men, should know that no matter in dispute can be said to be settled until it is settled finally. Yet in the face of the fact that there has been no final settlement, he assumes by administer affairs, and to act as if he had the right. His explanation that such an attitude is entirely wrong. But the object is evident enough. It is to work up a feeling against the Dominion Parliament and Government, and, if possible, to turn that feeling to party advantage. We do not believe that Mr. Mowat will find himself successful in this endeavor. On the contrary, he will find that the people have penetrated his designs, and will reprove him for a course of conduct which might jeopardize the good feeling which happily exists between all the members of the Canadian Confederation.

THE BATTLES OF THE FUTURE.

The invention of the modern rifle has so far changed the whole theory of warfare that it is held that the next great war in Europe must be fought on strategic and tactical systems very different from those in vogue in previous international conflicts. In fact, it has worked almost as decided a change as that which took place after the invention of gunpowder. Fighting is now carried on with weapons that kill at a thousand paces, and which can be fired with a rapidity and destructiveness which the soldiers of twenty years ago would have deemed impossible. It is thought that hereafter the bayonet will be deemed an unnecessary encumbrance, and the column charging upon an enemy's works a thing of the past. The battle of Plevna may thus take its place in history as the last battle in which a charge was made against an intrenched enemy. The slaughter of that day settled the question that troops must fight at a distance from each other, and that new tactics must be devised, as well as very different strategy, for the conduct of armies in the field. Instead of the massed column which can be cut to pieces by an unseen enemy, the fighting must be done in open order and from behind natural or artificial defences. The spade must accompany the rifle, and the trained marksman will have an advantage over the soldier who has been disciplined in the evolutions of the company or the regiment. Then, the vast size of modern armies and the rapidity with which they can be moved and massed will work important changes in the conduct of future campaigns. Recent wars have been short, sharp and decisive, because of the rapidity with which troops can be concentrated and the overwhelming character of a disaster when one takes place. The battles of the future will be fought by armies numbering hundreds of thousands and covering wide areas of territory. They must be commanded, not by generals at the front, but by strategists like Von Moltke, in their military headquarters at Berlin, St. Petersburg or Paris. The myriads of armed men who will be brought into the field by Russia, Germany and France will cover so much territory that no general can personally supervise them; it must be done by telegraph at some convenient point in the rear. Hence the great importance of the staff of a modern army, the members of which must be reporters and telegraphers, and not mere aide-de-camps and orderlies. But while campaigns may be short and decisive, battles may last for weeks, for they will be a series of contests between men in intrenched positions, necessitated by the use of the breech-loading rifle in the hands of marksmen who can hit or wound an enemy if he be nothing but a mere speck upon the horizon. Cavalry may become obsolete in a modern military organization, French military critics say that war must be divested henceforward of all its picturesqueness. The brilliant uniform is condemned, as it is wasteful of life by presenting a mark to the riflemen of the enemy. The clothing of the soldier should assimilate in color to the tints of the country in which he fights. The ear-piercing fife and spirit-stirring drum should be abolished, as well as the military band, for they are no longer needed to inspire troops with the necessary ardor to resist a shock or to attack an enemy in the open field. Enthusiasm is not required during a trench or in taking also at distant targets. It has been suggested that, perhaps, steel helmets and armor for exposed portions of the body might again come into use to protect the soldier from the deadly fire of the enemy. On all hands that, in the coming conflict, which, ever side shows the greatest inventiveness and can best adapt itself to the new conditions, will triumph, and that speedily, over the less alert and intelligent enemy.

AN ABSURD FIGURE.

The Lieut. Governor did not chngratulate the Legislature in his closing speech upon the absurdity of the action of the Government in proposing to spend a round million, with further expenditure to follow, upon putting up new parliamentary buildings at Toronto. Yet it was far more matter for congratulation that the hostile attitude taken by Mr. Mowat towards the Dominion Government, which reminds one very much of the absurd attitude of a turkey gobbler attacking a red shawl. But Mr. Mowat is determined to fight the Ottawa administration, no matter how absurd a figure he may cut. Mr. Mowat should know that the people desire harmonious action, not irritating conflict.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Kingston *News*:—Mr. Crooks is afflicted with an overplus of "principle." He told those present at the Reformation that he could hold out no hope of the introduction of the ballot into school elections, as he was "opposed to secret voting on principle" and yet he is a member of a school which has introduced the ballot into municipal elections.

Potato flour, or the dried pulp of the potato, is attaining considerable importance in the arts—so much so, in fact, that in Lewisohn, England, some 20,000 tons of it are sold annually, and its market value is stated to be much greater than that of wheat flour. The article is extensively used for sizing and other manufacturing purposes, and, on being prepared with acid, is converted into starch. After having been calcined it is used with advantage as a dressing for silk.

The pessimistic author of "The Battle of Dorking" has an imitator in the writer of a pamphlet entitled "How John Bull Lost London; or, The Capture of the Channel Tunnel." The work is designed to inflame the minds of the British public against the proposed underwater connection between Dover and Calais. The writer is probably in the employ of the steamers that ply between the points named, that would be forced out of business were the railroad to pass under dry shod.

Systematic experiments upon pigs are being made at Paris by a group of scientific men with the view of ascertaining the precise action of alcohol upon the processes of digestion, respiration, and secretion. In a very interesting paper upon these experiments, M. Dujardin Beaumetz states, with a touch of unconscious humor, that the pig has been chosen to be experimented upon because, "in the first place, its digestive apparatus closely resembles in all essential respects that of man; and in the next place, because the pig is the only animal that will unprotestingly consent to be "dosed" with alcohol.

The Toronto *Mail* says:—The London FREE PRESS properly points out the exceedingly weak condition of the Opposition in the material out of which Cabinets are formed. Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Blake are probably impossible allies for a Cabinet. Sir Richard would be indispensable, but would kill any Government. There remains Mr. Mowat, who is travelling in advance, and Messrs Charlton, Rose, and Patterson, &c. But their time as Ministers is very, very distant. Virtue's awful rager has been nominated, but no one has seconded the nomination so far. If we forget Mr. James Young, it is because we look at him as a poet, not as a politician.

The Washington correspondent of the Hartford *Times* gives a startling piece of information to the effect that the men at Washington will not dance, and that the terpsichorean art is going completely out of fashion. At a recent fashionable dancing party it was found that there were eight ladies present to the one man and that—horrible to relate—most of the ladies were of the ancient type which flourished during the war or before it. The young gentlemen of the present day do not, as a rule, learn to dance, and the young ladies are becoming negligent, and even if they know how, pride themselves in affecting ignorance of what the penny-a-liners call the light-fantastic. This all comes from the close social connection existing between Washington and Paris, and consequently between France and the United States. All Americans of the slightest pretensions to gentility go to Paris and there imbibe their notions of what is the proper thing to do in high society. Dancing is falling into disuse in France, and it, therefore, follows it cannot be indulged in America. We learn also that the female seminaries and colleges frown upon dancing as an accomplishment, and the lady directors teach the heretical lesson that dancing, after all, should not be the chief ambition of woman. All this comes of utilitarianism, and woman's rights.

One of the growing industries of the American metropolis, according to current report, is the manufacture of ostrich feathers. A local authority writes that it was not more than two years ago that France sent America most of the shaded dyed feathers. Now the metropolis perfects, curls, and dyes these feathers in a handsomer manner than it can be done elsewhere, and, as a result, the imports from France are chiefly confined to the individual orders of a few fashionable importing milliners. There has been a steady increase in the importation of the feathers in the unfinished state for several years. Last year the imports were $5,493,024, against $4,354,547 in 1880. In 1878 the trade consumed $2,476,464 worth of the feathers, and in 1879, $2,796,451. Ostrich feathers come to America from various sources, some being secured from London and Paris auction sales and others directly from Egypt and the Cape of Good Hope. Those from the latter are beautiful specimens of the "pure white," "blood white," and "tame" varieties of plume, and sell at from $30 to $300 per pound. The rich black feathers come from the Algerian market, and have a selling value to the trade of $350 to $600 per pound, consisting of from 70 to 100 feathers. The commonest variety is the vulture, and is utilized as a lining for the handsomer styles. The industry is spoken of as a very promising one by American importers, and some look forward to the day when the business will be a prominent branch of trade.

The gold coinage of England is an expensive method of money. Out of 100 sovereigns taken as they came over a bank counter one day a couple of weeks ago, only 21 per cent. of the former and 10 per cent of the latter were full weight. No coin of an earlier date than 1870 was included in these percentages, except a half-sovereign of the date of 1829, which had evidently come out of hoard. Of the coins dating from 1821 to 1830 six sovereigns were light; of those of the decade of 1841 to 1850 seven sovereigns and sixteen half-sovereigns were light; of those from 1851 to 1860 seventeen sovereigns and twenty-two half-sovereigns were light; and of the next decade twenty-nine sovereigns and twenty-six half-sovereigns were light. Forty sovereigns of dates between 1871 and 1881 were taken, and nineteen of them were light, while of thirty-four half sovereigns of the same period only ten were of full weight. The coins may be slightly modified by larger averages, but probably not very much. In any case there can be no question that the state of the gold coinage requires overhauling.

The Chatham *Planet* observes:—One of the most notable features of the Opposition in the House is the ominous silence of their ex-leader, the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie. He takes but little part in the debates, except to point out or explain something in connection with his own administration. He seems to be in a very despondent mood, and has apparently given up all hopes of success for his party. Mr. Mackenzie no doubt feels keenly the humiliation of being deposed from the leadership, but we believe we do the hon. gentleman justice when we say that his despondency is rather because of the failure of the Blake-ward movement. Mr. Mackenzie has been particularly unfortunate in his public acts, and to-day he feels his weakness. His former friends see this, of course, and that before he can again hope for the confidence of the country there must be a complete revolution in public opinion.

The question as to whether iron shutters on large warehouses are a protection in case of fire is one which has engaged the attention recently of persons interested in the subject, and the general opinion seems to be that they are an element of danger rather than of protection. Chief Engineer Green, of the Boston Fire Department, has always believed that it would be wise to have some of the shutters open at night, because a fire originating in a building reserved, so that it would be impossible, as starvation, if not flood, must soon set in. Last night a boat was sent out, but had nothing to eat. The water is gradually rising, and but for this timely delivery of the Greek Deputies, was elected President of the Chamber, 127 to 76.

In consequence of the repeal of the Indian cotton duties, the Blackburn weavers have resolved to press for an increase in wages.

The appointment of Count Von Wallersleben to succeed Count Valissky as Austro-Hungarian Ambassador at St. Petersburg has been announced.

It is stated that United States Minister Lowell will shortly visit Manchester to inspect their factories with a view to ascertaining if any facts regarding cotton adulteration can be discovered.

The insurgent leaders in Herzegovina have issued a proclamation, threatening with death any followers guilty of killing or plundering prisoners or wounded men.

The Earl of Crawford and Balcarres engaged four spiritualists, who are now at Dunsmuir House, Sandal, endeavoring by clairvoyance to detect the violators of the Irish land law.

The London *Economist* says there can be no doubt that Skobeleff's utterances materially affected the panic occasioned in the European markets, especially at Berlin. There has been a sharp relapse in American railroad securities, owing to violent fluctuations in New York.

President Nunez, in a message to the Columbian Congress, says he trusts that the American Government will not interfere in the Panama affair, as the treaty of 1846, and his idea of the American protectorate over the Panama Canal.

The Prussian Diet, Sunday, February 26, adopted compulsory primary education, rejected—107 to 123—an amendment by Jules Simon, requiring religious instruction to teach pupils duty toward God and the country. This amendment was rejected by the Senate before last senatorial elections, but rejected by the Deputies.

The Austrians Saturday occupied Crikvica and Dragoil, the headquarters of the insurgents in Crivoscie. The fort at Dragoil was mined and exploded by the insurgents. According to reports from Slavonic sources, the Austrians fired upon women and children. The fight from Dragoil, the insurgents were allowed to pass the Montenegrin cordon.

The *Novoe Vremya* of St. Petersburg reproaches the *North German Gazette* for its recent article, in which it declared it had become necessary for Germany to give serious attention to the question of reprisals by heavy duties on Russian exports. The *Gazette's* article was based upon rumors that the St. Petersburg authorities intend imposing duties upon articles hitherto admitted free.

The editor of *El Porvenir*, of Guatemala, has been arrested for printing an article offensive to the United States Minister at Central America, Dr. Logan. The article was not important, but Logan complained to President Barrios of the disrespectful term, and the President arrested the editor and suspended the publication of the paper without investigation. American residents are displeased with Logan's action in the matter.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL POLICY.

Mr. Horr, of Michigan, on the Benefits of Protection to the Farmer.

Wealth, Labor and Happiness the Result of a Protective Tariff.

Washington, March 11.—The House passed the Agricultural Appropriation Bill yesterday. One hour was devoted to general debate, and Mr. Horr, of Michigan, made a brief speech, which attracted more than usual attention. On Tuesday last, when the Agricultural Bill was under discussion, Mr. Aiken, of South Carolina, and Mr. Turner, of Kentucky, delivered free trade speeches, which had evidently been prepared for use when the Tariff Commission bill should be taken up. Mr. Horr declared that a protective tariff was the best agricultural classes more than any other part of the community. If there was any excess of prices caused by the imposition of duties the money went into the pockets of the laborers, and from there into the hands of the farmers who fed them. He challenged the members of the House to produce a single instance where a duty had been levied on any article manufactured in this country that the price of the article by competition was not reduced. Salt is one of the principal articles of manufacture in the State's district, and he gave the history of the comparative history of the price of that article from 1807 down to the present time, under free trade and under protective rates of duty. He proved that whenever the duty on salt had been removed, the price increased, and when a duty was imposed, competition forced the price down. Salt, he declared, paid less profit to the manufacturer for the amount of labor required to produce it than any other article of commerce. His district in the last year produced 2,750,000 barrels of salt which sold at seventy-five cents a barrel. In 1861, when the Morrill tariff went into effect, salt sold at $2 50 a barrel. There was hardly anything, Mr. Horr said, on the farm not protected by the tariff. He could buy in Canada horses, grain, salt, hemp, flax, sugar, etc., much cheaper than in this country, but the farmer derived the additional price which any one of them articles would fetch in our market, or for export, from the protective tariff. Mr. Horr created much amusement by reading extracts from Mr. Turner's speech in connection with extracts from a speech delivered by Congressman Marshall, of Illinois, in 1870, showing that Mr. Turner had stolen the idea of the compari- son made by him from the ex-Illinois Congressman. The speeches of both Turner and Marshall were paraphrases from the letter of Hon. Edward Atkinson, of Boston, to the British Parliament over half a century ago. They referred to the taxes or duties on shirts, hats, shoes, blankets, Bibles, corsets, and almost every other article used by the farmer. This ancient nonsense, Mr. Horr declared, had been refuted time and time again. A protective tariff, he maintained, built up every conceivable industry that brought wealth, labor and happiness to our people.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Saturday Night's Cable Budget.

RUSSIA.

DESPERATE EXPRESSIONS CONTRITION.

London, March 11.—A St. Petersburg dispatch says:—Skobeloff, in reply to the czar's rebuke, expressed contrition, and declared he had no intention of posing as a political agitator.

CALCULATED TO REVIVE SUSPICION.

New York, March 11.—A Paris cable special says:—An arrival is expected here shortly which is likely to revive the suspicions and bitterness of the German press. A St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that an Adjutant to Gen. Ignatieff left St. Petersburg for Paris on Thursday on an important mission for the French Government. Just as he was about to start Ignatieff brought him his last instructions from Gatschina.

THE CONDEMNED NIHILISTS.

St. Petersburg, March 11.—A majority of the Nihilists recently tried and condemned to death intend to present petitions to the Czar for mercy through counsel. By the decision of the procurator, Mouravieff, counsel will not be allowed to consult with their clients alone but will be permitted to consult them only in the presence of gendarmes. One of the counsel having complained of the procurator Mouravieff's decision, Senator Sholostoski, having jurisdiction over the affairs of criminals, replied he is unable to interfere. The mother of Sophia Perovski sent a petition for the pardon of her son to Sholostoski, but he declined to receive it. The condemned prisoners requested their counsel to render the last service in their power by being present at their execution.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE LAMSON POISONING CASE.

London, March 11.—In the trial of Dr. Lamson to-day, Dr. Stevenson, a lecturer on forensic medicine at Guy's Hospital, one of the principal experts called for the prosecution, though deposing to the presence of aconitine in the medicines in the deceased's possession, and in his viscera after death, admitted, on cross-examination, that the symptoms of aconitine poisoning are practically unknown, except possibly in a single case. The defence, by pressing this line, have to show that John may have died from the effects of pressure on the arteries caused by curvature of the spine. The general opinion, however, is that Dr. Lamson's case is hopeless.

FRANCE.

Paris, March 11.—A vague feeling of uneasiness is still noticeable in the utterances of the French press, events across the Rhine being watched with close attention here. The utmost care is being taken to avoid giving Germany the slightest pretext for taxing France with an intention of concluding an alliance with Russia and tempting fortune in another war with the hope of recovering Alsace-Lorraine.

Ignatieff's Adjutant is expected here soon on an important mission to the French Government. His coming may revive suspicions and bitterness of the German press.

General Foreign Notes.

De Bilguieres, French Controller-General in Egypt, will shortly be replaced.

Enoch Khan-pah, a Burman, has been living here for ten years and have never before suffered any inconvenience by the water. I did not think it would become very deep, or we could have waded out at first. I was foolish enough to think the break in the levee had caused the overflow, and that other breaks would occur shortly and distribute the water, but it kept on rising till we were forced to go upstairs. For two days we had not anything to eat. The water is gradually rising, and but for this timely delivery of the Greek Deputies, was elected President of the Chamber, 127 to 76.

In consequence of the repeal of the Indian cotton duties, the Blackburn weavers have resolved to press for an increase in wages.

The appointment of Count Von Wallersleben to succeed Count Valissky as Austro-Hungarian Ambassador at St. Petersburg has been announced.

It is stated that United States Minister Lowell will shortly visit Manchester to inspect their factories with a view to ascertaining if any facts regarding cotton adulteration can be discovered.

The insurgent leaders in Herzegovina have issued a proclamation, threatening with death any followers guilty of killing or plundering prisoners or wounded men.

The Earl of Crawford and Balcarres engaged four spiritualists, who are now at Dunsmuir House, Sandal, endeavoring by clairvoyance to detect the violators of the Irish land law.

The London *Economist* says there can be no doubt that Skobeleff's utterances materially affected the panic occasioned in the European markets, especially at Berlin. There has been a sharp relapse in American railroad securities, owing to violent fluctuations in New York.

President Nunez, in a message to the Columbian Congress, says he trusts that the American Government will not interfere in the Panama affair, as the treaty of 1846, and his idea of the American protectorate over the Panama Canal.

The Prussian Diet, Sunday, February 26, adopted compulsory primary education, rejected—107 to 123—an amendment by Jules Simon, requiring religious instruction to teach pupils duty toward God and the country. This amendment was rejected by the Senate before last senatorial elections, but rejected by the Deputies.

The Austrians Saturday occupied Crikvica and Dragoil, the headquarters of the insurgents in Crivoscie. The fort at Dragoil was mined and exploded by the insurgents. According to reports from Slavonic sources, the Austrians fired upon women and children. The fight from Dragoil, the insurgents were allowed to pass the Montenegrin cordon.

The *Novoe Vremya* of St. Petersburg reproaches the *North German Gazette* for its recent article, in which it declared it had become necessary for Germany to give serious attention to the question of reprisals by heavy duties on Russian exports. The *Gazette's* article was based upon rumors that the St. Petersburg authorities intend imposing duties upon articles hitherto admitted free.

The editor of *El Porvenir*, of Guatemala, has been arrested for printing an article offensive to the United States Minister at Central America, Dr. Logan. The article was not important, but Logan complained to President Barrios of the disrespectful term, and the President arrested the editor and suspended the publication of the paper without investigation. American residents are displeased with Logan's action in the matter.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL POLICY.

Mr. Horr, of Michigan, on the Benefits of Protection to the Farmer.

Wealth, Labor and Happiness the Result of a Protective Tariff.

Washington, March 11.—The House passed the Agricultural Appropriation Bill yesterday. One hour was devoted to general debate, and Mr. Horr, of Michigan, made a brief speech, which attracted more than usual attention. On Tuesday last, when the Agricultural Bill was under discussion, Mr. Aiken, of South Carolina, and Mr. Turner, of Kentucky, delivered free trade speeches, which had evidently been prepared for use when the Tariff Commission bill should be taken up. Mr. Horr declared that a protective tariff was the best agricultural classes more than any other part of the community. If there was any excess of prices caused by the imposition of duties the money went into the pockets of the laborers, and from there into the hands of the farmers who fed them. He challenged the members of the House to produce a single instance where a duty had been levied on any article manufactured in this country that the price of the article by competition was not reduced. Salt is one of the principal articles of manufacture in the State's district, and he gave the history of the comparative history of the price of that article from 1807 down to the present time, under free trade and under protective rates of duty. He proved that whenever the duty on salt had been removed, the price increased, and when a duty was imposed, competition forced the price down. Salt, he declared, paid less profit to the manufacturer for the amount of labor required to produce it than any other article of commerce. His district in the last year produced 2,750,000 barrels of salt which sold at seventy-five cents a barrel. In 1861, when the Morrill tariff went into effect, salt sold at $2 50 a barrel. There was hardly anything, Mr. Horr said, on the farm not protected by the tariff. He could buy in Canada horses, grain, salt, hemp, flax, sugar, etc., much cheaper than in this country, but the farmer derived the additional price which any one of them articles would fetch in our market, or for export, from the protective tariff. Mr. Horr created much amusement by reading extracts from Mr. Turner's speech in connection with extracts from a speech delivered by Congressman Marshall, of Illinois, in 1870, showing that Mr. Turner had stolen the idea of the comparison made by him from the ex-Illinois Congressman. The speeches of both Turner and Marshall were paraphrases from the letter of Hon. Edward Atkinson, of Boston, to the British Parliament over half a century ago. They referred to the taxes or duties on shirts, hats, shoes, blankets, Bibles, corsets, and almost every other article used by the farmer. This ancient nonsense, Mr. Horr declared, had been refuted time and time again. A protective tariff, he maintained, built up every conceivable industry that brought wealth, labor and happiness to our people.

THE SOUTHERN FLOODS.

Terrible State of Affairs in Tennessee and Arkansas.

Starvation Staring Southern Sufferers in the Face.

10,000 People Suffering in the State of Mississippi.

ACCOUNT OF THE SITUATION BY ONE WHO VISITED THE INUNDATED DISTRICTS.

Memphis, Tenn., March 11.—The river here fell one inch to-day, and now marks thirty-five feet and ten inches on the gauge, and two inches below the highest point reached this season. Twenty thousand rations for the Tennessee sufferers arrived this morning to be distributed Monday, and Captain J. M. Lee, the army officer appointed by the Secretary of War to ascertain the condition of affairs in Mississippi, returned to night at 10 o'clock from Arkansas City. In an interview with a reporter Capt. Lee said:—

"No idea of the true condition of the country overflowed can be imagined without being seen. From a point twenty miles below Memphis, where the first break in the levee occurred, the entire

COUNTRY IS ONE VAST SEA OF WATER.

The people all through the submerged region are utterly destitute and in a starving condition. Their stock has been drowned, they are living in gin houses, stable lofts and upper stories of cabins. Hundreds are subsisting on parched corn. Many have been temporarily relieved by the distribution of Government rations, but others could not be reached, and their suffering is very great. The levee along the river front has broken in forty different places between Memphis and Arkansas City and at some points the river is fifty miles wide. All published reports have fallen far short of giving an idea of the damage that has been done or the destruction prevailing."

His first estimate made to the Secretary of War that 360,000 rations would be required to feed the 18,000 needy in the State of Mississippi will, he says, fall short, as the destitute probably will be double the number first estimated. Capt. Lee will telegraph Secretary Lincoln and await further instructions here.

TERRIBLE STATE OF AFFAIRS IN ARKANSAS CITY.

Little Rock, March 11.—H. H. Rathmore, of Philadelphia, arrived to-night from the overflowed country. He said to a reporter:—

Friday I went around the neighborhood of Arkansas City on an inspecting tour. While rowing through the woods in a skiff we came upon a half submerged log house. Rowing alongside of an upper window we looked in. A man, his wife and two children occupied the place. The man, upon being questioned, said:—"We did not expect a break in the levee. The other morning we awoke and found water all around the house, and that

THE FLOOR WAS LIFTED UP BY THE PRESSURE.

We had no means of effecting an escape. As we live a long distance from the river, we have no boats, and did not think that the flood would become so serious. I have been living here for ten years and have never before suffered any inconvenience by the water. I did not think it would become very deep, or we could have waded out at first. I was foolish enough to think the break in the levee had caused the overflow, and that other breaks would occur shortly and distribute the water, but it kept on rising till we were forced to go upstairs. For two days we had not anything to eat. The water is gradually rising, and but for this timely delivery of provisions we must soon have been drowned."

We took this family to land about two miles distant and provided food. Going out in the skiff again we came upon a knoll where six or seven people had taken refuge. They had been driven from home, and unable to get out of the house, had remained on the little knoll, although it could be but temporary relief, as starvation, if not flood, must soon set in. Last night a boat was sent out, but had nothing to eat. The water is gradually rising, and but for this timely delivery of provisions we must soon have been drowned.

Yesterday morning a second attempt of a different kind resulted in equal failure. Jumbo, forlorn and despondent, was led out in the hope that he would take his way quietly to the steamer through the London streets. An early hour was chosen, so that the brute might not be alarmed by the traffic of the thoroughfare. All went finely until Jumbo was just outside of the "Z-O" gates. Turn he obstinately stopped, and finding himself on new soil and in an unfamiliar place, he fell on his knees with a plaintive look of appeal to his keeper, and refused to budge. With some difficulty he was led back once again to his old quarters, where to-day I saw him swaying back and forth with all his wonted cheerfulness and with unabated appetite for the excellent biscuit and stimulating peanut.

The next effort to circumvent Jumbo will be made a few day hence. The box trick will be tried on him again under easier conditions. The structure will be make stronger and set lower down on smaller wheels, so as to give less ascent and secure for the box on its way to the steamer a more stable equilibrium. When at the dock it will be hoisted bodily on board and partly sunk in a hatchway, so that Jumbo will make his ocean voyage in the double character of saloon and deck passenger. This is the present plan, which may yet have to be revised and improved. But Jumbo cannot for long set brute obstinacy against man's craft. As an irritated Briton at the gardens remarked to day, "The Americans will have him if they have to make a mummy of him." In a few days at most his child friends will miss him from the accustomed walk at the "Z-O," where his big saddle now hangs in mute loneliness on a limb waiting a successor. Probably before this reaches you Jumbo will be tossing on the ocean wave en route to make a Yankee holiday.

New Advertisements.

SALES BY AUCTION

TO-DAY

BY AUCTION.

WE ARE INSTRUCTED TO sell by auction,

On Monday, March 13th, 1882,

at 11 o'clock a.m., at the store in Albert Block, Dundas st., corner of Clarence st.

11 5-day Clocks; Silver-plated Show Case, Jet Jewelry, Gold-plated Jewelry, &c. Also—A large quantity of Tools and Watchmakers Stock, Safe, &c.

TERMS cash. The Jewelry and Clocks will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

W. Y. BRUNTON & SON, Auctioneers.

CIMI

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture, Carpets, &c.

MANVILLE & BROWN WILL sell in their rooms, 231 Dundas street, on

Tuesday, March 14th,

the largest collection of new and used household effects offered this season.

Particulars later. Sale at 10.30 a.m.

MANVILLE & BROWN, Auctioneers.

CIMI

AUCTION SALE

Of Neat and General Household Effects, on Wednesday, March 15th, at the residence of Mr. Thos. Caldwell, Gill, North Talbot st.

P. C. Barnard will sell by auction, on above date, the following desirable effects:—Brussels and tapestry carpets, hair-seated sofas, couch, grate, easy chairs, ladies' easy and rock ing chairs, bedsteads, dressing bureaus, wash-stands, tables, glasses, lace curtains, repp, lasting, hall oilcloth, oil cooking stove, spring bed, hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters, pillows, blankets, counterpanes, sheets, lamps, Singer sewing machine, kitchen utensils, &c. Ladder 27 feet long, picket fence with four gates, saddle. All in excellent order. Mr. Caldwell is selling here as he is about leaving for Winnipeg. Terms—Cash. Sale at 126 Dundas st., City. G. M. GIRVIN. Cld

P. C. BARNARD, Auctioneer.

CIDW

Merritt et. al., vs. A. M. Lamb

WILL BE SOLD AT A RATE OF on the dollar on Monday the 6th inst. at 12 o'clock noon, at the Registrar's office in the City of London, a general stock of dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, groceries, &c., &c., valued at over one thousand dollars, in the premises and goodwill of the business, prior to the sale at the store lately carried on by the defendant on the Village of Lambeth, of the inventory can also be seen at the Sheriff's office. WM. GLASS, Sheriff

Cld Co. Middlesex.

The above sale is postponed until Monday, 13th March, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Cld

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE received at the office of the undersigned, up to 5 p.m.

SATURDAY, 11th INSTANT,

for the several works required in the erection of a

DOUBLE BRICK DWELLING ON JOHN STREET

Plans and specifications of same can be seen at the office of the undersigned. TRACY & DURAND, Architects.

THE STARR KIDNEY PAD

A PERMANENT, SURE CURE for Backache, Kidney Disease, Affection of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Excretive System, or Attendant Complaints.

Pamphlets and testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.

Prices—Child's Pad, $1.50 (across bed-wetting); Adult's Pad, $2; Special Pad for Chronic Disease, $3. Sold by all druggists or mailed free on receipt of price.

F. B. MITCHELL,

115 Dundas street, London;

G. R. Kerwett & Co., Drayton; John Staddon, M. D., Palmerston; W. F. Hay, Wingham; E. W. Thornton, Newmarket; John Fennell, Longford; DeWitt H. Martin, M. D., Kingsville; A. J. A. Preston, Harriston; J. H. Michener, M. D., Listowel; Robert Mellon, Kinmont; Henry Lindsay, Chatsworth; John Farrell, Lucan; R. Tennant, Chatsworth; D. Everett, Forest and Sarnia; Turner Cornell, M. D., Thedford; S. Frieday, St. Mary's; Thomas Compert, Walford; R. Murphy, Petrolea; Thos. Hay, Alma Craig; M. Springer, Strathroy; F. F. Stephenson, Parkhill; R. Mitchell, London, Wholesale Agent; C. A. Nesmith & Co., Stratford; W. A. Bennett, Stratford; J. A. Gallick, Brussels. Ridout-ov

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

WILL BE READY MARCH 2nd, 1882,

NEW OFFICIAL

MAP

OF

MANITOBA!

same as just issued by the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. Showing Railways, Post Offices, Lands sold, Cities, Towns Half-breed Reserves, and other information. Size 40 by 50 inches, folded for ease of reference, and engraved on steel from the latest Government survey.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Post free. As the demand will be large, send in your orders per first mail.

WM. BRYCE,

PUBLISHER,

123 Dundas St., London, Ont.

R. S. MURRAY & CO

received this day, ex Egyptian Monarch, Alexandria:

10 bales Brussels Carpet
9 bales Tapestry Carpet
1 bale Stair Carpet
1 bale Dutch Carpet
5 bales 2-ply Carpet
4 bales Extra Carpet
7 bales Unions Carpet
1 bale Axminster Carpet
1 case Bulton Frisgets
1 case Cretonne Fringe
1 case Parisian Tassels
1 bale Cocoa Mats
1 bale Brush Mats
1 bale Yarn Mats
1 bale Bordered Mats
2 bales Check Matting
5 bales Colored Matting
1 bale Imperial Matting
1 bale Brussels Rugs
1 bale Turkey Rugs

The above goods were purchased for cash in the British markets, at job prices, and will be sold at small advance.

TERMS CASH.

R. S. Murray & Co

124 Dundas St., and 123 Carling St. ood

Paints! Paints! Paints!

SPECIAL ATTENTION OF THE public is called to the fact that the

Dominion Liquid Paint Works

are now prepared to furnish the liquid mixed paints, in any color, shade or tint desired, at per cent. less than any other paint now in the market.

Our paints, being composed of the best linseed oil and imported lead manufactured by ourselves, any that, being prepared in a liquid form ready for immediate use by the finest English mills and miners, that

THEY CANNOT BE EXCELLED

by any other paints in the market, as they have given entire satisfaction to the public for the period of three years; and, being used principally by first-class painters, ship owners, railroad companies and other large corporations, including the Toronto General Hospital, the Sheddon Co. (Limited) Elevator, the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway Elevator, and many other large establishments throughout the Dominion, and to them: corporations we can confidently refer as to the character of our paints.

For further particulars of same, see our sample cards, circulars and testimonials.

Orders by mail or otherwise will receive our careful and prompt attention.

C. MILLER & CO.,

Wholesale Manufacturers, No. 11 Jarvis street near City Hall, Toronto, Ont. No Office in Town.

1882. SPRING. 1882.

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

DICKSON, NICHOLSON & COMPANY,

Importers of Millinery, Wholesale,

Have much pleasure in announcing that their stock (which is acknowledged to be one of the finest and best assorted ever brought into this country) is now complete, and

ON THURSDAY, MARCH 16TH,

WILL MAKE THEIR FIRST DISPLAY OF PATTERN GOODS.

Having made arrangements with their Foreign Agents to be supplied with the Latest Novelties during the season, the trade can depend upon their stock being at all times well assorted and worthy of consideration.

Respectfully,

DICKISON, NICHOLSON & CO.

N. B.—NO GOODS EITHER SOLD OR SHOWN RETAIL.

SIDNEY!

THE TOWN OF SIDNEY,

LAID OUT AND SURVEYED BY

VAUGHAN, DENNIS & CO., D.L.S.

PEARSON BROS., AGENTS,

TORONTO.



The Subscribers have been instructed to sell by

PUBLICATION,

At their rooms, Mechanics' Institute,

200 Valuable Lots

IN THE TOWN OF SIDNEY.

This is a rare chance for investment, as these lots have so far been sold only at private sale in the City of Toronto, and have chasers have already resold at double the price they paid in the last few days.

WHERE IT IS!

The Town of Sidney is situated exactly in the centre of the County of Hastings in the principal station on the main line of the Canada Pacific Railway between Portage la Prairie and Brandon, being exactly half way between them, and only three hours' run from Winnipeg. As trains leave Winnipeg and reach Sidney every day, as soon as the regular fast train service commences, all passenger trains will stop there for refreshments. The C. P. R. Company are now erecting tank houses at this site, so that in future every train, passenger and freight, will stop there.

WHA

HALF A MILLION
ENVELOPES
JUST RECEIVED
GET PRICES.
Lithographed, Printed or Embossed,
—ANY COLOR.—
FREE PRESS PRINTING Co
The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday, March 13, 1882.

HUSBAND AND WIFE

OR,

THE FATAL ERROR.

By MRS. W. V. BRUNTON.

CHAPTER X.

The conclusion of the play. Eleanor attended to her dressing room, and dismissed all the gaities which fill its draperies of lace, together with the handsome diamond ornament she had worn, was quickly attired by her maid in an old ball dress. "Make haste, Suzette, do; I do not wish to keep the lading gentlemen waiting. You can put away the jewels by and by," and gathering up her cloak, she impatiently returned to the ball room. Mademoiselle Suzette, who had made an appointment to meet Mr. Arlington at the ball, in some secret nook, and as it was already the hour of 1 upon, she left the dress and ornaments as they were, and slipped down the staircase, intending to return while in such place them in safety. But she gone, however, than the servants, who were busily engaged in putting up the whole costume, not forgetting the lace shawl and diamond star, rapped them in a dark mantle and hastily to her own room.

Meantime Arlington had met with the disappointment of the kumlinsouf he had met with, Hassingham not being himself to join the gay party. After the interview with Cath Mercien he retired to an unlighted corridor, leading to the library, and there, in the gloom, abandoned himself to gloomy bitter reflection. Suddenly, a hand fell on his shoulder, and there Lyddiet beside him.

"Arthur," she said, "I must speak you to-night when the visitors are all most rue in the little grove of pines. something most important to communicate." She spoke quite coldly and like one who had taken some step from which she was determined to subside by it. sil," he replied carelessly, "if you wil. Where is the use of unless you will be there; otherwise I cannot promise at this important communication."

"Arthur," answered bitterly, "she or not, I earnest entreaty—I repeat or reproaches is past; I shall expect And turning away, she left the room by private staircase.

Eleanor, whose enjoyment had been marred by the insulting behavior of Lyddiet, proceeded to the nursery to her sleeping child before retiring for night, thinking that Gilbert, as usual, in her there. She scarcely knew to tell him what had happened, fearing quarrel would inevitably ensue, yet necessary that he should know. Lydie she waited, but he did not come. and down the west piazza paced Gilbert, striving to form a theme for utterance; now and then screened by the pillars, he watched the path leading to the house. Presently he observed the and walking slowly and deliberately to the shadow on the west side of the tion. The moon was high in the heaven and Gilbert could distinctly see his the shadow cast by the trees. It was not before a female figure glided after him; slight and sylphlike appearance struck Eleanor; still he would not believe it his wife. The figure paused in full of the retreated warbler, and, as if acily, let the dark wrap she wore slip her shoulders, revealing the striking she wore by Mr. Haller; even the distant diamond star glittered in the pale beams of the moon, and the whole figure was bathed in light.

A moment paralyzed by horror, the and was incapable of moving; then, by an effort of mighty energy, she succeeded, at last, in reaching the entrance grove of pines, and, concealing herself, used to be his wife throw herself into the of the astonished and delighted Vis- Arlington. Eleanor heard him ing his voice, the disguised Grace Laidstuttered words of joy and happiness the folds of the shawl, ran rapidly to the end of the grove, and disappeared.

She had acted her part, and her revenge was complete. Her husband was the slight by one rash, misguided act.

Robert approaching Assingham, said, and affectionately, "Are you afraid of the you are unwardly traitor—a base coward, at the same time striking across the face with the back of his Mordaunt turned livid, and holding handkerchief he bleeding proceeded something about "satisfaction." He should not insult him in a hardstriated voice. "The sooner better; send some friend to Lord Beresford to arrange a meeting by daylight to-morrow; it must be either your life or mine." So saying, he strode back to the house, and dismissing his valet, on reaching his apartment, he locked the door.

A hundred years, however, between two men was destined never to take place, for on the following morning, when the scene had transpired, the of a pistol rang out from a clump bushes, and Reginald Assingham fell to ground, shot through the heart!

More than an hour elapsed before the unfortunate husband, little knowing the fatal events were taking place." Never before had he felt so happy in their sanctuary, as filled it, before going to rest, to breathe pure and blessing over their sleeping

surprised at his delay, she was about to send and bewildered face. "Oh), she said, "I cannot find you beautiful one that you were in the play. I just out for a few minutes to speak to a of mine, and when I came back you and—and the diamond star—such, so that you were in your ball dress, and so star exclaimed Eleanor, "I would set it for the world. Mr. Arlington is Grace; it is a wedding present to go and search for it; you must certainly be overlooked it," and following her, she hurried to her dressing room. poor Eleanor, she had lost a gem of priceless value, when that glittering her husband, the father of her was lost to her beyond recall. her dressing table lay a blotted She hardly recognized it for his writing. These are the words that met gitted eye—"I never wish to see you after the scene which has just taken place, as our interviews are useless. I will never in your shame. All I can is to put such a part the age of in Paris, I shall claim her, and guard from the pollution of her guilty

I shall personally apply for your annul an unworthy ties. Go where ill, you never again will behold

"CHEVALIER ARLINGTON."

she shrieked forth—"No! could it mean? her husband, her could not written those cru words. Then reading from some shed the paper in dly to her husband's looked. "Oh, Gilbert," is. It is your wife, that have I done that you me so." With gasping sobs she will upon his name, heedless of might hear her piteous appeal, in there was no answer. All was silent she closed to her forever.

END OF THE FIRST PART.

To be continued.

of on troubled waters" in an old is the modern interpretation of the phrase we hear such expressions as the following contained in the of a long article in the Boston Herald: —During my jaunt ings around town any persons as of a complimentary in relation to the merits of St. and one person said—"There's Hon. Isaiah Hamlin, of Maine, our President. He never wears an overcoat in the most inclement prey of rain. If he wants to continue saving es of an overcoat, and the same ge of temperature, such weather as must invest fifty cents in a bottle of Oil and lather himself with it. He will find it a cheap and overcoat to keep the chest the body."

Scotland compares "a shrub's head, which, ...ed, is a lot of good ...ing with it."

WILL CONTINUE
For Twelve Days Longer.
THOS. BEATTIE & CO.
(previous to removal to their new premises) will continue their CHEAP SALE for the next two weeks.
To those who have not paid us a visit, and are in want of CHEAP DRY GOODS, we would say, VISIT THE GREAT CHEAP SALE AT ONCE.
THOMAS BEATTIE & CO'Y

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION.

Admirable Speech of Mr. W. R. Meredith.

From the Mail's Report.

On the question of the Boundary Award, in reply to Hon. Mr. Mowat, on Friday, Mr. W. R. Meredith spoke as follows:—I expressed his astonishment at the statement of the Attorney-General that the Government had not, at the present stage of the question in an impartial spirit and with no hostility to the Dominion Administration. The people of this country, however, were a reading people, and had seen the dispatches of the hon. gentleman to the Dominion Government, and the resolutions which he now proposed. He ventured to say that the unanimous verdict of the people would be that in the course which the hon. gentleman had taken he had not been actuated by a spirit of active hostility towards the Dominion authorities. An endeavor had been made to make it appear that the Dominion Government was hostile to the rights of this province, and that the Opposition in this House were traitors to the interests of Ontario. It was, therefore, of the utmost importance that in the discussion of this question they should clear the ground of the false issue which would build up without foundation. An attempt had been made to lead the people to suppose that in the hands of the Dominion Parliament the power existed which could take away our property and another Province; a power, indeed, which was a statement which did little credit to the Government, and which the country would not believe. By the terms of Confederation the limits of the Province of Ontario were declared to be the limits of the old Province of Upper Canada, and he challenged anyone to show that the decision on the part of the Dominion Parliament or on the part of anybody outside the Imperial Parliament had the power to take one single acre or inch off this Province, as given to us by the B. N. A. Act, without the consent of the people through this Legislature. After Confederation disputes arose between the Governments of Canada and Ontario as to the true northern and western boundaries of the Province. It was conceded on the part of Ontario that the boundaries extended to Hudson's Bay, and on the part of the Dominion that the true boundary was to be found by following the line north from the source of the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers. This was the state of things when the Dominion Government at Sir John Macdonald that the matter should be referred to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and that great ply that the view of that hon. gentleman was correct. It was conceded by the Province that the Dominion Government represented the interests of this Province, because he believed if they had, Ontario would have, for since such a title to the territory, and possession of what belonged to it, was established by the verdict of the highest law-maker to come into power, a change of policy took place, and the result was that no arrangement was made by the new Government to submit the matter to arbitration. It had been contended in some quarters that it was unnecessary that the arbitration should be absolute. But history proved that both parties knew that in order to make it a binding agreement it required the consent of the Legislatures of both the contracting parties. The Ontario Government entered into these negotiations, and took the responsibility of accepting the award. His colleagues in the Legislature, he took the occasion of passing a resolution giving the Government power to take the action. But the Dominion Government took no such position. They did not submit a resolution or any small expense giving them authority to submit to arbitration or dispose of the question in any other way. The Government themselves, however, entered into the arrangement, but in preparing the award they had taken care that the agreement was absolute was entirely without foundation. The Act passed by the Legislature in 1874 said that, subject to the approval of the Parliament of Canada and the Legislature of Ontario, it was agreed that the questions in dispute should be determined by reference to arbitration. This was not a reference absolute, but a qualified, but declared in the solemn expression of this House that it should be subject to the approval of the Parliaments of Canada and Ontario. Acting as the constitutional adviser of the Crown, the Attorney-General came down to the House and advised it to sanction what had been done. In November, 1874, the agreement was made, and by the terms of the only documents he could find it was expressly declared that the Governments should ask their respective Parliaments to give the legislative sanction necessary to give effect to the award when made. The hon. gentleman came down to the House and passed an Act giving the authority of the Legislature to the arbitration. But what did they do? Did they ask Parliament to declare the award should be binding? They not only did not do this, but the evidence was incontestible, because it came from the Attorney-General himself, that they refused to do anything of the kind. (Hear, hear.) Was not this done so that the Parliament of Canada could reserve the right to pass judgment upon the award after it was made? The Attorney-General said that Ontario claimed three times the territory, so that Mr. Mackenzie would have had to bind himself to an award which might have involved all this, had he not reserved the right to review the decision of the arbitrators. He asked who, in the nature of things, was to be the proper judge of that action. Was it the people of Ontario, or the Parliament of Canada, to whom was reserved the right of passing upon that award? It was evident that the right was reserved designedly, and through no mere informality. He quoted the hon. gentleman in the House—speaking the honest convictions of his heart—but what must say this was the proper conclusion. The Attorney-General now charged the Parliament of Canada with a grave breach of faith to the people of Ontario in breaking a solemn agreement. This was a gross slander upon the people of Canada. The hon. gentleman's own political friends declinately consented to the right of the Dominion to pass judgment upon the award, and this having been done, he could not now turn round and say that in exercising that right the Dominion was doing wrong. Hon. gentlemen opposite had talked a great deal about there being no parallel for the course taken by the Dominion Government, and that no such breach of faith had ever been perpetrated by any civilized country. It was only a short time ago that the agreement for the construction of the Canada Pacific Railway by certain contractors was submitted to the Parliament of Canada. It was an agreement entered into by the Government, and the right of review was reserved to the Parliament. Did not hon. gentlemen opposite and their friends contend that this right was a substantial one? Was the course did these gentlemen pursue in regard to the agreement entered into for the admission of British Columbia into the Confederation? Did they not publicly advocate breaking faith with the most important section of the Dominion? The hon. gentlemen's action had been therefore entirely opposed to the course they were now taking. Apart from these facts, however, there was not the slightest foundation for the charge that the Government had brought against the Dominion, and he was satisfied the people did not entertain the Government in making it. He would go back for a moment to the history of this matter in order to refer to something material. In 1872, in view of the delays and difficulties which were likely to arise in the settlement of the dispute, an agreement was made between the Ministers of Ontario, Mr. Laird, Minister of the Interior, and the Provincial Government through the Minister of Crown Lands. By the terms of that agreement a conventional boundary line was agreed upon, and it was stipulated that until the limits boundaries of Ontario should be finally settled no further sales of lands should be taken to be the north-western boundary of the Province. The charge of the lands during that period was to be left entirely committed to the Province, and of those lying to the north and west to the Dominion, it being understood that an account was to be given of their administration when a final settlement was made. The Dominion had from that day forward paid over to the Province one-half of the sum received from the sales of lands in the territory in dispute, and it was stipulated that until the limits of Ontario were finally settled the lands should be administered in the same manner as they had been prior to the agreement. In fact the Government of Sir John Macdonald had practically admitted the claim of Ontario to the territory in dispute. In 1878 the Government of Mr. Blake's mission in the Maritime Provinces had been a failure, and Quebec at the last election had turned his back on the hon. gentleman's party. When Mr. Blake came to Toronto and had a conference with the Attorney-General with reference to the prospects of the party, they no doubt said, "Unless we can raise some issue in Ontario which will excite the people against the Dominion Government we have not the hope of getting back to Ottawa with even the miserable remnant of a party we have now." (Laughter.) For the purpose of carrying out this object, they were willing to sacrifice the best interests of both the Province and the Dominion. The Government had the power to withhold its assent to the award, and the dispute rather than that which would be the most likely to protract it and cause acute and widespread agitation. The Attorney-General would come to any other conclusion than that the course the Government had adopted, if they considered it, was calculated to produce bloodshed. The Government, however, decided, in view of the agreement of 1874, by which a conventional boundary line was fixed until the limits of Ontario should be finally settled between the Dominion and Ontario, to possess the Dominion and enter on the territory in dispute, and to issue patents. On the other hand, what was the reasonable and statesmanlike course? In what other country would the question be left undecided? He wished it to be remembered that the Government had, by the resolutions which they passed, authorized the Government to send the reference of this question either to the Supreme Court or to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and in doing so they had left every one free to adopt the alternative and refer to the Privy Council. What objection could they now have to the present course? Were they not willing to abide by the decision of their own Supreme Court? Were they afraid of the justice of their cause? While the people of Ontario were willing to surrender one inch of territory, they had no desire for one inch of territory which did not lawfully belong to them. The Province was prepared to stand what objection the Government had made to the Privy Council. It was not a judicial tribunal, and one which could dispose of it without submitting to arbitration, which would be the highest degree to the interest of the Province to make the reference, and he could not but say that in refusing to leave this question to the judgment of the electors of the Dominion, to be given in 1883, the Government had left it to 1884, 15 would be many a long day before we got possession of its territory. The hon. gentleman had said that Dominion issues were different from Ontario issues, and Provincial issues would likely to be obscured by the latter, and yet he was prepared to risk the chance of getting possession of his territory upon the uncertain chance of his party at Ottawa coming into power at the next general elections. It was absurd on the part of the hon. gentleman's friends would come into power at the next elections as that he would take the Attorney-General's place to-morrow. The true reason for the course taken by the hon. gentleman was to be discovered in other quarters. The Government were extremely desirous that their friends should come into power at Ottawa. Their friends had been greatly discredited in the country. Mr. Blake's mission in the Maritime Provinces had been a failure, and Quebec at the last election had turned his back on the hon. gentleman's party. When Mr. Blake came to Toronto and had a conference with the Attorney-General with reference to the prospects of the party, they no doubt said, "Unless we can raise some issue in Ontario which will excite the people against the Dominion Government we have not the hope of getting back to Ottawa with even the miserable remnant of a party we have now." (Laughter.) For the purpose of carrying out this object, they were willing to sacrifice the best interests of both the Province and the Dominion. The Government had the power to withhold its assent to the award, and the dispute rather than that which would be the most likely to protract it and cause acute and widespread agitation. The Attorney-General would come to any other conclusion than that the course the Government had adopted, if they considered it, was calculated to produce bloodshed. 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All true Canadians desired to see our country filled with a teeming population loyal to the British crown, and it was not to be brought about by raising sectional issues. It seemed to be the policy of the hon. gentleman opposite to raise Province against Province, farmers against manufacturers, and by stirring up the passions of the people to get into power. The people did not care, he declared, for what were called issues of men governed the country, as that the Government should be honestly administered. They had shown before, and would show again, that they were prepared to give their support to the party that would fully do their duty in respect of the National Policy. Millions have already been invested because of public faith in that great measure, and many millions additional were only being held until another verdict, either this year or next, has been pronounced. The address was closed amid warm applause.

Moved by T. Ridley, seconded by F. J. Chadwick, that a vote of thanks be tendered Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan for the able and instructive addresses. Carried.

The meeting then broke up amid loud cheers for the Queen, Sir John Macdonald and Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan.

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS.

London Saturday Review—"The manner of writing at which Lord Macaulay introduced has long one all but universal in journalism."

The city school girl of Virginia would not, as a witness, be confined by a hitching post.

An Illinois farmer of sixty-five, who had never been on the cars, was recently assumed to town as a juryman. He said he would rather walk than ride on "them steen as things."

Two car-loads of scrap iron, loaded at Portia, Ill., were found to consist entirely of things stolen from the railroad company over whose line the audacious thieves proposed to ship it to a market.

Two large alligators kept on exhibition at Jacksonville, Fla., were recently stirred up with a stick by a visitor, and escaped after being disturbed, fell to fighting each other with great fury. The battle lasted from 3 in the afternoon till 11 at night, and the next day one of them died from his injuries.

Private advices from Honolulu say that the missionary brig *Morning Star*, Captain Isaiah Bray, was compelled to put back recently on account of a bad leak. On being beached at Honolulu a large place was found on the bottom, eaten out by the worms. The vessel will be ready in June to start again on her regular trip.

Whales are reported to be sporting off shore between Hatteras and the Delaware Capes, and the Norfolk *Virginian* states that a large one "came near" striking the surf for Cape Henry the other day, and that preparations for an attack upon the monster were made by people in the vicinity, but before he could be gotten at the ride rose and he slipped off without apparent inconvenience.

Indictments have been found against eight persons charged with having contributed by their negligence to the catastrophe at the ring Theatre. The number of witnesses summoned is 220. The trial will begin on the second of May, and will probably last three weeks. The number of indictments in the case of the Ring Theatre fire was about $174,000,000, and now it is $199,000,000, while the interest-charge has only been increased a few hundred thousand dollars per annum, so that it will be seen that under able administration of the finances Canada will be far more to be in a position to place her debt at the very lowest rate of interest and by means of annual surpluses reduce the debt itself. Mr. Hawkins closed his address with a strong appeal to those present to do their duty at the public wood should be pissed higher than mere party ends to sustain the Government in the good work they have undertaken, and above all, to exercise all their influence in the coming fight

HALF A MILLION
ENVELOPE
JUST RECEIVED
ET PRICES.
ithographed,
Printed or
Embossed,
—ANY COLOR.—
EE PRESS PRINTING Co
The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday. March 13, 1882.

HUSBAND AND WIFE

OR,

THE FATAL ERROR.

By MRS. W. Y. BRUNTON.

CHAPTER X.

the conclusion of the play. Eleanor astened to her dressing room, and dig herself of the satin robe with its draperies of lace, together with the ble diamond ornament she had worn, ne quickly attired by her maid in an ut ball dress. "Make haste, Suzette," did; "I do not wish to keep the ladies ntlemen waiting. You can put a w ose by and bye," and gathering up ves, fan, &c., the speedily returned ball room. Mademoiselle Suzette, ld had the honor of being the maid Mr. Arlington's valet, in some se- stock, and as it was already to the ng, she left the dress and cr- ging as they were, and slipped ck satin dressing, intending to re- s while and place them in safety. n had she gone, however, than ellaw entered the room, ring up the white costume, not the lace shawl and diamond star, apped them in a dark mantle and ioffy to her own room. appointed and mortified at the humili- ment he had met with, Basingham not bring himself to join the gay s. After his interview with Mrs. gden he retired to an unlighted corri- ading to the dancing hall, paced up down, abandoned himself to gloomy ither reflection. Suddenly, a hand ed his shoulder, and Grace Laidlaw- beside him.

Ordained," she said, "I must speak- ron to-night when the visitors are all ment-one in the little grove of pines, something most important to com- ate." She spoke quite coldly and ; like one who had performed a duty- tion and was determined to abide by it, all," he replied scarcely able to r- es to refrain from useless reproaches, be there; otherwise I cannot promise e this interview will be private."

ir not," she answered bitterly, "the r reproaches is past; I shall expect

And turning away, she disappeared private staircase.

ights were at last, the music and the tired household was retiring d Eleanor, whose merriment had been marred by the insulting behavior of account, proceeded to the nursery to ur sleeping child before seeking her light, thinking that Gilbert, as usual, y in her there. She scarcely knew to tell him what had happened, fearing quarrel would inevitably ensue, yet necessary that he should know of his ntly she waited, but he did not come. ed down the west passage to the Wash- lington, seen by a thousand drawing- nes; now and then screened by the s pillars, he watched the path leading house. Presently he observed the ge walking slowly and deliberately to ing grove fronting the west side of the se. The moon was high in the heav- and Gilbert could distinctly see him the shadow of the trees. It was not before a female figure glided after him, sight and general appearance reason- Eleanor; still he would not believe it- ble wife. The figure paused in full of the tortured watcher, and, as if so- ply, let the cloak wrap down and slip her shoulders, displaying the striking me worn by Mrs. Hailey, even the ifficent diamond star glittered in the r pale beams. Hastily drawing the ain which had form once more, she sped ed to the grove.

a moment, paralyzed by horror, the and was incapable of motion. Then a cry of rage and vengeance, he sprang, ly, let the cloak fall from his shoulders, grove to time to see the woman he eared to be his wife throw herself into the of the astonished and delighted Sir.

"Eleanor," he exclaimed! On ng his voice, the disguised Grace Laid- attered a stifled cry, and burying her n the folds of the shawl, ran rapidly to the end of the grove.

had acted her part, and her revenge complete, but at what price had ain her real character, and the fearful iberrt approaching Basingham said, y and deliberately, "Viscount Basing- you are unworthy traitor—a base cow- table cur," at the same time striking im in the face with the back of his

Mordaunt turned livid, and holding handkerchief to his bleeding mouth ered fiercely, "You have insulted me, shall have all you require," said Gil- in a hasty and vulgar tongue. "The scoun- retter; and some friend to Lord Bores- to arrange a meeting by daylight to- ow. It must be either before Mrs or

So saying, he strode back to the and left him face with the rest, and his own apartment, he locked the door.

e hostile meeting, however, between two men was destined not to take place, for as the Viscount issued from the ing his shirt some had transpired, the t of a pistol rang out from a clump bushes, and Basingham fell to ground, shot through the heart more than an hour Eleanor waited for husband, little knowing the fatal events were taking place. Never before had lled to join her in their sanctuary, as lled it, before going to rest, to breathe and blessing over their sleeping

pirited at his delay, she was about to ow when Suzette entered with a ed and bewildered face. "O my ," she said, "I cannot find you beauti- ch that you were in the play. I just ort for a few minutes to speak to of mine, and when I came back I could find and the diamond star, which you wore in your hair, the star" exclaimed Eleanor; "I would ve left it for Arlington to Genoa for it as a wedding present. go and search for it; you must certain- e overlooked it." And followed by she hurried to her dressing room. prize Eleanor, she had lost a piece of priceless value than that glittering her lustred, the father of her was lost to her beyond recall dressing table lay a blotted Sir Bertie supposed in for his writing. These are the words that met artled eye: "I never wish to see you after the scene which has occurred. All words are useless. It will never ion you and I (illegible) to be cool and polite between us. The child you ain until she is past the age of in Thus I shall claim her, and guard poverbial, from the arms of her guilty

I shall provide amply for your nance as long as you live. Go where ll, you never again will behold

"GILBERT ARLINGTON."

e she read it. What could it mean? her husband, her Gilbert, could not ch them so cruel words. Then fatal cry, as if on awakening from some ul dream, she crushed the paper in ds, and ran wildly to her husband's It was firmly locked. "Oh, Gilbert," ed "let me in. It is your wife, ssacor. What have I done that you ainst me so?" With gasping sobs she ed to call upon his name, heedless of might hear her piteous appeal. In Thirsk was a universal, yet vain, re- wave. Her husband's door, like his ained to her forever.

END OF THE FIRST PART.

To be continued.

ol on troubled waters" in an old ation in the modern interpreta- ve to the following contained in the ter of a long article in the Rogue "During my jaunterings around town nally come as of a complimentary to the merits of Mr. ll, and one person said—"There's able Heather Mansion of Mr. Hall's Pendicular. He never wears an over- ther is the legitimate prey of en: If he wants a continuous saving of an overcoat, and at the same spur rheumatism, such weather as ins latest silky seals in a bottle of Gil and lather himself with it). He will find it a cheap and preventive to keep the rheu- his body.

ose who live in Scotland compares ir "Jo" as a shepherd's head, which, only a dish, helps "a lot of good ating it."

WILL CONTINUE
For Twelve Days Longer.
THOS. BEATTIE & CO.
(previous to removal to their new premises) will continue their CHEAP SALE for the next two weeks.
To those who have not paid us a visit, and are in want of CHEAP DRY GOODS, we would say, VISIT THE GREAT CHEAP SALE AT ONCE.
THOMAS BEATTIE & CO'Y

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION.

Admirable Speech of Mr. W. R. Meredith.

From the Mail's Report.

On the question of the Boundary Award, in reply to Hon. Mr. Mowat, on Friday, Mr. W. R. Meredith spoke as follows:—He could not repress his astonishment at the statement of Attorney-General that the Government had not studied the question in an impartial spirit and judged it on the merits of the case. Administration. The people of this country, however, were awaiting people, and had seen the dispatches of the hon. gentleman to the Dominion Government, and the resolutions which he now proposed. He continued to say that the unanimous verdict of the people would be that in the course which the hon. gentleman had taken by refusing to be satisfied by a spiritual active hostility towards the Dominion authorities. An endeavor had been made to make it appear that the Dominion Government was hostile to the rights of this province, and that the question in this House were traitors to the interests of Ontario. It was, therefore, a most important instance that in the consideration of this question they should clear the ground and state the points which were in dispute. An attempt had been made to lead the people to suppose that in the award the Dominion Parliament recked the power which could take away our territory and put another Province in possession. But was a statement which did little credit to the Government, and to which the country would not believe. By the terms of Confederation the limits of the Province of Ontario could not be altered be the limits of the old Province of Upper Canada, and he challenged the Attorney-General, as a man having a high legal standing, to deny the statement. He (Mr. Meredith) had endeavored to show that the Parliament of Canada, in taking the course they had taken, had not been actuated by any but just motives, and if he doesn't stop for till days, they get down shelf shongum.

The other I was present while a lawyer was drawing up a contract for Signor Antonio Pestani, a variety "star." When the documents were ready for the signatures the legal gentman proceeded to read: He began—"Party of the first part—" "Now he had broke in the "wrong" "What's dat me for, chummies? You don't find thinks in their foot part. You in the olio, ah, won't do two turns in a working, nein." With considerable difficulty the legal phrase was explained, and the contract signed.

COLING PINS!

Cleaned from Insect Sources and "Free Fr" Escapes.

Twenty-five years for the Canada Pacific passed West to-day. They were built at the Cobourg Car Works.

Another railway has been projected from Cornwall to Ste. Agathe, passing through the counties of Prescott, Russell and Carleton.

The work of the sewer Duke of the double track from Toronto and Montreal is to be commenced on as the frost leaves the ground.

The receipts of the Occidental Railway for the week ending February 28th were $4,949, an increase of $2,347 over the corresponding week of last year.

The Lake Shore road of New York, Chicago & St. Louis Company will be leased at once, for 999 years, to the parties which had made and a little bridgwork. Equipment is being received daily.

It is reported that the Goodrich Transportation Company is sold the iron steamers City of Milwaukee Wisconsin, and Michigan, for $150,000 to the Grand Haven & Milwaukee Railway company.

The Lake Shore Railway received and forwarded 14,126cwt of baggage at the Toledo station, 1 tals, 11,916 places were received from the Detroit & Bay City, from the Flint & Pere Marquette, and 660 from other roads.

The hon. Mr. Mcalne, who recently resigned the post of general passenger and ticket agent of t Toledo, Dalphos & Burlington, has acted editorial charge of the *Railroader*, a jinal devoted to the interests of railroadin, of Ohio, and two an- other States.

The New YorCentral Railroad Company is selling its cabinetcar coaches and locomotives at fifty per cent. discount. The about two hundred new coaches now in course of construction, and therefore have as good ring stock as any railroad in the country.

Mr. Joseph Hickson has been re-elected President of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railroad. On $1,000,000 was expended last year in improving the line and adding to its equipment. All but 20 miles of the road is laid with steel rails, and the stock for the coming season will be largely increased. There will be an advance in grain freights and the Chicago New York to-day, to 15 cents per hundred pounds. He didn't like, after all, and now, when the hefre see him satisfied that they are ahead of him.

The milesty of musical composers sometimes puts that of painters. The other evening se of them had played an unpublished pie, and as the company paid him with no hostility to the composition simply, "I ought not to be complimented. Wr about thank fired, since the gift of genius from Him."

At a crowded French country theatre a woman fell from the gallery to the pit, and was picked up by one of the spectators, who, hearing a groaning, asked her if she was much hurt. Canada is bravely acknowledged the woma "I should think I am. There the Dominion authorities. An endeavor sit in the very middle of the front row."

Mrs. Bentzmith is a woman with a practical turn about her. Her husband having been knocked down and robbed, and was brought her in a dying condition, this wonderful woman didn't go into a fainting hysterics, but she. She remarked, with decision and absolute worthy the gaspy wife all—"Th, I knew it would be so; I told John he'd later leave some of his money at home."

Von Bul, the pianist, rayre—" If I stay in America for any London is my home for long, if I stay days my friends notice it if I stop th days the public notice it." It is differnthis the young man who practices down street. If he stops for one day his wife laughs at his action, and looks like peg him five hundred dollars never in bragain. If he doesn't stop for two days neighbors ask the police to notice it simulance, and if he doesn't stop for till days, they get down shelf shongum.

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The *National Car Builder* gives in detail the cost of building a passenger locomotive. Baldwin's last one cost $7,243.25. Of this the labor is $2,353.59, and the material $4,889.66 This locomotive was built in 1879, and has been in efficient service ever since. The cost of labor and material has advanced largely in two years, but still with locomotives selling at $14,000 and $15,000, and orders far ahead of the supply, the margin for profit is very large and tempting.

Mass Meeting at Dorchester Station

A mass meeting of the ratepayers of the township of Dorchester was held in the Burdick Hall on March 9 for the purpose of taking a vote whether the ratepayers were in favor of expending the ordinary money now standing in the bank to the credit of the township—amounting to $10,000—in building a bridge across the river at the Station, to cost $4 000, and the balance in gravelling roads, or leaving it at interest as at present. Mr. Robert Facey was elected Chairman, and Wm. Barr Secretary.

The meeting was then thrown open to discuss the matter. On the platform, John Durand, Reeve; James Sloan, 1st Deputy-Reeve; Wm. Watcher, 2nd Deputy-Reeve; and Duncan McCloehan, Councillor, spoke strongly in favor of spending it as above. Charles Connor, Councillor, and R. Venning, ex-Deputy Reeve, spoke in favor of spending part of it and leaving the balance at interest.

James Gilmour, J. R. Lane, W. T. Cartwright, Wm. Barr, Neil Brown, Joseph Frank, John Christie and F. H. Talbot made spirited replies in favor of leaving the money at interest, maintaining that, owing to the vague and indefinite manner in which the Council had brought the matter before the ratepayers they had no right to what part of the township the money was to be spent in, it would be a grab-game for who would get the most of it, and consequently it would be frittered away in such a manner as to do no one much good.

A vote was then taken on the question, and it was carried almost unanimously; another great cheering, that the money remain at interest, only nine voting to the contrary out of a crowd which filled the hall.

Sir Henry Halford calls upon the foremost shots among the British volunteers to practice with special reference to participating in the international shooting match, and adds that nothing short of the best work of the men the country can produce will insure success from the British at Creedmoor.

of this matter in order to refer to something material. In 1874, in view of the delays and difficulties which were likely to arise in the settlement of the dispute, an agreement was made between the Dominion, through Mr. Laird, Minister of the Interior, and the Province through the Minister of Crown Lands. By the terms of that agreement a conditional boundary line was agreed upon, and it was stipulated that until the true boundaries of Ontario should be finally settled by the Legislature the territory in dispute was to be the north-western boundary of the Province. The charge of the lands lying to the east and south of that line was committed to the Province, and of those lying to the north and west to the Dominion, it being understood that an account was to be given of their administration when a final settlement was made. The Dominion had from that time in possession of the British crown, the north and west of the conventional boundary, and the Province of the territory to the south and east. The latter had always been disturbed within those limits, and no attempt had ever been made to do so, although the limits which were in the possession of the Province were upwards of twothirds of the territory. It was thought, and in the exercise of the power vested in them by the consent of the Legislature of Ontario, the Parliament of Canada had withheld its consent from the award. He repeated that the Dominion arrived at, but was bound to admit that the Parliament of Canada had a right to exercise that right for the whole people of the Dominion. Hon. gentlemen opposite had said another reason why them to refer the matter to the Privy Council, but if the Parliament of Canada would not consent to these, was he going to keep the question in uncertainty, and suffer, as he said, loss of revenue? It seems d to him that the only proper course consistent with their duty to the people of Ontario was to take immediate steps for the reference of the dispute to the Privy Council. According to the correspondence brought down, the Dominion Government had agreed to the course that they should submit the matter to that tribunal. He asked, then, if the Government were justified in having had the Attorney-General to charge the Dominion Government with being hostile to the rights of Ontario, when the only valid reason could be assigned why this case should not go to the Privy Council, and it would be in the highest degree to the interest of the Province to make the reference, the hon. gentleman said he preferred to leave this question to the judgment of the workers of the Dominion, to be given in 1883. If the hon. gentlemen left it to that, it would be many a long day before we got possession of the property. He (Mr. Meredith) could not understand the reasons which had induced the Government not to be brought about by raising sectional issues. It seemed to be the duty of the hon. gentleman opposite to raise Province against Province, farmers against manufacturers, and by stirring up the passions of the people to get into power. The people did not care, he thought, so much about the question of men governed the country, as that the Government should be administered honestly. They had shown before, and would show again, that they were prepared to give their support to the party who would fulfil up their obligations in the Confederation, and give their children an inheritance they could be proud of. He believed the country would support the Conservative party to the course they had taken, and would support them in so acting in hostility to the Province than they were to charge the Legislature of Ontario with acting in hostility or unfairly to the whole Dominion. By the withholding of the award Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan, for their services, were entirely negatory and injurious to the interests of the Province. The meeting then broke up, and loud cheers for the Queen, Sir John Macdonald and Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan.

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS.

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Liberal - Conservative Association in South Wellington.

Election of Officers—Speech of Mr. J. J. Hawkins.

St. George's Hall was filled on Tuesday evening, the occasion being the annual meeting of the Liberal-Conservative Association of South Wellington. Mr. J. J. Hawkins, of Brantford, and W. F. Cowan, of Oshawa, both able speakers and exponents of the Conservative party, were present on the platform, their appearance being the signal for loud and hearty cheers.

MR. HAWKINS' ADDRESS.

The President then introduced Mr. J. J. Hawkins, who had been invited to be present and address the meeting.

Mr. Hawkins said that it gave him great pleasure to be present on that occasion, and hoped that the organization of the party in South Wellington would be thoroughly perfected and that the next general election would show the good results of the work. It was just and right that Ontario should be carried throughout the various municipalities of the riding, and thence to the polling subdivisions. When the party is say riding found itself in this complete state of organization, victory under the present favorable state of affairs, might be looked for as almost a certainty. Our party leaders are calling upon us to prepare for the coming general elections, were in a position from that which they occupied in the years immediately preceding the last general election. It is true that the country was rapidly declining in prosperity, and all its great industries in a state of stagnation, yet the Conservative party of Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues were not responsible for the prosperity of the National Policy might to have been appeared to be the greatest necessity of the hour, but on the other hand the great majority of our people had to be educated in the principles and benefits of protection as of its efficacy. To this work the party leaders devoted themselves with that energy and determination which is always a sure forerunner of victory. After one of the greatest campaigns ever witnessed in this country, it was found that the people, by an overwhelming majority, had placed the present men in power. Immediately the good results of the change began to be apparent. Even before the new Government had time to formulate its fiscal policy, the industries of the country showed signs of revival. New courage was infused into the country, and by the fact that the Government had been transferred from incompetent hands to those of tried and experienced men. But when the National Policy had been fairly in operation for months it was quickly realized upon all hands that the Canadian industries must be raised to the highest degree to the interest of the Province to make the reference, the hon. gentleman said he preferred to leave this question to the judgment of the workers of the Dominion, to be given in 1883. If the hon. gentlemen left it to that, it would be many a long day before we got possession of the property. He (Mr. Meredith) could not understand the reasons which had induced the Government not to be brought about by raising sectional issues. It seemed to be the duty of the hon. gentleman opposite to raise Province against Province, farmers against manufacturers, and by stirring up the passions of the people to get into power. The people did not care, he thought, so much about the question of men governed the country, as that the Government should be administered honestly. They had shown before, and would show again, that they were prepared to give their support to the party who would fulfil up their obligations in the Confederation, and give their children an inheritance they could be proud of. He believed the country would support the Conservative party to the course they had taken, and would support them in so acting in hostility to the Province than they were to charge the Legislature of Ontario with acting in hostility or unfairly to the whole Dominion. By the withholding of the award Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan, for their services, were entirely negatory and injurious to the interests of the Province. The meeting then broke up, and loud cheers for the Queen, Sir John Macdonald and Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan.

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Two car-loads of scrap iron, loaded in Ft Orla, Ill., were found to consist entirely of things stolen from the railroad company over whose lines the audacious thieves proposed to ship it to a market.

Two large alligators kept on exhibition at Mahlon Hall's museum in Cincinnati, armed with a stick by a visitor, and enraged at being disturbed, fell to fighting each other with great fierceness. Both were killed. In the afternoon till 11 at night, and the next day one of them died from his injuries.

Private advices from Honolulu say that the missionary brig *Morning Star*, Captain Bray, has been condemned as unsafe, and recently on account of a bad leak. On being beached at Honolulu a large place in the bottom was found to be worn away by the worms. The vessel will be ready in June to resume her voyages of mercy.

Whales are reported to be sporting off shore between Hatteras and the Delaware Capes, and the *Norfolk Virginian* states that a large one "came near" stranding not long since at Cape Henry. The paper says that preparations for an attack upon the monster were made by people in the vicinity, but the whale got out of reach before they could and he slipped off without apparent inconvenience.

Indictments have been found against eight persons charged with having conspired to prevent the performance of Shakespeare at the Ring Theatre. The number of witnesses summoned is 220. The trial will begin on the second of May, and will probably last three weeks. Among the accused are Herr Lautenburg, stage manager of Vienna; Herr Janner, the manager of the theatre; and Herr Landsteiner, the chief of the claque. Some of the accused are old men, and one is a cripple.

The Paris *Journal Officiel* publishes the trade returns of France for the year 1881. The total value of imports is 4,946,448,000 fr., and of exports 3 612,442 fr., showing an excess of 1,334,000,000 fr. on the import side. Compared with the corresponding statistics for 1880, the imports show a decrease of 86,719,000 fr.; although the imports have increased 144,553,000. Although the imports remain largely in excess of the exports, the balance in favor of the former is smaller than that for either 1879 or 1880, while the latter seemed to the country has quite ably increased, the difference in favor of 1881 over 1880 amounting to 87,834,000 fr.

The sickness of intemperance are manifold. With some it is an hereditary disease, others take to it as a stimulant to spur their jaded nerves, that they may compete for place and power in the struggle of the nineteenth century. Mrs. Kimball, of Chicago, Illinois, has yet another remedy for an immoderate indulgence in alcoholic beverages. She holds that poor bread and poor housekeeping have as much to do with intemperance as anything else. No doubt of it. Badly cooked and indigestible food produces dyspepsia, which creates a strong desire for alcohol. Married ladies had better see to this, and when their husbands come home a little under the weather they must think whether they have not put a little too much pepper in the stew, or not enough vinegar with the salmon.

Dr. Wm. A. Hammond an eminent American physician, upon an article "How to escape nervousness," prescribes the following rules, which are worthy of special attention in a season such as the present, when the climatic changes are so frequent and so much malaria prevails:—1. An ample supply of pure, fresh and cool air. The nerves would not be so sensitive vitiated air, whether the impurities come from sewers, gas-lights and subterranean fumes, or the individual's own person. Don't live habitually in too warm an atmosphere. Keep your rooms at 65°, and open the windows every now and then. 2. Antipathy of well cooked and nourishing food. Not slops, but undiluted animal and vegetable food; as a rule, animal food should predominate. Meat-eaters are rarely troubled with nervousness. 3. Take sufficient physical exercise in the open air. When you feel irritable, irresolute, fretful, fidgety, and unable to concentrate your thoughts on the veriest trifle, take a long walk and chop a cord of wood. If these rules were faithfully followed, there would be less work for the doctors to do.

Notes and Points.

My sixty-two *Leghorn hens*, says a correspondent, hatched last May and June, laid eighty-one dozen and two eggs the past January, making over two bushels in measure and weighing 142 pounds, which is nearly the whole live weight of all the hens.

In an Illinois cow that could not be satisfactorily fattened, and was consequently sold at a sacrifice, was found "at the small entrance of the stomach" a twelve ounce ball of "wire, nails, and phlegm," the result of having eaten threadmill wheel stays or the sheaves of which were bound with wire.

At a recent meeting of the Warsaw, Ill., Horticultural Society Dr. Ralp referred to the exhaustive effect of the seed-forming process upon plants, and expresses his belief that it is not yet generally known that roses, verbenas, etc., bloom much longer and more profusely if the flowers are plucked as soon as matured.

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest News from Our Own Special Correspondents.

MITCHELL.

March 11.—Mr. Walter Thomson, grain merchant, has received a car load of Manitoba wheat which it well liked and will be sown largely in this section.

A new list of magistrates has been issued for the county of Kent. Any one wanting law can get any amount now without going from home. There are some Conservatives among them, so that all can be satisfied.

Last year 468 suits were entered in the Mitchell Division Court, representing $14,-726.83 The number of suits was 19 where the claim was over $100. There was only 20 judgment summonses issued, showing that most of the cases were settled promptly.

His Lordship the Bishop of Huron will hold confirmation service in Trinity Church on Sunday next. Rev. P. B. DeLom, rector, leaves next month for the Old Country. Messrs. T. H. Race, of Mitchell, and Messrs. Ford and Whitehan, of St. Mary's, are gazetted License Commissioners for the ensuing year for South Perth. Mr. John S. Cripps, the efficient Inspector, will continue to act in that capacity.

"Support Home Manufactures" should be the motto of every citizen. Our High School Trustees could have bought stoves made in Mitchell, but preferred giving more for those made elsewhere.

The semi-annual meeting of the South Perth Teachers' Association was held Friday and Saturday. W. S. Nethercott, the popular President, presided. A large number of teachers were present, who took great interest in the discussions.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald McIntyre will celebrate their silver wedding on Tuesday next. They have resided in Mitchell over twenty years.

The Mitchell local papers have the best advertising patronage of any place of its size in the country.

Messrs. Warren Bros. have put in a new organ in the Canada Methodist Church. It was used at the opening services on Sunday, when Rev. W. Briggs, of Toronto, preached morning and evening, and Rev. R. Cleaver, of Stratford, in the afternoon.

The Mitchell Mechanics' Institute was incorporated in 1849, since which time it has made steady progress, especially during the latter few years, owing to its excellent management. Last year the membership numbered 120. The receipts for the same time amounted to $969 29 made up as follows:—From members, $70 90; Legislative grant, $400; donations in money, $100; other sources, $298 38. By expenditure—Rents, $120; books, $96 85; magazines, newspapers, &c., $69 36; miscellaneous, $79 10; balance on hand, $3883 93. Total number of works in the library, 2,724. The assets are placed at $2 701.89. Amount received from the Government since 1869, $2,900.

THE MANITOBA BOOM.

Tuesday's Real Estate Transactions in the Prairie City.

From the Winnipeg Free Press.

Wolf also sold Monday night 12 lots in Minnedosa, at $200.

Yesterday afternoon Coolican sold 28 lots in Clearwater for $840.

Lots 63 and 64, in lot 8, St. John's, were also sold by Coolican at $150 each.

Mr. Lawson sold last night by auction 60 lots in Rapid City at an average of $26.

Maltz, Lake & Co. sold lots 14, 15, 16, in parish lot 1, Kildonan, to Gerrie Bros. for $1,200.

Lawson & Macmahon sold yesterday by private sale 58 lots in Riverside estate at $900 each.

Lawrence & Co. sold a lot in Brandon on Fifth street, between Rosser and Princess, for $1,600.

Moved by T. Goldie, seconded by F. J. Chalwick, that a vote of thanks be tendered Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan for their able and instructive addresses. Carried.

The meeting then broke up, and loud cheers for the Queen, Sir John Macdonald and Messrs. Hawkins and Cowan.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE.

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail

MANCHESTER MARKETS.

Manchester, March 11.—The Manchester *Guardian* says there is a better inquiry in some departments, including yarn for export and home consumption. The demand for India and China goods is lifeless.

THE BRITISH GRAIN TRADE.

Liverpool, March 11.—The leading grain circular says wheat was quiet and 6d to 1s lower; flour was very indifferent enquiry for cargoes. Futures were stagnant. Today there was an average attendance. Wheat was in fair demand at a decline of 1d to 2d from Tuesday's rates. In winter it our trade was better; other grades were in moderate consumptive request at late rates Corn was steady; old was scarce and 1s higher; new was plentiful and realized full rates.

WINDOW GLASS.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 11.—The Western Association of Window Glass Manufacturers were in session here all day. The meeting was a largely representative one, and the glass trade was discussed at great length. Trade was in a healthy condition, and the outlook for the spring business very secure. After a full exchange of views, it was unanimously resolved to advance prices from 3 to 5 per cent., according to the quality of the glass. The bottle manufacturers were also in session, but no business of importance was transacted.

LONDON GROCERY MARKET.

London, March 11.—In Mincing Lane markets during the past week the depression in tea was unabated, as sales of China were again very large. Common to fair Congous was weak, but medium to fine was firm. Indian was slow of sale. Some cargoes of new Burmah rice sold at lower rates than for many years. At the Netherlands Trading Company's sales good ordinary Java coffee rose. Good to fine plantation Ceylon advanced 1s to 2s per cwt. Coleroy and Central American were dear. Sugar was quiet. There was some speculation in Singapore black pepper to arrive at higher prices; white was in better demand.

MERCANTILE LIFE INSURANCE.

New York, March 11.—The produce exchange having adopted a system of life insurance for its members with every prospect of success, the other commercial exchanges are agitating the question of establishing a similar system. The cotton exchange has authorized the president to appoint a committee to consider the subject and draft a plan. There is a fund now in the exchange has also appointed a committee, and will report in a short time. A bill will be introduced into the Legislature to amend the charter of the produce exchange so as to legalize the adoption of the life insurance by-laws. It is optional with the present members whether they accept the advantages of the system or not, but it is believed the majority will, as at the recent ballot only 150 voted against the measure and over 1,300 in favor of it.

STEAMSHIP BUSINESS.

New York, March 11.—During the past week the steamships from Europe brought to this port 51,229 cabin and 441,064 steerage passengers. About 30 per cent. of the immigrants sailed from Liverpool. The Baltic line brought 71,700, the Hamburg line 68,635, the Glasgow line over 40,000, and the Havre line about 25,000. Mr. Austin, of the White Star line, states that the prospects of immigration this season are considerably flattering, and it is expected that over 600,000 passengers will land at Castle Garden before the end of the close of the year. Notwithstanding that the various companies are building steamers the ship to arrive here have all their space taken. Most of the immigrants to come this year will be Germans, Scandinavians, and Hungarians.

THE CHICAGO LUMBERMEN'S EXCHANGE.

At the recent annual meeting of the Lumbermen's Exchange, Chicago, the secretary reviewed the operations of the institution since its organization and during the past year. The lumber receipts aggregated 1,906,639,000, 806,075,000 shingles, and 104,169,000 lath, while the quantity of forest products by lake navigation amounted to 2,846,240 posts, 4,205,580 railroad ties, 35,635 cords of wood, 2,254 cords of slabs, 29 702 cords of bark, 96,922 telegraph poles, 25,118 piles, and 1,000 feet of timber is classified as hardwood. The Exchange commenced the year with a membership of 85, and closed with 120 names on the rolls, including eight firms from outside points.

CANADA FRUIT IN ENGLAND.

Charles S. Sandeman, jr., & Co.'s Liverpool apple and fruit circular of a late date says:—

Apples are without change with regard to prices, and arrivals continue very small. Sound colored fruit brings from 20s to 30s; Newton pippins, 30s to 40s. Condition of the fruit landed has been good. Sardinian steamship is due daily overdue, and any apples on board of this vessel will probably arrive in good order. Newtown pippins, selling 25s to 40s; Canada red, 20s to 30s; golden russets, 24s to 28s; Baldwins, 21s to 24s; northern spy and pharaoh, 18s to 25s.

Arrivals for week ending 15th inst., 1,359 barrels; against 10,502 do. same time last year. Total arrivals during present season 36,508 brls, against 684 828 do. last season. Largest arrivals this week were, 578 brls per Town steamship, from Boston, and 276 brls per Germanic steamship, New York. No Canadian steamer. Valencia oranges in good demand; supplies large; prices range from 14s to 17s. Palermo lemons, moderate enquiry, arrival small, and selling for 12s to 16s.

Dried fruits—dates, in skins, 12s to 18s; currants, 22½; raisins, Valencia, 31s; sultanas, 36s; figs, in bxs, 25s to 35s; Brazil nuts, 10s to 21s.

TRADE SALES.

Mr. Thos. J. Tyrrell, of Montreal, on Thursday held a trade sale of teas, etc., which was well attended, the bidding being brisk on all kinds except Japans. The following is a list of sales:—

17 vacn—50 hf-chests choice Naakin Moyne, untied, at 24½; 12 do. at 24s.

Imperials—17 hf-chests choice Naakin Moyune, mattied, at 21c; 14 do. Moyune at 21c; 14 do. at 22c; 22 do. choice Moyune at 23c; 10 do. choice Naakin Moyune at 23½.

Gunpowder—14 hf-chests curious Moyune, mattied, at 24c; 17 do. choice at 25c; 29 do. choicest do. at 35½; 10 do. choicest Naakin Moyune at 35½; 16 do. choice Moyune at 31c; 14 do. curious do. at 25c.

Young Hysons—6 hf-chests fine Moyune, mattied, at 15c; 14 do. extra fine do. at 16½; 15 do. curious do. at 19c; 10 do. choice do. at 22c; 6 do. fine at 18½; 14 do. extra fine do. at 18c; 20 do. curious do. at 18c; 10 do. Naakin Moyune at 17c; 60 at 16½; 35 do. extra fine do. at 13½.

Congous—10 hf-chests choicest new season, mattied, at 22c.

Congous—40 hf-chests choicest N. S. Moyune, mattied, at 16c; 15 boxes do. do. at 21½; 60 at 22c.

Coffee—19 bags prime Rio at 10c.

Raisins—10 bf boxes Morand's Valencia at 9½c; 10 do. various marks at 9½; 100 do. at 9½; 50 do. at 9½. Spain at 9½; 25 do. Merie do. at 9½.

Brandies—20 cases quarts, Birquit, Dubouche & Co., at $7. 17 do. flasks do. at $7.87½; 20 do. hf-flasks do. at $8 75; 5 hhds Chasseraud & Co., Cognac, at $2.75; 5 quarkcasks do. do. at $2.75, 10 do. at $2.70; 5 octaves do. at $2.95; 7 at $2.75.

CANAL PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

The number of cabin passengers crossing the Atlantic from Liverpool by the several leading lines during 1881 is given in the folio wing table:—

Cunard Line	7,259
White Star Line	5,876
Allan Line	4,332
Inman Line	3,630
National Line	2,348
Guion Line	1,849
American Line	1,233
Dominion Line	569
Warren Line	15

Between April 21st and November 30th, the Allan steamers brought 19,495 passengers from Liverpool to Quebec. The average time was 8 days 6 hours and 40 minutes.

ANXIETY IN THE CORN MARKET.

A late Liverpool letter says:—Much trepidation is felt in the corn markets on this side of trouble ahead, as trade continues so uniformly dull and lethargic, the preventing speculators realizing, and, with the continued mild weather, the English harvest is considered likely to be fully six weeks to two months earlier, and so adding further difficulty to holders of grain. At present, ships are due off the coast with 30,000,000 quarters of Californian wheat, and the fall in value since this wheat was shipped is fully 8s, so that a 10,000 quarter vessel will deliver her cargo worth £4,000 less than when it was shipped. The combined large supplies of India wheat accumulating here and afloat are also telling against American operators, especially as millers have gradually learned to treat the Indian grain successfully. Like the cotton spinners, when Indian cotton first came here, they could not use it until they discovered that by steaming the bales the fibres were opened; and so millers are washing the wheat, and thus removing the extreme hardness it has hitherto troubled them with.

THE STEAMSHIP LINE FROM GRIMSBY.

A dispatch has been received from England, stating that the first steamer of the new Black Star Line would sail from Grimsby, F[illegible]d, on March 15th, but that the date [illegible] had not been decided on, but would [illegible]ner New York or Philadelphia. [illegible] office it was decided that Pe[illegible]ght & Co., the agents, had anything [illegible]ver to do with the line from Grimsby, notwithstanding that it had been intimated in shipping circles that they were the originators of the scheme. A prominent steamship man, just returned from England, stated that he had heard of the line there, but the intelligence he had received led him to believe that the enterprise would not succeed, though he admitted that Grimsby being in close connection with Manchester and Leeds and the terminus of several Midland steamship lines—would be an excellent English terminus of a line from the United States. The name of the steamer which is to open on the 15th could not be learned, but is said to be of about 3,000 tonnage. She will be followed by others if successful.—*N. Y. Bulletin.*

"What's in a Name?"

Miss M

J. M. LONGAN & CO.

We have removed to 359 and 361 Richmond st., where we will continue our Wholesale Liquor Trade.

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES
INCLUDING
Humphrey's
SPECIFICS

Special attention given to the dispensing of Physicians' Prescriptions & Family Recipes.

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices,
—AT—
STRONG'S DRUG STORE,
194 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

[Monday, March 13, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Monday, March 13, 1882.

Sun rises..... 6.39 a.m. | Moon rises...2.02 a.m.
Sun sets..... 6.11 p.m. | Moon sets....11.30 a.m.

Day of the year, 72nd.
Anniversary of the Czar's assassination in 1881.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon.....	11th	7.29 p.m.
Third Quarter.....	19th	4.18 p.m.
New Moon.....	26th	7.56 p.m.
First Quarter.....	3rd	8.24 a.m.

VENNOR'S WEATHER BULLETIN.

Saturday and Sunday, 11th and 12th—Second storm period of month, with pretty general snowfalls. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th (St. Patrick's Day)—Mild to warm weather, with showers. Waters opening in most sections. Week ending in general and heavy rainfalls and snowfalls in western sections. Saturday and Sunday, 18th and 19th—Heavy rains at New York and along Atlantic seaboard probable. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd and 24th—A rather unsettled week in most sections, with occasional snowfalls and colder temperature the latter end. Saturday and Sunday, 25th and 26th—Generally colder and blustry weather in Canada and the United States. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st—Fair and cold weather about the St. Lawrence; snowfalls probable in Lower Provinces and the West. Rains at New York and Atlantic seaboard, with high winds. Two-thirds of this month are likely to prove stormy. There will probably be brief periods of unusual warmth.

MISSISSIPPI WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, March 11, 1 a.m.—Indications:—For Lower Lakes region, fair weather, preceded by light snow in eastern portion; winds veering to south-west winds, higher barometer and slight changes in temperature. The Tennessee, Cumberland and Ohio Rivers will fall. The Lower Mississippi River will probably rise at stations below Memphis.

STALLION SOLD.—Mr. Geo. Sale has sold his stallion "Scotch Miracle" to Messrs. Parker & Eby, of Tavistock, for $1,500.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—One day last week a very painful accident, and one which may result fatally, happened to Mr. Robert Whitney, a London township farmer. Mr. Whitney was walking through the woods with an axe on his shoulder, when he slipped backward and fell to the ground, the axe —which was very sharp—cutting an ugly gash in the calf of one leg. Owing to the large quantity of blood which Mr. Whitney lost fears are entertained for his recovery.

IN MEMORIAM.—At a recent meeting of the Methodist Ministers in this city, the subject of the endowment of a Ryerson chair of philosophy in the University of Victoria College was introduced and considered. The subject met with much favor, and steps will no doubt be taken to this end. A similar meeting was held in Toronto, and both spontaneous, as the ministers of each city knew nothing of the intention of the others.

THE QUEEN'S PLATE.—It will no doubt prove a source of gratification to our citizens to learn that there is a strong probability of securing for London the Canadian blue ribbon event of the season—the Queen's plate. Through the energy of local sporting men, in connection with the efforts of Mr. D. McMillan, Member of Parliament, the favorable opinion of the Governor-General has been secured, and it may be regarded as almost certain that the plate will be won on the Newmarket track this season.

CHRIST CHURCH.—The regular temperance meeting was held in the schoolroom Friday night. Several new members were added, after which the literary programme was taken up, those taking part being Misses H. Thompson and H. Mitchinson, Messrs. Wm. Mitchinson, Thompson, and W. J. Smith, Mr. Thos. Thompson gave a practical address on the object of the society, which was well received. Mr. H. Mockllin, the critic for the evening, discharge l his duties to the satisfaction of all and received a hearty vote of thanks at the close.

VERY LOW.—For the past few days Dalton McCarthy, who has been lying at the American House in this city since he was so seriously injured by jumping from the G. W. R. train, has shown symptoms which encouraged his friends to believe that his ultimate recovery was only a matter of time. Yesterday, however, a change which caused the gravest apprehension was observed, and during last night Drs. Moore and Cotton were called to his bedside. It appears that one of the unfortunate man's ribs was driven into the side of which entered his liver. The case cannot be raised, and the doctors hold out slight hope for his recovery.

A LUCKY MAN.—Mr. James Muirhead was made the recipient of another presentation at the City Hotel on Saturday evening last. A party of his personal friends assembled there and acted his acceptance of a very handsome and valuable gold seal. Complimentary and kind speeches were made by Messrs. H. Scatchard, N. Wilson, T. Gooding, John McMartin, E. Platt, W. Horner, George Priddis, and others, and happily responded to by Mr. Muirhead, the proceedings terminating at a few minutes before midnight.

MATRIMONIAL.—Mr. Alfred Barrett, formerly of London, but for some time a resident of Port Huron, Friday departed this mortal, and joined those in the great army of benedicts that are continually marching forward. Miss Orr, the young lady who has become his companion for life, daughter of the late Robinson Orr, and sister of Peter Orr, Fleet Plains, is one of London's most talented and accomplished ladies, and who through her amiable disposition leaves behind her many warm friends in the city of her birth. Mr. Barrett is well known for his sterling honor and integrity, and as one of the thriftiest men in this locality. We are glad to know that Mr. and Mrs. Barrett intend making their home in East Williams, where Mr. Barrett owns considerable property. The ceremony was conducted in a quiet way—only the immediate friends of the family being in attendance. The happy couple left for the Eastern cities to spend their honeymoon. They have a host of friends, who will join us in extending to them a long and happy life.—*Parkhill Gazette.*

CUTAP EMBROIDERIES.—T. Beattie & Co. are now selling 100 pieces of embroidery at 8c., worth 10c; 100 pieces at 9c., worth 12c; 100 pieces at 9c., worth 15c., 100 pieces at 10c., worth 25c.; 100 pieces at 15c., worth 20c. Never before have we sold embroideries so cheap. In white cottons our 9c., 10c., and 12c. cottons cannot be equalled in London.

Artists material of all descriptions for sale cheap at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

A. J. BROWN (successor to R. W. Robbins, grocer &c., &c.,) is agent for the FREE PRESS, at the corner of Oxford and Richmond streets.

SEASONABLE GOODS.—Mincing knives, chopping tubs, table and pocket cutlery, washboards, fire fronts, &c. BROWN & MORRIS, hardware dealers.

Full line of the celebrated J. R. Addis carving tools just received.—T. HENRIOT MARCH.

Valentine's felt weather strip should be on every front door in the city. To be had at T. Herbert Marsh's, 151 Dundas street.

Have you seen the Norton door spring yet? If you have not, it is worth while. T. Herbert Marsh's, Dundas street, West of Richmond.

A Big Boom.

Robt. Wallace, the Dundas street clothier, has received most of his spring stock, and as a result the new spring suits are booming. His importations for this season are varied and very choice, and as this house enjoys a reputation for first-class work at reasonable prices, we would advise those in need of a stylish suit to give Wallace a call.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Mr. W. A. Reddoe returned to Winnipeg on Saturday night.

House cleaning will soon keep the female portion of the community busy.

Mr. Thos. Hyslop, of Turnberry township, left the other day for Texas.

Lewis Wigle, M.P., of Essex, was registered at the Grigg House on Friday evening.

The Monetary Times says the late jailer of Middlesex has been installed by the Sheriff, officially.

Missionary meeting at Pall Mall Church this evening. Addresses by Revs. Walsh and Dadds.

The Board of Aldermen meet this evening for business. Let there be less wind and more work.

Mr John Campbell shipped Saturday another load of buckboards and Manitoba carts for the North-west.

The hotel licenses in Seaforth have been reduced from $150 to $115, and the shop licenses from $200 to $175.

Market gardeners cannot make too much haste to get things ready for an early production of "garden sass" this spring.

Mr. Daniel Graham, blacksmith, of Melrose, cut his foot badly the other day, while chopping at Mr. W. Harrison's.

Mr. Biddiges, Captain of the Wallace fire brigade, was entertained to an oyster supper on his return from California, last week.

Mr. John Wade, formerly of Mitchell, is about to depart for Southern Dakota, where he and Mr. James Honey have taken up land.

Mr. Geo. W. Joseph, of Guelph, has accepted a position in the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, and left for there on Friday.

Mr. J. F. Wood, of Sarnia, who recently lost his wife (formerly Miss Carter, of this city) in the West Indies, returned to the city Saturday.

The Directors of the West End Cheese Manufacturing Company, Tunkersmith, intend to convert their cheese factory into a butter factory.

Mr. T. W. Pascoe, of Stratford, has been appointed operator and freight clerk on the Canada Southern at Port Burwell Railroad at Tilsonburg.

A large eagle, measuring eight feet from tip to tip, was shot last Monday, just below the whirlpool, at Niagara Falls, by Benj. Thompson.

Instructed, the horse thief, was brought before Judge Davis in Chambers on Saturday, and on license to practice dentistry in $250 each he was liberated.

The other afternoon a little daughter of Mr. Calvin Pettit, of Moulton, died of croup, and later in the day a daughter of Mr. John Pettit also died.

Henry Johnstone, of Clandeboye, is visiting his son Ben, at Emerson, and Mr. Lawrance, of St. George, was also sojourning there early part of last week.

It was stated the other day that Mr. Wm. Bell, of Guelph, had delivered over as a claim for the cattle syndicate. It should have been his son, Lieutenant W. H. Heath.

Mr. W. H. Odell, of Belmont, one day lately shipped a car-load of live stock for the Manitoba market, consisting of 15 cows, two pairs of oxen and one span of horses.

Mr. W. E. Dobbyn, the editor and proprietor of the Chatham *Tribune*, paid the FREE PRESS a call on Saturday. Mr. Dobbyn is meeting with success in his daily paper venture.

A great many of the newspapers are now publishing the "cause why" the fact that Tommy seized his mother if the school teacher's ferrule was a piece of the board of education.

At noon Saturday Bridget Baldersan was brought to the Central Police Station on a charge of having been found in the neighborhood of Ferguson's lumber yard in a helpless condition of inebriety.

His Honor Judge Sinclair, of Hamilton; Hon. T. B. Pardee, M.P.P., of Sarnia; D. McCarthy, M.P.P., of Bothwell, and other local representatives were in the city Saturday, unanswered long.

A farmer named Williams, belonging to the county of Essex, while visiting his brother, Lot Dobson on Friday, became mentally deranged, and had to be taken care of by the police authorities.

Dr. Nugent, of Strathroy, will open a new dentist's parlors in that town to-day, to enquire into the cause of the fire at Beal & Co.'s store. Mr. John Cameron will represent the town at the examination.

Thos. Smith, of London South, was Friday night arrested by Detective Murphy and Constable Ecklin, on a peace warrant sworn out by Susanna Carty, who charges him with threatening his life. He was committed to jail for want of sureties.

Friday night a very exciting shooting match took place between Messrs. W. Johnston and T. Brock on one side, and Messrs. A. E. Ackley and F. Anglin on the other. The two latter gentlemen proved victorious, and partook of the oysters at the expense of their opponents.

Mr. Chas. S. Douglas, of the Emerson *International*, has returned home after a two months' sojourn in Ontario. He was accompanied by Mrs. Douglas. While down East they formed many acquaintances, and made numerous fast friends in this city and elsewhere.

The folly of allowing hay and straw on the Market Square was clearly demonstrated Saturday. At one time there were twenty-two loads standing on the Square, and caused much inconvenience to the buyer and seller. A separate stand should be immediately provided for this class of produce.

There is great necessity for a guard rail being near the south-west corner of Westminster Bridge. An accident which would have undoubtedly been serious was only prevented this morning by the coolness displayed by the driver of a high-spirited horse. The County Engineer should investigate.

The "spell of weather" during Saturday night and Sunday morning had a decidedly wintry aspect, but during the day the three inches of snow wilted considerably. There is no probability that there will be more than an hour's sleighing this spring. Vennor is clearly one ahead on this "prob."

Mrs. Wastie, wife of Mr. Thos. Wastie, late of this city, returned from the North-west on Friday evening, in company with her son, and the couple are registered at the Grigg House. She reports that many Londoners in Winnipeg have recently been afflicted with a species of snow blindness.

Messrs. Hugh Love, of Hill's Green, and Jas. Cooper, of Kilsyne, have imported from England a fold of Shropshire Down sheep. The sheep were purchased from Mr. Grafton, of Shrewsbury, Salop Perks, Nottinghamshire, England, and the rams were bred by Messrs. Rodgers, Elkish, Herefordshire, England, and from the very best stock in England.

A CASE OF HARDSHIP.—Some three weeks ago a colored man named W. H. Bell was arrested on a complaint of his wife, who charged him with threatening her life, and in default of sureties to keep the peace he was committed to jail. Saturday he was brought before Judge Davis and discharged without being called on to furnish bondsmen. It now turns out that the charge was made by the woman for the purpose of ridding herself for the time being of her legal husband. So soon as he was

40 40 40

St. Jacobs Oil 40 cts. per bottle. You will save money by buying your Patent Medicines from HARKNESS & Co, Dispensing Chemists, corner Dundas & Wellington Sts., London, Ontario.

MISSING FROM HOME.

A London Township Farmer Supposed to Have Fallen Into the River.

Peculiar Conduct of a Dog Near Blackfriars' Bridge.

On Thursday a farmer named James Watson, who resides on lot 17, 4 concession of London Township, near Stimson's tavern, visited the city, and became intoxicated. He was taken to the house of Mr. W. Ironside, but after a brief sleep expressed his intention of returning home, and was escorted by his host as far as the railway crossing on Ridout street, since which time nothing has been seen of him. His family reported the matter to the West End Detectives Saturday morning, and Detective Cuhram has been making enquiries regarding Mr. Watson, but up to three o'clock that afternoon had not obtained any definite information regarding him.

In this connection it may be stated that Mr. W. T. Duff and Mr. Dawson, of this city, and several others, while walking across Blackfriars' Bridge, between nine and ten o'clock Friday night, had their attention attracted towards the city side of the river, between the Bridge and the Mill Dam, by the continual barking and howling of a dog, which ran hither and thither along the edges of the bank and at times directed piteous cries incessantly. Some of the pedestrians repaired to the river side, and endeavored to quiet the animal, but their efforts were unavailing, and the dog continued to howl until an early hour in the morning. Mr. Watson's dog was in the habit of following him very frequently, and it is conjectured that while passing over the bridge the unfortunate man overbalanced himself and fell into the river. His numerous friends will be only too happy if the supposition turns out to be incorrect. Mr. Watson has been working at Mr. Duncan Barclay's during the winter cutting cordwood, and has a wife and large family dependant upon him for support, who are naturally very anxious to know his whereabouts. He was much attached to his horse, and was seldom, if ever, known to absent himself from the family circle, no matter where he worked or the distance to be travelled.

POLICE POINTS.

A Large Number of Unfortunates Placed Under Lock and Key.

Saturday was a busy day at the Central Police Station, owing to a large number of transgressors who had to be accommodated with lodgings. Thos. Cooper, a farmer, got outside of more whiskey than he could conveniently carry, and fell under the load. He afterwards fell into the hands of Detective Murphy and was escorted to the station. After sobering off he was fined $4.50 for the attentions received and was liberated.

A boy named David McMorgan was arrested on a charge of stealing lumber from Mr. John Hackett. The boy, Thomas McMorgan, came to police headquarters for the purpose of selling the lumber, but he came under the influence of liquor that it was deemed advisable to lock him up, and the charge of drunkenness was subsequently made his name on the blotter.

In the evening Sergt. Crawford visited a house on Queen's avenue, kept by Mary Smith, a woman not unknown to the police, and arrested her on a charge of keeping a disorderly house. George Gray was taken in custody as a frequenter of the house, and denies the charge, and says he went to the house for the purpose of selling a sewing machine.

Later on in the night Sergt. Crawford, accompanied by a posse of men, raided a house on the east end of Horton street, and took in charge Jane Jackson, Frances Bartlett, and Chas. Charity. Louisa Taylor, Wm. Charity and Eli Johnston. The two first-named are charged with being keepers of disorderly houses, and the others with being frequenters of the same. The house had been complained of by the neighbors, who state that night was often made hideous by the vagaries of the people who frequented it. On the 15th the Police Magistrate will hear both sides of the affair.

OUR EASTERN NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest Reported for Free Press Readers.

Saturday, March 11.

It is understood that Messrs. Crawford & Co., of the Globe Agricultural Works, claim that the loss by the recent fire is entirely to measure attributable to the delay in summoning the Fire Department, and there is a probability that the firm will apply at the next meeting of the City Council for exemption from taxation. Through a little management this work has, in a surprisingly short time, been brought almost to completion. The Company began operations on a paid up capital of $100,000.

A BUILDING AND LOT IN WALKERVILLE formerly used as a sugar refinery was purchased for $12,000, and to this was added $28,000 for new buildings, making $40,000 worth of buildings now on the premises with dockage front of 400 feet on the Detroit River, where boats of the deepest draft can come in. The building is five stories high, partly of wood and partly of brick, and a switch from the Great Western Railway brings the freight cars into the building; $20,000 worth of machinery is now in position and ready for work, and Mr. Turner expects to have the factory in full blast about the end of this month. Mr. Welgan, a practical chemist, will have charge of the process of manufacture. This gentleman escorted a representative of the FREE PRESS through the building on Saturday last and

EXPLAINED THE PROCESS,

the outlines of which are as follows:—The corn is first emptied into three circular bins holding 5,000 bushels; from there it is drawn off as required for use into five tubs, where it is soaked for 40 hours in water. One thousand bushels per day will be required to keep the factory in full work. After the corn is soaked it is pumped up wet and ground in that condition; three run of stones are required for this; from the stones it flows off on shaking sieves, where the coarse parts of the corn are caught and the part containing the starch conducted into the "rushouse" or starch room. John Hackett, the village of Thomas Morrison, came to police headquarters for the purpose of selling a load of lumber, but he came under the influence of liquor that it was deemed advisable to lock him up, and the charge of drunkenness was subsequently made his name on the blotter.

In the evening Sergt. Crawford visited a house on Queen's avenue, kept by Mary Smith, a woman not unknown to the police, and arrested her on a charge of keeping a disorderly house. George Gray was taken in custody as a frequenter of the house, and denies the charge, and says he went to the house for the purpose of selling a sewing machine.

Later on in the night Sergt. Crawford, accompanied by a posse of men, raided a house on the east end of Horton street, and took in charge Jane Jackson, Frances Bartlett, and Rev. W. Harridge, contributed materially to the enjoyment of the audience. The ladies expect to give an other entertainment of a similar character in a short time.

The Montreal *Journal of Commerce* says:—"Malcolm McBride, a London, Ont., shoe dealer, has assigned to a local creditor The liabilities are not known, but are not likely heavy, as he had never much means. McBride is said to be a good practical man, but has not been able to compete with men of capital, hence his difficulty, it is supposed."

POLICE COURT NOTES.—At Saturday's sitting the P. M. disposed of the following cases:—Mrs. Peters, the woman who was arrested for vagrancy, and afterwards gave birth to a child in jail, was further remanded. John Fenderguet, who was charged with being dangerous and unfit to be at large, was sent for examination before the County Judge. John Jones, the party arrested by Detective Murphy on a charge of stealing a can of horses from Mr. Johnston, of Strathroy, pleaded guilty, and will come up for sentence on Monday.

PROVINCIAL SYNOD.—The Provincial Synod of the Episcopal Church of Canada is called to meet at Montreal on the 27th of April next for the purpose of electing a successor to the late Right Rev. Bishop Fauquier, of Algoma.

Pure Norway
COD LIVER OIL
—ALSO—
Emulsion of Norway
COD LIVER OIL
CONTAINING
Fifty Per Cent. of Oil of Extra Fine Quality,
—IN—
HALF PINT & PINTS.
Price, 40 cts. and 75 cts.
PREPARED AND SOLD BY
WM. SAUNDERS.
SYRUP AND SUGAR.

A Manufactory Established at Walkerville, Thanks to the N. P.

How the Syrup is Manufactured—A Mammoth Establishment.

Some time ago a company was formed in New York for the purpose of instituting a manufactory for syrup and sugar in Canada, to be carried on under a new system and on a large scale. Mr. Turner, the secretary of the Company, was delegated to carry on the work of building and fitting up the factory, and under his quiet but energetic management the work has, in a surprisingly short time, been brought almost to completion. The Company began operations on a paid up capital of $100,000

FOUR GRADES OF CORN SYRUP

will be manufactured, and two of sugar. Six assistants of this nature they will be enabled to considerably augment their staff of workmen, and thus contribute largely to the prosperity of the city.

The recent revival in the C. M. Church has produced good results, and several of the new converts will be received into the church to-morrow.

The Town Clerk, Mr. Isaacs, claims that it is incompatible with his dignity to perform the services of an ordinary general utility man, and his opinion is that his salary should be increased. Mr. A. L. Pew, of Welland, is the President, and the Connell meeting a few nights since, he expressed his unwillingness to act as auditor, so that the Attorney will probably be called upon shortly to appoint another official.

A very successful parlor social was given at the residence of the pastor, Rev. G. Daniels, on Tuesday evening.

The special services in the Dundas Street East Methodist Church, conducted by Rev. Dr. Sanderson, have been very successful during the past two weeks, and the interest in them is steadily increasing. Special services will be continued nightly during the coming week.

This morning, as the Clerk, Mr. Isaacs, was proceeding to his office, he observed a fire in rear of the Free Press printing establishment. It had been kindled by a lot of mischievous urchins from a pile of rubbish, and had the wind continued to be blowing from a favorable quarter, a serious fire might have occurred.

Mayor Anderson and Reeve Bartlett yesterday had a interview with Hon. Mr. Carling in regard to the opening of Rectory street through his property, and that gentleman expressed his perfect willingness to allow the opening of the road, whenever it is decided to extend the thoroughfare through. It is also understood that the application has also been granted for the opening through Carling's Heights estate, and early action is contemplated upon the matter, as this new road will afford communication between the Gore, Hamilton road, Dundas street and the second concession of London township.

A funeral service will be preached in the Dundas Street East Methodist Church on Sunday evening by Rev. Dr. Sanderson, occasioned by the death of Miss Rose McCrawford.

New rhubarb has appeared in the market.

A number of mischievously inclined boys are making a determined effort to do death to Esther Lane's boarding factory. The floors have been torn up, the partitions broken down, shingles torn off and the whole structure dismantled The debris forms good material for occasional bonfires.

Mr. W. M. Allister, the popular news dealer, finds his present store inadequate for his increasing business, and on Wednesday next he will remove to the commodious premises lately occupied by Clark's grocery in the MacCormick block.

The King Street Presbyterian Church was well filled last evening on the occasion of the social entertainment there. A bountiful supply of edibles was served from the basement, and addresses were delivered in the auditorium by Rev. Messrs. Hall, Hodgkinson, Cooke, Daniels, Dr. Sanderson, and Mr. Hyndman, Q.C., M.P.P., in reference to the grant made by the Government to this worthy institution:—

Toronto, March 10, 1882.

"MY DEAR SIR,—I am glad to inform you that the supplementary exhibition contains an additional grant of $300 for our School of Art, so that the whole grant for the year will be $1,800. Your exhibit of the operations of the school was so satisfactory that the Government could not but recognise your claim to the amount voted. Yours faithfully,

"W. R. MEREDITH."

MEAN.—On Saturday, after the prisoner Jones had pleaded guilty to the charge of horse stealing, the parties from Strathroy who were looking after the team wanted to know from the Police Magistrate who was going to pay for the keeping of the horses, and intimated that they thought it quite a hardship if the expense, which would probably amount to $1.50, should fall on them. The Magistrate informed the large-hearted gentlemen that he had nothing to do with the matter, and just as they were turning away His Worship made a remark with reference to the standing reward of $50 for the capture and conviction of a horse thief. This caused two of the men to chuckle gleefully, and one of them remarked, "By gum, that's mine," and his companion responded with, "You just bet it is, Tom." They then left the court, and took possession of the team, never as much as saying "thank you" to the officer who had recovered the property. When it is remembered that the animals are valued at $300, and that when Detective Murphy came upon Jones he was about receiving $110 for one, the full extent of the meanness of the Strathroy men can be fully seen, but cannot be accounted for. If this is the way officers in the place named are encouraged to bringing to justice offenders against the law, no wonder that the conduct of officials needs investigating, as was done very recently.

DICKSON, NICHOLSON & CO.

An Establishment of More Than Ordinary Significance to London.

Among the many wholesale business houses recently established in this city, the extensive straw and India goods warehouse of Messrs. Dickison, Nicholson & Co. is deserving of special reference. This firm have taken the large and commodious premises on the east side of Richmond street, near York, lately occupied by Messrs. Robinson, Little & Co., the interior of which has been fitted up at considerable expense. A representative of the FREE PRESS visited the establishment on Saturday last, and found a large staff of clerks getting things in shape for the grand opening, which takes place on Thursday next, the 16th inst. A detailed description of what the firm have on view is impossible; let a cursory glance at the various departments, therefore, suffice. To begin on the first flat:—Here are neatly arranged, up, down and across, long tables on which are placed samples of the large and varied assortment of straw hats and bonnets. Each pile of one dozen is different from the other; and when it is stated that there are 500 different samples on view, something like an idea of the extent and variety of the stock on hand may be gained. The purchaser views the samples, makes his selections, and his order is filled from the surplus stock in the basement. The stock embraces all the newest designs in rush, chip and straw, and includes English, American, French and Swiss makes. In rear of this apartment are the packing and shipping rooms and business office. On the second flat is a large and varied display of silks and satins, dress, mantle and bonnet trimmings, fringes, millinery, ornaments, veilings, lace curtains, &c., embracing all the latest novelties. There is also on view in this room a large stock of parasols, at all prices and of every description, from the low priced cotton parasol to the utterly too-too æsthetic article, with a hand painted lily on the top of it. So extensive have the orders been in this line that the firm have been compelled to repeat three times already this season. Probably no more attractive sight exists in any establishment in the city than that which greets the eye on reaching the top flat, which is devoted to the display of a magnificent assortment of feathers and flowers, embracing natural black, white and colored ostrich tips, and flowers of every hue. A neat display of infants' costumes and widows' caps is also exhibited here. A portion of the flat is partitioned off and occupied by a large staff of milliners, where numerous shapes are daily transformed into dandies of bonnets. The firm claim that there is but one establishment of the kind in the Dominion (and that in Montreal) that can equal it for the extent and variety of stock. Messrs. D., N. & Co. import direct; and although scarcely fairly started, they have already laid the foundation of a good trade, having received numerous orders from Toronto, Hamilton, St. Catharine's, Guelph, Galt, Brantford, Stratford, Woodstock, St. Thomas, Chatham and Winnipeg. Taken altogether, the prospects of this new firm are exceedingly bright.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Ladies, now is the time to have your Lace Curtains renovated. They can be done up in first-class style at the London Steam Laundry, 357 King street, between Clarence and Wellington streets.—MOORHEAD & STOCK WELL.

REMOVAL.—Dr. Gardiner has removed from Dufferin Block to brick house on Queen's avenue, between Adelaide and Elizabeth streets. Rear entrance to office through archway in corner of McCormick's Block. Ofoodif

JUST RECEIVED.—The spring and summer set of patterns, Portfolios and What to Wear Calico for a catalogue. Also a large stock of embroideries at MISS F. HALLIDAY, 161 Dundas street.

FRESH BREAD WITHIN.—A. MOUNTJOY & CITY Hall.

VISITING CARDS.—Ladies' and gentlemen's visiting cards engraved to order at the FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

LA NAPOLITAINE.—New music for the Piano very pretty. Dawn of Hope Waltzes by Estelle Mansfield; Pretty Lassies, by D'Albert; Patience Waltz, by D'Albert, The Opera of Patience, in full vocal score; Twilight, a ballad, by L. S. Bishop; all at W. H. CARDLE'S, the stationer, 417 Richmond street.

New Spring Dry Goods opening out at J. J. GIBBONS'.

New Spring Dress materials, new Prints new Cottons, new Embroideries, &c., at J. J. GIBBONS'.

Dried Fruits, California Apricots, Raisin Cured Prunes, Pitted Prunes, Evaporated Plums and Peaches just received at R. MOUNTJOY'S.

MANHATTAN FEED.—Do not be gulled by parties offering you any other, and saying it is the same. Only to be had at 276 Dundas street, McBroom's, Market Square; Jackson's, London East, and Bremner's, Richmond street.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap. 275 Kildout street.

MISS E. B. ALLEY, 191 Dundas street, has on hand a fine assortment of winter millinery and wool goods, which will be sold at cost, to make room for spring stock.

O. R. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall paper, window shades, spring rollers, picture frames, mirrors, &c. Paper hanging, whitewashing and curtains put up by new hands in town or country, 222 Dundas street.

The newest pattern in glassware at Hall's crockery store, the only one that has it in the city. No. 10, Market Square.

MASONIC TEMPLE STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING AND PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT.—Heating by low pressure, steam, hot water & exhaust steam. Plumbing in private residences a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. None but first-class men employed. HEARD & GREENAWAY, 10 Masonic Temple, King street.

CHEMITSAN.—New Jewelry. New clocks. Best watch in the city. Repairing and Engraving a specialty. White Store, the old corner man, at WESTLAND'S, second door north of City Hall, Richmond street. Will give solid silver for your money. 41-tf

Visitors to the city will find HAWTHORN'S Hotel Restaurant, 305, 307, 309 Dundas street, the most convenient place for meals. Oysters received daily in bulk and in shell. Everything reasonable and in season.

EMBOSSED STATIONERY.—Monograms, arms, crests and mottoes.—FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

REVERE HOUSE.—The family hotel of LEE & HAMILTON, Toronto. Terms, from $1 to $1.50 per day. JOHN McDO aid, proprietor Late

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING BY INVALID and others. All wire mattresses and woven-wire mattresses are now reduced from $6 to $5, at the factory. E. N. HUNT, 382 Richmond Street. Lilly

CHESTER'S ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignment of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts, also fancy goods and stationery The old reliable store, established 1870. Lilly

JOHN TAUSON, 404 Clarence street, corner of Dundas, is the best place to get Christmas slippers, skating boots and shoes shoes made to order. Lilly

MISS J. STRACKEY (from Regent street, London, Eng.) 213 Dundas street. Caps for evening wear from the latest French designs; choice wreaths, flower necklets and bouquets for the hair and corsage made to order Crape Lisse trimmed.

ISAAC BOOOD, Jeweller and Watchmaker, corner of Richmond and York streets, opposite Irving House, will sell cheaply for cash till 1st January next. This is a good opportunity for those wishing to make Xmas and New Year's gifts. Premises coming down to make room for Birrell Block. Kildy

Scotch wool underclothing cheap at J. J. GIBBONS'.

Watch and clock materials and tools at K. C. MARSHALL'S, 213 Dundas street, London. Kildy

W. J. BRYANTON is selling parlor suites a very low prices. They are warranted first class. Manufactured on the premises No. 11 King street, opposite the Market. W. J. BRYANTON.

MISS BUCKLEY, Milliner, 213 Dundas street London, agent for Mdme. Dubois of Rue, ostrich feather manufacturers, Toronto. Bronze used in Toronto and London Exhibitions. ly

DAVIS & SON, Established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Clocks, Watches and Plated ware, Novelties, Mineral Clocks and Insurance from Colorado. Give us a call.

R. S. MURRAY & CO. are prepared to fit up churches, public buildings, hotels and private residences with Brussels, Whitlan, velvet, tapestry, three-ply Kidderminster and Dutch carpets, India and China matting, English oil cloth, cut to fit rooms; American and Canadian cloth. Largest stock of house furnishings in America. Carpets made and laid at very small charges.—184 Dundas st. and 126 Carling st. ly

The Channel Tunnel.

Two parties, one consisting of professional and scientific gentlemen, and the other of representatives of the press, have visited the channel tunnel boring at Dover, by invitation of Sir Edward Watkin. The tunnel, which commences at the bottom of a shaft 100 feet deep, has been carried a distance of 1,100 yards, 500 of which are under the sea, and the length of the boring in operation at the rate of about 100 yards a week. The conditions of the work are described as most satisfactory. The rock—the lower grey chalk stratum—though easy to work, is impervious to water. The boring is being carried on simultaneously by the French and English companies from each side of the strait, and a junction is expected to be made precisely in mid-channel. The rock is excavated by a machine worked by compressed air, and the sub-way, which is perfectly ventilated, is illuminated by the electric light. The direction of the tunnel from the English coast under the sea, is towards the end of the Admiralty pier at Dover, and from there it will bend in a curve to the French coast opposite. It is calculated that at the present rate of excavation on both sides, the tunnel would be completed in three years and a half. The experimental boring is now 1½ feet in diameter.

With regard to the apprehensions expressed in certain quarters as to the military danger of a tunnel, a "distinguished Prussian officer of the scientific branch of the army," whose views are said to be endorsed by Count Moltke, contends that the tunnel would be the source of little or no danger to either country for the purpose of invasion. *The Standard's* correspondent, who sends the account, adds that his informant said:—"I should not like to be in the tunnel nor to risk the lives of my troops by leading them through. In fact, I should not dream of attempting an invasion through such a tunnel." The invasion of England through the proposed tunnel he considered impossible. "You might as well," said Europe's great strategist, pointing to the entrance to his library, "you might as well talk of invading her through that door." Appliances studied by those for blowing up the Ithine bridges at Cologne and Strasburg, which could at any moment be instantaneously done, would prove amply sufficient for the safety of the Channel Tunnel."

BURGLARS ARRESTED.—On Saturday morning Stang Chief and Sam Lindsay, two notorious burglars and thieves, were arrested by a posse of Hamilton police near Copetown, shortly after they had returned from visiting Harbank a store at Lyadon, where their operations were interrupted by a watchman. They were captured at the house of a Mrs. Lewis, who, with a cab driver named Alfred Haney or Hanley, were arrested as accomplices. Gunpowder and burglars tools were found upon their persons and seized. When Chief Stewart cornered Lindsay, the latter showed fight. He grabbed for his revolver which lay near him, loaded and at full cock. The Chief was too quick for him and drawing a bead on Lindsay, ordered him to throw up his hands over his head. Lindsay raised his hands, but instead of holding them over his head, he banged the Chief on the nose twice. The Chief retaliated by knocking Lindsay in a corner, where he was handcuffed after another ineffectual attempt to secure his revolver.

ONTARIO DENTAL SURGEONS.—The annual examination of candidates for certificates of qualification to practice dentistry in Ontario concluded. Twenty four students presented themselves, of whom the following passed successfully, viz:—Fred J. Rowe, John Wells, Charles S. Knight, Geo. A. Richardson, M. S. Henry, S. S. Davidson, A. J. Robertson, J. D. Hamil, John C. Hamilton, H. Hall, J. A. Smith, D. McFarlane, J. A. Liddell, F. J. Stowe, A. O. McKinley, C. H. Riggs, C. A. McNairn, J. J. Teetzel, J. Hall, Jr., and W. H. Kerr, the latter gaining gold medallist, F. J. Brown; college gold medallist, John Wells; college silver medallists, C. S. Knight and G. A. Richardson; honor men, F. J. Brown, G. A. Richardson, M. S. Henry and John Wells.

Financial and Commercial.

MANITOBA AND NORTH-WEST LANDS WANTED BY THE
London Real Estate and Agency Association.

Address T. W. GRAHAM, Manager, giving section, township, range, price and terms. Ontario farms also wanted; property bought and sold on commission. Bond investment securities purchased. Rents collected. Money to loan on stocks bought and sold. Office—Masonic Temple Building, London, Ont. G397

Official Report of the London Stock Exchange.

London, Ont., March 11.

	Buyers.	Sellers.
Bank of Montreal	213	214
Bank of Commerce	144	145
Merchants' Bank	132	133
Molsons Bank	127	128
Commercial Bank	107½	108
Ontario Bank	92	94
Bank of Toronto	173½	175
Imperial Bank	130	130
LOAN COMPANIES.		
Huron & Erie	150	161
Canada Loan & Deb	120	125
Dominion	121	125
Agricultural	100	105
Canada Landed	124	130
Canada Perm. & Savings	114	119
Ont. Inv	103	107
Real Estate	100	110
Loyal Standard	110	115
Equity	101	107
Mutual Life Association, ordinary	1144	
do. pref	106	
Ontario Mutual	100	
London Real Estate	100	110
Canada Life	110	
London Street Railway	100	
City Light and Heating	100	
Masonic Temple	100	

Provincial Stock Market.

Reported by S. P. Clark & Co., London.

Stock Exchange, Montreal,

CARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR

Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

AND STOCK LAGER,

In casks and bottles. Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED

HALF & HALF,

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Died.

In London East, on the 19th inst. Elizabeth, wife of Benjamin Allen, aged 58 years.

☞ Funeral will leave her late residence, Queen's avenue, between English and Ontario streets, on Tuesday, the 21st inst. Service at 2.30, and funeral at 3.

Rev. Duncan McColl, B.A., at his home in Westminster, on March 19th, aged 39.

☞ Friends please accept this notice. Funeral on Tuesday, 21st inst., at 10 a. m.

Worthy Reed, London South, on Monday, the 20th inst., of croup, Roland Hill, only son of Samuel and Elizabeth Ingram, aged 3 years and 1 month.

☞ Funeral Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Service at 9.30 a. m.

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MEETINGS.

K. O. T. M.—RHEUBEN TENT, No. 10, meets this evening at 7.30, at the Executive Office, Dundas street. As business of importance comes before this meeting it is requested that every member of the Tent be present whether in good standing or not. FRANK RICHMAN, Commander.

THE RAVENS TO-NIGHT AT 7.30. Trowels at 8. 21

LECTURES.

A TREAT OF NO ORDINARY KIND.—Those who go to St. Andrew's Church on Wednesday evening to hear Rev. J. Thompson, of Ayr, lecture on "Canon Farrington." Black-board illustrations, with music and instrumental accompaniment by Mr. Thomson and the Church Choir. Admission—Silver collection. 19tf

BUSINESS CHANCES

A GOOD CHANCE FOR SOME ONE to start a brick or tile yard. No other yard in the vicinity. Apply to Wm. Hayes, Clay pond, Address—W. J. Evans, St. Mary's, Ont. 20tf

BRYTON HOUSE LIVERY STABLE to rent. Room for twelve horses. The party renting to purchase hotel property if he desires. Apply on the premises of the undersigned, Bryton, on the G. T. R. Thos. Kelly

HOTEL PROPERTY AND furniture for sale in the thriving village of Aylmer, Ont., doing a first-class paying business. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. For further particulars apply to or on the premises. Aylmer, Ont. 20-21tf

STOCK FOR SALE IN ONE OF the most thriving villages in Western Ontario, consisting of groceries, boots and shoes, crockery and glassware. All new and well assorted. Will be disposed of on reasonable terms. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Cling to town. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Cling to town. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Cling to town

FOR FIRST-CLASS
GROCERIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS,
At the Very Lowest Prices,
GO TO WILSON AND MUNRO'S,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co.
158 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, March 21, 1882.

BUT WHERE IS THE WHALE?

The Toronto *World* compares Sir Richard Cartwright to the unlucky Jonah of ancient times, and asserts that he should be thrown overboard forthwith. This is unkind. No doubt Sir Richard deserves to be thrown overboard, but how is the *World* sure that there is any kind of "whale" swimming in our political waters who would put his fin at the right time, rescue the poor wretch from the capacity of the waves, and land him safely (after some curious experience) on dry land? To cast Jonah overboard was well enough, because the great fish had been prepared for the occasion. But who is there to prepare any such accommodation for Sir Richard? Not one! On the contrary, once put overboard by the Grits he would sink to rise no more. He would disappear like a stone from observation, and trouble us by his screamings no longer. The *World* has heard, probably, that the Critic of Centre Huron have renominated him out of "sympathy." It is kind of them, no doubt. Yet if they really appreciated how damaging Sir Richard has been to the Grit cause they would have declined to set sail in the same boat with him again. However, that is their own affair. If they prefer to keep an unworkable man to the front, and insist that Gritism and Cartwright are one and the same thing, well and good. In that case the "sympathy" should be transferred from Cartwright to the Grits. Indeed, they are much to be pitied in this matter, they with their Jonah. The *World* is conscious of the true state of the case as it appears at Toronto. There it is a recognized truth, that though Sir Richard never did anything in particular to "elevate the standard of morality," he did a great deal to damage the Grit cause by his fiduciary utterances, his cast-iron wilfulness and his miserable finance. Latterly his offensive rudeness have added an element to his blunders of so marked a kind as almost to blackball him in the opinion of Parliamentarians. No interest can prosper which has Sir Richard as its prospective Finance Minister. Though no doubt an estimable man in private life, his public demeanor is of a nature to exasperate and repel. He says unnecessary things at inopportune times in a spiteful way, and this works up a feeling against himself in Parliament which is communicated to the country. Not long since the *Globe*, seeing how he was slipping and sliding in public estimation, ran up the black flag on his account. "Reform" and Cartwright must stand or fall together. That was its behest. It's a very bargain for "Reform," and not much better for Cartwright. It was up to the strength of this that the men of Centre Huron consented to stand by the factious Grit for the time above. At last, they got their nomination. Whether he will get their votes is another matter entirely. If they wish to load themselves with such kind of cargo it need not surprise them if their ship will be buffeted by the waves, and stand a good chance of going to pieces bodies. The *World* means well to the cause. At one time it worked heartily with it. Now-a-days, when it sees so much to object to, finds that the Grits are divorced from wisdom, and are retrograding rather than advancing in public estimation, it naturally looks out for the causes. Among them it sees the chronic fear of a knight, a mistake and mayhap in their ranks. So it says, "Overboard with "him, *a la* Jonah!" And yet there is no whale "provided."

THE TREE POLICY.

A Clear Grit paper contends that the Canadian tariff ought to be based upon enlightened selfishness. And so it is. The policy of Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Blake was one of stupid self-sacrifice. Of this they had daily reminders, of which, however, they took little heed. When told that Canada was passing into its condition of a drudge for her more powerful rival, these patriotic statesmen said, in effect, that such a condition was an unobjectionable one, that it was not the part of wisdom to seek a change by legislative means, and, moreover, that legislation would be useless to that end. They said we should go on buying our cottons from the Massachusetts millionaires, rather than patronize the struggling Canadian manufacturer. It was all right on our part to add to the vast riches of American cotton makers, but all wrong for Canadians in the same trade to make money out of their fellow-citizens. They said it was all right for us to buy the inferior sugar made from corn in American factories, but wrong to encourage the manufacture amongst ourselves of the honest, merchantable sugar extracted from the cane of the West Indies. We are daily told by the *Globe* and other Grit sheets, as well as Grit orators, that it is a good reason, and one which Mr. Redpath to visit Europe, and take a prominent place as a man of wealth from Canada, but it is thought to be all right that the American glucose manufacturer ought to be able to add to their enormous per centages at the expense of the Canadian people. And the same with other things. Their policy, if allowed to be carried out to its legitimate end, would have proven a suicidal one for the country. It would have kept it always in a state of weakness and dependence. It aimed at nothing more advanced for Canada than to be the hewers of wood and drawers of water for their Republican neighbors. It was a policy of retrogression, of self-abnegation, and national degeneracy. The common instinct of self-preservation seemed to have deserted our Grit friends, who stuck to exploded dogmas with bull-dog tenacity. The country, through the Liberal-Conservative leaders, however, spoke up in favor of a more selfish policy, or, as our Clear Grit contemporary puts it, "A Canadian tariff based upon enlightened selfishness." They carried that policy into effect with results which have more than gratified the highest expectations. Of the existence of a vast and beneficial change coincident with that policy, there is no attempt at denial. It is all there, forming the basis of a state of public contentment such as never before been exceeded in Canada or elsewhere.

Herald, discussing the ticket says—There does not seem to ...ity for legislation to meet a ...things which the railway com... brought about, and which they ...ed to by charging according to ... travelled. In other words, ... and local rates the same ... The House had better ... to remedy this matter ... consequence.

A FORTUNATE PEOPLE.

Londoners can only realize how fortunate they are in the matter of a public water supply when they contrast their position in this respect with that of other and larger communities. The foul state of the water in Toronto and Montreal is notorious. Things living and dead and refuse of all kinds find lodgment in the supply pipes. Boston is no better off. The presence of putrid and otherwise offensive animal and vegetable matter taken from the hydrants there in the past few months have been the theme of many scientific lectures and newspaper articles. But it is now said that Philadelphia is worse supplied with water for drinking than almost any city on this continent. The water which the inhabitants are obliged to use is said to be unpleasant to the sight, to the smell and to the taste, and to be inferior to even that used by the people of St. Louis, New Orleans and other cities and towns who derive their supply from the Mississippi. The physicians attribute to its impurity and evil effects many of the diseases from which the people of Philadelphia have lately been suffering. Nothing of this kind can be said of the water in ordinary use in this city, which is at all times in the year sparklingly clear and cool, conveying no suggestion of a filter.

CURRENT TOPICS.

There are said to be a number of applications for the post of Inspector of Prisons and Asylums, vacated by the resignation of Mr. Langmuir. The Government are, therefore, in some difficulty as to a choice. It is understood that instead of having an Inspector at a large salary and an assistant or Deputy-Inspector at a smaller salary, to have two Inspectors at the same salary, one taking the eastern and the other the western district. The vacancy will probably be filled this week.

The English papers announce the death, on the 22nd of February, of the Dowager Countess of Essex, at the great age of 88. To the world of to-day the name carries with it no memories. It is only known that a lady of rank has passed away; but there are traditions of the Regency which speak of "Kitty Stephens," whose grace as an actress, and, still more, her charms as a singer, set the London world of sixty years ago in a flame. Miss Stephens yielded to the wooing of the fifth Earl of Essex and became his Countess.

The rate of taxation in Italy is very high. Land is heavily burdened. The communal and provincial taxes not only add much to the rate of taxation, but greatly aggravate their incidence. The wretched "lotto" produces to the Italian revenue a gross amount of about $13,500,000 per annum, from which must be deducted the amount won and heavy expenses of shops and agencies, amounting to not less than $9,000,000, leaving probably a net receipt of $4,500 000. This amount is contributed by the most ignorant portion of the kingdom.

Salt taken from Texas green hides and scattered along the street car tracks in Boston to melt the snow and ice, proved more expensive than the pure article. Hundreds of street car horses, one-tenth of the fire department horses and many horses owned by private individuals have been poisoned about the feet by the salt which in many instances was mixed with putrid fish and impregnated with the disease of the animals from which the skins containing the salt were taken. The feet swell to three times their natural size, incapacitating the horse for use.

Last year a well-known English railway had to buy several pieces of land along its line, and the cost of the transfers furnish a startling example of the need for reform in the land-transfer methods in England. For the land itself a total sum of over $635 000 was paid; for conveyancing charges the company had to pay additional $74,500. A piece of land at Bradford cost $16,000; the legal charges on it were $4,900. A piece at Tapton cost $6,500, and the charges were $605. Elsewhere some land cost $6,320, and the expenses were $2,840, while there was one case where the charges exceeded the purchase price, being $496 as against $431.

Oscar Wilde is lecturing a second time in some of the Western cities. On these reappearances he wears a suit of dark velvet, knee breeches, black silk stockings, white gloves, and a bunch of lace at his throat. The new lecture is on the aesthetics of dwellings and contains a passage on Anvil. This name, which, as delivered in Chicago, is reported as follows:—"When the lecturer entered the room in America he saw a carpet of vulgar pattern; he saw, perhaps, a crocked plate on a wall with a peacock's feather smack behind it; he sat down on a badly glued, machine-made chair that creaked upon being touched; he saw gaudy gilt horror in the shape of a mirror, and a cost from monstrosity for a chandelier. Everything he saw was made to sell."

The flower most recently taken into decorative favor is the purslain blossom, whose bold yellow proves even more effective than the sunflower, as it can be used in larger single masses, and it also has the aid of the wayward vine adapting it to ease in which the sunflower is impossible. Some of the handsomest articles which the holidays produced were decorated with the purslain flower and vine. There may be mentioned as one of these a Damascus-red enamel lambrequin, over which was painted the purslain vine and flowers running riot. A long oblong mirror, framed in wood and called a mitted dark red, was also decorated with the purslain flower, and here were also introduced small yellow pumpkins, the tops only being seen on the frame of the mirror.

A practical use has at last been found for archery. General M. C. Meigs and others have been experimenting in Washington with shooting arrows with a life line attached for fire escapes. No difficulty was experienced in throwing an arrow to which was tied a line, over an eighty-foot flag staff. An arrow with 150 feet of cord wound on it was thrown at least 160 feet. It is expected that with a little practice firemen will be able to throw the end of a line into any window seventy-five feet above the pavement. Such twine will hold the weight of 100 feet of rope which will support a ton. The Potomac archers propose to offer a prize to the best archer among the firemen at the next tests of the shooting season, which begins in April and closes in November. They will ask the Washington fire department that some of the firemen be permitted to shoot with them from time to time and also practice archery at the engine houses.

It ought to be a matter for real satisfaction to the people of Canada that the Indians's gift to the suffering districts on the Irish coast, during the year of distress, was the means not only of allaying the hardships of the Irish fishermen, but also of giving a fresh impulse to the industry in which they are engaged. At a meeting held lately in London for the promotion of the International Fisheries Exhibition of 1883 (an outline of the aims and leading features of which we have already given), the Duke of Edinburgh said that the two hundred pounds given the fishermen by Canada to buy nets had had the result of making the recipients realize no less than twelve hundred pounds by their take of mackerel alone. The fact is adduced by the *Standard* to show that the neglect attributed to the coast people of Ireland of one of their most valuable revenues is due, in a great measure, to their lack of means of acquiring the necessary apparatus. The *Standard* also thinks that, in this connection, the proposed exhibition cannot fail to be beneficial not merely in directing attention to the improved methods, but also in showing how the fisheries may be preserved and developed, and turned to the best account. "It ought, says that journal, "to read us valuable lessons as to the preservation and development of our fisheries, and it may prompt the state to extend generous, yet judicious, aid to poor but industrious communities like that which in Ireland put to such an excellent use the charitable donation of their Canadian friends."

The Quebec *Chronicle* protests strongly against the presence of so many deformed beggars in its streets. It says:—"We need not particularize the many evils which must spring from these distressed and unfortunate creatures. Medical men have declared that many of their patients in a delicate condition have been so shocked at seeing these poor deformed creatures that the most serious consequences have happened to them. We cannot afford to countenance in our streets the existence of these beggars a day longer. The laws of health must not be infringed upon. Our authorities must move in the matter at once, and have these people removed from public sight. No city in the world, not even in Naples, the land of mendicants, and the most beautiful bay on the European continent, would tolerate such scenes as we have been obliged to put up with. We think it needless just for such cases. They cost the country and the charitable vast sums of money annually to keep up. Why not have these deformed men placed in one of these homes, where proper care can be taken of them, and fearful consequences to a large portion of our community avoided!

Of the Queen of Italy the Rome correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* writes:—"The Queen of Italy is not a handsome woman, but she has an interesting face—what the Italians call *simpatico*. It is, however, a sad, weary, pathetic face. Margherita of Savoy, notwithstanding her grand old name and blood, is not royal in appearance; she has no majesty of presence, no dignified bowing or movement. Her walk is most ungraceful; she takes short, nibbling steps, hesitating, as if she dreaded trips and falls. Her Majesty is, however, most affable and gracious in her manners, and has at command any amount of agreeable remarks—what is called 'small talk.' She puts the shyest stranger at ease instantly, and gives the impression of being a kindly hearted woman who would rather be agreeable than 'huffy' to any one, especially to strangers; but there is a strong shadow and tone of boredom in her look and voice."

There are no less than thirty separate Bills now before the English House of Commons dealing with the subject of electric lighting. Of these, thirteen are promoted by town councils, ten by gas companies, and seven by corporations organized for the purpose of supplying electric light. Among the towns and cities applying for power to use electric light are Aberdeen, Blackburn, Bolton, Dundee, Glasgow, Hull, Macclesfield and Manchester. It seems to be a foregone conclusion in England that electricity will supply the light of the future. It is also a settled thing that the wires of the various companies must be laid underground, except in cases where such a course would be impracticable.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Proceedings in the House of Commons.

By Special Telegraph from Our Own Reporter.

Ottawa, March 29.—The House met at 3.30.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Mr. Vanasse—An Act to regulate the floating of certificates on the navigable portion of the River St. Francis.

Hon. Mr. Blake—I would like to ask, Mr. Speaker, if this is the same Bill which was introduced last year, and the year before, and the year before that?

Mr. Vanasse—It is.

Hon. Mr. Blake—I thought all the cordwood had been brought down by this time.

WELLAND CANAL.

Hon. Mr. Blake called attention to the delay in bringing returns, and especially to the return ordered on the motion for the letting of section 27, Welland Canal.

Sir Charles Tupper said he had been waiting for the presence of the hon. member for Lambton in the House in order to make a statement with reference to the Welland Canal contract. There were some additional papers in that case, but he did not think it would be in the public interest to bring them down. Mr. Page, who acted as a private arbitrator in the case, was of opinion that some of the papers were of a private nature, and should not be included in the return. If the hon. gentleman had the same opinion, but suggested that Mr. Page would submit the papers to the member for Lambton, or to the leader of the Opposition at any time that was convenient to them.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie said he would like to take the responsibility of deciding alone whether he would look at papers which were said to be private memoirs of the House. He would take a day or two to think over the matter.

THIRD READINGS.

Mr. Cameron (Victoria) moved that the Act to grant certain powers to the "American Telegraph and Cable Company" be referred back to committee to strike out the clause referring to crossing the Pacific Ocean.

The Bill was referred back, amendments reported, read a first and second time, and the Bill read a third time and passed.

Mr. White (Cardwell) moved that the Bill respecting the Mutual Life Insurance Company be referred back to Committee for amendment by reducing the qualification of Directors from fifty shares to Twenty-five, so as to enable the Company to form local boards.

The Bill was referred back, amended, reported as amended, amendments adopted, and the Bill as amended read a third time and passed.

The Act respecting the Niagara Grand Island Bridge Company was read a third time and passed.

Mr. White (Hastings) moved the third reading of the Act respecting the New York & Ontario Finance Company.

Hon. Mr. Blake objected to the Bill on the ground that it was doubtful whether the Act did not trench on the powers of the Local Legislature.

Mr. Cameron (Victoria) said several similar Bills had been passed by this House.

The Bill was read a third time and passed.

The House went into Committee on the following Bills, which were reported from Committee and were reported:—To incorporate the Saskatchewan Pacific Railway Company; to incorporate the Clements Steamship Company; to incorporate the Planters' Bank of Canada.

Mr. Cameron (Victoria) moved the third reading of the Bill to incorporate the Edison Electric Light Company.

Hon. Mr. Blake argued at some length to show that the Act was a local one, and came within the scope of the Local Legislature.

Hon. Mr. Mills followed in a similar strain, holding that the British North America Act clearly left Acts of this kind, which were local in their nature, under the control of the Local Legislature.

Sir John Macdonald contended that the British North America Act was susceptible of a wider interpretation, and that it was perfectly competent for this Parliament to adopt such Acts, and Parliament had frequently passed similar Acts since 1867, such as the Acts incorporating the *Globe* Printing Company, the *Mail* Printing Company, &c.

The discussion was continued up to six o'clock.

After recess, the Act incorporating the Edison Electric Light Company passed through Committee.

The following Bills also passed through Committee:—To incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Huron; to amend the Act respecting connected therewith; to incorporate the American Electric Light Company of Canada; to amend and consolidate as amended the several Acts relating to the British North American Insurance Company.

THE CREDIT FONCIER.

Mr. Girouard (Jacques Cartier) moved the second reading of the Bill to enlarge and extend the powers of the Credit Foncier, Franco-Canadian.

Hon. Mr. Blake objected to enlarging the powers of the Company, unless its exceptional privileges were taken away. The Company had obtained extraordinary privileges on the understanding that they only charged six per cent. interest, and now they want to have that limit taken off, so that they could charge what they pleased.

Mr. Bourassa briefly opposed the Bill, in French, and moved the six months' hoist.

Mr. Girouard (Jacques Cartier) said the only exceptional privilege the Credit Foncier had was that it was the only Company allowed to have a representative in France, and the Company put so little value on that that he was authorized to consent to that privilege being withdrawn. He contended that the Credit Foncier had had the effect of bringing the rate of interest on farm property down to six per cent. When the Company was formed money was only worth four to five per cent. in France, and the Company was able to loan money in Canada at six per cent. In the present financial condition of France money was worth six per cent. there. The Company did not want to charge exceptional rates; it only wanted to have a margin of one per cent. between the price of money in France and here. He would be willing to incorporate a Limited of that kind in the Bill.

Mr. McClung supported the amendment. He did not think farm property could afford to pay more than 6 per cent.

Mr. Flint supported the amendment and opposed granting the Company power to charge more than six per cent.

Mr. White (Hastings) said the Company had been of immense service not only to the Province of Quebec, but to the whole Dominion, in forcing down the rate of interest. He opposed allowing the Company to increase the rate.

Mr. Casgrain said the Company must take the changes of the fluctuations of the market. When money was only worth 3 or 4 per cent. in Paris they got the benefit of the difference. He opposed the Bill because it was infringing on the usual Act.

Mr. Henon opposed any change in the rate of interest.

Mr. Desjardins supported the Bill, holding that it was unwise to drive capital out of the country. Even if the Company was allowed to raise its value, it would still have to compete with other capitalists, and the increased competition would tend to keep rates down.

Mr. Wallace (Norfolk) opposed granting any enlarged powers to the company.

Mr. Courval thought that if any change was made, a fixed rate of interest ought to be put in the Bill.

Mr. Scriver said the high rate of interest in France at present was very exceptional. In a few months money there might only be worth three or four per cent.

Mr. Vanit thought the rate might be limited to seven per cent. (Cries of "No, no.")

Mr. Girouard (Jacques Cartier) contended that the Bill should not be so summarily dealt with, but should be referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce, and if that committee liked to limit the rate to seven or eight per cent. he would accept it.

The House then divided, and the six months' hoist was carried. Yeas, 106; nays, 30.

The House adjourned at 10.35.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. McLelan—On Wednesday next—Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolution:—That it is expedient further to amend, and consolidate as amended, the Act 31 Vic., chap. 65, and the Act amending it, respecting the inspection of steamboats and the greater security of passengers by them.

Hon. Mr. Mousseau—On Wednesday next—Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolution:—That it is expedient to amend the Inland Revenue Act of 1880, 43 Vic., Chap 19; (1) By prescribing the license fee to be paid for a bonding warehouse when in the same building with a Customs warehouse; (2) By repealing the duty of twenty cents per lb. on ammonia Canada twist, imposed by section 35, sub-section 10, and providing that it shall pay the same duty as other tobacco manufactured exclusively from leaf grown in Canada under sub-section 8, such duty to be reduced from 14 cents to 8 cents per lb. for the two years next after the passing of the Act, and to 10 cents per lb. for the two years then next; (3) By reducing the duty under sub-section 9 of the said section 35, on cigars made solely from tobacco grown in Canada, from 30 cents to 20 cents per lb.; and by providing for a monthly payment equal to the cost of properly surveying the establishment by any party licensed to use a chemical still; (4) By making certain amendments to facilitate the working of the said Act, but not affecting the rates of duty imposed by it.

Mr. Mills—On Wednesday next—To have the following items of the Public Accounts of 1880 referred to the Committee of Public Accounts for enquiry:—W. R. Howe, professional services, $1,500; A. McArthur, professional services, $750; W. Murdock, Q. C., $14,499 47.

OTTAWA NOTES.

Miscellaneous Gossip from the Dominion Capital.

Special from our own Reporter.

THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF CANADA.

Ottawa, March 20.—Messrs. John Henry Willan, of Quebec; John Reade, of Montreal; Sandford Fleming, W. P. Lett, T. C. Keefer, E. Whyte, Dr. Grant and Dr. Robt. Bell, of Ottawa, have been appointed by His Excellency members of the Historical Section of the Royal Society of Canada.

THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Mr. Carrier, M. P., is mentioned as the most probable successor of the late Postmaster Baker, but, in the event of his declining such honor, Mr. Taylor, the proprietor of the *Citizen*, is spoken of as likely to get the appointment.

THE SALARIES OF THE SENATE.

It is said that the two vacant Senatorships will shortly be filled, and the names of Dr. Grant, of Ottawa, and Col. Gratsley, of Cobourg, are mentioned therewith.

THE DEPUTY-MINISTER OF JUSTICE.

Mr. Lash, Deputy-Minister of Justice, has tendered his resignation, to take effect at the close of the session. He will enter the law firm of which Mr. Blake is the head, and which will be known as Blake, Kerr, Lash & Cassels. It is said he is guaranteed $8 000 per annum. His salary as Deputy-Minister was $4,000, but he was allowed certain fees in addition.

SIR JOHN AND THE LENNOX CONSERVATIVES.

The Conservative Association of Lennox, who nominated Sir John Macdonald a few days ago, will send a deputation here, to-morrow, to tender the nomination to the Chieftain. It is considered probable that he will accept the nomination.

THE TEMPERANCE FUND BILL.

I understand that the Unionists and Anti-Unionists have not been able to agree on any terms of compromise, and the rival Temperance Bills will be fought out in the Private Bills Committee to-morrow morning.

RETIRED SQUAW.

M. D. Wyer and J. J. Bremner, of Hull fax, waited on the Ministers of Finance and Customs to-day with reference to obtaining a drawback on refined sugar exported. It is understood that the Ministers agree to recommend the allowance of a drawback equal to the amount of duty. This will probably enable Canadian refiners to compete in the Brazilian and West Indian markets with English and American refiners.

THE ST. CHARLES BRANCH.

As Order in Council has been passed approving the building of the St. Charles branch of the Intercolonial, and $536,000 will be asked in the supplementary estimates for that purpose. The amount will be divided as follows:—$85,000 for eight miles of railway from St. Charles to the junction with the Quebec Central; $182,000 for a road from the junction to Deep Water; $53,000 for wharf accommodation; $116,000 to connect the Deep Water terminus with the Grand Trunk Railway (South Quebec), and $100,000 for the Dominion Government shares of the ferry.

In a recent article on "The Decadence of Modern Manners," the *Saturday Review* observes:—"Women, no doubt, are the principal victims of this degeneracy of manners, but at the same time they are partly responsible for its existence. The same progressive influences which have acted so powerfully on men have had their effect on the opposite sex also. Woman has at last awaked from the torpor of ages, and is fain to be up and doing such share of the common work of humanity as falls to her hand. The gain to the community from this accession to its working power is immense; but the wholesome impulse which prompts it is unobtrusively perverted, and the present tendency of women to identify their activities of mind and body with those of men. That there is much common ground where man and woman may profitably work hand in hand is daily becoming more manifest; but it is equally plain that there are distinct social functions peculiarly appropriate to the special energies of either sex, which at best can be only imperfectly discharged by the other. So long, therefore, as the activities of womankind do not encroach on the domain of peculiarly masculine occupations, the work of the community is relatively well done, and the social equilibrium remains unshaken. But the moment this line is passed, not only does the sum total of work suffer, but, man being constrained to regard woman less as a coadjutor and more as a rival, there ensues a disturbance of social relations in which the delicate graces of life are apt to go to the wall. That chivalry or deference to woman should flourish in such an atmosphere is out of the question; for though these are not, as the noisy advocates of her so-called right would have it, mere concessions accorded in good-natured contempt of her supposed inferiority, they are the outward and visible signs of an inward, and we may almost say spiritual feeling, of tender reverence for the beauty of her womanhood—a feeling which becomes meaningless and impossible if men and women are held to be in all respects alike."

Mr. William Dresser, of the 5th concession of Mersea, on Friday morning, while sawing stove-wood, had his right hand thumb and two front fingers cut off. Terrible warning to wood-sawyers.

FEATURES OF SKOBELEFF.

How He Looks, His Family, and the Books He Reads.

Care He Takes With His Dress—His Letters and Reports—Affection for his Old French Tutor—Difficulty With Which He Tells Lies.

From the London Truth.

Gen. Skobeleff is 39 years old, but looks almost a decade younger. There is nothing in his aspect which betokens the warrior inured to hardships. Nor yet does he give the impression of a carpet knight, although he is the best valeted man in Europe. He is habitually well dressed, but not a dandy. One sees that he pays minute attention to the details of his toilet when he is engaged at it; but that once it is ended, his personal appearance does not cost him for the rest of the day a single thought. In the morning and afternoon the coat is a blue frock, loose, of stylish cut, and buttoned around the chest. The trousers, of good tweed, are also an easy fit, and they hide little feet, too small to be in proportion to the General's stature. If jewelled studs, pin, and chain are worn, they do not show. A hand of feminine delicacy is carefully attended to, but unadorned with rings. Skobeleff is tall; his figure is lithe. It shows no elastic, nervous organization, but no athletic muscularity. The habit of poring over books of military science, maps, and plans, has induced a slight stoop. In working out in his mind some tough problem, or talking on a subject that excites him, he paces rapidly backward and forward, in fact or study, often stopping short for a few moments.

When his physiognomy is in repose it tells no tale of any kind. In its full front outline the face almost takes the form of an angular Gothic figure 8. It is wide at the upper part of the high forehead, which has two vertical ridges over the eyebrows, extending the whole way up, evenly developed, and rounded like pillars. The cheeks are long, and widen toward the chin, which is neither prominent nor the contrary. Full lips of the Hapsburgian type, but with muscular power to enunciate distinctly, are scarcely shaded by the moustache. The ocular region is relatively narrow, although the eyes are large, and there is a good distance between them. Their color is a light bluish gray, and they are dead-looking until the General speaks, when they may be truly called the windows of his soul. His complexion is sallow, without being unhealthy. Emotion warms it up in an instant. The nose is of a mixed type, and long. It might easily have been *retroussé*, or it might easily have been straight. A thick head of fair hair is cut short and parted in the middle. The nut-brown beard is also short at the chin's point, longer at the sides, and trimmed to follow the contour of the cheeks. This warrior gives the impression of a man of high station and native and acquired superiority. His manners are open, courteous and engaging. The hand is extended with frank affability, and the dull eyes light up to speak a cordial welcome. Skobeleff has physically and morally a sensitive, but not touchy, side. He reacts against an inherent love for daintiness and luxury. But it is a sore trial to him to be obliged to forgo silken hose and fine linen. When he is in exiguous lodgings, the olfactory nerve of his visitor is assailed by the smell of some cheap soap.

If the word "hectoring" had not a bad sense, the name of Hector would fit the Pelevophil General. There is an Andromache, to whom he got married on the eve of his departure for Central Asia. Court society did not approve of the union, which threw into relief the General's tenderness of heart and scrupulous respect for his word. His relations expected that he would have married an heiress of high rank and great wealth. He endeavored to console them for their disappointment by reflecting that the best sort of dame are apt to make love matches, and that, while fortune takes wings and flies off, beauty is transmitted from mother to daughter.

The victor of Geok Tepe is methodic and neat in all his ways. If he writes a letter on business, he takes a copy. In his drafts of reports, erasures and interlineations are few and rare. No rose is left for ornamental "fringe." In speaking the words fit with precision, and there is never a superfluous word or a hesitation. But he is so knightly and courtly that he does not mind these. Skobeleff is a prohibitionist, and takes care not to be a heavy eater. Th's warrior is a man of action and study. He is an early riser, and generally smokes rapidly the brain out of a book. Boucherelle, as an author, he held in contempt before that statesman declared himself the enemy of Russia. Dickens makes him laugh and stir. Ingeley is his prime English favorite. Of French poets he best likes Corneille, whose tirades the late Mme. Skobeleff taught the General and her other children.

Skobeleff has always with him his old French tutor, M. Girard, whom he addresses with affectionate humility. The Dominie is a little, elderly man, respectable, brown wigged, snuffling, formalistic, and professorial in his most familiar conversation. His illustrious pupil has unbounded confidence in his wisdom. There is a little of Miss Betsy Trotwood and Mr. Dick in their confession. Skobeleff in his youth, and later, may have done things behind his master's back which "were bitter to have left undone. But when the hour of repentance came, as it was sure to do, he would, like Saul, come to Mr. Prosperous, and add his *mea culpa*. The two have been inseparable for 34 years. One is profoundly grateful to the other for having released him in his childhood from the pedagogic German system which in the reign of Nicholas broke the heart and soul of Russian youth. It was then the fashion to thrash boys of good family like inscrutable serfs if they failed to give satisfaction in the schoolrooms. M. Girard was for turning the passive instincts of his pupil into an educational lever, by making him feel that if he did not do well, the tutor would be sent to bed supperless. A turbulent spirit was in this way brought into perfect discipline.

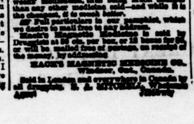
Skobeleff inherits his military qualities from his grandfather and father, who were both Generals and Chevaliers of St. George. The former had four fingers cut off and his elbow shattered in the war of 1812. He rose from the ranks, and was a Masonite. From his mother Skobeleff has the third derives his dispositions and intellectual bents. She was murdered in Bulgaria by an officer of his own staff. The General venerates her memory, and speaks of her with faltering voice. Though of practical mind, she was a woman of lofty thought, and, unknown to herself, a poet. She attended assiduously to the education of Michael and her three daughters, and imbibed them with the idea that good feeling is half of religion, all over Candide. Addresses, A. DORNWELD, Paris Hair Works, 168 Yonge street, Toronto. Send for free list and circular. ed

Gas Lighting by Electricity

AND ELECTRIC BELLS
IN OPERATION AT OUR SHOW ROOMS
—ALSO—
GAS FIXTURES AND GLOBES.
Neat and inexpensive Apparatus in the city. A Electric Work fitted by ourselves.

McLENNAN & FRYER
Plumbers, Steam & Hot Water Fitters,
266 DUNDAS STREET.
Agents for Hood's patent Non-conducting Pipe Covering. Live

HACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE



Is a Sure, Prompt, and Effectual Remedy for Neuralgia in all its forms. Nervousness, Loss of Brain Power, Sleeplessness, Nightmare, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, and General Loss of Power. It Prevents Premature Old Age. Restores the Fire of Youth. Strengthens the Sexual Organs. Restores the Grey Hair to its Natural Color. Is an Invigorator of the System. It is Invaluable to Females. Sold by Druggists. Price, $1 per bottle.

Pamphlet free.

Sold in London, and wholesale by Brandon & Co., Agents.

New Advertisements.

1882. SPRING. 1882.

TO THE TRADE.

Paris Bonnets, Paris Novelties,

JUST ARRIVED

DICKISON, NICHOLSON & COMPANY,

Wholesale Importers, London, Ontario,

Beg to announce that on Tuesday, March 21st, they will show the contents of a large shipment of Novelties and French Pattern Bonnets, just to hand, and THE VERY LATEST.

Respectfully,

DICKISON, NICHOLSON & CO.,

N. B.—To the Trade only. London, Ont.

New Advertisements.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
C. J. WHITNEY, LESSEE & MANAGER.
Tuesday & Wednesday Evenings,
MARCH 21st AND 22nd.
GRAND MATINEE, WEDNESDAY, at 2.30
Engagement of the Lyric and Dramatic Wonder,
CORINNE!
AND HER MERRIE-MAKERS.
30 ADULT ARTISTS 30
Tuesday Evening.....THE MASCOT.
Wednesday Evening...H.M.S. PINAFORE.
Wednesday Matinee.....MAGIC SLIPPER.
Popular prices; common sense at Murray's. Matinee prices, 25 and 50 cents.
Friday, March 31st—Helen Coleman's Widow Jodoet. Cind

I BEG TO INFORM MY NUMEROUS customers and the public generally that I closed my present Butchering Business on Saturday last, the 18th inst., and shortly anticipate reopening in another line of business, of which due notice will be given, and take this opportunity of thanking them for their kind support of the past, and solicit a continuance of their patronage in future. Those owing me accounts will please call and settle as soon as possible.

JOS. B. PIGOTT,
264 Richmond street.
London, March 20th, 1882. Cltf

STREET WATERING.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE received at the office of the undersigned on or before
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT,
for watering streets during 1882.
Specifications may be seen at the aforesaid office.
C. B. HUNT, Ch. Com. No. 2.
T. H. TRACY, City Eng'r.
C1dds

To Contractors!

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned on or before
Friday, 31st inst., at 12 m.,
for the erection of
Two Stone Abutments
and
ONE PIER FOR WELLINGTON STREET BRIDGE.
Plans and specifications may be seen—one span 175 feet each in the clear, with 18 feet clear roadway and 3 feet clear footway. Also for repairing
Victoria and Blackfriars Bridges.
Contractors to give the names of two sureties and to deposit a certified cheque for five per cent. of the amount of the contract with tenders.
JOHN BOYD, THOS. H. TRACY,
Chairman Joint Com. City Engineer.
F. TALBOT, County Engineer. C&c

REVOLUTION
—IN—
SHEET MUSIC

We are now selling all the latest and most popular pieces of Sheet Music of the day at the uniform price of

5 Cents a Copy.

This music is the same in every respect as that which has hitherto been sold at from thirty to seventy-five cents a copy.

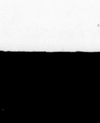
The paper on which it is printed is of the best quality. It is also full sheet music size. No pieces added to list weekly.

Any piece selected from the list sent by mail upon receipt of six cents in postage stamps.

Liberal discount to the trade. Agents wanted. Terms, liberal to dealers.

WM. BRYCE,
123 and 168 Dundas St., London, Ontario.
SEND FOR LIST.

PEOPLE WHO are bald, or have thin hair, or hair that is very comfortable and to their friends, ought to try Prof. Tonic, or Spanish Fly Pomade. This justly celebrated preparation is manufactured by the Misses Nicholls, and is known to be an excellent remedy for the hair, and unknown to herself, a poet. She attended assiduously to the education of Michael and her three daughters, and imbibed them with the idea that good feeling is half of religion, all over Candide. Addresses, A. DORNWELD, Paris Hair Works, 168 Yonge street, Toronto. Send for free list and circular. ed



HOP BITTERS.
(A Medicine, not a Drink.)
CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,
AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.
THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints.
$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.
SOLD FOR CIRCULAR.
Hop Bitters Mf'g. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

TOILET CLIPPERS
FOR SALE AT
REID & CO'S HARDWARE
Plain Handles, $3.50.
Nickle Handles, $4.00.
SENT BY EXPRESS ON RECEIPT OF THE PRICE.
Every Barber Should Have a Pair.
JAS. REID & CO. 110 R. R. DUNDAS ST.

Advertise in the Free Press.

MANCHESTER!

We have received instructions to sell

BY AUCTION

At Our Rooms, 231 Dundas Street,
—ON—
Wednesday, March 22,
AT 7:30 P. M.,
150 LOTS 150 LOTS 150
In the Booming Town of Manchester, Man.

The Future Great Manufacturing Town of the North-west
THE ENTREPOT OF THE GREAT SOURIS VALLEY IRON AND COAL FIELDS.

MAGNIFICENT WATER-POWERS,

Within the Limits of the Town Site. Manchester is situated on Section 36, Township 3, Range 27 West, and is on the surveyed line of the South-western Railway at the crossing of the Great Souris River; also, on the line of the Q. P. R. from Brandon to the Coal Fields. The Fort McLeod Antlers and Grand Valley Trails pass through the Town Site. Manchester is situated in the heart of the great coal and iron fields of the west Souris Plains, and in the most fertile section of the whole Province of Manitoba. Manchester has received the endorsement of the Premier of Manitoba that it will be made the capital of the Souris River County, when the public

HALF A MILLION
ENVELOPES!
JUST RECEIVED.
...ET PRICES.
...ithographed,
Printed or
Embossed,
—ANY COLOR.—
...REE PRESS PRINTING Co

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, March 21, 1882.

MICHAEL STROGOFF;
OR
THE COURIER OF THE CZAR.
BY JULES VERNE.

The Knights are divided into three hordes, the greater, the lesser and the middle, and number nearly four hundred thousand "tents," or two million souls. Of the different tribes some are independent and others recognize either the suzerainty of Kouka or that of the Khans of Khiva, Khokhand, and Bokhara, the most formidable chiefs of Turkestan. The middle horde, the richest, is also the largest, and its encampments occupy all the space between the rivers Sara Sou, Irtish, and the upper Ishtar, Lake Balcand, and Lake Aksakal. The greater horde, occupying the countries situated to the east of the middle one, extends as far as the government of Omsk and Tobolsk. Therefore if the Knights population should rise, it was the rebellion of Adalet Rouzk, and the first thing would be the separation of Siberia, to the east of the Yenisei.

It is true that these Kirghis, more nervous in the art of war, are rather nocturnal thieves and plunderers of caravans than regular soldiers. As M. Lecchine says, "a firm front or a queue of good infantry could repel ten thousand of them." The Kirghis' and a single cannon might destroy a frightful number."

That may be; but to do this it is necessary for the queue of good infantry to reach the rebellious country, and the cannon to leave the arsenals of the Russian provinces, perhaps two or three thousand versts distant. Now, except by the direct route from Samara to Orenburg, the ...mbrsky steppes are not easily practicable, and communications are scarcely free before the Russian troops could be in position to subdue the Turkic horde.

Omsk is the centre of that military organization of Western Siberia which is intended to reserve the Kirghis' territories. Here are the bonds, more than one time refraged by the half subdued nomads, and there was reason to believe that Omsk was already in danger. The line or military stations that is to say, those fortified posts which are ranked in echelon from Omsk to Semipalatinsk, must have been hurriedly reinforced. Now, it was for fear of that the Grand Sultana," who governs the Kirghis' country, would not be sufficiently accept, or involuntarily submit to the dominion of Ivetara, Muzzimus like these, and of that he had to do with a people in slavery was not suited the hale due to the enlightened Czar and Monarch of any nationality. For some time, indeed, the Tartars of Bokhara, and principally those of Khokhand, Khiva, Kilva, Khirghiz-land, and Kandouz, endeavored, by employing both force and persuasion, to subjugate the Kirghis, but they had always failed.

A few words only with respect to these Tartars.

The Tartars belong more especially to two distinct races, the Caucasian and Mongolian. The Caucasian nations, which, as Le Bonnant says, "is regarded in Europe as the type of beauty in each of the varieties of the plus nations in this part of the world have sprung from it," unites under the same denomination the Iranian and the Turkish race of Persia.

The purely Mongolian race comprises the Mongols, Manchoux, and Thibetans.

The Tartars who now threat and the Russian provinces belong to the Caucasian race, and occupied Turkestan. This immense country is divided into different states governed by Khans, and hence comes the Khanate. The principal Khanate are those of Bokhara, Khokhand, Komf-dee, etc.

At this period, the most important and the most formidable Khanate was that of Bokhara. Khokhand already from several times at war with its chiefs, was, for their own interest, still supported the independence of the Kirghis against the Muscovite dominion. The present Khan, Feodor Khan, followed the route of his predecessors.

The Khanat of Bokhara extends from south to north, between 40 degrees and forty-five parallels, and from east to west between the sixty-first and sixty-sixth degrees of longitude. Its area is about one hundred thousand square leagues.

It has a population of two millions. Its five hundred thousand inhabitants, an army of sixty thousand men, mobbed in time of war, and furnished by requisition, in time of peace, by the taxpayers, the khanat of Bokhara is a great formidable state; and Russia would not a large force to subdue it.

The Khan and ambitious Feofar pro... general this owner of Tartary. H... to whether khans—principally the... of Kashgard and Kandoor, cruel and rapacious warriors, all ready to join an enterprise to destroy their power—aided by the Russian troops, pulled all the hordes of Central Asia. Then placed himself at the head of the united forces of both Irene Ogaref was the chief of the Imperial Staff, and Michael Strogoff, the Courier of the Czar, impelled by instant ambition as much as by hate, had ordered the Russian troops not to intercept the route to Siberia. Had instead he was, if he hoped to attack the Mongolian Empire. Acting under its suggestion, the Emir—which is the title given by the khans of Bokhara—had pounced in hope upon the Russian provinces. He had already proclaimed the independence of Turkestan, and principally those of Khokhand, Khiva, Kilva, Khirghiz-land, and Kandoor, endeavored, by employing both force and persuasion, to subjugate the Kirghis, but they had always failed.

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J. M. LONGAN & CO.

We have removed to 359 and 361 Richmond st, where we will continue our Wholesale Liquor Trade.

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES
INCLUDING
Humphrey's
SPECIFICS
Special attention given to the dispensing of Physicians' Prescriptions & Family Recipes.
Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.
—AT—
STRONG'S DRUG STORE,
191 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, March 21, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Tuesday, March 21, 1882.

Sun rises.....6.19 a.m. | Moon rises...7.02 a.m.
Sun sets.....6.31 p.m. | Moon sets...9.25 p.m.

Day of the year, 80th.
Anniversary of St. Benedict's Day.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	4th	7.29 p.m.
Third Quarter	12th	4.18 p.m.
New Moon	19th	7.05 a.m.
First Quarter	26th	8.24 a.m.

FORETELLING THE WEATHER.
(Continued.)

These storm-centres, or "areas of low barometer," or "low pressure" oftenest make their appearance a little east of the Rocky Mountains, very often in Dakota, and then move with greater or less rapidity toward the Atlantic, generally due east. Occasionally a storm centre develops in Texas and moves north-east. More rarely cyclones make their appearance in the West Indies and follow along the course of the gulf stream. Another origin sometimes reaching the Atlantic coast, very rarely extending inland.

Out of 160 storm centres noted during 1879, one moved north, three south-east, 24 north-east and 72 nearly due east. Their velocity varies from 20 to 40 miles per hour, so that either storm centres or cold waves travel from the mountains to the sea in from two to five days, then passing off upon the ocean, frequently taking a north-easterly direction after reaching the coast. Sometimes a storm may be deflected from its course, or spend its force midway, or increase in severity, as it moves eastward. All is these possibilities, together with the varying velocity of the wave, which render us dependent on the telegraph for the record of daily or even hourly progress, and which sometimes contradict the best founded predictions.

ROBERT FITZROY, METEOROLOGIST.

TORONTO, March 20.—Lake—Increasing winds to a gale from the north-east and south-east; fair to cloudy and mild weather, followed by rain to-night.

SUBSEQUENT WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, March 21, 1 a. m.—Indications:—For Lake regions, rain, followed by nearly stionary and cooler weather; easterly, shifting to westerly; falling followed by rising barometer.

DARING THEFT OF ROBES.—On Sunday night, one of the panes of glass in Winlow Bros' shop window, Dundas street, was broken, and about four pairs of gentlemen's fine boots stolen. The value of the goods was about fifteen dollars.

ENLARGED.—Henry Ruddy, the man who was thrown on suspicion of having thrown James Watson into the River Thames, was yesterday brought before Squire Peters. No evidence was taken, and the case was enlarged for one week, Ruddy being liberated on his own recognizance.

MILITIA CHANGES.—The following changes and promotions in the Active Militia of Ontario have been made:—7th Battalion "Fusiliers," London, No. 1 Company.—To be Lieutenant, provisionally, Sergeant George McElroy Reid, vice Garthorne, promoted. The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant George Macbeth is accepted.

ERRONEOUS STATEMENT.—The report published in some of our contemporaries a few days since that Mr. Thos. Alexander was to be Collector of Inland Revenue at London, has been contradicted officially. We are glad we are that he will go back to his old position as Excise Officer at Carling's Brewery, and Mr. Gerald will retain his old position.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—J. D. Easton, of Watford, gentleman, to be Clerk of the Second Division Court of the county of Lambton, in the room and stead of A. D. Elliott, who has left the Province. John Lewis, of Crediton, gentleman, to be Clerk of the Eleventh Division Court of the county of Huron, in the room and stead of A. A. Hobkirk, resigned.

"THE CHILD WONDER."—Little Corinne who has been heralded with such flattering notices appears to night at the Grand Opera House, and this is what the Hamilton *Spectator* says of her and the company supporting her:—"This clever little child and her company of Merrie Makers sang the Mascot at the Grand Opera last night to a very good house. Corinne herself, since her last appearance here, has wonderfully improved, and her rendition of Bettina was exceedingly creditable. This little artist sings her music very truthfully, and in her acting repeats her lines so calmly and unconsciously that it invests it with an irresistible charm. M. W. Fiske and Charles Osborne, as Lorenzo and Rocco, kept the audience in eminent good humor. Mr. Frank Hayden, as Pippo, was away off, while the Frederick of Miss Hattie Kendall was the best yet seen in this city. The choruses were very nicely sung, and the orchestra was very good. The singing and dancing of the Daly Bros. was fine, and heartily applauded."

LOCAL NOTICES.

BUYER Investment to buy Scarrow's Trunks and valises than Manitoba lots.

LAW, Office, and Fancy Stationery, Albums, Writing Desks, Inkstands, Leather and Pearl Card Cases, Pencil Cases, &c., for sale at cost. The stock must be cleared out this month. Call early and get your choice. ROGERS' Stationery Store, Masonic Temple Building, Richmond St. C18a

CHEAP EMBROIDERIES.—T. Beattie & Co. are now selling 100 pieces of embroidery at 2c., worth 10c; 100 pieces at 3c., worth 12c; 100 pieces at 5c., worth 15c., 100 pieces at 10c., worth 25c.; 100 pieces at 15c., worth 25c. Never before have we sold embroideries so cheap. In white cottons our 9c., 10c., and 12c. cottons cannot be equalled in London.

Artists material of all descriptions for sale cheap at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

A. J. Brunner (successor to R. W. Ralston, groceries, &c.,) is agent for the FREE PRESS, at the corner of Oxford and Richmond streets.

SEASONABLE GOODS.—Mincing knives, skates, table and pocket cutlery, weather strip, fire iron stands. BROWN & MORRIS, hardware dealers.

[illegible] line of the celebrated J. B. Addis carpets just received.—T. HERBERT [illegible].

[illegible]ther's fall weather strip should be [illegible] front door in the city. To be had [illegible]ert Marsh's, 151 Dundas street.

[illegible]s seen the Norton door spring [illegible]? If you have not, it is worth [illegible] Herbert Marsh's, Dundas street, [illegible]t of Rectory.

A Big Boom.

Robt. Wallace, the Dundas street clothier, has received most of his spring suits are booming. His importations for this season are varied and very choice, and as this house enjoys a reputation for first-class work at reasonable prices, we would advise those in need of a stylish suit to give Wallace a call.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Victoria bridge is being scraped. Not before it was needed.

Mr. William Lind, of Macfie, Lind & Co., of this city, is in Winnipeg.

MR. A. Virgil Lee, formerly of Brantford, has been admitted to the bar in Chicago.

"Little Corinne" at the Grand Opera House to-night. She is a wonderful prodigy.

An interesting lecture will be delivered in St. Andrew's Church on Wednesday evening.

The prevailing spring bonnet this year is to be a sunflower with a bit of green ribbon.

Mr. Chas. Murray, Manager of the Federal Bank in this city, returned home Sunday from Winnipeg.

His Lordship the Bishop of Huron will hold a confirmation in Grace Church, Brantford, on Easter Sunday.

Mr. Robert Adams, engineer in the FREE PRESS establishment, had his hand badly scalded yesterday.

There is some talk of an amalgamation being effected between the two rival gun clubs in St. Thomas.

Another consignment of wagons was shipped to Manitoba, yesterday morning, by Messrs. Plummer & Son.

It is rumored that a Fast Express on the G. W. R. going West will shortly be put on, leaving here about 12.30 p. m.

Elizabeth Rowe, a female inmate of the Asylum, succeeded in making her escape from that institution last night.

Mr. William Sunley, of Guelph, shipped a number of his golden-spangled Hamburg fowls to a dealer in this city yesterday.

"The creative genius that dominates the London Slang-Whanger" is the way the Kingston *News* alludes to our local Grit cotem.

Mr. W. T. Rutherford, cigar manufacturer, of this city, is doing a lively trade in the North-west, and writes home that his "W. T. R." brand is all the rage there.

Last week a son of Mr. Antoine Richards, Tilbury East, was handling a loaded gun when it went off, lodging the contents in the boy's head, and killing him instantly.

The *Daily Review*, of Peterboro', has been enlarged by the addition of four columns. It is a vigorous daily, ably edited, and quite a credit to the town in which it is issued.

A warrant was issued by Squire Peters, yesterday, for the arrest of John Dowling, a Westminster farmer, who is charged with being dangerous and not fit to be at large.

Mr. Nelson R. butcher, of the Stenographic Staff of the High Court of Justice, is attending the Middlesex Assizes in his official capacity. Mr. Butcher is a Londoner.

John Holmes was arraigned before Judge Elliot yesterday morning upon a true charge of larceny, and elected to be tried with a jury. His case will come on during the present ASSIZES.

In the East Middlesex Licenses Commissioners have chosen Mr. James Fisher, of Hyde Park, Chairman; Mr. R. S. Jarvis, of Nissouri, Secretary, and Mr. W. H. Niles, of London East, Inspector.

On and after yesterday the moulders in the employ of the McClary Manufacturing Company will receive an advance of ten per cent. on their recent wages. This is an advance of thirty per cent. within the year.

Mr. Hamilton, representing the "Hearts of Oak" Combination, was in the city yesterday, and made arrangements for the appearance of the company at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening next.

A youth employed in the McClary Stove Works had the misfortune to catch his right hand in a draw press yesterday afternoon. Two of the fingers were completely severed, and the remaining digits badly smashed.

At a meeting of the G. W. R. trainmen, held recently in this city, Mr. F. Wright was elected to represent them at the annual meeting of the G. W. R. Provident Society, to be held in G. W. R. Dining Rooms, London, shortly.

The Forest *Free Press* prognosticates:—"The selection of Mr. J. F. Lister, of Sarnia, at the Grit Convention at Wyoming on Wednesday, as the candidate of the party for the Dominion Parliament, is a good omen for the redemption of the county.

The Berlin *News*, alluding to the nomination of Mr. Jas. F. Lister as a candidate for Lambton, says:—"His sudden conversion to prohibition is a little suspicious, and will probably show our prohibition friends what the average Grit politician will do in order to capture the temperance vote."

Some of the local tailors tell us that there is an indication that knee breeches will certainly come into fashion ere long. In New York quite a number of the "leaders" have donned the "Oscar Wilde style," and it is believed their example will be quite generally followed before the summer is over.

MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION.

Regular Monthly Meeting—Creeds Discussed—Rev. F. T. Stanford (Colored) Cicero Out.

The regular monthly meeting of the above Association was held yesterday, there being a good attendance of members.

After devotional exercises, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

Rev. Mr. Forth read a paper on "Creeds and Their Value."

An interesting discussion then took place, the opinion being generally expressed that they were of great value.

Rev. F. T. Stanford, pastor of the Second (Colored) Baptist Church, appeared before the Association, in response to a request, to answer any questions thought necessary in connection with the late trouble between himself and a portion of the B. M. E. congregation.

The members present did not think they were bound to enquire into the character of any admitted. The people over whom he presided were the proper parties to investigate his character, but in the present case there was a legal point involved, and it was on this that action was taken. When Mr. Stanford joined the Association it was understood that he was a Methodist, and, as such, he became a member. Going to the trouble referred to he left the church named and began to preach in the Second Baptist Church, without being authorized so to do by the recognized authorities of that body in Canada. Mr. Stanford denied that he has always been a Baptist, and that the documents in his possession are all that is necessary to entitle him to full fellowship in the Baptist Church. The matter was not viewed in this light by the association, and a resolution was moved by Rev. J. A. Murray, seconded by Rev. J. H. Rose, that until the Rev. P. T. Stanford satisfies us that he is a regularly installed minister of the Baptist Church this association do not recognize him as one of its members.

Considerable discussion was indulged in and the resolution was carried.

A resolution to the effect that the matter be allowed to drop was defeated.

The meeting, which was very harmonious, was closed by the benediction.

POLICE NEWS.—The city police force were kept busy last night for a time in caring for the several unfortunates who were conveyed thither. James McKenna was taken in by P. C.'s Egleton and Adams, but not before he had bitten the former. He was finally handcuffed and lodged in the cells. A charge of being drunk and disorderly and assaulting a constable was entered against him. John Johnston, David Constable, Thomas Mitchell and Jane McNash were incapable, and were accommodated with lodgings, which they will be called upon to pay by the P. M. James Berrigan got drunk on Saturday and fell through the window of D. S. Tuttle's store, on King street. A warrant was issued for his arrest, and on hearing this he gave himself up last night. Seventy-five cents would cover all the damage done.

LACROSSE IN STRATFORD.—A meeting of the Phœnix Lacrosse Club was held in the Commercial Hotel, on Friday night, when the following officers were elected:—President, L. Scott; Vice Presidents, H. Gilleon; Captain, J. F. Roberts; Treas., C. McDonald; Sec., J. S. Fraser. The club is now open for challenges from any club under eighteen years.

40 40 40

St. Jacobs Oil 40 cts. per bottle. You will save money by buying your Patent Medicines from HARKNESS & Co, Dispensing Chemists, corner Dundas & Wellington Sts., London, Ontario.

Middlesex Spring Assizes.

Opening of the Court Yesterday Afternoon.

The Spring Assizes in and for the City of London and the County of Middlesex opened at the Court House shortly after two o'clock yesterday in the presence of a large gathering of the bar, His Lordship Mr. Justice Galt occupying the bench. Mr. Butcher, of Toronto, officiated as stenographer.

The Grand Jury, having answered to their names and selected Andrew MacEvoy as foreman, were duly sworn in.

In addressing the jury His Lordship said he was happy to tell them that, judging from the calendar, there was no serious offences to come before them. He then instructed them in regard to their duties, laying particular stress upon the charge of assaulting a constable in the discharge of his duty, which he considered a very serious offence. He also advised that before separating they should visit the lunatic asylum.

A SEDUCTION CASE.

The first case called was that of Cady vs. Fleming. It was an action brought by George Cady, a resident of London West, to recover damages for the seduction of his daughter, Emma, by Robert Fleming, a farmer living in North Dorchester. The damages sought to be recovered were laid at $1,000, and it appears that defendant had acknowledged the seduction, the sole object in bringing the matter before the jury being that the proper damages might be assessed. Emma Cady, daughter of plaintiff, testified that the child had been born in April, 1880, and was still living.

The jury then retired to consider their verdict.

The Grand Jury brought in a true bill against Alfred Welch for larceny.

Wm. Rippen vs. F. L. Butler.—Action on account for sawing a quantity of timber near Chatham. Judgment for plaintiff for $202 23 and costs. E. Meredith for plaintiff; Robinson & Wilson for defendant.

ARRAIGNED.

Alfred Welch was arraigned upon a charge of larceny, and pleaded not guilty. His trial was fixed for Tuesday morning.

ACTIONS ON NOTES.

London Loan Co. vs. Wm. Wilson.—This was an action on a covenant in a mortgage, the amount of the note being—with Interest—$543 31. Judgment for plaintiff and costs. Gibbons for plaintiff.

McClary Manufacturing Co. vs. Zeman.—Action on promissory note, the amount, with Interest, being $543 83. Verdict for plaintiffs for the full amount and costs. Gibbons for plaintiffs; Lawrence for defendant.

A RIGHTEOUS VERDICT.

At this point the jury in the seduction case came into court, and returned a verdict for plaintiff for $800.

DAMAGES FOR AN EYE.

Wm. Boyle vs. Wm. Whiteford.—Action for $1,000 for damages alleged to have been sustained by plaintiff in having one of his eyes knocked out with a stick carelessly thrown by defendant. Both parties reside near the village of Centralia, in the county of Huron, and it appears that one day in July last they had been engaged, with some other lads, in the fields pulling flax. In the afternoon they were robbing bees' nests, and while returning home defendant struck a bee on plaintiff, who struck him with a weed, whereupon Whiteford threw a sharp-pointed stick at plaintiff striking him in the right eye—as the result of which plaintiff has lost the sight of that eye. In his defence Whiteford threw the stick, but he acknowledged that he had cast it, but pleaded that he did not intend to inflict any injury. Defendant testified that he did not throw the stick at plaintiff, but merely cast it over his shoulder to get rid of it, without any intention of striking any person. His Lordship expressed the opinion that this sad affair was purely the result of an accident, and was just as much excusable as any accident that can be. However, he held that plaintiff was entitled to the verdict; but as to the question of damages, that was one entirely for the consideration of the jury. That body, after considering the matter, and after deliberating for two hours, returned a verdict for plaintiff for $25. W. R. Meredith, Q. C., and J. J. Blake for plaintiff; H. Becher for defendant.

Dominion Loan Society vs. Nalbergall.—Action to recover the balance of a mortgage, the property having been sold and failed to realize the amount due.

The case was settled between the parties by defendant paying $350. Parke & Parke for plaintiffs; W. R. Meredith, Q. C., for defendant.

The Court adjourned.

COURT NOTES.

The Crown business is being conducted by Mr. C. Macdougall, of St. Thomas.

It has been decided by the gentlemen of the bar that the court shall open at 10 o'clock each morning.

High Constable Grove opened the court in the dignified and elaborate style for which he is so eminently characterized, but the intricacies of the Jedinstvo Act appear to require careful consideration by the experienced officer.

Mr. William Donnelly, of Biddulph fame, was among the audience in the court-room yesterday.

Mr. Attillus Irving, Q. C., of Hamilton, is attending the Court.

SABBATH SCHOOL RE-OPENING.—The Sabbath School connected with the Second Baptist Church has, for some years past, been neglected. On Sunday the Rev. F. T. Stanford organized it again. There were present eighty persons, and the school was formally re-opened. Rev. Mr. Stanford stated that he thought it best to change the Sabbath School service from afternoon to morning, because there were quite a number of children who could best attend in the morning, and that there were many who attended other schools in the city in the afternoon who could be found in the school in the morning, if properly looked after, could be brought to the school. The following officers were then nominated:—Rev. F. T. Stanford, Superintendent; Wm. Taylor, Assistant Superintendent; Jas. Black, class, secretary and treasurer; and the following gentlemen of all officers of the school, to meet every Friday evening to review lessons for Sabbath. Rev. F. T. Stanford teacher; 2nd Bible class, Miss L. Harding teacher; 3rd Bible class, Miss L. Anderson teacher; Tentament class, Miss L. Crockett teacher; Infant class, Miss A. Moorehead teacher; Treasurer, Mrs. M. Hunley; Librarian, Mr. J. Lewis; John Rissl, jr., Secretary.

EAST MIDDLESEX GRITS. — The annual meeting of the East Middlesex Reform Association was held on Saturday, not more than *fourteen* persons being in attendance. The election of officers resulted as follows:—Murray Anderson, President; Mr. John Durand, Reeve of Dunchester, 1st Vice; Mr. Geo. Douglas, of London, 2nd Vice; Mr. James Fisher, J. P., of Hyde Park, 3rd Vice; Mr. Sydney Farley, of West Nissouri, 4th Vice; Mr. E. S. Jarvis, Secretary; Mr. John Wheaton, of London township, Treasurer. After all present had spoken to each other, a resolution of confidence was passed to the family of the late John Shearer, of Westminster, and a "dead-head puff" to the ex-Reeve of a neighboring village for his accuracy of Grit principles in season and out of season. This resolution was, of course, carried.

Pure Norway
COD LIVER OIL
—ALSO—
Emulsion of Norway
COD LIVER OIL
CONTAINING
Fifty Per Cent. of Oil of Extra Fine Quality,
—IN—
HALF PINTS & PINTS.
Price, 40 cts. and 75 cts.
PREPARED AND SOLD BY
WM. SAUNDERS.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

ISAAC HOOD, Watchmaker, &c, has removed next door to *Herald* office, with a fine stock of watches, gold rings, lockets and chains; cheap. Repairing carefully executed. Richmond street. KIRBY

Ladies, now is the time to have your Lace Curtains renovated. They can be done up in first-class style at the "London Steam Laundry," 237 King street, between Clarence and Wellington streets.—A. MOORHEAD & Co.

Black Cashmeres, a large stock, and excellent value, just received at J. J. GIBBONS'.

REMOVAL.—Dr. Gardiner has removed from Dundas street to brick house on Queen's avenue, between Adelaide and Elizabeth streets. Rear entrance to office through archway in center of McCormick's Block. Chloride

MANHATTAN FEED.—For feeding and rearing calves, is the best thing to be used. Be sure you get it. To be had at 276 Dundas street McBroom's. Market Square; Jacobs & Moore's, Kensington; Bremner's, Richmond street; and Jackson's, London East.

JUST RECEIVED.—The spring and summer set of patterns, Portfolios and What to Wear. Call for a catalogue. Also a large stock of embroideries at MISS. F. GALLENA'S, 148 Dundas street.

FRESH STRAWBERRIES.—A. MOUNTJOY'S, City Hall.

VISITING CARDS.—Ladies' and gentlemen's visiting cards engraved to order at the FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

LA NAPOLITAINE.—New music for the Ripple very pretty. Dawn of Hope Waltzes, by Estelle Stanfield; Patience Lancers, by DAN; best; Patience Waltz, by D'Albert. The Queen of Patience, in full vocal score; Twilight, a ballad, by L. S. Butler, at W. L. CARRIE'S, the Stationer, 417 Richmond street.

The new Æsthetic Prints at J. J. GIBBONS'.

Dried Fruits, California Apricots, Raisin Cured Prunes, Pitted Plums, Evaporated Plums and Peaches just received at R. MOUNTJOY'S.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of toys, and are selling them very cheap. 218 Hideout street.

MISS R. B. ALLEY, 193 Dundas street, has on hand a fine assortment of winter millinery and wool goods, which will be sold at cost, to make room for spring stock.

O. B. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall papers, window shades, spring rollers, picture frames, mirrows, &c. Paper hanging, whitewashing and curtains put up by best workmen in town or country, 223 Dundas street.

THE newest pattern in glassware at Hall's crockery store, the only one that has it in the city. No. 15, Market Square.

MASONIC TEMPLE STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING AND PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT.—Treating by low pressure, steam, hot water or exhaust steam. Plumbing in private residences a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. None but first-class men employed. HAARD & GREENAWAY, 12 Masonic Temple, King street.

CHRISTMAS. — New Jewelry, New clocks, new wedding and chased rings, our own make, at WHITLAW'S, second door north of City Hall, Richmond street. Will give sold value for your money. K14y

Visitors to the city will find HAWTHORN'S Hotel Restaurant, 323, 325, 327, 329½ Dundas street, the most convenient place for meals. Oysters received daily in bulk and in shell. Everything reasonable and in season.

ENGRAVED STATIONERY.—Monograms, arms, crests and mottoes.—FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

REVERE HOUSE.—The family hotel of London. All home comforts. Terms, from $1 to $1.50 per day. John McDonald, proprietor Lly

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING BY INVALIDS AND ALL WHO STUDY COMFORT.—"Perfection" weave-wire mattresses are now reduced from $8 to $6, at the factory. E. N. HUNT, 329 Richmond Street. Lly

COMMUNITY ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignment of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts, also fancy goods and stationery. We are the reliable store, established 1876. Lly

John Tarrow, 66 Clarence street, corner of Dundas, is the best place to get Christmas silverware, skating boots and dress shoes made to order. Lly

Miss J. Buckley (from Regent street, London, Eng.) 313 Dundas street. Caps for evening wear from the latest French designs; clothes dressing, flower necklets and bouquets for the hair and corsage made to order Crepe Lisse Ruffings.

Watch and clock materials and tools at E. C. MARSHALL'S, 213 Dundas street, London. K15y

W. J. BRYANTON is selling parlor suites at very low prices. They are warranted first class. Manufactured on the premises, No. 11 King street, opposite the Market. W. J. BRYANTON.

Miss Buckney, Milliner, 313 Dundas street, London, agent for Mdme. Dubois, *fils*, cutrich feather manufacturer, Toronto. Sole agent for Toronto and London Exhibitions. 1y

DAVIS & SON, Established 1831.—New goods at received for spring trade. Clocks, Watches and Plated ware, Novelties, Mineral Clocks and Inkstands from Colorado. Give us a call.

R. R. MURRAY & CO. are prepared to fit up churches, public buildings, hotels and private residences with Brussels, Whitton, velvet, tapestry, three-ply Kidderminster and Dutch carpets, India and China matting, English oil cloth, cut to fit rooms; American and Canadian cloth. Largest stock of house furnishings in America. Carpets made and laid at very small charges.—124 Dundas st. and 125 Carling st.

OBITUARY.—The Rev. Duncan McColl, of Westminster, died on Saturday, 18th inst., at the home of his birth, in the rigour of manhood. He pursued his preparatory course of learning at the London Grammar School, and subsequently graduated at the Toronto University prior to his entering the Divinity Hall of Knox College, and his career in connection with those places of learning were most brilliant. The demise of this scholarly divine will be much felt in the community, so he was regarded as the most talented advocacy of Grit principles in season and out of season. This resolution was, of course, carried.

SPRAINS: WOOD FROM THE G. W. R.—For some time past quantities of wood have been missed from the G. W. R. here, and it was concluded that some person was engaged in systematically robbing the wood piles. On Saturday last, Mr. G. W. Ross, sell, car inspector, was appointed a constable, and took the matter in hand with such success that he succeeded last evening in effecting the arrest of Alfred Whebla, a resident of Adelaide street, on the charge of stealing wood from the company. When he was brought to the Central Station, and will before His Worship this morning. Mr. Russell is to be congratulated upon his promptitude in this matter.

ACCIDENT AT NEW SARUM.—At New Sarum, Mr. Wm. Hanson's hired man, Samuel White, while chopping wood on Friday, had cut a tree, which, in falling, got lodged in another tree, and the dry top broke off, and falling on Mr. White, severely injured him about the hips. Mr. Hanson was luckily near by when the accident occurred and immediately conveyed the unfortunate man to the house. Dr. Gustin, of St. Thomas, who is attending the sufferer, says he is pretty seriously hurt.

Financial and Commercial.

MANITOBA AND NORTH-WEST LANDS WANTED BY THE London Real Estate and Agency Association.

Address T. W. Stuart, Manager, giving section, township, range, price and terms. Ontario farms and city property bought and sold on commission. Sound investment securities furnished to corporate and private investors. Stocks bought and sold. Office—Masonic Temple Building, London, Ont. G15y

Official Report of the London Stock Exchange.

London, Ont., March 20.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bank of Montreal	214	215
Bank of Commerce	147	147½
Merchants' Bank	136	136
Federal Bank	103½	104
Molsons Bank	—	135
Dominion Bank	208	209
Ontario Bank	65	68
Bank of Toronto	171½	172
Imperial Bank	140½	140½
LOAN COMPANIES.		
Huron & Erie	108	110
Ont. Loan & Deb.	—	120
Dominion	—	122
Agricultural	101	102
Canadian	120	122
Ont. Loan & Sav.	107	107
Lon. Loan	103½	104
Lon. Sav.	110	113
Royal Standard	—	100
Empire	105½	106½
Financial Association, ordinary	—	—
do. pref	—	90
English Loan	—	—
London Real Estate	100	110
London Life In.	—	—
London Street Railway	—	—
City Light and Heating	—	—
Masonic Temple	—	—

Toronto Stock Exchange.

The following table will show the rate at which buyers purchased bank and other stocks on the undermentioned dates:—

STOCKS.	Jan 2	Jan 9	Jan 16	Jan 23	Jan 30	Feb 6
Montreal	211½	212½	213	213½	214	214
Ontario	51½	52½	53½	54	54	54½
Molsons	—	—	—	—	135	—
Toronto	172	170½	171	171	171	170
Jacques Cartier	130	130	130½	130	130½	130½
Merchants	134	134½	134½	134½	134½	134½
Commerce	138	138	138	138	138	138
Federal	103½	103½	103½	103½	103½	103½
Imperial	140½	140½	140½	140½	140½	140½
Dominion	208½	208½	208½	208½	208½	208½
Standard	118½	118½	118½	118½	118½	118½
Hamilton	—	—	—	—	—	—
do. scrip	114	114	114	114	114	113
British American	178	—	—	—	—	—
Western Assurance	134	134	135	135	135	134½
Canada Life	—	—	—	—	—	—
Con. Life Association	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consumers' Gas	—	—	—	—	—	—
Montreal Telegraph	94	94	94	94	94	94
Dominion Telegraph	93	93	93	93	—	—
Montreal do	128	128	128	128	128	128
Canada Landed & Nat'l Invest	120	120	120	120	120	120
Toronto Real Estate	—	—	—	—	—	—
Toronto H. Building	141½	141½	141½	141½	—	—
Real Estate	17	17	17	17	17	17
Hudson's Bay	18½	18½	18½	18½	18½	18½
Manitoba In. Ass'n	10	10	10	10	10	10
English Loan Co.	—	—	—	—	—	—
British Can. Co.	120	—	—	—	—	—
Canada Per. Stock	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada Per. Debs.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agricultural	101	101	101	101	101	101

TRANSACTIONS—Montreal—10 at 214½. Ontario—100 at 54, 12 at 53½. Toronto—50 at 171½, 50 at 171. Merchants'—25 at 134½, 25 at 134, 25 at 134½. Commerce—75 at 138. Federal—10 at 103½, 110 at 103½, 100 at 103½. Imperial—10 at 139½, 50 at 140, 50 at 140½, 50 at 140½. Dominion—75 at 208½, 40 at 208½, 40 at 208½. Standard—25 at 118½, 50 at 118½. Hamilton—25 at 114. Canada Life—10 at 178. Western Assurance—50 at 134½. Consumers' Gas—50 at 141. Montreal Telegraph—10 at 94. Dominion Telegraph—25 at 93. Montreal—10 at 128. Canada Landed & Nat'l Investment—10 at 120. Toronto H. Building—10 at 141½. Hudson's Bay—10 at 18½. Agricultural—10 at 101.

Reported by *S. P. Clark & Co., London.*

Stock Exchange, Montreal.

March 21, 3.30 p. m.

	Offered.	Buyers.
Bank of Montreal	214½	214
Merchants' Bank	136	135½
Bank of Commerce	147	146½
Molsons Bank	—	135
Bank of Toronto	172	171
Federal Bank	104	103½
Molsons Bank, xd	135	134½
Dominion Bank	209	208
Bangue Jacques Cartier	130	129½
Montreal Bank	—	—
Canada Landed Co.	124	120
Commercial Bank	138	137½
City Passenger R. R.	142	140
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	110	109
Canada Cotton Co.	92	90
Montreal Telegraph	94½	94
Ontario Investment	—	102
Canada Life	180	175

Montreal, March 20, 3.45 p. m.—SALES—Bank of Montreal—5 at 214½. Merchants' Bank—5 at 135, 45 at 135½. Bank of Commerce—75 at 147, 25 at 146½. Federal Bank—100 at 103½. Dominion Bank—75 at 208½, 50 at 208½, 50 at 208½. Standard—25

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Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

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In casks and bottles, of the same excellence for which our SPECIALLY BREWED

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AFFLECK! AFFLECK!! TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY—Wellington Street Church, Wellington and Windsor, at 7.30. Price 25 cents. Chir

MEETINGS.

COURT DUFFERIN NO. 7, I. O. F.—Don't forget the grand entertainment given by Prof. W. H. Maiden, the celebrated Mesmerist and Ventriloquist, in Forester's Hall, on Tuesday evening, March 28, in aid of the Court's Benefit Fund. Admission, 25 cents. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Let us have a crowded house. Chir

LOST.

BLUE ENAMEL LOCKET AND gold chain lost.—Finder will receive a reward by leaving it at this office. Chir

BUSINESS CHANCES

C. L. DRIEFER'S GROCERY, Wine and Liquor Store, with comfortable dwelling attached, 77 Oxford west, Wellington street, for sale. Apply on premises. Chir

BENTON HOUSE LIVERY STABLE—BLM and Peck, Props.—Horses to let by the day, week or month, to private parties and the public generally. This is one of the best livery stables in the west of London. Parties in search of a good livery will find it to their interest to call at the Benton House, Richmond street, Hodgestown, Ont. Chir

STOCK FOR SALE IN ONE OF the most thriving villages in Western Ontario, consisting of Groceries, Crockery and Glassware. Also, Dry Goods and Boots and Shoes. Doing first class business. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Chir

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET for two gentlemen.—Apply 49 King st., corner Burwell st. Chir

ROOMS TO LET.—A NUMBER of rooms in the building on Dundas street recently occupied by Mr. Hodgins, suitable for offices, workshops or storerooms. Also, the dwelling attached, one of the premises. Rent moderate. Apply to F. B. Fleury, Barrister. Chir

TO LET, THAT VERY DESIRable three-storey brick on the east side of Richmond and north corner of Queen's Avenue, with stable in rear. Apply on premises, Queen's Avenue store, Dundas st. Chir

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN the Albion Buildings, Richmond street, to rent, possession given on the 1st of April. Apply to Albion Hotel, or Mechanics' Telegraph Co. Office, Richmond street, or to Mr. Alexander & Co.'s Brewery.

TO LET—THE THIRD AND fourth flats of the Free Press Building, and Lower Basement and Ground Floor of the Building on the corner of Richmond and Richmond Lane. Apply to H. E. Nelles, Business Manager Free Press. Chir

FOR SALE.

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FARM FOR SALE, 100 ACRES, three miles north of London. For particulars apply to PETER WEATHERILL, Lot 5, 2nd Con. Chir

FOR SALE.—A BRICK TWO-STORY dwelling house, No. 84, east side of Wellington street, St. Thomas, Ontario, well stocked with fruit trees; a large vegetable garden in the rear. Also, a lot on Elgin street, one hundred and fifteen feet frontage, running back to the property of Mrs. Hall, on which is a frame building. The house can be built by the purchaser to suit himself. Terms easy. Apply to P. W. Ashman, Esquire, Barrister, St. Thomas, or Dr. Ashman, Aylmer. Chir

FOR SALE.—FRAME HOUSE and a half acres of land, in the village of Ingersoll. Rent and will value to purchaser. Apply to Mrs. Hall, or to Mr. Archdeacon, Lambeth P.O. Chir

OAK, CHESTNUT, CHERRY and Maple, Basswood, and other Lumber for sale by Wm. Saunders, Westmount, Ont. Chir

OIL PROPERTY FOR SALE IN Petrolia.—Several good producing wells, with machinery, in splendid running order, will be sold on favorable terms and time for selling. Apply to A. Kingsmill, Petrolia, Ont. Chir

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TRACY AND DURAND, ARCHITECTS, SURVEYORS AND CIVIL ENGINEERS, CITY HALL ..... LONDON Thos. H. Tracy. Geo. W. Durand

MEDICAL.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. Reeve, L. R. C. P., L. R. C. S., Edinburgh, Ont., Licentiate Trinity Medical College, Toronto, Ontario, and Licentiate Royal College of Physicians, London, on Saturday, April 8, 37 Church st., Toronto. Chir

DRS. EOCLES & WISHART, corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington st., London.

DR. ANDERSON, OF St. JAMES Hospital, London, England, has removed to 4 Wimbledon Place, Dundas st., where he may be consulted on all diseases of each sex. Chir

DR. HANSON, HILL STREET, LONDON, ONTARIO. May be consulted at the Western Hotel (Tracy's) every Monday from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Chir

DR. J. M. SMITH, OCULIST AND AURIST, HARLEY TERRACE, 56 Talbot st., London.

R. A. REEVE, B.A., M.D. Residence and Office—No. 10 Hamer Street, Toronto.

DR. J. H. RAUBER, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Bruce Mines, Algoma. Chir

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Watches of all sorts, Rogers Table Cutlery, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Razors, Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Gold Pens and Pencils, Silver Spoons, Forks, Butter Knives, Sugar Shells, Napkin Rings, Cruets, Fruit Knives, Pickle Forks, Jewellery, Clocks, Bronzes, Opera Glasses, Violins, Accordeons, Concertinas, Flutes, Fifes, Flageolets, Guitars, Banjos, Violin Bows, Violin Strings, Guitar Strings, Banjo Strings, Violin Cases, Guitar Cases, Banjo Cases, Violin Boxes, Guitar Boxes, Banjo Boxes, Violin Bridges, Violin Pegs, Violin Tailpieces, Violin Chinrests, Violin Mutes, Violin Rosin, Violin Fittings, Violin Screws, Violin Fingerboards, Violin Nuts, Violin Endpins, Violin Sordines, Violin Tuners, Violin Mountings, Violin Purfling, Violin Backs, Violin Sides, Violin Tops, Violin Necks, Violin Scrolls, Violin Linings, Violin Blocks, Violin Corners, Violin Ribs, Violin Heads, Violin Bodies, Violin Varnish, Violin Stain, Violin Oil, Violin Glue, Violin Cement, Violin Moulds, Violin Patterns, Violin Models, Violin Tools, Violin Books, Violin Music, Violin Instruction Books, Violin Tutors, Violin Methods, Violin Studies, Violin Exercises, Violin Solos, Violin Duets, Violin Trios, Violin Quartettes, Violin Quintettes, Violin Sextettes, Violin Septettes, Violin Octettes, Violin Nonettes, Violin Decettes, Violin Undettes, Violin Duodettes, Violin Tredettes, Violin Quattuordettes, Violin Quindettes, Violin Sexdettes, Violin Septendettes, Violin Octodettes, Violin Novemdettes, Violin Decemdettes, Violin Undecemdettes, Violin Duodecemdettes, Violin Tredecemdettes, Violin Quattuordecemdettes, Violin Quindecemdettes, Violin Sexdecemdettes, Violin Septendecemdettes, Violin Octodecemdettes, Violin Novemdecemdettes, Violin Vicedettes, Violin Undevicedettes, Violin Duodevicedettes, Violin Tredevicedettes, Violin Quattuordevicedettes, Violin Quindevicedettes, Violin Sexdevicedettes, Violin Septendevicedettes, Violin Octodevicedettes, Violin Novemdevicedettes, Violin Tricedettes, Violin 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The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, March 28, 1882.

AN ORIENTAL BROIL.

The European war cloud having temporarily passed over, the situation between the Celestial races of China and Japan, attracts interest. It is thought probable these will be in the field before long to settle by force of arms the old claims, jealousies, and prejudices, that have been long rankling. The Japs are supposed to be stronger in all the resources of war, because they have of late years been adopting the appliances of western nations, and they have been showing off their own boasted superiority in a superfluous and aggressive manner, by extending their influence over the islands on the Chinese coast, by interfering in the government of Corea, and by seizing Formosa and the Loo Choo Islands. The Chinese have bided their time, and meanwhile have immensely increased the power of their fleet, until it is more than a match for the Japanese. In all their ports vast armaments of military preparations are going on, which are explained upon the grounds that China now feels herself strong enough to put a stop to Japanese aggressions and to demand reparation for past outrages. The principal grievance which has at last aroused the Chinese is the assertion of sovereignty over the Loo Choo Islands by the Japanese and the forcible deposing of their King, to which has recently been added the seizure of a group of smaller islands near by which have always been claimed by China. For twelve hundred years the Loo Chooens have considered themselves subjects of China. They have aided her in her wars, have paid tribute to her, speak her language, and have adopted her customs. The Satsuma Princes of Japan, however, for years, by reason of their control of the Loo Choo trade, claimed a sort of suzerainty over the islands, which did not interfere, however, with the payment of their customary tribute to China. When, however, the present Daimio, felt that he was strong enough with his powerful navy and the improved arms of his land forces to seize the islands, the case was changed, for the last vestige of responsibility to China disappeared. The Japanese invaded the islands, carried off their King, put a garrison in the Capital and a fleet in its harbor—in other words, annexed it. The tribute to China then ceased, and the last hold of China upon them was broken. This happened three years ago. That China did not immediately compel Japan to relinquish her hold upon them and restore them to their proper authority was because she was not strong enough. But she has not been idle in these three years. Her land forces have been greatly strengthened. Her fleet has been increased in numbers and power by fifteen or twenty gunboats and ironclads constructed in England by Sir George Armstrong, some of which are among the most powerful vessels afloat. She is now, therefore, in a position to talk and act, and she has commenced talking by presenting her ultimatum to Japan, which is simply that Japan shall get out of Loo Choo and other Chinese possessions and keep out, give indemnity for the past and guaranty for the future. This will be a bitter pill for Japan, as she was not chosen to swallow it. In such a case the war may be a terrible one, but there can be no doubt as to the result. Upon the sea Japan cannot hope to overcome a largely superior fleet. Upon the land it is idle for thirty millions of people to imagine that they can overcome three hundred millions, especially when the larger number is equally as well armed as the smaller.

CEDAR BLOCK.

Detroit is so well satisfied with the cedar paving for its streets that Londoners may feel encouraged to go forward in the same direction without delay. The *News*, discussing the question, says that Detroit has won the reputation of being next to Washington, the best paved city in the United States. At the same time there is no city that has been paved so cheaply. Washington has spent ten dollars for every dollar Detroit has put into its streets, and has not as many miles of pavement to show for it. "Who has been jolted over the stones of Philadelphia, Cleveland, Buffalo, Baltimore, Boston, Cincinnati, St. Louis, or undergone the rattling, clattering, bone-breaking joining of a Broadway asphalt block, but will be delighted for the smooth cedar of Detroit, which costs so little compared to the rocky roads of those cities. Almost as much money has been put down in the pavement of Broadway alone as we have expended in all Detroit, and yet it is as much as one's bones are worth to ride two miles over it. Heavy as is the tariff on the finest Canadian pine, we believe it could be kept well paved with cedar at less cost than it takes to keep the granite smooth."

NOT FOR JOE.

Of a specious colony in "Blake's paradise" an American paper thus speaks:—

"Niscdemus colony, in Kansas, is a prosperous place, although the residents are said to sing always without gold, and subsist on bacca. It contains 305 horses, and is in Graham county. It has two churches, one public school, one subscription school, a post office and several stores. The people raise corn, potatoes, vegetables, and almost every Saturday night and exchange commodities, giving vegetables and other productions for drugs, clothing, and so on. For three years after the colony started there was not a team in it, and the men worked entirely with picks and spade."

This may be well enough for those who like it, but the prosperous farmers of Ontario, who have listened to the Grit leader's florid description, may well exclaim, "N- for Joseph."

Several miles of Edison's electric railway at Menlo Park are now completed, and cars are run on it by electricity at the rate of over twenty miles per hour. At the experiments in Berlin last year, on nine miles of the Siemens road, the speed attained was only about ten miles per hour. Mr. Edison's track is like that of any ordinary railroad, involving curves, grades (one over thirty feet to the mile), with the various obstacles of ravines, streams and rocks. The car resembles our modern horse-car. The electricity is communicated from the generator, some 300 yards away, by two heavy wires, one connecting with each truck. The circuit is completed by covering the ends of the rails with a non-conducting compound. On the wheels take up the electricity from the tracks and communicate with the dynamo-electric machine and gearing in the locomotive. This is given to the train a noiseless, rapid, pleasant motion, unattended with smoke, cinders and clatter.

The franking privilege in the United States is likely to come into fashion again. A Bill restoring the custom has already passed the American Senate, which, however, limits the privilege to members, and provides that no package exceeding two pounds in weight may be franked.

FOOD ADULTERATIONS.

Our American neighbors are behind us in some things, though they may be ahead of us in others. They are very far behind in the protection afforded against the traffic in adulterated food and drugs. Under the operation of the Act in force in Canada, there has been a great falling off in these practices, though much is doubtless yet to be done before the system of adulterations will be done away with. On the other side, however, some startling cases have been brought to light by the Committee on Commerce in a report to Congress, as a basis for legislation. Of eighteen samples of cream of tartar, an article so generally used in making bread, only six were found pure. Eleven contained lime varying from seventeen to ninety per cent. In two there was not a particle of cream of tartar. One consisted of sulphate of lime, alum and acid phosphate of lime, and the other was a mixture of alum, acid phosphate and potato starch. Of eight specimens of cream of tartar examined in New York one contained eighty-six per cent. of terra alba and another sixty-one per cent., while lime salt was found in all the others. "As to black pepper, the dealers," says the report, "appear to have lost all knowledge of the character of the true article." In three of the four samples taken from respectable houses in New York, baked flour, rice and mud were material ingredients. Further inspection disclosed the fact that black pepper is freely adulterated with rice, sago, potato starch, brown and white mustard, wood, wheat, bran and flour, oatmeal and ground gypsum. Allspice is mixed with bread crust, beans, corn starch, woody tissue and turmeric. Fifteen of twenty-one specimens of ground ginger were adulterated. Teas are prepared for market by the use of black lead, indigo, Prussian blue, chrome yellow, Venetian red, carbonate of copper, and arsenate of copper. In the manufacture of confectionery various poisonous preparations, containing Prussian blue, carbonate of copper, cochineal, carbonate of lead, and red lead, are used. Adulteration was also found to be extensively practiced in the case of drugs. The law in Canada provides severe punishment for abuses of this character, and as a consequence the official analyses, when held, reveal but a small percentage of fraud. The state of things disclosed on the other side, however, calls for prompt measures.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Society gossips says the Cornwall *Freeholder*, are now discussing the prospective marriage of Sir Hugh Allan and Miss Mary Gordon, of Quebec. He is a fine old fellow and she is a handsome girl.

The Napanee *Standard* speaks of the very many moderate Reformers, who remember Sir John's early days in Lennox, and who recognize in him the exponent of the principles of Reform as it was before rampant Grittism made a split in its ranks.

The St. Catharines *News* declares "the Reform party is not in favour of the National Policy." This is merely as it appears to our contemporary. But how does he get over what the party leader says about preserving the vested interests, built up by the N. P.?

Several dreadful murders have occurred within the last few days, in Paris, and the police think that there is an organized band of assassins in the capital—a band which plans its crimes a long time ahead of their execution and then commits them in rapid succession.

London *Truth*:—"We understand that Wagner, Liszt and Berlioz represent the most recent developments in music, just as, on a smaller scale, Rossetti and Swinburne do in poetry. The point is not whether Swinburne or Tennyson is the greater, or whether Wagner is as considerable as Beethoven, but whether we are, having for many years heard the old, mean advisedly to hear the new.

In a paper "On the Conservation of Solar Energy," read at the Royal Society, Dr. C. W. Siemens puts forth a theory which can hardly fail to excite discussion. He holds that all the heat and energy sent from the sun finds their way back to the grand source centre. It will comfort many timid people to know that the sun is not going to burn itself away to a cold cinder.

Dr. Niemeyer, of Berlin, says that diphtheria is simply an aggravated form of sore throat. A remedy for it does not exist, and the best hygienic preventive is a refinement of the sense of smell for the detection of injurious gases. Thorough ventilation alone suffices to reduce the number of deaths in an English hospital by several thousand.

Probably the most useful invention of the late Zatharish Allen, of Providence, R. I., who died Saturday, was the automatic cut-off valve for steam engines, which was patented in 1833, and is still employed, with some improvements. In 1831 he constructed the first furnace for the heating of a dwelling-house. A system of mutual insurance for will property was his invention, and he framed laws for the regulation of the sale of explosive oils.

Mr. Robert Ferguson, M. P., has been investigating the origin of some of our common Scottish Christian names, with the result that he is prepared to dispute some of the most usual commonplaces respecting them. He asserts that Janet is not from Jane, or from any female form of John; that Maud is properly a man's name, and that its interchange with Matilda is an ancient mistake. Allie, he also affirms, is a man's name, and Ellen its proper feminine.

The Mississippi floods are at last abating, and the loss of life and property has reached its limit. It is remembered that, in previous cases, floods of this sort have had the effect of fertilizing the soil of the plantations they have affected, and these have led to much larger and finer crops in the following years. But an equally certain effect is a great increase of miasma in the injury to the health of the people. The lower Mississippi will send large supplies of that pestiferous thing, quinine, before the head of the summer comes.

Seven men were hanged on Friday in the United States, five in Pennsylvania, one in New York, and one in Illinois. The crimes punished in these executions were murders of the sordid and vulgar type. Three of them were committed for purposes of robbery, two in drunken quarrels, one through jealous rage, and one was the tragic end of a family feud of long standing. There was no "sensational" crime on the list; all were ignoble murders, the outcome of the base and brutal passions which are in every community always ready to break out in homicidal fury. The murderers, without exception, belonged to "the dangerous classes."

It is a popular error to suppose that ivy growing on the walls of a house makes it damp. The attachment of ivy to walls, so far from injuring them and causing damp, is an advantage. If the walls are dry when planted, ivy will keep them so. If damp, as the plant overspreads their surface the dampness will disappear. Where damp, most parasite ivy sucks out the moisture, and its thick foliage will prevent the access of rain to the stonework; and thus it is not only a remover, but a preventive of dampness. The only danger attending the planting of ivy on buildings is where fissures occur in the wall, in which case the shoots and roots will enter and, if left undisturbed, their growth will open such to such an extent as to cause it to fall. Where the wall is sound there is no such danger for the plant does not make fissures, although quick to discover them.

The novel and interesting process announced some time since in France, by which the wool on sheepskins may be transformed into velvet, is likely to prove of industrial importance. Up to the present time sheepskins, tanned with the wool on, have only been used for mats, linings of coats, &c., and the wool not having been subjected to any preparation, is always matted or curled. Observing that the innumerable fibres are naturally disposed in the most regular and perfect order, peculiarly fit for velveting, an ingenious chemist conceived the idea of cleansing the skin and wool of all impurities, and of so preparing and dressing them that the hairs would be well preserved and not entangled one with the other—the occurrence of the latter contingency being, of course, fatal to the success of the operation. After long and continuous experiments, success has been achieved, the article produced being alike beautiful and serviceable, and destined, it is thought, to become a permanent and important article of manufacture.

A great deal of space is devoted in the London dailies, and weeklies too, for that matter, to Mr. Irving's production of "Romeo and Juliet" in the Lyceum Theatre. The gist of it all appears to be that the mounting is more superb than anything yet seen on the London stage, every resources of liberality and good taste having been exhausted, but that the acting of the principal parts is far from satisfactory. Mr. Irving is an elderly, angular, and explosive Romeo, while Miss Terry is a cold, formal and methodical, if elegant and attractive, *Juliet*. The most successful impersonations seem to have been the *Mercutio* of Mr. Terriss, the *Tybalt* of Mr. Gleany, and the *Nurse* of Mrs. Sterling.

New York *Times*:—Mr. Longfellow exhibited real tenderness now and then in his illness or work, but never love. And along with the absence of love there is an equal absence of hate. All is smooth, limpid, at times beautiful, at times dry and sensible, verse or prose. He was a poet without strong emotions, which is a thing to some people paradoxical. And therefore it was that from Margaret Fuller and Edgar Allen Poe onward some critics have refused to Longfellow the title of great, and have even grudged him the name of poet. Such critics demand something more than the picturesque; they want the truly dramatic; and, with some truth, ask where Longfellow ever wrote a thing dramatic in the high sense.

The Forest *Free Press*, discussing Mr. Lister's connection with the defeat of the Scott Act in Lambton, remarks:—We find no fault with Mr. Lister for his action in that matter. It is quite "professional," of course, to drive a legal coach and four through a law so completely endorsed by the people as was the Scott Act in 1879 in Lambton, but we remember painfully that his connection was at one time a Red Ribbonite, and that he now seeks the votes of the party he deeply injured. Rank incongruity may be professional, but temperance people, be they Grit or Tory, who place principle above their party, will have another name for it.

Belleville *Intelligencer*:—One of the "principles" of the Grit party is that raw material used in manufactures should be admitted free of duty. Yet they howl over the admission, duty free, of wool of a quality which is not produced in this country, to the outrage on the farmers. So as to hides, which are not produced in sufficient quantity to meet the requirements of the trade. As wool is the raw material of woollen manufacture, and hides form that of leather, the devotion to principle of the free trader is apparent. The Opposition seemingly have not one principle to which they stick, and that is "anything to get into office."

Bruce *Herald*:—The *Globe* is now trying to persuade the manufacturers that the tariff is an injury to their business. It tells the farmers and mechanics that manufacturers are rapidly becoming wealthy from the profits they are making out of them. They, of course, cannot be doing two opposite things at the same time, but this is nevertheless the impression which the organ serves up to its readers. It is just possible there is "an undercurrent of disatisfaction" among the more sensible portion of "sturdy Reformers" with this kind of talk.

STORM-STAYED.

Five Hundred Immigrants for Manitoba Obliged to Lie Over at St. Paul on Account of the Snow and of a Lack of Cars Caused Thereby—An Indignation Meeting.

St. Paul, Minn., March 25.—The Manitoba boom has suffered a severe back-set on account of the blizzards raging. It is impossible to carry the throngs of immigrants to their destination. Last night the Milwaukee line delivered thirteen car-loads of Manitoba immigrants at the Union depot, and the Omaha line six car-loads. Both companies were anxious to move on, but the Manitoba immigrants announced that they would not be carried through. Thorough ventilation on account of the snow, if coaches could be had. This announcement was received with wild cheering, and nearly a hundred of the immigrants made a rush for the depot doors, then nearly ready to pull out, but, being repulsed by the guards at the door of the Union depot, rushed around the building from the front entrance through the yard and boarded the coaches, from which they could not be dislodged. The train was quickly got the regulars outside, tracked the immigrants, and pulled out for the north. At Sauk Rapids it followed this coup, and this morning the immigrants adopted the following resolutions of censure:

Whereas, The ladies, gentlemen, and children here present from the Province of Ontario, in numbers exceeding a hundred, were induced by the representations of the Great Western Railway Company, with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to Winnipeg, Manitoba, via the Great Western Railway, Chicago and Northwestern, and St. Paul and Manitoba roads; and that,

Whereas, On our arrival at St. Paul on *Friday*, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, it appears and was so stated by an official of the Manitoba road that they had no cars for the transportation of the said passengers over the road to Manitoba, and further, that the North western Railway was urged to all ow their cars to go on through to our destination, which they refused, thereby compelling the said passengers to remain at the Depot during the night following their arrival without sleeping accommodations, thereby causing, practically, those who had large families, a great amount of unnecessary expense, which many are not able to afford; and further, that from the statement of the Superintendent of the Manitoba road it is the policy of the people. The lower Mississippi will send large supplies of that pestiferous thing, quinine, before the head of the summer comes.

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DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Proceedings in the House of Commons.

By Special Telegraph from Our Own Reporter.

Ottawa, March 27.—The House met at 3.30.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

After routine, Mr. Guillet introduced an Act to amend Chap. 29, 38 Victoria, entitled an Act to extend certain provisions of the Seamen's Act of 1873 to vessels employed in navigating the inland waters of Canada, and to provide for the collection of the wages of seamen and other persons employed on board vessels trading on the inland waters of Canada in a summary manner.

DELAYED RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Blake complained that a number of returns asked for early in the session had not been brought down.

Sir Hector Langevin said the returns were being prepared as rapidly as possible.

THE TEMPORALITIES FUND.

Mr. Shaw moved that the House go into committee on the Act to amend the Act entitled an Act to incorporate the board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland and the Acts amending.

Mr. Cameron (Victoria) said there were other Bills bearing on the same subject which were yet to come before the House, and it would be better if they could all be considered together. He therefore moved that this Bill be considered this day week. Lost on a division.

The House went into Committee, Mr. Robertson (Hamilton) in the chair.

Mr. McLennan moved in amendment to the first clause that, whereas, the union of churches referred to in the preamble was not complete, but left a minority of eight members out of thirty-three who had a vested interest in the temporalities fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, which minority declined to become a party to such union, it be resolved that before any disposition of this fund is made by this House the right of the said minority should be maintained to a division of the capital of the said fund in such manner that the said minority shall control the proportion thereof.

Hon. Mr. Blake raised the point of order that proper notice of the amendment had not been given.

After some discussion, Mr. Blake's point of order was sustained.

Sir John Macdonald said he deeply regretted the strong feeling which had been incorporated with this matter. He desired to act as mediator in the matter, and would submit some amendments with a view to compromising matters.

Hon. Mr. Blake said the amendments were so important that they required the notice provided for by the rules of the House.

Sir John Macdonald said in such an important matter, when so much was to be gained by conciliation, the House might strain a point of order in favor of peace and harmony.

Mr. Shaw said the whole Bill was a compromise. The majority were anxious to do even justice to the minority.

Sir John Macdonald said if the point of order was insisted on he would not press his amendments.

Mr. Kirkpatrick said he knew nothing of the proposed compromise. As the principal shareholders will be Roundcutters and Winnipeggers, they should be called together to meet the emergency for hotel accommodation, occasioned by the very great influx of people to the town.

The work on the traffic bridge, Eighteenth street, is steadily progressing.

At Miller, McQueen & Co.'s, were having the masonry for their new glass-roof all unloaded from the car on Monday afternoon, and over an hour was spent in letting the placer fall to the ground it was completely smashed to pieces. Quite a number of spectators were present.

The Presbyterian, Church of England, and Methodist congregations, whose property was destroyed by the late fire, are all busy and are preparing each to build a church early in the season.

The Prevention of Mississippi Floods.

The inundated regions of the Mississippi Valley have been laid under water largely directly to the levees that have already been constructed. The operation of these embankments is to confine and increase the rush of waters till they acquired force enough to break through at their weakest point. The Mississippi is at various times 60 to 100 miles, an devouring out the whole width of its valley.

The only effective or common sense relief for inundated lands is to be sought in the straightening of the vast bends in the river and the provision of new outlets to furnish natural and ample channels for the escape of the waters. The river is 1,200 miles long, and by such improvements as these could be shortened four miles. If it were straightened out from Cairo to New Orleans the distance would be saved by the work would be done at a cost of very little more than the cost of the levees. The river and the current would be thereby increased in inverse proportion, and the waters would be carried off with ease and way to the sea. It might be further relieved by cut-offs, enabling the waters to reach the Gulf for part of the water. There would then be no overflows.

The Salvation Army has just celebrated the first anniversary of its start in work at Paris. The festivities of the occasion were enjoyed by many hundreds of the poor and poorest quarters of the city, on the outskirts of Belleville. About 1,200 people assembled during the day in the Army barracks, many of them poor wretches in rags and filth, who were in want of food, and were supplied with it by the Army. Although the President and some of an audience at a musical entertainment given in the evening, the Army, and the daughter of "Gen." Booth, of the English organization, conducted the services. A committee of ladies has been appointed to collect funds for the support of the work. A notable feature of the whole proceedings was "the astonishing degree of order and decorum" which prevailed. Many of the people are of a class who would be possible to find in any other assemblage. The Army, however, as all the leaders of the movement, although speaking French fluently, were marked by a strong English accent. The work of the Army in Belleville has been successful, and the people's devotion had the crowded audience been less than 1,200 would be required. It is added that the army has evidently taken hold of a large number of people during its year's existence, and that, on the whole, the movement has been conducted such an assembly of the lowest class of Parisians.

A fashion-writer says:—The manis which has existed for sunflower, both natural and conventionalized, is on the wane; people have become weary of the absurdity of it, and, in taste, it is not made quite so prominent or quite so conspicuous as it was last season. Beautiful passionflowers of the brilliantly-plated and really effective flower are shown in silk and velvet, and are very pretty at night, and showing a play of light and shade which is rich and effective. Natural passionflowers are also very appropriate ornaments. In these flowers it is possible to have those of artificial flowers, as they closely resemble the real blossoms, so perfectly are nature's treasures reproduced in silk and plush, and they are much more lasting than the genuine article. Fresh flowers soon fade and become unsightly when exposed to great heat and to the artificial brilliancy of a ball-room, and the effect of a remarkably pretty bouquet may be spoiled by the faded appearance which will intended to serve as an ornament. Beautiful garlands of forget-me-nots and other small flowers are to be had, while those of parti-colored roses, with a fringe of pendent buds, are exceedingly fashionable. Sometimes two or more varieties are combined, giving a quaint finish to a costume. As a rule, however, it is best as well to preserve the unities in this, as in other respects, and, choose a garland of one kind of flowers and in much better taste.

There is much speculation as to what St. Jacobs Oil really is, it seems not from the promptings of curiosity alone, but because Oil administered in a manner—"Pay for her of rope Three hundred a year" Oil—

THE TRUE NURSERY SOAP

—IS—

CHURCHER'S PURE WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP.

It is made with materials carefully purified by steam; the glycerine is retained in it; it contains no coloring or deleterious matter, and is agreeably perfumed; it makes a firm, cream-like lather, very pleasant to feel, and possesses remarkable healing properties when the skin has been irritated or broken. For the tender, delicate skin of infants it is the only safe Soap to use.

Made only by

MESSRS. THOS CHURCHER & CO., AT THEIR STEAM SOAP WORKS, CLARENCE ST., LONDON.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, March 28, 1882.

MICHAEL STROGOFF;

OR

THE COURIER OF THE CZAR.

BY JULES VERNE.

Under these energetic measures the square of Nijni-Novgorod would, it was evident, be entirely evacuated before the evening, and to the tumult of the great fair would succeed the silence of the desert.

It must again be repeated—for it was a necessary aggravation of these severe measures—that in all these nomads chiefly concerned in the order of expulsion were the steppes of Siberia were forbidden, and they would be obliged to hasten to the south of the Caspian Sea, either to Persia, Turkey, or the plains of Turkestan. The towns of the Ural, and the mountains which form, as it were, a prolongation of that chain along the Russian frontier, they were not allowed to pass. They were therefore under the necessity of selling at a sacrifice the vaste herds they could not take with them.

Just as the reading of the proclamation by the head of the police came to an end, the multitude dispersed instinctively into the midst of Michael Strogoff.

"What a singular coincidence," thought he, "between this proclamation expelling all foreigners of Asiatic origin and the words exchanged this evening between those two Jews!—The Father Gregory of the Steppes! now—The Father Gregory could not be where we were to-day, for the old man died. But 'the Father' is the Emperor. He is never called any thing else among the people. How could these gypsies have learned from the moujiks the measure taken against them? How could they have known it before-hand, and where do you wish to go? Those are problems people, and it is not for you to put them to them the government proclaims that it does not trouble itself about its private affairs."

But these reflections, though certainly correct, were completely dispelled by another, which drove every other thought out of Michael's mind. Between the two Jews their suspicions words, the strange coincidence which resulted from the proclamation. The remembrance of the young Livonian girl whom he had rescued.

"Poor child!" he thought to himself, "she can not now cross the frontier."

In truth the young girl was from Riga; she was Livonian, consequently a Russian, and now could not leave Russian territory. The peril which had been given her before the new measures had been taken, was evidently no longer available. All the routes to Siberia, and consequently that pointed to her, and whatever was the motive which urged her to Irkutsk, she was now for hidden to go there.

What the thought greatly occupied Michael Strogoff. He said to himself, vaguely at first, that without neglecting any thing of what was due to his important mission, it would perhaps be possible for him to be of some use to this brave girl; and this idea presented itself to him how serious were the dangers which he, as courier of the vigorous man, would have personally to encounter, and the responsibility of which he would have to bear, if by his fault the events would render not only her journey, but even her life, more perilous from the town.

Michael then returned to the other side of the Volga, to the quarter in which was the office of the head of police.

An immense crowd was collected there, for though all foreigners were ordered to quit the province, they had nevertheless to get through many last formalities before they could leave.

Whether this prescription some Russian merchants had hoped to be further saved from it, or whether they had been able to elude the vigilance of the police, they were all there, in a disguise to prevent being recognized.

Michael Strogoff did not wish to ask questions, but he listened with the greatest attention to the remarks which were exchanged around him.

"Well," said he, "if she taken the route to Perm, it is nearly impossible but that I shall fall in with her.

Then I will watch over her without her suspecting it; and perhaps it will be as anxious as myself to reach Irkutsk, we will cause us no delay."

But on thought leads to another, and Michael did not remain concerned on the supposition of doing a kindness, of rendering a service; but now another idea flashed into his mind, and the question presented itself to him:

"But, but is," said he to himself, "that I have made a mistake? Did she not see me in the crowd? Her presence will be the cause of her recognition from me. A man standing alone among a crowd of women, and a young girl accompanied by a young girl accompanied by an old man. I shall appear to her to be the Russian Kirdjaset at my pole. Therefore, the most important for me, therefore I must find her again at any cost. It is not probable that such a young girl, when she has been able to get a carriage, can take the Nijni-Novgorod. I must look for her here, and if I find her—"

Michael left the great square of Nijni-Novgorod where the tumult produced by the carrying out of the measures ordered by the police seemed to increase. He returned to the quarter of the caravanserais, where the agents and Commissaries who were charged with the execution of the edict were busily occupied in the examination of the papers of the foreigners.

Michael Strogoff, however, could not find her. He questioned the people, but no one had seen her. Had she then left Nijni-Novgorod? Had she succeeded in getting out of the town without being stopped? Had she been able to obtain a carriage, and could she already be on the road to Perm?

Michael Strogoff was not willing to believe that. He would have seen her, he would have met her. He would have found her again.

He then returned to the quarter of the caravanserais, and he was walking about there for more than an hour, when he heard a great noise in the direction of the river.

Shouts, cries, and imprecations were mingled with the sound of blows.

Michael hastened in that direction, and he saw that a great number of the foreigners, who had been unable to obtain a carriage, were endeavoring to take possession of the boats which were moored to the bank of the Volga.

Michael Strogoff could not be long in making every thing right with the police and being free in his movements.

While waiting he looked about him, and what did he see? There, fallen rather than seated, on a bench, was a girl, a prey to affect despair, although her face could scarcely be seen, the profile alone being visible against the wall.

Michael Strogoff could not be mistaken. He instantly recognized the young Livonian.

Not knowing the governor's orders, she had come to the police office to get her pass signed.

No doubt she was authorized to go to Irkutsk, but the order was peremptory—it annulled all previous authorizations, and the routes to Siberia were closed to her.

Michael, delighted at having found her again, approached the girl.

She looked up for a moment and her face brightened on recognizing her traveling companion. She instinctively rose, and like a drowning man who clutcheth at a spar, she was about to ask his help.

At that moment the agent touched Michael on the shoulder.

"The head of police will see you," he said.

"Good!" returned Michael. And without saying a word to her for whom he had been searching all day, without receiving from her by a gesture, which might compromise either her or himself, he followed the man through the crowd.

The young Livonian, seeing the only being to whom she could look for help disappear, fell back again on her bench.

To be continued.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Freshest Gleanings of Age, Place and Purpose.

WHAT A CIRCUS DID.

We were a saint and sober as you think,
For humble and meek as notes and text,
Till the circus came to town with its free drink,
And all so prosperity went by the board;
One honest man we went to the Circus!

Nobody has ever seen us go
All on foot, or at all too slow;
No matter how gaily we walked or sang,
Before we went to the Circus!

We went to church, or we went to school,
Before very most orthodox kind or rule;
Then were a people of Dutch descent,
All phlegmatic of temperament,
Until we went to the Circus!

And since this a woeful sight,
That very we are changed at the time I write:
Now by the wayside we're swaying,
Trying to copy the Circus!

The boys an their heads, with feet in air,
Attempting with their mouths to walk their chairs;
Others on ladders on the sidewalk stalk
All balancing into [illegible]
And some are hanging by their heads and feet,
All got themselves up for a show,
All ready to do at the Circus!

Mother hich up on the table stands,
Keeping the baby with both her hands,
And brandishing him like an Indian club!
And ironing him like any shirt or shawl,
While a shriek that would rend the air,
Is the only music to be heard
Coming corn is a serious movement on

The keller knows how to get around a counter.

Business a business is "run down" It is time to have it "running up."

The vegetarian's diminutive pleasantry—"I'll race that I eat meat."

"Dear darling," said the bell to the bell, and the wedding went on.

At the Hub—"I am tired," sighed the air-brake. "Poor fellow," spoke the axle, yawned the engine.

Persons desirous of learning insect life should study the bee. He can always give you a point.

"Fortune knocks once at every man's door," but misfortune stalks in many times without knocking.

The crowd said to the young lady as she came down the stairs, "Don't be afraid to have it near her, "It's no use to grumble, and I have come to stay."

You are right in objecting to the principle that the ballot box is entitled to the whole of the sidewalk, but if it wants it, you'd better let him have it.

"I can handle myself," said Lorenzo, as he stood by a portion of a fellow artist's anatomy. "It isn't the first time that I've put a model through his paces."

"Pa," asked his wife in merry tones, "what is a cent-and dandelin, who is an accountant, has a sign on his door to that effect. Some wag, in search of knowledge, has been followed by ten of without pale, and Miss Dora Apple, of Chicago, is using Mr. Sozodont for brush of promises.

Mr. Bruce should have paired his cow again.

The difference between a person in his second childhood and his second childhood it is that the latter has no teeth. In his second childhood he teeth.

"Intelligence!" said the man of his order dog. "He knows a heap, sir. Why, when I took a dislike to a man and went and kicked the man and him so I would kick the man! Fact, sir."

Another makes his living by his marks, a palpitation of the heart stops, a soldier by arms, a singer by his notes, a gambler by his edge, a prize fighter by his blows, while a fiddler escapes for his living.

"Jake! you must part!" as the coat-tails of the old man disappeared from the door. "Jake! you will mend again

J. H. LONGAN & CO.

We have removed to 359 and 361 Richmond st., where we will continue our Wholesale Liquor Trade.

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES
INCLUDING
Humphrey's
SPECIFICS
Special attention given to the dispensing of Physicians' Prescriptions & Family Recipes.
Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices,
AT
STRONG'S DRUG STORE,
328 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, March 26, 1889.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Friday, March 29, 1889.

Sun rises.....6.26 a.m. | Moon rises...11.47 a.m.
Sun sets.....7.15 p.m. | Moon sets.....7.17 p.m.

Day of the Year 87th.

Cumulo-nimbus in France in 1827.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6th	1.39 p.m.
Last Quarter	13th	5.10 p.m.
New Moon	20th	7.46 a.m.
First Quarter	27th	10.14 p.m.

THE ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

The British Government, after waiting to see whether any private individual will come forward to defray the cost of an expedition to Egypt to observe the total eclipse of the sun on May 6th, has, in the conspicuous absence of that individual, to send Captain Abney and Mr. Norman Lockyer, with whom will go William Black, the novelist.

SOMEBODY PREMATURE.

Toronto, March 25.—5.30a.m.—Winds shifting to the west and north, and increasing to high winds or gales; cloudy and mild weather, with occasional rain to-day, followed by snow or rain this evening.

MODERATE WEATHER BEFORE.

Washington, March 25, 1 a. m.—Indications—Lower lake region and east to Gulf: higher barometer; north-west winds, brisker variable.

PERSONAL.—In answer to many kind inquiries, it may be stated that Mr. John Blackburn, who sustained a dislocation of the right shoulder by falling through a trap-door on Friday, is doing well so far, and by the end of the week expects to be at business again.

JUDGMENT RESERVED.—Charles W. Kent appeared at the Police Court yesterday morning on the charge of the violation of the Sunday by-law in erecting a frame building outside the incorporated area. The charge was fully sustained, but the P. M. reserved judgment for one week, in order that the Sheep Inspector might have the premises visited and ascertain if the provisions of the by-law are being complied with.

ASKING FOR INCORPORATION.—Notice is given that application will be made for incorporation by Clayton Sisley, Ignatius Chisholm, and William Beak, of Brantford; James Slaker, of London, and John Harris, of Rondeau, as "The Ontario Cotton Company (Limited)," for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics throughout the province. The chief place of business of the company is to be at Brantford. The capital stock is to be $250,000.

A CANADIAN COMPANY.—The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company is the name chosen by a number of capitalists who purpose colonizing a large portion of land in the North-west. The following applicants seek a charter:—Wm. R. Bell, of Brockville; John Kerr, merchant, of Chatham; Hottman J. Boots, of Chatham; Robert Crawford, of Brockville, Wm. Newkirk, of Chatham; Francis C. Bruce, of Hamilton; Thomas C. Ellwood, of Toronto; Edmund Burritt, of Barker's Corners; William H. Thistle, of Ottawa; Zachary Rogers, of Milford, Municipal Clerk; Z. T. Knight, of Winnipeg, and John F. Wood, of Brockville. The chief place of business will be at Chatham; capital stock $600,000.

PRESENTATION.—A pleasant incident, expressive of the esteem in which a departing friend is held, took place at the Grand Trunk depot here yesterday, prior to the departure of Mr. D. Rogerson to assume a position in the freight department of that line at Toronto. Mr. Rogerson has for the years been an employe of the Company, and for the last six years has filled the position of foreman in the freight sheds, during which time he has rendered himself highly esteemed. Therefore his fellow-employes assembled at the depot yesterday, and after a few preliminary remarks, Mr. T. D. Grey, agent for the Sheddon Company, on behalf of the men, presented Mr. Rogerson with a handsome, solid-leather, silver-mounted travelling-bag and other articles in a neat and appropriate address. Mr. Rogerson, in a few suitable words, feelingly responded, and other fitting farewell to his many friends, he left for the Queen City.

LOCAL NOTICES

BANKRUPT STOCK.—The well-known firm of Thomas Walls & Sons, Toronto, announce that they have purchased the bankrupt stock of Messrs. Watson, Farber & Co., woollen draperies, silk mercers, etc., London, Eng., and will offer the same for sale on Tuesday, 4th April, together with other large consignments. A splendid chance for buyers.

Don Quixote, Carlisle's complete works in 24 vols., Dr. Quincy's works, &c., for sale, a bargain. Also the stock of pools and billiard tables, Chesterfield and other furniture of Mr. Hackney. Hackney will be continued as usual. Orders solicited. R. H. Hodgen, 6 Masonic Temple.

BAGGAGE-SMASHING best. They can't beat Scarrow's trunks. Fact! 235 Dundas street.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!—Spring, 1889. One hundred and fifty thousand rolls arrived. New patterns, fresh goods, splendid value. The papers are full twenty-one inches wide and right good long. Warranted. I would call special attention to those lines I have got sold at prices. A large quantity of wall paper remaining over eight inches wide and six yards long, you can have them for half price, or put up and called double rolls. Buy or paper as you like it is guaranteed good to be right. Special attention to special variety of papers, full length, at 5c cents per roll at Harris's Depot, 122 and 124 Dundas street. G-4-4-4

CHEAP EXCURSIONS.—T. Bastible & Co. are now selling 100 pieces of embroidery at 20c, worth 10c; 100 pieces at 5c., worth 10c; 100 pieces at 10c., worth 20c; 100 pieces at 12c., worth 25c. Never before were such cheap lines offered in London. Also, 100 pieces at 8c., 10c., and 12c., actions cannot be equalled in London.

Buy your Tea direct from agency. Special value this week, 35c. per lb. Try it. If you have not, it is worth a trial. T. Stewart Mundell, Dundas street, 2 doors west of Richmond.

A Big Boom.

Robt. Wallace, the Dundas street clothier, has received most of his spring stock, and as a result the new spring suits are booming. His importations for this season are varied and very handsome, and as this house has a reputation for first-class work at reasonable prices, we would refer to them in need of a stylish suit to give Wallace a call.

SOCIAL AND DRAMATIC MENTIONS.

"Hearts of Oak" again at the Grand tonight.

Rev. G. W. Wye, of Port Burwell, was in the city yesterday afternoon.

The Water Commissioners hold their semi-monthly meeting this evening.

John Ball, an Intercolonial farmer, was taken in by P. C. Pope yesterday morning.

The G. W. R. "ology" Department was transferred to Hamilton in a box car yesterday morning.

His Lordship the Bishop of Huron will hold a confirmation service in Grace Church, Brantford, on Easter Sunday.

The collections from the letter boxes will be made at 2.30 a. m. in future, instead of 10 a.m., as has been the custom.

Mr. Wm. Pierson, the well known traveller for Messrs. Perrin & Co., leaves for the North-West to go farming.

Hon. T. B. Pardee, of Smith's, passed through to Toronto yesterday, looking considerably better after his late illness.

The Post Office Inspector of London Division has shipped twelve closed letter boxes to Winnipeg to be put up in that city.

The Canadian Press Association purpose having their summer excursion to the New York and other points on the American side.

The Hamilton bellboy and cashcourier are discussing a new form of contract, and are waiting for the architects to come to terms.

Mr. John Owen, late traveller for Messrs. W. W. Park & Co., Toronto, has accepted a similar position with Messrs. D. S. Perrin & Co., of this city.

Messrs. C. R. Love, of Inverhuron, and C. Kemp, of Kinmaddie, arrived in the city yesterday upon their return from a trip to Prairie Province.

The Commercial Traveller for March has as a frontispiece a portrait of the late Thos. H. Taylor, of Guelph. It is an excellent piece for the brushes.

Mr. Henry Wheeler of the Queen's Hotel, Toronto, and one of the proprietors of the Tecumseh House, was registered at the Revere House yesterday.

Mr. Harry A. Griffin, telegraph editor of the Detroit *Evening News*, paid the Free Press a call yesterday. The *News* now boasts of 40,000 circulation daily.

In the notice of the concert by the Northschool of the Sunday the name of Miss Hilma Lövely was by the printer omitted. These young ladies sang with great success.

The employes of Messrs. John Birrell & Co., of this city, will play a match game of golf with the employes of John Greenlees & Co., of Toronto, in that city, 24th of May.

The planking of the new iron bridge at Oxford street will be laid to-day, and about Saturday will be taken off the hands of the contractors. Mr. Tracy says it is a splendid piece of work.

Another instance of carelessness occurred at the establishment of Stevens, Turner & Burns yesterday morning, a man named Edward Cousens having the top of his finger lopped off by accident.

The semi-intoxicated individual who disturbed the Conservative meeting at Mechanics' Hall on Saturday is to be prosecuted. He has been championed by the hotel-keeper and P. P. Thin.

The Ontario Manufacturers meet in Hamilton to-day to discuss the separation from the Dominion Board, and to see if the resignations and election of officers are consummated. Quite a number will go from this locality.

Henry Roddy, the man arrested some time ago on the charge of stealing a horse, the property of Mr. Watson, into the street, came up again before Squire Peters, and remanded for evidence against him, he was discharged.

Nineteen out of the twenty-four competitors who entered for the recent match at Port Credit, the remainder being dozen of which Messrs. Mitchell, P. Robb, R. Mackay, W. Vail and a Shipherd daughter-in-law, took part.

The preliminary deposit was forwarded yesterday by Mr. James O'Regan, of this city, for a walking match in which he is to walk 100 miles shortly with Chas. Smith, of Walkerton. The walk is to be for $50, and will come off at the latter place.

There is every indication that the coming summer will give us remarkably fine weather, with an average of heat. It is the opinion of many that it will be cold and disagreeable, and that the farmers to much more pleasant to the latitude.

Mr. John Wright, of this city, has donated to the Red Cross Society for its use in relieving the distress of the Lorne family, of 1791 Notre Dame, Montreal. The family is thankfully received by Mrs. Lowe, who stands in good need of pecuniary assistance.

Dr. Montgomery, who has been Assistant Medical Superintendent at Rockwood Asylum, will succeed Dr. Metcalfe in the same position in the Asylum at that city. His place will be taken by Dr. Clark, formerly Assistant at the Toronto and latterly at the Hamilton Asylums.

It is rumored that the G. W. R. Company intend to reduce the staff of employes at the car works to the old-limited number of 900. There are now about 975 at work; and also that the Track Department and Superintendent's office and staff are to be shifted removed to St. Thomas or Hamilton.

The following goods for London, were on the manifest of the S.S. Oneida, from Liverpool to Portland:—E. Adams & Co., 147 pkgs. mdse.; John Groom & Co., 5 do.; A. B. Powell & Co., 1 do.; S. Perry & Co., 2 do.; J. Wright & Co., 2 casks wire; Hobbs, Osborn & Hobbs, 2 cases hardware and 1 case mdse.

The balance of the stock of the London Oatmeal Company, to be sold to-day in this city, was applied for yesterday. The amount solicited for Lorne was $25,000. The subscription list was rapidly filled up, and after the balance was reduced on the principle that the company did not want more than should control a large amount of cash.

The Coroner's jury which has been engaged for some days past investigating the causes of the fire at Hall & Co.'s store, in Strathroy, came this morning to a verdict, which, in substance, is that the evidence before us we are of opinion that the said place was set on fire by some person or persons unknown to us.

A large number of citizens availed themselves of the opportunity to secure free vaccination on Saturday, and as a consequence there are innumerable arms in a sore condition this morning. The city physician alone having inoculated 75 persons, and the number will be increased to-day.

The Ridgetown Glass Bottle Company, composed of capitalists from Ridgetown and Connecticut, and the New York glass-blowers, with eight of their men called in from the town. A blast furnace is to be built, and the company will be in operation by the 1st of May. Mr. Hall, of Ridgetown, is to be manager.

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The St. Elo Literary Club conundrum was answered (in) thus: each letter to represent a number, and the whole to represent a sum. It read about $4.00.

REDUCED IN PRICE
—AT—
Harkness & Co.'s
Chemist's Sarsaparilla.
Burdock Blood Bitters.
Jaynes's Alterative.
Vegetine.
Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspepsia.
Brisbane's Sarsaparilla.
25c'ers will save money by buying your Patent Medicines, Drugs and Druggists' Sundries at HARKNESS & CO.'S, corner Dundas and Wellington streets, London Ont.

Among the autographs inscribed on the Tecumseh House register yesterday were James Baxter, S. T. Austin, W. Cassidy, J. J. Tennyson, W. Bonner, Montreal; W. J. Robinson, Paris; H. A. Griffin, Detroit; J. L. Englehart, Frank Smith, Petersboro; W. McIntosh, Chatham; Rev. G. Wye, Port Burwell; Ben Fletcher, of the D. G. R. & M. Railway; A. P. Hitchcock, Pa., and L. Caldwell, N.Y.

Messrs. F. Flood, of the Clinton *Record*; J. S. Downey, Cobourg; T. A. C. Bradford, St. Clair, Mich.; A. D. Thompson, Chicago; R. Wilson, Montreal; Dennis Smith, wife and family, Toledo; A. J. Dickens and lady, Burgessville, O., and N. Corris, Glencoe, were among the guests at the Grieg House yesterday.

An Alderman or some other person carried away a hat that did not belong to them from the ante-room of the Council Chamber last night. They would much oblige by returning it to the FREE PRESS reporter.

John T. Raymond will present "Fresh, the American," at the Grand Opera House on the 7th prox.

Middlesex Spring Assizes.

His Lordship Justice Galt presiding.

SEVENTH DAY—MONDAY.

MANSLAUGHTER.

The Queen vs. Mel McLellan.—Prisoner was indicted upon a charge of manslaughter. The evidence went to show that on the night of the 11th of November last, he was in the bar-room of a hotel kept by John McKillop near Parkhill, and that one John McKinnon had also been there. During the night a fight ensued between the two, and shortly afterwards McKinnon was found completely stupefied, and soon expired, his death being the result of a blow which it was claimed had been administered by prisoner with an iron bolt.

Archibald McKillop testified that she knew both prisoner and John McKinnon; the latter had been staying at our hotel during the week; he appeared in good health; McLellan was there on the night in question; witness heard a quarrel between them; McLellan was the first disturbance I heard was a quarrel between them; heard McKinnon say to McLellan, "I can whip you;" they then got up and fought a round—knocked them down; McLellan went at McKinnon, and struck him near the right eye with his hand; this made McKinnon very angry, and they got out on the floor to fight; I told them to go out on the floor; they went out, and my husband put McKinnon in; then I went outside to the bar, and McLellan was coming in the door and struck me; McKinnon was then going to strike McLellan when witness interfered; McKinnon was then in the bar-room, and there was a scuffle; McKinnon was put out; I heard no more; McKinnon was very much excited; he was not sober; he was drinking at our hotel during the week; he appeared to be quarrelsome; I did not see McKinnon after the first disturbance; I heard him say he could whip McLellan; I saw a quarrel between them; McLellan was then sober; McKinnon was drinking; I think both McKillop and he was breathing; think both McKillop and McKinnon were the worse of liquor on the night in question.

Charles F. Wells was in the hotel on Friday evening, and saw a scuffle between the deceased and the man he had got a pounding some before and expected to get it again from deceased.

Daniel McLellan.—Was in the hotel on the night of the row, with my brother and McKinnon; heard a quarrel between them; got them separated; McKinnon struck my brother; Neil and them got up and fought; Neil was knocked off his feet; deceased said, "What are you beating my brother for?" he went over to Neil and struck him in the face with his hand; and I saw him strike deceased once again; deceased then got down and fell asleep; when Neil struck him deceased caught hold of him, and threw him down; I saw no more after that; deceased was in conversation; he said they had been there before on an hour before; McKillop and deceased had a rough and tumble fight; I saw deceased about an hour afterwards; deceased was throwing himself about the stove room, and once or twice fell down; deceased went through the window and against a barrel; after I got out deceased came over and said they would have it now; Neil wanted some more; deceased was drunk; he was sober; Neil got and left on the week and hand; then deceased fell on the floor; deceased had been drinking; I and Neil treated deceased about an hour before the fight; deceased was sober when I saw him; there were no words between McKillop and deceased; deceased was sober when I saw him; there were no words between McKillop and deceased; deceased was sober when I saw him; there were no words between McKillop and deceased

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8125

...LING & CO

...rs and Maltsters,

...N HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR

...mber Ales, XXX Porter

...STOCK LOCKED,

...F & HALF,

...ended by the medical profession for invalids.

Married.

...st., by Justice Leonard, at his ...rvice, Mr. Frederick Urtish to ...dow of the late John Smith,

...ase of 8th David Savin, to the ...hazelle, by Rev. J. R. Hoff, Mr. ...arbarolle, to Miss Jeanie M. ...e same place.

...ter of the bride's father, by Rev. ...Mr. Arthur Randall, G'derich, ...lia Caroline Clark, daughter of ...l, Esq., 8th Line Warwick. N.E.R.

...one of Thomas Houston, Esq., J. ...ant., by the Rev. Hector Currie, ...Mr. John Cook, merchant, to ...s all of Sarnia.

...Tuesday, 28th instant, by Rev. ...s Mr. Fred. W. Wodell, of the ...tory, to Emma, only daughter of ...of Sarnia.

Died.

...y residence, 2nd concession of ...Elizabeth McWilliam, wife ...William, in her 80th year.

...ownsite, on the 28th inst., Mrs ...e, aged 58.

...ral will leave her late residence, ...t Cottage, near Mount Pleasant ...2 o'clock, on Friday afternoon. ...quaintances will please accept ...

...on Tuesday, 23rd inst. Mary ...daughter of John and Catharine ...ed 17 years, 11 months and 26 ...

...on the 24th inst., John Bright, aged ...rs and 10 months.

...Sarnia, on the 27th inst., William Rennie ...of William Willmis, aged 19 years ...6 months.

THE ...GLISH SAVINGS CO.

...North-west Corner of Dundas and ...Talbot Streets

...NDON, - - ONTARIO.

5 & 5!

...PER CENT. PER ANNUM ...OWED ON DEPOSITS

...s, 2 to 4 o'clock. Saturdays, 7 to 9 ...

...J. J. CAMPBELL, MANAGER.

...RTISEMENTS.

...LONDON QUINTETTE ...sisted by leading city talent, will ...special and instrumental concert, in ...Tuesday next, 4th April, in aid of ...Mary's Church. Admission, ...ats, 50 c. Chadwick, ... H. S. Saunders, Pianiste; Alfred ...rs, Violoncello—H. S. Saunders, ...G. Chadwick. Admission, 25 ...ts may be had of members and at ...ors. Chadwick, ... Chiswick-avenue.

LOST.

...BROACH.—LOST, ON ...Queen's, a gold brooch, between the Methodist Church and William ...Any one will be rewarded by leaving ...this street.

...INESS CHANCES

...DRIEFER'S GROCERY, ...ad Lester Stores, with comfortable ...school, corner Oxford and Water- ...ets. Apply on premises. C134

...N HOUSE LIVERY STA- ...s now, Horses for twelve horses, ...ed Hearse. This is one of the best ...ds west of Toronto. Apply at ...rooms, or to JAMES A. ...n House, Ridgetown, Ont. C133

...FOR SALE IN ONE OF ...st thriving villages in Western On- ...rio of groceries, boots and shoes, ...d flour. All new and well ...ted, long established. Doing best trade ...factory reasons for selling. C134

...ANTED TO RENT.

...S WANTED TO RENT, ...the latter part of April, of ...ree A. McD. Box 128, London. ...C134-tf

...FED TO RENT BY THE ...d April by a couple without children, ...ouse containing 6 or 7 rooms, ...ce. Not far from city centre. Apply ...ness Office, London, not later than ...

...FED TO RENT BY 1ST OF ..., a good reptilian stand house.—Ad- ...Yeoman House. C134-tf

TO LET.

...ements under this heading one cent ...each insertion.

...T, THAT VERY DESIR- ...E residence (two-story brick) on the ...of Richmond and north corner of ... street. For particulars apply at ...ptown Store, Hellmuth st. ...

...IS TO LET.—A NUMBER ...ooms in the building on Dundas street ...ediately west of Richmond, suitable ...ffice rooms or bedrooms. Also the ...ge in the rear of the premises. Apply ...STOCK, Bookseller. ...

...IS ELIGIBLE STORES in ...e Buildings, Richmond street, to rent, ...diately in the occupation of the Ameri- ...and Montreal Telegraph Co. ...ssion to suit tenant. Apply ...& Co.'s Brewery. ...

...ET.—THE THIRD AND ...ers, centre of the Superior Savings ...ociety, Talbot street. Apply ...r Dundas st., and Market Lane. Apply ...R. Campbell, Manager Savings So- ...ciety. ...

FOR SALE.

...rtisements under this heading one cent ...rd each insertion.

...RM FOR SALE, 100 ACRES, ...three miles north of London. Property ...OWN, or Peter Waterhill, London- ...Post Office. C133, 134b-tf

...R SALE.—A GOOD BAGA- ...ELLE table, everything complete and in ...order. Apply to D. Sabin, city. C134-tf

...R SALE.—A BRICK TWO- ...STORY dwelling house, No. 31, east side ...Wood street, City of St. Thomas, Ont., ...stocked with fruit trees; a large wood- ...ard attached, and good well in the rear; ...hundred and fifteen feet of land, running ...to the rear of the dwelling; splendid corner ...lot for a grocery business; will be sold ...by the ...Apply on the premises, or to ...Arthur, St. Thomas. N. B.—The ...ut bands, R. C. Roach, Esq., will adjust ...ings preliminary to view the same any day ...two till four o'clock p. m. C134-d

...R SALE.—FRAME HOUSE ...and two and a half acres of land, in the ...ge of Lambeth. Hard and soft water on ...premises; good orchard; frame stables. Ap- ...ly Anderson, Lambeth P.O. C133

...K. CHESTNUT, CHERRY ...Maple, Basswood, and other Lumber for ...Price, Rosemount, Robinson's Mills, ...Surrey. Oct. 4, 1882. 76mos-tf

FINE ARTS.

...APMAN'S PORTRAIT GAL- ...LERY, corner City Hall, Richmond ...and Carling streets, Photographs taken in all ...the latest styles of Instantaneous Work. ...Crayons enlarged, enlarged and painted, a ...specialty. Dr H. Abbott, Manager.

...NE ART REPOSITORY.—GET ...your picture framed at the cheapest house ...in the city, 393 Richmond street, three doors ...south of Albert Block.

...I. SEDDON, 201 DUNDAS ST., ...has to-day received a large assortment of ...CHINA, PLATED, MIRROR and ...BRACKETS AND FANCY GOODS ...at low prices, all of which will be sold ...at 5 per cent. under what they are ...

ARCHITECTS.

...LACY AND DURAND, ...ARCHITECTS, 31 ADELAIDE STREET EAST, ...TORONTO, ONT. ...

...MALA, ... LONDON ...E. PEACH ..... Geo. F. DURAND

Table CUTLERY Pocket

Joseph Rodgers & Sons', Lockwood Brothers', John Moulson's.

MY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE.

T. Herbert Marsh

157 DUNDAS ST.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

AN APPRENTICE WANTED TO learn the drug business.—Apply to MITCHELL & PLATT, 111 Dundas st., cor. Clarence. C134

A GOOD LONG STRAW COLLAR Maker wanted. Good job.—Address HENRY FOSS, Box 1,361, Chatham, Ont. C133

CARRIER BOY WANTED, LIVING in the vicinity of London West. Apply at this office. 4t

EXPERIENCED MILLINER Wanted for work-room, to go to St. Thomas. Apply by letter from 10.30 to 4 p.m. to JOHN D. IVEY & CO., 441 and 443 Talbot street, London. dr

MOULDERS WANTED!

FOR THIRTY GOOD NON-UNION Stove-plate Moulders we will pay $3 per day. On piece work we will pay 30 per cent. more than any foundry in the Dominion. *Good, Live Moulders* can earn from *Four to Six Dollars Per Day* by working with helpers, and *much more higher.*

We want steady, reliable men, who will work steady, and such as desire to establish comfortable homes.

We also offer special inducements to young married and unmarried men, who are desirous of *learning the trade*, and who can furnish security for the fulfilment of their apprenticeship. To men who can give the necessary security requiring more pay than they can earn for a few months, advances will be made to enable them to live. *Good, willing young men can earn more than is otherwise* in a few months.

McCLARY MANUFACTURING CO.

MOULDERS WARNED!

See Ad. in relation to the price offered by the McClary Manufacturing Co.

C134 **Moulders' Union No. 37.**

SEVERAL GOOD, STOUT, Active Boys wanted. Apply at office of the McCORMICK Mfg. Co. d

WANTED—TWO GOOD MEN to act as Travelling Agents for the Toronto Tea Company. Must give security. Apply Market Lane. d

WANTED.—STOUT BOY TO learn press work at FREE PRESS Office. C134-tf

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading, not exceeding 12 words, one cent per word each insertion.

A GENERAL SERVANT WANT ED immediately. Small family.—Apply at 277 Talbot street. C134

COOK WANTED—ST. PAUL'S Rectory, corner of Adelaide street and Queen's ave. Between 12 and 13 o'clock. C134

WANTED—50 GENERAL SER VANTS in first-class and second-class hotels, 3 chambermaids, 2 cooks by Nelson, Low Intelligence Office Richmond street. 6th.

WANTED.—FIFTY GENERAL men, Farm Hands, Waiters for Hotel Tea Quota, One Boy as Table Waiter, Mgd Hills 12 to 16 years, $2 to $3 per week. Call the secretary, 420 Y to M. McKENZIE & CO Dundas street, Intelligence Office. 134dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

NOTICE—THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the business carried on by Mr. W. Friend, in which faith his future as foreman, begs to announce to the customers that the good name he for my late employer will be the same in every respect. W. WEST. Chiv.

(COPY) POINT EDWARD, MARCH 18ST, 1882. To the officers and members of Point Edward Council, No. 281, Royal Arcanum. GENTLEMEN,—My self and wife are to your Society for the prompt payment of three thousand dollars ($3,000), being the amount of my late husband's benefit certificate in the Royal Arcanum.—(Signed) MARY LIVINGSTON. C134

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department Free Press Office.

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or office of EDWARD HARRIS. 1,215-dwly

W. OATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer of Roofing Material, London. Also, contractor for laying patent felt and gravel roofing. Estimates given and promptly attended to. Residence and office, 1 Wortley Terrace, Wortley Road, London, Ont. dwly

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department Free Press Office.

BUSINESS CARDS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY Pair made to order, good, stylish and cheap. —CLEAVILLE, 421 Talbot street. C134y

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department Free Press Office.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Street (between Wortley and Colborne), manufacturer Venetian Blinds of all descriptions to order, repairs furniture, and does jobbing of every kind. N.B.—Terms moderate. Call for a few months. K'dly

DONOHUE & OUTLER NOW occupy Cannery old stand on the Market Square, City Hall buildings. A full assortment of Handy-made Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Slippers, Rubbers, &c. Repairs neatly, expeditiously and cheaply done. Work made to order and warranted free from shoddy. Christmas stockings shipped neatly per mail. K'dly

KALUS, JB. BROWN & ABEL new undertake all descriptions of Cabinet Work and Upholstery, in addition to their specialty in Carpet-laying. Store and Factory —Baker's Block, 248 Dundas st. Mr. Kalus will personally superintend the Carpet business. Estimates given. Billiard tables refitted. K'dly

HARDWARE.

IMMENSE QUANTITIES OF CUTLERY, — SPOONS, — FORKS, Triple and Quadruple PLATED WARE at lowest prices. ☞Orders by mail solicited. HOBBS, OSBORN & HOBBS, Wholesale Hardware.

SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

PEARCE WELD & CO. SEED MERCHANTS LONDON ONT.

Just arrived from the best known seed growers in the world—England, France and Germany—an extensive assortment of everything for the farm, vegetable and flower garden in seeds. Wholesale and retail. Every farmer and citizen should call and examine our stocks before purchasing elsewhere. It will pay you. 245 Dundas street, a few doors east of King London, Ont. C134

DUTIES OFF

TEA & COFFEE

At Blackwell's East India Tea Warehouse may be obtained Teas at the lowest possible prices, and of the choicest qualities imported.

Tea of great strength and full flavor at 25 cents per pound, and the finest Mocha, Jamaica and East India Coffee, roasted so as to retain in perfection their rich flavors and aroma.

Also a full stock of General Groceries.

T. P. BLACKWELL,

336 Richmond St.,

SIX DOORS SOUTH OF KING ST.

1038 London, Ont.

SMOKE

V.T.C

TWIN NAVY

Convenient in Size. Superior in Quality. And better value to the consumer than any other tobacco manufactured.

London, August 18, 1881. twdw

SMOKE THE

Cable

AND

EL PADRE

C-I-G-A-R-S

"The El Padre" brand is superior to Cuban cigars, and is made from the choicest growth of Cuban leaf, by skilled workmen.

S. DAVIS & SONS, Manufacturers.

TORONTO BRANCH—No. 11 King st. west.

TOILET CLIPPERS

FOR BARBERS

FOR SALE AT

REID'S HARDWARE.

Plain Handles, $3.50.
Nickle Handles, $4.00.

SENT BY EXPRESS ON RECEIPT OF THE PRICE.

JAS. REID & CO. 119 R. 2. DUNDAS ST.

MISS ATTWOOD'S STOCK

At Brunton's.

Silks, Satins, Velvets, Crapes, Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Frilled Primrose, Spring Flowers, Ribbon, Lace, Domestic Patterns (6 for 10c.), Hills (3 yards in length), Fancy Tips, Feathers, being part of this stock, which will be sold at

HALF THE USUAL PRICE.

Men' Fine Felt Hats, 75c. each. Men's Felt Hats, 50c. each.

At BRUNTON'S

MEDICAL.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. Ryerson, L. R. C. P. S. E., lecturer on the eye, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto, consulting surgeon General Hospital, may be consulted at the Dispensary, Toronto General Hospital, 10 to 11 a.m. daily. 317 Church St., Toronto.

DRS. EGGLES & WISHART, Graduates of Edinburgh and Wellington Colleges.

E. EGGLES, M.D. Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Member of Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh.

J. WISHART, M.D. Fellow of the Royal Medical Society, Edinburgh; Member of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Physician to the Hospital for Women, Toronto.

Office and Residence, 249 Dundas street, London, Ont.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear and Throat, can be consulted at Victoria Hotel, London, on the first Monday in each month.

DR. E. HANSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MRS. FISHER'S, LONDON, ONTARIO. May be consulted at the Western Hotel Thursdays from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. tf

DR. M. SMITH, OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, HARLEY TERRACE, 142 Talbot st., London. 1132

DR. A. REEVE, B.A., M.D. Residence and Office—No. 12 Shuter Street, Toronto. At Tecumseh House, London, on the first Monday in each month. 1132

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, L. D. S., DENTIST, will still continue the practice of Dr. Harvey, over Dr. Mitchell's drug store in the old office in Talbot st.

GOLD FILLINGS AND ARTIFICIAL Dentures in the highest style of the art.—F. N. HARVEY, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas. C133

H. M'LAREN, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST. Office fitted up with the latest improvements known to the profession. Rooms—Talbot street, over Bank of Montreal. Entrance first door south of Dundas street. C133

S. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST. Dental Rooms, H. Jenner Dundas and Richmond streets, over Brown & Morris' Boot store.

JEWELLERS, &c.

NOTE A FEW OF OUR PRICES. 18 Watches of all Cheap kinds cleaned and warranted one year, 25 cents. Watch Mainsprings 25 cents. Watch Crystals, 5 cents. Watch Keys, 5 cents each. Watch Glasses, 10 cents each. Clocks cleaned, 25 cents each. Spectacles, 25 cents. Eyeglasses, 25 cents. All cheap jobs done at equally low prices. Remember that we keep no second-class goods. Temple Building, 351 Richmond street. W. D. McCLARTON, Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician, twenty-five years' experience.

LONDON EAST

E. HOBBS, LEGG'S BLOCK, Dundas St., will insure, sue and attend other private work of all descriptions. Orders left or sent by telephone to the Shop will receive prompt attention. 1134

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SPECIAL OFFERING

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HOUSEKEEPERS AND THE HEADS OF FAMILIES

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Bleached Cotton

20,000 YARDS AT MILL PRICES.

Put up in Convenient Lengths of 20 Yards Each, All Full Yard Wide.

A—20 yards Medium for - $2 00
B—20 yards Fine for - - - 2 35
C—20 yards Heavy for - - 2 45
D—20 yards Super Medium 2 55
E—20 yards Extra Super do 3 25
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FULL RANGE OF PILLOW COTTONS AND SHEETINGS, EXCELLENT VALUE.

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FRENCH & ENGLISH DRESS FABRICS

225,000 Yards to Make Your Selections From.

THE LARGEST STOCK SHOWN BY ANY HOUSE IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA,

AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.

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THE GREATEST VARIETY OF STYLES AND COLORINGS.

OVER THREE THOUSAND PIECES TO SELECT FROM.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES!

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OPENED OUT

200 PIECES SPRING TWEEDS

WHICH WE ARE PREPARED TO

Make Up to Order in First-Class Style—Fit Guaranteed.

YOU CAN SAVE FROM TEN TO TWENTY-FIVE PER CT

BY GOING TO

Kingsmill's,

—THE—

GREAT DRY GOODS HOUSE OF THE WEST, LONDON.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Irish M. P.'s Warned Not to Vote for the Cloture.

Property of British Subjects in Egypt Ordered to be Demolished.

Another Political Crisis in Spain Threatened.

U. S. Minister Lowell and the Lamson Case.

Skobeleff Appointed to a Position of "Honorable Exile."

The Fortune of Ex-King George of Hanover—Church and State in France—Miscellaneous Foreign Intelligence.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, March 29.—To an American deputation which waited on him yesterday with a memorial to the Home Secretary in favor of Dr. Lamson, Lowell announced that his capacity as United States Minister prohibited him from accompanying the memorial with an expression of opinion which might bias the action of the Home Secretary.

London, March 29.—Oxford is now a strong favorite in the University boat race.

IRELAND.

Dublin, March 29.—A placard has been posted menacing members of Parliament from Dublin because of their supposed intention to vote for the cloture.

FRANCE.

Paris, March 29.—An amendment to the Bill repealing the prohibition of the importation of American salt meats was adopted yesterday by the Chamber of Deputies. It provides that exports shall carry on the system of importation prescribed by the Government, and importers bear the expense.

Paris, March 29.—The committee on the Bill proposing the abolition of the concordat has refused to consent to the separation of church and state.

GERMANY.

Berlin, March 29.—Von Bennen has been acquitted of the charge of slandering Bismarck in a speech in his constituents, in which he described Bismarck's economic schemes as "highly immoral."

Berlin, March 29.—In the Diet to-day Von Bennigsen gave notice that he would oppose the motion of the Progressists to prohibit the further use by the Government of the interest of the Guelph Funds for the purpose of combating any undertaking of ex-King George, of Hanover, against Prussia, as there was reason to hope the Government would soon be able to revoke the Act by which the fortune of the ex King was sequestered.

The Diet to-night rejected the progressist motion with reference to the Guelph fund, and Von Bennigsen's amendment, leaving the matter to the Government. A motion by Conservatives to shelve the question was adopted.

SPAIN.

Madrid, March 29.—Another political crisis appears to be threatening. Sagasta's position is much weakened by the growing unpopularity of several of his colleagues and the increasing excess character of the Cabinet. The Liberals are losing ground both at court and in public opinion.

RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, March 29.—Skobeleff has been nominated to a commission for the reorganization of Turkestan. The appointment is considered as a kind of honorable exile.

Another nihilist leader has been executed.

EGYPT.

Alexandria, March 29.—A party of soldiers by order of the Government has taken possession of the works and warehouses of the English railway running from Alexandria to Ramleh, and ordered their immediate demolition, on the ground that they interfere with the fortifications. The Railway Company has appealed to the British Consul-General.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Montevideo, March 29.—The Italian representatives quitted the city in consequence of not receiving satisfaction in answer to energetic remonstrance relative to the maltreatment of two Italians by the police.

CONDENSED CABLEGRAMS.

France, Italy, and Spain are about to send envoys to Morocco to look that the Sultan keeps faith and fulfils a number of better treatment of the Jews.

A decree has been issued at St. Petersburg prohibiting the importation of salt pork from America, with an amendment that the Government to adopt whatever mode of inspection may appear best.

In the House of Assembly, Cape Town, Sir Gordon Sprigg announced that the Government proposed to repeal the proclamation disarming the Basutos and appointing a Commission to investigate the grievances of the loyal Basutos.

A deputation from Ragusa states that the trial of Nvana, the correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian*, and his two assistants will begin in April before a jury.

In the House of Commons on Tuesday afternoon the Attorney-General gave notice that on Thursday he would introduce a Bill to disfranchise certain boroughs for corrupt practices at elections.

The Bishops of Ottawa and Three Rivers, Canada, and the rector of the American College in Rome were received on Tuesday by the ceremony of creating Archbishop McCabe and others Cardinals. It is stated that another Consistory will be held in May, when the Archbishop of Bologna and the Papal Nuncio to Spain will be created Cardinals.

An election for member of Parliament was held in Carnarvon district yesterday to fill the seat made vacant by the death of W. R. Hughes, Liberal. James Parry, Liberal, formerly member for Carnarvonshire, was elected, receiving 2,037 votes. The only opposing candidate was Sexton Parry, who ran as an Independent Liberal, and polled 506 votes.

In the French Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday the credit of 5,000,000 francs for the Tunis expedition for the second half of the current year was discussed. Prince De Lamoricre, Legitimist, opposed the grant, and asked how long the occupation was likely to last. De Freycinet stated that the occupying force would shortly be reduced to 30,000. The situation was improving daily, and the difficulties existing were such as could be easily dispelled. The credit was agreed to by a vote of 376 to 71.

SHIPPING.

New York, March 29.—Arrived, Westphalia, from Hamburg.

Montreal, March 29.—The Allan steamship Grecian, from Glasgow via Liverpool and Halifax, arrived at Baltimore at 9 a. m. to-day.

Queenstown, March 29.—Arrived, Alaska.

London, March 29.—Arrived out, Italy and Greece.

Hamburg, March 29.—Arrived, Gellert.

Antwerp, March 29.—Arrived, Belgenland.

New York, March 29.—Arrived, Bothnia, from Liverpool.

Many regiments in the British army have pets, and the Inskskilling Fusiliers brought from India in 1876 an antelope, which made a host of friends at Colchester, Portsmouth, and Preston, where the regiment has been quartered. But as soon as the regiment reached Enskskillen, Ireland (whence it has its name), their pet was shot. A circumstance of this sort gives rise to unspeakable bitterness, and is quite likely to lead to trouble.

The Earl of Shaftesbury, Cardinal Manning, the Bishops of Bath and Wells, Winchester, and Oxford, the Marquises of Aliesbury and Bute, Robert Browning and Alfred Tennyson, Lord Coleridge, Sir William Thompson and Dr. Vaughan are members of the Society for the Protection of Animals from Vivisection.

APPALLING CALAMITIES.

Destruction of a Louisiana Cotton Gin.

One Hundred and Twenty Persons Who Had Taken Refuge Thereon Reported Killed.

A Scene With Its Incidents Washed Away.

Natchez, Miss., March 29.—Information has reached this city of the destruction of Ralston's gin, near Lake St. John, Tensas Parish, La., by which one hundred and twenty refugees lost their lives. The gin was one of the largest in Louisiana, and was packed to overflowing with negroes from adjoining plantations. This city is crowded with colored refugees. Many have been offered work of fair wages, but refused it, preferring to remain idle, while the Government feeds and provides for them.

Troy, La., March 29.—The water here is three feet ten inches above the flood of 1874. In many cases the eaves of houses are just above the water. Gin houses, filled with refugees, are tottering and ready to crumble to pieces. The water is so deep over the land that a steamer passed over several plantations. A boat chartered by Commissioner Yorkis is supposed to have gone down on Catahoula Lake, with one hundred colored people on board. Vitals in this town was washed away with a family. Nothing has been heard of them.

AMERICAN TELEGRAMS.

The points of difference in the bill of exceptions in the Guiteau case have been settled. The bill will now be written out and signed.

Captain Stuart, of the steamer City of Lincoln, in a fit of *delirium tremens* jumped overboard off Fire Island Tuesday night and was drowned.

In the Massachusetts Legislature yesterday the Bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors was defeated by a tie vote—110 to 110.

John J. Kilduff, for eighteen years clerk of the Board of Education at New York city, and lately a longshoreman at San Francisco, killed his wife on Monday night by cutting and stabbing.

The Chinamen of Rocklyn have offered to work all Rockwell's time in the future without charge, as a tribute of gratitude for his defence of them in his earnest but fruitless, opposing the anti-Chinese bill.

During a row at a political meeting at Patterson, N. J., on Monday, 1,000 excited men struggled for the honor of casting the ballot box. Several leaders were stripped nearly naked. Five ballot boxes were carried away.

New York Aldermen yesterday adopted a resolution calling attention to the pardoning power conduct of Lorch by Governor Granville regarding the imprisonment of American citizens, and requesting the President to recall Lowell.

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At Crawford Settlement, Mich., yesterday, Jacob Smith, aged 65, went to Joseph Belcher's with Mrs. Belcher, who had been divorced from her husband, to get some children. Belcher refused to give up the children and avenged Smith's skull with a mallet. He was arrested.

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Franklin J. Moses, ex-Governor of South Carolina, was a prisoner yesterday at the New York Police headquarters on a charge of swindling F. J. Reiffe out of $1175. Reiffe identified by a number of other victims; who will appear against him to-day. Moses represented himself to Smith as a brother of the Governor of Georgia, and got him to cash a worthless check.

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A MURDEROUS MOTHER.

An Arkansas Woman Puts an End to the Lives of Her Children and Drowns Herself.

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The stock market opened strong to-day, and a good business was done at both Board's at an advance. The close, however, was weak.

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WINNIPEG WIRE WAIFS.

Frozen to Death in a Storm.—Changing the Route to the Rockies.—Snow Blockade.

Winnipeg, March 29.—Intelligence has been received from St Vincent, Minn., that on the 4th inst. Pierre Dushele, 16 years of age, started from St. Joe to go across the country to a claim held by his parents, about twelve miles south of Cavilier, Dakota, taking with him a yoke of cattle and a sleigh. A storm was only commencing when he arrived at Cavilier, and he pushed on, though urged to stop by friends. His relatives at St. Joe thought he had got through all right and those at the other end did not think he had started. Several days passed before anything was known to the contrary. Search was begun, and it was found that within three-quarters of a mile from a house he had lain down and died. Eight days had passed from the time he had left Cavilier before his body was found. He had unhitched the oxen from the sleigh, in all probability hoping they would find their way home, but, tired with the long journey, they had lain down. A heavy drift had covered up their chain, and they remained for eight days, and when found were still alive.

Acting on the request of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Dominion Government will change the route of the line through the Rockies, which are provides that it shall be by the Yellowhead pass. The company has selected Kicking Horse as the point of passes. It is expected the Mountsurveyed early, and a survey party to be sent from Winnipeg for work in the Rockies will be dispatched not later than the middle of April. Bismarck can be reached in about forty-eight hours from Winnipeg, and then some twelve days will be consumed in getting up the Missouri to Benton, from which point the party will proceed overland to Fort Calgarry.

The storm which extended Sunday morning up again Tuesday. The regular express for St. Paul left here last night. General Manager Van Horne, himself for St. Paul and Auditor Ogden, for Chicago, being on board. She stuck twenty miles south, and was brought back. The Canada Pacific is badly blocked again from St. Vincent to Winnipeg and from Winnipeg to Brandon. The snow is now in a three foot level along the Canada Pacific, and there can be no travelling until mid-day, when, however, it is thought the road will be opened. Several engines are stuck in the drifts. Several leaders were stripped nearly naked. Five ballot boxes were carried away.

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HOME NEWS SUMMARY.

Mrs. Maw, whose husband was killed on one of the York county roads, has gained a verdict of $3,000 against the Township of King.

Grit nominations yesterday:—North Ontario—Geo. Wheeler, M.P., for the Commons; J. Gould, Reeve of Uxbridge, for the Local.

The prisoners charged with the shooting at Carleton Place were arraigned yesterday. Two witnesses were examined, a Pelletier, who saw the affair, and a Dr. Lavergne, who saw the corpse and a lady passenger on the train. The evidence given was unimportant.

On Tuesday afternoon a serious accident occurred at Duff's Phosphate Mine, in the Township of Wakefield. A man named Wm. Provost was engaged in blasting, and met his death through a premature discharge.

Later Notes—Toronto gaolers have resolved that unless their demand for an increase in wages to $2 25 per day is acceded to they will quit work.—Kingston corporation will strike on Saturday night for an advance of 30 per cent.

The names of Rev. Maurice Baldwin, of Montreal, and Rev. W. J. Rideout, of Toronto, are mentioned

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SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co.
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WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Thursday, March 30, 1882.

BLUDING THE VULTURES.

One of the most constant difficulties which any Government in Canada has to contend with is, the tricks and schemes of contractors. They are ever on the alert to take advantage of the public service, and the more effectual they can do this the more profits they make. Their pleas and plans present themselves in a thousand ways, and it requires a long experience of these people and the ways that are dark which they practice in order to keep them decently at arm's length. Bogus contracts, straw security, sham deposits are among the tricks they are given to, followed later on by such alterations as may give them the opportunity of running in a sheaf of "extras," affording them large profits. It is against an interest such as this that a Minister of Railways or of Public Works in Canada has to wage a continual fight. To use a term sometimes applied, he must sleep with one eye open in order to watch them. If he does for a minute they have him, for their contractors are ever around on the look out to seize an opportunity. If he trips in a term or in a specification, they close in on him at once, for they are skilled in the obscure virtue of special clauses, and in the customs which so greatly modify an apparently plain agreement. When Mr. Mackenzie was Minister he was caught several times in this way. Most of our readers may recollect the celebrated case of the late Senator Foster, a notable contractor, who got a contract out of the then Grit Government over a line of projected road which had never been surveyed, and how he came in at last when the work had to be abandoned (on account of its impracticability) with a long claim for compensation. Poor man! The same general struggle is kept up now. The contracting interest hover over the public works of the country vulture-like, swooping down whenever their keen eye and still keener scent warns them that a prize may be secured. On Tuesday night the attention of the House of Commons was drawn by the Opposition to the woes of one of these fraternity. The case in point was what had been called the "Orthodenk contract." A firm doing business as contractors had sent in tenders for the construction of a certain piece of the Canada Pacific lying in British Columbia. With their proposals they sent in a cheque purporting to be of the value of $30,000 as a guarantee of good faith, but it bore on its face a private bank mark by which it was understood between the bank and the drawer of the cheque that the cheque was not absolutely good, but good only for the space of two days. By they came into court with the pretext on their face of their proposed transaction. This fact aroused the suspicions of Sir Charles Tupper, and advising directly with his colleagues in the Government, the upshot was that this cheque with a false front was not accepted as a true deposit, and the contract was let to another firm whose cheque was of a bona fide character. For taking such a course the Opposition claim that the Government did very wrongly, and are deserving of censure. But a cheque of the nature stated is so near to what may be well called "bogus" that Sir Charles had good reason to suspect that there were other designs behind. Besides, he tells us in his speech that the department had had some experiences of these parties, and that on a previous occasion these people had deposited a "bogus cheque for $137,000." At first the Opposition sought to saddle Sir Charles Tupper with the responsibility of the whole transaction, and to insinuate that the course he took was so taken from some unworthy motive. All this, and the assumptions found thereon, have been blown to the winds by the statement on the part of Sir John Macdonald, that Sir Charles consulted with his colleagues in council concerning every step that was taken. So up goes all the slanders that have been heaped up on his head concerning this matter. The work was required to be well and promptly done. Much of public importance depended on its being so done, and the Government rightly thought that it would not be in the public interest to commit it to parties who had come before them to so questionable a shape. Another illustration given by Sir Charles of the "shady" character of the whole transaction was that while these contractors put in a lump sum of $2,227,000 for the work, the price according to the schedule of quantities and prices attached, which was put in, also showed that the work would cost $3,619,000! It is altogether likely that while putting in for a lump sum the real intention was to hold the Government to pay them for the quantities at the prices in the schedule affixed. In fact, there are many reasons to believe that there was a great game afoot, by means of which the honest contractors were to be diddled out of their chances, while the country would have found itself at the mercy of men who began with a questionable cheque and went on in such a way that while pretending to be willing to do the work for one sum they were in reality laying their lines to obtain payment for a much larger one. As a matter of fact, the Government did well to be rid of them, and give the important work involved to persons about whose ability and competence there could be no doubt of.

In the discussion of the sanitary defects of school houses sufficient attention has not been paid to the desks. It is manifest that if two children who differ in height by a foot or more sit at desks of the same height one or both of them must suffer physically. Doubtless a vast number of round shoulders have resulted from this unnatural arrangement, and a physician who has lately examined the school-children of Harrisburg, Penn., is convinced that it is a prolific cause of defective vision. A little fellow who can just get his chin above the top of his desk and a strapping youngster whose head towers above his book like a giraffe's, are both compelled to abuse their eyes to improve their minds, and this is no fair exchange, but a robbery.

Public-spirited and charitable ladies of Syracuse kept up a "friendly inn," for the benefit of strangers and the poor, for seven years, but have been compelled to succumb at last. One of them thus explains the failure:—"Its competition with other temperance eating-houses, where tobacco is sold, has cut square into our profits to quite a great deal. We have also lost a revenue by the operations of the Bureau of Labor and Charities, which has stopped [illegible]. Formerly we sold tickets to fac[illegible] now can easily get the food [illegible] how you personal attendance."

THE QUESTION OF FARM LABOR.

Farm laborers are in urgent demand all over the country. In many districts it has become a serious problem how the scarcity of this class of help can be tided over. The west has been well drained of its robust young men by the Province of Manitoba, and immigrants have not come from the other countries in sufficiently large numbers to fill their places. Those who came last year were nearly all absorbed by Quebec and the eastern townships where they were required almost as urgently as in Ontario. This year the demand amongst our farmers has begun early. Thousands of good farm hands could be provided for at once on their arrival. Recently, we are informed, the farmers around Napanee talked the matter publicly, and now the County Council of Prince Edward has been called together to make arrangements whereby that county can be supplied with farm laborers from the Old Country. The wages offered is higher than last year, and every immigrant that arrives is picked up by the farmers of the eastern part of the Province, and the agent at Kingston states that it is doubtful if enough will be secured to meet the local demand. One reason why farm hands are so scarce is that no means are taken to bid them to the soil, as is done in Europe. No care is taken of them beyond the term of the busy season. When that is over, they are sent away to get work as best they can, on the roads, in the lumber woods, or at labor in towns, where, however, there is little enough to do for the permanent residents. As a result, no lasting attachments are formable; the man feels no interest in the estate and its progress, and is on a constant outlook for new and more comfortable conditions. It is the opinion of some that until these conditions of labor are amended, and the laborer put on a more solid and permanent footing, there will not be much alteration, and the difficulty at present experienced will be an ever-returning one. One remedy of course will become more and more available, according as inventive genius applies itself to the task of relieving the toils of the agriculturist. The labor saving implements now in use, are in point of completeness, lightness and utility, a vast advance on those of even ten years ago, and the tendency is always progressive. If our farmers therefore cannot get enough of hands, there are still these to do their work, they must rely more and more upon these ingenious combinations of wood and iron which have already to so large an extent taken the place of hand labor.

THE LAMSON CASE.

The rapidity, amounting almost to abruptness, with which the case of Doctor Lamson was carried through in England, has given rise to some comment. The whole surroundings of the case were extraordinary. The death of the English schoolboy took place on December 3rd; Lamson, his brother-in-law, being accused, was duly tried, leading to his conviction on March 14; he was sentenced to be hanged on the 4th of April, just four months after the commission of the crime. The prosecution, with the aid of detectives and scientists, succeeded in enveloping the prisoner in a close network of circumstantial evidence. His pecuniary plight and dubious shifts for making a living, his adventures in London drug-stores in search of deadly poisons, the results of laboratory analysis in the identification of a vegetable alkaloid which baffled the ordinary tests of chemistry — these and other mysterious phases of this complex case were exhaustively revealed. And yet the whole time from the commission of the crime till the conviction was but 103 days. The shortness of the time occupied is striking, and has led to the suggestion that much haste may involve, some time or another, grave miscarriage of justice. Such things have happened before. For example, two respectable farmers in Bedfordshire were charged two years ago with assaulting and mutilating a stonemason. They bore excellent reputations and stoutly asserted their innocence, but after a trial lasting only a few hours they were sentenced to ten years' penal servitude. A few weeks ago the stonemason died, leaving behind a confession that the outrage was self-inflicted, with a view to extorting money from the farmers by a false charge, and that the convicts, whose families meanwhile had become paupers, were entirely innocent. Here were two honest men convicted in hot haste of a revolting crime because the circumstantial evidence bore heavily against them and the motives of the real criminal were almost inconceivable. In the Lamson case there may be no injustice whatever; the circumstantial evidence was so strong as to make up a complete chain of condemnation. The trial was fair and impartial. There is no ejection urged on that score. What the convicted American friends complain of is that no opportunity was given for ascertaining whether there had been any mental taint in his family or whether any evidence could be furnished in regard to his irresponsibility as a criminal agent. The statement has been made that an examination of the records of Bloomingdale's Asylum shows that there were strong proofs of insanity in his family, and that his lawyers have telegraphed to his American friends that the evidence of his own mental incapacity was daily increasing. It is probable that in view of what has transpired in this way a new trial will be demanded.

A fortnight ago, in England, a mob tried to put out of harm's way a man and a woman who had burned their victim to death by setting fire to his clothes, which they had previously saturated with paraffine oil. It is doubtful if a more horrid or atrocious crime was ever committed. This is what the neighbors saw when they entered the room in which the deed was done:—Ashby (the murdered man) was on his hands and knees on the floor enveloped in flame. Every vestige of clothing had been burned off him. His face, nose, fingers, chest, arms, eyebrows, and head were terribly burned, the skin actually peeling off the poor fellow's face, and he was completely saturated in paraffin oil, with which there was a quantity lying about the floor, and he had also a severe cut on the forehead. The room was in great disorder; knives and forks were lying about, a pail broken, a portion of a broken lamp was on the table, other parts of a lamp were lying about the floor, and a quantity of paraffine oil was on the flooring. The male murderer was standing in the room at the time, and the woman was in the passage between the two rooms, but neither of them made the slightest effort to assist in putting out the fire.

Some little time ago Miss Frances Power Cobbe, who has so identified herself with the cause of anti-vivisection, called on a distinguished man of science in London to endeavor, by persuasive speech and vivâ voce argument to gain him over to her cause. Three points were observable in Miss Cobbe's outward presentment, namely, she had an ostrich feather in her bonnet, a bird of paradise on or near her muff, and she carried an ivory-handled umbrella. Consequently the distinguished man of science replied as follows:—"Madam, charity begins at home; when you have given up wearing ostrich feathers, which are plucked from the living bird, causing the most exquisite pain, and birds of paradise, which, in order to enhance their beauty and lustre, are skinned alive—when you have abjured the use of ivory, because you know that the tusks are cut out of the dying elephant's jaw—then, and then only, come and upbraid me with the cruelty of vivisections. The difference between us, madam, is that I inflict pain in the pursuit of knowledge and for the ultimate benefit of my fellow-creatures, you merely to [illegible] your personal adornment."

CURRENT TOPICS.

The City Council of Winnipeg has entered into a fresh contract for the establishment of the electric light in that city. Shall the Prairie City get the start of London?

It is said that one of those distressed Irish ladies who had received no rent for two years, and who was living in Kingston in the deepest poverty, was visited one day by one of her farmers' wives, who called on her professedly to bring her a basket of eggs. Great was the surprise of the distressed proprietor on opening one of the eggs laid at the bottom of the basket to find that it contained a roll of bank notes.

In the Berlin *Militär Wochenblatt* some curious statistics are given of the sanitary condition of the German army as compared with the French. Of every thousand men under colors, Germany has a daily average of eleven invalids, while France has twenty-five. The death rate in the French army is about double that in the German, being nearly five per thousand in the latter, while in the French it exceeds nine. The report has called up the question whether hygiene is not more important in battles than even needle guns.

The Society of Medical Officers, London, have recently discussed the subject of the propagation of diphtheria, some members taking the ground that the disease is transmitted by fungi. According to Dr. Blyth, all that it required was the communication of excessively small light particles evolved from the affected mucous surfaces; but, fortunately, by far the greater part of these fall on soil unsuitable for their development, and the man feels no interest in the estate and its progress, and is on a constant outlook for new and more comfortable conditions. It is the opinion of some that until these conditions of labor are amended, and the laborer put on a more solid and permanent footing, there will not be much alteration, and the difficulty at present experienced will be an ever-returning one. One remedy of course will become more and more available, according as inventive genius applies itself to the task of relieving the toils of the agriculturist. The labor saving implements now in use, are in point of completeness, lightness and utility, a vast advance on those of even ten years ago, and the tendency is always progressive. If our farmers therefore cannot get enough of hands there are still these to do their work, they must rely more and more upon these ingenious combinations of wood and iron which have already to so large an extent taken the place of hand labor.

Fashion Notes.

New sisters are loose.
Moire is used for parasols.
Spring jackets are very plain.
Curtain overskirts are revived.
Tinted bolivias are unpopular.
Cotton satteens rival those of silk.
Picotte, or twine lace, is a novelty.
Bishop's sleeves are on new wraps.
The latest fichus are long and narrow.
The velvet dog-collar is worn again.
The coronet bonnet is already popular.
Pearl buttons are on stylish wool dresses.
The Gainsborough hat continues fashionable.
Polonaises have taken a fresh lease of favor.
Beaglaine dresses are worn in light mourning.
A shirred puff finishes the neck of April dresses.
Paniers in lengthwise pleats are called vulances.
India pongees are sold for $9 for a dress pattern.
Spanish lace over satin is used for spring mantles.
Pompons of many colors appear on Easter bonnets.
Pale pink roses as large as peonies are sold for $2 each.
Japanese sleeves are on the new silk and satin wraps.
Rolled-rolled balayeuses are preferred to those of lace.
India shawls are made into mantles with collar being cut.
Satin foulard and chene silks make watering place costumes.
Slate, cynamore and Hohen green are stylish spring shades.
A tripod bow, with wide ends, trims the back of new mantles.
Lace and passementeries have taken the place of fur trimmings.
Satin merveilleux dresses have flounces of cream mull embroidery.
American Easter cards this season excel those brought from England.
Long unbraged redingotes appear beside bunched up Watteau polonaises.
"Fish" and shepherdess straw hats will be worn by little girls this season.
Condolence cards and birth announcements are now printed in stationery.
Last years' dresses need only slight changes of drapery to make them stylish.
Pineapple cloth fabrics are imported by Oriental merchants for ladies' dresses.
Handmade woollen gloves are of the finest white wool embroidered in silver threads.
The Velasquez hat, with Spanish lace drapery, is the largest size offered for the spring.
Plain skirts with trimmed polonaises will soon rival trimmed skirts with plain basques.
Imported dresses have long embroidered sleeves made of Venetian, Honiton or Spanish lace.
Terra cotta red with blue, and garnet with gray, are fashionable contrasts for wool dresses.
New mantel lambrequins are of colored plush trimmed with chenille fringe of the same shade.
Amber-colored celluloid eye-glasses for ladies' use are among the latest novelties of the season.
Stylish contrasts for bonnets are Holbein green with pale blue, celadon with rose, opal with olive, and salmon-pink with gray-blue.
Parisian dresses during Lent are of Carmelite serge with a train looped by a cord and tassel for the street and left hanging in the house.
Spring fans are in various designs. Some are of lace and flowers, others are hand-painted on satin, while others are made entirely of feathers.
Irish lace trimmed with clusters of shamrock leaves and forget-me-nots was the garniture of the green velvet dress worn by the Princess of Wales at the Queen's last drawing-room.

The coffee house experiment in Boston is successful, but some of the editors of religious papers wish to exclude cigars and billiards. The idea of the coffee house is to attract smokers and billiard players to an indoors place of amusement, where they may have temperance drinks instead of rum. Many smokers and billiard players are willing to patronize a place where they are neither tempted nor urged to drink rum, and that is the class to which the coffee houses will do the most good. If you exclude cigars, why not exclude the coffee?

A couple recently drove with Los Angeles Co., [illegible] and stood up and were married the next day.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Proceedings in the House of Commons.

By Special Telegraph from Our Own Reporter.

Ottawa, March 29.—The House met at 3 25.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

Dr. Orton moved that a message be sent to the Senate, asking that leave be given to Messrs. McInnes, Ogilvie and Gibbs to give evidence before the Committee of Agricultural Interests.

DISTRIBUTION OF INSOLVENT ESTATES.

Mr. Bunsby introduced an Act for the equitable distribution of insolvent estates. He said the Bill was substantially that introduced by Mr. Colby at a former session. It was provided that estates should be placed in the hands of guardians appointed by the Government. If the Government did not appoint a guardian the Sheriff of the county could act as guardian. The Bill allowed creditors to appoint a trustee, who would distribute the debtor's estate equitably. A good deal of the machinery of the old Insolvent Act would be restored, but he did not propose to relieve the debtor of his liability.

Mr. Wallace (Norfolk) said there was an injudicious clause in the Bill which proposed to take away a man's property and leave him still liable for loss, owing to the mismanagement of his property by men over whom he had no control, and which was alone sufficient to condemn the Bill. The feeling in favor of the repeal of the late Insolvency Act was very strong, and there was nothing to show that there was any popular feeling in favor of having a new insolvency law. He thought the best way was to leave debtors and creditors to settle their differences amongst themselves. (Applause.)

Mr. Boultbee did not believe in any Insolvency Law. After thirty years' experience, he thought it far the best way to let debtors and creditors settle their own affairs without the intervention of assignees and insolvent laws.

Mr. Robertson (Hamilton) said the commercial community were in favor of an act of this kind. Under existing circumstances there was a scramble to see who could first get hold of an insolvent's estate, and some provision should be made for the protection of creditors generally and a fair distribution of the estate. He read a communication from the Hamilton Board of Trade in favor of the Bill.

Mr. Shaw thought the Bill ought at least to be introduced and read a first time.

Mr. Gault said the merchants of Montreal were in favor of some such Act as the one proposed.

Mr. Flynn favored the Bill.

Mr. Plumb thought the Bill should be introduced, but would not pledge himself to support it.

Sir Albert Smith said there could be no objection to having the Bill introduced and discussed.

Mr. McCallum was opposed to having any insolvency law. He had been connected with the working out of the insolvent's estate, but under an insolvency law nobody got any thing but the Assignee, and he got the whole estate. (Laughter.)

Mr. Speaker again read the Bill.

After some further discussion the Bill was introduced.

Mr. Bunsby also introduced a bill for the discharge of past insolvent debtors.

DRAWBACKS.

Hon. Mr. Bowell introduced a bill to amend Chapter 12, 44 Victoria, for the allowance of a drawback on certain articles manufactured in Canada and used by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

Hon. Mr. Blake raised the question that as the Bill provided for the paying out of a portion of the public revenue it ought to be introduced by resolution.

After a short discussion the Bill was withdrawn.

QUESTIONS BY MEMBERS.

Mr. Beaubien—Whether it is the intention of the Government to prohibit absolutely the use of any measure, other than the Imperial measure, in the sale of grain?

Hon. Mr. Mousseau—It is not.

Mr. Gillies—Whether it is the intention of the Government to establish a port of entry in Chesley, situated on the Port Dover, Simcoe & Lake Huron Railway; and if so, when?

Hon. Mr. Bowell—The matter has been referred to the Inspector for a report.

Mr. Tassé—Whether it is the intention of the Government to take action in relation to the credit of $10,000 voted last session for the purpose of erecting a monument to the memory of Sir George Cartier?

Sir Hector Langevin—It is.

The House rose at six o'clock.

THIRD READING.

After recess, the Portage, Westbourne & North-western Railway Bill was read a third time and passed.

The following Bills passed through Committee and were read a third time:—Act to incorporate the Ottawa, Waddington & New York Railway & Bridge Company; Act to incorporate the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company; Act to incorporate the Lake Athabaska & Hudson Bay Railway Co.

PUBLIC BILLS AND ORDERS.

The House went into Committee on the Bill to amend the criminal law and to extend the provisions of the Act respecting offences against the person—Mr. Cameron (Huron), in the chair.

After a short discussion a motion that Committee rise was carried on a division, and the Bill was consequently killed.

SECOND READINGS.

The following Bills were read a second time and both referred to a select committee:—Act to provide that persons charged with offences punishable [illegible] may be competent as witnesses—Mr. Cameron (Huron); Act to enable any person charged with an indictable offence to be admitted to give evidence on his own behalf—McCarthy, (Simcoe).

The House was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Jones for the second reading of the Bill to amend the Dominion Election Act of 1874 by raising the deposit from $50 to $200.

After some debate the Bill was read a second time.

McDonell's (Lanark) Bill relating to promissory notes and other negotiable instruments, was read a second time, and referred to the Banking and Commerce Committee.

The House adjourned at 10.25.

THE SENATE.

In the Senate to-day, Hon. Mr. Alexander moved that, in view of the position occupied by the Senate in the Parliament of this country, it is desirable that the Ministers of the Crown should submit to the consideration of this House all the more important measures of legislation in sufficient time to admit of their being maturely considered and disposed of before the prorogation of Parliament.

Hon. Mr. Dickie moved an amendment to the effect that the large number of Bills introduced in the Senate this session, and last showed that plenty of time was allowed for discussion, and, further, that under the present rules all the time necessary for discussion can always be obtained.

After a long discussion the amendment was carried.

The Government of Holland have definitely determined to reclaim the Zuyder Zee, which has an area of 20,000 hectares. The engineers in charge of this work have been engaged for ten years past in preparing the plans, and the total cost is now estimated at not less than $46,000,000. The dyke will be forty-one kilometres in length, and will extend from the city of Enkhuisen to the coast of the province of Overyssel. The top of the dyke will be built to the height of five metres above the level of the sea, which will bring it 2.05 metres above the highest tide. The dyke will be formed from sand and faced with clay, and will be built of sufficient dimensions to resist the heaviest seas. It is intended to commence operations on the work at four different points, and the calculation is to have it completed in from seven to ten years.

St. Louis *Post-Dispatch* :— Within two weeks after the Garfield eulogy the President had Mr. Blaine to dinner at the White House. Mr. and Mrs. Blaine would probably have preferred not to be on social terms at the White House just the President, in view of the fact that an invitation to the Executive Mansion, cannot be declined, was master of the situation. He coolly ignored all of Mr. Blaine's invitations to step into the ring and see who was the best man, and—invited him to dinner.

A gentleman possessing great wealth died the other day at St. Petersburg, and bequeathed the whole of his fortune to Philippopolis, the chief town of Eastern Roumelia, where he was born. The money is to be applied to the foundation of public institutions of general interest there, being at present the only kind in Eastern Roumelia.

OTTAWA NOTES.

Miscellaneous Gossip From the Dominion Capital.

Special from our own Reporter.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Ottawa, March 29.—In the Public Accounts Committee this morning a great portion of the session was taken up in discussing political speeches. Mr. Cockburn called attention to the amount paid to Mr. Fraser, opposed in the election with the Department of Public Works for extra clerks and copying, and some discussion took place. Mr. Sir Charles Tupper's suggestion the matter was postponed until the next meeting, on account of the absence of Mr. Langevin. Mr. Rose asked for [illegible] of the amount of $7,189 for printing the [illegible] report. Carried. The Committee adjourned.

TORONTO HARBOR.

Mayor McMurrich and Ald. Boswell, Toronto, accompanied by all the Toronto members, called on the Minister of Public Works this morning to urge that steps be taken to prevent the Island being washed away and Toronto harbor becoming an open roadstead. Mr. Langevin said the subject had been receiving the attention of the Government, but the work would be a very expensive one, costing half a million or more, and the Government would expect that the city of Toronto should contribute one-third or a half of the cost.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS, ANIMALS, &c.

A return brought down this afternoon shows that the value of agricultural products and animals and their produce imported into Canada, entered for consumption and not entered for consumption, in the undermention years, was:—

DATE.	Receipts.	Per Centage.	Duty.
1877	$ 967,979	$18,960,519	$ 193,810
1878	1,000,373	19,000,000	190,000
1879	1,140,377	19,000,000	190,000
1880	1,140,377	1,341,619	268,323
1881	1,140,377	1,341,619	268,323

The following statement exhibits the articles in which the largest decrease in the importations from the United States for home consumption occurring during this period :—

Articles.	1877.	1880.	1881.
Indian corn	$2,154,000	$644,100	$732,000
Oats	1,000,000	54,100	60,000
Flour	1,000,000	192,000	200,000
Barley	1,000,000	30,000	40,000
Rye	45,000	2,000	4,000
Apples and pears	45,000	2,000	4,000
Barley	64,000	1,000	1,000
Potatoes	577,000	45,000	45,000
Horses	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Cattle	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Sheep	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

The following is a statement of the value of the exports of the principal products from Canada in the last five years:—

DATE.	Produce of the Mine.	Produce of the Fisheries.	Net produce of Agriculture.
1877	$ 1,000,000	$ 1,000,000	$ 1,000,000
1878	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1879	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1880	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1881	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

The following is a statement of the value of the exports of the principal products from the forest for the past five years, distinguishing those the growth of Canada from foreign merchandise re-exported through Canada from foreign merchandise:—

DATE.	Produce of Canada.	Net produce of Foreign.
1877	$ 1,000,000	$ 1,000,000
1878	1,000,000	1,000,000
1879	1,000,000	1,000,000
1880	1,000,000	1,000,000
1881	1,000,000	1,000,000

MINISTERIAL EXPENSES.

A return was brought down of the expenses incurred by members of the Government during their visit to England or elsewhere, shows that Sir John Macdonald's expenses were $1,000; Sir Hector Langevin's, $1,000; Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. J. H. Pope expended $1,000 during their visit to London in connection with the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway, $7,000; that Sir John Macdonald expended $3,411 during the second visit to England in 1881; that Sir Charles Tupper, on his return to England, expended $3,139 in the trip to British Columbia last year, and that Sir Leonard Tilley expended $1,000. The above amounts were paid on the services of Mr. Downes, of Montreal, in his visit to Washington in connection with the Copyright Law.

CANADIANS UNDER THE MANITOBA ACT.

From a return brought down it appears that there are lawyers in the Department of Justice who have been appointed under the Manitoba Act, being half-breed scrip and others who have not been appointed. The amount paid when the Commissioners investigated the claims, and for whom no part of the 1,400,000 acres remains, the whole having been allotted.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

A return presented this afternoon contains the following information of the business of the Intercolonial Railway since it was first operated:—

Miles	Freight carried.	Earnings per mile.	Working expenses.
Date worked.			
1875	392	$2,329	$2,396
1876	392	1,977	1,977
1877	392	1,891	1,891
1878	392	1,891	1,891
1879	392	1,891	1,891
1880	392	1,891	1,891
1881	392	1,891	1,891
1882	392	1,891	1,891
1883	392	1,891	1,891
1884	392	1,891	1,891
1885	392	1,891	1,891
1886	392	1,891	1,891
1887	392	1,891	1,891
1888	392	1,891	1,891
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1911	392	1,891	1,891
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1991	392	1,891	1,891
1992	392	1,891	1,891
1993	392	1,891	1,891
1994	392	1,891	1,891
1995	392	1,891	1,891
1996	392	1,891	1,891
1997	392	1,891	1,891
1998	392	1,891	1,891
1999	392	1,891	1,891
2000	392	1,891	1,891

THE P. P. OF AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

Dr. Orton's select Committee, appointed to enquire into the effects of the Canada Pacific Railway on the agricultural interests, met again this morning. A form for making a synopsis of the city of Quebec, prepared by Mr. Trudel, was considered clause by clause, and after some discussion was adopted and a sub-Committee appointed to examine the answers when received. The Committee then adjourned to meet again for the examination of witnesses.

DOMINION LANDS.

A return brought down to-day shows that the moneys received on account of Dominion lands during the months of June 1881 to March 1882 were as follows:—Sales, $29,000; for pre-emptions, $12,880; for improvements, $421; land sales, $191,886; railway land sales, $1,805; timber dues, $515.09; map sales, $1,077; registration fees, $952; mineral fees, $1,000; for [illegible] and [illegible] licenses, $452; coals received, $77,105, making a total of $272,553 received by the Department of the Interior for Dominion lands.

SIR A. T. GALT'S EXPENSES.

A return showing all sums paid to Sir A. T. Galt as High Commissioner since 1st July, 1878, gives for 1878-79 the sum of $9,236 70; for 1879-80, the sum of $6,332 33; for 1880-81, $15,296; for services and extraordinary expenses in connection with France and Spain, $4,068 33; for 1881-82 the sum of $16,262 84.

MILITIA EXPENSES.

The expenditure on account of the Militia of Canada, as shown by a return presented to-day, has been as follows in recent years:—For 1875, $1,013,945; 1876, $1,000,000; 1877, $856,461; 1878, $818,138; 1879, 977 000; 1880, 899,018; 1881, 1,000,000; and in the current year, 1882 2, the expenditure to March 15th was $706,018.

PRE EMPTION LANDS.

A return brought down this afternoon shows the acreage of pre-emption lands taken up in Manitoba, Keewatin and the Northwest Territories from 1872 to 1882 has been as follows:—1872, 1,600; 1873, 2 600; 1874, 101,461; 1875, 67 314; 1876, 49,608; 1877, 107 716; 1878, 275,360; 1879, 179,178; 1880, 140,790; 1881, 263,047; total, 1,370,-751 acres in 812 different township.

EXPLORATION OF HUDSON'S BAY.

Commander Gordon arrived from Toronto to-night, and will have an interview with the Government on Saturday on the subject of the exploration of Hudson's Bay.

THE GARDINER DIVORCE CASE.

The taking of evidence was commenced in the Gardiner Divorce Case to-day before the Senate Committee. Mr. Gardiner was under examination, and from a [illegible] made by him it is somewhat doubtful whether he will get his divorce.

Is it Possible.

That a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., could do so many and such marvelous and wonderful cures as Hop Bitters do? It must be, for when old and young, rich and poor, Pastor and Doctor, Lawyer and Editor, all testify to having been cured by them, we must believe and doubt no longer. See other column.—*Post.*

During his sojourn in Paris in 1867 the Emperor William was visiting the Salle des Marechaux, at the Tuileries, in company with a Marshal, who was acting as his cicerone, when he asked him to tell him the name of each warrior as he stood before his effigy. "And who is this?" asked the King, as he approached Davout's bust. "Davout," was the answer. "And what was his title?" "He was Prince of Eckmuhl," was the Marshal's reply. A moment's silence, and then suddenly, and with a firm voice, the King astounded his host's ear with the speech: "He was also called the Duc d'Auerstadt! Prussia knows this"—a reference to Davout's glorious victory.

New Advertisements.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
C. J. WHITNEY.....Manager & Manager.
ONE NIGHT ONLY, FRID

THE TRUE NURSERY SOAP

CHURCHER'S PURE WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP.

It is made with materials carefully purified by steam; the glycerine is retained in it in the same no coloring or deleterious matter is used in any of its preparations; it is a firm, creamy, lather, very fragrant to feet, and possesses in a remarkable degree the property of which the skin has been granulated or broken. For the tender, delicate skin of infants it is the only safe soap to use. Made only by

THOS. CHURCHER & CO., AT THEIR STEAM SOAP WORKS, CLARENCE ST., LONDON.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Thursday, March 30, 1882.

MICHAEL STROGOFF;

OR

THE COURIER OF THE CZAR.

BY JULES VERNE.

"Yes shall know all," replied the girl, with a faint smile. "A sister should hide nothing from her brother. But I can not to-day. . . . Fatigue and sorrow have broken me down."

"Will you go and rest in your cabin?" asked Michael.

"Yes—yes; and to-morrow ——"

"Until then!"

He hastened to finish his sentence, as if he had wished to end it by the name of his companion, of which he was still ignorant.

"Nadia, call she, holding out her hand, "Come, Nadia," answered Michael, "and make what you like of your brother Nicholas Korpanoff." And he led the girl to the cabin engaged for her off the others.

Michael Strogoff returned on deck, and began for sentinels which might bear on his journey, he alighted in the groups of passengers, though without taking any part in the conversation. Should he by any chance be questioned, and obliged to reply, he would announce himself as the merchant Nicholas Korpanoff, going back to the frontiers in the Caucasus, for he did not wish it to be suspected that a special permission authorized him to travel in Siberia.

The foreigners in the steamer could certainly speak of nothing but the occurrences of the day, of the order and the consequences. These poor people, seriously recovered on the faithless journey across Central Asia, found themselves obliged to relate all if they did not give loud vent to their grief and despair. It was because they were full of Fear, mingled with respect, restrained them. It was possible that inspectors of police, charged with watching the exiles, had secretly embarked on board, the steamer, and that a word just as well to keep silent, for after all, was a good deal liable to imprisonment in the fortress. Besides the men were either silent, or reserved when they were exchanged with so much caution as it was scarcely possible to get any useful information from them.

Michael Strogoff thus could learn nothing but he months were often dull as long as days—for they did not know him—who were soon struck by the sound of one word, which cured Nadia whether it was true or not.

The man with the hearty voice spoke Russian, but with a foreign accent, and when the speaker answered him more reservedly he same language, evidently, however, his native tongue.

What!" said the first, "are you on board ship, too, my dear fellow; you whom I at the imperial fete in Moscow, and caught a glimpse of at Nijni-Novgorod!"

Yes, it's me," answered the second.

Well, really, I didn't expect to be so followed by you."

Indeed! I am not following you, sir; I ercoding you."

Another proceed! Let us march abreast, ing step like two soldiers on parade, or the time, at least, let us agree, if ill, that one shall not precede the other."

e the contrary, I shall pass you."

e shall see that, when we are on the or war; but till then, why, let us be ling companions. Later, we shall have ions and become rivals."

ssuredly, if you like. There is a prodi- your words, my dear fellow, which ficiently agreeable to me. One may a know what one has to look for, with

but is the matter? ——

harm at all. So, in my turn, I will ur permission to stake our respective

one."

one away."

are going to Perm—like me?"

Perm."

d probably you will go from Perm to nsburg, since that is the best and route by which to cross the Ural

ntain!"

Listen!"

past the frontier, we shall be in that is to say, in the midst of the

ns."

shall be at ease."

ill that, and only then, will be to say, Rouk for himself, and God

you."

ye, all by yourself! Very well! we have a week of neutral days ne, since it is very certain that neve a shower does occur in the ne friends until we become rival

mies."

shall, right enemies. But till es as sat together, and not fight other, All the same, I promise keep to myself all that I can see——"

I, all that I can hear."

hank agreed!"

hank!"

e it is.

the hand of the first speaker, that is five wide-open fingers, vigorously he two fingers coolly extended by the

ohe-by," said the first. "I was able ending a telegraph one very wealthy of to my assistance on several occa-

I must it to the *Daily Telegraph* at ochester man be—"

e, Mr. Blount!"

good, Mr. Alcott!"

ll try and match that!"

ll try, Mr. Rumbelow!"

ying, the French correspondent hook down the others. "Hem! a single ilfy. The governor's prodigious ncern these two news-hunters as ne. Kissing, for long proceedings for—for—for—

origin. They set out, however, and ged by the same instinct, had left ngraved together. It was natural should take the same course of y, and that they should follow the to the Siberian steppes. Travelanions, whether enemies or friends, a week, to pass together, and so it would be open. And then ano- a most expert in Alcide Jolivet had fred adversary, and though Harry ad accepted them, he had done so

ary day, at dinner, however, the ian, open as ever, and even boy to the Englishman still silent and ing himself among the passengers ing Alcide Jolivet and Harry ding away together, Michael ld to himself:—"There are in- and ludicrous fellows whom I ably meet again on the way. It ident for me to keep them at a

ing Livonian did not come to din- was asleep in her cabin, and id not like to awaken her. It was ders she exaggerated on the dark anah.

twilight imparted a coolness to ghout eagerly enjoyed by the other the sinking heated the day, ading toward the greater cities ven thought of going back to the cabin. Restricted on the bench- nighed with delight the slight ed by the speed of the steamer, as of the pure, and under this ch only carried darkened between decks, and left the steersmen h to guide his steamer among es vessels going up or down the

eleven and two, however, the now, it was almost dark. Hour- ssengers were then asleep on the in officers was distributed only by the paddles striking the water. ers, dazzling bugs Michael ches. He walked up and down, on the stern of the steamer. ew, he happened to pass the en- He then found himself in the t for second and third-class pas-

ngs; long talking ceased, not ughter, but also on the bales,

packages, and even the deck itself. The men on the watch above were standing about the forecastle. Two lights, one green, the other red, hung over the starboard and port sides, and cast a few rays along the steamboat's bulwarks.

Some cave was necessary not to tread on the sleepers, who were lying about everywhere. They were obliged to make a circuit, and quite satisfied with the planks of the deck. But no doubt they would, all the same, have cruelly abused the clumsy fellow who happened to rouse them with an accidental kick.

Michael Strogoff took care, therefore, not to disturb any one. In going thus to the end of the boat, he had no other idea but of striving against sleep by a longer walk.

He reached the other part of the deck, and was already climbing the forecastle ladder, when he heard some one speaking near him. He stopped. The voice appeared to come from a group of passengers enveloped in clothes and wraps, so that it was impossible to recognize them in the dark.

But it sometimes happened that, when the steamer's chimney sent forth a plume of ruddy flames among the volumes of smoke, the sparks seemed to fall among the group as though thousands of sparcles had been suddenly illuminated. Michael was about to step up the ladder, when a few words reached his ear, distinctly uttered in that strange tongue which he had heard during the night at the fair.

Instinctively he stopped to listen. Protected by the shadow of the forecastle, he could not be perceived himself. As to seeing the passengers who were talking, that was impossible. He was obliged to confine himself to listening.

The first words exchanged were of no importance to him at least—but they allowed him to recognize the voices of the two fellow-countrymen whom he had heard at Nijni-Novgorod. This, of course, made him redouble his attention. It was, indeed, not at all impossible that the Tartar, the scrap of whose conversation he had overheard, now banished with all their fellows, should be on board the Caucasus.

To be continued.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Weakest Showings of Pen, Pad and Paper.

A DEAR LITTLE BUTTERCUP.

Along a shady road the maid
And youth were slowly walking.
And fervent words were talking;
And singing birds were talking;
And singing birds were talking;
The second with them was fellow;
Out of the grass they heard and;
"When I, a stile, follow,
With other intentions went
Through thickened lane conveying.
With golden buds, a flower;
We were forever playing.
And now, if you'll hold up your chin
Some magic words I'll utter,
And by the gentle power of love
I'll tell if you love butter.
She raised her drooping head the chin—
After red it as smiling over it—
And her mood humorously in hand.
Then moment mine before it;
Then with a face of glamour cheek,
And tones by love
"Do you—do you do you love—me?"
He said, in tones of—"butter."
When down went flower, neither one
In shiny petals missing;
For he the red, red, smiling lips
And dimpled cheek was kissing.

A congregation is often sold by the choir.

Cæsar was just as bitter as the Gaul he conquered.

This is a lottery you pay your money but you have no choice.

Song of the sheets:—"Will you love me when I moult?"

Yet cannot make a horse drink. It is different with men.

Boss of the Bible has his Ruth, but modern boss have no ruthless.

When is a lamp in a bad temper? When it's put out, of course.

What fruit does a newly married couple most resemble? A green pear.

The lilies of the field "toil not, neither do they spin," but they have their blow out just the same.

Swans sing before they die. There no bad thing, should certain persons die before they sing.

"In Paris," says the London World, "every man or woman who puts pen to paper has a shot at the stage."

Queen Victoria does not take her French *cook* to Menton, but has two cooks, one a Germen and o—other an Englishman.

A little boy who has been used to observing his older brother's old toys and clothes, recently remarked:—"Ma, will I have to marry his widow when he dies?"

Though Adam's dress was a nude design,
He'd on a world unfit for wear,
And sat on the limb of a tree and whine,
Cause he couldn't learn in his sleeve.

A lawyer asked a woman in the witness-box her age, and she promptly replied:—"Old enough to have sold milk per the day, sixteen feet thick and for cows to drink when a baby, and I haven't got my money yet."

"Then that a beautiful color!" said the fish-dealer, as he cut into a large salmon. "Yes," said Flatson. "I suppose he is blushing at the extravagant price he is getting for himself."

Of a certain brand of whisky, on being told that a barrel of it would not produce a headache, Artemus Ward said:—"Ah, my mistake must have been that I did not drink quite a barrel."

"I'd have you to know that my uncle was a barrister of the law." "A fig for your Canadian!" retorted Mr. Partington, handing up her nose; "haven't I a cousin as is a corridor in the navy?"

An Irishman (to's brother to the one who were "By the powers he'd never go into the water till he could swim"), once putting on a new pair of boots, remarked, by and sarin, I'll never be able to git on these infernal boots till I've worn 'em at last a wake."

London *Punch* (concerning the man with a black eye):—"How did it come about? 'A fellow spoke disrespectful o' my mother,' said she was cross-eyed—so I——' 'Well, but how she—' 'Hems! a single remark. It was the principles of the thing that I got licked for!"

PROPER ENGLISH.

O why shall we say for-sinched, caught;
As grammarians say we ought!
Let us say
Ketched!

When this kind of teaching is taught:
The egg isn't hatched, it is taught;
My brooches aren't painted, they are paught;
John and Jane are not matched, they are paught;
My door isn't latched, it is taught;
The pie wasn't snatched, it was naught;
The cat never scratched, but she scraucht;
The rat caught, though it never had taught.

If English must this way be wrought,
We will teach it no more—that is naught.

Two Irishmen who often made a night of it over the whiskey bottle were late one evening at their usual competition. At length says one, seeing the supply finished:—"Arra ye gola' to bed to-night, or may ye be goin' to sit up till to-morrow mornin' as ye did last night?"

George Selwyn once affirmed that no woman ever wrote a letter without a postscript. "My next letter shall refute," said Lady G. He soon after received a long letter from her ladyship, on which, after she had exhausted her subject, she added, "P.S.—Who is right now, you or I?"

London *Judy*:—"Conscientious newsvendor, who has been despatched with all speed to the refreshment room by a famished passenger to fetch a penny roll, bribed with an additional penny to g-t one for himself (to famishing passenger):—Please, sir, here's your penny; there was only one left."

A little girl recently saw a drunken old man lying on a doorstep, the perspiration pouring off his face, and a crowd of children gathering to make fun of him. She took her little apron and wiped his face and then looked up so pitifully to the crowd and made this remark, "Oh, say, don't hurt him! He's somebody's grandpa."

MY SWEET.

My Sweet has golden hair,
And wilful, laughing eyes—
A darling mouth; she's wondrous fair,
But O my patience sadly tries!

My sweet has coral lips,
And roses in her cheeks—
And witching voice; she lightly trips—
O that she always we did speak!

My sweet is loving, too;
She makes the darkness bright;
Her smile's so dear—I know it's true;
But O see laughs at me outright!

My Sweet—most gracious me!
O how my spirits fall!
Enough! here ends my song with Harry Lorrequer—
She's not my sweet at all

Dress-making Department.

THOS. BEATTIE & CO.

Beg to inform their Customers they have secured a Dress-maker of good experience to manage the above Department, and feel confident they can guarantee their customers every satisfaction in Dress-making.

THOMAS BEATTIE & CO'Y

176 AND 178 DUNDAS STREET.

NUMBER THREE.

Alterations to be Made at the Fire Hall—A Wood Market to be Established South of Albert Street—Sewer Pipes to be Erected—Unpaid Insurance—Improvement to the Electric Light Company.

The Committee met.

This Committee met at the usual hour in the City Clerk's office. Ald. Hunt (Chairman) presided, ald. Ald. Buckle, Murray, Skinner and Hobbs. Mayor Carling, Mayor Meredith and Chief Roe were also in attendance.

The minutes of the previous meetings were read and confirmed.

Ald. Skinner reported that it was necessary to make some change in the hardware room at the Fire Hall, and that the firemen would do the work the city supplying the material. The charge that would not cost the city a great sum.

The question of establishing a wood market in the southern part of the city was discussed at some length, and it was

Moved by Ald. Skinner, seconded by Ald. Murry, that a second wood market be established south of the city hall, the location to be approved by the mayors for Nos. 3 and 5 Wards, without any expense to the city, and that the present wood marks be removed to the corner of Central avenue and Waterloo street, to extend south. Carried.

The petition of Hobbs, Osborn & Hobbs, asking that shed erected at their factory on sale establishment might be allowed to remain for the present, was read.

Ald. Murray appeared on behalf of Mr. John Costain in opposition to the petition. He asked that the fire by-law be enforced.

The matter was left over for further consideration.

A discussion took place on the advisability of sending the sewer pipes and twenty hydrants, Mayor Meredith strongly advocating the erection of stand pipes.

Ald. Skinner thought it was an unnecessary expense.

Ald. Beattie did not favor using the hydrants for supplying water for street watering.

Chief Roe pointed out the danger of having a hydrant broken, and the repairs having to be made while a fire was in progress.

Mayor Meredith could not see why the City Engineer's word could not be taken. He stated that hydrants had been damaged to the extent of about $300 last year. This being the case there could be no question of the utility of erecting the stand pipes.

Chief Roe stated that the hydrants could be erected at a cost of $60, and would last for a lifetime, while hose would only last three years, and are unsatisfactory.

Moved by Ald. Beattie, seconded by Ald. Buckle, that the necessary stand pipes be erected and not to exceed the sum of $250, and that the erection of additional hydrants be deferred. Carried.

An item in connection with the Fire Department, amounting to $156.45, were passed for payment.

Ald. Beattie brought before the Committee the question of building a fire station in the northern part of the city, and requested that Chief Roe be asked in reference to the matter.

Ald. Murray and Ald. Skinner were not in favor of hearing Chief Roe.

The Chief was finally heard, and stated that the annual report contained all the information he had.

Mayor Meredith would be quite willing to have the station erected if the finances of the city would permit.

Ald. Murray—That is no more need for the building of a fire station in the northern part of the city than there is for a railroad depot in the moon.

On motion of Ald. Buckle, seconded by Ald. Beattie, the matter was referred to the Council.

Ald. Skinner moved in amendment, seconded by Ald. Murray, that the proposition be not established.

The motion was carried.

Ald. Murray was opposed to any Alderman bringing forward lengthy resolutions one night after night for the purpose of making a name for himself, and thus delaying the business of the committee.

Ald. Murray moved, seconded by Mayor Meredith, and the prayer of the congregation of St. Mary's R. C. Church, that a lamp be erected in front of the said church, be granted. Carried.

An account for $5 for the keep of the Rose children was ordered to be paid.

Ald. Murray moved that the request of Mr. C. Kirkland for a stay in proceedings for the recovery of a penalty for contravening the fire limits by-law be granted, as he proposed complying with the provisions of the by-law by the first of June.

Ald. Beattie seconded, and the motion was carried.

Inspector Lee reported that the daughter of the defendants whose premises he had apprehended to a former named T. H. A. Sharon, in the county of Elgin, and the boys were staying with a Mrs. Cornish.

Attention was also drawn to the fact that Mr. Marshall had a sale for which he refused to pay a license, and asking for instructions in reference to the matter.

The number of licenses remaining unpaid were also reported as follows:—Livery stables, 4; places of amusement, 2; cabs, 15; carters, 20.

Ald. Beattie moved, seconded by Ald. Skinner, that Mr. C. J. Walmsley, 23 payment of $40, have his license extended to the 1st of March, 1883, he having over-paid for the past year. Carried.

The Committee, with the exception of Ald. Beattie, considered the case of Mr. Marshall a hardship, although he came within the scope of the by-law.

Ald. Murray moved, seconded by Ald. Buckle, that the matter be referred to the Police Commissioners, recommending them to so amend the by-law governing cabs and coupes owned by livery stable keepers, that they shall only pay a license of $2 for each vehicle, providing they do not occupy the stands or other public places in competition with other hacks.

Ald. Buckle moved, seconded by Mayor Meredith, that the Inspector notify all parties who are in arrears for licenses that if the same be not paid within one week, legal proceedings would be taken against them.

It was pointed out that one Alderman had not paid his hack license.

Ald. Murray moved, seconded by Ald. Skinner, that the following scale of fees, be adopted by the Ontario Government Casting the last session of the Ontario Parliament, be adopted at the city watch rooms only:—For weighing a load of hay, fifteen cents. For weighing slaughtered meat, or grain, or other articles exposed for sale, under 100 lbs., two cents. Over 100 lbs., and up to 1,000 lbs., five cents. Over 1,000 lbs., ten cents. For weighing live animals, other than sheep or pigs, per head, three cents. Sheep or pigs, if not more than five per head, one cent. If less than five, for the five, four cents.

LONDON EAST'S WATER SUPPLY.

Suggestions and Interesting Information to the Ratepayers.

BY A PRACTICAL MAN.

With your kind permission I desire to say a few words to the ratepayers of London East on the subject of their water supply. I believe the Mayor has intimated that the ratepayers will be called upon at an early date to decide whether they will or not vote for the present supply, or depend upon the city supply. I would say leave an independent supply or none, for the following reasons:—It was acknowledged at the time of building the present Pipe Line that their supply was limited, and at the past rate of increase in population it would be inadequate in 10 years, so by not voting for the present with the city means in sixteen years from date they will have a heavy assessment to bear, where ratepayers are quoted at 60c per head, against 20c at present. Inference at Boston can be drawn to 5 per cent. Mowat, Ont. 6 Kennedy sold shipping 7 carloads of live western cattle from Prince Albert Siding on the Canada Pacific.

A handsome engine and passenger coach (combined) to be used on the International Bridge has just been turned out by the Grand Trunk workmen at Rossford.

Mr. R. bert Simpson, of the Commercial Express Line, has been appointed to succeed James D. Eaie, General Agent of the Chicago & G.and Trunk Railway, taking effect May 1. Mr. Simpson will have his headquarters at Utica.

The Brakesmen's Benevolent Association of Stratford held a grand concert at the Town Hall last night, when Miss Reidy, Miss Nora Clench, Miss Foster and the band boys' talent were present and assisted in making the affair a success.

Mr. Fred. French has been appointed general North-western agent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway. His office will be at Winnipeg. Mr. French has for a long time held the position of pool and tariff clerk on the Chicago & North-western Railway.

The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Company has inted every plan for obtaining enough passenger cars to accommodate the great rush of immigration of this season. Failing to obtain enough otherwise, it has bought a number of second-hand coaches from New York and New England companies, and is having them repaired and put in order. The stoves to which this Company is put by an extraordinary rush of business, which will last only a few months, suggests the need of a clearing house or union car company for furnishing passenger cars wherever needed. The Southern roads would give them employment in the fall and winter, and the Northern roads would need them in the spring and summer.

A consolidation of the Lake Shore and New York Central properties would embrace 1,725 miles of road owned and 431 miles of leased lines. Of the 1,725 miles, 992 miles connects the main line from New York City to Chicago, and 743 miles are branch roads connecting at various points with the main route. The aggregate capital stock of the two companies and branches would be $120,423,200, and the mortgage debt $76 995,333 —a total, representing values as per par, of $216,350,633. The combined share capital of these roads amount to $15,722,600, and the bonded debts to $15,972,300. Including these, the aggregate capitalization of the consolidated lines would be $155,180,700 and $92,901,633 in mortgage bonds, or a total of stock and mortgage debt of $248,082,333.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE.

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail.

THE CANADIAN CATTLE TRADE.

SHIPMENT OF CANADIAN CATTLE VIA BOSTON —PAST YEAR'S COMPARED IN PERSPECTIVE.

Montreal, March 27.

Cable advices from Liverpool during the past week reported a decline of 4s in the price of live cattle to 72s, against 84 the week previous. The *Gilbert* of the same date also quoted at 84, against 84 to 84 the week previous. Deemed load was 4s to 4½ per lb. dressed weight, or 84½ to 85. The more favorable terms offered for the shipment of cattle from Boston has induced some of our shippers to load at that port, where freights are quoted at 60s per head, against 80s at Halifax. Inference at Boston can be drawn to 5 per cent. Mowat, Ont. 6 Kennedy sold shipping 7 carloads of live western cattle from Prince Albert Siding on the Canada Pacific.

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WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

Gatherings from our own Special Correspondents.

INGERSOLL.

March 29.—Thaw set in and the ice has been swept out and cleaned, not before it was needed.

A handsome new residence is being erected over McKenzie & Co.'s store.

A horse, belonging to and driven by Mr. Foster Wilson, ran away on the street on Tuesday afternoon. It was stopped before any damage was done.

A very special social was held at the residence of Rev. W. H. Shaw last evening. A neat little sum was realized.

A few inches of snow is on a hearse belonging to the Rev. Father Rooker about four o'clock this morning. It was burned to the ground. Fortunately the horses were not in the barn and not been used for some time.

A Choral and Literary Society was organized in connection with the M. E. Church on Monday evening. They will give entertainments during the spring and summer.

The young people of Knox Church have fixed the date of their annual entertainment for April 6th.

Rev. Mr. Hart, missionary to China, left with his family on Tuesday for Toronto, where they intend to make their home for a time.

The lady teachers in the Central School are wondering why our Council does not get to buy real estate, when there is discovered in the different rooms to which they teach to keep them in from late for some time, were it carted away.

DELAWARE.

Dr. McLaren has purchased the handsome and well-located residence of Mr. Edward Hacker, and will take possession forthwith.

The otter crowing seven carriages and buggies in procession, dashed through our village on the way to the Queen's Hotel, Lobo, drove fast horses, and seemed happy. The fields was pretty—all bridges are the bridge—and the roads in splendid order; and after a half-hour's rest and refreshment they formed six in procession and drove rapidly off, danced all night, and took the trains in the morning.

The Kennedy farm has been bought by Mr. Walter Hay, who has paid the handsome price of $94 per acre. The farm is nicely situated on the hill, half a mile south of the village, has fair buildings and is nicely adorned with rows of evergreen trees. Mr. Kennedy's family move to their 200 acre farm in South Delaware. The Manitoba excursion does not seem to affect the price of farms here.

Delaware bell time gains one minute each day, and is now ten minutes in advance of London city time.

PARKHILL.

March 27.—Rev. Mr. Johnson preached for the last time on Sabbath evening in the Episcopal Church. He goes to Allen Craig this week. He is generally liked by all denominations, who regret his departure.

Rev. Mr. Turner, of Allen Craig, preached to the Sabbath School of the C. M. Church on Sabbath morning. He is a good preacher and has the gift of speaking to children in a manner to interest them. Rev. Mr. Turner also filled the pulpit of the same church in the evening.

Among those leaving for the West shortly are Mr. Simpson, W. H. Atkinson, W. J. K. Reid, Hy. Allen, W. Baird and others.

Mr. N. Matheson, grocer, of this place, was married to a Miss Laycock, of Embro, last week.

Mr. McCallum, of Craig's, is opening out a goods' furnishing store in Taylor's Block.

McLeod, butcher, sold to Mr. Simpson, brother of hotel-keeper, late of Mitchell.

Mr. Hossack's pair of matched horses can be seen in Shoult's door and feed store in the market house. He is managing this business for the Messrs. Shoult.

Mrs. A. Booth, of Olinda, near Kingston, is the guest of Mr. Simon McLeod. W. G. Parks and lady are visiting his father, Mr. A. Forte.

RURAL ROUNDABOUT RAMBLINGS

London and Vicinity.

At a sawing match held at Mr. Jno. Hale's, 4th con., Lobo, the other day, a beech log 10 inches through was cut by a champion saw in 12½ seconds. Can any body beat this?

Mr. Jno. Henderson, of Lobo, complains about a paragraph which appeared on the 15th of March, headed, "Mean," which he considers cast reflections on his liberality, on recovering his horses in London, stolen by one Jones. Mr. Henderson explains he did not complain or hesitate to pay for the keep of the horses as stated. He not only cheerfully paid all charges, but rewarded the detectives for their trouble and paid the hostler at the hotel extra for cleaning the animals.

Mr. Jno. McAdam, 7th con., London, lost a handsome black mare valued at $200, by inflammation, last week.

The mud roads are in a fearful plight, and it is next to impossible to make any headway in traveling.

The fish have made a start up stream and a plentiful supply of suckers is being caught by hook and line about Byron, Kilworth, Komoka and Delaware.

Rev. Mr. Sipe, Western University, London, preached at Hyde Park on Sabbath evening last.

The robins are busy prospecting for eligible sites to locate their nests, conference to some fruit are verds. A good sniffer have already made their appearance, but they have not commenced to procedure any tenor yet.

A petition is in circulation through the county asking Parliament to interfere to stopping railway traffic on Sunday.

Two small boys were asking for work through the country last week who said they had run away from the Reformatory prison.

The hard frosts of late have blackened the fall wheat and all its attendant supposes to be gone. A few warm days will bring it to arrend again.

COUPLING PINS!

Glenwood Grain Bound Screws and "Iron Front" Hardscrapers.

Mr. John Metcalfe, a well-known carpenter of the Credit Valley, has left for Winnipeg to join the staff of the Canada Pacific.

A head-on engine and passenger coach (combined) to be used on the International Bridge has just been turned out by the Grand Trunk workmen at Rossford.

Mr. R. bert Simpson, of the Commercial Express Line, has been appointed to succeed James D. Eaie, General Agent of the Chicago & G.and Trunk Railway, taking effect May 1. Mr. Simpson will have his headquarters at Utica.

The Brakesmen's Benevolent Association of Stratford held a grand concert at the Town Hall last night, when Miss Reidy, Miss Nora Clench, Miss Foster and the band boys' talent were present and assisted in making the affair a success.

Mr. Fred. French has been appointed general North-western agent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway. His office will be at Winnipeg. Mr. French has for a long time held the position of pool and tariff clerk on the Chicago & North-western Railway.

The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Company has inted every plan for obtaining enough passenger cars to accommodate the great rush of immigration of this season. Failing to obtain enough otherwise, it has bought a number of second-hand coaches from New York and New England companies, and is having them repaired and put in order. The stoves to which this Company is put by an extraordinary rush of business, which will last only a few months, suggests the need of a clearing house or union car company for furnishing passenger cars wherever needed. The Southern roads would give them employment in the fall and winter, and the Northern roads would need them in the spring and summer.

A consolidation of the Lake Shore and New York Central properties would embrace 1,725 miles of road owned and 431 miles of leased lines. Of the 1,725 miles, 992 miles connects the main line from New York City to Chicago, and 743 miles are branch roads connecting at various points with the main route. The aggregate capital stock of the two companies and branches would be $120,423,200, and the mortgage debt $76 995,333 —a total, representing values as per par, of $216,350,633. The combined share capital of these roads amount to $15,722,600, and the bonded debts to $15,972,300. Including these, the aggregate capitalization of the consolidated lines would be $155,180,700 and $92,901,633 in mortgage bonds, or a total of stock and mortgage debt of $248,082,333.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

We Guarantee it to do all we claim. St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Fifteen Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

CHAS. CLUTHE, the baby for Cigars and Tobacco, Yonge street, will be at the Toronto, Richmond Hill, Bond Head, Aurora, Newmarket, Holland Landing, Bradford, Barrie, Orillia, Gravenhurst, Bracebridge, Parry Sound, Collingwood, Meaford, Owen Sound, Wiarton, Southampton, Walkerton, Paisley, Chesley, Durham, Port Elgin, Kincardine, Goderich, Seaforth, Clinton, Exeter, Hensall, Grand Bend, Forest, Wyoming, Petrolia, Sarnia, Strathroy, Glencoe, Wardsville, Dutton, Rodney, Aylmer, St. Thomas, Port Stanley, Tillsonburg, Simcoe, Port Dover, Hagersville, Dunnville, Caledonia, Brantford, Paris, Ingersoll, Woodstock, Tavistock, Stratford, Milverton, Mitchell, Listowel, Wingham, Clinton, Seaforth, Goderich, Kincardine, Port Elgin, Southampton, Walkerton, Paisley, Chesley, Durham, Owen Sound, Meaford, Collingwood, Barrie, Orillia, Gravenhurst, Bracebridge, Parry Sound, Bond Head, Aurora, Newmarket, Holland Landing, Bradford, Richmond Hill, Toronto, Yonge street, Brampton, Georgetown, Acton, Guelph, Galt, Preston, Hespeler, Berlin, New Hamburg, Waterloo, Wellesley, St. Jacobs, Elmira, Wallenstein, Hawkesville, Baden, New Dundee, Petersburg, Bridgeport

J. H. LONGAN & CO

We have removed to 359 and 361 Richmond st., where we will continue our Wholesale Liquor Trade.

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES
INCLUDING
Humphrey's
SPECIFICS

Special attention given to the dispensing of Physicians' Prescriptions & Family Recipes.

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices,
—AT—
STRONG'S DRUG STORE,
126 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Thursday, March 30, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Thursday, March 30, 1882.
Sun rises.... 6.37 a.m. | Moon rises ... 3.55 p.m.
Sun sets..... 6.39 p.m. | Moon sets. .. 3.44 a.m.
Day of the year—90th.

Lord Metcalfe, Governor-General on March 30, 1843.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon.....	4th	7.29 p.m.
Third Quarter.....	12th	4.12 p.m.
New Moon.....	19th	7.06 a.m.
First Quarter.....	26th	5.34 a.m.

THE NEW COMET.
(Concluded.)

The near approach of the present comet to the sun is expected to develop a tail of enormous length, far the delight of southern astronomers. A very fine display is expected, however, before it passes out of our view. The comet is now in the constellation of Lyra. On the 1st of April it will be but four degrees west of the first magnitude star Vega. Thence it will continue its course northward into the constellation of Cepheus. It will turn abruptly to the south by the middle of May, and move toward the sun until it disappears from our sky. Just before it disappears it is expected to equal the great comet of last year. After its perihelion passage it will reappear in our sky. At the time of its discovery this comet showed unmistakable signs of vast proportions. The only question was the direction of its motion. Now that it is coming towards us, it will become an object of the greatest interest.

DOMINION METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Toronto, March 29.—Lakes—Fresh to strong southerly to westerly winds, fair and mild weather, with light rain in some localities to-night.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEYAND SOUTHWARD.

Washington, March 30, 1 a. m.—Southeast—Lower lake region, cooler, clearing or fair, higher barometer, north-west to south-west winds.

DISGRACEFUL.—The manner in which some of the merchants, particularly between the Market Lane and Richmond street, allow paper and other refuse to lie on the street in front of their premises is simply disgraceful. Yesterday the wind kept this air full of this rubbish, and in many instances spirited horses were frightened thereby. There is a by-law prohibiting the deposiding of refuse in the streets, and it should be enforced without fear or favor by the police.

A YOUNG BIDDLEPHER.—Johnny O'Connor, who was the principal witness in the celebrated Biddeiph trial, has been disgustingly himself in a new role, having, with his brother Patrick, been engaged in a fracas on Richmond street on Tuesday afternoon. The two lads were endeavoring to settle a little difficulty with another boy named Taylor, but the latter's mother does not believe in such summary punishment, and John will again make his appearance in Court to-day, when the P. M. will investigate the why, wherefore of the case in which the little boy "who never told a lie" is concerned.

WALKING TOO FAST.—It has hitherto been supposed that rapid pedestrianism was conducive to good health, but the experience of Miss Holden, who resides on Simcoe street, furnishes an illustration of the danger of even such a practice. On Tuesday evening the young lady started to visit the Wellington street Church entertainment, but on reaching the edifice experienced a feeling of weariness, and concluded to return home. After proceeding a short distance she became very faint, and was taken into an adjoining house. Medical assistance was summoned, when it was found she was suffering from apoplexy of the lungs, induced by her rapid walking, which had caused a rush of blood to the lungs. By the efforts of two physicians a quantity of the fluid was drawn off and relief afforded to the sufferer, who is now doing as well as could be expected.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WESTWARD EAST.—At Marvil's & Brown's auction rooms to-night, people looking for a sure investment for their money will be afforded an opp ortunity, when a number of lots in East Winnipeg and Norwood, eight miles distant from the city, will be offered. The property is in the centre manufacturing district of Winnipeg, in close proximity to the Canada Pacific Railway Station, and fronts on Red River. All the principal educational institutions are within a short distance of the lots to be offered at this sale. It will thus be seen that this is a chance never before offered to investors and no doubt the opportunity will be taken advantage of by many. The Norwood property is also very valuable and well worthy the attention of intending purchasers.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!—Spring, 1882. One hundred and fifty thousand rolls arrived. New patterns, fresh goods, splendid value. Those papers are all brand-new, double wide and eight yards long. Warranted. I would remind intending buyers that there is being sold at present a large quantity of wall paper measuring only eighteen inches wide and six yards long, not up generally in twelve yard pieces and called double rolls. Buy no paper unless it is guaranteed eight yards to the single roll. Splendid variety of papers, full length, at ten cents per roll at Bryce's Depot, 122 and 168 Dundas street. C4-1-p d

Don Quixote, Carlyle's complete works in 30 vols., De Quincy's works, &c., for sale, a bargain. Also the stock of plain and fancy stationery. Closing out the stationery department. Bindery will be continued as usual. Orders solicited. R. H. KOEHLER, 6 Masonic Temple.

SARATOGA trunks, Albert trunks, Packages trunks, Hide trunks at Scarrow's. C308

CHEAP REMEMBRANCES.—T. Beattie & Co. are now selling 100 pieces of embroidery at 2c, worth 10c; 100 pieces at 3½, worth 12½; 100 pieces at 5c., worth 20c.; 100 pieces at 10c., worth 35c.; 100 pieces at 15c., worth 50c. Never before have we sold embroideries so cheap. In white cottons our 9c., 10c., and 12½ cottons cannot be equalled in London.

Persons throughout to buy Scarrow's Trunks and valises than Hamilton lots.

Artists material of all descriptions on sale cheap at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match, from Free Lithographic Department.

SHAMROCKS GOODS.—Mixing knives, chairs, table and pocket cutlery, washboards, fine tree stands. BROWN & MORRIS, hardware dealers.

Full line of the celebrated J. Riddle carving knife just received.—T. HERBERT-ATKINS.

Any person who is dirty should let Scarrow's trunks be carry. To be had cheap at the sign of the Square trunk.

Now, as the time of frosts does not seem to be over, it is well to be prepared for them. Call at the Hardware Store of BROWN & MORRIS, and get a stove.

A Big Boom.

Robt. Wallace, the Dundas street clothier, has received most of his spring stock, and as a result the new spring suits are booming. His importations for this season are varied and very choice, and as this house enjoys a reputation for first-class work at reasonable prices, we would advise those in need of a stylish suit to give Wallace a call.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT SERVICES.

A week from Friday will be Good Friday.

The close season for bass begins on April 15th.

John Dowling and Frederick Steele were taken to the Asylum yesterday.

Mr. James Smith, of the Albion, is able to leave his room again, after a severe illness.

Mr. A. Goodacre, of Lucan, has bought lots 4 and 17, in block 14, section 25, Brandon, for $500.

A couple of new passenger coaches were sent out from this city on the G. W. R. yesterday morning.

The dust caused considerable annoyance to storekeepers yesterday, and the watering carts will be needed immediately.

Mr. Wm. Steed, of Sarnia, has secured the lease of a large track of land in the Pinehurst Creek District for a cattle ranche.

Mr. Hardy Dignam, who has been with W. J. Reid & Co. for some time past, takes the road for L. C. Leonard & Co. next week.

Mr. J. E. Richards, the representative of the London Furniture Company, was at the Queen's Hotel, Winnipeg, on the 22nd inst.

Another consignment of carts are being got ready for shipment to the North-west at the establishment of ex-Mayor Campbell.

Nineteen carloads of iron have arrived at St. Thomas for the new bridge over Kettle Creek, on the Air Line Railway at that place.

Mr. C. Stiff, General Superintendent of the G. W. R., returned yesterday afternoon from a tour of inspection on the Sarnia branch.

Work has been commenced in front of the Exhibition Grounds on Richmond street, preparatory to the laying down of a sidewalk.

Two cars of excellent cattle were shipped from Woodstock yesterday for the English market, bought by Mr. Bonsar, of Toronto, and John McCullough, Woodstock.

A farmer named Jno. Kennedy, residing a short distance from the village of Parkham, attempted suicide last night by poisoning. At last accounts he was still alive.

Mr. John Dearden, of Point Edward, has been appointed a delegate to attend the district meeting of the Ancient Order of Foresters in Ingersoll, on the 17th prox.

Rev. David Savage, of the Wellington street church, of this city, will preach sermons on behalf of the Misunthusi Society in the Methodist Church, Strathroy, on Sunday next.

Estie Andrews, the six-year-old girl who sang at the Forestery entertainment last night, is a pupil of Mr. C. J. Miller. Her singing was exquisite, and she received an enthusiastic encore.

The prisoner, Vroeman, Eckhoss or Christie, sentenced to terms of imprisonment in the Provincial Penitentiary, left for that institution yesterday in charge of Constables Jones and Young.

Messrs. Wm. Ball and F. C. Mercer, of Wenlock, are at the Grigg House last night. They report two feet of snow and the mercury at 15 degrees below zero when they left the city of "Sonna."

Messrs. John Rymal, Waterdown; O. B. Buell, New York; W. F. Ware, Camden, N. J.; H. McKee and wife, Goderich; Huron, E. Davies and W. Quickill, Rochester, were at the Grigg yesterday.

It is expected that the Queen's picks will be run for early in June over the Newmarket course, the managers having selected that as the most suitable date for the winning of the "blue ribbon of the Canadian turf."

John Smith, the youth charged with disorderly conduct at the Oxford street bridge a few Sundays since, came up again before Squire Hannah yesterday, and as there was no evidence against him he was discharged.

Col. Moffat, of this city, Grand Master of the Masons, leaves this morning for Kingston to be present at the presentation ceremony to Dr. Henderson, P. G. M., of the Grand Lodge, which is announced to come off on Friday.

The School Improvement Committee visited the Sand street school yesterday morning, and made a careful inspection of the grounds, in order to ascertain the most suitable site and dimensions for the proposed new school.

Mr. Charles E. Jarvis, son of Mr. E. I. Jarvis, License Commissioner, of Nilestown, was raised without an oar for the degrees of M.D. and C. M. at the examinations just closed at the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Kingston.

Three lads named Patrick and John O'Connor and Richard Taylor had a fracas on Richmond street Tuesday evening, as the result of which a warrant has been issued against the O'Connor boys, at the instance of Taylor's mother, for assault.

Several thousand dollars' worth of new machinery is being placed in the new brick addition recently erected at Dafton & Myers' woollen mills, Stratford. This concern was started by the present firm from the Official Assignee during the last days of Mackenzie's rule.

The Tecumseh House numbered among its guests yesterday, C. A. Peel, J. S. Wignall, R. Laidlaw, Detroit; C. Davis, G. H. Anderson, New York; J. R. Thomson, W. J. Wood, F. C. Brady, Montreal; G. Smithey, St. Louis; H. Rockwood, Agent Madison Square Theatre Combination.

The Liberal Conservatives of Watford and vicinity held a meeting for reorganization last night. There was a very large attendance. The following officers were elected:—President, Wm. Howden; First Vice, Thomas Robinson; Second Vice, Dr. Lindsay; Secretary, J. D. Stickle; Treasurer, Thos. Wood.

The auction sale of unclaimed goods at the Custom House yesterday attracted quite a crowd of buyers, many of whom secured bargains, and very many more the very opposite. Mr. Brucken conducted the sale with his usual vim and good-natured badinage. Patent medicines and trusses were a "drug" at the sale.

Among the imports for London by the Peruvian, from Liverpool to Portland, were:—Jas. Wright & Co., 433 bars iron, 260 bdls do. and 1 pkge. wire; J. Birrell & Co., 14 pkgs. mdse; Boyd, Wilson & Co., 1 case do; Macbeth & Gooldrick, 4 bales do; Robbs, Osborn & Hobbs, 3 cases cutlery; E. A. Taylor & Co., 1 case books.

The Home Mission Committee of the Presbyterian Church reports that a bequest of Mr. David McEwen, of Westminster, amounting to $500, had been intimated to him by the Kirk Session of St. Andrew's Church, of this city, the money to be kept intact and carried to weak congregations in Ontario to aid them in building churches.

K. O. T. M.—At the session of the Great Camp, K. O. T. M., at Hamilton, yesterday, the following Grand Officers were elected for the ensuing year:—G.C., Dr. Springer, St. Mary's; G.L.C., Robert Moore, Simcoe; G.R.K., W. J. Imlach, London; G.F.K., L. G. Jarvis, London; G. Prichi, —, Gordon, Simcoe; G. Sergt., G. Patch, Brantville; G.M. of A., S. Mortimer; 1st M. of G., T. Shankell, Hamilton; 2nd M. of G., —Drew, Brussels; Sentinel, R. Somers, Blyth; Picket, C. J. Rose, Grimsby; Auditors,—T. Tweed, London; T. Elliott, Brantford; G.M. S., Dr. Crookshanks, London. Oshawa was made a separate Government district, the effect of which is to place the order in Ontario on a more equitable basis, giving the members of the order in Ontario complete satisfaction, and also establishing that amount of confidence requisite for the due fulfillment of the grand principles of the order. The Camp adjourned to meet at St. Thomas, March 28th, next year.

"THE WIDOW BEDOTT."—The "Widow Bedott Company," of which Miss Helen Chapman is the most central figure, will appear at the Grand to-morrow night. The comedy is one of the most entertaining of the many popular dramatizations of Artemus Ward. An exchange, speaking of the company, says:—"It can be truthfully said that there was never an audience more fully delighted than that of last evening. The company is of first importance, and the plot one of the brightest comedy." "Widow Bedott" will be presented at the Grand to-morrow night, and as the company is the same as that which was received with such favor by the audience on Monday night, only has for

REDUCED IN PRICE
—AT—
Harkness & Co.'s
Chamber's Encyclopedia.
Appleton's Encyclopedia.
Johnson's Universal Encyclopedia.
Webster's Encyclopedia.
Vegetine.
Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure.
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Why You will save money by buying your Patent Medicines, Drugs and Druggists' Sundries at HARKNESS & CO.'S, corner Dundas and Wellington streets, London Ont.

G. W. R. PROVIDENT SOCIETY.

Annual Meeting at the Dining Rooms Here Yesterday Afternoon.

The Yearly Report and Financial Statement

The annual meeting of the Great Western Railway Provident Association was held in the G. W. R. dining rooms here yesterday afternoon, and in the absence of the President, the Vice-President, Mr. Chas. Stiff, General Superintendent, occupied the chair.

The attendance was very good, all sections of the line being well represented, and among the gentlemen present were Messrs. C. Stiff, General Superintendent; C. K. Domville, Locomotive Superintendent; J. Hobson, Chief Engineer; H. Childs, Car Superintendent; W. Champ, Cashier; J. K. Dawson, Assistant Superintendent; W. F. Broughton, J. Stewart, G. Collis, P. Tempie, F. Murray, G. Bozard, J. Nicoll, W. Brown, W. Chambers, W. Crawford, John Law, W. Marshall, W. McGowan, J. R. Peathern, T. Butters, F. Wright, R. Carter, S. Hyndman, W. Allan, Dr. C. G. Morrey, D. Audette and several others.

After routine business, the annual report was read, and was as follows:—

RECEIPTS.

Jan. 1, 1881.	To balance in Treasurer's hands at list Dec., 1880		$ 197 43
" "	To balance on deposit in Bank of British North America		3,001 61
Dec. 31st, 1881.	Amount received for monthly fees	13,099 19	
" "	Amount received from Government	8,063 80	
" "	Amount received from G. W. R. Co.	2,750 00	
" "	Amount received from Grand Trunk Railway Co.	4,900 00	
" "	Amount received from G. W. R. Co.	130 99	
" "	Amount paid for stationery and printing	172 12	
" "	Amount paid for refund of contributions	511 47	
" "	Salaries	1,400 00	
" "	Amount paid for expenses (incidentals)	14 25	
" "	By amount on deposit in Bank of B. N. A. at Stratford	1,940 93	
" "	Receipts in Jan. on Dec. acct.	2,897 50	
		$4,838 43	
	Payments in Jan. on Dec. acct.	1,813 12	
			2,915 31
	By balance in hands of Treasurer		23 27
			$28,498 87

ASSETS.

Invested in 5 per cent. Dominion Stock	$8,000 00
Interest accrued on same (not yet payable)	160 00
Balance in Bank of British North America	2,915 31
Balance in hands of the Treasurer	23 27
	$10,998 58

LIAB LITIES.

Proportion due members under Rule 10	$ 1,940 64
Insurances not paid	2,000 00
Medical staff accounts not paid	79 83
Sick allowance orders issued but not paid	30 00
Surplus	471 49
	$10,998 58

1 All since paid, except levy No. 61 in favor of C. Cayzagg, $12.15, and levy No. 62 in favor of C. McIlhenny, $992.75.

2 All since paid.

The statement of accounts herewith submitted shows that the receipts for the year have not been sufficient to meet the expenses, and in consequence the surplus of $1,020.73 which existed at the commencement of the year has been reduced to $471.49. This result is due to the increase in the amount paid for sick allowance, the amount per member being $9 11. In the year 1880 the amount was low, $2 84, which reduced in the accumulation of the surplus referred to. The rate per member for the year 1879 was $3.25, or 14 cents per member in excess of the year just closed. It is not considered necessary to increase the rate of monthly contributions at present, as it is anticipated that the existing surplus will be sufficient to provide for any deficiency that may arise in the working for the current year.

The amount due members at 31st December, 1880 (as per rule 10)—$8,532.11—has been increased by returns $511.47, leaving a balance at 31st December, 1881, of $7,940 64. The amount of the indebtedness to the members of the Society is secured as follows:—

Invested in Dominion Government stock, paying 5 per cent. dividend... $8,000 00
Cash in bank..... 2,915 31
Cash in hands of Treasurer..... 23 27

Six deaths having occurring to $2,521.10. were unpaid at the end of the year. Four of these have since been paid, leaving two to pay, amounting to $794.93.

MEMBERSHIP.

Membership at 31st December, 1880	2,740
Joined the Soc iety in 1881	219
	2,959
Left the service	420
Died	19
	439
	2,520

Membership at 31st December, 1881..... 2,520
Of whom 779 are in A class, 744 in B, 663 in C, 690 in D, 117 in no class.

The number of members who have claimed refund of their contributions—on leaving the service—under Rule 10 was 125, and the amount to which they were entitled to be paid, amounting to $511 47, which includes the amount paid to the representatives of those members who have died.

The following members have been paid off as incurable under Rule 6 and have received the amounts named:—Charles Halliday, bridge laborer, London, $100; Joseph Martin, trackmaan, Stamford, $100; James Nicholls, porter fr's, Niagara Falls, $100; Patrick Knight, watchman (fr's), London, $100. Total, $400.

Of the 19 deaths, 8 have been the result of accident—3 while in the performances of their duty, 5 when off duty, and 11 from natural causes. Six deaths have occurred in A class, 5 in B class, 4 in C class, 4 in D. class. There in A class have paid $5 05, or 20 cents per death; those in B class $2 55, or 10 cents per death; those in C class $2 45, or 12 cents per death; those in D class 95c., or 5 cents per death.

It will be seen that 868 members have received relief—in amount, $10,424.00), or $12.15 per member sick. Of these, 212 have been injured, and received $2,607 50, or $12.30 per member.

Of the members, 691 have paid 45 cents per month, and received $3,150.00, or $4 60 per member; 2,659 have paid 40 cents per month, and received $7,344.00, or $2 72 per member. Therefore, those paying 45 cents have received $1.88 more than those paying 40 cents.

The number of members who have been on the funds over three months is 51; the number of members on the funds at the end of the year was 34, and of these 3 have been on funds over three months.

The amount contributed by the Great Western Railway Company has been the same as usual, and the thanks of the Society are due to the Company for the same.

F. BROUGHTON, President.
C. STIFF, Vice-President.

ANALYSIS OF BENEFITS.

Wheabave received relief.	No.	Amount Received	Am't each No. Rec'd	Total No. class.
Drivers	96	$ 967 00	$10 75	135
Firemen	53	533 00	10 13	72
Yardmen	33	346 00	15 61	70
Conductors	31	312 00	10 19	53
Brakesmen	31	159 00	11 61	91
Engineers	103	1041 50	13 02	122
Engineering Dep't	37	3564 00	13 13	126
Clerks	7	67 50	21 25	17
Inside Loco Dep't	35	343 00	11 00	208
Compressed bricklayers	27	248 00	7 26	183
Car Carpenters	28	1125 00	11 25	98
Station Staff	28	1125 00	11 25	98
Servants	15	149 50	11 37	87
Total	868	$10424 00		2359

In moving the adoption of the report, the Chairman referred to the progress of the society, and the financial results of the year. He also called attention to the proposals as to [illegible] which were made in the memorandum, each has for

Pure Norway
COD LIVER OIL
—ALSO—
Emulsion of Norway
COD LIVER OIL
CONTAINING
Fifty Per Cent. of Oil of Extra Fine Quality,
—IN—
HALF PINTS & PINTS.
Price, 40 cts. and 75 cts.
PREPARED AND SOLD BY
WM. SAUNDERS.

llef that there would be no further increase in the fees.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers was then proceeded with, and conducted quietly throughout, the appointments being unanimous, with the exception of a few representatives.

It was moved by Mr. Hobson, seconded by Mr. Giles, that Mr. F. Broughton be re-elected President for the ensuing year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Stewart, seconded by Mr. Hyndman, that Mr. C. Stiff be re elected vice-President for the current year. Carried.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

The Chairman stated that he had been authorized by Mr. Broughton to nominate as representatives for the current year Messrs. C. K. Domville, J. Hobson, H. Childs, N. J. Power, W. S. Champ and Dr. Ridley.

TORONTO'S CLAIM.

Moved by Mr. Stewart, seconded by Mr. Callis, that in case of a poll being demanded the list prepared by the Secretary be used, instead of the original list. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hyndman, seconded by Mr. Hall, that Toronto be allowed a representative on the Committee of Management, and that the number from London be reduced to three.

In amendment, Mr. Temple moved, seconded by Mr. Wright, that the number of representatives remain as they are.

Upon a vote being taken the amendment was carried, and the original motion lost.

It was moved by J. Stewart, seconded by J. Nicoll, that Messrs. P. Temple, F. Murray, John Law and W. McGowan be re-elected as the representatives from London. Carried.

Moved by J. Nicoll, seconded by J. Law that Messrs. Collis, Armstrong, Crawford and Bozzard be the representatives for Hamilton.

Mr. Stewart suggested that, as several of the members nominated by Mr. Broughton were residents of Hamilton, the suggestion made by the Chairman be adopted, and thought the Hamilton gentlemen would graciously give way to the Toronto representatives.

In amendment to the motion, it was moved by F. Murray, seconded by J. Stewart, that three members, Messrs. Collis, Crawford and Armstrong, be elected for Hamilton, and Mr. Hyndman for Toronto.

Mr. Collis replied to this amendment on principle. He thought that as Hamilton represents a large number of men, they were justly entitled to four representatives.

Mr. Hall claimed that although Toronto was comparatively small in membership it should have a representative, and he be loved such a privilege would encourage and promote the interests of the society there.

Mr. Temple said that the Scotia, Brantford and other divisions might claim a representative with equal right as Toronto did.

The amendment was then carried, leaving the number of representatives as previously.

Moved by J. Law, seconded by P. Temple, that Messrs J. Stewart and J. Chambers be the representatives for the St. Thomas division. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collis, seconded by Mr. Chambers, that Messrs. Nicoll and Robinson be appointed representatives from the Palmerston district.

In amendment moved by Mr. Wright, seconded by Mr. Murray, that Messrs. Nicoll and R. Carter be appointed representatives from Palmerston district.

The amendment was carried.

Moved by F. Temple, seconded by Mr. Wright, that W. F. Broughton be appointed representative from Clifton district.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Collis, seconded by Mr. Hyndman, that Mr. Betters be elected as representative from Clifton district.

The amendment was carried.

It was moved by Mr. Murray, seconded by Mr. Carter, that Mr. Marshall be elected as representative for Windsor district.

In amendment, moved by Mr. Domville, seconded by Mr. Law, that Mr. T. Dow be elected.

The amendment was carried.

Moved by Mr. Domville, seconded by Mr. Bazzard, that Mr. R. P. Leslie be elected Secretary for the ensuing year. Carried.

Mr. Domville paid a tribute to the efficiency of Mr. Leslie and his energetic performance of his duties.

Moved by Mr. Collis, seconded by Mr. Nicoll, that Mr. Champ be re-elected treasurer, at the same salary as last year. Carried.

Moved by J. Stewart, seconded by J. Law, that Messrs Power and Butters be elected auditors for the ensuing year. Carried.

SICK CLAIMS.

The Chairman stated there was a matter which he wished to bring before them in reference to three claims for sick allowance to Messrs. Chaffey, McColl and Andrews, three members not having conformed with the rules. The question had come before the Managing Committee, who had been requested to report for their payment, in furnishing satisfactory medical testimony of such illness, and it had been referred to this meeting for action.

After some discussion, it was

Moved by Mr. Robinson, seconded by Mr. Carter, that the rules of the society be carried out as they appear in the rule book, and the accounts be not paid.

In amendment, it was moved by Mr. Murray, seconded by Mr. Temple, that the claims be paid.

The original motion was carried by a large majority.

DEATH RATES.

A requisition was presented from 19 members of the Hamilton division, asking that a committee be appointed to revise the rules in reference to death insurance, and that it be placed upon a permanent insurance base.

The matter was briefly discussed, and it was then moved by Mr. Collis, seconded by Mr. Bazzard, that the petition be referred to the Committee of Management and Messrs. Clarke, Snodgrass and Clappison to take action. Carried.

VOTING THANKS.

Votes of thanks were passed to the officers, auditors, committees and standing counsel, and Executive and Finance Committees; also to Mr. Stiff for his dignified conduct in the chair and his unceasing efforts to promote the benefit of the Society.

The meeting then adjourned.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Immediately subsequent, a meeting of the Board of Management was held, and the following gentlemen appointed as the Executive Committee for the ensuing year:—Messrs. Domville, Collis, Armstrong, Crawford and Bazzard.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, March 29, 1.69 p. m.—WHEAT—Quoted:—No. 2 at $1.30½ for cash; $1.30½ for March; $1.31½ for April; $1.32½ for May; No. 3 at $1.13.

Toledo.

Toledo, March 29, 10.35 a.m.—WHEAT—No. 2 red quoted at $1.35 asked for cash; $1.34 to $1.35½ for April; $1.34 asked for May; $1.30½ for June; $1.31½ for July; $1.11 asked for August; $1.00 asked for the year. CORN—High mixed, 70c bid; No. 2, 69½c to 70c for cash; 69½c to 70c for March; 69½c for April; 68c for May; 67½c for June; 70½c asked for July; 53c asked for the year. OATS—50c asked for cash; 50c for May. CLOVERSEED—Prime, March 28, $4.80. FLOUR—Wheat, $6.00. BARLEY—No. 1, $1.00; No. 2, $1.00. WHISKEY—$1.08. PORK—Mess, $19.00. BULK MEATS—Shoulders, 10½c; short clear, 13½c. BACON—Shoulders, 12½c; short clear, 14½c. LARD—In tierces, 12½c. Receipts—Flour, 1,000 barrels; wheat, 10,000 bushels; corn, 4,000 bushels; oats, 4,000 bushels. SHIPMENTS—Flour, 1,000 barrels; wheat, 12,000 bushels; corn, 4,000 bushels; oats, 8,000 bushels; barley, 1,000 bushels.

Buffalo Live Stock.

Specially reported for the Free Press.

Buffalo, March 29.

CATTLE—The fresh arrivals continued to be light, while the market ruled weaker, under a easing opening prices, but being obliged to yield fully 10c before sales could be made. Local butchers were pretty well supplied, and ship ers not hold slowly, but the trade was dull and well cleaned up, and the premises left bare by noon. Prices ranged from $5.50 to $6 for prime to choice, and common to good bringing from $5 to $5.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The demand was fair, and all of the offerings were sold at about steady prices, while the feeling was more or less strong; sales of common to good at $4.65 to $5.35; choice at $5.40 to $5.75. No lambs here. A load of cornfed Western State 1st clasp brought $6.15.

HOGS—The market ruled dull at about the same prices as Monday, but several loads will hold over. York buyers were out of the trade, and the transactions were principally of a local nature or on country orders. York weights brought $6.90 to $7.10, good medium do. $7.15 to $7.30; no good heavy here.

New York Live Stock.

New York, March 29.—CATTLE—Market active, 10c to 15c. Receipts, 614 head. SHEEP—Market steady; quoted at 6c to 7½c. Receipts, 1,177 head. CALVES—Steady; quoted at 7c to 9½c. Receipts, 798 head.

Jersey City Live Stock.

Jersey City, March 29.—CATTLE—Quiet; quoted at 5½c to 6½c. Receipts, 125 cars. SHEEP and LAMBS—Steady; quoted at 6c to 7c. Receipts, 13 cars. Lambs—Steady; quoted at 7½c to 8c. Receipts, 15 cars.

East Liberty Live Stock.

East Liberty, March 29.—CATTLE—Market firm; fair demand; 123 head; shipments, 8 head. Selling:—Best, at $5.35 to $5; fair to good, at $5.10 to $5.30; common, $4 to $4.85. HOGS—Market slower; receipts, (60 head; shipments, 1,500 head. Selling:—Prime Yorkers, $7.35 to $7.50; Yorkers, $6.60 to $6.80. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 300 head; shipments, 1,000 head.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 29.—HOGS—Estimated receipts 21 loads. [illegible] Official receipts yesterday, 13,622 head; shipments, 4,675 head. Left over, [illegible] head. Light grades at $6.75 to $6.90; fair to good mixed, $6.90 to $7.05; heavy shipping at $6.85 to $7.05. CATTLE—Receipts, 1,000 head.

Chicago, March 30.—The Drovers' Journal reports as follows:—CATTLE—Receipts, 4,000 head; market easy; sales of good to choice shipping grades at $5.15 to $5.65; common to fair, $5 to $5.05; mixed butchery, $5 to $5; stockers and feeders, $4.25 to $5.35. HOGS—Receipts, 4,500 head; market quiet; sales of common to fair at $6.75 to $6.90; good to choice at $6.90 to $7.05; skips at $5 to $6.50. SHEEP—Receipts, 1,500 head; market steady; sales of common to fair at $5 to $5.50; good to choice at $5.60 to $5.75.

POLICE COURT JOTTINGS.

What the Justice Mill Turned Out this morning.

Wednesday, March 29th.

John Johnson is a young man who was charged with assault, but at the request of his counsel the case was remanded for one week. John evidently labors occasionally, under the hallucination that he can "run" the city, as there is another charge against him of interfering with the police in the discharge of their duty, upon which he will probably be tried at the next County Court.

Wm. Hardy, it was alleged, was in the habit of driving his wagon along the Market walk on Wellington street, contrary to the provisions of the city by-law. William acknowledged the soft impeachment, and was fined $1 and $2 10 costs, or 10 days in jail. He promised to settle this afternoon.

John Vincent is an employe in the Water-works department, but evidently he did not have much faith in the purity of the supply, and so he mixed it with whiskey and became mixed himself. One dollar fine and $2 costs, or 21 days in jail, was the judgment.

Two boys, named Keller and Campbell, aged 9 and 10 years respectively, were brought up on complaint of J. McKay, grocer, who charged them with breaking into his store and tapping the till on two or three occasions. Both of the lads have appeared before, and they acknowledged their guilt, Keller swearing that the other boy had committed the larceny, while he remained outside. Owing to the absence of the father of one lad, the case was remanded for a week.

Financial and Commercial.

—THE LONDON—
REAL ESTATE AND AGENCY ASSOCIATION,
STOCK BROKERS, Room 2, Masonic Temple. Business bought and sold on Commission. City Property and Ontario Farm Lands bought and sold. Money to loan on first class City and Farm Property. JOS. JEFFERY, Pres. F. B. LEYS, Manager. Office—Rm. 2 Masonic Temple. Cor. Dundas and Clarence sts.

London Money Market.

Reported by E. P. Clark & Co., London.

London, March 29, 5 p. m.

Consols, money ..101 3-16 | 28. Consols, Closed, Highest, Lowest.
do. account.....101¼ | 45s.....132
U. S. 5-20's.....103 | 5s.....132

The following are the closing quotations for the past week:—

	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
Wheat, Spot	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26
" April	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26
" May	1 27	1 27	1 27	1 27	1 27	1 27
Corn, Spot	0 69	0 69	0 69	0 69	0 69	0 69
" May	0 70	0 70	0 70	0 70	0 70	0 70
Peas	0 90	0 90	0 90	0 90	0 90	0 90
Pork, April	17 50	17 50	17 50	17 50	17 50	17 50
Lard, April	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½
" May	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½

Chicago Market.

Reported by E. P. Clark & Co., London.

Chicago, March 29.—Closing at 2 p. m.—The following are the closing quotations of the market to-day:—

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, April	1 25	1 26	1 24	1 26
" May	1 26	1 27	1 25	1 27
" June	1 26	1 27	1 25	1 27
Corn, "	0 69	0 69	0 68	0 69
" May	0 70	0 70	0 69	0 70
" June	0 70	0 70	0 69	0 70
Oats, "	0 50	0 50	0 49	0 50
" May	0 50	0 50	0 49	0 50
" June	0 50	0 50	0 49	0 50
Pork, April	17 50	17 50	17 50	17 50
" May	17 50	17 50	17 50	17 50
Lard, April	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½
" May	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½	11 62½

Chicago, March 30.—Flour—Receipts, 4,000 barrels; shipments, 5,000 barrels; market dull and unchanged. Wheat—Receipts, 12,000 bushels; shipments, 15,000 bushels; market opened weak and declined ½c to ¾c, closing steady; No. 2 Chicago spring, $1.25 to $1.25½ cash; $1.25½ to $1.25¾ April; $1.26½ to $1.26¾ May; $1.27½ to $1.27¾ June; $1.25 to $1.25½ July; $1.11 asked August; $1.00 asked for the year. CORN—Receipts, 12,000 bushels; shipments, 5,000 bushels; market opened weak and declined ½c to ¾c, closing steady; 69c to 69½c cash; 69½c to 70c April; 70c to 70½c May; 70½c to 71c June; 70½c asked for July; 53c asked for the year. OATS—50c asked for cash; 50c for May. PORK—Receipts, 1,000 barrels; shipments, 1,000 barrels; market steady; $17.50 to $17.50 cash; $17.50 to $17.50 April; $17.50 to $17.50 May. LARD—Receipts, 1,000 barrels; shipments, 1,000 barrels; market steady; $11.62½ to $11.62½ cash; $11.62½ to $11.62½ April; $11.62½ to $11.62½ May. BULK MEATS—Receipts, 1,000 barrels; shipments, 1,000 barrels; market steady; shoulders, 10½c; short clear, $13.50. WHISKEY—$1.08.

New York Stocks.

New York, March 29.—Railroads irregular. Stocks closed strong and higher.

Chicago Market.

Reported by E. P. Clark & Co., London.

Chicago, March 29.—Closing at 2 p. m.—The following are the closing quotations of the market to-day:—

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, April	1 25	1 26	1 24	1 26
" May	1 26	1 27	1 25	1 27
" June	1 26	1 27	1 25	1 27
Corn, "	0 69	0 69	0 68	0 69
" May

APRIL 1, 1882
TO
JULY 5, 1882
MISSING

CARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR

Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

AND STOCK LAGER.

In casks and bottles. ☞ Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY SELECTED

HALF & HALF,

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Died.

In this city, on the 9th inst., Helena Susan, youngest daughter of Emma and Alex. Burr, aged 1 year 9 and 11 days.

The Funeral will leave the family residence 24 Wilton St., on Saturday, at 4 o'clock. Friends will please attend.

AMUSEMENTS.

GARDEN PARTY WILL BE held at Mount Hope on Monday evening, August 14th, for the benefit of the Saint Patrick's Benevolent Society. The Seventh Battalion Band will be in attendance with a special programme for dancing. Refreshments on the grounds. Gates open at 7 o'clock. Admission, 10c. Hlly

MEETINGS.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. E. H. Hunter, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 and 7. Evening subject—"Fall of the Turkish Empire." Every body welcome. Come early.

K. O. T. M.—THE SUPREME Tent of the K. O. T. M., having ceased, on account of a few friends of the old Order, as it was under the old constitution, have banded together for the purpose of perpetuating the Order. Our members are now here a kind and exactly suiting. All old Members who admit to their Tent in the Full knowledge of the Order. For most inquire the admission of members will be held in the Hall, Talbot street, over Hall, Baker's Block, on Tuesday, 15th inst. All members of the Order are invited to attend. By Sir Knight C. C.

OPEN AIR SERVICE TO-MORROW, 3 p.m., corner Waterloo and South streets, near Carle's Bridge. Everybody welcome.

QUEEN'S AVENUE METHODIST Church, August 13th.—R. J. Treleaven will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. df

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Sec. Geo. Hall will kindly address the meeting to-morrow (Sunday), the last. Good music by Choir and others. Come. df

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—LIVER AND WHITE pointer setter pup. Aug. 4 months. Finder will be rewarded by returning to A. A. Smith, Molson Bank Building Co. Any one detaining him after this notice will be prosecuted. df

BUSINESS CHANGES.

Advertisements under this heading or count per word each insertion.

BAKERY FOR SALE IN HARRISTON—An old established business, good class premises. Good reasons for selling. Apply to T. Vaile, Harriston. Hlttw-w-c

FOR SALE — A SUPERIOR stock of groceries and first-class business premises. The stock will be sold cheap. Apply on the premises. R. A. Johnson, Adelaide street, near the corner of Richmond. Hlttf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE corner of Litchfield and Richmond streets, a good business stand. Apply to Jas. Hall. If we are now on hand, and will sell cheap for cash. Apply to John Nelson, 655 Richmond st. df

HOTEL FOR SALE—THE "DEW Drop" Inn, on the Wharncliffe Road, Hamilton, is offered for sale by the owner, the satisfactory reasons for disposing of it. The stand is situated to the premises. Good accommodation. Good business done. Terms easy. Apply on premises to Hlttf

HOTEL FOR SALE—SITUATED in the village of Dredton; doing a good business; good stabling, &c. For further information apply to Bridge & Robinson. Hlttf

HOTEL BUSINESS FOR SALE—The furniture, fittings, &c., of the Clarendon Hotel, can be had of the undersigned on favorable terms. Apply to P. W. Baker, Prop. If

MILLINERY — 212 DUNDAS St., London, Ont. Mrs. P. W. Campbell, late with Dorenwend Brothers, Toronto, and Mrs. F. Thompson, at a great reduction, is now offering the entire stock of the city and the benefit of purchasers, and will continue to be making additions to her stock of millinery, feathers, ribbons and every thing of the kind. London and New York styles of fashion. Parties indebted to Mrs. Thompson will please call at the store for their accounts, as Mrs. Chapman will be there to receive the money. Hlttf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FARM FOR SALE, PART OF LOT 7, G. H. & B. 1st con. Biddulph, containing 50 acres, 40 cleared. Apply to Wm. Eyre, on the adjoining lot. Hlttf

BOARD AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED FOR TWO, convenient to business part of city. Address A., Free Press. df

UNFURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, at 119 Maple street. Hlttf

WANTED—BY AN ELDERLY gentleman, a furnished room (3 windows), with breakfast at that place. Terms moderate. Address G., Free Press. Hlttf

TO RENT.

TO RENT, A COTTAGE, 4 rooms, in Westminster, containing say 10 acres. Must be pleasantly situated. Address, P. O. box 197, city. Hlttf

WANTED—BY 1ST SEPTEMBER, house about 7 rooms; 15 minutes from Free Office; rent not to exceed $12 per month. Address, L. F., this office.

TO LET.

FINE ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR over the English Loan Co.'s Block, Richmond street, Talbot street, to let. Entrance on Talbot street. Call between 10 and 12 a.m. for solicitors, agents, &c. Apply to D. Y. Jackson, Manager. tutfw-2

ROOMS TO RENT. TWO NICELY furnished front rooms. Apply to 605 Dundas st. Hlttf

ROOM RENT—OFFICE—WITH or without furniture, including safe, or for sale on easy terms, or exchange for other property. Apply to John Wilson, Hlttf

ROOM RENT—OVER 1,600 SQUARE feet well lighted basement, with power and water, suitable for light manufacturing purposes. Apply to Campbell, Bridge & Co. Hlttf

TO LET—A FRAME COTTAGE and shop, corner of Wharncliffe Road and Lansdowne, near Oxford Street Bridge, on the village of London West. Apply to John Latta, Hlttf

TO LET, THAT VERY DESIRable residence (tweentory brick) on the south side of Dundas street, north corner of Sydenham street. For particulars enquire at Reid's Hardware Store, Dundas st. Hlttf

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Arnold's Buildings, Richmond street, to rent, until recently in the occupation of the American Express Co. and Mitchell Folger and Co. Rent moderate. Possession at once. Apply Carling & Co.'s Brewery. df

FOR SALE

OIL LANDS FOR SALE, TOWNship of Raleigh, Kent county, Ontario, 100 acres or less; lot No. 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, being the southern half of the west half of the west half of the number seven in the twelfth concession of the said Township of Raleigh, for parcels. Particulars address M. Wales, barrister, Ingersoll.

PIANO FOR SALE AT 2 OXFORD street Hlttf

PIANO, CHESTNUT, CHERRY) Maple, Rosewood, and other Lumber for Sale, Rosemoor, Robinson's Mills, Westminster, Ont. 1 mile. Jmw-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or Edward Harris, Lhlttwly

MUSIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC cheap, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Printing in the best style of the art.

WANTED.—A. R. MURDOCK, who has removed to his new premises, Pork, upper Kensington, where his numerous friends will enable him to meet all his old or new friends with a cordial welcome.—A. R. Murdock,

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated belts of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh

787 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

AGENTS WANTED.—3 OR 4 first class agents wanted, for London and towns around. If to sell photograph albums and bibles. Good agents can make from $2 to $10 per day in handling our goods.—Apply at once to ROYAL BOOK CO., 161 Wellington street. Gdtttf-to

BOY WANTED TO WORK ON Singer Sewing Machine.—Apply to Lovell, Davis, Free Press Printing Co.

SHIRT AND BUTTON-HOLE makers wanted.—Western Shirt Factory, over Express Office. tf

WANTED, A PERSON COMPETENT to fill the position of Matron for the Newsboy's Home. Duties commencing the 1st of September. Must be a total abstainer. Applications may be brought to the office, or applications to state salary. Written applications and references required to be addressed to Secretary, 718 Waterloo street, Soc. W.C.T.U. Hlttwfsu

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

TO WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS—Wanted, by a man, a place in the above. Will go in the U. S. Good reference. Address H., this office. Hlttf

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A COOK WANTED FOR A SMALL family. Apply to Mrs. Carling, Cedar Grove. tf

SERVANTS FOR ALL KINDS of work in constant demand (no charge for girls). Servants to suit the best of places, or employers who require help of any kind, will do well to call at the London Intelligence Coffee House, Market Square. Cowtf

THOSE WHO WANT SERVANTS can get supplied at short notice, as I have daily girls applying for situations. Also if you want a good place and good wages, come to J. Cudmore's Intelligence Office, 28 Dundas street.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL IN small family; light work. 364 L. Ivie avenue.

WANTED.—FIFTY GENERAL Servants, Six Table Waiters for Hotel, Ten Cooks, Fifty Farm Hands, Fifty Waiters (16 or 17 years), Fifty General Servants, for Dominion Hotel, 161 Richmond st. Dominion Intelligence Office. Hlttf

MUSICAL.

PIANO MUSIC — JUST RECEIVED direct from New York and Boston, another lot of popular music. Several new pieces never before in London. Call and see them.—Mrs. J. A. Bowen, 186 Dundas street, London. Hlttf

QUADRILLE BAND FOR PIC NICS, &c. Apply to Duncan Stevenson, 22½ Bruce street, corner Wellington. Leaves given on correct and visits. Hlttf

MEDICAL.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Rev. Dr. Thos. Can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Come eyes straightened. Ladwy

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. Office and Residence, Harvey Terrace, 46 Talbot st., London.

DR. WILSON F.T.M.S.—OFFICE and residence, 161 Talbot st., near York.

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England. Flint brick house east of Adelaide street, on Queen's avenue. Hlttf

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. J. Pearson, L.R.C.P., E., lecturer on the eye, ear, throat and aurists Trinity Medical College, Toronto; oculist and aurist, Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at the Tecumseh House, London, on Saturday, August 12. 87 Church St., Toronto. tf

R. A. REEVE, B.A., M.D. Residence and Office—No. 33 Shuter Street. Toronto.

Will be at Tecumseh House, London, on the first Friday of each month.

August appointment withdrawn. tutu

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS again at the old stand, 115½ Dundas Street, English Block.

GOLD FILLINGS AND ARTIFICIAL Dentures is the highest style of perfection.—H. H. Miller, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas. Cliff

H. M'LAREN, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Office removed over Dominion Organ and Piano Co.'s store, opposite Strathcona's Confectionery 391 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. Teeth extracted without pain.

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST. Will be found at his old stand for the present, corner of Talbot and Dundas streets, over Dr. Bell's office. Office—Strong's Block, Richmond street, London. Hlttf

L. M'DONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS. Office: Dundas street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Jewellery store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Fly

N. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST— Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Morris' hardware store.

LONDON WEST.

KENSINGTON OASH STORE and Post Office.—R. Jones, 5 vlng cash for groceries and boots and shoes; inform the public that we have purchased the stock of Mr. Hall, and can sell as cheap as the cheapest. Best of teas, baking powder, spices and extracts. Highest prices given for eggs and butter. Remember the stand—R. A. Jones.

RIVERSIDE HOTEL — JERRY M'Donald, Prop., foot of Dundas st., London West. New hotel; first-class in every way; up first-class and supplied with the best liquors and cigars. Billiard parlor attached. Opposite Tecumseh Park. Come and see us.

LONDON EAST

E. HOBBS, LEGG'S BLOCK, Dundas St., ball hanger, gas and steam fitter; large stock of all descriptions. Orders may be sent by telephone to Shutt's Drug Store. 1-2-4w-ly

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—L. MADDEN has opened a new Barber Shop in the building formerly occupied by Smith as a furniture shop, London East. Hlttwfsu

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS —For sale by the Free Press Printing Co., one of those excellent presses. Takes a form 32x47. Does excellent work. Has been in use 18 months. Is well suited for a country office. For specimens of work, prices and other particulars apply at this office.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE — A twelve-horse-up-right steam boiler, in use for a short time in the Free Press Printing Co. Extra strong. Makes steam fast. Good commercial boiler. Apply

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8240

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HALF PRICE. All kinds of Books—Classical, Theological, Literary, Scientific, Miscellaneous bought and sold. Libraries valued for cash. Highest price paid. Hlttf

SMOKE V.T.C TWIN NAVY! GET BIG 10c. PLUG —OF— Pure Virginia Smoking Tobacco. SMOKE CABLE —AND— EL PADRE CIGARS.

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F. CAMPBELL'S RESTAURANT, 224 Richmond st., opposite Masonic Temple. Open from 6 a.m. to 12 p.m. Ladies' and Gents' Dining Rooms on 1st flat. Private Suites for Ladies' Parties. Cliff

OPENED AGAIN — J. FALconer's Restaurant, 393 Richmond street, corner Clarence street. Everything new and first-class. Meals at all hours. Oysters in all styles. All the best delicacies in season. Private rooms for ladies. Please call and visit our new home. The best attended with the best of service and attention. Everything new and clean. Cliff Glendye

OLD CHRIS, SIX YEARS AT the Albion Hotel, Richmond street, has over hauled and leased the Bay of Minorca, and has refitted it in first-class style, and has a choice brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited. Cliff

WINDSOR HOTEL, STRATford, W. H. Greer, Proprietor. New house, new furniture, steam heated, electric bells, baths and water on every floor. Fine sample rooms on ground floor. The only first class accommodation in Stratford for travelling public.

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ANGELO DAMBRA HAS OPENed a Fruit Store, where you can get all the best fruits in season. Also Confectionery. Canned Goods of all kinds. 92 Richmond st., Cossa Block. Cliff

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS street (between Waterloo and Colborne), has a large assortment of all kinds of Furniture to order, repairs promptly and done judiciously. Terms cash.—There is no better location for a few leaders. Hlttf

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam, at 343 James st. North, Free Press Printing Co., and H. Hunt's Feather Factory, 400 Richmond street, London.

GENUINE ITALIAN ICE Cream and Lemonade. Superior in all respects to anything before in town. Parties supplied at short notice. Also, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, Lemon Syrup, &c. Cor. Richmond and Grosvenor streets, opposite the Grand Opera House.

J. SMITH, FISH STALL MARket, dealer in all kinds of Fresh Fish and Canned Goods. Cliff

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KALUS & JR. BROWN NOW undertake all descriptions of Cabinet work at reasonable rates. In addition to their stock in carpets, curtains, &c., Mr. Kalus still continues to carry on the undertaking business personally superintending the Carpet and Upholstering Department. Richmond. Kihy

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THE MOST RELIABLE PLACE to obtain the highest price for Rags, Bones, Metals, &c., is at Graham's, 347 Richmond street, London. Hlttf

W. OATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer Roofing Material, wholesale and retail. Contractor for laying asphalt and gravel roofs and block pavement. All work guaranteed and promptly attended to. Roofs given on application to 60 Wellington street, London, Ont.

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BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY sort made to order, good, stylish and cheap.—Carvaillas, 479 Talbot street, City

DONOHUE & CUTLER NOW occupy Crossley old stand on the Market Square, City Mall buildings. A full assortment of Ready-made Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, &c. Repairs neatly, expeditiously and cheaply done. Work made to order and warranted free from shoddy. Ch intend worked slippers neatly got up. Kihy

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TO-DAY

Will be offered

SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY PIECES

NEW ALL WOOL

TWEEDS,

Intended for the Fall Trade, which were Saved from the Flames.

FULLY TWENTY PER CENT.

Below Manufacturers' Prices.

KINGSMILL'S GREAT SALE!

GET YOUR BOYS A NEW SUIT

Genuine All-wool Tweeds at 40c. per yard, at Kingsmill's.

RARE CHANCE

Every Merchant Tailor and every General Store-keeper in the West should see the prices Tweeds are selling for at Kingsmill's.

BRING ALONG YOUR MONEY.

See the all-wool Tweeds at 40c., 50c., 60c., 70c., 80c. per yd., at Kingsmill's.

We devote twelve hundred feet of space in our large warehouse to the Great Tweed Sale during the month of August.

Kingsmill's

—THE—

Dry Goods House of the West, London, Ont.

SOLD BY AUCTION JUNE 22nd, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

SAVED FROM THE GREAT FIRE IN VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

THE WAR IN THE EAST

Joint Protection of the Suez Canal Agreed To.

A New Egyptian Ministry Being Formed.

Turkish Journals Becoming More Favorable Towards England.

The British Troops not to Land till the Arrival of Gen. Wolseley.

The Duke of Connaught Visiting the Wounded at Alexandria.

Arabi Preparing a New Entrenchment.

Russia Satisfied with Explanations Made by Lord Dufferin.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

London, Aug. 11.—The second battalion of Royal Irish Foot, 750 strong, left Chatham for Port Said on the 6th, on their way to Egypt. Great enthusiasm was manifested on their departure. This completes the departure of troops from Chatham. The dispatch of men from Southampton has also been completed for the present. A squadron of Household Cavalry has been ordered to Cyprus, to form a depot from which to forward men to the front. The second army corps will be brought to its full strength in order to support the corps already abroad if necessary.

THE MAHOMMEDANS OF INDIA EXCITED.

Vienna, Aug. 11.—The Turkish Consul at Bombay has been ordered to give explanations to the Ulemas of India respecting the action of the Porte in sending Turkish troops to co-operate with the British in Egypt, which produced a great sensation among the Mahommedans in India.

CABLE LAID.

Alexandria, Aug. 11. — The laying of the cable between Alexandria and Port Said has been completed.

THE GUARDIANSHIP OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

Constantinople, Aug. 11 — The assent of England to the proposal of the Italian Ambassador, for temporary international protection of the Suez Canal, is coupled with a reservation, making an exception in cases of force, which means practically that if interference or hostile demonstrations are organized to guard the canal, they shall not interfere with military operations.

THE EGYPTIAN MINISTRY.

Alexandria, Aug. 11.—It is stated that the formation of a new Ministry will probably be announced to-day, with Cherif Pacha as Prime Minister. Most of the present Ministers, excepting Ragheb Pacha, will remain in office. Saleiman Pacha will take the portfolio of Minister of Education, and Sherif Pacha that of Minister of Religion. They are both partisans of Arabi.

AN EXPLANATION.

Constantinople, August 11.—At the Conference yesterday the Russian representative asked for an explanation of the action of the British occupying Suez. Lord Dufferin replied that the step was taken in consequence of military necessity and in order to save the town from destruction and pillage.

FAVORING ENGLAND.

The English draft of the Military Convention shows that England, while accepting Turkish co-operation in Egypt is prepared to do the work unassisted. The Turkish journals are assuming a friendly tone towards England. Stoili Ul Islam prohibited the Ulemas presiding in favor of Arabi.

PROTECTION OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

Constantinople, August 11. — Turkey, despite the earnest efforts of Lord Dufferin in modern conference, refuses as would allow a countenance of England's military supervision of Egypt and the Suez Canal. The Conference to-day issued a protocol, signed by all the Ambassadors, for the joint international supervision of the canal.

CHANGING POSITION.

Alexandria, Aug. 11 — Owing to the withdrawal of the enemy from points near Ramleh, the greater part of the naval brigade has been withdrawn from the waters there.

AWAITING WOLSELEY'S ARRIVAL.

London, Aug. 11.—Gen. Adye will command all the land forces in Egypt until Wolseley arrives. Gen. Allen will shortly take the post of Chief of the Intelligence Department for the British and Indian contingents. The main body of the British troops will remain on the transports until Wolseley arrives. This will leave him free to effect a landing elsewhere than at Alexandria, if he thinks fit.

ARABI CONSTRUCTING A REDAN.

Alexandria, August 11.—Arabi is constructing a redan five thousand yards of Ramleh a formidable redan and an embankment thirty feet high. The Depot fired shells at the works to-day, four of which burst in close proximity to the rebels.

RUSSIA SATISFIED.

August 11.—The *Nowe* Constantinople correspondent says the Russian representative in the Conference expressed satisfaction with Lord Dufferin's explanations with regard to the landing of the British at Suez.

CONFERENCE NOTES.

Constantinople, Aug. 11.—Nothing has been definitely arranged yet regarding the proposed Turkish Military Convention. After Said Pasha conveyed to Lord Dufferin the views of the Porte thereon, Lord Dufferin communicated to Said the Convention as drafted by Lord Granville. A favorable result of the negotiations is expected. The last sitting of the Conference will probably be held on Monday.

A DARING DEED.

London, Aug. 11.—The *Standard's* Alexandria special says Captain Ewart made a daring reconnoissance from Fort Mako. He started at 8 o'clock in the morning, accompanied by an interpreter, and by daybreak had ridden ten miles into the country. He ascertained beyond a doubt that there was no truth in the report of the presence of large bodies of the enemy in the direction in which he rode.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Port Said, August 11.—The transport Nyanza with troops arrived here.

Malta, August 11.—The steamship Palmyra with two batteries of artillery and a large quantity of ammunition arrived here. Transport Thalia will proceed to Port Said on her way to Ismailia.

London, August 11.—The St. John's Ambulance Association intends to send corps of trained nurses to Alexandria, under direction of Viscountess Strangford.

Portsmouth, Aug. 11.—The transports Bellvar and City of Paris, with the second battalion of the Royal Irish Regiment and detachments from the Commissariat and Medical Departments, sailed for Egypt today.

Alexandria, Aug. 11.—The council of war to day did not change the command of the forces. Alison therefore retains the position.

Alexandria, Aug. 11.—The Scots Guards, who arrived yesterday in the transport Orient, will land on Saturday and go into camp at Ramleh.

The Duke Connaught and Prince Louis of Battenburg inspected Arabi Pasha's position to-day.

Port Said, Aug. 11.—The cable between this port and Alexandria now open for the transmission of telegrams. The cable is on the telegraph ship "John Pender," in harbor.

The enemy is working hard on a new line of entrenchments.

London, August 11.—A company of the Commissariat and Transport Corps embarked to-day

The Prussian Monarch is now lying in the Thames.

Portsmouth, Aug. 11.—The transport Tanas took on board to-day a brigade of artillery.

Alexandria, August 11.—The Duke of Connaught to day visited those wounded in last Saturday's engagement.

Alexandria, Aug. 11.—It is stated that Arabi has executed the Governor of Behera.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS

The British House of Commons to Adjourn Next Week.

Arrest of a New York "Star" Reporter in Ireland.

Rumored Arrest of the Russian General Ignatieff.

English Sympathy for the Hillsdale Crew.

A Holy War Being Preached in Morocco.

Two Hundred and Thirty-one Outrages Committed in Ireland During July.

Suspects in Ireland.

Clarenmorris, Aug. 11.—"Sarah" Nally, one of the defendants in the Irish State trial at Dublin in Jan., 1881, was arrested last night under the Coercion Clause of the Repression Act. Nally had just arrived from Baltimore, U.S. He will appear before the Magistrate today.

Dublin, Aug. 11.—Henry George, arrested at Athenry yesterday, was liberated to-day. The police found him at dinner with suspects.

Dublin, Aug. 11.—Stephen Meany, correspondent of the *New York Star*, was arrested at Kanis this morning under the Repression Act.

Sympathy for the Hillsdales.

London, August 11.—A meeting of gentlemen interested in rowing was held this evening. One hundred and fifty persons, including members of the Thames Club and a dozen other rowing associations, were present. Anderson, of the West London Club, presided. Resolutions were unanimously passed expressing sympathy with the Hillsdales and protesting against the action of the self elected rowing association, and declaring that it should be reconstituted. A subscription was started in aid of Canterbury English, Amateur Rowing Association, from the Yale Boat Club, declaring that the Hillsdale crew were rowing fair and no objection to meet, was read amid great applause.

An Unlikely Rumor.

New York, Aug. 11.—The *Commercial's* Dublin special says:—"It is the purpose of the Government to prevent the transmission to America of all reliable information regarding the situation in Ireland since the arrest of George and Meany. All news hereafter sent abroad will have to undergo the supervision of the Government, and will all be colored to suit those in authority."

Lord Salisbury's Opponents.

London, Aug. 11.—The *News* hears that the Duke of Richmond took the lead at the meeting of Conservative Peers at Salisbury's residence yesterday in urging concessions in the controversy between the two Houses on the Arrears Rent Bill. Only seventeen Peers, or one-sixth of those present, supported Salisbury.

The State of Ireland.

London, Aug. 11.—One hundred and seventy suspects are in jail in Ireland on August 2nd. Two hundred and thirty-one outrages, including two murders, occurred in July. Notice of eviction, 221 served on the evicted families were reinstated as caretakers or tenants.

The British House of Commons to Adjourn.

London, Aug. 11.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Gladstone stated that the House would adjourn next Friday until the 24th or 25th October. Notwithstanding, any of the rules of procedure would be taken up at the autumn session, except in the event of emergency.

German Socialists Punished.

Berlin, August 11.—Babel, Liebknecht and Hasenclever, Socialists, have been condemned by a Leipsic Court to two months' imprisonment for seditious and treasonable practices. Liebknecht and Hasenclever are members of the German Reichstag.

S. J. Meany's Release to be Demanded.

New York, Aug. 11.—Stephen J. Meany, arrested in Ireland to-day, is a political ticket-of-leave man. The managing editor of the *Star* cabled Minister Lowell that as Meany was an American citizen and engaged on a legitimate mission, his release should be at once demanded.

A Russian General Arrested.

Vienna, Aug. 11.—A telegram from Czernowitz is published here reporting the arrival there of several Russian merchants who state that General Ignatieff has been arrested at Kamenetz and sent under escort to St. Petersburg.

Parnell Stupefaced.

London, Aug. 11.—Parnell last night sent the following to the President of the Land League at Buffalo:—"I strongly disapprove of the action of the Philadelphia Land League. It ought to be reversed."

RAILWAY FUSION.

Meeting of G. W. R. and G. T. R. Shareholders.

The Agreement Ratified by Both Parties

London, Aug. 10 — Meetings of the shareholders of the Great Western and Grand Trunk Railways were held here to-day, to reconsider the agreement of the 25th May for the fusion of the lines of the two railways. The agreement had previously been ratified by general meetings of the shareholders, but because of the delay it has been expressed as to the legality of the proceedings upon that occasion, a second meeting was called. A Grand Trunk shareholder headed in a formal protest against the proceedings, but practically there was no opposition, as shown by the poll which was taken at both meetings before the legal requirements. The majority of Great Western shares in favor of ratification of the agreement was 111,438. At the Grand Trunk poll an equally decisive expression of opinion was given.

AMERICAN NEWS.

A Prominent Railway Man Drowned.

Newport, Vt., Aug. 11.—Chas. J. King, of Lisbon, N. H., travelling agent of the B. C. & M. Railway, was drowned here last night while getting off the south-eastern train, which left Montreal at 6 30 last evening, arriving here at 11 p. m. In the darkness he fell through the bridge over the lake, on which the train stopped. The body was recovered in about an hour, and was sent to Lisbon on this morning's train. Mr. King was in charge of the excursion of the Railroad Travelling Agents' Association on the way through the White Mountains. The sad accident has broken up the excursion, which will probably go to Boston by first train. He leaves a family in Lisbon, N. H.

Preparing for War.

Tucson, Arizona, August 11.—It is learned from San Pedro Valley that El Zimmichin, a noted Indian chief, is preparing for war. He has assembled forty or fifty bucks, renegades from San Carlos, all heavily armed, and who act in a threatening manner. Settlers are greatly alarmed, but are prepared against surprise. El Zimmichin for several years has been at peace with the whites, but is one of the most treacherous and vindictive Indians in the territory.

Yellow Fever Panic.

Galveston, Texas, Aug. 11.—There seems to be a panic over the yellow fever at Matamoras. The deceptions regarding the number of cases are exaggerated and contradictory. Only fifty cases of yellow fever occurred at Brownsville. The number of deaths were not large, but the health authorities believe the disease will become epidemic.

Brownsville, Texas, Aug. 11.—There were twenty new cases of yellow fever here to-day—all Mexicans. No deaths. There are about 500 cases in Matamoras. Two deaths during the last twenty-four hours. Weather very favorable. Five cases of fever this evening at Cortinas ranch.

An Unsettled Breadstuffs Market.

New York, Aug. 11.—The decline in the breadstuffs market yesterday caused considerable uneasiness among members of the Produce Exchange. The feature in market yesterday was the shipment to Europe of thirty-two thousand bushels of ungraded western mixed corn, which is the first shipment to Europe in two or three weeks.

CANADIAN NEWS.

TORONTO

Toronto, Aug. 11.—The Trustees of the Rectory Fund of St. James' Cathedral have determined to make an effort to retain the surplus of the rectory funds, which were supposed to be distributed among all the Anglican churches in the city. The rectors are to institute a suit at law to compel the trustees to distribute the funds, and three leading counsel have been engaged on each side.

A Spaniard named John Irwin, four Montagues, while on his way to Montreal, was arrested at the Union Station on a charge of insanity. He jumped off the train while at full speed between here and Brampton.

MONTREAL

Montreal, August 11.—There is great excitement here to-day over the reports of the Hamley Adulterations. There is no longer any doubt of the truth, at which people hold their breath, as the scoundrel was held in such high esteem and considered so honorable a man. Mrs. Hunter is prostrated with affliction at the wreck of his career. The local papers have only short and vague references in the matter. The main facts are getting abroad. There are rumors of warrants being issued, but cannot be traced to any good foundation.

A Terrible Squeeze.

Kings Ferry, Aug. 11.—William Bigney, employee at Henry Mills' steam rubbing mill, while trying to mend a belt with a screwdriver yesterday, slipped and fell across a large driving belt running at great velocity. He was whirled around a large pulley and squeezed through a narrow space. The engine was stopped as soon as possible, but not until fatal injury resulted.

CROP REPORTS.

The Review for the Month of August as Furnished by the Provincial Authorities.

Toronto, Aug. 11.—A summary of the report of the Bureau of Industries for this Province for August has just been issued. Fall wheat crop has been remarkably heavy, but it has not escaped the dangers incident to a late season of ripening, and the same is not generally as good as was looked for. The heavy loads in south-western counties have suffered most in this respect. In the Georgian Bay Counties a large increase has been sown in fall wheat, and the sample is prime. In the Lake Ontario, St. Lawrence and Ottawa counties the crop was badly winter-killed, and what remains will yield less than an average. In the East Midland counties a good crop will be harvested, but not equal to last year's. In Lake Erie count es, where some grain has been threshed, it is found to yield from 20 to 30 bushels per acre, and in all counties west of Toronto the yield is estimated at not less than 30 bushels.

Spring wheat in the eastern half of the province gives promise of an abundant harvest.

Barley is everywhere a heavy crop, and a large average has been ground. The grain is uniformly plump and of good color.

Oats are reported good all over except the Georgian Bay counties. Estimated yield, 30 to 60 bush. le per acre.

Peas are a good crop in all northern counties, but elsewhere they have been largely destroyed by bugs.

The corn crop is everywhere promised a failure.

Potatoes were injured by too much rain early in the season, and later on by the bugs.

Turnips, mangolds and carrots have only partially come up, and a good crop is rare. The fruit crop is poor in all the best fruit-growing districts.

Apples are good only in Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence counties, and there will not be more than half a crop.

Peaches and plums are almost a total failure.

Pears and grapes are fairly good, and small fruit alone is abundant.

Pastures were good throughout June and first half of July, but recently they have become parched and bare, especially in Lake Ontario counties.

Farm laborers have been scarce.

THE DOMINION KENNEL CLUB.

List of the Directors—Aims and Objects of the Organization.

Ottawa, Aug. 11.—The letters patent have been granted incorporating the Dominion of Canada Kennel Club. The directors are Lindsay Russell, Ottawa; R. F. Leek, Toronto; Lieut.-Governor Dewdney, A. G. Ootsman, Ottawa; Dr. Niven, London, Ont.; F. P. Austin, Ottawa; G. T. Temple, Quebec; Jas. Gilmour, Ottawa; F. H. Vaile, Halifax; W. A. Allen, Ottawa; H. P. Stephenson, Winnipeg; H. Bailey Harrison, Tilsonburg; C. Robinson, Q. C., Toronto; Alfred Wright, M. P., Irondale; Hon. A. P. Caron, Ottawa; D. C. Frank, Niagara; R. H. G. Verey, Ottawa, Provincial Secretary and Treasurer. The national objects of the Club are :—

1st. To encourage throughout the whole Dominion the importation, sale, breeding, training and exchange of highly bred dogs of all descriptions.

2nd. To compile and publish a national Stud Book, in which dogs of every breed whelped or owned in the Dominion can be registered.

3rd. To endeavor to secure such legislation as will protect the game of this country and assist in the enforcement and passing the laws having that object in view.

4th. Generally to assist in the conviction and punishment of persons guilty of cruelty to animals, more especially to the dog and the various kinds of game.

5th. Encouraging public exhibitions of dogs, such as bench shows and field trials.

DROWNING ACCIDENT.

Four Young Men Find a Watery Grave

Fisherton, County Grey, Ont., Aug. 10 —A melancholy drowning accident occurred yesterday afternoon about four o'clock at Brewster's Lake, Osprey Township, about sixteen miles east of here. The Orange Young Britons from Dundalk, Shelburne and third line of Osprey went a-fishing their picnic. Six young men, all farmers' sons, went out in a small row boat. They are named respectively—Edward Myles, John Myles, John Hughston, Francis Winter, David Winter and Wm. F. Wisdom. The latter stood up in the row boat, at the same time taking an oar. The boat lurched, and Wisdom fell. In falling he got his arm around David Winter's neck, capsizing the boat. All were thrown into the water. The two Winters managed to reach the boat, clung on and were saved. The four others sank, and never rose once to the surface. The accident happened fifteen rods from the shore, in fifteen feet of water. Scores on the banks saw them go down, but could render no assistance. None of the young men could swim. Their bodies were recovered late last night.

ZOEDONE!

FOR SALE BY

ELLIOTT BROS

GROCERS

155 Dundas St., London.

THE FUSION.

Manager Hickson Coming West to Take Possession of the G. W. R.

Special Dispatch to the Free Press.

Montreal, Aug. 11.—The formal transfer of the Great Western

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
126 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Saturday, August 12, 1882.

RAILWAY AMALGAMATION AS AFFECTS LONDON.

The fusion of the Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways has been fully ratified, and both lines will from to-day pass under the title of The Grand Trunk. The full effect of each junction upon the business interests of London have yet to be seen. It is understood, however, that certain changes, more or less beneficial, will be early carried into effect. It is probable that the passengers from the north will not, as heretofore, be taken by the present G. T. R. to Detroit, but sent in on the London branch and the Great Western main line. For this purpose it is intended to remove the "diamond," east of this city, where the two roads cross, and switch right in on the G. W. R. This will save the services of three or four men, and provide more safety. If the G. W. R. line is adapted for the through passenger traffic it will be advantageous to London. Years ago it was so intended, but London was cut off from the north by the inertness of a former representative, and a branch alone came in, instead of the main line. The amalgamation seems likely to bring about the condition once proposed, to the general advantage of the travelling public. The long hoped for direct connection with Goderich will now be possible, as the G. T. R. and the L. H. & B. cross each other at Clinton. Persons from Goderich will now have shorter access to London, and business is likely to be promoted thereby, in accordance with the views set forth when an extension of the L. H. & B. into Goderich was advocated. Great uncertainty prevails as to the coming location of the shops. It does not seem likely that all the establishment at Stratford, Brantford, Hamilton and London will be kept up to their present state of efficiency, but that in carrying out the economical considerations involved, something like concentration will be attempted. That this will fall to favor of London, will be a duty in which our present Council should not be wanting. Already several overtures have been made, but it is likely that other things being equal, the more convenient location will obtain the preference.

APPOINTMENTS TO THE SENATE

Speaking of the present vacancy in the Senate, our local Grit contemporary remarks that such vacancies "should be filled by the electors themselves as the ballot-box." No, no. There are enough opportunities already for our Grit friends to bribe electors and stuff the boxes with bogus papers, as was done respectively in West Middlesex and Jacques Cartier by the friends of Messrs. Mackenzie and Cauchon. Any such mode as much approved by the late Premier, Mr. Mackenzie, when he asked for an Imperial Act to enable him to appoint new Senators in Batches of Six at a Meal. The principle of appointment is all right. It is the abuse of it that might be objectionable, but our contemporary will hardly maintain that the appointment of the late lamented Mr. Adam Hope, one of London's earliest and most esteemed citizens, was a questionable use of the Executive privilege. Yet that is what its argument leads up to, if it leads to anything. It is something amusing to hear Grit organs and Grit orators availing themselves of their happy Canadian freedom to chaff to their faces old and honorable citizens who are Senators, and of the same stripe of Liberalism as that which is a little less than a parcel of cackling old women. In the wide careers, as merchants and manufacturers, of such men as the deceased Senator, as the Hon. Elijah Leonard, and the Hon. Frank Smith, what ground is there for these small wits of the Grit press and the Grit stump to crack their little jokes upon? Yet no sooner are citizens of this class, in the ripeness of their experience, in the rich fruit of their age and mental powers, called to the dignity and responsibility of the Senate than they become the targets of dark've badinage and execrable puns. Dashdives this may be called, but never sneered by the feather headed fraternity alluded to; but it has always this excuse for itself, though a rather measly one at best: it is like some of Mr. Blake's disturbing speeches, "not intended to be taken seriously.

GRASPING AT POWER.

Seeing that the Little Premier has already gone so far as to seize control of the appointment of bailiffs, jailers, constables, license inspectors, etc., as well as laying hands on a large proportion of the municipal revenues accruing from license, and also proposes to take over the appointment of school teachers, the Galt *Reporter* very naturally suggests that an Act will be passed giving power to the Attorney General to appoint such Mayors, Reeves, Deputy-Reeves and Councillors for each separate municipality in the Province of Ontario as may in the opinion of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of the said Province be deemed wise and necessary in his public interests. Nor should the Little Premier stop here. It will be next in order for the Ontario Cabinet to do away with ecclesiastical corporations, and vest the appointment of all sorts of clergymen in the hands of His Excellency's advisers. A natural step from this would be "An Act to do away with the iniquity of individual choice in the selection of partners for life." By such an Act, it is suggested that any old fellow, male or female, middle aged person, young man or young woman, who contemplates marriage should send in his or her name to the officer appointed by the Government, and declare his or her readiness to contract marriage with such person as the Government or its duly authorized officers may in their wisdom select. There is no limit to this sort of thing when once the principle of Government interference in such matters is tolerated.

The *Mail* says:—The policy of the Mowat Government is evidently to wipe out municipal government and to centralize power—particularly the power to appoint—in one concern, with Oliver Mowat, or some other good Grit who will see that the power is used to the advantage of the party, at the head of it. But it can carry its policy too far for its own good. Indeed, we believe many sound Reformers would oppose the taking of the Public School system as a means for rewarding partisans. Nor is there any excuse for the wholesale removal of the power to appoint from the school boards. The boards have the confidence of the people, and their selection of teachers has been usually judicious and satisfactory. There is no complaint with reference to the appointments made by the boards, and there is positively no excuse for Mr. Mowat's last contemplated outrage.

ASKING FOR RECIPROCITY.

The Clinton *New Era* records the idea that any proposition looking to a return of reciprocity can come from the Americans. It says:—"If any one supposes that fifty-four million of people are going to bow down and beg less than five million to trade with them on equal terms, they're troubled with a good-sized vacuum in the upper story.' Why so? The fact is, the Americans are finding that they have all along underestimated the strength and resources of the Canadians. When they reassumed reciprocity in 1854 it was with the declared intention of "starving the Canucks into annexation," in accordance with the policy of Mr. Secretary Seward. But Canadians, under a fair play tariff, felt that they need not be put down, and were able to hold their own in a commercial contest even with their powerful neighbors. They never had got along so well as during the few years succeeding the abrogation of reciprocity. They began to launch out into unexpected channels upon a vigorous bank, and were following out an independent career until the Americans raised a prohibitory tariff against Canadian commerce, while at the same time enjoying from us a tariff which proved less than a revenue tariff. They thought to have all the advantage, and when we were not to be "starved" into obedience, were to be put as it were into a commercial vice, to be tightened or relaxed at the sovereign pleasure of the Americans. We found a remedy for that in protection. We shut them out, and what is the consequence? The loss to the New England merchants of $25,000,000 worth of trade annually. They feel the loss, and have for two years past been stirring heaven and earth to get the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada re-enacted. They have held conventions at New York, at Boston, Buffalo and Chicago. They have had delegates in Washington, and heavy spokesmen in Congress. But so far without effect. They may not, as our contemporary suggests, "bow down and beg" for it, but they want reciprocity, have asked and agitated for it, which they never thought of doing so long as the Mackenzie-Cartwright tariff remained.

SPREAD OF CATTLE DISEASE.

Public attention in the United States is drawn to the failure of Congress to pass the bill to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among cattle by the appearance of an alarming form of cattle disease among the stock in several of the States, principally in Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Alabama, Virginia, and West Virginia. An enquiry at the Agricultural Department at Washington elicited the information that the disease was believed to be the Texas cattle fever, or splenic fever, as it is called. It first appeared in Alabama, then in North Carolina, then in the neighborhood of Abingdon, Va., a few days ago near Reading, Pa., and the latest reports received at the Department indicate that it has made its appearance near Wheeling, W. Va. Agents of the Department have been sent to Virginia, North Carolina, and Alabama, and the chief clerk of the Department, who is in charge in the absence of Dr. Loring, has written to Secretary Edge, of the Ohio Board of Agriculture of Pennsylvania, asking him for particulars, and as to whether the interference of the Department is needed. Representative Le Fevre, of Ohio, who has struggled in the three last Congresses to secure the passage of the bill known as the Pleuro-pneumonia Bill, for the prevention of the spread of contagious diseases among cattle, says that if that bill had become a law the spread of this new plague could be checked at once, as it provided for a commission of experts who, on the appearance of the disease, would have gone at once to the infected locality and taken such steps as would have at once prevented its spread. The bill passed the House four months ago and was sent to the Senate, but failed to pass that branch. If the facts are as represented in American journals and in the Associated Press despatches, the Canadian authorities will do well to exercise a strict outlook at the several quarantines.

LONDON TO WIARTON.

On the first of August the completion of a railway to the village of Wiarton was celebrated, as an event of no small importance to the interests of the Western and Northern Peninsula. There is now almost a straight line from this city through a magnificent stretch of farming country to a fine harbor on Georgian Bay. The fact, however, seems to have attracted but little notice among our citizens. Yet the business public should be by no means indifferent to the increased facilities of traffic of which they have just come into possession. From an account in the Listowel *Standard* we quote as follows:—

"Lumbering is the chief industry in the neighborhood of Wiarton, and saw-mills are quite numerous. Wiarton, the terminus of the railway, is situated at the head of Colpoy's Bay, and is already a place of some importance. Its harbor is unquestionably one of the finest in the Dominion. Quite a business is carried on in shipping lumber, timber, railroad ties and lumber. Several manufactories are in existence, and a large furniture factory has just been erected by an enterprising firm from Tavistock. The population of the village is a little less than a thousand; but with the increased activity which promises to follow the advent of the railway a rapid increase in the number of inhabitants may be looked for. The hotel accommodation is passable; yet in this respect, if Wiarton is alive to its interests, it will take a decisive step forward. Nature has designed Wiarton for a beautiful summer resort, with its magnificent bay, picturesque scenery and healthy air, and a little enterprise on the part of its citizens in all that is wanted to complete its attractions. The construction of docks, toward which the Dominion Government has made a large appropriation, and which has been supplemented by the villagers and the railway company, is to be proceeded with at once; and it is not at all improbable that by another season a line of steamers will be running between Wiarton and the northern lake ports."

Many people here would be glad of an opportunity to visit a newly-opened section that is the subject of so much general interest. Could not the Grand Trunk Railway Company organize an excursion there for the Civic Holiday?

A WORKINGMEN'S MOVEMENT.

A movement has been for some time afoot among the workingmen of this city for the organization of an association, the leading object of which should be to work unitedly for their general interests. The plan has met with so much approval that already similar organizations have been set on foot in Hamilton, Brantford, St. Thomas and elsewhere, and it is not unlikely that in all important centres of industry the project will be equally promoted. The London Society at present numbers about 400 members, there are several sub-Committees at work in completing the organization, and a meeting of those interested will be held this (Saturday) evening in Baker's block, to receive reports and consider the provisions of a Constitution. The moulders have there a spacious and pleasant hall for their own meetings, and in this the general meeting will take place. It is understood that the assemblage will be confined to duly authenticated workingmen only, and in a measure secret. Yet it can well be conceived, as they themselves express, that their objects in meeting are at once laudable and proper. The interest of the Industries in which men get their bread is a wholesome one which none need hesitate to accept.

CURRENT TOPICS.

A correspondent asks "what is the population of Egypt?"

A Government census in 1866 officially stated the number of inhabitants at 4,246,929. In March, 1871, the population of Egypt proper amounted, according to Regny, to 5,115,807 natives and 85,038 foreigners; total, 5,200,466. The foreign population consisted of 34,000 Greeks, 24,000 Italians, 17,000 Frenchmen, 6,500 Austrians and Germans, and 6,000 English. With the exception of 600,000 Christians, the people are all Mohammedans. They call themselves Arabs, though they are probably in great part descended from the ancient Egyptians.

The Dresden *Times* contends that music teachers should pass a regular examination, and have a certificate before they be allowed the privilege of teaching. Our contemporary claims to know of no less than four first-class music teachers who gave up teaching solely on account of the fast-increasing supply of those who profess a knowledge of music, while in fact they do not know how to finger the key-board properly, and know nothing whatever of time further than to kill it. He thinks it is the midst of the contest. In warfare I believe a soldier thus guilty is known as a traitor. If this term be too strong let us use deserter, and his warmest admirers cannot deny that he is justly entitled to the designation. It is true it was on the plea of ill-health, but it is somewhat strange that it came from the second cousin of the Premier. During the election contests, and was in marked contrast to the course pursued by other members of the party. It is only necessary to instance Mr. Mackenzie's conduct during the last election. He had been forced to retire from the leadership by a conspiracy rudely and unscrupulously hatched by Mr. Blake, the chief cause and active instrument of which was the huge, unfeeling claws of the faction. Mr. Mackenzie has suffered, as he is still suffering, in health, in purse, and in everything that an honorable mind holds dear, but we find him, however mistaken in his views he might have been, at his post doing battle for the cause he had spent his whole lifetime in till disease prostrated him. In this case was so dangerous that nothing but the unremitting care of kind friends and able medical advice could have saved him. The one labored for himself, the other for his party, recognizing in its success the welfare of his country. If Mr. Blake's health has been injured by Mr. Mackenzie at the last election as it was by Mr. Blake in 1874, it is only necessary to say that the latter was the attacking leader, it might be quite safe to state that the Conservative majority would have been much larger than it was in 1878. The aspect of the case, however, is of minor importance. The all-engrossing fact is that the Reform party of the Dominion, notwithstanding that the Liberals have the ear of Ontario and the Maritime Provinces, has been so disastrously defeated that its steady supporters admit its absolute extinction, and are now listlessly hearing about in vain hopes of finding some way out of the situation."

COUPLING PINS!

Gleaned from Local Sources and "Free From" Exchanges

A very handsome palace car named the "Star," has just been turned out of the Buffalo, Pittsburgh & Western shops at Oil City.

The Grand Trunk has not purchased the Montreal & Sorel Branch Railway, which they have been operating, as has been stated.

The Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company has sold to an English syndicate, represented by close brokers, 108,000 acres of land in the Pipestone district at $4 50 per acre.

Commissioner Fink is said to favor the European plan of charging passengers in accordance with the accommodations furnished them on the cars, and the speed with which they are conveyed from place to place.

Official announcements is made of the appointment of Mr. G. B. Springs, as General Freight Agent of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, and of Mr. Ross Kells as Master Mechanic; appointments to take effect September 1st.

C. G. Patterson, a Boston capitalist, has contracted to build the Topeka, Salina & Western Railroad from Topeka, a distance of 180 miles. The line is practically an extension of the Leavenworth, Topeka & Southwestern Railroad.

Mr. Windham Chasmer, of Paris, who has been employed on the Great Western Railway for several years as travelling auditor, has recently been appointed to a good position on the Great Eastern freight line at a salary of $1,200 per annum.

A new brake, the invention of Mr. Tremaine, a conductor, has, after careful trial, been adopted by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company. The brake is an ingenious contrivance, of such construction as to make it unnecessary to remove the wheels upon which the brake acts more than once during six or eight months. It is reported that Tremaine has been offered by George M. Pullman $40 000 for the right to use the patent on his sleeping cars.

STOLE $60 FROM HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.—John Burk was arrested in Windsor the other day for stealing $60 from his brother-in-law, James McMaster, of Newbury. McMaster kept his money in the family Bible, and shortly after Burk left his house he discovered it was gone and notified the police. The prisoner had $55 in his pocket when arrested, and the day before he sent the last five dollars he had to his wife. He was taken to Bothwell for examination.

PRESENTATION.—Mr. Wm. Corbould, formerly Manager of the Bank of Hamilton, Wingham, was recently made the recipient of a handsome gold watch, chain and charm, accompanied by an address at the hands of his friends on the occasion of his removal to Port Elgin, as an emphatic testimonial of friendship and esteem.

The biggest surprise in store for your rheumatism is a rub with St. Jacobs Oil.

Vendors of spring water in Boston defy profitable business.

HUNTER'S HUMILIATION.

Over $100,000 of His Clients' Money Squandered.

Brief History of the Case—A Once Honorable Family Disgraced.

Montreal, Aug. 11.—It is now generally known that Mr. J. S. Hunter is the party charged with being a defaulter to the extent of $100,000. The following history of his doings will be of interest to the public:—Two brothers named Phillips came from the State of New York early in the present century, and settled in this city. They commenced business in wholesale groceries and amassed a colossal fortune. They retired from business and invested their money in some of the finest real estate in the western part of the city, as well as in bank and other stocks. They were both married, but one had no children. Many years ago the elder died, and the property was given into the sole control of Charles, the younger, who was childless; it being understood that his deceased brother's children would succeed finally at the death of Charles and his wife to the property. Up to the time of Charles' death, six years ago, everything was well managed, and the estate increased immensely in value. The income at his death was estimated at seventy-five thousand dollars, and the sole control and management of the estate, in addition to the private estate inherited from a former husband of Mrs. Charles Phillips, was entrusted to Mr. J. S. Hunter, an old and intimate friend of the family, who was almost regarded by them as a relative; in fact the latter has often told his friends that his family expected to inherit some of the property. This Mr. Hunter held a high social position in the city, and was equally prominent as the first notary here. He had a large and expensive family to keep up; his establishment was on an extensive scale, there never being less than

FIVE FINE HORSES IN HIS STABLE,

and carriages of the latest pattern. It has been often a wonder to shrewd people where the means to keep up such style came from. The secret has now leaked out, and it will cause a pang of grief among the best society circles in the city. On such a feeling of intimacy did he stand with the widow of the late Mr. Charles Phillips, and such was the confidence felt in his integrity by her, that since he entered upon his stewardship he never furnished an account. Some time since friends of the aged widow began to suspect that the funds of the estate were not being

LEGITIMATELY APPLIED,

and advised her to appoint an auditor to examine the books and make out a statement. This was accomplished, and the statement handed to the astounded lady that the funds of the estate had been misappropriated to the amount of over one hundred thousand dollars. But this was not a complete audit, and what may still be brought to light may double the sum that is known to be deficient. The defaulting agent was summoned into the presence of the feeble old lady in her mansion at Somerville, and told by her in trembling accents, amidst emotion she could see control of, the

FEARFUL DISCOVERY.

The delinquent seemed paralyzed at first, but in the end said he admitted it, and accounted for his infamous rascality and breach of trust by saying that he got entangled through speculation, and had shovelled the funds. From developments which have become patent to those engaged in the enquiry going on there is little doubt that the misappropriation of funds is not confined to the great Phillips estate, but includes other estates which Hunter managed. In one case that is known there is a deficit of $14,000, and the parties are about to sue for the amount. It is believed that

NOT A DOLLAR WILL BE RECOVERED

from the fraudulent agent to reimburse those he has defrauded. To show the moral obliquity of the man who has been playing this deceitful game of speculation with the substance of others, it may be stated that Hunter has held the position of trustee of St. Andrew's, the leading Presbyterian Church of the city, and has been always looked up to as a pillar of the church. He was also a member of the Temperalities Board of the Church, and was one of the plaintiffs in the great Temperalities suit before the British House of Lords. His family held social intercourse with Sir Hugh Allan and all the nobobs of the city. It has been discovered by the lawyers for the estate that Hunter has

NO REAL PROPERTY,

his mansion on a fashionable avenue having been transferred to his wife. His noble stud of horses and all the fine carriages were lately disposed of by auction. It is a sad, and tale of a once highly respected family, whose bright prospects have been wrecked by abominable pride and extravagance. The Hunter family, who still attain unenviable notoriety in connection with the disreputable doings of its responsible head, is a very old one in this city. The father and mother of J. S. were well-known and esteemed citizens, who brought up as well as started a large progeny with fair prospects on the road to fame and fortune. The children of the man who has fallen into disgrace were late school companions of the young heirs of the Phillips estate, and a strong personal friendship leading to the greatest confidence between the elders has always existed. It is said by those who ought to know that Mr. Hunter always exercised

POWERFUL INFLUENCE WITH THE WIDOW,

and generally had matters his own way. The business of a notary was at one time, when there were few in the profession here, very profitable, but in late years the number of members has vastly increased.

MRS. CHARLES PHILLIPS

was the widow of a Mr. Allen, formerly a very wealthy merchant here, when she entered into the second nuptial engagement. She took the efforts of the deception of her former friend most acutely, not only on her own account, but on that of her nephews and nieces. His thought she will commit suicide at her great age to the shock that her whole system has sustained. She resides in a palatial residence situated on a promontory overlooking the city on the Cote des Neiges road. What course will be taken against Hunter will be decided by the legal adviser of the family, who has the matter in hand. Is is doubtful, however, if he can be prosecuted, as he had powers of attorney and carte blanche to do almost as he pleased without any control.

NORTH WEST NEWS.

Local Nominations—Rapid Track-laying —A Big Suit for Damages.

Winnipeg, Aug. 10.—The nomination of candidates for the vacant seat for Springfield in the Local Legislature will take place on Thursday, Aug. 17th. The contest will be a political one, and will be keenly fought. Mr. Edie is the Conservative candidate, and Mr. Matheson the Liberal.

Up to date fine weather is just ripening the harvest, which now promises an abundant yield. Barley is being cut in many places, and wheat and oats will be ready in another week. Haying is about over, but there was not a heavy crop this year on account of the late and wet spring and consequent backward growth.

Track laying on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway west is still proceeding rapidly. On Monday three and one-tenth miles were laid west of the South Qu'Appelle, and two and four-fifth miles on Tuesday, reaching a point two miles west of the town of Troy. There are still 34 miles to be laid to Leopold, the new capital of the North-west Territory, which will be reached in about ten days. The road will then be exactly 372 miles from Winnipeg.

A party, consisting of Hon. H. S. Howland, his two sons, and Mr. John Gillespie, of Toronto, and Messrs. Vanderwerken, and W. W. Gillespie, of Stamford, Conn., representing the Dominion Lands Colonization Company, have just returned from a trip to the Qu'Appelle district. The travellers left here three weeks ago with three wagons, six horses, and a complete outfit of camp equipments. They crossed the Qu'Appelle river and advanced two hundred miles to northward, on the north bank of the Qu'Appelle. They say it is "the best they have ever seen." They report a marvellous influx of settlers into all that region.

General Rosser has instituted an action against the Canadian Pacific Railway authorities for malicious prosecution, claiming one hundred thousand dollars damages.

Chief Engineer James, of the Canada Pacific Railway, has just returned from a trip over the south-western division as far as Morris. Grading is progressing rapidly and track-laying commences on Tuesday morning, when it is expected an average of two miles per day of rail will be laid until the first hundred miles are completed. The engineer expects that this amount of mileage will be laid by November 1st, the time fixed by the Winnipeg by law. A temporary bridge over the Assiniboine has been completed, and work will be begun almost immediately on the permanent structure. Other bridges will also be commenced across Nonning River, Morris River and Buffalo Lake.

A BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

The Comic side of it—7,000 Pelion of Letters.

From the Liverpool Express.

At the Manchester Assizes yesterday Hannah Sherrock, a young woman residing at Chorley, sued Wilson Hodkinson for damages for breach of promise of marriage. In opening the case Mr. Nash said this case belonged to what was called the moral class of breach of promise cases, and that from first to last there was nothing that could bring a blush even to the cheek of a British jury. (Laughter.) The plaintiff was a young lady of about 25 years of age, was as they said, of pleasing appearance and irreproachable character. The defendant was an exceedingly prosperous and industrious young man, who travelled in tea, and it appeared that he met only possessed those fascinating manners which were proverbial with the English "commercial," but a fund of high principle and sterling manliness pluly, who's was as creditable to him as it was unhappily rare. (Laughter.) After reading through about 2,000 folios of correspondence, with which he did not propose to trouble the jury, he (Mr. Nalson) thought no damages could compensate the young lady for the severe loss she had sustained in having been engaged to the defendant for something like seven years, and finally lost him for a husband. (Laughter.) Both parties were about 25 years of age, and resided formerly in Chorley. In the year 1875 they became engaged, and soon afterward the defendant, being a young man of good character and ability, thought he could better himself by coming to Manchester. In 1876 he came to this city, and since that time he had been in several lucrative situations in the tea trade. In his letters he always displayed the warmest affection for the plaintiff, and in one letter of January, 1876, he wrote:—"My dearest Hannah, I arrived at home all right, but sorry, sorry indeed to leave the one I love so well. The oftener I see you the more I love you, and I always a few days before I get settled after I see you." That, of course, was what a young man of 18 would feel on such occasions. (Laughter.) Soon afterward he went to Hyde, but he did not appear to have become at home there, for he wrote:—"They are such horrid people especially this old fool of a woman." (Laughter.) That only made him cling more tenderly than ever to his Hannah, and in another letter he wrote:—"When I think of my mother and then of you I could not help weeping." He added that "he would not be shut up in this place all Sunday with the servant"—a remarkable proof of sincerity, inasmuch as in the present day of young men there were not many who would slaughter at being left all day in the house with the housemaid. (Laughter.) He said also that "her letters were as good as a breakfast to him." (Laughter.) He had stated that his salary was enlarged from £73 to £83 10s. and expenses, and then another £20 was added. Communicating this intelligence to his intended, he wrote:—"When the young ladies at a tea party get to know that, they all sang songs for me and pressed their attentions on me." (Laughter.) He said that Polly would see what an agreeable young man the defendant was. He kissed her ware exchanged. In the defendant's letters he was not exactly wolf with patience for that happy time when they could be one in truth. The defendant's letters were voluminous, but his spelling was not irreproachable. One he would call "Pelion" has been shelved to the table while I have been writghting. So it was to be presumed that Polly had shaken his orthography as well as the table. (Laughter.) He eluded also that "it was very difficult to be an honest tea-dealer in Manchester, because I am sometimes asked such a lot of regues." (Laughter.) About the defendant's health he was anxious, but his spelling was not irreproachable. In one letter he said "Polly has been shelved to the table while I have been writghting."

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By Doing Your Washing with Churcher's Premier Soap.

By our system a Soap is produced which does not injure or inflame the skin, but leaves it cool and soft, while the dirt disappears. All the goodness of the Soap are improved, and makes it the best and cheapest Soap for general purposes.

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LONDON, ONTARIO.
Saturday, August 12, 1882.

The Mill Wheel.

"And shall you never come back!" she said,
Where she stood by his side in the porch rose-covered,
Up in the jasmine ever her head
A pearly butterfly paused and hovered.
And over the sunlit bush of the tangled noon,
That lay all like the heat of a sunshine tune,
The mill stream fretted, foaming, churning,
The mill-wheel plashing, droning, turning.

He was her first, and her dear, dear lover,
As far removed as the sun above her;
Much she worshipped, and little knew,
With rapturous many and tears a-few,
Ah, the change that his coming wrought her!
He found her merely a child at play—
She was only the miller's daughter—
How it then time he should turn away—
Time he should leave her tender hand,
Time she should tremble, and understand—
Would the soaring butterfly wing him down
To alight on the petaled flowers of her gown!

"Shall you remember the afternoon
We have lived?" he said, "by the stream together—
When the resistance as of a hundred Junes
Seemed gathered up in the summer weather!
The day that is ruined, and we chose to slumber!
And neither ourselves in the great mill chamber!
The talk we talked 'mid the hum of flour,
While we waited there for the end of the shower,
With no shore as the roll of thunder.
Dear! I suppose you have not long come from
London!" murmured Dopey, determined not to lose a moment. "Have you seen all the new things at the theatres? I hope you are an Irvingite!"

Base Ball in New York.

Score of the Atlantics' Game With the Metropolitans on Wednesday.

The Atlantics, of St. Thomas, appear to have earned the approbation of the New Yorkers by their playing. In speaking of Wednesday's game the *Herald* styles them the champions of Canada, and adds:—The Metropolitans had not a strong team and played to their best style. The Canadians were strong in all their positions, with the single exception of right field, which is the only weak spot of the team. While the visitors were unable to do any batting, they did not neglect to do their duty in the field, and the metropolitans found it extremely difficult to score during the first six innings. In fact, there was such a fine display of fielding that the first run of the game was not scored until the fifth inning, the Atlantics scored an innings, but not run on two bad errors by Bock of Hanlon, the right fielder. The Metropolitans added three more runs to their score in the seventh inning on base hits, assisted by errors on the part of Quinn and Bock. In the following inning the Metropolitans scored the last run of the game. Had it not been for the loose playing of Bock in the right field the game would have been rather interesting, as he gave them about three of the four runs scored. O'Neill did some pretty work at third base, and gives promise of becoming quite a fine third base man. Spence played well. The *Sun* says the visiting team from Canada got a hearty welcome and received considerable applause they received, for they played a sharp fielding game, their only weakness being their inability to score base hits off Lynch's pitching. The catcher, third and first baseman of the Canadian Atlantics especially distinguished themselves by fine play. The score was:—

ATLANTIC.

Players.	R.	1b.	O.	A.	E.
Hunter, c.	0	1	8	1	0
Watson, 2b.	0	0	2	4	0
Hanlon, lf.	0	0	1	0	0
Bray, c. f.	0	0	1	0	0
Poste, 1. f.	0	0	1	0	0
Bock, r. f.	0	0	1	0	1
O'Neill, 3b.	0	1	1	2	0
Stapilton, 1b.	0	0	12	0	0
Quinn, s. s.	0	0	1	3	0
Lynch, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Totals.	0	2	27	12	1

METROPOLITAN.

Players.	R.	1b.	O.	A.	E.
Nelson, s. s.	0	0	1	1	0
Healy, r. f.	0	1	1	0	0
Keefe, p.	1	1	16	0	0
Gerhig, c.	0	1	6	1	0
Start, 1b.	0	0	8	0	0
O'Neill, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0
Kennedy, l. f.	0	1	0	0	0
Casey, c. f.	0	0	0	0	0
Mack, 2b.	0	0	1	2	0
Totals.	1	4	27	6	0

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.
Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Metropolitan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

Runs earned—Atlantics, 0; Metropolitans, 0.
Two-base hits—Bray, Quinn of opponents—Atlantics, 1; Metropolitans, 1.
Time—Left on bases—Atlantics, 4; Metropolitans, 7.
Total base hits—Atlantics, 3; Metropolitans, 7.
Struck out—Atlantics, 4; Metropolitans, 0.
Passed balls—Hunter, 1.
Wild pitches—Keefe, 1.
Umpire—Mr. James Clinton, of the Worcester club.

An Extraordinary Offer.

There are a number of persons out of employment in every county—yet energetic men willing to work do not need to be. Those willing to work can make from $100 to $200 a month clear, working for us in a pleasant and permanent business. The amount our agents make varies—some make but little as $100 a month, while others as low as $100, all depending on the energy of the agent. We have a large article of great merit. It should be sold to every household owner, and pays over 100 per cent. profit. Bitters, at the Exchange, $5.50 per $10. One agent in Pennsylvania sold 32 in two days, and cleared $64. An agent in New York made $45 in one week day. Any man with energy enough to work a full day, and will do time during the year can make from $2,000 to $6,000 a year. We only want one agent in each county, and to him we will give the exclusive sale as long as he continues to work faithfully for us. There is no competition, and nothing like our invention made. Parties having from $200 to $1,000 to invest can obtain a General Agency for ten counties or a State. Any one can make an investment of from $25 to $1,000 without the least risk of loss, as our circulars will show that those investing $25 can after a 30 days' trial return the goods unsold to us and get their money back, if they do not clear at least $100. They know that a General Agent who will take ten counties and invest $216 can after a trial of 90 days return all goods unsold to us, and have money returned to them if they failed to clear at least $750 in that time. We are not paying salaries, but want men willing to work and obtain as their pay the profits of their energy. Men not willing to work on our terms will not work on any. Those meaning business will receive our large descriptive circular, and extraordinary offer by enclosing a three-cent stamp, with address. The first to comply with our terms will secure the county or counties they may give to work.

Address KENNER MANUFACTURING CO., 18 Smithfield street, Pittsburg, Pa. †

Chicago's birth lists show a great majority of girls.

CITY FINANCES.

Current Annual Expenditure Over Two Cents on the Dollar.

The Rate of Taxation Fixed at Twenty-two Mills on the Dollar—Eighteen and Nine-tenths for Municipal Purposes and Three and One-Tenth for School Rate.

No. 1 Committee met in the City Clerk's office last night. Present—Ald. Hyman (Chairman), Birrell, Jones, Mickinnick, Ferguson, Sherman. His Worship Mayor Meredith and City Chamberlain Pope.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Accounts were passed for hospital purposes, $670 98; relief, $62 75; Fire Department, $3 50; Market, $17 55; county of Middlesex, $597 92; a total of 1,292 70

A communication was read from the Board of Education:—Estimated expenditure for the year, $35 000 with a balance of appropriation from 1878 of $11 254 34.

A motion of Ald. Mickinnick that the matter be left for the Council to deal with, had no seconder.

The Chairman would suggest that the books be gone into, and the exact amount defined and raised by debentures, and, with the thousand-dollar grant made by the Council recently, to be divided between the Public School Board and the Separate School Board by their respective Chairmen, with a referee to be appointed by them.

Ald. Mickinnick thought that in future the taxpayers should know how much they paid for education, and the assessment notices give a statement of the different amounts required—so much for school purposes, so much for municipal purposes.

Moved by Ald. Jones, seconded by Ald. Mickinnick, that the Committee recommend that the claim of the School Trustees for eleven thousand dollars be referred to the Chairmen of the two Boards, and the Chairman of this Committee act as referee and report to Council. Carried

M. D. Dawson & Co.'s account for printing, $47 29, was passed; an account for subscription to the *Daily Herald* was laid over.

A communication was received from the City Solicitor in regard to the claim of the Provincial Board of Education for $119, asking for instruction in regard to the same.

It was decided to pay the amount if found correct by the Solicitor.

A letter was read from the City Solicitor, stating in regard to the extra charge for freight on oil from Enniskillen, that the clause in the lease of the L. & P. S. Railway stated distinctly that the charge from that neighborhood here should not be more than by any other line to St. Thomas, under pain of forfeiture of the lease. He recommended that the truth of Mr. Wilson's charges be ascertained, and if sustained, the G. W. R. Co. be notified and the lease annulled, unless the proper rate were strictly maintained.

Ald. Birrell moved that the matter be referred to a sub-Committee, composed of Aldermen Mickinnick and Birrell. Carried.

A communication from Mr. J. M. Dalton in regard to exemption from taxation of his woollen factory, was received.

Ald. Birrell reported that he had visited the factory in February last, and that at that time there were only two hands there and the machinery was not running. He had not been there since.

Sold over.

An account from the county amounting to $280, the city share of the expenses of the administration of justice for the county, was passed.

The Separate School Board submitted their estimates at $2,200.

The police estimates were, salaries, $12 504 66; clothing, etc., $1,031 66.

Mr. J. S. Davis applied for remission of taxes on lot on Maple street, as he was unable to work from a rheumatic stroke. Allowed to January 1st to pay.

The distribution on the 1st of January, 1883, amounted to $174,109 31; and the receipts other than taxes, $44,119 16; the total assessed property is $10,266 440 00 and it was decided to collect $195,000 00, which would suffice, by leaving out the sewer, bridge, and block pavement appropriations. The rate struck was 18 9-10 mills on the dollar for municipal purposes and 3 1 10 mills for school rate.

On motion of Ald. Birrell it was decided that the time for paying taxes be from October 15 to November 15, at par, and after that time ten per c nt. be charged, the roll to be returned by March 1st.

The rate for statute labor tax and dog tax, which last year amounted to $1,200 and $128 respectively, should be made collectable now, and the rate struck was 75 cents. The dividend for the present year is $600 and has been lost to date.

On motion, the rolls for statute labor and dogs were made returnable on Sept. 15th.

The Chairman stated the reason no credit had been made so far was that the books had not been posted. They would have a force for out of books opened in six weeks or two months, and a statement had been prepared up to July 31st.

In regard to the meeting the estimates, the Chairman did not see any way out of the difficulty but submitting the figures of the Board back the sewer and block pavements appropriations, and getting an act passed empowering the city to issue debentures.

The Mayor said it was idle to talk of imposing a higher rate than two cents on the dollar.

Ald. Sharman thought both the Exhibition Grounds and Salter's Grove should be sold.

The Mayor said the former could not be sold without the consent of the people, and the school rate, the Mayor said that would never do, as taxes were too high already.

Ald. Mickinnick suggested that as the old Council had spent the sinking fund the committee make no provision for that in the estimates.

The Chairman said if that were done he would resign, as all the Aldermen would be personally responsible.

Ald. Jones—Let's see the old Aldermen for that amount then.

Ald. Sharman said if a rebate were allowed on the taxes, there would have to be a provision for the loss. He would move that no rebate be allowed.

Ald. Birrell suggested that 10 per cent. interest be charged after 1st January.

Ald. Hyman pointed out the necessity for getting the difficult sources of expenditure more under control. The Water Works Commissioners, the Police and the School Boards.

After some discussion in regard to the appointment of a janitor for the Police Station, the committee adjourned.

Woman's Wisdom

"She insists that it is more importance, that her family shall be kept in full health, than that she should have all the fashionable dresses and styles of the day. She therefore sees to it, that each member of her family is supplied with enough Hop Bitters, at the first indication of any symptoms of ill health, to prevent a fit of sickness with its attendant expense, case and anxiety. All women should exercise their wisdom in this way."—*New Haven Palladium.*

The Outlook for Ocean Steam Tonnage.

Messrs. Angier Brothers, in their weekly steam freight report, state that East Indian business is still in a very unsettled condition, and the transactions that have taken place are few. No more tonnage is wanted at the rice ports this season. There has been an increase in the demand for vessels in the grain trade during the recent unsettled weather, but during the last few days the prices of grain have relapsed, and it has not been easy to maintain the advance of 1s to 1s 3d per quarter which had been established at the United States ports. The prospects of employment in this trade during the autumn are considered fair, but high rates, it is remarked, are not to be expected in any branch of the carrying trade, "on account of the large increase in the number and size of steamers." The Government have been in the market for steamers at Bombay and Calcutta, but it is not yet known what arrangements they have made for a transport service.

It is said that indigent patients desert *en masse*, the doctor who ridicules the idea that the numerous "prostrations" we hear of are caused by a too free indulgence in Hop water.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail.

THE CANADA NORTH WEST LAND COMPANY, LIMITED.

We are indebted to Mr. Le Roy for the following particulars regarding this company, which has been enormously spoken of as the Duke of Manchester's Company:—The capital is £3,000 000 in shares of £10 each of which it is not anticipated to call up more than £5 per share at present, the balance of the purchase money of the lands being proposed to be raised by debentures of the company secured on the lands of the company and on its unpaid capital. The Duke of Manchester is the chairman, and the Canadian directors are the Hon. D. A. Smith, of Montreal, and Messrs. Alexander G. Ramsay, of the Canada Life Insurance Company, Hamilton, G. B. Oslers and W. B. Scarth, Toronto, the two latter of whom are to be managing directors in Canada. It is stated in the prospectus that 5 000 000 acres of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's lands in the North-west Territory are to be acquired, together with half the Railway Company's interest in the sites of all the towns and villages located during construction, or within a year thereafter. It is proposed to offer to the Land Corporation of Canada one-twelfth interest in the land so to be acquired at cost. The net price paid by the Company for the farming lands is stated to be about $2 73 per acre. The town and village sites upon the Railway Company's land grant are to be acquired at the same rate. The prospectus also states that the Railway Company has suspended its sales of lands in quantity, and has expressed its intention to confine its future sales to individual purchasers in small holdings.

COST OF FRUIT AT WINNIPEG.

Mr. John Beesley, late of Clinton, writing from Winnipeg, gives the following in reference to the prices of living there:—"You will be surprised when I tell you we have all kinds of fruit from early spring, but it comes rather dear. Plums, 10c each; apples, 15c a pound, or $12 a barrel; strawberries, 50c a quart. Vegetables are also dear; potatoes, 4 pounds for 25c, or $1 50 a bushel; cabbage, 25c a head; lettuce, 10c a head, or 3 for 25c; white butter is 35c a pound; eggs, 35c a dozen. Beef is as cheap here as at Clinton, leaving out steak; you can get boiling pieces at from 6c to 10c a pound. Dry goods are cheap, and ready made clothing, boots and shoes; ordered to dear."—*New Era.*

BRADSTREET'S WEEKLY REPORT.

New York, Aug. 11.—There were 98 failures reported to *Bradstreet's Journal* during the past week, ten less than in the preceding week and 21 more than in the corresponding week last year. Canada reports ten of an increase. One special telegram from trade centres and agricultural regions indicate that nothing has occurred to mar the favorable prospects for good fall trade and abundant crops reported to last week. Rains in the South have commenced the cotton, but serious damage has not yet been done. The iron strikers are showing signs of defeat.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

In common with all other English Securities Hudson's Bay stock is at present depressed, and was quoted in London yesterday at 32½. As it is considered one of the best investments in the market and is already largely held in Canada, any information respecting it will no doubt prove interesting, and the following letter is taken from the Glasgow *Herald* of July 20:—

"The share of the Hudson's Bay Company are now attracting considerable attention, and as their intrinsic value does not appear to be generally understood, may give rise to considerable speculative fluctuations, and under these circumstances it may be useful for the investing public to arrive at some conclusion as to whether, at present prices, it is prudent for them to embark their money in such an undertaking. The capital of the company consists of 100,000 shares of £15 each, equal to £1,500 000. To arrive at a proper estimate of value we must divide the property into two parts—a trading company and a land company—the former being of a purely mercantile character, and the latter coming into play when the land has been realized. There is comparatively little difficulty in fixing the value of the trading part of the company. As was recently stated by the Chairman, and confirmed by the balance-sheet, the profits realized in this department for the sum of about £960 000, represented by sub stantial and first-class assets, have been accumulated on this account astride of 14s per share, or about 3 per cent. of a return to the proprietors of their capital employed in the trading company's shares would be a good investment to return 6 per cent, and £1,200,000, or £12 per share, a plus that that return, appears to be a fair mark: 1 sum for this branch of the undertaking, £30 per share, or £5 300 000, was recently the market value of the combined properties. Therefore, on the basis of £12 per share for the trading company the land company would have to be dabbled for £21 a share, or £2 100 000. From this, however, we deduct the sum £746 600, the balance of land sales made, and which asset is now bearing interest until paid at the rate of 7 per cent per annum. The land company, therefore, represents a capital of £1,354,000, or, say £13 10s a share, payment of which has to be looked for from the yearly sales of land, and we must now s e what that consists of, and fix an approximate estimate as to its value. Town lots about one-fifth of an acre and farming lands are the properties to be dealt with, and as we do not know when may be some town lots we can only speak of the present townships, namely, Winnipeg, Portage la Prairie, West Lynn, Red Portage, Gladen, Rosemount, Colville, Rimmington, and Eglinton. In Winnipeg the lots are small and sell, but 185 realized the sum of £203 790, or an average of £1,084 per lot. The company are now selling at all three stations, and a moderate estimate of the town lots still to realize may be put down at, say, £150 000. We now come to the farming lands, consisting of a balance of about 6,000 800 acres (exclusive of land in Vancouver's Island and British Columbia, some of which has been already sold at high prices). Now, we know that 39s 10½d is the average price of last year's sales, and a large sale of 5 000,000 acres of similar land was lately made by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at $3 an acre. This, therefore, is a guide to an estimate of value, and to arrive at this the land may be divided into choice land adjacent to population and more immediate cultivation, say 2,000,000 acres at £1 5s an acre, £2 750 000; and 2,500,000 at say 12s an acre, £2,100,000; in all, £5,850,000 With these estimates therefore, the balance sheet of the combined companies give the following results, namely:—

Trading Company at £12 per share	£1,200,000
Land Company at £10 per share	6 000,000
	£7 200,000

Together equal to £22 per share.

"That these results may ultimately be obtained we have a good example before us in the Hudson's Bay Company, which, with an original capital of £32 10s per share, has returned £31 10s to the shareholders, and has remaining £1 10s now quoted in the market at about £90.

"There is good reason to believe, therefore, that it is only a question of time as to when such results will be realized. By last report the net available sales of town lots and farming lands from November, 1881, to 30th April, 1882 amounted to £672 000, or at the rate of £1 344 000 per annum. And if, say £1,000 000 is sold this year, at this rate, £5,000 000 worth, or £30 per share, will be sold in five years. All this, however, will be very much regulated by the club and flow of immigration, and any estimate must be a hazard, as far as time is concerned, are at present very much a matter of speculation, and should be qualified accordingly

"Considerable fluctuations in the prices of these shares may still be expected. Incorrect statements and misleading rumors have, and no doubt will, be put into circulation. Eli Perkins, an American correspondent, unduly depreciated the country, and grossly exaggerated the climate, but for correct information on these points reference can be made to official returns, and also to an interesting little book, 'A Year in Manitoba,' published by Messrs. Chambers, Edinburgh.

"Their title to land has been called in question, but remains undoubted, the land being held direct from the Crown since the time of Charles II.

"The town of Winnipeg, with its 15,000 inhabitants, is also surely a living testimony to the growing prosperity and progress of the country.

"TUMBLEDOWN, J. M. FORRESTER."

Orange peel is worth eight cents per pound.

General Notes.

A Pittsburgh firm is turning out glass slabs for use on furniture in lieu of marble.

A large oyster crop is predicted; but there are so many false prophets these days that it is not always safe to trust to their utterance.

One of Georgia's greatest industries this year has been the raising of watermelons for Northern and Eastern markets. It is estimated that the State will sell $30 000 worth.

An erroneous impression prevails that the Interior Department offers a reward of $100,000 for the discovery of silver and tin mines and the Department is constantly in receipt of letters asking information on this subject. Secretary Teller states that no reward of any such character is offered.

It is proposed to practically abolish, by cutting twenty feet wide and twenty feet deep, the narrow isthmus which, dividing the east and west lochs of Tarbert, Scotland, unites the Mull of Kintyre to the mainland. Such a canal would give a direct passage from the Clyde to the Atlantic, saving about 115 miles in the voyage to the west and north of Scotland.

A Georgia chemist is experimenting to ascertain if sugar can be made profitably from water melons. He thinks a fair lot of melons will yield an average of 7 per cent. of pure sugar, and he estimates that on an acre of ground suitable to their growth 24,500 pounds of melon can be raised, and those would produce, at 7 per cent. of saccharine matter, 2,415 pounds of sugar, which at 10 cents per pound would realize $251.50.

The increase in the consumption of coffee is very striking. Twenty five years ago the quantity grown was estimated at 338,650 tons, but in 1879 the total was 593,000. The consumption was greatest in the United States. The principal coffee producing country is Brazil, the crop of 1880 being estimated at 280,000 tons, but when the emancipation of the negroes is complete, as it will be in twenty years, the question is whether the coffee planters will be able to find laborers enough to keep up this high total. Next to Brazil come the Dutch Indies, including Java and Sumatra, into which the cultivation of coffee was introduced by Van Hoer in 1660. It is only within the last quarter of a century that the coffers of Ceylon and the East Indies have been exported in any quantity, but at the present time the export of Ceylon coffee is 40,000 tons, and of East Indian coffee over 30,000.

ALL ABOUT A BUGGY.

Which Was Seized by the Sheriff and Then Stolen Out of the Barn.

Before Squire Peters yesterday afternoon the charge of feloniously taking away a buggy seized by the Sheriff came up. There were a number of witnesses on each side, and the case bade fair to be a lengthy one. Archibald Gaise gave evidence that he seized the horse and buggy of Beverly Barwell under an execution of Parfitt & Hughes, and put it in the charge of Frank Jarvis. Barwell told him that he did not own the buggy. The horse has been sold since by Sheriff Gaise. Francis Jarvis said the horse and buggy was placed in his charge, and taken to the barn by the hostler and the barn locked. On the 25th (? August the buggy was taken away in the night at a quarter to eleven o'clock. Barwell was in his hotel at eleven o'clock. Next Wednesday witness got the buggy back. Barwell told me he was just going over to tell me where the buggy was when I saw him.

John Haines, the hostler, was then discharged from custody, and used as a witness. His statement of the affair was that the stable in charge of B Barwell. Witness was asked a number of questions in regard to how the buggy got out of the barn, but by the advice of his counsel refused to answer. He was re-arrested on the same charge, and the Magistrate announced that the case would be enlarged for one week.

Mr. W. R. Meredith, Q. C., appeared for defendants, and Mr. E. Meredith for the Sheriff.

The charge against Beverly Barwell of ill using a horse, was dismissed.

Mr. Labouchere says—"I have taken pretty well all the waters of Europe. I do not know that any is any better than any other. Seltzer is a good water, if you get a direct passage from the Clyde to the Atlantic, saving about 115 miles in the voyage to the west and north of Scotland.

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ALL ABOUT A BUGGY.

THE LAST TWO MONTHS

over 1,000 physicians and sufferers visited the International Throat and Lung Institute, using Dr. M. Souvielle's Spyrometer for the cure of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Diseases, an instrument which conveys medicinal properties direct to the parts affected, and is now used in all the leading hospitals of Europe for these terrible diseases. Parties unable to visit the Institute can be successfully treated by letter. M. Souvielle, ex-Surgeon of the French army, and a Staff of French and English Surgeons in attendance. Call or write to the International Throat and Lung Institute, 12 Victoria street, Toronto, or 19 Philips Square, Montreal.

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PARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF Clothing will do well to call on T. FOX, the Original Pawn-broker. Loads money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, &c. Business strictly private. 278 Clarence street.

PARTIES HAVING SECOND HAND clothing to part with will do well to call on Mrs. Hardy, 245 Wellington street north of Dundas. Letting with PAWNBROKER also advances money on all kinds of goods. Parties having any such business will find it to their advantage by calling. 1y

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Electric Appliances are sent on 30 Days' Trial, TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, Lack of Nerve Force and Manhood, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, or any Physical Weakness resulting from abuse or other causes. Illustrated pamphlet free. Address as above. No risk is incurred, as we allow the greatest liberality and fairness. The greatest discovery of the Nineteenth Century. VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

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Artificial Gastric Juice
A WONDERFUL FACT, proving the Digestive Power of Maltopepsyn.
Two hens dosed on grains of Maltopepsyn will digest a hard boiled egg to a pulp at end of eight hours. Two hens dosed on a hard boiled egg will digest it in the same time assisted by the Gastric Juice of the hens. Two hens dosed on a hard boiled egg will digest it in the same time without the assistance of

J. M. LONGAN & CO.

ARRIVED,

{250 PKS. WINE

which we will sell to the trade in bond or duty paid,

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

MARTINIQUE LIME JUICE

Limetta Cordial,
Enos Fruit Salt,
And all Leading
Patent Medicines,
—AT—
REDUCED PRICES,
—AT—

STRONG'S

Drug Store,

184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Saturday, August 12, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1882.

Sun rises....5.09 a.m. | Moon rises...4.01 p.m.
Sun sets.....7.35 p.m. | Moon sets....6.19 a.m.
Day of the year, 224th.

Tenth Sunday after Trinity, Aug. 13, 1882.

Sun rises....5.11 a.m. | Moon rises...5.01 p.m.
Sun sets.....7.33 p.m. | Moon sets....6.48 a.m.
Day of the year, 225th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full moon	1st	3.13 p.m
Last quarter	9th	1.52 a.m
New moon	15th	1.13 p.m
First quarter	23rd	10.49 p.m

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Aug. 12, 1 a. m.—This morning the pressure is abnormally low throughout northern Canada, the centre of depression being over the upper lakes. The weather is everywhere fine, and there has been a general rise in temperature.

Toronto, Aug. 12, 1 a.m.—Lower Lake Region —Moderate to fresh winds, mostly south and west, fair weather, with a few showers in the northern portion; higher temperature.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

Vennor's frost hasn't appeared as yet.

South Essex fall show at Amherstburg Oct. 3rd and 4th.

Mr. Eneas Stephenson, ex-M.P., is camping out at Britannia, near Ottawa.

Mr. A. Leary, of Fort Stanley, won the 130 yard race at Galt on Thursday.

A gentleman in Lucknow intends organizing a class for instruction in the Gaelic language.

Not only is the "wherewhatit" of some man a puzzle, but also their whysbouts and whatabouts.

Mr. W. Sandy, of Lucknow, put on 144 yards of lath in ten hours and twenty minutes the other day.

The fine general heavy draught horse owned by Mr. Alex. Young, of Kinloss, died on Wednesday.

Arrangements are being made for the mammoth Y.M.C.A. picnic from Brantford to Port Stanley on the 25th.

Mr. R. Benson, of this city, is one of a firm who are entering upon the manufacture of organs at Clinton.

The Rev. W. H. Allworth, for 17 years pastor of the Congregational Church, Paris, has resigned his pastoral charge.

Mr. Neil McKechnie, of Paisley, has been appointed Clerk of the Fourth Division Court for the County of Bruce.

Mr. N. C. Peterson has sold out his oil interest in the Dutton farm, Sarah township, to Mr. A. C. Clark & Sons.

Mrs. D. Eedon Martin, of this city, who is in delicate health, is the guest of Mrs. Marlin, of "Hill Grove Lodge," Princeton.

A little girl named McInnes, whose parents reside on Hill street, fell from a swing the other day and fractured her left arm.

Mr. George Storey, foreman at Darville's machine shop, lost two fingers of his left hand yesterday while attending an engine.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Vivian left Winnipeg on Thursday on their homeward way. They are expected to arrive in town to day.

The Kinloss Branch Agricultural Society will hold their fall show in Lucknow on Thursday and Friday, Sept. 21st and 22nd.

The Town Council of Clinton have passed a by law compelling owners of billiard-rooms to close their establishments at seven o'clock p.m.

Mr. John Tibsendo, G. T. R. Agent at Alton Craig, has received two months' leave of absence and intends going to Ireland on a visit.

The district meeting in connection with the Goderich District of the Canada Methodist Church will be held in Blyth on Tuesday next.

People needn't wonder at the scarcity of servant girls. If a girl is good for anything some fellow's going to find it out and marry her.

The people in Lucknow anticipate having a grand time on Dominion Day, which is to be held on Wednesday, the 13th day of September.

Court Bower, 3963, A. O. F., of Windsor, will be represented at the Subsidiary High Court meeting in Toronto by Bro. E. Woodman, of Windsor.

Mr. W. Brown, G.W.R freight agent, of this city, has returned from spending a few days in Berrie, visiting Mr. Brown, the N. & N. W. R. Agent there.

Mr. S. T. Ball, for many years conductor on the Great Western Railway, has resigned his position to accept a more lucrative one on the Northern Pacific.

The Rover Centre Manufacturing Company shipped 19 cars of staves and 15 cars of lumber in one week, all of which material was in the tree the month previous.

The eyes of a small boy are bigger than his stomach until he has eaten green apples. Then his stomach appears to be bigger than anything else in the world to him.

A young man named Archie Carrick has been committed to jail at Exeter for obtaining a threshing steam engine from Staggart Bros., of Brampton, under suspicious circumstances.

Rev. J. Smith has resigned the pastorate of the Barrie Baptist Church to accept a call from the congregation at Waterford. It is understood that he will leave about the 20th inst.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Frank O'Rourke, Henry Clarke and William Brown (colored) on a charge of being drunk and fighting at Fort Stanley on Thursday.

Mr. Gray, Engineer in charge of Public Works, is in Kingsville making final surveys, plans, &c., preparatory to the commencement of the construction of the Kingsville harbor.

The last casting for the water-works has been completed, the pipes are all laid, connection made with the mains, and everything is now in readiness for pumping from the reservoir.

The citizens of Wiarton will have their first railway excursion on Monday next, when there will be an excursion from that place to Stratford, under the auspices of the Wiarton Oddfellows.

L. E. Fall, formerly of Windsor, but lately of St. Thomas, has been promoted to the agency of the Molsons Bank at Chatham in the latter place to manager of Ridgetown branch of the same bank.

A Court of Adjourned Sessions was held yesterday before Judge Robinson. In the case of Haines vs. Miller, application was made for respondent's costs, but His Honor reserved decision.

The employees of the Great Western Railway who work between London and Windsor were to hold a meeting on Tuesday evening to organize a day to hold a picnic and make arrangements for the same.

Lieut.-Col. Aylmer, Brigade Major, of this city, inspected the arms, accoutrements and clothing of No. 8 Company, 29th Battalion, at Tannahill, a few days since and found them smartly and cleanly kept.

The most popular house for stylish outfits is that of Robt. Wallace, 145 Dundas street. He guarantees to his customers stylish garments and perfect fits. A beautiful assortment of woollens for summer wear now on hand.

A few days ago Mr. P. Parr, cooper, of Godesich, while visiting in Mitchell, wagered a certain sum upon the strength of his teeth, and held up 200 pounds of flour for one minute in a salt barrel, made by himself for the occasion out of suitable material, having marks in the hardwood staves where he took hold as though they had been gnawed by a dodge. He also stood 25 in the face of all present that he could throw a filled barrel of salt weighing 200 lbs. over his head with his teeth, but found no takers.

The Brass Reporter, of Edmonton, says: —"Farmers are now pretty well aware of the danger that their newly-garnered crops are subjected to during thunder storms. Thousands of dollars are annually lost through neglect of having buildings properly protected by lightning rods. The Globe Lightning Rod Company, of London, furnish a reliable article and are noted for honorable dealing."

Ira Holliday and Charles Henderson, the two men whom arrest by Constable Moore and Detective Murphy took place Thursday in Kensington, were brought before Squire Peters yesterday. Holliday was given two months in jail in default of a fine of $5 for drunkenness, and Henderson got two months on each charge of drunkenness and exposing his person.

The citizens of Watford celebrated their civic holiday yesterday by an excursion over the G.W.R. to Port Stanley. The party numbered 225 persons, and was accompanied by the firemen in uniform and the village band. At St. Thomas the excursionists were joined by 275 of the Aylmer people, who are also observing their civic holiday by a trip to the lakeside.

The Holman Opera Company, under the management of Mr. H. T. Wilson, of Chicago, will commence their season on September 5 (fair week) at Ogdensburg. The company is to be the strongest they have had for several years. Mr. Dalton is in Toronto making arrangements for them to play there en route to Ogdensburg.

A party of bicyclists, including members of the London, St. Thomas and Aylmer Clubs, intend leaving London Saturday morning, the 19th of August, and riding to Goderich the same day; distance by the road, 75 miles. After spending Sunday at Pinery Farm, they will make the home trip on Monday.

Mr. John Dearden, of Point Edward, on the occasion of his removal to Detroit, was presented with a beautifully illuminated address and valuable Albert watch-guard and locket from the members of Court Pride of the West, A.O.F., of that village. Bro. Dearden is a P.C.R. of that Court, and highly respected.

Mr. H. Goodwin, lately from England, and Mr. Herbert Davis, son of Judge Davis, of this city, have recently succeeded in passing their primary examination very creditably before G. A. Jones, Dominion Land Surveyor, of this city.

A game of base ball was played on Tecumseh Park Thursday afternoon between the Young Tecumsehs, of this city, and the Young Tecumseths, of London South, which resulted in favor of the former by a score of 19 to 4.

A spirited horse attached to a buggy dashed away from the front of Kay's photograph gallery, on Dundas street, Thursday, but was stopped before it had passed over a block. There was a child in the rig at the time.

The engineers of the Credit Valley have run two or three other surveys into the Galt Valley, seeking the most feasible route for the proposed "spur" line into the town.

Judge Hughes, of St. Thomas, has a curious antique time-piece in his office, which has been in possession of his family for one hundred years.

Bro. Ed. C. Ryott, of Court Myrtle A. O. F., of Woodstock, has been chosen as delegate to the Subsidiary High Court, which meets in Toronto on the 22nd inst.

Ed. Beattie, the notorious "crook," made a second unsuccessful attempt to escape from the jail a Mount Clemmens, Mich., on Thursday night.

Mr. H. Betzemond, of Westminster, has been summoned to answer a charge of selling liquor during prohibited hours.

A lacrosse match will soon be played between the "Beppys," of Lucknow, and the "Beavers," of Kincardine.

POLICE PENCILLINGS.—Squire Peters disposed of the business brought before him yesterday with commendable despatch. A young man paid $1 and costs for breach of by-law in driving at an immoderate gait on the public street. The charge of using abusive language preferred against Louis Lambert by Annie Keenan was dismissed without costs. John O'Hara pleaded that it was his first drunk, and he was allowed to take it. Holliday and Henderson were arrested at the corner of Richmond and Dundas streets Thursday night while acting in a disorderly manner and threatening to fight, were fined $1 each and witness' fees. Nellie Orr and Annie Bartlett, the two girls who were charged with being guilty of indecent conduct, were allowed to go upon giving bail to appear when called on for vagrancy. The charge of vagrancy and breach of the Firearms Act against Ernest Weaver, the man with the $1,000 silver certificate, was enlarged until Tuesday next.

SHOULD BE ATTENDED TO.—The Kincardine *Standard* says:—"We have yet seen no hill or mullen of the Western Fair here, while there are a number of the Toronto Industrial. The Directors of London must look sharp if they wish to maintain their reputation of having the best show in the Province." It has since come to our knowledge that the Western Fair posters posted at Toronto have been shamefully torn and mutilated by some person. It is to be hoped that the Directors of the Toronto fair have had no hand in this matter. The Toronto Fair bills in and about London are not molested, and there is no good ground why the London posters should be destroyed.

I. O. G. T.—At the regular meeting of Victoria Lodge, No. 668, the following officers were elected and installed by Sis. M. E Bryant, G. V. T., of Mount Brydges:—Bro. M. Meighen, W. C. T.; Sis. A. Anderson, W. V. T.; Bro. Wm. Deacon, R. S.; Bro. T. H. Robinson, P. S.; Sis. Hastings, W. T.; Bro. Browne, W. M.; Sis. A. Brodie, W. C.; Sis. L. George, D. M.; Sis. M. Law, I. G.; Bro. Meade, O. G.; Sis. K. George, P. W. C. T.; T. H. Robinson, S. D.

THE PLOTTER.—The cells at the police station were empty last night. Thomas Heward was arrested yesterday by Detective Murphy on a charge of larceny preferred by H. Scott, and was bailed till Monday. Three city grocers have been summoned to appear this morning, on complaint of Inspector Henderson, for alleged breach of the liquor law. John McGirk will also appear for breach of by-law, and Alfred Clegg for using abusive language to Mr. C. Rose, Bella A. E. Carmichael, Alice Cowan, Tha Ross, Katie McMurphy, Minnie S. Tye, Effie Campbell, Phille Ff. Hughes, James R. McAbie, John M. Anderson, William A. McCullough, Thomas J. Murphy, Ephraim Northcote, J. F. Benns Rogers, D. Kenneth Black, Duncan McNeil, Mary Stephenson, Lizzie Anderson, Alice A. Anderson, Eliza C. Dewar, Nellie McRabble, Annie Dibb, Mary Thompson, Thereon J. Henderson

Intermediate — William A. Henderson, Alice M. Alway, Jane Cowan, John L. Lockhart, James S. Scott, Carrie Oak, Charles B McAndless, Maggie Armstrong.

ST. MARY'S.

Grade A—Jas. P. Kennedy, Chas Kerr, Chas. O'Donnell, Rosie Dore, Alice Wilcox, Aaron Reynolds, Maggie Dunn, Minie Irvine, Sarah Livingston.

Grade B—Nathan Dempe, Walter S. Ferguson, Peter Gowan, Colin Clarke, Thos. M. Harrison, Mona E. Hynes, Ephraim Irvine, H. Shaff, John T. Wynn, Geo. Wilkie, Jennie Martin, Esther G. Mitchell, Rosa Pierce, Annie Shea, Jessie Sherritt, Laura Boutle, Lillie Cameron, Emma Carson, Rebecca Dinnie, Maggie Egan. Minnie Foster, Lizzie Hillary, Tina Hazell, Alice M. Lane, Maggie Lumsden, Mary Stuart, Clara Vegso, Sarah Walton, Annie Watson, Charlotte A. Whitfield.

Intermediate — John Bothwell, Cyrus Callbaiter, Jas. Davis, Jos Fraser, Andrew A. Kane, Wesley McGuffin, Phil. T. Mc. Loughlin, Wallington McTaggart, John D. Watson, Mary Bell, Curtis Hilliard, Maggie Hardrick, Mina Lemery, Annie V. Wilson, Jas. Dempsy, Jos. Norris, Frank Shaef (passed in Latin).

CLINTON.

Grade A—John Beatty, Hannah Kinsman, Jas. Butchart, Douglas Fraser, John McGregor, David M. Walker.

Grade B—William Ross, Albert H. Plummer, Chas. Grant, Wm. E. Gundy, Alex. Tunstall, Alfred Barnhill, Jennie C. Mc. Lennan, Jemima C. Hetrie, Jessie Robinson, Duncan McGregor, George A. Newton, Wm. Wallace.

Intermediate—George Wm. Gealey, John C. McLennan, Walter H. Baker, Ernest Rawlands, Robt. Fleady, Robt Reid.

INGERSOLL.

Grade A—Margaret Smith, Agnes Barr, Sara Crawford, William H. Chamberlain.

Grade B—James Mackenzie, Margaret A. Blair, Marian McKay, Catherine Sutherland, Isaac Beaty, Joseph James Gray, Wesley Kerr, Edwin A. Hagill, Reuben Minkler, George Elliott, Beatie McKay.

Intermediate—Margaret McKay, Jessie Cook, William Hammond, John W. Sifton.

LISTOWEL.

Grade A—Sarah McCloy.

Grade B—Maggie Gibbons, Florence Nichol, Jessie Climie, Addie Clayton, Geo. Fowler, Carry and Ella Bingham, Robert W. Riddell, James H. McBain.

Intermediate—Jeanie Irvin, Hugh Davidson.

LONDON.

Grade A—Fred Cathro, Augusta Sutton, Margaret Braithwaite

Grade B—John Dobbin, David G. McNeil, Percy Moore, John McGinnis, Alfred Wood, Wheaton, Ella Ann Anderson, Jennie S. Elliott, Eugenie Jarvis, Mary J. O'Donohoe, Kate O'Donohoe, Mary Shea, Maggie Talbot, Louise M. Weedy, Guy Palmer, Victoria Braithwaite, Sarah McDougall, Anna McDougall, John James Kelly, George W. Robinson.

Intermediate—Richard Bayley, Nell McLean, Francis Hodgins, Elizabeth Coleman, Mary Durkin, Annie English, Edith A. Ferguson, Mark H. Reeve, Hattie O'Donnell, Annie Dibb, Mary Thompson, Thereon J. Henderson

Intermediate — William A. Henderson, Alice M. Alway, Jane Cowan, John L. Lockhart, James S. Scott, Carrie Oak, Charles B McAndless, Maggie Armstrong.

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Intermediate — John Bothwell, Cyrus Callbaiter, Jas. Davis, Jos Fraser, Andrew A. Kane, Wesley McGuffin, Phil. T. Mc. Loughlin, Wallington McTaggart, John D. Watson, Mary Bell, Curtis Hilliard, Maggie Hardrick, Mina Lemery, Annie V. Wilson, Jas. Dempsy, Jos. Norris, Frank Shaef (passed in Latin).

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE "MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE."
THE "MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL."
ANGOSTURA FRUIT SALT

—AT—

Harkness & Co.,

Druggists, Simcoe Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

THE INTERMEDIATE.

Result of the Midsummer Examinations.

List of Successful Candidates in the Western District.

Following is the list of candidates who have passed the intermediate examination at the various examination centres mentioned. Those obtaining grades A and B are regarded as having passed the non professional examinations for second-class certificates. Those who obtained the intermediate standing are regarded as having passed the non-professional examination for third-class certificates. It is to be observed that the fact of a candidate passing in a particular place is not necessarily an indication of the work of the High School there, as many come up for examination without attending the High School where the examination was held. The results in the case of certain candidates and schools, not included in the above list, are still under consideration, in view of special circumstances attending the examination.

AYLMER.

Grade B—Frank Davis, Clay Miller, Alice Arnold, Amelia Pearl

Intermediate—John Huffman, John Hunter, Florence Dredge, Estie Stewart.

CHATHAM.

Grade A—Ida Madden, Wm. Johnson, Osman Shoesmaker, Arthur H Sinclair.

Grade B—Maggie Henry, Jessie Heath, Annie McDougall, Belle McNaughton, Bessie Nichol, Mary Small, Jabez Agar, Harry D. Cowan William H. Parnell, Duncan Walker, Wm. Williamson, Walter Tarasher, Thos. C. Somerville.

Intermediate — Bella Fletcher, Lizzie Smith, Luella Shenly, Linda Wilson, Wm. Chipperton, Anna Ridley, Robert Watson, Isaac William Healy, John R. Pickard (passed in Latin).

CLINTON.

Grade A—John Beatty, Hannah Kinsman, Jas. Butchart, Douglas Fraser, John McGregor, David M. Walker.

Grade B—William Ross, Albert H. Plummer, Chas. Grant, Wm. E. Gundy, Alex. Tunstall, Alfred Barnhill, Jennie C. Mc. Lennan, Jemima C. Hetrie, Jessie Robinson, Duncan McGregor, George A. Newton, Wm. Wallace.

Intermediate—George Wm. Gealey, John C. McLennan, Walter H. Baker, Ernest, Rawlands, Robt. Fleady, Robt Reid.

INGERSOLL.

Grade A—Margaret Smith, Agnes Barr, Sara Crawford, William H. Chamberlain.

Grade B—James Mackenzie, Margaret A. Blair, Marian McKay, Catherine Sutherland, Isaac Beaty, Joseph James Gray, Wesley Kerr, Edwin A. Hagill, Reuben Minkler, George Elliott, Beatie McKay.

Intermediate—Margaret McKay, Jessie Cook, William Hammond, John W. Sifton.

LISTOWEL.

Grade A—Sarah McCloy.

Grade B—Maggie Gibbons, Florence Nichol, Jessie Climie, Addie Clayton, Geo. Fowler, Carry and Ella Bingham, Robert W. Riddell, James H. McBain.

Intermediate—Jeanie Irvin, Hugh Davidson.

LONDON.

Grade A—Fred Cathro, Augusta Sutton, Margaret Braithwaite

Grade B—John Dobbin, David G. McNeil, Percy Moore, John McGinnis, Alfred Wood, Wheaton, Ella Ann Anderson, Jennie S. Elliott, Eugenie Jarvis, Mary J. O'Donohoe, Kate O'Donohoe, Mary Shea, Maggie Talbot, Louise M. Weedy, Guy Palmer, Victoria Braithwaite, Sarah McDougall, Anna McDougall, John James Kelly, George W. Robinson.

Intermediate—Richard Bayley, Nell McLean, Francis Hodgins, Elizabeth Coleman, Mary Durkin, Annie English, Edith A. Ferguson, Mark H. Reeve, Hattie O'Donnell, Annie Dibb, Mary Thompson, Thereon J. Henderson

Intermediate — William A. Henderson, Alice M. Alway, Jane Cowan, John L. Lockhart, James S. Scott, Carrie Oak, Charles B McAndless, Maggie Armstrong.

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Grade A—Jas. P. Kennedy, Chas Kerr, Chas. O'Donnell, Rosie Dore, Alice Wilcox, Aaron Reynolds, Maggie Dunn, Minie Irvine, Sarah Livingston.

Grade B—Nathan Dempe, Walter S. Ferguson, Peter Gowan, Colin Clarke, Thos. M. Harrison, Mona E. Hynes, Ephraim Irvine, H. Shaff, John T. Wynn, Geo. Wilkie, Jennie Martin, Esther G. Mitchell, Rosa Pierce, Annie Shea, Jessie Sherritt, Laura Boutle, Lillie Cameron, Emma Carson, Rebecca Dinnie, Maggie Egan. Minnie Foster, Lizzie Hillary, Tina Hazell, Alice M. Lane, Maggie Lumsden, Mary Stuart, Clara Vegso, Sarah Walton, Annie Watson, Charlotte A. Whitfield.

Intermediate — John Bothwell, Cyrus Callbaiter, Jas. Davis, Jos Fraser, Andrew A. Kane, Wesley McGuffin, Phil. T. Mc. Loughlin, Wallington McTaggart, John D. Watson, Mary Bell, Curtis Hilliard, Maggie Hardrick, Mina Lemery, Annie V. Wilson, Jas. Dempsy, Jos. Norris, Frank Shaef (passed in Latin).

ALL THE FINEST

PERFUMES

Mary Stuart,
Young Glory,
White Rose,
Stephanotis,

—AT—

SAUNDERS' DRUG STORE

188 Dundas Street.

WARDSVILLE

Grade B—Wm. Hedley, Duncan Melntyre, Richard Whitting, Anna Elizabeth Fry, Amelia W. Otter, Nettie Hall Rutherford.

Intermediate—Ida Alberta Kuna.

WINDSOR.

Grade B—Jessie Anderson, Mary E. Butterworth, Millie Grant, Annie E. Fuller, Donald M. Daniel, E. Lockhan, Nell A. McGillivray.

WOODSTOCK.

Grade A—Robert Ross, Reuben S. Frelich.

Grade B—Dramel Cheesbro, James Daxton, Ethelbert Hill, Robert Matheson, Donald Sutherland, Lincoln Vandecar, Agnes Keith, Jessie Laidlaw, George Bell, Robert George Laycock, John Edgington, Allis Kipp.

Intermediate — John McDonald, John Watson, Walter Watts, Mary Boyce, Elizabeth Gordon, Elizabeth Taylor.

WATFORD.

Intermediate — Herbert Home, John A. McLeary.

CANADIAN LITERARY INSTITUTE, WOODSTOCK.

Grade B—Maria C. Harrison, Annie Vining, David B. Bentley, George Given, A. J. McKay.

LOCAL NOTICES

HEAR Talmage at Grimsby on the 21st. Cheap excursion on G. W. R. 812b

Every student of music in America has just reason to feel proud of the facilities now afforded by the New England Conservatory of Music. The new Home, admirably adapted for the purpose for which it will be used, is situated in the heart of Boston, the home of music, literature and art in America. The New England Conservatory is at once the largest music school and conservatory and the largest and finest building in the world used for such a purpose.

NOTICE.—The ground, bakehouse, stores, and four and loft dwelling tenements of London East hereby beg to give notice that they will, on and after March 25th, 1883, close their stores at 7 o'clock p. m. (Saturday of each week and the 24th and 25th of each month excepted. 117b

Go to Grimsby on the 19th and hear the Boy Preacher, Rev. T. Harrison. Cheap excursion on G. W. R. H2b

FREEMIRE Bros. purchased the confectionery and bakery business from H. H. Gore, 519 Richmond street, on the 15th May. Same bakers. Same quality of bread, ice cream parlor open every evening. Come early and often. The above does not in any way affect our Sewing Machine business on Dundas street. W. R. FREEMIRE, Manager. Pl6eto-tu

Ladies in the city will find a basa full assortment of silver jewellery, and the best selected stock of colored gold and agate jewellery in the west at Murray's. Anywhere else advertising two articles just received. Prices low and goods guaranteed at this establishment.

Trunks and valises retail at wholesale prices at SCARROW'S, 393 Dundas street.

Bawn Mowers, best in the market. Garden shears and hedge pruners, escapes fish, scorsions, wringers, washing machines, mangles. SCARROW'S MORRIS, Hardware, 393 Dundas street.

Rubber hose of best quality, nozzles, couplings, hose reels, lawn rakes, garden shears. T. HERBERT MARSH, 187 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HERBERT MARSH, 187 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received from Winsor & Newsy & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Brunner, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Dundas and Colborne streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS lithographic Department.

Have you seen the new lemon squeezers, the newest and best pattern in the market. A large assortment of soaps and washers at all prices. T. HERBERT MARSH, 187 Dundas street

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear and gents' men's shirts, go to MRS. JOHNSON, 373 Clarence street, London. H19vs

MISS HARRIS, 393 Dundas street, has just received a large assortment of chair cushions, ottomans, slippers, slipper holders, bananette brackets, etc., etc. These goods are in beads, Berlin wool, crewels. Hand-painted tidies and scrocne. They are exquisite and unsurpassed for new designs and low prices. A call will fully repay all lovers of fancy work. No trouble to show goods. G18m

FRESH OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall.

CROCKERY and Glassware Bonbons for sale. Established nine years. The reason for selling: going into the wholesale.—No. 19 Market, London. J11th

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred then and dollars' worth of general dry goods carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold without reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winter goods before the stock is broken up.—R. S MURRAY & Co.

Ladies having hats and bonnets to do over will do well to call on Miss F. L. Anderson, 382 Clarence street, for all the latest styles: also hair combings made to order. E18th

"Gospel Hymns Combined," containing the first, second, third and fourth series, at W. L. CARRUTHERS, the stationer, 447 Richmond street.

MANHATTAN FEED.—Geo. McS com, seed merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square, ... ole agent for this unrivalled food for horse ... cows, calves, and all kinds of stock. Has given ...nmense satisfaction everywhere. Try a sample lot.

REVERE HOUSE, London, Ont.—First-class in every respect. Refitted throughout. Opposite Masonic Temple. Street railway pass every ten minutes.—J. MCDONALD, proprietor.

O. B. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall papers, window shades, spring rollers picture frames, mirrors, &c. Paper hanging kalsomining and curtains put up by best workmen in town or country.—229 Dundas street.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap —328 Ridout street.

For ladies and children's underwear call at the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Office and show Rooms, 393 Dundas street, where you can get the best of goods at lowest prices; also ladies' corsets.

KITSELVEN

Crown Hotel, Lilley's Block, London East Good stabling; bar furnished with best brands liquors and cigars.—A. APPLETON, Proprietor

Fitzcotyn

Gold and silver fringe, lace and braid for trimming regalias and badges. Millinery in all the latest styles, also a large stock of feathers just received, Miss. Demorest's reliable pastern at MRS. GALLEWAY'S, 168 Dundas street.

CITY CROCKERY STORE—HALL & CO.—Bedroom sets a specialty. By small expenses we can sell cheaper than our neighbors. No. 15 Market Square

MILLINERY.—Mrs. R. M. DUNCAN.—Go to 225 Richmond street to get your hats and bonnets done over by first-class milliners. All the latest designs in trimmings. Trimmed to order.

S. ILLARD, manufacturer of genin boots and shoes; neatest styles best material; perfect fit. 212 King street.

CHESTER'S ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignment of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also fancy goods and stationery. The old reliable store. [established 1857. L20y

Mutual Marriage Aid Association of Canada for unmarried persons. Sol Cooper, agent for London. Office, 89 Queen's avenue, between Waterloo and Colborne streets, where easy further information may be obtained.

J. Pescott has opened a Shaving Parlor at the Clarence House. The best satisfaction guaranteed. A call solicited. P18vs

The "Westminster House," 89 King street, London. Kept neat, clean and quiet, by J. W MARTIN. "Old ale a specialty." B6-1a

Now is your time to buy a "Puritan" woven wire mattress, as they are selling at greatly reduced prices at the factory, 393 Richmond street. E. N. HUNT. L15y

MISS R. S. ALLEN, 193 Dundas street, has on hand a full and well selected stock of spring and summer millinery and fancy goods. French flowers, hand dresses, lace goods children's robes, hosiery and gloves also the latest styles in mantle making. Mourning orders promptly attended to.

ISAAC HOBB, Watchmaker, &c., has removed next door to *Herald* office, with a fine stock of watches, gold rings, lockets and chatelain chains. Repairing carefully executed. Richmond street. K18y

St. Nicholas Restaurant, Carling street, just opposite Richmond. Everything first-class. Lunch from 12 to 2 o'clock daily. H. PURDAM. D22tu

Cancers taken out in fourteen days by one plaster. All skin diseases cured. Purify your blood by using my Invigorator. Electricity given. J. A. MORRISON, 393 King street. D14tu

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes. New lasts. Exact stock perfect fits.—404 Clarence street, London. Ont L7y

JOSEPH ANTHONIOR, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes all the latest styles The best material, at 393 Dundas street; fit cheaper than any other place to city. D9tu

Dried Fruits, California Apricots, Raisin Cured Prunes, Pitted Plums, Evaporated Plums and Peaches just received at R. MOUNTJOY'S.

Visitors to the city will find HAWTHORNE'S Hotel Restaurant, 393, 395, 397 Dundas street, the most convenient place for meals. Oysters received daily, in bulk and in shell. Every thing reasonable and to please.

New summer dress material in sun's rolling lace, buntings, printed muslins, prints, &c., &c., cheap, at J. J. GIBSON'S.

Summer underclothing in variety, at J. J. GIBSON'S.

MISS BUCHERY, Millinery, 312 Dundas street, London, agent for Mdme. Dubois et fils, ostrich feather manufacturers, Toronto. Bronze medals Toronto and London Exhibitions. ly

Ladies guaranteed to stand city pressure. Dongolas, cac, very cheap. Lewis patents, water-works pips, etc., put up by first-class workmen. A written guarantee given with all bons.—HEARD & CHAMBERLAY, 10 Masonic Temple, King street.

CHRISTMAS.—New jewelry, new clocks, new wedding and shaped rings, our own make, at WHITLAND'S, second door north of City Hall, Richmond street. Will give solid value for your money. K11y

W. J. BRYANTON is selling parlor suites at very low prices. They are warranted first class. Manufactured on the premises, No. 128 King street, opposite the Market. — W. J. BRYANTON. J25y

Miss J. Buckley (from Regent street, London, Eng.), 213 Dundas street. Caps for evening wear from the latest French designs; choice wreaths, flower materials and sprays for the hair, and corsage made to order. Crepe Lisse Frillings.

Watch and clock materials and tools at M. C MARSHALL'S, 213 Dundas street, London.

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Clocks, Watches and Plated ware. Novelties. Mineral Clocks and Ink Stands from Colorado. Give us a call.

Ladies, now is the time to have your Lace Curtains fixed for the season. Can be done up in first-class style at the London Steam Laundry, 227 King street, between Clarence and Wellington streets. J. FOX.

THE SCIOTA DISASTER

Friends of the Victims Entering Suits for Damages Against the Steamer's Owners.

Wheeling, West Va., Aug. 11.—Seven suits, aggregating $70,000, were entered yesterday against the Wheeling, Parkersburg, and Cincinnati Transportation Company by legal representatives of the sufferers by the Scioto disaster. There were fifty seven victims, and it is likely a suit will be entered in each case.

SHIPPING.

New York, Aug. 11.—Arrived, Stella, from Amsterdam; Donau, from Bremen; Nederland, from Antwerp.

Queenstown, Aug. 11.—Arrived, Wisconsin.

Liverpool, Aug. 11.—Arrived, Scythia, Antwerp, Aug. 11.—Arrived, Z.eland.

PRESENTATION.—A number of the employes of the Grand Western freight department presented Mr. Joseph M. Wilson with a handsome silver cruet stand and water pitcher at the Metropolitan House on Thursday night. Mr. McWhinnie made the presentation with a few words expressive of the regret with which Mr. Wilson's fellow-officials received his departure from among them, and wishing him well in his new situation.

Financial and Commercial.

The London Real Estate & Agency Association.

Stock Brokers and Financial Agents.

Farms and City Property bought and sold on commission. Properties given in before 1st Sept. will appear in new list.

T. W. SMART, Manager.

London Markets.

Reported Daily for the Free Press.

London, Friday, August 11, 1882.

The attendants on the market to day were few, as almost invariably happens on this day of the week. Any of the products offered went at yesterday's figures. Thursday's quotations repeated.

GRAIN.

	Per 100 lbs.	
Red wheat, fall	0 00	0 00
Daihi, old crop	1 25	1 30
Treadwell, old	1 25	1 30
Clawson, old	1 25	1 30
" new crop	went at Large	
	$1 20 to $1 24	
Corn	0 00	1 00
Barley	1 00	1 00
Oats	1 00	1 00
Peas	1 00	1 00

MEATS.

Beef, 100 lbs	7 00	8 00
Mutton, lb	1 12	1 25
Lamb, per qr	3 00	4 00
Veal, per lb	5 00	6 00

POULTRY (dressed).

Chickens, pair	0 50	0 60
Ducks, pair	0 50	70
Geese, each	0 60	70
Turkeys, each	1 00	1 50

GROCERY (Undressed).

Chickens, pair	0 50	0 60
Ducks, pair	0 50	60

CARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR

Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

AND STOCK LAGER.

In casks and bottles. ☞ Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED

HALF & HALF,

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Birth

In this city, on the 11th inst., the wife of John Labatt, Esq., of a daughter.

Married.

At Chicago, Ill., August 7, 1882, at the residence of Thomas Horton, Esq., brother of Judge Horton, of Toronto, Ont., by the Rev. F. Fleetwood, Rector of St. Mark's Church, J. L. Mann, of Strathroy, Ont., to Minnie E., second daughter of H. Dixon, Esq., H. M. Customs, Hamilton, Ont.

Died.

In this city, on the 11th inst., youngest daughter of Elizabeth and Jno. Gilmore, aged months and 16 days.

In this city, on Sunday, the 13th instant, Captain D. Millar, late Adjutant Royal Canadian Rifles Regiment, aged 68 years.

☞ The funeral will take place to-day from a late residence, corner of York and Maitland sts. Service will commence at 2.30, and the moral will leave at 3 o'clock for Woodland emetery. Friends are respectfully invited to tend.

In this city, infant son of James and Mary ammon.

☞ Funeral will leave 744 Colt arne street to- 7 (Monday) at 4 o'clock.

In August 12th, Bertha, only daughter Charles and Elizabeth Depper, aged 13 aths and 21 days.

☞ Funeral will leave the family residence, 168 William street, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

ASE BALL MATCH, ON TUESDAY, 15th inst., at 4 p. m., on Tecumseh k, Burgess vs. Beatties. All good play- Admission, 10 cents. Hilt

ARDEN PARTY WILL BE held at Mount Hope on Monday evening, st 14th, for the benefit of the Saint ke's Benevolent Society. The Servants alace Band will be in attendance with a al programme for dancing. Refreshments provide. Gates open at 7 o'clock. Admion, 10c. Hilty

MEETINGS.

ILHARMONIC SOCIETY ill meet for practice this evening in Victoria Hall.—J. W. Hoor, Sec. 67

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this heading or send per week each insertion.

R SALE — A SUPERIOR ock of groceries and first-class business. The stock will be sold cheap. Apply to premises, R. A. Jonnson, Adelaide north, near the camp grounds. Fldr

R SALE OR TO LET—ON THE ner of Litchfield and Richmond streets, odern grocery and a good stock of groes now on hand, and will sell cheap, for Apply to JOHN NELSON, 393 Richmond t

EL FOR SALE—THE "DEW DROP" INN, on the Wharncliffe Road, linster, is offered for sale by the owner, a satisfactory reason for disposing of it. of land is attached to the premises. ommodation. Good business done. easy. Apply on premises to Mrs. Hilt

EL BUSINESS FOR SALE— he furniture, fixtures, &c., of St. Clair Barrie. Large house can be had of the me.—Apply to F. W. HARPER, Prop. tf

AL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this heading one cent ord each insertion.

RM FOR SALE, PART OF LOT , Con. 5 of West Nissouri, containing 50 of choice land. Apply to WM. EVANS, on the premises. 1

BOARD AND LODGING.

RNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, at 152 Maple street. Hilt

ANTED—BY AN ELDERLY gentleman, a furnished room in a private with breakfast at half-past seven. Terms ht moderate. Address C. M., Free Office. Hlttr

WANTED TO RENT.

TED TO RENT, A COT- AGE in Westminster, containing six oms, servant's room, drawing and dining oms. Must be pleasantly situated. ARKER, P. O. box 127, city. Hlttr

TO LET.

S TO RENT TWO NICE furnished front rooms. Apply to 326 Hlttr

NT—OFFICE—WITH OR t furniture, including safe, or for rm of terms; or telephone and room- ply to H. WADDELL, 413 Talbot Hltf

T, THAT VERY DESIR- residence (two-story brick) on the Highgate and north corner of street. For particulars apply at ware House, Dundas st. Ch'y

ELIGIBLE STORES IN Buildings, Richmond street, to rent- ly in the occupation of the American s and Montreal Telegraph Co. ap- rate. Possession at once. Apply on Hlttr

FOR SALE

FOR SALE AT 2 OX- street. Hlttr

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGE LICENSES CAN BE ed on application at residence or YARD HARRIS, 1303½ Hlttr

IO DEMITS, ARTISTIC boxes, at FREE PRESS Office. All ety Printing in the best style of the

AL.—A. R. MURDOCK, has removed to his new premises, Park, with ample room to store all his stock and enough to meet all his old or new friends with a the most reasonable.—A. R. MURDOCK

OTS AND SHOES.

AND SHOES.—EVERY ade to order, good, stylish and AVELLA'S, 370 Talbot street. City

UE & CUTLER NOW Owners' old stand, the Market Mall buildings. A full assortment fe Lasting and Gents' Boots, Shoe- Shoes, &c. Repairs neatly, expedi- hoggily done. Work made to order ed free from shoddy. Christmas ons exactly suit up. Kitty

ID-HAND CLOTHING.

FF CLOTHING. — SELL ast-off Clothing to A. Monnis, 227 est, for he pays the highest price- ere him a trial, for he beats all in rders left to call will be promptly . LICHTENBURG, 227 Dundas st. ne money on all kinds of goods- ny one in business will find it to ays by calling. Hlttr

POOL CLOTHING HOUSE highest cash price paid for second- ng and boots and shoes. Also for- he largest stocks of second-hand te city.—WILLIAM JENKINS, 209 between Clarence and Wellington eodly

ES HAVING CAST-OFF ng will do well to call on T. FOX, l Pawn-Broker, Lends money on watches, jewelry, silverware, &c. totly private. 276 Clarence street, ttlow

ES HAVING SECOND clothing to part with will do well Mrs. Keefe, 344 Wellington street ome and buy the highest price at al carriages, and small also, new hats, caps on hand. Hlttr

D HAND CLOTHING t for cash by SAINSBURY, 224½ ington west of Market Square. Ad- dealer in Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Bedding, Carpets, Mantles, Millinery- goods for sale by auction, M.-S- thing to sell ordered on, and taking to ttr eodly

JEWELERS, &c.

PITT.—A GREAT VA- ty of new articles suitable for Xmas ents' gifts. You cannot buy to ntage anywhere. Jobbing work to Mr. work is well-known, and the in the city come to me for repairs Hlttr

LRY ENGRAVING EXE- 20 neatly and with dispatch at the shortest FREE PRESS Office.

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1882 WHOLE NO. 8241

PURE GRAPE JUICE.

A Delicious Wine for Invalids—lighter than Port.

WARRANTED (ABSOLUTELY PURE —AND—

Lime Juice, Lemon Syrup, Lemonade Powder

Make refreshing drinks for hot weather.

AT SHUFF'S DRUG STORE

nswf Dundas St. East.

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of

OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh

187 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

BARBER WANTED AT ST. Thomas.—Good wages. Enquire at 266 Richmond street, London. 7

BOY WANTED TO WORK ON Farm.—Apply to LOCK, Farm Pupils Pro. Co.

CIGAR-MAKERS WANTED. — Six-dollar scrap mould work. Steady employment. No Union men need apply. Address at once, J. W. COUDERAY & SON, Clarenville, N.Y. Hltf

SHIRT AND BUTTON-HOLE makers wanted.—WESTERN SHIRT FACTORY, over Express Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

TO WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS — Wanted, by a man, a place in the above. Well up in the wholesale. Good references Address H., this office. Hlttr

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A COOK WANTED FOR A SMALL family. Apply to MRS. CARLING, Cedar Grove. tf

SERVANTS FOR ALL KINDS of work constant demand for change for girls. Servants who want the best of places, or employers who require good girls of any kind will do well to call at the London Temperance Coffee House, Market Square.—R. COTTAM. tf

THOSE WHO WANT SERVANTS can get supplied at short notice, by calling at daily girls applying for situations. Girls, if you want a good place and good wages, come to D. J. OSBORN'S Intelligence Office, 39 Dundas street.

HOTELS.

OLD CHRIS, SIX YEARS AT the Albion Saloon, has got out on his own hook and taken charge of Masonic House, 69 Dundas St. The Bar is furnished with the best brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited. Glvn

WINDSOR HOTEL, STRATFORD, H. GLOVER, Proprietor. First-class house, new furniture, steam heated, electric bells, baths and water. Fine sample rooms on ground floor. The only first-class accommodation in Stratford for travelling public. 1

MEDICAL.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear, Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on first and third Thursday of each month. Cross-eye straightened. Hlttr-eow

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, HARVEY TERRACE, 468 Talbot st., London.

DR. WILSON F.T.M.S.—OFFICE and residence, 394 Talbot st., near York. Ottlh

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England. First brick house east of Adelaide street, on Queen's avenue, with Glenside's specialty. Clmf

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England, No. 7 Dundas st., London East. Skin diseases a specialty. Hlwod-ly

DRS. ECCLES & WISHART, corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington street.

F. B. ECCLES, M.D., Graduate of Victoria University, Cobourg, and Member of the Royal College of Physicians, London, England.

J. WISHART, M. B., Graduate of the Medical College of Surgeons, Montreal, and Member of the Royal College of Physicians, London, England. Special attention to the eye and ear. Office hours, 8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m., and 7 to 8 p.m. Hlttr

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. Ryerson, L. R. C. P., S. E., lecturer on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto; oculist and aurist, Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at the Tecumseh House, London, on Saturday, August 12.—87 Church St., Toronto. ly

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS again at the old stand, 139 Dundas Street, Eagle Loan Co.'s Building.

GOLD FILLINGS AND ARTIFICIAL Dentures is the highest style of the art.—H. K. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas. Ulny

H. M'LAREN, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST. Office removed over Bradford's Confectionery store, opposite Crystal Hall, 186 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. Teeth extracted without pain.

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Strong's Block, London. Hlly

L. M'DONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS.—Office: Dundas street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery Store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Fly

S. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST—Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Morris' hardware store. ly

LEGAL.

I. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ontario. Ldnly

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont.

GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc. 68 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. CHESTER GLASS DAVID GLASS, Q.C. G. M. LUSCOMBE. Hlttly

GIBBONS, M'NAB & M'KULKERN Barristers, etc. London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. GIBBONS, GEO. C. GIBBONS. GEO. M'NAB. P. M'KULKERN. FRED F. HARPER.

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Office—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. M'KILLOP. Dldly

HALF PRICE All kinds of Second-hand Theological Text-books, Literature, Science, Miscellaneous and other Books, at CLARKE'S, 267 Richmond street, for half price. N.B.—Gift Libraries and Sunday Libraries wanted for cash. Highest price paid. Hltfw

SMOKE

V.T.C

-C-U-T—P-L-U-G-

SUPERIOR Virginia Tobacco, tuw-mf

SMOKE

CABLE

—AND—

EL PADRE CIGARS.

To be had on every Railway Train in Canada and of all first-class Hotels and Stores. Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SON, MONTREAL.

TORONTO BRANCH—24 Church Street. FACTORY—44 and 46 McGill street, 71 and 73 Sheppard street. Box Factory—115 Kind street, Montreal.

CALL AT OUR SHOW ROOMS AND IN SPECIAL OUR DISPLAY OF

SANITARY GOODS

With water attached; also the

NEW ALEXANDER WATER CLOSET

London Sanitary & Heating Works,

264 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

McLENNAN & FRYER

tuthu-ly

CHANGE OF

COAL & WOOD BUSINESS

I HAVE PLEASURE IN AN nouncing that I have disposed of my Coal and Wood business to

MR. D. McDONALD,

and bespeak for him the same liberal patronage which has been extended to myself.—W. A. McCOMBE Any accounts due me must be paid to myself or Mr McDonald immediately. Clients

A. DENHOLM, Jr.

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Street (between Waterloo and Colborne), manufacturer Venetian blinds of all descriptions to order; also repairing and refitting work generally. N.B.—There is nocombination for a new blind. Hlttr-eow

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam, at JAMES F. HUEY'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 395 Richmond street. Dthly

GENUINE ITALIAN ICE Cream, for sale by the gallon or others. Only place in the city where it can be enjoyed to-day. Also Confectionery, Fine Candies and Fruit.—JOHN BRUNDAGE, opposite the Grigg House. Glvn

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department FREE PRESS Office.

KALUS & JB. BROWN NOW undertake all descriptions of Cabinet Work and Upholstery, in addition to their old stand, Talbot street, Aylmer. Also at Baker's Block, 363 Dundas st. Mr. Kalus still personally superintends the Carpet Department. Estimates given. Billiard tables refitted. Hltfy

MURDOCK, ARMSTRONG, BEDDOE & CO., Surveyors, Land Brokers, Financial Agents, etc. Offices—Masonic Block; Draughting Room, 93 and 95 Dundas street, opposite Market Square, entrance Wellington street. Money to loan. Farms surveyed and sold. A. MURDOCK, M.P.P., B.C.L., Q.C. ARMSTRONG, J. C. GLASS, B.A., B.C.L. W. A. BEDDOE, B.A. Hlttly

NEW TINSHOP OPENED—518 Richmond street. Full lines of Tinware, Coal Oil Lamps, Jobbing a specialty.—WM. PUTNEY.

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department FREE PRESS Office.

THE MOST RELIABLE PLACE to obtain the highest price for house, scrap-iron, copper, brass, lead, zinc, rags and bottles, is at GRAHAM'S, 248 Wellington street. Glvn

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer Roofing Material, wholesale. Also, contractor for laying asphalt, gum sidewalk and block pavement. All work guaranteed and promptly attended to. Refer- ence on application to 60 Wellington street, London, Ont. Hlttly

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS —For sale by the FREE PRESS PRINTING Co., one of these excellent presses. Takes a form 32x47. Does excellent work. Has been in use 12 months. Is well suited for a country office. For specimen of work, price and other particulars apply at this office. tf

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE— A twelve-horse up-right steam boiler; in use for a short time by the FREE PRESS PRINTING Co. Extra strong. Makes steam fast. Good economizer of fuel.

MUSICAL.

DAYTON'S DANCING ACADEMY, Nlischke's Block, Dundas street, Classes—Gentlemen, Tuesday, at 8 p. m. Ladies—Thursday, at 3 p. m. Juveniles—Saturday at 10 a. m. Private lessons any hour. For terms apply at music store. eodly

QUADRILLE BAND FOR PIC- NICS, &c. Apply to DUNCAN SCHARMAN, 321 Grey street, corner Wellington. Lessons given on cornet and violin. FBtfw

HARDWARE.

5,000 DOZEN POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS). Biggest values in Canadian Harvest Tools, less than factory prices.

HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS, Wholesale Buildings, Richmond st.

FINE ARTS.

FINE ART REPOSITORY—GET your pictures framed at the cheapest house in town. Repository of Fine Art.—F. J. HOOD, 76 Dundas street, near Albert Block.

PLAIN AND FANCY

JOB PRINTING

At the Free Press Office.

TO-DAY

Will be offered

SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY PIECES

NEW ALL WOOL

TWEEDS,

Intended for the Fall Trade, which were Saved from the Flames.

FULLY TWENTY PER CENT.

Below Manufacturers' Prices.

KINGSMILL'S SALE!

GET YOUR BOYS A NEW SUIT

Genuine All-wool Tweeds at 40c. per yard, at Kingsmill's.

RARE CHANCE

Every Merchant Tailor and every General Store-keeper in the West should see the prices Tweeds are selling for at Kingsmill's.

BRING ALONG YOUR MONEY.

See the all-wool Tweeds at 40c., 50c., 60c., 70c., 80c. per yd., at Kingsmill's.

We devote twelve hundred feet of space in our large warehouse to the Great Tweed Sale during the month of August.

Kingsmill's

—THE—

Dry Goods House of the West, London, Ont.

SOLD BY AUCTION JUNE 22nd, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

SAVED FROM THE GREAT FIRE IN VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

THE WAR IN THE EAST

The Anglo-Turkish Military Convention Not Signed.

English Physicians Not to Accompany Turkish Troops to Egypt.

Another Skirmish With Arabi's Outposts.

A Number of the Enemy Killed — British Loss Nothing.

A Manufactory at Cairo Supplying the Rebels with Ammunition.

The Sultan Invites Arabi to Lay Down His Arms.

GERMANY'S ATTITUDE.

Berlin, August 12 — *Granboten*, the official inspired organ, says:—Germany does not risk the loss of the good will of other powers by paralysing or counteracting their policy unless she is absolutely forced to do so. She has neither the wish nor right to play the part of European censor. She will neither give mandate to England to act, nor hinder her from doing what she may think necessary for British interests. The interests of Germany have not been mentioned. If they are mentioned hereafter she will have plenty of time to take her resolution. Her only aim is European peace, which will be maintained.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

Cowes (cable), Aug. 12.—What Lord Dufferin (cable) says, in order to secure harmony in action, is that no movements of Turkish troops, when they are in Egypt, should take place without the preliminary consent of General Wolseley.

MOVEMENT OF TURKISH TROOPS.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—The Turkish delegates to the conference informed Lord Dufferin that no troops will be landed in Egypt until the arrival of the Turkish Special Commissioners.

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL WOLSELEY AT MALTA.

Malta, Aug. 12.—A transport with Gen. Wolseley aboard arrived. Wolseley is quite well, and will continue the voyage to Alexandria this afternoon.

A SPEEDY END TO THE EGYPTIAN TROUBLE ANTICIPATED.

London, Aug. 13.—The Government and its supporters are now very sanguine that there will be no prolonged war, and that the difficulty on the Nile will be over in a few weeks. The Radical element, however, fear that trouble will begin after Arabi is suppressed. A large section of the party demands the exercise of permanent control in Egypt. Others contend that such intervention would be contrary to the true principles of Radicalism. Many influential Liberals anticipate grave discussions on this point. Mr. Gladstone is at present believed to favor delay the work of pacification, and thus giving the other powers an equal share in the benefit. It is stated that forty thousand British troops are now either in Egypt or on the way there.

ARABI'S POSITION.

Alexandria, Aug. 13.—A correspondent yesterday approached within four hundred yards of Arabi's cavalry vedettes. He picked up a leaflet Remington and cartridge, dropped by Arabi's troops during a night attack. The cartridges bore marks of being made at the Tourah works, near Cairo. The discovery is important, as proving that the Tourah works are in operation, which is capable of turning out sixty thousand cartridges daily. There is no active movement of troops in the rear of Arabi's outposts. It is incomprehensible why the English have not no ballcons for reconnaissance work. Yesterday, a religious fast, in which no eating, drinking, or smoking, from sunrise to sunset, is observed until Tuesday, when Arabi is expected to show more activity. Although they are in dispossession from fasting in the time of war, Arabi tried in vain to prevent his men fasting, even by threats of shooting.

TROOPS ARRIVING.

The Caldebrean Guards landed this morning and marched to Ramleh, where a whole brigade of foot guards are now encamped, under the command of the Duke of Connaught.

GERMAN GUARDS WITHDRAWN.

Gen. Alison, having written the commander of the German gunboat Habicht that security was now guaranteed in Alexandria, the German sailors guarding the German hospital were yesterday withdrawn. This removes the last foreign landing party.

STRENGTHENING THE REGIMENTS IN EGYPT.

London, Aug. 13.—It is stated that the army of occupation in Egypt is to be reinforced by the third division of the First Army Corps. A number of regiments have been ordered orders to hold themselves in readiness for active service. The troopship Malabar is at Portsmouth under orders to take this week aboard two thousand additional officers and men to strengthen the regiments in Egypt, while further detachments will embark on the transport Tyrian at Woolwich.

NOT YET SIGNED.

Constantinople, Aug. 13.—The Anglo-Turkish military convention has not yet been arranged, the Sultan not giving his approval to the reports submitted by the Ministers on Saturday. The draft of the convention proposed by England differs in several particulars from the Ottoman draft. There is no idea of giving the Khedive command of the British and Turkish troops in Egypt.

DECORATED.

Cherif Ongleroffi, brother of Hussein Pasha, formerly Grand Sheriff of Mecca, lately assassinated, has received the decoration order of Osmanie. The decoration has caused a sensation.

BRITISH OFFICERS CAUTIONED.

Alexandria, Aug. 13.—After the Guards had been inspected Gen. Adye formed the officers into a circle, and pointed out the duties and hardships of campaigning. He reminded them that they must be prepared to meet an enemy of great strength, courage, determined and well armed. He cautioned them against being too sanguine and over-confident, and to guard against surprises.

Arabi Pasha's vedettes on Aboukir Ridge have been drawn in.

DE LESSEPS SILENCED.

Suez, August 13.—On Saturday, the 12th, the rebels, in great force, took Ismailieh immediately threatening the Canal. The English Admiral occupied the water-works. He will not allow any interference from DeLesseps.

A STRANGE MOVE.

Constantinople, Aug. 13.—A important indication of the spirit which animates the Porte in sending troops to Egypt is found in the fact that twenty Christian medical men appointed to accompany the Egyptian expedition, who received pay, and had made every preparation for departure, were stopped at the last moment, and their places supplied by Mussulmans.

DESTROYING ARABI'S STORES.

Alexandria, August 13.—A party from the gunboat Condar went ashore Sunday afternoon and destroyed stores, gun cotton, &c., beyond Mekks Fort belonging to the enemy. The skirmish beyond Mekks, reported in a previous despatch, occurred on this occasion. Several of the enemy were killed.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Lord Charles Beresford, with a patrol party near Fort Mekks, had a narrow escape from being cut off by Bedouins.

THE SULTAN'S PROCLAMATION.

Cons antinople, Aug. 13.—The proclamation proclaiming Arabi a rebel was reached only after a protracted discussion between the palace clique and the Ministerial party. The Grand Vizier and Minister of Foreign Affairs insisted upon the necessity for the proclamation, and declared that war with England would be a terrible calamity for Turkey, because Russia was ready to march into Asia Minor and Austria to march on Salonica. Arabi has been invited to lay down his arms, and until his reply has been received the proclamation will not become official.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alexandria, Aug. 13.—Church services were held on Sunday afternoon in the city. The enemy's main defences appear to be finished.

It is rumored that Arabi Pasha is sending laborers away to avoid the necessity of feeding them.

The Duke of Connaught has applied to have the marines brigaded with the Guards. This is taken as a compliment by the forces. The news has just been received of a skirmish to the westward of Alexandria, between the Fort. Sailors and marines drove a number of Arabs from the fire of a small field piece. No casualties.

Troops are beginning to grumble and have to sleep on the ground. Mosquitoes are very troublesome.

Malta, Aug. 13.—The transport Tower Hill arrived to-day and proceeded to Alexandria. The troopship Euphrates also arrived, and commenced to take on board the second battalion of the Manchester regiment and a battery of the Royal Artillery.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS

The Condition of Ireland Much Improved.

A Constable in the County Louth Murdered.

Money Sent for Distribution Amongst the Constabulary.

The Authorities Anticipating Trouble at the O'Connell Demonstration.

Land Leaguers to Agitate for the Repeal of the Union.

A Fearful Explosion of Powder in Russia.

Land Leaguers Tried.

London, Aug. 12.—At the convention of the Irish Land League at Manchester upon a resolution for exonerating peasant proprietary as responsible for the rent of the land, an amendment was proposed embodying the principles of Davitt's land nationalization scheme. After an animated discussion the original resolution was carried overwhelmingly.

Manchester, Aug. 13.—At the demonstration to-day in connection with the Land League convention Cowman presided. Biggar and O'Connor were present. Cowman claimed that the Irish party had forced the House of Commons to yield much more than the House intended. He urged the party to continue its united efforts to abolish the union. A resolution thanking the Irish National party in the House of Commons was unanimously passed. Biggar claimed that the Irish party contains some of the ablest men in the House of Commons.

A Constable Shot.

Dublin, Aug. 13.—A constable named Brown was shot and mortally wounded today at Carnaveen, County Louth. Four bullets entered his body. No reasons are assigned for the outrage.

The police arrested five of a company of fifty men found drilling illegally near Dungarvon.

The committee in charge of the Limerick race refused the offer by Clifton Lloyd of a cup valued at £50, to be competed for at the next meeting.

The Inspector-General of Constabulary forwarded last evening to the Constabulary reporters throughout Ireland £180,000 for distribution among the constabulary.

Unreliable Correspondents.

London, August 13.—The *St. James' Gazette*, in an article on foreign correspondents, alludes to the fairness of good correspondents, and states that American journalists are frequently heated partizans, or write for the Irish vote. Private American opinion on Ireland is always contrary to the American press. An intelligent, impartial survey of England from an American pen is about useful to English politicians.

Trouble Anticipated.

Dublin, Aug. 13 — It is stated that guns have been placed in the upper yard of the castle, and other precautions taken in view of the possible riot during the O'Connell demonstration this week. Large bodies of infantry paraded the streets with guns by night, causing excitement. The authorities are reticent in regard to the increased vigilance quarded by them.

The State of Ireland.

London, Aug. 13.—All accounts agree that the state of Ireland has greatly improved under Spencer and Trevelyan. The arrest of Henry George is sharply commented upon in the press, and has given great annoyance to the Government. His association arose from visiting a shop to purchase a shirt button. His well-known pamphlet was deemed *pièce de conviction*.

Serious Trouble in Cavan.

London, Aug. 12.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* is late and that there is good reason to believe that troubles of the most serious kind have broken out in Cavan, whose relations with Japan are not altogether friendly. There is also a very powerful party in Cavan strongly opposed to the recently-concluded treaties with the United States and England.

Fearful Powder Explosion.

Grodno, Russia, Aug. 13.—By the accidental explosion of a barrel of gunpowder in a tradesman's shop, near a school-house, almost all the children in the school-house, who were then at play, were killed. A large number of bodies were taken from the ruins. The windows and doors of a church and other buildings in the neighborhood were shattered.

CABLE BREVITIES.

A holy war is being preached throughout Morocco against the Christians.

The steamer Mosel is setting rapidly. Heavy seas have washed away many of her fittings.

The Empress of Germany, while walking on Saturday in the Schloss of Babelsberg, slipped, and was thrown to the ground, receiving a severe shaking and several slight contusions.

The municipal authorities of Paris, France, have been obliged to appeal to the public to economize in the use of water. The streets of the city are only watered twice weekly, owing to scarcity of supply.

Sir Edward Watkin, one of the promoters of the Channel Tunnel, has driven the heading seventy yards seaward in spite of the orders of the Court of Chancery. The Board of Trade will take legal proceedings against Watkin.

Prof. Esmarch, an eminent German surgeon, publishes the lecture he delivered before the Physiological Society at Kiel on the treatment of Garfield's wound. It is to the effect that Garfield might have been alive but for his treatment he received.

The Hillsdale crew intend to take a trip on the continent, and start for Philadelphia on the 23rd inst. In reference to the despatch from America, instructing them to challenge any English amateur crew, they consider they have done what was required in challenging the Amateur Rowing Association.

The Passengers of the Wrecked Steamer Mosel.

London, Aug. 12.—The steamer Hermann has arrived at Falmouth, from Bremen, and will take five hundred passengers of the wrecked vessel Mosel to New York. The noble passengers of the Mosel await the arrival of another steamer.

Land Leaguers in Convention.

London, Aug. 12.—The annual convention of the Irish Land League of Great Britain is sitting at Manchester to-day, with closed doors. Connors, member of Parliament, presides.

International Copyright.

Liverpool, Aug. 11.—At the Conference on the Codification of International Law a letter was read from Lowell, United States Minister, stating that he had little hope for the success of the negotiations now proceeding at Washington relative to international copyright, as publishers have such weighty influence

AMERICAN NEWS.

A Dastardly Attempt to Wreck a Train.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 12.—A dastardly attempt at train-wrecking was discovered on the Chicago & Northwestern Road, a few miles south of this city, to-night. The engineer of the passenger train due here at 6 o'clock discovered in a cut of the road a tie across the rails. The train was stopped in time, and it was found that the tie was fastened by large spikes. A switch tender near Oak Creek Station discovered shortly before the arrival of the 6 p. m. Chicago train that a man made a second attempt to fasten a tie across the rails. On his approach the man took to the woods, but was caught and held until the train arrived, on which he was taken to Milwaukee and handed over to the authorities. He gave his name as Wm. Johnson, but refuses to make any further statements.

Settling a Boundary Dispute.

New York, Aug. 12.—Barrios, President of Guatemala, sails to-day for Europe, whither he goes on matters connected with the public welfare of his country. The Mexican Minister and representatives of Guatemala yesterday signed a convention, which, it is believed, will end the boundary dispute between Mexico and Guatemala. The convention provides for submitting the differences to the arbitration of the President of the United States. Guatemala abandons all pretensions to Soconusco, and recognizes it as belonging to Mexico. A Boundary Commission will be appointed by both contracting Powers to run a dividing line between them.

The Jews in Russia.

Washington, Aug 12.—The State Department has received through the legation at St. Petersburg a copy of a circular issued by the Russian Ministry in relation to the expulsion of Israelites, in which the local authorities are directed not to expel Israelites established prior to 1859, and residing there in virtue of regular permission, and on the other hand directing them to take measures to prevent new authority being given the Israelites who have not the right of residence.

A Murderer Punished.

Palestine, Texas, Aug. 12. — Chess Thomas was hanged yesterday for murdering Houston McManus. Thomas joined the clergyman in a hymn which he heard the notorious Brown sing at the execution of Denton four years ago. Thomas prayed for ones in and all mankind without the least evidence of fear. He stepped upon the trap, announced himself ready to die, and expressed satisfaction at having killed McManus. His neck was broken.

A Triple Murder.

Evansville, Ind., August 13.—Alexander Wiber, a German miller, killed his wife and little son seven years old, were found murdered this morning. The father and mother were in bed, the boy being in an adjoining room, evidently killed while attempting to escape. Their heads were cut and mangled in a most brutal manner. An infant six months old was unharmed. Several arrests have been made on suspicion.

American Land Leaguers and Arabi Bey

Brooklyn, Aug. 13.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the King's County Land League, last night, the resolution offered during a fund to be raised in aid of Arabi Pasha and the Egyptians was ruled out of order. A resolution denouncing the conduct at Lowell for allowing, without protest, the imprisonment of American citizens and demanding his release was adopted.

The First Snow of the Season.

Chicago, August 11.—A captain reports that the propeller Manhattan encountered in midlake on Tuesday night a thick, cold cloud, which burst on the deck, covering them with snow and sleet. The depth was six inches. For a few minutes the temperature was wintry. The event is unprecedented.

Terrific Powder Explosion.

Vallejo, Cal., Aug. 11.—The Hardy Powder Works, south east of the city, exploded to-day. The mixing, glazing, drying house and magazine were blown to atoms. A. H. Hall, Engineer and Superintendent, was badly burned. Geo. Edgecum and F. McArdle, killed. Fifteen tons of powder exploded.

Parading Murderers.

Muskogee, I. T., Aug. 11.—A troop of light horse and fifty volunteers have gone in pursuit of the murderers of Captain Scott. Several leaders have been arrested, and punished with one hundred lashes on the bare back. One who resisted arrest was shot dead. There is great excitement in the section.

A Terrible Tornado.

Wesaco, Minn., Aug. 11.—A construction train on the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway, with 57 laborers on board, was thrown from the track, turned completely over and down an embankment into the water slough. Two men were fatally and many others seriously injured.

Yellow Fever.

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 13.—For the twenty-four hours ending last night there were twenty-five new cases of yellow fever and one death here. At Matamoras there were twenty-three new cases and eight deaths.

Insane Asylum Burned.

Lancaster, Pa., Aug. 13.—While Samuel Weidell's barn was burning this afternoon, the County Insane Asylum was discovered on fire. There were 114 inmates in the building, all of whom were saved after great exertions. Loss, $70,000.

Mob Law.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 12.—It is reported that a mob of 4,000, at Taylorville, last night, overpowered the officers and took three prisoners, charged with outraging Miss Bind, out of town to hang them.

A Disastrous Fire.

Spokan Falls, W. T., Aug. 12.—A fire last night destroyed over $400,000 worth of property. Partially insured. Several men severely burned.

AMERICAN BREVITIES.

Joseph Bartlett, a retired Congregationalist minister, suicided at Gorham, Me., on Saturday by drowning in the river. Aged 70.

Hattie Hamilton, the most notorious woman of New Orleans, died at Old Point Comfort on Wednesday. She left five hundred thousand dollars to her business agent, a leading merchant.

The footings of the school census shows the population of Chicago, not including sailors, to be 567 000; including sailors, who are a difficult class to enumerate, the population will be nearly 575,000.

Newton MacMillan, reporter of the Chicago *Daily News*, shot himself on Thursday, probably lethily. It is believed that despondency because of his inability to gratify his expensive tastes on a reporter's salary was the cause.

Chas. Wagoner, of Pittsburg, Pa., aged 17, during a family quarrel which originated between his parents, took his mother's pistol and killed his father instantly by striking the breech with a pocknife. The mother was very drunk and all were intoxicated.

A Steamer Wrecked.

Buenos, Ayres, Aug. 11.—The vessel conveying troops to the Rio Negro expedition was wrecked off Cape Horn. All on board were saved by the British vessel Allen Gadis.

ZOEDONE!

FOR SALE BY

ELLIOTT BROS

GROCERS

155 Dundas St., London.

CANADIAN NEWS.

TORONTO

Toronto, Aug. 11.—George Fallyanes, the champion light weight pugilist, was to-day fined $20 and costs for assaulting a man named McLeod.

Arthur Perry, a sterotyper, while engaged cutting plates with a circular saw in a printing establishment this morning, incautiously touched the saw with his arm, which was cut to the bone.

The police have been actively engaged recently in raiding unlicensed liquor dens, and to-day in the police court fines were imposed—one of $20 and costs; one of $30 and costs, and two of $50 and costs.

A man named John McNicol was arrested to-day charged with an unnatural crime.

Greaves, the defaulting English bankrupt, was to-day again remanded till the 24th, and was admitted to bail in his own recognizance. It is probable he will not be extradited, as the declarations lodge apparently do not make out a strong enough case against him.

The Grand Lodge of Ontario, I. O. O. F., closed its session to-day. Ottawa was selected for the next annual meeting. The following appointed officers were named by the Grand Master:—J. P. Featherstone, Grand Marshal, Ottawa; J. C. Bath, Grand Conductor, Listowel; W. J. Vale, Grand Guardian, Hamilton; Jas. A. Morgan, Grand Herald, Windsor; and T. W. Joliffe, Grand Chaplain, Toronto.

Toronto, Aug. 13.—A real estate agent, and valuator named Archibald McLellan, who came to the city about two years ago has suddenly left for parts unknown, leaving a large number of creditors to mourn his departure. He was recently

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
186 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Monday, August 14, 1882.

THE LAW VIOLATED.

We would direct Mr. Mowat's strict attention to a violation of the law which relates to the constitution of the House over which he has the unmerited honor of continuing to preside. The particular portion of the law so set at defiance he will find in sub section 2, Section 22, Chapter 12, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario. It provides for the resignation of a member during an interval between the two sessions of the Legislature, and for the election of a member in his stead. The member desiring to resign is to deliver to the Speaker a formal declaration of his intention to that effect. The Speaker is bound forthwith after receipt of this declaration to address his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for the issuance of a writ to hold a new election, and a writ shall issue accordingly. The fact that we desire to impress upon the Attorney-General is, that this plain law, of the existence of which he ought to be fully cognizant, has been and is being daily violated. There are no less than eight vacancies in the Legislative Chamber at this time. Why? According to the letter and spirit of the law these vacancies should not continue longer than during the time actually required to receive the members who have resigned. There is no discretion allowed in this form of words. The law says *forthwith*, in other words immediately—at once! Why is the law not carried out? Eight members resigned their seats in due form to contest for the Dominion Parliament. Their several declarations have been placed in the Speaker's hands, yet there the matter has been allowed to rest. The Speaker has not addressed his warrant to the Clerk in any of these cases. The constituencies remain unrepresented. A tenth part of the Province continues in a state of practical disfranchisement. In this way not only are the rights of the Legislature set aside, but the plain law of the land violated as well. What can be the excuse for withholding the eight writs in question? No exceptional reason can be given for this law standing in the way pended or treated as a piece of waste paper. Who, then, we ask of Mr. Premier Mowat, has dared to interfere with the Speaker—who is the Executive Officer of the House for the purposes of an election—in the due discharge of his duty? That duty is specific and imperative. It must be performed *forthwith*. Why is it delayed? Has the Speaker taken it upon himself to say that the Statute shall be abrogated or laid on the shelf indefinitely, to answer the call of his own pleasure and convenience? Or has the Premier by the hand put upon him to refuse to carry the statute in abeyance, in order to further his political machinations? If so, by what right is it done? The very object of the law which we have quoted is to prevent these writs being manipulated in the interest of the Government. Therefore, any tampering with them of the kind which is now suspected is clearly an undue interference on the part of those in control of the House. What is Mr. Mowat afraid of? that he is unable to face two Provinces at this time by calling up a contest in these eight constituencies. There is only one interpretation, which is, that the Little Premier feels his moral defeat of last June to have been so staggering, so illustrative of the prevailing dissatisfaction, that he at present does not, in the words of Mr. Blake, know which way to go or where to turn. He is afraid to encounter here further demoralization of a more direct defeat—in fact, the defeat of the election that is impending. He is willing to adopt any shift, to set aside any statute, to ride over a party assembly at the moment in order to gain what a chief administrator whose political existence seems to hang by so slender a thread, one who stands in dread as it were of Damocles sword suspended over him. In individually that cannot long survive the just contempt of a public who have been so trifled with. A bold captain would scorn to hold on to power as it were, by the eyebrows, trembling and tampering from one day to another, as he been done in this case. But Mowat has not the courage to make a test.

THE WEATHER BOON.

The value of "a word in season" may be inestimable, but it hardly seems appropriate just now to discuss the letter methods of producing artificial rain falls. Yet that is what a western journal is just now laboring about. The public are more interested in knowing how rain may be prevented or postponed, artificially or otherwise. From time whereof the memory of man certainly runneth not to the contrary, the management of the weather has been left to a power who doeth all things well. If the sentiment of finite man is taken on the subject, it will be found that this weather management has not been regarded uniformly as satisfactory. The most part of people professing complete resignation to the divine will in all things else, will fly in the face of Providence in this one matter of weather management. A year ago they were bemoaning the drought, which was widespread and disastrous. One by one the springs ran dry, the creeks became graveled rivals, vegetation pined, the forests became furnaces; day after day, unshorn of a single beam, watched by a single cloud, the sun darted its ardent rays upon a parched earth. Of course that sort of thing wasn't satisfactory. This summer has been cold and damp. The meek husbandman whose hay is rotting in the field, whose oats spoil uncut, whose corn struggles in the food, lifts his reproachful eyes and begs for at least two consecutive days of uninterrupted sunshine. The boon is not granted. The summer resorts are flooded out. The roads are mud. All nature drips. It is dank, moldy, unwholesome. But day after day the floodgates have been opened. Is it at such a time as this that the learned editor brings forward for patient, scientific discussion a plan for the production of rain by artificial means. If he will devise a scheme for the artificial creation of dry weather, humanity will bless him.

Referring to the motion the *Globe* says:—"Fortunately the Credit Valley is still an independent line, and as it extends its connections with other points the rigor of the Grand Trunk control of Ontario trade interests will be somewhat relaxed in these directions. It is likely, however, to be snapped up at any time, and before any extension is legalized the representative of the people should see to it that guarantees for the preservation of its independent status are obtained."

WHICH IS THE BOSS?

Concerning leadership our Grit neighbor has the following:—

"There is a vast difference between a political leader and a political boss. The Reform party in Canada has a leader, the Tory party has a boss."

Indeed! People have been led to think quite the reverse. The late Premier thought himself a boss of such large proportions that during his five years of office hardly any one could come near him. The approaches to his official recesses were so closely guarded as the corridors of a Sultan. All comers had to wait long hours before receiving the nod to enter, and even then their advice, notably respecting tariffs, was spurned in quite hoity-toity style. He would take counsel neither from within nor from without, and when the party was defeated in 1878, they laid the blame upon him, saying he had been too headstrong and dogmatic, too little mindful of the wishes of "reasonable Reformers." They scolded him for wishing to take the whole direction, rather than be directed by men and affairs as they should think, safes, and vary. They said a man who wanted to be boss in such a way must go. And they put him out in the way so well marked for its shabbiness and lack of polite consideration. They put him out, according to Mr. David Blain, late Grit representative of West York, without any effort made to reimburse him for considerable outlays made in the party's behalf. They left him with a large pecuniary burden upon his shoulders, as well as a grinding load of their political sins upon his conscience. The deposition of Mr. Mackenzie was meant as a signal warning to Bosses in general. They took to their bosom one whom they proclaimed as a leader, but whom they have lived to know as a Boss of supreme instincts. Mr. Blake has given proof of a desire to be even more of a Boss than the gentleman who was displaced by him, with such a share of legislative, if not political ability.

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"It was announced when Mr. Blake was promoted to the leadership that he had taken a new departure. A review of the situation now shows that he was like the Stalwart when he came to the gutter, he leaped in and stayed on, while his companions were left, stuck in the mud. This sort of departure by one who on the assumption that they do exhibit that quantity, and the result to purchaser is the same as if the seller sells him three gallons for a peck. The point to that the commercial practice in regard to what constitutes a bushel is greatly demoralized. So long as a basket can be packed off as a peck measure, for the same price as if it contained a peck, the morality of talking about a peck is all become obscure. Is there no remedy for this state of things? Is the bushel and peck to mean no more in commercial parlance than "thee" and "thou," of unknown capacity. The law compels a man to keep on hand duly authorised weights and properly authenticated measures. Is it to go no further than to require these as symbols of official vigilance? Is the use of determining upon a standard of measurement if it is not to be put in daily practical use? The inspector may make his rounds, and see that the proper scales and measures are at hand. But there is no protection to the public unless it is also seen to that those are used, not occasionally only, but at all times. If the seller may sell a box or basket, or bag, under the assumption that it is a peck, when it falls greatly short of the official measure or weight, it may be as well to know the why, if there is one.

EVANGELIST HARRISON BLAMED.

Trying to Sell a Camp Meeting Cottage that Had Been Presented to Him.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Immediately after the departure of the Evangelist Harrison from the Loveland camp-meeting, rumors were current that he had received from given circulation. He had arrived on the ground four days later than the contract called for, and left two days ahead of time, yet wanted his full pay. A month later he advertised at an outlay of $500 was given him, and he offered to sell it for $200. It was assumed that he exhibited bad faith entirely out of keeping with a true evangelist. The ladies became greatly disgusted, and one of them, Mrs. Joseph L. Hue, personally went out and secured the deed. The cottage, a neat little two story affair, was in fine order, the gift to him of Democrats were suspended over him. In individually that cannot long survive the just contempt of a public who have been so trifled with. A bold captain would scorn to hold on to power as it were, by the eyebrows, trembling and tampering from one day to another, as has been done in this case. But Mowat has not the courage to make a test.

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WHAT IS A BUSHEL?

The bushel as an article of measurement has a specified legal definition, yet the noble contents of bushels are said to vary in a marked degree, according to the moral integrity of the measurer. It is to be feared that the legal contents of a bushel is not always remembered. Different clerks, especially of the huckster element, have different notions of what a bushel ought actually to contain. The best thing to do then is to publish for general information, both for that of the seller and that of the buyer, the legal definition of a bushel. A standard dictionary defines "bushel" as "a dry measure containing four pecks, eight gallons, or thirty-two quarts." Articles usually measured by the bushel, may also be sold by weight, if required. The number of pounds in a bushel are:—Of potatoes, 60; white beans, 60; onions, 57; oatmeal, 43; dried peaches, 33; dried apples 24; turnips, 55. The citizen who buys a peck of potatoes does so under the impression, and we may say the confidence, that he is obtaining for his money the one-fourth of a bushel, and the same confidence attends the transactions in peaches and tomatoes. It is a maxim that mistakes will happen despite the best precautions, but it is questionable whether the most experienced house-keeper can remember an occasion when he had reason to suspect that he had obtained a peck basket of peaches, or of potatoes, or of tomatoes in the markets of, say, for instance, Halifax, Nova Scotia, which contained more than the quantity there should be found in a peck. Indeed, the impression generally prevails that the quantities delivered as packs or baskets are so largely short of the quantity needed to make that measurement that the purchaser of six packs as they are delivered in the markets, will generally need an additional quantity in order to fill out an honest bushel measure. The law authorizes the substitution of weight for the so-called bushel or peck measure, but that the dealer respectfully declines when he can, and he does more, he sells the articles wholly unknown to the law. He sells them by baskets and boxes, and if he does not directly and actually represent that they contain packs or half-bushels, he sells them on the assumption that they do contain that quantity, and the result to purchaser is the same as if the seller sells him three gallons for a peck. The point to that the commercial practice in regard to what constitutes a bushel is greatly demoralised. So long as a basket can be packed off as a peck measure, for the same price as if it contained a peck, the morality of talking about a peck is all become obscure. Is there no remedy for this state of things? Is the bushel and peck to mean no more in commercial parlance than "thee" and "thou," of unknown capacity. The law compels a man to keep on hand duly authorised weights and properly authenticated measures. Is it to go no further than to require these as symbols of official vigilance? Is the use of determining upon a standard of measurement if it is not to be put in daily practical use? The inspector may make his rounds, and see that the proper scales and measures are at hand. But there is no protection to the public unless it is also seen to that those are used, not occasionally only, but at all times. If the seller may sell a box or basket, or bag, under the assumption that it is a peck, when it falls greatly short of the official measure or weight, it may be as well to know the why, if there is one.

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Trying to Sell a Camp Meeting Cottage that Had Been Presented to Him.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Immediately after the departure of the Evangelist Harrison from the Loveland camp-meeting, rumors were current that he had received from given circulation. He had arrived on the ground four days later than the contract called for, and left two days ahead of time, yet wanted his full pay. A month later he advertised at an outlay of $500 was given him, and he offered to sell it for $200. It was assumed that he exhibited bad faith entirely out of keeping with a true evangelist. The ladies became greatly disgusted, and one of them, Mrs. Joseph L. Hue, personally went out and secured the deed. The cottage, a neat little two story affair, was in fine order, the gift to him of Democrats were suspended over him. In individually that cannot long survive the just contempt of a public who have been so trifled with. A bold captain would scorn to hold on to power as it were, by the eyebrows, trembling and tampering from one day to another, as has been done in this case. But Mowat has not the courage to make a test.

THE WEATHER BOON.

The value of "a word in season" may be inestimable, but it hardly seems appropriate just now to discuss the letter methods of producing artificial rain falls. Yet that is what a western journal is just now laboring about. The public are more interested in knowing how rain may be prevented or postponed, artificially or otherwise. From time whereof the memory of man certainly runneth not to the contrary, the manage-

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THE LOCAL CONTEST.

It is announced in one or two Toronto journals that the local elections are likely to come on in September. The Brantford *Expositor*, however, which may be thought to share the confidence of at least one member of the Mowat Government, says "there is no likelihood of a local contest this fall." Whenever it may come, it is as well that the Liberal-Conservative troops should be "at attention," with their ammunition dry and in plenty. They will not be caught napping. The propeller Menominee is reported by her captain to have encountered, in mid-lake on Lake Michigan on Tuesday night, a thick, cold cloud which burst on her decks, covering them with snow and slush to the depth of six inches. For five minutes the atmosphere was like that of winter, but as the steamer was moving rapidly, she soon came into a warmer temperature. The event is unprecedented there, but the accuracy of the facts is vouched for by other officers and passengers, and the story is corroborated by the thermometric conditions of the night.

The comic opera by Gilbert and Sullivan for next season will not be finished before December. They work carefully and slowly, discarding a great deal, and revising again and again what is retained. The completed portions of the piece contain a pretty barcarolle in F sharp—a trying key for sopranos; a military march for two or three bands; a duo, 'On every lip, Her Ladyship's description of the wife of a London knight and another duo, "With a curly, curly wig," in which an old man tries to dazzle a girl with his title.

SATURDAY'S CABLE BUDGET.

Interesting News from the Seat of War.

Irish Land Leaguers to Address their Constituents.

A Murderer Sentenced to be Hanged in Ireland.

By Cable.

THE PROTECTION OF SPANISH INTERESTS.

Madrid, August 12.—The Spanish corvette Tornado, which arrived at Alexandria yesterday, will go to Port Said, replacing the frigate Carmen. Subsequently the Tornado and Comuela will proceed to Ismailia to protect Spanish merchant vessels traversing the Suez Canal.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

Alexandria, August 12.—The British Government has purchased a large hotel and mercantile premises at Port Said for use as a hospital.

Alexandria, August 12.—The Scots Guards and Grenadier Guards landed to-day (Saturday) and marched to Ramleh. Thousands of Arabs collected along the line of march, and were much impressed by the appearance of the troops. Europeans regret their having to meet such an unworthy foe, as it is believed many must fall victims to the rifles of the Arab troops, who are now intrenched in such a strong position.

THE MILITARY CONVENTION.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—The Ministers sat throughout the night discussing the terms of the proclamation against Arabi Pasha. Dufferin telegraphed to London the Porte's modification of the military convention, and Granville sent a reply accepting them.

THE PROTECTION OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

Dervish Pasha is mentioned as the Turkish member of the future International Commission to consider measures for the protection of the Suez Canal, which commission will perform functions similar to those of the Dunubian convention.

THE SULTAN ON ARABI.

Constantinople, Aug 12.—The Sultan has consented that Arabi Pasha's deposition be made declaring Arabi Pasha a rebel in resisting Arabi acts contrary to the precepts of the Koran. Importance is attached to this express mention of the Koran against Arabi.

THE AGITATION AGAINST CHRISTIANS.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—The Ambassadors, upon the initiative of France, made urgent representations to the Porte in regard to the agitation against Christians in Syria and other parts of the Turkish Empire.

ACCEPTED THE PROPOSAL.

France has now accepted, under certain reservations, the proposal for collective protection of the Suez Canal.

THE THUNDERER THUNDERS.

London, Aug. 12.—The *Times*, in a leading article, says:—When the army of Arabi Pasha has been dispersed, and its leaders brought to account for their misdeeds, we shall have to make sure a difficulty may not recur in a new form. Egypt will be in our hands. It will not be open to us to desert from the country and leave events to take their own course. This is the resolve of England, and when it becomes necessary to secure the sanction of the other Powers for this result, the answer will be found to be invited in a sense very different from that with which we have lately been familiar.

GREAT BRITAIN.

PRECAUTIONS.

Dublin, August 12.—The garrison here has been strongly reinforced, probably to guard against any outbreak during exhibition week.

REDUCTIONS OF RENT.

Londonderry, Aug. 12.—The sub Commissioner of the Land Court here has given judgment in the first case yet heard of an application by tenants to fix fair rents. He reduced the aggregate from £146 to £126. The case is of another applicant, a tenant on the estate of the Marquis of Londonderry, the rent was reduced to £34.

FANNY PARNELL'S REMAINS.

Cork, August 12.—In the event of the remains of Miss Fanny Parnell being interred in Ireland, there will probably be a great demonstration at the funeral.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH.

London, August 12.—The *Standard* says several Irish members of Parliament intend to address their constituents during recess, with a view of testing the extent to which the Government will allow freedom of speech.

THE IRISH LAND LEAGUE CONVENTION.

London, August 12.—Three hundred delegates were present at the sitting of the national convention of the Irish Land League, assembled this morning in the big gaze of the fort and let the smoke bear on what they could see. At this time we succeeded in blinding one of the enemy's guns for a while, and we were actually ordered to "Cease fire!" "Well done, Condor." Shortly after the Bacon gunboat was sent to our assistance, but almost immediately we received the order, "Cease fire!" and we were ordered to run in shore toward the Maka Forte to make room for other gunboats covering the landing party to spike the guns. As we passed the Admiral's ship, the Invincible, the flagship of the squadron, she was crowded with men waving their caps and shouting, "Well done, Condor." Cheers for Lord Charles." The landing party, headed by Lieut. Bradford, Major Tullock, Lieut. Lambton and Capt. Cecil, succeeded in landing and blowing up rifled guns and spiking them before any serious opposition by the enemy, who seemed to have been driven completely to seek refuge in flight.

Prepare Now for Winter Flowers.

These who have small green-houses or cultivated flowers in their windows have not set out their geraniums and other quick-growing plants for the summer. Many have the difficulty of taking up these plants in autumn, after they have grown all the season in the open air, and potting them, to be replaced in the window or green-house. The result is almost always a "long-haired" and miserable plant, while, instead of blooming satisfactorily during the winter, will take a long time to recover, and never be worth as much as new plants from cuttings. Such plants may be prepared for this month and next, and with very little trouble. Of course, those who have greenhouses with appliances for propagating need no directions, but many lovers of flowers have to content themselves with such plants as may be grown in the windows of the living rooms. These blooms attached to their plants, and when one is set out in the bed ther expect it back again. When such a plant goes out consider it thrown away, for it may as well be, and set about replacing it.

The following method will give a few plants with little trouble:—Take a common box, such as a starch or soap box, knock off both ends and bottom, and if need be strengthen it with extra nails. Tack over this a piece of cotton cloth, and the frame will be ready. Select a place where the soil is light and sandy, or if the ground is all stiff, spade in some sand or coal dust to make it light and open, and place the frame over it. If cuttings of Geraniums, Coplaus, Verbenas, or other such plants are placed in the soil and covered with the frame, they will soon take root and form nice specimens, which, when they begin to grow, may be potted and be ready for winter. If the frame is where it will be shaded at mid day, all the better, or if not, tilt it a little when the sun is very hot, to give ventilation and prevent over heating.—*American Agriculturist.*

In her performance of *Lady Macbeth*, in English, to London, Rhéjot introduces a novel feature by repeatedly lifting her fingers to her nose to express disgust at the scent of blood. This was not acceptable to the English audiences, but the German critics pronounce it high art. Her costume is more characteristic of a Roman coatadino than of a great Scotch eldefalo's lady. The upper skirt, of scarlet brocade, reaching but little below the knee, resembles the Italian peasant's sprue, and the rows of beads which encircle the neck and reach to the waist complete the resemblance.

Another canal is contemplated by the French Government. This water-way is intended to connect the Meuse and the Scheldt and place in cheap communication the collieries and blast furnaces of the north with the mines and iron works of the east. A restoration to Dunkirk of the trade which had been diverted to Antwerp is anticipated if the canal is finished.

London *Saturday Review*:—"People are too apt to imagine that all mountain air must be like that of the Alps. But the air of the Pyrenees is totally different and much more like that of Devonshire or any of the mildest places on the west coast of England."

ABOARD A BOMBARDING SHIP.

The Gallant Work of the Gunboat Condor.

The "Hearts of Oak" under Lord Charles Beresford.

Alexandria Letter to the London Daily News:

After anxiously waiting for several weeks the fleet received the final instructions and notice to bombard on the morning of the 11th at 5 o'clock. Every ship prepared for action the previous evening. On board the little gun-vessel Condor great preparations were made for the coming fight. Heavy chains had already been placed on the ship's sides protecting the engine-room and magazine. That precaution had been taken weeks before by the Captain, Lord Charles Beresford, in case the guns of the Ras-el-Tin fort should suddenly open on us in our anchorage in side the harbor, where she had been lying for nearly two months. But on the evening of the 10th all available canvas was got out and draped round the labour of the ship's bulwarks to prevent splinters flying; topmast lowered, our Gatling in the mainmast cross-head round, and nothing was left for the morrow but sanding the deck, oiling the rasors, and placing the hammocks of the men round the wheel, and fencing up the Gatling.

Just before sunset-gun Lord C. Beresford called the crew together and addressed them from the bridge, telling the men that the first shot was to be fired from the Invincible at 5 o'clock morning. The Admiral's order to the Condor was that she was to keep out of fire—transfer signals and make herself generally useful, but if an opportunity should occur—and he, their Captain, would guarantee that it should occur—that the Condor was to take advantage of it and prove her guns. The crowd of upturned faces of the men listening to the address of their commander shone with satisfaction in the light of the departing sun at this significant remark, and we could doubt but that they were of the old hearts of oak to see the gleam in their eyes when Lord Charles said that he knew they would give a good account of themselves if that particular opportunity he spoke of arrived? There was very little sleeping that night on board the gallant little ship, and an occasional murmur from the forecastle told that the probabilities of the morrow were so warmly discussed by the men as by their officers.

Long before sunrise the engineers had been busy in the engine-room, and all hands were under way. Daylight made us aware that the Admiral had quietly passed outside the harbor during the night, and had taken up his position and had anchored opposite the Meks Forts with the Monarch and Penelope. The Temeraire came next, and seemed to threaten the Ras-el-Tin fort. The Inflexible came next in the semi-circle, then the Alexandra, Sultan and Superb, supported by the Pincer, Ark and Old Phaeton. Five o'clock passed, 6 o'clock went by, and as sign from the Invincible. What could be the cause of delay? Was it necessary for all to be the lagging stock of the various nationalities that had gathered together represented by their respective ships of war outside the harbor? At last from the Alexandra's foremast head was seen a puff of smoke, and a shell burst over the Ada Fort. The answer was returned. The ominous question was, Are they going to fight? The signal was now run up for the fleet to commence independent firing, and the first shell rear burst forth on all sides. The Inflexible's shells, with their terrific wallop, as they rushed through the air, were distinctly audible from the rest of the tenders. The fire was very rapid, and the return of the enemy were well returning the fire, and presently the Pincer batteries and Fort Ada took up the ball. The Temeraire, on our right, was making some excellent practice with her starboard guns, and from subsequently we found that she was in some trouble, and drifting on to the Bright Reef. We were immediately ordered to assist her, and found on arriving close to her that she had received a shot in her boiler. After considerable of time we pulled her round, and, being released, our Captain received to run from judgment in the first case yet heard of an application by tenants to fix fair rents. He reduced the aggregate from £146 to £126. The case is of another applicant, a tenant on the estate of the Marquis of Londonderry, the rent was reduced to £34.

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS.

The latest fancy is a Swedish nobleman, son of the Governor of the castle of the King of Sweden. Madame Nilsson pronounces him a wonder.

Mr. Tom Keene, the American tragedian, will probably make a tour of Australia next spring, taking with him a full American company to support him.

Comte de Chambord, who was recently reported ill, is the last survivor of the French Bourbons descended from Louis XIV. He is forty-four years of age, and has four children.

Baccarat is indulged in to such an extent at Aix-les-Bains that it is thought highly probable that this midnight pastime will be prohibited at the Casino. Recently an English gentleman, who was on his way to Switzerland for his wedding tour, lost all the money he had with him, and was obliged to telegraph home for more.

The Litchfield (Conn.) *Enquirer* says that five workmen at a quarry near that town ran in the tool-house on the approach of a thunder storm a few days ago, and sat on an iron bar. The lightning struck a derrick just outside and, entering the shop, followed the iron bar. The first and last of the five men were severely shocked and burned; the middle man was killed; the other two escaped uninjured.

Mr. Mallard, Superintendent of the Royal Gun Factory at Woolwich, England, says that the nature of the precautions of such an establishment necessitates the turning of very large and heavy masses, and, therefore, the lathes are remarkable for magnitude and power. They can deal with weights up to two hundred tons, and are sufficiently powerful to reduce by six inches at a single cut the diameter of a twelve-foot tube.

Mrs. Langtry has put sloping shoulders out of fashion in England. Her own handsome shoulders have superseded the slender model and will give her an especially pretty look when disguised as a boy. There will be a great furore to see her as *Rosalind*, and it is suggested that the artist who is permitted to model her while masquerading in mercilless attire and put a pretty statuette of her on the market will make his fortune.

Alexander Salvini, the second son of the Italian tragedian, now in his sixty-second year, is the last survivor of the French Bourbons descended from Louis XIV. He is forty-four years of age, and has four children.

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London Court Journal:—"The present season will be noted, among other things, for the wonderful development of high class musical talent in adolescence and early age. Individual members of exalted rank possessed great artistic gifts was well known, as the talents of many well known members of society have been displayed on many occasions when the appeals of charity for help could not be realized. That high society was capable of organizing from its own ranks an orchestra band or chorus capable of rendering high class music in perfect style was a fact unknown until the Viscountess Folkstone demonstrated it at Sanford House in the most unmistakable manner. Her string band of exalted patricians and the splendid chorus of ladies of title, each group performing in well arranged fashion style, was a revelation as delightful as it was unexpected. At the concert arranged by the Countess Cowper on Wednesday afternoon at her residence, No. 4 St. James' Square, for an excellent charitable purpose, a naval feature was a bagpipe band of twelve performers, led by Lady Cowper herself. The Countess Cawpur's superb voice was again heard in that pleasing specimen of melancholy, 'O Thou Golden Slippers,' which was sung by her in true plaintive style, the chorus and accompaniment following her in a similar strain. The concluding breakdown, 'Polly's Own,' was played in quick time with admirable precision, eliciting a considerable amount of applause."

1882 has been a shocking year thus far for parricides. Guy Smith, the Missouri boy just convicted of murdering his father, does not stand alone except for youthful-ness. In January a protracted quarrel between Jared Smith, of Richmond, Ind., and his wife and two sons, culminated in his being shot by his son Dan, aged 19, after which Dan and his elder brother threw the body into a well. In February, Solomon Richards, of Charlton, Mass., was shot and killed by his son, a young married man. The murderer claimed that his father had abused his mother. There was some evidence that he slew his father to get the farm. In the same month, James G. Allison was hanged at Indiana, Pa., for the deliberate murder of his father. The father and mother were on bad terms, and the son sided with his mother. He was 20. Late in the month, Charles B. Gilliam, aged 17, shot his invalid mother in her bed, at Macomb, Ohio. Having had a dispute with her, he went into another room, got a pistol, and killed her, and when arrested manifested no remorse. It was also in February that John Lasahs, who lived twelve miles from Rock Rapids, Iowa, was shot by his daughter, aged 20. The girl's lover, to whom the father objected, furnished her with the pistol, and her mother and younger sister were in the plot. They had been intending to kill John, but neither the wife nor the younger daughter could muster up courage to do it, so they sent for the elder girl, who was away. A somewhat similar crime occurred in May, in the same State, near Muscatine. A man named Mc-Mommon was shot by his young son, his two daughters, both young, being parties to the crime. They said they wanted to have things their own way at home, and they consider's so long as the father lived. They planned that the youngest sister should confess that she killed her father, their idea being that her sex and age would shield her from severe punishment, and as all would escape. But the plot fell through. On the 4th of July, Frank Dague, of Hurwitzen, Ohio, pushed his father backward, breaking his neck, because he was not allowed to take the horse for a ride.

New Advertisements.

SALES BY AUCTION
BY SCOTT, SUTHERLAND & CO.
JAMES SCOTT, Auctioneer.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WILL HOLD their first
FALL SALE
—ON—
Tuesday and Wednesday,
The 29th & 30th August,
In the premises, No. 11 Front street East, Toronto.

Consignments of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, etc., for this and future sales, are respectfully solicited.

Cash advances made on goods consigned, and returns promptly rendered.

SCOTT, SUTHERLAND & CO.,
1182-3,14,19 Trade Auctioneers.

ST. THOMAS, Aug. 8, 1882.

MR. BRUNTON.

I have used your Digestive Fluid and find it the only thing that gives me relief. I think by continuing it will work a permanent cure. Send me another bottle. Yours truly,
W. KINGSLEY.

W. V. BRUNTON, ESQ., South Woodslee,

Please send me a bottle of your Digestive Fluid for my child, who has diarrhœa and worms. After the cure it made on me with when the doctors said she must die, I think it will cure anything. Yours truly,
JOHN FOWLER.

Brunton's Digestive Fluid can be had at all druggists.

Great Success
—OF—
STAFFORD'S
Writing, Copying & Carmine
INKS
—AND—
STICKWELL'S MUCILAGE!
If you want a Really Good Ink, give this a trial.
JAS. I. ANDERSON & Co
175 Dundas Street, opposite Beattie's new store. mwf

COAL AND WOOD.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG leave to notify the public that they have secured the Coal and Wood yard recently occupied by Thomas Myles, corner York and Waterloo streets. We intend keeping a
FIRST-CLASS STOCK OF COAL AND WOOD,
and hope by strict attention to business and upright dealing to merit a share of public patronage.
Give us a trial.
dlw W. STRATHDEE & SON.

PT. STANLEY.
Grand Excursion
EVERY WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY
EVENINGS,
PER STEAMER RUBY.

On account of so many wishing to view the sporting match between the sea gods and boys, the Steamer Ruby will make two trips, leaving G.W.R. dock at 5 p.m. Pleasure Hour dock at 7 p.m., returning to G.W.R. dock at 9 o'clock.
JOS. HOUGH, JOHN ELLISON, JR.,
Cap'n. Proprietor.
Pt. Stanley, Aug. 1, 1882. GHM

$53.00 to $55.00
WINNIPEG AND RETURN.
FROM AUGUST 1 TO SEPT. 30,
Inclusive, the
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
will issue first-class tickets to Winnipeg and return, good for 60 days (via all rail or boat and rail) at the above rates. Stop-over allowed to route. Meals and berths on steamers via Duluth included. For further information apply to any of the company's station masters or agents throughout the country.
WM. EDGAR, F. BROUGHTON,
Gen. Pass. Agent. General Manager.

Trent Navigation.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
THE LETTING OF THE WORKS for the Feeston Fall's, Buckhorn and Bobcaygeon Canals, advertised to take place on the second day of September, is unavoidably further postponed to the following days:—
THE SECTION FROM BOBCAYGEON TO THE PETERBORO' PUMPING STATION, on THURSDAY, the 31st day of AUGUST next.
Plans, specifications, and forms of tender may be seen at the Engineer's office, Peterboro', on and after THURSDAY, the 17th day of AUGUST next.
By order,
A. P. BRADLEY,
Secretary.
Canal Office, Peterboro', Ont., 15th July, 1882. 2 GNoswld

A CURE GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES.
MAGNETIC MEDICINE
TRADE MARK
BRAIN & NERVE FOOD
Is a Sure, Prompt and Effectual Remedy for *Nervousness in All its stages, Mental Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Weak Back and General Loss of Power.* It repairs the waste of the system caused by *Mental Labor, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative Organs.* The permanent cures of thousands proves it an INVALUABLE REMEDY.
With each order for twelve packages, accompanied with five dollars, we will send our guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is the cheapest and best medicine in the market.
Pull particulars in my pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.
Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at $1 00, per box, or 6 boxes for $5.00 or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of money, by addressing
MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.
Sold in London and everywhere in Canada by all druggists. B. A. MITCHELL, Wholesale Agent. 3 dw wly

HYDROLEINE
GENUINE OIL
An artificially Aerated Cod Liver Oil.
For Consumption, Winter Cough, Affections of the Chest and all Wasting Diseases.
Prescribed by the leading physicians of England, the United States and the Dominion of Canada.
A WONDERFUL POWER.
HYDROLEINE mixes perfectly with water, showing a complete arterial digestion of the oil, and just as the Hydrochloric acid of the gastric juice of the stomach is required to digest the oil, so is Hydroleine required to be taken with food. Hydroleine is more than 10 times the strength of Cod

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DEPARTMENT.

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday, August 14, 1882.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

"I regret to say that my reflections opinions have not yet taken that bent. It is a spiritual height which I feel myself too weak to climb. I have never been able to believe in the unknown tongues."

"Ah, now you are getting to criticise his pro—resolution, instead of admiring his genius," said Dopey, who had never heard of Edward Irving and the Latter Day Saints.

"If you mean Henry Irving, the tragedian, I admire him immensely," said Mr. Hamleigh.

"Then we are sure to get on. I tell that you must be simpatico," replied Dopey, not particular as to a gender in a language which she only knew by sight as Beaudear knew Greek.

Dinner was announced at this moment, and Mrs. Trapsmall won Dopey's gratitude by asking Mr. Hamleigh to take her into dinner. Mr. Montage gave his arm to Miss Bridgeman, Leonard took Mopsy, and Christabel followed with Major Bree, who felt for her keenly, wondering how she managed to bear herself so bravely, repressing the dead woman in his mind for leaving parted two faithful hearts.

He was shocked by the change in Angus, whom he had seen but seldom of late years, and then never indifferent to religion. He was not one of that eminently practical school which in the words of Matthew Arnold, thinks it more important to learn how buttons and zipper muscle are made than to search the depths of consciences, or fathom the mysteries of a Divine Providence.

To be continued.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Freshest Gleanings of Fun, Fact and Fancy.

THE OLD FARM DAYS.

The old farm gate hangs sagging down
On rusty hinges, bent and brown;
Its latch is gone, and here and there
It shows rude traces of repair.

That old farm gate has seen, each year,
The blossoms bloom and disappear;
The bright green leaves of spring unfold,
And turn to autumn's red and gold.

The children have upon it clung,
And in and out with rapture swung,
For then the young hearts were good and pure,
When hope was fair and faith was sure.

Beside that gate have lovers true
Told the old story, always new,
Have maiden's blushed—have dreamed of bliss,
Have sealed each promise with a kiss.

That old farm gate has opened wide
To welcome home the new-made bride,
When Hope bloomed, when locusts fair
With their sweet fragrance filled the air.

That gate, with rusty weight and chain
Has closed upon the solemn train
That bore her lifeless form away,
Upon a dreary autumn day.

The lichens gray, and mosses green,
Upon its rustling posts are seen;
Initials carved with youthful skill
Long years ago, are on it still.

Yet, dear to me above all things,
By reason of the thoughts it brings,
Is that old gate, now sagging down,
On rusty hinges bent and brown.

Is the morning a man gets up, but in the evening he gets supper.

"Excuse haste and a bad pen," said the pig as he broke out of his style and ran off.

It is observable that several church conventions at Saratoga somehow happen to get there the week of the great races.

A singular individual has started a queer sort of a restaurant. He advertises "Ladies' costumes for dinner and breakfast."

The young woman who sneeringly remarks that men are all alike generally, shows her sincerity by taking the first man that offers himself to her.

Scientific men in Japan are said to be discussing the possibility for utilizing the internal heat of the earth. If some of these learned Japs would find a way of utilizing and carting off some of this summer's external heat, we should be glad to use our influence to get them the contract.

A man may be right in the bosom of his family, sitting down to a big meal, knowing that he is rich and all right in every way; yet will the sight of a telegraph messenger make him as nervous as a well-fed dog is made when he sees a boy pick up a stone and throw it in the opposite direction!

It is seriously claimed that a young lady in charge of a local telephone office has once or twice listened to conversation that was talking through the instrument the wire between the stations becomes an Æolian harp, and little birds fly out to roost on the line, in order to learn new music for their songs.

The *Scientific American* says:—"An invention that will be appreciated by travelers who play chess on voyage is that reported from Berlin of an iron chess-board, with magnetic chessmen. That will hold in place, no matter how often the ship or the car rolls over." When a ship rolls over a few times more than a car gets to the bottom of an embankment, we can imagine how much a traveller will appreciate an iron chessboard with magnetized men.

A nouveau riche had his house robbed of several valuable pictures. He appreciated them because they cost him a good deal of money, and when he made his appearance in an art shop he was in a very excited state. "I want to get my pictures for me," he said. "What do you mean?" replied the polite attendant. "Why, I was robbed of them the other night, and I expect you to get satisfaction," was the answer. "But, my dear sir, we are not" receivers of stolen goods, nor are we detective officers," said the dealer. "Then," shouted the indignant millionaire, "you had better take in your sign, 'Oil paintings restored.'"

LUCK OF ONE DAY'S FISHING.

One morning when spring was in her teens,
A mom to a poet's wishing,
All dusted in delicate pinks and greens—
Miss Bessie and I went fishing.

In my rough and easy clothes,
With my face at the sunshine's mercy;
She with her hat tied down to her nose,
And her nose tipped—vice versa.

I with my rod, my reel and my hooks,
And a hamper for luncheon recesses;
She with the talk of her comely looks,
And the sense of her comely tresses.

So we sat down on the sunny dike,
Where the white pond lilies lower,
And I went a fishing like quaint old Ike,
And she like Simon Peter.

All the noon I lay in the light of her eyes,
And dreamily watched and waited,
But the fish were cunning and would not rise,
And the baiter alone was baited.

And when the time for departure came,
The fact was clear as a flounder,
But Bessie had nearly hooked her game,
A hundred-and-sixty pounder.

Talking about swagger, too much of this commodity has lately brought to grief a certain member of a well known pedal association of Paris, who was compelled to rate London club. This gentleman is not only a confirmed "raft hacker," but one who, so far from even admitting that any member of the "Upper Ten" could by any accident be unknown to him, is always ready to boast of close and intimate friendship with every one who happens to have either rank or position. His failing is nebulous, and three humorists determined to give him a lesson. Accordingly, in the club at Hard-room, one of their number, Mr. C., casually said, "Are you going to Lady L—'s to-night?" "No," replied the victim; "her ladyship will never forgive me; but the fact is I'm fagged out, and good people are scarce, I think." "Quite right; I'll make your apologies," said Mr. C. Again at the unlooked for proposition, but unable now to retreat from the position he had taken up, the only rejoinder of Mr. J. was a feeble, "Thanks; I wish you would." Half an hour later, just as the trio were about to leave the club, unhappy Mr. J. drew Mr. C. aside, and, after some beating about the bush, was at last obliged to confess that he did not know Lady L., and begged Mr. C. not to mention his name to her. "All right," said his triumphant tormenter, "if you say you have been upon that, I don't hesitate to know her myself!" Tableau.

THE TOY PISTOL.

I am the famously funny toy,
Made with a special view to destroy
The too-inquisitive small boy.

With, at intervals, one that's bigger,
I do my work with rare precision,
And open up the fields Elysian
To many a hopeful youngster's vision.
Who candidingly pulls my trigger!

I work by a kind of unrecognized law,
While my lock, at producing the dreadful lockjaw,
Is far more effective than any buzz saw,
As likewise its surer and faster.

I take whatsoever conveniently comes—
Now and then fingers, now and then thumbs—
And manage somehow to pick plenty of plums
From the pudding of daily disaster!

Though croup and colic and kerosene,
And cramps in the water when bathing unseen,
And watermelons and apples green,
Of their wonted mission have missed all.

There is still this perfect certainty given
To the average youngster of six or seven,
Who pauses to find a short cut to heaven,
Let him go and get a toy pistol!

CANADIAN NEWS.

—An exciting game of lacrosse was played at Woodstock on Friday between the Lornes, of this place, and the Victorias, of Norwich, resulting in a victory for the Lornes.

—A man named Geo. Hunt, employed by J. O. Wisner, Son & Co., Brantford, as night watchman, has been sentenced to thirty days in jail for stealing postage stamps, screws, bolts, &c., from the premises while on duty.

—A cricket match was played at Paris on Friday between the Brantford and Paris clubs for a silver cup presented by James Young, M P P., of Galt, resulting in favor of the Paris. Score—Brantford, 61; Paris, 62, with five wickets to go down.

—On Thursday a young woman named Hannah Miller went out in a boat near lock 5, Welland Canal, with two other girls, and while attempting to pass under a low bridge on tow path, she was thrown out of the boat and drowned. One of the other girls was thrown out also, but was rescued. The body of Miss Miller was recovered.

The manufacturer of the Charm Baking Powder Mr. Rohrer, 125 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo., says that St. Jacobs Oil cured his wife of chronic neuralgia in one night, after lasdicutal treatment by the ablest physicians.

Queen Victoria invariably transacts her public business between breakfast and luncheon.

THE LEAGUE PENNANT.

How the Championship Stands—Other Games.

The following shows the standing of the league clubs up to Saturday night, with the games won and lost by each club and the games each has yet to play:—

Clubs.	Chicago	Providence	Boston	Buffalo	Troy	Cleveland	Detroit	Worcester	Games won
Providence	4		4	7	5	5	5	5	35
Chicago		4	5	6	5	5	5	5	35
Detroit	3	4	5	6	4	5		5	32
Boston	3	4		6	5	5	5	5	33
Buffalo	3	4	5		5	5	5	5	32
Troy	3	4	5	6		5	5	5	33
Cleveland	3	4	5	6	5		5	5	33
Worcester	3	4	5	6	4	5	5		32
Games lost	23	24	29	37	33	30	32	35	276
Games played	61	61	63	67	66	65	64	67	514
Games to play	38	37	34	30	33	35	32	32	238

Saturday's Record.

AT WORCESTER.

Buffalo	0	0	2	0	1	4	0	0	7
Worcester	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

AT BOSTON.

Boston	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

AT PITTSBURGH.

Baltimore	4	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	9
Alleghenys	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3

AT ST. LOUIS.

Cincinnati	3	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	10
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

AT LOUISVILLE.

Eclipse	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Athletic	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

AT PROVIDENCE.

Providence	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

AT NEW YORK.

Troy	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Metropolitan	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Detroit	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Philadelphia	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	4

METROPOLITANS VS. ATLANTICS.

The second game between the Metropolitans and Atlantics, of St. Thomas, champions of Canada, was played on Thursday (says the New York *Herald*) in the presence of about six hundred spectators, and, like the previous one, resulted in a victory for the Metropolitans. The Canadians in their second game put on a new pitcher and catcher, and the result was that the Metropolitans pounded Sosk for eight runs in the first inning, after which they sent the new pitcher and catcher out to right and centre field respectively, and replaced them by Ensley and Hatter, who did such excellent work in the first games. With the exception of this one mistake the Atlantics played a remarkably fine game. They batted and fielded in brilliant style, but they were unable to recover from the blunder of the first inning, especially against such heavy odds as they had to contend with, which weakened the team considerably. Had it not been for the start the Mets got in the first inning they would have had a pretty hard row to hoe, as with this one exception the game was most admirably played. The visitors scored three runs in the first innings, all of which were earned. Two singles were made, which were followed by a clean home run. The Atlantics added another to their score in the third innings on an error by Larkin, assisted by a base hit. This was the only error charged against the Metropolitans during the game. In the ninth inning Collins made a clean home run, which was the fourth earned run credited to visitors, against three by the Metropolitans. There were but four runs scored by the Metropolitans after the first inning, and only one of the four was earned. The fielding on both sides was remarkably fine. The following is the score:

ATLANTIC.

Players.	R.	I.	O.	A.	E.
Hunter, 1.f. and c.	0	2	0	2	0
Watkins, lb.	0	1	1	0	0
Smiley, c.f. and p.	1	1	0	0	1
Ensley, p. and c.f.	0	1	0	3	0
Fasts, r.f.	1	2	2	0	0
Hatter, 2b. and r.f.	0	1	1	2	0
Collins, 3b.	1	1	1	2	0
Larkin, s.s.	0	1	1	2	1
Quinn, s. s.	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	3	10	7	12	2

METROPOLITAN.

Players.	R.	I.	O.	A.	E.
Nelson, s.s.	2	1	1	1	0
Brady, r.f.	1	1	1	0	0
Reilly, 1b.	2	1	10	0	0
Larkin, 2b.	1	1	2	2	0
Lynch, 3b.	2	1	1	1	0
Donohue, l.f.	0	1	1	0	0
O'Leary, c.	0	1	5	1	0
Graham, p.	0	1	0	4	0
Murphy, c.	0	1	1	0	0
Totals	11	10	27	14	0

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Atlantic	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Metropolitan	8	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	11

Earned runs—Atlantics, 1; Metropolitans, 4. First base by errors of opponents—Atlantics, 2; Metropolitans, 1. Total left on bases—Atlantics, 4; Metropolitans, 5. Total base hits—Atlantics, 5; Metropolitans, 13. Struck out—By Graham, 6; Metropolitans, 2. Wild pitches—Sosk, 2; Ensley, 1. Passballs—Hunter, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Spence.

A VICTORY.

Fortune once again deigned to bestow her favors upon the Atlantic bevy ball club in their second contest with the Metropolitans of Camden, N. J., on Saturday. The Canadian team had apparently regained their spirits, and played with their usual excellence, working in such good purpose that the Americus club were compelled to acknowledge the superiority of their visitors The Atlantics gave a fine exhibition both at the bat and in the field, and earned a well won victory, the score being:—Atlantics, 6; Metropolitans, 4. The St. Thomas men will meet the Reading, Pa., nine to-day and to-morrow.

LONDONERS OUT WEST.

Grand Gala Day by Canadians in Chicago, Ill.

The first annual picnic of the "Forest City Pleasure Club" was held at River Grove, Desplaines, Ill., on Tuesday, Aug. 8th, and proved an immense success, socially and financially, about five hundred people being present, chiefly Canadians. The day was all that could be desired—cool and pleasant. Great praise was given the different committees for the efficient and satisfactory manner in which the programme of the day was carried out. The amusements commenced at 10 o'clock by some engaging in "the dizzy, dizzy waltz," while others enjoyed a very interesting game of base ball between two nines selected by M. Kelley and J. Sebastian, Kelley's nine proving victorious. Mr. McDonald, by Mr. McDonald, as follows:—1st, Mr. McDonald; 2d, Mr. Gilmore; 3d, Mr. Small; 4th, Mr. Ryan; 5th, Mr. Reid; 6th, Mr. Hagan; 7th, Mr. Coleman's nine—J. Sebastian, c; W. McCue, p; W. McDonald, 1st b; R. Malkers, 2nd b; P. O'Reilly, s.s.; J. Burke, r.f.; W. Clark, 3rd b; C. Smeaton, l.f.; J. Marshall, c.f.—Kelley's nine winning by a score of 19 to 8.

At 2:30 p. m. the games were called, and resulted as follows:—

1st.—Married men's race, 100 yards, an elegant gold watch and chain—won by Mr. J. Davies.

2d.—Married ladies' race, 50 yards, solid silver cake basket—won by Mrs J. Friend.

3rd.—Young ladies' race, 25 yards, solid silver card receiver—won by Miss Maggie Corbett.

4th.—Three-legged race, 100 yards, box of Havana cigars—won by Wm. Munroe and Wm. Small.

5th.—Young men's race, 100 yards, solid gold scarf pin, with beautiful brilliant setting—won by Mr. W. Reid.

6th.—Fifty yards, sweepstakes, hand race, professional—Sam Lester, St. Louis, 1st; T. P. Howard, Hamilton, 2nd.

J. Joe Carey acted as starter, and T. McDonough, referee.

The festivities of the day were brought to a close by the distribution of prizes, the presentation being made by Mr. J. Joe Carey, who delivered a very neat and appropriate address. All came back to the city well pleased and only regretting the "Forest City Pleasure Club" could not hold a picnic weekly instead of annually.

The officers of the club comprise the following gentlemen:—President, Mr. M. Shaw; V. P., W. McCue; Treas., T. McDonough; Secretary, W. A. Small; Committee of Arrangements, Messrs. W. A. Small, M. Kelley, W. McCue, M. Shaw, T. McDonough, P. O'Reilly, and J. Joe Carey as Chairman. Floor managers, S. McDowell, M. Donohue and Wm. Munroe.

M. Bonaquet has published the description of the Faure accumulator, charged by a dynamo-electric generator, to the working of laboratory apparatus, instead of the usual Grove or other battery. The net result of his experiment is that the accumulators charged for two hours have sufficient energy to keep the apparatus employed running for a week, and hence it is unnecessary for him, as heretofore, to put up 50 Grove cells in a day. It has been observed by Prof. Perry that a well-made Faure cell, having the minimum laid on in a uniform coat, does not lose its charge or deteriorate local action, as is done by those accumulators in which the minimum is put here below in the plates.

THE CITY ESTIMATES.

Statement of Probable Receipts and Expenditure for the Year—The Municipal Liabilities.

The statement which is appended exhibits the estimate of receipts and disbursements for the year, as prepared by the Chairman of the Finance Committee, and is the most elaborate exposition of financial affairs that has yet been presented. As will be observed it contrasts the various items with those of the previous year, and shows the increase or decrease in each. According to the report the estimated expenditure for the present year is $274,966.84, while that of 1881 amounted to $263,832.41—a considerable excess. To meet this outlay there are estimated receipts of $44,119 16 ($39,393.45 less than in 1881), leaving $230,-836 68 to be raised by other means It is estimated that the dog, statute labor and street watering rates will net $6,000.00, and the percentage on taxes a further sum of $6,-941 68, and allowing $4,300 for non-resident lands, revision allowances and probable loss, with the addition of $1,745 00 for sewer and block pavement rates will amount to $230,-836 68, which, with the estimated receipts, $44,119 16, will give the total $274,955 84. For the levying of the necessary amount, the rate of taxation for the year has been fixed at twenty-two mills on the dollar—18 9 10 being for general purposes, and 3 1-10 for school rate. A statement of the immediate liabilities of the city, with assets available against them is also given below:—

ESTIMATES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING DEC. 31st, 1882.

SECTION I.

Expenditure to be met by special receipts—Contra.

Balance of immediate liabilities over assets previous to year 1882 as per Auditors report marked A.		$174,189 31
Block pavements 1882—		
Richmond st. No 1		11,000 00
Dundas street		
Sewers and Drains—		
Wellington st., south		
Dundas	$1,675 00	
Dundas and Colborne	67 50	
Wellington st., north Dundas	1,150 00	
York street	658 13	
Queen's Avenue	349 40	3,900 00
		$189,089 31

SECTION 2.

SUBSEC. 1—UNCONTROLLABLE EXPENDITURE.

	Expend-iture 1881.	Estimated for 1882.	Inc.	Dec.
Debt Charges—				
Interest on debentures out-standing	$7149 66			
Bank interest				
on over-draft				
Exchange and com. on (c) mitting	91186 86	7470 00		
Sinking fund rates	27,34 00	29794 00		
Special Accounts—				
Administration of justice—				
fees	111 95	150 00	38 05	
County of Middlesex proportion Government grant on account repairs and alterations Jail and Court House	1188 23			1188 23
Administration of Justice—				
Proportion of Crown witness fees		50 00	50 00	
Clergy reserve fund	281 10	275 00		6 10
Government grant to Hospital	3724 67	3701 08	26 11	
Sale of ordnance lands	20000 00			20000 00
Wood market fees	275 82	275 00		82
Hospital accounts—				
Paying patients and interest on debentures	3370 28	3802 68		767 60
Sale of building, lumber,	221 43	75 00		146 43
Police Dep't.				
Sale of coatine		3175 00	3475 00	60 00
Arrears of taxes	1063 20	1000 00		
	273512 20	44119 16	4979 11	227598 84
				227598 84

SEC 2—TAXATION.

Rate of 3 1-13 mills on Dollar for School purposes and 18 9-10 mills on the dollar for general purposes, being a total of 22 mills on the $	$19,495,440 00			
Assessment of	$228,911 66			
Net receipts from present rate on taxes in default		850 00		
Statute labor tax		450 00		
Dog tax		500 00		
Street water-ing		2,700 00		
		$203,391 66		
Less taxes on non-resident land, Court of Revision allowances and probable losses say averages former years		4,300 00	$29,091 66	
Sewer and block pave-ment rates			1,745 00	
			$29,836 66	
Estimated amount raised by taxation in 1881			199,820 31	
				34,316 37
Receipts 1881	$29,092 93			
Receipts 1882		$74,955 84		
Increase 1882			45,891 48	
Decrease 1882				32,166 54

LIABILITIES OF YEARS PREVIOUS TO 1882.

Sinking fund, 1872	$ 2,000 00	
" 1873	2,000 00	
" 1874	3,300 00	
" 1875	10,300 00	
" 1876	16,200 00	
" 1877	14,000 00	
" 1878	16,800 00	
" 1879	20,000 00	
" 1880	22,741 63	
" 1881	22,794 00	
All previous sinking funds extinguished by the issue of consolidated bonds		$141,361 63
School Trustees—balance in hands of late secretary as per books for 1881	7,441 46	
Catholic Separate School Trustees—do	3,850 00	
London Gas Light Co. from 1881	$ 1,614 99	
Coupons outstanding from 1881	24 00	
Cornish property, McClary family	1,200 00	
Cornish property, Mrs. family	1,000 00	
Cornish property, Ontario Loan & Savings Company	2,970 00	
Burton and Simcoe streets drains, balance	1,000 00	
Simcoe street bridge	1,500 00	
Steam roller	1,350 00	
Richmond street block pavement estimate	6,000 00	29,792 43
Bank overdraft per pass book	$28,472 02	
Less error subsequently adjusted	225 00	
		28,247 02
To which add cheques paid by bank in 1882 per accounts charged in 1881, accounts	19,313 22	10,091 24
New Police station, estimated balance		3,450 00
		$230,752 13

ASSETS AVAILABLE AGAINST SAID LIABILITIES

Masonic Temple Company, amount estimated as due by them on account of Coombs' property		$ 3,000 00
Dundas street block pavement for portion of 1881, about		295 00
Oxford Street Bridge, amount to be received from the Warden of the Middlesex		3,000 00
Lands and taxes previous to 1881, representing in ledger as being		9,129 49
Absentee land taxes for 1881, estimated taxes for 1881 uncollected at close of year, as per rolls	$37,576 42	
Deductions from roll for errors and allowances, commissions, &c., about	2,200 00	
	34,476 42	
Interest, probably about	362 00	
	$35,776 42	
Allowance for discounts, salary and commission on collected taxes	9,500 00	
And absentee taxes as above	1,500 00	
	$24,776 42	
Balance of liabilities over assets		35,639 52
		174,189 31
		$209,792 13

The foregoing is an approximate statement of the immediate liabilities of the City of London, and of such assets as may be considered available against the same. The sum of $174,189 31 raised taxes previous to 1881," represents the balance standing to the Interncolonial after examination. The claim of the School Trustees for $11,291.46, and the Bishop's grant by Council to the Catholic Separate school Trustees on account of 1882 rates, are not included in this statement, and if confirmed must be added to the liabilities.

GEO. F. BWELL,
City Accountant.

London, Ont., Aug. 11th, 1882.

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

WINGHAM.

Mr Kirkland, who has been head miller for Johnston & Hamilton for some time, left on Monday for Portland, Oregon, where he goes to take charge of a large grist mill on the Columbia River. His family will follow in three months.

The town authorities took advantage of the low water in the mill pond to repair the waterworks flue and bulkhead. The building also sagged three fourths of an inch toward the river, which put the wheels out of gear, and they procured a practical mill wright from Galt, who thoroughly overhauled the pumps and water wheel. They are now in better order than when first put in.

The firemen and citizens intend to have an immense demonstration here about 1st September, consisting of monster trades procession, band and firemen's tournament, and many other games, etc. A committee was formed to canvass for subscriptions, and I believe they are meeting with good success. They intend to make this the best and largest demonstration ever held in this vicinity.

The young son of Rev. James Shaw, mentioned in my previous correspondence, died yesterday, after a very long and painful illness.

Business is rather dull at present. Farmers are busy with their grain. The fall wheat is all in sheaf. It seems to have escaped injury so far. Although a good deal of rain has fallen around here.

PALMERSTON.

Mr. G. S. Davidson is erecting a large brick store on the corner of William and Main streets.

Messrs. Finemore & McKinley are erecting a large saw mill to replace the one which was burned down some time ago.

Palmerston is the chief railway centre in this section of the country. A large amount of business in that line is done here.

Mr. Wm. Stone is starting a new bakery in town. Success to him.

Mr. Joseph Hall left for Manitoba this week on a prospecting tour.

The farmers in this section of the country are busily engaged in gathering in the golden grain, as the business is rather dull in town at present.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail

LONDON AGRICULTURAL SEED TRADE

Mincing, July 31.—A quite feeling continues in character in the market for farm seeds. Some samples of new foreign clover seed have been shown on Mark Lane, but values are not yet fixed. Unsatisfactory accounts are received of the growing trefoil crops. Timothium is offered at moderate rates. The rape seed of this season's growth is exceptionally cheap and good. New Essex rye is now selling. Canary and hemp seed realize full prices. For leading linseed the sale is slow.—*John Shaw & Sons Seed Merchants, 37 Mark Lane, London, E. C.*

THE BRITISH GRAIN TRADE.

Liverpool, August 11.—A leading grain circular says the recent brilliant weather has further depressed British wheat. The various markets are dull, and cargoes in all positions are weaker, with a declining tendency. Here wheat has settled slowly since Tuesday at a decline of 1d. Corn has been steady on spot, but forward positions are neglected. At the market to-day there was an average attendance, and wheat was in limited demand. White is unchanged; red 2d lower. Flour is quietly unchanged. Corn slightly depressed, and there was an indifferent demand.

LONDON GROCERY MARKET.

London, August 11.—The holiday has unsettled trade in Mincing Lane, but the produce market with few exceptions is now steady, and prices are nearly as reported. The market for tea has been generally inactive with large arrivals. Rice has been firm with a good business in cargoes. West India refining sugar meets with rather more inquiry. Coffee has been in fair demand with improved deliveries. The recent advance in prices of Ceylon and East India sorts is fully supported. The market for spices has been inanimate, and the prices unchanged.

GLASGOW CATTLE MARKET.

The Glasgow cattle market report up to 27th of July is furnished by Laing & Mc-Grade as follows:—Foreign supplies at our market this week consisted of 190 cattle and 900 sheep ex Lucerne, from Montreal. About fifty of the former were one and two years old, and sold to farmers for feeding purposes at fair prices, while the balance, which were generally of a rough quality, met a slower trade at about 50/ per cwt. The supplies of home and Irish cattle were considerably in advance of last week's, and consisted principally of the latter, many of which were of A 1 quality. Trade all round was slower, and a reduction of from 2s to 3s per cwt. on last week's prices had to be submitted to to effect a clearance.

Beef—Top Scotch, 56s to 57s per cwt.; secondary, 52s to 55s per cwt.; top Irish, 54s to 55s per cwt.; secondary, 75s to 50s per cwt.; middling and inferior, 45s to 70s.

Sheep—The number of sheep penned showed an increase, and prices in this department also underwent a reduction. Mutton, top, 10½ per lb; do. secondary, 9½ to 9¾ per lb. Lambs, top, 35s to 40s each; secondary, 25s to 30s each.

Stores—Trade in this branch is still slow, although supplies have been sold cut in short lots as the various markets during the week. Numbers at market—Cattle, 1,584; sheep, 7,600.

FARM STATISTICS

Interesting Record of Ontario and Middlesex Live Stock.

Mr. A. Blue, Secretary of the Ontario Bureau of Industries, sends out a well prepared report of the condition of the crops in Ontario, and the following information concerning live stock in Ontario which will be of interest to the farmers are:—

The returns of live stock are at complete as they could be obtained. No estimates have been made of thorough breds for localities for which no returns were received, owing to the difficulty of finding an average. It is certain that the full number has not been returned, but it is almost equally certain that some animals entered in the schedules of farmers as thoroughbreds would never obtain registration in a herd book. Following are the returns for the Province and for the County of Middlesex:—

Horses.	The Province.	The County.
Working horses	880,491	15,564
Breeding mares	71,000	1,123
Unbroken horses	101,305	1,573
Draught—		
Working oxen	23,597	1,422
Milch cows	11,215	87
Store cattle, over two years	272,661	11,427
Other cattle	211,205	10,990
Total milch cows, all breeds	687,227	23,514
Cows, all classes and breeds	1,608,048	97,894
Scarce woolled, 1 year and over	241,514	16,831
Coarse woolled, under 1 year	686,610	33,869
Fine woolled, 1 year and over	183,022	5,798
Fine woolled, under 1 year	139,404	4,317
Pigs.		
One year and over	227,406	10,429
Under one year	658,509	31,992
Poultry.		
Number of hens	3,717,741	17,309
" geese	2,239,992	20,291
" other fowls	1,521,599	107,041

The Weather Report, which is furnished by the Meteorological Office, is a register of the rainfall and sunshine recorders to the two heretofore in use will add materially to the value of future reports.

COUPLING PINS!

Gleaned from Local Sources and "Free Press" Exchanges

Thirty first-class coaches for the New York, Lake Erie & St. Louis Railway are being built at the Pullman works in Detroit; also ten baggage and six baggage and mail cars for the same road.

Work on the Ontario and Quebec Railway is being rapidly prosecuted. On the Perth section 1,000 men are at work. A batch of immigrants also arrived last week. Rockmen receive $1.80 per day and shovelers $1.40.

President Samuel Sloan, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, expressed himself as pleased with the condition of the road, but would like to have more than bridges enough to spread. Legal delays were mostly to blame for this, however. He expected to have the road running to the Intercolonial Bridge within thirty days, but not into Buffalo before October. When the extension is completed, said Mr. Sloan, the Lackawanna will have a fine double track road from New York to Buffalo, fully fifteen miles shorter than the Central. The Company will have a good business from the beginning, and their arrangements for an interchange of traffic will be of the best.

5 JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Sout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains.

Each, Fan and Handsome, Treated Feet and Sure, and all other Pains and Aches.

Directions in seven languages. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
BALTIMORE, MD., U.S.A.

ROOM WANTED

FOR

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

Balance of our stock of SUMMER CLOTHING

AT COST

FOR THIRTY DAYS.

Wanted, another hundred hands for stock work.

Burns & Bapty

The Clothiers, 154 Dundas Street.

Heron & Jackson

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

HONEY COMB SHAWLS

IN

WHITE, BLUE and CARDINAL,

AT

118 DUNDAS STREET.

HERON & JACKSON

London, August 11, 1882. eod

SUMMER CLOTHING!

Flannel Tweed Coat and Pants, to Order, Seven Dollars and Fifty Cents.

PETHICK AND McDONALD'S,

393 RICHMOND STREET.

AT A. S. MURRAY & CO'S

(Established 21 Years).

423 Richmond Street,

You will find an elegant assortment of Ladies' Bracelets, Necklets, Lockets, Rings, Colored Gold Sets, Silver Jewelry —New Designs! An Immense Stock!

JET SETS.—Brooches and Earrings, Necklets and Collarettes.

CUTLERY.—Knives, Forks, Carvers and Spoons.

See our 5-bottle Caster, $4.

See our best quality Cake Basket, $4.

Rogers' A1 1847 Tea Spoons ($2.50 per doz), engraved free.

Ladies' Gold Watches a specialty.

All our goods guaranteed.

A.S. Murray & Co

ESTATE OF

GEO. D. SUTHERLAND & CO.,

158 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

The Great Sale to be continued for a short time only. Now is the time for bargains. Every article sold at cost price and under.

From $3 to $4 saved on every suit. Suits made to order as usual, while the store is kept open.

Dress Goods, Muslins, Silks, selling extraordinarily cheap. Millinery selling for one-quarter its usual price.

Those who have not yet paid their accounts should do so at once, to save costs.

JAMES MACDONALD, Agent.

REMEMBER!

—FOR FIRST-CLASS—

Boots and Shoes of Every Description

AT VERY LWEST PRICES,

CALL AT 198 DUNDAS T.

I Cannot be Undersold.

J. F. THOMPSON.

WINLOW BROTHERS

BOOTS SHOES

We are offering some lines of Ladies' Pyramidas at extremely low prices.

Also, Misses' Walking Shoes in Pebble and Pyramida, at about half their value.

113 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

LAWN MOWERS

—AND—

GARDEN HOSE

—AT—

REID'S HARDWARE

No. 116 N. S. Dundas St.

J. M. LONGAN & CO.

ARRIVED,

1256 PKS. WINE

which we will sell to the trade in bond or duty paid.

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

MARTINIQUE LIME JUICE

Limetta Cordial,
Enos Fruit Salt,
And all Leading
Patent Medicines,
—AT—
REDUCED PRICES,
—AT—

STRONG'S

Drug Store,

184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Receipts a Specialty.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday, August 14, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Monday, Aug. 14, 1882.

Sun rises.....5.13 a.m. | Moon rises.....6.09 p.m.
Sun sets.....7.14 p.m. | Moon sets.....7.14 a.m.

Day of the year—226th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full moon	1st	8.10 p. m
Last quarter	9th	1.51 a. m
New moon	16th	1.13 p. m
First quarter	23rd	6.48 p. m

THE TRANSIT OF VENUS.

Washington, Aug. 12.—A preliminary meeting of the Commission created by Congress has been held to arrange for the observations of the transit of Venus in December for the purpose of ascertaining the relative accuracy of the different methods of determining the solar parallax. Prof. Wm. Harkness, of the National Observatory, will have charge of the observations at Washington. Prof. John R. Eastman, of the Navy, has been assigned to the station at Kaya, Florida. Prof. Asaph Hall, of the Navy, will have charge of the San Antonio (Texas) station. Prof. George Davidson will have that at Fort Thorna, New Mexico. Prof. Newcomb, Superintendent Nautical Almanac, will have charge of the Cape of Good Hope station. Lieut. Very, of the Navy, will have charge of the Santa Cruz station. The station at Santiago, Chili, will be in charge of Prof. Lewis Boss. Dudley Observatory, New Zealand station, will be in charge of Professor Smith, United States Coast Survey. The party for Patagonia station leave about the first of August; the New Zealand party about the 15th of August, and two others about the middle of September. Parties for stations to be sent to the States will not leave before the middle of October.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Aug. 14, 1 a.m.—This morning the pressure is comparatively uniform throughout the country east of the Lake Region, but there is a considerable depression over the Northwest Territories. The weather is showery in Manitoba; elsewhere it is fine.

Montreal, Aug. 14, 1 a.m.—Lower Lake Region—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly south and south-west; generally fair, warmer weather; few local showers.

WHAT IS THE POINT?—The St. Thomas Journal talks thus: "Mr. Wallace Proudfoot, of London is said to have raked in a profit of about $1 000 in three weeks, and Londoners are just wondering what means he took. The London detectives may not have got on the trail of the alleged Mr. Alexanders, it might be suggested that some points could be procured at Fort Stanley."

SKIPPED OUT.—A man named McClellan has left Toronto suddenly, forgetting the halt under which he sewed a number of overcoats, after advising a number of merchants by obliging grads on credit and getting their goods to the United States. Among the firms victim'zed was tee London Furniture Company, from he obtained $400 worth of furniture upon trust, and then shipped it across the lines.

POLICE JOTTINGS.—Another light calendar was disposed of in the Police Court this day. T. Howard, charged with larceny, was remanded until Monday. Two city grocers were fined $20 and costs each for breach of license law, and the charge against another grocer withdrawn, and the charge against John McCalvin, for breach of city by-law, was withdrawn on payment of costs. Alice Smith, a young girl of seventeen years, was arrested Friday night, and was fined $5 and $4.10 costs, or two months; she paid down. Alfred Clegg, for using abusive language towards Maggie Clegg, paid $2 and $2 55 costs. The charge against Cora Able, for using abusive language to C Kaine, was withdrawn on payment of $1.25 costs.

THE INTERMEDIATE.—In addition to the list of successful candidates at the late intermediate examinations, already published, the following have passed at St. Thomas:—Grade A.—James, William; Combs, Elizabeth; McMichael, James. Grade B.—McKillop, Duncan; Arkell, Alfred; Seifid, Frank M; Bush, Alfred; Ross, Douglas; Mohr, Bertha; Glanty, Amelia; Arkell, Minnie; McGill, Mary J; Thompson, Elsie Thompson, Agnes; Worth, Jessie; Mulholland, Sophia; Murray, Bell; Kirkpatrick, M J, Sutherland, Minnie; Gregory, Valmy; McGregor, Agnes; Errington, Fanny; McDougall, Miles; McColl, Annie; Harris, Nellie; Bice, John D; Henry, Ida. Intermediate—Miller, Robert; Webb, Kate; Thompson, Charles E; Milley, Archibald; Johnson, John; Sanderson, Miss; Crawford, Stanley Bell. Sarah; Isaac, Leslie; McDougal, Mary; Ross, Florence; Johnston, Lizzie; McKellar, J.

LOCAL NOTICES.

HEAR Talmage at Grimsby on the 21st. Cheap excursion on G. W. R. H12b

Office Diaries for 1883 at Bryce's depots, Dundas street. H94v sod

NOTICE.—The grocers, butchers, tinsmiths and flour and feed merchants of London East have long been of the opinion that they will, on and after Monday, the 14th instant, close their stores at 7 o'clock p. m. (Saturday of each week and the 24th and 31st of each month excepted. H7a

Go to Grimsby on the 12th and hear the Boy Preacher, Rev. T. Harrison. Cheap excursion on G. W. R. H2a

Ladies in city will find a beautiful assortment of silver jewellery, at jewellery, and the best selected stock of colored gold and fancy jewellery in the west at Murray's. Seventeen cases silverware, two cases cutlery just received. Prices low and goods guaranteed at this establishment.

Lawn Mowers, best in the market. Garden sieves and tools; carpet fish, carriers, wringers, washing machines, mangles.—Brown & Mosars, Hardware, 316 Dundas street.

Rubber hose of best quality, nozzles, couplings, hose reels, lawn rakes, garden shears. T. HERBERT MARSH, 157 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HERBERT MARSH, 157 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received from Messrs. Downey & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Brunner, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

Have you seen the new lemon squeezers, the newest and best pattern in the market. A large assortment of trays and waiters at all prices. T. HERBERT MARSH, 157 Dundas street.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

Flat scarfs are still the favorites.
Light summer shades are in brisk demand in neck wear.
Fancy cambric handkerchiefs are booming.
Polka-dotted socks are strong favorites with young men of taste.
Fancy cambric shirts are strong favorites this season.
Balbriggan underwear is having a large sale.
Silk handkerchiefs with hemstitched and spotted borders are very elegant.
The new and leading lines in gents' furnishing goods can always be found at Robert Wallace's clothing establishment.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Thursday will be Windsor's public holiday.

Miss Allie Sneath, of Goderich, is visiting friends in London.

The Pastmasters play the Guelph club in Detroit on Friday, Aug. 18.

The St. Louis team will meet the Windsor cricketers at Detroit to morrow.

The City Council meets to-night to discuss the condition of the city finances.

Mrs. Janet Wright, of this city, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Wilmot at Barrie.

The Misses Lizzie and Mary McEathron, of this city, are guests of Miss Mimi Lee, Detroit.

A checker tournament is spoken of by the draughtsmen of this city as among the probabilities.

Miss M. Body and Miss Minnie Burns, of Toronto, are visiting at Dr. Piper's, London South.

Mrs. Moody and Miss McNaughton, late of this city, have open up a dress-making establishment in Forest.

The rector of Christ Church, Rev. J. W. P. Smith, left the city last week for the east on a holiday trip.

A base ball match will be played at Tecumseh Park on Wednesday afternoon between the brakemen and the Beavers.

The garden party at Mount Hope this evening promises to be a very enjoyable entertainment if the weather is favorable.

Mr. C. E. Wilcox, of Winnipeg, formerly of London, has purchased a controlling interest in the May-oal-wood House there.

Dr. F. B. Eccles, of this city, was in Watford last week assisting Drs. Harvey and Stanley in a difficult surgical operation.

Mr. Thomas Greenway, M. P. P., of Crystal City, and daughter, have arrived on a few weeks' trip to their friends hereabouts.

A quoiting match is being arranged to take place here on the Civic Holiday between the Forest City and Hamilton clubs.

Mr. P. B. Owens, General Travelling Agent of the Ætna Life Insurance Company at Hartford, Conn., is at the Tecumseh House.

New buildings are being erected at Essex Centre for the North Essex Agricultural Exhibition to be held there September 26, 27 and 28.

It is the intention to have a firemen's tournament in Windsor some time this month, when over one hundred dollars will be divided in prizes.

The Hamilton *Spectator* printers played a return base ball match at Dundern Park with the *Times* printers on Saturday. Score:—Spectators, 19; *Times*, 9.

Judge Leggatt, of Sandwich, has dismissed the appeal of the Great Western Railway Company, who claimed that their property in Windsor was assessed too high.

Miss Bessie Keenan, of London, is the guest of Mrs. D. Currie, of the Woodbine Hotel, Goderich, Ont., and Mrs. H. Gerrard, of Detroit, is visiting Mr. G. R. Davis.

Frederick Symns, who was injured by the explosion of the boiler of a steam threshing machine in Gosfield, on Wednesday, died Friday evening.

The employes of the G. W. Railway from Southampton and Walkerton will hold their annual picnic in the Exhibition Grounds, Guelph, on the 25th inst.

On Friday night Customs Officer Gott, of Amherstburg, seized a sail-boat and cargo of canned goods, which were being smuggled from the American side of the river.

Horse information may be obtained in Essex County, and a valuable team was stolen from John R. Dehls, who lives near Maidstone Cross, last Wednesday night.

W. C. Coup's united show will enter the Fairgrounds at Windsor, on the night of the 23rd, and exhibit there on Tuesday, 24th inst. It will also exhibit at St. Thomas on the 26th.

The Western Hotel, Watford, recently burnt down, is to be soon rebuilt, and will be a fine commodious structure. So, also, is the Hotel House to be rebuilt. It will be a brick building.

About one hundred and fifty persons from the city attended the excursion to Grimsby Camp Grounds on Saturday morning. Eight additional coaches were attached to the regular train.

It is reported that Mr. S. F. Martin, of the C. S. R., is to be appointed collector of customs at Amherstburg, and that Mr. Jeffers, the present collector, will be superannuated.

Mr. H. E. Lawson, of London South, had his sale of horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, and what not, by a circular saw at Geary's mill reads west of that city, on Saturday. It is feared that amputation may be necessary.

A fire broke out on Saturday in a shed in rear of Lorne Hall, Hyde Park, and was soon seanded. The Brigade turned out and extinguished the blaze, the damage done not amounting to over $10.

Mr. W. Brown, barber, of Wellington street, states that he was not at Port Stanley on Thursday, and was not guilty of his fighting on the picnic grounds on that day. Who's about the day previous?

To cure burns, dip the injured part in water, and then paint it with a camel's hair pencil that has been dipped in the essence of peppermint; the pain will be instantly relieved, and no scar will be formed.

Mr. Samuel Grigg, of this city, has presented K. H. Gillman, of Detroit, with a pair of mammoth elk antlers. They measure four feet three inches in length and three feet between the spread, and were brought from Manitoba.

Michael Holland was arrested on Saturday upon charges of being drunk and refusing to support his family, and was remanded until to-day. Walter Welsh was taken into custody by P. C. Walr for being drunk and disorderly, and remanded till to-day.

For the last few days the people who travel on Wellington street, near Horton, have their fine sense of smell demoralized by the filthy odor that greets them, coming from the dirty yards down there. It is enough to cause typhus fever in that place. Where is the Health Inspector?

Junius Hoover, of Aylmer, was arrested at Port Stanley Friday by County Constable Pope for using abusive language towards Mr. William Fraser. While being taken down the hill he broke away, but after a long chase was recaptured and brought before Squire Finley, who fined him $1 and costs.

Mr. W. Jackson, the enterprising town agent of the G.W.R. at Clinton, passed through here Saturday on his way to Hamilton, where he goes to make arrangements for a mammoth excursion of the Clinton Sabbath-schools to Port Stanley on the 22nd inst. He reports business in Clinton as booming.

A game of base ball was played on Friday afternoon between the Wild Waves and Victors, and, as will be seen by the score, the boys are getting base ball down very fine:—

Wild Waves	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	5	—	5
Victors	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	—	3

A city physician says that diarrhœa and summer complaint can be cured by exposing water in a blue bottle to the sun for a half hour or upwards, and then giving one or two teaspoonfuls each hour until symptoms change. Water thus affected by the sun, he declares, to be a great nervine and restorative as well as an astringent.

At the Dominion Young Men's Christian Association Convention at Truro, on Saturday morning, the subject of "branch work among boys" was opened by a paper by Mr. Fish, of this city, which was read by Mr. Cole, of Quebec. A discussion followed, which was taken part in by Mr. Wilkie, of New York; Jones, of Moncton; Budge, of Montreal; Sandham, of Toronto; Dr. Kelly, of Montreal, and several others.

Jack Thompson, of the Philadelphias, formerly Incumsucks, is spoken of in the following terms by the Philadelphia *Press*:—"Thompson made his first appearance with the club yesterday, and created more than a favorable impression. He was naturally nervous, being on trial, and his only error—which was also the only one on the Philadelphia side—was excusable from that fact. He missed an easy foul fly, but without a detrimental result to the score. He more than made up for his one blunder, however, by his excellent catching."

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE "MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE,"
THE MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL,
ANDERSONS' FRUIT SALT
—AT—

Harkness & Co.,

Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

LIME JUICE.

Guaranteed not to go Mouldy.

JUST THE THING FOR A HOT DAY

In Pint Bottles at 40c.

WM. SAUNDERS.

188 DUNDAS STREET.

THE G. W. R. SEIZURE.

The Transfer Taken in Charge by the Sheriff Last Night.

Traffic at a Standstill — No Through Trains To-day — Sleepers Transferred to the C. S. R.

Further developments of an important character have taken place at Detroit within the last twenty-four hours in connection with the seizure of the G. W. R. property there. During last night the ferry Transfer was seized at Detroit by the Sheriff, under the orders of the "Big Six," and in consequence traffic on the Grand Trunk—late Great Western—is practically at a standstill to-day. The only train that arrived from the West this morning was No. 7 express, which started from Windsor, and came through without sleepers or express cars, as the railway company are unable to get the coaches across the river. The sleeping cars and express matter were sent around by the Canada Southern.

Some of the conductors on the Grand Trunk, late Great Western, have accepted the changed situation as cheerfully as to telegraph to Manager Hickson for new badges and buttons.

AMICABLY ADJUSTED.

The Big Six Release the G. W. R. Property in Detroit—Still in Charge.

The difficulty between the "Big Six," of Detroit, and the "Grand Trunk, late Great Western Railway," which caused the seizure of the Company's property at Detroit, has been temporarily adjusted, and everything is again running smoothly. Arrangements were perfected by the roads so that no serious interruption of passenger traffic was experienced by the seizure of the steamer Transit, and the short-cut thereby. The arrangements made by the Grand Trunk, late Great Western Railway," fast express were started from Windsor at 10 o'clock a. m. Saturday, when the through sleepers were sent forward via the Canada Southern, and the coach passengers transferred by the steamer Maple Leaf from Detroit to Windsor. The same arrangement prevailed on any question in the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, the freight traffic was blocked, but fortunately between fifty and sixty cars of the Grand Trunk and other available goods had been transferred prior to the seizure. The amount of freight awaiting moving, however, was very light, and the trouble caused was of the lightest possible character. Everything was running smoothly at 4 o'clock.

On Saturday afternoon, between the hours of 2 and 3, papers were issued from the office of the attorneys of the representative of the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railway Company, and the two transit steamers and the ferry Transfer, which have been seized, were ordered to be released. As surmised, the Grand Trunk Company had taken hold and secured peace with the "Big Six." The settlement of the so-called Eastern otter of roses is made at Grasse. During the rose season loads of girls are employed in the fields gathering the petals from the blossoms. In the evening the petals are put into large stills, is covered half a foot thick with rose leaves, looking like drifts of tinted snow. Nerely, the essence of roses is found, and subjected to strength to otar of roses, is another of the special products of Grasse, and the perfumers of Cologne are supplied from here with that and other essences, which they make into the various sorts of otherings so much admired by the ladies.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, which is the result of the amalgamation of the Great Western and the Grand Trunk lines, opened the books and contracts on Saturday morning.

Numerous quotes were exchanged as to what changes are to be made in the personnel of the line, but at this early date nothing can be said with any degree of certainty.

Mr. E. W. Meddaugh, attorney for the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, has been deputized by Sheriff Clippert and placed in charge of the embargoed property in the Western Railway line at Detroit. Thus it appears that the Court still has the property in its grasp, and that the discontinuing of Mr. Meddaugh is the temporary arrangement made by the parties in the suit.

An old railroad man said that he was afraid some of the boys would find themselves in the waste basket. The Montreal offices are filled with young Englishmen who have been sent over to learn the business, and they are filling clerkships until they can be made fit for them elsewhere. Railroad corporations often show a most lewpitious disregard for long and faithful service. Old and tried employés who possess peculiar qualifications for their positions are allowed salts and promotions are given to green English importations in blast hats, light plaid trousers and big double soled shoes, who can't speak the language intelligibly and know next to nothing about the railroad business. It wouldn't be strange to see a delegation of this stamp ushered in when the offices here are reorganized.

OBITUARY.—The FREE PRESS regrets to have to chronicle the death of Capt. David Millar, late Adjutant of the Royal Canadian Rifles, which event occurred at his late residence, in this city, on Sunday morning. Deceased was born in Jedburgh, Scotland, in the year 1814, and became connected with the 79th Highlanders in 1836. In the year 1850 he joined the Royal Canadian Rifles, of which regiment he became Adjutant in 1859, retiring with the rank of Captain in 1866. The cause of his retirement was the beginning of a gradual paralysis, which has only now culminated in his death. During his connection with the two regiments named deceased had been twice at Gibraltar, at various places in England, Ireland and Scotland; at Quebec, Montreal, St. John's (Que.), Kingston, London, Toronto and Niagara—for the last 17 years in London. As an officer he was thoroughly efficient, conscientious and a strict disciplinarian. As a gentleman he was distinguished. Deceased was originally a member of the Established Church of Scotland, but for thirty years had been connected with the Presbyterian Church of Canada, and a member at the time of his death, but of the ministrations of which he had been deprived for the past eight years by increasing physical weakness. The family of deceased who survive him are his widow; Major Thomas Millar, of the Customs Department; John, Robert D., and David Millar, Miss Millar, and Mrs. John Cameron. It is a coincidence that his death occurred exactly on the 42nd anniversary of the day of his marriage. The funeral will take place this (Monday) afternoon to Woodland Cemetery. A sincere, cheerful, and unassuming Christian man, there has been no time during many years past when death would have found him unready.

A POPULAR OFFICIAL.—The gentleman manifested in the following paragraph appears to be fully as popular in St. Thomas as he was during his residence in the Forest City, and his is a genial, whole-souled man, who enjoys the high esteem of the employés generally. The *Journal* says:—"Mr. Wm. Chambers, Locomotive Foreman of what used to be the G W R., shops in this city, but now the Grand Trunk, came out from England with the first locomotive purchased by the former company, and was in the service of the G.W.R. all the time that company was in operation—27 years. To-day is his first day's service with the Grand Trunk, and he appears to be capable of serving that company for a good many years. He is the heaviest and one of the best men the Grand Trunk gets by the fusion; he weighs 287."

A lady who lives in "Central New York State," near the lakes, and who has high family connections, and who is known in the best society in Washington, despairing of time to summer in preserving and pickling small fruits and vegetables, at which she has great skill, and her sales reach $60,000 a year.

WORKINGMEN IN COUNCIL.

The Canada First Workingmen's Association.

A number of the workingmen of the city held a meeting in Baker's Block on Saturday night to organize a society under the above name. O ing, no doubt, to the unfavorable weather the meeting was rail r thinly attended. Mr. Evans, however, informed the FREE PRESS representative that the names on the roll aggregated nearly 450 active members, and others have been received from St. Thomas, Hamilton and other places asking information in regard to the working of the society, with a view of forming similar associations. Very little business of importance was transacted at the meeting. The objects of the society are to unite on candidates for Parliament, who will look after the workmen's interests, and the general enlightenment of their class.

The Executive Committee consist of Messrs Moses Trotman (Chairman), C. E. Allen (Secretary) Fred. Knoy, Alex Tate, John Watson, F W. Foreman, and J. O. Leave.

It was decided to hold a mass meeting in the City Hall in about two weeks' time, at which the objects and aims of the Society will be explained at length by working members of the same. A good start has been made, and the new Association bids fair to prosper.

OUR NEXT DOOR NEIGHBOR.

Sayings and Doings in the Town of London East.

Saturday, August 12.

Squire Niles is now acting as Magistrate in Mayor Anderson's office, as the Mayor is too much taken up with other business to allow him to try cases.

Miss Butler, of Bathurst street, went to get a pail of water at Mrs. Scott's well, as she says, and has been summoned for trespass. The case came before Squire Niles last night, and was enlarged for one day.

William and George Binary were also before the same Magistrate on a similar charge, and appear again to night.

The names of the streets have at last been placed in position, and all suffix is saying that a neat job has been made. The Adelaide street boards have "London East" placed just over the streets name.

The grocers, butchers, tinsmiths, flour and feed merchants and bulbers have inaugurated the early closing movement, and the other merchants are discussing the matter in a generally favorable manner.

Perfume Making at Grasse.

It is sometimes in those days of shams and deceits, when everything seems to be made of the less probable ingredients, to find a place where the perfumes which put on our handkerchiefs are still distilled from flowers. No one who has been to Grasse can doubt it. When once the flower season begins, every alley in the town smells strong of violets, or orange blossoms, or roses, according to the particular flower that the perfumers are at work upon. The whole district round is the great industry of the district. Roses, violets, narcissus, jasmine, and tuberose are grown in fields just like corn, except for the walks; and in a good season the land is covered with flowers for a month or more earlier than if it were sown with wheat or any other crop. It certainly takes away from the picturesqueness of the place to see the vines grown wholesale, and the blossoms sown in rows, with as little care or reverence as hay or straw. The flowers are all bought by weight as so much a kilo, and must consequently be all picked in a cold snap from stems as possible. Picking the flowers, especially the violets, is very hard work, and is often carried on for many hours at a stretch, so as to be done in the height of the season when the increase of warmth and water comes with bliss that not a green leaf of the plants needs be seen, and when all these blossoms must be gathered and sold before they shed the first symptom of fading. Roses are consequently in prodigious quantities, for a great deal of the so called Eastern otter of roses is made at Grasse. During the rose season loads of girls are employed in the fields gathering the petals from the blossoms. In the evening the petals are put into large stills, is covered half a foot thick with rose leaves, looking like drifts of tinted snow. Nerely, the essence of roses is found, and subjected to strength to otar of roses, is another of the special products of Grasse, and the perfumers of Cologne are supplied from here with that and other essences, which they make into the various sorts of otherings so much admired by the ladies.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes
AND
WINDOW GLASS.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Firmness Guaranteed.

FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY

R. LEWIS

434 RICHMOND STREET.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear and gentlemen's stiffs, go to MRS. JOHNSON, 273 Clarence street, London. H12va

MISS HARDIE, 393½ Dundas street, has just received a large assortment of chair strips, ottomans, slippers, slipper holders, hammocks, brackets, etc., etc. These goods are in beads, Berlin wool, crewels, Roman embroidery and arrasene. They are exquisite and unsurpassed for new designs and low prices. A call will fully repay all lovers of fancy work. No trouble to show goods. G12tu

FRESH OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall.

CROCKERY and Glassware Business for sale. Established nine years The reason for selling: going into the wholesale.—No. 19 Market London. H 9t

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—Gus hundre thou sand dollars' worth of general dry goods carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold without reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winte goods before the stock is broken up.—R. S Murray & Co.

Ladies having hats and bonnets to do over will do well to call on Miss F. L. Anderson, 343 Clarence street, for all the latest styles; also hair combings made to order. Elms

"Gospel Hymns Combined," containing the first, second, third and fourth series, at W. L. Cassels, the stationer, 417 Richmond street.

MANHATTAN FEED.—Geo. McH ones, seed merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square, .. ole agent for this unrivalled food for horse , cows, calves, and all kinds of stock. Has given .omplete satisfaction everywhere. Try a sample lot.

REVERE HOUSE, London, Ont.—First-class in every respect. Refitted throughout. Opposite Masonic Temple. Street railway pass every ten minutes.—J. MCDONALD, proprietor.

O. B. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall papers, window shades, spring rollers picture frames, mirrors, &c. Paper hanging, kalsomining and curtains put up by best workmen in town or country.—233 Dundas street.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap —373 Hiddon street.

Gold and silver fringe, lace and braid for trimming regalias and badges. Millinery in all the latest styles, also a large stock of fashionable millinery goods. Mrs. Dingman's reliable patterns at MRS. GALLEMA'S, 166 Dundas street.

CITY CROCKERY STORE—HALL & CO.—Sir's and 8 pieces tea sets for small amount—Hall's one sell cheaper than our neighbors. No. 12 Market Square

MILLINERY.—MISS S. M. DUNCAN.—Go to 393 Dundas street and see the fall millinery that is done over by first-class milliners. All the latest designs in trimmings. Trimmed to order.

W. TELLANO, manufacturer of comb boots and shoes, has just matched another pair of Sh. 313 King street. H71-bn

CHESTER'S ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignments of pictures, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, fit with the assistance of Dr. Grin. Now for entertainment of the operating physicians and all concerned, the foreign newspaper was found to be, not a hair-pin, but a steel hat-pin a little over five inches long and having a large jet head, and which was fenc'd—he stomach and very successfully removed. A slight disturbance appeared for a few days, but all was soon well again. Th's was out late and the point of the pin was revealed. There are hopes for the recovery of the child.—*Oswego Palladium.*

A Summer Fish Story.

If it is a well-known fact that pickerel worn hooked in the way quiet, and the fisher cannot always tell whether he has a fish or a snag. The other day J. F. Wilberg of Hydetown, white fishing in the dam, had a bite, and, thinking he had a big fish on, began to pull it in, but he couldn't be worried now come to the surface. A happy thought struck him, and taking the bite between his fine bateeus standoff and fish, he pulled at the top of his voice, "Hello! Identify the fish began darting around the way and that, and was finally secured, weighing four and one-half pounds.—*Titusville (Pa.) Herald.*

Financial and Commercial.

The London Real Estate & Agency Association,

Stock Brokers and Financial Agents.

Farms and City Property bought and sold on commission. Properties given in before 1st Sept. will appear in new list.

T. W. SMART, Manager.

European Finance.

London, August 12, 5 p. m.

Consols, money	99 1/16	99 1/16
" account	99 1/16	99 1/16
U. S. 6's	102	102
" 5's	100	100

New York Stock Market.

New York, Aug. 12.—Railroads dull and irregular. Stocks generally firm.

Liverpool.

Liverpool, August 12, 5 p. m.

Flour	11 6 d	11 6 d
Wheat, spring	9 10 d	9 10 d
Red winter	9 10 d	9 10 d
No. 1 Cal	10 0 d	10 0 d
Corn	5 3 d	5 3 d
Peas	6 1 d	6 1 d
Pork	85 0 d	85 0 d
Lard	57 6 d	57 6 d
Bacon	57 6 d	57 6 d
Tallow	47 6 d	47 6 d
Cheese	63 0 d	64 0 d

Consols, 99 1/16 for money and account.

Toronto Live Stock.

Toronto, Aug. 12.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,200 head; market quiet, exports, 1,200 cattle; sales reported 1,200 cattle at $5.50 to $6.25 per cwt. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000 head; market quiet; sales reported 1,000 at $5.50 to $6.25 per cwt. Lambs—Receipts, 1,000 head; market quiet; sales reported 1,000 at $5.50 to $6.25 per cwt. Hogs—Receipts, 1,000 head; market quiet; sales reported 1,000 at $6.50 to $6.75 per cwt.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—HOGS—Receipts, 13,000 head; light, 5 00 to 5 60; mixed, 5 00 to 5 60; heavy, 5 00 to 5 60; rough, 4 75 to 5 00. Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; shipments, 1,000 head; market steady. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 1,000 head; market steady.

Jersey City Live Stock.

Jersey City, Aug. 12.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,000 head; market steady; sales reported at 4½c to 5½c; receipts 9 cars; Canada fives, at 5½c to 5½c; receipts 16 cars. HOGS 5 c. at 6½c to 6½; receipts, 12 cars.

IMPORTANT

W. J. REID & CO

wish to announce that they have received plans for the entire

Refitting of the Interior of the Crystal Hall,

and, in consequence, have decided to offer in one

Great Clearing Sale

their whole stock of elegant

SILVER PLATED GOODS.

NOTICE that every piece is STAMPED and WARRANTED by the New York Silver Plate Company, and that all goods not bearing their Stamp are spurious imitations of their goods. ALL PLAIN PIECES, and will be sold only for CASH.

This is without doubt the best opportunity that has ever been offered in the province of London to obtain FIRST CLASS Silver plated Goods, and we particularly request you to make a call at our establishment.

Elegant Cheval Cake Baskets, triple plate, $9.75
" " Cruets, 3 bottles, 4.50
" " Fruit Stands, " 4.50
Silver-Plated Dessert Knives, 7.50
" Tables, 2.25

and all other Plated Goods in proportion.

W. J. REID & CO.,
Crystal Hall, Dundas St., London.

FINANCIAL.

THOS. BLAKEMYE, A. C. HELLMUTH
B. A. D. HOPTON, Q.C. M. SPECIAL

BLAKEMYE & HELLMUTH,

Bankers and Brokers

NO. 1 MASONIC BLOCK, RICHMOND ST.,
LONDON, ONTARIO.

We handle American and Canadian Stocks—bought and sold for cash, or on margin, at current rates.

Correspondents at New York, Chicago, Montreal and Toronto.

Money to Loan on Farmers' Notes.

Highest rate of interest allowed on deposits

W. I. FENWICK

Member of Montreal Stock Exchange,

STOCK BROKER,

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BUILDING, MONTREAL

Stocks, Bonds and Debentures Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin.

GEORGE F. JEWELL,

ACCOUNTANT,

INSURANCE & COMMISSION AGENT.

OFFICE—No. 1 Odd fellows' Building, Dundas st., London, Ont.

COAL & WOOD

Hard and Soft Coal
Cut and Split Wood.

HUNT BROS.,

GREAT BATTLE RAGING ALONG THE ENTIRE FRONT!

The Enemy Routed with Heavy Loss!

HORSE, FOOT AND ARTILLERY PANIC-STRICKEN!

—BUT IF YOU—



you will rout your deadly enemies—Ague, Chill and Malarial Fevers, and that arch fiend, dyspepsia—out of your system, establish order and healthy action of your stomach and liver, and once more enjoy your meals and have pleasant nights of rest.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BEGIN USING TURNER'S TONIC BITTERS.

For sale by all Druggists, leading Grocers and principal Hotels. Manufactured by R. TURNER, Brantford, Ontario.

Health is Wealth



D. R. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. Write for our circular free. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only by our London Agent, W. T. STRONG, Drug.ist, 184 Dundas street, London, Ont. G12eod1y

Grand Banquet of Genuine Bargains in Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments, at Colwell's Popular Music House, 179 Dundas street, London, Ont. Choicest stock in city, lowest prices in Canada, and terms easy. Fair dealing and polite attention. Come and see Satisfaction guaranteed.—CHAS. F. COLWELL, Proprietor

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE,

—WITH—

Dry Goods at 52½c. on the $

Geo. Hayes & Co. have purchased Westlake & Co.'s Stock of Dry Goods and Millinery at the above exceedingly low rate, and will open out in the old stand, No. 128 Dundas St., on Saturday morning, at nine o'clock, when $10,000 worth of Dry Goods will be almost thrown away. The stock is fresh and new, consisting of fine lines of desirable goods. Unprecedented drives in prices will be given in goods. Black and colored Cashmeres, Silks, Dress Goods, Millinery, Flannels, Cottons, Prints, &c. Remember the great sale of Dry Goods at 52½c on the dollar, Commences on Saturday.

GEO. HAYES & CO.

BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS

In White Vests,
Summer Scarfs,
Linen Collars,
Gauze Underclothing.
Jean Drawers.

BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS BARGAINS

GARLICK'S, 174 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

A Surgical Revelation.

About two weeks ago a daughter of Mr. William Hindhaugh, aged about 20 months, fell from her chair backwards and in her descent struck the back of her head against a stove, which she had in her mouth, and which was broken off short. Dr. Gilmour was the physician that could be obtained. The child had been in a precarious state ever since, and vomiting physicking pain. The conditions became so serious that Dr. Kidy, the family physician, decided that an operation was necessary if the child's life was to be saved at all, and this morning performed the operation in the residence of Dr. Gilmour, in the presence of the operating physicians and all concerned, the foreign substance was found to be, not a hair-pin, but a steel hat-pin a little over five inches long and having a large jet head, and which was fenc'd—he stomach and very successfully removed. A slight disturbance appeared for a few days, but all was soon well again. This was out late and the point of the pin was revealed. There are hopes for the recovery of the child.—*Oswego Palladium.*

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Consols, money	99 1/16	99 1/16
" account	99 1/

RLING & CO
wers and Maltsters.
W ON HAND
OF THESE
s Amber Ales, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
ALF & HALF,
mmended by the medical profession for invalids.

Married.

At Cathedral, on the 16th August, Canon Innes, M. A., David N. Tombstone, Arizona, to Sarah, daughter of Robert Hopper, of this

MEETINGS.

TION [- PATRIARCHAL
this Friday evening at 8 o'clock.—
M. Sec. 1

MISCELLANEOUS.

ON'S DANCING ACADE-
Nicholls's Block, Dundas street, Saturday, Tuesday, at 8 p. m. Thursday, at 3 p. m. Juvenile— Saturday, p. m. Private lessons any hour. For ll music store. codly

IS & CO., PRIVATE EN-
IY and Collection Agency, 49 Bronte Square, Kingston, Ont. Strictly Enclose stamp for reply. Hlddly

IAGE LICENSES CAN BE
ued on application at residence or WARD HARMAN. Lddwly

NIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC
sheets, at Free Press Office. All Job Printing in the best style of the

VAL.—A. R. MURDOCK,
s removed to his new premises, Park, upper Kensington, where his ervices will enable him to meet all r his old or new friends without dis- ofters unavailable.—A. R. MURDOCK

BARRING CHANCES.

ments under this heading or cents each insertion.

ERY AND GLASSWARE
ns for sale. Established nine years. ng, going into the whole- e Market, London. Hlddly

SALE — A SUPERIOR
of gateposts and first-class business ed on Dundas street, within 2 miles of Post Office. Apply to JOHN HARRIS, 475 Richmond Hlddly

ALE OR TO LET.—ON THE
of Litchfield and Richmond streets, Lot 7, Plan 147, and a good stable on the lands, and will sell cheap for ly to JOHN HARRIS, 475 Richmond

MILL FOR SALE AT
ort, two run of stone, rollers, ele- ation and Purifier, new brick house ing mill. Apply to J. Fairgrieve, 2 St., London. Hlddly

L BUSINESS FOR SALE—
furniture and fixings of the City). Apply on premises, Dundas for particulars apply to H. LEMAY, Hlddly

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

TED TO BUY A GOOD
ch letter, two feet deep, to fill an between the hours of 9 and 5 p.m. Hlddly

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ments under this heading one cent word each insertion.

L FARM—ABOUT FIFTY
of land for sale in the Gore, at Lon- ville. Apply to PARKE PURDON, Richmond street. Hlddly-dw-L

BOARD AND LODGING.

RED, BY TWO YOUNG
men, board and lodging, and wash- ing, in private family. Good lo- Hlddly

TED—BY AN ELDERLY
man, a furnished room in a private breakfast at half-past seven. Terms Address C. Free Press Hlddly

FOR SALE

E FOR SALE AND RE-
AL—The large cottages and stables, ing Richards Reverse for sale. ng to be removed to make room for Apply at office of LAIDLAW'S Hlddly

TO LET.

OSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN
Albion Building, Richmond street, to rent, Possession in the course of March or Montreal Telegraph Co. Apply to LAIDLAW & CO.'s Brewery. Hlddly

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

LET: CAMPBELL PRESS
e sale by the Free Press PRINTING ng of 1881, excellent machine. Takes ll. Runs excellent work. Has been in ion. Its will suit for a country or specimen of work, price and other apply at this office. tf

M BOILER FOR SALE
valve-brass' up-to-date steam boiler; in short time by the FREE PRESS PRINT- Makes steam fast. Immense saving summer of fuel. tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

S AND SHOES.—EVERY
made to order, good, stylish, and GRAVILLE'S, 379 Talbot street, UNI

OHUE & OUTLER NOW
ing Carnegie and stand at the Market ers, where all kind of work can be made Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, &c. Repairs neatly, expedi- at cheerly done. Work made to order from shoddy. Old stand Hippers neatly got up. Kitly

DENTISTRY.

HARVEY, DENTIST, IS
ps at the old stand, 139½ Dundas Street, Free Press Building.

G FILLINGS AND ARTI-
CIAL Dentures in the Most Approved H. H. Harvey, D. D. S., Richmond ster St. Entrance. Cllly

CLAREN, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST.
removed over Bradford's Confectionery DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. operated without pain. A call solicited.

R. ABBOTT, DENTIST.
Vitalized air administered for the pain- traction at teeth. Office, Shrimpton's Block, Richmond street.

'DONALD & DAVIS, DEN-
ISTS.—Office: Dundas street, four doors Richmond street, over Bank of Montreal. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OOLVERTON, DENTIST—
ental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Richmond streets, over Brown & Morton's Hlddly

MEDICAL.

J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P.,
don, England, No. 17 Dundas st. London ialties diseases a specialty. Hlood-ly

S. EGGLES & WISHART.
ons of Queen's avenue and Wellington London, Ont.

WISHART, M. D.,
ow of Royal Col- of Physicians, Edinburgh, Member- of the Royal College of Surgeons, Eng- of Edinburgh, Licentiate of the Royal ege of Physicians, London, England, ber of the Medical Council of Ontario, ber of the Ontario Medical Association, ber of the Middlesex Medical Society, ber of the Medical Association of the ed States of America. Office and Resi- , 324 Dundas street, London, Ont.

R. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES
eet, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Rye, Ear throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh London, on the first and third Thursday each month, Operations straightened. Lddwly

R. J. M. SMITH, CORONER.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, RVEY TERRACE, 346 Talbot st., London.

R. WILSON F.T.M.S.—OFFICE
and residence, 344 Talbot st., near York. Dlldy

R. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P.,
London, England. First brick house east Adelaide street, on Queen's avenue, Ont. Hours—10 to 12. Clldy

YR, EAR AND THROAT—DR.
Hamilton, L.R.C.P., S.E., lecturer on ogy, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical ge, Toronto; oculist and aurist, Toronto ital; lecturer on Clinical Aural and Nasal ogy, Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central Dis- Hospital, Toronto, can be consulted, ay 9—197 Church St., Toronto. tf

GRAPE JUICE.
A Delicious Wine for Invalids—lighter than Port.
WARRANTED ABSOLUTELY PURE
—ALSO—
Lime Juice,
Lemon Syrup,
Lemonade Powder
Make refreshing drinks for hot weather.
AT SHUFF'S DRUG STORE
nwf Dundas St. East.

PURE
LEATHER BELTING
I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED
Sole Agent in London for
JOHN C. McLAREN'S
celebrated make of
OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.
Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.
T. Herbert Marsh
162 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

BOY WANTED TO WORK ON
a farm. Enquire on premises—Apply to Jas. Free Press Pro. Co.

STOUT BOYS WANTED, FROM
sixteen to eighteen years of age. Apply o the McCormick Manufacturing Co. Hlddy

SHIRT AND BUTTON-HOLE
makers wanted.—WESTERN SHIRT FAC- Hlddy, 478½ Richmond Office.

TINSMITH WANTED AT
BISCHLER BROS., 145 Dundas street, London, Ont. tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A YOUNG MAN, MARRIED,
no family, wants a situation to grind a horse or two and make himself generally use- ful; is a good milker. Address J. A. COMFORT'S store, Talbot street. 1

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT
wanted immediately. Good wages. Family of three, Apply to MRS. McCLELLIN, corner of Kent and Rideout streets. Hltv

SERVANTS FOR ALL KINDS
of work in constant demand on change for girls; employers who want the best of places, by employers who require good help of any kind, Call or address MRS. HUNTER'S Intelligence Office, Market Square—R. COVIAN. tf

THOSE WHO WANT SERVANTS
or Full particulars in our agencies, which daily girls applying for situations. Girls, if you want good places and good wages, come to J. OSBORN'S Intelligence Office, 33 Dundas Hltv

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS
st., three doors west of Wortley Road, manufactures Venetian Blinds of all descrip- tions to order, repairs promptly, and does job- bing work generally. N. B.—There is no con- nection to a few 2 bandits. Hltv

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY
steam, at JAMES F. HUNT'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 666 Richmond street, Lon- don. Dlldy

GENUINE ITALIAN ICE
Cream and Lemonade. Superior to all others. Only place in the city where it can be obtained. Also, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, Pop, Cocoanut and Fruit.—JOHN BRUNETTA, opposite the Grigg House. Glldy

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE-
CUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department Free Press Office.

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE-
CUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engrav- ing Department Free Press Office.

KALUS & JB. BROWN NOW
undertake all descriptions of Cabinet Work and Jobbing, concerning the trade they are ex- pert in Carpet-laying, Cutting and Fastening, Upholstering, Mattress Factory, Market Square, Lon- don. Dlldy

MURDOCK, ARMSTRONG,
REDDOS & CO., Insurance, Land Brokers, Financial Agents, etc. Office — Rooms 3 and 4, Masonic Hall, Dundas street, London, Ont. Money to loan on first-class city and farm property at lowest rates. Mortgages purchased, sold and negotiated. Wm. MURDOCK, M. P. P. R. E. G. ARMSTRONG, B. A. G. REDDOS, B. A. A. BRUDZA, A. Cox, B. A., Sc. Dlldy

NEW TINSHOP OPENED—315
Richmond street, opposite Victoria Park. Good job work, cheap. Jobbing a specialty. Dlldy

THE MOST RELIABLE PEACH
to obtain the highest price for boots, shoes, rubbers, leather, findings, hides and tallow, is at SHAVER'S, 80 Wellington street, London. Dlldy

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND
Slater. Slating Material, Felt and Gravel for sale. Orders left at 393 Richmond street, or at Cathro's Hotel, will receive prompt attention. Estimates cheerfully and promptly furnished. Resi- dence, 393 Richmond st. Telephone No. 9 Wellington street, London, Ont. Kitly

HOTELS.

OLD CHRIS., SIX YEARS AT
the Albion Saloon, has not got on his own block and has opened the Albion Hotel, 48 and 50 Dundas St. The bar is furnished with the best liquors and cigars. A call solicited. Hltv

WINDSOR HOTEL, STRAT-
FORD, H. H. GREER, Proprietor. Rec- tently renovated, new furniture, steam heated, electric bells, baths and water closets. Fine sample rooms on ground floor. The only first-class accommodation in Stratford for travelling pub- lic.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. — SELL
your Cast-off Clothing to A. MOSSON, 377 Dundas street, where you will get the highest cash price. Give him a call, for he leaves all in- vited him. Orders left in mail will be promptly attended to. LICENSED PAWNBROKER. Parties having any such business will find it to their advantage by calling. Hltv

LIVERPOOL CLOTHING HOUSE
—The highest cash price paid for second hand clothing and boots and shoes. Also for sale some of the largest quantity of second-hand goods in the city.—WILLIAM JOSEPHS, 361 Dundas st., between Clarence and Wellington streets. Hltv

DARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF
Clothing will do well to call on T. FOX, the Original Pawn-broker. Loans money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, &c. Business strictly private. 397 Clarence street. Dlldy

DARTIES HAVING SECOND
HAND clothing to part with will do well to call on Mrs. Hanby, 345 Wellington street where they can get the highest price or all those kinds, cannot bought and sold; also, new goods of all kinds bought hand. Flldy

SECOND HAND CLOTHING
bought for cash by SAUNDERS, Alma street, two doors west of Market Square, also Gentlemen's and Ladies' left off Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Umbrellas, Bedding, Carpets, Stoves, &c., for sale cheap. Parties wishing to sell clothes or anything to sell attended to. Hltv

HARDWARE.

5,000 DOZEN
POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS).
Biggest values in Canadian Harness Trade, less than factory prices.
HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS,
Wholesale Saddlery Hardware 9.

HALF PRICE. All kinds of Books—Standard, Religious, Literary, Scientific, Medical, Law, Miscellaneous, Blank Books, SHOLARSHIPS, Blackboards, Maps, Globes, Dictionaries, Bibles and Testaments at half price. Libraries and single books purchased. Highest prices paid. Libraries wanted for cash. Hltvs

SMOKE
V.T.C.
-C-U-T-P-L-U-G-
SUPERIOR
Virginia Tobacco,
tuw-nf

SMOKE
CABLE
—AND—
EL PADRE CIGARS.
To be had on any Railway Train in Canada and of all first-class dealers. Wholesale only by
S. DAVIS & SON,
MONTREAL.
TORONTO BRANCH—H. Cheesbrough, Manager, 10 Front—56 and 58 Medill street, 79 and 81 Grey Lane, Bay Tracks—Bay Station. Hltv

A CURE GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES.
MAGNETIC MEDICINE.
BRAIN & NERVE FOOD.
Is a Sure, Prompt, and Effectual Remedy for Nervousness in ALL its stages. Weak Memory, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Night Sweats, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weak- ness and General Loss of Power, Hysteria, Nervous Waste, Rejuvenate the Jaded Intel- lect, Strengthen the Failing Memory and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Ex- hausted Generative Organs. The wonderful effects of this remedy in INVALUABLE in Impotency.
With each order for twelve packages, or which all cases of war two will be with- drawn from Alexandria, it is intended to land the first division under the personal command of Wolseley, while the second division, under Hamley, with Wood and Alison commanding brigades, will co-operate from Ramleh.

A DESPATCH FROM DE LESSPS.

Paris, August 17.—De Lesseps telegraphs from Ismailia:—"The Governor asked me to-day whether the Egyptians could legally land with fresh water canal from Cairo to Ismailia. I replied in the negative. I shall communicate my opinion, which has the sanction of legal decisions, to Arabi, who has always scrupulously respected the rights of the Suez Canal Company."

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST DISORDERS.

Constantinople, Aug. 17.—The Porte has reiterated its instructions to the Provincial Governors to take precautions to prevent disorders in their respective territories.

DISAPPEARED.

Arab Sheik Ouadaiah, Chief of the Kurd tribes, has disappeared. The Government is endeavoring to ascertain his where- abouts.

THE MILITARY CONVENTION.

Berlin, August 17.—The delay of the Porte in accepting the proposal for a mili- tary Convention has considerably irritated the German Government. Hirschfield, the representative at Constantinople, has been instructed to make representations to the Porte in regard to the feeling of Ger- many on this subject. The Cross Gazette says the Porte cannot un- dertake military intervention in Egypt under the same condition as it could have intervened in July. It has only itself to blame for the personally disadvantageous position in which Turkey is now placed. England acts more in regard to the conducting of military operations in Egypt than she did at the time of the Crimean war, when Turkey agreed to her demands without prejudice to the Sultan's authority.

BREAKING UP CAMP.

Alexandria, Aug. 17.—The Thirty-eighth, Forty-sixth and Sixtieth Regiments are breaking up camp at Ramleh, preparatory to embarking. The second battalion of Grenadier Guards, first battalion of Scots Guards and second battalion of Coldstream Guards have been ordered to embark on board transports early on Friday morning.

COUNCIL OF WAR.

A naval council of war was held on Thurs- day on board the Helicon.

AT KAFR EL DWAR.

Arabi is said to have one hundred guns in position at Kafr-el-Dwar. The English staff credits him with 90 at least.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT LEADER.

Marseilles, Aug. 17.—Rita Pasha has em- barked in obedience to the request of the Khedive.

GUNS MOUNTED.

Alexandria, Aug. 17. — Ten steam-a- half ton guns were mounted within the British Basti at Ramleh on Thursday.

SICKENING SCENES.

Alexandria, Aug. 17.—A deserter from Arabi's forces, who came in to-day, gives a graphic description of the misery prevailing in the latter's camp, where the wounded are crawling about, their sufferings unheeded. They present a sad picture of distress and neglect. Some of these poor creatures are said to have been shot by their comrades to free them from their agony. Many Egyptians have been compelled against their will to fight.

THE COMMANDERS.

Hamley to-day assumed local command in Ramleh. Wood and Alison have taken command of their respective brigades. Col. Methuen has been appointed censor of press messages.

PREPARING FOR THE WORST.

Alexandria, Aug. 17.—Arabi is said to be negotiating for his escape in case of need to the residence of a fanatical Mohammedan dignitary on the borders of Tripoli.

WOLSELEY'S INTENTIONS.

London, Aug. 18.—The *Standard* says that Wolseley's parading was for an ostensible purpose, and may have been the best way of concealing his real intentions. Be- fore now an enemy has been deceived by means of the press. The *Standard* further says:—"Ismailia may increase the deception by the bom- bardment of the forts, and at nightfall the fleet of transports may steam back to Alex andria, disembark the troops, and the entire British force fall upon Arabi's depleted en- trenchments in front of Ramleh. It is almost certain the reports of landing at Aboukir are spread to throw dust in the eyes of Arabi."

The *Times* is quite silent regarding Wolseley's intention.

The *News* draws attention to the fact that when Wolseley wrote the first editorial of his "Soldier's Pocket Book," he regarded special correspondents as modern enemy of the army in the field. Subsequent events, no doubt, induced him to modify his views, but not to such an extent that he would take them into his confidence without re- serve.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Malta, August 17.—The transports Duke of Argyle, with a pontoon, telegraph and railway, companies of engineers, and the Greecian, with a battery of artillery, arrived on the way to Egypt. The transport Greece, with troops, has also arrived here on her way to Egypt.

The transports Egyptian Monarch and Nevada have arrived at Alexandria.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS

Insurrection in Corea—The King and Queen Assassinated.

Excitement Over the Arrest of Dwyer Gray Unabated.

Spirited Debate in the Commons on the Subject.

Belief that Russia is Preparing for War with Turkey.

Removal Resignation of the Turkish Prime Minister.

Formation in England of the Canadian French Metal Importation Company— Parnell on the Future of Ireland— Miscellaneous.

The Case of Dwyer Gray.

Dublin, August 17.—While, Gray was being escorted to prison yesterday the horse of the Superintendent of Police fell, the rider was thrown, and his sword fell into the carriage on Mrs. Gray's lap, frightening her very much. The Superintendent was uninjured. Gray's progress to prison caused much excitement. Indignation throughout the city is increasing. Popular disturbances are anticipated. Gray's fine, in all proba- bility, will be paid by popular subscription. It is said believed the sentence of Gray will be sustained by the Ministry.

It is stated Gray is in delicate health.

London, Aug. 17.—The *Times* says if Judge Lawson had courage and prudence to dismiss Gray's case with a few words of contemptuous tolerance, it would have been better for the ends of justice and peace of Ireland. Other London papers approve of the sentence.

London, Aug. 17.—In the House of Com- mons the Speaker read a letter from Judge Lawson, announcing the committal of Gray.

Gladstone stated that precedents in cases similar to that of Gray show the appoint- ment of a committee is the proper course. At present, however, it is too late to move the appointment of a representative com- mittee. He did not, moreover, know any way in which consent could be reduced Gray if they wished to do so. He, therefore, made a purely formal motion that the letter of Lawson be tabled. A passing reference of Gladstone to an ad- dress to the Crown for the removal of Law- son, as one of the possible alternatives which was received by loud cheers from the Irish members.

Sexton attacked Lawson for preventing trial by jury being a defence. In reply Gladstone simply means to defer the matter until Gray's term has expired Sexton said as long as the lives of Irish people were at the mercy of legal chicanery no minor reforms would satisfy them. Gray's im- prisonment was a scandal and disgrace to justice.

The Attorney-General for Ireland stated the details of the composition of juries, with a view to rebut accusations. He de- clared nothing could be worse than Gray's conduct.

Plunkett (Conservative) supported the Government's. He considered that in conse- quence of Gray's high position it was right that his punishment should have been se- vere. The debate was continued until the suspension of the sitting. Irish members regarding Gray's sentence.

Johnson said now that the statement re- lative to the treasonable utterances of the jury that convicted Hynes had been repeated in Par- liament, Spencer, Lord-Lieutenant of Ire- land, would investigate it, with regard to carrying out the capital sentence passed upon Hynes. At the resumption of the sitting of the House, this evening, the de- bate relative to the sentence imposed upon Gray was not resumed, owing to the total absence of Irish members.

Gladstone moved the adjournment, from to-morrow until the 24th October, which was carried without a division.

Gray telegraphed the Speaker and Glad- stone, informing them of his committal and the refusal of bail. Lawson to grant him an ad- journment of his case.

Dublin, August 17.—The *Freeman's Journal* says:—"Gray's sentence is absolutely unparalleled. He only re- ceived notice of the nature of the proceedings against him on Tuesday night, and without any time to prepare a defence, which probably consisted of affidavits con- tending the truth of his published asser- tions. If his imprisonment leads to any over towards the release of legal abuses and the promotion of the freedom of the press, we will cheerfully endure it."

London, Aug. 17.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* endorses the sentence passed on Gray.

London, Aug. 17.—The *Standard* says:—"The Government of Irish sympathy are making strong efforts to obtain a reconsider- ation of Gray's case.

Canadian Meat in England.

London, Aug. 17.—Another Canadian enterprise has been launched upon the mar- ket here. Yesterday the Canadian Fresh Meat Importation Company toasted its progression. The Company has been formed for the purpose of placing cheap and wholesome meat at the command of all classes. It will import only first quality fresh meats of all kinds from Cana- dain the United Kingdom. The capital stock of the Company is £200,000, in shares of £1 each. The Directors also draw atten- tion to their purpose to the well-known superiority of Canadian cattle over those exported from the United States. The Company will be very large, and the meat sold direct to the consumer from their own depots. The average cost of the meat de- livered in England for the first year of the tract has already been made with a respon- sible party in Canada to supply the meat.

Parnell's Speech.

Dublin, Aug. 17.—Parnell, in his speech yesterday, said he believed they had gained something for Ireland, but all England and Ireland had gained much more for herself. He felt confident they were last at the com- mencement of measures of large reform, which might be expected for the success of the people of Ireland. He had never believed in the possibility of maintaining an independ- ent Irish party in the House of Commons for any length of time, but he thought it possible to increase its members and maintain it for such a time as would enable them to gain the great object which always possessed the hearts of the Irish people at home and abroad, the restoration of the legislative in- dependence of Ireland. As long as might be necessary he would remain there to ob- tain that end, and no longer. The advance of popular reform could not be stopped for long, even in Ireland.

Insurrection in Corea.

London, Aug. 17.—Private telegrams say the trouble in Corea has culminated in a general insurrection. The King and Queen were assassinated. The Japanese legation was attacked by natives belonging to the anti-foreign party. Japanese men-of-war have been despatched to Seoul River.

London, Aug. 17.—The report of a re- volution in Corea is officially confirmed. A Japanese military officer in the Corean ser- vice is among the killed.

Cetewayo's Restoration.

Durban, Aug. 17.—The intention of the Government to restore Cetewayo causes consternation here.

London, Aug. 17.—The *Standard* says:—"An experienced military officer at Stand- ing, who remained some time in Zululand as a British resident, will accompany Cetewayo on his return, in order to assist in effecting an understanding with the present Chiefs.

Honored Resignation.

Constantinople, August 17.—Said Pasha, Turkish Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the principal representative of the Porte at the Conference, resigned the office of Prime Minister on Wednesday.

London, August 17.—A Reuter's des- patch, dated Constantinople, 11 o'clock this evening, says the report that Said Pasha has resigned is false.

The Czar's Coronation.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 17.—It is reported that the coronation of the Czar has been definitely fixed to take place at Moscow on the 1st of October. It is believed this an- nouncement, however, is possibly designed only to mislead the Nihilists.

Gladstone's Government.

London, Aug. 18.—The *Times*, conclud- ing a review of the work of Parliament, says:—"The Government do not now pre- sent the strength they showed two years ago, but Gladstone's energy and spirit are ap- parently unsubdued either by reverses or by defections."

Andersop the Victim of a Burglary.

Vienna, Aug. 17.—It is stated that a burglary was committed at the palace of Count Andrassy. All the Count's orders and a number of objects of art and antiquity were purloined.

Miners' Riots.

Paris, Aug. 17. — Serious disturbances have occurred at Mont Senis mines. A mob destroyed church doors with dynamite, but the police prevented it from attacking the priest's house.

Russia Going to War.

London, August 17.—A correspondent of the *Cologne Gazette* expresses the opinion that Russia is preparing for war with Tur- key, by way of compensation for England's occupation of Egypt.

The Democratic Congress.

Berlin, Aug. 17.—The German branch of the Humboldt Association has summoned the Democratic Congress to meet at Cologne on October 19th.

Death of Gen. Bourrot.

Paris, Aug. 17.—Gen. Auguste Alexandre Dupont, the well-known French General, is dead.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Essex Centre Cut-off.

Detroit, Aug. 17.—General Manager Tay- lor, of the Canada Southern Railway, was interviewed by a reporter to-day in regard to the Essex Centre Cut-off. In reply to the question, "Will the Cut-off be built?" Mr. Taylor said:—"That depends on the people of Detroit, or rather on certain gen- tlemen who have not yet done what they agreed to. The Canada Southern is ready to go ahead at any time. We have bought steel rails for several years at St. Thomas on purpose to build the road. When those gentlemen I speak of have graded the road and secured terminal facilities at Windsor, then the Canada Southern will lay the track and run business over it, as agreed to. These Detroit parties have not yet carried out their agreement, but I think there is a probability they will."

Mr. George Rankin, of Windsor, in speaking to a newspaper reporter yester- day, stated in regard to the Essex Centre line that he spoke with authority in say- ing the road would be well under way be- fore Jan. 1, 1883. He also intimated that terminal facilities had been secured before Windsor in the shape of 1,000 feet front- age, including the old Bourke distillery site, and sufficient land for enough to embrace a tract of 50 acres.

A Burning Mine.

Lonaconing, Md., Aug. 19.—The Aster mine, which has been smouldering for some time, burst forth in a volume of flame at 11 o'clock this morning, shooting a flame 50 feet in the air. The fire originated from the Spruce Run mine, which also has been working out, and been burning since 1872. The dwelling of Thomas O'Malley, situated over the burning mine, is in momentary danger. The family have deserted it. There is said to be great danger of the fire communicating to the Vale Farm estate, with a thousand tons of coal lying out. The burning mine is being closely watched.

A Victim of Medical Curiosity.

New Orleans, Aug. 17.—Benjamin Wells, died of yellow fever on Tuesday night, was undoubtedly a victim of medical curiosity. When brought to the hospital the case was pronounced light. The first day he was sub-jected to over 40 visits and examinations by doctors and medical students. The same thing occurred the succeeding day. The constant feeling of his pulse and tem- perature kept him irritated, and without allowing time to recuperate, bleed, vomit set in.

Base Ball.

Buffalo, Aug. 17.—The game of the sea- son was played to-day, at Providence, be- tween the home team and Detroits. Eighteen innings were played before either scored, when the Providence made a run, the De- troits failing again blanked. Scores of to- day's League games:

At Boston—Buffalo 6; Boston, 1.

At Troy—Chicago, 7; Troy, 4.

At Providence—Providence, 1; Detroits, 0.

At Worcester—Worcester, 10; Cleve- lands, 13.

Yellow Fever.

New York, August 17.—In consequence of reports of yellow fever in many sections of the South, the Board of Health of this port has taken careful precautions to enforce a thorough quarantine. There have been several cases of yellow fever already in quarantine station.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The National Board of Health is informed of another case- ment at Pensacola, Fla., over rumors of cases of yellow fever among the shipping.

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 17.—There are no new cases of fever; three deaths reported. Total deaths at Matamoras, but few new cases.

A Fight Between Two Females.

Columbus, Ga., Aug. 17.—Two handsome girls, Laura Mowrin and Della Stills, quarrelled last evening about a young man, and agreed to settle the dispute according to the Marquis of Queensbury's rules. Seconds were chosen and this morning at daybreak they entered the Alabama line. A ring was pitched and two rounds fought. The first round lasted three minutes. Both girls were severely punished.

Ku-Klux in Arkansas.

Little Rock, Aug. 17.—There has been trouble for some time between white and colored laborers on the Memphis & Kansas City Railroad. To-day a Ku-Klux party forced the colored men to leave under penalty of death. An appeal was made by the railroad company to Governor Churchill, who telegraphed the sheriff to investigate the matter and protect the workmen.

The Work of Masked Burglars.

Amsterdam, N. Y., August 17.—Five masked men raided into a dwelling at 4 West Charlton last night, bandaged, bound and gagged the inmates, consisting of two brothers named Gilchrist, and a servant, and forcing open the safe, stole $600 in money and $150,000 in bonds and mort- gages. The affair caused great excitement.

A National Election Fund.

Dublin, Aug. 17.—At a meeting this afternoon a resolution was passed in favor of the formation of a national fund for the election expenses of members, with the view of obtaining an efficient national party in Parliament. The support of Irish people at home and abroad and the co-operation of local public bodies is solicited.

Murdered His Wife.

Alexandria, Va., Aug. 17.—James Cliff has been jealous of his wife, and domestic peace has been often interrupted. This morning he invited his wife to take a trip to Washington, and, on a short cut, proposed a walk through the Midland Railroad Tun- nel. In the tunnel he shot and killed her. He escaped.

Drowned by a Cloud-burst.

Bowie, Ariz., Aug. 17.—A party of six smugglers, with forty pack animals, en- camped for the night in a canyon in Swi- holm Mountain, on Sept., save one, drowned by a cloud-burst last week. Their bodies were found scattered along the canyon next morning.

Probably Burned at Sea.

New York, Aug. 17.—The Norwegian brig Mod, laden with petroleum and naphtha, sailed from here for Bremen, in February, and has not been heard from since. It is believed she was burned at sea.

SOLD BY AUCTION JUNE 22nd AND FOLLOWING DAYS.
IN VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.
SAVED FROM THE GREAT FIRE

TO-DAY
Will be offered
SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY PIECES
NEW ALL WOOL
TWEEDS,
Intended for the Fall Trade, which were Saved from the Flames.
FULLY TWENTY PER CENT.
Below Manufacturers' Prices.
KINGSMILL'S GREAT SALE!
GET YOUR BOYS A NEW SUIT
Genuine All-wool Tweeds at 40c. per yard, at Kingsmill's.
RARE CHANCE
Every Merchant Tailor and every General Store-keeper in the West should see the prices Tweeds are selling for at Kingsmill's.
BRING ALONG YOUR MONEY.
See the all-wool Tweeds at 50c., 60c., 70c., 80c. per yd., at Kingsmill's.
We devote twelve hundred feet of space in our large warehouse to the Great Tweed Sale during the month of August.
Kingsmill's
—THE—
Dry Goods House of the West, London, Ont.

The Free Press
VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., FRIDAY, AUGUST 18, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8245

ZOEDONE
FOR SALE BY
ELLIOTT BROS.
GROCERS
155 Dundas St., London.

Apache Atrocities.

Tucson, Arizona, Aug. 17.—Advices from Magdalena, Sonora, of the 15th, say Apaches continue their raids in the vicinity of Ures. A band of seventy to one hundred are now raiding the Sonora River Valley. Don Vil- lavon, of Corbett's ranch, and a number of others in the valley were killed last week. Over one hundred people have been killed in the vicinity of Ures within the last month.

Father and Son Murdered.

Yaquena City, Oregon, Aug. 17.—Dr. B. F. Hutchinson, a highly respected citizen, and son aged 13, were found shot dead yes- terday. The murder is supposed to have been committed by an Indian for robbery. No escapes. Armed men are scouring the country. If caught he will doubtless be lynched.

A Family Poisoned by Eating Canned Beef.

Slatington, Pa., August 17.—The family of L. Smith, consisting of five persons, were severely poisoned yesterday by eating a can of beef from the store. The beef had a blood, and it is supposed absorbed poison from the cans. All are reported recover- ing.

A Fatal Explosion.

Ripley, Texas, August 17.—Six kegs of powder in a blast at Clark's furnace pre- maturely exploded this morning. David Adams was blown to atoms. John Miller's head was blown off and several other per- sons were fatally injured.

AMERICAN BREVITIES.

Capt. John Mullen, of California, has filed with the U. S. Secretary of State, a petition inviting attention to the second arrest in Ireland of Henry George.

At Hunnewell Beach, Mass., twenty-seven shots fired in the swimming match over Cap- tain Webb, but he easily won the first prize, $500, being the only one to cover the distance, which was about five miles. Captain Webb's time was 2h. 22½m.

CANADIAN NEWS.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, August 17.—The Governments of Ontario and Quebec, recognizing the im- portance of the subject, have announced their intention of sending special repre- sentatives to the meeting of the Postal Congress to be held here on Monday and Tuesday next.

The contract between the Grand Trunk and the Steel Railway Company is for 21 years, the rentalay of the line by the Grand Trunk to be defrayed for 70 per cent. of gross receipts, and the balance to go to the company that built the road.

There is every prospect of the new tax instituted by Mr. Chapleau Government not being enforced. Mr. Mousseau being able, by issuing expenditure, to do without it. The news will give satisfaction through- out the Province. In the Department of Railways alone a saving of $12,000 per year has been already effected.

The Mayor has positively refused to sign the Drill Shed agreement with the Govern- ment, although on overwhelming majority of the Council voted in its favor. There is great indignation on the part of the citizens at His Worship's obstinacy.

A leading bank here has crop reports from its agencies in the West, which gives very encouraging accounts of the yield of the present harvest, which is set down above the average greatly.

Mr. Tarrieu, the Liberal, has withdrawn his candidature for the Local House, in Terrebonne, and Mr. Gaudet, of this city, enters the field as his successor.

The Montreal & Quebec Railway, it is said, will form a connection with the Grand Trunk and peat resolpe.

A young lady, 18 years of age, named Lovers, belonging to this city, was accident- ally and fatally shot yesterday at St. Jerome by a young man named Scott.

The river steamer Quebec collided with an unknown steamship early this morning, in lake St Peter. The former received considerable damage.

The stock market was weak and lower this afternoon.

George Rosele has entered a libel suit against James Stewart Hunter, notary, and Chas. Stewart Hunter, father and son, for $40,000 damages for slandering him.

WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, August 17.—Track-laying on the Canada Pacific Railway west is increas- ing daily during this week, owing to better track of country having been reached. Three and four-hundred miles were laid on Monday, and three and one-tenth miles yes- terday. In twenty-six consecutive working days, ending last night, seventy-nine and eighteen one-hundredths miles of rail were laid, a feat without parallel in the history of railway construction in any country.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company have now nearly five thousand men em- ployed in operating the road in the North- west, outside of the force employed by Langdon, Shepard & Co. in contracting. The pay roll for July amounted to $269,150. On the Western division the contractors have, in addition to this, just as many, if not more, men employed, making upwards of nine thousand men at work upon and contributing the Canadian Pacific Rail- way.

Mr. A. D. McDougall, of Sand Lake, brother of Mr. F. McDougall, Mayor of Oakville, Ontario, is a candidate for the seat in the Local Legislature for Rivers, vacated through Mr. Sinclair resigning the electorality of the western judicial dis- trict.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Aug. 17.—Mr. John Ross and Mr. Herbert have left for Ottawa.

There was some movement of bank stock to-day, and several small changes in the quotations were made.

Thirteen cars of beef for Boston, 27 of live stock for St. John, N. B., and 12 of hogs for East Cambridge went east by G. T. R. this morning.

Joseph Martin, merchant tailor, has dis- appeared, leaving a large number of credit- ors behind. A writ of attachment has been issued by Messrs. Gault Bros., Mon- treal. They are the largest creditors.

Alfred Hespeler, a rural Englishman, to-night inducted the clerk of the Walker House to cash a $20 cheque, which proved to be worthless. The spoiler was arrested. Hespeler is negotiating for the purchase of a hotel on Yonge street, near the corner of King.

Hon. Mr. Costigan to-day inspected the inland revenue offices here.

Supposed Suicide.

Perth, Ont., Aug. 17.—This evening the body of a man named Thomas Taylor was found in Tay River. From all the circum- stances of the case that come to light it is quite evident that deceased committed suicide, and the Coroner deemed it unneces- sary to hold an inquest.

Deceased was an Englishman, and was out about two months. He had been married about nine months, but his wife is still in England.

Drowned in the Don.

Toronto, Aug. 17.—A boy named William Mowatt

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
126 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Friday, August 18, 1882.

A SHALLOW EXCUSE.

The *Globe* tardily rises to make an explanation in regard to the bald violation of the election law, of which the FREE PRESS lately accused the Little Premier, in respect of the eight vacant seats in the Local Legislature. We called attention to the fact that something to law, these seats should long since have been filled, and that they were not filled. The *Globe* says:—

"The Speaker has not issued his warrants. Nor is it at all likely that Mr. Mowat would in any event choose for these elections just that period of the year which would be most inconvenient to the farmers."

And with this shuffling answer the organ expects the country to be content. As the FREE PRESS pointed a few days ago, the Speaker—upon whom the duty of issuing such warrants devolves, and not the Attorney General has no choice left him in the matter of time. The Act says that he shall issue his warrant FORTHWITH upon the receipt of the resignation of a member. What does the word "forthwith" mean? It means at once, without delay, immediately. It was put in for an express purpose. That purpose was to take from the Government the privilege of dallying with the constituencies to suit their own political objects. It was felt that this kind of thing had gone on long enough, and could not any more be tolerated, and the makers of the law were careful to put in that the new writs should issue directly after the resignation had been submitted. Mowat has thus no choice in the matter. Either he must obey the law, or break it. He chooses the latter alternative. He sets his foot quietly upon an Act of Parliament and declares that his personal will is above it, that he may set it aside at pleasure. In order to justify this course, he, through his organ, the *Globe*, pleads that it is the convenience of the farmers that is consulted in this case. What fudge! The Dominion elections were held on the 20th of June last. Has any one complained that the time was inconvenient to the farmer or any one else? Not at all. It is about the easiest season in the whole year. There is no period more favorable for such an occasion than that between sowing and reaping, when nature is completing the work which the farmer has prepared. Well, then, the resignations in question must have been accepted on or before the 13th of June, seeing that the members resigning were to contest in the election of the 20th. It was competent for the writs to be issued there and then, so that the elections for the vacant seats in the Local might have been held concurrently with the Dominion elections. Mr. Mowat took that opportunity to obtrude provincial questions upon public attention, he hoped to the exclusion of Dominion issues. The members of his administration were told off to sections to advocate these questions as being, in comparison with the issues of Canada at large, of paramount importance. Mr. Mowat himself at Barrie and elsewhere maintained that it was upon these questions, upon the cry of 'rights of Ontario,' that the election ought to turn. If he were sincere in that, why were the writs for the Local not issued then and there, in order that the testshould be more definite and complete. It is plain that he regarded the venture as too hazardous, that he dared not risk a double defeat so close together. It was bad enough, and humiliating enough, to receive a snubbing at the Dominion contest. To have been beaten also on ground of his own choosing, and on questions of his own selection, on an occasion within his own competency, would have been insurmountable. The decision of the 20th June was such a slap in the face for the Mowat Government that they dare not face the people at the present time even in a by-election. They would wait until the disastrous consequences of June is healed over, and so long as it broken from day to day. The writs are kept back as a time-serving expedient, despite the positive mandate that they shall be issued at once. And then Mowat, through his lie organ, throws it over the shoulders of the farmers. Why, the three weeks succeeding the nominations for the Dominion were the farmers' leisure time. It was not too "inconvenient" in which to hold a Reform picnic. Turning back our files we find in the *Globe* a report of a grand gathering of Reformers in East York weeks after the Dominion elections. There were many hundreds of farmers present, and on that occasion Mr. Mulock, the sitting member for the Local, in his speech of the day, took occasion to congratulate the farmers on their ability to leave the fields at that time. 'In times gone by," he said, "it was impossible for men to leave their work at that season for pleasure, but now it was possible, because of the labor-saving machineries which they used." Thus it will be seen that the excuse put forward by the *Globe*, on behalf of the trembling Mowat, is a shallow excuse, a mere pretense to cover a piece of gross political cowardice.

MANUAL EDUCATION AT SCHOOL.

The subject of manual education in the public schools, that is to say, the teaching of the fingers as well as the mind, attracts a large share of attention. It seems to be agreed that all manner lives by their wits, and a few must be ready to labor in some direction by their hands, not perhaps so as to raise big blisters on the finger and coarse callosities on the hands; and to this end in many quarters the jack knife with which the typical schoolboy has been wont to carve rude characters on his desk and bench, is to be exchanged for a kit of tools, and the native instinct of "cutting" cultivated instead of being repressed as it long has been—with what success a visit to any district school-house will show. It is held that these fingers which schoolmasters have been wont to look upon as of no other use but to be smacked with an oaken ruler, ought to be dignified and exalted to a first place in the educational system; that they should be fondled and taught to follow deftly the dictates of the brain, obedient to its every wish. One of the first questions that is always discussed by every school board or institute before whom the question of manual teaching comes up is, Shall we teach only the use of tools, or shall we attempt to teach a trade and turn out finished mechanics? The usual answer is, Do both, do either, do anything you like, only give the boys a chance, and leave the rest to time. If it has any vitality in it it will develop into something. The useless members will wither and fall off, those most fit to survive will accordingly prosper, for the law of "the survival of the fittest" is not limited in its field to the growth of plants and animals. Cities and [illegible] commerce, manufacturing industries, churches and schools, have their development conditioned thereby. Boston claims to lead in this movement. The Massachusetts Institute of Technology has been, under the late Professor Rogers, a remarkable success. Fighting its way against poverty and want, it has conquered all opposition, and Boston feels encouraged to try the experiment of incorporating manual education on her public school system. At the Dwight School a class-room has been sacrificed to the hammer and saw. Carpenters' benches have been put in, and tools provided for eighteen boys. It is needless to say that the boys need no coaxing, that it is more popular than military drill, and that even the time taken from study does not retard their progress.

THE WAY TO BE OBNOXIOUS.

It is supposed that the selection of a government official implies not only the capacity but the willingness on his part to serve the public faithfully and in accordance with common sense. But it sometimes happens that through a mistaken sense of duty his conduct is anything but agreeable to those with whom he comes in contact. Through a nervous desire to do well, he often overstepps the mark, and gives trouble and offence where there would not be either, if the individual in charge of the public business were but to exercise reasonable discretion, forbearance and liberality, in the interpretation of his duties. Some official persons seem unfitted by nature and temperament to carry on a pleasant intercourse with the business public; they are at all times to use a cant word of the day, "cranky" and ever real one, thinking more of their office than of those who created the office, and for whose purposes it is meant to be of service. Such official persons would do better if kept in the back ground, until they become reasonably tutored in some of the graces as well as of the technicalities of their work. The business public would thus be spared many an exasperating experience. There is no greater hinderance to the proper flow of business courtesy than the appointment and retention in the Civil Service of one who is a mere slave of routine, who looks upon business men who come to deal with him with an over-proud suspicion, as though they were convicted swindlers rather than honorable men desirous of having their occasions facilitated. There are official persons, each for example as the appraisers in the Custom Houses of the United States, who have a great deal of power in their hands. A great deal depends upon their individual proposition whether the duties with which they are entrusted are performed satisfactorily or otherwise. An official person of this class may choose upon all occasions to put on a sour and discontented demeaner, treating all comers as though they meant to infringe upon their prerogatives and being determined that by no chance shall they ever get the upper hand of him. He is what they call in the army "a lawyer." Every old soldier will understand the allusion. His life and ingenuity is spent in the creation of difficulties, of searching out unheard of precedents, in devising schemes to thwart the easy flow of affairs, and in showing on every possible occasion a "smartness" and a peculiarly way of doing business that is disgusting to the camp. As the army "lawyer" is an object of legitimate horror to his associates, and regarded with dislike, if not distrust, by his superiors, so the appraiser in one of the American frontier custom House can, if he choose, manage to make himself an obnoxious hindrance to business.

THE SCIENCE ASSOCIATION.

The meeting of the American Association for the advancement of science, which is to be held in Montreal, next week, will be an occasion of much importance for this country. Among the assemblage will be a number of leading scientists and original thinkers, of the Old World, such as Herbert Spencer, Dr. Wm. B. Carpenter, Dr. John Rae, and Prof. Renard, of the Royal Museum, Brussels. Among others who have been invited, and who are expected, are:—Prof. Sasbe, of Bhada Pasth, Hungary, who is now travelling in the West, among the Rocky Mountains, under the auspices of the U. S. Geological Survey, is an eminent geologist and mineralogist. Dr. J. H. Gilbert, of Rothamstead, England, a famous agriculturist, and the associate of Sir J. B. Lawes in extensive investigation in the field of agricultural chemistry. It is said that he proposes to make a chemical investigation of the soils in the Northwest of the Dominion. Dr. Samuel Houghton, a Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin. He is doctor of divinity as well as doctor of medicine, and has made great attainments in the mathematics. Prof. Phipps Hall, the Rev. Prof. Wiltshire, President of the British Geological Association of England, Professor of Geology in King's College, London. Prof. Ernest H. Cook, of Bristol, England, though a comparatively young scientist, has distinguished himself in the mathematical investigation of the relation between the phenomena of light and sound. Dr. Kowalesky, of Moscow, Russia, an eminent zoologist and skilled in comparative anatomy. Prof. Stephanesco, of Bucharest, Roumania, zoologist, was a Vice-President of the Geological Congress which met in Paris in 1878, and in Bologna in 1881. Professors Simon Newcomb, Grabam, Bell, Winchell and Youmans, besides other well-known Canadians and Americans. Among the papers already entered to be read, are:—

"Danger from lightning increased by telegraph wires," by Prof. S. S. Haight, of Montreal.

"The physical universe; a new philosophy," by Henry Raymond Rogers.

"The topography and geology of the great Salt Lake Valley," by William Hoor.

"The Cross and the Crucifix," by Charles Whittlesey.

"The palaces in ferns of Eastern North America, and more especially of Canada," by Principal J. W. Dawson, LL.D., F.R.S., etc., of McGill University.

"Study of the convolutions in 100 human cerebral hemispheres," "Demonstration of a series of brains prepared by Giacomini's method," "The third corpuscular element in the blood," "The development of blood corpuscles in the bone marrow," "Note on the microcytes in the blood and their probable origin," all by W. Osler, M. D., of Montreal.

Goderich *News*:—It is reported that Mr. Mowat has taken under serious consideration the propriety of the Government appointing all the school teachers in the Province. The very active and unscrupulous part taken in the County of Perth, by a Grit pedagogue, in bribing voters for Mr. Trow, may have shown that the standard may be very greatly elevated could this class of men be drawn from the Grit ranks only, and introduced as accredited agents of the party into every school section in the Province. The well known scrupulous, by Mr. Mowat, of the power of appointing purely municipal officers and the utilization of those appointees for purposes foreign to what they were nominally engaged for, would lead one to credit the statement that another batch of subservient wire-pullers and lickers were under process of manufacture, by the Toronto oligarchs, to the direction indicated.

The leading Grit organ contends that the interference of Sir John Macdonald in Provincial affairs is impertinent, while the interference of Mr. Mowat in Dominion affairs is a duty. There is the platform of the reform "Reform" party in a nutshell! Every thing is virtuous that is done by a good "Reformer" but the very same things are wrong if done by a "Tory." What hypocrisy!

CURRENT TOPICS.

Provision is being made in Cyprus for the refugees from Egypt. Turn it is seen how readily Mr. Gladstone avails himself of an advantage gained in the East by Earl Beaconsfield's foresight, but which he condemned while in Opposition.

Speaking of General Wolseley's departure for Egypt, the London *World* says:—"Sir Garnet will be greatly missed at the Horse Guards. He has done that somewhat effete establishment a world of good since he has been there, and has made his influence felt through pretty nearly all branches of the department. Sir Garnet has great powers of work, and a knack of going straight to the pith of a question. His functions are short, practical and are easily obtained. This must be a great boon in a busy office, where most things by long habit are ultimately referred to the Chief of the Staff, and where verbiage and circumlocution have had it all their own way."

The death of Professor Balfour, of Cambridge, England, who was recently killed in ascending an Alpine peak, is greatly deplored. London *Truth* says:—"It would be impossible to exaggerate his loss to Cambridge, where he was much beloved alike by dons and by undergraduates. It was only last term that the University gave a most substantial proof of the estimation in which he was held by creating a professorship for him. The deepest sympathy is everywhere expressed for his family. But although he has been removed at an age when many men are still *in statu pupillari*, it will be very long before his name and his worth fade out of the minds of those who knew him." Of his death the London *World* says:—"Stated in accident ever taken place in the Alps without its being accounted for by the neglect of some simple precaution. The death of Professor Balfour and his guide, Petrus, at Courmayeur, is no exception to the rule. Mr. Balfour started on a long and difficult snow expedition with only one guide; and the guides and porters who went to bring back the remains to the hotel state that the nails in the boots Petrus had on were completely worn."

N. Y. *Times*:—The various gentlemen who, within six months, have gone to London to try and get money for American railroad and other schemes have had a most depressing experience. The London *Economist* struck the key-note when it remarked last month that "Messrs. Gould, Vanderbilt and Company had successfully shattered English faith in American securities." Moreover, the British investing public has become at length aware that we have here boards of cash whose holders would be too thankful to invest it solidly at 4½ per cent. Railroads here are now practically eliminated from the list of investments of persons seeking a secure dividend, and it is a terrible misfortune—this is not too strong an expression—for tens of thousands of persons that this is the case. Perhaps an event ever predicted such a shock amongst this class of investors in this country as the collapse of the Central Railroad of New Jersey. It was deemed the surest of sure things, and any amount of widows' and children's money was thrown into it. Many persons have been induced by the blundering incompetence of those who pretended to manage it to permanent penury. One lady who formed from it $10,000 a year has now about $1,000 left to support herself and her family. The number of burned children is so large that railroad fire will be dreaded by a very large circle of the present generation. How possibly to get a really safe and sound 5 per cent. investment is indeed the problem of the hour, and is likely to remain so.

Mr. Mowat's Violation of Law.

From the Sarnia *Canadian*.

The disturbances, delays and tricks of oriental diplomacy greatly resemble the Hon. Oliver Mowat's modes of dealing with public questions. The word "forthwith" in the statutes, which ordinary mortals understand as meaning "immediately," "without delay," "directly," Mr. Mowat says means weeks, months, or even a year. For about two months eight constituencies, about a tenth part of the Province of Ontario, have been vacant. The last writ issued when a member of the Legislature resigns his seat the Speaker shall forthwith issue his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for a new election to fill the vacancy. The Speaker has had these several resignations in his hands for at least a month. He has no option in the matter. The statute clearly defines his duty. But not a writ has been issued, and the law is set at defiance. If Mr. Mowat, for reasons arising out of political exigencies, and until the writs of election for two months, what is to prevent him withholding them for double that time? If he can set the election law at defiance, as he has done in this case and on former occasions, what is there to hinder him setting the criminal law at defiance?

No one of the Grit organs has plucked up courage to justify Mowat's violation of the election law. Some of them have denied that his Government has robbed the municipalities of so much of their share of the Succession Duties as they have been accustomed, but the denial is too general to carry any weight. Let them publish a statement of moneys paid, and the amounts received by the municipalities, and the robbery will soon be seen.

Cotswayo in London.

Cotswayo and suite reached Addison Road Station, London, from Portsmouth shortly before 8 o'clock last night, and drove to No. 19 Melbury Road, South Kensington, where a handsome private residence, overlooking Holland Park, has been temporarily acquired by the Colonial Office for the ex-King's accommodation. The party on arriving here dined, Cotswayo and his chiefs partaking, with evident good appetite, of a substantial repast consisting of slices of beef and rump steaks. Cotswayo received no visitors last night, but retired shortly after midnight. On the party reaching their bed-rooms, however, it was found that the apartments, which had been arranged resembling in English notions of comfort, were unsuited to native requirements and a rearrangement, reducing the sleeping accommodation to the level of the floor, had to be made before the Zulu idea of comfort was realized. Cotswayo and his party were conveyed from Southampton in a special train, which proceeded at a rate which completely astonished Cotswayo and his counsellors. They glanced their fingers in their ears, and gazed stupefied if not with alarm. It was some time before they recovered from their bewilderment, and this recovery showed itself in exclamations of delight at the wealth of corn and the beauty of the scenery through which they passed. The beauty of the country exceeded Cotswayo's expectations. "If," he said, "I could only live in a country like this, I should want for nothing more on earth." The cattle attracted his attention, and he frequently expressed his surprise that after feeding on such soil our herds did not become as fat as to be unable to plow. Lobengula exclaimed that we were like ants—we swarmed; and he added: "Why ever did a nation so grand, a people so numerous, make war upon a man so little as the Zulu? Why did you not ask me to run away—to get out of Zululand? That would have been noble of you and kind to me."

An inquirer this morning was informed that Cotswayo passed a very good night. He rose at 6 o'clock, and ate of about the same breakfast as he had yesterday partook of. Cotswayo is surprised at everything he sees, and desires it to be made known that he is extremely grateful for the kind reception in the way of cheering given him by the English people. He does not intend to do anything in the way of sightseeing or visiting to-day, being somewhat tired, but will take a short drive in the afternoon. A crowd of about a hundred persons gathered outside the ex-King's residence this morning, in the hope of catching a glimpse of him. A policeman is on duty outside the house.—*St. James's Gazette*.

While driving through the country and while asking questions about the roads the coolest and most reasonable of men will discover great stupidity and a dearth of plain common sense. Yesterday, N. J. a gentleman asked a country lady whether he might meet a team by crossing a bridge. She told him to drive on for about two miles, turn another mile and he would be all right. The country lady was all the town when he arrived, and he asked her why she had not directed him across the same bridge which she had crossed and save him a three-mile drive. She replied, "You had as much right to go across that bridge as I had."—*New York Herald*

Fort Pharos, Alexandria.

From the London *Standard*.

The Pharos Fortress at Alexandria, or, as the Arabs call it, the Fortress of K—, Pharos, now laid in ruins by the British artillery, was one of the most interesting monuments in Egypt. It occupied the spot which visitors by way to at least the thirteenth century, the ancient Greek Pharos or lighthouse, one of the wonders of the world, and as the present fortress was built in the fifteenth century, it doubtless includes some of the earliest structure. When I went over the fortress in 1882, by special permission of the Khedive, I found every square inch of masonry, except the outer walls, covered with plaster, so that one could discover little to prove that any remains of the original Pharos were hidden inside the walls, though I thought it possible that the keep of the fortress might be identical with the base of the Pharos. The Arab historian Abd-el-Lateef, who saw the Pharos of the Greeks, describes it as consisting of four stories—the first, square, 121 cubits high; the second, octagonal, 214 cubits; the third, round, 214; the fourth, a lantern, 10 cubits high. Altogether it was a grand tower 284 cubits high, and built entirely of white marble that glistened far out at sea in the moonlight. I have no doubt that the destruction ceased by the English shells will reveal some of the original blocks of marble, and perhaps even the foundation lines of the ancient lighthouse.

The fortress lies at the extremity of the western wing of the Old Harbor, occupying a small island which is connected with Fort Adda and the mainland by a narrow causeway carried by arches, most of which have been filled up by the action of the sea. After traversing the causeway, one arrives at the south western angle of the fortress, in front of a fine Norman-looking gateway, which consists of a circular arch, flanked by round towers, with battlements and overhanging machicolations. This entrance, however, has long been blocked up, and the one in use lies on the south side. The fortress consists of a huge square keep or tower, with a court-yard surrounded by barracks and thick walls; then an outer bailey, and beyond this, enclosing the whole, an irregular quadrangular line of wall. The outer wall is strengthened at intervals by plain, circular towers, half engaged, and is pierced with embrasures. At the back of it, along the north-western side, runs a platform mounted with heavy rifled guns, including the three which gave the range to the British artillerymen; underneath the platform a succession of vaulted recesses served for the store ammunition or to shelter the gunners. From the outer bailey a tunnel like passage leads through the second line of wall into the court-yard fronting the keep. In the middle of the court-yard stands, in singular contrast with the grim sanctity of the buildings around, a pretty little garden inclosed by tall green reeds, and backed by a wall of fresh water and a fine marble basin. Some old fragments of hewn marble are absent as modern. In front of the massive majestic fabric of the keep, a huge square tower, with small towers attached to the angles. The corner towers do not rise above the walls, but the south wall was topped, at the time of my visit, by a crumbling minaret of white stone, much decayed, but once exquisitely chiselled. It was the minaret that was carried away by a shot from the Inflexible. The walls of the keep slope inward, slightly away from the perpendicular. They have a thickness of from 15 to 20 feet. The door lies on the south side, and is reached by a flight of steps. It is formed by four enormous slabs of red Assuan granite, the gigantic door-jambs and lintel reminding one of the Egyptian blocks at Stonehenge. Above the door is a tablet let into the wall, and inscribed with the name of Sultan Kaitbey, which was the date of the fortress (fifteenth century). The keep is built in three stories, of which the ground floor is used chiefly as the Mosque of Kait Bey, built in the form of a Greek cross within a square, and roofed with a dome. Of the rooms the two southern are used as shell magazines and store-rooms. It was here that the explosion occurred that destroyed the mosque by the fire of our ships-of-war. As the roof was pierced by a number of shells, and more used round-shot or shell, I may mention that I saw hundreds of unexploded shells that fell in those rooms on the 11th. Of the other two corner rooms one is occupied by the tomb of Kait Bey; the other is used by the guard of Egyptian soldiers who are now engaged in clearing away the débris. The second story of the keep is reached by a lofty vaulting, while the central square chamber opens on the edge of the roof, forming a large shaft. The floor here is depressed a foot lower than the floor of the branches, and is covered with a fine pavement of marble mosaic, while that of the branches is more earth thrown with rubbish. The interior of the keep is quite devoid of ornament, though it has the usual number, or pulpit, and Eastern aisle. The structure of this massive remainder on a smaller scale—or remained, if one must speak in the past tense—that of the mosque Sultan Hassan, at Cairo.

The staircase to the upper stories starts from the entrance passage on the right hand. One mounts two or three flights of ascending steps before arriving in the long corridors which form the first story. These corridors pass about the central shaft and over the four branches of the cross in the middle of the floor, which is of solid masonry, a trench is cut for the defenders to crouch in, or to pass safely by a "hot corner," for the corridor is pierced for defiance, and an unpleasant quantity of bullets could come in at the embrasures, even if no shot found entrance. Opening out of the corridors are a number of chambers for offices. Mounting once again, and passing a fine old Greek column with a Corinthian capital, one reaches a second set of corridors narrowed by a row of small vaulted recesses on the outside, all round; each recess has a small window and an opening into the corridor, but they were designed only for musketry fire, not for artillery. Another flight of steps leads from these galleries up to the flat roof, which is broken in places, and, as best, not good against the fire of a Nordenfeldt. When I was there, before quitting the roof I ascended the minaret, and enjoyed a view of sea, and city, and land perhaps unequalled in splendor and interest, overlooking on the west both harbors and the long line of fortifications up to Fort Adjemi, the low mound of Mahs, the white houses of Alexandria shining in the sun, the sweeping curve of the eastern shore to Ramleh, the Bay of Aboukir where Nelson won his victory, and groves of palm, shrubs of still lake water, and the green fields of the delta to the land, spread at my feet. Engineers being admitted to the fortress before, and, if not the first, I am certainly the last that ever stood on the minaret of Fort Pharos, which now I fear must be one of those destined to "a heap of ruins."

Blackberries by the bushel grow wild on the Macedonian (Ont.) common. At this season whole families go in caravan to gather them, journeying forty or fifty miles and camping out.

Snow, Cold, and Frost in the West.

(From the Madison (Wis.) Journal, Aug. 16.

The weather which is being experienced in this State at present is truly remarkable, and is the cause of surprise to every one. That frost should be reported at this season of the year to be general in the northern portions of the State is something almost unheard of. August is usually the warmest month of the twelve, while this summer it partakes for some of the finesty air of October. Tuesday night and last night the temperature was but two or three degrees above the freezing point, and fears are beginning to be entertained for the crops, especially those of corn, sorghum, and fruit. The rain of yesterday was chilly, and were accompanied by frost, raw wind, of a decidedly disagreeable nature. Snow is reported as having fallen in some portions of Minnesota, and at Janesville, which is considerably south of this city, the same phenomenon occurred. The Janesville *Gazette* of yesterday says:—"A most unusual phenomenon occurred this afternoon at about 2 25 o'clock, a conclusive proof that though this year is a doddidly of one in weather, it has not yet developed all its peculiarities. This morning it was cloudy, with every appearance of rain, and the thermometer was down in the cellar regions. Later the clouds disappeared and the sun shone out bright and warm. At 2 o'clock the clouds gathered again, and 2.30 it began to drizzle. Accompanying the slight rain was snow. A hundred gentlemen saw it and will vouch for it. Snow in midsummer, when the mercury only two days before was perspiring in the shades, is something in a extraordinary, particularly as the thermometer at the time registered 64° above zero. To cap the climax or the climate, in 10 minutes after the snow fell the sun again shone out. The rising weather signal was up, and had a half-starved cat-o'-nine look, but they were quickly dismissed." A gentleman who left Sparta this morning informs us that there was considerable white frost visible on the line between Sparta and Portage. He thinks tobacco must have been destroyed, but farmers hoped corn was not generally injured. From Adams we arrived in the city to-day from up the Chicago and North-western road, it is learned that there was a light frost in Berry early this morning.

An Illinois couple eloped so hurriedly that the girl went barefooted. The fellow's pride forbade their object, for he insisted on delaying to buy her a pair of shoes, and then her father was enabled to overtake them before they had reached a milestone.

Have British Boys

[illegible] number of events of exciting life [illegible] have recently been brought [illegible] under the notice of the Commissioner of [illegible] Police. Only recently [illegible] a boy [illegible] years of age from [illegible] quarrel with [illegible] boys, [illegible] age from 11 to 17. The silver medallion was voted to Mr. Joseph Kirk, River Inspector of the Corporation of Salford, for plunging into the River Irwell and rescuing Sarah Holden. The woman jumped into the river with the intention of committing suicide. Mr. Kirk's attention was attracted by hearing [illegible] screams. He ran a distance of 120 yards to the spot, and at once went to the rescue, but the woman struggled so much that, after reaching her, he was twice obliged to release his hold to save his own life. He, however, dived to the bottom a third time, and, seizing her by the ankle, drew her to the surface and ultimately effected her rescue. The bronze medallion was voted to Patrick Hogan for saving R. Carran, who attempted suicide by jumping into the River Blackwater at Coppoquin, Waterford; to Edward Webb, 11 years of age, for saving a companion named Arthur Bruce, who fell into the River Ise at Oxford; to Thomas Carr, aged 14, for saving Arthur Pitt, who fell from the fore rigging of the schooner ship Southampton into eight fathoms of water in the River Humber, striking against a chain and injuring his leg so much as to be quite unable to help himself; to William Humphreys, for plunging in to the rescue of John Crouts, who fell from the quay at Cork, and to Patrick Brennan, a police constable, who, seeing they were both in danger of drowning, jumped from a height of 17 feet and supported both Humphreys and Crouts until a rope was thrown to them, and they were safely landed. To Edward J. Kelly, for plunging into the sea near Southsea Castle, to the rescue of William Redfern; to Harry Foaty, a boy of 12, for jumping from a height of 10 feet into the River Ivel, and rescuing E. Ludford; to Henry J. Denford, for plunging into 10 feet of water in the Bristol Docks, and saving Elizabeth Coffin, who jumped in with the intention of committing suicide, and to Robert Eddystone and George Crawley, both of Her Majesty's ship Revenge, for rescuing Mary Anne Newman and Mary Anne Simpson, who were capsized from a boat in the River Lee, at Monkstown, on July 4, the tide running at the rate of four knots an hour at the time. Testimonials and pecuniary rewards were also given to several persons.

German Beds and Pillows.

German beds, almost without exception, are single—yes, very single—so much so that the occupant if he attempts to deviate an inch or two from a horizontal position finds himself sprawling on the floor.

The sheets, the bed blankets, also, are made just to fit the beds and are never wide enough to "tuck in." They are seldom less than one and a half yards wide. The mattresses, and in requires the skill and experience of an acrobat, especially with a foreigner, to keep the bedclothes properly balanced over him. And then the gruesome pillows, which for softness and shapelessness are either too large or too small, too hard or too soft, and that the only people that have ever worked away by a hair from the Infallible. The walls of the keep slope inward, slightly away from the perpendicular. They have a thickness of from 15 to 20 feet. The door lies on the south side, and is reached by a flight of steps. It is formed by four enormous slabs of red Assuan granite, the gigantic door-jambs and lintel reminding one of the Egyptian blocks at Stonehenge. Above the door is a tablet let into the wall, and inscribed with the name of Sultan Kaitbey, which was the date of the fortress (fifteenth century). The keep is built in three stories, of which the ground floor is used chiefly as the Mosque of Kait Bey, built in the form of a Greek cross within a square, and roofed with a dome. Of the rooms the two southern are used as shell magazines and store-rooms. It was here that the explosion occurred that destroyed the mosque by the fire of our ships-of-war. As the roof was pierced by a number of shells, and more used round-shot or shell, I may mention that I saw hundreds of unexploded shells that fell in those rooms on the 11th. Of the other two corner rooms one is occupied by the tomb of Kait Bey; the other is used by the guard of Egyptian soldiers who are now engaged in clearing away the débris. The second story of the keep is reached by a lofty vaulting, while the central square chamber opens on the edge of the roof, forming a large shaft. The floor here is depressed a foot lower than the floor of the branches, and is covered with a fine pavement of marble mosaic, while that of the branches is more earth thrown with rubbish. The interior of the keep is quite devoid of ornament, though it has the usual number, or pulpit, and Eastern aisle. The structure of this massive remainder on a smaller scale—or remained, if one must speak in the past tense—that of the mosque Sultan Hassan, at Cairo.

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ADMIRAL SIR BEAUCHAMP SEYMOUR.

LIFE ON THE MOON.

Attempt Constructs Eyeglasses [illegible] Physical Life in What Has Long Been Considered a Dead World.

[illegible] Record.

A Delaware astronomer has just made an extraordinary discovery on the moon's surface, which is likely to create a sensation in the scientific world and, so to speak, destroy a few well set theories in regard to that terra incognita. On the 19th of last May the gentleman in question, Mr. J. G. Jackson, of Hockessin, Del., who has been for years a close observer of celestial phenomena, found in looking at the new moon, that a white mist was floating over a portion of what is known as the mare crisium, a group of volcanic formations well known to astronomers. To the practised eye such a discovery could not fail to be exceedingly interesting, in fact, little less than startling. For an hour Mr. Jackson kept his telescope upon the spot, marking out clearly a large island of vapor arising several hundred feet above the pronontorium agrum, which is at the base of the mare crisium. Owing to the fact that the terminator had moved over beyond the mare crisium, Mr. Jackson was unable to witness the phenomenon on the following night. He said nothing at the time, fearing that he might have made a mistake; but he waited patiently for the next new moon, which occurred June 17. At this time, he was baffled on account of the cloudiness of the weather. On last Sunday, however, all the conditions were favorable, and he watched eagerly to test the correctness of his original observation. Sure enough, the feather mist was there again, on the westerly edge of the mare crisium against the promontorium agrum, as he had seen it on May 19. He watched again until the moon had gone down in the west, and was fully confirmed of the extent and importance of the phenomenon as affecting existing theories regarding the physical condition of the moon and her atmosphere. His notion is that this cloud forms by volcanic action during the lunar night of every month, and can only be seen for one particular evening, at about 45 hours after conjunction (new moon). Just as the rays of the morning sun, in rising over the mountains of the promontorium agrum, become sufficient to illuminate the mist, but not yet intense enough to dispel or evaporate it. The fact that the moon is then but a slender crescent, generally low in the horns of or horizon, soon but an hour or two before sunrise, may account for the cloud not having been discovered by astronomers, and is the reason why it has not been observed before.

The importance of the discovery consists in that it establishes a fair premises for her doveing with the theory that the moon is a dead world in existence, it would appear to show, what has for years been denied by nearly all astronomers, that the moon has an atmosphere.

On Thursday night last Mr. Jackson became aware of another discovery in connection with this wonderful cloud. He discovered past at the apex of the promontorium agrum, above which the cloud has been seen, three volcanic craters which have never before been seen. From further inquiries he thinks that the cloud is produced by the bursting of volcanic fire which opened these new craters, thus further leading to establish the theory of physical life on the moon. Mr. Jackson says that when the great telescope of the world is completed he intends investigating this startling phenomenon, but has no doubt that discoveries of incalculable importance will be made which may revolutionize some of our preconceived notions as to the physical condition of the earth's satellite. Mr. Jackson is a most careful and painstaking scientist, and has been an astronomer for nearly half a century. He is also a graduate of Oxford, England, and has been a member of the Royal Astronomical Society since 1874, and has been a close student of celestial phenomena ever since.

Foul Play or a Bogie.

The past fortnight has been one of the greatest interest and excitement in the city of Ireland. Perhaps the most extraordinary event which has occurred has been the [illegible] of the [illegible] Bank, [illegible] Dame street. His absence various rumors have been circulated as to the cause of his disappearance. Some [illegible] studying Arabic and Persian in the Arabian deserts, others that he has gone to Egypt. Recently the [illegible] Bank received a letter from [illegible] Bank, Dame street, stating that Mr. Lord had left his hotel in Paris, and had not been heard of since. The letter was handed over to the police, and [illegible] Superintendent Ryan, who has charge of the case, has been in communication with the Paris police. Mr. Lord is a bachelor, and is about 40 years of age. He is a native of Ireland, and has been in the employment of the Bank of Ireland for many years. He is a man of very quiet habits, and has always borne a good character. He is said to be of a very nervous temperament, and it is thought that he may have committed suicide while in a fit of temporary insanity. Up to the present no trace of him has been discovered.—*Dublin Daily Express*, Aug. 4.

Explosion of a Billiard Ball.

Yesterday morning, as a Chinaman was cleaning up in Lentenschlager's saloon, in which only a few men had yet appeared to get their cocktails, he was frightened by a loud report as if a revolver had been discharged in the room. The report was followed by the falling of small pieces of ivory (?) all over the room. An examination revealed the fact that one of the billiard balls had exploded and broken into fragments. It was in the billiard rack, and no one near it. Several gentlemen were called in, and whose ivory one of the amateur billiard sharps. He had it in his pocket before heard of the explosion. He gladly five minutes after the explosion the room was pervaded with a strong smell of camphor. The ball was doubtless made of the imitation ivory known as celluloid.—*Kansas (New) Radical*, August 4.

The endorsers of the delegates to an Irish Congress Convention, who held conferences with candidates through 1,500 ballots, is praised by that thing in Times in which the ballot was taken, was presented amid the wild, [illegible] accompaniments of the newly-organ and brass-band of the town."

...London Gazette:—"American women grow well, having things to fit well and abjure old clothes."

New Advertisements.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, as general commission merchants and brokers, at the city of London, in the Province of Ontario and elsewhere, under the name and style of Blakeney & Hellmuth, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated August 16th, A. D. 1882.

THOS. BLAKENEY.
G. S. HELLMUTH.
R. S. F. MONTGOMERY.

Witness—R. P. GOWEN.

The business above referred to will in future be carried on by Thomas Blakeney and Gustavus S. Hellmuth, under the name and style of BLAKENEY & HELLMUTH

AT STANSFIELD'S HOTEL,
London East, on
Tuesday Evening, August 29,
at 7 o'clock, a number of Lots in the survey of the Y property, between the tracks of the Grand Western and Great Trunk Railway, east of the Car Works, on the following
NOVEL AND FAVORABLE TERMS, VIZ.:
The purchaser money will be payable in monthly instalments of FIVE DOLLARS per lot, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Notes, Cheques and Drafts
INVOICE, NOTE AND
LETTER HEADINGS
Business and Bankers' Stationery,
LITHOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING
DEPARTMENT.
Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Friday, August 15, 1862.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

"Don't be cynical. You think I am awfully shallow, because I am a devotee of lasting book chair like Mrs. Tregunell, who seems to have read all the books that ever were printed."

"There you are wrong. She has read a few—on nutrition and sunburn—but they are very much worn, and she has read them long enough to remember them," answered Angus, quietly.

"And Mary and I often read these volumes in a day, and seldom remember a line of what we read," exclaimed Dopey. "I think we are awfully ignorant. Of course we learned things at school—French and German—Smith—somebody's history—physical geography—geology—and all the remainder. But I don't remember when I remember when I remember when I

THE DAILY FREE PRESS.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE,
—WITH—
Dry Goods at 52½c. on the $
Geo. Hayes & Co. have purchased Westlake & Co's Stock of Dr
Goods and Millinery at the above exceedingly low rate, and will open out i
the old stand, No 128 Dundas St., on Saturday morning, at nine o'clo
when 40,000 yards of Dress Goods will be almost thrown away. Th
stock is fresh and new, consisting of all the leading makes of Dress
dantied drives in prices will be given in goods. Black and colored Cashmere
Silks, Dress Goods, Millinery, Flannels, Cottons, Prints, &c. Remember th
great sale of Dry Goods at 52½c on the dollar. Commences on Saturday
GEO. HAYES & CO.
128 DUNDAS STREET.

GARLICK'S, 174 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON
In White Vests,
Summer Scarfs,
Linen Collars,
Gauze Underclothing,
Jean Drawers.
BARGAINS
BARGAINS
BARGAINS
BARGAINS
BARGAINS
BARGAINS
BARGAINS
BARGAINS

IMPORTANT
W. J. REID & CO
Great Clearing Sa
SILVER
PLATED
GOOD

FINANCIAL
MANNEY & CO.,
Bankers and Broke

J. A. MACMILLAN &
STOCK BROKERS.

GEORGE F. JEWE

STOCK BRO

COAL & WOO
Hard and Soft Coal
Oats and Spith Woo

HUNT BRO

J. M. LONGMAN & CO.
Importers of
Wines, Liquors & Cigars
AT OLDEST ESTABLISHED PRICES
PATENT MEDICINES
Still Selling at Reduced Prices
—AT—
STRONG'S DRUG STORE
184 Dundas St., London.
Special attention given to the dispensing Physicians' Prescriptions
Pure Drugs and Chemicals used only in dispensing
Imported Wines and Brandies for medicinal use only.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Friday, August 15th, 1884.

STRONG'S DRUG STORE
WINDOW GLASS
BOARD OF WORKS
R. LEWIS
LIME JUICE.
Guaranteed not to go Mouldy.
JUST THE THING FOR A HOT DAY
In Pint Bottles at 40c.
WM. SAUNDERS,
185 DUNDAS STREET.
Hargreaves & Co,
CITY COUNCIL
Aldermanic Nominations For Building Mayor.
The Rates Reduced to Two Cents on the Dollar.
The Deficit to be Made Up by the Sale of City Property.
Committee Reports, Communications, Petitions, Etc.
The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Friday, August 15th, 1884.

MINIPAN SAFET

CARLING & CO
Brewers and Maltsters,
AVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR
ery Fine Amber Ales, XX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
casks and bottles. ☞ Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED
HALF & HALF,
ighly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Birth.

In this city, on the 11th instant, the wife of ames Lindsay, printer, of a daughter.
In London West, on the 19th inst., the wife of W. Norman, of a daughter.

AMUSEMENTS.

GARDEN PARTY WILL BE held at Mount Hope Orphan Asylum on nday afternoon and evening. 82d Batt. ymith Band will be in attendance. Refresh- nts on the ground. A special programme of sic has been arranged. Admission 10 cts. ors open 2 p. m. till 10 p. m. Hlstr

SIDECHLAMPSOUS.

dvertisements under this heading one cent r word each insertion.

UCTION SALE OF STORE and dwelling, together with three build- ots, upon the premises, No. 211, Dundas eet, London East, Sept. 4, 1882, at 7 o'clock m. Hlslo-sod-tf

AYTON'S DANCING ACADE- MY, Nicholson's Block, Dundas street, ons—Gentlemen, Tuesday, at 8 p. m. ies—Thursday, at 3 p. m. Juveniles, Satur- at 10 a. m. Private lessons any hour. For ms apply at music store. 6ddly

ORRIS & CO., PRIVATE EN- QUIRY and Collection Agency, 42 Brock Market Square, Kingston, Ont. Strictly nfidential. Enclose stamp for reply. Hlddly

ARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or ce of EDWARD HARRIS. Lhlddly

ASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and Jewels, Free Office. All ds of Society Printing in the best style at the

EMOVAL.—A. B. MURDOUK, Florist, has removed to his new premises, ington Park, upper Richmond-st., where all o've patronage will enable him to meet all ustomers at his old or new premises with a fir- h & reliable unsurpassed. Lhlddly MURDOUK

BUSINESS CHANCES.

dvertisements under this heading or count word each insertion.

ROCKERY AND GLASSWARE Business for sale. Ritchie's elbe prem- reasons for selling; going into the whole- s—No. 12 Market, London. Hlddly

OR SALE A SUPERIOR stock of groceries and first-class business ld. The stock will be sold cheap. Apply the premises, A. J. MCCORMICK, corner rth and Talbot streets. Hlddly

OR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE corner of Litchfield and Richmond streets, rst-class grocery, and a good stock of gro- es now on hand, and will sell cheap. Apply to JOHN NELSON, 606 Richmond. wh

RIST MILL FOR SALE AT Watford; two run 4-feet stones, with reka Smutter and Purifier, new brick house one acre of land. Apply to J. PATTERSON, Maitland St., London. Hlddh

OTEL BUSINESS FOR SALE.— The furniture and fixings of the King ss Hotel, King street, London, opposite the rket. For particulars apply to H. LUNNY, the premises. Hlddh-wf

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

VANTED TO BUY A GOOD Scotch terrier (young). Apply to 651 ueen street, between the hours of 7 and 9 p.m. Hlddv

BOARD AND LODGING.

ANTED, BY TWO YOUNG gentlemen, first-class board and well- ed rooms, in private family. Good lo- dress C. W., this office. Hlddh

WANTED TO RENT.

TAGE WANTED, CONTAIN- ng 2 to 5 rooms, or 3 or 4 rooms furnish- ing excepted, within short distance ss street. Address P., this office. Hlddv

FOR SALE

SE FOR SALE AND RE- VAL—The large cottage and stables, ning Lehnen's Brewery for sale, or ve to be removed to make room for ing. Apply at office of Lehnen's Hlddf

HARDWARE.

DOZEN

F CUTLERY (JOB LOTS).

in Canadian Harvest Tools, low Hamilton Richmond st

SBORN AND HOBBS.

FINE ARTS.

T REPOSITORY—GET ur sample of the celebrated Rembrandt Photo. Portrait Art Co., 171 Dundas st., London. Hlddv

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

CLOTHING. — SELL ng off Clothing to A. Monson, 377 Talbot st., at 25 per cent. less than ever ld in this city, as he wants all the ROOM FOR WINTER GOODS. Hlddv

HAVING CAST-OFF will be well to call on T. Fox, Dundas street, London, for good, lowpriced, all-wrong &- ed Clothing. 376 Clarence street. Hlddv

HAVING REMOV- ed to his new premises, 393 Richmond st., next door to the Wellington street ge, he will keep on hand a large stock of ady-made and tailor-made clothing, which ll sell cheap for cash. Hlddv

MUSICAL.

LE BAND FOR PIC- Apply to Douglas Brownlee, Wellington, London. Hlddv

HOTELS.

RIS, SIX YEARS AT has just put up his own ck at the Exhibition Grounds, and is now at the Bar of Mansion House, 21 as Bay to furnish the Lunch to the Ex- n and Lacrosse. A call solicited Hlddv

R HOTEL, STRAT- D, OREER, Proprietor. New furniture, steam heating, electric ss water closets. Fine sample ooms and the only first-class Hotel in Stratford for travelling pub- Hlddv

TO OLD SHOES.

AND SHOES.—EVERY de to order, good, stylish, and ble. 379 Talbot street. Hlddv

E & CUTLER NOW commenced old stand on the Market full buildings. A full assortment s Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, ers, &c. Repairs neatly, expedi- ously done. Work made to order d free from shoddy. Christmas en nearly set up. Hlddv

LEGAL.

LMUTH,

RISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., Union Block, Richmond Street, ntario.

GLASS & LUSCOMBE, ors, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s ansion street, London, Ont.

GLASS, Barrister, etc. 68 Main Brandon, Manitoba.

, Q.C. Counsel Glass Hlddy F. H. LUSCOMBE,

NS, M'NAB & MULKERN ors, etc., London.

ner of Carling and Richmond

P. MULKERN. JESSE P. HARPER.

HINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Court House, London, Ont.

HUTCHINSON, Crown Attorney and Clerk of the AS. W. M'KILLOP. Hddy

BABY'S FOOD.
Papoma,
Nestle's Milk Food,
Ridge's Food,
Neave's Food,
Hard's Food,
Mincaoca,
Condensed Milk
(Anchor brand).
AT SHUFF'S DRUG STORE
Dundas Street East.
Marriage Licenses Issued for City County mwf
PURE
LEATHER BELTING
I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.
Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.
T. Herbert Marsh
167 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.
SITUATIONS VACANT.
Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.
BOY WANTED TO WORK ON ...Apply to Lyon, Dyer, Front Penn Pub. Co.
DRESSMAKER WANTED, COMPETENT to do all kinds of dressmaking. Permanent employment. Must be first-class. Apply to Miss E. O'NEIL, Petrolia, Ont. Hl42
HARNESS MAKER.—WANTED, a good general hand for harness making and repairing; permanent, at JIM DUNN'S, corner King and Talbot streets. Hlddf
SHIRT AND BUTTON-HOLE ...wanted immediately.—WESTERN SHIRT FACTORY, over Revenue Office.
TEACHER WANTED. — WANTED, for the Strathroy Public Schools, a female teacher, holding a second-class certificate. Salary $300 per annum. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 5 p.m. on Saturday, the 26th instant. Wm. R. REID, Sec. Sch. B. for R. Township of Adelaide. Hl42
TINSMITH WANTED AT BINGHAM BROS., 145 Dundas street, London, Ont. Hl42h
SERVANTS WANTED.
Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.
SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS. Good domestic help of all kinds in great demand. Orders for good servants promptly attended to.—Mrs. Wells, Harley House, 78 COTTAM.
THOSE WHO WANT SERVANTS can get supplied at short notice, as I have daily girls applying for situations. Girls wanting a good place and good wages, come to J. SIMONS'S Intelligence Office, 82 Dundas street.
TO LET.
Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.
TO LET AT LOW RENT—TWO stores: No. 71 and 75 Dundas St. West, recently occupied as Brush Factory. Apply to THOS. BRYAN.
THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albion Buildings, Richmond street, to rent, most centrally in the occupancy of the American Express Co. and Montreal Telegraph Co. Possession 1st October. Possession at once. Apply CARLING & Co.'s Brewery.
BUSINESS CARDS.
C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Street (between Wolseley and Colborne), manufacturer of meerschaum fillers of all descriptions to order, repairs furniture and does jobbing generally. H. B.—There is room for accommodation for a few boarders. Hlddy
FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam, at JAMES F. HUEY'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 393 Richmond street. Hlddy
GENUINE ITALIAN ICE Cream and Lemonade. Superior to all others. Only place in the city where it can be obtained. 394 Rich'd street, Ask For, Caution and Fruit.—Your Summer, especially the living House.
JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with diamonds at Engraving Department Front Penn Office.
JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with Diamonds at Engraving Department Front Penn Office.
KALUS & JR. BROWN NOW Manufacturing all descriptions of Oxford Work and Upholstering in addition to their Cabinet Business. Repairing and Polishing promptly attended to. Mr. Kalus will personally look after the Upholstering. Shop—Rear of 393 Richmond street, London. Hlddy
MURDOCK, ARMSTRONG, BREDIN & CO., Surveyors, Land Valuators, Estate Agents, Loan Agents, Conveyancers, Commissioners for Ontario, Manitoba, Dominion, &c., and Notaries Public, Dundas street, London, Ont. Agents for the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co. Hlddy
NEW TINSHOP OPENED—515 Richmond street. Full line of Tinware, Oils, Lamps, Lanterns, Lubricators, &c. Hlddy —Wm. Pomeroy.
THE MOST RELIABLE PLACE to obtain Boots, Shoes, Rubbers and Slippers cheap, secure, and satisfactory, is at 664 Dundas, next door to Wellington street. Hlddv GILVE
W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND Slater, Roofing Material wholesale. Also manufacturer of Cathro's Patent Ventilator, which is unsurpassed for ventilating purposes, and guaranteed and promptly attended to. Residence and office, 3 doors west of Wellington street, London, Ont. Hlddy
DENTISTRY.
F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS again at the old stand, 195½ Dundas Street, Bell's Loan Co.'s Building.
GOLD FILLINGS AND ARTIFICIAL Dentures in the highest style of the art.—H. R. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas. Hlddy
H. M'LAREN, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST. Office removed over Bradford's Confectionery store, opposite Market. Entrance, 393 DUNDAS STREET, London. Teeth extracted without pain.
H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office:—Stevens's Block, London. Hlddy
L. M'DONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS. Office: Dundas street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery Store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Hly
S. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST—Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Morris' hardware store. Hly
MACHINERY FOR SALE.
COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS —For sale by the FREE PRESS PRINTING Co., one of these excellent presses. Taken a form Sept. Does excellent work. Has been in use 12 months. In well suited for a country office. For specimen of work, price and other particulars apply at this office.
JEWELLERS, &c.
G. W. PITT.—A GREAT VARIETY of new articles suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. You cannot buy to better advantage anywhere. Jobbing done a specialty. My work is well-known, and the best people in the city come to me for repairs Hlddy
JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with diamonds at the Jewelry Department Front Penn Office.
HALF PRICE. All kinds of Books—Medical, Theological, Literary, Scientific, Miscellaneous, Blank Books, Stationery, at CLARKE'S, 361 Richmond street, for half price. N.B.—4,000 Law and Reader Libraries wanted for cash. Highest prices paid. Hlddv
ESTATE OF McLENNAN & FRYER OF LONDON.
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS for sale, by private tender, at a rate on the dollar, the first-class stock of plumbing and gas-fitting materials belonging to the above estate. The book debts will be sold in the same manner. Tenders will be received for stock and debts together, or for each separately, up to and inclusive of the twenty-second instant. Stock is valued at $7,382.95. Book debts outstanding to $3,645.13. Stock, stock book, and list of book debts may be seen at late place of business of said firm, Dundas street, London, Ont. Immediate possession. Arrangements may also be made with the assignee of the said firm.—JAMES BURNS, Assignee, London, Ont. London, August 14, 1882. Hl44a
SMOKE
V.T.C
-C-U-T-P-L-U-G-
SUPERIOR
Virginia Tobacco,
SMOKE
CABLE
—AND—
EL PADRE CIGARS.
To be had on every Railway Train in Canada and of all the principal Dealers throughout the Dominion only by
S. DAVIS & SON, MONTREAL.
Tobacco Branch—24 Church Street. Cigar Factory—54 and 56 McGill street, 71 and 73 Recollet street. Box Factory—125 Bleury street, Montreal.
F. R. HAVERGAL
Memorials—Paper, 20c; cloth 40
Poems (complete edition)—Cloth (plain) ... 25
gilt 50
Swan Letters and Alpine Poems (cloth) 75
The following Devotional Books are published in paper covers at 30c.; cloth, 50c. each.
Kept for the Master's Use.
My King.
Hours, Commandments.
Hester Ransom.
Loyal Responses.
Starlight Through the Shadows.
Morning Bells.
Little Pilgrim, for children.
Morning Stars,
Any of the Above Sent on Receipt of Price.
JAS. I. ANDERSON & Co
175 Dundas Street, South Side, and East of Richmond Street.
REMOVAL.
T. O. THORNHILL, WATCH and Clock maker, to 391 Talbot street, Middle Masonic. All kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry cleaned and repaired at the lowest possible rates. Mainsprings, glasses fitted and guaranteed. Mineral glasses and Clocks Chronometer and Lever Watches a specialty. Hlddv
Wm. Pugsley, 344 Ridout Street.
PATTERNS, MODELS, AND WOODWORK OF ALL KINDS. Hlddv
JOHN McMECHAN,
Boots & Shoes,
192
Dundas Street, London,
TWO DOORS EAST SAUNDERS' Hlddv-fn DRUG STORE.
St. Thomas Aug. 5, 1882.
MR. [illegible] Your Digestive Fluid and find it [illegible] that gives me relief. I think it will be well worth a permanent place in our [illegible] botels.
Yours truly,
W. RIDGLEY.
South Wroxeter.
W. Y. SHUNTON, ESQ. Please send me 2 bottles of your Digestive Fluid for my child, who has been troubled with worms. After the cure is made on my wife, who has dyspepsia and one of the 2 I think it will cure anything. Yours truly, JOHN FOSTER.
Brunton's Digestive Fluid can be had at all druggists.
MEDICAL.
DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES St. Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month, Crown-area straightened. Lhlddy
DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England. No. 19 Dundas st., London East. Hlddy Skin diseases a specialty. Hlddy
DRS. ECCLES & WISHART, corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington street, London. Specialties: Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs and Chronic Diseases. Hlddy
J. WISHART, M.D., Graduate of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of London, England, Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, Canada, and Member of the Medical Council of Ontario. Hlddy
DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 68 Talbot st., London.
DR. WILSON F.T.M.S.—OFFICE and residence, 324 Talbot st., near York. Hlddy
DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England. First brick house east of Adelaide street, on Queen's avenue, Skin diseases a specialty. Clmf
EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. J. RYMAL, L.R.C.P.S.E., lecturer on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Cabinet and curator, Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at the Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Hlddy

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8247

SOLD BY AUCTION JUNE 23rd, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.
SAVED FROM THE GREAT FIRE IN VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.
TO-DAY
Will be offered
SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY PIECES
NEW ALL WOOL
TWEEDS,
Intended for the Fall Trade, which were Saved from the Flames.
FULLY TWENTY PER CENT.
Below Manufacturers' Prices.
KINGSMILL'S GREAT SALE!
GET YOUR BOYS A NEW SUIT
Genuine All-wool Tweeds at 40c. per yard, at Kingsmill's.
RARE CHANCE
Every Merchant Tailor and every General Store-keeper in the West should see the prices Tweeds are selling for at Kingsmill's.
BRING ALONG YOUR MONEY.
See the all-wool Tweeds at 40c., 50c., 60c., 70c., 80c. per yd., at Kingsmill's.
We devote twelve hundred feet of space in our large warehouse to the Great Tweed Sale during the month of August.
Kingsmill's
—THE—
Dry Goods House of the West, London, Ont.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

British Troops and Gunboats Occupying the Suez Canal

Port Said, Ismalia, Kantara and Nefich Also Held.

Natives Disarmed and Offer no Resistance.

A Reconnoissance in Force Along the Mamoudieh Canal.

Further Details of Saturday's Skirmish.

The Egyptians Believed to Have Lost Heavily.

The Bombardment of Aboukir Abandoned for the Present.

Heavy Firing Heard in the Vicinity of Ramleh.

Gen. Wolseley's Intentions Not Definitely Known—Dufferin Rejects Turkey's Proposals for a Military Convention.

A TRAITOR ARRESTED.

Information from headquarters shows a prominent person has been discovered to be in constant communication with the rebels. He will be confined on an Egyptian man-of-war. It is reported the person is Hassan Pacha Chenel, Minister of Wafa.

Alexandria, Aug. 19.—The arrest of the person mentioned as having been in constant communication with the rebels was made this morning.

THE COMMANDERS.

Gens. Wolseley and Adye accompanied the transports in the despatch boat Salamis. Admiral Seymour will hoist his flag on the iron-clad Alexandria to-day.

AN AMERICAN CONSUL ATTACKED.

Berg, American Consul, was attacked yesterday morning in the streets by a fanatical native. Stone soldiers arrived and dispersed the crowd. The ringleader of the assaulting party was arrested. It appears natives had attempted to stop Berg as he was driving. He became annoyed and urged on his horse, inflicting injuries on some of the party.

A WARNING FROM ARABI.

New York, Aug. 19.—A United Press cable from Alexandria says it is reported Arabi has warned all Europeans in Cairo that he would not longer be responsible for their safety, as all the soldiers and police will be on duty in the city would be required for active service at the front. This is thought to portend a speedy engagement with the British.

TO BE ATTACKED.

Alexandria, August 20.—It is rumored that Arabi's entrenchments will be attacked on Monday morning, at six o'clock.

OCCUPATION OF PORT SAID AND ISMAILIA.

London, August 20.—It is announced that Port Said will be occupied at three this afternoon by the English forces. At 2 20 this afternoon earthworks had been thrown up between the European and Arab quarters of the town. There are seventeen transports and five men-of-war at Port Said. Sir Garnet and Wolseley are both there. This morning Ismailia was also occupied by the British, and the rebel troops driven from Nefich. The British have possession of the telegraph line from Port Said to Suez. Sailors are landing and disarming the Arabs, who offer no resistance.

Port Said, Aug. 20.—The occupying force numbers six hundred.

Two hundred and fifty-two Egyptian soldiers were disarmed without resistance. The Governorate of the Khedive has reinstated the commanders of the Egyptian troops, prisoners in the offices of the Canal Company. Their telegraph office is occupied by the British. The canal has been closed to merchant vessels, and dredges in it have been seized.

BOMBARDMENT.

The bombardment of the Ghemileh fortifications will probably take place to-day.

FRENCH INTERESTS.

The French despatch boat Aspic left yesterday to take the place of the corvette Forfait, at Suez. The Forfait has gone to Massowah to protect French subjects there.

THE CANAL.

The gunboats Dee and Dee entered the Canal. It is said Admiral Hewett has stopped canal traffic.

The British men-of-war Tourmaline and Cleopatra passed the Canal this morning with the gunboat Dee and cleared for action.

SENT TO THE FRONT.

Alexandria, Aug. 20.—Troops landed from the transports which arrived to-day, were immediately sent to the front.

A RECONNOISSANCE.

There was a reconnoissance in force at 4 o'clock this afternoon, along the Mahmoudieh Canal, by the Thirty-Eighth, Forty-Ninth, Seventy-Fifth, and Seventy-Ninth regiments. The enemy kept within their entrenchments, firing shells at the British advance, but there were no casualties.

A RUSE, OR WHAT?

It is stated the intention to bombard Aboukir, officially announced on Friday, was either a ruse or was abandoned at the last moment. The fleet and transports went to Aboukir on Saturday afternoon, but at 10.30 o'clock last night quietly steamed westward, leaving the Achilles and two other vessels in Aboukir Bay. These are still anchored in the Bay, south of Nelson Island, from which point they control the railway to Rosetta, but the coast from Aboukir to Rosetta shows no sign of any landing having been made.

THE WHITE FLAG.

The white flag is still flying on the Aboukir forts.

SATURDAY'S SKIRMISH.

In the skirmish yesterday the Egyptians fired Shrapnel shells indiscriminately at the outpost, the Forty-sixth Infantry occupying temporarily entrenchments. The Egyptian infantry then advanced within 600 yards, coming from Kafr-el-Dewar. Some cavalry also appeared from the direction of Aboukir. The Egyptian lines were most irregular, some men being apparently unarmed. The cavalry were not confined from the reinforcements of their horses. About five o'clock the British ironclad train sent a car with a forty-pounder, detached and sent forty yards in advance of the engine; fired two shells upon the Egyptians, who endeavored to execute a flanking movement. The forty-pounder, after this movement was frustrated, fired towards Kafr-el-Dewar. The Egyptians replied with shell, which burst between the train and the engine. The train then retired, firing. During the retreat another shell exploded near the train between the rails. The train finally retired without damage. The British infantry meanwhile fired from the entrenchments, causing great loss. That of the Egyptian cavalry is estimated at 200. Fighting ceased at sunset.

ANOTHER ARABIAN.

Another Egyptian policeman was recognized to-day as one of the assassins of the 11th of June.

ALL QUIET AT CAIRO.

Cairo advices report all quiet there to the 16th.

DE LESSEPS AND THE CANAL.

Ismailia, Aug. 20.—De Lesseps writes Admiral Hewett:—"It is said the British troops fill land on the banks of the Suez Canal. I appeal to your honor as a British Admiral to vessels to which, according to the by-laws of the company, we cannot refuse plant, be not employed for the purpose, in violation of the neutrality of the canal, which has been secured by the Sultan's firman and recent declaration of the maritime powers." Delaunage, in another letter, says:—"The British Admiral informed the chief transit agent of the Canal Company, that in consequence of his instructions from the British Government, he will prohibit the entry into the canal, until further orders, of all vessels—even the Canal Company's—and in case of need will resort to force to prevent such entrance. The Admiral further placed an armed vessel at the entrance to the canal. I protest against this act of violence and spoliation."

IN THE DARK.

Alexandria, Aug. 20.—It appears even the Generals commanding brigades are not informed of the intended movement on Port Said. Hamley ordered to support the bombardment of the Aboukir forts by a flank attack from Ramleh, was unaware of the real plans until he opened this morning the sealed orders received.

MORE POWDER.

A reconnoissance made by the armed train of the Darrous drew fire from the Egyptian 15-centimetre Krupp gun, but the aim was bad. British forty-pounders on the armed train replied and silenced the enemy.

STRENGTHENING THE FORTIFICATIONS.

The fortifications at Ramleh are being strengthened by Arab laborers.

THE INTERESTED SPECTATOR.

Alexandria, August 20.—The Khedive watched the skirmish yesterday with a field glass from the top of a hill within range of Arabi's guns.

REBEL MARKSMANSHIP.

The reconnoissance proves the excellence of Arabi's earthworks and the accuracy of Arabi's artillery, which is nearly equal to that of the English. His musketry practice is wretched.

ANOTHER PLEVNA.

It is reported Arabi is making the whole population work at the earthworks, and declares Kafr-el-Dwar will be another Plevna.

ARABI'S POSITION.

New York, August 20.—The *Tribune's* London special says:—Arabi's position is immensely strong, and must be turned.

WOLSELEY'S HASTE.

Military men, not without fear, think Wolseley is acting in too great haste to double up Arabi before the Indian troops can co-operate. It may be a politic necessity. A successful blow may prevent Turkish intervention at present. If Wolseley's first strokes fails it will only consolidate the rebellion, and provoke a great Mahommedan rising. His unexpectedly early action is perhaps caused by the danger of the rising of Hicks, which he would jeopardize a turning movement from Aboukir or Rosetta.

ADMIRAL HOSKINS' REPORT.

London, Aug. 20—Admiral Hoskins, commanding, reports:—Port Said, Aug. 20, 7 a. m.—Bombarded Ghemileh forts yesterday for an advance. Commander Edwards, with the boats of the squadron, during the night destroyed the earthworks, obstructions of the dredges, barges, etc. He also cannonaded Kantara before daylight. Capt. Pelly-Sold occupied Port Said. Captain Pitzroy, of the Invincible, held Ismailia. Pitzroy shelled the enemy out of Nefich. Commander Kane was slightly wounded. Telegraphic communication with Kantara and Ismailia has been restored.

Three hundred and forty fourteen on board the gunboats are ready to reinforce Pitzroy. One ship is ashore in the canal, but vessels can pass. Ships with Seymour and Wolseley on board are in sight. From this it would appear that operations was effected by naval forces before the arrival of the transports.

A later telegram from Port Said says the troopship Simple and some gunboats entered the canal with troops.

THE FORTE'S PROPOSALS

Constantinople, Aug. 20—It is stated that Dufferin Convention, drawn in Arabi Sold Pasha and Assym Pasha, declared he were unable to accept the Turkish proposals for a military convention, even in their modified form. Said and Assym are understood to be favorable in favor of an understanding with England.

ATTITUDE OF THE CANAL COMPANY.

Paris, Aug. 20—At a meeting of the Suez Canal Company to-day the directors were passed declaring it the duty of the company to uphold the claims already made in favor of the neutrality of the canal, and oppose all warlike measures taken by England seeking to her command channels as supporter of the Khedive. The resolutions state the Company's connection cannot be disturbed even by the Sultan, and that the Company reserves to itself the right to claim from England eventually.

MORE FIRING.

Alexandria, Aug. 20, 7 p. m. — Heavy firing is now going on at Ismailia. Valley firing is distinctly heard here.

SUNSTROKE.

There have been numerous cases of sunstroke among the troops recently.

THE SECRET OUT.

Alexandria, Aug. 20.—The secret of the destination of the first division of troops already was well kept until Sunday. The general opinion that Aboukir will be reinforced is now an open secret. The war vessels have all gone to Port Said. The Second Battalion of the Highland Light Infantry and the First Battalion of the Irish Fusiliers have already proceeded to Ramleh to join Alison's division.

AT PORT SAID.

Port Said, Aug. 20, 3 p. m.—The ironclads Inflexible, Temeraire, Segundo, Monarch, Penelope, two gunboats and twelve troopships are still lying in the harbor. Marines and sailors occupy the town. The fleet is about to enter the canal.

London, August 21.—The *News* has the following from Port Said:—Egyptian soldiers are doing duty with the police in the town, which is perfectly quiet. The Khedive's Governor addressed the Egyptian troops, telling them that those who were for the Khedive could remain, but those who were for Arabi had better go and join him. Two officers, well-known partisans of Arabi, have been arrested and sent on board a vessel of the fleet, which is lying off here. The commander of the Egyptian troops, a Ismailia of the worst class, who has been acting as Vice-Governor, escaped to Port Said with about 120 soldiers. Arabi's Governor left for Ismailia three days ago.

PROPOSED SURRENDER.

Alexandria, Aug 20.—Within the last few days one of Arabi's officers visited Fort Mida and proposed to surrender with a large body of men. He promised to return on Monday and make known the decision of his men, whether or not they would accept the terms offered. It is believed this proposition of the officer was only a ruse.

EUROPEAN AID.

Some English officers thought they noticed European directing the enemy during the skirmish yesterday. The distance between our outposts and the enemy's entrenchments is about 2,000 yards.

WEAKENED.

Alexandria, Aug. 20. — A reconnoissance made this afternoon seems to show that the enemy's artillery and infantry have been weakened since yesterday, but their big guns are still in position.

AT BOTH ENDS

Port Said, Aug. 20.—It is stated entry into the Suez Canal is forbidden by the English at both ends of the canal.

SAILING OF A TROOPSHIP.

Portsmouth, Aug. 19.—The troopship Malabar, with twenty-six officers and 1,063 men, drafts for various regiments in Egypt, sailed to-day. There was great enthusiasm on the vessel's departure. The Queen will inspect the ship from her yacht as it passes through the Solent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

It is discovered that Arabi has deep cuttings well in advance of his entrenchments.

A person of position in Alexandria, supposed to be French, has been arrested on a charge of communicating with Arabi. He was sent on board a gunboat.

It is officially stated that the destination of the fleet is Ismailia.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS

Rescue of the Crew of the Wrecked Steamer Eira.

The Severity of Dwyer Gray's Sentence Generally Condemned.

Dead.

London, August 20.—Sir Woodbine Parish, diplomatist and scientist, is dead.

Gladstone's Strength.

London, Aug. 20.—Gladstone's Government is considered stronger now than in the spring.

Gray's Sentence.

London, Aug. 20.—General opinion condemns the severity of Gray's sentence. The English press which first supported now condemns Justice Lawson.

Repetting the Invaders.

Liverpool, Aug. 19.—A laborer on the steamer Wisconsin, from New York, found five Colorado beetles. The Privy Council ordered them to be killed and sent by London.

A Reptile Probable.

Dublin, Aug. 20.—It is thought Hynes, who was convicted by the jury charged by the *Freeman's Journal*, Gray's paper, with being drunk the night before the verdict was rendered, will be required.

A Retaliatory Suggestion.

Madrid, Aug. 19.—Because of the refusal of England to make concessions in regard to wine duties the newspapers urge the Government to exclude England from the benefits of the most favored nation clause.

An Experimental Boat.

London, Aug. 19.—There has arrived off Cuffy a small experimental, collapsible boat, constructed of cork and canvas. It contains a crew of five persons. The boat was put overboard from a steamer 400 miles west of Scilly.

Rescue of the Eira's Crew.

London, August 20.—The steamer Hope, commanded by Sir Allen Young, which left here in June last in search of the crew of the steamer Eira, has arrived at Queenstown in charge with the entire crew of that vessel. The Hope picked them up in Matotskin Straits, Nova Zembla, on 2d August, they having lost their ship off Franz Josef Land and journeyed in boats to the straits through the ice. Leigh Smith, commander of the Eira Expedition, gives the following account of the expedition:—On July 13, 1881, we steamed through packice, and two days later sighted Franz Josef Land. We proceeded towards Cape Ludlow, which was close to a peak to the northward. On Aug. 31, 1881, we were up to Nightingale Sound and thence to Eira harbor, and enacted the storehouse. On the 16th we started east to look for the Jeannette, but were unable to pass Barentshaok. On August 21st the Eira got blocked between Ireland Ice and a pack of ice, a mile east of Cape Flora, and sank before we were able to save many stores. We built a hut on Cape Flora, of turf and stones, and covered it with sails. We wintered there, and during the whole time no signs of scurvy appeared. Twenty-nine walrus and thirty-two bears were killed and eaten. We left Cape Flora on June 4, 1882, in four boats; sailed 80 miles without seeing any ice; reached New Cumitty, Aug. 2nd. We were the Eira was slipped the leak gained so rapidly that two men were ready to relieve it was necessary to abandon the ship. Hardly had the last man left the vessel when the ice closed and the Eira rapidly sank. A tent was first erected on the ice, and a house subsequently built. All the boats of the Eira were saved. Most of the men saved some clothes and bedding. Four officers and eighteen men slept in a tent, from which they were at times almost driven out by rain.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Arrears Question.

Washington, August 20.—It is learned the British Government is considering the question of freeing O'Mahoney and Brophy, the two Irish American suspects now in prison.

Yellow Fever.

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 19.—Thirty new cases and three deaths. Two hundred cases of fever under treatment. In Matamoras, eleven deaths from fever last 24 hours; few new cases.

Loss of a British Vessel.

Key West, Fla., Aug. 19.—It is reported that the Blenheim, supposed to be an English steamer, from Nechza, for Belize, was lost on the Blenheim. Seven passengers were saved.

A Fatal Duel.

Decatur, Ala., Aug. 19.—William Barnett and James Atkinson, on their way to a political meeting, quarrelled and agreed to settle the matter by a duel with knives. They met and attacked each other until both fell exhausted. Barnett died and Atkinson cannot recover.

Railway Collision.

Chicago, August 19.—A collision between two freight trains on the Illinois Central occurred near here yesterday morning. Engineer and brakeman Foreman was killed, and Lowe Hobbs was fatally wounded by a policeman, who surrendered to the sheriff.

Disaster to a Circus.

Cairo, Ill., Aug. 20.—Cooper Circus left here this morning on a train divided in two sections. When between Tunnell Hill and New Burnside the angles of the second section ran into a passenger coach in rear of the first train, completely demolishing the coach, killing three drivers and wounding twenty-five or thirty others.

A Woman Burned to a Crisp.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—About 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the Walton House, 32 East Washington, a not too respectable locality, and from room 45, where the smoke was the thickest, the squalling screams of a woman were heard. The fire-man broke into the room and extinguished the flames, and found Mrs. F. Flynn lying on a bed burned out of semblance to a human form and barely alive. She appeared to have upset the kerosene lamp in an insane fit of drunken frenzy. She lived but a few minutes hospital to die. Her flesh was crushed and burned to a crisp.

SHIPPING.

New York, Aug. 19.—Arrived, Cambria, from Hamburg.

Hamburg, Aug 19.—Arrived, Bohemia.

New York, Aug. 19.—Arrived, Ohy of Berlin, from Liverpool.

New York, Aug. 20.—Arrived, Rotterdam, from Rotterdam.

Havre, Aug. 20.—Arrived, Amerique.

Queenstown, Aug. 20.—Arrived. City of London.

New York, Aug. 20.—Arrived, Servia, from Liverpool.

Father Point, Aug. 20—Arrived, SS. Brooklyn, from Liverpool, inward, at 7.30 a. m., with 60 cabin and 320 steerage; SS. Quebec, inward, at 11:10; SS. Mahone Abbey, inward, at 7:45.

New York, Aug. 20.—Arrived, Main, from Bremen.

FIRE FLASHES.

Quebec, August 19.—A fire in St. Roch's originated, shortly after midnight, in Aragon street, in the matting cane manufactory of Councillor F. W. Rey. The cause is unknown. Despite the exertions of the brigade, the flames quickly spread all before them, destroying the stock of timber, and Mr. Rey's soap and candle factory, containing expensive machinery and stock. The factory of Mr. Richards, manufacturer of leather tips, picking canes, &c., was also destroyed, as well as the residences of Messrs. Chevrel, roofer; Dudet & Cote, shoemakers. The amount of damage will exceed $60,000. Rey, who is City Councillor, loses $20,000; insurance only $7,000.

CANADIAN NEWS.

A Steamer Sunk.

Montreal, Aug. 19.—The steamer Lake Ontario, loaded with iron, sunk in Beauharnois Canal.

Drowned while Boating.

Smith's Falls, Ont., Aug. 19.—At one o'clock to-day Jas. Hill, aged 11 years, son of Robt. Hill, of his place, was drowned, the boat capsizing. The body was recovered about twenty minutes after the accident.

The Gemmell Will Case.

Halifax, Aug. 19.—The trial at Sydney, C. B., of McLellan, Johnson and Gordon, charged with forging the signature to the second Gemmell will, was concluded this evening. A verdict of not guilty was given by the jury.

Determined Attempt at Suicide.

Hamilton, August 20.—An old man named Charly Hughson attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat at Sallock's Corners last night. He had been drinking heavily. He cut his throat eight times, but still lives.

The Scott Act Scrutiny to St. John, N.B. —Counted Out.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 20.—It appears that after the announcement of the votes at the Scott Act scrutiny by Judge Walters on Saturday morning, it was discovered that a clerical error had occurred, which, when corrected, gives two votes against the Act, the votes as corrected standing 1,074 for, and 1,076 against. An appeal to the Governor-in-Council is not added

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The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO
Monday, August 21, 1882.

THE P. M. GENERALSHIP.

A certain Toronto paper reposted in a late issue a rumor as to the resignation of Hon. Mr. Carling, as Postmaster-General, upon which the Opposition organ in this city takes leave to comment as though the rumor was actually true. Several weeks ago the same rumor was started from the same source, when it was promptly denied in the FREE PRESS upon the best authority. Hon. Mr. Carling had not then resigned, nor has he resigned since. There is in fact no truth in the statement made by the *World* and accepted by the London organ of the Opposition on that point. Had it been true, the fact would have been made known to all with the least possible delay. That it has not been made known officially may be taken as conclusive that the rumor of Mr. Carling's resignation is unsupported. These things are not usually done in a corner.

A JINGO IN SPITE OF HIMSELF

It is currently understood, at the time we write, that Turkey has decided not to refer a military convention with England, nor to send troops to Egypt, and not to declare Arabi Pasha a rebel. It is also reported that Russia, notwithstanding recent official assurances of neutrality, has come to a good understanding with the Porte, is sending friendly commanding large bodies of troops in the Caucasus, and threatens to occupy Asia Minor, as an offset to the British occupation of Egypt. Thus, Mr. Gladstone finds himself in hard luck on every side, and everywhere by difficulties which compel him to compromise with his previous utterances or permit the Empire to degenerate, as he did in his previous term of office, into the condition of a third-class power. That, the British nation will not submit to the use of force of circumstances, if not his inclinations, compel the Premier to be a Jingo. The chief opponent now looming up is Russia, the power where he specially chastised five years ago to the extent of alienating the respect of a large portion of his fellow-countrymen, who prefer the Moslem to the Muscovite. Mr. Gladstone met only Zionist himself to the utmost to prevent the Government of Keri Beaconsfield obstructing Russia in its great act of consuming Turkey, but he was equally hostile to the invasion of Afghanistan, which was an intelligent move against Russia, and the very first thing he did after becoming Premier was to stop the war, and recall all the British troops in Afghan, and leave those savage mountaineers to their own devices and Russian intrigues, to which they would naturally be more open after England had hauled off, after fighting them as rebels, than they had ever been before. In return for these signal favors, it might be thought that Russia would remain in some semblance of accord with the Gladstone policy. But as M. de Freycinet puts it in our Saturday's dispatches, Russia is little loth to put now-a-days in international friendships, and this is the whole the policy of egotism is but her nations. That, at all events, is apparent by what Russia is determined to act upon. She English statesman who was in favor of allowing Russia to drive the Turks out of Europe, "bag and baggage," and of leaving Afghanistan open to Russian encroachment, now probably finds Russia the main obstacle to the subjugation of the Egyptian outlaw. Truly it is a hard position to occupy. The Premiership of Great Britain to-day is not the bed of roses that many think for, but it must be fearfully galling to have to grapple with stupendous difficulties, and at the same time to swallow all his previous harsh criticisms of Keri Beaconsfield, in the effort to do it successfully. Let hope he will be able to extricate from the conflict with the motto "Peace pull Honor."

THE VACANT SEATS.

It is of course nothing new for Mr. Mowat to delay issuing the writs for new elections, thus keeping numbers of constituencies disfranchised for months, longer than they legally ought to be. He too often does the same thing before. And who does not remember the scandalous case whereby a present member of the Mowat Cabinet held office for eleven months together without a seat in the House or the prospect of getting one? When Mowat's theory of constitutional government is so free and easy as to allow the Provincial ministry to be administered for nearly a year by one who, although Cabinet Minister, could not qualify of a constituency willing to give him its suffrages, how can there be any surprise that he now delays issuing the writs for the eight vacant places? Mowat hates nothing more cordially than to go before the people at any time. He feels a constant dread of their lack of confidence. His idea of government is palpably drawn from the Orient. He would like to see the public affairs carried on by the Pasha system, with himself as Grand Turk. Instead of a member of the Legislature elected by the people, he would have a personal nominee of his own, responsible to him alone, and obedient to his arbitrary directions. That is why Mowat hates to go before the country. On every occasion he delays it as long as he can. In the case of the Minister who enjoyed an important portfolio for ten or eleven months without a seat in the House, when never made the least attempt to procure a seat for his protege until the storm of complaint became irresistible, and the scandal too ominous to be borne any longer. And in the present case, with regard to the eight vacant constituencies, he will try to stave off the day of wrath as long as possible, until the inevitable must be met. In this particular his policy resembles that of the Inexpressible Turk, which is the embodiment of shilly-shally, procrastination and duplicity. Mowat will never reach the height of political fidelity until he becomes a full satrapt.

The Land Corporation of Ireland (limited) is a company formed for the purpose of advancing to landlords desirous of cultivating their moist, waste and derelict farms, sufficient funds to enable them to do so; and also for the purpose of leasing such farms in cases where the landlord is unwilling or unable to farm them. The capital is £1,000,000 in 140,000 shares of £5 each, and 2 500 £100 shares. Among the trustees are Lord Lansdowne and Mr Samuel Morley, M.P., and Lord Ross. Lord Aethlam (Sir Arthur Guinness). Col. King Harman and Mr. W. T. Donnelly are directors.

AN ENEMY OF THE N. P.

An Eastern contemporary, the Whitby *Chronicle*, attempts to defend and deface Mr. Mowat's actual position, but in so doing gives one of the strongest reasons why that position is open to assault. It says:—

"One of the means to be used for the purpose publicly in the charge that Mr. Mowat's intervention in the late Federal elections declares him a dangerous enemy of the "National Policy." This plea of the politicians ignores the issues of 1878-9, in which, after giving Sir John Macdonald on the National Policy an overwhelming majority, the electors of this Province drew a proper and broad distinction between things Federal and things Local by giving a similar majority to Mr. Mowat's Government."

Our contemporary goes on to justify the Little Premier for interfering in the late Dominion election on the ground that he found it expedient to resist what he conceived to be Federal encroachment. Referring to Mowat's championship of the infamous Streams Bill and the unfinished Boundary Case, the *Chronicle* remarks:—

"In his sworn duty, Mr. Mowat was bound as the responsible head of the political power of Ontario to do that duty in the only way open to him, by attempting to compass the rights and interests of Ontario through the defeat of his enemy at Ottawa."

Very well, then; what was the result of that attempt? It was a disastrous defeat. Mowat staked his political position against that of the Dominion power in these matters, and he was hopelessly borne down in the struggle. The people pronounced upon those vexatious disputes unmistakably. They said Sir John Macdonald was right, not only in respect of the N. P., but of the Boundary Question and Streams Bill as well, and that Mr. Mowat was in the wrong. If it is admitted by the Grit party that Mowat did well to fight the Dominion power, on behalf of the Province, in respect of the Boundary, they must also concede that the Dominion power has the same right to make all legitimate warfare upon the Local power which assailed the N. P. Mr. Mowat and his colleagues went from school-house to school-house declaiming against the National Policy, and denouncing the Tilley tariff as strongly as did Mr. Mackenzie when he described it as "a national crime and a national disgrace." And at the opening of the last session a deal set was again made against it in the debate on the Address. Every possible argument was brought forward at the hands of Mowat and his colleagues, and a resolution of the House pointed against that measure would have been hailed by the Grit party as a powerful weapon against the Dominion Government. Mowat distinctly avowed himself as "an enemy" of the N. P., and therefore on the same grounds as he seeks to justify active hostility against Dominion powers they would justify an assault upon him. They are in duty bound to combat all the elements that may be in conspiracy against the success of the National Policy, in the interest of Canada at large, since that measure has the hearty support of the public generally throughout the Dominion. All the influences at work against it must be subdued. Our contemporary says truly that in the election of 1879 the election cry was general and broad discussion between things Federal and things local. They had not then the same occasion to regard Mowat as "an enemy." They had a right to suppose that he would mind his own Provincial business, and leave the National Policy alone. They never dreamed he would take advantage of their confidence so far as to intrigue and fraudulent against the Dominion measure which they had so lately endorsed. They did not credit him with such base treachery. But no sooner was Mowat safely back to power than he lost sight of "the broad distinction between things Federal and things local," and began an onslaught upon the great Dominion measure of the tariff, using his best forces in and out of season to set it at naught. What is to be done with a little Premier who acts in this treacherous manner? Plainly he must be treated by all who endorse the N. P. as "an enemy," and put down accordingly. He has had ample time to recognize the proper and broad distinction" between Dominion and local affairs, but he has neglected to profit by it. And the probabilities are that if returned again he would prove a still more intolerable and dangerous assailant of the National Policy than he has yet been. Therefore, treating him as a meddler in things which do not belong to his jurisdiction, as an obtruder of his disputes into Dominion politics, as a pestilent and dangerous disturber of the family of Provinces, and as "an enemy" of the N P., let Mowat be asked to step down and out.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Ottawa *Herald*:—"Capt. Kirwan has written an able letter to the *Globe* complaining of the journal's recent onslaught upon the Irish people and priesthood. The London FREE PRESS deals with the same subject."

The staple crops are turning out all right, as everybody, save a few chronic grumblers, expected they would. In face of this fact, the frequent use of the words "failure," as applied to the farm operations in the Ontario Government reports, is a matter of annoyance. Why should the country be "written down" in that manner?

Essex *Review*:—There has been a great deal of new kicked up by the Grit newspapers over the alleged outrage on Mr. Mills in Bothwell, and the unfortunate Returning Officer has had an enormous quantity of abuse showered on him therefore. Yet, strange to say, Mr. Mills has not yet said one protest against Mr. Hawkins' return. Can it be that the philosopher is afraid to face the ordeal?

The Essex *Review* says that "Mr. Blake's treatment of Mr. Mackenzie has been very shabby all through. During the election campaign Mr. Blake had time to help many of his supporters, but although Mr. Mackenzie was at times so ill that he was not expected to live, the new leader had not the grace to give the old leader the benefit of a single meeting. Mr. Blake is very rich, but he is very mean. He is a also here to worship."

Toronto *Telegram*:—Something ought to be done to put a stop to the reflections being cast upon the Reform party in regard to certain liabilities for which the ex-leader appears to have been made responsible. It does not look well for the party to be washing its dirty linen in public, but, as doubt, it is better that it should be washed in public than not washed at all. The party should not only relieve Mr. Mackenzie from whatever liabilities he may have had to incur while he was its leader, but it should present him with a testimonial at once, suitable and substantial.

Prof. Rockyer is of the opinion that there are many facts suggested by the spectra of solar and stellar physics which seem to show that the elements themselves, or, at all events, some of them, are compound bodies. Then, it would appear that the hotter a star the more simple is its spectrum; for the brightest, and therefore probably the hottest stars, such as Sirius, furnish spectra showing only very thick hydrogen lines, and a few very thin metallic lines, characteristic of elements of low atomic weight. On the other hand, the cooler stars, such as our sun, are shown by their spectra to contain a much larger number of metallic elements than stars such as Sirius, but no non-metallic elements; and, again, the coolest stars furnish fluted band spectra, characteristic of compounds of metals with non-metallic elements, and of non-metallic elements. These facts appear to meet with a simple explanation, if it be supposed that, as the temperature increases, the compounds are first broken up into their constituent elements, and that these elements then undergo decomposition into elements of lower atomic weight.

English science has sustained a great loss in the death of Francis M. Balfour, who was killed by a fall down a precipice while ascending Mont Blanc. Mr. Balfour was only thirty years of age, but he was already a Fellow of the Royal Society, while a Professorship in Animal Morphology at Cambridge University had only recently been specially established for him. His work on comparative embryology was one of the most important physical, oal textbooks in the English language, and was known and admired both in France and Germany. Mr. Balfour was supposed to have a brilliant future before him; indeed, one of the leading teachers of science at Cambridge predicted some time ago that he would excel Huxley and approach, if not equal, Darwin. His loss is therefore no common one, especially since he was personally liked by all who knew him. He was a nephew of Lord Salisbury, and brother of A. J. Balfour, the young Tory member of Parliament, and ex-secretary of Lord Salisbury; while his sisters were married to two distinguished Cambridge men, Lord Rayleigh, Professor of Experimental Physics, and Henry Sedgwick, author of the "Methods of Ethics." The great and rising school of science at Cambridge could not have sustained a severer blow.

Sir Garnet Wolseley's proclamation announcing to the Egyptians that "the mosques shall be respected and all supplies paid for," shows that he, at least, understands how to treat the Eastern races. A similar line of policy won golden opinions for Gen. Roberts during the campaign of 1880 in Southern Afghanistan. Indeed fast as fierce is an Asiatic when under the spirit of a shrieking crowd of religious fanatics is not the place where any man can catch the breathings of a spirit with it is best to be long, and when to silence and smoothe one. Wolseley may be said for most of his doings, these are not less religious movements which end as usually as they begin."

London Times:—The stigma to be worn by Ocbewayo on special occasions is the undress uniform of a General—a black linen frock coat, braided and frogged scarlet, heavily fringed with gold and looped with a button, and a peaked cap with gold braid and tag buttons. The trousers are a similar material to the coat. The quantity of cloth required may be imagined when it is observed that the King measures 60 inches round the hips and 46 inches round the waist. It may also be said, in order to satisfy the curious ones, that Cetewayo's new boots are 12 inches in length, 4 inches across the sole, 3 inches across the heel, and 11½ inches across the instep. Cetshi was enclosed in an iron box on board the Natal Government R.M.S. Cetewayo, passenger to England."

It is claimed that, for the ordinary purposes of navigation while a ship is at full speed, Sir William Thomson's new apparatus for a deep-sea sounding has proved its peculiar superiority. In its construction glass tubes filled with air is hermetically sealed at the top, but open at the bottom, and prepared with red prussiate of potash. It is placed in a heavy weight, which takes the bottom, but allowed the free ingress and egress of water. From above, the tube may be partially filled with solution of iron, and when the tube comes in contact with the bottom the glass tube is broken by the pressure then. The pressure of the water compresses the air, forcing the solution of iron up the glass tube, according to the depth to which it descends. The glass tube, part of which retains its original color, is then measured on a scale, and thus the depth of the sounding is indicated.

The submarine vessel now being constructed at Bucharest, it is claimed, will accomplish what no other submarine craft has ever been found equal to. The plan contemplates a vessel capable of moving under the water for twelve hours without any renewal of air. Steam is the motor employed, and the speed reckoned upon is greater than that established by any vessel. Practically, the management consists in simply stoking the vessel by supplying the furnace, and returning to the surface involves more complex operations. An electric light, which is to be supplied, will be ascertained, render objects visible distinguishable. For renewal of air it is not necessary that the vessel rise to the surface in the manner considered to for this purpose a chamber an apparatus that can be emptied, and which by working a pump, forces air into suitable receivers.

A physician calls attention to the fact if tobacco smoke be instantly ejected from the mouth and throat before descending into the chest and be made to pass through a cambric handkerchief drawn tightly across the mouth, a permanent deep yellow stain, corresponding in size and shape to the opening between the lips, and having numerous spots of a darker hue pervading it, will be left on the handkerchief; but that the prolonged puff from the chest after inhalation from a cigar—fetle, under similar circumstances, to produce a stain so distinct as to be perceptible and speedily evanescent mark. Wash in the latter case destroys the evidence which else will. This physician thinks it remains to the lungs, and he therefore condemns the common manner of smoking cigarettes as dangerous.

London Spectator:—"After all, put it how you will you cannot be contrite, you cannot be grateful down beneath everything deeper while you are screaming at the top of your voice and waving flags or pocket handkerchiefs. You cannot be learning the secret of peace, the secret of surrendering for one's will to a higher will, while you are enjoying to the full the brightness, the pomp and folly of a mad excitement. As a great speech is not the place to learn what the kingdom within you means, so the middle of a shrieking crowd of religious fanatics is not the place where any soul can catch the breathings of a spirit with it is best to be long, and when to silence and smoothe one. Waterloo may be said for most of battles, these are not less religious movements which end as usually as they begin."

THE WAR IN THE EAST

Fighting Commenced on the Mamoudieh Canal.

The British Expedition Sails from Alexandria.

Prospects of an Understanding Between England and Turkey.

The Sultan Still Averse to Proclaiming Arabi a Rebel.

THE CONFERENCE TO MEET AGAIN TODAY.

THE EXPEDITION SAILS.

Alexandria, Aug. 19.—Six transports with troops and two gunboats left this port Friday night to take position outside the harbor, ready to start Saturday. At 11.15 the transports and fleet are steaming eastward. The ships have their topmasts lowered and yards secured, with everything cleared ready for action.

FIRING COMMENCED.

Alexandria, Aug. 19, 4.40 p. m.—Heavy firing in the direction of Aboukir has just begun.

A BATTLE IN PROGRESS.

Alexandria, Aug. 19, 6. p.m.—Fighting commenced this afternoon on the Mamoudieh Canal. The British are using heavy guns, which were brought to the neighborhood of the Hillahs Junction, yesterday. Firing still continues.

THE FIRING.

Alexandria, Aug. 19.—The firing heard in the direction of Aboukir this afternoon was the British twelve-ton guns along the Mahmoudieh Canal.

A RECONNOITRE.

Port Said, Aug. 19.—Just before sunset the gunboat Falcon went out apparently to reconnoitre Port Ghamel. Said to now anchored off the fort.

FRENCH GUNBOATS.

Two French gunboats entered the canal to-day said to be bound for Ismailia. It is also said some British troops will leave here to-night for Ismailia. H. M. S. Tourmaline is apparently detailed for duty at Ismailia.

THE MOVEMENT ON ABOUKIR.

London, August 19.—A despatch from Alexandria states that Gens. Willis and Graham and the Duke of Connaught have gone to Aboukir. Of the whole fleet of iron-clads, the Invincible and Inconstant alone remain. The Forty-ninth, Seventy-fifth and Seventy-ninth Regiments at Ramleh will probably support the movement at Aboukir by an advance on the left flank of the enemy.

PREPARING TO PUT TO SEA.

Alexandria, Aug. 19.—The Germara gunboat Habicht, Russian man-of-war Hercules, and several other foreign vessels are preparing to put to sea.

THE NEW MINISTRY.

Alexandria, Aug. 19.—The Khedive has decided to intrust Cherif Pasha with the Presidency of the new Ministry, but the Ministry will not be constituted until the arrival of Riza Pasha.

CHANGE OF BASE.

Malta, Aug. 19.—The German corvette Nymphe sailed from this port to-day for Beyrout.

LOOTING BY NATIVES.

Alexandria, Aug. 19.—Sir Wilfred Blunt's house was searched and looted to-night by a party of natives. Seven cases of revolvers and a quantity of ammunition were found in the building.

THE MYSTERIOUS EXPEDITION.

The Khedive and some friends watched with interest and excitement from the roof of Ras-el-Tin Palace the departure of the Alexandria and Ismailia expeditions yesterday. The former steamed out of the harbor in a very leisurely manner, and spread fire with a forty-pounder, signalling four shots into the enemy's quarters. It is believed that several soldiers were wounded during the afternoon.

THE SULTAN'S POSITION.

Constantinople, Aug. 19.—The Sultan is evidently determined to remain over to the issuance of a proclamation against Arabi Pasha and the occupation of the troops for military intervention. The unanimous parts are for the moment entirely in the background. The opening symptoms of the people here with Arabi Pasha is daily assuming the palace increased anxiety. Several arrests have already been made of persons suspected of complicity in support of Arabi. The unanimity religious and pressing has been prevalent in the mosques, notwithstanding that of St. Sophia, during the Ramazan, or annual Mohammedan Lent, which by now being observed.

AN UNDERSTANDING PROBABLE BETWEEN ENGLAND AND TURKEY.

Constantinople, Aug. 19.—A special Cabinet Council was held to-day, at which Assym Pasha was present. It is understood that the Porte is willing to modify the Turkish draft for a military convention by the addition of the following three clauses:—

1. An English general shall be attached to the Turkish army, to facilitate the interchange of communication between Turkey and the British.

2. The manœuvres of the English and Turkish forces shall be mutually decided on in such a manner as to avoid false issues of one with the other.

3. A date shall be fixed for the evacuation of Egypt by the English forces.

It is believed that England has consented to certain modifications in her draft for a Convention, and an understanding between the two Governments is therefore regarded probable. It is stated Said Pasha, Turkish Prime Minister, intends to re-assume the Conference shortly.

MUTUAL CONCESSIONS.

Constantinople, Aug. 19.—It is said Assym Pasha has proposed a draft for a convention embodying the mutual concessions of England and Turkey. The new version will be submitted to Lord Granville and Musurus Pasha to the Sultan for ratification. It is thought probable the conference will meet again Monday.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

The Italian representative has obtained the signatures of the Ambassadors to the protocol relating to the international police on the Suez Canal. Lord Dufferin, Ambassador to Italy, who was in London on a visit, returned his previous reservations as to the force of 4,000 men which provides for non-interference by international police with the military operations. The formation of naval officers of all the States concerned will meet at Port Said to superintend measures necessary for the protection of the canal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Aden, August 19.— The transports Armenia and Galatia, from Bombay, with troops for Egypt, passed here on the 17th inst., on the way to Suez.

Alexandria, August 19.—The transports Arab and British Prince, with troops, have arrived here.

(Continued on first page)

The Indian Government and Egypt.

Lord Hartington had to admit that the Indian Government is unanimous in refusing to sanction the burdening of India with the cost of the expedition from that country to Egypt. It is yet more difficult to see, therefore, how her Majesty's Government can in conscience persist in the resolution to make India contribute to the expenses of the war. How hotly they were opposed to all such iniquities when Lord Beaconsfield contemplated them, we all know. "It is quite impossible," said Mr. Gladstone, "to work out this strange outlandish project of employing the Indian army in common stock with our own, and yet to maintain the present distribution of charge between England and India. It would be a degradation and a swindle—a swindle perpetrated by a guardian upon his ward, whose interest he is specially bound to protect." And now here is his own Viceroy, his own Indian Government *en bloc*, protesting against a precisely similar depredation, exactly the same swindle, proposed by himself! We thought Lord Beaconsfield wrong in this particular—we think Mr. Gladstone wrong; but if the last-named gentleman persists, how much more have we a right to blame him! Is Lord Beaconsfield's own there no hypocrisy at any rate.—*St James Gazette.*

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Saturday Night's Budget of General Cable News.

Probability of the Early Release of Dwyer Gray.

Arrests in Connection with the Joyce Family Murder.

A Letter from the Pope to the Irish Bishops.

The Recent Bomb Seizure at Trieste—Russian Intrigues in Roumania—Miscellaneous.

Suspects Released.

Cork, Aug. 19.—Thirteen suspects arrested under the Coercion Act have been released from Rockhillian Prison.

Word Received From Sheikh Obeidallah.

Constantinople, Aug. 19.—A telegram has been received from the Arab Sheikh Obeidallah, announcing his arrival in Kurdistan.

A Laborer on a Boycotted Farm Mutually Wounded.

London, Aug. 19.—Three men working on a boycotted farm near Foyle were fired at. One named Gaffney was mortally wounded.

Disturbances.

Castoro, Aug. 19.—Disturbances have broken out in the Maddaguth district of Kerkenis and Pera. The leader of the movement is a Montenegrin named Petrovic, formerly a captain of the Russian artillery.

Poisoned.

London, Aug. 19.—George J. Holyoke, author of numerous works on the latter, at of the workingmen classes, cooperation, etc., has sailed for New York. His visit to America has reference to matters connected with emigration.

Probability of Grey's Release.

Dublin, Aug. 19.—It is stated Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has received authority to act on his own discretion in the case of Grey. It is generally anticipated Grey will shortly be released.

Grey's Sentence.

Dublin, Aug. 19.—Lord Mayor Dawson, in a letter in which he inclosed £10 towards paying Grey's fine, says he is prepared to take all legal steps, as a member of the court which sentenced Grey, to enforce his writ of concurrence in the action.

The Irish Government Boycotted.

Dublin, Aug. 19.—George Otto Trevelyan, Chief Secretary for Ireland, arrived in Londonderry to-day, and the Irish Government were unable to find a boat to take them to Moville, by which they intended to cross the estuary at the dark hour when they contemplated their landing.

The Londonderry Fire.

London, Aug. 19.—A despatch from the village of Claudaboye, West Prussia, which was destroyed by fire on the 15th inst., states that only a school house and one farm house were saved. The cargo, which had just been harvested, was destroyed.

The "Stock Exchange."

Paris, Aug. 19.—In consequence of disclosures made by one of the defendants at the Monteneuf swindle, the police seized a number of documents which prove the existence of a secret society called the "Stock Exchange." The chief of the society escaped, but his deputy was arrested.

Russian Intrigues.

Vienna, Aug. 19.—The situation in Roumania is becoming very disquieting. The Russian intrigues are more than ever active and intrigues. Russian officers are frequently found on the Lower Danube in spite of the great cold, and the Russian Consuls are very meddlesome. Moldavia and the Dobrudscha are the chief headquarters of Russian intrigues.

A Threatened Carlist Invasion.

Paris, Aug. 19.—It is announced from Andaluia that the official appointed by the Bishop of Urgel in his capacity as joint protector of the republic, has been encouraging the Carlists to invade Spain without waiting for the republic. The authorities, who are also warned by France, are preparing to resist the invasion.

The Joyce Family Murder.

Dublin, Aug. 19.—One of the two boys wounded at the time the Joyce family were murdered has since died of his wounds. He was only 14 years old. The other boy, who is but 12, is in a very precarious condition. He stated on the examination, who were held, that a man called on the night the murder was over 30 years of age. A part of her body was devoured by dogs before her corpse was discovered. The scene in which the family lived presents a shocking spectacle. The walls of the cabin in which the family lived with bullet and buckshot holes, and it is wonderful how any escaped as if they had been better with a hammer. The murder was the most horrible that ever disgraced even Ireland. Four persons have been arrested on suspicion.

The Pope to the Irish Bishops.

Rome, August 19.—A letter from the Pope to the Irish Bishops, dated Aug. 31, is published here. His Holiness says: "My chief personal regret that inequality as regards rents restored in Ireland, was that measures to remedy the grievances of the Irish people, by following the advice of their pastors, may have for alleviation from the ills from which they suffer. A just cause must be upheld by just means. Secret societies and conspiracies must be condemned. In the words of St. Augustine, the first characteristic trait of liberty is the non-commission of crimes. The public enemy and fury of a mad excitement. As a great speech is not the place to learn what the kingdom within you means, so the middle of a shrieking crowd of religious fanatics is not the place where any soul can catch the breathings of a spirit with it is best to be long, and when to silence and smoothe one. Waterloo may be said for most of battles, these are not less religious movements which end as usually as they begin."

A DARING SAFE BURGLARY.

Five Masked Robbers in a Saratoga County, N. Y., Farm House

They Handcuff, Gag, and Bind the Inmates, Open the Safe, and Escape with Gilt-Edge Bonds and Mortgages, and Money.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Aug. 18.—At 9 o'clock last evening, as Alexander and John Gilchrist and their unmarried sister Margaret were in the sitting room of their residence in West Charlton, Saratoga County, the front door suddenly opened and five masked men pushed into the room with drawn revolvers. Two attacked Alexander, two John, and one Margaret. A terrific struggle ensued, in which Alexander grabbed a three-tined steel fork and used it so effectively that one then broke off in the body of one of the burglars. The burglars then attacked Alexander down with the butts of their revolvers, handcuffed, bound, and gagged him. John suffered a similar fate, and Margaret was handcuffed and gagged. After securing the family the robbers took the key from Alexander's mouth, and, with a pistol at his head, ordered him to disclose the hiding place of the key to the safe. Alexander refused to tell, whereupon he was again gagged, and, with John, was taken to the cellar and tied to a post. Margaret was left upstairs. The robbers then began to search for the key, which they found between two feather beds. The safe was soon rifled. It contained $800 in money and $150,000 in bonds and mortgages. The robbers left with the booty, and Margaret soon afterwards stepped the handcuffs over her wrists and liberated her brother, who broke the handcuffs from their wrists with an axe and hammer. The neighbors were at once aroused, and tracked the thieves to Hudson's Ferry, where all trace of them was lost.

The police in the neighboring cities were notified, and the Schenectady policemen this afternoon suppose they have a clue. An old man hired a carriage in a Schenectady livery stable yesterday afternoon, and with two companions started out on the Charlton Road. The carriage was found deserted in the streets of Schenectady at 11 o'clock last night. It is supposed that here other companions were prospecting during the day near Gilchrist's. The old man is being followed up. The Gilchrists are bachelors and live on a farm of 150 acres. They are said to be worth $200,000, and had paid three mortgages on a large number of farms. They did a large business in money lending, but rarely kept large sums of money in the house. Several payments had been made to them of late a day or two, which were not deposited in bank. The first named have been known to the robbers, and it is supposed that some one living in proximity to Charlton was engaged in the affair. Many of the neighborhood were given three months ago to leave their farms, and it is supposed the robbers were among the number. The farm they occupy now New York put up the job, and then the papers were destroyed in order to force the offer of a large reward for their return. It is said to-night that the Gilchrists will offer $10,000 reward for the capture of the robbers and the return of the papers. They are unable to give a complete list at present of the bonds and mortgages stolen, as many were in bills of large denominations and some in gold.

Caught in the Meshes.

From the Cobb Reporter.

Alley with his Lissom Commandment, Lesser Lights, Circulation Count Chetwynd Bull-fit, Crown Attorneys, Crown Prosecutors, Jailers, Road Inspectors, Timber Viewers, etc., Mr. Mowat has at last succeeded in placing Professor Brown, of the Agricultural College, and brother of the prominent, no doubt all tuition in that institution, are to be bossed upon the citizens of how to do the most good for the most and the present distressed Opposition party. A short time ago Professor Brown issued his report for 1882, and in that report gave the result of testing, so far as three different grades were concerned. The result of his experiment is given there—

"By thinning the roots closer, giving each of them an equal quantity of room and three grains undermentioned, the seed would be—

Poor	20 lb
Fair	22 lb
Oats	26 lb

Now, one of the principal objections to the tariff upon grains entertained by the *Globe* and Opposition party in the days upon corn, and as is seen above, Professor Brown gives great prominence to the benefits of thinning fodder corn, proves the extra value of the food, according to his report of 1881. This was "hailed" by the *Globe* and only a few days ago "jumped" on as solely based upon the report of Prof. Brown of 1882, thereby attacked. In the name of the unfortunate farmers of Oshawa, the duty rests upon me to say—

Prof. Unfortunately for the *Globe* Prof. Brown happened to experiment upon cattle in 1880-1 and published a report upon those years as he has done for 1882. This far-reaching eye of the Ontario Government, in scanning the horizon for levers with which to move the electorate, did not detect that those reports of 1880-1 were also "hailed" by the *Globe* and only a few days ago "jumped" on as solely based upon the reports

Notes, Cheques and Drafts,

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LITHOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING

DEPARTMENT.

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday, August 22, 1868.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

"You only think of his money," said Dopey, who had really fallen in love—for only about the fifteenth time, as the reader will recollect in the feeling—"I should care for him just as much if he were a pauper."

"Yes, you would not," said Mossy. "I daresay you think you would, and you wouldn't. There is a glamour about money which nobody in our circumstances can resist. A rich man becomes invisible who has never been toned up—who has always lived in the elegant people—there is a style about him that goes straight to one's heart. Don't you remember how he 'Pat'ar Williams' there are different orders of beings—a superior race—born so, bred so—always quiet and above the others? Mr. Rose belongs to that higher order. If he were poor and shabby he would have a poor and shabby he would have a nose and have a smoke with us."

"I could never have too much cool impudence," said Dopey.

"Well, I don't suppose you'll get much to-night. The Rector and my wife will talk about parish matters, and Lennard will sit and say he's one stewed. You may as well be sociable, for once-in-a-way, and come with us."

Such an invitation, given in heartiest honest, and kindness, could not possibly hardly be refused. So August went across the hall with the rest of the billiard players, to the fire of the drawing-room, where the bright there was upon enough for cards, and easy-chairs, two tables, books, flowers, and the elegant refinement and repose of the residence to the players.

"You, Hemlaigh?" said Bernard.

"No thanks; I'd rather sit and smoke and watch you."

"Why? Then Mossy and I will play Jack and one of the girls. Billiards is the only game at which one can afford to play for nothing—don't cheat, Mossy. Will you play? Dopey can mark."

"What a thorough good fellow he is," thought Dopey, as these arrangements were whilst left her comparatively free for flirtation with Mr. Rose, who had taken possession of Christabel's favorite seat in the low crimson-velvet chair—by the side of the fire, and had Ophelia and her basket, near him, loaded with her books, and work—those books which were all the fashionable literature of the day, and those work as indescribable link between them. What is more blissful than a flirtation carried on with the aid of mutual liking and delightful?

The room all lighted their cigarettes, and the game progressed with tolerably equal fortunes, Jack Vandeleur playing very much as he did everything else—with a touch of skill on the part of Mossy, whose worst of the miserable party on such occasions. Dopey's long experience was at striking at her dashing and self-assured method of playing billiards, which was not at all along the same peculiar to the game. Dopey conciliated between the marking-board and the fireplace—sometimes talking to Captain Rose, sometimes standing in a meditative attitude by the chimney piece, talking to August. All traces of tears were gone. Mossy's kindness had completely dispelled by an artful touch of Indian lie under the lashes, her eyebrows accentuated by the most delicate touches of Dopey's Mrs Hall with the true Governor Gallery style.

"Do you believe that peacocks' feathers are unlucky?" she asked, looking pensively at the fringe of green and many-eyed plume on her fan.

"I am not altogether free from superstition, but my dislike to the feathers arises from another reason. Why should the peacock be a bird of evil omen? I can believe anything of that wicked bird—its cruel voice, its gorgeous plumage, its insolent air—but surely he is innocent of our woe."

"I have heard the most terrible tales of the fellow the introduction of peacocks' feathers into a drawing-room, particularly in the morning, one can hardly live without it."

"Really! Do you know that I have found an occasional umbrella without so much as a bolt of down from that unmentionable bird?"

"Have you never longed for the plumage to give life and color to your room?—such a dreary monotony—I mean yourself, you know, have such artistic taste, can resist the fascination."

"I hope you have not found that pretty from the sense of many vows?" said Mr. Hemlaigh, smilingly, as the dancer posed herself in the early light of the fire, and gently waved the bright-hued plumage.

"I cannot say that I have been disappointed," said Dopey, with a sly downward glance, and a pretty and right hand of the fan, "but I am not sure that I have not been disappointed, perhaps, and at other times deeply wounded."

"Is not that the most delightful sensation to our poor human nature—dependent at best on our feathers?"

"Not to me. I used to be the most thoughtless, happy-go-lucky creature."

"Until when?"

"Till I came to Cornwall," with a faint sigh, and a meaning upward glance of a pair of blue eyes which would have been pretty, had they been only innocent of all meaning.

"Then I'm afraid this witchery of ours and mountain air does not agree with you. Too exciting for your nerves perhaps."

"I don't think it is dead," with a still fainter sigh.

"Then the air wouldn't suit me, I must be in bloom. Why don't you throw your fan into the fire?"

"Not for worlds," said Dopey.

"Why not?"

"First, because it cost a guinea," naively, "and then because it is considered with quite the happiest period of my life."

"You said just now you had been unhappy almost ever since you arrived in."

"Only by fits and starts. Too utterly happy at other times."

To be continued.

...Over a grave in Hampton Cemetery, London, has just been set up a beautiful stone, on which appears the following inscription:—"In memory of Hizabeth Jones, who died May 13, 1861, for 14 years the faithful servant and friend of Alexandra, Princess of Wales, by whom this memorial is erected. Life's race well run, life's work well done, life's crown won. Now rejoicing in the love of Jesus, who died to save us."

...Mr. Gladstone appears in a grey suit and a white hat. The gentlemen are so shrunken that they reveal his cotton socks above the knickers. He wears a cummerbund to his breeches and in front of it.

...A lady complains that there is too much rushing and crushing at Hastings pier, and that people are "push the pence whipped for ladies."

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest News from our own Special Correspondents.

BRANTFORD.

Aug. 18.—A man named Scott, lately from England, while working on the new Baptist Church yesterday, fell from a scaffold to the floor on the inside of the building, a distance of thirty feet. No bones were broken, but it is feared the man is injured internally.

Many of the city clergy are away for their holidays, Rev. Manly Benson is at Grimsby Camp, Revs. J. R. Tuttle, R. Cameron and J. W. Cotton are off in various directions seeking recreation, Rev. Dr. Cochrane has not yet returned from his church mission in British Columbia. There are a few pulpits here left in the city, however, and the people don't want much preaching during the hot season.

The farmers hereabout have their wheat mostly harvested, though it has been a very "unlucky" harvest.

Many of our citizens visit Grimsby camp meeting.

The new Tabernacle Baptist Church is progressing steadily, and will be ready for occupancy about November. It will be one of the finest, if not the finest, church in the city.

An addition is being made to D'on Presbyterian Church (Dr. Cochrane's) which will cost ten thousand dollars. The building is too small for the large congregation worshiping there.

INGERSOLL.

Aug. 19.—Dr. J. A. Williams left yesterday for Cairo, Ill., for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of the death of his brother, D. J. Williams. When last heard from he had started on a trip through the States, and his friends fear he died of yellow fever.

Mrs. J. M. Rowell, of Hamilton, is the guest of Mrs. F. J. Brown.

Miss Brady and Miss Glass Brady have gone to Chicago and the lakes for their summer holidays. They will be absent some weeks.

Mr. McNeil, of Toronto, one of the gentlemen of assessment in the Imperial Bank during the absence of Mr. Hodder, who is enjoying two weeks' holidays.

The ladies of Hamilton came all the way to Ingersoll for the purpose of having their dresses cut artistically made.

Our Councillors are displaying rare amount of check by having the sidewalks repaired on their own particular streets and the rest let go—as the Professor says.

The band concert on Friday evening was enjoyed by hundreds of our citizens.

MITCHELL.

August 19.—The fall exhibition of the Mitchell and surrounding townships agricultural society will be held on Thursday and Friday, 16th and 18th Sept. The directors have determined to have it early. Two weeks too soon to have a good show.

A large number of our citizens are engaged in the harvest field. The crop is turning out better than was expected.

The band concert on Friday evening was enjoyed by hundreds of our citizens.

COUPLING PINS.

Grand Trunk Accident and "Free Press" Prolongation.

The suit against the steamer City of Toronto for running on Sunday is coming on before the Recorder's Court to-day, was again postponed at Niagara on Saturday.

It is said to be probable that the Chicago and North-western will grant excursions to Chicago & Omaha Rate. Officers of the two companies are now in Chicago, and the addition of the Omaha line would give the North-western the longest system in the world.

It is rumored that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company has agreed to build a branch road from Milwaukee to Dundee, Ill., to Lake Geneva, provided the towns along the line would contribute the cost, Dundee's share being placed at $16,600.

A telegram from Fort Wayne says that the line between Buffalo and Chicago, will be open for business by October 1st. A plan has been perfected by which the presidents and shippers of the country are to become interested to the company's securities.

The Illinois Central is to build a depot in Chicago upon the site of the depot burned in the fire of 1871. It will cost over $600,000. The original depot built in 1853. It will be jointly occupied by the Illinois Central, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, and New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroads.

The successful swinging of the 225 foot drawbridge of the 2,000 foot viaduct across the Cuyahoga, Cleveland, yesterday practically completes the heavy construction of the new railroad line between Cleveland and Buffalo. Without doubt the road will be in condition to run a train from Buffalo to Chicago by the 1st of September.

At the annual meeting of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company, a most gratifying statement of the condition and prospects of the Company was made. The earnings and expenses for the year ending June 30th, after paying the fixed charges and 7 per cent dividends on stock, is $626,000. The Directors recommended that in future dividends on the stock be paid quarterly. The following gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:—Donald Stephen, Donald A. Smith, James J. Hill, R. B. Angus, R. B. Kennedy, D. Willis, James and E. B. Calahan.

Harmony in Human Life.

From the London Spectator.

Our surroundings should be harmonious with the mind. It is just necessary to amend the same notes to produce harmony. The word implies blending, but it aims at livelier impressions in the great teacher. Harmonies and ends are connected with each other, and are consistent with each other. Little by little there is a gradual approximation to harmony. The minds of listeners is tuned to harmony. The minds of listeners is tuned to harmony. The minds of listeners is tuned

J. [illegible]NGAN & CO.

ARRIVED,

SHIP FLAMENCO FROM BARCELONA

1256 PKS. WINE

which we will sell to the trade in bond or duty paid.

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

PATENT MEDICINES

Still Selling at Reduced Prices

—AT—

STRONG'S DRUG STORE

184 Dundas St., London.

Special attention given to dispensing Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Open on Sundays for dispensing.

Imported Wines and Brandies for medicinal use only.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday, August 21, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Monday, Aug. 21, 1882.

Sun rises.....4.50 a.m. | Moon rises...12.37 p.m.
Sun sets.....7.05 p.m. | Moon sets...10.50 p.m.

Day of the year—233rd.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	1st	3.15 p. m.
Last Quarter	9th	1.41 a. m.
New Moon	16th	3.42 p. m.
First Quarter	24th	10.49 p. m.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Aug. 21, 1 a. m.—The pressure is high all over Canada west of the upper lakes, and there is an area of depression advancing eastward over the North-west states. The weather is very fine throughout the country Lakes—Moderate to fresh south-easterly to southerly winds; fair, warmer weather with new showers to-night.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

In accordance with the usual practice on holidays, no Evening Edition of the FREE PRESS will appear to-day, copies of the Morning Edition being supplied instead.

BOISE COUNT.—Before Stoyte Peters, acting J. P., on Saturday, T. Pitz, Nathan Samuels, George Furman, John Bradley and John Wilson were charged with keeping a pay-pyramid at dog tar, and promised to pay tax bar forthwith. Martin Durkin, who was charged with a by-law, was also promised to remedy the fault, and the charge was withdrawn. Lewis Eyth was remanded, after the 20th on a charge of deserting employment.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.—An accident of a serious character occurred on Saturday on Richmond street grocer, at about noon Saturday. It seems that he is subject to fits, and while driving past Mill street, on Richmond, he was suddenly seized with spasms and fell forward, causing the horses to take fright and make tramp on him and the wheels of the vehicle passed over him, so that when he was picked up it was found that he had been very badly injured. He was taken into a neighboring house and Dr. Hanson summoned. At present Mr. Nelson lies in a critical condition and the extent of his injuries cannot be fully known.

A BAD PRACTICE.—The new steam yacht Formella is causing a great deal of annoyance to the officers of the river steamers Sarnia and Port Huron. Business steamers, crowded with passengers who are easily satisfied, do not go to public entertainments by racing, whether they come out ahead or not, and the fact that a steamer is racing, no matter what colors she carries, always causes much uneasiness in the persons of the boat, some of whom are already prejudiced against steamboat travel. It is now scarcely possible for a steamer which is bound for repair to pass along the St. Clair River without the Formella puffing along side and trying her speed with the steamer.

RAILED.—An application was made on Friday before Mr. Justice Osler, at Toronto, for the discharge from custody of the prisoner Sharp, who is to get at Whitby for obtaining money under false pretenses. The Asbestos corpse had previously been obtained to bring up the prisoner. The charge against him was that he appropriated to his own use a promissory note which he obtained from his principal for the alleged purpose of obtaining a renewal. On behalf of the prisoner it was argued that the evidence did not justify the charge. His Lordship seemed to lean to the latter view, and though he would not discharge him, he admitted Sharp to bail in the sum of $2,000, his own recognizance for $1,000 and two sureties for $500 each.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.—A daring attempt was made about 10 30 last evening to burglarize the store of Chris. Smith, on Dundas street west. The midnight marauder entered the front window by the means of operations, and attacked one of the lower lights, which are protected by a print canvas, but found it to be sufficiently strong room for the insertion of a man's arm. A large piece of the glass was broken out, and all the bottles and cigar boxes within reach carried off out as the boxes were empty, and the bottles filled with a harmless mixture the thieves were doomed to a sad disappointment. Probably they devised a drink, and adopted this questionable method of procuring it cheaply; but Mr. Smith, on being summoned by P. C. Eggleton, missed nothing of any value.

BASE BALL MATCH.—A game of base ball was played on Saturday, between the Maple Leafs and clay workers' clubs, of this city, on the Palace Grounds. The first-named club were the heavy for their opponents, and out-played them both at bat and in the field. Following is the score:—

MAPLE LEAFS.		CHAIR MAKERS.	
	R.		R.
D. McLeod	3	Scanlan	1
Malcolm	2	Keppler	0
Stevenson	2	Brown	0
T. Gemero	3	Lynch	0
Darville	3	Richardson	0
Scott	1	Donohue	0
J. Gemero	0	Robinson	0
J. McLeod	2	Dansbey	0
Summers	1	McCarthy	1
	16		3

UMPIRE—W. Coles.
Scorer—James Sutpugh.

LOCAL NOTICES.

There is a boom in the trunk and valise business at SCARROW'S.

Ladies in city will find a beautiful assortment of silver jewellery, at jewellery, and the best selected stock of colored gold and fancy jewellery in the west at Murray's. Novelties come silverware, two cases century just received. Prices low and goods guaranteed at this establishment.

LAWN MOWERS, best in the market, Garden shears and hedge pruners, swivel hoes, wringers, washing machines, mangles.—BROWN & MORRIS, Hardware, 318 Dundas street.

Rubber hose of best quality, nozzles, couplings, hose reels, lawn rakes, garden shears, T. HERBERT MANN, 167 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HERBERT MANN, 167 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received direct from Reuney & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 0? Dundas street.

A. J. BRUNET, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

Have you seen the new lemon squeezers, the latest and best pattern in the market. A large assortment of trays and waiters at T. HERBERT MANN, 167 Dundas street.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

Flat scarfs are still the favorites.
Light summer shades are in brisk demand in neck wear.
Fancy cambric handkerchiefs are booming.
Polka-dotted socks are strong favorites with young men of tone.
Fancy cambric shirts are strong favorites this season.
Balbriggan underwear is having a large sale.
Silk handkerchiefs with hemstitched and spotted borders are very elegant.
The new and leading lines in gents' furnishing goods can always be found at Robert Wallace's clothing establishment.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

Captain Boles, H. M. S., Chatham, is registered at the Tecumseh House.

W. C. Coop's circus will exhibit in this city on Thursday, 14th prox.

Miss Mary Daniels, of this city, is visiting at Mr. George Cornell's, Glencoe.

The Alerts, of London, will play the Maple Leafs at St. Thomas, Monday other noon at 4 p. m.

On Thursday the Satellites, of Windsor, went to Leamington and defeated the Rifles. Six of that place by 12 to 7.

The Guelph cricketers were defeated by the Peninsulars at Detroit on Friday in one innings, with a score of 55 to 70.

Smuggling on the ferry boats at Windsor is becoming a serious matter. There is no lady searcher in Windsor at present.

John Forbes, of Woodstock, is reported to have sold his steeplechase horse, Kelley, to Reed, of Saratoga, for a high price.

At the Saratoga races on Friday the Canadian horse Disturbance won the mile race for all ages; purse, $350. Time, 1.47?.

The current number of the *Police Gazette* gives a full length portrait of Mr. Thomas Nicholson, the well-known sprinter, of this city.

A 16-year old boy has been fined $6 at Windsor for taking papers away from newsboys. This should prove a warning to other boys.

Mr. J. W. Burns started on Saturday evening for a trip, which will include visits to Toronto, Montreal, and a number of American cities.

Miss Stella E. Curtis, of Evanston, Ill., and the Rev. M. M. Bates, of London, Ont., will be married next Tuesday, says the *Chicago Tribune*.

Six hundred stenographists from the London, Heron & Bruce and the Sarnia branches of the G. T. R. went to Grimsby Camp Grounds Saturday.

The Cleveland and Lima (Ohio) Commanderies K. of P. will entertain Windsor tomorrow morning, and will be quartered at the Crawford House.

The young Actives, under 12 years of age, played a game of base ball with the Maple Street Browns, over 14 years, on Friday, and won by a score of 19 to 17.

Mr. J. H. Kelly, advance agent of W. C. Coup's hippodrome and menagerie shows, is arranging for the appearance of this organization in the Province early in September.

Rev. W. C. Barns, of Goderich, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Free Methodist Church of Port Perry, Ontario, and will commence his labors immediately.

Nineteen cars took about 1,600 excursionists by the mid-day train from this city to G. T. R. on Saturday. This number was swelled to fully 2,600 before the land of the line was reached.

Mr. W. H. Winnett, lumber merchant, of this city, has received and accepted an invitation from the American Forestry Convention to attend the meeting which takes place at Montreal.

The members of the bicycle clubs of London, Aylmer, Stratford and Goderich arrived at Point Farm, on Saturday. Mr. Doolittle exhibited his wonderful powers to an admiring crowd.

Major Barnett-Hitchcock, of the 53rd Foot, son-in-law of Mr. James Ferguson, of this city, has gone to Egypt, on the staff of Major-General Sir Archibald Alison. He takes the rank of Brigade-Major.

The agent of Mr. Hugh Johnston, the artist who prepared two views of the Thames disaster, arrived in the city on Saturday, and will commence the delivery of the pictures to subscribers during the week.

An amateur boat tournament and athletic sports will come off at Aylmer on Thursday. There will be prizes of $100, $50 and $25 for bands, with bicycle races and games, open to any band located not further than Tilsonburg.

Rev. Mr. McGillivray, pastor of St. James' (Presbyterian) Church, Windsor, on his holiday trip up the lakes, looking very much improved. The rev. gentleman conducted the services at St. James' yesterday.

The Great Western nine, of Windsor, and the Erie & North Shore team played at Detroit on Saturday. It took two umpires, three tugs of beer and a broken arm to decide the match, but the Great Western won by 18 to 17.

Mr. Joseph Hickson, General Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, announces that annual passes over the Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways will continue to be honored over the respective lines for which they were issued.

A communication has been received at this office from an anonymous correspondent in reference to the meeting of which the Glen Cove Institute of London East is conducted. The rule is that all communications must be accompanied by the name of the writer, and it cannot be departed from in the present case.

A foot race of 4 miles and a Whoolpag on Friday for $2,500 a side and the championship of Australia, 100 yards, best two in three, between Charles Mclver and D. E. Madden, of Rochester, N. Y., was won by McIver in two straight heats by slight leads. Sporting men were present from all parts of Ontario and the United States, and much money changed hands.

To-day the Post Office will be open from 9 to 10 a m., and from 7 to 8 p.m. only. The early morning mails will be closed as usual—others at 10 a. m. Street letter boxes will be cleared before 10 a.m. Anything mailed at the letter box, G. W. R. station, will be in time for railway post offices passing east and west. There will be only one delivery by letter carriers.

Mr. J. W. Humphrey, of the Bonding House, and J. E. Plain, on behalf of a party of London gentlemen, have purchased from the chiefs of the Indian reservation, through the Government, the right to shoot all feathered game in the 11,400 acres of reservation for a period of five years. Trespassers will be avoided, and trespassers are liable to heavy fine and imprisonment.

Three members of the London Bicycle Club, Messrs. P. Doolittle, W. Begg and C. Ke-nleyside, left on Friday for a run to Goderich. At Exeter they were joined by Messrs Cameron and J. E. Moore, who accompanied them to Point Farm, where they still remain till Monday. The members of the Goderich Club met them on the road and accompanied them to their destination.

An individual representing himself as agent for W. C Coup's Show, caused considerable annoyance to Mr. G. H. Gordon, of St. Thomas, about a week since. He came to that city and engaged several of Mr. Gordon's hands for the use of his billposters, stating that gentleman to keep the animals in the stable during Sunday, but on the day specified the agent failed to connect. It is now said the show will not appear in the Province until September.

The propeller Ontario, of the North-western Transportation Company of Sarnia, on her way down from Duluth, ran on Pea Pea Reef, on the Canadian shore, fifteen miles north of Whitefish Point, on the morning of the 15th, and to relieve herself was compelled to throw overboard 750 barrels of flour, six car loads of bran and four car loads of wool. She got off on the 16th without injury to herself. Tugs, lighter and diver have gone to recover the flour, which has floated ashore in Pancake Bay.

On Saturday afternoon a lady entered a dry goods store at Sarnia to make some purchases, carrying $500 in a hand satchel. There was entered subsequently another, and after making some enquiries departed. The lady missed her money shortly after, but the thieves had got across the river. An officer went over to Port Huron and two men were arrested, on one of whom $197 was found. They gave their names as James White and T. F. Campbell. The third man was not found.

An old law of the Dominion, re-enacted during the last Session of Parliament, prohibits parties from sending into the country on Sunday. It had always up in a few years ago been regarded as a dead letter, but the case of the Collector of Port Dover, who refused to deliver an exemption in land of that place, in which course he was justified by the highest maritime authorities of Canada, and the case of one capable who was fined $40 for [illegible] bringing a Sunday excursion to [illegible] on the validity of the law.

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE,
THE MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL,
AND LIMOS FRUIT SALT

—AT—

Harkness & Co.,

[illegible] Drugists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

Carriage lamps are destined to be supplanted by what will doubtless be called the equine headlight. It is a combination of phosphorescent materials, and will be attached to the top of the horse's head on dark nights. There is neither flame nor liquid about it. A California genius also proposes a new idea:—He wants to stretch wires from the vehicles to an electrical instrument on the top of the horse's head and guarantee illuminating electricity by the revolution of the wheels of the carriage.

The Atlantic base ball club, of St. Thomas, have arranged to play at Petrolea, Pa., to-day, Petrolville to-morrow, Harrisburg on Wednesday, Huston Thursday and Camden on Friday and Saturday. Next week they play at Binghampton, Oswego, Auburn and Syracuse, and then will return home.

A match up on the ropes between a well-known local heel-and-toe walker and an aspirant for pedestrian fame, whose merits have not yet been tested. The unknown offers to put up for a match of one, fifteen or twenty-five miles, and the local champion should respond promptly.

Robert Neville was arrested on Saturday evening and remanded to jail by Squire Edwards, of London East, till Tuesday. The charge is drunkenness and disorderly conduct, and smashing the windows of Mr. W. Andrews' house, on the Hamilton Road, with a stone.

Those desiring a pleasant means of spending this afternoon should attend the bicycle sports to be held at McKenzie's Grove. The place chosen is a very pretty spot, and a picnic without the burden of baskets to bring around is a combination likely to commend.

The brethren of the London Division Order of Railway Conductors intend to give a social evening at their lodge room in a few days. The programme will probably consist of singing, reading and a supper at the Tecumseh House.

Smith Near:—There hasn't been a new grave dug in our cemetery for more than a week past. Our friends up there must look out, or some other place will take their trade.

Rev. A. Grant, of the First Baptist Church, Talbot street, has returned from his summer trip. He will preach to-morrow at both morning and evening services.

Rev. John Mordy has been inducted in the charge of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Walkerton, and Belshlove, county of Bruce.

A million of dollars in standard coin, weighs one and two-thirds tons; in standard silver coin, twenty-six and three-fourths tons.

Ald. C. S. Hyman left on Saturday evening for the east, on an extended holiday trip.

Rev. G. G. Mackenzie and Mrs. Mackenzie, of Hamilton, have returned from their trip down east.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Providence Still Ahead in the League Race —Goss and Sullivan Most—The Oshawa Races—Minor Notes.

The following shows the standing of the League clubs to date, and the games won from and lost to each opposing club:—

Clubs.	Providence	Chicago	Detroit	Boston	Buffalo	Cleveland	Troy	Worcester	Games lost
Providence		4	4	5	5	5	5	5	28
Chicago	4		3	4	4	5	5	5	30
Detroit	4	3		4	4	5	5	5	30
Boston	3	4	4		3	4	5	5	28
Buffalo	3	4	4	5		4	4	5	29
Cleveland	3	3	3	4	4		4	4	25
Troy	3	3	3	3	4	4		4	24
Worcester	3	3	3	3	3	4	4		23
Games won	24	28	27	28	27	32	32	33	

Saturday's Record.

AT CHICAGO.

Chicago	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2
Metropolitan	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

AT BOSTON.

Buffalo	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	0—5
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

AT LOUISVILLE.

Allegheny	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0—4
Eclipse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

AT WORCESTER.

Cleveland	0	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	5—12
Worcester	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0—5
Troy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

AT PROVIDENCE.

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Providence	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—5

A 25 x 50 foot Music Hall, on Saturday, Sullivan and Joe Goss began a sparring exhibition, which was interrupted in the second round by a posse of the would be[illegible] before. This became so serious the exhibition was stopped, and after the grave had been entered the mill was continued and finished in a half this evening. Sullivan is the first contestant for the championship belt. In the third round not much was done, but in the fourth Goss struck Sullivan in the face with [illegible] it. In the fifth and fourth rounds Sullivan pushed Goss badly, the latter being nearly exhausted. This closed the performance. There was no police interference, no betting, and no disorder on the night, which was respectable exhibition.

The Oshawa Driving Park Association held their inaugural meeting on Aug. 22nd and 23rd. The following is the list of events for the two days:—

First day—three minute trot—Cuthbert & Dickens, Pickering, Pioneering Girl; Geo. Robinson, jr., Oshawa, Pilot; Adam Dickens, Oshawa, Coloured Billy; John Bowman, Brantford, Capt. Ellis. Vases & Harris, Picton, Mamie Clark; G. Andrews, Whitby, Jack; W. H. McLeary, Toronto, W. H. McLeary; Geo. H. Gordon, St. Thomas, Jim Wilson; Hamilton, Winfield Scott; Murray, Scranton, Pa.

Running race, mile heats—R. Johnson, London, Tullamore; Dr. Sawyer, Oshawa, Jack Sheppard Bros., Toronto, jr., Labelle; Dodge & Campbell, Oshawa, Jack Hanlan; D. W. Campbell, Oshawa, Prince Imperial.

Second Day—Trotting, 2.37 class—W. H. McLeary, Toronto, W. H. McLeary; Joseph Mitchell-ree, London, Chestnut Sam; G. Robertson, St. Catharines, Pilot; Cuthbert & Dickens, Pickering, Pioneering Girl; Vases & Harris, Picton, Mamie Clark; Simon Lemay, Mt. Forest, Valentine; George James, Hamilton, Highland Chief; J. Bowman, Brantford, Capt. Ellis.

Running handicap, 11 miles—R. Johnson, London, Tullamore; Smith Twynham, jr. (Fancy Sheppard Bros., Toronto, jr.; Dodge & Campbell, Oshawa, Jack Hanlan; D. W. Campbell, Oshawa, Prince Imperial.

Open trot, free for all—T. H. Shepard, Toronto, Hollis and Gray Chief; James E. Heath, Grangeville, General Beamish; W. Kennedy, Hamilton, Hamilton Boy; W. Wagner, Hickson's Landing, Pallilo; W. Hodgins, Brantford, Lit tle Biff.

G. W. R. PICNIC.—The employés of the Grand Western Section of the Grand Trunk Railway, between Chatham and Windsor, will hold their annual picnic in MOUNT, at Belle River. A strong working Committee have collected over $600 in cash and prizes, which they propose to give as prizes in very many ways. Some thirty-five are already on the programme for quoits, running, all ages, sizes, and weights; leaping, swimming, both men and dogs; boat ich, and many others. Prizes are up for fat ladies and fine babies, dancing, and glass ball shooting. The Committee seem to have worked well, and are sanguine of giving a good day to their many friends. Conductor Bullock, Peter Bennett, Radcliff and Russell have worked late and early in catering for a good day.

A PARTING ADDRESS.—The locomotive firemen of St. Thomas Division, G. W. R., are sending an address, written by Mr. R. Griffith, to Mr. James Anderson, one of their number, who left for Chili, South America, in March. The gentleman left a wife and children in London, and in the latter is a marvel of skill and beauty, and is a great favorite in Mr. Parker Eaton, a locomotive fireman of London, who exceeded it. It would be impossible to equal it in its artistic design or finish.

BURNHAM CELEBRATION.—The 60th birthday of Mrs. Duncan Malcolm, jr., was celebrated at the residence of Wm. Malcolm, Scotland, Ont., on Wednesday, 16th inst. There present were sons and daughters, grand children and first cousins, making in all about 100. There were a number of gifts, chiefly who could not be present, owing to their living at a distance.

PURE DRUGS!

CAREFUL DISPENSING

—OF—

Physicians' Prescriptions

BY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT HANDS

A SPECIALTY.

AT WM. SAUNDERS',

185 Dundas Street.

THE GREAT SHOW.

Meeting of the Western Fair Board.

Various Details of the Coming Exhibition Discussed.

Provisions Made for Special Attractions and for the Accommodation of the Public.

A meeting of the Western Fair Board was held yesterday afternoon in their rooms, Richmond street. Present:—Messrs John Pincombe (President), J. B. Smyth (Secretary), E. Anderson, W. Y. Brunton, J. H. Griffiths, L. Odell, R. Wallace, R. Seamans, Geo. Taylor, R. R. Robinson, Joseph Johnston, Joseph Nixon, R. McKee, John Kennedy and N. Reid.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

A communication from Pearce, Wald & Co., asking for the space in the Horticultural Hall on the north side, east of the centre dome, for a display, was referred to the Horticultural and Floricultural Hall Committee.

Wm. Bryce applied for space to show electric railway and fancy goods, with permission to sell. Referred to the Committee.

The Strathroy Fire Brigade applied to know if there was to be a firemen's demonstration this fall.

James Rennie, of Toronto, wrote that he was printing the terms of his special prize at Ilbo which the Secretary would be furnished with to distribute with the prize list.

The Secretary explained that Mr. Rennie offered a prize for a clothed-in-tree piece, worth $16, for best two bushels of clover seed, which seed he would be allowed to keep.

Several members stated that it was a universal desire that the cheese and butter would be worth more than the prize offered.

The offer was not entertained.

In regard to the posting of bill-, Mr. Johnston felt that those complained to which the Secretary replied that he had attended to bills and those of the Toronto Board, for while the Western Fair bills numbered 2,000 there were 10,000 Toronto bills distributed throughout the country.

The Secretary believed the billing had been thoroughly done.

Mr. C. Richardson applied on behalf of H. Walker & Sons, of Windsor, for eight bee stalls, a week or two before the fair, for steam to be used.

Granted without extra charge.

A considerable discussion took place on the matter of erecting a grand stand and charging admission to it.

Mr. Wallace strongly opposed charging admission to the grand stand.

Mr. Brunton felt that the people themselves would consent pay and not be so crowded.

The Secretary asked for instruction in regard to the admission of Parsheron horses in the general classes, noting that a special prize was offered for Parsheron stallions.

It was decided to receive entries for Parsheron in the general classes.

The Freehold brass band fifteen and a-half bands was plenty low enough for the limit to be made, and to offer a first prize of $60, the prize list it was fifteen and a-quarters and anything not 2

Amended to read anything under fifteen and a-half bands for roadsters

Referred to the *Poultry Review*, Strathroy, the Welland *Review*, and the London *Echo* applied for leave to insert the list in their advertisement. Billed.

An account for bills and other repairs to the Grand Rooms, $7 50, was ordered to be paid.

The FREE PRESS account of $180 for extra bills was referred to the Printing Committee with power to pay as soon as the bills were received.

Mr. George Taylor thought the city should be requested to put a water service into the grounds during the holding of the Fair.

The Secretary was instructed to apply for it.

It was decided to have a grand stand erected near the centre gate on the south side, and to offer the same by auction to a responsible party, the charge for admission not to exceed ten cents per day.

Mr. Taylor thought it time to call the Board together, and on motion it was decided to authorize the Grounds Committee to advertise the location for sale.

The Grounds and Grounds Committee were authorized to have charge of the building of a grand stand, if they deemed it necessary.

Mr. Brunton moved that the Chairman of the Grounds Committee be authorized to have the grounds put in proper condition, and to pay contractors for work in excess of $100.

Mr. Brunton brought up the matter of keeping the Exhibition open at night. He thought the bands provided by Mr. Reid and the Adelphian Encampment of Odd-fellows would be admirable bands to draw crowds of the movement, which would afford an opportunity of displaying the display of light.

Mr. Anderson would not like to open the buildings at night.

Mr. Brunton had no intention of opening the buildings.

Mr. Reid stated there would be five prizes for bands, and a number of Indian bands would participate. He then explained the arrangements so far as completed, stating that he had obtained bands from England, and all the bands were furnished with it, and all would play one piece. The Ladies Band had offered to do so.

Messrs. Reid, Robinson, Brunton and Anderson were appointed a committee to make arrangements for a night exhibition on the grounds.

Mr. Brunton moved, that the Brazilian Consul at Montreal be communicated with in regard to putting an exhibit of the products of Brazil at the Fair. Carried.

Mr. Griffiths proposed that Section No. 3 of the Constitution be amended to make alone form a quorum instead of thirteen. He gave notice of motion to this effect.

It was decided not to allow any exhibits of cattle on the Fair Grounds.

Mr. Brunton said that on one occasion a lot of dynamite had been exhibited, and great difficulty was experienced in getting it removed. The Committee ought to have large discretionary powers.

Mr. Brunton said that with one or two exceptions the citizens had acted very liberally in the matter of subscribing.

Adjourned.

THE TECUMSEHS.—The members of the late Tecumseh base ball team are gradually wandering away to other places, where their skill is fully appreciated, which has recently been organized at Fort Huron, which is engaged by the leading business men, and William Mountjoy has been engaged as pitcher. Stephen Dunne has also been hired, and it is said improbable that Reid and Fiele, who played in the match on Saturday, will also locate permanently in that place. Mountjoy never appeared to better advantage than on Saturday, when the Crescents of Detroit were unable to muster his delivery, but struck blindly at the rubber without success.

LONDON CHEESE MARKET.—The following factories offered cheese at the market held on Saturday, August 19, 1882:—Westbrook, 140 boxes; North Branch, 250; Pond Mills, 100; Wallacetown & Ecie, 220; Dutton, 105; Mount Carmel, Elgin & Gilmore, 700; Kaples & Walford Union, 300; Bryanston, 330; Dorlton, 200; Corinth, 275; North street, 100; Delaware, 150; Malone, 150; Maple Leaf, 200; Geary's, 180; Medwin, 240; total boxes, 4,240. Sales were made—260 boxes at 11c; 695 at 11?c; total boxes, 955. Liverpool cable, 57.

A SUCCESSFUL PICNIC.

The Manufacturers' Union Monster Excursion on Saturday.

How the Day Was Spent at Port Huron —Athletic Games and Sports—Minor Incidents.

A pleasant warmth pervaded the atmosphere on Saturday morning, and was greeted with feelings of thankfulness by the many citizens who had determined to participate in the annual picnic and excursion under the auspices of the Manufacturers' Employés' Union. There is in the city no class of people more industrious than the respectable mechanics and artisans who contribute in such a material degree to the progress and financial success of the metropolis of the West, for it is through the skill and expedition manifested by them that the manufacturing and industrial enterprises of London have attained a wide-spread reputation for the excellence of her mechanical productions. The trite old saying, that "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," receives no more fitting illustration than in connection with those engaged in daily toil. The laborious nature of their duties and the monotonous routine of daily labor impart a keen zest to

A HOLIDAY,

and it was felt by the men engaged in the manufactories of the city that a day of recreation, wherein the employés of the several branches of industry might commingle in social enjoyment, would prove a pleasant event. Actuated with feelings of this character a strong union was effected, all the leading establishments heartily participating in the scheme, and the highly successful demonstration of Saturday exhibited the result of their united efforts. The gentlemen who took part in the affair represented the firms of Stevens, Turner & Barnes, the Globe Agricultural Works, John Stewart & Co., John Elliott & Sons, the Pioneer Wagon Co., G. White, W. Yates, and a number of other places of less prominence, but from which the men joined as unitedly in the pleasure. After serious consideration the Committee of Arrangement had selected Port Huron as the scene of the picnic, and decided to accept the cheap rates offered by the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

for the conveyance of the party to the scene of action. The special train was announced to leave the Burwell street depot at 7 o'clock, but before the hour of six had passed over the city clocks scores of citizens could be observed wending their way toward the depot, the appearance of which at an early hour of the Exhibition Grounds to be in attendance at 10 o'clock sharp. The following will probably comprise the Pickwick Club team:—Finch, Fitzgerald, Gilbert, Hill, Harris, McIntosh, Hales, Southcott, Smith, Spencer, Bates, Pellatt and Ellis. They will present their full strength, and an interesting match is anticipated.

DARING ROBBERY.—During Friday night the residence of Mr. D. J. Campbell, Dundas street, was ransacked by some party or parties unknown and a valuable gold watch and chain stolen therefrom. The robbery was a most daring one, as the property was taken by two beds in which members of the family were sleeping upon Mr. Campbell's watch and. This he carried in his pocket, and took possession of the watch and chain and twenty-five cents in money. The articles were highly prized, as they were presented to Mr. Campbell on his leaving Watford to reside in this city. The police have the keys of the English Loan Company's office were also missing, but after a search they were found beneath a hat on a table in the office. It is to be hoped that the watch and chain may be recovered.

THE WORKINGMEN

were fully represented, the honest mechanic and artizan, in whose hands lies the destinies of this Canada of ours, who controls the legislation of the country, and constitutes the bone and sinew, the producers of the national wealth, had turned out strongly with their families to enjoy a pleasant day together at Point Huron, and escape the dust and drum existence. The smiling, contented countenances of the women, the merry prattle of the little ones and the jovial demeanor of the male portion of the people was almost sufficient to make one forget the cares of life, number, who would otherwise have remain at home. At 7 o'clock the 7th Fusiliers band marched through the streets, reminding citizens of the trip.

THE START.

About 7.15 the conductor's cry of "All aboard!" indicated that a start would soon be made, and in a few minutes the train was speed away with its living freight. It consisted of nineteen coaches and baggage car, and was drawn by one engine without any special incident. Point Edward was reached shortly after 11 o'clo k.

A BEWILDERED CROWD

Upon the arrival of the train some considerable degree of confusion ensued among the excursionists. A short time before reaching the Point a member of the committee announced that the steamer Pearl would be passed through the locks. Waiting the appearance of the steamer considerable heat in the sun was endured by the assembled crowd, and a number of them, who had not been provided with lunch baskets, were compelled to go without refreshments for a time. The steamer Pearl passed through the locks, and the excursionists were allowed to go on board, and the steamer proceeded to the Athletic Grounds, where the first event on the programme was to be run off. The grounds were crowded by the people from the excursion trains, and the steamer Pearl, which was crowded to her utmost capacity. The grounds were in splendid condition, and the scene presented was a most animated one. The Fusiliers band was in attendance, and discoursed some excellent music during the afternoon. The following is a list of the events and the winners:—

ATHLETIC GAMES.

A series of athletic games came off during the afternoon. The various events were well contested, under the supervision of Messrs. Plant, Harding, Angus, Mann, Orchard, Carruthers and a few other gentlemen, to whom credit is due for the energetic manner in which they carried through their portion of the day's programme. Following is the list of winners:—

Base ball, open to oppositions only—1st, Clarke's team.

Boys' race, from 8 to 12 years—1st, C. Thompson; 2nd, W. Ripple; 3.d, D. Harding.

Boys' race, from 12 to 16, 100 yards—1st, Cassey; 2nd, Bennett; 3rd, C. Harrison.

Running race, 40 yards and upwards—1st, J. Hardley; 2?d, A. McManady; 3rd, J. Ripple.

Young men's race—1st, Burns; 2nd, Carver; 3 d, D Sweeny; 4th, Andrews.

Standing long jump—1st, A. Cliff; 2nd, Fairbairn; 3rd, D. Sweeny.

Standing high jump—1st, Bennett; 2nd, Fairbairn; 3rd, Cliff.

Running hop, step and jump—1st, Fairbairn; 2nd, D. Sweeny; 3rd, O'Toole.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes

—AND—

WINDOW GLASS.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Fineness Guaranteed.

FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY

R. LEWIS

424 RICHMOND STREET.

Married ladies' race—1st, Mrs. Jackson; 2nd, Mrs. Harding; 3rd, Mrs. Brindy.

Fat man's race—1st, H. Dennes; 2nd, E. Harding.

Old ladies' race—1st, Mrs. Sweeney; 2nd, Mrs. Cliff; 3rd, Mrs. Hayes.

Pitching the stone—1st, A. Cliff; 2nd, McCloud; 3rd, Fish.

Three - legged race—1st, Cowan and Sweeney; 2 d, Orwoor and Fairbairn; 3 d, Fish and O'Toole.

Final race, for children under 12—1st, Mary Garland Lyons; 2nd, Annie Schirkwaity; 3rd Lizzie Harding.

BASE BALL.

A base ball match was played between two teams composed of apprentices, and after a hardly-contested match the nine retained by Clarke came out ahead, defeating their opponents by a score of 12 to 7. The members of the winning team were Clarke, Keller, Nicol, Feeny, Martin, Gillett, Rutter, Fish, Allister, Saras. Five innings only were played.

THE ATTENDANCE.

As the train was thronged to its utmost capacity it is somewhat difficult to estimate nicely the number present, but at least 2,500 persons must have participated in the enjoyment of the occasion.

THE TRIP HOME

Soon after five o'clock the people began to reassemble at the Point, and in a few hours two trains roll d away from the depot, and arrived in the city about midnight.

CRICKET.—There was another large turn out of members of the Pickwick Cricket Club at their grounds on Saturday afternoon, and a fine game with the Thompson's side was, unfortunately for the latter, marred by a display of ill fluent batting of Hill. The latter, although he made a number of runs, displayed a very disgusting lack of a special feature, not a single bye was scored by him, and he left the bats of the pairs for bowling. Failing to get on a match with a foreign club here, the Pickwicks have arranged a game with the strong team of the Fishmore to-day, on the grounds of the Exhibition Grounds to commence at 10 o'clock sharp. The following will probably comprise the Pickwick team:—Finch, Fitzgerald, Gilbert, Hill, Harris, McIntosh, Hales, Southcott, Smith, Spencer, Bates, Pellatt and Ellis. They will present their full strength, and an interesting match is anticipated.

DARING ROBBERY.—During Friday night the residence of Mr. D. J. Campbell, Dundas street, was ransacked by some party or parties unknown and a valuable gold watch and chain stolen therefrom. The robbery was a most daring one, as the property was taken by two beds in which members of the family were sleeping upon Mr. Campbell's watch and. This he carried in his pocket, and took possession of the watch and chain and twenty-five cents in money. The articles were highly prized, as they were presented

SAFETY

CARLING & CO
Brewers and Maltsters,
VE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR
Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
...hand bottles. ☞ Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED
ALF & HALF,
...y recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Died.
...denly at his residence, Pine Grove, Vaughan, on Monday, 16th inst., Geo. Balmer, aged 58 years, formerly of the city of Cork, Ireland, ...of Robert G. Balmer, of this city.
...don East, August 21, William Henry ...Henry and Mary Wenham, aged 7 ...and 4 days.
...ssued from family residence, 9 Adelaide ...London East, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, ...ds and acquaintances please accept this ...tice.
...the city, on the 21st inst., Frank Harding, ...ged 4 years and 7 months, son of W. T. ...eria Peel.
...ssued from the residence, No. 168 Mill ...on Wednesday, at 10 o'clock.

AMUSEMENTS.
...ORGAN FESTIVAL TO-...ET at Hamilton Road Primitive Methodist Church. Congr. Admission, 25 cents. ...

MISCELLANEOUS.
...dvertisements under this heading one cent ...d each insertion.
...RIS & CO., PRIVATE EN...QUIRY and Collection Agency, 41 Dundas-street, Toronto, Kingston, Ont. Strictly ...nfidential. Enclose stamp for reply. H1631
...ARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE ...ained on application at residence or office of EDWARD HARRIS, ...Llddowly
MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC ...ard cheap, at Farm Press Office. All ...kinds of Society Printing in the best style of the ...rt.
NEW CONFECTIONARY OPEN...ED by James Soltis, at 362 Wellington ...street. Fruits, candies, tobacco and cigars of ...all kinds and best qualities kept on hand at all ...times. Give him a call. H1Suwvn

BUSINESS CHANCES.
...dvertisements under this heading or cent per word each insertion.
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE ...Business for sale. Established nine years. ...The reason for selling: Going into the whole...sale trade. In Market, London. H108
FOR SALE — A SUPERIOR ...stock of groceries, crockery and glassware, ...stand, etc. Will be sold cheap. Apply on the premises, 53 Johnson, A street. Good chance for a camp groceries. F82tf
FOR SALE OR TO LET ON THE ...corner of Litchfield and Richmond streets, a first-class grocery and a good stock of ...cerie are now on hand, and will sell cheap for ...cash. Apply to JOHN NELSON, 672 Richmond ...street. tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
...dvertisements under this heading one cent ...per word each insertion.
OIL LANDS FOR SALE, TOWN...SHIP of Enniskillen, containing at present ...more or less; lots 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, ...the north-west half of the west half of ...the north-west half of the south-west half of ...the north-west half of Enniskillen. For particulars address H. J. CHRISTIE, Inspector, ...Gilmour
WANTED TO RENT.
...dvertisements under this heading one cent ...per word each insertion.
COTTAGE WANTED, CONTAIN...ING 3 to 5 rooms, or 3 or 4 rooms furnish...ed, bedding excepted, from 1 April to end of ...December. Address N. P., this office.
...Hlddr

HARDWARE.
5,000 DOZEN
POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS).
Biggest value in Canadian Harvest Tools, ...ever ...from factory prices.
HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS, ...Wholesale Ironmongers, Richmond st.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.
CASH Paid for Clothing by A. Simons, 277 ...Dundas street, for his goods are cheaper than ...any other house in the trade. Orders by mail ...promptly attended to. Goods sent C.O.D. to ...any part of the country. N.B.—Parties having ...any advance money on all kinds of goods or ...their marketing will find it to their advantage ...to call. H1Suwvn
LIVERPOOL CLOTHING HOUSE ...The highest cash price paid for second-hand clothing and boots and shoes. Call and ...ask one of the proprietors, WILLIAM or ...SOLOMON, at 393 Richmond street, London. ...Parties at a distance will find it to their ...advantage to write us. H1Suwvn
PARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF ...Clothing will do well to call on T. Fox, ...the Original Purchaser, 4th door north of ...Dundas street, Market Square, for highest ...cash prices. H1Suwvn
PARTIES HAVING SECOND ...HAND clothing to part with will do well ...to call on D. BEE, 373 Dundas street, as ...I want them and will pay the highest price at ...all times. Parties at a distance will find it ...to their interest to write me. H1Suwvn
SECOND - HAND CLOTHING ...bought for cash by HARMSEN & Co., ...Dundas street, London. Highest cash prices ...paid for Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, ...Caps, Clothing, Jewellery, Watches, etc., ...and parties having goods for sale will find it ...to their interest to call on us before selling ...elsewhere. H1Suwvn

HOTELS.
F. CAMPBELL'S RESTAURANT, ...93 Richmond st., opposite Masonic Temple. Open day and night. Meals served at all ...hours. Oysters and Turtle Soup served ...Daily. Dinner from 12 to 2 p.m. Ladies' Children and Epping do, served up in European ...style.—F. CAMPBELL, Prop. G1tmo-vz
OPENED AGAIN — J. FAL...LON, St. Jarvis' Hotel, formerly the old London Club House, Market Place, ...begs to ...inform all ...friends and ...the public ...generally that ...he has ...thoroughly ...renovated, ...refitted and ...refurnished ...the house, ...and everything ...throughout is in ...first-class ...order. The bar is ...replete with the ...choicest brands of ale, wine and liquors. Stabling ...attached. H1Suwvn
OLD CHRIS, SIX YEARS AT ...the Albion Saloon, has got out on his own ...block and keeps the Bar of Meadow House, 62 ...Dundas st. The bar is furnished with the best ...brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited. ...G6vtu
WINDSOR HOTEL, STRAT...FORD, R. H. GREEN, Proprietor. New ...house, new furniture, elegant bedding, electric ...bells, baths and water closets. Fine sample ...room on ground floor. Use only first-class ...liquors in Bar. Headquarters for travelling public ...&c. ...

LEGAL.
I. F. HELLMUTH,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., ...Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, ...London, Ontario. Hlddy
GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, ...Barristers, &c. Offices, English & Lucas Co.'s ...Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont.
GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc., 400 Main ...street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. CHARLES GLASS ...W. K. LUSCOMBE. H1Suwvn
GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN ...Barristers, etc, London.
Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond ...streets.
GEO. C. GIBBONS, D. MCNAB, } Jr. } F. MULKERN.
HUTCHINSON & KILMER, ...BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Office—Court House, London, Ont. ...CHARLES HUTCHINSON, ...County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the ...Peace. JAS. B. KILMER, LL.B. ...Hlddy
NUGENT & GALT, BARRIS...TERS, Solicitors, &c. Office—39 Adelaide ...street, Imperial buildings, next to Post ...Office, Toronto. ...Plains E. NUGENT. THOS. P. GALT. ...H1Suwvn

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8248

PURE
LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN G. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh
187 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.
Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.
AGENTS WANTED.—3 OR 4 ...first class agents wanted, for London and towns around it, to sell photograph albums and bibles. Good remedy can make from $7 to $10 per day. Address for particulars, ...stating ...what you ...are now ...engaged ...at, ...GEO. ...STINSON & ...CO., Portland, Maine. H1Suwvn
BOY WANTED TO WORK ON ...steam lithographic press.—Apply to LOVE, ...DAVIS, Free Press Print. Co. tf
DRESSMAKER WANTED, COM...PETENT to do all kinds of dressmaking. ...Engagement permanent. Must be first-class. ...Apply to Miss E. O'NEIL, Petrolia, Ont. H1847
HARNESS MAKER — WANTED, ...a good general hand for harness trade, ...and general repairs, at JIM DUNN'S, corner ...King and Talbot streets. H161

SERVANTS WANTED.
Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.
SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS. ...Good domestic help of all kinds in great ...demand. Good wages for good servants. Intending ...to...—Coffee House, Market Square. R. ...DUNCAN. tf
THOSE WHO WANT SERVANTS ...can get supplied at short notice, as I have daily girls applying for situations. Girls, if you want a good place and good wages, come to J. CROOKS'S Intelligence Office, 82 Dundas ...street.
WANTED.—FIFTY GENERAL ...Labourers, Rip Rubbs, Wallers for Hatch ...Tar Quarry, 200 Rafters, 50 Shingle Weavers, ...Lumber Yard Labourers, Sawyers, Edgerman, ...Tie Hewers. Apply to Mr. McDONALD, Foreman, ...Tar Quarry, Port Stanley. Hlddy

TO LET.
2 FINE ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR ...in English Lens Co.'s Block, corner Dundas ...and Talbot streets, to let. Entrance on Talbot ...street. Apply in a few days. Suitable offices ...for solicitors, agents, etc. Apply to D. J. ...MACDONALD, Manager. H1Suwvn
TO RENT—OVER 1,500 SQUARE ...feet well lighted business room, with ...gentlemen, gas, water, vault, &c. Apply to DONALD ...J. CAMERON, Managing English Lens Co. ...Glmtf
TO LET AT LOW RENT—TWO ...stores; No. 1 under Mutter Bros.' Store, ...recently occupied as Brush Factory. Apply to ...Thos. Hay, etc. Middle-ave
THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN ...Alton Building, Richmond street, to rent, ...now recently in the occupation of the Associated Press, and Montreal Telegraph Co. ...Possession at once. Apply CARLING & CO.'s Brewery.

BUSINESS CARDS.
ANUELO DAMBRA HAS OPEN...ED a Fruit Store, where you can get all ...the Fruits of the season. Oysters constantly on ...hand. Store—Talbot st., 2 doors south of ...Dundas. All kinds of Fruit, 397 Richmond ...st. Come and see me. Mlttu-vz
C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS ...street between Waterloo and Colborne, ...has on hand a large assortment of Blinds of all ...descriptions to order, repairs furniture and does job-...bing of all kinds promptly. N. B.—There is some ...accommodation for a few boarders. Hlddy
FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY ...steam a specialty ...Orders left at Mrs. ...Nicholl's Feather Renovating Factory, 184 ...Queen's Avenue, or at 393 Richmond street, ...London, will receive prompt attention. Hlddy
GENUINE ITALIAN ICE ...Cream and Lemonade. Superior to all ...others. Only place in the city where it can be ...had. Orders filled. Also, Fruits, Confectionery, ...Candies and Fruit.—JOHN MORMIADE, Albion ...Saloon. H1Suwvn
JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE...CUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department, Free Press Office.
J. SMITH, FISH STALL, MAR...KET, kept in all kinds of fish. Fish ...delivered to any part of the city. Gilmour.
JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE...CUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department, Free Press Office.
KALUS & JB. BROWN NOW ...Wm. Watson's old premises, 171 Dundas ...street, opposite Market Square, with a large ...stock of Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, ...Lamps, Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c. Goods ...delivered free to all parts of the city. Hlddy
MURDOCK, ARMSTRONG, ...RENDERS & CO., Engravers, Lead Roofers, ...Manufacturers of Cornice, Sky Lights, Iron ...Shutters, Fire Proof Doors, Vaults and Shutters, ...Wrought Iron Beams, Girders, Bridges, Roofs, ...Tanks, Smoke Stacks, Boilers, Tinware, Pumps, ...Lightning Conductors, Gas Fixtures, Hot Water ...Heating, Ventilating, Plumbing, Gas and Steam ...Fitting, Model and Experimental Work, Brass ...and Iron Castings, Machinery, Models, Dies, ...Tools, Presses, Special Machinery, Milling, ...Screw Cutting, Drilling, Key Seating, Key ...Fitting, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Bolts, ...Nuts, Screws, Washers, Rivets, Engine Lathes, ...Planers, Drills, Punches, Shears, Emery ...Grinders, Portable Forges, Anvils, Vises, ...Taps, Dies, Reamers, Files, Hammers, Chisels, ...Scrapers, Oil Stones, Babbitt Metal, Solder, ...Rosin, Soldering Coppers, Blow Pipes, Bellows, ...Blacksmith Coal, Iron, Steel, Belting, Packing, ...Rubber Hose, Steam Gauges, Water Gauges, ...Glass Gauges, Gauge Cocks, Globe Valves, ...Check Valves, Steam Traps, Pipe Fittings, ...Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Pipe Vises, Pipe ...Threaders, Pipe Dies, Stocks, Taps, Reamers, ...Pipe Wrenches, Stillson Wrenches, Monkey ...Wrenches, Spanners, Screw Wrenches, Pipe ...Hooks, Pipe Clamps, Pipe Benders, Pipe ...Cutters, Pipe Threaders, Pipe Dies, Stocks, ...Taps, Reamers, Pipe Wrenches, Stillson ...Wrenches, Monkey Wrenches, Spanners, Screw ...Wrenches, Pipe Hooks, Pipe Clamps, Pipe ...Benders, Pipe Cutters, Pipe Threaders, Pipe ...Dies, Stocks, Taps, Reamers, Pipe Wrenches, ...Stillson Wrenches, Monkey Wrenches, Spanners, ...Screw Wrenches, Pipe Hooks, Pipe Clamps, ...Pipe Benders, Pipe Cutters, Pipe Threaders, ...Pipe Dies, Stocks, Taps, Reamers, Pipe ...

—FOR—
Fire-Class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
159 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, August 22, 1882.

NO NEED FOR A CONVENTION.

The Galt *Reformer* is "sorry to observe that two or three Reform journals who feel sure over the result of the late Dominion election are advocating a convention of the party." Why "sorry?" Is it not natural to think that since "the policy of Mr. Blake" has been proven a disastrous failure, the policy of a duly organized convention of the leading men of the party might be found more acceptable? Time is plainly what the journals referred to imagine. They have had a trial of the one-man method; now they are anxious to see if a more popular way cannot be found. Our Galt contemporary undertakes to explain some of the reasons why the defeat of "Mr. Blake's policy" was so pointed and overwhelming, coming to the conclusion that with such odds against the Reformers, "it was not in the power of man to achieve success." This, however, is not the view of the Opposition leader himself. He fully expected success, and when it did not come, when it was shown how little of magic there was in the name which had been put forward in the place of a policy, no one was more surprised and dumbfounded than the hon. Opposition leader himself. He has not said much in public since, and, for aught the people or the party know, he has no explanation to offer for his defeat. If he knew where the nigger was defeative, if he were able to diagnose a out of circumstance as a political leader ought to be, he would probably have had little trouble in oozing just where the party was misled. The matter should have been clear enough. But being unable to grasp the full significance of the position, or being unwilling to look it squarely in the face, Mr. Blake collected information from his friends and others. He sent out a confidential circular, asking to know the reasons in detail for the pronounced failure of "Mr. Blake's policy." Instead of calling these gentlemen to meet together, and putting the whole case in their hands, fairly and candidly, as was done at the Municipal Conservative Convention, Mr. Blake acts more after the instincts of a Russian Chief of Bureau. He treats the leading members of the Reform party as if they were his mere district constables, whose duty it was to act down and write at his nod and beck, rather than acknowledging them as his peers, and meeting them on common ground for consultation. They are not to become personally between the wind and his nobility, forsooth! but are asked to send what they may have to say by the general post. Of course, a personal interview with any of these local leaders was not to be thought of. He can slip down on the quiet to Palmyra, and hold a midnight conclave with the beaten Philosopher of Rothwell. No doubt, the two have had their heads together in many a mischief-making scheme; but to meet the representative men in open daylight was not on his programme. They may, instead, put it in a telegram. Then the grievous effect on the party there is no need of a convention, or any better understanding among the party, and assures its readers that although they were beaten this is the way that "no fellow can find out," yet they must hope for better luck next time, and not trouble themselves meanwhile about how the better luck is to come. The bulk of the party, however, do not share in a faith of this kind, so blind and unreasoning, and will hardly continue steadfast to a principle that hangers itself with diametrical opposition to the popular commercial ideas of the day. They would still be Reformers, but they want to know on what basis the party hopes and expects to stand unitedly in the future. To simply call themselves "Reformers" won't do any more than to shout for "Mr. Blake's policy" (whatever that may be) won't do. These cries have had their day, and their day is done. It is above all plausible to call a meeting of Reform a time for counsel, and mutual explanation and concession, and for a diffusion of the spirit of a better understanding among them. But the time is not improved. There is no coming together either of the party in general or their leaders. The former are divided up into as many peculiar camps as the Pantheon of old; the latter lack cohesion at each other; they travel by different conveyancy, and must but at fifty on those urgent occasions which only can bring them under one roof. Still, it is said by some that they see no need for a Convention. Ah, well, there are none so blind as those who will not see.

BOTHWELL.

A correspondent of the Brantford *Expositor* has given air to assertions alleged to have been made in Bothwell, which, if substantiated in the witness box, it is claimed, would result to the disqualification of Mr. Hawkins. There's the rub, however — can they be substantiated? If this be the case, it is a strange thing that the evidence is not forthcoming. But the facts are allowed to remain as they were. Mr. Hawkins has been duly gazetted as the member for Bothwell, and Mr. Mills has not as yet shown the temerity to enter a protest and back it up with a deposit of money. Does anyone doubt that if the evidence is there, it would not have been acted upon long ere this? One would think that, if the Grits had any faith in their case, the very first thing to be done, after Mr. Hawkins was declared elected, would have been to set the courts in motion with a view to unseat him. This, indeed, was promised by Mr. Mills in his London organ, the defence urged to the charge of cowardice in that matter being that Mr. Hawkins had not been duly gazetted. When he was gazetted it was said we would be treated to a grand example of Mr. Mills' courage and capacity, as well as some damaging proofs of bribery, &c. But time passes, and no one is either killed or hurt. Has Mr. Mills nothing more to say for himself?

Dust mixed with air is found to be, under certain conditions, a dangerous explosive. Thus, if a large log of wood were ignited, it might be a week before it would be entirely consumed; split up into cord wood and piled loosely, it would, perhaps, burn in less than an hour; cut into shavings and allow a strong wind to throw them into the air — or in any way keep the chips comparatively well separated from each other — and the log would, perhaps, be consumed in two or three minutes; and if ground into fine dust or powder, and blown into the air, a single match would burn in less than a second.

CETEWAYO.

A cable dispatch says that Cetewayo, the ex-king of Zululand, is the lion of the hour in London. He is said to be much pleased with the prospect of even a partial restoration to his kingdom, with a British Resident at his capital as political dry nurse. He leaves England for Africa in about three weeks. It is remarked that nothing is better calculated to demonstrate the completeness of the change of front implied in the present project of the Colonial Office than a passage from Sir Garnet Wolseley's address to the Zulu chiefs, a passage setting forth the principles heretofore followed by the British authorities in dealing with the conquered nation. "Our war," Sir Garnet told them, "has not been with the Zulu people, but with Cetewayo, who, while he ruled over Zululand, had suffered neither life nor property to be safe, and had fettered the legitimate marriage of the youth by the unbearable evil of a pitiless military despotism. Under this barbarous misgovernment men and women had been killed and kraals mocked without respect to justice. But we have now conquered Cetewayo, the author of all this suffering, and driven him to be a fugitive in the bush; and the Queen of England has determined that he shall never again rule over the Zulu nation." This was the prevailing impression of the time. The Zulu sovereign was regarded as a monster, but a change of opinion has been brought about by those who have met the King at Capetown, and by Lady Florence Dixie, correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph*, Mr. Francis Colenso, and other trustworthy contributors to the London It is now understood that the ex-K ing possesses many estimable qualities. Mr. Colenso — whose opportunities of knowledge have of course come largely from his father, the well-known Bishop of Natal — demonstrates on irrefutable evidence, that the rule of Cetewayo was not only the most firm and orderly, but the most equitable and humane, that has ever existed among the Kaffirs. Under his sway his countrymen were happy, as they had never been before, and as they have certainly not been since. The truths brought to the knowledge of the British Government through the press have been not a little fortified by the innumerable delegations and political pamphlets from Zululand to Natal with the common aim of securing the restatement of the deposed sovereign. Even of the thirteen chiefs among whom the country was divided, and who form a solid point of view have everything to gain by the *status quo*, all but four concur in the earnest request for Cetewayo's restoration to power. The most violent opponent of this popular movement is a renegade Englishman, John Dunn, who has exercised more authority than any other of the thirteen chiefs created by Sir Garnet Wolseley, and who seems to have imagined that Zululand would ultimately fall to him as sole ruler. It now turns out that this Dunn had for years dealt less thoroughly with Cetewayo, having, in the fe ction of bamgorator, given such a pervasi ; to the K ng's replies to demands presented by the English or the Hollanders as would be likely to involve him in hostilities with his white neighbors. It will be remembered that one pretext for the war made on Cetewayo was a quarrel about boundaries with the Transvaal Republic. That the Boers believe that the dispute was largely founded on a misunderstanding due to a dishonest version of the Zulu ruler's language, may be inferred from the fact that the Transvaal Volksraad in its recent session strongly approved of the proposal to restore Cetewayo. And Mr. Jourdan, a gentleman and a native officer in the Helanter Republic, has declared in a published letter to President Kruger that "it would be highly conducive to the welfare of the whole of South Africa that matters in Z. ld nd should be established on a satisfactory and sound basis, and that, in my opinion, is only to be effected by liberating and reinstating in his rights the captive Zulu King." It is only, he adds, by this act of justice that England can regain the confidence of South African people.

THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS.

The business of the Postal Savage Bank is now in a more prosperous condition than ever before. It is well said that the state of these coffers affords a true index of the condition of the people themselves, and that no sign is more to be relied on. Judged by this rule, the people of Canada are to-day exceptionally pepperous. The Post Office Savings Bank was first established in Canada in 1868. At the end of June of that year, which completed the fiscal year 1867 68, the number of post offices which had savings banks connected with them was 81. On the 30th of June of the following year the number was 213. On the 30th of June last it was 308. The number of accounts open on the 30th of June, 1869, was 7,212; the number open on the 30th of June, 1882, was 5 463. The total amount of deposits received during the year ending 30th June, 1869, was $1,347,901; while during the year ending 30th June, 1882, the amount deposited reached $6,435,989.

The following is the amount of deposits received each year since the establishment of the banks:—

Three months ending 30th June, 1868	$ 212,567
Year ending 30th June, 1869	227,855
" " 1870	1,347 791
" " 1871	1,947,876
" " 1872	2,281,631
" " 1873	2,306,918
" " 1874	2,949,294
" " 1875	1,942,340
" " 1876	1,720,304
" " 1877	1,571,009
" " 1878	1,734,371
" " 1879	1,973,243
" " 1880	2,720,516
" " 1881	4,175,042
" " 1882	6,435 989

The same satisfactory condition is reported from other savings banks. During the last fiscal year the late Government were in office the number of new accounts opened was 10,055; in 1879 there was a slight decrease—10,755; in 1880 the number increased to 14,407; in 1881 to 18,731; and in 1882 to 25,778. The cost of management last year was $29 245 65. It is gratifying to observe that notwithstanding this great increase in the business, the cost of management last year, in proportion to the increase in the business transacted, showed a decrease. The only losses reported are $6,126 67 in 1878, and $391 last year. On the 30th of June last the amount to the credit of depositors, inclusive of interest allowed, was $9,473,661 53 In no previous year until 1881 did the amount on deposit reach $4,000,000. The amounts standing at the credit of each year since the 30th of June, 1869, were as follows:—

30th June, 1869	$ cts 856,814 25
" 1870	1,688,548 36
" 1871	2,497,259 65
" 1872	3,606 500 01
" 1873	3,207,051 57
" 1874	3 204 905 46
" 1875	2,926,090,48
" 1876	2,740,982 29
" 1877	2 639,937 47
" 1878	2,754 484 08
" 1879	3,105,190 59
" 1880	3,945 669 11
" 1881	6,268 226 27
" 1882	9,473 661 53

The amount of interest allowed on deposits increased from $21,094.72 in 1869, to $291,065 07 in 1882.

Montreal *Witness*:—Was it the hot weather that killed a hundred and seven infants in Montreal last week, or the change of weather, or was it brewers and richmond grits?

A BAD HABIT.

When there have been so many disastrous boiler explosions both on the water and on land, arising either from careless attendance or some unsuspected weakness in the iron, it seems strange that steam-head racing should be for a moment tolerated. Yet in the Bay of Quinte this class of contest has been described in the papers as if it were an event to be looked forward to with pleasurable excitement. There is a little boat on the St. Clair River also whose managers seem to think racing a proper pastime. She is called the Parmelia. The report intimates that whenever another steamer comes along this vessel steams up alongside, fussing noisily and doing her best to get up a trial of speed. Now, such contests are not, we believe, new-a-days ushered upon save by the inspired idiots of the lake. There have been too many ill consequences of this kind of thing in times past, both to life and property, to make any repetition of them desirable on our waters.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The feasibility of constructing freight cars to carry the enormous weight of 30 tons of freight was favorably discussed at the master car builders' convention, and a practical experiment has already been made on the Union Pacific road, a car containing 1,000 bushels of wheat having been run from Solomon City, Kan., to Kansas City. The peculiarity of this car is a central truck, by means of which it is claimed that all freight cars can carry from 50 to 100 per cent. additional weight.

Winnipeg Times:—And now the Grit shouts in Ontario are calling Mr. David Blake a "sore head," a "traitor to the party," and other hard names. Twas always thus. The moment a man has the independence to express an opinion of his own, the party whip is laid to his back with unsparing hand, and he is denounced as everything that is bad. Mr. Blake suffers in good company, for were not Baldwin, Sandfield Macdonald, Cartier, Foley, Spence and other leading men similarly treated?

Various experiments have been made for months past with the "electrical phonograph," as it is called, the result appearing to show the success of the contrivance for composing and reproducing tunes which are played on the piano. Each key has a separate wire connected with it, and the breaking of a note on the piano makes an electric contact which lasts as long as the note is depressed. The wires pass to a cylinder revolving toothed wheels, and the passage of the current through a particular wire brings the corresponding key of the cylinder with a moving band of paper, and continues to ply off bits of paper as long as the contact is passing. The result is that, after a piece has been played, the band of paper is marked with holes and slits corresponding to the notes. To reproduce the music, the paper is passed between a metal rod and a number of springs, each one connected with a note on the pianoforte. When any hole or slit is opposite a certain spring contact it made with the metal rod, a current passes through the corresponding wire, and acting upon an electro magnet, it strikes the same key whose depression had originally cut the hole in the paper.

The Edison Company state that they now have 16,000 lamps burning in eighty hotels and factories in the United States, and are filling new orders at the rate of 100 lamps a day. Their lights are now used in the Wamsutta Mills, New Bedford; Warumbo Mills, Lisbon Falls; Pemberton Mills, Lawrence; Germania Mills, Holyoke; King Philip, Connecticut, Bemo and Laurel Lake Mills, Fall River; also in the offices of the Boston *Herald*, Philadelphia *Ledger*, Philadelphia *Record*, Columbus *Journal*, and Davenport *Gazette*. The Edison light is also burning on the steamship City of Worcester of the Norwich Line; the Columbia and Queen of the Pacific, of the Oregon Line; and the Carolina, running from Baltimore to Norwich. The lighting of the large district of one mile square between Nassau street and the East River, in New York city, will be begun this month, the machinery and conductors being entirely completed and in place. The bonds, the Edison Company say, are entirely satisfactory, and beyond their expectations.

Prejudice Kills.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery under the care of several of the best (and some of the worst) physicians, who gave her disease various names but no relief, and now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had pooh-ed at for two years, before using it. We earnestly hope and pray that no one else will let their sick suffer as we did, on account of prejudice against so good a thing as Hop Bitters."—The Parents.—*Telegram*.

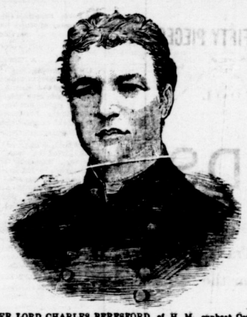
A CANADIAN BRIGHTON.

Its English Types and Habits—Contrasts of Amusement and British Bather—Diversions on Land and Water.

Correspondence of the Evening Post.

Cacouna, Province of Quebec, August 12, 1882.

At this place of writing, on a steep but prettily wooded bluff 130 miles from Quebec down the St. Lawrence, is the largest and fairest of Canadian summer resorts. Even the New Englander, attached as he may be to the social charms of his mountains, must confess that Cacouna has an environment of beauty hard to match. Along the bluff a hundred feet above the twinkling river runs the village, stretching two miles along a single street lined with hotels, the cottages of wealthy burghers from Montreal or Quebec, and the small dwellings of the French Canadians who make up two-thirds of the population of the township. Southward the eye ranges for over clean meadows and tufted woods, east and west the St. Lawrence reaches to the horizon, while northward across the river, here twenty-one miles wide, a bold range of mountains juts in peaks, some of them more than 5,000 feet high. These mountains, including the famous Saguenay range, line the river until lost in the distance, and under the cloud shadows of noonday and the later sunset tints—peculiarly brilliant in these northern regions—form a changeful and charming background. A little bay, fishermen's huts, patches of black seaweed, and a sweet beach complete the picture of Cacouna, which, barring its distant mountains, reminds one strikingly of the more famous English Brighton; though this is a Brighton seen through the big end of a telescope impressive in its stintlinde, only the shallitude smaller in its details.



COMMANDER LORD CHARLES BERESFORD, of H. M. gunboat Condor, recently promoted for bravery before Alexandria.

BRITISH TYPES OF VISITORS.

Tourists from the United States, or, in Kanuck phrase, "the States," rarely visit Cacouna. A glance through the register of St. Lawrence Hall, with its two hundred guests, shows the names of not more than half-a-dozen fellow-countrymen visiting here during the last fortnight. Of the rest of the sojourners perhaps a dozen are French-Canadians of wealth, while the great mass are either English visitors or Canadians so thoroughly Anglicized that they cannot be known apart. It is as if a slice of a British watering-place, a section of some Essex borough or Brighton, were lifted bodily, shifted across the Atlantic, and planted in Canada. English tones, habits and form show themselves in everything. The stick and pipe, saloon rods, willow hampers, hat-boxes, solo-leather trunks, the decimal ball pup, the inevitable bath-tub, even the embroidered cover of the teapot bespeak the nationality of the visitors. The men are hearty, robust fellows, full-bearded, red-cheeked and accustomed with outdoor sport; the elderly ladies of plump, motherly aspect, heavy in movement, and sedate aim as to austerity; the children, a legion in number, lively, cheerable and longhaired. The voices are those age of the peculiar British low key and rising inflection. In short, everybody talks English, and, from all outward appearance, is English. It produces a singularly grotesque effect on one's consciousness to be here within two days' journey of Saratoga or Newport, yet environed by elements as thoroughly foreign as one can find anywhere in the mother country.

OUR GIRLS AND ENGLISH GIRLS.

Coming here quickly from Mount Desert or Saratoga, one has a rare chance to contrast the American belle with her British cousin. Each in a sense must suffer in the comparison. The English lady is often comely, rarely pretty, very rarely indeed what we call handsome. In both variety and degree of beauty of face our American girls beat these English out of sight. The type of English beauty is indeed very indefinable. It is almost always a bungled Saxon-haired ideal, with an oval, rosy face that expresses good temper and the quiet grasses of the home. Our finds soldiers, on either here at Cacouna or in England, what we call the "haughty" or hawk-eyed type are very far from brunettes as a rule. In her fair skin, her straight figure, her well-poised head, and her general physical aspect, the English girl leaves ours far behind. In Charnolle's eye we were struck by what a man was forced to retire. Severity with judgment was illustrated in the direction to remove a barking dog from the court room. The wrong animal was seized by the officer, and the majesty of the law was vindicated in a New England farm-house, only opened for a wedding or a funeral. What has it would be to hear one of our clever and dreary American girls dissect the attire of a Cacouna belle! Of that vague but effective thing called "style," both of manner and dress, the English girl has little or none. In speech, too, she enunciates badly with her American sister. She talks mechanically, uses phrases like "It's nice, isn't it?" over and over again, and never seems bright and vivacious. But probably this is to be charged to the habit of a country which keeps its girls out of society until twenty-five or two years old; calls feminine clever-ness "bad form," and enforces always suitably reserve. The English girl is said to be better educated than the American. She rarely slips her grammar, writes a good letter, and has more than a smattering of the languages. As a final proposition, it may be boldly asserted that if we could transfer the American girl's head, brains and all, to the English girl's body, the product would be a Girl of the Period, supreme and irresistible.

AMUSEMENTS.

The daily round of quiet pleasure at Cacouna conforms pretty closely to that of the American seaside: a drive during the morning in carriage or dog-cart, billiards, bowling and lawn-tennis or a picnic; at noon, or as near noon as the tide permits, the daily bath in the river; in the afternoon a drive or horse-back ride; in the evening a rather demure dance. Now and then comes a concert with performers from Quebec, or an entertainment for local charities, in which the dance and damsels at the cottages take a profound interest. One of the lions on the way, announcing a concert for aid of a parsonage fund. In its phrase, "Under the direct patronage of Lady Macdonald," illustrious one of the common conceits of this intensely English life. The river bathing at Cacouna is indifferent at best, but curious as showing English seaside habits. The St. Lawrence, brackish and without breakers, with its eighteen-foot tide, has to be taken at the flood on the narrow shore, or not at all. The ladies and gentlemen bathe usually apart, but sometimes together, in tall, pointed straw hats of an Alpine pattern, which, decorated with red or blue ribbon, gives a singularly picturesque effect. These English and semi-English girls, I hear, become excellent swimmers, and, in truth, rival the men in almost any sport they may essay. I have seen one of them who plays lawn tennis with the suppleness of a gymnast, the precision of a marksman, and, withal, as little visible emotion as a clam.

ATMOSPHERIC ILLUSIONS.

What lends, perhaps, its chief charm to Cacouna is its wonderful air. Cool and bracing, never rising to sultry degrees, and seldom even to eighty, its clearness and purity are phenomenal. On the St. Lawrence it produces illusions scarcely less wonderful than the atmospheric tricks of Colorado or Utah. The steamships across the river, twenty-one miles distant, are brought seemingly to within two or three miles, and just as the day darkens they appear not more than a mile away. Sometimes trees or houses can be made out distinctly, and the eye finds it hard to accept the deceit. For weekly visitors the air is said to be a panacea, and if one can believe the stories, a belle of 18 must down to Rather strong would rival the Fresh Air Fund. Coming down here from Riviere du Loup, we met scores of these ruddy, stout-limbed English young-sters under circumstances which illustrate one of the Cacouna diversions. On the road ahead of us loomed up what seemed a grove of trees drawn by horse-power. As it drew near it resolved itself into a huge platform on wheels stuck all over with green trees, and ensconced amid the branch were a dozen bright-faced little lads and lasses en route to a picnic. The galaxy of comely youngsters smiling on us from their moving forest made a pretty pastoral picture not soon to be forgotten.

Cacouna can be reached by rail and a five hours' journey from Quebec, where just now the hotel registers are four-fifths filled with American names. The resort is almost opposite the mouth of the Saguenay, and visitors on their return thence can disembark at Riviere du Loup, reaching Cacouna after a four-mile drive on a picturesque road. If they wish to study the traits, habits and character of an English watering place they can find them here in all their purity, without any discomforts of 3,000 miles of ocean journey.

A BRAVE GIRL.

How a Servant Saved Her Employer's Property and Captured a Burglar.

New York, August 19.—It is customary among the wealthy classes who leave town during the summer to look up their house, notify the captain of their precinct to look after the family plate and other valuables and depart in fancied security. The records will show how often they have been deceived as be the vigilance of the police. Some people have trusted them and sharp witted servants in charge of their residences and return at the end of the season to find everything in its place. Which is the better plan, with all due deference to the guardians of the law, can be inferred from the following story:—Mr. William Armstrong is a leather dealer in "The Swamp," and he resides at No. 105 Madison avenue. He and his family spend the heated term out of town. During their absence the custodian of their mansion has been a tried and true servant named Annie Lesser. Annie is a young German girl, slender and apparently delicate, but possessing great firmness of mind and wonderful nerve. In like the average servant girl—to whom the sole occupancy of her employer's house means a perpetual picnic—Annie devoted her whole time and attention to the care and protection of the property she had been left to guard. She never left the house unless necessity compelled her. On Tuesday evening, shortly after 7 o'clock, such an emergency arose. Knowing that she would be absent but a minute, she pulled the basement door to, but she did not lock it. She then hurried out upon her errand. On her return she saw a man coming up the basement stairs, his arms laden with Mr. Armstrong's plate. The ordinary woman would have screamed for the police and then gone into hysterics. Annie is not an ordinary woman. Her impulse prompted her to dispense with the services of the blue coats and to depend entirely upon herself. She sprang through the gate and grabbed the intruder by the throat. He was taken at a disadvantage, as the attack was unexpected, but he attempted to free himself with his left arm, the other still holding the stolen silverware. Her hold was no secure. He dropped his plunder, and by using both hands broke from her grasp and vaulted over the railing. He and Annie met on the sidewalk simultaneously. He struck the girl in the face, and she threw both arms around his body. It was no lovers' embrace. He tripped her and both fell heavily to the pavement.

A DETERMINED STRUGGLE.

Then the contest began in dead earnest. Each grappled for as bright advantage, no breaking her hold. Both were breathing heavily, and the girl's strength was fast deserting her, when a man and an athlete, and prostrated nineteen out of twenty women. Annie went into the house, washed her hands and face, combed her hair, slipped on another dress and walked to the station house to make a complaint against the burglar, who said he was Joseph Williams, of Albany. When this was done she walked out coolly and commodly and returned to her home. She slept well during the night and had no need of medical attendance.

In the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday she came up smiling and as "fresh as a daisy," showing not a sign of the ordeal through which she had passed. She was modest and reticent and disinclined to talk about the matter, leading the spectators to infer that she considered she had done nothing but what her duty demanded. Williams looked as if he had had a tussle with a threshing machine. Justice Ford committed him for trial. The stolen property was found in the front courtyard of the house, where Williams had dropped it.

Novelties in Wedding Music.

A lady traveller just from the South tells of attending a stylish wedding of colored persons. The groom was a short, thin specimen of humanity, the bride immense and robust. As the pair sailed up the aisle of the church, with a train that swept away in the rear like the tail of a comet, the choir sang with all the race fervor "Broad am de road that leads to death," to the great amusement of the few whites privileged to be present. This, however, is equalled by the experience of a country parson's wife not far away, who was requested to play a wedding march at a funeral, the mourners knowing no difference between it and a dirge. At a recent wedding in Hampshire County the hymn, "Sister, thou wast mild and lovely," was sung as specially fitting the occasion.—*Boston Journal*.

London *World*:—"Modern democracy has as little sympathy with the old staid Puritanism in warfare — the spirit that animated the troops of Cromwell—as it has with Puritanism in religion or politics. Something more than the savant worker is required. He must be a quick and intelligent person, who objects to lifting his light under a bushel, and who loses no opportunity of giving the world to understand that he is an uncommonly clever fellow, whose vocabulary has no such word as failure."

An English authority on good manners says:—"It is fashionable to speak of lunch as the meal at any particulars to good breeding would call it luncheon."

New Advertisements.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE
C. J. WHITNEY.....LESSEE AND MANAGER.
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23rd.
Haverley's European
COLORED MINSTRELS
THIRTEEN MONTHS of Uninterrupted SUCCESS in Europe in ENGLAND, IRELAND and SCOTLAND, arriving in America last Sunday, Crowned with the Laurels of a HUNDRED British Pronounced Popular Prizes. Reserve Seats at Murray's.
Sept. 1st and 2nd—BERTHA WELBY.
H192

THE BISHOP STRACHAN SCHOOL,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
WYKEHAM HALL, COLLEGE AVE. - - TORONTO.
MICHAELMAS TERM OPENS WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6th. The annual fee for boarders is from $264 to $320, including tuition in all subjects, except Music and Painting, for which the best talent is secured. The accommodation for pupils is improved, the building having been refitted. For particulars please apply to MISS GRIER, the Lady Principal. H18 tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned till noon on the 30th inst., for the erection of THREE TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSES ON TALBOT ST., FOR GEORGE HOLMAN, ESQ.
Plans, &c., may be seen at the office of the Architects. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
WATSON & CONSTANTINE, Architects, &c., King street.
London, 19th August, 1882. dv

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Manitoba & the Great North-west.
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6TH.
A SPECIAL SETTLERS' TRAIN will leave Ottawa and Brockville on the above date, for Winnipeg, Minnedosa, Qu'Appelle and all points in Manitoba, Mid-western District. This train will have comfortable, unincumbered cars for the exclusive use of those who wish to travel with their families while accompanying their stock.
A special agent will accompany the train.
Wait and Take the Popular Route.
Rds. For particulars apply to the Company's Agents. J. HICKSON, General Manager.
Montreal, 8th August, 1882 H162w6

GUION MAIL LINE.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE world-renowned Steamers, ALASKA AND ARIZONA, of this popular line, will leave New York for Liverpool as follows:
ARIZONA.....August 26, 12.00 a.m.
ALASKA.....Sept. 12, 1 p.m.
Apply immediately for berths to F. S. CLARKE, Agent, 126 Richmond st., London.
G163ths

ESTATE OF
McLENNAN & FRYER
OF LONDON.
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS for sale, by private tender, at a rate on the dollar, the first class stock of plumbing and gas fitting materials belonging to the above estate, in the book debts will be sold in the manner. Tenders will be received for stock and book debts together, or for each separately up to and inclusive of the twenty-second instant. Stock, about $7,000; book debts amounting to $2,143.34. Stock, stock book, and list of book debts may be seen at late place of business of said firm, Dundas street, London, Ont. Terms cash. Arrangements may also be made with the Assignee for the purchase of the business and premises of the said firm.—JAMES BURNS, Assignee, London, Ont.
London, August 16, 1882. H162t

COAL AND WOOD.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEG leave to notify the public that they have secured the Coal and Wood yard recently occupied by Thomas Mann, corner York and Waterloo streets. We intend keeping a FIRST-CLASS STOCK OF COAL AND WOOD, and hope by strict attention to business and upright dealing to merit a share of public patronage. Give us a trial.
H8tu W. STRATHDEE & SON.

MILITIA SUPPLIES.
TENDERS IN DUPLICATE WILL be received by the undersigned, at London, up to 11 o'clock a. m., on Friday, August 25 h, for the supply of such quantity of Oats, Hay and Straw as may be required for the Militia Force, during the year 1883, or for any portion of that time. Forms of tender and all other particulars can be had on application at the office of the undersigned. The supply of oats and hay for the Militia Horses in Brantford, Woodstock, Ingersoll, Simcoe, Strathroy, Chatham, Sarnia, Petrolea, Wyoming, Watford, Forest, Wallaceburg, Dresden, Ridgetown, Tilbury, Windsor, Amherstburg, Leamington, Kingsville, Essex Centre, Harrow, Belle River, Comber, Tilbury Centre, Blenheim, Thamesville, Dover Centre, Wardsville, Glencoe, Alvinston

SAVE YOUR HANDS

By Doing Your Washing with Churcher's Premier Soap.

By our system a Soap is produced, which does not injure or inflame the skin, but leaves it cool and soft, while the washing properties of the Soap are improved, and makes it the best and cheapest Soap for general purposes.

We recommend CHURCHER'S WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP for the nursery, bath and fine clothes. Both Soaps are pleasantly perfumed. Made by Thomas Churcher & Co., Stanton Soap Works, Clarence street, London.

Notes, Cheques and Drafts,

INVOICE, NOTE AND

LETTER HEADINGS

and all kinds of

Business and Bankers' Stationary,

—AT—

LITHOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING

DEPARTMENT,

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, August 23, 1882.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

"If I say another word she will dissolve into tears again," thought Angus. "I shall have to leave Mount Royal;—a man in weak health is no match for a young woman of this type. She will get me into a corner and clutch. I have scented it her."

His gut up and went over to the table, where Mr. Maxwell was busily finishing the game, with a look which had left Dopsy no for flirtation during the last ten minutes.

Mr. Hemleigh played in the next game, but this hardly interested him, and when Dopsy now took her sister's place with the cue, and requested it to "somewhere to be very strong," he was somewhat at a loss to guess in position, now and then, by Angus, when the ball was under the table, and the game was thereby difficult. This heightened the pain and bored Angus considerably, heightening him stillmore in the eyes of the other three men.

"I hate playing with lovers," muttered Leonard, under his breath, when Dopsy was especially worrying about the exact point at which she was to hit the ball for a particular purpose.

"Doubtless I must get away to-morrow," returned Angus.

"He grows cool as mortify enough, and you only just over when the stable clock struck eleven, at which hour the servants brought in a tray with a beautiful supper cleared for view, and a siphon for vichy. The Miss Maxwells were persuaded to sip a very good-night, were persuaded to sip a little of the hot spiced wine, and were half inclined to do so, when Angus, who was utterly offered by Mr. Montague's ill, warned by a wink from Jack, they drew up sadly, declared they had been quite long enough, declared they had been quite so awfully dissipated, that they should be too late to visit Mrs. Trugonell good-night, and slipped away.

"Awfully jolly girls, those sisters of Jack's," remarked Angus, as he closed the door which he had opened for the departure of each, and strolled back to the hearth, where Jack was standing with his back to the fire. Rundle—her dog! How many a happy day he's received comfort charged with the love of his mistress! Rundle, who had been the only Dido lavished on the young Jessamine in the dead weakness of the weary night.

Jack Maxwell's face had long been of serious gravity, delighted at having the table to themselves.

"Yes, they're nice girls," answered Mr. Vandeleur, without looking up at the table; "just the right kind of girls for a country house; no shams, no pretensions, but as fresh as health, and as true-hearted—that, they are all heart. I suppose there will be no anybody left with either of them? It would be a very comforting for me, and it would be a very comforting for me, and it would be a very comforting for me, and it

J. M. LONGAN & CO.

ARRIVED.

SHIP BLANDINA
SHIP BELLEVUE
SS. BARCELONA
1256 PKS. WINE

which we will sell to the trade in bond or duty paid.

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

PATENT MEDICINES

Still Selling at Reduced Prices

—AT—

STRONG'S DRUG STORE

184 Dundas St., London.

Special attention given to dispensing Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Open on Sundays for dispensing

Imported Wines and Brandies for medicinal use only.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, August 22, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL

London, Tuesday, Aug. 22, 1882.
Sun rises....5.51 a.m. | Moon rises....1.56 p.m.
Sun sets....7.20 p.m. | Moon sets....11.37 p.m.
Day of the year—234th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full moon	1st	3.19 p. m
Last quarter	9th	1.51 a. m
New moon	16th	5.33 p. m
First quarter	23rd	10.53 p. m

THREATENED STORMS.

Vennor writes:—"There is likely to be a severe storm period on the lower lakes toward the close of the present month and entry of September. These storms may commence shortly after the 25th of the month, but more probably close to the 27th and 28th days. Similar disturbance are also indicated, by my system, along the New Jersey coast, and southward to and beyond Charleston on the Atlantic coast."

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Aug. 21, 1 a. m.—Since last night there has been a slight decrease in pressure over Canada, but it is still everywhere abnormally high. The barometer continues lowest over the North-west territories, and in many parts of Ontario and Nova Scotia; where the weather is fine. For the lakes—Light to moderate winds, mostly south-east and south-west; generally fair weather; local showers; stationary or higher temperature.

A TREAT.—All lovers of negro minstrel performances should not forget that to-morrow night Haverley's Colored Minstrels appear at the Grand Opera House. They have just returned from an extended British tour, during everywhere received with enthusiasm. The performance here will be marked by several new features and will doubtless command a large audience. The press everywhere speak in high terms of the show.

A ROW.—Yesterday morning three residents of London West, Mike Ward, Jack Ward and Dan Sinclair, entered the barroom of Jerry McDonald's hotel during his absence, and endeavored to create a disturbance. They were intoxicated, and got into an altercation with a colored man, who was attacked and knocked down without provocation, and upon the latter tender-hearted party he shared a similar fate. Ultimately a constable was summoned, but the roughs had quieted down before his arrival.

PROPOSED CHANGES.—It is understood on good authority that the affairs of the G and Trunk Railway offices on Burwell street in this city are now being closed up, and that within a month the old offices and freight shed will be closed up and the entire business transferred to the late Great Western buildings, where the operations of the joint roads will in future be carried on. It is also stated that in a few weeks all trains will run into the Richmond street depot, and that Mr. Brown has been appointed freight agent for the amalgamated offices.

THE ATLANTICS.—The Atlantic base ball team, of St. Thomas, still continue to assert their supremacy of defeats. They played at Asbury City, N. Y., on Friday and Saturday (the days on Friday being:—Atlantic City, 8; Atlantics, 1. On Saturday it was:—Atlantic City, 2; Atlantics, 0. Yesterday they met and beat the Reading, Pa., team, and a special dispatch says of the game:—"The Atlantics suffered a bad defeat, and the victory of the home club was most complete, the St. Thomas team being practically out of the game at an early stage. The score at the close of the game stood:—Readings, 18; Atlantics, 3." In consequence of the firms employing some of the members requiring their services at once, the Atlantics are compelled to disband next Sunday, and will be accorded a fitting reception. They will probably play on St. Thomas with the Syracuse team on Monday and Tuesday of next week, and there is some talk of an exhibition game being given at Tecumseh Park on Wednesday, 30th inst., by the two clubs. During their tour they have won ten and lost thirteen games.

LOCAL NOTICES.

We beg to call attention of the trade to opening announcement of D. McCall & Co., wholesale millinery and fancy dry goods, Toronto. It is needless for us to say anything in regard to this enterprising firm, the name being a household word in the trade. Their success in the wholesale department has been most extraordinary, doing as they do to-day one of the largest and most successful trades in their line in the Province. So fast has their business increased that they have found it necessary to open a branch in Winnipeg. He is a live, energetic man at the wheel is Mr. Blackley.

THE BISHOP STRACHAN SCHOOL.—This Toronto educational institution opens for the Michaelmas term on Wednesday, 6th September. The governing body of the school is composed of the Lord Bishop of Toronto, and a council composed of clergy and laity. A large staff of teachers is engaged, and the forthcoming calendar is very full of new matter.

FRENCHMEN BROS. purchased the confectionery and bakery business from H. H Grace, 519 Richmond street, on the 15th inst., Same bakers. Same quality of bread. Ice cream parlor open every evening. Come early and often. The above does not in any way affect our Seeley Machine business on Dundas street. W. R. FRENCHMEN, Manager.

Buy your trunks and valises at SCARROW'S, and you will be happy. Fact!

Ladies in city will find a beautiful assortment of silver jewellery, at jewellery, and the best selected stock of colored gold and fancy jewellery in the west at MERRYS. Seventeen cases silverware, two cases cutlery just received. Prices low and goods guaranteed at this establishment.

LAWN MOWERS, best in the market. Garden shears and tools; paints, carpet felt, curtains, wringers, washing machines, mangles.—BROWN & MORRIS, Hardware, 316 Dundas street.

Rubber hose of best quality, nozzles, couplings, hose reels, lawn rakes, garden shears. T. HUBBERT MANER, 167 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tank Puller. Pulls a tank out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HUBBERT MANER, 167 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received direct from Hornby & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 97 Dundas street.

A. J. BREMNER, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

Have you seen the new lemon squeezers, the newest and best pattern in the market. A large assortment of trays and waiters at all prices. T. HUBBERT MANER, 167 Dundas street

For Hot Weather.

Robert Wallace, clothier, is showing a large lot of light coats, very tastily made. They are of blue and grey serge, Russel cords, Hallands and ducks. His stock of light textures for custom trade is very choice, and his work is always turned out up to a high standard. Give Wallace a trial.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

Cherry Grove Post Office, East Middlesex, has been closed.

The township of Hallett Branch Agricultural Society will hold their show in the town of Clinton on September 19 and 20.

Mr. William Skalley, formerly of the firm of E. R. & W. Skalley, of Waterford, died at San Bernardino, California, on the 2nd of August.

Michael Slattery was arrested by County Constable Pope on Monday upon a charge of throwing stones at the house of Mrs. Flotton. He was remanded.

A match has been arranged between T. Farley and P. C Guthrie, for three standing jumps The contest will take place on the Tecumseh Park on September 1st.

The following New Post Offices were opened in Ontario on the 1st of August:—Beech Base, South Norfolk; Big Point, Kent; Rockstead and Colquhoun, Dundas

The fall show in connection with the Delaware Agricultural Society will be held at the village of Delaware on the 10th of October. Over $500 will be given in prizes.

The merchants owning property on Talbot street, St. Thomas, between William and Stanley streets, are about to have a cedar-block pavement laid down in front of their premises.

A base ball match was played at St. Thomas yesterday afternoon between the Alerts, of this city, and the Maple Leafs, of that place, resulting in favor of the latter by a score of 13 to 2.

A square trot comes off on the Parkhill Driving Park on Tuesday, 29th instant, to commence at Midnight, owned by Dongly, of the Royal, and Conn, owned by Johnson, of Thedford; $100 a side.

The tonsorial artists of St. Thomas have issued a proclamation to the effect that after the first of September they will charge twenty cents for hair-cutting, and only 10 for shaving on Sunday.

The old Atlantics are making arrangements for a game of base ball with the Petrolea team, to take place the last of this month or the first of next. They also play at Chatham some time next week.

A ten-mile square heel-and-toe match came off at the Skating Rink, Parkhill, on Tuesday, 29th last., between Fred. Robinson, a brother of Alby, of Parkhill, and John Morgan, the Thedford athlete, $50 a side.

A deaf and dumb man arrived here from the west yesterday afternoon, and complained to the police that he had been robbed of $3 on the train while asleep. He could give no clue by which the guilty parties might be identified.

A man named William Mason was arrested yesterday by Detective Pearl upon a charge of vagrancy. He has been thrice convicted, and had spent some time in the Central Prison for vagrancy, larceny and damaging property.

The press representatives leave Montreal to-day; arrive in Chicago morning of 23rd, remaining one days; arrive in St. Paul 25th, same one day; arrive in Winnipeg on evening of 26th, afterwards visiting Brandon and Portage la Prairie.

It is understood to be probable that the Queen's Plate will be run for on the Wood bine course next summer, at least so says the *Toronto Globe*. Unfortunately, when the *Globe* speaks on sporting matters, it is undertaking what it is blissfully ignorant of.

A youth named Smith placed his hand upon the door casing of a coach on the excursion train returning from Port Huron on Saturday evening, and a passenger shut the door hurriedly, smashing the boy's fingers so badly that they will have to be amputated.

Messrs. James Fullerton, editor of the *Poultry Review*, and Richard F. Banks, were yesterday unanimously elected to fill vacancies in the representation of No 1 Ward in the Town Council of Strathroy. The vacancies occurred by the removal of W. H. Saul to Dakota, and C. G. Scott to Manitoba.

After the excursion steamer Omar D. Conger had left the wharf at Sarnia on Saturday evening, a lady chanced to observe that her child, a girl about 12 years of age, had been left upon the dock. Upon the opposite side was reached a man was seen across the river, and the little one was returned on the following morning to the almost distressed mother.

A member of the Beaver Lacrosse Club, of Sandwich, gives as a reason why they quitted the field in their late game with the Victorias, of Norwich, that one of the players in the latter team caught a Victoria man by the throat, threw him down, and struck him twice in the face. When the matter was reported to the referee he refused to do his duty by ordering the player off the field. The Victorias accordingly refused to go on.

The Kingsville *Reporter* says that the Government inspector visited the steamer eagles boiler belonging to Mr. Lyons, which blew up, bitterly condemned it, and said that it was not capable of bearing 40 ten pounds of steam. There is likely to be an investigation, which may result in something serious for the Chatham maker. Mr. Lyons intends prosecuting the boiler men to for $10,000.

Notice has been given in the *Canada Gazette* of an application for letters patent of incorporation as the "International Weaking and Transportation Company," by the following:—John Charlton, M.P., of the village of Lynedoch, in the County of Middlesex; Thomas Charlton, of the same place; Lauchlin McCallum, of the village of Skerrow, in the County of Mesex; Samuel Alexander Murphy, of Detroit, Mich.; Robert Stewart and Geo. Washington Moore, of the same place, attorneys-at-law.

A TERRIBLE CRIME.—When the steamboat express coming west on the Great Western section of the G. T. R. arrived at Woodstock yesterday morning a constable stepped on board, and after a few minutes enquired of Conductor Dulaney concerning a young man whom he wanted. An individual answering the description given was lying on a seat with two companions, his brio being covered with an ulsterin, upon the removal of which the young man was recognized as the person wanted, and was quickly arrested. He was brought to this city and kept in the Grigg House until the officer took his prisoner homeward. It was learned that the prisoner is charged with a crime from which fatal results ensued, as it is alleged that he seduced a young girl whose home was near Princeton, and subsequently, to avoid the consequences of his conduct, persuaded his unfortunate victim to take some drugs that resulted in her death. The names of the parties concerned in the affair could not be ascertained, but further developments will follow.

RAILWAY NOTES.—A special dispatch states that Mr. Joseph Hickson, G neral Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, left Montreal yesterday morning upon a trip over the Great Western system. In company with a number of prominent officials of the Grand Trunk he arrived at Toronto by special train at 10 o'clock last night. The main object of the visit is to make definite arrangements in reference to the fusion of the Grand Trunk and Great Western lines, and the party will probably reach this city to-day or to-morrow.—It is reported that Wm. Edgar, General Passenger Agent of the Great Western Railway, is to be the General Eastern Agent at New York of the consolidated Great Western and Grand Trunk lines.

THE WESTERN FAIR.—Mr. J. R. Smyth, Secretary of the Western Fair Association, returned yesterday from St. Thomas, and leaves this morning for Buffalo on business connected with the show. He has secured on the Grand Trunk and Credit Valley railroads a rate of one fare for the return trip during Fair week, and expects to obtain a similar concession from the Canada Southern Railroad. So far, Mr. Smyth reports the Fair to give promise of excelling all previous ones in the number of entries and general excellence. He is also busy getting the bills posted.

Do not try to be witty on the lines of a hotel register.

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE.
THE MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL.
AND LIMS' FRUIT SALT

—AT—

Harkness & Co.,

Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

THE CIVIC HOLIDAY.

How the Day was Spent by the Citizens.

Excursions, Base Ball, Cricket and Quoit Matches, Etc.

There was a general exodus from the city yesterday, and the usually busy streets presented a comparatively deserted appearance. Every person who could possibly contrive to do so seemed to have been inspired with a desire to leave for a short time the heat of the western metropolis, and to seek some sylvan retreat whereat they might while away a few pleasant hours. London's civic holiday was certainly duly observed this year, all business being suspended, and the citizens, for the time being, intent only on enjoying themselves in the best manner possible. A wide field for selection was opened to them through the avenue of the

MANY EXCURSIONS

on the railways, trains being arranged to leave for all points. The excessive warmth of the day served as a stimulant, and many were delighted at the auspicious dawning of the morning, and almost from daybreak people might be seen making their way towards the depots, with the inevitable complement of baskets filled with stores of good things prepared by the ourfairer portion. At 7 o'clock two trains left at both the Burwell and Richmond street depots, and each of them presented a pleasing appearance, being filled with throngs of people, whose happy faces indicated their intention to enter upon the holiday in a spirit of enjoyment. As customary on such occasions, the Great Western division monopolized the principal portion of the crowd, and offered an excellent bill of fare for the entertainment of the citizens. From an early hour Superintendent Dawson and Station-master Turnbull had a busy time in making up and sending off the long trains, which consisting of excursionists to the points chosen for their day's outing.

THE GRAND TRUNK

contented itself with a single excursion, the objective point of which was Goderich, but this received a large complement of excursionists-seekers, who found solace in the thoughts of drinking in the breezes of the lake shore. The train consisting of an elephant coacher rolled out of the depot at 7 o'clock, with about 650 persons on board, and made a rapid trip to Goderich, where the day was spent quietly.

PORT STANLEY.

There is no pleasure resort in the Province which appears to offer greater attractions to the average plenicker than Port Stanley, and its reputation was fully maintained yesterday, for the luminous occurrence of climbers that flocked into the little village by the lake was something wonderful to proportions. Each succeeding train proved altogether too small to accommodate the crowd that clambered upon the steps, filled the seats, lined the platforms and even the roofs of the cars, and, in short, presented a solid, almost immovable mass of humanity, swattering in the heat, but undaunted by all the contrary annoyances with hercle nalgnes, and receiving with a laugh blows and bumps that would have been resented had they been deemed a fitting provocation for a fierce response. The first train rolled out of the Richmond street depot shortly after 10 o'clock, and twenty seven coaches were scarcely sufficient for the requirements of the excursionists. About two thousand people formed the living freight that was wafted lakeward, and in the afternoon they were joined by eight hundred additional people. But even this large number did not constitute the end of the crowd, as it started to take to the Port, for prior to the departure of the evening train many additional enquiries were made by citizens wishing to pass a few hours of the evening on the Fraser grounds, but who were deterred by disappointment, and forced to remain home.

AT THE PORT.

The banners waving lifefully or the hill at Port Stanley hung in drooping folds or lazily flattered their folds between the poles. By the afternoon, beginning at nine o'clock, a game of base ball was played on Tecumseh Park between the Eurekas and Beauties, and between two and three hundred ladies and gentlemen assembled to witness it. The match was an interesting one, rather one sided. The Eurekas laboured under the disadvantage of not having their regular catcher, but in all respects were out-played. The Beauties were steady, and played well together, as the score will show. They batted heavily, and in consequence of the weak fielding of their opponents managed to pile up a record of twenty-one runs. The inborns of the spectators was at all times keen, and the contested itself with a single excursion, the objective point of which was Goderich, but this received a large complement of excursionists-seekers, who found solace in the thoughts of drinking in the breezes of the lake shore. The train consisting of an elephant coacher rolled out of the depot at 7 o'clock, with about 650 persons on board, and made a rapid trip to Goderich, where the day was spent quietly.

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good players were enthusiastically cheered. Following was the score:—

BEAUTIES.

	TO	R	BH	PO	A	E
McDonald, 2b	7	2	2	0	1	1
Allison, 1b	7	3	3	9	0	1
Goulnlock, s. s	7	3	1	0	2	0
Graham, c. f	6	3	1	0	0	0
Wilson, 3b	6	3	3	1	1	0
Barnard, l. f	6	2	1	1	0	0
Hook, p	6	1	1	1	1	0
Payne, c	6	1	1	16	1	0
Emsley, r. f	6	1	1	0	0	0
	56	21	13	27	10	1

EUREKAS.

	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
McCann, 1b	5	1	2	7	0	0
Durkin, c	5	1	0	7	1	1
Sewason, s. s	5	0	1	1	2	1
Kidner, 2b	5	1	1	3	1	1
Lind, c. f	5	0	1	1	0	0
Bell, p	5	0	0	1	3	0
Pennington, l. f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Fairburn, 3b	4	1	0	0	1	1
Innes, r. f	4	0	0	1	0	1
	42	4	5	27	11	5

Innings.....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Beauties.....3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—21
Eurekas.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4

Balls called—Off Hook, 39; Bell, 34. Strikes called—Off Hook, 12; Bell, 14. Struck out—Eurekas, 9; Beauties, 5. Passed balls—Payne, 2; Durkin, 2. Double plays—Hook, Allison and Payne, 1. Three-base hits—Barnard, 1. Umpire—Thomas Gillespie. Scorer—Chas. G. Moorhead.

In the afternoon the Beaksmen engaged the Metcalfe and a good game was witnessed. The Beaksmen played well but were overmatched by their opponents, with the appended score:—

MUTUALS.

	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Shupe, c	5	1	2	7	1	1
Connors, 1 b	5	1	2	10	1	0
Kirkpatrick, 2 b	5	0	1	2	3	1
Selby, s s	5	0	1	1	2	1
Green, l f	5	0	1	1	0	0
Webb, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	1
Mantill, c f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Burns, r. f	4	0	0	0	0	1
Sparrow, p	4	0	0	0	3	0
	41	2	7	27	11	7

BRAKEMEN.

	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Morrison, 1st b	5	2	2	9	0	1
Currie, p	5	1	2	1	2	1
Cummins, s s	5	0	1	1	3	1
Wilson, 2 b	5	0	1	2	2	1
Clark, l f	4	1	0	1	0	0
Twohloock, 3rd b	4	0	0	1	1	1
Dagvin, 3d b	4	0	0	0	1	0
McCarthy, r f	4	0	0	1	0	0
McDonald, c f	4	0	0	1	0	0
	40	4	6	17	9	5

Innings.....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Mutuals.....1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2
Brakemen.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0—4

Balls called—Off Shupe, 72; Currie, 82. Strikes called—Off Shupe, 15; Currie, 8. Struck out—Mutuals, 4; Brakemen, 4. Passed balls—McIntosh, 6; Shupe, 2. Wild pitches—Shupe, 2; Currie, 3. Three-base hits—Selby, 2; Sparrow, 1. Two-base hits—Connors, 1; Mantill, 1. Double play—Durkin and Morrison. Umpire—H. McIntosh. Scorer—Chas. G. Moorhead.

Another game came off on the Palace Grounds between the Collectors and Clerks of the city Postal Department, the former coming out victorious. The Carriers' team was captained by F. W. Birmingham, and the Clerks by R. Gunn. The score was as follows:—

LETTER-CARRIERS.

	R
Nicols	0
Scranton	3
Hammond	1
Phillips	3
Ward	3
Ward	1
Birmingham	1
Bird	0
	15

P. O. CLERKS.

	R
Gunn	5
Lawless	1
Hall	0
Revoy	1
Hall	0
Tuttle	0
McNeil	0
Smith	0
O Meara	0
	7

Umpire—F. Flannery; Scorer—A. W. Birmingham.

CRICKET MATCH.

The match yesterday between the Pickwicks and the Fairbanks (nominally) resulted in a Waterloo defeat for the former. The latter, having the assistance of Tomlin and Gillson and Butler, of the defunct London club, were enabled to defeat their opponents by a total of 173 to 72. Butler's play was fine and steady batting was originally the feature of the game, his 72 in the first and a similar number in the second innings materially assisting the victors. The Pickwicks were outfielded and outbatted, and it seemed as if it was their "day off." Following is the score:—

1st Innings. 2nd Innings.

Bradley, r. Fitzgerald, b		b McLean
Gunn, c		b McLean
Gower, R., run out		b England, c
		McIntosh
Owen, J., c McIntosh, b Scratchard		c and b McLean
Gillean, T., not out		run out
Green, W., b Scratchard		b McLean
Butler, b England		b Smith
Bayly, run out		b not out
Gower, C., b Finch		b McLean
McIntosh, c Hill, b England		b McLean
Gunne, b McLean		b McLean
Byne		run out
Leg byes		Byes
Wides		Leg byes
		Wides
Total		Total

BOWLING.

Thompson, b Gunne		b Gunne
Hill, b Gunne		b Gunne
Jones, b Gunne		b Gillean
Fitzgerald, b Gillean		b Gillean
Scratchard, b Gillean		b Gillean
McLean, b Gillean		b Gillean
Harris, b Gillean		b Gillean
		Gunne
McIntosh, not out		b Gillean
England, stumped Gower		
Finch, c Gillean, b Gunne		c Bradley, b Gunne
Smith, b Gillean		b Gillean
Byne		Byes
Leg byes		Leg byes
Wides		Wides
Total		Total

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Pickwicks, 1st Innings.

	Overs	Runs	Mdns.	Wkts.
Gillean	11	16	7	7
Gunne	11	17	4	3
Second Innings.				
Gillean	11	16	4	3
Gunne	11	17	4	7

Fairbanks, 1st Innings.

	Overs	Runs	Mdns.	Wkts.
Scratchard	12	18	5	1
Finch	12	18	7	1
England	7½	12	1	1
McLean	7	9	0	1
Second Innings.				
England	5	22	0	1
Scratchard	4	7	1	0
Fitzgerald	1	7	1	0
McLean	123	11	1	6
Finch	3	6	1	0
Smith	1	17	0	0

McLean bowled superbly for the Pickwicks, securing no less than six wickets for 14 runs. Harris' fielding and throwing was much admired, as was also J. G. McIntosh and E. Gower at the wickets.

QUOITING.

A game of quoits took place in the afternoon on the Court House Square between three rinks from Hamilton and an equal number of London players. The score shows the local men to have carried everything before them. After the match the visitors were handsomely entertained by the Londoners at Martin's Hotel. The score was as follows:—

No. 1 Rink.

London—W. Fogg and H. Lewis, captains	56
Hamilton—Thompson and Shields, captains	46
Majority for London	5

No. 2 Rink.

London—M Brown and J. Fairgrieve, captains	34
Hamilton—J. Wotherton and — Downing, captains	26
Majority for London	8

No. 3 Rink

London—Sparrowhawk and Mason, captains	32
Hamilton—J. Summers and J. McCallum, captains	30
Majority for London	32
Total majority for London	73

The visitors left for home by the 11 10 train.

Pall Mall Gazette.—"There is no more revolting offence in French eyes than to show a masterful spirit in striking a human being, whether infant or adult."

...A smart boy says:—"Why am I told to count a proposition because he is old, while I am punished because I am young? He has had fifty years to learn it or get over it."

ALL THE FINEST

PERFUMES

Mary Stuart,
Young Glory,
White Rose,
Stephanotis,

—AT—

SAUNDERS' DRUG STORE

188 Dundas Street.

Faithful Services Rewarded.

The Late Organist of St. Paul's Bible Class Presented with a Handsome Gift.

Yesterday afternoon the members of the St Paul's adult Bible class presented their late organist, Miss Lyle's beads, with a very handsome silver fruit dish. Miss Davis has filled the position of organist very acceptably for a long time, and her removal from the city is the only reason for resignation. Miss Hattie Hessel made the presentation, and the following address was read by Mr. P. J. Edmunds:—

To Miss Lizzie Davis, organist of St. Paul's Bible Class, London.

DEAR FRIEND.—We, the members of St. Paul's Bible Class, take this opportunity on the occasion of your departure from London to mark our appreciation of your services to us, and for the kindness and courtesy we have always received at your hands, by presenting you with this small token of esteem. That you may long be spared to assist in working out the benevolent and Christian principles of the Bible Class, wherever Providence may cast your lot is our prayer.

Signed on behalf of the class,
P. J. EDMUNDS,
HATTIE C. HESSEL.

A TIMELY DISCOVERY

Plot Among Negroes to Massacre Whites —A Number of the Conspirators Arrested.—The Leader Shot.

Mobile, Ala., August 21.—In Choctaw County, Ala., on the 15th instant, a bundle of papers disclosing a well organized plan among negroes to kill the entire white population of that County, was found near one of their rendezvous. It was laid before a solicitor and on Wednesday a quiet meeting of citizens of Mount Sterling and Butler was called at Butler to consider the best mode for suppressing the intended outbreak and massacre. It was agreed that the ringleaders, to whom had been assigned the duties of leading squads to Butler, Mount Sterling, Daodsville, and other places, and killing all the whites in each place, should be arrested and lodged in jail. Their arrest was effected on Thursday, without disturbance as it was thought best to have a quiet meeting of citizens of all classes was called for Saturday, to decide on the fate of the prisoners.

LATER.—The plot has been in existence since 1878, and the conspirators now number four hundred. They have powder, shot and guns, and think themselves sufficiently strong to accomplish their bloody work. Sunday night had been appointed for the consummation. The papers further showed that this day was subsequently changed when the white people would be at camp meeting in the second, third and fourth counties. The meeting called for Saturday brought together about seven hundred men, among whom were about 150 negroes, who, after having the papers read, by an almost unanimous vote, decided that Will Turner was a turbulent and dangerous character, and a ringleader, five bound in the community, and that the guilty should be immediately executed. He was accordingly hanged about 1.15 p. m. in the presence of an assembled multitude. The crowd dispersed, and quiet on the Choctaw ceased. Everything was quiet on Saturday night. The other prisoners are still in jail to await further developments.

United States Items.

J. H. Porter, a leading minister of Jonesboro, Ark., was struck dumb in the pulpit Sunday night.

Joseph Dillingham and Chris Piper were drowned on Saturday morning ashore at Rockport, Me., from a vessel.

Herbert Smith, of Augusta, Me., spent $1,000 in a single night, and then committed suicide making arrangements for his funeral and appointing pall-bearers. On Friday morning he shot himself through the head fatally. The act is attributed to ill health or disappointment in love.

Advices from Chili, dated Buenos Ayres, Aug. 15, state that several skirmishes occurred between the Chilians and Peruvians in all of which the former were victorious, except in one instance, where a body of Peruvians forced Colonel Lynch to retire a thousand Peruvians, and refusing to surrender, all perished.

At Olney, Ill., on Friday night last, a passenger train on the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad became detached from a sleeper. Engineer Smith, who had no idea anything stopped the train, the sleeper struck and telescoped a passenger car. Walter Challes was killed and five others injured.

The lighter Bilbie was on Friday night boarded by river pirates near Cairo, Ill., and robbed of three hundred plates of spelter. The watchman was found asleep when the robbery was discovered. He stated he took a glass of liquor with a party he met on the barge, and supposed he was drugged.

At Portland, Oregon Mrs. Mary Petch, driving along the railroad track with her children, was run down by a locomotive, and instantly killed. Deceased had a difficulty with a neighbor named Smith, who was indicted for manslaughter.

A few weeks ago Mrs. Petch was shot at by a commissioned party, but missed. Intense excitement prevails.

McGillicuddy, Indian agent at Pine Ridge, Dakota, telegraphs to Washington, that the council of chiefs, held with the Indians voted unanimously to crush out the hostile element, and severe allegiance to the police. The agent at Osage Indian Agency, Indian Territory, writes for a fresh supply of revolver and rifle ammunition, as several hundreds of Indians without means. The small-pox epidemic is increasing.

Yesterday afternoon, Saturday, five or six man broke open the door of Eli Cox's barrom, at Ashland, Ill., and demanded the money in the drawer. Cox refused when upon it was. They got about forty dollars. The old and nobby them, and they procured rope and strung Cox up three times, each his feet in fire; burned his hands, and beat his features. Mrs. Cox and his father lived in part of the house, but were covered by revolvers. They could give no assistance. The robbers were last seen on the woods near by, and escaped.

West Indian Advices.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 11.—The policy of the Imperial Government in regarding the financial policy to be pursued by the Legislative Assembly during next session will indicate no increase in the land tax, the imposition of an income tax, a reduction of the duty on imported foodstuffs, and payment of the Florence damages. The press of the colony is discussing these points, and general indignation is manifested by all classes against the increase of the land tax and the payment of any part of the Florence damages. The colony, led by the unofficial members of the Council, will make a firm constitutional resistance to these new impositions. The income tax is looked upon favorably, because it is said nobody has any income.

Great discontent prevails in Antigua at the poor sanitary state of the towns and villages, and small-pox and yellow fever is evidently banished from Demerara.

Attempted Assassination.

Melbourne, Aug. 21.—Archbishop Goold, of the Roman Catholic Diocese here, has been shot at and slightly wounded. His assailant has been arrested. His name is O'Farrell, and he is a brother of the man who attempted to assassinate the Duke of Edinburgh at Sydney in March 1868.

FIRE FLASHES.

Rondeau, August 21.—Wm. Carnaghan's store and dwelling at Rondeau harbor was destroyed by fire about three o'clock this morning. Very little of the goods were saved. The loss is covered by insurance.

Galt, August 21.—A barn containing most of the products of two hundred acres of land belonging to Robert Ferguson, about five miles from here, in Beverley township, was burned by lightning this afternoon. Loss estimated at about $2,500; insurance not known.

London *World*.—"Political writers criticise statesmen and yet do not forfeit their friendship. It is understood that man who are sworn enemies at Westminster may be very good friends in Pall Mall and may dine with each other in peace and amity. The relations between players and critics cannot fail to be affected by the general movement. As the life of the actor is connected first, taller and more wholesome, so his sensitiveness will diminish and the social and unofficial falters by which the dramatist now finds himself encumbered will disappear."

THE LAST TWO MONTHS

over 1,000 physicians and sufferers visited the International Throat and Lung Institute, using Dr. M. Souvielle's Spirometer for the cure of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Diseases, an instrument which conveys medicinal properties direct to the parts affected, and is now used in all the leading hospitals of Europe for these terrible diseases. Parties unable to visit the Institute can be successfully treated by letter. M. Souvielle, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, and a Staff of French and English Surgeons in attendance. Call or write at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 70 Church street, Toronto, or 31 Phillips Square, Montreal.

DAVIS & ROY, established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Clocks, Watches and Plated ware, Novelties, Mineral Clocks and Ink Stands from Colorado. Give us a call.

Ladies, now is the time to have your Lace Curtains Renovated. They can be done up in first-class style at the London Steam Laundry, 93 King street, between Clarence and Wellington.—A. WORTHINGTON & CO.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
AND
WINDOW GLASS.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Fineness Guaranteed.

FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY

R. LEWIS

484 RICHMOND STREET.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Ladies' corsets in the most approved shapes cheap, at J. J. GIBBONS'.

A new stock of black cashmeres, excellent value, received at J. J. GIBBONS'.

For ladies and children's underwear call at the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Office and Show Rooms, 212 Dundas street, where you can get the best of goods at lowest prices; also ladies' corsets. HITCHEN

CROWN Hotel, Lidgy's Block, London East Good stabling; bar furnished with best brands liquors and cigars.—A. APPLETON, Proprietor Pittsburg

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear and gentlemen's shirts, go to MRS. JOHNSON, 275 Clarence street, London. HITCH

MISS HARDIE, 324½ Dundas street, has just received a large

CARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR

Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

AND STOCK LAGER.

In casks and bottles. Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED

HALF & HALF,

highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Birth.

On the 21st inst., the wife of George W. Sanborn, tea merchant, of a daughter.

Married.

On the 5th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents 297 Pall Mall Street, by the Rev. J. S. Ross, Charles E. Rose to Miss Mary Burr.

On Saturday, the 19th inst., at 199 Jarvis st., Toronto, by the Rev. A. H. Baldwin, Henry Gifford, M.D., to Frances Mary, daughter of the Rev. D. B. Blake.

Died.

At Glencoe, on the 21st inst., Mrs. Janet M. Ferris, widow of the late John Ferris, of the Township of Westminster, and sister of Adam Murray, Esq., of this city, aged 70 years.

☞ The funeral will take place from the Great Western Railway Station here at 1.30 p. m. this (Wednesday) afternoon, to which friends are respectfully invited.

MEETINGS.

I. O. F.—THE SUPREME CHIEF Ranger, accompanied by Bros. Dr. Millman, R. Phillips, Crawford, S.S.W., Parish, S.M., Nicholls, J.B., and by a number of High Court Officers, will pay an official visit to Court Victoria, No. 76, this Wednesday evening. All members of the Order, and especially all delegates to the late High Court meeting, are particularly invited to be present.—ONONDAGA, SACHEM, S.C.R. 6f.

K. O. T. M.—A MEETING OF Adam Joseph Tent and the friends and adherents of the old Red Line Constitution will be held in the hall, Baker's Block, to-night, the 23rd inst., for the purpose of admitting new members and all those who desire to perpetuate the old and best constitution. Come all. K. O. T. M. A. R. BLACKHALL, ex-Sir K.R.C.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

WOULD M. J. HUTCHINSON, formerly at Grieg House, send her address to W. T., at this office. 1

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

LOST.—BETWEEN BEATTIE'S store and the Asylum, a parcel containing carpets. By leaving it at Bryce's boot store, Dundas street, the finder will receive a reward.

LOST ON THE MORNING OF the 21st inst., a small pocket-book, short and small, white mark on back; last two figures of Any's number in front. Any one leaving it at office of DR. WRIGHT, Queen's avenue, will be suitably rewarded. 1

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

AUCTION SALE OF STORE and dwelling, together with three building lots, upon the premises No. 81, Dundas street, on Thursday, Sept. 4, 1884, at 7 o'clock p.m. JOHN SMART, Auctioneer.

DAYTON'S DANCING ACADEMY, Mitchell's Block, Dundas street, Second floor, entrance, first door east of Talbot. Ladies—Monday, at 3 p. m. Juvenile—Saturday, at 3 p. m. Gentlemen—Monday at 8 p. m. Private lessons any hour. For terms apply at music store.

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE ENQUIRY and Collection Agency, 42 Brock Market Square, Kingston. Correspondence solicited. Terms moderate. No reply, Hddly

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or office of HOWARD KING, Lindsay

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and choice, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Society Printing in the best style of the art.

REMOVAL.—A. R. MURDOCK, Florist, has removed to his new premises, 17 Carling's Block, Richmond street, where all orders entrusted to him will receive the same prompt attention as heretofore. Cut flowers and floral designs a specialty.—A. R. MURDOCK

MUSICAL.

MRS. TILLEY, HAVING RETURNED from New York, will resume lessons in Vocal and Instrumental Music. For further particulars apply at her residence, 364 King st. north. Hddly

QUADRILLE BAND FOR PIC-NICS, &c. Apply to DUNCAN McMILLAN, Grey street, corner Wellington. Lessons given on violin and guitar. Hddly

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE, ON EASY TERMS, A family residence and 30 acres, lot 9, con. B, Adelaide. Apply on premises, or address box 261, London P.O. Hddly

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

BAKERY FOR SALE IN HAMILTON—An established business, three years in same premises. Good reasons for selling. Apply to W. FRASER, Hamilton, Ont.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE Business for sale. Established nine years. Good reasons for going into the wholesale trade.—No. 10 Market, London. Hddly

FOR SALE — A SUPERIOR stock of groceries and first-class business. The stock will be sold at a bargain. Apply on the premises. R. A. JOHNSON, Adelaide street, London East. Hddly

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE corner of Litchfield and Hamilton streets, Toronto Junction, a good stock of groceries and crockery. Terms easy. Possession can be had now or on and will sell cheap for cash. Apply to JOHN NELSON, 6 6 Richmond street. 1

FOR SALE

TWO RADIATORS FOR SALE, with valves, at 361 King st. Hdv

WANTED TO RENT.

COTTAGE WANTED, CONTAINING 3 to 5 rooms, or 3 or 4 rooms furnished, bathing excepted, within a short distance of Dundas street. Address W. P., this office. Hddly

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY pair made to order, good, easy and durable.—GARVELLER, 377 Dundas st. 52dy

DONOHUE & CUTLER NOW open Corner of Richmond and Dundas streets, Old Post Office Block, with a full line of Ready-made Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, &c. Repairing done neatly, promptly and cheaply done. Work made to order from best material. Give us a call. Corner of Richmond and Dundas streets, Old Post Office Block. Kitty

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. — SELL your Cast-off Clothing to J. Mosser, 277 Dundas street, as he pays the highest prices for same. Also has for sale all kinds of second-hand clothing at low prices. Call and see for yourself. 1y

LONDON EAST.

HOBBS, LEGG'S BLOCK, Dundas St., bell hanger, gas and steam fitter; prompt work of all descriptions. Orders may be sent by telephone to Shuff's Drug Store. 1-3-ot-w-1y

HOTELS.

OLD CHRIS, SIX YEARS AT the Albion Saloon, has cut out on his own hook and leased the Bar of Mansion House, 91 Dundas St. The Bar is furnished with the best brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited. 65vn

WINDSOR HOTEL, STRATFORD, R. H. GREER, Proprietor. New house, new furniture, steam heated, electric bells and water closets. Fine sample rooms on ground floor. The only first-class house in Stratford for travelling public. 1

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 8·2 WHOLE NO. 8249

BABY'S FOOD.

Papoma,
Nestle's Milk Food,
Ridge's Food,
Neave's Food,
Hard's Food,
Mincaea,
Condensed Milk (Anchor brand),

AT SHUFF'S DRUG STORE

Dundas Street East.

Marriage Licenses issued for City County mwf

PURE LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh

89 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

BOY WANTED TO WORK ON Gem Hektograph press.—Apply to Lyon, Cox & Co., Free Press Office.

DRESSMAKER WANTED, COMPETENT to do all kinds of dressmaking. Constant employment and first-class wages. Apply to Miss E. O'NEIL, Parkside, Ont. Hddly

SHIRT AND BUTTON-HOLE makers wanted.—WESTERN SHIRT FAC tory, Free Press Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

WANTED BY A TRAVELLER, 14 years' experience, a situation on salary and expenses, or several good commissions. Travelled in Manitoba. Address TRAVELLER, at this office. Hddy

WANTED, BY A TRAVELLER of 14 years' experience, a situation on salary and expenses, or several good commissions. Travelled in Manitoba. Address TRAVELLER, at this office. Hddy

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS.—Good domestic help of all kinds in great demand. Orders for good servants promptly attended to. Call or address Miss COLLIER, 71 Cottam.

THOSE WHO WANT SERVANTS Kept supplied at short notice, as I have daily girls applying for situations. Girls, if sick, or wanting a change, please call. MRS. CHRISTOPHER'S Intelligence Office, 8 Dundas

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED general servant, must be a good cook. Apply at Bank of North America. Hddy

TO LET.

TO LET—ON 15TH SEPT., THE store 72 Park st., at present occupied by W. R. Barker. Apply to JOHN GOOD, 72 Richmond st. Hddy

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albert Buildings, Hiddy, that street, have been refitted recently in the occupation of the American Co., and are now to be LET. Apply on the premises, Dundas st. Possession at once. Apply CARLING & CO.'S Brewery. Hddy

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Street (between Waterloo and Colborne), Manufacturer of Window Blinds of all descriptions to order, repairs furniture and does jobbing in upholstering. N.B.—Terms low and reputation for a few Saturdays. Kitty

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY Goodyear, at the policy of Gambrel, had last Autumn Factory, 288 Richmond street, London. Hddy

GENUINE ITALIAN ICE Cream and Lemonade. Superior to all others. Only place in the city where it can be obtained. Also, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, Vichy, Canadian and Pratt.—JOHN BERNARDI, opposite the Grand Union.

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department FREE PRESS Office.

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department FREE PRESS Office.

KALUS & JB. BROWN NOW have modern all conveniences of Cabinet Work and Upholstery, in addition to their former facilities in Carpet Sewing and Parquet Floors. Factory, 353 Dundas st., Mr. Kalus still personally superintending the Carpet Sewing. Estimates given. Billiard tables refitted. Kitty

MURDOCK, ARMSTRONG, & BEDDOE & CO., Surveyors, Land Brokers, Financial Agents, etc. Office—Room 8, Donaldson Block; Draughting Room, 9 and 10 Donaldson Block, entrance Richmond avenue, Winnipeg, Manitoba. Town plans, Subdivisions, etc. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. C. S. D. MURDOCK, C.E., A.M.C.E. ARMSTRONG, P. L. S. Can. D. S. BEDDOE, M. A., D.L.S., Ont. 52dy

THE MOST RELIABLE PLACE to obtain the highest price for household furniture, carpets, stoves, etc., is at GRAHAM'S, 393 Wellington street. Gdvtn

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer Roofing Material, Gravel, Asphalt, etc. Office and shop, Clarence street, between Dundas and King. Residence, Queen's avenue, Wharncliffe. Mountain View, Ont. Orders left at Office or Residence, C. S. D. No. 1, C. Armstrong, P. L. S. Can. in S. Beddoe, M. A., D.L.S., Ont. 52dy

HARDWARE.

5,000 DOZEN POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS). Highest values in Canadian Harvest Tools, less than factory prices.

HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS, Waterloo Building, Richmond st.

JEWELERS, &c

G. W. PITT.—A GREAT VARIETY of new articles suitable for Xmas presents. Call and see them. Cheapest and best repairing and engraving in the city. Come to me for reliable goods. Pitt

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch at Engraving Department FREE PRESS Office.

LEGAL.

I. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ontario. Ebdly

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont. GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc. 426 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. CHRISTIE GLASS DAVID GLASS, Q.C. E. R. LUSCOMBE. Ebdly

GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN Barristers, etc. London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. GEO. C. GIBBONS. P. MULKERN. GEO. MCNAB. FRED F. HARPER.

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON. County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. M'KILLOP. Ddly

HALF PRICE. All kinds of Books—Standard, Theological, Literary, Scientific. Books—SCHOLARSHIPS and Medals at half price. Books—Large stock at half price. Education wanted for cash. Highest prices paid. SILVER.

SMOKE

V.T.C

-C-U-T--P-L-U-G-

SUPERIOR Virginia Tobacco, mwf

SMOKE

CABLE

CABLE

—AND—

EL PADRE CIGARS.

To be had on every Railway Train in Canada and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SONS, MONTREAL.

TORONTO BRANCH—51 Church Street. Telephone—Call and Medallion. mwf

LAWN MOWERS

—AND—

GARDEN HOSE

—AT—

REID'S HARDWARE

No. 118 N. S. Dundas St.

—ALSO—

Garden Tools, Frying Pans, Sleighs, Sleigh Knives, Garden Tools, Lawn Rakes, &c.

Eaton's

Great Sale of Dress Goods. Great Sacrifice in Prices this week. Immense quantity to choose from. Hosiery, Gloves, Fringes, Cottons and Shirtings at, Cheating Prices. Millinery Room, Carpet Room and Clothing Room. Big sales in these departments all the time.

EATON SELLS CHEAP.

MEDICAL.

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England, Member London Med. Soc. Skin diseases a specialty. Hhod-ly

DRS. EOOLES & WISHART, late of Queen's avenue and Wellington st., now at 393 DUNDAS STREET, London. Dr. Eccles, L.R.C.P., Edin., Member of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh, late Surgeon to the Royal Hospital, Liverpool. Dr. Wishart, L.D., Graduate of Victoria University, Cobourg, late Resident Physician to the Toronto General Hospital. Specialties—Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Nervous System. Hours—9 to 11 a.m., 2 to 4 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Sundays—10 to 11 a.m. Telephone communication with all parts of the city. Dwmy

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Member of the Royal St. Thomas, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the 1st Thursday of each month. Cross-eye straightened. Hddy

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER, Office and Residence, HARVEY TERRACE, 68 Talbot st., London.

DR. WILSON F.T.M.S.—OFFICE and residence, 381 Talbot st., near York. Ddly

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England, Member London Med. Soc. of Adelaide street, on Queen's avenue. Skin diseases a specialty. Ddly

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. Rowan, L.R.C.P. & S., Edinburgh, Graduate of Toronto University, late Assistant London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London, England, will be at the Tecumseh House, London, on Saturday, August 16.—37 Church St., Toronto. Ly

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, 18 years at the old stand, 185½ Dundas street, London. Lon. Hddy

GOLD FILLINGS AND ARTIFICIAL Dentures in the highest style of the art. H. E. DELLER, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas. Ddly

H. M'LAREN, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST. Office removed over Bradford's Confectionery store, Opera House Corner, 199 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. Teeth extracted without pain.

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Strong's Block, London. Hddy

L. M'DONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS.—Office: Dundas street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery Store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Fhy

S. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST.—Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Morris' hardware store. 1y

LONDON WEST.

KENSINGTON OASH STORE and Post Office.—R. A. Jones, having entered into the business with cash, is now prepared to sell groceries at the cheapest. Head of Oxford street, Dundas, etc. Farmers' produce bought and sold. Orders taken for coal and wood. R. A. JONES. Vdvw-ve

FINE ARTS.

FINE ART REPOSITORY—GET four pictures framed at the cheapest house in the city. Repository of Fine Arts—F. J. Hood, 8 Dundas street, Ont. A fresh stock by

SAVED FROM THE GREAT FIRE IN VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

TO-DAY

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ED AND FIFTY PIECES

NEW ALL WOOL

TWEEDS,

Intended for the Fall Trade, which were Saved from the Flames.

FULLY TWENTY PER CENT.

Below Manufacturers' Prices.

KINGSMILL'S SALE!

GET YOUR BOYS A NEW SUIT

Genuine All-wool Tweeds at 40c. per yard, at Kingsmill's.

RARE CHANCE

Every Merchant Tailor and every General Store-keeper in the West should see the prices Tweeds are selling for at Kingsmill's.

BRING ALONG YOUR MONEY.

See the all-wool Tweeds at 40c., 50c., 60c., 70c., 80c. per yd., at Kingsmill's.

We devote twelve hundred feet of space in our large warehouse to the Great Tweed Sale during the month of August.

Kingsmill's

—THE—

Dry Goods House of the West, London, Ont.

SOLD BY AUCTION JUNE 23rd, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

THE WAR IN THE EAST

The Enemy Repulsed at Serapeum, Losing 100 Men and Four Guns.

A Reconnoissance from Kafr-el-Dwar ---Shots Exchanged.

Landing of the British Troops at Ismailia.

Wolseley Urged to Make the Campaign Short and Decisive.

The French Press on the British Occupation of the Canal.

De Lesseps Expresses Satisfaction but Wolseley's Explanations.

Arab Tribes in Tripoli Preparing to Assist Arabi.

Rebels Threaten Big Strong Earthworks near Kafr-el-Dwar.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

Bombay, Aug. 22 —The 63rd Infantry and a battery of artillery sail to-day for Egypt.

A SIGNIFICANT FACT.

Alexandria, Aug. 22.—The fact that the demonstration by the outposts at Ramleh yesterday did not draw any infantry fire is considerably commented upon as possibly showing that the withdrawal of part of Arabi's troops has already commenced. Arabi is erecting fresh works and strengthening his position.

MOVEMENTS OF THE ENEMY.

New York, Aug. 22.—A United Press cable from Alexandria says:—Arabi's troops are half-witted to be in strong force at Mahsama, a town between Ismailia and Zagazig, where he is reported to have 10,000 men and 12 Krupp guns in a strongly entrenched position. Unusual activity prevailed in Arabi's camp at Kafr-el-Dwar, and it is credibly reported that he is moving his personal headquarters to Tantah, where there is an entrenched camp. This point lying nearly equidistant from two of the British basis of operations, viz., Alexandria and Ismailia, his action would seem to indicate a disposition on the part of the rebel leader to make a detrimental resistance on both lines by massing his army between Tantah and Zagazig, leaving a sufficient force to hold the entrenchments at Kafr-el-Dwar against the British column moving from Alexandria. The operations at Chalouf and its vicinity, yesterday, are believed to point to a projected advance on Cairo by a column moving from Suez, in which movement the troops coming from India would be employed. The distance from Cairo to Suez is but little more than seventy miles, and the country is well watered by the Sweet Water Canal, about midway between these points, to revive the British advance. Although this is the shortest route to Cairo open to the British, the dirt ridges of the country are such that it is the general opinion in military circles that a movement on that line would be extremely hazardous and would result in a disaster.

UNFAVORABLE COMMENTS.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The majority of the French papers comment very unfavorably on the action of the British in occupying the Suez Canal.

Paris, Aug. 22 The *Siecle* describes it a the seizure of the canal as the act of a thief. The *Telegraphe* urges the Canal Company to sue England for damages. Gambetta's paper *Les Debats* says:—As the Chambers decided to allow France to co-operate with England, we have no right to reproach England with exclusiveness.

Paris, Aug. 22.—*La France* devotes a leader to pointing out that England's action with regard to the Suez Canal may one day be used against her by the United States in support of their claims to the exclusive control of the Panama Canal.

ARAB AID FOR ARABI.

Tripoli, Aug. 22.—It is stated on Arab tribes is holding territory eastward of Benghazi, proposing to assist Arabi. It is said a powerful chief at the head of national affairs in Tripoli favors assisting Arabi.

TRAFFIC ON THE CANAL.

Paris, Aug. 22.—DeLesseps telegraphs a modus vivendi has been established, permitting regular traffic of the Suez Canal to proceed. He says he will be able to return to Paris shortly.

A SHORT AND DECISIVE CAMPAIGN.

London, Aug. 22.—The War Office is in communication with Wolseley the necessity of a short and decisive campaign in Egypt in order to spare the British troops from the ravages of disease caused by drinking the waters of the various canals in Egypt.

WHERE THE SHELLS WERE THICKEST.

Alexandria, Aug. 22.—It is stated that during reconnoissance Gen. Alison walked forward to inspect the enemy's position. He was probably recognized, and became the mark for the enemy's shells. Five fell around him as he walked back, never quickening his pace, the nearest coming within a few yards of him.

ANOTHER MESSAGE FROM THE KHEDIVE.

Alexandria, Aug. 22.—The Khedive has issued another decree to the authorities to impliedly obey Wolseley, who is authorized to restore order in Egypt.

A DESPATCH FROM WOLSELEY.

London, Aug. 22.—Wolseley telegraphed yesterday from Ismailia:—"We have arrived enough carriages to make a train, but have no engine. Troops are landing as fast as we can."

THANKS.

Admiral Hewitt has warmly thanked the French Consul at Suez for allowing twelve sailors, suffering from sunstroke, to receive medical treatment at his residence.

TELEGRAPH LINES CUT.

Constantinople, Aug. 22.—The telegraph lines between here and Cairo have been cut by the British.

ITEMS FROM PORT SAID.

Port Said, Aug. 22.—The English occupy both banks of the canal at Kantara.

Troops have taken possession of telegraph lines at El-Arbh.

The British force which occupied Nefish after the flight of Egyptians found several soldiers lying dead and a number of dismounted guns, ready for removal into the interior by railway.

DeLesseps fears he has been seriously ill.

Hoskins has gone to Ismailia and Sullivan has succeeded him here.

A RECONNOISSANCE.

Alexandria, Aug. 22 — This afternoon about six hundred Highlanders made a reconnoissance from Kafr el-Dwar. Simultaneously the forty-pounders at the waterworks hill opened fire. The Egyptians replied after the third round. There was no infantry firing. The British are bringing up a heavy gun into position about one hundred and fifty yards in advance of their present position on the Ramleh line.

STARTED FOR PORT SAID.

The Egyptian officers appointed by the Khedive to accompany the British army started to-day via Port Said.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SULTAN.

Constantinople, Aug. 22.—Shaik-Ul-Islam and the Minister of Finance visited Dufferin to-day and delivered a message from the Sultan. The visit caused a sensation.

AT ANCHORIA.

Alexandria, August 22.—The gunboat Condor went to Aboukir this morning. She returned here this evening. She reports the Achilles the only man-of-war in the bay, the Sultan having gone to Damietta. Flags of truce were flying from all the Aboukir forts, which appeared to be almost deserted.

PILLAGING.

A party of fifty Bedouins crept up last night and pillaged two villages in the vicinity of Meks. They carried off three watchmen with them.

NEWSPAPER SUPPRESSED.

Constantinople, Aug. 22 —The *Vakit* has been suppressed for publishing news hostile to England.

LANDING OF TROOPS.

Ismailia, Aug. 23 9 a.m.—The landing of troops in the transports proceeded actively all night and continues to-day. The orderly behavior and general bearing of the soldiers are the admiration of the entire population.

WOLSELEY AND DE LESSEPS.

Wolseley visited DeLesseps, yesterday, and explained the action of the British in regard to the Suez Canal. He said that everything would be over in a few days, but that the English must use the canal for the present. DeLesseps expressed himself as fully satisfied with Wolseley's explanation, and said he regretted there had been any misunderstanding on the subject.

THE ARMY REVIEWED.

Yesterday afternoon the Seventy-Second regiment engaged the enemy at Serapeum, and repulsed them. Two of our men killed; five wounded. The enemy lost one hundred men and four guns.

Suez, August 22 — Four hundred men of the 72nd Highlanders left here yesterday morning for Serapeum. When they reached that village they found the rebels had the railway stock carried off. From the end of Bitter Lakes the enemy were seen in large numbers three miles off, retreating northward. The Highlanders who participated in the fight at Shalut on Monday have occupied the fresh water canal lock at Serapeum, an important position, from which the enemy had retreated.

FORCED TO FIGHT.

The prisoners taken in the engagement state that Arabi forced them to fight, threatening to shoot them if they refused. They say the chief officers fled soon after the action began. The success of the British forces at Shalut, and the energy displayed by them in searching the scant towards Ismailia, thoroughly demoralized the enemy. Opposition on this side of the canal may be considered ended.

POLICE ORGANIZATION.

Port Said, Aug. 22 — The naval authorities are organizing a police force.

A TERRIBLE BEATING.

The prisoners taken at Shalouf declare the defeat of the enemy there on Sunday was a terrible beating for Arabi.

DESERTED.

At six o'clock this morning the gunboat Mosquito crossed Bitter lakes, shelled Nefid station and subsequently troops landed from the gunboat and found the place deserted, while large bodies of Arab cavalry were seen steaming towards the desert.

ARABI CHANGES HIS PLANS.

Alexandria, Aug. 22 —The smoke of numerous trains in again visible between the enemy's lines. The activity of Arabi has increased in a manner indicating a complete change of his plans. In answer to our reconnoissance to-day his guns opened fire from various directions, showing that during the night the enemy's artillery had been much strengthened. A new battery armed with six guns has been placed in position. It would now seem true at the first news caused by the discovery that the fleet had gone to the canal, Arabi withdrew a great proportion of his infantry to Damanhour, but last night, on considering some time must elapse before an advance can be made from Ismailia, with a sufficient force to carry his defences on the line up to Zagazig, he again advanced to his old position, which he hopes to hold until the rise of the Nile will enable him to flood the country.

DANGEROUS WORK.

To-day, General Wood, with two companies, was standing by a clump of trees, in front of the most advanced picket, when a shell fell only ten paces distant, and buried itself in the sand. Wood calmly ordered a tree for the purpose of making observations, when a second shot fell just behind the horses of the officers.

A DIFFERENT STORY.

The report that Arabi had withdrawn a considerable number of troops from our front is incorrect. On the contrary, the enemy's tents brought in move cowards. It is stated officially that Arabi has left Tantah on the road to Kafr-el-Dwar the enemy have thrown up new earthworks, which are stronger than those actually lost.

ARABI DINES WITH DE LESSEPS.

Ismailia, August 22 — Arabi was here three days ago, and dined with De Lesseps. He reported that his troops were at Tell El Kebir, strongly entrenched.

SURRENDERED.

Seven more of Arabi's officers surrendered on Tuesday. They allege that many more officers and men wish to surrender, but are afraid, owing to Arabi spreading reports that the English shoot all prisoners.

THE BRITISH POSITION.

Nefisch forms an advance post. From thence a chain of sentries extends around Ismailia. The nearest camp of the enemy is Ramses and the next is Feiy, fourteen miles away, while their main position is thirty-four miles distant. Hamley's division has been ordered to come here at once. A company of Engineers is repairing the railway to Nefisch. They are supplying locomotives with a quantity of coal captured from the enemy. The Household Cavalry is now landed.

DE LESSEPS AGAIN.

Some compromising telegrams from De Lesseps to Arabi have been intercepted.

Chill and Fever.

Panama, Aug. 12 —Lima advices state the withdrawal of Chilians from Junin Valley has given Montero an opportunity to leave Huaez. It is regarded to be his way to Arequipa. Should he fall into the hands of Soares, who, with Montenuro, recently left Ayacucho, he will be additionally by be arrested. Soares will then remain the only Peruvian leader in arms. Manuel Cordino has been arrested by the Chilian authorities on a charge of complicity in an effort to cause a popular rising in Lima against the Chilians. The Chilians compelled the whole Canete Province to take the oath of allegiance to Chili, carried with them three of the wealthiest planters, who, as they did not pay ransom, were slain. The Chilians appear to contemplate making a crushing effort in some directions.

Base Ball.

At Boston—Boston, 9; Detroits, 2.

At Worcester—Worcesters, 1; Chicagos, 9.

At New York—Metropolitans, 10; Buffalos, 9.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphias, 5; Clevelands, 0.

SHIPPING.

New York, Aug. 22.—Arrived, Anchoria, from Glasgow.

New York, Aug. 22.—Arrived, Baltic, from Liverpool.

Hamburg, Aug. 22.—Westphalia arrived.

Larne, Aug. 22.—State of Florida arrived.

New York, Aug. 22.—Arrived, Frejt from Havre.

New York, Aug. 22.—Arrived, Abyssinia from Liverpool.

A man named Jones, of Port Rawlinson, was knocked down and severely injured by a locomotive, at Toronto, yesterday. He was removed to the hospital.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS

Further Concerning the Murder of the Joyce Family.

Ten Men Under Arrest Identified as the Assassins.

Irish Bishops and the Proposed Evicted Tenants' Fund.

An Inquiry into Gray's Charges Against the Hynes Jury Denied—Miscellaneous.

The Khurdish Chief Obeidallah.

Constantinople, August 22 —The commandant at Erzeroum has been ordered to take action against the Khurdish Chief Obeidallah.

Around the World.

London, Aug. 22.—The steamer Ceylon, which has been on a pleasure tour with a large party around the world, arrived at Southampton to-day.

More Nihilism!

Copenhagen, Aug. 22 —It is reported that the white horses which were being reserved for the Czar's coronation have been killed by Nihilists.

Sentenced to be Hanged.

Dublin, Aug. 22 —In the Commission Court to-day Patrick Walsh was found guilty of the murder committed in April, 1881, of Martin Lyndon, and sentenced to be hanged.

Seriously Ill.

London, Aug. 22 —It is stated that Pidgeon, who resigned his seat in the House of Commons on account of ill-health, is suffering from a stroke of paralysis. Chance of recovery slight.

A Royal Visit.

Vienna, August 22 —The Prince of Montenegro will leave for St. Petersburg on Thursday. It is believed the visit is made at the invitation of the Czar, and that important results will follow.

Burger Gray.

Gray has written to Lord Spencer claiming a right to be present at the inquiry into the conduct of the jury which convicted Hynes, the murderer. He offers to attend in custody of an officer if necessary. Sir Charles Gavan Duffy has written Gray, expressing sympathy.

Ecclesiastical Approval.

Dublin, Aug. 22 —Archbishop Croke, of the diocese of Cashel; Bishop Durfan, of Cloyne; Conmer, Bishop of Duggan and Clonfert, and Bishop McCormack, of Ashonry, have written an approval of the efforts to establish a fund for the benefit of evicted tenants. Archbishop Croke promises a subscription of £50.

POLICE ORGANIZATION.

Dublin, Aug. 22.—The draft of the treaty negotiated between the Indian Government and the Burmese Minister has been rejected by Theebaw, who objects to clauses providing for the establishment of consulates and the maintenance of an armed guard at the British Residency at Mandalay. Negotiations have finally closed, and the Burmese Minister leave to a few days for home.

The Murder of Farmer Lusby.

London, Aug. 22 —Later reports show that the murder of Farmer Lusby, near Kilkenny, was more like a military execution than murder. The leader of the party called upon "No. 1" to fire. He did so and badly wounded Lusby. The leader then ordered "No. 10" to fire. This shot also took effect. "No. 14" was then summoned to give a coup de grace. This was the last shot fired. Lusby remained alive half an hour after being shot. Five sons of farmers have been arrested on suspicion.

The Murder of the Joyce Family.

Dublin, Aug. 22.—The police of Cong found four persons who, fearing their own lives were about to be attacked, followed from the murderers of the Joyce family from the house where they assembled to Joyce's house, and heard the shrieks of the victims.

Dublin, Aug. 22.—The Cong police have found three eye-witnesses to the massacre of the Joyce family. They have positively identified two of the prisoners, and another witness has identified four of the ten as having been overheard plotting murder. The police believe the tragedy to be the direct outcome of secret societies with which the West of Ireland is permeated. Witnesses are under police protection, and their names withheld. It is believed the trial of the prisoners will begin in a few days before the Judges of the Commission Court here. The inhabitants of Cong district profess the liveliest joy over the capture of a band which has long been a terror to honestly disposed persons. The prisoners are described by the people as two of the biggest devils in the country. The witnesses gave their evidence with the greatest firmness and without hesitation. The prisoners are positively identified. Pandemonium is unanswerable, as the entire population are their bodyguard. People shook hands with the witnesses, saying, "God bless you," and expressing gratitude that the murderous gang had been run to earth. During the investigation the prisoners frequently put questions, which only helped to prove their guilt.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Steamer Republic.

Wilmington, Del., Aug 22 —The steamer Republic, for whose safety there has been much anxiety all night, is now anchored off Wilmington Creek with a tug alongside.

Disaster on a Theatre.

New York, Aug. 22 —A Constantinople despatch says the gallery of the Hamidie Theatre fell last evening during a performance, and 150 persons injured—some fatally.

The Champion Crank.

Milwaukee, Aug. 22.—Wm. Fitzpatrick, claiming to be heir to the throne of Ireland, has been writing to Gladstone, urging that the royal sister Victoria renounce her title to his country. He does not appear to be a crank.

Fatal Riot at a Church Festival.

Cleveland, Tenn. Aug. 22 —At a church festival near here a riot occurred, and knives, pistols, and clubs were freely used. A man was shot dead and a woman stabbed and killed. Several persons were dangerously wounded.

A Warning to Book Agents.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 22 —In Boone County last night infuriated citizens put upon and around the neck of an old man named Delaine, and dragged him to jail for soliciting and receiving subscriptions for a magazine and then failing to send the book.

An Inquiry Refused.

Dublin, Aug 22 —Lord Spencer has declined to hold an inquiry into the conduct of the jury who convicted Hynes, but intends to examine affidavits submitted to him in the case in order to ascertain if sufficient grounds exist for interfering with the due course of law.

Poisonous Milk.

Troy, Aug. 22 —The members of three families residing on Oakwood avenue have been poisoned by drinking milk given by a diseased cow. All were seriously ill, but were saved. A suit has been commenced against the owner of the cow, who, it is alleged, knew the animal's condition.

Fatal Railway Collision.

Washington, N. J., August 22 —An engine on the Hampton branch of the Delaware, Lackawana & Western Railway collided with a coal train on the main line of the same road at Cresscow track last night. Conductor Daddy Sheppard and Edward Christine, a boy, were killed. Frank Frost, engineer of the coal train, had both legs broken. A boy named Christine, cousin of the lad killed, was seriously injured. The tracks were obstructed several hours.

The Knights of Pythias.

Detroit, Aug. 22.—The Supreme Lodge of the World, Knights of Pythias, convened here to-day. There was a grand gathering of members of the Order from all parts of the country. The Supreme Lodge went into secret session, with about seventy-five dele-

ZOEDONE!

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GROCERS'

155 Dundas St., London.

gates present. The only business transacted was to hear the report of the Committee on Credentials. The parade this afternoon was most brilliant, the greatest parade ever witnessed in Detroit. It covered twenty squares.

Fatal Result of a Small-pox Nurse's Carelessness.

Paterson, N. J., August 22. — Martin Kennedy, a small-pox nurse, through infected clothing communicated the disease to his wife and four children. One child died without medical attendance. The rest of the family were taken to the pest house. Kennedy was arrested as he was about to leave town. It is feared that the disease will become epidemic, for Kennedy inhabited a thickly populated part of the city, and in daily intercourse with the neighbors.

Train Wrecking.

Littleton, N. H., August 22.—A White Mountain train on the Boston, Concord & Montreal road, between North Haverhill & Woodsville, struck an obstruction placed on the track by wreckers, whose object is supposed to have been robbery. The engine, baggage and smoking cars went down an embankment. The parlor car stood on the embankment at an angle of forty-five degrees; lamps were broken, and all scattered all over. Nobody seriously hurt. Thirty passengers were on the train.

Wilmington, August 22 — The cross heads of the engine of the Republic were broken. At Cross Ledge Light the steamer was compelled to stop and await the arr

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Wednesday, August 23, 1882.

IN FEAR OF THE PEOPLE.

It is a fact worthy of notice that while the so-called Reformers are fighting shy of a convention, the Conservatives are about to hold one in the Provincial interests. Their record is such that they have no fear to come before such a body, to place their case and policy before it. They wish the country to know exactly where they are to be found, what position they occupy in relation to questions of Provincial importance. Such an attitude fits in exactly with prevailing sentiment. It places the Conservative Opposition, under the leadership of Mr. Meredith, in a proper light, and indicates a desire to officially the people and carry out their wishes. In fact, during some years past the two chief parties in the State seemed to have changed places. "Reform" used to mean in days gone by a close sympathy with prevailing sentiment. Every question was taken to consult the representatives of opinion in town and country. But times have changed." It is no longer convenient to take the public into confidence, for Mr. Blake wishes it understood that his policy means "reform," and that nothing else can be for a moment tolerated. When the people come to pass opinion upon that policy in June last, they did not appear to have a very high opinion of it. And very many who did vote for it did so not believing in or approving of it, but merely as servile party men. They could not be got to take up that position again. The feeling is abroad that Mr. Blake's policy is a sham, and that of Mr. Mackenzie's is a blot and a blotheaser. Neither the one nor the other is in harmony with the general interests, and is retrogressive rather than progressive in its nature. The party of advancement has made such strides in public estimation that it has far outstripped those who have been found to be mere pretenders in the cause of government. Previous to 1871 the country rang with the assertion that if the "Reformers" only had a chance they would establish such a policy as would prove a very millennium to Canada. They had their chance, and made such bad use of it as to cause the people to rise as one man and proclaim, "Away with them!" Even after their defeats in principle and shortcomings in practice had been pointed out, they still clung to the one and attempted to justify the other. But the thing was too ludicrous. Some of those who are able to comprehend how till this has come about find cause for to be glad again. To take up new ground, to accept the great facts of the Canada Pacific and the National Policy as accomplished events from which there is no appeal, and which public opinion has fully justified and established. To do this, however, would be to fly in the face of "Mr. Blake's policy," and to negative as much that Mr. Mackenzie has affirmed, as would leave that gentleman's stranded hulk sad dry on the bleak shore of disapproval. In other words, the advance of the "Reformers" is hindered by those who profess to be their friends. The rank and file are eager to let bygones be bygones, and strike out for something new and taking, something likely to attract public sympathy. They have tried the abolition of the Senate, and have found that it won't work. They have tried attack on the policy of protection to native industry, and have been signally repulsed. They have tried to island the people on the Canada Pacific, and have found that accomplished facts speak longer to the good sense of the people than misty theories. They have tried to stir up a trifling Irish race question with grave Dominion interests, and have had to learn the lesson that the people know how to distinguish the one from the other. They have tried to affect opinion adversely to the Conservative by means of charges they have not been able to substantiate. Not a single Conservative leader has lost one jot of public sympathy, while many of them, notably Sir Charles Tupper, have risen all the higher for the reason that his defamers have been detected and exposed. Having thus been thrown back at every point, it becomes a matter of interesting enquiry, What is "Reform" going to do about it? It seems to be impossible to let things remain as they are, while to call a convention might precipitate an expose which would exhibit the chief differences of opinion, such loss of hope and heart as would wreck what little of confidence remains to them. Meanwhile, the Liberal-Conservatives will go on with the proposal to consult their friends by means of a Convention, for they have nothing to fear, no bickerings to hide, no mistakes to correct, no errors and shortcomings to condone. No wonder that Mr. Mowat is shaking in his shoes at the aspect of Conservative unity, while among his own friends doubt, uncertainty, dissatisfaction and suspicion prevails.

A friend of the late Mr. Balfour writes to a London newspaper respecting the report that Mr Balfour, before making the arrangement to which his life was lost, made his will with provision for the family of his guide, "that it to calculatedlike give a "painfully false impression of recklessness, not only as to his own life, but also as to that of his guide." This friend has been informed by some relatives of the unfortunate gentleman that the will was drawn several years ago, but he "happens to know that before a previous tour in Switzerland he made a similar provision for his guide's benefit in case of accident; that on that present occasion the arrangement was made before he went to Caernarvon, and that in a letter to his brother he referred to the smallness of the risk in climbing, and said the enclosed check was to be torn up on his return to England. It was, in short, a last example of the singular thoughtfulness for others which marked his whole character."

Ocean steamers arriving in New York still report vast masses of floating ice in the Atlantic. The early appearance of Arctic fogs and bergs was unprecedented, and their continental drift from the north is still more remarkable. One vessel, the Vandalia, recently reported eight enormous bergs. These would in ordinary times have been in season two months ago, but this year everything seems to be changed in the Arctic Sea, and there is a very unusual dissolution and southern drift of the great ice masses. This is undoubtedly due to the intense heat of the summer of 1881, and the unusually mild winter following it. The ultimate cause is undoubtedly the great losses of solar energy during the maximum sun spot period. The effect of the ocean glaciers, ice drift to the south is seen in the frequent cool spells. The presence of ice masses in the Atlantic during the entire season will greatly modify our summer and autumn weather.

The Hamilton *Times* speaks of the "...ense of Tories." Bad lockout for

THE POLICY OF PROCRASTINATION.

The leading organs cannot be the defense of the Attorney-General, in regard to the charge advanced by the FREE PRESS, that he has withheld the writs for the eight vacant constituencies, in violation of the plain letter and spirit of the law. The letter is unequivocally clear. It says, that upon the resignation of a member for any cause, the Speaker shall issue his warrant forthwith, that is to say, at once. That functionary is made the Executive Officer of the House for this purpose, and for very proper reasons. He is guided by no considerations of person or place. He has no discretion, but must obey the law as he finds it. If he does not issue his warrant at once he acts in disobedience of the law both in its letter and spirit. For, when it was passed in its present shape, it was with a view to a decided amendment. It had been too much the custom previously to temporize with such matters, to make the franchise of a vacant constituency wait on the political convenience and interests of the Government of the day. They would rush on an election or delay it just as it suited their policy. There was no settled ordinance whereby the people of any constituency could be assured that they would be continuously represented. Though the House may not be in session, it is none the less proper and to the interest of any section of the people that they should still be duly represented. There may be most urgent business to be dealt with, and if there is no representative through the laxity of those who should see to it, the constituency may stand at a grave disadvantage. It is the spirit of the Act quoted by the FREE PRESS which the present inaction of the Mowat Government violates. The *Globe* maintains that the word "forthwith" means not immediately, but simply "within a reasonable time," or in other words, within Mr. Premier Mowat's discretion. It says, in effect, that the Little Premier has power, according to his own judgment to orient the warrant of the Speaker, to interrupt the course of procedure which the law so plainly prescribes, substituting therefor his personal fiat. This interpretation is hardly receivable. If such were the meaning of the Act why is it not explicitly stated, instead of "that the writ shall be issued forthwith," that it shall be issued at such time and season as the Attorney General, in his wisdom, shall see fit. In that case no question could arise. All would understand it. There would be no hypocrisy, no shirking for the letter of a statute, which all the while it was intended to violate at will. The *Globe* tells us that the reason the election was not brought on was on account of the hot weather and the harvest. But the harvest was not on for a fall even when the writs for eight vacancies of members were put in. They were accepted before the 13th of June. The harvest was not on till August, and meantime the farmers had all the leisure necessary to attend to these elections. Neither did the hot weather prevent the summer up to August was almost phenomenally cool. They may as well attempt to cover that the elections were not simply brought on because Mowat dare not bring them on. He looks around for excuse, but if he were to commit every indecent to the country there is no time to the year that some department is of industry may not be said to be too busily occupied to attend to political matters. Our contemporary takes it for granted that the farmer's labor is over when the wheat is in the barn. But after that the corn is to be put in stook, for, though the *Globe* professes not to believe it, this crop is of consequence to the farmers of Ontario. This carries you to the 30th of September. After that it has to be housed, as to the importance of which labor it is only needful to ask Mr. McKellar. Then the great fairs coming on may form an excuse for Mowat to keep the writs dangling and the people at his mercy. That goes into October. Then the Fall Ploughing, a very important consideration, so much so that a former member of Mowat's Government made it a maxim that no legislation should be carried on while that duty remained unattended to. After that comes turnip pulling, and gathering in the late root crops generally, the storing up of the cattle trunk, and gathering up wood for the winter use. Christmas is over before the farmer can be said to have any leisure, that Mowat in his premeditated state of timidity and cowardice may go. The only other available period of repose he has in the year is that which Mowat has just allowed to slip by, namely, that between spring sowing and summer reaping. Meantime, to the opinion of the Little Premier, it is all right that the constituencies should remain unrepresented; that there should be no interposing authority, chosen by the people, between themselves and the Government of the day; that all should be left dependant upon the sovereign will and ordinance of the Little Premier. That is the principle of a ruler who despises and is ready to spit upon the authority of the people, and regard them but as the dross of the earth, rather than that of a respectful and prudent servant, chosen and paid to see that the law is observed. The organ says the people concerned have not been clamorous in the matter, and therefore there is no need for Mowat to hurry himself. Probably it thinks it necessary that people should reach the pitch of exasperation before Mowat shall be justified in doing as the law clearly and imperatively directs? Shall he stand out, fencing and procrastinating like a veritable Turk, and only yield to the law when overwhelmed by a rebellious outbreak? We have no desire to force this subject unduly upon public attention. We feel satisfied in having directed the attention of our Provincial rulers to their plain duty, and having brought the matter forward as an example of the political dodgery practiced at Toronto.

A company of 250 children sent out to Wayne county, Pa., by the New York *Tribune*, fresh air fund, arrived in New York *Friday* evening after an absence of two weeks. They were met at the ferry by their parents and friends, who were overjoyed to see their little ones, who went away with pale faces and shrunken limbs, returning bronzed and rosy. The little ones brought back many childish mementoes of their farm rambles, such as bags of apples, and wild bees in bottles. One child had a meadow mole in a box perforated with gimlet holes. Old pants was asked what he did while away, and he promptly answered, "Swim." The children were from five to eight years of age, and were mostly selected from the mission schools.

The allometer used for the purpose of measuring the height of the Nile is situated on the Island of Rhoda, opposite Old Cairo. It consists of a square well or chamber, in the centre of which is a graduated pillar divided into 17 cubits, each about 21 7-16 inches long. Owing to the elevation of the bed of the Nile, the relative proportion of the rise of water has been altered, and it now passes about one cubit and two-thirds above the highest part of the column. The state of the stream is proclaimed in the streets of Cairo during the inundation every day, by several ochos, to each of whom a particular district is allotted. From 24 feet to 26 feet may be taken as the ordinary maximum of the rise at Cairo.

Berlin *News*:—There is a rumor that Mr. Mowat will make some very important changes in his Cabinet before he dares to go before the electors. He knows that with Mr. Hardys and Pardys, his Woods and Crooks, he has no show for success at the polls. It is said that Mr. James Young, of Galt, is likely to get the Treasurership, and Mr. Peter Ryan, of Toronto, the Secretaryship. What other new elements may be admitted has not transpired.

THE CARNAGE IN ALEXANDRIA.

Horrible Scenes in the Streets of Alexandria.

Narrative of an Eye-Witness to the Massacre of June 11.

Halifax, August 21.—Among the passengers who arrived here on the steamer Austrian, from Liverpool, was a female refugee from Alexandria. She is the wife of Henry Thompson, an Englishman, who was engaged as engineer in charge of a cotton press in Alexandria. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson had been residents in Alexandria for eight years when the misunderstanding arose between Arabi Bey and the rest of the world, which resulted in the bombardment of Alexandria by the British. Of course the Thompsons, in common with other non-official Europeans, heard of Arabi Bey—his growing power, his hatred of England, that in his was stirring up an furious feeling of bitterness towards Europeans, but anticipated no serious results. Mrs. Thompson says the natives, with few exceptions, were not able to work in any way as well as the Europeans, and many works would never have been started, and certainly could not be continued without European guidance. The positive sign was were stupid and slow to comprehend, as well as being physically inferior to the Europeans. But Arabi viewed the matter otherwise, and continued to gather to his side the support of the people. Baldiwn began to arrive from Cairo, and were soon to be subsuming among those of Alexandria, and their mutterings and angry looks ominously boded no good to Europeans. Finally, on the afternoon of Sunday, June 11, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson walked down to the post office, which was opened one hour to deliver letters, to see if there was any correspondence for them. They were walking on the principal street, and were just in front of the public garden when, suddenly, as if by magic, the air was filled with cries and the street became alive with the struggling masses of people. The crash of pistol shots was heard on every side, and soldiers and soldiers were seen savagely clubbing with their fixed bayonets, while volunteers and knives, bludgeons and stones used with fiendish fury. Men, women and children were literally mowed down by the fusillade. In the midst of the horrible carnage Mrs. Thompson was struck on the left side, the bullet passing through her body, while shrieking with pain she fell to the ground. Her husband, who was walking by her side, was also struck by a bullet, and fell dead. Mrs. Thompson was left for dead, and remained lying on the ground for some time, when she was picked up by a native woman, who carried her into a house, where she remained for two days, when she was taken to the house of a native Christian, where she remained for a week. She was then taken to the house of the British Consul, where she remained for a month. Mrs. Thompson was sent on to Liverpool by the Governor. At Liverpool she received her case to the agency, and they kindly sent her out to her relatives here free of charge.

Accident to the Steamer Ontario.

Aground on Lake Superior—Cargo Thrown Overboard.

From the Algoma Pioneer.

The steamer Ontario, of the North-west Transportation Company's line, ran upon a reef off Mc Malone, during a dense fog on Lake Superior last Tuesday. The vessels remained for passengers, as, and by small boats, the lake being calm, and then proceeded to lighten the ship. About 700 barrels of flour and two car loads of wool are reported to have been thrown overboard before the vessel floated. After examining pumps, &c., and finding that the hull had sustained no serious damage, the passengers again embarked, and the steamer continued her trip down the lake, arriving at the usual hour 7 p. m. on Wednesday, and passing down the river at daylight next morning. The passengers, among whom there appeared to be a panic when the vessel struck the reef, speak very highly of the order maintained by the officers and crew during the trying hour, and also of their kindness and considerations for their passengers.

THE ONTARIO'S CARGO.

Correspondence of the Detroit Free Press.

Sault Ste. Marie, August 18.—The tug Peck and lighter arrived here to-day with the cargo of the steamer Ontario. The tug and lighter will start again to find wool, four car loads of which are floating about partly sunk in Pancake Bay, Ont.

This property is in Canadian waters, and will be delivered to the Canadian authorities here. The goods are American, but are in transit through Canada, and are bonded.

Duck's fish with rum powder or steamboiling. St Jacobs Oil cures the latter, however.

"ELIJAH WAS A JOLLY OLD MAN."

The Sensational Tribute Benefited to by the Salvation Army.

Francis Power Cobbe in Contemporary Review'

Gentle means and excellent gold taste on the part of the established clergy have failed. Strong measures must therefore be adopted, and deserves dispensed with for the moment. Nevertheless are not made with rose-water. Where eternal interests are at stake it is ridiculous to stand on punctilios. These principles have obvious application to a practical way. The first thing to be done is to make people attend the services of the Army. There would be no sin in ringing bells, for bells have been ringing for ages to little purpose; so drums and fifes must be employed and played about the streets. The *War Cry* must be read, and therefore made startling and attractive. Accordingly its articles are headed by such titles as "Jumbo and Jesus" Old psalms and hymns, even of the Moody and Sankey collection, are not stirring enough; so new canticles are composed, such as one heard at the door of a church in Torquay, where a detachment of the Salvation Army halted as the congregation issued after evening service:—

"Elijah was a jolly old man,
And was carried up to heaven in a fiery van."

The chorus being something to this wise:—

"Let us every one be a jolly old man,
And be carried up to heaven in a fiery van."

The chariot of Elijah turned into the van-couriers of a school feast, and the most solemn character in the dim twilight of history described as a "jolly old man," are touches which might seem to reach the climax of that which I have called religious rowdyism; but I regret to hear that some of the leaders of the army have used much more mischievous language applied in higher connection. Speaking of the common reproach to the army of being "always in a row," the preacher said:—"And what if we are! Is not God always in a row?" It is painful, perhaps scarcely right, to quote such words, even for reprobation; but only by citing a few of them can a judgment be formed on the question which, it has said, it deeply concerns us to answer, whether the proceedings of the Salvation Army are on the whole to be approved or despised. It is but justice, in attempting those [to my thinking] frightful expressions, to bear in mind that the temptation to say grotesque things in a sermon intended to attract the multitude must be, to a quaint and original mind, almost irresistible. The first odd and tinsel-like phrase produces a sensation which it thenceforth becomes the object of the speaker constantly to renew. The results of religious discussion in the Salvation Army obviously begins: "Catchphrase hear-say—Ridicule—Curiosity to see—Attendance—Conversion." Now, I do not say that if you can; but if they will not be caught by these, then by the stage extravagant thing you can think of. Fanaticism, if genuine, is not sterile, if you can but fan the flame. Nor is it well, if the fanaticism in which the people indulge is not diluted by a common sense which will prevent the extravagance of the preacher from being followed by the extravagance of his hearers. Nothing, at the same time, is more likely to get a behavior of just three pounds. The one to be caught and pressed over to the enemy. The others on the cop. This process is rendered very speedy by a patent capping iron, one brief of which is in the hands of every officer of the line. This is a big improvement over the old-fashioned cobbler's capper, and is a recent invention. The capping proceeds the lasting. The cans are placed in pans—60 to a pan—and are set in large tubs filled with boiling water. After they have boiled 40 minutes they are ready to cool and are labeled.

BRITISH CATTLE MARKETS.

Messrs. John Bell & Sons write under date of August 19th as follows:—

London, Monday, August 7, 1882.—Cattle on market, 2,370; sheep at market, 7,940. Best beef, 10½d to 10¾d per lb; best wethers, 9d to 9¼d per lb; best sheep, 10d to 10½d per lb; inferior and secondary, 8d to 9d per lb. Fair to middling Scotch cattle sold in the early part of the day in the best market at last Monday's rates, but the demand afterwards fell off, and the close was dull at 1d per lb. as under lower rates. The sheep and lambs trade ruled nothing. Rates were upheld, but the tendency was adverse, and the pens were not entirely cleared.

Liverpool, Monday, Aug. 7, 1882.—Cattle at market, 2,004; sheep and lambs at market, 10,932. Best beef, 8½d to 9½ per lb.; inferior and secondary, 6½d to 8d per lb.; best mutton, 9½d to 10½d per lb. Fair demand for cattle, and prices ruled firm at Monday's rates. Sheep and lambs were in short supply. Fair attendance of country buyers.

Glasgow, Thursday, Aug. 10, 1882.—Cattle at market, 1,794; sheep at market, 9,614. Best beef, 9½d to 9¾ per lb.; inferior and secondary, 7d to 7¼ per lb.; best mutton, 9½d to 9¾d per lb.; inferior and secondary, 7½d to 8½d per lb. There was an average supply of cattle to-day of good fair quality. Very slow trade; prices irregularly in buyers favor. In sheep and lambs the supply was large, consisting of secondary quality. Prime qualities maintained their price.

Messrs. John Gardner & Sons' weekly report, for week ending August 19th, says:—The supply of all classes of fat stock, both in Edinburgh and Glasgow markets this week, continues to repeat itself in an extensive department, the warm weather and the recent extensive rains have checked consumption. As usual at this season, the demand for England has greatly abated. The supply consists largely of home feeders, whom supply themselves from their own pastures, and from the neighboring markets (by the best trade all through has been dullor, at a general reduction of £1 a head. There has been a large quantity of home-fed stock, of good quality, from Ireland, but the prices in that country are nearly as high as here, and there is no room to expect that we can draw supplies from thence as cheaply as formerly. Shipping cattle have been very plentiful. The returns from London, entailing heavy loss to senders to that market, have made themselves known in a sadly and more cautiously this week, while the necessities of the home trade were also more easily supplied. Unless for the better classes of lambs, which nearly made last week's quotations, there has been a general reduction of 1s 6d to 2s a head both in Edinburgh and Glasgow markets, and the feeling is still downward. Supplies from Canada this week consisted 226 cattle, of which 25 were shipped to Glasgow, and 201 to Aberdeen, fairly good, would average about 9c 6d per lb.; inferior, 8c 6d per lb. Sheep and lambs, 1,313 strong, sold at 8c 6d to 9½d per lb. The shipments from Canada are likely to be less. English cattle are largely increased by the withdrawal of about twenty-five cattle-carrying ships by the Government for the transport service. There are now about 250 cattle-carrying steamers left in the Canadian trade, of which 150 are Liverpool boats, 50 Glasgow, and 50 London. Of these, middling class, which sold indifferently, about 120 of them being still employed in the season for which is pretty well over, and buyers, on account of the large number of these recently, are not disposed to operate much beyond their immediate wants. Best States fed cattle, 10c 3d to 10c 6d; Irish, 9c 9½ per stone; secondary, from 9½ to 10 per stone less respectively. Best mutton, 9½d to 10d; secondary, 8½d to 9½; inferior, 7½d to 8½ per lb. Best lambs, 10½d; secondary, 9½ per lb. Pigs and calves both rather cheaper.

Device for Cooling Air.

A simple way of cooling the air of a room is described in the New Orleans *Picayune* of a recent date. The cooling room of it is the *Picayune* is situated in the upper story of its publication house, just under the roof, and is cooled by evaporation. The means of this inspiration seems to have come to one of the appointed occupants, and is nonetheless with it is a vertical wooden box was constructed in the corner of the room, with openings at the top for air to enter, and furnished with a pipe for supplying water at the top, and a pan and fans at the bottom for receiving the fine and carrying it safely away. The supply pipe was bent over the upper end of the slat's, and fitted with a rose like that of a watering-pot, so as to deliver a shower of spray instead of a solid stream. On connecting it with the service pipe, the movement of the water was found to cause an active circulation of the air in that part of the room, which was drawn in at the upper opening of the shaft and issued again, cool and fresh, at the floor level. The most surprising thing about the experiment seems to have been the effect of the water in cooling the air to a degree much below its own temperature. With Mississippi water, which when drawn from the hydrant pipe indicated a temperature of eighty-four degrees, the air of the room, in which the thermometer at the beginning of the trial stood at ninety-six, was cooled in passing through the length of the shaft to seventy-four degrees, or about twenty degrees below the temperature at which it entered, and has degrees below that of the water which was used to cool it. Of course, the absorption of heat by the evaporation of a portion of the water accounts for its refrigerating effect, but the result seems to have been so easily and inexpensively obtained that the experiment would be well worth repeating in other cases.—*American Architect.*

A crazy satin hat, lined with coral satin is trimmed with pearls and roses.

New Advertisements.
THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE
G. A. WHITNEY.....LESSEE AND MANAGER.
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23rd.
Haverley's European
COLORED MINSTRELS
THEIR THIRD APPEARANCE IN LONDON.
Direct from Royal Engagements in ENGLAND, IRELAND and SCOTLAND, appearing in America but Sunday, October 1st, with the largest company of COLORED ARTISTES ever organized. UNDISPUTED BRITISH TRIUMPHS.
Popular Prices. Reserve Seats at Murray's.
Sept. 1st and 2nd—BERTHA WELBY.
H194d

BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL
For Young Ladies,
346 DUFFERIN AVENUE,
Conducted by Miss McMillan.
WILL RE-OPEN ON MONDAY, THE 11th SEPTEMBER. H15mth

ICE! ICE! ICE!
FOR SALE,
50 Tons of First-Class Ice.
APPLY TO
BEN. SLEET, STRATFORD.
H191y

BARGAINS.
Berlin Wool ..... 10c oz.
36 Skeins Embroidery Silk for ..... 5c.
1 French Mustered Handkerchief ..... 5c.
Ladies' Linen Collars ..... 5c. each.
Wide Spanish Lace ..... 5c. yard.
Handsome Torchon Lace ..... 5c. yard.
Gent's American Hose ..... 5c. pair.
Corsets ..... 25c. pair.
French Flowers ..... 5c. each.
Large Ostrich Plume ..... 25c. each.
Ladies' Ties and Collars ..... 5c. each.
Ladies' Linen Collars ..... 5c. each.
All other Goods Cheap.
Walker's for Cheap Goods.
R. WALKER & SONS,
South Side Dundas Street, London, and Market Square, Strathroy.

BRUNTON'S,
185 DUNDAS STREET.
THE BISHOP STRACHAN SCHOOL,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
WYKEHAM HALL, COLLEGE AVE. - - TORONTO.
MICHAELMAS TERM OPENS WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6th. The position for boarders is from $200 to $300, including tuition in all subjects except Music and Painting, for which the best talent is secured. The accommodation for pupils is extensive, the building has ing been refitted. For prospectus apply to MISS GRIER, the Lady Principal. H8d dy

NOTICE
WE, THE UNDERSIGNED
COAL AND WOOD DEALERS of the city, also London East and London West, respectfully beg to notify our customers and the public generally, that on and after
AUGUST 28th,
WE SHALL SELL FOR CASH ONLY.
Our friends, when ordering, will please bear this fact in mind, and thereby save any unpleasantness that might arise through not having to refuse their order.
Ellis Bros. & Co. Fairview & Co.
Ross & Simm.
Thomas Bros. & Co. T. O'Connor.
J. Groom. W. Wrighton & Son.
Geo. Hodgetts. H. H. Willis.
James Campbell. R. Wisdom.
Chas. McNeil. A. Stanton.
London, August 21, 1882. od-4

GUION MAIL LINE.
SPECIAL NOTICE—THE World-renowned Steamers
ALASKA AND ARIZONA,
of this popular line, will leave New York for Liverpool as follows:—
ARIZONA ..... August 26, 6 a.m.
ALASKA ..... September 16, 7 p.m.
Apply immediately for berths to
Offices. P. R. CLARKE,
Agent, 103 Richmond St., London.

ESTATE OF
McLENNAN & FRYER
OF LONDON.
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS
the entire stock of the above Estate at 50c on the dollar. The Estate consists of about 1,000 pairs of Boots and Shoes, which for the next ten days will be sold in the same manner as heretofore, viz., in lots of 25 pairs and upwards together, or for each separately, up to the end of the 10 days. The Manufacturing Plant, Stock in valued at $7,551.60. Book debts valued at $3,000, may be sold with the above, but the offered for sale separately. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises of the Estate, Nos. 179 and 181 Dundas street, London. Arrangements may also be made with the undersigned for the purchase of the whole or any portion of the said Estate.—JAMES BURNS, Assignee.
London, August 12, 1882. H14dh

COAL AND WOOD.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEG
to leave to notify the public that they have received the Coal and Wood part specially advertised by Matthew Myles, corner York and Richmond streets. We intend keeping a
FIRST-CLASS STOCK OF COAL AND WOOD,
and hope by careful attention to business and strict dealing to merit a share of public patronage.
Give us a trial.
MIDD. W. GRIFFITHS & SON.

MILITIA SUPPLIES.
TENDERS IN DUPLICATE WILL
be received by the undersigned, at London, up to 12 o'clock, p.m., on FRIDAY, August 25th, 1882, for the supply of such quantity of the undermentioned articles as may be required for 1882 and 1883, viz.:—Oats, more or less, for a period of about 11 months from the 1st September next. Oil casings will be at the Drill Shed, London, commencing on the 15th September, 1882.
Bread, Fresh Meat, Groceries and Potatoes, Hardwood for Fuel,
Oats, Hay (Timothy),
In bundles containing 10 lbs., and STRAW.
The daily rations consist of 1½ lb bread, 1 lb meat, 1 lb. potatoes, 1 oz. coffee, 1 oz. tea, 2 oz. sugar, 1 oz. salt, 1-20 oz. pepper, 1 oz. mustard and ½ oz. vinegar.
The daily forage ration (when straw is not required) will be 10 lbs. oats and 10 lbs. hay.
Conformity to the contract and specifications can be obtained at the Militia Office, London, (where samples of the groceries are to be left), or from the undersigned.
The contractor for forage will be required to furnish suitable storage for at least three days' supply, which quantity should always be on hand, and the hay must be in bundles.
The firewood must be hard and contain 128 cubic feet to the cord.
The quarters of beef must weigh not less than one hundred pounds, and the rear, kidneys, suet, shank and brisket joints to be included, and no offal to be supplied, if required, for two days of the period. The contractor to furnish sufficient salt, saltpetre, brooms, scales and weights, and cart, when in places of such size as may be required.
The hospital supply of two representative quarters of beef to be delivered daily at the residence of the Surgeon of the corps commanded.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
All accepted cheques of 5 per cent. on the amount of the contract, payable to the order of the Minister of Militia and Defence, should be sent with the tender. The amount of such cheques will be forfeited to Government in case of non-fulfilment of the contract.
W. H. JACKSON, Lt.-Col.,
D.A.-G. M.I. Dis. No. 1.
Dep. Adjt. General's Office,
London, August 16th, 1882. H192d

WANTED NOW
CITY COAL AND WOOD YARD

New Advertisements.
SALE BY AUCTION
TO-DAY
Chattel Mortgage Sale
—OF—
Household Furniture, Wardrobe, Sideboard, Bedsteads, Carpets, Gas Fixtures, &c.
UNDER A CHATTEL MORTGAGE, Re F. H. MITCHELL, Esq., Manville & Brown have received instructions from F. H. Mitchell to sell at the residence of F. H. Mitchell, 20 Talbot street, on
WEDNESDAY AUGUST 23rd
at 10 o'clock a.m., the contents of this fully furnished residence, consisting of parlor suite, hall carpet, settee in marble and walnut, walnut centre table, marble top; walnut sideboard, walnut hall stand, oil paintings, engravings and photographs, cane and other chairs, extension dining table, sewing machine, hall carpet, parlor carpet, bedroom carpets, linoleum, bedsteads, springs and mattresses, bedding, kitchen utensils, cooking stove with reservoir, Rex Jewel Base Burner, and fender, and a large assortment of kitchen utensils, all of which will be sold without reserve. Sale at 10.30 sharp. No reserve. Terms cash.
R. G. MOORE, Bailiff.
MANVILLE & BROWN, Auctioneers. O81v

AUCTION SALE of Black and Fancy Worsted Coatings, Beaver Cloths, Meltons, Whipcords, Doeskins, Tweeds, Pilots and Coatings, Fancy Vestings, Trimmings and Cutter, on TUESDAY, 29th inst., at 10 o'clock, at 99 Dundas street.
MANVILLE & BROWN WILL
sell at the private residence of S. H. ADAMS, Esq., 191 Dundas Street, opposite Queen's Park, on TUESDAY, August 29th, at 10.30 a.m., the entire contents of his beautiful four-flat house, comprising Parlor Suites, in brocatelle and silk; handsome Centre Tables, in walnut and marble; carved Pedestal Extension Table; elegant Side and Hall Mirrors; Whatnot; walnut Rocking Chairs, Hat Rack, Lace Curtains, Blinds and Cornices, Carpets, Hall Carpet and Oilcloth, Pictures and Engravings, Bedroom Suites, in walnut and ash; Spring and Hair Mattresses, Feather Pillows and Bolsters, Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, Sheets, Pillow and Bolster Cases, Bureaus, Washstands, Towel Racks, Chairs, Rockers, Bedding, Kitchen Utensils, Cooking Stove, Refrigerator, Kitchen Table, Dishes, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Step-ladder, Wringer, with press, and a quantity of other articles too numerous to mention. Sale will positively commence at 10 o'clock sharp. Terms, cash on furniture. The House is a fine, commodious one, and very little used. It can be given on the 1st October. For further particulars apply to MANVILLE & BROWN, Auctioneers, 99 Dundas street. 126dx-weekly

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE AN
EXCURSION
will take place from
LONDON TO PORT STANLEY
—ON—
Thursday of Every Week,
COMMENCING JUNE 8th.
Leaving London 9 a.m., and returning from Port Stanley 6 p.m.
Fare for the Round Trip, 50c.
F. BROUGHTON,
General Manager.
General Offices, Hamilton, May 31, 1882. 99-1

RETIRING
—FROM—
BUSINESS.
R. S. Murray & Co
WILL OFFER THIS WEEK
AT COST!
Velvet Table Covers,
Embroidered Table Covers,
Embossed Table Covers,
Felt Table Covers,
Turkey Table Covers,
Embroidered Piano Covers,
Repp Piano Covers,
India Rubber Piano Covers,
Serge Piano Covers,
Repp Window Curtains,
Plain Damasks,
Table Linen,
Cotton sheeting,
Ends Carpets,
Ends Oilcloth,
Ends Matting,
Ends Brussels Carpet,
Turkey Hearth Rugs,
Sheepskin Mats,
Bear Mats,
Bearpaw Mats,
Bordered Mats,
Footstools.
As we intend to close our business before January 1, goods will be sold at prices never before known in London.
TERMS CASH.
R. S. MURRAY & CO.,
124 Dundas Street,
125 Carling Street.
London, Aug. 16, 1882. H192dx

DONALD McPHIE & CO.
LOW PRESSURE STEAM HEATING, DIRECT AND INDIRECT.
Agents for Gurney Steam Heating Company Rochester, N.Y.
HOT WATER HEATING.
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS.
GOLD MEDALISTS 1882.
ALEXANDER PAT. WATER CLOSETS.
Tools supplied. 447 Richmond Street, London. Ont.
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting promptly attended to. Estimates furnished. Telephone communication. H

THE BALL
Electric Light Co.
OF CANADA.
PENDING THE OFFICIAL FORMATION of the Company, Letters Patent for which are now in course of preparation, the Provisional Directors have decided to receive applications for Stock at the Office of the Provisional Secretary, No. 9 Toronto Street, Toronto, where Prospectuses may be obtained.
TRACY C. D., of MESSRS. STEVENS, TURNER & GUNNE, London Ont.
Q. C. BALL.

JOHN McMECHAN,
Boots & Shoes,
192
Dundas Street, London,
TWO DOORS EAST SAUNDERS'
H18od-fa DRUG STORE.

A CURE GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES.
MAGNETIC MEDICINE
TRADE MARK
For BRAIN & NERVE FOOD. After
Is a Sure, Prompt, and Effectual Remedy for Impotency as in all its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Irregularities, Night Sweats, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power, Impotency, Nervous Weak, Exhaustion the Deluded Victim, Sleeplessness the Befuddled Brain and Shattered Nervous System, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Impotency, Nervous Weakness, Exhaustion, Sleeplessness

...ss, Cheques and Drafts,
...INVOICE, NOTE AND
...TTER HEADINGS
...and all kinds of
...ness and Bankers' Stationery,
—AT—
...IOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING
DEPARTMENT,
...e Press Printing Co.
...ee Press.
LONDON, ONTARIO.
...dnesday, August 23 1882.

MOUNT ROYAL.

...MISS M. E. BRADDON.

...erhaps I didn't think anything about answered Leonard, with his most exa... her.
...ten I can only say that if half I've ...is true you ought to keep known all ...h."
...e how?"
...ecause it's some shit bold that he ...with your wife—was engaged to her ...was thrown off by her on account of ...extremely disreputable conduct ...mother has also credit of the ...ing off, by-the by."
...en had better leave my mother's name ...y wife's name out of your conversa...
...That's twenty-eight to me, Monty, ...has spoiled a capital hunch by his ...d personality."
...beg your pardon—Mrs. Tregonell is ...y friend, and there is no woman I ...deeply honor. But still you must al... to be sensible that you let that man ...your threshold."
...re are welcome to go on wondering, ...wholesome exercise for a shooting... ...Gama," exclaimed Mr. Maclise; ...assed put his oar in the rest, and ...away, without any word to either of ...
...st the kind of man to intercept a warm... ...d gift. Well, I ...re me, as well go to roost."

CHAPTER XXI.

AND TIME IS SWEEPING WI' ME, O."

...ne Hamleigh left the billiard players ...he lukewarm of going straight to his ...oom; but in the hall he encountered ...ome of Trevlyn, who was just going ...very apologetic at having deprived ...regaled by the fascination of mil... talk. Chelmsford came out to the hall, to bid their old friends ...night, and thus it happened that Mr. ...igh was left alone with Trevlyn, ...there talking till nearly midnight. ...ey had talked of many things, and ...y had talked in their usual fashion, ...conversation grew and seemed to ...ngle with the dreams of Hamleigh ...d desperate, and Chelmsford had ...ed to rely against his destinies.
...ve got a good deal to lose, yes," ...ll, sheltering her personality behind ...neral statement, "but I think it is ...ch better to lose more than."
...have not wanted to lose. It has been ...ch to win. I am very grateful to you, ...I am more grateful than I can say to ...husband for having brought me here— ...ough I came with rash hopes and ...y. The time has come when I may ...y everybody—save those whose lives ...ve mine—will be better for my ...ing. I am going to leave you, ...ought at Sedley, I think, Mrs. Trego... and after Michaelmas I shall be ...ne as well as you do—"
...letter, perhaps," murmured Jessie, in ...ready suspicion.
...ess! both know that my life for the ...ur years has been very regret... ...all my days have been a long weep... the bitterness of remorse. I am not ...e some few months I have been ...ons which spoiled my life and broken my ...; I unfinished, without completion, ...h I hope the destroy angel will not ...e right to offer you this ruin of a life..." ...No not speak of that," cried Christabel, ...a still sadder tone, "the past is the ...t of the past—I cannot bear it."
...t, dear, I will leave you," Hamleigh ...ed, "but I shall see you before I ...
...ll, perhaps," Christabel ...ed, ...t to tell you that your goodness to me ...ese latter days—your friendship, so ...ly unlooked for from this moment ...
...e moment—but filled my mind with ...d memories which will soothe my hours ...ness and regret. I shall never ...e where I was once so happy ...rich I could leave you—pleased ...ey been when I am gone—I ...r poor boy had been old enough to re... ...ve days to some. Now that he is ...d him better than any one on earth could ...him, after his father and mother ...shelessly neglected me words. She had ...r hand before she spoke—tears accom... ...ds. Hamleigh was deeply moved, ...happily he yielded to one brief fight of ...dship's lamps and the fading R...
...ow that they went to look at life in the ...ct—its difficulties—its problems—its ...olutions—and of death—and the ...ld beyond—and whether it is a world ...consequence, where the deep joys strikes ...ts, and the deep sorrows are realities, ...is a prayer and more spiritual form— ...ve they shall no longer walk hand in ...d with the unseen, dogged by the ...s, specter Death
...illness and solitude had done much to ac... ...and spiritualize Angus Monteigh's mind ...a religion's degree. She strict hard-and ...creed which was the breath of life to ...ward's mother, had never grappled ...n or conquered by love, but it was in his ...ure to be religious. Never at his worst ...his emotions—his sorrow under this hour on ...at of paganism—never had he denied the ...unty a pure and perfect life, a ...ople faithful faith, herself self-abnegating ...e of God and man. He had admired and ...ensed such qualities in others, and been ...ry that nature had cast him in a low-y ...eld. Thus had come the weakness which ...d life that his days have been to be of ...s harvest, and without conscious effort, ...e thoughts had taken a more serious cast. ...e great problem had come nearer home to ...n—and he had found its only solution to ...hope—hope more or less vague and dim— ...re or less severe and steadfast—accord... to the temperament of the thinker. ...metaphysical argument for or against— ...theological teaching, could push the ...ng no further. It seemed to him that it ...as the strongest instinct of mankind to ...eive and hope for an imperishable life, ...ever, before, since the life we know ...ve—and that breath in every human ...ost their fourth capacity for immortality, ...d die—died for extinction—and to this ...ternal instinct he surrendered himself ...ense-ully, content to demand no stronger ...monstration that grand chapter of Corin... ...ians which has consoled so many ...eneration of sorrowers.

To be continued.

An immense downpour of rain for two consecutive days has done incalculable damage to the crops in many parts of Germany; a sense districts the harvests are completely ruined. The grain crops of all descriptions, probably this time should have been nearly all harvested, is rotting in the fields. The disaster is all the greater and more disappointing, since for seventy years past Germany has not had this promise of so abundant a harvest as that of the present year.

Most French novels of the present day, the *Kingston Reporter*, deal with Paris and Hell.

TURNER'S TONIC BITTERS.

A New Section by Which the World Can be Supplied.

Turner's Tonic Bitters have become a household word in hundreds of families, and a sufficient number of testimonials could be obtained as to their efficacy to fill many people have a reluctance to having their names exposed in public. This feeling for Mr. Turner's really splendid tonic has increased until a market is found from California to Montreal, and the demand is constantly increasing in all the cities of Ontario. A day or two since our reporter called at the manufactory provided to supply the demand, and it would surprise our readers if they were to see to what completeness the operations are reduced. Five vats, having an aggregate capacity of one thousand and seven gallons, are placed in a most convenient locality, and in these 1,000 gallons per day can be turned out. Hitherto the bottling and bagging has been a laborious operation, but a rotary pump, manufactured by Bliby, of Seneca Falls, N. Y., has been procured, and now the labor has been reduced to pastime. A tube has been driven down to a living spring, and from this no inexhaustible supply of pure water is obtained. Although the pump power is only a few inches in diameter, yet its force is so great that a stream can be forced to the height of the block in which it is placed. By a very simple contrivance the pump either forces water up, or, when attached to the vats, sends a stream of Bitters into an upper room, where it is placed in vessels or bottles. Mr. Robert Rennie fitted the machinery and hose in position, and everything works like clock-work.

Mr. Turner's premises will repay a visit, and several who have seen his improvements desire their intention to secure one of these little plants for household and other purposes.

COUPLING PINS.

Gleaned from Local Sources and "Free From" Exchanges.

It is reported that the Philadelphia & Reading company have issued an order to its employes in the anthracite region at Hazleton commanding that attending a base ball match would be followed by two weeks' vacation, and finishing the match by 6 p.m., besides winning the match by $20.

Messrs. White and Dobie are willing to back Monroe Chief against Van Arsdale, for $1,000 a side, the race to take place in September, over any good track west of Cleveland.

Over in New York they are calling Sullivan and "Tug" Wilson the lightning pugilists because they do not strike twice in the same place—the police authorities will not allow them.

The Maysville, (Ky., Fair Association offers a silver cup or vase, valued at $200, to the great trotting stallion, Alexander, now at 4th Grove Farm, to beat against his own record, of 2.19.

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Cost of Scotch Shooting Grounds.

An "intending officer" must decide first on the rent he proposes to pay; next what kinds of game he wants to shoot; whether he desires to fish; and, if so, salmon or trout, or both; and, lastly, the accommodation he will require at the lodge. Roughly speaking, the rental of a Scotch shooting may afford plenty of amusement, and even if not by £400 if very large there are pleasures and hardships of another kind to be had, some are made of life. But nothing can be got under £400 if plenty of sport is desired; and to this the rental must be added the wages of keepers and collies. If both deer and grouse are to be shot over, a rental of at least £1,000 will have to be paid. Black Mount Forest, in Argyleshire, which is leased by Lord Dufferin from Lord Breadalbane, extends to 90,000 acres, and affords every description of shooting and excellent loch fishing. It is offered at £3,000. Balmoral, Lord Sefield's forest in Inverness-shire, has been let to Sir Henry Allsop (who rented Black Mount last season) at £3,000. It extends over 29,000 acres, and fifty stags may be counted on. There is also fine cover and mixed shooting over 12 000 acres. Moy (Sir John Ramsden's), on the shore of Loch Laggan, is let at £400, with 5 000 acres of moor, last year's bag being 190 brace of grouse; but the lodge here is exceptionally good and the fishing is capital. Lord Middleton's forests of Applecross, in Ross-shire, which extends over nearly 60,000 acres, is let at £2 500. The six great sporting counties of Scotland contain over eight millions acres of shooting ground. The shooting rentals of Inverness and Perth are each larger than was paid for the whole country at the commencement of the present century. Sir John Ramsden receives nearly £5 000 for his Badenoch shootings, retaining the great forest of Ardverikie in his own hands. Sir G. Macpherson Grant receives £5,500 for three forests in the same district, and Lord Seafield's rental exceeds £12,000. The principal shootings in Forfar belong to Lords Dalhousie and Airlie; the sporting rental of the former exceeds £6,000, and he keeps a large subset of grenade in his own hands. Perhaps the finest "all-round" sport in the country is obtained in the Island of Arran, which belongs to the Duke of Hamilton, and is a vast game preserve. Shootings are usually let for four months, from the middle of July, but sport on the grouse moors ceases, as a rule, early in September, and although the season lasts till December 10, it is rarely that a lodge is inhabited after the beginning of October.

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POPULAR PASTIMES.

Interesting Items Regarding Sporting Matters in General.

All that is Transpiring Among Sportsmen—Racing, Rowing, Shooting, Pugilism and Athletics.

Gardner, late of the Philadelphias, has been engaged in Milwaukee for 1882.

Foster is playing a fine fielding game for Detroit, but has not improved in his batting.

It is said that there was a good deal of "crooked" work at the Winnipeg races on the 15th inst.

Edward Vaughan, of Oshcos, has accepted Dick Eagan's, of Troy, challenge to fight for $1,000 a side.

Buffalo Girl, the mare who paced in 2:12½ at Buffalo, is, owing to the sudden death of her owner, for sale.

Billiard experts in Winnipeg are endeavoring to arrange for a tournament to commence at an early date.

It is said that Pfeffer, now of the Troys, will next year return to his first love, the Eclipse nine, of Louisville.

Manbrino Chief has six of his get in the 2:30 list, with 142 heats to their credit, their best record being 2:18½.

Maud S and Lysander have both returned to the turf, and will likely file an appearance at the Hartford meeting.

It is doubtful whether the match between Clingstone and Trinket will come off, as the latter is said to be out of condition.

Courtney and Lee will row a match for $500 a side, and a citizens' purse of $500 added, at Richfield Springs, N. Y., Aug 31.

Ethan Allen has eighteen sons, who have produced forty-seven performers, with 303 heats in 2:30 or better to their credit, the best record being 2:17¼.

Mr. Gordon does not wish to sell Clingstone, Still, if anyone offers him $100,000 he might take it. Perhaps after the Utica test Mr. Gordon might take less.

The report that the Poughkeepsie meeting is off is not true. There are upward of ninety entries, and some of the best and most responsible citizens are supporting it.

At a shingle packing match at East Saginaw on Thursday, lasting from 8 a.m. to 12 p. m., Jack Lyons packed 60,500 shingles, winning the match by 500.

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THE LATE PROFESSOR JEVONS.

A Biographical Sketch of the Great Political Economist.

New York Herald, August 16th.

William Stanley Jevons, destined to make for himself so eminent a place among leading mathematicians, was a grandson of William R. Jevons, the distinguished merchant prince and banker of Liverpool, the head of the Liverpool firm of the courts and times of Lorenzo de Medici and of Leo X. His mother, Mr. Roscoe's daughter, was a poet of considerable talent, a highly accomplished woman. The corner was a wealthy row merchant of Liverpool, and in that town the son was born in 1835. From the high school of the Mechanics' Institution, in his native town, he went in 1851 to University College, London. Appointed in 1866 as assayer of the Royal Australian Mint at Sydney he went through a course of assaying with Professors Graham and Miller, and in the next year proceeded to his new post of duty, where he remained for five years. During these years he devoted his leisure to scientific study, especially in the department of meteorology. On his return journey from Australia he visited the United States, and from after reaching home resumed his studies at University College, from which he graduated in 1867 as M. A., with first-class honors. He received also the gold medal in the department of logic, philosophy and political economy. He was shortly engaged in working at the mathematical theory of economics, which he has since so ably and continuously presented for the consideration of political science students. As early as 1865 he had before the British association a paper in which he set forth the fundamental propositions of his later elaborate work on political economy. Two years earlier he had published a volume entitled "A Serious Fall in the Value of Gold Ascertained, and its Social Effects Set Forth." In the same year he went up Owens College as a tutor, and in 1866 became his professor of logic and political economy. Since 1864 he had been a fellow of his alma mater. In 1865 appeared his book "On the Coal Question," as it related to the probable time of exhaustion of the English mines and his statistics and calculations formed the basis of the further discussion of that important subject. The following years were crowded with work. In 1869 saw the publication of his logical treatise, "Substitution of Similars the True Principle of reasoning." In 1870 he contributed his logical machine, and read before the Royal Society a paper "On the Mechanical Performance of Logical Inference," and in the same year he published "Elementary Lessons in Logic." In 1871 came the celebrated (or is his "Theory of Political Economy," the second edition of which he put forth five years later in enlarged form, with the addition of important correlated material. During this time he had carefully explored the bibliography of his subject, and discovered to his surprise that his own theory had been arrived at by three independent thinkers in different parts of Europe—Leon Walras, of Lausanne, Switzerland, and Prof. Menger, of Vienna, in France, and Gossen, in Germany. Professor Jevons accepted this coincidence as strong evidence of the truth of his mathematical theory, and added to his new edition a list, to fail as it was possible to make it, of writers who had treated political economy from a mathematical standpoint. To English students of the Cournot, Von Thunen, Dupuit, Gossen, Walras, Menger, Jenkin, Fleeming and others the name of Jevons will be the best of the season. His stay was the property of an English clergyman, the Rev. John King, who owned Apology and other good ones, and the colt was bred by his father.

A member of the Columbia, Ohio, Driving Park Association told a Rochester *Democrat* reporter that the Buffalo and Rochester meetings have caused so much dissatisfaction among western horsemen that a movement to establish a western circuit is seriously considered.

Calcago will have a fall running meeting this year, Oct. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. This is well timed. There are hundreds of Western horse now in the East that will at that time assemble in the West. The stakes for the meeting will be eight in number, with well-devised conditions.

The Athletic nine for 1883 will take a Southern trip in January. After completing the Southern circuit they will swing around to the West, playing in St. Louis and Louisville, and arrive home in time to begin their winter practice for the opening of the championship race in May.

A letter from Manager O'Rourke says that from what he hears at Worcester, he thinks the Worcester Club will remain in the league another year. The average attendance at the Buffalo games there was about 200 and it was intimated that the gate-head better be looked as they could not escape.

The latest betting on the Doncaster St. Leger, which takes place next month, is 2 to 1 against Gehtinnis; 3 to 1 against Shotover; 7 to 1 against Galaklava, and 100 to 7 against Brownbread. Of the American horses, Golden Gate is at 66 to 1. Gerald and Sodium at 100 to 1, and General Scott, 200 to 1.

Aldine, by Almont, with a record of 2.19½ has been purchased from P. E. Noble, of Grand Rapids, Mich., by Pete V. Johnson, for Mr. Charles Schwarz, of Chicago. The price paid was $4 000, and half the mare's net winnings during the circuit. At the close of the season she is to be driven on the road as a mate to Argonaut.

George Rooke, of New York, authorizes the statement that he will meet either Sullivan or Wilson in the prize ring for from $2,500 to $3 000 a side in October or November, within 500 miles of New Orleans. He wants a large forfeit posted to prevent the fight being on paper only, and to cover the expenses of training. Rooke says Sullivan can't fight a hard fight, and Wilson is only a fourth-rate pugilist.

The Canowchich and Cambridgeshire stakes, the great English fall handicaps, which, it will be remembered, were both won last year by Mr. Keene's Fathull, will be run on Oct. 10 and 24 respectively. Mr. Lorillard has entered for both races Iroquois, Nero's and Atlanta and Mr. Keene Fathull, Don Fulano, Bushmaker, Rokmaker, Golden Gate and Romeo. In addition, Mr. Keene has Southdale entered for the Cambridgeshire.

Edward Hanlan has issued the following response to Wallace Ross:—"In answer to Mr. Ross' challenge to the, I may say that I have thoroughly made up my mind not to row any race this year, and therefore can not accommodate Mr. Ross, who seems to be so eager to wrest the championship from me. But I hereby make him an offer. I will contest to row him four or five miles on any course between here and New York next June for $5,000 a side and the championship of the world. If Mr. Ross does not embrace this opportunity for making a match there is every probability that I will not be able to accommodate him with a race even next year. I may be engaged in boat race which will prevent me making any match unless I have long notice ahead. I do entertain this proposition he can send along articles of agreement."

On Thursday, Aug. 10, on the three-quarter track at the farm near Tarrytown, Mr. Robert Bonner, drove Lucy Coyler a mile to wagon in 2:22½. The first quarter was trotted in 41½ seconds, and the half in 1:18½, making the time of the second half-mile 1:04. Mr. Bonner weighs 180 pounds, which adds to the greatness of the performance. For years the 2:24 wagon time of Dexter stood at the best on record. Lucy Coyler not only beat this time on a track with an extra turn to the mile, but she trotted the last half at a clip which would worry Clingstone or Edwin Thorne to sulky with regulation weight. She have wonderful flight of speed, and latterly Mr. Bonner has succeeded in shoeing her so that she carries this speed over a flat-one of ground. She bids fair on a mile track and in harness to trot down close to 2:10.

There appears to be little prospect that the challenge issued by the owners of Monroe Chief, to trot that horse for $2 500 a side against Commodore Kittson's stallion Ben Von Arnim, will be accepted. The Minnesota men say that the Commodore never bets on his horse, but makes rumor is very much easier he has more than once signified his willingness to match his stallion against the Chicago horse.

It is now known that Mr. Vanderbilt sent Maud S. and Lysander Boy to Hartford for the purpose of having them worked as a team by Billy Bair, in the hope of their excelling the 2 16½ of Dick Swiveller and Edward, made over the Fleetwood track not long ago. Lysander Boy's record is 2 20½ and it is the general opinion among horsemen that he cannot go fast enough to mate Maud S.

The Providence Club won the league championship in 1879, and held it until it was taken from them by Chicago in the season of 1880. Providence held the championship during the entire season of 1880 and until the league met in meeting in December of that year awarded the pennant to Chicago.

Merrill Hights drove Kate Sprague a mile in 2 15¼, at Rochester, the last half being in 1.06½.

THE LATE PROFESSOR JEVONS.

A Biographical Sketch of the Great Political Economist.

New York Herald, August 16th.

William Stanley Jevons, destined to make for himself so eminent a place among leading mathematicians, was a grandson of William R. Jevons, the distinguished merchant prince and banker of Liverpool, the head of the Liverpool firm of the courts and times of Lorenzo de Medici and of Leo X. His mother, Mr. Roscoe's daughter, was a poet of considerable talent, a highly accomplished woman. The corner was a wealthy row merchant of Liverpool, and in that town the son was born in 1835. From the high school of the Mechanics' Institution, in his native town, he went in 1851 to University College, London. Appointed in 1866 as assayer of the Royal Australian Mint at Sydney he went through a course of assaying with Professors Graham and Miller, and in the next year proceeded to his new post of duty, where he remained for five years. During these years he devoted his leisure to scientific study, especially in the department of meteorology. On his return journey from Australia he visited the United States, and from after reaching home resumed his studies at University College, from which he graduated in 1867 as M. A., with first-class honors. He received also the gold medal in the department of logic, philosophy and political economy. He was shortly engaged in working at the mathematical theory of economics, which he has since so ably and continuously presented for the consideration of political science students. As early as 1865 he had before the British association a paper in which he set forth the fundamental propositions of his later elaborate work on political economy. Two years earlier he had published a volume entitled "A Serious Fall in the Value of Gold Ascertained, and its Social Effects Set Forth." In the same year he went up Owens College as a tutor, and in 1866 became his professor of logic and political economy. Since 1864 he had been a fellow of his alma mater. In 1865 appeared his book "On the Coal Question," as it related to the probable time of exhaustion of the English mines and his statistics and calculations formed the basis of the further discussion of that important subject. The following years were crowded with work. In 1869 saw the publication of his logical treatise, "Substitution of Similars the True Principle of reasoning." In 1870 he contributed his logical machine, and read before the Royal Society a paper "On the Mechanical Performance of Logical Inference," and in the same year he published "Elementary Lessons in Logic." In 1871 came the celebrated (or is his "Theory of Political Economy," the second edition of which he put forth five years later in enlarged form, with the addition of important correlated material. During this time he had carefully explored the bibliography of his subject, and discovered to his surprise that his own theory had been arrived at by three independent thinkers in different parts of Europe—Leon Walras, of Lausanne, Switzerland, and Prof. Menger, of Vienna, in France, and Gossen, in Germany. Professor Jevons accepted this coincidence as strong evidence of the truth of his mathematical theory, and added to his new edition a list, to fail as it was possible to make it, of writers who had treated political economy from a mathematical standpoint. To English-speaking students of the Cournot, Von Thunen, Dupuit, Gossen, Walras, Menger, Jenkin, Fleeming and others the name of Jevons will be the best of the season. His stay was the property of an English clergyman, the Rev. John King, who owned Apology and other good ones, and the colt was bred by his father.

A member of the Columbia, Ohio, Driving Park Association told a Rochester *Democrat* reporter that the Buffalo and Rochester meetings have caused so much dissatisfaction among western horsemen that a movement to establish a western circuit is seriously considered.

Calcago will have a fall running meeting this year, Oct. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. This is well timed. There are hundreds of Western horse now in the East that will at that time assemble in the West. The stakes for the meeting will be eight in number, with well-devised conditions.

The Athletic nine for 1883 will take a Southern trip in January. After completing the Southern circuit they will swing around to the West, playing in St. Louis and Louisville, and arrive home in time to begin their winter practice for the opening of the championship race in May.

A letter from Manager O'Rourke says that from what he hears at Worcester, he thinks the Worcester Club will remain in the league another year. The average attendance at the Buffalo games there was about 200 and it was intimated that the gate-head better be looked as they could not escape.

The latest betting on the Doncaster St. Leger, which takes place next month, is 2 to 1 against Gehtinnis; 3 to 1 against Shotover; 7 to 1 against Galaklava, and 100 to 7 against Brownbread. Of the American horses, Golden Gate is at 66 to 1. Gerald and Sodium at 100 to 1, and General Scott, 200 to 1.

Aldine, by Almont, with a record of 2.19½ has been purchased from P. E. Noble, of Grand Rapids, Mich., by Pete V. Johnson, for Mr. Charles Schwarz, of Chicago. The price paid was $4 000, and half the mare's net winnings during the circuit. At the close of the season she is to be driven on the road as a mate to Argonaut.

George Rooke, of New York, authorizes the statement that he will meet either Sullivan or Wilson in the prize ring for from $2,500 to $3 000 a side in October or November, within 500 miles of New Orleans. He wants a large forfeit posted to prevent the fight being on paper only, and to cover the expenses of training. Rooke says Sullivan can't fight a hard fight, and Wilson is only a fourth-rate pugilist.

The Canowchich and Cambridgeshire stakes, the great English fall handicaps, which, it will be remembered, were both

FISH AND PONIES.

Leading Pursuits of the People of Morehead City.

correspondence of the Atlanta Constitution.

Morehead City, N. C., July 31.—I suppose Morehead City is the only city in the world without a wheel in it. I do not think there is a wagon or a buggy horse in the town, and very few in the country. Everything is done in boats. There is not a house in the entire town more than a mile from the water, and when a boat is worth from $1,200 to $2 000. It is said they get between the shore and the Gulf Stream, and in trying to beat out to sea are sickened by the heavy water. They turn in shore again, and soon found themselves. Along the bays and inlets mackerel are caught in large quantities in nets. But this wholesale fishing is neither picturesque nor interesting. A pretty sport practiced along shore is shooting flounders. A small row-boat is put adrift. A man with a flambeau walks alongside up to his knees in water. In the bow of the boat sportsmen stand with shoulder gigs. Along the bottom, by the reflexion of the light, can be seen white flounders, half buried in the sand. They remain perfectly still while the gig is poised above them, and never move until they are either speared or missed. The only drawback to this sport is that occasionally your torch-bearer is stung by a stingaree. A stingaree is simply a long buggy whip, broken out with small-pox and filled with steel springs, aquafortis and needles. When he hits you, lockjaw is the mildest possible result. The "little stingy" contingent about Morehead makes its living by crabbing. With a little boat, hardly bigger than a tub, they go out in the surf, and flopping in and out like amphibia, soon coupe in with a bushel or so of the ugliest looking and sweetest tasting things that swim in the water.

A Gas other very important industry of this most interesting place is the raising of "marsh hookies," the marsh hooky being a shaggy pony hardly larger than the Shetland, light built and very hardy. He lives in the water and will not eat corn or hay. He is brought up on the marsh grass, which he finds between tides. They get literally nothing, breeding in droves as wild horses. Each drove has its leader, who selects the eating ground and decides when the time are going out or coming in. Once every year the owners have what is called a "pony penning." All the ponies belonging to the surrounding into the thousands, are driven in pens between high tides. They get literally nothing, breeding in droves as wild horses. Each drove has its leader, who selects the eating ground and decides when the tides

J. M. LONGAN & CO.

ARRIVED,

256 PKS. WINE

which we will sell in the trade in bond or duty paid.

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

PATENT MEDICINES

Still Selling at Reduced Prices

—AT—

STRONG'S DRUG STORE

184 Dundas St., London.

Special attention given to dispensing Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Open on Sundays for dispensing.

Imported Wines and Brandies for medicinal use only.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Wednesday, August 23, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Wednesday, Aug. 23, 1882.

Sun rises.....5.33 a.m. | Moon rises.....2.42 p.m.
Sun sets.....6.36 p.m. | Moon sets.....1.05 a.m.

Day of the year—235th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Full moon	6th	3.15 p. m
Last quarter	13th	1.51 a. m
New moon	20th	5.10 p. m
First quarter	28th	10.45 p. m

STORMY PREDICTIONS.

Dr. Wiggins, of the Finance Department, Ottawa, who has been remarkably successful in his weather predictions, publishes the following dates in connection with continental storms for the remainder of 1882:—September 15th, October 15th, November 13th, December 13th. A heavy gale accompanied by rain and high tides will occur on the coast of the Maritime Provinces September 13th. Nearly all these storms will reach Ottawa from the north-east. In Manitoba these will occur twenty-nine hours later.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Aug. 23, 1 a. m.—The pressure is about equal and comparatively uniform throughout Canada. A slight depression covers the Upper Mississippi Valley and North-west States. There have been a few slight showers in Ontario. Elsewhere the weather has been very fine. There has been no decide change in the temperature in any part of the country. For the Lower Lakes—Light to moderate winds, mostly south-east and south-west; warmer with cloudy weather and local rains.

THE MINSTRELS TO NIGHT.—Haverley's Colored Minstrels at the Grand Opera House to-night promise a first-class entertainment. Go.

THE NORTH-WEST FARMER is the title of an excellent agricultural journal published at Winnipeg, under the management of Mr. Lod. K. Cameron, late city editor of the *Advertiser* of this city. It is well got up, and replete with general agricultural information, probably illustrated. We trust Mr. C. will meet with all the success which his paper merits in the North-west.

ICE CREAM SOCIAL.—A very pleasant entertainment of this kind was held last night (it's Hamilton Road Primitive Methodist Church) in the basement there presided, and after the ice cream and cakes were disposed of, the following choice programme was successfully rendered:—Introductions by Lydia Clarke and Mr. R. Clarke; anthems by the choir; reading by Mr. Ball; song by Mr. Gardner; reading by Dr. Gardner; speech by Rev. Mr. Daniels. Several splendid contributions were sung by the Misses Dutfill and Messrs. Tozer and Rodge. Dr. Gard was accepted the chair. At the close the pastor, Rev. Mr. Moore, moved the usual vote of thanks, and the audience went away in the best of humor.

POLICE COURT.—There was very little business transacted at the Police Court yesterday before Squire Peters, the acting Police Magistrate. George Moore, who took a trip out of the city Monday, was fined $10 and costs, as it on his return trip by the G. W. R. he got drunk and disorderly, and used obscene language towards some lady passengers. Edward Ba was arrested and fined $10 and $6.60 costs, or two months in gaol. Wm. Mason, charged with vagrancy, was remanded to the 29th. Wm. Wilson, Hisby, a well - known cab - driver, appeared upon a charge of being drunk. He pleaded hard for mercy, and upon his promise to sign the pledge for one year, he was allowed to go with a fine of 67 and costs, four days being given to pay the amount. James Dillon was charged by Albert Smith with assaulting his wife, without permission, being an apprentice, and was remanded until Thursday.

SHARRY TREATMENT.—A communication has been received from a member of the players in the holiday game of base ball between the Eurekas and the Beauties, which took place. The young gentlemen who signed to the game are indignant over the slur which the *Advertiser* has cast upon them. When a member of young men who are in the confine them for the most part to offices and pieces of business, indulge in a couple of hours' recreation, it seems the height of bad taste to make them the subjects of scurrilous abuse. A sporting contract is this, was the kindly-worded paragraph you were pleased to give us; and we are grateful for it. It but goes, however, to show that your contemporary is, of all others, the weakest authority on anything manly, and is as unreliable when dealing with a base ball match as it is in local news generally. This is admitted by everyone, and either defective judgment or ignorance is what ails it."

LOCAL NOTICES.

Remember the grand auction sale to-day of household furniture, carpets, &c., at the residence of F. H. Mitchell, No 506 Talbot street. First-class parlor, bed and dining-room furniture will be sold without reserve. Sale at 10 30. Terms cash.

FARMERS' BREAD, purchased the confectionery and bakery business from H. H. Dorn, 519 Richmond street, on the 16th inst. Same bakers. Same quality of bread. Ice cream parlor open every evening. Come early and often. The above does not in any way affect our Sewing Machine business on Dundas street. W. H. FREEMAN, Manager. Private-ve

Everybody says SCARFE, & Co's is the cheapest place in the city to buy trunks and valises.

Ladies in the city will find a beautiful assortment of silver jewellery, at Jewellery, and the best selected stock of colored gold and fancy jewellery in the west at Murray's. Seventeen cases silverware, two cases cutlery just received. Prices low and goods guaranteed at this establishment.

Lawn Mowers, best in the market. Garden shears and hoes; paints, carpet felt, carriers, wringers, washing machines, mangles.—BROWN & MORRIS, Hardware, 316 Dundas street.

Rubber hose of best quality, carries, carriage, hose reels, lawn rakes, garden shears. T. HERBERT MARSH, 167 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HERBERT MARSH, 167 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received direct from Rowney & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

A J. Brennar, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS lithographic Department.

Have you seen the new lemon squeezers, the neatest and best pattern in the market. A large assortment of trays and waiters at all prices. T. HERBERT MARSH, 167 Dundas street.

For the Boys.

Knickerbocker and Blouse Suits for the children.

Tasty Sac Suits of latest cut and style for the youth.

Blue and Grey Serge coats, all sizes, for Boys from 5 years of age upwards.

Jersey Suits in all sizes.

Boys' Merino Underwear in all sizes.

Boys' Clothing made to order.

ROSE, WALLACE, 146 Dundas St.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Straw hats will soon be shelved.

Mr. T. B. Grant, of St. Mary's, is on a visit to Manitoba.

The Queen's avenue sewer drain was finished yesterday.

Mr. John Forbes, of Woodstock, has arrived at Whaipeg.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rich have returned from a visit to Manitoba.

A base ball match will be played at Tecumseh Park this afternoon.

The 7th Fusiliers Band will play on the Park this evening, instead of Friday.

Mr. Henry Starke, of Rodney, had the nails cut off five of his cattle a few nights ago.

Jailer Fish is attending the shooting matches of the Ontario Rifle Association at Toronto.

A Conservative club has been formed in St. Thomas, which will meet regularly in the Bishop Hall.

Mr. J. C. McKenzie, of Chicago, an old Londoner, is spending his holidays visiting friends in this city.

Mr. E. A. Wilson, of Toronto, agent for "Wilson's Improved" Weigh Scales, was in this city yesterday.

Mr. C. R. Blackaby, of the Clinton *Record*, was in the city yesterday, stopping at the Grigg House.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Mara have gone to Toronto for a holiday, and are the guests of Mr. W. Smith, of Wilton avenue.

A couple of Westminster hotel keepers were fined $20 and costs before Squire Peters yesterday for infraction of the liquor law.

Mr. Lod K. Cameron, accompanied by his family, leaves the city to-day for Winnipeg, where they intend to reside in future.

Messrs. J. Phillips & Co. purchased yesterday a load of new oats from Mr. Joseph Stevenson. The price was $1 02 per cental.

Thos. G. Noblett was arrested yesterday for being drunk and disorderly in the vicinity of Pocock's store, on Dundas street.

Mr. David Glass, of Glass, Gray & Co., city, has been elected Vice-President of the Manitoba Electric and Gas Light Company.

A large excursion train from Chatham and Rondeau passed through the city yesterday. The passengers picnicked at Port Stanley.

Mr. John Shaw, of Byron (father of Mr Bernard Shaw), one of the oldest settlers in the county, died at his son's residence Monday, at the age of 86 years.

A game of cricket played at Strathroy Wednesday between local clubs and a eleven from Parkhill, resulted in favor of Strathroy, by a score of 97 to 69.

And now the former outlier as he goes upon his business steps, and sighs as he reflects that as other farmers have immense crops too. Life is full of misery.

Mr. Frank Whetter has disposed of his interest in the hardware business in Forest, carried on by him and Mr. Lawrie, and with his divisions of the line.

Mr. I. Danks, Secretary of the Waterworks, who has been confined to his residence for some time with rheumatism, is so far recovered yesterday as to be able to get up.

The following Londoners were registered at Toronto hotels, Monday:—Mr. Tait's Coffee, M. W. Maxville, H. W. Goutlock, F. J. Birch, H. R. Eyre, Adam Murray, and Geo. Hayes.

Herr Wilkens, of Hamilton, formerly of this city, has just taken out his first patent of Paris medallions of Miss F. Cooper and Mr. G. Glass, who were drowned in the Illecillewaet disaster.

The rest in the chimney of a dwelling on Simcoe street, owned by Mr. Forman, became ignited yesterday, and an alarm was sounded, causing the brigade to turn out. No damage was done.

Seventeen head of fat cattle, fed by Mr. Thos. Thompson, of Westminster, were weighed on the cattle sheds Saturday afternoon, their combined weight being 27,610 lbs. Coogion Bros., of Glanworth, were the purchasers.

Mr. Shackleton Hoy, of Alton Craig, has been elected Councillor for that village, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. David Jones. Dr. Stewart, his opponent, was defeated by the casting vote of the returning officer.

Another old pioneer has passed away in the person of James Murray, relict of the late John Farris, of Westminster, who expired at Glencoe Monday in her 80th year. The funeral will leave the Richmond street depot this afternoon at 1.25 o'clock.

Mr. John Willison, of the *Advertiser* staff, leaves to-day for Riverton, where he intends spending the first few days of his summer vacation. Mr. W. Thompson returned, reaching considerably longer on a trip down the St. lawrence, on Monday last.

A very simple and efficient remedy for mosquitoes is tincture of Persian powder. It is quite harmless, a few drops of the tincture on the neck and hands will repel the most bloodthirsty mosquito from the throat, and were used by protected, especially those in the water. The following is the prize list:—

Old ladies' race, 50 yards—1st, Mrs. Woodcock; 2nd, Mrs. Smith; 3rd, Mrs. Gange.

Young ladies' race—1st, Miss Bowden; 2nd, Miss Graves; 3rd, Miss Thorgan.

Boys' race, 3 years and under—1st, J. Oliver; 2nd, T. Taylor; 3rd, F. Bloomer.

Boys' race, 9 to 14 years—1st, Delaney; 2nd, McCarroll; 3rd, West.

Three-legged race—1st, G. and N. Richardson; 2nd, McMurray and Freeman.

Sack race—1st, P. Delaney; 2nd, T. Delaney.

200 yard race—1st, Richardson; 2nd, Finney; 3rd, Thompson.

Special prize for old man over 50, 100 yards—W. Small.

Old man's race, over 40 years—1st, John Nagle; 2nd, E. Langlois.

Potato race—1st, Kennedy; 2nd, Greaves.

100 yard race—1st, Richardson; 2nd, Dolman.

Fat Men's race, over 35 years, over 200 lbs.—1st, E. Meehan; 2nd, D. Delaney.

Girls' race, 8 years and under, 75 yards—1st, E. Oliver; 2nd, J. Greaves; 3rd, O. Bates.

Girls' race, 9 to 14 years, 100 yards—1st, M. Gillis; 2nd, M. Jeffrey; 3rd, G. Langlois.

Married women's race, 50 yards—1st, Mrs. Nunnes; 2nd, Mrs. Woodcock; 3rd, Mrs. J. Smith.

Boat lady jig dancer—Mrs. M. Lapan.

Peg of wood—A. Carney's team.

Putting the heavy stone—P. Gorey.

Standing jump, for men over 40 years—1st, J. Nagle; 2nd, W. Stadd; 3rd, D. Delaney.

Running long jump—1st, N. Richardson; 2nd, O. Dolman; 3rd, G. Richardson.

Standing long jump—1st, R. McMurray; 2nd, G. Richardson.

Running hop, step and jump—1st, N. Richardson; 2nd, G. Richardson.

Running high jump—1st, G. Richardson; 2nd, O. Dolman.

Throwing heavy ball—T. Pascoe.

Quoits, 18 yards distance—1st, T. Atherton; 2nd, J. Smith; 3rd, J. Atherton.

Walking the boom over the water—1st, G. Oliver; 2nd, J. Dyer.

Walking race in the water—P. J. Giblin.

Dog swimming race—1st, O. Dolman; 2nd, W. Meachan.

Glass ball shooting—1st, L. Nantes; 2nd, W. Nantes.

Boat race, half mile and return, single scull working boats—1st, G. Richardson; 2nd, N. Richardson.

Boat race, half mile and return, double scull working boats—Richardson Bros

Baby show—1st, Mrs. McClennan; 2nd, Mrs. P. Delaney; 3rd, Mrs. Fleming.

Special prize for the heaviest lady on the ground—Mrs. Eiva Langlois.

Best lady waltzer—Miss Lanaberry.

THE RETURN HOME.

About 6 o'clock the first train here off its contingent to Windsor, and within an hour another started in the opposite direction, all apparently thoroughly satisfied with the manner in which the affair had passed off.

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE,
THE MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL,
AND EBBS' FRUIT SALT

—AT—

Harkness & Co.,

Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

The party of London bicyclists who have been visiting the Point Fern left Goderich at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Dodds arrived in the city at 10 20 last night, having come upon his machine the entire distance. He made the last 22 miles in 2½ hours.

Mr. James O'Hagan, the local champion heel-and-toe walker, expresses his willingness to make a match with "the Unknown," provided the latter will specify the conditions and distance desired by him, with the amount to be staked.

The Canada Southern transferam aground on the rocks at the Meadville Crossing yesterday, and all trains were sent over the Great Western section of the Grand Trunk from Windsor to Glencoe, and thence via the Air Line to St. Thomas.

Mr. A. R. Trew, Chief Engineer of the Canada Southern Railway, commenced the survey of the proposed cut-off line between Essex Centre and Windsor yesterday. Thus the recent predictions of the PARIS PRESS is being verified.

Mr. Charles Keene is representing Court Pride of the Dominion, A.O.F., at the Grand Lodge meeting this week. Mr. Geo. Jolly is the delegate from Court Excelsior, London West.

The Presbyterian Sunday school will picnic at Port Stanley to-day. There will also be an excursion from Woodstock to the Port.

THE GREAT WESTERN.

First Annual Outing of the Western Division Employes.

A Large Crowd Assembled at Belle River Yesterday—How the Day was Passed—List of Prize Winners.

Yesterday witnessed the inaugural celebration on the Great Western section of the Grand Trunk Railway, having been selected by the employes upon the western division of the line between Chatham and Windsor as the occasion of their first annual picnic. The outing was held in a pleasant grove at Belle River, and resulted in a perfect success, both with regard to the attendance and the harmonious manner in which the proceedings went off. A special train of twelve coaches and two baggage cars left Chatham at 8 o'clock this morning, and was largely patronized in the early excursion crowd given under the new management, and all carried away with them a few slight incidents which has gained for the Road as high a reputation, not only amongst railways, but amongst the travelling public of the Dominion of America, as it at present will be maintained. And so I say myself, FAIR DISCRIMINATOR.

Yesterday morning Mr. Stiff, Mr. Burton, Mr. Edgar, Mr. Denzille and Mr. Hobson, officials of the late G. W. R., came to Toronto, where they had a conference with Mr. Hickson, Manager of the G. T. R., and his staff, with reference to the future working of the amalgamated road. It is understood that no change will be issued by Mr. Hickson announcing the appointment of Mr. Charles Stiff as Superintendent of that part of the united railway forming the G. W. R. system in Canada, and the officers of the line were required to take up their duties after the 21st inst., and take all their instructions from him. Mr. Stiff's headquarters for the present will be Hamilton.

Adjourned.

A GRACEFUL ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Of the Last Tribute of Respect Paid by the Police Force to the Late Police Magistrate.

The following letter, which explains itself, has been received by Chief of Police Williams:—

London, Ont., Aug. 18, 1882.

MY DEAR CHIEF WILLIAMS,—I am requested by Mrs. Laurason to leader her most sincere thanks to yourself and the members of the Police Force for your attendance at the funeral of her late husband. The kindly sympathy expressed on that occasion, as well as the many acts of kindness, as a last token of respect and esteem, was most highly appreciated by his widow. Especially would she desire to offer her heartfelt thanks to those members of the force who so kindly and reverently carried the body to the church. The members of the family desire to unite with Mrs. Laurason in these expressions of their thanks to the Police Force of the city of London. I remain, yours faithfully,

E. RAYNER REID.

THE TOG-OF-WAR.

An exciting struggle took place in the tug-of-war between two teams of ten men each, organized by Messrs. Carney and John Smith, the former coming out victorious. The victorious team were J. Carney, O. Dolman, D. Fraser, W. Meachan, E. Voyer, J. Hilman, J. Nelleran, C. Calahan, Alexander Hoy, J. Ladds.

THE ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The programme of games was very extensive in character, as less than thirty-five different events failed to be down for, the prizes exceeded in value any that have yet been offered this season. The several departments were conducted in a perfectly satisfactory manner, and the following are the prize winners:—Obstacle race—100 yards—B. O. Williams, J. O. B. Scully, W. E. Waugh, District; H. Davis, Belle River, and Jacob Smith, Chatham.

On jumping.—J. Radcliffe, J. B. Donnelly, A. Whitaker, Donald Fraser and William Fraser. On throwing heavy stone—J. Booth, Downey, J. McMurray and A. Sanders. On boat races—Caple, Cornwall, Carney, Masowville and T. Robinson. On heaviest lady.—Capt. Maisonville, Jr., R. Donnelly, E. Hall. On dancing.—A. Crain, J. Anderson and E. Spain. Fleur marine.—F. Gibbs, Scully, Geoghegan, C. Binning, E. Freeman, James Radcliffe, all the games drew out a good number of visitors, and were very much contested, especially those in the water. The following is the prize list:—

Old ladies' race, 50 yards—1st, Mrs. Woodcock; 2nd, Mrs. Smith; 3rd, Mrs. Gange.

Young ladies' race—1st, Miss Bowden; 2nd, Miss Graves; 3rd, Miss Thorgan.

Boys' race, 3 years and under—1st, J. Oliver; 2nd, T. Taylor; 3rd, F. Bloomer.

Boys' race, 9 to 14 years—1st, Delaney; 2nd, McCarroll; 3rd, West.

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Walking race in the water—P. J. Giblin.

Dog swimming race—1st, O. Dolman; 2nd, W. Meachan.

Glass ball shooting—1st, L. Nantes; 2nd, W. Nantes.

Boat race, half mile and return, single scull working boats—1st, G. Richardson; 2nd, N. Richardson.

Boat race, half mile and return, double scull working boats—Richardson Bros

Baby show—1st, Mrs. McClennan; 2nd, Mrs. P. Delaney; 3rd, Mrs. Fleming.

Special prize for the heaviest lady on the ground—Mrs. Eiva Langlois.

Best lady waltzer—Miss Lanaberry.

THE RETURN HOME.

About 6 o'clock the first train here off its contingent to Windsor, and within an hour another started in the opposite direction, all apparently thoroughly satisfied with the manner in which the affair had passed off.

—FRESH—

LIME JUICE.

Guaranteed not to go Mouldy.

JUST THE THING FOR A HOT DAY

In Pint Bottles at 40c.

WM. SAUNDERS,

183 DUNDAS STREET.

RAILWAY CHANGES.

Valedictory Letter From Manager Broughton—Mr. Charles Stiff Appointed Superintendent of the G. W. R. Division.

For a number or days various rumors have been in circulation in reference to contemplated changes on the G. W. R. division of the Grand Trunk Railway, but nothing definite was learned in reference to the matter until yesterday, when the following letter was issued from the head office at Hamilton:—

"Hamilton, Ont., 21st August, 1882.

"Referring to general order No. 73, dated the 10th inst., I have to inform the staff that the fusion of this Company with the Grand Trunk Company has now been completed, and came into legal effect on the morning of the 12th inst. Since that time the Great Western Company, as such, ceased to exist, and is now merged in a new Company, called the 'Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada,' the management of which devolves on Mr. Joseph Hickson, of Montreal, who will in future give all necessary instructions relating to the conduct of the business of the Railway.

"In taking leave of you, the employes of the Great Western Railway Company, I have to express my satisfaction at the general and careful manner in which you have carried out my instructions and those of the heads of the various Departments. By your obedience my cares and anxieties have been much lessened, and to your intelligence and good conduct is to be attributed chiefly the almost entire freedom from accidents, which has gained for the Road as high a reputation, not only amongst railways, but amongst the travelling public of the Dominion of America, as it at present will be maintained. And so I say myself,

F. BROUGHTON.

Yesterday morning Mr. Stiff, Mr. Burton, Mr. Edgar, Mr. Denzille and Mr. Hobson, officials of the late G. W. R., came to Toronto, where they had a conference with Mr. Hickson, Manager of the G. T. R., and his staff, with reference to the future working of the amalgamated road. It is understood that no change will be issued by Mr. Hickson announcing the appointment of Mr. Charles Stiff as Superintendent of that part of the united railway forming the G. W. R. system in Canada, and the officers of the line were required to take up their duties after the 21st inst., and take all their instructions from him. Mr. Stiff's headquarters for the present will be Hamilton.

Adjourned.

SHOCKING SUICIDE.

An Old Man Cuts His Throat and Holds a Basin to Catch the Blood.

An occurrence is reported from Clinton of a character that must fill it as a most deliberate and shocking self-murder. It appears that an old man named Robert Ashcome, who had been in the employ of Messrs. Cradh, McWhister & Co., as a boiler, for the past seven years, has been drinking very heavily, and his debauch had brought on an attack of *delirium tremens*. On Monday morning he was found outside in his bedroom by deliberately cutting his throat with a razor, almost severing the head from the body. He then picked up a basin, and with a horrible coolness held it under the gaping wound, thus allowing the blood to fall into the receptacle. In this position he continued until he became too weak to stand, when he lay down, and died within two hours. He was unmarried, and it was not deemed necessary to hold an inquest upon the body.

The Germ Theory of Disease.

Let us brifly sum up what is at present known about the germ theory of disease. Experiments carefully shown that no life is known to spring from inanimate matter, we may reasonably conclude that just as wheat does not grow except from seed, so no disease occurs without some disease germ to start it. Dr. Sanderson's mill, and others, tend to outrage them. Bush first attacked Sir John, jr., throwing her down. Her husband-in-law seized a club and beat the brute over the head, causing Bush to direct his attention to Sir John. She also received a kick, however, and succeeded in keeping him off. Bush then stated Sir Hickman's mill, yelling lustily for help. Bush's agents attacked Mrs Dean, jr., and succeeded in accomplishing the purpose. When Mrs. Dean arrived at Sweetman's mill she presented a terrible spectacle, her clothes being torn and covered with mud. She related her story to Mr. Watt, of Sir Thomas, and others, who were on the mill at the time, and a posse at once started in pursuit of the scoundrel, and had Bush in custody when we left Sir Hickman's. He was captured at his home in Sydenham Township, and was brought before Squires Miles and Donahue in the afternoon, when he was committed to Sandwich Jail for trial, bail, however, being refused. Bush's victim was also

CARLING & CO
Brewers and Maltsters.
HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR
Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
ask for your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED
HALF & HALF,
highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Married.

On the 30th instant, at the residence, St. Andrew's Manse, London, by the Rev. J. A. Murray, Mr. Robert Shaw, of Dorchester, to Miss Rosa Cuthbertson, formerly of Ayr, Ont.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND CONCERT — FRIDAY, September 1st, on the grounds of City Hospital, in aid of Y. P. A. S. of Wellington Street Methodist Church. Music by the 7th Fusiliers Band. Seats and refreshments on grounds. The Hospital will also be thrown open for visitors. Gates open 7.30 p. m. Admission 15 cents. tf

THE CREAM FESTIVAL. — AN ice cream festival will be held in the Cascade Baptist Church, London South, on Thursday evening, 31st inst., at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 cents. tf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE, A GOOD GROCERY, carrying a good assortment, doing a big business and centrally located. Rent moderate; to a good chance for a man with a small cash who understands his business. Can show good reasons for selling. Will sell reasonable for cash. None but those meaning business need apply. Address, B. C. A., Free Press office. Hlle

FOR SALE — HOTEL AND premises situated, at Longwood station; good and store there, both doing a first-class business. There is a good barn and blacksmith's shop on premises. For particulars apply to J. H. Dancy, City, or to the owner, C. NICHOLS, on premises. H3610.

FOR SALE OR TO LET — ON THE corner of Litchfield and Richmond streets, Aylmer, a good stock of dry goods. Stock are now on hand, and will sell cheap for cash. Apply to JOHN NELSON, 68 Richmond st. tf

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

TO RENT, FOR ONE OR MORE years, the corner grocery store, Talbot and Maria sts. The location is a good one for any business, and will be given after the 11th inst. Apply on the premises. H3611

TO LET — A HOUSE CONTAINING seven rooms, on Grosvenor, near Richmond. Apply at Water-works office. H3606

THE NE ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR English Lean Co.'s Block, corner Dundas and Clarence streets, to let. Possession given Rent moderate. Apply to Manager. 1076-tf

TO RENT — OVER 1,000 SQUARE feet well lighted basement; wide, easy entrance, water, vaults. North corner of Talbot and Dundas streets. Apply to DUNDAS SMELL, Manager English Loan Co. 1076-tf

THOSE ELIGIBLE SITES IN Dufferin Buildings, Richmond street, to rent, recently in the occupation of the American Express Co. and Montreal Telegraph Co. Possession at once. Apply to Loan & Co.'s Brewery.

BOARD AND LODGING.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

THE FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, at 119 Maple street. H3604

WANTED, BY TWO GENTLEMEN, immediately, a comfortable room, with board. Apply "Boarder," this office. tf

FOR SALE

THE BEST BICYCLES — A FEW other machines for sale; best makes, the latest improvements. Also English Lever Machines. W. H. BROWN & Co., (Ont., Manufacturers' Agents. 123 tc

CHESTNUT, CHERRY, Whitewood, and other Lumber for sale at Hennessy, Robinson's Mills. Dated Oct. 4, 1881. Jlmo-tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

LOTS FOR SALE — ON Clarence street, St. Thomas, 33 x 85, opposite Presbyterian Church, at $150 each. Apply to J. S. DEWAR, Post Office, London. H3610

FOR SALE, ON EASY TERMS, A first-class residence and 2 acres, lot 8, con. 15, London. Apply on premises, or address London P.O. H3607

FOR SALE — FRAME HOUSE, eight rooms, eight acres of land, cheap, 11 miles from Victoria Bridge, London. Apply to J. B. Hills-tf-a-h

LANDS FOR SALE, TOWN Property of Emancipation, containing 62 acres, more or less; Nos. 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, being part of the east half of the west half of lot number 6, in the 4th concession of Westminster, in the township of Delaware. For particulars apply to Mr. Charles Harrison, Ingersoll, Oxford-tf

DENTISTRY.

DR. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS now at the corner of Dundas and Clarence Co.'s Building.

FILLINGS AND ARTIFICIAL Dentures in the highest style of the art. Dr. Nelles, D. D. S., City Dentist, Dundas.

DR. ABBOTT, DENTIST Office and residence, 393 Richmond street, London. Entrance for 3c. pair of doors south of Dufferin Avenue. H-tf

MCDONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS — Office: Dundas street, four doors west of Richmond. Entrance for 3c. pair of doors. Dundas street. H-tf

DR. OLVERTON, DENTIST — Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Richmond, over Reeve & Martin's Bank. by

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CASH OFF CLOTHING. — SELL Cash off Clothing to A. Hyman, 393 Richmond, for 30 days, for the highest price in the city. Try him, 6 days for the highest Cash price he will pay for your Clothing. REMEMBER PAWNBROKING and buying and selling all kinds of goods. Any one may rest assured you will find it to your advantage by calling. H3607

THE LIVERPOOL CLOTHING HOUSE is highest cash prices paid for second-hand clothing and boots and shoes. Also the largest assortment of second-hand clothing in the city. — WILLIAM JOHNSON, 84, between Clarence and Wellington.

CASH FOR CLOTHES HAVING CAST-OFF clothing will do well to call on T. Vogel, 393 Richmond, London Second-hand Clothing Store. H3607

HIGHEST PRICES HAVING SECOND hand clothing to part with will do well to call on H. Wolf, Waterloo street, where they can get the highest price for all kinds of second-hand clothing. Highest price paid for boots and shoes. H3607

SECOND - HAND CLOTHING bought for cash by HARRISBURY, King street, next door to Masonic Temple, and Talbot, in King Corner, Main, King and Talbot streets, Carnegie Hall, Talbot street. Highest price paid for second-hand clothing. N.B.—Parties in city waited on, and letters to same promptly attended to. tf

HOTELS.

THE CAMPBELL'S RESTAURANT, 78 Richmond st., opposite Masonic Temple. Oysters served in every style. Private dining room 25 to 1 p.m. Meals at all hours. Telephone No. 9, connection. T. CAMPBELL, Prop. Glmo-tf

THE CHANGED AGAIN — J. FAL CONER, City Hotel, Exeter, has changed hands. The house has been renovated throughout and refurnished. All the latest improvements in the business. The bar is furnished with the best of ale and liquors. Everything first-class. H3607

DAVID CHRIS, SIX YEARS AT the Albion House, has now an up-to-date hotel, the Queen's Avenue House, in the city of London, and solicits a share of the public patronage. A good stable. H3606

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8256

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh
167 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or office of EDWARD HARRIS, Lucknow

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and cheap, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Society Printing in the best style of the art. tf

MISS ADA SWITZER HAS JUST received a large assortment of Summer Wares, Prices, Crockpot Brush, Invisible Nets, Crop shapes, double and single). Etc. Waves dressed over. Orders promptly attended to. Call and see. 70 Dundas st. west. H3Tuthly

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE ENQUIRY and Collection Agency, 42 Broadway, New York, Kingston, Ont. Strictly confidential. Enclose stamp for reply. Hlddly

REMOVAL — L. J. & E. M'EWEN are about removing to the premises lately occupied by Mr. Tees, 305 Richmond, south side. See advertisement in a few days. H10tf-tuth

THE CITY MILKMEN HELD A meeting on Monday evening this inst., when it was agreed to supply 40 quarts for milk on and after 1st September. H3607

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

AGENTS WANTED.—3 OR 4 first class agents wanted, for London and elsewhere around it, to sell photograph albums and bibles. Good agents can make from $3 to $5 per day by handling our goods.—Apply at once to ROYAL BOOK CO., 95 Wellington street. GMtttw-tu

A GOOD BOY WANTED.—APPLY at M. S. ORTHOM & Co., 128 Dundas street. tf

BLACKSMITHS WANTED—TWO good, reliable hands. Must be first-class workmen. Good wages and steady job. Apply to JOHN DOHERTY, Smithville. H3610

HORSEMEN — PRACTICAL horseshoeing. Particular attention paid to interfering and contracted feet.—JOHN BROWN, London, Ont., next door to Tecumseh House. H3610tf-tu

PLUMBERS AND STEAM-FITTERS wanted. Apply at once.—E. ROGERS & Co., Dundas street. H311

WANTED — FOREMAN MALTSTER; must understand the business. Also, warehouseman who has had experience and capable to take charge of receiving and shipping grain. Steady employment. Apply SLATER'S STORAGE, York street, London. H3607

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

COOK WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Apply to MRS. CARLING, Cedar Grove. tf

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED in a small family. References required.—Apply to MRS. M. G. BRENNER, 193 Lisbon street. tf

SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS — Good, domestic help of all kinds in great demand. Orders sent promptly at COTTAM.—Cotton House, Market Square.—tf

THOSE WHO WANT SERVANTS can get supplied at short notice, as I have daily girls calling on me for employment. Girls, if you want a good place and good wages, call on CLARKE'S Intelligence Office, 85 Dundas street.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A good general servant in a very small family; highest wages given.—MRS. H. G. LEWIS, 191 Queen's avenue. H311

WANTED — FIFTY GENERAL Servants, for Noble Families, in the Home Counties and Ireland, to assist in Nursery, Kitchen, Housework, Laundry, Dairy, Waiting (35 or 40 per annum). Specially selected by the country. Apply to Mrs. MCKINNON, Dundas street, London. H3607

MEDICAL.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Buffalo, Surgeon of the Erie, Ear Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month, Consultation free. Ly

DRS. EGGLES & WISHART, corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington street, London, Ont.

DR. R. BOOLES, M. D., J. WISHART, M. D., Graduate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Edinburgh, Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, London, England. Special attention paid to diseases of Women and Children.

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER, Office and Residence, HARVEY STRELACK, 68 Talbot st., London.

DR. WILSON F.T.M.S.—OFFICE and residence, 67 Talbot st., near York. H311

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. L. E. RYERSON, L. R. C. P. S., Surgeon on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Toronto General Hospital; Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Toronto General Hospital; Ophthalmic Assistant Surgeon to the London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at the Tecumseh House, London, on Saturday, August 19.—317 Church st., Toronto.

DR. A. REEVE, B.A., M.D. Residence and Office—No. 9 Hester Street, London, Ont. Specialties: Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart and Nervous System. Hours: 9 to 10 a.m.; 2 to 4 p.m. and 7 to 8 p.m. Telephone communication. Consultation at office free. A signal appointment withdrawn. tuth

LEGAL.

I. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ontario. Hlddly

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Offices, English Loan Co.'s House, Dundas street, London, Ont.

GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc. 68 Main street, Wingham. Ontario. Chambers Glass. D. H. GLASS. T. H. LUSCOMBE.

GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN Barristers, etc., London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. Geo. G. GIBBONS. D. MULKERN. Geo. MCNAB. FRED F. HARPER.

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Offices—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, County Crown Attorney, and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. M'KILLOP. Daly

NUGENT & GALT, BARRISTERS, ETC. Private Residence, Dundas st. Office, 39 Adelaide street, London. THOS. F. GALT. Private

T. P. BLACKWELL
has added to his already extensive stock of
TEAS
—AND—
!! GROCERIES !!
a full assortment of
WINES,
LIQUORS, ETC.,
of really first-class quality. Inspection invited by the trade, and satisfaction guaranteed.
T. P. BLACKWELL,
555 Richmond St.,
SIX DOORS SOUTH OF KING ST.
Telephone London, Ont.

V.T.C
CUT PLUG
Smoking Tobacco,
MANUFACTURED
FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.
SMOKE
CABLE
—AND—
EL PADRE CIGARS.
To be had on every Railway Train in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by
S. DAVIS & SON,
MONTREAL.
TORONTO BRANCH—34 Church Street.
DOMINION—34 and 36 Wellington Street, East. 12 Gray Wax street. Box Factory—Rear 12 Gray Wax street, Montreal.

A CURE GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES
MAGNETIC MEDICINE
BRAIN & NERVE FOOD.
Is a Sure, Prompt and Effectual Remedy for Nervousness in All Its Many Stages and Forms, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Weakness, Night Sweats, Nervous Headache, Impotency and General Loss of Power. It restores Nervous Vitality, Imparts the Fabled Fluid of Life, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain, and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Debilitated Generative Organs. The experience of thousands proves it the INVALUABLE REMEDY.
With each order for twelve packages accompanied with five dollars, we will send our Magnetic Insole Gratis. Sufferers from Nervousness do not effect a cure. It is the cheapest and best medicine in the market.
Sold by druggists, or sent to any address on receipt of price.
Send for particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.
Mack's Magnetic Medicines is sold by Druggists at 50 cts. per box, or 6 boxes for $2.50 (which will be mailed free on receipt of the money), by addressing
MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.
Windsor, Ont., Canada.
Sold in London and all druggists in Canada by all druggists. B. A. HUTHERLY, Toronto Agent. H3564-tf

Lyman's Standard
BLUE BLACK
Writing Fluid
AND COPYING INK
Are warranted to retain their color and fluidity, and do not corrode the pen.
Quart, pint and half-pint bottles. Imperial measure. Prepared only by
LYMAN, SONS & CO., Wholesale Druggists MONTREAL

Health is Wealth
NERVE BRAIN
DR. C. WEST'S TREATMENT
D. R. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only by our London Agent, W. E. STRONG, Druggist, 124 Dundas street, London, Ont. GM84-wy

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY pair made to order, good, stylish and cheap.—CARAVILLA'S, 479 Talbot street. Ctly

DONOHUE & CUTLER NOW occupy Connors' old stand on the Market Square, City Hall buildings. A full assortment of Ready-made Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, &c. Repairing neatly, promptly and cheaply done. Work made to order and warranted free from shoddy. Customer worked always easily suited. Ktfly

HARDWARE.

5,000 DOZEN
POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS).
Highest values in Canadian Harvest Tools, bin lines Guaranteed.
HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS,
Wholesale Hardware Merchants, Richmond st.

MUSICAL.

PIANO MUSIC.—JUST RECEIVED direct from New York and Boston, another lot of popular music. Several new pieces never offered before for 5 cents. Call and see. Mail, 5 cts. per piece. Address, J. A. BURNS, 339 Dundas street, London. Dlbmtb-tuf

QUADRILLE BAND FOR PIC-NICS, &c. Apply to DUNCAN BURNETT, 267 Grey street, corner Wellington, London. Hlddly

Advertise in the Free Press

TO-DAY
Will be offered
SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY PIECES
NEW ALL WOOL
TWEEDS,
Intended for the Fall Trade, which were Saved from the Flames.
FULLY TWENTY PER CENT.
Below Manufacturers' Prices.
KINGSMILL'S GREAT SALE!
GET YOUR BOYS A NEW SUIT
Genuine All-wool Tweeds at 40c. per yard, at Kingsmill's.
RARE CHANCE
Every Merchant Tailor and every General Store-keeper in the West should see the prices Tweeds are selling for at Kingsmill's.
BRING ALONG YOUR MONEY.
See the all-wool Tweeds at 40c., 50c., 60c., 70c., 80c. per yd., at Kingsmill's.
We devote twelve hundred feet of space in our large warehouse to the Great Tweed Sale during the month of August.
Kingsmill's
—THE—
Dry Goods House of the West, London, Ont.
SOLD BY AUCTION JUNE 22nd, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.
SAVED FROM THE GREAT FIRE IN VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

Further Details of the Battle at Kassassin.

The Enemy's Loss Estimated at 400.

Sickening Scenes on the Battle Field.

The Egyptians Reported to Have Fled to Tel-el-Kebir.

The British Marching in Full Force to the Front.

Arabi Engaged in Entrenching His Position.

Turkey Preparing to Send Troops to Egypt.

THE BATTLE OF KASSASSIN.

London, Aug. 30.—An account of the battle at Kassassin says the enemy appeared in the morning, but halted at a considerable distance from camp, where they kept up a continual shell fire. The troops were out all night, after a terrific sun, but the Egyptians made no advance. Scarcely had the cavalry unsaddled their horses and the men begun to eat, when artillery firing was heard again. By the heavy and continuous roar it was evident the attack was in earnest. Again the wearied men saddled their weary horses and prepared to advance. The sun was still beating down fiercely hot, the wind throwing vast clouds so high that it was impossible to see what was going on. Then the cavalry moved again, followed by horse artillery the enemy's bands increased in violence, and did not cease for a moment. The General repeated the tactics of the previous fight by getting round to the enemy's rear. It was a striking proof of his confidence in the troops that with tired horses and night approaching he should attempt these manœuvres against an enemy unknown in strength and with fresh horses. Against another enemy it would have been rash. It was nine o'clock before the cavalry got in the rear of the Egyptians, and an advance was then made slowly to allow the artillery to come up. When the cavalry was observed by the Egyptians the sky seemed torn to pieces as by a mighty hailstorm of shells, which screamed and burst. Shrapnell bullets tore up and ricochetted all round. The cavalry advanced in echelon form, the Seventh Dragoons leading. Under cover of these the Life Guards formed for a charge, and at this word the Dragoons opened right and left to allow them to pass. Those who remained in the rear had the full benefit of the storm of shot and shells which greeted the advancing horsemen, of whom from this moment on more are seen till the battle was over.

London, Aug. 30.—Wolseley telegraphs that only two troopers killed, and eight wounded. Dragoon Guards were seriously engaged in the fight at Kassassin. The former had three troopers killed, and eight wounded. Major Townsend received a sabre cut on the wrist. The Guards had two troopers wounded.

Ismailia, Aug. 30.—The report of General Lowe regarding the action at Kassassin says:—"After the charge the ground was strewn with the bodies of dead Egyptian infantry. The enemy is now throwing up works in front of Kassassin."

London, August 30.—A Malta-mah despatch says:—"In the fight at Kassassin the majority of the Egyptian infantry fell on their faces to avoid being slashed by the Life Guards' swords; many thus engaged must have not effect a cure. It is the cheapest and best medicine in the market."

For full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicines is sold by Druggists at 50 cts. per box, or 6 boxes for $2.50 (which will be mailed free on receipt of the money), by addressing

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in London and all druggists in Canada by all druggists. B. A. HUTHERLY, Toronto Agent. H3564-tf

Lyman's Standard
BLUE BLACK
Writing Fluid
AND COPYING INK

Are warranted to retain their color and fluidity, and do not corrode the pen.

Quart, pint and half-pint bottles. Imperial measure. Prepared only by

LYMAN, SONS & CO., Wholesale Druggists MONTREAL

Health is Wealth



D. R. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only by our London Agent, W. E. STRONG, Druggist, 124 Dundas street, London, Ont. GM84-wy

Advertise in the Free Press

GENERAL CABLE NEWS

The Cessation of Hostilities Between Turkish and Greek Troops Ordered.

The Coronation of the Czar Again Postponed.

Slight Improvement in the Condition of Prince Leopold.

Cork Corporation Demand the Release of Dwyer Gray.

The Down Constabulary Force Joth in the Agitation.

Leopold Better.

London, Aug. 30.—Prince Leopold is slightly better.

Obituary.

London, August 30.—Bishop Steere, of Central Africa, is dead.

Heavy Robbery.

London, Aug. 30.—A firm of London stockbrokers have been robbed of £15,000 in bonds.

The Coronation of the Czar.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 30.—It is stated the coronation of the Czar will not take place earlier than next May.

Ottawaye's Return.

Montreal, Aug. 30.—John Dunn has advised the Zulu chiefs to give a friendly welcome to Ottawaye upon his return to Zululand.

The Free Hunter's Agreement.

Glasgow, August 30.—The Scotch iron masters have received not to continue the agreement with the Cleveland iron masters to restrict the out-put of pig iron.

A Reckless Guard.

Berlin, Aug. 30.—A guard at a military range near here fired eight shots into a group of workmen, killing one. The Emperor ordered the affair to be specially investigated.

A Terrific Hail Storm.

Vienna, August 30.—A hail storm near Pesth on Monday destroyed vineyards, maize fields and partly demolished fifty houses. Many workmen were killed.

Raiders Killed.

Durban, Aug. 30.—Beside the Kaffir chief Secocoeni his son and fourteen followers were killed. The killing was done by the Mounted Police, and take his place by the British.

Gray's Sentence.

Cork, August 30.—The corporation passed a resolution condemning the sentence of Gray, and demanding that he be released. The corporation has resolved to confer upon Gray the freedom of the city.

The Constabulary Agitation.

Dublin, August 30.—At a meeting of the Down police, held at Downpatrick, resolutions were adopted demanding an increase of pay and pensions. Two constables were appointed to attend the committee of enquiry at Dublin.

Dublin, Aug. 30.—The Boyle police have promised support to the Limerick men, and a few are on the usual beats in town.

Turkey and Greece.

Alexandria, Aug. 30.—A Greek transport left for Volo in consequence of the collision between Turks and Greeks on the frontier.

Athens, Aug. 30.—Additional troops have been ordered to the frontier, where the Government has determined to concentrate 4,000 men immediately. It is stated that this will be sufficient if the movement of Turks is only instigated by the Turkish local commander, but if the impulse emanated from Constantinople the struggle will prove serious.

Constantinople, Aug. 30.—Condoruttis, Greek minister, had another conference with Said Pasha, Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs. It is understood orders will be sent by the Porte to the commander of the Turkish troops ordering the cessation of hostilities. A detachment of Turkish troops left Salonica for the Greek frontier to restore order.

Athens, Aug. 30.—Advices from the frontier claim the Turkish troops were repulsed on Monday and Tuesday with considerable loss. The Greeks occupy a strong position at Vigla, which is exactly on the new frontier to the south of Zeitoun. The Bishop of Platanus, with 80 peasants, joined the Greeks.

Wiesbaden, Aug. 30.—In consequence of an urgent dispatch from the Greek Minister, the King of Greece will shortly leave for Athens.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Suicide of the Reeve of Bainham.

Jarvis, Aug. 30.—J. Mawman, Reeve of Bainham township, committed suicide by hanging last night.

The Caledonia Fusilts.

Winnipeg, Aug. 30.—It is reported that the Canada Pacific Railroad will shortly be constructed between Red Perkage and Thunder Bay. Three trains a week will be run each way.

Horrible Accident.

Hollin, Ont., Aug. 30.—A sad accident happened here to-day on Jas. Reese's farm. While drawing in a load from the field Arthur Nixon fell from the top on a three-tined fork, which entered his breast and penetrated to the heart, killing him instantly.

Water Rats of the St. John's Fishing Fleet.

St. John's, Nfld., Aug. 30.—Fearful rain has been wrought in fishing fleet by recent gales. At Perth Cove out of fifty-seven vessels one solitary skiff remains at its moorings. The strand is strewn with wreckage. The British steamship Griffin was almost wrecked in the Bay of St. John.

A Brakeman Fatally Injured.

Newmarket, Aug. 30.—A brakeman named Robert Marshall, from Angus, was mortally injured by being struck on the head and knocked under the train while passing under a bridge this evening at Sandy's Cut, two miles north of here. Fourteen cars went over him before the train could be stopped. He cannot survive.

The Brighton Shooting Case.

Brighton, Ont., Aug. 30.—The sad and painful tragedy which took place on Thursday night last has received a thorough airing at the hands of the coroner and jury. The following is the verdict:—"We, the jury empannelled to enquire into the cause of the death of Henry Ryan, find that the deceased came to his death from the effects of a bullet fired from a revolver in the hands of Miss Hattie Wright, and that while we fail to find sufficient evidence to prove that she fired with murderous intent, we feel to record our disapproval of her undue haste in endangering the man's life without ascertaining his motive for entering her premises." She gave bonds to appear when called on.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Aug. 30.—The Government, through the Veterinary Department here, is taking precautions to prevent the Texan cattle fever entering into Canada.

The Redpath Sugar Refinery, that cost $300,000, was sold by the Sheriff to-day for $76,000.

The American Association for the Advancement of Science met again to-day, when a number of interesting papers were read. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, C. A. Young, Princeton; Vice Presidents, W. A. Rogers, Cambridge; H. A. Rowland, Baltimore; Edward Morley, Cleveland; De Volson Wood, Hoboken; C. H. Hitchcock, Hanover; W. S. Beck, Lansing; G. B. Cox, Cincinnati; O. T. Mason, Washington; F. B Krugh, Louville; General Secretary, J. R. Rositzer, Washington; Assistant do., A. Springer, Cincinnati; Treasurer, Wm. Lilly, Mount Carmel. The concluding meeting of the Congress was held this evening, at which Rev. Dr. Houghton, of Dublin, delivered the closing address.

ZOEDONE!
FOR SALE BY
ELLIOTT BROS
GROCERS
155 Dundas St., London.

TORONTO.

Toronto, August 30.—The business at the meeting of the Stock Exchange this morning was unusually light, and prices were weaker than they have been for some time past.

Vice-General Rooney, of St. Mary's Church, was ordained into the priesthood twenty-five years ago to-day. The event was celebrated to-day by the clergy of the Diocese and by his parishioners. The ceremony in the Church was very imposing. Vicar General Rooney wore the vestments that formerly belonged to Pope Pius VIII., which were bequeathed to His Grace Archbishop Lynch by the late Archbishop of Tuam. During the day he was the recipient of a number of valuable presents.

A gentleman, while playing billiards last night at a friend's residence, happened to touch one of the billiard balls with a lighted cigar which he held in his hand. The ball immediately took fire, and was consumed in a few moments. An explanation is found to the fact that the ball was made of celluloid.

CANADIAN BENEFITERS

Ridgetown beat Scarnington at cricket yesterday.

Tenders are called for for the erection of a monument to the late Sir Geo. E. Cartier, for which purpose a sum of money was voted during the session of 1881.

The Howard Lacrosse Club, of Ridgetown, beat the Detroit Club at the latter place on Tuesday, taking three straight games. This makes the seventh match the Howards have taken from the Detroits this season.

The sale of the New Brunswick and Canada Railway to the New Brunswick Railway Company has been completed, papers having been formally signed. Both roads will now be run by the officers of the latter Company.

An exciting cricket match was played at Clinton yesterday between a picked eleven men of the town and Wanderers, a junior club, resulting in a victory for the boys. Only one innings was played. Score—Men, 75; boys, 101.

Collapse of a Railway Bridge.

Montreal, Aug. 30.—A railway bridge at St. Rose, on the Canada Pacific Railway, between this city and Ottawa, collapsed this morning when a freight train was passing over. Two cars went through, but no further particulars have been received, the telegraph wires being broken. A force of men for the railway and telegraph have been dispatched to the scene to repair the damage.

Montreal Aug. 30.—The accident at Back River Bridge this morning was not attended by any loss of life or injury to men on the train. There were 17 cars on the train, only three of which were loaded with cordwood.

Base Ball.

At New York—Buffalo, 5; Mets., 3.

At Philadelphia — Providence, 8; Philadelphia, 10.

SHIPPING.

Queenstown, Aug. 30.—Arrived, Aulonia.

Hamburg, Aug. 30.—Arrived, Pretia.

New York, Aug. 30.—Arrived, Devonia and State of Nebraska, from Glasgow.

Amsterdam, Aug. 30.—Arrived, Schiedam.

A Railway Wreck.

Chambersburg, Aug. 30.—An engine ran into the Harrisburg express on the Cumberland Valley Railroad near here last night. R. Minnich, engineer of the express, was injured so badly that he died. No others were hurt. Both engines were wrecked. The express was entering the main track from a switch when the engine ran into it.

Preliminaries for the Courtney-Lee race on Canandaigua Lake to-day were arranged last evening.

THE MACCABEES.

Annual Review of the McGlaghlon Branch of the Order—Officers Chosen, Etc.

A review of the Great Camp of the Knights of the Maccabees of the World (the McGlaghlon Branch) was held in the Baker Block in this city yesterday. There was a fair attendance of delegates, the several sections of the Province being represented. In the absence of the Gh. Kr. Sir Kt. Gen. Crosby, the chair was occupied by John Wilson, P. Kr. Gen. Com., with P. Kr. Sir Kt G. R. Evans as record keeper.

After routine business, delegates representing fifteen tents in good standing presented credentials, which were duly honored.

The election of officers for the Great Camp was then proceeded with, and resulted as follows: J. Crosby, Gh. Kr. Sir Kt. Gen. Com., London; John H. Sts, Gh. Com., Ingersoll; D. C. Kennedy, Gh. Kt. Com., London; C. R. Belden, Gh. Paymaster Keeper, London; George R. Evans, Gh. Record Keeper, London; John Reid, Gh. Finance, London; W. Mottardy, Gh. Sergeant, Durham; J. Wilson, Gh. Master-at-Arms, Jerseyville; Thos. Tomlinson, Gh. 1st Master Guard, Woodstock; George Jarmon, Gh. 2nd Master Guard, London; John Cornsill, Gh. Sentinel, London; A. R. Kay, Gh. Picket, London.

The meeting was enthusiastic, and after discussing various points for the good of the Order, a feeling was unanimously expressed in favor of rebuilding the Order on a proper basis.

The officers elected were duly installed, and it was decided to hold the next Grand Review at Ingersoll on or about the 7th of August, 1883.

London Rank's Wrecks.—The residents of London East are jubilant in consequence of the successful result of the hunt for rats on the Exeter farm on the Monday afternoon Mr. J. M. Cowan, the inventor, who has been drilling artesian wells, struck the rock, but continued the downward course until a depth of 102 feet was reached, when an abundant supply of pure water was obtained, and work was suspended. The water has risen in the hole to within ten feet of the surface, and the Water Committee believe the vein to be the same that supplies the artesian wells at the Asylum. It is thought that by sinking another hole immediately adjoining the present one to a depth of fifty feet new sources of supply will be afforded sufficient to meet all the requirements of the town. The Council intend to proceed at once with the laying of water pipes and the construction of the engines and machinery necessary for pumping up the supply.

A County Constable Arrested.—A warrant for the arrest of Thos. Nichols, County Constable, of London East, was issued yesterday, by Squire Peters, at the instance of Ronald MacDonald, who charges Nichols with assaulting him. Complainant alleges that Mr. W. Barnes, hotelkeeper, had occasion to leave the place for a short time, and placed him in charge of the premises. Nichols came in subsequently, and ordered him out, but he refused to go. Then Nichols said he would put him out by the "scruff of the neck," and ejected him from the house, placing his own son Addis behind the bar. Nichols was arrested yesterday, and Addis will also be taken into custody, but the pair will probably be bailed to await examination.

A Nine Year-Old Waif.—Tuesday evening the night watchman at the Richmond st. depot observed a little boy lingering around the platform, and on enquiring his name learned that the little fellow, who was only nine years of age, had been brought to the city by his brother from Toronto some time ago and placed in the House of Mercy. Subsequently he was given in charge of a woman living at Dublin, Ont., but becoming dissatisfied with the treatment he received, had run away and came to the city again. He gave his name as Samuel Beard, and was cared for by the police.

Despicable Conduct.—Yesterday afternoon some cruelly-inclined individual, by some means at present unknown, poisoned one of Mr. Sam. Turner's young harvesting oxtors while it was playing in his yard. The animal was a valuable one, and Mr. Turner had been offered as high as $90 for the ox. What object the poisoner could have in killing Mr. Turner's dog is not very clear to the average citizen.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Thursday, August 31, 1882.

ARE THEY ABOVE THE LAW?

That undue influence was used by the Ontario Government in the Dominion elections, June 20th, is a chief ground of complaint in many of the election petitions now before the courts. It was supposed by many ardent Grits that Mr. Mowat and his colleagues could put all their executive machinery in motion to coerce and intimidate electors, and that they could not be called to account respecting it. It was in order to obtain a position from which such forces would be made available that Mr. Mowat conceived the idea of bringing within his group so many appointments which were formerly in the hands of the people. The Division Court Clerks, the bailiffs, the jailers and under them their deputies. The License Commissioners, License Inspectors, the School Inspectors, when the Board of Education was abolished and a Minister of Education erected in its stead. All these offices were brought within the control of the Ontario Government in order that undue pressure might be brought to bear through them, and the complaint in the petitions is that they have been so used. In other words, that Mr. Mowat has succeeded in erecting the Ontario Government into a legalized propaganda against them of the Dominion. He is far too observant a man to conceive such a scheme and to create it, without putting it into effective practice. But when the members of the Ontario Administration set themselves up in permanent hostility to the Dominion Government, they did an unconstitutional act. They prostituted their position to base ends, and laid the foundation for distrust as to the wisdom of the freedom accorded to the Provincial governments. It was never intended by the fathers of Confederation that the machinery placed in the hands of the Provincial governments should be used after the fashion that Mr. Mowat has invented. The idea they had was that the Provincial administrations would confine themselves within the range of their own duties, and not attempt to grasp sovereign power by the means referred to.

The position which Mr. Mowat has thought fit to occupy disqualifies him in the estimation of prudent men for any longer holding the Premiership of Ontario. Not only has he organized a conspiracy against the Dominion Government, but he takes good care to keep his agents in action. The election trials about to be tried will illustrate this, and disclose the working of some of the agencies which Mr. Mowat keeps in motion, and which were made offensively active during the Dominion elections. The fact that there are now some thousands of such agents at work in different localities, and through different interests, it is easy to understand why the Grits were so confident of carrying Ontario at the last general election. They knew the kind of pressure which Mr. Mowat had it in his power to bring to bear, and they knew Mr. Mowat. They knew what objects he had in view in wresting from the people so many privileges which they had formerly enjoyed, and they did him the credit to think that he would not hesitate to make such use of his opportunities as would secure his Railway ends.

The fact that Mr. Mowat's dark doings and threatening proceedings did not achieve the effect anticipated, speaks trumpet-tongued in favor of the independent character of the people of Ontario. It is a warning to the Ontario Premier not to trample upon freedom in the name of "reform," and to prostitute his executive position to ends which are corrupt and dangerous. The petitioners before the courts will be met by the proposition that as the Provincial government is carried on in the Queen's name it cannot be arraigned before a court. This is, in effect, an admission of the charge, because it seeks to avoid the issue, so important to the interests of the people, by pleading privilege. But if the Mowat Government is thus privileged to do wrong and trample upon liberty, many ways will be found to get it right. The position they take up is that through candidates and their agents, the electors sell their, and individual voters are all amenable to the law, Mr. Mowat and his colleagues are not so amenable, but may pursue their course of coercion, of threatening and intimidation through the numerous agencies they have set up without let or hinderance. It may be expected that the people will make short work of such professions.

GRIT INSOLENCE TO FARMERS.

Our Clear Grit contemporary, the Brantford *Expositor*, refers to the farmer as the ready victim of nefarious schemers, because (we quote) "the slow laborious way in which a livelihood is obtained may make him more anxious to realize gains more rapidly than is consistent with legitimate business." That is to say, in other words, that a farmer may be more unscrupulous than man in any other class of business, in their efforts to get gain. Our Clear Grit friend probably thinks that the farmers of this country can be maligned with impunity. Because they have suffered Mr. Mowat and his noble band of five smart lawyers to pull the wool over their eyes for ten years, it is taken for granted that they are a class that can be insulted, as well as softened by specious devices. We shall see. The contemptuous reference to the slow and laborious way in which a livelihood is got by farming, comes with a bad grace in view of the scores now being reaped from the soil in all parts of the Western Province. Seeing that the entire business of the country exists upon that basis, and without the farmer there would be little else, the language of our Clear Grit contemporary is certainly to be resented. Such a base on the part of an able journal cannot have resulted from a slip of the pen. It is rather to be taken as a symptom of the way in which the farming community is generally regarded by the Clear Grits, namely, as fair game for sharp practice. What do the farmers of this country think of this estimate of themselves by a Grit organ?

The Montreal *Witness* observes that "it is an unseemly thing for gentlemen to walk along Sherbrooke street on Sunday afternoon in full female costume and bat in hand." Why Sherbrooke street more than St. Paul or Peter? If gentlemen in full female costume were found trying to evade public observation by sneaking through the back yards there might be something to talk about.

IMPROPER USE OF THE SCHOOLS.

The proposition that has been made on behalf of the Mowat Government, that the Public School system should be utilized as a political educator, in addition to its ordinary functions, meets the approval of Grit journals. The Ottawa *Free Press* says that if Mowat has power to do so, he would be recreant to his trust were he not to make every teacher in the Province an exponent of his own political ideas. Our contemporary adds:—"Nothing is more needed in this country than political education, and none are better qualified to impart it than liberal teachers under the direction of Liberal statesmen." Those who are aware to what uses the Public School system has been already attempted to be put, under the close system of central control exercised for some time past, will not be surprised at the proposal above put forth, to convert the schools openly into a clear Grit propaganda. But were petition to be introduced after such a fashion, we should probably see Mowat following the example of an American firm "way down South," which got up a school history for use in that region exclusively, and filled it with praises of local heroes, each of whom was engaged in the easy exercise of whipping ten Yankees. We should have Mowat doubtless portrayed in the heroic task of "fighting the devil with fire," a la St. George and the dragon, and another stanch clear Grit in the act of mesmerizing the Tories in "batches of fifteen." These valiant heroes who made their "grand stand on Monday," and "came down handsomely" in the cause, would probably be celebrated in choice doggerel. But we feel satisfied the people would not justify Mowat in carrying out the suggestion of his Ottawa friend and adviser in this matter. They desire not only that the school system shall be kept clear of partizan objects, but that its management shall be less centralized than it is the policy of Mowat to make it. Since the Council of Public Instruction has been done away with, and a Chief of Bureau substituted, as in despotic countries, Mowat has undertaken to dictate to Boards of School Trustees as to the local control of schools in the same way that he undertook to instruct the County Councils as to where they should get their printing done. The Councils, however, very properly told Mowat to mind his own affairs, and it is hoped the School Boards will do the same upon the assumption of petty authority of this kind.

NATURALIZATION.

Some question appears to have been raised on the other side touching the right of Chinese claiming to be British subjects, by reason of their nature "ution in one or other colonial dependencies of England, to land in the United States, under the recent Chinese Immigration Act. This claim is said by a correspondent of *Bradstreet's* to be entirely fallacious. Colonies have a right, at the discretion of their Legislatures, to naturalize any alien; but this confers no privilege as a British subject outside the territorial limits of the colony which issued the naturalization papers. The British Government does not recognize this partial registration; neither do the colonies. For example, if a Chinaman called in Dan Lagerty in Auckland, New Zealand, had been naturalized in Adelaide, the capital of South Australia, where he held the commission of the peace. Refusing to pay a large sum of money he was ordered to the Legislature, and unseated on petition because he was an alien, although he produced his naturalization papers from the Adelaide Government. Being subsequently naturalized, he was re-elected. A nearly similar occurrence took place in regard to the American Consul at Dunedin. This gentleman sat and voted in the Legislature for several sessions, in the belief that his naturalization in Melbourne was sufficient, but, being an alien outside the colony of Victoria, the New Zealand Parliament was called upon to beat the defect in his legal status. It follows, therefore, that, whether a Chinaman produces colonial naturalization papers or not, he is no more entitled to be considered a British subject than if he came direct from Canton. Nevertheless, as no less Chinamen than six San Francisco, by producing a certificate of naturalization from New Zealand recently, was permitted to receive a large consignment of opium from China, in violation of the treaty of Pekin, on the plea that he was a British subject Of course the Custom house authorities did not understand the point.

CANADIAN FARM HOUSES.

The editor of the Berlin *News*, who has just passed through Illinois, writes to his paper as follows:—

"Between Bureau, east of Chicago, three on which the Chicago & Rock Island Road runs, is very different from the long extended line of land in southern Illinois through which most other leading lines run. It is a beautiful rolling country very much like western Ontario between Guelph and London. But the splendid farm houses and barns which we have in Canada are wanting. It is only here and there that a first-class farm house is seen."

That is the experience of most people who travel in the west. Scarcely anywhere can the prosperous Ontario farmer find a better country home than the one he left.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The payment of the smaller creditors of the Glasgow Bank took place the first week in August; the amount of the "outside" debts is £470,000. The Scotch banks are the largest creditors, are to be paid by special arrangement. They are large holders of stock in the company which was formed to take over the assets of the ill-fated bank.

London *World*: — "Surgeons are not healthier than solicitors, and we are no aware that their children are more robust than the offspring of less scientific not clarians. The worst drained house in Belgravia was owned by an eminent sanitarian; and to witness four men at a medical club supping on devilled crab and lobster salad is not a reassuring spectacle to the trusting patient who has been starving six months on a certified dietary or gorging himself with tonsolless cod in the hope of nourishing his brain with 'phosphorized food,' of which all the fish in Billingsgate cannot alone about as much as is dipped on the end of a lucifer match!"

"It is now a fact," says the London *World*, "hardly concealed even from the outer public, that Victor Hugo is rapidly declining physically and mentally. His vacuity at the reception of the American tourists the other afternoon was painful to witness, and the outspoken criticism of one of the transatlantic visitoresses was not pleasant to hear. His journey to Guernsey in company with the two ladies who have devoted their lives to him is undertaken for the sake of what is almost 'native air' to him. There is a silent struggle between the sightseers who would peep at the old man to write anything and the family circle which endeavors to restrain his lyric overflow."

Imagine a man returning home after a few weeks' absence and finding his house genteelly little left empty with no evidences of its demolition or a fire. Yet this was the experience of an Omaha man. He left the east at the depot about midnight, and mentioned leisurely towards the spot where he had left his domicile. There was his lot, and the neighboring houses proved to him that it was the spot where he had formerly been went to see his quiet and comfortable little home, but his house was non est. At the hotel clubber he was compelled to go to bed for the night he could learn nothing to clear up the mystery, though he questioned every one about as B'y Yan Winkle did when he came down from the mountains after his long sleep. In the morning he learned that two brothers had moved his house away to their own lot, and he was all long in having them returned.

How to Camp Out

Directions for Obtaining the Most Pleasure from this Pastime.

From the Philadelphia Press.

There is, happily, a growing disposition among sporting men to band together for the purpose of "summer camping." Indeed, it is becoming very popular among all classes to spend their summer—or at least a part of it—"in the woods." To obtain a respite from the arduous cares and vexations of business, for a brief season of rest and recreation amid the tranquil serenity and cooling shade of the green woods, or at the seaside, away from the heat and dust and vitiated air of the city, is the thought uppermost in the mind during the heated term. As the tendency this season has been toward "camping out," a few words as to how it may be done properly and economically will not be amiss at this particular time, as it will prove both interesting and instructive, especially if the party be composed of gentlemen who are uninitiated in the matter of site for camping-ground, equipments, and general arrangements. All preliminary details should be consummated as early as practicable after the party has been organized. Each person should provide himself with two blankets, a gum-coat, a suit or two of cast-off clothing (which will be found very serviceable during stormy, disagreeable weather), a pair of stout boots, and necessary underclothing. All clothing, especially the shirts and drawers, should be of wool, as it rapidly absorbs the perspiration and renders one less liable to be taken cold. These, together with fishing tackle, should be packed in a box or, better still, if it is deemed advisable to change the location of the camp, a knapsack will be found more convenient to handle. After the packing has been completed all the boxes should be inclosed in one large box, thus reducing the expense of freight or railroad or steamboats.

The site of the camp should be selected with a view to the comfort, convenience, and pleasure of the party. Many egregious mistakes have been committed in this matter. Tents erected in valleys are sure to be flooded with the first rain, and, aside from the danger of malarial affections, proximity to low, marshy ground is sure to bring trouble from the gnats and mosquitoes. Many parties have abandoned their camp in disgust in consequence of these errors.

The camp should be on elevated ground, near to good spring water, and just far enough away from a river or running stream to avoid the annoyance of gnats and mosquitoes. A vial containing it should be corked as soon as the pestiferous insects make their appearance.

If the party has no cook, each person should cheerfully share the labor and drudgery of the camp.

Do not drink copiously of ice water. Lemon juice dropped into the water will allay your thirst and have a tendency to decrease the desire for water, especially if you are very warm.

All clothing should be loosely but strongly made, and the skirts be provided with pockets ample to carry books, pins, needles, etc.

Carry with you a sufficient number of books to enable you to pass your idle hours pleasantly and profitably. Or, if conversant to a village, the reading of the daily papers will help you to relieve the monotony of a rainy day.

Finally, when you go into camp enjoy yourself; and those suggestions are hastily thrown together with the hope that you will find instruction in them and obtain that pleasure and comfort in "camping out" which you anticipated at the outset.

Honored and Blest.

When a board of eminent physicians and chemists announced the discovery that by combining some well known valuable remedies, the most wonderful medicine was produced, which would cure such a wide range of diseases that most all other remedies could be dispensed with, many were skeptical; but proof of its merits by actual trial has dispelled all doubt, and to-day the discoverers of that *great medicine*, Hop Bitters, are honored and blessed by all as benefactors.—*Democrat.*

The Philadelphia *Times* thinks that "the people who have put $150,000 into the Keely-motor business would probably be willing to contribute something handsome to get Mr. Beckel's report translated into something they can understand."

The Prince of Wales

His Health, and the Demands Upon His Time.

The Prince and Princess of Wales are going to have Englefield House, Surrey, for [illegible]. Englefield House is one of the finest [illegible] in England. He goes to it on the way to Aix, where a German bath is deferred to a medical adviser who has earned by devotion and success the right to be obeyed. No symptoms of any special ailment, there is reason to believe, have prompted the injunction. A brief absence from home is prescribed mainly as a form of the preventive which is better than cure. In this country, no break to the clamorous round the Prince attends can be secured. The whole twelve-month is perpetually sad universally the season for the Heir Apparent. Nowhere and at no moment in this empire can he cease to be the recipient of the homage of his birth and the slave of its duties. His physician has to sentence him to temporary exile as the sole means of temporary emancipation.

Any one who doubts the weight of the letters in which the Prince is doomed to dance may be recommended to consider, for his own better information, a catalogue of the public ceremonials at which His Royal Highness has officiated in edge since Easter. In the four months the Prince has been leading in the advancement of every sort of charitable object, and in the encouragement of every kind of national pursuit. He has attended volunteer field-days and camps. He has pleaded the cause of hospitals. He has distributed prizes to school boys, and run the gauntlet of their addressing readiness. He has arranged palaces upon art, and mayors upon municipal institutions. He has bought and sold at constable bazaars. He has opened parks and colleges, and unveiled statues of public benefactors. He has talked to farmers upon bullocks, and to Freemasons on their creeds. No paid secretary or company promoter could have displayed more assiduous energy in launching the new National College of Music. Whenever business is to be done the fact that the Prince of Wales presides insures that it is done accurately and thoroughly. The legion of functions with which the Prince's name is associated in little more than a dozen weeks is made up of special occasions which he has been free to aid or abstain from. Besides all these, he has his regular duties as his mother's principal representative, and in his own title as Prince of Wales, which he is powerless to omit. That task, though by no means all, of the Prince is perhaps the most exhausting. It is scarcely to be supposed that the choice of those to whom, as to the Prince of Wales, it falls to apply to organize festivity can be responsible for its results. If a charity dinner or a fancy bazaar can in any case be an amusement, it inevitably falls to the lot of relating to the electorate or presidency. The singular merit of the Prince of Wales is that he discharges to the full the prosaic duties of performance as if he were the guest rather than the host. Each particular success of which he is the centre might be the occasion for gaiety of his part, to judge from the [illegible] which that other would give to others in point of spontaneous and real comfort. The manner of erecting this tent varies but little among all camping parties, and is about as follows:—

"Right-ensues Raven's death," a very heavy cloth, is preferable to drilling, as it is absolutely impervious to water, and less liable to wear thin and become "saggy." Some parties have a white plan from the street, and even go as far as to boast a floor of pine boards, which is put together by means of wooden pegs, and can be put up or taken apart at will. In the way of transportation these tents are found to be found troublesome and expensive. The cheapest and most convenient is made in a fraction over four breadths apart; the walls four feet five inches high; the cloth is sewed together with twine, and strengthened at the eaves, over the ridge-pole, thence to the floor of the sides to the ground. Strong twine should be used in the seams, and about two or three stitches to the inch will make them more durable. Rockets will be found of great benefit in the bottom of every seam. Guy lines of strong rope must be put in at the four corners of the eaves, and five upon each side, at every other of the tabling. The body guy lines should be 10 feet long, the side and ridge 12 feet. The "fiddles" should be made of ash, as they are lasting and strong. The poles should be 10 feet long, making due allowance for sinking in the ground. The guy lines should be frequently examined, and the "slack" taken up immediately upon discovery. Care should be taken to have everything as secure as possible to guard against accident during a violent storm.

The furniture of the tent should consist at following: stoves and folding cots, so that during the day they may not be in the way. A table may be made by simply driving four stakes in the ground at equal distance from each other, and laying a board upon the top. Portable tents, or "sun-protectors," as they are known in camp parlance, should be taken along, as they can be used for various purposes. It is simply a "stretch" of cotton or open four light poles, which, when erected, are held in position by guy ropes tied to wooden pegs driven into the ground. It is quickly put up, and, as it is very light, can be carried conveniently from place to place.

As a supply, especially adapted to the wants of summer camps, can be purchased in every large city. Many persons, after having made a visit to the tent at all, not only find it a very disagreeable affair arising from the cooking and the uncomfortable temperature, but also the danger of the destruction of the tent from fire. Many suggestions have been made and plans adopted to obviate the inconveniences may be incurred. The most practical substitute for a stove yet seen by the writer was in a camp of Chicagoans on Lake Superior. An excavation had been made in the ground one foot deep and two feet square, which was covered with a movable iron plate, in the centre of square, which fitted the aperture. About six inches above the level of the bottom of the excavation a tunnel about three inches in diameter was then made, which extended about two feet away, when it was topped by a hole into which a piece of stovepipe was placed. The draught was excellent. To protect it from wind and weather four pine poles were driven into the ground, and a piece of tin nailed across, which was then covered with a piece of canvas. Above this a fire was built, and the convenience of a stove was had. The intentions were doubtless good, but the result was a failure, a complete smoke of foreign, heavy and earth. The whole was inclosed in canvas at night and during rainy weather. It was a novel contrivance, and would bake, broil or fry equal to the galvanic camp stove. The camp supplies should consist of that which will not spoil easily, such as compressed beef, condensed milk, canned fruits, fish, flour, oatmeal, rice, coffee, sugar, &c. The plates, dishes, &c., should be of tin.

Put on dry underclothing at night. Do not sleep in wet or damp clothing under any consideration whatever. Do not sleep in the open air. After fishing, remove your suit and hang it in the air to dry.

The oil of penny royal is a good preventive against the annoyance of gnats and mosquitoes. A vial containing it should be corked as soon as the pestiferous insects make their appearance.

If the party has no cook, each person should cheerfully share the labor and drudgery of the camp.

Do not drink copiously of ice water. Lemon juice dropped into the water will allay your thirst and have a tendency to decrease the desire for water, especially if you are very warm.

All clothing should be loosely but strongly made, and the skirts be provided with pockets ample to carry books, pins, needles, etc.

Carry with you a sufficient number of books to enable you to pass your idle hours pleasantly and profitably. Or, if conversant to a village, the reading of the daily papers will help you to relieve the monotony of a rainy day.

Finally, when you go into camp enjoy yourself; and those suggestions are hastily thrown together with the hope that you will find instruction in them and obtain that pleasure and comfort in "camping out" which you anticipated at the outset.

AN AWFUL DEATH.

A Drunken Man Falls Over the Precipice at Niagara—His Wife Saved by Clinging to a Tree.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Aug. 30.—This morning at six o'clock Mrs. Brennan, residing near the English Church, on stepping out of doors, heard a cry for help in the direction of the river. She at once went and notified Thos. Wynne, of the Ontario Police, who, on coming to the place, found a woman lodged in a tree about ten feet over the edge of the bank and over a precipice of 150 feet. A rope was secured, and with the assistance of Thos. Reilly, Mr. Brennan and Jas. Bryden, Thos. Wynne drew the woman safely to the top of the bank. A man's hat was found near the place, and the officer on making further examination found a man dead on the rugged rocks beneath, having fallen a distance of 150 feet. The woman being questioned gave the following particulars, the dead man being her husband: He came home from Hamilton, Ont., three weeks ago. She said her husband's name was Crawley, but he was generally called by the alias of Rutherford. He was a tinsmith, forty-nine years old; her age is fifty. Both had been drinking very heavy of late, and having no place to go laid down some time during the night, and when asleep not intoxicated fell over the bank. She did not caught on the tree she would also have been a corpse this morning, and no one ever would have known how they met with death.

A New Diet for Lambs.

A French savant, M. Regnard, has, it is stated, been lately trying the effect of a "blood diet" on lambs. Three lambs, who for some unexplained cause had been abandoned by their mothers were fed on "powdered blood" with the more gratifying results. The lambs increased in size in the most marvellous fashion, and obtained unusual proportions for their age. Their coats of wool also became doubled in thickness, and altogether their appearance, after being kept for a short time on a blood diet, was not only of its most universal admiration. Encouraged by his success with the lambs, M. Regnard is now feeding some calves on blood; and if the experiment proves a success, a complete revolution will probably take place in the diet of these interesting animals. Arter as lambs are concerned, this is to be regretted. A lamb that has once tasted blood will probably end by becoming a ferocious animal, and a source of danger and anxiety to everybody connected with it.—*St. James's Gazette.*

He Longed for Watermelon.

From the Virginia City Enterprise.

Duck-water Jim, a battered and tattered Pirate, who claims to be a forty-second cousin of Captain Sam, has of late taken a good deal of interest in things beyond this vale of tears. He likes to hear about Heaven, the "close of the long rest," as he calls it. Cocking his old and battered pimp hat on one side, and almost closing his eyes in his effort to obtain a realizing sense of this very desirable place of rest, Jim says:—"White man up there no more work un mine—no more run un railroad i'"

"No, Jim, nor go un no work at all."

"What white man do?"

"Well, Jim, play all the time on a big golden harp."

"And Injun, what he do?"

"Well he will have a big harp, all the same as the white man."

"Gosh nuf," says Jim, shaking his head, dubiously; "Injun maybe play little on jew-sharp. But what you think 'bout catch um baby watermelon?" and Jim opened wide both his eyes and looked as though much depended on a favorable answer to the question.

New Advertisements.

FALL MILLINERY.

OPENING SHOW-ROOM!

We shall have the Grandest Display of Millinery, Mantles, Pattern Bonnets and Fancy Goods at our Opening, **5th, 6th and 7th September,** ever made in London. All the Latest French, English and American Novelties of the season will be exhibited. Fresh shipments of Millinery, Fancy and Staple Goods will be received every week during the fall. The inspection of the Trade is respectfully solicited Don't fail to come to the Opening.

JOHN GREEN & CO.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE
C. J. WHITNEY, - - LESSEE.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, SEPT. 1 and 2.
Matinee Saturday at two o'clock.
America's Favorite Society Artist,
BERTHA WELBY,
In her own beautiful creation of AGNES, the servant, the self-accused, and the Marquise in
ONE WOMAN'S LIFE
"Purity is one of the sweetest flowers that sheds a perfume o'er the heart."
The Dramatic Company supporting this QUEEN OF THE STAGE
Includes the celebrated New York brunette beauty, AIDA THUMBLE.
Popular prices. Seats at Murray's. H296d

SEALED TENDERS
Will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before THURSDAY, 31st INST. for
Laying Water Pipes, Building Latrines and other work for the Militia Brigade Camp.
Further information at the aforesaid office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN BOYD, THOS. H. TRACY,
Ch. No. 3 Com. [1879] City Engineer.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
Estate of Maria A. Greer
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the statutes of Ontario, 37 Vict., Chap. 34, and amendments thereto, that all persons having claims against the estate of Maria A. Greer, late of the town of Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, widow, deceased, who died on or about the 2.5 day of September, 1882, are required to send by post prepaid to Messrs. Ley, Leonard & Ley, Barristers, &c., Hamilton, Ont., on or before the 1st day of October next, their Christian and surnames, addresses in full and full particulars of their claims, with dates and nature. And further take notice that after the said 20th day of September the said executor will proceed to distribute the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto according to the provisions of the statutes in that behalf, having regard only to the claims of which the said executor shall then have notice.
C. A. KINGSTON,
73 Dundas St., London, Executor's Solicitor.
30th August, 1882. 1tw4d

EXECUTORS' NOTICE
TO THE CREDITORS OF JOOP J. Messing, late of the Township of Dereham, in the County of Middlesex, Farmer, deceased, and all persons having claims against the estate of the said Joop J. Messing:
Pursuant to the statutes R. S. O., Chap. 74, the creditors of the said Joop Messing, who died on or about the 13th day of June, 1882, are hereby notified to send in a statement of their claims against the estate of the deceased, duly verified, to the office of Messrs. Grayton & Graydon, No. 78 Dundas street, London, solicitors for the administrator, on or before the 1st day of October next, after which date the administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person whose claim shall not have been received notice of at the time of distribution of the said assets.—GRAYTON & GRAYDON, Solicitors for Administratrix.
London, Aug. 22, 1882. H307

—THE—
Bell Telephone Company of Canada
PUBLIC STATIONS.
On the First of Sept. next, 1882, Public Stations will be opened at A. Workman's Hardware Store, London East; and R. A. Taylor's Stationer, cor. Richmond and Carling streets, London West. Subscribers, five cents a call.
R. J. THROOP, Agent.
H297-tu&s

HOSPITAL SUPPLIES — TENDERS addressed to the undersigned will be received up to six o'clock, on September 5th, 1882, for the supplying of the following articles for one year, from 5th September, 1882, to 5th September, 1883, to be delivered in such quantities as may be required:—Tea, coffee, sugar, barley, rice, salt, pepper, ginger, cinnamon, nutmeg, washing soda, soap, yeast, fresh butter, lard, fresh beef, fresh pork, fresh bread, fresh milk, lemons, lime juice, vinegar, pickles, mustard, pearl barley, split peas, oatmeal, raisins, currants, port and sherry wine, Holland gin, rum, and malt whiskey (per gallon, imp. measure), Castile soap, starch, blue, candles, matches, Clark's cocoa, Chip hay, mill wood, tenders. OATMEAL MEAT.—Beef, fresh (quarters), (lb.), not to weigh less than 120 lbs.; forequarters (lb.), not to weigh less than 60 lbs.; hind quarter, per lb.; fore-quarter, per lb.; veal, per lb.; mutton and lamb, per lb.; pork, per lb. Separate tenders to be delivered separately. The quantities mentioned are approximate only. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender, but reserves to himself the right to accept or reject the whole or any part of any tender. Forms of tender may be had on application at the office of the undersigned. H. E. Parties tendering will please state the time required for delivery of goods. Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned.
H. E. YOUNG, Commissariat Officer.
London, August 26th, 1882. H301-o2d

Guion Mail Line.
DON'T FORGET
to secure your passage on the celebrated Steamer
ALASKA
8,500 tons. Time: 6 days 19 hours.
Sailing for Liverpool on Tuesday, Sept. 12, 4 p.m.
CHEAP RATES.
INTERMEDIATE ..... only $30
From New York to Liverpool or Londonderry.
FOR PASSAGE, FREIGHT, &c., apply to
P. S. CLARKE,
Guion Agent, 116 Richmond st., London.

To Artists.
THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA proposes erecting in the grounds of the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa, a bronze statue, nine feet (9'), of the late Sir George E. Cartier, Bart.
Artists are invited to submit models, 9 ft. in height, which must be accompanied with proposals for the bronze statue complete.
A premium of three hundred dollars will be paid the party whose model and proposal are accepted.
The models must be delivered at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, on or before the 1st day of January next.
Copies of the conditions, &c., may be obtained on application at the office of the Sub-Commissioner of Canada, No. 10 Victoria Chambers, London, S.W., England, and to the Secretary of the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Canada.
F. H. ENNIS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August, 1882. H287

Communication by Telephone
TELEPHONES AND THE NECESSARY materials of the most approved description for private communication are now supplied FOR EXPORT by the
CONSOLIDATED TELEPHONE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE COMPANY (LIMITED),
No. 6 Lombard St., London, England.
Estimates and any further particulars on application as above. H1ly-d

BARGAINS.
Bustle Wool ..... 10c. oz.
8 "Marie Embroidery Silk Up ..... 40c.
4 French Mottoed Handkerchiefs ..... 20c.
The New Elegant Fan Lace ..... 10c. yard.
Wide Spanish Lace ..... 10c. yard.
Handsome Cream Lace ..... 10c. yard.
Girl's Aberdeens ..... 10c. pair.
Regular Corsets ..... 47c. each.
French Corsets ..... 75c. each.
Ladies' Fine Hose ..... 10c. pair.
Ladies' Vests and Combs ..... 25c. each.
Linen Sheets ..... 75c. each.
—Boys a lady, "The finest lullabye that had ever humming and applauded here been heard from maids of forty who had no fear that the baby would wake and spoil."
BRUNTON'S,
295 DUNDAS STREET.

SALES BY AUCTION
STOCK OF GROCERIES, ETC.,
BY AUCTION.
—ON—
Friday, September 1st., at 2 p.m.
P. C. BARNARD IS INSTRUCTED by Mr. R. A. Johnson to sell by auction, on the premises, Adelaide street north, shortly to be Durand's old stand, a nicely assorted stock of Groceries, together with Shop Furniture, Show Stands, &c., and price, to about $600. The stock will be put up in one lot at or about the above price.
An immediate Clear and Final Business is expected, with the stock all to go. From its favorable position, it would suit a grocer.
Lease of premises may be had on favorable terms at time of sale.
Sale without reserve, as the proprietor is engaged in other pursuits. Terms cash.
H304 —P. C. BARNARD, Auctioneer, &c.

In re R. Pollard,
OF WALTON.
WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC auction on
FRIDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF SEPT., AT 2.30 P.M., by W. J. Brendon & Son, at their auction rooms in London, the stock of the above, consisting of:
Hats and Caps ..... $ 200 17
Boots and Shoes 1,000 00
Groceries, &c. 1,000 00
Crockery, &c. 200 00
Shop Fixtures 100 00
$2,500 00
Further particulars and terms made known on application to
JAMES WATSON, Trustee.

RETIRING
—FROM—
BUSINESS.
R. S. Murray & Co
WILL SELL THIS WEEK
AT LESS THAN COST PRICE
Beautiful Dress Muslins,
Light Summer Prints,
Parasols,
Cashmeres,
500 pieces Black Alpaca,
Wool Cashmeres,
Fancy de Beiges,
Black Silks,
Figured Silks,
Fancy Satins,
6,000 yds. McNaughton's Prints.
As we intend to close our business before January, goods will be sold at prices heretofore unknown in London.
R. S. MURRAY & CO.,
124 Dundas Street,
125 Carling Street.
London, Aug. 29, 1882. H306tw

Bird Warbler!
Bird Warbler!
PERFECT IMITATION OF ANY BIRD
Splendid New Toy.
Just Arrived from PARIS, France.
PRICE, - - - 25 CENTS
WM. BRYCE,
DUNDAS STREET.
London, - - Ontario.

Eaton's
Great Sale of Dress Goods. Great Sacrifice in Prices this week. Immense quantity to choose from. Hosiery, Gloves, Fringes, Corsets and Shirtings at Clearing Prices. Millinery Room, Carpet Room, and Clothing Room. Best prices in these departments all the time.
EATON SELLS CHEAP.

Macfie, Lind & Co
—WHOLESALE—
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, FURS,
AND RUBBER GOODS.
We show to-day a full assortment of new Rubber Goods:—Ladies' and Misses' Brighton, Newport and Canton Circulars; Men's & Boys' Rubber, Tweed, Sheeting, &c., Coats; Rubber and Tartan, Rubber and Velvet and Fancy Carriage Rugs.
Prices Low—Terms Liberal, and MACFIE, LIND & CO.

School Opening.
High School Uniforms made in best style and materials, and at moderate figures.
Boys' all wool, untearable Tweed Suits for school wear.
All sizes and immense stock to select from.
Burns & Bapty
MEN'S AND BOYS'
CLOTHIERS and FURNISHERS,
154 DUNDAS ST.

NOTICE OF THE PARIS HAIR WORKER, 185 Yonge St., Toronto, begs to inform the ladies that the Paris Hair Works is now removed from its former place to Canada by her present assistant SARATOGA WAVE. By styles in the latest fashion, and in beauty and new prices. Don't be humbugged by so many travelling fakirs, but go to where you know you will get it. Combings made into switches, puffs, &c. A. DORENWEND, Proprietor.

HOP BITTERS.
(A Medicine, not a Drink.)
CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,
And the Purest and Best Medical Qualities of all other Remedies.
THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Nerves, Bladder, Kidneys, Nerves, Bladder, Kidneys, Nerves, Bladder

SAVE YOUR HANDS

By Doing Your Washing with Churcher's Premier Soap.

By our process a Soap is produced, which does not injure or inflame the skin, but leaves it cool and soft, while the washing properties of the Soap are improved, and makes it the best and cheapest Soap for general purposes.

We recommend CHURCHER'S WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP for the nursery, bath and fine cuticles. Both Soaps are pleasantly perfumed. Made by Thomas Churcher & Co., Sussex Soap Works, Chesterfield, London. tuth

LADIES!

IF YOU REQUIRE A TONIC



If your system is run down by any chronic disease, or from natural causes, you will find Turner's Tonic Bitters a perfect specific and most powerful invigorating tonic. They will restore both muscular and nervous forces, brace up your entire system, and reward you with a new lease of life. If you are a dyspeptic, or subject to ague, chill or malarial fever, or suffer from loss of appetite, they will cure you. Try them, and tell your neighbors how much benefit you have derived by using Turner's Tonic Bitters.

For sale by all Druggists, leading Grocers and principal Hotels. Manufactured by ROBERT TURNER, Brantford, Ont. H12tfeb-in

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Thursday, August 31, 1882.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

Bernard had drunk a good deal at dinner; and indeed there had been an inclination on the part of all three men to drown their gloomy ideas in wine; while even Mopsy, who generally took her fair share of champagne, allowed the butler to fill her glass almost as often as usual—although she only sipped the sparkling, bright-colored wine, and remembering, even in the midst of her grief for the dead, that she would have very soon to have returned to the dentinis prison. Mopsy was not a drinking beverage—any, where, at times, she very heartily enjoyed her dry.

After dinner Christabel went to the nursery. It flashed upon her with acutest pain, as she entered the room, that when last she had been there she had not known of Augustus Hamleigh's death. He had been lying yonder by the war-fire, dead, and she had not known. And now the fact of his death was an old thing—part of the history of her life.

The time when he was alive and with her, full of bright thoughts and poetic fancies, seemed over so long ago. Yet it was only yesterday—yesterday, and gone from her life as utterly as if it were an episode in the records of dead and gone ages—as old as the story of Tristan and Iseult. She sat with her boy till he fell asleep, and sat beside him as he slept, in the dim light of the night lamp, thinking of him who lay dead in the lonely farm-house among the elm trees hills they two had loved so well—hugging by the voice at the distant sea, sounding, like labored in the silence of night.

She remembered how he had talked last night of Augustus Hamleigh, and how he had as he talked, with flushed cheeks and her brilliant eyes, she had seen the stamp of death on his face. She had before her mind's eye the "Gates Ajar," a book which they had read together in the days gone by, and which Christabel had ordered and ordered at once that time—a book in which the secrets of the future are treated lightly by a daring but a delicate hand—a book which accepts every promise of the Gospel in its most literal sense, and gives it one with an exultant belief in just such a heaven as poor humanity wants. In this author's creed reunion on death to life is instantaneous death is the Lodestar of life. There is no long lethargy of the grave, there is no time of darkness. Straight from the bed of death the spirit rushes to the arms of the beloved ones gone before. Death, as described, becomes only the reunion of love.

He talked of heaven, and the faithful one who waited at the river-side, and the early morning, when the moved ship had passed out of sight and sound of land, and himself disappear in the upper chamber of the house at Jerusalem, which seems dimly foreshadowed in his philosophy—a chamber with his disciples—at Athens the struggle beyond light—at Jerusalem the light itself in fullest glory.

Christabel felt herself bound by no social duty to pronounce on these matters, more especially as Miss Vandeleur had gone upstairs to sit with the afflicted Dopsy—who kept howling the first day—according to her own fashion, with little bursts of agonized tears and fragmentary remarks.

"I know I didn't care a fig for 'im"—and then—and then, with numerous variations on the same theme—poor Dopsy summed up her dead cousin; while the Commissary of the district on, leaving Trevor and his mourner against the horses off, and making airings about the hour of six at Mount Rock, which looks like a coachful with hooping cough and the doctor in attendance, and the Rev. Mr. Tregarvil told me that he had quite lost his chestnut mare.

And then—and then, with numerous variations on the same theme—poor Dopsy summed up her dead cousin; while the Commissary of the district on, leaving Trevor and his mourner against the horses off, and making airings about the hour of six at Mount Rock, which looks like a coachful with hooping cough and the doctor in attendance, and the Rev. Mr. Tregarvil told me that he had quite lost his chestnut mare.

At one half-past nine Christabel left her boy's bed-side, and, on her way to her own room, suddenly remembered Jessie's unexplained absence.

She knocked at Miss Bridgeman's door twice, but there was no answer, and then she opened the door and looked in, expecting to find the room empty.

Jessie was sitting in front of the fire in her hat and jacket, staring at the burning coals. There was no light in the room except the upper and flame of the fire, but Christabel saw in that cheerful light Jessie looked deadly pale. "Jessie," exclaimed Christabel, going up to her and putting a gentle hand upon her shoulder, for she took no notice of the coming of the dove, "where in heaven's name have you been?"

"Where should I have been? Surely you can guess. I have been to the farm."

"To the farm—alone—at night?"

"Alone at night—yes! I would have walked through fire and water, if I could have walked through—" she set her lips as she spoke, and narrowed through her clenched teeth, "Hell."

"Jessie, Jessie, how foolish! What good could it do?"

"None to him, I know, but perhaps a little to me. I think if I had stayed here I should have gone stark, staring mad. I felt my brain reeling as I sat and thought of him in the twilight, and then it seemed to me as if the only comfort possible was in looking at his dead face—holding his dead hand—and I have done it, and can comfort—a little," she said, with a laugh, which ended in a convulsive sob.

"My good, warm-hearted Jessie!" murmured Christabel, bending over her lovingly, tears rushing down her cheeks; "I know you always liked him."

"Always liked him!" echoed the other, "always at the fire in black, woollen grief; always, I—yes, always."

"But you must not take his death so desperately, dear. You know that, under the circumstances, he had not very long [illegible] to live. We both knew that."

"Yes; we knew it. I knew last night that I had sacrificed the best—held myself from him for a few months, while he would be every day and hour at my side—gone to a hidden farm no matter how far, even with his wheeled consent follow him, even with his wheeled consent, though we pretend to be more than friends, though we pretend to be more than friends, though we pretend to be more than friends

J. M. LONGAN & CO.

ARRIVED,

MANUEL ARTIGUE DE BARCELONA 1256 PKS. WINE

which we will sell to the trade in bond or duty paid.

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S

Drug Store,

184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Thursday, August 31, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Thursday, Aug. 31, 1882.

Sun rises..... 5.59 a.m.| Moon rises.. 8.06 p.m.
Sun sets..... 6.46 p.m.| Moon sets.... 8.00 a.m.
Day of the year, 243rd.

MOON'S PHASES

Full moon.....	1st	3.15 p. m
Last quarter.....	9th	1.51 a. m
New moon.....	16th	1.12 p. m
First quarter.....	23rd	10.55 p m

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Aug. 31, 1 a. m.—There is a depression central over Lake Michigan, moving in a northeasterly direction. The wind is light from westward in the Maritime Provinces, and light from southeast on the lakes. The weather is cloudy in Western Ontario; elsewhere in Canada it is clear. For the Lakes—Moderate to fresh southeasterly, veering to southwesterly, winds; generally cloudy, warm weather, with light local rains.

LONDON EAST NOTES.—The contractor for house numbering is now engaged with a staff of men in correcting mistakes, of which there seems to be an unusually large number.—C. O. Babcock arrested George Ward Tuesday night on complaint of a man named Flemming, who charges him with emptying nightsoil into a well, from which a number of families obtain their water supply.

THE TRADE EXCURSION.—A meeting of the Council of the London Board of Trade was held this forenoon in the Masonic Temple yesterday afternoon. There was a small attendance, but this was owing to several of the members being absent from the city, as the object of the meeting was to discuss the best method of securing a trade excursion to the city from the railway companies. The Secretary was finally instructed to wait on Mr. J. D. Dawson, superintendent of the G. T. R. line, in order to see what possible terms in that line that will be granted to the merchants. Mr. Dawson has communicated with the officials of the line in Montreal, and it is expected that the result of his enquiries will be known to-day.

A PECULIAR CASE.—A sitting of the County Judge's Criminal Court was held yesterday before Judge Elliot, Mr. J. B. McKillop prosecuting, when Wm. Johnson was charged with assaulting Martin Walker, of North Dorchester. He pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to one month imprisonment at hard labor in the County Jail. The case was somewhat peculiar, the woman having boarded in the same house as the prisoner on the 10th inst., when prisoner entered. He remarked that it was a lonely place, and he would not like his sister to live there. He asked her what she would do if a man insulted her when she was alone, or what she should say if he gave her to him for her. Finally he enquired what she could do if a man were to force her, as she was alone, and on receiving a threatening answer, left. He came alarmed and started to go to her sister-in-law's, the prisoner following her for some distance. Other witnesses corroborated her evidence at the preliminary examination. The conduct of the prisoner was held to constitute an assault.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—Bertha Welby and Company appear at the Grand Opera House tonight in Elliott Barnes' new society drama, "One Woman's Life." The Hamilton *Times* makes the following reference to the company and the play as it was presented there on Tuesday night:—"The play is equal to the best of the productions of its kind, and in the third and fourth acts gives good scope for talent. The principal character is "Lady Agnes," and Miss Welby's portrayal of the leading role was excellent throughout. She is possessed of a fine presence and a suburbinan which shows a true appreciation of her part. Her voice is good, and the possesses all the qualifications for a successful career. Mr. Walsh's "Joe Traverse" was a capital delineation, and after the third act, he, Miss Welby and Mr. Hazelrigg were enthusiastically called before the curtain. Miss Ada Tribable as "Lil-lie" and Mr. Gale as "Greggy Gray" were also good. The play went smoothly through the time between the acts was a little long. The costumes of the ladies were among the richest that have been seen on the stage in Hamilton." Secure your seats at the box office.

LOCAL NOTICES

The Academy of the Sacred Heart, London, Ont., will reopen for boarders on Tuesday, Sept. 5th, and for day pupils on Wednesday, Sept. 6th.

Twenty-five American children's carriages, balance of this year's importation, at almost your own price, at Bryce's Depot, Dundas street. H26 1

FREEMINER BROS. purchased the confectionery and bakery business from H. E. Gore, 319 Richmond street, on the 15th May, same bakers. Same quality of bread. Ice cream parlor open every evening. Come early and often. The above does not in any way affect our Sewing Machine business on Dundas street. W. R. FREEMINER, Manager. H24tu-tu-tu

The Gem Album. One thousand more arrived to-day. Only 15c. At Bryce's. H28 1mon

Lawn Mowers, best in the market. Garden shears and tools; galvin, carpet felt, linoleum, oilcloths, window shades, mats, mangles.—BROWN & MORRIS, Hardware, 316 Dundas street.

Rubber hose of best quality, nozzles, couplings, hose reels, hose rubber cement. T. HUMBERT MARER, 167 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can do it. For sale by T. HUMBERT MARER, 167 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received direct from Rowney & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Brunner, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

Have you seen the new lemon squeezers, the newest and best pattern in the market. A large assortment of trays and waiters at all prices. T. HUMBERT MARER, 167 Dundas street.

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Clocks, Watches and Plated ware. Novelties, Mineral Clocks and Ink Stands from Colorado. Give us a call.

Ladies, now is the time to have your Lace Curtains Renovated. They can be done up in first-class style at the London Steam Laundry, 393 King street, between Clarence and Wellington streets.—A. MOONEHAD & CO.

NEW FALL GOODS

Are being daily received at Robt. Wallace's Clothing Establishment. There you can always find the latest patterns and most elegant designs, while for style and accuracy in fitting this house takes the lead —146 Dundas st., nearly opposite Market lane.

London, August 30th, 1882. daw

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

NOTICE!

From and after Tuesday, 29th August, the use of the Station at Burwell Street will be discontinued, and all trains will start from, and arrive at, Richmond Street Station.

JOSEPH HICKSON,
GENERAL MANAGER.

G. T. R. Offices, 28th Aug., 1882. H28th-wf

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

Guessing the number of seeds in a melon is a new festivity.

The 7th Fusiliers band went to Ingersoll last evening to attend a concert there.

Tray has been appointed captain of the Atlantic Base Ball Club, of St. Thomas.

The new Molsons Bank building at Ridgetown is about ready to move into. It cost $6,000.

The wife of Constable Shillitoe, of Rodney, is $1,500 richer through the death of a relative in England.

Rev. Father Hodgkinson, of Toronto, a newly ordained priest, has been appointed curate of St. Thomas.

Mr. Thomas Payne (a former London typo), of Chatsworth, Ont., has been in the city on a visit to friends.

The expenses of Dr. Wilson, the member elect for East Elgin, during the campaign are sworn to have been $297.61.

Rev. D. Laing, of Sparta, has been extended a call to the Strathroy Baptist Church at a stipend of $700

A floor is being laid in the new engine house at Springbank, preparatory to making arrangements for the final tests.

The sunflower-in-his-button-hole craze makes himself quite numerous every evening on Dundas and Richmond streets.

Rev. S. L. Smith, of St. John's Episcopal Church, St. Thomas, recently fell off a chair, breaking one of his ribs in two places.

Mr. L. N. Minnie, City Clerk of Port Huron, was in town yesterday to witness the base ball match at Tecumseh Park.

Miss E. M. Foreman, organist of the Wellington Street Methodist Church, has returned home from a holiday visit to Whitby.

Mr. Dell McCready, of St. Thomas, passed through the city yesterday en route to Manitoba, where he purposes remaining until next spring.

A party of fifty excursionists left for Port Stanley yesterday, intending to proceed to the Maske h homestead at Port Talbot, via steamer R. R.

Mr. Hugh Brown, foreman of the service pipe layers, has recovered from the effect of his severe injuries a short time since, and is once more at his post.

Mr. John Hance, of the corner of Wa'ce and St. James streets, uncovered a hill of potatoes on a day or two ago containing fifty-eight good-sized tubers.

The Windsor Lacrosse Club will play a match on Tuesday next with Wallis Edgar's Caughnawaga Club, of Montreal, one of the best Indian teams in Canada.

Ald. G. Hadley, High Secretary of the Canadian Order of Foresters, and Mr. R. H. Long, High Chief Ranger, are in the city on business connected with the Order.

Mr. L. G. Jarvis, D. D. G. M. of the A. F. & A. M., of London district, was elected an honorary member of Nilestown Lodge, No. 345, at the last regular meeting.

The newspapers of the land are wailing over the dearth of good servant girls. Alas! alas! How sad it is that all the good Irish girls either get married or start the fire with coal oil.

Mr. R. Matthieson, Superintendent of the Belleville Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, formerly of this city, is attending the Convention of the Instructors of Deaf Mutes at Jacksonville, Fla.

William Morrison was arrested at Aylmer Tuesday by Constable Clayton on a charge of stealing a horse belonging to John Hackett, of Simcoe. He was taken to that place for examination.

Mr. John Brooks, who resides on Hill street, near Colborne, had his arm broken on Monday last by a kick from his horse. Dr. Moore set the damaged limb, and the sufferer is now doing well.

Mr. William Moonlight's illness has become more serious, and he is now confined to bed under medical attendance. He exhibited unusual pluck in pitching through Tuesday's game.

The rumor that Henry Cotter, a young boy, so that 9 yrs old, of Windsor, who went to New Mexico a year ago, had been recently killed, is untrue. A letter received by his parents has settled the question.

Another foot race has been arranged between Mclver, the Canning sprinter, and Madara, to take place at Hespeler on Saturday. The race is to be a single dash of 150 yards, scratch start, for $6,000 a side.

The Liberal-Conservative Club of St. Thomas has invited Mr. W. F. Meredith, Q. C., of this city, the leader of the Ontario Opposition, to open the new hall in the Lindop block on Monday evening next Sept 3rd.

An amateur gardener asks us to explain the easiest way to make a hot house. We're not much of a gardener, but we should think to let your black-haired wife see a golden hair on your vest button would bring the result desired.

The two boys, Lane and Tierney, charged with leaving the employment of McKay & Co. without permission came up before Squire Peters yesterday. They promised to return to work, and were discharged on payment of $1 each.

So soon as the Y is completed at Clinton, enabling G. W. R. division trains to run on the G. T. R. track, it is for Conl.-Gen. Dawson's intention to run a cheap excursion from London to Goderich without change of cars and in very short time.

Among the imports for London merchants per steamships Toronto and Sarmatian, Liverpool to Montreal, were the following:—Jas Wright & Co., 378 bdls. iron; W. Reid & Co., 1 crate; J. Wright & Co., 33 boxes; T. C. Kingsmill, 2 cases.

The young negro Bush, in jail at Sandwich charged with attempting to outrage Miss Dane while picking berries near Belle house, fourteen miles back from Windsor, has pleaded not guilty to the charge, and will be tried before Judge Leggoe on the 6th day next.

The new Liberal-Conservative Club in St. Thomas starts under most favorable auspices, and will be officered as follows:—Hon. Pres., Sir John A. Macdonald; 1st Vice, Hon. D. McKay; 2nd Vice, Hugh Daly; 3rd Vice, Henry Beddome; Secretary, Jas. McLean, Treasurer, Albert Crane.

Annie Casey, of Biddulph, was arrested Tuesday by County Constable Hodge on a charge of assaulting John Finnegan by striking him over the head with a chair. She was bailed until yesterday, when she appeared before Squire Peters, but the charge was withdrawn by complainant on the woman paying costs.

Complaints have been frequent of late in regard to the neglect of the contractor in not watering Queen's avenue. As no notice has been taken of the hints given by Mr. Tracy, City Engineer, he has ordered the neglected thoroughfare to be well watered, by placing an extra wagon upon the street at the contractor's expense.

A prize of $.0 is offered to the person making the highest score at Brunton's rifle alleys, in St. Thomas, within thirty days. The largest made yet was 217 at targets and eight out of a possible ten at pigeons. Mr. Tom Clark scored ten points in a game of sixapies at his alleys here a day or two since. Next for St. Thomas.

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE,
THE MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL,
AND EAU DE FRUIT SALT
—AT—

Harkness & Co.,

Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

"If thou couldst only know, my love," is the title of a poem going the rounds of the press. Yes, if she could only know, my boy, that your salary is just $7 50 a week, and that you don't stand any more chance of getting a raise than of being elected M. P. for London, she wouldn't sit so close to you in the parlor, with the light turned down low, when you call this evening, would she, George?

The Chatham *Banner* says "the Western Fair prize lists and posters have been profusely distributed in this quarter, the managers knowing well the benefits arising from thorough advertising. As the Provincial is to be held at Kingston this year, the Western will be the great fair in this district, and there will be a larger number of exhibitors and visitors from Kent than ever before."

Christ Church, Chatham, was re-opened on Sunday last by Rev. Canon Innes, of this city. The *Banner* says "the sermons were fine efforts, dealing with the honor of the Cross and constraining power of Christ's love. Both sermons were marked for deep thought and beauty of illustration, and were delivered with great earnestness."

On Tuesday next Stratfordites will have an opportunity presented them of visiting Port Stanley at 75 cts. for the round trip. The fashion is the forerunner of innumerable excursions of this character, and this is the first one from that point to Port Stanley.

The Ridgetown and Detroit Recreose Clubs played a game at the latter city Tuesday. Ridgetown took first and second, Detroit third, and darkness preventing the completion of the fourth, a draw was resolved upon.

"See, mamma!" exclaimed a little child, as pass, with arching spine and elevated rudder, strutted around the table; "see, kitty's eaten so much she can't shut her tail down!"

A millinar of this city says that "long skirts will bein vogue next season," but with the girls in the ballet, not much, Mary Ann!

The Brakesmen's Benevolent Association, of Stratford, will hold their first annual picnic at the Avondale Park there to-morrow.

The schoolmistress and schoolmistresses are brushing up to engage in the "labor of love."

Mr. Geo. Grace, of London, is visiting friends in Brantford.

Many sun-burned faces are observed upon the streets.

LONDON'S PROSPERITY.

Another Monument to the N. P. in Course of Erection.

The London Plating Works Now Factory.

This city (London can boast of many enterprising citizens, and among them may be mentioned Mr. J. D. Darvill. Forty-two years ago that gentleman became a resident of London, 25 of which he has spent in active business. From a comparatively small beginning the business gradually grew, and till it was necessary to remove to the building on King street, occupied some time ago by Messrs Brown, Bros., Turner & Burns, and afterwards to the commodious premises on the corner of Thames and Westminster Bridge. Here the manufacture of stoves, agricultural implements and general machinery has been carried on. During the past two years, however, under the fostering influence of the National Policy, the business has so increased that another move has been found necessary for its accommodation. This time the change comprises the erection of a large three-story brick building, with an eight-foot basement on the south-west corner of Thames and King streets, with a frontage of 120 feet on the former and 100 on the latter. The basement will be occupied by the grinding machines, and the first floor used as the foundry and machine shops. On the second flat will be located the "London Plating Works." As this industry is unknown to the public for London a word or two in reference to it and who will have charge of the work may not be amiss. For some time Mr. Darvill found it almost impossible to procure a first-class man for this branch of the business, but at last succeeded in making arrangements with Mr. W. York, who has had an experience of seventeen years, principally in some of the largest establishments in the United States. Plating of all classes—gold, silver, nickle, brass or copper—will be executed in a manner to give satisfaction, the celebrated Weston dynamo machine being used. The plating of carriage iron is done by a new process which keeps the iron from rusting. In the past the rusting of the iron was a serious drawback to this branch of the trade, but, as has been stated, this objection is entirely removed by the new process adopted at the London Plating Works. A specialty is also made of replating table cutlery, watches, jewelry, etc., and there is not the slightest doubt that the business will be a most profitable one, as well as proving of immense benefit to the city. On the third flat the stoves will be mounted. In the centre of the building, facing Thames street, there will be an entrance for teams, and a hoist and scales have been erected for weighing purposes near by. The scales have been put in by Mr. Fox, of the York Street Scale Factory, so that it will be seen that the industry (for London) is not idle. Besides this mammoth building, Mr. Darvill has large show rooms on Talbot street, immediately opposite the Market Square. Taken altogether the establishment, which now gives employment to about thirty men, is a credit to the city and an honor to the proprietor, and shows what may be accomplished by energy and enterprise, coupled with a wise fiscal policy on the part of the Government of the day.

POLICE COURT.—Before Squire Peters, yesterday, Ellis Salisbury came up on complaint of her husband, who charged that she had been drunk and disorderly, and she was remanded till the 5th prox. Five boys, George Hall, Daniel Stevenson, G. Smith, John Flaribay and Otto Bremer, charged with disorderly conduct, were allowed to go on giving bail in the sum of $10 each for the appearance when called on. Henry Barefoot, charged with drunk and disorderly, was not in condition to appear. Two boys of larceny fame, James Jones was withdrawn, and David Haviland was discharged on a similar charge. Walter Fairbairn came up on remand upon two charges of larceny, and was committed for trial. After the close of the Court Henry Barefoot came up for being drunk and disorderly, and was fined $2 and costs.

THE BLOTTER.—Wm. Trafford, Isaac Hyman, John Webb and G. Bowman have been summoned to appear at the Police Court this morning alleged breach of the dog by-law. James Black will answer to a charge of assaulting Joseph Hyde. A search warrant was issued yesterday afternoon, at the instance of Mary Connors, who charged Mary Johnson with stealing a pair of glassware, and a quantity of articles were found in the accused's house, which Connors claimed as her property. Mrs. Johnson was arrested. Robert Cunningham was fined $2 and costs for being drunk and disorderly, and was locked up as a vagrant.

FOOLISH FEEDING.—Mr. E. B. Johnson, livery keeper, lost a valuable horse Tuesday night through the carelessness of one of the drivers. The animal was hired to a County Constable, who drove fourteen miles and then neglected to supply the horse with food, although he allowed it to drink freely. On the return trip the horse, which had been driven rapidly over the whole distance, became sick, and died within half an hour after arriving in the stable. The animal was valued at $100.

THE CAMP SUPPLIES.—The following tenders have been awarded by Lt.-Colonel Aylmer, Brigade Major of No. 1 Military District, for the supply of feed and forage for the use of the military during the brigade camp next month:—Messrs. James and Simon Mitchell, hay; bread, Oliver James Bridle; forage and extra hay, Thomas Tansley; extra oats, H. M. Douglass; straw, Thomas Tansley; fuel and wood, H. M. Douglas; potatoes and groceries, John Saunders.

ST. THOMAS BELL.—The bell for the Central Fire Hall, St. Thomas, has arrived. It was manufactured in Troy, and weighs 1,067 lbs. It is estimated that the total cost will be in the neighborhood of $1,000.

MARY STUART,
CARNATION PINK,
WOOD VIOLET,
WHITE ROSE.
—AND ALL—

THE FINEST PERFUMES

In bulk, manufactured by the celebrated ALFRED WRIGHT

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

Lubin's and Atkinson's.

FOR SALE BY

Wm. Saunders,

188 Dundas Street.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MR. S. WOOLVERTON, dentist, has returned to the city from a holiday tour, and resumed business on Tuesday, 29th inst. Office, corner Dundas and Clarence streets. df

For good jewellery, diamond engagement and wedding rings go to P. Hirtzlaffe, 111 Dundas street, where you can buy retail at wholesale prices. H28 fn

MILLINERY.—Mrs. S. M. Duncan has just received Ocea: N'ts, with other American shapes of hats and bonnets, at 260 Richmond street. Hats and bonnets done over and trimmed to order. Come and see me.

REMOVAL.—Ladies having hats and bonnets to do over will do well to call on Miss F. L. Anderson, 260 Richmond street, for all the latest styles; also hair combings made to order.

Ladies' corsets in the most approved shapes cheap, at J. J. GIBSON'S.

A new stock of black cashmeres, excellent value, received at J. J GIBSON'S.

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear and gentlemen's shirts, go to MRS. JOHNSON, 373 Clarence street, London. H19vn

MISS HARRIS, 226½ Dundas street, has just received a large assortment of chair strips, ottomans, slippers, slipper holders, bannerette, brackets, etc., etc. These goods are in beads, Berlin wool, crewels, Roman embroidery and arcenne. They are exquisite and unsurpassed for new designs and low prices. A call will fully repay all lovers of fancy work. No trouble to show goods. G12tn

FRESH OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred thousand dollars' worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold without reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winter goods before the stock is broken up.—R. S. MURRAY & CO.

"Gospel Hymns Combined," containing the first, second, third and fourth series, at W. L. GARNER'S, the stationer, 421 Richmond street.

MANHATTAN FEED.—Geo. McKeon, seed merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square, has on sale part for this unrivalled food for horses, cows, calves, and all kinds of stock. He gives personal satisfaction every where. Try a sample lot.

REVERE HOUSE, London, Ont.—First-class in every respect. Refitted throughout. Opposite building facing new railway depot seven minutes.—J. MCDONALD, proprietor.

O. R. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall papers, window shades, spring rollers picture frames, mirrors, &c. Paper hanging, kalsomining and curtains put up by best work men in town or country.—324 Dundas street.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap. —378 RIDOUT STREET.

Gold and silver fringe, lace and braid for trimming regalias and badges. Millinery in all the latest styles, also a large stock of fancy goods just received. MRS. DOMORANT'S reliable premises at MRS. GALLEN'S, 163 Dundas street.

CITY CROCKERY STORE.—HALL & CO.—Bed room sets a specialty. By small expenses we can sell cheaper than our neighbors. No. 12 Market Square.

CHESTER'S ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignments of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also fancy goods and stationery. The old reliable store established 1877. 12tf

Mutual Marriage Aid Association of Canada for unmarried persons; Nati Cooper, agent for London, Office, 197 Queen's avenue, between Wellington and Colborne streets, where any further information may be obtained.

J. PASCOTTI has opened a Shaving Parlor at the Clarence House. The best satisfaction guaranteed. A chil calls'ted. F18tu

The "Fashionable House" 8 King corner London. Kept neat, clean and quiet, by J. W MARTIN. "Old ale a specialty." 1258-bs

Now is your time to buy a "Puritan" stove were marked, as they are selling at greatly reduced prices. 6tf 68 Richmond street. E. M. HUNT. L12tf

MISS E. S. ALLEN, 12 Dundas street, has on hand a full and well assorted stock of spring millinery and dressmaking goods, flowers, feathers, hand dresses, lace goods, children's cloaks, bonnets and gloves also the latest styles in mantle making. Mourning orders promptly attended to.

ISAAC HOOD, Whitechapel, &c., has removed next door to Herald office, with a fine stock of watches, gold chains, rings, lockets and charms, also a splendid assortment of silverware. Repairing a specialty. Kitty

St. Nicholas Restaurant, Carling street, just opposite Richmond. Everything first-class. Lunch from 12 to 2 o'clock daily. R. FURLONG Dilke

CHANCES taken out-in fourteen days by one patent. All cases thrown cured. Purity your blood by using Invigorator. Electricity given. J. A. MOORE, 239 King street.

Dilke

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer of Spear and Jackson's best saws, New saw set, and best pocket file.—324 Clarence street, London, Ont. Lily

JOSEPH ANDERSON, manufacturer of gents' and ladies' fine shoes all the latest styles. The best material, at 322 Dundas street, 2 doors below any other place to buy. Dilke

Dried Fruits, California Apricots, Raisin Cured Prunes, Prime Figs, Evaporated Plums and Peaches just received at H. MOCKFORD'S.

VISITORS to the city will find HAWTHORN'S Home Restaurant, No. 393, 395 Dundas street, the most convenient place for meals. Oysters received daily, in bulk and in shell. Every thing the reasonable and in season.

MISS ROCHESTER, Milliner, 313 Dundas street, London, has just returned from the New York and Boston markets with a full assortment of the latest novelties in millinery, dress-making, Ordered Clothing and Kid Gloves.

SURE PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
AND
WINDOW GLASS.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Fineness Guaranteed.

FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY

R. LEWIS
434 RICHMOND STREET.

THE DEAD HOUSE.

Uncalled-for Strictures Upon the Manner in Which it is Kept.

A Decidedly Esthetic Coroner's Jury.

A FREE PRESS representative visited the City Hospital yesterday, and had a conversation with the resident surgeon, Dr. Wilkinson, in regard to the strictures contained in the verdict of the recent Coroner's Jury. The remarks referred to were as follows:—"And further, that we found the dead house and surroundings at the City Hospital in a most disgraceful state." The Doctor asked the reporter to come out and look for himself, and the invitation being accepted the twain proceeded to the back premises. There was nothing visible to the newspaper man which called for any such comment. The woodpile looked as if it was being daily drawn upon for a supply and at one end was bundled down a little. Two or three straw pallets, with other bed clothing, were lying on the hill sides, and the doctor explained this by saying that the hospital was so full that some of the men slept in the laundry, and on a fine day their beds were put out to air. The outhouse had just received a coat of whitewash and were clean and neat enough, but the men had not removed the tubs, so they formed one element of the disorder complained of. Whitewashing had also been done inside the building, and some everything had been laid out between the dead house and the fence. All this had to be done, as there was no shed in which to place them. In addition to this there was a pile of grass cuttings just wheeled off the walks, and about three pounds of old straw in a heap. The doctor said:—"We have been rather busy lately, housecleaning, etc., and there are not enough men to do everything at once, but that back yard will compare favorably with almost any in the city, and there is very little ground for the strictures passed. Not one single thing has been changed since the jury were here but the scaffolding, which had been lying down, was removed."

In the dead house itself there was nothing to get out of order. The place was kept open and was perfectly sweet, and the doctor assured the reporter that it was just as usual.

After taking a good look around the place the scribe could not but agree with the doctor, that the strictures had been quite uncalled for.

In talking with another gentleman who knows something of the matter, the opinion was expressed that Dr. Wilkinson's omission of an invitation to the jury to enter the surgery (where inquests are generally held) was the chief cause of the ill-will shown.

The following letter has been received *apropos* of the above subject:—

"Sir,—Referring to the recommendation of the jury at the Higgins inquest, allow me to state that I had no knowledge of it until it was presented by the foreman on behalf of the jury; nor do I hold myself responsible for any strictures gradually grown into, contained, as the jury was not summoned to consider any matter foreign to the subject, the death of Higgins. I could not endorse their sentiments relative to the dead house or surroundings at the City Hospital. I have always found them quite up to the average of kindred institutions in other places.

"J. M. SMITH, Coroner."

Financial and Commercial

The London Real Estate & Agency Association.

Stock Brokers and Financial Agents.

Farms and City Property bought and sold on commission. Collections made. Investment Dept. will appear in future issues.

T. W. SMART, Manager.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

Reported by Blakeney & Hellmuth, London, Ont.

The following table will show the rate at which Bank and Insurance Stocks and other stocks as the undermentioned dates:—

STOCKS.	Par.	1	2	3	4	5	6
		<	<	<	<	<	<
Montreal.....	200	211	211	211	212	211½	
Ontario.....	100	126		126			
Molsons Bank.....	100	170	170	170	170	170	169
Merchants'.....	100						
Commerce.....	100	137					
Exchange.....	100						
Imperial.....	100	144½	144½	144½	144½	144	144½
Federal.....	100	144	144	144	144	144	144
Dominion.....	100	219½	219½	219½	219½	219½	219½
Standard.....	100	116	116	116	116	116	116
Hamilton.....	100	130					
Toronto.....	100						
Toronto Assurance.....							
Canada Life.....							
Confederation Life.....							
Con. Life Assurance.....							
Dominion Telegraph.....	100	94	94	94	94		
Montreal Telegraph.....	40	91	91	91	91		
Toronto G. & S. Bonds.....							
Toronto Water Bonds.....							
Toronto 6 per cent. Bonds.....							
Land Security.....							
Canada Landed Credit.....							
Freehold.....							
Canada Permanent.....							
Toronto Gen. Trusts.....	100	125					
Real Estate.....							
Ont. Investment Association.....							
Ont. Loan & Debenture.....	100	120	120	120	120	120	120
Ont. Loan & Savings.....	50	110	110	110	110	110	110
Ont. Industrial Loan.....							
Ont. Mutual Life Assurance.....							
Ont. and Qu'Appelle.....	100	120	120	120	120	120	120
Ontario Pacific Bonds.....							
Ontario Pacific Land Grant.....							
Quebec Bank.....	100	120	120	120	120	120	120
Union Loan & Savings.....	50	100	100	100	100	100	100
Western Canada Loan & Savings.....	50	120	120	120	120	120	120
Western Assurance.....	100	125	125	125	125	125	125
Toronto Incandescent Light Co.....	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Toronto Electric Light Co.....	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Toronto Electric Light Bonds.....							
Financial Associations.....	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
do. preferential shares.....	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
English Loan.....							
London Joint Stock.....	100	110	110	110	110	110	110
London Life Insurance.....	100	110	110	110	110	110	110
London Street Railway.....	100	110	110	110	110	110	110
Masonic Temple.....							
Can. N. W. Land Co.....							
Canada Southern R. R.....							
St. Paul, M. & Manitoba R. R.....							

TRANSACTIONS—Empire—50 at 107, Landed Association, ordinary—12 at 130½.

Official Report of the London Stock Exchange.

London, Aug. 30, 1882.

Stocks.	Bank Shares.	Asked.	Offered.
Bank of Montreal		212	
Ontario Bank		127	126
Bank du Peuple		116	
Molsons Bank		169	171
Merchants' Bank		135	
Dominion Bank		219	220
Standard Bank		116	
Hamilton Bank		130	
Union Bank		—	
Exchange Bank		100	
Exchange Bank		74	69
Federal Bank		—	
Commerce		137	
Dominion Telegraph Co.		92	93
Montreal Telegraph Co.		91	
City Passenger R'y		150	152
Gas Company		175	
Canada Cotton Co.		100	
Ontario Investment		117	116
Ontario Investment		—	
St. Paul, M. & Manitoba R. R.		107	108
Montreal, Aug. 30, 11.45 p. m.—SALES—Bank of Montreal—207 at 211½, 212 at 211½. Molsons Bank—23 at 169. Dominion Telegraph Co.—65 at 93½. Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co.—79 at 78. Canada Cotton Co.—100 at 100.			
Montreal, August 31, 3.10 p. m.—SALES—Bank of Montreal—10 at 211½, 211 at 211½. Molsons Bank—12

CARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR

Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

AND STOCK LAGER.

Is casks and bottles, of which are their specialty.

HALF & HALF,

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Died.

On the 4th inst., at the residence of Dr. Howard, University street, Montreal, Henry Howard, infant son of Edwin Hellaiure, Bank of British North America, London.

ARUSEMENTS

REMEMBER THERE IS AN open-air concert in Christ Church Rectory grounds, Hill street, on Thursday, Sept. 7th. A good programme; vocal and instrumental music. Admission, 10c. 1651

LECTURES,

THE LECTURE ON "ENGLAND Coming Glory," promised for Tuesday night by Rev. H. D. Hunter, has been postponed, owing to sickness in his family. dr

MEETINGS

A MEETING OF THE MEMBERS of the Liberal Conservative Association of the City of London will be held in the Room of the Association, Albion Buildings, at 8 o'clock p.m. on Thursday, the 7th inst., for the purpose of appointing delegates to attend the Provincial Convention to be held in Toronto on the 13th inst. 1e

I. O. F.—COURTS VICTORIA, NO. 10, and Dufferin, No. 7, will hold a joint meeting in their hall, on Tuesday, 5th inst., at 8 p. m. All members in good standing are requested to be present, as most important business will come up. The High Chief Ranger, Bro. John A. McGillivray, and the Supreme Chief Ranger, Bro. Dr. Orombyeeks, will address the meeting. By order, A. McPherson, C. H. C. R., Court Victoria; James Crawford, C. D. H. C. R., Court Dufferin. 2d

SPECIAL MEETING, C. O. F.—Court Defiance, No. 7 (late Court Dufferin, No. 7), will hold their next meeting in A. O. F. Hall, corner of Carling and Richmond streets, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 5th, at 8 o'clock, sharp. All members

BOARD AND LODGING.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, at 119 Maple street. 15th

WANTED—BY TWO GENTLEMEN, about the 1st October, a couple of well furnished rooms with attendance, in vicinity of London Club, where a good table is kept. Address, Liberal terrace, Adelaide W. L., this office. 1tr

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FOUND—A POCKET-BOOK CONTAINING a small amount of money. Apply to W. H. & C. B. Smith, 121 Dundas street. 1tdr

LOST — A MEMORANDUM book, on Talbot street, between York and Dundas streets, containing \$18. Any person returning the same to this office will be suitably rewarded. 1tdl

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

$20 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM subscriber's, at Salford, on 8th Aug., a light bay mare, 3 years old; 14½ hands; white hock; also a little white on back of nigh hind foot; mane rubbed off; head and neck stylish.—Dunphy Bros., Salford. dr

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.—TO BE disposed of, a first-class general mechanic's business, in the central part of a Western city. Good premises given for selling. Apply to Free Press Office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE corner of Litchfield and Richmond streets, a first-class grocery and a good stock of groceries, crockery, hard and soft, cheap for cash. Apply to John Nelson, 64 Richmond street.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading at one per word each insertion.

TWO ROOMS TO LET—FURnished or unfurnished, at 220 Dundas street. 16de

TO LET AT LOW RENT—TWO stores: No. 71 and 73 Dundas St. West, recently occupied as Brush Factory. Apply to Thos. Bryan. 1154-dw-eu

TO LET—A HOUSE CONTAINING seven rooms, on Grosvenor, near Richmond. Apply at Wilcox works office. 1636

TO RENT—OVER 1,800 SQUARE feet well lighted business room, easy entrance, gas, water, vault, &c., North end Market Square. Apply to D. Donald & J. Campbell, Masonic Temple Block. 1tdr-tf

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albion Buildings, Richmond street, to rent. Small property in the centre of the American Express Co. and Montreal Telegraph Co. Rent moderate. Apply at once. Apply Carlisle & Co.'s Brewery.

3 FINE ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR in English Loan Co.'s Block, corner Dundas and Talbot streets, to let. Entrance off Talbot street. Ready in a few days. Suitable offices for insurance agents, etc. Apply to D. J. Campbell, Manager. tuts-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

THE NORTH - EASTERN BUS will start on Thursday next, 7th inst., from its office on Talbot street, opposite Albion Hotel, at 9 a.m., and make the round trip from the East at 2 p.m. every hour and a-half during and following days.

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at specified rates of Edward Harris, Lifedawly

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and cheap, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Society Printing in the best style of the art.

MORRIS & CO., PRIVATE INvestment and Auction Agency, 29 Richmond Market Square, Kingston, Ont. Strictly confidential. Residence for study. Highly

REMOVAL. JOHN A. BURNS will, in a few days, occupy the store on the Dundas street. Large importation of sheet iron, galvanized and black, just to hand, and for sale from 86 Dundas street. 1tdwtf-wtf

REMOVAL—L. J. & E. M'EWEN are about removing to the premises lately occupied by Mrs. Gale, No. 381, Dundas St., 4th door. See advertisement in a few days. 1155-tuts

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this heading one word each insertion.

VILLAS LANDS FOR SALE, TOWNship of Dunkellins, containing 61 acres, more or less; lots Nos. 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, being subdivisions of the east half of the west half of number seven, in the twelfth concession of the said Township of Dunkellin. For particulars address M. Walsh, Barrister, Ingersoll. 2dtuwtf

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON Oxbarris street, St. Thomas, 80 x 85, opposite Crowley's Hotel and adjoining Air Line depot. Price, \$700 cash. Apply to J. S. Dewar, 188 Pierce Office, London. 1165-tu

HARDWARE.

4,000 DOZEN POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS).

Almost values in Canadian Harvest Tools, less than factory prices.

HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS, Wharncliffe Buildings, Richmond st.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY sort, made to order, good, stylish and cheap.—Caravillas, 474 Talbot street. City

DONOHUE & CUTLER NOW stand

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
180 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, September 5, 1882.

THE POLITICAL SALVATIONISTS.

There is Mr. Mackenzie's word for it that the Reform party is given to "hankering" after the impossible. In other words, it does not address itself to practical issues. The plan which the ex-leader had of "reform" was to "elevate the standard of morality;" a very good thing in itself if the proper measures were taken to achieve it. The result showed, that Mr. Mackenzie mistook one of the chief bases upon which morality rests. He seemed to think, as many others do, that all that is necessary is, to preach about it. To get up a sort of political Salvation Army, the members of which should go about from platform to platform, from one "stump" to another, denouncing the "Tories" and consigning them to the outer darkness at a political Hades. No doubt there are many who have been affected by that kind of talk, and who believe that the "Tories" are the literal descendants of the "Gentleman in Black." But while that is the case, the large majority have declared that they have found in "Tory" measures excellent reforms. There has been an "hankering" after the impossible, but a direct and practical application of legislature of the wheel in a great social revolution. While the political Salvation Army which the Grits have set up are warning all and sundry of the "wrath" that is accumulating against her, those notorious evil-doers, the "Tories," have been themselves straining how people may be made happy, so far as material means confines to that end. There is less sin where there is more work. The "blessed of morality" fails to save amid the dead-level of inactivity, but when the breeze of prosperity are blowing then it is that godliness and godliness prevail the most among the people. History tells us of some very good men who have been happily plous upon empty bellies, the nourishment which food affords being to some extent compensated for by the irritation which a hair shirt supplies. They may not have always been very clean, these, but they were at least pious under circumstances in which probably was all together unnecessary. The life which tests is of record, they are but the exception to the rule that ample food and shelter is one of the first conditions under which the masses are healthy and moral. It has been the misfortune of those who are "hankering after impossible reforms," to address themselves to a contented people; a people to whom vague suggestions seemed to be miserable substitutes for tangible advantages. The first aim of the Conservatives is to achieve the prosperity of the people in all departments of public affairs. They do not "hanker" to pose as the elevators of any particular branch of morality, but bring to bear those hard-headed conclusions which life at the foundation of success. The difference between the two classes of claimants to public favor is thus well marked, and has been duly appreciated. Messrs. Mackenzie, Blake, Rose, Mills, Patterson, Trow, and the rest, wish it to be understood that they are as much better than other people. They are the Pecksniffs and Chadbands of to-day. They snuffle and snivel at the people, while Sir John and his allies are happy with them, because they find the genuine practical work which arises from doing good services to others. It is time that the "Reformers" revised their programme. The people do not ask them to be the slavery their Leader, only to "hanker" after the unattainable. What they were asked to do, and failed to accomplish, was to adapt legislation to the necessities of the people. When they come down from the impracticable, and condescend to be as other men are in relation to necessary affairs, they may regain some portion of the good-will they have so recklessly dissipated. Till then, no fifteen cent demonstrations will benefit them. Mr. Mackenzie seems like one awaking from a dream when he tells his hearers that they must not "hanker" any longer. But Mr. Blake is still fast asleep, indulging in political fancies and immature speculations which are quite unsuited to the people and the times.

OUR CANADIAN CLIMATE.

Taking it throughout the year, it cannot be denied that the climate of Canada is especially favored. While both spring and autumn, with clear, sunny days and cool nights, are perhaps the more enjoyable periods, the cold of winter is severe, but not destructive, and that of summer, though occasionally extreme, does not produce the lassitude felt in the tropics. Thus, our heated terms are delightful to any one brought up in Louisiana. And what Canadian in moderate health does not feel exhilaration in the bracing air of winter? To many that is the happiest season. It is then they are at their best physically, and there is no period in the year when the "living" is more generous and varied in character. At the meeting of the Science Association lately held in Montreal Dr. Hingston read a paper on this subject which was timely and interesting. Among other things he said that the great lakes and rivers, which contain nearly one-half of all the fresh water on the globe, have a large controlling influence on the climate, and that of the whole continent, in elevating our winter and lowering our summer temperature. As the water of the lakes has a greater capacity for heat, but a feebler conducting power, it gives out warmth but slowly in the rays of the sun, and the increased temperature is much modified by evaporation. Not so with the surface of the soil, whose particles are fixed, and, being fixed, sooner attain an elevated temperature and more readily lose their heat by radiation at night or during cloudy days. The inequality of the earth's surface still further favors that loss. Canada's low altitude is favorable to its climate and vegetation. Had Canada the mean altitude of Asia or South America, or were the plantations on the North Coast much elevated, vegetation would be confined to the mosses, and animal life would be much more limited in extent and variety. This climate is more uniform than that of Europe. The climate is a dry one, sometimes so dry that dew is not obtained by the condensation of ether. The clearness of its atmosphere cannot be surpassed. The changes are sudden, but not enough to as to not allow us to prepare ourselves for it. Although the climate is dry, yet more rain falls than in countries considered moist; but it falls in large quantities at a time. Each season has its peculiarities and attractions, and transition seasons seem to another to subdue and soften severe, advancing heat in the spring time, diminishing heat in the autumn, causing the advent of birds from the warmer regions, or their departure for the South, and the regulation of that advent and departure is remarkable. Dr. Hingston drew attention to the fact that the climate is undergoing certain modifications from the destruction of forests wantonly by the incendiary, foolishly by the immigrant. The full danger of this cannot be estimated. Convincing proof of the healthfulness of Canada's climate is to be found in the statistics of the British and American armies. The statistics of the American army show ed that the northern portion was much healthier than the southern, and that it became healthier as it approached the Canadian Lakes. The statistics of the British army showed that Canada was the healthiest British station on the face of the globe. The mortality of Canada is highest when the thermometer is highest, and inversely. The mortality in early life in Canada is very considerable, and this is very largely due to the rash manner in which children are treated. Inflammatory diseases are met with in persons who expose themselves in a reckless manner. Consumption, which is generally considered very prevalent in cold countries, is not so. Some years ago Prof. Forbes, of Edinburgh, ascertained the height and strength of every person in his university, and found the Irish strongest, heaviest and tallest, Scotch next and the English next. How is it with the British Canadians? They are on a par with Scotch Canadians. The French Canadians have lived for centuries in great comfort on their land, and owing to the virtue of the climate, they have made up the fifty pounds in weight; their old countrymen are behind the Britain and are so much ahead of them here. Their lifting power is beyond any other race on the earth. We show some little evidences of departure from health, but they are not due to climate, but to our neglect in providing for its changes.

MARRIED WOMEN'S PROPERTY.

Following the example set by Ontario, the English Parliament has just passed a new "Married Women's Property Act," which the Pall Mall *Gazette* speaks of as "the last step in the advance in a long social revolution." Under the rules of the ancient English law the wife may be said to have had no property rights whatever. Marriage merged not only her personality, but her property, in that of her husband. The hardship and injustice of these rules were evaded to some extent by fictions and equitable provisions in conveyances, by trusts and settlements, and other contrivances of courts of chancery. By these means the condition of the wife in relation to the substantial use and enjoyment of property was very much improved, and was brought practically into harmony with the sentiments of society. The law, however, remained nearly in its original sinfulness. Many evils and hardships resulted from this unsatisfactory condition of the law. The Married Women's Property Act of 1870 was a measure intended to remedy some of the abuses that still remained. It was not, however, a thorough measure of reform, and many hard cases were brought to notice under its operation. The present Act entirely revolutionizes this branch of the law. According to its provisions all property of whatever kind inherited by, bequeathed to, or gained by, a married woman becomes her own property, free from all control of her husband, as if she were single. The act applies to women married before the act, but only as to property acquired after the passage of the act. The wife, on the other hand, is to be responsible for her own debts, and for the support of her children in case her husband is unable to support them, and for his maintenance in case he has no money, and would otherwise go upon the rates. To avert an obvious scandal, which would be produced by the adoption of one of the clauses without check or limit, the bill provides that as to any property "no criminal proceeding shall be taken by any wife against her husband by virtue of this Act while they are living together." The hardships which married women suffer under the common law were endured by the poor and the middle classes; for the rich there was another law, and marriage settlements kept the wife's money out of the husband's reach. Under this Bill the wife of a costermonger will have, in effect, an Act of Parliament settlement. The London *Times* says of the Bill that "it may be the end put before some ideal which has been at the basis of English life. Measures which affect the family economy are apt to be 'epoch-making,' and probably when the most talked-of Bills of the session are clean forgotten this shameless measure may be bearing fruit. The main provisions of the English measure have for several years been in operation in this Province.

LOCAL DISALLOWANCE.

The St. Thomas *Times* has this soothing paragraph, showing how disallowance is as wished in St. Thomas:—

"While Mr. Mowat is howling about "disallowance" and seeking to excite his followers to rebellion on this head, we consider if he is ever moved by remorse at the recollection of the disallowance practised by him upon the Corporation of St. Thomas with reference to the Frontage Tax Bill carried by an overwhelming majority by the freeholders of this city in January last and presented to the Legislature for ratification last session. It was thrown out by Mr. Mowat, who thought the people of this city incapable of judging for themselves and the legislation they received for the amelioration of the evils under which they suffer, while, with singular irony, the *Globe*, a short time previously, had announced that St. Thomas would be the first city in Canada to adopt the frontage tax system in entirety. It is to be hoped, for his own sake, that Mr. Mowat will not bring on the elections late in the fall when the ills as of St. Thomas, wadding through the mud and mire of their unpaved streets, may be too glad to pick up some of the mud and fling it at the Premier."

It is not gene a ly known that the practice of mutilation, which has figured so prominently in the reco ds of recent Egyptian campaigns in the Soudan, battles, so far from being a mere passing outbreak of ferocity, is a traditional custom, sanctioned by Eastern law. Both in Turkey and Egypt it was formerly the custom to punish any offence with the loss of the member that committed it, theft being punished with the loss of a hand, false witness or treasonable speech with that of the tongue, &c. In war the custom is still universal among certain races. After the Yemen insurrection of 1871 the present writer returned with a Turkish detachment which carried with it the head of one of the fourteen Arab chiefs. This practice was retorted upon the Turks themselves with horrible effect by the mountaineers of Montenegro in 1876-7. At the close of the war the military hospital at Scutari was literally crowded with sailors and noseless Turkish soldiers, and severed heads hung around the tower that overlooks Cattinje, the capital of Montenegro, as thickly as apples on a tree. These horrible disfigurements served to demoralize the Turkish troops far more than any fear of death could have done, and the parallel atrocities committed by the Turks themselves gave some show of justice to the retaliation. But the Prince of Montenegro has now set his face against this barbarity, and has happily succeeded in completely putting a stop to it among his own subjects.

The Montreal *Shareholder*, a successful commercial journal, is good enough to say, in answer to a correspondent "L. R. A.":—"The paper for your purpose would be the Toronto FREE PRESS. It is the best and most ably edited journal in Canada west of Toronto, and has excellent commercial and financial news, which you seem to want."

CURRENT TOPICS.

St. Catharines *Journal*:—The London FREE PRESS calls attention to the fact that the small silver of Canadian coinage is still so scarce in the neighborhood of that city that American coin is again coming into use, at par. This has been the case for some months back in this city. Indeed, it would be impossible to transact business without utilizing American coin, our own silver coinage being so scarce.

Peterboro *Review*:—We notice that as in the House of Commons, so on the platform, Mr. Blake avoids the Boundary question and does not care to maintain that Mr. Mowat is right and Sir John Macdonald wrong in their respective contentions. As an able lawyer, Mr. Blake does not dare to sacrifice his professional reputation by maintaining the validity of the award, which he knows will have to be reviewed by a competent court.

The Free Church of Scotland is in a way to schism over the propriety or the impropriety of instrumental music. In the late Puritan times the battle raged fiercely, but for many years there has been a peace, or at least a truce. Dr. Begg, a Scotch preacher, with not a few followers, is now striving to have organs abolished from the houses of worship of his sect. He has prepared a petition to the General Assembly, and is getting signatures thereto.

The *Scientific American* advocates the revival of the treadmill in all prisons and jails. Instead of allowing tramps and criminals to spend their days in idleness at the public expense, or in tampering with honest artisans in their trades, it would turn their hands, or, rather, their legs, to turning a treadmill and producing electricity. It evidently believes that there is no more reason why the forces of human nature should run to waste at Stain palace places than the scientist think that the forces of nature should run to waste at Niagara and wherever the tide ebbs and flows. Let the rascals and loafers store dynamo-electricity in the batteries.

Sir John Lubbock's opinion confirms or endorses the conclusion long since put forth by some of the most eminent astronomers, namely, that there are now in the solar system, or firmament, many dark bodies—that is bodies which neither emit no light, or comparatively little. He points out, for example, that in the case of Procyon the movements of that star is determined and by the movement of the visible star. Another illustration which he cites relates to the notable phenomenon presented by Algow, the bright star in the Head of Medusa. This star shines without change for two days and thirteen hours; then for three hours and a half, dwindles from a star of the second to one of the fourth magnitude; and then, in another three and a half hours, resumes its original brilliancy. According to the view entertained by Sir Lubbock, these changes must be regarded as indicating the presence of an opaque body, which interrupts at regular intervals a part of the light emitted by Algow.

A will made in a mad house, of which the testator has been an inmate during the greater part of his life, is not a favorable, nor very likely, one would naturally say, to pass muster in a court of law; but such a paper has just been declared valid in Dublin by Judge Johnson. Francis Fagan made his will in such a house in Dublin, and was confined in an asylum for two years before his death, during his mental health. Being then at liberty to go and come as he chose, having acquired a liking for the place, and remained there for twenty-eight years more. Only once during this time did he go out into the world, and on this occasion he returned to the asylum as drunk that he declared he would never run into temptation again, and from which he always thereafter adhered, until finally he died at the age of 78. He remain sary longer, whereupon he went fresh weeping, and died in eighteen months from the day of his discharge.

A correspondent of the London *News*, who asserts that nine-tenths of the London water is neither pure nor wholesome, calls attention to the condition of a water case at the Lock's Asylum. An action was brought against the corporation of Hadleyfield, the water authority of the district, for negligence and failure in a statutory requirement to supply good water to the inhabitants. It was proved that the plaintiff was furnished with water containing a dangerous lead-contamination. The plaintiff was made seriously ill by drinking it. The jury gave a verdict against the corporation for $10,000, on the ground that the public had rights as against the injury to health from bad water. A part of the Hadleyfield water is soft, and is pumped from a source liable to contamination by the sulphuric acid. The water in future shut, if Hadleyfield is obliged to keep its hargets to the clayey water, London can be found to do the same thing. This heavy verdict will be an encouragement to litigation.

Intercolonial Railway

Notes of a Recent Trip to the Maritime Provinces.

From a Correspondent.

From a recent trip over sole road, I can speak most highly of the pleasure to be derived by the traveller from the beautiful scenery through which the road runs, but also of the comfort of any journey, as the whole line is well managed and perfectly regulated. The cars are models of comfort, being heated perfectly. It evidently believes that there is no more reason why the forces of human nature should run to waste at Stain palace places than the scientist think that the forces of nature should run to waste at Niagara and wherever the tide ebbs and flows. Let the rascals and loafers store dynamo-electricity in the batteries.

From Point Levi, opposite Quebec, to Halifax, the eastern terminus of the line, is 686 miles, and this distance is accomplished in twenty-six hours. Low trains being almost invariably on time. Leaving Quebec, you pass through an interesting country, divided into large fields of hay, after the custom of the French Canadians, till you reach the mouth of the St. Lawrence River, and see noble ships making their way up the river to Montreal. Still going east, you come to the Metapedia, a wide stream of clear water, which winds its way for many miles at the base of high hills, the whole range of which unfold constantly changing views, and compel the admiration of the traveller as he thus beholds some of the finest scenery on the continent of America. At Metapedia is a cottage which the Princess Louise occupies in the summer season while she sketches the pretty scenes of this delightful region, or catches the salmon with which the river abounds. There is here also a hotel, which fifty-five wealthy Americans keep open from year to year

SAVE YOUR HANDS

By Doing Your Washing with Churcher's Premier Soap.

By our process a Soap is produced which does not injure or inflame the skin, but leaves it cool and soft, while the washing properties of the Soap are improved, and makes it the best and cheapest Soap for general purposes.

We recommend CHURCHER'S WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP for the nursery, bath and fine clothes. Both Soaps are pleasantly perfumed. Made by Thomas Churcher & Co., Hussle Soap Works, Clarence street, London.

Notes, Cheques and Drafts,

INVOICE, NOTE AND

LETTER HEADINGS

and all kinds of

Business and Bankers' Stationery,

—AT—

LITHOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING

DEPARTMENT.

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, September 5, 1882.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

"Had he many guns with him?"

"Only two. To me he took was an old gun, a favorite."

"I don't know why he took swan shot to shoot woodcock!"

"No—no—he made a mistake in the shot." He took the cartridges out of the case himself, and put them into his pocket. He was experienced sportsman, though he was never so fond of sport as the generality of gentlemen."

"I know if he had been troubled in mind of late?"

"Well, I don't think he had any trouble on his mind. He was in very bad health, and knew that he had not long to live; had secured quite happy and contented. Indeed, judging by what I saw of him, I should say that he was the more easy, contented frame of mind during the last few months than he had ever been for the last four years."

This closed the examination. There had been very few witnesses called on behalf of the medical man, who had found the body, the girl at the farm—who declared that she had given the key to Mr. Hamleigh a little before eight that morning; that no one else had asked for the key till the same came from Mount Royal—that, to her knowledge, no one had been at work on the farm had gone up the lane that morning. A couple of farm laborers gave the same testimony—they had been at work in the topmost field all the morning, and no one had gone to the farm that way except the gentleman that was killed. They had heard a shot—or two shots—they were not sportsmen enough to distinguish between the reports of guns, which fired between eight and nine. They were not very clear as to the hour, and they could not say for certain whether they heard one or two shots; but they knew that they heard a very loud report, unusually loud for a sportsman's shot.

Mr. Tregonell, although he was in the most excitable state, was quite clear and collected when he was examined. The jury went in a body to see the body, which was still lying at the farm, and returned after a brief inspection of that peaceful clay—the spontaneous verdict, that the bullet which is said to be characteristic of death from a gun-shot wound—is give their verdict.

"Death by misadventure."

The body was carried to Mount Royal after dark, and three days later there was a really funeral, to which the first cousins and second cousins of the dead came as from the four corners of the earth; for Angus Hamleigh, dying a bachelor, and without a headsome estate behind him, was a person to be treated with all those last honors which affectionate kindred can offer to poor humanity.

He was buried in the little churchyard in the hollow, where Christabel and her had made the violets thick as a quilt, and of the earth thrown out of an open grave in the bright autumn sunlight. Now, in the autumn, his own grave was dug in the same peaceful spot—in accordance with a note which he had left with his will, dated, in a

CHAPTER III.—If I should die in Cornwall—and there are times when I feel as if death was nearer than my doctor told me at our last interview—I would like to be buried in Mother Churchyard. I have outlived all family connection, and I should like to lie in a spot which is dear to me for its own sake.

As will had been found in Mr. Hamleigh's desk-box, which receptacle was opened by his lawyer, Mr. Trevors from London on purpose to take charge of any papers which this client might have left in his possession at the time of his death. The bulk of his papers were no doubt in his chambers in the Albany—memoirs of his travels, and of his fishing of age, and which he had consigned at last-years ever since.

Mr. Tregonell showed himself keenly anxious that everything should be done in a strictly legal manner, and it was by his own hand that the lawyer was informed of his friend's death, and invited to attend the funeral. Mr. Bryanstone, the solicitor—a thorough man of the world, and an altogether agreeable person—appeared at Mount Royal two days before the funeral, and, being empowered by Mr. Tregonell to act as his pleased, sent telegrams far and wide to the dead man's kindred, who came trooping like carrion crows to the funeral feast.

Angus Hamleigh was buried in the afternoon—a mild, peaceful afternoon at the end of October, with a yellow light in the western sky, which deepened and brightened as the funeral train wound across the valley, climbed the steep street of Boscastle, and then wound slowly downward into the Tintagel Road on the little country metal-place. That orb of molten gold was sinking behind the edge of the world when the vicar read the last words of the funeral service. Golden and crimson gleams touched the hideous bare and stone, golden lights still lingered on the sea, as the mourners were thoroughly formal and unsentimental for the most part—Jack and Christabel, Mr. Trevors, Mr. Bryanstone, and little Mouly sobbing bitterly, while carefully composed features went back to their carriages. And then the thuds of evening came slowly down, and spread a dark pall over Hillside and all the country round, where there was no sound but the monotonous fall of the earth, which the grave-digger was shovelling into that hole in grave.

There had been no women at the funeral. Those two who, each after her own peculiar fashion, had loved the dead man, were shut in their own rooms thinking of him, plunging, with two vivid imagery, the lowering of the coffin to the new-made grave—hearing the solemn monotony of the clergyman's voice, sounding clear in the clear air—the first shovelful of earth falling on the coffin lid—dust to dust—ashes to ashes.

To be continued.

"Twenty-eight years experience," says an eminent physician, "convinces me that the only cure for nervous exhaustion and weakness of the generative organs is to repair the waste by giving brain and nerve food, and of all the remedies compounded Mack's Magnetic Medicine is the best." The sale of this article during the past year has been marvellous, and almost unprecedented in the annals of the patent medicine trade. With each order for 12 packages, accompanied with $5 forwarded to Mack's Magnetic Medicine Company, they send their written guarantee to refund the money if no treatment does not effect a cure. See the advt. to another column.

Mr. George Lustlard is, for the future, only going to run about two horses. He has now some fourteen or fifteen yearlings being broken, and these will be bred and only the best retained, perhaps not more than six or seven.

It is said that next year the American Association will only consist seven against the eight shooting lodged in by nine players. It is certainly a matter that is deserving of much notice.

ODDS AND ENDS

Freshest Gleanings of Fun, Fact and Fancy.

THE SCHOOL BOY.

We bought him a box for his books and toys,
And a cricket bag for his comfort,
And he looked the brightest and best of boys
Under his new school hat.

We handed him into the rail-way train
With a troop of his young companions,
And we made as cheerful a show of it
We could, but our eyes with tears.

We looked in his innocent face to see
The sign of a sorrowful heart,
But he only shouldered his bat with glee
And wondered when they would start.

'Twas not that he loved not us heretofore,
For the boy was tender and true,
But his was a world that was all before,
And ours was a world behind.

'Twas not his fluttering heart was cold,
For the child was loyal and true;
And the parents love the love but is old,
And the child on the love that is new.

And we came to know that love is a flower
Which can't a crowded garden,
And we sorely spare for the space of an hour
As we drove back through the town.

"There," she said, waiting her marriage certificate in the air, "there is the flag of our nation."

If Arabi's men do not turn out to be great fighters, it must be remembered that they are mostly deserters.

Vanity said this would be a cold, wet summer. The weather has caused everything but Vanity to dry up.

Dialogue near the sea, on a hotel piazza:—"I do not see how you ladies can remain here two months looking upon the change, sea ocean." "But one does change," was the reply of a lady.

Morse, who invented the telegraph, and Bell, the inventor of the telephone, both had deaf-mutes for wives, which leads a wag to observe:—"Just see what a man can do when everything is quiet."

A good old days long gone:—Old lady (apologetic of wiry and aimless leg of mutton):—"Do you mean to say that this is lamb?" Butcher:—"Certainly, mum!" Old lady:—"Maybe it was once; you and I was lambs about the same time."

A SEASONABLE DITTY.

Now the bather gaily stands
On the pebbly coast sands,
In the sun;
And the very dainty stocking
On her blue and scarlet stocking
Tasks the lion.

She imagines it divine
When she skips upon the brine,
Like a roser;
But she's mad that night when reeling
All that stands that's peeling
Off her nose.

At Trenville—Miss Go C, to her husband, who comes home at 4 o'clock in the morning:—"At what time did you get in this morning?" "About midnight, dear." "About midnight—a few minutes after, perhaps." "Yes, 240 minutes after." "I could see them."

"John, what is that peculiar smell I noticed a man's wife in the street saying? I steal in bed without waking her, about 2 o'clock a. m. That is the impression we use in the lodge room, my dear; it exales—it exales—" "Yes, I know now," she interrupted; "I recognize the old smell of rum."

Scene at the Windsor Hotel this morning: Kansas City Alderman to bell-boy:—"Bring me four reasons or more brandy cobblers. And put a bowl or oatmeale gruel and a plate of cracked ice at the head of my bed. My poor child, I am afraid, has taken a terrible racket were been through wid!"—*Denver Tribune.*

An aged peasant learns that the village doctor, to whom he had advanced some small sums, has just passed away, leaving nothing but debts. "There!" says he to his wife, with a delighted chuckle, "if I hadn't had the good luck to have that $1 at rheumatism two months ago, where would my money be?"

Bessie went to church one Sunday, and was a little off in her demeanor. She was deprived of the privilege of a delight to her—for a week or two. Then her mother lavished her on conditions. The minister had arrived at "lest we pray." Bessie shut her eyes, severing them with her hands. But before the supplication began she raised one for a sly glance at mamma, with the slight? at request. "Please wake me when he gets free."

He wanders the forest in an old striped coat. With ink marks all over his arms.
And never a shirt or hair grows there,
And no waistcoat his brave bosom warms.

A scraggy beard grows all over his face,
And he looks much like a tramp.
His hair is uncut, and in Heath's grim embrace
He appears sadly damp.

Why does this young man, so careful in dress,
Now look very much like a tramp?
Why does he appear in this manner confess—
His girl's gone away for the summer.

Asks the editor of Detroit Free Press a woman to inform her to get her husband's life insured. "Will I be sure to get the money if he dies right off?" "Certainly, madame." "But will you give me any assurance that he will die right off?" "Madame, we cannot do that." "Well, then, what good will it be to us to get his life insured, if he don't die right off? I know there was some catch about this insurance business."

It is not birth, nor
Death, nor strife
That fills my soul with grief that
Makes them weep.

Inspired by the statement that a Cincinnati company insured babies, an exchange drops into poetry, thus wise:—

Our darling Willie's gone; he's been
By angel hands insured!
But why should we be fretting bad!
Our Willie was insured!

THE STRANGERS IN LONDON.—That the great City will ere long be hardly recognizable by its former denizens, all the world has heard. The visitor passing up the Thames now finds his eye gratified by the many handsome edifices recently erected. As he reaches the famous Victoria Embankment, there rises over him on the right hand the new *Times* office, and on the left hand the new tower crowned works of Messrs. James Epps & Co., both phases of Italian architecture. It may be said that these two buildings are types of the far-reaching business energy of the nineteenth century, for it has resulted from such means that these two establishments have brought themselves to the front, and that the annual issue of each has come to be estimated by millions. During the last year the number of copies of the *Times* issued is estimated at 10,276,000, while the number of packets of Epps's Cocoa sent out of the same period is computed at 14,749,695. The latter is a large total, when it is borne in mind that in 1830 the consumption of Cocoa throughout the whole kingdom was but 452,942 lbs., there thus existing no preparation so fit such as this, which by the simple addition of boiling water would yield a palatable drink. Truly time may be said to work many changes.—Illustrated.

LOCAL MILITARY CHANGES.—The *Canada Gazette* contains the following appointments:—7th Battalion, "Fusiliers," London, No. 5 Company—2nd Lieutenant Duncan Edward Stuart having left the Limits, his name is hereby removed from the list of officers of the active militia. 26th "Middlesex" Battalion of Light Infantry, No. 1 Company, Delaware—To be 2nd lieutenant, provisional, William Dawson, M.S., vice A. Jones. No. 3 Company, Dorchester—To be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Edward Wilgess, gentleman, vice Vanatten, resigned. No. 8 Company, Ingleton—To be captain, provisional, Thomas Edmund Roberts, M.S., vice George Wood, whose resignation is hereby accepted; to be lieutenant provisionally, Joseph William Taylor, gentleman, vice Roberts, promoted. 29 "Perth" Battalion of Infantry, No. 2 Company, Strafford—To be lieutenant provisionally, Sergt. John Galt, vice Donald McGregor, left the limits.

BETTING ON THE ST. LEGER.—From the London *News* of the 16th is gleaned the result of the betting on the race for the St. Leger stakes, the drawing for which comes off at the Alfred Restaurant, here, on Wednesday night:—9 to 4 Gohatmake (v. 5 to 2); 5 to 2 Shotover (off); 9 to 1 Quicksilver (v); 100 to 8 Successhead (v, 100 to 7); 25 to 1 Dalby Oran (v); 33 to 1 Battlement (1 and 1); 33 to 1 St. Marguerite (v); 20 to 1 Lamrasie (vy); 50 to 1 Nellie (v); 66 to 1 Meadow (1 and 1); 100 to 1 Little Sister (1 and 1); 110 to 80 on Goodmaise and Shotover coupled (1 and).

Lowis G. Fuger, Esq., 25 Elizabeth street, Cincinnati, says he was cured by St. Jacobs Oil of a very severe attack of neuralgia in twenty minutes.

London Commercial College

—AND—

TELEGRAPHIC & PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE

RE-OPENS ON

MONDAY, SEPT. 4, 1882

Courses of study comprehensive, thorough and practical. Circulars containing full particulars of terms, course of study, etc., sent on application to W. N. YERKS, Principal, Box 319, London, Ont.

FREE PRESS CORRESPONDENCE.

[illegible] the Bridge.

Decisive decision Views on the Question of Annexation.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

Sir,—In the article in the Free Press [illegible] Constables [illegible] to inform the people [illegible] it would be convenient [illegible] the west end of Westminster Bridge, and cause the loafers who sit by the dozen on the fence, to move on, as their conduct and language is a disgrace.

In answer, I will state that there is not the slightest doubt of the truth in the statement that the young men or loafers do congregate there, and also that it is a disgrace to allow them to do so; but the difficulty is just this:—In the first place unless you can hear the profane language and be able to swear to the parties you have no jurisdiction in the matter, as the by laws in London South are bad, as far as sitting on the fence is concerned. I live in London South and pass over the bridge four or five times a day, and every night at, say, from 11 to 12, and I always have to cross to the other side, but the loafers are not there, they are styled, take good care not to use any bad or profane language in my presence. Of course the people who live in London South know that the County Constables have no pay, only fees, and I ask can a County Constable give his time to London South for nothing? If the people of London South will answer this question, or suggest some means to the Township Council, I am quite sure that the County Constables are both willing and able to act in the matter. In conclusion, I will say that the county is more to blame than the constables, and that the way that the county constables are paid is a direct cause of a disgrace to the county of Middlesex. We have no lock-up to put our prisoners in, no matter what time of night we arrest them, and if we can't get a magistrate out of bed at two or three o'clock in the morning we have either to let our prisoner go or walk the streets all night with him; and if we get away we are brought before the judge for neglect of duty.

Respectfully yours,
H. R. SCRIMM,
County Constable, 58 Dundas street.

RAILWAY NOTE.

A Batch of Local and General Car Couplings.

The railway system of the United States is now 127,000 miles long.

Extensive freight sheds are being erected by the Canada Pacific at Thunder Bay.

Bismarck, Man., offers $60,000 to have the Northern Pacific shops located at that place.

The G.T.R. engine hours at Galt was burned down on Friday afternoon. The origin of the fire is not known.

It is reported that at the conference of the Grand Trunk officials at Port Huron it was decided to double track the road from Fair Mile to Darnell, Mich.

Mr. George R. Pitcher, late of the G. W. R. audit office, Hamilton, has been appointed to the audit office of the G. T. R. at Montreal. More removals will follow.

Only four hundred and ninety-seven miles of ground remain to be laid on the Northern Pacific to complete a continuous line from Lake Superior to Puget Sound. Half the distance is graded.

The contractor for the Selkirk branch of the C.P.R. commenced grading yesterday (Monday). They will operate from both ends of the line, and expect to have the work completed this fall.

Mr. J. W. Sutherland, the Station Agent at the G. W. R. at St. Catharine's, on the occasion of his leaving the Company's employ to embark in mercantile pursuits, was made the recipient of a gold watch and chain and seal from his fellow-employes.

Mr. Jas. A. Bell, C. E., of St. Thomas, has finished the surveys for the Essex Centre cut-off. Mr. Bell reports the line surveyed as being very straight, and the grade throughout will not grade only five feet in the mile, except the approach to the river, where there will be a cut twenty feet deep, but the grade there will not be as sharp as it is at Amherstburg. The cut-off is 12¼ miles long, and will probably be built as rapidly as any road of the same length ever was built.

Mr. Wm. Edgar, General Passenger Agent, Grand Western system, G. T. R., has issued the following notice:—"Special tickets issued between the following common points will be accepted on the Grand Trunk and G. W. R. division:—Toronto and Galt, Toronto and London, Toronto and Sarnia, Toronto and Detroit, Guelph and London, Guelph and Detroit, Galt and London, Galt and Detroit, Brantford and Detroit, London and Brantford, Sarnia and Paris, Sarnia and Brantford, Sarnia and Clinton. Tickets issued to stations on this division are to be accepted for passengers between the points named on tickets."

The trial trip over the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, better known as the "nickel-plated road," occurred the last day of summer. There have been a good many new railroads built of late, but this one stands out conspicuously above them all in several important respects. The Nickel-plated extends from Chicago to Buffalo, by way of Fort Wayne, and is 521.89 miles in length, with the standard gauge of 4 feet 8½ inches. The rails are 60-pound steel. The company was not organized until about one year and a-half ago. Its total stock and bonded issue is $60,000,000. By this it is proposed to put on the finest limited train that has ever run between the east and west. It will be composed entirely of Pullman palace cars of the very finest make. There are now being built in the Pullman shops.

THE WESTERN FAIR.—By late Manitoba papers it would appear that the arrangements for the exhibit of Manitoba products at the Ontario Provincial Exhibition at Kingston are progressing very satisfactorily. The Canada Pacific provides a car in which to carry the exhibits, and which will be taken through to Kingston direct with the upper train. The following gentlemen are now in the field collecting products:—James Riddle, in Southern Manitoba; Mr. Cowan, in the Portage la Prairie district; Charles Whitehead, for Brandon; Wm. Prud'homme, for Selkirk; H. J. Jackson, for Stonewall; and Mr. Hespler has taken the Mennonite district in hand and is collecting some splendid samples. The Western Fair directors would do well to make an effort to have the exhibit brought here. The Provincial will close on the 23rd inst., and the Western will open on the 25th, giving ample time to bring the car on to London.

IMPORTING DONKEYS.—A large number of jackasses from Spain recently passed over the Canada Southern Railway westward. They are the importation of Abbé Leonard, of Mount Leonard, Salles County, Mo., who took them west for breeding purposes. They were obtained with care in Spain, but were thin when they arrived, having suffered from a severe drouth in that country, but they stood the voyage well. They lived on barley. They would have been content with thistles and straw. They are large boned and big eared, and have long hairy bangs. Their progeny will be large, healthy mules of strong action. Mr. Leonard, who is a wealthy young farmer, will return to Scotland in a month to import blooded cattle.

Recently, in Toronto, at 75 Yonge street, over 500 physicians and sufferers visited Dr. M. Souvielle, of Paris, and ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, using his wonderful instrument, the "Spirometer," for the cure of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung diseases. The doctor, or one of his surgeons from the International Throat and Lung Institute, 75 Yonge street, Toronto, or 13 Fairlie Square, Montreal, (offices in Canada), will be at the Windsor Hotel, Strathroy, on August 28, 29, 30 and 31, and September 1 and 2, and will have with him a supply of Spirometers and medicines. Physicians and sufferers can try it free. 30dAwt

—Alice Smith, suffering from *delirium tremens*, tried to hang herself in the cells of the Toronto police station. She was cut down and removed to the hospital.

—The Southern Counties Fair Board have appropriated a sum of $700 in the trial of speed for horses. A number of entries have been made already.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE.

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail.

LARGE EXPORTS FROM BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, Sept. 2.—Eight British and one German steamship cleared from this port, with full cargoes, for different destinations in Europe. Great Britain and Germany. Among the exports were 843,109 bushels of wheat, the largest quantity ever shipped from this port in one day.

A SHARP DECLINE IN CORN IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Sept. 2.—Cloudy weather, falling prices elsewhere, and a fuller realization of the fact that there is a big crop in the country, caused a sharp decline in corn here to-day, and the shorts made a great rush to cover. About 3,000,000 bushels were sold, one half of which were for the year. Prices broke about 2c all around. Wheat and oats were also lower, the former declining 1c to 1½c, and the latter 2 to 1½. Trading in wheat was very slow, while oats showed a good deal of activity.

EXPORT DEMAND FOR CABBAGES.

Already an active demand has set in for cabbages from the Uckfield States, about ten or eleven buyers, chiefly from Boston, having made their appearance on the Montreal market. Ten cars have already been shipped, and about ten more are being loaded. Sales were reported on Saturday of 12,000 head at $2.50 per 100, 10,000 head at $2.75, and 20,000 head at $3, on lot being reported sold as high as $4.25. It is a good thing for our farmers and gardeners that they have such a fine self-shipped crop, as the chances are they will be worried, there being a great scarcity in Boston, where they are selling at $10 to $13 per 100. It seems that growers have are doing the right thing in meeting the demand so early, and we hope they will not make the mistake of demanding prices above what shippers can pay, and thereby check the export movement. The crop is generally heavy, and will afford ample shipments before it is exhausted. One grower we in Montreal on Saturday, says the *Gazette*, who has a crop of about 50,000 head.

THE APPLE TRADE

The Montreal *Herald* says:—The wholesale apple trade during the past few days has received a fair start off for the season by the arrival of several cargoes from the old country here. The influence exercised by the more liberal receipts has been to cut down the prices of the cradle stock, the former which, arriving in an over-ripe condition, being land-locked and having a climate of exceptional desirability. In 1865 ten million oysters were exported from Arcadia, and in 1880 two hundred millions. In the Northern the exportation has increased in five years from seven to thirty-three millions.

The Nfld. fisheries are fairly successful in many places. A schooner returned from the Straits of Belle Isle to St. John's with 900 qls. dry cod, having been absent two months. She reports 150 to 200 vessels in the Straits with 200 to 300 tons, each, from 500 to 600 qls.

Arthur *Enterprise*:—All say the crops were never better, nor as good for many years. In some cases the barley has been somewhat discolored. Spring wheat and oats are very good, whilst peas are an excellent crop.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

THIRTEENTH DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Hamilton, Sept. 4.—The following is a full text of the report on Methodist Union as it passed the Conference on Saturday evening:—

Whereas, there exists in the Methodist churches of this Dominion a desire for organic union, and

Whereas, the General Conference of the M. E. Church of Canada, at the session of 1870, 1874 and 1878, put on record the endorsement of the principle of Methodist Union, and appointed the Committee for the purpose of promoting such union, and

Whereas, the Annual Conferences, as well as several Quarterly and District Conferences, and meetings of four of the said Methodist churches, have expressed their desires by resolution and otherwise in favor of the union of our common Methodism into a organic body in this Dominion,

Resolved—1st, That we hail with satisfaction the desire existing in the minds of many of our people for the consummation of such union, and

2nd. While strongly attached to our present polity, and while we regard our gratitude to God for the success which has attended us as a Church, regretfully during the last decade, nevertheless, we are convinced that if such a union of Methodism is desirable, and if it is ever to be consummated, it can only be done by mutual concessions. In the whole Methodism will require modifications and improvements in both of those branches, and we hereby express our willingness to make reasonable concessions in order that such a union of Methodism may be effected.

We therefore recommend—

3rd. That a committee of eighteen, composed of an equal number of ministerial and lay delegates of this General Conference or the incoming or next Annual Conference, shall be appointed by this Conference to confer with a committee of the other bodies, or that may be appointed by the other Methodist bodies of this Dominion, to negotiate a union, if possible, with all or with any of those bodies.

4th. And your Committee recommend that when this General Conference shall adjourn at the close of its final session, it shall stand adjourned to meet—provided a basis of union shall have been agreed upon—at a special session at the call of the Bishop and the Secretary of this General Conference, to receive the report of the said committee, and to take such action thereon as may be deemed necessary.

The following is the Committee on Union appointed as ordered by the resolution:—Revs. Dr. Green, James Coate, E. Barrass, J. S. Williamson, Dr. I. B. Aylsworth, Gen. Supt. W. H. Graham, F. Chisholm, Dr. S. G. Stone, and Messrs. William Bow, L. M. Bosh, A. L. Hodgins, Edward Hagler, E. B. Wallis, Dr. Spidie, David Graham, Syrian Cameron and C. Millichamp.

The President of the General Conference (Bishop Carman) and the Secretary (Rev. F. R. Sheldon) are also added to the Committee.

Conference opened this morning (Monday) in the usual way. Bishop Carman presided.

The provision of the report on Union for calling an adjourned session of the Conference to consider the report of the Joint Union Committee was confirmed. In case such an adjourned session be called it will meet in Napanee, Ontario.

The plan to hold a meeting of the Joint Union Committee in the Primitive Methodist Conference, to be held in July of September next, was concurred in by the Conference.

Ingersoll was selected as the place for holding the next regular session of the General Conference.

It was moved and carried "that inasmuch as the year 1883 will be celebrated as the year of the centenary of Episcopal Methodism on this continent, that we make preparations for a general Methodist convention, to be held on the St. Lawrence Central Camp Ground, commencing on the last day of August of that year."

Adjourn Benediction by Rev. A. T. Ferguson.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. George Ashs.

The first order of business was the election of a fraternal delegate to the Methodist Church of Canada. D. S. G Stone, D. D., was elected to that position.

The report of Committee on Temporal Economy was taken up. The item concerning payments to the superannuated fund was set aside, and the following substituted:—That each minister shall pay annually into the fund $8, and which are to be paid into the consolidated fund, the remaining $2 to be put into the general fund for distribution each year among the claimants upon the fund; also that the claimants upon the fund pay annually the sum of $2 to the fund.

It was decided that each minister who had travelled for five years or more receive from the fund at the rate of $60 per year after they become superannuated.

Other items of his report were either adopted or reported. They were of interest only to the church.

A fool once more

"For ten years my wife was confined to her bed with such a complication of ailments that no doctor could tell what was the matter or once her, and I used up a small fortune in humbug stuff. Six months ago I saw a U. S. flag with Hop Bitters on it, and I thought I would be a fool once more. I tried it, but my folly proved to be wisdom. Two bottles cured her, she is now as well and strong as any man's wife and it cost me only two dollars. Sank folly 1878.—H. W., Detroit, Mich.—*Free Press.*

ST. JACOBS OIL



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Sciatica, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains.

Truth, Wit and Gentleness, Freckles and Love, and all other Jokes are Jokes.

Dr. Thompson, in each issue for three months, will answer questions relating to Health, Disease, Diet, Regimen, Hygiene, Physiology, Anatomy, Medicine, Surgery, Obstetrics, Pathology, Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Chemistry, Toxicology, Hygiene, Sanitary Science, Medical Jurisprudence, Dietetics, Climatology, Mental Diseases, Nervous Diseases, Diseases of Women and Children, Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Eye, Diseases of the Ear, Diseases of the Throat, Diseases of the Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, Diseases of the Blood, Diseases of the Digestive Organs, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Diseases of the Reproductive Organs, Diseases of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Bones, Diseases of the Muscles, Diseases of the Joints, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Bladder, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Diseases of the Rectum, Diseases of the Stomach, Diseases of the Intestines, Diseases of the Pancreas, Diseases of the Spleen, Diseases of the Mesentery, Diseases of the Peritoneum, Diseases of the Omentum, Diseases of the Diaphragm, Diseases of the Abdominal Muscles, Diseases of the Abdominal Cavity, Diseases of the Pelvis, Diseases of the Perineum, Diseases of the Scrotum, Diseases of the Testicles, Diseases of the Penis, Diseases of the Vagina, Diseases of the Uterus, Diseases of the Ovaries, Diseases of the Fallopian Tubes, Diseases of the Mammary Glands, Diseases of the Breasts, Diseases of the Nipples, Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Hair, Diseases of the Nails, Diseases of the Teeth, Diseases of the Gums, Diseases of the Tongue, Diseases of the Palate, Diseases of the Tonsils, Diseases of the Uvula, Diseases of the Pharynx, Diseases of the Larynx, Diseases of the Trachea, Diseases of the Bronchi, Diseases of the Lungs, Diseases of the Pleura, Diseases of the Heart, Diseases of the Pericardium, Diseases of the Endocardium, Diseases of the Valves of the Heart, Diseases of the Blood Vessels, Diseases of the Arteries, Diseases of the Veins, Diseases of the Capillaries, Diseases of the Lymphatics, Diseases of the Lymph Glands, Diseases of the Spinal Cord, Diseases of the Brain, Diseases of the Cranial Nerves, Diseases of the Spinal Nerves, Diseases of the Sympathetic Nerves, Diseases of the Ganglia, Diseases of the Plexuses, Diseases of the Organs of Special Sense, Diseases of the Organs of Touch, Diseases of the Organs of Taste, Diseases of the Organs of Smell, Diseases of the Organs of Sight, Diseases of the Organs of Hearing, Diseases of the Organs of Speech, Diseases of the Organs of Digestion, Diseases of the Organs of Respiration, Diseases of the Organs of Circulation, Diseases of the Organs of Excretion, Diseases of the Organs of Reproduction, Diseases of the Organs of Locomotion, Diseases of the Organs of Nutrition, Diseases of the Organs of Assimilation, Diseases of the Organs of Secretion, Diseases of the Organs of Absorption, Diseases of the Organs of Circulation, Diseases of the Organs of Respiration, Diseases of the Organs of Digestion, Diseases of the Organs of Excretion, Diseases of the Organs of Reproduction, Diseases of the Organs of Locomotion, Diseases of the Organs of Nutrition, Diseases of the Organs of Assimilation, Diseases of the Organs of Secretion, Diseases of the Organs of Absorption.

HYDROLEINE



HYDROLEINE EQUIVALENT TO 10 TIMES THE QUANTITY OF THE HYDROLEINE CONTAINED IN COD LIVER OIL

A WONDERFUL FACT.

HYDROLEINE stores perfectly with water, and is therefore the most convenient form for administration of this remedy. Hydroleine is a wonderful preparation of Cod Liver Oil, in which the nauseous taste and smell are entirely removed, and the digestibility increased. Hydroleine is also free from the after eructations, and is therefore the most agreeable form of administering Cod Liver Oil. Hydroleine is a boon to such very much sensitive stomachs, and to children, as it is taken with the greatest ease. Hydroleine is a boon to such very much sensitive stomachs, and to children, as it is taken with the greatest ease.

SAVORY AND MOORE'S NOTICE.—The Best food for infants is prepared by Savory and Moore, and supplied to the Royal Nurseries of England, Russia, Roumania, Spain, and other countries of minority treatment in the most delicate and convenient form.

IF IS THE MOST PERFECT substitute for healthy Mother's Milk, possessing all the properties necessary for the health, growth and development of infants.

MALTED ON LIEBIG'S principle, it has partly the nature of milk, and is consequently easily digested by infants and invalids.

SAVORY AND MOORE'S BEST FOOD

THOROUGHLY COOKED, it is always ready for use, and requires only the addition of warm milk and water to make it fit for the youngest infant.

FOR INFANTS

SAVORY & MOORE, 143 New Bond street, London, and Chemists everywhere. ow

Eaton's

Great Sale of Dress Goods. Great Sacrifice in Prices this week. Immense quantity to choose from. Hosiery, Gloves, Fringes, Cottons and Shirtings at Clearing Prices. Millinery Room, Carpet Room and Clothing Room. Big sales in these departments all the time.

EATON SELLS CHEAP.

WANTED,

35,000

LIVE FAT HOGS

F. W. FEARMAN,

Dff to be [illegible] Hamilton Packing House Hamilton.

HAMILTON [illegible]

CITY HALL AND MARKET

LEGAL.

F. HELLMUTH,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,

Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ontario.

CLASS, GLASS & LUEOMBE,

Barristers, &c. Office, Exeter Loan Co.'s Building, Dundas street, London, Ont.

GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc. 128 Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

DAVID GLASS, Q.C. CHESTER GLASS

F. H. LUEOMBE. Exley

GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN

Barristers, etc. London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets.

Geo. C. Gibbons, P. Mulkern,
C. Geo. McNab. Frank F. Harper.

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Office—Court House, London, Ont.

CHARLES HUTCHINSON,
County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. M'KILLOP. Dolly

NUGENT & GALT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c. Office—27 Adelaide street east, imperial buildings, next to Post Office, Toronto.

Frank E. Nugent, Thos. P. Galt, Barrister.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE—A twelve-horse up-right steam boiler in use for a short time by the Free Press Printing Co. Extra strong. Makes steam fast. Good as new. Apply at once.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS

Co., one of these excellent presses. Takes a form 36x52. Does excellent work. Has been in use 18 months. It was sold for a country office. For specimens of work, price and other particulars apply at this office.

FINE ARTS.

FINE ART REPOSITORY—GET your pictures framed at the cheapest house in town. Repository of Fine Arts—F. J. Moore, 70 Dundas street, over Albert Block.

PHILIP COOK

HAS REMOVED TO NO. 173 DUNDAS STREET,

And has what you and everybody want.

Bargains in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Rubber and Felt Goods, that Must be Sold

12tots-tu

MRS. E. GALE

Will, in a few days, be prepared to show all the Leading Styles in English, French & American Millinery. Call and see them.

264 DUNDAS ST.,

12tots-tu Between Wellington and Clarence Streets.

NEW FALL STYLES OF



Alex. McDonald's, 172 Dundas St.

Raymond Machines



Head Office for Western Ontario, 222 Dundas Street, Odd-fellows' Block, London.—J. F. SHEELOCK, Manager. tuthy

School Opening.

High School Uniforms made in best style and materials, and at moderate figures.

Boys' all wool, untearable Tweed Suits for school wear.

All sizes and immense stock to select from.

Burns & Bapty

MEN'S AND BOYS'

CLOTHIERS and FURNISHERS,

154 DUNDAS ST.

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles,

4 PINTS,

To be Sold in Two (2) Weeks at 15 Cents (FIFTEEN CENTS) Per Bottle.

—AT—

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO'S

NEW STORE,

Just East of Richmond St.

London, July 15, 1882. tuth-tj

LADIES

Save your time and money by buying UNDERWEAR FOR YOURSELVES, AND OUTFITS FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN,

—AT THE—

Underwear Factory, 255 Dundas St.

Infants' Robes and Embroidering a specialty. Please give us a call.

E. KOMINSKY

A POSITIVE CURE,

Without Medicines.

ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED BOUGIE

Patented October 16, 1876. One box No. 1 will cure any case in four days, or less. No. 2 will cure the most obstinate case, no matter of how long standing.

No nauseous doses or other remedies required. Sold by all druggists or mailed to any address on receipt of price. For further particulars send for circular.

J. C. ALLAN CO., 83 John street, New York City.

CHANGE OF

COAL & WOOD BUSINESS

I HAVE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING that I have disposed of my Coal and Wood Business to

MR. D. McDONALD,

and bespeak for him the same liberal patronage which has been extended to myself, feeling sure that he will prove a thoroughly reliable and accommodating gentleman to deal with. Thanking you for the liberal patronage I have received during the past 15 years, I remain, yours truly,

A. DENHOLM, JR.

THE BALL Electric Light Co. OF CANADA.

TENDING THE OFFICIAL FORMATION of this Company, I have exposed at the Toronto Exhibition, and have on hand for sale, the Ball-Thomson Electric Machine and Lamps.

The Ball-Thomson is a reliable and effective Electric Light Apparatus in use for Clinical purposes.

For further particulars apply to THOS. H. BALL, 24 Richmond street west, Toronto, or C. E. BALL, Owen Sound.

C. E. BALL.

LAWN MOWERS

—AND—

GARDEN HOSE

—AT—

REID'S HARDWARE

No. 116 N. S. Dundas St.

—ALSO—

Garden Tools, Pruning Shears, Hedge Shears, Edging Knives, Garden Trowels, Etc., &c.

Grand Banquet of Genuine Bargains in Pian

...N & CO.
...RRIVED,
...256 PKS. WINE
which we will sell to the trade in bond or duty paid.
AT CLOSE FIGURES.
Baking Powder
Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.
PREPARED AT
STRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON
Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, September 5, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1882.

Sun rises.....5.56 a.m. | Moon rises...11.20 p.m.
Sun sets.....6.37 p.m. | Moon sets.....2.37 p.m.
Day of the year—247th.

MOON'S PHASES

Last quarter	1st	8.17 a.m.
New moon	8th	1.35 p.m.
First quarter	16th	1.15 a.m.
Full moon	23rd	12 m.
	30th	

THE SEPTEMBER SKIES.
(Continued.)

The astronomer of the *Providence Journal* points out the fact that the observer of the planets will find this month material of unusual interest. Venus and Mercury will reach their eastern elongations: Mercury will be in close conjunction with Spica, and make a near approach to Mars; Jupiter will be in quadrature; Venus and the crescent moon will shine together in the western sky, and the full harvest moon will be the crowning feature of the nights of the early autumn. Every night the aspect will vary. Never in the lifetime of the observer will the same picture be repeated. The September moon rolls on the 27th at 18 minutes after midnight. It is the beautiful harvest moon, and possesses special claims to distinction.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Sept. 5, 1 a. m. — The pressure is abnormally higher over the greater portion of the continent, accompanied by generally fine weather. Lower Lake region, light to moderate winds; fine warm weather; Wednesday, fine warm.

TO THE FRONT.

We beg to remind the trade of our grand show room opening on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week, which we have confidence in saying will be equal to any in our line. Our stock is large and well assorted in all departments.

We also beg to intimate that from this date till Exhibition week we will furnish return tickets to all parties purchasing goods to the amount of $200 and upwards.

For the convenience of our customers we have made special arrangements with one of the leading hotels of the city for accommodation during their stay.

JOHN D. IVEY & CO.

Wholesale importers of millinery and fancy goods, 441 and 443 Talbot street, London, N. B—Buy your ticket to London and return, and we will hand you half the amount. 14-M

APPOINTED.—Mr. J. F. Taylor, of the Inland Revenue Department of this city, has received notice of his appointment as Collector of Customs and Inland Revenue at Strathroy.

PEDIGREED STOCK.—One exhibitor, Messrs. Walker & Sons, have no less than nine entries at the Western Fair of this favorite breed of French horses. They have been imported direct by the above firm, who have spared no expense in the selection.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—The number of cases to be discussed of by Squire Peters at the Police Court yesterday was very small. John Synch, a wife beater, was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and $4 costs, or spend two months in jail. He went down. The charge of assault preferred by William Taylor against B. Ottawa and his son Jim was dismissed on the payment of costs by the defendants. Ann Borrett, for keeping a disorderly house, was sent for trial.

CANADIANS ABROAD.—The following Canadian visitors registered their names at the office of the Canadian Government during the two weeks ending 17th August, 1882:—J. Hallen, Guelph; Geo. Buchan, Mrs. Buchan and Hector Cameron, Toronto; Captain W. N. Moore, St. Thomas, Ont; Lt.-Colonel Vanwright Griffith, London; W. W. Farley, Mrs. Farley, Miss Libbie Chaffey, Ald Mitchinson, George Wm. Kost, George A. Kealy, J. L. Forbes, and J. R. Gibson, Toronto; Isaac Simpson, Kingston; George R. Blyth, Oshawa; Rev. Dana Wagner, Adolph Commande, Windsor; D. R. Ross, Bowes, Ont.; F. J. Mackay, Mrs. Mackay Ottawa; H. Corby, F. B. Wigham, Geo. Wallbridge, F. Brignall, Wesley Bullen, Belleville.

LOCAL NOTICES

The sale at the residence of Mrs. Spragge is for Tuesday, Sept 7th, not Tuesday.

AUCTION SALE HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE.—To-day, at 10 30 a m., Mackvile & Brown will sell at their rooms the largest and finest collection offered this season. Carpets in large quantity.

The Gem Album. One thousand more arrived to-day. Only 15c. At Bryan's. H36feods

PEMBROKE BROS. purchased the confectionery and bakery business from H. H. Goss, 319 Richmond street, on the 15th May. Same bakers. Same quality of bread. Ice cream parlor open every evening. Come early and often. The above does not in any way affect our Sewing Machine business on Dundas street. W. R. PEMBROKE, Manager. F24tuts-tu

For good jewellery, diamond, engagement and wedding rings go to P. Brewster, 1111 Dundas street, where you can buy retail at wholesale prices. E28 lm

Lawn Mowers, best in the market. Garden shears and tools; paints, carpet fasteners, wringers, washing machines, mangles.—BROWN & MORRIS, Hardware, 216 Dundas street.

Rubber hose of best quality, cousins, coupling, hose reels, lawn rakes, garden shears. T. HENRERY MASER, 157 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tank Puller. Pulls a tank out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HENRERY MASER, 157 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received direct from Rowney & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Trunks and valises retail at wholesale prices at SCANDRETT'S, 230 Dundas street.

A. J. REMMER, dealer in groceries, tea, corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

Have you seen the new lemon squeezers, the newest and handiest in the market. A large assortment of trays and waiters at J. TAYLOR'S. T. HENRERY MASER, 157 Dundas street.

NEW FALL GOODS
Are being daily received at Robt. Wallace's Clothing Establishment. There you can always find the latest patterns and most elegant designs, while for style and accuracy in fitting this house takes the lead. —146 Dundas st., nearly opposite Market lane.
London, August 30th, 1882. daw

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

Summer vacations are mostly at an end.

Sore throat is quite prevalent in the city at present.

You can eat oysters with impunity—on a fork, just as you choose.

The monthly meeting of the Board of Education is called for to-night.

Sergt.-Major Baskerville has recovered from his late illness and is again on duty.

The manufacturers of salt advanced the price ten cents per bag on the 25th August.

Chief Williams, who has been indisposed for the past few days, is able to be at his office again.

A quatting match will be played this afternoon between Messrs. W. Fegg and H. Sparrowhawk.

The excursion over the G. W. R. to-day from this city to Parkhill-Bay promises to be well attended.

The Globe Lightning Rod Company will be represented at Toronto Industrial Exhibition by Mr. Hewitt.

There will be an excursion to-day from Strathroy and intermediate points on the Grand Trunk to Port Stanley.

Mr. John W. Sifton, M. P. P. for Brandon, formerly of this city, passed through London yesterday for the east.

Mr. Isewis Wiggle, M. P., of South Bruce, has imported his little boy for breeding purposes two splendid red Berkshire pigs.

A Sunday school boy was asked if his father was a Christian. "Yes, sir," he replied, "but he is not working at it much."

Miss Katie M. Glenn, of Strathroy, who has been very ill for the past week, is now considered out of danger, and in a fair way of recovery.

Mr. John A. McGillivray, barrister, of Uxbridge, was in the city yesterday. He has been on a visit to the North-west and is on his way home.

The Holman Opera Company left yesterday, via the St. Mary's branch of the Grand Trunk, for Ogdensburg, where they will open the season.

A base ball match will be played at Tecumseh Park on Thursday afternoon, between the Metcalfs, of this city, and the Victories, of Ingersoll.

Emslie, the plumber of the Athenæum, left St. Thomas, yesterday, for Camden, N. J., where he will glide for the remainder of the season for the Merritts.

Mr. Henry Vivian, barrister, of Winnipeg, formerly of this city, accompanied by Mrs. Vivian and child, have arrived here, and intend spending a brief holiday.

The Liberal Conservatives of West Middlesex meet at the town hall, Mount Brydges, on Friday afternoon next, to elect delegates to the Toronto convention.

A general meeting of the Masonic Temple Company is called for Tuesday, the 12th, for the purpose of taking into consideration the advisability of issuing more stock.

Mrs. Jane Ball, of Alma Craig, left here for Woodstock yesterday in company with six female students for the Woodstock College. They were principally from East Williams.

The Canadian Order of Foresters contemplate holding a monster demonstration at Brantford on the 20th inst. Sports, games and addresses are announced as a portion of the programme.

The General Conference of the Methodist Church of Canada will meet at Hamilton to-morrow. The Conference will consist of over 200 ministers, ministers and laymen being in equal numbers.

The Dolly Varden season of 1873 seems to have got around again. Dealers in provisions say there is an immense demand for fancy collees, which are made this year in every fancy and æsthetic styles.

Messrs. Sleeman & Davidson, of Guelph, have purchased fifty acres of land from Mr. George Martin, bordering on Paulinet Lake, for $2,500. It is their intention to convert the property into pleasure grounds.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Lydia Pinkham, aged 13 years, at the instance of Mary Ann Warren, who charges Lydia with conducting herself in an unseemly manner and with being a vagrant.

Sophia Wheeler, of West Nissouri, has imposed a fine of $1 and costs on R. H. and L. Guest for allowing Canada thistles to grow on their premises. For one the fine was $1 for neglecting his duties as road-master.

W. H. Dyer, of 577 Fifteenth street, Detroit, writes to say that the steam gauge of the steamer Victoria is now in his uncle's possession. His uncle found it in the street the second morning after the accident, and took it to Detroit.

The Brace *Herald*, commenting upon the formation of the London Worshipper's Association, says:—"If all the working men in this county are like those who adopt this motto and ignore party, they would soon find themselves a power."

MRS. SARAH McHardy, wife of Duncan McHardy, sr., of the township of Southwold, long the residence of Mr. Hardy, died on Sunday last, at her residence on the Talbot road, one of the oldest settlers in that portion of Elgin county, and was mother of Drs. D. & C. McHardy, of St. Thomas.

The colored people who were charged with keeping a disorderly house on Hill street, William Hooper, John Jess, Jane Lynds, Lyndola Kelly and Hannah Fuller, all of whom claimed yesterday, the evidence not being sufficient to convict.

Mr. Thos. Tandy, General Freight Agent G. W. R. section of the Grand Trunk Railway, Mr. Geo. R. Nash, Superintendent D., G. H. & M. R., and Mr. S. Barker, Solicitor G. W. R., were in London yesterday on business connected with the companies they represent.

The County of Middlesex Lodge, I. O. G. T., meets in Strathroy to-day. The following are the delegates from this city:—Bros. M. Scarrow, F. Robinson, R. Faint, W. Weetland; Sisters E. George, H. Jones, F. Law, C. Enslie, M. Law, J. McLellan, J. Evans, and A. Hastings.

A meeting was recently held at Embro, Oxford county, to take into consideration the advisability of gathering together for a grand reunion of all the professional men now living who were born in and around that village. A large committee was appointed to carry out the arrangements, and there is every prospect of the gathering being a grand success.

The Imperial Oil Company, of this city, is digging out some small stills which were placed in their works some fifteen or twenty years ago, at Petrolea. They were made in England, are of cast-iron, very heavy, and will hold fifteen or twenty barrels. The stills now used are made in Petrolea, of boiler plate iron, and will hold 300 barrels.

Mr John Maiher, representing Frank Smith & Co., has returned from the Pile of Bones, N. W. Territory. In a conversation he stated that he was not at all impressed with Regina. It had no natural advantages to warrant the belief that it would ever be a big city. It might for a time grow rapidly, he said, but he had no doubt that a greater city would flourish further west.

The young man Smith, of Aylmer, who was arrested in this city a short time since, and whose mind has been in an unsettled condition for some time past, is growing much worse. One day last week he left his father's house also out in a nude condition, and mounted a colt that was in a field close by. He was thrown by the colt and fractured his shoulder, which was set with difficulty. He will be sent to the asylum as soon as possible.

On the 30th ult., the twenty-fifth anniversary of the ordination to the priesthood of Rev. Geo. Northgraves, at one time a resident of this city, a large delegation of gentlemen met in Rev. Dr. Kirby's library, Guelph, and on behalf of St. Joseph's congregation of that town, presented the rev. gentleman with a well-filled purse, a superb set of Scripture, and several other beautiful and costly articles.

A meeting under the auspices of the Primitive Methodist Church was held in Talbot's Grove, London Gore, on Sunday. Sermons were preached by Bros J Gerward, A. Bank and Charlotte Holloway, late of the "Missionary Army," in England; W Moore senior, W J Gibb jr, J Cassidy and the pastor, Rev. E. Hoare. Mr Moore presided in the chair, in the evening on "Faith and Works," after which a love feast was held.

REDUCED IN PRICE
THE MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE,
THE MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL,
AND EROS' FRUIT SALT
—AT—
Harkness & Co.,
Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

The third contest for the medals offered by Jerry McDonald for the double shell inrigged championship of the Thames will take place at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon, starting from the rear of the Riverside Hotel, and it is expected to prove an exciting race, although Park and Nichols are regarded as favorites, having won the trophies twice. Four crews have entered for the competition, Park and Nichols, Ions and Anderson, Nicholson and Ward, and Hanson and Palmer, the latter being the unknown, from whom so much has been anticipated.

Mr. John A. McGillivray, of Uxbridge, H. C. R. of the I. O. F., accompanied by the Supreme Chief Ranger, visited Court Enterprise No. 54, last night, there being a full attendance of members. The two officers gave explanations in regard to matters connected with the recent meeting of the High and Supreme Courts. An almost unanimous expression of confidence in the Order was given by the members present, and a determination to stick by the I. O. F. Both officers will be present at the Joint meeting of Courts Victoria and DeForia to-night.

A boat race came off over the Thames course on Saturday afternoon between two teams of cigar makers — Welch and Collins against Burns and Hodgins. The distance was one mile straight-away, from Griffith's dam to Springbank, and the race was well contested until near the close, when Hodgins obtained to unship his oar, allowing the other crew to win by about four lengths. The stakes were $10 a-side.

Mr. Thomas Brown, of Allen Craig, has sold his farm in London township, for which he paid $6,000 a few years ago, to Mr. John Gibson, for the handsome sum of $12,000.

A large frame tavern, which has for years formed one of the landmarks at Waterloo, was burned to the ground on Thursday morning.

The members of the Forest City Quoit Club will engage in a general match at their grounds on the Court House block, this afternoon.

VICTORIA PARK.

The Features of the City's Breathing Spot Noted—The Trees and Shrubs.

The beauty of Victoria Park is rendering that pleasant spot a source of attraction to visitors. Every afternoon and evening of the weather of the last few months it has become a daily resort for hundreds. Squads of boys, by way of the end of the term holidays in the city schools, when dismissed at noon, and groups of children are seen enjoying themselves within the enclosure. While the citizens fully appreciate it, the park has also elicited considerable admiration from strangers visiting the city, and instead of being a bone of contention it is destined to surpass in beauty of scenery and wealth of flowers many of the older parks in American cities. The park is now seated in gratifying to the eye of those who admire the beautiful in nature, as the trees are now in the fullness of bloom, and the many tinted flowers add a still more handsome effect to the whole. The buildings summer houses, posts, swings and similar articles have all received a fresh coat of paint, giving them a better appearance. A FREE PRESS reporter visited the Park yesterday, and in company with the caretaker, Mr. James Grant, strolled through the avenues and throughout the many handsome plots of rich flowers to be seen. At the south end of the Park, near the fountain, is a large bed of petunias, surrounded by three smaller rows of geraniums and foliage plants. At the Richmond street entrance are beds of flowering plants, while at the south-east corner are found a plot of German plants, and a variety of foliage plants clustering around cast iron stands. Bordering on the central paths at the east of the band-stand the visitor comes upon two handsome collections of brilliant geraniums, with a large bed called rex begonia. One of these occupies the green at each side of the path, and is flanked by four smaller beds of golden feather. A large assortment of elegant flowers are found near the north-east corner, in the number being some fancy pansies imported from England. The central part of the north side is filled by a bed of rustic bed, flanked by smaller ones, while towards the western extremity is found what is considered by many as the handsomest collection on the grounds. The centrepiece is a brilliant geranium, perched on a tasty rustic stand, circling which is a variety of brilliant foliage plants. A variety of brilliant geraniums, the whole bordered with dusty portulaca. The management of the flowers is neat and tasty, and they are distributed at intervals throughout the entire space, but it is to be regretted that at the close of the season all the splendid array of flowers cannot be permitted to fade away and die from the lack of a proper greenhouse in which to store them during the latter months. There are now on the park 528 deciduous trees, 148 evergreens, 600 varieties of shrubs, and 116 rose bushes, while on the boulevard outside of the park, landscaped on Saturday last, 180 evergreens were planted. There are 224 trees, making a total of 1,455.

The hands-me-donated presented to the Park by the benevolent Sons of Englishmen is permitted to remain idle, and upon every daily inspection of the grounds is informed that a leakage in the pipe caused an overflow of water upon the paths, necessitating the shutting off of the water, and this should be remedied as soon as possible. On the whole London may congratulate herself on the possession of such a fine Park.

L. & P. S. B. MEETING.

Increased Room for Trains Required by the G. T. R. Co. — Round-house to be Removed.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the London & Port Stanley Railway Company was held in the office of Division Superintendent Dawson yesterday. The chair was occupied by the President, Mr. James Daly, and there were present Messrs. Meredith, Ald. Pritchard and J. M. Cousins, of this city; G. R. Nash, of Detroit; S. Barker, of Hamilton; Mayor Vanbuskirk, of St. Thomas; Major Ellacs, Reeve of Port Stanley, and W. Bowman, Secretary.

After some informal discussion it was resolved, on motion of J. M. Cousins, seconded by Ald. Pritchard, that this Company hereby grant permission to the Great Western Railway Company to lay down the whole or portions of the engine-house and turn-table at London, as they may require, without prejudice to the rights of this Company, as per lease.

It was also decided, upon motion of J. M. Cousins, seconded by S. Barker, that the relocation of the engine house and turn-table be made by the city assessors, Messrs. R. Wallace and S. Grant, the same to be put on file, with age and other particulars.

The Board adjourned.

THE VICEREGAL PARTY.—As has been previously stated, the Marquis of Lorne, Princess Louise, and suite, will be pass through London this afternoon, en route to San Francisco. They are timed to leave the Fair at 2 o'clock, and may be expected here between five and six. They will proceed straight through on the G. W. R. and Michigan Central Railway to Chicago, where they will remain for a day. Here they will take the Chicago & Rock Island Railway to Omaha, and then the Union Pacific to San Francisco, where they will sail on H. M. S. Osborne, one of the Pacific squadron, for Victoria, B. C. How long they will remain, and what route will be taken on the home trip, has not as yet been definitely determined, but the stay abroad will not be longer than three months. At Victoria, B. C., extensive preparations are being made for their reception. They will leave San Francisco on September 12th, for Victoria, B. C.

POLICE NOTES.—Only one prisoner was confined in the cells last night, the solitary individual being Ira Holliday, who was arrested on complaint of Ben Johnston for being drunk and disorderly. Robert Abbott has been summoned to appear this morning on a charge of keeping a vicious dog. Jas. Wrightson, J. Cavanagh, Jessie Cole, Eli Gillies, G. Duncan and Joseph Hall will also come up for alleged non-payment of dog tax.

MARY STUART,
CARNATION PINK,
WOOD VIOLET,
WHITE ROSE,
—AND ALL—
THE FINEST PERFUMES
in bulk, manufactured by the celebrated ALFRED WRIGHT
ALSO, A FULL LINE OF
Lubin's and Atkinson's.
FOR SALE BY
Wm. Saunders,
185 Dundas Street.

BIDDULPH AGAIN.

Serious Altercation Between Residents of the Notorious Township.

Lively Revolver Firing and Stone Throwing — Warrants and Arrests.

Special to the Free Press.

Lucan, Sept. 4.—Yesterday afternoon, as Hugh Toohey, James Toohey and young Pete Ryder were returning from church service, which had been held in the notorious Donnelly School House, on the sixth concession, Biddulph, in company with some ladies, they were met on the road by John Kent and Tom Keeffe. It appears they were two succeeding parties, and as ill-feeling existed, an altercation took place between them in consequence of Kent refusing to stop aside and allow Hugh Toohey and his party to pass. Finally Hugh Toohey was struck on the knee with one, and has a severe contusion. Some shots were fired by Pat. Sullivan and Tom. Keeffe, the latter taking Kent's revolver out of his hand) but no harm was done by the shooting. All parties are very reticent as to the proceedings, but warrants have been sworn out this morning by Hugh Toohey before W. Stanley, J.P., against John Kent, Tom Keeffe, Jas. Keeffe, Pat Sullivan, Jas. T. Keeffe and Robert Keeffe, jr., and are now in the hands of the constable, and some arrests made. It is fair to say that none of the parties were implicated in the late assassination Donnelly tragedy. Further particulars will be given as the case develops.

THE BRIGADE CAMP.

Preparations for the Opening Next Tuesday—Notes of the Fray.

The preparations are going rapidly forward for the annual brigade camp, which commences on the Carling Farm on Tuesday next. The tents and accoutrements have been placed in order, the stores are being transferred, and everything done to facilitate the preliminary work. The several companies of the 7th have been attending closely to drill of late, and appear pretty well in their performances of the movements. A successful battalion drill was held, when the companies were all put through their facings, and seemed to evince considerable enthusiasm in the cause. Orders have been issued for another battalion drill on Thursday evening.

It is understood that Major-General Lenard, Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion Militia, will pay an official visit of inspection to the camp on the 22nd inst.

The Artillery practice will take place either on the 19th or 20th, upon the new range at Dolwers. This will prove a great advantage, as hitherto the London Field Battery has been compelled to proceed to Guelph or Port Stanley for the purpose of completing its drill.

The staff officers have not yet been officially named, although it is believed the selections have been made by Mess'.-Col. Jackson, D. A. G.

THE WEST END AGENCY.

Business Transacted at Schram's Detective Bureau Yesterday.

H. Tanton, C. H. Tanton and Char'es Neiles were arrested yesterday for assaulting John Carroll, and gave bail for their appearance before Squire Peters to-day.

Leopold Collins and Fred Salsbury were taken into custody yesterday, on a charge of disturbing the services of the Salvation Army on Sunday evening. They were remanded until to-day. Henry Leonard, a colored youth, was brought up upon a similar charge, but pleaded guilty, and escaped with a fine of $1 and costs.

Richard Hasmond, James McPherson, Robert Davidson and David Borland, have been bailed to appear on Thursday, in answer to a charge of having done malicious damage to property in London South.

Isaac Hoss, waggoner, &c., has removed next door to *Herald* office, with a fine stock of waggons, sleighs, timber and cheese box stuff. Repairing carefully executed. Richmond street.

St. Nicholas Restaurant, Carling street, has specially fitted up rooms for families for dinner. Lunch from 12 to 2 o'clock daily. H. PERMAN.

Dishes

Cheese dishes cut in fourteen days by any cheese cutter in the Dominion exactly. Purely protected by using my lacquerene. Electricity given. J. A. MOORHOUSE, 260 King street.

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes, New store, finest stock perfect fits.—401 Clarence street, London, Ont.

JOSEPH ANDERSON, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes in all the latest styles. The best material, at 213 Dundas street. Cheaper than any other house in city. Fitting

Dried FRUIT, California Apricots, Reindeer Dried Prunes, Fig of Figure, Evaporated Prunes and Peaches just received at H. MOOMTOUR'S.

VARTONS is the city that will find HAWTHORNE'S Hotel Restaurant, 283, 285, 287 Dundas street, the most convenient place for meals. Oysters received daily, in bulk and in shell. Every thing reasonable and in season.

MISS BUCKERY, Milliner, 233 Dundas street, London, agent for Mdme. Dubois et fils, corsets leather manufacturers, Toronto. Bronze medals Toronto and London Exhibitions. ly

A Home guaranteed to stand city preserve Couplings, etc., very cheap. Lawn hydrants water-works pipe, etc., put up by first-class workmen. A written guarantee given with hose.—HEARD & GREENWAY, 12 Masonic Temple, King street.

CHRISTMAS.—New jewelry, new stocks, new wedding and chased rings, our own make, at WHITLAW'S, second door north of City Hall Richmond street. Will give solid value for your money. Elly

W. J. BRYANTON is selling parlor suites at very low prices. They are warranted first-class. Manufactured on the premises, No. 189 King street, opposite the Market. — W. J BRYANTON. July

Miss J. Buckley (from Paris) manufacturer of ladies and misses mantles styles best materials perfect fit. 219 King street. 21tfdu

Watch and clock materials and tools at H. C. MARSHALL'S, 13 Dundas street, London.

MEAN.—Conductor Anderson, of the G. T. R., was on Saturday made the victim of a mean trick. A man who desired to go to Stratford asked the Conductor to pay his way, and when he returned to the city the money would be refunded. Mr. Anderson bought a return ticket, for which he paid $1 60. The man failed to put in an appearance, and the conductor is out that amount. The fellow gave his name as John Kenny, that he once worked for the Grand Trunk, and lately in Leonard's foundry. Anyone recognizing the name as John Welsh, and he is said to hail from Hamilton.

REAL ESTATE.

Real Estate.—In a short time it is the intention of Rev. John Carling to subdivide his farm into building lots. Some of our prominent citizens visited the farm last week, and were enraptured at the beautiful and picturesque view of the city and adjoining country. The Free Press advises any one wishing to take a stroll to visit this charming location and see for themselves. It is understood he is in communication with the Street Railway up Oxford street through this property to Dundas street, London East.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MILLINERY.—Mrs. S. M. Duncan has just received Opera White, with other American shapes of hats and bonnets, at 393 Richmond street. Hats and bonnets done over and trimmed to order. Come and see me.

TRY J. D. Scrubby's Family Flour at $3.50 wholesale and $3 75 retail. 325, 327 and 329, York street. 11-tf

REMOVAL.—Ladies having hats and bonnets to do over will do well to call on Miss F. L. Anderson, 393 Richmond street, for all the latest styles; also hair combings made to order.

Ladies' corsetsin the most approved shapes cheap, at J. J. GIBSON'S.

A new stock of black cashmeres, excellent value, received at J. J. GIBSON'S.

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear and gentlemen's shirts, go to Mrs. JOHNSON, 373 Clarence street, London. H19tu

MISS HARDER, 398½ Dundas street, has just received a large assortment of chair sirips, ottomans, slippers, slipper bodies, housewicks, brackets, etc., etc. These goods are in beads, Berlin wool, crewels, Roman embroidery and arrasene. They are exquisite and unsurpassed for new designs and low prices. A call will fully repay all lovers of fancy work. No trouble to show goods. Gilbs

FRESH OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred thousand dollars' worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold without reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winter goods before the stock is broken up.—R. S. MURRAY & Co.

"Gospel Hymns Combined," containing the first, second, third and fourth series, at W. L. GARNER'S, 171 Richmond street.

MANHATTAN HOUSE.—Geo. McD ugall, merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square. Ale kept for this unrivalled food for invalids. Cigars, and all kinds of drinks. Host Given universal satisfaction everywhere. Try a sample lot.

For ladies and children's underwear call at the Dress & Wilson Sewing Machine Office and show Rooms, 313 Dundas street, where you can get the best of goods at lowest prices; also best ladies' corsets. Effective

CYRUS Hotel, LILLEY'S Block, London. First-class stabling; bar furnished with best brands liquors and cigars.—A. APPLETON, Proprietor Pittsburg

REVERE HOUSE, London, Ont.—First-class in every respect. Refitted throughout. Opposite Masonic Temple. Street railway pass every ten minutes.—J. MCDONALD, proprietor.

O. S. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall paper, which he is selling at low prices. Also picture frames, mirrors, &c. Paper hanging, kalsomining and curtains put up by best work men in the city. Orders left at 393 Richmond street will receive prompt attention.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap. —378 Ridout street.

Gold and silver fringe, lace and braid for trimming regalias and badges. Millinery in all the leading styles. Also a large stock of hats are just received. Mme. Demorest's reliable patterns at Mrs. GALLEHAN, 162 Dundas street.

CITY CROCKERY STORE—HALL & Co.—Business now a specialty. By small expenses we can sell cheaper than any neighbors. No. 74 Market Square

CHESTER'S ART GALLERY removed to more central opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignments of pictures, engravings and novelties just arrived from England. Velvet frames, carte, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also fancy goods and stationery. The old reliable store, established 1870. Lily

Mutual Marriage Aid Association of Canada for unmarried persons. Nell Cooper, agent for London. Office, 397 Queen's avenue, between Waterloo and Colborne streets, where any further information may be obtained.

J. PEDDLE has opened a Skating Parlor at the Clarence Rink. The ventilation has been guaranteed. A call solicited. Fldtu

Now is your time to buy a "Puritan" woven wire mattress, as they are selling at greatly reduced prices at the factory, 683 Richmond street. E. N. HURT.

MISS S. S. ALLEY, 14 Dundas street, has received a large assortment of chair sirips, ottomans, slippers, slipper bodies, housewicks, brackets, etc., etc. These goods are in beads, Berlin wool, crewels, Roman embroidery and arrasene. They are exquisite and unsurpassed for new designs and low prices. A call will fully repay all lovers of fancy work. No trouble to show goods. Gilbs

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
AND
WINDOW GLASS.
Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Prices Guaranteed.
FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY
R. LEWIS
484 RICHMOND STREET.

NEW
BOOT AND SHOE STORE!
I will open on Saturday, Sept. 2nd, a first-class stock of Boots and Shoes of every description, which will sell cheap. All goods new and of the best material.
P. J. DALY,
No. 126 Dundas St., Masonic Bank Building. 13-tu-tu-tu

THE PRODIGAL RETURNED.

Reappearance of a Once Noted Character in the City.

For a long time the familiar countenance of Clarke Fisher, "peddler, pringt and tinker," was missed around, has been missing from the city, and the place that once knew him the shed at the city weigh scales has not known him for a long time past; but on Saturday night last he again made his appearance, and the tales of adventure which he relates would make the blood of a Texas cow-boy curdle. Two years ago he was arrested, it is to be remembered, a stranger in Ypsilanti, Mich., and the authorities took him in on a charge of being a vagrant and a fraud. He was thrown into a dark dungeon, his boot was broken, his shirt cracked, with the result that he was quickly taken insane and sent to an asylum, where he suffered tortures which no brush, tongue can tell. After remaining in the horrible place for about two years he was liberated, and as soon as he could command wealth enough he took passage for the Forest City, never looking back for fear he might suffer like Lot's wife. When asked what he intended to do in the city he replied:—

"I've had enough of being a vagrant and a fraud long

CARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK

Very Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

AND STOCK LAGER,

in casks and bottles, delivered to any part of the city.

SPECIALTY

HALF & HALF,

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Died.

In Hamilton, on Saturday, 16th, second daughter of Mr. Wm. Edgar, at Bay City, Mich., on the 9th, Elizabeth Crouse, wife of Wm. D. Wilson, formerly of Simcoe, Ont.

LECTURES.

"EGYPT AND ITS PEOPLE" will be the subject of a lecture in the King street P. M. Church on Wednesday evening next, by the Rev. W. Herridge. The lecture will be illustrated by maps and diagrams of the Suez Canal, Pyramids, etc. Admission free. Collection on behalf of the Sunday School Library. Introductory and closing music by the choir. 1865r

ENGLAND'S COMING GLORY.—Go and hear the Rev. H. D. Hunter on Friday night, 22nd inst. Admission, the Doors open at 7.30. 1870r

THE POSTPONED LECTURE ON England's Coming Glory will be delivered in the Congregational Church, of this city, on Thursday evening next, the 21st inst., by Rev. H. D. Hunter. Doors open at 7.30. Lecture to commence at 8 sharp. Admission. 10c. 1866

SKETCHES.

FORESTERS, ATTENTION!—A Special meeting—C. O. F. Court Defiance, No. 7, late Dufferin, No. 7, will be'd their meeting in A. O. F. Hall, corner Carling and Richmond streets, Wednesday evening, Sept. 13th, at 8 o'clock sharp. All attend. 1791

I. O. O. F.—MEMBERS OF COURT Hope, No. 1, and all members of the I. O. O. F., are cordially invited to attend their meeting on Wednesday evening, the 20th inst., when Bro. W. W. Fitzgerald, Milliman and Beaver, and other members of the Executive, will address the meeting.—THOS. HARPURD, C. R.; CHAS. B. CRYER, Sec. 1781

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.—THE members are requested to meet at their rooms to-day, at 3 o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of the late brother, David Hughes. J. H. HARDEN, Pres., J. R. COX, Sec'y. r

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading on one and per word each insertion.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, at 132 Maple street. 1736r

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM to rent.—Apply 121 Hibbert street. 1751r

TO RENT—OVER 1,600 SQUARE feet well lighted business, with easy access and large yard. Apply to MCDONALD & CAMERON, Carling street. 1752r

TO LET—A BRICK STORE AND Dwelling, situated on the corner of William and Hill streets, being a good stand. A rare chance. Immediate possession. Apply on premises. 1759r

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albion Buildings, Richmond street, to rent, recently in the occupation of the American Express Co. and Montreal Telegraph Co. Immediate possession at once. Apply to CARLING & CO., Brewery. r

9 FINE ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR in English Lace Co.'s Block, corner Dundas and Clarence streets, to let. Immediate possession. Rent low. Apply in a few days. Suitable offices for lawyers, etc. Apply to D. J. CAMPBELL, Manager. 1760r

FOR SALE

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

ENGLISH BICYCLES—A FEW left with all the latest improvements. Also English Hammer Guns. Wholesale and Retail. H. HARRY HALCRO, Ont. Manufacturers' Agents. 1810r

OAK, CHESTNUT, CHERRY, Maple, Basswood, and other Lumber for sale by Thompson, Richmond & Wilson, Newbury, Ont. 4 1851 1244-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. PIGOTT HAS OPENED AT her old store, 394 Richmond street, a choice assortment of millinery, fancy goods, etc., and also Ladies' and Children's Ware, Fancy Goods, Berlin Wool, Toys, &c. A call solicited. 1811ntu-tf

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and cheap, at FREE PRESS Office. All kinds of Society Printing in the best style at the

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE Obtained on application at residence or office of EDWARD HARRIS. 1743r

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE EN-QUIRY and Collection Agency, 48 Stock Exchange, Sparks Street, Ottawa. Strictly confidential. Enclose stamp for reply. 1193y

REMOVAL—JOHN A. BURNS will, in a few days, remove to 282 Yorkville's Block, Dundas street. Their stock of sheet music, books, stationery, &c., will be sold at greatly reduced prices to save removal. Only for a few days. 1803ntu wf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—BRICK store and dwelling, good cellar, stable at the rear. Dundas was swing No. 3, adjoining Planing Mill and Factory. Possession 1st October. —A. M. CUNNINGHAM, Queen's Avenue. 1738-tf

OIL LANDS FOR SALE, TON-SHIP of Enniskillen, containing 417 acres more or less; lots Nos. 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, being subdivisions of the east half of the west half of the number seven, in the twenty-first concession of the said Township of Enniskillen, also those lots adjoining. M. WALSH, Barrister, Ivy creek. Gilbert

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON Catharine street, St. Thomas, 33 x 33, opposite Queen Victoria Hotel and Grand Trunk Depot, Price, $700 each. Apply to J. STORAN, Main Point Office, London. 1744r

MEDICAL.

DRS. ECCLES & WISHART, Physicians, Surgeons & Accoucheurs, 393 Queen's Avenue and Wellington street, London.

DR. WISHART, M. D., Edin., Fellow of Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh, Member of Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of Royal Obstetrical Society of Edinburgh, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at the Tecumseh House, London, on Saturday, August 12—457 Church St., Toronto. ly

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear, Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Cross-eyes straightened. Ldebwly

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England. Office and residence, No. 21 Dundas street, London East. Skin diseases a specialty. 1r

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, HARVEY VILLAGE, 466 Talbot st., London.

DR. WILSON F.T.M.S.—OFFICE and residence, 344 Talbot st., near York. 1731r

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. L. Frewen, L.R.C.P. & S. E., Surgeon of the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto; assistant and aurist, Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at the Tecumseh House, London, on Saturday, August 12—457 Church St., Toronto. ly

R. A. REEVE, B.A., M.D. Residence and Office—No. 12 Elmsr Street, Toronto. 1737 tf Tecumseh House, London, on the first Tuesday of each month. Appointment withdrawn. 1r1r

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. SEND your Cast-off Clothing to A. Moss, 67 Clarence street, for he pays the highest cash for them. Give him a trial, for he beats all in that line. Orders left at call will be promptly attended to. LICENSED PAWNBROKER. Also advances money on all kinds of goods. Parties having any such business will find it to their advantage by calling. Ellsly

PARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF Clothing will do well to call on T. FOX, the Original Pawn-Broker, Loans money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, firearms, &c. Business strictly private. 276 Clarence street. 1760r

PARTIES HAVING SECOND HAND clothing to sell will do well to call on Mrs. Harris, 164 Wellington street where they can get the highest price at all times. Also has a first-class retail shop, and sells cheap for cash. 1745r

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8272

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh

187 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

BOY WANTED, ABOUT 15 years of age.—Apply to J. GUNN & SON, 185 Dundas street. 1750r

BOYS WANTED.—APPLY AT once at office of THE MCCORMICK M'F'G CO. 1817

ONE GOOD SHOE-MAKER wanted at once. Constant employment. Apply to THOMAS HARRISON, Thorndale. 1783h

SMART JUNIOR SALESMAN for ordinary store in Manitoba wanted. Apply at once, MARSHALL & GOUINLOCK. 1795h

TEACHER WANTED.—APPLI-CATIONS with testimonials will be received for the position of Drawing Teacher in the Collegiate Institute, up to the 31st instant.—C. A. KINGSTON, Chairman of School Management Committee. 1797r-tue

TRAVELLING AGENT WANT-ED, to take orders for tea, on good routes. Liberal remuneration. Security wanted. Apply personally to the Toronto Tea Company, Market Lane, London. 1782r

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

2 GENERAL SERVANTS WANT-ED.—Apply to S. H. WOOD, Pacific House. 1787r

A THOROUGHLY GOOD LAUN-DRESS wanted to take washing home.—Apply at once to MRS. FURNESS, 263 Talbot St. 1760r

A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT wanted.—Mrs. W. H. SIMMONS, Dundas St., London East. r

A LAUNDRY GIRL WANTED at once.—Apply Tecumseh House 1786l

LADIES' YOU CAN GET SER-VANTS at short notice by leaving your wants, 10 cents, with girls, 6 kitchen girls, 10 housework girls, 1 nurse girl.—C. ATKINSON, Intelligence Office, 93 Dundas street.

SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS. Good, domestic help of all kinds in great demand. Orders for good servants promptly attended to. C. ATKINSON, Misses Mitchell Square.—Intelligence Office, 93 Dundas street.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN Cook. Only a first-class need apply. Apply to Mrs. C. B. HUNT, Westminster, or Hunt Bros.' Office, 393 Richmond street. 1167r

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

CUSTOM FLOUR & SAW MILL for sale also in connection a hotel, in the Village of Warwick, Lambton Co., Ont. For particulars apply to L. LAZENBY, proprietor, Warwick, Ont. 1815

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE corner of Litchfield and Richmond streets, a first-class grocery and a good stock of groceries are now on hand, both for sale or cash. Apply to JOHN NELSON, 393 Richmond. 1796r

BUSINESS CARDS.

ANGELO DAMBRA HAS OPEN-ED the Fruits of the season, Confectionery, Nuts and Canned Goods of all kinds. 307 Richmond st. Come and see me. 1781ntu-tu

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS St., Brass Cornices, Window and Cabinet Hardware, manufacturer Venetian Blinds and Spring Mattresses. Repairing and adjusting Spring Mattresses a specialty. Orders by post promptly attended to. Jobbing work generally. N.B.—There is no connection with the firm of Saunders. 1797r

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam, at JAMES L. HUNT'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 225 Richmond street, London. 1798r

HORSEMEN—PRACTICAL horseshoeing, articular attention paid to interfering and contracted feet.—GEO. BROWN, London, Ont., next door to Reid's Hotel, Richmond st. 1795r-tue y

IRON BEDSTEADS, VARIOUS patterns; House and Cemetery Iron Fencing and Cresting, Steam Pumps, Well Pumps, Force Pumps, Pump Tubing, Lathes, Screw Cutting and Drilling Machines, at the Engine Works, 351 Clarence Street, London, Ont. 1744r-tue-tf

KALUS & JB. BROWN NOW undertake all descriptions of Cabinet Work and Upholstery, in addition to their extensively in Carpet-laying. Store and Factory, Talbot's Block, 161 Dundas st. Mr. Kalus will personally superintends the Carpet business. Estimates given, and orders by mail receive prompt attention. 1794r

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE-CUTED neatly and with dispatch at the Jewelry Emporium Free Press Office. tf

MISS ADA SWITZER HAS JUST received a large assortment of Seamless Waists, Frizzes, Coronet Braids, Invisible Net (cap shape, double and single), Zic Waves (crimped over net). Orders promptly attended to. Call and see. 70 Dundas st., over Bilsby

MURDOCK, ARMSTRONG, Bredon & Co., Surveyors, Land Brokers, Financial Agents, Valuators, Estate Agents, Auctioneers, Commissioners, etc., etc. Office, 97 and 99 Dundas street, Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. Money to loan on mortgage of real estate. Wm. MURDOCK, C. E., P. L. S. ARMSTRONG, M. E., C. E. BREDON, C. E., P. L. S., &c.; W. A. BREDON, s Com. in B. R. &c. 1

NEW CONFECTIONIARY OPEN ED by James Gallon, at 220 Wellington street. Fruits, candies, tobacco and cigars of all kinds and best qualities kept on hand at all times. Give me a call. 1781ntu-tu

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE-CUTED neatly and with dispatch at the Jewelry Emporium Free Press Office. tf

THE MOST RELIABLE PLACE to obtain the highest price for bones, scrap-iron, copper, brass, lead, rags, and bottles, is at GRAHAM'S, 99 Wellington street. 1178r-tu

W. OATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer of Roofing Material, wholesale. Also, contractor for laying asphalt gum sidewalk and block pavement. All work guaranteed and promptly attended to. Estimates on application to 15 Wellington street, London, Ont. Ellsly

1882.—JOHN SUSSEX, MANU-FACTURER of all kinds of Fencing for lots and farms, also, manufacturer of all kinds of office and bank railings; ornamental building and bridge purposes. Estimates furnished on shortest notice. Particular attention to horseshoeing and all kinds of repairing, and general jobbing promptly attended to. 84 King street, next J. Campbell's carriage factory, London. 1784r-tu

MUSICAL.

QUADRILLE BAND FOR PIC-NICS, &c. Apply to DUNCAN SUMMERS, 81 Grey street, corner Wellington. Lessons given by correct ear system.

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, 18 Arcade, English Lace Co.'s Building.

GOLD FILLINGS AND ARTI-FICIAL Dentures to the highest style of the art.—H. H. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas. Ellsly

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office:—Strupler's Block, London. Ellsly

L. M'DONALD & DAVIS, DEN-TISTS.—Office: Dundas street, four doors west of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Ellsly

WOOLVERTON, DENTIST.—Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Bilsby & Morris' hardware store.

T. P. BLACKWELL has added to his already extensive stock of TEAS —IN— !! GROCERIES !! a full assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, ETC., all really first-class quality. Inspection cordially invited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

T. P. BLACKWELL, 255 Richmond St., SIX DOORS SOUTH OF KING ST. 1810r London, Ont.

V.T.C.

CUT-PLUG

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTU FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

SMOKE CAMP CABLE —AND— EL PADRE CIGARS.

To be had on every Railway Train in Canada and at all first-class hotels and taverns. Manufactured only by

G. DAVIS & SON, TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS GENERAL. Toronto Branch—41 Church street. Factories—Nos. 113, 115 and 117 Adelaide street west, Toronto. 1r

FALL NOTICE.

JOHN GLEN, Merchant Tailor, WEST END HOUSE!

New Fall Goods of every description just received. An inspection of this stock is respectfully solicited. Prices low. Gentlemen's Suit or Overcoats at Moderate Prices. Special attention given to Clergymen's Clothing, as also to Gentlemen's Livery Servant Suits.

77 Dundas St., West. 1817

LEGAL.

I. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Square, London, Ontario.

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Lace Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont. GLASS & GLASS, Brantford. 428 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. DAVID GLASS, Q. C. CHESTER GLASS. Brantford. T. H. LUSCOMBE. Emly

GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN Barristers, etc, London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets.

GEO. C. GIBBONS. F. MULKERN. JOHN M'NAB. F. HARPER.

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Office:—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, Q.C., County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. ARCH. M'KILLOP. Emly

NUGENT & GALT, BARRIS-TERS, Solicitors, &c. Office—39 Adelaide street east, Imperial Buildings, Toronto. FRANK E. NUGENT. THOS. P. GALT. Brantford

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE.—A twelve-horse-power upright steam boiler is now for a short time by the Free Press Printing Co., of London, Ontario. 1r

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS —For sale by the Free Press Printing Co., one of these excellent presses. Table in first-class order. Can be seen working for a few months. Is well suited for a country office. For further particulars, price, etc., apply at the office. Also, Gordon Press, Table in good order. Makes about 1,000 per hour. Can be seen working. For further particulars apply at the office.

HARDWARE.

5,000 DOZEN POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS). Biggest values in Canadian Harness Trade, all this factory prices.

HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS. Wholesale Saddlery Warehouse st

HOTELS.

F. CAMPBELL'S RESTAURANT, 279 Richmond st., opposite Masonic Temple. Fresh Oysters and Turtle Soup served daily. Dinner from 12 to 2 p.m. Mr. Prairie Children and Spring do, served up in Barnesque style.—F. CAMPBELL, Prop. Glenn-va

NEW HOTEL — DOUGLAS House, Adelaide street, Wiarton. This new house is handsomely furnished in the centre of the wholesale trade, 6 bedrooms, double piazzas 84 feet long. First-class table. Terms $2 per day. BENNETT & DOUGLAS, proprietors. 1810r

OPENED AGAIN — J. FAL-LAHE, St. James' Hotel, formerly the old London Club House, King street. The house is newly decorated and newly furnished all through. All the latest designs in bedroom suites, and everything necessary to a first-class house. The bar is furnished with the best brands of ale on and Dublin. Everything clean and cool. Mcdvra

OLD CHERIS, SIX YEARS AT the Albion Saloon, has set out on his own book and opened the Place of Montreal House, 42 Dundas St. The Bar is furnished with the best brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited. 1804r

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY pair made to order, good, stylish and cheap. CANAVAN'S, 270 Talbot street. Ellsly

DONOHUE & CUTLER NOW occupy Connery old stand on the Market Square, City Hall buildings. A full assortment of Ready-made Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, &c. Repairs neatly, promptly and cheaply done. Work made to order and warranted. Remember the place. Ellsly

167 PACKAGES

New Fall Goods!

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AT KINGSMILL'S.

GRAND OPENING of the MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, TUESDAY, the 26th SEPTEMBER,

AT KINGSMILL'S

SPECIAL VALUE AMONGST the FALL PURCHASES IN THE

Silk Department.—A large lot of extra heavy, pure French Silks (in the new fall colorings, beautiful goods), worth $1.50, selling for $1 per yard. Moire Antique, new colorings, very much under value.

Ribbon Department.—Splendid value in Sash Ribbons: new designs, new colorings, new combinations.

Furnishing Department.—Best Sheetings made, in 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, both plain and twilled, bleached. Table Linens, brown, half bleached and bleached, in both Diaper and Satin Damask. Table Napkins, 5-8, 3-4, 7-8, all pure Linen. Over 200 dozen to make your selections from. Monteith Tabling, perfectly fast, extra good quality. Washed Huckaback Towels, full range of sizes. Russia Crash, Barnsley Crash, Frost Towelling, Forfar's Glass Linen, &c. White Counterpanes in great variety.

Carpet Department.—Another shipment of pure wool surface Tapestry Carpets, 37 cents per yard by the piece. New pattern, wool surface, real Brussels at 80 cts. per yard. The largest stock of Carpets shown by any house in the Dominion, and at the lowest prices, will be found at KINGSMILL'S.

New designs, new combinations and excellent value in Dress Materials at KINGSMILL'S.

All wool Flannels, in most desirable makes, at less than mill prices, can be had at KINGSMILL'S.

You can save money in buying your Tweeds and Cloths at KINGSMILL'S.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 40 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 50 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 60 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 70 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 80 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 90 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at $1 per yard.

GO WHERE YOU CAN GET the BEST VALUE:

KINGSMILL'S

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT.

How Arabi Endeavored to Excite the Population.

Belief That the Anglo-Turkish Military Convention will be Abandoned.

THE MILITARY CONVENTION.

Constantinople, Sept. 18.—It is believed the Anglo-Turkish Military Convention will be abandoned.

ATTACKED BY NATIVES.

Alexandria, Sept. 18.—This morning natives around Kafr-Zayat furiously attacked a train containing British troops and some Egyptian officers, under the impression that Arabi had won a great battle at Cairo, and that the train contained some of the defeated enemy. A volley from the soldiers dispersed the assailants.

THE GARRISON OF ABOUKIR.

marched out last evening. An entire regiment with arms moved eastward to join Abdallal Pasha at Damietta. The rest of the garrison, five or six thousand, arrived at Kafr-el-Dwar at noon, were disarmed and the men dismissed to their homes. The officers were detained.

CAUSE OF AN OUTBREAK.

The reports of pillaging at Mansourah arose from a mob resenting the windows of loyal inhabitants who illuminated upon the news of the victory at Tel-el-Kebir.

The regiment which left Abeukir to join Abdallal at Damietta was Arabi Pasha's own, and numbered 500 men.

ARABI AT HOME

While at Kafr-el-Dwar Arabi and wife lived with his father, mother, sisters and brother. Arabi ate and drank only what they prepared, believing the Kaglish had spies in his camp who wished to poison him.

AN ATTACK ON ABOUKIR.

Cairo, Sept. 18.—Wolseley and Seymour are concentrating a plan for simultaneous attack on Damietta by land and sea.

ARABI'S TACTICS.

Alexandria, Sept. 18.—Arabi was in the habit of parading cautiously through the streets of Cairo with bare and bloody clothing, firing the mob and inciting the populace with the cry, "See how the King'sh treat us."

CELEBRATIONS.

The Khedive intends to celebrate the restoration of order by a series of fetes.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS.

Destructive Floods in Lombardy, Venetia and Tyrol.

The Cholera in the Philippines—Russian Finances—Miscellaneous.

A Timely Arrest.

Vienna, Sept. 18.—The man Overdank, arrested during the Trieste celebration with bombs in his possession, was found at an inn with a companion. Their room was fenced upon. They were found filling shells with nitro-glycerine. Overdank fired at the gendarmes, but was speedily disarmed. His companion escaped through a window. Overdank is a deserter from the Austrian army. The Emperor was in Trieste at the time.

Russian Finances.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 18.—The Ministry of Finance announces that during the first half of the present year the receipts of the Government increased 19,500,000 roubles; expenditure increased 23,500,000.

Heavy Floods.

London, Sept. 18.—Heavy floods have occurred in Lombardy, Venetia and Tyrol. The city of Trent is submerged; Verona is also inundated. Several bridges have been demolished. No loss of life.

The Cholera.

Manila, Sept. 18.—One hundred and two deaths from cholera here on Friday and Saturday. Three hundred and forty-six in the vicinity.

CABLE BREVITIES.

The report of the death of Bebel, the German Socialist, is incorrect. He has been ill, but is recovering.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Courtney Again Victorious.

Alexandria Bay, N. Y., September 18.—A race for $1,000 was rowed this evening in Poplar Bay, St. Lawrence River, this place, between Courtney, Teemyck and Dempsey. A good start was made. Courtney at once took the lead, and at the quarter mile had gained half a length, and Dempsey was half a length behind Teemyck. A mile from the start Courtney led Teemyck a length, and Dempsey half a length. Courtney increased his lead to two lengths, and Dempsey to

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, September 19, 1865.

A PEOPLE'S EXHIBITION.

Though the Exhibition at Toronto was not so full in some of the departments as could have been desired, yet there can be no doubt that it was a great and happy occasion. There were so many things to amuse the general public besides the mere agricultural productions on view, that the labourer was enabled to the last. The grounds are very handsome, the conveniences numerous, and the arrangements excellent. All this has been the result of the introduction of capital into the enterprise. The Exhibitions of the future will not be confined to the inspection of stock-blocking pigs and obese cattle. Huge cabbages and immense pumpkins are very well in their way, but they are not so entirely satisfactory to the majority of people as to constitute the solid and only attractions of a successful fair. The public of to-day crave, and insist upon having, something more than that. They ask that there should be something more than they are accustomed to see from day to day. The electric light, band music, bicycle races, horse-pooling of various kinds, balloon ascensions, fireworks, theatrical entertainments, and many more such things are needed to ensure that complete success which is now looked for. Men in everything else, there has been a great development in the matter of annual fairs. The country has ceased to be so entirely bucolic as to call for nothing more than an exhibition of the products of the field and the stable. The wealth of the agricultural community is such, their tastes have been so stimulated by education, and by the connect which travel and reading supply, that it is now not enough to tell the population of a whole district that on certain days there will be on show a varied collection of excellent fruit and wonderful vegetables. The youth of the country look for amusement as well as instruction. They feel that it is not well for them, any more than it is for the town and city populations, to be confined to the dull routine of events from year to year. All work and no play is as injurious to them as it is to others, and when they take a holiday once a year at the Western Fair they hope to see many things that will amuse as well as some that will instruct. The committee of the Exhibition of 1865 would have learned this lesson, one so often advanced in these columns. And as a result they have been the means of interesting thousands of people in regard to an annual holiday as nothing the pleasanter they are entitled to. Had the managers relied solely upon the attractions of the large cabbage order they would have been as largely out of pocket this year season would be likely to be sufficient for them. But adapting themselves to the tide of affairs they had the good sense to provide those attractions we have referred to. Nor have the management of the Western Fair been altogether behind in pursuing the same course. Last year several advances were made in the direction pointed out, and on the coming occasion there will be several more which should have the effect of attracting vast numbers to the Fair. That more of this kind of thing could yet be arranged full there is little doubt of. That which is really needed is a succession of attractions as will fill up an entire day with pleasure, and leave the visitor with the pleasantest of recollections. Indeed, if matters were to be properly arranged, there would be such diversity on foot from day to day as would induce hundreds or rounds over two, or even three, days with us. The public mind is in the direction of annual gala days, when amusement and instruction can be combined. No doubt the professional breeder or the professional horticulturalist will despise that kind of thing. But we do not speak at the present time in the interest of these. They can look after themselves. We are saying a good word for the general public, who have so little opportunity for enjoyment, and for that reason value it so highly. If the treasury at the Toronto Exhibition has been filled to repletion it is because the Directors have been willing to move with the times, and to do just that which every one is so glad to see done, viz., to give the large masses of the public an opportunity of genuine enjoyment.

THE FUEL QUESTION.

Peel still keeps up in price; but this need not be looked for after a period of good sleighing sets in. There is no scarcity of wood in the country. We are told that there never a larger stock of cut wood on hand. But it is lying in the bush, for want of hard weather in which to haul it out. For two winters past the ground has hardly been frozen deep enough to admit of heavy wheeling, and to handle the cord-wood was, under such conditions, killing upon horseflesh. Even with wood at $5 a cord, it did not pay to use up good animals. The will not be the plea when hard winter weather sets in again. The stocks will be easily handled, and our citizens will be likely to see a considerable drop in the market. With wood down to $3 50 a cord, coal will be excessively dear at $7 a ton. That will also have to take a tumble. The great desire of railroad companies and locomotives is another factor in the calculation. Coal is found to be a more useful fuel for this purpose, because more concentrated, and portable. And it is probable that the burning of cord-wood will at no distant day be entirely discontinued. Such a course will liberate large tracts of bush, which are now reserved for railway uses, to the general fuel market. Add to this the more economical methods of coal consumption, the fruit of modern scientific invention. It is found that the use of raw coal involves a great waste, the by-products derived from a given quantity of coal exceeding the value of the coal itself by more than one-half. The superiority of gas as a fuel is evident from the fact that the combustion of a pound of gas yields twice as much heat as the combustion of a pound of ordinary coal. The effects expected to result from the adoption of the practice of distilling instead of burning coal are intimated by Dr. Siemens in the following striking forecast:—"Before many years have elapsed we shall find in our factories, and on board our ships, engines with a fuel consumption not exceeding one pound of coal per effective horse-power per hour, in which the gas producer takes the place of the somewhat complex and dangerous steam boiler. The advent of such an engine, and of the dynamo machine, must mark a new era of material progress, at least equal to that produced by the introduction of steam power in the early part of our century."

THE CITY OF CENTRALIZATION.

The Toronto *Telegram* remarks:—

"Meantime those who compose the Mowat Administration are too shrewd to make many blunders or to give their opponents many chances. As soon as they found that a cry would be raised about new parliament buildings they quietly dropped them, and the cry was killed."

This is true enough. When the FREE PRESS called attention to the outrage the Mowat Administration was about to perpetrate, the intention was to defy public opinion, and go on with the buildings. Plans were advertised for, and architects were put busily to work to contrive an elaborate and palatial affair, in which Mr. Mowat could ape the emperor and lay his plans to curtail the liberties of the people. But as time went on and remonstrance grew louder, the swaggerers at Toronto began to look pale. They saw that they had entered upon an enterprise which was distasteful, and suddenly threw up their intentions. Both they did not do this from any other reason than because the people forced them. If it had not been seen that the general population would not stand the wastrigal outlays that were so confidently proposed, the Parliamentary and official buildings would have been proceeded with, and the Province saddled not only with needless outlays, but have been let in for an annual bill of expense in connexion with them out of all proportion to the necessities of the case. It is thus seen how useful a fearless press may be in arresting the hand of political wantonness. In the face of the coming elections Mr. Mowat dare not renew his proposal to squander the people's money in putting up a pile of bricks and mortar which, though it might ornament Toronto, would not benefit the rest of the country. So he has backed down for the time being. Yet the intention remains, and the security which another lease of office and opportunity would give is all that is wanting to make the surplus, which should be divided among the municipalities, transmuted into bricklayers' and masons' work in the city of centralization.

USEFUL ANNEXATION.

The people of the flourishing suburb of Yorkville have expressed by public vote their desire to be annexed municipally to the city of Toronto. In this they have done wisely. To remain in the condition of a mere village when opportunities of citizenship are at hand must always seem to be a perversion of privilege. What the people at Yorkville have done is not to approve of any specific plan laid before them, but to express a desire, by an overwhelming majority, to become part and parcel of Toronto. Still, there are many questions requiring adjustment. There is the equalization of assessments of the debt occurring from the construction of the Water-works; the appropriations in aid of railways, and other such things. Both all such matters are easy of arrangement when the parties concerned are honest in their intentions. No doubt certain local magnates will find their ideal of office somewhat tarnished. They will be of the late Hugh Miller's opinion of retirement of village matters has been able to confer. But it may be borne in mind that a community does not live in order to gratify individual ambition, however wordy, but for the general good. The Yorkville people have come to see that their interests and those of the large city to the south of them are in reality one. They see that the artificial boundary which separates them is a municipal legacy which should be wiped out, and true interests united. That they will obtain to respect the feelings of their corporation is likely enough, but it has become evident that special likings of that kind must not be made to stand in the way of general considerations. It is easier to walk from Yorkville to Toronto now than it would be ten years hence. And the people have done well in asking that the union should take place upon fair and equitable terms forthwith.

HOLDING THEIR BUTTER.

A knowing farmer of the Eastern Townships writes to the press to explain what is thought of the butter question by some of his class, down that way, and his remarks may serve as a "tip" of more or less value to our western farmers. He says that when the late early part of the season, they had dismal reports of the markets, from dealers and commission merchants, they merely smile and feed their cows well. They don't want any butter to be stowed during the summer months unless the price is exceptionally high. It is high enough in London, in all conscience! They say the European markets are better supplied in summer than other countries than Canada, as the article does not deteriorate so much in quality, the carriage being shorter and weather cooler. This authority is of opinion that high as it is at present, butter does not pay so well as other produce, and the good butter will keep as well in their cellars as the tubs of the dealers. The explanation is that those who cannot sell No. 1 butter for more than 20 cents will hold on to their stock and take chances.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The Glasgow *Herald* records an invention for recovering tar and ammonia from the waste steam at blast furnaces, after which the gases are conducted to various parts of the works to aid in the production of steam. This is an economy which the *Herald* says "places the Scotch ironmaster in a relatively better position than he has for some years occupied." Hereafter, owners of blast furnaces have been proved to be trespassing with the gases given off by the combustion of coal, for fear of affecting injuriously the quality of iron. With the adoption of new close-topped furnaces, the new invention was successfully applied at the Carnbroe Iron Works of Messrs. William Baird & Co. The tar obtain is said to be quite equal to ordinary gas works' tar, and the ammonia is claimed to be of the best quality. The invention referred to has been patented, and will be applied to other Scotch furnaces.

The Halifax *Herald* informs us that the output of coal for this year in Nova Scotia will far exceed that of any previous year. The sales 1864 were larger than ever before, being over a million, which is a result of the reciprocity system they never reached more than two thirds of that quantity. But the yield in the part of the year already reported by about 25 per cent. that of 1881. The prospects are that we shall be in 1882 over one and a quarter million tons of coal, or nearly double the yield of three years ago. And we think, adds our contemporary, that the production of coal in this province is likely to be largely increased. Mining companies appear to feel sure of the sale of any quantity they can raise, hence they are enlarging their works and increasing their output. Spring Hill is adding about fifty per cent. every year to the quantity of coal raised and sold, and in nearly every other mining region in the province an improvement is found.

There are two popular notions about death that, though they contradict one another, have adherents throughout Christendom. One is that what is called a natural death takes place with the ebb of the tide; the other, that it occurs after midnight, for what are called the small hours before dawn. The records show, as might have been expected, that the Black Rider, who respects neither age nor worldly condition, is indifferent to finding his victim. In New York city last week the greatest number of deaths took place at 11 o'clock in the day, when there were seven; but there were five deaths in each of the hours of 3, 4, 7, and 10 o'clock in the morning, and 3, 4 and 7 o'clock in the evening. Four persons died at 5 o'clock, 6 o'clock, and at 9 o'clock in the morning, and at 1 o'clock and 6 o'clock in the evening, and three persons died at each of the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock a. m. and 8, 10 and 11 o'clock p. m. There happens to be no deaths at 5 o'clock in the evening. There were 10 more deaths before noon than after it.

The captain of the French coast guard, who built monuments on the Newfoundland coast, with the images of Frenchmen on them, and behind the inscription "on the northwest side of White Bay," was hopelessly drunk. There will be a good deal of correspondence between Lord Lyons and French ministers, clothed in courtly polite language, and the monuments will be torn down with appropriate ceremonies. It may be that the marines were burying some of their men there, or that they made a mistake and fancied it was one of its French West Indies.

The playing of pranks on board of trains and boats, often witnessed on excursions, should always be promptly suppressed at its appearance. Some rough fellows caused a disturbance on a Sunday-school excursion train in New Brunswick the other day, which ended in a fatal tragedy. A sadder Sunday-school lesson could not be imagined.

THE WRECK OF THE ASIA.

Two Hamiltonians Reported Among the Lost.

Mr. Alex. Duncan and Son, Formerly of this City, Drowned.

List of the Passengers Booked at Collingwood.

Hamilton, Sept. 18.—The utmost excitement prevailed in the city when the news of the sinking occurred, especially when the former became general that some Hamiltonians were on board the ill-fated steamer. Scenes of people surrounded the telegraph office, and anxious inquiries for further and fuller particulars were made. A newspaper representative investigated the matter as far as probable passengers from this section are concerned, and discovered that only two from here were at all likely to be on board, namely, Mr. A. Duncan (of Messrs. A. Duncan & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, King street) and Mr. Ellis, traveller for Messrs. Reid, Gourlay & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, King street east. Mr. Duncan called at Mr. Morgan's ticket office on Monday last and purchased one full ticket and one half ticket by the Bentley line of steamers, which run from Sarnia to Lake Superior ports. He informed Mr. Morgan that he proposed making a trip, combining business with pleasure. He returned the same day to Mr. Morgan's and asked him if he would take back the tickets, as he wished to go by the Collingwood route. This was accordingly complied, and subsequently Mr. Duncan called at Mr. Gourlay's office and was supplied with the necessary documents. Mr. Duncan left on Monday for Collingwood with his son and daughter, and no doubt went upon the ill-fated boat. Mr. Ellis is in the employ of

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By Doing Your Washing with Churcher's Premier Soap.

By our process a Soap is produced which does not injure or inflame the skin, but leaves it cool and soft, while the washing properties of the Soap are improved, and makes it the best and cheapest Soap for general purposes.

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The Free Press.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, September 19, 1882.

Tel-el Kebir.

Without sound of bugle they marched through the night,
Not knowing what fate the dim morning would show,
Each saucer for place in the front of the fight,
To deal for his country a valorous blow.

Neath the stars through the mist they pressed on to the trench,
Commanders, Englishmen and footmen and scouts,
'Til in the day's dawning with onslaught they reach
Glorious conquest again with their bayonets and shouts.

Through the red rain they pressed, and the Arab-hordes fled,
And some are survivors, and son- are gone
To the death of the brave; but who should make wail
For those who live honored and die with renown?

For the lustre of Britain and love of its Queen
The splendor chiefrain to deck her fame's wings,
And the Cult, though reverting his own native green,
In duty struck first for the Red, White and Blue.

Oh, cities of the pyramids—great ancient land,
Which gave to our Universe culture—and arts—
Thy deserts and waters and rebel sand
Could not from this Gentile great triumph withhold.

And as Red Cross England is true to her trust—
Consecrated to her—for man's freedom and rights—
So shall her foes ever go down to the dust,
And all lands be blessed with her sunbeam and might.

Sept. 14th, 1882. R. F. MATTHEWS.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

"Do you mean that she was seriously ill? Their letters to me were so d—d short. I hardly know anything that went on while I was away."

"Yes. She was very ill—given over to medical men. It was only natural that she should be afflicted by Augur Ramleigh's death, when you remember what they had been to each other; how much of a woman a woman may be under engagement of that kind and may be very long engaged. Now that if another man, but she can't forget her first lover, if it were only because he is the first. It was an unhappy thing your having to go to Mount Royal. One of your impulsive follies."

"Yes, one of my follies. So you say that Christabel was out of health and spirits all the winter."

"Yes, she would see no one—not even me—or the Rector. No one but the Cosmo ever crossed the threshold. Not even Miss Bridgeman has told you all about it. Miss Bridgeman was devoted to her."

"Miss Bridgeman be d—d to the grave; and I am not going to demean myself by quarrelling her."

"Well, there is no need to be unhappy about the past. Christabel is herself again, thank God—brighter, prettier than ever. That Swiss tour with Miss Bridgeman and the boy did her wonders of good. I thought she made a mistake in leaving her at Mount Royal after that melancholy event. You should have taken her with you."

"Perhaps I ought to have done so," seconded Somerset, thinking bitterly how very considerate it was that she would have consented to go with him.

He tried to make the best of his position, put it as it was. He loathed and despised her as of old—gave his days to field sports—his evenings for the most part to billiards and tobacco. He drank more than he had been accustomed to drink, sat up late of night. His nerves were not benefited by these bitter habits.

"Your head is as shaky as an old woman's," exclaimed Jessie, upon his appearance at the morning room. "Why, you might have dined with a boot-jack. If you're not careful you'll be in for an attack of delirium, and that will chew you up in a very short time. A dose of your stanchion is the surest kind of antidote for nervous diseases. We shall have you catching flies, and seeing imaginary snakes before long."

Somerset received her friendly warning with a contemptuous laugh.

"Do Cassiet drinks more brandy in a day than I do in a week," he said.

"Ah, but look at his advantages—brought up in Jermyn, where cognac is duty-free. None of us have had his fine training. Wonderful constitution he must have—hand as steady as a rock. You saw him this morning at the rifle-practice among the men from the oak in the stable yard with a bullet."

"Yes, the fellow can shoot; he's less of an impostor than I thought."

"Wonderful eye and hand. He must have spent years of his life in a shooting gallery. He's a deuced good fellow, I grant you, but, compared with him, you're not in it."

"That's very likely, though I have had to live by my gun in the Rockies. Fitz Jesse told me that in South America De Cassiet was known as a professional duellist."

"And you have only shot four-footed beasts—never guns for a fellow creature," answered Jack flightly.

CHAPTER XXIX.

"TIME TURNS THE OLD DAYS TO DERISION."

If Leonard Tregenell was troubled and perplexed by the change in his wife's character, there was one other person at Mount Royal, Christabel's nearest and dearest friend, to whom that change was even a greater mystification. Jessie Bridgeman, who had been with her in the dark hours of her grief—who had seen her sink in the apathy of despair—who had comforted and watched her, and sympathized and wept with her, looked on now in blank wonderment at a phase of character which was altogether enigmatical. She had been with Mrs. Tregenell at Zermatt, when De Cassiet had obtruded himself on their notice by his officious attentions during a pilgrimage to the Riffel, and she had been bewildered at Christabel's civility to a man of such obnoxious type as he. He had stayed at the same hotel with them for three or four days, and had given them a much of his society as he could without being absolutely intrusive, taking advantage of having met Christabel five seasons ago at two or three public ceremony assemblies; and at parting Count had invited him to Mount Royal. "Mr. Tregenell will be at home in the autumn," she said, "and if you should find yourself in Cornwall"—he had talked of exploring the West of England—"I know he would be glad to see you at Mount Royal."

When Jessie hinted at the unwisdom of an invitation to a man of whom they knew so little, Christabel answered carelessly that "because liked to have his house full of lively people, and would no doubt be pleased with the Baron de Cassiet."

"You used to leave him to choose his own visitors."

"I know; but I mean to take a more active part in the arrangement of things in future. I am tired of being a cipher."

"Did you hear those people talking of the Baron at table d'hote yesterday?"

"I heard a little—I was not particularly attentive."

"Then perhaps you did not hear that he is a thorough Bohemian—that he led a wolf wild life in South America, and was a notorious duellist."

"What can that matter to us, even if it is true?"

It seemed to Jessie that Christabel's whole nature underwent a change, and that the transformation dated from her acquaintance with this man. They were at the end of their tour at the time of this meeting, and they came straight through to Paris, where Mrs. Tregenell abandoned herself to frivolity—going to all the theatres—buying all the newest and lightest music, spending long mornings with milliners and dressmakers—squandering money upon fine clothes, which a year ago she would have scorned to wear. Hitherto her taste had tended to simplicity of attire—not without richness—for she was too much of an artist not to value the artistic effects of costly fabrics, the beauty of warm colouring. But she now purchased that Will o' the Wisp fashion from Worth to Pingat, and bought any number of gowns, some of which, to Miss Bridgeman's severe taste, seemed simply odious.

"Do you intend spending next season in May Fair, and do you expect to be asked to a good many fancy balls?" asked Jessie, as Mrs. Tregenell's maid exhibited the gowns in the spacious bedroom at the Bristol.

"Nonsense, Jessie. These are all dinner gowns. The infinite variety of modern fashion is its chief merit. The style of to-day embraces three centuries of the past, from Catherine de Medicis to Madame Rosamond."

At one of the Boulevard theatres Mrs. Tregenell and Miss Bridgeman met Mr. Fitz-James, who was also returning from a summer holiday. He was Augie Ramleigh's friend, and had known Christabel during the happy days of her first Lincoln's Inn season. It seemed hardly strange that she should be glad to meet him, and that she should ask him to Mount Royal.

"And now I must have some women to meet these men," she said, when she and Jessie were at home again, and the inevitable fatigue had gone back to his nursery, and had knocked over the hills in new fresh life—as down were no longer white, and why the sea was so much bigger than the lakes he had been living by. I mean to make it very pleasant as possible for Leonard when he goes home."

She and Jessie were alone in the oak-panelled parlor—the room with the above overlooking the hills and the sea. They were seated at a little table in this recess, dark with dark open before her—Jessie knitting.

"How goyly you speak. Have you—"

To be continued.

NUMBER TWO.

Pipe Laying at the Exhibition Grounds—Mr. Tracy Replies to Mr. John Plummer.

Number Two Committee met last night, there being present Aldermen Boyd (Chairman), Pritchard, O'Meara, Higgins, Taylor, Mrs. Meredith and Eighteer Tracy.

Ald. Pritchard drew the attention of the Committee to the unsightly state in which the streets were, owing to the merchants throwing sand hill into the streets.

Ald. Pritchard moved, seconded by Ald. Taylor, that His Worship the Mayor be requested to notify the Chief of Police to take proceedings against the parties offending.

His Worship promised to attend to the matter immediately.

Tenders for laying pipes on the Exhibition Grounds were opened as follows—Donald McPhie & Co., $4 per foot; Hazard & Cryer, 3½ cents per foot; Hazard & Greenway, $62 50 for the job.

On motion of Ald. Higgins, seconded by Ald. Taylor, the contract was given to Messrs. McPhie & Co.

Eighteer Tracy was then seen by the FREE PRESS that Mr. Plummer had stated at the meeting of the Western Fair Board that if he (the Eighteer) had done his duty, a half-mile track would have been put in on the ground. He had never received any instructions to stake out a ring, and anything he did was simply as a favor. The statement made was unwarranted and unexplainable.

The Chairman and the other members of the Committee emphatically stated that Mr. Tracy never had any instructions to lay out the ring, and could not be held responsible in any way for it not being a half-mile track.

Adjourned.

Cured of Drinking.

"A young friend of mine was cured of an insatiable thirst for liquor, which had reduced him that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It always did that burning thirst took away the appetite for liquor; made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups; I know of a number of others whom it have benefited and cured." Extract from a leading R. R. Official, Chicago, Ill.—*Truth.*

THE SCHOOLS.—The School Improvement Committee met last night in the Council Chamber ante-room, Mr. A McBride, Chairman, and Messrs. Christie, Howard and Inspector Boyle in attendance. The absence of Mr. Upstill Ward, $41.80, for repairs, etc., at the different schools, was passed; as was also those of John Miller, $76; C. J. Smith, re building Central, $18.85; D. Lawrence, $10. On motion of Mr. Christie, seconded by Mr. Howard, the Chairman was authorized to pay the account of Messrs. Gartshore & Co. A communication from Mr. Jury was read, asking that a station clerkship be created and nine maple trees had died, and requesting that some good cedar be procured for him. No action was taken on the matter. On a protest against the action of the Engineer in re-locating the shelter which was being erected on the ceilings of the schools, was read from Henry Winder, and referred to the Architect. Adjourned.

THE STRANGER IS LONDON.—That the great City will see the Exhibition is hardly possible by its former denizens, all the world has just taken the shuffling exit of space, and now finds his eye gratified by the new and handsome edifices recently erected. As he approaches the Exhibition Buildings, Queen's there rises over him on the right hand the new *Times* office, and on the left hand the new Grand Opera House, while in the distance Eppe & Co., both phases of Italian architecture. The energy of the London business houses are types of the far-reaching business energy of the nineteenth century, for it has resulted from such means that these two establishments have brought themselves to the fore, and that the annual issue of each has come to be estimated by millions. During the last year, the number of copies of the *Times* issued is estimated at 16,276,000, while the number of packets of Epps's Cocoa sent off in the same perfect, is computed at 14,740,695. The latter is a large total, when it is borne in mind that in 1830 the consumption of Cocoa throughout the whole kingdom was but 425,382 lbs., there then existing no preparation of it such as this, which by the simple addition of boiling water would yield a palatable drink. Truly time may be said to work many changes.

151tutsdw fn

INDIAN GRAND COUNCIL.—The Grand Council of the Indians of Ontario has concluded its session. The officers elect for the ensuing term are as follow:—President, Rev. H. F. Chase, of Muncey; 1st Vice-President, Chief James Skyes, Tuscarora; 2nd Vice-President, Chief Solomon James, Parry Sound; Grand Chaplain, Rev. J. Jacobs, Sarnia; Grand Secretary and Treasurer, Chief Peter E. Jones, M. D.; Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, Chief Samson Green, Bay of Quinte; Interpreters, Chief A. G. Smith, Tuscarora, and Chief Abel Wankosh, Chippewa.

"Twenty-eight years experience," says an eminent physician, "convinces me that the only cure for nervous exhaustion and weakness of the generative organs is to repair the waste by giving brain and nerve foods, and of all the remedies compounded Mack's Magnetic Medicine is the best." The sale of this article during the past year has been marvellous, and almost unprecedented in the annals of the patent medicine trade. With each order for 12 packages, accompanied with $6 addressed to Mack's Magnetic Medicine Company, they send their written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. See the offer in another column.

Nine new cases of small-pox and two deaths were reported at Paterson, N.J., yesterday, with a number of suspected cases.

London Commercial College

—AND—

TELEGRAPHIC & PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE

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ODDS AND ENDS

Freshest Gleanings of Fun, Fact and Fancy.

WE SHALL KNOW.

When the silver cord has veiled us
From the faces of our own,
Oh we dream the love has failed us,
And we weary on each alone.
We should see them near and truly,
We should treat them day by day,
Never love nor blame unduly
If the veil were cleared away.

We shall know as we are known,
Never more to walk alone,
In the dawning of the morning
When the veil is cleared away.

When the night's have risen above us
And our Father knows His own,
Face to face with those that love us,
We shall know as we are known;
Love, beyond the utmost power,
Flame the golden fringes of day;
Heart to heart, we bide the shadows,
Till the veil is cleared away.

We shall know as we are known,
Never more to walk alone,
When the Dawn of Life is dawning
And the veil is cleared away.

What part of grammar is readiest? Syntax.

Cincinnati claims a person who lives wholly on water. He must be a harbor buoy.

Insurable: Wanted—Pool or independent stores to go to Boston.—*Late Advertisement.*

Queen Elizabeth always displayed her worst temper in her best clothes. She was always dreadfully ruffled then.

"How! that suit you?" said the bound pup, as he looked up at the visitor's window and reminded him that the moon was up.

"A single marriage" is the heading to a paragraph in one of the dailies. Thought that was a game that two had to play at.

The latest athletic slang when ladies recover their adoring gentlemen friends, is, "You flatter too awfully perfectly much."

The average life of a locomotive is only thirty years, but the average life of a locomotive engineer is sixty. The engineer can jump.

We are told "the evening were on," but we are never told what the evening were about that occasion. Was it the close of a summer's day?

Atout the most profitable fowls to raise are partridges. Amateur sportsmen will pay almost any price for them rather than have an empty gunning.

The Yorkshire, England, saying, when sung by Pepperoni. With green apples, water melons and peaches so plenty, we know what Pepperoni would come to the like that.

A writer in the London *Field* says that on two tigers are safe. We'll take his word for it. We're not going to take the trouble to monkey with a couple of tigers just to gratify an ephemeral curiosity.

The styles in millinery this fall are very unlike last year; but the epithet remarks which each lady feels in her duty to make about her neighbour's bonnets will be pretty much the same as usual.

When Hattie was five years old her sister married a farmer who owned a large sugar orchard. Soon after a generous package of maple sugar was sent home, and the little girl exclaimed, "O, mamma, I am so glad we're married into such a nice family!"

A finely dressed lady slipped and fell and broke a post office recently. Picking herself up, the man who assisted her to her feet inquired, "Did you break any bones, madame?" "No, I guess not, she replied; "but I am sure I had as if I had broken a dozen of 'em!"

An Irishman met a friend of his. "Oh, Pat!" said he in great distress, "I'm sure will I be able to sell me horse! Didn't the baste's belly come off two days after I bought him?" "Shure thin," said Pat gally, "sell him by a wholesale man, me boy. He'll soon re-tail him!"

WAIT.

He looks at me with eyes so blue—
A little bird just now told me—
"Oh, when shall I be as big as you?"
"Why, wait a year or two."

The years have come, the years have gone;
The lad is tall and strong and straight;
He still he asks the same query I done?
"Dear boy," I answer, "wait."

It came at last—that sweet content.
His eyes are no longer blue.
"Dear friend, I know now what you meant,"
He cries. "When you said 'wait'"

"What a man your father is!" exclaimed Mrs. Homespun, looking up from the letter she held in her hand. "Only to think he bought a French clock, and shall bring it home with him. What will it be good for except as an ornament? I'm sure he can tell the time by it, unless you can, Edith. Do you know something about French, don't you?"

A jolly-looking German was quietly walking down the street when he was approached by a man who said—"Hello, Gus! What are you doing here?" The old man looked at him and said—"But I am not name at all." "Not here!" said the man; "what do you mean by that?" "Well, now, you see name is not Jim, and so how can I be here? You must mean some other one."

THE TWO COUNTRIES.

There is a land of tears and bitter wailing—
A land most like the dread realm of Satan now,
Where wan faced Nobes with dark robes
Lurking.
In and Succession move, brow-bound with woe.

It is a land accepted up it silken mansions—
Compared with them the Virgins five were paltry.

And it is writ above its gloomy portals—
"We Did Not Think it Paid to Advertise."

There is a land that flows with milk and honey—
Which condensed nor yet the stephen strains—
Knox Fowler bears a gripsack fat with money.
Bonds coupons, stocks, and various other gains.

Happy are those as, at high tide, the signalist,
No tear doth drown the laughter in their eyes.
For better luck they'll not denote one damlet;
The pantry's theirs—They Learned to Advertise.

A man in Iowa has invented a new fastening for horse collars. It is lucky that the horse's collar does not fasten itself to the back of his shirt, because if it did, judging from human experience, it would be days after he had broken his thumb nail trying to unowl it into a new buttonhole, he would just kick the stuffing out of every thing he got attached to, even if it was a freight car.

Queer collocations:—Titles and authors (I envy my author as advertiser's) "The Bachelor's Book;" "When your hair was" Dusk; "Sent to heaven" by Daggon; "What is Worth Knowing" by Knowsley; "Jacques' Patent;" "The name of my love is" Abl; "O'er the hills and far away" by Gonn; "Lost and heart" Rent; "I would not be" Thirwall; "O childs me not for loving" Marriott.

O brilliant, blooming, bright-red rose,
Whose scented odor heaven-ward goes.
I love thy beauty, color, size,
Thou sweetest flower beneath the skies!
But greater far than I love thee,
I love the love who gav'st thee me.

Though she with love might well consume
As thou with her could'st truly vie.
Thou hast a crimson in thy bloom,
And she has beauty in her eye;
Her look inspires eternal truth,
Thine breathes forth nature's loveliness.

Thou art a rose, and so is she,
Each blossoms on the bright to-day.
Pure as ones air may be,
Until in death they fade alone.
When as at their last sleep I come,
So shall her eyelids find repose.

Dr. Dosem, a physician, was called on to attend old Uncle Moss, who drives a dray. "You have been gorging yourself with green watermelons for disease," said the physician, feeling the patient's pulse. "How do debbil did yer find dat out—by feelin' my pulse?" "No, but by seeing the watermelon rinds under the bed." Said the old man, raising himself up in bed, "You am de knowsiest man in Austin. Hush, old 'oman, take dat ole harness from under de bed, or dis leah medicinal gemman am gwine to treat me for cain' a mule for dessert to settle my stomach. I als' 'bolted a watermillion in fash week."

REPARTEE.

"Shall I marry the man that I love?"
Sang Phillis, sweet Phillis the fair;
And the music went soaring above
As if 'twas her favorite air.

And a voice coming out from the sky,
From the singer she hoped to entrance,
Quite startled her with this reply:—
"She will if she once gets the chance."

"Shall I marry the girl that I love?"
He sang on a subsequent day;
Sang high in his attic above,
When he thought the fair Phillis away.

A surprise came up from below,
An answer his color to cool;
'Twas a little emphatic "No, no,
Not unless the girl, too, is a fool."

Cincinnati's accomplished accountant, Mr. James Hayden, says St. Jacobs Oil is the best medicine ever put up, and has done him immense service in curing his rheumatism.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.

Proceedings of the General Conference at Hamilton.

Hamilton, Sept. 15.—Conference resumed at 9 a. m. yesterday.

Dr. Towler moved, that a committee be appointed to draft fraternal addresses to the bodies which have sent addresses to the General Conference. Carried.

Mr W. Kennedy moved that the Nominating Committee be requested to associate a committee to consider the matter of a day of thanksgiving. Carried.

Rev. Dr. Sanderson then read the report of the Committee on the Superannuation Fund.

The income of the fund has been from all sources during the past quadrennium $123,-853. This aggregate sum was made up of $31,402 in 1879, $30 596 in 1880, $32 944 in 1881, and $33 959 in 1882. The total expenditure for these years has been $129,134. During the quadrennium, as during that which preceded it, the superannuated ministers and widows have received but two-thirds of their legal claim annually, and in the last year but seven twelfths, and there is a painful prospect of a further diminution of payments to them during the present year. The difference between the legitimate claims and these paid amounts to $70 000 This great loss is the more to be deplored, coming as it does at the close of active life and when increasing infirmities exclude the hope of successful energetic effort in any legitimate enterprise for the supplementing of deficient allowance. The number of claimants is also increasing very greatly, and the Board is impressed with a deep sense of the care that must be exercised in passing claimants on the fund. In harmony with the strongly and clearly expressed wishes of the Annual Conferences the Board very earnestly hopes that the General Conference will in its wisdom devise some practicable and effective plan by which the legitimate claims of all the superannuated ministers and widows will be fully met.

1. The Board recommends that after the income from all other sources is ascertained, the principle of assessments shall be applied in an equitable manner to all the circuits in order so to augment the annual income of the fund as to make it equal to the annual claims thereon.

2. That the basis of assessment shall be the ordinary amount raised on the circuit for ministerial support and for all connexional funds, but the Children's Fund alone excepted.

3. That each circuit shall raise its proportion of the amount requisite to pay each superannuated minister at least $10, and the widows in proportion.

4. That the calculation for each year shall be based on the income and returns of the year preceding.

5. That it shall be the duty of the Treasurers annually to notify the chairmen of each district of the amount required from each circuit in his district, such notification to be made prior to the District Meeting, when it shall be the duty of the chairman to notify each superintendent of the amount to be raised in his circuit during the year for this fund.

The following recommendations are also presented:—

1. All ministers and probationers now paying $10 per annum shall henceforth pay $12.

2. All superannuated ministers to pay $12 3. (Struck out.)

4. No probationer shall be admitted into full connexion unless four years' subscriptions, at least, shall have been paid.

5. That the invested capital be increased to at least $100 000.

6. That the annual grant from Book Room be increased as well as the amount from the Missionary Society committed to the Board for the payment of superannuated ministers, their widows and other children having legitimate claim upon the Missionary Fund.

7. Expunge the entire clause in discipline, p. 158, section 919.

8. Amend paragraph 924, page 156 by omitting "council" in 3rd line and "such" in 4th line. For "the support" read "their support." Omit 5th line to last line but one, for "who" insert "he." Make the amended clause reading:—When a minister dies who was employed in the active work thirty or more years, and leaves an unmarried widow, but has a child or children unprovided for, the Board is authorized to make provision for the support of such widow, and assistance shall not be more than the widow would receive if she were the wife of a clergyman, a picture of invalidism. The final basis that embellished the walls, the organs (yes in perfect tune), the decoration of the chancel, trunk, and upright bespoke exquisite taste and refinement, making the door old building a familiar friend in the happiest possible sense. The substantial and generous support by the choir and the addresses by the Rev. Dr. Rider, and shortly after left for Canada, and was immediately appointed by the Bishop of Toronto to the pleasant parish of Bedford and parts adjacent, where he remained five years. He was then moved to the town of Barrie, where he remained in charge of the Episcopal church for a period of 22 years. He was then placed in charge of Windsor, of which church he was rector in January 1874. Dr. C. was present at the meeting at Toronto at which steps were first taken in the synodical government of the Episcopal Church in Canada, a movement which was that regarded by some with much suspicion, but which subsequent events have proved to have been not only publicist, but even necessary. He was a member of the first Synod, and upon the formation of the Provincial Synod of Canada was elected a clerical delegate, and has been present at all the meetings of the Provincial Synod. For 15 years he held the position of Chairman of a County Board of Instruction. Dr. C. has always identified with secret societies, being in Masonry Past First Principal of Royal Arch Chapter, Windsor, a member of the Council, a Knight Templar, and having reached the 30th degree in the Ancient Scottish Rite. In Odd-fellowship he has also passed the chairs in both the Lodge and the Camp. As to politics, Dr. C. is certainly admitted from any public expression of his views, deeming such a course inconsistent with a minister's calling, and demands relations with men of both sides. Dr. C., immediately upon his ordination, was united to Mary Ann Waring, sister of the leading topics of his native place, the families having always been closely connected, the young people having for many years been educated together. But one child, a daughter, survives the ravages of death, but they have lived to see their grandchildren around them. Some years since Dr. C., with his wife and son, went home to visit his native place, after an absence of 20 years; spent their time among the old familiar scenes, changed, I wish, if you kindly give me space, to offer sincere thanks to "Truth" for the reply he received from the Australian gentleman, whose letter I did not see. One cannot but admire the adoption of the first item.

Mr. J. Macdonald moved, in amendment to the clause, that upon every circuit a sermon should be preached on this subject annually, when a collection shall be taken up for the fund, and that the minister be asked to obtain his church members as subscribers to the fund. He thought that Dr. Jeffers' remarks were to the point. The district that now raised the largest amount would be taxed additionally. The claims of the fund have not been sufficiently brought before the people. The ministers had it in their own hands to be means the contributors to the fund, for any one of them who made it a matter of conscience could easily in one year increase the subscriptions by 50 per cent. There are about 171 recipients each year, and $30,000 is distributed among them. Thus each recipient obtains about $175, a very small sum. This will not give a fair idea of what is received, for it includes the children also. It occurred to him that it was entirely unfair to put a man who has travelled twenty years on the same basis as a man who has travelled five or ten years.

Rev. T. M. Campbell said that it was simply proposed in the report to make the ministers responsible for the fund. There is no desire to tax a circuit, but merely to ask it to give an equitable share of what is required. There are many of the circuits who now raise, and will continue to raise, more than is required of them. It is simply a levy on the minister, and not on any particular fund.

The report was laid over for further consideration until Monday.

Bam Bro, Sept. 18.—Conference opened at 9 30 a. m.

The debate on the report of the Superannuation Fund Committee was resumed.

Rev. J. H Robinson, the only superannuated minister in the Conference, spoke strongly in favor of the scheme of assessment proposed.

Dr. Sanderson objected to the term of taxation in connection with this scheme. It was a legitimate system of assessment. No man was by this scheme compelled to pay more.

Mr. Bland moved as an amendment to the amendment, 1. That a special effort be at once organized to raise the endowment of this fund to $150,000. 2. That the officials and ministers be earnestly requested to collect at least 50 per cent. at the next May district meeting, and that each circuit shall make a special inquiry as to the circumstances and send a list of every circuit and mission on his district in this regard

Rev. Lee. Coats opposed the scheme as a so called case of assessment, when it was one of coercion. It just meant, get all you can from the circuits, and then the minister must make up the rest himself. It was revolving the ministers. The scheme of payments is too liberal and will not stand on business principles. You must do away with sentiment and come down to business principles in connection with this fund, which should not contemplate the payment of any man but those who were really worn out in the work, not the payment of men who from some physical defect can find no sphere on the work. Pay such men a lump sum and let them go to the North-west and take up land and earn a living. As it is there has been many a good farmer spoiled to make a good preacher already. (Laughter.) We had not got to the bottom of this matter. Let an actuary be got, and a feasible system of payments to the fund and payments out of it devised. As it stood now they proposed to pay a man a great deal more out of it than he paid in.

Mr. Usher said he thought that no action should be taken on the report till the reports of the children's fund were in, and a proper basis laid down.

Dr. Fowler moved in amendment to the amendment, that hereafter the deficiency of the superannuation fund be apportioned among the ministers on the scale of the amount of contributions of the circuits to the connexional funds, and that each superintendent be at liberty to use the best means in his judgment to raise the necessary amount.

This amendment was not taken up.

Rev. Mr. Bland's amendment was put and lost.

Mr. McDonald's amendment was, that upon every circuit a sermon shall be preached annually upon this subject when the special collection for this object be taken up, and that each minister be urged to secure the members of his church and congregation to subscribe to the superannuated ministers' fund. Amendment was lost.

The clause of the report regarding the assessment was adopted.

Moved by Rev. Dr. Ryckman, that at the financial district meeting in regard to this assessment, exceptional circumstances of any circuit shall be taken into account.

An objection was made that this resolution would make the acchiency of the scheme a farce.

The object of the motion was that when a circuit was very poor a portion of its assessment may be taken off by the district meeting, and apportioned among the other circuits.

Dr. Fowler again brought up his resolution given above. It was again ruled out for the time.

The part of the Superannuation Committee report referring to the scale of payments was now read and discussed.

The first item was adopted.

Rev Mr. Robinson said the Conference should remember that the fund was an incorporated one, and could sue and be sued, and the Conference could not do away with any man's rights in the fund, as any claimant could enter a suit in chancery, and stop all payments from the fund.

When reading the second and third items, Dr. Sanderson said these clauses of assessment had been perpetual claimants at $12 a year. Now in the one case he was a limited claimant at $8 a year to continue for five years, and in no other case to $8 a year for eight years.

The time for adjournment having come, announcements were made, and Conference adjourned to 3 30 p.m.

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest News from our own Special Correspondents.

WOODSTOCK.

Sept. 18.—The re-opening of St. Paul's Church, East Woodstock, was an event that interested largely our people—not alone those of the Anglican faith, but in the feeling of the entire district it was an event of no little importance. The re-opening began on Friday last with a harvest festival. The church, made exceedingly acceptable by improvements and repairs, was, with the efforts of the ladies of the congregation, a picture of invalidness. The floral tests that embellished the walls, the organs (yes in perfect tune), the decoration of the chancel, trunk, and upright bespoke exquisite taste and refinement, making the door old building a familiar friend in the happiest possible sense. The substantial and generous support by the choir and the addresses by the Rev. Dr. Rider, and shortly after left for Canada, and was immediately appointed by the Bishop of Toronto to the pleasant parish of Bedford and parts adjacent, where he remained five years. He was then moved to the town of Barrie, where he remained in charge of the Episcopal church for a period of 22 years. He was then placed in charge of Windsor, of which church he was rector in January 1874. Dr. C. was present at the meeting at Toronto at which steps were first taken in the synodical government of the Episcopal Church in Canada, a movement which was that regarded by some with much suspicion, but which subsequent events have proved to have been not only publicist, but even necessary. He was a member of the first Synod, and upon the formation of the Provincial Synod of Canada was elected a clerical delegate, and has been present at all the meetings of the Provincial Synod. For 15 years he held the position of Chairman of a County Board of Instruction. Dr. C. has always identified with secret societies, being in Masonry Past First Principal of Royal Arch Chapter, Windsor, a member of the Council, a Knight Templar, and having reached the 30th degree in the Ancient Scottish Rite. In Odd-fellowship he has also passed the chairs in both the Lodge and the Camp. As to politics, Dr. C. is certainly admitted from any public expression of his views, deeming such a course inconsistent with a minister's calling, and demands relations with men of both sides. Dr. C., immediately upon his ordination, was united to Mary Ann Waring, sister of the leading topics of his native place, the families having always been closely connected, the young people having for many years been educated together. But one child, a daughter, survives the ravages of death, but they have lived to see their grandchildren around them. Some years since Dr. C., with his wife and son, went home to visit his native place, after an absence of 20 years; spent their time among the old familiar scenes, changed, I wish, if you kindly give me space, to offer sincere thanks to "Truth" for the reply he received from the Australian gentleman, whose letter I did not see. One cannot but admire the adoption of the first item.

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Rev. Lee. Coats opposed the scheme as a so called case of assessment, when it was one of coercion. It just meant, get all you can from the circuits, and then the minister must make up the rest himself. It was revolving the ministers. The scheme of payments is too liberal and will not stand on business principles. You must do away with sentiment and come down to business principles in connection with this fund, which should not contemplate the payment of any man but those who were really worn out in the work, not the payment of men who from some physical defect can find no sphere on the work. Pay such men a lump sum and let them go to the North-west and take up land and earn a living. As it is there has been many a good farmer spoiled to make a good preacher already. (Laughter.) We had not got to the bottom of this matter. Let an actuary be got, and a feasible system of payments to the fund and payments out of it devised. As it stood now they proposed to pay a man a great deal more out of it than he paid in.

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Dr. Fowler moved in amendment to the amendment, that hereafter the deficiency of the superannuation fund be apportioned among the ministers on the scale of the amount of contributions of the circuits to the connexional funds, and that each superintendent be at liberty to use the best means in his judgment to raise the necessary amount.

This amendment was not taken up.

Rev. Mr. Bland's amendment was put and lost.

Mr. McDonald's amendment was, that upon every circuit a sermon shall be preached annually upon this subject when the special collection for this object be taken up, and that each minister be urged to secure the members of his church and congregation to subscribe to the superannuated ministers' fund. Amendment was lost.

The clause of the report regarding the assessment was adopted.

Moved by Rev. Dr. Ryckman, that at the financial district meeting in regard to this assessment, exceptional circumstances of any circuit shall be taken into account.

An objection was made that this resolution would make the acchiency of the scheme a farce.

The object of the motion was that when a circuit was very poor a portion of its assessment may be taken off by the district meeting, and apportioned among the other circuits.

Dr. Fowler again brought up his resolution given above. It was again ruled out for the time.

The part of the Superannuation Committee report referring to the scale of payments was now read and discussed.

The first item was adopted.

Rev Mr. Robinson said the Conference should remember that the fund was an incorporated one, and could sue and be sued, and the Conference could not do away with any man's rights in the fund, as any claimant could enter a suit in chancery, and stop all payments from the fund.

When reading the second and third items, Dr. Sanderson said these clauses of assessment had been perpetual claimants at $12 a year. Now in the one case he was a limited claimant at $8 a year to continue for five years, and in no other case to $8 a year for eight years.

The time for adjournment having come, announcements were made, and Conference adjourned to 3 30 p.m.

DEATH OF CANON CAULFEILD.

Brief Sketch of the Life and Labors of Dr. St. George Caulfeild.

An esteemed correspondent writing from Windsor yesterday (18th) supplies the following autobiographical sketch of Rev. St. George Caulfeild, who died at Windsor on Sunday last:

Reverend Canon St. George Caulfeild was born at Kilmeagh, county Kilkenny, Ireland, on September, 1820. He was educated by Dr. Brown and at Middleton college, county Cork, and was an LL. D. of Trinity College, Dublin. Deceased was the youngest son of Rev. Hans Caulfeild, who was for 56 years rector of Kilmeagh, and who, together with Rev. Peter Roe, of Kilkenny, was the cause of a revival of evangelical truth in that portion of Ireland. In his early training he is mainly due that daring and boldness in Canada the subject of this sketch has ever been among the foremost supporters of the cause of God's word against every error and subterfuge.

Dr. C. sterling early in life in preparation for the sacred ministry, had time to take the full ar's course of four years, and subsequently two years in the divinity course in his alma mater, graduating with honors in the university. On attaining the full canonical age he was ordained to the deaconate under the Bishop of Ossory, the celebrated Dr. O'Brien, and shortly after left for Canada, and was immediately appointed by the Bishop of Toronto to the pleasant parish of Bedford and parts adjacent, where he remained five years. He was then moved to the town of Barrie, where he remained in charge of the Episcopal church for a period of 22 years. He was then placed in charge of Windsor, of which church he was rector in January 1874. Dr. C. was present at the meeting at Toronto at which steps were first taken in the synodical government of the Episcopal Church in Canada, a movement which was that regarded by some with much suspicion, but which subsequent events have proved to have been not only publicist, but even necessary. He was a member of the first Synod, and upon the formation of the Provincial Synod of

WE HOLD
ABOUT THIRTY PACKAGES OF
TEAS,
which will be sold
FAR BELOW COST.
J.M. Longan & Co

Baking Powder
Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.
PREPARED AT
STRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, September 19, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Tuesday, Sept. 19, 1882.

Sun rises.....4.52 a.m. | Moon rises...12.44 p.m
Sun sets.....6.11 p.m. | Moon sets....10.15 p.m
Day of the year—262nd.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last quarter	4th	6.37 a.m.
New moon	12th	7.49 p.m.
First quarter	20th	8.15 a.m.
Full moon	27th	12 m.

HOW TO FORETELL THE WEATHER.

Mr. A. J. DeVoe, of Hackensack, N. J., sends the following ten short rules, by use of which, it is said, one in any part of the Northern Hemisphere (north of latitude fifteen) can form an accurate opinion of how the wind and weather are progressing for a hundred miles around him:

1. When the temperature falls suddenly there is a storm forming south of you.

2. When the temperature rises suddenly there is a storm forming north of you.

3. The wind always blows from a region of fair weather towards a region where a storm is forming.

4. Cirrus clouds always move from a region where a storm is in progress, towards a region of fair weather.

5. Cumulus clouds always move from a region of fair weather, towards a region where a storm is forming.

6. When cirrus clouds are moving rapidly from the north or north-west, there will be rain in less than twenty-four hours, no matter how cold it may be.

7. When cirrus clouds are moving rapidly from the south or south-west, there will be a cold rain storm on the morrow if it be summer, and if it be winter there will be a snow storm.

8. The wind blows in a circle around a storm, and when it blows from the north the heaviest rain is east of you; from the south, the heaviest rain is west; from the east, the heaviest rain is south; from the west, the heaviest rain is north of you.

9. The wind never blows unless rain or snow is falling within one thousand miles of you.

10. Whenever a heavy white frost occurs, a storm is forming within one thousand miles north or north-west of you.

MINNESOTA WEATHER REVIEW.

Toronto, Sept. 19, 1 a. m.—The pressure is low over the northern portion of the continent, and general high over the southern portion. The weather has been very warm in the lake region, accompanied by thunder storms in some localities. Light rain has fallen at most places along the St. Lawrence and in the Maritime Provinces. For the lakes, strong winds or moderate gales, veering to the north-west and north; fair to cloudy, considerably cooler weather, with rain areas and thunder storms.

GOLDNER'S TROUBLE.

Mr. Joseph Goldner Arrested and Committed to Jail for Fraud.

For a number of years Mr. Joseph Goldner has carried on business in the city as a dealer in clothing and gents' furnishings, and has always stood high in the estimation of the commercial community. Last week, however, owing to suspicions that were aroused, a watch was placed on his store in the city for the purpose of ascertaining if goods were being removed. Quite a number of his customers were somewhat taken aback last night on learning that he had been arrested and lodged in jail on a charge of fraud. The information was laid by Mr. Geo. C Gibbons, on behalf of a firm in Montreal, and who in turn represent an English creditor. It appears that the accused has for some time past reshipped goods from this city without even paying the duty upon them, or anything else, to an auction firm in Toronto, where they were sold for cash at 60 cents on the dollar, the money being returned to Goldner. The present claim amounts to £350 sterling, but Goldner's creditors are said to be quite numerous, the principal ones being in Montreal, Hamilton, Toronto and this city. It is said his total liabilities will foot up to about $25 000. The accused has always met his obligations promptly, his credit was good, and his action in the present case of this kind more inexplicable. The case is said to be one of the worst that has come before the mercantile community for many years. The supposition is that he wanted to "make his pile" and abscond. A large quantity of goods are on their way from England, and but for the prompt action taken it is likely that they would have been got off by the same process. He has been remanded to jail till the 22nd inst.

MR. GOLDNER'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Goldner states that, in so far as the reshipment of the goods is concerned, there was no concealment in his part, and that none was intended. When he discovered that the sales were not profitable to him, and would not warrant a continuance of the business, he immediately cancelled the order he had given creditors for additional goods. He had been for some time in the jobbing trade, and found that it did not pay, but was induced by others to go into it on principles, and was confident that his explanation would satisfy his creditors of the truth of that statement.

It is expected that the accused will be liberated on bail this afternoon or evening, and it is altogether likely that he will make over his property for the benefit of his creditors.

A Board order issued in December last by the Ontario Government, through the Inspector of Prisons, to the keepers of jails, prevents the defendant's side of the story from being made public. The order reads: "That no prisoner or persons whomsoever shall be permitted to interview a prisoner or prisoners, with the view of getting his or her statement for publication." A FREE PRESS reporter, however, through the medium of a friend, secured the above statement for publication, and Mr. Goldner expressed his intention of making full and explicit explanations of the affair as soon as he is liberated.

CAPTURED AT LAST.—On the 1st of August a warrant was issued at the instance of Mary Beck against W. Brenner and Jas. Nevis, of London East, who charged them with assaulting and abusing her daughter and breaking windows, but the boys left for parts unknown and could not be arrested. Yesterday, however, they returned and were promptly captured by the detectives of the West End Bureau. On being brought before Squire Hannah they promised to pay the costs and damages, and this being accepted by the complainant, they were discharged.

MECHANICS' HALL.—The sensational comedy-drama of "Nip and Tuck" was presented last night by Mr. Harry Webber, supported by a good company, before a large audience. The piece is full of action and contains many startling as well as amusing scenes. The audience, which was composed mainly of men and boys, were highly delighted.

Help Wanted!
First-class Coat-maker, first-class Pants and Vest-maker, for fine custom work.
Also stout boy for parcels and general work. Apply at once.
ROBT. WALLACE,
Clothier and Gents' Outfitter,
146 Dundas St.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

Three drunks occupied banks in the Central Police Station last night.

Rev. J. A. Murray, of this city, preached in Knox Church, Guelph, on Sunday last.

According to the popular proverb fall began in earnest with the advent of the new moon.

Mr. Isaac Waterman has returned from a six weeks' business trip through the Maritime Provinces.

Mr. Geo. Jackson will ship a car-load of bob-sleighs to Manitoba, to-day. Tally another for the N. P.

The formal opening of the Provincial Exhibition will take place this afternoon by Hon. Mr. Pope, Minister of Agriculture.

Mr. E. W. Bateman, of Hamilton, yesterday received the first car-load of flour ever shipped from Winnipeg, and he pronounces it the best ever brought into that city.

The funeral of the late R. W. Bro. W. T. Bray, of Wingham, will be attended by the Grand Lodge of Canada Masons, and under its auspices. It takes place at Wingham, this afternoon, at four o'clock.

A game of base ball was played at Aylmer yesterday between the Tornados, of that place, and the Atlantics, of St. Thomas, resulting in a victory for the visitors by 5 to 1. Some excellent play was exhibited on both sides.

It was inadvertently stated in the account of the "Two Incendiary Fires," which appeared in yesterday's issue, that Detective Chair arrested the supposed fire-bug Trainor. P. C. Ryder captured the man, and deserves the credit.

Mrs. Bescroft, of London West, who was so severely bunced on Saturday afternoon, was reported slightly easier last night, although Dr. Smith was not disposed to place much stress upon the apparently favorable symptoms.

Two men named Hosmer and Moore, who turned Queen's evidence in the Lesoh-Bayham case, attempted to break out of St. Thomas jail a few nights ago, but their plans were discovered by the jailer and turnkey, and they now linger in the dungeon.

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Case in progress. W. R. Meredith for plaintiffs; M. D. Fraser for defendant.

"Twenty-eight years experience," says an eminent physician, "convinces me that the only cure for nervous exhaustion and weakness of the generative organs is to repair the waste by giving brain and nerve foods, and of all the remedies compounded Mack's Magnetic Medicine is the best." The sale of this article during the past year has been marvellous, and almost unprecedented in the annals of the patent medicine trade. With each order for 12 packages, accompanied with 25 addressed to Mack's Magnetic Medicine Company, they send their written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. See the advt. in another column.

REDUCED IN PRICE
THE MONTSERRAT LINE FROM JUNE,
THE MONTSERRAT LINE JUNE CORDIAL,
AND ERIN' FRUIT SALT
—AT—
Harkness & Co.,
Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

MODEL MILITIA.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

The following orders were issued yesterday:—

THE DETAIL.

Brigade Camp,
London, 18th Sept., 1882.

Field officer of the day—Lt.-Col. Scott, 29th Battalion.

Next for duty—Major McMillan, 26th Battalion.

Surgeon for the day—Assistant-Surgeon R. R. Smith, 26th Battalion.

Next for duty—Surgeon Billington, 20th Battalion.

The 29th Battalion will furnish the brigade guard, picket, band, etc.

No. 1—Officers commanding corps will draw from the Quartermaster five rounds of blank ammunition, to be expended to-morrow at the 10 o'clock drill, in a manner indicated as the duties of the General commanding in previous brigade orders.

On all occasions, before issuing blanks to the men, their pouches are to be examined, and all ball cartridges removed, and after the firing, before the men are dismissed, all unexpended ammunition is to be taken from them, and returned to the camp quartermaster.

No. 2. The Inspector of artillery will inspect the London Field Battery to-morrow, and see the practice carried out on Wednesday. The officer commanding will make all necessary arrangements to meet the views of the Inspector, and also draw sufficient rations in advance for the subsistence of all who may be sent out for practice. The officer commanding the 26th Battalion is requested to allow Captain Garratt to accompany the artillery, and assist during the practice.

Officers commanding corps will be in readiness for the annual inspection (for pay) at any moment they may be called upon to turn out.

No. 3. Officers commanding companies are responsible that the men of their companies are supplied with pipe clay and blacking, as per brigade orders of the 15th of August, and also all for the purpose of enabling the men under their immediate control to keep their arms, leather work, etc., in proper order, as it is impossible for the men to turn out properly dressed unless provided with the necessaries.

By order, M. AYLMER, Lt.-Col.
Brigade Major.

AN INTERESTING SERVICE.

The evening service of song and prayer in the Y. M. C. A. rooms attracted a large audience, and the programme proved of an interesting character, differing pleasantly from the usual routine, which is being highly appreciated by the men.

MUSIC OF THE WIND.

A brilliant display was made during the evening by the 7th Battalion, the officers of which paraded in front of the House of the Temple, at the eastern side of the grounds. The men were in full force, and as they marched and counter-marched the effect was very fine. A large crowd assembled to witness the operations, and as the musicians moved with the utmost precision, executing the most intricate evolutions with apparent ease, they were accorded round after round of applause, which seemed a fine appearance on the parade ground.

The only incident of note yesterday was the arrival of Col. Moorehouse, who will be appointed the tents and accoutrements of the London Field Battery, and will instruct the men to the form prescribed by the military rules. He warmly complimented Major Peters on the splendid condition in which throughout the Battery, the soldierly appearance of the men, and the creditable manner in which they performed the difficult exercises. He expressed surprise that the Battery has not been a field battery, and should have acquired so high a degree of excellence. The Battery will be inspected by the Colonel this week, and he (Col. Moorehouse) will leave for the new range in Delaware, where the men will accordingly demonstrate their ability at ball practice on moving targets, the edification of the inspecting officer.

THE RANGE.

The usual routine was observed in camp this morning, but at the 10 o'clock parade the men were supplied with ball cartridges and blank ammunition, and the regularity in which the battalions fired proved conclusively a very worthy and paid particular attention to this branch of drill. The target was set well in sight out Wellington road, and the "spots" were but where the work is well done there is no reason why it should not be done. It should be stated, and in this connection the 30th Battalion must be complimented on the regularity of their firing, and the splendid conduct of the men. The target was extremely basket, but the men were not disposed to place much stress upon the apparently favorable symptoms.

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MARY STUART,
CARNATION PINK,
WOOD VIOLET,
WHITE ROSE,
—AND ALL—
THE FINEST PERFUMES
in bulk, manufactured by the celebrated ALFRED WRIGHT.
ALSO, A FULL LINE OF
Lubin's and Atkinson's.
FOR SALE BY
Wm. Saunders,
188 Dundas Street.

BAWDEN vs BAWDEN.

An Interesting Local Suit at the Chancery Court.

Madeline Bawden Sues Her Brother George for $6,500.

At the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, this morning in session at the Court House here, the case of Madeline Bowden vs. *Gerge* Bawden came up for hearing, the plaintiff being represented by Meek, Q. C. and Macbeth, and the defendant by W. H. Bartram.

After the usual preliminaries, the plaintiff, Madeline Bawden, sold to Mr. Macbeth:—I am the plaintiff in this action; am now 21 years of age; in 1878 I lived in Kalamazoo, Mich., in the house of one Marcus Gibbs; lived here about four years; my parents were dead and I was taken as a child to be brought up by Gibbs and his wife; I was induced by Gibbs in 1878; my brother, the defendant, was sent for to see what he could do for me; he asked me about it and then saw Gibbs, but the latter did nothing, and I returned to London with my brother; after five or six weeks I went back to Kalamazoo with my brother, who said he had made a settlement with Gibbs, and papers were to be executed; we all went to Judge Buck's office in Kalamazoo, and the money—$2,500—was paid over; it was necessary to have a guardian, as I was under age, and I chose my brother, the defendant, who was the eldest of two brothers; the money was paid over to the defendant, who was to invest it for me at interest, and the principal paid me on coming of age. I am now of age; have applied for the money, and my brother refuses to pay it.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bartram:—I came back and lived with my brother; knew that he used the money in his business; that he launched out into a larger business after receiving it; he bought his father-in-law out; he said he was going to give me the money when I became of age; I became of age; He never paid me any interest; he once paid me $70, I lived with him and did not work and did not count myself one of the family, but as a servant; his wife helped some; I now live with Mr. Hoyt; Gibbs is a relative; he brought a former suit as my next friend at the instance of my sister and I.

Mr. Bartram submitted at this stage of the case, before entering upon the defence, that the plaintiff could not recover the amount claimed. It having been paid in pursuance of a criminal offence.

His Lordship—You had better call your witnesses.

Geo. Bawden was then sworn, and said—I am the defendant; I was sent for by my sisters, and went to Kalamazoo, Mich., and found that my other had been seduced by Gibbs, who had taken her to a Dr. King there, and had an abortion performed on her, and they wanted me to commence an action in the matter; my other sisters were anxious that I should take her out of the country, and I brought her to London; Gibbs proposed to keep her there, and me that she wanted for nothing; I afterwards returned to Kalamazoo again, but did not make a settlement with Gibbs; I wrote them that I would settle for $2,500, and if they did not accept it I would have them arrested, and when the whole crowd to Jackson; this was the third visit; I said they would give them till Friday at 4 o'clock to see whether they would pay me or go to Jackson; in the meantime I had the necessary papers prepared and in readiness to arrest Peters; they followed me from the day I got there till Friday afternoon, offering me first $1,000, $1 500, $1,900, and then they were arrested, and when I got back the whole crowd to Jackson; this was the third visit; I said they would give them till Friday at 4 o'clock to see whether they would pay me or go to Jackson; in the meantime I had the necessary papers prepared and in readiness to arrest Peters; they followed me from the day I got there till Friday afternoon, offering me first $1,000, $1 500, $1,900, and then they were arrested, and when I got back the whole crowd to Jackson; this was the third visit; I said they would pay expenses myself; they afterwards paid me the $2,500, and the man who had the case—— [—— leaf, as I could have had $5 000; I got the $2,500; they were sorry of me; they thought I was going to have them arrested; there was no trust whatever; the money was paid right into my hands, and I gave a receipt to Gibbs that we would never take any other action in the matter, either criminal or civil; my sister, Mrs. Gibbs, had nothing to do with it; I had the whole case in my own hands; Mr. Gibbs was almost; it was a kind of compromised affair all through; Gibbs, it seems, was very wealthy and had judge Buck and the whole of them hushed up the affair; I do not know how the laws are, but it appeared to be a "hushed matter all through; I was to take my sister back to the bosom of the country; there was no term stated, but I was to keep her altogether; I came back and used this money in my own business; Mr. Gibbs never came to pay the money over to him, but said "you the money was yours," and I was going to keep it; I brought my sister here; no one knew about the matter except the doctor and two or three of the papers, and I asked them to keep it out of the papers, and no one knew about it till my brother-in-law, Byrington, brought the whole matter up. My sister knew I was using the money in my business.

Cross-examined by Mr. Rook, Q C—They sent for me to go over and I took the matter up in my own hands with Gibbs; we could not do anything with him for the seduction, but for the abortion; I saw Mr. Rook; he said nothing about civil proceedings; I heard what he said in his depositions, but his evidence is not worth that ball he is keeping a low-lived saloon; I was looking after the money for myself, as I thought I had to take my sister out of the country.

Question.—Were you trying to get the money for your sister or yourself?

Ans.—I won't answer that question; I should think any man has a settlement; I say I got the money for myself.

Q—And not for your sister?

A.—I won't answer that question at all?

Q—Then anybody could have done just what you did, I suppose?

A.—I suppose they could, but they didn't; they can take up the case there now; I never go over there now and get this Gibbs and this other person.

Q—You were "blackmailing," then?

A—No! I don't know as I am being that. When I went back to Kalamazoo Dr. King offered me $500, and I said not a cent less would I take, and $2,500 was the time I took my sister back with me to give a receipt for the money, as per Gibbs' directions; we agreed upon $2,500; that was paid to me; I cannot say for whom it was paid.

Q—Was it paid for your sister?

A.—I do not think it was; I think it was paid to me; it was handed up, surely.

Q.—Was it not paid for your sister's benefit?

A.—I do not think it was; I remember saying in my examination that I was appointed guardian, but I was never appointed guardian.

A commission of evidence taken in Kalamazoo, was read in court. It contained the statements, under oath, of Judge Buck, L. A. Burke, counsellor-at-law, and Clara Bowen, a sister of the parties to the suit.

After the respective counsel had summed up on behalf of their clients, His Lordship delivered judgment, in the course of which he stigmatized the conduct of the defendant as despicable and villainous in the extreme. The decree was for the plaintiff, which declares the defendant a trustee of $2,000 for the plaintiff, and refers the matter to the Master in Chancery at London, to take the usual accounts.

AMERICAN SHRIVING.

Two negroes fought at the side of a well at Bayboro', N. C., yesterday. Both fell into the water and drowned.

At Georgetown and Central City, Col., a comet was plainly seen at 11 o'clock yesterday morning with the naked eye, about five degrees from the sun, and in a direction a trifle south of west.

Four hundred employes of the Sidaway Plate Works at Hunter's Point, L. I., struck yesterday on account of the superiority of the superintendent. It is said if his letter is not discharged 1,000 employes in New York will also strike.

This Afternoon's Despatches.

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT.

DAMIETTA.

Alexandria, Sept. 18.—Abdelal Pasha, Commander of Damietta, has requested that an officer be sent to inform him of recent events. This is considered as foreshadowing the surrender of Damietta.

ABOUKIR.

From ten o'clock Monday morning until late in the afternoon bodies of infantry, cavalry and artillery continued to pour from Aboukir and surrender arms. There are many more to come. The ironclads Monarch, Sultan, Inconstant, Achilles, and gunboats Falcon and Condor sailed eastward and anchored off Aboukir. The forts there will be occupied by sailors and marines.

MADE SUBMISSION.

Altogether 23,000 men from various parts made submission at Kafr-el-Dwar.

THREATNE TO CONTINUE THE WAR.

New York, Sept. 19.—A United Press cable from Alexandria says:—Fugitive troops from the wreck of Arabi's army are assembling in Upper Egypt, and threaten to continue the war. An expedition is being prepared, formed chiefly from the Indian contingent, to suppress them.

CENSORSHIP ABOLISHED.

Alexandria, Sept. 19.—Telegraphic censorship has been abolished.

THE KHEDIVE'S VISIT TO CAIRO.

The Indian cavalry leave Cairo to-day for the purpose of escorting the Khedive from Alexandria to Cairo on Thursday. The Ministry of the Interior will be transferred to Cairo to-morrow.

RUMORED SURRENDER.

Cairo, Sept. 19.—It is reported Abdelal Pasha has surrendered. A large body of Egyptian infantry with four batteries, supposed to be from Salihyeh, surrendered at Tantai to the Highlanders.

Arctic Perils.

London, Sept. 19.—Sir Henry Gore Booth telegraphs from Hammersmith that the Arctic vessel Kara met ice on August 12th, and was subsequently driven ashore on Fern Island. She floated till Sept 3rd, uninjured, and sailed southward.

The Czar's Coronation.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—The preparations for the coronation of the Czar are being hurriedly completed. The ceremony will take place on October 10th.

Paint Explosion.

Berlin, Sept. 19.—By an explosion of fire-damp in a mine at Saarbrucken yesterday seven were killed or injured.

THE ILL-FATED ASIA.

Facts About the Carrying Capacity of the Foundered Steamer.

A Screw Loose Somewhere Regarding Her Inspection.

Toronto, Sept. 19.—The following information has been obtained from Messrs. Risley and Mowatt, Steamboat Inspectors, regarding the ill-fated Asia:—She belongs, or did belong, to the Great Northern Transit Company, and was originally inspected by Mr. Risley, according to the revised Marine and Fisheries Act, is empowered to grant authority to steamboat owners to carry passengers from that date—the first in their charter, but not to give authority to carry more passengers than the charter allows, and to this date we were not aware that the Company added a 17 feet yawl, 120 feet forward, and have a fine large place placed amidships he would forward their application to the Minister of Marine at Ottawa, and the latter granted the request for more than 150 passengers. It is customary for the Company to have their boat inspected annually, but this was not accomplished, and stood accordingly. Mr. Risley, however, was aware of excess illegal, always supposing the report that about 100 persons had been carried. In fact, he intended to have been present. In fact, he had given instructions to his brother, Mr. Risley, to employ a lawyer at once, who will institute proceedings against the Great North-ern Transit Company. So particular is the law on this passenger question that the charter of this vessel is required to be kept with the most conspicuous place on board, so that he who sails may read; but we need hardly say this is not complied with. The Asia has not been regularly steamboats do not accede to the requirements of the law, and the Asia is not the only one. Her charter was granted by Mr. Risley, and he has no power to grant more than 150 passengers

RLING & CO
wers and Maltsters.
W ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR
Amber Ales, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
P & HALF,
recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Births

...ld St., city, on the 30th September, D. S. Tuttle, of a son.
...ugust 27th, the wife of Chas. F. Hunter, of a daughter.

Died

...on, 1st, at his residence, London ...ards Houlihan, aged 18 years and ...

...will leave his late residence, ... at 2 o'clock, p. m., Tuesday, for St ... Friends and acquaintances ...

RESSMENTS

...L AND LITERARY ... connection with the Y. ... will be held in the London ... Thursday evening, October ... of the Association ... invited to all. ...

...AL AND LITERARY ... connection with the Y. ... will be held in the London ... Thursday evening, October ... cordially to come and ... Free. Collection in aid of the ... cordial invitation is extended ...

MEETINGS

...RESTED IN THE OR... ...ION of a Presbyterian congre... ...Scotland, are requested to attend ... of Alex. Gunn, Esq., on Tues... at 7:30. ...

...ND CLASS FOR LA... ...tlemen at Victoria Hall, cor... ...J. L. Payne, commencing Oc... ...ne, including Y. M. C. A. ... ...ture course, &c., $5; members, ...cretary. ...

...MEN'S CHRISTIAN ...TION.—The adjourned meeting ...ll be held on Tuesday, ... Victoria Hall, 7 p. m. ... ...ested to be present. ...

...T OR POOL. ...

...under this heading one cent ...

...SATURDAY LAST, ...t street and Queen's avenue, ...n Brooch. The finder will be ...ring it at this office. ...

...A. — LOST, THURS... ...in this city, a lady's umbrella. ...finder will be re... ...ring it to this office. ...

...ID ASTRAY

...ME ASTRAY, INTO ... of John Raymond, Lime ... an old brown mare. The ...wner is requested to call and ...

...ND LODGING. ...

...under this heading one cent ...

...ROOMS, WITH ...aple street. 134th ...

...O LET. ...

...under this heading one cent ...

...LET IN MOGAR... ...on. Immediate possession ...

...WELL-FURNISH... ...let. Inquire at 263 Queen's ... 126th

...E 2 NEW HOUSES ...posite Union School, are ...ady to J. H. Hoskins, 86 ... 75v

...THE BUSINESS ...ction East, two first-class ...ts, barnyard with water, &c., ...e for a good host and shoe ...le. Apply to W. H. Wright, ... London East. 124th-oct

...VER 1,800 SQUARE ...ards wanted, white, near ...y, rush, &c. North corner ...dington. Apply to Duncan ...r English Loan Co. ...

...IBLE STORES IN ...a Richmond street, to rent, ...a commercial tenant. Apply ...Richmond Tabernacle Co. ...ditions to be made. Apply ...ately. ...

...MS, FIRST FLOOR ...Co's Block, corner Dundas ...by lot. Entrance off Clarence ... few days. Suitable offices ...ms, etc. — Apply to H. J. ...ker. 116tf

...TO PURCHASE. ...

...—IRON TURNING ...counting four power. Apply ...4 Ridout St. ...

...R SALE ...

...under this heading one cent ...

...CYCLES.—A FEW ...ns for sale cheap, ...ppearance. Also English ... all kinds of sewing ma... ...anufacturer Agents. Repairs ...

...NUT, CHERRY) ...ood, and other Lumber for ...ale, Robinson's Wharf, ...

...SWITZER HAS JUST ...large assortment of Saratoga ...Cropped Braids, Invisible Nets ...ine and singles, &c. Waves ...ceive promptly attended to. ...Dundas st. west. Kilbride ...

...E LICENSES ISSUED ...ueen street 6th house from Dun... ...ded by W. G. MACHATTIE. ...186thls ...

...DEMITS, ARTISTIC ...s, at Free Press Office. All ...Printing in the best style of the ...

...GE LICENSES CAN BE ...on application at residence or ...D HARRIS. ...184wky ...

...NEW HAMS, BACON, ...s pork, and sausages, at J. ...t House. 125th ...

...& CO., PRIVATE EN... ...and Collection Agency, 43 Broad... ...square, Kingston, Ont. Strictly ...closing stamp for reply. 116tf-y ...

...-HAND CLOTHING. ...

...CLOTHING — SELL... ...Second Clothing to A. Moman, 377 ...n, for he pays the highest price ...him a trial, for he buys all in... ...ors left to call will be promptly ...HIGH ...

...HAVING CAST-OFF ...will be well to call on T. Fox, ...Queen Square, Lighted wagon ...ing, Silverware, &c., ...ry prices. 93 Dundas street. ...DIX ...

...R HAVING SECOND ...ld Clothing to part with, will be well ...A. Hardy, 151 Wellington street ...ar the Royal Hotel, as he ...highest cash prices for ...ladies' and gents' wear. ...916dly ...

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1882. WHOLE NO. 9284

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh
197 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT

A determinate under this heading two cents per agate count insertion.

STOUT BOYS WANTED TO work in factory.—Apply to D. S. Perrin & Co. 126tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED AS traveller for steven, heavy and shelf hard ware. Apply to the business, good connection in Western Ontario. Apply W. S., Free Press office. 126tf

SERVANTS WANTED.

A THOROUGHLY GOOD LAUNDRESS wanted to take washing home. Apply at once to Mrs. Furness, 627 Talbot st. 126tf

GIRL ABOUT 15 OR 16 TO do general house work. Apply at 344 Ridout st. 126tf

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED —Small family. References required. Apply to Mrs. Brooks, 16 Cartwright street. 125tf

LADIES' YOU CAN GET SERVANTS at short notice by leaving your address at 391 Wellington street, 10 cents, 10 clerks, 10 cents, 5 kitchen girls, 10 cents, 1 coachman, and 1 porter.—J. Coleman, Intelligence Office, 93 Dundas street.

SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS. Good domestic help of all kinds is needed to—Coffee House, Market Square.—M. GUTTAN.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — THE HOTEL stand in the Township of Hope, at G. T. R. Station, Shamford, doing a good and profitable business, with stock and furniture complete. Possession 1st day May, 1883. Terms made known on application. For further particulars apply on the premises.—J. RUDDY. 124wdw-do

BUSINESS CARDS

ANGELO DAMBRA HAS OPENED a Fruit Store, where you can get all the Fruits of the season, Confectionery, Nuts and General Goods of all kinds. 397 Richmond st. Come and see me. 83tdw-y

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Street Between Wharncliffe and Colborne, manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of Furniture to order, repairs furniture and does Upholstering generally. N.B.—There is no connection for a few months. 21 May

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY the only steam Feather and Mattress Factory, 58 Richmond street, London. 208dly

HORSEMEN—PRACTICAL horseshoeing, articular attention paid to interfering and contracted feet. CHAS. STOUT, London, Ont., next door to Reid's Hotel, Ridout St. 33tfdwtw

IRON BEDSTEADS, VARIOUS patterns; House and Cellar Grating and Coaling, Sheet Fittings and Iron Work of every description. Tweddle's Engine Machines, at the Brass Foundry.—W. C. Hoss, Clarence Street, London. Cab. Hdwr-top-lo

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with Dispatch at the Engraving Department Free Press Office.

KALUS & JR. BROWN NOW undertake all descriptions of Cabinet Work and Upholstery, in addition to their ...ck of Furniture, Carpets, Oilcloths, ...Baker's Block, 342 Dundas st. Mr. Kalus will ...ersonally superintend all orders entrusted to ...Estimates given. Billiard tables refitted. 83tdwy

NEW CONFECTIONERY OPENED by James Noble, at 686 Wellington street. Fruits, candies, tobacco and cigars, and all kinds and best qualities kept on hand at all times. Give me a call. 83tdw

THE MOST RELIABLE PLACE to obtain the highest price for household furniture, carpets, stoves, &c., is at GRAHAM'S, 260 Wellington street. 61tfdwtf

W. OATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer Rooding Material, Wellington st., Alma, promises to put on all kinds of best qualities kept on hand at all times. Give me a call. 83tdw

1882. JOHN SUSSEX, MANUFACTURER of all kinds of Fencing for house and farm fronts; fancy creating; also Iron Bedsteads, Verandahs, Balconies, Railing and broken purposes. Estimates furnished to intending and all kinds of repairing. 79 King street, south of Dundas street, London, Ont. J. CAMPBELL, manager. 83tdwy

LEGAL.

F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In Albion Block, Richmond street, London, Ontario. 83tdly

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, Scottish Loan Co's Building, Dundas street, London, Ont.

GLASS, GLASS, Barristers, etc. 458 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. CHARLES GLASS, Q.C. DAVID GLASS, Q.C. J. H. LUSCOMBE.

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Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets.

CHARLES HUTCHINSON, P. MULKERN, Geo. M'NAB. Fred P. HARPER.

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC

Offices—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. DAN M'KILLOP, Treasurer.

NUGENT & GALT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c. Office—35 Adelaide street east, Imperial buildings, next to Post Office, Toronto. FRANK E. NUGENT, THOS. P. GALT.

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS again at the old stand, 113½ Dundas street, English Loan Co's Building.

GOLD FILLINGS AND ARTIFICIAL Dentures in the highest style of the art.—H. H. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas. 126tf

H. ABBOTT, DENTIST. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Simpson's Block, London. 83tfdy

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NEW HOTEL — DOUGLAS HOUSE, Adelaide street, Wheatley. This fine house is handsomely furnished in the centre of one of the best towns in Essex county. Terms $1 per day. ROBINETT & DOUGLAS, proprietors. 180tf

OLD CHRIS., SIX YEARS AT the Albion Saloon, has set out on his own hook and opened the Bar of Mansion House, of Dundas st. The Bar is furnished with the best brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited. CHRIS. GARVEY.



First Prize Hams
JOHN B. MURPHY,
846 Dundas Street,
128-feotdw LONDON, ONT.

T. P. BLACKWELL has added to his already extensive stock of TEAS AND !! GROCERIES !! a full assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, ETC., of each description quality. Inspection solicited. In Wood, and satisfaction guaranteed.

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V.T.C
CUT-PLUG
Smoking Tobacco,
MANUFACTURED FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.
SMOKE
CABLE
AND
EL PADRE CIGARS.
To be had on every Railway Train in Canada and at all Hotels and Tobacconists, manufactured only by
S. DAVIS & SON, MONTREAL.

Toronto Branch—34 Church street. Factory—31 and 33 McGill street. 11 and 13 Temperance street. Bar Factory—146 King street, Montreal.

FALL NOTICE.
JOHN GLEN,
Merchant Tailor,
WEST END HOUSE!

New Fall Goods of every description just received. An inspection of this stock is requested by those wishing for a First-class Suit or Overcoat, at Moderate Prices. Special attention given to Clergymen's Clothing, as also to Gentlemen's Livery Servant Suits.

77 Dundas St., West. 83y

MEDICAL.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Ont., cures Diphtheria, Croup, Sore Throat, and the disorders of the throat, chest and lungs by the inhalation of Oxygen, at each month. Consultations strictly confidential. 83tdwy

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England. Office and residence, No. 81 Dundas street, London East. 83tfdy

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, HARVEY TERRACE, 466 Talbot st., London.

DRS. EOCLES & WISHART, corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington street, London, Ont.

DR. EOCLES, M. D., Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of Royal College of Surgeons, England. Special attention paid to Diseases of Women.

DR. J. WISHART, M. D., Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England. Special attention paid to Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. L. Byerson, L. R. C. P. & S., Edinburgh, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, Special attention paid to Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

DR. A. REEVE, B.A., M.D. Residence and Office—No. 21 Shuter Street, Toronto. 83tf

DR. J. H. SPENCE, DENTIST, 393 Talbot st., London. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Artificial teeth inserted on Gold, Rubber, Celluloid and Metallic bases. Gold, Silver and Cement fillings. Teeth extracted painlessly. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Consultation free. 83tdwy

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY pair made to order, good, stylish and durable.—CHANTELLER, 372 Talbot st., City.

DONOHUE & OUTLER NOW occupy Commercial chambers on the Market Square, City Hall buildings. A full assortment of Ready-made Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, &c. Repairs neatly, expeditiously and cheaply done. Work made to order and warranted true from shrinkage. Orders by mail promptly attended to. 83tdwy

HARDWARE.

5,000 DOZEN
POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS).
Highest prizes in Canadian Harvest Tools, etc.
HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS.
Waterloo Buildings, Richmond st.

167 PACKAGES
New Fall Goods!
OPENED OUT
AT KINGSMILL'S.

GRAND OPENING of the MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, TUESDAY, the 26th SEPTEMBER,
AT KINGSMILL'S

SPECIAL VALUE AMONGST the FALL PURCHASES
IN THE

Silk Department.—A large lot of extra heavy, pure French Silks (in the new fall colorings, beautiful goods), worth $1.50, selling for $1 per yard. Moire Antique, new colorings, very much under value.

Ribbon Department.—Splendid value in Sash Ribbons: new designs, new colorings, new combinations.

Furnishing Department.—Best Sheetings made, in 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, both plain and twilled, bleached. Table Linens, brown, half bleached and bleached, in both Diaper and Satin Damask. Table Napkins, 5-8, 3-4, 7-8, all pure Linen. Over 200 dozen to make your selections from. Monteith Tabling, perfectly fast, extra good quality. Washed Huckaback Towels, full range of sizes. Russia Crash, Barnsley Crash, Frost Towelling, Forfar's Glass Linen, &c. White Counterpanes in great variety.

Carpet Department.—Another shipment of pure wool surface Tapestry Carpets, 37 cents per yard by the piece. New pattern, wool surface, real Brussels at 80 cts. per yard. The largest stock of Carpets shown by any house in the Dominion, and at the lowest prices, will be found at KINGSMILL'S.

New designs, new combinations and excellent value in Dress Materials at KINGSMILL'S.

All wool Flannels, in most desirable makes, at less than mill prices, can be had at KINGSMILL'S.

You can save money in buying your Tweeds and Cloths at KINGSMILL'S.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 40 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 50 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 60 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 70 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 80 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at 90 cents per yard.

See the genuine all wool Canadian Tweeds at $1 per yard.

GO WHERE YOU CAN GET the BEST VALUE:
KINGSMILL'S

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Turkey's Influence in Egypt Gone.

France in Accord with England on the Egyptian Question.

The Trial of Arabi Pasha to Commence To-day.

Greece Reinforcing Her Troops on the Thessalian frontier.

Hundreds of Prominent Jewish Families Flocking from Germany.

Mr. Gillon Decides to remain in Persia for the Present.

Success of Coercion in Ireland—Spread of the Arab Rebellion at Hedjes—Indian Soldiers to be Presented with Medals—The Bankskillen Fire Extinguished.

Egyptian Affairs.

Constantinople, Oct. 2.—It is evident that the leading Turkish diplomatists are convinced that the influence of the Porte in Egypt is practically a thing of the past. Although the Porte will make every effort to secure a voice in the final settlement of the Egyptian question, there is little consideration for the success of the attempt. The fact is recognized that the authority now order of things must be established in Egypt, and it is advised that England cannot permit the interference of any other Powers in the settlement. It is believed that the British Cabinet has made direct secret negotiations with the Porte for obtain their assent to the measures proposed by England regarding the financial control, the protection of the Suez Canal, and the reorganization of the Egyptian army. That England will make the most of her conquest is thought to be certain, and it is believed the government of Egypt will henceforth be absolutely under English control, while every exertion will be made to restore the status quo ante bellum, and thus deprive the Porte and the Continental Powers of any plausible pretext for interference in Egyptian affairs. This point gained, England will proceed to deal with the question entirely within the views of her own interests, and secure complete control of the international highway to the East.

It is rumored that dynamite was found among the hay stored in the railway sheds at Cairo.

The French Ambassador to Turkey has been instructed to act in concert with the English Ambassador for the settlement of affairs in Egypt.

Cairo, Oct. 2.—A private examination of Arabi was held to-day. The regular trial commences to-morrow.

Fiasco of Coercion.

New York, Oct. 2.—The *Tribune's* London cable says that the expiration of the Coercion Acts asserts from some of the opponents of the Ministry an avowal of the substantial though not complete success of the Act. The Crimes Act, which takes the place of the Coercion Act, is more severe, and is already proving of more effect. The split among the Irish agitators would seem to be widening. Dillon's friends agree that his retirement is due to the rejection by Parnell of Davitt's crazy programme. The most peaceful file of English Journals adopts that the Irish outlook is unusually hopeful.

Mr. Dillon.

Dublin, Oct 2.—Archbishop Croke says he is authorized to state Dillon will not press his resignation just now, but will continue to represent Tipperary in Parliament until his constituency has had ample time to select a successor in the event of a continuance of Dillon's illness. It is stated that in order to show his accord with Parnell, Dillon will attend the conference of Parnellites on the 18th inst.

The Arabian Rebellion.

Constantinople, Oct. 2.—The rebellion of Arabs at Hedjaz is spreading, and the Turkish reinforcements are being sent to Jedda. The Sultan has ordered the construction of a railway from Jedda to Mecca.

It is rumored that England has secured the Sultan of the non-interference of Mr. Arabian pretensions.

Arctic Perils.

Hammerfest, Oct. 2.—The steamer Lystee has returned from Kara. She reports the total loss and accumulation of ice prevents its passage. She left Danish exploring vessels on Sept 22nd, the latest, south of Valgalle Island. All were well, and hoped to be free shortly.

Greece Preparing for Emergencies.

Athens, Oct. 2.—The Government, in anticipation of a possible renewal of complications with Turkey in regard to the frontier, has ordered Greek troops on the Thessalian border to be reinforced.

Indian Soldiers to be Rewarded.

London, Oct. 2.—It has been decided to bring a number of non-commissioned officers of the Indian regiments from Egypt to England so that the Queen may present them with war medals.

A Galway Landlord's Story.

London, Oct. 2.—A Galway landlord writes that he believes the bodies of the Martlys have been exhumed by the peasantry and again thrown into the bog in Meath.

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St. Petersburg, Oct. 2.—A large quantity of dynamite has been discovered in a railway truck at Kief. It is believed Nihilists shipped it.

The Persecuted Jews.

Prosbury, Oct. 2.—Six hundred Jewish families have left the city on account of the riots.

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Enniskillen, Oct. 2.—The fire in the castle and military barracks is extinguished.

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Capt. Watson, of the schooner Dart, at St. John, N. B., reports that on Sunday a barge, whose name he did not know, stranded in the vicinity of Manchester and went ashore broadside on. He thinks she was a Bermuda vessel. She had been into East Port for a harbor.

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A bride, this morning, at Atlanta, Ellen Allie Simmons and her eked her son, aged six, fifty feet. The latter will die.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Chicago Situation.

Chicago, Oct 2.—There was a large attendance at the Church of the Ascension yesterday morning at the celebration of Holcombs high mass. Father Dowd, former rector and founder of the parish, acted as sub deacon; Father Beaudet, the assistant minister, being celebrant. The pastor, the Rev. Arthur Ritchie, preached the sermon, his text being: "The stone which the builders refused is become the headstone of the corner. This is the Lord's doing; it is marvelous in our eyes." It was a dissertation upon the recent advance of the Anglican communion, along Catholic and Primitive lines. In conclusion the speaker said, as to sharpen against himself, "I simply place myself squarely on record in the questions at issue, and challenge investigation."

State Hall

Buffalo, Oct. 2.—The League season proper closed to-day with the Boston-Providence game at Providence, in which the visitors were victorious. The result makes them tie with the Buffalo for third place, and according to the agreement entered into at Philadelphia, that should a tie occur, the Boston and Buffaloes would play a series of five games to decide the third place. Two of the games will be played at Philadelphia on Oct 4th and 5th and three New York on the 6th, 7th and 9th. This, with the contested games between Chicago and Providence for the championship, will prolong the season a couple of weeks. Score of to-day's game:—Boston, 2; Providence, 1.

New York Bloomerisms.

New York, Oct. 2.—Jennie Wade 40, a fifteen-year-old daughter of a wealthy family of Leads, Greene county, was found dead in a room at the Arms Hotel yesterday. She was sitting the proprietor of the hotel, who was a relative, when she suffocated, a gas burner being turned on. It is not known whether it was suicide or accident. Jennie had an interview with her husband Saturday night. Frank Campbell, aged 21, a wealthy and fashionable young man, died suddenly yesterday. It is supposed accidentally while trying to find out how persons suspended by the neck feel. He was a Lima novel reader.

The Recent Political Riots.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 2.—It is now stated that at the political riot in Lancaster, S. C., on Thursday, seven were killed and twenty-one wounded. Col. Cash had to lock himself up to escape the fury of the whites. The wounded fares fired over the heads of the rioting whites on the express engaged and the shots were closed and every man was armed to the teeth. The negroes raged negroes had threatened to burn the town and murder the whites.

A Railway Smasher.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 2.—In an accident on the Memphis & Charleston Railway to-day, a stripper and a first class coach were thrown down an embankment 50 feet high. The stripper rolled over twice and the coach three times. Twenty-three passengers were in the coach and all but five were seriously injured. The second car was caused by a broken rail.

Double Murder in Missouri.

Devil's Mr., Oct. 2.—A half breed Indian named George Pelster, while riding in a wagon yesterday with Robert Williams, James Anderson and Arthur Kain received an old quarrel with Anderson and shot him in the head, then shot Williams through the heart. He has been lodged in jail.

Fatal Explosion.

Atchison, Kan., Oct 2—By the explosion of a steam pipe in Seaton & Lee's foundry this morning, Engineer Joseph Rorbe was scalded to death, and Wm. Dwyer was hurled through a window and dangerously injured.

A MURDER MYSTERY.

Kelgen's letter of acceptance of the New York Republican gubernatorial nomination was issued last evening.

A bridge at Union Mills, Ohio, fell Sunday, precipitating five men to the ground. All were badly injured; one fatally.

Mr. Minnie Kner, of Franklin, Ind., attempted to kill her little boy Sunday while temporarily insane, and fatally stabbed herself.

At Chicago yesterday Rudolph Krick, aged 5 quarrelled with a companion, ran to the house, brought out a rifle and killed her.

The general impression is that Courtney will not start in the regatta at Manchester, N. H., to-day. It is believed he is disheartened. Lee is the favorite.

A Chicago dispatch says:—It is stated a cut of fifty cents on differential rates was made to-day (Monday) over the Michigan Central, Canada Southern and Erie Railroads.

James Perry, while hunting in Franklin County, N. C., was struck down by a falling tree and pinned to the earth. He was unable to free himself and starved to death.

At Charlottesville, Va., Jim Rhodes, the murderer of the Meade family, was taken out of jail last night by a mob and hung to a tree. Rhodes vainly begged for more time to make a confession.

At North Parma, N. Y., Sunday, Dexter Clapper, aged 14, was impaled upon a hackberry stake while playing. Before He pulled the stake out swabbed and walk d to a house a few rods, where he died.

John Swezie, of Wellington, Pa., aged 14, after recording sensational stories, pointed a revolver, supposed to be unloaded, at his brother Thomas, aged 6, in imitation of an Indian killer. The weapon discharged. Thomas was shot in the eye and nearly killed.

A comet is now visible at Raleigh, N. C., and greatly frightened negroes. Many of them believe the end of the world is at hand, and are making preparations accordingly. Bells of churches are rung whenever the comet appears, and meetings are held.

On the Erie train passing over a switch near Port Jervis on Sunday, a jarring was caused and the car window fell striking James Comedy, a freight conductor and a resident of this place, on the elbow. When asked by a fellow-passenger if he was hurt, Comedy answered "yes," and immediately expired.

Central and South American News.

Panama, Sept. 24.—Central American committee are paying most miserable times since independence. The long drought has done much damage. A dangerous fever is raging along the coast.

Lima, Sept. 8.—This morning a shock of earthquake was felt at Lima and other parts of Peru.

Queenstown, Oct. 2.—Arrived Baltic. New York, Oct. 2.—Arrived Rhein from Bremen.

SHIPPING.

Montreal, Oct. 2.—Allan SS. Waldensian, from Glasgow to Quebec, via Newfoundland Halifax, arrived at St. Johns, N. F., at 11 a. m. Saturday, and continued her voyage at 10 a. m. on Monday.

Lizzie, Oct. 2.—Arrived, State of Florida.

Marseilles, Oct. 2.—Arrived, Assyria.

Queenstown, Oct. 2.—Arrived, Britannic.

Montreal, Oct. 2.—The Allan SS. Nestorian, from Quebec, arrived at Glasgow on Saturday, and loaded her live stock shipment of 332 cases in good order and condition, with the exception of one ox, which died on the passage.

A handsome sofa-pillow is made of plush the color of a robin's egg. Take a square of this for the centre, and smaller squares for the corners. The sides are handsome when made of old-gold, brocade or satin. Trim the edge with short but full and feathery fringe, or fringe made of small tassels; these may be of silk or crewel. Make a fat cushion of stocking, and, if you can afford to do so, fill it with feathers; even hens' feathers are better than the curly hair which is commonly used for this purpose. Cover the under side with felt, or with Canton flannel of old gold or of the blue to match the plush. The reason for filling the centre with feathers is to give it an appearance of softness and pliability. The day for hard, unyielding cushions is happily over, and to be in good form one must at least look as if it may be used for comfort. The plush may be ornamented with embroidery or painting, but is handsome without.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The Viceregal Tour.

New Westminster, B.C., Sept. 29.—The reception at Victoria was most enthusiastic. The Governor General visited the Esquimalt dock, and each vessel manufactured in the town, with the exception of the Princess Louise, who was still in a feverish condition, and also the Provincial Exhibition. The Governor General and Princess are now proceeding to visit New Westminster in the Comet, where the Exhibition will open on Saturday to Yale. His Excellency will visit the railway works and then go on to Kamloops and the Okanagan District. The trip will probably occupy fourteen days. The Princess comes to Port Moody to-morrow, and returns to the Comet to Victoria. Both Lieutenant and her Royal Highness are thoroughly enjoying their stay in British Columbia, and evince great interest in the country. The weather is delightful.

New Westminster, Sept. 30.—Upon arriving here the vice-regal party were received between each pair of saloon boats and barrels filled with fins of salmon, surmounted by trimmed deers' heads. From the rear of the arch were suspended a large salmon and sturgeon, and the arches were festooned with fishing nets, and had the following inscription in large letters:—"Our Sea Fern—Natural Resource." From this point to the reception platform the procession passed through an Indian arch, which was also tastefully decorated and bore the words, "Cheerwah Quanna Tenas." In the evening there was a beautiful display of fireworks by the Indians in canoes. The Princess returned to Victoria to-day. The Princess and Marquis are winning all hearts by their unostentatious kindness towards all classes.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Oct. 2.—Heales and Plaited left for Boston, Mass., to-day, taking with them their horses.

There is still a very limited business done on the Stock Exchange. The winter order commenced to-day to have an afternoon board meeting.

About 200 immigrants arrived here to-day. Those who remained readily found employment on the new railways being constructed.

Silk has been instituted on behalf of one Wm. Aylmer Ashley, the defeated Reform candidate for East Hastings, to recover the sum of $1,000 under the provisions of the Dominion Elections Act on a penalty for corrupt practices and bribery during the late election. The plaintiff was ordered to give security for the costs of suit.

It is altogether likely that preliminary objections will be argued to-morrow before Mr. Justice Rose, in the case of Hughes vs. North York, West Hastings and Russell election case.

Three small dwellings on Argyle street were burned this afternoon, loss estimated at $2,500. The fire was the work of an incendiary, as the house where the flames were first discovered was unoccupied.

The temperance people intend to institute a new crusade. They intend to get to all licensed hotels and demand meals, and if the meals are not forthcoming the matter will be reported to the commissioners.

On Saturday two gangs of track layers belonging respectively to the Credit Valley and the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railways came to blows on the line, right of way on a piece of land in the western part of the city. The fight lasted intermittently from 11 o'clock till 3, at which hour a settlement of the dispute had been arrived at by the authorities of the two roads. Beyond black eyes and bloody noses no serious injury was sustained by the combatants.

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Oct. 2.—A boy, whose name has not transpired, fell from the railway bridge across the Rideau, near Hollsburgh, and was drowned, late last night.

The Assizes opened this afternoon at which there are thirteen cases on the criminal docket — four for murder, two seduction, five slander and one breach of promise, and the balance petty larceny. The slander cases are likely to be interesting. The plaintiff is a Rev. Mr. Allen, of Osgoode, who is entering several members of the congregation for damages aggregating $50,000. The slander consists in some remarks made by the members to the clergyman's relations with a married woman.

The Romeo-McLean branch of premises was well occupied considerable time, seventy witnesses having been subpoenaed.

During the month of September, 323 immigrants arrived here, all of whom found work at high wages. Up to 30th Sept., of the arrivals were 2,261, or an increase of 1,206 over a similar period last year.

The Civil Service regulation making it compulsory that departmental employés shall not leave the buildings during the day is to be enforced from to-day, and those wishing for lunch will have to bring it with them.

Mr. Brecktstock, M. P., left Ottawa this morning en route for England, whither he proceeds on the business of the Gatineau Valley and Ottawa Colonization railways.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 2.—Mr. McNamee, it is said, has instructed counsel to commence a civil action for $50,000 damages against the proprietors of the *Evening Post*.

The surviving relatives of Farrow and Moy who were killed by the explosion on board the Richelieu, have taken civil action for $5,000 damages against the vessel owner.

The French Presbyterian Church is to be sold under the hammer in a few days.

Some of the soft work on the extension of the Canada Pacific Railway into the city is over, and they will have to be rebuilt before traffic can be resumed.

The stock market was steady to-day.

The Customs' Assessor here has seized a quantity of Japanese goods consigned for sale from New York to M. Hicks & Co., commission here, for being entered below their value. The amount is estimated to be $5,000 and the duty $1,000. The matter is under consideration of the authorities in Ottawa. The parties consigning the goods are the Nippon Mercantile Co., New York.

Customs and Inland Revenue Returns.

Hamilton.—During the month of September the Inland Revenue duties amounted to $2,597, being a decrease of $7,986 from the amount collected during the same month last year.

Montreal.—Customs receipts for September, $780,970, an increase of $86,657 over corresponding month of 1881. Inland Revenue receipts, $149,223, an increase of $15,257 over September last year.

Belleville.—Customs collections were $12,655 62; same month last year, $11,951 67; increase, $721 95. Inland Revenue collections for September, $7,887 01; same month last year, $8,817 61, decrease, $930 60.

Guelph.—Customs duties collected for September, $11,228 82, against $9,883 62 in September last year. Inland Revenue, $9,483 95, last year, $8,062 46; increase, $421 37.

The Kings. S. S. Election Trials.

Judge Weldon opened an election court at Hampton, N. B., yesterday, to try the case of Geo. F. Baird, M. P. for Kings, who defeated Mr. Domville. In regard to the counter petition, His Honor held that it had not appeared in the petition that the petitioners wanted the seat for Mr. Domville, and there was no reason to seek to disqualify him. The case will take some time, as many witnesses have to be summoned. Among the witnesses examined was Wm. J. Traft, who testified that he received $100 from a relative of Foster's to use in the election. He spent the money taking voters to the polls and other ways, which he described as injudicious.

The opening of the Aberfoyle and Strathendrick Railway has been delayed by the Board of Trade insisting on the recalling separates on the part of the Forth and Clyde Railway which connects the two sections of the new line being of the latest and most approved description. It cause to be a question wh

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
185 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, October 3, 1882.

THE PROFITS OF IMMIGRATION.

Now that the construction of the entire line of the Canada Pacific Railway has been placed out of harm's reach on the part of those who have so persistently assailed it, the influx of population and of capital will go on uninterruptedly. But there can be little doubt that it is now more than ever necessary that exertions should be made to attract settlers to our lands. The results of the present year have been very satisfactory, not less than 70,000 people having thrown in their lot with this "new nationality." In former years the immigration was not so large, and in some cases remarkably poor. Thus, in 1877—the last year of the ill-fated Grit Administration—the number of new-comers among us had fallen to 7,743. Upon the accession of the present Government the affairs of the Department were entrusted to Hon. John H. Pope, and the gain to the population indicate that excellent measures have been taken in order to induce emigration from various parts of Europe to the Dominion. Thus in 1879 the immigrants numbered 17,351; 1880, 24,997; in 1881, 30,238, and this year, as has been said, the total will reach 70,000, or more than eight times as many as during the dark period. And while the numbers have gone up the cost per head has gone down. In 1876 the cost was $19 per head; in 1877 $12; 1878, $9.63; 1879, $5.76; 1880 $6 50, and in 1881, $6 32 Such an amount is trifling indeed when the commercial value of a man to the State is taken into account, which it has been placed by those best informed on the matter at not less than $1,000 And not only is profit made to the community in this way by the promotion of immigration, but the cash capital introduced by the immigrants themselves helps to augment their value. It has been ascertained that not less than $4 185 000 were brought in in this way during last year, a sum which must have been largely added to by farming stock the old countries subsequent to arrival. As a matter of fact, then, there is nothing to which the Government can engage in so profitably as in stimulating immigration. When the settler comes, he at once commences to contribute to the general revenue, and in the course of a single year more than repays the cost attending his transit to this country and his settlement in it. As an illustration of the interest felt in the North-west, it may be mentioned that nearly 5,000 letters of enquiry were received at the Department last year, and the bulk of the information supplied by pamphlets, maps etc., has been seen in the excess of labourers during 1882 over former periods. At the present time there is a great thirst, particularly in England, for information touching the North-west. The extent and fertility of the land is only beginning to dawn upon the popular mind, and it is glimmering upon the landless that by the use of a little exertion, the exhibition, of a little bravery and determination, they can become proprietors of landed estates which in other countries are regarded with pride, and guarded with a more-than-Gurkha fierceness. It can be no doubt that by the exhibition of a due amount of enterprise a wonderful tide of population can be turned in to us, and made largely profitable. Not only is an able bodied man worth $1,000 as a producing machine, but his annual contributions to the exchequer, by means of customs and excise, cannot fall much short of $20. The results of his reproductive labor should be fully equal to $1 000 a year, and if applied to the fertile lands would be very much more. The natural increase, too, should not be omitted from the account. If the work be done and money paid to the state by an able-bodied man during his lifetime, say 40 years, he summed up it will be found to be a very large amount, probably $50 000, all of which is added to the general wealth by an expenditure which is absolutely insignificant. During the year now closing a great advance has been made to the construction of the Canada Pacific Railway, so that next spring there will be open to the selection of immigrants tracts of land which are unequalled for accessibility and fertility. The facilities for dealing with the rush of new-comers are growing greater year by year, and we feel sure that as the Government has been found apt and able in relation to the construction of the great trans Continental line, so acting through the Minister of Agriculture and Emigration, it will be found equal to the task of putting the railway to the greatest possible profit by placing upon it a population which will add strength and vigor to the community, not only in the new but also in the older Province, and especially that of Ontario.

SMALL CHANGE AGAIN.

The question of small change is up in a very practical shape among our Republican neighbors. The silver three-cent pieces are being called in at the Philadelphia mint, to be re-coined in the form of dimes. Two tons were received there on the 22nd, but this is only about one-fifth of the quantity of these small coins which are to be brought from the various sub-Treasuries in the country, there having already been redeemed more than ten tons. These three-cent pieces now in the mint would fill three large wagons. The Treasury is responsible for deeming the small coins as fast as possible, and in a few years they will entirely disappear, and only the five cent nickels will be in circulation. The coins have lost a very considerable per cent. of their intrinsic value by usage, in some cases amounting to as much as 25 per cent Among ourselves the twenty-cent piece still lingers in circulation to some extent, and the old British shillings and sixpences largely so. These latter, however, are not so objectionable, as their appearances cannot easily be mistaken, and the sixpence passing as a twelve-cent piece, is found often a convenience. But there ought to be a close an approach to uniformity as possible. If the old coins which are depreciated or inconvenient owing to similarity to other pieces, were all to be called in and recoined into five and ten-cent bits, they would be serving a better purpose than at present. American small silver should be kept out in some way.

The total receipts at the Illinois State Fair, lately held at Peoria, footed up to $29 000. The expenses are $23,000, leaving a surplus in round numbers of $6,000. This is considerably in excess of any previous year since 1873, when it was held in Peoria. This may be termed our Western Fair Manager.

A JOB ON ST. JOSEPH'S.

The people of Keewatin have already had some baths of the time-serving Government of Mowat, and know pretty well what they might expect if they came under its thumb. A fresh incident has occurred as a warning and as an example to them. A new road was wanted on St. Joseph's Island, and the Little Frenzier sent a party of men up there, a distance of three hundred miles, to make it, when at the same time plenty of able bodied men were available on the spot, and willing to do the work cheaper and quite as well. This we learn from a St. Joseph's Island correspondent writing to the Algoma *Pioneer*. According to a doctrine which the Grits have sought to claim as their own special property, the resident ratepayers should have been given precedence in this employment. It was not only the right thing morally, but economically. The men's farm had to be put on railway and steamer, and their wages during the passage both going and returning to Toronto. In addition to which the Islanders claim that the cost of the work itself was more than they would have done an equally good job for. But, it appears, Mowat knew not the men of St. Joseph in this case. Neither did he know the residents of Keewatin when he undertook, with such a foolish flourish, to make appointments to office there, by way of asserting Ontario's rights. Hence when the Little Frenzier, like Andrew Fiske, declared that all that part of the country was his oyster, which he with sword would open, how did he go about it? The first contingent sent forward was a brace of geolers, or rather, a goolor and a bailiff. He probably expected to have to put half of the residents in prison, or auction their tools and clothing in lieu of Dominion property. They would doubtless have been soon followed by a squad of police and dragoons in the form of Lieuten Inspectors, but that the inhabitants proved too many for the first detachment, and got them to rest with a volley of the most portable projectiles. After that the courage of the erstwhile valiant Little Frenzier seemed to ooze out of his fingers' ends. There was no further attempt to enforce his very peculiar laws and ordinances up there. The men of St. Joseph's Island let him take to bed a few shades less intelligent, particular, or spirited in the assertion of their rights. He thinks they are more easily imposed upon. And so up go a lot of outsiders to do a job at large extra expense, which might just as easily, and far more cheaply, have been done by the people of the locality. If they mean to stand that sort of thing it is their own look out. But we always took them to be a different stamp of settlers.

HOW OTHERS SEE IT.

Our readers may remember Mr. Thos. C. Wade, an American gentleman, who spent some time in this city last spring. He is largely engaged in fine woollen trade of Pawtucket, and was here in that behalf. He has been in correspondence with the Mercury. Pritchard here, on business matters, and in a recent letter warmly commends the tariff policy of the Dominion, after describing the requirements of such a trade as he is engaged in, he says:—

"A manufacturer of the goods would succeed under a protective tariff with you without a doubt, if gradually managed by a person who understands the business. If we Canada is to become a self-sustaining country, but people will and remuneratively employed at home, she must do her own manufacturing, as far as her own raw material will supply her with the means." Mr. Wade to Samuel Wellaby had 14,000 men at Plevna Kabir and Arab Bey 45,000, of whom one-fourth were trained soldiers. During the last nine months with dumpheaps he has sent out new machinery from England, and last year the house built, with its three flats, was subdivided into workmen's houses. The west gable with the drawing room window still remains; but new this gable is to be closed in by a terrace rising beside it, and in a short time the glass under Burns and Scott must by by forgot. In the meantime it will interest our Edinburgh readers and others to be reminded of Mr. Walker's account of his interview with his "elder brother of the seams." Writing to Lockhart, he says: "As for Burns, I may truly say, '*Fingitium odi tantum.*' I was a lad of 15 in 1786-7, when he first came to Edinburgh, but had genius and feeling enough to be much interested in his poetry, and would have given the world to know him; but I had very little acquaintance with any literary people, and small less with the gentry of the west country, who were the sets to whom he most frequented. Mr. Thomas Grierson was at that time a clerk of my father's. He knew Burns and promised to ask him to his lodgings to dinner, but had an opportunity to keep his word, otherwise I might have seen more of this distinguished man. As it was, I saw him one day at the late venerable Prof. Ferguson's, where there were several gentlemen of literary reputation, among whom I remember the celebrated Mr. Dugald Stewart. Of course my youthful ears did not attend, I relied and listened. The only thing I remember which was memorable in Burns' manner was the effect produced on him by a print of Sembery's representing a soldier lying dead on the snow, his knapsack, musket, and sword beside, and on the other his widow, with a child in her arms. From these circumstances I conjectured

Call on Canadian bills or Monday's plate. Perhaps that parrot may her collect chat. Tomorrow's Mail will be a day late. The big drake mingling with the hills he drew. Gave tea and presages of his future years. The child of misery baptized in tears.

Burns seemed much affected by the print, which probably some recent event had called to his mind. He actually shed tears. He asked from whom the piece was sent, and it happened that I could not tell, having heard that they occurred in a half forgotten poem of Langhorne's, called by the unpromising title of "A Letter to Burns," which whispered my information to a friend present, who mentioned it to Burns, who rewarded me with a look and a word, which, though at more ability, I then received, and still recollect, with very great pleasure." —*Edinburgh Daily Review.*

The Blue Ribbon Army.

From the Daily Telegraph.

Yesterday, at the South London Metropolitan Tabernacle, a meeting was convened in connection with the "ten days pledge," or on the part of the Blue Ribbon Army. First on the day's programme was a "noon day prayer meeting," which was conducted by Mr. Thomas Hughes, Q. C., M. P. Both in the afternoon a special meeting was held of children and young persons. The important meeting, however, of yesterday was that called for, and punctually held at, eight o'clock in the evening. It was announced that the Rev. Canon Wilberforce, D. D., would preside over this gathering, and the fact alone might offer an explanation of the rose witnessed at Mr. Spurgeon's tabernacle during some three or four hours last night. Such at all events was the impression witnessed at the Tabernacle. There were close on 7,000 people within the building. As usual the proceedings were opened with song, followed by prayer, after which the chairman, Canon Wilberforce, D. D., stated that Mr. Booth and he had long worked together in this good cause

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By Doing Your Washing with Church's Premier Soap.

We recommend CHURCHER'S WHITE CLOVER SOAP for its economy, bath and fine clothing. Each cake is wrapped in paper. Made by Thomas Churcher & Co., Thomas Davy Works, Church-street, Toronto.

Notes, Cheques and Drafts,

INVOICE, NOTE AND

LETTER HEADINGS

and all kinds of

Business and Bankers' Stationery,

—AT—

LITHOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING

DEPARTMENT,

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

Tuesday, October 2, 1883

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON.

Just then the special stirred, and rattled the dust four times, Christabel started, looked her way towards the tone that reminded of her husband's figure. A guilty start, a guilty look; brought through the flesh to the very bone would have been the look of terror, and they dropped again, leaving reverenced pile of her face for her to stand in a listening attitude, as if her whole being hung upon the Minister's words.

What was her shuddering at hearing? When was that honeyed speech, to which the false girl's fancy had lent beauty, meant on its angel-inward by the snake-like sight? Eve have listened to the first tone of the tempter's voice with such a fiendish expression, every muscle relaxed, the head gently drooping, the eyelids lowered, its usual fullness left the cheek, the first tempted with might have inspired to the silver crystal tones of her softness, the first tempted with might have inspired to the silver crystal tones of her softness, the first tempted with might have inspired to the silver crystal tones of her softness

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the Fair will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S

Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices, Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, October 3, 1882.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Tuesday, October 3, 1882.

Sun rises....6.06 a. m. | Moon rises...10.49 p. m.
Sun sets.....5.45 p. m. | Moon sets....1.07 p. m.

Day of the year—276th.

Last quarter	3rd	5.59 p.m.
New moon	10th	12.14 a.m.
1st quarter	18th	6.27 p.m.
Full moon	26th	5.19 a.m.

VENNOR ON OCTOBER.

Mr. Vennor in his *Bulletin* forecasts the weather for October as follows—

FIRST WEEK (1st to 7th).

Some sharp frost this week in Northern Section about 6th. Altogether a favorable week, but there will probably be local wind and rain storms, 3rd and 4th. This will be a very stormy month in Ontario and Western United States.

SECOND WEEK (8TH TO 14TH).

Will probably enter with severe wind storms and heavy rains east and west, marked storm period about 9th and 10th. End of week fine and calmer weather. Frosts may occur about 13th.

THIRD WEEK (15TH TO 21ST).

Very stormy, with snow falls in Western and North-western Sections, Southern Minnesota and Eastern Dakota. Storms on lakes and at Chicago and Milwaukee. Storms will extend to Cincinnati. General snow falls 18th and 19th. Cold weather in Iowa, severe weather toward Des Moines. A terrible week of storms in all sections. Snow in England.

FOURTH WEEK (22ST TO 28TH).

About Oct. 24th generally stormy weather, with snow falls in Ontario and in Maritime Provinces. Cold, miserable, wet and sleety weather or snow in New York. An unusually severe October. Storms in England.

CLOSING DAYS (29TH TO 31ST).

Snow and rain falls in Great Britain and heavy sales. Very severe on east coast of Scotland.

WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, 1 a. m., October 3.—The meteorological office, Toronto, has ordered up cautionary storm signals number one at Port Stanley, Port Dover, Port Colborne, Port Burwell, Amherstburg, Port Dalhousie, Burlington Beach, Oakville, Port Credit, Toronto, Cobourg, Port Hope, Deseronto, Picton. The barometer is highest north of the lakes and lowest over the Western States. The wind has been mostly north-easterly in Lake Region, and north-westerly in Maritime Provinces. The weather is fair and cool throughout the country. East Coast are up at Lakes Erie and Ontario ports. Lakes—Increasing easterly winds, fair to cloudy, cool weather; rain to night. Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate to fresh north and north-east winds, fair, cool weather; frosts in some localities. Lower St. Lawrence—Gulf and St. Rims, moderate to fresh north to west winds; fine cool weather; frost at night.

SUCCESSFUL EXHIBITORS.—The case of specimens shown at the Western Fair by Messrs. John Gu d & Son attracted the attention of large numbers of sporting men and others. They were of original design, being constructed for the preservation of specimens by the Messrs. Gurd. Testimonials highly recommending them have been received from Messrs. W. F. Marston and J. L. Rowbotham, gun-makers, Toronto; the late F. Stanley, C.E., and Prof. Smithard. They endorsed, they should be universally adopted.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—Squire Peters yesterday disposed of the following cases:—Hugh Cameron, disorderly and threatening his employer, fined $4 and $4.10 cost. In default of payment he went to jail for 21 days. Elias Taylor was fined $1 for being disorderly. John Bidwell, charged with vagrancy, was given till 6 o'clock p. m. to leave the city. Alfred Moore, another of the same kind, was further remanded. Mr. Goodlight, against whom a charge of vagrancy was entered several days ago, was discharged without any evidence being heard.

THE BIBLE IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—In the report of the Synod of Huron, it was stated that the overture from the Presbyterian Assembly with reference to united action on the part of the religious bodies to have the Bible read in the public schools, was ill-t. Such was not the case, the matter having been referred to the Executive Committee. It is the intention of Bishop Hellmuth to appoint a special committee to meet with the other committees who are to interview the Ontario Government on the subject on the 24th inst. All the Lordship will also be present if it is at all possible.

A DESERVING CHARITY.—J. A. Oxley, a pensioner, writes:—"The greater pensioners of the old 49 rder Michael Lynch, of the 88 h Connaught Rangers, who died in London a week ago Sunday, are collecting for the widow, who is left unprovided for to a great extent. The paymaster of pensioners is interceding in her behalf, and it is to be hoped our brother pensioners will rally to her support on Tuesday at the pension office. Mr. Samuel Viedin is also interesting himself in her behalf. Lynch was a man of charity, highly respected by all, and never left a stone unturned for the benefit of the pensioner's widow. He was a brave old soldier and fought many battles for our mother country."

LEGAL NOTICES

There is a boom in the trunk and valise business at SCANNOW'S. 60d nov3

FRIENDSHIP RUGS, purchased the confectionery and bakery business from H. H. Perry, 319 Richmond street, on the 15th May. Same backers. Some quality. Ice cream parlor open every evening. Come early and often. The above does not in any way affect our Sewing Machine business on Dundas street. W. R. FRIENDSHIP. P24tu&w-tu

For first-class tools, cutlery and hardware, go to Brown & Morris, 216 Dundas street. Examine our sample board at the exhibition.

Every visitor to Bryce's depots this week will be presented with twelve assorted views of London.

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Every visitor to Bryce's depots this week will be presented with twelve assorted views of London.

Every horse should have a Giant Tail Puller. Fails a look out straight and steady. A child can use it. For sale by T. BRYANT MARSH, 172 Dundas street.

Artists' Materials and Studies just received direct from Rumney & Co., London, at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Reesman, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Bloomfield and Oxford streets, opened for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Newsboard envelopes and note paper in match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department.

STYLISH OUTFITS.

For handsome and elegantly made Suits, Robt. Wallace, the Dundas st. Clothier, takes the lead. His new Scotch Suitings and Fall Overcoatings are elegant. His fits are sure, his prices low, and your goods are sure to be finished when promised.—146 Dundas st., nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

The Board of Education meets this evening.

Mr. John Ross and son leave to-day for Winnipeg.

Long evenings call out the checker-board and euchre-deck.

Mr. Wm. Cousins, merchant, has gone on a trip to Winnipeg.

This is new the year 5643 according to the Jewish calendar.

People are talking about Indian summer rather early in the season.

Miss Sadie Bamburgh left for Chicago on Saturday to visit her brother.

Lecturers are getting ready to sweep down on Belmedian communities.

The Treasurer of the Western Fair Association was busy yesterday paying out the prizes.

Nicholas Forbey was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging him with assaulting his wife.

Patrick McGarvey and Martin Leicet, of Sarnia, two drunks, were placed in the cells yesterday.

Mr. Thos. Brooks, of Rat Portage, Man., formerly of this city, was visiting relatives in London yesterday.

A new time table will be issued on the G. W. R. Division of the G. T. R. next week—on Monday, if possible.

Rev. Dr. Proudfoot, of this city, will deliver a three months' course of lectures at Knox College, Toronto, this session.

The city fire brigade turned out three times during the month of September, but in one case the alarm was a false one.

Mr. Thos. Harris, late foreman of the Brantford *Telegram*, has gone to take a similar position on the Strathroy *Dispatch*.

Many citizens are preparing to take in the excursion to Detroit and Chicago over the G. T. R. which leaves London this afternoon.

What a dreary look the columns of many of our exchanges present these days. It is the days of prize lists, the saddest of the year.

A new whiskey glass has been invented in the form of an open glass. One can "see a man" with it without going out between the sets.

John Brethaur, of Worcster, has been appointed bailiff of the Elgin Division Court of Huron in place of Joseph Cowan, resigned.

The Hop Bitters Base Ball Club, of Hamilton, propose to go on a three days' trip this week, playing in Windsor, Detroit and London.

Mr. E. E. Gastin, of the Cousins House, has disposed of the driving mare to Messrs. Morrill & Brown, of Whitehyp, realizing a good figure.

The Western District R. R. matches open at the Cove Ranges this forenoon. Quite a valuable prize list is offered and a large attendance is anticipated.

Mr. J. D. Sandry, of this city, purchased four kegs of prize butter from Mr. John McLarty, of Lobo, at 30c. per lb. Two kegs were despatched to Glasgow.

During the absence of Mrs. McCowan, 259 Talbot street, yesterday, a tramp broke in the door open and scattered things around generally. Nothing was missed.

Entries have been received for the Guelph races, which commences to-morrow and continues on Thursday, from Toronto, London, St. Catharine's and Orangeville.

The adjourned meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, for the election of officers, trustees and other business, will take place at Victoria Hall to-night.

Free lyterians interested in establishing a church in London South, should be present at the meeting to be held at the house of Mr. Gauld, this evening (Tuesday) Oct.

Edward Gough was arrested yesterday afternoon upon two charges, of assaulting and using abusive language towards Thos. Gamble. He was remanded until Thursday.

Mr. Peter Adams, of the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company's staff here, has gone to New York, where he has secured a better and more lucrative situation.

Rev. M. H. Bartrow, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Queen's avenue, has resigned and his charge and left yesterday for Exeter, Mich. Rev. W. H. Shaw succeeds him.

If any of the readers of the FREE PRESS have any deer or caribou laying around in their back yards they can now shoot them, according to law. Outraged dogs may be bagged at any time.

The East Huron County Lodge of Good Templars has doubled that it was a whole lot easier out of the pledge, but of the Constitution of the Order, for a member to buy liquor from a liquor seller.

A rumor was current on the market yesterday that Mrs. Plank, who had a stall in the Market Bazaar, left for parts unknown on Saturday, and that she took $60 of her husband's money with her.

William Boyd disturbed the service of the Salvation Army Sunday night, at the Barrack's, and when assailed one of the door keepers, Fo tune, ffnos Constable Hodge arrested him, and Squire Peters fined him $1 and costs.

Color-Sergeant Geo. C. Billington, of No. 2 Company, 26th Battalion, of Strathroy, has been gazetted 2nd Lieutenant, vice Dunlop, resigned; Capt. J. Stevenson to be paymaster, and Mr. Joseph H. Marshall to be Quartermaster.

Mr. Walter Riddell, of the Fire Department, intends leaving shortly for Detroit, where he purposes opening in business on his own account. Mr. Riddell is a popular and active member of the brigade, and his place will be difficult to fill.

Mr. John Barton, late General Superintendent of the G. W. R., goes to Montreal to take an important position on the directorate of the Colonge & Great Trunk. Mr. Barton's experience and knowledge of railroading will serve him well in his new position.

Mr. William Row, of London South, for some time past with Messrs. J. C. Morrison & Co., islands opening a boot and shoe store at Glanford, Mr. Row is just the kind of man to succeed in Glanford, and his many friends hereabouts will be glad to hear that he is doing well.

The wreck of the sunken propeller the "City of St. Catharine's" has been brought to Port Huron. The wreck is in a very safe shape, the upper works being all gone clear to the covering boards. Her port bow is somewhat damaged, owing to the collision at the time she sank. The cargo, mainly of breadstuffs, and other articles, will be saved without damage, only to the pecuniary loss.

Edwin Irwin was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of neglecting to support his family. He resides on the Hamilton Road, and his wife appeared at Sohiam's detective agency in a highly excited condition, declaring that her husband had become too fond of another woman, with whom, she asserted, he was about to leave the city. He was remanded until noon to-day.

A memorial service was held in Queen's Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday evening in consequence of the death of the late J. W. Hook. His vacant chair in the choir was suitably draped. Members of the Philharmonic Society (of which deceased was Secretary) took part in the musical service with the choir. Rev. L. Gratz, the pastor, in the sermon also made reference to the late Mr. Hook.

The 5 cent issue of the Toronto *World* is not disposed to agree with the FREE PRESS that the total number of visitors to the Western Fair during the week was in its neighborhood of 85,000. It can vouch apparently for 45,000, and wants to know, you know, how the remainder got in. Some of them were admitted by herdsmen's and attendants' tickets either (and a very large number) by family tickets; others as guests, and about 2,000 on members' tickets. Not even fanciful imagination, however all. When the *World* can diagnose properly the interest taken by every head of a family within a radius of thirty miles of London in the success of the Western Fair, he will then have no difficulty in arriving at the conclusion that "all other shows in the Dominion were mere pigmies"—as compared with his four days of the Western Fair.

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE STEAMBOAT LINE FIRST JOKE.
THE STEAMBOAT LINE SECOND JOKE.
AND STOP FIRST SALT
—AT—

Harkness & Co.,
Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London Ont.

Last evening a serious runaway occurred on Wellington street, the horse coming into contact with the drinking fountain at the corner of Dundas street, and overturning it. It was reported that the horse was killed, and one of the occupants of the vehicle seriously injured, but no definite particulars of the affair could be ascertained last night. However, a whip, blanket, cap and coat now repose in the Fire Police office as relics of the casualty, and it is certain that the fountain was thrown down.

An excursion train will be run over the Great Western division of the Grand Trunk to-day from St. Catharine's to Windsor, to connect Detroit with the chess tournament excursion from Detroit to Chicago and Milwaukee, having also been at 1.15 p. m. A special train will also be run over the Air Line from St. Thomas to Glencoe, connecting with the excursion train at Glencoe, and leaving St. Thomas at 1.15 p.m.

The traffic over the Great Western division has increased enormously since the frosts. A great deal of freight that formerly went over the Grand Trunk by way of Stratford now comes over the Great Western. Last week there were about fifty special freight trains over the Toronto branch.

Bishop Hellmuth has been pleased to appoint Rev. J. W. F. Smith, Rector of Christ Church, London, and Rev. A. C. Hill, of Brantford, Honorary Canons of the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity in this city. This mark of favor is well deserved by both the gentlemen named.

The three men who are in jail on suspicion of having stolen jewellery from Mr. Morphy's store, were before Squire Peters yesterday afternoon, but owing to the absence of an important witness they were again remanded.

Private Dillon, of the 7th Fusiliers, has been promoted to the position of Lieutenant in No. 5 Company. An effort is being made to have Mr. Frank Smith, late of Toronto, appointed to a captaincy in the Battalion.

An alarm of fire was sounded from two boxes last night at 6.45, and the brigade turned out to find that the trouble was caused by a bonfire in the yard of Mr. Grove, York street.

Several riflemen arrived in the city last night to participate in the Western Rifle Association matches which commence on the range near the city this afternoon.

The Hop Bitters base ball team, of Hamilton, have challenged the Fireflies, and will go on a tour this week, playing in Windsor, Detroit and this city.

Lieut. Dillon has donated a medal to be competed for by non-commissioned officers and men of the 7th Fusiliers who have never won a prize.

A CREDITABLE RECORD

Is that Shown by the G. T. R. Officials Here During Last Week.

The success of the Western Fair was announced in a considerable degree by the railways, which transported a large part of the immense crowds of visitors to the city. Throughout the week, from Monday morning until a late hour on Saturday night, the Richmond street depot presented a scene of unusual animation, being continually filled to its utmost capacity with a vast concourse of people that flocked into the city on every train and from every direction. The almost total absence of accidents of any trades, though creating a great deal of comment among the visitors, is also a matter of all surprising to the railway authorities, who deserve credit for the expeditious manner in which the immense crowds of visitors were disposed of. It is a remarkable fact that not a single case of accident during the whole week, while notwithstanding the limited room at the disposal of all the trains, everything passed off in a satisfactory manner. Excellent order was maintained by the staff of constables, who were detailed on duty being increased sufficiently to enable them to cope with any disturbance that might possibly ensue, although fortunately it was not necessary to resort to any force in the measure for the preservation of peace. Mr. J. E. Dawson had a busy time in superintending the arrangements, and was assisted in that regard during the week, appearing to better advantage than his spirit of the invalids, his energy and ability in the thorough management of such large crowds of passengers. Mr. Dawson has been connected with the staff of the manager to which the resources of the road were taxed to be equal to the task, and stated that some thirty thousand visitors were brought into the city during the week, in addition to the regular passenger traffic, which was very large. Of course, the two days spent together Friday's and Wednesday's were the days when the crowds assembled, assembling principally by the railways on Wednesday and 9 000 on Thursday. The many trains arrived and departed in such rapid succession that was surprising, and Supt. Dawson and the company are to be congratulated heartily upon the successful manner in which they provided for the visitors. There is no doubt that London is favored by the railway officials who cannot be surpassed for ability, promptness, thorough knowledge of their duties, and all-round perfection in them, and the Grand Trunk is popularly understood as possessing the services of such men. The obliging and courteous Logan and his assistants were here, there and everywhere during the week, and added in no small degree to the comfort and convenience of the visitors

DANIEL RYDER'S FROLICS.

How he Amused Himself by Choking his Nephew.

The notorious township of Biddulph appears to furnish a perpetual source of revenue for the county constable, for scarcely a week has been elapsed of late without another "run." There is trouble on the Roman Line again, the defendants in this instance being Daniel Ryder. It is alleged that Daniel Ryder, who has been living with his brother, William Ryder, for some time, according to rule the entire family, and it is further alleged that some time since Daniel assaulted a seven year-old child of his brother's, and fiercely grasping it, he choked the little one until it became black in the face. At the same time exclaiming, "You d——n little brat, I'll kill you." The child's mother rushed up, and after struggling fiercely with the man, succeeded in rescuing the child, after which she fainted. A warrant has been issued for Ryder's arrest upon the charge of assault and battery, and the constable left for the scene of the crime. The cargo, mainly of breadstuffs, and other articles, will be saved without damage, only to the pecuniary loss.

Edwin Irwin was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of neglecting to support his family. He resides on the Hamilton Road, and his wife appeared at Sohiam's detective agency in a highly excited condition, declaring that her husband had become too fond of another woman, with whom, she asserted, he was about to leave the city. He was remanded until noon to-day.

FREE PRESS CORRESPONDENCE.

An Answer Asked For.

To the Editor of the FREE PRESS.

SIR,—I would ask Inspector Henderson, through the medium of your paper, the reason why he has not prosecuted the persons who compiled the booth near the skating rink on the fair ground for selling liquor without a license? He must be aware that they were selling as well as others.

AN OBSERVER.

London, Oct. 2, 1882

A TOKEN OF ESTEEM.—The city fire department has lost the services of one of the oldest members, Mr. Walter Riddell, who has been a member of the force for the last fifteen years, and has for some time completed the position of assistant foreman. He will leave this afternoon for Detroit, where he purposes entering into a wholesale business. His many friends deplore the departure of the member, and assembled at the fire hall last evening, and presented him with a clock for fifty dollars, as a parting testimonial of their esteem.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT
—OF—
TRUSSES
—AND—
SHOULDER BRACES
—AT—
WM. SAUNDERS'
Drug Store,
188 DUNDAS STREET.
Prescriptions Accurately Dispensed.

ENVELOPED IN LIGHTNING.

A Miraculous Escape by the London and Port Stanley Section of the G. T. R.

It is not often that a person is placed in the same extraordinary circumstances and escapes as luckily as did the wife of Mr. John E. Hill, section foreman, G. T. R., during the recent thunder storm. Mr. Hill lives in a house on the company's property adjoining the Southwold and Yarmouth boundaries, about a mile and a half north of St. Thomas, says the *Journal*. The telegraph wires pass over the top of his house, and one of the poles is close to it. One end of the family clothes line, which is made of telegraph wire, is attached to this telegraph pole, and connects with four other poles, set for the purpose, forming a square whose sides are about twelve feet. At the commencement of the storm Mrs. Hill was in the centre of the square, doing some work. The lightning struck the river, just one-fourth of a mile away, and shivered every one of the poles to atoms. When it reached the pole at the house the resulting force all went down on to the clothes line, and escaped to the earth by way of the posts. Mrs. Hill was enveloped in a sheet of lightning flame. For some moments she was bewildered, and could not speak or move, but when the electricity passed away she found herself all right, barring a queer feeling which she could not locate for some time. No doubt if the telegraph wires had not completely surrounded her, she would have been killed, as the fluid must have struck her with great force owing to her proximity to the pole. The children were also being replaced, and Mr. Hill requests that the one at the end of his house be placed some distance away. He thinks it is not a desirable neighbor.

AN INTERESTING WILL CASE

On Trial at the Chancery Sittings at Sandwich.

From our own Correspondent.

Sandwich, Sept. 28.—An interesting will case was begun in the High Court of Justice here yesterday before His Lordship Chancellor Boyd. The Rev. Father Kilroy, a Roman Catholic priest, of St. Clair County, Michigan, about forty-five years ago became possessed, among other property, of some Canby Reserve land in the township of Sandwich East, Ont., on which he placed an elder unmarried brother, named Patrick Kilroy, as caretaker, and in order that the latter might have a home for Patrick continued to live on this farm until 1875, when he received injuries by a runaway accident which resulted in his death. A will was made at this time, purporting to be signed by the deceased, by which, giving the farm on which he lived and other valuable property, claimed by the plaintiff, Father Kilroy, amounting in value, it is said, to $10 000 or $12 000, to his nephews, Wm. Lynan, of Sandwich East, and Patrick continued to live on this farm until 1875, when he received injuries by a runaway accident which resulted in his death. A will was made at this time, purporting to be signed by the deceased, by which, giving the farm on which he lived and other valuable property, claimed by the plaintiff, Father Kilroy, amounting in value, it is said, to $10 000 or $12 000, to his nephews, Wm. Lynan, of Sandwich East, Patrick Lynan, of Detroit, and Mrs. Bourdeau, sister to certain trusts. The plaintiff, Father Kilroy, brings the present action to have the will in question, alleging it to be a forgery, and, therefore, fraudulent and void. The will purports to be witnessed by Thomas and Francis Kilroy, nephews of plaintiff and the deceased, but plaintiff alleges that neither of these ever signed the will. Rev. Father Kilroy, examined in his own behalf, testified that he had made no will yet, but had given instructions for the preparation of the will over a year ago, and on examination of the will was entirely the worst of the opinion of the scrawls, Father Kilroy, and without the knowledge of deceased. As proof of this the plaintiff says that he has a claim for $600 against his deceased brother, which when there was talk of a will was made by him as a trap to secure a note to his cousin Thomas, for the same. If you signed a will you would have signed him (Father Kilroy) had intended out of his own means, with several hundred dollars of interest. A neighbor woman deposed to having visited deceased several times just previous to his death, and notably on the day the will was made, but there was no one with whom she remained all day, and neither of the witnesses could have been present there at all, and deceased also gave her to understand he had not settled his affairs, and was not going to do so. Mrs. Lynan, following, swore that deceased was not in a condition to sign a will, and that he was always very much afraid of dying suddenly. Mrs. Bourdeau, sister of deceased, swore that deceased was not capable of signing his name, and shivered every one of his poles to atoms. When it reached the pole at the house the resulting force all went down on to the clothes line, and escaped to the earth by way of the posts. Mrs. Hill was enveloped in a sheet of lightning flame. For some moments she was bewildered, and could not speak or move, but when the electricity passed away she found herself all right, barring a queer feeling which she could not locate for some time. No doubt if the telegraph wires had not completely surrounded her, she would have been killed, as the fluid must have struck her with great force owing to her proximity to the pole. The children were also being replaced, and Mr. Hill requests that the one at the end of his house be placed some distance away. He thinks it is not a desirable neighbor.

Thursday, October 5th.

BEATTIE'S

GRAND

OPENING

Thursday, October 5th.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

FLOUR down again, $3.80 cash and $3.85 wholesale. Telephone communication. Goods delivered free to all parts of the city and suburbs.—J. D. HAUNEY, 391, 397, and 399 York street.

For ladies and children's underwear call at the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Office and Show Rooms, 322 Dundas street, where you will find a large assortment of goods in the above ladies' specialties. 12 Hitchcock

REAL hair just received in Saratoga waves, coquettes, switches, &c., monte cloth, arrasines, crowns. The newest designs in combings. Hair dressing in all its branches. Dr. Morse's reliable patterns at Mrs. F. GAZLEY'S, 162 Dundas street.

ROLLED PLATE JEWELLERY.—The jewellery, Swiss, Scottish and Waltham watches, American and Canadian clocks, gold rings, Masonic and Odd-fellows' presentation jewels are all sold at WHITLOCK'S, 394 Richmond street, two doors north of Carling's. 1

MISS F. J. ARMSTRONG—Ladies leaving for Paris to do over will do well to call at 322 Richmond street, where they can have them done in a first-class manner, and at low prices, and dyed all colors.

FRENCH OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall

MILLINERY.—Mrs. S. M. Dodson has just received the cheapest feathers and novelties in the city, and hats and bonnets of all the latest styles. Call and see them at 393 Richmond street. Call and see them very cheap feathers.

New stock of fall dry goods received at J. J. Gibbons'. New dress cuttings, new chantings and flannels, new underwear, new furnishing goods, new gents' furnishings, &c.

REVERE HOUSE, London, Ont.—First-class in every respect. Refitted throughout. Opposite Metropolitan Temple, Street railway ran every ten minutes.—J. McDONALD, Proprietor. 16

Miss Hartley's, 393 Dundas street, for latest styles in millinery and dressmaking. Art form system. Nice assortment of flowers, feathers and ribbons now in stock. Also a large stock of Painted crown hats. 6 c Also a large lot of new wrenths from 40c. up. New stock of Ostrich tips, from 50c. per pair to per oz. New goods for fancy work. Pinafore aprons, worth $1, selling for $0.50. Some beautiful silk aprons, worth $2, selling for $1. Stamping done over ready made and to order. Agent for Demorest's paper patterns, styles, simple and reliable. Call and see. 6 Gibbs

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 89 Dundas St., Miss J. A. MUIR, Nicholas Block. Fall opening of millinery. All the latest English and American styles. Prices very low. A call solicited. 11tf-tu

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear go to the gents' mantle, go to Miss JOHNSON, 372 Clarence street, London. 11tf-tu

How is your time to buy a "Fearless" sewing machine, as they are selling at greatly reduced prices at 322 Dundas street. S. H. HUNT. 1 Lilly

"Gospel Hymns Combined," containing the first, second, third and fourth series, at W. L. HARRISON'S, the cheapest city bookseller. 11tf-tu

Whatever in the city will find HAWTHORN & HOOD'S Drug Store, 184 Dundas street, the most convenient place for such goods. Oysters received daily, in bulk and in shell. Every delicacy in season always on hand.

CITY CROCKERY STORE—HALL & CO.—Bedroom sets a specialty. By small expenses we can sell cheaper than our neighbors. No. 12 Market Square

MISS E. S. ALLEY, Dundas street, has in hand a full and well assorted stock of cotton and crossbar millinery and for ev goods, French bonnets and hats. Also a full assortment of ribbons, feathers and gloves and the latest styles in hosiery. Mourning orders promptly attended to.

The "Westminster House," 91 King street, London. Kept neat, clean and quiet, by J. W. MARVIN. "Old age a specialty." 12tf-tu

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received, consisting of Wilcox, Whitehead and Plated ware. Novelties, Mineral Waters and fish Stands from Colorado. Give us a call.

Watch and clock materials and tools at E. G. MASSINGHAM'S, 13 Dundas street, London.

Ladies, now is the time to have your Lace Curtains Renovated. They can be done up in first-class style at the London Steam Laundry 397 King street, between Clarence and Wellington street.—A. MOUNTJOY & Co.

ISAAC HOBB, Wholesale Agent, &c., has removed next door to *Herald* office, with a fine stock of watches, gold rings, jewelry and chromo clocks. Repairing carefully executed. Richmond street. 6 Kitty

St. Nicholas Restaurant, Carling st. 4, just opposite Richmond. Everything first-class. Lunch from 12 to 2 o'clock daily. H. PERRAN. 12tf-tu Dillon

CHESTER'S ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignment of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also fancy goods and stationery. The old reliable store, established 1864. 1-tu

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred thousand dollars' worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold without reserve at 40c on 90c. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winter goods before the stock is broken up.—R. S. HUMBLY & Co.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
—AND—
WINDOW GLASS.
Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Finest Guaranteed.
FREE CARRIAGE & HORSE WARRINGS A SPECIALTY
R. LEWIS
484 RICHMOND STREET.

BOOTS and SHOES.

It will pay you to buy your Boots and Shoes at P. J. DALY'S new store. Latest styles. Goods all new.

P. J. DALY,
No. 135 Dundas St., Molsons Bank Building. 13-tu&w-tu

Ross guaranteed to stand fifty pounds Coupings, etc., very cheap. Lever hydrants water-works pipe, etc., put up by first-class workmen. A written guarantee given with the hose.—HEARD & GOODMAN, 16 Masonic Temple, King street.

W. J. BRYANTON is selling water system at very low prices. They are warranted first-class. Manufactured on the premises, 64, 66 King street, opposite the Market. W. J. BRYANTON. JMW

Miss J. Bradney (from Regent street, London Eng.), 393 Dundas street. Caps for evening wear from the latest French designs; choice wreaths, flower necklets and bouquets for the ball, and corsages made to order. Crepe Lisse Frillings.

FIRST Finnan Haddies. First of the season. Fresh oysters in can and bulk, and all kinds of seasonable fruit. Also another car of water melons arrived R. HOSKINGS.

MISS BOURKEY, Milliner, 393 Dundas street, London, agent for Mitchell, Dobson & Co., corsets from the latest French designs; choice wreaths, flower necklets and bouquets for the ball, and corsages made to order. Crepe Lisse Frillings.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap. 372 Richmond street.

JOHNSON can sell them all the latest styles. The best material at 393 Dundas street; 2 doors east of Wellington.

LONDON EAST GOSSIP.

Gathered Together for Free Press Readers.

Monday, Oct. 2-d.

William Jeffers, of London East, was arrested by Detective Cassidy on Saturday night upon a charge of assaulting Mary Jane Jeffers. He was remanded until to-morrow.

The Inhabitants' Union Hall Committee met last night, but only a small number were present, and nothing was done.

The Masonic Union Hall Committee, consisting of three members from each lodge in the city, met last night, but only a small number were present, and nothing was done.

The Hamilton's

CARLING & CO
Brewers and Maltsters,
VE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR
ry Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
ALF & HALF,
ly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

MEETINGS.

URT VICTORY, C O F, WILL meet in the Ancient Foresters' Hall, Calling and Richmond streets, Friday ng, at 7.30 sharp. Members and intending vers should attend. 1365

2 COMPANY, 7TH FUSILIERS.—The presence of every member uired on Thursday, the 5th inst., at 7.30 o'n as pay roll.—THOS. MILLAR, Captain. dr

PERSONAL.

LADY WHO INTENTIONALLY or by mistake exchanged parasols nday afternoon at Miss Summers' fancy ll please return same to Miss Summers' re further trouble. dr

BOARD AND LODGING.

RD WANTED BY TWO ies in a private family.—C.D., Free 16e

NISHED ROOMS, WITH ed, at 213 Maple street. 794h

TO LET.

OOM.—TO LET, A LARGE 4 bedroom with grate. Apply at 205 Jov

SE TO LET IN MOGARTH Terrace. Immediate possession. R. McKAY. 1250tf

SANT FRONT ROOM TO 44 York street, near Richmond; also

SANT, WELL-FURNISHrooms to let. Inquire at 353 Queen's 1264h

TO RENT—OVER 1,600 SQUARE feet, well lighted basement, with, over Silverwood's dairy, Richmond street, corner Dundas and Talbot streets. Apply to DONALD A. CAMERON & Co. 1261-12

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albion Buildings, Richmond, to rent, until recently in the occupation of the American Express Co., and Somerville Tobacco Co. Rent moderate. Possession at once. Apply CARLING & CO., Brewery.

2 FINE ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR in English Lane Co.'s Block, corner Dundas and Talbot streets, to let. Entrance on Talbot street. Ready in a few days. Suitable offices for solicitors, agents, etc. — Apply to D. J. CAMPBELL, Manager. 1256-tf

WANTED TO RENT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

WANTED TO RENT, A COMFORTABLE house or cottage, containing seven rooms, convenience situated. Rent not to exceed ten dollars per month.—Apply at this office. dr

WANTED TO RENT, IMMEDIATELY, a small-sized residence in good locality at the city. Apply, stating terms to F. E., Free Press office. 1247

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—VERY fine country business premises for sale, consisting of house and store, carden, stable and carriage house. If some choice land is a large state of cultivation, on logs and orchard on the premises. Call at the premises, one of the best farming countries in Ontario. The above will be sold in one block or separate to suit purchaser. Possession to purchaser on 1 October. For full particulars apply to JOHN GRAHAM & Co., London, or THE McCORMICK M'F'G Co. 1258

FOR SALE CHEAP, AT ONCE, frame cottage, 6 rooms; lot 40x99 feet, on Maple street; 5 minutes' walk from Market or Post Office.—Apply to JAMES OWENS, 105 Talbot street.

FOR SALE—FRAME HOUSE, with eight acres of land, cheap, 11 miles south of Victoria Bridge, London. 1257-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—BRICK store and dwelling, good cellar, stables at the rear, Dundas street, adjoining Mitchell's Piano Manufactory. Possession 1st October. A. M. CUNNINGHAM, Strathroy. Sept. 1st, 1882. tf

VALUABLE FARM IN LONDON township—100 acres farm—for sale. The S½ of lot No. 6, in the 7th concession of London township, for sale. Large brick building; good creek runs through the farm; well situated. Apply to JOHN RODDY, 191 Dundas street, London. 1256-tf

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON Cathcart street, St. Thomas, 33 x 99, opposite Queen's Hotel and adjoining Air Line Depot. Price, $150 each. Apply to J. B. DAWES, Real Estate Office, London.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OPENING.—THE NO. 1 LIVERY stable on Queen's avenue, next door to the livery stable of the late proprietor of the late T. Lloyd, on Wellington street, where I intend having a first-class Livery and Boarding Stable, everything will be found in first-class style. Single and double carriages and Brougham drivers. Two horses for sale or exchange, varies. Telephone communication.—ROBT. HUTCHINSON. 1264

GET HAS OPENED AT 344 Richmond street, a choice assortment of Children's Wear, Fancy Goods, Underclothing, etc., and solicited. Patronage. 1264-tf

LICENSES ISSUED by the undersigned, at his house from Daylight to 9 p.m. G. MERCHANT.

DEMITT, ARTISTIC at Free Press Office. All printing in the best style of the

LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence of the undersigned. W. J. F. MOORMICK

Hilsey business from Walter Richmond and Bathurst 1, 1882. 1245-

CO., PRIVATE EN- Collection Agency, at Strathroy, Ont., Kingston, Ont., strictly Toronto. 1246-tf

HAND CLOTHING.

CLOTHING. — SELL Clothing to A. Monson, 377 for he gets the highest price ing is tried, for he deals all in a fact to call will be persuaded 1245y

HAVING CAST-OFF will be well to call on T. Fox, Dundas, where he will pay the highest prices for Ladies' and Gentlemen's cast-off clothing. 1245y

HAVING SECOND Clothing to sell you will do well to call on Wellington street, where you will get the highest price of all kinds of second-hand and cast-off clothing. 1245y

DENTISTRY.

REEY, DENTIST, IS Richmond, near Dundas Street. 1245y

FILLINGS AND ARTIFicial Dentistry in the best style of the profession. D. D. S., of Philadelphia, U.S.A. 1245y

ABBOTT, DENTIST, Office—Masonic Temple, Richmond street. 1245y

WALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS, Office: Dundas street, four doors west of Richmond street, over Davis' Furniture Store. Entrance for ladies and children, 787y

PETERSON, DENTIST—Office, 2, corner Dundas and Richmond streets, over Davis' Furniture Store. Entrance for ladies and children, 787y

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8286

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh
89 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

MALE SCHOOL TEACHER wanted, holding a second class certificate, for S. S. No. 1, Usborne. Apply, stating salary required, to JOSEPH PEART, Secretary, Wilkesville P. O., Ont. 1255b-tf

STOUT BOYS WANTED TO work in factory.—Apply to D. S. Temple & Co. 1264tf

THREE FIRST-CLASS JOURNEYMEN tailors wanted immediately. Steady.—Apply to MCPHERSON & ANDERSON, St. Thomas. 1247

WANTED — A FOREWOMAN. Also skirtmakers by the piece or week. Liberal wages.—Warnock Skirt Factory, over Express Office, Richmond street. 1245

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED AS Coachman for stevens, heavy and shelf hard ware in the business; good connection in the trade. Apply Box R., Free Press Office. 1264tf

SERVANTS WANTED.

A THOROUGHLY GOOD LAUNdress wanted to take washing home. Apply at once at 360 Talbot st. 1262

GIRL, ABOUT 14 YEARS, TO DO general house work. Apply at 84 Bruce st. 1264

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED at once. References required.—Apply to Mrs. STONE, 75 Victoria street. 1262

LADIES' YOU CAN GET SERVANTS at short notice to call on or send at my office. Wanted—A general servant, two young children, 2 girls, 15 years, housework, and 1 nurse.—J. OSBORNE, Intelligence Office, 91 Dundas st. 1262

SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS. Good domestic help of all kinds in great demand. Parties requiring promptly supplied.—Coffee House, Market Square—E. CLEVE.

TWO FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERmaids that can wait on table, and one dishwasher wanted.—Apply to R. PEARCE, Queen House, Chatham.

WANTED — 75 GOOD SERvants, 4 laundresses, 8 cooks, 6 housemaids, 12 farm hands. J. CAMPBELL'S Intelligence Office, 91 Dundas St.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ANGELO DAMBRA HAS OPENED his Fruit Establishment, 170 Queen's avenue, next door to the market. Constantly on hand a full assortment of all kinds. 267 Dundas st. Meals at all hours. Ice cream and soda water. 1264tf-vn

HAND-MADE CORSETS.—Ladies wishing a good and perfect-fitting Corset should call at MRS. A. M. LANDER'S, 81 Dundas street, London East. Corsets made to order. Promptly attended to. 1247tf

J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Corset Cutter. Wholesale and retail dealer in every variety of all kinds of Corsets. Corsets made to order. Repairing promptly attended to. N.B.—There is no 344 Dundas st. 1247tf

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam at JAMES F. HUNT'S Feather and Bedding Factory, 393 Richmond street, London. 1247tf

HORSEMEN—PRACTICAL Horseshoeing, artificial extension pads for contracted feet, at 70 Wellington street, London, Ont., next door to Revere House. 1247tf

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with despatch at the Engraving Department of the Free Press. 1247tf

HALUS & J.B. BROWN NOW manufacture all descriptions of Cheese Vats and Creamery, in addition to their Cheese Factory Apparatus. Orders promptly attended to. Address, Ingersoll, Ont., or Wilton Grove, Middlesex. 1247tf

MISS ADA SWITZER HAS JUST returned from the Old Country with a full assortment of Fancy Goods, Wools, Fringes, Crochet Braids, Invisible Nets (real hair), Bonnet Frames, Crochet Needles, Hooks, Pins, Combs, Brushes, Ornaments, Jewellery, Ribbons, Velvets, Silks, Satins, Feathers, Flowers, Hats, Bonnets, Mantles, Dolmans, Jackets, Ulsters, Dress Goods, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts, Sheetings, Shirtings, Cottons, Prints, Ginghams, Tweeds, Cloths, Gents' Furnishings, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, Overshoes, Trunks, Valises, Carpets, Oilcloths, Curtains, Blinds, Crockery, Glassware, Groceries, Provisions, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes, Stationery, Books, Newspapers, Magazines, Toys, Dolls, Perfumery, Soaps, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Hardware, Cutlery, Tools, Stoves, Tinware, Woodenware, Willowware, Harness, Saddlery, Horse Clothing, Whips, Robes, Rugs, Mats, Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Mops, Pails, Tubs, Churns, Washboards, Clothes Pins, Clothes Lines, Clothes Wringers, Mangles, Sewing Machines, Needles, Oil, Shuttles, Bobbins, Attachments, Repairs, Parts, Cotton, Silk, Thread, Buttons, Braids, Trimmings, Laces, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Underclothing, Corsets, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Scarfs, Braces, Garters, Suspenders, Sleeve Supporters, Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Microscopes, Thermometers, Barometers, Compasses, Rules, Measures, Tapes, Scales, Weights, Balances, Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Boats, Canoes, Oars, Paddles, Sails, Tents, Awnings, Flags, Bunting, Cordage, Twine, Rope, Wire, Chains, Anchors, Grindstones, Emery Wheels, Bicycles, Tricycles, Velocipedes, Perambulators, Baby Carriages, Wheelbarrows, Hand Carts, Express Waggons, Lumber Waggons, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Cutters, Sleighs, Sleds, Pungs, Cradles, Scythes, Snaths, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Adzes, Hammers, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Augers, Bits, Braces, Screwdrivers, Files, Rasps, Vises, Anvils, Bellows, Forges, Horseshoes, Horseshoe Nails, Rivets, Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Nails, Spikes, Tacks, Brads, Staples, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Bolts, Handles, Knobs, Escutcheons, Keyholes, Keys, Padlocks, Trunk Locks, Valise Locks, Door Locks, Window Locks, Sash Locks, Cupboard Locks, Drawer Locks, Desk Locks, Safe Locks, Vault Locks, Bank Locks, Jail Locks, Prison Locks, Asylum Locks, Hospital Locks, Church Locks, School Locks, Factory Locks, Mill Locks, Warehouse Locks, Office Locks, Store Locks, Shop Locks, Barn Locks, Stable Locks, Coach House Locks, Carriage House Locks, Harness Room Locks, Saddle Room Locks, Tack Room Locks, Feed Room Locks, Granary Locks, Corn Crib Locks, Pig Pen Locks, Hen House Locks, Dog Kennel Locks, Cat Box Locks, Rat Trap Locks, Mouse Trap Locks, Fly Trap Locks, Bird Cage Locks, Fish Pond Locks, Boat House Locks, Canoe House Locks, Tent Locks, Awning Locks, Flag Locks, Bunting Locks, Cordage Locks, Twine Locks, Rope Locks, Wire Locks, Chain Locks, Anchor Locks, Grindstone Locks, Emery Wheel Locks, Bicycle Locks, Tricycle Locks, Velocipede Locks, Perambulator Locks, Baby Carriage Locks, Wheelbarrow Locks, Hand Cart Locks, Express Waggon Locks, Lumber Waggon Locks, Buggy Locks, Carriage Locks, Phaeton Locks, Cutter Locks, Sleigh Locks, Sled Locks, Pung Locks, Cradle Locks, Scythe Locks, Snath Locks, Fork Locks, Rake Locks, Hoe Locks, Shovel Locks, Spade Locks, Axe Locks, Adze Locks, Hammer Locks, Saw Locks, Plane Locks, Chisel Locks, Gouge Locks, Auger Locks, Bit Locks, Brace Locks, Screwdriver Locks, File Locks, Rasp Locks, Vise Locks, Anvil Locks, Bellows Locks, Forge Locks, Horseshoe Locks, Horseshoe Nail Locks, Rivet Locks, Bolt Locks, Nut Locks, Screw Locks, Nail Locks, Spike Locks, Tack Locks, Brad Locks, Staple Locks, Hinge Locks, Lock Locks, Latch Locks, Bolt Locks, Handle Locks, Knob Locks, Escutcheon Locks, Keyhole Locks, Key Locks, Padlock Loc

FOR
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
128 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Thursday, October 5, 1882.

WHY THEY COMPLAIN.

The Grits exhibit a wilful misapprehension of the real ground taken by the Liberal-Conservatives in relation to the Crooks Act. They are constantly endeavoring to draw a red herring across the scent in this matter. They say the Crooks Act provides for a reduction of the number of licenses; therefore, the appointment of Licenses Commissioners and Inspectors, and the conversion of the whole business into a political machine by the Mowat Government, is praiseworthy. Here is where they seek to foster a misconception in the public mind. The numerous licenses granted under the old system did not arise from the lack of local supervision, but the laxity of the law itself as then in force. That law was as well administered by the Police Commissioners and Inspectors of that day as any such law was capable of being. It is not alleged by any one that the introduction of the Crooks Act, and the more curtailment of the power to grant licenses, by no one more fully endorsed than by the old local Commissioners as it is by the new Government machinery. The real law would be complied with just as the old one was. With this exception, however, that instead of making the whole Liquor interest as far as possible an ingredient in Mowatism, it would have remained a strictly local institution, carried on by local commissioners and inspectors, responsible to the people among whom they resided, and therefore not a new political faction whatsoever. So far as the Crooks Act provides for the lessening of the number and the raising of the standard of the trade which is now regulated, it is praiseworthy, but inasmuch as it deprives the municipality of powers and privileges which it for a long term of years possessed, it is a government outrage, on both of the most impudent aggressive. So far as it lends to meet the demands of morality and order, let it stand, but wherein it aims to gain a municipality under the political yoke of Mowat, let it be annulled. It is enough for Mowat to give the people the law for liquor regulation. The people themselves can be trusted for its due execution.

THEIR NAMES IN A BIG BOOK.

A few months back in the Free Press a few days ago, as showing how the licensing system is manipulated for political objects, also endorsing expressions from other journals. The *Mail*—Read says:—

"Mr. Mowat can turn up his books at any moment and find to what side of politics any particular hotel has been the political friend of every man engaged in the liquor business is reported to the Inspector of the district. Should any man be discovered voting Tory, Mr. Mowat immediately comes to the conclusion that the conduct of supervision requires that his license should be withdrawn from him."

The Peterboro' *Review* remarks:—

"We are told by the supporters of Mr. Mowat that his officials pay no regard to the politics of applicants for liquor licenses. Yet the Depart ment and the Reform journals are so well [illegible] with the politics of every licensee—[illegible] have been tabulated to a man. [illegible] Men of common sense [illegible] the Department [illegible] a special interest [illegible] they rule, [illegible] the Inspector [illegible] Reform [illegible]"

The Toronto *Mail* says:—

"Mr. Mowat has not only the supervision of Mr. Crooks' Act, and the more curtailment of the power to grant licenses, but he has no one more fully endorse any honest effort to elevate and improve the liquor traffic than Liberal Conservatives. But when it comes down to that undue advantage was taken of the passage of the Crooks Act to seize certain power from the local authorities and confer it at the Government head quarters in Toronto without rhyme or reason. The Crooks Act would have been as well enforced by the old local Commissioners as it is by the new Government machinery. The new law would be complied with just as the old one was. With this exception, however, that instead of making the whole liquor interest as far as possible an ingredient in Mowatism, it would have remained a strictly local institution, carried on by local commissioners and inspectors, responsible to the people among whom they resided, and therefore not a new political faction whatsoever. So far as the Crooks Act provides for the lessening of the number and the raising of the standard of the trade which is now regulated, it is praiseworthy, but inasmuch as it deprives the municipality of powers and privileges which it for a long term of years possessed, it is a government outrage, on both of the most impudent aggressive. So far as it lends to meet the demands of morality and order, let it stand, but wherein it aims to gain a municipality under the political yoke of Mowat, let it be annulled. It is enough for Mowat to give the people the law for liquor regulation. The people themselves can be trusted for its due execution.

A SUICIDAL COURSE

A Reform journal scouts the proposal to do away with the practice of selling timber lands by Order-in-Council, and without the consent of Parliament. But what is more contrary to the whole genius of responsible institutions than the selling the public estate, as the Mowat Administration has done, at the rate of millions of acres, by the mere edict of a Minister of the day? If the Administration thought it politic to dispose of one or more of our public institutions, as Model Farm or London Asylum, for example, the whole case would have to be submitted for legislative approval. To act without having done so, would lay them open to severe criticism, and be properly regarded as an outrage. But such a procedure would hardly differ in character from the arbitrary disposal of the timber lands, which are equally the people's patrimony. We do not say that such and every transaction should be the subject of a Parliamentary vote. That may be strictly leg the matter a little; but it is obviously the proper course that the powers of the Executive in this matter should be limited by legislative control. The people through their representatives should be asked to determine to what extent, and in what particular regions, such power should be exercised. And whenever it is proposed to take such power, it should be expressly stipulated what public objects the money is required for. To say that all this magnificent domain, comprising the great bulk of the permanent wealth of the Province, should be subject to be made away with at the caprice, and for the convenience of a ministry acting like a Star Chamber, is simply monstrous. It this is allowed to go on people will wake to the fact, perhaps, when reads the story of her life and thinks of her wretched ending, if they have not been stripped, never to be replaced again in their generation, and the money received therefor dissipated to meet current expenses. Once gone, it cannot be recalled. It is not enough to say that the money has been expended for good purposes. That is for the general judgment. Every have no right to have the money at command at all unless at the previous instance and as the result of a settled public policy. All the best authorities on the subject are agreed that three millions acres should not at present be spent, but husbanded. In a very few years their value will be quadrupled. It is the public interest, the whole interest of the people, that the outset of a great and increasing business demand, as has been done in the past with such a ruthless hand. It is not enough to urge that this reserve is necessary to make safe a solvent treasury. The treasury that has to be bolstered up by such means is not solvent. It is bankrupt. The people whom we represent have a right to demand as so to live within their legitimate income. If they do not do so, they had better give place to those who are ready to practice such economy. To go on year by year selling up capital for current outlay, as has been done under the Mowat regime, is to come at no distant day to a disastrous collapse. To live as such a trade is a dangerous and suicidal course.

CURRENT TOPICS

The Bishop of Algoma is out with a letter recommending an exhibition of "practical sympathy" with those bereaved by the Asia disaster.

A rare operation of resuscitation was performed at Philadelphia on Friday last. A young Irishman had turned his eye with sulphuric acid, destroying the conjunction. A corresponding section of a rabbit's eye was cut out and affixed in the injured part of the man's eye, and it is believed now that the operation will prove entirely successful.

"Marmion," it seems, is used as a text book at the Agricultural College. To be consistent, the order of Mr. Crooks, which excludes that awful volume from the public schools, must extend with the thick of farming But on the theory of the *Globe* that the book is "immoral," how are they going to repair the injury already done? It is a curious fact that the Catholics in that institution never raised the point now insisted on.

Sarnia Canadian.—Is the Hon. Adam Crooks, our Minister of Education, "a man, or a mouse, or a long-tailed rat?" How he reminds of his own [illegible] read Marmion [illegible]

ROMANTIC FRENCH TRAGEDY.

The Suicide of a Well Known Actress

EXTRAORDINARY NARRATIVE.

Mlle. Pergbire, the actress who committed suicide in Paris recently because the young Duc de Morny, her lover, had engaged her, was the daughter of a wealthy Russian. Her mother had died when she was young, and whatever care or training she received was bestowed upon her by a loving but neglectful father. Nature had endowed upon her beauties of person and wealth of intellect. The wild, tempting life which the maiden innocence led upon her father's estates only perfected the former. It touched her cheeks with a delicate color; it rounded her arm and form in ravishing beauty. Her mind was keen and active, but uneven. It looked the calm exterior and makes a mind symmetrical. It was envisaged in suicidal gloom. Suicide was her sovereign remedy for all ills. She thought of it and talked about it incessantly. Only the pure pleasure of an existence which she regarded the effort of a magnificent physique deterred her probably from the self destruction which had become part of her religion. Only the disappointment which ills it sure to bring, the disappointment of the French capital which will enervate the strongest constitution, were needed to make her the heroine of a tragedy.

At the age of fifteen Mlle. Pergbire did not know how to read. The consciousness of her defici ncy fired her ambition and she endeavored to make her mind as beautiful and perfect as her body. Her studies ended in fascination for napoline. These thrilling transcripts from life fired her imagination, and having heard of the wonderful triumphs of Sara Bernhardt, she determined to become an actress. Unfortunate decision! Unhappy was she fate that blighted her hopes! Better would it have been for her, for her father, for her friends, for the world, perhaps, who reads the story of her life and thinks of her wretched ending, if she had remained the innocent child, of the Russian steppes. She might have become the wife of one of her countrymen, the mother of beautiful sons and daughters, and died loved, honored and esteemed. Fame might not have been hers; but she would not have filled a thousand graves. But now it is useless to speculate as it is to censure. Mlle Pergbire refused to see her father. Her threats to commit suicide at last extorted from him a reluctant consultation in the sanctum of their own apartments, and penalties she faced the world. Her self-confidence in searching for illustrations of the effect of trees on climate, goes further afield, and brings forward some striking facts. Apples are almost a failure, with many kinds of rainfall, and vice versa. Experiments have been made in the forests of the transcontinental forests at the time of their struggle with the Crescents converted the greater forest into a fertile land into a desert. Paris, and make her debut in the Theatre Francais. Hope and ambition had persuaded her that she could at once become the peer of Sara Bernhardt. She had beauty that Sara Bernhardt did not possess; she had talents which were the natural gift of experience was not inferior to Sara Bernhardts. Although more imperfect of her, her debut was not a success. The critics uttered very scarcely because jealous of her. It was said that she had no talent that her accent was vile. No one could deny that she had personal beauty; but that was annoying to her. It was a recognition of her mindless that she dared to aspire. In view to extending that recognition, she began lab ions and protracted studies.

At Fresne her actress-ge ge. Mlle. Pergbire had been engaged to be chaste. A great deal was said about her beauty before she came, and as soon as her part in the play was over, she went to her own apartments. She saw many others, she did not see the virtue, it was discovered, that she did not possess. She had not the art nor the mistress of the miserable treacheress, Countess young Duc de Morny. She was however, the victim of his deceit and not of her own depravity.

She was poor. Her manager says he was actress barely enabled her to purchase her costumes and to get her bread. She lived with an aunt and in her she was a burden. It is strange that when the Duke de Morny became fascinated with her beauty and charms, he took her to the villa in an aristocratic part of Paris, that he occupied the first [illegible] Hotel de Morny. Here, for forty days in delight, and it seemed that the question of marriage was the only cloud which now fell on the adjacent land and double what they formerly were.—*London Times.*

Modes of Gambling

Not half the gambling in this world ever gets into print. There are as many other modes of risking money, that cards seem superfluous. Take, for instance, the ordinary commonplace methods of betting on horses, what are known as "sporting events." Any one who has been on the result of a tennis match, or a prize fight or a walking match, knows how exciting it is, how very much more stirring money that, compared with these every day methods, are as stodge pies of Betsey Prig compared with the thick and delicate crust of the Bisop restaurant. Pyle is perhaps one of the most exciting of these modern inventions. By [illegible] he sees only a game that is newly [illegible] but there is still a peculiar pleasure in hearing the Captain [illegible] of the big ocean steamers that he was going to Russia, but in fact he was [illegible] to Queenstown. A dozen or fifteen persons seat themselves about a table and gaze in front of him a lamp of sugar and a [illegible] dollar, or whatever the [illegible] stakes are. The party remain as quiet as possible till a fly alights upon one of the lumps of sugar. The proud owner of this lump is the winner of the stakes. A newer sport, equally exciting, is called "[illegible]-fly." Two gentlemen determine to run their money on something watch a window pane on a rainy day and bet upon the comparative speed of two drops of rain coursing down the glass. The most gentlemanly sport of all, however, is to bet on the result of a [illegible] race. Each "gentleman" lays his figure on the back of the crab which carries his colors. The starter waves his handkerchief, the [illegible] and the crabs are off [illegible] instinct takes them invariably to the sea, and the semi-races are always a very large and good one. Turnips are also a favorite drop. It has remained for the [illegible] Bernhardt, to invent a sport that is said to outstrip both of these favorites in excitement and excitement. Trials are daily [illegible] which has served to enliven French watering-places through the season, is crab [illegible] Each "gentleman" lays his figure on the back of the crab which carries his colors. The starter waves his handkerchief, the [illegible] and the crabs are off [illegible] instinct takes them invariably to the sea, and the semi-races are always a very large and good one. Turnips are also a favorite drop. It has remained for the [illegible] Bernhardt, to invent a sport that is said to outstrip both of these favorites in excitement and excitement. Trials are daily [illegible] which has served to enliven French watering-places through the season, is crab [illegible]

As soon as the dis her body was taken to her rooms. It was all on one bed, pale, white and white and bespeckled with edema. The Sisters of Charity ministered her blood ady, which was many, and shedding the head on a lace-edged pillow, surrounded the crucifix with tea roses. The beauty of the actress was all gone. Her eyes were closed with brownish lings. When her aunt refused to pay the expenses of the funeral, the Duc de Morny ordered a second-class hearse and twelve mourning coaches. Many theatrical people and people led by curiosity attended the funeral. The Duc de Morny attended it also, but without grace and stalking between Princes Murat and Soveral, he was heard to remark cynically, "We three widowers." The wreath now remains that a pretty woman killed herself for him, and all the young fakes of Paris are filled with envy.

The Influence of Forests on Climate.

Dr. Schomburgk, the Director of the Botanic Gardens at Adelaide, has added to his recently issued report an appendix on the subject of the influence of forests on climate. The object of this paper is to prove that the destruction of forests mainly has the effect of reducing the rainfall, while on the contrary the planting of trees tend to give a country a more [illegible] and [illegible] which can be adapted for [illegible] ating its climate and increasing the annual fall of rain. It cannot, indeed be proved that the climate of South Australia is altering for the worse in this respect. In fact, a comparison of the meteorological records will show that the annual average rainfall for the colony during the past ten years has been 21.11 in., as compared with 20.1 in. for the previous ten years. The fact is, that in the agricultural districts of the colony, and especially in the Mount Lofty ranges, where the country was originally thickly timbered, the bringing of the land into cultivation has had the effect of slightly favoring the fall of rain. Ploughed land attracts moisture to a much greater degree than the unbroken soil. It is also found that the effect which the removal of forests *per se* has in altering the climate in south Australia, the only direct instance which could be taken for comparison is that of Adelaide itself, the time is divided into two periods, the first from the first settlement in 1836 to 1850, and the second one of 21.71in.

It will thus be seen that, on the whole, the rainfall at Adelaide is diminishing, though very slightly, and perhaps the diminution in the amount of fall may have something to do with too change. Dr. Schomburgk, in searching for illustrations of the effect of trees on climate, goes further afield, and brings forward some striking facts. Apples are almost a failure with many kinds of rainfall, and vice versa. Experiments have been made in the forests of the transcontinental forests at the time of their struggle with the Crescents converted the greater forest into a fertile land into a desert. Paris, and make her debut in the Theatre Francais. Hope and ambition had persuaded her that she could at once become the peer of Sara Bernhardt. She had beauty that Sara Bernhardt did not possess; she had talents which were the natural gift of experience was not inferior to Sara Bernhardts. Although more imperfect of her, her debut was not a success. The critics uttered very scarcely because jealous of her. It was said that she had no talent that her accent was vile. No one could deny that she had personal beauty; but that was annoying to her. It was a recognition of her mindless that she dared to aspire. In view to extending that recognition, she began lab ions and protracted studies.

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Grand Trunk Crop Reports.

Reliable Returns from Along the Lines.

THE GREAT WESTERN SECTION.

TORONTO.—White and red winter wheat averages 30 bushels per acre, at least one-third more than last year; spring wheat, not much more, but will yield about average crop. Oats, good yield, from 40 to 60 bushels per acre, about equal to last year's crop, but more acreage sown this year. Peas, not much sown, present appearance very fair. Barley, heavy crop, at least one-third more than last year, 30 to 40 bushels per acre, but will be badly stained; 48 lbs. weight. Corn, very short crop owing to late cold and wet weather. Apples, not over one-third of a crop. Potatoes, rot has destroyed double last year. Turnips are growing finely; if yield, the late rains proving most beneficial, very heavy crop, yield estimated at a third more than last year.

TORONTO.—White and red winter wheat, 25 bushels per acre; oats, 60 do. per do; peas, 20 do. per do; barley, 35 do. per do; hay, very poor crop; potatoes and turnips, large and fine crop; peas do.; barley exceeds last year, but damaged by rain; corn scarcely an average crop; crop exceeds last year.

DUNNVILLE.—Total acreage under crop, 2,000; fall wheat, 1,000 bushels; spring wheat, 12,000 bushels; barley, 12,000 bushels; corn, 5,000 bushels; potatoes, 12,000 bushels; other roots, 10,000 bushels. Fall wheat, oats and potatoes will be a good crop, and turnips and corn will be above the average.

LONDON.—The crop of fall wheat will be very light, but on account of rains about one-half of it will be stripped more or less. Very little spring wheat was sown. Peas will be of a good crop this year. Fruit crop a failure. Potatoes, about one-fourth of a crop. Other roots, not a large breadth sown, yield one-fifth to one-half. Barley, two-thirds an average crop, and generally of inferior, owing to the wet season. Oats, about an average crop. Hay, not a large breadth sown, yield one-third to one-half. Corn, not a large breadth sown, yield about an average crop. Early will average about 40 bushels to the acre, while late will not exceed 20 bushels per acre. Turnips, about an average crop. Fall wheat will average 30 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Spring wheat will average 20 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Barley will average 30 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Oats will average 40 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Peas will average 20 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Corn will average 40 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Potatoes will average 100 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Turnips will average 200 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Hay will average 1½ tons per acre, some more and some less.

NEWBURY.—Fall wheat, a large crop and very good; the average per acre about 30 bushels, in consequence of wet weather a large portion of it is badly damaged. Spring wheat not grown. Barley also is very little raised. Oats, good crop, average about 50 bushels to the acre. Corn, a good crop. Hay, an excellent crop. Roots of all kinds good. Potatoes will be abundant. Peas, only middling.

STRATHROY.—In this neighborhood fall wheat will average 28 to 30 bush ls per acre; very little spring wheat sown. Barley, heavy crop, at least one-third more than last year, 30 to 40 bushels per acre, but will be badly stained; 48 lbs. weight. Corn, very short crop owing to late cold and wet weather. Apples, not over one-third of a crop. Potatoes, rot has destroyed double last year. Turnips are growing finely; if yield, the late rains proving most beneficial, very heavy crop, yield estimated at a third more than last year.

STRATHROY.—White wheat, 25 bushels per acre; oats, 60 do. per do; peas, 20 do. per do; barley, 35 do. per do; hay, very poor crop; potatoes and turnips, large and fine crop; peas do.; barley exceeds last year, but damaged by rain; corn scarcely an average crop; crop exceeds last year.

ST. MARYS.—Total acreage under crop, 2,000; fall wheat, 1,000 bushels; spring wheat, 12,000 bushels; barley, 12,000 bushels; corn, 5,000 bushels; potatoes, 12,000 bushels; other roots, 10,000 bushels; oats, 10,000 bushels; hay, 1,000 tons. Fall wheat, oats and potatoes will be a good crop, and turnips and corn will be above the average.

LONDON.—The crop of fall wheat will be very light, but on account of rains about one-half of it will be stripped more or less. Very little spring wheat was sown. Peas will be of a good crop this year. Fruit crop a failure. Potatoes, about one-fourth of a crop. Other roots, not a large breadth sown, yield one-fifth to one-half. Barley, two-thirds an average crop, and generally of inferior, owing to the wet season. Oats, about an average crop. Hay, not a large breadth sown, yield one-third to one-half. Corn, not a large breadth sown, yield about an average crop. Early will average about 40 bushels to the acre, while late will not exceed 20 bushels per acre. Turnips, about an average crop. Fall wheat will average about 30 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Spring wheat will average 20 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Barley will average 30 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Oats will average 40 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Peas will average 20 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Corn will average 40 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Potatoes will average 100 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Turnips will average 200 bushels per acre, some more and some less. Hay will average 1½ tons per acre, some more and some less.

STRATHROY.—White wheat will average 25 bushels to the acre; red do. 25 do.; peas very few, 25 do.; barley badly damaged by rain, 35 do.; oats badly damaged by rain, 35 do.; corn good, 45 do.; hay, extra crop, 2½ tons per acre; potatoes very few, very good; turnips, 300 do.; apples very few, enough for home use; pears do.; turnips and other vegetables, only enough for home use grown. The yield of grain in pears favorably with last year's crops, but nearly one-third of it was damaged by rain while harvesting.

KILWORTH.—Winter wheat above the average, 25 to 35 bushels to the acre; spring wheat is good, about 16 bushels. Barley yields about 30 to 35 bushels per acre, damaged with the rain; will make a good crop, but some have sprouted. Oats are very good, will range 40 to 60 bushels per acre. Peas will be a good crop, but some have sprouted. Other root crops are not much. Potatoes, from the very best information we can get, will be below the average. Apples, a failure. Root crops a failure. Potatoes, fair average crop, but rotting quickly. No other fruit for market. The consumption will be a good deal of damage.

ST. THOMAS.—Fall wheat, a large crop, fair average crop, 30 bushels per acre, slightly damaged. Spring wheat, none. Barley, a good crop; will yield 30 bushels per acre; slightly damaged. Oats, light, 30 to 40 bushels per acre; damaged by rain. Peas, heavy crop, 25 to 30 bushels per acre. Potatoes, fair average crop, 100 bushels per acre. Turnips, below the average. Root crops will be a failure. Root crops will be a failure. Plums and pears a failure. Apples, almost entirely destroyed by rain. Peaches and pears

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By our system a fancy is produced which does not injure or injure the skin, but leaves it soft and soft, while the vegetable properties of the soap are improved, and makes it the best and cheapest soap for general purposes.

We recommend CHURCHER'S WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP for toilet use, bath, and for Wash. Church & Co., Limited, Hamilton. Made by Thomas Churcher & Co., Hamilton.

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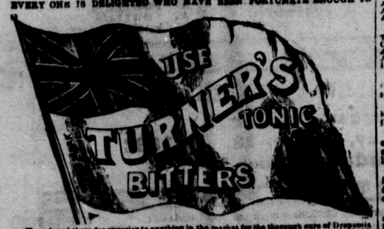
EVERY ONE IS DELIGHTED WHO HAVE BEEN FORTUNATE ENOUGH TO



Have found them far superior to anything in the market for the thorough cure of Dyspepsia, Ague, Chill and Malarial Fevers. Every person visiting the Western Fair should secure a bottle. Agents Wanted Everywhere. Price, one dollar per bottle. Manufactured only by the proprietor, Thomas Turner, Chemist, Hamilton, Ont. Sold by druggists generally throughout the Dominion, and recommended by forty years use in all departments of the country, and the Principal Hotels and Lunches in Hamilton. Ask for Turner's Tonic Bitters and take no other. Sold by JOHN TURNER, Proprietor, Cor. King and James streets, Hamilton, Ont. Write to him if you are in doubt. Mention this paper.

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LITHOGRAPHING & ENGRAVING

DEPARTMENT.

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

Thursday, October 5, 1882.

MOUNT ROYAL.

BY MISS M. A. BRADDON.

They went across the fields, and by the time they reached Trevigne—walking briskly, they were pretty well warmed. Mr. Bellingham was in the cool evening air, and Alice was not too much for the company, for her spirits were high, and she seemed to have left her cares behind her.

"Oh, I am so glad to get out into the country," she said, as they walked along the footpath by the side of the road. "I have been so miserable lately, and I am sure it is the London air that makes me feel so. I shall be quite myself again now I am going to live in the country."

"Are you going to live in the country?" asked Mr. Bellingham, looking at her with a grave face.

"Yes, I am going to live with Mrs. Braddon, at Mount Royal. Didn't you know that?"

"I knew that you were going to live with Mrs. Braddon, but I did not know that Mount Royal was in the country."

"Why, of course it is in the country. Isn't it, Mr. Braddon?"

"Well, I should call it a suburban residence. It is only a mile from the station, and there are a dozen villas between it and the station."

"Oh, but there are fields behind it, and it is so quiet. I am sure I shall like it very much indeed. I am so tired of London. I have been there all my life, and I am quite sick of it. I want to see the country, and to live in the country, and to be in the country."

"Alice is very much in earnest," said Mr. Braddon, with a smile.

"Yes, I am very much in earnest. I am tired of London, and I want to see the country. I have been in London

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the Fair will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONCAN AND CO.,
305 & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Thursday, October 5, 1882

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 20 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Thursday, October 5, 1882.
Sun rises....6:0 a. m. | Moon rises...10:01 a. m
Sun sets.....5:49 p. m. | Moon sets...2:34 p. m
Day of the year—278th.

L. 1st quarter	3rd	9.09 p m.
New moon	12th	12.44 a.m.
1st quarter	19th	5.37 p.m.
Full moon	26th	10.50 a.m.

WEATHER PROPHETS.

Prof. Bom, of Dudley University, Albany, who has been observing the comet which lately appeared, states that it is the same one noticed in 1843 and 1860. On both occasions it was noticed to approach nearer the sun's orbit, and he expects it to return again next year, bringing with it intense solar heat, hurricanes, electrical disturbances and cyclonic floods. Moses Oater, the Toronto weather pronosticator, confirms this opinion, and predicts a terrible time generally. There is no connection, however, which is that astronomers no more than other people know much about the climatic influences which occurs are supposed to result on this planet. Consequently their prognostications are to a great extent mere speculation.

ASTRONOMY WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, 1 a. m., October 5.—The pressure has decreased slightly over Canada east of the Lakes, and increased over the North-West Territories. The relative distribution is, however, much the same as yesterday. The weather continues fair, and is a little warmer throughout the country. Upper and lower St. Lawrence: moderate winds and light showers. Gulf: moderate to westerly to northerly winds; fine weather: stationary or slightly higher temperature. Maritime: moderate to fresh winds, mostly northward; generally fair with few local showers.

CONFIRMATION.—The Bishop of Huron leaves this morning, accompanied by Rev. Canon Lowe, for St. Mary's, for the purpose of holding a confirmation in St. Thomas' Church, of which the Rev. Rural Dean Hill is rector.

SCISSEX'S SUCCESS.—Mr. John Scissex, the well known blacksmith of King street, was successful in carrying the first prize for his ornamental fencing and gate at the Western Fair, and the exhibit of his handiwork was one of which he may well seem to feel proud. Mr. Sussex is a first-class mechanic, and pays special attention to fence work, creditably so.

A STONE HOUSE.—Mr. James Wilcox, ex-Warden of Middlesex, is erecting a two-story stone house in the form of cruciformation on his farm, Lobo Winchester, which will cost $6,000. It is composed largely of freestone, imported from Berea and Cleveland. Mr. Geo Patterson has the contract for the stone work, which reflects much credit upon him.

MAGNIFICENT BASS FISHING.—Messrs. James Durand, Joseph Atchison and John Barnett have returned from a fishing excursion on the Thames. They brought with them, of their own catching, some of the finest specimens of black bass ever captured in that river, and report abundance of this, the finest of our river fishes. They are also say all the anglers they met with on their trip had excellent luck.

IN THE CELLS.—William Snell was arrested yesterday afternoon in a fearfully intoxicated condition, and was locked up to sober off. G Weeles was served with a summons to appear for damage to property belonging to Dan Collins. Hugh Nickins was taken into custody as a vagrant, and presented such a pitiful spectacle that he was remanded until the 12th. Robert Mann was locked up for being drunk and disorderly, and was remanded until the 9th inst.

A PLEASANT EVENING.—The Hamilton *Spectator* of the 4th says:—Last evening was a pleasant one at the residence of Mr. James Blair, of the Internal Revenue Department, 94 Victoria avenue south. The Thirteenth Band serenaded Mr. Blair in celebration of that gentleman's marriage with Miss Rathbun. Mrs. Sadler acted as bandmaster. Mr. Louis Schwarz acted as spokesman and presented the compliments of the band. The serenaders and their friends were royally entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Blair. [Mr. Blair was formerly in the Inland Revenue office here.]

PROVINCIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.—The Provincial Board of Health has issued a circular to Clerks of municipalities and marine service inspector. Information is asked for whether the municipalities are exercising the powers conferred upon them by the [illegible] Act, and whether the same are effectual. Information is also asked as to the means adopted for the disinfection of houses, and for the prevention of the spread of contagious disease. A form of record has been issued by physicians, for which they are requested to enter and forward to the Board statistics regarding disease.

LONDON WEST METHODIST SOCIAL.—An enjoyable entertainment under the auspices of the Young People's Mutual Improvement Association of the London West C. M. Church was held Tuesday night, and was numerously attended. An excellent programme was taken part in by Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. Coyle and Mrs. Kester, the Misses Spence, Callies, Deacon and Cobbe, and the Messrs. Millicamp, Jones, Cronin, Kelly, Deacon, Jeffries, Wise, Gillespie, and Rev. A. C Courtice, B. A. A feature of the programme was the trio, "The Red, White and Blue" and "Waiting," by three little girls, Miss Ada Spence, May Beasley and Lewis Banks. Miss Spence presided at the organ.

LOCAL NOTICES.

DAVID LOGAN, dealer in groceries, &c., corner Wortley Road and Dray street, is agent for the FREE PRESS in London South.

Is a boon in the trunk and valise SCARROW'S. ood nov2

Every Pulse should have a Giant Tonic and y. A [illegible] For sale by T. EDMUNDS MANN, [illegible]

Artists' Materials and Drawing Boards received direct from Reeves & Sons, at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. [illegible], Esq., M.P., Carleton, Ont., agent for the Bank of the Free Press.

Rimmel perfumes and soda paper in bulk. Free Press Information Office.

STYLISH OUTFITS.

For handsome and elegantly made Suits, Robt. Wallace, the Dundas-st. Clothier, takes the lead. His new Scotch Suitings and Fall Overcoatings are elegant. His fits are sure, his prices low, and your goods are sure to be finished when promised.—146 Dundas st., nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

Mayor Sleeman, of Guelph, has an idea that the next Provincial Exhibition will be held in that city.

Sergeant-Major Clark has been appointed Relieving Officer for the city of Guelph at a salary of $200 per annum.

Miss Maggie J. Mills, who appealed on the late Intermediate Examination, has been awarded a grade B certificate.

The bridge which spans the River Thames near Dorchester station is now completed, and is a fine specimen of workmanship.

Single Bird, owned by John Forbes, of Woodstock, was second in the mile and three-quarters race at Chicago yesterday.

Rev. G. R. Cook, of Georgetown, has accepted the appointment of the parish of Sault Ste. Marie from the Bishop of Algoma.

Mr. James Tye, of the Watford *Guide News*, passed through London last evening from a visit to friends in the County of Perth.

Rev. Dr. Sanderson, of this city, is announced to deliver a lecture at Chatham shortly on "Methodism; Its Rise and Progress."

Mr. E. Hamilton, son of Mr. James Hamilton, of Stratford, will shortly be ordained to the Priesthood by the Bishop of Huron.

Robert Moore was arrested Tuesday night for acting in a disorderly manner in London West, and Squire Peters fined him $1 and costs.

The hearing of the case of Fitzgerald, *et al.*, vs. McPhail, was further adjourned by Judge Elliot, yesterday, until Wednesday next.

Mr. M. McIntyre, the gamekeeper of the reserve, has been presented by the owners with a breech-loading gun in appreciation of his services.

Messrs. Jos Paine and Fred Winlow, of Strathroy, shot fifty-eight quail and two plover on Monday afternoon, a short distance south of that town.

St. John's wants a winter lecture course. The hope must have some excuse for a moonlight walk with Sarah Jane, when it's too frigid to linger linger on the garden gate.

Miss L. E. Speare, formerly of this city, was successful in carrying off an iron that-kitchen prize (nearly all form) for pickles and drawings at the Brantford Southern Fair.

The partnership existing between the Dan Clarke Bros., of Aylmer, has been dissolved by mutual consent. Dr. C. W. Clarke proposes going to Winnipeg, and will pursue his profession in that city.

Complaint is being made by citizens in regard to the condition of the crossings on Wellington street, some of the ratepayers expressing the opinion that they should be replaced and improved at an early day.

The phrase "Mind your P's and Q's," implying circumspection in behavior, is said to have originated from an old custom in taverns of marking on the wall the charges for drink by the householder, the P's meaning pints and the Q's quarts.

Mr. Thos. H. Skinner, of Hamilton, was married yesterday afternoon to Miss Hope, daughter of Mr. Chas. J. Hope, of this city, formerly of London. The bride's maid was Miss Hendrie, Harvey Wilson and Wm McGiverin, and the groom was accompanied by Mr. Alexander Harvey, jun.

The St. Thomas *Journal* thinks that every girl should walk at least three miles a day. That the editor has been established by young men with more sachets than salary, whose sweethearts have a yearning for livery rigs, is no appearance to make an honest journalistic blank for the morality of the profession.

A large number of persons with no ostensible business are in the habit of lounging around the Richmond street depot, causing a crowd on the platform during the arrival and departure of trains. Constables Logan characterizes this practice as a nuisance, and purposes to check it, if possible, by adopting forcible measures.

It is said that the three jewellery thieves lately caught here, and now in jail awaiting trial at Chicago, are known to be more than the trio who had so narrow an escape at Hamilton last week. Goldar, Clark and Mayberry. One of the Hamilton detectives will arrive here in a few days with the view, if possible, to identifying them.

A large force of workmen are at present engaged in the construction of a new iron bridge on the Air Line Railway at New Sarum, the scene of the disaster of last year. A large culvert has been built over the creek at each end, and the intervening space filled in with solid earth as a substitute for the wooden bridge at that place. The work is completed last week.

The Benefit Fund in connection with the City Fire Department has been increased to a handsome and gratifying extent by Mr. Jesse Scales, who takes this method of showing his appreciation of the services rendered him by the brigade on the occasion of the fire which occurred at his establishment in Westminster some time since, and on behalf of the Department the Chief tenders Mr. Scales their hearty thanks for the donation.

THE GUELPH *Guardian* :—The promoters of the Western Fair have every reason to congratulate themselves upon the great success of the late show. From whatever point of view considered, the Western Fair has been successful; financially in the attendance; in the quantity and quality of the exhibits. It is also clearly demonstrated the immense capacities of Weston, in comparison to Eastern Ontario, in all things that combine to make a successful exhibition."

POLICE COURT NOTES.—The three boys arrested for breaking into the fruit store of Mr. Nelson on Tuesday morning were yesterday committed to jail by Squire Peters. They come up on the 6th inst. Hollis Garvey stepped to the complaint of Mary Nelson, who charged her with assault. The evidence did not sustain Mary's charge, and the case was dismissed. A charge of abusive language was then laid by Garvey against Mary Nelson, and a fine of $1 and $2 85 costs was imposed. Martin Joyce, who appeared with a swollen eye, which indicated that he had been on a prolonged spree, was fined $2 and $1 50 costs or 21 days in jail. He will be two days' board and discharged. Mary Nelson, who charged Mary Garvey, of Sarnia, with assault, was fined $2 and costs, or 21 days in jail. Mary Garvey paid the money and left for home. Mary Nelson, who charged Mary Garvey, of Sarnia, with assault, was fined $2 and costs, or 21 days in jail. Mary Garvey paid the money and left for home. Mary Nelson, who charged Mary Garvey, of Sarnia, with assault, was fined $2 and costs, or 21 days in jail. Mary Garvey paid the money and left for home.

AN INDIAN'S ARREST.—Detectives Finale and Murphy took a trip to Confederation, yesterday, and succeeded in arresting an Indian named Antoni Day, upon a charge of obtaining money under false pretences. The circumstances have already been detailed in the FREE PRESS, being that on the 17th ult. a pic followed an Indian named Johns into the city and was sold by him to Mr. Snow, butcher, for $2 20—$2 being paid in advance. Day was present at the time, and when quietly returned in company with one Isaac Walker, and by representing himself as owner of the pic secured the balance of the money from Mr. Snow, with whom it was left. When Mr. Church, the real owner of the pocket, appeared, he received the balance of the money over the advance paid Mr. Snow, from the gentleman's daughter, but other steps in Day's return, and Mr. Church secured a warrant to be issued. Day was remanded until the 12th inst.

INTERESTING SERVICE.—His Lordship the Bishop of Huron visited Bramwich, in the parish of the Rev. Dr. Sanders, yesterday afternoon, and held a confirmation in St. Peter's Church, Aldborough. The congregation being crowded to the doors, the Bishop delivered an impressive address from the chancel steps. The church was tastefully decorated for the occasion, and the music rendered by the harmonious choir was of a high order of excellence. The collection in aid of the church debt was liberal.

IMPORTS.—Among the imports for London and Western Ontario ports per steamer the SS. Brooklyn and Prince Arthur, from Montreal, were the following:—Per Adams & Co., 12 cases boots, Wright & Co., 6 511 bars iron; W. J. Reid & Co., 1 pkg. Bell Organ Co., 2,515 bars iron; 120 bdls. iron; Gowan & Co., 1 case Robinson, Little & Co., 2 do.; J. Bird & Co., 3 do.; W. Young & Co., 5 do.

CLOSING THE [illegible] OFFICE.—Chief [illegible] papers of yesterday's [illegible] that "the Post Office [illegible] this city, which opened [illegible] branch office in the young [illegible] of the Queen's Hotel, will be closed [illegible] 7th inst. The [illegible] Mr. Meredith's [illegible] Western Office will be [illegible] at Montreal to New York.

There are many ways of [illegible] time than reading and [illegible] every day [illegible] Sometimes [illegible] Lane as a [illegible] part in a [illegible] of Mr. [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Mr. [illegible]

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8297

NC & CO

...d Mollstore,
...ERA LARGE STOCK
...r Ale, III Porter
...ICE LAGER.
...& HALF,

Died.

...T SUPPER AND ... held in Collins' Hall, Lon... 20th inst., in aid of ... church. Supper, 6 to 8 p. m.; ... 8 p.m. Tickets, 25 cts. ...

...BLEE SINGERS, ... country, will sing in Wortman... Music Hall, Kingsmill's, on ...

...ATTRACTION AT ... Street Opera House, Saturday ... and Saturday Matinee. Who ... next, at 10 o'clock. Warren's ... by Murphy & Pudney. ... to-day, grand organ recital, ... at 2 o'clock. Admission, ...

...ENTS ON.

...PE NO. 1, I. O. F. ... Wednesday evening, the 18th ... A full attendance of members ... C. R., by E. LAWSON, R.S. ...

...S. ATTENTION.— ... ers, No. 1, Question Order of ... in their new hall, over ... Richmond street, on ... Oct. 19th, at 7 o'clock. ...

...OOT BALL CLUB.—A ... the members of the above club ... Tuesday, 17th inst., at 8 o'clock, ...

...NING OF CHRIST ... Friday evening, ... by W. J. Taylor, Esq., ... Colony," Presentation in aid ... Admission 25 cents. Conc. ...

...WN SQUARE. ...

...OLD LOCKET, CHAIN ... Initials in Victoria Park, Any ... them will be rewarded by ... Canal Yard Office. ...

...ON SUNDAY AFTER... ...ngston River and Mount Hope ... will be resumed to leave ... ...ing, connecting with the ... by leaving same at 2:30 ...

...ED TO PURCHASE. ...

...ED—A PARTY TO FOR... ...one or two car loads of fresh ... ...ARRINGTON'S FLOUR ...

...D AND LODGING. ...

...—TWO YOUNG LADIES ... board in a private family, ...

...ISHED ROOMS, WITH ... 1, on 15th inst. ...

...RAGE, FRONT AND BACK ... furnished or unfurnished, ... Richmond first, 3rd Clarence street, ...

...TO LET.

...DESIRABLE SHOP AND ... Saturday street north in ... Apply to Mr. Anderson, ... Richmond, &c. ...

...ENT. GOOD FRAME COT... ...E to rent (short lease) handy, ... ROBERT ARNOTT, London West. ...

...ENT — A NEW GRAIN ... Richmond, on C. V. R. in ... ...y 1st, 1883. Apply to ...

...LET — DETACHED BRICK ... No. 466 Colborne st. Apply to ... ...ECO., 361 Richmond st. ...

...SE ELIGIBLE STORES IN ... Richmond, Richmond street, in ... ...ly occupied by Messrs. Ca... ...ply to Mr. Carroll, Dundas ...

...AL ESTATE FOR SALE.

...LOTS FOR SALE—ON ... Church, St. Thomas, 60 x 66, ...ply to A. Peebles, 24 Dundas ...

...UABLE FARM IN LONDON ... acres farm—for sale. The ... ...ly to Mr. Peebles, Solicitor, ...

...FOR SALE

...SALE, AN ORGAN, CHEAP ... Apply W. B., this office. ...

...D LATHE AND SCROLL ... ...ew condition; also Sarah Saw, nearly ... ...ply to WM. PUDNEY, ...

...HOTELS.

...OBRIE, SIX YEARS AT ... ...Albion Hotel, Dundas street, ...

...BOOTS AND SHOES.

...S AND SHOES.—EVERY ...

...RUSH & CUTLER NOW ...

...REMEMBER.

...HARVEY, DENTIST, H... ...

...FILLINGS AND ARTI... ...AH, Dentist, 94 Dundas street, ...

...R. ABBOTT, DENTIST, ...

...DONALD & DA... ...TS. Office: Dundas ... IS, DEN...

...VERTON, DENTIST— ... Royal, 8, Dundas and ...

...BRIDAL.

...DRILLS BAND FOR PIC... ...Apply to Secretary-Treasurer ...

...ACHINERY FOR SALE.

...PLETE CAMPBELL PRESS ... ...Apply to the Free Press Printing ...

...AM BOILER FOR SALE— ...

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

...and stock kept on hand, and ... ...ed to Belting, ...

T. Herbert Marsh

...DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

HELP WANTED VACANT.

...Advertisements under this heading ... ...ord each insertion.

A GOOD HEAD WATER ... wanted. Apply ... Mr. McAVOY, Richmond House, Barrie. ...

SHOE MAKER — FIRST-CLASS ... on pegged and sewed work; steady ... ...ply to ADAMS, I. S. RAYMOND, Alvinston, Ont. ...

WANTED AT ONCE.—A FIRST-... Cutter. Apply at Peter Pocock's, ... Oct. 18th, 1882. ...

SITUATIONS WANTED.

...Advertisements under this heading ... ...ord each insertion.

A GOOD HOUSEKEEPER ... wants situation with a small family, or ... ...Address, Mrs. ...

CLERK. — WANTED IMME... ...DIATELY, by a steady young man, ...Apply at Free Press Office. ...

SITUATION WANTED AS ... ...by another for many years) of shelf hard... ...Apply at Free Press Office. ...

SERVANTS WANTED.

...Advertisements under this heading ... ...ord each insertion.

COOK.—WANTED AT ONCE, A ... ...cook. Apply to Mrs. Fleming, 34 ...

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED ... ...small family. No Chinese need ... ...Apply at once. ...

LADIES' YOU CAN GET EM... ...VANTS at once (either by sending ... ...ress or by calling) to the Ladies' ... ...Co., 343 Richmond street, ...

SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS. ... Good domestic help of all kinds is now ... ...wanted to-day. Call or address, Mrs. ...

WANTED — 75 GOOD SER... ...VANTS, 4 housemaids, 3 nurses, 3 ... ...kitchen, 2 waitresses, 10 farm hands, ...Manitoba, 1 waggoner, 10 farm hands, ...Apply at Immigration Office, 16 Dundas ...

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS CHANCE.—FOR ... SALE.—The Grocery and Tea Business ... ...known as Caton Tea House, with two years ... ...and stock to be sold. Will keep over ... ...if required. Apply to Caton Tea House, ...Corner Colborne.

WANTED, FOR AN ESTAB... ...LISHED business with a first-class con... ...nection in Woodstock, an experienced ... ...Apply to ... ...in a good cash side ... ...Apply at Free Press Office. ...

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAYTON'S DANCING ACADE... ...MY, Hamilton, Ontario, corner ... ...Hughes and Barton streets, ...Thursday afternoon at 3. Children, Saturday ... ...Hours.—Gen. Dayton, Professor, Monday ...

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE ... ...obtained on application at residence of ... ...Albert street. ...

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC ... ...Jewels, at Free Press Office. At ... ...Masonic Furnishing Rooms, Dundas ...

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED ... ...by Edward Jones, 6th house from Dun... ...das street, over saddler's shop, by W. G. ...

NOTICE.—ALL DEBTS DUE W. ... ...Sage will be put in court if not paid this ... ...month.—W. Sage. ...

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE EN... ...QUIRY and Collection Agency, 61 Broad... ...street, Philadelphia. Money to loan on ... ...mercantile, Masonic mortgage property. ...

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETO... ...FORE existing between the undersigned, ...as grocers, at the corner of Dundas and ... ...Clarence streets, London, was on the seventh ... ...day of October instant dissolved by mutual ... ...consent. All debts owing to the said partner... ...ship are to be paid to Thomas Wilson, and ... ...all claims against the said firm will be settled by ...

Dated this 6th day of October, 1882.

Witness, (sd) THOMAS WILSON.
A. J. & R. McDONALD, (sd) HENRY V. JACOBS.
(sd) WILLIAM MOORE.

MEDICAL.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES ... ...Street, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Ham... ...ilton Field Battery, late Surgeon to the ... ...Infantry, Consulting Physician to the ... ...Dispensary. ...

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., ...& S. Edinburgh, Office and Residence, ...Dundas street, London. ...

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER, ...HARLEY BUILDING, Richmond Street, London. ...

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.—DR. ... ...L.R.C.P. & S. Edinburgh, Graduate of ... ...Surgeon to the Royal London Ophthalmic ... ...Hospital, Moorfields, late House Surgeon ...

R. A. REEVE, B.A., M.D. ... ...Residence and Office—No. 9 ... ...Richmond street, London. ...

5,000 DOZEN ... POCKET CUTLERY (JOB LOTS). ... ...Cheapest Cutlery House in Canada. Harvest Tools, etc. ...

HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS. ... ...Waterloo Buildings, Richmond street. ...

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. — SELL ... your Cast-off Clothing to A. Benson, 377 ... ...Clarence street, as he pays the highest price ... ...for Cast-off Clothing. Orders left by mail ... ...promptly attended to. Orders left at this ... ...office will be called for. ...

LIVERPOOL CLOTHING HOUSE ... ...The highest cash price paid for second ... ...hand clothing, boots, etc. Parties leaving ... ...orders at the office of Messrs. Hobbs, Os... ...born & Hobbs, Waterloo Buildings, Richmond ...

PARTIES HAVING CAST OFF ... ...Clothing will do well to call on T. Fox, ...the Original Penny Monkey, Lands money on ... ...diamonds, watches, jewellery, silverware, &c., ...at the most liberal private rates. 377 Clarence ...

PARTIES HAVING SECOND ...

Fingal Foundry for Sale.

...In consequence of the dissolution of the ... ...partnership for some years existing between ... ...Daniel McPherson, Wm. Hover, and ... ...Matthias Hover, manufacturers of ... ...machines, the real estate, buildings, ...belonging to the said firm, will be offered ... ...for sale at a bargain. This is a ... ...first-class working concern, and ... ...hand is nearly sufficient for ... ...work, and will be sold at cost ... ...of the foundry. The ... ...hand is very large, well ... ...first-class. The ... ...for sale of by the said ... ...Hover, or ... ...the said firm, ...demands against the said firm are ... ...to present the same for payment to the said ... ...Hover, and ... ...the proprietors, or ... ...Fingal, Ont. ...

V.T.

TWIN-NAVY

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SECTIONS OF VIRGINIA ...

SMOKE

CABLE

—AND—

EL PADRE CIGARS.

...To be had on every Railway train in Canada ... ...and all other ... ...

E. DAVIS & SON,

Proprietors.

FALL NOTICE.

JOHN GEN,

Merchant Tailor,

WEST END HOUSE!

...Now Full Goods of every description ... ...to be found in a first-class establishment, ...to be manufactured by those who have had a Practical ... ...Experience of Thirty Years in the Business. ... ...Special attention will be given to Gentlemen's Clothing, as also to Gentlemen's ... ...Livery Servant Suits. ...

77 Dundas St., West.

THE BAL... Electric Light Co. OF CANADA.

...PENDING THE OPENING FOR ... ...MATERIAL, Carbons, Clutch, Lamps, ...Dynamos, Engines, Boilers, Shafting, Belting, ...Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Oils, Waste, Tools, ...Steam Gauges, Injectors, Valves, Fittings, ...Iron, Steel, Brass, Babbitt, Solder, Files, ...Rubber Hose, Packing, Lubricators, Gauge ... ...Glasses, Steam Pipe, Fittings, Etc., ...Etc., Etc., Etc., ...Address, THE BALL ELECTRIC LIGHT CO. OF CANADA, ...Toronto, Ont. ...

JEWELLERS.

G. W. ATTY... A GE... VA... ...Jewellery, Clocks, Watches, Silver... ...Plated Goods, Spectacles, Eye Glasses, ...Opera Glasses, Fancy Goods, Etc., ...Etc., Etc., Etc., ...Watches, Clocks and Jewellery ... ...Repaired. ...

JEWELLERY ENGRAV... ...EXE... ...CUTED handy and with ... ...

BUSINESS CA...

C. J. SMITH, 344 ... DAS ...

E. HORSE, ...DON ...

HAND-MADE GO... ...Ladies' ... ...

JEWELLERY E... ...CUTED ...

KA... & JR. BRO... NOW ...

NEW TINSHOP OP... ...—915 ...

THE MOST RELIA... ...LAOR ...

W. GATHRO, ROO... AND ...

LEGAL.

I. F. HELLMUTH,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ...Office—In Arcade Block, Richmond ... ...London. ...

GIBBONS, M'NAB & M... ...Barristers, ...Office—Corner of Carling and ... ...Queen's Avenue, ...Geo. McNAB, ...T. G. ...

G. W. ... ...Barrister, ...Office—Dundas street, ...Block, London. ...

GLASS, GLASS & LU... ...

H. HUTCHINSON & M... BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ...Offices—Dundas Street, ...London, Ont. ...



Save from 10 to 25 per cent. by attending the Great Closing - Out Sale of Flannels, in greys, scarlets, whites,

At Kingsmill's.

Save from 20 to 50 per cent. by attending the Great Closing-out Sale of all-wool Canadian Tweeds

At Kingsmill's.

Save from 20 to 30 per cent. by attending the Closing-out Sale of Dress Goods

At Kingsmill's.

You can always save from 10 to 20 per cent. by going to Kingsmill's for your Silks and Satins.

Before moving into our new Carpet Warehouse we are desirous of closing out all remnants and odd lengths of Carpets. Do you want Bargains? Go to

KINGSMILL'S.

We shall make it interesting for the public to visit our Warehouse during this fine weather.

REMEMBER,

TO GET THE

Best Value

—FOR—

Your Money

—GO TO—

KINGSMILL'S.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS.

Two Ocean Steamers Sunk in a Collision.

The Entire Crew of One and Part of That of the Other Landed in Safety.

England Demands the Surrender of Arabi for Trial,

And That the Expense be Borne by the Egyptian Government.

Further Evidence in the Lough Mask Murders.

Address of the Canadian Masons to the Queen.

Gen. Wolseley to be Banqueted—Spanish Political Affairs—Railway Building in West Africa—Miscellaneous.

Egyptian Affairs.

Port Said, Oct. 17.—It is reported that the authorities of the Suez Canal have prohibited the employment of anyone who worked for or assisted the British forces, and consequently many persons are without employment.

Alexandria, Oct. 17.—The native who wounded Cookson, British Consul, during the riot of June 11th, has been arrested.

New York, Oct. 17.—A London cable to the United Press says the Government regard as settled on the Egyptian International Council has assented to the Khedive's decree providing for three months the payment of only Egyptian Governors and Commissioners, the Russian and American representatives alone dissenting.

A special subscription to the New York Sun says the shareholders of the Suez Canal have evidently got to be coerced. The Sun's London special says the shares, taken up the question of a new canal from Alexandria to Cairo, and from Cairo to Suez. This can be done for $60,000,000. It would be of incalculable benefit to the country region, now beyond the reach of irrigation, and would make Cairo a seaport. It would require only one day's work in broad daylight to dig the canal. The whole project is elaborately and plausibly set forth.

The Sun's London special says the individual duties for damage incurred at Alexandria during the reign of terror amount to the sum of $50,000,000 up to date.

Cairo, Oct. 17.—The situation to-day reached a crisis. The pressure position has been brought about by a very plain and blunt intimation from the English Government, that England having done the work of suppressing the rebellion and restoring the authority of the Khedive, feels herself responsible for the proper adjustment of the troubles remaining from the war, and which, leaving it in the power of Arabi. The Egyptian military are to day given to understand that England considers Arabi a prisoner of war entitled to the protection of England, although in the custody of the Khedive; that he must be accorded the English right of choosing his own counsel, and that, in addition, the council assigned by England to defend him must be paid for by the Egyptian treasury. The Ministry demand the surrender of Arabi's person into British custody, and will insist on his trial before British authorities. The Ministry do not hesitate to-day to assert that they are beginning to feel England's yoke hard to bear, and they say there is no way for them to do but agree with the English demands, which they term oppressive.

Later.—The difficulty regarding the consul for Arabi continues. Possibly a compromise will be found in allowing counsel to advise Arabi, but prohibiting them from addressing the court.

Alexandria, Oct. 17.—A letter of an official of the Department of Public Domains is published, declaring the country is in a ferment which can only be eased by the execution of the leaders of the rebellion.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Bredif, French member of the Council, started for Egypt to-day.

The French Miners' Outbreak.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Several important arrests have been made at the Monte-au-Les Mines in connection with the outbreak of miners. It is hoped order is now completely restored.

The Monaco Bank in a Collision.

London, Oct. 17.—The German ship Cato steamer, Clyde, Kuhlhorn, collided with the steamer City of Antwerp 14 miles off Ridgstone. Both vessels sank. All the Cato's crew and four belonging to the City of Antwerp and have been landed at Cardiff.

The Tunisian Trouble.

Tripoli, Oct. 17.—A number of Tunisian chiefs, with their followers, offer to return and submit to the French. Tripoli expects to oppose such action. A French man-of-war has been placed to protect the French Consul here.

Registered Without Responsibility.

London, Oct. 17.—James Colvil submits the requirements of Great Britain for issuing notes from the first September at 15,000,000 sterling, or nearly two millions, quarters less than imported the same period last year.

A Railway in West Africa.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Eighty Frenchmen, accepted by 1,400 Abbissa labourers, are about to commence the construction of a railway between the Alligo and Gamagi rivers. Their operations will be protected by a military force which will place the French flag and erect two forts on the Niger.

Monument to General Wolseley.

London, Oct. 17.—Lord Wolseley of Egypt, as the new Peer is styled, will be made in two weeks, and like each British heroes, is to be led in public by the corporation of London. It will be a very conservative banquet, however, for $2,500 only has been voted for it, which, according to the liberal askers in the civic body, will afford nothing better to welcome him than a glass of good water.

The Kenah Black Murders.

Galway, Oct. 17.—At the investigation into the murder of the two Haddys, near Lough Mask, Kerrigan, the informer, further deposed that one Higgins, aged 60, with his son, took a child part in the murder, and compelled passers by to assist in carrying the victims, whose groans could be heard in the bags in which they were thrown into the lake. Other witnesses corroborated his statement The prisoners were remanded.

Address of the Canadian Masons to Her Majesty.

London, Oct. 17.—The address of congratulation to Her Majesty upon her escape from death at the hands of the assassin McLean, passed by the Grand Lodge of Masons of Canada at their last session, has been forwarded to Her Majesty, the Patroness of the Order, at Balmoral, through the department of the Secretary of State for the colonies. It was first transmitted to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, the M. W. Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England. The address conveys the devotion of the Freemasons of Canada to the person of Her Majesty and their loyalty to the throne. Profound gratitude is expressed for the providential escape of the sovereign lady from the hands of a cowardly assassin, and the address concludes with a prayer that the life of Her Majesty may be long spared to her people.

Spanish Politics.

Madrid, Oct. 17.—Political and financial circles are much excited by the news that Sagasta, Prime Minister, had a long and unfavorable interview with Serrano. The latter has erected a protracted resistance to Sagasta's policy in order to avert a rupture in the Liberal party. In Ministerial circles, however, it is asserted that Sagasta has decided to modify his policy, which he considers calculated to induce the Democrats to accept a monarchy. Sagasta has absolutely refused to separate himself from the Conservative element, represented by the Ministers of War and Justice.

Madrid, Oct. 17.—It is stated that if at the next session of the Cortes, Serrano's party declares in favor of the constitution of the Monarchy, and reassumes its ideas of constitutional reforms, Sagasta will be disposed to relinquish power, in order to facilitate the formation of a Ministry under Serrano.

IRISH AGITATION.

Proceedings of the National Conference at Dublin.

The Scheme for the Establishment of a National League Adopted.

Passage at Arms Between T. P. O'Connor and Davitt.

The Latter Accused of Trying to Injure Parnell's Prestige.

A Delegate Hooted—The Land Act Denounced Treasurer Egan's Statement.

Dublin, Oct. 17.—The Irish National Conference opened to-day. Parnell presided. A letter was read from Egan, dated Paris, tendering his resignation as Treasurer of the Land League, and giving a statement of the land of the League. The report shows that a total of £744,899 passed through his hands. Of this there was disbursed in relieving distress in 1879 and 1880 £50,000; to defence of state's trials, over £15,000; and to expenditure through the National Land League and Ladies' League £48,000, leaving a balance of nearly £32,000. Parnell and Davitt have received with tremendous cheers by the delegates. Nearly all the extreme Irish members of Parliament were present. Seven hundred or eight hundred delegates were in the hall an hour after the Conference opened. On the platform were the Lord Mayor, Dawson and Healy, Thomas Power O'Connor, Cochlin, Gill, Sexton, Davitt and Brennan. Egan, in his letter of resignation, says:—"In view of the fact that a new national organization is likely to spring from the conference, and as it is impossible for me to be longer separated from my own business in Dublin, I must earnestly beg my friends in the Land League to relieve me of the treasurership. Egan specifies the purposes to which the £143,000 expended through the general Land League and Ladies' League were applied as follows:—Support of evicted tenants, creation of Land League huts, payment of law costs and general expenses of organization. For his own personal share, and for the satisfaction of the members of the League, Egan asked that members of the Executive Committee be appointed to examine his accounts. Davitt proposed and Justin McCarthy seconded a vote of thanks to and continued confidence in Egan. Passed unanimously.

Dublin, Oct. 17.—Parnell, in his address corrected the impression that nothing had been done for evicted tenants. Since the dissolution of the Ladies' League he said £2,700 had been spent in relieving these, and a hundred families had been placed in a position to avail themselves of the benefits of recovery, etc. Brennan and Sexton were appointed secretaries of the Conference. A number of letters and telegrams from America approving of the movement were read. Letters were also received from several Catholic Bishops, applauding for their absence, and expressing confidence in the integrity of the movement.

Parnell submitted the programme of the Conference, and reviewed its proposals. He declared that he wished to reaffirm his first utterances on a public platform, namely, that until he obtained for the people of Ireland the right to make their own laws, they would never be in accordance with their wishes. No solution of the land question could be final that did not concede to farmers the right of becoming owners of their holdings by purchase. He entered into a fair consideration of the Healy clause, which would result in an average of 50 per cent. further reduction in the Judicial Commissioners' rents. He said the Irish party required 50 to 60 members in Parliament, but they would not hope for this until the Irish people were placed on the basis of household suffrage. In relation to the attitude of the English papers in regard to their alleged disfranchisement with their kindred in America, Parnell denied there had been any disfranchisement from that quarter. He for one would have declined to obey such dictation. On minor points they might have difficulty, but they had agreed to leave the laws to the Irish people. Despite the most organized Coercion Act the world had ever seen they would yet obtain the measures on which they had set their hearts.

The reasons for the establishment of the Irish National League were explained.

Davitt addressed the Conference. He spoke in a conciliatory manner. He referred to the Land Act. He denounced Egan's statement that he (Davitt) was trying to injure Parnell's prestige, and pronounced the charge, despite Davitt's repeated denials.

Davitt became greatly excited, and said a gentleman would not make such an accusation. To prove it groundless, he would withdraw the amendment.

It was finally decided that the Council should consist of forty-eight members, two for each county, and sixteen for the Parliamentary party.

A resolution thanking Parnell for presiding over its deliberations, and expressing unabated confidence in him, was passed, and the Conference broke up.

London, Oct. 17.—The *Times'* Dublin despatch says:—"Not only has the Conference erected an enthusiasm, but the assembly was composed of representative men, and none of the programme was unlikely to alienate. It was also well adapted to suit all the Chairman that sometimes prevented an open rupture. Discussion was shown sufficiently enough in Parnell's opening statement and in Davitt's prompt rejoinder, and the tone of bitter sarcasm wherein the latter spoke both rend the bodies of a new calamity under disappointment to struggle to suppress.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Vessel Lost.

East Hampton, L. I., Oct. 17.—A sloop-rigged boat went ashore yesterday. Crew supposed lost

Murder and Suicide.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 17.—This morning Wm. Scales, aged sixty, shot his son and cut his own throat. Both died.

Vessel Struck with Thieves.

Minden, Neb., Oct. 17.—Sheriff Woods and a retired horse dealer yesterday overtook four thieves, who shot Woods dead, killed two citizens who interfered, and fled. The whole country is aroused.

Rope Ruin.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The first of the series of five games between Hanlan and Ten Eyck to decide the championship of the world was played to-day in these waters. Darkness prevented the start being given before 5 o'clock, and the race was called in the conclusion of the 5th. Score—Hanlan 6, Ten Eyck 2.

Yellow Fever.

Pensacola, Oct. 17.—Fifty new cases of yellow fever and three deaths to-day. An Italian doctor, who advertises to cure the fever in a few hours, has opened an office for the sale of his remedies, which is boycotted by all orders of negroes and an admixture of whites in one's name bar us to block the sidewalks. The medicine is served out of a barrel on draught.

The Old, Old Pistol Story

High Point, N. C., Oct. 17.—As Major Lynch's school, Fred Maddrey was practicing a self cocking revolver when D. Benton, another student, asked, "What would you do if a robber should approach?" Maddrey pointed the pistol at Benton and, forgetting the peculiarity of the weapon, pulled the finger on the trigger and Benton was shot and died in a few hours. It is feared Maddrey will lose his mind from grief.

A Roumanian Tragedy.

Rattleville, Va., Oct. 17.—Last evening John Barnes, of Scott County, went to see his sweetheart, Rebecca Turner. He left his son detaining Miss Turner for hand-kerchief full. Barnes stepped to pick it up. A pistol fell from his pocket and exploded. Miss Turner fell across her breast. Members of the family found Barnes dead and his sweetheart in a swoon with her breast shot and her face and hair bathed in his blood.

Run on the Banks.

New York, Oct. 17.—The steamer City of Worcester, for New London, with a large crowd on board, struck a submerged rock on the rocks opposite Hooker's Point last night in a dense fog. Several vessels immediately came to the assistance of the disabled steamer and the passengers were safely transferred to the ship. The pumps were put to work and at high tide the vessel was floated. It was towed back to the dock and repairs undertaken. The steamer will be off her route during a large part of the season.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Found Dead in the Woods.

Naglerville, Que., Oct. 17.—An old man named Pierre St. Hers was found dead in the woods last evening. An inquest will be held. His head bears marks of violence. He had gone to the woods to chop.

North-West News.

Winnipeg, Oct. 16.—The *Times* announces that Judge Miller's resignation, offered some time ago, has been accepted by the Government, to take effect on December 31st.

Main street was lighted by electricity to-night for the first time. There are eleven lights, stretching from Fort Garry to the Canadian Pacific Railway station.

Sir Charles Tupper and President Stephen are at Regina.

The Canadas Indians.

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—The petition of the Council of Indians of the Caradoc Reserve was received by the Department of Indian Affairs yesterday. It states that the Indians have decided not to lease any part of the Caradoc Reserve to Jubilee Jones, from the fact that it is not desirable on the part of the Indians that any of the real moneys arising from said lands should be expended by the Government and deductions made, as it has been the case, because that took in to be done. The document is signed by forty persons. It is said that the petition is the outcome of a feeling of dissatisfaction at the movements of the tribe on this reserve, and that only changes made are for the actual cost of improvements. Any profit will be made use of for the benefit of the tribe, and not for the enjoyment of the tribe there, and take such steps as will be considered to the benefit of the Indians in general on the Caradoc Reserve.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 17.—Rubber has gone up here nearly thirty per cent., and immediate orders are discharging their hands. One manufacturer discharged 50 employees on Saturday.

The customs authorities have seized the steamer Lady Sugar Bakery of the Union Saccarie Franco-Canadaise for unpaid duty amounting to $10,000. The property was lately sold by the Sheriff to a syndicate who were about to convert it into a refinery.

The United States Customs have been making extensive seizures on the frontier of teas goods exported from Canada, and smuggled.

James Mooney, a leather manufacturer, who failed here lately, for over $11,000, has compromised. His assets, including machinery, are only $2,000.

A report was received here to-day stated that Lord Rathdonna has been elected President of the North-west Land Company in succession to the Duke of Argyle, who resigned. The news appeared on the strength of the report.

A new and extensive horse market, the largest on this continent, is about to be established here near the Grand Trunk freight depot.

In a suit against Hunter, the defendant pleaded that the plaintiff had agreed that he sold some goods sent to the wrong address and remitted the money to Mr. Hunter.

Sandusky, Oct. 16.—A breakwall on the Indiana, Bloomington and Western Railroad, near Sandusky, threw a passenger train off the track. Those severely injured are William Harper, Lisgard, Allen Dunning, Lisgard, Miss Ashley, Miss Andrews, Miss Francis and Fred. Corbett, of the Lisgard Tramp; M. Allen, Chaplain H. J. Webber, Columbus; S. De Merritt, Philadelphia; A. E. Smith, New York, and conductor Thos. Rhode, of Sandusky. The injured have been removed here.

SPORTS.

Southampton, Oct. 17.—Arrived—Habsburg and Rhein.

Lizard, Oct. 17.—Arrived—State of Indiana.

Rev. Dr. Cooper, of Chicago, who is temporarily officiating in the Richmond Episcopal congregation, Ottawa, on Sunday evening expressed his belief in a Hades, or State where the souls of the departed in Christ are detained until the time of the general resurrection, and in the presence in our midst of the souls of the children of God. He also said that the doctrine of Hades is distinct from the Catholic belief in purgatory.

Earthquake shocks are reported from various places in Scotland and Newfoundland.

ZOEDONE!

FOR SALE BY

ELLIOTT BROS

GROCERS

166 Dundas St., London.

Middlesex Fall Assizes.

His Lordship Chief Justice Hagarty Presiding.

SECOND DAY—TUESDAY.

In the case of George Code, indicted for the murder of Patrick De Largey, of London West, the Grand Jury returned a true bill.

Wm. Murdoch vs. Elisha Saunderson—action for slander. Plaintiff is a resident of the township of Adelaide, and was for several years Reeve of the township. Defendant resides at Birkwell and is a cattle dealer. Plaintiff sued defendant in June, 1881, several 100 head of cattle which they sold to Thompson & Co., of Toronto, at $6.37 per 100 lbs. About June the defendant informed a number of people that he had ascertained as a result, prove that Mr. plaintiff had secretly c 14 the cattle to Thompson & Co. at $5 64 per 100 lbs., and cheated him, the defendant, out of his share of the extra 73c per 100 lbs. This was the slander complained of. Before action was brought an apology had been demanded from the defendant, who refused to give it. Just as the case was being called on for trial Mr. Meredith, Q.C., for the defendant, tendered to the plaintiff the following apology:—

"To William Murdoch, Esq.:

"I have ascertained that 5½ per pound was the price you received for the 105 cattle belonging to or sold to Thompson & Co., and not 5¾ per pound, as I thought. I regret having made the statement charged in this suit, and therefore withdraw it, and apologize for having made use of it.

"(Sd.) E. SAUNDERS.

"October 17, 1882."

Mr. Meredith said he would consent to judgment being entered for the plaintiff with costs.

Mr. H. Becker, for the plaintiff, stated that plaintiff's claim was for damages, and he was to close the character of the action impugned, and upon it by the defendant, and that object being gained by the above apology, the plaintiff accepted it, and would take judgment as offered. Judgment for plaintiff with full costs.

Simon E. Beaker, assignee, for the public, vs. Thos. Clegg, of Bothwell, trader, for the defendant.

Hannah Gordon vs. Andrew Calhoun—This was an action for breach of promise, both parties residing in the city. Plaintiff alleged that defendant, who is a bachelor, had been keeping company with her during the last four years, and that in January, 1880, he promised to marry her, and broke the promise referred her. He had failed to carry out his agreement, and had since married another woman. The action was brought to recover for the alleged breach of promise, damages being laid at $6,000. Defendant admitted that he had entered into the engagement to marry the plaintiff, but denied that he promised to marry her. The jury awarded plaintiff $300.

John Crandon vs. Mark Hodgins—This was an action brought by plaintiff against the defendant, Mark Hodgins, to recover damages for the seduction of his daughter Hannah. The woman testified that she was living at St. Mary's last year, and defendant, who is a hotel-keeper in the township of Biddulph and now a married man, was in the habit of visiting her, that he seduced her, and that in August last a child was born as the result of such intimacy. She also testified that when she was seven months advanced in pregnancy defendant suggested that he would provide proper medicine to prevent the birth of the child. A verdict was given for plaintiff for $150.—W. R. Meredith for plaintiff; E. Meredith for defendant.

In the case of the Queen vs. Henry Anderson, George Morton and George Heath, the grand jury returned true bills for larceny on two indictments. No bill was returned against Thomas Summers on the charge of larceny.

A settlement was effected by consent in the case of the Federal Bank vs. Walter Warfield and Alexander Johnson vs. Thomas O'Callaghan.

The court took recess till 1.30, no cases being in readiness.

Upon resuming, the case of Thomas McManus vs. Daniel Collins was taken up. It was an action brought by plaintiff, a resident of Kensington, to recover damages for injuries alleged to have been received by him at the hands of defendant. It appeared from the evidence of plaintiff that on the 15th of May last he was at Jerry McDonald's hotel in company with defendant, and that while there Collins asked him from behind around the body, lifted him up and set him down roughly, and carried him to a chair on which he placed him with such force as to break the chair. This treatment, plaintiff alleged, had injured him severely, rendering him unwell for weeks, and he sought to recover $500 damages. Defendant claimed that the scuffling in the bar-room was only in fun, that there was no intent, and no part to injure plaintiff, and that plaintiff did not receive such severe injuries as alleged at his hands. The jury returned the following verdict:—"Not guilty, and we recommend that each pay their own costs." The record was ordered that the defendant was not guilty of the grievous charges charged, and he was directed that action be dismissed with costs. Gibbons for plaintiff; W. R. Meredith for defendant.

John Pender and Henry Sinnaffe, against whom there is an indictment at Sessions, for a conspiracy to injure each other's business, were called for. As the evidence against them is of a rather light character it is not probable that any further action will be taken.

George Code was arraigned upon the charge of murder, and pleaded not guilty. His trial was set down for Tuesday.

Charles F. Gallagher vs. William Glass—The action was brought by plaintiff as trustee for the bankrupt estate of C. J. Mills, of Mount Brydges, against Sheriff Glass, to which it was sought to recover damages for the seizure and sale by the defendant (through his bailiff), of the stock of said Mills, which had been assigned to plaintiff. From the evidence it appeared that Mills had formerly carried on a general business in the village of Mount Brydges, but became involved in difficulties, and being pressed for the amount of a judgment by the sheriff, he made an assignment to Gallagher, on the 9th of January last, and upon the following morning the latter presented to Mount Brydges' post premises of the stock, pleading it as a security of $2331.50, and then locked up the store. One of the creditors, John Green & Co., of this city, had, before this, issued and entered a writ against Mills in the Division Court, and the County Judge issued judgment against him. The *fi. fa.* was placed in the Sheriff's hands on the 10th of January, and execution issued, whereon the Sheriff despatched his bailiff to the place, but the latter was unable to obtain entrance, and it was not until some time later that the bailiff succeeded in effecting his purpose. Finally, the stock was seized and offered for sale by Sheriff's sale, the valuation placed upon it by the bailiff being $1750, which, it was claimed, was ridiculous. The action was brought in by plaintiff for W. T. Jeffery and A. Dr. for forty-nine cents on the dollar, the total amount paid being $71.77. Plaintiff claimed that the Sheriff had no legal right to make such sale, and hence was glad to recover but he admitted that the sale was carried out very fair, though he believed he could have disposed of the stock to better advantage. The question was raised by counsel for defendant whether the sheriff was entitled to the fees of assignment of a debtor's estate to the fees of assignment of a debtor's estate to the bailiff for seizing, or to place a person in charge of property. The jury found a verdict for plaintiff for $135.—W. R. Meredith for plaintiff; E. Meredith for defendant.

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nd Bankers' Stationery,
APHIC & ENGRAVING
DEPARTMENT.
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Free Press.
day, October 15, 1880.

RANDOLPH'S WARD.

BY W. T. BRUNTON.

In him was almost like a religion in her eyes—he could do no wrong.

It was a bright morning in midsummer, and Randolph, by stooping in luxuriant beauty among the swelling hills and fertile valleys, yielded commanded it. The meadow, through one lofty, screened a large space of ground, and on each side was a broad verandah, upon which the long French windows opened. This, as is usually the case in Scottish houses, was the favorite resort during the livelong summer hours.

On the morning in question Gordon sat reading a letter which had just arrived, and occasionally watching a goldfish from dipping among the flower beds, with a thoughtful countenance as her progress.

Twelve years had passed lightly over the widow of Randolph, and although she had reached the meridian of life, yet her face and form, Stephens is a mighty enchantress, and Gordon was truly happy in the affection of his fair young ward, which had gently healed the wounds of the early years, and given him an aim and object in life once more.

"Well, little runaway," he said as Gabrielle joined him on the verandah, "and it not been for your mind flirty, I might have gone without my coffee; and you know I never fancy it is so good when you are not here to preside in her usual.

"Dear guardian," she replied, "it was very thoughtless of me, but I think you will forgive me when I tell you what I have been doing. Poor Aunt Molly, I fear, is dying, and quite early this morning little Tom, her grandson, came hurrying over from the cottage, and sent Miss up to my room to see me if I would go and see grandmamma, as she had a terrible, but after listening for a while, she told me she had sent for me to come and tell me herself that she would not be able to see me for several years, and now, seeing that she was going to die, she determined to delay no longer. Pinsley her head beneath her pillow she drew forth a small parcel, carefully folded, which she handed to me, saying, 'Miss Gabrielle, I have kept this for you for many years, and now I am going to give it to you.' Then she sank back exhausted, and I left her."

"Gabrielle," said Mr. Randolph, with a little concern, "it look like deep work for you to be alone with a dying woman, and I am not very sure that I like it."

"Why, what have you to fear, my dear?" the country editor, peering in the air of mysterious importance, "but I'll tell you, Mr. Randolph, if you'll promise not to tell anybody else."

"Well, I don't know that I can," said Randolph, "I like mighty mischief, and am not better now. Look like no one could keep a secret from them I took to my bosom. I'll tell you what I'll do, Gabrielle, if you'll promise to tell me all about it, I'll promise not to tell anybody else."

"Then you'll promise, Mr. Randolph?" replied his honor.

AMBITION.

He burned to see his name emblazed
Upon the rolls of fame,
And so he wrote and wrote to the
The people into fame.

And now around his neck he wears
A rope of hempen twine,
And his name is up in letters
Above the county sign.

Some time ago a very handsome young lady paid a visit to a lady friend in Montreal. She had previously had private letters addressed to her at the house of a gentleman who occupied the first floor of the same house. The gentleman's name was Colquhoun, and the lady's Miss Hall. Miss Hall's letters were addressed to Miss Colquhoun, and the gentleman's to Miss Hall. Miss Hall's friend, Miss Colquhoun, and the gentleman's friend,

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the Fair will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S
Drug Store,
664 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Wednesday, October 18, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 30 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Wednesday, Oct. 18, 1882.

Sun rises.....6:39 a.m. | Moon rises.....12:07 p.m.
Sun sets.....5:53 p.m. | Moon sets.....3:15 p.m.
Day of the year—291.

Last quarter	3rd	6:07 p.m.
New moon	10th	1:46 a.m.
First quarter	17th	5:37 a.m.
Full moon	25th	4:26 p.m.

DOMINION WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, October 18, 7 A.M.—An area of low pressure covers the Lower St. Lawrence Valley and Gulf, and a developing area of high pressure is spreading toward the lake region from the western States. The weather is unsettled and rainy in Eastern Canada. For the Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Cooler, cloudy to fair weather, with local rains. For the Ohio and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate to fresh east to north-west winds; fair and cooler weather.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—A man named James Dunning, who resides at Hyde Park, was arraigned yesterday by Constable Constable Templar, upon the charge of having stolen a silver watch from William Hartman, at the same place. He was brought before Squire Fisher at Schram's detective office in default of $1,000 bail, and was committed for trial.

THE NEW TRINITY CHURCH, SIMCOE.—The Lord Bishop of Huron will dedicate this church, and will also hold a Confirmation on Sunday, the 22nd of October. There will also be service at 3 p.m. Preacher, the Very Rev. M. Benson, D.D., Dean of Huron. Service again at 7 p.m. Preacher, the Rev. CALON ISAAC, M.A., Rector of St. Paul's, London. Several other clergymen will be present and take part in the services. Collection at each service in aid of the Building Fund.

CONFIRMATION AT RIDGETOWN.—On Monday morning His Lordship Bishop Walsh of this city, administered the rite of confirmation to twenty-fifty applicants in this town, at the Catholic Church, Biddulph. He was assisted by the Vicar General and Father Tiernan, from this city; Rev. Dean Murphy, from Carrowbrook; Father Kelly, from McGillivray, and the Rev. Father Connolly, after which His Lordship gave the pledge to about twenty-five young boys, subscribing upon them to abstain from all kinds of intoxicating beverages until they arrived at the age of twenty-one years.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—At this Court, yesterday, Thos. Rowlan pounded to keep the sidewalk clear in front of his place of business, paid the costs, $1 50, and was discharged by gr. William Bottler drove on the sidewalk to unload some wood, and for his infraction of the by-law he paid $1 five and 75 cents costs. James Crumby, drunk, fined $2, and $2 65 costs. James McArthur, do., was allowed to go without depositing anything in the city treasury. A charge of drunk and disorderly was entered against Joseph Flanagan, and he was remanded for eight days. Henry McIlroy was summoned for $2, and $2 95 costs, or in default of 48 months in jail the next time he came before the Magistrate.

ARRESTED OF A CAPIAS.—George Bowden, the well known furniture dealer, is again in trouble. In the discovery suit now pending vs. Bowden in which he figured as successfully as defendant, he was represented by Mr. W. H. Barbeau, but after the determination of the action he substituted great relentment in compensating his late counsel, laughing at that gentleman when he asked payment for his services. Barbeau began to believe that Bowden was about to leave the city, and being informed that he had feelingly exhibited a large roll of notes as evidence of his worth, Mr. Barbeau determined to secure his fees if possible, and made application to Judge Elliot for a capias. This was granted, and Bowden was taken into custody and lodged in the County Jail, where he still remains. The amount sued by Mr. Barbeau is stated to be $300.

CUT THIS OUT!

St. James' Park and Wellington Street
Bus. R. Reid, Proprietor.

The following Time Table may be relied upon:—

Going East—Leaves Southcote at 7.40, 9.30 and 11.30 a.m.; 12.45, 1.30, 3.30, 5.30 and 7.45.

Going West—From Wellington street, Carr's Bridge at 8.30, 10.30, 11.30 a.m., 1.30, 4.30 and 7.30 p.m. Leave Carr's Bridge at 9.15, 11.15 a.m. and 12.15, 2.15, 4.15, 6.15 and 10.15 p.m. If room and 2.15, 4.15 and 6.00 p.m.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE TO MORROW.—Meredith & Spencer will sell at the Town Hall in the village of Delaware, at 11 a.m., a number of splendid sites for building and gardening purposes. These lots are part of the Young estate, and the most desirable property in this locality. Terms very liberal.

There is a boom in the trunk and valise business at SALMON'S. and nov2

DRAWING ROOMS.—Mr. F. M. Bell-Smith is prepared to take a limited number of pupils in oil and water-color painting, or object drawing, at his residence, 325 Queen's avenue. Apply between 1 and 2 Tuesday, Thursday or Friday. 1171

A lot of new shades, colors, and art materials, just received per "El Rio," from Rowney & Co., at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Bowman, jr., is in quarters, &c., some of Hammond and Oxford streets, in search for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Price, a tack out every time, and nearly A child can use it. For sale by T. Skinner Mason, 197 Dundas street.

Rubber Boots, Shoes and Arctics. R. McP. Wright & Co., 393 Richmond street.

STYLISH OUTFITS.

For handsome and elegantly made Suits, Robt. Wallace, the Dundas st. Clothier, takes the lead. His new Scotch Suitings and Fall Overcoatings are elegant. His fits are sure, his prices low, and your goods are sure to be finished when promised.—146 Dundas st., nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Albert Judd has been appointed deputy store keeper at Fort Erie, in place of H. Wall.

Only one drunken man occupied apartments at the Central Police Station last night.

The new "H-me" at St. Thomas will be formally opened by a public social on Tuesday evening next.

"Foliage parties" are the latest invention of the enjoyment of a day in the beautifully tinted woods.

The Elgin Teachers' Association will meet in the Collegiate Institute at St. Thomas on Friday and Saturday.

Very shinly oat bedsacks are the newest fashion, and they are polished on top with bread scraps and fine herbs.

Dr. F. B. Coleg, who has for many years been a highly respected resident of St Thomas, died in that city yesterday.

It is reported that two gentlemen of experience from Chicago have leased the new Grand Central Hotel at St. Thomas.

It was cold comfort sitting on the benches in the park last night, yet several spooning couples were seen "spooning" there.

Dr. Ormsbrakhin has arrived back from his North-west trip. He purposes taking a trip to the Maritime Provinces shortly.

The gutting up-stairs room is about over with, and a good many men have something weighing on their stomachs.

"Cement parties" are the latest innovation. The guests assemble at four o'clock in the morning and walk until the cement gathers enough appetite.

Mr. W. S. Rolf (J. Birrell & Co.) has left for the Old Country countries. Mr. Jos. A. Young (Wilson, Young & Co.) has also gone on a purchasing tour.

Mr. J. F. Sherlock has been retained in the district court, I understand, for Raymond sewing machines for Western Ontario for the next year, at an advance in salary.

Messrs. Wood & Crawford, formerly of Woodstock, proprietors of the town site of Keith, N. W. T., have purchased the adjoining 4 at on five, and will have it laid out in town lots.

Henry Hoah was arraigned before Judge Elliot yesterday on a charge of shooting snakes, and elected to be tried summarily. His trial was fixed for Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. H. Beattie, V.S., a well-known farmer, living near Thorndale, is removing to Leamington, and was entertained to a farewell supper on Tuesday evening, prior to his departure.

Mr. D Stewart, Deputy District High Chief Ranger for the Dominion, has returned to Winnipeg in the interests of the Canadian Order of Foresters. He is meeting with great success.

Joseph Reed, of Parkhill, was arraigned before Judge Elliott, yesterday on the charge of stabbing James Buchanan. He elected to be tried with a jury, and was sent to the next new term in session.

A settler named John Orchard, who he lives in Detroit, was yesterday morning committed to the county jail by Police Magistrate Bartlett, of Windsor, for attempting to break into a jewellery store.

Mr. Joseph Hock, Receiver of Pilgrim Lodge, No. 5, A.O.U.W., of this city, was presented with a purse of gold, and complimented resolution of condolence by the members, on the death of his eldest son, the late J. W. Hock.

A summons has been issued against George Farnham, of Westminster, by Henry Bath, D.D., who charges him with refusing to pay Bath's son $6.25 wages. The case will be heard by Mr. Hodge's agency before Squire Hannah.

Mr. James Hooper, of Morris, Man., formerly a printer in the FREE PRESS office, has sold a lot on the corner of Main and Higinbotham streets, in that town, for the purpose of erecting a block of stores by the Manitoba Building Association.

Charles Bloor, of Mount Brydges, was arraigned yesterday by County Constable Hodges, on the charge of assaulting and using abusive language towards Mrs. Bloor. Bail was bailed to appear before Squire Fisher on Friday afternoon.

A lady of this city has a sister in Wisconsin who sent her this receipt, a short time ago, for making tomato catsup:—Take one bushel of ripe tomatoes, and to every five pint bowls full, add three of white sugar and two gilled lemons. Then boil three hours.

The Brandon Sun of the 9th says:—"Captain Hadow, the manager of Carling's celebrated Rondeau also, is the guest of Mr. Kavanagh, pounce, and transacting business for his firm in Brandon. Capt. Hadow has established an agency in this city for the sale of Carling's ales."

Sergt. Crawford yesterday notified the merchants on Dundas street that within a week they would be required to remove signs in accordance with the by-law recently passed by the Council. This will work a great hardship, especially by those who have erected boards lately, at considerable expense.

By-laws are to be submitted to the ratification of the ratepayers of St. Thomas, granting a bonus of $10,000 to old Messrs. Pollock, Bird & Still in erecting and carrying on a wagon factory; and a bonus of $10,000 to the Canada Manufacturing Company to aid them in extending their business by the manufacture of sulphite pulp.

At Schram's detective agency yesterday John Gard, of London West, was brought before Esquire Fisher and Miller upon a charge that his dog "married" and slept belonging to W. Foster, Esq. The hearing of the case occupied some time, and at the close Gard was fined $20 damages and costs of the action, and the dog was ordered to be shot forthwith.

An elderly man named McGregor was severely injured yesterday by a portion of a load of cedar blocks, which are used for paving the streets, falling on him. The accident occurred on Talbot street, and was partially broken off when the horses were moved, and the remainder came tumbling down, burying McGregor. The injured man received was about the head, but he was able to resume work after the assistance of a doctor.

The well-known evangelist who is to assist Shearing Annis in the management of the Wellington Army at the work of saving, rave, arrived from Toronto, yesterday, in the "shopping, brave Jack," has the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. He is delighted in "Sweet Nancy." At the services of the Army on Sunday evening, nine persons came to the Salvation, and the work goes bravely on in the new barracks on King street.

A SUCCESSFUL SOCIAL.—The lecture Hall of the Queen's Avenue Methodist Church was well filled last night with an appreciative audience, on the occasion of a musical and literary entertainment and oyster social under the auspices of the Young People's Helping Society. The programme was very attractive. Dr. Sippi sang two numbers, "The Village Blacksmith and the Anvil Chorus," in splendid voice and was enthusiastically encored. Mr. William Skinner delighted the audience in the "Hunter Boy," to his having to respond to encores. Mrs. Townsend sang "Nancy Lee" in good voice, and also responded to an encore. Miss McIntosh and Mr. F. Skinner accompanied the singers on the piano. The oysters were served in the rear room, and were great credit for the manner in which they were served with the spoon.

REDUCED IN PRICE

THE MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE
THE MONTSERRAT LIME JUICE CORDIAL
AND LIME FRUIT SALT.
—AT—
Harkness & Co.,
Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington sts., London, Ont. [Established in 1854.

The Saskatchewan District.

Interesting Interview with Right Rev. Bishop McLean.

His Opinion Regarding Farming Lands in the North-west Territories.

Quite a number of gentlemen interested in lands in the District of Saskatchewan were granted an interview yesterday with His Lordship the Bishop of Saskatchewan in the parlor of the Tecumseh House, and obtained much valuable information from that gentleman in regard to the section of country lying between Prince Albert and Edmonton. The representatives of the FREE PRESS having heard of the assemblage, was also present. After the reception by His Lordship, which was thoroughly democratic in its line, the right rev. gentleman was interrogated as to the class of lands in the localities named, and replied:—

"There are not finer farming lands in the North-west than in the section of country around, I have travelled from Prince Albert to Edmonton on the ice, by steamboat, and by land several times, and although a traveller on route from one point to another, with an ulterior object in view, could not be expected to pay so much attention to the topography of the country as gentlemen who have made the trip as a special mission, I have no hesitation in saying, from personal observation, and from conversations with old residents of that portion of the North-west, that the district contiguous to both branches of the Saskatchewan River is well adapted for farming operations, and must before many years become thickly settled. In some sections the land for miles is composed of a black loam, and of great depth, whilst throughout it is to be found admirably adapted for grazing and of course not so well suited for agricultural purposes.

"Have you any knowledge personally of the country between Fort Pitt and Victoria, on the North Saskatchewan?"

"Not more than I have stated. If I was asked to give an opinion in regard to the district named, I must certainly state that the land is not admirably adapted for farming purposes. It is principally composed in the North-west is of such a character and very much of it lies in the District of Keith, N.W.T., having purchased the adjoining 4 at on five, and will have it laid out in town lots.

"What railways are projected through that section of country?"

"From Prince Albert, in a south-westerly direction, the Saskatchewan Valley Railway (surveyed) the Portage and Westerners is projected to a point somewhere between Prince Albert, and will run down the valley almost westerly to Victoria and Edmonton. The Canadian Pacific Railway, and other railways connecting with the Canadian Pacific Railway is expected to touch the important points in that section of territory. The general idea at present is to Prince Albert on the Canada Pacific route. Has Sir Q'Appelle, distant 1 hour, about seventy miles. The trip from Battleford to Winnipeg can now be made easily in eight days, whereas for years it took me frequently three weeks on the road. A wonderful development is noticeable in that district, especially about Prince Albert, and I have every reason to believe that the settlement of the country in that section will soon be complete, suitable as it is for farming purposes, will be very speedily settled by a desirable class of people.

"The water in the north branch of the Saskatchewan is said to have been very low this summer?"

"Yes; the river has been somewhat shallow, but it did not materially hinder navigation."

"It has been asserted that the summer frosts are very severe in the Saskatchewan district."

"Well, in regard to the frosts, it is undeniable that they have been severe in the past; but I am thoroughly convinced that the cultivation of the soil will materially affect both the grasshopper and the frosts will disappear. It has been so in Manitoba, and I see no reason why such should not be the case in the Saskatchewan Valley district. As an evidence of the result in a settled farming district in and about the Portage, Rabbits the land thereabouts barley, and the summer frosts and grasshoppers were very trying to settlers. Now, most of them are largely free from the considerable extent. So I think it will be in the Saskatchewan district. To my mind one follows the other. A few years will close the frost prevented the grain from ripening, and the land was considered comparatively cold. Since then, however, summer frosts have been the exception. The wild grass flourishes beautifully, and garden stuff both in quantity and quality, cannot be surpassed anywhere.

"You have travelled, no doubt, over a very large portion of the North-west Territories. Is there any timber?"

"Very; my Diocese is between 700 and 800 miles in extent, and during the summer I have called from the extreme north-east section to the distant south-west, about 800 miles from point to point. It is a beautiful country, and cannot be properly described by me.

"It is said that minerals and coal are to be found on both branches of the Saskatchewan?"

"Coal is burned in quite a number of settlers' places, both in Prince Albert, Battleford and Edmonton districts. I am told but it is not of as good quality as that found on the North Branch in the vicinity of Fort Macleod. The deeper one digs the better coal is found in the latter district. But I have no doubt that all along the banks of the Saskatchewan it will be found in paying quantities. The banks of the river in Manitoba are very high and well timbered, while as you follow the river southward they diminish and the wood becomes scarce."

"What is your opinion in regard to an impression that a 'big slump' in the value of lands in the Saskatchewan and Peace River, Victoria and Edmonton?"

"There is no doubt in the least but that investments in farming lands in the valley mentioned must return a handsome profit to the investors. With the advent of the railways, settlers will flock in, villages will be located at convenient places, markets will be opened, and other signs of series to civilization ensured—and all in a very few years. I am very positive in regarding the settlement of the country, and would advise those who have investment funds capital in lands not to be discouraged by the reports circulated by interested parties, but to hold on by them. They must in the natural order of things, rise in value, and I could not be surprised to hear of a boom in lands being sold in the vicinity of the place named as as high as $10 per acre. In Prince Albert the summer lots are selling at from $50 for $30 and $60 have changed hands at from $100 all the way up to $500, and that, too, for no earthly purpose except that of speculative object. At the country destroys the price of both lots and farms. Prosperity must advance in value."

Bishop Grafton, of Fredericton, recently visited your correspondent.

"Yes; I had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Turner, who is a most estimable gentleman, and expressed himself highly delighted with the District of Saskatchewan. I presented him with a piece of ornamental work, and the grounds and he seemed favorably impressed with it. It is a sample of the progress of the undeveloped riches of the north."

The deputation thanked His Lordship very cordially for the information furnished.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—The talented comedienne, Misses Rehse and Pearson, opened last night at the Grand in the charming play "Chris and Lena," which they have been playing to fill to all parts of the world for years past, and which we are already familiar to the London theatre going public. It is of personal fondness with the people now in the west, and Lena has many admirers. Miss Rehse is very clever in the part, and Miss Pearson as the Irish boy comedy of Mr. Pearson, added to the merriment. There was a large audience present, and the performance was highly appreciated. The play to-night is entirely new to London, being "Fritz in Ireland," and the comedienne will be supported by a company of considerable strength. Popular prices will rule.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.—Mr. A. Sheehan, who has been a few weeks ago in connection with the Dominion Parliament, has been appointed by the Government for the County of Ontario, to succeed the late Mr. Ramsay. On Sunday morning a meeting of electors was held and at the Drill Hall and addressed the electors. A confirmation service was held at St. John's Church, Deseronto. In the evening the Church, Deseronto, Dr. Smith.

THE ENGLISH LOAN IN... from Toronto, in the... English Loan Company vs. Le Roy, that the motion served yesterday to dismiss the writ and to receive the new Board was refused for two weeks.

DR. M. SOUVIELLE'S
HEAD SURGEON FROM THE TORONTO THROAT AND LUNG INSTITUTE.
191 Church street, will be at
Brantford—Dufferin House, Tuesday, Oct. 24th.
Woodstock—Wheeler House, Wednesday, Oct. 25th.
Ingersoll—Thames House, Thursday, Oct. 26th.
St. Thomas—Commercial Hotel, Friday, Oct. 27th.
Aylmer—Queen's Hotel, Saturday, Oct. 28th.
Strathroy—Queen's Hotel, Monday, Oct. 30th.
Sarnia—Victoria Hotel, Tuesday, Oct. 31st.
Petrolia—Victoria Hotel, Wednesday, Nov. 1st.
Wyoming—Wyoming House, Thursday, Nov. 2nd.
Chatham—Queen's Hotel, Friday, Nov. 3rd.
Dresden—Dresden House, Saturday, Nov. 4th.
Wallaceburg—Wallaceburg House, Monday, Nov. 6th.
Blenheim—Blenheim House, Tuesday, Nov. 7th.
Tilbury—Tilbury House, Wednesday, Nov. 8th.
Leamington—Leamington House, Thursday, Nov. 9th.
Kingsville—Kingsville House, Friday, Nov. 10th.
Essex—Essex House, Saturday, Nov. 11th.
Amherstburg—Amherstburg House, Monday, Nov. 13th.
Windsor—Russell House, Tuesday, Nov. 14th.
Sandwich—Sandwich House, Wednesday, Nov. 15th.
Walkerville—Walkerville House, Thursday, Nov. 16th.
Ridgetown—Ridgetown House, Friday, Nov. 17th.
Chatham—Queen's Hotel, Saturday, Nov. 18th.
Wallaceburg—Wallaceburg House, Monday, Nov. 20th.
Blenheim—Blenheim House, Tuesday, Nov. 21st.
Tilbury—Tilbury House, Wednesday, Nov. 22nd.
Leamington—Leamington House, Thursday, Nov. 23rd.
Kingsville—Kingsville House, Friday, Nov. 24th.
Essex—Essex House, Saturday, Nov. 25th.
Amherstburg—Amherstburg House, Monday, Nov. 27th.
Windsor—Russell House, Tuesday, Nov. 28th.
Sandwich—Sandwich House, Wednesday, Nov. 29th.
Walkerville—Walkerville House, Thursday, Nov. 30th.
Ridgetown—Ridgetown House, Friday, Dec. 1st.

Lubin's, Pears' and Colgate's
SOAPS
Highly Perfumed and in Great Variety,
—AT—
WM. SAUNDERS'
Drug Store,
188 DUNDAS STREET.
Prescriptions Carefully Dispensed.

ENGLISH LOAN COMPANY.

Mr. Le Roy's Reply to the 614 Directors.

Mr. R. Le Roy, a Director of the English Loan Company, makes the subjoined reply to the observations made in our last issue by an old Director in an interview with a FREE PRESS reporter:—

London, Ont., Oct. 17, 1882.

TO THE EDITOR: SIR:—I have not much time, and I have no inclination for a newspaper controversy, but inasmuch as it is forced upon me by the report in your morning edition I shall answer. In the first place, I place the following correspondence before you:—

London, Ont., 11 a.m., Oct. 17, 1882.

The Manager the English Loan Company:—

MY DEAR SIR,—In the FREE PRESS of this morning, one of the old Directors is reported as having sold that I have only $6,000 invested in the Company. Edward Le Roy.

(REPLY).

DEAR SIR,—The facts are that there is $13,833 39 paid up on the stock you hold, on which there is a loan of $7,200, which was upon the stock when you acquired it, and which has not yet become payable.

(Signed) D. J. CAMPBELL, Manager.

I don't think the loan has anything to do with the matter, as even if I had borrowed the money myself I should have given good ample security, but it is well known that I have no room for further misunderstanding.

The above is a correct statement of the matter lodged by the manager as paid in on my stock represents the amount of cash I have actually paid in by all the old objecting directors together, one of whom, I believe, has not paid in any more than one hundred dollars, and not over $5,000 and $10,000 other holders to the amount of $200,000 have paid in the amount paid up on my stock is just as I stated it, and I think I should have been fully entitled to a hearing before the Board, and to any move until everything which has been brought the company to its present condition, and to the extent of which the stock will be legally responsible, and not before, and means that this shall be done. After all that has occurred to the wreck of my stock will be largely increased, and not less than one hundred dollars per share. I make bold to think that there are many shareholders who will wish to see the state of affairs revived, and I shall if necessary spend thousands of dollars of my own money to have it done. I am not alone in the stake in the responsibility attached to the stock I hold to allow myself to be trifled with.

And it is the second formula, that if the old directors do not get their own way they are going to get a receiver appointed. It must be very edifying to those who have their own way, but I am not one over under other supervision than that of the shareholders themselves. Nothing shall be left undone to ascertain what is "regular business way," are seeking for some other way to continue the same course. Fortunately, however, it is a thing in which they cannot and shall not succeed. The shareholders have already had enough without throwing away the money which the first course would show to be paying. The expense of a special meeting would require for taking over the business of the Company which can otherwise be made much more profitable to its own shareholders. I make no distinction between these and the old directors, and the other Boards entitled to consideration, and have rights that they will be protected in as well as by the Board. It there are some who have not yet paid in much it is simply because they have been wisely economical, and I have no doubt they are all anxious to place their stock on a paying basis as soon as they can do so without undue pressure to justify it, and I think it will result all concerned. But in the welfare of the company to have the money paid in, in a natural and quiet way. I think that all those of shareholders who can rely on receiving it likely to prove most conducive to the permanent interests of the Company being followed.

All attention is made to the fact that I have purchased any stock for speculative purposes. I have my that to purchase stock in my own name with a view to sell it out again at a profit may be termed a speculative transaction. If so, I frankly admit that this is my purpose. I hold a good deal more stock in the English loan Company than I do in any other, but permanently. I am a business man and a philanthropist. I have not been afraid of going through the work and money necessary to improve the value of the stock of every shareholder without having to ask for a single penny for myself. I suppose people can be found to say that I have done it for my own benefit, but I hope that, in time, investors will generally be glad to purchase a portion of what I may hold not only at a profit to myself but advantage to themselves, and many other shareholders will be glad to purchase at the enhanced value, if he wishes, so will be at liberty.

In conclusion, I may add that I think that the Company has now been sufficiently discussed in the public press, and I regret that I should have been forced to trespass upon your columns and the patience of your readers. It is therefore my intention to make no further reply to any attacks that may be made upon me, and I am sure that in this I shall be supported by the majority of the shareholders. I am sorry to have to trouble you with my name, but I am known and intend to do, whatever I deem right, without fear or favor.

Yours truly,
EDWARD LE ROY.

THE TYPHOID FEVER SCARE.

Bogus Telegrams from Winnipeg Regarding the Epidemic.

Mr. Thomas Wastie, of Winnipeg, yesterday received the following telegram from Mr. John W. Winnett, who recently visited this city, in relation of a despatch sent from that city to the Toronto papers a few days since:—

"Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 17.

"THOS. WASTIE, London:—

"Have seen the Health Inspector No typhoid fever here. All a canard. Have mailed you Inspector's report to-day.

"JOHN W. WINNETT."

A WARM WELCOME.—On Saturday last Bishop Hellmuth visited Windsor and was warmly welcomed by the members of the congregation of the Episcopal church in that town. In the afternoon a largely attended meeting was given His Lordship at the residence of the pastor of All Saints Church, Rev. Mr. Ramsay.

On Sunday morning a service was held and at its conclusion Bishop Hellmuth ordained the Rev. Mr. Allen. A confirmation service was held in the evening at St. John's Church, Sandwich.

ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY.

A Number of Local Capitalists About to Form One.

Seeing the great advances that have been made in the use of the electric light elsewhere, it is not a little surprising that it has not been further introduced in London. It is now about time that a number of capitalists propose to form a local Electric Light Company, and should the scheme be carried out the particulars will be given in full. There can be no doubt that dozens of stores, offices, and shops in the city would turn the particulars will be given in full. There can be no doubt that dozens of stores, offices, and shops in the city would turn on the light as soon as it was ready, and so it is no longer an experiment, but has been demonstrated to be practical and economical in a hundred different places, it is certainly time so enterprising a community as that of London was up and awake to handle much longer in the back ground.

Returned from New York.

Our dressmaker has just returned from New York with all the Leading Fashions of the present season.

Ladies requiring Stylish Dress-making, at moderate prices, should not fail to give our Dress-making Department a trial. We guarantee satisfaction.

T. BEATTIE & CO

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
AND
WINDOW GLASS.
Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Finness Guaranteed.
FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY
R. LEWIS
401 RICHMOND STREET.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Official Report of the London Stock Exchange.

London, Oct. 17, 1882.

BANKS.	Capital Paid Up.	Rest.	Last Dividend.	Price Bid.	Price Asked.
Montreal	12,000,000	12,000,000	4	222	223
Ontario	1,000,000	600,000	4	100	105
Molsons	2,000,000	1,800,000	4	170	175
Toronto	2,000,000	2,000,000	4	220	225
Jacques Cartier	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	120	125
Merchants	6,000,000	3,000,000	4	150	155
Commerce	4,866,666	1,500,000	4	140	145
Exchange	1,000,000	200,000	4	100	105
Standard	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Hamilton	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Dominion	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Ontario	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Quebec	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Union	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Western	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Imperial	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Federal	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Commerce	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Toronto	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Montreal	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Ontario	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Quebec	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Union	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Western	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Imperial	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
Bank of Federal	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	150	155
LOAN COMPANIES.					
Canada Permanent	2,000,000	1,000,000	8	200	205
Western Canada	1,000,000	1,000,000	8	200	205
Canada Landed Credit	1,000,000	1,000,000	8	200	205
Canada Landed & Nat. Inv.

INC & CO
and Maltsters,
LARGE STOCK
ther Ales, III Porter
TOCK LAGER.
& HALF,
for the excellent preparation
Invalids.

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8299

China Tea House to rent—$200 a year. Cheaper than any store in the business part of Dundas st. Apply to W. COBBINS.

ZOEDONE!
FOR SALE BY
ELLIOTT BROS
GROCERS
156 Dundas St., London.

LEATHER BELTING
I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN G. McLAREN'S Celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.
Full stock kept on hand, and quotations equal to the best American factory rates always.
T. Herbert Marsh
99 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Fingal Foundry for Sale.
In consequence of the dissolution of the partnership heretofore existing between Donald Sutherland and Alexander Sutherland, the undersigned, Donald Sutherland, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on Saturday, the 28th day of October, 1882, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the property belonging to the said firm, consisting of the foundry, with the machinery and tools therein, and the dwelling house and lot on which the same are situate, in the village of Fingal, in the county of Elgin. The property will be sold subject to a reserved bid. Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale, and will be liberal. For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or to A. McDonald, Fingal, Ont. 2183-2
Fingal, Sept. 29th, 1882.
DONALD SUTHERLAND.

V.T.C
TWIN-NAVY
Smoking Tobacco,
MANUFACTURED FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.
SMOKE
CABLE
AND
EL PADRE CIGARS.
To be had on every Railway Train in Canada, and of all dealers in the Dominion.
S. DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers, Montreal.

FALL NOTICE.
JOHN GLEE,
Merchant Tailor,
WEST END HOUSE
Now Fall Goods of every description just received. An inspection of this stock will convince the most fastidious that a first-class suit or overcoats at Moderate Prices. Special attention given to Clergymen's Clothing. Also to Gentlemen's Livery Servants' Suits.
77 Dundas St., West.

Wm. Pugsley, 344 Ridout Street.
PATTERNS, MODELS,
AND WOOD-WORK OF ALL KINDS
Done.

Save from 10 to 25 per cent. by attending the Great Closing-Out Sale of Flannels, in greys, scarlets, whites,
At Kingsmill's.

Save from 20 to 50 per cent. by attending the Great Closing-out Sale of all-wool Canadian Tweeds
At Kingsmill's.

Save from 20 to 30 per cent. by attending the Closing-out Sale of Dress Goods
At Kingsmill's.

You can always save from 10 to 20 per cent. by going to Kingsmill's for your Silks and Satins.

Before moving into our new Carpet Warehouse we are desirous of closing out all remnants and odd lengths of Carpets. Do you want Bargains? Go to
KINGSMILL'S.

We shall make it interesting for the public to visit our Warehouse during this fine weather.

REMEMBER,
TO GET THE
Best Value
—FOR—
Your Money
—GO TO—
KINGSMILL'S.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Address of the National League to the Irish People.

The Differences Among the Irish Leaders.

Arrival of the Household Cavalry from Egypt.

Proposed Visit of the Khedive to England.

Result of the Preliminary Elections in Germany.

Barry Sullivan, the Actor, to Run for Parliament.

Stanley and De Brazza—Overdonk Sentenced to Death—Other Foreign Matters.

Barry Sullivan in a New Role.

London, October 19 — Barry Sullivan, the actor, has consented to be nominated for Parliament for an Irish constituency on Home Rule principles.

Spanish Treaties.

Madrid, Oct. 19.—A royal order re-ratifies the prolongation, until Dec. 15, of treaties of commerce with countries which accept the basis. Spain has proposed for new treaties.

Sentence Commuted.

Dublin, Oct. 19.—The Lord Lieutenant has commuted the death sentence of Walsh, convicted of being an accessory to the murder of Constable Cavanagh, to penal servitude for life.

The Yacht.

London, Oct. 19.—At Sandown Park today the race for the great Sapling Plate for two-year-olds, was won by Goldsbil, The Prince 2nd, Rosbery 3rd. Eleven ran, including Keane's Polest.

Disaster at Sea.

London, October 19.—The Italian brig Marinola Migano, New York, for Buenos Ayres, was abandoned near the Western Islands. Three of the crew were drowned. The rest landed at Gravesend.

Home from the War.

London, Oct. 19 —The transport Lydian Monarch, with the Household Cavalry on their return from Egypt, arrived this evening. Large crowds welcomed the troops, and there was much enthusiasm.

O'Donnell's Views.

London, Oct. 19.—Hugh O'Donnell, M. P., states that though he is determined to support the Conference programme, he can not join the Council, which, he says, is so constituted that if only a small number of seceding delegates are sufficiently flexible, its whole control will be in the hands of sixteen nominees of the Irish Parliamentary party. The organized committee of the new Irish National League held their first meeting today.

The Ill-Used Delegate.

Dublin, Oct. 19 —Kenlan, the delegate to the Irish National Conference who was hooted on attempting to speak, writes to the *Freeman's Journal* that he knows he has drawn upon himself the hatred of the Irish members of Parliament, particularly of Timothy Daniel O'Connor. London says he always held that the Americans subscribed to assist the victims of tyranny of landlords, not to give blunted salaries to Irish members of Parliament.

Stanley and De Brazza.

At a banquet at Paris last night, Henry M. Stanley said Dubrazza betrayed the International Association by establishing French stations in Africa with resources provided by the association. At the close of Stanley's speech De Brazza unexpectedly entered the room, saying he came to welcome Stanley, that it might be thoroughly established that he did not regard him as an agonist, but as a laborer in the same field with himself, whose efforts, in common with his own, aimed at the progress of civilization in Africa. United States Minister Morton, Consul-General Walker and many other Americans were present.

The National League's Address.

Dublin, Oct. 19.—The Committee of the National League has adopted an address to the Irish people. In substance it is as follows:—The landlord's have combined with the purpose of breaking the spirit of the people. The Clergy, whilst the principal souls of judicial rents has protect among applicants to the Land Courts renders it more necessary now than ever that the tenantry should be united in vigilant and lawful association for the purpose of protecting themselves from injustice. The imposition of all our struggles is to transfer all local power and patronage from privileged strangers to the hands of the people, and so fortify the people for the work of self-government.

German Elections.

Berlin, Oct. 19.—The preliminary elections for members of the Prussian Diet resulted, so far as estimated, in the choice of 2,100 electors belonging to the Progressive and Secessionist groups, against 760 Conservatives and anti-Progressists. Nearly two-thirds of the voters in Berlin abstained from voting. At Cologne the Ultramontanes secured a majority.

Egyptian Affairs.

Alexandria, Oct. 19.—Broadly, English barrister, Arabi's principal counsel, has arrived, and proceeded to Cairo.

Cairo, Oct. 19.—The ministry has instructed an intention to permit Brugsly and Eve and Mark Napier to defend Arabi, on condition that witnesses undergo a preliminary examination.

It is said that the Khedive began in a short time to fulfill the ambition of his life by making a visit to England. The present attention of affairs will not admit of his absence, but he desires to make the journey as soon as the pacification of the country is assured.

London, Oct. 19.—Admiral Seymour has been directed to send a vessel to El Arish, Egypt, to enquire as to the whereabouts of Prof. Palmer and comrades, supposed to have been murdered by Bedouins.

Cairo, Oct. 19 —The trial of Arabi is not expected to take place until after the festival of Beiram.

The Ministry is considering the appointment of a Councillor of Finance, who will have a seat in the Cabinet, with a consultative voice on finance only, to replace the joint Controllers.

CABLE BRIEFLY.

The Emperor William is slightly indisposed at Baden.

The Bey of Tunis is reported ill. His condition causes much anxiety.

Disclosures, Government of Constantinople has been mortally wounded by a Kurd.

It is attempted to assassinate the Governor of Smyrna, and was arrested at the moment dynamite bombs in his pocket. Twenty-four sentenced to death.

Prince Hyacinthe presided at the sitting of the Orleanists and peace conference on Thursday, and delivered a brilliant speech. Gen. Trochu advocated compulsory military service as a preventive of war.

A United Press cable from Constantinople says—The Turkish fleet is going to the Red Sea to assist the Sultan's forces and endeavour to overcome the Arabs, who are spreading the spread of insurrection in the Hedjaz.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Fatal Duel "About a Man."

New Orleans, Oct. 19.—Last evening Jake Willens and Rene Rabow fought about a man, with knives. Willens was killed.

The Pistol in Tennessee.

Memphis, Oct. 19.—It is reported that Joseph and George Mabry were shot and killed by Mayor Tom O'Connor, at Knoxville, this morning, and that he in turn was killed by friends of the Mabrys.

Shoe Ball.

At Boston—Buffalo, 12; Boston, 7. Game called on the seventh inning on account of rain.

At Chicago—Chicago, 10; Providence, 6.

Yellow Fever.

Pensacola, Oct. 19.—Fifty-three new cases of yellow fever to-day, and nine deaths, including a daughter of Dr. Whiting, Secretary of the Board of Health. Five more of his children are down with the disease.

Cholera.

Marysville, Cal., Oct. 19.—Fourteen cases of cholera have been reported at Oxbender, eight miles from here.

San Antonio, Texas, Oct. 19.—Cholera is raging in Tehuacan, Mexico. It is said that buzzards fed on the half-buried bodies of the poor in Mazatlan, Mexico, cemeteries.

A Train Breaks Through a Bridge.

Otego, N. Y., Oct. 19.—The Wildcat train on the Albany and Susquehanna Road broke through a bridge above Otego yesterday. The locomotive and 12 coal cars were precipitated into the Susquehanna river. Fireman Hopkins was killed and engineer Rynder and brakeman Barstell seriously injured. The bridge was partially rotten and defective. Within an hour a heavily loaded New York excursion train would have passed over the bridge.

Railway Wrecks.

Cincinnati, Oct. 18.—To-day a freight train on the Cincinnati Northern Narrow Gauge Railway became unmanageable when descending a steep grade on the Ivyandria trunk within the city limits. The train finally struck an empty passenger car and engine. Two engines and a passenger car were wrecked. The freight cars were unharmed. The engineer jumped off just before the collision and was seriously hurt. Other men jumped off unhurt.

A Foul Murder.

Port Huron, Mich., Oct. 19.—Last night at 7 30 o'clock Miss Ida Greeve, aged 19 years, employed as a servant at the house of Mr. Havens, of Marlette, was shot in the neck and killed while sitting near a window in the house where she was employed. It is supposed that the shot was fired by her father's blood mate, Sullivan, who had proposed to her in the afternoon and been rejected. She was a respectable young woman, and her home was at Maple Valley.

Mining in Chili.

Panama, Oct. 17.—Santiago, capital of Chili, is much excited over mines of recently discovered coalbeast. Fortunes have been made, and stock which started at par rushed up to ten times its value. Recently discovered gold mines in Huichenchagua, Guatemala, created much excitement and speculation. The mines were worked during the old colonial rule. Since the reconvery of the original mine seven other lodes have been found, which are reported to be richer than any ever known in California.

Panic in a Church.

Rexboro, N. C., October 19 —Last evening a chandelier fell in the Baptist Church during services. Burning oil flowed in every direction. The building was filled with a dense smoke. The congregation were panic stricken. The church officers, by the direction of the preacher, broke open the doors and windows, and the people soon got out. Several ladies and an old gen leman were badly injured by a falling chandelier. A number of others were burned by oil. It is feared four young ladies will die.

A Series of Violent Explosions.

Philadelphia, Oct. 19.—Mrs. Topham, of Paul street, was to-day cleaning furniture with benzine. The three-gallon can of the liquid caught fire and exploded. The entire front and side walls of the three-story brick building were blown out. The frame of an adjoining house was partly demolished. Mrs. Hoff was seriously burned.—An explosion of gas in a delicatessen mala blew out an iron grating over a sewer on Twentieth and Ogden streets, and threw it one hundred feet into the air, also blowing out the earth and stones around. A minute later a similar explosion followed on Twentieth and Poplar streets. A third explosion occurred on Parish and Brown streets. Flames burst from a sewer, throwing a volume of fire into the street. Houses were shaken within several squares around. There was tremendous excitement. It is miraculous that no one was hurt.

The Corner in Rubber—Actions of the American Manufacturers.

New York, Oct. 19.—Sixty rubber manufacturing firms, having capital of thirty millions dollars, were represented at a meeting to-day. Resolutions were adopted declaring it the duty of the rubber manufacturers of the country and Europe to do all they can to protect the public against a combination of gigantic speculators. Agreements were adopted that the manufacturers of rubber goods and shoes close their factories on Dec. 23rd, and keep them closed until the price of rubber falls to a point which warrants running.

New Haven, Oct. 19.—Owing to the corner in rubber the Candee Rubber Co., one of the largest concerns in the world, will be compelled to begin cutting down one-half the work of 1,500 operatives. The rubber company at Naugatuck has been compelled to suspend work because it cannot obtain material.

AMERICAN BREVITIES.

Baltimore Frederick Lehman was killed and Daniel Collins probably fatally hurt by a scaffold falling, yesterday.

Specials from Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas, report the heavy rains of the past twenty-four hours doing much damage to cotton.

The remains of Fanny Parnell arrived in Boston yesterday, and were interred in Mount Auburn Cemetery. A large crowd attended.

Having been driven out of New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City, pest cabins and tenements are beginning operations at Philadelphia.

A large number of men are already thrown out of employment in Chicago by the enlargement of dressed beef to the east. The slaughter of cattle on hand have greatly diminished.

The verdict of the jury in the International Bridge disaster is to the effect that the cold chamber was due to the criminal neglect of Engineer Duke, in not keeping a proper look-out for danger signals.

John Devoy, editor of the *Irish World*, has been indicted for criminal libel in publishing a statement that August Belmont failed to suspend for certain moneys belonging to the Fenian organization entrusted by his care for transmission to Ireland.

Officers of the U. S. Secret Service say petroleum thieves to all appearances amount at a large discount, but in reality supply gangs of swindlers or other worthless individuals. It is estimated that these swindlers make a million a year, half of that amount being drawn from Japan in New York city.

The authorities of Paterson, N. J., have determined on a general round-up of all the inebriates, it having been discovered that the virus with which the first vaccination was done was bogus. The medical society predict small-pox will spread to a great extent there in consequence of the imposition.

Chief Engineer Melville sent a report yesterday to the Secretary of the Navy. It is a graphic narrative of the Jeannette expedition all up the river appointed in three several times. While the Jeannette was being crushed in the ice Melville drew designs of a sled on the spot, which he afterwards constructed. The ship is very dilatory in the Lena.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Rev. Edward Beecher Speaks Out.

Saratoga, Oct. 19.—In the State Congregational Convention to-day Rev. Edward Beecher maintained that the creeds of the past needed overhauling, and to a great extent regeneration. The real great need in the during creed was given by Christ to Nicodemus, when he said, "Except a man be born again he cannot see the kingdom of God." If a man is thoroughly orthodox on the questions of human depravity and love to God, Mr. creed is perfect. The applause which greeted Beecher showed that many agreed with him.

Goderich Races.

Goderich, Oct. 19.—The fall meeting of the Goderich Driving Park Association opened here to-day under very favorable circumstances. Weather fine and attendance fair. A good deal of interest was taken in the 2.37 trot. The first race on the list, open to 3 year old colts. The following were entered:—R. Colmer, Henry Schmucker, A. M. F. and Lady Maud. This was won by A. M. F. in three straight heats; time, 3.05, 3.10, 3.14½. The second race, 2.37 class, the entries were:—Ralph Colquhoun Chief, Sleepy George and Maitland (withdrawn). There was considerable betting. Colquhoun Chief in three straight heats. Time, 2.40, 2.42, 2.44. This closed the day's proceedings.

Northwest News.

Winnipeg, Oct. 19.—A civic deputation waited on Sir Charles Tupper yesterday relative to improving the navigation of Red River. They urged upon the Minister the necessity of sending a competent engineer to examine the Red River and to report upon improvements at the earliest possible moment. They suggested the advisability of constructing two locks, at the Rapids and St. Andrew's, in order that facilities for navigation might be had throughout. The improvement suggested means a saving of $250,000 alone in fuel, as wood could be taken from Lake Winnipeg and sold on $5.50 per cord instead of from $8 to $10. Sir Charles promised to lay the memorial before the Government.

An interpreter at Battleford reports that he has induced three thousand Crees to return to their homes north of the Saskatchewan from the Missouri River and Canadian frontier.

The Failure of the Messrs. Hope.

Montreal, Oct. 16.—The unanimous manifested here yesterday afternoon in connection with the suspension of Messrs. Hope & Co., was the sympathy extended to them by the greater part of the liabilities are due in the United States and Scotland. The creditors look, outside of banks, are not numerous, and the amounts, it is said, are not large. The assets, which held the firm's paper do not apprehend any loss beyond what usually happens under similar circumstances. The Bank of Commerce, to which Messrs. Hope kept their accounts, have made an advance of seventy per cent per endorsed by members of the firm. The liabilities are not known yet, and all settlements already reported may be with of the mark. Some say the amount will not exceed $100,000, but those better informed assert that the aggregate will not be less than three times that sum. At a banker elected to-day that the firm has been doing business on a capital of about $1,000,000. Habilities of more than three-quarters of a million to a million dollars annually. The house has been established here eleven years, and met with heavy losses in the past; in fact it was considered strange it did not succumb a few years ago, when some of the oldest houses in trade, as well as the new ones, had to succumb. It is far from likely that anything definite will be known of the total liabilities or assets until the meeting of creditors, when the real cause of the failure will come to light.

Montreal, Oct. 19.—Heavy suits have been commenced here to-day against the insolvent firm of A. & J. C. Hope. One is by an English firm for recognition of 500 tons of iron just arrived, and valued for $6,000. The other is by Ross & Co., Quebec, for the return of goods amounting to $7,000.

Norfolk Assizes.

Simcoe, Oct. 18.—At the assizes here yesterday the case of Doyle v. Bell, an action brought against the defendant, a barrister resident at Port Dover, to enforce payment of a penalty of $200 in each of four cases of personal bribery in connection with the last general election, was tried. The defendant was charged with having on those four different occasions been guilty of offering money to electors to influence their votes. Evidence was given that on one occasion he tendered one dollar to the deputy polling clerk, stripp $30 to induce him to refrain from voting. On another occasion he put $10 in a voter's pocket, telling him it was not in connection with the election, but a present from a good friend. Again on another occasion he asked a man what he would take to absent himself so as not to vote on the polling day. In the fourth case there did not appear to be any actual promise. The defendant in each case did not deny having committed the acts charged against him, but said that though he may have been guilty of the acts, yet at the time he was in no doubt a state of drunkenness as not to be responsible for what he had done. The jury held that the defendant was guilty of personal bribery in each case. Thomas, Q.C., and Robb for plaintiff, Wells and Mathews for defendant. Queen vs. Butler.—The prisoner was charged with committing an indecent assault. He was acquitted.

SOUTHERN.

Montreal, Oct. 19.—The owner of a fur store on St. Antoine street fired at two policemen he found in his shop last night, thinking they were burglars. The shop being left open, the officers entered to call up the proprietor, and were headed to a very warm reception. Had the storekeeper not been immediately arrested he would have emptied the remaining four barrels of the revolver into the men of law.

J Mc. Matthieu decided to-day that a sub-lessee cannot be compelled to throw up his lease of a store when a lessee is bankrupt, and the party from whom he holds agrees to cancel his lease.

The funeral of the late Ald. Jobargo was largely attended to-day. Notwithstanding the Mayor's order to the contrary, the police and firemen marched in the procession.

The 65. Texas, employed in transporting troops to Egypt, has arrived here on her regular route again.

Two patients in the Hotel Dieu Hospital committed suicide to-day, one being the wife of J. B. Joyce, a merchant here, and the other a farmer named Richardson, from outside the city. The body opened a window in her bedroom, on 47th flat, and jumped to earth, her death taking place instantly. The man threw himself over a balcony on the 3rd storey, and was also killed. Both were insane.

The Stock Market was very little changed to-day, City Gas and Rebellion advanced one cash.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Oct. 19 —An old resident of this city, named Arch. Cooper, was killed in one of the engagements at Kassassin in the late Egyptian war.

Two freight trains on the Grand Trunk collided at Weston this morning. One of the engines was badly damaged and several cars thrown from the track.

Jennie Egel was charged at the Police Court this morning with having assaulted Michael Bacon. Defendant claimed Bacon or her husband, but a detective stated that Egel enticed three other men in the alley as hostages. She is a crank, and was discharged with a caution.

The Stock Exchange was not disturbed to-day. Stocks were quiet and values unchanged to any marked extent.

Thos. Gibson, a Markham farmer, was robbed of $97 and a watch and chain to-day. He had been drinking.

The French has consigned direct to London eight barrels of Canadian apples, obtained by offering premiums. Sir Alexander Tilloch

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
128 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Friday, October 26, 1888.

WRECKING THE RAILWAY.

The Grit press still keeps up a fusilade at the Dominion Government, the intention being to compel them to break faith with the Canada Pacific Railway Syndicate, by admitting railways in competition to that which is being built across the Northwest. But no one ever tells us who is to pay for such a departure from the conditions laid down. One of the most salient of those was that no railway which might touch off the traffic of the North-west, in connection with American railway systems, should be permitted. The Syndicate entertained to work the road as well as to build it, in consideration of which they were to be protected from opposition for a term of several years, the Government of the day fixing the rates for freight and travel. The enterprise was one of the boldest on the part of those that undertook it, and it is estimated that they put a sum of not less than $15,000,000 into the undertaking before they obtained any return from the Government either in lands or in money. If the chance which is now set up in days the Opposition hack into existence, which the Syndicate were to succeed, and admit the construction of other lines, which would draw away the business upon which they relied, a claim for ample compensation would naturally follow. How much that would be is not very easy to estimate, but that it would go away up into the many millions there can be little doubt of. Well, then, who is to pay this, to be to compensate the Syndicate for the loss of a consideration so important as that referred to? Is it on the shoulders of the people of the older Provinces that such a payment would fall. They would be called upon to pay an additional amount of taxation in order that a new railway may enter into the country and draw off a business which it was proper, and in the main should belong to the one, national transcontinental line. The efforts of the Opposition, if successful, would result disastrously for us all, for not only would the Syndicate set up a claim for heavy damages, but it would be to compensate for them to abandon the most expensive portions of the work yet to be completed, thus throwing the whole matter back into the hands of the Government. Most of us will recollect what a sense of relief pervaded the country when it became known that a competent company had undertaken the construction of the railway. No doubt there were some millions absolutely required under the Mackenzie regime for surveys and unnecessary works. And the prospect was that a continuance of extravagance, and to some extent unnecessary, outlays would have been forced upon the present successors. All this waste, all the loss of time and opportunity that threatened were avoided when the work was definitely placed over to the Canada Pacific Syndicate. But if the advice of the Opposition were to be taken all the advantages gained would be thrown away. On looking back at events since coming into the great enterprise it is seen that the advice given by the Grits has been uniformly bad respecting it. If left to them the road would not have been built for a quarter of a century to come, while under the Conservative policy it will be carried to the foot of the Rocky Mountains by the coming in of next September, if not sooner. It was Mr. Blake's pleasure idea to build the road bit by bit, a few miles each year, thus crawling small-like across the country. The Conservative policy was at once bold, dashing, and economical, and worthy of a people imbued with national aspirations. The result is seen in the rapid the settling in of a tide of immigration which is fast peopling the country, doing that which was needful to be done. And if the country is wise it will admit refuse to trust the policy, to proceed to listen to the advice of those who have proved themselves to be so far in advance of their opponents in devising good for the Dominion. After the Canada Pacific is out of the through and through, and the lines of travel and traffic established, it will be quite time enough to begin to think of admitting new lines to share in the business. To act upon such ideas now would be suicidal, and go a long way to wreck an institution which has, under the existing management and policy, proved itself to be one of the marvels of the age.

POSITION OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

Our local Grit contemporary, discussing the position of Newfoundland in regard to the Confederation, says the Island is "open to the world" of trade, and will be prevented from entering the Canadian union so long as the N. P. stands. Our contemporary is somewhat in error as to its facts. We are reminded that Newfoundland is more highly protected by its tariff than this country, that it is protected even as to the import of foreign capital. This by the selfish policy of its merchants. The main financial business is therefore done by the Union Bank and the Commercial, which, possess of the control, are able to continue prosperous and secure. This latter protection is of course afforded by a cesspool of the merchants, but the heavy handicapping of foreign manufactures is a Government measure. This has been the policy of the country for years. As to the question whether such a policy is right or wrong in a land which imports its breadstuffs and manufactures, that is another thing. But as a revenue has to be raised by some kind of impost, it might as well be put on these as obtained by direct taxation. What we wish to show is that Newfoundland is not open to the world, as asserted, and cannot, therefore, be held forward as a warning and example to Canada on the ground of being a free trade country.

ONE DAY IN A THOUSAND.

Gritdom was jubilant yesterday on the result of the by-elections. One journal exclaims it is "Our Day." True enough, and who should grudge them a day now and then, even if to keep them from going altogether sour. Though a great ado is made about these by-elections now, yet we recollect the time when the Grits waited in according much contents really meant nothing. Without committing ourselves to that absurd view of things it may be just as well to remind them who error so lately today that they have been known to over largely before. There will be a real contest one day, and then it may not be altogether an ended an affair as the by-elections have been.

A FUEL RESERVE.

The Ontario Government, though composed of men professing to be the foes of monopoly, are nevertheless ready to break faith with their conscience in this matter when it becomes necessary to "oblige a friend." The latest reward for political service is the setting apart of large tracts of the public land as a "Fuel Reserve." The party to be benefited in this case is Mr. Cox, the Grit candidate in North Hastings, last Dominion election. He was defeated, but as he had worked hard and doubtless made sacrifices on behalf of the Grit Opposition it is deemed proper that he should be recouped. Accordingly agents have been sent by the Mowat Government to inspect the unsettled lands in the townships of Limerick, Tudor, Cashel and Wellington, in Hastings county, so that they may be "veiled" to Mr. Cox as a fuel reserve. That is probably to say, in other words, that Mr. Cox is to receive a substantial favor at the hands of Messrs. Mowat and Pardee, in the creation of a fuel monopoly in the townships specified. A large portion of the country is to be handed over to private control, to the public disadvantage. The settlers may like to have Hardy to deal in wood and charcoal, but no. That is to be put into the hands of one man, and this by a Government which is doing its best to break down the National Policy, on the argument that tariffs favor monopolies. Such a course, if carried out must lead to bad results. The locking up of such large tracts of country from settlement will retard the growth of the region; and sections who have gone already and taken up land in the hope that others may soon join them, and neighborhood and municipal government be established, will have to wait a long time for their grandest reward. In the older counties of Europe we hear of the opposition wrought by the monopoly of the lands. There are immense preserves of woodland for one purpose or another—now for private sport, now for game-breeding purposes—and Ruskin in this country are heard exclaiming against such a system, which discriminates so glaringly in favor of a particular class. But what have they to say respecting the cutting open by the Government of the public land in Ontario as a preserve for the benefit of one man, and especially a man who by reason of his political services may be supposed to have a special claim to be pensioned? If the public lands are to be disposed of on such principles, it is high time to make a change in regard to those who are in control of them.

CORN GROWING IN THE WEST.

When the *Globe*, arguing upon the results of Prof. Brown's experiments at Guelph, insisted on the importance of importing American corn as seeds for fuel, Prof. Panne replied that if it paid to import corn for that purpose it paid equally well, if not better, to grow it on our own soil, and that corn could be grown in the Province of Ontario as successfully and abundantly as in any part of the so-called "corn belt" of the South-western States. This opinion was pooh-poohed by the leading Grit organ, which went to war contempt upon this part of the country as a corn growing region. This idea of the *Globe's* was backed up by the reports of the Ontario Industrial Farmer, which peculiar institution pronounced that there a failure in its reports of August and September. A correspondent of the *Globe*, however, does the west more justice when describing the corn crop of Essex, as follows:—

"Inquiring from persons along the road and elsewhere, I found that Indian corn, which is perhaps the leading crop of the county, yields thirty-five to seventy bushels of shelled grain per acre, with an average of nearly fifty bushels, or much more than in Missouri or Iowa, in the latter of which States a recent official return showed only fifteen bushels per acre."

And the condition is not peculiar to Essex. It is believed alike by all the lake and shore region. In a second letter to the organ, the same writer observes in respect of the Western soil as a corn producer:—

"The average yield per acre is not surpassed in the best corn lands of the Mississippi Valley, or in fact anywhere on this continent. Working in favor of the possibility of these rich lands to wheat growing, the cultivation of Indian corn can relatively be more profitable as in Missouri or Illinois is a moot question; but the fact that the acreage in Indian corn is greater than in fall wheat is an indication of the general estimate put by the farmers of the county on the profits derived from each crop."

Having settled the point in this way for itself, it is hoped we shall hear no further libellous remarks from the *Globe* upon the western peninsula.

CURRENT TOPICS.

In Sir Garnet Wolseley's little manual entitled "The Soldier's Pocket Book" the extraordinary passage occurs:—"As a nation we are bred up to feel it a disgrace even to manually labor." This word pity country in it remarks and regularly as the word does. We will keep hammering at it ourself so that whether the assertion be the best policy, and that truth always wins in the long run. These pretty little nurseries along the high road between Toronto and Kingston were not all attended here and there one an infant, the rest grown up; a proof that the potion was only sold where the attending conditions were present. Of certain and smallpox, no doubt, the contagion is much more virulent. It may be conveyed in a letter, left in an old clothing, hang for months about a house, reside in the brush, or exhale from the skin.

If compulsory isolation should be justifiable at all. It would be in respect to these two diseases. But, in reality, like some existing applies to these as to other contagious or epidemic diseases, but with somewhat less force. The poison of smallpox and scarlatina, like that of typhoid, is sometimes, no doubt, of spontaneous origin, much more frequently we, in all probability, than is commonly supposed. We are surrounded by myriad germs of all kinds, unstable aliments that only need the aid of certain well-known conditions to develop into deadly poisons. We can no more stamp out these germs than we can stamp out mosquitoes. In all medical books we read of "predisposing causes"—bad ventilation, crowded habitations, ill-drained soils, low, marshy situations, insufficient or improper food, overwork, intemperate habits, and the like. These so-called "predisposing causes are more probably the necessary conditions precedent of the development of disease. Men in good health and of "sanitary" habits may and do expose themselves with impunity to the most concentrated forms of contagion. Nobody proposes to isolate doctors. Hence, as the germs of infectious diseases cannot be reached, while the conditions of their development and, to a greater or less extent, of their birth, may be removed by ordinary sanitary measures, it would appear prudent able to direct our efforts mainly toward the perfection of these. The black death of the Middle Ages and the plagues of later times have disappeared from, all civilized countries, simply through amelioration of the hygienic conditions of life. Much still remains to be done, but we may reasonably hope that in this manner the continued progress of sanitary science will result in the extermination of even such diseases as smallpox and scarlatina, without recourse to inquisitorial and violent legislative measures. Quarantine has been condemned over and over again as a means of preventing the importation of disease. In an island, however, like Britain it might be kept within bounds

…s, Cheques and Drafts,
INVOICE, NOTE AND
…TTER HEADINGS
and all kinds of
…ness and Bankers' Stationery,
…OGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING
DEPARTMENT.
…e Press Printing Co.
…he Free Press.
Friday, October 20, 1882.

…DON RANDOLPH'S WARD.

…BY MRS W. Y. BRUNTON.

…our arrival at Versailles, Madame De …lle, a cousin of my mother, had an …n piquing us at a desirable Pensionnat, …t was there, Gabrielle, that I first met …mother, Lady Agnes Fleming. Her …r and herself were confidants, and in …heard her there during idle intervals …ntiment, whether he had been ordered …physician, as his health required …d of absence.

…months had passed since we had …the "Pensionnat de Demoiselles," …day Agnes, we were correlating …ending studies, when Madame Du …bert room to say that Lady …rother had called to see her, …rother had called to see her, …hysicity, and at the same time, …ervation for me to accompany her, …wished to introduce me to her …ing children. Of course, my guardian …ness, valued girl fashion, to the per- …we found Arthur Fleming and …ittle companion, Lord Frederick …

Miss De Courcy passed. In pre- …of the introduction, I was very …ch, controlling herself with a great …ousness.

…n her usual impulsive manner, …the arms of her brother, who …his embarrassment, accosted politely …er to Lord Moreland. She then …to acquaint with her brother and …ld. We passed on to the park in …conversation, and as they rose to …Agnes with a glance to observe my …rised to so many pleasant parties, but …Revil could not let us accept, be- …ere was no one to chaperon us. …De Merville is on the invalid; but …n you are here, we may surely accept …invitation."

…all only be, Jack-hoop," he replied, …ert Miss De Courcy and spoil, …apply I am somewhat of an invalid …and must not indulge in late …

…I not in quarantine to act as …? And I shall be glad to have …hope, and unless I can be …have young Lord Grosvenor my charge." …you, you cruel Jack-hoop," …ere quite sparkling with fun, "but I …ld you will find no rather disastrous …k."

…ink I can answer for Miss De …ld Lord Grosvenor, "that I have …e spoke. I sincerely know what I …—Miss Young, and think I feel …ve entrusted Mr. Revil's ward to …r to be pleased or frightened at the …being intrusted with society.

CHAPTER IV.

…that eventful day we began to lead …gay life. The wealth and position of …d her brother previously, as many …ose, and, attended by Arthur Flem- …Lord Moreland, we visited all the …and other brilliant gatherings to …ey were invited, my sister being …ed joining us by a slight indis- …ich she had suffered from since her …

…r the golden hours flew by. Lady …ared no pains in trying to impart…ge …[ortland] thoroughly to her social …ondon about him which few could …

…Possessing great brilliancy of wit, …ersation was gay and sparkling to …ld servants, and in his intercourse …ness he showed a tender, chivalrous …, which carried with it an irresis- …

…s girlish simplicity, I regarded him as …y particular star, to be worshipped …ance, and naturally supposed that …ld have brilliant and fascinating …would offer a thus he his chosen …n our confidential conversations the …ld that such would be the case, and …ough my foolish heart beat …ld its expectancy, and each two o'clock …announced as a peal of bells, I …allowed myself for a moment to think …ressed any attentions to his eyes …ommon we had been invited to a …ce in honor of Madame De Mer- …ldest daughter; it was a birthday …ld Agnes, whose kindness had …ured from a fashionable modiste, …ant white muslin, trimmed with …ed from her father, and stood waiting …carriage.

…ly was promptly supplied by my father …ch during all necessary exposure, …s not justified in much fresh exposure, …ld, I decided to indulge in …

…well I remember how from an that …ing, long-tailed bank- …ould ever a richly-embroidered skirt, …ow and pearl ornaments, and a …ery small and rounded form, and a …ft of the most lovely golden hair. …almost perfection—only there in her …s the surveyed herself in the large …in the dressing room before our de- …"Gently, Madeline," she said, "I …Castle Rackrent, and not the …ghter of my mother. Poor Lord …dak I he may as well lay down his …ld peace, for I find it hard to be …

…ple of the discipline I endeavored to …ple over my foolish feelings, I never …her his entire authority without feel- …e blood rush to my head, a pleasant …agreeable spoken, for fear of betraying …I stooped, as if to arrange the trimming …my ankle slipper. Not knowing how …who turned towards me, and for the …ion noticed my crimson, which was very …and unpleasant.

…Why, Madeline," she exclaimed, "what a little one you …like, white, flowing robes and lilies of the …? You should have worn some color to …your pale complexion and dark …and hair; don't you think so, Arthur? …ked at her brother and Lord Moreland …d the room.

…ay don't commit me about what is be- …to young ladies," said Arthur, "for …ow is much more than a …

…, Moreland glanced at me as I stood …ly beside my governess.

…may let me smile, yes, I will, drawing …and with stooping over my hand he …ed to a low tone:—"You look like …h, your sovereign, Miss De Courcy, have …reserved a dance for me?"

…elieve I whispered something about …ld be very happy to do so, and …ld, I felt myself blushing like a …ld, when it is time we took our …and encouraging me with a look …ed to him to offer his arm, which …with a consciousness almost took upon …

…ing upon us as we arrived at the …ance. It was my first ball, and I …fessed, as it were, to an atmosphere of …ement. I did not dance much in the …arly part of the evening, but it …ntly enough for me to listen to the …music, and watch the gaily attired forms of …dancers as they glided over the polished …floor.

…Lord Moreland had danced several times …with Agnes, and had just resigned her to a …young officer for the next waltz. He was …floating around the room, as though in search …of some one, and seeing me, he came di…rectly toward me.

To be continued.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Pertinent Gleanings of Fun, Fact and Fancy.

AN AUSTRALIAN GOOD NIGHT.

Good night! Good night! The summer day is …

Peeping like eyes out the long gray shadows …

And flings with light the tall blue hills …

Good night! Good night! The evening star is …

A liquid diamond on the field of night;
Mother and flashing in the rosy sunset,
Trooping like fawnlings trimble in the …

Good night! Good night! The stars are out in …

White points of light along the wide black …

The earth is wrapped in darkness as a mantle,
And sad and slow the whispering winds …

Good night! Good night! The morn that breaks …

Forevermore upon a brighter world than this,
May shine upon a land that knows no night …

Rest down and give me, love, your good …

Our kiss before I close my eyes in slumber,
Tired eyes, already longing for the light,
Perhaps, perhaps, my dreams may be in the …

So one last kiss! Good night, my love, good …

Kind words are like bald heads; they are …

"Please hang up," is the polite telephonic …

A farce-eating man:—One who believes …

It is not the chaos to ask:—"Will you …

Music was considered by Dr. Johnson to …

The comet has a head 94,000 miles long. …

The difference between a dandy and a fat …

Two hundred people will be in all the …

There is a man in England who gained …

Ben Franklin said that soft words butter …

An enraged girl is happiest when she is …

A New York letter carrier was arrested …

A Jew York letter carrier was arrested …

Mamma, Hallice & Ching, the contractor …

The Canada Southern Railway Company …

Mr. McKeon, of Dutton, has obtained the …

It is doubtful whether there will a skat…

Brown—"Did you say, sir, that I could …

"No, sir; I simply said that he could …

"Now have the mighty fallen!" Well, …

Some silly ass on a banana skin, some ass the …

The new which was to have taken place …

Anthony and Ellis' Uncle Tom's Cabin …

The publisher of the Aylmer *Mirth*, a …

The above were elected by the adoption …

The Collegiate Institute Football Club …

Mr. G. W. Boyd, jr., Assistant Post…

J. J. Blackmore & Co., plumbers, of this …

The Park waterworks. Their bonder …

Mr. Griffin's new pork warehouse is …

McPherson & Glasgow, of Flagal, have …

It is said Mr. W. Wallace, of paper em…

Several men have been engaged the last …

Mr. Jas. Stuart, of Toronto, was declared …

Several contemplations of our books have …

The ball for the new fair hall was placed …

The house hunters seem to be all the …

Mr. McKeon, of Dutton, has obtained the …

The Railroad Ladies' Christian Associa…

A new was killed by a C.S.R. train in …

A social was held at Rathbottle recently, …

The new which was to have taken place …

The gobbisher of the *Aylmer Mirth*, a …

The Collegiate Institute Football Club …

Mr. G. W. Boyd, jr., Assistant Post…

J. J. Blackmore & Co., plumbers, of this …

Mr. Davidson declared the nomination for …

Mr. D. McGregor, of Stratford, and Dr. …

Dr. Davidson received 34 votes, Mr. D …

The election of Dr. David…

Mr. McMaster's munificence.

On motion, permission was given Hon. …

Mr. McMaster said:—Dear brethren, …

The Committee on Nominations reported …

President—Mr. Thomas Lolley, Toronto.
Vice-Presidents—Messrs. A. Farrow, St. …
Cathcart; W. Craig, Port Hope; D. W. …
Karn, Woodstock; H. Moyle, Paris; S. Bar…
ley, Richmond; W. Buck, Brantford; Chan…
cellor Boyd, Toronto; Charles Raymond, …
Guelph; J. Dryden, M.P.P., Brooklin; …
W. G. Copp, Hamilton.
Treasurer—Mr. John Stark, Toronto.
Secretary—Rev. T. B. Davidson, D.D., …
Toronto.

Directors—Messrs. L. N. Marrison, Ayl…
mer; H. Graham, Kinmount; F. W. Dyg…
foot, Hamilton; R. Lawson, Turcotte; R. W. …
Stowell, Woodstock; H. Palmer, Dundas; …
H. A. Hodgson, Belleville; T. S. Shearer, …
Brantford; R. Ball, St. George; F. Hume, …
Cheltenham; M. W. Mills, Toronto; J. …
Beardsell, Woodstock; J. D. Wellstead, Lon…
don; D. Sinclair, M.P.P., Paisley; W. Pavey, …
Woodstock; James McCullough, M. D., Tor…
ronto; L. Woolverton, Grimsby; C. Kilborne, …
Beamsville; L. G. Carter, Port Colborne; R. …
Begg, Liverton; Dr. H. E. Bonham, Toronto; …
A. N. Barber, Hamilton; T. A. Mabland, …
Dagmall; H. E. Stovel, Mount Forest; G. …
Griffith, Dundalk; W. Weir, jr., Toronto; …
T. D. Crawford, Brantford; Field Hinman, …
Goshen; W. L. Gibbits, J. F. Code, Barrie.

The above were elected by the adoption …
of the report with the exception of the …
President, Secretary and Treasurer.

The ballot for President resulted in the …
unanimous election of Mr. Lolley.

On motion the chairman was authorized …
to cast the ball for Treasurer. This he did. …
Mr. John Stark, of Toronto, was declared …
unanimously elected.

Dr. Davidson declared the nomination for …
the Secretaryship.

Mr. D. McGregor, of Stratford, and Dr. …
Richardson, of Woodstock, were nominated.

Dr. Davidson received 34 votes, Mr. D …
McGregor 24. The election of Dr. David…
son was unanimous.

After a vote of thanks to the retiring …
President, Bro. Mackie presented a partial …
report of the Committee on Arrangements, …
which was adopted.

Rev. Dr. Davidson, Secretary of the Home Missionary Convention. The doctor was present at the organization of the convention in this city, in 1851, and was for 17 consecutive years its Secretary. He reviewed the successful career of the convention during the past thirty years. In the meeting which it was organized were such men as Rev. Dr. Spencer, Dr. Boyd, of Chicago, and the saintly Gilmour, of Peterboro'. The following churches had been organized by the convention:—Belleville, Port Hope and Lindsay. In the west, take Barrie, Strathroy, Stratford, Allen Quig, Forest, and Thedford, Chatham, north. There are churches in Durham, Paisley, Mount Forest and Guelph. In the south there are churches in Palmyra, Leamington, Welland, Sparta, Fingal and Port Colborne. All these churches, with others, had to be helped, some of them for years, and now they are all self-sustaining. Among the churches now being helped are those at Owen Sound, Walkerton, Brampton, Barrie, Collingwood, Galt, Port Elgin, Watford and Kincardine.

SUPERANNUATED MINISTERS.

Hamilton, Oct. 19.—The annual meeting of the Superannuated Ministers' Society was held at 8.30 this morning, Hon. W. McMaster, President, in the chair. The 18th annual report was read by Rev. Mr. Dempsey, Secretary, a synopsis of which follows: …In October last appropriations were made to ten ministers and twelve widows for the first six months of the year. The grant required $1,210, and the payment emptied the treasury. Of that sum $1,052 was interest on capital, the balance coming from payments of members and church contributions. In the year that has past $600 has been added to the capital account. This sum has not been taken from the contributors' fund, but came from sources which required it to go where it did. Part was from lymph two years ago, and which, instead of being taken by her, was allowed to go to the capital account. That fund now amounts to $16,000 and the only reasonable hope of the society being able to meet its ever increasing demands, lies in the increase of the capital funds. Some $10,000, if it' tied to the original amount, would do well to meet the wants of the society. Since the last report Rev. John Gerrie has died. The widow of the late Rev. Mr. Shannon, one of the society for the year has received a legacy of $200, was $2,075. Of this $1 210 has been paid to annuitants. $600 carried to capital, $33 for expenses of drafts, post office orders, etc., leaving $830 in the treasury. There are 21 annuitants. Of these also are superannuated ministers and twelve widows. It would require an expenditure of $1,200 to give them the full constitutional allowance. The low rate of interest has reduced the revenue from capital and the interest at the disposal of the Society is only $1,029 and the balance in the Treasurer's hands of $13, and will only be sufficient for a little more than half the amount required. The report was adopted.

Rev. W. McMaster said it is safer to do something for the superannuated ministers and widows and orphans be prepared to rest upon $10,000 of his stock in the Standard Publishing Company, the interest of which, to the extent of six per cent. per annum, to go to the Superannuated Ministers' Fund.

A Committee was appointed to draft a resolution of thanks to Mr. McMaster.

Hon. Mr. McMaster, President; Rev. J. Dempsey, Secretary; and W. Craig, Treasurer, were re-elected.

The meeting of the Society then adjourned.

HOME MISSIONS.

A meeting of the Board of the Home Missionary Society was held at 2.30, the President in the chair.

The report of the committee appointed to consider the applications made by churches for aid reported appropriations to the amount of $4,275. The report was discussed and adopted.

On motion appointments were made according to the method. Following are the names of those appointed in the vicinity:—Grand River—Rev. Messrs. Wetland, I. Smith and J. B. Cameron. Brock—Rev. Jas. Grant, Rev. E. Cameron, D. Myles, St. George, Niagara—Rev. Messrs J. W. A. Stewart, S. G. Harris and W. H. Porter. Toronto—Rev. Messrs. John Trotter, Robertson and Rob. Holmes.

The Board then adjourned.

A meeting of the Home Missionary Convention was held at 11 o'clock.

Rev. Mr. Dyke moved that Messrs. Beaham, E. Dolson and Thomas Berryman be a committee to compile a year book, 5,000 copies to be printed, the price to be refused in ten cents, all that are not ordered to be distributed pro rata among the churches. It was resolved in addition to pay pro rata any balance that may be unprovided for by sales. Carried.

FRATERNAL GREETINGS.

On motion, the Convention extended to Rev. Messrs. Forth, of the Eastern Convention; Rev. Mr. Dunlop, of Guelph; Rev. Mr Hutchison, of St. Thomas, fraternal greetings.

Some of these gentlemen addressed the convention briefly. Both brothers, Dawley and Hotchkiss, spoke of a statement made in the session before the convention yesterday as not quite correct, saying that to their knowledge the fact that a young man was a member of a Baptist Church often secured him a situation.

NEXT YEAR'S MEETING.

Bro. Grant extended a cordial invitation to the convention to meet in London next year, which was accepted. Rev. Dr. Thomas, of Toronto, was appointed to preach the sermon.

COMMITTEE OF RESOLUTIONS.

The committee reported a resolution of thanks to Bro. McMaster for his munificence, which was adopted.

The Committee on Resolutions reported:—In response to the communication from Rev. Dr. Cochrane, we respectfully acknowledge the receipt of the communication from Rev. Dr. Cochrane, with reference to a meeting to take place between the Attorney-General and a deputation from the Evangelical churches in this Province concerning the interference of the Bible into our public schools, and that we would state, in reply, that, whilst we heartily approve of the proper use of the Bible in our schools, we consider it unwise in any way with the religious liberty of any of our citizens. Adopted.

BIBLE SOCIETY WORK.

Dr. Dingler, Corresponding Secretary of the American Foreign Bible Society, addressed the Convention with reference to the work of his Society.

Rev. Mr. Castle, a question from Dr. Castle, Dr. Dingler said the receipts of this Society during the past year had been $11,025, and there was a balance of $3,471 on hand.

The Convention adjourned at 1 p. m. to meet in London on the third Wednesday in Oct., 1883.

THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.

Pigeon-wing," and his partner not to be outdone, cut a pigeon-wing of the Baptist House of Commons.

The Canada Southern Railway Company are doubling their track between this city and the St. Clair Junction, a distance of three miles. They are also steadying the siding all along the line.

HUNDRED TWO COMMITTEE.

The Street Obstruction By-law to be Considered—Extension vs. Subway Idea.

Number Two Committee met last night, Ald. Boyd (Chairman) presiding.

Petherick, Taylor, O'Neil, Fitzpatrick and Street Commissioner Jones were present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The following accounts were passed:—Commissioners' pay roll, $893.15; John Bryan, $76; W. Ashbridge, grant $146.25; Jones Gonda, Victoria Park, $9.40. Total $460.83.

Mr. Robert Kingsmill appeared before the Committee, and complained that Sergt. Crawford had notified his tenant that he must remove a fence in front of his store, which belonged to the paper and book business. "How far is it to Manx, man?" asked a merry man, who is going there about. "Seven miles," was the reply. "When do you start?" asked the merry man. "Why, I myself I'd like to see there," was the retort.

Bilgeam by Evoking:—

The French have a name in all they do,
Which we are quite without,
For nature that to them gave 'gout,'
To us gave only 'gout.'

An English chemist analyzed a red stocking and got out of it twenty-three cents worth of dye. We shouldn't think he got enough to pay for its trouble; and yet he couldn't expect to find a gold mine in one red stocking. A pair of red stockings, however, frequently unfolds something near a gold mine couldn't say.

"I tells you Sam, dat dar's a heap in dat myth, about de early bird catchen de worm. Dis morning I got up jess about day to get de worm, an' I didn't catch no worm, an' I didn't see no worm, when I got outen in de evenin' neither, nuffin'." "What new disease am dat to?" "Why, a prisoner, you poor fool, am a money pen wid $10 in it." "Don't see how dat gwine make a catfish reward offered for de strangers dat killed Mr. Green. Sam, but I'm'nd gwine to take his day. When he ketch de fish, he will say dat I returned dat pen jess as he was feelin' dat day. Dat's what I ought to 'a done, but I wanted to get myself 'quitted in de matter, and have folks talk about me." "Reckon you is was a heap more 'quitted if you'd 'a kept my watch." "Reckon you is." Another gentleman robbed by the bold Austin public. The squealer do'nt dollar at 4st as easy to steal as a $5 bill. "I'll be dog," says he, "if I never help her outen my clothes." They disappear, he does not say, in the dimension of a bored house saloon.

TO OTHER.

O! a jolly old bird is the oyster bird
As he sits in his pearly home,
And watches how many he can devour
In the course of a morning;
Or how on a dainty platter:
Escalloped or stew,
Roasted or toast,
Either will do,
Or fried in crumbs or batter,

And a knowing old fish is the oyster bird,
As he gayly seems to dress;
For he drops not a bit, he speaks not a word
Of all the secrets he knows—
Shameful knave,
Shaky bravery,
Whispering love and sweet;
Table-talk-ish,
Story and epistle,
When jolly old cronies meet.

GOLD IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Important Discoveries Reported From Three Different Districts.

From the Victoria Standard.

From Lillooet, Carthoo and Kootenay reports of the discovery of new gold diggings have arrived and were chronicled in yesterday's Standard. In the two former districts the deposits are said to be alluvial or placer diggings. The party that went from Barkerville struck good paying ground on a stream that appeared to take its rise at the head of Keitley's creek, and ran down to Lillooet. The party report that the gravel will pay from five to ten dollars a day to the hand. As the party only struck it on the 15th of August and the depth of the results of the trip reached this city on Sunday there can be no doubt that the locality of the discovery of diggings will come from established lines of traffic. Reported richness among those who were the late Cape River rush have long been of the opinion that mining in the Carthoo district was but in its infancy and the discovery of these new diggings tends to give support to the opinion of those experienced men. The convergence or streams that take their rise in the same range as William Creek are all auriferous, and by getting but diligent prospecting is expected to develop their richness. In these diggings the Indians are said to have taken out considerable quantities of gold. They strongly hope the secret of the discovery and it was only the obligation to that they could not conceal a revelation of the facts. The discovery reported in Kootenay is of a different character and will developed ledges of magnificent galena in portions of promise. The proposed line of the Canada Pacific railway will pass within a short distance of the discovery, and will thus bring its attractions more distinct to the notice of the travelling public and the richer districts. It is by no means certain that when locations of claims of Kootenay mines come to be granted that the Government will not reserve a belt of land on each side of the road for a distance in the province. We believe we are quite warranted in stating that the discoveries are of undoubtedly rich and that we may look forward to a material increase in the output of mining for next year.

THE REPUBLIC.

Proceedings at the Annual Meeting of the Union at Hamilton.

Hamilton, Oct. 19.—The afternoon session of the Home Missionary Convention was held at 3 o'clock.

NOMINATIONS

The Committee on Nominations reported officers for 1882-3:—

President—Mr. Thomas Lolley, Toronto.
Vice-Presidents—Messrs. A. Farrow, St. Catharines; W. Craig, Port Hope; D. W. Karn, Woodstock; H. Moyle, Paris; S. Barley, Richmond; W. Buck, Brantford; Chancellor Boyd, Toronto; Charles Raymond, Guelph; J. Dryden, M.P.P., Brooklin; W. G. Copp, Hamilton.
Treasurer—Mr. John Stark, Toronto.
Secretary—Rev. T. B. Davidson, D.D., Toronto.

Directors—Messrs. L. N. Marrison, Aylmer; H. Graham, Kinmount; F. W. Dysfoot, Hamilton; R. Lawson, Turcotte; R. W. Stowell, Woodstock; H. Palmer, Dundas; H. A. Hodgson, Belleville; T. S. Shearer, Brantford; R. Ball, St. George; F. Hume, Cheltenham; M. W. Mills, Toronto; J. Beardsell, Woodstock; J. D. Wellstead, London; D. Sinclair, M.P.P., Paisley; W. Pavey, Woodstock; James McCullough, M. D., Toronto; L. Woolverton, Grimsby; C. Kilborne, Beamsville; L. G. Carter, Port Colborne; R. Begg, Liverton; Dr. H. E. Bonham, Toronto; A. N. Barber, Hamilton; T. A. Mabland, Dagmall; H. E. Stovel, Mount Forest; G. Griffith, Dundalk; W. Weir, jr., Toronto; T. D. Crawford, Brantford; Field Hinman, Goshen; W. L. Gibbits, J. F. Code, Barrie.

The above were elected by the adoption of the report with the exception of the President, Secretary and Treasurer.

The ballot for President resulted in the unanimous election of Mr. Lolley.

On motion the chairman was authorized to cast the ball for Treasurer. This he did. Mr. John Stark, of Toronto, was declared unanimously elected.

Dr. Davidson declared the nomination for the Secretaryship.

Mr. D. McGregor, of Stratford, and Dr. Richardson, of Woodstock, were nominated.

Dr. Davidson received 34 votes, Mr. D McGregor 24. The election of Dr. Davidson was unanimous.

After a vote of thanks to the retiring President, Bro. Mackie presented a partial report of the Committee on Arrangements, which was adopted.

REV. M'MASTER'S MUNIFICENCE.

On motion, permission was given Hon. W. McMaster to read a communication to the Convention.

Hon. Mr. McMaster said:—Dear brethren, for quite a number of years past I have taken a deep interest in all your efforts to carry the Gospel to the new settlements and to build up new churches. The plan of conducting the Baptist operations throughout the towns and villages of our country is in my judgment a most method of propagating apostolic Christianity. With that in view, I have for a strong desire to render some little assistance to your work, not only in the present, but after the period when I shall have passed away to the better land. Accordingly, in making my estimate of the capital stock of the Standard Publishing Company, the interest of which, to the extent of six per cent. per annum, to go to the Superannuated Ministers' Fund.

A Committee was appointed to draft a resolution of thanks to Mr. McMaster.

Hon. Mr. McMaster, President; Rev. J. Dempsey, Secretary; and W. Craig, Treasurer, were re-elected.

The meeting of the Society then adjourned.

HOME MISSIONS.

A meeting of the Board of the Home Missionary Society was held at 2.30, the President in the chair.

The report of the committee appointed to consider the applications made by churches for aid reported appropriations to the amount of $4,275. The report was discussed and adopted.

On motion appointments were made according to the method. Following are the names of those appointed in the vicinity:—Grand River—Rev. Messrs. Wetland, I. Smith and J. B. Cameron. Brock—Rev. Jas. Grant, Rev. E. Cameron, D. Myles, St. George, Niagara—Rev. Messrs J. W. A. Stewart, S. G. Harris and W. H. Porter. Toronto—Rev. Messrs. John Trotter, Robertson and Rob. Holmes.

The Board then adjourned.

A meeting of the Home Missionary Convention was held at 11 o'clock.

Rev. Mr. Dyke moved that Messrs. Beaham, E. Dolson and Thomas Berryman be a committee to compile a year book, 5,000 copies to be printed, the price to be refused in ten cents, all that are not ordered to be distributed pro rata among the churches. It was resolved in addition to pay pro rata any balance that may be unprovided for by sales. Carried.

FRATERNAL GREETINGS.

On motion, the Convention extended to Rev. Messrs. Forth, of the Eastern Convention; Rev. Mr. Dunlop, of Guelph; Rev. Mr Hutchison, of St. Thomas, fraternal greetings.

Some of these gentlemen addressed the convention briefly. Both brothers, Dawley and Hotchkiss, spoke of a statement made in the session before the convention yesterday as not quite correct, saying that to their knowledge the fact that a young man was a member of a Baptist Church often secured him a situation.

NEXT YEAR'S MEETING.

Bro. Grant extended a cordial invitation to the convention to meet in London next year, which was accepted. Rev. Dr. Thomas, of Toronto, was appointed to preach the sermon.

COMMITTEE OF RESOLUTIONS.

The committee reported a resolution of thanks to Bro. McMaster for his munificence, which was adopted.

The Committee on Resolutions reported:—In response to the communication from Rev. Dr. Cochrane, we respectfully acknowledge the receipt of the communication from Rev. Dr. Cochrane, with reference to a meeting to take place between the Attorney-General and a deputation from the Evangelical churches in this Province concerning the interference of the Bible into our public schools, and that we would state, in reply, that, whilst we heartily approve of the proper use of the Bible in our schools, we consider it unwise in any way with the religious liberty of any of our citizens. Adopted.

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Dr. Dingler, Corresponding Secretary of the American Foreign Bible Society, addressed the Convention with reference to the work of his Society.

Rev. Mr. Castle, a question from Dr. Castle, Dr. Dingler said the receipts of this Society during the past year had been $11,025, and there was a balance of $3,471 on hand.

The Convention adjourned at 1 p. m. to meet in London on the third Wednesday in Oct., 1883.

THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.

An illustration of inborn love of flowers was noticed in a floating garden stationed in the middle of a broad river, where the keeper of a "crow" on the bridge had improvised an old cow and filled it up quite tastefully, with common flowers it is true, but still in a manner displaying judgment as well as perseverance to the civilization. Here, while attending to his daily routine of duty, he was liberally in the midst of fragrance and beauty, although on every side surrounded by water. The simple arrangement of the beds was alone suggestive of a cultivated taste; the tall pyramids of cypress-vine in full bloom surrounded by beds of geraniums, coleus, etc., placed in perfect harmony as to forms and contrast in color, caused them to be especially noticeable, even had they been growing in the gardens of a rural home; indeed they put to shame the surroundings of many of our pretentious cottages where the means and appliances have arrived at the highest limits of modern gardening.—*Josiah Hooper.*

Each year's experience, on an average, about 1 cwt. of grain, or $1, equivalent per annum, the insurance fees of the citizens from which is at least $2 apiece; therefore $100 there will keep upon their rate $10 worth of annual insurance.

Toilers and spoil trees are covered with innumerable insects. Hightide, grasshoppers, etc., are of value as

SWAGGER OIL
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness in the Chest, Sore Throat, Sore Head, Stiffness, Lame and Swollen Joints, Frosted Feet and Ears, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains.
Vastly Superior to Mustang Liniment, Pain Killer and Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.
Directions in 11 languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.
Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

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OCEAN TICKETS TO EUROPE
By the following first-class lines—NATIONAL, ALLAN and GUION. Sailings from Montreal and all ports of United States at Low Rates.
F. B. CLARKE, Agent.

A POSITIVE CURE,
Without McGinties,
ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED POUGHES
Patented October 31, 1876. One box
No. 1 will cure any cough in four days, or less, or I will cure the most obstinate case, no matter of how long standing.
To numerous cases of cobalts, capable of a speedy termination by the use of one box only. Price 25 cents. To prevent the counterfeits of the genuine see that the signature of the inventor is on the outside of each box. For sale by druggists and country dealers generally. Prepared only by H. ALLAN CO., 26 John street, New York.

WESTERN FAIR, 1882.
J. GURD & SON,
125 Dundas street, P. O. Box 168, London, Ont.
Persons coming to the Fair should not fail to call and see one of the largest and best assorted stocks in the west of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Cartridge, Powder, Shot, Caps, Fishing Tackle, Hunting Coats, Cartridge Bags and Belts, Gun Covers and Cases, Bores and Paper Shells, Wads, Primers, etc. Send for our Price List (free by Mail. Gun Repairing done to Order. Best rates.

NORMAN'S ELECTRO-CURATIVE BELTS, BANDS AND INSOLES.
Toronto. Established 1874. Waist Bands for Ladies and Gentlemen.—Price $15, $10, $6, $4 and $3. Are serviceable in Intestinal Disorders, Nervousness, Debility, Lumbago, Consumption, Liver and Kidney Affections, Colic and Spasmodic Tendency, Diseases of the Chest and Heart Troubles. Circular and consultation free.—HARNESS & CO., 343 Richmond street, London.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED
A victim of youthful indiscretion, causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 45 Chatham Street, Brantford, Ont.

DR. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT
Health is Wealth
D. R. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by WILSON, FOLGER & CO., Druggists, Sole Agents, 186 Dundas street, London, Ont.

THE BALL
Electric Light Co.
OF CANADA.
PENDING THE OFFICIAL PORTMANTEAU at this Company, I have appointed Mr. Thomas Thompson, Toronto, Ontario, my Attorney, for the completion of my business during my absence in Europe.
C. W. BALL.

Grand Bouquet of Genuine Reception in Flowers, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments, at Colborne's, Popular Music Warehouse, 170 Princess street, London, Ont. Cheapest stock in city. Lowest prices in Canada, and terms easy. Fair dealing and polite attention. Come and see. Satisfaction guaranteed.—CHAS. F. COLBORNE, proprietor.

Egyptian Oil!
FRANCIS MOTT, Commercial Hotel, Brantford, says:—"I was troubled with a distressing backache. For four days I could neither sit nor move, and was nearly distracted. Could not even allow my head to be combed. My son went to Dominion Drug Store and got me a bottle of EGYPTIAN OIL, and gave the half I had purchased, and also bathed my back. I can honestly say that the effect passed belief. It acted like magic. Gave me the most perfect comfort in five minutes, and I sat at once down for four hours almost without moving. In a week ago, I have had no return of the pain. I have since got a $1 size I got upon that bottle of EGYPTIAN OIL."
Druggists sell it at 25c.
For sale in London at Stroud's Drug Store, 124 Dundas street. D. A. MITCHELL, Wholesale Agent for London.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.
CAST-OFF CLOTHING. — SELL your Cast-off Clothing to A. Mosses, 277 Clarence street, for highest price paid for them. Give him a call and be convinced that he does. Cheques sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
LIVERPOOL CLOTHING HOUSE
Highest cash price paid for second-hand Clothing and boots and shoes. Also for sale one of the largest stocks of second-hand clothing in the city.—WILLIAM JACOBS, 225 Dundas St., between Clarence and Wellington streets.
PARTIES HAVING CAST OFF Clothing will do well to call on T. FOX, the Original Penny-Broker. Loads money on diamonds, watches, jewellery, silverware, &c. Business strictly private. 377 Clarence street.
PARTIES HAVING SECOND HAND clothing to part with will do well to call on them. Highest price paid for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing. Also for all kinds of second-hand goods. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address, 77 Dundas street, London.

HERON AND JACKSON.
Dress and Mantle Making.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FILL ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY.
Heron & Jackson
118 DUNDAS STREET.
The Best Line Yet!
ONE HUNDRED PIECES HEAVY ALL WOOL
CANADA TWEEDS
DIRECT FROM THE MILL,
Worth 95 Cts., Selling at 75 Cts.
CUT FREE OF CHARGE.
Burns & Bapty
Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers, 154 Dundas St.

GENTS' OVERGAITERS.
NICE NEW LOT VERY CHEAP.
J. P. THOMPSON,
198 Dundas Street.

RAWBONE GUN AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
LIMITED.
CAPITAL, - - - $100,000.
No. 81 Yonge Street (Factory, Yonge Street Court), TORONTO.
Manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Fishing Tackle, Flasks, Pouches and Traps, English Chilled Shot, Playing Cards, Powder, Primers, etc. Agents for J. Lawrence, celebrated Gunpowder, Kynoch's "Perfect" and other Sporting Cartridges, Parker's "Prize" Shotgun Implements, and all kinds of Leather and Canvas Gun Covers, Bags, Cartridge Belts, etc.
N.B.—The ONLY PRACTICAL manufacturing company of this class of goods in Canada.
All kinds of Repairs to Firearms executed in first-class style; Polishing and Plating in Gold, Silver, Nickel and Copper; Rifling and Gun Barrelling, etc.

CLEARING SALE!
TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR FALL IMPORTATIONS
Good Tweed Suits, - - - - - $7.50.
All Wool Tweed Pants, - - - - 2.00.
PETHICK AND McDONALD'S,
393 RICHMOND STREET.

DENTON
HAS IMPORTED A SUPERB STOCK OF
FASHIONABLE—WOOLEN—GOODS
For GENTLEMEN of LONDON and VICINITY,
COMPRISING IN PART OF
FOR DRESS.
Black Worsted Braids.
Do. Mohair Do.
FOR SUITINGS.
Black and Blue Angolas.
Black and Blue Cheviots.
Fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres.
FOR TROWSERINGS.
Scotch Tweeds and Shetlands
Black and Colored Tweeds.
FOR OVERCOATINGS.
Elysians, Meltonettes,
Pilots, Pea Nets,
Melton, Beavers,
etc., etc.
PORTLY DRESS.—Broad, Stout and Green, Regulation Clothes. Blend-ly

Boots and Shoes
WONDERFULLY CHEAP
DURING FAIR WEEK.
AT
WINLOW BROTHERS',
113 Dundas Street.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S
Liebig
EXTRACT OF MEAT
FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.
CAUTION.—Genuine ONLY with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label. This Caution is necessary, owing to various cheap and inferior substitutes being in the Market.
An invaluable and palatable tonic in all cases of weak digestion and debility.
"As a restorer and a boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See Lancet, Prize, Lecond, British Medical Journal, &c.
To be had of all Storekeepers, Grocers, and Chemists.
Sole Agents for Canada and the United States (wholesale only):
C. David & Co., 9, Frenchurch Avenue, London, England.

TORONTO EXHIBITION.—Ladies and gentlemen, when you visit the City in Toronto, call and see the Tea visit the of Hair Goods at the Fair Hair Works, 23 Yonge street, Toronto.
All kinds of hair work for ladies. Waves
Parisian Curlette, Perfection Plaque, Switches, Puffs and Braids Wigs, Toupees, &c., on short notice. Orders sent C.O.D. to any part of Canada. If you are not satisfied with the goods you receive from us you

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the Fair will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
35½ & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Friday, October 20, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 20 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Friday, October 20, 1882.
Sun rises....6:26 a. m. | Moon rises....1:36 p. m.
Sun sets....5:17 p. m. | Moon sets....10:05 a. m.
Day of the year 293d.

Last quarter	1st	5.39 a.m.
New moon	9th	7.44 a.m.
First quarter	16th	3.37 a.m.
Full moon	23rd	5.35 a.m.

MINIMUM WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, October 20, 1 a.m.—The barometer is high over the lower Lake Region, and continuously lower over the Maritime Provinces and to the north of Lake Superior. Showers have occurred along the St. Lawrence, and heavy rain has fallen in the Maritime Provinces. For the Upper St. Lawrence—Light to moderate winds, fine weather and stationary or higher temperature. For the Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and Maritime—Moderate to fresh north to north-west winds, clearing weather and lower temperature. For the Lakes—South to south-west winds, fair weather, and higher temperature.

THE WATER WORKS.—Mr. George Robb, of Toronto, arrived in the city Wednesday afternoon, and proceeded to Springbank for the purpose of advising upon the official test of the new pumping machinery. The test is being carefully conducted, and Mr. Robb expresses himself as well satisfied with the result so far as it has gone. Yesterday Mr. Robb communicated to a Free Press reporter an opinion which must be gratifying to be citizens generally, as he states that London has water works machinery which is as nearly perfect as it can be made. The test will be continued until Saturday night, and on Monday a general invitation will be extended to the Aldermen and citizens to visit the works and witness the movement of the machinery.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—John Hunley, a boy, was arrested for assaulting Mrs. Mary Welsh. It appears, according to the statement made by the complainant's husband, that she went into a neighbor's yard for the purpose of getting a pail of water, when young Hunley attacked her with a broom, dealing her a blow in the small of the back, from which she suffered considerable pain. She was unable to appear in court, and the hearing of the case was adjourned till the 31st inst. The boys, John Hall, R. G. Clampit, Jas. Patton and Frank Irwin, who were charged with stealing from Mrs. Dodd's store, were before Squire Parker, in bowing them to go, gave good advice, which, if followed, will be of great benefit to them in future years.

UNIFORMED PATRIARCHS.—The brethren of Addyston Encampment, I. O. O. F., of this city, have made application to the Grand Lodge for a charter, in order that they may institute a uniformed degree camp, in accordance with the ritual prescribed at the last meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge for the formation of Uniformed Patriarchs. The Encampment is steadily increasing in strength, for although when first opened they only numbered some thirty-six members, there are now fifty-eight uniformed brethren, and several more are expected to attain to the degree in a short time. The brethren are steadily practising their course of drill, and if diligence and application can ensure excellence, they are determined to do the utmost to equal, if not surpass, the Rochester Encampment by next season.

INTERESTING PRESENTATION.—On Monday evening last, the 16th, a large number of the members of the church and congregation met in the Sunday school room of the Washington Street M. E. Church, Brooklyn, N.Y., to bid farewell to Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Reazin, before starting for the old land, to make their home in London. The pastor of the church, Rev. R. T. M. Nichol, representing the official Board of the church, presented Mr. Reazin with a beautifully engrossed form of resolutions, placed in an elaborate frame, and signed by the pastor, stewards and trustees, followed by Daniel Weldon, one of the trustees of the church, representing the *Home Circle* (the social organ of the church), presenting him with "Smith's Dictionary of the Bible." Mrs. Reazin was presented by S. T. Sherwood, the Superintendent of the Sunday School, with a very tasteful work-box from and by Mr. A. R. Yung, entitled, "Home and Health." Mr. Reazin held the position of Recording Steward and Financial Secretary of the church, Secretary of the Sunday school, and for some time was President of the *Home Circle*. Mr. Reazin was Lady Superintendent of the school. The evening was interspersed with music and speaking, and at the close all enjoyed the ice cream and cake provided by the ladies of the church. Mr. Reazin intends going into business with his father and brother in the farm, market gardening and produce business, and have No. 363 Richmond street as their head quarters. They will arrive here on Monday.

LOCAL NOTICES.

A good opportunity is afforded to any one wishing to purchase a first-class grocery and liquor business. The whole of the stock, fixtures, good will and lease of premises known as the China Tea House on Dundas street, in the business centre of the city, is now offered for sale in bulk or in parts to suit the purchaser. The proprietor, Wm. Cousins, has decided to remove to Manitoba, and thus a good business chance for an enterprising individual may now be had. J20f

There is a boom in the trunk and valise business at SCARROW'S. eod nov9

A. J. BOWMAN, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

A lot of new shelter, colors, and set materials, just arrived per "Bel Kreg," from Rennay & Co., at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HERBERT MARSH, 157 Dundas street.

Embossed envelopes and note paper to match. FREE PRESS Lithographic Department

London Truth:—"Two clergy have, in fact, enjoyed the privileges of women's athletics—their bodies have been embraced, their muscles pressed over and their whole shapes altered. They have, however, apparently not been overcome by the temptation to wear their clothes in the fashion of the fair sex, and in her confidential moments the Rev. Mr. Kensit, of Liverpool, has not revealed the secrets of her own wardrobe and

STYLISH OUTFITS.

For handsome and elegantly made suits, Robt. Wallace, the Dundas st. Clothier, takes the lead. His new Scotch Suitings and Fall Overcoatings are elegant. His fits are sure, his prices low, and your goods are sure to be finished when promised.—146 Dundas st., nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Mr. James Tuer, of Simcoe, is about removing to this city, and he is welcome.

The feeling at Middlesex Centre is so strong against James Mathews that he has removed to East Centre.

Now that the days are getting shorter, lumpsticks are beround longer, which is not as paradoxical as it seems.

Mr. Casey, formerly of Lucan, will succeed Mr. W. Foster as night baggageman at the Guelph G. T. R. Station.

Byron Walker has increased his reward to $500 for the person who fired his barns in East Sandwich last month.

The charge of non-payment of wages preferred against George Finnigan by Henry Bush has been enlarged till to-day.

R. W. Bro. Wm. McDiarmid, of Lucan, D. G. M. of the I. O. O. F., paid a visit to Dominion Lodge on Wednesday evening.

The first of a series of concerts, to be given by the Windsor St. Andrew's Society this evening winter, will take place next Monday night.

Mr. Thos. Browne, of Wheatley, who has been home on a visit, left for Moosejaw, Assiniboia, accompanied by his sister.

It is singular that, though perfection is obtained methodically only by long practice, a baby needs no experience to cry with lusty vigor.

Henry Finch, the youth indicted on two charges of larceny, was brought before Judge Miller yesterday morning, and sent to gaol for two years' imprisonment in the Provincial Reformatory.

Roland Reed is desirous of giving at Strathroy Lodgepole which George Bayliss, the furniture dealer now languishing in gaol for non-payment of his solicitor's fees, set aside.

The contract between the present October and that of last year is quite remarkable. The leaves were before and we had deep frost. Now, in the middle of the month, we have very nearly the greenness of mid-summer.

The Mayor of Galt, and Councillors Cranston and A. Angus, of Preston, and the visit London shortly to sign the deeds, and be required to secure a charter for the Galt Gas Company, and to investigate gas matters generally.

The report that an investigation is being made at Windsor into the alleged peculations of a G. T. R. official at that place is authoritatively denied, and from the same sources it is learned that no penalties have occurred at Windsor.

The transfer ferry Great Western goes into service next week, and will take the Tuesday route at Windsor. The latter boat will be taken to Port Huron and do service at the Sarnia ferry.

Social gatherings of young people to gather autumn leaves are in order, and are called autumn leaf parties. A basket filled with flaming-foliaged trees is an indispensable incident, and the party returns with a hundred varieties of leaves and one style of cold.

James Dobson, champion quoit pitcher of Canada, will pitch a match of quoits with James McIntosh, of Rochester, N. Y., for $100 a side, for the championship pennant. The contest will come off in Windsor, and a full probably last about three days.

James Fox, Chief of the Mancuy tribe of Indians for fifty years past, died on the reservation of the tribe, in Caradoc, Monday last, at sixty-four years of age. He received several valuable medals given him by the Prince of Wales and the Governor-General.

Mr. William Court, of the Tecumseh House staff, joined the ranks of the benedicts on Wednesday evening, and his fellowemployés honored the occasion of the supper on Thursday by presenting him with a valuable assortment of silverware and a pair of good chickens.

Mr. Alfred Russell has been appointed operator at Watford station, on the G. W. R. division, and entered into his new duties yesterday. Mr. Russell is only 17 years old and has been at the business but six months. He is a son of Mr. G. W. Russell, the ex-detective.

Hannaline Moss, the girl who was arrested in London recently charged with stealing sewing machines from Mrs. Williams, Midland and the Women's Christian Association, Toronto, has been sent to the Mercer Reformatory for ten days. She will then be handed over by the proper authorities.

Mr. Frederick B. Pearson will offer for sale at his residence, Hamilton, on the 24th and 25th instant, his household effects, including a most valuable collection of rare oil paintings and water-color drawings. There are eighty-five in number, among which are some of the choicest specimens of art.

The Guelph *Herald* says:—"I the libel law regarding newspapers be not amended, every man in Canada whose business or character has been injured will be able to gag the press with a writ. If this thing continues newspaper proprietors will have to form a union for the preservation of their privacy and their property."

To-morrow night (Saturday), at the Grand Opera House the celebrated Rentrin's Minstrels will give a performance. Those who have had the pleasure of hearing these artists will be sure to go again, and those who have not need not wait to enjoy an evening of fun, had better go and see them. They have several new and funny acts.

At the Office Restaurant last night the members of the Fire Brigade entertained their old Chief, Mr. Thomas Wastie, at a complimentary supper. Chief Reazin occupied the chair, and a pleasant time was spent in speech-making, etc. During the evening Mr. Wastie presented the Brigade with a handsome sum of money for the benefit of the Benevolent Fund.

Bailiff English arrived from the west yesterday afternoon with three prisoners destined for the Central Prison—two being from Sandwich and one from Sarnia. He left for Toronto last evening, taking with him from the city, in addition to the trio, MacArthur, Walters and Ryan, sentenced to terms of imprisonment in the Central, and the boy Finch, who is to spend four years in the Reformatory at Penetanguishene.

Chatham *Planet*:—"The London *Advertiser*, in referring to the FREE PRESS, of that city, continually uses the phrase 'our esteemed contemporary.' It probably occurs 200 times in the course of a year. We take compassion on the *Tiser's* poverty of phrase, and present it with a few synonyms:—'Our respected confrere,' 'our reverend colem,' 'our venerated opponent,' 'our honored rival,' 'our admired competitor,' 'our excellent journalistic comrade.' These phrases, with the variations afforded by intermingle of adjectives, will give thirty-six fresh phrases, which will last the *Tiser* till Nov 29, before which time we will furnish it with a fresh supply." The *Planet* should not undertake to check the young man's "rush."

OBEY'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT.—Mr. John Obey sell, merchant tailor, who has had large experience in Toronto and elsewhere, has opened a tailoring establishment in the Bilger Block, 402 Richmond street, where he has in stock full lines of Scotch, English and Canadian tweeds, suitable for boys' and men's fall and winter clothing. He is prepared to guarantee a perfect fit to all who may favor him with a call, and at prices so reasonable that it will make it worth one's while to give him a call.

RETURNED HOME.—Mr. Geo. H. Rowe, son of Mr. Thos. G. Lowe, of this city, returned from Cornwall Island, Rice Lake, on Monday, at which place for the past two years he has been employed by Mr. Rowe, Jr., a brother of H. and T., and his brothers, partners in the department store, Peterboro. He left Peterboro on Saturday, accompanied by a number of friends, who saw him on board the steamer, and had a complimentary dinner on board, at which the health of the departing guest was drunk, and the usual expressions of good wishes for his future in behalf of the Order.

Middlesex Fall Assizes.

His Lordship Chief Justice Hagarty Presiding.

FOURTH DAY—THURSDAY.

The Court opened at the usual hour.

THE MURDER CASE.

The Queen vs. George Wesley Code.—Prisoner was indicted upon the charge of having shot and killed Fabriah De Lacey, a lumber, living in London West. The circumstances attending the affair have been fully reported in the FREE PRESS and other newspapers, and the evidence need not be repeated at length. The testimony was to the effect that Mrs. Code, the mother of the prisoner, occupied a room in D. Lacey's house, where she was occasionally visited by prisoner, who on these occasions stopped at the house also. In the month of April last Code had been absent in Chicago, but returned home, and frequently called at the house. On the night of April 15th he visited his mother, and the two passed the evening in the sitting room with DeLacey and his wife, playing cards during the night. There was also another man named Hamilton, an old pensioner, who boarded in the house, and who was in the room for some time early in the evening, and was sent out twice to purchase whiskey. He brought about two pints, at which all in the room drank some. Hamilton testified that he went to bed about nine o'clock, his room being at the left of the upper landing, while Mrs. Code had a room on the opposite side. Some time afterwards he heard Code and Mrs. Code coming up the stairs, prisoner not being inclined to go up. When they got to the landing DeLacey said to the prisoner, "There is my son's bed" (meaning a bed in the front room which had been made by his son), "and if you don't go to bed I'll pitch you out of the window." Then witness heard a shot fired, and DeLacey ran down stairs calling to his wife, "Alice, run for the doctor; I'm shot through the body." He did not go down stairs until the morning, for it was quite evident that if the shot did not kill DeLacey it would not have happened. He reviewed the various points of the evidence in a very impartial, candid manner, his charge being very favorable to the prisoner, and leaning towards the acquittal.

Throughout the continuance of the trial the court-room was crowded to excess, and great interest was manifested in the progress of the case.

After deliberating for about an hour the jury returned a verdict of manslaughter, with a recommendation to mercy. His Lordship remarked that certainly on that evidence the jury could not acquit the prisoner, and the only doubt was whether the verdict would be that of murder or manslaughter. There could certainly be no more forcible temperance lecture than that which they had had to-day, of the family all drinking together, and of the evil effects of whiskey—and that, too, on Saturday night, when, according to the law, all places should be closed. Sentence was reserved. E. Meek dish and A. J. S. Macdonald defended the prisoner.

The Queen vs. James Wilson and Henry Anderson.—Prisoners were indicted upon a charge of rape, the alleged offence having been committed in the township of Caradoc, the night of July last, and the parties all being Indians. The girl, Mary Riley, upon whom the outrage was perpetrated, was unable to understand the English language, so that her evidence had to be given through an interpreter. She deposed that on the night in question she was returning from a visit to a neighbor's house, when she was met by the prisoners, who dragged her into the bush, and committed the deed of which they were charged. Dr. Waugh, who examined the female, deposed that the condition of the girl bore out the story of the wound, which had produced death. P. C. Egliss testified to having had the prisoners in custody, and that he had arrested the prisoner, who said to him, "I done it in self-defence; he tried to an assault on me and my mother, and I done it in self-defence;" and that the bullet extracted from the body of the murdered man fitted the revolver found in prisoner's pocket. Detective Murphy testified to the finding of the bullets and Chief Williams also gave some testimony of an important character. The prisoner's counsel addressed the jury following the affair prisoner next to his brother-in-law, Dr. Jenkins, of Chicago, a witness for the defence, who testified that he had seen the deceased with the revolver in question in his hand just before the shooting took place. The prisoner's counsel addressed the jury in a very able manner, his address occupying about two hours. His Lordship charged the jury at length, and left it to them to say whether the prisoner was guilty of murder or manslaughter, or whether he had committed the act in self-defence. The jury retired, and after an absence of about two hours returned with a verdict of not guilty on the ground of self-defence. The prisoner was then discharged.

In the case of Hugh Vickery, James Vickery, James Ryder, Patrick Ryder and Michael Ryder and W. Maher, charged with committing John Kent, the Grand Jury brought in no bill. No bill was also returned against Daniel Ryder, on the charge of assaulting and causing grievous bodily harm to Patrick John Ryder.

Wm. Howard appeared before the Grand Jury, and gave evidence as to what Wm. Montgomery had told him in reference to the robbery of Clarke's banking house. A true bill was returned against Montgomery on this evidence, which was the same in substance as given in the FREE PRESS.

A settlement has been effected in the case of McGibbon vs. Wilson, and the hearing of the case Blain vs. Sandy has been postponed till the next Assizes.

Opoponax
Mary Stuart,
Wild Flowers of India,
Wild Hyacinth,
AND OTHER NEW CHOICE AND DELICATE

PERFUMES

FOR SALE BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
DRUGGIST,
189 DUNDAS STREET.

Prescriptions Accurately Dispensed.

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Amusements and Entertainments.

The re-opening of Christ Church schoolroom will take place to-night, on which occasion Mr. W. J. Imlach will lecture on "Knights Templar," and the proceeds will go to aid of the Improvement Fund.

The opening organ recital at the Dundas-Street Centre Methodist Church, this evening, promises to be a musical treat. Mr. Edward Fisher, the conductor of the Toronto Philharmonic Society and Director of Music at the Ontario Ladies' College, will officiate, assisted by Mrs. Townsend and Mr. J. Plummer. The programme is a comprehensive one, and the entertainment should attract a large audience.

The annual meeting of the Western Ontario Bible Society will be held in Victoria Hall this evening. The chair will be taken by the Rural Dean of Huron, President of the Society. The annual reports will be presented and addressed by the Rev. Dr. Fowler, John R. Wright and W. H. Best, of this city, and the Rev. John Gemley, of Sharon, co-Secretary of the Society.

Roland Reed, who personated the cockney Jew in "The World" last season, is drawing the best audiences seen in London and Manager called "Chaos," which will be given at the Grand Opera House this evening. The play has a fisher boy, a rebel will, and a pretty girl who is coveted by the rascal of the piece, and who in the usual way is successfully given up to the hero. Literary pursuits and the enlisting vision of a wife who thinks more of her husband's work than of his love, are the leading motives for his plots. Dick Sayden (Roland Reed) is a young man who has grown up from a street waif with the worst possible associations and surroundings, but some admiration and encouragement from one of the gentlemen of the press, whom he calls his "New York Aunt," gives him a start in life, and he becomes a writer of humorous sketches, in the course of which he falls in love with the heroine, tells the rascal, and finally, by his cool, and everybody else's astonishment, proves to be the winning hair.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.—On Sunday last a thanksgiving service was held in St. Matthew's Church in London East. The church was tastefully decorated with the various productions of the earth, the arrangement of which showed their natural sizes as well as much good taste had been displayed in the work. At the morning service the church was crowded in every part. The Rev R E Newman preached from the CXI Psalm, 5th verse, giving his hearers a excellent discourse, which was listened to with devout attention. In the evening Rev. Mr. Gaude preached, and gave an able and eloquent discourse, speaking to the largest congregation that has ever been within the walls of the building, such a crowd being there that extra seats had to be provided in every available place, and numbers of people compelled to leave without gaining admittance. The singing of the choir was beautiful, and was thoroughly enjoyed by the large congregation present. Everything to the highly-esteemed incumbent to make his anniversary a success was done, and the services rendered to shelter thanksgiving service.

The Canada Southern pays the Windsor & Sandwich Street Railway Company $1,-000 cash per day for each day the latter's track is obstructed by the Essex Centre cut off contractors. The Grand Road Company receives $10 a day for the same reason. Work at the Windsor end of the Essex Centre cut-off has been stopped until the road is ready for the rental heavy pair. The road will not be completed by November 15, as previously contemplated, owing to the difficulty encountered at the Windsor end. Should the company not complete the work by the time specified, they will be also decreased to shelter thanksgiving service.

Merchants' Clerks.

The young men engaged in the commercial houses of this city are organizing, and the numbers rise by tens of thousands. The paths which seem to their feet and lead to fortune and fame are numerous. Equally but golden is the old saying of the Spaniard, "Tell me what is your company, and I will tell you what you are." The company to which a clerk really associates himself often fixes his career. Many a young man, or more frequently has not dockets of character to his employer, and the latter, in the absence of any other testimonial, looks to the character of the company he keeps. If good he is set down as a steady, reliable young man; if bad, God's going with him. Many a young man has got to the cemetery two hundred yards ahead of Cook's tourists by associating with the wrong company on the stairs. He went back to the sitting room and sat down beside the table. A few minutes passed, and he heard a shot fired, and DeLacey ran down stairs calling to his wife, "Alice, run for the doctor; I'm shot through the body." He did not go down stairs until the morning, for it was quite evident that if the shot did not kill DeLacey it would not have happened. He reviewed the various points of the evidence in a very impartial, candid manner, his charge being very favorable to the prisoner, and leaning towards the acquittal.

Throughout the continuance of the trial the court-room was crowded to excess, and great interest was manifested in the progress of the case.

After deliberating for about an hour the jury returned a verdict of manslaughter, with a recommendation to mercy. His Lordship remarked that certainly on that evidence the jury could not acquit the prisoner, and the only doubt was whether the verdict would be that of murder or manslaughter. There could certainly be no more forcible temperance lecture than that which they had had to-day, of the family all drinking together, and of the evil effects of whiskey—and that, too, on Saturday night, when, according to the law, all places should be closed. Sentence was reserved. E. Meek dish and A. J. S. Macdonald defended the prisoner.

The Queen vs. James Wilson and Henry Anderson.—Prisoners were indicted upon a charge of rape, the alleged offence having been committed in the township of Caradoc, the night of July last, and the parties all being Indians. The girl, Mary Riley, upon whom the outrage was perpetrated, was unable to understand the English language, so that her evidence had to be given through an interpreter. The examination of these witnesses was conducted through the medium of an Indian interpreter, Chief Fisher, of Muncytown, who performed his duties in a very satisfactory manner. The girl testified to the deceased having met her on the night in question, but refused that she had conversation with Wilson on other occasions. Prisoner, Wilson, came up to her with her, declared that they must exchange hats, and that they must exchange hats with each other. Henry Riley stated that the girl came running home, and that her hat of the outrage. Dr. Waugh, who examined the female, deposed that the condition of the girl bore out the story of the wound, which had produced death. P. C. Egliss testified to having had the prisoners in custody; that he had arrested the prisoner, who said to him, "I done it in self-defence; he tried to an assault on me and my mother, and I done it in self-defence;" and that the bullet extracted from the body of the murdered man fitted the revolver found in prisoner's pocket. Detective Murphy testified to the finding of the bullets and Chief Williams also gave some testimony of an important character. A. McKellar, Q.C., appeared for the prisoner, following the affair prisoner next to his brother-in-law, Dr. Jenkins, of Chicago, a witness for the defence, who testified that he had seen the deceased with the revolver in question in his hand just before the shooting took place. The prisoner's counsel addressed the jury in a very able manner, his address occupying about two hours. His Lordship charged the jury at length, and left it to them to say whether the prisoner was guilty of murder or manslaughter, or whether he had committed the act in self-defence. The jury retired, and after an absence of about two hours returned with a verdict of not guilty on the ground of self-defence. The prisoner was then discharged.

In the case of Hugh Vickery, James Vickery, James Ryder, Patrick Ryder and Michael Ryder and W. Maher, charged with committing John Kent, the Grand Jury brought in no bill. No bill was also returned against Daniel Ryder, on the charge of assaulting and causing grievous bodily harm to Patrick John Ryder.

Wm. Howard appeared before the Grand Jury, and gave evidence as to what Wm. Montgomery had told him in reference to the robbery of Clarke's banking house. A true bill was returned against Montgomery on this evidence, which was the same in substance as given in the FREE PRESS.

A settlement has been effected in the case of McGibbon vs. Wilson, and the hearing of the case Blain vs. Sandy has been postponed till the next Assizes.

DR. M. SOUVIELLE'S
HEAD SURGEON FROM THE TORONTO THROAT AND LUNG INSTITUTE,
393 Church street, will be at

Returned from New York.

Our dressmaker has just returned from New York with all the Leading Fashions of the present season.

Ladies requiring Stylish Dress-making, at moderate prices, should not fail to give our Dress-making Department a trial. We guarantee satisfaction.

T. BEATTIE & CO

THE MARKET BY-LAW.—The action of No. 3 Constable in taking steps to enforce the provisions of the Market By-law is pretty generally approved of. The by-law is a good one, with one or two exceptions, they are quite willing to concede, on the Square one day per week, but some of them hold that they have to do double duty, and be enforced. If the Market Inspector could get into the country they will have a chance to test the legality.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Reported by Blakney & Hellmuth, Agents.

Stock Exchange, Montreal.

Stocks.	Asked.	Offered.
Bank of Montreal	225	224½
do 20	225	
Ontario	99½	99
Commerce	123½	123
Exchange Bank	100	
Bank of Toronto	197½	
Merchants' Bank	137	136½
Exchange Bank	100	
Union Bank	117	
Canada Bank	141½	
Montreal Telegraph Co.	127	1411
Richelieu & Ontario	57½	
Bell Telephone Co.	125	124
Bank of Commerce	123	
Montreal Gas Co.	197½	196
Canada Cotton Co.	107	
Montreal Gas Co.	197½	
St. Paul, M. & M.	102	
do	102	
Montreal, October 19, 1 p. m. SALES—		
Bank of Montreal—165 at 225; do, 25 at 224½.		
Bank of Commerce—10 at 123; 25 at 122½.		
Richelieu & Ontario—100 at 57½.		
Montreal Gas Co.—10 at 197½.		
St. Paul, M. and M.—20 at 102.		
Montreal, October 19, 4:30 p. m. SALES—		
Bank of Montreal—165 at 225; do, 25 at 224½.		
Bank of Commerce—10 at 123; 25 at 122½.		
Richelieu & Ontario—100 at 57½.		
Montreal Gas Co.—10 at 197½.		
St. Paul, M. and M.—20 at 102.		

Toronto Stock Exchange.

Reported by Blakney & Hellmuth, London, Ontario.

The following table will show the rate at which buyers purchased bank and other securities on the Toronto Exchange:

Stocks.	Buyers.	Sellers.
Montreal	224½	225
Ontario	99½	100
Commerce	123	123½
Exchange	100	
Standard	117	118
Hamilton	137	138
Dominion	241	242
Imperial	141	142
Federal	100	101
Bank of Toronto	197	198
Merchants'	136½	137
Union	117	
Canada	141½	
Montreal Telegraph	127	128
Richelieu & Ontario	57½	58
Bell Telephone	125	126
Montreal Gas	197½	198
Consumers' Gas	168	167
Canada Cotton	107	
Dominion Telegraph	89	90
Toronto Electric Light	121	122
Canada Landed	110	
Canada Permanent	170	172
Western Canada	170	172
Dominion Savings	100	
Imperial L. & I.	100	
Ontario Loan	100	
Real Estate Loan	100	
Toronto Real Estate	100	
Toronto Industrial	100	
Toronto Mortgage	100	
Western Canada Loan	100

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1882. WHOLE NO. 2302

RLING & CO

ANSCO

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN G. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

T. Herbert Marsh 87 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A GOOD MAN TO DRIVE DELIVERY WAGON wanted at 94 Dundas-st. North.

BOY WANTED TO CARRY ... Call at once.

MANTLE-MAKER WANTED. ... Apply to W. T. R. PATTERSON'S Dry Goods, Clothing ...

WANTED—A GOOD ACTIVE ... Apply at once.

WANTED AT ONCE—A RESPECTABLE Protestant ... Apply 256 Dundas-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED BY A ... Apply to Mrs. Pinnock, 49 ...

SITUATIONS VACANT.

COOK.—WANTED AT ONCE, A good cook. Apply to Mrs. Pinnock, 49 ...

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED ... Apply to Mrs. Hunt, 71 Carling-st.

LADIES! YOU CAN GET SERVANTS ... Apply at Mrs. Hall's Intelligence Office, 185 Dundas-st.

NURSE GIRL WANTED.—ENQUIRE at 78 Albert street.

RELIABLE GIRL WANTED, TO ... Apply to 49 Lyle Road.

SERVANT — GENERAL — AT ... Good wages. Family small. ... Apply to Mrs. Hellmuth, 373 Richmond-st.

SITUATIONS FREE FOR GIRLS. ... Apply at 185 Dundas-st.

WANTED — 75 GOOD SERVANTS, 4 housemaids, 2 cooks, 2 nurses, 2 waitresses, 2 chambermaids, 2 laundresses, 2 kitchen girls, 2 dairymaids, 2 sewing girls, 2 general servants, 2 nursery governesses, 2 governesses, 2 companions, 2 housekeepers, 2 matrons, 2 barmaids, 2 pastry cooks, 2 confectioners, 2 bakers, 2 gardeners, 2 coachmen, 2 grooms, 2 footmen, 2 pantrymen, 2 waiters, 2 valets, 2 butlers, 2 stewards, 2 clerks, 2 shop assistants, 2 porters, 2 commercial travellers, 2 managers, 2 engineers, 2 firemen, 2 carpenters, 2 blacksmiths, 2 tailors, 2 boot and shoemakers, 2 plumbers, 2 painters, 2 gasfitters, 2 bricklayers, 2 plasterers, 2 farm bailiffs, 2 farm labourers, 2 gamekeepers, 2 shepherds, 2 cowmen, 2 stablem

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
282 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, October 24, 1882.

GREAT IN MISERABLE THINGS.

The great characteristic of the Grit party as it will strike the historian is its doubled incompatibility. It has ever been great with so-called ideas, such as Mr. Blake has put forward at various times, but when it has been required to do something for the good of the country it has ignominiously failed. And to nothing has the ban on appearsed as in the conduct of the Pacific Railway and the opening up of the great Northwest. At the present time the entire policy of the country, as far as it relates to its development, is bound up in the future of the regions beyond. It was in order to make these regions accessible and available that the Government first acquired the domain from the Hudson's Bay Company. It was to do this that the attempts were made under the auspices of Sir Hugh Allan to construct a railway syndicate which should build the road, and it was in order to accomplish this that the second opposition—the Syndicate—was brought into which is now doing such wonders to open up the country. But, it may be properly asked, what were the Grits doing all this time? It is certain that they did all in their power to frustrate the endeavors of those who have faith in their country. They set up a howling gallery. Objections were taken to the terms and to all, forgetting all the while that they had not been called to the councils of the country to wrangle over miserable pittances, but to aid in organizing such a line of action as would raise Canada from the depressed position it then occupied to that of one of the leading wealth and financing of populations. But the Grits could not see it, they could not grasp it. Mr. Blake, for example, was content to go about the country plausibly bemoaning and suggesting nothing except the fact that he had moved a little sub-bine at Ottawa. Truth to say, the Grits have always been great in little things. Mr. Mowat has developed great power in this direction. He has not grappled with the question how so to appoint bailiffs to the minor courts so that they may all be in his pay and his keeping? Has he not dabbled in the brewers license matter, not so much in the interests of temperance, as some falsely suppose, but in order that those who administer to the public in that direction may also be within the sound of his "little bell?" Has he not packed his own hide into the jails, in order, not that he might ameliorate the condition of them—but that the jailers, even, might understand that it would be to their interests to be on the right side at election times? No other many or men who have been the custody of prisoners, knowing just what Mr. Mowat is after, go further than this, and grant to the prisoners petty privileges upon the understanding that they will "go Grit" upon being released. There is no depth to the littleness of this kind of greatness. It is now made to permeate society in all its ramifications, and whether it is "Marmion" to be expunged, or some inoffensive brewer's hanger to be hauled out of his home, Mr. Mowat will be found equal to the occasion. It is on such occasions as these that the true nobility of "the party" shines out. It can compass the smallest ends in order to achieve a mesh hoped for success, but it is utterly incapable to originate anything deserving the name of a policy. When Mr. Blake moved his forty resolutions against the Railway Syndicate, his friends trumpeted him to the skies as the greatest of statesmen. But his resolutions, like his sub-bine, have been forgotten; and it is only that which looks in the direction of progress that lives in the minds of the people. To-day there is a great jubilation in the camp of the faithful because that Mr. Mowat appears to have gained a seat at the recent by-elections. But to what ends until that goal be devoted? Will it be devoted to the aid of those who have done so much to make the country great, or is it to help the Mitch Prentice in constructing those miserable Bluenoses which have so large a part of the Ideal of the Grit party? We all know that it will be so much toward the pulling down of those who are making Canada prosperous, and the substituting men who are only great when they are little, and are never so ready to challenge admiration as when they have done something which the rest of society looks down upon with derision, if not with contempt.

NO RELIEF FROM HERE.

There is a demand for laborers in Northern Michigan, and marked copies of the local papers containing this fact are sent to Canadian newspapers offices, in the hope no doubt, that some wave will reach the readers of poor mill from this side. If the Michiganders lack for this month they will look in vain. There was a time when many of our fellows were glad enough to run across to Michigan to work on the boats and in the lumbering camps and saw-mills. But times have changed since the Dark Period of the Mackenzie-Blake regime. Canada has now a National Policy, as well as the United States, and under its beneficial working our men, old and young, find steady and well paid employment; quite equal, in fact, to that of Michigan. Therefore, our friends over there can expect no relief from this quarter.

A PECULIAR CHARACTERISTIC.

The Seaforth *Expositor* says:—

"Who ever heard of Sir John Macdonald appointing a Reformer to an office in the gift of his Government?"

Plenty have heard of it. To give one prominent example: it was by Sir John A. Macdonald's Government that Mr. Sam. Blake was appointed Judge, a position which he kept for eight or nine years. It has ever been the peculiar characteristic of the Liberal-Conservative leader, that, as regards the Bench, he has not allowed his appointments to be controlled merely by political considerations.

American duck poachers in the St. Lawrence, relayed to in the FREE PRESS lately, are coming in for a round share of attention. The Secretary of the Montreal Fish and Game Protection Club writes a scathing letter on their practice of coming over with steam launches and swivel guns to kill our geese wholesale; in course of which he says:—"Thanks to the Quebec Government, we now have a law imposing a ($10) gun license on all persons having an interest in the Province of Quebec, and which effectually prevents all poaching on our end of the lake. If the Ontario Government would pass a similar act and protect their game while they have any, the privilege of shooting over our waters would be well worth the money to American sportsmen, who have offered such generous a price above to fill it. Hoping to see all of you down there some day."

SYMOTIC DISEASES.

There seems to be a fresh awakening in many places in regard to sanitary affairs, the prevention of zymotic diseases, &c. Typhoid fever has been, and is still, very prevalent. In this city there have been a few cases. In Galt and Stratford, Toronto, Ottawa, and several other places, it has claimed numerous victims. In almost every case it has been traced more or less directly to the presence of sewer gas, tainted water, or illventilation, all which can be guarded against. The physicians who are concerned for public enlightenment on these matters have been unusually active of late in arousing attention to them. We have health maps of the Province published under the authority of the Board of Health, and lectures are being delivered by Dr. P. H. Bryce, Secretary of the Board, in various places. He improves upon every one the necessity of an abundant supply of fresh air, the avoidance of great care with regard to sinks and water closets, and the external surroundings of the house. In large cities sewer gas is the most formidable enemy of public health. He denies that the plumbers can keep it out, so long as pipes connected with sewers open into the rooms. All the skill of the specialist has been brought to bear upon the problem of keeping these pipes in and keeping the gas out. With all their devices of traps and siphons, the specialists have failed. There is a remedy, however, one at once simple and heroic. It is propounded by Dr. F. H. Hamilton, of New York, in the Popular Science Monthly for November. He says keep the sewer pipes out of the house and away from living rooms altogether. Civilization must make concessions. It must confess that all its elaborate contrivances are failures. One child correction is thus stated by the doctor:—"That all plumbing having any direct or indirect connection with the sewers, shall be excluded from those portions of our houses which we habitually occupy. In other words, that it shall be placed in a separate building, or in a manner. That we return to the open fireplace, or the grate, or the stove, for the ventilation and warming of a dwelling, instead of oxygen by gas burners." The doctor endorses these positions by an exhaustive article, in which the testimony of the best physicians and engineers of the day is quoted and analyzed. He has taken Professor Dorsey's advice that never yet will there be any thorough water in the form of bubbling and through brick, stone and cupboard earthenware. Galt also owes its typhoid fever to plumbing, and Ottawa and Stratford people are having their bathrooms cleared. "Indeed," he says, "stationary basins are now excluded from many of the most fashionable hotels in the country, and I am informed that even from several public and private houses in this city, which I have not mentioned, although most of them continue the more objectionable practice of having the water closets in the same building with their guests and their families."

TRADE AND THE RAILWAYS.

An interesting struggle for the carrying trade of the Pacific coast is about to be precipitated by the completion of the newest new Pacific railway. In the first place, there is the Canada Pacific, stoutly endowed with cash and land and with 500 miles of road already in operation. It has this year completed its line westward from Winnipeg, over the prairies, to the Rocky Mountains. It has broken ground on the division from Port Moody, on Burrard Inlet, eastward to the mountains. It only has 2,000 miles to eat to build. Its resources are immense, and its managers are working with energy. This road promises to have its own steamship line to China and Japan, and it will certainly have a line connecting with the Australian steamships at San Francisco. Then the Canada Pacific will be built clear through in a very few years, perhaps two or three, is now, apparently, an assured fact. Next in order is the Northern Pacific. This road is going ahead with great rapidity. There are only 600 miles yet to build. The grades in dispute are made that in fifteen months trains will run directly through from Puget Sound to St. Paul, considerably shorter and with the grade than running to the Atlantic coast. The company has plenty of money. No reason is apparent why the promise of early completion should not be kept. The connection is at present with the Pacific line by specialization. Then, finally, there is the Southern Pacific. This Company promises to complete and open for business its line from the Gulf of Mexico to the Pacific coast, via San Antonio, in October. It is feared that the opening will be a little delayed, but the expectation is to run trains from San Francisco to Galveston and New Orleans as early as by the middle of the month.

The main line to the Pacific (composed of the Union and the Central roads) has long been striving to divert the export trade of the Pacific coast from the steamers and sailing vessels employed thereto, and to tempt it to enter overland by rail. The road has reaped the reward of glowing descriptions of the country, the magnificent of a great deal of wine, fruit, canned salmon, wool tea from China and Japan, raw silk, and other valuable commodities. But, after all, the great carrying trade of the Pacific coast has constantly been offered. Not a ton of wheat has been brought overland, except for distribution locally to the people of the mountains and prairies. Generally a cargo of any other great staple commodity, except salmon, has not been brought. But how will it be when the Southern Pacific is open to Galveston and New Orleans? The co-pacific controlling the line is bought rolling-stock especially adapted to the transportation of grain, and they expect to bring wheat 2,000 miles by rail and ship it from the Gulf of Mexico to Europe by British steamships, shortening the period of transit from San Francisco from the 120 to 150 days of the sailing ship, as at present, to not over 30 days. How will it be when there are four great lines overland to the Pacific coast, all competing but not always on the best of terms, able to pay dividends only by securing a through traffic such as the export trade of the Pacific coast would alone supply? Railways work strange changes, both in the routes of trade and the importance of cities. San Francisco already fears the rise of commercial rivals on the coast, in consequence of the completion of these railways. Goodly cities will certainly be built up at Burrard Inlet, in British Columbia, and at Seattle or Tacoma, on Puget Sound; perhaps, also, at Wilmington, on the southern coast of California, where the Southern Pacific sends down timber to the sea-shore laden with wheat for dang-on ships. Should the export trade of San Francisco, now the Queen city of the coast, be divorced to the overland routes, a startling change would take place in her fortunes as a city. But that is the question, whether the trade will be diverted or not.

Montreal *Witness*:—The church festivities recently celebrated in Prince Edward Island are a great boon in the midst of a ruinous potato crop, and this year they are getting their raw material so cheaply that they expect to bake a good deal of the "overflowing" out of the region to church necessity being formed in the United States, where the scarcity of capital has been combined in the manufacture with the superabundance of money have succeeded in falling upon the cheap purpose of dampening potatoes.

KEEPING TOO DEARLY BOUGHT.

The freezing process employed in common schools has created a very general outcry. The New York *Observer* has a very thoughtful article on the subject. The writer had evidently seen the evil effects at long hours, and studies that too severely taxed young children. They are made nervous by their great tasks and then punished by deprivation of recess because they fail. The little things are kept on the rack continually. The result is the development of nervous diseases, especially among little girls. It is idle to say that nearly all our public schools attempt too much. They may turn out good scholars prematurely, but they also shatter health. The price is too heavy. The *Observer* says:—"The fault is generally with teachers who are ambitious to advance their own reputations, but persons who see their children writhing under such a process should remonstrate at once, and if this does not avail should withdraw them from such influences. Knowledge is dearly bought at the price of health and at the cost of a ruined physical constitution."

CURRENT TOPICS.

The Quebec Chronicle scoffs at the title of "Lord" as applied to the Judges of Ontario and Quebec, and says they have no right to it. In Quebec Judges are addressed as "Your Honor."

Orillia Packet:—"We quite agree with the suggestion made by the London Free Press, that it would be well for the Government to consider the advisability of abolishing some of the vacancies in the Senate by appointments from the ranks of the Opposition."

Emerson *International*:—Shame is cheaper than dirt in Manitoba—a good deal cheaper. In fact, the farmers around Emerson have so much of it that they find it a nuisance and would learn it to get rid of it. It is the same way all over the North-west. Up at Fargo they have a shame famine in some reference to the scarcity of cash. Down at Grand Forks they have a shame famine already. Further down the line they have a shame famine. A shame famine prevails in small quantities at Winnipeg. Where supplies are scarcest is in this city. Shame supplies are running low here, and sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 40 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 20 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $4.00 per bbl., 1 bbl. at $5.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $6.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Portage la Prairie, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Brandon, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Rapid City, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Minnedosa, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Portage la Prairie, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Brandon, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Rapid City, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl. Shame is also scarce in Minnedosa, where sales have been made of 100 bbls. at 50 cents per bbl., 50 bbls. at $1.00 per bbl., 25 bbls. at $1.50 per bbl., 10 bbls. at $2.00 per bbl., 5 bbls. at $2.50 per bbl., 2 bbls. at $3.00 per bbl., and 1 bbl. at $4.00 per bbl.

Philadelphia people just now are feeling so much satisfaction over a piece of street-car reform that they can lose sight of the present real political situation of the State. It has been the custom of Philadelphia street-car companies, in cases, to allow people to smoke on the rear platforms of their cars. Their conclusion to the lovers of the weed gave rise to a most offensive nuisance. The back platforms were crowded with persons who had to endure the foulest tobacco smoke of the most fragrant odor, and ladies were frequently driven from the cars. Recently the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, whose cars were destroyed by the fire and the subsequent riots, decided to make a new start in the way of improvements, and they have accordingly forbidden smoking on the rear platforms of street-cars by rejecting hostility, and the newspapers are congratulating themselves on the result of their efforts.

The outlook for the delusion from the Salvation Army, which recently arrived in Hamley, is not encouraging. One of the three persons who were arrested during the late street demonstrations has been fined 20 or 30 days, and the two thousands are in despair. They all declined to pay the fine, and in consequence were sent to jail. The Salvationists, in defending their cause, assert business of the meetings which are supplied to India. He said there was evidence that the Army was doing a good work in India, and says they have no right to it. In Quebec Judges are addressed as "Your Honor."

SCIENTIFIC GOSSIP.

Workmen has published his new electric incandescent lamp.

D. Van Manchheimer finds that the breaking of the spotted rays of hydrogen and oxygen is retarded whenever he temperature, and is also altogether to pressure.

It is reported that the telephone is now in successful operation as an auxiliary for communicating with divers engaged in difficult and dangerous work.

The assertion is made that from an annual cotton crop of 6,600,000 bales seed can be obtained to yield $100,000,000 worth of oil. It is averred that every 400 seed bale gives 1,000 pounds of seed.

Since the inauguration of through international service, the traffic of the St. Gothard tunnel has increased so that the company have already obtained sanction for laying the second pair of rails in the tunnel.

The meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute in Vienna has been in every respect a success. Subjects of great importance were ably handled. Nowhere could the guests have received a more cordial welcome.

From the observations of Dr. J Finlayson, it appears that carmalites, or mail as bubbles, or "caps" and "coats soil" were very effective in fixing ammonia. Carmalites in one series so observed 97.6 of the total nitrogen present.

Taking all the world, the United States in 1879 had the greatest mileage of railroad in proportion to the population, having a mile over 21 miles for each 10,000 persons. In Europe Sweden led with 6½ miles to every 10 000 of her population.

On Calais harbor since 1877 not less than 11,000,000 cubic yards of sand have been removed by dredging. Of this amount 10,000,000 were removed by the dredge Calais, which is now to be replaced by a more powerful one, which will be able to remove 2,000 cubic yards per hour.

The Zeitschr. *Herse-Zeitung* of Sept. 15 reports that the Vulcan Company, of Grevenbroich, has introduced the iron hoop system of barrel making. This system, which is largely employed in America, is said to be very successful.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The Postmaster-General has accepted the schedule fixing the prices at which stamped envelopes shall be sold to the public after January 1st. By the new and reduced rates the public will be entitled to receive the price back per cent. The Department will also return specimen envelopes when ordered in quantities of 500 or more. It is a fact not generally known that the Department has a large accumulation of the discarded envelopes.

THE APPLE MARKET — DECLINE IN LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW PRICES.

Cable advices have just been received from Liverpool and Glasgow, reporting severe break in the apple market. The following is the report from Glasgow:—"Glasgow, Oct. 7, 1882.—Arrivals of apples during the week have been very large, and the quality of a great many of the consignments has been very poor. Prices have declined 5s per barrel, and the market is very dull. Sales have been made at 10s to 15s per barrel for Baldwins, 15s to 20s for Greenings, and 20s to 25s for Spies. Canadian Baldwins are selling at 15s to 20s per barrel, and Greenings at 20s to 25s per barrel. Canadian Spies are selling at 25s to 30s per barrel

SAVE YOUR HANDS

By Doing Your Washing with Church's Premier Soap.

To counteract CHURCHMEN'S WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP for the nursery, bath, and fine work. Each cake in a wrapper, with directions. MADE by Church & Co., London.

Notes, Cheques and Drafts,

BY DRAFT, NOTE AND

LETTER HEADINGS

and all kinds of

Business and Bankers' Stationery,

—AT—

LITHOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING

DEPARTMENT.

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

Tuesday, October 24, 1882

GORDON RANDOLPH'S WARD.

BY MRS. W. Y. BRUNTON.

"Madeline," he said, in a low voice, "I do not hesitate to say that you, with your personal attractions, might have won and worn a title of no slight honour had you not given up all idea of marrying for rank and position. Nothing but the faithful remembrance of your promise to your mother could have induced me to keep my hand so long unclaimed by you. Now, however, I feel I never can bestow upon him who has been so long my friend the love which I have so long withheld from him. I must ask you to release me from my promise."

"Arthur," I said, "did you not tell me that you would never ask me to release you from that promise?"

"I did, Madeline, but circumstances have changed since then. You, to be sure, have not changed, but the attitude of others towards you has."

"Tell me, Arthur," I asked, "did you ever hear anything against me?"

"Of course not," he replied; "on the day that you gave me a conditional promise of your love you gave me a conditional promise of my love for you. At the time that I considered you of your own free will and choice, I was willing to wait for a month, which could lead me to hope for a return."

"Your sister has betrayed you, Arthur," I said; "the sister to whom Frederick and myself, it is the wish of her dying mother, that you should be a brother."

"No, no, it cannot be," he said, clasping his head, and in the bright moonlight I could see him turn as pale as death. I ran to him, for I thought he was about to faint, and as I pressed his head, that had fallen forward upon his breast, to my bosom, I heard him murmur, in a voice of agony:

"Oh! Frederick, I said, speaking to him, 'poor Arthur!' I have not the heart to tell him how we, he and myself, were deceived, and how he would be to me her dear mamma, as worthy of his love in truth and person."

"I love I cannot ever love him as I love the dear friends I have known from childhood. I owe to you for many attention and kindness, and I will ever be to you a loving sister, but it is pitying into love; I would not, I could not, be deceiver I tell you, for the whole world. Arthur, you have been deceived in your sister, and I am sorry for it, but I cannot, I will not, be sacrificed to her."

"If I needed additional proof," he continued, "it is here," and clasping his side with his left hand, he drew forth a small pocket-book, and from it a letter, which he placed in my hand, saying, "Read that, Madeline, and then you will know why I have been a coward where I should have been a man."

I opened the letter, and found that Arthur had been a secret victim of the plans of Frederick and myself, and, moreover, that Frederick had, through some unfortunate circumstance, become acquainted with the fact of Arthur's engagement to me, and had, from the ground, laid a plan to ruin, if possible, my happiness. He had, it appeared, by some lucky chance, become acquainted with the fact that Arthur had been left a considerable sum of money by a deceased relative, and he had determined to secure it for himself. Arthur, however, had refused to be robbed from his own, and had refused to sign the note which Frederick had presented to him for his signature, and which would have placed the money in the hands of Frederick, who, of course, would have immediately absconded with it to Europe, and left Arthur to meet the consequences of a document which he had signed, but which he had not received the money for.

Some other circumstances we heard that he was married to Lady Agnes, by whom he had had several children, and that she was dead, and that he was living in Italy. You, Gabrielle, are the only surviving child of the line of Randolph.

Gabrielle, who had crept at the conclusion of this scandal into the library to hear, and found Miss DeCourcy's mask, saying, "Oh! how can you ever expect to love the child of her who so cruelly blighted your life and ruined your very name?"

"My darling," said the lady, "you are the last one the child of her who, of all the world, I love the best, and the only love of my girlish heart. As for your mother, I will not say a word against her

...ve received this ... nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S
Drug Store,
854 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, October 23, 1883.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 30 Wellington street east.

METEOROLOGICAL AND ASTRONOMICAL.

London, Tuesday, October 23, 1883.
Sun rises ... 6h 5 m. | Moon rises ... 7h 2 m.
Sun sets ... 5h 31 m. | Moon sets ... 3h 2 m.
Day of the year 296.

BIRTHDAYS OF DISTINGUISHED MEN.

George R. Calhoun, for a letter to the Louisville Courier-Journal, declaring how the country came to be ruled ere, now, by a man who sat at the head of the corner room of the fourth flight up and down the hall. This is accused by the shivering off and hitting on of the collection in the agitation at the head. The first letter of either name on the head to the upper mansion through the hall door. Then it is to the strongest of light by the solid section while the top can give the tall the appearance of a hollow shaft. At the pedestal of the pyramid, consisting of millions of cubes, were swept into them in the passage of time and count; hence the rugged and dotted texture of the tail at the upper extremity. I made out the tail of this comet to be about 30 degrees in the meridian of the 6th inst., without the help of a compass on the right at the upper end. In fact in many occasions, and, particularly, down to the right; and, in the fashion of light spokes of, consisting from left to right, measuring nearly ten to a little over a degree in width, and this gives the appearance of a head to the tail. This confirms me to the opinion that the two streams above it from left to right, and this is corroborated by the motion of the meteors in our atmosphere following this comet, and which I have observed for several nights.

TORONTO OBSERVATORY WEATHER REPORT.

TORONTO, Oct. 24, 1 a. m.—The barometer is lowest over the St. Lawrence Valley and Maritime Provinces, and highest over the Lakes, Southern States and Manitoba. Local showers have occurred in Eastern Quebec and Nova Scotia. Upper St. Lawrence—Light to moderate winds; fair weather; not much change in temperature. Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and Maritime—Light to moderate winds; fair to stormy weather, with local rains; not much change in temperature. Lakes—Light to moderate winds; continued cloudy, fair weather.

GETTING CONSUMED.—The sentence of death passed on Rowland, the old man murdered by striking his wife in Exeter Township, in the County of Perth, has been commuted to imprisonment for life.

THE LONDON "GRAPHIC" has been permanently enlarged in its dimensions of the Saturday issue. The number for the 7th is especially fine, containing the full text of the speeches of the premier of Ontario which, coupled with the portraits of Affair which, coupled with the portraits of Affair which, coupled with the portraits of Affair

CARLING & CO
Brewers and Maltsters,
HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR
Very Pale Amber Ales, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
HALF & HALF,
Highly recommended by the medical profession for Dyspepsia.

Birth.

On Sunday last, Westminster, on the 21st Oct., 1882, the wife of James F. Smyth, of a son.

Married.

On the 26th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Wortley, by the Rev. Dr. Sanderson, W. Thomas, of G. H. Gregg & Son, to Theresa, eldest daughter of John Mc'Carthy, Esq.

At St. Paul's Church, Wortley, on Sat. 28 the Rev. Wm. Hall, Harley, George Mason to Hattie Jane, only daughter of Mrs. John Gregory, all of Wortley.

MEETINGS.

BAPTIST CHURCH, TALBOT street, Rev. Alex. Grant, pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p. m.

DUNDAS STREET CENTRE Methodist Church, Sabbath School session, 2 p.m. Sermons by the pastor, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. All are welcome.

QUEEN'S AVENUE METHODIST CHURCH.—Sabbath, 29th Oct., 1882. Morning service, 11 a.m. Evening service, 7 p.m.

RAILROAD BRANCH Y. M. C. A. Prayer and service meeting this evening, at 7.30 p.m. Subject, "Christ's Power to Deliver." Others.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—THE Sabbath-school will be opened, and the services conducted in the morning by the Rev. Canon Richardson, and in the evening by the Rev. Canon Innes. Evening service at 7 o'clock. Sermon by the Rev. Canon Innes. Morning service at 11 o'clock.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—A special Lenten service this evening at 7.30 o'clock. All welcome.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Mr. Jas. Miller, Hon. Sec. of the Y. M. C. A., Toronto, will address the meeting in the Association Hall, Richmond street, this evening, at 8 o'clock. All young men welcome.

WANTED TO RENT.

TWO GENTLEMEN REQUIRE board and lodging, in a private family, convenient to the Ont. Address A. B. Advertiser.

WANTED TO RENT—A HOUSE with about seven rooms and kitchen, in a good locality, by a small family. Address A. B. Advertiser.

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET by the day or week. Apply at 361 Dundas street.

HOUSE TO LET IN MOSAR. Apply to [illegible]

TO RENT—OVER 1,800 SQUARE feet well lighted, with [illegible] Apply to Lamb & Co.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS [illegible]

THREE BEAUTIFUL STORES IN [illegible]

FIRST FLOOR [illegible]

[illegible]

FOR SALE WITH [illegible]

FOR SALE.

[illegible] IN LONDON [illegible]

[illegible] HARNESS [illegible]

FOR SALE.

ORGAN, OHSAP [illegible]

PIANO, CHERRY [illegible]

[illegible] AS OPENED AT [illegible]

[illegible] LICENSES ISSUED [illegible]

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE [illegible]

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE EN- [illegible]

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETO- [illegible]

Dated this 6th day of October, 1882. [illegible] WILLIAM V. [illegible]

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY [illegible]

DOWLING & OUTLER NOW [illegible]

HOTELS.

GAMBRINUS RESTAURANT, [illegible]

OLD PETER, SIX YEARS AT [illegible]

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8205

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting sold in Canada.

T. Herbert Marsh
89 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A SMART BOY WANTED FOR [illegible] Apply to R. D. Lewis, Queen's avenue.

A BOY WANTED TO TAKE CARE [illegible]

500 WORKMEN WANTED AT [illegible]

SHOEMAKER FOR REPAIR- [illegible]

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, SIX [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED BY A [illegible]

$10 TO ANYONE SECURING [illegible]

SERVANTS WANTED.

CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO, [illegible]

A GOOD PLAIN COOK AND A [illegible]

COOK AND HOUSEMAID.— [illegible]

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED [illegible]

LADIES YOU CAN GET SER- [illegible]

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE [illegible]

WANTED—75 GOOD SER- [illegible]

MUSICAL.

MISS FOWLER IS PREPARED [illegible]

MRS. C. D. HOLMES WILL RE- [illegible]

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PAR- [illegible]

BUSINESS CARDS.

AGNIO DAMBRA HAS OPEN- [illegible]

C. J. SMITH, 364 DUNDAS [illegible]

E. HUBER, LEGG'S BLOCK, [illegible]

ENDLESS AMUSEMENT. [illegible]

FEATHERS RENOVATED BY [illegible]

HAND-MADE CORSETS. [illegible]

HORSEMEN—PRACTICAL [illegible]

KALUS & JR. BROWN HOT- [illegible]

NEW CONFECTIONARY OPE- [illegible]

THE MOST RELIABLE PLACE [illegible]

W. GATHERD, ROOFER AND [illegible]

1880—JOHN SUSSEX, MAS- [illegible]

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING.— [illegible]

PARTIES HAVING CAST- [illegible]

PARTIES HAVING [illegible]

Finest Foundry for Sale.

In consequence of the demolition of the present Foundry premises, Williams street, we offer for sale the entire plant, consisting of [illegible] Apply to [illegible]

T. P. BLACKWELL
has added to his already extensive stock of
TEAS
AND
GROCERIES!!
a full assortment of
WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,
T. P. BLACKWELL,
SIX DOORS SOUTH OF KING ST.

V.T.C.
CUT-PLUG
Smoking Tobacco,
MANUFACTURED FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.
SMOKE A CABLE
AND
EL PADRE CIGARS.
MERCHANT TAILORING
EDGEBROOK.
JOHN CAMPBELL,
Scotch, English & Canadian Woods.
FANCY TROUSERINGS!
FALL NOTICE.
JOHN GLEN,
Tailor,
WEST END HOUSE!
77 Dundas St., West.
DR. [illegible] & WISHART,
DR. J. [illegible] BRIDGER, L.R.C.P.
DR. J. [illegible] SMITH, GORDON, [illegible] OF ST. JAMES
DR. [illegible]
DR. [illegible]
DR. [illegible]
EAR AND THROAT—DR. [illegible]
DENTIST, [illegible]
AND ARTI- [illegible]
DENTIST, [illegible]
& SARGE DEN- [illegible]

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
OF RICH
Original
French
Millinery
AT KINGSMILL'S

573 doz. Misses' and Ladies'
WOOL HOSIERY,
From the best manufacturers, at low prices, now offering
AT KINGSMILL'S

The Best Quality
FRENCH KID GLOVES,
Manufactured in Grenoble (direct importation), offering
AT KINGSMILL'S

JET TRIMMINGS,
In the Latest Designs. Very large variety opened
AT KINGSMILL'S

COL'D CANTON FLANNELS
Excellent value, opened
AT KINGSMILL'S

Great Bargains in
White Flannels,
Scarlet Flannels,
Grey Flannels,
Fancy Flannels,
Navy Blue Flannels,
Fancy Opera Flannels,
AT KINGSMILL'S

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Proceedings in the British House of Commons.

The French Revolutionary Movement.

Alarming State of Affairs at Lyons.

Manifesto of the International Anarchist League.

The Advance of the False Prophet on Khartoum.

Lady Florence Dixie on the Land League Fund Frauds.

Parnellites Agitating for Amendments to the Arrears Bill.

Several Men Killed by an Explosion in Ayrshire—The German Elections—The Duke of Connaught Leaves for Home—Other Foreign Matters.

The Joyce Murders.

Dublin, Oct. 27.—The Grand Jury returned a true bill against two men charged with murdering the Joyce family.

The French Revolutionary Movement.

Paris, Oct. 27.—The *Figaro* says there is reason to suppose that President Grevy will resign shortly.

Land Legislation.

London, Oct. 27. — Eddy's explosive machinery, in Ayrshire, was destroyed yesterday by an explosion. Seven men were killed and numbers were injured.

Troubles in Russia.

Vienna, Oct. 27.—Several of the Nihilistic have been arrested at Odessa, among them a student who had a grave and many forbidden documents.

Agrarian disturbances have occurred in the government of Volhynia. A petition was presented to the Council for distributing an Imperial proclamation in regard to the agrarian question.

Scotch and the Scotch Land Agitation.

London, Oct. 27.—Duvat at Greenock last night announced his intention of visiting the Highlands and the Island of Skye for the purpose of becoming acquainted with the case of the Crofters. Sir. Land League had anything to do with the rent strike of the tenant farmers in the Highlands.

The Arrears Bill.

London, Oct. 27.—The Irish Parliamentary party to-day passed a resolution in favor of amending the present Arrears Bill. The amendment to the Arrears Bill will, it is expected by the Irish Parliamentary Party is for the extension of the time in which a settlement can be made with a landlord under the present Act for 1881. The party also decided to support the various amendments to the clotural rules.

Spanish Politics.

Madrid, Oct. 27.—Serrano, Dumbayan, Salmeron, Martos, Ruiz and other prominent members of the Democratic party and of the Dissident and Liberal Parties to-day signed the programme agreed upon between the different groups composing the Dynastic Left. It was decided to form a committee for the general direction of the party and organize sub-committees in the provinces.

The New Commander.

London, Oct. 27.—The following is the full statement furnished to-day from the War Office regarding the appointment of Lord Wolseley to the command of the British Forces in Egypt:—Generals Wolseley, Goodeon (Alhetal), Stephenson (Lieutenant), Hamley (Crimean), Ballard (Crimean), Forsyth Gillet (Modern Commanders), Fletcher (Commissary), Brackenbury (Intelligence), Perrier (Staff), Brocas (Staff), Fennel, McCauley, Adjutant-General's Staff.

Imperial Parliament.

London, Oct. 27.—In the House of Commons, Sir Charles Dilke asked whether there was any British Consul-General or Consul in Egypt who had published pamphlets in Egypt were withdrawn.

Parnell announced that he would call attention to the statement that Mr. Gladstone had refused to receive a memorial from Irish prisoners.

The Queen's Speech was taken up.

The amendment was adopted that the speech from the throne be presented to the Queen by the whole House.

The Grand Duchess.

Berlin, Oct. 27.—The Grand Duchess, who is the daughter of Prince Frederick Charles, the Crown Princess, and of the Princess Royal of England, died at Darmstadt this morning. Her illness was caused by a severe cold. She was married in 1862 to the Grand Duke Louis.

Berlin, Oct. 27.—The result of the election for the Prussian Diet is now known. The Conservatives gained 110 seats, the Centre 100, the Liberals 70, the Progressists 10, and the Socialists 1. The Conservatives have therefore secured 110 for Count Stolberg.

Berlin, Oct. 27.—The result of the election for the Reichstag is now known. The Conservatives gained 15 seats, the Centre 5, the Liberals 10, the Progressists 1, the Socialists 1, and the Poles 1. The Conservatives have therefore secured a majority over all parties of 15 to vote as at last session.

Supreme Office.

Cairo, Oct. 27.—The False Prophet has reported within four hundred of Khartoum.

The Duke of Connaught has left for England.

Cairo, Oct. 27.—The relatives of a Cabinet meeting held before the late Khedive Ismail's funeral, when the Cabinet decided to oppose the Khedive's proposal to appoint Ismail's son Prince Hassan Minister of War, have been arrested and imprisoned.

Ronald Ray, public prosecutor, states that the relatives of Toulba Pasha, the commander of the Egyptian forces at Tel-el-Kebir, declared the annihilation of Christians to be in accordance with the Koran. He refused to make any evidence on oath before the tribunals of Toulba.

Suez, Oct. 27.—The Prussian of a hostile body for from Ismail near the bodies of Capt. Gill and Hon. Chamberlayne. They are believed to be El Fer Tahawi.

London, Oct. 27.—It is believed the Foreign Office has received information that the French making naval efforts to the Pacific ports of Central America.

The French Revolutionary Movement.

Paris, Oct. 27.—Friends of the Government have issued a circular which proposes the [illegible] which proposes the [illegible] the [illegible] of Mont Cenis Loo Minon, [illegible] and Lyons, on the work of peace [illegible]

Alarming State of Affairs at Lyons.

Lyons, Oct. 27.—The police have discovered a complete manufactory in the cellar of Lodge Florence Dixie's residence.

Dublin, Oct. 27.—Lady Florence Dixie has received a packing by parcel post from Queen's [illegible] Lodge Florence Dixie's residence. [illegible] Lodge Florence Dixie's residence [illegible] Lodge Florence Dixie's residence [illegible] Lodge Florence Dixie's residence

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
185 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Saturday, October 25, 1890.

ANOTHER "LITTLE FINGER" HELD UP.

Some time ago the Grits were in a terrible pucker as to the political influence wielded by the Catholic clergy in Quebec. They thought that they saw that this influence was directed against them, and such representations were made to Rome that an accredited agent of the Holy Father was sent out to Canada to enquire into the matter, and ascertain if the clergy had exceeded their rights in the province of Quebec, and the Grits had much to their content. The Conservative attitude has been rather complicated than otherwise, and the hope that attended to which the agent was sent out as a dead weight against them in all the other provinces. But they were very grateful to the Holy Father for what he did for them, and many a demonstration of the kind has been thereby indulged in. We believe that his Holiness is not so bad as he has been too often painted. Seeing that a good office had been done the Grits by the head of the Church, it was but natural that the Church should ask some good service in return. Hence, it may be supposed, that Archbishop Lynch felt quite confident that when he demanded of the heads of Mr. Crooks the suppression of "Marmion" as a school book he would not be refused. Indeed, Mr. Crooks seems to have been ready enough—too happy, as the phrase goes—to fulfil any request which the Church might make of his hands. If the Archbishop were now to ask him to put some book that he has a special preference for upon the list, the Minister of Education is said to a position to refuse. He has taken the step that commits him to do the bidding of the Church in matters of education. There is no reason to quarrel with such an arrangement if it be understood. If Mr. Crooks finds it to be his duty to pass as the humble servitor of the Archbishop in matters of education, well and good. That is his affair, though it may be doubtful if the general public have so far understood the position of things that the Minister of Education in Ontario is to be held bound in any way other than to the Legislature of the Province. So far as the Archbishop is concerned, his action is easily to be understood. He has shown society how easily he can coerce an Ontario Minister. He has only "to lift up his little finger" and Mr. Crooks obeys, every time. He has thus demonstrated the power that he wields, and is now a far prouder personage with his ecclesiastical superiors than ever before. When society observes that it is in the power of a single ecclesiastic to alter the course of education among us, it may occur to some to ask how it is that this new development—for it is a new development—has come about. And now that one born of the sower has compelled the Grit Minister of Education to knuckle down, suppose that the Archbishop should take it into consideration to put one or two items more? But how he must chuckle to himself down at his palace in Toronto!

THE ROCKY REGION.

The *Globe* feels quite astounded at what it calls "the discovery" made by the FREE PRESS in reference to the poor quality of the land in the disputed territory. There is really no need to "take on" over the matter at all. The discovery is not a new one by any means, neither was it made by the FREE PRESS. We feel sure, in speaking of the region, the Minister which had always been "snubbed" to it by those who have travelled over it extensively. While, therefore, the matter may be "made much of and dwelling" to the *Globe* manager, there is nothing to it to excite any but the silliest emotions in those persons who are decently well informed in the premises. To hear the expression on Spragge, one might imagine that Sir John Macdonald had the sole disposal of the question in his own hand. But nothing could be further from the fact. He is acting as the trustee of the Dominion at large, and has a weighty responsibility resting upon him in regard to the question. He is not averse to handing over the territory, such as it is, whenever he shall be required to do so by a competent court. He is willing and anxious to lay the case before such a tribunal. But Mowat won't go there. He declines to submit a proper hearing before the only Court which can settle, finally and impartially, this much-vexed dispute. The arbitrators were not such a Court. Their verdict, whatever it might be, was not looked forward to by the Dominion authorities of that time as a final settlement. For, as we read in the *Globe* of Feb. 14, 1882, Mr. Mowat "with his usual caution," reserved the right to refuse to sanction the award, and he was so cautious as never to take any steps afterwards to secure its sanction. When Mr. Mowat can bring himself to face the issue before a competent court, there will not be found any difficulty in the execution of its decree. But that is what he does not wish for. To have the case settled is farthest from his desire. He wants it kept open, to be trotted out at election time, when occasion serves. Though it may, as usual, prove an occasion of mischief, though it may loosen the bonds of Confederation, and cause widespread animosity, what cares Mowat?

A successful scout of the Dent de Geant by an Alpine tourist, an Italian named Sella, has just been made. So many attempts to climb this colossal and gentlemanly perpendicular obelisk had failed that it was regarded as impossible. The plot of the golden-Swiss, Franck and Dalles—met with no better success than simple bombs. Some years ago an English nobleman attempted to throw a rope weighted at the end over the summit, but the wind was too much for him, and the rope was blown back into the hands of the person throwing it. A letter of introduction through the hands of Chamonix and Courmayeur which it became known that a party headed by Sella intended to peak. The means by which he was enabled to perform so marvellous a feat proved to have been simple enough. For several weeks past they and their men had been engaged in carrying ladders, rope, provisions and many necessaries, piece by piece, to the highest attainable point. By means of these they succeeded in reaching the summit without much difficulty. He was the first man who ever stood on the top of the Dent de Geant. No sooner was the news known than a party headed by Sella, the Duke of Abruzzi, and Signor Grober, started to make the ascent also. He was

THE CANADA PACIFIC FLEET.

For some time has been on the cards that the Canada Pacific Railway Syndicate would start a fleet of powerful steamers on the upper lakes, there in connection with the railway from the new system, from the shores of Lake Superior to Port Arthur, and thence to the west. Repeatedly deserved his name, was unable to keep it. In the belief that this movement would ere long be made, Mr. Whitney, Toronto, and Mr. Mackenzie, Winnipeg, have been in communication with the Canada Pacific Railway. These steamers will be under the management of Mr. W. Beattie, late of the Beattie line, who has gone to England to forward the plans in regard to them. The boats will be splendidly equipped for both freight and passenger traffic, and will run as fast as fifteen to twenty miles an hour. The enterprise now on foot is a most important one for Canada, and will be watched with much interest by all who have the welfare of their country at heart. It is to be hoped that the Canada Pacific Railway will not be satisfied with the boats mentioned. The Georgian Bay and Lake Superior trade is capable of much development, and with a good line of steamers to Port Arthur, the Canada Pacific Railway would be enabled to secure a large share of the traffic which now goes by the Canadian Pacific Railway and Canadian Pacific steamers. The Canada Pacific Railway would be enabled to secure a large share of the traffic which now goes by the Canadian Pacific Railway and Canadian Pacific steamers.

CURRENT TOPICS.

While the students of Victoria College, Cobourg, have decided in a literary entertainment that Marmion is unfit as a text book for use in the High Schools and Collegiate Institutes, their Principal, Dr. Nelles, has taken very strong ground against the segregation of the work.

Mr. Vernon has proved badly this season for all parts of the Continent, as well as the Province. In his latest prediction, written from Montreal, he says:—"I would name the 25th, 26th and 27th of the present month as likely to bring exceedingly severe and unseasonable weather on both upper and lower lakes, with cold, wet weather in Ontario." Nothing could be further from the reality than this. The weather continues strangely fine. Old prohibits say there has not been throughout a finer October for thirty years past.

The question has arisen, can the telephone be used for the taking of affidavits and other legal testimony, in such case, for instance, as of a person lying ill or suddenly called out of town? Can a notary or other qualified person take such a person's affidavit officially, at the other end of a telephone wire? In the infancy of photography photographic portraits were held to be inadmissible for purposes of identification, but now the courts permit them to be so used. Inasmuch as the person speaking through a telephone can in most cases be readily identified by the tone of the voice, it may be supposed that such recognition will come in time to be admissible in law. In Chicago lately while evidence was being given in a case a phonograph was placed on the witness-stand and played at the understanding that all available labor was already employed.

As soon as his patron, Arabi is a man of singularly unctuous, unmoving tact, purity, and accompanied with a courtesy to habitues and strangers about the house. He should be a man of 55, but Orientals are beautiful in the matter of age, some of them looking 100, while in reality they have but just turned 30. He is a foliah of the following. The shape of his eyes and cast of countenance never alter. He has a wife, ignorance of the fellah, the luxurious feast and grotesquely selfish belief that Allah's time is occupied with specially watching him above all other women.

The report that the Tichborne claimant has written to his wife, who is now an inmate of the South Stoneham Union with three illegitimate children, announcing his intention of suing for a divorce, is said to be without foundation. She has received no communication whatever from her husband, but a sympathizer in Kent offered to adopt her youngest child, while a Yorkshire publican has offered "her babyship" an immediate engagement as barmaid. The proposed exposition of Messrs. Orton Orton and D. Smith to Australia, for the purpose of identifying the man Cresswell, at present confined in the lunatic asylum at Parramatta, as Arthur Orton, is postponed because of a lack of funds.

Medical men have always differed as to whether the best medical treatment of brain persons was by a gradual or a rapid application of heat. "To notice the matter," says *Knowledge*, "Zophthalmi has made a series of very careful experiments upon dogs, with the following results:—Of twenty animals treated by the method of gradual recapitation in a cold room, fourteen perished; of twenty placed at once in a warm apartment, eight died, while of twenty immediately put into a hot bath, all recovered." The conclusion now appears probably between the writers of the Middle Ages in Russia and northern Europe, where the practice of the best manner of restoring suffocated persons in cases suffering from exposure to cold is of frequent occurrence every winter.

France seems to be infested with obtrusive persons who have a cause for hoisting the tricolor flag in various parts of Africa, thus making the natives to sing the "Marseillaise" and cause the latter to declare the British annexed to the name of the French republic. M. de Brazza, who has explored the Congo and the hinterland of Gaboon, and M. Crampel, M. de Semo, and M. de Behagle, have all hoisted their banners to the utterance of the "Marseillaise" and the cries of "Vive la France!" Another party of explorers have now started for the purpose of hoisting the flag and the "Marseillaise" in the Lake Tchad region, and the Sultan of Bornou, who is said to be a very powerful chief, will be the next victim of the Chauvinists.

The following order was issued on Saturday last by Mr. Wilson Fox, general manager of the Canada Pacific Railway:—"Mr. Wilson Fox has been appointed (Joint Agent at Winnipeg. His instructions will be observed by all concerned." Mr. Brown was formerly Grain and Freight Agent at London. He carries with him the confidence of the officials, and will be missed by the citizens with whom he has come in contact with during his residence here.

At the annual general meeting of the Credit Valley Railway on Tuesday, the following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year:—G. A. Cox, E. B. Osler, E. Hay, H. S. Howland, Wm. Arthur, John Bruce, P. W. J. Reford and Chas. D. Rudolph, Esq. The meeting was adjourned, the directors subsequently meeting for the purpose of electing the Hon. Sir Richard McCarthy, both by the colonial and Confederation, and other offices.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade Mr. George Leather was appointed auditor, and Mr. E. B. Osler, Vice-President, in the room of Mr. John Bruce, appointed to act as Chairman in the absence of the President and Vice-President.

Eppe's Cocoa.—Grateful and Comforting.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack whereever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Sold only in packets and tins by grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. Also makers of Epps's Chocolate Essence for afternoon use.

Trade, Traffic and Finance.

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail.

General Notes.

New Zealand has had a wonderful hop crop this year. Soil and climate both favor the production, and there are plenty of colonists who understand the culture.

Undeniably, iron steamers are rapidly gaining upon wooden sailers, and all the signs indicate that iron is destined to ultimately drive the latter from the ocean.

Of the 11,000 grain mills in Holland 10,000 are driven by wind. The bark of wheat meal is consumed by the public without passing through any flour dressing machine.

Glue, when mixed with one-fourth part glycerine, is found to have an elasticity and pliability which prevents its cracking when dry. A German chemist in Nuremberg has called attention to this.

American starch manufacturers, it is said, are about to emulate the rubber stories of the match manufacturers. They propose to form a large combination, and then increase the price of their wares.

There are at present no fewer than ten establishments in France devoted to the propagation of bait for the use of anglers, and one of these hopefuls sells from thirty to forty millions of worms per annum, offering a handsome bonus from the latter.

Only twelve of the northern departments of France seem satisfied with their vintage. The yield in general is reported to be even below the average of late years. Burgundy and Champagne report a yield enormously below the average, and the quality is also poor. In Charente the quality is the best.

The Boston *Commercial Bulletin* says:—The jump in spirits of turpentine this week seems to bring prices up to last season's figures, and the average cost of the article will be in keeping with the high prices of fish, and the dealers will be in a position to realize handsomely for their investments at the close of a prosperous season. Prospects for the coming year are also favorable, and the outlook for fishermen is encouraging.

The price of Newfoundland codfish still rules low, but is now said to be 25 cents per quintal higher. The catch south for the season will be large, and it is said to be of fine quality, with the high price of fish, and the fishermen will be in a position to realize handsomely for their investments at the close of a prosperous season. Prospects for the coming year are also favorable, and the outlook for fishermen is encouraging.

During September, forty-one vessels cleared from San Francisco, for Europe, carrying 1,350,000 centals wheat, 31,697 bbls. flour, 20,763 centals barley, with the only Detroit Water cleared for Cape Town with 2,000 bbls. flour, and 2,000 bbls. flour in addition to the above, 2,797 centals wheat, and 20,325 bbls. flour were shipped by sea to Australia, China, and the Pacific ports and Honolulu. Arrivals at last mentioned ports, covering a continental accumulation of tonnage.

A larger ship even than the Cyrus Wakefield, is now being built down East, which will be 2,400 tons register. They are a fine ships stated that are larger than the Cyrus Wakefield is now 2,000 or 2,200 tons. A south 2,400-ton ship is the Donald McKay, built by the celebrated shipbuilder of that name. Several English iron ships are also in the neighborhood of 2,000 tons register. The largest ship that is yet constructed in the United States, however, is the steamer Wyoming, of 3,865 tons, 360 feet long, and 45 feet beam.

The following is from the *New York Commercial Bulletin*:—The exhaustion of the American cotton crop is becoming more apparent every day. A German chemist in Nuremberg has called attention to this. The following is from the *New York Commercial Bulletin*:—The exhaustion of the American cotton crop is becoming more apparent every day. A German chemist in Nuremberg has called attention to this.

RAILWAY NOTES.

A Brief Local and General Gossip.

A new line of railway is about to be opened up at or near Chatham, Ont., by the Canada Southern Railway Company.

It is said that the outings on the locals Pacific in connection with the Board of Trade excursion to Winnipeg will be repeated in the spring. The Chicago Grand Trunk Railway are not over a mile of a street grade is all that is required to connect the Chicago Grand Trunk Railway with the Chicago to New York City.

It is announced that the Canada Southern Railway Company will run excursion trains from Chicago to New York City.

Mr. Thomas Tennant, general superintendent of the Grand Trunk Railway, has been appointed to the position of general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, vice Mr. Hickson, resigned.

It is reported that the Canada Southern Railway Company will run excursion trains from Chicago to New York City.

Lieutenant Hamilton Merritt, R.N., son of the late Mr. Merritt, of St. Catharines, has been appointed to the command of the Canadian Pacific Railway steamer Alberta, on the upper lakes.

The Canada Southern Railway Company will run excursion trains from Chicago to New York City.

Mr. Findlay, M.P., has been appointed to the position of general manager of the Canada Southern Railway Company, vice Mr. Hickson, resigned

SAVE YOUR HANDS

By Doing Your Washing with Churcher's Pre[illegible]ap.

THERE ARE MORE PEOPLE CURED WHO



Turner's Tonic Bitters are for sale by all druggists, leading grocers and principal hotels. Manufactured by

ROBERT TURNER, Druggist, Ont.

The Free Press.

Saturday, October 28, 1865.

GORDON RANDOLPH'S WARD.

BY MRS W. Y. BRUNTON.

"Basil," answered Gabrielle, coldly, "why did you leave me upon the day and under circumstances that I have no doubt you can explain? Is it out of my power to receive explanation from you now? Speak, Basil. Explain. Explain."

"I will explain, subject, to conditions as to the manner."

"Basil," he continued, dropping the hand of Gabrielle, and speaking in a cold, hard voice, "you will drive me mad by your coldness. You will drive me mad by your heartlessness. You will upon words as to why you left me, and then, when I have you in the power of explanation, you refuse to explain. Is this the way you have loved? Is this the way you have proved your love? But my brother. You are still engaged, I presume, to—" He paused suddenly, and looked at her downcast eyes, and instantly all his anger fled. "If it is so, let me know. You foolish lovey, very lovey heart, be truthful, but remember, above all, be truthful."

"Basil," answered Gabrielle, impressed, herself, by the solemnity with which she addressed him, in spite of himself, "Basil! Let me speak. You will be sorry for this in moments," and without further word or look she left him, and rejoined Lady Mildred.

CHAPTER XII.

Lady Mildred Athelstone was the only child of the Earl of Heatherton. A far more youthful than her brother, she had married Colonel Athelstone at an early age, and had been already a widow for some years when we first introduced Lady Gertrude, the Colonel's only daughter, to the reader. Lady Gertrude, left motherless by the death of Katherine, Marquis, was at an age to be her mother's companion.

His widowed life, however, had not prevented him enjoying the same glorious profession. Lady Mildred had loved him, and lost in value when they joined their regiment in India.

"Never, never," she would say, "shall my child suffer what I have suffered. Never shall she be left by fortune as I was left by my father, when I married Basil. It is as far as the Duke of Wellington, that Lady Mildred would have her daughter married, and that she would not be married to a poor man."

The Duke, friend of the Marquis, family was already a lovely maiden in Devonshire, a few miles from Torquay, and since the acquaintance of Lady Mildred, the two had become fast friends.

Gordon Randolph Athelstone began to love Basil, his cousin, even before he was 12 years old, and when Basil was 16 and Gordon 12, they were almost inseparable companions. Basil was the favorite of his mother, and Gordon of his father, and as they grew older, the friendship between them became more and more confirmed.

About the time Gordon had formed an attachment for Basil, the daughter of a neighboring family, the Gerards, had come to live with her uncle, Sir Thomas Gerard, and her cousin, Gabrielle Gerard, had become a constant companion of Gordon Randolph. Gabrielle was a beautiful girl, and Gordon loved her with all the ardor of his boyish nature. Gabrielle was a year younger than Gordon, and Basil was two years younger than Gabrielle. Gordon and Gabrielle were constantly together, and Basil was left to himself. Gordon and Gabrielle were constantly together, and Basil was left to himself. Gordon and Gabrielle were constantly together, and Basil was left to himself.

"Papa knows his family," said Gordon, "and he knows that I am the only son of my father, and that I am the only son of my father. I am the only son of my father, and that I am the only son of my father. I am the only son of my father, and that I am the only son of my father.

SAFETY

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the Fair will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
389 & 391 Richmond St.

CARTER'S
Little Liver Pills
FOR HEADACHE
—AT—
STRONG'S
Drug Store,
284 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent medicines at cut rates.
Prescriptions and Family Receipts a specialty.
Homœopathic Pharmacy for the city.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Saturday, October 8th, 1881.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The London Free Press is on file (among other places) at Messrs. at the branch office, 75 Fleet street, and

METEOROLOGICAL AND HYDROGRAPHICAL.

Sun rises.....6.20 a. m. | Moon rises.....10.2 a. m.
Sun sets.....5.57 p. m. | Moon sets.....10.2 p. m.
Day of the year 281st.
CONTINUED AHEAD.

Mr. Carnegie, Superintendent of the Meteorological service, has written to the Marine Department to say that Dr. Bryce, Secretary of a great storm on March 12th next is named from a municipal council view.

SUMMER WEATHER AHEAD.

TORONTO, Oct. 8, 1 p. m.—The barometer is still high over the Gulf States and comparatively low over the Gulf. There is a storm developing over the North-western States. The weather is very hot throughout Canada east of Lake Superior. Rain is falling in Manitoba. Lake—Easterly winds; moderate to fresh during Saturday; increasing in force Sunday; fair weather; stationary or higher temperature.

MISSIONARY SUNDAY.—In accordance with a custom recently issued by the Bishop of Huron, to morrow (Sunday) will be set apart for special sermons to be preached, and offertory collections made in all the Episcopal churches throughout this diocese in behalf of the generalized Epiphany Sunday missionary scheme of the diocese.

THE BIG FOUR.—To-night, at the Grand Opera House, the Big Four will give a performance which it is said to be a very good one indeed. The *Globe* says:—The superior duties of the Big Four at the Royal Opera House last night succeeded in pleasing a good audience. The Grand will, no doubt, be crowded, as it has been in the past when the Big Four appeared.

INJURED BY AXLES.—An accident occurred at the McClary Stove Works yesterday to a boy named Padgett. He was operating on the moon holes, and it is supposed that he allowed his foot to dangle over the side, and that it became caught between the hub and the floor. His foot and ankle was badly bruised and one of the bones broken. Dr. C. R. Somerville called in and attended the youth, who was removed to his home.

CONFIRMATION SERVICES.—His Lordship Bishop Hellmuth yesterday afternoon held a confirmation service at Trinity Church, Mr. Hagar being minister in charge. Assisted by the rector, Rev. Rural Dean Wilson, who has labored for a number of years in the parish very faithfully. The Bishop addressed the candidates in a very touching manner, and pointed out to them the responsibilities of being laid hands on, and warned them of the many dangers which surrounded them. The service throughout was very impressive.

A CHANCERY SUIT.—At the Chancery sittings at Stratford, on Tuesday, Mr. Dewart moved for judgment in the case of Dolsen vs. Dolsen, Cameron and Lees, and Dolsen vs. Cameron. Mr. Lees and Mr. Dewart for the plaintiff. The defendant, Wm. Dolsen, is the wife of the defendant, Wm. Dolsen, and his co-defendants, Mr. Dewart, is the mother, Wm. Dolsen is now insane. He was formerly a farmer on lot 11, concession 9, Tilbury East. The plaintiff, Mr. Dewart, said that property under a marriage settlement, now of the value of about $2,000 in land, creating the remainder of the sum. Hannah Dolsen for the benefit of the children. The defendant, Wm. Dolsen, was partly heard a settlement was made of the property, and the defendant, Wm. Dolsen, got which Emily Dolsen, the defendant of the Canadian and the defendant Dolsen, got the land in question. The defendant Dolsen had very good evidence, one of whom was in the employ of the defendant, and the other to the four heard Dolsen, Wilson and Emily Dolsen, Hannah Dolsen, John the husband of the late Mr. Dolsen, for some until the children came of age, or the husband died, when the property was to be divided between the husband and his youngest child.

MATRIMONIAL SOUVENIRS.—The St. Catharine's *News* reporter was shown the souvenir received by Miss Greenwood (Mrs. Frank Davis) on the occasion of her marriage, and says they were very fine, indeed, and embraced many articles of special value among them a silver and gold tea service, very elegant in design, and containing seventy pieces; a silver water pitcher; two cases of pearl-handled dessert knives and forks, handsome silver fruit and flower stand, solid silver pudding dish, silver cake cut, a full dinner set in ivory, marble clock with bronze statues, a beautiful pair of plate glass mirrors in bronze frames, silver and gold jewel case, pair of large vases, very valuable, pearl pictures, silver fruit stands, gilt brackets, silver spoons, gold bracelets, silver spoons, gold bracelets, silver spoons, gold bracelets, brooches, necklaces, rare Cabat flower pot, mirror, silver, silver card case, sugar bowl and cream jug in silver, portrait frame, plush mounted, with old China inlays, fruit stands, perfume bottles, magnifiers, art, fancy work from lady friends of rare beauty, plush work-boxes, album clocks, etc., etc. The happy couple left for Washington, where they will spend some days in the fashionable atmosphere of that bewildering climate. October is the month of all the year on the Potomac.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Come all who wish white Teeth of pearl,
To call at Sipe of Surety;
A fragrant Breath for the lay and girl
Who purchase "TOLEDITE."

BEACH UP.—Your system for work. Zopessa, the new Dyspepsia and Liver remedy, attends entirely to these in a manner. Sold by Hamilton, Lloyd, and Edwards. Small bottles, 10 cents; large bottles, 75 cents.

MILLINERY OPENING.—At the magnificent fashion, 220 Dundas street, on Thursday, the 6th and Friday, the 7th inst. Ladies are cordially invited to attend. Mrs. J. A. Mitchell, late with the well-known firm of Mitchell, Hargraft & Co., Hamilton, Mrs. J. A. Mitchell.

A. J. Robson, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the Free Press.

A lot of furniture, valued and not sold at J. O. Ott, at Chisholm's, 78 Dundas street.

Every home should have a Cabat Tooth Paste. A gift of value with each tube. Hamilton, Lloyd, and Edwards, druggists.

STYLISH OUTFITS.

For handsome and elegantly made Suits, Rodt. Wilson, the Dundas st. Clothier, takes the lead. His new Scotch suitings and Fall Overcoating are elegant. His fits are true, his prices low, and your order is sure to be finished when promised.—146 Dundas st., west, opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS ITEMS.

An ordination service will be held at St. Paul's Church on Sunday morning next by Bishop Hellmuth.

Dr. O'Reilly, Government Inspector of Prisons, visited the county jail here on Thursday afternoon.

Miss K. M. Glenn, of Strathroy, formerly teacher at Parkhill, is visiting at Mrs. T. Degeer's, in that village.

The railroad by grading a drain deep on Longwell street, London South, has been let to Mr. Wm. Willson, Elliott.

An additional number of deliquents have been summoned to appear at the Police Court for non-payment of poll tax.

Mr. E. H. Lemay, of Montreal, shipped a carload of draught horses to Ottawa. They are said to be fine looking animals.

The flight made which are now open are bad enough, but a fellow might be pardoned for very much if he could get out of the depth.

Mr. Paul Goldsmith, of the Chicago *Times*, arrived in the city on his way to his old home.

Mr. Fred. Goldsmith, of the Chicago *Times*, arrived in the city on his way to his old home.

In the case of Campbell vs. McNeil, which was heard before Judge Davis some months ago, judgment was rendered Thursday in favor of the plaintiff.

The Tea meeting is still beautiful, and those who have not yet it should arise early and take a look at it. It is fair and always bad and adds fat to your disposition.

Lieut.-Col. Aylmer, Brigade Major, is at present engaged in an official visit to the various companies of the several battalions in number one district.

The mill race recently destroyed from the dam near to Wharton is not wind enough to satisfy the villages along the line, and strong protests are expected by the 1st of June.

Rev. J. B. Richardson, of this city, is announced to preach special sermons at St. James' Church, Ingersoll, to-morrow, 9th inst. Rev. E. M. Jarvis will take his place at the Memorial Church.

Boulevard cakes, harlequins of whales, have arrived. Though we are ignorant of the characters they gladden the palate, and make the perfume of the air delicious, the fact does delight all day.

A dispatch from Brantford brings tidings of the death in that city of a most estimable young lady, Miss Ideale Alford, youngest daughter of Conductor W. H. Alford, of the Grand Trunk Railway.

There is a probability that the position of Market Inspector may be vacant soon again, as it is understood that Mr. Joseph M. Wilson has received notice to hand in his resignation and the Snyder the case of Inspector Roe, ordered to pay a fine of $2 85 costs. The case of Mr. Dancey, was charged by Inspector Wilson with harnessing the by-law which regulates the speed of second-rate, Hannibal, to his wagon being warned to be more careful in future that he must pay costs, $2 85 before he effected it for sale. Bailey Police Magistrate Ingersoll,

CURLING & CO

Maltsters and Brewers,

HALF & HALF,

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1882. WHOLE NO. 1230

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN G. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

T. Herbert Marsh

ZOEDONE!

FOR SALE BY

ELLIOTT BROS

GROCERS

155 Dundas St., London.

VTC TWIN NAVY Smoking Tobacco,

FROM THE BEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

SMOKE

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

—OF— RICH

Original French Millinery

AT KINGSMILL'S

573 doz. Misses' and Ladies'

WOOL HOSIERY,

From the best manufacturers, at low prices, now offering

AT KINGSMILL'S

The Best Quality

FRENCH KID GLOVES,

Manufactured in Grenoble (direct importation), offering

AT KINGSMILL'S

JET TRIMMINGS,

In the Latest Designs. Very large variety opened

AT KINGSMILL'S

COLD CANTON FLANNELS

Excellent value, opened

AT KINGSMILL'S

Great Bargains in

White Flannels,

Scarlet Flannels,

Grey Flannels,

Fancy Flannels,

Navy Blue Flannels,

Fancy Opera Flannels,

AT KINGSMILL'S

LATEST CABLE NEWS

The Socialist Movement in France.

Lyons Guarded by a Strong Body of Military.

Evidence of Arabi Bosha's Complicity in the Alexandria Outbreak.

Arrest of One of the Murderers of Prof. Palmer and Party.

Arrival of Sir Garnet Wolseley in England.

Mr. Davitt's Advice to the Farmers of Scotland.

Great Destitution in the West of Ireland.

Damage by Floods in Russia and the Austrian Tyrol.

Death of the Boy of Turin—Political Crisis in Servia—Government to Be Formed to His Person—Threatened Strike of 40,000 French Workmen.

The Socialist Troubles in France.

Paris, Oct. 28.—A strike is threatened on Monday of nearly thirty thousand building operatives, masons, carpenters, roofers and laborers. The strikers are endeavoring to influence the workmen to stand out.

Rome, Oct. 28.—Things within the city and all throughout quiet. The election leaves Rome entirely Radical in the Municipal Council. Many of the Conservatives refused to stand for the vote of confidence in lay men provided the clerical party would agree to support the Radicals. If further outbreaks occur the Government will be prepared to suppress them.

The Servian Crisis.

Belgrade, Oct. 28.—The Servian Ministry has resigned, although on a reason that the King is dissatisfied with their failure to discover the recent plot to murder him. The King refuses to accept their resignation.

The Zulu King.

London, Oct. 29.—In the House of Commons yesterday F. Grant Duff, Under-Secretary for the Colonies, stated that Cetewayo would be restored to the throne of Zululand in December next.

Disastrous Floods.

London, Oct. 30.—Heavy rains have caused floods in the Thames Valley, Wandsor and Egham. The waters continue to rise. Chertsey has been flooded, and many people have been rendered homeless. Houses adjacent to Thames street are flooded.

The Spanish Political Agitation.

Madrid, Oct. 29.—Serrano's programme has received the signatures of thirty-seven leading politicians, including, however, only five Republicans. The old Republicans offered support to Serrano, but refused to accept the Ministerial programme.

Destructive Fire.

Margate, Eng., Oct. 28.—A destructive fire is raging here. The Assembly Rooms, Royal Hotel, Pierhead and the whole south side of Cecil Square is burned. The flames are spreading rapidly and the efforts to suppress them are futile.

BATH.—The fire is subdued.

Severe Accidents.

London, Oct. 29.—Lewis, speaking at Aberdeen, urged farmers to demand a reduction of rents. They should claim the right to have an equitable share of the profits of prosperous seasons, and the land lords. He thought it impossible to have emigrated to Scotland to fight granted to Ireland.

Be Kind Again.

Paris, Oct. 29.—A meeting of the Typographical Society of Paris was held to-day to consider the question of the strike. Several other members of the Council of the Society, and the question of the strike. Several other members of the Council of the Society, and the question of the strike. Several other members of the Council of the Society, and the question of the strike.

The Mediterranean Fleet.

Malta, Oct. 28.—A encounter occurred between Chief Constable's band and a detachment of Turkish troops. It is reported the latter lost 200 men. The Turks have withdrawn to Scutari to await reinforcements.

Constantinople, Oct. 28.—The Porte believes Goldwich will not invade Zanda.

Arrival of Gen. Wolseley.

London, October 28.—General Wolseley landed at Dover this afternoon on his return from Egypt. He was enthusiastically received by a large crowd.

London, October 28.—Wolseley arrived here. There was a great crowd and his reception was enthusiastic. He was presented an address, where the Queen is staying.

Death of the Boy of Turin.

London, Oct. 29.—The Boy of Turin, the last survivor of the children of the Earl and Countess of Egmont, succumbs to his injuries.

Turin, Oct. 29.—At the [illegible] Mancini, the Minister of Public Instruction, Signor Depretis, the Minister of Agriculture, Signor Berti, and Prince Amedeo, Duke of Aosta, the King's brother, were present.

Vienna, Oct. 29.—It is [illegible] Emperor Francis Joseph [illegible]

Serious Affairs.

Constantinople, Oct. 28.—Dervish Pasha is a prisoner in the Yildiz kiosk, and is practically isolated. It is supposed the papers found in his flight may make revelations regarding his plot in Egypt.

Cairo, Oct. 29.—The Prosecuting Committee have finished the examination of witnesses. The examination by the defence will commence in a few days. The public prosecutor expresses the opinion that the evidence proves the complicity of Arabi in the outbreak and burning of Alexandria.

Alexandria, Oct. 29.—A party, including the Duke of Connaught, yesterday discovered, a mile above Kneitin, a very strong fort, the existence of which was previously unknown. It is armed with Krupp and Armstrong guns, and contains a magazine. Marines will be sent to dismount the guns and blow up the fort.

Alexandria, Oct. 29.—There is almost a reign of terror in consequence of the wholesale arrest of persons charged with complicity in the murder of the city.

One of the Soldiers complicated in the murder of Prof. Palmer's party has been arrested and has made confession. He had a fierce combat with one of his captors.

Cairo, Oct. 29.—Ismail Pasha Eyoub declines to transmit the hoops do be sent against the false prophet.

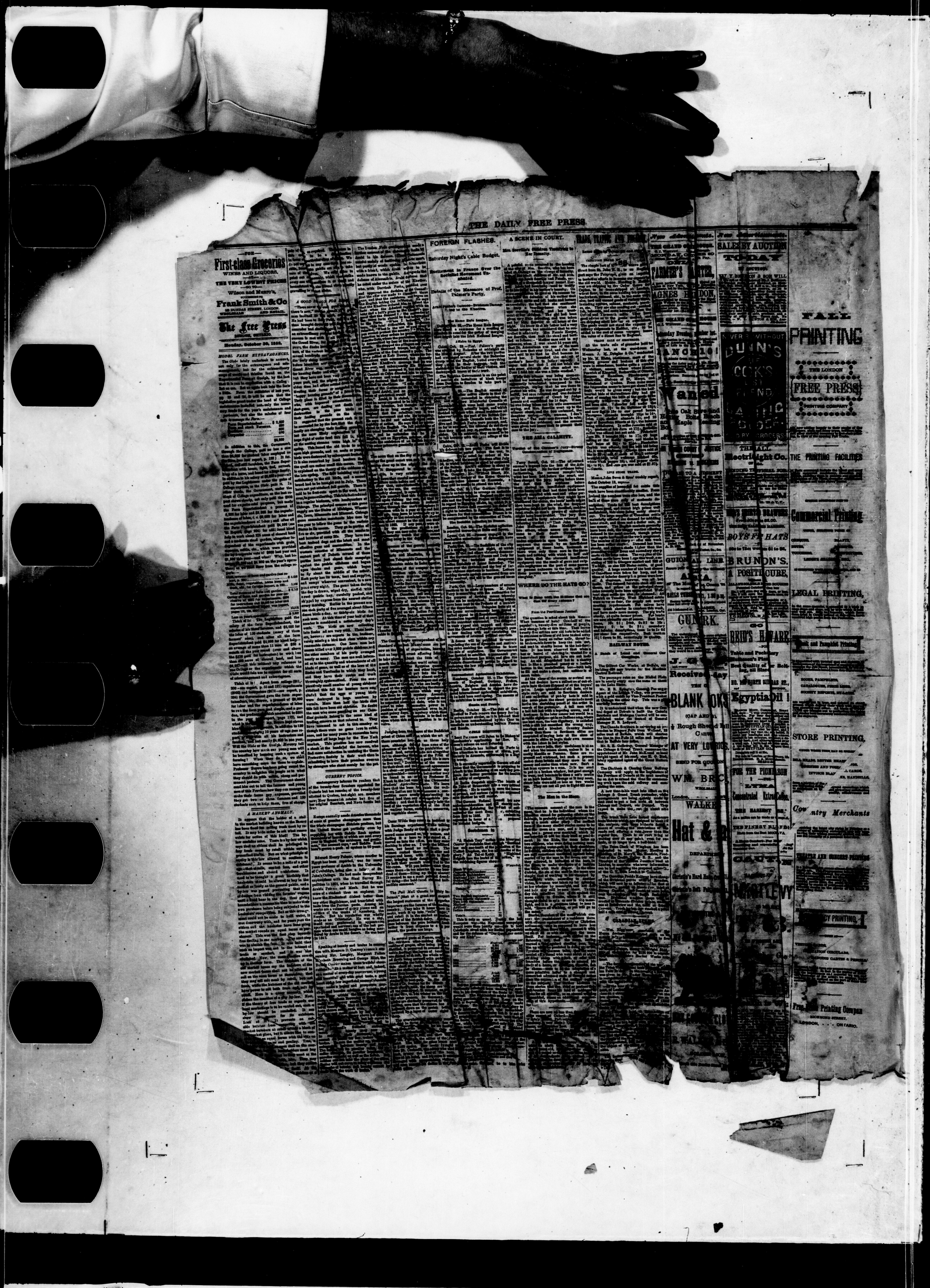
A register of arrears declared before the Financial Committee that after the bombardment of Alexandria he overheard a conversation between Arabi and his chief officers, Mahmoud Fehmy and Ali Fehmy, in which they said there was nothing left to go but the sword.

CAIRO.—Egypt.

Cairo, Oct. 29.—Prince Murat and [illegible] Arabi have fought a duel. The Prince was wounded in the forearm.

A Terrible Accident.

Paris, Oct. 29.—Two [illegible] Tuesday from [illegible] Tuesday from [illegible] Tuesday from


THE DAILY FREE PRESS.
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS.
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
Wilson and Munro's,
Frank Smith & Co
The Free Press
Monday, October 30, 1882.
FOREIGN FLASHES.
Saturday Night's Cable Budget.
Excitement in France Over the Socialist Movement Unabated.
Details of the Massacre of Prof. Palmer's Party.
A SCENE IN COURT.
THE ASIA CALAMITY.
WHERE DO THE HATS GO?
Wanted
Electricight Co.
BRUNON'S.
A POSITIVE CURE.
GUNARK.
BLANK BOOKS
Egyptian Oil!
FALL PRINTING
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LONDON, ONTARIO.

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LETTER HEADINGS

and all kinds of

Business and Bankers' Stationery,

LITHOGRAPHIC & ENGRAVING

DEPARTMENT,

Free Press Printing Co.

The Free Press.

Monday, October 30, 1882.

GORDON RANDOLPH'S WARD.

BY MRS W. E. BRUNTON.

"I giddy promise," remarked lady Milford, "that my brother's plan of sending you to his seaside abode, a very lively place of boiling carried out; but you must tell me all about your visit to Gabrielle. You must make me your confidante, you know."

CHAPTER XIV.

When the ocean in England, the Earl of Milford, having lived from her youth on the shores of Gordon's home, had become so much attached to the sea that he could only express his love for it by sailing upon it. Every year, therefore, when the season was over, he would charter a yacht and take his family for a cruise. This year he had chosen the Mediterranean, and the Countess, who was a good sailor, and fond of the sea, had consented to accompany him.

Gabrielle's love for him was part of her nature, and she had all the warmth of a loving child for her father. Her mother, who was a cold, proud woman, had never been able to understand her husband's character, and had always treated him with a certain amount of haughty reserve, which had prevented him from ever showing his affection for her openly. Gabrielle, who had inherited her father's nature, could not understand this, and had always been very demonstrative in her love for him.

"Papa, dear," she said, "you must not be angry with me for what I am going to say, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home. I am very sorry to leave you, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home. I am very sorry to leave you, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home."

"Why, my child, what do you mean?" said the Earl, surprised at her words. "I thought you were very happy here."

"I am happy, papa, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home. I am very sorry to leave you, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home."

"Well, my child, I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home. I am very sorry to leave you, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home."

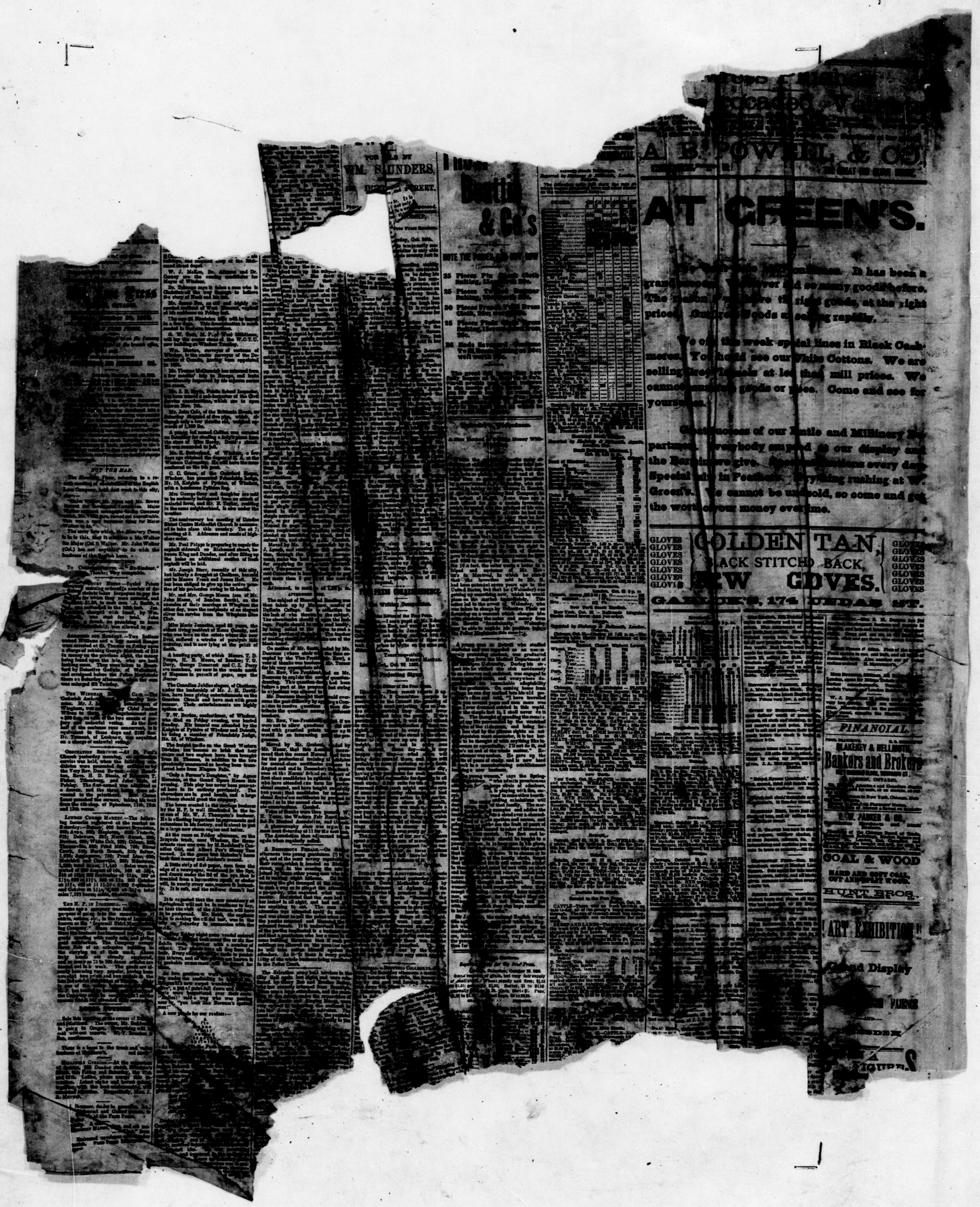
"Papa, dear," she said, "you must not be angry with me for what I am going to say, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home. I am very sorry to leave you, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home."

"Well, my child, I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home. I am very sorry to leave you, but I shall be very glad to get away from Gordon's home."

CHAPTER XV.

To our lot having the lovely scenery which every traveller knows who has visited the shores of Lake Como, we had all the luxury and poetry and song, which the land of poetry and song, with all its beauty and glorious associations, could give to her favored children. We were to be their guests for a month, and we were to be their guests for a month. At Gabrielle's request we had brought with us a large party of friends, and we were to be their guests for a month. At Gabrielle's request we had brought with us a large party of friends, and we were to be their guests for a month.

Lady Milford proved to native of her favorite haunts, Bellagio, Grand Hotel, Grand Hotel, Grand Hotel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GOLDEN TAN,
BLACK STITCHED BACK,
NEW GLOVES.
GLOVES
FINANCIAL.
Bankers and Brokers
COAL & WOOD
HUNT BROS.
ART EXHIBITION
Grand Display

NOV 1 & 2 1882

MISSING

ARLING & CO
Brewers and Maltsters,
ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF
Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
ALF & HALF,
recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Married.

St. Paul's Cathedral, on Wednesday, Nov. 1st, by the Rev. Canon Innes, assisted by the Rev. A. Brown, Rector Ashford Mitchell, of Ottawa, to Katie, third daughter of the late Joseph Longford, of Gloucester Crescent, Regent's park, and stone-in-law of Mr. J. E. Smith, of this city.

At Christ Church, city, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. Henry Dana Fletcher, assisted by Rev. S. Smith, Lyman R. Colliver, Esq., of Watertown, Augusta, sister of Rev. Canon Smith, Christ Church, city, and Rev. S. L. Smith, of Christ Church, St. Thomas county.

On Thursday, November 9th, by the Rev. A. Morris, at Christ Church Manse, second son of Thomas Rew Westcott, London, late county of Brookvale House, Kingsmead, Keynsham, Devon, to Camilla A., only daughter of the late P. S. Coste, of Chatham.

Died.

At 7 a.m.—Nov. 7, at the residence of her father, Rev. G. R. Colville, after an illness which months from paralysis, Mrs. Christiana Colville, relict of Mr. John M. Davies, of Cincinnati, aged 58 years and 11 months.

Suddenly, on the 8th inst., Lieutenant Colonel Geddes, 47th Queen's Avenue, corner of Wellington street, on Thursday at noon sharp, for G. T. R.

At West Oakland, Cal., on the 3rd Nov., Jane Hopkins Finlayson, father of James D. Finlayson, of this city. In the 72nd year of his age.

Edinburgh and St. Louis papers please copy.

On September 11th, 1882, Edward Shipley, aged 3 years, 11 months, and 16 days. Much deservedly regretted.

AMUSEMENTS

GRAND THANKSGIVING Concert will be held in London West Congregational Church on Thursday, the 9th, under the auspices of the choir, assisted by Mrs. McGillivray and others. Admission, 25 cents. 87

THE FRIENDS, COME! TO entertainment in the Lecture Room of Talbot Street Church, Thanksgiving night. Varied programme by choir and distinguished talent. Tickets 15c; double tickets 25c. 87

PARLOR ENTERTAINMENT.—Don't forget the above, to be held at the residence of Mr. Thos. Hobbs, Thanksgiving night, with will occupy the chair. Prof. Hobbs will render a few choice selections, and also a first-class programme of the best talent in the city. Tickets 25c each. 87

SHOOTING MATCH Thursday (Thanksgiving Day), at Eastwood's Hamilton road. Shooting to commence at 10 o'clock.—JAS. DALLEY, Prop. 87

LECTURES.

GATED LECTURE—Church School-room, Friday evening, by Rev. R. Hobbs, subject, "Science of Geology and Revelation," Admission 5 cents. 87

MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF THE will be held in their room, Thursday, 16th inst., at 7 p.m.

DAVID'S TENT MEET Block, London East, Friday next being Guy Fawkes' day. All Sir Knights invited.—BRYANT, Com.

MONIC. — REGULAR communication of St. John's Lodge, this (Thursday) evening, 9th inst., at 7:30. General business. Visiting brethren cordially invited.—SIDDON, Sec.

UAL PUBLIC MEETING Protestant Orphan's Home, Church will on Tuesday evening, at half-past seven. Collection. Children from the Home will be present. Every part of the country. A members of the Advisory Board and all who can on the platform.

BES CHANGE.

under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A LIGHT AND of Dry Goods, Groceries, Millinery, Boots and Shoes, over 1882 to 1887 years. A. Apply to W. RYAN, Bothwell.

D OR SALE.

under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

OR STOLEN, FROM London South, on the 3rd three years old, with small in color; inside ear is not shod. Anyone returning the same will be suitably rewarded.—JOHN Petersfield, Kirkhaven.

LEFT AT THE WEST- Wardsville, on the 31st Oct., I am entitled to the same. The said to prove property, pay charges and take it away.—J. S. LYONS.

T OR FOUND.

under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

REWARD.—LOST, A containing a few pairs of kid Please return them to the Exh

TO LET.

under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

LASS TWO-STORY on Princess ave. (late Reid MARCH LOVE, Barrister, &c., Arthur, Ont. Exh

URNISHED BED- st.—421 Ridout St. E.

OVER 1,800 SQUARE Plate Room, with, over 200, vault, &c., North entrance Apply to DONALD English Loan Co. Manager

T.—A TWO-STORY on Queen's avenue, near College. Apply to EDWARD Queen's avenue.

BLACKSMITH AND SHOP, situated on Lot 8, Concession, Township, with 10 acres of Farming Land. Possession immediately. For further particulars enquire on the premises, or to Wm. Exh

IGIBLE STORES IN Richmond street, to rent, the occupants of the Anglo-American Telegraph Co. Possession at once. Apply to Secretary.

STATE FOR SALE.

under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FOR SALE—BEING S. Lobo Township, half a Limits; suitable for market the premises are brick house, and a bank barn, convenient to church or in exchange for farm property on the premises.—WM. Exhibition-ave

Y FOR SALE AT 389 ply on the premises. Fhdtfn

TS FOR SALE—ON street, St. Thomas, 33 x 99, Hotel and adjoining Air Line Depot. Apply to J. B. DWYER, St. London.

E FARM IN LONDON —102 acres farm—for sale, in the 7th concession of London Excellent buildings, good orchard; well timbered.—Henry, 171 John street, London. Jddfwtf

MUSICAL.

WLEG IS PREPARED lessons on the piano or organ of receiving instruction please residence of Rev. DR. PORTER, Prospect, corner of William and London West.

FOR PRIVATE PAR- assemblies, &c. Lessons current Duncan Gilmour, 350 Hill street, Masonic Hall. Mhdtf

EWELLERY, &c

Y ENGRAVING EXE- CUTED neatly and with dispatch at the Free Press Office.

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8316

LEATHER BELTING

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN C. McLAREN'S celebrated make of OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

Full stock kept on hand, and guarantee equal to the best American belting and cheaper.

T. Herbert Marsh
89 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

BUTCHER.—WANTED, A GOOD man who thoroughly understands how to cut meat. Highest wages and steady work. Apply to W. MILES, East End Market, corner of York and Burwell streets. df

DRUG CLERK WANTED—TWO to four years' experience. Must have a pleasing address and be a good salesman. Address by letter with references and photo, "Assistant," care of R. A. MITCHELL, London. K8

500 WORKMEN WANTED AT once, carpenters, brewers and labourers. G. C. R. Agency, Ashland's landing, Ont. Wages, $2 to $3 per day; steady work. Conveyance & Co's Agent at Murray's mill. Contract for next great through on Sunday, 9th inst. Each man pays $1; balance to be refunded parties going. Address W. CONROY, St. Mary's. Send stamp for reply. 3dw

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

AN ELDERLY WOMAN WANTED as nurse. Apply to Mrs. ROGUE, 79 Albert st. W

CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO good, tea can wait on table, and one first-class dining room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be given. Apply to S. PERRIS, Garner House, Chatham. J30df

FREE! FREE! FREE!—GIRLS found situations free of charge. I have over 100 situations for girls. Hotel help in great demand. Orders filled on short notice. Male help furnished for city and country. J. OSBORN'S Intelligence Office, 98 Dundas st.

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE —Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm rooms and lunch at all hours. Oysters best in city; only 10c. Coffee House, Market Square.—H. COYLES. J30dy

WANTED — 75 GOOD SER- vants, 4 laundresses, 2 cooks, 8 kitchen girls, 12 dining-room girls, 1 girl for Brantford, 1 for Woodstock, 1 for Ingersoll. Gunning's Intelligence Office 96 Dundas St.

BOARD AND LODGING.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, at 119 Maple street. K30d

EDUCATIONAL.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

CLASSICS—FRENCH AND Shorthand lessons by an Oxford B.A., address "Pro," Free Press office. K7d

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

MISS ADA SWITZER HAS taken first prize at the London Western Fair every year, viz., 1877 to 1881. Call and see her marvellous work, crochet, lavender bags, tatting, stitches, &c., at 96 Dundas St. West. K30dy

MRS. PIGOTT HAS OPENED AT her old store, 254 Richmond street, a choice assortment to be further added to every week, also Ladies' and Children's Wares, Fancy Goods, Berlin Wool, Toys, &c. A call solicited. Dtfnov 2

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE had, obtained on application at residence or office of the undersigned. All legal business promptly attended to. Terms moderate.—JAMES BRYDGES, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Market Square, London, Ont. K30

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and cheap, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Society Printing in the best style of the art.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at 81 Barnard street (6th house from Dundas street, east side), by the undersigned.—JOHN MANN.

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE EN- quiry and Collecting Office, 42 Dundas street, Exchange, Ont. Money to loan. Mortgages purchased. Ohdtf

THE CHRISTIAN DEFENDER can be had at E. A. TAYLOR'S and R. CHERRY'S counters.—Rev. P. C. STANFORD, Editor. K30

VICTORIA LAUNDRY, NO. 215 King street. Ladies and gentlemen requiring first-class Laundry Work should send to Mrs. ARMOUR'S, 215 King st. Satisfaction guaranteed. K3od-y

Business Cards.

ANGELO DAMBRA HAS OPEN- ed a Fruit Store, where you can get all kinds of the season. Confectionery, Nuts, and Canned Goods of all kinds. 207 Richmond street, south of Dundas. 3Hwdtwk

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS st., Direct Importer, Wholesale and Commission Merchant, Manufacturer of Cabinet Ware-rooms, Warehouse and Cabinetmaker's Shops, 6 Queen's avenue, London, Ont. Furniture manufactured and dealt in. Repairing promptly attended to. K30dy

HORSEMEN—PRACTICAL horseshoeing, particular attention paid to interfering and contracted feet.—JOHN BOOTY, London, Ont., next door to Reid's Hotel, Robert street. HSwdtwk

HAND-MADE CORSETS.— Ladies wishing a good and perfect-fitting hand-made corset should call at Mrs. J. LAWTON'S, 6 Queen's avenue, London. Basket Orders left at Priddle Bros.' promptly attended to. K30dy

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE- CUTED neatly and with dispatch at the Engraving Department, Free Press Office.

KAUS & JB. BROWN NOW undertake all descriptions of Cabinet Work and Upholstering. In addition to their factory in Queen's avenue, they have opened a warehouse at 254 Richmond street, where estimates given. Richmond st. Hdtwtfnov

NEW CONFECTIONERY OPEN ED by James Dubin, at 89 Wellington street. Fruits, confections and cigars of all kinds, and lunches kept on hand at all times. Give me a call. Hdtwtfnov

W. OATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer of Roofing Material, wholesale, also, contractor for all kinds of Roofing and Slating, Repairing promptly attended to. All work guaranteed and promptly executed. All orders given on application to 14 Wellington street, London, Ont.

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1882.—JOHN SUSSEX, MANU- facturer of all kinds of Furniture, Cabinet Ware-rooms, Warehouse and Cabinetmaker's Shops, 6 Queen's avenue, London, Ont. Furniture manufactured and dealt in. Repairing promptly attended to. Upholstering and all kinds of Jobbing done. Warehouse, 254 Richmond street, south of Dundas. Factory, King street, west of Wellington. Factory.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Dentist, Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto, Ont., and Member of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Ontario. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Telephone communication with all parts of the city. Dtfnov

V.T.C
CUT-PLUG
Smoking Tobacco,
MANUFACTURED
FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.
by
T. P. BLACKWELL
has added to his already extensive stock of
TEAS
AND
!! GROCERIES !!
a full assortment of
WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,
of really first-class quality. Inspection cordially invited, and satisfaction guaranteed.
T. P. BLACKWELL,
388 Richmond St.,
SIX DOORS SOUTH OF KING ST.
Note London, Ont.

NEW MERCHANT TAILORING EDGE BLOCK.
JOHN CAMPBELL.
Scotch, English & Canadian Tweeds.
Also a large selection of
FANCY OVERCOATINGS!
All of the Latest Designs and Newest Colorings. Gentlemen may rely on having a good article at the very lowest price.
JOHN CAMPBELL,
Edge Block, 409 Richmond Street, London.
J30dwly

FALL NOTICE.
JOHN GLEN,
Merchant Tailor,
WEST END HOUSE!
New Fall Goods of every description just received. An inspection of this stock is respectfully solicited. Call for a first-class Suit or Overcoats at Moderate Prices. Special attention given to Clergymen's Clothing. Also to Gentlemen's Livery Servant Suits.
77 Dundas St., West.
Hdtwtfy

DUTCH FLOWERING BULBS
For Fall Planting.
JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM Holland, a choice collection of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus and other bulbs for fall planting, each will please give us a call, as our bulbs are from the best growers in Holland.
PEARCE, WELD & CO.,
360 Richmond St., London, Ont.

HOTELS.

OLD OHKIS, SIX YEARS AT the Albion Hotel, has set out on his own account at the Queen's Hotel, Ingersoll. The Bar is furnished with the best brands of Canadian and American Liquors. A call solicited.

LEGAL.

I. F. HELLMUTH,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
Office—Masonic Block, Richmond Street, London, Ont.

GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN Barristers, etc. London.
Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets, London, Ont.
GEO. C. GIBBONS, Q.C. F. MULKERN.
CHARLES HUTCHINSON, Toronto Chambers, Toronto.

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co's Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont.
GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc., 423 Main street, Winnipeg.
DAVID GLASS, Q.C. CHESTERTON GLASS, F.C.L. LUSCOMBE.

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Office—Corner of Dundas and Richmond streets, London, Ont.
CHARLES HUTCHINSON, Crown Counsel, Middlesex, and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. M'KILLOP, Dilly

NUGENT & GALT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c. Office—29 Adelaide street east, Imperial Buildings, next to Post Office, Toronto.
FRANK E. NUGENT. THOS. P. GALT. 1y30

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING.—SELL your Cast-off Clothing to A. Mosson, 377 Dundas street, for he pays the highest price in the city. Give him a trial, for he treats all in that line. Orders left to call will be promptly attended to. K30dy

PARTIES HAVING CAST OFF Clothing will do well to call on T. Pay, the Original Pawn-Broker, London, and obtain diamonds, watches, jewellery, silverware, or anything strictly private. 371 Clarence street. J30dy

PARTIES HAVING SECOND HAND clothing to sell will do well to call on Mrs. Wellington, 220 Dundas street, London, where the highest price in all lines will be paid. Orders left with new goods of all kinds kept on hand. Fdtfy

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS —For sale by the Free Press Printing Co., one of those excellent presses, in first-class order. Does excellent work. Has been in use a few months, and will be sold cheap for cash. For particulars of price, prints and other information apply at the office.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE— A twelve-horse, 30-light steam boiler, in use a short time by the Free Press Printing Co., for sale cheap. Might be seen at the Engine-room of Free Press.

HARDWARE

5,000 DOZEN
POCKET CUTLERY (JOE LOTS).
Cheapest values in Canadian Rim and Trade, on Main Hamilton road.
HOBBS, OSBORN AND HOBBS,
Wholesale Warehouse, Richmond street.

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
=OF=RICH=
Original
French
Millinery
AT KINGSMILL'S

573 doz. Misses' and Ladies'
WOOL HOSIERY,
From the best manufacturers, at lowprices, now offering
AT KINGSILL'S

The Best Quality
FRENCH KID GLOVE,
Manufactured in Grenoble (direct importion). offering
AT KINGSMLL'S

JET TRIMMINGS,
In the Latest Designs. Very large viety opened
AT KINGSMLL'S

COL'D CANTON FLANNELS
Excellent value, opened
AT KINGSMILL'S

Great Bargains in
White Flannels,
Scarlet Flannels,
Grey Flannels,
Fancy Flannels,
Navy Blue Flannels,
Fancy Opera Flannels,
AT KINGSMILL'S

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Mr. Gladstone on Self-Government for Ireland

The Attitude of Russia on the Egyptian Question.

Abolition of the Joint Control Demanded by the Khedive's Government.

Wreck of an Austrian Vessel—12 Lives Lost.

Westgate, the Self-Accused Murderer, to be Taken to England.

Ravages of Cholera in Mecca—Shoemakers' Riot at Vienna—Policy of the French Ministry—Postponement of Arabi Pasha's Trial—Castelar's Manifesto—Miscellaneous.

Cholera in Mecca.

Cairo, Nov. 8.—There were 45 deaths from cholera in Mecca, October 29

Destructive Typhoon.

Manilla, November 8.—A typhoon passed over here to-day, doing great damage.

Loss of Life at Sea.

London, Nov. 8.—An Austrian bark was wrecked at Milford and 12 of the crew were drowned.

Aid to Immigration.

London, Nov. 8.—It is understood that Tuke Committee has resolved to promote emigration of 7,000 or 8,000 from the poorest districts of Ireland, at a probable expense of $35,000.

Obstinatish.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 8.—The Kurdish Chief, Obeidallah, has succeeded in establishing friendly relations with a number of petty Christian Kurdish chieftains and collected a large force.

Honor to the Stars and Stripes.

London, Nov. 8.—The American flag will be carried in the procession to-morrow, on the occasion of the Installation of the new Lord Mayor, and be escorted by a guard of honor, composed of Sergeants of the Royal Fusiliers.

Riotous Critpins.

Vienna, Nov. 8.—Large bodies of journeymen shoemakers to-day paraded several hours through the streets of Neubau and Josefstadt, in the suburbs of this city, shouting and acting in a riotous manner. They stoned the troops sent to clear the streets, and the officers charged them with bayonets. Three persons were seriously wounded—many slightly. Stones were hurled at the troops from windows and roofs.

European Press on the U. S. Elections.

London, Nov. 8—The *News* says Arthur's administration will be seriously hampered by the Democratic successes. It is more than probable a wish to thus tie his hands has led many of his supporters in 1880 to oppose him now. The rebuke thus given the President and friends was thoroughly well deserved.

Berlin, Nov. 8.—Newspapers here, commenting on the Democratic victory in the United States, express hopes of a return to free trade and a more honest railway policy.

A Terrible Colliery Explosion.

Girardville, Pa., Nov. 8.—An explosion occurred at Girard colliery this afternoon, caused by spontaneous ignition of gas in an extensive working. The earth and rocks were thrown hundreds of feet in the air, windows and doors blown in, houses shattered, and people thrown to the ground. Nobody was seriously injured, although many miners were working in the adjacent breasts.

Westgate, the Self-Accused Assassin.

London, Nov. 8.—Attorney - General James, replying to a question by Lord Randolph Churchill in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon, said the Government had only obtained the necessary information for bringing to England Westgate, the man who swore that he participated in the Phœnix Park murders, on the 16th or 17th October. The Government hoped there would be no further delay. Every necessary enquiry will be made into the case.

France's Policy.

Paris, Nov. 8.—The Ministerial declaration at the opening of the Chambers will state that the object of the Government will be to allay the feelings of the Republican party, and thereby enable it to resist the attacks of hostile factions. The Government will do its utmost to repress any factious manifestations from whatever quarter. With regard to the finances the Government will be solely occupied with the general interests of the country, and will approve of the financial system of Tirard. It will resolutely urge the adoption of laws upon the military organization. The relations of France with the powers, it will say, are satisfactory, and the foreign policy of France will be on no other principles than heretofore.

Egyptian Affairs.

New York, Nov. 8.—A Cairo cable to the United Press says:—There is alarming increase of sickness among the British troops here. Large numbers are suffering from fever and dysentery. All men who can be spared have been ordered to a health resort in the desert.

Suez, Nov. 8.—A native paper here states that the watchmen at the Canal, who is strongly suspected of participation in the murders of Prof. Palmer's party, has been arrested. A large number of papers belonging to members of the party have been found.

London, Nov. 8.—The Russian Government has intimated to France its appreciation of English action in Egypt, but will insist that the English project for the settlement of the Egyptian question be submitted to a Conference.

Alexandria, Nov. 8.—Delegates, by order of the Ministers of Justice and Interior, have been appointed to inspect Egyptian prisons.

Cairo, November 8.—Counsel have obtained a postponement of Arabi's trial for three weeks.

The Egyptian Government has presented a note to the agents of England and France, demanding the abolition of the joint control.

Constantinople, Nov. 8.—It has been decided that all letters emanating from the Palace, found in Arabi's possession, shall be declared written without authority.

Castelar's Manifesto.

Madrid, Nov. 8.—Castelar will shortly publish a manifesto to the constituencies, advising the Democrats to take an active share in the legal struggle to be recommended as the best means for developing the political education of the Democracy. Castelar states that experience taught him to prefer evolution to revolution. He advises the orderly parliamentarism of England and the United States, and proclaims Republican convictions and aspirations. He and his friends will organize their way towards a steady, solid republic. He would like to give amidst the confusion of parties one fixed, steady, rallying point for all Democratic schools. He repels all idea of coalition with the extreme Republicans, even for electoral purposes. The manifesto is signed by eighteen Deputies and Senators.

Imperial Parliament.

London, Nov. 8.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Gladstone, discussing the closure, said the public did not trouble themselves about the details of the measure, but only desire less talk and more work. The public were unable to reconcile the expenditure of our talk with the paucity of the results. Gladstone believed a complete and effective system of rules essential for meeting the wants of Ireland. There was no subject to which he felt more profound interest than local government for Ireland, but it was a machinery for the Irish members to come to the House and tell the Government to establish a Local Government in Ireland when they did all in their power to prevent the time for discussion, by which alone such legislation could be enacted and given to Ireland.

Stanhope (Conservative) charged Gladstone with bidding for the Irish vote by bill with about Irish self-government, for which the difficulties was only of recent birth.

Churchill handed in 49 amendments to the Rules of Procedure.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Three Men Killed by the Caving in of an Embankment.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 8.—An embankment along the Macon & Brunswick RR. caved in on workmen this morning. Three negroes were killed.

Spontaneous Combustion.

New York, Nov. 8.—An explosion from spontaneous combustion of oil occurred this morning in the basement of a building on cliff street, occupied by Isely & Doubleday, paints, &c., and several others. Total loss, $100,000. Frederick Doubleday was suffocated. Another man was severely burned. The firm were introducing the electric light into the building. One theory is that a spark from the wire, coming in contact with varnish, caused the explosion.

Railway Collision.

Bangor, Me., Nov. 8.—A special train, with officers of the Maine Central and Eastern Railroads, collided at Lincoln this morning with a train on the European & North American Railroad. An engine was demolished and several cars damaged. Several officers were cut and bruised. One train was broken. The steamer Camden arrived there at 9.30 Monday night with 600 tons of freight. The Campana arrived at 4 p.m. yesterday with 750 tons bulk, all of which is for Winnipeg and the West. The Owen Sound with a full load for Winnipeg is expected this evening. There is plenty of room to receive the freight and care to move it promptly.

Patterson, who fired at one Neil McDaniel, an Osborne immigrant who arrived last spring, with intent to kill, was sentenced to fourteen years in the penitentiary.

Montreal.

Montreal, Nov. 8.—Two hundred and fifty French-Canadians returned by a single train last week from the United States to settle in this Province.

Grace, the police constable charged with arson, has been found not guilty at the assizes.

At the monthly meeting to-day of the Harbor Board the President stated the revenue received up to the 1st inst. was nearly $7,000 in excess of last year. The tonnage also showed a large increase.

Sixty-five thousand dollars' worth of city real estate was sold here to-day by auction. The rates were a considerable advance on former prices.

Two countrymen named Bellisle, father and son, were found in their bedroom in the Canada Hotel insensible from suffocation by the escape of gas. They blew out the gas, but did not turn it off. Medical aid was summoned in time to restore animation.

A large party of friends of Mr. Cuoplen and Mr. Senecal leave this week for New York to welcome the gentlemen on their return.

Mr. Pharand, Returning Officer at Soulange, has sued Mr. Provost, of the same county, for $5,000 damages for slander at the late election.

Mr. Justice Matthew awarded Mr. Gullbault, M.P. for the county of Joliette-Berthier, $1,000 damages for slander at the late election.

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Nova Scotia Election.

St. John, N.B., Nov. 8.—The totals in the King's County election are:—Foster, 2,000; Domville, 1,123. Foster's majority in the last election was 71, when 2,997 votes were cast. Yesterday 3,122 electors voted. The *Globe* says a protest will be entered against Foster's election, but that probably whatever the result is Domville will retire.

North-west News.

Winnipeg, Nov. 8.—General Hammond denies that there has been any sale of the South-western Colonization Railway, but declines to deny that the Manitoba road has secured a controlling interest.

Rufus Stephenson slipped on Main street and broke his leg.

Gavin will be tried for the murder of McDonald on Friday, a true bill having been found against him.

An engine and freight cars were ditched on the Canada Pacific Railway, and blocked traffic until a temporary track was built.

It is reported by telegram from Prince Arthur's Landing that the steamer Ontario arrived there at 9.30 Monday night with 600 tons of freight. The Campana arrived at 4 p.m. yesterday with 750 tons bulk, all of which is for Winnipeg and the West. The Owen Sound with a full load for Winnipeg is expected this evening. There is plenty of room to receive the freight and care to move it promptly.

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First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
328 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Thursday, November 9, 1882.

THE "MONOPOLY" HOWL.

This can be no doubt that if the central Government at Ottawa break faith with the Syndicate, as the Opposition is urging them to do, a heavy bill for damages will lie against the Dominion. The Syndicate undertook the onerous and magnificent task of building a railway through a difficult and unsettled country under certain expressed conditions. Thus far those conditions have been observed to, and the progress that has been made is wonderful indeed. If matters are allowed to take their natural course, the Canada Pacific will be finished from ocean to ocean within three years, and Canada opened to the world in a manner that it has never been before. Public improvements were to break faith with the Syndicate at the dictation of the younger four provinces,—the province that has gained so much by what has taken place,—it is very likely that the whole enterprise would be thrown into confusion. It was one of the express terms of the bargain with the Syndicate that they should be free from hostile competition for a certain number of years. If they could not have had the guarantee they would not have contracted to build the road, and Manitoba would have been the same desolate plains-a-day that it was shoveling, before the Syndicate went in and built six hundred miles of railway for them. If they have prospered, if Winnipeg has gone ahead and helped to people the country; if Winnipeg itself has sprung from the condition of a contemptible hamlet to that of a large and flourishing city in the bosom of the bargain with the Syndicate. Nothing else would have done it. In talking to Parliament, no string of "resolutions" on the part of the Opposition would have done it. No valedictory address such as are now being uttered, would have done it. It is the railway, and it alone that has made Manitoba and created Winnipeg. And yet the cry now is, "down with the railway, and blit it" out by competition before it is half "finished; and as to damages, why let the elder provinces pay them." It is very pretty talk for those who, like Mr. Greenway, of their pets, have made their all by going up to Manitoba, and have reformed fortunes that were desperate. But how will it suit the sober people of this Province, and of Quebec, to be told that now that they have built a large portion of the railway they must break faith with the contractors, jeopardize the completion of the road, and pay down millions of smart money into the bargain? Of course the Opposition are urging on the discontented few in Manitoba to go into fist rebellion. All that they want is an opportunity of injuring the Government, no matter at what expense or inconvenience to the public. So the cry is still taken up as to "monopoly" goes, it is all meaningless. Passengers and freight are carried quite as cheaply on the Syndicate line as they are by the Grand Trunk or the Northern. A howl is raised that there is a "monopoly," while without the Syndicate had been protected by a bargain giving them a carte-blanche for a definite term there would have been no railway to howl about. Ontario, with a population of two millions, has been for a quarter of a century in the hands of the Grand Trunk. And yet with what effect? That every man's farm has been quadrupled in value, and the price of produce brought up from a miserable figure to a level with the Liverpool rate, less the inevitable freight. Such is what the "monopoly" of the Grand Trunk has done for Ontario. And it is just the same kind of thing that the C. P. R. and the Syndicate are doing for Manitoba, and yet they howl. The *Globe* counts them to howl, and the more they howl the more the *Globe* will dance with joy. But it is one thing to howl in a manufactured newspaper, and at public meetings, and quite another to build two thousand miles of railway across a continent, within four years. Any one can howl and pass resolutions and get up banquets, but it requires energy, capital and statesmanship, too, to do that which the Syndicate undertook to do at the instance of the Government of Sir John Macdonald.

BONUSING MANUFACTURES.

The Galt papers are at odds over the question of bonusing manufactures. The Sarnia *Observer*, which condemned the principles of the N. P. unscrupulously, as opposed the country at large, adopted them in toto as respected the town of Sarnia. After plucking its spite upon the larger measure, it was amusing to see how that organ bore its shirt in advocacy of the smaller local issue, but which embraced exactly the same doctrine. On the other hand, the Hamilton *Times* talks against the practice of bonusing in every form, and says to the iron men,—the wood makers and the cloth makers, that if they like the town they may do business in it, if not they may go away. The real case, however, is this:—It's a question of mere expediency, which each community can be depended on to decide for itself. A certain place may be entitled to manufacturers by reason of its better adaptability either as a mere matter of trade, or from exceptional water privileges. But if a rival town looking such advantages seeks to counterbalance them by a money bonus, or long exemption from rates, what has to be done? The factory will go somewhere, and to the highest bidder gets it. It is for each place to judge for itself whether the factory will be worth the money. But if it tends to stimulate local industries, give profitable work to the people, and bring other factories to the locality, there can be no doubt on that point. We read that a flour mill is to be erected at Genesee, in Washington Territory. The bonus the farmers offered for the mill was $5,000 in cash, three thousand bushels of wheat, and two and one-half acres of deeded land. They no doubt had cast up everything, and knew just what they were doing. That mill may prove the nucleus of a flourishing town. Anyway, if located a long distance off, the farmers of the district might have been put to great inconvenience and loss by having to journey back and forth. And so they thought it paid them better to give a round sum to have the mill at their door, just as it pays a farming community to give aid to bring a railway through their land.

The agency of the South American steamer has engaged Sara Bernhardt (principally for the Brazils) for fifty representations, the salary being $165,000. She will start from Paris on the 20th of next April, and will remain absent 132 days.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

This day will be observed throughout the Dominion by the holding of thanksgiving services for the abundant blessings enjoyed. And truly it may be said that at no previous time in our history were the reasons for such a testimony more auspicious or happy. The staple crops of the country have been most bountiful on every side, and so far as the husbandman is concerned, he is placed in a position of comparative affluence. The past generation of farmers were poor men, and full of toil and necessity from day to day. They went into the wilderness to hew out a home, and before any great progress could be made in cropping the big trees had to be cut down and got rid of, and the stumps to be extracted by laborious means. The people of these days thought they had good cause for thankfulness because they had taken possession of a fertile and promising land. They were able to look forward in a spirit of hopefulness to the time, late in life, perhaps, when their eyes would dwell on waving fields and well-tilled gardens, in place of deep forests and useless surroundings. The present generation have cause to rejoice that these conditions have been so fully realized. The Ontario farmer of to-day is not only happily prosperous, but by the aid of modern machinery his labor is so lightened as to be mere leisure in comparison to that of forty years ago. He has a better system of tillage also, and where then but twelve or fifteen bushels could be raised to the acre, now twenty to forty are produced. So that the farmer of these days has much to be thankful for beyond what his forefathers could command. In the general labor market there is full employment for all at remunerative wages. Labor of all kinds is at a premium. Clerks and salesmen find all the places they want, and this is no exaggeration. In Montreal there are not enough laborers to do the work demanded, so that bricklayers have to carry their own mortar for the want of hodmen. The demand for artisans is equally urgent. Trade in most lines has been good, despite the continuance of warm weather so late in the fall, and there is no dread on the score, as has often been the case formerly. Manufacturers are still crowded with orders to an almost overwhelming extent, so they have been since the change of the tariff in 1879. Canada has become more than ever a land of opportunities for those who have desire and capacity to improve them. As a consequence, there are but few miserably poor people in any community. Once in a while you meet with one who has let his affairs run down, but his poverty is due more to indirectness of his own than lack of chances to do well in any fields of labor. There are no "poor neighborhoods," and neglected quarters, such as understood in older countries. And while the social and industrial condition of the people is so satisfactory, it is pleasant to reflect that the affairs of the general government are so happily attuned. Its credit both at home and abroad is at the highest point to which it can be raised, and the business of progress and development. And it is one of peace as well. Whatever disputes may arise to ripple the surface of affairs, they are but the necessary effervescence and conflict incident to the progress and rapid opening up of new and diverse interests. But beneath all this there are great depths which lie unruffled, and in which the Dominion ship floats in safety.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The differences of character between the Prince of Wales's two sons, says the London *World*, was very remarkably evidenced at a dinner given in their honor in Queenstown from the turf, in spite of the wake of the Dangu steed. The Duchess o'Cuse, Mlle. Chocqui "as was," looks on and inspects her partnership with the Comte de Lagrange; and people even say that the partnership will not be merely of a commercial nature, but that the mayor and the comte might be called to be under the partnership still closer and more lasting.

M. Ellis o Reclus, the illustrious author of the "Geographie Universelle," has inaugurated free marriage, and united his two daughters "freely" to two foreign men of their choice. This shrewd "freely" means that M. Reclus has dispensed not only with the religious ceremony of marriage but also with the civil marriage in the presence of the Mayor. He simply invited several relatives to the soirée of the 4th of last Grand Hotel, over which he presided, *more anorum*, and there and then, literally before witnesses, after a fried hen supper, he said to Meloy and the nephew of Lord Castlereagh, "Mes enfants, you are married."

Prof. Tyndall gives some interesting views in regard to what he terms the "premature future" of Niagara. At the rate of excavation assigned to it by Sir Charles Lyell, namely, a foot a year, Prof. Tyndall says that 6,000 years or so will carry the Horseshoe Falls higher than Goat Island, and, as the gorge recedes, it will drain, as it has hitherto done, the banks, right and left of it, thus leaving a nearly level terrace between Goat Island and the edge of the gorge; higher up it will totally drain the American branch of the river; the channel will become cultivable land; the American falls will then be transformed into a dry precipice, forming a continuation of the cliffy boundary of the Niagara Region, and, lastly, at the place at present occupied by the falls, there will be a whirlpool.

The British Postmaster General, Mr. Fawcett, is receiving much praise, which he deserves, for various improvements in the Post Office. The Rowland or penny-a-use envelope particularly pleased with the two letters. One is an alteration in the plates on the pillar-boxes in the streets. These boxes are so numerous and so conveniently placed that even members of letters are deposited in them. These are collected by carriers twelve times a day, and the hours of collection have heretofore been stated on each box pillar. The improvement consists in adding a dial, which shows when the next collection will be made, and therefore shows whether the previous one has been made. It is a capital idea, and one which will doubtless be generally adopted.

The Russian Jews have created no very favorable impression in Manitoba, as was the case in the States. Their greed, selfishness and dependence, as shown in New York, have won all sympathy. In the North-west the Emigration Commissioner says they are not worth the ground they stand on. Of a different stamp are the Icelanders. They have faults, but dirt and laziness are not among them. They are said to dress well, work well and look well. Many of them are keeping store; many of them are master builders, carpenters, bricklayers and painters, and others farm and do laborers' work. The females are not by any means bad looking; they have the regular Scandinavian light hair and blue eyes; have intelligent, honest, open faces, if not pretty, and the men show straightforwardness and integrity in every lineament of their features. Nor are they as clannish as some might suppose. It is natural that they should associate more or less together, but they mingle freely with othe Europeans, and with Canadians and Americans, and not a few marriages have been contracted, in which the bride was from the Northern Isle and the bridegroom from Ontario. They are an intelligent, hard-working, frugal, simple people, careful of their coppers, and bound to succeed. One conspicuous trait in their character is their willingness to help each other. On their first arrival they usually live together in families. Three or four families will occupy the same house, and a common fund will be started, and when there is sufficient money in it a house will be built for one family. Then the fund will be started again, and kept up until another family is housed, and so on until they all own their own habitation. Ask any one what his opinion of the Icelanders is, and the reply will be—"They are as good citizens as any we have."

One of the first of recent agitators for a revival of Irish manufactures, Mr. Edward McMahon, has taken a practical step forward by starting a hat factory that occupies an area of a quarter of an acre. Estimating his full number of hands at 20 women and 30 men, his output a' hats would be, says a Dublin newspaper, some 40 dozen a day. In Dublin, 40 years ago, there were 1,000 operative hatters, but at the present time there are not 100, so that, says this newspaper, "much has been the decadence of Irish manufactures that Mr. McMahon, who would keep every Irishman and Irishwoman at home, even in the work-house, hoping for better times, has been compelled to employ some English hands, trusting, of course, that as increase of the population and the education of the Irish youth in the handicraft of hat-making may soon enable him to dispense with foreign labor."

Thomas N. D nney, a temperance revivalist, has been holding meetings in a tent at Providence. Several weeks ago he held up an emaciated baby before an audience and said that it was actually starving, its mother having neglected it while off on a spree. This exhibit of one of the evils of intemperance induced several persons to sign the pledge. Now comes an account of the infant's death. None of the reformers moved it from starvation. It was left with its mother, who turned it over to a "baby farmer," and the Coroner says that it died for lack of nourishment.

LONDON CLUB TALK.

"Atlas," of the London *World*, has the following:—And yet another jockey scandal. This time about a gentleman!

On dit that a member of the Berkeley family claims her right to a barony, which is said to descend in the female line, but has been in abeyance for a long number of years.

Captain "Bay" Middleton gave his farewell bachelor dinner to a large party of hunting, racing and military friends at the Naval and Military Club, preparatory to his marriage.

Prince Gortschakoff, blooming as a rose and fresh as a daisy, is again at Nice for the season, and by his side walks again the golden-haired *gouvernante* who superintended the nursery last year. She is still in the self apartments, No. 21 Boulevard Carabacel.

Midsummer's "Philistaide," which has long been in the possession of a Viennese collector, has been purchased by a Parisian amateur, M. Reuvelot, for 40,000f. The picture is one of Midsummer's minutest, measuring six inches by four inches.

Mr. Ecott has apparently provided an attractive and remarkable number of the *Fortnightly Review* for November. In addition to an article by Sir Samuel Baker on Egypt and Lord Carnarvon on Falkland Islands, there will be all hands to the pump on the Irish Parliamentary party by Mr. Healy and a full statement of the Gambetta-Wilson affair by "Vigilant Observator" who writes about the Opposition! Sir Richard Cross and Lord John Manners have both of them pretty pens.

Republican nobility is a wonderful and ingenious phenomenon. Paris has recently instilled the title of a new financial monarch, the Baron Geilnard. M. Geilnard was formerly janitor in the manufacturing firm of B Aron & Geilnard." When Aron died, M. Geilnard, wishing to preserve the trade mark, became, by a process of amalgamation and conjunction, Baron Geilnard. It was simpler than paying 15,000f. to the Pope. Ah, if Balzac were only living!

Rumor says that the red and blue of the crown of Belgium are not destined for ever. An examination was made and the platen was found to be covered with a tatoo layer of paint. It was put into the bath, and in spite of the dyers' wish that the tatooing was made in pure copper. This is the explanation given:—The butler was connected with the dyeing engine by copper tubes. Particles of zinc which were carried with the steam formed with the tubes an immense number of galvanic couples. The rotten print gally attracted the copper both on account of its own constituent movements exercising an attraction of mass on the molecules and of the heat, (291.2° to 302° Fahrenheit), which facilitated their permanent displacement.

Among the various plans now resorted to by English bailiffs for rendering wooden doors easily accessible, the following is that of constructing solid timber flaps, composed of ordinary joists placed close to each other, and connected by saliy wrapes of an inch and chipped Baltimore and other cotton, where they are coated, the mast perfect in case labeled Chesapeake wrapping. The mast the Chesapeake terra pin is black, orphat of the colby terra pin is yellowish-white part of a vegetable's preparation is used in coloring the yellowish shade, which makes the deception difficult about. But the fever reveals the secret, can who knows the real quality of Chesapeake terrapin.

Photographing in Colors.

A Nuremberg inventor has just made public a new and interesting process of printing photographs in colors, which has been patented in Germany, and which is superior to, and cheaper than, the ordinary chromo-lithograph. The inventor secured some excellent results in the ordinary photography in vari-colored plates, but found it complex, and consequently unsuitable for popular criticism. A process consists in exposing six glass plates on glass of a photographic negative of the object to be reproduced with a coloration of five primary tints, including ray and a bottom. These plates are then exposed to the sun's rays in succession, the first plate, and so on until has to be added electricity arising from friction of the ballasters with the air. Thus we have a large number of electrified plates, one for each color and varying by the insulating medium; and these forming, in connection with the surface of the region should, according to Faraday's researches acquire an electric charge equal to the sum of charges of the several spheres. Hence an enormous electric tension in that superficial part, relieved, from time to time, by discharge between the ballasters and the air or the ground.

An English project which has for its sum nothing less than a revolution in the inland transportation of merchandise will probably be brought before Parliament for its sanction during the coming winter. It is not to be carried out by steam or electricity, but by the weight and inherent elasticity of some of the leading shipowners and merchants of Liverpool, who have already raised a large guarantee fund. The project is designated "The Lancashire Fiskway," and, broadly stated, the proposal is to lay out a series of roadways, radiating from Liverpool, to the centres of manufacturing industry in South Lancashire, to carry along these roadways a double set of iron plates corresponding in breadth with the wheels of ordinary wagons, to set the loaded wagons on this smooth plateway, and draw them by steam traction engines to their appointed destination. Passenger traffic is excluded from the scope of the scheme; it is confined entirely to goods, and the anticipation is that it will be possible to carry three at a much lower rate than is now charged by the railway companies.

One of the foreign journals presents a singular statement in regard to Chimborazo altitude.—the Andes, it appears, showing a notable decline. According to this statement, Quito was found by La Condamine in 1748, to be 9,596 feet above the sea; Humboldt, in 1803, could only make 9 570 feet of it, or 26 less; Rosenlagwitz in 1831, was surprised to find the master-summit stow only 9 387 feet; Orton, in 1867, found it reduce to 9 320 feet; and Reiss and Stubel ascertained, as late as 1870, that it had actually shrunk to 9,268 feet. Quite, it seems, but sank 306 feet in 125 years, and Pitchincha 816 feet in the same period. The remarkable feat appears, from deductions, that its center has sunk not less than 426 feet during the last 38 years, and Antisana 165 feet in 64 years.

It Stems.—The dormant energies by oldfog digestion and giving the Liver new life. Zozma (from Brazil) cleanses the system of all impurities. Try a 10 cent sample. †

SCIENTIFIC GOSSIP.

All Sorts of Chit-Chat—Eclipses of the Sun Nov. 10.

Nearly Half-the Size of Goslets by Workmen—Origin of the Dead Sea.

The blood of animals of an herbivorous nature that have been acclimatized in elevated regions has been found by M. P. Bert to be richer in oxygen than the blood of the similar animals inhabiting lands near the level of the sea.

Although the report of the British Military Committee was adverse to the construction of the Channel tunnel, two rival bills to authorize the formation of a tunnel are likely to be presented at the next session of Parliament.

Good yeast can be kept in excellent condition if it is twice well washed with fresh cold hard spring water and then dried and well pressed. This mass is afterward to be well mixed with malt dust and stored in closed jars in ice cellars.

An expedition under the experienced direction of Dr. Fischer is to explore East Central Africa, crossing the Snow Mountains and entering the Galles regions. It has an eye to commerce as well as investigation, and the Hamburg Geographical Society has voted 15,000 marks as a grant in aid.

While examining quinine citrate for an admixture of quinine sulphate, Herr S Rovers observed that lead in presence of ammonium citrate is not precipitated from an alkaline solution by sulphuric acid or an alkaline sulphate. It is, however, completely precipitated by potassium or sodium carbonate.

It is proposed by M. Reon Dru to cut a ship canal on the peninsula of Malacca from the junction of the Pakcham River with the Saona River to Tasin, whence it would follow the Khaeang, or Tapeong, bed to the Gulf of Siam. Its entire length would be only 66 miles, and its estimated cost 100,000,000f.

This is the receipt which M. C. Lorrabee employs in making a dye for sole-leather: Soften hemlock and fifty grammes Paris yellow, 150 grammes chrome yellow, 1,250 grammes pipe clay, 1,000 grammes cudbear, 1,000 grammes alum, 750 grammes sulphuric acid, and 4 litres tragacanth solution.

Engraved wooden blocks for printing books, the mariner's compass and rockets, the manufacture of crystals, and the prototype of the printing press were all known in China in the tenth century. Of these it is the seventh of all known in China in the tenth century. Of these it is the seventh of all known in China in the tenth century. Of these it is the seventh of

SAVE YOUR HANDS

By Doing Your Washing with Churcher's Premier Soap.

By our system a thing is produced, which does not injure or injure the skin, but leaves it soft and pure, which is the characteristic of all soaps we manufacture, and makes it the best and cheapest for general purposes.

We recommend CHURCHER'S WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP for the nursery, bath and toilet. Both these are specially patronized. Made by Thomas Churcher & Co., Steam Soap Works, Chatham street, London.

The Free Press.

Thursday, November 9, 1876.

The Minister.

A wee bit house, o' windows spare,
Wi' desks and forms arranged wi' care.
And let a chiel made me despair—
The Minister.

I mind him weel, his lang black tawse,
The feggiest nair like partan's claws;
A constant tinder mine he was—
The Minister.

His strip, black hair and ruddy nose,
Wi' cheeks as red as cosy rose.
Dreamt that he noppit nuts than brose—
The Minister.

Wast glorious scenes we used to draw
Upon our entrance, wi' ships and a'
Till hooking round, wi' frisket we in'e—
The Minister.

Our days in weary tasks we spent,
One remedy in the air lament;
It wis'na muscle that he kent—
The Minister.

Lest he no'er got in to our head,
Our Greek was a diagnon, he said;
I'm sure we wished that he was dead—
The Minister.

What ingenitimes he used to gie us,
Wi' algebra would vainly prese us,
Till four o'clock would gladly free us—
The Minister.

It's twenty years noo, since that day,
And Time, which loves in airn at play,
Mang other things has nearly swept away—
The Minister.

Noo that holy gaize we hae fa'en' wood
His grabs auld heart would loup for joy,
And for us a' did kindly fool—
The Minister.

TH RUSSIAN BAYARD.

FUNERAL RECOLLECTIONS OF GENERAL SKOBELEFF.

It has been well said that Skobeleff had all the qualities of a dashing, glittering hero call in combination with the humblest of his men. "If you were a private, I'd put a pistol to the head of every man the slightest sign of wavering habit of Scobeleff's when he was in good humor. In a campaign he shared the privations of his men. If he messed with soldier in the ranks, he shirked no hardship which he required them to bear. If they were in want, no luxury was spread on his board. On their part, the men admired his intrepidity and feared his stern discipline. Under such a nature even the fatal-hearted Russian peasant warms. When after a week days' struggle with the snow, the ravines, the precipices of the pass of Hadzidi, exposed to the fierce, incessant fire of seven mush ammunition had to be abandon ed—Skobeff's tired columns emerged on the valley of Tashkessen, and came face to face with Vessel Pasha's army with behind just vic tories when he sold at Pordy, "If Russia dies, she'll die standing."—General Scobeleff rode along the line, informing his men that there was no retreat—that they were left to them—to death, glory, or—after a pause—disgrace. Then he added, "I will lead you, I assure you, I will lead you." And he did lead them to victory. Then, at the head of his regiment, and right nobly did they vindicate their fame. Skobeleff's name became a household word, and continue in danger are already well known to the Western Europe. Let me add one or two. On the day before the assault on the Green hill redoubt at Plevna, I myself with a view of reconnoitering which commanded a view of the Turkish position, and of the ground over which we must advance for the assault. He had from personal inspection made a plan of the ar rangements, making a series of sketches of the enemy's works, the ground leading to them which were to be the objects of attack by each of his battalions. The Turks opened fire on the party of officers, and I think they flew overhead, but suddenly two officers fell mortally wounded near me. One I recognized as a fine young officer of Skobeleff's staff, dressing, and the other as simply clerk the roll of the battalion. Both were dead in a few minutes. Skobeleff had no belief that Russia and England need necessarily come into hostile conflict in Asia. I was with him myself on the plain of the British campaign in Afghanistan, and, discussing the question, he frankly stated that Afghanistan was within not the sphere of Russian conquest, which he recognized was confined to the northern division of the great continent of Asia, and did not extend to India. "But," he added, "had England taken sanitary shelter behind Hindostan, the invasion of Afghanistan under the Beaconsfield and Lytton administrations, and the proceedings which followed, would have been impossible. I, myself, on that campaign, was a volley than which a better could not have been devised to subjugate the independence of Asia. It would throw the Afghans into the arms of Russia." Shortly after he clutched the command of the Afghan campaign.

He seldom spoke on what may be termed the Eastern question. In a speech he said to have been a stanch Imperialist. In other words, he seemed to think that the gains of the Russian arms, adopted for what my friend Professor Ivanhis in his London lectures "international Law," has called the "delegation of power, or interdelegation from the Turkish Empire, methods of government. For the devel opment of Russia he looked to the growth of the Slavonic civilization located on Russian soil. Indeed, and it was this sentiment which led to his hatred of and by a certain section, Slavonic style, Slavonic architecture, Slavonic their organs and the press, have unhesitatingly rejoiced over the death of General Skobeleff, as the removal of a living force which would have excited not only Russia, but the Slavonic world generally, to fight against "Germany and that civilization which Russia can only get from the West. Pantaleiman, as indeed was Mr. Nicholas and by thousands more of the enlightened Slavonic race in Russia, became the champion of nationality. And why in the name of equity should not there be a legitimate Slavonic civilization, if it be right that there should be a Teutonic itself, a Gallic ideal, and even an Anglo-Saxon? And let it be an ideal not less than much of the trouble in Russia during the past two hundred years is due to the misunderstanding of commercial Germanic civilization upon an unwilling Slavonic people. Scobeleff was only giving utterance to the sentiments of the whole of the Russian nation and of the Slavonic race in general, when he declared that he was not always show herself equal to her patriotic ideas in general, and to her Slav role in particular. It is because both within and without she is held in check by a foreign influence. We are not at issue in our own house. The foreigner is everywhere. He has had in everything. We see the dapper air of self-complacency which characterizes the slaves of his power."

Provost Marshal. In one of his letters Skobeleff said that "France and Germany were His two counsellors on the same line of walk, going as full speed as they could, and stood and turned to salute at some point." Skobeleff proves the truth of his forecast. His services were conducted by his friend Cameron. There are three wards in the town, each of which elects three councillors; these, with the mayor, a reeve and two deputies constituting the complete board. In the event of dancer from fire, the town can be defended by two companies, one a cleaner, and its companion a hand engine, in addition to which a hook and ladder bank can be called into requisition should the casualty render it necessary. The fire hall is located on the ground floor of the town hall, a plain, unpretentious, but comfortable brick structure. The educational interests are provided for in a liberal manner, and are under the quiescence of this intelligent age. The schools are all good, substantial structures, while the high school is a credit to the town, being employed to instil its rudiments of learning into the minds of the rising population. The County High School and Model School is located here also, four of the staff being engaged in that department.

A WEALTH OF INDUSTRIES.

In its industrial development Strathroy has attained an advanced position, possessing as it does considerable number of manufactories, through the medium of which an extensive business is carried on and employment given to a large force of persons, both male and female. Perhaps the most extensive establishment is the Strathroy Knitting Factory, in which 150 persons have steady employment. The machinery is run and here complete all varieties of knitted work, and the manufacture of the various goods creates a scene of surprising activity. The hum of the many spindles revolving with lightning rapidity and the deft movements of the operatives as they ply their nimble fingers among the threads form a bewildering combination, fascinating to visit. There are at least a dozen sewing machines in use at the factory, which is a spacious building, but the latter has already ready for occupation a spacious new building of red brick, with cut stone footings, dressings and ornamentation.

THE CHEESE BUSINESS.

A considerable portion of the cheese interest of the West is centred here, it being the headquarters of Mr. L. E. Richardson, "The Cheese King," as he is called, who, with L. H. Cleverdon and a few other buyers, handles an extensive quantity of cheese in the course of a season. The shipments are made frequently, and are generally in liberal quantities, so that this may be denominated one of the leading industries.

MINOR NOTES.

Bee culture also receives attention in a large measure, several fine apiaries being located in this vicinity, the product of which is a great variety of honey in its diverse forms.

The Sarnia branch of the Grand Trunk Railway, which passes through the town, does a large traffic here, the establishment of a freight agency, employing the services of a considerable staff to expedite the handling of the material brought in the public thoroughfares, are kept in such order as to be good, and the business done generally is not only extensive but is highly commendable to the company and constantly increasing.

There is one industry carried on in the town which may, perhaps, be worthy of notice. It is Mack & Sons' brewery, at which a general malting and brewing business is operated. The firm transact a large business, and handle a considerable amount of grain.

Strathroy is also enabled to boast the possession of a fine military band, and as the headquarters of the 25th Battalion have been transferred here, a battalion band will no doubt be established in suitable style.

The hotels are numerous, and appear to be in the receipt of superior custom, at least, such is the external seeming. The stores, with a few exceptions, substantial brick structures, and in one, at any rate—the Queen's—the prices are metropolitan in their range, even though the face furnished be anything but chic-like, or adapted to such inflated prices, that in some instances exceed metropolitan figures.

RURAL ROUNDABOUT RAMBLINGS.

LONDON NORTH.

Average attendance of Maple Grove school for October, 40.

The East Middlesex High School entrance examination will be held at Lucan and London East on Wednesday and Thursday, Dec. 6th and 7th.

Mr. Robson, of Bryanston school, resigns his position at the close of the year, to accept that of Mr. Collins, at Komoka, who has two children, and will support them. She desired to have children placed for a time in the Protestant Home.

Mr. Murray thought would be a desirable innovation to have families and place them in these houses of refuge. He would prefer giving out to the woman in the meantime.

On motion of Ald. Buckle it was resolved to leave the matter in the hands of Ald. Buckle and the Relieving Officer, to grant necessary assistance during the imprisonment of her husband.

Ald. Murray thought that one-fourth of these cases came from Ald. Buckle's ward, which was the richest in the city.

Ald. Shinner thought was bad policy to encourage drunkards in this manner.

COMMUNICATIONS.

An account was read from the Belleville Dead and Dumb Institute in reference to the case of J. M. Green Lewis, stating that there was a balance of $1 60 in his favor, and that an account be granted for the purchase of a coffin for same. On motion it was decided that the sum of $22 be granted, that being the full amount.

The following accounts were passed:—T. O'Callaghan, jailer, $31 07; Mrs. McNeil, wood, $25; Hospital supplies, (being for 5 months) $642 45.

A communication was read from Conon Innes, calling attention to the case of an aged couple named Bowyer, living near the city, and asking that relief be granted. Referred to Ald. Shinner to report.

The Market Clerk reported that the last report he had collected $1,185, and there was still $1,350 due. The market extension was now completed, the only thing being that Nov. 2 and 3 had been left out. Referred to Ald. Buckle and the Market Clerk.

Under the head of the City Engineer, he had not presented his report, having been engaged in the Land Registry Office, and had also gone to the Police Office on calling roast not ready, and it had been withheld. Under Ald. Beer believed the by-law prior to establish the sale of provisions, and he thought it would be necessary to define what meant to be in.

A communication was read from Annie Thompson, stating that she could not pay rent for her shed in the east. Referred to Ald. Shinner to investigate.

Mr. John Stewart made application to have the rent of his stall raised for two months prior to the time previously granted. A reduction of two grants from $10.50 being accepted in lieu of the rent to be charged.

The report was taken up case by case. The clauses in reference to collections, arrears, etc., were passed, as well as the clause having reference to purchase of meat outside the market to be paid on next meeting. In regard to the clause with reference to his sale of meats motion was adopted requesting the Mill Clerk to report to the Committee names of violators of the by-law relating to the sale of meat, in order that the Committee may consider the advisability of cancelling the lease of the parties.

Mr. Mercer, a tenant in basement of Carmel Gordon Market, made application to have a gas jet put in, as it was the only place he was unable to see. Referred to Chairman and Market Clerk.

Thomas Winnett, City Weigh Clerk, made application to have a new pay placed in his position. It was decided to refer the matter to the Chairman, J. Brown and Market Clerk, to bring in a report on same.

Ald. Buckle called attention to the case of Mr. Calling, a woman, who has two children, and is not support them. She desired to have children placed for a time in the Protestant Home.

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Liquor Dealers

Visiting the Fair will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONCAN AND CO.,
350 & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S
Drug Store,
394 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Pure Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Thursday, November 9, 1882

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 5 Wellington street east.

TO EVENING EDITION.

Agents and subscribers of the FREE PRESS are supplied with copies of the Morning Edition to-day, no Evening Edition being published, according to the usual custom on Public holidays.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Thursday, Nov. 9, 1882.

Sun rises ....7.09 | Moon rises ....5.01 a. m.
Sun sets ....4.49 | Moon sets ....2.34 p. m.
Day of the year 313th.
Moon's phases.

Last Quarter	2nd	1.46 p.m.
New Moon	9th	3.30 p.m.
First Quarter	16th	5.55 a.m.
Full Moon	24th	8.55 a.m.

SYNOPTIC WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Nov. 8, 8 a. m.—The pressure continues high and uniform throughout the Continent, accompanied by generally fair weather. For all Canada—Light to fresh winds, fair weather, and not much change in temperature.

BIG YIELD.—Mr. Henry Bennet, 7th concession of Westminster, has one of the largest root crops in the County. He has some 600 bushels of roots off a little over half an acre. Three of the carrots when weighed went 21 lbs., and they weren't the largest either! Hard times.

IMPORTS.—Among consignments for Western merchants which arrived recently at Montreal per steamer Quebec, Quebec and Ontario, were the following:—Jas. Wright & Co., 50 tons pig iron; 450 bdls.; E. Adams & Co., 6 cases; Geo. Lightning Rod Co., 200 bdls.; John Kenistell, 25 cases; Chatham Mfg. Co., 130 lbs. 160 tacs and 1 case; Hobbs, Osborn & Hobbs, 2 pkgs. sdse.

A NOTED LEVARACK SMITER.—Mr. Vicars, of Ottawa, the secretary of the Dominion of Canada Kennel Club, has received a telegram informing him that Dr. Brown, of London, who has been in England for some time on a visit, has succeeded in purchasing for the Club the celebrated Levarack setter "Cossa," being a dog-pupils which won at the last Alexandra Palace Show among the greatest of the dog's pedigree. He has obtained a world-wide reputation, having beaten the most noted setters of the day. An attempt was made to impugn his pedigree, but as a special committee of the English Kennel Club, to whom the matter was referred, upheld the judge's decision, he has been pardoned shooting's figure, it is said, five hundred dollars.

A RAPID INCREASE.—The freight traffic of the Grand Trunk Railway is developing in a most gratifying manner, the increase being chiefly in the goods that require shipping through the freight shed. During the month of October the business was very much greater than in the previous month, necessitating the employment of three additional porters, while the shed itself has been pushed to such an extent that they have realized considerable over-time daily. Messrs. Joseph Miller, Assistant Foreman Engineer, and one of the checkers, Messrs. Johnson and Williams, have taken their departure for the West, whence they will enter the service of the Canada Pacific Railway under Mr. W. Downs, and their places have been given to men employed in the shed, who are deemed worthy of promotion.

THE WRONG SATCHEL AND THE BRAVE WOMAN.—A lively carriage took place last evening on Richmond street, opposite the Arcade. The street car going south, while passing Mannitzy's fruit store at 7 30 p. m., was signalled by a passenger in the car to stop at the crossing, when a gentleman giving his name as Mr. Parker, a commercial traveller, and staying at the Tecumseh House, alighted, carrying in his hand a satchel. He was followed by a woman who carried a valise and an umbrella. The gentleman got but a few steps when she suddenly laid her hand on the gentleman's shoulder, exclaiming, "give me my satchel." He replied, "it is not your satchel; it belongs to my," and was cold, "drop it" at the same time, suiting the action to the word, she dealt him a vicious over the head with her umbrella. He then dodged, and she made a thrust at him with the stick of the umbrella and caught him in the mouth, cutting him and disfiguring his face considerably. She vexed the commercial man, and he struck out from the shoulder. Up to this time the man seemed a little delicate about striking, but apparently could not stand it any longer. It was afterwards discovered that he had taken the woman's valise by mistake. Both were very similar, having brown paper wrappers and leather straps. When he discovered his mistake, he handed the "bag" in exchange for his own, the woman demurred about giving it up, as she didn't know whether it was his or not; being satisfied upon having it opened and examined. The gentleman continued his way through the Arcade, and stabed his location of having he woman arrested for her conduct.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Morris, 216 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools. K71y

Come all who wish white Teeth of pearl,
To set off lips of cherry;
A fragrant Breath for the boy and girl
Who purchase "TRANSPARY." †

BRACE UP—Your system for work. ZOPESA, the new Dyspepsia and Liver remedy, affords elasticity to brakness in correcting the Stomach, Liver, and Kidneys. Sample bottles, 10 cents; large bottles, 75 cents. †

A. J. Brenner, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

SPECIAL ATTENTION.—An agent having lost, mislaid, or left in some store, a small parcel containing several pairs of red sleeves, would feel much obliged by having them returned to the Tecumseh House, as they are of great importance to him as samples. A liberal reward offered. K6s

A lot of new studies, colors, and art material, just arrived per "R. King," from Stevens & Co., at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Every home should have a Gilmore Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. Gilmore Mantle, 197 Dundas street.

STYLISH OUTFITS.

For handsome and elegantly made suits, Robt. Wallace, the Dundas st. Clothier, takes the lead. His new Scotch Suitings and Fall Overcoatings are elegant. His fits are sure, his prices low, and your goods are sure to be finished when promised.—146 Dundas st., nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

☞ *Additional Local News on Third Page.*

'Carpentry and Building" for November is at Bryce's.

A Thanksgiving service will be held in the Memorial Church this evening at 7 30 o'clock.

On Friday last Mr. Thomas Jenkins, of London Township, shipped 100 head of cattle to Montreal.

Wright & Bros. on Tuesday sold to W. Mason & Sons, of Dundas, 2,600 sheepskins, valued at $2 900.

"Chatterbox" for 1882 is a capital compilation of nice things for young folks. Bryce has it.

Mr. James Hutchisons, of St. Thomas, who has been engaged on the Canada Pacific survey, has returned home.

An exchange publishes an article on "The Contents of a Cigarette." The contents embrace almost everything—except tobacco.

The horses that appear to be ridden through the municipal campaign during the coming few weeks are now being groomed.

The officers of the Protestant Orphans' Home desire to thank Mr. T. A. Mitchell for his kind donation of $88 to the institution.

Geo. Donnelly, an apprentice, was arrested yesterday upon a charge of leaving the employment of the McClary Stove Company.

Mr. M. Dewar, agent for Pictoresque Canada, is in the city delivering Nos. 13 and 14 of that periodical to subscribers. He is at the Grigg House.

Prof. Wells, formerly connected with the Woodstock Booster literary institution, has been appointed to take charge of the *Standard* of that place.

Between 400 and 500 scholastics have been entered with Mr. A. S. Abbott, City Clerk, for revision by the County Judge at the Voters' List Revision Court.

Dr. J. S. Niven and his mother arrived from Ireland on Monday night, looking remarkably well, after a pleasant trip. The Dr. brought some fine cattle with him.

Albert Deane, a Parkhill youth, committed to "kill a short time ago for breaking a looking-glass, was sentenced to the Reformatory for five years yesterday by Judge Elliot.

A man named Lyons has been sentenced to the Central Prison for a year by the Stratford Police Magistrate for committing an indecent assault upon Mrs. Margaret Sleeland.

William Mumford and wife were arrested last night for creating a disturbance in a house belonging to Mr. William Pleet, on Clarence street. They were bailed subsequently.

"The Christian Defender," Rev. P. T. Stanford's paper, has reached its second number, and promises to supply a long felt want of the Ammerstburg Regular Baptist Association.

The wood dealers' harvest has begun, but the man who owns the ice cream freezer is on the ragged edge of despair. Tale says that winter has not been feeling around the lap of autumn.

A frost rose of one hundred yards has been arranged to take place at St. Thomas on Tuesday next, for $200 a side, between Bowman, of that place, and a well-known Chatham sprinter.

The brickwork of Mr. George Jackson's new agricultural warehouse, on Ridout street, has been finished and the Union Jack floated from the summit of the building yesterday, indicating its completion.

A large number of citizens left *via* G. W. R. yesterday for various points with the intention of enjoying the holiday in shooting. Several proceeded to Rond Eau, and will pop at the myriads of ducks there.

Fellow Constable Maguire, while coming down town about midnight on Monday, stepped into a cavern on Colborne street, and thereafter did his ankle very severely. He will be off duty for some time with the hurt.

The week of prayer in connection with the Young Men's Christian Associations of Canada and the United States will be held on Sunday next, and the services at Victoria Hall on Sunday night will have special reference to this subject.

The managers of the Protestant Orphans' Home thank the Occupants of Welford sincerely for the donation of $7 90, collected at the anniversary sermon on Sunday last in connection with the congregation. Mr. Thomas Weeds, County Treasurer of East Lambton.

The Hamilton *Spectator* believes that the "*Times* circulated the report about Senator Smith knocking down a priest simply to have its copied into all the Grit journals in the country, knowing at the time that there was not a word of truth in the statement. Pointed and piercing!

It was recently mentioned in these columns that F. K. Macdonald, the blacksmith, (or thief, more properly speaking,) formerly of this city, but latterly of Kincardine, was a native of Inverness, Scotland. A correspondent affirms that he came from a village in the Black Isle, in Rossshire.

It is stated that some evil-disposed person attempted to wreck one of the G. T. R. passenger trains on the London and Elmira Road Division, near Kelly's Siding, on Monday evening, by placing a tie and some planks across the track. The engine pushed the obstructions from the track, and no damage resulted.

Mr. James D. Findlater, of this city, received word from Oakland, California, last evening that his father, Thomas H. Findlater, who left here six years ago, died at the residence of his daughter on the 2nd instant, after a short illness. Deceased resided in London for thirty years, and was well and favorably known to a very large number of citizens.

The remains of the late Duncan McMillan, of Westminster, whose death occurred by an explosion of dynamite while at work on the Canada Pacific Railway some months since, arrived here last evening, and were conveyed to the residence of Mrs. McMillan by Mr. John Ferguson, undertaker. The body was enclosed in a metallic casket. The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Edward Talbot, of London Township, was arrested yesterday by Constable Mullen upon a charge of breaking a lock and doing damage to the property of one George Davidson, but gave bail for his appearance before Squire Hannah at Hodge & Pope's office on Friday. Talbot states that Davidson had two cows and a horse impounded from him on which to raise a crop, and that after the crop was taken off on one cow and the Davidson's lease of the property had terminated, and drove his cattle across the fence. Davidson caused a lock and chain to be put at the gate, which Talbot broke, thus constituting the offence.

MISSIONARY COMMITTEE, METHODIST CHURCH.—The Committee resumed labors at 9 a. m. at Strathroy yesterday, and proceeded to the further distribution of the Missionary Fund. The amount granted to each missionary was on the following basis:—Married minister, $350; single ordained minister, $325; single unordained preacher, $275. The funds at disposal enabled the Committee to make appropriations in harmony with the above basis, deducting 10 per cent. Mr. Donally, of Sussex, was elected as representative to the Central Board of Missions. The Committee completed their work by noon, when the Conference Special Committee assembled for transaction of business. The business was not of general interest to the public, and only detained the Committee for about an hour.

A COMPLETE OUTFIT.—The numerous friends of Mr. Alex. B. Rowe, formerly an esteemed resident of London West, but now of Brandon, Manitoba, will be glad to hear that he is meeting with the success which his energy and perseverance so justly merits. He is on a visit to this city at the present time, and yesterday purchased a complete undertaker's outfit from Mr. J. Kilgour. The hearse, caskets, etc., will be shipped to Brandon at once. They cost in the neighborhood of $2,000. Mr. Rowe is a brother of Mr. Amos Rowe, of the Wesleyan, *Times*, and like him, is making his mark in the North-west. His many acquaintances in Ontario will rejoice to hear of his good fortune.

THE NATIONAL THANKSGIVING.

Ancient and Modern Ways of Celebrating the Festival.

The "Intellectual Turkey" to be "Carved" by Londoners.

Ancient records show that the custom of appointing thanksgiving periods and services was common at a very early date, and among nearly all nations. Some New Englanders believe that the custom originated amongst the Pilgrim Fathers, and has been handed down from their time, altered to suit the different peoples, and adopted almost universally, but at the time of their leaving England the national thanksgiving was duly and appropriately observed at the end of the harvest. England has always been the home, so to say, of these old rites and festivals, which exist to a larger extent in that country yet than in almost any other, and there is very little doubt that this most essential part of our natural religion has come to Canada from that country. The idea of Thanksgiving Day is as old as the human race, and in connection with the fruits of the earth the festival has been celebrated from the remotest antiquity. In 1760 there was a Thanksgiving Day observed in England for the conquest of Canada, and the records of the many British victories by sea and by land show special days set apart to commemorate and render thanks for them. The special service appointed in the Prayer Book shows the hold the custom has taken upon the English people.

In this favored land, with peace longcontinued and remarkable immunity from plagues and pestilence, and the bountiful harvests which it has pleased God to bestow, it is most appropriate that the nation's voice should be raised to Him in humble acknowledgment of such signal bounty and mercies. The observance of the day is almost universal, and, coming as it does, in the midst of a long spell of work, it affords a welcome relief to the toiling millions.

The season of the year on which it falls is a peculiarly favorable one to those who look on the day in a different light. The glorious Canadian fall weather offers splendid opportunities for out-excursion in the woods, and in a season when game is plentiful sportsmen congregate in numbers and the spoils are made public in great quantities. One portion side of the subject is the large number of outdoor sports and games which Thanksgiving goes by without the zest many of numerous violent deaths to chronicle, amongst inexperienced sportsmen, and every community has its history of promising young men meeting an untimely end by this means. This is a sad thing, and should be well pondered over by all who purpose taking an outing with the guns. Too much caution cannot be observed in handling the guns, and the price to be paid for carelessness may be the sacrifice of a life, suffering illness, or oppressive remorse for the injury done to some loved companion.

The social privileges of the day are very great. With the scattered state of the people, the facilities for moving around could not be better, and there is not the farmer's cold to contend with which is one of the chief drawbacks to a holiday in the winter. And the riches of the earth are never more gaudily and gorgeously spread then at this season of the year. The magnificent forest scenery of Canada—unsurpassed probably in the world—assumes its bright and varied tints, and the beginning of that mysterious change and decay which is of yearly occurrence adds new lustre alike to the giant and pigmy of the woods.

In the different churches the services for the day are generally of an impressive nature, the utmost simultaneous charges of elegance and decay being used to illustrate the briefness of man's life—"He cometh up and is cut down"—and to point out the true consolation to life and death. White thanks are rendered where due for the prosperity and plenty which reigns in the land, the duty of those so highly favored to share their bounty with the poor and needy, and to aid in sending the Gospel to foreign lands will doubtless be pointed out.

In all the Episcopal churches of the city services will be held at 11 a. m., and in the Roman Catholic churches at about the same time.

A Union Thanksgiving of nearly all the other Denominations will be held at 11 o'clock in the St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Queen's avenue. A sermon suitable to this service will be divided equally between the Protestant Orphan's Home and the Working Boy's Home, and the Women's Christian Association. Addresses will be delivered by Revs. Les. Gaetz, W. H. Hunt, J. Ferrie, J. A. Murray, and others.

A Thanksgiving supper will be held in the London West Canada Methodist Church. Some excellent music will be given by the choir, and Rev. Mr. McGillivray and others will address the meeting.

In the Lecture room of the Congregational Methodist Church a musical and literary entertainment will be given under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society. A first-class programme has been prepared, which will be rendered by the choir and some of the leading amateurs of the city.

Major Meredith will take the chair at the parlor entertainment to be given by the Oddfellows in their Hall. The programme will be promoted to an able manner by Prof. P. M. Ball-Smith and a number of talented lady and gentlemen amateurs.

A tea meeting will be given in the Primitive Methodist Church, King street, and in saying that this promises to be as successful and pleasant an affair as any of its predecessors, is the very highest recommendation it can give.

The Thanksgiving tea in the Dundas Street Red Church, by Ladies' Aid Society, will be a pleasant entertainment. A good programme has been provided.

A football match will be played, weather permitting, on Tecumseh Park, between the London and Hamilton clubs during the afternoon. A game of some note of any interest may be expected.

Arrangements have been made for turkey shooting matches at Jerry McDaniel's hotel, and at the Eastern Hotel, on the Hamilton Road.

If the weather is as fair as it gives promise of being, there will be a number of sports and games, as well as athletic contests in the open air.

A Farewell Presentation.

Mr. Joseph Miller to Made the Recipients of a Handsome Testimonial.

Another enterprising young Londoner has concluded to seek his fortune in the Prairie Province, Mr. Joseph Miller, who has for some time occupied the position of solicitor at the G. T. R. freight house here. Prior to his departure for Winnipeg he was entertained by a number of his friends to a farewell supper at Frank Campbell's restaurant last evening. A pleasant time was passed, and in the course of the evening Mr. Millar was made the recipient of an elegant walnut bedside ornament and Bracket Lamp, accompanied by the following address:—

To Mr. Joseph Miller.

SIR,—Having learned that you have finally decided to sever your connection with the great Grand Trunk Railway here, we have invited you to this select party that we may extend to you with a tangible token of our respect and esteem for you. While you have been noted for your fidelity and faithfulness as an employe you have also won our esteem and affection by your genial good nature and constant endeavor to give satisfaction to all. We are sorry that you are leaving us, but cheerfully bid you "God-speed," well knowing that you believe it to be your duty to accept the new positions offered you in a distant part of this great Dominion. Be pleased, therefore, to accept this card case, and wear them as a remembrance of friends left behind. Along with them we present you with all sorts of good wishes, and we sincerely trust that you may be spared a long life of great usefulness. In the name of a few city merchants and friends.

Mr. Miller replied briefly, thanking them for the gift, which he would ever cherish. He leaves for his new home to-morrow.

MENTALLY DERANGED.—Mrs. Roughly, mother of Mrs. George Roughly, of Westminster, near Clark's Bridge, and aged about 80 years, arose about two o'clock yesterday morning and wandered about three miles into the township, where she was found in a fence corner during the forenoon. She had a rope tightly drawn around her neck, and the supposition is that while laboring under mental aberration she attempted to take her life by the means stated. She was very scantily clothed, and suffered much from the exposure.

LOCAL LEGAL NOTE.—At the Oxford Assizes, held at Woodstock yesterday, the first case tried was that of Turner vs. Lucas —a suit between two Hamilton horses to see who was to get the proceeds of the estate of one A. O'Connor, of Ingersoll. Judgment was given for defendant. Macbeth, Q. C., for plaintiff; Gibbons (London) for defendant.

A city physician says hot drinks are more healthy than cold drinks. The information is timely, right on the eve of winter.

A LARGE STOCK
—OF—
Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Shaving Brushes,
And Other Toilet Requisites,
JUST RECEIVED BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
DRUGGIST,
188 DUNDAS STREET.
Prescriptions Carefully Dispensed.

POLICE COURT DOINGS

Square Peters, Acting P. M., Presiding

The following cases were disposed of at the Police Court yesterday morning:—

Margaret Galvin was charged with assaulting John Lynch, but complainant failed to prove his case and the charge was dismissed, costs about being ordered to pay the costs, $2.55 before 4 o'clock in the afternoon with the alternative of eight days in jail.

John Barns stood up to explain why he had become drunk and disorderly, and, as he failed to do so satisfactorily, he was fined $4 and $4.10 costs. In default, he went down for 21 days.

Robert Manley, the irresponsible, was charged by his wife with having been drunk and disorderly, and was fined $4 and $4.10 costs, or 21 days. A second charge of neglecting to support his family was remanded for one week.

Barney Kelly, an old pensioner, had yielded to the seductive influences of rye, and was requested to contribute $4 and $4.10 costs or to imagine in Gaoler Fysh's keeping for 21 days. This treatment displeased Barney, and he expressed his feelings in a somewhat profane manner. As the result of this exhibition of feeling he was committed for ten days for contempt of court.

John Nelson, who was brought from Kingston by the Chief during the night, was charged with deserting his wife, but the woman expressed a desire to remain with Nelson, and after an off-the-record interview left the court to obtain bail for her recreant spouse.

John Burns, for assaulting one Grove, went down for 30 days, in default of a fine of $4.

The charge of fraud preferred against T. H. Marmite, the Pittsburg bank clerk, by the Federal Bank was withdrawn, and the prisoner discharged. The solicitors state that Marmite was arrested simply on suspicion, and that as there was not sufficient evidence to convict it was necessary to discharge him.

M. Gow, Winnett & Moore were charged with a breach of the liquor law, and in the absence of the owner Squire Gunn occupied the bench with Squire Peters. The officer was called to conduct with which he is charged is that of having their bar-room open, but they claim that they are allowed by the statute to open their bar-room for the purpose of procuring liquor for guests, and propose to test the question in the courts. The magistrates failed to agree.

EXTENSIVE STOCK SALE.

Geary Bros., of London Township, Dispose of their Entire Stock.

Among the prominent stock raisers of this section, who are contributing through their enterprise to create an improvement in the breeding of cattle, Geary Bros., of London Township, have assumed a leading place. They are at present making a still further improvement of fine stock, by the addition of a large number of Polled Aberdeen or Angus cattle. Twenty-four animals due to-day and will be released on the 7th of December. Eighty are now in quarantine at Quebec and will be released on the 7th of December. Eighty are now in quarantine at Quebec and will be released on the 7th of December. Eighty are now in quarantine at Quebec

LING & CO
ers and Marketers,
ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF MALT
Under Ales, XXX Porter
DRUGHT LAGER.
& HALF,
ndidly the smallest profession
for publication.

Married.
Nov. 15, at the residence of Henry, by the Rev. Mr. Sanderson, of the Sandwich of London, to Miss ney, of this city.
at the residence of the bride Stinson to Mary Jane M. Jean, Rev. Gleason.
at the residence of Charles Merchant, Mr. George Dr., Ohio, to Miss Pinkney, Wis.
Died.
on youngest daughter of Gen. of West Missouri, onths and 27 days.

EVENTS
ARE ON COMPLI-
ent Victoria Hall. Ad-
ssion, 50cts. Tea
ance House, 72 Dundas
Klidh
SONG BY MISS
ll orchestral accompani-
Land," sung by Miss
artiste and pianc, by
M. Wille Barron.
Klidh
TEAR A WHITE
y Miss Lizars; "The
H. Collen, at the Barron
Klidh
M GOUNOD'S
phony, by Mrs. C. Gi-
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NUM - LONDON
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CHANCES.
this heading one cent
BUSINESS FOR
other being about to
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ddress Benjamin Bamford
with a first-class "grocery"
trade.—Address "Grocer," Box
Klde
INE BUSINESS FOR
best stand in the city; suitable for
or other mechanic to work.
Apply at this office.
Klidh
AYED OR STOLEN.
heading one cent
STRAYED OR STOLEN
premises of G. W. Bartlett, Lon-
Any one returning her to Mr.
Bartlett, will be
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The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8323

LEATHER BELTING
I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agent in London for JOHN G. McLAREN'S OAK-TANNED LEATHER BELTING.
Full stock kept on hand, and guaranteed equal to the best American belting sold cheaper.
T. Herbert Marsh
IN DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Dr. R. G. Edwards and Dr. Jas. Macarthur will, by mutual consent, be dissolved on November 30th inst.
Dr. Edwards removes to his new office, No. 169 Dundas street, over Fitzgerald & Scandrett's store, and Dr. Macarthur retains the old office, corner Maitland and Dundas streets. All persons indebted to the said firm will please call and settle their accounts.
Klde3d

SITUATIONS VACANT.
Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.
A TRAVELLING AGENT TO take orders for tea. A pushing man, who can give security, may have a good position the year 'round.—TORONTO TEA CO., Market lane, London. Klde
A PARCEL BOY WANTED. APPLY to PATRICK & McDONALD. Klde
BLACKSMITH WANTED IMMEDIATELY, accustomed to country work. None but a good hand need apply to RICHARD ARMSTRONG, Hyndman P.O., Ont. Kidv-w
WOOD-WORKER WANTED AT S. TURNER'S Carriage Works, Talbot st. Kitv
WANTED—A GOOD STEAM Fitter and a stout boy. Apply at E. Harris & Co., Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters, 324 Dundas St. Klde

SITUATIONS WANTED.
Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.
SITUATION AS NURSE WANTED, Good references.—Apply, 250 Queen street. Kidv
SERVANTS WANTED.
CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO, good, to wait on table, and one first-class housework girl, at Hotel in city; wages $3 per week. First-class wages will be given. Apply to S. FRASER, Glencoe, Ont. Jlo6z
FREE! FREE! FREE!—GIRLS found situations free of charge. I have over 100 situations for girls. Hotel help in great demand. Orders filled on short notice. Male help wanted for city and country.—J. Osborn's Intelligence Office, 88 Dundas st.
SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE. —Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters, best in city; only 10c. Coffee House Market Square.—R. COTTLE. Jlo6y
TO GO TO WINNIPEG — A middle-aged woman, as general servant. Apply to Mrs. BROOK, 79 Albert street. Klde
WANTED — 75 GOOD SERVANTS, 4 housemaids, 1 cook, 3 kitchen girls, 15 dining-room girls, 1 girl by the day, 2 waiters, 12 in-door labourers.—Dennon's Intelligence Office 89 Dundas St.

MISCELLANEOUS.
DAYTON'S DANCING ACADEMY, Hamilton's Block, Dundas street. Class for gentlemen, Monday night at 8. Thursday afternoon at 2. Children, Saturday afternoon at 2. Private lessons given at my studio Store.—GEO. DAYTON, Teacher. Jlo6y
MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and check, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Society work in the best cut of type.
MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or office of EDWARD HARRIS. Lfidv
MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at 393 Dundas street (fifth house from Richmond street, east side), by W. G. MORTIMER, Bfidw
NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE ENQUIRY and Collection Agency, 43 Brock Chambers, Richmond st. Only reliable collection agency for north. Rfidly

HARDWARE.
CHRISTMAS GOODS.
Just received, an immense assortment of FANCY POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY AND A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF PLATED WARE.
HOBBS, OSBORNE & HOBBS, Waterloo Buildings, Richmond street.

MEDICAL.
DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., London, England. Office and residence, No. 8 Victoria Street, Toronto. Blood diseases a specialty.
DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. HARVEY TERRACE, 443 Talbot st., London.
DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street (entrance, Surgeon of the R.N. Reserve, can be consulted at Queen's Hotel, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Queen's Hotel, Liddy
EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. L. D. G. NELLES, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, has removed from Port Dover to 3 p.m. Sunday. It is impossible that any connection with the Westpinble.

Egyptian Affairs.
London, Nov. 16.—A Constantinople cable says Russia has offered to the Porte to take the initiative in demanding an early assembling of a European conference on affairs in Egypt.
A despatch has been received from the British agent at Khartoum, stating that El Mahdi had met with reverses and that one of his lieutenants had been captured and hanged. That this refers to an earlier period of the struggle is found in a telegram just received from the Governor of Khartoum. He describes the situation as one of exceeding gravity. His authority does not extend beyond the walls of the town, and he adds that even within these limits the majority of the population is disaffected and ripe for insurrection. He further states that he has no troops available for opposing the enemy in the field. From the complaints made by the foreign consuls at Cairo of inaccurate reports sent them by their agents at Khartoum, it is sufficiently evident that the local authorities there have succeeded in keeping the foreign representatives in ignorance of the extent of the disasters which have befallen the Egyptian forces, and that the same policy has been pursued by the Egyptian Government until the truth was revealed by private letters, when further concealment was no longer possible. The difficulties of transportation and supply in the event of a movement of troops for the pacification of the Soudan are simply enormous, and the Government has no adequate force at its command for such a purpose.

The Spanish Crisis.
London, Nov. 16.—A correspondent at Madrid says:—The sufferings of the nation from civil wars, pronunciamentos and succeeding periods of exhaustion and depression, are too recent to have been forgotten. Even those remote in the nation is opposed to Serrano's movement. The prince adds her fools it is his duty, as well as his policy, to resolutely oppose the movement in the almost certain event of its success.
Madrid, Nov. 16.—*El Liberal* states that Marshall Serrano declared yesterday that he would accept a compromise with the Ministerialists if a basis of understanding is offered by them with his political friends to whom he left perfect freedom of action.

The Joyce Murder Trial.
Dublin, Nov. 16.—The trial of Casey was resumed to-day. The court-room was almost empty. The opponents, Phillips and Thomas Casey, were jointly to Patrick Casey's party, who visited Joyce's house by the prisoner's command. The approver Casey stated that two men, Kelly and Roe, were authors of the whole plot for the murder of the Joyce family. At this time the court was crowded. The evidence caused a sensation.

The Collision in the Channel.
London, November 16.—The officer who commanded the boat sent in search of the steamer which collided with the Westphalia says the boat came by a Channel pilot at Tuesday cannot have been his. It may have been one belonging to the sunken steamer.
The agents of the Red Star Line at Philadelphia have received the following from Antwerp:—"The steamship Nederland passed Dover at 3 a. m. Sunday. It is impossible that she had any connection with the Westphalia.

Egyptian Affairs.
London, Nov. 16.—A despatch to the Times from Cairo says:—"The cholera is increasing with fearful rapidity. Over 200 deaths occurred in various parts of the country, and there have been several wrecks on the west coast and some loss of life.

Attacked by a Mob.
London, Nov. 16.—A party of armed police escorted a magistrate's bears at Mogilan, Castle Island, yesterday, and took two guns.

Theatre Burned.
Perth, November 16.—A theatre at Grove Bockrank was partly destroyed by fire to-night. Many persons were injured.

CABLE BRIEFITIES.
It is understood that France is negotiating with Russia for the rescinding of the extradition treaty, the object being to capture Prince Kropotkine, the Russian Nihilist, who is said to be at the bottom of the anarchist agitation in France.
French imports for the past two months, compared with the same period of 1881, show an increase of 75,000,000 francs, and the exports an increase of 125,000,000 francs.
Frederick Gretton, owner of Fernandez, Gretton, and other well-known rose horses, is dead.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Seven People Killed by the Fall of a Roof
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The Mormons.
Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 16.—Over one hundred Mormon converts left this morning for a colony in Colorado. They are from all the Southern States. The church has seventy missionaries in the South, and are gaining converts rapidly.

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Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—At the Abolitionists Pleasure Club, this morning, a melee occurred. Over one hundred men participated, and knives and pistols were freely used. Thomas Dugan was seriously, and Thomas Wheeden and James Doyle fatally stabbed.

Brother and Sister Drowned.
Windom, Minn., November 16.—A son of Rev. Gleason, broke through the ice on Dudleian River, yesterday while skating and was drowned. His sister ran into a house nearby and gave an alarm. She went back to the river and was in after her brother and was also drowned.

A Fatal Test.
New York, Nov. 16.—A water-bower, being tested in Rickery Park this morning in presence of the Fire Commissioners, overturned. The pipe struck and killed an unknown man. George Seaver will also be fractured, and he will probably die. John Hutton, a boy, was slightly injured.

The Grangers.
Indianapolis, Nov. 16.—In the National Grange to-day, reports were made showing the Grange to be growing in membership and influence in various shapes. The Master of the Dominion Grange of Canada stated that there were over eight hundred Granges in Canada, with a membership of forty thousand. They had secured legislation favorable to the farming interests, which established an Agricultural College on experimental farm and increased educational facilities for the people.
A Train Breaks in Two While Ascending a Mountain.
Little Rock, Nov. 16.—Last night, as an extra freight train on the St. Louis & Iron Mountain Railway was ascending Hagen's Mountain, it broke in two. The rear portion descended the mountain at sixty miles an hour. The engine which had been pushing the train started back, but was soon overtaken and completely wrecked. The engineer, seeing the danger, had increased his speed to forty miles an hour. The engineer, fireman and brakeman were injured.
A Detroit Church Scandal.
Detroit, Nov. 16.—Last month the Rev. Dr. Stocking, of Grace Episcopal Church, Detroit, sent a note of excommunication to H. P. Wetmore, for slandering him. The Young Men's association of the church gave the matter a thorough investigation, and requested Mr. Wetmore to appeal to Bishop Harris which he has done. The statements made by Wetmore are understood to have been in regard to Stocking's relations with the fair sex.

The Wheat Trade.
Chicago, Nov. 16.—The majority of the Board of Trade Committee fixed the value of No. 2 wheat, Sept. 30th, at $1.02. The minority report adversely, but fix no price. The closing price for the last day of September was $1.07 to $1.08.
New York, Nov. 16.—The grain trade of the produce exchange have adopted the following:—State white wheat shall be sound, dry, well cleaned and free from damaged or sprouted wheat. State white wheat is intended to include New York State wheat.

Imperial Parliament
London, Nov. 16.—In the House of Commons, Dodson (Liberal), asked whether, in the working of the Arrears of Rent Act, the Government would not introduce a bill postponing the payment of arrears due Nov. 1, 1883 [Note omitted under the Act.]
Gladstone replied it would be difficult to amend the Act this session, but the Government would do its best to prevent the improvident intention of Parliament being defeated.
Gladstone stated there are hopes of securing most, if not all, the persons implicated in the murder of Prof. Palmer and party.
The third rule of procedure was agreed to without division.
Trevelyan informed Tottenham that the Irish Government suspended Mansfield, resident magistrate, who would be removed to another district, owing to his serious interference in arresting Matthew Harris, recently, at Newbridge, county Galway.
The debate on the closure was resumed. The fourth rule was passed.
On the speaker's putting the fifth rule, that the speaker or chairman of committee may call attention to continued irrelevance or tedious repetition on the part of a member, and may direct him to discontinue his speech. Churchill moved an amendment, intended to render the rule inapplicable to chairman of committees.
Gladstone said he hoped the amendment would not be pressed, but he admitted the cases in which chairmen of committees were selected was too offhand, considering the dignity of the office. It was desirable that a more suitable process of selection should follow as a sequel to these procedure rules.
Churchill withdrew his amendment, and the fifth rule was adopted.

An Austro-Russian War.
Perth, Nov. 16.—The Report of the Committee on the Foreign Office Budget was presented in the Delegations to-day. The Committee expressed conviction that an Austro-Russian war was nearer or later inevitable. The Budget was thereupon adopted. A speech was made by Falke, a prominent member of the Reichsrath, against a great committee. It was a long extortionate one. Falke urged that to avoid anything calculated to bring on war. It is evident Floquet possesses weighty information regarding the relations of Austria with Russia.

The Distress in Ireland.
London, Nov. 16.—At a meeting of Parnellites this evening, Parnell was requested to ask Trevelyan, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in the House of Commons on Monday, what steps the Government had proposed to take to alleviate the distress in Ireland.

Disastrous Floods.
Paris, November 16.—Extensive floods occurred in various parts of the country. There have been several wrecks on the west coast and some loss of life.

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Mrs. Scoville's Case.
Chicago, Nov. 16.—Mrs. Scoville's case of alleged insanity came before Judge Lowell yesterday morning upon the motion for a new brief, and the hearing was continued until Saturday morning. The counsel said he had a dispatch from her in Canada, saying she intended to be here, but missed the train. Mr. Scoville said that she always missed a train when about she had missed the train to go to her father's funeral. Further reasons he would produce a letter showing she did not intend to return, and that she was now practicing the same deception which had marked her conduct toward him for years. Judge Lowell said he did not feel like granting a new trial with her in Canada, because it would prevent the petitioner from exercising his rights if she did not return. He would not continue the case again beyond Saturday if she did not appear, but would then make the final order in the case.

A Subterranean Fire.
Trenton, N. J., Nov. 16.—A subterranean fire is eating its way through several acres of land, threatening to undermine several large buildings of the New Jersey Steel and Iron Company. It smokes like a volcano. An iron bar thrust down in several places, to a depth of twelve feet was pulled out red-hot each time. At night long stretches of the river are aglow with fire. Many years ago the Company began to dump furnace refuse on the bank and covered six or seven acres. Cinders were often dumped while red hot. There is enough coal in the refuse to afford food for a slow fire. Indications of fire four months ago were not heeded. Workmen are digging trenches into which water will be poured between buildings and the heated ground.

Fatal Boiler Explosions.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 16.—The boiler of an engine at a steam mill, twelve miles from this city, exploded yesterday, killing three negro men.
Clarksville, Nov. 16.—A boiler in Pope Rendel & Co.'s picture frame manufactory burst this afternoon, causing a panic among the occupants of the upper stories of the five-story building. The building was not on fire, and the floor above the engine was blown to pieces, and a portion of the wall blown out. Louis Meyer, helper, was thrown into the street and fatally injured. Five others were injured in a lesser degree.

Abandoned on an Ice Floe.
San Francisco, Nov. 16.—Captain Logan, of the whaler Rolando, and his mate Frederick Cousens, have been bailed in $1,500 each for abandoning a sailor on an ice floe in the Arctic. The men allege their vessel was chasing a whale the second mate's boat was upon a floe and steve a hole in the bow. A gun, used for shooting whales, went off, and Edward Lee wounded. Instead of lodging the man, who they believe was alive, the men, under the second mate's order, left him on the floe. When the boat returned to the ship the third officer volunteered to go for Lee, but was not allowed.

A Red Crowd.
Washington, Nov. 16.—The agent at Flathead Agency, Montana, informs the Indian Bureau that 7,600 laborers on the new Northern Pacific Railway are approaching the agency, accompanied by a crowd of gamblers, fakirs and portable saloons. The agent was instructed that whisky dealers must be kept out, and that troops will carry the order into effect.

Yellow Fever.
Pensacola, Nov. 16.—Five new cases of yellow fever were reported to-day, causing some trepidation among absentees who returned.

AMERICAN BRIEFITIES.
A man named Aslag was frozen to death near Walcott, Dak., Wednesday night.
The Court House at Anderson, Tex., has been burglarized, and all the election returns stolen.
A Matamoras despatch says a revolution any uprising is reported in Lamanlipas and Nuavo Leon.
J. B. Tinsley, a Knoxville stock trader, received a forged note to a bank at Cleveland, Tenn., yesterday, and when discovered shot and killed himself.
A train on the West Wisconsin Railroad, thirty-nine miles west of Eau Claire, ran into another train on Wednesday evening. Fifteen freight cars were burned, with a car-load of horses. Loss, $75,000.
Operators of the coal mines in Massillon, Akron and Mahoning districts will not concede the advances demanded by the miners. They say they have plenty of coal on hand, and prices are too high as it is.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Silver Discoveries in the Canadian Northwest.
Duluth, Minn., November 16 —Glowing reports are received of the rich discoveries of silver ore twelve miles east of Pigeon River, on the Canadian side. It is said lucky places of almost pure native silver were lately picked from the surface of the vein.

A Bigamist.
Woodstock, Nov. 16.—Hugh McKenzie was a witness in a case tried here Monday. To break down his reliability as a witness, two women were brought into court and confronted him. He was asked if he had married them both. He at once collapsed, as he could not deny the fact. He was therefore indicted for bigamy, and his case will come before the Grand Jury now sitting.

The Halifax Horror.
Halifax, Nov. 16.—Men are at work digging among the ruins at the Poor House to recover the remains of victims. Two more bodies, or rather the charred remains of bodies, have been got out, but of course not past recognition. Daniel Mahar, one of the sick men removed from the Asylum during the fire, has since died. It is thought his death was hastened by exposure in removal.

Found Drowned.
St. Catharine's, Nov. 16.—The body of Wm. Rhynas was found this evening in the canal. He was aged about seventy, and had been missing since Tuesday afternoon. He was last observed sitting on the top timber of one of the bridges which cross the opening to the supply level, between lock 5 and 6. It was near this place the body was found. It is supposed he lost his balance and fell into the canal.

A Village Cleaned Out by Burglars.
Tottenham, Simcoe County, Nov. 16.—This village was visited by a gang of professional burglars last night. From appearances this morning they commenced operations in the store occupied by Brown Bros., merchants, and G. E. Read, druggist, whom they obtained clothing, silks, revolvers and jewelry, estimated at the value of $250. Each have safes, but on account of the adjacent residences they were not tampered with. They then seemed to have furnished themselves with a sledge hammer and crowbar from a blacksmith shop and proceeded to the T. S. & E. W. Railway station, where they drilled the safe and put powder in it and blew it to atoms, obtaining about $145. They then went to the banking establishment of Messrs. Bostock & Co., and obtained admittance by breaking the door, and, as could be seen by the marks on the safe door, tried to drill it. Failing in this they broke off the combination, and from the quantity of fuse and burned matches found in the bank, no doubt tried to blow it up also. They then stole a hand-car, which was found in a swamp fifteen miles south of here this morning, and made their escape. Detectives are already touching the matter. No doubt the brave burglars will be in the hands of the law before long.

MONTREAL.
Montreal, Nov. 16.—Hon. Mr. Chapleau arrived here to-day from England, via New York. He does not seem to have improved by his trip, and looks very delicate. He is ordered south for the winter.
A colored man named John Hamilton has been arrested here for bigamy. His first wife has come here from the States to prosecute him.
Michael Curtis, one of the scoundrels who assaulted Mr. Sandor for rescuing a young girl from his grasp, was sentenced to $50 fine or three months' imprisonment.
Counsel for the local Protestant raised preliminary objections in the election petition against him to-day, but the Court dismissed them as untenable, and ordered the case to proceed.
The stock market was strong and buoyant this afternoon, when a general advance occurred.

TORONTO.
Toronto, Nov. 16.—The stock market was decidedly varied to-day.
J. Ira Standen, a carpenter, and Thomas Buckley, a cigarmaker, were arrested to-day, charged with breaking into Dalley's furnishing store, on York street.
An action has been entered in the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice against the corporation of Toronto. The plaintiffs are lessees or owners of lands abutting on the Esplanade. They claim that, owing to the Grand Trunk tracks laid on the Esplanade, they have no proper access from the city to their property. Its wr has been served on the Mayor.
Mr. McKenzie, President of the Sugar Manufacturing Company, of New York, is now prospecting for a site for a Canadian factory.
An important meeting of the city physicians was held to-night, when it was decided to establish, under the auspices of the Toronto Medical Society, a dispensary for general and special cases.
Trinity College convocation took p this afternoon, when honorary degrees were conferred upon the Bishops of Toronto and Algoma and the Dean of Montreal.

CANADIAN BREVITIES.
The appearance of Mrs. Langtry at Montreal has been arranged for.
L. Vacque, the Turtle Mountain murderer, has been acquitted, and a new trial will be held in February.
About $6,000 additional subscriptions the Knox College endowments have been sent in within the past week.
Thirty-five Kingston merchants lost goods by the burning of the express car on the G. T. R. near Leicester on Wednesday.
The colored boy Humbyrd, accused of having broken fired the furniture factory of Hay & Co., Woodstock, has been committed for trial.
It is understood that legal measures are about to be taken to test the validity of the Montreal City Council's grant in aid of the Canadian Pacific Railway depot.
The house of Mr. Morris Allen, near Eldorado, Haldimand township, was entered by burglars Tuesday night, and $100 in cash and some valuable papers stolen. No clue.
The reports respecting the probability of an early session of Parliament are contradicted. The session, it is now said, will open at or about the usual date in February.
It is understood that the local elections in Manitoba will take place immediately before Christmas. The campaign has already opened, and Conservative meetings are being held in the various sections of the capital.

DISASTER ON THE CANADA SOUTHERN
A Collision Between Two Freight Trains — One Car Burned and a Number Broken — Two Men Injured.
St. Thomas, Nov. 16.—About 2 o'clock this morning a freight train standing on the main line of the Canada Southern, which could not get into the yard, was run into by an incoming freight at full speed. A freight car caught the engine, took fire and was burned. The engine also with some ten or twelve cars were badly wrecked. The car which was burned was loaded with canned goods and will be a total loss. Harry Oaks, the fireman, was badly injured, but probably will recover. Richard Sinnett, fireman of the car shops, was struck by a break while clearing the track and badly hurt. Traffic was delayed but a short time.

DISASTER ON EAST RIVER
A Barge Run Into by a Steamer and Sunk.
Two Women, Three Children and Two Deck Hands Drowned.
New York, Nov. 16.—While the barge Signal, with seven hundred barrels of sugar, was being towed down East River this evening she was run into opposite Williamsburg Ferry by the steamer City of Worcester and a large hole stove in her side. The steamer was slightly injured and proceeded on her way, while the barge was taken in the direction of the Brooklyn navy-yard. There were on board Capt. Taylor, his mother, wife and three children and two deck hands. The barge filled rapidly and sank, but owing to the darkness it was found difficult to distinguish objects in the water. Hearing cries for help, they were followed up and Capt. Taylor was rescued. His mother, wife, three children and deck hands were nowhere to be seen, having evidently been carried to the bottom by the barge. The river was searched but to no purpose. The cause of the accident was not learned.

A FIENDISH FEMALE
Strips her Two-year-old Child Naked and Rouses it on a Red-hot Stove.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 16.—Martha Robinson (colored) boiled a stove red-hot, stripped the clothing from her child, aged two years and a-half, and laid it on its back on top of the stove. After it was also took the child off, carried it to a factory near by and laid it in a hallway, where the officers found it. The woman was arrested. She says she wanted to get rid of the child. It will die.

BLOODTHIRSTY BURGLARS
Murder a Man, His Wife and Child an Make off with $2,000.
Fowler, Ind., Nov. 16.—Burglars entered the residence of Wm. Jepson, two miles west of here, yesterday, and after a terrible struggle murdered the man, wife and child. They carried away $2,000 in gold, the savings of a life time. One hundred and ten are chasing the murderers.

A SUSPICIOUS RACE.—The St. Thomas Journal says in reference to the no-on-foot race which came off at that place Tuesday between Fitzgerald, of Tecumseh and Kerr, of St. Catharines:—It is asserted by the knowing ones that some of the sport got Kerr, who is very fast, to come in the city and get employment, and then a hippo drome show was arranged between him on Fitzgerald, who first appeared on the scene in the character of a cobbler. A good many bets were secured by the knowing ones, who did not hesitate to play even their friends for suckers, and they succeeded in transferring quite a pile to their pockets. Kerr was allowed four yards start, and, when the word was given, shot like a deer for sixty yards; then he stopped and looked around to see where his competitor was. Fitzgerald, by the aid of a slip across the bottom from one of the managers of the show, came up and passed Kerr, winning the race and the money. The stickers, who opened their months from ear to ear at the bidding of a professional sport and dropped their small change into his locker, have been taught another lesson which they will forget when the fishing season comes round again. The man who "scooped the pile" stoutly deny that there was any "skin job" put up, and that Fitzgerald was because he was the best man.

SHIPPING.
New York, Nov. 16.—Arrived, Labrador, from Havre; Bolivia, from Glasgow; Rhyland, from Antwerp; State of Nevada, from Liverpool.
Queenstown, Nov. 16.—Arrived, Servia.

Chinese Prisoners in Maine are described as "some of the most prominent men of Massachusetts." They were hunting for moose and deer in the season forbidden by law, and were caught by an officer disguised as a woodsman.

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Largest Carpet Room
IN THE WORLD:
KINGSMILL'S.
We have much pleasure in informing our friends throughout the Dominion of the completion of our Monster Carpet Warehouse, which is now filled with the latest designs in Carpets and Furnishing Goods from the most celebrated manufacturers in Europe. The large quantities of these goods which we handle enable us to purchase direct from the best manufacturers at closest prices. Our clients can at all times rely on our ability and desire to serve them upon the best terms.
PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING:
Patent Axminster Carpets, with borders to match. The best Brussels Carpets made, with borders to match. Tapestry Carpets in various qualities. Stair Carpets to match in Brussels and Tapestry. All-Wool Patent Imperial Carpets. Union Carpets. Navy Mattings in 2-4, 3-4, 4-4. Oil Cloths in various widths. The best quality Linoleum made. Oil-Cloth Mats. Door Mats in various qualities. Hearth Rugs. Carpet Felt. Hubbel's patent corners, in tin and brass, for putting round oil-cloth mats. Judd's Universal Bull Joints for fitting poles in bay windows. Ebony and Walnut Window Poles, with various mountings. Burnished Brass Window Poles, with various mountings. Carpet Pins and Sockets for Hardwood. Floors. Drugget Pins. French Dado Curtains. Tapestry Curtain Materials in various makes. Gimps, Fringes, Tassels and Ornaments for trimming Valences. Curtain Fringes. Orris Lace. Stair Rods from 75 cents to $20 per dozen. Cocoa Mats, all sizes. The latest invention in Spring Window Blind Rollers. Window Cord and Tassels. Patent Plated Window Blind Pulls.
OUR PRICES WILL BE FOUND LOWER than ANY HOUSE IN THE DOMINION,
EITHER
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
It will Repay You
TO GO TO KINGSMILL'S,
130 Dundas St.,
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LONDON.

Clinton Foundry For Sale.
IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE dissolution the partnership for some time existing between William Glasgow, Daniel McPherson and Matthias Harper, manufacturers of thresher machines, the real estate, buildings and plant belonging to the Clinton Foundry are now offered for sale. The purchaser of the foundry will have the right also to purchase the stock on hand (such as lumber, iron, &c.) at cost, or further particulars apply to GLASGOW, PHERSON & Co., Clinton, Ont. Kl3d-f
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TWI-NAVY!
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MANUFACTURED
FROM THE NEWEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.
DUTCH FLOWERING BULBS
For all Planting
JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM Holland, nice collection of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Scilleas, &c. Parties requiring such will find it to their advantage to call as we are from growers in Germany.
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Cigars.
To be had all Railway Trains in Canada, and all first-class hotels and dealers throughout the Dominion.
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of every description. All kinds of Mill and Machine Brushes made to order. Orders promptly attended to. Factory in rear of 74 Dundas street. All Brushes sold for the London Factory.
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A POTIVE CURE,
Hurst Medicines,
ALLANFORD'S MEDICATED ROUGHS
Patented December 16, 1879. One box
No. 1 will cure coughs in four days, or less. No. 2 cures the most obstinate case, no matter of how long standing.
Allanford's Medicated Cough Syrup is the best expectorant or cough remedy ever discovered. Price 25c. per box. Sold by all druggists and dealers in general medicines. For further particulars address
J. C. ALLAN & CO., St. John street, New York city.
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Will sell This Week,
20 postlored Dress Silks.
15 posblack Dress Silks.
1,000 Colored Dress Goods, 10cs.
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1,000 Misc Cloth Jackets, from $1
1,000 sorted Shawls.
250 pacdies' Assorted Hose.
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275 pacdies' Corsets, from 26c up.
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9 pos Silk Velvet Cloaking
3 pos Silk Dress Goods.
10 doddies' Nubias & Scarfs.
20 pacdtons for Ladies' Cosack.
10 pcs apped Beavers.
16 pcsbver for Ladies' Jackets
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First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
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THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
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Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
128 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Friday, November 17, 1882.

STRIKING AT WINNIPEG.

If anyone were asked to invent some plan by means of which the prestige of Winnipeg could be most successfully attacked and its prospects destroyed, no contrivance would be more effectual than the building of the railways, the charters for which the Dominion Government have very properly disallowed. It may be all very well for the people at Emerson, at Morris, or at Portage la Prairie to call out lustily for the Government to break its contract with the Syndicate, but it seems something like madness for the Winnipeggers to join in the outcry. Any kind of railway striking from the boundary line at Emerson to the North-west would necessarily cut off Winnipeg, and divert trade and business from it. The capital invested in the city is very large, perhaps larger in proportion to the population than in any other city on the continent. Yet it is a prodigy proposed to build a line of railway which in the near future would divert the greater proportion of traffic from the place. And upon what plea is this done? Simply on "party lines," as the Winnipeg *Free Press* affirms. In other words, the best interests of the city are to be given to "the dogs" in order that "Premier Norquay" may be fathoroughly fixed. Now, Mr. Norquay is a very clever and able man; one who has done a good deal for the North-west. But he, like all other political notabilities, is simply a passing figure. The interests of Winnipeg—and bound up with them those of the Dominion—are of a permanent kind. Then why should they be sacrificed and a lasting injury to business inflicted in order that even the Premier of Manitoba may be temporarily displaced? It might suit a few aspirants to place in the Local Administration to see Mr. Norquay transferred to the other side of the Legislative chamber, but even if such a result could be called a victory, would it not be rather too dearly purchased by sacrificing the interests of which Winnipeg is the great and growing centre? It seems so to those of us who look at the lay of the country, and know well what the West is capable of, when, in the course of a few years, it will accomplish. They can just be amused that such a trivial event as the defeat of Mr. Norquay should be set over against considerations of a practical and commercial kind. But "party lines" are invoked in order that Mr. Greenway may succeed in ousting Mr. Norquay, even though the head of Winnipeg might remain as a result. It is indeed ab rd that the people of the North-west should act this only stage in their history quarrel with the very engine upon which their success rests, and withrow which they would not have any potential existence whatever.

GOOD ADVICE.

The Emerson *International* has a sensible article reminding the people up there of a saying of the Hon. Wm. McDougall's, that it was impossible to successfully cultivate the soil of that country with a shot-gun, and warns them of another danger towards which they seem now to be drifting, and one which has made shipwreck of more than one state to the south of them, namely, that of neglecting business for politics. That paper endeavors to cool if it the recent rage as follows:—

"Now that the burning question of the hour is satisfactorily disposed of, so far as it can be effected by any popular agitation, let us hope that the zeal and energy which have been applied to political strife will be turned to the more glorious victories to be achieved by a peaceful emulation in pursuit of the rewards which are so bountifully bestowed on enterprise and industry in this country. Exuberant spirits who are sorry, to use an Irishism, at peace unless they are at war, can always depend upon getting the best kind of satisfaction out of the soil, and it really must be admitted that the area now under cultivation by this magnificent garden of the earth west is not so large as it ought to be, and in consequence rent so profitable."

This is solid advice which the settlers of Southern Manitoba should lay heed to. They will make more money—which is what most people are after—by attending to business and cultivating the soil than in raising questions which do nothing but aggravate trouble.

NO GOOD FROM FREE CANALS.

The New York *Commercial Bulletin* says two things must follow the abrogation of the canal toll. First, the Canadian Government will adopt a like policy in respect to their canals. This is essential to their successful competition with the New York canals, and the disposition shown by the Canadians to follow New York's action leaves no room for question about this probability. Next, the railroads having their terminal at the seaboard will be necessitated to make a corresponding reduction in their freight charges. Thus the general result will be a reduction equivalent to about 1 cent per 100 lbs on all freight coming from the lake region to the Atlantic. All the parties to competition in this branch of transportation will therefore stand in about the same relative position as at present. The canal carriers can get no advantage from exemption from tolls, because the railroads will correspondingly reduce their charges, while the Canadian business will by granted a like exemption. The merchants of New York city will not be benefited because the rail charge to the other ports will be diminished to a parity with those of the New York route. No public advantage will be gained at the expense of the railroads; for, while they may be compelled to reduce their charges some 3 per cent. on such articles as may take the canal route, yet they will take good care to recoup themselves by additional charges on other articles or upon their way traffic, with which the canals do not compete.

THE CANUTE OF THE CUSTOMS.

Another consignment of Tom Payne's works having reached Toronto, the Customs House authorities are said to meditate bringing the case before the Courts. Thus, a fearless well-intentioned soul may result in advertising the writer in a manner to a larger purpose than any other method. The attempt to suppress Mr. Moncrieff from the school curriculum has been the means of giving that book a much wider interest and circulation than it would have acquired even from the recommendations of Bishop and Minister of Instruction. Public agencies may be able to direct the course of the stream of knowledge and literary leading, and probably change it, by judicious wise and astlar, but they ought to know that it is de more than their share to dam it up. The waves rolled not back when Canute gave command.

THE DANGERS OF SEWER GAS.

Seldom is any thought given to the city sewers until attention is compelled by the outbreak from them of those pestilent and noisesome vapors which may be laden with some fatal disease. A day or two ago the shops and houses along a portion of Dundas street suddenly became almost unbearable from an effluvium which arose from this source. A west wind was blowing at the time, and the traps having been left open, the wind entered through them, and drove the accumulated gases up into the air above to fill it with filth, and possibly spread the germs of an epidemic. According to the germ theory of disease, diphtheria, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, and probably other disorders are but the development of spores or germs of vegetable organisms in the human body. These germs propagate in sewers and float upon sewer air wherever it can gain access. It penetrates into dwellings through water-closets, sinks and stationary washbasins. The most ingenious traps fail to protect the inmates from these fatal poisons. And one of the reasons given is that sometimes a layer of microcosms and mycelium creeps along the interior of the contrivance until it forms a new depot of development in the slimy vegetable lining, extended into the house or beyond side of the trap, from which, without a sensation, its deadly germs may be given off into the very bedchambers of its victims. When diseases of the kinds above mentioned are prevalent among the people, as they are more or less at this moment, it is almost a certainty that the sewer gases must be more impregnated with their germs than when such complaints are absent, for the clear reason that the emanations of the sick body passing into the sewers are the urgent and quick couriers of disease germs. Hence, how dreadful it is to contemplate such an outflow of sewer poison as some of the Dundas street dwellers complained of on Wednesday. We are told, then, on the nature of the case being known, the sewers were at once flushed from the city hydrants, upon which the objectionable effluvium subsided. But why wait for such an occurrence ere any remedies are applied? Is this very thing? It ought not to require a strong west wind to force attention to this matter, as a tank that might be delayed till the last hour unclean. It ought to be taken for granted that the drains are dirty; they should be attended to as a matter of course, and as a necessary part of municipal routine. There is an abundance of water for the purpose. In many places the question is asked, as it is even in New York city, where is the water to come from? But here we are oppressed by no such difficulty. There are hundreds of tons always, or nearly always, available for this service. All that is needed is, to turn it on; the powerful, gushing stream does the rest. At all events, this must be the method until some other ways are found for dealing with the sewage. In Paris there are no evil smells in the sewers, and one of the delights of tourists is to be rowed about in them in boats. The sewers are handsomely vaulted and well-lighted passages. This is because the cf ative methods which usually go in that direction are classed out of the houses at night and carried in carts through the streets, while vegetable refuse and stale water go into open gutters. London, on the contrary, is well drained by the sewers. Its sewage is all collected and converted into valuable fertilizers; nothing goes to waste. The waste of the city is worth a revenue of £100,000 a year to it. The result is that London is clean and healthy; while Paris is dirty and unhealthy in comparison. The average death rate of London is 18 per 1,000; that of Paris is 29 per 1,000. In fact, it would be difficult to cite a more conclusive piece of evidence as to the value of sanitary improvements than that furnished by the recent reports from the town of Bilston, England. For 30 years the death rate had been between 31 and 32 per 1,000, but through the regulations of the Health Board, strictly carried out, and a scientific application of the sewage system, the death rate has been reduced one-half, being, at the present time, but 16.1 per 1,000. This is a step in advance, however, which we can hardly hope to imitate. Such a system is probably too costly for us to think about in the present state of the municipal purse. But there can be no delay with the facilities which we already command, for failing to keep the sewers in a state of no laste cleanliness.

PERSONAL

The Right Hon. Sir Andrew Buchanan, diplomatist, of England, is dead.

The Prot stant has refused to interfere in the case of the Indian Brave Bear, and he will be hanged to-day.

Anthony Trollope was progressing satisfactorily yesterday, but his power of speech had not returned.

Mr. Charles Meredith, of the Merchants' Bank in Montreal, is about leaving for Winnipeg, to fill an important position in the Bank's service in that place. This young gentleman, says the *Herald*, during his stay in Montreal, became very popular with all whom he came in contact with, both for his social disposition and his strict business capabilities.

An acute observer asserts that John McCullough, the actor, added ten years to his acting career by his recent trip through the Yellowstone region with Gov. Shaddon's party. He rode 643 miles in the saddle, and came back trained down like an athlete, and in buoyant spirits.

Mr. Edison, the inventor, visited the Inst tute Fair in Boston last Friday evening, and, of course, attracted a great deal of attention. With regard to the divers applications of electricity, he said he believed it was yet in comparative infancy in view of what may be expected from it hereafter.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Winter seems to have suddenly and simultaneously descended upon a large portion of the northern hemisphere. Europe has its cold wave as well as North America, and on Wednesday while it was snowing in New York State and in some of the Northwestern states, and while the people of Tennessee and Alabama were getting a foretaste of winter in the shape of a heavy frost, telegraphic communication on the Continent of Europe was interrupted by a great snow storm which lasted for five hours. Up to this time Ontario has been exempt from severe weather. The fall throughout has been the mildest within the oldest memory. Many people think the climate of this Province is in course of radical modification, owing to the rapid way in which it is being cleared up.

A Newfoundland correspondent of the Montreal *Gazette* writes:—The railway, of course, is doing a world of good in employing labor. The Company have been paying wages at the rate of $60,000 a month all summer, and since the closing of the fisheries they have taken on 500 additional laborers. The branch line between Harbor Grace and Carbonear has been commenced, and a strong force of laborers is now at work. The country here is very difficult, but by making a detour a very excellent line has been obtained. Trains are now running daily between St. John's and Holyrood, a distance of 22½ miles. The amount of traffic, both in goods and passengers, exceeds the most sanguine expectations. A steamer running to various ports in Conception Bay connects with the railway at Holyrood; so that the population of that large district, amounting to 40,000, is now placed in communication with the capital containing 30,000, by river and steamboat and railway. A very large traffic is sure to be developed. The work of grading now extends some fifteen miles beyond Holyrood, and over a part of this distance the rails have been laid. Early next summer the line will be completed to Carbonear, about 90 miles.

Probably very few physicians would prescribe a pair of spectacles for an obstinate case of sick headache. Yet a physician writing in the *Medical and Surgical Reporter* gives very plain reasons for his assertion that that is the remedy most appropriate. He was himself a sufferer from frequent and severe sick headache. Feeling an attack approaching, he did not treat it with the accustomed chlorids of sodium, but put three or four drops of a one per cent. solution of atropia in the eye which gave him most pain. In a few moments he was entirely free from pain and nausea. His theory is that the pain in the eye is the cause, not the effect, of the cerebrale disturbance which is usually the subject of treatment. But it must not be inferred that atropia so used will always have a similar effect. The doctor's eye was antagonistic and hypermetropic. That is to say, it formed two images, and was long-sighted or old-sighted. The atropia dilated the pupil, and put at rest the ciliary muscle, which was previously kept tense and tired through the effort of the brain thus to correct the defective vision. For a time this unnatural strain can be endured, but when the weariness becomes extreme, then follows the explosive attack of headache. Thus is explained the mysterious periodicity of the disease. Otherwise it is hard to understand why it often comes despite the greatest care of the stomach, and often goes under conditions of rest and indulgence—which rest the eye, but cannot otherwise be connected with nerves. This theory also explains why advancing age often relieves those who have been the worst sufferers from this terrible. The old sight, which has been latent, becomes manifest, glasses are used, and the artificially perfected vision easily accomplishes tasks which, during the period when the eyes were supposed to be better, would have produced sickness. The theory rests on a most substantial basis than that yet recorded. The doctor found that when his eye was under the influence of atropia he could only see at twenty feet objects which were visible to his natural eye at five times the distance. But his vision was normal under the former conditions. Hence, how dreadful it is to contemplate such an outflow of sewer poison as some of the Dundas street dwellers complained of on Wednesday. We are told, then, on the nature of the case being known, the sewers were at once flushed from the city hydrants, upon which the objectionable effluvium subsided. But why wait for such an occurrence ere any remedies are applied? Is this very thing? It ought not to require a strong west wind to force attention to this matter, as a tank that might be delayed till the last hour unclean. It ought to be taken for granted that the drains are dirty; they should be attended to as a matter of course, and as a necessary part of municipal routine. There is an abundance of water for the purpose. In many places the question is asked, as it is even in New York city, where is the water to come from? But here we are oppressed by no such difficulty. There are hundreds of tons always, or nearly always, available for this service. All that is needed is, to turn it on; the powerful, gushing stream does the rest. At all events, this must be the method until some other ways are found for dealing with the sewage. In Paris there are no evil smells in the sewers, and one of the delights of tourists is to be rowed about in them in boats. The sewers are handsomely vaulted and well-lighted passages. This is because the cf ective methods which usually go in that direction are classed out of the houses at night and carried in carts through the streets, while vegetable refuse and stale water go into open gutters. London, on the contrary, is well drained by the sewers. Its sewage is all collected and converted into valuable fertilizers; nothing goes to waste. The waste of the city is worth a revenue of £100,000 a year to it. The result is that London is clean and healthy; while Paris is dirty and unhealthy in comparison. The average death rate of London is 18 per 1,000; that of Paris is 29 per 1,000. In fact, it would be difficult to cite a more conclusive piece of evidence as to the value of sanitary improvements than that furnished by the recent reports from the town of Bilston, England. For 30 years the death rate had been between 31 and 32 per 1,000, but through the regulations of the Health Board, strictly carried out, and a scientific application of the sewage system, the death rate has been reduced one-half, being, at the present time, but 16.1 per 1,000. This is a step in advance, however, which we can hardly hope to imitate. Such a system is probably too costly for us to think about in the present state of the municipal purse. But there can be no delay with the facilities which we already command, for failing to keep the sewers in a state of no laste cleanliness.

PERSONAL

The Right Hon. Sir Andrew Buchanan, diplomatist, of England, is dead.

The Prot stant has refused to interfere in the case of the Indian Brave Bear, and he will be hanged to-day.

Anthony Trollope was progressing satisfactorily yesterday, but his power of speech had not returned.

Mr. Charles Meredith, of the Merchants' Bank in Montreal, is about leaving for Winnipeg, to fill an important position in the Bank's service in that place. This young gentleman, says the *Herald*, during his stay in Montreal, became very popular with all whom he came in contact with, both for his social disposition and his strict business capabilities.

An acute observer asserts that John McCullough, the actor, added ten years to his acting career by his recent trip through the Yellowstone region with Gov. Shaddon's party. He rode 643 miles in the saddle, and came back trained down like an athlete, and in buoyant spirits.

Mr. Edison, the inventor, visited the Inst tute Fair in Boston last Friday evening, and, of course, attracted a great deal of attention. With regard to the divers applications of electricity, he said he believed it was yet in comparative infancy in view of what may be expected from it hereafter.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Winter seems to have suddenly and simultaneously descended upon a large portion of the northern hemisphere. Europe has its cold wave as well as North America, and on Wednesday while it was snowing in New York State and in some of the Northwestern states, and while the people of Tennessee and Alabama were getting a foretaste of winter in the shape of a heavy frost, telegraphic communication on the Continent of Europe was interrupted by a great snow storm which lasted for five hours. Up to this time Ontario has been exempt from severe weather. The fall throughout has been the mildest within the oldest memory. Many people think the climate of this Province is in course of radical modification, owing to the rapid way in which it is being cleared up.

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THE JOYCE HORROR.

A Fresh Account of this Most Dreadful Tragedy.

Progress of the Trial in Dublin.

A Dublin despatch of the 14th says:—

The arrest yesterday of a man for the alleged participation in the Joyce family murder took place at Cong. It was made in consequence of information given by the approver in the case of the Joyce massacre. The trial of Patrick Joyce was continued today. Three witnesses, who allege that they followed the assassins at a distance, gave evidence, and identified the prisoner. Counsel alluded in the cross-examination that there had been bad feeling between one of the witnesses and Patrick Joyce, the accused now actually on trial, and also between another witness and the murdered farmer. The first approver, whose name is Phillin, deposed that he accompanied the accused to the house of the Joyces and waited outside and heard the shrieks of the victims. Thomas Casey, a second one to turn approver among those accused of the murder, was next examined. His testimony corroborated that of the preceding witness, Phillin. Mr. Malley then addressed the Court on behalf of the prisoner. He maintained that the innocence of the accused was shown by the absence of motive for the crime, and claimed that the evidence against him had been concocted. He pointed out the inconsistency of the evidence for the prosecution, and said that given by John Joyce was instigated by spite.

The locality in which the crime was committed on the night of the 17th of August last lies in the wildest and loneliest district of the most remote regions of the Joyce country, Connemara, and is almost inaccessible, owing to the mountain fastnesses and miles of lake around which it is situated. From Cong it is over twelve miles distant, and from Maam it is nearly an equal distance, these being the two villages nearest to the scene of the murders. Within view are the waters of Lough Mask, beneath whose dreary surface were last January found the bodies of Joseph and John Maddy, the two bailiffs who were captured by the Joyces while lying in ambush, and tied together—whether first killed remains unknown—pinned in a sack and flung into the lough. Here also Mr. George Robinson, the agent of Colonel Clements (Lord Leitrim's son), was found adrift, but conveyed ashore, and not two miles distant lies the ground where Lord Mountmorres was shot dead, and the pike where the boy Gibbon was so summarized. The cabin lies in a hollow at the foot of a mountain, and is surrounded by high mountain ranges, the dismal appearing one of the loneliest and most inaccessible localities. The house, the former portion of the estate of Colonel Clements, whose tenantry in the Joyce country, numbering upwards of three hundred, were, with one or two trifling exceptions, not paid a single farthing of rent during the last three years. John Joyce was one of these tenants. He was a man of about forty-five years of age, and came considerably above the average in point of size. He murdered Enri of Leitrim at a district in the Joyce country called Derry Park, but had been ejected in 1877, then being a widower with four children, he married the poor woman who perished in the flames. She was a widow of the time of the wedding was in possession of the farm at Maamtrasna. Since his marriage the circumstances are likely to have been considerably improved. Since his mother, Margaret Joyce, eighty-five years of age; Mrs Margaret Joyce, eighteen years of age, and his son, Michael Joyce, sixteen years of age, and Patrick Joyce, eleven years of age, residing in the same house with himself and his wife Bridget. His eldest son, Martin, a young man of about twenty years, lived at Clonbur, being a servant in the employment of Mr. George Shaw, a farmer, and to this circumstance he owes his escape from being one of the victims of the b'o dy tragedy.

It appears that his Joyce family retired to bed at their usual hour, John Joyce and his wife sleeping on a miserable little bed, composed of rags and straw, and placed in a slight recess in the wall, a few feet from the door, on the left hand side as the cabin is entered. The rest of the family slept on the bed, a wretched couch in the lower apartment, the old woman and one of her grandsons lying with their heads toward the little window, and Margaret and her other brother lying in the contrary direction. All was quiet for the first few hours till about one o'clock in the morning, when as Michael reclined with a dying breath, he heard a shout. The door was taken off its hinges, and a number of armed assassins rushed into the cabin. The father was shot on the floor, having sprung out of bed; the wife was clubbed by a rule of blows, which left her bone, blood and brain one red mass of pulp. Michael was shot in the head and beaten with his stock on the head by a blow which left her a corpse, and Patrick, the younger child, was badly beaten over the head and face with a stick. Michael, wounded fatally and his brother grievously, through a bullet rent in the stomach, crawled out of the bed in which they had sought refuge, and groaned to his sister. He found his father lying dead on the floor and his stepmother dying in her bed. Terrified and faint, afraid to return to that horrible bed, reeking with gore and ghastly with its dead, that he had left in the later scene, trembling with dread he remain by the naked corpse of his father, and, despairing of death himself, he crept in by the side of his father's wife. She lay moaning, but though her head and face had been beaten into a bloody mass she did not die till some time subs quently.

Hours slowly passed before assistance came. At length the son of a neighboring farmer named Collins, accompanied by two women named O'Brien, who were coming to the cabin to borrow a pair of cards for woollen spinning, arrived at the door, and Collins entered. Horrified at what he saw, he did not advance further, but raised the alarm in the village, which lies in a scattered, straggling form along the valley and mountain sides. The villagers soon collected, and a body of them entered the cabin. There they beheld a spectacle which beggars description. At half past nine o'clock eleven men went to the police hut at Finny, a distance of nearly two miles, across the mountain, and told what they had seen and heard. Two constabulary men returned with them and visited the cabin, where they beheld a sight of the most horrible character. Two dogs were in the bed where the bodies of the grandmother and granddaughter were lying, and they had eaten all the flesh off the left arm of the old woman, which was hanging over the bedside. The police endeavored to drive away the animals, which were a sort of sheep dog, but they had the greatest difficulty in doing so. The dogs ran under the bed, evidently reluctant to leave their horrible feast of human flesh. When at length they were driven away they are said to have become mad, and were destroyed by the inhabitants of the place.

The following story is current in the west of Ireland:—Mrs. Joyce, one of the murdered family, witnessed the sinking in the lake of the bodies of Lord Ardilaun's bailiffs, but was so terrified that for some time she did not venture to tell anyone what she had seen. One night, however, she could no longer keep it to herself, and described to her husband what she had seen certain men do. This was overheard by their son, who shortly after, being bullied at school by another boy, cried out, "I suppose you want to murder me and throw me into the lake, as your father did the bailiffs." The boy having repeated this to his father, the latter and his confederates determined upon their dreadful crime of massacring the whole family of the Joyces, in order to put out of the way each awkward witnesses of their former guilt. The story seems too circumstantial to be untrue, nor is it easy to see why it should have been invented. At any rate, it offers a very sufficient explanation of the massacre, the motives for which has never been very clearly made out.

Cigarettes Versus Cigars.

Cigarettes are commonly supposed to be more injurious than cigars; but Dr. Kisling, of the Bremen Board of Health, thinks otherwise. The *Medical and Surgical Reporter* gives this summary of his researches:

"An grave poisons he found carbonoxyd, sulphuretted hydrogen, ammoniacal gas, hydrocyanic acid, and nicotine. The first three cannot come into consideration, as they are too volatile, and pass off in the small cigarettes. Regarding the nicotine, however, he found that in a very small trace only is formed up by the smoke, but that the stump becomes the richer in this narcotic substance, the larger the cigar is before smoked. He showed, the shorter the stump gets, and the oftener the cigar is lit. Conclusion:—To avoid all danger, smoke a cigar not too thick and long, don't chew the end, smoke only two-thirds of every cigar, and throw it away as soon as relighting becomes necessary. Never smoke a cigar after it has once gone out. Cigarettes are the least injurious of all tobacco smoking."

"THE PROMISE OF MAY."

Failure of Alfred Tennyson's New Play in London.

London, Nov. 11, 1882.—Alfred Tennyson's new poem play, "The Promise of May," was produced to-night before a crowded and brilliant audience at the Globe Theatre. It is impossible to treat seriously a play which deals with a harrowing story of seduction and death and sends the audience home convulsed with laughter. But such is the melancholy fact. Before the raising of the curtain Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone and Miss Tennyson entered a box. The audience immediately burst into applause, to which the Premier bowed his thanks. The gods listened impatiently to the orchestra prelude, being evidently by no means for descriptive music. The cast of this "new and original rustic drama," omitting the minor parts, was as follows:—

Farmer Steer	Mr. Cameron
Dora Steer, his daughter	Mrs. Bernard Beere
Eva Steer, his daughter	Miss Cromelin
Farmer Dobson	Mr. Charles Kelly
Philip Edgar	Mr. Herman Vezin

The story can be told in a few words, and the fewer the better. Philip Edgar, a young gentleman with shrubbery notions, free-thinking sentiments, comes to Steer's happy homestead and, despite the suspicions hatred of Farmer Dobson, Dora's admirer, endears Eva and abandons her. She disappears, leaving a letter announcing her intention of drowning herself. Six years elapse, during which Dobson's suit to Dora has not improved, when Edgar, with the addition of a slight mountainside and beard, returns "having my travels abroad," returns to the farm, and gives himself out as a Mr. Harrold. He shaves a newspaper to Dora announcing the death of Philip Edgar. "'Tis true" (he says aside), "'tis in my father's coats." He makes love to Dora, when, in violation of his pronounced objection to matrimony, so to all offers instructions, he intends to wed, by way of compensation for her stern's refusals; but Eva, who had not drowned herself, has returned and overhears the freethinking gentleman's declaration of love to Dora, recognizes him, and having previously informed the audience that the doctors say her health is affected, fall dead, exclaiming that she forgives him.

Dobson, whose hatred of Philip Edgar—or rather of a pitchfork was frustrated, now appears with a big stick, and is told by Dora that he is, after all, the legitimate bridegroom. I suppose they do; but I've heard other people say that they deserve much more than happiness.

The people on the minister's side were called "anti-Tuckerites," but, as I said, our folks weren't in the quorum at all. The consequence of being on the losing side that I should not join in the fun on either side, and I think it was real mean. Every now and then the Tuckerites would plant some lively girls on a party, just so as not to bother the anti-Tuckerites. Then, in turn, they would get up an excuse, and not have any party at the Tuckerites. Of course, I wasn't invited to either, and it was just as provoking as it could be.

One day, when I went to school, I found that Elvira Tucker was going to treat a choir of children to ice cream after the close of school.

I must now go and tell on Elvira just every bit. I heard Miss Green tell one wicked teacher, "and I heard her at the piano playing for Uncle Nell to sing. It was just as fine, and they did not see me; so I heard and listened, and understood why we couldn't have a choir or of children instead of the congregational singing. Elvira said she thought it would be lovely.

Now, I have been to singing school for two winters; so I thought I ought to belong to the choir.

"I can't," some only Tuckerites are going to belong," said Miss Green. "And your folks aren't one thing or another."

I couldn't stand being left out of all the fun any longer, so I said, "I'm as much a Tuckerite as anybody, only our folks don't approve of making so much trouble about a small affair."

"I want to know!" said Abby Ann Carter. "Well, I'll ask Mr or Elvira if you can belong them."

Many me! I had jumped from the fence and found myself a Tuckerite! I was sure mother would be real mad if she knew what I had done, for I suspected in my heart of hearts that, if she had jumped from the fence, she would have landed on the minister's side. I made up my mind that I would not tell her what had caused, for, maybe, after all, Miss Elvira would decide that I was no real Tuckerite. But the very next day she sent word in to me that she would like to have me join the choir.

I felt mother that I was wanted in the children's choir because I had a good voice, and I never sold a word about being a Tuckerite.

"A children's choir," said she. "That's a real good idea—a beautiful idea."

She never suspected how I was deceiving her.

Of course I was going to be here! I heard her ask Miss Elvira, with a slight sent look at me.

"Oh, she has a real good voice," answered Miss Elvira, laughing. "Most of the children who can sing are on the Tuckerite side. Bridget Donnelly and Abby Ann, I think at least the Hale sympathies with us."

What would my folks have said to that? I felt half sick of the whole affair, and went home and teased mother to let me go and visit Mary Jane.

I said never forget the Sunday I sang in the choir. Miss Elvira played for us on the organ, for when the real organist heard that only the Tuckerite child ren were to belong to it she refused to play. Everybody was real surprised to see me in it, and even Dr. Scott looked at me in a queer sort of way, as if he thought the Hills had gone over to the enemy. What troubled me most, though, was the look mother gave me when she first realized that the choir was a Tuckerite affair. She looked sorry, and that she had not found it out before.

But, in spite of all this, I enjoyed the singing. We sat, a long row of us, in the singers' seats up in the gallery. After the hymn was given out and we stood up, Miss Elvira noticed me and whispered,—"You don't be afraid, girls. Sing as loud as you can."

Many! how we did sing! Twice as loud as the grown-up choir. Louis Howe said afterward that we looked as if we were trying to swallow the meeting house.

But I never sang but just that once in the choir.

Big Game in the Arctic Regions.

A story of the experiences on the Jeannette expedition was told by M. Raymond Lee Newcomb, the naturalist of the expedition, in the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon. He said that the new ice, although only from a half knot to an inch in thickness, had power, in pushing against a vessel, to cut through the stoutest timbers. The largest bear killed weighed 900 pounds; the largest seal weighed 800 pounds, and the largest walrus weighed 2,000 pounds.

Upon the ready assistance of the Esquimaux and moose resembling deers, green grass, in taste it resembled the watercress. The no-mixed red meat of the reindeer was in reality a deep brown.

The Grand Duchess Wladimir of Russia, who is full of sparkle and wit, found the court life at Gatschina too fearfully stiff and dull, duller even than an ordinary English watering place is to an English lady accustomed to foreign travel. In a letter addressed to a Parisian correspondent the gentle writer turned the court circles of Gatschina into the wildest fun. In order to avoid committing by name her high and mighty imperial relatives, the Grand Duchess borrowed nicknames from zoology, aptly fitted to those her cousin's would apply to them. She, the real, the master, the empress, the sovereign, the lord, without the jewel in his crown, conveyed to her correspondent her ideas of the people who bored or puzzled about her, or stung her foes as she waltzed through the country circles at Gatschina. As Ill Used would have it, the latter, subjected by Ignatieff, was handed to the Czar, who in great wrath gave orders for her quitting Russia. The Grand Duke delivered her, and they are enjoying themselves in Paris, where they have just met the Prince of Wales.

A member of the House of Commons had been paying attention to a young lady for a long time, and had taken her to the Speaker so constantly that she became well posted in the rules. On the last day of the session, as they came out, he bought her a bouquet of flowers, and said to her, "May I offer you my handful of flowers?" She replied, "I move to amend, omitting all after the word 'hand.'" He blushingly accepted the amendment. They were married a few weeks since.

The Rev. Charles Spurgeon, son of the famous London preacher, told a Boston audience the other day that nobody had set wine before him since his arrival in this country, several weeks ago, and that he had seen none on private tables. He expressed his gladness thereat.

New Advertisements.

SALES BY AUCTIO
TO-DAY
AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Household Furniture, Carpets, Cook St
Base Burner Stoves, Range, &c.

MANVILLE & BROWN WIL
will at their rooms on
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17th,
a large collection of Stoves, box burners, wi
and without ovens, Parlor, Heating and
Stoves, Cook Stove, with reservoir, St. Jac
Base Burner, with oven, and a large assor
ment of Furniture and Carpets, and a gener
assortment of household utensils, part of t
same time several lounges and mattress
made, under osteure
Sale at 10 a.m. No reserve.
MANVILLE & BROWN,
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Will be Sold by Public Auction
by W. T. BRUTON, Esq., Auctioneer, at M
Hamilton Dundas street, London, on FRIDAY
the SEVENTEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER
instant, at 2 p.m., the stock of
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.,
now in the store lately occupied by Mr. Nelle
Drugs and Chemicals..... $ 2
Shop Furniture..... $1,500 00
Terms—One-quarter down; balance [illegible]
approved endorsed paper to satisfaction of
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good position.
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By Auction---Bulbs, Bulbs
MANVILLE & BROWN HAVE
received their annual consignment of
Harlem Flower Roots, which will be sold at
their rooms on
Monday Evening, Nov. 20th,
at 7 o'clock sharp, consisting of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Snowdrops and double Roman Jonquils, Polyanthus Narcissus, Chinese Sacred Lilies, &c. These bulbs are from the same grower as those sold by us last year, and are consigned by one of the most extensive growers in Harlem, and we can guarantee them to be the same genuine quality as previously purchased by us. Catalogues will be ready for distribution on Saturday next, and can be had on application at our rooms, or will be mailed to any address on receipt of postage.
MANVILLE & BROWN,
K170 Auctioneers, 324 Dundas Street.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!
CHEAP SOAP.
I WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF MY SOAP,
NINE BARS for $1.00,
Delivered on Monday next, November 20, at the Factory, corner of DOUTHWAITE and Lombard Sts. Give me a call. Soap is a chance which will not likely occur again, as the rest of what I offer it at, and it is pure and good. I will be on the market on Saturday until I sell out.
K174-L C. DOUTHWAITE.

TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS will be received until Mon. 20th instant, for the erection of a Dwelling House, on the corner of York and Ridout streets. Plans, &c., may be seen at the office of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. WM. JOAKIM, Architect, Odd fellows' Hall. Elite-wtm

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Only 61 per Pair.
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MALTOPEPSYN
Artificial Gastric Juice
A WONDERFUL FACT, proving the remarkable digestive power of Maltopepsyn.
Two doses (20 grains) of Maltopepsyn will digest the entire white of a hard boiled egg and a bottle of wine, in from 2 to 4 hours. How much more will it digest in the stomach? Just think of it! Maltopepsyn digests the contents of the stomach, under osteure
Test this for your selves.—It is an intelligent eating and useful experiment.
MALTOPEPSYN
THE REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION
PREPARED BY HAZZEN MORSE, TORONTO
At your druggist 10c. drop. Hypochloric acid in a four ounce bottle, fill both with [illegible] water (distilled water is best, though not necessary), add the finely cut white of 1 t. A boiled egg then add two doses (or grains) of Maltopepsyn and shake bottle thoroughly every 15 or 20 minutes, keep the bottle warm, as near the temperature of the body (100° Fahrenheit) as possible, and in 2 to 4 hours the egg will be entirely dissolved or digested.
Maltopepsyn is endorsed by the leading Physicians and Chemists throughout the Dominion of Canada.
Send for pamphlet, 64 pages, giving full treatises of Dyspepsia with the rules of diet, etc., mailed free to any applicants by HAZZEN MORSE, TORONTO
Price per bottle, with dose measure attached, 75 cents; contains 40 doses.



Health is Wealth
D. T. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a Specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Emissions caused by Self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by our agents. Sold by druggists everywhere. Pamphlet free. Address all orders to the sole agents for the Dominion, THE D. T. C. WEST MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.
Sold in London by Messrs. Lawrence & Co., Druggists, Richmond street.

New Advertisements.

GUION LINE.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE FAR-FAMED STEAMSHIP
ALASKA, the fastest ocean steamship in the world (Capt. [illegible], will leave New York for Liverpool on Thursday, 16th November, at 1.30 p.m. Passengers will take the 9 a.m. train, G.W.R., on Monday, to connect with steamer.
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[illegible] and 99 York street, London, Ont., opposite rear of T. Tyndall's Station. Parcel Posts, Table Centre Stand Rails, Twist Moulding and every description of Wood Turning, Scroll and General Sawing of every description. Orders promptly filled. 12monthly

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ood

The Free Press.

Friday, November 17, 1882.

MALIGNANT MOSQUITOES.

A Monstrous Curse of Arctic Mts.

From land of the North Wind.

The one bitter drop in our cup of joy was the mosquitoes, but inseparable curse of Arctic travel. The mosquito, like demoded, fossilized, lacerated, corpsed or mummified whatever was in the Kalid river. We were at its mercy; our veils, gauntlets, leather shirts, flannels, all were a vantage and every one a kill was welcome, for to deny a sufferer the luxury of blood, which was the common all that, and even that thought of taking away a life was a comfort, for from home with us to protect our faces, under no night but one unexplored world, and we have been a solemn meeting; and have wanted a fresh woodpecker every five minutes, and a screaming, chattering and jackass-like. We dislike poetry, for the mosquito is a poem. We never saw that leather is a delusion, and never gilded gauntlets are alone of avail; even the mosquito will pierce silk like silk all by squeezing between our finger and thumb, sometimes by flying against my lips.

There are moments, but so rare and delicate that I cannot consider to describe them, when I find a mosquito who has anchored me all by the proboscis in our gloves—and a weaker sex could not be found—and with a countenance with which he watches the progress of the struggle. Oh, the cruel, bloodthirsty cowardice of that metal! Sometimes we watch him in his chosen, fiendish efforts to pierce the glove he knows that time is all he needs—and then upon his foreleg, with his bloodlessness in the air, while he bows gracefully through the thick leather in his efforts to get at the blood beneath. Sometimes we capture a mosquito and put up trample on his head. We can conceive of hours just endangered, when a mosquito would be removed, and man, the lord of creation, become the prey of mosquitoes. We have formed a grave, at last, a resolution; we will take a mosquito between plates lead, and with the help burning glass fire him in sacrifice to Midnight sun.

English Versus Italian Opera.

A new come to the second and more vital question previously asked by us, should English opera be sung in the original tongue, as a distinctive work of art, but meant to exist? The most obvious reason is that Italian is in a measure international language of music, even as to the words. We for free and unrestricted exchange of such a universal medium of thought and sentiment as the Italian tongue, and of the supreme beauty of the music. At the same time those advantages are more than overbalanced by the disadvantage of having the music to which an opera sung in its own language. Besides the ballet is not popular, except in France and Germany. The contest in Gluckites and Picciinites in France is a victory of the national principle, represented by a foreigner, not to every student of musical history a struggle between Meyerbeer and at Dresden, although less notorious, was no less fierce. That the struggle will have to be gone through, Lind is the same way among us, is rather a sign of the death to those who a the musical future of England. There may fear that English when sung it has taken its proper ill fall to attract the leading vocal amateurs, operatic native talent is found sufficient to supply its Singers are a polyglot race, and despite themselves to observe the struggle at the French and Gluck to Pic ni Rossini smoothed language was completely assimilated al utterance. "Je crois avoir fait Verdi, "qu'il n'y a pas moins de faux dans la musique française, parceque n'en est pas susceptible; que le sens et tout qu'un alogysme" and the opposition a books orelle can prevail. The opinion thus susceptibility accord, not, however, prevent him from his libretto and the music of one of best French operettas in existence. did it impede or delay the extinct of a national school of dramatic Paris. And the same may be said and prejudice against our own as a musical people, which still contain quarters. Foreign prima a fund of stinking in the simple English and Scotch ground, according to operatic notions, Miss Kellogg, and Miss Allwood believe, emerged the part of Rose with considerable success. These English girls, we have little doubt, will be equally willing to sing own in English when called upon —London Times.

Bladin is still vigorous in his me of the occupation of the ills by London merchants. He an opportunity of abusing the extension when being grist to the s poverty-stricken Scotch landlord pretty station is a hunter's ale of "The British Grenadiers." follows:—

daily deer stalkers, who hold the over hunters by the hoods each steering; gold by digging coals, or else by ith me the Highland glens in the the jaws, with the hills with English gold. what we bought we'll keep; e clear, warm summit for deer. ot for men or sheep.

, judicious on the part of John d his countrymen to meet at the make the gold flow "apont during the autumn months of

ment, a Roman Catholic peer, e to Yorkshire last month, and mons drew him to Carlton th his family have lived for Mr. He received the heartiest l premises of all grades. Anxiety and conquered prudence. A and within a few days he was tendered south. He spent ter in this country.

ch, says the *Medical Press*, is ningly prevalent in France, whether the small silver hypo-ts an indispensable article

Until quite recently the ed uses of opium in France is ften almost unknown.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Freshest Gleanings of Fun, Fact and Fancy.

THE EGYPTIAN ALPHABET.

A stands for Arabi, put on his trial;
B is the Bondholder's beautiful smile;
C is the Caliph, who's not in the run;
D denotes Dodds—giving him "cheek";
E one for Egypt, pulled out of the fire;
F is the figure the Job will require;
G is "Grand Gladstone," who'll ask for support;
H is the Howl that he'll hear when he tries;
I is the Indian Force fit to fight;
J is the Jingo, who jumps with delight;
K is the Khedive, who has always sold;
L is the Loyalty bought with that gold;
M is the Mercy we've shown to the rebels;
N is for Nile, so much a bill swells;
O Orabi, who's gone on the Hokum;
P is the Prisoner now on the Stokum;
Q is the Question we've Game others try;
R is the Remorseful style of reply;
S is the Service that hates the trump cards;
T Tewfik, who'll soon be coming home with the Guards;
U is the "United," ready to dance;
V is the Viable envy of France;
W's Wimbledon, who'll soon hear our cheers;
X the Xerxes that he takes to the Peers;
Y is the Yeo that Sir Wilfrid will raise;
Z Zanzig—where he might end his days.

—*Punch.*

"Need a new hat?" he said. "No, but I'll tell you in confidence why I bought it. I want folks to think I'm a Democrat."

Somebody maintained, in the presence of Canning, that poverty was a virtue. The minister observed, "That is literally making a virtue of necessity."

While putting on a clean shirt a Hartwell, Ga., man fell over a trunk and broke his collar-bone. But he says he's going to try it again when he gets well.

Breathes there the scribe with sense so fine
Who never yet has penned the line:
"The melancholy days are here
When fall will walk off on the rear?"

If such exists let him be crowned—
His brow with laurel wreath be bound;
And ever shall he pardon be extended
In accents of an unknown tongue.

She smiled it: "Jess (waking Tom at the end of night)—"Oh, dar ye feel the smell of the gas? Are ye sure ye pit it out?" Tom—"Whare, woman, I wonder at hear ye talking. Sure I no got a pig blister on my tongue?"

He was making a call and they were talking of literature. "The Pilgrim's Progress," she remarked, "always seemed to me pathetic. Of course you are familiar with Bunyan?" He said he had read so much foot, and they bothered him a good deal.

A neighbor complained to an Austin clergyman that the latter's little boy was throwing stones at the neighbor's house. "I don't know what to do with that boy. The devil himself couldn't break that boy of throwing stones. I've tried faithfully.

THE NEW BARD.

There came to port last Sunday night,
The convict little grub,
Whose sin lost of rippling on
I looked, and looked, and looked, laughed.

It seemed so curious that she
Should cross the unknown water
And leave herself right in pit of sorrow,
My daughter, O my daughter!

She has no manifest but this.
No fear fleets o'er the water,
She's to new for the British Lloyds,
My daughter, O my daughter!

Ring out wild bells, and tame ones too!
Ring out the lover's moon;
Ring in the little wanted cuckoo!
Ring in the bib and spoon!

Ring out the music ring in the nurse!
Ring in the milk cow's moo!
Away with paper, pen and purse!
Ring in the baby's shoe!

An actress who has lately figured as plaintiff in a Chicago suit on New York was asked in court the week, as a witness. She was twice asked her age, and refused to answer, but finally whispered it to the judge, who replied, "I was born in July, 1863. I guess you can figure from that."

"Uncle Sambo, would any the most pressing things, and put some quite unnecessaries of their being so. In one of his speeches, alluding to Lord Carlisle, he said, "The noble lord has written a comedy, and has called it a tragedy; perhaps Lord Carlisle, "O, I beg pardon, I thought it was a comedy."

Harley wants there was a time when man walked on all fours. We believe you, Harley, for we have seen them do it often them walking. There was a time when man walked on the palms of his hands and had his legs up in the air. The time we refer to is when the boy had been to a show, and has seen the show do it. If there is any person who has had the privilege of a public lecturer, the columns of our paper are at the disposal of Huxley, at our usual advertising rates.

"Do you mix anything with your cognac?" he asked, as he laid his money down on the counter. "Sometimes," she replied. "Well—shoot—a little glucose, perhaps." "Anything else?" "Perhaps a little sloe." "Any chalk?" "Only a very little—enough to speak of." "It's of no interest to me, you know," continued the customer, but I was wondering why you didn't have your candies made at a regular brick-yard, and then you could get them for nothing, you could warrant to purchasers."

Young Ginsky had been off shooting for a week, when he received a letter from his father, asking him home. "My dear boy," said his partner, taking him aside; "have you the slightest idea how to break the news to your horrible bliss?" "W-h-at is it?" gasped Ginsky. "Your wife has eloped." "Great Heaven!" said the deserted husband; "with whom?" "With your sister." "You don't say so," replied the bereaved man, with a beaming smile. "Why, I owed him six hundred dollars. What'll you take?" Heaven does indeed move in mysterious ways.

Mr. Isaacs and Mr. Blumenthal kept adjoining store within a few doors of each other in Whitechapel. Isaacs was always in a hurry, with his head out of the door, soliciting customers, while Blumenthal was cold to a proverb. Blumenthal objected to this shoddy manner of doing business, having found that the watchful Isaacs had captured several of his regular customers; and one day he went up to Isaacs and had words with his neighbor. Mr. Isaacs, I only don't you keep your ugly face in your own shop? You might better get a jackass to stand by the door. So would you if you had to do the work." "Y," said Isaacs, "I did try dot vonce and all de people as day pass by say to him 'Good day, Mr. Blumenthal; I see you've moved."

A PUNIC COLLEGIAN.

For several weeks I saw her every day—
How fast, alas, those moments sped away!
Her every look and word and motion
I noted with delight.
And we had wandered to the rustic bower.
I've then I told her that I loved her true.
I said she was the only girl I knew
For whom I ever cared a single cent.
And then, back toward the house I went,
Her image fair would ever be upon
My calendar and Latin lexicon.
As fresh as cakes and ale or ambrosia,
As full of classic beauty as Virginia,
As sweet as rare old wine or nectar quaint,
Was she, my fancy's ideal maiden saint.

A bear dropped on her cheek; 'twas like pearl.
As she cut off a silken gold-brown curl;
And then tears fell as soft as rain on mistletoe,
I felt so bad that on the home-bound train
Another girl's I did not even look,
And kissed the boy who offered me a book.
I've never had a girl since I left Dear
Old Punic College, which still I revere.

I've never remembrances of its owner fair.
'Tis now at home, locked in a little drawer,
And near it some dry stems commingled
Of different shades, from palest gold to blue
Memorials of the days I've passed with her;
But then I loved them all, I'm very sure,
And in my time have loved a dozen more.

OXFORD ASSIZES.

Woodstock, Nov. 16.—Before Mr. Justice Osler yesterday, Ell Lewp was tried for breaking into the jewellery store of Mr. Arthur Winshell, in Tilsonburg, was burglarized of a quantity of jewellery and a gold watch. Three days afterwards the prisoner, who was employed by a barber named Hall, keeping next door, went to Winshell and gave him to understand that he knew where the stolen goods were, and that one Cope Williamson, a private, who had suddenly left town, was the burglar. He wanted to know whether he would get if he recovered the goods. Winshell said he would, and returned in safety twenty minutes with the stolen watch. Prisoner, in conversation with Detective Hanson, of the Canada Southern Railway, stated that Williamson told him he had committed the burglary, and that in carrying out the spoils in a hat the watch touched off. Prisoner's story was that he had found the watch on the street. The Crown admitted a verdict of compliciety, if not a direct one of guilty. After over an hour's absence the jury returned a verdict of "Guilty of receiving stolen goods knowing them to have been stolen." Sentence was deferred.

Whitaker vs. James was an action to recover the value of improvements to land leased by Whitaker for three years. James, the owner of the land, is seeking to take possession, and plaintiff demands compensation for improvements to the amount of $1 100 he'ore relinquishing possession. The verdict will not be known if to-morrow.

Walton vs. Woodstock Gas Co. was an action involving the title to land claimed by plaintiff, but disputed by defendant on the ground of length of possession.

NUMBER TWO.

A Reduced Market to be Established—Thrower Question—Other Business.

The Committee met last night in the City Clerk's office. Present—Aldermen Meyers (in the chair), Pritchard, O'Meara, Boyle, Crawford and Higgins, Engineer Trout, market-master Orome and Mr. Kerry, Secretary of Committees. Minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

The following accounts were passed: Victoria Park, $10.25; pay sheet, $184 68; W. Austin, $45 63.

A Crawford complained that teamsters depositing gravel were using wagon-boxes without sheets.

The E gineer was ordered to see to the matter.

Taylor referred to the question of a second wood market, and claimed that the vacation of the present wood market was unnecessary, as there was nothing south of it really worth having. He then moved, seconded by Ald. Pritchard, that a wood market be located south of Bathurst, on the north side of Wellington street. Carried.

Reply to Ald. Crawford, the Chairman said that the plans of Mr. Donahoe, for the erect ion of Exhibition building, had been advertised.

Account of $66 from the Hamilton Bridge Company, for repairs to Orford and Bidgford bridges, which had been passed, and to the approval of the Engineer, was passed on by the Engineer, and referred for investigation.

Pritchard called attention to some facts in connection with the bridges that ought to be looked after.

O'Meara spoke of the wash-out at Viets bridge, to which attention had been called by the Engineer. He thought it called for consideration at once, or there was no danger of the whole thing being washed away.

The Engineer stated that some earth had been put in.

Motion of Ald. Pritchard, seconded by Ald. O'Meara, the Commissioner was instructed to have the sidewalk on the east side of Thomas street, between King and Queen, repaired, it being in a dangerous state.

Taylor said there were several sidewalks that required repairing promptly. He was one in particular, on the south side of Dundas street, from Waterloo to Ogden, that was defective. He would like to see that it be relaid properly.

Higgins stated that there was a sidewalk on King street which was also in a dangerous condition. It was on the north side, between Colborne and Burwell.

O'Meara was of opinion that the sidewalk required repairing from side to side, instead of a couple of feet down, it would save a deal of asphalt put down.

A motion of Ald. Taylor, seconded by Ald. Higgins, the Engineer was instructed to have the sidewalk on Dundas street repaired or relaid on the north side of Dundas street, between Colborne and Burwell, and on the north side of Queen, between Colborne and Burwell, in front of not more than $100.

Taylor said that they had the order of the Solicitor that they had given him to call upon the Solicitor for the Hamilton Bridge Company to have the deeds executed. It was on the north side, between Colborne and Burwell.

O'Meara spoke of the obstruction of sidewalks by goods exposed for sale. He would also like to have the sidewalks on Queen all cross-ded, and thought a charge should be made of the improvement.

The Engineer stated that the proprietors were being notified to remedy the matter.

It would require a week's work to make a thoroughfare, and he would do so as soon as possible.

Motion of Ald. Pritchard, seconded by Ald. Taylor, that the Engineer be instructed to have a statement of all improvements made in roads, bridges and other public works in the City of Toronto, and that the same be submitted to the Committee not later than next meeting.

Pritchard said there was one matter about which he wished to direct attention, the condition of the City Hall and the Police Magistrate's office opening inwards. The law required the doors should open outwards, as cases of fire there was no chance of getting out unless blockaded, and fatal results might be the consequence. The Board should have some action in the matter.

The Engineer said the main doors in the City Hall and those at the back of the Police Court entered.

Communication from W. Crowe of $800, for services done for extensions on Wellington and Bridge street work, was referred to the Engineer for investigation and report.

Ald. Crawford said there was one thing that should be done before the close of the year, and that was to have the City Hall and the city to empty into Carling's Creek. He believed the Board of Works system wanted a change of that sewer, and would operate in asking the Government for a grant in connection therewith.

Ald. Higgins thought the Government should be left to the sewer themselves.

Ald. Taylor considered it would be a good thing to have the sewer built to empty below the water-works. Mr. McKillop, however, said he did not think it would be necessary that the sewer should be carried so far.

Ald. Crawford moved that this Committee be requested that a petition be placed in readiness to petition the Government to grant an appropriation for the building of a sewer from the Asylum to a point below the Water-works dam, in order that the river might not be fouled. The motion was seconded by Ald. O'Meara and carried.

Mr. James Grant, caretaker of the Fair, asked for leave to occupy the house. He also suggested that the refuse should be taken down and sent to the schools, as they did not appear. Referred to the Trustees. Three more hose made in the lower which had to be added up, and he thought they should be renewed.

The Chairman said the Engineer would give an order for any plugged necessary, and he thought the refuse should be removed from the Park.

The Board adjourned.

MERRY MUNOMYS.

A Grand Indian Thanksgiving Festival on the Caradoc Reserve.

A grand thanksgiving feast was held among the Munsey Indians, on the Caradoc Reserve, on the 8th inst. in their Temperance Hall, to which visitors from other bands from a distance attended, having been previously invited by the Head Chief of the Munseys, W. J. Waddilove ("Shegosh") A few days before the feast the Chief took a number of his young men into the neighborhood of Lowood, on the C. S. R. branch, where they displayed the experience of regular hunters (although they had been brought up to it), and secured half-a-dozen deer, a couple of wolves and a fine specimen of the wild cat. One Lewis Logan, a young Indian, shot three of the above; the Chief and his son Elijah Waddilove, jr., two each, and the other was shot by Robert Logan. These were dressed and prepared for the feast on the 7th inst. and yesterday at noon the Chief invited the guests to sit down to dinner before tables well loaded with the savory venison, vegetables, fruits and pastry, which reflected great credit on the Indian housewives. After dinner eloquent speeches suitable to the occasion were delivered by the Rev. A. E Rowade, the resident missionary, William and John Miskeuow, from Delaware settlement, Grand River, and others from Moraviantown and the Chippewas of the Thames. On the conclusion of speeches, the Head Chief, Shegosh, was requested to give the names of the following, which elicited demonstrations of applause and delight from the guests:—Those of the Wolf Tribe, Wm. J. Waddilove, jr., "Pe-o-kaw-ness" (the Waving Plume); Cornelius Logan, "Agh-kenood" (one who is watched); Joseph Dolson, "Sah-ka-la" (leaning); David Hall, "Ne-wah-ka-ka" (one taking four steps); David Logan, "Wa-we-kagh-ook" (beautiful speaker); Noah Sanky, "Ah-ya-ja-dosen" (a bird); Johnson Peter, "Magh-kah-kaa" (a hawk); Nesbit Peter, "Moo-ta-kaigh-kin" (moose hair); Johnston Peter, "Gah-ka-ko-kaa" (a ladder); Jane Dolson, "Ah-wem-nah-pan-nough-qua" (a lady of the foggy morning); Ann Wilson, "Ah-se-kaan." Those of the Eagle tribe were:—William Tunkpe, "Mah-kwah-pawgh-kah-pe-nen" (a roasted pumpkin); James Wolfe, jr., "Tim-pe-me-ter" (a fleeting wait); and Eli Sanky, "Tomanch," Susanna John, "Pawkoose"—the last two being Shawnee BANDS.

Shakespeare's "Pericles" has just been produced at Munich for the first time in Germany, and proved a success.

SCHOOL MANAGEMENT.

Overcrowded Schools—Scarcity of Teachers—Physiology to be Taught in the High School.

A meeting of the School Management Committee was held last night, there being present Messrs. Kingston (chairman), J. Wilkes, Carroll, Teasdale, Wright, Dr. Ol. T. Campbell and Inspector Boyle.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The overcrowded state of the Colborne street and Waterloo street south schools, referred to by Inspector Boyle in his last monthly report to the School Board, was discussed.

Mr. Wilkes thought the pupils at the Central School should be weeded out and sent to the Read street school, where some of the rooms were vacant. This would relieve the Waterloo street south school.

Mr. Boyle thought the only way to provide permanent relief would be to build a school house in the south-eastern portion of the city. If this were done no other school building would have to be erected in the city for the next ten years. This would be the only way to do justice to No. 5 Ward.

Mr. Kingston thought a remedy could be obtained by half the children attending in the morning and the other half in the afternoon.

There are some common English sayings which emphasize some of its characteristics. For instance, "March: Many weathers"; or another expression, often heard in England, among out-of-door workers, which is a very apt one, as applied to an English March day, is "One fine day in one afternoon," an expression not well calculated to give one an idea of the way sunshine and clouds, rain and fair weather, rapidly alternate on an average English March afternoon. I found as I travelled and studied England that I had somehow imbibed at home very many false ideas about the country. For illustration, I had always supposed that an immense amount of rain fell there, and that a large proportion of the days of almost any month there were rainy ones. I suppose that that impression was deepened by the constant reiteration of the story of some gentleman going to England to see the scenery for about a days and finding every one of those 31 day s rainy ones. I spent about ninety days in England in the spring of 1881, and in all that time I had for the most part clear skies above me and saw but little rain. What rains there were were light. When it does rain in England it seems to rain evenly and quietly and steadily, and not with such an persevering an ours. Figures prove that the rainfall in England is less than in the United States. The average annual rainfall at Cambridge, Mass., is reported at thirty-eight inches; in Ohio, thirty-six inches; in England, thirty-one inches.—*Letter to Boston Journal.*

Don't Leave the Farm.

Come, boys, I have something to tell you:
Come near, I would whisper it low;
You are thinking of leaving the homestead,
Don't be in a hurry to go.

The city has many attractions,
But think of the vices and sin;
When once in the vortex of fashion,
How soon the course downward begins.

You talk of the saloon, boys,
They are wealthy in gold, no doubt;
But, ah! there is gold in the farm, boys,
If only you'll shovel it out.

The mercantile trade is a hazard—
The goods are first high and then low,
Better risk the old farm awhile longer:
Don't be in a hurry to go.

The farm is the safest and surest,
Its profits are always in view;
You're as free as the air in the mountains
And monarch of all you survey.

Better on the farm awhile longer
Than jostled in misery's throng;
Remember, you've nothing to risk, boys,
Don't be in a hurry to go.

—*By C. E. M. Breen.*

We subscribe to the above sentiment. But there are cases where circumstances preclude sentiment. There has been more or less drain upon the boys of the farm for the past thirty years, while the cities and towns have called forth a great amount of advice to the parents and boys. In the first place we do not see why a boy who has a marked predilection for some particular pursuit in life should not be gratified in his desire. All are not equally well adapted for all callings. Often the idea of the farmer will not warrant a number of boys remaining at home. The idea seems to be implanted upon them by nature that every boy must follow the calling of his father, and the neighborhood. The locality, be asserted, possessed all the natural features indicative of coal.

James Allen, a farmer of Dereham township, four miles from Tilsonburg, made 1,500 gallons of sorghum syrup this season, and will make 700 more. He charges for his work 5c per gallon for cash and 6c when trade is paid for in grain. The industry is spreading in Western Ontario.

The reports from all the mines of Nova Scotia and Cape Breton show an increase in the output and sales; 6,238 tons were shipped from Pictou during the week ended October 30th, making the total shipments to date this season 183,544 tons. The shipment from Cape Breton during the quarter ending October 30th, amounted to 200,000 tons, an increase of 56 000 tons over the corresponding period last year.

Over $2000 has been subscribed towards a guarantee fund for a telephone from Chatham to Windsor, so that in all probability this very important enterprise will succeed; $600 additional will be required before the line can be built. The Chatham *Planet* adds:—Two carloads of poles for the Bell Telephone line have arrived at the depot for the Chatham and Windsor line, which is already commenced, and will be completed shortly. Some telephone will be received for Windsor and Malden.

One of the largest ropes in thickness and length ever produced in England is that recently manufactured for service in New Zealand, where it is to be employed in hauling up ships when they run aground on the coast, and before them, which is considered likely the case. The rope in question is a 21-inch white manilla hawser, 120 fathoms in length, composed of 9 strands of 216 yarns to the strand. Another rope, intended for the same purpose, is a fifteen inch hawser of the same material and length, and composed of nine strands with 164 yarns to the strand. Twelve-inch ropes are the largest ordinarily made.

Messrs. Milne, Imlay and Logie, of Moss Centre, have secured the half interest in the Tomlinson Package Company's patent for marketing in Canada. A new kind of barrel, which it is claimed will be a great improvement on the old style. The principle of the new barrel is that it is not made with staves, but with sheets of elm veneer. These sheets of the veneer are laid together and pressed into the required shape, and the ends nailed evenly together. Both the inside and outside sheets of grain of the wood runs round the barrel, while the grain of the middle piece runs straight up and down. A close-grained hoop is used through crosby, these barrels can also be made five-ply so as to hold liquids of any sort.

"The whole crop of Irish moss," says the Boston *Commercial Bulletin*, "has been largely bought up by two or three concerns this year, and a firm of wholesale druggists, in Liberty Square, Boston, is said to have about 6,000 bbls. or 600,000 pounds. The entire crop gathered in the vicinity of Scituate, Mass., and elsewhere is not over 11,000 bbls. The moss is selling to-day at 6 to 8 cents a pound. The fact that the firm who held the largest proportion of this year's supply of moss are also large dealers in all kinds of supplies for woollen and cotton mills, is a reminder that Irish moss is being used to some extent by wool manufacturers. The cost at all for bleaching wool is a considerable item in a woollen mill, and it is claimed that this expense can be reduced by the use of Irish moss.

John Brown, having been sent the other day at Balmoral by the Queen in quest of the lady in waiting, who happened to be the Duchess of Athole, suddenly stumbled against her. "Hoot, man," said J. B., "yer just the woman I was looking for." The enraged Duchess dashed incontinently into the royal presence and exclaimed in her Majesty:—"Madam, J. B. has insulted me, he has had the impertinence to call me a woman." To which the Queen replied with caustic severity:—"And pray, what are you?" All the ladies in waiting and ladies of the bedchamber have a deadly hatred of John Brown.

Climate in Old and New England.

Take a broad and comprehensive view of the English climate the year round, I do not know how I can better describe the sensation than by saying each month in the English year is but a reproduction of the corresponding New England month very much milder drawn. This is best shown by taking a little late Autumn. The hottest months in England are July and August, the same as with us; yet in England the mean temperature of July and August is about 63°. January and December are England's coldest months; yet the mean temperature is about 39°. It is said that the temperature that is the most conducive to the physical prosperity of the human race is between 50° and 60°. The temperature of Great Britain, year in and year out, comes nearest to this standard of any country on the face of the earth. I should say that September and October in England were very like September and October in New England, with the exception that October is not quite as cold as our October; and that their September is not liable to show in its early days any of those hot spells that so often characterize the first part of our September. November in England, as with us, is a gloomy month, but colder there than here; February in England is a chilly, damp month; March is a warm edition of our own.

The Friendly Toad.

Along with the bird, the mole and the snake the toad is now ranked as a friend of the horticulturist. Indeed, it seems to be stands foremost in the rank, for unlike the bird he never takes the early cherry; unlike the mole, he never destroys the grasshopper into unsightly ridges, and, fortunately for him, he has never offered up on the hereditary altars attended to even the most kindly disposed of the snake tribe. In some parts of Europe, toads are carried to the city markets, where they are purchased by the gardeners, who use them as a check upon insects. The writer has seen the toad thus known as an acquaintance of the men in charge of the market gardens, and he remembers that they were provided with an acid diet of a disagreeable odor which they were urged to expel from the excrescences on their skin, when roughly handled. Dogs have been observed to bite and to froth at the mouth when attempting to kill toads; they were only being taught a lesson by the wary old animal. Besides this acrid secretion toads possess one other means of defence. When attacked they inflate their bodies, apparently to protect them from bruises. Toads fill themselves with air in the same way, and prevented they invariably swallow their skin as soon as cast. The pallet and stomach of a toad are constructed so that it can turn them inside out, protruding them from his mouth like the finger of a glove when he swallows anything disagreeable to him, thus easily getting rid of the contents. Toads have been known to live in a cellar for family several years and to become quite tame when kindly treated. They will do good service in the cellar by eating the flies, the garden by clearing the premises of cockroaches and other vermin. It is said that they catch mice also, though it is hardly to be expected that creatures of their size would be very efficient mousers. To keep equestrians who go by us. Judging from their sparkling eyes and ready retorts his remarks are regarded as favorable indications of his approval. That our cabby was a "cabin" in the matrimonial market, and his empty bunghole a coveted possession, raised him still higher in our estimation.

Finally, we land in the market-place: an open square, with long narrow booths open at the sides, forming rectangular passages for purchasers. Here elderly dames are purchasing pot and the simple adjuncts of their daily food. Quantities of unfavoring-looking fish lie exposed on the stalls, advertising odoriferous wholesome. Sweet potatoes and fruits are piled upon the ground beneath at the mercy of peripatetic poultry. We resist persuasion to buy or to eat. The octopus, we are informed, constitutes a Hawaiian delicacy; but we do not see any, and are chary of believing traveller's tales. As we pass along the streets we notice several American ladies, radiant in Parisian toilettes, descending from their buggies at different shops. We learn that Californians frequently resort to Honolulu for rest and pleasure. There are also resident American merchants in the town, which probably accounts for the vigorous life of mercantile proceedings. The fertile soil and salubrious climate, at least well tempered by sea breezes and constant showers, make it a charming spot for a temporary residence.—*London Society.*

At Colfax, La., a sixteen-year-old boy was eating sugar-cane, pulling it with the big blade of a very sharp knife. Another boy jumped on his back, and in some way the knife entered the breast of the holder, killing him instantly.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE.

Latest Rates by Telegraph and Mail.

General Notes.

Hudson Bay stock sold in London on Wednesday at 33½.

In the year 1880 there were produced in Japan 206 756,409 gallons of alcoholic liquors.

Of six acres of land Mr. Jull, of Brantford, cleared, after paying expenses, $1,320 The crop growers was hops.

A lot of new Valencia oranges has been received by last steamer from Liverpool, which are selling at $7 to $7.50 per case.

Mr. James Cairns, of Chesley, had a yield of 564 bushels of wheat the season from one acre of land, by actual measurement.

About eighteen million feet of lumber are used annually in Chatham; the pine from the Georgian Bay, chestnut from Middlesex and Essex.

Fall grain in Eastern Ontario is reported to be looking in excellent condition and to have been materially improved by the recent rains.

The collections at Fairchs for the month of October, amounted to $3,408.29, as against $1,513.83 during the corresponding month of last year.

There are large quantities of quinces on the Montreal market, which are difficult to sell at $5 per bbl., although the usual price in former seasons has been about $2.

Two cargoes of Prince Edward Island potatoes were disposed of by auction in Halifax lately. One realized 25 cents per bushel, and the other, slightly damaged, 20 cents.

The charcoal works near Kingston are turning out about 400 bushels per day. There are over 2,000 bushels ready to be shipped to Kingston, where it will find ready sale.

There is a better enquiry for horses on export account, some eight or ten American buyers being on the Montreal market, but the supply of desirable animals is not equal to the demand, and such stock command full rates.

Last spring Mr. Isaac Langstaath, of Seaforth, planted thirty pounds of potatoes, of the White Star variety, in his garden, and this fall he had as the product of them and a half bushels, which he sold for $20.

Messrs. John and Charles Wilson, Cedar Creek, finished threshing their wheat last week, and realized 600 bushels from 19½ acres—being 41¼ bushels to the acre. The varieties were White Mammoth Pelle, and the weight was over 60 pounds to the bushel.

Australian wines have carried off no fewer than 79 prizes, including 16 gold and 29 silver medals, at the International Wine Exhibition at Bordeaux. The red wines gave greater satisfaction than the white, and Hermitage from Victoria and New South Wales obtaining eight gold and seven silver medals.

Baby insurance companies are becoming quite popular in New England. The Hartford Company insures children from one to twelve years of age for amounts not exceeding $250, the charge for which is 25 cents weekly. The company claims that the business will become a profitable accompaniment of the baby carriage industry.

A recent report of the London potato market says:—"Supplies much shorter, owing to the wet weather. Trade brisk at following quotations:—English regents, 6s to 7s; do. early rose, 3s 6d to 4s; do. Hebrons, 6s; do. snowflake, 3s 6d to 4s 6d; do. Scotch regents, 5s to 6s; do. champions, 3s 6d to 4s per cwt.

It seems certain that even the sunflower must go. The *London Live Stock Journal* says that sunflower oil is greatly used for adulterating salad oil, and that the leaves of the sunflower are largely employed in the adulteration of tobacco. The oil is supposed to be unsurpassed as a lubricant, and soap made from it is unequalled for softening the skin.

The Whitby *Chronicle* says:—An old English miner, who has had long experience in the coal mines in England, and who is now engaged in the Pennsylvania coal mines, called at the *Chronicle* office a business and declared with much confidence that coal would be found in Whitby and neighborhood. The locality, he asserted, possessed all the natural features indicative of coal.

DENTON

HAS IMPORTED A SUPERB STOCK OF

FASHIONABLE—WOOLEN—GOODS

FOR GENTLEMEN of LONDON and VICINITY,

COMPRISING IN PART OF

FOR DRESS.
Black Cheviot Serges.
Navy Serges.
Black Worsteds.

FOR SUITINGS.
Black and Blue Angolas.
Black and Blue Cheviots.
Fine Scotch Cheviots.
Diagonal and Fancy Worsteds

FOR TROWSERINGS.
Worsted Tweeds and Halfsteads
Fancy Cassimere Tweeds.
Waterproof Tweeds.

FOR OVERCOATINGS.
Elysians, Montagnacs.
Pea Beavers, Naps.
Meltons, Beavers,
&c., &c., &c.

FOR LIVERIES.—Drab, Blue and Green Regulation Cloths. Mixed-ly

FRENCH DRESS GOODS

In Wool Merveilleux,
Diagonals,
Foule Cloth,
Shoodas,
Cashmeres, Etc.,

IN ALL THE NEWEST SHADES.

Heron & Jackson

ood 118 DUNDAS STREET.

Gents' Hand-Sewed Boots and Shoes,

CHEAPEST AND BEST.

J. P. THOMPSON'S,

ood 198 Dundas Street.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Sale of Lands in Southern Manitoba

2,500,000 ACRES.

WITHOUT CONDITION OF SETTLEMENT OR CULTIVATION.

The Company will offer for sale, commencing 20th November instant, at the office of the Land Department, Winnipeg, all the odd numbered sections owned by the Company in

SOUTHERN MANITOBA

west of the Red River, between the 8t mile belt, on the main line and the International Boundary, as far as Range 12; and, west of Range 12, between the main line belt and the line between the north and south halves of township four, extending west to the longitude of Moose Jaw, comprising about 2,500,000 acres.

Valuable sections will be offered for sale in the Mennonite Reserves, Pembina Mountain and along the South-Western Branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Also in the well settled and attractive districts of the

SOURIS, PELICAN AND WHITEWATER LAKES and the MOOSE MOUNTAIN.

These lands will be sold at moderate prices, based on the valuations made by the Company's examiners, who are now in the field.

No Settlement or Cultivation Duties

will be exacted. Terms of payment:—One-sixth in cash on the execution of the contract; balance payable in five annual instalments with interest at 6 per cent. per annum. A deed will be granted on payment being made in full. Payments may be made in

LAND GRANT BONDS,

which will be accepted at 10 per cent. premium on their par value, and accrued interest. Bonds can be obtained on application at the Bank of Montreal here, or at any of it Agencies.

For further particulars apply to JOHN H. McTAVISH, Land Commissioner, Winnipeg.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.

Montreal, November, 1882. 2166dtu

500 Boys' Overcoats

REDUCED IN PRICE.



Age:	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Price:	$3.00,	3.00,	3.25,	3 50	3.75,	4.00,	4.25	4.50,	4.75

Age:	12	13	14	16
Price:	$4.85,	5.00,	5.50,	5.75.



BURNS and BAPTY,

CLOTHING & FURNISHINGS.

Great Bankrupt Sale

THE GOLDNER STOCK.

THE RUSH for BARGAINS

GREATER THAN EVER.

Twenty-three Thousand dollars' ($23,000) Worth of New, First-class Goods Thrown on the Market, and the Whole to be Closed Before the 1st of January.

CLOTHING, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS AND CAPS

AT FIFTY PER CENT. BELOW GOLDNER'S MARKED PRICES.

500 FUR CAPS AT HALF PRICE. | THOMAS SMYTH, Richmond st., opp. City Hall.

London, Nov. 16, 1882. 176eodtu

Boots & Shoes

WONDERFULLY CHEAP

DURING FAIR WEEK.

—AT—

WINLOW BROTHERS',

ood 118 Dundas Street.

ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS

TO ORDER,

$15, $16, $18, $20, $23.

PETHICK AND McDONALD'S,

ood 398 RICHMOND STREET.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the Fair will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S
Drug Store,
284 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Friday, November 17, 1882

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 60 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Friday, Nov. 17, 1882.

Sun rises ....7:26 a. m. | Moon rises ..12:34 p. m
Sun sets .....5:41 p. m. | Moon sets...11:39 p. m
Day of the year 321st.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter	2nd	1.42 p.m.
New Moon	11th	6.16 p.m.
First Quarter	18th	2.32 a.m.
Full Moon	26th	5.39 a.m.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Nov. 17, 1 a.m.—Since last night an area of high pressure has moved quickly down from the northward over the Lake Region and St. Lawrence Valley, and an area of low pressure has travelled from the Pacific Slope across the Rockies to the North-west Territories. Snow or rain is now falling at most places in the Lower Lake Region, while elsewhere in Canada the weather is fair and comparatively cold. Lakes—Fresh to strong easterly to northerly winds; cloudy weather with rain and snow; followed by clearing at night, and not much change in temperature.

HAND SMASHED.—Yesterday afternoon a young man named Leith, employed in the wood yard, St. Thomas, had his hand badly crushed by a steam saw weighing two hundred pounds.

COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT.—Master Willie's benefit concert is announced to take place this evening at Victoria Hall. From the array of local talent there is every reason to believe it will be one of the best concerts given in London for some time past. Master Barron is about to perfect his musical education at the Boston Conservatory of Music, and his numerous friends have tendered him this concert previous to his removal. The hall should be crowded.

A GRAVEL PIT ACCIDENT.—Mr. Cowie's gravel pit, East Williams, was the scene of a serious accident the other day. While the shovellers were loading some of the topmost part of the bank caved in, entirely burrying one of them, John Conner, a cripple. After extricating him it was found that his leg was broken. He was attended to by Dr. Hanna on the 14th inst., and when he now lies in a precarious condition. This is the same of a similar accident last fall.

ECCLESIASTICAL APPOINTMENTS.—His Lordship the Bishop of London has been pleased to make the following ecclesiastical appointments:—Rev. Father Pasteur, pastor of Sainte Felix, having retired through ill health, is replaced by Rev. Father Villeneuve, formerly pastor of St. Francis; Rev. J. A. Wasserue, formerly pastor of Wendsler, is appointed to the parish of St. Francis; Rev. John Bonte, late pastor of Bothwell, is named to the mission of Corunna; Rev. Michael Cousins is appointed to the pastorate of Wendsler; Rev. Albert McKeon replaces the Rev. Father Bonte at Bothwell.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—William Thomas appeared before Squire Peters yesterday, by answer to an assault alleged to have been committed on George Talet. It appears the defendant is employed at the Ontario House, and owing to a disagreement with Talet, found it necessary to throw the complainant down and jump on his chest. As Talet did not appear, the case was dismissed. A dog belonging to William Mapson went into the yard of Hector McLeod, and the latter shot the animal dead. For this he was summoned before the P. M., who allowed the parties to settle the difficulty between themselves, McLean agreeing to pay $1 for the dog, and $2.25 costs.

FOOT BALL.—The following are the names of the 27'ers who will represent the London Foot Ball Club in the match to be played in Hamilton on Saturday next:—Backs—G. R. Sifelling R. McKee. Half-Backs—J. Reid, T. E Ro'son Quarter-Backs—C. R. Bate (Capt'n), H. Ivey. Forwards—W. Dugard, F. W. Carey, J. L. Gower, E. F. Gower, — McKinnon, F. W. Gower, A. T. E. B. and G. A. T. The following will probably compose the Hamilton te :—Backs—A. Murray (captain), A. D. Sc ott. Half-backs—T. Mc-Queen and R. Martin. Quarter-backs—H. Wilson and W. Gow. Forwards—A. D. Cowar, P. Baskin, H E Gates, H. McLaren, A. Gillespie, W. Howden, G. Sayers and W. Hendrie.

A HOAX.—Elder P. T. Sanford says that the marriage notice published, by which his name is connected, has no foundation in truth. As was not married, as stated, and he thinks the notice must have been inserted for malicious purposes by some enemy. If this is the case, Mr. Sanford says he proposes to complete sm-loon on the part of whoever did it. The attentive journalist is always on the watch for items of interest of this kind, and is rarely a victim, though many attempts are made by people of vicious temperament to make a sensation by playing a hoax on the press. It is impossible, however, to verify everything that is sent in, and the words and gains of an honest communication, which this one seemed, but if his foe cannot get a better rig on those fond than the circulation of false marriage notices, they will c'e well to let him alone for the future. Such notice do no harm to a man, though they may serve to wound the feelings of a woman unnecessarily, and in a way that is mean and low down. No reputation is made from such venomous persons, and everybody must be at best both dangerous and contemptible.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Remember the extensive auction sale of stoves and furniture at Maville & Brown's rooms to-day at 10.30 a m. The largest variety of stoves offered by auction this season, and will be sold without reserve. Come and see for yourself.

Mr. Jeremiah Crowley, late of this city, has purchased the Western Hotel, at the Air Line station, St. Thomas.

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Marsh, 216 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools. Kitly

Blank books of all kinds made from best materials at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Brunsor, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

A lot of new clothes, colors, and set sacked, just arrived per "Sel Kleg," from Rooney & Co., at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. Bluxsey Mason, 197 Dundas street.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable.—146 Dundas St., nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

SEE Additional Local News on Third Page.

Ex Ald. Love is of opinion that one knife of municipal life is enough for him.

Charles Campbell, formerly of Aylmer, has been re-elected as a Probate Judge in Dakota.

Mr. James Lethbridge, one of the early settlers of Hal'd Township, died on Tuesday of paralysis.

Mr. George Dow, the Canadian Passenger Agent of the Northern Pacific Railway, was in the city yesterday.

The next General Sessions and County Court, will be held at the Court House on the 4th of December.

In the article forecasting coming events in municipal matters, No. 3 Ward should read No. 4 and vice versa.

It is astonishing how many persons are met now-a-days who are ready to enter public life if the people want them.

In the case of Summers vs. Cassell, tried at the last Assizes, Chief-Justice Haggarty has dismissed the case without costs.

The West Elgin Agricultural Society will have a three-quarter mile race course on their exhibition grounds next season.

The work on the streets for the year is being rapidly closed up. So far the great mude has covered all the expenditure.

For the past two days men have been employed flushing the sewers, which are reported to have been in a most filthy state.

Rev. George Brown, of London South, is announced to preach at Glencoe on Sunday in connection with the missionary services.

Some well-disposed parties stole a spread from Conductor Harrison's clothes line on Wednesday night, in the southern part of the city.

Mr. T. Isherwood, of this city, purchased the cottage of the late David Miller yesterday for $1,500. Mr. Manville officiated as prompter.

The Rhea boom will soon commence, and the chances are that when she appears on the 23rd inst., at the Grand, every seat in house will be filled.

Nickle plate on stoves, it is said, can be made as clean and bright as when new by polishing it with the dust that accumulates in the flues of the stove.

Rev. W. C. Henderson, M. A., pastor of the Methodist Church, Strathroy, purposes preaching a sermon on Sunday evening on the evils of dancing.

Mr. Nathan Marlatt, formerly of St. Thomas, is candidate for nomination as Republican ticket in Codington county, Dakota, it's present home.

Mr. E. A. Leonard, of this city, has been admitted to practice as a Solicitor of the Supreme Court for Ontario. He has hung out his shingle at Grimsby.

A six hours one-on-one-plows match is to come off in the Strathroy Skating Rink on Monday and Tuesday evenings next, three hours each night. The prizes will be $50 and $25.

Mr. Donaldson McNeil, formerly of the 2nd concession of Zone, near Bothwell, was recently nominated for Justice of the Peace for Welsh County, Dakota, where he at present resides.

It is said that a citizen of Richmond township of Raphael, ran away with his step daughter on the 2nd inst., leaving his wife in charge of a baby which belonged to her step daughter.

A Plate Glass Mutual Association has been formed at St. Thomas, the object being for the members to render mutual assistance in paying for plate glass windows broken through accident.

At Grey assizes yesterday, the jury in the libel suit of Pearson vs. the Western Echo, brought in a verdict for plaintiff and $100. Mr. George Bingham, formerly of this city, is one of the proprietors of the paper.

Dr. C. W. Clark, of Aylmer, who is about to leave for Manitoba, will be given a farewell supper by his friends to-night. Arrangements have been made for a special train on the Air Line from St. Thomas.

One fireman and three men of the city Brigade have been engaged cleaning the snow from fire hydrants since the storm. The city, of course, pays them, and it is not anticipated the work will last for more weeks to come.

Johnny Morrison, the youth who was recently killed in Tennessee while sleeping with a can of Frazer pk's cleans wagon, was, until a year ago, a printer in the *Advertiser* office, at Stanford, where his mother and family reside.

A few nights since the C. S. R. station at Talbotville was broken into, and the paper cut, strewn around, but nothing taken. The burglars were probably on the hunt for express money, but there was none in the safe at the time.

An old lady named Betsey Davis committed suicide by poisoning, at the house of her son-in-law, Grant township, Michigan, the other day. The old woman had just returned from a visit to Canada, and was visiting her daughter at Leonia, Mich.

Jonas Batrice, formerly of Elgin county, but now living in Codington county, threshed this fall 1,502 bushels of wheat, 335 of barley and 520 of oats. Wheat is selling from 82 to 85 cents per bushel, barley 45 to 50 cents, and oats 25 cents.

Mr. H. P. Perrett, formerly G. W. R. ticket agent at St. Thomas, writes from Dakota, that he has threshed, at his farm in that Territory, 2,200 bushels of wheat. While to the settlement he has purchased a steam engine and separator, and will thresh for his neighbors. He has also purchased a saw mill, and will erect a house with the lumber.

A milk peddler of Westminster destroyed his reputation for honesty one day last week in the following way: He had a pint of milk for a customer, a fish made merry in the lacteal fluid—just such a fish as are seen here-about. How he would do it got into the cow that gave the milk?

Rev. Dr. Cochrane, Moderator of the Presbyterian Assembly, Hamilton, will preach the anniversary services of St. Andrew's Church, Strathroy, on Sunday, and on the following evening will lecture on "Scotland, Past and Present." Rev. A. Henderson, of Hyde Park, and J. A. Murray, of this city, will deliver addresses at the annual tea meeting.

Mr. George Goodacre and Miss Jessie Mary Cowley, of this city, were united in marriage on Wednesday at the residence of the Conductor Rogley, in St. Thomas. The bride received many costly presents. The couple left on G. T. R. for San Francisco, where they take the steamer for the Sandwich Islands.

Those who are compelled to use crutches will be interested to learn that a patent has just been secured by a black smith who acts as an orderer, which are fixed with a heavy rubber band. The rear thus moves forward eight feet at a step, with a smooth, even motion, which does away with the jar experienced in the use of the ordinary crutch.

Mr. Patrick Ford, a well known citizen of Niagara Falls, has imported 'n rale cold Irish jaunting car" from Dublin, and will, in future, run it from the G. T. R. Station to the Falls. It will seat six persons, and Pat, in order to give the car a distinct Irish appearance, has imported for himself a suit of corduroy. If anyone don't attend Pat's venture after that, what will?

A number of unruly youths raised one of the windows in Mr. Laura's room, London South School, during Wednesday night, and threw a number of copy-books to future, besides doing other damages. If parents would look more closely after their children between six and nine o'clock at nights, fewer of such escapades would be reported. The racans are known in this instance, and will be punished if the operation is repeated.

Last Friday evening Mrs. McInnes, a widow living at Mt. Vernon, near Brantford, sent her son for liquor, and while proceeding homeward after purchasing the liquor, it is presumed he partook so freely of the liquor that he laid down on the road side and died from the effects. It is known the boy purchased the liquor and started for home, but he never reached there. His was found cold and stiff in death, the bottle lying empty by his side.

THE DOMINION
Savings & Investment Society.

SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICE,
Opp. City Hall, Richmond-St., London

Savings Bank Deposits received and highest rates of interest allowed thereon. Money to Loan on mortgage security.

F. B. LEYS,
Kll-dd MANAGER.

BRYCE'S BOOM.

What the Enterprising Dealer can Show in Christmas Cards

Finest Display of Artistic Reminders in the Dominion.

It cannot but be gratifying to every citizen to see springing up in our midst a love for the beautiful in art, as has been evidenced of late in this city, not alone amongst the rising generation, but by those approaching the third stage of life. The taste cannot fail in being a leaven among the distressing experiences of daily life, social and political, and like, must, enable many a disappointment and scatchless to happier hours. No better criterion of the advance made in this direction by Londoners and the populace of Western Ontario can be gained than by the interest taken in the special field of art so thoroughly and effectively developed in Christmas and New Years Cards. A few years ago, in 1878, the dealers experienced great difficulty in procuring more than a dime for one of these cards. Now, it is not uncommon to sell hundreds during the season at prices ranging from $1.00 to $4 each. The principal importers in Western Canada are to be found in these towns. Mr. William Bryce, of this city, has, by his judicious selections, knowledge of the wants of the people, and personal visits to the leading manufacturers of the world, combined with a spirit of progress and enterprise, done much to foster this improvement about, and his multifarious importations this season are a surprise even to the "oldest inhabitant" (if it may be termed such) has come to stay. The second floor of his extensive establishment in the Crossyn block, No. 122 Dundas street, and Market Square, has been transformed into a veritable fairy land. Tables, upon which are displayed samples of every line in stock, are the principal attractions in the centre-body and the others, and it is Mr. Bryce's intention to permit citizens and customers to view the display from both sides. Shelving will soon be erected, when the second floor will be thrown open to the people to be utilized or refused, as they may think best. This extra room will be a great convenience to the many customers from these sections of country cards, and fill the same as soon as the season opens. There is every reason to believe the display will be largely taken advantage of by all classes of the community, and, if giving their orders at once, will escape the rush and hurly-burly so inseparable from the last week or days before Christmas. At the first table the visitor is shown the original English, German and French productions, which do not, as a rule, find favor in this country. There is every variety of design, from the most elaborate to the most simple, and the prices are very fine, notably the embossed ones. On the second table are to be found beautiful specimens of the work of the Prang Co., Boston, from the manufacturers of Canada, London, and Montreal, of Germany. The latter are not artistically wrought, and the collection is one which cannot fail to delight the purchaser, and which the dealer should be slightness. A fine display of these cards with the different textures of Scotland is also to be seen, and will be found very attractive in the art, and in order that the purchaser may be enabled to explain the distinctive features of each, a letter-press description is furnished with each tasteful card. The "Satin" and "Silk" cards are very fine, and will please the ladies, and they form one of the most attractive of the collection. "Pasten's Pasteboard" is also represented, and the specimens attached to them, and Mr. Bryce secured the writer that they are in great demand. Of this class there are thirty-five numbers also, and the characters are as lifelike and artistic as to almost baffle criticism. The north table is strewn with selections of Walker's ivory cards and Dean's handpainted water-color cards, which are especially unique and inviting. The painting is attractive, and the work demonstrates that the artist possesses a delicate touch and a good eye for color. Some of them are perfect gems. In the books of quality of handling, color, drawing and composition. The Robinson Engraving Company, of Boston, have this season exceeded all their previous efforts, originality in shape, designs and styles of their hand-painted cards. The exhibition is a most complete and decorative one. Prices to suit the purse of everyone are to be found, and I told Mr. Bryce we were getting to the Chemical Works; I noticed $7 15 to $7 30 was paid for hogs. I was standing on the front of the engine with me; I asked my mate, who was on the front of the engine, what was the matter. He said he replied some boy belonging to London East, and I did not think it worth while to stop the train. First we came to the Chemical Works; then we came to the Chemical Road East; when we came to the Chemical Road I saw a switch I jumped off, and my mate also, and when the engine had passed I saw the boy cut up on the track right in front of my face. I was the same boy who had been on the engine; when I jumped off I left the boy on the engine sitting very quietly; the boy was very much cut. I jumped off, and only passed about four feet beyond where the body was lying; my experience with the boys getting on and off the engine is similar to that of the driver and fireman, and also that of switches are frequently misplaced, and the coupling pins frequently taken out from the draw bars, which has indulged in what is absolutely necessary in the dark when passing a switch, as we have been left all right some little time before to try it with our hands to see that it is in the safe condition to be left in, as they have been so frequently misplaced.

Francis Tannen, sworn:—I am assistant yardsman with Brown on the G. T. R.; the boy was on the engine when I got on near Colborne street; he sat quiet all the way up; I got off the engine on the opposite side to Brown; I left the boy on the engine when I got off, and saw no more of him until I saw him lying on the track; my experience with the boys is similar to that of the former witnesses; I have never asked any boys to assist me in my duties as yardsman.

Dr. Gardiner, sworn:—I was called this morning between 10 and 11 o'clock to Meehan's Hotel, and saw the deceased, who was very seriously injured, the right leg almost completely severed close by the hip, the left leg crushed and nearly severed, also a small wound on the back of the head, and both hands injured to a slight extent; the shock was so severe that he died about three hours after the injury; death was caused by these injuries.

This concluded the evidence, and the jury returned the following

VERDICT.

We, the jury impanelled to investigate the cause of the death of Albert Ford, do find that he was accidentally killed when getting off an engine in the Grand Trunk yard this morning, and we entirely exonerate the men in charge of the engine from all blame. But the jury do strongly censure the sensless custom of boys getting on and off trains while in motion in the yards; and we cannot too strongly urge upon the G. T. Railway Company the necessity of having some one appointed with the proper authority to arrest any person or persons riding on the engine without the express permission of the driver of the engine.

During the progress of the inquest it was stated that the boy had informed his father that no person was to blame, but that he tried to jump off the engine, missed his footing, and fell beneath the wheels.

The jury requested the Coroner to forward a copy of the verdict to Mr. Perrett, General Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, in order to direct his attention to the necessity of appointing a new person with authority to take steps for the prevention of the evil.

PROF. J. M. BELL-SMITH AT VICTORIA HALL.—The entertainment given in Victoria Hall last night by Prof. J. M. Bell-Smith was one deserving of high praise. It was given under the auspices of the Working Men's Christian Association, and consisted of humorous and pathetic readings, some of them being illustrated by the Professor, on canvas. These pictures were really sensational, and were drawn in sight of the audience with a rapidity that was at times bewildering. When he showed his dislike for the cabs by stopping backwards, and fell into the bed of the omnibus Dr. Graham, of Newbury, was immediately called in, but could not be found. The entertainment will be repeated until Saturday morning, when death relieved it from agony.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Friday last a very respectable man named to a two year old son of Alfred Parkins, at the township of Raphaels. The eldest child, a girl of about eight, had just pressed cold quit a bottle of ing water for the purpose of scrubbing, when the little boy asked for a piece of pie. What he got is not known, but the child in question is supposed to have swallowed the contents of the bottle. Dr. Graham, of Newbury, was immediately called in, but could not save the little one's life. It died until Saturday morning, when death relieved it from agony.

SUDDEN DEATH.

CONCERT.—A pleasant entertainment was given at the Asylum last evening under the management of Mr. W. C. Wonham. The programme included vocal selections by Mr. and Mrs. Parsons, Miss Boniface, and Messrs. W. Nolle and Cordingley, and readings by Mr. G. G. Wislow. All rendered their parts in a good style, greatly to the enjoyment of the inmates, who were thus cheered and enlivened through the soothing influence of music.

RED HOT BARGAINS
—IN—
DRESS GOODS
—AT—
Thos. Beattie & Co's

NOTE THE PRICES AND BUY NOW

35 Pieces Pin Check Cloth Suiting, 15c; worth 20c.
25 Pieces Twilled Dagmar Suiting, 20c; worth 30c.
30 Pieces French Twill Dress Cloth, 20c; worth 25c.
25 Pieces Plain Cloth Dress Suiting, 15c; cut down from 25c.
36 Ends Saveyard Costume Twill Dress Suiting at 20c; well worth 30c.

The great fall boom has now fully begun at T. Beattie & Co's, small profits and quick returns is the motto of this house. Buying for cash leaves us room for losses and leakages. One trial will convince you T. Beattie & Co's is the true spot at which to buy your Dry Goods.

SYRUP
—OF—
RED SPRUCE GUM
AND ALL THE LEADING
PATENT MEDICINES
SOLD AT
Reduced Prices
—BY—
WM. SAUNDERS,
Chemist,
188 DUNDAS STREET.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

A Lad Named Ford Run Over by an Engine and Horribly Mangled.

THE REPREHENSIBLE PRACTICE OF JUMPING ON ENGINES SHOULD BE STOPPED.

A lamentable accident occurred yesterday morning at the switch leading into the Chemical Works from the old Grand Trunk Railway track east of Rectory street, London East, the result of which will be the quenching of a promising young life. The victim was a young lad named Albert Ford, son of Mr. Wm. Ford, a painter, employed at the G.T.R. car shops, and it appears that he was enjoying a ride upon the pony engine. He intended to alight at Rectory street, but as the engine was to stop at the switch, concluded to wait. Upon reaching the switch, the lad stated, he attempted to spring from the engine, but missed his footing, and the cruel wheels passed over him, crushing and mangling his limbs and body in a terrible manner. The right leg was fearfully lacerated, the bones crushed, and the lower part of the limb completely severed. The ends of some of the unfortunate lad's fingers were also pushed and cut severely, but the most shocking injury was received in the lower portion of the groin upon the right side, which was cut open, allowing the bowels to protrude, and through this gaping orifice the boy's life is gradually drifted away. Drs. Dixon and Gardiner were summoned, and did everything possible to alleviate the sufferings of the unfortunate lad, who was removed to Meehan's hotel, but they pronounced the injuries fatal, and at three o'clock death put an end to the youth's sufferings. At the hotel his cries were an affecting one, when the boy's relatives assembled in the room, and amidst heart rending sobs kissed the suffering child. The little fellow retained consciousness to the last, and manfully bore his suffering, endeavoring to banish his weeping sisters.

THE INQUEST.

In consequence of the peculiar circumstances connected with the affair, it was considered advisable by Mr. Hutchinson, County Crown Attorney, that an investigation should take place, and accordingly an inquest was held at Meehan's hotel last evening by Dr. Orton, corner Dr. Hodgson, General Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, in order to direct his attention to the necessity of appointing a new person with authority to take steps for the prevention of the evil.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
AND
WINDOW GLASS.
Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Fineness Guaranteed.
FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE PAINTING A SPECIALTY
R. LEWIS
484 RICHMOND STREET.

Official Report of the London Stock Exchange.

London, Nov. 16, 1882.

Stocks.	Loan Companies.		Banks.	
	Buyers.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Sellers.
Brown & Brit.				
Canada Land and Investment				
Agriculture				
Canada Perm.				
Ontario Loan and Savings				
Dominion Savings				
London Loan				
Hamilton Prov.				
Real Estate				
Huron & Erie				
Freehold Loan				
Imperial L. & I.				
Lon. Mut.				
Manitoba				
Montreal				
Ontario				
People's				
Standard				
Toronto				
Union				
Western Canada				
Western				
Can. Landed Credit				
Can. Permanent				
Central C. & I.				
Colonial				
London & Can. L. & A.				
Ontario Industrial				
W. Land Co.				
Ontario Loan & D.				
London & Ontario				
Peninsular, B.				
Scottish Loan				
Toronto B.				
Gen. Inv. & Loan				
Hamilton Provident				
Ont. Industrial				
Ont. Investment				
Ont. & Quebec				
British Loan Co.				
Ont. & Qu'Appelle				
Ont. & Manitoba				
County Debt				
City Debt				

Toronto, Nov. 16.—TRANSACTIONS.—Montreal—10 at 226 and 1 at 227. Ontario—50 at 117, 50 at 117½. Toronto—50 at 172. W. Land Co.—50 at 97, 50 at 97½. Can. Landed—50 at 118. Dom. Sav. & Inv. Soc.—50 at 127. Huron & Erie—20 at 161. Can. & Qu'Appelle—50 at 108.

Gurnsey, Tees & Co.

London, Nov. 16, 11.30 a. m.

Consols, for money.....101 15-16 | 3% Consols.....
Consols, account.....101 15-16 | 20 Consols.....
American Securities.....

New York Stock Market.

New York, Nov. 16.—Railroads irregular and generally lower. Stocks closed generally weak.

Produce Markets.

New York, Nov. 16.—Petroleum dull and weak; crude, 5½c to 6½c; refined, 8½c to 9½c.

Correspondence Telegraphic.

London, Nov. 16.—Floating cargoes of wheat strong; mates, some offering. Cargoes on passage firm and mates firm. Spring wheat and winter wheat off the coast was 6d to 8d per qr. dearer. Cargoes on passage to the United Kingdom, per steamer, 1,000,000 quarters. Cargoes on passage to the United Kingdom, per sailer, 1,000,000 quarters

RLING & CO
rewers and Maltsters,
W ON HAND A LARGE STOCK
of Pilsen
e Amber Ale, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
LF & HALF,
recommended by the medical profession
for invalids.

Died.

At Kent, on the 15th inst., Albert, son of [illegible], aged 13 years.

The funeral will leave the family residence, [illegible], at 2 o'clock, on Friday, and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

On Wednesday, 15th inst., Mary Ann Whitfield, widow of the late [illegible], Waltham, formerly of Brighton, Eng., C.E. Ashantee, in the 70th year of her age.

The funeral will leave the above residence on Saturday, the 18th inst., at 2 p.m., for the London East Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

On the 15th November, Alfred Chapman [illegible], aged 2 years.

The funeral will leave his late residence, No. 5, near Dundas street, London, on Sunday, at 3 p.m. Service at 1.30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

URCH SERVICES.

ST CHURCH, TALBOT
Rev. Alex. Grant, pastor. Services
7 p.m.

HUDH ANNIVERSARY AT
Primitive Methodist Church,
ester-Rev. J. E. Moore, at 11; Rev.
Shaw, at 3 p.m. and 7 p.m. C. Cantrip,
Contingent made welcome.

REEVES, ESQ., OF
ord, will (D. V.) preach at Wellington
Church, on the morning of
Service at 11.30.

CONGREGATIONAL
Rev. R. Hall will preach in the
Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, on
Subject: "Christ in Heaven, Mystery,
Glory." Also in the evening, at 7
Sabbath of five evening services to
Sunday evening. All are cordially
welcome. Come early.

S AVENUE METHO-
CHURCH.—Services to-morrow
P. m. Rev. T. Goetz both ap-
Subject at 7.30 p. m.

L SERVICES ALL
Good recommendations.—Apply
lovely cottage.

MEETINGS.

FUNERAL NOTICE.—
Forest City, Dundas, Dominion
Lodges will attend the funeral of
late brother, [illegible], and friends
[illegible] Forest City Lodge
day, at 2 p.m., from City No. 8.
[illegible] Dundas Lodge, No. 11,
[illegible] Dominion Lodge, No. 12,
[illegible] Lodge, No. 13, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. 14, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. 15, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. 16, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. 17, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. 18, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. 19, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. 20, [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No.

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
185 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Saturday, November 18, 1882.

THE NEW MUNICIPAL ERA.

The municipal agitation of last year has already been productive of good fruit. Among the most pregnant results has been the unearthing of a series of financial frauds on the part of the late Treasurer, which had been allowed to go on from year to year during an entire generation of men! While various of those who took credit for being very acute administrators of municipal affairs were duly "whitewashed" at the close of each recurring year, it has now been found out that but little attention was really paid to the interests of the city. At the meetings of the Council there were plenty of wooden sword play, but this outside show did not touch those interests which the Aldermen ejected were supposed to attend to. What the sum in out of which the city has been really defrauded is not at present known, but that it will go considerably in excess of $100,000 is now generally conceded. And it is not unnatural to suppose that the largest completed of it has had other ramifications. Indeed, that the affairs of the city have been most grossly mismanaged for a very long time is now apparent to every one. Up to a very recent period but little had been done towards the construction of anything like permanent works. The roads were made over and over year by year, the "metal" that was placed on them in the spring being duly scraped off in the form of mud in the succeeding fall. The sidewalks were laid down with the least due attention to the character of the soil, and were become impassable or dangerous. Time and money were frittered away in every part of the city, and a general want of economy and due supervision prevailed in all departments. As a natural result, the debt has run up to a grave amount, without there being anything of much value to show for it. The erection of the water-works was the first hazard into a system so matterly, as to be destructive of public confidence. But when the public saw how well and how faithfully the work had been done in the hands of a few trusty men, they bethought themselves that, purchasing the same system, if applied to municipal affairs generally, would be productive of good results. Some time was needed to arouse the people to due action, and when they had been so aroused, it was found that the municipal law would not permit advantage being taken of it to the fullest extent. However, so far progress was made that the number of wards was reduced, and the Council brought to a manageable condition so that the narrow can be more easily reached and better filled. We may now hope that the days of Council "dogs" has come nearly to an end. The object of the present and succeeding Councils will be, we take it, to do their work committed to their care with diligence and effect. All of us must see that considerable progress has been made in that direction already, and it is to be confidently expected that when the ward system is completely abolished, as it should be, the era of true reform will have set in. The "new blood" introduced into the Council at the last election has been the means of setting afoot a new order of things, for it is now seen that the Council can be made a place for business, instead of the scene of "slanging-whanging" individual members, to the disgust and disdain of all the sober and steady community. Having progressed thus far, what we would now endeavor to impress upon the municipal electorate is, the necessity of continuing in the course which was begun last year. It is understood that all those who constituted the "new blood" of the Council of this year are willing to serve the public again, and that several others who are desirous to place affairs upon a better and more permanent footing than they have been for some years, past will not be averse to lend a helping hand. There is little, if any, doubt that the Mayor will consent to serve another term. He has filled that office so much to the satisfaction of the citizens that general feeling of regret would ensue if he were not permitted to have his re-election swamped. And what is true of him is true also of the other members of the Council who have taken the lead in reducing that which was something like chaos to a condition nearly approaching to order. The pressure of such men in the Council will restore public confidence, which was so sadly shattered of late, and give to the people a willingness to see the much-needed improvements proceeded with, in the fullest confidence that the money appropriated to those purposes will be wisely and faithfully administered.

PRACTICAL COMPETITION.

The Canadian Grange delegate in attendance at the National Grange meeting at Indianapolis must have been misreparted when he was credited with the statement that the Canadian Grange had secured the legislation which established the Model Farm and Agricultural College. It is matter of history that those institutions were act on foot, not by Mr. Mowat, as instigated by the Grangers, but by the Government of the late Mr. Sandfield Macdonald. It was a part of the admirable and practical policy which was set in operation by the Hon. Mr. Carling while Minister of Agriculture in that Cabinet. Not only have some years before the organization of any Grange Society in Canada. It was the Sandfield Macdonald Government also that instituted the Model Township scheme, whereby the pioneer life of the settler was greatly smoothed and helped; it was the same Administration that passed the Drainage Act, by the operation of which many thousands of acres of swamp land in Western Ontario have been reclaimed to agriculture. It was the same that built the London Asylum for the Insane, the Brantford Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, the Belleville Institute for the Blind, and other noble and useful institutions, the paternity of which is claimed on behalf of the Mowat Government. Canada never had a more useful, more economical or progressive government than that of Sandfield Macdonald. Had they been allowed to manage the Model Farm and College at Guelph it would not be overrun with weeds and thistles as at present. Those things would have been denounced as a public disgrace. Neither would the farmers of this Province be asked to pay $20,000 per annum to maintain an institution, the benefits of which, to the practical farmer, are far below what they ought to be. In England, a great deal of money is spent on agriculture, but the farmers get the good of it. Here a model is offered for a badly managed farm; there the prize in a little more useful and tangible. At the recent meeting of the Royal Agricultural Society in connection with next year's show, to be held at York, it was resolved to give £100 in addition to the £200 voted by the local Committee, to be offered in prizes for the best-managed farms in the county. An offer from a member of the Society to give £100 in prizes for the best-equipped dairies (to be shown at work) suitable for farms in which not more than twenty milch cows were kept was accepted with thanks. Tokens of this sort offered to Ontario farmers would be more to the purpose, and far better appreciated than the squandering of $30,000 on a farm that is unproductive. This amount would give each county in Ontario about $400 for prizes of this kind. Why not encourage direct competition among the practical farmers, instead of spending so much money at Guelph to so little purpose.

THE FRENCH SOCIALIST AGITATION.

Though the recent acts of the French Anarchists may have been somewhat exaggerated, there can be no doubt that the Government has become awakened to their dangerous tendency. The troubles originated two or three months ago among the miners of Montceau-les-Mines, a coal and iron region in the Saone-et-Loire, and beginning in a dispute about wages, rapidly took an anarchical turn and produced an association or club, which wrecked and desecrated the churches in the neighborhood, and put bombs under the doors of obnoxious persons, sent threatening letters, and issued inflammatory placards. Large bodies of troops have been there preserving order through most of the summer, but without restoring confidence, the Anarchists being evidently encouraged by the tolerance of the Republican Government. The contagion has now apparently worked down to Lyons, and the spread of it is exciting the question whether the policy on which the Republican politicians have hitherto relied, of leaving wild talk to work its own cure, has not been carried further than the peculiar temperament and political training of the French will permit. The Republic had given anti-Republican agitators a license such as no government in Europe accords to its enemies. The Royalists, for instance, have been dancing the last month or two not only holding meetings at which the Government has been denounced with savage virulence, but sending deputations to the Pretender abroad, who proclaimed on their return that the hour for action was at hand, which of course could only mean that a revolutionary movement was impending. Even in London they had ways at the commencement of a campaign. One sly echo of the war whoop by night will rob a man of twenty years of his life, and he may bid farewell to his youth forever after," said Gen. Cotter had before entering on his campaign on the Rossbul River.

The Prince of Wales has had a very narrow escape. Some person conceived the idea of presenting the Prince with a shell, which was a trophy of the Egyptian expedition. The shell was sent to the care of Frederick Mantowe, at the Nortcenfelt Werks, in the City Road, London, to be mounted before being presented; but before the man could mount the shell, the shell came very near mounting him. It exploded as it expected, injuring him in a dreadful manner. It is questionable if any ordinary Russian in the country could send forth a competitor who would have the least chance in a foul struggle wherever the idea of presenting a man with a live shell. Meanwhile the heir to the throne is in imminent danger from the success of his escape from being made into a number of royal fragments.

The account given in a report recently received in Washington from Lieut Ray, commanding the signal service station at Point Barrow, Alaska, of the loss of the steamer North Star on the 5th of July last, illustrates the terrible power of the ice pack in the Arctic seas, and the suddenness with which it sometimes closes upon a ship with irresistible force. The North Star had approached the station within about three miles, and then the ice closed upon her, and she could not go further. She lay there a whole day apparently in no special danger, although she could not move. "Suddenly," says Lieut Ray, "we heard a great shout raised by the crew, and we could also hear her timbers breaking. In twenty minutes she was out of sight." Lieut. Ray and his men got off to the assistance of the whale vessel's crew, forty in number, who had got up upon the ice, and all were saved. But for the fact that the accident happened so close to shore, and within sight and hearing of the signal service station, the loss of the North Star might have furnished another horrible story of Arctic disaster.

The safe transportation of cattle across the Atlantic has been a subject that shipowners have given much attention to lately, and many improvements have been made over old methods. The Liverpool *Post* contains the following in reference to this matter:—"The immense risk of the passage across from America has always been an important item in the cost laid down here, and any improvement means that risk will be greatly to the interest by consumers. The various steam lines have directed their attention to this matter, but it seems that it is only lately that the mode has been found out whereby, in all weathers and with a stubborn battened down, the whole of the cattle are carried can be kept free from the noxious vapors which otherwise produce suffocation. A simple system of ventilation has been adopted by the Warren Line Steamship Company in their steamer Victoria, which has just landed 746 bullocks from Boston, the largest cargo of live stock brought from America this season. For three consecutive voyages since its introduction the Victoria has landed her cattle without the loss of a single beast."

The following remarks of the New York *Sun* will be of special interest here: The pipes of the steam-heating and power companies, which have been laid under the pavements of some of the down-town streets, seem to be giving Mr or owners considerable trouble and causing the public a good deal of annoyance. Leaks which necessitate the digging up of the streets are of frequent occurrence; yet each company claims that it is not experimenting, but is doing a work which it has learned how to do in a great many years of previous experiments. A chief difficulty met by each company was the problem of providing for the expansion and contraction of the iron pipes in consequence of changes of temperature. One of the companies tried to provide for this by means of an expansion joint which breaks the pipes at intervals of about forty feet, and the other company uses a sliding sleeve in the connections at each of the manholes. Both devices are expensive, but they do not seem to be wholly overcome by either. It is claimed, however, that after the pipes and connections have been fully tested by actual use, and afterwards imperfections as are developed by this test shall have been done away with, the pipes will give but very little trouble.

Freak of a Mad Girl

One of the inmates of the Castlebar Lunatic Asylum, in Ireland, a young woman about twenty years of age, effected her escape from that institution by getting through one of the windows which she had previously broken. She afterward directed her steps toward her parents' home, adjacent to Claremorris, and about twelve miles from Castlebar. The route she took was along the railway track, and she had reached within a mile of Claremorris station when she sat down to rest. The spot she chose was in the centre of the railway track, and here she surrounded herself with a pile of stones. Shortly afterward the up night mail came along, but fortunately the driver noticed the obstruction in time to pull up. The poor girl was then discovered asleep, and upon being awakened she ran away, screaming. Too matter was reported to the police upon the train reaching Claremorris, and after a few hours' search the girl was captured and was taken back to the asylum.

It Sems—The dormant energies by sluggish digestion and giving the liver new life. Ferrozone (Iron Bitters) cleanses the system of all impurities. Try a 10 cent sample.

RAILWAY NOTES.

A Batch of Local and General Car Gossipings.

The C. P. R. Southwestern line reached a point eighty-eight miles from Winnipeg.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will be constructed to Algoma Mills by next May, thus having the line in operation between Algoma Mills and Quebec.

General Freight Agent Alex. W. Nash, of the Northern Pacific, has resigned, and his place has been filled by Jos. S. Wilson, general freight agent of the Toledo, Peoria road.

The Gilbert Car Company of Buffalo have purchased of the Buffalo Car Company property amounting to $100,000 and the firm will now be known as the Buffalo Car Manufacturing Company.

E. A. Holbrook, who lately resigned his position with the Rochester & Pittsburg road, has assumed the duties as general passenger agent of the Chicago & North-western Railway in New York.

Construction trains are now running over 130 miles west of Regina. The Canadian Pacific have applied to the Government for authority to construct their line eastward from Prince Arthur's Landing to Current River.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company is showing immense push and energy in extending its connection and placing itself on a better footing to compete with its great competitors, both in Canada and the United States. The latest acquisition of the Grand Trunk Company is of that portion of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Grand Trunk Railways lying between South Lyon and Pontiac, Michigan. The line will be used in the projected extension of the Michigan Air Line from Pontiac to Jackson. It is reported that the company are working for connection with Mackinaw up the heart of the Peninsula of Michigan. The ultimate object of these lines is, of course, to secure a share of the immense trade of the Northwest, which is developing so rapidly.

Apropos of the amalgamation of the C. S. and M. C. Railways the subjoined information will be of interest:—The Canada Southern road at present runs from the International Bridge in Amherstburg, Ont., a distance of 229 miles, and has proprietary lines, extensions and branches of 174 miles, making the total length of the road 403 miles. The road was chartered in Canada February, 1865, and the entire line was opened in 1873. Soon after completion the company defaulted on bond interest, and a new company was formed, new bonds being issued, the interest being guaranteed by the New York Central for 20 years from Jan. 1, 1878. The directors of this road are:—W. B. Vanderbilt, C. Vanderbilt, Augustus Schell, S. F. Barger, Sidney Dillon, E. D. Worcester, A. G. Dalman, J. H. Rowe and Jos. Tillinghast. W. H. Vanderbilt is President, Cornelius Vanderbilt Vice-President, and W. P. Taylor, of Buffalo, General Manager. The Michigan Central extends from Detroit to Chicago, and operates in all 949 miles of railway, much of which is leased. W. H. Vanderbilt is President, Cornelius Vanderbilt Vice President, and H. B. Ledyard General Manager."

A gentleman, a high authority in railroad matters, informs us that the true inwardness of the deal now pending between the Michigan Central and Canada Southern roads has not thus far been touched by the press. Whether the result of negotiations now going on is a lease or agreement is not of much importance, as Vanderbilt's object, a still greater monopoly of the freight and passenger business out of Detroit, can be attained under either. Mr. Vanderbilt now has one through train on the Lake Shore, from Chicago to Buffalo, and by merging the Canada Southern management with the Michigan Central he intends to secure another. The pending agreement or lease consummated, a fifth train in the Michigan Central can be put on, and, if expedient, injuring him in a dreadful manner. It is questionable if any ordinary Russian in the country could send forth a competitor who would have the least chance in a foul struggle wherever the idea of presenting a man with a live shell. Meanwhile the heir to the throne is in imminent danger from the success of his escape from being made into a number of royal fragments.

Why Disallowance?

The Railway act says the charters have been disallowed because, in the opinion of the Governor-in-Council, they are contrary to the general interests of the Dominion. That opinion is based upon a number of considerations. Disallowance is a harsh term to apply to the exercise of such a power, and we have a right to restrict it by every constitutional means. But it is also our duty to remember that this Province is not into whole Dominion, and, remembering that, to consider the grounds for disallowance from the standpoint of our fellow countrymen in the Eastern Provinces.

The Canada Atlantic building the Pacific Railway, not be benefit us exclusively, but to benefit the Dominion at large. They are perfectly justified, therefore, in opposing any step our Legislature may take, which, in their opinion, is calculated to injure the road, and so inflict loss and damage upon the other Provinces. They would not have undertaken the construction of the road from Nipissing to the Pacific had the diversion of the Northwest trade and traffic at the Ports age or at Winnipeg been contemplated. In other words, they would not have undertaken a gigantic debt nearly in order to benefit us and build up Chicago and St. Paul. They are perfectly justified, therefore, in persuading us from lopping the road and destroying their property.

It is not a breach of faith on their part; if there is any breach of faith. In the case, we are the transgressors, for we are seeking to violate for our own gain and convenience, the fundamental compact on which the construction of the road was undertaken.

These, of such as these, are the considerations by which the Governor-in-Council has been influenced.

The Woodstock Fires.

A Confession by Humboyd the Colored Incendiary.

The colored youth, Humboyd, committed by the Woodstock coroner's jury on Wednesday night for arson, in setting fire to Hayes' furniture factory on two occasions, sent yesterday morning for the Coroner and Governor of the Jail, and, although warned, confessed to having willfully set fire to the buildings on the 27th and 30th ult. He says that he met a man on the street near the factory, who, after finding out that the boy was employed in the factory, offered him $100 if he would fire the building, and directed him to go into the kiln with a lamp, and if questioned to say that he upset the lamp accidentally. This was, in fact, the course pursued by the boy. After the first attempt was frustrated, the man instructed him to drop a lighted match into the varnish box in the finishing-room of the storehouse and then run out. This is what the boy did on the 30th, and the result was the disastrous conflagration involving a loss of $10,000 and throwing a number of men temporarily out of employment. The name of the man is given by the boy, but for the present is suppressed. Many here connect this new development of the case with the recent much-talked-of rubber machine row, in which Mr. Hay became involved in a lawsuit with an American firm. But Mr. Hay repudiates this theory in the strongest possible manner, and no doubt it is correct. It is thought that the "confession" is only another phase of the boy's cunning, and that it will eventually come out that the act were purely from the destructive mania which seems to have possessed the boy.

On Sunday, Aug. 10, 1879, Mr. Markley, 59, proposed to and was accepted by Miss Keserling. Subsequently he backed out, and when Miss K sought golden statement to heal her lacerated heart pleaded that the proposal didn't count, as it was made on Sunday. A Lancaster, Pa., jury has given her $666 75, thus calculating the depth of the wound to a fractional ninety, with the Supreme Court has confirmed the decision. Pennsylvanians will now be careful about Sunday love making.

"The farmers all say, that for man and beast, they find nothing equal to St. Jacobs Oil, writes Hamb. H. Yeiser, Globe Mills, Pa.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE

Latest News by 1 P. m. Post and Tel.

LONDON AGRICULTURAL SEED TRADE

Monday, Nov. 6 1882.—A somewhat quieter feeling now characterizes the market for field seeds. Nevertheless, in view of the lightness of stocks, and the bad season for the American and continental crops, the position generally is regarded as healthy. Alsike, white and trefoil, also keep firm. For Irish rough (Italian full rates are maintained. Canary seed is unchanged, but hemp seed, for delivery a few days hence, is quoted at lower rates. The sale for winter tares is slow. Blue peas find buyers at the moderate values previously noted.—*John Shaw & Sons, Seed Merchants, 37 Mark Lane, London, E.C.*

REAL ESTATE SALES IN ONTARIO.

Last week Mr. Donald Fetherkin sold lot 9, con. 17, West Williams, 100 acres to Mr. Donald Thompson, of East Williams, for $4,450.

Mr. Anderson, of Zorra, has purchased Mr. John McLeod's farm of one hundred acres on 4 con. for the sum of $6,000. Also one hund. d acres from Mr. D. G. Murray, auctioneer, for the sum of $7,000.

Mr. William Garvey has sold his farm, on the 8th concession of Morris, to his neighbor, Mr. William Johnston, for the sum of $5,750. The farm contains 100 acres, and is good value for the money.

Mr. James Stevens, of the base line, has sold his farm of 70 acres in Colborne, being lot 1, 4th con., and part of lot 5, to John Mugford, of Markham, for the sum of $4,600. This is the same gentleman that has bought Mr. Hy Young's farm in Oliverich township. One of the farms he will work himself, the other will be worked by his son.

HOPS.

High as is the price of hops in this market there appears to be no limit to the advance, each sale that we report being at a figure which shows an improvement on the preceding one. The last transaction we mentioned a few days ago were at 61, and we have now to report the sale of a round lot at $1.05, the highest figure ever realized on this market, but before are now asking $1.10 to $1.15. Reports in the United States are meditating a further general advance in the price of ale and porter, and it is stated that owing to the steep rise in the value of hops in this market since the advance took place in beer, a still further addition to the cost of the latter article will have to be made. The English market was reported by Messrs. W. H. & E. Le May on October 25th as follows —

"The demand for all descriptions of hops is for the crimes of the supply. All are now out of the farmers' hands, and the few that are left in merchants' and brewers' hands are held very lightly in values. The continent cannot satisfy the demand from England, although orders have been attempted to be placed for thure irrespective of price. Prices have advanced £3 during the week. Later—Mr. Kent's circular this afternoon is a most exalted state. All hops offering have been received by a few tenners; £45 per cwt. was reached for one very choice parcel of Kents."

INTER PROVINCIAL TRADE

The trade between the Upper and Lower Provinces, says the Montreal *Witness*, is growing to large dimensions under the National Policy. On Saturday in the I. C. R. yard at Moncton might be seen a couple of train loads of Maritime products for different points in Ontario and Quebec. There were several cars of coal from the Cole grove mines in Cumberland for the Peterboro Manufacturing Company at Nicholls, Quebec, and Picton coal for the Central Vermont Railway (to be delivered at St. John's, Quebec), and for the Canada Paper Mills at Windsor, Ontario; also several cars from the Maritime Nail Factory Steel Company, the Iron Manufacturing Company, Toronto, and partners in Hamilton, Ontario. Several cars of these freights were forwarded by Saturday's noon accommodation. Shipments of Moncton and Halifax sugar and Maritime nails, in addition to produce, are also continually going forward.

THE APPLE TRADE.

D alers in Montreal, says the Montreal *Gazette*, are considerably exercised over the barrelled fruits which have been practised by Western men in packing apples for sale in markets. The instances are numerous in which good fruits has been placed at both ends of the barrel, while the middle contained small, spotted and unmerchantable whether stock. A car load of winter apples was sold by a commission house in this city on Tuesday last at $3.65. The purchaser, it appears, bought it on a certain list of clothes fully, from its size appearance when the barrels were unheeded, and on examination the commission firm made it good faith for the quality represented at the head of the barrels. When the buyer took a good look at the contents of the barrels in the middle of the barrels contained half-rotten fruit, and he at once threw up the bargain. The commission firm have refused for the same reason. As a great deal of the fruit shipped to the English markets have turned out badly, and prices for apples have been perpetrated upon shippers here who have had them sent through from the West, all the time prices for apples have been selling, it seems that packers thought the market would take any rubbish.

General Notes.

Potatoes at Groton at 60c. per bag.

A grist mill is badly wanted at Holmesville, Huron.

Potatoes are a drug on the Owengo market at 50c. a bushel.

An American dealer has purchased thirty-four head head draught horses in Montreal for $300 to $700 per pair.

Mr. John Gotschee, of Petersboro', lately shipped, per Midland Railway, 11,000 boxes, about 70,000 pounds of cheese.

A Montreal dispatch says a number of the shows on the Montreal and Lachine road propose to light the street with electric light shortly, and also to introduce the light into their stores.

A special meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian Pacific Railway has been called for Nov. 28 to authorize an increase of the capital stock and the issue of bonds and preference shares.

During the last ten years cattle in New South Wales have increased very little, but sheep have gone from sixteen millions to thirty-three millions; beef consequently grows steadily dearer.

A Quebec dispatch says:—A sale is reported of Hamilton Brothers' dry floated spruce deals 260,000 standard at $102 for firsts, $70 for seconds and $36 for thirds and oranges.

Last week Mr. W. Craig, of North Middlesex, shipped nearly one hundred head of splendid cattle to the Montreal and Toronto markets, being the heaviest week's work in this respect he has done all summer.

The large yield of apples at Iroquois, Ont., this season has induced an American to establish a cider factory there. Wagon loads of the fruit come in every day to be manufactured. There will be lots of hard cider this winter.

During the past season the average pay of laborers in Manitoba was $18 a week, and the average mechanic would get $24. The average price of board and lodging was $6 a week. There is a large demand for lumbermen, and they receive from $30 to $35 a month, with board, working on the shores of Lake Manitoba, Lake Winnipeg, the Lake of the Woods, Rainy Lake and Rat Portage.

The Boston *Advertiser* says:—"The fish canning season is over, and on the Maine coast canners are putting up clam chowder just to utilize time, but in a short time they will mostly close up. Here some canners are running upon meats, as usual at this season. One leading firm has had an offer for 40,000 cases of canned meats to hire of it this week, 24 lots to the case. This is an immense order, but it is not yet contracted for, as the Liverpool parties specify sea condition to the order that deliveries shall be guaranteed, and with their recent experience in filling contracts for canned mackerel at a loss, they have no relish to take a similar risk.

Profitable Patients

The most wonderful and marvelous success in cases where persons are sick or wasting away from a condition of miserableness, that no one knows what ails them, (profitable patients for doctors,) is obtained by the use of Hop Bitters. They begin to cure from the first dose and keep it up until perfect health and strength is restored. Who ever is ill or tired in this way need not suffer, when they can get Hop Bitters.—*Oticinnati Star.*

New Advertisements.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
G. J. WHITTY ..... Lessee and Manager.
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, NOV. 23 AND 24.
The fashionable event of the season. Engagement Extraordinary of the Great
FRENCH SOCIETY STAR
M'LLE RHEA!
SUPPORTED BY WILLIAM HARRIS,
and a well-selected company, under the management of A. H. Chase. Thursday—Adrienne. Friday—Much Ado About Nothing. Each performance given in the English language. Reserved seats: $1. Admission, 75c., 50c. and 25c. Secure seats at Murray's.
Nov. 25—Hyde & Behman's Combination.
K1744

GUION LINES.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE FAR-FAMED STEAMSHIP
ALASKA, the fastest ocean steamship in the world (time 6 days 18 hours), will leave New York for Liverpool on Tuesday, the 21st November, at 2.30 p.m. Passengers will embark 8.30 a.m. train, G.W.R., on Monday, to connect with steamer.
F. S. CLARKE, Agent,
420 Richmond St., London, Ont.

TO BUILDERS.
ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS to St. James' Presbyterian Church, Richmond street, London, Ont.
Tenders for the above will be received until November 23rd instant, at the office of the undersigned, where plans and all necessary information may be obtained. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
WM. JOANES,
Architect, etc., Odd fellows' Block, London, Ont. K16-tem-dv

Dissolution of Copartnership
THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, Thomas Hobbs and Thomas Hobbs, jr., as Grocers, at the city of London, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of November, 1882. All persons owing to the said firm are hereby called upon to make immediate payment to the undersigned, by whom also all liabilities of the firm will be paid.
Dated at London, 16th November, 1882.
Witness, THOMAS HOBBS,
T. H. PURDON, THOMAS HOBBS, JR.
K1841

In the High Court of Justice,
CHANCERY DIVISION.
CARROLL versus DOLHEAY.
PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF Judgment of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, made in the cause of Carroll v. Dolahay, the creditors of Roger Carroll, late of the village of London West, in the County of Middlesex, who died on or about the 17th February, 1878, are, on or before the first day of December, now next, to send by post prepaid to Benjamin V. Elliot, of the village of Exeter, in the County of Huron, solicitor for the defendants, Bartholomew Carroll and John Dolahay, the executors of the estate of said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. In default hereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of said judgment. Every creditor holding any security is required to prove the same before me at my chambers, in London, Ontario, on the sixteenth day of December next, at twelve o'clock noon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.
Dated the 11th day of November, A. D. 1882.
J. H. HANLY,
Master of Supreme Court of Judicature.
d at London.

The Montreal
ONE-PRICE
CLOTHING
STORE.
OPENING SALE
We give a few of our prices, which show the advantage of the
ONE - PRICE SYSTEM!

Overcoats worth $4.75, marked $2.75		
"	8.50,	4.50
"	9.00,	6.50
"	11.50,	9.00
Superior Worsted	18.00,	12.50
Suits worth	7.00,	4.50
"	10.00,	6.50
"	12.00,	8.50
"	16.00,	14.00
Fine Worsteds	18.00,	15.00

122 Dundas St.,
NEXT DOOR TO R. S. MURRAY'S.
Branch:—Opposite Catholic Church, Richmond St.

SUTHERLAND'S TRADE MARK
RHEUMATINE
THE GREAT CURE FOR
RHEUMATISM
And all complaints of a Rheumatic nature.
RHEUMATINE is not a sovereign remedy for "all the ills that flesh is heir to," but for NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, RHEUMATISM, and complaints of Rheumatic nature.
IT IS A SURE CURE.
From Miss Leish, daughter of a well-known farmer living in Louth Township, about two miles from St. Catharine's
This is to certify that I, Elizabeth Leish, of Louth, Lincoln County, Ont., have been troubled with rheumatism for the past eight years, and the past eleven months have been confined to my bed more or less, unable to help myself in any way, and have not walked or stood for the past year, as my ankles are so painful of by one of the best physicians in St. Catharines. Hearing about your wonderful Rheumatic Cure, I concluded to try it. After using the second bottle I could stand, and after I had used 3½ bottles I could walk across the room alone. I can recommend your valuable medicine to all afflicted with rheumatism.
ELIZABETH LEISH.
Louth, Lincoln Co., Ontario.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
The Rheumatine Manufacturing Co.,
ST. CATHARINES, ONT.
Messrs. James A. Kennedy & Co., WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR LONDON.
Jlow-e-wly

Wm. Pugsley, 344 Ridout Street.
PATTERNS, MODELS,
AND WOOD-WORK OF ALL KINDS.
K1744

New Advertisements.

SALES BY AUCTION
By Auction---Bulbs, Bulbs!
MANVILLE & BROWN HAVE received their annual consignment of Italian Flower Roots, which will be sold at their rooms on
Monday Evening, Nov. 20th,
consisting of Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, Crocus (single and double), Dwf. Von Thol, Snowdrops, etc. These bulbs are from eminent growers, and are consigned by one of the most reliable Regit h firms, who purpose to continue the consignment yearly, consequently purchasers have ample guarantee that they are true to name. Refer to last year's patrons, with confidence. Positively no reserve. Must be cleared out at one sale. See catalogue. Sale at 7.30 p. m.
MANVILLE & BROWN,
K1744 Auctioneers, 231 Dundas Street.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE
Re BAWDEN & CO.
EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE of elaborate parlor, drawing-room, dining-room, bedroom furniture, under a chattel mortgage, at the warerooms of George Bawden, King street, beginning at 10.30 a. m.,
Thursday, November 23rd,
and continued until the entire stock is closed out. Manville & Brown are instructed from the undersigned to dispose of the entire stock, and would invite the attention of dealers and others in the trade desirous of providing themselves with a modern class of furniture, so reserve their purchases for this important occasion. The stock comprises handsome parlor suites of the most modern design, richly upholstered, bedroom suites in walnut, marble top, cherry, lightwood, walnut chiffoniers in various styles and upholstery with mirrors, walnut dressing bureaus, bedsteads, washstands, centre tables, bookcases, ebony bedroom suits, ebony cabinets, hat hall stands, wh tnots, fancy screens, hall mirrors, mantle, marble top sofas and waintscot chairs, smoking chairs, parlor rocker, hair carriages, ottomans, extension dining tables, card tables, platform rockers, mangle and rocker, bedsteads, open washstands, wardrobes, variety stands, open washstands, wardrobes, variety stands, hall stands, hall racks, hall mirrors, hall lamps, linoleum brackets, in short a complete assortment of household furniture, comprising a large quantity of bedding, consisting of hair, wool, feather, and mixed mattresses, extension dining tables, card tables, platform rockers, mangle and rocker, bedsteads, open washstands, wardrobes, variety stands, hall stands, hall racks, hall mirrors, hall lamps, linoleum brackets, in short a complete assortment of household furniture, comprising a large quantity of bedding, consisting of hair, wool, feather, and mixed mattresses, feather beds, pillows, bolsters, blankets, quilts, comforters, sheets, pillow cases, towels, etc., also a large quantity of lumber, consisting of walnut, cherry, ash, basswood, etc., together with a stock of unfinished work; all of which will be carefully disposed of by auction, with horses, harness, waggons, etc.
The rare Fall flowers are to let and proposals are invited.
Terms—Cash. Sale each day at 10.30.
FRANK KIRKPATRICK, Bailiff.
K1844 M. W. MANVILLE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
THOROUGHBRED DURHAM AND AYRSHIRE
Cattle!
HORSES,
Sheep and Pigs,
will be held on the farm of E. Caswell, adjoining the town of Ingersoll,
Thursday, 23rd November,
at 1 o'clock p.m. For particulars send for small bills. Conveyance will be at train to take intending purchasers to the sale.
JAS. READY, Auctioneer. E. CASWELL, Proprietor.

Re David Arnott & Co.
(By order of E. B. C. CLARKSON, Esq., Trustee.)
Special and Important Announcement to Dry Goods Merchants, Woollen Merchants, Clothiers and others interested.
PETER RYAN,
Trade Auctioneer and Financial Agent,
29 Front Street West, Toronto,
Will hold on the above premises on
TUESDAY,
WEDNESDAY,
THURSDAY
and FRIDAY,
Nov. 28th, 29th, 30th, and Dec. 1st, 1882,
Commencing each day at 9.30 a.m. sharp,
THE LARGEST & MOST IMPORTANT
TRADE SALE
OF GENERAL
DRY GOODS,
—AND—
WOOLLENS,
Ever Held in the Province of Ontario.
The offering includes the whole of the stock-in-trade belonging to the estate of
David Arnott & Co
Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants,
YONGE AND WELLINGTON STS., TORONTO
Estimated value about
$135,000.00
(One hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.)
including the Warehouse, General Stock, and the contents of
346 Original Packages
OF NEWLY
IMPORTED GOODS,
The whole of which will be sold by public auction, without any reserve, in lots to suit the trade.
This offering includes every description and variety of
Woollens,
Silks, Linens,
Cottons and
General Dry Goods,
Blankets, Rugs, Flannels, White and Colored Cashmere, in Scarfs and Colors; Silks Satins and Brocades, Knglish, American and Fancy Cottons, in Whites and Colors; Shawls, Hosiery, Ribbons, Sateens, Corsets, Gloves, Laces, Fancy Goods, Prints, Woven Cottons, Linens, Wool, Union and Cotton Shirtings, Clothings, Costume Cloths, Worsteds, in Superfine, Doeskins, Beavers, Meltons, Worsted Coatings, Tweeds, in Scotch, English and Canadian makes, Shawls, Halter Safety, Scarfs, Ware, Hose, Table Linens in great variety, Towels, Crotonware &c., &c.
TERMS OF CREDIT can be ascertained by applying to the Auctioneer.
Telegraphic and Telephonic Communications in the building.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
PETER RYAN,
29 Front St. West,
K157-ewe TORONTO

NORMAN'S ELECTRO-CURATIVE Belts, Bands and Insoles. Toronto Established 1871.
Ankle Band.
For Rheumatism or Stiffness of Joints, &c., $3.50. Pair, $6.00.
Circular and consultation free.
MARSTERS & CO.,
Agents, London

Advertise in the Free Press

New Advertisements.



Macfie, Lind & Co.
LONDON, ONTARIO.
We are now prepared to show a full assortment of Ladies' Furs, Ladies' S.S. Seal Sets, Ladies' Mink Sets, Ladies' Black Astrachan Sets, Ladies' Cape Seal Sets, Ladies' Brown Coney Sets, Ladies' Alaska Sets, Russian Black Hair Muff & Capes.
Bottom Prices. Wholesale Only. Terms Liberal.
London, Nov., 1882 eod MACFIE, LIND & CO

A BARGAIN.
Every one who is fond of a Pure and Wholesome Tea should try our new
48c. TEA 48c.
It is equal to the best 60c. sold in the city.
Provit. Every pound taken back if not satisfactory.
We pan to sell tea from Ten to Fifteen Cents per pound cheaper than any other house.
Our best tea at 70 cents beats the finest 90 cent brand sold.
TORONTO TEA COMPANY.
Brand No. 4, Market Lane, London, Ont.
Head office, 281 Yonge St., Toronto. K1d-tue

6-4 Victoria Twills!
COLORS
MYRLE, NAVY, INDICO AND MYRTLE.
Cloth Suitings.
COLORS
BRONZE MYRTLE, CLERICAL, OXFORD AND BROWN.
Heron & Jackson
eod 118 DUNDAS STREET.

PELEE ISLAND VINEYARDS.
LAKE ERIE, CANADA.
CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST.
PRICES QUOTED FOR IMPERIAL MEASURE.

	In 5 gallon lots	In 10 gallon lots	In 20 gallon lots	In 40 gallon lots	In 100 gallon lots
DRY CATAWBA—A light dry Dinner Wine of fine bouquet and close resembling the Burgundy of France and Rhine Wine of Geny	$1 00	$1 00	$1 00	$1 00	$0 90
SWEET CATAWBA—A rich, sweet, Claret-coloured Wine, same quality Wine as Sparkling Wines are made of	1 50	1 50	1 50	1 50	1 40
ISABELLA. A delicious dessert Wine, very delicate and refined, and much like Madeira Wine	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	0 90
ST. EMILION—A beautiful wine, sweet, rich and full bodied, resembling the fine Claret and Catawba Grapes	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	0 90
ST. AUGUSTINE—A dry, sweet, red Wine, produced from the Concord & Catawba Grapes, combining both an most valuable and agreeable for Church purposes	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	0 90
CLARET—An extra drank red Wine, the product of the Virginia dwelling Grape a great favorite	1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00

SAVE YOUR HANDS
Your Washing with Churcher's Premier Soap.
We recommend CHURCHER'S WHITE GLYCERINE SOAP for the nursery, bath and toilet. Its purity, combined properties of glycerine and superiority of lather are unsurpassed, and instead of the hard and chapping effects usually produced, Made by Thomas Churcher & Co., Exeter.

The Free Press.
Saturday, November 15, 1862.

AS THE WIND BLOWS.

The wind blows south, the wind blows north,
No matter how the wind blows,
Some one out either it is, or it isn't,
Some one out either it is, or it isn't,
"Ho! sharks, sailors all, all the cash,
That's the drift of the tide."

One ship sails o'erland the sand,
Another o'er the sea;
One has to struggle fierce and hard,
By wind and current free.
Under bare masts toasted to and fro,
By rain and sun sparsely wet,
The other flies afore the gale
With all sail set.

"O wind, O wit, why dost thou blow,
And not the other way?
When I would pour my little bark
Toward a prosperous bay still,
What honor will it be to thee
If I get there or stay?
My simple craftand I shall find
A calm or a gravel?

"O foolish one, thy wit thou steer
Against the sailing wind,
Or else thy little ships afloat
Will never find
If thou wouldst fast o'er pleasant seas.
Drive as will or moor,
When I blow eastward, then do thou
Against my current steer."

"If thy will with mine must strive,
Do thou the tenthion yield,
Against my current ply still,
And that my light
Keep to my course steadily.
Then will we make for ports they seek
No matter which winds blow.

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

CHAPTER I

HOW GEOFFREY ENGAGED HIS INTENTIONS OF MARRIAGE TO MRS. GEOFFREY.

"I don't see why I shouldn't put it in a tenth three respectfully-behind," said Geoffrey Bodley, one day, to his friend, Jack Hamilton, with whom he had been smoking a pipe of peace, after a hard day's shooting. "And it will be something new to go to Ireland at all events, and see a set of Irish relations, and a property which will prove interesting; and at least there is a chance that your aunt's most every dozen thousand pounds every corner. That's unquestionably the very best thing to do in the event of going abroad, and I'm heartily glad you've thought of it."

"You will get murdered," says Jack, rather, unfeelingly, had going before me, yes, which are gray as Geoffrey's own. They always left open, and the hair was all plaited, as born into one solid mass, and never either rhyme or reason."

"They certainly must be a lively lot, if all one hears is true," says Geoffrey, with a sigh of resignation.

"Yes, you will probably, Geoff!"

"To what part of Ireland?"

"Somewhere beyond Bushy—you have cast, of Bantry Bay!"

"Oh, I dare say! I am not sure," says Geoffrey, irritably, who is rather touchy about the idea of his going to Ireland, giving grave plans in view for him.

"A very destitute chance."

"The only property I seem to say of any sort of personal property—is called Castle Gastbuoy," goes on Geoffrey, heedless of the comment.

"H'm!" says Bodley.

"Which, perhaps, is not much."

"I always said you were clever," says Jack, laughing; "and now I am sure of it. I'll tell you when I come back," says Geoffrey.—"if I ever do!"

"Of course it is quite possible that you may be such a casualty!" says Lady Bodley, sarcastically. He never happy at all, and I am sure I don't know where it is, but it is time to close to the Delgarton meet, and I am not much pleased at the idea of being left behind, I assure you. Jane, mamma, and I are much pleased at—to say nothing of Geoffrey, Geoffrey, dear, you must be getting full of Irish reminiscences, and that you will be called, I dare say, cousin, and you will be called, I dare say, cousin, and you will be called, I dare say, cousin, and

Liquor Dealers,

Visiting the City will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

Baking Powder

Without exception the best in the market. Call for a free sample and be convinced.

PREPARED AT

STRONG'S

Drug Store,
284 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices. Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Saturday, November 18, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 30 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Saturday, Nov. 18, 1882.

Sun rises—7.02 a.m. | Moon rises—11.47 p.m.
Sun sets—4.54 p.m. | Moon sets—1.47 p.m.
Day of the year—322.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter	2nd	1.42 p.m.
New	10th	1.32 p.m.
First Quarter	17th	4.30 p.m.
Full Moon	25th	1.11 a.m.

WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Nov. 18, 1 a.m.—Over the lower lake region there has been very little change in the distribution of pressure since yesterday morning, and since that time the weather throughout the continent, except in the Northwest Territories, where it remains cold, has been mild and fine. The weather has changed in the lower lake region, and is generally fair to-day and to-morrow. For the lakes—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly southerly; fair weather; slightly higher temperature.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.—Court Victory, No. 4, C. O. F., met last night, when Bro. Dr. Flesh and J. Tweed installed the following officers for the present term:—T. W. Shenfield, C.R.; M. Reeves, V.C.R.; Jos Granger, R.S.; J. B. Jennings, F.S.; F. H Luscombe, Chap.; J. H. Chapman, Treasurer; W. Shenfield, S.W.; Frank Robinson, J.W.; John N Beattie, S.B.; Robert Howard, J.B., and Dr. Wilson, Physician.

A STRICKEN CONSCIENCE.—On Thursday a well dressed young man purchased a Watch from one of the Hawkins boys, corner of the Salvation Army, for which he tendered a twenty-five cent piece, receiving in change twenty cents. Shortly afterwards he repented to the young woman and said: "I have changed my mind, my conscience will not let me rest. When I bought that paper from you I gave you a bad quarter, but since it has been in your hands I have seen" The curious coin was handed up, creating of course great and the young man went away evidently much relieved.

A LONDON FOOLIST — The Brantford *Telegram* thus refers to the singing of Miss Minot, at this city, at an entertainment in connection with Wm Orrock, Esquire, that other evening—The star, in the person of Miss Minot, was received with a perfect ovation as soon as she appeared on the stage, and in her opening song showing that she is a favorite with musical audiences. She sang [illegible] and judging [illegible] When the [illegible] has an accordingly [illegible] Carry Nation [illegible] of music [illegible] complained to [illegible] a gentleman [illegible] an encore she [illegible] amusing story [illegible] "So the Fair [illegible]

[illegible] ago Messrs. S. [illegible] Company, [illegible] by representatives [illegible] supplies, increased the [illegible] present at their establishment [illegible] five per cent. In return for this act of kindness, the hands, 300 in number, are considering a proposal on Mr. Jack to present him with a gold headed cane. Accordingly a gold mounted dressing room stick, temporarily [illegible] in a case bandsomely [illegible] flowers and fags, and surmounted with a beautiful bouquet. Mr. Davis briefly and appropriately replied, after which his son, Mr. M. Davis, foreman of the extensive establishment, was invited to the front and on to the receipient of a [illegible] gold chain, gold cigar and cigarette case, together with a bouquet and an address, which took the form of a [illegible] Considerable was [illegible] and the utmost cordiality existed between both as every effort was put forth by employers and employed to make the occasion one that will be remembered for many years to come.

A PLEASANT EVENT.—The Leslieville Hall of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church was the scene of a very pleasant affair Tuesday night. For several years Mr. Robert Mortimer has had the singing for the Bible class connected with St. Andrew's Sabbath School, and the members, being desirous of showing their appreciation of his valuable services, decided to present him with a token of their esteem. After due consideration, it was decided that the gift should take the form of ten volumes of Chambers' Encyclopedia, which were purchased. Quite a large number of friends were present, and after a few remarks from Rev. J. A. Murray, pastor of the Church, a beautifully illuminated address was read to Mr. Mortimer by Mr. James Cudmore, the presentation being made by Mr. T. Maddocks. Although completely taken by surprise, Mr. Mortimer replied in a neat speech. At the conclusion of the presentation a musical and literary programme was served out successfully by the following ladies and gentlemen:—Messrs. Grimow, Toveland and Bayne; Misses. W. Barnes, R. Morrison, W. Fairbairn and G. W. Mohler. A very pleasant and profitable evening was spent by all present.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Come all who wish white Teeth of pearl,
To eat off lips of cherry;
A fragrant Breath for the lay and girl
Who purchase "Teabrery." †

BRACE UP—Your system for work. Zopera, the new Dyspepsia and Liver remedy, attends strictly to business in correcting the Stomach, Liver, and Kidneys. Sample bottles, 10 cents; large bottles, 75 cents. †

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Morris, 210 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools.

Blank books of all kinds made from best material at Chapman's, 97 Dundas street.

A. J. Reynor, dentist in gruesite, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the Pain Paint.

A lot of new shades, colors, and art material, just arrived per "Sir Knox," from Rowney & Co., at Chapman's, 97 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Climb Tank Pulley. Pulls a tank out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. Ellsworth Moore, 167 Dundas street.

Two London youths, named Charley Simmons and Willy Jarvis, are in the employ of the Standard Oil Company, Cleveland. Under the department of salt, at $2 per week, at a salary of $1,500 per annum.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable.—146 Dundas St., nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT SERVICES.

☞ Additional Local News on Third Page.

The streets were in a terrible state yesterday.

Mr. Allison, of Salford, is removing to this city to reside.

Wenger has taken a fresh grip, and predicts cold weather from now on.

Put your snow shovel in order, preparatory to the advent of the "beautiful."

Messrs. D Munro & Co., merchants, of Lucan, have opened in business in Seaforth.

Mr. Richard Moaning, of Exeter, has disposed of his farm, 102 acres, to Mr. Rae for $6,500.

Messrs. Rastall & Brownell have sold their paper, the Orangeville *Advertiser*, to Mr. E. Rose.

Mr. Stiff, Superintendent of the G.T.R. (G.W. Division), went to Montreal on Thursday night.

The Rev. C. W. Ball, of Beaverton, has succeeded the late Rev. H. B. Wray in the Thorndale Mission.

If kid gloves are laid upon a damp towel for two or three minutes they will go on with less chance of tearing.

The cows at the recent sale of Donald Kerr's, at Glanworth, commanded a high figure, the average being $65.

The *Huron Record*, of Clinton, has changed hands, and is now owned by Mr. H. H. Beehner, of Hamilton, late of the Times.

Bidwell has appointed a Committee of her citizens to take steps for the establishment of a canal cannel Poly for the sale of electricity.

Mr. George W. Ross, M. P., is going to make application to the Legislature at its next session, authorizing him to practice law.

An exchange says:—"Scarlet fever is prevalent among the children. It breaks out in jackets, jabots and Tam O'Shanter hats."

Mr. Friend, formerly of this city, who has had charge of the Kent Church choir, of Ingersoll, for nearly two years, has resigned.

The late A. C. Johnson, of Petrolia, was a cousin of Mr J Johnson, late editor of the Kingston *Daily News*, now of the Ottawa Citizen.

Mr. Wm. Hooper, of Exeter, England, formerly of this city, is in a very Collonic state of health, a piece of news many will regret to hear.

Rogue Platt is definitely in the field for re-election in London West. From present appearances no very strong opposition to his return is likely.

Mr. John Forbes, of the Commercial Hotel, Woodstock, has decided to go to Chicago, where he has formed connections with the driving park.

Hon. A. Folsom Hardy, the Ontario Provincial Secretary, will address the Perth and Stratford Grits in convention at the latter place on Tuesday next.

At the Police Court yesterday the certificate of Tulet vs. Thomas was settled out of court on the payment of the charge with drawn on payment of costs.

Among the imports per SS. Sel King, from London for Londoners:—D. S. Perth & Co., 1 case mdse; Otto B. Green, do. do.

Mr. H. E. Moore, manager of the Tecumseh House, Toronto, has been in Berlin looking part in the event in which a member of the Free Press Canada has interested property.

The earth is now making its November passage through a meteor zone. When the sky is unclouded, early risers can take in the comet and the meteors at the same time.

H. M. Johnson, of Rishburg, N.Y., challenges Mayberry, Fitzgerald and Warwick, of Toronto, to run him 125 or 135 yards for $200 or $500 a side; mutual consent stark, Sheffield rules.

A young lad, son of Mr. Duncan Taylor, of North Yarmouth, received a kick in the mouth from a colt the other day, knocking out two of his front teeth, and removing a piece of the jaw bone.

The numerous friends of Mr. J. B. Minhinnick are endeavoring to induce him to again offer for election to the Free Press Council. Should that gentleman consent, there is little doubt of his election.

Mr. Alexander R. W. Paterson, B.A., whose period of study with Messrs. Parke & Pardoe, barristers, expired on the 12th inst., has passed the intermediate examination, been admitted to practice.

A member of the McGlory Manufacturing Company, named John Holloway, while carrying a table of hot metal, the other day, slipped and fell, and had one of his feet badly burned by the molten mass.

Two boys, named Sharp and Holland, appeared before Mayor Anderson yesterday upon a charge of breaking into Crawford's store, on the Hamilton Road, by getting through the window. They were committed for trial.

The Rev. Dr. Sanderson is announced to preach anniversary sermons in behalf of the Presbyterian congregation of Mount Brydges and Melbourne. His pulpit in Dundas street Church will be filled by Revs. D. Ryan and J. H. Robinson.

Mr. D. F. Jelly, of Belmont, has arrived home from Dakota, Manitoba, where he has been steadily employed since June and took for several months, in breaking up the prairie sod. Mr. Jelly secured two sections of land contiguous to Regina.

The Parkhill *Gazette* says "that Mayor Meredith, of London, has been hawking cheats as "H.," will stand for election in January. He is one of the most popular Mayors ever London had, and will probably be returned by acclamation."

According to a late decision of Justice Cassels in the Queen's Bench assizes, no case for non-payment of wages. It is a civil case, and must be sued for, same as any other debt. The "Statute" J. P.'s will do well to paste this in their hats.

Mr. George R. Patrick, of Woodstock, has not been one of the Ontario Cabinet, inasmuch as he stated in his paper yesterday, that an early meeting of the Legislature was not thought of, or decided upon. It is on a par with his average prophesy.

Save your spare change against the day of the church social. The lingerieing of the bouquet girls will be irresistible, to say nothing of the temptation to invest in a ticket in the lucky of the inevitable bed quilt composed of a thousand different pieces.

Some hungry thieves entered the field of Mr H. Mainwaring, near St. George, a few nights since, and relieved a fine fat animal and slaughtered it on the spot. After removing the pelt and dressing the sheep the table was left on the ground and the owner removed.

Some action should be taken by the Board of Works to prevent owners of property whose asphalt sidewalks have been laid down allowing the water from their houses to run over the walk. From this cause in more places than one the sidewalks have been completely destroyed.

The change made in the uniforms of the Canadian militia is a new style of gold lace specially designed, having on it a maple leaf, emblematical of the Canadian coat of arms. Crimson sashes are to be abolished, and a white belt substituted, to be crossed in front of the body; at balls and on state occasions a gold cross belt may be used.

Mr. T. S. Wallstead, of Makeads, Ill., formerly of this city, writes to say that "he has in his possession the discharge from the U.S army of a man by the name of William Agan, who was born in Ingersoll, and enlisted in the 11th Michigan regiment at Amherstburg on the 24th of August, 1861, and 22 years of age at the time of his discharge. The paper is worth considerable to him if given or to his heir if he is dead, and he can get it by applying to me."

ACCIDENT TO A WELL-KNOWN INDIAN DOCTOR.—The many abscesses on Indian doctor named Mohawk, will known in this city, had a bad accident on Saturday on the Charing Cross, bound for St. Thomas, and as he has neither ticket nor money, was put off at the tenth station, named Ingersoll, to get on again, but slipped, one of his feet getting under the wheels, and was badly crushed. The unfortunate Indian will not lose the 10 St. Thomas.

THE DOMINION
Savings & Investment Society.

SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICE,
Opp. City Hall, Richmond-St., London

Savings Bank Deposits received and highest rates of interest allowed thereon. Money to Loan on mortgage security.

F. B. LEYS,
MANAGER.

K11-dd

WORTH REMEMBERING!

HARKNESS' BRONCHIAL SYRUP is the Best and Quickest Remedy known for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Croup and Affections of the Throat and Lungs generally

Harkness & Co.,
Druggists, corner Dundas and Wellington Sts., London, Ont.,
PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS
Jllaw-wed-h

THE NEW SKATING RINK.

A Long Felt Want Supplied—Description of the Structure.

At last the long needed "New Rink" is an accomplished fact, and no doubt Londoners in general will be glad to notice the commencement of the business edifice for skatorial purposes recently commenced by Messrs. Wright & Durand for the London Skating Rink Company, limited. The new building as a skating rink in winter or a public hall in summer, will be unsurpassed in Western Canada and should fill the hearts of all the lovers of this healthful pastime with delight. It is situated on Queen's avenue, directly opposite Picton, and is easily reached and convenient to all parts of the city and to all our citizens, and being so, a description of the structure will no doubt be interesting. Entering a large double door opening to the rear of the main building, the visitor finds himself in a corridor seven feet wide, leading to the dressing rooms for ladies and gentlemen, and the caretaker's quarters, while immediately to his left the main office, that hotbed of the small boy, stands inconveniently convenient. Having purchased your ticket the next person that will claim your attention is the ticket collector, who commands the approaches to the dressing rooms at the extreme end of the corridor. Passing that gentleman and turning to the right and down another corridor, and you are yourself in the "Rink," which to see is to admire. This covers nearly 16,000 square feet of ground, and is splendidly designed for the comfort of both skaters and spectators. The large space for ice, 75x175 feet, is bordered by a wide promenade platform, running all round the building, while at the southern end is the band gallery, capable of accommodating a band of at least fifty musicians. The handsome arched roof is supported by a long row of strongly framed arched trusses, well secured in their places by heavy iron girders. On both sides of the building are rows of large windows splendidly lighting up the interior, while the fresh air is secured by the presence of a ventilator at the crown of the roof, twenty feet wide, running the whole length of the structure. From the exterior, the risk and dressing rooms, built of white brick with red brick trimmings, presents an exceedingly handsome and substantial appearance, the windows and large door being grouped and ornamented in a very striking and pleasing manner. The call door stands prominently forward, and is surrounded by a lofty pediment, rising a height of fifty-five feet above the side walk. Altogether, the London Skating Rink Company are to be highly complimented for their enterprise, and the citizens generally congratulated on this last acquisition to the pastimes and amusements of the city, and we easily predict a good time for all lovers of skating.

It is intended, we believe, to illuminate the rink by the electric light, supplied from the establishment of Messrs. Taylor, Trotter & Barnes. The prices of admission will readily be found within the means of the people, as the directors have decided that all adult ladies and children under fourteen for ten cents, and gentlemen for fifteen cents, while a limited number of season tickets will in a few days be issued at a very low rate. The building was designed by Mr. Geo. F. Durand, architect, of this city, the work being carried on under his supervision by the following contractors:—Brickwork, Robert Williamson; brickwork, Wm. Short; painting and glazing, A. R. Clarke; carpenter work, Wright & Durand; the whole is expected to be completed by December 11th, when a grand carnival will be held in the opening.

MRS. SCOVILLE'S DILEMMA.

Conflicting Statements in Regard to Her New Trial.

Mrs. Frances M. Scoville still sojourns in the city, having not yet received an order in regard to her return to Chicago, or continued residence in Canada. She has consulted counsel on the matter during the day, final judgment would be entered, and she expressed considerable surprise when informed by a FREE PRESS reporter that such a statement had appeared in the Chicago papers. She had been lulled into security by the letter from Mr. Blanchard, and could scarcely have sufficient time to reach Chicago by Saturday morning, as she was therefore placed in a dilemma by the unexpected and startling intelligence.

There is apparently something remarkable in connection with the statements which have appeared in the Chicago papers as to the final judgment in the case. When Mrs Scoville was informed of these statements yesterday afternoon, and believed it necessary to return, she at once made preparations for her departure westward, and was promptly at the Richmond street depot with little Bertha, her sprightly daughter, to take the Pacific express for Chicago. Meanwhile, however, she had telegraphed to her solicitor in Chicago, asking if she must return to prevent judgment. The answer was delayed, but fortunately for her safety, the train was late, and just before it left the depot she received a reply stating that her immediate return was not necessary, that the Judge would speak anent the case, and that he seemed to think the verd ct an unjust one. Therefore she still remains in the city, and will fulfil her lecture engagement next week. The first will be given at Victoria Hall on Monday evening, upon the subject of "The Issues Verdict and Sentence Trials" and the child, Bertha, will also render a recitation. The new lecture has been remodelled, and will contain much of an interesting character, and during the week the lady will deliver addresses at Hamilton, Stratford, and probably St. Thomas. She feels much gratified that Judge Locomb should have been influenced to grant a new trial, and expresses her determination to return and vindicate the name of the now jailed husband. The latter is confined but little of that cell monotony.

SYRUP
—OF—
RED SPRUCE GUM
AND ALL THE LEADING
PATENT MEDICINES
SOLD AT
Reduced Prices
—BY—
WM. SAUNDERS,
Chemist,
188 DUNDAS STREET.

OIL SPRINGS REAL ESTATE

Auction Sale of the Wyoming Rock Oil Company's Estate.

Mr. M. W. Merrills, of this city, officiated as auctioneer at the sale of the above-mentioned estate, at the Oil Exchange Hall, Petrolia, yesterday, and had a most successful sale. There was a large crowd in attendance, all the prominent operators being present. Great activity is the rule in the oil section, and as a consequence the bidding was very spirited, and prices ranged from $110 to $310 per lot. The principal purchasers were Messrs. J. N. Grant, H. B. Walker, J. W. Crysler, Geo. Palmer, R. J. Bradley, C. Beresford, Wm. Stevenson, Jas. Sutherland, Robt. Goslin, F. Ward, Bemish & Dineen and Oliver Stimson. The property is situated in the very centre of the oil regions, and is considered valuable. Hoskins' well still holds out 75 barrels per diem. The total amount realized from the sale of the estate was nearly $30,000.

STRIKE AT ST. THOMAS.—Yesterday morning some seventy-five men employed in the Carbonic Manufacturing Company, St. Thomas, sent in a petition to the head of the firm asking that they be paid fortnightly instead of monthly, as at present. The request not being complied with, they decided to strike and quit work, which they did.

TEACHERS' MEETING.—The City Teachers' Association held their regular meeting yesterday, and listened to a number of essays from several lady and gentlemen teachers. Prof. Bell-Smith was present during a portion of the session, and gave his views regarding the attention which should be paid to the teaching of elocution in the schools.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MISS P. L. ANDERSON has removed from No. 88 Richmond street to No. 345 Clarence street where she will be pleased to see her old patrons. Straw, Felt and Beaver Hats done over in latest style. Hair combings made to order.

Received at W. L. Carrie's, the Stationer Richmond street, a supply o these Russian bowls now so fashionable in Boston and New York.

Cheap sale of French flowers on Tuesday, the 7th Nov. Beautiful collection.—Miss J. BUCKEY, 113 Dundas St. J193y

S. THELAND, manufacturer of gents' boots and shoes; neatest style; best material; perfect fit—317 Richmond street. 317-dw

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes. New lasts; finest stock; perfect fits.—324 Clarence street, London, Ont.

MILLINERY.—Mrs S. M. Duncan has just received the cheapest feathers and flowers in the city, and hats and bonnets of all the latest styles. Come and see us at 284 Richmond street. Call and see these very cheap feather K719

ISAAC HOOD, Watchmaker, has removed next door to the left with a fine stock of watches, gold rings, lockets and chains; cheap Repairing carefully executed. — Richmond street.

CHESHIRE'S ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignment of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also fancy goods and stationery. The old reliable store, established 1875. 142y

FLOUR down again, $5.25 retail, and $ wholesale. Telephone communication. Goods delivered free to all parts of the city and suburbs.—J. D. SAUNBY, 256, 257, and 259 York street. 1261

MRS. Galland having secured the services of a first-class dress and mantle-maker, is now prepared to execute all orders in all the latest styles. Madame Demorest's reliable patterns. Call for a catalogue. 148 Dundas street

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 82Dundas St.—Miss J. A. MUNN, Nicholas Block, Now has full stock of millinery, All the latest English and American styles. Prices very low. A call solicited. 1184vs

ROLLED PLATE JEWELLERY.—Fine jewellery from English and Waltham watches. American and Canadian watches repaired. Masonic and Odd-fellows' presentation jewellery made to order at 89 Richmond street, two doors north of City Hall.

FRESH FLOUR & ditto. First of the season Fresh oysters in can and bulk, and all kinds of delicacies in season. Also constantly on hand Moosehead and Caledonia water. Telephone communication. R. HORSFORD.

CHANGES taken out in fourteen days by one process. All else cleaners cannot. Purify your blood by using my Sarsaparilla. Dr. Ashley, 361 Richmond street, two doors north of City Hall.

FRESH FLOUR & ditto. Telephone communication. Goods delivered free to all parts of the city and suburbs.—J. D. SAUNBY, 256, 257, and 259 York street. 1261

FRESH FLOUR & ditto. First of the season Fresh oysters in can and bulk, and all kinds of delicacies in season. Also constantly on hand Moosehead and Caledonia water. Telephone communication. R. HORSFORD.

Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, Thomas Hobbs and Thomas Hobbs, jr., as Hobbs & Son, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said firm are to be received by the said Thomas Hobbs, jr., and all claims against the said firm are to be presented to him for payment. Dated at London, this 1st day of November, A.D. 1882.

THOMAS HOBBS,
THOMAS HOBBS, JR.

Witness—JOHN MCCLARY.

Witch and stock materials and tools at H. C. Hamilton's, 394 Richmond, London.

Glister Bro Scotch and Canadian wool under clothing cheap at J. J. Gilmour's.

CITY CHOCOLATE DEPOT—HALL & CO.—Still from note a speciality. By small expense we can sell you better than our neighbors. No. 2 Market square.

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear, and gents' men's shirts, also ladies' mantles and trimmings go to Miss. Jamieson, 321 Clarence St., London.

FINE OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTFORD. City Hall

JOSEPH ARTHURS, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes; all the latest styles The best material, at 332 Dundas street; cheaper than any other place in city Ditto

O. B. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall papers, window shades, sewing rollers picture frames, mirrors, &c. Paper-hanging kalsomining and curtains put up for last week men in town or country.—322 Dundas street.

Wanted—Two Tenders. Apply at 1 Victoria Terrace, London.

VISITORS to the city will find HAWTHORNE Hotel Restaurant, No. 393, 395 Dundas street the one convenient place for meals. Open day and night. Every convenience and attention.

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Clocks, Watches and Plated ware, Novelties, Mineral Clocks and fish Goods from Colorado. Give us a call

Now is your time to buy a "Tourist" woven wire mattress, as they are selling at greatly reduced prices at the factory, 393 Richmond street. E. W. HUNT. L337

MANHATTAN FIRM.—Geo. Melbourn, coal merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square. Sole agent for this unrivalled fuel for brewers, cowers, calvers, and all kinds of stock. Has given common satisfaction everywhere. Try a couple 95

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred chest sand dollars' worth of general dry goods, carpets, all cloth and clothing, to be sold with 331 reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winter goods before the stock is broken up.—R. E. MCKAY & Co.

Blankets and flannels, all pure wool, of the best make, cheap, at J. J. GIBSON'S.

Miss Hardie's, 395 Dundas street, for latest styles in millinery and fancy goods at lowest prices. Nice assortment of flowers, feathers and birds just arrived. Newest styles in hats. Pointed crown hats, fine straw, 50c. Large lot of new wrenths from 10c. up. New stock of fine wools. Best Berlin wool 15c. per oz. New goods for fancy work. Fender and chair strips, worth 50, selling for 25c. Some beautiful brackets cheap. Ladies' and children's underwear cheap. Ladies' and children's under wear cheap. Ladies' and children's under wear cheap. Agent for Butterick's patterns. Call for catalogue.

MARSHALL SMITH, have just received a box of tams, and are selling them very cheap. 393 Richmond street

RED HOT BARGAINS
—IN—
DRESS GOODS
—AT—
Thos. Beattie & Co's

NOTE THE PRICES AND BUY NOW

35 Pieces Pin Check Cloth Suiting, 15c; worth 20c.

25 Pieces Twilled Dagmar Suiting, 20c; worth 30c.

30 Pieces French Twill Dress Cloth, 20c; worth 25c.

25 Pieces Plain Cloth Dress Suiting, 15c; cut down from 25c.

36 Rads Saveyard Costume Twill Dress Suiting at 20c; well worth 30c.

The great fall boom has now fully begun at T. Beattie & Co's. A small profit and quick return is the motto of this house. Buying for cash leaves no room for losses and shrinkages. Your first visit will convince you T. Beattie & Co's is the true spot at which to buy your Dry Goods.

PETTY THIEVING.

Thirty Dollars in Goods and Money Taken From the California Store.

During Thursday night burglars visited the California Store, at the corner of Richmond and King streets, and succeeded in effecting an entrance through a grating on King street to the cellar, after which it was easy for the parties to have left entry, as no obstacle was offered to their entrance to the place. When the shop was opened in it is noticed the first thing which attracted the attention of the clerk, Mr. J. McLeod, was a quantity of tobacco strewn about the floor, and following up the tracks he found the cellar stairs littered with choice brands of the weed. Further investigation disclosed the fact that about a dozen boxes of cardiacs, several jars of honey, tobacco of every quality, $5 in American silver and $2 in Canadian coin had been carried off by the thieves, who had evidently been scared away. They could not have been up to their business long, as they left behind a box which gave the necessary light. Every drawer in the store was opened, and from the thorough research made, the burglars must have been inside the place for a long time. The safe, which contained a large sum of money, was not disturbed.

On Thursday afternoon the office of Mr. J. C. Dodd & Son, corner of Wellington and Bathurst streets, was entered by thieves, and two coats stolen therefrom—an overcoat and an order garment. Subsequently the latter was recovered by Detective Pinkerton, and a description of the party who stole it is now in the hands of the police, who are on the look out for him.

MRS MESSER ACQUITTED.—At the Oxford Assizes on Tuesday Lydia Messer was arraigned charged with having caused the death of Ellen Wedgwood and her unborn infant by using instruments with intent to produce a miscarriage, in September last. The evidence adduced was substantially the same as that given at the coroner's inquest, and which was published in the FREE PRESS at the time. For the defence a number of medical men were called, who endeavored to show that it was quite possible death, judging by the conditions described in the case, resulted from natural causes. The jury were manifestly certain of the prisoner's guilt, but upon the evidence could not find her conclusively convict, as the case against her did not prove to be even as strong as that against Dr. Sutton, and she fell short of any hope of conviction.

In certain parts of Texas park is on foot that the colored population is unlucky, children being very scarce.

Financial and Commercial.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

Reported by Blakeney & Hellmuth, London, Ontario.

The following table will show the rate at which buyers purchased bank and other stocks on the undermentioned dates:—

STOCKS.	Nov. 11		Nov. 13		Nov. 14		Nov. 15		Nov. 16		Nov. 17	
	$	c	$	c	$	c	$	c	$	c	$	c
Montreal	224	225	224	225	224	225	224	225	224	225	224	225
Ontario	109	110	109	110	109	110	109	110	109	110	109	110
Toronto	178	179	178	179	178	179	178	179	178	179	178	179
Merchants	135	136	135	136	135	136	135	136	135	136	135	136
Commerce	140	141	140	141	140	141	140	141	140	141	140	141
Imperial	171	172	171	172	171	172	171	172	171	172	171	172
Dominion	211	212	211	212	211	212	211	212	211	212	211	212
Standard	118	119	118	119	118	119	118	119	118	119	118	119
Hamilton	140	141	140	141	140	141	140	141	140	141	140	141
Nova Scotia	250	251	250	251	250	251	250	251	250	251	250	251
Commerce Can.												
Exchange Can.	90	95	90	95	90	95	90	95	90	95	90	95
Montreal Can.	120	125	120	125	120	125	120	125	120	125	120	125
Ontario Can.												
Toronto Can.	90	95	90	95	90	95	90	95	90	95	90	95
Dominion Can.	170	175	170	175	170	175	170	175	170	175	170	175
Standard Can.	110	115	110	115	110	115	110	115	110	115	110	115
Hamilton Can.	120	125	120	125	120	125	120	125	120	125	120	125
Nova Scotia Can.												
Union Can.												
Ontario & Quebec	50	55	50	55	50	55	50	55	50	55	50	55
Toronto & Nipissing												
Manitoba Loan												
Can. Land & Nat. Inv.												
Can. Land & Loan												
Canadian S. & Loan												
Dom. Sav. & Inv.												
Huron & Erie L. & S.												
Ont. Industrial												
Ont. Inv. Association												
Ont. Loan & Deben.												
Ontario Loan & D.												
Ont. Mutual Life												
Ont. Qu'Appelle												
Real Estate Loan Co.												
Toronto Gen. Trust												
County Ont. Deb.												
Ont. Loan Deb.												
Toronto, Nov. 17.—TRANSACTIONS—Commerce—50 at 139½. Imperial—50 at 169½. Dominion—50, 10, 10, 10 and 13 at 242½; 50 at 243. Standard—50 at 120. Hamilton—50 at 135. Toronto—50 at 180. Montreal—50 at 225½; 25 at 225. N.W. Land Co.—50 at 70. Freehold—50 at 100. Canada Landed—50 at 120. Canada Investment—15 and 10 at 110. London & Canada—5 at 100.												

Montreal Stock Market.

Reported by Blakeney & Hellmuth, London, Ontario.

Stock Exchange, Montreal, Nov. 17, 1 p.m.

	Asked.	Bid.
Bank of Montreal	225	224
Ontario	110	109
Exchange	95	90
Merchants' Bank	136	135
Commerce	141	140
Bank of Toronto	180	178
Imperial Bank		
Dominion	243	242
Union Bank		
Standard	120	119
Hamilton	135	134
Nova Scotia	251	250
Montreal Telegraph Co.	79	
Montreal Gas Co.	141	
Dominion Cotton Co.	112	
Canada Investment	110	
St. Paul, M. & M.	134½	

Montreal, November 17, 4.45 p. m.—Bank of Montreal—10 at 225. Ontario—10 at 109½. Bank of Toronto—21 at 177½, 50 at 178. Merchants'—50 at 135½, 25 at 135¾. Commerce—50 at 139, 75 at 139½. Montreal Telegraph Co.—25 at 79. Bank of Commerce—50 at 141. Bell Telephone Co.—50 at 148. Montreal Gas Co.—50 at 141. Dominion Cotton Co.—50 at 112. Canada Investment—50 at 110. St. Paul, M. & M.—50 at 134½.

Montreal, November 17, 5.45 p. m.—Bank of Montreal—10 at 225, 10 at 224½. Bank of Toronto—21 at 177½, 50 at 178. Merchants'—50 at 135½, 25 at 135¾. Commerce—50 at 139, 75 at 139½. Montreal Telegraph Co.—25 at 79. Bank of Commerce—50 at 141. Bell Telephone Co.—50 at 148. Montreal Gas Co.—50 at 141. Dominion Cotton Co.—50 at 112. Canada Investment—50 at 110. St. Paul, M. & M.—50 at 134½.

European Financial.

London, Nov. 17, 11.30 a. m.

Consols, money	101¼	101⅜
Erie	20¾	20¾

New York Stock Market.

New York, Nov. 17. — Railroads higher. Stocks closed irregular with a downward tendency.

Liverpool.

Liverpool, November 17, 11.30 a. m.

	Nov. 11				Nov. 13				Nov. 14				Nov. 15				Nov. 16				Nov. 17			
	11	12	13	14	11	12	13	14	11	12	13	14	11	12	13	14	11	12	13	14	11	12	13	14
Flour																								
Wheat																								
Corn																								
Pork																								
Lard																								
Cheese																								

Chicago, November 17.—Milwaukee—FLOUR quiet common to choice extras, $3.30@$5.30. WHEAT lower; No. 2 spring, 97½c bid for Nov.; 98c bid for Dec.; 95c for May. CORN—No. 2 dull; 47½c bid for Nov.; 47½c for Dec.; 48½c for May. OATS—No. 2 dull; 31c bid for Nov.; 31½c for Dec.; 33½c for May. RYE—No. 1 dull; 70c bid for Nov.; 70½c for Dec.; 72½c for May. BARLEY—No. 2 dull; 80c bid for Nov.; 80½c for Dec.; 82½c for May. PORK weak; new mess, $16.50. LARD weak; $9.75 for Nov.; $9.75 for Dec.; $10.05 for Jan. BULK MEATS—Shoulders, 7c; short ribs, 10½c; short clear, 10½c. WHISKY—Market steady at $1.17. FREIGHTS—Corn to Buffalo, 3½c. RECEIPTS—Flour, 15,000 barrels; wheat, 76,000 bush.; corn, 89,000 bush.; oats, 76,000 bush.; rye, 5,000 bush.; barley, 21,000 bush. SHIPMENTS—Flour, 24,000 barrels; wheat, 24,000 bush.; corn, 149,000 bush.; oats, 74,000 bush.; rye, 4,000 bush.; barley, 41,000 bush.

New York.

New York, Nov. 17.—FLOUR—Receipts, 22,000 bbls; market dull and he

CARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR

Very Fine Amber Ales, III Porter

AND STOCK LAGER.

HALF & HALF,

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Birth.

At 237 Dundas st., on the 29th inst., the wife of Alex M. Moore, of a son.

Married.

At 243 Dufferin street, on the 29th inst., by the Rev. J. Alexr Murray, Donald Dodd, Esq., to Margaret Annie, eldest daughter of John Drinkwater, Esq.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Huron, on the 29th ult., by the Rev. R. Denny, M.A., Daniel Crosby, of this city, to Miss Louisa E., second daughter of the late Alonzo Cuyler.

Died

In London township, on the 28th inst., Hattie, youngest daughter of Wm. Henwood, aged 17 years, 11 months and 7 days.

The funeral will leave the family residence, Dundas street, on Sunday, 3rd inst., at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

AMUSEMENTS.

KEEP DISENGAGED FOR THE 29th and 30th. The Pink Jubilee Singers are coming.

MEETINGS.

REOPENING OF ST. GEORGE'S Church, London West—Divine service will be held in the above church on Sunday next, being Advent Sunday. Morning, at 11 o'clock—Preacher, Rev. Canon Richardson, M.A., Toronto. Evening, at 7 o'clock—Preacher, Rev. Isaac Middleton, M.A., Rector of the parish. Collections in aid of the current expenses. Collections in the morning service, Collections in the evening service on behalf of the Church's Poor each service on behalf of the Church's Poor each service. Kii

TAL ARCANUM, LONDON council, No. 323, meets Friday evening, Dec. 1st, at 7:30.

RKINGMEN, ATTENTION!—A meeting of workingmen will be held in the Temperance Hall, Richmond street, on Monday next, at 8 o'clock, to appoint a Workingmen's Candidate to contest the approaching election for the Local Assembly. Mr. Moore, M.P., will address the meeting. Let a full attendance of workingmen are cordially invited.

STERN ONTARIO COMMERCIAL Travellers' Association.—A general meeting of the members for the election of the officers and Committee of the year 1883 will be held in the rooms of the Association, Temperance Hall, Richmond street, on Saturday next, 2nd December, at 8 p.m. sharp. A full attendance is requested. By order,

WM. LEE, President; J. A. ATKINSON, Secretary. Kii

PERSONAL.

...E.—T. G. NOBLETT, LATE ... at Pocock Bros., is now at Mc...'s and will be pleased to see his ... Lii

BUSINESS CHANCES.

R MILL FOR SALE, COM... y, a half the original cost, in a large ... Apply to JOHN MCCLELLAND, Agent, 282 Dundas st. ...RLAND, Agent, 282 Dundas st. Lloydt

R AND FEED BUSINESS ... location best in the city. Good ... and trade. Address, Box 592, this ...

L FOR SALE IN THE ... burn of Brussels, doing a first ... of over last year. Reason for ... I must be sold, the proprietor other business. For further particulars ... ARMSTRONG, Brussels P.O. Lidawtf

LOST OR FOUND.

GE, BLACK, STRAIGHT-... Newfoundland dog lost. The ... is rewarded by returning him at ... Nelson & Co., 303 Richmond street. ... found harboring him after this will be prosecuted. Lii

- LOST, A GOLD COIN ... and dated, head on one side, and ... on small amusement for having ... A liberal reward will be paid ... a return of said piece.—Apply at ... Kiii

FOR SALE

MILCH COW FOR SALE. ... at KINGSMILL'S. Kii

NMENT OF PICTURES, ... ings, etc. Samples can be seen at ... Richmond street. Parties wishing ... for auctioneers and country deal...

D AND LODGING.

Y BEDROOM WANTED ... or private, within ... walk of post office. No other ... need apply. Terms if ... Drawer ... Kiv

NT FRONT AND BACK ... furnished to suit tastes of lodgers ... 45½, 45½ Dundas street. Kiv

TO LET.

HED ROOMS TO LET ... ome of Talbot and Horton sts. ...

O LET, NO. 360 RICH... ond, a few doors south of King, ... brick stores and stands. Depth ... and front entrance. ... Smith, Hood & Co., 282 Rich... st., city.

MPORTABLE FRONT ... furnished to let.—No. 321 Talbot ... Lii

T, FOR THREE OR ... ths, a moderately furnished cot... Richmond street, opposite Dufferin ... Apply at TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE, ...

LIGIBLE STORES IN ... Dundas, Richmond street, to rent. ... in the store of Jos. Ames, ... and Richmond Telegraph Co. ... Possession at once. Apply ... Kiv

ESTATE FOR SALE.

N F...ELLENT 50 - ACRE ...ale; 45 acres clear; good build... ...a chance. For full ... apply to D. MCALPINE & Co., 244 ... London. Kiv

...E OR TO LET, THE ... known as the London Commercial ... ...—Apply to EDWARD TOWNSEND, ... Masonic Temple. Kiiif

...DTS FOR SALE—ON ... Dundas, No. 29, 31, 33, ... Hood and adjoining. Apply ... Kiii

...LE FARM IN LONDON ... 92 acres more—for sale. The ... Lot 17, Concession 1, London ... Township, being the farm lately ... Thomas Hodgson, about ... Hyde Park road, London ...

SCELLANEOUS.

...'S DANCING ACADE... ...hool, Music Hall, Richmond ... Monday night at 8. Ladies, ... Tuesday night at 8. Private ... for terms apply at Mitchell's ... DANCING.

...AGE LICENSES CAN BE ... at residence, if preferred, or ... Office, Dundas street, ...

...IO DEMITS, ARTISTIC ... st. Fruit Prints Office. All ... finishing in the best style of the ...

...AGE LICENSES ISSUED ... Private Residence, No. 49 ... Richmond street, London. ...

HARDWARE.

...MAS GOODS.

...wood, an immense assortment of ...KET AND TABLE CUTLERY ...LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF ... PLATED WARE. ... OSBORNE & HOBBS, ... Buildings, Richmond street.

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1882. WHOLE NO. 3335

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES!

"THE EMPRESS"

For 1882 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock. Gives entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh

187 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A YOUNG MAN WITH GOOD ... references wishes to obtain a situation in a store.—Address C. J., this office. Kiv

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

AN EXPERIENCED CIGAR ... Traveller wanted for Western Ontario.—Address, stating salary and references, M., this office. Kiv

BARBER (WHITE) AT ONCE. ... Constant employment to a good man; must be ready. Apply to R. H. FISH, Exeter P.O.

ORGANIST WANTED. — FOR ... Knox Church, St. Thomas.—An organist and choir master; must be a member of an Evangelical denomination—Presbyterian preferred. Applicant must be thoroughly competent. Apply by letter immediately, stating salary required, to JAS. MCCORMICK, Secy. Trustees Knox Church, St. Thomas. Kii-oct

WANTED AT ONCE, A THOR... OUGH reliable, who can guard millboard. Apply at once to MESS. P. GALLERY, 165 Dundas street. Lii

WANTED IN LONDON, AN ... Agent for the Perth Steam Dye Works. Good commission given to a suitable party. Address to J. RYAN & SONS, Dyers and French Cleaners, 59 Yonge st., Toronto. Kiv

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

COOK WANTED.—MUST APPLY ... immediately to MRS. CHARLES GOODHUE, Waverly House. Kiv

CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO, ... good, to act well on table, and one first-class dining-room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. Wages, £12 per month. Apply to R. PARKIN, Garnet House.

GENERAL SERVANT FOR ... light housework in small family. Apply this forenoon; 641 Richmond street. Lidf

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE ... —Girl's Friend says the Globe-town Girl is in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters, best in city; only 50c. Coffee House, Masonic Temple, Toronto. KIV-tf

WANTED — FEMALE HELP ... for all kinds of domestic work—this city, Paris, St. Thomas, Simcoe, Strathroy, Ingersoll, Galt, Godderich, Detroit, Manitoba; three housekeepers wanted; also male help wanted.—J. Osborne's Intelligence Office, 29 Dundas St.

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PAR... TIES assembling, &c. Lessons on cornet and violin.—DUNCAN SIMMERING, 286 Hill street, between Talbot and Wellington. Kiv

ROBERT L. CARBONE—ITAL... IAN String Band—three pieces, harp and two violins—from Boston, N. Y. & Montreal for balls, serenades and concerts. Terms reasonable. Residence, 130 Pulaski street, London. Kiivo

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS ... Street (between Wharncliffe and Oxford) manufacturer of Spring Mattresses of all descriptions to order, repairing furniture in the best manner and at moderate prices. There is accommodation for a few boarders.

FOR FRESH OYSTERS GO TO ... the noted Confectionery and Fruit Store, 327 Richmond street. Note—Canned goods of all kinds.—ANGELO DAMORA, 327 Richmond st. KE-tf-oct

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY ... steam, at JAMES F. HUNT'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 226 Richmond street, London. Dikly

HAND-MADE CORSETS.— ... Ladies wishing a good and perfect-fitting corset should call at Mrs. A. LAWRY'S, 42 Dundas street, London East. Orders left at Priddle Bros.' promptly attended to. Jfvz

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE... CUTED neatly and with discretion. Engraving Diamonds. Fruit Prints Office.

NEW TINSHOP OPENED—515 ... Richmond street. Full lines of Tinware and Oil Cloths. Chimneys, Jobbing a specialty. —W. PURDEY.

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE... CUTED neatly and with discretion at Engraving Department, Fruit Prints Office.

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND ... Manufacturer Roofing Material, Asphalte, Asbestos Roofing Material, coal tar sheathing and felting constantly on hand. All orders promptly attended to. Shop and residence, 189 Dundas st., London, Ont. Kiiy

MEDICAL.

DR. JAS. MACARTHUR, B. A., ... member Royal College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario, offers his services to Maitland and Dundas streets. Lidha

DRS. ECCLES & WISHART, ... corner Queen's avenue and Wellington street, London, Ont.

F. B. ECCLES, M.D., C.M., Fellow of Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh, Member of Royal College of Surgeons, England. Specialties—Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Hospital attendance—Diseases of Women.

W. WISHART, M.D., Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh, Member of Royal College of Surgeons, England, Licentiate of Midwifery of the Royal College of Physicians, London, England. Specialties—Hospital attendance—Diseases of Women. Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., ... London, England. Office and residence, 393 Richmond street, London. Hour 10 to 12 a.m. Specialty.

DR. J. M. SMITH, COBOURG. ... HARVEY TRELEAVEN, 26 Talbot st., London.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES ... street, Hamilton, Surgeon of the Rye, Ear and Throat Hospital, London, Ont., will be in Strathroy, at the first and third Tuesday of each month, at Laird's Hotel. Lidwy

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.—DR. ... G. R. CASEY, Graduate of the University of Toronto, Member of the Ontario Medical Council, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, London, England, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, Oculist and Aurist to the Toronto General Hospital, and Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Eye and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at 181 Church St., Toronto, every Monday morning. Kiiy

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, 18 ... opposite the old stand, 185½ Dundas Street, London East. Lidwy

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST. ... Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Strong's Block, London. Kiiy

L. M'DONALD & DAVIS, DEN... TISTS.—Office: Dundas street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery Store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Fky

S. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST.— ... Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Mussell's dry goods store.

VITALIZED AIR FOR RELIEV... ING pain in extracting teeth.—H. H. NELLES, D.D.S., Richmond st., corner of Dundas st. Iy

HOTELS.

OLD ORRIS, SIX YEARS AT ... the Albion Saloon, has cut out on his own hook, and opened the Bar of Montreal House, 57 Dundas St. The finest Liquors and Cigars. Also best brands of Ontario and Lorimer A and Walker.

VTC

TWIN-NAVY

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

mwf

PEOPLE DESIROUS

—OF—

HEATING THEIR BUILDINGS

—THIS FALL WITH—

STEAM OR HOT WATER

will consult their interests by calling at once on ALREADY.

HEARD & GREENAWAY,

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Who make a specialty of Low Pressure, Exhaust Steam and Hot Water Heating.

BEST ATTENTION GIVEN TO JOBBING WORK.

JHmwvly

SMOKE

CABLE CAPE CANDELE PADRE

Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SON

MONTREAL.

TORONTO BRANCH—34 Scott st. Factory—54 and 56 McGill st., 72 and 73 Colborne st.

MONTREAL BRANCH—202 King st. Factory—182 King street, Montreal. KIMAtfy

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAIN

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

All of the Purest and Best Medical Qualities known, and are the

PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE

THEY CURE

all Diseases of the Stomach, bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Don't be cajoled into taking

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All sold by druggists.

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

A. COLE,

WOOD TURNER AND SAWYER,

329 and 331 York street, London, Ont., opposite G. W. R.'s freight station. Newel Posts, Balusters, Hand Rails, Table Moulding, and every description of Wood Turning. Hand and Scroll sawing of every description. Orders promptly filled. Jlmwfy

THE LONDON BRUSH FACTORY

MANUFACTURERS

BRUSHES

of every description. All kinds of Mill and Machine Brushes made to order. To secure a first-class article ask for the London Brushes. All branded.

THOS. BRYAN,

sm6y 71 and 73 Trincess street west.

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Going East. Going West.

St. Thomas.....

Leave St. Thomas.....

ELGIN, E. PARKER, Agent C. S. R. Office, Elgin House, Richmond st.

LEGAL.

F. HELLMUTH,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ontario. Mlddy

GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN, ... Barristers, &c., London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond Sts. P. MULKERN, Q.C. Geo. GIBBONS. H. MACNAB.

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, ... Barristers, &c. Office, Masonic Temple, Carling's Lane Ch'h Building, Dundas street, London, Ont. GLASS & GLASS, Solicitors, &c., 68 Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. Cameron Block. DAVID GLASS, Q.C. W. H. GLASS. T. H. LUSCOMBE.

HUTCHISON & M'KILLOP, ... BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Offices—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHISON, Q.C., Judge of County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. MCKILLOP. Dlly

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,—EVERY ... pair made to order, good, stylish and cheap.—CHARAVILLA'S, 397 Talbot street. Dlly

JEWELLERS, &c.

G. W. PITT.—A GREAT VA... RIETY of new articles suitable ... New Year's Gifts. You cannot say ... better at reasonable prices. Jobbing ... promptly. Why not call in and see ... and people in the city? Any ... Jlmwfy

ARCHITECTS, &c.

PETERS & JONES (LATE S. ... Peters & Son), Architects, Surveyors and Civil Engineers. Office—Albert Block, south-west corner Dundas and Clarence sts.—S. PEARS PETERS; C. A. JONES. Kiiis-tod

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE.— ... A twelve-horse upright steam boiler in use by a sewer-pipe factory. Apply to Mess. Chas. Eyres (city). Mother stones Park. Good second-hand of Peel.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. — SELL ... your Cast-off Clothing to A. Hyman, 377 Clarence street, for he pays the highest price for them. Every kind of Cast-off Clothing bought. Orders left in mail will be promptly attended to. Jlmwfy

KINGSMILL'S

Great CLEARING Sale

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS A MOST INTERESTING SALE

—WE HAVE EVER HELD.—

GOODS WILL BE SOLD EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

DRESS GOODS

At the Most Ruinous Prices.

THE GREAT REDUCTIONS

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,

Mantle Department,

Dress Department,

Silk Department,

Trimming Department.

Ribbon Department,

Silk Ties & Pocket Handkerchief Department,

Corset Department,

Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—FOR—

IF YOU WANT

BLACK or COLORED SATIN

Take Advantage of this Opportunity.

100 doz. Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, selling for $1 each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING OUT SALE.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Proceedings in the British House of Commons.

The Recent Inflammatory Speeches of Davitt and Others.

Action to be Taken by the Government.

Dublin Suburbs to be Proclaimed Under the Curfew Law.

Great Destruction by the Floods in Europe.

Sensation in Paris Caused by England's Action in Regard to Madagascar.

Probable Compromise Relative to the Trial of Egyptian Rebels—The Londoners to be Recalled.

The Suburbs Also.

Dublin, Nov. 30.—A proclamation will shortly appear placing the suburbs of Dublin under the Curfew clause.

Dowling's Plea.

Dublin, Nov. 30.—Dowling's counsel intends to plead that Detective Orr was shot by one of his own comrades.

The Skye Crofters.

London, Nov. 30.—A compromise has been effected between Lord Macdonald and most of the persistent section of the Skye crofters.

Appointments.

London, Nov. 30.—John Pope Hennessy, Governor of Hong Kong, has been appointed Governor of the Mauritius; and Sir George Ferguson Bowen, Governor of the Mauritius, has been appointed Governor of Hong Kong.

Submarines Sentenced.

Odessa, Nov. 30.—A military tribunal has found Colonel Sverasky guilty of embezzling 125 000 roubles from the Government, and sentenced him to banishment. A captain and lieutenant and two Jewish contractors were sentenced to various lesser penalties for complicity.

Scene in the Italian Chamber.

Rome, Nov. 30.—There was excitement in the Chamber of Deputies to-day by the refusal of Signor Ferri (Radical) to take the oath of allegiance. Having twice refused, and the President ordered him to withdraw, Fallenzi replied:—"I have been sent here by the people, and I shall only leave under compulsion." Questors then removed him.

Rumors of Aggrandizement.

London, Nov. 31.—A despatch to the Times from Berlin says the Gladstone Cabinet intends to convert the basin of Arabia into an annex of that of India, and hints at the extension of secret treaties with Egypt respecting the Red Sea territory. It also asserts that England has concluded the protectorate over Zanzibar, giving the Sultan a yearly allowance of £125 000.

Egyptian Affairs.

Cairo, Nov. 30.—There is every reason to believe a compromise relative to the trial of the Egyptian rebels will be reached shortly, and it will probably consist of exile for all the leaders.

London, Nov. 30.—A Cairo correspondent believes Arabi will plead guilty to the general charge of rebellion, and that the Egyptian Government will not press the charges of massacre and incendiarism. Arabi will then be sentenced to perpetual exile, retaining his sword, rank and emoluments.

The Floods.

Berlin, Nov. 30.—The Rhine has fallen a foot and a half the past twenty-four hours. There is six feet of water in the streets of Cologne, Coblentz and Bonn. At Bonn 400 houses were submerged, and nearly all the provisions and fodder in the town were destroyed. There is much sickness in the flooded districts, especially among children and poor people.

The Hague, Nov. 30.—There are extensive inundations in Holland. Large tracts of country are submerged. The river is still rising.

Paris, Nov. 30.—The River Seine overflows its rim. The cellars of the Palais de Justice and Tribunal of Commerce building were flooded.

France and Madagascar.

Paris, Nov. 30.—It is believed a French company are secretly organizing at Paris, Bordeaux and Marseilles for expedition to Madagascar.

Paris, Nov. 30.—The newspapers show increased bitterness toward England regarding Madagascar. The statement that the British Government had ordered a gunboat to Madagascar caused a sensation. Great indignation is expressed at this action.

London, Nov. 30.—The statement telegraphed from Portsmouth regarding the gunvessel Seagull is erroneous. The Seagull was ordered to call at Madagascar before the recent complications arose.

Imperial Parliament.

London, Nov. 30.—In the House of Commons, Ashley stated that Indian sepoys passing Mecca, the Cabul refugee, when questioned, were lynched. A request on the question was received yesterday. It sentenced the conduct of the local authorities, but in consequence of a telegram from the English commander at Gibraltar, Gadsden had been suspended until the arrival of further intelligence from that officer. Ashley's admission that Indian troops were surrounded and overpowered.

Campbell Bannerman, Secretary of the Admiralty, stated that there are 4 British vessels and two small steamers in the neighborhood of Madagascar, and a flagship and three vessels on their way.

Ashley, replying to an enquiry regarding the discussions in the Jamaica Council, promised to present documents. As regarded the question whether local or Imperial Governments should indemnify the Governor for seizing cargo of arms, Ashley said the arms had been seized under the Colonial, not the Foreign Enlistment Act.

Gladstone refused to grant Parnell's request for facilities to discuss the administration of the Land Act.

Parnell then asked leave to move adjournment in order to discuss the administration of the Act, but only 37 members rose in support of the request, and leave was therefore refused.

Trevelyan stated that the recent inflammatory speeches of Davitt, Healy and Redmond had been censured by the Government, and if such speeches continued the meeting of the National League would be prohibited. Redmond's speech comes within the purview of the Prevention of Crimes' Act, and prosecution would forthwith be instituted. Davitt's and Healy's speeches did not come within the Act. Healy's were indictable, but he advised that Healy be not prosecuted. If Davitt and Healy persisted in making inflammatory speeches, application would be made to have them bound over for good behavior, or be committed to prison.

Healy rose, and in a defiant manner said he begged to inform the Government he would return to Dublin to-morrow.

Cross asked if the fact that Davitt was a ticket-of-leave man had been brought to the notice of the Home Secretary.

Trevelyan said the attention of the Government had been called to the fact, but their opinion was very strong that Davitt should be treated like any other person.

Ashley stated that instructions had been given for Cetewayo's restoration as soon as possible.

The rules relating to standing committees was taken up. The first, providing for the appointment of two standing committees on law and courts of justice, and on trade, shipping and manufactures, was agreed to.

It is stated that if the Government seek to have Healy bound over for good behavior, he will not find sureties, but go to prison. Davitt will likely take a similar course. The Prevention of Crimes Act does not provide for the punishment of persons making seditious speeches. It is expected that any proceedings against Healy and Davitt will be taken under the Act defining treason, passed during the reign of Edward III.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Railway Collision at Forest.

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Thanksgiving Day was celebrated throughout the Union yesterday in the usual manner. But loose was suspended, services were held in the churches, and there was parading, &c.

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—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
188 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Friday, December 1, 1882.

THE FACTS IN ITS FAVOR.

The Toronto *Globe* of yesterday in a laboured effort to prove that the N. P. has failed in its purpose, is compelled to admit that "so far from our condition being bad, everybody knows that it is exceptionally good." Now, if our present position is "exceptionally good," how can the N. P. be stamped as a failure? In the Grit reign, from 1873 to 1878, the times were exceptionally and notoriously bad. No doubt the intention of the leaders of that party when in power were good enough, but they were far from producing such a state of things as the country desired and was entitled to. The load lay under a cloud of adversity, and there was no help for it on that side of Parliament. After having for years before been boasting of their ability to create happiness for the people, to improve their institutions, and make existence among the lowest more tolerable than it had ever been under Tory rule, they found when in power how utterly incompetent they were to carry out such promises. The people said to the Government of that day, composed of the late Sir Alex. Mackenzie, Cartwright, look how we suffer: see how bad the times are! Be pleased now to fulfil your pledges; do something to avert this heavy trouble that has come upon us; give us an evidence of your willingness and ability to aid the people where they require help; show us some reason for the faith that we have put in you. But what was the answer? Why, that they could do nothing whatever, that they had no idea how Canadian trade or industry could be beneficially aided. "We are like a ship in a storm," they said. The Liberal-Conservative had a better conception than that of legislative functions. They heard the appeal that went up, and undertook to answer it. The measure that Sir John and Carling brought successfully before Parliament, in such a mixed and modified condition that he had to withdraw it in two hours afterwards, the Liberal-Conservatives brought to scientific perfection. It gave a helping hand to the struggling population just where it was wanted. It was that measure, so timely and effective in its provisions, so far reaching in its influence, that has enabled the *Globe* to say that our present position is "exceptionally good." In the face of Grit distraction in and out of season, that measure has contributed to the prosperity on every side which is so palpable to the commonest apprehension. With the facts of trade, commerce and manufacturing industry before him, how can a writer with any regard for truth say that the present "exceptionally good condition" of affairs—*vide Globe*—is not largely due to the N P?

TWO LAND POLICIES.

The Government of New Zealand has a land policy which some there imagine to be a decided improvement on the schemes of other countries. A Bill has been introduced providing that the Government shall not sell any more land, but shall grant leases of twenty-one years instead. These leases contain provisions for compensation for improvements, which can be compelled at the end of the term for which they are drawn. The Act is framed with a view to benefit settlers, and to tempt immigrants to take out land, the Government retains the ultimate control of the soil. In New Zealand this measure is called a liberal one. Of course the measure of its liberality will be largely determined by the rate of rental, but in any case such a scheme hardly comparable in principle to that of the Canadian Government in the North-west. The simple every man should be to possess a homestead for his family unmolested by any obligations either to the Government or private creditor. In Canada that aspiration can be more or less easily realized. There is not in the New Zealand plan that element of permanence and solidity which the Canadian land policy is designed to establish. In no country is there such an absence of sterile and turmoil as that in which the soil is held by those entitled to it. It is to the great conservative principle on which agriculture rests, and it is that for which the Irish people are contending so bitterly. The Canadian Government wisely acts on these land regulations of such a scheme that any one who has got the physical force and mental determination can go forward and secure such a location as he pleases, and which for a present small paid down, or for a moderate expenditure of labor, he can call his own absolutely. Ownership of the soil carries with it the elements of a solid conservatism—permanency, person and progress. The New Zealand plan, on the other hand, has an air of personal subjection to the Ministry of the day—whoever may constitute it—which in this country would be very little relishing or hanging over. A lease from the Government implies a strict performance, the neglect of which in the slightest particular may lead to consequences untold. The poor settlers in Proton, who were somewhat behind in their dues, had a taste of what this meant.

One of the features of the new opera at the Savoy Theatre, says the *World* of the 15th, will be the application of the electric light upon the stage. The chorus ladies, representing fairies, will wear incandescent lamps in their hair, and I am told the effect is charming and novel. Another theatre endeavoured a short time back to get on an 'electric light ballet,' and the plan were so far completed as to warrant the erection of the machinery; but it was found that the incandescent lamps worried prevented enough, and the insurance company objected to naked lights being used. The showy management with their experience of electric lighting, have, however, been able to overcome the difficulties attending Swan's system, and, by covering the conducting wires with silk of the same color as the ladies dresses, the arrangements are rendered invisible to the spectator, and a sufficiently strong current can be obtained different from the generators to make the statues of the decoration palpable even in the floodlight. The electric light will also be adapted for some scenic effects in the forthcoming Drury Lane pantomime.

In the reign of one of the early English Kings abstention was prohibited, the deed being due to the tendency of nobles to reside in France. O'Connell alluded to this when advocating an Act restricting absenteeism by the Irish Parliament. In 1735 the Statute of Absentees prevented a memorial to the American Congress to the effect that "the permanent desire of the nobility and gentry of Ireland to be resident in France is a powerful hide on abuse which is no longer to be tolerated;" and they presumed to beg that he will not permit them to go abroad without (as in Russia to this day) express leave. The Emperor's reply was that "he agreed with them," &c.

THE CROFTERS OF SKYE.

The ferment in the Hebridean island of Skye waxes hotter in view of the dilatoriness of the General Government to take any steps in the case. Evictions are being enforced by local police of Scotland, while the islanders are making defensive arrangements. At a late mass meeting of the islanders one of the speakers said that any tenant paying rent, unless revaluation was granted, would be a marked man. It was resolved to take every lawful means to prevent any one from taking a farm from which the tenant had been evicted. Application has since been made to the British Government for a commission to inquire into the state of the people. But Mr. Gladstone has refused the request, as opening fields of trouble which are likely to add fresh embarrassments. The troubles of the crofters, however, are by no means new matter. What emptied the Highlands was the great sheep farms, which in their day and way were supposed to be a national benefit. It was owing to them, however, that the lower slopes of the mountains were denuded of wood, and that an end was put to the system by which the small tenants in the valleys drove their cattle annually to the hill pastures. There have remained, however, a considerable number of crofters or small tenants in the Highlands and islands, and for many a day things have not been much better with them than with their Irish relations across the Channel. The first blow to them—at least to those of them who, as most did, dwell near the sea shore—was the failure of the kelp trade; the second, the potato famine, which struck the west of Scotland quite as hard as it struck Ireland itself. The peasantry who live in this unobserved land cannot be said to make up for the lack of exterior observation by their interiors. A Skye kavel, especially one of the genuine kind, which, as a rule, lies away from the main roads, is a marvellous place. It is said that a doctor not long come to the place wondered at the remoteness at the same time of the year of a certain kind of low fever. He investigated the outlying hamlets, and discovered that it was a precaution not merely to stable all cattle in one side of the individual cabin, but to keep the stable uncleansed for the whole year, and then to unroof the thatch, thoroughly impregnated by that time with the volatile matter, and use the whole as manure. Round this sweet heaps the houses are built, few scur fields for pasturage, potatoes, and perhaps a little grain, which, however, if rare in Skye. Manufactures there are none except that of the famous Talisker distillery. There is not much fishing—the chief resource of the other great Hebridean island, the Lewis—and it is not very clear why there is not more. This is not a cheerful picture of things, and perhaps discontent is not to be wondered at. The conflict has arisen out of the withdrawal by Lord Macdonald of his tenants' right of free pasture over Ben Lee, without any declination of rent corresponding to the value of the privilege now refused to them. This privation coming upon previous suffering has been too much for the patience of the islanders, who are willing to their desolate shores with a tenacity which a Canadian-born person can hardly understand. If a Canadian or American citizen cannot make a living in one of his native provinces, he can, as a matter of course. But the islanders in question, a pure slow to realize that there is any other place in the world worth living in save the sea-girt and poverty-stricken land in which they first saw the light. Reason it is in the place of their birth they think there must be some special virtue connected with it, and prefer to sit down to their misery there than go to where there would be a far larger share of comfort and reward for their labors. The depopulation of the Highlands at the time spoken of was thought to be a great hardship, a distress from which the country would not recover; and it mostly

FROM THE DETROIT POST AND TRIBUNE OF NOV. 3, 1882.

"ONE CANNOT AFFORD, IF HE WISHES TO PURCHASE A DIAMOND, A WATCH, A CLOCK, OR A PIECE OF SILVER, TO GO WHERE THERE IS THE SMALLEST POSSIBILITY OF THESE ARTICLES BEING REPRESENTED TO HIM AS DIFFERENT FROM WHAT THEY ARE. OUR READERS CAN DEPEND UPON EVERY THING THEY MAY BUY AT MESSRS. [illegible] WRIGHT'S, OF NO. 140 [illegible]RD AVENUE, IN THIS CITY, [illegible]G EXACTLY WHAT THEY [illegible]OR IT; AND BEING LARGE [illegible]ERS AND DEALING WITH [illegible]ACTURERS ONLY, THEY CAN, [illegible], SELL THEIR GOODS AT AS [illegible] A MARGIN OF PROFIT AS IS [illegible]ENT WITH A SAFE BUSI- [illegible]AND FULLY MERIT THE VERY LARGE TRADE THEY ARE BUILDING UP."

STATE AGENTS FOR PATEK, PHILLIPPE & CO.'S CELEBRATED WATCHES. eod

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DOMINIE.

Per Geoffrey the goalie's had been played, A new style he's known it. Up and down A little ball he passes, his hands behind back, as to his waist when deep in dangers, and strikes himself a quarter-back to astheugh of. Can he—shall he—[illegible] this [illegible] [illegible] might present to the front beyond all [illegible]—"Does she—will she—ever love [illegible]?

'Now, hamp, Bridget," says Mona's love, [illegible] "Don't be any time. Just give [illegible] to Kitty, and say one prayer, and be [illegible] believe.

Low, Miss Mona, ye needn't tell me; I'm Kate; I'll be there no! back before [illegible] I'm gone." This from the spitfire, or (civilized with the knowledge she is going to see a corpse) with the hood.

Now comes and me my own room," says [illegible], getting up to Rodney, and slipping her [illegible] into a little trestled fashion that [illegible] and [illegible] along the hall to a door opposite the [illegible]. This she opens, and with comfort [illegible] drawn blind over across to three-[illegible] bolting him, she might at this [illegible] have discerned in his world's [illegible]—wherever that may be]

[illegible] a very curious little room they are [illegible], grotty, trifled, and suggestive of [illegible] affection, and certainly not one to be [illegible] of. Such objects that [illegible] [illegible] replete with pleasurable [illegible]—some parts of its gentle whatever. [illegible] are two windows, small, with [illegible] and panes like this perior, and in the [illegible] a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] ornaments, and a huge bowl of sweet-[illegible] flowers on the centre-table and a [illegible] or two against the walls. [illegible] music is lying on a chair.

[illegible] I am here, you will beg me excuse," says Geoffrey, [illegible].

[illegible] wonder what kind of songs you like [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the City will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONCAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

Chest Protectors,
Chamois Jackets,
Shoulder Braces,

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S

A Large Assortment
—AT—
STRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a specialty.
Homœopathic Pharmacy for the City.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Friday, December 1, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 20 Wellington street east

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Friday, Dec. 1, 1882.

Sun rises ....7:26a. m. | Moon rises. 11:36 p. m.
Sun sets .....4:47 p. m. | Moon sets... 11:26 a. m.
Day of the year 305th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter	2nd	9.47 a.m.
New Moon	10th	11.36 a.m.
First Quarter	17th	11.30 a.m.
Full Moon	25th	10.52 a.m.

TRANSIT OF VENUS — "INQUIRER." — The great object for which nearly one hundred transit expeditions have been organized is to acquire the right of adding or subtracting less than one-tenth of a second to the solar parallax, from which the sun's distance from the earth is deduced.

CLOUDS AS WEATHER SIGNALS.

(Continued.)

Mr. Clement Lay, the English meteorologist, reports a recent incident of British weather which most strikingly illustrates the value of clouds as storm signals. He says in *Nature* that recently a storm centre passed over Scotland with a progressive velocity of forty-five miles per hour, and "indications of its progress were afforded by cloud observations at a distance of more than eight hundred miles in advance of the centre, the velocity of propagation being supposed uniform." The significance of such data in the beariuge on the British weather forecasts is enhanced by the recent signal failure of the London Meteorological Office to obtain a timely intimation by means of its barometric and other instrumental observations of the disastrous Atlantic cyclone which visited England on the 27th ult. This storm extended over a wide area, sweeping away a bridge on the Great Western Railway, and damaging buildings. So fundamental, *Nature, Times*, two days afterward, said: "The deluge which has overwhelmed the British Isles and has sent the Thames surging over its banks, argues the curious to consult more critically than usual the descriptions of observations of the weather which we publish daily."

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Dec. 1, 1 a. m.—The disturbance which last night lay to the eastward of Nova Scotia has moved over Newfoundland, and another has, with rapidly increasing energy, moved from the North-west territories to northern Ontario. Light snow is falling at many places in Quebec and Ontario, and a westerly gale is blowing on the lakes. Storm signals are up at lake ports. Lakes—Decreasing winds to north-westerly winds; fair, milder weather.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—Squire Peters imposed a fine of $1 and $2 55 costs on George ——, for being drunk. Geo. Tuckey, charged with being found in a house where he was wounded to jail for eight days. The boy Shea, charged with being a habitual drunk, was dis'd and v'd a caution. Thomas Talbot, for furious driving on the public streets, was fined $1 and $2.55 costs. Edward Bishop, a drunk, was discharged; and Wm. Rooney and Daniel Sullivan, two vagrants sent by Dr. G. R. Saunders to jail for 60 days.

NUMBER TWO.—This Committee met last night, there being present Ald. Boyd (Chairman), O'Meara, Pritchard, Taylor, Higgins and the City Engineer. The Commissioner's pay roll, amounting to $53, was passed. The following accounts also passed:—W. Oakley, repairs to Court House roof, $6; J. & W. Cameron, repairs at Agricultural Office, $2.25; D. Gellie, repairs at City Hall, $14; Wright & Durand, stone, $36; Wright & Durand, work at Police Station, $120; Wm. Bowman & Son, tiles, etc., $63.73; H. M. Douglas, sand at Central street, $20. The Engineer submitted specifications for plank-laying Blackfriars' and Victoria Bridges, and if two ordered it be advertised that the tenders same to be in by Tuesday, 5th December. On motion of Ald. Taylor, seconded by Ald. Pritchard, it was ordered that the sapping on King and Clarence streets be laid down at once. Adjourned.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT HIMSELF.—The other afternoon, while Allan Wrightman and a son of J. Mark, were out in the woods, near Mr Anderson, shooting squirrels, they having two dogs with them, young Mark shot a squirrel and the two dogs began fighting over it, when Allan Wright man struck one of the dogs with the butt end of his gun. It being at full cock, it went off, striking the latter a glancing blow on the shoulder. They were nearly four miles from home. Wrightman walked for about half a mile, when he became exhausted and laid down. Mark got a conveyance and took him home, and called on Dr. Lemley, of Glencoe. The Dr. extracted 56 grains of shot and the gun wadding, and also portions of his coat, vest, etc. The charge entered about six inches from the top of the shoulder, and lodged just under the skin at the back of the shoulder. He is in a very critical condition.

LOCAL NOTICES.

THE FISK JUBILEE SINGERS.—This popular troupe of singers, who have won for themselves such distinction in this and other lands, are expected to make another visit to this city before returning to Nashville, Tennessee. The Women's Foreign Mission Association of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church and the Ladies' Aid Society of London South Methodist Church have arranged with them for two evenings, viz., Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th and 20 h, in Victoria Hall, of which due notice will be given by advertisement and otherwise. At sale will be the last opportunity of hearing them for a length of time, they will, no doubt, be greeted with large audiences.

IMPORTANT TO SPORTSMEN. — James Wright & Co. have just received a large consignment of Scotch and Greener double-barrel breech loading shot-guns direct from the makers, and which they are now offering at very low prices. K39r

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Morris, 216 Dundas street. See their many other, cutlery and tools. K17r

Blank books of all kinds made from best material at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Bigmore, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the Family Herald.

A lot of new studies, colors, and art material, just arrived per "El King," from Rowney & Co., at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack and straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. Bingham Mason, 197 Dundas street.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable. — 146 Dundas St. nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

SEE Additional Local News on Third Page.

Benjamin Diggins (colored) was arrested yesterday for assaulting a lacquer at Lewis' Hotel.

During the month of November 36 births, 22 marriages and 24 deaths were registered with the City Clerk.

Rev. Canon Townley, of Paris, has shown signs of improvement during the last day or two, and on Wednesday was able to converse freely.

Mr. D. Glass, Q. C., of Winnipeg, has opened his campaign for the Local Legislature. He addressed a meeting of electors at Rapid City on Monday night.

London East band serenaded a number of townspeople last night. This organization is improving nicely, and deserves the support of the people of the town.

Mr. W. J. Imlach, of this city, visited Brantford last night and responded on behalf of St. George's Society at the anniversary dinner of St. Andrew's Society.

Rev. Father Ronan, for some time pastor of Biddulph, has been promoted to the pastorate of Corunna. Rev. Father McKeon has been named as P. P. of Biddulph.

Robert Manly appeared before Judge Elliott yesterday on a charge of not providing for his family. After hearing the evidence His Honor reserved judgment.

W. G. Harper, of Wardsville, has been summoned to appear at the West End Bureau in this city to-day, on a charge of refusing to pay Richard Teale $26 wages.

Mr. Chas. Holden, son of Mr. H. Holden, of Port Dover, who recently went to Montreal, has been appointed agent for the C. P. R. at an important station on the Company's line.

Two notorious crooks were arrested in Detroit on Wednesday for robbing Thomas McLaughlin, of Essex, of a watch and $ 7 in money while in the M. C. R. waiting room.

Mr. C. J Quigley, head book-keeper of the Toronto *Mail*, has left that position, and accepted a better one with Mr. C. H. McLaughlin, grain and commission merchant, of Stratford.

The workingmen of the city are invited to attend a meeting at the City Hall tomorrow evening, when it is proposed to form a Trades Assembly. Every workingman is invited.

Yates & Co., of this city, are making one of the largest pig lotlies in the Dominion: it will be 24 feet long and swing 48 inches—cost $1 000.—Per Messrs. Nuwormby & Co., of St. Thomas.

Bothwell *Times* :— "The Pharasaical Editor of the London *Advertiser*, with the sauble of self righteousness drawn about him, is advocating the evangelization of certain other editors."

The Stratford *Herald*, commenting on Hon. A. S. Hardy's speech at that place the other day, says: "It will become such a man to talk of bad farming. He is quite at home on the subject."

The Spring Creek Oatmeal Mills, near Embro, were destroyed by fire a few nights since, through some defect in the kiln, it is supposed. The stable of Gidley and a valuable horse were also burned.

The theory of the abduction of Morgan, is related in a statement by the late Thurlow Weed, adds nothing to the allegations made years ago on the same subject. And it is scarcely more conclusive.

A Goderich exchange tells of a girl being robbed of her belt while she slept. This is a solemn warning to girls not to retire but to leave their belt hanging on the peg behind the door when they retire at night.

A number of Windsor ratepayers have announced their intention to vote against every candidate at the coming election who is delinquent in taxes. Londoners might do a leaf out of Windsor's book.

On Tuesday evening Mr. D. Dodd entertained his employes at a supper at Hawthorne's Restaurant. A very pleasant time was spent by all present, the utmost good feeling existing between the parties.

Mr. John Brunton, of Westminster, had a hive of bees stolen from him containing four hundred pounds of honey. Mr. Brunton offered a reward of $15 for the apprehension and conviction of the thiever.

Several complaints being made at the taking up of a portion of the Dundas street block pavement near Richmond, and it is freely stated that it will never look as it was before the excavation was made. It is old and will be wavsided.

Among the imports for Londonare per S.S. Polynesian, Liverpool to Halifax, were the following:—R. Adams & Co., 100 pkgs; J. Birrell & Co., 6 do; Robinson, Little & Co., 5 do; J. R. Lidg & Co., 4 do; F. Smith & Co., 1 do; Watson, Young & Co., 3 do.

A St. Thomas physician pronounces hiccoughing unhealthy. This physician is very wise to thus condemn one of the most glorious of our free Canadian institutions, if his experience in such like has been entirely confined to St. Thomas. St. Thomas girls are solemn.

Mr. Singer's house on Park street east, Chatham, was entered by a burglariously-inclined mash titled a few nights since, who took $10 worth of jewellery and cash, say $20. Mr. Singer surprised the burglar by coming home. The burglar vamoosed through a window.

Mr. Dewys, who were leaving a ride upon the Great Western division, were stretched on the R chmond street depot last night by Constable Aitken and were lodged in the Police Station. They gave their names as Frank Moulton and Ernest Dickie, claimed to hail from Meadowvale, and said they had no particular destination in view.

Mr. R. T. Jones, of Toronto, gives the Toronto *Globe* the following account of the detectives from offences of which they were guilty, and that they are Toronto policemen would sweet a hole thr ugh a brick wall.

Guelph *Herald*:—"A number of Guelph citizens who have invested in the London Masonic Gift Enterprises have already commenced counting on the receipt of the cash with the $16,000 if they get it. One young gentleman in particular says he will build the Credit Valley Railway into the city. If he is the lucky man, it is to be hoped he will keep his promise."

Daniel May, of Elgfield, met with a serious mishap at Wendigo on Wednesday. While getting into a buggy the horse started suddenly and threw Mr. May between the wheels and box of the rig, and to that way he was carried for some distance, when he managed to free himself. The horse was not stopped until the buggy was badly broken. Mr. May was badly bruised.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Additional Trains on the Great Western Division—Important to Travellers.

It is understood that on and after Monday next considerably after-time will be made in the time card of the main line of the Grand Trunk Railway (G. W. R. division), consequent upon the issue of the pooling arrangement, known as the Scott pool, between the old Great Western Company and the Canada Southern Railway, which takes effect to-day. The Grand Trunk has made every arrangement for the transport of east and west-bound passeng rs by improving the Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee line to Detroit, Mich., from which point trains will be run west over the Chicago & Grand Trunk line to Chicago, and vice versa. It is intended, as it is now hinted in these columns, to put on a new train eastward from Detroit, to be known as the St. Louis Express, which will leave Detroit at midday, pass through London about four o'clock, and reach Niagara Falls at seven o'clock. The accommodation west, which arrives here at 12:05 p.m., will in future continue the trip to Windsor, and No. 5 morning express, which passes west at 2 10 p.m., will be run as a fast train in conjunction with the St. Louis Express, also plug at Chatham only on the trip. A keener rivalry than has heretofore existed will be manifested by both lines for the passenger traffic both east and west, and from the arrangements completed by the G. T. R. authorities, it is safe to say they will not lag in the race.

A SUCCESSFUL RAID.

Mr J. D. Saunby's Office Entered, the Safe Opened and $280 Taken.

Twice Foiled, the Burglars Make a Haul the Third Time.

For the third time within as many years burglars entered the office of Mr. J. D. Saunby, grain merchant, near the corner of York and Wellington streets during last night. The two first attempts were not so successful as the third, only a small amount of postage stamps and silver having been secured. Wednesday night the burglars, for there must have been more than one, succeeded in opening the safe—one of Goldie & McCulloch's—and took therefrom $280. Two arrangements made by the cracksmen were most complete, and show conclusively that they were professionals. A brace and bit, several chisels, punches, a sledge hammer, and other articles were obtained at the blacksmith's shop of Messrs. Womscroft and Cryppleger, nearly opposite the premises entered. From the appearance of the York street door, of the office it seems that the burglars only used a screwdriver to pry it open, the marks on the jam and door being quite distinct. After this, a search had evidently been made for money, as a drawer where cash is taken in after six o'clock was placed, had been opened and the money, some six dollars, abstracted. The safe, which was purchased after the last attempt of burglary in the establishment was successfully operated upon. A hole had been drilled about two inches to the left of the combination, and a punch apparently inserted. This on being struck by the sledge loosened the plate on the inside, after which the combination worked like a charm—for the burglars. Something more remained yet to be done. The drawer in which the cash was kept had to be opened, and this appears to have been accomplished by cutting away the wood around the lock. The operators were rewarded for their toil and perseverance by securing the sum named above, which comprised $22 64 in coppers and small silver, $65 in five dollar bills, $6 in twos, $124 in ones, $12 in 25 and 50 cent pieces, $9 30 in 10 cent pieces and $6 80 in five cent pieces, besides other coins. The burglars were assisted, in all probability, to work without a light, as the moon shone quite brightly. Too lower portion of the window, where the safe is situated, is frosted over, and it is safe to conclude the burglars were not observed while at work. All the tools used, with the exception of the drill, were left behind. Not the slightest clue as to who are the guilty parties has yet been obtained, and it is almost certain that they left the city by one of the early trains for the west. The completeness with which the burglary was carried out would indicate that Saunby has been visited by one or more professional cracksmen. Business men who are in the habit of leaving money in their establishments over night would do well to make it as willing a sum as they conveniently can.

SCOTTISH SENTIMENT.

Characteristic Reciprocal Telegrams Between London and Sister Societies.

The following messages were exchanged between the St. Andrew's Society of London and Sister Societies, last evening, on the occasion of the anniversary of St. Andrew's Day:—

HAMILTON TO LONDON.

"A're wish heart at ease,
Her lompin lions wash silvery stare,
This day thus the pow'rful rescurs
Fay fancy's flight;
An', like John Tamson's wirns,
See her this nicht."

REPLY.

"Auld Scotland wants nae skinkin gear,
That jumps in luggies;
But if ye wish her trusty prayer,
Gie her a haggis."

TORONTO TO LONDON.

Health, wealth and prosperity to the Scotch men of the Forest City.

"Then tae yer feet; fill up yer glasses,
Ye honest men and bonnie lasses."

REPLY.

"Auld Scotland wants nae skinkin gear,
That jumps in luggies;
Butif ye wish her trusty prayer,
Gie her a haggis."

DETROIT TO LONDON.

"We'll drink a health tae Scotland yet."

"A pint and gill, I'd gie thee, faith, to hae yer crack."

LONDON TO ST. THOMAS.

"Land o' cakes and brither Scot's
Frae the north to Lundy's foot's,
Up tae yer feet, and fill yer glasses,
Ye honest men and bonnie lasses."

FAREWELL SUPPER.

Complimentary Banquet to Mr. J. C. Redmond.

Wednesday's nights saw of the friends of Mr. J. C. Redmond entertained him to a farewell supper in the Albion Hotel, on the eve of his departure from London to assume a very important position on the Toronto staff of the firm of Messrs. S. Greenshields, Son & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, of Montreal. The chair was occupied by Mr. F. Mulkern, on his right being placed the guest of the evening, while around the table were noticed the following gentlemen:—Messrs. D. Regan, A. Jack (Montreal), P. Cook, F. Peacock, H. McCarthy, J. Peacock, J. Palmer, C. Cuthbertson, F. J. Daly, J. R. Witing, J. Blake and W. J. McGrigor, M.D., and others. The spread was got up in Mr. Cruickshanks' best style, and was done every justice to by those present. After the usual loyal toasts, the Chairman proposed the health of the guest in a very neat speech, which was responded to in appropriate style by Mr. Redmond. After the speech-making songs and sentiments were the order of the evening. Mr. F. Cook sang a very fine plantation song, which received an encore, as did Mr. Steele's "Who Has Seen the Wife or Mother" was rendered in a style that well sustained Mr. H.'s well-earned reputation as one of our favorite vocalists; while Mr. John Pocock gave "Hearts Bow'd Down" in his usual excellent and took three encores by storm. Mr. J. J. Blake, towards the end of the evening, with a little persuasion, gave his old favorite, "The Fairy Boy," and those who have heard Mr. Blake before, in that style, declare that he is losing none of his old vigor and attractiveness. "I'll Never Kiss My Love Again Behind the Barn," sung by Mr. Redmond, was very appropriate, seeing that he is leaving the city for an indefinite period. Many other songs and speeches were delivered during the evening, which was a most pleasant one. Dr. McGigan replied to the toast of "The Ladies." The party enjoyed themselves thoroughly, and after singing "Auld Sang Syne" and the National Anthem, they separated, with the hope that they might meet their guest before long.

A MODEL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—For a length of time Mr. Frank Capur, photographer, has carried on business on Richmond street, but latterly his business has grown to such proportions that it was next to impossible for him to accommodate his numerous patrons, or to execute the orders with which he was favored from all parts of the country in the manner which he desired, and it therefore became necessary for Mr. Capur to look out for more commodious premises. They were found in the handsome new block recently erected by Mr. F. A. Fitzgerald on Dundas street, and the choice of location reflects great credit on the artist's taste. The entrance is from Dundas street by a broad stairway. Arriving on the first landing the visitor on turning to the left is ushered into a neatly furnished reception room where orders are taken, and communicated to the operating room through a speaking tube. From this room the visitor is conducted to a broad landing by winding stairs, where pictures are tastefully hung, and where the visitor awaits his turn to sit for his picture. Off this landing opens the ladies' and gentlemen's dressing-rooms, which are neatly carpeted and furnished. From the dressing room, entrance is gained to the operating room, which is 55x30 feet, and is lighted with spacious windows, composed of plain and ground glass. On the south side of the landing is another large dressing and supping room, with two large windows facing the south. Two [illegible] at dark rooms are fitted up with every necessary convenience. The operating room is probably the largest in Canada, and is so lighted that the operator can work from either end, doing away entirely with delays. The woodwork of all the apartments is finished in oil and varnished. All the modern improvements for the convenience and comfort of the public can be found at Mr. Frank Capur's gallery.

SHEEP STEALING IN HARWICH. — The other day Mr. John Clark, living on the Howard Road, had his sheepfold inspected by "visitors." They helped themselves to five sheep, and left one for Mr. Clark's own use. The mining fiok was traced to near the East, two miles from Blenheim, in care of certain butchers of that town, or drovers, as they term themselves. The property was identified to the satisfaction of all concerned, and the butchers told Mr. Clark he might take his sheep, but that they were the losers thereby, as they had purchased the sheep from a man going along the road whom they did not know. It is the opinion of some that the butchers got off too leniently, as they only paid one dollar towards driving the stolen property back to its owner.

Mr. C. J. Power recently exhibited in Hertfordshire Hall, Boston, a lot of richly developed flowers, fascinating pelargoniums and cclcus, "grown in moss without earth." Other interesting curiosities of the same consulate were pale yellow Japanese apples, and "a dish of Black Oxfords looking like monster plums."

IN BOSTON

recently Dr. M. Sourville, of the Montreal International Throat and Lung Institute, and an Aide-de-camp of the Prince Arthur, was visited by over 2,500 Physicians and sufferers from the wonderful invention, the Spirometer, for the treatment of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Diseases. Parties unable to visit his offices can be successfully treated by letter addressed to Dr. M. Sourville, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, 31 Phillips Square, Montreal, or 173 Church street, Toronto, offices for Canada. Many French and English gentlemen are in attendance. Full particulars free on receipt of stamp. Spirometers and reflectors for the use of physicians and others.

Camphor Ice
—AND—
COLD CREAM
Elegant Preparations for
Rough or Chapped Hands,
SORE LIPS, ETC.
PREPARED AND SOLD BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
CHEMIST,
188 Dundas st., London.
☞PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY DISPENSED☜

St. Andrew's Concert.

The 22nd anniversary of the St. Andrew's Society of this city was celebrated last night by a grand concert in Victoria Hall. There was a large and highly respectable audience present, including many of our most prominent citizens and their families. The concert was in aid of the benevolent fund of the Society, which has ever been well administered for the advantage of those in need. In a quiet way the citizens and members of St. Andrew's have done a great deal of solid good throughout the city, not only in keeping alive those national sentiments and associations which Scotchmen are said to cherish in a peculiar degree, but in the relief of actual distress, and the holding out of a helping hand to the stranger in need of a friend's advice. The main object of the society, therefore, was one to appeal very strongly to the sympathies of all. The presence of so many representative members of sister Societies, and notably of the St. Patrick's Benevolent Society, was a pleasing feature of the attendance, testifying to the close bonds of unity and good fellowship existing at present between the members of the various national associations, and to the fact that, although they may be known under different names, and march under separate banners, their aims are all in the same worthy direction, namely, the promotion of good order, good citizenship, and objects of real benevolence. The entertainment opened with a grand "skirl o' the pipes" in the hands of the official piper, Mr. R. McCray, followed by the installation of the officers elected for the current year. The retiring President, Mr. Wm. Rowe, expressed his great pleasure at the numerous audience and paid a big compliment to the incoming officers, from the way in which it was carried out would indicate that Saunby has been visited by one or more professional cracksmen. Business men who are in the habit of leaving money in their establishments over night would do well to make it as willing a sum as they conveniently can.

The first part of the programme was then gone through with, and was carried out in a very successful manner. Dr. Sippi was in magnificent voice, and sang the "McGregor's Gathering" with great force and spirit, being encored, when he gave "Scots Wha Hae." Mr. John Hazelgrove, with the magnificent bass voice and splendid style for which he is noted, sang "Donald Macdonald" in his usual excellent manner, and was encored, when he gave "Bonnie Dundee." Mr. John Fairgrieve, with the fine elocutionary powers for which he is noted, recited "Tam o' Shanter" in a manner that was highly appreciated by the audience, and was encored, when he gave "Bonnie Dundee." Mr. John Fairgrieve, with the fine elocutionary powers for which he is noted, recited "Tam o' Shanter" in a manner that was highly appreciated by the audience, and was encored, when he gave a humorous selection. Mr. Fairgrieve is a favorite, and his reception was a most flattering one. He then introduced in a few appropriate remarks, which were well received. The platform was then resigned to the musical conductor, Mr. G. B. Sippi, who, with the aid of numerous ladies and gentlemen of talent, rendered the concert on to a very successful conclusion. Dr. Sippi was in magnificent voice, and sang the "McGregor's Gathering" with great force and spirit, being encored, when he gave "Scots Wha Hae." Mr. John Hazelgrove, with the magnificent bass voice and splendid style for which he is noted, sang "Donald Macdonald" in his usual excellent manner

ARLING & CO

Brewers and Maltsters,

Fine Amber Ales, XXX Porter

AND STOCK LAGER.

ALF & HALF,

Birth.

...family, residence, 33 Dundas street, ...Sunday, 7th inst., Mary Ann Murray, ...wife of Jas Morrison, merchant, aged ...

...Friends will take place from the family ...on Sunday, the 10th, at 2 p.m. Service ...leaves at 2.30. Friends and acquaintances ...attend.

...the 7th inst., of inflammatory croup, ...Thomas, beloved son of George T. and ...Wilson, aged 3 years.

...Friends will take place from the family residence of his father, 167 Queen's avenue, on Saturday, 9th inst., at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

...the family residence, Oxford street, London, on Thursday, 7th inst., Margaret ..., second daughter of John Digman, aged ... 11 months and 3 days.

...Funeral will leave the family residence ...day at 2 p.m.

...Sunday, on the 4th December, David ..., Esq., on the 4th December, David ..., merchant, of Montreal, ...Leonards-on-the-Sea, England, on 16th ..., Hector Mackenzie, Esq., formerly ... Hudson Bay Company's service, aged 76

AMUSEMENTS

MING! COMING!!, COMING!

...does don't forget it—FIRE JUBILEE ..., on the 15th and 16th. If

...ATING! SKATING!!—FIRST ... of the season. Richmond Street Covered ... Rink. Rent of the Rink to-day. ... Mrs. DURAND, President. 1Jly

LECTURES.

...TURE BY REV. JOHN ...EMLEY—Christ Church School House, ... evening, Dec. 7th. Subject:—"The ... Trinity." Admission, 25 cents. ... Chairman at 8 o'clock. ...

MEETINGS.

...SH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY ... will be held this evening, at 7.30 o'clock. ... will be made by the office-... Christmas Cheer, &c.—R.C. MCCANN, ... E. HARRY, Sec. 6f

LOST OR FOUND.

...under this heading 40 cents ...

...CH OF KEYS LOST ON ... Prince or Dundas Sts. Finder will kind... ... at this office. 6f

...T WOLF ROBE LOST YES... ...DAY in this city, believed to be in ... The owner can be conferred ... by applying at the Free Press office. 1f

...ARD AND LODGING.

...T ROOMS TO LET, WITH ... for gentlemen, on Dundas street; ... from post office; 3 o'clock preferred. Apply at this office. 1Jy

...USINESS CHANCES.

...ements under this heading one cent ... each insertion.

...R AND FEED BUSINESS ... Location best in the city. Good ... and trade. Address, Box 226, Lon... 1Jly

...MILL FOR SALE, O'M...

...a half the original cost, in a large ... lots in new city of Regina. Apply ... HERALD, Agent, 382 Dundas st. ... Lincoln

...FOR SALE IN THE ... Town of Rosseau, Muskoka, 1 hotel ... over $20 per day, and in thor... resort; will sell on easy terms; ... print model, the property cannot ... fail. For further particulars ap... to ALEXANDER ARMSTRONG, Rosseau P.O. Lindsay

...HOTOGRAPH GALLERY FOR ... Gallery complete; only gallery ... town; good will and fittings cheap. ... address Box 84, Parkhill, Ont. ... Lfr

...ED TO PURCHASE.

...ED IMMEDIATELY FOR ... 4,000 white ash veneer pails, 10 ... Price 30 cents ... Apply to J. MACRAE & ... Com. Merchant, Port Hope, Ont. ...

...FOR SALE

...ERSIAN BULLS—FOR SALE, ... two roughbred Durham Bulls, varying ... from 8 months to 2 years old.—S. M. ... Lth

...OR SALE, A NO. 18 THOMAS ... Organ, cheap for cash. Apply Box 368, this ...

...CONSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, ... Engravings, just received. Samples can be seen at ... Richmond street, and will be sold at auction ... good chance for auctioneers and country ... 1Jly

...ITHER — GOOD, ROSEWOOD; ... and six months; in possession here, with ... Apply at 174 King street, Q.E. ... T. W. Bell st, Strathroy, Ont. ...

TO LET.

...RICK COTTAGE TO LET— ... large yard and garden ... 1Jly

...A YARD TO LET ON YORK ST., ... Clarence and Wellington, one of ... stands in the city for ... and other ... Apply to JAMES ... corner of Dundas ... 1Jly

...LEASANT FRONT AND BACK ... to let, at 163 Dundas street, ... Lth

...TORE TO LET, NO. 360 RICH... ...MOND street, a few doors south of King ... the city. Rent, good offer. Apply ... 1Jly

...HOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN ... Richmond street, to rent, ... with or only in the occupation of the Assign... Apply to Mr. Chas. Macdonald, Assignee, ... and residence, Pall Mall street, or at ... Collins & Co.'s Brewery. 1Jly

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES!

"THE EMPRESS"

For 1882 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock.

Gave entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh

137 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

ORGANIST WANTED. — FOR Knox Church, St. Thomas.—An organist and choir master must be a member of an Evangelical denomination—Presbyterian preferred; applicant must be thoroughly competent. Apply, by letter immediately, stating salary expected, to J. A. McCONNOL, Sec. Board Knox Church, St. Thomas. 81t-eod

SERVANTS WANTED.

A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Enquire of Mrs. F. ROWLAND, 326 RICHMOND. 1Jly

CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO, ... girls, has one wait on table, and one first-... Also dining-room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to S. PERRIN, Gurney Hotel, Chatham.

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE. ... Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters, best in city, only 30c. Coffee House 416 DUNDAS. T. HAYDON, Manager. 1Jly

WANTED—50 GENERAL SERVANTS, 10 cooks, 5 chamber girls, 5 dining-room girls, 7 nurse girls, 7 kitchen girls, 5 laundress; girls wanted for other cities and towns; wages now raised. The Canadian Employment Intelligence Office, 25 Dundas street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, THE building known as the London Commercial College and hall. Part cash, balance with interest—61 per cent.—Apply to EDWARD TOWN, Intelligence Agent, Masonic Temple. 81tf

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON Catherine street, St. Thomas, N. ½ lt, ... Lot No. 4, Lorne avenue, Algonquin Park, ... Price, $100 each. Apply to J. B. DUNCAN, Point Fortune Office, Canada.

VALUABLE FARM IN LONDON township—100 acres barn—for sale. The W. ½ of lot No. 5, in the 2nd concession of London township, for sale. Excellent buildings; good orchard; 80 acres cleared (the farm); well watered. Apply to JOHN RONDY, 174 John street, London South. 1Jly

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAYTON'S DANCING ACADEMY, Mitchell's Hall, Dundas street. Class for gentlemen. Monday night at 8. Ladies, Thursday afternoon at 3. Children, Saturday afternoon at 3. For terms apply at Mitchell's Hall, Monday. DAYTON, Teacher. 1Jly

MISS F. B. ALLEY, DUNDAS Street, has a large assortment of fancy goods, suitable for Xmas and New Year's presents. Also a large stock of millinery, which she is offering very cheap. 1Jly

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or office of HOWARD HARRIS. 1Jly

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and elegant, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Society Printing in the best style of the art. M

MISS ADA SWITZER HAS taken first prize at the London Western Fair from 1877 to 1882 inclusive, for painting, ... WATER, croquets, invisible nets, water ... fountains, &c., at Dundas St. West. 1Jly

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at 85 Dundas street, next door to Revere ... also return, and examine my stock. W. G. MORCHANT.

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE IN... QUIRY and Collection Agency, 37 Brock ... Barrie. Business strictly confidential. ... Terms strictly cash. Money ready to reply. 81tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J SMITH, 344 DUNDAS ... Street Gentlemen Waiting and Cutting ... Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting ... Shampooing. Razors set to order, combs ... and razors ground and set. Ladies ... attended to at their residence. Satisfaction ... for a few boarders. 81tf

FOR FRESH OYSTERS GO TO ... the noted Confectionery and Fruit Store, ... 327 Which Mr. Smallridge has now and canned goods ... of all kinds.—ANGELO DAMORE, 327 Richmond ... 81t-eod-tf

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY ... steam, at James F. Hunt's Feather Renovating Establishment, 88 Richmond St. 1Jly

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE... CUTED neatly and with dispatch at ... Engraving Department, Free Press office.

HAND-MADE CORSETS.— ... Ladies wishing fitted and perfect-fitting ... corsets made to order call at Mrs. ... Dundas st. Dress and mantle making ... Orders left at Fairlie Bros.' promptly attended ...

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NEW TINSHOP OPENED—515 ... Richmond street, Port Stanley Block. ... Tinsmithing done. Jobbing promptly ... W. PORTER. 81tf-y

W. OATHRO, ROOFER AND ... Manufacturer of Slate, Felt and Gravel ... Roofing. Roofing Material for sale. ... Orders attended to with promptness. ... Leave orders at residence, 84 Wellington ... or at office, Market Square. Orders ... promptly attended to by Wellington ... Lfr

MEDICAL.

DRS. KOOLES & WISHART, ... corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington ... Hours: 8 to 9 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m., and 7 to 8 p.m. ...

DR. JAS. MACARTHUR, B. A., ... member Royal College Physicians and ... Ontario. Office and residence, corner ... Maitland and Dundas streets. L1ths

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., ... London, England. Office and residence, ... No. 2 Dundas street, London West. This ... diseases a specialty. M

DR. M. SMITH, CORONER, ... Graduate Toronto School of Medicine, ... HARVEY TRELEAR, 68 Talbot st., London. ...

EYE, EAR AND THROAT—DR. ... Browne, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., Surgeon on ... the eye, ear, throat and nose, Toronto ... Ophthalmic Hospital, Clinical Assistant Royal ... Hospital, Moorfields, Clinical Assistant Royal ... Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central London ... Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted ... Office and 84 Church St., Toronto, Saturdays excepted. ...

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COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS ... For sale by the Free Press Printing ... Co., one of these excellent presses. Takes a ... form Medium. Does excellent work. Has been ... used for 12 months. Is well suited for a country ... office. For specimen of work, price and other ... particulars apply at this office. 1Jly

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE— ... A twenty-horse upright steam boiler in ... use for a short time by the Free Press Printing ... Co. Extra grates. Makes steam fast. ... Good economiser of fuel. ...

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MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PAR... TIES' execution, at Lowest Rates. 393 Hill street, ... and Violin.—Private Lessons. 393 Hill street, ... between Clarence and Wellington. Hlyr

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8341

V.T.C.

TWIN-NAVY

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

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PEOPLE DESIROUS

—OF—

ERATING THEIR BUILDINGS

—THIS FALL WITH—

STEAM OR HOT WATER

will consult their interests by calling at once on MESSRS.

HEARD & GREENAWAY,

MASONIC TEMPLE,

Who make a specialty of Low Pressure, Exhaust Steam and Hot Water Heating.

MOST ATTENTION GIVEN TO JUDGING WORK. Jdwmw-ly

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CABLE CAR PADDLE

Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by

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MONTREAL

TORONTO BRANCH—34 Church st. Factory 12 and 14 Nicholl St., 73 and 75 Bay Factory 192 King Street, Montreal

KINGSHILL'S

Great CLEARING Sale

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS A MOST INTERESTING SALE

—WE HAVE NO SHELF.—

GOODS WILL BE SOLD EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

DRESS GOODS

At the Most Ruinous Prices.

THE GREAT REDUCTIONS

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,

Mantle Department,

Dress Department,

Silk Department,

Trimming Department.

Ribbon Department,

Silk Ties & Pocket Handkerchief Department,

Corset Department,

Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should Be Made Aware of the Prices We Are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—IN—

IF YOU WANT

BLACK or COLORED SATIN

Take Advantage of this Opportunity!

100 doz Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, selling for $1 each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visit to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING OUT SALE.

Health is Wealth

D. D. C. Wistar's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a Specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity, Premature Old Age, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, caused by Self-Abuse or Over-Indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only by WYMAN & CO., Druggists, 168 Dundas street, London, Ont. Sole Agents for Canada. 1Jly-eod

DOMINION COUGH BALSAM.

The Great Lung Remedy is Also a Valuable Antidote to Croup.

Mrs. Quinn, Wellington St., Brantford, says: "One of my children was seized with an alarming attack of croup. I was terrified. Black in the face I was frightened and ran for the next telephone. Mrs. Dr. Jones, a friend, sent a bottle of DOMINION COUGH BALSAM. I gave the child a dose, and in a minute after gave another. I never knew another, and very shortly the child was quite easy. I shall never be without a bottle to keep in the house, as I believe it was the means of saving my child's life."

E. R. VANDUZER & CO'Y, Brantford, Prop's. W. T. STRONG, Dundas St., Agent London. 12t-eod-tf

FOR

FRESH OYSTERS, CONFECTIONERY

ALL KINDS OF

Canned Goods, Nuts, Etc.,

GO TO

O. J. BRIDLE'S.

Daily delivery to all parts of the city. 81Hyrd

NORMAN'S ELECTRO-CURATIVE Belts, Bands and Insoles Toronto

CORSETS.

These appliances are made after the pattern of ordinary Corsets, and have the Magnetic style of Belt and Spine Bone. Sold by all Druggists. Illustrated Belt and Spine Book, free. 25t 213 Yonge st. Toronto

HARKNESS & CO., Agts., London.

Manhood Restored.

A victim of early imprudence, causing Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, Chatham, Ont. K2-eod-tu

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CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Just received, an immense assortment of

FANCY POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY AND A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF PLATED WARE.

HOBBS, OSBORNE & HOBBS,

Waterloo Buildings, Richmond street.

HOTELS.

OLD CHRIS., SIX YEARS AT the Albion Bolton, has put one on his own account and opened the Bar of Masonic House, 49 Dundas St. The Bar is furnished with the best brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY pair made to order, good, stylish and cheap.—CARAVILLA'S, 207 Talbot street. Only

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Great Fire Raging in Old London.

One of the Most Extensive Conflagrations in Many Years.

Four of the Egyptian Rebel Leaders Sentenced to Death.

The Sentence Commuted to Exile for Life.

Rumored Plot to Lynch Them at Alexandria.

Ceylon Selected as the Place of Exile.

Severe Snow Storm Prevailing Throughout Great Britain.

Opening of the Lough Mask Murder Trial.

Burning of Crescente Works at Plymouth, Eng.—The Prosecution of Davitt and Healy—Miscellaneous.

The Burning of the Alhambra Theatre.

London, Dec. 7.—Before the Alhambra Theatre sight lessons were barred last night, Loss, £100,000. The Alhambra was one of the best known theatres in London, and possibly in the world, being located in connection with the Royal Panopticon gardens. Years ago it was a music hall, conducted on rather loose principles, and the license was refused. The structure was remodelled and the theatre became one of the most capacious in the metropolis, affording sealing accommodation for between six and seven thousand people. It had five or six galleries, with plate glass embellishments and plate glass recessed pillars. The effect upon the building was dazzling in the extreme. The stage was enormous in width and depth, and especially constructed with a view to the movements of large *corps de ballet*, and adapted to the production of spectacular plays. Of late years the theatre has been known as the home of ballet in London, maintaining several of the leading ballet dancers in the world. The ballet girls and supernumeraries numbered 150, the theatre ordinarily number about 300, and that number has been nightly thrown out of employment by the night's conflagration. The actors' loss in wardrobe is heavy. The fire was first noticed in the scenes where refreshments were served. Shortly afterward the whole front of the theatre was ablaze. The flames spread with fearful rapidity, and the entire structure was soon destroyed. The disturbance for some distance was tremendous, and the spectacle was one of appalling grandeur. The cause of this fire is unknown.

Creosote Works Burning.

Plymouth, Eng., Dec. 7.—Harvey Corbin's creosote works are on fire. The conflagration is immense.

Later.—The fire is extending to the warehouses of Peter Ryland, dealer in timber, straws and millinery, one of the largest on Wood street, which are now burning. Buildings 6, 8 and 9, Philip Lane, are also afire. The conflagration threatens the city. Only two engines are as yet present.

A building on the corner of Philip Lane and Addle street has fallen.

London, Dec. 8, 5.30 a. m.—The fire is one of the largest here in many years. The block of buildings on the whole northern side of Addle street have been gutted. Ryland's warehouse is destroyed. The valuable stock of Foster, Porter & Co.'s building has just fallen, setting fire to houses on the opposite side of Wood street. The fire is steadily gaining headway. It is stated that Foster, Porter & Co. and Peter Ryland are fully insured, but their losses are immense. Owing to the seriousness of the fire, Capt. Shaw called out nearly the whole of the Fire Department.

8 a. m.—The fire on the opposite side of Wood street is now extinguished, the flames being confined to a block of buildings bounded by Lendon Wall, Philip lane, Addle street and Wood street, the whole of which block, it is expected, will be destroyed. Silber & Fleming's warehouse, on Wood street, is gutted. The roof and part of the block now intact is that facing London Wall. Buildings facing on Addle street are still burning fiercely.

Superior Affairs.

Cairo, December 7.—Advices of the Khedive's Ministers offered to resign in consequence of the visions of Arabi.

Mahmoud Sami, Abdelis Pasha, Ali Fahmy and Toulba Pasha this morning placed guilty to rebellion. They will be sentenced this afternoon. Tar Pasha has resigned the Ministry of the Interior.

Later.—The prisoners were sentenced to death, but their sentence was commuted to exile for life by the Khedive. It is said that a European mob at Alexandria will attempt to lynch the prisoners.

Cairo, Dec. 7.—Cyples is the place of exile to which the six rebel prisoners will proceed.

Cairo, Dec. 7.—It is stated that sentence to six it will also be passed against Mahmoud Fahmy, Arabi's Military Engineer, and Kahmis Sami, his Under Secretary of War. They, with the four leaders sentenced before, will have to ten days for Piedmontaise.

Heavy Snow Storm.

London, December 7.—Telegrams from various parts of the United Kingdom report a snow storm of unusual severity. Traffic on the railways in many districts is almost, if not altogether, suspended. Trains are snowed up all night at Cheshire, and the passengers suffered severely. Telegraphic communication between Glasgow and London is totally interrupted. Many wrecks around the coast were reported. At Oldham and neighboring parts of Lancashire the storm has not been equalled in 20 years. There has been heavy loss in many places.

The Louth Mask Murder Trials.

Dublin, Dec. 7.—The trial of Patrick Higgins, Thos. Higgins and Michael Flynn, charged with the murder of the Huddys, began to-day. The court was crowded. It is reported that it will depend upon the results of the trial whether the murderers of Detective Carr will be tried by jury or by commission. The judges were much surprised yesterday at the disagreement of a jury in the case of a prisoner who was clearly guilty of arson.

Destructive Conflagration.

London, Dec. 7.—The premises of Foster, Porter & Co., wholesale hosiers, on Wood street, are on fire, and the conflagration threatens to become most serious. Several houses on Philip Lane have caught, and the street being very narrow it is difficult for the firemen to approach the burning building. The flames have extended on Philip lane, south, as far as Addle street. Two public houses are now burning.

Prosecution of Healy and Davitt.

Dublin, Dec. 7.—Interest is centered in prosecution of Healy and Davitt, and the trials before the Green Street Commission, which is presided over by Judge O'Brien, who long discharged the functions of Crown prosecutor there. He opened the Commission and his judicial career by giving a gloomy picture of the state of affairs in Dublin.

O'Kelly, M.P., and the Skirmishing Fund.

London, Dec. 7.—James O'Kelly, M. P., was interviewed to-day in reg rd to the statement that he received $10 000 from the Skirmishing Fund. He said it was an absolute lie; that not one shilling of any revolutionary fund was used by or for him in connection with his election.

Emigration to America.

Vienna, Dec. 7.—There is extensive emigration from the mountain districts of Hungary to America. The Hungarian Government has requested Austria to stop immigrants not provided with passports.

The Transit of Venus.

Cape Town, Dec. 7.—Perfectly satisfactory observations of the transit of Venus were obtained by the American expedition.

London, Dec 7.—American observers in New Zealand obtained successful observations of the transit of Venus.

Periwinkle, N. M., Dec. 7.—The observations by the Government transit of Venus party were completely successful.

New York, Dec. 7.—Despatches indicate that although two atmospheric conditions throughout the United States yesterday were far from generally favorable for the observation of the transit of Venus, yet the results as the whole will be highly valuable.

The German Socialist Laws.

Berlin, Dec. 7.—The report on the execution of the Socialist Law, presented to the Reichstag yesterday, concludes:—"The conviction is irresistibly forced on the government that repressive measures must be continued."

Louis Blanc's Will.

Paris, Dec. 7.—Louis Blanc's will was made public to-day. He requests a civil interment, and bequeaths his library to the city of Paris. A grand radical demonstration is expected at his funeral.

CABLE BREVITIES.

Mr. Redmond has started for Australia on a lecturing tour.

It is said that Dr. Brenner's expedition to Africa will number 500 negroes.

It is denied that Herbert Bismarck has been appointed attaché of the German Embassy at Paris.

A severe storm of especial severity is prevailing in Scotland. Railway communication is interrupted.

The French Chamber of Deputies have rejected the motion to increase the tax on personal property.

Zenacoff, ex-Premier, will be tried on the charge of inciting the people against the Government of Belgrade.

A young Russian lady, banished to Siberia for complicity in a Nihilist conspiracy, has killed the Governor of the Trans-Baikal.

London Truth states that Madame Albani retires dower, has accepted an engagement to sing in the United States and Canada before Christmas.

The German Colonial Institute, the object of which is to support the efforts of German colonization, has been opened at Frankfort. Prince Hatzfeldt, of Longenburg, is President of the Institute.

From an instalment of the Irish Irish census, just published, it appears that in the years between 1871 and 1881 there was a decrease in the number of inhabited houses of 47,222. The absolute loss of occupiers was more significant, showing that 50 per cent. of the men, and nearly 46 per cent. of the women are unmarried.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Philadelphia Grave Excitement—Excitement at an Evangelical Service.

Philadelphia, Dec. 7.—An indignation meeting of colored people was held this afternoon. Addresses were delivered by prominent colored men and a resolution was adopted denouncing the burning of the cemetery. Stones and revolvers were drawn in consequence were adopted with calls for peace by Bishop Campbell and other clergymen. The meeting was at once adjourned after announcing that subscriptions to prosecute the ghouls would be opened. Thirty graves were opened to-day. From about half of them bodies had been stolen. The Health Department will not allow any more to be opened until it is ascertained whether the person interred died of contagious disease or not.

Outbreak of Diphtheria.

Syracuse, Dec. 7.—There was intense excitement at Hamilton and Madison Universities, while a large number of cases broke out yesterday in the country in different directions, within two or three miles of town. The disease is very malignant. Nearly all theological and sophomore were absent from their classes yesterday. The students complained of fifteen throats and general indisposition. Over one hundred freshmen and sophomores left here yesterday. Even a greater change is expected to-day. The Faculty is divided on the question of closing the University.

A Matrimonial Bubble Bursted.

Nashville, Dec. 7.—Yesterday Jesse, Secretary-Treasurer of the Knights of Labor Association, which assigned, was arrested on complaint of paltry holders, charging him with fraudulent issue of stock and fraudulent appropriation. The affair created great excitement and the store of the local policemen were required to take Jesse to jail. The Royal was the last of the matrimonial bubbles to burst, and was the largest of all. It numbered paltry holders by thousands and its issue amounted to hundreds of thousands of dollars. There is a feeling of uneasiness among those favored in the appointment of other suspended companies and some have left the city.

The Cold Snap.

St. Louis, Dec. 7.—The mercury fell nearly forty degrees last night. A high wind prevailed, and nearly all telegraph wires leading north-west and south are prostrated.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—It was extremely cold last night and to-day over the whole north-west. The thermometer last night fell from zero to 10° below, the latter in New Orleans. Dakota. It was a terrible night on the lake. Several crafts unable to make the harbor were frozen up.

Trouble Among Students.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 7.—On the evening of the 25th November nearly all the students in Adelbert College indulged in a "cane-spree," which for an hours they did nothing more than be boisterous and burlesque the college attacker and regulations. The faculty to-day expelled the entire junior class, numbering seventeen. This afternoon all the students met and adopted resolutions that they will quit the institution and go to other colleges unless the class is reinstated.

Railway Wreck.

Syracuse, N. Y., Dec. 7.—During the storm this morning a stock train, bound east, broke asunder near the Memphis Centre Railroad and Debry, and another stock train following dashed into a general heap. The St. Louis express going west dashed into the wreck. Nobody was injured. Considerable live stock was killed. Damage to rolling stock heavy.

Railway Wreck.

Charlotte, N. C., Dec. 7.—Joe Rose, the negro who murdered F. N. McDowell, at Camden, on Thanksgiving Day, was killed on Wednesday night, at Fey's Mill, by a ferryman named Hinsdale. A posseing party were also hobbled. Before dying the negro confessed he murdered Bob Hannegan, in Mecklenburg county, two years ago.

Joe Cobourn Released.

Sing Sing, Dec. 7.—Joe Cobourn, the pugilist, was released from prison this morning. He was sentenced to ten years for shooting and dangerously wounding two New York policemen. Three and a half years for good behaviour were taken from Cobourn's terms, and the Governor commuted the remaining nine months.

Bad Outlook for Tobacco Operatives.

St. Louis, Dec. 7.—The largest tobacco factory here has shut down. Others will follow. The prospects are that 4,000 hands will be thrown out of work this winter, owing, it is alleged, to the constant agitation in Congress on the question of the tobacco tax.

The Murder of Speaker Tison.

Baldwin, Mis., Dec. 7.—Speaker Tison was killed by Rivard Saunders, whom Tison and brother severely beat on account of domestic trouble in the brother's family. Tison threatened to kill Saunders, and when the latter reserved from his beating he shot Tison on sight.

Three of a Kind.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 7.—To-day John Henry brought his three daughters into court as plaintiffs in three separate actions for breach of promise of marriage. Two of the girls won their actions.

Two Persons Frozen to Death.

Boston, Oct., Dec. 7.—Michael Ellard and Jos. King were found frozen to death near here this morning.

CANADIAN NEWS.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 7.—The evidence in the case of Herbert vs. the Dominion Government, for $12 000 damages to plaintiff's land by a leakage from the Lachine Canal outside the city limits, has been concluded before the Dominion Arbitrators, and the arguments will now be heard. The present claim is only up to 1879, and when it is decided another action will be entered for further damages for the period intervening between 1879 and the present time. The aggregate claim is said to be about $40,000.

On the person of Matilda Meadows, who was supposed to have died from cold and starvation, was found $13 rolled up in her rags. Medical testimony was to the effect that the miserable old woman died from syncope arising from exhaustion.

The lasters' strike is in *statu quo* and is likely to remain there until the disembanked return voluntarily to work on their employers' terms. The latter will hold no communication with the union.

Annie Josephine Warren, alias Annie Abbott, pleaded guilty to-day to stealing $3 000 from her employer at Waddington, N. Y., and bringing the stolen money into Canada. Joseph Pirate was arraigned as an accomplice by receiving the money, knowing it to be stolen. He was found guilty. Sentence deferred.

The stock market this afternoon was lower all round, with scarcely any business doing.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Dec. 7.—A heavy snow storm prevailed throughout Ontario last night, and is still raging. Drifts in some places are very extensive, and trains are being delayed to a greater or less extent. The reports indicate that the thermometer has fallen several degrees.

Burglars entered Manley's tailor store early this morning and carried away $300 worth of cloth.

The body of Hattie Haight was found today floating near the steamboat schooner Mildred River, on which she had been employed as cook.

There appears to be considerable uncertainty as to prices of banks this morning, but the tone is the upper hand in the Federal, Commerce and Ontario. It is stated that the purchasers of the former stock are to cover shorts, with interest, which is thought to be somewhere between 5 000 and 6,000 shares. The buoyancy does not reach a large amount has been overcold, and anticipate covering on lower prices. The business on the Board was fair and quotations a fraction higher, with the exception of the stocks mentioned.

Departure of the Vancouver Party for the East.

Ottawa, Dec. 7.—The following telegram was received last night at the Governor General's office, from Victoria, B.C.:—"The Comox left Esquimalt at 2 p.m. to-day for San Francisco with H.R.H. and the Governor-General and suite on board. The weather is calm but foggy. Many of the leading citizens attended the departure. His Excellency and the Princess frequently appeared on the bridge and shook hands with them during their stay, and their regret that the time for their departure had come.

Tragedy at a Wedding.

Las Vegas, N.M., Dec. 7.—At a Mexican wedding feast last night, at Sabalo, Francisco Notes, a drunken guest, shot and killed two brothers named Rivall. He then went home and caused himself cutting his wife's ears off. He is arrested, and threatened with lynching.

Leo's Sentence Commuted.

Ottawa, Dec. 7.—The sentence on Leo, convicted of murder at Nepanee, has been commuted to imprisonment for life, the prerogative of the medical testimony leading to the conclusion that the culprit is now insane.

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

Mr. Sandford Fleming has been promoted with the freedom of the burg of Kirkaldy, in Scotland, his birthplace.

Last night a Midland train, behind time, collided with a Toronto train, near Cobourg Junction. No passengers, but the rolling stock was somewhat injured.

Three Hamilton fishermen went to Stoney Creek to arrest a man named Connelly, Thursday night, but he jumped from the vessel, story wieder of a rebel, and escaped in the darkness.

A horse and cutter belonging to Mark Adams, of Norwich, was stolen from a hitching-post in front of a hotel in Otterville, Wednesday night. An Indian who was seen lurking around is suspected.

The female operatives employed in King's factory, Toronto, to the number of 70, quit work on account of the employment of two Reuter Jews. The objectionable persons were discharged, and peace was restored.

AGRICULTURE AND ARTS.

Meeting of the Council of the Provincial Association

The Next Exhibition to be Held at Guelph—Hon. Mr. Wood on Scientific Butter-Making—Financial.

Toronto, Dec. 7.—The Arts and Agricultural Association this morning at the Agricultural Hall, Mr. Drury, the President, in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Wood appeared before the Board, and stated that the Government would like the possibility of establishing three creameries throughout the Province for the purpose of teaching the farmers the progress of scientific butter-making. The improvement of our butter, he said, was a most important matter, and the establishment in the Province about fifty million pounds of butter, the greater portion of which was of inferior quality. He suggested that the Association should take the matter up and make a recommendation to the Government. The recommendation then withdrew.

The Board then decided to hold the next Provincial Exhibition in 1883 at Guelph, commencing on the 19th of September.

On the evening session Messrs. Sproule and Beaute were heard in reference to their scheme of educating the farmers in the art of butter making, and a Committee was appointed to take the subject into consideration.

The Finance Committee brought up their report, recommending that the Government be asked to grant for next year $10,000 for the following purposes:—

Prize farms, $250; Council expenses, $75; veterinary college, $125; essays, $150; Exhibition, $5 000; plowing matches, $1,800; executive, $600; salaries, $1,800; incidental, $800.

The meeting then adjourned till to-morrow morning.

FIRE FLASHES.

Rosseau, Ont., Dec. 7.—The barn and outbuildings on the premises owned by Wm. Boyd, on the 1st con. of Biddulph, occupied by Isaak Hasten as tenant, were entirely consumed with all contents yesterday. The fire caught from a steam thresher on the premises. No insurance on contents.

SHIPPING.

New York, Dec. 7.—Arrived, Eagle, from Hamburg; Circassia, from Glasgow; Custer, from Amsterdam.

New York, December 7.—Arrived, State of Florida, from Glasgow; Canada, from London.

Queenstown, December 7.—Arrived, Wyoming.

AMERICAN BREVITIES.

There are 75 bodies at the New York morgue waiting to be claimed.

Rosh Tevis, of St. Louis, has applied for a divorce from his wife on the ground of infidelity with Igelbert, whom Tevis shot.

The feather weight pugilists, White and Fallissee have agreed to make a match fight for $1,000 a side, within 100 miles of Pittsburg.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives have decided to immediately consider the tariff commission report and frame a tariff bill.

Frank Rich, of Chattanooga, William Freitus and Sarah Young, who were badly scalded by the explosion on the steamer Morning Star, have died. Of the 21 persons aboard five are now living.

JUST RECEIVED BY ELLIOTT BROS

155 Dundas St.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL, L

Orange Bitters, Maraschino Curacoa, Charr'reuse, Double Gloucester Cheese, Real Yarmouth Bloaters, Turbot, Pate a la Diable, &c

—ALSO IN STOCK—

California Wines in wood and bottle, and Very Fine Old Royal Port, bottled by Feuerheerd & Co., Oporto

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

The Medical Deputation's Interview—The Late Father Stafford—Manitoba Chief Justiceship.

Ottawa, Dec. 7.—The medical deputation met Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Agriculture; Sir C. Tupper and Hon. Mr. Caron, this morning, when the resolutions passed at the conference yesterday were submitted. The resolutions declared that it is advisable that the Dominion Government should organize and sanitate a uniform system of vital statistics for the Dominion; that an immediate action is necessary the Federal Government be invited to institute at once a system of vital statistics where organized local Boards of Health are established, so that the statistical information may be utilized by those bodies; that as Provincial legislative action is necessary it is suggested to the Federal Government that it communicate with and secure the co-operation of the Provincial Governments to pass such legislation as will harmonize with and obtain the object of the preceding resolution, &c.; that it is desirable that a Central Bureau of Vital Statistics be established, and if found to be within the province of the Federal Government a correspondence system of health returns; that inasmuch as it appears by the R. N. A. Act matters of public health are relegated to the Local Governments, this delegation has not included it

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THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Friday, December 8, 1882.

A "FEELING OF BEWILDERMENT."

Speaking of the Canadian Pacific Railway in Georgetown, the *Money Market Review*, of London, has the following:—

"Experienced men declare that it never can "compete in the summer with the shorter "water route from Arthur's Landing to the "Ports of Lake Huron and the Georgian Bay, "and that in winter time the line would be practically unworkable, as the Company "could not face the expense of keeping it in "operation in such a climate as that through "which it will pass. These are bold statements, "and we invite correspondence from those who "may be in a position to contradict them."

In night hawk parlance this article had been told who these "experienced men" are, because the facts are wide apart from the assertions. The route via Prince Arthur's Landing is very much longer, instead of shorter, if Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec or any of the Lower Province ports are to be reached, while the necessity of two transhipments—from rail to steamer and from steamer again to rail—we would not only to the means of delay, but run up the expense much higher than it would be by the "all-rail" route. No doubt a considerable portion of the line north of Lake Superior is through a country from which little railway travel can be had. But it is not worse in that respect than many other main lines. The Grand Trunk itself, the Intercolonial, and many roads in the United States, have to pass through long stretches of unprofitable country before a remunerative traffic can be reached. To this the Canadian Pacific will form no exception, but the profits arising from its agricultural section will more than compensate for such a drawback. When the road comes to be opened throughout it will form the shortest through line across the continent from east to west, and will attract a large amount of European and Asiatic traffic from that circumstance. Besides, the grades are much more favorable than those of other Pacific lines, the highest altitude in the Rocky Mountains to be overcome being but 3,500 feet, while that to be climbed by the Central Pacific—the one that has been in profitable operation for many years—stands up more than three times that height, to come down again on the other side. But if some portions of the Canada Pacific are difficult there are other portions which are very easy and inexpensive, and the fact that the agricultural section is being constructed at the rate of three miles a day indicates the economical character of the work. In estimating the prospect of a line of such magnitude the natural through districts so distant and distinct in character, it is manifestly unfair to pick out one special section, as the *Review* has done, for misadventure. The enterprise should be regarded as a whole, and in that sense the Canadian Pacific enterprise, with its lands and its money grants, will hold its own against any other undertaking of the kind. It may call railway "bears" to speak, haughtily of the grand type, and thus attempt to lower the price of the bonds which have yet to be sold. It is a neat financial operation, a trick of the money market of no frequent repetition to excite more than passing remark. But with such schemes and dodges the Canadian people have little to do. The Government of this country has promised the work on account of its wonderful agency in opening up an empire of fertile territory to those seeking new homes in this western world. It has put many millions of money into the enterprise, the people of this country knowing, will feel that they will reap a rich reward in a hundred different ways. In money and work Canada contributes in round numbers about $65,000,000 to the construction, exclusive of the lands granted, thus showing to the financial world the faith felt by those most closely concerned in the value of the vast undertaking. The progress made thus far, the assignation that has already got to hand, and the rush of new comers that next spring promises to bring to us, and the revenue thus far derived from the country, all speak in the most convincing language of the prosperity of our North-west. And with its prosperity must be bound up that of the Canadian Pacific Railway itself. Lord Lorne, speaking from the disinterested point of a British statesman, has undertaken the responsibility of telling the public some of the things that he knows concerning the country, from personal observation and contact, and the pointing to a future which even the unbelieving *Times* is compelled to admit gives rise to "feelings of bewilderment" as to the future of Canada. The interests of this country are bound up closely with the success of the Canadian Pacific. Without it, it would retrograde into an assemblage of the older provinces, where there is much progress and happiness, it is true, but with it, and its illimitable regions of fertile land through which it will pass the Dominion bids fair to forge to the front in such a way as to justify the feeling of "bewilderment" which so lord heeled a conservative organ as the London *Times* confesses to suffer from a contemplation of the stupendous fact.

LADIES TO THE FRONT.

The ladies of England, according to Miss Rudy Faithful, have begun to take considerable interest in public matters, though not with the earnestness nor to the extent of American women. The establishment of school boards, to which women were eligible of election, had much to do with arousing this interest, and effective work in ooing done. Though English women are not so active and aggressive as those of the United States, they take hold with a firm grasp of the place they wish to pursue, and are more heartily encouraged, perhaps, by the society element. There, women who engage in the higher pursuits of life, in art, authorship, music, the drama, etc., as a means of gaining a livelihood, are as well received in society as though they followed one of those callings for the gratification of personal ambition. There has been an especial change in sentiment respecting actresses, who are, if possessed of character, received and welcomed as are representatives of other arts. This revelation of sentiment was due to the influence of women in public affairs, and Miss Faithful, who is a close observer, feels assured that the women of England, and the women of America as well, are rapidly pushing forward to a place of honorable recognition among the foremost representatives of mind and thought. The long-existing prejudice against tradespeople is being gradually removed from the original of caste, and at present many of the best families themselves are engaged in business. A recent blow at this notion of family supremacy was the marriage of Lady Gertrude Douglas to a baker, and we hear now that London society is in a quiem of horror because the daring lady and her "husband of the people" have set up a bakery for the supply of trade. This will no doubt produce a great change in feeling, as this woman of reformatory ideas cannot be ignored or ostracised very easily.

SCHOOL LAW ANOMALIES.

Certain inequalities existing in the School Law of this Province, as passed by the Mowat Government, have been forcibly pointed out by a writer signing himself "Justice" in the FREE PRESS columns. The point he makes with reference to the reception of pressents is particularly pertinent. The law says that no teacher employed in kingphilic schools shall receive a testimonial of any kind from those connected therewith. At the same time it permits the School Inspectors to receive as many such bokass of esteem and appreciation as their conduct might earn or official position suggest to those under them. This is very properly regarded by many teachers as both invidious and insulting to their class. It presupposes that a teacher who is appointed by local trustees may be more open to influences of a certain kind than the official appointed for the same line of duty by the Mowat Government. In other words, Mr. Mowat has provided that his own paid servants and appointees in the educational service shall be invested with larger privileges of citizenship than other gentlemen and ladies of probably equal educational acquirements and general capacity, who are not of his appointment. Teachers who are treated to the spontaneous offerings of generous parents being made to their Inspector, must feel no slight chagrin at the thought that they themselves are legally incapacitated for a similar honor, and that, too, by an administration that calls itself Liberal. They are put on an ecclesiastical basis, like the Indians, made to feel the brand of social inferiority, and debarred from a usual courtesy, on the lascivious pretext that they may be more open to corruption by such means than other people. That is one part of the indictment. Another is with relation to the retiring allowance of old teachers. It is complained that the working of this rule is altogether too arbitrary. A teacher may have paid into the Superannuation Fund for a quarter of a century or more, yet on becoming physically incapable he has no guarantee of receiving his retiring allowance. He may get a physician's certificate as prescribed, but no matter how positive that may be, or how badly off the man may be for means of livelihood, it is of no use unless he has also the concurrence of the Inspector of his district. The Inspector may be a fair-minded man or he may not; but whatever capsize of eccentricity he may be subject to in any given week, the teacher who may be unfortunate as to have incurred the indulgence of it, has no remedy whatever. The Inspector has the power of vetoing his application. Provisions of this kind make a despotic lord over the teachers in a way that is at once undemocratic and repugnant. They place in his hands a power that ought not to belong to a subordinate official. The tendency of such regulations is towards centralization of the worst form. Because in many particulars it places the necks of a large body of the community under the heel of the reigning gov ernment through a set of officials who are mainly responsible to it alone. The principle of it is bad from the foundation. It may at any time be made the lever of political intrigue and corruption of an odious kind. Tais is not our suggestion, but that of the Act itself. If a teacher may be supposed to be unfairly influenced by receiving a present from his or her scholars and seniors, how much more likely are they to be acted upon by the persuasive or domineering attitude, as the case may be, of the official upon whose dictum at Toronto, their whole prospects in after life may depend? We have in previous issues made known how it has been attempted to make the teaching profession subservient to the Government in matters having no reference to their proper duties. All such attempts are part of a deep design to subordinate as far as possible a numerous and influential class of the people to Government influences, the same as has been done already with the tavern interest. The imposition of these extra duties may be onerous, but they are far less degrading than the rule which requires the old and worn-out teacher to cringe and fawn to his Inspector for a pittance which may be his right by virtue of long service, and increasing age and infirmity, and which debars all teachers alike from a kindly and graceful courtesy which is permissible in every other sphere of life and labor.

The burning of Ingestre Hall has been followed by that of Clevedon Court, a place of even more interesting associations. Clevedon is a village magnificently placed on a cliff, or cleave, which commands the Bristol Channel on the Somersetshire coast. The rocks rise to a considerable height, and the mother, or rock of Bergo, formerly erected by one of the former lords of the manor, and called after him—Wake's Tower. Agnes, daughter of Sir Thomas Wake, married Edward Hull, and brought Clevedon to Sir Thomas Wake, member of a very ancient and celebrated family. Henry VII. seized the manor on account of a Wake supporting Richard at Bosworth Field, and granted it to certain persons to hold by the annual tribute of a red rose, but subsequently restored it to a Wake, who settled it on his son, who in 1540 married a Cheney (of the subsequent gunpowder plot conspirator's family.) James I. made the reigning Wake a Baronet. The Wakes were ardent loyalists, and a Capt. Wake was the original of the pretty story told by Addison of a marvellous whelp found in the Cromwellian Judge before whom he was brought for trial as all Puritanical schoolfellow for whom he had once borne a beating from Dr. Busby. One good turn deserves another, when the Judge saved his friend's life. The Wakes were, in common with so many more, ruined by their loyal exertions. Among the innumerable petitions to Charles II. in 1660 is one for restoration to a rangership from Sir William, setting forth how his father had raised a troop at a cost of $20,000, and had his real estate sequestered by Cromwell for ten years, so that he died a prisoner in the King's Bench Prison with $15,000 debt. Ten feet brings home to us what thousands of families must have had to endure at that time. The Wakes, however, were of stout stuff, and got up again. The revived cavalier before mentioned had a son who became a notable Archbishop of Canterbury, and the son of the poor Baronet who died in the bench married the heiress of the historic house of Drury—from whose grand London mansion Drury Lane takes its name. Clevedon ultimately passed from the Wakes to the Digbys, and was sold by the latter, about 120 years ago, to a great British merchant named Elton, whose descendant, Sir Abraham, had a daughter, mother of Arthur Hallam, the subject of Tennyson's "In Memoriam." Decorating Clevedon Court in the last century, a writer says:—"The manor house is a noble old building, the work of different periods, very pleasantly situated on the southern slope of the hill, which is here wildly studded with craggy rocks, intermixed with fine herbage." The Elton have long been known as a most refined and cultivated family, of pronounced literary taste, and their collection of books, now in part destroyed, was one of the best in Western England. It was to Clevedon that Arthur Hallam's remains were brought in 1834 and interred in the chancel there. The spot was selected not only on account of connection with kindred but because of its still not unpopulated situation, as a barely hill overhanging the Bristol Channel.

CURRENT TOPICS.

A curious case came before the Liverpool County Court recently. A pawnbroker was sued for the value of two coats which the plaintiff had pawned and which had been injured by mice eating away the pockets. It having been proved that crumbs had been left in the pockets, it was held that the mice had been attracted by them, and that the owner had been guilty of "contributory negligence," and so the pawnbroker triumphed.

Experiments recently made in Germany promise to overcome the difficulty heretofore experienced in the use of the telephone for long distances where the wires are laid underground. The details of the new scheme are not made public, but it was found on the underground cable that runs from Cologne to Eiberfeld that messages were safely conveyed a distance of more than 20 miles, and this in spite of the fact that the rest of the wires in the cable were used at the same time for other purposes.

A free breakfast table can not be while the knives and forks, the tablecloth, and crockery are taxed.—*Galveston News.* The *News* reminds a western contempory of an old Methodist who "believed in a free Gospel." He remarked:—"I have been a professor of religion for twenty-five years and it has never cost me a dollar." A good brother from an adjacent corner audibly remarked:—"And may the Lord have mercy on your poor stingy soul." A good many people would like to enjoy everything that is good without paying for it.

A Kingston telegram says:—John O'Shea, of this city, has saved over seventy lives in his day. In every case he leaped into the water. It is thought not another man living can show such a record as he can.

Four manufacturers of face powder publish testimonials from Mrs. Langtry that she is a fair product regularly, and finds it the best she ever tried. Then a truthful correspondent writes to a newspaper asking Mrs. Langtry told her she never uses powder at all. Some one is doing some desperate lying.

Paint is authority for the statement that seven can sing Wagner's music and preserve their voice unimpaired. She might have added that it can't be played without wearing out the trombones, bass drums and other instruments in the orchestra, and producing curses on the ears of the brave.

Miss Emily Faithfull, who is lecturing here, confesses to smoking a pipe, and recommends it to her lady audience as an excellent solace. This is fact, not gossip, and indicates the possibility of a new sensation for fashionable belles. They have already taken to apples, being informed that it changed its color, is said to have answered that "it is only bad fruit that remains always green."

The London *Truth* tells this story of an ingenuous clerk in the British Admiralty. A gentleman with whom he had a slight acquaintance asked him whether he might come to his room to see the recent review of the troops on their return from Egypt. "Certainly," replied the clerk. "May I bring my wife?" "Yes." "I have two daughters;—may they come?" "By all means." A second time the gentleman recalled to ask whether a few nieces might be added to the band. To this the clerk replied fully assented. "We are extremely grateful to you, "said the gentleman, "for enabling us to have so good a view of the review." "I am afraid," answered the clerk, "that you and your family will not see very much of it, for my room looks out into a back yard."

One Good Friday a freshman was agreeably surprised to find that the ball dinner at Keble College, Oxford, consisted of fish, of hot roast mutton, and of cold boiled beef, all excellent of their kind. The repast was not ordinarily of so varied a nature, and B—— did it ample justice, paying his attentions to each separate dish. Next morning he received the following note from his tutor, Mr. Warden: "Good morning, Mr. B——," said that dignitary. "Pray be seated. I think you may have the goodness to understand the dinner arrangements of yesterday. There was fish for those who were both willing and able to fast, cold meat for those who were willing, but, from delicate health, might be unable to do so, and hot meat for those who had no wish to observe the day in this respect. Now, you partook of all three——" At this point the irate Principal Warden cut the lecture short from a dawning sense of the humor of the situation.

The House of Commons has not forgotten the sensation produced by Lord Charles Beresford's vivid description of the working of the fish torpedo, "which could do everything but speak." The fish torpedo has now found a worthy rival in the land torpedo of Lieutenant Zalinski, the patent for which has been acquired by the British Government. It is claimed for the new invention that by its aid even inexperienced men can lay a series of mines in the shortest time, and with the simplest appliances. These mines can be fired either by persons's or by electricity, and can also be rendered harmless if desired. If this report be correct, the new invention enormously multiplies the power of resistance. Imagine the time before Lord Keble came with the new torpedo. What with breech-loaders, repeating rifles, Gatling guns, and torpedoes, by land and sea, defence ought to be stronger than attack; yet in every war of recent times it is the invader who has been successful.

"The Joyces of Joyce country," writes an Irish correspondent, "are originally a Welsh race, who came over and settled among the Galway mountains under the O'Flahertys, of whom it was written over Galway gates, 'From the bloody O'Flahertys, good Lord deliver us!' When the O'Flahertys and other tribes were dealt with as enemies of the pale, the Joyces were counted as English and so friends, and allowed free ingress and egress from the city. They are a tall, powerful race of men, described in old annals as gigantic, and are remarkable in character for cool and steady determination and, brandishing it before him, quickly dispersed the gazers. They intermarry and keep among themselves. Up in the fastnesses of their mountains half-civilized families live in inaccessible spots almost inaccessible to dealer, schoolmaster, or priest. Anthony Joyce, the writer, the child witness of the fearful murderers so portentously through bog and brake and over mountains, and gave them up to justice, is especially intelligent, and speaks both English and Irish well."

"Justice" writes in the New York *Sun* of Wednesday, in defence of a defenceless woman, falsely accused:—Among the innumerable petitions to Charles II. in 1660 is one for restoration to a rangership from Sir William, setting forth how his father had raised a troop at a cost of $20,000, and had his real estate sequestered by Cromwell for ten years, so that he died a prisoner in the King's Bench Prison with $15,000 debt. Ten feet brings home to us what thousands of families must have had to endure at that time. The Wakes, however, were of stout stuff, and got up again. The revived cavalier before mentioned had a son who became a notable Archbishop of Canterbury, and the son of the poor Baronet who died in the bench married the heiress of the historic house of Drury—from whose grand London mansion Drury Lane takes its name. Clevedon ultimately passed from the Wakes to the Digbys, and was sold by the latter, about 120 years ago, to a great British merchant named Elton, whose descendant, Sir Abraham, had a daughter, mother of Arthur Hallam, the subject of Tennyson's "In Memoriam." Decorating Clevedon Court in the last century, a writer says:—"The manor house is a noble old building, the work of different periods, very pleasantly situated on the southern slope of the hill, which is here wildly studded with craggy rocks, intermixed with fine herbage." The Eltons have long been known as a most refined and cultivated family, of pronounced literary taste, and their collection of books, now in part destroyed, was one of the best in Western England. It was to Clevedon that Arthur Hallam's remains were brought in 1834 and interred in the chancel there. The spot was selected not only on account of connection with kindred but because of its still not unpopulated situation, as a barely hill overhanging the Bristol Channel.

PERSONAL CHIT-CHAT.

For the first eleven Nilsson concerts in New York the receipts were $27,965. Each concert cost Mr. Abbey $2,500. It takes full houses to leave any margin for the enterprising manager.

London *Truth* says that Queen Victoria was somewhat nervous both before and immediately after the recent review. No sooner had the troops passed before her than the escort closed in around her carriage.

The artist Whistler, whose works are of great value, is a remarkable looking man, with a thick mop of black curls, on which rests a tuft single white lock—a family peculiarity — resembling a feather blown from a lady's fan.

The telegram sent to Mr. Tennyson at the close of the first performance of "The Promise of May" was:—"Opinions divided; applause." During the rehearsals Mr. Tennyson's main anxiety was that the reporter should be more bovine."

The pall-bearers at the funeral of the late Mr. Osgood, a New York broker, represented 43 wealth to the amount of $500,000,000. The usefulness of these vast fortunes must have been realized by them when they lifted the coffin of their dead friend.

Mr. Edwin Booth, who has always declined to speak when called out in the United States, has appeared in the role of a before-the-curtain orator on the other side. His speech on his last night in Dublin was very effective, and satisfied a most fastidious gallery.

The disappointment of King Alfonso when the Queen gave birth to another daughter the other day, is said to have been very great. He wanted a boy. Instead of being discouraged, however, he ought to remember Brace's epigram, and how Ben Butler became Governor of Massachusetts.

Miss Emily Faithfull, who is lecturing here, confesses to smoking a pipe, and recommends it to her lady audience as an excellent solace. This is fact, not gossip, and indicates the possibility of a new sensation for fashionable belles. They have already taken to apples, being informed that it changed its color, is said to have answered that "it is only bad fruit that remains always green."

Michael Davitt's assertion that Archbishop Hughes once said, "A man threatened with libel has justified in seizing bread from the altar," is denied by the *Freeman's Journal*. The Archbishop, we are told, was too able an assistant to the early Catholic in his own pure personal life ever to have uttered so unreligious a sentiment.

Dr. Galcie, director general of the geological survey in Great Britain and Ireland, discusses in his new book the causes of volcanic action. In which he inclines to assign a greater importance to the late Mr. Mallet's ingenious hypothesis of the generation of heat generated by local crushing of the crust than, says the *Academy*, would be appropriate at present.

Prof. R. Stone Wiggins, of Ottawa, who sends such alarming meteorological prognostications, has a very clever wife. It was to him, and family, some months ago, those "Bible" letters addressed to a high English church dignitary, on the subject of the Devil, were written, which were before long in the Senate at the time. The letters were ably written.

In recognition of his distinguished services in Egypt, the German Emperor has sent to the Duke of Connaught the Order *pour le Merite*, founded by Frederick the Great, and the highest military decoration in the gift of the Prussian Crown. This is the same order as the Emperor conferred upon his victorious son, the Crown Prince, on meeting him on the field of Koenig gratz. The Duke of Connaught, by his marriage with a daughter of Prince Frederick Charl a, the stormer of Duppel and the captorer of Paris, was already regarded as a member of the royal family of Prussia.

The Governor of Kansas told the young men of Chicago that twenty-five years ago he drove oxen, and drove them well. He was succeeded by the present Governor of Texas started in life as a hostler at $8 per month, and he did his work well. The financial magnate, Rufus Hatch, began life as a chain carrier in surveying a Wisconsin railroad, and afterward was a locomotive engineer. There are multitudes of idle young men because they cannot find "their work." They would do well to remember that all honest labor is honorable, and that idleness is a vice.

After all, says an American paper, pugilism seems to be quite as fashionable as a substitute. We find a New York paper editorially recommending the adoption of training "slogger" after this manner:—"Mr. Tom Allen, the distinguished English pugilist, has driven through Central Park yesterday afternoon, and afterward dined with a party of friends in an uptown club with the new torpedo. What with breech-loaders, repeating rifles, Gatling guns, and torpedoes, by land and sea, defence ought to be stronger than attack; yet in every war of recent times it is the invader who has been successful.

Joan Joseph Louis Blanc, who died at Paris on Wednesday, was born at Madrid October 29, 1813, is of Corsican extraction, and was the son of a Corsican father and a Spanish mother, and 20 years old. Then, said he, "If you will send them over to me in British Columbia, I shall give them 320 acres of the best land that is in that country for nothing." He wrote a letter to that effect to Mr. Blake, and he sent me about 400 pamphlets to distribute among farmers in my neighborhood. I have given the conversation as spoken by the Marquis and myself, but it's very broad Scotch. I am, etc.,

JOHN REID.

A Michigan Romance.

A Kidnapped Son Entertains his Parents Unawares—A Denouement.

Detroit, Dec. 7.—About twenty years ago a French lad was kidnapped from Montreal and taken to sea. His followed sailing for many years, eventually drifting into the lumber region of Michigan, and is now employed by the Keel Ridge Mining Company. A few weeks ago a family of immigrants left the train at Keel Ridge. Bringstrangers and unacquainted with the English language they made acquiries as to the French families residect there, and were directed to the house of the young Frenchman, who gave them lodging for the night. In the course of the evening the host came to light that the emigrants and their host were originally from the same portion of the Dominion. In the course of further conversation the host repeated the story of his kidnapping. The family of emigrants had lost a few years ago who mysteriously disappeared and had never been heard of since. The interest of both parties was aroused, and further questioning resulted in developing the fact that the host of the emigrant family was the long lost son.

Mr. Anthony Trollope, whose death is just recorded, was for many years in the British postal service. While so engaged he did a vast amount of literary work, chiefly in the morning. His works are too numerous to give a complete list of. Among those best known are "The Macdermots of Ballycloran," "Barchester Towers," "Framley Parsonage," "Orley Farm," "The Small House at Allington," "The Last Chronicle of Berset," "Princes Phim, the Irish Member," "The Vicar of Bullhampton," "The Golden Lion of Granpere," and several books of travel.

"Cosmogony," says an English scientist, "stands to geology in much the same relation as embryology stands to zoology."

Mr. Roberts, president of the London Mathematical Society, says that mathematics are neutral in philosophy.

A CANADIAN FEMALE SWINDLER.

Extraordinary Schemes to Raise the Wind in Cleveland.

A SCANDALOUS REVELATION.

From the Cleveland Leader.

Probably the most noted case of female fraud that has visited this city for many months, arrived here last spring from the Canadian shore in the person of Mrs. Maude Bigby. The woman in question is but 23 years of age, handsome and accomplished, and possessed of a charming address that would wholly disarm any one of suspicion, at least of the male persuasion. In addition to these qualifications, she is related to a most respectable family in Cleveland. On her arrival here she went at once to the residence of her sister in Superior street, where she made her home. Just when she began her deceptions is not known, as the extent of her transactions have not yet been fully shown up, but from what has come to light the first swindle dates from the early part of September last. From that time up to date she has been studiously engaged in a number of the most clever swindling schemes on record in local annals. Her favorite method of raising wealth was to mortgage her sister's furniture, representing it to be her own, and signing the mortgages with a fictitious name. She seemed to make it a specialty to victimize the shrewdest money-lenders doing business in the city, and such men as E. Hobday, L. W. Mooney, W. E. Reaney, and others, were deceived by her. She also borrowed $50 from a well-known politician, and $20 from a Euclid avenue attorney. Among the silliest adopted by her are Madame Perkins, Mrs. L. C. Bigsley, Alice M. Estede, and Mrs. Wallace. In addition to these schemes, by which she obtained several hundred dollars, she also procured no less than four sets of furniture from various local firms, and managed them. Sometime early in November last, she had difficulty with her brother-in-law, and moved to 140 Garden street. During her sojourn at this latter place she called at the office of Dr. W. S. Springerton, No. 2 Garden street, for professional counsel. The doctor is about 38 years of age, and a gentleman of fine personal appearance. He presented medicine in his city on Penn street some eighteen years ago, but becoming possessed of a desire to visit the West, he went to California, where he followed his profession until last September, when he returned to take the office and practice of his brother, Dr. A. G. Springerton, who died last summer. On becoming acquainted with Miss Bigby, his sympathies were aroused in her behalf at the story she related to him, and these feelings soon ripened into a deep love for her. She seemed to reciprocate his affections, and the doctor offered his hand in marriage, which was accepted. He then purchased new furniture for the office of the pig as no indispensable adjunct to a fashionable lady's surroundings, the black walnut set as a favorite, while twenty-five or thirty-years ago the Elmheim or King Charles period was the undisputed style of the period. The fashion in dogs is now beginning to change, and the pug is called more popular as he was. Ladies in the present day again look with favor on the cage their ill advisers admired, the Maltese lap dog. Prominent among the latter is the Doctor was in profound ignorance. But this state of affairs was short lived, for her sister, who had been terribly disturbed by the visits of Lizzie's creditors, called at the Doctor's office and revealed the whole story. He was then told to settle the claims, supposing he was aware of the whole trouble, but in this she was mistaken, and when she told the story he was astonished with grief and astonishment. He at once sent for his wife, and accused her of her misdeeds. She confessed all, and implored his forgiveness. But his inner heart had been wounded, and his confidence misplaced, and with a feeling of sadness he told her that these revelations ended all, and he must go. She then pleaded in vain for forgiveness, for the Doctor was unchangeable in his determination, and finally one months ago wrote the "Good bilde" letters addressed to a high English church dignitary, on the subject of the Devil, which were before long in the hands of the Senate at the time. The letters were ably written.

The Marquis and the Farmer.

Interview Between a Surprised Bohemian Farmer and Lord Lorne.

The following letter, descriptive of an interview of a Nebraska farmer with the Marquis of Lorne, is from the Omaha *Daily Herald*:—

VALLEY STATION, Douglas County, Nebraska, October 6, 1882.

DEAR SIR.—I have had a visit from the Marquis of Lorne, the Governor General of Canada. Along with him were the Princess Louise and suite, who were on a tour through the country to the Rocky mountains. They came up to my house and stayed for three hours, and the Princess took a sketch of my whole place—farm house, stabling, orchard, and all the crops I had planted myself and my hired man. The Marquis and the Princess both shook hands with me when they came up, but did not say who they were for more than an hour. I asked me where I came from. I told him I came from Bohemia, Austria, Europe. He then said he was a countryman of mine, and Lady Campbell, his sister, was a countryman of mine also. He then asked me how long I had been in this country; so I told him I had been six years; and he asked me if the farm was in cultivation when I came to it. I said no, it was all wild prairie. I asked him how long he had been in this country. He said he had been four years. I said: Where have you been putting yourself all those four years? He said he had been in Canada. I have a large picture of the Prince of Wales and of the Princess of Wales in a very fine black velvet frame. He looked at all around the room, and then he said—You have a picture of the Prince of Wales? I said: I had seen her before. Then I said—good Lord, is it possible! I am talking to the Marquis of Lorne and don't know it. Then I was ashamed of myself after the way I had spoken to him, and he laughed at me and told me then that he was the Governor-General of Canada. Then he asked me what family I had. I said I had five sons and two daughters, the eldest 18 and 20 years old. Then, said he, "If you will send them over to me in British Columbia, I shall give them 320 acres of the best land that is in that country for nothing." He wrote a letter to my address and asked me if I would come. I said I would think about it. So since he went I had a letter from him last week to say if I had made up my mind to come, and he sent me about 400 pamphlets to distribute among farmers in my neighborhood. I have given the conversation as spoken by the Marquis and myself, but it's very broad Scotch. I am, etc.,

JOHN REID.

ROASTED TO DEATH.

Frightful Fate of Two Train Hands Near Elmira, N. Y.—Slow Death Within Sight of Hundreds.

Elmira, N. Y., Dec. 6.—A hideous accident occurred upon the Lehigh Valley Railroad yesterday at Rexmersfield, a small station between Towanda and Wyalusing. The horror consisted not so much in the loss of life as in the horrible manner in which the lives were lost. Train No. 8 due at Elmira at 8.25 a. m., owing to a misplaced switch ran into a freight train standing on the south bound track at Rexmersford, and the engines, crushing into each other, were refused to rules. The baggage and express cars were thrown from 15 to 20 feet from the track. The wreck was complete. The baggageman and expressman were thrown on the top of the cars and received serious but not fatal injuries. The first sleeping car was thrown upon the tender of the passenger engine, and three freight cars laden with hay were piled up promiscuously on the wreck. The debris at once took fire. Then ensued a most heartrending scene. The engineer, N. Yaulks, of Waverly, stood in the midst of the burning mass in plain view of the spectators, but could not move, as his right leg was caught in the iron and fastened to the wreck. All his efforts to release himself from the fire roaring around him were futile. He could only stand there and look death in the face. It came slowly, surely, and orually. The crowd did what they could to reach and save him, but the heat was too intense. The man was gradually roasted before his friends and companions, who were unable to give any succor. There was no blinking about this unhappy man, however. He stood up and calmly directed the efforts of the men who were trying to save him. Even while this terrible scene was enacting the fish from his bones, as he was being consumed alive, he showed the indomitable pluck for which he was noted. The spectators could only turn their faces away from the horrid sight. The fireman of the freight train, Lorenzo Kingman, of Waverly, was missed from the fire. His body was subsequently found under the charred timbers of the train. Both men have wives and children. No passengers, fortunately, were injured.

The Fashion in Dogs.

King Charles and Blenheim Spaniels Crowding Pugs Out of Favor.

Among the fair sex a particular fashion invariably rules, and the style of the bonnet or the dress will be the same in hundreds of cities as in the birthplace of the mode. Not only in fashion and dress, but even the preference for one or another breed of dogs comes under the rule. For the past four years the pug, whose beauty consisted of its ugliness, has been the fashion. These pugs, whose bells and distorted faces in the extreme, have had a high priced, and the greater the brute the more valuable the dog. Previous to the advent of the pug as an indispensable adjunct to a fashionable lady's surroundings, the black and tan was a favorite, while twenty-five or thirty-years ago the Blenheim or King Charles spaniel was the undisputed property dog of the period. The fashion in dogs is now beginning to change, and the King Charles is again popular as he was. Ladies in the present day again look with favor on the cage their ill advisers admired, the Maltese lap dog. Prominent among the latter is the Blenheim spaniel and the King Charles bright, active and intelligent.

For quite two hundred years these two breeds of dogs have struggled for the mastery in fashionable society with varying success, but from the present demand for King Charles spaniels it is evident that that cause of dogs is to supersede the pug. With his long coat, soft, silky coat, and intelligent eyes, the King Charles is a beautiful dog to look at, and will receive the position which he is likely to assume. Of late years, in consequence of the limited demand for pugs, the breed of dogs, the animal has been neglected, and this has caused a scarcity in the dog market, which deserves are now about to receive their due advantage. A small-sized, well-marked King Charles cannot be purchased for less than $50, and some command as high as $200. The Blenheim spaniel and the King Charles spaniel are much alike, the only difference being in the markings, the latter having marks of a tan color, while the former's markings are of a rich red and white.

"For the past two years there has been a demand for pugs, and I have had to supply it, may dealer's business, "and the smooth-coated ones have not been as popular as short noses. The favorite pug is now the King Charles spaniel; it was the Yorkshire terrier. Not there is a fresh demand for the King Charles breed, and I think they will soon take the place of all the others among fashionable ladies."

"Am I to understand you that the sale of pugs has fallen off?" queried the reporter.

"By no means. There never was such a demand for pugs as at present. This does not indicate that they are the favorite, however; it is due to the fact that it is fashionable to ladies to have a dog, and, as the King Charles are not known, they are forced to be content with a pug. Besides, a King Charle is a very high-priced animal. I myself haven't a small dog, but I could get almost any price for them. I can say the same of the Blenheims also. But what I sell the ladies are in want most, unless dogs. Why don't they get a dog that they can get up with? Well, suffice it to say I go to St. Bernard, who has a couple of cattle, and I get a dozen pups in breakfast. Can't be a dozen pups in breakfast. Can't be a dozen dollars? That's the style of a dog to have around a house; he's worth something; but the little fellows are only worth a dollar or a dollar and a half. I myself haven't a small dog, but I could get almost any price for them. I can say the same of the Blenheims also. But what the ladies are in want most, unless dogs. Why don't they get a dog that they can get up with? Well, suffice it to say I go to St. Bernard, who has a couple of cattle, and I get

...OM THE DETROIT POST AND ...NE OF NOV. 3, 1882.

...CANNOT AFFORD, IF HE ... TO PURCHASE A DIAMOND, ...H, A CLOCK, OR A PIECE OF ..., TO GO WHERE THERE IS ...REMOTEST POSSIBILITY OF ...ARTICLES BEING REPRE... ...SO HIM AS DIFFERENT ...EY ARE. OUR READ... ...D UPON EVERY... ...UY AT MESSRS. ... OF NO. 140 ...N THIS CITY, ...OLAX THEY ...ING LARGE ... AND DEALING WITH ...ACTURERS ONLY, THEY CAN, AND DO, SELL THEIR GOODS AT AS CLOSE A MARGIN OF PROFIT AS IS CONSISTENT WITH A SAFE BUSINESS, AND FULLY MERIT THE VERY LARGE TRADE THEY ARE BUILDING UP."

STATE AGENTS FOR PATEK, PHILLIPPE & CO.'S CELEBRATED WATCHES.

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The Free Press.

Friday, December 8, 1882.

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

"If ever you should be sorry afterwards," she said, very, still browsing wearily with unseen evil,—"if ever I should see distrust in your eye, how would it be with me?"

"Don't talk like a penny illustrated," says Mr. Rodney, in a very superior tone. "If ever you do see all that, I'm certain to...ambid... ...ust tell yourself I am a cur, and ...ave done with me. But I think you are going both yourself and me very bad compliments when you talk like that. Do you suppose that I am very long about it, or...ot superior to the general run of mankind, that I am only pretty well as far as...ent it."

At this they both laugh heartily, and Mona leans a little more to the window, and...ood that has possessed her for the last five minutes.

The moon has gone behind a cloud, the pool is almost wrapped in complete gloom. Only a faint shimmering from approaching day-...where, startles them, and brings them back from visions of impossible bliss to the present unenviable world.

"Hist, Miss Mona! Ahh! I says this voice at Mona's ear. She starts and turns round.

"Oh! Paddy," she says, as a small figure, unkempt, only half clad, creeps through the hedge and steps shyly into the path.

"Don't go on, miss," says the boy with much embarrassment. "Don't ye. I see ye sorrit' on', no matter what they do to me, I won't tell on myself. I'll swear to nothin'. They're mane, for the agint below, an' may be they might as'aise ye for some one else in the field, an' some harm."

"Who are they waiting for?" says Mona, anxiously.

"For the agint, miss. Oh, if you tell on me now they'll kill me. Masr, ye know; ye see herself now."

"Nothing—for what? Is it to shoot him?" asks the girl, breathlessly.

"Yes, miss. Oh, Miss Mona, if ye believe me now 'twill be all up wid me. Now, my darlint, mine, they'll murther me and ev'body."

"I won't believe you," she says. "You are telling lies, and I shall tell my father. Shut the window in the soldier, miss—let be...hind the hawthorn bush. Go home some other way, Miss Mona;—they're blat on both."

"And, if so, what are you doing here?" says Mona reprovingly.

"Oh! watchin', miss, to see what they'd do, and then, slitting down, to run and tell the other, and growing palpably confused under the scrutinising gaze.

"It is murder you want to see!" asks the, slowly, in a horrified tone. "Oh hone, oh hone, for your mother, that's dead, changing her mourning manner to one of curiosity, she says, softly, "Go, because I can't help it."

"I'm off, miss," says the miscreant, and, as he bids her adieu, he turns to the hedge again like a shot from a bow, and, creeping through the fields, is soon lost to sight.

"Come with me," says Mona to Rodney, and takes an arm of each, and, quickening...and a half on her usually motionless legs, she moves deliberately towards the hawthorn bush, that is about a quarter of a mile distant.

"Miss," says Rodney, striving her...breath, "why not leave well alone? Why not...ge? Why not go home with me? Why not...with them more. It is late, darling. Shall I tell you, and you may not believe me, but I'm...ful as speak to them."

"I do not want to speak to them," answers she, coldly. "And I do. Oh, they will not harm me. There is no fear of that. I am not at all afraid of them. And—I want to know."

He knows her sufficiently well to refrain from argument just now, and accompanies her silently along the lonely road.

"It is I,—Miss Mona," she calls aloud, when they are within hearing of the other...

"Oh, hush!" says Rodney, laughing...

"The Ryan, com'-here; I'...

"It is a very queer an' her part,—I ...p stiel ...ther by my halse ...ho heard ...t's ...ther Shaun, ...ye, ...ye, ...ye

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the City will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONCAN AND CO.,
360 & 361 Richmond St.

Chest Protectors,
Chamois Jackets,
Shoulder Braces,

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S

A Large Assortment
—AT—
STRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a specialty.
Homœopathic Pharmacy for the City. f

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Friday, December 5, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 30 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Friday, Dec. 5, 1882.

Sun rises ....7.26 a. m. | Moon rises. 5.29 a. m.
Sun sets.....4.32 p. m. | Moon sets.. 2.14 p. m.
Day of the year—336th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter.....	2nd	9.47 a.m.
New Moon.....	9th	10.30 a.m.
First Quarter.....	17th	11.30 a.m.
Full Moon.....	24th	10.53 p.m.

HELIOGRAPHIC STORM WARNINGS.

The recent successful attempts to establish heliographic communication between distant points and telegraphically connected has emboldened a Mauritius experimenter, Mr. L. P. Adam, to undertake the important work of signalling the approach of storms by the heliograph from Mauritius to Reunion. These storm-beaten islands in the Indian Ocean are about one hundred and twenty miles apart, and both lie in the normal track of the great tropical cyclones. Mr. Adam has procured two great telescopic heliographs of Colonel Mangin's design for the purpose of establishing communication between the plateau of Ponce in Mauritius and the crater of the wood of Nefles, in Reunion, the latter being one hundred and thirty-four miles south-west of Ponce. Recent experiments by General Ibanez and Colonel Perrier have demonstrated that communication can be effected by the heliograph over a distance of one hundred and eighty miles; and this has been reported as actually accomplished between the frontiers of Morocco and the Spanish coast. There can be little doubt, therefore, that Mr. Adam's undertaking will be crowned with success. This gentleman also hopes, it is said, to register messages by the use of meteorism in a process similar to that employed in some observatories for recording with the middle wire of a meridian telescope, or by causing the light-spot to impress a gelatine-bromide of silver paper band passing under the spot.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Dec. 5, 1 a. m.—The storm is now central over the eastern portion of Quebec, and the high area is central over the State of Missouri. The cold wave extends south to the Gulf of Mexico. The temperature is zero at St. Louis, and is below the freezing point in parts of Texas and Louisiana. A heavy gale has prevailed all day in the Lake Region and a moderate to fresh gale is now blowing in the maritime Provinces. Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—Decreasing westerly winds; fair, cold to-day, with occasional snow flurries; stationary or lower temperature.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—Stephen Pierson, the man who was arrested by Detective Peake for being drunk, and against whom Mr. Samuel Peal laid an information charging him with furious driving, came before Squire Peters yesterday. On the first charge he was fined $4 and $2.85 costs, and on the second he was ordered to pay a fine of $10 and $3.35 costs. Time enough, with $30 for the jacket Miss Paul had on when she was knocked down and for medical attendance, brought the total up to $50 20. John Smith and Dugald McDougall, two drunks, were discharged.

ELECTION OF ORANGE OFFICERS.—At the annual meeting, Wednesday evening, of L. O. L. No. 762, which was well attended, and after the business of the lodge was concluded, Bro. Geo. Watson, the Worshipful District Master, took the chair, and installed the following officers for the ensuing year:—Bro. Thomas McKie, Worshipful Master; Bro. R. M. Gunn, Deputy Master; Bro. W. McCabe, Secretary; Bro. John Hatton, Treasurer; Bro. A. F. Shaw, Chaplain; Bro J. F. Weed, Financial Secretary; Bro. George Gibson, Director of Ceremonies; Bro. Archie Mohr, Inside Tyler; Bro. F. Tenley, Outside Tyler. Committee—Bro. A. McCoy, 1st; Bro. R. McRoberts, 2nd; Bro. R. C. McRoberts, 3rd; Bro. R. Ellis, 4th; Bro. W. Barry, 5th. This Lodge has now got a list of twenty members for the first year, and is in good running order.

A "CHRONO WHERLY."—The Exeter *Rechester* (Grit) gives its respects to the Orth gens (Ont.):—"If the country endorsed what the city merchants, manufacturers, and newspaper men, to a great extent regulate the prices of such lines for the towns and villages. When the large dailies offer their wealthies at dollar and dollar and a half-ly done with a view of quashing the smaller local wealthies, a number of such small, or once followed suit. To this we offer little or no objection, but when a newspaper like the London *Advertiser* is compelled to accept 90 cents for their weekly edition, as we are informed by subscribers they do, it is time that they ceased publishing it. It might pay them better to offer it as a premium to further the sale of some inferior quack nostrum."

W. C. A.—A meeting of the Women's Christian Association was held yesterday afternoon in the parlor of Victoria Hall. The chair was occupied by Mrs. D'Guara, Vice-President of the Association. Mrs. Attwood, Treasurer, reported that the receipts for November were $74 98, and the disbursements $74.65. The Treasurer also stated that the total indebtedness of the Association was about $500. The Refuge report presented by Mrs Hopkins showed that $24 had been received during the month for board. Total number at present in the Institution 13. The expenses for the month were $16.28. On motion it was decided to send three children now in the Refuge, two years old, to the Orphans' Home. A petition was prepared for presentation to the City Council for a grant of money. Adjourned.

LOCAL NOTICES

KEY RING, call special attention to their immense stock of Christmas cards, albums, *papeteries*, frames, &c. Cheapest in the city. 184

Horse blankets and sleigh bells at your own price, at Scarrow's, 320 Dundas street. 184ondon

Blank-books of all kinds made from best material at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Brunner, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

A lot of new studies, colors, and art material, just arrived per "Sir Knight," from Rimmel & Co., at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and clean. A child can use it. For sale by T. Mahon, 107 Dundas street.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable.—146 Dundas St. nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Additional Local News on Third Page.

Want to buy for Christmas, is the perplexing question of the hour.

Mr. W. J. Thompson shipped a car-load of cutters to Manitoba on Wednesday.

A policeman's lot was not a happy one last night, whatever it may be during pleasant weather.

Charles A. Gardiner will appear at the Grand Opera House next week in his new play of "Karl."

When his business is a little dull the shrewd merchant advertises. Then he gets custom enough.

The coldest day of the season—thus far. Five degrees below zero at seven o'clock yesterday morning.

Dr. Vertinder, of this city, gave an organ recital in Park Street Methodist Church, Chatham, last night.

The little folks will congratulate themselves that the dolls were never so handsome or so finely dressed as this year.

To-day, being the Feast of the Immaculate Conception of the Virgin Mary, will be observed as a holiday of obligation in the R. C. Church.

Rev. John Gemley, of Simcoe, is announced to deliver a lecture in the Christ Church lecture hall this evening. Subject—"The Friendship of Women."

A man named Ogan while working on a building for Mr. Charles Goodhue, of London South, on Wednesday, fell to the ground, fracturing his leg badly.

A grand parlor entertainment is announced to take place at the Oddfellows' Hall this evening, in which Messrs. P. Redmond, A. Bremner and others will take part.

Preparations are being extensively made for celebrating the anniversary of the Memorial Church in the form of a festival on Thursday, 14th. It promises to be a very attractive affair.

Mr. Clifden Wild, the editor of the Oldham (Eng.) *Express*, was at the Tecumseh House yesterday. He is the guest of Mr. Wort, the agent of "Hague's British Operatic Minstrels."

Mr. Buehner, who left the Hamilton *Times* to take charge of the Ottawa *Record*, in Clinton, only remained in that town long enough to get out the first issue, and then left for parts unknown.

Mr. W. J. Orr, Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. branch, of St. Thomas, visited this city the other day to purchase an outfit for the proposed hospital to be established in connection with this institution there.

The Richmond street covered skating rink was last night visited by quite a number of people. To-night the formal opening will be resumed in full force, when the Band of the Seventh Fusiliers will be present.

The following attractions are booked for the Grand Opera House next week:—Tuesday, Kate Clarton in the "Two Orphans"; Thursday, Hague's English Minstrels; Friday, Chas. A. Gardiner and Karl; Saturday, Scanlan in "Friend or Foe."

The advent of cold weather has brought in its train the opening of the skating rinks and those who find enjoyment in skatorial exercise can gratify their inclination at the Richmond street and Westminster rinks where the ice is in fine condition.

Rev. Father Baubet, of Ingersoll, on the occasion of his silver jubilee at Ingersoll on Tuesday last, was the recipient of a gold watch and chain from his congregation, accompanied by an address. The concert in the evening was a gratifying success.

Among the arrivals at Winnipeg from Ontario on the 4th instant, the *Tribune* are noted:—James Burns, W. J. Elliott and James A. Macmillan, London; John Secord, Thisonburg; H. Pavell and wife, Miss E. Palmer and Miss M. Stewart, Exeter.

It is an observable fact that, in a season of sleighing like the present, people who have a horse that can step along freely do not stop to consider whether it looks rookish or whether they have lately joined the church, but let the pet spirits get right down at it so that everything flutters.

The wife of Mr. James Morrison, merchant, of London East, expired yesterday morning after a protracted period of illness and suffering, which was borne with patient resignation. The deceased lady was widely respected, and Mr. Morrison has the sincere sympathy of the community in its deep affliction.

Mr. T. J. West, representing Hague's British Operatic Minstrels, from St. James' Hall, Liverpool (the company that made such a great hit in Canada and the States last season), was at the Tecumseh House yesterday, arranging for the appearance of his company at the Grand Opera House on Thursday next.

An old woman who sold her name was Miss Crayton, and hailed from Ontario, has both her feet frozen last Sunday while tramping from Toledo to Cleveland, where she expected to find her daughter, but failed. She was sent to the infirmary. While on her tramp she slept in barns and subsisted food by begging.

Two Indians named Peter Jones and David Hank, were brought into the city from the Caradoc Reserve yesterday by County Constable Millar, of Lawrence, charged with the larceny of a quantity of wheat and logs from Solomon Shank, another Indian. They were remanded by Squire Hannah until next Wednesday.

Sol. White, of Essex, who has recently made some valuable additions to his already extensive herd of fine stock, has received a very fine old heifer, "Lady Charlotte," of the red rose princess strain, which he bought at Harrison's stock sale in Chicago last August; and a few weeks ago his "Duchess 27," of the Kirkle Vington strain, arrived from England.

A London debating society recently wrestled with the problem in abstract philosophy, "Is lying ever justifiable?" The man who has come home at 3 o'clock in the morning and slipped upstairs with his boots in his hand, only to find his suitable wife sitting up with a firm grasp on the bellows and of a broom, would not hesitate long in the selection of his side of the question.

A few minutes before 7 o'clock last evening an alarm was sounded from box 13, and the brigade quickly turned out, when it was discovered that a fire was in progress in the conservatory at the residence of Mr. Frederick Rowland, King street east. Beyond the destruction of a considerable number of plants not much damage was done, and the whole will probably not exceed $50.

Complaint was made yesterday of the prevalence of a foul stench in the Water Commissioners' office, and the matter was investigated by the City Engineer, who did not consider the matter at all serious. A water pipe has been put down for use on the adjoining premises, and he attributed the odor to this cause, although possibly it might result from the earth and matter in the basement of the City Hall.

The two large wheels which are to be brought into requisition at the drawing of the Masonic Temple Gift Enterprise, announced to come off at the Grand Opera House on the 27th inst., have been ordered and are now being gotten in readiness. They will both be of glass, in circular form, and the principal one, in which will be deposited the numbers from 1 to 100,000, is about three feet in diameter, the other being somewhat smaller.

Yesterday might be regarded as the inaugural day of the winter season, and the effect of the snow-fall, in conjunction with the drifting of the fleecy material, was manifest on the Great Western division. The morning train on the London, Huron & Bruce was delayed at Clinton nearly five hours on account of the snowdrifts, and the early train on the L. & P. S. R. from St. Thomas was also somewhat late from a similar cause.

Winnipeg *Sun*, Nov. 30.—Two weeks ago the wife and family of Mr. Stanton, recently appointed C. P. R. Car Service Agent, came to this city from London, where Mr. Stanton was formerly employed on the Great Western. A few days ago two of his children were stricken with disease, and notwithstanding all that medical aid could do, one of them died this morning. All hopes for the recovery of the other have been given up and its death is hourly expected.

Middlesex Quarter Sessions.

His Honor Judge Davis Presiding.

In the case of McIntyre vs. Dobyn, His Honor submitted eight questions to the jury, which were answered in a manner highly favorable to plaintiff. His Honor then reserved judgment till Monday next. Meredith & Meredith for plaintiff; Douglas for defendant.

FREE PRESS Printing Company vs. Supreme Court, I. O. F.—This was an action brought by the plaintiffs to recover from the Supreme Court of the Independent Order of Foresters the sum of $163, due for printing done by order of Dr. Oronhyatekha, Supreme Chief Ranger of the Order, and the Supreme Secretary. The matter was settled by defendants agreeing to pay the full amount with costs—$50 to be paid down, an extension of time to be given on the balance. R. Bayly for plaintiffs; W. W. Fitzgerald for defendants.

FOURTH DAY—THURSDAY.

The Queen vs. Measin Case.—Prisoner was indicted on two charges—one for shooting at Thomas Crone, a Nissouri farmer, with intent to kill, and a second of highway robbery. The circumstances of the affair have already been published in full. The greater portion of the day was consumed in the hearing of the case, which resulted in a verdict of not guilty.

The Queen vs. Joseph Reid.—Prisoner was indicted upon the charge of assaulting James Buchanan, Parkhill, with intent to do grievous bodily harm. The jury found prisoner guilty of common assault.

Court adjourned till Friday morning.

Crushed to Death.

Silas S. Bose, Teamster, the Victim of a Gravel-pit Accident.

A fatal accident occurred yesterday at the gravel-pit south of the Hamilton Road, in London East. Some teamsters were engaged in loading gravel upon a sleigh, and one of the party, Silas R. Bose, was standing with his back against the bank. A companion, who was loading the side of the pit, chanced to observe a movement of the earth and gravel above, at the same time warning Bose to do the same thing. The latter essayed to do so, but before he could get out of the way a ponderous mass of frozen earth and gravel weighing some hundreds of pounds broke loose from the surrounding ground and fell upon the unfortunate man, breaking his back and crushing him to the earth. He was quickly extricated and conveyed to an adjoining house, and Dr. Gardiner was sent for. Upon his arrival he asked how badly he was injured, replied, "My back is broken," and then sank rapidly, death coming to his relief before the arrival of the physician. Deceased, who was a respectable teamster, resided on Miller street, in this city, and leaves a large family to regret his untimely death.

Methodist Missions

The following programme has been decided upon for the London Missionary Anniversary week, which commences on the 10th inst., each anniversary meeting (on week days) to begin at 7 30 p. m.:—

SABBATH, DEC. 10.

Queen's Avenue—Revs. W. Williams and Dr. Sutherland.

Dundas Street—Revs. Dr. Williams and W. Williams.

Wellington Street—Revs. L. Gaetz and W. S. Griffin.

Dundas Street East—Revs. W. S. Griffin and Dr. Rowley.

Pall Mall—Revs. G. Brown and Dr. Williams.

London East—Revs. J. S. Ross and W. Henderson.

New Brighton—Revs. Dr. Sutherland and Dr. Saunderson.

London West—Revs. W. C. Henderson and D. Savage.

MONDAY, 11.

Queen's Avenue—Revs. Dr. Sutherland, Dr. Williams and W. S. Griffin.

Dundas Street East—Revs. W. Williams and J. S. Colling.

THURSDAY, 12.

Dundas St.—Revs. Dr. Sutherland, Dr. Williams and W. S Griffin.

New Brighton—Revs. W. Williams and W. C. Henderson.

WEDNESDAY 13.

Wellington St.—Revs. W. Williams and W. C. Henderson.

London West—Revs. W. Williams and W. S Griffin.

THURSDAY, 14.

Pall Mall—Revs. W. Williams and J. S. Colling.

London East—Revs. Dr. Williams and W. S Griffin.

CONCERT LAST NIGHT.—The concert in St. James' Hall, London South, last night, in aid of the Public School Music Fund, was a notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, tolerably well attended, and passed off with *eclat*. It was under the management of Mr. C. W. C. Forsyth, and to every respect reflected credit upon his musical taste and good judgment. The programme (which was given in full in a recent issue) was closely adhered to, and the soloists appeared to excellent advantage in their respective numbers, being heartily applauded for their efforts. Mrs. Parsons, Miss Jenkins and Miss Freeland were in excellent voice, while Messrs. Farmer and Forsyth were also favorably received in the musical sessions of the entertainment. Mrs. Parsons and Mr. D. F. Coolidge very essentially assisted the vocalists on the piano. Mr. George Winlow gave the readings, which were vociferously applauded, and pleased the youthful portion of the audience amazingly. At the close, Rev. Evans Davis, of St. James' Church, in a few appropriate words, moved a hearty vote of thanks to the ladies and gentlemen from the city for their kindness in providing such a pleasant and enjoyable evening's entertainment, which was seconded by Col. Leys, and unanimously carried by the audience.

MEMORIAL CHURCH TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—One of those usually pleasant entertainments in connection with the Temperance Society of the Memorial Church was held in the school-room last evening. Considering the very inclement state of the weather the attendance was good, and much interest was manifested in the work of the society. Rev. C. Jeffrey presided. The meeting was opened by the singing of a hymn and prayer. The chairman spoke encouragingly of the past and prospects of the work. He was thankful that such an institution continued to grow in connection with the church, and hoped it would long continue to prosper in its sub's Christian subscription. The following is the programme, which was well carried out:—Recitation, "The Drunkard's Wife," Mag. Forsythe; Song, "Lo, I Am Here Again," Mr. Nichol; Recitation, "St. Mihiel's Tower," Mr. Livesly; Dialogue, "Wine a Mocker," Misses Ella Forsythe and Laura Forsythe and Laura Biggar; Song, "A Warrior Bold," Mr. Dawson; Recitation, selection from Sir Walter Scott, Mr. Sidly; Hymn, "Stand up for Jesus." Rev. John Gemley followed with some very instructive and interesting remarks suitable to the occasion. After another hymn had been sung, the meeting was brought to a close by the chairman.

HEARTLESS CONDUCT.—At the meeting of the Women's Christian Association yesterday a heartless case of cruelty was mentioned. A young woman went some months ago to live with a family in the southern portion of the city, and, like many others before her, in an evil hour she listened to the smooth words of a libertine, who succeeded in ruining her. On Tuesday last she gave birth to a child, and a few hours afterwards, it is alleged, the parties who were staying boarded her into a cab and sent her, with the infant, to the Refuge. If these statements are true—and there is little reason to doubt them—the case is indeed a most heartless one. People who would ill-treat a brute under similar circumstances in the manner this poor, unfortunate girl was used, would be severely punished for cruelty to animals. It is to be hoped that there are not many people in London so lost to the finer feelings of humanity.

AT THE ASYLUM.—The regular weekly entertainment at the London Asylum last night was under the management of Mr. Thomas Gillson. Songs were contributed by Messrs. F. Foster, W. Marchant and Jos. McLeod. A reading by Mr. J. W. Brown was well received, while the playing of Mr. J. C. Miers on the piano was a feature of the programme. Chadwick Bros.' orchestra contributed some very fine selections, and the entertainment throughout was of a most enjoyable description.

A QUICK SHIPMENT.—A large consignment of freight was recently despatched over the Grand Trunk Railway from the Forest City to the seaboard in remarkably rapid time. On the 22nd of November, Mr. T. D. Miller, of Ingersoll, loaded at the city of London, consisting 336 boxes, consigned for London, England, and on the 27th the entire lot was aboard the Dominion steamer Brooklyn. How is this for quick time?

Wild Cherry Compound,
—FOR—
COUGHS & COLDS.

Price, 25c. per Bottle.

PREPARED AND SOLD ONLY BY
WM. SAUNDERS
CHEMIST,
188 DUNDAS STREET.

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.

CITY RELIEF.

How the Present System is Abused by Some of the Aldermen.

On Wednesday night, for about the twentieth time this year, Ald. Buckle, of No. 6 ward, the member of No. 3 Committee, which has charge of Relief affairs, had to undergo considerable taunting by other members of the Committee, especially Ald. Murray, because of the large amount of relief granted in his ward. The worthy Alderman took the castigation in good part, and stated that if any of the members would spare a day he would take them to every person receiving relief from him so as to satisfy fault-finders that the deserving poor were only given orders. A representative of the FREE PRESS having been informed that Aldermen Buckle had not given all the orders credited to the Ward, took a look through them, and found that such was the case. Two orders had been given for groceries by Ald. Boyd, amounting to $4, in the absence of Ald. Buckle. There could, of course, be no objection to this mode of procedure, as Ald. Boyd is one of the representatives of the Ward. Then there are three orders from Ald. Thomas Peel, of No. 7 Ward, to a person whose name on the order is spelled Lewis, but who is better known as Louis Collier. The first order was for $1 worth of groceries, the next read, "half-yard of wood and some provisions"—rather indefinite order to give to a grocer—and the third was for $1 50 worth of groceries. It is thus seen that a member of the Relief Committee, who takes it upon himself to give orders for groceries and wood to persons living in No. 6 Ward, without so much as consulting the members of the Committee for the ward. The amount does not appear to be very large, to be sure, but the sole is a most glaring abuse of the procedure adopted in granting relief. If this system were extended all over the city, it is hard to tell where the evil would end. Taking the amount of the orders granted by Ald. Boyd, which were quite regular, and the amount of three issued by a man who had no more right to act in the matter than the alleged man in the moon, together with two issued in October, but not presented till November, amounting to $2, it is ascertained that the amount of relief given by Ald. Buckle in groceries for November was only $7 50, instead of $17. In the face of these facts no one will doubt but that the Alderman from No. 6 Ward has been unjustly dealt with. The case in which the relief was granted by an outsider over the head of the member, and one might ask when it might be necessary for a member of another ward to act, but the present one is not of that class. A glance at the names on Ald. Buckle's list will convince any reasonable person that he has acted with good judgment in bestowing the city's bounty, and it will be well for every other member of the Relief Committee if they can show as clear a state at the end of the year. No. 6 Ward has a goodly share poor people than any other in the city, and the reason for this is quite apparent. There are a large number of small tenement houses in the north-eastern portion of the ward, which rent for small sums, and this poorer people take advantage of them, and so long as they have work and health all goes on well, but when sickness or any other misfortune comes, they apply to the Alderman of the ward for relief and it is granted. The guesiion naturally arises at this stage of the game, Why should the Relief Officer—the right-hand man of the Committee—and the officer does hang around the City Hall corridors—issue orders which are not given by the proper Aldermen? The system of relief in operation is a good one; but so long as Aldermen are permitted to abuse it the public will place but little confidence in either the system, the Aldermen or the official who is paid to look after such an important trust.

Diocese of Huron

Meeting of Standing Committee — The Business Transacted Yesterday Afternoon.

The Standing Committee met at the Chapter House yesterday afternoon, at 2 30 o'clock, the Rev. Canon Innes, Bishop's Commissary, in the chair. After prayers the roll was called, the following gentlemen answering to their names:—Archdeacons Ellwood and Sandys; Rural Deans R. Flood Davis, A. F. Palk, J. Hill, W. Davis, E. M. Bland, G. C. Mockridge, Canon Smith, G. G. Ballard; Revs. W. Daunt, E. Davis, Canon Innes, J. B. Richardson, W. A. Young, W. F. Campbell, J. Gemley, Messrs. J. Hamilton, W. Grey, H. Hughes, T. W. Allen, E. Pelton, Dr. Sinnett, R. Fee, A. H. Dymond, S. Stacy, R. Reilly, W. Bray, W. Pearce, E. B. Reed, Sec.-Treas. The minutes of previous meeting were confirmed.

The report of the Committee of Rural Deans appointed to revise the list of grants from the Mission Fund, to take effect from the first of April next, was considered clause by clause. The list, as amended, will be published in due time, and forwarded to the various parishes immediately. The discussion upon the various grants occupied the greater portion of the afternoon.

The vestry of Trinity Church, Simcoe, petitioned for permission to mortgage the church property for a sum not exceeding $10,000, to pay off certain debts contracted in building the new church. Granted, subject to approval of solicitor.

The commissary brought forward the question of the *Church Chronicle*, and urged the members to more active interest in its circulation. Several members also spoke in favor of the publication.

A number of applications for grants were considered and disposed of, after which the Rev. Canon Innes, M. A., B. D., read the list of investments of trust funds. Passed.

A resolution was passed requesting the commissary to issue a circular requesting promptness in sending to returns from the ecclesiastical collections.

Several matters of interest were then taken up among which the question of giving religious instruction in public schools excited considerable discussion, and was laid over, among others, till a subsequent meeting.

The meeting closed at 10 30 p. m., the Commissary giving the benediction.

A SHORT SESSION.—Number Two Committee met last night, Ald. Boyd (Chairman), Pritchard, O'Meara, Taylor, Higgins and Engineer Tracy and Commissioner Owens being present. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. The Commissioners' pay roll, amounting to $64 88, was passed. Engineer Tracy reported that the tenders of Messrs. J. B. Walls and H. Rockwood, for planks for Victoria and Blackfriar's bridges, had been accepted at $22 per thousand. Ald. Pritchard moved, seconded by Ald. Taylor, that the Engineer and the Chairman of the Committee be empowered to have his statement of improvements for the year printed. The motion was carried and the committee adjourned.

HERMAN DISCHER, formerly of the Tecumseh, the new manager of the Detroit team, was, at the end of last season, expelled for the season of 1883 by the directors of the Cleveland club. He appealed to the League, and they heard his case at the meeting on Wednesday, but refused to interfere.

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH

and consumption in its first stages are treated at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, where the Spirometer is used, an instrument invented by Dr. M. Souvielle, of Paris, and ex-side surgeon of the French army, which conveys the medicines in the form of cold inhalations to the parts diseased. Suitable constitutional treatment is used when required. Consultation and a trial of the Spirometer free. Poor people bearing certificates furnished with the instrument free. When not convenient to visit the office write, enclosing stamp, for pamphlet giving full particulars to International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 31 Phillips Square, Montreal. eod1w

RED HOT BARGAINS
—IN—
DRESS GOODS
—AT—
Thos. Beattie & Co's

NOTE THE PRICES AND BUY NOW

35 Pieces Pin Check Cloth Suiting, 15c; worth 20c.
25 Pieces Twilled Dagmar Suiting, 20c; worth 30c.
30 Pieces French Twill Dress Cloth, 20c; worth 25c.
25 Pieces Plain Cloth Dress Suiting, 15c; cut down from 25c.
36 Ends Saveyard Costume Twill Dress Suiting at 20c; well worth 30c.

The great fall boom has now fully begun at T. Beattie & Co's, small profits and quick returns is the motto of this house. Looking for cash leaves no room for bad debts. Bankrupt stocks bought will convince you T. Beattie & Co's is the true spot at which to buy your Dry Goods.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

REVERE HOUSE.—First-class in all its appointments. The family hotel of London. Opposite Masonic Temple. Terms moderate.—J. McDONALD, Proprietor. 141ve

OYSTERS.—For two weeks I will sell oysters at twenty-five cents per quart, and thirteen cents per can. All warranted fresh.—R. MOUNTJOY.

Order your Xmas cakes and confectionery at Gerrie Bros', opposite McCormick's, Dundas street, London East. Fresh oysters in bulk or can. 140dtf

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear, and gentlemen's shirts, also ladies' mantles and trimmings at reasonable prices, call on Mrs. Gregory, 161 corner of Richmond and Simcoe street, London, Ont.

Ladies' Wool Scarfs and Breakfast Shawls, Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts &c., just opened out at J. J. GIBSON'S.

Received at W. L. Carrie's, 417 Richmond street, the beautiful little song and chorus, "We Never Speak as We Pass," by Carleton. Price, 30c. post-paid.

Cheap sale of French flowers on Tuesday, the 7th Nov. Beautiful collection.—Miss J. BUCKLEY, 713 Dundas St. 139dly

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 80 Dundas St., Miss A. MUNN, Nicholas Block. New fall stock of millinery. All the latest English and American styles. Prices very low. A call solicited. 118dve

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes. New lasts; finest stock; perfect fits.—64 Clarence street, London, Ont. 139dly

MILLINERY.—Mrs. S. M. Duncan has just received the cheapest feathers and flowers in the city, and hats and bonnets of all the latest styles. Come and see me at 226 Richmond street. Call and see them very cheap feathers. 87dly

Mrs. Gallena having secured the services of a first-class dress and mantle-maker, is now prepared to execute all orders in all the latest styles. Madame Demorest's reliable Monthly on hand. Call for a catalogue. 143 Dundas street.

CANCERS taken out in fourteen days by my new plaster. All skin diseases cured. Purify your blood by my Invigorator. Satisfactory guarantees given. J. A. MONTGOMERY, 222 King street. Dlddw

CITY CROCKERY STORE—HALL & CO.—RECEIVED a quantity. By small expenses we can sell cheaper than ever our neighbors. No. 197 Marsee Square.

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Cloths, Waterproof Tweed and Cassimere Coatings and Trouser Cloths and Tait Shands from Colorado. Give us a call.

NOW is your time to buy a "Puritan" wove wire mattress. They are selling at greatly reduced prices at the factory, 399 Richmond street. R.W. HUNT 143dly

MANHATTAN FIRM.—Gen. McBroom, sand merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square. Sole agent for the unrivalled sand for horses, cows, calves, and all kinds of stock. Has given universal satisfaction everywhere. Try a bag. 143dly

NEW Velveteens and Shoods Cloth, in black and colored, received at J. J. GIBSON'S.

CHESTNUT'S ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, to Baker's Block. Consignments of paintings, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, mats, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Years' gifts. Also fancy goods and toys. Call and see. 139dly

VISITORS to the city will find HAWTHORNE HOUSE Restaurant, 53, 55, 57, 59 Dundas street, the one convenient place for meals. Open for resort daily, in bait and in shell. Everything reasonable and to season.

O. B. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of all papers, window shades, spring rollers of store frames, mirrors, &c. Paperhanging, kalsomining and raising put up by best workmen in town or country.—232 Dundas street.

JOSEPH ANDERSON, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes all the latest styles. The best material at $3 Dundas street cheaper than any other place in city. Dlthe

FINE OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY. City Hall

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred then and dollary worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold with out reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall an winter goods before the stock is broken up.—H. S. MURRAY & Co.

Miss Hardie's, 393½ Dundas street, for latest styles in millinery and fancy goods at lowest prices. Nice assortment of flowers, feathers and Mexie just arrived. Newest styles in hats. Pointed crown hats, fine straw 50c. Large lot of new wreaths from 15c. up. New stock of fine wools. Best Berlin wool in the city. New goods for fancy work. Fender and chair strips, worth $6, selling for $4.50. Some beautiful brackets cheap. Ladies' and children's underwear ready made and to order. Agent for domestic paper patterns, stylish, simple and reliable. Call for catalogue. 139dw

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap —279 Ridout street

ROLLED PLATE JEWELLERY.—Fine jewellery; Swiss, English and Waltham watches; American and Canadian clocks; wedding rings. Masonic and Odd-fellows' presentation jewels made to order at WESTLAND'S, 206 Richmond street, two doors south of City Hall.

FLOUR for sale, $5.50 retail, and $5.25 wholesale. Telephone communication. Goods delivered free to all parts of the city and suburbs.—J. D. SAUNBY, 253, 257, and 259 York street. 139tf

A nearly perfect mammoth skeleton has been discovered by workmen engaged in making a railroad cutting near Belgrade. After photographs are taken of the remains it is said the bones will be carefully removed to the Belgrade National Museum.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
—AND—
WINDOW GLASS.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Prices Guaranteed.

FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY

R. LEWIS
684 RICHMOND STREET.

WESTMINSTER MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.—At a meeting of ratepayers at Belmont on Tuesday night, Mr. George Routledge was nominated for Reeve and Mr. P. Nichol for Deputy-Reeve. It is apparently the object of the residents of the different wards in the township to run a Reeve and a Deputy in each division, and it is not unlikely that the London South portion of the peninsula will nominate Mr. John McGregor for Reeve, and Mr. Charles Main as Deputy from that section of the township.

John Cavanaugh and Annie Gibson, of Westminster, were arrested yesterday by Detectives Hodge and Pope upon a charge of keeping a disorderly place and house of ill-fame over Clark's Bridge. They will appear before Squire Hannah this afternoon.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Retail Report of the London Stock Exchange.
London, Dec. 7, 1882.

Stocks.	LOAN COMPANIES.	Sellers.	Buyers.
Huron & Erie			
Canada Loan and Debenture		120	
Dominion		120	
Ontario			
Canadian		120	
Ontario Loan and Savings		113	
London Loan			113½
Real Estate			
Hospital			
Tecumseh Advances		104	
6 per cent. redeemed		100	
Sterling Loan			99
London Life Insurance			100
Building Association			100
City Light and Heating			
Masonic Temple			
Can. N. W. Land Co.			
Canada Northwest 5 p. c.			
Can. Pref. 6 p. c. Manitoba R. R.			141
Montreal Stock Exchange.			

Reported by Hickson & Holbrook, Agents, Stock Exchange, Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1.45 p.m.

	Capital.	Rest.	Closing Bids.
Bank of Montreal	2000	2000	220½
Ontario Bank	1182	1164	
Molsons Bank	800		
Merchants' Bank	1200		
Commerce	1776	1776	
Exchange	1000		
Montreal Telegraph Co.	720		127½
Gas Light Co.	1000		
Dom. Telegraph Co.	100		
Canada Cotton Co.			
Montreal Cotton Co.	1000		
Imperial Bank			
Quebec Bank			
Union Bank	1000		
Exchange Bank	100	1044	
Richmond Bank	100	1044	
Montreal Telegraph Co.	720		127½
Merchants' Union Co.			
Canada Cotton Co.			
Montreal Cotton Co.	1000		
Ontario Investment	100		
Can. N. W. Land Co.			141
Montreal Street Railway Co.	1000	50	216

Bank of Montreal—25 at 220½, 50 at 220¾, 25 at 220½, 25 at 220¾, 25 at 220½, 25 at 220¾, 25 at 220½, 25

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8344

STOCK

...OCK LASES.

...ES, III Porter

...& HALF,

...ed by the medical profession ... invalids.

...orth.

...birth, last, the wife of Mr. ...ker, of a daughter.

Die...

...at His Hawk, Colorado ...ger daughter of John and ... 14 years.

...at 12:45 p.m., of her parents ...th street, Detroit, Michigan, ...daughter of William and Helen ...

...private, at 2 p.m., Tuesday, De...

...ASEMENTS

...XMAS BAZAAR. ...ssions of the ladies and ... Dundas St. Centre Metho... ...held on Friday, Dec. 15th, ...ctor Dundas and Maitland ...at 2 p.m. Admission only ...with a have promised a vari... ...ssar will kindly post the ... F. Ibb, between 7 and Main, ...corner Dundas and Maitland. Lild

...NDER THE AUS... Ladies' Aid Society of the ...odist Church, will be held ...Berthan Williams, Waver... ...ngton, on Wednesday, the ... Vocal and instrumental ...ntations will render the ...vening. Admission, 25 ... Lild

...XLEY, EVERY... ...s, at the Grand December ...ne and popular songs in ... Lild

...TANNIE PIXLEY ...s. 19 and 20. Miles and ...

...VORITE ACTRESS ...he Grand Dec. 19 and 20. ...ces.

...ANNIE PIXLEY ...s. 19 and 20. Miles and ...last-class company.

...KENT, FANCY ...Tea Tea in St. James' ...on South, Wednesday ...evening, variety of ...prizes suitable for Christ... ...day presents. Admission, 10 ... expected. Admission, 10 ... Lild

...SKATING AT THE EAST ...rink. Skating every afternoon and ...admission. Lild

...RIAL CHURCH.—ANNI... ...ARY festival and concert in the ...Thursday, Dec. 14th. Rev. ...Hamilton, Rev. Stanton, of St. ...and Miss Duggan, of ...ton, will sing; there will be a sale ...ork and refreshments in the ...ndance; tea at 7:30 p.m.; admis... Lild

...R, SKATING TO-NIGHT ...belmont Street Rink. Band of the ...eight. Admission 15c. Lili

...SK JUBILEE SINGERS— ...s Hall, and 25th. Buy ...ngland wherever they go.—Vanity ...Admission to hall by reserved ...ts to be had at A. Strong's, 17 ...

...UNG PEOPLE OF THE ...ional Primitive Methodist Church ...ing Sabbath evening, Dec. ... 7 o'clock. An excellent pro... ...ation. Admission, 10 cents. 12

...MEMBER SKATING ...—GRAND CARNIVAL ...ay, the 13th December, 1882. Three ...in a meeting which both skating ...will be considered. First prize, ...ornament, silver ball set, valued ...prize, lady or gent, silver water ...all of first prize, lady or gent, ...allowed at 25. Parties in costume ...every 2 hours, with tunes and char... ...ntest will be decided by Judges ...Prof. Padbury will be present ...ions in costume.—Mr. Ali ...ion and eagre costumes ...ed from Mrs. Proprietress. The ...on at A. S. Murray's ... Lilvr

...SINGS. ...ETING OF THE ... Village of London West ...Tuesday, the 19th ...ional affairs.—J. Pratt, ...Lild

...ENTRE METHO... ...Missionary anniversary ... Addresses, by Revs. ...and Dr. Sutherland, of ...

...URES ...the REV. H. ..., Bishop Crosby Hall, ...st, 8 o'clock. Subject, ...Church." Admission ...ry cordially welcome ...

...ON FOUND. ...this heading one cent ...

...T-BOOK LOST, ON ...blue, with red leather cover, ...ard in Toy & Co.'s, printed on pa... ...several valuable papers. Any ...will please send and leaving it at ...Liberal reward. Lildf

...OF KEYS FOUND— ...Richmond street, south of ...Apply at the counter of this office. ...

...WARD.—LOST ON THE ...st, between corner of York ...Street and Wellington street, ...bills. The finder will greatly ...by leaving the same at Mr. ...'s, 32 Wellington street. Joseph ... Lild

...A SILK HAN KER... ...and a Bunch of Keys. Apply at ...Office. Lild

...WOLF ROBE LOST YES... ...in the city, believed to be in ...The owner can be conferred ...by calling at the Free Press office. ...

...RD AND LODGING. ...this heading one cent ...insertion.

...RD—BY THREE GEN... ...RN, board and rooms in good lo... ...from Dundas's and Talbot ...first class and one of both. Ad... ...ng, H. Free Press Office. ...Lild-1

...SINESS CHANCES. ...FOR SALE IN THE ...a town of Brussels, doing a busi... ...of over $20 per day, and in which ...must be sold, the proprietor other... ...ess. Apply to or address ...N ANDERSON, Brussels P.O. ...Lildwtf

...FICIENT BUSINESS ...—Sale, the new and first... ...The business premises, ...$4,000 to $5,500, will be sold ...part cash, or part cash and ...at 5 per cent., at 3.30 p.m. on the ...day of next week. Lease and in... ...seen on and after Wednesday, ...Intending applying to Mr. R. ...premises. The stand is the best ...ing opposite market entrance on ...and a lease can be had. Terms, ...balance two, four and six ...ly secured.—H. W. DARLING, ...Lildb

...PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY FOR ...ing a good business; only gallery ...ne. good-will and fittings cheap. ...address Box 94, Petrolia, Ont. ...Lcb

...MEDICAL. ...OWLER IS PREPARED ...s lessons on the piano or organ ...s of receiving instruction please ...residence of Rev. Dr. Fewsby ...ssenger, corner of William and ...London West. Jfmtd-1

...PRIVATE PAR... ...ing &c. Lessons on cornet ...arranged. 289 Hill street, ...Wellington. Jfmtf

...DWARE. ...GOODS. ...Immense Assortment of ...AND DARL CUTLERY ...CONSIGNMENT OF ...ED WARE. ...ORNE & HOBBS, ...ings, Richmond street.]

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES!

"THE EMPRESS"

For 1882 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock.

Gives entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh

127 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

SITUATION WANTED — AS lady help, or useful companion. Address L. Z., care of Free Press office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

THREE FLOUR - BARREL Coopers wanted. Apply to King & Bro., Ingersoll. Lildv

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO, good, to take wait on table, and one first-class dining-room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to S. PERRIN, Garner House, Chatham. 1Wtf

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE ...—Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters, best in city; only 50c. Coffee House, Market Square.—R. COTTAM. Jly

WANTED—50 GENERAL SER... ...of character, to go to lakes, but there is ...tag-room girls, 2 nurse girls, 7 kitchen girls, ...chambermaid, girls wanted for other Ontario ...towns. Make help in good demand.—J. Ox... ...ster's Intelligence Office, 56 Dundas street. ...

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this heading, ... per word each insertion.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, THE ... building known as the London Commercial College and hall. Part cash, balance with inter... ...est—$1 per cent.—APPLY to EDWARD TOMS, In... ...surance Agent, Masonic Temple. Klfdf

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON ... Catherine street, St. Thomas, 33 x 8, op... ...posite Crowley House. Also, one lot on Talbot ...street, Port Stanley. Apply to J. R. DWAR... ...Free Press Office, London. 1Wtf

VALUABLE FARM IN LONDON ... township—100 acre farm—for sale. The ... 21 of Lot No. 8, in the 13th concession of London ...township, for sale. Excellent buildings; good ...well and spring creek running through the farm; ... Apply to JOHN RODDY, 171 John street, London ... Jfdwtf

FOR SALE

CHEAP BOB SLEIGH, SUIT... ...ABLE for grocer, for sale. J. BROWN, ...Hilbert street. Lildt

DURHAM BULLS.—FOR SALE, ... four thoroughbred Durham Bulls, varying ...from 6 months to 2 years old.—S. M. PETTIT, ...Grandale P.O., Ont. Lfb

FOR SALE, A NO. 18 THOMAS ... Organ, cheap for cash. Apply Box 58, this ... city. tf

CONSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, ... Engravings, etc. Samples can be seen at ...the Free Press office and prices obtained. ...Good chance for auctioneers and country deal... ers. tf

OAK, CHESTNUT, CHERRY, ... Maple, Basswood, and other Lumber for ...sale.—THOS. ROBINSON, Robinson's Mills, ...Newbury Oct. 4, 1881. Jtfmtd

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A ... first-class photograph business, with ...ground floor. State all particulars and terms of ...sale, amount yearly business done.—Drawer 5, ...Goderich. tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY FOR ... export, 4,000 white ash poles, from 12 ...feet long and 41 to 51 inches. Price 50 cents ...each, in car loads. Apply to A. MACRAE, Ex... ...port and Gen'l Com. Merchant, Hunt's Block, ...London. tf

TO LET.

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE ... to let cor. Queen's Ave. and Elizabeth St. ...Apply Hewston Livery, Wellington St. Lildv

A GOOD FRAME COTTAGE TO ... rent.—Apply to ROBERT ARKELL, London ...East. Lildv

A YARD TO LET ON YORK ST., ... between Clarence and Wellington, one of ...the best stands in the city for lumber, coal or ...cartwood. For particulars enquire of JAMES ...DURHAM, on the premises. Lfb

STORE TO LET, NO. 360 RICH... ...MOND. Suitable for retail trade, south of King. ...This is one of the finest stores and situations in ...the city; back and front entrance. Depth ...of store, 102 feet; good cellar, hoist, &c. ...Apply to D. CRAIG & Co., 356, 358 & 360 Rich... ...mond, Market Square, city. Klfdf

TO RENT—OVER 1,800 SQUARE ... feet well lighted basement, with, and ...entrance; gas, water, vault, &c. North corner ...Dundas and Wellington streets. Apply to JOHN ...J. CAMPBELL, Manufacturer English Lasts Co. ...Elmtf

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN ... Albion Buildings, Richmond street, to rent, ...still remain in the occupation of the Canada ...Express Co. and Montreal Telegraph Co. ...Immediate possession at once. Apply to DARLING & Co.'s Brewery.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A HEALTHY FEMALE CHILD, ... five months old, for adoption. Apply at ...the Women's Refuge, St. James' St. Ldtf

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE ... obtained at Lowest Rates at residence of ...EDWARD HARRIS. Ldtfwly

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC ... Cards of Society Printing in the best style of the ...art. ...

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED ... at 95 Burwell street (6th house from Dun... ...das street, east side), by D. MORPHEWS. ...Ldtfw

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE EN... ...QUIRY and Collection Agency, 42 Broad... ...St., Philadelphia. Circulars free. Strictly ...confidential. Enclose stamp for reply. Klfdly

VICTORIA LAUNDRY, NO. 215 ... King Street, ladies and gentlemen re... ...quiring first-class Laundry Work should send ...to Mrs. ABBOTT'S, 215 King st. Satisfaction ...guaranteed. Klfdwly

HOTELS.

F. CAMPBELL'S RESTAURANT, ... 378 Richmond street, opposite Masonic ...Temple. Fresh Oysters and Tender Beef ...served daily. Dinner from 12 to 2 p.m. ...Prairie Chicken and Spring do. served up in ...European style.—F. CAMPBELL, Prop. Jly

MR. JEREMIAH CROWLEY ... (late of London), has just purchased the ...Western Hotel, at the Air Line Station, St. ...Thomas, and is having the same run in first-... class style. Klfmdh

OLD CHRIS., SIX YEARS AT ... the Albion Saloon, has put out on his own ...hook and keeps the Bar of Meagher House, 97 ...Dundas St. The Bar is furnished with the best ...brands of Liquors and Cigars. A call solicited. ...

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS ... —For sale by the Free Press Printing ...Co., one of their excellent presses. Value a ...forty dollars. Does creditable work. Has been in ...use 18 months. Is well suited for a country ...office. For specimen of work, price and other ...particulars apply at this office.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY ... pair made to order, neat, stylish and ...strong.—CHARTIER'S, 377 Talbot street. Ofw

T. P. BLACKWELL ... has added to his already extensive stock of ...TEAS —AND— ...!! GROCERIES !! ...a full assortment of ...WINES, ...LIQUORS, ETC., ...of really first-class quality. Inspection cordially invited, and satisfaction guaranteed. ...

T. P. BLACKWELL, ...356 Richmond St., ...SIX DOORS SOUTH OF KING ST. ...London, Ont.

V.T.C

CUT-PLUG

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

SMOKE

CABLE CANDEE PADRE

Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SON

MONTREAL.

TORONTO BRANCH—Church St. Factory, 54 and 56 Mcoll St. Tel. No. 78

New Factory—102 King Street, Montreal

KINGSMILL'S

The Bon-Ton Livery

—AND—

BOARDING STABLES,

Corner Dundas and Wellington streets. Having purchased the livery stables of the late Mr. Joseph Jeffery, we have added to and remodelled the same with a new and complete livery stock, and are prepared to let single rigs, or hack to the shortest notice. Terms for permanent parties.

Telephone communication.

Kitts-tu ROBT. HURSTON, Proprietor.

FALL NOTICE.

JOHN GLEN,

Merchant Tailor,

WEST END HOUSE!

New Fall Goods of every description just received. An inspection of this stock is requested by those looking for a First-class Suit or Overcoat at Moderate Prices. Special attention given to Clergymen's Clothing, as also to Gentlemen's Livery Garment Suits.

77 Dundas St., West.

Rtuts-ly

BUSINESS CARDS.

ANGELO DAMBRA HAS OPEN... ED a Fruit Store, where you can get at ...all times the choicest Fruits in season, and Canned Goods of all kinds. 397 Richmond ...street, south of Dundas. Klfdwly

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS ... street (between Wellington and Colborne), ...has always on hand a large stock of Cabinet ...Organs to order, reeding furniture, and does job... ...bing in all its branches. Orders by mail or ...telephone for a few Gunstocks. Lfdy

FRESH OYSTERS BY OAN AND ... Quart. A choice lot of Apples by bbl. or ...bag. Also, Fruits, Fruits and Confectionery ...of the finest brands.—J. WESCOTT, Grocer, 471 ...Dundas street. Klfdwly

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY ... steam at JAMES P. HUNT'S Feather and ...Mattress Factory, 320 Richmond street. ...Dfdly

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE... ...CUTED neatly and with dispatch at the ...Engraving Department, Free Press office.

HORSEMEN—PRACTICAL ... Horseshoeing a specialty. Horses ...taught to interfering and contracted feet.—Just ...received, Dr. Gay's Condition Powders. Gay's ...Royal Ridout street. Hfmtdwtf

HAND-MADE CORSETS.— ... Ladies wishing a good and perfect-fitting ...hand-made corset, are directed to MRS. ...LAWRENCE, 81 Dundas street, London. Best ...fitters left at Priddis Bros.' promptly attended ...to. Jtva

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXE... ...CUTED neatly and with dispatch at the ...Engraving Department, Free Press office.

MISS E. B. ALLEY, DUNDAS ... St., has a large assortment of fancy goods, ...Berlin Wool, Yarns, &c., at 49 Dundas St. ...Also a large stock of millinery, which she is ...offering very cheap. Ldy

MISS ADA SWITZER HAS ... taken first prize at the London Western ...Fair from 1877 to 1882. Call and see her Berlin ...wares, consisting of Invisible nets, water ...frit, switches, &c., at 49 Dundas St. West. ...Rtfmdy

MRS. PIGOTT HAS OPENED AT ... her old store, 354 Richmond street, a choice ...assortment of Millinery in all the newest styles ...also Ladies' and Children's Wears, Fancy Goods, ...Berlin Wool, Yarn, &c. A call solicited. ...Rtfmtf-tb

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND ... Manufacturer of Leading Material, ...wholesale. Also, contractor for laying asphalt ...pavements, sidewalks and block pavements. All work ...guaranteed and promptly attended to. Estimates ...given on application or left at residence, 77 ...London, Ont. Jly

1882 1882 ...JOHN SUSSEX, MANU... ...FACTURER of all kinds of Paper ...Hat for horses and cows (cures), brands (cures) ...all kinds of sheep and hand rollings (cures) for ...building and bridge purposes. Rollmaker for ...Hon. G. Brown and others. Contractor for ...slate in manufacturing and all kinds of repairing ...and general jobbing. Shop and residence, 91 ...King street, next T. Claypool's Carriage ...Factory. Fdfmtdly

JEWELLERS, &c.

G. W. PITT.—A GREAT VA... ...RIETY of new articles suitable ...and New Year's Gifts, for cannot say in ...terms of vantage anywhere. Come and see ...for yourself. Mr. Pitt is well known, and has ...many people in the city who will be glad to see his ...success. Jfmtdly

KINGSMILL'S

Great CLEARING Sale

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE

—WE HAVE EVER HELD.—

GOODS WILL BE SOLD EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

DRESS GOODS

At the Most Ruinous Prices.

THE GREAT REDUCTIONS

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,

Mantle Department,

Dress Department,

Silk Department,

Trimming Department,

Ribbon Department,

Silk Ties & Pocket Handkerchief Department,

Corset Department,

Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—FOR.—

IF YOU WANT

BLACK or COLORED SATIN

Take Advantage of this Opportunity!

100 doz Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.60, selling for $1 each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING OUT SALE.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Death Sentence on Five of the Joyce Murderers Commuted.

Decisions by the Irish Court of Appeal.

The Recent Severe Snow Storms in Great Britain.

Arabi to be Degraded and His Property Confiscated.

Dufferin Opposed to the Restoration of the Chamber of Notables.

A High Law Officer to Accompany Gen Wood to Egypt.

Bitter Feeling in France Against England.

Russia's War Preparations—Strained Relations Between Germany and Holland—Miscellaneous.

The Madagascar Trouble.

New York, Dec. 11.—A cable to the *Sun* from London says:—There is an extremely bitter feeling against England now growing in France, and the Madagascar incident has been an additional exasperation. The English Government on Saturday showed some disposition to recede from the position first taken, which indicated a determination to interfere with all French projects of annexation in the island, but there is no apparent yielding of the French pretensions in regard to Egypt. The French Government has been notified that England must not be interfered with in her conduct of affairs in Egypt, that she is willing to recognize the commercial interests of France in Egypt and also to protect them, and that the French people must be satisfied with that. If they accept the situation in a cheerful and friendly spirit England will do her part, and in the meantime they must be content with their annexation schemes in Madagascar and Africa without fear of interference; otherwise England will concede nothing in Egypt and oppose everything in Madagascar. "If we only had an army," says the French, "that we could use to give emphasis to the phrases of our diplomats! The bargain proposed is, however, decidedly to neither party.

London, Dec. 11.—Lord Granville has advised the Madagascy Envoys to consent to the proposals made with France in order to assist in reaching a pacific settlement. M. Daudera, a Paris despatch states, has expressed his willingness to confer further with the Envoys, if they should be so disposed.

Egyptian Affairs.

Vienna, Dec. 11.—It is reported that after the completion of Dufferin's mission to Egypt he and Sir Henry Elliott, British Ambassador here, will change embassies.

Cairo, Dec. 11.—Dufferin opposes the restoration of the Chamber of Notables. The subject of Egypt's peace relations will be considered after the questions of the army and native courts are settled.

London, Dec. 11.—German diplomats are convinced that England and France will finally arrive at an amicable understanding regarding the settlement of Egyptian affairs. An editorial note in the Paris *Telegraph* of Saturday asserts that a prominent member of the British Parliament is endeavoring to organize public meetings in Paris and London to protest against any policy which would tend to divide France and England on the Egyptian question.

The *Times* understands that Egypt will contribute £3,000 sterling monthly towards defraying the expenses of the English occupation.

Paris, Dec. 11.—The *Republique Francaise* again violently attacks the policy of the British Government in Egypt. The article concludes:—"Egypt is too big a morsel to be swallowed even by England, and this she will find out."

Paris, Dec. 11.—*Le Temps*, in an article on the relations of England and France regarding Egypt, says there are two guilty parties. The French Chamber encouraged British usurpation when it recorded a vote proclaiming its indifference to the obligations of its foreign policy.

Cairo, Dec. 11.—It is expected a decree will be issued in a few days degrading Arabi and other emissaries of Arabi, and ordering the confiscation of their property.

London, Dec. 11.—It is understood a high law officer will accompany General Wood for the purpose of arranging judicature affairs in Egypt.

Cairo, Dec. 11.—Fifty-four political prisoners have been released.

Great Snow Blockade.

London, Dec. 11.—Great damage is reported by the recent severe snow-storm in England. The selling of cocoa consequent has been retarded, all the railways have been impeded, great damage has been done to property, and the mails and telegraphs have been thrown into confusion. In Wales a train was lost, and sought for by bodies of men on horseback. Finally the top of it was discovered protruding through a snow-drift 16 feet deep. Many parts of the country are inaccessible by reason of the drifts, and persons have been found on the highways frozen to death. In Sweden the snow mixed with the fog and burned like a black slush, but the rest of England is under deep snow.

The Trial of Biggins.

Dublin, Dec. 11.—The second trial of Biggins began to-day. It is understood the juror who refused to concur in returning a verdict of guilty in the case of Biggins is the man who disagreed with other jurors in an arrest case Thursday in which the prisoner was clearly guilty. Counsel for Biggins insisted on the trial the fact that the Ladies' Land League supplied money directly to the informer Kerrigan, when counsel claims was the real murderer.

M. Gro ere to the Canadian Deputation.

Paris, Dec. 11.—M. Duclerc, in receiving the Canadian deputation which waited upon him to express their thanks for the restoring of the bodies of Honor on the Hon. Mr. Chapleau, a member of the Dominion Government, and upon Mr. Warbek, of the Provincial Government of Quebec, said he desired to foster French sentiment wherever it was in Canada.

London Pugs—Steward White Skating.

London, Dec. 11.—Exceptionally fine fogs prevailed yesterday and to day. Traffic in the streets, on the river and railways is much impeded, and in some cases suspended. Five persons were drowned by breaking through ice while skating. Temperature 7° below freezing point.

Russian Warlike Preparations.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—The *Post* declares that Russia is constructing a new strategic railway along the Austrian and German frontier, gives further proof of her hostile intentions, and adds:—"There is now little doubt but that Russia is increasing her armaments to an alarming extent."

Parnell's Property.

Dublin, Dec. 11.—Parnell has lodged a petition in the Land Court for the sale of his property in the county of Wicklow. A conditional order for sale was entered November 29th. The extent of the property is 5,000 acres. Total encumbrances £13,000.

A Bloodless Duel.

Pesth, Dec. 11.—A duel between Hieronymy, Minister of Public Works, and Rohonczy, member of the Hungarian Diet, took place this morning. Both fired twice without result.

Germany and Holland.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—The relations between Germany and Holland are becoming more strained, and a crisis is believed to be imminent.

Lord Houghton Ill.

London, Dec. 11.—Lord Houghton had two strokes of paralysis during the past few days.

Decisions Confirmed.

Dublin, Dec. 11.—The Court of Appeal has confirmed the decision restraining the Land Corporation and tenant from paying a dividend on shares out of capital raised by the issuing of shares. The decision is expected in certain quarters to have a serious effect on Kavanagh's schemes for counteracting the objects of the land league. The full Court of the Land Commission on appeal have confirmed the decision of Commissioner Litton in a test case affecting 1,200 tenants of the estate of Sir John Leslie, county Monaghan. The question was concerning the interpretation of the "Hanging gale clause" of the Arrears Act. It was decided strictly in the tenants favor.

The German Budgets.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—In the Reichstag to-day a motion to refer portions of the Budget for 1884 55 to the Budget Committee was rejected by 224 to 48. The House also rejected a motion to refer the Budgets for 1883 84 and 1884-85 to the Budget Committee for the purpose of having the committee consider and report whether or not objections to the system of Biennal Budgets have solid foundation. It was finally decided that the committee should only discuss certain portions of the Budget of 1883-4. The President Delbrueck in Bennecenth submitted a motion increasing duty on timber.

French Finances.

Paris, Dec. 11.—The debate on the extraordinary budget began in the Chamber of Deputies to-day. The Minister of Finance explained the financial situation, maintaining that the deficit of 66,000,000 francs was more apparent than real, about 100,000,000 francs had been devoted to the redemption of the public debt. The deficit for 1883 would not reach 1,000,000 francs. The Government was determined to oppose all fresh expenditure obligatorily justified. The speech was applauded.

The Irish National League.

London, Dec. 11.—A meeting was held at Mallow yesterday to establish a branch of the Irish National League. Wm. O'Brien, one of the speakers, said before a man could open his lips in Ireland he must read through all the many statutes enacted since the crusades, and was bottle him if he offended against the meanest of their obscure laws.

Bernard, the Absconder.

Brussels, Dec. 11.—Cashier Bernard, charged with absconding to America with the treasure of the Diocese of Tournay, established his commissary of police to obtain $29,000 from Baring and $500,000 from New York of the stolen treasure.

The Cuban Refugees.

Madrid, Dec. 11.—*Epoca* (Conservative journal) says:—If the Government believes there is no danger of liberating the Cuban refugee Maceo, in order to give England a mark of friendship, we certainly shall find no fault with such step."

France's Designs on Tonquin.

Paris, Dec. 11.—It is stated that China is making great preparations to resist French designs on Tonquin. The French Government is consequently being urged to take active measures.

Paris, Dec. 11.—Telegrams from Saigon report that 10,000 Chinese have crossed the Tonquin frontier.

A Town Hall on Fire.

London, Dec. 11.—A despatch from Dumbarton, Scotland, states that the Town Hall is on fire. The efforts of the Fire Brigade are futile, and the edifice will likely be totally destroyed.

Louis Blanc's Funeral.

Paris, Dec. 11.—The Senate by 135 to 87 voted 12,000 francs for the expenses of the funeral of Louis Blanc to-morrow. The anarchists threaten a bootle demonstration at the funeral.

Death Sentence Commuted.

Dublin, Dec. 11.—The Lord Lieutenant has commuted the sentence of death on the five men who pleaded guilty to participation in the murder of the Joyce family.

Fatal Railway Collision.

London, Dec. 11.—By a railway collision at Kaufgeburg, Prussia, to-day, two persons were killed and nine injured.

CABLE BREVITIES.

Sir Joseph Napier is dead.

Gambetta left his bed yesterday.

The floods throughout France are rapidly subsiding.

The famous Russian millionaire, Sibiriekoff, has failed.

Mr. Gladstone had an audience with the Queen yesterday.

Twelve thousand pounds bullion was withdrawn from the Bank of England yesterday for shipment to New York.

A new Conservative monthly is in preparation in London, which is to be placed under the editorship of Mr. Alfred Austin.

Another warehouse on Wood street, London, was burned Sunday night. It is supposed the fire was caused by embers from the previous conflagration.

The German Government will oppose the Bill taxing bourse transactions. Certain large bankers have resolved to transfer their business to foreign places if the Bill becomes law.

A Paris despatch says:—The report that M. Duclerc has sent an attache of the French Foreign Office on a special mission to Berlin to obtain the views of Prince Bismarck on the Egyptian question is extensively circulated and widely credited.

A Berlin cable says:—It is generally believed in court circles that Her Majesty Queen Victoria will not be represented by members of her family, but will attend in person the celebration of the silver wedding of the Crown Prince.

Wallace, U. S. Minister to Turkey, has returned to Constantinople. He will visit Jerusalem, where the Governor and other official received him in procession. At Cairo he was given a public reception, and had interviews with the Khedive and Lord Dufferin.

Washington Notes.

Washington, Dec. 11.—The House Committee on Education agreed to a Bill appropriating $10,000,000 a year for five years for educational purposes.

The agitation on the question of revenue reform and the abolition of the tax on tobacco caused quite a panic among employees of the Internal Revenue Bureau. It is estimated that if Congress reduced the collections of the revenue to the extent recommended in the President's message, the services of 1,500 to 2,000 employés of the government in all parts of the country will no longer be needed.

In the Senate, Hawley, from the Committee on Civil Service, reported a Bill preventing officers and employés of the Government from collecting subscriptions or assessments from subordinates.

Riot in a Church.

Lee, Mass., Dec. 11.—Trouble between the pastor and people of the colored Methodist church nearly resulted in a riot yesterday. Last week the court decided that Rev. Ashworth, who was sent by the African Episcopal Conference, was entitled to the church property, but trustees Freeman and Ashworth should not officiate. On Sunday he barred the church door. Ashworth, with a number of followers, smashed in a window. Freeman, who was inside, struck Ashworth violently in the face. The Freeman party finally left, but before Ashworth gained possession a row occurred, in which revolvers were drawn, and Ashworth was knocked down. Both parties applied for warrants, but the court declined to interfere any further.

Found Dead.

Boston, Dec. 11.—Hannah O'Neill was found dead this morning, at her residence, Dedham street, having died to death from a knife wound in the abdomen. Her husband, James Haley, and Henry Ryan, who were in the house carousing, were arrested on suspicion.

SHIPPING.

New York, Dec. 11.—Arrived Germanic, from Liverpool, and Pennland, from Antwerp.

Glasgow, Dec. 11.—Arrived, State of Pennsylvania.

New York, Dec. 11.—The SS. Baltic, from Bremen, grounded in the Bay this morning. She will have to be lightened before she can get off.

Plymouth, Dec. 11.—Arrived, Suevia.

FIRE FLASHES.

Listowell, Dec. 11.—About 5.30 this evening the Colborne Hotel, owned and kept by P. Collins, was totally destroyed by fire. A defective chimney is supposed to have been the cause. Loss about $2,000, partly insured.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Buried Alive.

Danbury, Conn., Dec. 11.—On Friday afternoon Edward English, and son Isaac, aged 16, were digging a well when it caved in, burying them at the depth of twenty-five feet. Citizens began to dig for them, and on Saturday morning found James. He was much bruised and exhausted, but will recover. The father was buried still deeper, and the sand kept caving in. On Sunday, at the end of 50 hours, work men found the imprisoned man lying them on in their work. Soon after another cave occurred, and after several hours hard digging the man was reached, but life was extinct.

Explosion in a Distillery.

Belleverence, Pa., Dec. 11.—This morning, a copper still, containing twenty-five barrels of whiskey, in Gibsonton Mill, exploded, injuring Wm. Lucas fatally, and destroying the main building, with the United States warehouse, containing 4 000 barrels of whiskey. Loss, $490,000. The distillery was the largest in the country. Cause of explosion unknown. The flames spread rapidly, and in two hours the buildings were totally destroyed.

A Military Escort for the Viceregal Party.

Washington, December 11.—The Marquis of Lorne, with the Princess Louise, now in San Francisco, has applied to the Secretary of War for a military escort as far south as San Antonio, Texas. They fear, it is said, that they may become victims of a Fenian plot. The Secretary of War ordered ten men and an officer to accompany the party.

A Murderous Schoolmaster.

Cumberland, Ohio, December 11.—Wm. Frazier, school teacher, attempted to discipline a pupil to-day, and became involved in a general fight, in the course of which he stabbed and killed John Hayes, aged 20, and severely cut Chas. Lane. He was jailed.

Sold Burglary at Detroit.

Detroit, December 11.—At the Michigan Central stock yard early Sunday morning four masked burglars entered the office and seized four watchmen, locked them in a closet and broke open the safe, obtaining, however, but a small amount. The burglars escaped.

A Live Corpse.

Sandusky, O., Dec. 11.—State Senator O'Haggan apparently died yesterday. While the supposed corpse was being laid out O'Haggan arose and commenced to speak. His death, however, is hourly expected. Later—Senator O'Haggan died to-night.

Smoked Her Bake Alive.

Columbus, Ga., Dec. 11.—Fanny Grant to-day threw her babe into the fire, and it was roasted alive.

CANADIAN NEWS.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 11.—Mr. Hawley, a retired merchant, while laboring under delirium tremens, jumped to-day through a ventilator in the window of his room in Notre Dame Hospital, and fell to the pavement below, receiving such dangerous injuries that he is not expected to live till morning.

Camille DeMouchelle, aged 70 years, died suddenly in the chapel of the Sacred Heart while on his knees, it is supposed, from concussion of the heart.

Alphonse Richards and Alphonse Paulet, brakesmen on the Canadian Pacific Railway, between Montreal and Ottawa, were arrested here to-day for robbing the trains.

The City Council passed, this afternoon, a resolution of regret for the death of Sir Hugh Allan, and condolence with his family.

At a mass meeting of the locked-out employés of the shoe factories of the city, held yesterday afternoon, a number of resolutions were passed expressing disapproval at the action of the manufacturers in discharging their employés, and urging them to re-open their factories as soon as possible, so as to place the workmen in positions to keep themselves from starving. The manufacturers are to meet the deputation from the leathers on Wednesday or Thursday, when it is expected some agreement will be arrived at.

The remains of Sir Hugh Allan are expected here about Christmas. A public funeral is proposed. Flags throughout the city are flying at half-mast out of respect to the deceased.

Stock market weak and lower to day.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Dec. 11.—Owing to the absence of the informer Hynes, a number of cases against keepers of irregular houses were dismissed to-day.

Yesterday evening shelter or aid will be shown the stone pile, supplied for their occupation benefit.

The disposition to resitre on Bank shares was uppermost in the minds of brokers this morning, and the demand not being specially active, values depreciated 1 to 2 per cent. on Saturday's prices. The "bears" seem to have the whip hands, and do not seem to frighten into "covering," but are pressing out longer lines.

To-day a writ for libel has been issued by the Confederation Life against Wm. McCabe, managing director, Reginald Gallaway, secretary, of the North American Life Company, and George McGeoghin, as agent of the Etna Life. It is understood that writs against other persons will follow.

The Confederation Life has always stood high in the estimation of the public, but has recently been made the subject of attacks through the *Insurance Times* of New York.

A boy employed by Mr. Sheppard, manager of the National Opera House, was knocked down on the street by three young rascals, who robbed him of eight theatre tickets. They were arrested on attempting to enter the theatre with the stolen tickets.

At the meeting of the York Township Council to-day, the question of annexing the township to the city was discussed, and it was decided to take steps to test the feeling of the ratepayers at the elections next month.

It is estimated that, taking all the Toronto lumber firms, the total amount of lumber handled for all purposes will reach 140,000,000 feet.

A by-law was passed at the City Council, to-night, changing the hour of meeting from Monday night at 7 o'clock, to Monday afternoon at 3.

A Vessel's Perilous Position.

St. John, N. B., Dec. 11.—Reports from Bay DuVin say that the barque Vertie is lying in the bay, having been unable to get into the basin. Her crew are very sick, and short of fuel. Their condition is precarious. The ice will have to be opened for a mile and a half to get her into the basin—the only safe place for her to winter.

Probably Drowned.

Halifax, Dec. 11.—Two young men named Graves left Chester on Friday evening, in a boat, for an island in that vicinity, for the purpose of procuring a boat load of manures. The following morning the boat was found bottom up, and the oars of the young men floating on the water. It is supposed they were both drowned.]

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

Sir John Macdonald is still confined to his room.

Four of the five British Columbia candidates passed the Civil Service examination.

Fifty British emigrants *en route* for Ontario and the North-west arrived at Montreal on Saturday.

Manager Hickson has accepted the site offered by the Guelph Council on which to erect a union station.

Postmaster-General Carling has forty applications for new post offices in Manitoba. The present number in the Province is 210. A weekly mail between Winnipeg and Edmonton has been established.

Cushing, manager of the Jubilee Singers, on Saturday punched the head of Mr. Thompson, lessee of the Horticultural Pavilion, Toronto. The cause of the trouble was that Thompson failed to appear on time to open the doors to the public.

On Friday morning an old man named Daniel Cass was found dead in an old house on a side road leading from Aberfoyle. He was between 75 and 80 years of age, and had been a resident of Puslinch for over 35 years. He lived alone and was never married.

The Toronto Police Magistrate yesterday informed the clerk not to grant hereafter warr

—FOR—
First-class Groceries
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—AT—
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
—GO TO—
Wilson and Munro's,
SUCCESSORS TO
Frank Smith & Co
156 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.
Tuesday, December 12, 1882.

THE POLICY OF SPITE.

It is not very likely that the withdrawal of one hundred and fifty workmen from the Grand Trunk works will bring London to its knees, and induce them to forego the Junction railway—which means a new railway connection with Toronto and the Canadian sea board, as well as another outlet to New York, and an additional line of communication with the Western States and Manitoba. And what is so amusing in this matter is, that the promoters of the London Junction were greatly aided by the Grand Trunk, before the days of amalgamation, in getting their Bill through the Ontario Legislature. In fact, the Grand Trunk were then cutting a red fer their own backs in order to injure the Great Western. But now that the Junction Company coes on with the negotiations to build the line, the Grand Trunk adopts a policy of spite, by removing a very large proportion of their employés. Such a policy would act prejudicially on the interests of the Grand Trunk itself, because the feeling it gives rise to in the minds of the people is one of resentment. The G. T. R. no doubt has it all its own way to-day, and can put up rates to suit its own convenience. It has the game in its own hands now, but it is not a game that will last. The very means they have taken to coerce London into an abandonment of the Junction Railway will strike a blow at the good opinion in which they have been held, and make the Credit Valley Line the popular one with the citizens. The spirit for a time that is betrayed by the G. T. R. is one that will be resented, because it smacks of coercion, of oppression. Nothing is more foreign to the spirit of our people than to feel that an attempt is being made to drive them; to compel them by an attack upon their interests. True, the withdrawal of one hundred and fifty mechanics is to be regretted, but we hope that the advocates of the Grand Trunk do not think that this cowardly will quail before such an exhibition of heated spite and truculent bad temper. The places which will be made amply will soon be filled by others, and there will be this satisfaction, at least, that the city will no longer be in the power of those who are capable of making such an unworthy use of their opportunities. In a few months time this people will be able to enjoy their fine Main at Grand Trunk spite, for they will be no longer obliged by the force of circumstances to use the alias of road alone. The Grand Trunk is no doubt a far reaching concern, stretching away in many directions, and therefore the time being the greatest perilor, almost the whole, of the interior railway traffic of the country. But it would be a mistake to suppose that that state of things will be permitted to last. And there is nothing so likely to lead to a revulsion of public feeling respecting it as the exhibition of that kind of spite which the removal of so many of its employés indicates. It shows what they would do if they could, and to such a condition of servitude they would reduce us if it were possible to do so. Indeed, it is the worst possible course that the Grand Trunk could have taken while it continues to publicly it destroys friendship. Who could feel any confidence in advocating the interests, or care for the concerns of a corporation which is actuated by such small considerations as to indulge in spiteful acts on a community simply because they are controlling their own interests in securing another line of railway communication? It is not in human nature to feel friendly to those who display such outbursts of wrath, and who seek to deal with a free Canadian community as if it were a parcel of children to be corralled into compliance. Be that prospect when the Grand Trunk ran out a branch to here, and did but little business with us. And it will prosper still, notwithstanding that a temporary amalgamation with a far better and more useful road—the Great Western—has for the time placed it in the power to look black, and spit at us. The citizens will be sorry to lose the men who are going, for their own sakes, but they will not permit the assistance to be exercised into submission by any dictator, no matter in what guise he may appear.

THINGS OUT OF PLACE.

Our local contemporary advises citizens, in a black boot line, to "Salt the Snow." But says one who should do so. A thing of a putting rid of the snow difficulty might find himself in serious trouble. Salt so distributed gets into the horses' heels, and causes disease; hence the practice is forbidden. In some cities a heavy penalty attaches to it. In Toronto the Street Railway Company are being prosecuted by the City Commissioner for salting the streets in order to melt the snow, this being illegal under the by-law. Tan man who puts salt on the horse-track is about on a par with the one who deposits broken glass in the street. Such conduct is very censurable, and contrary to law and common sense. Still it is done every day. Broken bottles and tumblers, shattered lamp chimneys, are cast into the street by many as a matter of course. Some people may be seen to throw them out "promiscuous like," so as to spread them over the widest surface, while others bring them out in their hands and carefully deposit them in a little heap on the roadside. They probably do not mean harm by it. Their mental processes do not comprehend the evils that may result from such conduct. But all the same the first horse that steps on the glassware in question may not only be put into acute pain, and probably disabled, but thereby subject his owner to loss and annoyance. Orange peel, peach perings and banana skins are among the other things which are decidedly out of place on the sidewalks, but a small area of ice there may be infinitely more troublesome and disastrous. Already concussion of the brain has resulted in several places this season, and limbs are broken and twisted by hundreds every season, from the continuance on the sidewalks of glacial masterpeg, which a trifle of ashes sprinkled over them would rob of their power for mischief. Ice or trampled snow that cannot be removed from the sidewalk by broom and shovel can be made harmless by a slight coating of ashes or sand, and ordinary regard for humanity should impel a householder to see that this is done in front of his own residence.

Next summer a large number of Indian burial mounds are to be examined, under the direction of the Canadian Institute, and a museum will be filled with the relics that will doubtless be found.

JUVENILES WITH PISTOLS.

It used to be noted as a sign of civilization among the Athenians of the age of Pericles, that they had abandoned the practice of carrying swords. But in these days the true elements of civilization were but little understood. The Anglo-Saxon races for better than its predecessors. It no longer carries swords, but it keeps revolvers in its pockets. Our American cousins have set the fashion, but it seems to be spreading over here with the electric light and the telephone and other products of the highest civilization. The Grand Jury, in their presentment at the late General Sessions, among other pertinent and suggestive matters, directed attention to the very prevalent and dangerous practice of carrying firearms by juveniles, and expressed a trust that the law against it may be strictly enforced. This is not before it was needed. The youngsters of to-day seem to have a mania for carrying a pistol of some sort, so that either a toy or a pistol of the regular make will be found in the pockets of half the juveniles on our streets. It is hard to tell which of the two is the more dangerous. Seeing, however, that about 150 boys died of lockjaw contracted by snapping toy pistols in celebration of last Fourth of July, it would be safe to give that uncertain and dangerous implement the preference. Besides being unlawful, the carrying of firearms is demoralising, and not to be countenanced for a moment. The boy who displays a pistol, as though it were a manly thing to do, should be taught a lesson. It is hoped the suggestion of the grand jury will have weight in this matter.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Mr. Preston, author of "Unclaimed Money," has started Londoners by announcing that the new Palace of Justice has been mainly raised with the surplus interest of suitors' money, the Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, giving power to apply £1,000,000 of the surplus thereon for that purpose. Mr. Preston asserts that £75,000,000 are in the chancery funds, the number of accounts being 24,346. A hundred years ago it was £7,500,000, and 2 385 accounts. This employment of the money in building the courts need not alarm the unfortunate families in this country who claim those funds, inasmuch as there is an undertaking that the Government will make good all the money thus appropriated to all claims which shall be substantiated.

The prevalence of diphtheria and the number of deaths from that dangerous disease which have occurred render it important that parents and others who have the care of children should take all the precautions which medical science suggests, and guard by an unslept guard against the appearance of the malady in their families. It is not safe at a time when it is to rife to neglect the first symptoms of a throat trouble, on the ground that it may not be anything serious and may be left to cure itself. The only sensible and prudent plan is to call in the doctor as soon as any such indications private. He has been in the practice of diphtheria are apparent, for the sooner the appropriate remedies are applied the better the chance of recovery. It is far better to pay a doctor's fee unnecessarily than to run any risk.

Montreal Star:—The female operatives in a Toronto shoe factory struck work because two Russian Jews were employed on buttonhole machines at two cents per dozen less than the other employés. We hope for the credit of the Toronto girls that the objectionable element in the affair was the payment of a reduced price, and not the employment of Russian Jews. But we notice that the strike was terminated by the discharge of the two exiles, and by increasing the rate of pay. This makes the affair look very much like "boycotting" the Russian Jews simply on account of their nationality, and is more to be regretted; less, however, on account of the loss to them on account of their Christian persecutors. The former are accustomed to persecution, and we doubt not will thrive in spite of it, but it is a pity that Canada should get a character for intolerance.

A Western man who has been looking around for an Eastern residence is quoted by the Boston *Journal* as saying:—"I have considered New York as a future home, but there is too much hurly-burly, and no side walk are safe. Philadelphia is too conservative and fashionable, and it takes a man a lifetime to obtain any social footing. Boston has excellent public and private schools, and lectures at Lowell Institute, a growing Museum of Fine Arts, fine drives, and a mild climate if one is careful. There is but one fault about Boston, and that is your taxes. I have been offered three houses for less than what they are assessed at, and then your rate is very high. Baltimore is very pleasantly located. Morristown, but there would be sufficient to support my family in——, and I pay a good round tax at that."

Canon Basil Wilberforce says that he read the Archbishop of York's recent denunciation of the vices of workingmen. The particular sins which the Archbishop condemned were "sporting, drinking, and other debasing pastimes." The Canon says he turned over six newspaper after reading the above, and observed:—1. The restoration of the drinking and dancing House to a house of worship. 2. The settlement of prizefights. Graphic accounts of the gambling transactions of the aristocracy in a well known West End racing club. 3. The betting upon the next horse race, chronicled in the same type as the news from Egypt and the doings of the Imperial Parliament. 4. Two highly aristocratic divorce cases. He is accordingly driven to the conclusion that "the world the workingmen for sporting and vice, and not be carry the some crusade boldly into higher quarters, is to strain at national gnats and swallow national camels wholesale." It is but fair to add that the Archbishop of York has oftentimes dwelt in no gentle language on the vices of the rich.

A very interesting series of experiments with armor plates has just been made in Italy which shows that plates can be made hard enough be resist perforation by any projectile yet made. The London *Standard* says:—The chilled iron of the Tregartal, the still stronger steel of Whitworth, flying with a velocity of some 1,540 feet a second, have equally failed to pierce the unyielding metal, whether French or English, though the blow delivered by the Armstrong one-hundred-ton gun has actually been sufficient to drive in the very strong backing of the plate." This new discovery that the plate can beat the projectile now stands another revolution necessary in gun manufacture. For the last two years the European Governments have been seeking to make lighter guns, but now they must commence to make guns heavy enough to act as rams and batter in the side of the ship instead of perforating it as heretofore. The Italians have taken the first step in this direction, having ordered several one-hundred-ton breech-loading Armstrong guns, which are more powerful than any ordnance ever made.

Each great European war is marked by the introduction of something novel in the way of weapons, projectiles or tactics, and the next struggle, whenever it takes place, and whether the parties to it be France and Germany or Austria and Russia, is altogether likely to present features of unusual interest to the student of military progress. The French having constructed a formidable series of frontier fortresses that would take too much time to reduce by existing methods, the Germans propose to smash them to pieces by throwing dynamite shells into them from ballistæ or catapults or similar engines of classical or medieval origin, while the Austrians have invented a land-torpedo of much promise. During the Dalmatian insurrection last year two officers and ten men blocked a pass in a wooded mountain by laying down fifteen of these flying mines, and sixty men could in twenty-five minutes establish a line of them a mile in length. By way of protecting an exposed pass, or one that has been suddenly seized, or of rendering a besieger coy about advancing upon a fortified place, the Zobrowitz torpedoes ought to prove effective. They will be especially formidable to the Austrian gunners, to whom a practical enemy will at once dispute the exciting task of removing them.

A Sunday cab's from London says:—England has been undergoing one of her historical snowstorms. It has been snowing heavily in every part of the United Kingdom, and travel has everywhere been obstructed. The sailing of ocean steamers has been retarded, all railways have been impeded, great damage has been done to property, and the mails and telegraphs have been thrown into confusion. In Wales a train was lost, and we sought for by bodies of men on horseback. Finally the top of it was discovered protruding through a snow drift sixteen feet deep. The imprisoned passengers had suffered from hunger and cold in the unheated cars for eighteen hours. It took a day and a half to dig out the train. The passengers suffered fearfully from the exposure, but it is thought they will all recover. It is still snowing in parts of England, and seconds from death and exposure are being resolved from all quarters. The suffering which railway travellers have suffered in every part of the country must seem incredible to Americans. Many parts of the country are inaccessible by reason of the drifts, and persons have been found on the highways frozen to death. In London the snow mixed with the fog and turned into a black slush, but the rest of England is under deep snow. The weather on the Continent has been unprecedentedly bad everywhere but in the extreme south of France, and Italy, and Spain. The Seine is higher than ever before. Boats cannot pass under the Paris bridges. The cellars of the public buildings are inundated, and a good deal of apprehension is felt at the steady rise of the water in the soil of Paris, though which it has found its way into numbers of basements and lower stories.

One phase of the German ministerial programme in respect to taxation does not appear to be generally understood. As matters stand, the expenses of the Government are borne by the people directly, and the contributing anything toward payment for the protection they enjoy. A tax in the form of a license upon those luxuries which produce a revenue that would materially lighten the direct charge upon the workingman, and although their little luxuries might be somewhat enhanced in cost, it would not be to an extent sufficient to outweigh the advantage they would gain in the lessening of direct imposts. The workingman would pay his share in the expense, and that share would hardly be felt by each individual. Bismarck is endeavoring in his way to relieve workingmen's friend.

There was a new variety of homicide, which might be called vicarious homicide, produced a day or two ago in North Carolina. Mr. Nelson, a young farmer, called at Mr. Martin's house for a visit, and in a room which he entered he found a pair of wet overalls. Thereupon announced his intention of shooting some of her friends, and scorchingly called her brother, who was sitting by the fire-side, dead. Vicarious homicide, however, does not seem to have secured popular recognition as justifiable, for the Sheriff's posse elected after the fugitive, who was wounded, and, we presume, captured. It would certainly be a very serious matter if only sensible and prudent plan to call in the doctor as soon as any such indications as the very prevalent and dangerous practice of carrying firearms by juveniles, and expressed a trust that the law against it may be strictly enforced. This is not before it was needed. The youngsters of to-day seem to have a mania for carrying a pistol of some sort, so that either a toy or a pistol of the regular make will be found in the pockets of half the juveniles on our streets. It is hard to tell which of the two is the more dangerous. Seeing, however, that about 150 boys died of lockjaw contracted by snapping toy pistols in celebration of last Fourth of July, it would be safe to give that uncertain and dangerous implement the preference. Besides being unlawful, the carrying of firearms is demoralising, and not to be countenanced for a moment. The boy who displays a pistol, as though it were a manly thing to do, should be taught a lesson. It is hoped the suggestion of the grand jury will have weight in this matter.

A Boston despatch of Saturday says:—Mrs. Langtry suffered a severe attack of nervous prostration while playing in "An Unequal Match," this afternoon, and the indulgence of the audience was requested a little that she had sufficiently recovered to appear in the last act. So much small talk and facsimile concerning her gentlemen to fill the air that society has quite neglected her. This fact and the physical strain of daily rehearsals, averaging five hours in length, have quite prostrated her. She is courageous still, however, and full of spirit and independence to her defiance of her enemies. To-night she insisted on appearing according to programme as Rosalind in "As You Like It," though shaking her weakness. She was compelled to decline a reception given by the Pegasus Club, but sent this note:—

Regret exceedingly that indisposition prevents my accepting the hospitality so kindly offered by the Pegasus Club.

Yours faithfully, ELLEN LANGTRY.

This invitation, extended to her seven days ago, was almost the only one she had received, and upon her reception depended her social fate in Boston. Her determination was therefore received with great disappointment by the coolest. She is quite sick to-night, and unless she should improve during to-morrow and Monday her Boston engagement may be cut short. Financially, it has been a successful week.

Salvini recently had a conversation with a St. Louis reporter in regard to his early career upon the stage. He said:—"It has been stated that I was directly opposed to my son's going upon the stage, but this was not correct. I shall be glad to see him follow the profession, provided that he gives promise to become after due study, an artist. I shall be at Philadelphia for a short time, and he will then be in Baltimore. I shall visit the theatre at which he is acting and if I see that he possesses the qualities out of which a great actor can be made, I shall do all in my power to school him. Too boy may do well; I hope he will. Some people tell me he speaks English splendidly; others tell me he will never be able to master the language. I am glad that he is with the American Ireland of English actors. The Americans have more fire, more gesture than the English. Ah, if I find that he possesses the power, I shall take his instruction to my own hands, and, if I succeed in giving the Americans a great actor, I shall be delighted. I hear that they are receiving him very kindly, and I feel deeply grateful for it."

The Sun promises to become unusually rich in pugilists. Mr. Joseph Coburn, who has been living in retirement for the past few years at the Asbury, N. J., Pavilion, has consented to appear among his friends once more. Mr. James Maxey a gentleman who has been lightly connected in knocking Australians out of time for the past three or four years, is about to return to these shores. Mr. Wm. Knitton, an English gentleman famous as known as the "Silver gun," will visit America. Tom Allen is already here. Then we have Sullivan, Elliott, Rooke, Ryan, and a host of others. A great deal of ink will undoubtedly be shed in writing challenges and explanatory and denunciatory cards to the newspapers, but the "fancy" will probably be disappointed if it expects to see much "claret" shed or many "right duleys" landed on rival "knowledge-boxes." The modern prize-fighter, as a rule, is a very diplomatic man, as skilful as the ruffian in keeping out of a fight.

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DIPHTHERIA.

Like Typhoid Fever, it is More a Disease of the Village than of the City.

Philadelphia Times.

The mortality statistics collected by the Census Bureau furnish some interesting facts with regard to the distribution of certain diseases. The number of deaths during the census year reported as due to diphtheria is—in Maine, 19,849; females, 19,-549; total, 38,398, giving a proportion of 61.33 per thousand of all deaths in which the causes are reported. The total number of deaths from diphtheria under one year of age was 2,695; between one and five ages it was 20,005; between five and fifteen ages of 16,162. In the North Atlantic States the number of deaths from diphtheria to the total number of deaths having recorded causes was 51.29 per thousand, being in the cities 46.71 per thousand and in small towns and rural districts, 53.80. In the Gulf States the proportion of deaths from diphtheria was but 12.16 per thousand (13.74 in New Orleans, and 12.62 elsewhere), and in the Lake region it was 31.15. Six cities, from Rochester to Chicago, give an average of 78.16 and the remainder of the region 34.10 per thousand. Eighteen-fold cases of scarlet or typhoid fever are equally instructive. The total number of deaths from typhoid fever reported as having occurred during the census year was 35,953, being in the proportion of 34.21 per thousand of all deaths having reported causes. The Atlantic States show the proportion of deaths from this cause was 16 26 per thousand in the large cities and 34.39 in the country. In New Orleans it was 67.-and in the rest of the Gulf States 38.02. In the Lake region the deaths from typhoid were 31.16 per thousand in the large cities and 27.31 in the remainder of the region. It will be seen from these figures that neither diphtheria nor enteric fever are especially diseases of the large cities. They appear to be more prevalent in the small towns and rural districts which have no general water supply or system of sewerage, but obtain their water from springs and wells and observe the usual custom of storing excreta in cesspools or vaults.

Josie's Thanksgiving.

There was a very happy Thanksgiving at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of No. 319 East Fifty-second street, New York, and as the hitherto moderately furnished apartments were freshly burnished up with the addition of two cozy arm chairs, a reporter inquired of Mr. Miller how she had been able to make so many comfortable changes, to which she replied: "It is all due to our dear little daughter, Josie; she is a great pet and solace to me and her father, and although only 15 years of age, has worked very hard as a seamstress, earning but a modest pittance to help us to pay the rent."

"I was afraid," interrupted Mr. Miller, and the tears came to his eyes as he spoke, "that the little darling would overwork herself, and I encouraged her to save a few dollars for a dark day. About the beginning of November I was surprised when she told me that she had sent a dollar by mail to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., with the subscription of making a large fortune. I did not approve of it at first, when she said she had done the same thing before, and had implicit faith in the Louisiana State Lottery Company. Imagine what an agreeable disappointment we received on the 16th of November last, when we were notified that the ticket numbered 32,116, which she held was entitled to one-fifth of the capital donation of $75 000."

"Did Miss Josephine collect her share promptly?" queried the reporter.

"Oh, yes indeed; Mr Dauphin paid over to the express company $15,000 to the order of Miss Josephine Miller, and she got the money last week."

"Was she elated with her success?" suggested the reporter.

"The little darling was so crazy with joy that I asked her to take a little vacation, and the old gentleman smiled, as he thanked the reporter for congratulating him upon his daughter's good fortune.—*Philadelphia Record, Dec. 6.*

A darling baby was committed the other afternoon, between 5 and 6 o'clock in the Cathedral of St. Denis, near Paris. During the absence of the guardian, little Sylvia ran over the cathedral, climbed over the railing which divides the nave from the chancel, and broke open the door of the treasure room well known for the magnificence of its contents. The malefactor then cut the glass of the showcases which surround three in and she carried two solid silver monstrances, one nearly a yard and a half in height; six chalices, three pyxs of silver sacramental vases of beautiful workmanship, seven patens, seven royal crowns all with precious stones, four of which were given by the Duchesse Bon-bon, by the daughters of Louis Quinze, and by Louis XVIII., and various other articles. The number of objects stolen amounts to thirty-five. The value is above $20,000.

OUR NOR'-WEST LETTER.

Notes of a Summer's Ramble in the Wide West.

2,000 Miles on the Trail from Winnipeg and Return.

Interesting Facts Concerning the North west Territory.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Winnipeg, Dec. 6.—Messrs. M. H. Miller and C. A. Gamble, of Toronto, well known in Winnipeg, have just returned from the Rockies, after a six months' ramble across the "limitless expanse." They left Winnipeg in June last via steamer Marquette, disembarking at Doyle's Landing, on the Assiniboine River, 60 miles west of Brandon, and from this point they proceeded south-west and examined the Moose Mountain country, the Pipestone Creek district, and thence via Fort Ellice to Birtle and Fort Pelly. They report these districts all settled, and most hundreds in search of homestead lands, who were unable to get suitable claims, and were moving west to the Big Saskatchewan, north of the railway track. The land throughout the Birtle district and northward to Fort Pelly they describe as excellent for agricultural purposes, and an abundance of good timber, with a plentiful supply of pure water. This tract of country, too, was all settled up and considerable improvement had been made upon the land, and some good buildings were seen from the trail.

Arriving at Fort Pelly they examined the country in this vicinity, and are very fond in their praises of its fertility and picturesque scenery. They think that the vicinity of the Fort will some day become a great railway centre, as this point possesses so many advantages, in the abundance of good land and water and an inexhaustible supply of splendid timber which is to be found on the Swell, Swan and Assiniboine Rivers.

From Fort Pelly to the Touchwood Hills the trail skirts the southern edge of the great northern timber belt, and the land is in many localities along the trail of the best quality. Strong Indications of coal exist throughout this extent of country. Few settlement has been made along this tract this season, and at Touchwood Hills a considerable portion of this district is taken up and under crop. Substantial buildings and fencing have been erected.

The Little Touchwood Plain is said to be a beautiful oasis of fertility in the midst of these remarkable hills. Abundance of timber and good water, with rich grasses, are to be found all through this tract of country. The English gentleman family, known as the "Silcon gun," will visit America. Tom Allen is already here. They have Sullivan, Elliott, Rooke, Ryan, and a host of others. A great deal of ink will undoubtedly be shed in writing challenges and explanatory and denunciatory cards to the newspapers, but the "fancy" will probably be disappointed if it expects to see much "claret" shed or many "right duleys" landed on rival "knowledge-boxes." The modern prize-fighter, as a rule, is a very diplomatic man, as skilful as the ruffian in keeping out of a fight.

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Personal.

M. de Brazza, the African explorer, is suffering from acute bronchitis.

Mr. Rufus Stephenson, Inspector of Collegiate Institutes, has left Winnipeg for the East.

John Fisher, an old-time shipbuilder and well-known citizen, died yesterday at St. John, N. B., aged 84.

Sir John Macdonald is suffering from the effects of a severe cold contracted while moving into his present residence, which has not been newly plastered.

Gen. Wolseley's speech, an unbounded eulogy of the army, is regarded as an effort to reinstate himself in the good graces of the army officers, with a large majority of whom he is unpopular.

Mr. Fawcett's illness prevents the London doctors from the normal combination of eight-hourly doses of morphia and beef tea, the regular progress of both maladies. On Saturday private and public advices were alarming.

Senator Faye, of Maine, had representatives of four generations of his family and his wife's families are in lamentable circumstances. Three grandchildren are dependent on the charity. In New Orleans it was: 67-and in the rest of the Gulf States 38.02. In the Lake region the deaths from typhoid were 31.16 per thousand in the large cities and 27.31 in the remainder of the region. It will be seen from these figures that neither diphtheria nor enteric fever are especially diseases of the large cities. They appear to be more prevalent in the small towns and rural districts which have no general water supply or system of sewerage, but obtain their water from springs and wells and observe the usual custom of storing excreta in cesspools or vaults.

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Samuel F. Fairbanks, who was admitted to the New South Carolina Bar in 1817, afterwards member of the Local Legislature, and for some years Commissioner of Insolvency, died at his residence in Dartmouth, N. S., on Thursday night. He was eighty-seven years old.

A daughter of the illustrious house of Sobieski was recently married in Switzerland to a common mechanic. She is the granddaughter of that gifted Lord Pulteal, who fifty years ago was said from Poland and whose son accepted the full of fortunes of the family by taking for his wife a girl of the Swiss peasantry.

Rev. Mr. Rolandord was a passenger on the Clark from Sarnia on Tuesday, says the Valley *Record*. His destination was the house of a friend in Chatham township, where he will remain a week or ten days, enjoying much recreation as he may be able to find. Mr. Rolandord enjoys a few days' sport very much, and is said to be an excellent shot.

Victor Hugo, having once declaimed on the unity of the race, was asked whether he would be willing to have his grandchild on his knee. "No," said he, "I should not; but I would not prevent a marriage between a daughter of mine and a negro; and I should reflect, if such a marriage took place, that in the third generation a touch of the tar brush is a beauty."

A correspondent of Richard A. Proctor's *Knowledge* suggests that the ashes of cremated persons be treated with sulphuric acid, and, having thus been turned into gypsum, be made into statuettes of the dear departed to whom in life they belong. To this it might be added that the statuettes thus should be placed in urnes by the hearth, whereupon they would be true ures familiares as good as those of old Rome.

The reception of the Queen in the London streets on Monday at the opening of the new law courts indicated, like the review, her reviving popularity, the crowd showing at times much enthusiasm. The ceremonies inside the great hall were stately, impressive and picturesque, etiquette not permitting applause. The arrangements marked a departure from former royal pageantries, the First Commissioner of Works inviting a large number of representatives of literature, science, art, and the liberal professions, beside the legal.

Mme. Nilsson, in her recent talk with a Chicago *Tribune* reporter, said:—"I am one of the greatest admirers of Mme. Patti's ability as an artiste, but I understand that she is jealous of me. I am sorry for that. I don't see why she should be jealous of me or I of her. She has dark hair and dark eyes. I have light hair and blue eyes. She is light and small in form and I am large. There is nothing similar between us. She knows what I don't, and I know what she does not. That is God, I never was jealous of any other actress. There is not one star only in heaven; there are many. True there is only one sun and one moon, but neither furnishes all the light to the earth. It would be unfair in me to expect that God had conferred all his musical gifts in me. No. I am thankful that I am happy and feel that I never was jealous."

The climate of Calgary, such is fortified in a grazing country east of the Rockies, is described as dry, very windy, with very cold nights all through the summer season, and very often the temperature falls below freezing. The winters are not severe, yet the Chinook winds, though warm, are very strong, and blow almost incessantly. There is really no good agricultural soil, except in the valleys of the rivers. Coal, iron and gold are plentiful, and undoubtedly oil-bearing and mining will certainly engage the attention of the population who may settle here in the future instead of agricultural pursuits.

Messrs. Miller and Gamble spent some days prospecting in the mountains, and then turned eastward, calling at Fort McLeod, which is essentially a rambling town. About 200 Mounted Police are stationed here, who keep a vigilant eye upon Yankee whisky peddlers and the Indian. About 3,000 of the Roofs are in reservation on the Belly River, about twenty miles distant from the Fort. They are peaceable, and will likely remain so if the Government will carry out their treaty regulations strictly with them. At present great dissatisfaction exists among the Mounted Police and the Indians on account of the wretched quality of flour furnished them by an American firm named J. W. Baker, who have the contract for supplies from the Government for the M. P. force and Indian Department in this country. A very inferior brand of what is called Daisy flour, is imported here from Fort Benton, Montana, and the price paid, which is about $15 per hundred, does not bring a good article either.

There is great dissatisfaction among all classes of settlers, too, at the extortionate prices charged, and the insolence of Iveson Bros. firm, who run this part of the country. It is a shame and a reflection upon our business people that we cannot supply our Indians and settlers ourselves, and save a million dollars a year, which now goes to the Yankees.

Fort McLeod is 60 miles from the boundary, and about 200 miles from Fort Benton. To Fort Walsh is about 175 miles, and from Fort Walsh to Medicine Hat One-ee is some 75 miles. At Medicine Hat they found the settlement in the crossing settled upon by a large number of buckboard squatters. They brought about two out of the whole number were home-folks.

Messrs. Miller and Gamble were much impressed with the appearance and progress made in the country through which they passed, and feel quite satisfied that when the railway opens up the western portion of the mountains, a great mining excitement will take place such as has not yet been witnessed in this continent. Good coal mining will undoubtedly be discovered all along the foot hills of the Rockies, and in the beds of the rivers and streams running down from the mountains.

Next season they think will be the commencement of extraordinary mining operations.

While they were on their westward trip over 400 miles of road had been built, and by next spring the line at Swift Current Creek they saved that number of miles by the road in the summer traveled by trail. T. W.

WHOLESALE SMUGGLING.

How Vast Quantities of Articles are Conveyed Across the Niagara Duty Free—Discoveries of a Daylight Character.

Buffalo, N.Y., Dec. 11.

A city detective, who has made smuggling a study for some time past, gives to a reporter this evening an interesting statement of the operations which he found that the business of smuggling clothing, silks, jewelry, whiskey, tobacco, bitter, &c., from Canada to the United States, is now conducted on a more extensive scale than ever before. In fact, Buffalo has become known as the best centre of a complete and profitable system of swindling. The facilities afforded for smuggling are not equalled in any other point in the country, and for the last four or five years the government has been unaccountably negligent in the matter. In days gone by there have been as many as twenty-five detectives employed for night duty alone in this district, with extra men from Niagara Falls to Dunkirk. Now there are only nine engaged altogether, and these do duty chiefly through the day. The enormous formalities of the Custom House officials amount to nothing. Where a dollar's worth of property is brought into Canada by rail a thousand dollars' worth is shipped across Niagara River in skiffs between midnight and daybreak. There are saloon keepers in this city who buy in Canada every gallon of the spirituous liquor which they sell, and they always know just where to find parties to smuggle a cask or two across the river for them to be fished of night. It is only about a mile from shore to shore, after allowing for the distance which the boat is carried out of its course by the current. The traffic in Canadian horses is also a brisk one, as almost as open as it would be if there were no tariff laws. There are hundreds of well dressed men and women on the streets who, although permanent residents, spend practically nothing among the dry goods and clothing merchants here. Information is at hand which goes to show by lead to the breaking up of the business under the present system. The industry has never before enjoyed to the present degree of prosperity.

The smuggling at Detroit, which is the second best point in the country, is merely negligible in comparison with Buffalo. The natural facilities for and the frontier is guarded with a larger force and greater vigilance. It is a common practice for small boats owned by Canadian parties and receive goods shipped consigned to parties here. During the winter, when the lakes are frozen, teams are driven a distance of twelve miles upon the ice and not one load in fifty is overhauled. Most of these goods contain smuggled goods. A great deal of this kind of traffic is conducted openly that the officials may be accused of taking bribes if they attempt their duty to be. The present agitation of the tariff question has a two-fold interest to the business men of this community.

INHUMAN INGENUITY

A Wealthy Lady Unjustly Confined in a Lunatic Asylum.

Her Husband, or Two of His Employés, Alleged to be the Instigators.

Buffalo, Dec. 11.—Judge Smith, of the Superior Court, on Saturday granted a writ of habeas corpus to release from the State Asylum for the Insane Mrs. Martha J. Collins, on the ground that she is sane, and that she has been illegally committed. The remarkable case was heard by Coroner Judge Hammond, who has granted nearly nine hundred orders of this kind within three years. Hammond did not have jurisdiction. The application was made by Jesse M. Swift and George M. Osgoodby, the attorneys. Dignity United Steel Ranked Alvi Waite presented an affidavit that Dr. Andrews, Superintendent of the asylum, had refused to let him see his

is Filled with Fragrance

the Family Washing is done with

HER'S PREMIER SOAP,

CHURCH'S

The Free Press.

Tuesday, December 12, 1882.

The Taking Song in "Iolanthe."

The following is a taking sort of the Lord Chancellor, in Gilbert & Sullivan's new opera, which, as Mr. Byng gives it, must shortly become as famous as anything in "Patience" or "Pinafore":—

Wizard must take his bar as a very young man.
(Said I to myself, said I).
I'll work on a new and original plan.
(Said I to myself, said I).
I'll never assume that a virtue or a thing
Is a gentleman worthy of implicit belief,
Because his attorney has sent me a brief.
(Said I to myself, said I).

I'll never throw dust in a Sovereign's eyes.
(Said I to myself, said I).
Or hoodwink a Judge who is not over wise,
(Said I to myself, said I).
Or assume that the witnesses summoned in force,
In Exchequer, Queen's Bench, Common Pleas,
or Divorce,
Have perjured themselves, as a matter of course.
(Said I to myself, said I).

Ere I go into court I will read my brief through.
(Said I to myself, said I).
And I'll never take work I'm unable to do.
(Said I to myself, said I).
My learned profession I'll never disgrace
By taking a fee with a grin on my face,
When I haven't been there to attend to the case.
(Said I to myself, said I).

In other professions in which men engage,
(Said I to myself, said I).
The army, the navy, the church, and the stage,
(Said I to myself, said I).
Professional license if carried too far,
Your chance of promotion will certainly mar.
And I fancy the rule might apply to the bar.
(Said I to myself, said I).

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

"What a darling you are!" says Rodney, in a low tone; and then something else fell low, that had she seen it, would have caused the weather-beaten old person at the fire no other thrill of tender recollection.

"What are you doing?" asks Geoffrey, presently, when they have returned to everyday life.

"I am spinning flax for Betty, because she has rheumatism in her poor shoulder, and can do nothing, and this much flax must be finished by a certain time. I have nearly got through my portion now," says Mona; "and then we can go home."

"When I bring you to be my home," says Geoffrey, "I shall have you polished first in that case, and with a spinning-wheel before you; and it shall be hung in the gallery among the other—very inferior—beauties."

"Where?" says Mona, looking up quickly. "Oh, at home, you know," says Mr. Rodney, quickly, discovering his mistake. For the moment he had forgotten his former declaration of poverty, or, at least, his consenting silence, when she had asked him about it.

"In the National Gallery, do you mean?" asks Mona, with a pretty, puzzled frown on her brow. "Oh, no, Geoffrey; I shouldn't like that at all. To be stared at by everybody,—it wouldn't be nice, would it?"

Rodney laughs, in an inward fashion, biting his lip and looking at the fire.

"Very well; you sha'n't be put there," he says. "But nevertheless you must be prepared for the fact that you will be embedded by stared at by the common herd, when your are in the National Gallery or out of it."

"But why?" says Mona, trying to read his face. "Am I so different from other people?"

"Very different," says Rodney.

"That is what I am afraid of always," says Mona, a little wistfully.

"Don't be afraid. It is quite the correct thing to be recorded nowadays. One is nowhere if not bizarre," says Rodney, laughing; "so I dare say you will find yourself the very height of the fashion."

"Now I think you are making fun of me," says Mona, smiling sweetly and, lifting her head, she pinches his ear lightly, not very softly, lest she should hurt him.

Here the old woman at the fire, who has been getting up and down from her three-legged stool during the past few minutes, and sniffing at the pot in an anxious manner, gives way to a loud sigh of relief, lifting the pot from its crook, etc lay it on the earthen floor.

Then she strains the water from it, and looks with admiration upon its steaming contents. The "murphies" (as I hear, she calls the potatoes) are close to a turn.

"May be," says Mona's grandame, turning in a genial fashion to Mona and Geoffrey, "yo' ate a purty mouthful yo', now! They're real nice an' floury. Ye must be a tarter, Miss Mona, arther all the work yo've gone through;—as if you were gintleman would condescinded to the likes of my dinner. Be ready for yo, so' welcome you are to it. Do, now! heartily. The praties is fine this year,—praises be for all marcies, Amen."

"They do look nice," says Mona, "and I am hungry. If we won't be a great trouble to you, Betty," with a sweet deserthed inclination, "I think we should like some."

"Arrah! throubie is it?" says Betty, scrubbing her hands. "I'm thinkin' of nayvey, when you're by."

"Will you have something to eat, Geoffrey?" says Mona.

"Thank you," says Geoffrey, "but——" Yes, already says the old lady, standing with one hand on her hips and the other holding lightly a potatoe as "champion." "I will set yo up arther yo' walk."

"Then, thank you, Mrs. Grogoren I will have a potato," says Rodney, cheerfully, almost hunger and the knowledge that it will be eaten heartily with "her people," as she calls them, urging him on.

"I'm as hungry as I can be," he says.

"Then yo both!" says old Betty, much delighted, and forthwith, going to her dresser, takes down two plates, two knives and forks, of pattern unknown and of the purest pot metal, after which she once more returns to the revered potatoe.

Geoffrey, who would be at any moment as polite to a dairy maid as to a duchess, believes her, and, much to her discomfort,—to each she is too civil to say so,—helps her to lay the table. He even insists on filling a dish with the potatoes, and having severely burned his fingers, and having nobly suppressed all appearance of pain, beyond the dropping of two or three of the succulent roots upon the ground,—brings them in triumph to the spot where Mona is sitting.

"It might be that yo'd take a dhraw of new milk, Sor," says Betty, "an hospitable thought in infancy," placing before her visitor a little jug of milk she has all day been keeping spait, poor soul! for her corn dechaster.

Not knowing this, Mona and Geoffrey (whose flesh is ample) accept the proffered milk, and make merry over their scrumptious feast, while in the background the old woman smiles upon them and utters little kindly ejaculations.

Ten minutes later, having bidden their hostess a hearty farewell, they step out into the open air and walk toward the farm.

"Do you have never told me how many people are in your house?" says Mona, presently. "Tell me now. I know about your mother and," shyly, "about Nicholas; but is there any one else?"

"Well, Jack is home by this time, I suppose,—that's my second brother; at least he was expected yesterday; and Violet Massergh is very often there; and as a rule, you know, there is always somebody; and that's all."

The description is graphic, certainly.

"Is Violet Massergh a pretty girl?" asks Mona, grasping instinctively at the fact that may one called Violet Massergh may be a possible rival.

"Pretty! No. But she dresses very swaggy, and always looks nice, and is generally correct all through," replies Mr. Rodney, coolly.

"I know," says Mona, sadly.

"She's the girl my mother wanted me to marry, you know," goes on Rodney, unobservant, as men always are, of the small signals of distress hung out by his companion.

"Oh indeed" says Mona; and then, with downcast eyes, "but I don't know, because you never told me before."

"I thought I did," says Geoffrey, waking to a sense of the situation.

"Well, you didn't," says Mona. "Are you engaged to her?"

"If I was, how could I ask you to marry me?" returns he, in a tone so hurt that she grows absorbed.

"I hope she isn't in love with you," she says, slowly.

"You may bet anything you like on that, says Geoffrey, cheerfully. "She cares for me just about as much as I care for her,—which means exactly nothing."

"I am very glad," says Mona, in a low tone.

"Why, Mona?"

"Because I could not bear to think any one was made unhappy by me. It would seem as though some evil eye was resting on our love," says Mona, raising her thoughtful, earnest eyes to his. "It must be a sad thing when our happiness causes the misery of others."

"Yet even were it so you would love me, Mona?"

"I shall always love you," says the girl, with sweet solemnness, "better than my life. But in that case I should always, too, have a regret."

There is no need for regret, darling," says he. "I am heart whole, and I know no woman that loves me, or for whose affection I should ask, except yourself."

"I am indeed dear to you, I think," says Mona, softly and thankfully, growing a little pale through the intensity of her emotion.

To be Continued.

SHOOTING IN ONTARIO.

Great Sport with Deer—Ducking in Quebec.

It is stated that nearly five hundred deer have been shot by the northern townships of Hastings county during the season.

The Barrie Examiner says:—Gentlemen from this locality are bringing a fine lot of deer through here nearly every day. They report the antlered monarch dying to be had, and the saddles of the frigid zone, are valueless, yet supine shrewdian celebrity.

The Quebec Government has appropriated $250, at the request of the Fish and Game Protection Club, of Montreal, for the sowing of wild rice in the duck-feeding grounds throughout the Province. The Club adds $100 from its own funds, and will superintend the sowing of the rice.

Deer hunting is quite an exciting sport, says the Amherstburg *Echo*, and from that number killed here every day the supply must be getting thinned out considerably.

Foxes are quite numerous on the banks of the Sauble, and every young man who can shoulder a gun is on their track. Critchekanah Bros. are the most successful sportsmen so far. They have captured several since the snow fell.

RAILWAY NOTES.

A Batch of Local and General Car Couplings.

The examination of the books of S. Wright Gilbert, defaulting cashier of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, shows a deficiency of about $65,000.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company have transferred the Canadian branch, in Manitoba Company, which begins operations on Monday, a spur track of three miles having been built from Everest to the branch at Carcelton.

The telegraph office at Taylor station, Canada Southern Railway, was totally destroyed by fire about two o'clock yesterday morning. The flames were first discovered issuing from the roof. A defective chimney is supposed to have been the cause of the fire. All the telegraph instruments, the company's books, etc., were destroyed. The loss will be between $300 and $400.

Messrs. John Porteous, General Freight Agent of the Grand Trunk; George B. Reeves, General Traffic Manager of the Chicago and Grand Trunk; and General James A. Moore, General Manager of the Great Eastern Freight line, were at St. Louis, on Friday, for the purpose of installing W. M. Porteous, of Boston, as General Agent of the Great Eastern at St. Louis. They had a long conference with A. C. Bird, General Freight Agent of the Wabash, and F. A. Wilcox, Assistant General Freight Agent of the Chicago and Atlantic, and expect to do a large part of the Eastern business east of St. Louis.

The New York *Mail and Express* says:—A conductor o' the fast train on the Susquehanna Division of the Erie Railway, has his brakeman say, after examining the passengers of each station, "Applepeel please pass out at the rear door to the station." Much has been said of the unreliableness of uniformity in entering and leaving railway cars, but it is probable that it will never be assured until trainman adopt the plan of the Erie conductor, to whom reference is here made. It is noticeable that almost without exception the request to be exits at the rear door of the car was observed, leaving the front door of each car free for the egress of passengers at each station. The plan not only saves time, but it prevents the jostling which is so disagreeable to everybody.

ELECTRIC LIGHT NOTES.

The new Bijou Theatre in Boston is to be lighted throughout by electricity.

Electric lights have been largely introduced in the government establishments at Yokahama, Japan.

The town of Fargo, Da., is lighted with electricity from a high tower, which illuminates the local city. The principal business houses are also served by the electric light.

The Hoboken Restaurant, which will be one of the finest in the kingdom when the alterations now in course have been completed, is to be lit throughout by the Edison Electric Light Company. About 1,000 lamps in all will be used, partly of eight and partly of sixteen candles.

Swan Incandescent Lamps are being adopted very extensively on the large oceanic passenger steamers, the latest being the Arizona, of the Guion Line. There will be about 300 lamps in the ship, every part of the passengers' and officers' quarters being lighted by them, to the exclusion of oil and candles. Special attention is being paid to the illumination of the engine-room. Lamp sockets are fitted near various parts of the engines that requires occasional attention, and the men are provided with loose lamps in very strong globes, and of such a size that they can be carried in a jacket pocket, and fitted into the sockets when required. Lamps with flexible leads are also supplied, and can be coupled to the same sockets.

Father is Getting Well.

My daughters say, "How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters." He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable, and we are so glad that he used your Bitters.—A lady of Rochester, N. Y.—*Utica Herald.*

IMPRISONED FOR DEBT.—Last spring, says the St. Thomas *Times*, Geo. A. Brandon, a grocer of this city, became insolvent, and instead of making an assignment for the benefit of all his creditors he allowed each one to sue. He did not notify Stuart & Macpherson, of Hamilton, of his insolvency in time, and the consequence was that all the other creditors got in first and were paid in full, and Stuart & Co. were left to lose their whole debt of about $900. When Brandon determined to seek his fortune in the States a few weeks after his failure, Stuart & Co. issued a capias, and he had to give bail, which was done, and he proceeded on his journey. Stuart & Co. afterwards got judgment and the final writ of exec was issued and Brandon came back and delivered himself up to save his bondsmen about three weeks ago. Since that time he was examined in the jail, and on Thursday judgment was given on the motion made for his release, deciding that he should remain in imprisonment. There may be an appeal from this, or another application will shortly be made. It is unfortunate that in some cases the law strictly carried out appears a hardship. Brandon has not the money to pay his way out, and if some of his relatives or friends come to his rescue he may have to remain some time longer.

LONDON COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

AND

Telegraphic and Phonographic Institute.

All departments are filling up rapidly, and students from all parts of the Dominion are entering to take a course at this Popular Training School. The only business college in Canada which has a large staff of thoroughly qualified Professors, who are specialists in their departments. Large classes in Telegraphy and Phonography. For circulars containing full particulars address WM. N. YERKS, Principal. dlw

CITY COUNCIL.

Business Transacted at the Regular Session.

A Little More London Junction Railway Talk.

An Effort to be Made to Have the By-law Granting Running Powers Over the Streets Rescinded.

Appointment of Polling Places and Returning Officers for the Municipal Elections.

The Board of Aldermen met last night in the Council Chamber, Mayor Meredith in the chair, and Ald. Pritchard, Hunt, Biscoe, Murray, O'Meara, Jones, Taylor, Skinner, Beattie, Ferguson, Higgins, Browne, Buckle, Peel, Boyd, Sharman, Macbeth, Beecher, Mathlinick and Hyman being present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read, and

Ald. Browne moved, seconded by Ald. Higgins, that the minutes of the last meeting of the Council be not confirmed owing to the illegal manner in which the by-laws were passed, not being in accordance with the by-laws governing this Council, and that they be reconsidered after the report of committees are passed.

The reason for this notice, he said, was that members having seats at the Board were personally interested in the matter. The names given to him were Ald. Murrell, Hyman and Crawford.

Ald. Biscoe stated that he and the other gentlemen had resigned from the Board of Directors long since, and when Ald. Browne made a statement to the contrary he stated that which was not true.

Mayor Meredith did not think the motion had anything to do with the minutes, as all that was before them was whether the minutes were a correct record of the proceedings of the last meeting.

Ald. Browne held that the resolution was perfectly in order.

Ald. Skinner was of the same opinion.

Ald. Macbeth raised a point of order. He thought the resolution was not in order.

Ald. Browne said it was unfair to hold the members of the Council responsible for the illegal acts of the majority.

Ald. Birrell pointed out that there was no stock subscribed in the railway company, and the Directors were on mere interested than the citizens at large.

Ald. Pritchard thought the motion made by Ald. Browne was quite in order.

Ald. Hunt had seen the signatures of the directors named.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From F. Zimmerman, asking for a remission of taxes. No. 1.

From Mrs. Honore Kennedy, complaining of over-assessment on her property, Clarence street. No. 1.

From C. J. Brown, complaining against assessment on income. No. 1.

From R. Cassidy, notifying that he had paid his statute labor tax in Westminster, and thought that he should not be assessed in the city. No. 3.

From J. F. Sinclair, appealing against being assessed on his income; also from J. J. Gould, J. A. Mecrehouse, John Shepherd, and others to the same effect. No. 1.

From the Workmen's Benefit Association, asking for a grant of money for relief purposes. No. 3.

From Thomas Maylan, against water tax. Granted.

From A. Coote, asking for a license to carry on a livery stable for the remainder of the year. No. 3

BY-LAWS

were read providing for dividing the city into polling sub-divisions, and for appointing Returning Officers and polling places; also for establishing a southern ward market.

The by-laws were read three times and carried, the following sub-divisions and returning officers being inserted in the sections providing for their appointment:—

First Ward—The East following sub-division shall consist of that portion of said ward lying between Dundas and King streets; polling place, Ordnance Office; returning officer; (2) that part of the ward lying between King and Bathurst streets; polling place, Knox Church; returning officer; (3) that part of the Ward lying between Bathurst and Simcoe streets; polling place, York street; John Bruner, returning officer. The West following sub-division shall consist of that portion of said ward lying south of Grey street; polling place, St. Mary's School House; Richard Glynn, Returning Officer.

Fourth Ward—First sub division, that part of the Ward lying between Dundas street and Dufferin avenue; polling place, Christopher Teale's house, Queen's avenue; Alex Gunn, Returning Officer; (2) that part of the Ward lying between Dufferin avenue and Central avenue; polling place, Bond Street School House; Jury, Returning Officer; (3) the residue of the Ward; polling place, St. George's School House; J. Thurston, Returning Officer.

NUMBER THREE.

Ald. Hunt (Chairman) reported from No. 3 Committee as follows:—(1) That the following fire water and gas accounts be paid: Fey ual, $372.21; the Archibald Wheel Co., $64; total, $436 21. (2) That the petition of Francis Love *et al* for a gas lamp on Hope street be laid over for new Council to deal with. (3) That the amended by-laws for the government of the fire department, herewith annexed, be recommended to the Council for adoption. (4) That the following accounts for relief be paid: George McNeil, wood, $623 62; T. R. O'Callaghan, groceries, $39 75; Dr. Street, medical attendance, $6. (5) That the following hospital accounts be paid:—Fey sheets, $60; Samuel Cooper, milk, $43 85; T. E. O'Callaghan, groceries, $149 18; J. Reed, bread, $15.50; Bennett & Wright, plumbing, $15 66; Stanton & Co., ice, $56 37; G. T. Hissox, manure, $15; John Garrett, raising chimneys, $104; John Price, fish, $10.85; James Perkins, meat, $109.34 (6) Your Committee beg to report to the Council that the Weigh Scales Clerk neglects to pay over his receipts to the Treasurer weekly. In accordance with the by-law to that effect, and your Committee request the Council to take some action in the matter.

The report was taken up clause by clause, and the first two clauses were adopted without discussion.

On the third clause, Ald. Pritchard moved, seconded by Ald. Jones, that the by-law be printed and placed in the hands of the members of the Council.

Ald. Browne objected to the by-law being passed, as it was simply a reprint of the acts already in force.

Ald. Beecher pointed out that there were several changes of importance.

Ald. Boyd moved in amendment, seconded by Ald. Skinner, that the by-law be referred back to the committee for further consideration.

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The amendment of Ald. Boyd was carried.

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The report was then adopted as amended.

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Ald. Boyd thought the treatment Ald. Buckle had received at the hands of Ald. Murray was shameful.

Ald. Murray was of the opinion that the members from the Sixth Ward had no sympathy, and that was what caused the whole trouble.

The matter then dropped.

NUMBER TWO.

Ald. Boyd (Chairman) reported from this Committee as follows:—(1) That the following accounts be paid:—Commissioners' pay list, $263.98; police pay list, $1,975.40; Gas Office, $2.25; Wm. Gilday, repairs at City Hall, $14; Wright & Durand, 14 orders of stone, $26; William Barnes, Magee Keary, Purdom and the President be appointed legislative committee for the decontralization of the administration of the jurisdiction of county judges.

The meeting then adjourned, and at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Trade last the following officers were re-elected for the ensuing year:—President, Geo. Meredith, Q.C.; 1st Vice-President, P. Leslie; 2nd Vice-President, H. Kent; Treasurer, Albert O. Jeffery, Secretary.

In consideration of the fact that he is the oldest member of the London Bar, Mr. W. K. Horton was elected an honorary member. Mr. H. C. R. Becher was also named an honorary member of the association.

FREE PRESS CORRESPONDENCE.

School Matters.

Third Letter by "Justice."

To the Editor of the Free Press.

DEAR SIR.—I read in your paper of the 7th inst.:—"Through the recommendation of School Inspector Hunt, a female teacher has been engaged as Head Master of Hyde Park school of mixedy pupils." In the Comprehensive Grammar School Act, page 159, the duty of Inspectors is stated as follows:—"To examine the teachers, assistants and monitors for the Grammar Schools." If, then, the statement of your correspondent be true, it appears to me Inspector Dearness has exceeded his legal authority, perhaps through ignorance. Unfortunately for that class of teachers entitled to the position, they are not in close accordance with trustees in the neighborhood of teachers is altogether too common.

The legislature has wisely entrusted (infamous) appointed Head Masters of Schools, the work of which they are disqualified by nature to do, and which, in the hands of unscrupulous trustees, is fraught with danger to the liberty of teachers. To employ a mere suitable room, and also the facilities of having the library open at night. The measure was finally referred to the trustees.

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Auditors.—Purdom and P. McKeen, Mr. E. T. Essery moved that a committee composed of the Secretary, Mr. Hutchinson and the mover, be appointed to interview the county judges and see if arrangements cannot be made by which appeal cases, jury and non jury, can be brought up all at once.

Mr. Meighington said it was always customary to do so.

The motion was then put and carried.

Mr. W. H. Bertram said Mr. Mowat had promised the Law Society the departmental action of the course, and this should not be overlooked. He would move for a committee to take action in the matter, as he could see no reason why one of the Superior Court judges should not reside here.

Mr. Meredith thought the most practical plan would be to try to do something to extend the jurisdiction of the county courts to $500 and $1,000

Mr. Essery asked why one of the judges could not reside here. It would be a great convenience, and he thought the Bar would be entitled to have one of the superior judges here, instead of having to go to Toronto.

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THE MIDDLESEX BAR.

Business Transacted at the Annual Meeting of the Law Association Yesterday.

The annual meeting of the Middlesex Law Association was held yesterday afternoon in the office of the Clerk of the Peace. The President, W. R. Meredith, Q.C., occupied the chair, and there were present Messrs. Charles Hutchinson, J. H. Flock, J. J. Magee, E. H. Harbran, W. P. R. Street, E. J. Parke, R. Bayly, E. T. Essery, T. H. Purdom, M. D. Fraser, T. Meredith and Albert O. Jeffery.

Minutes of last meeting were read and signed.

The Secretary read the report of the Librarian and Trustees, showing that at last Spring the year 36 had been added, 2 presented, and the library of Mr. H. C. R. Becher had been purchased, consisting of 540 volumes, of which 124 had been sold. Several volumes of law reports had been received during the year, and there were now in the library 48 text books, 6 statutes, 767 reports and digests and law periodicals, 10 professional biographies, and the 716 volumes bought from H. C. R. Becher's library, realizing a total of 1 064 volumes.

The Trustees' report also stated that the Becher library had been purchased for $1,000, the money being raised by the country at five of the trustees in whose names it had been purchased and loaned for $7,200. The special grant of $360 from the Law Society had made it possible to refund most of the amount. As the last report there were 42 members; now there were 49. Presentations of books had been made by Mrs. Scatchard and C. A. Kingston. The receipts had been $1,775 30, and expenses $1,712 30. The assets were in library and $200 in books due by Messrs. Caswell, of Toronto; the liabilities a balance of $649, with interest, due to C. F. Goodhue, and $50 salary due to librarian.

On motion the report was adopted.

A discussion ensued in regard to the procuring of text books for students, some members considering that such a step would be useless. Some favored the procuring of a more suitable room, and also the desirability of having the library open at night. The matter was finally referred to the trustees.

The following gentlemen were appointed auditors for the ensuing year:—Messrs W. R. Meredith, Q.C.; Warren Rock, Q.C.; G. Hutchinson, Q.C.; Creeyn, E. Bayly, W. F. B. Street, M. D. Fraser, J. H. Flock, J. J. Magee, E. J. Parke.

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The motion was then put and carried.

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CHANGE OF BUSINESS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the business lately carried on elsewhere, beg to inform the public that he has on hand a large and well selected stock of fresh, family groceries, provisions, flour and feed, school books, etc., which he will sell cheaper than the cheapest. Goods promptly delivered to any part of the city. Oysters always on hand. Give me a trial. Teas and sugars a specialty.

A. D. GRIFFIN,
Corner Dundas and Maitland streets.
K70-tute-in

CITY TICKET OFFICE
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

3 MASONIC TEMPLE, LONDON.

SINGLE AND RETURN TICKETS TO ALL STATIONS.

Through tickets issued to all points in Canada, the United States and Europe at lowest rates. No trouble to give information. Postal communications promptly answered.

☞ Office of the Cunard, Anchor, Inman and State Lines of ocean steamers.

EDWARD DE LA HOOKE,
Passenger and Ticket Agent.
1.3dly

Berlin Wool ..... $ 10 oz.
Fancies Knitting Silk, all colors. 3
Boys' Winter Caps ..... 25 each.
Girls' Skating Mitts ..... 25 each.
Baldwin's Fingering Yarn ..... 1 00 lb.
Very large size Corsets ..... 1 00 lb.
Two pairs girls' all wool Hose ..... 50 pair.
Girls' Knitted Jackets 25
Fine wool Flannel ..... 1 00 each.
Women's all wool Hose ..... 27 yard.
Fine Real Jiorde for Hats ..... 25 pair.
Good Ostrich Plumes ..... 25 each.
..... 1 50 each.

AT

BRUNTON'S
AUCTION ROOMS.

☞ THE TRADE SUPPLIED. ☜

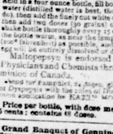
MALTOPEPSYN

Artificial Gastric Juice.

A WONDERFUL FACT, proving to remarkable digestive power of Maltopepsyn:

Two doses (so grains) of Maltopepsyn will digest the entire white of a hard boiled egg (1 ounce) in a bottle of water, or from two to four hours. How much more will it digest in the stomach assisted by the organs? About twenty times the quantity.

Test this for your selves.—It is an food tasting and useful experiment.



Price per bottle, with dose measure attached 75 cents; sent free by mail to Canada.

Grand Banquet of Gentlemen Bargains in Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments, at Caswell's Popular Music House, 179 Dundas street, London, Ont., in Gothic, remain to Count House (city always). Entrance, 2 Wellington street, opposite Post Office. $2.25; Wm. Gilday, repairs at Keighley culverts, $104; John Price, fish, $10.85; James Perkins, meat, $109.34 (6) Your Committee beg to report to the Council that the Weigh Scales Clerk neglects to pay over his receipts to the Treasurer weekly. In accordance with the by-law to that effect, and your Committee request the Council to take some action in the matter.

The report was taken up clause by clause, and the first two clauses were adopted without discussion.

On the third clause, Ald. Pritchard moved, seconded by Ald. Jones, that the by-law be printed and placed in the hands of the members of the Council.

Ald. Browne objected to the by-law being passed, as it was simply a reprint of the acts already in force.

Ald. Beecher pointed out that there were several changes of importance.

Ald. Boyd moved in amendment, seconded by Ald. Skinner, that the by-law be referred back to the committee for further consideration.

Ald. Murray moved in amendment to the amendment, seconded by Ald. O'Meara, that the by-law be read before the Council, and be considered at the next meeting.

The amendment of Ald. Boyd was carried.

On the last clause Ald. Taylor moved, seconded by Ald. Skinner, that the consideration of the clause be left over to the next meeting of the Council. Carried.

The report was then adopted as amended.

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Liquor Dealers

Visiting the City will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONCAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

BRUSHES.

Hair, Nail, Tooth, Flesh, Cloth and Shaving.

A Large and Complete Assortment, a Prices to Suit Everybody.

—AT—

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS ST.

Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes a specialty. tu

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Tuesday, December 12, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 20 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Tuesday, Dec. 12, 1882.

Sun rises ....7.23 a.m. | Moon rises. 8.58 a. m.
Sun sets.....4.29 p.m. | Moon sets... 6.05 p. m.
Day of the year- 346th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter	2nd	3.47 a.m.
New Moon	10th	10.26 a.m.
First Quarter	17th	11.30 a.m.
Full Moon	24th	10.12 a.m.

THE "HEAVY THAW ON THE WAY."

To the Editor.

SIR,—It is now probable that "the heavy thaw on the way," predicted a week or ten days ago by the "Four Winds Observatory," will put in a brief appearance after a heavy snowfall we are likely to get by Sunday or Monday (18th or 19th). This promises to usher in a period of mildness the duration, however, of which is doubtful. Gales on the English and North Atlantic coasts and extremely wintry weather will probably continue through the month, the former being particularly marked about the 15th and 16th. A second cold wave will embrace the St. Lawrence Valley and Gulf close to the same dates.

HENRY G. VENNOR.

DOG STA.
MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Dec. 12, 1 a. m.—The low area which last night covered Ontario has moved to the Atlantic. The pressure is now high over the lake region, and another low area is advancing to the North-west States. Snow is falling along the Upper St. Lawrence and in Nova Scotia. Elsewhere the weather is fair. Lakes—Increasing east to south winds; fair to cloudy, milder weather, followed by snow or in southern districts rain.

CHRISTMAS BAZAAR.—The entertainment to be held to-morrow afternoon and evening in St. James' Schoolhouse, Lorne Ward, will doubtless be an object of much interest. Fancy and useful articles, such as are suitable for Christmas presents, are to be sold. Besides there is to be tea at 6 o'clock, and refreshments during the evening. Together with other courses of pleasure. Three winning Christmas gifts would fa ewill be drop in and look at the work presented by the ladies of St. James'.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT.—The energetic Directors of the Queen's Avenue Skating Rink have completed arrangements for the opening of their new rink to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, and have secured the services of the 13th Battalion Band, of Hamilton, to furnish music on the occasion, the 7th Fusiliers Band, engaged for the night mentioned. The rink will be brilliantly illuminated and if the weather proves favorable, the ice will be in splendid condition. The enterprise evinced by the Directors ought to ensure a large attendance on the opening night.

A BIG MILL.—Messrs Campbell are to build a mill at St. Thomas of stone and brick, five stories in height, with elevator and conveyor, at a cost of about $50,000, and put machinery therein capable of turning out 300 barrels of flour per day, and to employ on an average 30 hands, and to bind themselves that all barrels used shall be made within the limits of the city, in consideration of which the Council agree to convey five lots to Messrs. Campbell & Co.; also to supply them with water. Exemption is also to be granted to Messrs. Campbell & Co. for ten years, provided the mill is kept running

POLICE COURT NOTES.—The most important case before the Police Magistrate yesterday was that of Charles Miller, who was charged with stealing a watch chain from George Gilby at the Coffee House. The evidence as to the prisoner's guilt was considered conclusive and he was sent for trial. Two elderly citizens, charged with being drunk and disorderly on Oxford street Saturday night, were each fined $1 and $2.50 costs. James Davis, guilty who took the team from Lewis' Hotel Saturday night, was fined $5 and $3 costs. In default of payment he was committed to jail.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE THIS MORNING.—There is always a certain amount of excitement at a Custom House sale. Take away and bring into the large assortment of goods to be offered, including extra plate, wares, clothing, machinery, tools of a merchandise, &c. Sale at 11 o'clock at the Custom House.

Secret must'e, full size, large print:—Miss Rosly's Place, Huntly, plays for music. Open dazed to 5: pur'oy, at 237 Dundas street. J. A. BURNS 1121n

BRYCE'S annual auction sale, specially for ladies, this afternoon at 2:30, of Toys, D.lls, Glassware and Fancy Goods.

Her teeth were like pearls that glistened,
Ah! yes, they were beautiful, very,
And I heard her remark as I listened,
"Th' ocmse of my sing 'TEARSBURY."

DULL AND SALLOW—Eyes and skin denote a torpid liver and weak Digestion. Headache and restless sleep arise from same cause. Ayer's Pills correct these now. Before you get worse. A few doses will do it.

Horse blankets and sleigh bells at your own price, at Sparrow's, 235 Dundas street. 15 odtn

Bryce's annual auction sale to-night of toys, books, fancy goods, dolls, glassware, &c., &c., Richmond street, opposite City Hall. 1Cr

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Morris, 212 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools. K17dy

ROY BROS. call special attention to their immense stock of Christmas cards, albums, *portefeuils, le mee*, &c. Cheapest in the city. 1Sd

Blank-books of all kinds made from best material at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Brunner, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the FREE PRESS.

A lot of new studies, colors, and art materials just arrived per "Sir Knox" from Rowney & Co., at CHAPMAN'S, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. McCOY WARNE, 167 Dundas street.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable. — 146 Dundas St. nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES

☞ *Additional Local News on Third Page.*

The sweet boy and buy is the holiday refrain.

Mr. Walker Mills, Manager of the Ingersoll Gas Works, was on a visit to London yesterday.

Mr. George Barrett of the freight department, C. S. R., takes a position on a Manitoba road.

Application for letters patent has been made on behalf of the George Jackson Plough Manufacturing Company, of London.

Hon. Senator and Mrs. Schultz, of Winnipeg, have returned to Ottawa from New York. The Doctor is still an invalid.

The Grand Trunk pay car was the most interesting object of attention for employes at the Richmond street depot yesterday.

Two new arrivals have taken up their residence at the city restaurants, their names being Messrs. Yeomans and Jeremiah.

Rev. H. Douglas Steele, of this city, is announced to lecture this Tuesday evening, at Cronyn Hall, on "The Early Christian Church."

Professor Miner, of this city, played the accompaniments to many of the vocalists at the recent Oddfellows' concert here. Prof. Miller assisted.

The A. O. U. W. brethren are considering the desirability of securing a more commodious lodge-room than that at present occupied by them.

The engagement of General Beauregard and Mrs. Comodore Vanderbilt (whose former wedding took place at the Tremont House here) is announced.

Ann Graham, wanted at Sarnia on the charge of grand larceny, was arrested at Toronto yesterday on a telegraphic order, and was sent west in the afternoon.

A huge ice house is in course of construction at Waterford for the use of the Hammond Refrigerator Company, of Buffalo. The structure has a capacity of 6,000 tons.

The grocery and liquor store of A. W. Kelley, Kincardine, was entered by burglars one night recently, and money and liquors to the value of $50 were carried away.

A son of Mr. Michael Lapore, of Carrick, Huron Co., was killed in the bush a few days ago by being struck with the limb of a tree. The young man was about twenty years of age.

On the 6th inst. the bricklayers on the Winnipeg City Hall proceeded with their work the same as if it were a day in July. The mortar was used to counteract the severity of the weather.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Nitschke have been sadly afflicted in the decease of their little daughter, Florence, which occurred at Blenheim, Oakridge, where they were visiting Mrs. Nitschke's father.

The Canada Southern trains still continue to run on the Grand Western, as the ferry remains fast in the river at Amherstburg, with several cars on board, among them being three carloads of cattle.

Aldergerasker named Harry Donnelly was yesterday arrested by P. C. Pope for assaulting the man Davis in taking the team from Lewis' Hotel on Saturday night. He was remanded to jail to await examination.

The names of the following gentlemen are mentioned, without authority of course, in connection with the Elgin county chairmanship:—Messrs David Mclaws, W. J. Wilts, Henry Kirkland and W. E. Lessard.

In accordance with the resolution presented by ratepayers, Mayor Meredith has called a mass meeting of electors at the City Hall to night, to discuss municipal affairs. There is every indication of a large attendance.

Mr. Alexander Calder, of Winnipeg, formerly of this city, has leased h's new hote', recently erected in Brandon, to Mr. Frank Bolsover, late Manager of the Winnipeg Hotel in that city. It will be opened about Christmas.

The work o' excavating the cut at Windsor for the Essex Centre cut-off of the Canada Southern Railway is now being carried on with dynamite, cases of Dunbar's manufacture from the lime-kilns at Amherstburg doing the work.

Mr. Frank S. Shaw, of London East, yesterday s ipped a large car's gnment of chickens, comprising Black Cochins, Black Hamburgs, and Sebright bantams, intended for exhibition at the great Poultry Show, which opens at Chicago on Wednesday next.

Mayor Van Buskirk has received a letter from a gentleman, offering to establish a cheese factory in St. Thomas to cost from eighty to one hundred thousand dollars, and to employ from eighty to one hundred hands, if the city would give a small bonus.

The Reformers of North Middlesex have called a convention to meet at Allis Craig on the 20th inst., when the choice of a candidate to contest the rid.ng in the approaching election for the Local will be made, and delegates will be appointed to attend the Grit Convention at Toronto.

Mr. Robert W. Jackson, the First Deputy Reeve of London Township, has consented to stand for re-election, and as his services appear to have been directed towards benefiting his constituents and the township generally, there is every likelihood that he will be re elected.

A convention and the annual meeting of the Liberal Conservative Association of West Elgin will be held at Wallacetown on Thursday, Dec. 21st. The chief business will be the choosing of a candidate to contest the Riding at the coming election for the Local Legislature and the election of officers.

Mr. Thomas Shaw, the energetic advance agent of the Anna Pixley company, was in the city yesterday making arrangements for the appearance of the favorite star and company at the Grand Opera House here on the evenings of the 20th and 20th inst. "Milda" and "Zira" ought to draw good houses.

Citizens generally yesterday expressed regret at the dismissal of men from the G. T. R. shops, and one prominent merchant was heard to remark:—"This London Junction business is the worst thing that ever happened the city." And he added, "I'm not going to cut here; the Richmond street station will be moved from its present position before many months."

In 1877 Ridgetown granted McMaster & Co., of the Howard Agricultural Works, a bonus of $5,000, without interest. The first payment o $1,000 was due a few days ago, and the firm neglecting to pay over the sum, the works were sold at the instance of the corporation. The Council has given orders that the bailiff re withdraw, the McMasters having agreed to pay the $1,000 on the 20th inst.

Letters patent of incorporation have been issued to the Carling Brewing and Malting Company of this city. The incorporators are John Carling and Thomas Henry Carling, of London; John Beattie, of Woodstock; Sidney John Macdonald, of Wiarton; Robert Fox, of Lucan, and William Purvis Rochfort Street, of London. The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred thousand dollars.

The announcement is published erroneously for the benefit of fathers and husbands that sealskin sacques are shorter and fit closer to the figure than last season, and are not made with pockets. The darkest shades of sealskin are not only the best, but the most fashionable. This information will save a great deal of anxiety and inquiry, and should be cut out and pasted in the hat.

The funeral of the late County Clerk, Wm. McKay, of St. Thomas, took place on Friday afternoon, and was very numerously attended. The pall-bearers were:—Messrs. Colin Macdougall, ex-M. P.; J. McCausland, County Treasurer; Colin Munro, Sheriff; Col. Stanley, Master in Chancery; A. Malcolmin, Registrar; and Mr. George Sifton, who was for over twenty years a member of the County Council.

The Lancaster (Ohio) *Eagle* says the Holman Opera Company played "Orsetta" and "Pallmos" in that town two nights last week to large audiences. Mr. W. J. Morse, of this city, who plays the double-bass in the orchestra, is highly spoken of for his obligate to Lady Jane's solo in Act I. of "Patience." The *Eagle* says he played it with a precision and mastery of its instrument rarely met with. The leading members of the company are highly sp ken of.

The Sowville divorce suit came up for hearing before Judge Moran, of the Circuit Court, at Chicago, on Saturday. Mr. Sowville having withdrawn his answer to the bill, it was left with Mrs. Sowville to prove his cruel treatment. Mrs. Sowville took the stand and told the story of her cruel treatment. Mrs Harper, her daughter, was then called by the complainant to corroborate Mrs. Sowville's statement, but instead swore that her mother had no ground for a divorce. The case was not finished, and will be resumed on Saturday next, when Mrs. Sowville intends to strengthen her testimony.

Capt. John Ellam has purchased the building from Mr Whitcombe lately occupied by the Whitcombe turning factory at Port Stanley, and Mr. Ellam intends fitting it up for a fish and ice house. One half of it will be so arranged as to have a wall one foot in thickness and as protected that ice can easily be kept the year around. Four hundred tons of ice will be stored this winter. Mr. Ellam has in transit, direct from Boston, a large quantity of net twine, which will be used this winter in building four additional pound nets for next season's business.

Rev. S. L and Mrs. Smith, of St. John's Episcopal Church, St. Thomas, were waited on by a large number of parishioners a few nights since, and presented with an abundance of fruit, vegetables and groceries, accompanied by an address expressive of sympathy in the work, and a hope that Mr. Smith might long be spared as incumbent of the church. Subsequently a pleasant social time was enjoyed.

H. C. R. Becher, Esq., Q.C., was called to the Bar by the Honorable Society of the Inner Temple on the 24th Nov. last. It is understood Mr. Becher does not intend to practice his profession in England, or to reside there. He returns to Canada in the spring, spending the winter, meantime, in the south of France or Spain.

A special meeting of the Elgin County Council will be held on Friday afternoon for the purpose of appointing a clerk to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Wm. McKay. There are quite a number of names mentioned in connection with the position, among them the son of the late clerk.

The officers of No. 1 Company, 7th Fusiliers entertained the members of the company to supper at the Revere House last night. The excellent repast was provided by Mr. McDonald, to which full justice was done, and subsequently considerable business came under discussion regarding the company.

Conductor Mosure, of the St. Clair branch of the Canada Southern, has resigned his position to accept a similar situation on the Selkirk Valley R. R., Virginia. D. W. Atherton will now conduct the branch train.

Mr. William Winnett has met with another bereavement through the death of his five-year-old son, Franklin, from typhoid fever. This is the fourth member of his family who has been called hence within the last five months.

The Christmas season is the time of all the year when a man should try and make a dollar appear as small as possible. Christmas investments yield a magnificent return of good feeling, and it is a market which is always firm.

Mr. George Routledge, of Westminster Township, is not in the field for Reeve of Westminster, as he has no time to run for it as he thinks by between Messrs. John McGregor and J. T. Cropbie.

It is understood that one hundred additional men are to be removed from the Grand Trunk car shops in London East on the closes of the present year.

The fur of Maltese cats is said to be in demand among furriers. It is used as a lining for ladies' cloaks, and is also dyed and made to do service as fur trimmings.

For sunglass from Mr. Thomas, one from this city and one from Windsor, have been fitted with their crews to the Toronto branch of the Grand Trunk last night.

Mr. Freeman Talbot, founder of the *Herald*, and his wife will celebrate their golden wedding at their home in Cleveland, Minnesota, on the 5th prox.

Mr. David Cumberland, of Quebec, will return to this city shortly to resume a position in the Bank of British North America.

"The Christian at work." You may see him almost every morning with a snovel in h' hand.

Missionary meeting in London South Methodist Church this to-night. Good speakers and good music.

The Canada Southern has renewed the running of its stronger trains over its one line.

The snow-plow is wanted on the Market Square.

Middlesex Quarter Sessions.

His Honor Judge Elliott Presiding.

SEVENTH DAY—MONDAY.

The Court opened at noon to-day, but adjourned to 1 o'clock, when the case of Jurgens vs. Blond and Gattis was taken up. It was an action to recover the value of a due bill for $243. The note had been made by one Gattis, while in partnership with defendant, but the latter claimed that he was not liable as that under the conditions of the partnership Gattis had no right to sign such a note, and that no value had been received by him for said note. A verdict was entered for plaintiff against Gattis for $420 and full costs. T. E. Lawson for plaintiff; Warren Rook and Bird & Martin, of Woodstock, for defendant.

Joseph Reid was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the Central Prison for assaulting James Buchanan at Parkhill.

Judge Davis has rendered decision in the case of Johnson vs. G. W. R. for defendants. Reply for defendants.

In the case of McIntyre vs. Dubyn, a verdict for plaintiff for $122 50, and full costs, was rendered.

AN ELOPEMENT.

Edward Head Deserts His Wife and Children for a Widow.

For some months past a man named Edward Mead, a carpenter by trade, has resided on Wellington street. About a week since he took a trip to New York, and returned with his wife and an infant child. It is understood that Mead met the boarding house he formed an intimate acquaintance with a "grass" widow named Mrs. Campbell, and it's stated that on Saturday afternoon "the relict of the late" Campbell departed westward after withdrawing a considerable amount of money from one of the city banks. Mead is also reported to have drifted westward, and it is supposed he has deserted his wife and child, and formed a more agreeable partnership with the fascinating widow.

A Donation Acknowledged.

The following correspondence has been handed in for publication:—

F. H. Fatt, Esq., Sec. Y. M. C. A.

DEAR SIR,—At the last meeting of the North Street Workers' Library Society, the following resolution was unanimously carried, viz :—Resolved, That the book-case and books belonging to the Society be donated to the Young Men's Christian Association, of this city." In accordance with this resolution, I have arranged for the delivery of the case immediately, and the books shall be delivered as soon as practicable. I would also take this opportunity of expressing the hope of the Society that the case and books may prove useful, and of wishing you every success.

Yours very truly,
EDWIN HANSON, Sec.

London, Dec. 4, 1882.

EDWIN HANSON, Esq.:

On behalf of the London Young Men's Christian Association permit me to express our sincere thanks through yourself to the members of the late North Street Workyen Mission Society for the very useful article donated at their last meeting. The bookcase has been removed to our building and will in a few days be placed in position in our members' parlor, where I am sure it will prove a lasting reminder of the kindness, &c., of the donors. The books will also prove a valuable addition to our not very large HISTORY. We contemplate making a special effort to procure some more books about Christmas, and, if successful, the shelves of the book case will soon be filled.

Thanking you, personally, for the kind wishes expressed in your letter for the success of our institution, I am, sir,

Yours respectfully,
FREDERICK H. FATT,
General Secretary.

Victoria Hall, Dec. 11, 1882.

There is much tea drinking by members of the British House of Commons.

The young Duke of Newcastle is being feasted in Baltimore

NORWEGIAN
COD LIVER OIL
—AND—
COD LIVER OIL
EMULSION

All the Leading Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.

WM. SAUNDERS,
CHEMIST,
188 DUNDAS STREET.

METHODIST MISSIONS.

Inaugural Meeting in the London District —An Interesting Affair.

The Missionary meeting in Queen's avenue Methodist Church last night was largely attended, and the speeches received marked attention. A liberal collection was taken up at the close Mr. A. B. Powell presided.

The report was read by Mr. R. J. C. Dawson. The total income of the Missionary Board last year was $159 243 51, an increase of $24,490.09 over last year. The ordinary income from the city churches for the past year was:—

Queen's avenue	$1,066 05
Hamilton street circuit	120 00
Dundas street east	92 39
Wellington street	100 00
Pall Mall	176 00
London East	71 15
London West	114 65
New Brighton	136 00
Total	$3,385 21
Previous year	1,307 74
Increase	$ 417 47

The Committee are Messrs. S. McBride, T. McCormick, S. Screaton, sr., George Robinson, Wm. Saunders, Sheriff Glass, John Evans, S. Dawson, James Eaton, H. R Nelles, D. T. Ware, Alex. Johnston, George Webster, John H. Adams, Jas. Brown, George McBroom, William Gault, R. J. C. Dawson, Secretary.

The Secretary announced the amount of the collections on Sunday as $317.23.

The Chairman then called on the Rev. W. S. Griffin, who after referring to the great progress which was manifesting itself in Queen's Avenue Church, said the subject of missionary work was for Christianity to overtake heathendom in the world. And when the present state of affairs it was almost impossible to do it. The whole Christian Church needed a thorough regeneration and change. All things nearly in business and politics, were conducted in a manner that hardly ignored the golden rule, and in corporations of all kinds there was an entire forgetfulness of the moral law, with a very few honorable exceptions. If a change were made to Christian principles in the methods of doing business in the world, an almost universal cookanphy would result. The world would quickly recover, and if the business were removed on gunshot and thorough Christian principles, the prosperity would be more lasting. Take Christianity principle—and great good as they had accomplished—they only served to remove to the Christian the cause which she sustained through the long between while. So long as this state of things continued, the money and efforts spent in missionary work would be in vain. Until the Church could retain her position in the faith, she would would never become connected. Every thirty years the church received a new generation fresh and pure from God, and it was with them that the main efforts should be spent. He was not blind to the improvements in the religious and moral condition of the people, neither was he blind to the fervent spirit in the church, but the great majority of good men that the church possessed had to sustain and support those who did not. The church was a hospital to-day—a nursery, recruited from the ranks of rebellion and its enemies, and this was what sapped its strength in looking after itself. Two angels sang "Peace on earth, good will to men." Where was the peace? The majority of men were at war with each other in their daily life. Nations had to go to see the folly of war, and now peace was a matter of policy in national life. But the atmosphere of Christianity was distrusted at short intervals with a tempest of doubt and strife. Amongst matters war was not entirely done away with, as in the most Christian one to-day millions of men and money were engaged in the work of preparing for war. It was to be remembered that the time had to come when war would be no more, and this very readiness for the battle kept it on. The growth of Christianity Social disturbances and quarrels were another great weakness of the Christian Church, and not until such things were abated out would Christianity break its fetters. Multiply the members of the Church by the children of the Church. Look well after them; not letting them grow up in such a state as had been received by some in the Church again. Many children of the present day had been allowed to wander out of the influence of the Church, and were never brought back. Missionary work would be prosecuted vigorously, but the world would never be converted until the children were taken hold of from their very birth.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland, the Missionary Secretary, then grasped the magnitude of the missionary work, would like to live a hundred years, to see just how the thing would come out. For it was going to come out in a way that their faith had not yet realized. He noticed from the report that the income last year verged closely on $160,000 — by the largest year ordinary income—and last year $17,000 had been contributed by the juvenile organizations of the church. It gave a statistical account of the expenditure showing that the cost of management, including printing, depositories, etc., was a fraction less than five cents on the dollar, all the rest going directly to the mission work of the Methodist missionaries in the Province of Quebec, shewing the difficulties of making progress among a people, whom he described as the most aggressive Roman Catholics in the world. One great difficulty was that a man who became converted was "boycotted" by his neighbors, and frequently had to leave the country. There were other things more encouraging in their nature, but they were needed to be pushed in a much more energetic manner. Both money and men were needed among the Indians in the North-west. The Government was awakening to the serious trouble which might arise from the half-breeds also that the missionaries had great influence with them, was expressing itself as willing to aid the Protestant churches in that branch of the work. He was glad to see that were in were likely to make progress in Japan. He was glad to see that were in were likely to make progress in Japan.

Rev. Mr. Gaetz proposed a vote of thanks to be spoken, and, in a few well chosen words, directed the attention of those present to the urgent demands of the work. The collectors, Mrs. Saunders, Mrs. Perrin and Miss A. Switzer were also tendered a vote.

The meeting concluded with the benediction.

UNION LODGE NO. 380, A., F. & A. M.—The annual communication of this Lodge was held last night, the attendance of members being large. The election of officers resulted as follows:—W. M., Bro. O. J. Reddy; S. W. Bro. C. E. Sanagan; J. W., Bro. Jas. D. Peart; Chaplain, Bro. Thos. R. Parker; Treas., Bro. R. B. Walker; Sec., Bro. A. C. Stewart; Tyler, Bro. F. J. Reed. The Brethren were subsequently entertained at Bro. Frank Campbell's Restaurant by the officers-elect. A pleasant time was spent by all. Among those present were R. W. Bro. W. Milner, Stanbury, P. D. D. G. W., and I. G. Jarvis, D. D. G. M. of the London District

CHESS.

Special to the Free Press.

New York, Dec. 12.—Spots 1-16 higher; quiet. Futures opened 5, but towards the close weakened, closing barely steady 1 to 2 above Saturday. Sales, 125,000. Southern weather clear.—WALTER J. MILLER & CO.

New York, Dec. 11.—Cotton higher; mid. uplands 10½.

Cheese.

LITTLE FALLS.

Little Falls, N. Y., Dec. 11.—Cheese—Sales of 5,571 boxes of factory at 12½c to 12¾c. 272 boxes farm dairy at 9c to 12c. One hundred and five-six packages butter at 25c to 26c.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Dec. 11, 3:30 p. m.—WHEAT —10c to 50c for Jan.; 95c for Feb.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Dec. 11.—Railroads higher. Stocks closed strong and higher.

RED HOT BARGAINS
—IN—
DRESS GOODS
—AT—
Thos. Beattie & Co's

NOTE THE PRICES AND BUY NOW

35 Pieces Pin Check Cloth Suiting, 15c; worth 20c.
25 Pieces Twilled Dagmar Suiting, 20c; worth 26c.
30 Pieces French Twill Dress Cloth, 25c; worth 25c.
25 Pieces Plain Cloth Dress Suiting, 15c; cut down from 25c.
36 Ends Saveyard Costume Twill Dress Suiting at 20c; well worth 30c.

The great fall boom has now fully begun at T. Beattie & Co's. Small profits and quick returns is the motto of this house. Buying for cash leaves no room for losses and leakages. One trial will convince you T. Beattie & Co's is the true spot at which to buy your DRY GOODS.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Ice wool, only 25c a ball. Arcenes in silk and wool crewels. All kinds of plush. Felt shooting. Berlin wool, 15c per oz. Miss Dermott's patterns, at Mrs. F. Gallena's, 140 Dundas street.

For ladies and children's underwear call at the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Office and Show Rooms, 213 Dundas street, where you can get the best of goods at lowest prices; also ladies' corsets. K17tutwtw

REVERE HOUSE.—First-class in all its appointments. The family hotel of London. Opposite Masonic Temple. Terms moderate.—J. McDONALD, Proprietor. 14vn

OYSTERS.—For two weeks I will sell oysters at twenty-five cents per quart, and thirteen cents per can. All warranted fresh.—R. MOUNTJOY.

MISS J BUCKLEY, 213 Dundas street, for cap fichus, French flowers, laces, &c. New silk bone just arrived. J1My

Order your XMAS cakes and confectionery at Gerrie Bros', opposite McCormick's, Dundas street, London East. Fresh oysters in bulk or can. L6dtn

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear, and gents' men's shirts, also ladies' mantles and trimming s go to MRS. JOHNSON, 161 corner of Richmond and Simcoe street, London, Ont. L6tu

Ladies' Wool Scarfs and Breakfast Shawls. Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts &c., just opened out at J. J. GIBBONS'.

Received at W. J. Carrie's, 417 Richmond street, the beautiful little song and chorus, "We Never Speak as We Pass," by Carleton. Price 40c. post paid.

NEW Velveteens and shoods Cloth, in black and colored, received at J. J. GIBBONS'.

CHRISTIE ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignments of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year presents, gifts. Call and see the Gallery. The old reliable store, established 1870. L21y

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 80 Dundas St., Mrs. A. MYER, Nicolas Block. New fall stock of millinery. All the latest shapes and newest styles. Prices very low. A call solicited. 1Ctwtw

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes. New lasts; finest stock; perfect fits.—404 Clarence street, London, Ont. L17y

MILLINERY.—Mrs. A. M. Dumoe has just received the cheapest feathers and flowers in the city, and hats and bonnets of all the latest styles. Come and see me at 382 Richmond street. Call and see them, they are very cheap feathers. K17y

CHANGES taken on in fountain pens by any painter. All ink's diseases cured. Purity guaranteed by using my Invigorator. Illustrated gives. J. A. MOORHOUSE, 93 King street. D16tu

CITY CROCKERY STORE—HALL & CO.—Bedroom sets a specialty. By small expenses we can sell cheaper than our neighbors. No. 12 Market Square.

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry. Repairing a specialty. Diamonds, Coin and Ink Stands from Colorado. Give us a call.

NOW IS JUST TIME to buy a "Peerless" woven wire mattress. they are selling at greatly reduced prices at the factory, 92 Richmond street. E. N. HURD L17y

MANHATTAN FEED.—GEO. MCINTOSH, seed merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square. Sells the marvellous feed for horses, cows, calves, and all kinds of stock. Has given immense satisfaction everywhere. Try a sample lot.

VISITORS to the city will find HAWTHORN Hotel Restaurant, 305, 307, 309½ Dundas street, the top notch place for meals. Open day and night. Meals served daily, in bulk and in chunks. Everything reasonable and to season.

C. R. GRAVES has now in stock a full line of wall papers, window shades, spring rollers and fixtures. Also a large stock of paints, kalsomining and tints put up by best workmen in town or country.—322 Dundas street.

JOSEPH ARCHDEACON, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes. Fit guaranteed. The best material at 213 Dundas street cheaper than any other place in city. D16tu

FRENCH OYSTERS.—A. MCGUIGAN, City Hall

Miss Hardie's, 305½ Dundas street, for latest styles in millinery and fancy goods at lowest prices. Nice assortment of flowers, feathers and birds just arrived. Newest styles in hats Fotsdel crown hats, fine straw 50c. Large lot of new wreaths from 15c. up. New stock of fine wools. Best Berlin wool 15c. per oz. New goods for fancy work. Feather and chair strips, worth 25. selling for 15.5. Some beautiful buckles cheap. Ladies' and children's underwear ready sale and to order. Agents for domestic paper patterns, stylish, simple and reliable. Call for catalogue. G18tu

FLOUR down again, $5.25 retail, and $4.75 wholesale. Telephone communication Goods delivered free to all parts of the city and suburbs.—J. D. SAUNBY, 255, 257, and 259 York street. 19tf

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred then and dollars' worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold with out reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall an winter goods before the rush is broken up.—H. S. MURRAY & Co.

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap. —291 Rideau street.

ROLLED PLATE JEWELLERY.—Fine jewellery; Swiss, English and Waltham watches. American and Canadian clocks; wedding rings. Masonic and Odd-fellows' presentation jewels made to order at WHITLAW'S, 228 Richmond street, two doors north of City Hall.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
—AND—
WINDOW GLASS.
Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. purity and Fin ssm Guaranteed.
FINE GARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY
R. LEWIS
254 RICHMOND STREET.

P. J. Daly
IS CONTINUALLY OPENING UP
NEW GOODS!
HIS STOCK IS COMPLETE IN EVERY LINE.
BEFORE PURCHASING YOUR
BOOTS & SHOES
for winter, don't fail to give me a call and inspect my goods and see prices
125 Dundas street, Molsons Bank building.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!
GRAND EXHIBITION
—OF—
Crockery, China and Glassware
FROM ALL COUNTRIES.
FANCY GOODS,
PLATED WARE!
Grandest Display & Finest Showrooms in the Dominion.

China Tea Sets at $3 50.
Decorated Dinner Sets at $10.
Toilet Sets at $1.50.
Electro-Plated Ware, Minten's Majolica, Dresden China Flower Goods, French Flowers, Powder Sets, Motto Cups & Mugs, Moustache Cups.
Toy Tea Sets, China Figures, Tete-a-Tete Sets, Vases in Great Variety, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c.
Look at Our 15c Tables, 25c Tables, 50c Tables, 75c Tables, $1 Tables.
W. J. REID & CO
CRYSTAL HALL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Liverpool.

Liverpool, December 11, 11.30 a. m.

	Dec. 5	6	7	8	11
Flour	12	12	12	12	12
Wheat, spring	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11
Wheat, No. 2 red	10 1	10 1	10 1	10 1	10 1
Wheat, No. 1 Cal.	10 3	10 3	10 3	10 3	10 3
Corn	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4
Oats	5	5	5	5	5
Peas	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3
Pork	77 6	77 6	77 6	77 6	77 6
Lard	58 6	58 6	58 6	58 6	58 6
Tallow	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6
Cheese	63 6	63 6	63 6	63 6	63 6
Bacon	57 6	57 6	57 6	57 6	57 6

The following table shows the highest quotations for the week:

	Dec. 5	6	7	8	11
Flour	12	12	12	12	12
Wheat, spring	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11
Wheat, No. 2 red	10 1	10 1	10 1	10 1	10 1
Wheat, No. 1 Cal.	10 3	10 3	10 3	10 3	10 3
Corn	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4
Oats	5	5	5	5	5
Peas	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3
Pork	77 6	77 6	77 6	77 6	77 6
Lard	58 6	58 6	58 6	58 6	58 6
Tallow	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6
Cheese	63 6	63 6	63 6	63 6	63 6
Bacon	57 6	57 6	57 6	57 6	57 6

Chicago.

Reported by Highoney & Hellmuth, London, Ont.

Chicago, Dec. 11.—Opening at 3 p. m.—The following table shows the fluctuations of the leading articles:

	Opening	Noon	Highest	Lowest
Wheat, Dec.	94½	94½	94½	94½
" Jan.	94½	94½	94½	94½
" May	97	97	97	97
Corn, "	47	47	47	47
" Jan.	47	47	47	47
" May	47½	47½	47½	47½
Pork, "	17 45	17 45	17 60	17 45
" Jan.	17 45	17 45	17 60	17 45
Lard, "	10 25	10 25	10 35	10 25
" Jan.	10 25	10 25	10 35	10 25

Chicago, December 11—FLOUR—Receipts, 14,000 barrels; shipments, 11,000 barrels; market dull and unchanged. WHEAT—Receipts, 70,000 bushels; shipments, 30,000 bushels; market opened steady, declined ½c, and closed weak; No. 2 spring, 94½c bid for Dec; 94½c bid for Jan; 97c bid for May. CORN—Receipts, 200,000 bushels; shipments, 100,000 bushels; market opened steady, declined ½c, and closed weak; No. 2, 47½c bid for Dec; 47½c bid for Jan; 47½c bid for May. OATS—Receipts, 80,000 bushels; shipments, 30,000 bushels; market opened steady, declined ½c, and closed weak; No. 2, 32c bid for Dec; 32c bid for Jan; 33c bid for May. RYE—Receipts, 2,000 bushels; shipments, 1,000 bushels; market dull and unchanged. BARLEY—Receipts, 1,000 bushels; shipments,

RLING & CO
PIRITS and Maltsters.
W ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR
n Amber Ale, XXX Porter
AND STOCK LAGER.
LF & HALF,
ommended by the medical profession
for invalids.

Died.
...ber 16th, Helen Bruce, wife of David ... 66 years.
...ed on Monday, the 18th, from the ...ence, near Westminster Bridge, at ... Service at 2.30.

ASSEMBLIES
EGATIONAL CHURCH
...s of fancy and useful articles, suit... ...mas presents, will be held on ... ending, the 19th inst., in the ... on, under the auspices of the ... society. Grocery, Confectionery, ... 4 p. m., and during the even... ...ic will be rendered. Admission ... 27
BALL AND SUPPER
held at the Montgomery House, ... Road, on Monday evening, 1st ... ...ance will leave the Western Hotel ... o'clock sharp. Tickets, $1. Gentle... ...o. Lincoln
SOCIAL AND BAZAAR
...ongregational Lecture Room on ...ember 19th. Open from 2 o'clock. ...al programme. Admission—10cts. ... L1651
CANT ORPHANS'
...he annual Christmas tree will ... the Home on Friday, December ...o'clock. Contributions thankfully ... can be sent either to Mrs. ... Thorne street, or to the Home. ... cordially invited. L 561
QUEEN'S AVENUE SKATING RINK.—Open daily from 2 to 5.30, ... o'clock p. m., and on the morning ... Wednesday and Friday from ... Admission—Gentlemen, 10c.; ... dren, 5cts. Season tickets may ... at 2 Northumber's and at the ... L1551
OPEN, THE EMPEROR
...ay, the Presidents of the United ...ounced with delight to the Thea... ...e Smugglers. Victoria Hall. ... Tickets—Reserved seats, 50c.; ... ...'s, on Monday morning. 17
MEETINGS.
ANNIVERSARY TEA - MEETING—Thornton St. Methodist Church, ... Dec. 19th. A first-class ... ...ed with delight to the Theatre ... Box Smugglers. Victoria Hall. ... Tickets—Reserved seats, 50c.; ... ...'s, on Monday morning. 17
PHILHARMONIC ASSOCIATION—For concert this Monday ... Society's room, Carter House. ... Secretary. L1651
ANNUAL LODGE NIGHT—... of the Manchester Unity of ... ...ld in their rooms, Provincial ... ...ating a Richmond street, ...ing next, at 7.30. GILBERT, Sec. 17
LOST OR FOUND.
...ard under this heading one cent ... insertion.
A KEYS FOUND—... ...ription of owner, and ... ...ly at the corner of this office.
A SELF ROBE LOST IN ... ...ntered to be in northern part. ... be conferred with by applying ... on Central. L1651
NEW YORK STREET ON ... ...ng, between the Grand House ... Depot, a small Red Jacket ... ...ll please return to Grand ... L1651
FAITH FOR SALE.
THE CAPITAL OF ... ...TENDER. The ... ...s appointed Agents of the ... ...ds of the Empire and ... ...n the main line of the Canadian ... ...ay west of Brandon. Over ... ...ns of Stories, for sale at ... ...ds, on easy and full pay... ...at our office, 143 Richmond ... ...RICHARDSON, Secretary. ... L1651
FOR SALE—ON ... ...ront and Adelaide. Apply to ... ...Apply to J. B. DUNCAN, ...London.
TO PURCHASE.
...EET OLEAN INCH ... ...h delivered for cash ... ...ll purchase again. Apply ... ...Gas Co., ...LONDON.
LEGAL.
...PURDOM, BARRI... ...ers, Notaries, &c. Offices:— ... Richmond street, ... (Entrance next T. H. PURDOM. ... 1m
...T, SOLICITOR, ETC. ... Block, Richmond street, ... 1551y
...HAM & MULKERN ... ...s, London. ... Corbett and Richmond ... 1551y
... F. MULKERN, ... FRED F. HAMPEN.
...ES & LUSCOMBE, ... Office—Rooms Nos 5 ... ...treet, London, Ont. ... ...Barristers, &c. Old Wes... ...Entrance 1551y
...N & M'KILLOP, ...RISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. ... ...London, Ont. ... ...Money to Loan. ... ...Offices, over Bank of Mon... ...ARTHUR. 1551y
A. B. M'KILLOP. 1551y
MEDICAL.
...DS & M'FAGGART, ...ss street, over Fitzgerald's ... ...ry. Residence, 97 King ... ...Medical School. Special atten... ...s of the heart and lungs ... ...omen and children. ... ...w-ne-hs
...S & WISHART, ...ewrence and Wellington ... 1551y
...J. WISHART, M. D., ... Fellow of the Royal ... Edinburgh; Member of ... of the Royal College of ... England and Ireland; ... ...ate Physician of the Roy... ...Hill and Throat.
McLEAN, LICEN... ...ollege of Surgeons, Licen... ...of Physicians, Edinburgh, ... 394 Dundas St. 1551y
ARTHUR — OF... ...ness corner Maitland and ... ...phone connection. ...dths
DINER, L. R. C. P., ...s, Office and residence, ... at. London East. 1551y
D THROAT—DR. ... C. P., L. R., Surgeon on ... ...d to Throat, ...Ear and Lungs. Consult... ...Hospital, and Central Dis... ...pensary, may be consulted ... ...nto, Saturdays excepted. ... 1551y
ND SHOES.
CHEAPEST BOOTS ... ...MERCHANTS, 192 Dundas ... ...Boots made to order from ... ...to better styles. Give us ... ...Lowest
SHOES,—EVERY ... ...rder, neat, stylish and ... ...ut. Call
RUTS, &c.
...ONES (LATE S. ... ...ufacturing, Surveyors and ... ...—Albert Jones, Architect ... and Civil Engr., Mem... ...JONES. Kirks-co

Go to PHILIP COOK'S New Stand for Books and Stoves—179 Dundas St., 4 doors east of Richmond st.

The Free Press

GOOD ADVICE—Go to Philip Cook's for Books and Stoves and save 10 per cent.—179 Dundas St., 4 doors east of Richmond.

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., MONDAY, DECEMPER 18, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8349

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES!

THE EMPRESS"

For 1883 is the best and most perfect Skate made. Fits any boot or shoe; and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock. Gives entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agents in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh
127 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading 25 cents per word each insertion.

ORGANIST WANTED. — FOR Knox Church, St. Thomas.—An organist and choir master must be a member of an Evangelical denomination—Presbyterian preferred. Applicants must be thoroughly competent, and able to furnish satisfactory testimonials as to character and ability. Salary expected, $250. JAS. McCORKEL, Sec. Board of Knox Church, St. Thomas. M11-eod

WANTED—A FEMALE ASSISTANT teacher for School Section No. —, Delaware. Apply to Chas. Jas. Fox, L2481-wl

WANTED, FOR A SHORT time, two boys to deliver telegrams. Must be well acquainted with the city. Apply Grant North-western Telegraph Office. W. C. FURNESS, Manager.

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading 25 cents per word each insertion.

CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO, good, to wait on table, and one first-class Sitting-room girl, capable of taking full charge of Sitting-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to S. PEMBER, Queen's Hotel, Chatham. J1551

WANTED—50 GENERAL SERVANTS, 10 cooks, 3 chamber girls, 3 dining-room girls, 2 nurse girls, 7 kitchen girls, 1 laundress; girls wanted for other cities and towns. Apply at DOMINION Employment and Intelligence Office, 36 Dundas street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this heading 25 cents per word each insertion.

A RARE BUSINESS CHANCE. In town, rising rapidly, 15 miles from Paris, 7 from T. H. & B. R., and six miles from London. I now offer to sell the balance of my stock, such as Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., and the entire business and fixtures attached to carry on the business; and will rent the store and all room for four years and live goods from the time appointed to leave, the first day of March, 1883, or come sooner by agreement if required. It is one of the best business stands in the Province. The Post Office is in the same building, and will pay half the rent. No other store in the village, and a safe, first-class business to done. Satisfactory reasons given for selling out. Goods, if not sold, will be passed of, with a good stock attached. Address, with real name, to JOHN MCKAY, Box 1, Ontario before 1st February next, after that date any liabilities are required to be promised for by the undersigned. Address—JOHN F. KERVIN, Hyde Park, Ont. 1551-eod

FLOUR MILL FOR SALE, COMPLETE, at half the original cost, in a progressive town. Also 2 lots in new city of Regina. Apply to JNO. SUTHERLAND, Agent, 207 Dundas st. J1551

HOTEL FOR SALE IN THE thriving town of Ingersoll. Being a first-class business stand, and in good repair; must be sold. The proprietor cannot attend to the business. Apply to WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, Brussels P.O. 1551

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY FOR SALE.—Doing a good business; only gallery in town. Lease, good-will and fitting cheap. For particulars address Box 54, Petrolia, Ont. 276

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE to let, cor. Colborne Ave. and Highbury st. Apply Preston Livery, Wellington st. L1151

PLEASANT FRONT AND BACK room, furnished to suit taste of lodgers, with or without fire, 205 Clarence street. 0dd

STORE TO LET, NO. 360 RICHMOND street, a few doors south of King. This is one of the principal stands in the city; back and front entrance. Lease, if sold. 20 foot; good cellar, lane, &c. Apply to FRANCK, WELD & CO., Send Post Office. 1551

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albion Buildings, Richmond street, in rear, suitable for Knox and New York Express Co. and Montreal Telegraph Co. Rent moderate. Apply to C. CODY, Albion Hotel, or to W. D. BOWLES, Land Agent, Albion Buildings. 1551 eod

TO RENT — A SUPERIOR house on Talbot St. Immediate possession. Stock and cart water and gas. Rent, $24. Apply at this office. L551

FOR SALE

CONSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, Engravings, etc. Samples can be seen at Peels Photo office. Sold prices you named. Good chance for auctioneers and country dealers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NEW ADDITION TO J. E. BELCHER'S Billiard Parlor. A four-tabled Bowling Alley will be opened on the first of the New Year. Give us a call and try our new beds.—79 Dundas St. L1551

DAYTON'S DANCING ACADEMY, Nilsonker's Block, Dundas street. Class for gentlemen, Monday night at 8. Ladies, Tuesday afternoon at 3. Gentlemen, Saturday afternoon at 2. For terms apply at Nilsonker's Music Store.—D. DAYTON, Teacher. J1551y

MISS E. B. ALLEY, DUNDAS Street, has a large assortment of fancy goods, suitable for Xmas and New Year's presents. Also a large stock of millinery, which she is offering very cheap. 7dly

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at 24a Burwell street (4th house from Dundas street, east side), by D. O. MONCKMAN. 1551dw

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence or office of RICHARD HARDEN. L551dwly

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE ENQUIRY and Collection Agency, 45 Bleury St., Market Square, Kingston, Ont. Strictly confidential. Enclose stamp for reply. 1551dly

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS Co. — For sale by the Free Press Printing Co., one of those excellent presses, Taylor & Gorham Style. Does excellent work. Has been in use 18 months. In well suited for a country office. For specimens of work, prices and other particulars apply at this office.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. — SELL your Cast-off Clothing to A. Mosses, 377 Clarence street, for he pays the highest price for them, gives him a trial, for he treats all in that line. Orders left to call will be promptly attended to. 1551dwly

PARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF Clothing will do well to call on T. Fox, the Oriental Pawn-broker. Loads money on Diamonds, watches, jewellery, silverware, &c. Business strictly private.—377 Clarence street. J1551y

HARDWARE.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Just received, an immense assortment of FANCY POCKET AND TABL CUTLERY AND A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF PLATED WARE.

HOBBS, OSBORNE & HOBBS, Waterloo Buildings, Richmond street.

V.T.C
TWIN-NAVY
Smoking Tobacco,
MANUFACTURED
FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.
mwf

FOR 30 DAYS.

Gas Fixtures, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Portable Lamps, &c., &c.,
—CHEAP—
Jobbing Work in Plumbing and Gasfitting Promptly Attended to.

HEARD & GREENAWAY,
Steam & Hotwater Heating Engineers.
10 MASONIC TEMPLE.
J1mwe-y

SMOKE
CAP
ANA
CABLE
CANDELE
PADRE
Cigars.
To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by
S. DAVIS & SON
MONTREAL
TORONTO BRANCH—S. Davis & Son, Factory—24 and 26 Scott St., 72 and 74 Front St. West.
New Factory—102 King Street, Montreal

CAUTION
EACH PLUG OF THE
MYRTLE NAVY
IS MARKED
T. & B.
IN SECRET LETTERS.
None Other Genuine!
CALIFORNIA
WINES
From the Sunny Slope Vineyards,
—AT THE—
NEW YORK STORE.
London, Dec. 15, 1882. dvs

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Street (between Waterloo and Colborne), manufacturer of Gentlemen's Fine Boots to order, repairs furniture and does job work. Work warranted. Terms strictly cash. Thanks for liberal patronage for a few months.

FOR FRESH OYSTERS GO TO the noted Confectionery and Fruit Store, 87 Richmond st. Nuts and candies a specialty of all kinds.—ANGELO DAMORA, 87 Richmond st. 426-eodwly

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam, at James V. Steer's Feather and Mattress Factory, 89 Richmond street, London. 1551dwly

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES Street, Cauliflower Specialist of the Eye, Ear and Throat, Hospitals of London, Toronto, Edinburgh, Paris and Vienna, Consultations free. Office hours, 10 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m. 1551dwly

HAND-MADE CORSETS.—Ladies' corsets made to order and fitted by first-class corset maker. Call at 324½ Dundas street, London. Ladies' own materials made up. All orders executed and promptly attended to. Residence—Opposite to St Peter's Cathedral, London, Ont. 1551dwly

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PARTIES, assemblies, &c. Lessons on cornet and violin.—DUNCAN SUTHERLAND, 222 Hill street, between Clarence and Wellington. J1551

DENTISTRY.

F. H. HALVEY, DENTIST, IS again at the old stand, 169½ Dundas Street, Masonic Loan Co.'s Building.

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST. Chloroform administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Richmond, London. 1551dwly

L. MCDONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS.—Office: Dundas street, four doors east of Richmond street, over David Spendlove's Watch. Chloroform administered for the painless extraction of teeth. 1551y

DR J. M. SMITH, CORONER. FOR ANY EMERGENCY. HARVEY THERLACK, 420 Talbot st., London.

S. WOOLVERTON, DENTIST.—Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Hobbs & Hamilton's store. Entrance next to Edy Bros., on Dundas street.

VITALIZED AIR FOR PAINLESS EXTRACTING.—H. E. MULLIN, D.D.S., Richmond st., corner c. Dundas st.

HOTELS.

OLD CHRIS, SIX YEARS AT the Albion Saloon, has got one on his own hook and opened the Bar of Masonic House, 22 Dundas St. You may be furnished with the best brands of Cigars and Liquors. A call solicited.

KINGSMILL'S

Great CLEARING Sale

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE
—WE HAVE EVER HELD.—

GOODS WILL BE SOLD EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

DRESS GOODS

At the Most Ruinous Prices.

THE GREAT REDUCTIONS

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,
Mantle Department,
Dress Department,
Silk Department,
Trimming Department,
Ribbon Department,
Silk Ties & Pocket Handkerchief Department,
Corset Department,
Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—FOR.—

IF YOU WANT

BLACK or COLORED SATIN

Take Advantage of this Opportunity!

100 doz Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, selling for $1 each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING OUT SALE.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

The Changes in the British Cabinet Completed.

Rewards Offered for Information Relative to the Phœnix Park Murders.

Westgate Denies Having Confessed Complicity in the Crime.

Another of the Lough Mask Murderers Convicted.

A British Bark Wrecked and 24 Seamen Drowned

The Sultan Shoots Dead a Servant Whom He Mistakes for an Assassin.

Threatening Letter Received by the Home Office—The French Expedition to Tonquin—Bafferin's Scheme for the Reform of Egyptian Courts of Justice—Miscellaneous.

Sentenced to Death.

Dublin, Dec. 16.—Thomas Higgins was sentenced to death to-day for participation in the murder of the Baldyre.

Grounded.

Moville, Dec. 17.—The steamer Bibiglo, which arrived from New York to-day and sailed for Glasgow, grounded in Lough Foyle. Assistance was sent.

Twenty-four Lives Lost.

London, Dec. 16.—The British bark Snapping Hall struck on Tuscar Rock, off the coast of Wexford, Ireland. Twenty-four of the crew were drowned, and only two saved.

Dynamite Explosion.

Paris, Dec. 16.—At Mentisen Les Mines two dynamite cartridges exploded last evening, throughout the front of the house occupied by Marin, who registers the output of coal by individual miners.

Rent by Fever.

Dublin, Dec. 16.—The police to night made a raid upon numerous public houses frequented by persons suspected of belonging to secret societies. All found inside of the houses were searched, but nothing of a criminal nature was discovered.

French Imports.

Paris, Dec. 16.—Imports into France the last eleven months increased 106 000 000 francs, rising suddenly in the last period last year. The increase was principally in manufactured goods. The increase of exports for the same period was 177,400 000 francs as compared with the corresponding period of last year.

A Threatening Letter.

London, Dec. 16.—A letter signed "Rory Hill" was received at the Home Office last evening, threatening within the next few days one or more of the Government officers on account of the arrest of Westgate. No reason for the extention of the threat was given. Gladstone yesterday for the murder of the Joyce family. The police at all the Government offices have been doubled.

The Sultan's Views.

Constantinople, Dec. 16.—The Sultan, in conversation with a political personage today, denied all rumors of dissensions in the Government. He said the reports of contemplated abdication were false. He lived in no fear of rash dangers. The blood of the Ottoman ran in his veins, and he had his share of the well known courage of his race. He knew his duties and sources of his people. He had ordered a rigorous suppression of corruption and measures to restore prosperity, justice and order.

The Premier Chambers.

Berlin, Dec. 16.—In the debate in the Prussian Chambers yesterday on the first reading of the bill remitting the four lower grades of the class tax and supplying the loss of revenue thus occasioned by the increase tax on the sale of tobacco and spirits, the Minister of Finance explained that the scheme simply aimed at converting a direct tax into an indirect tax. An attempt, he said, would also be made to introduce the same license tax in the Empire. Debate was then adjourned.

Correspondents Beware!

Constantinople, Dec. 17.—The Porte has addressed a circular to the foreign representatives here, announcing the creation of a special bureau to supply correct information to the correspondents of foreign papers. The circular provides that should a correspondent write anything hostile to the Government, or spread false news he will receive warning. If he repeats the offence his name will be published, and if he repeats it a third time he will be expelled from the country.

Shot Dead by the Sultan.

London, December 17—Last week one of the chief servants of the Sultan received leave of absence to visit his family and drew up a petition to him. When a favorable opportunity presented itself the servant prostrated himself before the Sultan, putting his hand in his bosom to draw forth the document. The Sultan, being enticed with a complaint that the man was about to assassinate him, pulled out a revolver and shot him dead. The affair was hushed up. Now every one in the palace avoids the slightest ambiguity of gesture.

Egyptian Affairs.

Paris, Dec. 16.—The *Temps* officially announces the refusal of France to accept the proposition of the Egyptian Public Debt Commission.

Cairo, Dec. 16.—The United States diplomatic agent presented his credentials to the Khedive to-day. Friendly conversation were exchanged.

Dufferin has submitted to the Egyptian Government a scheme for the reform of native courts of justice. He proposes that tribunals be presided over by European Judges, and that the code be as far as possible similar to that of international tribunals.

British Cabinet Changes.

London, Dec. 16.—The changes in the Cabinet are now completed. The following took the oath before the Queen-in-Council to-day:—Lord Derby, Secretary of State for the Colonies; Lord Kimberly, Secretary of State for India; Lord Hartington, Secretary of State for War; Hugh Childers, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

London, Dec. 17.—The *Observer* believes the idea of appointing Dilke as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, has been abandoned, owing to the difficulty of conferring on a files so closely connected with the court upon one who entertains such views concerning the civil list as does Dilke. It is certain, however, he will shortly enter the Cabinet in some other capacity.

London, Dec. 17.—The *News* states arrangements are in immediate contemplation for Sir Charles Dilke entering the Cabinet.

French Expedition to Tonquin.

Paris, Dec 16.—The French Cabinet has decided to postpone bringing forward a credit bill for an expedition to Tonquin at present. The report of the abandonment of the expedition is without foundation. Advices from Tonquin state that since the end of October the country has been entirely evacuated by the Chinese. The Paris *Temps* urges the Government to seize this opportunity to take possession of Tonquin. The *Republique Francaise* features French democratic opinion does not demand the abandonment of the expedition. The *National* says the difference between Grevy and Jaureguiberry, Minister of Marine, does not turn on the question of dispatching an expedition to Tonquin. Grevy wishes to entrust the expedition to a civil commissioner, while Jaureguiberry objects to the interference of civilians in a military enterprise.

Paris, Dec. 16.—The news from Tonquin reports that 10,000 Chinese who were marching against the French were surprised in a defile by mountaineers, and their rear guard cut to pieces. The Chinese then returned to Kuanshi.

The Phœnix Park Murders.

Dublin, Dec 17.—The Lord Lieutenant issued three new proclamations last evening offering rewards for information relative to the Phœnix Park murders, namely, £2,000 for information leading to the conviction of the assassins, the authorities promising in case that the assassins will not be divulged; £1,000 to any accomplice in the crime not an actual murderer who will give information leading to the conviction of any of the actual murderers or accomplices; £500 for information leading to the identification of any accomplice, or of the horse car on which the assassins rode, or of the assassins' clothes or weapons, the money to be paid on corroboration of the information being given by that in possession of the authorities, even though no person be convicted. Persons desiring to tender information under the proclamation offering £500 reward can communicate with the police anonymously, and will receive answer by advertisement. It is considered significant that the proclamations although issued last night, are dated Nov. 11.

Westgate, the self-accused participant in the murder of Cavendish and Burke, has arrived. He will be arraigned. Westgate now flatly denies that he ever made a confession implicating himself in the Phœnix Park murders, or that he knew anything whatever about the crime.

London, Dec. 17.—A Dublin correspondent says two police heroes who have collected sufficient evidence to sustain the charge of conspiracy to commit the Phœnix Park murders against the prisoners are in custody on suspicion of being concerned in the crime.

Vessel Burned—Two Lives Lost.

London, Dec. 16.—The British ship Glad Tidings went ashore at Prawle Point yesterday, caught fire and was totally destroyed. Seventeen of the crew were saved and two drowned.

The Glad Tidings belonged to St. John, N. B. She was bound from Calcutta to Amsterdam, having called at Falmouth for orders on the 10th inst., and had on board a general cargo of jute, rapeseed, etc. She was 1,292 tons register, and was built at Richmond, N. B., in 1874. She was owned by Wm. Thomson & Co. Both vessel and cargo were insured.

Scene at a Banquet.

Cork, Dec. 17.—Parnell, O'Connor and Sexton arrived to-day. The evening a banquet was given Parnell. While Parnell was being offered a stranger proposed the health of the Queen of the Realm. An attempt was made to eject him, whereupon he drew a revolver. The weapon was wrested from him and he was given into custody. Escaping to a beat Parnell and the cause of Home Rule was rapidly coming to the front. Both the English and Irish parties were very much afraid of the Irish vote.

The Panama Canal.

Paris, Dec. 17.—At a meeting of the Geographical Society on day DeLesseps proclaimed that the Panama Canal would be ready opened in 1888. He described the health of the employes as satisfactory, and stated that the rate of mortality in France did not exceed that in France. Humanity would be saved from small pox, now liable to destruction by earthquakes were quite unfounded.

Spanish Politics.

Madrid, Dec. 16.—In the Chamber of Deputies, to day, the Minister for the Colonies announced the Conservative Manifesto Sermon. During the debate a motion indefinitely introduced by the Opposition was rejected by a vote of 216 to 68.

Extending Irish Immigrants.

Dublin, December 17.—Applications to the Westport Poor Law Union under the Arrears Act for assisted emigrants, number 1,000. Many of the applicants desire to go to Australia.

Extraordinary Changes.

Berlin, Dec. 17.—It is stated Russia has explained to Germany that the changes being made in the garrisons on the Russo-German frontier are unimportant.

Steamer Burned.

London, Dec. 17.—The Orient steamer Cotopaxi caught fire at the dock here to-day, and was completely gutted. Loss, £30,000.

CABLE BREVITIES.

Alfred Olivant, Bishop of Llandaff, is dead.

The French Chamber of Deputies adopted the extraordinary budget without modification.

The Mexican Senate has ratified a treaty of commerce and amity between Mexico and Germany.

John Morris Saunders, who sent Gladstone a letter threatening his life, was acquitted on the ground of insanity.

A Paris despatch says it is reported Prince Krapatkine, a well known Nihilist, was arrested at Thanca, but released on parole.

Falloux—Morris, Sath & Co., the piste fixtures, Swansea; Halliffax £100,000 The Hematite Iron Co., Maryport, Eng.; Habilities £ 50,000.

The steamer Candon, New Orleans for Bremen, is ashore at Felton Coast, Holland. Assistance has been sent her. The Chandon was before reported, apparently incorrectly, to have arrived at Bremen.

In the Colonial Court at Innsbruck a case has been commenced against Baron Alexander Paul Rabbatippe, a cousin of the late Count of Pllesnitz Frederichs, on the charge of embezzling while acting as representative of the aforesaid to the property of the late Gov. Reinhardt, who left a large fortune.

Mr. Forster, speaking at Glasgow, said nobody wanted a war with France about the Madagascar question, but it was England's duty to not sacrifice national interests by respecting the subvenant of the present difficulty, which was urged for the welfare of the Malagasy people.

THE OIL OPERATORS.

Establishing a New Financial Company at Petrolia.

Special to the Free Press.

Petrolia, Dec. 16.—At a special meeting of the Petrolia Oil Exchange last night the gas spoilers of a new financial company, with a capital of $150,000, was approved, and the stock list ordered to be laid open for signatures of intending subscribers at the office of the solicitor. The chief object of the company is to make entrance against crude oil, and thereby keep it from being practically sacrificed. It supplies a want that has been felt for years past. It is already meeting with the support of many influential operators.

FATAL GUNNING ACCIDENT.

A Southwold Lad Shot Dead by his Brother while Rabbit Hunting.

St. Thomas, Dec. 15.—A lad ten years of age, son of Widow Williams, of Southwold, went out to shoot rabbits with an elder brother. It appears the little fellow had concealed himself behind a brush heap. Suddenly a rabbit started close to his hiding place. Hastily jumping up he received in his breast the entire charge fired from the gun of his brother at the rabbit, and raised his arms, uttered a cry and instantly expired.

SHIPPING

Queenstown, December 16.—Arrived, Adriatic.

New York, Dec. 16.—Arrived, Virginia, from Liverpool.

New York, Dec. 16.—Arrived, Belgeland, from Antwerp.

Havre, Dec. 17.—Arrived, Amerique.

Moville, Dec. 17.—Arrived, Ethiopia.

Plymouth, Dec. 17.—Arrived, Etiolo.

Queen Victoria has conferred on the members of the Royal Society of Fulmers in Water Colors the distinction of a diploma signed by her.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Sold Him With for $500.

Winston, N. C., Dec. 16.—Alfred Jenkins, of Stokes county, sold his wife to Noah Gladwell for $500, and then sold his farm and moved away. The woman is living contentedly with her new husband.

A Case of Leprosy.

Boston, Dec. 17.—A case believed to be genuine leprosy has developed in the alms house at Salem in the person of Charles Darby, who arrived from San Francisco a week ago. Darby was some years at Honolulu Chief Botanist to Queen Emma. He has been isolated.

Disastrous Conflagration.

Newport, Ark., Dec. 17.—One of the most disastrous fires ever known here broke out at one o'clock this morning, and laid waste sixty building, nearly all of which were occupied by business firms. Eight brick stores were included in the ruins. Loss, estimated at $250,000; insurance, $150 000

A Terrific Explosion.

Scranton, Dec. 17.—An explosion occurred on Saturday afternoon on the Coverly Road, Moosic Highlands, killing Engineer Marsh, wrecking the engine house and destroying several adjoining buildings and blowing down telegraph poles. The boiler and will throw a number of miles into Lackawanna Ayer.

A Determined Female.

Vincennes, Ind., Dec 16 Chas. Wetzel, a lawyer, attempts to marry Maggie Beck. Anna Stuart says he promised to and must marry her. Miss Stuart has frequently visited Jumped from behind tree horse as Wetzel approached Miss Beck's residence, and at the muzzle of pistol compelling him to accompany her home. Yesterday Miss Stuart obtained papers licensing the marriage of herself and Wetzel. She and her father went to the residence of a Justice and summoned Wetzel. The latter refused marching the girl, Ed. The girl shoved him half a mile with a revolver before she lost sight of him. Wetzel forcibly urges him to leave town, but he refuses to go.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York, Dec 17.—Martin Hess and others were playing poker in Frederick Deckbenner's saloon, in Forsyth street, early this morning. Hess became belligerent and Deckbenner to the extent of 75 cents, and being unable to pay was ordered out. When Deckbenner went into the hallway an hour later Hess sprang upon him and plunged a large knife into his breast killing him. Hess was arrested on the charge of murder. Late last night he escaped from his cell. He claimed self defense. His wife states he was arrested several times in Germany for attempts at murder.

A Branch of the National League.

Jersey City, Dec. 17—Two hundred delegates from various Irish societies organized a branch of the Irish National Land League this afternoon. Mrs. Parnell, Rose O'Reilly and John W. Power were present. A speaker of the O'Donovan Rossa stamp urged his hearers to lay aside talk which seemed to be the order of the day, and to adopt effectual measures. Armstrong guns and Winchester rifles. The organization of a Dublin conference was adopted.

A Negro Riot.

Lincolnton, N. C., Dec. 17.—Last night Constable Bowers attempted to arrest Col Williams (negro) for feloniously shooting a pistol-ower. Williams resisted and Bowers shot him. Other negroes, after shooting several persons, attempted to fire the largest cotton factory in the South. Bowers fled and a number of arrests were made.

AMERICAN BREVITIES

Hon. J. S. Orth died at Lafayette, Ind., Saturday night of blood-poisoning. Aged 66.

A New York despatch says an appeal is made for aid to the sufferers by the fire at Kingston, Jamaica.

The British steamer Crest, Capt. James, has been wrecked on the Isle of Selat Sebastian. The crew were saved.

Rev. J. Fletcher Wilcox, pastor First Christian Church, Chicago, dismissed for promulgating heterodoxial views.

Newell Jolly was burned to death in the destruction of his house by fire, eight miles from Gallipolis. His wife also badly burned in escaping. Old couple.

Mary Crow (colored), sentenced to jail at Covington, Ky., on Nov. 27, for shooting at a man, has refused food since, and declares that it is her intention to starve to death.

Rose Nolte, one year from Germany and soon to become a mother, betrayed and deserted, threw herself before a train at Cumberlandville, O., Friday night, and was fatally injured.

Expert accountants who have been examining the books of the Brooklyn Board of Education have just completed the work, and find that ex-Secretary Stuart embezzled $250,000.

At Lawrisburg, N. C., Michael McPall assaulted Hatton, a constable, with a knife. The latter shot McPall's brother out. One Quick fired at Hatton, and the latter fatally shot Quick.

Four thieves are operating in St. Louis on the Jessie James plan. They ride in a wagon. Thus far they have made dynamite on two jewelry stores, securing $1,000 worth of property.

John Rogers and Duncan McDaniel, of Richmond county, N. C., quarreled in presence of a girl to whom both were paying attentions. Rogers shot and killed McDaniel. The girl was found unconscious.

A disease has broken out among swine in several portions of Queens, Lineage, N. Y. The animals seem to be most severely affected after eating. The disease is located in the head, throat and finally become blind.

Two hundred and forty Southern Methodist and National Association have been placed upon the black list of the United States Post Office Department. Postmasters have been instructed to return to senders money orders addressed to the Associations.

CANADIAN NEWS.

A New N.-W. Colonization Co.

Montreal, Dec. 17.—A colonization company, organized in London, Eng., with a capital, it is said, of $5 000,000, has obtained a grant of 1,000,000 acres near Prince Albert settlement in the North-west Territory.

Two Persons Drowned.

Kingston, Oak., Dec. 16.—This afternoon Robert Robinson, a son of Wm. Robinson, ex-M. P. P., and John Spencer, a son of Rev. Mr. Spencer, Clerical Secretary, while skating on Cataraqui Bilge, broke through the ice and were drowned.

Shipping Disaster.

St. John, N. B., Dec. 16.—The steamer State of Maine, from Boston, reports that the crew of the wood boat Billow were at Reef Point yesterday. Their vessel has been run down. The schooner Rome Stacy, from Grand Manan, arrived yesterday with the crew of the schooner Ida, of this port, for Bear River from Grand Manan, which had been wrecked at Grand Manan Wednesday last. The Highflyer is a total wreck at Grand Manan.

North Perth Conservatives—A Candidate for the Local

Mitchell, Dec. 16.—At the North Perth Conservative Convention, held here to-day, Mr. George Hess, head of the firm of Hess Bros., furniture manufacturers, Listowel, was unanimously chosen the party standard-bearer to contest the Riding against J. J. Hay at the approaching election for the Ontario Legislature. The meeting was enthusiastic. The delegates from all parts of the Riding were united in the action that Mr. Hess, who is of large influence and popularity, will redeem the Riding.

The Governor-General.

Ottawa, Dec. 16.—His Excellency the Governor-General has obtained six weeks' leave of absence from the Colonial Secretary. Sir William Ritchie, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, left last night for Halifax, accompanied by an officer of the Privy Council, to swear in General Sir Patrick I. Macdougall as Administrator during the absence of the Governor-General. It is learned that Lord Lorne was to leave San Francisco for the South yesterday.

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ELLIOTT BRO
155 Dundas St.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
Orange Bitters, Maraschino, Curacoa, Cherryroso,
Double Gloucester Cheese,
Real Yarmouth Bloaters,
Turbot, Pate a la Diable, &c
—ALSO IN STOCK—
California Wines in wood and bottle, and Very Fine Old Royal Port, bottled by Feuerheerd & Co., Oporto

The Position of the C. P. R.

Winnipeg, Dec. 16.—The *Times* comments upon the alleged attack of the Grand Trunk in the English money market upon the Syndicate, and says the contest is desperate. To proceed with the construction next year the Syndicate must have an enormous amount of money, or else the Company will go under. It is no exaggeration to say that Stephen and his colleagues are face to face with a trying crisis, and as the fortunes of Manitoba are bound up in their position, it is a critical one. Other well informed persons say the Grand Trunk is acting with a view to force an entrance into Manitoba by enabling the Northern Pacific to float its bonds, and close the money market against the Canada Pacific. There is good reason to believe that the situation is more critical than would appear on the surface.

The Weiland Shooting Affray.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Dec. 17. — Claude Lister was arraigned yesterday before the Welland Police Magistrate, to answer to the charge of shooting Clarence Smith on Nov. 19th last, the particulars of which have already been published. He was committed to stand his trial at the Assizes. The report which was sent to the press, that while in jail he had attempted suicide, proves to be without foundation, he merely scratching the outer skin, which seems to have been done with the object of enlisting sympathy from the public. The boy Smith is as well as could be expected. The doctors have failed to trace the bullet, and no doubt it is still lodged in the head.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Dec. 17.—The dangerous condition of the sidewalks caused by the ice will prove expensive to the corporation, as no less than five persons have sustained fractures—three of arms and two of legs—within as many days.

Mrs. Shipley, aged 90 years, was found in a destitute condition in a Lombard street house yesterday, and removed to the hospital. Had her case not received prompt attention she would have succumbed to the cold

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Monday, December 18, 1882.

CITY AFFAIRS.

The disclosures made in connection with the peculations of the late Treasurer show that up to a very recent date he continued to misappropriate the funds of the city. Some have said that the obstructives were of old date, and that those who have been in the Council of late years were not responsible for them. Such is not the fact, as will presently appear, the truth being that some of the largest heats of plunder that were made took place so late as 1881. How long this would have gone on had it not been for a change in the composition of the Council it is impossible to say. But this is clear, that no more leisure were made until men of stricter business habits were introduced into the ranks. And it may be safely presumed that if such laxness as that which has come to light in connection with the Treasurer's office prevailed from year to year, it has permeated the whole system, if such it could be called which was left to run itself without any proper control. What have been the checks and guarantees that the moneys of the people have been properly administered? Absolutely none! The barefaced manner in which the treasurer's department was conducted, the slip-shod way in which the banking was done, is simply shocking. Those transactions went on from year to year, and while the people were gulled into the belief that there was an annual audit, and that their interests were thereby protected, the fact was that this so-called audit was but a convenient screen, under cover of which the most glaring misdoings were carried on with the most consummate assurance and safety.

The Board of Trade did an important service last year in recommending to the confidence of the citizens men who have thus far justified that confidence. And without wishing to particularize, or seem to be invidious, it may be said that it was Mr. Hyman, the Chairman of the Finance Committee, who unearthed those transactions which now make the people stand aghast at their enormity and long continuance. That he had at his back those others on the Board of Trade had recommended he well knew, and it was that confidence reposed in him which emboldened him to go forward and successfully attack that citadel of wrongdoing which some of his predecessors had the courage or the skill to assail. And now that a good beginning has been made to set the affairs of the city upon a solid business footing, it would be a great pity if any temporary feeling, any passing subject, should be allowed to interfere, and thus result the interests of the city to the custody of inefficiency. It is matter for regret that the Board of Trade has not thought fit to make some municipal recommendations this year. It met a few days since for that purpose, but for some reason which has not been made apparent, adjourned without doing that which they escaped to perform. But it is well known that if they had made any recommendations they would have at least included those whose names were on the list last year. It is not too late for the Board of Trade to do this year that for which the citizens thanked them in 1881, and which proved to be the very foundation of those partial reforms which are so full of hope and promise. The questions involved affect us all, just as those wrongs which were so long carried on under the guise of authority are affecting us to-day in the shape of undue taxation. The old system proved to be so rotten that the people rose as one man to sweep it out of existence. So far the work done, though painful in some respects, has been well done, and if it were to be continued it would result in the establishment of such a system of civic procedure as would render the administration of affairs of the city as reliable as those of any first-class commercial establishment. Less we should not accept.

An American exchange notes that Frank Bemberd, a well-known campaign singer of Cadiago, whose death was recently announced, left his wife and daughter penniless. Had he been a singer in the last general campaign in Ontario against the N. P. Government at Ottawa he would likely have got an office from Mr. Mowat. Our American friends are not half grateful enough to their campaign vocalists.

Clinton *New Era*:—As farmers are occasionally making improvements in their method of working, there is one thing in which they might make a change which we believe would be decidedly beneficial, and that is, to increase the size of their fields and thereby decrease the cost of fencing. A county acre field is much easier to cultivate than two ten acre fields. The main objection against enlarging fields, is in the matter of pasturing, and this could be overcome by having a cheap portable fence, whereby it is to divide fields when necessary.

MR. MOWAT'S DICTUM.

The debate that is going on in the Ontario Legislature will be useful in establishing the position of each party on natural questions. From what has already transpired it has been seen that the Grit element is determined to hold on to the controlling policy by means of which so much power has been grasped by Mr. Mowat, to the injury of the rights of the people. The position assumed on the matter of the granting of licenses to houses of public entertainment is an illustration of this. Mr. Meredith asked Mr. Mowat the pertinent question:—

"Why the Messrs Glendinnenes had "not been selected from both sides, as had "been promised."

The pretence that Mr. Mowat set up was, that it was impossible to carry out Government acts except by the friends of the Government. No doubt it has been found that where gross injustice had been attempted to be inflicted for political reasons remonstrances were made. Such remonstrances were inconvenient, and being of that nature those who complained that injustice was being done were summarily removed by Mr. Mowat, and some compliant Grit substituted. That is the way that the promise that was made, that the members of the License Boards should be selected without reference to political considerations, has been carried out. Not only have the municipalities been shorn of the power which once belonged to them, but that power has now been placed in the hands of the "friends of the Government," as Mr. Mowat has said. "The object is clear enough, being none other than to hold a perpetual threat over the heads of those who are engaged in keeping places of public entertainment, so that if their political course did not meet with the approval of the "friends of the Government," they would be in the position to have their houses closed, and ruin brought to themselves and their families. And that it is which goes to day by day by the name of a "liberal policy." If Mr. Mowat's excuse were to be carried out it would mean this:—that no one should be employed in the service of the Government except he were a Grit. No doubt it is that they are aiming at. They have already grasped the appointment of the jailers, the bailiffs, the clerks of the courts, and the License Commissioners, all of which were formerly non-political appointments. And now Mr. Mowat tells us that the ordinary transactions of government cannot be carried out except by the friends of those who happen to be in power. This is, in fact, an admission that Canada should accept the American system, and that upon each change in the position of political parties there should be a clean sweep made of all the members of the Civil Service. But however much this may be desired by the Grits, it is in opposition to which the large majority of the people will not accede. It is not in accordance with the policy of this people of this country that the Government of the day should have in its hands so much power. They want by a numerical majority for the time, but when a strong but large minority where rights should be respected. But if the dictum which Mr. Mowat has just laid down were to be accepted, the result would be that every Civil Service servant would be dismissed, just as upon a change of Government members of the License Boards have been, when it was found Lost their sense of right, of which what was due from man to man, would not permit them to sit quietly by and be the witnesses of injustice without remonstrance.

RUSSIAN FINANCE.

There is the beginning of a financial crash in Russia. Banks are suspending in every direction, and no help can be had from the Government. Indeed, ever since the late war with Turkey, Russia has been trying her credit in every market, and it is said that although the Finance Minister himself made the tour of the continent, has been trying in vain. The London market by the abstraction brought this about, and it will not now, to the peril of the general peace, rehabilitate Russia's credit. There is little realized wealth in Russia, and harvests cannot be anticipated. The existing taxes constitute a heavy burden upon the resources of the country, and are likely to remain for a far longer time than need now be taken account of. Meantime, aggressive military movements both eastward and westward are constantly being made, though when we consider the recent attempt to assassinate the Czar, and the many plots against his life, which recently occurred at Kharkoff, and the wholesale arrests of suspected persons which followed, it would appear as if the Government had enough to do at home to keep the peace. Russia is a country of vast resources, but they are undeveloped, and the people are poor and ignorant. Her finances are in the same state of agitation as just prior to the late war, while Russian subjects of all kinds are assembling in the Caspian Sea, ostensibly to engage in the petroleum trade said to be newly opened there, but really, it is believed, to be in readiness for transport service in case of expected emergencies.

A QUESTION OF RESPONSIBILITY

At one of the seaside hotels last summer, there was an outbreak of typhoid fever, and several of the guests who were visiting had to pay very heavily for the privilege of remaining until convalescent, the proprietor being obliged to close the house to the public. In one case a cheque for $2,500 was paid. It was suggested at the time that instead of paying an exhorbitante price for continued services, the unfortunate guests would have had a fair case for damages at law, in being told that the hotel proprietors were unable to do so unless reasonable evidence of health were complied with, which was not done. A question of a similar kind has arisen in a southern city. The wife of the Rev. George W. Babin was bitten by a rat while a guest at the Markham House, in Atlanta, Ga., one night last summer. Inflammation setting in, she suffered greatly. Her husband now brings a suit for $10,000 this very thing. He sues against the proprietor of the hotel. His plea is doubtless that if the latter is responsible for the conduct of his servants, he should be also for the animals kept on the place.

The *Canadian Sportsman* says:—The vigorous action of the London District fish and game protection association in sending out for signatures, petitions asking the legislature to put a stop to the slaughter of our game and American market hunters, is highly spoken of all over the country. Had our Toronto Shooting Club had the slightest energy, the unruled would have been remedied long ago. No more than a year last, we urged upon them the advisability of proving they were not dead but only indulging in a long slumber, but a we'l try to make the breath of life into the stuffed whale at the Zoo, as to effect a display of energy on the part of the Toronto Gun Club. It is, however, satisfactory to know there are other clubs that have a higher appreciation of the duties expected from their organization, and are prepared to some extent themselves for the public good. The request to be made of the Legislature is so reasonable a one that we doubt not it will be readily granted, and as effectual stopper be put upon the raiding pot hunters, who for so many years have been despoiling the forests and fields of this Province.

If the ladies who are desirous of staying medicine will but wait a while, such difficulties as that which recently occurred at Kingston will be obviated. "The day of formal lectures before students of med cine," a Ph.l. a physician, "will soon be over, all that the professor can say is as well or better said in books, and there are now multiplying enormously, and becoming of superior literature will last, of course, but their chief value depends not so much upon the lecture as upon its practical, daily illustrations. All ambitious students now read up the disease pretended to them as soon as possible after the above o. the clinic."

The Debate on the Address.

Mr. W. R. Meredith on the Boundary Question,

In his two hours' speech on the Address, in reply to the Speech from the Throne, Mr. Meredith, leader of the Opposition, said:—

The hon. gentleman who moved the Resolutions (Mr. Ballour) has said that two grave and important questions are for the consideration of the Province, referring to the disallowance of the Rivers and Streams Bill and the boundaries in this Province. Hon. gentlemen when they talk about the judicial representatives in this House seem to forget that we are citizens of the same Dominion, interested in the prosperity and welfare of the Dominion—(cear, hear)—and while it is our duty to protect the interests of our Province, we are at the same time to take care of the National Government of the country. (Hear, hear.) When the Confederation took place we adopted a new and untried system, endeavoring to build up a great country, owing its allegiance to the British Crown, but a system different from the Motherland, our constitution partly framed from here, and partly on that of the great Republic to the south of us. (Hear, hear.) In the carrying out of the operations of the various Governments it should be the duty of everyone who desires to see the Confederation consolidated to endeavor by all means to maintain harmony between the federal authorities and the Government of the Province. (Hear, hear.) Since the time the Provincial Government came into power in 1871, they have

PERSISTENTLY ATTACKED

the Federal Government. On the 9th October, 1879, speaking at a banquet at Tillsonburg, the Attorney-General announced that his design was at all points to embarrass the Dominion authorities. He said there was a desire on the part of the Federal authorities to interfere with the autonomy of the Province of Ontario. After referring to the difficulties which the Government of Quebec had owing to what he called the irresponsible Legislative Council, he said:—

"We have not had the evil to contend with of a small irresponsible body interfering in matters of administration with which they have nothing to do. But I may, notwithstanding, have a difficult work before me in the next four years. I may have difficulties of a kind which I have not had hitherto. But if I have been found equal to the difficulties of the past, I trust I shall not be found unequal to those of the future. My fellow-Reformers have to look forward to the prospect of having for five years—probably the whole term—a Government which will be opposed in not on that view, and one friendly to the Government of the Province. The gentlemen to be returned from Ottawa will be a man who will enter that caucus room as the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa, and to embarrass and overthrow the Mowat Government of Ontario."

Here we have the policy which the hon. gentleman is about to pursue. I ask him now, in the light of events that have since happened, has he pursued it up to the present? Has it been a policy of embarrassment? Has it been a policy of opposition to the Government of the Province, and has the position of Lieutenant-Governor has not discharged then in a constitutional manner? (Cheers.) The point which he made was that here the hon. gentleman was dubious of making a quarrel with the Federal Government, and of creating a difficulty for the Province.

BOUNDARY AWARD,

before any steps had been taken by the Dominion Government the hon. gentleman was desirous of picking a quarrel with it. He came down to this House and asked it to record in its resolutions that had been passed before anything was done. When the Governments, Grey & Bruce Railway Company applied for a charter which was the reserve line, gentlemen opposite took? Although the hon. gentleman, the Minister of Education, was connected with the company, the only Ontario company that had been brought into the Province as a provincial act, they thought it their duty to make an outcry about provincial rights being attacked. In every way in their power they had endeavored to come into contact with the federal authorities, and make it appear that the Government of the Province, and that it is the rights of the Province of Ontario. (Hear, hear.) Is it so yet? I am. gentlemen are not open to the charge with regard to the boundary question of having attacked the federal assemblies,

WITHOUT CAUSE,

and for party purposes? The hon. gentleman read from the *Globe* of Aug. 6 1878, an editorial article stating that Ontario had its limits realized wealth in Russia, and harvests cannot be anticipated. The existing taxes constitute a heavy burden upon the resources of the country, and are likely to remain for a far longer time than need now be taken account of. Meantime, aggressive military movements both eastward and westward are constantly being made, though when we consider the recent attempt to assassinate the Czar, and the many plots against his life, which recently occurred at Kharkoff, and the wholesale arrests of suspected persons which followed, it would appear as if the Government had enough to do at home to keep the peace. Russia is a country of vast resources, but they are undeveloped, and the people are poor and ignorant. Her finances are in the same state of agitation as just prior to the late war, while Russian subjects of all kinds are assembling in the Caspian Sea, ostensibly to engage in the petroleum trade said to be newly opened there, but really, it is believed, to be in readiness for transport service in case of expected emergencies.

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PERSONAL CHIT-CHAT.

Mr. Stubbs, M.P., is called the best speaker in the Conservative party.

At Chickering Hall, New York, on Friday evening, Sergeant Ballantine, the eminent English barrister, had a crowded audience on the occasion of his first lecture in America. His hearers embraced judges and members of the bar principally, with a fair sprinkling of ladies. The subject matter of his lecture was entitled "The Experiences of an English Barrister." An American audience rarely had an opportunity of hearing and seeing the genuine Englishman whose tone, manner and accent has been frequently imitated on our stages. He was at once accepted as the perfect type of an English orator. His observations, as he himself termed them, were extremely discursive, and before he had finished his audience had dwindled down to about two-thirds of its original proportions. His lecture was anecdotal and without connection or continuity.

Another attempt to blow up, or injure, the *salon de jeu* at Monte Carlo was made a few evenings ago, but was fortunately attended with far less serious consequences than the previous one three years since. Dynamite was again the "motive power," used in the shape of a bomb, and an Italian *detenu* was arrested on the spot. The alarm caused by the catastrophe afforded a rare opportunity for hangers on, who are not over-particular in their recognition of means and form, to appropriate the stakes of those who rushed from the crowded table at the moment. But the croupiers appear to have displayed praiseworthy *sang froid* in their courageous defence of the bank and other exposed money.

The *Cincinnati Inquirer* says that the craving of gipsies by gentlemen is not popular. In one West business a grave against the idea of republican simplicity.

A GREAT COUP.

The Grand Trunk Obtains Control of the North Shore.

Montreal, Dec. 16.—It was stated in a report of an interview that negotiations of an important character had taken place between representatives of the Grand Trunk and North Shore railways, but that nothing definite had been settled at that time, as the arrangements then under discussion have since been brought to a satisfactory issue. The correspondent is now authorized to state that they are.

In the first place a harmonious running arrangement between the two railways has been consummated, such as has already existed, with the difference that the directors of the North Shore have pledged a majority of the stock of the company by transferring it into the name of Mr. Wright, the Grand Trunk Secretary-Treasurer, in trust for the fulfilment of the engagement entered into. Hitherto no security was given for the arrangement in force.

Secondly, the Grand Trunk will be represented on the board of the North Shore by two directors of their selection.

Thirdly, the Grand Trunk has purchased from Mr. Samuel the charter of the Jacques Cartier Railway in order to make a junction from the North Shore at South an Roelles around the mountain to join the Grand Trunk. This distance of road is about eight miles, and will be built in about thirty days from its commencement. It may here be suggested that some of the checks in favor of Mr. Samuel which lynx-eyed journalists got a glimpse of, and attributed to a different object, might be in connection with the same purchase.

Of course, when the short line is built, the Grand Trunk will be masters of the situation so far as connection both east to Quebec and west via the Canada Atlantic are concerned. This stroke of policy, which no doubt has been long contemplated, can only fail to enable the Grand Trunk to have supreme against any combination that may be formed hereafter against it as it has been in the past. It has nothing new to fear from any railway opposition, no matter how powerful or strongly it may be supported. With regard to the politics it may hold hereafter in respect to the North Shore, it is more likely to be progressive than retrograde. It was actually suggested by an important railway magnate that the sole control and direction of the line would at no distant period fall into the competent hands of those who are now the subordinates of the still greatest Canadian railway.

However this may be, I am authorized to state that there will be no change in the board in the immediate future, except the accession of two representatives of the Grand Trunk. This is, as already stated. It was remarked by an influential gentleman, a personal friend of the writer, that the Grand Trunk would undoubtedly, that the present President of the North Shore would likely soon resign, and that Mr. Joseph Hickson, Grand Trunk General Manager, would succeed him. Of course with his retirement would go his colleagues from the Grand Trunk Board, but that would not be the case with the subordinate officials. What the effect of this grand gigantic stroke of the Grand Trunk authorities will be on the company or upon their great opponents, who must feel a good deal cheaper at what has happened, time will only develop. It may be stated here that the increase in the business of the Grand Trunk is perfectly marvellous of late, and the returns are enormous, and will be not say that the gigantic scheme of the Canadian Minister of Lieutenant-Governor has not discharged them in a constitutional manner? (Cheers.) The point which he made was that here the hon. gentleman was desirous of making a quarrel with the Federal Government, and of creating a difficulty for the

BOUNDARY AWARD,

before any steps had been taken by the Dominion Government the hon. gentleman was desirous of picking a quarrel with it. He came down to this House and asked it to record in its resolutions that had been passed before anything was done. When the Governments, Grey & Bruce Railway Company applied for a charter which was the reserve line, gentlemen opposite took? Although the hon. gentleman, the Minister of Education, was connected with the company, the only Ontario company that had been brought into the Province as a provincial act, they thought it their duty to make an outcry about provincial rights being attacked. In every way in their power they had endeavored to come into contact with the federal authorities, and make it appear that the Government of the Province, and that it is the rights of the Province of Ontario. (Hear, hear.) Is it so yet? I am. gentlemen are not open to the charge with regard to the boundary question of having attacked the federal assemblies,

WITHOUT CAUSE,

and for party purposes? The hon. gentleman read from the *Globe* of Aug. 6 1878, an editorial article stating that Ontario had its limits realized wealth in Russia, and harvests cannot be anticipated. The existing taxes constitute a heavy burden upon the resources of the country, and are likely to remain for a far longer time than need now be taken account of. Meantime, aggressive military movements both eastward and westward are constantly being made, though when we consider the recent attempt to assassinate the Czar, and the many plots against his life, which recently occurred at Kharkoff, and the wholesale arrests of suspected persons which followed, it would appear as if the Government had enough to do at home to keep the peace. Russia is a country of vast resources, but they are undeveloped, and the people are poor and ignorant. Her finances are in the same state of agitation as just prior to the late war, while Russian subjects of all kinds are assembling in the Caspian Sea, ostensibly to engage in the petroleum trade said to be newly opened there, but really, it is believed, to be in readiness for transport service in case of expected emergencies.

UNITED STATES ITEMS.

Two of the Pathfinder's daily snatchers yesterday pleaded guilty, and two more were arrested and warrants are out against prominent medical men for conspiring to decorate graves.

Two miles east of Altoona, Pa., Parke Lemmlee and his two sisters, Flora and Alice, returning from prayer meeting, stepped off the track to avoid a passing train and were killed by an engine on another track.

At a meeting of rubber manufacturers at New York it was decided to close all boot and shoe factories in the country on December 23rd for a week, and afterwards reduce the production one-half. It is said this is done to reduce the price of rubber.

Bob Malsner, shot in a recent riot at Opelika, Ala., died Wednesday night. Hostilities were resumed the same night, and for an hour there was the rattle of musketry. Further trouble is feared. Maloney's murderer was arrested, but escaped.

George Bayard and Gustave Perrenoud, New street (New York). Hyper dealers, today pleaded guilty of raising revenue stamps, and were released on $75,000 bail to appear for sentence. It is reported they agreed to compromise by paying the Government $100,000.

At Sedalia, Mo., Michael Leonard's son found a bottle of whiskey on the railroad and carried it home. The father drank and gave some to his wife and three children, aged 8, 6 and 2. All were seized with violent pains and vomiting. The youngest child died.

For three years counterfeiting Brazilian money (rede and bank notes) has been conducted on an extensive scale in New York. Two natives of Brazil are said to be the principal guilty parties. They have gone to Boston to prevent such counterfeiting or punish the counterfeiter.

Christopher Baker, colored, an alleged systematic grave robber, was arrested at Richmond, Va., on a charge of disinterring the body of Lucy Emmons, a prominent colored citizen, last January. Two of its watch-pins were detected at the time, and having restored the body to the grave were allowed to go.

Some boys stole a barrel of kerosene from the front of a grocery and placed it in the middle of Water street, New York. They bored a hole in the top, inserted a lighted fuse, and fled. A loud explosion and flash followed. Edward Hanley, who was passing close by, was fearfully burned. Many windows were shattered. The whole street for a block was filled with a cloud of flame, and the building was in danger.

Martin McMahon, who was Chadwick's patient in the New York hospital, had entered a complaint that patients are most brutally treated by the attendants and nurses. He states that they are knocked down, cuffed, kicked and beaten, and that the nurses, in order to avoid trouble, withhold their food and deny them sufficient bed clothes to keep them from freezing until the demonstrations are completed with. He also mentions other particulars corroborated McMahon's statements, and some half dozen are documented to see the prosecution through.

Charles Eastman, Rufus Howes and W. D. Cowles, superintendent and officers of the Butterworth Medical College, Bowne, were examined before Commissioner Hallett on the charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes. The evidence showed that the College issued degrees and diplomas to incompetent students, and that the character and practice of medicine after a forcical course of instruction covering a few weeks. The defendants disliked they were empowered to do all that was alleged by the laws of Massachusetts. They were discharged.

SIX LIVES LOST

By Boiler Explosions at Canton, Ill.—Engine Houses Completely Demolished.

Canton, Ill., Dec. 15.—About 7 o'clock this morning two boilers in Parlan, Overdorff & Co.'s extensive agricultural implement works exploded, completely demolishing the brick engine house, tearing out considerable of the south wall of the main building, besides shattering glass and otherwise injuring other adjacent buildings. A fire broke out immediately, but it was soon extinguished. The following is the list of killed:—Wm. McCamey, engineer; Louis Hauntosh, fireman; W. C. Henderson, Joshua Oldman, Wm. Miller and Hiram Palmer, all American employés. Saml. Bell and C. S. Armstrong were both slightly wounded, and will probably recover. Two hundred and fifty workmen are out of employment. There are probably no more bodies beneath the wreck. The coroner will hold an inquest this afternoon upon the killed now lying at the engine house of the City Fire Department.

What becomes of all the animals that die a natural death? It is easier to find the vertebræ of a mammoth than the body of a dead rhinoceros. In Ceylon, the natives say that the elephants, when they find that death is about to die, make off to the mountains and hide away in some unknown cave, where no in the lofty passages of Adam's Peak. This is because there never has been found the dead body of an elephant that died by natural causes. It appears that Professor Nordenskjöld was troubled with this problem during his Arctic voyage, and he said that he stopped short. It was easier to find the remains of fossil monsters than the bones of a creature that died a natural death.

The G. T. R. Agreement.

Full Details of the Agreement Between the Michigan Central and Canada Southern.

The *Railroad Gazette* gives the following details of the agreement by which the Michigan Central obtains control of the Canada Southern:—

"The agreement between the Michigan Central and the Canada Southern Companies has now been made public. By it the two properties are united so as to make a line from Buffalo and Suspension Bridge to Chicago, with a great system of branches in Michigan, and a few in Canada, altogether forming a system comparable to that of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, but with a considerably greater mileage and a considerably smaller capital. In its effects on the strength of the two corporations this union is one of the most important recently made.

"Under the agreement the Canada Southern is to transfer its road and other property to the Michigan Central, to be operated by it for twenty-one years. It agrees to issue $6,000,000 of second mortgage five per cent bonds, the proceeds of which are to be expended in constructing a branch to the Niagara falls, the acquisition of a bridge over the Niagara, the replacing of Kettle Creek bridge with a permanent structure of iron, stone, or earth-work for a double track, the laying of a second track on such parts of the line as the Michigan Central shall deem necessary for prompt and economical working; for extending existing branches and constructing such new ones as may be found desirable; for increasing the equipment of the Canada Southern to 125 locomotives, forty-five first-class and thirty second-class coaches, 600 baggage, mail and express cars, twenty-five baggage cars, three dining cars, 2,600 box cars, 200 stock cars, fifty oil cars, 500 flat cars, sixty caboose cars and 100 coal cars; and for making such other additions and improvements as may be agreed to from time to time. The Canada Southern reserves an amount not to exceed $1,000,000 to meet certain claims now in dispute. When all is issued it agrees that the total fixed charges, including interest and rentals, shall not exceed $1,000,000 a year.

"The Michigan Central agrees to work the Canada Southern's lines as if they were its own, pay the taxes on its property, the interest on its bonds, and other first and fixed charges including interest and rentals, amounting to no more than $1,700,000.

"It agrees to send over the Canada Southern all the traffic it can control which originates on the Michigan Central lines, and to foster its general interchange of business with the Canada Southern. It agrees to maintain the Canada Southern in as good condition as it now is, and to keep up the present number of men employed on it.

"From the gross earnings of the whole system there shall be paid first the cost of maintenance, operation, ground, the fixed charges (interest and rentals) of both companies; and the balance shall be divided in the proportion of two-thirds to the Michigan Central and one-third to the Canada Southern.

"After the expiration of five years, of ten years, and of fifteen years of the term, either party may call for a readjustment of the percentages and in case of disagreement the percentage of each shall be fixed by arbitration.

"If the fixed charges of either company shall be increased because the Michigan Central's case will be by the operation of a new grant and retirement of eight per cent bonds by five per cents) that company shall have the whole benefit of the reduction. Issues in the fixed charges made for the purpose of improving the property are to be paid, like the present fixed charges, out of the joint net earnings.

"The Niagara Falls Branch of the Canada Southern and the renewal of the Kettle Creek bridge are to be made at once, the Niagara River bridge as soon as the requisite authority can be obtained, but the second track and the additions to equipment only as required by traffic.

"There is also provision for the further increase of equipment and terminal facilities, if more than what is above named shall be required.

CANADIAN ITEMS.

—Judge Patterson has given judgment in the South Norfolk election petition, resisting Mr. Jackson in his seat.

—The striking Montreal laviers have made a proposition to the employers which is likely to lead to an early settlement of the labor trouble.

—Rev. Mother Superior Alphonse, who has presided over the educational establishments of the Sacred Heart, Montreal, for 60 years, died on Friday last.

—The dispute between the County Council of Bruce and the Registrar has resulted in the passing of an Order-in-Council by the Ontario Government removing Mr. McLay from the Registrarship. Mr. McLay refused to resign when requested. Hon. E. C. Wood's name is mentioned in connection with the position.

—A collision occurred on the Southeastern Railway near Montreal on Friday. A mixed train got separated and the front part had gone a considerable distance before the fact was discovered. In returning to find the derailed cars, the train met a locomotive coming in an opposite direction, when a crash occurred. Eventually the engine and three freight cars, besides the tender, were badly smashed, but the passengers and trainmen escaped with only a slight fright, bruises, with the exception of Brassbard, a baggageman, who received a severe shaking.

—Within the past week or two several dead infants have been found in Catholic Churches in Montreal, where they were deposited by unnatural parents. To-day one of these little waifs was discovered rolled up in a bundle in a pew in Notre Dame parish church by the beadle. When examined it was seen to have its skull battered in and on this no doubt was found that a murder by any blunt instrument. No clue of any kind has turned up by which the perpetrator of the foul deed can be brought to justice.

—Information has been received from Bytheland, Que., that the dispute regarding John Craig, who was represented as having killed a young girl with a revolver and killing a little boy, is not literally correct, as there was no girl in the case. It appears Craig was following Myron Quimby, a boy named Armstrong in a buggy, with whom he was on the most friendly terms, when a man named Mallis attempted to hold him up brutally in the vehicle. While attempting to draw a revolver from the right of Quimby Treasure' pocket, one of the charges went accidentally exploded. The ball hitting the boy in the left breast, killed him instantly. Craig then gave himself up to justice, although the facts of the shooting has made no case against him, believing the affair a pure accident.

Molasses Instead of Beer Butter.

"Paterfamilias" thus writes to the Montreal *Witness*:—

I have often wondered how it is that housekeepers continue to use butter at the present extreme prices, when so excellent a substitute can be had in the article of molasses. It is well known that the great bulk of the butter now in general use is rancid and out of condition, and therefore less injurious as human food, letting alone the fact that oleomargarine that is selling undiscovered in its butter is nothing more than pork and beef fat scientifically manufactured. In molasses—I refer to Barbadoes, Antigua and Porto Rico—one has the genuine juice of the sugar cane, without the slightest admixture of any foreign substance, and therefore necessarily the purest of all food. And then for paties, it is not more than one half the cost of butter. In Newfoundland butter is but little known, molasses being in general use, and for sturdy health the children of that Island will compare favorably even with Englan herself. Great Britain also is now consuming this article in enormous quantities—it is universally used where there are children, in porridge, and on bread, and with other articles of diet, and is admitted to be more nutritious and healthy than at least poor butter can possibly be. I find in Canada, especially in the Province of Quebec, that the importation and consumption of West Indis molasses has increased nearly fourfold the last three years, showing that our French-Canadian fellow-citizens see the advantage and benefit therefrom. I do not refer to syrups, as often these are overboiled to get brightness, but to the West India sugar cane molasses, to be bought at any of the large grocers in our cities. I feel sure of this, that a more general use of it in our families would not only be more economical, but absolutely more beneficial to health, and afford more nourishment than the washed stuff poisoned ill on the baking chimes especially, called butter, but in reality nothing more than vile compounds.

Patrick Sinkers, of Mount Pleasant, Iowa, sent and added his step mother, with whom he had often quarrelled. He is a teetotaler. Just before the fatal drink he said: "That drink has come for me," and died.

New Advertisements.

A. S. MURRAY AND CO'Y,

JEWELLERS, RICHMOND STREET,

Would inform their friends and patrons that for Christmas and New Year's they have gone into something entirely new. In addition to their already immense assortment, they show full lines of Gorham Solid Silver Goods, consisting of Cream Ladles, Preserve Spoons, Jelly Spoons and Knives, Sugar Spoons and Sifters, Pie Knives, Cake Knives, Butter Knives, Gravy Ladles, Oyster Ladles, Pickle Forks, Cheese Knives and Scoops, Salt and Mustard Spoons, Fruit Knives, Olive Forks, Dessert Sets, Coffee Spoons, Child's Sets, Pap Fowls, and a full assortment of Tea, Dessert and Table Spoons. We spare no expense or trouble to give our customers as fine and elegant a stock to choose from as may be found in Canada, and at the lowest possible prices. We are sole agents of Gorham Mfg. Co., New York, and guarantee above goods. Just opened out, our Gold and Silver-headed Canes, Gold Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Our Plated-ware and Cutlery all reduced, and to be cleared out regardless of price. A pleasure to show our goods.

A. S. MURRAY & CO.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
C. J. WHITNEY..... Lessee and Manager.
Two Nights—Tuesday, Dec. 19th, and Wednesday, December 20th
ANNIE PIXLEY,
—AS—
M'LISS,
CHILD OF THE PLAINS.
Miss Pixley will appear in her new play, written for her by FRED. MARSDEN, Esq., entitled
ZARA
Supported by Geo. C. Boniface, Emma Gledhill, Blanche Monilton, and a company of artistes.
Popular prices. Reserved seats at Murray's. Lit6d

GRAND CARNIVAL!
A GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL will be held at the
Queen's Avenue Skating Rink
On
Thursday Evening, 21st Inst.,
on which occasion the Cricket of the Full Moon, with the Three Crowns, will be present.
Admission Fancy Dress, 50 cents; Skating Free. Full Band in Attendance.
ADMISSION—25c. 1 2r

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—FRIDAY, December 22nd, 1882.
"LITTA" GRAND CONCERT CO.
PROGRAMME—PART 1.
1. Piano Solo—Grand Polka de Concert.....Mr. Frank Harrison
2. Aria—"Mogio Pinto".....Mr. Julius Beverly
3. Song—"Sweet Bird".....Mrs. Louis Simmonds
4. Aria—Qui La Voce (Puritani).....Miss Hattie Fuller
5. Aria—"La Fiora del Destino".....Sig. Rinaldo Rinaldini
6. Song—"I Love my Love".....Miss Annie E. Hunt
7. Violoncello Solo (by request)—"Romanza, (Il Trovatore)".....Mr. Louis Simmonds
8. Piano Solo—"Ballet Music".....Mr. Joseph Harrison
PART II.
Third Act from "Faust"—By Charles Gounod. Faust, Mr. Ernesto Baldocci; Mephistopheles, Julius Beverly; Siebel and Martha, Miss Amelia E. Beaver; and Marguerite, Miss Marie Litta.
Tickets, 75c. and 50c. Can be reserved at Murray's without extra charge. 1 2 3

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

MUNICIPAL ELECTION
—FOR—
A BY-LAW
—FOR—
DIVIDING THE CITY OF LONDON
—INTO—
ELECTORAL DIVISIONS

Be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of London:—

FIRST WARD.—The first Polling sub-division shall consist of that part of the ward lying between Dundas and King streets; polling place, City Hall; 2. Kissonsmer Returning Officer; (2) that part of the ward lying between Bathurst and Simcoe streets; polling place, Horton street School-house; J. M. Keary Returning Officer; (3) that part of the ward lying south of Simcoe street; polling place, Wm. Hunt's residence, corner of George and Quinn streets; C. E. Evans Returning Officer.

SECOND WARD.—First polling sub-division, that part of the ward described as follows:—Commencing where the north side of Dundas street intersects the west side of Wellington street; thence northerly along the west side of Wellington street to Dufferin avenue; thence westerly along the south side of Dufferin avenue to the east side of Richmond street; thence northerly along the east side of Richmond street to the north side of Queen's avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Queen's avenue to the east side of Talbot street; thence northerly along the east side of Talbot street to the north side of Princess avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Princess avenue to the east side of Wellington street; thence northerly along the east side of Wellington street to the north side of Dufferin avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Dufferin avenue to the east side of Richmond street; thence northerly along the east side of Richmond street to the north side of Bruce street; thence westerly along the north side of Bruce street to the east side of Adelaide street; thence northerly along the east side of Adelaide street to the north side of Central avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Central avenue to Wellington street; thence northerly along the west side of Wellington street to the north side of Dufferin avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Dufferin avenue, and in continuation thereof to the west side of Richmond street; thence northerly along the west side of Richmond street to the north side of Bruce street; thence westerly along the north side of Bruce street to the west side of Adelaide street; thence southerly along the west side of Adelaide street to the north side of Dufferin avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Dufferin avenue to the west side of Egerton street; thence southerly along the west side of Egerton street to the north side of Princess avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Princess avenue to the west side of Rectory street; thence southerly along the west side of Rectory street to the north side of Dufferin avenue; thence westerly along the north side of Dufferin avenue to the west side of Richmond street

WE PAY ALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF WATCHES—PROBABLY THE LARGEST IN THE STATE—COMPRISING:—

MINUTE REPEATERS.
FIVE MINUTE REPEATERS.
REPEATERS AND CHRONOGRAPHS COMBINED.

CHRONOGRAPHS.

GOLD WATCHES OF EVERY GRADE, ELEGANTLY CASED FROM THE CELEBRATED MANUFACTORIES OF PATEK, PHILIPPE & CO., ANGAZIZ, AND OTHER SWISS MANUFACTURERS.

ELGIN, WALTHAM, &c., &c.,

BERM & WRIGHT,

IMPORTERS OF WATCHES.
SOLE STATE AGENTS FO
PATEK, PHILIPPE & CO.,
149 WOODWARD AVENUE,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,
DETROIT, MICH.

oct

The Free Press.

Sunday, December 18, 1882

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

CHAPTER XI.

[MY GEOFFREY RETURNS TO HIS ALLEGIANCE —AND A CERTAIN HIS DIVINITY DOES AT THE PERFORMANCE OF SOME MYSTIC RITES WITHIN THE COOL PRECINCTS OF HER TENT—AND HOW HE RESOLVED TO REDUCE HIS REASON FROM THE TOP OF AN INVERTED CROWN.

"So-Geoffrey, that 'Shenal wrinkling," that my philosopher"—in here and last night things to us only in so far as it deserves a place in our memories as has formed itself in spite of our hatred and repugnance.

To Rodney, last night it was over to be considered as being a period almost without parallel in the annals of human suffering, when homes can be made to feel like twenty-fo.

Then at odd moments there can trouble it; but with the blessed daylight some effort and renewed hope, and Geoffrey, sitting with purpose and happy mien, a.

Joined by the sterling hours, with rosy hand and laughter-light,

Is himself that all may yet be right between him and his love.

He loves at this moment—which is also upon some—in standing in her cool daisy in landscape-hung window, with a pale look of expectation and anxiety upon her face,—a thrusting look may trust ex as it.

To-morrow will be market-day in Bantry, and it is there that the gay and fair of the charming is over, and the results of the cold and rich and fresh beneath sun's gaze. The herself is busy considering little pots off a large roll of butter t rests on the cloth before her; her sleeves carefully tucked up, as on that first day on Geoffrey saw her; and in delicate contrast with bosom—which knows itself to be—she is sitting some little feather hat, hat and shadow as the October sunshine s floods the room, lights a small silken ribbon on the walls and floor.

The distance a woman is bustling over a or making up a parcel of bonnet and a slowly upraced and smoothed, to make look their best and handsomest to-row.

An' a male color too," says this woman, is handsome!" says her friend, with admiration the yellow hat of object on which she is engaged. Two ks, fastened like a pendant to the ping beautifully into the dainty, look made of knowingly any from him; on if sed something. It is a smile !—he with. And indeed presently, as he dispel all cook ideas, she sigh at suddenly.

Mr. Rodney moves a shade closer

"a very charming dairy!" he says,

uncomfortable for you, I fear, ing ride, says Mona, coldly, but ly. "Why don't you go into the I am sure you will find it pleasanter

sure I should not," says Rodney, comfortable, at least "

quite comfortable, thank you."

have no thing to sit on."

ave here you."

have my work to do; and, besides rather standing."

o I, also,—very often," says Mr. Rodney, coolly stiff, but genially.

"Are you really?"—with cold severity. "It is only two days ago since you told me you loved nothing better than an easy chair."

"Loved nothing better than a—oh, how you must have misunderstood me!" says Rodney, with mournful earnestness, liberally sprinkled with reproach.

To be Continued.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Poultry which is to be kept in cold weather should be thoroughly cleansed, then be wiped dry with a cloth and have it or rubbed all over the inner parts; then it should be hung in a cool, dry place.

A dainty way to prepare an egg for an invalid is to first b-at it till very light, then season with a little pepper, salt, and a tiny pump of butter; then pour it over a slice of dry buttered toast, and set the plate containing it in the steamer; cover closely and let it steam for two or three minutes. An egg prepared thus will not be likely to disturb the weakest stomach.

A breakfast-shell case which is suitable for a holiday gift is made of gold bine or plush easley; it is marked in diamonds, and the ll can covered with pearl beads. The case unfolds, and so the beads are put on both the outside and inside. The work of putting them on is simplified by having the diamonds on each side correspond; then the beads for each side can be put on at one.

A good authority on all matters pertaining to the table says that a toothsome salad can be prepared at any time during the winter if you have a supply of turnips in the cellar, and the turnips sprout well, as they often do, especially if the cellar is dark and warm. They—the sprouts—should be plunged in hot water a moment, and then in cold. Let them drain thoroughly; then send them to the table with the plain salad dressing, or with Mayonnaise sauce.

The mothers of nursing babies will find it to their advantage to provide themselves with low night dresses made to be slipped on over the nightdress on cold nights. Colds are taken which are fatal oral by more or less serious consequences, by the slight exposure which comes from attending to the needs of little children at night. It is a good plan also to have a pair of warm and loose slippers at the bedside. The slippers which are sometimes worn by ladies in dressing, which have soles of leather thickly wadded with lambs' wool, are especially adapted for this.

A useful table scarf, and one that is particularly pleasing to the eye, because it does not suggest almost endless labor, is made by taking a strip of all wool Java canvas of the proper length for the table upon which it is to be used. Sew it with worsted all around and then with stitch. At about three inches from the outer edge sew on two strips of black velvet ribbon, two inches wide. Through the beauty work a handsome scroll pattern, which may be quite elaborate, or a set stripes may be put on perfectly plain, or may be worked in embroidered over stitch. Finish the bottom of the scarf with yellow fringe. This is suitable for the ordinary dining room; it is so bright, and the dust can be shaken from it with ease.

A plain plum pudding is made as follows:—One pound of suet chopped fine and dry, add a quarter of a pound of currants, the same quantity of raisins, half a teaspoonful of grated nutmeg, half a tablespoonful of powdered ginger, a pound of sifted flour, eight of sweet milk, three tablespoonfuls of brandy, and enough to mix well your taste. Mix the roughly, and boil for three hours in a pudding bag. Another recipe for plum pudding is richer and more expensive, but for certain occasions, say, once a year, is preferable:—One pound of suet, one pound of raisins, one half a pound of citron, one pound of sugar, a pint bowl of grated bread-crumbs, and a pint bowl of flour, two wine-glasses of wine, two nutmeg grated, a teaspoonful each of cinnamon and cloves, and a pound of butter, add one dozen eggs. It will be soon at once that this will make a large pudding. Add the butter and sugar to the cream, then add the other ingredients. Boil in a bag for four hours. Serve with cream and sugar or sauce.

A Christmas gift of a pretty table is one that would be appreciated by almost every lady, and a very pretty one can be made one may be made at no great expense. Have made at a carpenter shop a table with a square top, and with four small, straight legs; cover the top and legs with royal blue velvet or velveteen; around the edge put a sort of valance or lambequin, from eight to ten inches deep, and if stiffened in the usual way it will keep its shape well. Around the valance put a row or two of gilt braid, which is to be had in many different patterns, and embroidery which makes so handsome an adornment, and does not require so much skill as might be supposed, through its flossy embroidery. If you choose to have a low shelf on each side, that may be covered with the velvet but need not be decorated. A sofa pillow to match this table is very effective. A square of the velvet, covered with a bunch of roses and buds carelessly laid on, is all that is required, and the cushion is handsome if laid with satin, and needs no cord or other finish at the edges.

Some suggestions for table covers are here given. Those requiring much work should be commenced at once if they are intended for the holidays, as a wedding present, for having much is always lost by doing fancy work in a gentleman sledged out for dinner, when he consider that they contribute more in a year to the revenue of the State than those who have attached them will do in a century, and that they employ a very large proportion of the labor of the country. The border is of the

A square felt cover was recently exhibited in a fancy store, which was a handsome affair, of the most pronounced order. Tabs were stripes may be put on perfectly plain, or may be worked in embroidered over stitch. Finish the bottom of the scarf with yellow fringe. This is suitable for the ordinary dining room; it is so bright, and the dust can be shaken from it with ease.

FREE PRESS CORRESPONDENCE.

The Municipal Elections.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

SIR,—I think that all respectable citizens will be slow to appreciate the style of argument, if it can be called argument, which is being used against some of the present Board of Aldermen. I have read your report of the meeting held recently at the City Hall, and you certainly give all the space that could be desired even by himself to the remarks of Mr. Rowey. Encouraged no doubt by the notoriety there acquired, a circular has been issued to the electors, which I have just seen, and which I understand is being freely circulated. The precious document is generally, perhaps erroneously, credited to a gentleman of some notoriety, who quite little time ago graduated at the top of his profession as a sweeper of chimneys, and who has since figured somewhat conspicuously as an unsuccessful candidate for municipal as well as political honors. Be that as it may, I think I express the sentiments of the large majority of the city's men when I say that the low abuse at the City Hall meeting, and the indecent contents of the circular, are not deserved by the gentlemen against whom they are directed.

The points attempted to be made are three. Will you allow me briefly to allude to them? The first is that the Board has been extravagant because they propose to ask leave of Parliament to issue debentures for $300,000 to pay off the indebtedness to the bank. Surely this very patent nonsense will not go down with the people. The facts are that the city owns the Bank of Commerce a large amount. The bank, like any other creditor, wants to be paid, and if they are not paid there is nothing to be expected but that they will act as other creditors do, and take legal proceedings to collect the amount. In that case judgment would be obtained, execution follow and the property of the citizens would be held for the amount. To obviate this the Council ask leave to issue debentures extending over a period of years, so that the bank account may be squared and the indebtedness gradually wiped out. Now, sir, will the intelligent compiler of the precious circular point out the extravagance in this?

The second brilliant creation of the brains (if they may be so called) of these gentlemen is that some of the Aldermen live in the suburbs. This, though very deplorable, is not a criminal offence, as I understand it. I believe three of them live on the north of the Rapid waters of the Thames, but the electors have made it the interest to these gentlemen (if that be a crime) to act a peculiarly fair of what they pay into the city treasury, and yet they are charged with grasping city taxes by living beyond the

Thirdly, and principally, some of the Aldermen have committed the crime of advocating the removal of the Grand Junction Railway over the streets. I supposed to be present at the meeting of the Council when this matter was discussed, but I must confess that I think, spoke on the subject. Not one was opposed to having the railway come here. All were unanimous in the opinion that it will be a benefit to the city at large. Now, if it is to come, it must have a line of its own. This can only be granted along the streets, which are public property, or along private property, which must be purchased. The Council could grant a right of way over the streets without cost; they could not grant the other without first buying the property. If they bought the right of way over the lots, who is to pay for it? Not the members of the railway, for few years spent their time and money without some remuneration, and they will not be asked to do this. Were they in addition to be asked to put their hands in their pockets and pay $14,000 for the privilege of doing so? They therefore asked that the streets should be utilized, and the Council granted the request. Then it was proposed that some of the residents of the streets along which the railway is to run should have their property depreciated. The Council wish to recompense them, and there is only one way to do it that is, by asking the Legislature to grant the city power to appropriate a portion of the funds of the city for that purpose, and this is what the Council is asking for. Is not this all they can possibly do? They have given notice of application to Parliament for that purpose, and if the legislature thinks, as ten people here without exception do, that it is right for the city for the depreciation of the property resulting from the railway running along the streets, they will willingly grant the powers asked, and every cent of loss will be made good.

One word more: Considering the origin of the low abuse to which certain of the Aldermen are subjected, it is remarkable by the energy and business skill and ability of the Chairman of their Committee, who unearthed the defalcations of thirty years, which had escaped the notice of successive Councils for all those years, and have brought to light the fact that the citizens have been systematically robbed of $60,000, that this has been stopped, and the astute chairman of finance committees, who never had mastered in keeping pace with these gentlemen, were at the helm, and were either criminally obliterate to what was going on, or grossly ignorant and unfit for the position; were we find that not a single cent of extravagance is to be traced to the present Board, but on the contrary that the people have been fortunate in having the services of men who have attached them still do in a manner, and that they employ a very large proportion of the labor of the country.

Regretting that I have compiled so much of your valuable space, I am,

Yours truly,

ANOTHER ELECTOR.

Cheaper Railway Fares.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

DEAR SIR.—When the Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways were built the cost of the former was estimated at $30,000 per mile, and Canada about $60,000 a mile. At that time the railway was a novelty, and the Legislature, in view of the cost of the works and probable amount of travel, fixed the maximum rate of fare at 6d per mile. Now steps are now be built for at least one-third less than the original cost, and the travel is ten-fold, and yet the fare is still kept as high as the law allows. Would it not be well for the people who are the sufferers to take the matter up, and urge upon the Legislature to consider the altered circumstances of the case, and only as low railway companies to charge two cents a mile. The public of this city, and county have been treated by the G. T. R. with scant consideration, and should now look after their own interests.

Yours, etc.,

M.

London, Dec. 16, 1882.

COLD BEEF.

An English Method of Preserving Fresh Meat.

London Times.

The principle of preserving perishable food supplies by means of cold produced by the compression and subsequent expansion of air is now extensively employed in bringing meat from the antipodes. The refrigerators used for this purpose, as arranged by the Bell Coleman Mechanical Refrigeration Company of Glasgow, are driven by steam, the cylinders forming a portion of the machine, and steam being supplied from ordinary boilers. This method, however, is not adapted for food preservation on a small scale such as is required for hotels, fish and poultry stores, and the like. Mr. Coleman has therefore designed a small self-contained, direct-acting machine, which successfully meets all the requirements of the case. In this apparatus the air-compressing cylinder and expansion-gear are combined with an Otto gas engine of twelve-horse power, the whole being compactly arranged on one solid bedplate. The first of these machines has just been put down on the premises of Messrs. G. F. Brooks & Co., of old Leadenhall Market, who have recently had some extensive building erected there. The air refrigerator is connected with a series of cooling chambers which can be used either individually or collectively, according to requirement. The chambers are insulated by means of double walls packed with sawdust, so that they are proof against the influence of the external atmosphere. The extra cooling chamber has a capacity of 3,000 cubic feet. The machine is run at about 150 revolutions per minute, and discharges air at a temperature of about 40 deg. below zero, and at the rate of about 5,000 cubic feet per hour. The air is first delivered into a portion of the main chamber, which is divided off so as to form a freezing compartment in which game or poultry can be frozen for transmission as foreign pack

A week since I lived six months in Chicago; the cost to the public library of three months of dollars. He sells rare books as I sold them for a fraction of their worth.

THE WINNIPEG FIRE.

Further Account of the Burning of the Grand Pacific and Johnson Hotels.

A Man Perishes in the Flames and a Woman Severely Burned.

Winnipeg, Dec. 16.—The following is a full account of the fire here on Thursday night:—Shortly before 7 o'clock the Canadian Pacific Hotel, on Main street, near the railway station, was discovered to be on fire. A strong wind was blowing from the northwest, which fanned the flames into fierce activity, and in a few minutes the hotel was a mass of flames. This hotel was a frame building. When the fire gained headway the building went up in smoke like so much tinder. The Johnson House, immediately south of the burning building, and on the corner of Main and Portage streets, was next reached. The firemen made desperate attempts to save the building, but it was of no use. The Canadian Pacific Railroad Hotel was the property of Messrs Frank D. Myer and W. J. Scott, who also owned the furniture. Some time ago it was leased by Chas. Powell, who subsequently turned it over to John Pratt, late of St. Mary's, Ont. Pratt had just assumed control. The unfortunate occurrence leaves him almost without a dollar, even his trunks and clothes having been burned. Mrs Pratt, who was in bed in the second story, was seriously but not dangerously burned. James McLeod, a Canadian Pacific Railroad man, who was amongst the first to observe the fire, rushed to her rescue, and succeeded in bringing her out through the smoke and flame which surrounded the stairs, but not till her hair was singed and her nightclothes caught fire. She was carried across to the Toronto House in relatively comfortable and saved her. Richard Hawbridge, engineer on the Canada Pacific Railroad, who was lying sick in the third story, is supposed to have been burned to death. Kenneth Oliver, also of the Central Pacific Road, together with a couple of other men, who knew of Hawbridge's sickness, failed to save him, but were driven back by the flames and smoke, and it is feared he has fallen a prey to the flames. The furniture of the hotel, together with the building, was almost completely consumed. The hotel and its furnishings were valued at about $8,000, which is covered by an insurance of $6 000 on the building and $1,000 on the furniture. The Johnson House was the property of George Fields, and is said to have been worth $17,000, but nothing could be ascertained in regard to the insurance values of the building or amount of insurance, if any. In the Johnson House a couple of stores, one occupied by J. A. McLeodor, and the other by J. J. Mallatt & Co. Both were in stock with an insurance of $1,000.

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CRIMES AND CASUALITIES.

One Day's Record of Events on the Other Side of the Line.

SUICIDE OF A WOMAN AGED 72.

Atchison Ks., Dec. 16.—An old lady named Polly Poppin, aged 72, committed suicide to-day by throwing herself into a well forty-two feet deep. She had been missed from home, and search was made, and the discovery was made. Despondency and illness of the stomach, while caused intense pain. She had stated several times that her life was intolerable, and that she meant to end it.

THREE MEN TERRIBLY SCALDED.

Cumberland, Md., Dec. 15.—This morning a Cumberland & Pennsylvania Railroad locomotive blew out a crown sheet, terribly scalding the engineer, George Reilly, Frank Carlton and Henry Miller. The latter two are not expected to recover.

A HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Baltimore, Dec. 16.—John Schengier this morning shot his wife while she was lying asleep in bed with her little children by her side and then killed himself.

ARRESTED ON SERIOUS CHARGES.

New York, Dec. 16.—Gen. J. Rice, President of the Utica, Chenan & Ramby Railroad, was arrested here last night on charges of forgery over the issue of stock. The amount involved is said to be a discrepancy in his accounts of from $60 000 to $100,000. The prisoner lives near Utica. Rice denies all the charges, and says he will be able to prove his entire innocence when given an opportunity.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 16.—A horrible murder was committed this afternoon five miles south east of Memphis. Read Mrs. John Wright with her little girl were in the house on Read's ground, he having come to Memphis to make purchases. An unknown negro man entered the store and, finding Wright gone, demanded whiskey. He was in the drawer. Mrs. Wright refused the demand, whereupon the negro, who was armed with a shot gun, fired at Mrs. Wright, killing her instantly. The murderer then robbed the store of $11, and two pistols. Mrs. Wright's little girl, who witnessed her mother's murder, could give but a meagre description of the assassin.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

San Francisco, Dec. 16.—To-day Mrs. Charles Pope was found shot through the head, in a dying condition, at the house of a friend, where she was temporarily stopping, having quarrelled with and left her husband. Pope himself was found dead in bed, shot through his head and a pool of blood by his side. A revolver was beside him, two chambers being discharged. It is supposed he shot his wife and then himself. Mrs. Pope died without speaking.

The London *Standard* describes the execution at Stolzenaugen, in Hungary, of a peasant woman from Sarolshely, named Ilyshas Kish?, for a series of crim a which had credited nal-ural horror. The criminal was fifty-two years of age, short in stature and of a pleasing appearance. By preserved a large quantity of arsenic upon the pretence that her house was overrun with rats, and mixed the poison in little cakes, which she disposed of at a high price to persons who desired to get rid of their relatives. Her confession were chiefly given by her last year of the Canada Southern. Loud husband, who declared that she had for many years poisoned her children and grandchildren. It is said on one hand that it was carried by the accused even to the scaffold, and on another that she was driven to corresponding work last year. There was no very large forces. Canada had 15 executions of 8

THE PRICE OF HAY DECLINING.

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TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE.

Latest News by Telegraph and Mail.

LONDON GROCERY MARKETS.

London, December 16.—In Mincing Lane markets nothing kinds of sugar have been dull. The better qualities of New Grenadan coffee brought high prices.

MANCHESTER DRY GOODS.

London, December 15.—The Manchester *Guardian* says:—There is no appreciable change in the state of business. Sales of well-known shirtings and leading staples are possible at a point below current rates.

BRITISH GRAIN TRADE

Liverpool, December 16.—A leading weekly trade circular says:—Grain continues quiet, with a slack consumptive demand. Corpses in all positions are steadily held, but the tendency of the close was rather easier. At to-day's market there was an average attendance. In wheat there was a moderate business at barely Tuesday's figures. Flour was quiet and sold generally at previous rates. In corn there were small sales only. Prices closed 3d under Tuesday.

DRIED APPLES.

A brisk demand exists in Montreal for dried apples, stocks are exceedingly light and prices rule very firm at 9 to 9½ per lb. There is an enquiry for car-lots, which, at the moment, however, are not available. The reopen of the present assembly is said to be the following of the apple crop around Hamilton, where large quantities are gobbled dried. The New York and Boston markets are fine *Sandy*, with limited stocks. It is stated that quite a number of orders are unfilled in Montreal.

ACTIVITY IN DRESSED POULTRY.

The active demand for dressed poultry for the Lower Ports trade during the past few days has absorbed a large portion of arrivals at Montreal, and stocks are well cleared up. Friday's receipts found ready sale at full values, and we hear of the sale of a choice lot of turkeys at 11½ per lb, and another lot of about 1 200 lbs changed hands at 11c. Chickens were sold at 8c to 9 c, and geese at 8c per lb by the car. Advices from the country state that a number of consignments are on the way to Montreal, but if they are not dressed with as little delay as during the past few days there will be much accumulation of stock in this city this side of Christmas.—*Gazette.*

BRADSTREET'S WEEKLY REPORT.

New York, Dec. 16.—The week's demands in Bradstreet from trade centres of the United States reveal an improved feeling in commercial and industrial circles which is largely under estimated. Prices are not lowered, and the market continues in buyers' favor. Oil is still country but firmer, the price having materially increased. Petroleum certificates are 85,000, on which there is an increase of 10,000 barrels. The origin of the fire is not definitely known. It is said on one hand that it was carried by the accused even to the scaffold, and on another that she was driven to corresponding work last year. There was no very large forces. Canada had 15 executions of 8

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RAILWAY NOTES.

A Batch of Local and General Car Couplings.

The survey of the Canada Southern Cut-off from Welland to Clifton has been completed.

Dynamite is being freely used in breaking up the frozen ground in grading the Essex Centre cut-off

By a nominal "arrangement" the Grand Trunk has obtained control of the North Shore Railway, and Mr. Benaud will shortly retire from direction of the latter.

The Prince Arthur and Nepigon division of the C.P.R. for a distance of 25 or 30 miles eastward from Prince Arthur's Landing, is being worked up by a large gang of men.

The main line of the Northern Pacific is now completed to Livingstone, Montana Territory, 1,013 miles west of St Paul, leaving only 25 miles staging to reach Bozeman.

The recent delay of the Canada Southern traffic by the ice blockade in the Detroit River has prompted the high officials of that road to issue an order for pushing the work on the Essex Centre cut-off to the utmost speed.

Sam Sloan contradicts the rumor that the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg road is to be leased to the Grand Trunk. The company is at present too well pleased with its Canada Southern freight contract to with any change.

On January 1 the Wabash course connection with the Nickel Tunnel fast freight line, and will do business with the Canada Southern fast freight connection. The latter directs its south-eastern business via the New York Central, Canada Southern and Wabash systems.

The *Sioux Man*, which is doing in north-western business via both the Canada Southern and Great Western, will, under the new management between the Michigan Central and Canada Southern, undoubtedly be withdrawn from the Great Western. The Grand Trunk system will, however, be more than compensated for this loss by the increased business promised by the Great Eastern freight line.

The agreement made between the Canada Southern and Michigan Central roads, whereby the two are to be operated as one road, is said to work with success. It is actually causing a great deal of speculation as to what changes will be made in the management. Yet no definite changes have been made, but they are to be dispatched upon about as much as Vanner's weather prognostications. It is hard matter to guess correctly the plans of my Vanderbilt road. As the new arrangement both roads are New York as present, it is thought the changes will be decided upon, and announced very soon.

The people of Saturday in D-troit railroad circles was the details of the Michigan Central-Canada Southern conference, which were reported in full in the New York papers of Friday. The origin of the fire is not definitely known. It is said on one hand that it was carried by the accused even to the scaffold, and on another that she was driven to corresponding work last year. There was no very large forces. Canada had 15 executions of 8

Burns & Bapty

CLOTHIERS AND GENTS' FURNISHERS.

Scotch L. W. Undershirts, - $1.00

Scotch L. W. Drawers, - - - $1.00

New Siberian Naps for Overcoats.

New German Naps for Overcoats.

New West of England Meltons for Overcoats.

BURNS & BAPTY,

164 DUNDAS STREET.

A FACT!

$3.00 Goat Buttoned Boots for $2.50.
$2.75 Polished Calf " " $2.25

AT

J. P. THOMPSON'S,

198 Dundas Street.

oct

The Canadian Pacific Rail

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the city will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
369 & 361 Richmond St.

French & English

NOVELTIES.

Entirely New Designs. Very handsome, cheap and useful. Suitable for

X M A S

REALLY WORTHY OF INSPECTION
—AT—

STRONG'S

Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable. — 146 Dundas St. nearly opposite Market Lane.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Monday, December 18, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 30 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Monday, Dec. 18, 1882

Sun rises ....7.27 a. m. | Moon rises. 12.26 p m
Sun sets .....4.39 p. m. | Moon sets.. 12.47 a m
Day of the year—352nd.
SEASON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter	3rd	6.47 a.m.
New Moon	10th	11.30 a.m.
First Quarter	17th	12.30 a.m.
Full Moon	25th	10.37 a.m.

WIGGINS' STORM.

On the 31st August Mr. R. Stone Wiggins, of the Finance Department, Ottawa, predicted storms on July 15th, August 16th, September 13th, October 13th, November 12th and December 12th. The weather reports show that there was a strong wind on the 15th July, a severe storm on the 14th of September, and the first snowfall in Ottawa on the 14th November; while yesterday's storm fulfilled the last prediction to the letter. Mr. Wiggins has received a letter from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty acknowledging the receipt of his letter warning their lordships of the great storm which he declares will occur on the 9th of March. Dr. Wiggins has received many letters from all parts of the United States making inquiries regarding the storm, its direction and force, etc. One is from Mr. Maxwell, City Surveyor of New York, who states that he has the direction of an extensive marine work now in progress. He asks Dr. Wiggins if he would be inclined to recommending the arrest of the work until after the storm shall have passed.

SUNDAY'S STORM.

Toronto, Dec. 18, 1 a. m.—The area of low pressure which for the past few days has covered Eastern Canada is now moving towards the Atlantic, while an area of high pressure is spreading over Western Canada from the north-west. The weather is fair throughout the country. Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—Light to moderate winds; fair weather; no decided change in temperature.

THE INSURANCE RATES.—Owing to the difficulties which have arisen between the Board of Trade and the local insurance agents of this city, the best offices have resolved to henceforth fully insure what is known as the "compact" system, under which the local agents will be left entirely independent as for the city, whose prerogative it shall be to fix and determine the rates. This is believed to be the first instance of the introduction of this system, which has worked well in the United States, into Canada.

TRUE BLUE ELECTION.—The following are the names of the officers elected for the ensuing year of Prince of Wales True Blue Lodge, No. 11:—Worshipful Master, Bro. James H. Mantill; Deputy Master, Bro. W. L. Taylor; Recording Secretary, Bro. W. Clark; Treasurer, Bro. R. Henderson; Finance Secretary, Bro. E. McKeown; Director of Ceremonies, Bro. R. McKechnie; Chaplain, Bro. C. Stinson; Inside Tyler, Bro. William Keating; Outside Tyler, Bro. J. Mantill. Committeemen, Bros. William H. Kesler, A. Dingey, W. Watson, J. Clark. The Lodge has a membership of 75 at present, and has a membership of upwards of 100.

SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.—An interesting entertainment was held Friday night in Dale's School-house, S. S. No. 8, Westminster. Mr. James M. Lown occupied the chair, and the house was filled to its utmost crowded the best of order prevailed. The programme consisted of dialogues and recitations, interspersed with vocal and instrumental music, by Mrs. Schoolcraft, Misses O'Dell, Dale, Brophy and Lown, and the programme was well carried out, the manner in which the pupils of the school performed their respective parts reflecting credit both upon themselves and their efficient teacher, Mr. Copeland. The evening's entertainment closed with the usual vote of thanks and the singing of the National Anthem.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The old Italian Band, led by Antonio Carbone, will return from Colorado in a few days, and will remain in London, Ont. Brave the orders for engagements at 199 Fullarton street.

THE FIRE JUBILEE SINGERS.—This troupe will give one grand concert in Victoria Hall next week, viz., on Tuesday and Wednesday evening. They are crowded to the doors wherever they go with large and appreciative audiences who concur as it they could never hear enough of the stirring, wierd melodies of these sweet singers. See advertisement, and do not fail to hear them.

1,000 boys and girls wanted to buy skate straps at Scarrow's saddlery, 235 Dundas street. L5adin

Bryce's Bazaar will remain open every night to 10 p.m. until Christmas. L14da

Street man's, fall size, large print—Min Ready's Piano Forty, Peek-a-Boo, &c., reduced to 35c per copy, at 227 Dundas street. L12da

BRYCE'S annual auction sale, specially for ladies, this afternoon at 2.30, of Toys, Dolls, Glassware and Fancy Goods. L11dd.

Bryce's annual auction sale to-night at 7½ o'clock sharp, large private sale of carpets, &c., Richmond street, opposite City Hall. L6t

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Marsh, 316 Dundas street. See their mast cutlery, cutlery and tools. K17ly

KEY RACK, call special attention to their immense stock of Clothes racks, elbows, pegs, &c., Richmond street, opposite City Hall. L8d

Blank books of all kinds made from best material at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

A. J. Scarrow, dealer in groceries, &c., corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, is agent for the sale of the Free Press.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. Gardner & Son, 187 Dundas street.

Formerly thousands of bushels of windfalls rotted under the trees in the numerous orchards of the fruit-growing village of Niagara, N. Y., but since the establishment there of a large evaporator, running night and day, every one is picked up, the best part of it for drying, the remainder utilized in apple jelly.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable. — 146 Dundas St. nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

☞ Additional Local News on Third Page.

The new reply postal cards are ready to be issued.

Rev. W. S. Balsford, of Toronto, arrived in the city Saturday.

The London, Huron & Bruce trains will all run on time this morning.

Mr. E. J. Parke's appointment to the Police Magistracy of London is gazetted.

Saturday was another off day at the Police Court, no cases coming before His Worship.

The anniversary meeting of the Wellington Street Methodist Church will be held to-night.

Mr. M. W. Manville is confined to his house by a severe attack of congestion of the liver.

The Trustees of Tiverton School have engaged Mr. D. W. B. McKay, of London, as Principal for 1883.

The City Council meets this evening. The caucus promises, from "various indications," an exceedingly hot session.

Messrs. Davis & Son have donated a handsome clock to the Newsboys' House, for which the managers desire to return thanks.

A fire occurred at Rossr Centre on Wednesday night, by which Simon Bros.' bakery and confectionery was destroyed. Loss, $600; insurance, $250.

Mr. George Rapley, of St. Thomas, formerly of this city, has been confined to his house by illness for some time, but is able to be about again.

Rev. A. P. Schneider, parish priest, at McGregor, while in Amherstburg on Thursday, was thrown from his cutter and had his left shoulder dislocated.

Two additional members of the Peace for Middlesex have made the necessary declaration in the persons of Messrs. W. B. Kellett and Samuel Farrer, of Keyword.

Messrs. Laing & Campbell, of St. Thomas, have sold the farm belonging to John T. Turner, on the 1st concession of Southwold, 90 acres, to Arch. Turner, for $6,510.

At a meeting of the press gallery of the Local Legislature on Friday Mr. G. R. Bentley, of the *Mail*, was elected president and Mr. A. J. McGirr, of the *Globe*, secretary.

Schofield, the snow agent, who was convicted of swindling a passenger on the G. T. R. a day or two ago, has been sentenced to five days in jail at Hamilton.

Mr. Richard Wheeler's name was inadvertently omitted from the list of candidates for the Recordship of Westminster. Mr. Wheeler would make a first-class municipal officer.

Hunter & cloth occupied a prominent position on Talbot street Saturday, and it required the Inheritance of the police to keep the proper steps to communicate with the by-law.

Most of all kinds ruled high Saturday on the market. Pork was off lively at $6 per hundred, while beef found ready sale at prices ranging from 5½ to 7 cents per pound by the quarter.

Mr. James Taverner is out as a candidate for No. 4 Ward at the Board of Education for 1883. The names of Dr. Niven and Mr. J. M. Denton are also mentioned in the same connection.

It is pretty difficult to keep a walk entirely free from snow or ice in such weather as we are having at present, and a pedestrian cannot be too careful in guarding against a bad fall.

The Woodstock *Sentinel-Review* has issued an exceedingly "newsy" Christmas number, full of reasonable matter — and original poetry. It is a credit to the establishment.—If it was a home production.

John Eddington was arrested yesterday by Detective Murphy upon a charge of entering and housebreaking the life of Edson Connell. He was remanded to the County Goal until the 20th instant by Magistrate Jarvis.

His Honor Judge Elliot, after carefully examining the evidence taken before the Coroner in the case of William Bonsfield, who is charged with killing his wife, has decided not to try the case, owing to the seriousness of the charge.

The young maidens who gaze into the shop windows now-a-days of merchants who advertise are extravagantly profuse in their remarks of admiration of the articles which some within the line of their vision, but which shall forever long be possessed.

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The remains of Wm. Stevenson, the unfortunate fireman who met his death in the recent collision on the L., H. & B., were interred in Mount Pleasant Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The funeral cortege was very large, upwards of seventy-five vehicles being in line, and doorsand was consigned to his last resting place with the honors of Oddfellowship, a large number of the brethren accompanying the mournful procession, in addition to the Locomotive Brotherhood and Firemen.

The G. W. R. auxiliary train yesterday proceeded to the scene of the late accident on the L. H. & B., and ran locomotives and a quantity of wreckage was brought to the city. Mr. John Low, the injured train inspector, was also conveyed home, but the condition of Engineer Brown was too serious to permit of his removal from his present quarters at Hensall. An improvement was reported in his state, and also that of Mrs. Murray.

Among the imports from Liverpool per steamers Caspian and Parisian were the following for London merchants:—John Mc-ell & Co., 1 pkg. sales; J. R. Laing & Co., 2 cases do.; Marshall & Gemmell, 4 do. hats, etc.; Robinson, Little & Co., 5 do. sales; Watson, Young, & Co., 1 do.; John Green & Co., 1 do.; J. B. Laing & Co., 2 do.; Robinson, Little & Co., 2 do.; James Wright & Co., 77 bdls. steel.

Mr. Hugh Johnston, artist, of Toronto, has an exhibition in Coleman Bros', and Storey & Co.'s stores, St. Thomas, pictures illustrating the wreck of the steamer Victoria on May 24th, 1881. The pictures resemble fine engravings, and will have a real interest for many who lost friends at that horrible disaster, says the *Journal*.

Some of the Polish laborers on the Rome Centre cut-off got an idea Friday night that Contractor Dunfarth was going to skip out and leave them in the lurch, and for half an hour they made the air blue with Polish swear-words and threats of violence at the office. An explanation was finally made to them and they left contented.

John Berry, a carpenter of St. Thomas, was tried on Thursday at St. Thomas for stealing a watch from James Bobd, a C. S. R. engineer. The evidence was most direct, but the jury acquitted him, whereupon Judge Hughes remarked that he believed the jury had been tampered with. The jury were angry.

Quite a dispute is going on in the Huron press regarding Judge Tom's claims for the position of Senior Judge. The following from the *Signal* (Goth) ought to settle the matter:—"We believe, as far as the interests of justice are concerned, it is of little moment what could be made in Western Ontario."

The rush of freight to the Canada Southern from the west continues unabated. Fifty-two cars crossed at Grosse Isle, and the report is still they come. The crossing is to be placed under the charge of Sergeant Hall, Superintendent Murray is correspondingly happy.

The loss of Patterson & McHugh by the recent fire at Windsor is much heavier than at first reported. Mr. Patterson says that many of the papers destroyed cannot be replaced at any cost, and their pecuniary value to the firm was over $2,000.

John Hall is in the city. Stevens, Turner & Bates, of this city, have commenced the erection of a large warehouse on Grand Trunk property, and have purchased five lots for this purpose. Mr. A. D. Campbell will act as agent of these firms.

Mr. T. J. McRobert, Principal of Rodney public schools, has resigned, and is going to Bankhead. Mr. C. D. McDonald succeeds him at Rodney.

Mr. James Vick's *Floral Guide* for 1883 is a superb number, and should be in the hands of every amateur florist and gardener.

Rev. Mr. Musgrove, B. A., of Stratford, has declined the call from the Presbyterian Church, Woodstock, recently tendered him.

Mr. Chester Glass, barrister, of Winnipeg, has been in the city for several days past on a visit to his relatives here.

Work on the Windsor and Chatham telephone line is temporarily suspended, the company being unable to get poles.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

An Eloquent Sermon by Rev. W. S. Balsford Yesterday Morning.

St. Paul's Church was well filled yesterday morning on the occasion of the sermon delivered by Rev. W. S Balsford, of Toronto, after the opening service, which was conducted by Rev. Canon Hincks, the reverend gentleman delivered an eloquent, forcible and practical discourse from the First Epistle of St. John, chapter v., 4th chap., 19th verse:—"And they may lay hold on eternal life." His God grabbed" was the text used in the new version, as they more accurately expressed the idea of the original. He wished the well-to-do that they might not—by the accident of worldly position—be precluded from laying hold on eternal life. It gets before them the free benefit—the obtaining of the true life. In the depravity of human nature there are some things very much to be sorry for, and to those people there words were addressed. He would endeavor to point out underlying the principle of the Gospel, that man's nature craves life. Christ came in the case of William Bonsfield, is charged with killing his wife, has decided not to try the case, owing to the seriousness of the charge.

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Wild Cherry Compound,
—FOR—
COUGHS & COLDS.
Price, 25c. per Bottle.
PREPARED AND SOLD ONLY BY
WM. SAUNDERS
CHEMIST,
188 DUNDAS STREET.
Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.

ANOTHER SUDDEN DEATH.

Miss E. Boyce Yielding Called to Her Rest—Premiter Conduct of Deceased.

Many citizens will remember an elderly Irish lady who came to reside in the city about three years since, who claimed connection with the Vaudleur family, but who always appeared to be in straitened circumstances. She was also intimately acquainted with two maiden ladies named Boyce, residing on Richmond street, near Pall Mall. Yesterday morning she complained to her landlady of not feeling well, and later in the day Mrs. Jonathan Wedell, in whose house she resided, found her in a very low condition. No time was lost in summoning medical aid, but before Drs De Hasen arrived the old lady had breathed her last. The doctor commandicated with two police, and Detective Murphy and P. C. Smith were detailed to see that matters were at the house. The body was sent to Smith & Hiscox, who conveyed the remains of the deceased home. The handcuffs are passed through a ring bolt two feet above the floor, and the prisoner with his head twist in the stove raised the poor fellow off the ground. It has been known that prisoners so punished have been compelled to stand up two or three days at a time. The Warden on Tuesday went to the dark cell to let the offender if he had enough. He received no answer. On Wednesday the question was repeated, and no notice in an unfeeling Rejoinder it was known that he was hanging insensible in his irons. The Warden ordered the prisoner to be cut down, and by his orders Rejoinder was placed in the hospital, where he lay five days.

Cotton assumed Mr. Morgan, ex-chief, to dinner, discovered some blood upon the floor, and on looking around found a razor in the cell. He picked them out and threw them on the floor. This was reported at 9.0. The Warden told him to pick them up. He refused, saying that he wouldn't work but he got paid for it. Two of the guards marched him into a cell, where he remained until he picked every one of the razor blades up. Warden Meyers was then called in and all the inmates of the prison to assemble to see the punishment. Morgan's hook was stripped, and one of the guards was told by the Warden to lay on with the cat-o'-nine tails as severely as possible. The first blow drew blood, and when heavy lashes were given, when the prisoner would scream with pain. Imprisonment lasts 1894 1894 1894

GARLICK is showing extra nice silk Handkerchiefs, Mufflers and Socks at low prices. Call and inspect our goods before buying.
1,000

The Free Press

GARLICK is showing splendid lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, and a special line of Scarfs in single glass top boxes, and only 50c.
1,000

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1882. WHOLE NO. 351

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES!

THE EMPRESS"

For 1883 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock. Gives entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London—

T. Herbert Marsh

157 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading, 25 cents per word each insertion.

AN INVOICE CLERK WANTED for a wholesale house; must be a good penman and quick at figures. Apply H. this office. 1,850

COMPOSITORS WANTED.—Apply at FREE PRESS NEWS ROOM. tf

WANTED—A FEMALE ASSISTANT teacher for School Section No. — Delaware. Apply to CHAS. JAS. FOX. 1,836-tf

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading, 25 cents per word each insertion.

CHAMBERMAIDS—TWO, good, to wait on table, and one to do plain sewing; also a cook. Apply at once at Dining Hall of Hospital for Insane, Garnet Station, Ontario.

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE to Canada—Good and kind servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Apply at once to Mrs. Bell, 24 Victoria Row, next to city; only 5th. Call or address. 1,850

WANTED—100 GIRLS TO TAKE situations. No charge to girl till after Christmas. All kinds of domestics wanted. Male help for farm work in good demand.—J. Cameron's Intelligence office, 93 Dundas St.

WANTED—50 GENERAL SERVANTS, 16 cooks, 3 chamber girls, 8 dining-room girls, 7 nurse girls, 7 tailoresses, 4 laundress; girls wanted for other cities and country; the most good demand.—D. Cameron's Intelligence Office, 93 Dundas street.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, at 119 Maple street. 1,910

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE to let, on Wellington St. Apply Brandon Livery, Wellington St. 1,917

PLEASANT FRONT AND BACK rooms, furnished or not, tastefully in private family, 202 Thames street, south. 1,917

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN Albion Buildings, Richmond street, to rent. Apply to Mr. Fitzgerald (Telegraph Office), or to Mr. Spencer (Telegram). Possession at once. Avery Freeman & Co.'s Insurance, or to W. D. RUCKLE, Land Agent, Albion Buildings. 1,907

STORE TO LET, NO. 360 RICHMOND street, a few doors south of King street. Apply to Mr. Lee, and situations in the city. 20 feet frontage, 2 flats, 60 feet deep. Apply to Fred. Cook, 2,850 Dundas street, Market Square, city. 1,917

FOR SALE

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A NEW MILCH COW AND CALF for sale.—Apply to C. S. HAMMOND. 1,33

CONSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, Engravings, etc., Samples can be seen at the Free Press office and prices obtained. Good chance for auctioneers and country dealers.

GOOD BRICK HOUSE TO LET, CENTRAL; 1/2 acre; three minutes' walk from Post Office. Apply to Dr. McLaren, 175 Dundas st. tf

AUCTION SALE OF TEN FINE building sites in city, on Friday, 22nd inst., at W. Y. Brown's auction rooms, Talbot Y. 2 p.m. Five lots to be given away in course of sale at whatever price. Plans and plans apply to D. McLAREN Co., Real Estate Agents, 151 Talbot street. 1,906-wed-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MASONIC BAZAAR TICKETS AT W. D. McGILLIVRAY'S jewellery store, Masonic Hall, Corner Queen and Wellington streets. 1,917

A NEW ADDITION TO J. E. BELLHOUSE'S Billiard Hall. A fine Bowling Alley will be opened on the 20th inst. Give us a call and try our new beds.—78 Dundas St. 1,916th

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND most beautiful stock of Christmas flowers, designs, &c., go to WOODLIFFE'S, 256 Dundas street. All kinds of fresh confectionery always on hand. Give us a call. 1,858-12th

DAYTON'S DANCING ACADEMY, Nimmons' Block, Dundas street, for gentlemen; Monday night at 8; Ladies, Thursday afternoon at 2. Private lessons, Tuesday afternoon at 3. For terms apply at Nimmons' Block, Dundas street. Private lessons by appointment. 1,917

FOR FRESH OYSTERS GO TO the noted Confectionery and Fruit Store, 197 Richmond Street. Vote and counsel good of all kinds.—ANGELO DAMBRA, 197 Richmond St. 1,850-tf

MASONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and chaste, at Free Press Office. All kinds of Society Printing executed in the best art.

MISS ADA SWITZER HAS taken first prize at the London Western Fair from 1877 to 1882. Call and see her fascinator, tidies, crochet work, &c., at 78 Dundas St. West. 1,917

MISS E. B. ALLEY, DUNDAS Street, has a large assortment of fancy goods, suitable for Xmas and New Year's presents. Also a large stock of millinery, which she is offering very cheap. 1,917

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at the Surrogate office, Richmond street, next door to Masonic Temple. Private entrance on Court House lane. 1,917

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at the office of HOWARD MILLER. 1,917

NORRIS & CO., PRIVATE ENquiry and Collection Agency, 49 Bleury St., Montreal Branches, Toronto and Winnipeg. Strictly confidential. Reports sent to any. 1,917

VICTORIA LAUNDRY, NO. 215 King Street. Ladies and gentlemen requiring first-class Laundry Work should send to Mrs. ARGOTTY, 215 King st. Satisfaction guaranteed. 1,850-tf

LEGAL.

DARKE & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Offices:—Over Taylor's Bank, Richmond street, London. JOHN PARKE, [Likes-law] T. H. PURDOM.

I. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In Albion Block, Richmond street, London, Ontario. 1,917

GIBBONS, M'NAB & MULKERN Barristers, &c., London. Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. Hon. G. GIBBONS, F. MULKERN, Geo. McNAB, FRED F. HARPER.

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Lion Ch's Building, Dundas street, London, Ont. GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc. 82 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. CORNWALL GLASS, DAVID GLASS, Q.C. F. H. LUSCOMBE. 1,917

HUTCHINSON & M'KILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office—Court House Lane, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, Local Clerk of the County Crown Attorney. JAS. B. M'KILLOP, Dist Parent

WHOLESALE LIQUOR BUSINESS FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned till Wednesday, December 27th, 1882, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purchase, at a rate to the dollar, of the inventory prices of the following stock, &c., of the Estate of J. M. Longan & Co., viz.:—

LOT No. 1.—Liquors in Bond (nearly all 6 different importations) $1,561 76; Liquors (duty paid), $4,986 76; Cigars, $1,358 12; Teas, $245 50; Chattels, $1,918 91; Book Debts, $7,174 65; No. on, $1,271 19; Real Estate in Winnipeg and Nelsonville, $1,186. Total, $19,304.46.

LOT No. 2.—Liquors in Bond (nearly all different importations), $12,853 07.

LOT No. 3.—Liquors and Cigars stored in Winnipeg, $1,761 21.

Tenders MUST be for each of the above lots separately, and must state the time required (if any), and security offered. No tender necessarily accepted.

A lease of the premises can be obtained and business continued.

The Stock and Inventories may be seen at any time on application to

H. E. NELLES, Over Federal Bank.

London, Dec. 19, 1882. 1,850

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 4 WARD

AT THE REQUEST OF A LARGE NUMBER of the ratepayers, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for election as Alderman for No. 4 Ward for 1883, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obdt. servant,
M. D. FRASER.

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 1 WARD

AT THE SOLICITATION OF A LARGE number of my ratepayers, I beg to offer myself as a candidate for Aldermen for 1883 for No. 1 Ward, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obdt. servant,
JOHN LABATT.

TWIN-NAVY

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

FOR 30 DAYS.

Gas Fixtures, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Portable Lamps, &c., &c.,

—CHEAP—

Jobbing Work in Plumbing and Gasfitting Promptly attended to.

HEARD & GREENAWAY,

Steam & Hotwater Heating Engineers, 10 MASONIC TEMPLE. Jlmwly

CAPADDER CABLE CAPADDER

Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SON

MONTREAL

TORONTO BRANCH — 24 Church St, 75 and 77 Yonge St, and 67 Wellington St, 73 and 75 Yonge Street.

Box Factory—18 King Street, Montreal 1,850-tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS Street Desperate Reduction in all Goods. Manufacturer Venetian Blinds of all descriptions. Repairing and Painting done. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms cash. Note the number, 344. P. S.—There is no connection with any other store in London. 1,917

E. HOBBS, LEGG'S BLOCK, Dundas St., bell hanger, gas and steam fitter. Every work of all descriptions. Orders left by telephone to Hall's Drug store promptly attended to. 1,917

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam at JAMES F. BURT'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 89 Richmond street, London. 1,917

DR. ANDERSON, OF 34 JAMES street, Hamilton, Dentist by Special Appointment to Princess Louise, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first Wednesday of each month. Charges moderate. 1,917

NEW FLOUR FEED AND PROVISION Store.—J. Dundas has opened out in his new store, 199 Dundas street, London East, in the above line, also wood and coal. A call solicited; satisfaction guaranteed. Terms cash. 1,850th

HAND-MADE CORSETS.—All Ladies wishing a good and perfect-fitting hand-made corset should call at Mrs. J. LARWILL'S, 81 Dundas street, London East. Orders left at Priddle Bros.' promptly attended to. 1,917th

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with despatch. Engraving Department, Free Press Office.

W. OATHRO, ROOFER AND Manufacturer Roofing Material, wholesale. Also, contractor for tarring asphalt from cellars and block pavements. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates and prices given on application to 95 Wellington street, London, Ont. 1,917

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—EVERY pair made to order, good, stylish and neat.—CARNEVALE. 1,917

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS for sale by the Free Press Printing Co., one of Rees' excellent presses. Takes a form 32x47. Does excellent work. Has been in use 12 months. To be sold for a reasonable price. For specimen of work, price and other particulars apply at the office.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE.—One 40-horse boiler, weight about 10 tons, for sale by the Free Press Printing Co. Has been used from good economizer of fuel.

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PARTIES' assemblies, &c. Lessons on cornet and violin.—DUNCAN ROBERTSON, 220 Hill street, between Chatham and Williams. 1,917th

ARCHITECTS, &c.

PETERS & JONES (LATE S. Peters & Son), Architects, Surveyors and Civil Engineers. Office:—Albert Block, southwest corner Dundas and Clarence Sts.—6 BANK PETERS; C. A. JONES. 2-87-tf

KINGSMILL'S

Great CLEARING Sale

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE

—WE HAVE EVER HELD—

GOODS WILL BE SOLD EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

DRESS GOODS

At the Most Ruinous Prices.

THE GREAT REDUCTIONS

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,

Mantle Department,

Dress Department,

Silk Department,

Trimming Department,

Ribbon Department,

Silk Ties & Pocket Handkerchief Department,

Corset Department,

Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—FOR—

IF YOU WANT

BLACK or COLORED SATIN

Take Advantage of this Opportunity!

100 doz. Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, selling for $1 each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING OUT SALE.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Berlin Excited Over Russia's Military Preparations.

Germany and Austria Agreed on a Course of Action.

Irish Laborers Demanding Work or Food.

Journalists Arrested for Attending Land League Meeting.

The Storm in Scotland---Loss of Three Vessels with Crews

Twelve Europeans Massacred in West Africa.

Russia and Germany.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—The only topic engaging attention here is the relations between Germany and Russia. Russian exchange never was lower as the Berlin Bourse since the battle of Plevna than now. One hundred rouble notes of the nominal value of 207 francs were quoted on Monday at 195 marks offered. The panic seems mainly due to an article in the "Variable Zeitung" concerning the concentring of the Russian army on the Galician frontier. This is regarded in well-informed circles both in Berlin and Vienna as absurd. It has its effect on business there nevertheless has been raised in the midst of the battle by what is known as Bismarck's sovereign campaign. This consists of various articles, generally published, laying stress on a purely dual defensive nature of the Austro-German alliance.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—The "Kreuz Zeitung" says as all kinds of symptoms and rumors were reported from Russia of a tendency opposed to the amicable sentiments of the Czar and Dolgiers, it was deemed expedient to throw out the remainder of that policy. Germany had sufficiently provided for all emergencies.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—The Austro-German alliance is approved by the entire German press. "Germania" says the prolongation of the treaty will effectually bar Pan Slavist intrigues. It rules expensive explorations and French pans for revenge.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—Austria and Germany have arrived at an understanding regarding measures to be taken in view of Russia's military preparations.

London, Dec. 19.—A Berlin correspondent says the press continues hostility to discuss the relations of Russia with Germany, but the excitement is beginning to abate.

There is nothing to show that the Czar's intimacies towards Germany and Austria are hostile.

London, Dec. 18.—The *News* says it is fully believed this matter of the two Armenians in Matassar was due to the measures taken by the French representatives in Malagasar to prevent the Malagasy Government exacting seitority on the west coast of Madagascar. The situation of the American Government will be called to the matter.

The Irish National League.

Dublin, Dec. 19.—A meeting was held in Mullingar last night for the purpose of forming a branch of the Irish National league. Harrington said if in the more prosperous farmers did not throw themselves into the new movement they would have the whole force of the labor agitation directed against them.

Navigation of the Weser.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—Preliminary preparations for raising the Weser navigable for sea going vessels from Bremen have been finished. The work is estimated to cost 30,000,000 marks, and will probably occupy six years. Bremen will still give an immense impetus as of trade between Bremen and New York.

Distress in Ireland.

Dublin, Dec. 19.—At Ballyhea, yesterday, a number of laborers garnished, demanding work or food, and declaring they were starving. They surrounded the residence at Bishop Dagon, who distributed money. There is great distress in the town.

Journalists Arrested.

Dublin, Dec. 19.—Cunningham, of the "Freeman's Journal;" McDermott, of the "Central News," and a reporter named Barrett were arrested at Longpres on the charge of having participated in the proclaimed League meeting on Sunday. They have been remanded for a week.

Arabi Pasha.

Cairo, Dec. 19.—*El Ahoram*, an Egyptian newspaper, says that Arabi's allowances will be between $1,500 and $2,500 per annum. His wife will join him in Ceylon, after her confinement, now shortly expected.

Ill-treatment of Women.

Cairo, Dec. 19.—Circassian guards were recently ordered to search harems for prisoners condemned by court-martial, and whose property was confiscated. Women were grossly insulted, and the proceeding caused so much complaint that the Khedive revoked the order.

Hagan's Mother.

London, Dec. 19.—Biggar's speech at Waterford, in which he denounced Spencer, formed the subject of universal conversation. It is stated the Government intend to deal leniently with Biggar, on account of his attack on the administration of justice in Ireland and on the character of the Viceroy.

European Measures in Africa.

London, Dec. 19.—During the funeral of a native chief at Lagos, on the west coast of Africa, an outbreak occurred, during which twelve Europeans were massacred.

A New Viceroy.

Dublin, Dec. 19.—The *Evening Mail* believes that Earl Spencer will resign the viceroyalty when the state of Ireland becomes more satisfactory, and that he will probably be succeeded by Lord Rosebery.

Westgate.

Dublin, Dec. 19.—Westgate, charged with parricide-pates in the Phœnix Park murders, was remanded to-day.

An Englishman Murdered in Madagascar.

London, Dec. 19.—Madagascar advices of the 9th say the natives are becoming hostile toward Europeans, and an Englishman has been murdered.

France and Siam.

Paris, Dec. 19.—It is semi-officially announced that the Chinese have evacuated Tonquin, in pursuance of orders from Pekin, and the relations between France and China are excellent.

Arrested Under the Curfew Law.

Dublin, Dec. 19.—Edmund Slattery, who recently returned from America, was arrested at Tulla last evening under the Curfew clause of the Repression Act.

The French in Tunis.

Paris, Dec. 19.—The Budget Committee decided to vote 30,000,000 francs for the maintenance of the army of occupation in Tunis, but declines for the present to grant 5,000,000 francs for fortifications, barracks and military stations.

A Riot.

Marseilles, Dec. 19.—A riot took place at Ba Cran to-day between French and Italian workmen. An Italian was killed, and four other workmen seriously injured. Seven Italians were arrested.

Loss of Life at Sea.

London, Dec. 19.—The storm in neighbor Scotland continues. Three vessels have gone ashore. All the crews drowned.

A Titled Swindler.

Lemberg, Dec. 19.—Baron Rummingen has been convicted of swindling and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment with deprivation of title.

CABLE BREVITIES.

—An Alexandria despatch says that all political prisoners at Damietta have been released.

The Spanish Government is everywhere successful in the elections for Cortes's General.

By an explosion in a cartridge factory at Mont Valerien, France, thirty women were seriously injured.

The steamer Ristopia, which grounded on Sunday in Lough Foyle, floated at next tide without damage.

Crumblan, the alleged cheak, arrested for writing a letter threatening the Prince of Wales and Gladstone, has been committed for trial.

A Sydney, N. S. W., despatch says the general election for the Legislative Assembly has resulted in the return of a large majority against the Government.

Ashaine of Metz, member of the Protest party, has been elected to the Reichstag. *La Presse* says Ashaine's success is a new protest against Bismarck's attempt to Germanize Alsace and Lorraine.

Gambetta is suffering from slight inflammation in the bowels. His condition is not alarming, but necessitates several days of unbroken rest. News of his illness has caused great sensation in Paris.

AMERICAN NEWS.

More Municipal Frauds.

New York, Dec. 19 — The *World's* Poughkeepsie special says the Common Council last night adopted a resolution directing the City Attorney to begin suits in the name of the city against Thomas Thorne, ex-City Chamberlain; Lewis Baker, ex-City Treasurer; Abraham Byron Hasbi, ex-City Treasurer; Abraham Wilkie, the present City Treasurer and the bondsmen of the late City Treasurer, F. W. George, for money alleged to be due the city. The suits are the result of an examination of the city books by an expert George's defalcacy is about $30,000.

The Tobacco Trade.

St. Louis, Dec. 19 — The tobacco manufacturers are calling home their travellers. One company yesterday called home twenty-three agents engaged in the South west and North west on account of the feeling of uncertainty concerning the tax. Dealers decline to handle more than enough to supply the immediate demands of consumers. Sales have fallen off 50 per cent. from what they were this time last year.

Suffocated by Gas.

Rochester, Dec. 19.—Thomas Doyle, alias Wm. Lisle, Kane a. Mason, alias Katie A. Lisle, the 8 at from Singerfill and the latter from Clayville, Oneida county, who were boarding at a house on Court street here, last night were suffocated by the escape of illuminating gas in their room. They were evidently a runaway couple.

Another Trouble in the Oil Market.

Pittsburg, Dec. 19.—Oil declined 14c to 84½c to-day on a report of a removal of bowling in Forest Co. There was intense excitement at the Exchange.

Bradford, Pa., Dec. 19.—Oil fell from 84½ to 84c to-day on the report that the renewal in Forest Co. was a larger quaker or as the Grandee well. The market closed amid great excitement. Five million four hundred thousand barrels were sold.

Fatal Railway Disaster.

Troy, Dec. 19.—A freight train was telescoped by another in-day at Melrose, on the Troy & Boston road. A locomotive and 36 cars were wrecked. John Reardon, of Pittsfield, a brakeman, who was going to Troy to get pay, was killed. Frank Bradnage, of Pittsfield, brakeman, is dying from a broken back. Engineer Chas. Killenback, Geo. Cross and Dennis O'Brien, a brakeman, were injured; will recover. The track will not be cleared before to-morrow. One train was nearly two hours late when the accident occurred.

Explosion and Conflagration.

Boston, Dec. 19.—An explosion occurred in John F. Jewett's fire arms establishment this evening, followed by fire causing a loss of about $100,000 Warren Revell and Watchman Perry were badly burned. The fire caused considerable excitement, as it was feared there was a large quantity of explosives in the building. This proved not to be the case.

CANADIAN NEWS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—The "B ais-de" has again been brought out by Prof. Goldwin Smith.

The Kingston and West Northumberland elections cases were further enlarged till the 29th and 30th inst., respectively.

The stock market this morning was quiet and irregular, with local bank shares somewhat weak. The chief feature was the advance in Ontario in sympathy with the Montreal market.

Capt. Andrews, who has saved some 17 lives, principally rescues from drowning, was yesterday presented by the Mayor, on behalf of the Royal Humane Society, with a gold clasp. In company with William Ward, he is organizing a crew here of the life saving service.

D. McCullough, an old man living at Smithfillen, Ont., was locked up in the Central Police Station, to-night, charged with having threatened to shoot a Great Trunk conductor. The affair arose out of the former refusing to show his ticket.

A Canal Burned to Death.

Joliet Station, Dec. 19.—The house of Mr. J. E. Caspels was burnt last night at seven o'clock. The fire originated in a bed room where there was a child of six years of age, who was burned to death. A man named Axelfel, a pilot, fell off the small house and was dangerously hurt.

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

It is stated that Sir Richard Cartwright will be asked to become the Grit candidate in Frontenac for the local House.

The Reformers of South Victoria have nominated Mr. D. J. McIntyre, of Bodmin, as their candidate for the local House.

One hundred and fifty persons were drowned on the lakes during the past season. There are probably 4,000 seamen employed on the lakes, exclusive of the men on the steamers.

Sir Patrick Macdougall was sworn in as Administrator at Halifax on Monday, by Sir William J. Ritchie, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. An extra of the *Canada Gazette* contains the announcement.

The report to the effect that the Northwest Mounted Police will be increased from 500 to 1,000 men is without foundation. Engagements to fill about thirty vacancies which now exist are now being made at Winnipeg.

The Council-General of the Seine have expressed a desire to the Government to proceed with the Simplon tunnel scheme in order to stop German manufactures from being substituted via the St. Gothard tunnel for those of France.

A Quebec dispatch says—The two men who were sent into the backwoods to search for Biddes and Fontaine, the two hunters said to have been assassinated, have returned and report them alive and well. The false rumor probably originated from the assassination of two men near Moose River, in Maine.

Mr. Rufus Stephenson, Inspector of Government Colonization Lands, has arrived in Ottawa to report to the Department of the Interior. He has made an extensive tour of inspection of the lands of colonization companies in the North-west. He has also investigated the troubles existing between the settlers and the Bell Colonization Company, and his report on each will form the basis of settlement. He returns to the North-west in the spring.

Mrs. William Smith, a sister of Michael Lennon, who was crushed to death while loading a gravel car, near Simcoe, on Saturday, arrived at Simcoe on Sunday, and after looking at the remains, fell over in a fainting fit. Restoratives were applied, and she was carried into a bedroom adjoining the room where the corpse was laid. A short minutes afterwards Mrs. Lennon went into the bedroom and found Mrs. Smith dead through heart disease.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Fourth Parliament—Fourth Session.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—The Speaker took the chair at 3 p.m.

THE DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.

Mr. Creighton resumed the adjourned debate on the Address. He dwelt at length with the licensing question, showing the inconsistency of their position under the Crooks Act, with their former professions, and proving that the License Inspectors in different counties throughout Conservatives who had licenses in the event of their opposing Reform candidates. He instanced particularly cases in Hastings. The contention of increased advances under the Crooks Act was refuted, because commissions for drunkenness for the first full year of the Act in question fell largely increased. With reference to the boundary, he called upon the Premier to announce his policy. When the Dominion Government proposed a reference to the Privy Council, Mr. Mowat answered by eleven pages of historical reference, but without stating whether he accepted the proposal or not. The Opposition wished Ontario to obtain its full territory, which, according to the Attorney-General, was not given by the award, and that could be but secured by a reference to England.

Mr. Purdom made a long speech, defending the Government's action, and particularly with respect to the License Act and Disallowance question. With respect to the former, he said that in West Hastings Conservative held tenures in proportion of four to one as compared with Reformers. The Disallowance question was fully discussed by the Government. It was satisfactory to find that they had an issue, and that Ontario led the van in the agitation.

Hon. Mr. Mowat asked whether it was held that the disallowance of railway charters in Manitoba, in view of the statutory contract by the Dominion Government, was the same as the disallowance question in Ontario.

Hon. Mr. Purdom said he would not reply to the question. (Laughter)

After recess, Mr. Murdick spoke, giving statistics showing the expenditures under the Crooks Act. Referring to disallowance he said dreams, that the Reformers in the Ontario Legislature had petitioned in favor of the disallowance of the New Brunswick School Act. As to the boundary, the question must be referred to the Privy Council. The legislature has decided in favor of the reference to arbitration, and if the Interior asked an appropriation from Parliament giving an increased subsidy. Under the Robinson Treaty of 1850 the Indians received $1 per head per annum from the Dominion Government, and as soon as the sums realized from the territory covered by that treaty exceeded the cost of management, the Indians should receive $4 per head. In 1855, on the report of Surveyor-General of Crown Lands, it was found that the Indians were entitled to that amount. Besides receiving $1 per head per annum. The Robinson Treaty they received a lump sum of $12,000. From 1855 to 1876 they received only $1 per head, but Mr. Blake thought they were entitled, from 1855, to the full sum of $4, and they had now a claim before the Dominion Government, which had been entertained, for $250,000, as does them under the treaty of 1850. Mr. Blake recommended that an increased sum of $4 be paid. A proposition was now before the Dominion Government to settle with 90,000 Indians in Manitoba and Albany Rivers, which would involve $25,000 per annum. The Robinson Treaty involved an annual payment of $15,000, and the Moore's Treaty of $20,000, the total charge on the lands, and which Ontario would have to pay, would be about $150 000 over and above the annual tax of over $50 000. (Cheers).

Mr. McNaughton supported the Government, contending that the Streams Bill was necessary, and that the Mississippi was a precedent.

Mr. Bell showed that the Government were constantly daily changing front. All their projects had been abandoned. Regarding the License Law, it was dangerous to be administered in Toronto. Applicants were threatened if they opposed the Revising Court, and sometimes given to applicants' wives. The Chairman had opposed him as the candidate of the Liberals (Bell's) election, and was reappointed Chairman so that he could refuse applicants who had opposed him. Another commissioner was appointed with a large city practice, and it was charged that when large professions of his clients were necessary to obtain votes enough for his local commissioner was one of the most rabid Grits in the country. His daughter they were the greatest tyrants in Canada. (Cheers and laughter.)

Mr. Walters spoke on behalf of the Government.

The House adjourned at 11.15 p.m.

A SCENE OF SPLENDOR.

Oil Bursts Skoutter a Wonderful Stream of Water—Heavy Machinery Buried from a Hole 200 feet Deep.

Boston, Oct., Dec. 19.—Last night while men were working at a derrick, the large hole and drill, weighing over twelve hundred pounds, were suddenly ejected from the hole, about 200 feet deep, followed by a shower of stones and gravel. Then a stream of water, six inches in diameter, burst from the pipe and has been flowing steadily since. The engineer, while a man was lighting his pipe in the derrick, the gas bubbling out of the water caught fire and all combustible to burn, the water and gas falling in a fiery cascade, making one of the most magnificent sights ever seen in this country.

Collision on the South-eastern Railway.

Marlaville, Que., Dec. 19.—A collision occurred on the South Eastern Railroad, about two miles south of Richelieu station, at 10 15 this morning, between the passenger express, leaving Montreal at nine, and a locomotive and tender backing up from West Farnham. The express was on time, and the driver had reason to suppose all was clear, and was making the regular speed of 40 miles an hour. The driver of the locomotive, backing up, evidently forgot about the express, and was not seen in consequence of the sheer of the line until a collision was inevitable. The first intimation the passengers had was a severe shock, throwing most of them from their seats, but none of them were seriously injured. The driver of the express jumped and thus saved his life. He is hurt about the head and side, and now lies in great pain. The express locomotive is badly smashed, and the baggage car nearly telescoped.

SHIPPING

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 18.—The steamer Assyrian has arrived to-night with 32 cabin, 13 intermediate and 360 steerage passengers.

New York, Dec. 16.—Arrived, Rhein, from Bremen.

New York, Dec. 19.—Arrived, France, from London.

Antwerp, Dec. 19.—Arrived, Darmyter.

London, Dec. 19 —Arrived, York City.

Southampton, Dec. 19 —Arrived, Neckar.

New York, Dec. 19.—Arrived, Amsterdam, from Amsterdam; Gelmar, from Copenhagen.

Montreal, Dec. 19.—The Allan S. S. Norwegian, from Portland, arrived at Glasgow.

Wm. Orr, clerk for Fairbanks & Co., lard refiners, St. Louis, on his way to the bank to pay workmen, was knocked down by three men with a sand bag, and robbed of $1,600. The robbers escaped.

NORTH-WEST NEWS.

Winnipeg, Dec. 19.—A telegram from Prince Arthur's Landing states that William Winfield, formerly of Fergus, Ont., was shot in a house of ill-repute on Saturday night, by an inmate. The place where the tragedy occurred is one of the lowest dens in the locality, and is kept by an old colored woman known as "Black Annie Roy." The unfortunate is the old woman's daughter. Winfield went to the house early in the evening, and there were there besides several men the old woman and her daughter being the only females present. Considerable whiskey was drunk by the party during the evening, and it was not long before severe disputes arose, which, though trifling, threatened serious consequences. One of these was about the ownership of a large Newfoundland dog, the girl claiming it to be hers, which was denied by Winfield. It is alleged that the young man threatened to strike the girl; in any case, at a point where the dispute ran high the girl drew a revolver and fired at Winfield, who raised only a foot or two away. The ball struck the victim in the shoulder, and glancing down lodged in the breast. He threw up his hands, and fell to the ground with a smothered cry. A man named Axelfel, a pilot, fell off the small house and was dangerously hurt.

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The Council-General of the Seine have expressed a desire to the Government to proceed with the Simplon tunnel scheme in order to stop German manufactures from being substituted via the St. Gothard tunnel for those of France.

A Quebec dispatch says—The two men who were sent into the backwoods to search for Biddes and Fontaine, the two hunters said to have been assassinated, have returned and report them alive and well. The false rumor probably originated from the assassination of two men near Moose River, in Maine.

Mr. Rufus Stephenson, Inspector of Government Colonization Lands, has arrived in Ottawa to report to the Department of the Interior. He has made an extensive tour of inspection of the lands of colonization companies in the North-west. He has also investigated the troubles existing between the settlers and the Bell Colonization Company, and his report on each will form the basis of settlement. He returns to the North-west in the spring.

Mrs. William Smith, a sister of Michael Lennon, who was crushed to death while loading a gravel car, near Simcoe, on Saturday, arrived at Simcoe on Sunday, and after looking at the remains, fell over in a fainting fit. Restoratives were applied, and she was carried into a bedroom adjoining the room where the corpse was laid. A short minutes afterwards Mrs. Lennon went into the bedroom and found Mrs. Smith dead through heart disease.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Fourth Parliament—Fourth Session.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—The Speaker took the chair at 3 p.m.

THE DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.

Mr. Creighton resumed the adjourned debate on the Address. He dwelt at length with the licensing question, showing the inconsistency of their position under the Crooks Act, with their former professions, and proving that the License Inspectors in different counties throughout Conservatives who had licenses in the event of their opposing Reform candidates. He instanced particularly cases in Hastings. The contention of increased advances under the Crooks Act was refuted, because commissions for drunkenness for the first full year of the Act in question fell largely increased. With reference to the boundary, he called upon the Premier to announce his policy. When the Dominion Government proposed a reference to the Privy Council, Mr. Mowat answered by eleven pages of historical reference, but without stating whether he accepted the proposal or not. The Opposition wished Ontario to obtain its full territory, which, according to the Attorney-General, was not given by the award, and that could be but secured by a reference to England.

Mr. Purdom made a long speech, defending the Government's action, and particularly with respect to the License Act and Disallowance question. With respect to the former, he said that in West Hastings Conservative held tenures in proportion of four to one as compared with Reformers. The Disallowance question was fully discussed by the Government. It was satisfactory to find that they had an issue, and that Ontario led the van in the agitation.

Hon. Mr. Mowat asked whether it was held that the disallowance of railway charters in Manitoba, in view of the statutory contract by the Dominion Government, was the same as the disallowance question in Ontario.

Hon. Mr. Purdom said he would not reply to the question. (Laughter)

After recess, Mr. Murdick spoke, giving statistics showing the expenditures under the Crooks Act. Referring to disallowance he said dreams, that the Reformers in the Ontario Legislature had petitioned in favor of the disallowance of the New Brunswick School Act. As to the boundary, the question must be referred to the Privy Council. The legislature has decided in favor of the reference to arbitration, and if the Interior asked an appropriation from Parliament giving an increased subsidy. Under the Robinson Treaty of 1850 the Indians received $1 per head per annum from the Dominion Government, and as soon as the sums realized from the territory covered by that treaty exceeded the cost of management, the Indians should receive $4 per head. In 1855, on the report of Surveyor-General of Crown Lands, it was found that the Indians were entitled to that amount. Besides receiving $1 per head per annum. The Robinson Treaty they received a lump sum of $12,000. From 1855 to 1876 they received only $1 per head, but Mr. Blake thought they were entitled, from 1855, to the full sum of $4, and they had now a claim before the Dominion Government, which had been entertained, for $250,000, as does them under the treaty of 1850. Mr. Blake recommended that an increased sum of $4 be paid. A proposition was now before the Dominion Government to settle with 90,000 Indians in Manitoba and Albany Rivers, which would involve $25,000 per annum. The Robinson Treaty involved an annual payment of $15,000, and the Moore's Treaty of $20,000, the total charge on the lands, and which Ontario would have to pay, would be about $150 000 over and above the annual tax of over $50 000. (Cheers).

Mr. McNaughton supported the Government, contending that the Streams Bill was necessary, and that the Mississippi was a precedent.

Mr. Bell showed that the Government were constantly daily changing front. All their projects had been abandoned. Regarding the License Law, it was dangerous to be administered in Toronto. Applicants were threatened if they opposed the Revising Court, and sometimes given to applicants' wives. The Chairman had opposed him as the candidate of the Liberals (Bell's) election, and was reappointed Chairman so that he could refuse applicants who had opposed him. Another commissioner was appointed with a large city practice, and it was charged that when large professions of his clients were necessary to obtain vot

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Free Press Office,
December 14, 1882.

The Free Press

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Wednesday, December 20, 1882.

A WASTEFUL NOTION ABANDONED

A Toronto journal says it is clear that the Ontario Government has given up the idea of erecting new legislative buildings, for the reason that it was found, on further examination, that they would cost far more money than was expected. Just as the Free Press urged from the outset of the proposition. We endeavored to show, from actual experience elsewhere, that no one knows where a line of expenditure of this kind, once begun, is going to stop. The State House, at Albany, originally designed to cost $2,000,000 only, cost $14,000,000, and yet an appropriation of one or two millions is annually called for to carry on the original work, or repair even that has been done. It has been the same at Springfield, Ill., Columbus, Ky., and elsewhere. Our argument was that with an increasing annual burden on the Government, and a diminishing surplus, such a step as the erection of new buildings was not to be thought of, as it would put a load on the shoulders of the people which they could not possibly rise from in many years. From general press throughout the country saw the matter in the same light, and raised such an outcry against the proposed extravagance, that Mr. Mowat had to back down from it. It is well known that a reasonable sum kept in repairs to the old buildings would tide over the present necessity that is said to exist for many a year to come. It was thought a good thing for Toronto, to spend half a million of money to begin with, and no one knows how much more afterwards, in putting up a grand, palatial structure for Mowat's glorification. But the people do not see it in that way.

TALKING NONSENSE.

Our local Grit contemporary speaks of "the navigable stream" being "taken from out the control of the Legislature." What navigable stream is referred to? and when did the "control" of navigation in any Department pass into the hands of the local Legislature? If it is the small tributary to the Mississippi, which is the subject of the Rivers and Streams Bill of Mr. Mowat that is referred to, it has to be said that it was never really navigable for anything, except in flood time, until it was made so by the outlay of $250,000 of the private funds of Mr. Peter McLaren. The improvements created by that gentleman Mr. Mowat would seize and practically confiscate for the benefit of Mr. Caldwell, without due compensation. But the Dominion Government steps between tyrannical authority and individual rights, and says no; that such confiscation is too arbitrary, and if the confiscation takes place, full satisfaction to Mr. McLaren must be given. The Supreme Court affirms that Mr. McLaren cannot be dispossessed without that condition being observed, and that Mr. Mowat, though he may "choose to wrong," as a matter of general principle, cannot do so at the expense of a private citizen. If our contemporary refers to the navigation of the Mississippi River proper, the answer is that the "control of navigation" on that is vested in a foreign Government, resides in the authorities at Ottawa, and not those at Toronto. When, therefore, it talks of the control of a navigable stream in Ontario being "taken from out" of the hands of the Legislature, it talks what is sheer nonsense.

PLATE GLASS IN EVIDENCE.

Our local contemporary, discussing the question of skilled industry in the States under protection, observes:

> "The position of the laborer has been relatively lowered, and the Detroit *News* shows that this change for the worse is mainly due to the tariff."

There must be some mistake about this. Take the manufacture of plate glass as an example. Tale has grown into a large industry in the States under protection. The Bureau *Commercial Bulletin*, says there is as great in New York as a pecuniary spell—suits of plate glass makers in Europe, who threatens that next year this article will be cheaper than ever. He complains that wills American plate glass makers pay 50 per cent higher wages than are paid in other England or France, and in some cases our dinner as much, the prices of plate glass to the U. S. are fully one-half lower than they were under free trade. Does our contemporary doubt the truth of this statement? It is that of a respectable, and responsible commercial journal of a great commercial city. If true, what does the fact show? Why, that under protection in the United States the workmen get the benefit of it. They get three times as much wages as their fellows in England, while their product sells at less. Then under free trade, in England, the manufacturer gets the lion's or profits, while the workmen is ground down. In the United States, he is fully paid for his labor. The Canadian workman sees and understands about this. He puts himself on a par with his protected neighbor rather than remain a victim to his cupidity.

The name of the new Managing Director of the Globe, vice Mr. Gordon Brown, is Mr. John F. Taylor. With George Brown gone sun ut, and Mr. Gordon Brown, his right-hand, displaced, things are very much changed at the headquarters of a now divided Grittism.

IMPROVING THE FARM.

The draining is very popular among farmers on both sides of the lines. At a tile and drainage convention in Indiana lately, there were nearly 150 members in attendance, representing every part of Indiana, and, in addition, tile-makers from Ohio, Michigan, Illinois and Missouri. It was the unanimous expression that the demand for tile far exceeded the supply. The growth of tile manufacture has been, judging from the reports, most remarkable. In many counties where a few years ago there was only one tile factor there are now a dozen, and yet the demand is so great that the supply was short and prices had been increased. The majority of the speakers had found that the best way to sell tile was not by booking orders, but to sell to the first comers to the kilns. Nearly every one who spoke referred to new kilns that he was putting up, and the preparation of increased facilities for supplying the farmers next spring. No apprehension lest the business might be overdone seemed to exist. The same state of things exists in this part of Canada. In one of his October contributions the writer of "Country Notes" mentioned in the FREE PRESS that where there was one tile laid five years ago in the western portion of Middlesex there are twenty now. The different tile makers could not get the turned out fast enough, and of course the keen demand caused an increase of price. Indeed, where there is one factory now, four more could be run profitably, and if there were twenty times as much tile used as there is now the productive capacity of this part of Ontario would be increased two hundred fold. The only alloy is not that tiles are scarce, but that competent ditchers to lay them are yet scarcer. Smart, active man, who can lay tiles well, can earn in the season from $2 to $4 per day. The farmers through Middlesex would have done twice the amount of draining the past fall could they only have got labor at a reasonable price, but it can't be done. How much drainage can be done to the value of the soil has been seen in the counties of Kent and Essex, where large areas of land that were a few years ago all swamp, and not worth more than fifty cents an acre, have been converted into smiling grain fields, worth from $60 to $75 an acre. The farmers up there found draining to be the most successful mode of treatment, and to return many hundred fold upon the outlay. What has been there done for the reclamation of entire townships to profitable agriculture, by means of wide, open ditches, may be done in a smaller way in almost every farm. Every foot of wet, soggy land can thus be turned to useful account. And this must be done if the Ontario farmer is to continue to hold his own against those of the new territories, in the Northwest and elsewhere. It is seen by the official returns of crops for the past season that Ontario is naturally the most favorably situated wheat field in America, leading the best regions of the United States by ten bushels on an average per acre. This is a hopeful and encouraging record. It bears out the opinion ever expressed in the FREE PRESS, that Ontario offers a field of enterprise and labor second to none, and that it only needs to be improved and the fullest advantage taken of it. One of the ways of doing this is by draining the moist lands with tiles, which our farmers are so largely engaged in.

THE COMING CARNIVALS.

The people of Montreal and Quebec contemplate utilizing the services of the Prest King at a Winter Carnival. The experiment at Montreal is that the St. Lawrence will be put into requisition, and that a considerable portion "of the harbor will be laid out in race courses for sleighs and skaters, for ice boats and for show-shoers, in skating rinks and curling rinks, and adorned with every device in snow and ice that human ingenuity can suggest, from ice palaces to snow huts." The idea is a good one. The city of New Orleans has its world-renowned carnival, but the pleasure there cannot compare with the healthgiving exercise which can be contrived under the control of the Ice King. Though it may be too late this year to bring the Thames into requisition for a similar purpose, which could be very well done at the Forks, yet the building of the new skating rink affords a capital place for recreation of the sort referred to. But if a London carnival on the ice is to be instituted it should be inexpensive of its kind. The river surface should be made as nearly as possible free to all comers, and by the adoption of three of the suggestions current at Montreal a grand winter holiday might be organized to which many citizens from the neighboring places would gladly come. The cold now setting in gives assurance of a hard winter, such as Canadians love, and which creates a "boom" in all kinds of trade and business. And there can be little doubt that under proper guidance reasonable and healthy recreation could be promoted. To many winter is a time in which leisure and recreation can be best indulged, but for want of any organized effort it is permitted to pass by unimproved. In these particulars. The progress and success of the winter carnival in Montreal will be watched with interest, and if it proves successful in every kind in the establishment of similar efforts elsewhere. There is one drawback to a prolonged Western Carnival, and that is, that the winters here are sometimes not of such steady duration as they are in the higher latitudes of Montreal and Quebec.

A QUESTION OF WEAKNESS.

A Toronto contemporary observes that the *Globe* is weak in editorial ability. But is it not rather the reason it is engaged in that is weak? What amount of ability, for instance, can effectually support the dogma of Mr. Mowat, that Ontario may do wrong with impunity? In such a cause as this ability is of no use. In attempting to argue for it, the organ flounders into all sorts of illogical quagmires. And the same with the Rivers and Streams discussion. It is because it is so on the wrong side of the question that the *Globe* seems to our contemporary so weak and ineffectual. To maintain that a mere majority may perpetrate any outrage it pleases on private rights, is repulsive to the public sense. The people will not hear of it; and because the organ fails to overcome the commonest principles of fairness and rectitude, it is referred to as "weak in editorial ability." Just so with the discussion that has been going on concerning the mismanagement and waste-fulness connected with the re-called Model Farm. The *Globe* thought at first to intimidate the Provincial press by bluster and ridicule, and to choke off the discussion of a question which it must have known would not bear the light. The organ has ability enough to deal with this matter, in all its bearings. It has no doubt kept track of the invest gation as far as it has proceeded in the columns of the FREE PRESS. It should set once or twice to answer the facts and figures which we procured from Mr. Stewart's blue book, but has discovered that silence is his best refuge at discretion in the premises. The facts and figures appear to be too much for it. It is not lack of ability, but of a case, that the *Globe* is conspicuous for.

In Wyoming village the local directory must have been subjected for the first time to the poll tax, and they are loudly complaining. There is a dead look on the subject.

LONDON AND METEOROLOGY.

In the Monthly Weather Review of the Meteorological Service, the proportion of sunshine noted out in Windsor, Stratford, Woodstock, St. Catharine's, Barrie and other towns in the West and East is daily registered. But in the document before us we are left in the dark as to whether the sun shone on us during November or not. People at a distance, among whom this city has been held in more or less repute on many accounts, on seeing the official record of sunshine noted out in Windsor, Stratford, Woodstock and Windsor are blessed with a proportion of the solar rays, during a part of the day, London should not be scattered as having partial palace in them. We further find that on November 17 certain parts of the country were privileged with a view of the aurora. At Fort Stanley, it was remarked as "very brilliant." But no word of its having been seen in London. This city is neglected in this matter. Its name should appear in title and all other official reports of the same nature along with those of other cities and towns. In absence seem to exhibit a lack of interest in meteorological subjects, as well as facilities for their pursuit. Whereas, in point of fact, London is exceptionally well favored in both these matters.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The Grits of Ontario make out that they have a surplus of $6 000,000. But it is not a surplus in the same sense as that accumulated by Sandfield Macdonald. Nine-tenths of it is but the capital of the Province, the proceeds of sales of timber lands.

A new patent has been invented. An elastic middle sole is arranged with air cells, connected with a tube extending to the top of the leg. The weight of the body at each step compresses the air from under the foot out through the tube. When the weight is removed the atmospheric action, or reaction, supplies air, and thus a circulation is kept up at each step.

An English medical journal does not agree with those who would do away altogether with tobacco instead of making temperate use of it. The writer says: "We live in times in which the custom is to denounce as deleterious everything which happens to be pleasant. Man could probably live without tobacco, as he formerly did without clothes; but the fact that both these luxuries are to the makers of comforts should not necessarily spur us into serious against either of them."

If any one is curious to test the capabilities of mathematical science, the following calculation by an eminent scientist will do to begin with. When this is answered another example can doubtless be found that will go a step further. If from a single pair, for 5 000 years, each husband and wife had married at 21 years of age, and three had been no deaths, the population at the earth would be 2 199 915 followed by 141 ciphers. It would require to hold this population a number of worlds equal to 3,166 326 followed by 125 ciphers. Of course this is in round numbers only.

A recent writer says that there are two hundred and thirty-seven chances of being murdered in Rome to one in England. The latter country is said to be the freest from homicide of any in the world. There is only one murder to 178 000 inhabitants there, and one to 750 in Rome. These are the two extremes, as shown by statistics. It was much worse than. According to an English writer of the days of Henry VI., the England of that period could boast more murders in proportion to its population. We say "Queen" because the author referred to, Chancellor Fortescue, accounts for the secreting virtues of other people, the French especially, by according them of "rewarding and lack of beetle and courage to do so terribly as acts."

Mr. Hay, discussing the boundary case, said on Monday night that if they were to have a legendary magistrate in his day, appointed territory, they should put a constable behind him to enforce the law. So, what's one constable? Last year, both Mr. Hay and his chief, Mr. Mowat, were shouting out for an army of militia to go up and take possession. The Little Premier found, however, that the force he could rely on were but "twelve men in buckram." Hence, his haughty military airs of last year have been considerably toned down. A magistrate and a constable behind him to enforce the law! Well, they'd goot.

Mr. Madill, M. P. P., of North Ontario, showed in his speech how the appointees of the Royal Government—Messrs Lount, Sheriff, and Division Court clerks, and formed a solid combination in his county, useful to the Government at election time. Everywhere is found bands of magistrates appointed by the Ontario Government sitting on election committees and Division Court clerks and bailiffs acting as the most active men in the riding, using not only their private influence, which was not much, but the influence of the Government, in order to secure the gratitude of the Ministry, not only for stern attention to business, but for assistance in the political campaign.

For the convenience of correspondents by post cards within the Dominion, a double post card has been prepared and is now ready for issue, which will afford to the correspondent the means of sending with his communication a blank prepaid post card to be used in reply. Each half of the double card will bear a current postage stamp impressed thereon in proper pence. The ordinary post card regulations will apply to these reply cards both when originally posted, and with respect to the reply half when presented. The reply on double post cards will be found at two cents each, and are to be sold to the public at that rate by Postmasters and stamp-venders. Canada reply post cards to be used in correspondence with the United Kingdom will also be supplied at an early date, and when post cards of this description, originating in the United Kingdom and bearing the impressed postage stamp thereon on both halves have been used by mail the reply half may be reposted in Canada for return to an address in the United Kingdom as a prepaid post card, and may be forwarded to its destination without requiring the addition of any Canada postage stamp or other postage prepayment in Canada.

According to the Japan *Mail* Christianity is considered as an infectious epidemic by the fanatical Japanese Buddhists in the province of Nato, who firmly believe that any one even treading in the footsteps of a missionary will be tainted with the foreign belief. Thus when a French missionary recently visited the district everybody refused to give him food or lodging, and he was obliged to apply to the police for help. So the priests called their fellows together, and agreed that they would kill the obnoxious foreigner if he stayed, taking an oath to excommunicate all who violated the agreement. The missionary retreated.

By a royal decree the oft-debated question as to the colors proper to Prussian provinces is thus settled:—East Prussia, black and white; west, black-white-black; Brandenburg, red and white; Silesia, white and yellow; Pomerania, blue and white; Posen, crimson, blue and white; Westphalia, white and red; Hanover, yellow and white; Hesse-Nassau, white and black. The colors for Saxe, Schleswig-Holstein, and Hesse Nassau will soon be fixed upon.

The divided skirt and the hygienic petticoat having proved hopeless failures, the Women's Dress Reform Association of London will offer prizes this winter for a design intended to do away with the inconveniences of the present styles, without making too marked a departure from "the fleeting, changeable characteristics of female attire." The problem is believed to be a difficult one to solve.

Bell Mall Gazette:—"One great aim of American life is labor saving."

PERSONAL CHIT-CHAT.

Professor L. P. Thompson has a telephone message by Kite in 1881.

Mrs. Adelaide Phillipps left all her property, amounting to about $20,000, to immediate relatives.

Louise Montague, the professional beauty of Pittsburgh's crowe, is now tending bar in a saloon of her own in Philadelphia.

Meissonier is the rival of Victor Hugo in vanity. Yet a picture of his measuring six inches by four inches has just sold for $8,000.

Mr. W. D. Howells is criticised for wasting a considerable am unt of a very remarkable literary dexterity upon the curious carving of cherry stones.

Christopher Fennelly, of Boston, wrote:—"I am about to appear in front of my Maker." But he was mistaken, for the seventy-two knife wounds which he presumed to inflict upon himself failed to kill.

It is stated that Mr. C. S. Woolf, Provincial Treasurer, who is retiring from political life, is to be made Registrar of Peterboro', in place of the late Col. Hoolihan. He was at first mentioned for a shrievalty.

During the summer of 1881 an enquiry was made into the official conduct of the Registrar of Bruce. On December 12, 1882, the Ontario Government passed an order-in-Council removing the Registrar.

Mme. Bertrand recently wore at the Palais Royal Theatre moss-green embossed velvet, trimmed with pale lilac bows, and an impossible bonnet of green plush, with enormous bows of three colors, and an immense diamond butterfly beneath the brim.

Many have been the conjectures as to the cause of M. Grevy's illness, but, if we are to believe the Elysee report, M. Grevy went to bed too soon after dining plentifully on some partridges shot by himself. It is generally believed, however, that it was something far more serious—one of those preliminary warnings to clear out, occasionally received by persons of his age from Madam Nature.

Dr. Wild, of Toronto, announces that loam was seven feet high. His reason for this conclusion is that the first man was perfect, and seven is a perfect number. Three is the Trinity number, and stands for Creator; four stands for the world; five seven includes the Creator and the created. Seven means completion. There are seven virtues that make a perfect man: virtue, knowledge, temperance, patience, godliness, brotherly kindness and charity."

Lady Brassey opened a loan exhibition of fans, and "curiosities" generally at Hastings, England, the other day. The exhibition value of the articles on view is said to exceed £500,000. Among them are a clay-worn watch belonging to Prince Charles, and was presented to him by the Provost of Glasgow; also bills in of silver, basket shaped, richly ornamented. It is now the property of Lord Cranewold, and is priceless. There is another platter, but hardly less prized several of the unfortunate Prince, which he left behind when he made his escape in the attire of Flora Macdonald.

John McCullough, who served his apprenticeship on the stage under Edwin Forrest, says that the late tragedian once remarked:—"It is enough to make a metaphysician attack his own throat. Three jumped houses in succession for 'Metamora,' and but eight had a row for 'Lear.' Only help the public with such a taste as that, and I'll soon be the first actor in the world." Then in 'Metamora' they see an Indian, and hear him speak some catching lines, and they understand them; but when it comes to studying 'Lear' they say 'thank you,' and decline the treshin. Forrest went so far as to confound the star system, declaring that it destroyed dramatic literature in its legal form by rendering the demand for new plays, because there were old ones enough to choose from.

Queen Margherita of Italy is devotedly fond of literature and the fine arts. Signor Bonghi, formerly Minister of Public Instruction, an erudite Greek scholar and the translator of Plato, is an habitue of the Quirinal; so are also Signor Minghetti, who has been over and over again President of the Council; Signor Mamiani, a Deputy and journalist; the Senator Prati a poet; and, above all, Baron de Kendell, the German Ambassador, who is himself a musical composer, and who has made Queen Margherita an admirer of Mendelssohn and Wagner. Among the ladies who frequent by invitation the palace is the Princess Trigguno, an American heiress, married to the Prince of that name, whose parents, of the Bluff Yankee type, create no little amusement among the other ladies of honor. The Princess has deservedly attained a high reputation for beauty and talent at the Italian Court.

Mr. John G. Sure, the poet, still resides in Albany, at the home of his son, and is an invalid. The disease from which he suffers is neuralgia, affecting the great nerve centre and accompanied by chronic dyspepsia. The result is considerable physical pain and a degree of emaciation. As exaggerated statements have been made concerning the gentleman's condition, it is well that the facts be this correctly given. It should be added that to impairment of mental strength is a characteristic or a consequence of the disease, and that, of course, the reports about Mr. Sure having completed additions of the lands have no foundation in fact. The poet reads regularly, but feels indisposed to writing; still, in conversation, his logic, fancy, and analytic abilities are shown to be as marked as at any time. His many friends and admirers, regarding his leave of his illness, will, nevertheless, be gratified to know that the hypochondria occurring any disorder or decay of the mind of the sufferer are totally devoid of truth.

Prof. Langley's discovery of a queer spot of light on the disk of Venus during the recent transit has created a great deal of interest. The discoverer says he is unable to account for it, though he is convinced it was some phenomena connected with the surface or the atmosphere of the planet, and not an optical illusion of any kind. Two other observers at Pittsburgh saw the light, and their descriptions of it accord closely with Prof. Langley's account. This discovery, following that made not long ago of a curious network of lines on Mars, which some have imagined might be a system of gigantic canals, will probably lead to a more careful telescopic study of the various members of the solar system. The improvements recently made in spectroscopic appliances and the great size and power of some of the telescopes which have recently been constructed, or are in course of construction, render it probable that within a few years a great advance will be made in our knowledge of the physical condition of some of the nearer of the other worlds belonging to our system.

Dr. Alonzo Clark says:—"It is an old error to suppose that persons who have cardiac (heart) disease must die suddenly. They may, and others may." He also states, in connection with one of the most deceptive forms of valvular trouble:—"The number of instances in which persons die with this lesion suddenly, compared with those who die a lingering death, is small."

Maurice Burgen of Monroe, La., felt a premonition that his death was near. He said so to a friend, declaring that he would be dead before Dec. 5. He was laughed at, but his response was an offer to bet a seventy-five-dollar suit of clothes—as he was a tailor—against a coffin of equal value. The wager was made, and Bergen won. The loser provided a handsome burial casket, according to agreement.

An undertaker in Australia exhibits a coffin in the window of his shop, on the sides of which, in gold letters, is the inscription, "Let Me Hide Myself in Thee." Many mistook this for a trade mark until they discovered that it was the second line of a verse, the first of which, "Rock of Ages Cleft for Me," was on the other side of the coffin.

Prof. Chandler, being disturbed while lecturing to some ill-bred medical students, paused until all eyes were directed toward the offenders, and said:—"I suspect that it is in my power to teach those young gentlemen something that will be of more use to them in after life than chemistry; I mean manners."

Albert Morse emigrated with his family from Virginia to Indiana, and had not been there a week before his wife evinced a desire to elope with Mr Tully, a neighbor. Morse proposed that Tully should take her in consideration of transporting the remainder of the family back to their old home. This was done.

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"LITTA" GRAND CONCERT CO.

PROGRAMME—PART 1.

1. Piano Solo—Mr. Joseph Harrison
2. Aria—"Magic Flute" ..... Mr. Julius Herrlich
3. Violoncello Solo ..... Mr. Louis Blumenberg
Mr. Louis Blumenberg
4. Aria—Qui La Voce (Puritani) ..... Mlle. Litta
5. Aria—"La Favola del Destino ..... Sig. Rivarde
6. Song—"I Love my Love" Miss Annie Blaidsell
7. Violoncello Solo (a) "Romanza," (b) "Spinning Wheel" Mr. Louis Blumenberg
8. Piano Solo—"Ballet Music," (Fearnow) Mr. Joseph Harrison

PART II.

Third Act from "Faust"—By Charles Gounod. Faust, Sig. Ernesto Rivarde; Mephistopheles, Julius Herrlich; Siebel and Martha, Miss Annie E. Reese; and Marguerite, Mlle. Marie Litta.

Tickets, 75c. and $1. Can be reserved at Murray's without extra charge. L138

The London Loan Company OF CANADA

HEREBY GIVE NOTICE OF A Dividend declared on the Capital Stock of the Company at rate of 8 per cent. per annum for the current half-year, payable on 2nd January, A. D. 1883.

M. J. KENT, Manager.

1,2,3-w

DODSON'S

XMAS MEATS!

A fine selection of prime meats and game for Xmas can be seen at

DODSON'S, 269 Dundas Street.

Lots of Venison, Hares, Wild Turkeys, etc., also Prime Beef, Sumthdown Mutton and Lamb and Pork. L248

GRAND TRUNK

CITY TICKET OFFICE

NO. 9 MASONIC TEMPLE, LONDON.

IS ALSO THE OFFICE OF THE

ANCHOR, CUNARD, INMAN & STATE

Lines of Ocean Steamers.

For tickets and information apply to

EDWARD DE LA HOOKE,

L1dly Passenger Agent.

Commercial Travellers' Ass'n OF CANADA.

CERTIFICATES OF MEMBERSHIP FOR 1883

can now be obtained at the following places:—

JAS. SANGSTER, Secretary's Office, Mechanics' Institute, Toronto.

W. H. DUFFIELD, Sanford, Vail & Co., Hamilton.

JOHN HARRIS, A. Harris & Sons, Brantford.

JOHN GOUINLOCK, Marshall & Gouinlock, Peterboro'.

W. E. BLAKER, Guelph Carriage Works, Guelph.

R. S. SUTHERLAND, Fenwick, Hendry & Co., Kingston.

A. O. SHOREY, H. Shorey & Co., Montreal.

M. BULL, Donaldson's Block, Winnipeg.

W. F. McMASTER, JAS. SANGART, President. Secretary.

A. COLE,

WOOD TURNER AND SAWYER,

282 and 284 York street, London, Ont., opposite G. W. R. Freight Station. Newel Posts, Balusters Hand Rails, Twist, Moulding, and every other description of Wood Turning. Circular and Scroll sawing of every description. Orders promptly filled. Price list on application. 1dly

NORMAN'S ELECTRO - CURATIVE Belts, Bands and Electric Trusses, established 1859. SPINE BANDS. To be applied down the Spinal Column, the great centre of nerve power. Invaluable in cases of Spinal Curvature, Weakness, Irritation, Neuralgia, or Rheumatic Affections, General or Partial Paralysis, Hysteria, or Epileptic Tendency, &c., &c. Pamphlet and consultation free.—HARNESS & CO., Agents, London.

LYMAN'S

CHERRY

TOOTH PASTE

Whitens the Teeth,

Prevents Decay,

Removes Tartar,

Sweetens the Breath.

Put up in Handsome Pots. Price 25 cents.

November 16, 1882. eod-ly

THE LONDON BRUSH FACTORY

MANUFACTURES

BRUSHES

of every description. All kinds of Mill and Machine Brushes made to order. To secure a first-class article ask for the London brushes

THOS. BRYAN,

79 and 79 Dundas st west.

New Advertisements.

A. S. MURRAY AND CO'Y,

JEWELLERS, RICHMOND STREET,

Would inform their friends and patrons that for Christmas and New Year's they have gone into something entirely new. In addition to their already immense assortment, they show full lines of Gorham Solid Silver Goods, consisting of Cream Ladles, Preserve Spoons, Jelly Spoons and Knives, Sugar Spoons and Sifters, Pie Knives, Cake Knives, Butter Knives, Gravy Ladles, Oyster Ladles, Pickle Forks, Cheese Knives and Scoops, Salt and Mustard Spoons, Fruit Knives, Olive Forks, Dessert Sets, Coffee Spoons, Child's Sets, Pap Bowls, and a full assortment of Tea, Dessert and Table Spoons. We spare no expense or trouble to give our customers as fine and elegant a stock to choose from as may be found in Canada, and at the lowest possible prices. We are sole agents of Gorham Mfg. Co., New York, and guarantee above goods. Just opened out, our Gold and Silver-headed Canes, Gold Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Our Plated-ware and Cutlery all reduced, and to be cleared out regardless of price. A pleasure to show our goods.

A. S. MURRAY & CO.

Fire! Fire! Fire!

LOOK OUT for BARGAINS

—AT—

BELTZ'S

Sign of the Black Bear.

Damaged Buffaloes & Furs of Every Description

—SELLING—

Cheap!! Cheap!!

144 DUNDAS ST.

L&cod-tu-wf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made by the City Gas Company of London to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Acts relating to the said Company, and to authorize the said Company to purchase from the said City Gas Company the franchises and assets of the said Company to purchase the property of the city, and for other purposes.

Dated November 25th, 1882.

HENRY TAYLOR, THOS. DROUGHT, President. [Kf.coda] Secretary.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Corporation of the City of London will apply to the Legislature of Ontario, at its next session, for an Act to Authorize the said Corporation

To Compensate the Property-owners

on Colborne, Bathurst and Kart Pathurst Streets, in the said city, for the damages (if any) done to their respective properties by the carrying out of the London Junction Railway Act, and for such other opposite to their lands.

Dated this twenty-eighth day of November, A. D. 1882.

ALEX. S. ABBOTT, City Clerk.

2Nov w h

GRAND CARNIVAL!

A GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL will be held at the

Queen's Avenue Skating Rink

—ON—

Thursday Evening, 21st Inst.,

on which occasion the Order of the Full Moon, with the French Orchestra, will be in attendance. It is reserved for three in entrance until 9:30 o'clock. Prentice Band will furnish music. ADMISSION—50c. L 161

THE DOMINION

Savings & Investment Society.

DIVIDEND NO. 21.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Dividend of Four Per Cent. upon the paid up capital stock of the Society has been declared for the half year ending 31st inst., payable at the office of the Society, Richmond street, London, on and after TUESDAY, JANUARY 2nd, 1883.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th inst. till the 3rd day of January next.

By order of the Board.

F. B. LEYS, MANAGER.



Largest Assortment of

Xmas Presents!

IN CANADA AT

BRYCE'S BAZAARS

123 & 168 Dundas Street,

AND RICHMOND ST.,

CALIFORNIA

WINES

From the Sunny Slope Vineyards,

—AT THE—

NEW YORK STORE.

London, Dec. 15, 1882. dva

BOOKS!

The Bound Volumes

—OF—

THE SUNDAY AT HOME,

THE LEISURE HOUR,

CASSELL'S MAGAZINE

—AT—

E. A. TAYLOR'S,

407 Richmond St., London, Ont.

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE

DURING THIS (CHRISTMAS) WEEK

I shall offer for sale 46 doz. 3-ply Linen Cottons; regular price, 25c.; bankrupt price, 10c. An invoice of Neckties and Braces from the celebrated firm of Welch, Margetson & Co., of London, at 60c on the dollar. Another invoice of Silk Umbrellas from the above firm, attached by the creditors before Goldner had an opportunity to mark them. 25 doz. White and Colored Shirts at 50c on the dollar. Gloves are nearly all sold, but what I have left I will sell at 50c on the dollar.

THOMAS SMYTH,

Next door to Bryce's Auction Rooms,

RICHMOND STREET, OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

L&cd1

SALES BY AUCTION

TO-DAY

AUCTION SALE

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

IN LONDON SOUTH.

MANVILLE & BROWN will sell on the grounds on Wednesday, Dec. 20th, at 3 o'clock, sharp, on the corner of Wharncliffe Road and Kingwood avenue, and three streets, the property of Mrs. Y. Lloyd. These very valuable lots have been surveyed into plans of which may be seen on hand bills and posters. Terms of payment made known on day of sale. For further particulars apply to WM. PHIBBS, Phibbs's Woolen Factory, 72 King street, London. L1dw

In Re W. P. McDonald.

THE GENERAL FIRST-CLASS stock of the above, consisting of

Dry Goods, Clothing, &c.

amounting to about $3,500, will be sold by private auction, by C. B. Armstrong, Auctioneer, at his rooms, Dundas street, London, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 27TH INSTANT, AT 3 P. M.

This is a first-class stock. List can be seen on the premises.

TERMS—One third cash; balance, 3, 4 and 6 months, secured.

C. B. ARMSTRONG, TRUSTEE.

L19d

THE SHERIFF WILL S LL

ON WEDNESDAY, DEC. 20th, in Strathroy, at 2 o'clock, A. M., a car on the dollar, the stock of

GROCERIES, FIXTURES, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

of Campbell & Co., valued at about $4,000, $1,000 of which is Crockery and Glassware. The stock list may be examined on the premises any time before sale. WM. GLASS,

L12r Sheriff Co. Middlesex.

Merchant Tailor's Busi ess FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION

The undersigned will offer for sale at Public Auction, on the premises, 20 Dundas street, London, on Thursday, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., in one lot, as a going concern, the stock in trade, shop furniture, book debts and real estate belonging to the estate of JAMES B. HUNT, as follows:—Stock, as on Nov. 25th, 1882, $2,440.60; shop furniture, $2?.40; book debts, as on Nov. 25th, 1882, $1,064.77. Lot 24, Nelsonville, $75; do., $1,250 11. The business has been long in operation and existing order since the above amounts were ascertained on Nov. 25th last, and the purchaser is to assume the business from that date. Full particulars can be obtained from or to Mr. Cormack, at the store, and the undersigned. Terms, cash. Dated at London and Toronto, Dec. 19th, 1882. D. E. cod-tf Trustee.

In the Matter of Wm. Green, London.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all parties indebted to this estate are required to make immediate payment at the premises,

138 Dundas Street,

to W. R. J. GREEN, who is authorized to grant receipts for the same.

L18dw HENRY W. DARLING, Trustee.

Guion Mail Line---Special Notice

THE WORLD-RENOWNED STEAMSHIP

ALASKA,

the fastest ocean vessel on the Atlantic, according to the official record, which was published in New York (time, 6 days, 15 hours, average time, about 7 days), will leave New York for Liverpool, Saturday, Dec. 23rd, 3.30 p. m.; 9.45 p. m. train G. W. R. on Friday morning 22nd Dec., will connect with steamer. Cheap rates and superior accommodations.

F. S. CLARKE, Agent,

416 Richmond Street, London.

CAUTION

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

None Other Genuine

Holiday Novelties

FOR HOLIDAY TIMES.



BERESFORD. ARABI. WOLSELEY.

Elegant, Useful and Seasonable

Presents.

Get your boy, or somebody else's boy one of our new style suits or overcoats. See styles!

BURNS & BAPTY,

154 DUNDAS STREET.

Bankrupt Sale.

The Whole Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY

Belonging to the Estate of

WM. GREEN, 138 Dundas Street,

(Opposite Market Square.)

Will be Offered to the Public

WEDNESDAY MORNING AT 9:30 A. M.

The Stock is Comprised of the

FINEST AND BEST GOODS

Kept in the City of London, and having been bought at 52 1-2c on the Dollar, and being obliged to vacate the premises in 60 days, will be sold at unheard of prices, irrespective of COST. No reasonable offer refused.

R. J. KEOWN,

138 Dundas Street, Opposite Market Square.

L181

FAMILIES WILL FIND IT TO BE TO THEIR INTEREST

—TO BUY THEIR—

Boots & Shoes

FROM US,

For we make a specialty of their requirements.

WINLOW BROTHERS,

eod 115 Dundas Street.

WE PAID SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF WATCHES—PROBABLY THE LARGEST IN THE STATE—COMPRISING :—

MINUTE REPEATERS.
FIVE MINUTE REPEATERS.
REPEATERS AND CHRONOGRAPHS COMBINED.
CHRONOGRAPHS.

GOLD WATCHES OF EVERY GRADE, ELEGANTLY CASED. FROM THE CELEBRATED MANUFACTORIES OF PATEK, PHILIPPE & CO., AGGASIZ, AND OTHER SWISS MANUFACTURERS.

ELGIN, WALTHAM, &c., &c.

REHM & WRIGHT,
IMPORTERS OF WATCHES.
OUR STATE AGENTS ARE
PATEK, PHILIPPE & CO.,
149 WOODWARD AVENUE,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,
DETROIT, MICH.

The Free Press.

Wednesday, December 20, 1882.

Christmas Coming.

MARY E. DODGE.

Feathery flakes are dancing, dancing
In the merry winter's frosty air;
Hurrah for Mary of reindeer prancing
And Santa Claus with his snowy hair.
From the bright land of the Fairy King.
Where the cold winds never blow,
Hurrah! he comes! he comes! Christmas comes!
He whisks the air white as snow.

Feathery flakes are falling, falling
From the silent, pitiless sky,
And between are voices calling,
"Soon it will be Christmas day."
Don't you know how in the spring time
When the leaves are scattered wide,
Ere the lovely purple blossoms
Dance in pearly dew, where they hide

Feathery flakes are sifting, sifting
Till all the earth is pure and white,
And between are voices calling,
"Soon it will be Christmas night."
Don't you know how in the spring time
When the leaves are scattered wide,
Softer than the richest incense
Floats the country's scent to please.

Soon the icebone will be falling
As the fishes have fallen to-day,
And the children will be coming
To their parlors quiet to pay
Ah! we know where all the snowflakes
You would count are hiding close;
For we children are remember!
Know the winter ways by the straws.

Soon the earth in fair array
That the river have wreathed with snow,
Will be planted—oh, we know!
In our many homes; and lo!
Seeds long buried have by the sunshine
Shall belong about their green-
Caution, lips, and fairly answer
Lighting up the merry scene.

And the children, dancing, dancing
Till all still their pulses may,
Shall, with half shut eyes up glancing
Whisper—"Christmas night is coming,"
And remember voice shall whisper—
Whisper—"Christmas night is coming,"
Christmas time is coming, coming,
Just beside the Kirtle's lover!"

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

Stuff!" says Mr. Rafney: "that is only a Goss upon Pelion: is will bring you after all no Cohen. Genius carries with it self-arrangement and marry me next th, or at least the month after."

e stands away from him, and looks at with a blank gaze, as one who hears, that he fears it will be useless to further with her just now. Si- he has taken both her hands and drawn a side again.

Money. If you could only know how shed I was all last night," he says ;— ver put in such a bad time in my life- ay, I can candidly say, "add Jack, "for I too was miserable."

to you manifest all you said, or one-half You said it was'd be well if I hated

hat was very nasty of me," confesses "Yet," with a sigh, "perhaps I was

ter, that is nastier," says Geoffr- ey b."

well," says the girl, laughingly, with r tears in her eyes, "Don't hate me, ceave, unless you wish to kill me; for I would die first, myself."

have a great mind to say something ill be yes, if only a pecuh yes for sublime," says Geoffrey, lightly, ed by her evident sweetly. But I ashamed, lest a second quarrel be the re- sult I have ordered as much during past few hours as

ns a Carlsbad faithful man.

ht not spend another such a night ch I've been in hope of a happy days. the hour I parted from you till I now gade I felt as if I were dead."

at you didn't cut your throat, after says Mona, with a wicked Dutch

ell, no; but I dare say I shall b fore you get off dinner- ge. Besides, I thought his weapon the best and himself the best sportsman. Tramp, tramp, tramp, through the quiet, quite, for all that, muck on every hand. The party were re- pidly flagging with small gains. Jack e despaired of getting vension a noble buck came in sight. Two fired and hit elsewhere. Ed Hales drew a bead and cut the hair on the haunch. Sam Crothers then tried his London Kingston serial and blows fell the carp. Is weighed 197 lbs.

One of our Wilberforce young men, who is at present still boarding on Bond Side, went out the other day to hunt a deer. He had not gone far when he spied at a short distance away a large buck. Sam imme- diately drew a bead on the deer and dropped him, and then went to work to take his re- latives out, and while busy employed the cracking of limbs in front of him attracted his attention, and looking up he saw three large bears coming towards him. Sam sprang to his feet, swung the rifle and commenced to shoot and push the bears with stocks and shoes to frighten them away; but it was all of no avail, for they kept advancing. Sam grew nervous and excited, retired back a short distance and dropped behind a log and opened fire on the bears. They seemed to have "charmed lives," for none of his bullets took effect. After selling what they re- quired of the deer they quietly raised their heads, sniffed the air and with a satisfied grunt and retired leisurely they came. When Sam emerged from behind the log and came up to the spot where he had left the buck, all he could find was the head and antlers, four feet and the skin torn into pieces.—*Domestic Enterprise.*

New Rules for Foot Ball.

In the Inter-Collegiate Foot Ball Conven- tion, held a few days ago in New York, the rules were materially altered. A very sat- isfactory scheme to prevent the "block game" was presented and adopted. Under the revised rules the basis of scoring is made on the safety touchback. Two of these equal a touchdown; a goal from the field counts five touchdowns, and a goal from a touchdown six. In case of a tie on other points, if one side made two safeties more than the other they lose the game. Two warnings illegality instead of three, and tackling in "tile" invariably brings a warning. In punting out from a touchdown the kicker is allowed six feet on the goal line. Mr. Ponce endeavored to bring Princeton's claim of a drawn game with Harvard into the Convention, but the motion to introduce it was lost.—*Harvard Daily Herald.*

Through the Marquis of Hartington dur- ing the last two or three years has attended rather to pelitics than to horse racing, still he rarely misses a race, and is always to be seen at Ascot, Epsom and Goodwood when any exciting race is to be run. During the season of 1880 he was thirteen races of the value of 2,405 sovereigns, but last year he sank much lower in the scale, his four win- ning races only realizing 700 sovereigns. In addition to his love for racing, the Marquis has a fondness for sportsmanlike pursuits.

HOW TO WASH A BABY.

Miss Mary Hobart's Lecture, with a Live Baby as an Illustration.

From the Chicago Herald.

Thirty women listened for thirty minutes last Saturday night, in the Franklin Insti- tute, Philadelphia, to Miss Mary Hobart, who told them "How to Wash and Dress a Baby." The lecture was illustrated, the illustration was kindly furnished by a young mother in the audience. It had a red face, very bright eyes, a wee bit of a nose and a voice. The lecturer, a fresh-faced, hand- some woman, began explaining how to wash and dress a newly born infant without drowning it in a bath or smoking it in burn- ing bed clothing. "White Castile soap is the proper thing to wash a babe with," said "she. "And the water should be at a temperature of 100°. The babe should not be washed a little at a time. He head, face and ears should be attended to first, and then the entire body should be immers- ed in the water."

The illustration was placed in a deep basin filled with water, and the illustration mani- fested its disapprobation by a howl. "If crying the child," continued Miss Hobart, as she lifted the squalling bit of humanity out of the bath, "do not rub the child much, but pat it carefully until dry. Rub its back if you like—that pleases a babe. Then powder it with starch or Bermuda arrow- root," and the speaker was liberally be- sprinkled with a white powder. "Some mothers," she went on, "think drying a child's ear, dig it out this way." The illustration blinked its eyes, puckered up its mouth, and let out a wild yell. "Dear a soul's rag, wound around the little finger," cur, as the audience was called to the work, the illustration crowed gratefully. "In dressing" went on the speaker, "the bun- dages should be loose enough to slip two fingers underneath," and as the babe was deftly turned on its stomach it grunted a satisfied grunt. Then came the Moblish operation of pinning the band. Miss Hobart showed how to do it without sticking the pin more than a six- teenth of an inch into the baby's back, a proceeding, she said, that nearly all infants objected to. The lec- turess advised that where it was practicable and could be done properly the bread linen wraps should be sewed and not pinned. "In putting on the baby's socks," continued the p o ss. mother, cleverly inserting a thumb in each foot into its woolly covering, "the ear- ful about tootsey-wootsey's little toes. 'If don't like 'a little toes all turned up, do 'e?' and the illustration lifted up the voice and howled a denial.

Miss Hobart then took a small piece of soft rag and washed out the child's mouth, something, she said, that should be done after each feeding. Genuine castile soap was then given on keeping the baby away from a strong light; how to handle it properly, and how to accustom it to sleep when left. The lec- ture was concluded by a practical illus- tration, showing how to change the baby clothing expeditiously and without discom- fort to the mother. The babe, comfortably put the threads in the needle, and com- bandaged back in its mother, and the audi- ence dispersed.

SHOOTING IN ONTARIO.

Deer hunting is very unfavorable in the county of Bruce this season.

Several deer have been brought into Wiarton for past week. Joseph Wartle shot a large wild cat in Mr. Broadfield's bush. Length, four feet one inch; weight, 22 lbs.

Two fine deer were caught in Dawn town- ship last Monday—one weighing 185 and the other 145 lbs. when dressed—and were sold at Wyoming on Tuesday, for $17.50 They are the largest ever brought into this vicinity in Dawn and Enniskillen townships.

A few days ago while Mr. Ed. Darvie, of St. Helens, was hunting in the woods, when in the act of firing at a squirrel almost directly overhead, the gun burst, flying a double-barrelled gun into pieces were ripped open and the stock badly shat- tered. The young man escaped with the only mark being a slight scratch on the forehead. It was a close call.

George Hunter, of our sporting writer the Al- vinston correspondent of the *Advocate*, all good shots at the rifle butts, went out to Mr. Hyman's on Saturday last to try their hands at a buck. They had each of them got one, and after a short consultation decided to thought his weapon the best and himself the best sportsman. Tramp, tramp, tramp, through the quiet, quite, for all that, muck on every hand. The party were re- pidly flagging with small gains. Jack e despaired of getting vension a noble buck came in sight. Two fired and hit elsewhere. Ed Hales drew a bead and cut the hair on the haunch. Sam Crothers then tried his London Kingston serial and blows fell the carp. Is weighed 197 lbs.

FREE PRESS CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. Essery's Contentions.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

SIR,—Your issue of the 18th inst. con- tains a "communication signed "Another Elector," to which it is stated I have made unjust attacks on the members of the City Council, and also that I have tossed a cir- cular stone to the electorate. I have simply to say I have never yet written anything for publication which did not bear my sig- nature. I have never been afraid to father my own productions, and if "Another Elector" expects to have any weight he had better throw off his mask, in order that we may know whose opinions they are, or where they come from.

The meeting at 4th City Hall was called by the Mayor for the purpose of discussing matters concerning the citizens. I was there as an elector, and at the request of the mover seconded the resolutions carried almost unanimously. In advocating those resolutions I handled those parties who are endeavoring to destroy other people's pro- perty, in order that they might personally benefit themselves, to the satisfaction of the ratepayers present, who were the proper judges in the matter, and the outcry shou- ld confirms their opinion. I charged them, as I do now, that the Board of Trade used the electors last year for their own private purposes, and that they are now extorting a bonus from the citizens in an underhand manner instead of honest- ly appealing to the ratepayers, showing them the advantages that would accrue from the road, and accepting the result of the vote. I believe the charter is a miserable commodity, and that there is never in it for some of its promoters, and that accounts in a great measure for the desperate at- tempt made to jockey the road through in the manner proposed. The men who ex- ecuted the by-law to destroy the streets ad- mit that in that way they indirectly ob- tained by force what they could not in any other way obtain—a bonus—and to cover up their fraud they raise the cry of com- petition. They say we are willing to compensate you, if we had the power, and we will apply for power to compensate you, but whether we get the power or it is re- fused we will take the street, no matter what damage you sustain. What does this mean? Simply that the Board of Trade have the bird in hand. The Belmont and Colborne street people have the bird in the bush, and if it is caught they are required to pay the expenses of catching it.

Mr. Hyman is made the principal figure, I notice, in this contest by those who are coaching him for Mayor, but he will learn before de gets there that he will re- quire to do something more than repeat other people's speeches or claim the credit of other people's work. In the Coun- cil of 1881, Ald. Raynor made charges in writing, that the Treasurer was not keep- ing the city accounts properly, and that there were discrepancies in the city ac- counts, and demanded an investigation, which the Council of that year refused. By the vote refusing the investigation, the ob- jection was made that this matter would not bear investigation. Mr. Hyman was not heard of then, municipally. He creeps in at the after steppies of the Conservative party, and is entitled to no credit whatever. Mr. John Smith's claims come next after Mr. Rayner's, and the investigation of accounts he had to take place whether Mr. Hyman wanted a seat at the Council Board or not.

Yours truly,
EMANUEL T. ESSERY.

London, Dec. 19, 1882.

Gossip About the Needle.

Directions for Various Patterns in De- corative Work.

Tuweling Embroidery is the name given to all work carried out upon Java canvas, honeycomb, or similar coarse-colored linens that are used for towels. The work con- sists of making borders of drawn work and ornamenting the plain squares left between the drawn threads and the centre of the material with designs made in satin stitch and lines of herring-bone, chain, or feather stitch We subjoin directions for a hand- some bordering of this work:—

Select a rather strong and coarse linen material; cut it to the size required, includ- ing a space of two inches for the hem. At the end of this space make a line of wid- ened buttonhole stitches; leave an inch of material and draw out threads beyond it to the depth of half an inch; leave a quart- er of an inch of material and draw out another half-inch of threads. Draw out the threads in the same manner along the four sides of the material; at each corner the only threads left will be those belonging to the ordinary parts of the ma- terial. Great care must be taken in cut ing the threads, particularly at the corners, as a wrong cut will spoil the whole work. Pro- tect the corners at their edges by a long par- ow line of button-hole stitches, not too cotton, so as not to show in the design. Take a bright colored filo-silk or wash silk work a line of cross stitch with it round the outer edge of the drawn threads, and fill the spaces left between the in with the same lines of cross stitches. Take a piece of fine crochet cotton, and work it in the pattern- ed form of the threads left in the material when the rest have been drawn away. Fas- ten the crochet cotton securely at one of the corners and carry it across the first open space, divide it half the four threads be- tween this and the next open space. Take the last half upon the needle and twist them over the four half threads upon the needle and cotton and repeat to the end of that corner. When the threads are reached that are close together, divide them into the sets of eight threads. Take the last four in again the needle, and twist them over the first four, repeat them until every space of drawn thread is worked over. Work the next space over the open spaces left at the corners. Fill in the centre of the de- sign with stars made with colored thread, a finish by drawing out threads to form a fringe.

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Velvet work upon embossed velvet is easy and effective. It consists in outlining with gold thread the embossed flowers and ar- abesques and filling in the centre of each parts with satin stitch worked in colored floss'lks. To work—select a deep and rich tinted piece of embossed velvet and couch along every outline of the embossing two threads of Japanese gold thread, then take two shades of green floss'lk and vein the leaves of the design with crewel stitch and a pale shade of floss'lk of the same color as the velvet, and fill in the centres of any flowers or geometrical figures with long satin stitches.

Sabrina work is a variety of appliqué work and is very fashionable. It consists in cutting out either from colored velvets, velveteens, satin, silk, cloth, serge, or suiting materials, whole or slight petals of flowers, leaves, or conventional and flower patterns, and affixing these pieces on to col- ored cloth or white linen backgrounds, with wide-apart button-hole stitches; while such parts of the design as are too small to be cut out are worked with chain or crewel stitch upon the material used as a background. The following will be found an effective method:—Select an ecrille crewel design composed of small leaves, fruit, or flowers with tendrils, and trace it out upon linen or oat-meal cloth, should it be required to wash. Cut out the various shapes of the pattern in card-board and lay these down upon the pieces which are to form the design; cut these pieces very carefully out with sharp scissors, as upon their accuracy the neatness of the work depends. Prepare a number of pieces, and, though rebelsing the color originally assigned to each, vary the shade of that color where such a change will give more diversity to the design. For the leaves choose dark yellow green in pre- ference to very light or blue green shades, but make them as varied in tint as possible. Hide the pieces down upon the foundation in their places, being guided by the traced design, and then button-hole round each piece with wide-apart stitches with Ingrain cotton or silk, and in the color that matches the parts to surround. Work the stems and connecting stalks or tendrils of the design with the same silk and in chain stitch, and ornament the centres of the flowers with peach knots and satin stitches.

WESTERN ONTARIO NEWS

From Free Press Correspondents.

LUCAN.

Dec. 18.—I deny having any right in the title of your reporter in this village, either by appointment or otherwise. The true that when occasional circumstances occur in our midst, I take my pen and dash off a hasty, open account of the same upon various oc- casions, but were a communication to ap- pear in the FREE PRESS, written in the Fiji Islands and having any reference to Lucan matters, it would be immediately fathered upon the Lucan "reporter," and hence ven- geance sworn and fire calamities threatened. I may say I have reportorial airs although of my own to answer for, without being saddled with those of others, hence I would advise parties laboring under imaginary grievances, to ascertain who the real culprit is before pouring out the vials of their wrath upon unoffending individuals.

There has been a slight falling off in the quantity of grain offering in the market the last few days; owing to the roads being partially blocked by the late snow fall.

Upon the approach of the festive season preparations are being made for several en- tertainments in the village during the en- suing two weeks. On Friday evening next there will be a grand concert given in the Town Hall, under the auspices and in aid of the Brass Band, which has become quite an institution in the town.

Another entertainment will come off on Tuesday, the 26th inst., a Sunday-school concert and Christmas tree. What does this mean? Simply that the Board of Trade have the bird in hand. The Belmont and Colborne street people have the bird in the bush, and if it is caught they are required to pay the expenses of catching it.

The event of the holiday season will be the first of a series of assemblies to be held in the Town Hall during the winter season. It takes place on New Year's night, and will be attended by the elite of the village and surrounding vicinity. The selection of the invitations are to be made by a commit- tee appointed for that purpose.

The municipal atmosphere looks cool, clear and calm up to the present time. Mr. James H. McRobert, B. A., has conceded, will be Reeve for the coming year. I dare say nothing for or against his abilities, but fear of a wrong construction. Some one on a former occasion said in the FREE PRESS that it would be difficult to find four members to fill the seats of the Board the next after, alongside of the Conservative party, and to entitled to no credit whatever. Mr. John Smith's claims come next after Mr. Rayner's, and the investigation of accounts had to take place whether Mr. Hyman wanted a seat at the Council Board or not.

Yours truly,
EMANUEL T. ESSERY.

London, Dec. 19, 1882.

Gossip About the Needle.

Directions for Various Patterns in De- corative Work.

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Trade, Traffic and Finance.

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE BRITISH GRAIN TRADE.

London, Dec. 18.—The *Mark Lane Ex- press*, in a review of the British grain trade during the past week, says:—"The wea- ther has been unsuited to threshing or land work. The markets are well supplied. Native wheat is in bad condition, and the worst is almost unsaleable. Prices are generally 1s. lower. The foreign trade has been small, and prices are with difficulty maintained. The demand has been restric- ted. Cargoes of the coast have been quiet, and the supply is limited. Red wint- ers have improved 6d. to 9d. There have been six arrivals and five sales. The for- ward trade has been very quiet. Red win- ters are firmly held. Flour has been de- pressed, and sales are difficult at a reduc- tion. Foreign flour is 6d. cheaper. The demand for barley has been slack, and prices are generally 1s. to 2s. lower. Foreign barley keeps falling. Oats are unchanged, and foreign is quieter. Maize declined 2s. Sales of English wheat during the week were 48,883 quarters, at 41s. per quarter; against 43,656 quarters at 44s. for the cor- responding period of last year."

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—BEEF.—The arrivals this week have been larger, and, with some pressure to sell, prices are lower 2s to 4s per cwt., which, however, has not been suf- ficient to prevent some accumulations of stock. The market is tending downwards. Short clear middles for immediate delivery are quoted at 63s to 64s, and long clear, 60s to 62s; but for forward delivery (end of this month) they are offered in equal quantities at 60s to 57s, and 54s to 53s for January, February, and March. Sales for January, 53s to 53s per cwt.

HAMS are lower, 2s to 3s per cwt., the de- mand being very small. We quote choice long cut 60s to 67s, for average sizes, and 60s to 65s for heavy, but no buyers; Bard- fordshire cut 64s to 66s; short cut, 62s to 65s per cwt.

LARD.—The market has declined about 2s per cwt., but is now steadier. We quote to-day prime western, in tierces, 59s to 60s per cwt. for prompt delivery. For forward delivery sales have been made at 58s for all the month, and 56s to 56s for January to March.

BACON.—The demand is very small, and prices are lower about 5s per 6wt. We quote extra Irish sizes, 110s to 130s; other sorts, 93s to 97s 6d per 112 lbs.

PORK is quoted 2s 6d per barrel less, but stocks are small, and prices are kept up in consequence. The demand is slow, and with increased shipments prices must de- cline further. We quote extra Eastern prime mess, 95s to 100s; ordinary to choice Western, 85s to 92s 6d per 200 lbs.

CHEESE.—We have had a good demand for all grades this week, and stocks are being rapidly reduced to small compass. Ripe early made, choice, July, have sold at 45s to 53s, according to condition and flavor, and choice in 11 September at 51s to 52s to 53s. The markets close firm.

BUTTER.—There is nothing of importance to report in this article. Stocks of all de- scriptions are small. Finest fresh parcels sell at 112s to 120s, and inferior grades at 100s to 105s, and inferior stale goods at 70s to 80s.—*Baldwin Brothers' Circular.*

THE CATTLE TRADE.

John Sean & Sons' weekly report of De- cember 1st, 1882 says:—The supplies of fat cattle to Mintzburg's yards last week, though not nearly up to the quota needed, were fully equal, if not somewhat larger in numbers and quality. The best class, butchers had some difficulty in supplying themselves. Trade throughout the week, therefore, has been good, with prices gener- ally firmer, though at no quotable advance from last week. A clearance was easily made. The English markets, on this side of the water, are in a very unsatisfactory state, and the Dominion of Canada.

A COMPLAINT.

A communication was read from Messrs. Cowper & Beth, on behalf of Mr. W. Bryce, stating that Mr. A. C. Stewart had abused Mr. Bryce to one of his clerks, in the pres- ence of several persons, in the Board room, asking for an apology.

Mr. Kingsley moved, seconded by Mr. Thornton, that the matter be referred to the School Management Committee.

Mr. Bayly moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Dunton, that the Chairman of the School Board and the Inspector be requested to an- deavor to adjust the difficulty.

The amendment was carried.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were referred to the Improvement Committee :—Greer & Wignare, $75.34; Wm. Weldrick, $16 86; W. Stevely, $15 25; M. D. Dawson & Co., $14.

WOOD.

On motion the Improvement Committee were empowered to award contracts for a supply of wood.

PAY DAY.

It was decided to pay the teachers their salaries on Saturday next instead of waiting till the end of the month.

Adjourned.

A mob at Marshall, Iowa, thought that Dr. Cohee deserved a whipping, but he ac- tually went to work and horsewhipped him, so he was not guilty of the offence of which they accused him. He asked them to defer the punishment for a few days, promising to prove his innocence. They would not con- sent to this, but signed an agreement that in case he exculpated himself they would all apologize. Dr. Cohee was thereupon sever- ely horsewhipped by antifarm, so he is going to law for damages, and the proof of their identity is reported as having been satisfactory.

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R. S. Murray AND Co

RETIRING
—FROM—
BUSINESS.

Will Sell This Week,
AT COST,
Blankets,
Wool Carpets,
Union Carpets,
Brussels Carpets,
Carpets.
Ends of Oilcloth,
Cocoa Matting.

OUR STOCK OF
CARPETS
—AND—
House Furnishings
IS LARGER THAN ALL THE STOCKS IN THE CITY COMBINED,

and must be sold by first of January. Call and inspect before purchasing.

R. S. MURRAY AND CO.,
124 Dundas Street,
125 Carling Street.

London, Dec. 1, 1882. Hoodie

RAILWAY NOTES.

A Batch of Local and General Car Goupings.

The cut-off of the C. S. R. at Essex Cen- tre will be finished this week. This makes the road 22 miles shorter than formerly. The distance will now be 229 miles from Fort Erie to Windsor.

The new railroad construction of the U. S. reported last week was 74 miles, making 2,645 miles, thus far this year to 7,001 miles the same time in 1881.

The Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia Railroad has leased thousand mile tickets at the rate of two cents per mile which are good for a year and can be used by any number of one family.

A collision Sunday between freight trains on the Grand Trunk Railway near St. Anne, Quebec, wrecked two locomotives and fifteen cars. Loss estimated at $50,000. The train hands escaped.

The six leading express companies of the U. S. are said to have signed a circular let- ter to express managers, informing them that the fact of joining the new Brother- hood will be considered sufficient cause for discharge from the service.

Mr. D. A. Waterous, auditor of the Michigan Central, has been appointed au- ditor of the combined roads, with Mr. R. J. Pullen as assistant. Mr. H. B. Led- yard will be General Manager of the fused roads, with W. P. Taylor as assistant, in charge of the Canada division. All the other offices will be arranged on the basis of Michigan Central men as heads and C. S. R. men as assistants.

The agreement between the town of Chat- ham and the Erie & Huron R. R. Co. pro- vides for its running as an independent line for ten years, and that no arrangements are to be entered into with the town of Chat- ham, without the consent of the town coun- cil. The freight and passenger station will be at or near the corner of Colborne and William streets. Gravel is to be hauled for delivery at three cents per cubic yard per mile, for all distances less than ten miles, and for two cents per cubic yard per mile, for all distances of ten miles and less than twenty-five miles, 1½ per cubic yard per mile for all distances of and over twenty- five miles. A switch at each of the wharves is provided for. The intention is to provide for the Canada Southern getting into the Chatham, E. & H. station. The gravel and other clauses bind the E. & H. for all time.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Appointment of Returning Officers and Polling Places — Communications — A Complaint Against a Teacher—Pay Day.

The Board of Education met last night in special session for the purpose of appoint- ing polling places and returning officers for the trustee elections. There were present Messrs. Cowles (chairman) Smith, Wright, Bayly, Kingsley, Thornton, J. Wilson, Christie, Dunton, Hanson, Kingston, Mc- Bride, Williams, McPhail.

The Clerk read the City Solicitor's opinion that there should be but one polling place for each ward.

RETURNING OFFICERS.

On motion the following polling places and returning officers were appointed :—

"No. 1 Ward—Hasten Street School-house; A. McPhail, Returning Officer.

No. 2 Ward—Talbot Street School; Ste- phen Grant, Returning Officer.

No. 3 Ward—Colborne Street School; Alex. Pardee, Returning Officer.

No. 4 Ward—Bond Street School-house; H Abbott, Returning Officer.

COMMUNICATIONS

as follows were read:—

From Miss M. Fleming, applying for an increase of salary; Charlotte Dunbar to the same effect.

From Miss Jennie Fairbairn, applying for a position as the teaching staff of the city schools; Edith A. Ferguson, to the same effect.

All referred to School Management Com- mittee.

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DENTON
HAS IMPORTED A SUPERB STOCK OF
FASHIONABLE—WOOLEN—GOODS
For GENTLEMEN of LONDON and VICINITY.
COMPRISING IN PART OF
FOR DRESS.
Black&West Broads.
Longcloth.
French Worsteds.
FOR TROWSERINGS.
Scotch Tweeds and Shetlands
West of England Tweeds.
Bedford Cords.
FOR SUITINGS.
Black and Blue Angolas.
Black and Blue Cheviots.
Fine Scotch Cheviots.
Diagonal and Fancy Worsteds
FOR OVERCOATINGS.
Elysians, Montagnacs.
Pur Beavers, Naps.
Meltons, Beavers.
etc., etc., etc.
FOR LIVERIES.—Drab, Blue and Green Regulation Cloths.
Hlood-ly

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

AMENDED LAND REGULATIONS.

The Company now offer lands within the Railway Belt, along the main line, at

$2.50 per Acre and Upwards,

with or without conditions requiring cultivation. A rebate of from $2.35 to $3.50 per acre according to price paid for the land, allowed on certain conditions. The Company also offer without conditions of Settlement or Cultivation.

2,500,000 ACRES IN SOUTHERN MANITOBA.

in the Pembina Mountain District, along the South Western Branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway and in the districts of the Swan, Pelican and White Water Lake and Moose Moun- tains.

TERMS OF PAYMENT.—If paid for in full at time of purchase, a Deed of Con- veyance of the land will be given, but the purchaser may pay one-sixth in cash and the balance in five annual instalments with interest at six per cent. per annum, payable in advance. Payments may be made in Land Grant Bonds, which will be accepted at ten per cent. premium on their par value and accrued interest. These Bonds can be obtained on application at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, or at any of its Agencies.

For further particulars apply to JOHN H. McTAVISH, Land Commissioner, Winnipeg, to whom all applications for land should be addressed.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.
Montreal, 9th December, 1882. 82dothe

THE WORLD DEFIED!
THE CLIMAX



MANUFACTURED BY THE
RAWBONE GUN & MANUFACTURING CO'Y (LIMITED),
Send for our Price List. (Limited) TORONTO.

See Our Display
—OF—
FANCY GOODS
—FOR—
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS.
Heron & Jackson,
118 DUNDAS STREET.
eod

GREAT
SLAUGHTER
—OF—
Dress Goods
IN MONTREAL.
WALKER'S
GET THE
GREAT BULK.
NO OTHER FIRM IN THE CITY
has these goods at the price.
WE WILL SELL THEM RETAIL AT LESS THAN ORIGINAL WHOLESALE PRICES.
Very Latest Styles,
Newest Colorings.

NOTE SOME OF THE PRICES

15 Cent Goods for 10 Cents.
20 " " " 12½ "
30 " " " 20 "
35 " " " 25 "
50 " " " 35 "
66 " " " 48 "

SALE BEGINS SATURDAY,
December 2nd.
COME EARLY & GET FIRST CHOICE
Very large stock of all kinds of Dress Goods, Millinery and Ready-made Clothing.
One hundred Ladies' Ulsters, worth $5, selling at $4.
CASH ONLY
R. WALKER & SONS,
GOLDEN LION,
SOUTH SIDE DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
eod

HYDROLEINE
Same price as An artistically designed Cod Liver Oil.
For Consumption, Winter

Liquor Dealers

Visiting the City will do well to call on us. We have received this summer nearly two thousand cases and casks of foreign goods.

J. M. LONGAN AND CO.,
359 & 361 Richmond St.

French & English

NOVELTIES.

Entirely New Designs. Very handsome, cheap and useful. Suitable for

X M A S

REALLY WORTHY OF INSPECTION
—AT—

STRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Wednesday, December 20, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on fle (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 90 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL.

London, Wednesday, Dec. 20, 1882.

Sun rises ....7.32 a. m. | Moon rises . 1.55 p m
Sun sets .....4.31 p. m. | Moon sets .. 3.03 a m
Day of the year—354th.

MOON' PHASE

Last Quarter	2nd	5.47 a.m.
New Moon	10th	10.50 a.m.
First Quarter	17th	11.30 a.m.
Full Moon	24th	10.32 a.m.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES FOR DECEMBER AND JANUARY

December will be open with snow, the winds for the first four or five days being reasonably mild, and from the south-west. A gale from the south-west may be expected between the 6th and 10th inst., hard frosts from the 11th to the 16th, and between the 18th and 22nd snow and higher winds. The remainder of the month will be fair winter weather, with snow, the prevailing winds being from the west and south-west.

January and February—During these months I expect steady winter weather, with the prevailing winds blowing from the west and north-west, and light falls of snow nearly every day. I don't expect a hard, frosty winter, but there will be frequent falls of snow with high winds, with the possibility of a slight thaw about the middle of January. Yours &c.,

JAMES M'MULLEN.

Belfast, Ont., 1882.

MIDWINTER WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—1 a. m.—To-night the area of high pressure covers the St. Lawrence Valley, and an area of low pressure is moving northward from the South-west States. There has been a considerable rise in temperature in Western Ontario; elsewhere very little change. The weather is fair throughout Canada, Lakes—Easterly to southerly winds, fair to cloudy, milder weather, with light falls of snow an i rain.

CHRISTMAS BEEF.—Mr. William Dadson has secured several choice beaves for the Christmas market, all of them being well adapted for furnishing rich, juicy steaks. One was bought from Mr. James Weir, of Dorchester, two heifers that formed the prize at a 3,120 lbs.; from Frank Shore, Westminster, a fine heifer weighing 1,330 lbs; from Geo Finny McGregor, of Caledon, four choice beeves, and from Mr. Michael, of Westminster, a heifer weighing 1,330 lbs. The price paid for these was six cents per lb. live weight.

THE RINK.—The grand fancy dress carnival to be held at the Queen's Avenue Skating Rink to-night promises to be one of the most brilliant and gay and handsome affairs of the season. The ice is at present in fine condition, and as it will be reserved for skaters in costume until 9.30, a large attendance of visitors en masque is expected. The band of the 7th Fusiliers will furnish music for the occasion, which will be further enlivened by the Order of Full Dress and Dress Carnival. Reduced rates will be offered on the railways from surrounding towns and villages. Elaborate preparations are being made to ensure the success of the affair.

ANOTHER SUDDEN CALL.—Sudden deaths are so frequent of late that no surprise is felt at their occurrence. The last to be chronicled is that of Mr. William Robinson, a young man aged 19 years, an employe of the McClary Manufacturing Company. Within a week deceased was at one of the city skating rinks, where he appeared to be enjoying himself in the usual manner, when he was suddenly stricken with paralysis, and died yesterday at his boarding house on Richmond street. He was well thought of by his fellow workmen, by whom he will be greatly missed. He came to the city from Guelph, where his mother resides, the only relative in the city being a sister, Miss Minnie Robinson, of London West.

LOCAL NOTICES.

W. B. Carrie, Richmond street, is now showing a large assortment of fancy goods suitable for Xmas and New Year's presents. The Canadian Almanac for 1883. Books in great variety. W. B. CARRIE, Richmond street. L203a

Go to Dodson's, 709 Dundas street, for vestion steaks. L201b

For church, hall or parlor decoration nothing will surpass the well known Holly, *Lycopodium*, Florida Moss, etc., offered by GEO. MCBROOM, seedsman, corner Market Lane and Market Square.

Mr. Percy Perdon, the oldest mail clerk now running on the G. T. Railway between Suspension Bridge and Detroit, was so troubled with rheumatism that for months he was unable to walk. Three bottles of Sutherland's Rheumatics entirely cured him. This valuable medicine may now be had in the city by applying at Mr. W. T. Strong's drug store.

Bryce's Bazaars will remain open every night to 10 p.m. until Christmas. L145a

1,000 boys and girls wanted to buy skate straps at Barrow's saddlery, 235 Dundas street. L5ddla

Sheet music, full size, large print—Mozart's Piano Forty, Beethoven's Piano Forty, Dussek's Piano Forty, &c., &c., to be had to-day or to-morrow at 247 Dundas street. J. A. BURNS. L122n

BRYCE'S annual auction sale, specially for ladies, this afternoon at 2.30, of Toys, Dolls, Glassware and Fancy Goods. L114d.

Bryce's annual auction sale to-night of toys, books, fancy goods, dolls, glassware, &c., &c., Richmond street, opposite City Hall. L57

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Morris, 216 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools. K17ly

EGY BRAS. call special attention to their immense stock of Christmas cards, albums, *papeteries*, *bromes*, &c. Cheapest in the city. L81

Blank books of all kinds made from best material at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can work it. For sale by T. Hennessy Mason, 167 Dundas street.

Local business on the Great Western division of the Grand Trunk is picking up, after a gradual falling off during the past few months. An extra yard engine has been put in service at Windsor.

Order your Winter Overcoats at Robt. Wallace's Popular Clothing House. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for make and fit his garments are unapproachable.—146 Dundas St. nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

☞ Additional: Local News on Third Page.

Every store is a Christmas bazaar.

The liverymen are busy and consequently happy!

Careful stepping may save much pain and expense.

Miss Annie Pixley and company at the Grand this evening in her new play "Zeo."

An improvement was again noticed last evening in the condition of Engineer Brown.

Mr. Thos. Robson is out as a candidate for Deputy-Reeve in St. David's Ward, London township.

Mr. Chas. Pavey, a former Londoner, is home for the holidays. He lives in San Francisco, Cal

A book, "Treasure of the Sacred Heart," lost on Sunday, may be had on application at this office.

There is a great demand for extra lady clerks and cash girls in the stores during the holiday season.

It is judicially decided that a man's being drunk when he gets married is not a good reason for annulling his marriage.

There are a good many desolate and uncomfortable things in this world, but a pig-bed in a snow storm strikes us as about the climax.

A large number of deposed hogs were disposed of on the market yesterday, the average price paid being $7.75 per hundred pounds.

We are glad to hear that the health of Mr. Paddy Mackman, a, who left some few days since for Clifton Springs, N. Y., is improving.

The London Readers discuss municipal matters this evening after the "assembled wisdom" of the present Council has become evaporated.

The prizes for distribution at the annual school entertainment in London West, on Thursday evening, will be purchased to day by the Committee.

But for the fact that the coat sleeve gave way on Monday last, Mr. Crites, miller, of Hamilton, would have been wound about a revolving shaft in his mill.

The many friends of Dr. J. A. Stevenson will be glad to learn word was received yesterday from Toronto, where he now is, that his condition was much improved.

An adjourned session was held before His Honor Judge Elliot yesterday, when the case of Moss vs. Hodgkins was up, and was further adjourned till Saturday.

Mr. Charles F. Knapp, the owner of the hotel in this city bearing his name, has sold the same to Mr. — Hodgins, of Londonderry, for the sum of $18,000—one-half cash.

Charles Miller was yesterday sentenced by His Honor Judge Elliot to one month imprisonment in the county gaol for the larceny of a gold watch chain from George Gilby.

Fort Gratiot, opposite Point Edward, has a strange woman. She fell through the ice into a cistern, was half an hour getting out, and did not call for help or even scream to herself.

Mr. John Morgan, of Adelaide, or Warden of Middlesex, has returned home from his two weeks' trip to Manitoba. He is pushed to have invested largely in Manitoba soil.

Thomas McKinnon will answer to a charge of wilful damage to property preferred by John W. Henderson, at Sobrab's detective agency, before Squire Peters, to-morrow.

Charles A. Pierce has been summoned to appear before Squire Peters at Sobrab's detective agency to-day upon a charge of non payment of wages preferred by W. R. Britton.

The contractor for the Byron bridge is pushing the work forward with commendable energy. The planking will be finished this week, and all that now remains to be done is the grading at both ends.

A pelapus has taken place in the condition of Mr. George Brown, the injured G. W. R. engineer, and he is reported as comfortable at 7 o'clock this morning. He has himself given up all hope of recovery.

The spirit of good feeling and generosity was evinced in the land yesterday. Nearly every other person met upon the street was loaded with Christmas packages. Many were lighter in pocket and all were lighter in heart.

Messrs. Dennis Moore, Edward Gurney and Charles Hoag passed through here yesterday evening on the G. T. R. express to Peoria, Mexico, in connection with silver mining industries in which they are interested.

Councillor John D. Campbell, of Saltfirk, Manitoba, fell through a hole in the loft of a barn on the 15th, and had one of his legs broken and his shackle of the other limb dislocated. He won't be able to walk for six months, probably.

Militia officers are beginning to babble and prattle about Santa Claus. The fat and rosy little gentleman is filling his sternhouse and cackling new rumors on his sleigh. We hope he will visit all the officers this year.

Mrs. Mary Skeffington, aged 70, fractured her leg by a fall at the corner of Yonge and Willcocks streets, Toronto, Monday. She was removed to the hospital in the ambulance. The old woman had only arrived there from London, and was going to some place on Brock street.

It is understood that the name of Mr. John Cornell, one of the City Auditors for 1882, has been mentioned in connection with the important audits of some years past. It is, perhaps, but justice to him to say that he at no time occupied the position of City Auditor previous to the present year.

The case of Mrs. Francis M. Scoville, who was adjudged insane by a Chicago jury and was subsequently granted a new trial, has been stricken from the docks in Chicago by agreement, and thus the persecution of the unfortunate unhappy woman, during her sojourn in this city, excited considerable sympathy, is at an end. It is reported that she has been reunited with her husband again.

Alfred Clegg was arrested yesterday afternoon by County Constable Brooks on a charge of disturbing the public peace and using abusive and insulting language towards Mary Ann Hewitt. He gave bail to appear to-day at Sobrab's detective agency before Squire Peters.

The Kelly property on the Wharncliffe Road has been secured by the Special Committee of the London West School Board as the most suitable site for a new school in the southern part of the village, and the question of its purchase will be submitted at the annual school meeting.

At the closing entertainment in connection with the ladies' branch of St. John's College, Winnipeg, several young ladies formerly of this city were present and took part in the programme. Miss Kelly, formerly of London, was one of the successful pupils.

The following was the result of the examinations:—Senior Division, Mary Watts, first; honorable mention, Ethel Westbrook. Second Class, Nettie Fairchild, first; Juniors, Second Class, Mary Fairchild, first; French, Second Class, Ethel Westbrook, first. Music, honorable mention, Ethel Westbrook and Clara Wastie.

It can't be very cold out West or machine wouldn't work like this:—

He sat on the sofa each evening,
With a smile on his sickly phiz;
He talked upon all sorts of subjects,
But somehow he didn't talk "biz."

And now another fellow,
More wise forsooth than he,
Sits nightly on that sofa,
And talketh "biz" to she.

One of the "levelis" in this establishment contributes the following paragraph to this column. It is somewhat vague; but as it was there is a point in it, and he is given the benefit of the doubt:—"Make arrangements to give your employer a Christmas present. They serve you faithfully; show that you appreciate it."

On Friday evening, December 22nd, Prof. Leon Forestaux, of Paris, France, who has received so many flattering notices from the press of the Western cities and Pacific slope, will give one of his celebrated dramatic entertainments in Victoria Hall. The professor's talents and excellent merits will be illustrated in both French and English. The entertainment will be novel and interesting, giving the citizens an opportunity of hearing a talented artist.

TOILET PREPARATIONS!
And Patent Medicines
REDUCED IN PRICE.
Harkness & Co.,
DRUGGISTS,
Dundas St., London.

LONDON EAST GOSSIP.

Gathered Together for Free Press Readers.

Tuesday, Dec. 19.

The Board of Works of the Council met last night, but nothing special was done beyond passing a few accounts. A discussion took place relative to the opening of Blair street, but as it is understood that a petition is drawn up in proper form in its circulation among the ratepayers on the street nothing was done for the present.

Mrs. Minhinnick was fined $1 and costs for using abusive language towards Mrs. Dehan, and at once entered a counter charge, which will be duly investigated by Squire Jarvis.

The nominations for School Trustees for the several wards will take place on Wednesday, 27th inst., as follows:—No. 1 Ward, at Park street school; No. 2 Ward, at the Town Hall; No. 3 Ward, at the Andersen School. The retiring Trustees are Messrs. J. McLeay, W. Lewis and L. Shaw, the latter of whom announces his intention of retiring.

Miss Eugenie Jarvis is to be appointed a teacher in one of the schools.

The public examination in the schools is taking place to-day.

A number of the milder inmates in the Asylum were given a sleigh ride this morning through the city.

As so many breakages occurred in the endeavor to pump from the water-works well that portion of the task has been abandoned, and the second of the three holes is being drilled.

There is very little excitement prevailing in regard to municipal politics, but the public meeting to-morrow evening is expected to prove of a spirited character, as it is understood several matters of interest to the ratepayers are to be ventilated.

SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION.

Hades Shoots up Flame—Mother Earth Belches out a Fiery Tongue—Spectacle of Appalling Grandeur.

Messrs. Angus and Manford Burleigh were burlog a well for water on their brother George's farm, 7th concession of Seaver, and when they had got down 74 feet they heard a noise like a couple of threshing machines running, and when they got a load up the sugar and it's a piece of paper, and there is in the hole, it blazed up to about 20 ft. above the ground, to a pillar of fire, of startling brilliancy. From its dark prison it ascended like some lit vapor rear, palpitating with lurid fury. Clouds of smoke were then thrown, with the vain hope of extinguishing the flame, but the subterranean gases would not be thus denied sway. With quenchless fury, darting tongues of fire flashed through the dark earth, and with spiral diverging radiance, ascended to once to a height of seven and eight feet above the mouth, the light of the face of which shone a weird refulgence, while a person could distinctly read print at a distance of over fifty feet. Mr. Burleigh in the act of boosting the fiery steed of nature for domestic use, and conveying by pipes, the gas to his house for cooking, heating and illumination.

THE CITY SOCIETY.

Closing up the Business of the Year.

The regular meeting of the London Horticultural and Agricultural Society was held yesterday afternoon. The chairman occupied by the President, Mr. Jno. Scott, and J. B. Smyth (Secretary), John Stewart, A. Wallace, R. Fleming, Geo. Taylor and W. Y. Brunton were present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

The Treasurer, Mr. W. Y. Brunton, reported that the total collections to date, including $360 on account Exhibition, were $1,694.

On motion of T. Partridge, seconded by A. Wallace, the report was received.

W. Y. Brunton moved, seconded by Geo. Taylor, that the Treasurer of the City be also pay the Treasurer of the Western Fair the same amount as voted by the East Middlesex Agricultural Society. Carried.

Moved by John Stewart, seconded by A. Wallace, that the Secretary of the Society receive the sum of $75 each for the year 1882. Carried.

On motion, the Auditors were voted $5 each.

Messrs. Partridge and Stewart were appointed to see about inverting the surplus funds of the Society.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—The holiday season is once again at hand, and the thoughts of Xmas and New Year's presents commence to become general. Many are fondly meditating upon the most suitable articles by which to testify their esteem and affection for friends, relatives and sweethearts, while a large number indulge in soliloquies of what they would most desire. As the enterprising merchants of the Forest City have provided a seemingly inexhaustible assortment of goods, which are displayed in the best advantage in the most elaborate manner. On every hand may be seen the evidences of handsome and beautiful articles on exhibition in the windows, critically inspecting the wealth of bullier materials to be found within the stores and bearing off mysterious looking packages with an air of self-satisfaction that plainly bespeaks the importance attached to their purchases. Want of space prevents an enumeration of the most suitable places to procure holiday goods, but no matter who desire to let the public know what they have to offer for the season will avail themselves of the advertising columns of the FREE PRESS to great advantage and profit.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL FESTIVAL.—The anniversary Sunday-school festival of Knox Presbyterian Church was celebrated in the school room on Monday evening. The building was filled with the children and their parents, who came expecting a good time, and they were not disappointed. A large and attractive staff of teachers was present, and devoted themselves to the work of securing a pleasant evening. A bountiful supply of eatables was provided by the ever-liberal congregation of this church, and was partaken of with real gratification by the young folks. The tea programme was followed by recitations and two highly appreciated readings, well adapted to the audience, by Mr. E. R. Bateer. Then followed a magic lantern exhibition, in which Rev. J. B. Richardson, who presided throughout, threw upon the canvas a variety of pictures and views. The happy gathering dispersed after singing the evening hymn and the benediction by the Rector.

POLICE COURT NOTES.—Mr. J. E. Parke, the county appointed Police Magistrate, took his seat on the bench at the Police Court yesterday and disposed of the three cases before him with promptness and dispatch that augurs well for the future. Before business was opened Mr. John Taylor, barrister, on behalf of a number of legal gentlemen who were present, in a few well chosen sentences complimented Mr. Parke on his appointment, to which His Worship replied in suitable time. Robert Noble, a man who has been in custody on a charge of insanity, was discharged, as was also a disturbing tinker, who got arrested while drunk. The complainant in a disorderly language case failed to appear and the case was dismissed.

The Berlin "Telegraph," noticing the appointment of Mr. J. S. Meredith (formerly of London) to be manager of the Merchants' Bank at Hamilton, says:—"Mr. Meredith has not only proved himself an able and successful manager, but possesses the happy faculty of making hosts of friends wherever he has been stationed. This has been shown by the numerous testimonials of respect he has received from business men at the different agencies he has managed. The customers of the Merchants' Bank at Hamilton are to be congratulated on having so popular a gentleman as Mr. Meredith to deal with."

A vote was taken at Dorchen yesterday on a by-law granting a bonus to the Erie & Huron, which was carried by a sweeping majority. A full vote was polled and only two against it.

The Fisk University Jubilee Singers close their engagement in this city for the season of 1882 at Victoria Hall to-night.

The Kelly property on the Wharncliffe Road, in Dundas West, has been fixed upon for the new school site in London West.

NORWEGIAN
COD LIVER OIL
—AND—
COD LIVER OIL
EMULSION

All the Leading Patent Medicines at Reduced Prices.

WM. SAUNDERS,
CHEMIST,
188 DUNDAS STREET.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

Creditable Showing by the Board of Works.

The Work Done Throughout the City in 1882.

At the commencement of the year Engineer Tracy was instructed by the Board of Works to make an estimate of the necessary improvements throughout the city. This he did in a manner which at the time was highly spoken of. A report asking the Council to set apart $25,000 for estimated work and $7,000 for unforeseen and other expenditure was the result of his estimates. The Board of Aldermen, however, only voted $22,500 for the estimated expenditure, which, with the unforeseen amount named, brought the whole appropriation up to $29,500. The Chairman of the Committee, Ald. Boyd, aided by the other members, Ald. Pritchard, Taylor, Higgins, Crawford, O'Meara, and Peel, has endeavored to keep the expenditure within the sum granted, and the following table will show that they have succeeded admirably in doing so. While this has been brought about, no improvement which was absolutely necessary has been left undone, and a saving—aggregating at least $600 has been expended on extraordinary work, such as the drain through the Jackson property and a drain on Sydenham street. A great saving has been effected in the quantity of lumber used for patching, and a considerable amount has been expended this year in gravelling the streets than was laid out in 1881. About nine miles of asphalt sidewalks have been put down, and there is every reason to believe they will in the long run prove a great saving to the city. The several sums expended for block pavement, bridges and sewers are given so that the citizens can see at a glance where the taxes have been expended. Taken altogether the system introduced this year is a great improvement over that of previous years, and the committee deserve great credit for the manner in which, in the face of irresponsive of Wards, distributed the money placed at their disposal within the closest fancy and Commissioner Owens, for his energy and promptness exhibited in their different departments, should be congratulated. All the city public works have been carried on with an economy that speaks well for the City Engineer especially. The following is the statement in full:—

SUMMARY OF WORK CERTIFIED DURING FOR THE YEAR.

Commissioner's pay roll, for grading streets, spreading gravel, macadamizing streets and bridges, breaking stones and spreading gravel	$ 8,937 10
Commissioner's pay roll for cleaning streets, repairing and for filling new sidewalks	1,916 90
Asphalt walks	9,700 00
Gravel and paving stones	2,000 00
Paving contract, labor	633 50
Grading contract (Colborne)	111 67
Lumber for repairs	1,021 12
Nails	104 15
Tiles and cement for repairs	181 96
Cement walks	1,000 00
Stone for breaking	417 20
Trimming trees	67 67
Block crossings	223 00
Drinking fountain and market street repairs and cups	46 98
Drain on Sydenham street	65 00
" at Jackson's, Hibbert street	154 12
Earth excavation, Oxford, Richmond and Hill streets	112 41
Sundry small accounts	13 40
Total	$29,396 68

BRIDGES.

Oxford Street Bridge	$ 8,469 61
Wellington Street bridge	6,981 81
Victoria and Blackfriars' bridge	1,000 00
Total	$16,451 42

BLOCK PAVEMENT.

Richmond Street	$ 6,193 26
Richmond and Dundas Streets	2,960 12
Total	$ 9,153 38

SEWERS.

Balance on Hortica and Simcoe Streets Sewers	$ 15 50
Queen's Avenue	291 01
Dundas and Colborne Streets	1,000 00
Wellington, Dundas and King Streets	1,000 00
Wellington Street	1,453 00
Rectory Street	1,000 00
King Street East	382 00
Duffield Avenue	1,000 00
Total	$ 6,743 50

The Fireman's Dream

Leads to a Terrible Leap from a C. S. R. Express Going Forty-five Miles an Hour.

On Sunday morning, as the C. S. R. express going east was nearing Fletcher, a man who was a passenger in one of the coaches, jumped from his seat and ran hastily along the aisle to the platform, and jumped from the flying train. The speed of the train must have been forty-five miles an hour, so that the jumping was a terrible leap through thirty-six and the slightest chance for his life. The rope was pulled by his brakeman, the engine reversed, the air-brakes put on, and the train backed up to the point where the man had made his sudden exit, the brakeman being all ready to pick up the fragments of what was supposed to be a once passenger. However, they were mistaken, and the train was stopped, the passenger, hoeing it down the track at a lively rate, but not almost uninjured, and as soon as he was aboard, and the train making headway for Sarnia's Buffalo again, he was bedecked with questions, traimmes, conductor and passenger alike wishing to know the reason of his hasty disembarkation. His name is Mr. A. Creary, its age 22, his business locomotive firemen on the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railway. He was on his way to Buffalo after a two years' absence, and had gone to sleep in the smoker, as was naturally would at three o'clock in the morning. While in sleep he dreamed that he was in the cab of his engine and his mate standed to him, "The tunnels is stopped, if you want to save your life, jump!" And he jumped as has been described.

It is a good thing he did not jump a minute sooner or he would have landed in the stream below the bridge this side of Tilbury. As it was, he was scarcely injured at all, his arm being slightly bruised and scratched. He did not wake up till he struck the ground and discovered the train a long way ahead.—*Journal.*

THE MUNICIPAL SLATE.

List of the Prospective Candidates Whose Names are Inscribed Thereon.

Although the time is rapidly approaching when it will devolve upon the citizens to nominate candidates for aldermanic honors there appears to be no [illegible] regarding the matter at present. There are no [illegible] of a very active contest, but [illegible] prospective candidates, or, at least, some of them, are making hay while the sun shines, and the following names may be given as now upon the slate:—

For No. 1 Ward—Robert Pritchard, Chas. Taylor, John Jones, George Birrell, Charles Hunt, John Labatt.

No. 2 Ward—Charles W. Hyman, R. S. Murray, Thomas Battle, Stephen O'Meara, James Cowan.

No. 3 Ward—Benjamin Higgins, Thomas Browne, Samuel Stringer, William Skinner.

No. 4 Ward—John Boyd, W. D. Beattie, H. Becher, M. D. Fraser, John Ferguson.

For Water Commissioners—A. B. Powell, J. M. Conolan, John Ryder.

A PUBLIC DEBATE.—A fair-sized audience gathered at Bishop Cronyn Hall last night to listen to the debate on the subject, "Resolved, that women have done more for the advancement and civilization of the world than man." The young man who took part acquitted themselves well, and the many good points made were appreciated by the audience. The affirmative was lead by Mr. T. H. Luscombe, was best for his assistants Messrs. Tennant and F. G. Jewel. Mr. P. Stevenson lead the negative, and was assisted by Messrs. J. Innes and — Murphy. Rev. Mr. Rowe occupied the chair and at the close decided in favor of the affirmative.

PATENT FLOUR!

I am now prepared to supply the finest quality of the above at reasonable prices, and solicit a trial order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. D. SAUNBY.
Lldnwf-vn 253-7-9 YORK ST.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

J. J. GIBBONS has just received a large variety of new goods, suitable for the holiday season, including a full assortment of his celebrated fifty cent kid gloves, the best value in the city.

MRS. E. W. GAISBY has a choice selection of pretty little Wool Hoods and Jackets, suitable for Christmas presents; also Ties in the newest styles. A good stock of Corsets, including Dr. Warner's Health Corset, always on hand, at 321 Dundas street, opposite Odd-fellows' Hall. 1.76-taw-we-ly

O. B. Graves has now on show a fine assortment of mirrors, pictures, frames, etc., suitable for Xmas presents. Best selection of Xmas cards, photos of celebrities, including the latest pictures of Langtry. All new, fresh goods, and must be cleared out during the holidays. Marked down to the lowest possible cash figure.—222 Dundas street. December 16th, 1882.

Gold and silver tinsel, gold braid and fringe spangles, stars, etc., for fancy costumes. A large stock of woolen hoods, jackets and Christmas goods at MRS. GALLEN'S, 148 Dundas streets.

For ladies and children's underwear call at the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Office and Show Rooms, 213 Dundas street, where you can get the best of goods at lowest prices also ladies' corsets. EITHERTON

FRESH PINEAPPLES just received at R. MOUNTAIN'S. 141

OYSTERS AND ORANGES.—Cheap. Oranges, 25c per dozen; five dozen for $1. Oysters, 25c per quart; 15c per can, at R. MOUNTAIN'S.

Try William Street for Wood and Coal.—D. MCDONALD. L151y

REVERE HOUSE.—First-class in all its appointments. The family hotel of London. Opposite Masonic Temple. Terms moderate.—J. MCDONALD, Proprietor. L4vn

MISS J BUCKSEY, 213 Dundas street, for cap frames, French flowers, laces, &c. New silk hose just arrived. J1dly

Order your Xmas cakes and confectionery at Gerrie Bros', opposite McCormick's, Dundas street, London East. Fresh oysters in bulk or can.

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear, and gentlemen's shirts, call at the establishment of Wallace, Jones & Mrs. Johnson, 161 corner of Richmond and Simcoe street, London, Ont. H1Yn

Received at R. Y. Carrie's, 417 Richmond street, Dressmaking, Millinery and Mantles. We Never Speak as We Pass," by Carleton. Price, 20c. postpaid.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—Cash bonded than and dollary worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold with gas reserve at cost prices. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall an winter goods before the stock is broken up.—E. S. MURRAY & CO.

ROLLED PLATE JEWELLERY.—Fine jewelry; Swiss, English and Waltham watches; American and Canadian clocks; wedding rings, spectacles and eyeglasses. Repairing done and made to order at WESTLAND'S, 393 Richmond street two doors north of City Hall

CHESTER ART GALLERY removed to more easily opposite, in Baker's Block. Crosskill and I dozen new cabinet photos, $1 per dozen. Just arrived from Scotland, Velvet frames, Scrap Books, in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also Landscapes and Chromos. The old reliable store, established 1872. Lily

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 86 Dundas St., MRS. A. ATTRIL, Milliner Block. New fall stock of millinery. All the latest English and American styles. Prices very low. A call solicited. H16tw

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes. New lasts; finest stock; sorted fits.—484 Clarence street, London, Ont. L5dy

MILLINERY.—Mrs. S. M. Duncan has just received the cheapest feathers and flowers to be found in the city. Also a full assortment of styles. Come and see me at 206 Richmond street. Call and see them very cheap feathers. H21

Glasses taken out in fourteen days by an oculist. All side diseases cured. Partly from by using my Improved Eyesaver. Electricity given. J. A. MOORHOUSE, 325 King street. D16dtw

Diadia

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received for the season, suitable articles and Plated ware, Novelties, Mineral Clocks and Ink Stands from Colorado. Give us a call.

Now is your time to buy a "Peerless" woven wire mattress. Manufactured at the factory, 393 Richmond street. E. R. HUNT L1dy

MANHATTAN FREE—ION. Mailroom, and tenement to let, and first floor, Manhattan Square. Side exit for mechanical feed for horses, cows, calves, all kinds of stock. Has water and closets—the only ones yet. Try a sample lot.

VISITORS to the city will find HAWTHORNE HOUSE Restaurant, 225 Dundas street, the most convenient place for meals. Oysters ready daily, in bulk and in shell. Everything reasonable and to suit.

JOSEPH ANDERSON, manufacturer of gents' custom boots and shoes; all the latest styles. The best material. 82 Old Theatre street, first flight above Dundas street. D20a

PURE OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall

FLOUR GOES upon 28.50 retail, and $2.35 wholesale. Telephonic communication Goods delivered free to all parts of the city and suburbs.—J. D. SAUNBY, 253, 257, and 259 York street. 19tf

MISS HARDIE'S, 204 Dundas street, for latest styles in millinery and fancy goods at lowest prices. Nice assortment of flowers, feathers and birds just arrived. Newest styles in hats Pointed crown hats, fine straw 50c. Large lot of new wreaths from 15c. up. New stock of fine wools. Best Berlin wool 15c. per oz. New goods for fancy work. Fender and chair straps, worth $1, selling for 50c. Some beautiful bracknell cheap. Ladies and children's underwear very cheap and to order. Agent for domestic paper patterns, stylish, effects and reliable. Call for catalogue. G15tw

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap. 378 Richmond street

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—A large and delighted audience greeted the reappearance of Miss Annie Pixley last night in her play of "Miles." This pleasing artiste seems to have well established herself already in the good-will of London theatre-goers, as her reception last night was a very flattering one in its heartiness and enthusiasm. The play offers a faithful representation of miles in the Sierras, with its lights and shadows, rough virtues and villainies. Miss Pixley, as the waif of the mountains "Miles," was pretty, genuine and vivacious in all she did. Her songs and dances were rapturously encored. Her singing was most pleasing, and several of her accompanied vocalist. The support was excellent throughout, leaving little to be desired. Mr. Geo. C. Boniface, as "Yuba Bill," the stage driver; Mr. Donald Hurold, as "Jenkins Fake," and Wm. Hanson, as "Old Smith," acquitted themselves to the general satisfaction. The various whilesare were well worked up. On the whole, the performance was up to the best standard of the plays which represent the rural Western life. To-night Miss Pixley appears in the new play of "Zeo," when we break for the full house

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH

and consumption in its first stages are treated at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, where the Spirometer is used, an instrument invented by Dr. A. Souvielle, of Paris, and ex-aide surgeon of the French army, which conveys the medicines in the form of cold inhalations to the parts diseased. Suitable constitutional treatment is used when required. Consultations and a trial of the Spirometer free. Poor people bearing certificate can be furnished with the instrument free. When not convenient to visit the office write, enclosing stamp, for pamphlet giving full particulars to International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 13 Phillips Square, Montreal. 905 6 y

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
—AND—
WINDOW GLASS.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Prices Guaranteed.

FINE CARRIAGE & HOUSE VARNISHES A SPECIALTY

R. LEWIS
484 RICHMOND STREET.

THE JUBILEE SINGERS.—The re-appearance of the Fisk Jubilee Singers at Victoria Hall last evening attracted an audience that filled the auditorium to its utmost capacity. The peculiar melodies sung by the troops appeal to possess a strong fascination, as scores of people never tire of listening to the old songs, the outgrowth of those cruel slavery days before the war. The programme last night included many of the old favorite songs, such as "Steal Away to Jesus," with the words left in imitation of the Lord's Prayer, "Roll, Jordan Roll," "Bright Sparkles in the Churchyard," "Walk a Little While," and others, and they were enthusiastically received, the singers being recorded an encore at the close of each song. During the evening Mr. Lemple gave an interesting recital of the struggles of the troops, and their appearance before the crowned heads of Europe, also Queen Victoria, and Mr. Gladstone. Miss Mattie E. Lawrence rendered a solo in such a manner that gained for her a double encore. Another entertainment will be given in the hall this evening, with an entire change of programme.

CUPID'S CAPTURE.—A pleasing ceremony was overman mated yesterday morning at the residence of Rev. H. D. Hunter, the contracting parties being Mr. J. B. Payne, Manager of the London branch of the Terrance Tea Company, and formerly of the FREE PRESS reporter's staff, and Miss Agnes Scott, who were united in the sacred bonds of matrimony, the officiating clergyman being Rev. H. D. Hunter. Miss Scott, sister of the bride, made a charming bridesmaid, and Mr. C. W. Payne, brother of the bridegroom, acted as best man. The happy couple departed by the afternoon express for Toronto upon their bridal trip. The members of the FREE PRESS staff extend to the newly-made benedict and his fair bride their hearty congratulations, and hope that they may long continue to enjoy uninterrupted happiness in their matrimonial state.

Correspondence's Telegrams.

London, Dec. 19.—Floating cargoes of wheat, hardly any demand; maize, some offering. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and maize dull. Rear fish coast—Wheat quiet; French 1 cents lower. Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; maize firmer. Paris—Flour and wheat quiet.

Chicago.

Reported by Hickney & Hellmuth, London Ontario

Chicago, Dec. 19.—Closing at 3 p. m.—The following table shows the fluctuations of the market to-day:

	Opened.	Closed.	Highest.	Lowest.
Wheat. Dec.	78	78	78	78
Jan.	77½	77½	77½	77½
Corn. Dec.	51	51	51	51
Year.	51	51	51	51
Oats. Dec.	37	37	37	37
Jan.	37	37	37	37
Pork. Jan.	17 47	17 47	17 50	17 37
Feb.	17 47	17 47	17 50	17 37
Lard. Jan.	10 60	10 60	10 62½	10 55
March.	10 60	10 62½	10 62½	10 55

Chicago, Dec. 19.—Receipts—FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT unsettled; No. 2 Spring, 1 cash, 1 Dec., 1 Jan., 1 Feb., 1 year; No. 3 Spring, 1 cash, 1 Dec., 1 Jan., 1 Feb., 1 year; No. 2 Red, 1 cash, 1 Dec., 1 Jan., 1 Feb., 1 year; No. 3 Red, 1 cash, 1 Dec., 1 Jan., 1 Feb., 1 year. CORN unsettled; 51 cash, 51 Dec., 51 Jan., 51 Feb., 51 year. OATS firm; 37 cash, 37 Dec., 37 Jan., 37 Feb., 37 year. RYE firm; 81 cash, 81 Dec., 81 Jan., 81 Feb., 81 year. BARLEY nominal. PORK unsettled; $17.45 to $17.50 cash; $17.45 to $17.50 Dec.; $17.37½ to $17.50 Jan.; $17.37½ to $17.50 Feb.; $17.50 to $

RLING & CO.,

rwers and Maltsters,

OW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR VERY

MBER ALES, III PORTER,

AND STOCK LAGER.

nd bottles. Ask your grocers for IR SPECIALLY BREWED

LF & HALF

ommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Married.

rv. David Savage, at 81 Bond street, lust., John C. Reinal, formerly of y Miss Alice Clarke, daughter of rke, Esq., of Credition.

ity, on the 15th instant, at the the Rev. J. B. Richardson, Rob- to Catharine M. Epperson, both of

her's residence, on 20th instant, etty, by Rev. David Savage, Mr. Watson, confectionery, to Miss second daughter of Mr. Geo. ess and of Sarah Ann, his wife, of the late Captain Richard C. Esq., who was highly estimated for acquirements, and rising in pos- extensive grants of land in the et, settled in that part in 1832, a flourishing city of Toronto was Muddy York."

Died.

r, on the 21st Dec., Reenie, ldest of E. K. Slater, aged 2 years

al will take place from the resi- Wm. McBride this Friday after- ock. service at 2.30 o'clock.

USEMENTS.

THE GRAND TO-NIGHT.

E GRAND OPERA HOUSE and hear Litta.

TA IN OPERA AND CON- o-night at the Grand.

TIVAL AND BOOK RECEP- t Victoria Hall, Tuesday, De- Addresses by Messrs. S. H. W. H. Rowland (both of To- two dozen of vocal and instru- Refreshments served during admission, for lady and gentle- books (used or new) for As- ce 25 cents at the door. 1.2lib

TING THIS AFTERNOON ning at the Westminster 1.1ddf

'S AVENUE SKATING ng daily from 2 to 5.30 o'clock p.m., and on the day, Wednesday and Friday ek. Admission—Gentlemen, children, 10cts. Season tic- at A. & S. Nordheimer's and 1.1ddh

MATCH CHRISTMAS DAY, e drinks to-morrow, at the tel.—PERRY MCDONALD. 1.20

A HALL—FRIDAY EVEN- December 22nd. First appear- Professor Leon Florestan, of

PROGRAMME

t Lyons," lecists at once, \$1 each. Nord- store. 1.2lib

HALL—FRIDAY EVEN- cember 22nd. First appear- Professor Leon Florestan, of Paris "Psedre," "The Lady of s your ticket at once, \$1 each. usic store. 1.2lib

EETINGS.

D.—A MEETING OF THE of No. 4 Ward will be held e School House this (Friday) ck, at 4 o'clock. By order.

ATION—GRAND MEET- o'clock every evening. Bar- street, near Queen's avenue. 1.2lfly

ST OR FOUND.

OF KEYS FOUND—FOUND thread street, a bunch of . Apply at the counter of this 1.2lbf

OLF ROBE LOST IN THIS elieved to be in northern part. a be conferred with by applying rious office. tf

FOR SALE.

ngs under this heading one each insertion.

RENT OF PICTURES, EN- GS, etc. Samples can be seen at ess office, and prices obtained. for auctioneers and country deal- tf

ICK HOUSE TO LET, ly located; three minutes' walk e. Apply to Dr. McLEAN, 294 tf

SALE OF TEN FINE t-class in suburbs of city, on Fri- at W. Y. Brunton's auction rooms 2 p.m. Five bricks given ay sale at whatever price bid. ver to D. MCALPINE & Co., Real 184 Talbot street, London. 1.2d-stuwf-dc

TED TO RENT.

TO RENT, IN THE t of Dundas and Wellington house with some Christian or small cottage. Address tf

20 LET.

nder this heading one insertion.

OMS, WITH BOARD, street. K196

FRAME HOUSE TO of Queen's avenue and Eliza- ly Horse in Livery, Welling- 1.1lf

UMBER 360 RICH- a few doors south of the first stores and situa- and front entrance. Apply on premises, or to & Co., Seed Mer- K294

URCHASE.

H INCH BLACK brass-fi ed pipes. Ap- Upper and Lower Can- 2, London.

ANEOUS.

S.—WANTED, CAPI- vest in an entirely new or United States. Large Address tf

F. DUNDAS STREET, assortment of Fancy mas and New Year's ge stock of millinery, very cheap. 1.1dy

CENSES ISSUED AT d street (4th house from ed by W. G. MONCRIEFF. 12ddn

LICENSES CAN BE on application at residence 's Hamlet. 1.1ddwly

CO., PRIVATE EN- Collection Agency, 43 Brock ave., Kingston, Ont. Strictly close stamp for reply. Highly

NTISTRY.

EY, DENTIST, IS AGAIN stand, 110½ Dundas street, Buildings.

E, DENTIST.—VITAL- administered for the teeth. Office—Strong's Kitty

DAVIS, DENTISTS. Dundas Street, four ad street, over Davis' ified air administered tion of teeth. Phy

CORONER. SIDENCE, 48 Talbot st., London.

DENTIST. N. corner Dundas and Brown & Morris' hard- ment to Eby Bros., on

FOR RELIEVING acting teeth.—H. H ond street, corner of tf

OD SHOES.

APEST BOOTS AND Jones's, 192 Dundas r boots made to order and the latest styles. L2-1-yr

ES.—EVERY SORT, r, good, stylish and Talbot St. City

GARLICK is showing splendid lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, and a special line of Scarfs in single glass top boxes, and only 85c. Libdc

The Free Press

GARLICK is showing extra nice Silk Handkerchiefs, Mufflers and Socks at low prices. Call and inspect our goods before buying. Libdc

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8353

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

THE "EMPRESS"

For 1882 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock.

Gave entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh,

157 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

FEMALE TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. No. 3, Westminster. Apply immediately to E. WEST, London. L2ldv

TEACHER, ASSISTANT, WANTED, for the Napier School, holding third-class certificate. State salary and address to JOHN HUTSON, Sec., Napier, P.O. L2lwf-dl

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion

CHAMBERMAIDS.—TWO, GOOD, THAT can wait on table, and one first-class dining-room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to S. PERRIS, Garner House, Chatham. J265tf

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE.—Good dining-room and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters best in city, only 20c. Coffee House, Market Square.—R. COTTAN. J259

WANTED—NINE HUNDRED GIRLS to take situations. No charge to girl till after Christmas. All kinds of domestics wanted. Male help also; have large demand.—J. OSBORNE'S Intelligence Office, 26 Dundas st.

WANTED—FIFTY GENERAL SERVANTS, 10 cooks, 3 chamber girls, 6 dining-room girls, 2 nurse girls, 7 kitchen girls, 1 laundress; girls wanted for other cities and towns. Male help in great demand.—J. OSBORNE'S Intelligence Office, 26 Dundas St.

MEDICAL.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 24 JAMES ST., Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear and Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Cross-eyes straightened. L264dwly

DR. W. F. McLEAN, LICENTIATE Royal College of Surgeons, Licentiate Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh. Office and residence 294 Dundas, st. L1ddly

DR. JAS. MACARTHUR. — OFFICE and residence, corner Maitland and Dundas streets. Telephone connection. L1ddm

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., LONDON, England. Office and residence, No. 21 Dundas street, London East. Skin disease a specialty.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT. — DR. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.E., lectures on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto, second annual session. Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at 87 Church street, Toronto, Saturdays excepted.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING.—SELL YOUR Cast-off Clothing to A. Monnin, 377 Clarence street, for he pays the highest price for them. Give him a trial, for he beats all in that line. Orders left to call will be punctually attended to.

PARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF CLOTHING will do well to call on T. Fox, the Original Pawn-broker. Loads money on diamonds, watches, jewellery, silverware, &c. Business strictly private.—372 Clarence street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 314 DUNDAS STREET, between Waterloo and Colborne, manufactures Venetian Blinds of all descriptions. Also orders repairs Scrollwork and does jobbing work generally. N.B.—There is accommodation for a few boarders. K129

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY Steam.—JAMES F. HUNT'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 305 Richmond street, London. 1.2dly

NEW FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISION Store.—J. Dundas has opened out in his new store, 168 Dundas street, London East, in the above line; also wood and coal. A call solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Cheapest for cash.

HAND-MADE CORSETS.—LADIES wishing a good and perfect-fitting hand-made corset can be fitted at LAZARUS'S, 61 Dundas street, London East. Orders left at Priddy's Bros.' promptly attended to. 259vn

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch. Engraving Department, FREE PRESS Office.

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND MANUFACTURER. Roofing Material wholesale. Also, contractor for laying asphalt sidewalks, floor block pavement. All work guaranteed and promptly attended to. Estimates on application to 99 Wellington street, London, Ont. K265y

LEGAL.

PARKE & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Offices—over Molsons Bank, Richmond street. E. JONES PARKE, [LL.D.-ldw] T. H. PURDOM.

F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ont. K263dly

GIBBONS, MCNAB, & MULKERN Barristers, etc., London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond street. GEO. C. GIBBONS, F. MULKERN, H. GRATTAN MCNAB, FRED. F. HARPER.

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont.

GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc., 69 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. DAVID GLASS, Q. C. CHESTER GLASS. T. H. LUSCOMBE. K265y

HUTCHINSON & MCKILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Office—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. MCKILLOP. D1y

HARDWARE.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Just received an immense assortment of FANCY POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY AND A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF PLATED WARE.

HOBBS, OSBORNE & HOBBS, Waterloo Buildings, Richmond street.

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PARTIES, assemblies, &c. Lessons on cornet and violin.—DUNCAN SUMMERS, 259 Hill St., between Clarence and Wellington. J268tf

ARCHITECTS, &c.

PETERS & JONES, LATE S. PETERS & Son. Architects, Surveyors and Civil Engineers. Office:—Albert Block, southwest corner Dundas and Clarence streets.—S. FRANK PETERS; C. A. JONES. e-n71K1

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS.—For sale by the FREE PRESS PRINTING Co., one of those excellent presses. Takes a form 37x47. Does excellent work. Has been in use 24 months. Is well suited for a country office. For specimen of work, price and other particulars apply at this office.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE.—A twelve-horse upright steam boiler, in use for a short time by the FREE PRESS PRINTING Co. Extra strong. Makes steam freely. Good economiser of fuel.

TWIN - NAVY !

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

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Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufatured only by

S. DAVIS & SON,

MONTREAL.

TORONTO BRANCH—34 Church St., Factory—54 and 56 Mutual St., 13 and 15 Gerrard St. West. Box Factory—402 King Street, Montreal. K104dwly

SEALED TENDERS, MARKED "FOR Mounted Police Clothing Supplies," and addressed to the Hon. the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, will be received up to noon Wednesday, 10th January, 1883.

Printed forms of Tender, containing full information as to the articles and quantities required, may be had on application at the Department.

No Tender will be received unless made on such printed forms. Patterns of all articles, except boots and rugs, may be seen at the Department.

Each Tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian Bank cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the value of the articles tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party making the tender declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority having been first obtained.

LINDSAY RUSSELL, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

FRED. WHITE, Comptroller. Ottawa, December 12th, 1882. L264dl

T.P.BLACKWELL

has added to his already extensive stock of

TEAS AND GROCETRIES

a full assortment of

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,

of really first-class quality. Inspection cordially invited, and satisfaction guaranteed. L1ddly

T. P. BLACKWELL

358 Richmond St.,

Six Doors South of King Street, London, Ont.

tute

J. CAMPBELL.

Merchant Tailor,

just received the finest selection of genuine

French Naps and Scotch Overcoatings,

and a specially controlled line of

FINE PERSIAN OVERCOATING.

Scotch Tweed Suits for \$15.

ENTIRELY NEW GOODS. INSPECTION SOLICITED.

J. CAMPBELL,

Practical Tailor,

Edge Block, 402 Richmond Street, London, Ont. J264dly

CHANGE OF BUSINESS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the business lately carried on by Mr. Bullivet, has removed to Maitland streets, begs to inform the public that he has on hand a large and well selected stock of choice family groceries, provisions, flour and feed, school books, &c., which he will sell cheaper than the cheapest. Goods promptly delivered to any part of the city. Oysters always on hand. Give me a trial. Teas and sugar a specialty.

A. B. GRIFFIN,

Corner Dundas and Maitland Streets. K304tu-fri-n

XMAS CARDS

THE GREATEST SHOW OF ALL shown in Xmas and New Year's Cards is at 22? Dundas street. The variety is wonderful, the selection unrivalled, and the prices so low they are within the reach of everyone. Call early and avoid the rush at the last minute.

Sleighs, Toys and Holiday Presents

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Headquarters for the most popular sheet music, 5c per copy.

JOHN A. BURNS,

K2-tute-fn 22? Dundas Street.

FALL NOTICE.

JOHN GLEN,

Merchant Tailor,

WEST END HOUSE.

New Fall Goods of every description just received. An inspection of this stock is requested by those wishing for a First-class Suit or Overcoats at Moderate Prices. Special attention given to Clergymen's Clothing, as also to Gentlemen's Livery Servant Suits.

77 Dundas Street West.

30tuts-y

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON CATHARINE street, St. Thomas, 30 x 35, opposite Crowley's Hotel and adjoining Air Line Depot. Price, \$750 cash. Apply to J. S. DEWAR, FREE PRESS Office, London.

DRS. ECCLES & WISHART, corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington streets, London, Ont.

F. R. ECCLES, M. D., Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of Royal College of Surgeons, England. Special attention paid to Diseases of Women.

J. WISHART, M. D., Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England. Special attention paid to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat.

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

GOODS will be SOLD EXCLUSIVELY for CASH

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

Dress Goods!

AT THE MOST RUINOUS PRICES.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE WE HAVE EVER HELD

!! THE GREATEST REDUCTIONS !!

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,
Mantle Department,
Dress Department,
Silk Department,
Trimming Department,
Ribbon Department,
Silk Ties and Pocket Handkerchief Department,
Corset Department,
Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—FOR—

If You Want

BLACK OR COLORED SATINS!

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY.

100 Doz. Ladies' Skirts, worth \$1.50, Selling for \$1 Each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

Great Clearing Sale.

LATEST CABLE NEWS

An Appeal on Behalf of Irish Emigration.

Russia's Excuse for Her Activity.

Germany Contemplating Military Preparations.

Proposed French Expedition to Tonquin.

Grave Charges Preferred Against Prince Krapotkin.

Fatal Mining Disaster at Dortmund, Prussia.

Further Concerning the Great Fire at Kingston, Jamaica.

The Sultan's Misery.

Constantinople, Dec. 21.—Notwithstanding the reported denial by the Sultan that he was in daily fear of assassination, recent movements in the interior of the Yildiz Palace show that he is taking most extraordinary precautions for one whose personal safety is not endangered. More than 900 Circassian ladies of the Imperial harem, suspected of being accomplices of their kinsmen of the body guard, which was recently disbanded, have been exiled to different parts of the empire. The Circassian element is just at present an object of distrust. The fife led by the Sultan is said to be terrible, Yildiz bearing more the appearance of a fortress than a palace. The Sultan daily carries loaded revolvers, and scarcely leaves the shelter of his harem; he partakes of little nourishment for fear of being poisoned.

An Appeal for Aid.

Dublin, Dec. 21.—The Secretary of Tukes' Emigration Fund has issued an appeal for aid to enable distressed people in Ireland to emigrate to Canada and the United States. He says so well are emigrants already sent out prospering, that some of them have begun to send money to assist relations to emigrate, and thus a beginning has been made in the poorest districts in the west towards starting a natural flow of emigration. The Local Government Board has appealed to Tukes' Committee for co-operation in furthering the Government's emigration scheme.

Russia and Germany.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—A movement of troops is contemplated with the object of stationing large garrisons on the Russian frontier. The erection of large barracks and double-tracking some eastern railways is projected. The *North German Gazette* says Prussia's military preparations are defensive. Nobody could regard them as signifying preparation for immediate or impending wars.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—The *North German Gazette*, in a leading article, which is remarkable for its peaceful tone, says that "while the Moscow *Gazette* thinks the recent meeting between M. de Giers and Prince Bismarck effected a mutual understanding, we believe, on the contrary, that the meeting was entirely unnecessary, no misunderstanding between Germany and Russia having existed."

London, Dec. 21.—The Russian Government is endeavoring to allay the alarm caused by the recent concentration of troops on the frontier. It asserts that such action is necessary in order to suppress the smuggling of prohibited and dutiable articles and other violations of the customs laws.

A Revolutionist Prince.

Lyons, Dec. 21.—Prince Krapotkin was arrested in consequence of a discovery of important papers during domiciliary visits to his house. It is said the papers prove his complicity in various anarchic movements in French territory. Prince Krapotkin is charged with belonging to an association of Frenchmen and foreigners, the object of which is to overthrow social order by means of pillage and assassination, and with having been chief mover in the anarchist association in France, and with visiting Lyons for the purpose of organizing a conspiracy at secret meetings. Krapotkin and forty-five other anarchists will be tried at Lyons early in January.

Princess Krapotkine telegraphs that the gendarmes who arrested her husband at Thonan would not permit him to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law.

Washington Relics.

London, Dec. 21.—Herbert Matson, Congregational minister, of Northampton, publishes a letter from President Arthur, acknowledging the receipt of a letter from Matson, in which the President's attention was called to certain Washington relics, and advising the United States Government to purchase them while it has the opportunity. President Arthur thanks Matson, but in the absence of legislation by Congress looking to their purchase he is unable to take any steps in the matter. Matson says he has no doubt some member of Congress will propose that the relics be purchased.

Suit for Damages.

London, Dec. 21.—Writs have been issued by the Central News Agency against the Eastern Telegraph Co., of which John Pender is Chairman and Sir James Anderson Managing Director, claiming heavy damages for using telegrams from Egypt sent by the correspondent of the Central News. Anderson is also Chairman of the Exchange Telegraph Co.'s agency, which distributes news.

The Bodies of DeLong and Men.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 21.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs states that the Governor of Irkutsk thinks the proposed removal of the bodies of DeLong and men is impracticable now, endangering the dogs and reindeer required, which cannot be replaced if lost. U. S. Minister Hunt has telegraphed this to Harber at Jakutsk, with instructions to consult the Governor and forward the result.

The Expedition to Tonquin.

Paris, Dec. 21.—The Cabinet to-day considered the proposed expedition to Tonquin. Grevy assented to Admiral Jauregimberry's proposal, which is regarded as adopted. The Government will demand a credit of eleven million francs for the expedition. It is stated that reinforcements will be sent immediately to occupy Tonquin.

A Change.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—The Prussian Government intends to replace the Chambers of Commerce by Chambers of Economist, comprising artisans and representatives of manufactures, agriculture and commerce, chosen by the constituencies. These Chambers will chose a Council to act as a Central Association.

Egyptian Affairs.

Cairo, Dec. 21.—Osman Pasha, accused of intriguing with Halim Pasha against the Khedive, has been released. Courts of inquiry and courts-martial have been dissolved. A decree will probably be issued to-morrow banishing some rebel prisoners, but releasing most of them. Gen. Wood arrived at Alexandria to-day.

Cairo, Dec. 21.—General Stone, late chief of staff of the Egyptian Army, has resigned his commission. He intends to return to America.

A Mining Disaster.

Dortmound, Prussia, December 21.—While a cage was descending in Hardenberg mine yesterday the chain broke and the cage fell, killing 20 persons.

Stormy Railway Meeting.

London, Dec. 21.—At a meeting of the shareholders and bondholders of the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad to-da the large hall was packed. On Lewis assuming the chair there was considerable uproar, and Lee moved that Smith, Secretary of the London agency, take the chair. This was negatived amid great confusion, each party accusing the other of packing the meeting. Lewis expressed a hope that bondholders would not be led away by unscrupulous schemers. He asked why the report ignored the great increase in traffic during the last few weeks. Lewis moved the first resolution, which disapproved of the committee's recommendation against applying the net earnings of the road to part payment of coupons and deferred warrants for unpaid balance. Lord Bury withdrew all opposition to the resolutions, and they were carried unanimously. Allport declared that the Manager in America was not fitted for his post. A great necessity for the property was complete fusion with the Erie Road.

Sentence Commuted.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 21.—It is officially announced that the Czar has commuted to imprisonment at hard labor for an indefinite period the death sentence of the woman convicted of wounding the Governor of Tachita.

CABLE BREVITIES.

It is reported that Cardinal Donnet, Archbishop of Bordeaux, is dead.

A Cairo despatch says it is untrue that Baker has resumed the functions of Controller.

A company is forming at Berlin, with a capital of one million pounds, for developing Irish manufactures.

President Bontaux and Manager Feder, of the Union General, sentenced to imprisonment and fined, have appealed. Hearing in February.

It is stated that the French Government has ordered the press to maintain silence regarding the relations of Russia, Austria and Germany.

A Naples despatch says a passenger train has been stopped and robbed by an armed band. The Government has offered a reward for the apprehension of the robbers.

Three more deaths have occurred in consequence of the explosion at the cartridge factory at Mount Valerien. The remainder of the injured women are suffering fearful agony.

Alarming reports are published of freed negroes in Cuba. Many of them, armed, are living vagrant in the woods in various parts of the island. It is said their numbers are increasing daily, and they are forming societies.

CANADIAN NEWS.

North-west News.

Winnipeg, Dec. 21.—Mr. A. W. Ross has sold the corner of Portage avenue and Main street for \$115,000 to an English Syndicate, who will erect a palatial brick block. This is now the principal business stand, and Mr. Ross gave \$70,000 for it in April last. The adjacent property sold for \$225,000. There is an improved feeling in real estate. The attack in England upon the Canada Pacific causes some degree of uneasiness, but the feeling is not panicy.

Justice Miller has retired from the Bench, and will resume the practice of the law. He will also, it is said, enter the political arena.

During the cold snap two weeks ago Joseph Robinson started from Brandon for the Souris district, land hunting. His long absence excited anxious friends, and careful search instituted resulted in the finding of his dead body last night, frozen stiff thirty miles from Brandon.

The coroner's jury in the Prince Arthur's Landing murder case have found that deceased, Wm. Windield, came to his death by a pistol shot fired from the hand of Lizzie Washington, that the evidence shows the existence of justification to a certain extent, and that the shot may have been fired in self-defence, but they leave the matter to a higher court to determine.

The first number of the Brandon *Daily Mail*, a four-page twenty-eight column sheet, appeared yesterday. It will support the Conservative party in politics.

The Kingston Fire.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 21.—The great fire of the 11th inst. started in a few lumber dies of shingles, in Fenbrooke's lumber yard. Had there been means at hand to extinguish it the conflagration might have been prevented. The fire brigade arrived ten minutes after the alarm was given, and was slow in getting to work. The flames ascended, and caught a large wooden bank building. Sparks from this fired eight buildings in various parts of the town, and the destroying element was soon beyond control, other buildings catching quickly. In an hour the conflagration was the greatest ever witnessed here. Places of worship, stores, public buildings, wharves, banks, private residences and all kinds of business offices, all succumbed. It will take years to repair the damage. Business is suspended. People are homeless and wild over their losses. Hundreds are lodging in open air at the park and race course. Five lives were lost. Cases were burned over. Shipping was drawn into the bay, thus escaping destruction, but sails and decks had to be kept wet. Boats were manned to take away the people, but the wind changed and this was unnecessary. Heartrending scenes were witnessed, many children being lost in the street and crying for their parents. At a public meeting it was decided to appeal to England for help and to establish soup kitchens.

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, December 21.—It is understood that Mr. Lemoine, Clerk of the Senate, has been superannuated.

Prof. E. Stone Wiggins says he is about to write a letter to His Excellency the Governor-General, warning him of the storm which will sweep the continent in March next. He will advise, in case the Princess Louise makes a trip to Bermuda, that the voyage shall not take place in the month for which he has issued warnings.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell Minister of Customs, has gone to Belleville. His constituents there and in the surrounding towns tender him a banquet during the holidays.

In accordance with the orders issued from the Department of Militia and Defence, the foreigners now enrolled in A and B Batteries are applying for naturalization papers.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 21.—The late Mr. David Greenshields has bequeathed \$118,250 to public institutions in this city. McGill University gets \$40,000, and the Montreal General Hospital a similar amount. Queen's University, Kingston, is left \$5,000; Morin College, Quebec, \$5,000, and the home mission fund of the Presbyterian Church \$10,000, the balance being distributed in sums from \$250 up to \$1,000 among local institutions.

The City and District Savings Bank has distributed its annual grant of \$10,800 among the city charities.

Two young men, well connected here, named Louis Hudon and Charles Sidey, have been murdered on their ranch in Arizona by Apache Indians. United States troops followed the native murderers and shot seventeen of them.

The local stock market continues in a feverish condition, with lower prices all round.

There is no change in connection with the financial embarrassment of Perry & Cassels and Seath & Co., except that the suspension of the former firm was officially announced to-day. The liabilities are estimated to amount from \$20,000 to \$28,000, but nothing definite can be ascertained. The cause of the suspension is the same as already mentioned—the giving of unauthorized notes of the firm of Seath & Co. It is expected that Mr. Cassels will take the matter into the criminal court. So far as he is personally concerned his credit stands as high as ever.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Dec. 21.—Mr. W. J. Spicer, Superintendent of the Grand Trunk, returned to Montreal to-day.

The market was again unsettled this morning, with bank shares weak. The chief business was in Federal, the "Bears" getting the credit of putting out more "shorts."

The Board of Trade held a meeting this afternoon, and passed a resolution endorsing the petition of the Corn Exchange to the Government, praying for the abolition of the tolls on the canals. A Committee was appointed to take into consideration the subject of the establishment of a Railway Commission, with instructions to report to the next meeting.

A Mr. Maitland has entered an action for libel against the *Globe*, for stating some time ago that while ostensibly acting as agent for a commercial firm, he was engaged in distributing counterfeit coins. Heavy damages are asked.

SHIPPING.

New York, Dec. 21.—Arrived, Lake Huron, from Liverpool.

New York, Dec. 21.—Arrived, Surrey, from Amsterdam.

Larne, Dec. 21.—Arrived, State of Alabama.

Queenstown, Dec. 21.—Arrived, Abyssinia.

London, Dec. 21.—Arrived, Holland.

New York, Dec. 21.—Arrived, Grecian Monarch, from London.

Rotterdam, Dec. 21.—Arrived, Leerdam.

Antwerp, Dec. 21.—Arrived, Zeeland.

THE CARNIVAL.

A Gay Throng at the Queen's Avenue Skating Rink.

A very large number of people, considering the inclement weather, attended the grand carnival given at the above rink last night. The costumes were very elaborate in several instances, and, taken altogether, the representation was equal to anything ever before seen in the city. Owing to the refusal or neglect of a number of masqueraders to furnish the necessary information, only a partial list of those in costume can be given. The ice was in splendid condition, and the merry laughter and general good nature prevailing indicated that the lovers of skating were thoroughly enjoying themselves. It could hardly be otherwise, when it is remembered that the splendid band of the 7th Fusiliers played some of their finest selections during the evening, and were heard to far better advantage than the band that opened the rink, the directors having placed a sounding board over the band stand. Last night's success would indicate that the public are not slow to recognize merit when it is directed toward furnishing a place of recreation, and the directors are to be congratulated on the success which has so far attended them. Nothing has been left undone which tends to the comfort or accommodation of patrons, and the officials are courteous and obliging. The following is a partial list of the names of those appearing in costume:—Emma Craddock, Minerva; Millie Kearns, Patience; W. H. Hamilton and Wm. Benson, Bandits; Annie Clarke, Tuscan Lady; Miss Hamilton, Queen of Day; Miss C. Wilson, Queen of Night; C. Wilson, Egyptian; Nellie Davies, Welsh Lady; F. C. Freeland, Jack Tar; Nellie Marks, Jockey; W. A. Sharpe, Buntenline; E. Hyttenrauch, Pierrot of Tivoli; Miss L. Fletcher, Indian Princess; Minnie Squair, Lady's Maid; Georgie Craddock, Andromache; Emma Freeland, Priscilla Sidebout; Miss Hargreave, Eric; Maud Sage, Dew Drop; Miss Elena O'Meara, Flower Queen; Mary McBride, Snow Bird; H. S. Saunders, E. C. Wilson, T. E. Saunders, W. A. Meyer, M. J. McCormick and H. M. Kipp, Crew of the yacht Dauntless; Dollie Evans, Sister of Charity; Hattie George, Sister of Charity; Nellie George, Dolly Varden; Lottie Anderson, Morning; Annie Best, Night; Clem. Wheatley, Sailor; Mary Fairbairn and Maggie Hunter, Gypsy Sisters; Miss G. Hunnan, Coal Lark; Beatrice Griffith, Grace Darling; the Misses Birkett, Esquimaux; K. Evans, Spanish Gentleman; Ed Taylor, Sailor; Miss R. Meyers, Spanish Lady; Fred. Beltz, Sir John Falstaff; A. Eckley, Beppo; Miss A. Johnson, Quakeress; Master John Street, Charles II.

A TOTAL COLLAPSE.—Between eleven and twelve o'clock yesterday, Mr. Jas. Shaw, son of Rev. W. H. Shaw, of Lambeth, who has charge of Grace M. E. Church, in this city, drove his horse and cutter into the open driving shed immediately in rear of the building on Queen's avenue, and after hitching the animal securely, left the premises. He had not gone very far, when he heard a crash, and on looking around saw the entire structure tumble into a heap, burying the horse and cutter and everything else beneath it. Mr. Shaw did everything in his power to extricate the poor brute, but before he could do so the horse died. It is supposed the weight of snow on the roof broke its back. The cutter was smashed into fragments. Mr. Shaw had a very narrow escape.

NO MEETING.—A public meeting of the citizens was announced to be held in Victoria Hall, last evening, for the discussion of municipal topics, and quite a number of ratepayers were in attendance, but on account of the limited proportions of the audience it was decided not to proceed with the meeting, which was therefore adjourned about 8 o'clock.

SUDDEN DEATH.—An elderly farmer named Silas Hays, who lived about two miles north of Wyoming, suddenly fell from the chair on which he was sitting at noon to-day, and when raised up was found to be dead. Apoplexy is supposed to have been the cause of death.

LONDON FREE PRESS.—This excellent journal has been treating itself to one of its frequent new dresses. Beginning with the present issue the London FREE PRESS is a good, enterprising newspaper, though we shudder to think what might be the consequence were the *Advertiser* not on the scene to counteract its political teachings. As it is, we have pleasure in wishing the staff of our esteemed contemporary, from the editor-in-chief to the junior errand boy, the compliments of the season.

An Englishman named George Bennett Clapham, who worked at the Lisgar House, St. Thomas, during the month of October, is wanted, having fallen heir to several hundred pounds. Mr. Clapham is probably keeping out of the way for prudential reasons. If one of these is his inability to take care of the wealth, he can secure a reliable banker by calling on the writer of this paragraph. No interest charged.

The Manager of the Lilta Concert Company, who are to appear at the Grand this evening, was formerly a student of Hellmuth Boys' College.

The receipts from tickets for the Masonic Bazaar, at the Manager's office, yesterday, was nearly \$5,000, and the cry is "Still they come."

JUST RECEIVED BY

ELLIOTT BROS.,

135 Dundas St.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

Orange Bitters Maraschino, Curacoa, Chartreuse, Double Gloucester Cheese, Real Yarmouth Bloaters, Turbot, Pate a la Diable, &c.

—ALSO IN STOCK—

California Wines in wood and bottle, and Very Fine Old Royal Port, bottled by Feuerheerd & Co., Oporto.

LONDON WEST SCHOOLS.

Entertainment and Distribution of Prizes—The Successful Pupils.

There was a very large attendance at the London West Public School distribution of prizes last night, the apartment being crowded with the happy looking children and their parents and friends. Rev. Dr. Fowler presided, and the evening's entertainment was commenced with a musical and literary programme. The children were under the instruction of Miss Spence, and showed excellent training in singing the different airs. The programme was taken part in by Misses Spence, Ada Spence, Smart, May Saunby, Louise Leake, Harry Ward and Edward Cushing.

Mr. D. C. Macdonald then presented the prizes as follows:—

1st Division—Spelling, G. Calver; composition, Mary Simms (presented by W. W. Fitzgerald); writing, A. Wallock; general proficiency, Oliver Leake; attendance, Walter Watters. The prize for general proficiency in the third class was won by Thomas Marshall (presented by Reeve Platts; geography, J. Gurd; writing, C. Greenaway; mental arithmetic, B. Impett (presented by Mr. J. Marshall, Warden; writing, M. Moore (presented by the Warden); grammar, M. Southwell; reading, E. Houghton (presented by Mr. Mansfield); literature, Albert Stockwell; grammar, Emma Woodward (presented by W. W. Fitzgerald); reading, May Saunby (presented by Reeve Platts; conduct, W. Houghton; proficiency, D. Gregory; geography, C. Hockett; mental arithmetic, J. Middleton; conduct, B. Leake; general proficiency, A. Smart; writing, N. Grant (presented by Mr. Rockett); reading, William Kennedy (presented by Mr. Elson); general proficiency, W. Johnston; do., T. Waldock; conduct, S. Garrett; grammar, W. Leslie (presented by Mr. E. Platts; arithmetic, A. Templar (E. Platts; do., A. Perry (presented by the Warden); proficiency, Albert Stockwell (presented by H. F. Lacey); writing, E. Woodward (presented by Deputy-Reeve Spence); do., J. Leigh; reading, F. Lacey (presented by Reeve Platts; general proficiency, W. Wright (presented by Deputy-Reeve Sp

One Dollar! One Dollar!

IN ORDER TO MEET A WISH generally expressed, the publishers of the

"WEEKLY FREE PRESS"

have determined to reduce the price to

One Dollar a Year

IN CLUBS.

SINGLE SUBSCRIBERS $1.25

Clubs of Four.—Anyone organizing a Club of four Subscribers, and upwards, will receive a fifth paper gratis.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONT.

Friday, December 22, 1882.

WHERE ALL ARE INTERESTED.

Can any one tell why Mr. Mowat refuses to put the Boundary difficulty in the way for settlement, except that he wants to make use of it for the purpose of inflaming the minds of the people of Ontario, and stimulating a lust for territory which may serve his turn! Overtures have been made to him time and again to join in such a settlement as will stand the test of time. But he will not. He prefers that the title to the territory in dispute should rest upon the unstable foundation which the Award presents. Though the Dominion Parliament should be a consenting party to any proceeding in which lands hitherto within its control are handed over to another authority, yet Mr. Mowat goes on just as if there were no such thing in existence as a Dominion Parliament. He has obtained an award which he says suits Ontario, and though he has had professional promotion in connection with equity, yet he now presses for the acceptance of an imperfect award, in which the "equity" is all on one side. Neither the evidence nor the argument presented before the arbitrators, respectable as they were, was worthy of the occasion. And if the Dominion Parliament to-day refuses to concur in the Mowat Award, it is because the opinion prevails in that body that it is unjust in conception and erroneous in practice. Yet it is Grit policy to force this defective instrument on the rest of the Dominion, and if it is not accepted to kick up a row and jeopardize the good feeling that has existed between the various members of the confederated body. The idea he seems to have is, that Ontario should rule in all cases; that she should elbow aside all the other provinces, and bully them into acquiescence. It is not a lovely spirit that it smacks too much of the rowdy, too much of the loud-tongued, brazenfaced, hectoring busybody, to please those who wish to dwell together in amity. The first principle underlying Confederation is concession. It is a mutual agreement whereby each province shall have its claims may be. It insists that it must be right because it is Ontario. That it may do wrong if it chooses" because it is Ontario. That it may stand still, refusing to become a party to the settlement of an important question, because it is Ontario. Such a spirit is not a commendable one, and those who seek to promote and inflame it are not the lasting friends of the people. If the claims of Ontario are sound, what fear should there be that they will not be finally recognized? Yet Mr. Mowat seems to dread to bring them before a competent and final tribunal. And while he occupies that attitude he continues to denounce the Dominion Government to the people because in the interest of all the Provinces it seeks to have the matter properly and definitely set at rest. It is time that the people should tell Mr. Mowat that they do not want any disturbing elements introduced among us under the guise of provincial rights. Those rights, whatever they may be, will be best confirmed by means of such a settlement as may not be open to future cavil. It is because the Award was not legitimately obtained that it cannot now be relied upon. The fault lies with the Grit bunglers, who devised an imperfect and expensive unjust method of dealing with it should be resorted to which cannot be called in question.

A SCANDALOUS SCHEME SMOTHERED.

It may be fairly claimed that if it had not been for the efforts of the Conservative press, Ontario would long since have been committed to an enormous unprofitable outlay on account of new Legislative buildings at Toronto. The excuse now given for abandoning the scheme is that it was found that the erection of them would cost too much money. It did not require the large expenditures which Mr. Mowat has made for plans, estimates, &c., in order to arrive at that conclusion. The FREE PRESS furnished the Government with numerous illustrations of the cost of such buildings, and how certain it was that when a commencement was made it was impossible to stop until after a mint of money had been spent, a large proportion of which would be sure to have been squandered. Besides, the average Grit member showed a sagacious indisposition to meet his constituents facing such inquiries as would be made concerning the contemplated extravagance. We regret to be obliged to add that the Grit press appeared to be quite willing to let Mr. Mowat go on with his little scheme for spending uselessly a great deal of money. It is remarkable how little true independence they have among the Grits. If "Auld Clautie" were to kick himself, "I am a Reformer," he would get elected for any of the constituencies in which names are more thought of than things, and pretences are more popular than principles. Hotwater, Mr. Mowat has been staggered by the force of opinion which the Conservative press concentrated against him on that issue, and has relinquished a project which for years he has kept dangling before the eyes of the two constituencies in Toronto. But he had to abandon it.

A MAD PRINCIPLE.

Our local contemporary persists in its support of the monstrous doctrine laid down by Messrs. Blake and Mowat, and says:—

"Ontario can do wrong if she chooses. It is simply putting in another way the doctrine of majority rule. If a majority of the people of this Province decide upon a certain course, that is the course for the Province."

That is certainly the course provided it does not conflict with the prerogatives of the Dominion Parliament, or the common laws of civilization. But the Rivers and Streams Bill did so conflict. It sought to override both. Its effect was to take the private property of one man for the uses of another, without paying him for it. Mr. Mowat and the Grits say, "Well, supposing this is wrong, what then? We have got a majority that is bound to think and vote alike, and if we say that any proposition is right, it *is* right, and what are you going to do about it?" That is the position of the Little Premier, and in it he is supported by our local contemporary. We maintain that such a principle is simply infamous. It sets at naught the law of *meum et tuum*; it sets might over right. It was the mad imagining of the Paris Commune, which ruled for a few weeks after the war with Germany. The Red Radicals of that bloody epoch said, "We are now in the majority, and, for the time being, uppermost. Let us do as we will. Let us right the wrongs of the people, according as we regard them." And the way they took to do it furnishes a chapter of terrible atrocity. Murder, pillage and incendiarism were the authorized methods of terrorism. And they said that was right, because they had the power temporarily in their hands. But at length another power appeared, and put down the pretensions of the Commune, erecting Law instead. And that is precisely what the Dominion Executive has done in this case. It has told a majority in this Province that seems to be drunk with power and capable of any excess, that there is a limit to iniquities done in the name of a crowd; that although many wrongs may be done by majorities, and many indignities offered the people, by the seizure of their local privileges one after another, that there is a class of wrong that no one can commit with impunity, no matter how desirous he may be to serve a friend and political partisan, and no matter how large his majority. That is the interference with the estate of a private citizen. When it touches the private citizen, then the power of the Dominion through its courts and its Executive has to be invoked. The Court says Mr. Mowat shall not do the wrong he persists in attempting, and the Executive will uphold that view of the case.

A SLIGHT CONTRAST.

A writer in the Guelph *Mercury* complains that the prizes given at the cattle shows there are too largely contributed by townspeople, and says the farmers ought to be more liberal in this respect. The farmers around Guelph are described in this letter as "a wealthy class," "men owning their thousands and tens of thousands, who have grown rich out of their occupations." We are glad to hear that there is so much agricultural prosperity in that neighborhood, it speaks well for the quality of the soil and also for the skill of the men who till it. But what must these honest and thrifty farmers, who have grown so rich out of their husbandry, think of the management of the so called model institution, which spends annually $20,000 more than it is made to produce? They must think there is some screw loose in the system perused; and they are about right.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Though the electric light in Cleveland costs a little more than gas, the Council are advised by the people to continue it. The *Leader* says:—The amount of light given to live and prosper as one body politic. But if Ontario is to follow Mr. Mowat's advice, all that is cast to the winds. Ontario is not to be so much one of the family as a bully to the whole, no matter what unreasonable its claims may be. It insists that it must be right because it is Ontario. That it may do wrong if it chooses" because it is Ontario. That it may stand still, refusing to become a party to the settlement of an important question, because it is Ontario. Such a spirit is not a commendable one, and those who seek to promote and inflame it are not the lasting friends of the people. If the claims of Ontario are sound, what fear should there be that they will not be finally recognized? Yet Mr. Mowat seems to dread to bring them before a competent and final tribunal. And while he occupies that attitude he continues to denounce the Dominion Government to the people because in the interest of all the Provinces it seeks to have the matter properly and definitely set at rest. It is time that the people should tell Mr. Mowat that they do not want any disturbing elements introduced among us under the guise of provincial rights. Those rights, whatever they may be, will be best confirmed by means of such a settlement as may not be open to future cavil. It is because the Award was not legitimately obtained that it cannot now be relied upon. The fault lies with the Grit bunglers, who devised an imperfect and expensive unjust method of dealing with it should be resorted to which cannot be called in question.

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PERSONAL CHIT-CHAT.

Mr. Walter Besant has undertaken to write a biography of the late Professor Palmer.

H. A. Garfield, son of the late President, has been chosen to be an editor of the Williams College *Athenæum*.

Ex-Senator Randolph, of New Jersey, predicts that Senator McDonald will be the next President of the U. S.

The Rev. Mangasar M. Mangasarin, by birth a Turk, has accepted a call to the pulpit of the Spring Garden Street Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia. He has been in America for several years, and is considered an exceptionally eloquent preacher.

Boston has a new charge to make against Mrs. Langtry. At dinner in a public restaurant she tilted back in her chair and rocked herself, took off her hat and played with the feathers, and used her knife and fork in gesticulating.

Madame Bernhardt-Damala will revisit London next summer, and will play in a round of her favorite characters. She will be succeeded by Madame Judic, who, with a part of the Varietes company, will appear in "Lili," the new vaudeville of MM. Hennequin and Milland.

The young baker whom Lady Gertrude Douglas married is barely 21. Some sixty years since a gardener took even higher flight. He married his employer, the Countess of Rothes in her own right, and became father of an Earl. The present Countess is his granddaughter.

Capt. David Crocket, a grandson of the famous Davy Crockett, the Kentucky frontiersman, is a stalwart six-footer, resembling his backwoods ancestor, but he is far more sophisticated, having just been sentenced to two years' imprisonment, not for some reckless and unlawful deed of bravery, but for sordidly making and passing counterfeit money.

A prominent legal gentlemen of New York, says the *Sun*, met Oscar Wilde at dinner a night or two since, and asked him what his real opinion of New York was, now that he had lived there nearly a year. "Well, sir," said Mr. Wilde with a placid smile, "my opinion is now formed, and it is that New York is a very good place for one to stop for dinner on one's way to Yokohama.

The late Earl of Beaconsfield's vacant stall in the chapel of St. George's, Windsor, has not been refilled. The Queen, as a mark of respect for his memory, determined it should be unoccupied for a twelvemonth; but nearly two years have passed since the death of the great Conservative leader, and Her Majesty has not given away his blue ribbon.

Mr. Gillen, the eminent English statistician, thinks that the increase of population in the United States has altered the whole idea of the balance of power of the European nations, the rivalries of European Governments being restrained by the feeling that they are dwarfed by the United States, and are no longer playing the leading part in the world's political history.

The Right Rev. Ed. White Benson, D.D., Bishop of Truro, son of Edward White Benson, of Birmingham, Ireland, and formerly of York, whose death is just noted by cable, was born near Birmingham in 1829. He was educated at King Edward's School, Birmingham, and at Trinity College, Cambridge. Dr. Benson married in 1859 Mary, daughter of the late Rev. Wm. Sidgwick, of Skipton, Yorkshire.

The King and Queen of Italy are so happy in their married life that symptoms are signs. The King is moody, and his health is decidedly precarious. Although no coward, he has never thoroughly recovered from the attempt of Passanante. He smokes too many of the long Tuscan cigars as he wanders up and down the long gallery of the Quirinal. Although affable, he makes no new friends, and Count Robilant and Count Robilant are his chief companions.

James Lillywhite, the celebrated cricketer, is dead, aged 57. He was a son of William Lillywhite the Nestor of the old Sussex bowler, brother of John Lillywhite, the celebrated Sussex player, who died a few years since, and cousin of James Lillywhite, the slow bowler, who retired from Sussex cricket last year after a service of twenty years. He first appeared at Lords in 1851, and won in various matches much renown. He has of late years been Master of Athletics in Winchester College and Cambridge University.

Prof. Houghton, at a recent meeting in Dublin, to consider "the employment and technical training of women in Ireland," was in favor of using the term "women rather than "ladies" in connection with the proposed institution. He trusted that Irish ladies would never be anything but women. It was at present too much the fashion for every woman to call herself a lady. He might mention that when at Niagara this year the woman who made his bed called herself a "lady," "yet she is a Yankee."

A New York correspondent, writing to a Southern paper about Mrs. Langtry, bursts forth as follows:—Treat her well. She is altogether worthy of your best consideration and esteem; good, truthful, frank and sincere; pure as the snow, and very brave. Treat her well. And to her I say: Remain so. Do not mistake America. She is sincerely intelligent. The immense majority of ours has more praise for purity and honest endeavor than for all the glittering and ambitious folly that ever shone before the footlights under the name of genius."

An editorial writer in the Lowell Mass. *Courier*, says of the late Archbishop Tait—"Once we saw the London—pale faced, anxious, ascetic-looking man, evidently conscious of the sin of the lust—Treat her well. And to her I say: Remain so. Do not mistake America. She is sincerely intelligent. The immense majority of ours has more praise for purity and honest endeavor than for all the glittering and ambitious folly that ever shone before the footlights under the name of genius."

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Lord Derby is objected to as a member of the Cabinet on the ground that his desire to cut loose from Egypt altogether makes him, if not a bad Whig, a bad Gladstonian. But his attitude on the Irish question is far more objectionable, from the Gladstonian point of view, than his attitude on the Egyptian question, for he declares himself apparently opposed to Home Rule in any shape, or to doing or saying anything about it that will make it a practical question. His theory about Ireland is that Irish hatred of England must be recognized and treated as a permanent and ineradicable evil, and met by dull, steady resistance, as in the past. These views are the product of his temperament rather than of his intellect. He sees as well the difficulties of all action that he would avoid action wherever avoidable, and where he had to act would act to-day as he acted yesterday.

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ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Fourth Parliament—Fourth Session.

Toronto, Dec. 21.—The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

A MESSAGE

was presented from the Lieut.-Governor, enclosing a despatch from the Governor-General, acknowledging the receipt of a resolution passed last session, congratulating Her Majesty on her escape from the attempt on her life.

His Honor thanked the House for address in reply to the speech.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Hon. Mr. Fraser presented the report of the Committee appointed to strike Standing Committees.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

The following Bills were introduced and read a first time:—

By Hon. Mr. Mowat—To authorize the construction of street railways; to authorize cities, towns and villages to provide gas and other means of lighting and heating; to consolidate the law affecting municipal institutions respecting the establishment of public parks in cities and towns; respecting private asylums for the insane; to simplify the system of conveyancing and the law of property.

By Hon. Mr. Crooks—To consolidate the Acts respecting the Education Department; to consolidate the Acts respecting public schools; to consolidate the Acts respecting high schools.

By Hon. Mr. Wood—To establish public creameries; to encourage tree planting.

By Mr. White—To amend the law respecting joint stock companies for the construction and purchase of roads.

By Hon. Mr. Hardy—Relating to the law of insurance; to consolidate and amend the Acts respecting jurors and juries.

By Hon. Mr. Pardee—To protect the public interests in rivers, streams and creeks.

By Mr. Monk—To amend the law for the protection of game and fur-bearing animals.

By Hon. Mr. Fraser—To amend the Election Act; respecting the inspection of steam boilers.

By Mr. Ferres—To amend the Assessment Act.

By Mr. Waters—To amend the Municipal Act respecting public cemeteries.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Hon. Mr. Fraser moved the extension of time for receiving petitions for private Bills to the 5th of January. Carried.

TIMBER LIMITS DUES.

Mr. Meredith asked what rates of dues were prescribed by the conditions of sale of the 487 square miles of timber limits in the Parry Sound and Muskoka districts sold in 1871; whether a reduction has been made in the amount of such dues, and if so, to what extent and during what years, whether any Order-in-Council was passed authorizing such reduction, and the date of such Order-in-Council, if any.

Hon. Mr. Pardee replied that the original dues were $1.50 per thousand. These had been reduced to a uniform rate of 75 cents, the reduction being made by Order-in-Council on Nov. 29, 1876.

Hon. Mr. Morris moved for a return of correspondence between the Executive Council of Ontario and the Privy Council of Canada with regard to cap. 13 of 41 Vic., respecting Grand Jurors, as to which it appears it has been agreed to submit the question of jurisdiction to the Supreme Court, together with all other reports or documents in any way relating thereto. He pointed out that the Act was passed in 1879, its object being to reduce the number of Grand Jurors from 24 to 16, the Act to Quirinal. Although affable, he makes no new friends, and Count Robilant and Count Robilant are his chief companions.

James Lillywhite, the celebrated cricketer, is dead, aged 57. He was a son of William Lillywhite the Nestor of the old Sussex bowler, brother of John Lillywhite, the celebrated Sussex player, who died a few years since, and cousin of James Lillywhite, the slow bowler, who retired from Sussex cricket last year after a service of twenty years. He first appeared at Lords in 1851, and won in various matches much renown. He has of late years been Master of Athletics in Winchester College and Cambridge University.

Prof. Houghton, at a recent meeting in Dublin, to consider "the employment and technical training of women in Ireland," was in favor of using the term "women rather than "ladies" in connection with the proposed institution. He trusted that Irish ladies would never be anything but women. It was at present too much the fashion for every woman to call herself a lady. He might mention that when at Niagara this year the woman who made his bed called herself a "lady," "yet she is a Yankee."

A New York correspondent, writing to a Southern paper about Mrs. Langtry, bursts forth as follows:—Treat her well. She is altogether worthy of your best consideration and esteem; good, truthful, frank and sincere; pure as the snow, and very brave. Treat her well. And to her I say: Remain so. Do not mistake America. She is sincerely intelligent. The immense majority of ours has more praise for purity and honest endeavor than for all the glittering and ambitious folly that ever shone before the footlights under the name of genius."

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SAVING THE BIRDS.

A CHESTER COUNTY WOMAN BATTLING WITH HUNTERS.

There is at least one woman in Chester county who is not afraid of the hunters, and so frequently has she given an exhibition of this trait of her character this fall that to some of the local sportsmen she has become a perfect terror. She is the wife of a well-to-do farmer in East Coventry township, and, possessing a tender heart for the birds and rabbits that make their home on her husband's lands, she determined early in the season to protect them from the unmerciful assaults of gunners, and since then has no doubt saved the lives of many a hard and rabbit. Procuring for herself a long hickory club she placed it in a convenient place near the kitchen door and then waited for the gunners to come. It was several days "after the law was out" before the first one came. Her quick eye caught his advent on the farm almost as soon as he put foot on it, and straightway going for her club she started after him. The young man saw her coming when she was still afar off, and, noticing her threatening attitude as she shook the club at him, he made hasty retreat. He was followed in a few days by quite a number of others, but all of whom were "disarmed" before they were able to slay any of the good woman's animal proteges, but a few days ago there arrived at the farm a well-known sportsman, who, after growing tired of being debarred from his favorite hunting grounds, determined to face the music for all there was in it, whatever the consequence, and so over the fence he went, while his eyes almost instantly greeted a with a cotton-tail track, which he at once followed industriously. He forgot all about the farmer's wife in his haste, and had gotten near the centre of the premises before he turned to look toward the house. Imagine his surprise as he did so to find advancing within a few yards of him the woman champion, with her long hickory raised for a fray. For a moment he stood dumb-founded, while she in angry voice ordered him off the grounds. He responded that he would go when he got ready, where upon she sprang at him with her club and so fast and sure were the blows she rained down on him that his surprise and pluck were instantly changed to consternation, and he commenced to retreat in double-quick time, with the woman following close at his heels and every now and then reminding him that her hickory club was still intact. At last he arrived at the line fence, and was in the act of getting over it, when she assisted him by grasping one of his legs and landing him on the other side in a promiscuous heap, from which he scrambled again to his feet in short order and left to return again no more, while the rabbits and partridges about that particular farm have been also to wander about as they pleased without fear of molestation ever since.—*Westchester Record.*

One of the most interesting events of the musical season in New York will be the visit of Herr Max Bruch, the noted German composer and conductor, who will arrive in that city early in the spring. Herr Bruch is comparatively a young man—that is to say, he is in his forty-fifth year. At a very early age he began to develop his natural musical talents, and when fourteen years old it is said that he had already written nearly seventy compositions, among which was a symphony that was produced for the first time in Cologne in 1852. His first work of real importance that was given to the public was his opera "Loreley," which was first produced in Mannheim in 1863, and subsequently was performed on several occasions with great success at Leipsic. Herr Bruch is undoubtedly best known as a composer of massive works for male chorus and orchestra, and as a leader of male choral societies, and he is to-day recognized as one of the leading musicians of Germany.

Grand opera is said to be going out in Europe.

CHAINED TO A WALL.

The Fate of Passananto, Who Attempted the Life of King Humbert.

He is chained to the wall in the prison of Porto Ferrajo. No jail is more dreaded by the convicts than this of Elba; nowhere is the chance of escape more hopeless. He is chained to the wall, and in the court-yard below him hears the prisoners at work, the hammer of the carpenters, the bellows of the blacksmiths. He is chained to the wall, and just four years ago he was waiting in the streets of Naples to see King Humbert enter the town with his queen and his prime minister beside him. Just four years ago, wrapping a strip of red cloth about his knife, he leaped upon the carriage, and Cairoli, the minister, turning his arm aside, received a wound in the side. On the red cloth was a strip of paper. "Death to the king. Life to the universal republic." To-day Passenante lies in Porto Ferrajo, crouching on a mattress, chained to the wall.

Two wild beasts, barely human, are chained in cells beside him. One is Cipriano la Gala, chief of the Calabrian brigands. Twenty years have gone since Cipriano, driven from his mountains, took refuge in the Pontifical states; since, fleeing again, he hid on a French vessel, and was only surrendered by Napoleon III. on condition that his life should be spared. Neither by night or day, during twenty years, has he been released from the chain, and yet—no warder knows how—he is king of the prison, and with a signal commands the implicit obedience of the convicts. His neighbor is Rossignol, a Frenchman. Rossignol lived at Turin, in a house beside the Po. He had a pretty sister, and night after night would send her to the theatre or the opera. So pretty was she that all the glasses would be turned on her, and when she had attracted the attention of some man of substance she would answer his glances discreetly, would draw him slowly after her from the theatre, and would bring him to the house beside the Po. There M. Rossignol was waiting behind the door. A blow on the head would suffice for the loan of substance. His body was dropped into the river. Fifteen citizens of Turin thus came by their end.

Passanate, then, is in pleasant company. His chain is four feet long; his cell is three yards wide. By the dim light of the window he reads his bible. That is his sole occupation. When he came to the prison he asked for the bible; he has since done nothing but read and meditate. When he sleeps broken words comes from his lips. "God, bible, brothers, people, universal republic." He has no vices. Though a Neapolitan, he has neither gambled nor drunk. He scribbles his creed on sheets of paper. "I belong to no sect," he writes. "I despise the Internationale, and all who call themselves communists. My ideal is the universal republic. It is announced in the bible and it will come." Science has decided that he is not mad. Common sense decides that he is no longer dangerous.

Yet, while the other convicts ply hammer and needle, he lies between Cipriano, the brigand, and Rossignol, the assassin, chained to a mattress, chained to the wall.—*The Hour.*

A Royal Ball.

"The ball at Claremont given by the Duke and Duchess of Albany was nearly being a fiasco, for at one time," says the London *World*, "it looked very much as if the royal party assembled there would have to be satisfied with dancing with one another. The fog was so thick that the most experienced coachmen declared driving to be unsafe, and they only yielded to the entreaties of the royal party by being prevailed linkmen to guide the way. The cavalry officers who drove from Bonnison Barracks with the escort for the royal party had to be determined by the Supreme Court, and the Act in question did not appear to have been argued up.

Hon. Mr. Mowat said that the case was not taken to the Supreme Court because he considered that if decided there no appeal could be had. It would go to the Privy Council, which was a most able, independent and satisfactory tribunal.

Mr. Meredith said it was strange that the Ontario Government could show no confidence in the Supreme Court, although it was established by the Judges appointed by their political allies. The Attorney-General seemed to use his best efforts to deprecate the findings of the court.

Hon. Mr. Morris congratulated the Premier on his conversion, and on passing a eulogium on the Privy Council. No doubt before the close of the session he would become a convert to the Opposition's views on the Boundary Question, and have a reference to the Privy Council.

The motion was agreed to.

The House adjourned at 4.30 until the 4th January.

UNITED STATES ITEMS.

Bardall, Bell & Co., grain dealers, of Chicago, have failed. Liabilities not reported.

Wm. W. Lee, a prominent politician of Dewey City, and founder of Thompson's Bank Note Reporter, suicided by taking laudanum. He was despondent on account of his wife's death.

At a convention of iron manufacturers at Pittsburg, Wednesday, reports from all sections showed that while p... ers are low the volume of trade was fairly good, and prospects for next season exceedingly brighter.

Lewis Marsh, of Scranton, Pa., was killed by an explosion of gas in the Pine Brook mine on Saturday, and on Monday his brother, Lafayette, was killed by the cave which occurred during the funeral. Both were buried at the same time.

Several additional false credits have been discovered on the Louisville, Ky., Gallbert's books. The amount of the defalcations is largely increased. The Grand Jury will indict four persons, one formerly a prominent official.

There is much trouble throughout Lackawana and Susquehanna counties, Pa., on account of the scarcity of water, a drouth having continued since Nov. 1. A number of collieries in Schuylkill county were obliged to suspend.

The *Mail*, which, being on the spot, may be supposed to know something about the matter, says:—The *Globe*, under its late management, generally championed what it deemed the cause of the public as against what it considered to be the designs of certain railway corporations. It is now obvious that with Robert Jaffray, James David Edgar, Herman H. Cook, and James McLennan on the board of management, the *Globe* has passed into the hands of the satellites of the Grand Trunk railway, and that for the future the interests of the public will be subordinate to those of the railway company. Mr. Blake's firm, too, who have a continuing retainer from the Grand Trunk, and who attend assiduously to nearly all its law business in this province, will be sure, under the new management, to make the paper as far as they can subservient to their clients—a most humiliating position for the once respected and trusted organ of the great Reform party. Shade of George Brown! Has it come to this? There is no doubt that the financial straits of the *Globe*—the result of declining circulation and lessening income—have enabled a few designing politicians and railway schemers to get control of the organ, and that it will henceforth be devoted, not to the promotion of the welfare of the long-suffering Reform party, but to the prosecution of the designs of its new masters.

An intelligent man, who has an intelligent family, cannot invest $5 to greater permanent advantage and present satisfaction than by subscribing to the *Fopular Science Monthly*, conducted by Messrs. E. L. and W. J. Youmans.

New Advertisements.

A. S. MURRAY & CO'Y,

JEWELLERS,

Richmond Street, - - - London, Ontario,

Would inform their friends and patrons that for Christmas and New Year's they have gone into something entirely new. In addition to their already immense assortment, they show full lines of Gorham Solid Silver Goods, consisting of Cream Ladles, Preserve Spoons, Jelly Spoons and Knives, Sugar Spoons and Sifters, Pie Knives, Cake Knives, Butter Knives, Gravy Ladles, Oyster Ladles, Pickle Forks, Cheese Knives and Scoops, Salt and Mustard Spoons, Fruit Knives, Olive Forks, Dessert Sets, Coffee Spoons, Child's Sets, Pap Bowls, and a full assortment of Tea, Dessert and Table Spoons. We spare no expense or trouble to give our customers as fine and elegant a stock to choose from as may be found in Canada, and at the lowest possible prices. We are sole agents of Gorham Mfg. Co., New York, and guarantee above goods. Just opened out, our Gold and Silver-headed Canes, Gold Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Our Plated-ware and Cutlery all reduced, and to be cleared out regardless of price. A pleasure to show our goods.

A. S. MURRAY & CO.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

LITTA

Grand Concert Comp'y

To-Night.

FLORAL NOTICE.

For First Class Bouquets,

And Designs of Cut Flowers for Weddings and Funerals, &c., go to A. R. MURDOCK, Florist, Kensington Park, London, Ont.

Orders by mail attended to. 12[illegible]

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 4 WARD.

AT THE REQUEST OF A LARGE number of the ratepayers, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for election as Alderman for No. 4 Ward for 1883, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obdt. servant,
M. D. FRASER.

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 1 WARD.

AT THE SOLICITATION OF A large number of ratepayers, I beg to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman for 1883 for No. 1 Ward, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obedt. servant,
JOHN LABATT.

—TO—

JOHN M. DENTON, ESQ.:

DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned ratepayers of ward number four, desire that you should represent our ward as School Trustee for the ensuing year. Your record for the past four years while acting as trustee for No. 4 Ward, the former auditor of the city merits with our approval, and therefore you have taken in school matters in the past leads us to hope that you will consent to our request, in which case we promise to use our votes and influence in your support.

HENRY CROWTHER,	WM. S. SANDERS,
T. CROWTHER,	H. MAY ARMOUR,
W. MAYO,	J. C. MERRITT,
	and others.

London, Ontario, December 18, 1882.

GENTLEMEN,—Thankful for the confidence you have expressed in me, and in response to your request, I place myself in the field for the election of No. 4 Ward, and if elected will represent them at the school Board as I shall do my utmost, as heretofore, for a more efficiency and economy in every department.

Truly yours,
JOHN M. DENTON.

London, December 21, 1882. 1[illegible]

TENDERS FOR NEW WAREHOUSES.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned till FRIDAY, the 29th INST., at 4 p. m., for the erection of two WAREHOUSES on Richmond street, north of York street, for Messrs. Gibbons and Strathers. Plans and specifications may be seen at the architects' office on and after WEDNESDAY, 20th inst.

PETERS & JONES,
Architects, etc.,
Albert Block, corner of Dundas and Clarence streets. 1[illegible]

PERKIN, THE BUTCHER,

266 DUNDAS ST.,

HAS THE LARGEST AND BEST stock of

CHRISTMAS BEEF & MEATS

of all kinds in the city. His hams are first-class. Pay his shop a visit before purchasing elsewhere.

J. PERKIN,
266 Dundas Street.

DODSON'S

XMAS MEATS.

A fine selection of prime meats and game for Xmas can be seen at

DODSON'S, 269 Dundas Street.

Lots of Venison, Hares, Wild Turkeys, etc., also Prime Beef, Southdown Mutton and Lamb and Pork. 1[illegible]

GUION MAIL LINE.

British and United States Mail.

BE SURE THAT YOUR TICKETS to Europe read by the popular Guion Line, the fastest ocean steamers on the Atlantic. The motto of this line is safety, speed and comfort. The magnificent steamship ARIZONA, 5,000 tons, 5,000 horse power, will leave Quebec on the 30th of December. Sunday morning, will connect with steamer.

F. S. CLARKE, Agent,
416 Richmond St., London.

THE ONTARIO INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION

LONDON, CANADA.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent., being at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Company for the current half year ending 31st December, instant; and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the 25th to the 31st December, inclusive. By order,

HENRY TAYLOR, Manager.

London, Ont., Dec. 6, 1882. 12[illegible]

THE BOILER INSPECTION & INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

Also Consulting Engineers.

Head Office....Mechanics' Institute, Toronto.

SIR ALEX. CAMPBELL, President; HON. J. McMURRICH, Vice-President; GEO. C. ROSS, Chief Engineer; A. C. JONES, Secretary-Treasurer; JOHN GALT, C. E., and M. E., General Manager.

CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO
STOCK OF WATCHES—PROBAB-
HE LARGEST IN THE STATE,
RISING

UTE REPEATERS.
5 MINUTE REPEATERS.
EATERS AND CHRONOGRAPHS
BINED.

CHRONOGRAPHS.
D WATCHES OF EVERY GRADE.
ANTLY CASED, FROM THE
RATED MANUFACTORIES OF
. PHILIPPE & CO., AGGAZIZ,
OTHER SWISS MANUFACTUR-

GIN, WALTHAM, &c., &c.,
BOEHM & WRIGHT.
IMPORTERS OF WATCHES.
STATE AGENTS FOR
K, PHILIPPE & CO.
WOODWARD AVENUE,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,
DETROIT, MICH.
eod

e Free Press.

LONDON, ONT.

ay, December 22, 1882.

S. CEOFFREY.

NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

That's right," says Ryan. "You Carthy, while I give this English n a lesson that will carry him to r world. I'll teach him how to of my prey a second time. D'ye didn't know about Max well, eh? y life in yer keeps'! But mine now," with a villainous I wouldn't give a thraneen for it." ng back, she aims carefully for nd just a little above the elbow, as in a vice. 'There is no escape. Finding herself powerless, she further effort for freedom, but ted eyes and parted, bloodless ough which her breath comes in ained gasps, waits to see her dered almost at her feet.

say a short prayer," says Ryan, s gun; "for yer last hour has

t," says Rodney, fiercely. "Then the most of it," and before the find time to fire he flings himself , and grasps his throat with mur- co.

instant they are locked in such m. Ryan wrestles violently, cely a match for his adversary's d training tell, and who is lishing for dear life. In the con- gun goes off, and the bullet, pass- odney's arm, tears away a piece with it, and also lays bare a bone. this he hardly knows till later.

fro they sway, and then both savily to the ground. Presently on their feet again, but this time master of the unloaded gun. the girl alone, and come here, s furiously to Carthy, who is ng Mona captive. The blood is from a large cut on his forehead his fall.

" hisses Rodney between his face is pale as death; but there d; his gray eyes are flaming hat has fallen off in the struggle, d, which is a good deal cut, hirt beneath deeply stained with is standing back a little from it, with his head thrown ir hair lying well back from his

n," he says, with a low furious has no mirth in it, but is full tolance. "But first," to Ryan, accounts with you."

g with the empty gun in his sses it, and holding it by the ngs it down with all his might enemy's skull. Ryan reels, nd once more licks the dust. etched weapon—not probably s of some assessable skeleton in ny price ranging from five-and- pieces—snaps in two at the stock m the force of the blow, so ney, spent and weak with loss n the mercy of his enemy.

ving by this time freed himself detaining grasp,—who, seeing flairs have taken, clung to him strength, and so hampered his g to his companion's assistance, the front.

ld-brand encounter is not Mr rte. He prefers being propped nds and acquaintances, and *la mort* is merely a speculation. ing his whilom accomplice pparently lifeless upon the courage (what he has of it), res', oozes out through his tinuous shaking, that surely takes possession of his knees. he has never before had a spell keeping, and the sensation, el, is not so enchanting as he ppod it might have been. He shy about the managing of it, art s not quite sure which t off. However, he lifts it with agers, and deliberately covers

he is, standing at 10 feet's a his antagonist, he could have d to blow him into bits, and uld have done so, but for one

ose Irish blood by this time is on finding herself powerless the movements of Carthy any rushed to the wall near, and, by love and excitement, had top a heavy stone.

ng back, she aims carefully for l, and flings the missile from man's eye in such cases is and now the stone meant for is short, and hitting his arm, m from his nerveless fingers. s the skirmish to an end. g all is lost, caves in, and f the scottish figure of his umps hurriedly over the low isappears in the night-mist up from the bay.

ifting the gun, takes as sure t at the form of the departing vidently the bullet misses its ound of fear and pain comes utter silence of the evening. rns to Mona.

saved my life, he says, in a ables for the first time this y love! my brave girl! But ai for you?"

thing, nothing, but the one was powerless to help you," reasonably; "that was bitter. irt, what courage, you girl first I feared you would faint

u still lived? While I might e to you? No!" says Mona, ming. "To myself I said, time enough for that later on." ittle dry sob, "There will be er on—

yes fall upon Ryan's motion- d a shudder passes over her. ad?" she asks, in a whisper, out looking at their late foe. ping, lays his hand on the

reathes," he says. "He will Vermin are hard to kill. loses dir," bitterly, "what Let him lie there! The d a place for him."

," says Mona, faintly. Now ger is passed, terror creeps ering her a prey to imaginary nds. "There may be others.

se of the fact that Geoffrey in the fray, she lays her hand ured arm. Instinctively he he touch.

it?" she says, fearfully, and ad is wet—I feel it. Oh, at your shirt. It is blood!" ll of horror. "What have you!" she says, pitifully.

"You are hurt, wounded!"

"It can't be much," says Geoffrey, who, to confess the truth, is by this time feeling a little sick and faint. "I never knew I was touched until now. Come, let us go back to the farm."

"I wonder you don't hate me," says Mona, with a broken-hearted sob, "when you remember I am of the same blood as these wretches."

"Hate you!" replies he, with a smile of ineffable fondness, "my preserver and my love!"

She is comforted in a small degree by his words, but fear and depression still hold her captive. See insists upon his leaning on her, and he, seeing she is bent on being of some service to him, lays his hand lightly on her shoulder, and so they go slowly homeward.

To be continued.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Facts, Fun and Fancy.

YAW, DOT IS SO!

Yaw, dot is so! Yaw, dot is so!
"Dis vorldt vas all a fleeting show;"
I shmokes mine pipe,
I trinks mine bier,
Und efry day to vork I go;
"Dis vorldt vas all a fleeting show;"
Yaw, dot is so!

Yaw, dot is so! Yaw, dot is so!
I don't get more down here below.
I vash and shine,
I vork and climb,
Und find oudt, as I older gro
I had a harder row to hoe;
Yaw, dot is so!

Yaw, dot is so! Yaw, dot is so!
Dis vorldt don't gife me half a show.
Some dings to vear,
Some food to eadt;
Yet else? Shust vait a minude dough;
Katrina, und der payer! Oho;
Yaw, dot is so!

Yaw, dot is so! Yaw, dot is so!
Dis vorldt don't been a fleeting show.
I had mine frau,
I had mine boys,
To cheer me, dailys, as I go;
Dot's past as anydings I know
Yaw, dot is so!

"I think the goose has the advantage of you," said the landlady to an inexperienced boarder who was carving. "Guess he has, mum—in age," was the quick retort.

It knocked a man about crazy to find that the button he had put "by mistake" in the contribution-box was one of a set for his wife's sague, and they cost 30 cents apiece.

Said a crafty husband to his business partner: "I have promised my wife an immense surprise on her birthday." "More extravagance?" "I shall give her nothing; it will be an immense surprise!"

In the way of thanks: Young lady, writing a lyve letter for the kitchen maid—"That'll about enough now, isn't it?" Kitchen maid—"One thing more, Miss; just say please excuse bad spellin' and writin'."

A child speaking of his home in Canada was asked: "Where is your home?" Looking with loving eyes at his mother, he replied: "Where mother is."—*Our Dumb Animals.* Nearly all children appear to like to stay in dry goods stores.

"My dearest Maria," wrote a recently married husband to his wife. She wrote back: "Dearest, let me correct either your grammar or your morals. You address me, 'My dearest Maria.' Am I to suppose you have other dear Marias?"

The coldest snow storm of the season was experienced by a young man from the upper part of the city who, escorted a 6th ward girl home last Sunday night, and was detected by her father just as he was putting his mustache where it would do her the most good.

FIRST SHE WOULD AND THEN SHE WOULDN'T.

No, impudence, you shan't have one!
How many times must I refuse?
Away!
Or else you'll sure my friendship lose!
I cannot bear such forward fun.
Go, quick, begone? If not I'll run!
Why, now I'll have to be severe—
No, not a kiss for you to-day!
Take care!
I swear!
I'll tell papa, so sure as I live!
I never saw a man so queer!
But—are you sure there's no one near!

A pretentious person said to the leading man of a country village, "How would a lecture by me on Mount Vesuvius suit the inhabitants of your village?" "Very well, sir; very well, indeed," he answered. "A lecture by you on Mount Vesuvius would suit them a great deal better than a lecture in this village, y'r."

"What's orbs, Sallie?" "Orbs? why, as to how, Maggie? Who said so?" "Well, you know that city chap 's was sparking me last night, an' he looked me square in the face and sung out—Oh! if I could always bask in the effulgence of those bright orbs.'" "Humph! I guess that must be what they call eyes that squint; but what do you suppose he wanted of a basque?"

Charles Dickens had a very good story about the early days of a renowned mourning establishment. He went there one day about some mourning, and was ushered into a room where sat a shopman with an attendant in woe-stricken habiliments, who groaned out, "A father, a mother, perhaps a wife." "Oh, no," said Dickens, "only a distant relative." "Oh, sir," said the funereal one, "you have made a mistake; this is the chamber of agonizing woe. Join, toll the bell and show the gentleman into the light afflicted department."

The modern Æsop—A father has four sons, who were very naughty, and often gave the neighbors cause for serious dissatisfaction. For this reason he summoned them in his presence and showed them four twigs of hazel. Take notice, my sons, that if I should strike you with one of these twigs alone you would feel little; whereas, if I should bind them all together, it would cause you great pain." And hereupon he tied them together and gave the boys a sound thrashing.

BY MOONLIGHT.

Like dark dreams stand the houses,
Stretched out in lengthened row,
And, shrouded close in my mantle,
I silently by them go.

The bell of the cathedral
Chimes midnight from above;
I know with soft endearments
Now waits for me my love.

The moon is my companion,
Who kindly leadeth me;
At last I see the dwelling,
And cry out, Joyfully—

"Old confidant, I thank thee
That thou hast lit my way;
Shine on, now that I leave thee,
And—and the rest thy pay.

And shouldst thou find a lover
Who lonely makes his moan,
Give him the same dear comfort
That I, of old, have known.

CRITICISMS OF SOUND.—The fact is observed by Gen. Duane in connection with the use of fog whistles on the coast of Maine that the signal often appears to be surrounded by a belt varying in radius from one to one and a half miles, from which the sound appears to be entirely absent, thus in moving directly from a station the sound is audible for the distance of a mile and is then lost for about the same distance, after which it is again distinctly heard a long time. These facts find an explanation by Prof. Tyndall, who thinks that this disappearance of the sound was due to interference with the direct sound waves by those reflected from the surface of the sea. This explanation is capable of a very accurate experimental illustration. Placing, for instance, a sensitive flame at a distance of three or four feet from a sounding reed, the flame exhibits the usual agitation. Lifting a light board between the flame and reed, a position is easily attained where the sound, reflected from the board, increases the flame's agitation. Lifting it cautiously still higher a level is attained reflection from which completely stills the flame. By slightly arising or lowering the board, or by its entire removal, the flame is once more agitated. A fairly smooth sea would be required for the reflection and the production of the phenomenon, while the position of the zone of silence would be determined by the height of the signal on one hand and the height of the observer on the other above the surface of the sea, as well as by the pitch of the note of the whistle.

The pension payments now constitute the heaviest charge on the revenues of the United States. The report just presented by the Commissioner of Pensions shows that the actual number of enlistments during the war of the rebellion was 2,063,291, and of these there are living 1,009,469 who have not applied for pensions. The number who died during the war was 304,369.

A meeting of rubber manufacturers in New York lately decided to close all boot and shoe factories in the country on December the 23rd for a week, and afterwards reduce the production one-half. It is said this is done to reduce the price of rubber.

FREE PRESS CORRESPONDENCE.

Model Schools.

FIFTH LETTER BY "JUSTICE."

To the Editor of the Free Press.

DEAR SIR,—The FREE PRESS of Monday last contained a list of the teachers in training that attended the London Model School the late session, and were successful in obtaining professional third-class certificates. The reading of this announcement reminded me of the September discussion on the propriety of making the Central a Model School for 1882, in which the Trustees and others took part. So great were the objections then against the scheme that it did appear, till wiser counsel prevailed, the institution, with all the emoluments therto, was "going a-begging." To show a community does not suffer very materially from a Model School properly conducted and situated in their midst, a few moments of enquiry into the regulations governing them will suffice. The thirty teachers in training that passed the final examinations and the unsuccessful ones, as a rule, had cash to pay $5 for instruction on the method of teaching, etc., during the session of thirteen weeks, thus making from this source alone at least $150. The annual Government grant to the institution is $150, which, with an equal amount from the city and county, make the nice little sum of $450 to be applied in whole, or in part, to defray its working expenses.

Principals of Model Schools (first-class teachers) who obtain their positions through advertisement, in which salary is stated, perform all the duties of the office without extra charge. But supposing the trustees of the city school to be liberal-minded men, that they grant the Principal $100 for extra work during the term, his assistant $100, and for sundry expenses $25, then there remains still $225 of the funds to be placed to the credit side of the profit and loss account. This is not all, for hundreds of dollars must have been paid out by the young teachers for board alone that will gradually find way, little by little, into the coffers of our citizens. Besides, these great benefits are denied without the progress of the regular classes being interfered with. Surely, then, a Model School is a good thing for the city. It appears from the report referred to that the few in Middlesex had in attendance a greater number of teachers-in-training than the law allows (25.) If true, another Model School for the County is a greater necessity than more places to hold the High School entrance examination. Here, then, is an opportunity for trustees whose school affords the proper accommodation, and who pay large salaries to teachers, to have them declared a Model School. The Board they will not only supply a want felt, but raise the standard of education in their section, and make money out of the transaction.

JUSTICE.

A Misapprehension.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

DEAR SIR,—Noticing an article in your issue of to-day, in which you say "The Coffee House Company, started by the well-meaning gentlemen, gave the vilest stuff (referring to coffee), and hence, probably, the failure of the scheme." Now, Mr. Editor, these well-meaning gentlemen, as well as the public in general, know that these statements of yours are not quite correct. We have all along been under the impression that the Coffee House Company had been a splendid success, considering the limited means at command. Since I have had charge we have always had more business than we could accommodate, and although the premises have been enlarged once, they are sadly too small at the present time. The greatest mistake the late Coffee House Company made was in not beginning operations in a larger building, where they could have accommodated both man and beast.

Leaving the public to judge who it is that is giving them the "vilest stuff,"

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN CUTTAN.

London Temperance Coffee House, Market Square.

[NOTE.—The paragraph from which the extract complained of is made had reference to a New York coffee house, and not in any way to the London institution. The New York *Sun* is sponsor for the notice.]

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE.

INGERSOLL.

December 21.—Our merchants along Thames street make a practice of shoveling the snow off their roofs over into the street, scaring teams and making passage on sidewalks dangerous for foot-passengers. After somebody is killed by the falling ice a howl will be raised about criminal carelessness.

The item that appeared in the issue of the 20th, relating to Stark, was inserted as it was through our correspondent's misrepresentation of the true details of the case. Mr. Stark was summoned at the instance of one Cameron, but had left for England before the case was called on, a purely business trip, as we since find out from a card inserted in the local papers. The clause about the commitment arose no doubt from the fact the Judge granted 30 days for Mr. Stark to arrange the matter before the warrant for commitment would be issued.

Mr. Roland W. Smith, school teacher, was on Wednesday united to Miss Sarah Berdena Wilson, daughter of Robt. Wilson, Esq., at the residence of Rev. W. W. Ross, pastor of King Street Church, in the presence of over sixty friends. The presents were numerous and worthy the recipients.

One of our aldermen, who is making a bold bid to occupy a prominent place in the Council for the ensuing year, had a wordy contest with a hide buyer on the Market Square a few days since. Strong language was indulged in, and the scene was one of infinite amusement to the spectators.

Chas. Lindsay got just drunk enough on Tuesday evening to develop his pugilistic proclivities. After being turned out of Brady's hotel he raised a disturbance on the corner of King and Thames streets, and when Constable Grey went to "run him in" resisted desperately. The Ingersoll force, assisted by a County Constable, were unable to put Lindsay in the "cooler," and he was allowed to depart. During the ruction Constable Grey got kicked several times about the face and body.

The Confidential Drunk Man.

The man who gets confidential when he becomes drunk is one of the most tiresome of the different varieties of men we look upon the rye when it is flavored with lemon peel. He may be a very taciturn man in his total abstinence moods, but when he gets under the influence of a succession of cocktails, he tries to tell all he knows, and his bursts of confidence are usually painful to his friends and acquaintances. He not only tells all that he knows, but much that he does not know familiarly enough to talk about with certainty. When in an inebriated condition he will stretch his imagination until you can hear it crack and ravel at the edges, and he will tell massive and voluminous lies about the extent of his business, the colossal influence he has in politics, his intimacy with great men, and such matters. It is not what he says, but the manner in which he says it, that makes his outbursts of confidential mendacity exasperating. He makes a great show of taking you to one side and unwinding ponderous falsehoods, intended, as he says, especially for our own ear. He puts his hand on your shoulder and whispers down the back of your neck, while you can smell his hilarious breath as it tickles the bare place just back of your ear. Then, forgetting that the matter has been communicated to you confidentially, he will tell the same thing, in a loud tone of voice, to the barkeeper. He breaks out in winks and nods, and dark hints and mysterious allusions regarding something that (owing to private information he has received, and which he is not at liberty to divulge) he is satisfied will be made public and astonish the community in a few days. He gradually becomes incoherent and mixes up an account of one of his youthful adventures with something he read in the last number of the New York *Weekly*. It is a good time to leave him then, and if he cannot secure another victim he will sit down in a chair and talk to himself until he goes to sleep. The person who drinks with the rest of the party will not notice the peculiar atrocities and idiotic proceedings of the confidential or any other bacchanalian reveller. The foolishness and absurdity of their actions are only perceptible to the man who does not drink strong liquors, "one of whom we are which."

The English are using a new word. Soldiers going out of railway cars "detrain."

RAILWAY NOTES.

A Batch of Local and General Car Couplings.

There remain only about 200 feet of the Essex Centre cut-off to be railed before a through line will be established.

After January 1 the Canada Southern will be known as the Canada Southern Division of the Michigan Central.

It is announced that Colonel Robert Forsythe, of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Road, has accepted the position of General Traffic Manager of the Atlantic & Chicago Road, and that he has appointed Mr. Murray as his General Freight Agent.

The Manitoba Road opened on Monday the extension of the Grand Forks Northern Branch to the boundary line, where connection was made with Winnipeg by the Canadian Pacific South Western Branch. A station called Neeche is to be established at the boundary line.

Orders were given last week for 750 flat cars for the Michigan Central, for 12 locomotives for the Canada Southern, and for 13 locomotives, 20 passenger and 2 dining cars for the New York Central. This order will make an addition of 30 new locomotives to the New York Central and 25 to the Canada Southern this year.

Mr. A. H. Hansen, General Passenger Agent of the Illinois Central Road, announces that Mr. J. F. Merry has been appointed General Western Passenger Agent of this Company, with headquarters at Manchester, Iowa, appointment to take effect Jan 1, 1883. Mr. Merry will continue to act as Excursion Agent.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad was held at Toledo on Wednesday. Two vacancies in the Board of Directors, caused by the expiration of the terms of N. H. Swayne, jr., and J. S. Oliver, were filled by the election of Geo. W. Davis, of that city, and M. D. Woodford, present General Superintendent of the road.

We have it on good authority that in the spring the work of completing the double track between Toronto and Montreal will be commenced. This is a necessity; the traffic, especially since the amalgamation of the Grand Trunk with the Great Western Railway, being such that it cannot be moved expeditiously as matters now stand despite the best of management. The Grand Trunk is one of the great corporations of Canada, having prestige, influence and command of capital, the liberal use of which puts it beyond the danger of competition from even the syndicate, whose future seems to be clouded by the Winnipeg *Times*, have been more limited in their operations than they should be. The Grand Trunk surveyors are now out preparing a preliminary service, and perfecting the plans for the work to be carried on during the season. Let us hope that Kingston's ambition, defeated for so many years, of a loop-line will be remembered, and action taken to secure the longed-for boon. If the city branch is not constructed when the second track is being laid the scheme may as well be abandoned forever, for a time, at least.—*Kingston British Whig.*

While full particulars of the conference held in the office of General Manager H. B. Ledyard, of the Michigan Central Road, at Detroit, have not been learned, enough is known to show just how the ground lies. The scheme, as it is at present unfolded, takes early meal of the day, from the Michigan system, comprising in all about 1,408 miles of country, and here, as soon as the new freight building is erected, will be concentrated all the general offices. The general officers are to be as follows:—General Manager, H. B. Ledyard; General Freight Agent J. A. Grier; Assistant General Freight Agent, W. H. Perry; General Passenger Agent, O. W. Ruggles; Assistant General Passenger Agent, W. H. Hurlburt; General Superintendent, Canada Southern Division, W. P. Taylor, General Superintendent Michigan Central, E. C. Brown. E. P. Murray and W. E. Carroll, at present Superintendents on the Canada Southern, will hold positions of similar duties under the new regime. A. F. Howland and H. J. Hunt have been appointed Assistant Purchasing Agent and Assistant Auditor of the system, and will have their headquarters at St. Thomas, and with a few clerks will constitute the force at that city, as about thirty clerks engaged there at present will be removed to the office at Detroit. Of the remaining officials and clerks of the Canada Southern it is said that positions have not yet been assigned them, but none will be released, as it is the intention of the managing officers to give each one a situation on the Michigan Central in accordance with his rank on the old road.

THE SCOTT ACT.

Meeting of the Middlesex Branch of the Ontario Temperance Alliance.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Middlesex branch Ontario Temperance Alliance was held yesterday afternoon in the Federal Bank buildings.

The Secretary reported in reference to the progress of the petitions which had been in circulation asking for the submission of the Scott Act in the county, that it appeared that the vote would be taken upon the voters' list of 1882, it would be necessary to secure a few hundred additional names in order to guard against any danger of deficiency in the requisite number. Some of the declarations had also not been properly filled up, and he had corresponded with a view to have this portion of the work properly done.

Mr. W. G. Pinn, Secretary of the Ontario Alliance, then spoke relative to the progress of the temperance movement, quoting numerous instances to illustrate the success of the Scott Act in the county of Halton and other places where it had been in operation. He gave an account of his recent visit to Oxford and Elgin, which he now stood pledged for the submission of the Act, and he believed that within a few weeks Essex and Kent would also fall into line. In view of this he suggested that the petitions should be withheld in Middlesex until the whole five counties could move together, and all the petitions be sent to Ottawa at the same time, as they had the promise of the Government that if such were done the same day would be selected for voting upon the measure in the five counties, and they could carry the Act through with a clean sweep. He also showed the desirability of at once taking steps to have a branch of the Alliance formed in the city of London. There were men in the city—ministers—who were grand temperance workers, and if their influence could be secured and the pulpit aroused for the movement, he was satisfied that a vote could be taken upon the measure in the city the same day as the county with a successful result. He expected to hold meetings in Essex and Kent about the 9th of January, and asked that action be deferred until then, though in the meantime they could go on with the agitation and secure additional signatures to the petition.

After some discussion it was decided to adopt this course, the Secretary to notify the Committee after learning from Mr. Phee the day upon which he could be with them.

The Secretary, Mr. Samuel Banton, then tendered his resignation, a step he was compelled to take on account of purely business reasons. He consented, however, to act until the next meeting, and after a further interchange of sentiments regarding the prospects of carrying the Act in the County, the meeting adjourned.

A gentleman, writing to the Philadelphia *Record*, says:—Will you permit me to correct a statement made by an alleged Russian 'Professor of Dynamite,' with reference to Mr. Samuel Morley, M. P.? Having a full knowledge of that gentleman's mills, I desire to say:—First, Mr. Morley has no hands working in his mills under fourteen years of age. Second, he pays no hand less than six shillings per week, or $1.44. Third, his mills run only nine hours a day five days a week, and five hours on Saturday, so that no hand is overworked. Every hand employed by him, and, in addition, he gives a bonus to all hands every three years—more or less in amount, according to length of service. He gives ten days' vacation in the summer to male operatives, and eight days to the females, and all are paid just the same as if at work. The professor either knows nothing at all about it, and talk to himself until he goes to sleep. The person who drinks with the rest of the party will not notice the peculiar atrocities and idiotic proceedings of the confidential or any other bacchanalian reveller. The foolishness and absurdity of their actions are only perceptible to the man who does not drink strong liquors, "one of whom we are which."

London's grand new Roman Catholic cathedral, to cost $1,200,000, is to be begun in the spring.

Breakfast Dishes.

A lady reader confides to me her trouble to provide breakfast dishes for the household, and asks me to suggest a few which I can recommend. I quite sympathize in her difficulties, for I have them myself, but I can give a few hints which may be acceptable. It is well to have two hot dishes for a breakfast party of about six people, as well as a ham, or, what I prefer, about six pounds of a lean cushion of bacon well boiled. It is milder than ham, and less extravagant, for it is eaten up quickly while it is fresh and nice, and cuts well into thin slices. A cold beefsteak pie is a substantial *piece de resistance* for hungry men or boys, and oatmeal porridge, well made, and eaten with rich new milk, is appreciated by healthy appetites before a cup of coffee or tea. Eggs, in various disguises, are invaluable aids to a breakfast table. I find an omelette, with slices of fried bacon placed round it, much liked. Then there are many ways of dressing eggs, to be learned from every cookery book. There is difficulty sometimes in wisely disposing of the remains of a cold tongue which has become too shabby to appear in its own form, so I have taken to cutting it into slices, from which the skin is carefully removed. Each slice to be heated through, and then placed on a small round of buttered toast and covered with whisked eggs; made by breaking two or three eggs into a small saucepan with some butter and a little salt, beating them well together and then placing the pan over the fire and stirring them about very rapidly till they are hot and frothy. A spoonful of this mixture with a dash of pepper on the little rounds of toast and tongue both look and taste very nice.

I will mention also two or three other little dishes very agreeable at breakfast. Remnants of cold whitefish left from the day before may be turned into very delicious fish cakes by picking every bit of fish from the bones, with a silver fork, and then pounding it with some cold potato, butter, salt, pepper, and a suspicion of mace. One or two well-beaten eggs, according to quantity, should be added, and all well worked together, then formed into flat cakes or balls. These may be prepared the day before, and fried easily in the frying basket for the morning breakfast, sent up garnished with fried parsley.

Kedgeree is an Indian dish, easily prepared and very excellent. Any cold boiled fish can be used; mixed with a teaspoonful of cold boiled rice, an ounce of butter, one teacupful of mustard, two hard boiled eggs, salt and cayenne to taste; mix all together over the fire in a delicately clean saucepan, and serve very hot.

Scotch woodcock is made by boiling some eggs quite hard, and chopping them fine, then mixing the egg with a spoonful of good essence of anchovies, and spreading it on slices of hot buttered toast.

If have tried a dish we had frequently in Paris, where the milk every day was the best of an oven better than ours usually is[illegible], but having obtained some nice flat white dishes I had one heated in the oven, then covered with fresh butter and four fine eggs broken into it, the same as for poaching, sprinkled with pepper and salt, the remainder of about an ounce of butter cut into small pieces, and laid on the top of them. Then put the dish into the oven or before the fire till the whites become set, but not hard, when serve immediately, placing the dish they were cooked in on another. This dish is called *œufs au plat*, and is very easily prepared by any one.

I could multiply such little devices for the early meal of the day, but think I have given enough at present. Whilst thinking of breakfast I would say always have nice crisp, fresh toast made from slices of a 2-lb. loaf, which is always the best for the purpose. Fruit is much liked by many persons at breakfast where it can be got fresh and abundantly. The large green Spanish melons we have now so cheaply are very good, eaten with pounded white sugar as a sort of dessert after heavier dishes at breakfast time.—*London Letter.*

The New Explosive—Panclastite.

The pre-eminence long enjoyed by dynamite as an explosive power has now at last been overthrown. The new agent of destruction has received the name of Panclastite, and is highly spoken of by those who have assisted at the preliminary tests of its efficacy. The two competitors for highest honors in this branch of the art of killing were pitted formally against each other at the port of Cherbourg a few days ago, when the subordinated favorite seems to have been beaten by several lengths. The experiments were conducted in this way: A number of ships were placed at anchor in water in the rocks, which are covered when the tide comes in. Some of them were filled with mining charges of dynamite, and some with panclastite, but the quantity of the former was in each case double that of the latter. Nevertheless, when the charges were fired beneath the sea, the effects of the explosion were invariably, as it is said, much more severe in the case of the new than of the old compound. The trial was repeated several times in different places by placing the rival charges in different formations of rocks, but always with the same result. Nor is it necessary for there to be more resistance to the one than to the other agent. When a charge of panclastite was laid at the side of a railway line and ignited, it shattered the metal into pieces and did still more damage to the sleeper than would have been done by dynamite. The credit of the new compound seems therefore to be established beyond the risk of doubt. There is, however, this important difference between it and the old agent of destruction, which may be deemed an advantage for one or the other according to the purpose intended. The force necessary for exploding dynamite is represented by the blow of a twelve-pound iron weight dropped on it from a height of about nine inches, and common mining is purposely so adapted to the same weight from a height of about two feet. Panclastite, however, will not explode when struck by the same weight at any height less than thirteen feet, so that it is apparently as safe as well as a more powerful material.

Samson.

"Pa," said the Rev. Mulkittle's son, "Samson was a strong man, wasn't he?"

"Samson was the strongest man that ever lived."

"Tell me about him."

"It was intended that Samson should be the strongest man, and before he was born an angel appeared and foretold of his strength, saying that no razor must touch his head."

"Was he afraid that the razor would cut him?"

"No; the angel meant that his strength lay in his hair, and that his hair must not be cut off."

"If I let my hair grow long can I lift more than I can now?"

"I don't know about that."

"Are women stronger than men?"

"No."

"But they've got longer hair."

"Yes; they have longer hair."

"A woman couldn't whip you, could she?"

"No; not easily."

"Was Samson a Democrat?"

"I don't know."

"But why don't you know? I'd know if I was as old as you. How many was it that Samson killed?"

"One thousand."

"He was bad, wasn't he?"

"No."

"But when a man kills anybody he's bad?"

"The Lord was with Samson."

"But the Lord says you mustn't kill anybody. Did Samson go to Heaven?"

"I suppose so."

"He is the strongest angel there, ain't he?"

"You are getting foolish again."

"But I want to know. Will you know Samson when you go to Heaven?"

"I suppose so."

"But you won't fool around him, will you? If he was to hit you he'd break your wings, wouldn't he?"

"Go to your mother. The next time you attempt to question me about the Bible I shall whip you.—*Arkansaw Traveller.*

The traffic in eggs in the United States is estimated by competent authorities to equal $150,000,000 per annum. New York receives in a single year 350,000 bbls. of eggs, valued at $9,000,000. In 1877 there were exported from the United States 3,202,505 doz. eggs, valued at $668,751. It is claimed that Philadelphia consumes daily 80,000 doz. eggs. The approximate receipts of eggs in Boston for the year 1878 were as follows: 167,657 cases, containing 100 doz. each, and 17,705 bbls., containing 50 doz. each. These figures give as a result 168,410 packages, containing 6,515,672 doz. eggs, 78,187,886 single eggs.

How a Man Walks.

One of the most remarkable things about a man's walk, says *Science for All*, is the diagonal movement which characterizes it. The hands and feet may be regarded as forming the four corners of a parallelogram, and the diagonal limbs are, of course, the right arm and left leg, and the left arm and right leg. By «diagonal movement» is meant that the diagonal limbs, during locomotion, always swing in the same direction. The arms swing by the body like a couple of pendulums, and with a speed which entirely depends upon the rate at which he may be walking. The athlete, anxious to complete the given number of «laps» in a mile or couple of miles, and outstrip his competitor, swings his arms to and fro with a quickness which corresponds with the motion of his swift feet; the business man also swings his arms with a motion which, if not so quick, exactly times with the motion of his legs. Now, if the motion be even carelessly observed, it will be found that the right arm swings forward at the same time as the left leg, and when the right leg is advancing it is the left arm which accompanies it. This diagonal movement of the limbs is the natural method adopted by man when walking, and it is the first and most apparent fact that one ascertains in studying human locomotion.

An English writer calls attention to the fact that were the use of meat by Englishmen on the same scale only as is customary with Frenchmen and Germans, the hole production would be quite sufficient to meet requirements. On the Continent of Europe, however, as in England, the tendency is toward a larger consumption of meat.

GREAT
SLAUGHTER
—OF—
Dress Goods
IN MONTREAL
WALKER'S
GET THE
GREAT BULK.

NO OTHER FIRM IN THE CITY has these goods at the price.

WE WILL SELL THEM RETAIL AT LESS THAN ORIGINAL WHOLESALE PRICES.

Very Latest Styles, Newest Colorings.

NOTE SOME OF THE PRICES

15 Cent Goods for 10 Cents.
20 " " " 14 "
30 " " " 20 "
35 " " " 25 "
50 " " " 35 "
65 " " " 45 "

SALE BEGINS SATURDAY, DEC. 2ND.

Come Early and Get First Choice

Very large stock of all kinds of Dry Goods, Millinery and Ready-made Clothing. One hundred Ladies' Ulsters, worth $8, selling at $4.

CASH ONLY.

R. W[illegible]
GOLDEN LION,
SOUTH SIDE DUNDAS STREET, LONDON
eod

Great Bankrupt Sale

DURING THIS (CHRISTMAS) WEEK

I shall offer for sale 46 doz. 3-ply Linen Collars; regular price, 25c.; bankrupt price, 10c. An invoice of Neckties and Braces from the celebrated firm of Welch, Margetson & Co., of London, at 60c. on the dollar. Another invoice of Silk Umbrellas from the above firm, attached by the creditors before Goldner had an opportunity to mark them. 25 doz. White and Colored Shirts at 50c. on the dollar. Gloves are nearly all sold, but what I have left I will sell at 50c. on the dollar.

THOMAS SMYTH,

Next door to Bryce's Auction Rooms,

Richmond Street, Opposite City Hall.

1208

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

AMENDED LAND REGULATIONS.

The Company now offer lands within the Railway Belt, along the main line, at

$2.50 per Acre and Upwards,

with or without conditions requiring cultivation. A rebate of from $1.25 to $2.50 per acre, according to price paid for the land, allowed on certain conditions. The Company also offer, without conditions of Settlement or Cultivation,

2,500,000 ACRES IN SOUTHERN MANITOBA,

in the Pembina Mountain District, along the South-western Branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and in the districts of the Souris, Pelican and White Mud Lakes and Moose Mountains.

TERMS OF PAYMENT.—If paid for in full at time of purchase, a Deed of Conveyance of the land will be given, but the purchaser may pay one-sixth in cash and the balance in five annual instalments with interest at 6 per cent. Payments may be made in Land Grant Bonds, which will be accepted at ten per cent. premium on their par value and accrued interest. These Bonds can be had on application at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, or at any of its Agencies.

For further particulars apply to JOHN H. McTAVISH, Land Commissioner, Winnipeg, to whom all applications for land should be addressed.

By order of the Board,

CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.

Montreal, 5th December, 1882.

K18-eodtu

DENTON

HAS IMPORTED A SUPERB STOCK OF

FASHIONABLE---WOOLEN---GOODS,

For GENTLEMEN of LONDON and VICINITY.

COMPRISING IN PART OF

FOR DRESS, Black West Beavers, Cloths, Fancy Worsteds.
FOR SUITINGS, Black and Blue Angolas, Fancy Tweeds, Scotch Cheviots, Diagonal and Fancy Worsteds.
FOR OVERCOATINGS, Scotch Tweeds and Shetlands, West of England Tweeds, Ballroad Cords.
FOR OVERCOATINGS, Elysians, Montaignes, Fur Beavers, Meltons, Beavers, etc., etc.

FOR LIVERIES—Drab, Blue and Green Equitation Cloths. Bleod-ly

HOLIDAY NOVELTIES!

For Holiday Times.



BERESFORD. ARABI. WOLSELEY.

Elegant, Useful and Seasonable

PRESENTS

Get your boy, or somebody else's boy one of our new style suits or overcoats. See styles.

BURNS & BAPTY,

154 Dundas Street.

SEE OUR DISPLAY

—OF—

Fancy Goods

—FOR—

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

HERON and JACKSON,

118 DUNDAS STREET.

Families

Will find it to be to their interest to buy their

BOOTS & SHOES!

From us, for we make a specialty of their requirements.

WINLOW BROTHERS,

113 DUNDAS STREET

eod

A. COLE,

WOOD TURNER AND SAWYER,

200 and 202 York street, London, Ont., opposite G. W. R. Freight Station, Newel Posts, Balusters, Hand Rails, Twist Moulding, and every other description of Wood Turning. Band and Scroll Sawing of every description. Orders promptly filled. J18eodly

EVERY MAN SHOULD READ

PROF. MARSTON'S NEW WORK

just issued from the press, and which has already had a large sale, is now ready for delivery. It contains 300 pages, and is full of information of the most valuable character to every man who wishes to be cured of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Premature Decay, and all the evils that follow as a result of self-abuse or indiscretion. Every man will profit by its perusal. It will be sent by mail, in a sealed envelope, to any address, on receipt of two stamps. Address as above.

MARSTON REMEDY CO., Chatham, Ont.

K24-eod-yu-wu

NORMAN'S ELECTRO CURATIVE Belts, Bands and Insoles, Toronto—established 1874.

ANKLE BAND.

For Rheumatism or Stiffness of Joints, &c., $1.50. Pair, $2.50.

Circular and consultation free.

HARKNESS & CO., Agents, London.

NEVER BE WITHOUT

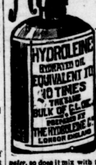
DUNN'S

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

BAKING POWDER.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

HYDROLEINE



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RICHNESS OF
EQUIVALENT TO
40 TIMES
B

Buy Useful

XMAS

PRESENTS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

—AT—

Priddis Brothers'.

L26eodly

French & English

Novelties!

Entirely New Designs.

Very handsome, cheap and useful. Suitable for

XMAS!

Really worthy of inspection.

—AT—

STRONG'S

Drug Store,

184 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONT.

Friday, December 22, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 20 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL.

London, Friday, Dec. 22, 1882.

Sun rises.....7.39 a.m. | Moon rises..3.04 p.m
Sun sets.....4.43 p.m. | Moon sets....5.18 a.m
Day of the year 356th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last quarter	2nd	9.47 a.m.
New moon	10th	10.28 a.m.
First quarter	17th	11.30 a.m.
Full moon	24th	10.32 a.m.

CLIMATIC VALUE OF FORESTS.
(Continued.)

But there is another effect of forests which is generally overlooked even by scientists in discussing their physical importance. In historic times marked climatic changes have occurred in Europe and America which can be explained only by the progress of continental deforesting. The able British physicist, Admiral Smyth, in his work on the physical geography of the Mediterranean basin, clearly shows that great climatic changes have taken place. The effects of intense winter cold in Italy, Greece and Turkey recorded by ancient writers, he notes, "have been in later ages unknown." In this country it is doubtful whether we will ever have as cold winters as that of 1780, when the Chesapeake Bay "was frozen solid," according to Mr. Jefferson, "from its head to the mouth of the Potomac," and Washington's troops securely crossed on solid ice from New Jersey to Staten Island. Making due allowance for historical inaccuracies it seems clear that while the cold spells of late years have been as intense as those of 1780 and 1856 their duration has not been so protracted.

WIGGINS' STORM.

The following is Prof. Wiggins' reply to Mr. C. H. Hopper, Chief Engineer, New York, who inquired as to the probable effects of the great storm prophesied for March:—"DEAR SIR,—In reply to your letter of the 19th inst., I have to say that the coming winter will be remarkable for heavy and well-defined storms. If an owner of ships, I would not allow one on the Atlantic on the 8th of February, and the 9th, 10th and 11th March, though the former storm will be inferior to the latter. After the middle of April you may begin your marine works with safety, for then will begin a long period free from great storms. Take my advice, and you will save your thousands. Yours truly,

E. SYKES WIGGINS.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Probabilities for 24 hours, ending at midnight on Saturday, Dec. 23:—Upper Lakes and Superior—Moderate to fresh, south-east to south-west winds; cloudy to fair weather, very mild weather, with few local showers to-day; falling temperature again Saturday.

Ontario and Lower St. Lawrence—Moderate to fresh, south-east to south-west winds; cloudy to fair weather, very mild weather, with few local showers to-day; falling temperature again Saturday.

Upper Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate to fresh, south-east to south-west winds; cloudy to fair weather, very mild weather, with few local showers to-day; falling temperature again Saturday.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate to fresh, south-east to south-west winds; cloudy to fair weather, very mild weather, with few local showers to-day; falling temperature again Saturday.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh, south-east to south-west winds; cloudy to fair weather, very mild weather, with few local showers to-day; falling temperature again Saturday.

I. O. F.—The following officers have been elected by Court Hope, No. 1, I. O. F. for the ensuing term:—C. R., Thos. Harper; V. C. R., T. D. Shumick; C. Rec., Chas. Guillemont; R. S., H. R. Lawson; T., Adam Maguire; F. of C. S., Chas. Cryer; S. W., Thos. Sharp; J. W., Joseph Allaster; P. C. R., A. E. Hound. The court is in a prosperous condition.

SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—The public examination held on the 19th of this month in S. S. No. 9, London township, reflects great credit on the teacher, Miss M. Thompson. Miss Langford and Mr. Rapp, teachers from other sections, also some of the senior classes, and Mr. Rapp made a neat speech at the close of the examination. Prizes were distributed to the pupils.

NEW DRESS.—The LONDON FREE PRESS appears to-day in a completely new type, graphical outfit, defiantly denying increased signs of prosperity. The FREE PRESS is fully edited from a new point of view as a newsy and enterprising, and people of London recognize it as a good advertising medium for that locality, give it the sinews of war liberally.—*Brantford Times.*

NORTH MIDDLESEX GRITS.—A convention of North Middlesex Grits was held at Allen's Craig Thursday for the purpose of nominating a candidate to contest the Riding at the next election for the Local Legislature. There was a good attendance of delegates, who, after due consideration, elected Mr. John Waters as their standard-bearer. Delegates to the convention which takes place in Toronto were also named.

A FORESOME CONCLUSION.—Readers of the FREE PRESS, more especially those who can boast of a good memory, will remember that for three years past the grocers of this city have abstained from giving Christmas boxes to their customers, and from information which has reached us, it is stated to be their intention to follow that precedent. Those, therefore, who expect to be "loaded down" with such articles as are conducive to a jolly good time will require to pay for them just the same as is the custom during the rest of the year.

I. O. G. T. ENTERTAINMENT.—Considering the very disagreeable state of the weather a large number of people turned out to the entertainment given in the London West public school Thursday night, under the auspices of Hammond Lodge, I.O.G.T. A programme of considerable merit, comprising songs, recitations, reading, etc., was presented by the following ladies and gentlemen:—Messrs. Thorne, W. Deacon, A. Carrie, Wm. Gibson, T. Jefferies, —Brown, C. Macdonald, Edward Cushing, William Stevens and Master Moore; Misses Leigh, Blackhall, Price, McLellan, Lizzie Mason, Sarah Mason, Fanny Bogg, Saunby, Daniels and Mrs. Carrie. Miss Spence presided at the piano during the evening with her usual good taste. The chair was occupied by Mr. W. H. Bertram. The passage of the usual votes of thanks brought the entertainment to a close.

Order your Winter Overcoats at ROBT. WALLACE'S POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for MAKE and FIT his garments are unapproachable.—146 Dundas Street, nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

The shortest day of the year—yesterday.

This is the busiest week of the year with the retailers.

The little folks begin to grow anxious and hint about what they are in need of.

Hon. Senator Smith and Hon. Ed. Blake were in the city yesterday afternoon.

Mr. T. J. Irving, the popular Supt. of Bradstreet's, was in the city yesterday.

The most popular form of law these days reads:—"By these presents know all men," etc.

Mr. Hugh McMahon, Q.C., of Winnipeg, is in the city, and looks as hearty as of yore.

All bank paper falling due on Christmas or New Year's must be paid the Saturday before.

W. W. Fowler, representing Mr. and Mrs. George S. Knight, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Samuel Lygr, jr., of Lyons, has sold a handsome and promising colt to Mr. Watson, of Belmont, for $100.

Dr. Sippi and Mr. C. J. Miers sang at the concert at Coldstream on Tuesday, 19th inst., for the Lobo Literary Club.

Ernest McCormick, of this city, had three of his fingers taken off while coupling cars upon the L., H. & B. on Wednesday.

See the Litta Concert Company at the Grand Opera House this evening. The house will be filled to overflowing.

Mrs. M. Moles and niece, of London South, arrived home last night after a ten weeks' visit to relatives in Western Iowa.

The vote at Chatham yesterday on the Erie & Huron Railway bonus by-law resulted as follows:—For the by-law, 717; against, 35.

Now the ten-year-old agnostics remember that Sunday School is a good place to be found, in view of the present proximity of Christmas.

"An ex-Alderman" is informed that it is absolutely necessary that the name of the writer accompany communications intended for insertion.

Mr. Wm. Plewes, miller, of this city, has been awarded the contract for supplying the London Insane Asylum with flour for the year 1883.

A meeting of the ratepayers of No. 4 Ward will be held at the Bond street school to-night, for the discussion of municipal matters.

The Christmas tree in the Methodist Church, Dundas East, promises to be of more than usual interest. It will be exhibited to-night.

The practical Christian is known by the ashes on his icy sidewalk. Of course, the FREE PRESS sidewalks are invariably sprinkled by this commodity.

The Directors of the West Middlesex Agricultural Society have sold 10 acres of their grounds in Strathroy to Mr. John Cummings at $90 per acre.

Mr. Colin McDougall, of St. Thomas, has his desire in one up his farm with the average St. Thomas Alderman. Colin probably is sensible in this respect.

Henry Hambips, of Lambeth, who was badly injured several weeks ago, is still confined to bed. The attending physicians are yet hopeful of his ultimate recovery.

Bombardier Hutchinson, of the London Field Battery, is back from the Kingston Military School, where he succeeded in taking his certificate in less than the usual time.

A shed in rear of the Chapter House was crushed to the ground on Wednesday night beneath a load of snow and ice. Estimated damages $200.

Three cases of infraction of the liquor law were heard before the P.M. yesterday, the complaints being laid by Inspector Henderson. One of the accused was fined and two were dismissed.

Doctors despise plainness. The revised pharmacopoeia has substituted "glycerina" for the old-fashioned word "licorice." But the school children will go right on calling for the old drink.

Petrolia *Topic*:—"Over 500 tickets for the Masonic Bazaar in London have been sold in this town." In less populous places than Petrolia quadruple that number have been sold, and the end is not yet.

A finite improvement is reported to-day in the condition of Engineer Brown. Miss Murray, of Clinton, is also progressing favorably, and slept comfortably last night for the first time since the accident.

Mr. J. W. Lumsmux, of Whitevale, has been engaged as English assistant at the Strathroy High School for 1883, at a salary of $650, and Mr. J. W. Hough, of Cobourg, as second assistant master, at $800 per year.

Mr. C. G. Scott, of Brandon, Manitoba, a recent well-known Strathroy merchant, has arrived in that town on a visit to his family and friends. He looks well and reports meeting with good success in business in Brandon.

Twenty of the men who were recently discharged from the Grand Trunk Car Shops in London East have received orders to resume work, and will leave on Tuesday next for Brantford, where they are here after to be employed.

Mr. W. Youman's youngest child found a vial the other day in a garret at the residence, St. Thomas, which contained aconite —a deadly poison. The child drank the stuff, and but for the speedy pumping process which followed, the youngster would ere this have "climbed the golden stair."

Mr. E. K. Slater's little daughter, Bessie, who was so severely burned by a lamp falling upon her three weeks ago, died last night after suffering severely. The funeral will take place this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mrs. Wm. McBride, Albert street.

On Wednesday evening Rev. J. C. Moore, pastor of the Hamilton Road P. M. Church, united in the holy bonds of wedlock Mr. Wm. G. Bell, late of Depton, Eng., and Miss Nellie Hindmarch, daughter of Mr. John Hindmarch, G. T. R. of the city. The happy couple were attended by Mr. Robert Ramsay and Miss Freeland.

The prizes taken by members of the London Field Battery for correct shooting have been awarded as follows:—Quartermaster-Sergeant F. Williams, 1st prize, $5; Sergeant Dempsey, 2nd, $4; Corporal Hood, 3rd, $3; and Corporal Jenkins, 4th, $2. This is the third annual prize won by Quartermaster-Sergeant Williams for target practice at the camp.

The Sisters of St. Joseph beg to return their sincere thanks to Mr. Hiscox for his very great kindness in treating the Orphans under their care to a sleigh drive and candies on Wednesday, 20th inst. The generosity of this gentleman will long be remembered by those little ones, who will betaught to say often and sincerely, "God bless good Mr. Hiscox."

Plans are now being prepared for a fine new warehouse to be erected on Richmond street, between Messrs. Birrell's new building and the Waterloo Block. The building will be five stories high, with a frontage of a little over 26 feet and a depth of 135 feet. When finished it will add much to the appearance of the other buildings as well as to the street. Messrs. G. G. Gibbons and R. C. Struthers are the proprietors.

The current number of the *Catholic Record* contains a touching obituary notice of the late Alfred German Johnston, formerly connected with the Bank of British North America, in this city. On account of failing health, he determined to return to England in 1880, but previous to so doing he joined the Catholic Church, being admitted at St. Peter's Cathedral by Right Rev. Mgr. Bruyere, Vicar-General of the diocese, and subsequently receiving the sacred rite of Confirmation at the hands of Bishop Walsh. Deceased bore his sufferings with resignation, and expired in his native land, steadfast in the faith.

Largest assortment of miscellaneous books, poets, etc., at Bryce's Depots, 173 and 168 Dundas street. The only direct importer from the publishers in the city.

"The Fat of the Land!"

FIRST PRIZE HAMS

—AT—

J. B. MURPHY'S,

246 Dundas Street.

None genuine unless branded with the Shamrock. He has on hand the largest and finest lot of Turkeys, Geese and Ducks in the city. Come and see them.

N. B.—Grocers retailing at wholesale prices. We defy competition. L23mtuf-tu

WESTERN FAIR BOARD.

A Number of Communications Read and Disposed of.

A Serious Complaint Against the Director of the Poultry Department—A Grant Made to the Energetic Chairman of the Grounds Committee.

The Western Fair Board met yesterday afternoon, at the Secretary's office, there being in attendance Messrs. J. Plummer (President), J. B. Smith, Secretary, John Stewart, Henry Anderson, R. Whetter, John Nixon, R. Summers, L. Odell, T. Partridge, Geo. Taylor, Jas. McLeod, A. Wallace, J. Durand, Jas. Johnston, John H. Griffith, John Kennedy, Jas. Hogg, D. McKenzie W. Y. Brunton and C. Trebilcock.

A communication from J. Gurd & Son, in reference to their show of gun locks, etc., at the late Fair, was fyled.

On motion a diploma was granted to the London Horse and Cattle Feed Company.

A communication from Wm. Swafield, Goderich, in reference to prizes in class 48, was fyled.

Mrs. Colville was awarded a diploma on embalmed flowers.

On motion it was decided to pay Mr. M. McArthur the prize money for Berkshire pigs.

Mr. Thos. Hicks applied for the first prize on flour.

On motion, the Secretary was instructed to communicate with the judges on flour with reference to the matter.

An application for a diploma, from Mr. John O'Connor, for a pair of Chinese shoes, was not entertained.

A lengthy communication was read from Messrs. Johns & Brophy, stating that they had sent in a protest to Mr. Jarvis, director of the poultry department at the late Western Fair, but that he had neglected to bring it before the proper committee; also that a valuable hen belonging to them had its neck broken, and asking the Board to take some action in the matter. Laid over for future consideration on account of Mr. Jarvis' absence.

Messrs. G. & A. Wood applied for a diploma for bull of any age, which they claimed they were justly entitled to.

Referred to the judges for consideration, and if the claim is found correct, power was given them to award the diploma.

Mrs. James Craig claimed the first prize on rag carpet, but the award of the judges, giving it to another party, was sustained.

A claim for prizes from Messrs. Straich and Horsman for pony teams was not entertained.

Mr. A. Steele sent in an account of $1.50 for a bushel of potatoes stolen from the Horticultural Building during the holding of the Western Fair, but the claim was not entertained.

Mr. Geo. Taylor reported that he had been unable to collect the $300 due by Mr. D. Collins and $150 from Messrs. Summers & O'Neil. Mr. Collins claimed that he had a right to a rebate of $50. Some of the Directors had told the parties not to pay up, and he Mr. Taylor did not think it was a very small action and placed the Board in a ridiculous position.

Mr. Griffith moved, seconded by Mr. Stewart, that the Chairman of the Committee be instructed to collect the amounts.

Mr. R. Summers stated that he and his partner, Mr. O'Neil, had lost by the purchase of the grand stand, and asked for a rebate.

Mr. Brunton did not think there was any ground for giving a rebate, it was a matter of business transaction. He thought it was not the right thing for a member of the Board to have rented the stand, or be concerned in such transactions.

The motion was carried.

Mr. McKenzie thought a fireproof safe should be procured for the use of the Association, and moved that one be purchased at a cost of $70, seconded by Mr. Durand. Carried.

Mr. Griffith explained that a remark made by him in reference to the care of articles sent for exhibition, although correctly reported, placed him in an unenviable position. Mr. McKenzie had asked him if he (Mr. Griffith) allowed cows to be spit upon and kicked about, and he had answered, in a joking way, "O, certainly." He had been told that about 1,000 persons were on the explanation to set himself right. (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Brunton—Are we to understand, then, that the reporters are in future to state that anything said by Mr. Griffith was to be treated in an unjust way?

Chorus of members—No! no! and laughter.

Messrs. John Stewart, R. Whetter, John Griffith, W. Y. Brunton and H. Anderson were appointed a committee with power to ascertain the best rate of interest obtainable for the funds of the Society, and report the same.

Mr. Wallace moved, seconded by Mr. Partridge, that the sum of $100 be given to Mr. George Taylor for his services as Chairman of the Grounds Committee.

Mr. McLeod moved an amendment, seconded by Mr. Anderson, that the Superintendent of the Grounds be paid the sum of $50 extra to remunerate Mr. Geo. Taylor for extra services rendered by him as Deputy Superintendent of Grounds.

Mr. Taylor—If the thing has to be done in such a round about way, gentlemen, I respectfully decline the sum.

Mr. Trebilcock—Oh, I say! Mr. Taylor will reconsider his decision.

Mr. Taylor—No, I won't. I never acted as under-strapper yet, and I don't propose to do so now.

Mr. McLeod stated that his reason for putting the motion in the way he did was on account of the opinion expressed that the Board had no right to grant money to any of its members.

Mr. Brunton did not see the necessity for so much excitement.

Mr. Johnston wanted a straight vote to be taken. If the Board wanted to recompense Mr. Taylor, they should say so much.

Mr. Trebilcock then moved, seconded by Mr. Brunton, that the resolution just passed be rescinded, and $50 be granted to Mr. Taylor.

Mr. Griffiths—I hope the reporters will not take down the child's play that is being indulged in at this meeting.

A member—We shouldn't indulge in child's play.

A number of ratepayers bore testimony to the very able manner in which Mr. Taylor had conducted the business entrusted to him, after which the resolution was carried by a standing vote.

The Board adjourned to meet at the call of the President early in January.

LITTA TO-NIGHT.—America's prima donna appears to-night for the first time in this city, under the auspices of the Adelphian Encampment of Odd-fellows. Everybody knows who Litta is, therefore no words from our pen would serve to introduce her. Her praises have been echoed by press and public in all parts of the land, success crowning her every effort. The management, which is none other than the Slayton Lyceum Bureau, of Chicago, desire to state that the company supporting Miss Litta is perfect in every essential, and has been engaged with a view to their fitness as actors, aside from their great ability as vocal artists, and includes Sig. Ernesto Baldanza, the eminent Italian tenor late of Her Majesty's Grand Opera Co., and Louis Blumenberg, endorsed as America's greatest and most wonderful violoncellist, and other celebrated artists.

Largest assortment of toys and dolls at Bryce's Depots, 173 and 168, Dundas street. The only direct importer from the manufacturers in the city.

KILWINNING LODGE, No. 64, A., F. & A. M.—The annual communication of this Lodge was held in the Blue Room, Masonic Temple, last night. The election of officers resulted as follows:—W. M., Bro. A. O. Jeffery, S. W., Bro. A. L. McMullen; J. W., Bro. Harry Sutherland; Chap., R. W. Bro. Rev. Evans Davis; Treasurer, R. W. Bro. R. B. Hungerford; Secretary, W. Bro. W. R. Browne; Tyler, Bro. F. G. Hood; Representative at Finance Board, V. W. Bro. Thos. Brock; at Board of Benevolence, V. W. Bro. H. A. Baxter; at Masonic Temple Company, W. Bro. John Ferguson.

PATENT FLOUR!

I am now prepared to supply the finest quality of the above at reasonable prices, and solicit a trial order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. D. SAUNBY.

253-7-9 YORK ST.

L18mwf-vn

THE NOMINATIONS.

How the City is Divided—The Candidates, Nominations, Etc., Etc.

As the last Monday in December falls on Christmas Day this year, the nominations for municipal offices will take place throughout the Province of Ontario to-day, and the elections on Monday, the 1st of January. Under the new order of things, pronounced upon by the electors at last municipal elections, the city will be divided into four Wards, instead of seven as previously, and only twelve Aldermen will be elected in place of twenty-one, as has been the case for years. The main dividing lines of the city are Dundas and Wellington streets, and the Wards are numbered as shown on the following diagram—

WARD NO. 2.	WELLINGTON STREET	WARD NO. 4.
DUNDAS		STREET
WARD NO. 1.		WARD NO. 3.

The First Ward is divided into four subdivisions, and the nomination for aldermen will be held at the City Hall at noon, Mr. E. Glackmeyer being the Returning Officer. The candidates spoken of as likely to accept a nomination are Messrs. Robert Pritchard, Chas. Taylor, John Jones, Geo. S. Birrell, Chas. B. Hunt and John Labatt.

The nomination for the Second Ward will be held at Mr. Percival's office, Queen's avenue, by Mr. Oswald Baynes, the Returning Officer. The prospective candidates are Messrs. Chas. S. Hyman, R. S. Murray, Thomas Beattie, Stephen O'Meara and Jas. Cowan.

Colborne street school house will be used by Mr. A. Purdom, Returning Officer, for holding nominations for the Third Ward, and the candidates likely to accept a nomination are Messrs. Benjamin Higgins, Wm. Skinner, Samuel Stringer and Thomas Browne.

Mr. Alex. Gunn, Returning Officer, will hold forth at the house of Christopher Teale, on Queen's avenue, for the Fourth Ward, and among others spoken of as candidates are:—Messrs. John Boyd, W. D. Buckle, H. Becher, M. D. Fraser, and John Ferguson.

The nominations for Mayor and Water Commissioners will be held at the City Hall, commencing at ten o'clock this forenoon. So far no opposition has been manifested to Mr. Meredith's re-election, and it is quite likely that gentleman will again walk the course.

For Water Commissioners, Messrs. A. B. Powell, Jas. M. Cousins, James Durnud and John Bayner are mentioned, but nothing definite is known in regard to the acceptance of a nomination by the two last-mentioned gentlemen.

In London East, London West and the Townships, the nominations will take place at the same hours as in the city.

Largest assortment of Christmas cards, in all styles, at Bryce's Depots, 173 and 168 Dundas street. The only direct importer from the publishers in the city.

LOCAL NOTICES.

VICTORIA HALL.—This evening Professor Leon Florestan, of Paris, France, a highly talented and cultured gentleman, will give a dramatic recitation at Victoria Hall. His programme will consist of "Phedre," "Othello" and "Lady of Lyons." A large number of our citizens have promised to be present. The Professor is described as a finished artist, and is possessed of superior dramatic powers. His entertainments are very fine of their kind.

The members of Adelphian Encampment will give a Litta concert at this evening with cap and bells. By order.

Jardinieres and hanging baskets filled with everlastings, wreaths, pyramidal and fan bouquets, dyed grasses, etc., at Geo. McBroom, corner Market Lane and Market Square.

Gentlemen who require something nice in dress shirts should not fail to call at the store of Mr. H. Wallace, 146 Dundas street, where they can rely on getting good style and quality at the lowest possible prices. Mr. Wallace, whose reputation is so well known, has a particular class of goods, and guarantees a good fit.

1,000 boys and girls wanted to buy skate straps at Scarrow's saddlery, 235 Dundas street. L5oodin

W. L. Carrie, Richmond street, is now showing a large assortment of fancy goods suitable for Xmas and New Year's presents. The Canadian Almanac for 1883. Books in great variety. W. L. CARRIE, Richmond street. L20do

Go to Dodson's, 269 Dundas street, for venison steaks. L24dh

Mr. Percy Benton, the eldest mail clerk now running on the G. T. Railway between Suspension Bridge and Detroit, was so much overworked with rheumatism that for months he was unable to walk. Three bottles of Sutherland's rheumatine entirely cured pease Mr. Taylor, Belleville, of any more. has had in the city by applying at Mr. W. T. Strong's drug store.

Bryce's Bazaars will remain open every night to 10 p. m. until Christmas. L14dn

Sheet music, full size, large print:—Miss Brady's Piano Forty, Peek-a-Boo, &c., reduced to 5c per copy, at 237 Dundas street, L. A. BRASS. L12dn

Bayce's annual auction sale, specially for ladies, this afternoon at 2.30, at Bryce's Depots, 173 and 168 Dundas street. L17dy

Bayce's annual auction sale to-night of toys, books, fancy goods, dolls, glassware, &c., &c., Richmond street, opposite City Hall. L22

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Morris, 216 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools. K17dy

ENV BROS. call special attention to their immense stock of Christmas cards, Albums, *papeteries*, frames, &c. Cheapest in the city. L8d

Blank-books of all kinds made from best material, at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HERBERT MARSH, 157 Dundas street.

See Ostrom & Co.'s handsome window.

M. T. Ostrom & Co. are making an elegant display of holiday goods. Their stock of fruits, candies, canned goods, &c., is the finest and most attractive within the city. L21dv

If you want to see the finest stock of cakes, candies &c., call at Fessenden Bros., 519 Richmond street. L21dv

Eastern holly, ground pine, everlasting flowers, natural and dyed grasses for Christmas and New Year's decoration for sale by Geo. McBroom, corner Market Lane and Market Square.

Beef, Wine and Iron, Chemical Food and Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites,

USEFUL IN THE VARIOUS FORMS OF

General Debility

PREPARED AND SOLD BY

WM. SAUNDERS,

CHEMIST,

188 Dundas Street, London.

Largest assortment of writing desks, work boxes and ladies' companions at Bryce's Depots, 173 and 168 Dundas street. The only direct importer from the manufacturers in the city.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

J. J. GIBBONS has just received a large variety of new goods, suitable for the holiday season, including a full assortment of his celebrated fifty-cent kid gloves, the best value in the city. H

BOQUETS, hanging baskets, grass, moss, &c., in great variety, for Xmas decoration, for sale by PEARCE, WIGG & Co., seed merchants, Market Square and 119 Dundas street. L22t

MRS. E. W. GADSBY has a choice selection of pretty little Wool Hoods and Jackets, suitable for Christmas presents; also Ties in the newest styles. A good stock of Corsets, including Dr. Warner's Health Corset, always on hand, at 237 Dundas street, opposite Oddfellows' Hall. L20-tuw-w-ly

O. B. GRAVES has now on show a fine assortment of mirrors, pictures, frames, etc., suitable for Xmas presents. Best selection of Xmas cards, photos of celebrities, including the latest picture of Langtry. All new, fresh goods, and must be cleared out during the holidays. Marked down to the lowest possible cash figure.—222 Dundas street. December 16, 1882.

Gold and silver tinsel, gold braid and fringe spangles, stars, etc., for fancy costumes. A large stock of woollen hoods, jackets and Christmas goods at MRS. GALLENA'S, 10 Dundas street.

OYSTERS AND ORANGES—Cheap. Oranges, 25c. per dozen; five dozen for $1. Oysters, 25c. per quart; 15c. per can, at H. MOUNTJOY'S.

Try William Street for Wood and Coal.—D. MCDONALD. 115-ly

REVERE HOUSE.—First-class in all its appointments. The family hotel of London. Opposite Masonic Temple. Terms moderate. J. MCDONALD, Proprietor. L1vn

MILLINERY.—MRS. N. M. DUNCAN has just received the cheapest feathers and flowers in the city, and hats and bonnets of all the latest styles. Come and see me at 246 Richmond street. Call and see these very cheap feathers. K11y

Cancers taken out in fourteen days by one plaster. All skin diseases cured. Purely powdered by using my Invigorator. Testimony given. J. A. MORRISSEE, 205 King street. D16dhz

DAVIS & SON, established 1851.—New goods just received for spring trade. Clocks Watches and Plated ware, Novelties, Mineral Cruets and Ink Stands from Goodwin's. Give us a call.

Now is your time to buy a "Peerless" woven wire mattress. They are selling at greatly reduced prices at the factory, 59 Richmond street. E. N. HURD. L25y

MANHATTAN FEED.—GEO. MCBROOM, seed merchant, corner of Market Lane and Market Square. Sole agent for this unrivalled food for horses, cows, calves, and all kinds of stock. Has given immense satisfaction everywhere. Try a sample lot.

VISITORS to the city will find HAWTHORNE'S Hotel Restaurant, 205, 205½ Dundas street, the most convenient place for meals. Oysters received daily, in bulk and in shell. Everything first-class and well served.

JOSEPH ANDERSON, manufacturer of gent's custom boots and shoes; all the latest styles. The best material. At 339 Dundas street; cheaper than any other place in the city. 125bn

FRESH OYSTERS.—A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall.

FLOUR down again; $2.50 retail, and $2.25 wholesale. Telephone communication. Goods delivered free to all parts of the city and suburbs.—J. D. SAUNBY, 253, 257 and 259 York street. 18tf

MISS HARDIE'S, 206 Dundas street, for latest styles in millinery and fancy goods at lowest prices. Nice assortment of flowers, feathers and birds just arrived. Newest styles in hats. Pointed crown hats, fine straw 50c. Large lot of new wreaths from 25c. up. New stock of fine wools. Best Berlin wool 15c. per oz. New goods for fancy work. Feather and chair strips, and quilting at 25c. per yard. Some beautiful brackets cheap. Ladies' and children's underwear spoly-made and to order. Agent for dress patterns, stylish, simple and reliable. Call for catalogue. G18m

MARSHALL BROS. have just received a large stock of teas, and are selling them very cheap. 278 Ridout street.

MISS J. BUCKSEY, 213 Dundas street, for cap fichus, French flowers, laces, &c. New silk hose just arrived. J19dly

Order your Xmas cakes and confectionery at Gerrie Bros., opposite McCormick's Dundas street, London East. Fresh oysters in bulk or can. L5dfn

For all the latest styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear, and gentlemen's shirts, also ladies' mantles and trimmings, call on MRS. JOHNSON, corner of Richmond and Simcoe street, London, Ont. H12vn

Received at W. L. Carrie's, 417 Richmond street, the beautiful little song and chorus "We Never Speak as We Pass," by Carleton. Price, 25c., post-paid.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred thousand dollars' worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloths and clothing to be sold without reserve at cost price. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winter goods before the stock is broken up.—R. S. MURRAY & Co.

ROLLED PLATE JEWELLERY.—Fine jewelery; Swiss, English and Waltham watches; American and Canadian clocks; wedding rings Masonic and oddfellows' presentation jewels, made to order at WESTLAND'S, 36 Richmond street, two doors north of City Hall.

CHESTER ART GALLERY removed to immediately opposite, in Baker's Block. Consignment of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived from England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in great variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also fancy goods and stationery. The cod reliable store, established 1859. L8y

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 80 Dundas St., MRS. J. A. MYER, Sitschke Block. New fall stock of millinery. All the latest English and American styles. Prices very low. A call solicited. 112dvn

JOHN TALBOT, manufacturer, of gents' custom boots and shoes. New last; finest stock; perfect fits.—91 Clarence street, London, Ont. L21y

Largest assortment of photo albums, auto. albums and perfumery cases at Bryce's Depots, 123 and 168 Dundas street. The largest direct importer from the manufacturers in the city.

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH

and consumption in its first stages are treated at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, where the Spirometer is used, an instrument invented by Dr. M. Souvielle, of Paris, and ex-side surgeon of the French army, which conveys the medicines in the form of cold inhalations to the parts diseased. Patients constitutionally treated and cured when possible. Consultations and a trial of the Spirometer free. Poor people need not attend. Where not convenient to visit the office write, enclosing stamp, for pamphlet giving full particulars, to International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 5 Phillips Square, Montreal. cod-w

Beehive House.—A very sad occurrence took place on Saturday evening last in the sudden death of Mr. Charles Philp, a respected farmer of the 6th line, Metcalfe, while driving home from Strathroy. After completing his business in town he started for home in company with Messrs. John and Fred O'Neil, Mr. Philp sitting between. It is stated that on the way home he leaned over slightly against one of his companions, who thought nothing of it, however. On arriving at his place they shook him to wake him from his sleep, as they supposed, but to their astonishment found he was unconscious and could not be roused. He was taken into the house, when it was at once seen that he was dead. Mr. Philp's death is attributed to heart disease, as he was at times troubled with something akin to that ailment. His untimely end causes great regret and sympathy for his family, as he was a man very generally and highly esteemed.—*Strathroy Dispatch.*

Largest assortment of Bibles, prayer books and hymn books at Bryce's Depots, 123 and 168 Dundas street. The largest direct importer from the publishers in the city.

An unusually large number of strangers were in the city last night, and the leading hotels were almost unable to accommodate the visitors.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 20, 1882.

LOAN COMPANIES.

Stocks.	Sellers.	Buyers.
Huron & Erie	116	110
Ontario Loan & Debenture	122½	121
Dominion	122	
Agricultural	123	
Canadian		124
Ontario Investment	111	
London Loan		
Real Estate Loan	108	
Empire		
Provincial Association, ordinary		
Do., preferred		
English Loan	90	
London Life Insurance	110	100
London Street Railway		100
City Light and Heating		
Masonic Temple		
Can. N.W. Land Co.		
Canada Southern RR		
St. Paul, M. & Manitoba		

TRANSACTIONS—Royal Standard—20 at 207.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Reported by Blakeney & Hellmuth, Agents, London, Ontario.

Stock Exchange, Montreal, Dec. 21, 4.45 p.m.

	Asked.	Offered.
Bank of Montreal	196	198
Ontario Bank	110	110
Jacques Cartier	96	
Molsons Bank		
Bank of Toronto	176	169
Banque Jacques Cartier	120	115
Merchants' Bank	122	120
Bank of Commerce	130	130
Union Bank		
Federal Bank	127	119
Montreal Telegraph Co.	79	78
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	70	
City Passenger	130	
Montreal Gas Co.	183	181
Canada Cotton Co.		
Dundas Cotton Co.	110	105
Montreal Cotton Co.	138	
St. Paul M. and M.	145	
N.-W. Land Co.		90

Montreal, Dec. 21, 3.45 p. m.—SALES—Montreal—at 197, 15 at 196½, 50 at 197, Commerce Bank—8 at 130, 45 at 129½, 10 at 130, Merchants' Bank—10 at 120, Bank of Toronto—75 at 170, Merchants' Bank—10 at 119½, Bank of Commerce—142 at 130½, 125 at 130, Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.—50 at 70, City Passenger RR.—20 at 130, 100 at 130½, Montreal Gas—50 at 182½, 86, Paul, M. and M.—25 at 145). N.-W. Land Co.—3 at 89½.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported by Blakeney & Hellmuth, London, Ontario.

The following table will show the rate at which buyers purchased bank and other stocks on the undermentioned dates:—

STOCKS.	Dec. 15	16	18	19	20	21
Montreal	196½	196½	198	198	197	196½
Montreal, xd						
Ontario	109½	109½	110½	111	110½	110
Toronto	169½	168	171	170	169	169
Merchants'	119½	119	119	119½	118½	118½
Merchants', xd	120½	121				
Commerce	130½	131	130½	130½	130	130
Imperial	140	138	135½	137	136	136
Federal	125½	124½	125	125½	125½	126
Bank Can. Nat.	120½	120				
Dominion	194½	193½	194½	194½	194½	194
Standard	116½	115½	115	115	117	114½
Hamilton						
Western Assurance	161½	160	160	162½	163	162
Com. Life Association						
Dominion Telegraph	149	149	149	149	149	149
Montreal Telegraph						
W. Land Co.	41	41½	40½	40½	40½	41½
Toronto & Nipissing						
Royal Loan						
Canada Permanent	277	277	277	277	275½	276
Canada Landed						
Western Canada	194	194	195	195	195	190
Union						
Canada L

Brewers and Maltsters,
HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR VERY
FINE AMBER ALE, XXX PORTER,
AND STOCK LAGER,
In casks and bottles, delivered to order by our SPECIALLY ADAPTED VANS.
HALF & HALF
Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

g'lass top boxes, and only 85c.
SALES BY AUCTION

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1882 WHOLE NO. 8354

Births.

At the Bristol Nursery, Westminster, the Wife of the proud Charles Bailey, of a son. This is the twelfth, and all are well—boys, 6 girls. Beat this, who dare?

Married.

On the 20th of Dec. at the residence of Mr. Matthew Cannom, London South, son-in-law of the bride, by Rev. J. Ellwood, Mr. Thomas Moorhouse, of South Dorchester, to Mrs. Elizabeth Wright, of Oxford.

At St. Thomas, by Rev. A. M. Phillips, Mr. M. Scarrow, of London, to Miss Katie Breding, daughter of Mr. R. Breding, G. T. R. Stores Department, St. Thomas.

Died.

In Black Hawk, Col., on the 8th instant, of pneumonia, Florence Nitschke, aged 3 years, 11 months and 20 days.

At Fuerst on Sunday, at 3 p. m., from the family residence, 392 Dundas street. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

On December 1, at 7, Bloomtree Terrace, Victoria Road, St. James', Exeter, England, Mr. W. Hooper, aged 84, formerly of London, Canada.

AMUSEMENTS.

A SHOOTING MATCH FOR TURKEYS and geese will take place at the Byron Hotel on Monday. All lovers of good sport should attend.—J. FOSTER, Proprietor. df

GRAND OPERA HOUSE — GRAND Philharmonic Concert on Tuesday evening, January 9th, 1883. Conductor, Dr. Verrinder. 1293t

GRAND BALL AND SUPPER TO BE held at the Montgomery House, Proof Line Road, on Monday evening, 1st January. Buses will leave the Western Hotel at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp. Tickets, $1. Grocss DAVIDSON, Prop. Lindsdh

GOOD SKATING THIS AFTERNOON and evening at the Westminster Rink. 1346f

SHERWOOD HALL—CANADIAN Order of Foresters, inaugural entertainment, over Huron & Erie Bank, Richmond street, a pleasing entertainment will be given in above hall on Wednesday evening, December 27th. Admission, reserved seats, 75 cents; double tickets, 25 cents. Commences at 8 sharp. 1293-6tc

SHOOTING MATCH CHRISTMAS DAY, and free drinks to-morrow, at the Riverside Hotel.—JERRY MCDONALD. 1.26

THE QUEEN'S AVENUE SKATING RINK—Open daily from 2 to 5.30 and from 7 to 10 o'clock p.m., and on the evenings of Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 10 to 12 o'clock. Admission—Gentlemen's, 25c.; ladies and children, 10cts. Season tickets may be had at A. & P. Northcott's and the Rink. 1.25th

TICKETS FOR PHILHARMONIC CONCERT to be had at Messrs. Murray's, A. & S. Nordheimer's, C. Colwell's, Williams', and Hale & Cordingley's. 1346f

TURKEY SHOOTING ON CHRISTMAS Day at Clarke's Bridge. Grand Carnival the Rink afternoon and evening. Music by Tri Band—H. BRUSSEAU, Prop. 1.25

CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL AND BOOK RECEPTION at Victoria Hall, Tuesday, December 26th. Addresses by Messrs. S. H. Blake, Q.C., and W. H. Howland (both of Toronto). Short programme of vocal and instrumental music. Refreshments served during the afternoon. Admission, for lady and gentleman, a book or books (used or new) for Asylum library; or 25 cents at the door. 1.25th

CHURCH SERVICES.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, TALBOT STREET. Rev. Alex. Grant, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor will preach tomorrow. 1346-nu-tu

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. Rev. R. D. Hunter, Pastor. Subject: Morrow—11, "Christmas"; 7, "Christ and Labor, or Words to Working People," at usual programme in both services. Everybody welcome. Come early. df

QUEEN'S AVE. METHODIST CHURCH. —Sabbath Dec. 24—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. Leo. Gaetz, Pastor. 1.25

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, CHRISTMAS Day. Order of service: — Venite Exultemus, Jubilate, Proper Psalms, Te Deum, Purcell, Aldrich and Smith; First Lesson, Isaiah 9, 1, 28; Te Deum Laudamus, in D; Second Lesson, St. Luke 2, 1, 15; Jubilate in D; Tenor solo, Mr. Doop Dewy, 93 Mus. Barnby; Hymn 61, Kyrie, in D, Dominique Deus; Hymn 77, Offertory, O, Thou that Tellest (Handel), Miss

UNITED FELLOWSHIP MEETING, in connection with all the Methodist churches of the city and suburbs, in the Dundas-st Centre Church, on Christmas Day, at 10 a.m. Collection for Presiding Elder's Home. df

MEETINGS.

THE SALVATION—GRAND MEETINGS at 8 o'clock every evening. Barracks, Colborne street, near Queen's avenue. 1346f

THE O. F.—SPECIAL MEETING—The members of Eureka Lodge, No. 30, C. O. F., are requested to meet at Oddfellows' Hall, Talbot-st., Saturday evening, for the purpose of conferring 2nd and 3rd degrees.—J. S. G. 1.25-6

WARD MEETING—A MEETING OF the Electors of No. 1 Ward will be held in the City Hall on Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of hearing the candidates for municipal honors in the Ward and the various questions now agitating electors. By order. df

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

REWARD—LOST, ON MONDAY evening, 11th inst., on York street, Scotland, a child's gold chain, with gold bird charms. Five dollars will be given for chain.—Apply to R. CLARK, Bird df

PURSE OF KEYS FOUND—FOUND on Richmond street, a bunch of keys. Apply at the counter of this office. 1

A LADY WOLF ROBE LOST IN THIS city, believed to be in northern part. Any one having same transferred with by applying to FREE PRESS office. 12

POCKET-BOOK — LOST, ON THE 20th inst., a pocket-book, containing one or four notes of $20, $21 and $47; also $6 in silver money or so bills. Finder will be duly rewarded by leaving the same at this office. 12-3

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A FINE, LARGE GUELPH Safe, or would exchange for a smaller proof. W. D. MCGLOUGHLIN, Jeweller, Manic Temple Building, Richmond street. f

CONSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, etc. Samples can be seen at FREE PRESS office, and prices obtained. A chance for auctioneers and country dealers. df

OAK, CHESTNUT, CHERRY, Maple, Basswood, and other Lumber for sale at Tilson Robinson, Robinson's Mills, Aylmer, Oct. 4, 1881. 24mos-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHRISTMAS RELIEF.—THE IRISH Benevolent Society will distribute the usual relief in the City Hall, Arcade to-day, Saturday. Applicants should receive a ticket from members of Committee.—R. CLEARY, Secretary; JOHN SMITH, Chairman. 1.23

ANY PERSON THAT REMOVED THE umbrella from the coat room at the Opera House last night is kindly requested to leave it at Manville & Brown's Auction Rooms, and get their own. df

CAPITALISTS.—WANTED, CAPITALISTS to invest in an entirely new factory in Canada or United States. Large profit is ensured to the investor. Address "S," FREE PRESS. 1

CLAYTON'S DANCING ACADEMY, Nitschke's Block, Dundas street, for gentlemen, Monday night at 8. Ladies' class, Saturday afternoon at 2. Children, Saturday afternoon at 3. For terms apply at Nitschke's Store.—GEO. DAYTON, Teacher. Jly dly

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND MOST beautiful stock of Christmas flowers, &c., go to WOODLIFFE'S, 256 Dundas-st. All kinds of fruits, nuts, and candy always on hand. Give us a call. 1.25-tu-th-s-6a

E. B. ALLEY, DUNDAS STREET, has a large assortment of fancy goods suitable for Xmas and New Year's gifts. Also a large stock of millinery, which is ordering very cheap. 1.25y

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT 91 Burwell street (4th house from street, east side), by W. G. MONCRIEFF. 1.25

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence of EDWARD HARRIS. 1.25-dly

COLLECTIONS. — PRIVATE ENQUIRY and Collection Agency, 15 Brock market house, Kingston, Ont. Strictly confidential. Enclose stamp for reply. Highly recommended. 1.25dly

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT, IN THE vicinity of Dundas and Wellington street, part of a house with some Christian people, or small cottage. Address Rent, FREE PRESS. df

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

JUST received an immense assortment of POCKET and TABLE CUTLERY. A LARGE CONSIGNMENT of SILVER PLATED WARE.

S. OSBORNE & SON, 100 Bridge, Richmond street.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

THE "EMPRESS"

For ease in the turn and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock.

Gave entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh,
157 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A GROOM WANTED.—One who understands horses. Work confined to stable. Apply, immediately to Mr. JOHN COOPER, Dundas street, between 12 and 1. 1.25y

FEMALE TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. No. 3, Westminster. Apply immediately to E. WEST, London. 1.25dy

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion

CHAMBERMAIDS—TWO, GOOD, THAT can wait on table, and one first-class dining-room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to R. PARKS, Garner House, Chatham. 1.26dlf

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE.—Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters, best in city, only 20c. Coffee House, Market Square.—R. CURTAIN. 1.25dy

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED GIRLS to take situations. No charge to girl till after Christmas. All kinds of domestic wanted. Male help for farm work in good demand.—OSBORNE'S Intelligence Office, 56 Dundas St.

WANTED—FIFTY GENERAL SERVANTS, 10 cooks, 3 chamber girls, 6 dining-room girls, 2 nurse girls, 7 kitchen girls, 1 laundress; girls wanted for other cities and towns. Male help in good demand.—OSBORNE'S Intelligence Office, 56 Dundas St.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE.—TO RENT OR SELL, A blacksmith shop and wood shop combined, with tools for two forges and some little stock at a valuation. Known as probably the best business stand, in a small way, in the village of Komoka, on the line of the G. T. R., between Strathroy and Ailsa Craig. Apply to Mr. P. EASTON, Oxford House, Adelaide street, London, Ont. 1.25tf-st-w-f

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON CATHARINE street, St. Thomas, 30 x 35, opposite Cleary's Hotel and adjoining Air Line Depot. Price, $200 each. Apply to J. S. TWEAD, FREE PRESS Office, London.

MEDICAL.

DRS. EDWARDS & MCTAGGART.

Office—109 Dundas street, over Fitzgerald & Scandrett's Grocery. Residence, 372 King street, opposite Central School. Specialties—Attention paid to diseases of the heart and lungs; also to diseases of women and children. 1.25aw-nu-hn

DR. ANDERSON, OF 24 JAMES ST., Hamilton, treats all of the Eye, Ear and Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Cross-eyes straightened. 1.25

DR. W. F. MCLEAN, LICENTIATE Royal College of Surgeons, Licentiate Royal Colleges of Physicians, Edinburgh. Office and residence 294 Dundas, st. Lldly

DR. JAS. MACARTHUR.—OFFICE and residence, corner Maitland and Dundas streets. Telephone connection. Lldtu

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., LONDON, England. Office and residence, No. 21 Dundas street, London East. Skin diseases a specialty. 13

EYE, EAR AND THROAT. — DR. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.R., lectures on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto, occulist and aurist, Toronto General Hospital, Ear and Throat Asylum and Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Golden Square. Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at 37 Church street, Toronto, Saturdays excepted. 1

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, at 119 Maple street. K19th

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE TO let, on Wellington street, with stable and cellar. Apply House, 77, Wellington-st. 1.25tf

GOOD BRICK HOUSE TO LET, centrally located, three minutes' walk from Post Office. Apply to DR. MCLEAN, 294 Dundas street. 1.25tf

PLEASANT FRONT AND BACK ROOMS, furnished to suit taste of lodgers, with or without fire, 56 Clarence street. 1.25dlf

STORE TO LET, NUMBER 360 RICHMOND street, a few doors south of King. This is one of the finest stores and situations in the city, back and front entrances, 20 feet frontage, 66 feet deep, cellar, &c. Apply to PRINCE, WELLS & CO., Seed Merchants, MARKET SQUARE, London. 1.25tf

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN ALTION Buildings, Richmond street, to let, until twenty in the occupation of the American Express Co. and Montreal Telegraph Co. Rent moderate. Possession at once. Apply CARLING & CO.'s Brewery, or to W. BUCKLE, Land Agent, Albion Buildings. 1.25tf

TO RENT—A LARGE UNFURNISHED front room, with closet, gas, use of bathroom; 1st door north of Oddfellows' Hall, Park Avenue. 1.25tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

C. J. SMITH, 344 DUNDAS STREET, between Waterloo and Colborne, manufactures Venetian Blinds of all descriptions to order, repairs furniture and does jobbing work generally. N. B.—There is accommodation for a few boarders. K19y

E. HOBBS, LEGG'S BLOCK, DUNDAS Street, bell hanger, gas and steam fitter, pump work of all descriptions. Orders may be sent by telephone to Shuff's Drug Store. 1.25dwky

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam, at JAMES F. HUNT'S Feather and Mattress Factory, 36 Richmond street, London. 1.25y

NEW FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISION store.—J. Dundas has opened out in his new store, 168 Dundas street, London East, in the above line, also wood and coal. A call solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms cash. 1.25dh

HAND-MADE CORSETS.—LADIES wishing a good and perfect-fitting hand-made corset should call at MRS. J. LAWSON'S, 61 Dundas street, London East. Orders left at Priddis Bros.' promptly attended to. 1yea

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch. Engraving Department, FREE PRESS Office.

VICTORIA LAUNDRY — NO. 215 King street. Ladies and gentlemen requiring first-class Laundry Work, should send to MRS. ARSCOTT'S, 215 King street, satisfaction guaranteed. K1ed-y

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND MANUFACTURER. Roofing Material wholesale. Also, contractor for laying asphalt-um sidewalk and block pavement. All work guaranteed and promptly attended to. References on application to 94 Wellington street, London, Ont. 1.25ly

LEGAL.

PARKE & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Offices—Over Taylor's Bank, Richmond street. E. JOHN PARKE. [Liivn-d&w] T. H. PURDOM.

I. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ontario.

GIBBONS, MCNAB, & MULKERN Barristers, &c., London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. GEO. C. GIBBONS, F. MULKERN, GEO. MCNAB, FRED. F. HARPER.

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont.

GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc., 428 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. CHESTER GLASS. DAVID GLASS, Q.C. T. H. LUSCOMBE. 2.25dy

HUTCHINSON & MCKILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. MCKILLOP. D19

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

95,000 FEET CLEAR INCH BLACK ash lumber wanted for ex-... corner poles. Ap-...

T. P. BLACKWELL,
has added to his already extensive stock of
TEAS AND GROCETRIES
a full assortment of
WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,
of really first-class quality. Inspection cordially invited, and satisfaction guaranteed.
T. P. BLACKWELL
358 Richmond St.,
Six Doors South of King Street, London, Ont.
tots

Cut-Plug
SMOKING TOBACCO.
MANUFACTURED
From the Finest Selections of Virginia Leaf
tots

FOR 30 DAYS.
Gas Fixtures, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Portable Lamps, &c., &c',
—CHEAP—
Jobbing Work in Plumbing and Gasfitting Promptly Attended to.
HEARD & GREENAWAY
Steam and Hotwater Heating Engineers,
10 Masonic Temple.
325mwy-ly

SMOKE
CAPANBDDLERELE
Cigars.
To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, of all Tobacconists, hotels and dealers. Manufatured only by
S. DAVIS & SON,
MONTREAL.
TORONTO BRANCH—23 Scott-st., Toronto—51 and 56 McGill St., 73 and 75 Grey Nun Street, Box Factory—102 King Street, Montreal.
K13dd-ly

The Bon-Ton Livery
—AND—
BOARDING STABLES.
Corner Dundas and Wellington streets. Having purchased the livery stables of the late Thomas Lloyd, on Wellington street, I have furnished the same with a new and complete livery stock, and first-class rigs, double or single, can be had at any time. Horses for sale. Telephone connection.
Kl1tues-yn ROBT. HUDSTON, Proprietor.

J. CAMPBELL.
Merchant Tailor,
Just received the finest selection of genuine
French Naps and Scotch Overcoatings
and a specially controlled line of
FINE PERSIAN OVERCOATING.
Scotch Tweed Suits for $15.
ENTIRELY NEW GOODS.
INSPECTION SOLICITED.
J. CAMPBELL,
Practical Tailor,
Edge Block, 402 Richmond Street, London, Ont. J19dly

FALL NOTICE.
JOHN GLEN,
Merchant Tailor,
WEST END HOUSE.
New Fall Goods of every description just received. An inspection of this stock is respected by those wishing for a First-class Suit or Overcoat at Cheapest Cash. Special attention given to Clergymen's Clothing, as also to Gentlemen's Livery Servant Suits.

77 Dundas Street West.

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS AGAIN at the old stand, 110½ Dundas street, English Loan Co.'s Building.

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST.—VITALIZED AIR administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Strong's Block, London. Klly

L. MCDONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS. — Office :— Dundas Street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery Store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. F9y

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, HARVEY TERRACE, 67 Talbot st., London.

S. WOLVERTON, DENTIST. Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Morris' hardware store. Entrance next to Edy Bros., on Dundas street.

VITALIZED AIR FOR RELIEVING pain in extracting teeth.—H. H. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas street.

ARCHITECTS, &c.

PETERS & JONES, LATE S. PETERS & Son, Architects, Surveyors and Civil Engineers. Office—Albert Block, south-west corner Dundas and Clarence streets.—S. FRANK PETERS; C. A. JONES. K11th-eod

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING.—SELL YOUR Cast-off Clothing to A. YOUNIS, 377 Clarence street, for he pays the highest price for them. Give him a trial, for he beats all in that line. Orders left to call will be punctually attended to. H15y

PARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF CLOTHING will do well to call on T. FOX, the Original Pawn-broker. Lends money on diamonds, watches, jewellery, silverware, &c. Business strictly private.—372 Clarence street. J1ady

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES—EVERY SORT made to order, good, stylish and cheap.—CARAVELLA'S, Talbot St. C29

BEST AND CHEAPEST BOOTS AND Shoes at MCMORRAN'S, 192 Dundas St. Ladies' and gents' boots made to order from the best material and the latest styles. Give me a call. 1.25-vn

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PARTIES, assemblies, &c. Lessons on cornet and violin.—DUNCAN SCREMIN, 79 Hill St., Clarence and Wellington. 1.25dlf

KINGSMILL'S
GREAT
CLEARING SALE
Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.
GOODS will be SOLD EXCLUSIVELY for CASH
WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF
Dress Goods!
AT THE MOST RUINOUS PRICES.
WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE WE HAVE EVER HELD
!! THE GREATEST REDUCTIONS !!
WILL BE IN THE
Millinery Department,
Mantle Department,
Dress Department,
Silk Department,
Trimming Department,
Ribbon Department,
Silk Ties and Pocket Handkerchief Department,
Corset Department,
Cloth & Tweed Department.
Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling
FOR
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS
If You Want
BLACK OR COLORED SATINS!
TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY.
100 Doz. Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, Selling for $1 Each.
You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.
REMEMBER
KINGSMILL'S
Great Clearing Sale.

LATEST CABLE NEWS

Rumors of Further British Cabinet Changes.

A University of Agriculture to be Created.

Mr. Davitt's Views on Irish Emigration.

Two More Irish Murderers Convicted.

Terrible Petroleum Explosion at Exeter, England.

Warlike Feeling on the European Continent.

Excitement at Rome Over the Execution of Onderdonk.

The Dartmund Disaster.

Dartmund, Dec. 22.—Twenty-five persons were killed by the falling of a cage in the Hardenburg mine on Wednesday. The cage fell 1,800 feet.

Distress in Ireland.

Dublin, Dec. 22.—Signs of distress among small farmers and laborers are more visible in some districts. The Government is being pressed to establish relief works.

Biggar to be Prosecuted.

London, Dec. 22.—It is said the Government has decided to prosecute Biggar, member of Parliament, for his recent speech at Waterford denouncing the Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland as a bloodthirsty English peer.

Murdered by Chinese.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—The Turkestan *Gazette* says the Chinese in the Province of Ili tortured and murdered in October two Cossacks and a Russian clerk. The Russian consul at Kuldja is investigating. Russians on the frontier are exasperated, and threaten to retaliate. The boards of the frontier have been reinforced.

The Bomb Fiend.

Rome, Dec. 22.—The execution of Overdank at Trieste causes great excitement here, as he was a student in the School of Engineers. One hundred young men made a demonstration in front of the Austrian Embassy last night, crying, "Long live Trieste" and "Down with Austria!" Military dispersed the crowd. In the Chamber of Deputies Bovio gave notice of an interpellation inquiry whether the Government interposed with Austria with a view to obtaining Overdank's pardon.

Rome, Dec. 23.—There have been demonstrations also at Milan and Turin to protest against the execution of Overdank. Several arrests were made. The Government has sent orders to Prefects to suppress demonstrations. In the Chamber of Deputies Depretis, Bovio, on the first and third Chief, stated the Government declined to reply to the interpellation of Bovio regarding Overdank's case, as Bovio's statements served as a pretext for disorders, which the Government was determined to suppress.

The Bennett Cables.

London, Dec. 22.—Mr. James Gordon Bennett, of the New York *Herald*, has decided to lay two cables across the Atlantic, and that probably they will be in working order before the end of next summer, as he refuses to be any longer at the mercy of the cable ring, with Mr. Pender at its head in Europe, and Jay Gould in America. Mr. Pender has managed to crush out or buy up all the Atlantic cable companies that sought to compete with his ring up to now, but in Mr. Bennett, it is thought, the ring will find a gentleman not easily crushed, and fully determined not to be bought up.

The European War Cloud.

London, Dec. 21.—The continental atmosphere continues charged with warlike rumors arising from the absolute absence of authentic information. The French Government, it is learned, has ordered the press to maintain silence regarding the relations of Russia, Austria and Germany. The Paris journals are becoming less hostile to England, and now advocate a fresh French, English and Italian alliance. The significant move upon the European chessboard, particularly on the part of Italy, is anxiously watched.

It is reported that the object of the recent alarmist manœuvres of the German papers is to force Austria to fulfil her duties toward Germany as an ally by pushing on toward Salonica.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—The semi-official *North German Gazette* says the statements in European Circles supporting the interpretation of the speech in the *Cologne Gazette* on military equilibrium. They may have been intended as a warning by Bismarck to certain anti-German elements in Austria. Full confidence is felt both in the present and future policy of Austria. The relations of Germany with Austria, as well as with Russia, rest upon the historical political positions of the three empires, and the personal feelings of the monarchs can not be disturbed by newspaper discussions. The *Gazette* says Bismarck has been for thirty years the strongest advocate in the whole of Germany for not only pacific but friendly relations with Russia.

Greece and Roumania.

Athens, Dec. 22.—In spite of the exchange of compliments and expressions of friendly sentiment between Greece and Roumania, the two countries have for some time past been on anything but cordial terms. The origin of the estrangement is the religious persecution to which the numerous Greeks settled in Roumania have been subjected by the civil and ecclesiastical authorities. The Greek Patriarchate has been placed under oppressive regulations, and the late wholesale confiscation of the property of Greek monasteries has never been redressed. Other causes of difference have likewise co-operated to produce a state of hostile feeling which it will require a long time to remove. It is known that Roumania, M. Ghika, is charged with ... ing such representa... allay the existing ill... two countries.

Parnell's

London, Dec. 22.—S... speech in Cork is held by the ... press to prove an intention to urge strongly the amendment of Mr. Gladstone's Land Act. The *Pall Mall Gazette* advocates two articles to the subject, and pronounces part of the speech as unanswerable. The *Gazette* continues by saying:—The tone of the speech is as grave and frigid as if the speaker had been trained in an office at Whitehall. The Dublin *Freeman's Journal* says the speech was the least rhetorical and most practical that the hardest-headed New Englander could deliver. The speech has already produced two important consequences. Dickson, the Ulster Whig, joins in the demand for prompt reform, and Mr. Chamberlain, in opposition to all previous Liberal speakers, has declared for an immediate settlement of Irish questions like that of county government and the reduction of the franchise. All prospect of a session without Irish business at the top of it is now gone. Mr. Parnell is determined to force Mr. Gladstone to show his hand in case no Irish reforms are promised in the Queen's Speech at the opening of Parliament. Parnell is so busy with private and public affairs that he will probably be unable to go to America to attend the forthcoming convention, but if he cannot attend Mr. Sexton will probably represent him.

SCENE IN THE SPANISH CHAMBER.

Madrid, Dec. 22.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the Conservatives proposed the appointment of a committee to congratulate the King on the birth of the Princess and on the adhesion of the Democrats to his throne and person. A warm debate ensued, and a serious altercation occurred between the Prefect of Madrid and Rebeldo. The President of the Chamber suspended the sittings, but after explanations were exchanged the session resumed. Castelar made a speech maintaining the superiority of the democratic system of government, and the incompatibility of monarchy with liberty. Castelar's speech caused a sensation. He declared he would never alter his Democratic views, and intended to remain Republican until death. He believed in the ultimate triumph of his cause, and deplored the desertion of Republicans.

MORE CABINET CHANGES.

London, Dec. 22.—It is stated that arrangements for the creation of a Ministry of Agriculture are almost completed. Joseph Chamberlain will be first Minister, and Sir Charles Dilke will succeed Chamberlain as President of the Board of Trade.

LATER.—A Birmingham despatch denies Chamberlain is to take a new position in the Cabinet, and he succeeded by Dilke.

MR. DAVITT SPEAKS.

London, Dec. 22.—Davitt, speaking at Bermondsey this evening, said emigration was one cure for discontent in Ireland. A system of public works enterprises would be far more creditable to English statesmen than forcing thousands into workhouses and then forcing them to quit the country, but if, during the winter and spring families quit Ireland they go to swell the ranks of the new Ireland which is growing beyond the Atlantic, where they will be trained in republican ideas. From his knowledge of the new Ireland in America he could tell Lord Derby and other English statesmen that before long they would have to take into account the Irish element in America in the settlement of the Irish question.

A BELGIAN MURDER TRIAL.

Brussels, Dec. 22.—The trial of Leon and Armand Peltzer for the murder of William Bernays, the noted lawyer, was concluded to-day. Both were found guilty and sentenced to death. The case created a great sensation. Armand was criminally intimate with Mrs. Bernays, and it is believed persuaded his brother to murder Bernays. After the sentence was pronounced, Leon Peltzer said:—I have what I deserve, but in the case of my brother the jury commit a judicial crime. Armand appeared greatly dejected and cried out:—May the curse of my little girl fall upon the heads of the jury!" The judge declared this speech infamous. The prisoners were then removed.

FRENCH FINANCES.

Paris, Dec. 22.—Discussing the Budget in the Senate to-day, Bofls appealed to the Senators in the name of patriotism to rescue the finances of the Government from embarrassment. They should bear in mind the country might some day be summoned to make a supreme effort either in the preservation of order at home or safety abroad. The speech was loudly cheered. Tirard, Minister of Finance, protested against an alarmist campaign being prosecuted against the finances of the country.

RUSSIA AND THE VATICAN.

Berlin, Dec. 22.—The basis of the understanding between Russia and the Vatican and the re-establishment of a Russian Embassy, are, amazed to Prussia Abbingo, representament of the Archbishop of Warsaw, new bishops to be appointed after an understanding between Russia and the Vatican, appointments to important livings to be submitted to the Russian Government, the Status of Russia to exercise certain supervision over seminaries, inmates to have liberty to return to the Catholic Church.

EXPLOSION AND FIRE.

Exeter, England, Dec. 22.—A terrible explosion occurred in Thomas' petroleum stores this morning, causing a great fire, which has already destroyed several business buildings and adjoining houses. Flaming oil ran swiftly down the shores of the canal, setting fire to shipping. One brig was consumed. The fire is still burning fiercely. Over 60,000 gallons of blazing oil ran into the river. More shipping is threatened.

AN EXHIBITION IN CORK.

Cork, Dec. 22.—At a meeting here for the purpose of organizing a movement for holding an exhibition in 1883, every class of the community was represented. A letter from Parnell, promising his aid, was read. The committee, which includes representatives of all parties, was appointed, and £74,000 was subscribed here towards the exhibition.

PARLIAMENTARY OATH IN ITALY.

Rome, Dec. 22.—The Chamber of Deputies rejected a motion to abolish the parliamentary oath by 234 to 26. A parliamentary Oath Bill was introduced by the Government and adopted.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.

Cork, Dec. 22.—Poff and Barrett have been convicted of the murder of Thomas Browne, a farmer, near Castle Island, and sentenced to hang on January 27th. The prisoners protested their innocence.

THE EXECUTION TO-DAY TO-MORROW.

Toulon, Dec. 22.—The transport Boet has been ordered to prepare to convey reinforcements to Tonquin.

CABLE BREVITIES.

Hollinstein & Hartmens, iron brokers, of Glasgow, have failed. Liabilities £55,000.

Kavanagh writes that the land corporation of Ireland has been incorporated.

Arrangements for the International Exhibition at Calcutta in 1883 have been concluded.

Several iron work establishments and three steamers on the River Neva were burned yesterday.

Of twelve students who died at Leipsic last session of the University, one was killed in a duel and six suicided.

Albert Victor, the eldest son of the Prince of Wales, has been entered for Oxford University for next term.

Commander Heron, of H. M. ship Clyde, has been dismissed from the service for misappropriating the stores of the ship.

Nine of the Montenegrean mutineers have been sentenced to imprisonment—one to five years. Fourteen were acquitted.

A Berlin dispatch says Bismarck will answer questions regarding the political situation on the reassembling of the Reichstag.

Lieut. Harber telegraphs from Yekoutsk that he arrived there with eleven bodies of Delong and companions. They will be sent to America.

MUNICIPAL NOMINATIONS.

List of Candidates Chosen in Western Ontario.

Wyoming—Reeve, James Smith, H. H. Hunt; Councillors, James Oxenham, Alex. Chalmers, Mathias Leggott, Edward Cassidy, Francis Bennett, A. N. Wood, John E. Couse, Wm. Brownlee.

Exeter—Reeve, L. Hardy (by acclamation); Councillors, Jas. Pickard, Wm. Fenwick, Wm. Bennett, R. Drew, Jas. Oke, D. Ross, A. G. Dyer, D. Braund.

Glencoe—Reeve, I. Rathburn (by acclamation); Councillors, Malcolm Leitch, John Fosbe, John W. Campbell, Bill Griffith, Geo. Harris, Wilmot Swaisland, John Oldrieve, Geo. Dobie, Dr. Lumley, D. Otton, D. B. McRae.

Biddulph—Reeve, William D. Stanley (by acclamation); Deputy Reeve, Wm. Turner, (by acclamation); Councillors, P. J. Dewan, William Richardson, James Carter, and William Kelly.

Delaware—Reeve, Andrew Sharp; Councillors, A. Brett, Walter Hap, Adams and McFarlane (all by acclamation).

Watford—Reeves, M. S. Campbell and Samuel Howden; Councillors, Dr. Stanley, George Jones, Richard Dix, John Fuller, Angus Mitchell.

Wardsville—Reeve, T. English and Z. Gillies; Councillors, E. Lilley, W. Sheppard, J. Smith, A. Thomas, J. Heath, W. Sparling and E. Davis.

Newbury—J. D. Anderson; Councillors, John Burr, John Armstrong, Henry Coombs and W. F. Bourne (all by acclamation).

Orford—Reeve, John Reycraft (by acclamation); Deputy-Reeve, D. Campbell, J. Lachore and W. Risk; Councillors, Messrs. Bateman, E. Morrison, D. Cameron and C. Leith.

Stanley—All the old Council elected by acclamation—W. Graham, Reeve; George E. Gastes, Deputy; J. McKinley, P. Douglass and J. Lorrance, Councillors.

Hay—Councillors, R. Cook, H. Haycock, J. F. Moritz, A. McEwen, R. McMordie and D. Surerus.

Lobo—Reeve, R. Boston and C. M. Summers; Deputy, B. B. Harris (by acclamation); Councillors, Scott, Attwood, Johnson and Steel.

London Township—Reeve, J. A. Marshall (by acclamation); First Deputy, R. W. Jackson, T. E. Robson; Second Deputy Reeve, Peter Elson (by acclamation); Third Deputy Reeve, Thomas Longford; Fourth Deputy Reeve, Robert Dreany (by acclamation).

Westminster—For Reeve, Messrs. R. Whetter, Sam Hunt, John McGregor and John T. Coughlin. For Deputy Reeves—Messrs. Robert Summers, Jas. Johnson, A. C. Johnstone, John Nixen, Frank Nichol and John Mills.

Clinton—Mayor, D. A. Forrester; Reeve, E. Corbett; Deputy-Reeve, Thomas Cooper (re-elected by acclamation.)

A number of additional nominations are crowded out of this issue.

NO. 4 WARD.

Lucid Explanation of City Affairs by Aldermanic Nominees.

Electors' Meeting in Bond St. School Last Night.

Views of Prominent Aldermen on Important Questions.

A meeting of the ratepayers of No. 4 Ward was held in the Bond Street School House last evening, but in consequence of the meeting not being sufficiently known, the attendance was small. Mr. Frank Love was appointed chairman, and stated the object of the gathering in a few words.

Ald. Buckle expressed the pleasure he felt to meet the electors in this fine building, and alluded to the manner in which it had been secured despite opposition. At the commencement of the year there was a majority of men who did what they liked, and appointed those whom they pleased on the committees. He had been placed on the Hospital and Relief Committee, and reviewed the expenditure for that purpose during the year. The expenditure had been $8,670.99, and receipts $6,318.59, leaving a balance of expenditure of $2,351.40. He spoke of items of expenditure which had been desired by some, and which he had opposed, and then went on to revert to the cost of relief, which had been $4,683.15, that of the previous year having been $5,189.99. Then, as to the Fire

...ollar!

...ET A WISH
...publishers of the

...FREE PRESS"
...ed to reduce the price to
...llar a Year
...CURS.
...CRIBERS $1.25
...Four.—Anyone
...e four Subscribers, and
...eive a fifth paper gratis.
...e at once to the WEEKLY
...Dollar.
...1882.

...FOR—
...SS GROCERIES
...ND LIQUORS,
...AT—
...OWEST PRICES
...Munro's,
...STAS STREET.
...Smith & Co.,
...E ANNDON.
...ETAIL
...ett
...LONDON, ONT.

December 23, 1882.

...ITY AFFAIRS.

...al nominations, which were
...day, include the names of
...od men, some who have
...ved in the Council, and some
...t yet had that honor. The
...t that now takes place is in the
...e number of the wards, and,
...y, in the number of the Alder-
...s was brought about in conse-
...the experience that the city has
...old wards' system, which was
...ss to "grab all you can for your
...," leading to a large amount of
...and waste. It would have
...of the ward system had been
...altogether, but as that
...required a special act from the
...e to accomplish, which might not
...obtained, if asked for, it was
...better to take up the next
...so, and reduce the number of
..., and thus minimise the evils
...f. Thus it is that there are
...ve wards instead of seven
...but twelve Aldermen instead of
...One good result will be to
...ncil more compact, and more
...principal duty of electors
...d sound business men. That
...very interest will be daily pre-
...may be expected that
...of methods of conducting
...the city will be introduced,
...economical procedure set on foot
...reasurer that the "dodger"
...dropped, and good value received
...collected from our citizens.
...ss in the Council would thus
...ld business character, a con-
...as long been needed.
...cropped up lately calcu-
...public mind from this,
...incident to the elections for
...t has reference to the Lon-
...Railway. Though the pro-
...that road first came be-
...people saying that they
...want anything of them,
...they asked for was permission
...their road into the city, yet it has
...ound, as the Free Press said it
...that they require a good deal
...from taxation, water for nothing,
...way for nothing, and now a bonus
...for equal to $30,000, which may
...all, cover the expenditure it is
...meet. Still, under the altered
...there being now no Great
...to rely upon, few would
...to the granting of the
...luded to. But rightly con-
...matter should not enter
...uestion of election, seeing
...arties are agreed that the
...not occupy the public streets
...ught through private property,
...ome compensation will be given.
...of the people, the interest of the
...elect the best Council that the
...ers them will permit of. That
...estions will be satisfactorily
...No doubt the people at the
...f the city were justly aggrieved
...eal to run the line in such a
...that while it would injure the
...of their property, and ex-
...ife and limb, no compensation
...ation would be given. All
...matter of the past, and as the
...is to be bought and honestly
...ne of grievance has ceas-
...ttention can now be turned
...ion which intended itself at an
...time, and be concentrated
...f work in hand—which is to
...ideas connected with muni-
...form by electing the best
...ible. Personal preferences
...way. Political considerations
..., should give way. Opinions
...in the administration of the
...ds in days gone by, may well
...to pass. The great need is, the
...ith a Council as will justify
...ection, and give birth to a
...n connection with civic affairs.
...Council will not bring forth good
...ow by painful experience that
...ade up of heterogeneous and
...material, elected without any
...ect in view, each grasping for
...and for the sake of popularity at
...election—a Council constituted
...no know what that is cap-
...ing forth.

...Journal remarks that the *Globe*
...emphatically in error" with Mr.
...t great questions of liberal
...d first let Mr. Blake come into
...himself. No politician has
...shifted to a greater extent
...ome back gentlemen, as in the
...National Policy. In the Mari-
...times, where he thought such a
...ry rubber and suppression; yet
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...ering disposition to "dodge,"
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A NEAT REMINDER.

A timely pamphlet has been issued from the Department of Agriculture and Immigration, presided over by the Hon. J. H. Pope, for the purpose of refuting a *brochure* which has been put out by an American railway company, containing a disparaging account of the Canadian North-west. A general summary of its contents will be found elsewhere in this issue. Its appearance at this time, so soon after the publication of the American work, furnishes another of the many examples of the vigilance exercised by the Department on behalf of Canadian interests. When it was reported on the authority of the American Customs officers at Port Huron that there was a large exodus of our people to the United States, and the alleged fact was seized upon by the Grit press and used to the detriment of this country, the Hon. Mr. Pope set on foot an official inquiry which showed very promptly and conclusively that the so-called "exodus" was imaginary, and not only that, but itestablished, what many of our people were not before aware of, that there was a considerable current of population to this side for permanent residence. So, too, in the present matter. The published efforts of an American corporation to belittle Manitoba, and exalt the Western States at the expense of its good reputation, brought an immediate counter movement on the part of the Ottawa Government. The Department in question is charged with the important duty of promoting immigration to this Dominion, not only to the older Provinces, but to our great North-western possessions. We have up there the land in abundance of the very best; we have the framework there of a great and vigorous society. What we want now is immigration. All that remains is for people to come in and occupy the soil. When, therefore, it is found that the country is misrepresented in pamphlets ably written and widely circulated, it behoves us to correct such misinformation, and send broadcast as far as possible a true statement of our resources. The greatness of this country is only now becoming apparent even to our own people. Prof. Selwyn tells us we have immense coal fields on Belly River, near the Rocky Mountains, we possess coal fields in Nova Scotia and at Vancouver also. So that in this commodity alone we have resources unsurpassed by any country in the world. And in the North-west, which has been so disparaged as to call forth Mr. Pope's rejoinder, we have, as he shows from the testimony of prominent Americans themselves, a land unsurpassed anywhere for its productive capacity. The little work alluded to is a valuable hand-book of the North-west, which any one can get by writing for it.

INVIDIOUS EXCLUSION.

The Berlin *News* points out the anomaly of the Mowat Government, composed entirely of lawyers, assuming to be the special representative, guardian and exponent of agricultural views and interests. There was a time when it was thought necessary, or at least politic, to have in the Cabinet one or more who had been practical farmers. But of late years it has not been thought necessary to make even the slightest concession of this kind to the agricultural population. Mr. Mowat professes to be a friend of the farmers, but why does he not take one into his Cabinet? The farming element is admittedly the backbone of the country, yet Mr. Mowat, by his negligence of that element, says it is not entitled to make its voice directly heard in its highest councils. It is claimed that on the Grit side of the Legislature there is no lack of ability. Still, it is well known that the bulk of the members represent farming constituencies. Why, then, is not some of this talent utilized in Mr. Mowat's Cabinet? Are the lawyers of the country feel if the laws were made for them exclusively by farmers. They would not care for it,and there would be a lord outcry. The same rule holds good on both sides. Here is a Cabinet of lawyers, making and mending year in year out for a country full of farmers. One class of industry assumes to represent all! Certainly all the rest. The result is seen in frequent attempts at one sided legislation. It never seems to strike these clever gentlemen that the farmers would like to have a share in their deliberations. But Mr. Mowat as leader there can be little objection on the ground that he is of the legal profession; the leader of a party may and ought to be chosen from the learned ranks. But it is to be expected that he will call to his aid men prominently identified with the prevailing industries, rather than act so invidiously as Mr. Mowat has done in forming and maintaining his Cabinet. Farmers of Ontario, how say you?

THE FISHERMEN'S BOUNTY.

When a sum was asked for last year as bounty to the fishermen, the objection was raised by the Grits that it would be used for corrupt purposes, and the sneer was indulged that on the eve of an election the sum of $150,000 would come in very handy. How very far they were astray may be seen from the fact that the money appropriated has not yet been distributed. It is only now that the formal application have been forwarded to all the fishery offices in the Maritime Provinces for this purpose. The basis upon which the bounty is paid is $2 per man for vessels up to eighty tons, to be divided in an equal ratio between crew and vessel; for boats $2.50 per each man employed in sea fishing for three months, and taking not less than 2,500 pounds of sea fish, other than those excepted by the Treaty of Washington. It was on this form that most of the $60,000 granted to Ireland a few years ago was placed. By means of that fund the Irish fishermen were enabled to procure better nets and larger and better boats, so that the "take" of fish was quadrupled in a short time. The grant to the Canadian fishermen was not made in the light of charity, for most of them are above the need of mere benevolence. But with many of them it is a hard struggle, and there is no more arduous calling in the whole country. The fishermen are more subject to loss by accident, arising from the weather and other causes, than any other class. Considering all this, and also the fact that the amount of the Halifax Award, arising immediately from the fisheries, went into the general coffers, it was deemed that the fishermen were fairly entitled to a share in the general prosperity, and so this appropriation was made. This is but one of many minor illustrations of how the active interests of the working population are looked after and conserved by the present truly liberal and progressive Government.

"It never rains but it pours." The school teachers seem to have broken out with an epidemic. From being the most hen-pecked and evenly balanced set of fellows on the continent, they have suddenly kicked in the dashboard, broken the breeching, and are playing smash. Some weeks ago a case occurred in Chicago, now comes Ohio, where a teacher has taken to stabbing his pupils; then follows Massachusetts, where the teacher appealed to his handy little pistol "to teach the young idea how to shoot," then follows staid old Connecticut, where the Principal of the high School at Brantford slapped the face of one of his school visitors to resent an indignity. It is to be hoped it is only a temporary comet madness on the part of our teachers. We can stand a good deal of

THE PRINCIPLE AT STAKE.

Our local contemporary refers to the "wrong" contemplated in the Rivers and Streams Bill as if it were to be regarded in "a political sense." This is a red herring drawn across the scent. The wrong in question is not political but personal. Over the political predilections of the Mowat Government, the Dominion Executive can, of course, exercise little influence: they being often impervious to reason. But when Mr. Mowat presumes to do violence to law and right as affects individuals, the superior power properly comes to the rescue. And it is a very fortunate thing for the property-holders of this Province that their personal interests are thus guarded from the whims and caprices of the Local Government. Mr. Mowat may do his best to pull down the National Policy; he may use the Boundary case as a means of harassing the public ear, and stirring up strife between otherwise good neighbors. These are political questions on which people may agree to differ and hold opinion as they please. But when Mr. Mowat, in the exercise of the power temporarily vested in him, dares to lay hands on a man's estate, to confiscate it, as he did the Mercer property, and destroy its value to the owner, the case assumes a very different complexion. The man must be protected both by the highest Courts and the highest Executive, because it is his right under the law, which has its foundation in the universal principle of Justice. It is this principle which Mowat would set aside, if he could.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The re-election of Mr. Edmund Meredith as Mayor by acclamation yesterday has given very general satisfaction. During the past year he has administered the affairs of the office of Chief Magistrate in a manner at once creditable to himself, and so as to justify the high expectations that had been formed at the outset.

A writer on domestic economy in the London *Queen* lays it down that one very great mistake which young married people often begin with is paying too little attention to "House rent should never exceed a tenth of one's income." In the same paper another writer says that $375 a year is a large sloe to take for rent out of an income of but $2,250. In the large cities of America it would be thought moderate enough. More is paid for rent in proportion to other things in New York city than anywhere in the world save St. Petersburg.

Here is an instructive hint for our good neighbors in London East: A contractor who is sinking in Colorado says of the Artesian wells he has put down that one very important feature is not political but personal. Over the political predilections of the Mowat Government, the Dominion Executive can, of course, exercise little influence: they being often impervious to reason. But when Mr. Mowat presumes to do violence to law and right as affects individuals, the superior power properly comes to the rescue. And it is a very fortunate thing for the property-holders of this Province that their personal interests are thus guarded from the whims and caprices of the Local Government. Mr. Mowat may do his best to pull down the National Policy; he may use the Boundary case as a means of harassing the public ear, and stirring up strife between otherwise good neighbors. These are political questions on which people may agree to differ and hold opinion as they please. But when Mr. Mowat, in the exercise of the power temporarily vested in him, dares to lay hands on a man's estate, to confiscate it, as he did the Mercer property, and destroy its value to the owner, the case assumes a very different complexion. The man must be protected both by the highest Courts and the highest Executive, because it is his right under the law, which has its foundation in the universal principle of Justice. It is this principle which Mowat would set aside, if he could.

The *A. Arabasian Medical Gazette* (Sydney) gives a tabulated statement of infant mortality, from which it appears that the death rate in the Australian colonies is not high, as compared with that of most other countries. The reason adduced is general prosperity and a healthful climate. Taking the five years, 1875-80, the rate to 1,000 registered births averaged in Victoria, 120; in New South Wales, 119; in South Australia, 141; and in part-periods in New Zealand and Wales (1876-7), it averaged 151, and in Scotland (1876-7), it was 125. In most of the countries in Europe it was much higher, ranging up to 340 in Bavaria. The death rate among persons of all ages is also comparatively lower.

The belief in the cyclic theory of events that is held by many persons will receive fresh confirmation from a grouping of recent happenings. The storm cycle which has created such wild weather in different parts of the earth during the past fortnight and the simultaneous earthquakes in New Hampshire and Panama have their counterparts in the social world. A few days ago we had an epidemic, so to speak, of grave robbing. Simultaneously, from Pennsylvania, Virginia, and this country, came news of depredations of this kind. There was no connection apparently between the different bands of despoilers. Later news would indicate that an epidemic of defalcations had broken out. A bank President in Rochester is called to account for $250,000 belonging to the bank, and a bank cashier in Jefferson, Ohio, is short $75,000.

FIRE IN A HOSPITAL.

A Holocaust Prevented by Coolness and Good Management.

Detroit, Dec. 21.—Fire was discovered at two o'clock on Wednesday morning in the chapel of the Mercy hospital, in the northern part of Bay Rapids. So rapidly did it spread that the sisters could do nothing towards extinguishing it. The building was a large frame structure, and in twenty minutes the whole interior was a mass of flames, and there were many exciting scenes. As the building was outside the water works system it seemed it must be a long time before assistance could reach the Sisters and the seventy inmates. The Mother Superior was equal to the occasion, however; ward after ward was visited and the occupants told of their danger. Those able to help themselves escaped by the windows and doors, and those unable to move by reason of broken limbs or sickness were assisted from the burning building. Every life was saved, but the suffering of many was terrible. The doors of the various houses were opened and the patients provided with temporary shelter. Later on an old building was secured, and thirty or forty were removed thereto. The loss is a severe one, and especially at this time of year, when it cannot be made good except by greatly increased expenditures. The insurance on the building is about $5,000. Among the contents destroyed, and on which there was no insurance, was the well known library of over 2,000 volumes, collected during the lifetime of Father McCormick; also a few rare paintings.

The Nightingale's Last Song.

From the Hartford Times.

During the past eight years Mrs. Bennett, of Canaan, in this State, has owned a beautiful Virginia nightingale. She named it Bob; and when in an adjoining room she said "Bob, do you want a fly?" the bird would ruffle its feathers and respond with a whistle, or some little note, manifesting his delight, which his mistress understood. Last August Bob had a fit. He would eat no flies, and would not bathe, but became so diffident after traversing the wide space of open air that the danger is averted.

A Philadelphia photographer of actresses says that Mme. Janauschek insists on assuming her own poses, will not allow him to touch her, and lets the drapery take care of itself. Modjeska brought four large trunks, two maids, her dog, and her husband. Two of the trunks contained costumes, one cosmetics and toilet arrangements, and the other her jewelry. She was photographed in fifty different attitudes. When Lotta was shown a proof she exclaimed, "Is my foot as big as that?" the camera having, as it always does, represented the number larger than life because it was out of focus. Lotta's foot was properly etched down in the negative to the required size. Clara Louise Kellogg has a favorite black brocaded dress in which she likes to be photographed, and thinks it makes becoming to her than anything else. William Castle and Emma Abbott have been photographed as Paul and Virginia, and also in an embrace as Romeo and Juliet in the balcony scene. Their faces necessarily came very close together, and Miss Abbott joyously enquired of the artist if he could photograph a kiss. Jefferson poses his gun and keg in "Rip Van Winkle" but does not wish to keep perfectly still. Rossi was so nervous when sitting that he would not even allow his servants to be present.

A young lady of Oakland, Cal., married a Brahman in pique, and then returned to her family and kept the wedding secret. When it was discovered she sent for her husband and expressed her desire to live with him. He agreed to this on the condition that at the end of six months she could try for a loaf of bread that would most

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The India sanitary report for 1880 directs attention to the satisfactory circumstance that the health of British troops serving in India—estimated as averaging 59,717 men—showed a considerable improvement as compared with the year before. The death rate was about 28½ per thousand, as against a fraction over 34. The decrease is stated to have been mainly owing to the improved condition of troops in the Madras army, the health of [illegible] troops appointed [illegible]

PERSONAL CHIT-CHAT.

Oscar Wilde sails for England on Saturday.

Nilsson, it is said, plays poker. All great people have their faults.

The Bishop of Manchester classes Ritualism and the Salvation Army under "enthusiastic religion."

Gambetta has the inflammation of the bowels. This is the first intimation that new cucumbers have reached Paris.

Mdlle. Rhea intends to pose next summer in Paris, where she will devote herself to study for further accomplishments in her art.

If report speaks truly, Mr. Nat Goodwin is swelling with noble ambition. It is said he will try Bob Acres in "The Rivals" next season.

London, Dec. 21.—*Special*.—Commander Heron, of H. M. S. *Clyde*, has been dismissed the service for misappropriating the stores of the ship.

There is a report that Mr. Archibald Forbes, the well-known war correspondent, who is now lecturing in Australia, has married a lady with £30,000 per annum.

The news is received here that Mme. Christine Nilsson has made a success in San Francisco—something which surpasses any other demonstration given to an artiste in that city.

An impression prevails in London that nearly all the members of the Queensberry family are more or less cracked; consequently, Lady Gertrude's nuptials with her young baker did not so very much surprise people.

The Queen has made it a special point notwithstanding some opposition from the authorities on the score of expense, that, before the troops leave Egypt, they shall be sent in detachments up the Nile for a few days, believing most wisely that it will be very beneficial to their health.

Lord Derby's surplus income is estimated at $700,000 a year. He has lately been buying property around London. He is childless, and has only one brother and one sister, who is married to a man comparatively quite poor. Lady Derby has $20,000 a year jointure from the late Lord Salisbury.

Very Rev. Dr. Benson, who has been selected Archbishop of Canterbury, lately became somewhat unpopular with the Nonconformists of Cornwall, who first considered him conciliatory. The cause of the offence was an address delivered by him at the Diocesan Conference, in which he accused the Liberation Society of issuing crafty forgeries and printed falsities.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran, the Washington philanthropist, was last attacked with John Howard Payne in 1809, when the former was a mere boy and the latter a young actor. Mr. Hayes—afterwards could get twenty-five cents to pay for a seat I went to see and hear the tragedian, and my memory of his appearance and action is now fresh and clear, after a lapse of seventy-three years."

A Montreal man sent several barrels of Canadian apples to Queen Victoria, Gladstone, Lord Dufferin, and Gen. Wolseley. He received letters of acceptance from all except the Queen, whose Secretary wrote—"Her Majesty commands me to say that she fully appreciates your kindness in sending the apples, but it is a rule that favors of this nature shall not be accepted. However, on account of their perishable nature, the apples cannot be returned." What became of them was not explained.

Mr. Eugene Field, the managing editor of the Denver *Tribune*, a humorist of some reputation, has met with a terrible accident. After the Fitzsimmons-Sullivan set-to last Thursday morning, Mr. Field leaned out of a third-story window to get a breath of fresh air. Giddiness seized him, and he fell headlong three stories down. His body was impaled by five prongs of the area railing, each of which pierced his back. It is thought to be impossible for him to survive.

Mrs. Langtry's knight-errant, Mr. Gebhardt, has created a sensation at Rhyl by his devotion in public to the "Lily." Manager Zimmerman, on hearing that Gebhardt was in town, ordered the stage doorkeeper, on pain of instant dismissal, not to admit any outsider on the stage. "Will you want a good class of emigrants, we gebhardt" asked the door-keeper. "Yes, or anyone else who attempts to enter," was the reply. Mr. Gebhardt did not attempt to enter the theatre, but sent a magnificent bouquet.

Lord Derby has doubtless many a time chuckled over his sagacity in selecting his Tipperary agent, but the laugh of three began. His father left to his younger son—Lord Derby's only brother—Col. Stanley, M.P., and on part-assignment of the choice between $500,000 and the Irish property. He took the former. Lord Derby, on receiving it, sold it for $800,000 to a rich Dublin merchant. The tenants sent a deputation to Knowsley, entreating Lord Derby to sell, but he said he must do so, because he could not live in Ireland, and would not be an absentee landlord.

In temperament and in semblance Guiseppe Dore, now 45, is rather German. He looks younger than he is. A well-built man, small eyes, high cheek bones, wears only a moustache, and smokes like a Spaniard. He has a large head of hair, and a beard of full companion, and a marvel of industry. He has four times as many acres in cultivation, and earns from two hundred thousand to two hundred and fifty thousand francs a year. Of late years his manner has become almost, if not quite, mannerism, which, while it adds to the individuality of his sketches, renders them monotonous.

When the body of a man was taken into Chris. Church, at Hillier, Ontario, the Rev. John Halliwell, who had been deprived of the right to officiate by his Bishop, was found there with his surplice on and book in hand. The Rev. Mr. Loucks, the rector of a neighboring village, had been brought over to read the burial service, and he met the procession at the foot of the aisle in the church. So did Mr. Halliwell. Both ministers began to read. Then Mr. Loucks stopped, led the mourners to the grave, and there completed the service, leaving Mr. Halliwell in possession of the church.

John Greenleaf Whittier, the aged poet, is tall, straight and slender, and his forehead is very high, rising massively into a region of snow-white hair. The face and head in appearance are almost Semitic. His religion and his habits are those of the Quakers. The writer of this paragraph remembers hearing Bayard Taylor (with ruddy rugged face) and William Cullen Bryant (with cheeks still boyish and with an elastic step saying several years ago that they feared they must soon lose Whittier, but they are no longer with us, while the Quaker poet seems as fresh as the rose, and that little school girls daily take to his home.—*N. Y. Herald*.

At Montreal, a young man who had been a regular attendant at the "Merry War" Opera, of Haverley's, sent his card [illegible] panied by a note asking [illegible] to meet him at the stage door. The answer was not long in coming, and in place of the charming form of [illegible] he would be doubled, and among them to meet him, he was confronted face Englishmen and Americans who to face with the infuriated husband of the terms of the highest praise of lady. The husband lost no time in coming North-west. to close quarters, and the "merry war" raged more furious than ever. Whack came the husband's hand on the unfortunate's right cheek, whack it came on the other while the onlookers roared with laughter at the resigned and contented manner in which the blushed one took his punishment. He essayed to explain, "I beg your pardon," he cried, "it's a mistake, I thought I had met your wife in New York, let me explain." But it was useless. "You did, did you," and once more he bore his thrashing meekly, and ran off, a sadder and, if it is to be hoped, a wiser man.

BURRY AND BUSTLE

there is in this country compared to what there had been when you were here. We have the country beyond a doubt; all we want is a good class of emigrants; we can't have too many. Your friend for the past four years while acting as Reeve of a Ward in the former subdivision of the city, has received our approval, and the interest you have taken in school matters in the past leads us to hope that you will consent to our request, in which case we promise to use our votes and influence in your support.

HENRY CRONYN, WM. SAUNDERS,
V. CRONYN, H. MATHEWSON,
W. MAYO, J. C. MERRITT,
and others.

London, Ontario, December 18, 1882.

GENTLEMEN.—Thankful for the confidence you have expressed in me, and in response to your request, I place myself in the hands of the electors of No. 4 Ward, and if returned to represent them at the School Board again shall do my utmost, as heretofore, to ensure efficiency and economy in every department.

Truly yours,
JOHN M. DENTON.

London, December 21, 1882. 1246d

REQUISITION.

TO W. M. MOORE, ESQ.:—

We, the undersigned ratepayers of No. 4 Ward, being desirous of having your services in the Council for 1883, respectfully request your acceptance of this requisition, and pledge you our votes and support if you allow yourself to be put in nomination.

Joseph Jeffery, G. Macbeth, V. Cronyn, W. Tuckabery, A. Ellis, Geo. Hiscock, W. Jones, A. Smith, Wm. Mara, Wm. Reuben R. Vining, A. Greenless, A. M. Gunn, C. C. Compton, Jos. Atkins, Chas. Murray, Walter Fairbairn, W. Bartlett, Wm. F. Bullen, Samuel Payne, And. Murphy, Wm. Meredith, R. W. Smylie, J. L. Dampier, Alex. Mc-Bride, H. Cowan, F. Wright, W. B. Hodgetts, Wm. Saunders, W. E. Hiscott, H. E. Nelles, Jas. I. Anderson, J. Atkinson, J. Goudrich, H. Mathewson, E. Beltz, A. W. Spry, Jas. Hamilton, Jas. Ferrier, James Spencer, L. C. Leonard, J. & W. Morrison, Francis Love, H. H. Hoskin, Jas. McKenzie, George A. Matheson, Edward Morkin, J. B. Cook, William Spencer, Henry Dowling, Alex. Crawford, Thomas Peel, Charles E. Richardson, Thomas Hodgson, Jr., Leonard Gould, Wallace W. Lazarus, F. G. Beak, John Cartlidge, J. A. Mann, W. H. Taylor, Jr., Robert Kirkpatrick, Jas. Newman, Wm. Stone, James Wright, Henry Smith, T. Paxton, Geo. G. Chalmers, Wm. Trebilcock, A. T. H. Johnson, W. Sage, W. S. Ede, C. W. Jeffreys, J. Jarvis, J. A. Nelles, M. D., M. McCrimmon, C. Green, Sam'l B. Brown, R. Strong, C. B. Cudlip, T. A. Fripe, John Bishop, P. C. Barnard, M. H. Howard, T. H. Tuggie, Jas. Logan, C. C. Cobbett, F. L. Austin, John G. Dodd, Wm. Cater, H. Phillips, J. B. Elliott, Jr., Sam'l Peters, Alex. Geo. F. Westland, J. Treweman, Jas. Mills, P. Mc. J. Hodgson, Wm. Noble, J. Hodgson, jr., H. Morehouse, A. Durand, R. Butler, R. Dennis, A. T. Campbell, W. J. Orsom, J. Dean, John Burns, Robt. Chapman, Chas. Chapman, J. Woodland, G. S. T. Bryce, J. J. Wettlaufer, M. Masuret, N. T. Wilson, Jas. Rogers, Wm. Mayes, H. McEwen, Warren Rook, Wm. Penfield, Arthur G. M. Cooper, Chas. Pewings, Frank H. Coles, C. A. Cragg.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN.—I assure you I feel highly flattered by the requisition you have presented, and acknowledge gratefully the confidence you so publicly manifest in me, and I feel that I should allow myself to be put in nomination.

I, therefore, willingly accede to your request and leave myself in your hands, and will endeavor, if elected, to perform the duties devolving upon me to the best of my ability and with strict regard to the interests of the city.

Very Sincerely Yours,
W. M. MOORE.

THE LONDON LOAN COMPANY OF CANADA

Of Canada

HEREBY GIVE NOTICE OF DIVIDEND declared on the capital Stock of the Company at rate of Eight per cent. per annum for the current half-year, payable on and after 2nd January, A. D. 1883.

M. J. KEVE,
Manager.

1236-ws

ROYAL STANDARD LOAN COMPANY OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND NO. 10.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a half-yearly Dividend at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum has been declared on the paid up capital of the above Company, and will be payable on and after 2nd January, 1883. By order of the Board.

D. McMILLAN, Manager.

The ONTARIO LOAN and DEBENTURE COMPANY.

DIVIDEND NO. 38.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of this Company has been declared for the current half year, ending 31st inst., and that the same will be payable at the Company's office, London, on and after the 2nd of January next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 19th to the 31st inst., both days inclusive.

WILLIAM F. BULLEN,
Manager.

London, 7th December, 1882.

P. S.—Shareholders at home and office address in this city will please call at the office for their dividends. 1246

THE DOMINION Savings & Investment Society.

DIVIDEND NO. 21.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Dividend of Four Per Cent. upon the paid up capital stock of this Society has been declared for the half-year ending 31st inst., payable at the office of the Society, Richmond street, London, on and after TUESDAY, JANUARY 2ND, 1883.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th inst. till the 3rd day of January next.

By order of the Board.

F. B. LEYS,
MANAGER.

Before Buying

SEE OUR PRICES FOR

!OVERCOATS!

Those who have bought will tell you of their surprise.

The facts are explained by the immense reductions which have taken place in Montreal.

Remember,

MONTREAL CLOTHING!

—IS OUR—

SPECIALTY.

☞ Xmas Gifts for all who purchase for $5 or over at the

MONTREAL

ONE PRICE

Clothing Store

122 DUNDAS STREET,

New Advertisements.

MASONIC TEMPLE BAZAAR

POSTPONEMENT

OF DRAWING

UNTIL FEBRU'RY 7, 1883

THE DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEE of Management of the above Association, being desirous of meeting the views of the large majority of ticket-holders, have decided upon

Postponing the Drawing of Prizes

—UNTIL—

WEDNESDAY,

February 7th, 1883.

They have arrived at this decision, after carefully considering the interests of ticket-holders, and feel confident that their determination to carry out the scheme in a fair, honorable and straightforward manner, will meet the views of those at present interested in the enterprise, as well as those who have not as yet had an opportunity of contributing to the laudable objects which prompted the scheme, viz.:—The Reduction of the debt upon the Masonic Temple Building and enlarging the usefulness of the Masonic Board of Benevolence.

Several Methods were open to the Directors and Committee, whereby the Drawing could have been brought about at the date originally intended—over three-fourths of the entire number of tickets having been disposed of—but these were, in the main, calculated to create widespread dissatisfaction among those who had invested in the enterprise; and, rather than permit the originators to divide up the tickets remaining unsold, as had been suggested, or in any way participate in the disposal of these tickets other than by bona-fide purchase, the Directors and Managing Committee have unanimously resolved to postpone the drawing until the date mentioned above, at which time they will

POSITIVELY

BRING THE

Enterprise to a Close.

The Manager feels convinced that this postponement, although creating a temporary disappointment, will be cheerfully acquiesced in by all who desire to see the drawing conducted in a creditable and straightforward manner.

Agents will please accept this intimation as official, and govern themselves accordingly.

All moneys on account of tickets, either single or in syndicate, must be returned to the undersigned not later than 1st day of February, 1882.

T. H. BRUNTON,
Manager,
Masonic Temple Building, London, Ont.

A LIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Canadian Side of the North-west Question.

Complete Answer to a "Reliable Guide."

And Able Vindication and Defence.

A pamphlet has just been issued by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, on the "Canadian North-west, its climate and productions: a query-representation exposed." The reason for the issuing of such a pamphlet was rendered necessary for the following reason:—A small, well-printed pamphlet, with a map showing the line of the Northern Pacific Railway from Duluth, at the head of Lake Superior, westward to the ocean, had been received by the Department of Agriculture from a correspondent in the United Kingdom, who states that it is very widely circulated by the agents of steamship lines between Liverpool and New York. This pamphlet, which is printed in New York, styles itself

"THE RELIABLE GUIDE TO THE AMERICAN SOUTH-WEST."

This "reliable guide," so called, states that "the climate of Manitoba consists of seven months of Arctic winter and five months of cold weather, that the mouth of the Red River is frozen solid when the head and middle of the stream are broken up and running swiftly under the southern spring warmth. The ice dam at and around Winnipeg is a vast obstruction like a mountain barrier. The water sets back and covers all the surrounding country, drowning stock, floating away dwellings, buildings and fences, and driving the farmers off to the tops of hills to save their lives," and so on in a continuous

STRAIN OF FALSIFICATIONS

and absurdities. In order to refute these misrepresentations the Department has issued this pamphlet, containing the testimony of eminent divines, scientists and citizens who know the country well. Among these are letters from His Grace Archbishop Tache, of St. Boniface, Manitoba; Rev. Dr. Bryce, Lieutenant-Governor J. B. Robinson, Mr. R. W. Cameron, of New York, late Honorary Commissioner for Canada at the recent exhibitions at New South Wales and Victoria, Australia, whose reports on the resources and progress of the Australian Colonies, in view of the possible trade relations with Canada recently

ATTRACTED MUCH ATTENTION;

an extract from a letter of Hon. Horatio Seymour, late Governor of New York describptive of a visit he made some months ago, an extract from a letter of the late Hon. William H. Seward, Foreign Secretary to the late lamented Lincoln during the war with the South; an extract from a masterly production in Harper's Magazine, New York, from Prof. Sheldon, of the College of Agriculture, Downton, Eng.; from speeches of the Earl of Dufferin and Marquis of Lorne; Viscount Milton and Dr. W. Cheadle, who crossed the Rocky Mountains in 1862; U. S. Consul J. M. Taylor, Prof. Macoun. One of the evidences offered by the Department of Agriculture in a letter from Charles Whitehead, an Irish settler, to a friend, Mr. Thomas Connelly, of Dublin. He located in Brandon, where he arrived May 28, 1881. His letter is dated October 11, 1882. Speaking of the excellent prospects out there he says: "Now as to the price of labor: it was pretty high when you were here, but it is higher now. When I commenced seeding I hired my men at $26 and board per month for the season, excepting the harvest months, for which I paid them thirty dollars each. Extra men for the harvest I paid two dollars per day with board. This year I have now at work three-hired men I am paying $2.50 and board. This of itself will explain to you the demand for labor. My root crop is still in the ground for want of labor, notwithstanding the above high rates. The laborers on the Canadian Pacific railroad work get $2.25 and even higher. You cannot imagine the

HURRY AND BUSTLE

there is in this country compared to what there had been when you were here. We have the country beyond a doubt; all we want is a good class of emigrants; we can't have too many. Your friend for the past four years while acting as Reeve of a Ward in the former subdivision of the city, has received our approval, and the interest you have taken in school matters in the past leads us to hope that you will consent to our request, in which case we promise to use our votes and influence in your support.

HENRY CRONYN, WM. SAUNDERS,
V. CRONYN, H. MATHEWSON,
W. MAYO, J. C. MERRITT,
and others.

London, Ontario, December 18, 1882.

GENTLEMEN.—Thankful for the confidence you have expressed in me, and in response to your request, I place myself in the hands of the electors of No. 4 Ward, and if returned to represent them at the School Board again shall do my utmost, as heretofore, to ensure efficiency and economy in every department.

Truly yours,
JOHN M. DENTON.

London, December 21, 1882. 1246d

REQUISITION.

TO W. M. MOORE, ESQ.:—

We, the undersigned ratepayers of No. 4 Ward, being desirous of having your services in the Council for 1883, respectfully request your acceptance of this requisition, and pledge you our votes and support if you allow yourself to be put in nomination.

Joseph Jeffery, G. Macbeth, V. Cronyn, W. Tuckabery, A. Ellis, Geo. Hiscock, W. Jones, A. Smith, Wm. Mara, Wm. Reuben R. Vining, A. Greenless, A. M. Gunn, C. C. Compton, Jos. Atkins, Chas. Murray, Walter Fairbairn, W. Bartlett, Wm. F. Bullen, Samuel Payne, And. Murphy, Wm. Meredith, R. W. Smylie, J. L. Dampier, Alex. McBride, H. Cowan, F. Wright, W. B. Hodgetts, Wm. Saunders, W. E. Hiscott, H. E. Nelles, Jas. I. Anderson, J. Atkinson, J. Goudrich, H. Mathewson, E. Beltz, A. W. Spry, Jas. Hamilton, Jas. Ferrier, James Spencer, L. C. Leonard, J. & W. Morrison, Francis Love, H. H. Hoskin, Jas. McKenzie, George A. Matheson, Edward Morkin, J. B. Cook, William Spencer, Henry Dowling, Alex. Crawford, Thomas Peel, Charles E. Richardson, Thomas Hodgson, Jr., Leonard Gould, Wallace W. Lazarus, F. G. Beak, John Cartlidge, J. A. Mann, W. H. Taylor, Jr., Robert Kirkpatrick, Jas. Newman, Wm. Stone, James Wright, Henry Smith, T. Paxton, Geo. G. Chalmers, Wm. Trebilcock, A. T. H. Johnson, W. Sage, W. S. Ede, C. W. Jeffreys, J. Jarvis, J. A. Nelles, M. D., M. McCrimmon, C. Green, Sam'l B. Brown, R. Strong, C. B. Cudlip, T. A. Fripe, John Bishop, P. C. Barnard, M. H. Howard, T. H. Tuggie, Jas. Logan, C. C. Cobbett, F. L. Austin, John G. Dodd, Wm. Cater, H. Phillips, J. B. Elliott, Jr., Sam'l Peters, Alex. Geo. F. Westland, J. Treweman, Jas. Mills, P. Mc. J. Hodgson, Wm. Noble, J. Hodgson, jr., H. Morehouse, A. Durand, R. Butler, R. Dennis, A. T. Campbell, W. J. Orsom, J. Dean, John Burns, Robt. Chapman, Chas. Chapman, J. Woodland, G. S. T. Bryce, J. J. Wettlaufer, M. Masuret, N. T. Wilson, Jas. Rogers, Wm. Mayes, H. McEwen, Warren Rook, Wm. Penfield, Arthur G. M. Cooper, Chas. Pewings, Frank H. Coles, C. A. Cragg.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN.—I assure you I feel highly flattered by the requisition you have presented, and acknowledge gratefully the confidence you so publicly manifest in me, and I feel that I should allow myself to be put in nomination.

I, therefore, willingly accede to your request and leave myself in your hands, and will endeavor, if elected, to perform the duties devolving upon me to the best of my ability and with strict regard to the interests of the city.

Very Sincerely Yours,
W. M. MOORE.

THE LONDON LOAN COMPANY OF Canada

HEREBY GIVE NOTICE OF DIVIDEND declared on the capital Stock of the Company at rate of Eight per cent. per annum for the current half-year, payable on and after 2nd January, A. D. 1883

The House is Filled with Fragrance
When the Family Washing is done with
CHURCHER'S PREMIER SOAP,
because it is nicely perfumed, and the materials carefully rendered and purified by steam. It may be had of nearly every respectable grocer in the city, but purchasers are requested to see that the words "CHURCHER'S PREMIER SOAP, LONDON," are stamped on each bar, that the words "CHURCHER'S PREMIER SOAP, LONDON," are stamped on each bar, that the words "CHURCHER'S PREMIER SOAP, LONDON," are stamped on each bar, that the words "CHURCHER'S PREMIER SOAP, LONDON," are stamped on each bar, Manufactured by THE MAY CHURCHER & CO., Steam Soap Works, Clarence St., London.
tuts

The Free Press.
LONDON, ONT.
Saturday, December 23, 1882.

The Glove.

BY LEIGH HUNT.

King Francis was a hearty King, and loved a royal sport;
And one day as his lions fought, sat looking on at the court;
The nobles filled the benches, and the ladies, in their pride,
And 'mongst them sat the count de Lorge, with one for whom he sighed:
And truly 'twas a gallant thing to see that crowning sight of war,
Valor and beauty, and a king above and the royal beasts between.
Ramp'd and roared the lions with horrid laugh-ing jaws;
They lash'd their tails, they glared, gave blows like beams, a wind went roaring through their paws;
With wallowing might and stifled roar, they rolled on one another,
Till all the pit with sand and mane, was in a whirl of fear and smother;
The bloody foam above the bars came whisking through the air;
Said Francis then, "Faith, gentlemen, we're better here than there."
De Lorge's daring overheard the King, a beauteous, lively dame,
With smiling lips and sharp, bright eyes, which always equaled the same;
She thought—"The Count, my lover, is brave as brave can be;
He surely would do wondrous things to show his love of me;
King, ladies, lovers, all look on—the occasion is divine!
I'll drop my glove to prove his love; great glory will be mine."
She dropped her glove to prove his love, then looked on him and smiled;
He bowed with grace and complaisance, and grace and courtesy;
And in a moment leaped among the lions wild:
The leap was quick, return was quick—he has regained his place;
Then threw the glove, but not with love, right in her face.
"Now, fie, Francis, "rightly done!" exclaimed the court; from where he sat;
"Shame on her, "but vanity sets love a task like that!"

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

CHAPTER XIII

HOW MONA PROVES HERSELF EQUAL—IF NOT SUPERIOR—TO DR. MARY WALKER; AND HOW GEOFFREY, BY A BASE THREAT, CARRIES HIS POINT.

Old Brian Scully is in his parlor, and ones to meet them as they enter the hall, his pipe alight in his mouth.

"Come in, come in," he begins cheerily, id then catching sight of Mona's pale face, stops short.

"Why, what has come of cross he, aghast, glancing from his daughter to Geoffrey's haggard shirt and torn "what has happened?"

"Mona was run," returns Mona, grily, in a strangely unequal voice, at present.

"Eh, but this is bad news," says old ien, looking perplexed and disheartened his niece's words. "Where will it end? ns in, Mother Rodney—get me back my her. No, not a word out of ye now till ssible. This is bits ye are; a good coat I was this morning to ye's the whisky, Mona, agra, an' there's water. Oh,' the black villain! Let ye smarthe you, Why, there's a bump d on ye. Oh! the murthering thief! runs on the kindly farmer, smitten to heart that such things could be—and upon Rodney of all men. He walks d the young man, muttering his indigna-in a low tone, while he helps the gentle care to remove his coat,—or at what remains of that once goodly garthat base parricide Mr. Poole.

"Here's the doctor at all, at all!" says ering soothingly into a chair, and tunning Bridby, who is standing open-mouth-the door-way, and who, though grievplainly finding such pleasure in the on. Being investigated, she informs the doctor is to-night on the top of Golden Mountain, and, literally, e home until morning."

w, what's to be done?" says old n despair. "I know, as well as if told me, it is Norry Flannigan! Just like o summon to be 'always troublesome!' sure, Biddy!"

th I am, sir. I see him goin' wid me wy eyes not an hour ago, in the gig whin keepy wid the shtones!"

so tell,—that looks for all the world was screened on to him. As Mona ed calling for him nayther (though I y but she'll be on the way), but ollowed the wagon. 'That's a shtich for mornin', an' he's gone intirely this e people say. An more's the pity, e the rent now! he was, an more nor l sweep."

ology on the departing Larry she with much unction, and a good check apron in the corner of one

mind Larry," says the farmer, im-. "This is the seventh time he d this year, might perhaps be ake you a little more comfortable." ge feeling of shyness in weighing Her stalwart English lover is close beside her, having risen chair with him; eyes on hers, and shirt-sleeves looking more than ambonge because of his pallor, and of the dark circle that, lying his eyes, threw out their color, an darker, deeper, than is their How shall she bare the sum of this doms?—how help to heal his Oh, Larry Moloney, what hast not to answer for?

nks a little from the task, and n have exuded it altogether; ere is happiness, too, in the hat here is an occasion on which ordered you to bliss. Will not it itself bring her more bliss?

sweet to feel that it is in her ss his pain! And is not this one g what a tender wife would her husband's head?

s hesitation, though betraying no awardness or silly *mauvaise ood*, the only sign of emotion ow is a soft slow blush, that, quickly, tips even her little ears

r thry," says old Brian, in his brogue, that cometh kindly from

"She's mighty clever about

ly like to ask her to do it," says man, divided between an overe to be made "comfortable," expressed it, and a chivalrous the sight of the nasty though sh-wound will cause her some Perhaps it will make you unay shock you," he says to her, anxiety.

ill not shock me," returns Mona, hereupon he sits down, and s bason on the table, and Mona ing fingers, takes a scissors, away the shirt-sleeve from his rm. Then she bathes it.

moment she turns deadly pale, a faint tone, "I know I am ;—I feel it." And in truth I tender heart does feel it, much he does. There is an expresmounts to agony in her beauti-

rt me" replies he, in a peculiar is not so peculiar but it fully

And then he smiles, and, Brian has once more returned ad his pipe, and Biddy has fresh water, he stoops over the sion, and, in spite of all the unroundings, kisses her as fondly and moreabouts and dripping of perfumed exotics were on

And this, because true but needs no outward fire to m—is in his heart.

Mona knows no more nervousth a steady and practised hand s arm, and when all is finished a gentle very gently from her heart of her lips, and soul with- surveys with pride her handi-

hope you will feel less pain," th a glad triumph.

ll be strong," he gallantly. Then the old Eden from the ok, snapping his knee with ed-and indeed! It reminds old days when we'd swear any the lass we loved. Ay, very ood."

Mona and Geoffrey break into e, being overcome by the dent lying.

ust say sit down, lad," says inknowing of their secret mutual all about it, from start to

Brian's a thundering rogue, see about a bed for you."

says Rodney, hastily. "I have to much trouble already. I as grain well enough now to ld to Bantry."

ed says Mona, growing white

"Oh, do you want to

"ODDS AND ENDS.

Facts, Fun and Fancy.

BOYS' RIGHTS.

I wonder how if any one
In this broad land has heard
In favor of down-trodden boys
One solitary word?
We hear enough of "woman's rights,"
And "rights of working men,"
Of "equal rights" and "nation s rights,"
But pray just tell us when
Boys' rights were ever spoken of?
Why, we're beneath no need
To being snubbed by every one
And slighted and abused,
That when one is polite to us
We open wide our eyes
And stretch them in astonishment
To twice their natural size!

Boys seldom dare to ask their friends
To venture in the house,
It don't come natural at all
To creep round like a mouse,
And if we should forget ourselves,
And make a little noise,
The ma or auntie sure would say,
"O, my! those dreadful boys!"
The girls bang on the piano
In peace, but if the boys
Attempt a tune with fife or drum,
It's "Stop that horrid noise!"
"That horrid noise!" just think of it?
When sister never fails
To make a noise three times as bad
With everlasting "scales."

Insulted thus, we lose no time
In beating a retreat;
So off we go to romp and tear
And scamper in the street.
No wonder that so many boys
Such wicked men become;
'Twere better far to let them have
Their games and plays at home.
Perhaps that land the preacher quotes
Sometimes—"train up a child"—
Means only train the little girls,
And let the boys run wild.
But should it be the time shall come
When still they'll be more free,
And when it does, I cannot think,
Wrongs will be righted then.

Mr. Younghusband, who has seven silver ladies among his wedding presents, says he is in favor of silver-service reform."

"I aim to tell the truth." "Yes," interrupted an acquaintance, "and you are probably the worst shot in America."

The difference between a tree and a dog is that the bark of the latter is more than skin deep. That is the reason why so few people find any beauty in it.

The time has come when the average man has to wrestle with the temptation to buy his wife a smoking-cap and a box of cigars for a Christmas present.

Boston is cultured, no doubt, but there is a trifling incongruity in her singing the "Hallelujah Chorus" in connection with the "Messiah" for the benefit of the Russian Jews.

Specimen of English joke:—North Country barber to Tourist—"Ah!" Tourist to North Countryman—"Ah, hah!" North Countryman retires much disconcerted.

Greek Recitation—Benevolent Professor, (prompting)—"Now then, Epstein." Somnolent Sixth (remembering last night's studies)—"I make it next." (He goes alone before the faculty.)

A man in Springfield, Mo., poured out a glass of whiskey, looked at it a moment, and then dropped dead. He had received a warning to all men to drink their whiskey as soon as they pour it out.

A SATURDAY NIGHT SYMPHONY.

To-night the country choir meet
In the little village church,
And each one gaily takes a seat
Just above the parson's perch.

They practice holy hymns of praise,
With discordant "oh, si, do,"
And, as loud tones they raise,
The harmony harsher grows.

And on the morrow when the fire
The music with which they fought,
Some captious critic will inquire,
"I wonder what it was sung?"

Miss Marguerite (to Pullhard, stroke of class crew): You treat my kitten, Mr. W. H. Street, Pullhard, very much as you did last spring. What do you mean? Why you stroke it the wrong way.

Our jury system is beautifully illustrated by this incident—Have you formed an opinion?" "No, sir." "Have you expressed an opinion?" "I think I have." Then the Judge said, "Gentlemen, I think the juror is competent."

Artists are fond of praising the "old masters." Then there are about a dozen old masters in crude oil that will find it to their advantage to keep away from this city. Even a lamb will turn when trampled on.—*Pittsburgh Telegraph.*

Holly Hallworthy (who does not dance, and who, Sally says, has been a wall-flower all the evening)—Are you dancing this even-ng, Miss Passee? Miss P.—mistakenly inserted, as Mr. Bro. H. supposed, making a neat speech in presenting the apron, and alluded to the services of Bro. Lewis, W.M., P.M., and Chaplain of the Lodge. The Worshipful, who was completely taken by surprise, returned his hearty thanks for this mark of esteem, and hoped that the harmony and prosperity would attend the Order.

The following officers of Wingham Lodge, No. 286, were duly elected at the last regular meeting:—W. Elliott, W. M.; Reading, S. W.; J. Scollands, J. W.; R. Flynn, Chap.; E. H. Talbot, Treas.; W. J. Green, Sec.; J. W. Walker, Tyler.

At the annual meeting of Bernard Lodge, No. 225, A., F. & A. M., Listowel, the following officers were appointed for the ensuing year:—W. M., T. G. Feimell; S. W., A. M. Bell; J. W., C. Hacking; Chaplain, Bro. J. W. Bell; Sec., W. J. Ferguson; Treas., S. M. Bell.

At the regular meeting of King Hiram Lodge, No. 32, A., F. & A. M., G. R. Empey said, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—W. Bro. R. Thompson, W. M.; Bros. S. Chapman, ... ; Wm. J. L. Pulkinham, ... ; Rev. W. A. Wooding, Treas.; Rev. J. Hewett, Sec.; Rev. Bro. E. M. Bland, Chap.; Bro. A. McLeod, Tyler.

Rev. E. J. Robinson will preach a sermon on Sunday, 31st inst., at 11 o'clock a.m., to the Masons of Exeter. Subject—"The Origin, Development, and History of Masonry."

ODD-FELLOWSHIP.

Another lodge of the Independent order of Odd-fellows is about to be organized in Seaforth. Application has been made to the Grand Lodge for a charter by Past Grands A. P. Cameron, H. B. Rose and H. Jameson.

FORESTRIC.

Conclave No. 3, Knights of Sherwood Forest, (uniformed branch of the Ancient Order of Foresters), of Dutton, have elected the following officers:—Commander, John Turner; Vice-Commander, W. B. Lawrence; Captain, Wm. Skillington; Adjutant, H. Fenton-Attwell; Treasurer, Thos. Blake; Master-at-Arms, C. A. Ayers; First Sergeant, W. H. Condo.

The anniversary of Court Royal Oak, C.O.F. of Listowel, was celebrated with great eclat on Monday evening. The Court is reported to be in a flourishing condition.

Court Endeavour, A.O.F., of Brantford, has elected the following officers for the next ensuing term:—Chief Ranger, Bro. Thos. S. C.R.; J. Kertzener, Treasurer; A. J. Stevens, Secretary; A. Wetmore, Financial Bond; J.W.; T. S. Logan, S.B.; C. Platt, J.B.; H. Waddington, P.C.R.; Dr. Ranger, Medical Trustees, J. H. Adams, J. Shaw, W. Bamford, P.C.R.'s. On the night of the 18th inst. the Court P. C. R. Waddington was presented with a silver pitcher, suitably inscribed, and also faithfully filled during the past term.

Court Maple Leaf, No. 6, A.O.F., Bro. Jno. Ingersoll, elected officers the other evening as follows:—Chief Ranger, Bro. John A. Webster; Sub-Chief Ranger, Bro. E. M. Leflar; Treasurer, Bro. Wm. Bookes; Secretary, Bro. C. Kassidy; Assist. Secretary, Bro. Thos. Dutton; Financial Secretary, Bro. Thos. Dewdney; Assist. Secretary, Bro. Thos. Woodward, Bro. H. Jones; Junior Woodward, Bro. Alf. Winslade; Senior Beadle, Bro. Geo. Craig.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The A. O. U. W. is going ahead in Manitoba. In addition to one lodge at Winnipeg, it is expected that within the next two months there will be opened at Emerson, Stonewall, Portage la Prairie and Birtle.

The election of officers of Tutela Council, No. 487, Royal Arcanum, of Brantford, took place this week, and resulted as follows:—Regent, James N. Peer; Vice-Regent, Dr. E. Hart; Orator, Ed. Dennis; Past Regent, W. C. Hately; Secretary, J. W. Holme; Collector, P. G. Walsh; Treasurer, James Pollock; Chaplain, A. M. Alexander Gibbs, David Taylor; Warden, J. B. Alexander Gibbs, David Taylor; Warden, J. B. Alexander Gibbs, David Taylor; Warden, J. B

Order Your Winter Overcoat
now. Choose a POPULAR CLOTH
[illegible]. His stock of materials
is choice and very extensive, while
for MAKE and FIT his garments are
unapproachable.---146 Dundas Street,
nearly opposite Market Lane.

Post Office Notice.

MONDAY BEING CHRISTMAS DAY the

Post Office will be Open From 8 to 10 a.m., and from 6 to 7 p. m. only.

The early morning mails will be closed as usual—others at 10 a.m.
The street letter boxes will be cleared before 10 a.m.
Anything mailed at the letter box, railway station, will be in time for railway post offices passing east and west.
There will be only one delivery by letter carriers.

R. J. C. DAWSON,
Postmaster.

dr

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Bank drafts which fall due on Monday, a statutory holiday, need not be paid until Tuesday.

Judge Elliot yesterday granted an order for the removal of the boy Haywood to the reformatory.

Mr. William Southam, Managing Director of the Hamilton *Spectator*, is in the city, visiting friends here.

The Scaforth *Sun* says:—There are about 500 tickets for the London Masonic gift enterprise sold in town.

Mr. Wm. Buckingham, formerly of Stratford, and lately on the *Sun*, of Winnipeg, is visiting friends at Stratford.

There is certain of getting a high school and High School district at the January session of County Council.

Mr. James A. Dart, of Ridgetown, formerly of London, is convalescent. He is rapidly regaining his usual strength.

At Police Court yesterday several offenders against the majesty of the law were discharged by His Worship the Police Magistrate.

Rev. D. H. Hind, of Burford, was "donated" $60 by his congregation the other evening, and Mrs. Hind with a valuable brooch.

Strathroy *Age*:—The London FREE PRESS is to hand this morning in an entirely new outfit. A Christmas box for its patrons."

The fastest youth Rumboyd, who figured as a fireling in Woodstock a month ago, has been sentenced to five years in the Reformatory.

The Junior Judgeship of Huron is vacant, and the names of Messrs. Davidson and Doyle are mentioned as likely persons to receive the office.

The well-worthy trotting horse, "John Hanlan," has been sold by Mr. Y. White, of Norfolk, to Mr. Lampman, of Harwich, for the sum sum of $1,000.

Commissioner Owen has for the past two days been overseeing the opening up of the watercourses and gully holes along the streets, so that the water may find an outlet.

Mr. Reynolds, of the R. E. Church, St. Thomas, has received and accepted a call from a church in Philadelphia, but does not leave his present charge for about a month.

Rev. E. Bredin Hamilton, B. A., third son of Mr. James Hamilton, Stratford, has been appointed to the incumbency of Alvinston, and will begin his new duties immediately.

Woodstock *Times*:—That popular journal, the London FREE PRESS, shows signs of continued success. It has donned a new dress, in which it presents a fine typographical appearance.

It is understood that a choice variety of rich and magnificent prizes presented to the Bishop's table at the Catholic bazaar will be on exhibition to-day in Mr. F. T. Trehilcock's window, Dundas street.

Mr. John Weld, son of Mr. Wm. Weld, of the *Farmer's Advocate*, has returned to spend Christmas and New Year's with the "Old Folks at Home." John looks as if the bracing air of the North-west agreed with him.

Mr. Wm. Stirling, for a long time in the employ of the C. P. R. Co. at Emerson, and at Dominion City, has left for London, Ont., where he will spend the winter. He expects to go to Thunder Bay in the spring.

Chief Williams returned from Hamilton last night, having in custody a man named Lockwood, who is charged with having stolen two coats from the office of McDolly, on the corner of Wellington and Bathurst streets, several weeks ago.

Brantford *Expositor*:—New Clothes.—The London Free Press has got a new suit, and feels as proud as a boy with his first pair of breeches. Go ahead and prosper, Mrs. F. P., we wish you success, a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Miss V. Drury's class of the Intermediate wishes to make explanations. John A. Gale's income tax was struck off, as was also the tax of Mrs. Lawrence. Mrs. Donnelly's petition was referred to the Inspector and Ald. Sharman to report. The taxes against the building used for the News Boys' Home were struck off, the institution being exempt by law. H. Abbott's petition for a rebate in his taxes for two stores which have been empty was read, and the sum of $10 struck off. An account from J. Sorrell, Auditor, $75, was passed On motion it was ordered that the assessment roll of 1881 should be returned by the 27th inst. Adjourned.

SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.—The entertainment held Thursday evening, 21st, in the Central School buildings, under the management of Miss Shaw and Miss Mills, was a grand success. The large audience listened to several recitations, dialogues, &c., which were given with wonderful effect. After the programme was finished refreshments were passed around, and then the Christmas tree was stripped of its burden, to the delight of the little ones. A pleasant time was spent by all present.

XMAS!
Gifts worthy of imperials.
—AT—
TRONG'S
Drug Store,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press.
LONDON, ONT.
Day, December 23, 1882.
LONDON FREE PRESS.
Daily Free Press is on file evening
seen in Toronto at the branch office,
ington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL.
London, Saturday, Dec. 23, 1882.
Sun rises 7.40 a.m. | Moon rises 1.02 p.m
Sun sets 4.36 p.m. | Moon sets 4.28 a.m
Day of the year 357th.
MOON'S PHASES.
Last quarter 2nd | 9.47 a. m
New moon 10th | 10.28 a. m
First quarter 17th | 11.30 a. m
Full moon 26th | 10.32 a. m

CLIMATIC VALUE OF FORESTS.
(Concluded.)
Forests, of course, protect the soil from rapid radiation of its heat and the frigorific downward currents of the great "cold waves." But [illegible] passage
waves" also serve to detain
cross the continent than would be the
the soil cleared. The removal of the
the spread of civilization and conflu-
ence exposes the soil to increased facility
of nocturnal cold and heat, and enables
masses of cold air to roll over it with
rapidity to the sea. We may congratu-
late ourselves on the latter effect of soil denuda-
tion, probably gives us winters of higher
extremes than our ancestors had. But
the probable future investigation will
show that while we thus gain "milder
winters" the precipitation of winter and
spring is reduced and the agricultural seasons
rendered disastrous droughts. For it is seen
that exceptionally mild winters, like those of
1868, 1870-80 and 1881-82, have been marked by
disorders of winter rainfall and by wide-
spread droughts, with forest fires and army
worm invasions in the succeeding spring
months, the aridity sometimes extending far
into the summer. It is to be hoped, therefore,
that during the coming winter the preser-
vation of forests will be made a matter of more
careful and intelligent legislation than has
been devised.

CURIOUS WEATHER REPORT.
Dec. 22, 1 a. m.—The pressure continues abnormally low over the Lake Region, and extremely high over other parts of
Heavy rain, or, in some localities, sleet, is falling over the greater part of Ontario to-night rain and snow are falling in the south portion of Quebec. The weather is quiet and cool in the Maritime Provinces and the Gulf. Lakes—Winds shifting to and partially clearing weather, becoming somewhat colder to-night.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Beautiful Pampas Grass of California, Plume Grass and Feather Grass, also other varieties, for Christmas decoration. GEO. MCBROOM, corner Market and Market Square.

THE OPERA HOUSE.—At the Opera House on Thursday evening next, Dec. 28, "The New Magdalen" will be presented with Miss Marie Prescott and Mr. Morrison in the leading roles of "Mercy Merrick" and "Julian Gray," respectively, supported by a powerful dramatic company. As this is a play deeply absorbing in interest, replete with pathos; a story which reaches the heart; written by the great English novelist, Wilkie Collins, it should be a sufficient guarantee of its merit and value to attract a large and fashionable audience. Miss Prescott and Morrison are popularly known in London, and the company supporting them is said to be particularly meritorious. Following is the cast of characters:

Mr. Lewis Morrison
Mr. Archie Cowper
Mr. Percy Haswell
Mr. James Taylor
Mr. J. H. Fitzgerald
Mr. Frank Griffith
Mr. Julius Kahn
Mr. Newton Chisnell
Mr. Stephen Arnold
Mr. Geo. McDonald
Miss Adele Belgarde
Miss Virginia Buchanan
Miss Conway.

Lidstone

GIFTS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.—Mr. R. Mace, 146 Dundas street, is now showing a splendid stock of silk handkerchiefs, mufflers, scarfs, ties, etc., at prices never before offered to the public. We can confidently recommend intending purchasers to call at this establishment, where they will get good value for their money. f

THORLEY'S HORSE AND CATTLE FOOD.—Mr. J. Rogers, travelling agent for the Empire Cattle Food Company, of Rochester, Rebell (the original Thorley of England), has just returned from a three months' trip to Montreal and back as far east as Montreal, and reports having met with good sales, and even more gratifying accounts of the popularity of the article. He is now home in the city for the holidays, and will be pleased to meet his friends, who are glad to welcome his genial presence at this time. The company has issued an almanac that for brevity, reliable information, and concise, yet profuse tables, census statistics, the laws, animal physiology, useful hints on the rearing and feeding of stock, and other information.

Bookcases, hanging baskets, grass, moss, &c., in great variety, for Xmas decoration. For sale by PRINCE, WELD & CO., seed merchants, Market Square and 119 Dundas street. 1-22t

2,000 boys and girls wanted to buy skates at Scarrow's saddlery, 235 Dundas st. Lincoln

Mr. L. Carrie, Richmond street, is now having a large assortment of fancy goods suitable for Xmas and New Year's presents. Books in fancy bindings, dolls, glassware, &c., Richmond street, opposite Carling's. 1-22

Keep out the winter wind by getting double glass window sashes from Brown & Morris, 216 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools. k17dy

Eby Bros. call special attention to their immense stock of Christmas cards, Albums, *papeteries*, frames, &c. Cheapest in the city. 1-8d

Books of all kinds made from best stock, at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Giant Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and clean. A child can use it. For sale by T. JEREMY MARSH, 137 Dundas street.

M. T. Ostrom & Co. are making an elegant display of holiday goods. Their stock of fruits, candies, canned goods, &c., is the finest and most attractive within the city. 1-21dy

If you want to see the finest stock of cakes, candies &c., call at Fessenden Bros., 519 Richmond street. 1-21dv

Eastern holly, ground pine, everlasting flowers, natural and dyed grasses for Christmas and New Year's decoration for sale by Geo. McBroom, corner Market Lane and Market Square.

The finest assortment of Bibles, prayer books and hymn books at Bryce's Depots, 123 and 168 Dundas street. The largest stock in the city. Direct from the publishers in the old country.

Order your Xmas cakes and confectionery at Gerrie Bros', opposite McCormick's Dundas street, London Ed. Fresh oysters in bulk or can 1-8dv

For all the late styles in dress-making and ladies' and children's underwear, and gentlemen's shirts, at ladies' manilles and trimmings go to MASONSON, 184 corner of Richmond and Simcoe street, London, Ont. H12vn

Received at W. L. Carrie's, 417 Richmond street, the beautiful little song and chorus "We Never Speak We Pass," by Carleton, Price, 25c., post-paid.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—One hundred thousand dollars' worth of general dry goods, carpets, oil cloth and clothing, to be sold without reserve at cost pic. Parties would do well to call and purchase their fall and winter goods before the stock broken up.—R. S. MURRAY & CO.

ROLLED PLAT JEWELLERY.—Fine jewelery; Swiss, Enish and Waltham watches; American and Canadian clocks; wedding rings, Masonic and Oddfellows' presentation jewels, made to order at WESTLAND'S, 36 Richmond street, two doorsorth of City Hall.

CHESTER ASHALLEY removed to immediately oppositen Baker's Block. Consignment of chromos, engravings and water colors just arrived fr. England. Velvet frames, cards, &c., in gre variety for Xmas and New Year's gifts; also fancy goods and stationery. The old reliable ere, established 1870. 18dy

EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 80 Dundas St., MRS. J. A. MYI Nitschke Block. New fall stock of millines. All the latest English and American style Prices very low. A call solicitted. 1-2dvn

JOHN TALBOTmanufacturer; of gents' custom boots and sos. New lasts; finest stock; perfect fits—[illegible] street, London, Ont. 1Dy

Largest astiment of photo albums, auto. albumsand perfumery cases at Bryce s Depot123 and 168 Dundas street. The largest dri importer from the manufacturers in Unity.

Revalenta Arabica.
Ridge's Food,
Imperial Granum,
Nestle's Milk Food,
—AND—
Other Medicinal Preparations
for Invalids and Children,
FOR SALE BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
CHEMIST,
188 DUNDAS STREET.

Chemical Food and
Compound Syrup of
Hypophosphites,
USEFUL IN THE VARIOUS FORMS OF
General Debility
PREPARED AND SOLD BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
CHEMIST,
188 Dundas Street, London.

Largest assortment of writing desks, work boxes and ladies' companions at Bryce's Depots, 123 and 168 Dundas street. The only direct importer from the manufacturers in the city.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,
—AND—
WINDOW GLASS.
Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Fineness Guaranteed.
Fine Carriage & House Varnishes a Specialty.
R. LEWIS
68 RICHMOND STREET.

AT THE ASYLUM.—The choir of St. Andrew's Church, under the management of Mr. Freeland, entertained the patients and attendants at the Asylum to a very fine concert last evening. The programme, which was quite select in character, was well rendered, and consisted of choruses and glees by the choir, solos, duetts, etc., by the Misses Freeland, Boon, M. McLellan, Misses Freeland, McCrimmon and Masters Freeland and Corning, and recitations by Misses A. B. Sage and McLellan.

REDUCED IN PRICE!

Harkness and Co.
DRUGGISTS,
Jinaw-wa-in Dundas St., London.

MUNICIPAL NOMINATIONS.

The Mayoralty and Water Commissioners.

ALDERMANIC NOMINATIONS IN THE WARDS AND CANDIDATES FOR BALLOTING IN THE SECTIONS.

A meeting of the ratepayers of the city was held in the City Hall yesterday for the purpose of nominating candidates to serve as Mayor and Water Commissioners for the ensuing year. The attendance of ratepayers was limited—in fact, such a small gathering has not been witnessed for some years upon such an occasion. Those present did not evince any of the excitement that has characterized the nominations in former years, being apparently well satisfied with the existing order of things. The proceedings were opened before the Returning Officer, Mr. Alex. S. Abbott, City Clerk, shortly after 10 o'clock.

THE MAYORALTY.

Mr. Edmund Meredith was proposed as a fit and proper person for the Mayoralty by ex-Ald. Regan, seconded by ex-Ald. Cowan.

In making the nomination, Mr. Regan said Mayor Meredith had, during the year, performed his duties satisfactorily, and reflected credit not only upon himself, but upon the city, and he thought it would be well to continue him in office. As a whole, the present Council had done their duty, grappled with the public questions, and at least shown the people where they stood. They had appointed committees in a manner different from former years, arranging the business according to their fitness for the positions. He did not think the increase of salaries was wrong, as they had seen the evils of poorly paid officials in the case of the auditors. The vital question now before the people was the London Junction Railway, and he believed there was no one but was in favor of having it come into the city. The proposed route through the streets was perhaps a little objectionable, and he believed that the property owners should be compensated for any damage done to them, but for his own part he was in favor of having the road run through private property. It was essential to have the line, as it would give direct connection with a through line as important as the Grand Trunk. He concluded by deprecating the cry against aldermen who lived in the suburbs.

Ex. Ald Cowan, in seconding the nomination, spoke of the creditable manner in which Mr. Meredith had fulfilled his duties faithfully and efficiently. The small attendance—which was the smallest he had ever seen at a nomination for the Mayoralty—was a proof that the people were thoroughly satisfied with him.

Emanuel T. Essery was proposed by ex-Ald. Thompson, seconded by ex-Ald Love.

WATER COMMISSIONERS.

Mr. A. B. Powell, was proposed by E. T. Essery as a candidate for Water Commissioner, seconded by John A. Cousins.

Mr. James M. Cox was nominated by George Hiscox, seconded by Frank Love.

Mr. John Rayner was proposed by Ald. Boyd, seconded by Ald. Beckie.

The mover of the latter said as Mr. Powell had expressed a willingness to stand, he took pleasure in making the nomination. It was not necessary for him to say anything about Mr. Rayner. The seconder said this question of the appointment of Water Commissioners was one of the most important the people had to decide. It should be determined whether the Commissioners had a right to expend more than specified by the Council.

Mayor Meredith expressed his thanks for the kind manner in which he had been nominated, and said he was again a candidate for the Mayoralty. He believed there had been no hostility shown to the present Council up till a month since, when the London Junction Railway gave rise to some excitement, and it had been asserted that the action of the council had been actuated in the interest of a certain class. He believed that all were anxious to promote the welfare of the city, and that notwithstanding the action that had been taken a fair and satisfactory settlement of the matter would be arrived at. It was unfortunate that he was trimming on this matter, and he desired to state his position. He thought it would have been better if a public meeting had been called, and the opinions of the citizens had been taken on the matter, but this was not done. They were fully aware of the monopoly enjoyed by the Grand Trunk and the desirability of the city securing the London Junction, and the latter company came to the Council and gave their offer to him, so that it was necessary at once to decide, and in view of this, to secure the line. He was in favor of having the road run through the streets, but when a public meeting almost unanimously decided against it he considered it his duty, as representing the interests of the whole city to act in accordance with their wishes and oppose the running of the road along the streets. At the last meeting of the Council a motion had been passed that a by-law would be submitted to the ratepayers, who would be asked to say whether a $30,000 bonus should be granted and whether the road should run through the streets. He thought the citizens should vote for the bonus, as it would be cheaper than by giving compensation for the road running along the streets, and they had the opinion of the City Solicitor that if the bonus was carried it would no doubt be sufficient to pay compensation, and the London Junction would be secured in a satisfactory manner. He then dwelt upon the question of municipal reform, which had been strongly asked for last year. He showed how this had been done by the reduction of the number of aldermen from 21 to 12, the reduction of the committees from 7 or 8, and the duties of the ward appropriation system, and by the appointment of a permanent engineer, and also adverted to the manner in which the Gamiel had grappled with the financial questions of the time. He spoke of the large amount of improvements that had been made, and expressed the opinion that the future would see many more. The assessment character were needed the citizens should put in force the Local Improvement Act. He then adverted to the subject of relief, which had this year entailed an expenditure of $6,500. He believed there should be a thorough change in the system of giving relief, that it should be placed altogether outside of the hands of the Aldermen and put in the hands of the Relief Commissioner, who should get the sanction of the Relief Committee before one dollar of the city's money was laid out for this purpose. Another point occurred to him, which was, could the revenue of the city not be increased in some other way? The Assessors, he believed, could not be blamed much, for they had done their duty well, but there were a large number of merchants who were not assessed in proportion to the value of their goods. The Assessors went to them and asked the value of their property and what debt they had upon it. Then they had to take the valuation given by those men. The matter, he believed, should be referred to the Finance Committee before the revision of the rolls, and they, with those who were familiar with the standing of every merchant, could have a proper valuation put upon the property, real and personal, and they could tell if the merchants and others had been properly assessed, and by this means at least $10,000 would be added to the revenue of the city. He had been charged that the present Council had been extravagant, but he said the Council only control some $60,000 of the expenditure. The debt on the city was about $1200,000, on which they had to pay $100,000 each year. The School Board spent money without the control of the Council, the Police Commissioners expended large sums, and the maintenance of the hospital necessitated a further expenditure, which had to be provided for, so the council only control some $60,000. There was another thing in which he felt strongly. The police commissioners expended a large amount of money and were not responsible to the council, and he thought this was wrong. If elected he would move strongly for a reform in this matter. He would, if elected, do the best he could to protect the interests of the whole city, and would esteem his return to office a high honor.

Mr. E. T. Essery announced that he was not a candidate for the mayoralty at present, but if the people after next year should nominate him for any office he would be in a position to accept it. Mr. Meredith said that if elected he would carry out his promises, and if so he (the speaker) would be one of his strongest supporters, for he believed with Mr. Meredith that all class legislation should be abolished and the Council act for the benefit of all citizens, rich and poor alike. He then spoke of the desirability of having a free public library for the city and subsequently adverted to the unsatisfactory manner in which the Board of Trade conducted their business, and their conduct in granting of a right of way to the London Junction which, he claimed they had betrayed the city. After some further remarks relative to the Board of Trade candidates and to Mr. John McClary, he concluded by saying if the people were true to themselves they would hurl these men from power.

Mr. A. B. Powell said it had been said that he purposed retiring from public life. Such was his intention, but within the last few days he had been presented with a largely-signed requisition, and he did not see how he could refuse such a requisition. He thanked those gentlemen for the confidence they had reposed in him, and accepted the nomination. There was one fact he wished to state in regard to the London Junction. He believed all wanted the road, but was glad that the Council had revoked their first action, for all citizens had rights, which should be respected. No Council should dictate to the people, but should say to the railroad company that they would not allow the road to run along the streets or to injure the rights or property, or endanger the lives of any citizens; and he trusted, therefore, that they would vote for the bonus. He then spoke of the overdrawn bank account of the Commissioners. The present Commissioners were not to blame for this overdrawn account, and the citizens who had read the papers were as familiar with the details of the expenditure as the Commissioners themselves from the statements published quarterly. He was in favor of giving free water to the London Junction, and had the assurance of the Engineer that it would not amount to more than $40 or $50 a year. He traced the progress of the construction of the new pumps, alluding to the danger of the water becoming so low as to create a water famine, and great injury in case of breakage of the machinery. Now they were perfectly safe, and could see the advisability of the Commissioners constructing the new pumps and making improvements by which they not only had ample machinery, but all the water the citizens could possibly use. He then proceeded to state the cause of the expenditure. A considerable amount was entailed in extending the system and putting in services for citizens. The revenue from this source had increased since 1880 $9,000. He concluded by a brief review of matters relative to the waterworks in general.

The returning officer then declared Mayor Meredith re-elected as Mayor of the city for the year 1883, and the proceedings closed, leaving Messrs. A. B. Powell, J. M. Cousins and John Rayner as candidates for Water Commissioners.

ALDERMANIC.

NUMBER ONE WARD.

The following nominations were made for Aldermanic honors in this Ward:—

H. G. Green and James Kennedy nominated Ald. John W. Jones.

J. M. Cousins and Robert Smith nominated Ald. C. Taylor.

Robert Smith and John Kincade nominated Ald. R. Pritchard.

R. W. Green and John Kincade nominated Mr. John Labatt.

William Craig and J. Broadbent nominated Ald. C. S. Hyman.

John Beattie and T. J. McDonough nominated Ald. C. B. Hunt.

It is understood that a public meeting of the electors will be held on Saturday evening to discuss municipal matters.

NUMBER TWO WARD.

Ald. Thos. Beattie was nominated by Samuel McBride and John Bryan. Accepted.

James Gowan, nominated by Harry C. Smyth and Thos. Beattie. Accepted.

Ald C. S. Hyman, nominated by Archibald Sharpe and James Gowan. Accepted.

Ald. Stephen O'Meara, nominated by John Bryan and A. K. Thompson. Accepted.

Ald. R. S. Murray, nominated by James Wright and A. Sharpe. Declined.

Thos. F. Kingsmill, nominated by W. B. Greer and Robert Howard. Not present.

John Marshall, nominated by A. Sharpe and R. S. Murray. Declined.

Geo. F. Hiscox, nominated by R. S. Murray and Jas. Gowan. Declined.

J. H. Pritchard, nominated by E. T. Essery and Ald. O'Meara. Not present.

H. W. Greer, nominated by Ald. Marshall and H. C. Smyth. Declined.

NUMBER THREE WARD.

The nominations for Aldermen of this Ward took place at the Collegiate Institute School, with Mr. Alex. Purdom as returning officer.

Ald. Thos. Browne nominated by H. Wallance and G. Hilton. Accepted.

Ald. S. Crawford nominated by H. Wallace and Finlay McNee. Declined.

Samuel Stringer nominated by H. Wallace and Arthur Wallace. Accepted.

Ald. Skinner nominated by Ald. Crawford and S. Stringer. Accepted.

Lewis Adams nominated by S. Stringer and Ald. Skinner. Declined.

J. R. Minhinnick nominated by Ald. Crawford and Hugh Brown. Withdrawn.

Ald. Higgins nominated by S. Stringer and John Fleming. Accepted.

Frank Leonard nominated by Ald. Crawford and L. Adams. Withdrawn.

NUMBER FOUR WARD.

W. M. Moore, nominated by W. Saunders and V. Cronyn. Accepted.

M. D. Fraser, nominated by Samuel Scrimgeour and Dr. Niven. Accepted.

Ald. H. Becher, nominated by Francis Love and Wm. Saunders. Accepted.

Ald. A. Boyd, nominated by Dr. Niven and M. Mulrooney. Accepted.

Ald. W. D. Buckle, nominated by Francis Love and Ald. Boyd. Accepted.

V. Cronyn, nominated by Ald. Buckle and Ald. Boyd. Declined.

Wm. Saunders, nominated by Francis Love and Ald. Becher. Declined.

Ald. Ferguson, nominated by Ald. Boyd and Christopher Taylor. Accepted.

LONDON WEST.

The nominations for the London West Council took place at noon, as follows:—

FOR REEVE.

John Platt, proposed by E. Houghton, seconded by Geo. Bartlett.

W. H. Bartram, proposed by C. N. Williams, seconded by M. Chapman.

A. J. B. Macdonald, proposed by G. Tremeer, seconded by G. Platt.

John Evans, proposed by A. J. B. Macdonald, seconded by W. Spence.

W. W. Fitzgerald, nominated by J. Evans, seconded by R. Arkell.

R. Arkell, proposed by W. Spence, seconded by W. H. Bartram.

The two last named gentlemen declined.

DEPUTY REEVE.

W. Spence, nominated by A. J. B. Macdonald, seconded by G. Crockett.

D. Collins, nominated by A. J. B. Macdonald, seconded by W. Spence. (Retired.)

COUNCILLORS.

H. Emeigh, by G. Tremeer and C. N. Williams.

T. McGoey, by W. H. Bartram and G. Crockett.

W. Moore, by W. H. Bartram and A. J. B. McDonald.

D. Collins, by W. H. Bartram and C. Crockett.

C. Nixon, by J. Evans and H. Jacobs.

G. Tremeer, by A. J. B. Macdonald and G. Bartlett.

M. Hartman by D. Campbell and J. Evans.

J. Wright, by J. Platt and H. Jacobs.

R. Hammond, by C. Crockett and H. Smith.

J. Daniels, by J. Platt and C. Crockett.

W. Peters, by D. Collins and R. Arkell.

R. F. Lacey, by J. Evans and H. Jacobs.

Samuel Gibson, by J. Evans and H. Jacobs.

James Campbell, by J. Platt and R. A. Jones.

At the hour of one o'clock the Returning Officer announced that William Spence was elected Deputy-Reeve by acclamation. (Cheers.)

The public meeting held last night was a very exciting one. Deputy Reeve Spence presided, and the speakers were Reeve Platt, Messrs. Bartram, Wattam, Small, A. J. B. Macdonald, John Evans, H. Emeigh, Gillespie, McGoey, Moore, D. Collins, J. Campbell, R. S. Murray, D. C. Macdonald, W. W. Fitzgerald, J. Daniels, William Peters, and R. F. Lacey. Charges were made and denied, and at times the uproar was awful. The candidates will be as follows, so far as announced:—

For Reeve—John Platt and W. H. Bartram.

Deputy—William Spence (elected by acclamation).

Councillors—Emeigh, McGooey, Hammond, D. Collins and J. Campbell.

LONDON EAST.

The proceedings in connection with the nomination of candidates for municipal honors in London East took place yesterday, and resulted in the return of the present council by acclamation. The nominations for Mayor, Reeve and Deputy Reeves were made at the Town Hall, Mr. A. Isaacs returning officer.

For Councillors—No. 1 Ward, at the Park street school, H. Keyes, D. R. O.; No. 2, at the Town Hall, F. Allister, D. R. O.; No. 3, at the Anderson school, P. Toll, D.R.O. The following nominations were made:—

FOR MAYOR.

Murray Anderson, proposed by Peter Toll, seconded by J. W. Bartlett.

Charles Lilley, nominated by R. O. Pollard, seconded by P. Mulligan.

Peter Toll, nominated by James McLeod, seconded by D. H. Williams.

James McLeod, moved by G. Heaman, seconded by F. J. Fitzgerald.

The three last declined.

FOR REEVE.

J. W. Bartlett, proposed by James McLeod, seconded by Geo Heaman.

Dr. Gardiner, nominated by J. W. Bartlett, seconded by Charles Lilley.

Dr. Gardiner declined in favor of Mr. Bartlett.

FIRST DEPUTY.

Daniel Black, moved by Peter Toll, seconded by James McLeod.

SECOND DEPUTY.

James Legg, nominated by D. H. Williams, seconded by G. Heaman.

John R. Winnett, proposed by G. Heaman, seconded by F. J. Fitzgerald.

The latter declined.

FOR COUNCILLORS.

The nominations for Councillors was as follows:—

NO. 1 WARD.

John R. Winnett, moved by F. J. Fitzgerald, seconded by W. Gould.

John E. Showler, proposed by J. R. Winnett, seconded by G. Caruthers.

Robert Fox, nominated by Benjamin Young, seconded by W. H. Clark.

The latter declined.

NO. 2 WARD.

George Heaman, nominated by Dr. Gardiner, seconded by P. Mulligan.

Josiah Hartley, proposed by M. Anderson, seconded by Jas. Legg.

NO. 3 WARD.

Samuel Scrcombe, proposed by James McLeod, seconded by Christopher Leathorn.

William Hayman, proposed by John Wilkey, seconded by James McLeod.

John Wilkey, nominated by C. Leathorn, seconded by H. Penhall.

Christopher Leathorn, moved by John Wilkey, seconded by James McLeod.

Ald. John W. Jones, proposed by J. W. Bartlett, seconded by W. Hayman.

Messrs. Wilkey, Leathorn and Penhall declined.

The Council of London East for 1883 will, therefore, be constituted as follows:—Mayor Anderson, Reeve Bartlett, Deputy-Reeves Black and Legg, Councillors Winnett, Showler, Hartley, Heaman, Scrcombe and Hayman.

Largest assortment of toys and dolls at Bryce's Depots, 123 and 168 Dundas street. The only direct importer from the manufacturers in the city.

THE MASONIC BAZAAR.

Postponement of the Drawing Until February 7th, 1883.

A largely-attended meeting of the Directors and Committee of Management of the Masonic Bazaar was held in the Masonic Temple last evening. In the absence of the President, Mr. W. J. Reid (of W. J. Reid & Co.), was chosen Chairman. The Manager, Mr. Thos. H. Brunton, presented a statement, showing that nearly 75,000 tickets had been disposed of up to the present time, and that the demand for tickets was brisker than at any period during the past four months. The gentlemen present, after discussing the report, unanimously resolved upon postponing the drawing until Wednesday, the 7th of February next, at which time they intend it shall take place. Their reasons for postponing the drawing are fully set forth in an advertisement in another column, and they feel convinced that in the action they have taken they have pursued the wisest course open to them under existing circumstances. It was ordered that all moneys for single tickets or in syndicates must be in the hands of the Manager on or before the 1st of February, in order that arrangements might be completed for a satisfactory and honest drawing.

The following table shows the highest quotations for the past week:—

	Dec. 16	18	19	20	21	22
	s d	s d	s d	s d	s d	s d
Flour	25 0	25 0	25 0	25 0	25 0	25 0
Wheat, spring	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10
Red winter	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10
White	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
Corn	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
Barley	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
Peas	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
Oats	2 9	2 9	2 9	2 9	2 9	2 9
Pork	59 0	59 0	59 0	59 0	59 0	59 0
Lard	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0
Tallow	41 6	41 6	41 6	42 6	42 6	42 6
Cheese	65 0	65 0	65 0	65 0	65 0	65 0

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Red winter	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10	8 10
White	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
Corn	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
Barley	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
Peas	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
Oats	2 9	2 9	2 9	2 9	2 9	2 9
Pork	59 0	59 0	59 0	59 0	59 0	59 0
Lard	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0
Tallow	41 6	41 6	41 6	42 6	42 6	42 6
Cheese	65 0	65 0	65 0	65 0	65 0	65 0

The Scott Act in Elgin.

St. Thomas, Dec. 21.—The annual meeting of the Elgin branch of the Ontario Alliance was held in the Royal Templars' Hall yesterday. There was a good attendance of delegates.

Mr. Fee, Secretary of the Ontario Alliance, was present, and gave some information regarding the submitting of the Scott Act. It was resolved to commence the Scott Act agitation as early in January as possible. The county was divided into two sections, east and west, with the city of St. Thomas as the centre. Mr. McKeown, of Dutton, was appointed Secretary of the western division, Rev. R. Clemens, of Aylmer, Secretary of the east, and Mr. W. E. Youmans, Secretary for St. Thomas. Every ward in the entire county is to be thoroughly canvassed. The officers for the coming year are as follows:—Rev. A. W. Phillips, B. D., President; John Baird, Treasurer, and W. E. Youmans, Secretary. Resolutions were passed protesting against the proposed Dominion Act licensing houses instead of men, as is done in the Old Country, the association believing that such an act would result in the purchase of licensed houses by liquor dealers, who would be thus removed from any danger of having their licenses revoked. Also asking that a law be passed prohibiting the sale of liquors to minors, protesting against the extension of the hours for selling liquor, and asking that the Canada Temperance Act be not interfered with.

Largest assortment of miscellaneous books, poets, etc., at Bryce's Depots, 123 and 168 Dundas street. The only direct importer from the publishers in the city.

OBITUARY.—Information has been received from England by friends of the family in this city of the death of William Hooper, who for several years had charge of the local department of the *Herald*. Mr. Hooper and wife left here for Exeter, England, with the view of recruiting their health, fund for a time, the climate favored their complete restoration. But, unfortunately, Mr. Hooper's constitution had been so weakened by illness that he was unable to withstand the changes, and after a lingering illness he passed away on the morning of the 3rd December, leaving a widow (daughter of Mr. Richard Irvine, of this city) and a large circle of sorrowing friends to mourn his death. Deceased was one of the most genial of companions, and greatly esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. He was a member of St. John's Lodge, No. 20, A. F. & A. M., and of St. George's Society of this city.

A FOREIGNE CONCLESION.—Readers of the FREE PRESS, more especially those who can boast of a good memory, will remember that for three years past the grocers of this city have abstained from giving Christmas boxes to their customers, and from information which has reached us, it is stated to be their intention to follow that precedent. Those, therefore, who expect to be "loaded down" with such articles as are conducive to a jolly good time will require to pay for them just the same as is the custom during the rest of the year.

CHRISTMAS CHEER.—The Committee of St. George's Society commenced yesterday the distribution of Christmas cheer to the poor. About 240 families received relief, and to-morrow (Saturday) the number required 2,000 lbs. of beef, 150 of tea, 300 of sugar, 2-0 of raisins, 1,000 of flour, 150 loaves of bread, and other articles.

Mr. Percy Purdon, the oldest mail clerk now running on the G. T. Railway between Suspension Bridge and Detroit, was so troubled with rheumatism that for months he was unable to walk. Three bottles of Sutherland's rheumatine entirely cured him. This valuable medicine may now be had in the city by applying at Mr. W. T. Strong's drug store.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 22, 1882.

LOAN COMPANIES. Stocks.	Sellers.	Buyers.
Huron & Erie		
Ontario Loan & Isbenture	122	121
Dominion		
Agricultural	120	124
Canadian		
Ontario Investment	124	
London Loan		
Royal Standard	108	
Imperial		
Financial Association, ordinary		
do. preferred.	90	
English Loan		
London Life Insurance	110	100
London Street Railway		
City Light and Heating		
Masonic Temple		
Can. N.-W. Land Co.		
Canada Southern RR.		
St. Paul, M. & Manitoba		

TRANSACTIONS—Ontario Loan and Debenture—100 at 122.

TORONTO STOCK MARKET.

*

ARLING & CO.,

Brewers and Maltsters,

AVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR VERY

NE AMBER ALES, XXX PORTER,

AND STOCK LAGER.

casks and bottles. Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED

ALF & HALF

ghly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Births.

1 440 Maitland street, on Dec. 10, the wife J. A. Frise, traveller for C. P. Colwell, ale dealer, of a daughter

Married.

n Dec. 2nd, 1882, at Kilsherry Church, ttock, by the Very Rev. Canon Thomas J. assisted by the Very Rev. Canon Murphy, ith, O. P., James J. Hynes, Esq., M.A., to rie, second daughter of the late John rman, Esq., of Leeds, England, and niece homas Smyth, of this city.

Died.

n Black Hawk, Col., on the 6th instant, of umonia, Florence Nichols, aged 3 years, onths and 20 days.

this city, on the 20th Dec., Mary, only ghter of Thomas and Mary Ann Harrison, 15 years and 9 months. (Tuesday) at 3 Funeral to-morrow ck. Friends and acquaintances invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

OOD SKATING THIS AFTERNOON and evening at the Westminster Lister

OTICE TO THE LONDON CURLING CLUB.—Members are requested to the Richmond street Rink on Christmorning, at 9.30, to play the Christmas s. By order JOHN FERGUSON, Secre- d

TING AT THE RICHMOND ST. ak. Band of the seventh Christmas s at 2 o'clock. 1281

AIR WE BREATHE." — AN ay on the above subject, illustrated ments, will be given by J. Langdon Hughes, at the next meeting of the Young Th s Literary Association, on Tuesday Fri 26th inst. Admission 10c. Select readings by other members of the Public cordially invited. 1281

ILL BE SKATING AT THE Avenue Skating Rink on afternoon and evening. d

Y SHOOTING ON XMAS DAY ston Hotel, Hamilton Road.— ILEY, Prop. 1280

UEEN'S AVENUE SKATING K—Open daily from 2 to 5:30 to 10 o'clock p.m., and on the of Monday, Wednesday and Friday 12 o'clock. Admission—Gentlemen, es and children, 10cts. Season tickes and children, 10cts. Season tickes and hired at A. & S. Nordheimer's and 1585h

Y SHOOTING ON CHRISTMAS Clarke's Bridge. Grand Carnival afternoon and evening. Music by 1 Hyman, Fiddler. Turkeys, Ducks, ose Prizes Turkey, Hyman; 2nd prize, Ducks; 3rd prize, Goose. Ticket that Ireland (Handel), Miss

MEETINGS.

ALVATION—GRAND MEET 8 o'clock every evening. Bar- borne street, near Queen's avenue 1282

NT NOTICE — Phrenology to-morrow Tuesday, open at ay Afternoon's and Evening's ee. d

ASONIC INSTALLATION — The officers-elect of St. John's dge, No. 2, G. R. C. of St. George's, A. G. Kirkwood, No. 95, Toronto, John's, No. 295a, Corinthian, No. Hamilton, No. 276, Union, No. 30, are meet in the Blue Room, Masonic Wednesday, 27th inst., the Johnn o'clock p. m., for installation. ht. W. Bro. L. G. Jarvis, D.D.G.M. son, Secretary Finance Board; ert, Chairman. 1281

OST OR FOUND.

ments under this heading one each insertion.

WOLF ROBE LOST IN THIS believed to be in northern part. an be conferred with by applying Press office.

F-BOOK. — LOST, ON THE inst., a pocket-book, containing ur notes for $20, $21 and $6, also money of $5 bills. Finder will be warded by leaving the same at this 1282

SCELLANEOUS.

NG AND DAY SCHOOL FOR ladies, 346 Dufferin Avenue, con- ites McMillan, will re-open on s. 1.25-mw-sy

SH OYSTERS GO TO THE Confectionery and Fruit Store, d Street. Nuts and canned goods ANGELO DANESI, 393 Richmond 1c-tod-vn

WEST—GENTLEMEN, YOU invited to come to the poll and me on the shortest day. I wish Merry Christmas. Yours truly, ION. 1281

ITALISTS — WANTED, CAPI- ISTS to invest in an entirely new in Canada or United States. Large ned to the investor. Address "S." tf

B ALLEY, DUNDAS STREET, a large assortment of fancy able for Xmas and New Year's Also a large stock of millinery, is offering very cheap. 1282

AGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Burwell street (4th house from east of Talbot). W. G. MORCOMBE. 1280h

AGE LICENSES CAN BE ained on application at residence EDWARD HARRIS. 1304mwy

IS & CO., PRIVATE EN- RYand Collection Agency, rille, ket Square, Kingston, ons. Enclose stamp for reply. 1304y

TED TO PURCHASE.

O FEET CLEAR INCH BEACH ash lumber wanted for ex- ntiately. Also require for Ap- MACRAE, Export and Gen'l Com., Hunt's Dock, London. tf

OOTS AND SHOES.

S AND SHOES—EVERY SORT, ade to order, good, stylish and CARAVILLA'S, Talbot St. 1282

'HINERY FOR SALE.

LETE CAMPBELL PRESS. — r sale by the FREE PRESS PRINTING of these excellent presses. Takes a 27. Does excellent work. Has been months. Is well suited for a country For specimen of work, price and rticulars apply at this office.

1 BOILER FOR SALE. — A five-horse upright steam boiler, in a short time by the FREE PRESS Co. Extra strong. Makes steam d economizer of fuel.

USINESS CARDS.

SMITH, 344 DUNDAS STREET, tween Waterloo and Colborne, ures Venetian Blinds or all de- to order, repairs furniture and g work generally. N. B.—There is ation for a few boarders. 1281y

ER BEDS CLEANED BY m, at JAMES F. HUNT'S Feather and actory, 26 Richmond street, Lon- 1281y

FLOUR, FEED AND PRO- ION Store.—J. Dundas has opene- new store, 108 Dundas street, Lon- in the above line; also wood and all cash. Satisfaction guarante- cash. 1280h

MADE CORSETS — LADIES ring a good and perfect-fitting rset should call at MRS. J. LAW- undas street, London East. Orders ne Rose," promptly attended to. 1280

RY ENGRAVING EXECUTED y and with dispatch. Engraving , FREE PRESS Office.

TRO, ROOFER AND MANU- ACTURER. Roofing Material Also, contractor for laying asphalt- alk and block pavement. All ntrusted and promptly attended to on application to 30 Wellington ton, Ont. 1281y

D-HAND CLOTHING.

F CLOTHING — SELL YOUR of Clothing to A. MOSAIN, 377 ont, for he pays the highest price ive him a trial, for he buys all in understand to call will be punctually 1281y

ES HAVING CAST-OFF CLOTH- g will do well to call on T. FOX, and Pawnbroker. Loans money on s, watches, jewellery, silver ware, ds generally. Charges 1281y

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., MONDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1882 WHOLE NO. 8355

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

THE "EMPRESS"

For 1882 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock.

Gave entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh,

137 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A GROOM WANTED.—One who understands horses. Work confined to stable. Apply immediately to Mr. JOHN COOTE, Dundas street, between 12 and 1. 1280

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

CHAMBERMAIDS—TWO, GOOD, THAT can wait on table, and one first-class dining-room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to S. PEERS, Garner House, Chatham. 1281f

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED.—Two in family. Wages, $9 per month. Apply at 254 Queen's avenue. 1281

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE.—Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters, best in city, only 25c. Coffee House, Market Square.—R. COTTAM. 1280y

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED GIRLS to take situations. No charge to girl till after Christmas. All kinds of domestics wanted. Male help for farm work in good demand.—J. OSBORNE'S Intelligence Office, 56 Dundas St.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON CATHARINE street, St. Thomas, 30 x 35, opposite Crowley's Hotel and adjoining Air Line Depot. Price, $500 each. Apply to J. S. DAWAS, FREE PRESS Office, London. 1281

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A FINE, LARGE BURGLAR Safe, or would exchange for a fire proof. Or, D. McGILLIVRAY, Jeweller, Masonic Temple Building, Richmond street.

CONSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, etc. Samples can be seen at the FREE PRESS office, and prices obtained. Good chance for auctioneers and country dealers. tf

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, at 119 Maitland street. 1281h

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE TO let, corner Queen's avenue and Elizabeth street. Apply Hustin Every, Wellington street. 1128f

GOOD BRICK HOUSE TO LET, centrally located; three minutes' walk from Post Office. Apply to DR. MCLEAN, 291 Dundas street.

STORE TO LET, NUMBER 360 RICHMOND street, a few doors south of King. This is one of the finest stores and situations in the city, back and front entrance. Depth of store, 160 feet. Immediate possession. Apply to FRANCE, WELD & Co., Seed Merchants, Market Square, city. 1282

TO RENT—A LARGE UNFURNISHED front room, with closet, gas, use of bathroom, 1st door north of Oakfield Avenue, Park Avenue. 1281h

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS AGAIN at the old stand, 110½ Dundas street, English Loan Co.'s Building.

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST.—VITALIZED AIR administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Strong's Block, London. 1281y

L. McDONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS. — Office :— Dundas Street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery Store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. 1901y

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER, OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, HARVEY TERRACE, St. Talbot st., London.

S. WOLVERTON, DENTIST. Dental Rooms, N corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Morris' hardware store. Entrance next Bro. Dundas street. 1281y

VITALIZED AIR FOR RELIEVING pain in extracting teeth.—H. H. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas street. 1y

LEGAL.

PARKE & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, Soliciting, Notaries, &c. Offices:—Over Taylor's Bank, Richmond street, E. JONES PARKE, [L15y-d4w] T. H. PURDOM.

L. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In the Albion Block, Richmond street, London, Ontario. 1281y

GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN Barristers, etc., London. Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. C. GIBBONS, Q.C. P. MULKERN, Geo. McNAB, Fred. F. HARPER. 1f

GLASS, GLASS & EUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont. GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc., 42 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. DAVID GLASS, Q. C. CHESTER GLASS. T. H. LESCOMBE. 1281y

HUTCHINSON & McKILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. McKILLOP. 1f1y

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PARTIES, assemblies, &c. Lessons on cornet and violin.—DUNCAN SUMMERS, 29 Hill St., between Clarence and Wellington. 1281f

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT, IN THE vicinity of Dundas and Wellington streets, part of a house with some Christian young people. Small cottage. Address "J," FREE PRESS. tf

HARDWARE.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Just received an immense assortment of FANCY POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY AND A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF PLATED WARE.

HOBBS, OSBORNE & HOBBS, Waterloo Buildings, Richmond street.

MEDICAL.

DRS. ECCLES & WISHART, corner of Queen's avenue and Wellington streets, London, Ont.

F. R. ECCLES, M. D., Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of Royal College of Surgeons, England. Special attention paid to Diseases of Women. 1y-od

J. WISHART, M. D., Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England. Special attention paid to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat.

DRS. EDWARDS & McTAGGART. OFFICE—168 Dundas street, over Fitzgerald & Scandrett's Grocery. Residence, 372 King street, opposite Central School. Special attention paid to diseases of the heart and lungs; also to diseases of women and children. 1ly-w-tu-fri

DR. ANDERSON, OF 24 JAMES ST., Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear and Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Cross-eyes straightened. 1d-wly

DR. W. F. McLEAN, LICENTIATE Royal College of Surgeons, Licentiate Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh. Office and residence 76 Dundas st. 1.1My

DR. JAS. MACARTHUR. — OFFICE and residence, corner Maitland and Dundas streets. Telephone connection. 1.1dm

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., LONDON, England. Office and residence, 393 Dundas street, London East. Skin diseases a specialty. 1y

EYE, EAR AND THROAT. — DR. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.E., lectures on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto, oculist and aurist, Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, London. Throat and Ear Hospital, may be consulted at 57 Church street, Toronto, Saturdays excepted.

TWIN - NAVY !

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

mwf

FOR 30 DAYS.

Gas Fixtures, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Portable Lamps, &c., &c.,

CHEAP—

Jobbing Work in Plumbing and Gasfitting Promptly Attended to.

HEARD & GREENAWAY

Steam and Hotwater Heating Engineers,

10 Masonic Temple.

JEmwy-ly.

THE ONTARIO INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION

LONDON, CANADA.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent., being at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Company for the current half year ending 31st December, instant; and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the 25th to the 31st December, inclusive. By order,

HENRY TAYLOR, Manager.

London, Ont., Dec. 6, 1882. 1.2eod-td

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made by the City Gas Company of London to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to Amend the Act Relating to the said Company, and to authorize the said Company and the London Gas Light Company to amalgamate and unite, or for the one to purchase the property of the other, and for other purposes.

Dated November 25th, 1882.

HENRY TALTON, THOS. BROUGHT, President. [K2eod] Secretary.

FLORAL NOTICE.

For First Class Bouquets,

And Designs of Cut Flowers for Weddings and Funerals, &c., go to A. R. MUDDUK, Florist, Kensington Park, London, Ont.

Orders by mail attended to. 1.2eod-t

Caution

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY!

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

None Other Genuine.

1b4w-ly

SMOKE

CAP AND BDDER ELE

Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SON,

MONTREAL

TORONTO BRANCH—24 (Sarch St. Factory—34 and 36 Mcrill St., 73 and 75 Grey Nun Street. Bat Factory—102 King Station Street. K-3d-wly

NORMAN'S ELECTRO - CURATIVE Belts, Bands and Insoles. Toronto: established 1874.

Leg Band.

For Rheumatism in the Leg, Gout, Sprains Bruises, Sciatica, Bad Circulation, Weakness of Leg, Varicose Veins, &c. Price, $1 and $5. Circular and consultation free.

HARKNESS & CO., Agents, London.

CHRISTMAS CARDS!

An Elegant Assortment of Christmas Cards, embracing

Hand-Painted, Fringed, and Pressed Flowers,

—ALSO—

IVORY & IVORINE

Hand-Painted Cards,

—AT—

E.A.TAYLOR'S,

RICHMOND STREET. eod

LYMAN'S CHERRY, TOOTH PASTE

Whitens the Teeth,

Prevents Decay,

Removes Tartar,

Sweetens the Breath.

Put up in Handsome Pots. Price 25 Cents.

November 10, 1882. eodly

EVERY MAN SHOULD READ

PROF. MARSTON'S NEW WORK

and acquaint himself with the many valuable facts it contains. Sent by mail, in sealed envelope, free of charge, on receipt of two cent stamps for postage. Address, Prof. Dudley, Sarnia, Ont. "Every man will profit by its perusal." "Every man will read it with interest." "It will be sent free on application." MARSTON REMEDY CO., Chatham, Ont. K24-eod-vn-wyn

SKATES !

ACME SPRING,

Cheaper than Ever !

Cheap Iron and Wood Skates, Straps, Heel Plates, &c.

FIRE IRONS AND STANDS

—AT—

Reid's Hardware,

NO. 186 N. S. DUNDAS ST. eod

ELECTORS OF NO. 2 WARD.

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the election of

T. F. KINGSMILL

AS ALDERMAN FOR 1883.

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

GOODS will be SOLD EXCLUSIVELY for CASH

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

Dress Goods!

AT THE MOST RUINOUS PRICES.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE WE HAVE EVER HELD

!! THE GREATEST REDUCTIONS !!

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,

Mantle Department,

Dress Department,

Silk Department,

Trimming Department,

Ribbon Department,

Silk Ties and Pocket Handkerchief Department,

Corset Department,

Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—FOR.—

If You Want

BLACK OR COLORED SATINS!

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY.

100 Doz. Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, Selling for $1 Each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

Great Clearing Sale.

LATEST CABLE NEWS

England's Egyptian Policy.

Rumor of a Forthcoming Note to the Powers.

Sir Chas. Dilke to Enter the Cabinet.

Discouraging Reports of Distress in Ireland.

Organization of a Relief Fund in London.

Editor of "United Ireland" to be Prosecuted for Libel.

The Phœnix Park Murder—Witnesses Fail to Identify Westgate.

Violent Language Used by an Ex-suspect.

AQUATIC.

London, Dec. 23.—In a sculling match between Bubear and Godwin for £100 a side, to-day, over the Thames championship course, Bubear won. Time, 28.01.

GERMANY, AUSTRIA, ITALY.

Vienna, Dec. 23.—It is claimed there is more cordiality now between Germany, Austria and Italy than there has been for some years.

THE PAPACY AND THE POWERS.

Rome, Dec. 23.—The Pope, receiving New Year congratulations of the diplomatic body, said:—The Papacy is proclaimed to be a great moral force, and the Powers are exhibiting their relations with it.

GAMBETTA'S CONDITION.

Paris, Dec. 23.—The report that Gambetta had a relapse is unfounded. His friends say he remains in bed only by way of precaution, as he still suffers from slight irritation of the bowels.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

London, Dec. 23.—The extension of the German railways to the Russian frontier is being rapidly continued. The St. Petersburg *Golos* says that Russia desires to maintain cordial relations with Germany, but cannot allow the German papers to misinterpret her feelings.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

London, Dec. 24.—New plans for a channel tunnel are issued and are said to meet the approval of military critics. They bring the entrance and approach to the tunnel three miles inland and within range of the defences of Dover Garrison.

AN INFORMER MURDERED.

London, Dec. 24.—Australian advices report Lamb, Marri, whom the Government sent out three years ago after he had given evidence in the case of the murder of a justice of the peace at Lismore has been shot dead, it is believed by an agent of a secret society.

MCDERMOTT IN TROUBLE.

Sligo, Dec. 23.—McDermott, a well-known nationalist and ex-suspect, has been remanded for a week for saying at a meeting of the National League that the gallows were reeking with the blood of innocent people condemned by drunken juries and partisan judges.

DAVITT'S NAVAN SPEECH.

London, Dec. 23.—Davitt, at Bermondsey last night, said he made his recent speech at Navan because it was necessary to remind the Government it must save the people from famine. He did not preach violence or crime. He relied solely on the "moral dynamite" of ideas, in which there was sufficient strength to crush intolerable laws.

FRANCE'S DESIGNS ON TONQUIN.

Paris, Dec. 23.—At a meeting of the Council to-day Grevy presided. The expedition to Tonquin was discussed. It was decided that the details should be brought forward in the Chamber on the opening of the session in January, when they will be definitely settled. Meantime reinforcements will be sent to strengthen the position of the commander at Ha Noi.

WESTGATE.

Dublin, Dec. 24.—Witnesses in the Phœnix Park murder case failed to identify Westgate as one of the assassins.

Dublin, Dec. 24.—It is now established that Westgate labors at times under hallucinations, which probably accounts for his having accused himself of participating in the assassination.

THE BRITISH CABINET.

London, Dec. 23.—It is believed the appointment of Dilke to the Chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster will be announced at the end of the year, and that Lord Fitzmaurice will succeed him as Under Foreign Secretary.

London, Dec. 24.—The *News* states that Dilke will enter the Cabinet as President of the Local Government Board, Dodson becoming Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

THE RIOTOUS STUDENTS.

Rome, Dec. 23.—Of the students arrested here and at Naples in connection with the riotous demonstrations following the hanging of Oreshank some have been discharged, some fined and others sentenced to imprisonment. The agitation caused by the hanging of Oreshank is spreading throughout the country. The Minister of Foreign Affairs has expressed regret to the Austrian Minister at the display of feeling against Austria made by Italians.

FRANCE AND THE U. S.

Paris, Dec. 23.—At a meeting of the Committee for the Promotion of a Treaty of Commerce between France and the United States a communication was read, stating that according to latest news the American Government were disposed to effect considerable reductions in custom tariffs. The committee decided to make representations to the French Government, urging it to casually watch the interest of French commerce during the discussions at Washington on the tariff question.

ENGLAND'S EGYPTIAN POLICY.

Paris, Dec. 23.—It is stated England proposes to send a note to the Powers, including France, explaining what she intends doing for the organization of the Government of Egypt. England has decided to send a note because it was evident DuClerc, President of the French Council, influenced by considerations connected with the maintenance of his position, would not otherwise either come to an agreement with England or break off negotiations. It is stated a great majority of the Powers will be willing to assent to a British protectorate over Egypt.

PROF. PALMER'S MURDERERS.

Suez, Dec. 23.—Sheilde reports from the Desert that he has captured Ali Shomyen and Salimaha, the former of whom shot Professor Palmer. Colonel Warren has gone to Nachl to examine the prisoners. He thinks Sheilde will eventually secure the remainder of the murderers of Professor Palmer's party. Sheilde has taken possession of all the water ways, but rains have supplied the necessities of the Bedouins, and enables them to show fight from the mountains. The Sheiks of Jerribn have undertaken to assist in capturing all persons implicated in the murders.

A SEDITIOUS NEWSPAPER.

Dublin, Dec. 23.—The Government has determined to prosecute O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*, for sedition libel uttered in an article entitled "Accusing Spirits" published in that journal.

At six o'clock this evening two detectives entered the offices of *United Ireland* and posted a notice directing that as this week's issue of the paper contained matter inciting to acts of violence and intimidation all copies thereof will be seized. In consequence of this order the police throughout the city and country have been engaged all evening in seizing copies of this paper.

Dublin, Dec. 24.—O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*, has been summoned to appear in court on Wednesday to answer the charge of seditious libel.

Dublin, Dec. 24.—The article in *United Ireland* headed "Accusing Spirits," refers to the executions of Byrnes, Watts, Myles Joyce and the Lough Mask murderers, and is an attempt to show they were hanged on the principle that somebody must be hanged e the right person if possible, but at all events somebody.

SPANISH POLITICS.

Madrid, Dec. 23.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Castelar declared the object of Serrano in forming a Dynastic Left, was to cause a split in the Liberal party. Castelar announced his intention to carry on his Republican programme from the tribune and University chair, and with the pen. He insisted that national sovereignty should be inscribed in the Constitution, and implored his friends not to despair of triumphing by pacific means.

Madrid, Dec. 24.—The Chamber of Deputies, by 221 to 18, adopted a Ministerial motion declaring against a change in the Constitution of 1876. Only Republicans voted against the motion. Conservatives of the Dynastic Left abstained from voting, being unwilling to show their small numeric strength. No Cabinet changes are now expected.

RESTORING CETEWAYO.

London, Dec. 23.—The first part of the military force designed to reinstate Cetewayo in the sovereignty of Zululand left Petermaritzburg yesterday. It is feared that serious complications may result from the hostility of the Zulu chiefs.

Petermaritzburg, Dec. 24.—The object of the military expedition to Zululand, besides reinstating Cetewayo, is said to be to secure the annexation of a large tract of Zululand adjoining Natal.

THE DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

London, Dec. 24.—A largely attended meeting was held to-night to organize a fund to relieve the distress in Ireland. Many telegrams and letters from the clergy in Ireland, including Archbishop Croke, were read, describing the outlook as appalling and stating the people were on the verge of famine. A resolution was passed urging the Government to take steps to prevent the people of Ireland from perishing from want of the necessaries of life.

DEGRADING THE REBELS.

Cairo, December 23.—It is expected the Khedive's decree degrading the rebel Pashas will be issued to-morrow. Its promulgation will be made in front of Kasr El Nil barracks, after which the prisoners will depart immediately under guard for Suez, whence they will be transported to Ceylon.

ENGLAND'S CHAMPION BOXER.

London, Dec. 24.—A series of boxing contests, organized to ascertain the champion pugilist in England, with a view to making a match with America's best man, was won by Mitchell, middleweight, of Birmingham. He displayed great skilfulness.

CABLE BREVITIES.

Cardinal Desmet Archbishop of Bordeaux, died Friday.

The Pope has assigned 12,000 francs to purchase beds for the poor.

Monsignor Antonelli has been appointed Papal nuncio nuncio to Brazil.

The French Senate on Saturday passed a bill creating a corps of naval troops for Tunis.

The correspondent of the *Standard*, at Cairo, says the moral influence of England in Egypt is rapidly declining.

The number of the *Irish World* of Dec. 16 has been proclaimed as a seditious publication and its circulation repressed.

In examination of papers found at Prince Klopathkine's residence reveals ugly facts. They concern even a relative of the Czar.

The state of siege proclaimed in some Turkish districts in consequence of the prevalence of brigandage has been raised.

The Cuban Octagon Manso, surrendered by the British authorities at Gibraltar to Spain, is ill. He is not allowed a private doctor.

A Berlin despatch announces the death of Leopold Arcadis, a distinguished Russian stenographer, and inventor of a system of shorthand writing.

The Bishop of Metz has declined the decoration of the Iron Crown accorded by the Emperor of German, because he wishes to keep aloof from politics.

The trial of fifty socialists at Prague is ended. Most was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, 44 to from six months' to a fortnight, and 5 acquitted.

It is reported from St. Petersburg that much alarm is felt in consequence of recent developments proving the rapid spread of Nihilism in the Russian army.

Peltzer brothers, sentenced to death at Brussels for the murder of Bernays, are certain not to be executed, as death sentences in Belgium are always commuted.

De Lesseps, at a banquet given in Paris by contractors on public works, announced that the scheme for the creation of an inland sea in Africa would be resumed by private enterprise.

Great consternation is caused in Berne Oberland by the suspension of the Interlaken Compteire. Escompete, the manager, who is a member of the Cantonal Government, has absconded.

The British ship *Cygnet* has bombarded and burned a village on the west coast of Africa in consequence of the natives having attacked the British factory and killed the agent and several workmen.

The municipality of Marseilles have appointed a committee to decide whether they can accept the offer of ex-Empress Eugenie of Chateau Pharo, or whether they shall carry the appeal in the case further.

CANADIAN NEWS.

A DISASTROUS GALE.

St. John's, N. F., Dec. 24.—Great destruction of property on Conception Bay is reported as a result of a gale which prevailed the past few days. Eight fishing vessels are total wrecks. Several wharves have been swept away, and many small fishing skiffs swamped and broken up.

THE STRANDED MORAVIAN.

Halifax, Dec. 23.—The Allan steamer Moravian, ashore on Mud Island, Yarmouth, which has stood the gales and storms of the past twelve months without much apparent injury, has fully succumbed to the force of the waves, and now is a total wreck. During a gale she broke amidship. The remainder of the ship is exposed to the sea, and it is feared will break during the next gale. The foremast is still standing.

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

On and after March 1 the price of gas at Brantford will be reduced from $2.50 to $2.

The ministers of the Hamilton District of the Methodist Church have rejected the basis of union adopted by the Joint Committee.

A woman named Mary Welch was run over at Ottawa on Saturday, and received injuries from which she shortly afterwards died.

Rev. Dr. O'Brien, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., has received an official notification from Rome of his appointment as Bishop of Halifax.

The family of Mr. Theodore Lemieux, of St. Sauveur, Que., were almost asphyxiated Saturday morning by the escape of coal gas from a stove.

A rumor is current at Ottawa, but not generally credited, that the Marquis of Lorne, after the expiration of his present term of office, will invest largely in North-west lands.

A despatch from Toronto says it is reported that Mr. James Bethune, Q. C., will go to England at the end of January to move before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council for leave to appeal from the decision of the Supreme Court of Canada in the celebrated case of McLaren vs. Caldwell.

At a meeting of the Hamilton Police Commissioners, the recent robbing of Mills' store was considered. As the burglary occurred in what is supposed to be the best protected part of the city, so far as the Police are concerned, the Commissioners fined Constable McBride $15 for neglect of duty, and Constables Griggs and Barron $10 each.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 23.—The local charities have distributed the customary Christmas cheer among the poor, who are more numerous than last year.

Cochrane, Cassels & Co. have received their full complement of lasters, the men having signed the agreement. This practically ends the strike, and the factories will start work on Tuesday.

A number of pedestrians met with severe accidents on the streets to-day by snow and in falling off the roofs of houses. An old man named Daniels had to be t. ken to the hospital, and is supposed to be dangerously injured.

Montreal, Dec. 24.—A man named Macpherson, who has been drinking heavily of late, attempted to commit suicide to-day by drinking a poisonous compound used as a liniment. Although an emetic was given him the doctor has poor hopes of the sufferer's recovery.

Ex-Ald. H. A Nilson died here to-day. He was a native of New Hampshire, and came here half a century since a poor man. He has died wealthy, leaving a large family.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Dec. 24.—The value of the provisions distributed yesterday by the St. George's Society, is estimated at over $1,000

During the past three or four days the letter carriers have been overworked, owing to the large number of Christmas cards passing through the post office. In some cases they had not sufficient time to themselves to eat their midday meal.

Alfred Wiseman, who on Wednesday last was committed to gaol as a vagrant, was found dead in his cell yesterday. Despondency and heart disease was the cause.

Edward Curphey, the man who was injured while assisting to take in the harbor buoys, died at the Hospital last night.

FIRE FLASHES.

Wroxeter, Dec. 23.—Yesterday morning an unoccupied frame barn owned by Mr. Massey, of Toronto, was entirely consumed by fire. Great difficulty was experienced in saving the adjoining buildings. It was the work of an incendiary.

St. John, N. B., Dec. 24.—A serious fire at Chatham yesterday morning destroyed the Benson Block, Water street, the hardware store of Geo. Stothard, a portion of the stock of the Miramichi book store, and the confectionery store of Miss Stables. Total loss about $10,000, insurance, $3,500.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THE RUBBER TRADE.

New Haven, Dec. 23.—In accordance with an agreement the rubber manufacturers, Candee & Co., shut down this evening for a week, and will then resume running reduced time, and probably 50 per cent. less production. Fifteen hundred hands are affected.

A NEGRO'S REVENGE.

Chattanooga, Dec. 23.—A negro named Kent has been arrested for causing five terrible accidents on the Winchester and Alabama Railroad. He was injured on the road, and unsuccessfully sued for damages. In revenge he procured a switch key and shifted the track at a dangerous switch near Kingston.

A WIFE-BEATER GETS HIS DESERTS.

Steelville, Ind., Dec. 23.—John Bunk has been arrested for wife-beating. Several men held the officers while a dozen able-bodied women, provided with barrel staves, horse whips, broomsticks and other weapons knocked him down and gave him a terrible beating, while Bunk begged for mercy. The assistants were dismissed. No effort will be made to identify them.

THE OIL MARKET.

Bradford, Pa., December 24.—Oil yesterday opened strong at 81½, and advanced to 82. At this juncture hope blocks of "long" oil were forced upon the trade, breaking the market effectually. Vast quantities of margin oil were thrown upon the market with disastrous effect, the price dropping rapidly to 76½. Then parties who were carrying certificates on the margin became frightened and sold customers out. After this the market strengthened and closed strong at 78½.

A FIENDISH FEMALE.

Springfield, Mass., Dec. 23.—Ellen Duncan of Palmer, Mass., was to-day convicted in the Superior Court of assault upon the person with intent to maim. The child is six years old, and the maiming, which was revolting in the extreme, will probably result in permanently injuring his reason. The deed was committed with a knife. The woman walking the child from sleep to perpetrate it. Her husband thinks her motive was to gratify a desire for revenge upon his house-mate.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Buffalo, Dec. 23.—Reed, Watson, architects, and Adams & Son, hardware dealers, of New York, have assigned. Liabilities of the former $15,000, and of the latter $15,000. James Smyth & Co., manufacturers of yarns, Philadelphia, have failed. Liabilities, between $400,000 and 8,500,000. Nine hundred hands out of employment. Lawson Valentine, owner of the famous Haughton farm, has failed. Liabilities supposed to be large. The farm has been largely devoted to experimental agriculture by scientists. It cost $175,000 a year to run it.

PUGILISTIC.

New York, Dec. 24.—Frank White and Geo. Fellgnes yesterday engaged in an uptown resort and fought seven desperate rounds with hard gloves. White was accused the fight through a bunt. It was one of the hottest battles ever fought with gloves. The police knew nothing of the affair till long after it was over. The stakes were $500.

Battle City, Montana, Dec. 23.—A prize fight for $500, between Pike Hawkins, of Montana, and Tom Davis, of Leadville, Col., was won by Davis, after six desperate rounds, fought in 25 minutes. Hawkins won the first blood and first knock-down. Both pugilists were terribly punished. Tom Sullivan and Arthur seconded Kedy, Jim Bell and Wm. Manly seconded Davis. Ed. Maloney referee.

FISTICUFFS IN COURT.

St. Louis, Dec. 23.—In court here, yesterday, Engelke, a lawyer, and Livingstone, a litigant, had an altercation, and fought. Bystanders attempted to separate them, and the Court ordered their arrest. But an ex-Judge of the Criminal Court and several lawyers interfered, in the interest of a fair fight, and the men rolled over the floor, hanging one another in the style. The Court besought them to stop fighting, and the combat was adjourned to the office of the Clerk of the Court. The struggle there lasted five minutes, and finally Engelke throttled Livingstone until his tongue protruded. A policeman here appeared, and rescued Livingstone, who was black in the face, and for several minutes was unable to walk. No arrests.

PREACHER AND ACTRESS.

New Haven, Con., Dec. 23.—In the dining room of the New Haven House, Mrs. Augusta Foster, a member of John McCollough's company, was shown a seat at the same table with Rev. F. S. Hyde, Episcopal clergyman, formerly of Lockport, N. Y. Mrs. Foster left the dining room to go to her room for a pocketbook. On her return her seat had been changed, a waiter saying Hyde objected to any member of a dramatic company occupying the same table with him. The occurrence reaching McCollough's ears he hurried to the dining

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...AND LIQUORS,
...—AT—
...OWEST PRICES
...n & Munro's,
...SUCCESSORS TO—
...Smith & Co.,
...AS STREET, LONDON.
...LE AND RETAIL
...Free Press.
...ONDON, ONT.
December 25, 1882.
...VON MULLER.
...of—Feudal Law.
CHAPTER I.
...OF FRITZ THE MILLER.
...ore five hundred years since
...ed all the surrounding
...ruled over by the good Mar-
...Henley.
...Henley was a brave old man
...ger days, had borne arms
...ince in the Palatinate, but
...fealty to the Emperor, and
...Bohse friends. He had
...sons, who have nothing to do
...and one only daughter, the
...ventrude, a little fair-haired
...years old, who was the light
...eyes and wheedler of her
...ays there were wolves in
...Not many, indeed, for his
...had hunted them
...cold winter days they
...stout out of the Black
...ing the Margrave's
...of the Margrave, which,
...afterward, was bartered
...rench army, stood in those
...the city of Wolfsinsberg
...promising it was nothing
...a time and the
...sants wander down
...ge, sometimes alone,
...ers on the banks of
...atch the milkwheel and
...that tongued beneath it.
...ggons, among his other
...acts, had published a
...subject of wolves.
...ants within the coun-
...ey hunted the wild
...ir extinction in do-
...the game for
...about the
...was to this
...only a wolf with
...ed, but a huge
...the spot on which he spoke
...square grey animal
...ge of a
...great and terrible secret.
...November afternoon, in
...Germany, as well as Eng-
...ere is a good deal
...story about his mill, and
...to among the tales
...ed by the
...ed for his wife's first-
...ed, and his blood
...that proved his ears
...ightly from the
...to the door. Flying to
...arms thrown forward
...ing of the three, was
...and a few yards behind
...ge-grown wolves in hot
...forward with the speed of
...ge from a ghast-
...ild and snatched her
...right hand; and Fritz, see-
...little distance in front,
...the door behind him,
...their course and turn
...saw at a glance that
...ing to reach the
...of their breed, and well
...ly planning in
...ed with his back
...to carry peace
...ed with his knife.
...ge wolves, with their
...ot happily, in forming
...ed, and the two dogs
...ed for many a long year before. But,
...the old village gossips, all things come
...those who wait; and at length the bright
...idea flashed into the old Minister's mind.
...Why should not Fritz, the only child of
...his daughter's poor husband, be brought
...home to pour his affection into his master's
...It was to this effect—the tutor must be
...dealt with" diplomatically. He must be
...approached with the utmost confidence, just as if
...no amorous designs were utterly unknown
...and unsuspected. The hints must be all
...delicately and indirectly conveyed—that
...was impossible—but in some other equiv-
...ocal way, and by handsome presents, such as
...sparing young men who are not poor people
...piece their money. And when once they
...were accepted—in fact, there could be
...the audacious tutor should be duly
...kicked out of the garrison and the grand
...duchy. For the Baron's scheme—
...The Grand Duke fully endorsed his ad-
...vice—opinion, as indeed, he always did,
...on all occasions, as Indeed, he always did.
...It was therefore determined that the tutor
...should be sounded on, and that confidential
...perspectives should be commenced, with a
...view to induce his resignation by such pe-
...cuniary claims in consideration of being
...made a—son. No one who has not been
...in Germany can understand the hidden art of
...this step. To be a—son" is to be a noble-
...man, even though no title stands before it.
...It raises a man at once above the class of
...bourgeoisie, and places him among the aris-
...tocracy. And not only himself, but all his
...children and descendants for ever. Nay,
...more, it has a backward as well as forward
...effect, and ennobles his family, past and
...branch, ancestors and descendants. Con-
...sequently such a patent of nobility was and
...is beyond price, and if the Grand Duke
...could succeed in bringing himself to confer it upon
...Heinrich Muller, he would be more than re-
...paid for all that was owing to him. It was,
...however, a bold and unusual step to take,
...and Baron von Dornfeld would scarcely
...have ventured to make such a suggestion
...to the Grand Duke, even under the pressure
...of the heaviest difficulties, if he had not
...been prepared to back it up by weighty
...pecuniary argument.
...But this is how he reasoned:—This im-
...pudent tutor is secretly in love with the
...princess Gertrude. He, as a German, fully
...understands that between him and her
...stands the impassable gulf that yawns be-
...tween the common people and the nobility.
...He will not—cannot—elevate him a rung, he will
...think that Heaven itself is favoring his suit,
...that the chasm is about to be filled up, and
...that when he is a real Von Muller he may be
...able with some hope of success to declare
...his passion. We will make him a—son,"
...then, in order to get out of his financial
...clutches, and that once done, leave the rest
...to us.
...The scheme was not ill-conceived. Hein-
...rich Muller had no inkling at all of what
...was going forward; but if he had been a
...diplomatist he would have suspected that
...some mischief was brewing, from the fact
...that both the Grand Duke and the Minister
...were so extraordinarily polite to him. They
...smiled at him whenever they passed him in
...their carriages, and the good Baron actually
...went down to thes...hop himself to be mar-
...ried for a new consideration. Shortly after,
...a valet from the schloss brought him a com-
...mand from his Serene Highness to wait
...the castle the next evening after dinner.
...He obeyed, and was closeted for a
...short time with the Prime Minister,
...and then for a short time with the
...Grand Duke. Everything was arranged
...without a hitch. The Minister commenced
...by explaining that the high character and
...education of Herr Muller had evidently
...paved him the way to his position, and that
...his Serene Highness had come to the con-
...clusion that he could efficiently fill a court
...office if he would retire from all connection
...with trade. The Grand Duke, therefore,
...had for some time contemplated raising him
...to grow up his personal occupation, for which
...there could be no further necessity, seeing
...how great was his well-known wealth, and
...thereupon conferring on him a diploma of
...nobility and creating him a "von." One
...only difficulty stood in the way. His Serene
...Highness felt bound in honor to liquidate all
...outstanding liabilities to him before making
...any such proposition, but to tell the candid
...truth he began to fear it would be several
...years before he would be able to do this in
...full. The Prime Minister, therefore, anxious
...to be of service to such a superior young
...man as Heinrich, took upon himself to let
...him know what was designed for him; and,
...in the interests of all concerned, ventured to
...suggest that it would be far better for Hein-
...rich, in view of his future career, which was
...certain to be distinguished, to secure the
...honor of—one. Beyond certainly do so if he
...would generously forego his pecuniary
...claims, and give a receipt in full for all that
...was owing to him by the court.
...Heinrich listened to all this with grave
...attention. There is no denying that his
...heart beat fast as he heard the unexpected
...good news. Willingly, indeed, would he
...have paid thrice the sum that was owing
...to him in order to become a "von"; and,
...without a moment's hesitation, he accept-
...ed the offer. But he was not a simpleton.
...He took all the courteous sayings of the
...old Minister for exactly what they were
...worth, and as he shook hands with him
...at the conclusion of the bargain and was
...shown to the Grand Duke's apartment, he
...mentally told himself that the "noble
...scruples" and "long-cherished intension"
...of the Serene Highness were fictions of the
...Minister's brain, and that, as a matter of
...fact, he was buying his vanity with a
...certain number of thousands of marks.
...The Grand Duke himself was all affability
...and condescension, and it was quite clear
...in the course of a few days the patent of
...nobility should be drawn up and formally
...bestowed upon him, and that at the same
...time he should sign a receipt for all moneys
...due to himself or to his father.
...And now a curious circumstance oc-
...curred. During the few days that elapsed
...between the promise of the Grand Duke
...and its performance, Heinrich Muller made
...a journey to the city of Strasburg, where,
...it may be remembered, he had studied at the
...University. It was generally understood that
...he had gone there on business; and the
...Prime Minister and his master thought
...it only natural, as he would no doubt have
...plenty of matters to arrange in connection
...with relieving from trade. But, as a matter
...of fact, Heinrich, as soon as ever he found
...himself in the learned city, betook himself
...not to any tradesman, but to a certain small
...old gentleman named Dr. Schlippenbammer,
...a man whose name was famous throughout
...the Fatherland as a learned jurist, and the
...highest living authority on feudal and im-
...perial law. What passed at the interview
...between Heinrich and the doctor need
...not here be related, but suffice it to say that
...many ancient Lawe were consulted and
...compared, and the statutes of emperors and
...dukes, ranging over hundreds of years, were
...unearthed and pondered over, while the two
...students, like true Germans, smoked innumer-
...crable pipes, and drank countless tankards
...of beer. After three days Heinrich returned
...to Wolfsteinberg; and it was observed by
...everyone that he seemed bright of hope and
...gaiety.
...On the day before he was summoned to the
...palace to receive his patent he casually met
...Baron von Dornfeld in the park. They greet-
...ed each other most cordially, the old man
...was gushing and fatherly, the young man
...was smiling and full of reverence, but as oh-
...served by minister would have been puzzled
...to decide which had the more diplomatic eye.

CHAPTER IV.

THE DOMAINS OF NOBILITY.

In due time his Serene Highness the Grand Duke of Wolfsteinberg sent for the attendance of Heinrich Muller at the schloss. With a firm, quick step the young man hastened to obey the summons, and the gorgeous lackeys of the palace, whose plush suits had been made at his own expense, ushered him with great respect into the state audience-room. Heinrich was pleased at this, for he thought that looked through his mind that nowhere could the scene that was to follow be more appropriate than in that great chamber where the heroic deed of his brave ancestor was commemorated on the wall. On entering the room he found the Grand Duke and his Prime Minister chatting quietly by the table. Evidently the affair was to be merely a formal one. Possibly Heinrich was a little disappointed at this, for he had thought that the Grand Duke might have made a court ceremonial of the affair, and so invested it with more dignity. But no matter. He was resolved with quiet politeness—and politeness would perhaps be more accurate.
"His Serene Highness," said the old Baron, "has been graciously pleased to affix his seal and signature to this document, whereby, in virtue of the rights and privileges granted to his house by the Emperor Conrad IV., he is authorized to confer upon any of his subjects who have done good service to the common weal. It will now be my pleasure, slightly to count-sign it, while you will have the goodness to place your signature to the receipt which I have here prepared for you."
There was something so stiff and even hostile in the manner with which this was spoken that Heinrich's face grew very pale. For a moment he suspected treachery.
"Will you allow me, Baron, to read the diploma?"
"Certainly," said the Minister, spreading it out on the table.
Heinrich, with the quick eye of a student, read it from beginning to end. It was correct in every form, so that he felt sure that not even the forensic acumen of his friend Dr. Schlippenhammer could have questioned its validity. He ran his eye over the receipt which had been prepared for his signature, and that also was correct.
The Minister handed a pen to Heinrich, and, taking another himself, they each affixed their names. Heinrich putting his to the receipt, the Baron countersigning the diploma.
"I think that business is finished," said the Baron, handing the receipt to the Grand Duke.
"Shall I now retire?" said Heinrich, with equal coldness, folding up his diploma and placing it in his breast pocket.
"No, not quite yet," said the old Baron, glancing quietly at the Grand Duke, who, at the time, had stood silently on one side, looking out of the window. His back was a most unmistakable—and quite yet. To be candid with you, Herr von Muller, this is a matter preliminary to the real business that we have to discuss together."
"A preliminary, Baron!" "Pray explain your meaning."
"I will do so in the fewest possible words. You, sir, have up to the present time had certain heavy claims upon the house of Wolfsteinberg. Those claims are now paid off, and it is my painful duty to charge you with an act of audacity which has deter-mined our sovereign to expel you from his dominions."
A quiet smile stole over Heinrich's face as he said, "Go on, Baron; pray go on."
"We are not so blind, sir, as to be unaware of the fact that you have taken advantage of your position as the court tailor—"
"I note your sarcasm, Baron; pray go on."
"Taken advantage, I say, of your position to try and win the affections of the Lady Gertrude, an act of insolence and audacity which is beyond pardon. I have only to say, therefore, in the name of his Serene Highness, first, without a day's delay, you shall leave the grand duchy, and never venture to show your face here again. I hope you understand me. We will now say good evening."
"Yes," chimed in the Grand Duke, "you are a detected intriguer, and I give you fair warning that if you remain in my capital for more than four and twenty hours, I will order my officers to expel you by force."
With another bow of his inestimable the Grand Duke marched toward the door followed by his Prime Minister, leaving Heinrich standing in the table.
"Stay!" cried out Heinrich, still quiet and collected, but with a strange light in his gray eyes. "Your Serene Highness has been good enough to express your views to me; I have now a few views to express to you." Saying this he stepped forward quickly and placed himself between his sovereign and the door. "You will have to hear me and you may as well hear me at once."
If all the German heroes who were painted on the wall had jumped down into the room, the Grand Duke and his Minister could not have appeared more thunderstruck.
"Donnerwetter! Bitte!" shouted the Grand Duke, laying his hand upon his sword. "what does this mean?"
"It means, your Highness, that in the last half hour you and I have changed places. Do you know who I am?"
"What in the name of Heaven do you mean?" stammered the old Baron.
"Do you know, I ask, who I am?" and do you know the feudal laws of Germany? But I see you are hopelessly in the dark. Look yonder to that fresco on the wall, and tell me if you remember the deed of my great ancestor, Fritz the Miller."
"What do you mean, base-born varlet?" cried the Duke. "What has that old legend to do with us?"
"I am no longer base-born," replied Heinrich. "I am a noble, with the patent of nobility in my possession, and not only all who come after me, but all who went before in my house are noble. Yonder hero, who slew the wolves on this very spot was noble, and being noble this land and all that stands on it is his, and in his right I claim it. This is no madness, sir, this is the old law of the empire, and I will enforce it."
"Great God!" cried the Grand Duke, the gravity of the situation dawned upon him, "can this be true, or is it all a hideous dream?"
"Nay, more," continued Heinrich, "I have searched the feudal statutes of the last four hundred years, and I find that, by a solemn decree issued at the time when the old castle of the Margraves was destroyed and this schloss was erected in its stead, the Margravate of Wolfsteinberg was attached for ever as a fief to the owner of this castle, so that if I am the owner of Wolfsteinberg, as owner I succeed to him. I am also by that very fact Margrave and Grand Duke. I claim, therefore, that by my becoming a nobleman the only bar has been removed that stood between me and the throne, and that it is no longer you, but I, who am the master here."
The Grand Duke stood like a statute. He was simply thunderstruck. Even the old Baron's diplomacy was at fault, and he was at a loss for words, when suddenly the door by which they were all grouped was opened, and in walked the Princess Gertrude.
"I have come to congratulate you," she said, with a beaming smile, "on your new rank. I hope I am the first to do so."
This was an awkward speech, for what Heinrich's rank at that moment precisely was perhaps no one was quite sure, not even the great Schlippenhammer. However, Heinrich accepted her proffered hand, and, saluting it respectfully, thanked her gravely for her good wishes.
"Gertrude," said the Grand Duke of we may still give him this title, "we are engaged on serious business. We have discovered some unexpected difficulties in our way."
"Then, papa," replied the maiden, with a smile, "perhaps I can help to solve them. I know that you have determined to get rid of Heinrich; but I may as well say now as later that for six months we have been betrothed to one another, and nothing you can do and nothing you can say will ever make me give him up."
A dead silence fell upon all the company at these firm and impassioned words. Had the Princess made this declaration half an hour sooner her father would certainly have burst out into a storm of grand-ducal indignation and discharged a volley of Teutonic expletives that would have made the palace ring. But at the present moment he was quite cowed. He covered his face with his hands and sank into a chair without a word. Even Heinrich was knocked at the sight of the old man's sorrow; and while Gertrude sprang to her father's side and tried to take his hand into her own—for she was a gentle womanly creature after all, and loved her father dearly—the young man who was the cause of all the trouble pinched the old Baron to one side, and hardly suggested that nothing further should be said at present, but that they should meet again to-morrow, and look at the situation calmly.
"But remember this," said Heinrich, with a return of firmness, "as sure as there is law in Germany I have your sister in my power. You know now what I really want. I love the Princess with all my soul, and she loves me; and I will have her, or I will have to win her. That done, I care for nothing else besides."
Saying this, he gave one passionate glance in the direction of the now weeping Gertrude, and walked slowly down the long hall, passed out at the further door.
The thought flashed into the old Minister's mind, as he watched the retreating figure, that just as they had bought off the tailor's bills with a diploma of nobility, they might now be obliged to buy off the son-in-law in ordinary coins by the hand of the Princess. Alas for the glory of the old house of Wolfsteinberg!
It is not necessary to give a full account of the ministerial crisis that took place at the same evening between the heart-broken Duke and his crafty minister. They both remembered by dawning that the claims of Heinrich's sisters were preposterous and absurd. But then there was an unpleasant look of reality in them nevertheless, certain it was that the grand ducal schloss stood upon the site of the old castle of the Margraves,

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he Free Press.
LONDON, ONT.
nday, December 25, 1882.

RS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

s has reason," says the old man, earand approvingly, rounding his sen- after the French fashion, as the Irish n will—"she has said it," he goes on, ways does say it; she has brains, colleen. Ye don't stir out of this tonight, Mr. Bobby, so make up nd to it. With Tim Ryan abroad an ly picked up and carried home by ng, the constabley will be all abroad safe thraveling for man or baste a cozy sate for ye by the fire, sit lad an' take life aisy."

was quite sure I shouldn't be dread- the way," says Geoffrey, turning the house mistress of the ceremo-

quite sure," returns she, smiling.
d tomorrow ye can go into Banthry secute that scoundrel Ryan," says Mr. Hare arm properly seen

I can," says Geoffrey. Then, not for ical reason, but because, through ve of her, he is always looking at turns his eyes on Mona. She is ly by the table, with her head bent

to-morrow you can have your arm ed," she says, in a low tone, that of sadness; and then he knows she n't want him to prosecute Ryan. nk I'll let Ryan alone," he says, inturning to her uncle and address- solely, as though to prove himself t of Mona's secret wish. "I have im enough to last him some time. girl rushes through and through, deeply grateful to him for this quick son to her unspoken desire.

ll, well, you're a good lad at heart, ully, glad perhaps in his inmost his countryman escapes and will a consistent cheats the law and a just judgment. • Mona, look afhe says, until I go an' see that the slipeen of mine an' get him to put a d under Mr. Rodney's horse."

e old man has gone, Mona goes up to her lower, and, laying her pon his arm,—a hand that seems by wonderful softness to be capable of late,—says, gratefully,—

now why you said that about Ryan, ank you for it. I should not like t was your word had transported

I am letting him go free that he the perpetrator of even greater

err, nevertheless, on the side of if ever at all,—and—perhaps ay be an object. He may ad his lesson this evening,—a last-

To-morrow I shall go to his and—

, once for all, Mona, interrupts determination, "I strictly forbid to go to Ryan's cottage again."

the first time he has ever used the f authority towards her, and it sorry she shrinks from him, and up at him from under her long in a half-frightened, half-reproachful ion, as might an offended child owing her he takes both her hands, olding them closely, draws her hard former position beside him.

give me—it was an ugly word," he I take it back. I shall never ylet to do anything, Mona, if my to must bring that look into your ver. Remember there are moments in woman's life when the man who er, and whom she loves, may claim her obedience, when it is for her own However, let that pass. I now ou not to go again to Ryan's cabin." him her hands that he may grasp, lays them lightly crossed upon her and looks up at him with perfect

, she says, very sweetly and y, upon mistaking my words. I shall ever. I shall not go to Ryan's house

re is both dignity and tenderness in one. She gazes at him earnestly for ent, and then suddenly sips one and his neck.

offrey," she says, with a visible

, darling
want you to do something for my

ill do anything, no own
is for my sake—but it will break my

ou! what are you talking about? I want you to leave Ireland—at once! or next week, but at least as soon ow, if possible."

darling, why?"
ecause you are not safe here—your

in danger. Once Ryan is recovered, ill not be content to see you living, ing his life is in your hands; every you will be in danger. Whatever I said me, you must go."

hat's awful nonsense, you know," Rodney, lightly. "When he sees I at takes any steps about arresting he will forget all about it, and bear ther ill will.

on don't understand this people as I I tell you he will never forgive his all the other night, or the thought he is in your power.

Well at all events, I shan't go one sent before I said I should," says very.

t is now my turn to demand obedience," Mona, with a little wan attempt at a . "Will you make every hour of my unhappy? Can I live in the thought that minute may bring me evil news of you, ay bring me tidings of your death?"

she gives way to a passionate burst brief, and clings closer to him, as though her soft arms to shield him from all ime to assist. He then entered his chariot, ink I'll go, he says, 'on one con- —that you come with me."

Impossible!" drawing back from him, ould I be ready? and, besides, I said I will not marry you until a year by. How can I break my word?"

That word should never have been said. better broken.

Oh, no.

Very well. I shall not ask you to break But I shall stay on here. And if, that cruel young man, in a purposely fel tone, anything should happen, it

Don't say it! don't!" cries Mona, in an ng, clapping his mouth with her hand. o. You will give in. I will go with e will marry you any time you like. sooner the better. Everybody says ing to give your life"

This is hardly complimentary, Lot Geoffrey passes it over.)

Very well, then," he says, loving, and taken to heart the wisdom of, old maxim about striking while the on is hot.

Very well, says Mona, who is pale and onsolful.

And then old Bran comes in, and Geoffrey opens out to him his newly devised n, and after awhile the old farmer, with ain in his eyes, and a strange quiver in s voice that cuts through Mona's heart, yes his consent to it, and murmurs a ressing on this hasty marriage that is to rrive him of all he has loves on earth.

And so they are married and last words spoken, and advice said and sad tears d, and for many days her own land nows Mona more.

And that night, when she is indeed gone, storm comes up from the sea, and dashes e waves upward upon the rocky ast. And triumphantly upon their white ounce the scamorra ride, screaming ir wild joy, while aloft some that mingles ly with the weird music of the

THE AMBER MAIDEN.

A Fairy Tale for Christmas.

BY MRS. W. Y. BRUNTON.

In a beautiful country, far, far away, there was once a King and Queen, who lived in a splendid Palace, which was built close to the sea shore; the garden, filled with the loveliest fruit and flowers, stretched over to the beach, where the blue waves leaped up and down in the sunshine like happy children at play.

Now this King and Queen were very much beloved by the people they ruled over, because they were always kind and good, and they would have been very happy indeed if they had only been fortunate enough to have a little son or daughter, but years passed on and they had no children, which grieved them very much, so the Queen determined to visit her fairy godmother, who had watched over her from her birth and was now very old.

This old fairy lived in a cave in the side of a high mountain several miles from the palace, so the Queen rose very early one morning and mounting her white mare Lily rode off to seek her.

When she got to the end of her journey she dismounted, and, touching the side of the mountain with a little ebony wand, which her god-mother had given her, it opened wide enough for her to pass in, when she found herself in a beautiful grotto made of some kind of sparkling stone, lighted by one large diamond the size of a turkey's egg.

"What brings you here so early, my daughter?" said the fairy as the Queen entered. "Oh! godmother," she answered, "I want you to look in your magic magic book and see if I shall ever have a son or daughter to rule over the land when the King dies."

"Daughter," said the fairy, "I looked in enchanted mirror last night for I knew you were coming to consult me, and I saw that you would have a beautiful little Princess by the time the apples are ripe, but if you are not very careful she will be the cause of a great deal of trouble and sorrow before she is a dozen years old. You must never allow her to go on the water until she has passed her twelfth year, or some great misfortune will befall her, so now good bye. I am going to the other side of the world, to pay an afternoon visit."

So saying, she struck the ground with her wand. A winged griffin appeared, and seating herself on his back, she rose in the air, and vanished through the top of the mountain.

Well, time passed on, until the apples hung ripe and red in the King's orchard, and a sweet little baby princess was born to them, a beautiful golden haired child. Her father and mother, and all the court were never tired of admiring her beauty and her cunning little ways.

But the Queen, mindful of the fairy's warning, made the King issue a proclamation forbidding any boats to come within a mile of the palace, for fear the little Princess should be tempted to go a-sailing, when she grew old enough, and thus bring about some terrible misfortune.

Now it so happened, that the little Arline, for that was her name, was passionately fond of the sea, and would often escape from her nurse, and run down to the sandy beach, to gather the pretty pink-lined shells, she would clap her hands, and laugh, to see the big blue waves come rolling in, for they seemed like playmates, and she had no little girls and boys to play with.

Well, one day, just in summer—it was the evening before the Princess' twelfth birthday—she ran down to the beach, to have a dance with the waves. She was all alone, for everybody was busy, preparing for the grand feast which was to take place next day, all the Princess's relations that were gone into the royal kitchen to take a peep at the great birthday cake, which it took a dozen of the King's footmen to carry; and had quite forgotten to look after their young mistress.

So she played until she was tired, and then sat down to watch the moon rising over the water.

Just at this time an ugly, old sea monster popped his head up to see what was going on, and spied the little Princess Arline as she sat by the shore, and very pretty she looked, with her eyes as blue as the sea itself, her dainty, rose-tinted shell-like ears, and her golden hair hanging all fossy and rippling down to her waist.

The wicked old sea-dragon thought it would be a fine thing to take that beautiful child of earth down to his gloomy palace at the bottom of the sea, for, said he, "the mermaids and sea spirits are not half so pretty as she, and she can dance and sing famous me when I come back from hunting in the sea-weed forests."

So he changed himself into the likeness of a lovely young fairy spirit, and came gliding towards Arline in a tiny boat, made of pearl and coral, with silken sails.

Arline was frightened at first, for she had never seen a boat before, but when the pretended sea nymph spoke to her in a gentle voice, and asked her if she would not like to take a ride in her pearly boat over the moonlit sea, she could not refuse, as she had often wished she could reach the spot where the moon's rays trembled upon the rippling waves.

So she took the sea spirit's cold white hand and stepped into the fairy barque, but she had no sooner done so than down, down they sank, under the cruel sea, and Arline remembered nothing more until she found herself in the palace of the ugly old sea monster, who stood before her in his own form, which was really dreadful to behold. He was short and very stout, with long hair and beard, like tangled sea-weed, his teeth were long and pointed like a shark's; his eyes were green, and stuck out like a lobster's; his skin was covered with rough scales, and on his head he wore a crown of writhing water snakes.

One poor little Princess nearly fainted away when she saw him. "Come," he said, in a harsh voice, "you need not look so frightened; you are safe with your uncle, and make yourself useful I promise not to harm you, but if you are disobedient, a dreadful punishment awaits you."

He then clapped his hands, and half-a-dozen frightful little sea-imps made their appearance; they carried torches with green flames, and led the trembling Arline into an inner apartment, where she was to pass the night on a couch of moss.

After a long while, she fell into an uneasy slumber, from which she was aroused by the discordant sound of the sea horn. The attendants hastened to prepare breakfast for the old sea king, who entered his chariot, made of rough coral, and drawn by sea-horses, and with his spear slung at his back, rode away into the sub-marine forests.

The poor little captive could find nothing to eat but fish and some kind of bitter sea-fruit.

"Oh, dear," she cried, "I shall certainly starve, and oh! what will papa and mamma say when they can't find their little daughter, and this is my birthday, too! The Princess was so overcome with sorrow at the thought that she burst into tears, and throwing herself on her mossy couch, cried herself to sleep.

When she awoke, she found herself surrounded by mermaids. They had sweet, pale faces, long silken hair, and large mournful eyes, and would have been very convenient to look at, only for the long fish's tails which each of them had instead of feet.

They looked at her very kindly, and one of them said, "Poor little daughter of earth, you are very sad, because the cruel old sea king has brought you away from your kind parents and your happy home above the sea, and we are very sorry for you, but we can do nothing to assist you unless you will consent to be transformed into an "Amber Maiden," which form you must retain for three years, at the end of which time you will regain your present shape. When once you are changed to amber, no evil spirit can have any power over you, and we can convey you safely away from the sea king's palace."

To this Arline joyfully consented. The mermaids joined hands and formed a circle round the Princess, chanting a mystic song in a low, sweet tone. By the time they had concluded, the little captive was changed into a figure of transparent amber, which was so light that the mermaids easily bore her through the pearly caves and coral gardens of the sea, until at last they darted upwards, and placed her upon the steps of a beautiful white marble palace, the pillars of which were wreathed with roses of every

The nominations for Reeve and four deputies in the above Township took place on Friday, at St. Johns. Mr. Jame. Grant, Clerk of the Township, acted as returning officer, and opened the meeting at 12 o'clock to receive nominations for candidates for municipal honors for the coming year.

There was a poor turn out—probably 50 ratepayers would make the outside figure—but of one of the largest and wealthiest townships in Ontario. Indeed there is only another township in the Province that stands so many representatives to a County Council. There appears to be a general lack of interest in important public questions, and it is only when some financial issue is brought up which touches the pockets of the farmers that a crowd can be got together at a town meeting, and still there are always plenty to find fault with the way in which public business is managed, and still come forward to suggest any improvements. It is doubtful if the majority of the people fully realize the advantages of free representative institutions, or what may be termed the general equality of conditions of all classes of society. Canadians are self-governing people, and no people in the world have the advantages of a democracy to any greater extent than we have. But unfortunately if we let our rights centralize power and grab it out of the hands of the people the way Mowat is doing, goodbye to Democracy in Ontario.

The nominations for Reeve were Mr. Joe. Marshall, by Mr. L. Powell and S. O'Neil; Thos. Routledge, by Ed. Robinson and John Abray.

For Deputies—Mr. Ed. Sale was moved by T. Nicholson, seconded by Jos. W. Ferguson.

Mr. Robert W. Jackson, by R. T. Hughes, and T. Fralegh.

Thomas E. Robson, by H. D. O'Neil and Barnis O'Neil.

Robert Dreany, by Jno. Abray and Jno. Clark.

Thos. Langford, by T. Shuebottom and J. Cary.

Peter Elson, by Abel Steele and Thomas Patrick.

Jno. Clark, by James Teer and R. T. Hughes.

Edward Robinson and Thomas Langford, the retiring Deputies, were respectively moved, but declined, as did Thos. Routledge for Reeve.

Mr. Joseph Marshall was declared elected as Reeve by acclamation, and Messrs. Peter Elson and Robt. Dreany, respectively, as 2nd and 4th Deputies.

Mr. Thos. Routledge was first called upon, and expressed his congratulations at meeting the people and the honor he had previously held of being a representative of the people. The L. H. B. R. was dealt with, and he showed that $1,000 was voted for that county upon condition that the people would improve it. A by-law was submitted, and they voted giving the bonus. Debentures were issued to that effect, and for their purchase, but the Council could not make good terms, and in consequence they were sold to capitalists in Scotland. The speaker contended that the financial standing of the township was such that these debentures were negotiated to a good advantage, and if an opposing candidate had the thought they could be purchased at a great advantage. The London Township Council had put $220 a-piece on the Proof Line road at the time, and in 1880 this body finding money cheaper, wanted to pay back. This was objected, although the township did not want to take up this. However, the County Council was released and the money paid back to the Royal Standard and other monetary institutions in the city of London, and according to the money market only 5½ per cent. was received at present. The interest of this surplus money had been expended in grading and gravelling the Proof Line road, and he thought such had been for the general benefit of the township.

In 1878 $3,000 was borrowed for the purpose of drainage, but the parties who had benefited would finally pay the money back. Up to this time it could be plainly seen from the decrease in interest from 7 to 6 per cent., and also the addition of the 4th Deputy, that taxes could not be expected to be reduced, but in 1879 and 1880 $3,000 was paid off, and a surplus was laid from drain money, and consequently this year's taxes would be reduced 1. The interest and principal on the $21,000 being compounded at the present time amounted to $37,000 to the credit of the township, and with the Wingham debentures the whole was $32,000.

Mr. Jas. Marshall, the elected Reeve and Warden of the County, in a well-timed speech, referred to the financial position of the County of Middlesex, and showed that he had by the aid of the financial ability of Mr. Adam Murray, the Treasurer, succeeded in placing the finances of the County of Middlesex on a solid basis. The indebtedness of the county at an advance of 22 per cent., and the balance, $24,000 at 4½ per cent., and 35 years to pay. Such a same could not be sold for par. The speaker referred to the unfit of Mr. McKenzie against the county, and showed the necessity of keeping up bridges and culverts in such repair that legal action could not be obtained. The cost of such a whole suit—which cost the county $8,500—was the using of a 2-inch plank when superior material should have been put in. Here a suit of $5,000 was brought against the county from the want of a proper plank. In supplying suitable and proper material in our bridges. The speaker referred to the Equalization Committee, and showed the difficulty of getting justice to the township of London. In making the assessment he only asked a reduction of $5 to the acre for London; he could not get this, and the result was an appeal to the Judges. The Judges decided the assessed rates of all municipalities, according to the late adjustment, and this has already appeared in these columns it is not necessary to produce the scheme now adopted. The representatives in the County Council was brought up, but the speaker did not see his way clear to advocate any plan which would be generally acceptable. He considered the reduction could not be made in such municipalities as London, but the business, especially by the representatives from villages, could be expedited by the clerk of each municipality sending a notice of what particular business was to be brought up for their special benefit. The Council was then referred to at some time and causality, but he contended that there are states of the brain in which we penetrate behind these forms, and come into contact with the will as it is in its own nature. At such times we escape from the system of intellectual illusions which it is the business of science to investigate; we are in the realm of absolute truth, which constitutes the proper domain of philosophy. Even members of the Society for Psychical Research are not likely to take higher ground than this, and they will certainly not surpass Schopenhauer in the confidence with which he drew conclusions from his ultimate principles. The states of the brain which lead to such surprising results occur when we are in "a magnetic sleep," and a magnetic sleep may be produced when we are in a perfectly ordinary way. It does not follow that if we fall into a magnetic sleep we shall have magnetic dreams; and if we do dream magnetically, it does not follow that we shall remember what we have dreamt. A magnetic sleep is far deeper than an ordinary sleep, and in the slow process of awaking from it we may forget the spectacle which it has enabled us to see. Sometimes, however, the impression which the vision has produced on our feeling remains, and on these occasions, if the vision has been one of coming disaster as it commonly is in the worst of possible worlds, according to Schopenhauer, we have what is called a presentiment of evil, and our presentiment is sure to be realized sooner or later.

At other times our magnetic dream—that is, our perception of realities—may be transformed into a sort of allegory which is capable of different interpretations. Of this kind were the predictions of the Delphic oracle, which frequently could not be understood until they were fulfilled. Schopenhauer was not of opinion, however, that our mysterious visions in their original form invariably pass from the memory, and he gives an example of one which he himself had an opportunity of studying. This instance seemed to him all the more remarkable because it related to a matter of little importance. One day he was writing a letter in great haste, and when he had finished the third page he intended to strew writing-sand over what he had written. In his hurry he seized the inkstand instead of the vessel containing sand, and dashed the contents over his letter. As the ink poured from his desk he rang for the maid to wipe it from the floor. When she was engaged in doing so, she said, "Last night I dreamt that I should be wiping ink-spots from the floor here."—That is not true, answered Schopenhauer. "It is true," she replied, and when I awoke I mentioned it to the other maid who sleeps with me." Just then the other maid happened to enter the room, and confirmed the statement given. The rate per week was only $1.23, and previously it was so much more that London township gained $500 per annum in the difference of boarding their own poor and having a House of Refuge. He was in favor of submitting a by-law to the township to do away with the present system of Statute Labor, and to have the work performed by contract. This suggestion was loudly cheered.

Mr. Thomas Langford, the retiring Deputy, said it was useless for him to say anything. He thanked his wife and the municipality by acclamation for three years, and as a lucid exposition of the affairs of the township had been given by the previous speaker, he retired by thanking all present for their previous support and wishing them all a happy New Year.

Mr. Ed. Robinson, the other retiring member, made a first-class election speech. On the statute labor question he heartily endorsed the remarks of Mr. Reeve, Mr. Marshall. He saw when gravel was bought for 75 cents a load, and when the cost was counted up—drawing and laying on—the statute labor business was a costly method of maintaining roads. He said the majority of beats or sections slighted in their time, and did not do 30 yards a day in work. And from his experience in the Council he had found these beats were the first to apply to the Council for grants to support their roads.

It is needless to say the views of Mr. Marshall and Mr. Robinson have been fully endorsed by this paper for a number of years.

Mr. Robert W. Jackson referred to his career, and thanked those present for their support in past years, and as his opponent, Mr. Thos. Routledge had not made any charges, he would not say anything. He left it with them to say whether a new man was better than an old servant. He, however, understood that Mr. Robins had circulated that he Jackson had made a compromise last year with his opponent—Robson—and he wanted to know if the latter alleged that. [Mr. Routledge had been connected, but the speaker had stated to his Robson's friends.—Mr. Dinsmore, of Ilderton, was called for he Jackson would care this year it Robson would give way last year.

Mr. Jackson denied this, and said he had no conversation on such matters with Mr. Dinsmore or anybody else until after the election, and he never promised such, and had always been careful not to make any such bargains with any such prospective candidate.

Mr. Dinsmore asserted such conversation had taken place, and Mr. Jackson denied and here the matter ended.

Mr. P. Elson gave a comical account of his first appearance on the Bench as Deputy-Reeve of St. George's Ward he had been fully convinced of some of the work that was laid out for him. During a very cold night a municipal horse made a call upon him—he supposed to congratulate him on the position to which he had been elected. After occupying his wonderful for one night he had the pleasure of giving the horse a funeral at his own expense. The speaker, in a racy speech,

Dec. 23.—The following officers were elected last night in Delaware Valley Lodge No. 356, A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.—Very Wor. Bro. Jno. Fitzallen, W. M.; Wor. Bro. A. McQueen, I. P. M.; Bro. A. Gweet, S. W.; Bro. W. G. Barnes, J. W.; Bro. Frey, Mg. Council, Chaps. Bro. Watt., Parsons., Treas. Bro. R. Montgomery, Sec. Among those present from neighboring lodges were Wor. Bro. Parsell and Bros. Dr. McLellan, J. Betts, and others. After adjournment the members and visiting brethren were entertained to an oyster supper at the Western Hotel by the officers elect. Song and sentiment were freely indulged in.

The assemblies which are held weekly in the Town Hall, Delaware, are well patronized and are a source of much enjoyment to the young people. Lawson's band furnish music for the occasions.

LUCAN.

Dec. 22.—The officers elect of Irwin Lodge, No. 154, G. R. C., for the ensuing year are as follows:—Bros. John Mundy, W. M.; John Fox, S. W.; Thomas Kirk, J. W.; R. H. O'Neil, Treasurer; J. P. Atkinson, Sec.; Henry O'Neil, Chaplain; C. G. Hodgins, Tyler. The Lodge gave an entertainment at the Queen's Hotel, St. John's Day, the 27th inst.

The Reeve and Council of the village were elected by acclamation, to-day, as follows:—Mr. J. H. McRoberts, Reeve, and, contrary to the prognostications of your corrospondents, some time ago, four councillors were found willing to sacrifice their valuable services on behalf of the interests of the ratepayers, viz.: Messrs. W. E. Hooper, J. R. Armitage, George Hodgins and Thomas Hall will compose the council for the ensuing year.

Rebbiuh nominations—Messrs. W. D. Stanley and Wm. Turvey were elected Reeve and Deputy Reeve by acclamation. James Carley, P. J. Dewan, Wm. Kelly and Wm. Richardson were nominated to fill the vacant seats at the Board, the law only requiring three members. A poll was demanded.

The London *World* has the following notes:—

The two giants in the royal procession to the new Law Courts were not Gog and Magog, but Lord Alfred Paget and Fred Burnaby.

Can it be true that the amateur proprietors of a coach that had a somewhat noisy worth accident this season have refused to pay the medical bill of the lady who had her leg broken on the occasion! I can scarcely credit it, and fear that such a fact—if fact it be—is becoming known will not tend to raise the prestige of the road.

The late Earl of Beaconsfield's vacant stall in the Chapel of St. George's, Windsor, has not been refilled. The Queen, as a mark of respect for his memory, determined it should be unoccupied for a twelvemonth, but nearly two years have passed away and the fact that their comrade is dead, which they did he carefully unveiling and stepping on before taking it away to his home. Bit we should never be free from a psychological standpoint have had the feelings of compassion, reflection, and sympathy.

That they know it is wrong to steal is a self-evident fact. I bought a very intelligent dog recently, and one of the tricks he has been engaged in smuggling between France and Spain. Of this dog it was authentically related that it was always engaged in the service of smuggling, his owner strapping the contraband goods on his back and starting him across the line. The dog, of course, knew his destination, which he would reach by the quickest route. When he arrived there, his owner should be met a pounce. He would then proceed quietly on his way, taking no notice of the gendarme or official of any kind leave in sight, however, the wily smuggler sidled up and said word of the approaching danger was past, or else make a circumstances order to avoid him.

Two years ago I bought a long-haired spaniel, that only a very few times in my life had I ever spoken a harsh word to, and he would look at me in a very dejected manner the poor thing brushed up against my legs and looked me in the face, as if to say, "What have I done?" if I had harshly ordered it away. It immediately set up a dismal howl and ran out of the house, and would not come back for hours afterwards. When about half was toward the stream it lacked back to me. I have walked to the door, and again gave a plaintive howl. I paid no particular attention to it, not realizing that it was the prelude to a funeral. Seeing that I disregarded its sentiment, the animal ran to the bank of the stream, jumped in, disappeared from the surface, and never came up again. He had deliberately committed suicide through misery caused by my unjust treatment. Shame! don't talk to me about a dog liking nothing more than a bone. A man is a dog with a soul. The most intelligent of the canine race," continued the professor, "know it is wrong to steal. One of our dogs became very jealous of a cat that I took up and petted a good deal. One day I noticed, as I thought at the time, the two playing together some distance off. After a short while the dog took the cat in his mouth and started off with it. I followed him, and when a secluded spot had been reached the dog dug a hole in which he dropped it, and then covered it up, when, seeing me for the first time, he drew with a howl, and never from that time would he look at the cat. Talk about jealousy, he had killed the cat, and intended to bury it so as never to be detected.

Another one of my dogs was a very heavy and gluttonous eater, for which one day I rebuked him. He had a very saintanlike effect, and for a week afterward, whenever he was fed, he would eat very sparingly, taking up the remainder in his mouth and carrying it off, and then he would bury it. Any man who would dispute such a fact as this I can only point to my dog now at my feet, and a more gentlemanly dog now I'll back."

The approach of age shows itself first in the forehead. The most delicate and first, then deeper and deeper, until the incipient crow's feet are indicated, developed. The woman who, looking in her glass, perceives these fatal lines diverging from the outer corners of her eyes, knows that she has reached an era in her life. She recognizes it with a sigh, if she be a vain, a lovely, or a worldly woman; with a smile, perhaps, if she has children in whom she can live her own youth over again. But if even she never be a gay spirit. None of us, men or women, like to feel youth—that precious possession—slipping away from us. But we should never be on the lookout for crow's feet or gray hairs. Looking for them is sure to bring them, for thinking about them brings them. They form a part of the language of the eye, which is eloquent enough when sparingly used, and which should be sparingly used for other reasons than that of adding to their unto eloquence. Tears are a disfiguring expression of emotion, and those that get into the habit of weeping over every small vexation do much toward acquiring a careworn, miserable expression, and are sure to look old before their time. Excessive weeping has been known not only to injure, but actually to destroy the sight. Few women look pretty, or even interesting in tears, though it has long been a pleasant fiction in poetry and romance to suppose that they do. Many women, some men, and most children make most disfiguring and distorting grimaces while crying; and the lady who thinks she can work upon a man's feeling by a liberal display of tears shortly, acutely, study a specimen made of producing them before her looking-glass. Grimaces soften no hearts, and tears accompanied by the usual distortion have a hardening effect, if not a visible one. In a prettily-written book, now probably out of print, purporting to be the story of the life of one of Milton's wives, the author makes that poet say of his wife's eyes after crying that they resembled "the sun's clear shining after rain"—a very pretty natural object indeed, but during the rain itself the observer is not inclined to be so complimentary.

Grimaces of a somewhat similar order are produced by much laughing, and the wrinkles they cause should always be taken with children to prevent their falling into this habit. If frequently exercises such a pitch as to render the laughter positively unsightly. The face is distorted and out of drawing, the eyes disappear, and the lips are drawn up, revealing half an inch of pale pink gum. This peculiarity sometimes runs in families, partly from unconscious imitation. I know one family whose grimaces during laughter are most hideously alike. When they are all assembled at the dinner table, and a joke goes round, there is not a single eye left in the family. Much, if not all, of this could be prevented in due care in childhood. The laughs can be indulged quite as much as the voice. Actresses take lessons in laughing, with occasionally very charming results. I do not, however, advise that such teaching should begin in early childhood, lest it might destroy spontaneity and produce an effect of artificiality, but I very strongly recommend mothers to check a disposition to make grimaces during their children's indulgence of mirth—*Whitehall Review.*

There is no part of a city house that gives more trouble to the landlord, family and ever-body connected with it than the walls. Not the brick outer walls, that form the principal part of the frame work—for every builder knows just how thick and how strong they must be to make the building safe and habitable—but the interior finishing of the walls, the process by which the rough bricks are hidden from sight and the rooms are made dry and warm. All house owners agree that there is no greater nuisance than a plastered wall, and yet nine-tenths of the dwelling houses in New York have nothing else. There could hardly be devised a more clumsy method of finishing off the walls of a building than nailing a coating of laths to the joists—the studding—and filling in two or more of plaster, marred and cracked and broken by everything that touches it. The invention of lath and plaster was a great improvement over the old style of having no interior coating at all, for it made damp rooms dry, and cold rooms comparatively warm. But it has been in use now so many years it is time for some change for the better. Plaster walls are bad enough in any house, in city or country. But when a city residence built to be let is where there is pretty sure to be a new tenant every year or two, there is no excuse for their existence. When one tenant declines to hang a picture or a mirror, and drives nails for that purpose, the next tenant very likely prefers to see the bare wall. But he is pretty sure to see, instead, an unsightly space marred by gaping holes, and perhaps a crack or two. Where the brick of the predecessors soft rubbed against the wall there is a broken place, and under where the water overflowed one day, there is an ugly map of the polar regions in the ceiling. The use of leather for wall coverings would do away with this trouble, but leather is far too expensive to come into general use. Cheaper imitations of leather have been made, and have been satisfactorily used in some public buildings in New York, but even they are too expensive to be employed in the common run of houses built to be let. What is wanted is some plain and inexpensive and durable material to take the place of lath and plaster, that can be secured in any extent desired after it is put in place. New York builders have grasped successfully with more knotty questions than this, but with none having a deeper bearing upon the well-being and comfort of householders.

A Quebec despatch says: It is stated that some of the insurance companies are demanding more than the second advance of 50 per cent. on fire premiums here, and a case in point is mentioned in which 66⅔ per cent has been charged under a threat of cancelling the policy right out. One of the most extensive warehouses in Lower Town, a new and almost fireproof building. The French evening papers make strong ground on the question, and call upon the Mayor to summon an immediate public meeting, the latter may take their advice, where they please, and that confederkers will invite a foreign insurance company to start here and all promise it to organize a mutual company of their own.

Richmond, Dec. 24.—No little stir has been caused here to-day by certain facts which have leaked out, about a divorce suit instituted in the Chancery Court of this city under the title of Pigeon agt. Pigeon. The strange movements of the fair plaintiff and much sympathy is expressed for her husband, who is left to the tender mercies of the chambermaids of the dwelling houses in New York have nothing else. There could hardly be devised a more clumsy method of finishing off the walls of a building than nailing a coating of laths to the joists—the studding—and filling in two or more of plaster, marred and cracked and broken by everything that touches it. The invention of lath and plaster was a great improvement over the old style of having no interior coating at all, for it made damp rooms dry, and cold rooms comparatively warm. But it has been in use now so many years it is time for some change for the better. Plaster walls are bad enough in any house, in city or country. But when a city residence built to be let is where there is pretty sure to be a new tenant every year or two, there is no excuse for their existence. When one tenant declines to hang a picture or a mirror, and drives nails for that purpose, the next tenant very likely prefers to see the bare wall. But he is pretty sure to see, instead, an unsightly space marred by gaping holes, and perhaps a crack or two. Where the brick of the predecessors soft rubbed against the wall there is a broken place, and under where the water overflowed one day, there is an ugly map of the polar regions in the ceiling. The use of leather for wall coverings would do away with this trouble, but leather is far too expensive to come into general use. Cheaper imitations of leather have been made, and have been satisfactorily used in some public buildings in New York, but even they are too expensive to be employed in the common run of houses built to be let. What is wanted is some plain and inexpensive and durable material to take the place of lath and plaster, that can be secured to any extent desired after it is put in place. New York builders have grasped successfully with more knotty questions than this, but with none having a deeper bearing upon the well-being and comfort of householders.

Richmond. Dec. 24.—Members of the fair plaintiff's family here do not appear to be much disturbed at the proceedings that might destroy her likelihood. They were manifestly surprised when asked to-day if such an action, and added that if it had been it was their firm was not interested in it. One of them suggested that the Christmas might have been used in connection with the matter because one of the parties was acquainted with Mr. Richardson, and the firm had transacted some business for that gentleman. He also suggested that in his opinion, it would be well for parties to wait a while for further developments before giving publicity to the matter. The mention of the name of the firm in connection with the matter was deprecated.

New York, Dec. 25.—The attorneys of Mrs. Libscher's here in the suit for an American divorce from Richard Pigion, her first husband, state that proceedings will probably be stopped, and the suit abandoned. This will be done because of the annoying publicity the matter has given rise to. A friendly settlement of her divorce will be filed here instead. Lawyers, well versed in the divorce laws of Virginia say Mrs. Libscher will be unable to obtain a divorce in that State.

Great Bankrupt Sal
DURING THIS (CHRISTMAS) WEEK
I shall offer for sale 46 doz. 3-ply Linen Collars; regular price, 25c.; bankrupt price, 10c. An invoice of Neckties and Braces from the celebrated firm of Welch, Margetson & Co., of London, at 60c. on the dollar. An invoice of Silk Umbrellas from the above firm, attached by the creditors before Goldner had an opportunity to mark them. 25 doz. White and Colored Shirts at 50c. on the dollar. Gloves are nearly all sold, but what I have left I will sell at 50c. on the dollar.
THOMAS SMYTH
Next door to Bryce's Auction Rooms.
Richmond Street, Opposite City H
HOLIDAY NOVELTIES!
For Holiday Times.
BERESFORD.
ARAB.
WOLSELEY.
Elegant, Useful and Seasonable
PRESENTS
Get your boy, or somebody else's boy one of our new style suits or overcoats. See styles.
BURNS & BAPTY,
154 Dundas Street.
The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.
AMENDED LAND REGULATIONS.
$2.50 per Acre and Upwards.
2,500,000 ACRES IN SOUTHERN MANITOBA,
DENTON
HAS IMPORTED A SUPERB STOCK OF
FASHIONABLE—WOOLEN—GOODS,
For GENTLEMEN of LONDON and VICINITY.
COMPRISING IN PART OF
FOR DRESS, Black Wool Broads, Lenpolin, Frisely Worsteds.
FOR TROUSERINGS, Scotch Tweeds and Shetlands West of England Tweeds, Heather Mixtures.
FOR SUITINGS, Black and Blue Angolas, Black and Blue Worsteds, Fine Scotch Tweeds, Fancy Worsteds, etc., etc., etc.
FOR OVERCOATINGS, Whipcords, Montagnacs, For Heavies, Naps, Beavers, Meltons.
FOR LIVERIES—Drab, Blue and Green Regulation Cloths.
SEE OUR DISPLAY
Fancy Goods
FOR
CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.
HERON and JACKSON,
118 DUNDAS STREET.
Families
Will find it to be to their interest to buy their
BOOTS & SHOES!
From us, for we make especially to their requirements.
WINLOW BROTHERS,
118 DUNDAS STREET
HYDROLEINE
For Consumption, Winter Cough, Affections of the Chest and all Wasting Diseases.
Prescribed by the leading physicians of England, the United States and the Dominion of Canada.
A WONDERFUL FACT
HYDROLEINE is more perfectly with water, showing a complete absence of oil, and yet as thick as cream and as pure as honey.
Wm. Pugsley, 344 Ridout St.
PATTERNS, MODELS,
AND WOOD WORK OF ALL KINDS
A. COLE,
WOOD TURNER AND SAWYER.
Largest Assortment of
XMAS Presents!
IN CANADA AT
Bryce's Bazaars,
123 & 168 Dundas Street,
AND RICHMOND ST.
CITY SHIPPING OFFICE,
116 Richmond Street, London Ontario.
P. S. CLARKE,
London, Ont.
TRAVELLERS' G
GRAND TRUNK R

Buy Useful

XMAS

PRESENTS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

—AT—

Biddis Brothers'.

Lthsodty

...nch & English

...velties!

...rely New Designs.

...ble, cheap and useful. Suitable for

...MAS!

...worthy of inspection.

—AT—

...ONG'S

...rug Store,

...NDAS STREET.

...Free Press.

...LISHED ...ONDON, ONT.

...day, December 25, 1882.

...DON FREE PRESS.

...free Press is on file (among ...on Toronto at the branch office, ...n street east.

...CATION NOTICE.

...nual custom on Holidays, we ...of the Morning Edition of the ...to agents and subscribers in ...rning Edition.

...CONOMICAL.

...don, Monday, Dec. 25, 1882.
...p.m. | Moon rises. . 6.05 p.m
...p.m. | Moon sets. . . 8.09 a.m
...of the year 359th.
...'s PHASES.

.....	2nd	8.47 a.m.
.....	10th	10.28 a.m.
.....	17th	11.36 a.m.
.....	25th	10.32 a.m.

...ER TIME.
...1 a.m.—The pressure is al...over the Lake region and ...ortionment to the West, and ...ow over Eastern Canada...ing to parts of New Scotia ...eather is fair. In the North...nture ranges from 5 to 20 deg. ...ower but the temperature ...nada ranges between 20 deg. ...points. Lakes—Moderate to ...to cloudy and mild weather ...to-night.

...FREE ENTERTAINMENT.—The ...Tree entertainment in ...ale Pro... Orphans' ...day t... ...mmates, ...from the ...es thos... ...of friends of the ...present and assisted in ...pass pleasantly. After ...dinner, all separated, ...e managers of the Home ...ir guests.

...PUBLISHED.—On Thurs... ...ed London for the ...named Jack... ...Brockville ...ooats ...

...Stacey is a noted thief, ...ms in the County Wentworth, ...Brockville lockup made a ...t to escape by making a ...ell of his cell. Detective ...turday with his man, ...ought back by Ryan, ...re remanded to jail till the ...

...DARY COLLEGE EXAMINA...—The examinations in the ...were concluded on Thurs... ...following gentlemen ob... ...of the Agriculture and ...George G. Ferling, ...Aylesworth, Fred Fisher, ...Southill, Angola, Ind.; ...Ohio; H. H. Cheesman, ...Obtained honors. The ...ers consisted of Messrs. ...Coleman, Wilson, Cesar, ...ol, veterinary surgeons, ...Barrett, and Dunning, ...

...—The City Hall arcade ...ed on Saturday night of ...Christmas observ to the ...ose of the Irish Benevo... ...ctive space was crowded ...ughout the evening, and ...throng of women ...ed. Dancing was kept ...ly until daylight, and ...ition was rapidly pro... ...ing being admitted by ...ed, and the ball ended, ...ssful affair, with a side ext. ...

...—Mr. Thomas Ryan, ...ceived a present of ...1,500 lbs. of beef, ...Church of Biscuit, 1 ...ll, $120 in groceries, ...under the supervision ...Rev. John Smith, Stephen ...M. Keamy, and a few ...ng required to ...

...TERS AND CHANGES.—Mr. ...appointed Lumber ...Norwich company ...ley Smith Bros. ...Mr. P. Matheson ...the Strathroy com... ...ley Smith Bros. ...resignation has been ...Mr. Boyle is ap... ...permanently. ...Mr. ...ed ...the ...Rice' Soap, ...of Levis, Que., ...ecedent, of Wood... ...ial Military College at ...ed to the staff as ...ith marks in obliga... ...ionary subjects, mak... ...Wentworth Provisional ...1173, voluntary, or a ...

...who for a number of ...position of trunkey ...Saturday placed ...ame of the proper ...he was accepted. ...s taken by Mr. Mc... ...Goodhue ...

...OTICES.

...son. H. Popham with ...Goods and customers ...mas enquiring at 10 ...1,253

...wanted to buy skate ...Apply ...Decether ...1,230th

...Biddis street, for ...1,230th

...ation open every ...ristmas. ...1,146n

...large point — Mes... ...ection, &c., go... ...Dundas street, ...1,124n

...ke getting door ...Owen & Morris, ...ers and Painters, ...K17tr

...made from best ...Dundas street. ...

...e a Grand Tuck ...feel straight and ...ake no skin by T. ...street. ...

...ROOMS. His stock of materials is choice and very extensive, while for MAKE and FIT his garments are unapproachable.—146 Dundas Street, nearly opposite Market Lane.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT BREVITIES.

Christmas Day, 1882. Spend it in a becoming manner.

Mr. H. Moffatt, of Winnipeg, son of Col. Moffatt, is at the city.

Col. Walker has arrived home from Winnipeg, as also Miss Raymond, of this city.

Dr. W. M. McGregor has returned to the city from Fort Pelly, North-west territory.

Mr. John Phair, of South Bend, Ind., son of Detective Phair, is spending his holidays in the city.

Miss Amelia Christie has been presented by her pupils with an elegant morocco bound album.

Mr. William Egelton, a well known printer, formerly of this city, is on a visit home for the holidays.

Mr. J. W. McLellan, of Chatham, has accepted the position of cutter with Mr. J. Glen, of this city.

The choice for managing editor of the *Globe* is said to be between Mr. James Young and Mr. David Mills.

Venmor never signs a weather prediction "Yours truly." He does well to avoid "truly" when playing prophet.

A marked improvement is reported in the condition of Engineer Brown, and good hopes of his recovery are entertained.

It is proposed by the London East Council to fix the assessment of the Grand Trunk Railway permanently at $1,500 per year.

Rough business is unusually brisk at the Air Line. Several new engines have recently arrived at St. Thomas from Hamilton.

Messrs L. and S. Stead, of Willowdell, left on Saturday for Windsor and Detroit, where they intend spending their holidays.

There were 110 applicants for a situation to the St. Thomas Collegiate Institute present at the entrance examination on Friday.

Mr. T. F. Bowman, teacher, of Louisville, formerly of London, recently passed the law matriculation examination at Osgoode Hall, Toronto.

Venmor prophesies that Christmas day will be very cold. Venmor had better not come round here with his "cold weather" prophecies.

Miss Reidy, the well-known Canadian vocalist, has been secured by the East Street Presbyterian Church choir of Detroit as leading soprano.

A young man named James Thomas has been arrested at Wallacetown on suspicion of stealing a horse and cutter which he was offering for sale.

Charles A. Poer appeared Saturday at Schram's Detective Agency, before Squire Peters, on a charge of non-payment of wages. He paid $40 and costs.

Mr. C. S. Hyman re-opened a fat turkey to the married men of his establishment on Saturday night, and Mr. C. B. Hunt performed a similar act to the single men.

Skating is promised for to-day at the Queen's Avenue, Wercmister and Richmond Street Rinks. The Second Band will play at the latter during the afternoon.

Chatham *Planet*:—The London Free Press appeared Thursday last in a new typographical outfit. It is a first-class paper, and is one that should be patronized by the West.

The Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council has been gleased to appoint Daniel Eccles, Esq., gentleman, Clerk of the Second Division Court, Watford, vice J. D. Eccles, deceased.

At Father Flannery's concert, on Friday night next, at St. Thomas, Messrs. George Baird, Chas. A. Sippi, Miss Eaters, Miss Reidy, Miss Clench and Miss Nolan are announced to appear.

The McClary Manufacturing Company on Saturday evening distributed upwards of 200 turkeys among their employes—each married man receiving one as a Christmas present.

Sarnia *Observer*:—The London Free Press came to hand on Thursday in a new suit, which improves its appearance considerably, though the taste displayed in its selection is not commendable." (?)

Mr. Samuel Cole, of New York, who was formerly a resident of this section, and proprietor of Cole's Canadian Circus, was in the city on Friday. He is visiting his friends in the vicinity of Belmont.

Ayr Recorder:—Is that $15,000 from the London Masonic Bazaar coming to Ayr? Several villagers have invested with the belief that it will. If it should, oh! Jerusalem, what a happy palpitation will somebody experience!

There are two candidates in the field for the Deputy Reeveship of the West Elgin Assembly Rooms. Thomas Langford and E. K. Salmon. The name of the latter was omitted in the telegraphic dispatch announcing the list of candidates nominated.

The Salvation Army Mogul is to be met at Toronto to-night in a hallelujah banquet. Capt. Annie Shirley, the Irish Lass, of this city, Happy Jack and others are to be present. Major Moore says there will be twenty stations in Canada in less than three months.

John Chivens, who has been in custody on a charge of house breaking, was on Saturday last duly discharged, the prosecutor failing to come forward. He was held, however, for neglecting to pay a fine imposed some time ago. Subsequently the amount was paid, and he was liberated.

Guelph *Mercury*.—The London Free Press appeared on Thursday in a completely new typographical outfit, demonstrating a forward step of prosperity. If the Free Press was not so confoundedly wrong in its politics, and so stupidly malicious in its attacks on the Agricultural College it would be a first-class paper.

The receipts at the Manager's office of the Masonic Bazaar on Saturday amounted to nearly $4,000. The demand promises to be broken than at any time previous to the postponement, and there is every market a ticket there will be a great run for the remainder of the tickets during the time between the 28th inst. and 5th of February.

The Delaware Reform Association has appointed the following delegates to the convention at Mount Brydges on the 29th:—Messrs. Campbell, John McFarlane, W. Field, J. M. Kaiser, Joseph Uttjerore, Robert Stephens, Samuel Sutherland, L. Carley, A. Bodlin, J. Gilder, Messrs. Sutherland and Bodlin will attend the gathering at Toronto on the 3rd prox.

At the next meeting of the London East Council Mr. Hyman will introduce a motion to petition the Legislature for the introduction of the property qualification of municipal representatives from $600 to $600, thus conferring a vote on ratepayers having from $300 to $300. He asserts that by the operation of the municipal law fearless as a large number of the ratepayers are disqualified.

Brantford *Courier*:—The London Free Press, with its usual enterprise, has donned a new and neat dress. Our esteemed and spicy contemporary is always to the fore, and with its improved appearance and publication of late foreign and local news, is bound to become still popular with the reading public. We tender its publishers every good wish for its continued prosperity and progress."

Mr. H. Mathewson, of the Free Press Printing Company, presented each of the married men of the establishment on Saturday night last with a well-developed turkey, as has been his custom for several years past. The beneficiaries appreciate this seasonable action, and heartily thank the donor for his good-ness of heart and thoughtfulness.

At a meeting of the St. Thomas Council Thursday night a committee was appointed to wait upon the Canada Southern Railway officials with reference to protesting against the proposed removal of that company's offices to Detroit, as agreed upon as one of the terms of the consolidation with the Michigan Central. It was determined to take measures to the law, if necessary, in order to prevent such removal.

The Grits of East Middlesex were called to meet in this city on Saturday for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the convention which is to be held in Toronto next month. Each township is supposed to send six delegates. Westminster was the only township ready to name the representatives, and the meeting adjourned with the understanding that the other townships will appoint delegates in time to attend the convention.

The following officers have been elected in London South Council, No. 663, Royal Arcanum, for the ensuing year:—Regent, John Pope; Vice-Regent, Francis Harding; Past Regent, A. Westman; Orator, A. C. Johnston; Secretary and Collector, E. H. Sammons; Treasurer, W. H. Robinson; Chaplain, Leonard H. Ingram; Guide, George Tedcook; Warden, Albert Stanton; Sentry, John Harris. Trustees, Francis H. Leys, Thos. G. Davey and John Pope. Medical Examiner, Dr. John M. Piper. Finance Committee—L. H. Ingram, F. B. Leys and A. Stanton; Auditors, Samuel Screaton, John Harris and Leonard H. Ingram. After the regular business a purse was presented to the secretary, Mr. E. H. Samson.

The Returning Officer, Mr. T. S. Minton, opened the public meeting in London West Friday night, 22nd, on motion, Deputy-Reeve Spence was elected Chairman.

The following answers were given by speakers regarding annexation to the city:—

Reeve Platt read a statement of the amount of work done during the year, which was not submitted at the last meeting, owing to the absence of the chairman of the Board of Works. He challenged any elector to say that the money spent had not been economically laid out, and no very necessary work had been neglected. He asked their support in his candidature, and would look after the interests of the village to the best of his ability if returned.

In reply to a question of Mr. Smith, Mr. Platt said he was not in favor of annexation to the city, but would go in for extending the boundaries of the village.

Mr. Bartram was not in favor of annexation to the city, as their present form of municipal government was the most economical of the two.

Mr. A. J. B. McDonald said that the debt which had grown over the village since he left the Council was alarming. At the time spoken of three years ago there was a surplus of $1,200, and now there was a deficit of $1,500. This was falling behind $27,000 in three years. If the Reeve was to be held responsible for the acts of the Council, Mr. Bartram was just twice as culpable as Mr. Platt, as the former was in it two years to the latter's one. The heavy burdens which would be imposed in the future, such as the maintaining of the County roads, would make annexation to the city their best plan—and, he said, now was the time.

Mr. John Evans pointed out the benefits which the village had derived from incorporation, and said these benefits had more than doubled the value of the property in the village. The city of London might treat them worse than the township of London had done.

Mr. McGoey announced himself a candidate for the Council, and would do his best to serve the village faithfully and well.

In reply to a question of A. J. B. McDonald, he said he was not in favor of annexation just yet, although he believed it would come soon.

Mr. D. Collins believed the villagers got more value in the way of improvements for their money than the citizens did.

Mr. J. Campbell did not believe that incorporation had done much for the village, as he did not find property much higher. The village was not ripe for annexation yet. He was a candidate for their suffrages.

Mr. R. S. Murray asked a hearing for a few minutes to speak on the subject of annexation. The difference in taxation was 17 mills in the village to 20 in the city. Their insurance would be one-half less than at present.

Mr. Minton—The rate is the same as the city now.

Mr. Murray continued—Some remarks have been made tonight that the village would get no improvements if annexed, but would be treated as an outlying Ward. Now, Nos. 6 and 7 Wards in the city contributed two dollars in taxes, and took three dollars out, and the speaker did not think they had much to complain of.

Mr. D. C. Macdonald explained that the amount of current expenditure in the city was outside of interest on the debt, ect., would not exceed 8 mills in the dollar, and the village could probably get terms by which they would not be assessed for these debts.

Mr. J. Daniels opposed annexation.

The candidates will be as follows, so far as announced:—

For Reeve—John Platt and W. H. Bartram.

Deputy—William Spence (elected by acclamation).

Councillors—Enoch McGoey, Hammond, D. Collins and J. Campbell.

THE CHRISTMAS MARKET.

A LARGE ATTENDANCE OF BUYERS—SCARCITY OF SELLERS.

The attendance Saturday at what may be called the Christmas market was very large, but the offerings of fowls were not at all equal to the demand. Prices ranged very high. Especially was this the case with geese, which brought as high as $1 each. All other kinds of stuff brought equally "corner lot" prices. To those who were necessitated to look out for a Christmas supply from this source the result of their visit was very unsatisfactory. It might be remarked that the slush on the square made it most disagreeable to pedestrians, and if the members of the Market Committee had been about they would have seen the great necessity that there is for a covering reaching from the west side of the Market House to Talbot street, and from the north end to the sidewalk running in front of the New York Store. This, however, will be a matter with which the Committee for 1883 will have to deal, and it will remain for them to make the London market what it should be—the pride of the citizens and a place where they can go to purchase their provisions with some degree of comfort. In the market house the display of meat was very fine, and the butchers having hung up the best that could be procured. During the morning throngs of people crushed and trampled each other in their efforts to procure choice cuts, etc., and the energies of the different butchers, with their hosts of assistants, were taxed to their utmost to wait on their customers. The business done at the hotels was something enormous, and at noon it was impossible for farmers to procure stabling for their teams at any place convenient to the business portion of the city. Business men, generally, were in a smiling face, and this indicated that they were doing a satisfactory trade.

SARNIA PRESBYTERY.—The Presbytery met in St. Andrew's Church, Sarnia, on the 19th inst., the Moderator, Mr. Wells, presiding. Mr. Thompson stated that he had Moderated in a call at Point Edward, which was unanimously in favor of Rev. Mr. Leach, of Dungannon, promising $500, with $150 supplement; also, making provision for minister's residence. The call was signed by 52 members and 46 adherents. The action of the Moderator was sustained and the call was sustained as a regular Gospel call. Messrs. Bossey, Shields, Agnew and Dr. Bayley spoke in support of same. Papers from residents of Petrolea, asking that they be erected into a congregation, also of the Church, were laid on table. Commissioners, gave in an excellent report, which was received. Messrs. Cuthbertson and Thompson were appointed to draft a scheme for ministerial exchange, with a view of stimulating Christian liberality, especially in the direction of increased ministerial support. Arrangements were made for the annual missionary meetings, and the Presbytery adjourned to meet on the second Tuesday in March, 1883.

NO MEETING.—The announcement of a meeting of the electors of No. 1 Ward on Saturday evening failed to counteract the influence of the festive season, and citizens evidently preferred to complete their preparations for the holiday by hearing the Aldermen give an account of their stewardship during the past year. Only about twenty-five persons assembled, several of the number being boys, and after waiting some time a considerable amusement was evoked by the appearance of Mr. Emery proposing that a gentleman present should sing "Auld Lang Syne" to while away the time. The meeting was finally adjourned until Wednesday evening, and as the City Hall will be engaged during the week. The meeting will probably be held at the Horton street school house.

A THIEF CAPTURED.—On Saturday afternoon a man named Robert Baxter was arrested by Detective Phair upon a charge of being drunk and having in overcoat in his possession which did not belong to him. Soon after this Mr. Tibbs, porter at the G. T. R. Richmond street depot, reported that a coat belonging to him had been stolen from the baggage room, and the coat found upon Baxter was identified as the missing property. He stated that he had received the coat in a trade, but as he never had a coat worth one-half the value, the story was not believed.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mrs. Rebecca Yeoke, of Brampton, who had been spending a few weeks with her son-in-law, Mr. Wm. J. Elliott, of the Phœnix Foundry here, left London at noon on the 22nd inst., arriving home the same evening. The following day the friends here were informed by telegraph that she had died of apoplexy during the morning.

CHRISTMAS MUSIC.—The musical services at St. Paul's Church this forenoon promises to be away ahead of the usual programme, excellent though it has always been. The choir have been hard at work for some weeks past practising up for the occasion, under the new directorship of the organist and master, Mr. S. B. Sippi.

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH

and consumption in its first stages are treated at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 175 Church street, Toronto, where the Dr. smarter is used, an instrument invented by Dr. M. Souvielle, of Paris, and ex-aide surgeon of the French army, which conveys the medicines in the form of cold inhalations to the parts diseased. Suitable constitutional treatment used when required. Consultation and a trial of the inhaler free. Poor people hearing certificates fr...bishop with the instrument. Pamphlet and testimonials free on application, write, enclosing stamp, for pamphlet giving full particulars, to International Throat and Lung Institute, 175 Church street, Toronto, or 24 Phillips Square, Montreal. cod-w

Red Spruce Gum!

and all the leading

PATENT MEDICINES

SOLD AT

REDUCED PRICES!

—BY—

WM. SAUNDERS,

—CHEMIST.—

188 Dundas St., London.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS

Ushered in by the Joyous Chimes —Associations and Enjoyments of the Occasion.

The clear, sonorous strokes of the tall clocks as they sounded the solemn midnight hour ushered in Christmas upon a city enwrapped in slumber and quietude, disturbed almost on the instant by the glad, sweet chimes of the joy bells ringing out from St. Paul's upon the crisp air almost as joyously as the voices of the angels whose songs of glory and peace brought in that first Christmas in far-off Judea, nearly nineteen centuries ago, when the precious message, "Peace on Earth, Goodwill to Men" was chanted by the celestial choir. On the birth of the Babe of Bethelem, making the festival sacred to childhood. The myriad sounds of the metropolis were hushed into repose until the glad notes of the bells awoke reminiscences of the pleasant events associated with the festive season, and amidst the interchange of sentiment that will ensue when the world awakens to active life this morning, the FREE PRESS cordially wishes a merry, happy Christmas, to its thousands of readers throughout the Province. It is doubtful whether the feast itself or the preparations for it is most full of joy. The good will to give, the renewed love that years of petty bickerings of the year fill all hearts, this week, of rich and poor alike, with a warmth that almost renews youth, sensibilities suffering, banishes poverty, and makes every one, for the time at least, forget, if he does not forgive, his greatest enemy. Before the happy and innocent faces of universal childhood, all the evil passions vanish, and mankind renewed by the spirit of heart which the Child of Bethlehem loved and exemplified in all of things else throughout His wonderful life of love and sacrifice. Tears may come unbidden on Monday as little ones are missed from the happy family groups, but the hope which the Christ Child brought to the world will be there to temper the sorrow of the stricken hearts. It is a good time everywhere—a good time for the rich to give to the poor, for the poor to give to each other, for husband and wife to renew their loves, for parent and child to come nearer if possible to each other, for brothers and sisters to exchange tokens, for lovers to love each other better than ever before. It is a time of happy re-union, when those who have been during the year been separated by the cares of business once more meet to exchange loving greetings and renew old friendships. It is a time, when all are made glad, when the spirit of generosity instills itself into the hearts of men, and the poor enjoy one happy day, when the children are made glad by the store of good things brought to them by the mystical "Santa Claus," and when those of older growth relish with delight the tempting turkey and choice morsels provided for their delectation. Many young men look upon the day solely as a day of recreation, and will indulge in sleighriding or the amusements of a more questionable nature, possibly on some outdoor excursion exchanging the wine cup, and proving their fitness to be called "one of the boys" by the height and extent of their hilarity—too often degenerating into excessive intoxication. All can enjoy the festival as best suits their inclination, for one day unrunmelled by care, business or the ordinary affairs of a hum-drum, plodding existence.

WEST ELGIN'S CHOICE.

Mr. T. W. Kirkpatrick, of Rodney, Selected as Candidate for the Local Legislature.

A convention of the Liberal Conservatives of West Elgin was held at Wallacetown on Thursday last. Mr. T. W. Kirkpatrick of Rodney, was unanimously chosen as the standard-bearer of the party for the Local Legislature. He accepted the nomination, and thanked those present for the confidence reposed in him. He was fully in accord with the Ontario Opposition, but would always pursue the course he considered to be right. After an address from T. W. Crothers, the following officers of the Reform Association were appointed for the ensuing year: President, L. W. McIntyre. Vice-President, A. M. McIntyre; Secretary, D. Mills. Aldborough branch—President, John Pritchard; Secretary, Geo. Bridgeman. Dunwich—President, D. J. McCallum; Secretary, W. Bicknell. Southwold—President, Duncan Campbell; Secretary, E. Braswell.

LOCKED OUT.—ANOTHER.—During Saturday night the crowds who visited Bryce's store on Dundas and Richmond streets, were treated to something out of the usual run of Christmas trade, and the proprietor found it absolutely necessary to secure the services of a policeman at each door to preserve order and keep off persons whose conduct and trepidation did not render their presence at all necessary under such circumstances. At the Emporium, in the County Block, P. C. Johnson held the fort," and warned a suspicious-looking individual named Brown, who was 2, 2 & 3 of prosperity, if the Hotel Leach, of Dungannon, promising $500, with $150 supplement; also, making provision for minister's residence. The call was signed by 52 members and 46 adherents. The action of the Moderator was sustained and the call was sustained as a regular Gospel call. Messrs. Bossey, Shields, Agnew and Dr. Bayley spoke in support of same. Papers from residents of Petrolea, asking that they be erected into a congregation, also of the Church, were laid on table. Commissioners, gave in an excellent report, which was received. Messrs. Cuthbertson and Thompson were appointed to draft a scheme for ministerial exchange, with a view of stimulating Christian liberality, especially in the direction of increased ministerial support. Arrangements were made for the annual missionary meetings, and the Presbytery adjourned to meet on the second Tuesday in March, 1883.

I am now prepared to supply the finest quality of the above at reasonable prices, and solicit a trial order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. D. SAUNBY.

235-7-9 YORK ST.

Lismw6-vn

CRIME.

THE DAY'S RECORD OF TRAGEDIES ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE LINES.

Peru, Ill., Dec. 24.—A notorious character Putney Donnelly, this morning entered a saloon and without cause shot three times into the crowd around the bar, fatally injuring Michael McDermott. Donnelly stepped outside and fired at officer Scott without effect. Scott then shot and killed Donnelly.

Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 24.—George Demaster and Jerry McCarthy convicts, quarrelled in the penitentiary yesterday about the possession of a table. The latter stabbed the former several times mortally. Both are desperate criminals, one being sentenced to 99 years for murder and the other to 23 years for robbery.

Lidonia, Tex., Dec. 24.—This morning Wm. Vaughan shot and mortally wounded two brothers named Boone, great grandsons of Daniel Boone, in a dispute about politics.

Lake City, Dec. 24.—Parker Adams, a candidate for the Legislature, was shot dead in the street by Union Willis, a prominent citizen, last night.

Walnut on, Dak., Dec. 24.—C. A. Newton, railway agent, was shot in the justice court yesterday by one Nash. He gained service. Newton was under arrest, charged with ravishing Emma Nash, a girl of sixteen, who worked for his family. Newton had pleaded "not guilty," when Nash stepped in front of him and fired. Nash escaped.

Covington, Ga., Dec. 24.—Will Smith, aged 18, shot and killed Jas. Banks and Aleck Hendricks who attempted to arrest him. He was jailed. There is intense excitement. Whiskey was the cause.

Eckley, Pa., Dec. 24.—In a row between Hungarians and Irishmen, a Hungarian man was shot dead, and a Hungarian mortally fatally hurt. The murderers are unknown.

Brooklyn, Dec. 24.—Jefferson, the negro who murdered Mrs. Jackson and Henry Hicks, was arrested this evening. He fired several shots at the officers, and then shot himself.

James Chumley last night quarrelled with Thos. Lamb, a fellow workman, at Cincinnati, while eating supper. Chumley shot Lamb twice, ran for a doctor, returned and cared for Lamb till he expired. He then surrendered.

The body of Mrs. Wm. Barret, of Scandon, Pa., was found lying in a field, yesterday, three miles from home, with a dog sitting on her breast. She was of excellent character and her husband suspects foul play.

Uniontown, Pa., Dec. 24.—Captain A. C. Nutt, Cashier of the Pennsylvania State Treasury, was shot and killed in a room in Fleming's Hotel this morning by N. L. Dukes, a well known member of the bar and prominent politician. Nutt and Dukes had just returned from Harrisburg to spend the holidays with his family, and left home with his neighbor, Breckenridge, stating he had business at the hotel with Dukes. On the way there he told his nephew he had received infamous letters from Dukes, and wanted an understanding with him. The two went to the hotel, and Nutt started for Dukes room. Breckenridge followed, but stopped on the stairs to speak to Feathers, the proprietors' son. While conversing a scuffling was heard in the room. Both ran up to separate the combatants, who were found on the floor clinched in a terrible struggle. Breckenridge and Feathers succeeded in parting them, when Dukes drew a revolver and exclaimed, "You came here to whip, and so I shoot," at the same time firing. The ball took effect just below Nutt's eye, penetrating the brain, and killing him instantly. Dukes then quietly walked down stairs, where he was arrested.

CANADIAN ITEMS.

It is thought Parliament will assemble for the despatch of business on Feb. 8.

—Mr. Ernest Desrosiers, advocate, of Montreal city, will contest Berthier County for the Liberals.

—The Governor-General has declined the invitation of Montreal to attend the Carnival next month, owing to his visit to the United States.

—Efforts made to form a coalition Government have proved a failure. The Opposition claim a majority of five, with possibly seven.

—Victoria, B. C., penitentiary has now five more inmates than accommodation provides for. An addition is needed immediately.

—An unusual circumstance occurred at Kingston a day or two ago. A white man named Rose and a coloured one of Kingston's best looking negresses.

—Col. DeWinton has purchased a cattle ranche near Calgarry, N. W. T., and has intention to remain in this country after the expiration of the Governor's term and manage the ranche.

—A Hamilton despatch of yesterday says:—Arrangements have been completed to immediately commence the manufacture of plant for Edison's electric light at Hamilton, for the entire territory of Canada. Several large orders have already been received, and work will be commenced tomorrow.

—At Seabird Bluff, Fraser River, B. C., Friday a blast was let off at a rock cut, and a piece of rock, thrown a considerable distance, struck a Chinaman, cutting his head completely off. Three of the same gang started for Miller, foreman of the rock work, and he had to run for his life. Finding himself hotly pursued, he ran into the river, and was followed some distance in the water by the infuriated Celestials, who stoned him

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1882. WHOLE NO. 8356

& CO.,

and Maltsters,

DEMAND A LARGE STOCK OTHER VERY

BREW ALES, XII PORTER,

ANDROCK LAGER.

and bottle. Ask your grocers for our SPARLING BREWED

ALE & HALF

recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

Married.

December 4th, in the Gore Primitive Church by the Rev. C. Edward of London, Mr. Edward Gardener to Miss Alice Allen, both of London

Died.

city, on the 26th Dec., Mary, only of Thomas and Mary Ann Harrison, ars and 8 months; her father's real- neral will leave her father's real- Tuesday) at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

SKATING THIS AFTERNOON evening at the Westminster Lister

OPERA HOUSE — GRAND harmonic Concert on Tuesday January 9th, 1883. Conductor, Dr. 1259-1

BALL AND SUPPER TO BE at the Montgomery House, Road, on Monday evening, 1st Busses will leave the corner o'clock p. m. sharp. Tickets $1. Lisbon

D HALL—CANADIAN Order ers, inaugural entertainment, ie Bank, Richmond street, tainment will be given on Monday evening, Dec. 25th, single tickets, 75 cents; door Commences at 8 sharp. 1.26-sto

PHILHARMONIC CON- had at Messrs. Murray's ers, C. F. Colwell's, R. S. ie & Coventry's. 1259

VICTORIA HALL — Rinke, Q.C., and W. H. s at the Xmas Festival and concert programme of vocal music. Refreshments served by ladies of W. C. A. and s, for lady and gentleman, all or new) for Association ; entrance, 25cents; concert sharp. 1.25ft

SITTINGS.

CANADIAN CHRISTMAS Block, Dundas street, on Monday night at 8. Ladies, on at 8. Children, Saturday or terms apply at Nitschke's. DAVIDSON Director. Jacobly

CHEAPEST AND MOST ock of Christmas flowers, to WOOLLEY'S, 266 Dun- ds of fruits, nuts, and con- on hand. Give us a call. 1.26-tute-fri

STS.—WANTED, CAPI- to invest in an entirely new ada or United States. Large the investor. Address F

LEY, DUNDAS STREET, e assortment of fancy Xmas and New Year's age stock of millinery, very cheap. Lily

ENSES ISSUED AT street (4th house from hay W. G. MOSCRIFF.

NSES CAN BE ication at residence ets. 1.26-6w1y

PRIVATE EX- on Agency, 43 Brock ngton, Ont. Strictly up for reply. 1.26-6

PURCHASE.

AR INCH BLACK or wanted for ex- respectable Apr- ert and Co., Com- London. tf

SHOES.

—EVERY SORT, ood, stylish and ot St. City

FOR SALE.

ELL PRESS.— E Press Printing presses. Takes a work. Has been nded for a country work, price and ffice.

OR SALE — A team boiler, in the Free Press ng. Must come ued.

CARDS.

NDAS STREET, and Gollerge- ilinds of all de- sirous furnished ay. N. B.—There is cards. Kilty

CLEANED BY ley's Feather and mond street, Lon- Dilty

TITZER HAS he London Western and see her Santa visible nuts, water ins St. West.

ED AND PRO Dundas has opened- undas street, Lon- also wood and Misfashion guaranteed Lilly

SETS — LADIES and perfect-fitting ; call at 434 Rich- London East. Orders promptly attended to. vn

NDRY — NO. 215 Ladies and gentlemen's laundry Work, should 215 King Street, South Kwod-ly

AVING EXECUTED dispatch. Engraving ess Office.

OFER AND MANU- Roofing Material tor for laying asphalt lock pavement. All promptly attended to tion to 84 Wellington Dilly

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ING.—SELL YOUR to A. MORRIS, 377 ays the highest price rial, for he boats all in cail will be punctually Hilly

CASTOFF CLOTH- l to call on T. Fox, er. Loans money on ellery, silverware, &c. 372 Clarence street.

CTS, &c.

LATE & PETERS ts, Surveyors and Albert Block, south- Clarence streets.—A ners. Kelly-sod

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

THE "EMPRESS"

For 1882 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock.

Gave entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London—

T. Herbert Marsh,

197 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A GROOM WANTED. — One who understands horses. Work confined to stable. Apply immediately to Mr. JOHN COOTE, Dundas street, between 12 and 1. 1.2tr

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion

CHAMBERMAIDS—TWO, GOOD, THAT can wait on table, and one first-class dining-room girl, capable of taking full charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to S. PERRIS, Garner House, Chatham. 2.26tf

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE.—Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly headed to. Warm meals and lunch at all hours. Oysters, best in city, only 25c. Coffee House, Market Square.—R. CURTAIS. 2.25y

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED GIRLS to take situations. No charge to girl till after Christmas. All kinds of domestics wanted. Male help for farm work in good demand.—J. OSBORNE'S Intelligence Office, 96 Dundas St.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON CATHARINE street, St. Thomas, 30 x 35, opposite Crowley's Hotel and adjoining Air Line Depot. Price, $700 cash. Apply to J. S. DEWAR, Free Press Office, London. tf

FOR SALE.

CONSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, etc. Samples can be seen at the FREE PRESS office, and prices obtained. Good chance for auctioneers and country dealers. tf

OAK, CHESTNUT, CHERRY, Maple, Basswood, and other Lumber for sale.—THOS. ROBINSON, Robinson's Mills, Newbury, Oct. 4, 1881. 31ms-tf

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, at 119 Maple street. 1.19d

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE TO let, corner Queen's avenue and Elizabeth street. Apply Hueston Livery, Wellington street. 1.11tf

PLEASANT FRONT AND BACK ROOMS, furnished to suit taste of lodgers, with or without board. 1.30 Clarence street. tf

GOOD BRICK HOUSE TO LET, centrally located; three minutes' walk from Post Office. Apply to PR. MCLEAN, 304 Dundas street. tf

STORE TO LET, NUMBER 380 RICHMOND street, a few doors south of King. This is one of the finest stores and situations in the city. Good front entrance to basement. Depth of store, 100 feet; good cellar, hoist, &c.—Apply to FRANCIS, WELD & CO., Steel Merchants, Market Square, city. K287

THOSE ELIGIBLE STORES IN ALLISTON Building, Richmond street, to rent, until recently in the occupation of the American Express Co, and Montreal Telegraph Co. Rent moderate. Possession at once. Apply CARLING & CO.'s Brewery, or to W. D. BUCKLE, Land Agent, Albion Buildings. 1.26tf

TO RENT—A LARGE UNFURNISHED front room, with closet, gas, use of bathroom; 1st door north of Oddfellows' Hall, Park Avenue. 1.25th

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED—A COTTAGE, TEN MINUTES walk from the Market, containing 5 or 6 rooms.—J. W. MCLELLAN, 77 Dundas street. 1.26-

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS AGAIN at the old stand, 110½ Dundas street, English Loan Co.'s Building.

H. ABBOTT, DENTIST.—VITALIZED AIR administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Strong's Block, Richmond street. Kilty

L. MCDONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS. — Office — Dundas Street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Dawe Jewellery store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Fby

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. Residence and Business, HARVEY TERRACE, 458 Talbot st., London.

S. WOLVERTON, DENTIST. Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, entrance Brown & Morris' hardware store. Entrance next to Ely Bros., on Dundas street.

VITALIZED AIR FOR PERFECTLY painless extracting teeth.—H. J. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas street. tf

LEGAL.

PARKE & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Offices—Over Taylor's Bank, Richmond street. E. JONES PARKE, [Lilvn-d&w] T. H. PURDOM.

L. F. HELLMUTH, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ontario.

GIBBONS, MCNAB, & MULKERN Barristers, etc., London. Office— Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. GEO. C. GIBBONS, GEO. MCNAB, P. MULKERN, FRED. F. HARPER.

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont. GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc., 428 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba. DAVID GLASS, Q.C. CHESTER GLASS. T. H. LUSCOMBE. Fby

HUTCHINSON & MCKILLOP, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office—Court House, London, Ont. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace. JAS. B. MCKILLOP. Dily

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PARTIES, Assemblies, &c. Lessons on cornet and violin.—DUNCAN SUMMERS, 259 Hill St., between Clarence and Wellington. 1.26tf

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT, IN THE vicinity of Dundas and Wellington streets, part of a house with some Christian young people, or small cottage. Address "C," FREE PRESS. tf

HARDWARE.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Just received an immense assortment of FANCY POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY AND A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF PLATED WARE.

HOBBS, OSBORNE & HOBBS, Waterloo Buildings, Richmond street.

T. P. BLACKWELL

has added to his already extensive stock of

TEAS AND GROCERIES

a full assortment of

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,

of really first-class quality. Inspection cordially invited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

T. P. BLACKWELL

358 Richmond St.,

Six Doors South of King Street, London, Ont. tots

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SMOKING TOBACCO.

MANUFACTURED

From the Finest Selections of Virginia Leaf tobacco.

Caution

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY!

IS MARKED

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IN BRONZE LETTERS.

None Other Genuine. 1183-w-fy

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CAP ANA BDD LER ELE

Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufatured only by

S. DAVIS & SON,

MONTREAL.

TORONTO BRANCH—24 Church St. Factory—24 and 26 McGill St., 73 and 75 Grey Nun Street. Box Factory—102 Lime Street, Montreal. K1Mdwly

1883. STILL AHEAD. 1883.

JOHN GLEN,

Merchant Tailor,

Calls attention to the fact that he carries the largest assortment in the city of

SCOTCH TWEEDS,

Suitable for Winter and Spring wear.

Mr. Glen, to meet the requirements of his increasing trade, has engaged a NEW CUTTER FROM TORONTO, who is always willing to please customers. Fine evening dress suits a specialty made in latest styles and on shortest notice. Winter stock will be cleared out at figures to make room for Spring goods.

JOHN GLEN,

WEST END HOUSE.

77 DUNDAS STREET.

Merry Christmas and Happy New Year. 1Dots-ly

The Bon-Ton Livery

—AND—

BOARDING STABLES.

Corner Dundas and Wellington streets. Having purchased the livery stables of the late Thomas Lyons, Wellington street, we have refurnished the same with a new and complete stock, and are now prepared to furnish single, double and funeral rigs on the shortest notice. Telephone connection.

ROBT. HUESTON, Proprietor. K161-tu-fri

CHRISTMAS CARDS!

An Elegant Assortment of Christmas Cards, embracing

Hand-Painted, Fringed, and Pressed Flowers,

—ALSO—

IVORY & IVORINE

Hand-Painted Cards,

AT

E. A. TAYLOR'S,

RICHMOND STREET. eod

MEDICAL.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 24 JAMES ST., Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear and Throat, can be consulted at Tecumseh House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Cross-eyes straightened. 1Ddwly

DR. W. F. MCLEAN, LICENTIATE Royal College of Surgeons, Licentiate Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh. Office and residence 294 Dundas, st. L1Mdly

DR. JAS. MACARTHUR. — OFFICE and residence, corner Maitland and Dundas streets. Telephone connection. Lldtn

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., LONDON, England. Office and residence, No. 21 Dundas street, London East. Skin diseases a specialty. tf

EYE, EAR AND THROAT. — DR. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.E., lectures on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto, aurist and aurist, Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital; may be consulted at 87 Church street, Toronto, Saturdays excepted.

ELECTORS OF NO. 2 WARD.

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the election of

T. F. KINGSMILL

AS ALDERMAN FOR 1883.

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

GOODS will be SOLD EXCLUSIVELY for CASH

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

T. & B. Dress Goods!

AT THE MOST RUINOUS PRICES.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE WE HAVE EVER HELD

!! THE GREATEST REDUCTIONS !!

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,
Mantle Department,
Dress Department,
Silk Department,
Trimming Department,
Ribbon Department,
Silk Ties and Pocket Handkerchief Department,
Corset Department,
Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

—FOR.—

If You Want

BLACK OR COLORED SATINS!

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY.

100 Doz. Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, Selling for $1 Each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

Great Clearing Sale.

LATEST CABLE NEWS

Public Degradation of Egyptian Rebel Leaders.

Serious Riot Among Soldiers at Canterbury.

Collision Between Military and Civilians at Limerick.

A Band of Moonlighters Surprised and Captured.

Apprehension Regarding Russia's Attitude.

FURTHER PROSECUTIONS OF IRISH AGITATORS ORDERED.

Wounded Soldiers Decorated by the Queen—The London Press on the Langtry Scandal—Disaster on an Australian Railway.

RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE.

London, Dec. 25.—From all sides there come declarations of pacific and amicable purport. The Russian press is most courteous and friendly to its contemporaries in Berlin; the latter are full of suave explanations and expressions of good will, while from Vienna there are heard only surprise and regret that the attitude of any European Power should be so unworthily construed as to mean that its intentions were hostile. Side by side with these peaceful Osborne's Intelligence Office, 96 Dundas St. assurances of good will, while from Vienna there are heard only surprise and regret that the attitude of any European Power should be so unworthily construed as to mean that its intentions were hostile. Side by side with these peaceful protestations are reports of the most energetic military preparations on the part of all three countries. It becomes apparent that for a long time no effort has been spared to strengthen fortresses, to double-track existing railroads, to build new ones, and to increase troops. Russia has an immense army, which is already practically in the field, because her movements are naturally conspicuous, while Germany and Austria have in readiness their two millions of bayonettes. It all looks very like war, and the Christmas season in the Christian capitals of Europe is overshadowed by a dread of impending evil which the sophistry of official organs cannot altogether dispel. In the general obscurity, however, it can be discovered that there is no disposition on the Russian intentions so far as Austria is concerned. In that quarter, at least, there is nothing but implacable hostility, and only the German alliance has heretofore retarded an outbreak. The German Chancellor awaited the definition of England's policy in Egypt to declare Germany's position, and it was at once apparent that England must incline to Germany or abandon her pretensions in Egypt, an understanding which has served to widen her breach with France, but to put her more at ease in respect to the inevitable reopening of the Eastern question. For a country so loaded down with a military system as Germany is, a peace of ten years' duration is exhausting. Austria needs peace to consolidate her Empire. Russia needs a war in order that the Czar may be peaceably crowned. All three need money more than they need anything else. There is nothing in the situation pointing to an immediate rupture, but it is impossible to survey the Great Powers, armed to the teeth, dig up ground and snarling at each other, and not feel that the usual result must ensue—that they must dismember each other or dismember somebody else.

THE LANGTRY SCANDAL.

London, Dec. 25.—The Langtry-Labouchere quarrel attracts much attention in the society papers copying the details from the New York journals, even the *Times* publishing telegrams to the effect that Mrs. Langtry's social position in America has been affected. People here censure the publicity given, holding that Mrs. Langtry's private life has nothing to do with her theatrical career. *Vanity Fair* enters into elaborate details, describing the quarrel at length, and introducing Mr. Gebhardt to the notice of the British public in an anything but complimentary manner. The papers as a rule, it may be said, treat Mrs. Langtry very creditably, and her many and warm friends in London have taken up the cudgels vigorously for her in private circles, so that there will be windows broken before all is over.

MORE PROSECUTIONS.

Dublin, Dec. 25.—The Government has ordered the prosecution of Harrington, Secretary of the Organizing Committee of the Irish National League, for a speech delivered at the Mullingar meeting last Monday night, when Harrington said the more prosperous farmers must be told that if they did not throw themselves into the new movement they would have the whole force of the laborers' agitation directed against them. Prosecutions are pending against the proprietors of various provincial journals for articles published inciting to crime.

THE POPE TO THE CARDINALS.

Rome, Dec. 25.—Replying to the congratulations of the Cardinals yesterday, the Pope said, alluding to the Martinucci case: "A fresh attack upon the independence of the sovereignty of the Papacy has recently been made. The consideration which formerly was shown for the Holy See and dictated by political prudence and reasons of State has now been put aside. The Pope added that, despite everything, he would continue to defend the rights and interests of the church.

MORE FROM DAVITT.

London, Dec. 25.—Davitt, in a speech at Wolverhampton, Saturday evening, summed up the present condition of Ireland as one of famine, discontent, and coercion. He considered the prevailing distress to be owing to the unjust system of the land laws, rack rent, and the discouragement of every form of trade revival. The remedy consisted in the turning of a great part of the grass lands into cultivation, and the introduction of a system of loans to oppressed tenants in order to enable them to take over the coming winter.

AN AUSTRALIAN R.R. DISASTER.

London, Dec. 25.—Melbourne advices say that on the evening of Dec. 2nd a special train for Melbourne passed Hawthorn without stopping. When at the corner of Richmond and Park a violent collision with a train from Melbourne occurred. Four carriages were telescoped and completely wrecked. One person was killed and fifty injured, two of the cases being critical and many serious.

SPIRITUALISM.

Vienna, Dec. 25.—A telegram from Trantenau, Bohemia, states that fifty spiritualists residing there have been summoned to appear before a magistrate. The local press urges the Minister of the Interior to institute an inquiry on the subject of spiritualism, owing to the number of cases of mental derangement arising from its practice.

THE GREEK BUDGET.

Athens, December 25.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day a proposal was offered to proceed with the discussion of the budget. The Opposition protested on the ground of informality and retired. A body of Ministerialists then adopted the proposal. Tricoupis said if the Opposition persisted in retiring the Government would ask the Chamber to vote on the budget without further debate.

DEGRADING THE REBELS.

Cairo, Dec. 25.—The Khedive's decree degrading Arabi and other rebel pashas, has been published. The public degradation of the prisoners was carried out this afternoon, in presence of two battalions of the new Egyptian army. Only a few Europeans and about a hundred natives were present. The prisoners started for Suez, whence they will be transported to Ceylon.

THE TONQUIN EXPEDITION.

Paris, Dec. 25.—At the meeting of the Council Saturday it was decided that the introduction of the vote of credit for the Tonquin expedition was not so urgent now, as the departure of the Chinese troops from Tutquin had greatly facilitated matters and rendered the dispatch of the expedition not immediately necessary. The withdrawal of the troops was brought about by vigorous representations of the French Ambassador at Pekin. Only a force of 750 infantry will be sent to Tonquin as a reinforcement at present. If this is insufficient, then only will the Government ask the Chambers for a grant of means to insure the treaty of 1873 being respected.

AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

New York, Dec. 25.—A Hong Kong letter says: The Russian envoy is about to leave Pekin permanently. The German envoy will also retire presently. John Russel Young, the United States envoy will then be the dean of the diplomatic corps—the oldest member, whereas two months ago he was the youngest.

Di-Hong-Chiang continues to push forward the reorganization of the navy, and has ordered additional torpedo-boats from Germany. Great quantities of small arms were also purchased for the army, a considerable number, it is reported, on behalf of the Corean government.

A JOURNALIST IN TROUBLE.

Berlin, Dec. 25.—There is great stir among the German press in consequence of the arrest at Vienna of a Berlin journalist who fled to Austria to avoid the fulfilment of a sentence of eight months' imprisonment for libelling Bismarck.

HONORS FOR WOUNDED SOLDIERS.

London, Dec. 25.—The Queen, Princess Beatrice and the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, visited Haslar Naval Hospital at Portsmouth on Saturday, and conferred decorations on a number of convalescent patients who took part in the late war in Egypt.

PRINCE KRAPOTKINE.

Lyons, Dec. 25.—Prince Krapotkine has been examined three hours by a Judge. He answered "yes" to all questions. The Prince is kept in solitary confinement, not even the police in charge being allowed to speak to him.

RIOT IN LIMERICK.

Limerick, Dec. 25.—A riot occurred on Denmark street last night between soldiers and civilians. The latter attacked the military and a free fight ensued, the soldiers using their belts. The soldiers were badly handled owing to the numerical superiority of their assailants. Police eventually quelled the disorder.

RIOTOUS SOLDIERS.

London, Dec. 25.—A serious riot occurred yesterday, among soldiers belonging to the Enniskillen Bulls, stationed at Canterbury. Nearly two hundred men were severely engaged for an hour, using belts and bayonets. Many were injured. The men were finally confined to barracks.

MOONLIGHTERS CAPTURED.

Cork, Dec. 25.—A party of moonlighters were surprised near Castle Island on Saturday night by police. All were captured after an exchange of shots. One of the marauders was wounded.

SPANISH POLITICS.

Madrid, Dec. 25.—For the present there is no prospect of an understanding between Serrano and Prime Minister Sagasta. The latter will find it difficult to legislate with such formidable opposition.

OBITUARY.

Paris, Dec. 25.—De Corvisart, the eminent physician, is dead. It is stated he never recovered from the shock caused by the death of the Prince Imperial in Zululand.

THE FRENCH CONTROLLER.

Paris, Dec. 25.—A Cairo correspondent reiterates the statement that Rendif, by order of Premier Duclerc, has resumed the duties of French Controller-General.

CABLE BREVITIES.

Sir Arthur Gordon has refused the Governorship of Jamaica.

The Khedive's decree regarding Arabi and other rebel Pashas has been published.

Bishop Benson's acceptance of the Archbishopric of Canterbury is officially announced.

Biggar, M. P., has gone to Holyhead, thus avoiding the service of the summons in the prosecution against him.

While the trial of the Peltzers for the murder of Bermys was progressing popular risings were feared at Brussels and at Antwerp if Armand should be acquitted. The Government took precautions to prevent disorders.

There has been a renewal of the demonstrations in Italy which followed the hanging of Overdank. It was necessary to surround the Austrian Consulate in Turin with troops to protect it from a mob which gathered, crying, "Down with Austria."

AMERICAN NEWS.

INDIANS ON THE WAR PATH.

Muskogee, Ind. Ter., Dec. 25.—Forty of Speiche's men, previously reported as having crossed the Arkansas River, passed through town yesterday in full war-paint, under command of the notorious Dick Glass. They went west in pursuit of a band of Cheiates who killed one of their party a few days before, but returned in the evening, not being able to find them. U. S. Agent Tufts notified them that he will disarm both parties on the committal of an open act of war. A company of United States troops arrived at Muskogee last night from Fort Gibson to protect the lives and property of citizens. Another squad goes to Okmudgee to-day. The Chicate people are said to have seized, and are now guarding, all the ferries on the Arkansas River to prevent reinforcements from the northern part of the nation joining Speechie's.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 25.—Last night a west bound express train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, which left Richmond at 4 p.m., after passing Millboro, going 35 miles an hour, was run into by a freight train running on passenger time. Both engines, baggage and combination cars were wrecked. Chas. Leach, engineer of the passenger train; John Aslop, baggage master, L. L. Loving and J. C. O'Neil, firemen, George Netherland, brakeman, were killed. E. Hogsbend, express manager, and J. W. Hoskworth, passenger, of Melton, W. Va., were wounded slightly. The conductor of the freight train claims his watch was over half an hour slow.

A COLOR RIOT.

Petersburg, Va., Dec. 25.—During a street fight this afternoon, between a number of whites and negroes, pistols were drawn and several shots exchanged. John Cook, A prominent citizen, who was passing, was shot through the thigh. Some policemen, in attempting to quell the disturbances, were clubbed and felled to the ground. Several fights occurred to-night, and a number of arrests were made. The Mayor is aiding the police to-night in their endeavors to prevent further breaches of the peace.

A MURDERER'S CONFESSION.

New York, Dec. 25.—Alex. Jefferson, the negro murderer, of Brooklyn, when he learned to-day that his brother was in the hospital, expressed a wish to get near enough to kill him. The brother also said he would like to kill Alexander. Jefferson stated he borrowed the gun, ground the knife and fixed a hiding place a week before he committed the crime. His father's prediction, that he would be hung, was about to become true, he said.

RELEASED BY HIS WIFE.

Bedford, Ind., Dec. 25.—Mrs. Bell obtained permission of Mrs. Owens, the jailer's wife, to talk in the corridor with her husband, imprisoned for murder. Mrs. Owens being called away, Mrs. Bell gave her husband a revolver, and in an adjoining room got the keys, which she gave him. He escaped. Mrs. Owens returned and tried to prevent the escape, but was held by Mrs. Bell.

A MURDEROUS AFFRAY.

New York, Dec. 25.—A row between Italians took place in a house on Mulberry street to-night. Michaelo Cicorelli, his 14 year old wife, Donato Pouzzo, his father-in-law, and Michael Pietrazzo resided there. Pietrazzo snatched a handkerchief from the neck of Pouzzo's daughter, and when Pouzzo and Cicorelli demanded an explanation, Pietrazzo drew a revolver and shot both men. The wounds are probably mortal. The murderer escaped.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Green Castle, Ind., Dec. 25.—Mrs. Mira Osborne, and son, aged 17, were found dead in their sleeping apartments this morning. It is generally supposed the mother poisoned her son and then suicided. She had been despondent, and expressed a desire to die. The bodies had apparently lain there two weeks. She was in good circumstances.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

St. Louis, Dec. 25.—Mary Timothy, 61 years of age, met with a frightful death today. She lived with her two children in an attic at No. 900 Collins street. They went out and the old lady sat down by an open fire and fell asleep. Sparks fell upon her dress and set it on fire. When the neighbors who heard her screams appeared her clothing was all on fire, and before they could render her any assistance she was literally roasted to death. When the children returned home they were told that their mother was dead and that her body was in the morgue.

CANADIAN BREVITIES

At a dinner to the poor in Toronto yesterday 1,200 persons were fed.

Christmas Day was observed throughout the Dominion in the usual manner. The weather was fine.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 25.—A fire occured in Labonte's boot and shoe store, on St. Catharine street, this morning. Owing to the early arrival of the brigade the destruction was confined to the lower flat. Loss on stock, about $1,200; insured.

The body of the late Sir Hugh Allan arrived by the Sarmatian at Halifax this morning. The funeral will take place here on Wednesday, at two p.m.

A Little Irony at Herbert Spencer's Expense.

Poker, yachting, hunting, camping out, base ball, and limitless flirtation are recognized American institutions, "though perhaps a little gay." In these, surely, there is relaxation enough. We can not share Mr. Spencer's gloomy dread that the Americans, the people of Hanlan and Myers, may become degenerate by reason of over-work and its effects on the offspring of the toilsome. Indeed, but a few days since Mr. Spencer took a much more rosy view. He foresaw the time when the Celtic, Teutonic, and other Aryan elements of the American nation would be fused into a magnificent and previously unparalleled race, capable of living up to republican institutions. The evidence on the whole seems in favor of a future stock of highly cultivated giants, all as strong as Mr. Boyton, as swift as Mr. Myers, and as gifted as Gifted Hopkins. These will occupy the continent, nor will New Yorkers degenerate into Pregians, dressed only in clam-shells and eating only oysters without pepper or vinegar. That would be the result of overwork, if carried far enough, but we look for nothing of the sort. There is such a thing as being too careful —of intellectually mollycoddling oneself, if the expression may be permitted. The New York portrait need be daunted by Mr. Spencer. Do not let him retire to the woods to live, for months, after contributing a sonnet to *The Century*. The hard workers of the continent have worn well. Mr. Holmes, Mr. Longfellow, Mr. Whittier, Mr. Bryant, Mr. Emerson, are examples of patriarchal toilers. Mr. Lowell has not overtaxed his intellectual, generally speaking. American men of letters "have lived out all the length of all their days," or seem in a fair way to do so. But Mr. Howells must be very cautious, and so must Mr. Warner. The sword when it is as brilliant and keen as their battle-blades; wears out the perishable sheath, and writers who have supplanted Dickens and Thackery must beware of the excessive toil which appears to have shortened the days of the author of "Pickwick." We cannot spare his American successors, in whose hands fiction has become a fine art, and who have taught us to find the played-out masters of our youth no longer endurable As to the statistics of work among Americans interested in lumber we have no information. Indeed, if American city men are working themselves into idiocy, no traces of it are yet observable in their management of railway and other stocks. The Caucasian of the west is not yet played out, nor is the bag of tricks exhausted.—*Saturday Review*.

A BENEFACTION TO MANKIND.

INVENTION OF A MECHANICAL PIANO-PLAYER—NO MORE TORTURE BY THE BEGINNERS NEXT DOOR.

Professional artisicans and pianists have for several months been interested in the progress made by an inventor of this city, Mr. Merritt Gally, toward the completion of an automaton which shall play upon the piano with expression and brilliancy. For years more or less unsuccessful attempts have been made by different inventors to perfect such an apparatus, the result in the best of cases being unsatisfactory for any purpose except dancing. The device of passing over the keys or pipe openings a sheet of paper so perforated that at the right moment the perforations allow a current of air to pass, and work the key or allow the air to pass through the organ pipe, has been widely used. With organs this device was more successful than with a piano, in the latter case the element of touch was as important as those of power and duration, and the touch, tone, and power may be altered so many times in a single run of a score of notes that musicians have considered an automatic pianist as beyond the possibilites of invention, although some creditable attempts have been made; but the "automatic pianos" in the market play with a mechanical effect which is exasperating to cultivated ears. The new invention aims at nothing less than the exact reproduction of piano music as played by famous virtuosi, such as Rubinstein and Joseffy, reproducing its minutest effects of delicate shading as well as power and brilliancy. To say that this has been accomplished will be received with skepticism by all persons who know anything about music, and, after a careful study of what Mr. Gally's piano actually does, it can not be said that it has been accomplished. But much has been done, and as the present defects in the performance of the instrument are possibly the result of imperfect mechanism in the apparatus itself and in the preparation of the sheet-music, the next few years may witness the realization of what has hitherto been deemed an impossibility by musicians. What seems to be doubtful at present is whether the apparatus can give individuality to the different notes of a chord.

A reporter of the *Evening Post* was shown the new apparatus this morning. It is enclosed in a box which fits over the key-board of any piano, and can be adjusted or taken off again in a few moments. Nothing about the piano is changed. The inventor knows nothing of music, and it is only recently that Mr. Otto Floersheim, the composer and pianist, has arranged some music for it with proper expression. The pieces are played—the most difficult parts of Liszt's second Hungarian rhapsody, and Brinley Richards' arrangement of Rossini's "Cujus Animam." In the first piece the rapid runs had been put in octaves, the machine playing them with a brilliancy and rapidity beyond the power of human fingers to accomplish. It was evident that any quality could be imparted to any note although the right quality had not always been imparted to the notes of these pieces. The inventor as yet refuses to disclose the mechanism by which he accomplishes his results. All that visitors are allowed to see is a strip of paper, perforated with small holes, not much larger than the head of a large pin, passing over a roller. The strip of paper is twelve inches wide, and the music it represents covers the whole seven octaves of the Steinway upright piano to which it is attached. There is a metronomic attachment, which is set for each piece, giving the initial rapidity, after which the time is regulated by the instrument. At present the power is supplied from small bellows, worked by the feet, but the rapidity, power, etc., of the music do not depend upon the bellows, as in the case with small organs. Ultimately the foot power will be done away with, and the bellows worked by water, electric, or other power. It will be then necessary only to put in the music and set the machine going.

The best pianists who have seen the new invention praise it very highly. Josseffy, after receiving his astonishment, said:—"Man can not compete with such machinery as that. He may compose, but there is the player." Mr. Floersheim told the reporter that it is difficult, when one's back is turned, to distinguish the playing of some passages by the machine and the playing of some passages by a good professional pianist. Much remains to be done in the preparation of the music, but enough has been done to awaken great interest. The next step will be the invention, already claimed in Europe, of some method of recording the exact value and quality of each note as played. With such a record it may be possible to prepare sheet music to reproduce such playing.—*New York Evening Post*.

What a Deer Sees and Hears.

When a deer is much hunted his ears become exceedingly acute. Mr. Van Dyke has seen one spring from his bed and run away at race-horse speed before he was within two hundred yards of the animal, although he had touched not a single bush or twig in approaching the game, and although he was positive that a man could not at twenty yards distance have heard the soft tread of moccasins on the light snow. Deer, too, are able to measure with intuitive correctness the distance and character of sounds. They will often lie all day within hearing of the normal sounds of a settler's cabin, the sound of the woodman's axe and the shouts of the teamster. As a rule, too, the crash of a squirrel's jump, the roar of thunder, the snapping of trees with frost, their croaking or falling in the wind, does not alarm them in the least. Yet the faintest pressing of the leaves beneath the hunter's moccasin may instantly send them flying. A deer can also see a long way. On one occasion Mr. Van Dyke saw one watching a brother sportsman nearly a mile away, whose motions he could hardly himself make out. It is true that for recognizing an object at rest, the eyes of a deer are about as dull as those of a dog. If unalarmed, he will not distinguish a man from a stump on open ground, if the man is seated and perfectly motionless. On the other hand, to catch a motion, a deer's eyes are marvellously quick, and the fact that he is generally at rest while the hunter is moving gives him an immense advantage. Even the slow lifting of your head over a ridge, or the slow dragging of your limbs over the trunks of trees, or the slow advance of your creeping body along the ground, is almost instantly detected, unless the motion happens to be made while the deer have their heads down, feeding or walking.

The Petted Cynic.

Look in many households and you will find men—keen-witted and of pure taste in all other matters—not merely "making the best" of the fatal mistake they made in marriage, but believing with all their souls in their coarse-grained, frivolous, selfish wives, adoring them, gratefully accepting a pretty trick of expression, a kind word now and then, in place of the noble, womanly heart, the self-sacrifice, the devotion, which never were and never will be theirs. This peculiar sort of blindness, too, does not belong alone to love or married life. In every family it is the selfish, cynical member that exalts it forth. He is most tenderly cared for, his rare words of affection are remembered and cherished; young women make a hero of him wherever he goes; at home the fatted calf is kept ready to kill, and the gold chain furnished in hope that this unrepenting prodigal may take it into his head to come back, while the plodding, unselfish elder brother is set down for a commonplace fellow, and gets scant thanks for spending his life for others.

Shipping.

Halifax, Dec. 25.—The mail steamer Sarmatian, from Liverpool, arrived this morning.

New York, Dec. 25.—Arrived, from Rotterdam, Nevada, from [illegible]

Larne, Dec. 25.—Arrived, Sate[illegible]

New York, Dec. 25.—Arrived, [illegible] from Hamburg.

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LONDON, ONT.

Tuesday, December 26, 1882.

INTERNAL DISSENSIONS.

The Hamilton *Times* speaking of the recent crisis in the affairs of the *Globe* says:—

"While there has been a general agreement of opinion between the *Globe* and the leaders of the Reform party, there have been differences on many points. The *Globe* never shared Mr. Blake's views on Imperial Federation, nor do we recall that it ever endorsed his scheme for Minority Representation. Neither Mr. Blake nor Mr. Mowat seconded the *Globe's* endeavor to secure the abolition of the Senate, nor did the Reform party in general follow the *Globe* in its advocacy of the prohibition of the liquor traffic."

The "general agreement" here spoken of was to get office, if possible. On all other points it is certain that there has been no definite policy among "reformers." The "Blake wing" has been fighting the "Brown wing," seeking to clip and maim it. They have succeeded at last, and the safeguards which the Conservative instincts of the Browns—George and Gordon—had in relation to constitutional interests and British connexion have been superseded. The confession that the *Times* now makes is interesting from this point, that it confirms that which the Conservative press has been saying as to the internal dissensions which have been raging for some time past in the "reform" ranks. Of course, the existence of such a state of things has been emphatically denied, but it now appears that all that has been said on that point has been true. There has been no union of feeling; no common object, except that "general agreement" to obtain office at all hazards and at the sacrifice of any principle. What is in store now, who shall say? That the *Globe*, with all its force, has proved a political failure, is evident the existing state of public feeling in reference to the chief issues, and the re-establishment of the Conservative party—the party of progress—in power. That it has proved a financial failure is evident also from the fact that its paper maker, Mr. Taylor, has been compelled to come to the front in order to endeavor to save a portion of the immense sums which have been sunk in supplying the *Globe* concern with paper. No cash dividends have been paid for years, and though the stock was at one time quoted at 35 premium, it was kited up to that figure by the personal influence of the deceased Senator, and not on account of any merits of its own as a dividend earning enterprise. However, now that the *Globe* is to be published on "commercial principles" its future history may be more satisfactory than its past.

A DANGER TO SOCIETY.

All the special pleading that is put forth by Mr. Mowat and his friends concerning the Rivers' and Streams' Bill cannot destroy the fact that if it had been put in force it would have deprived one man of his property and have wrongfully handed it over to another. It was on that account, and not with the view of stretching prerogative too far, that the Bill was disallowed at Ottawa. It was a bad bill, put forward in a bad cause. The Supreme Court has decided that for us, and has thus justified the Dominion Government in the course they took in twice disallowing the Bill. The "Reformers" claim the privilege "to do wrong if they choose," and that without any appeal or hindrance. And a pretty condition of things we should be in if legislation to dispossess a man of his property without compensation were it to pass without remonstrance or a check! If there had been no injustice there would have been no disallowance. Ontario is a very important province, but it is not so important, not so imperial or autocratic, that its legislature should be permitted to wrong the humblest citizen. Disallowance is the arm that has been stretched out to save an honest citizen from spoliation. Is not that an act worthy of any honest Government? Indeed, was it not incumbent upon the Federal Government to say to the Ontario Administration, "You shall not be permitted under pretence of legislation to wrong this useful and enterprising citizen." But Mr. Mowat replies, "We are here to do wrong if we choose." It is not possible that the people of Ontario will justify such an attitude, fraught as it is with the gravest dangers to society.

The Syracuse (N. Y.) *Journal* remarks: "The retirement of Gordon Brown from the editorship of the Toronto *Globe*, the leading Liberal paper in Canada, scores another failure in the hopeless task of maintaining free trade in a community which has begun to feel the benefits of protection. Canada has had free trade for years, and a protective tariff has only been in active operation for eight years ago; but protection is already so strong that the *Globe*, a year after the death of the man who founded it, George Brown, is forced, on business grounds, to abandon its free trade policy. Without reference to the soundness of free trade or protection views, this fact stands as proof of the set of a current by which men, measures and newspapers are swept along."

A "white Christmas" is always welcome. It is all assured, and all the people take delight in the prospect. Business is on the keen jump, and money circulates freely which means good all round to all. When trade is brisk all abroad is prospered. Let the spirit of this holy season be wisely [illegible] with good cheer and sensible

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The Press Gazette is from the Printing, Mounting, Engraving, Manufacturers and Dealers

POSITION OF VEGETABLE FARMERS.

While the vegetable farmers of Ontario are increasing in real prosperity, their brethren of the Atlantic States are finding their occupations rapidly slipping away. The cause of the increasing good times among our own people engaged in that employment is to be found in the substantial growth of our various industries in recent years. Men who five years ago had to be content with a dollar a day, with uncertain employment, now earn two or three dollars, with a more permanent footing, and are consequently able to buy a greater variety of market supplies than they were then. The business of market gardening has therefore grown into a very profitable one. In this neighborhood, by those who understand it, a good deal of money is to be made, and where, prior to 1879, but little was done comparatively, a flourishing traffic is now carried on. In this way the farming and manufacturing industries go hand in hand. The steady employment of large bodies of mechanics and other workmen in our manufactories at so high a rate of wages, furnishes a sure market for the more profitable fruits of agriculture. Among the market farmers of the American sea coast the case is very different. There is not less demand now for such commodities than there ever was; but the reverse. The reason of their failure is the active competition from distant fields of production. The big profits of the past no longer reward their toil. For several years they have made no more than a bare living. Some of them are selling out and moving west, where they can live on cheaper land and raise stock and grain. During the war and a few years after the Long Island truckman made a great deal of money. Probably the most profitable acres devoted to agriculture in the country were those on which garden sauce was raised for the New York market. But all that is changed, and there seems to be no prospect of better times. What is killing the business is that far-away places like Bermuda, North Carolina, Virginia, and even Florida are competing with Long Island for the vegetable trade. The means of communication with those southern localities have been improving from year to year, and now boatloads of the choicest vegetables arrive in New York long before the home product is ready to come in. The Canadian farmer has no fear of competition from this source, at least to any great extent, so long as the present policy of the Government is maintained. What the case would be without that policy it is impossible to predict. But it may be safely assumed that with unrestricted trade in those commodities, they would very soon be made to feel the sting of undue competition the same as their brethren of Long Island are now doing. The trade between the southern regions and New York is yearly expanding, and from New York to Canada in the present state of railway progress is but a step. They may realize what would be likely to happen in regard to the trade in early vegetables from what takes place every year in that of strawberries. There is no more profitable crop in a fair season than that of the strawberry. Its profits range from $100 to $300 per acre, and even over the latter figure. Yet our market is each season flooded with American fruit of this kind before our own crop is ripe. So, too, with the vegetable crops of Bermuda, Florida and Carolina. The wider the area of production in the South, the larger the farming industry in the South will expand. But it is not to the interest of our home growers that a too close rivalry with them from there shall be set up. It is sometimes said by over-zealous opponents of the present tariff, How is it designed to protect the Canadian farmer? We rather think that in the case stated it might be found a very material help.

CURIOSITIES OF SUICIDE.

The crime of self-murder has been for some time increasing at a rapid rate in Germany, chiefly amongst the military and student population. Of twelve deaths lately in the former class, more than half were cases of this kind, the victims being officers of minor degree. The causes of these suicides would probably be found in the hardship and wearing discipline of the service. At the present time Denmark furnishes the most suicides according to a given number of population, and Portugal the least. Ireland furnishes only sixteen suicides to each ten thousand of its population, while in England and Wales the ratio is sixty-eight. France averages 110 suicides to each ten thousand inhabitants, Switzerland 206, Saxony 251, Denmark 288, the United States 40, and Portugal only seven. It appears from a paper recently read before the Medico-Legal Society of New York, by Mr. Clark Bell, that more men than women commit suicide, although the latter resort to self-destruction earlier in life than the former. The proportion of the sexes is in general three men to one woman, but in Denmark it is four to one. Why this is so he does not explain, but in view of the fact that women in general are the weaker vessel, and less fitted by her organization to combat the ills and troubles of life, this difference appears anomalous. He asserts that "the largest number of suicides occur between the ages of twenty-five and fifty-five; that suicides increase in proportion to advancing age; that the increase is in direct ratio to population until the age of thirty, after which it continues in inverse ratio until the allotted time of life"—which is three score and ten. He furnishes the following table, compiled by Dr. O'Shea, showing a given number of suicides, the causes of self-destruction, and the proportion of men to women:

Causes of Suicide.	Men.	Women.
Grief caused by loss of parents, etc.	373	162
Grief caused by ingratitude of children	177	74
Grief caused by departure of children	20	20
Grief caused by separation of family	35	15
Forbidden love	998	627
Jealousy between married couples and between lovers	229	118
Grief at quitting a master or a house	35	24
Gambling	15	1
Laziness	1,560	233
Debauchery	2,761	411
Drunkenness		

It appears that about 30 per cent. of the insane are inclined to melancholia, and that about 35 per cent. of melancholia insane develop suicidal tendencies. In Europe about one-third of the suicides occur among the insane. While those afflicted with insanity cannot be held accountable for the crime of suicide, Mr. Clark thinks that something may be done to abate the evil among those not so afflicted. The verdict of history, he says, tends to show that punitory laws are beneficial when strictly enforced. The suttee system—suicide of widows by burning—was effectually suppressed by law in British India. From 1815 to 1828 several hundred cases occurred annually, but, under Lord William Bentinck, sutteeism was made a crime, punishable in the criminal court, and this freed all India from this species of suicide. For the purpose of lessening the number of suicides, Dr. Jessamell proposed at the International Medico-Legal Congress at Paris, in 1878, a law giving their bodies over to medical schools for dissection. Both Comte and Buckle declared themselves strongly opposed to any legislation against suicide, holding it a purely personal matter, but the law makes it a felony, and punishes unsuccessful would-be suicides by imprisonment.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The island of Sardinia is in a very alarming condition. Many bands of brigands roam around the country and fall on the villages, plundering and killing everybody. The condition of the island is much aggravated by the fact that Sardinia is a sort of Italian Siberia for public functionaries who certain employment, now earn two or three dollars, with a more permanent footing, and are consequently able to buy a greater variety of market supplies than they were then. The business of market gardening has therefore grown into a very profitable one. In this neighborhood, by those who understand it, a good deal of money is to be made, and where, prior to 1879, but little was done comparatively, a flourishing traffic is now carried on. In this way the farming and manufacturing industries go hand in hand. The steady employment of large bodies of mechanics and other workmen in our manufactories at so high a rate of wages, furnishes a sure market for the more profitable fruits of agriculture. Among the market farmers of the American sea coast the case is very different. There is not less demand now for such commodities than there ever was; but the reverse. The reason of their failure is the active competition from distant fields of production. The big profits of the past no longer reward their toil. For several years they have made no more than a bare living. Some of them are selling out and moving west, where they can live on cheaper land and raise stock and grain. During the war and a few years after the Long Island truckman made a great deal of money. Probably the most profitable acres devoted to agriculture in the country were those on which garden sauce was raised for the New York market. But all that is changed, and there seems to be no prospect of better times. What is killing the business is that far-away places like Bermuda, North Carolina, Virginia, and even Florida are competing with Long Island for the vegetable trade. The means of communication with those southern localities have been improving from year to year, and now boatloads of the choicest vegetables arrive in New York long before the home product is ready to come in. The Canadian farmer has no fear of competition from this source, at least to any great extent, so long as the present policy of the Government is maintained. What the case would be without that policy it is impossible to predict. But it may be safely assumed that with unrestricted trade in those commodities, they would very soon be made to feel the sting of undue competition the same as their brethren of Long Island are now doing. The trade between the southern regions and New York is yearly expanding, and from New York to Canada in the present state of railway progress is but a step. They may realize what would be likely to happen in regard to the trade in early vegetables from what takes place every year in that of strawberries. There is no more profitable crop in a fair season than that of the strawberry. Its profits range from $100 to $300 per acre, and even over the latter figure. Yet our market is each season flooded with American fruit of this kind before our own crop is ripe. So, too, with the vegetable crops of Bermuda, Florida and Carolina. The wider the area of production in the South, the larger the farming industry in the South will expand. But it is not to the interest of our home growers that a too close rivalry with them from there shall be set up. It is sometimes said by over-zealous opponents of the present tariff, How is it designed to protect the Canadian farmer? We rather think that in the case stated it might be found a very material help.

It is considered by many in England a great pity that the old Order of Sergeants at Law, to which Sergeant Ballantine belongs, is done away with, and that only a few now remain of a body that dates from William the Conqueror. One of the features in the pageant at the opening of the Law Courts was the remaining portion of this ancient Order. The scarlet robes and wig are very imposing, and used to be only worn on extraordinary State occasions; a black robe was provided for everyday wear, and saint days and minor holidays were distinguished by the donning of a purple garment, all with the long, peculiar sleeves and the hood that were in vogue when the Order was founded. Serjeants' Inn was demolished some time ago, and one after another the links which bind the past with the present are rudely broken.

Kwong Ki China, a prominent Chinese resident of Hartford, Conn., for the past seven years, will leave for China next Tuesday. About a year ago the Chinese Educational Commission in Hartford closed its labors, and the students were sent back to China. Mr. Kwong was the only one of the attaches of the Commission who remained, and for some time previous his official connection with the Commission had closed, he having withdrawn to devote his entire time to literary labors. Their completion explains his departure at this time. Mr. Kwong has prepared an "English Reading Book for Beginners," a "Comprehensive Geography," a series of "Conversation Books," and a "Manual of Correspondence and Social Usage," to be printed in China for use in Governmental schools.

A silly and sensational story has been started that it was the intention of the ladies invited to meet Mrs. Langtry at the reception tendered by the Papyrus Club to leave the room the moment Mrs. Langtry made her appearance. This is too absurd for serious contradiction. The ladies present were ladies who respect themselves and observe the proprieties of life, wherever they may be. Their presence at a reception intended to honor Mrs. Langtry was right or wrong in itself, and to have acted with rudeness would not have changed the relations. Whether Mrs. Langtry was warned and feigned sickness or not, we do not know, and it is of little consequence.—*Boston Journal.*

PERSONAL CHIT-CHAT.

Alice Urban, an American singer, has succeeded in Rome as "Norma" at the Argentina Theatre.

There is a report that Sarah Bernhardt has signed a contract to play an engagement of forty-two weeks in America next season.

On the German Emperor's next birthday, the 22nd of March, the foundation stone of the new Parliament House on the Konigsplatz will be laid.

James Gordon Bennett is said to be looking for a fast pacer. When he gets one he will call him the Herald, and enter him through the Grand Circuit.

Mr. Labouchere wonders why upper strata ladies ruthlessly steal flowers, while lower strata ladies frequent the parks without ever indulging in kleptomania.

The *Whitehall Review* says that at a banquet given to Lord Salisbury the radical daughter of a Scotch Earl refused to rise when the band played "God Save the Queen."

It was not Mr. W. H. Smith, but Mr. Childers, who was the original of the First Lord in "Pinafore." Mr. W. S. Gilbert says that he conceived and wrote his operetta long before Mr. Smith came into office.

A young woman in a village near Genoa has been awarded the medal given to brave sailors for saving life. She swam into a rough sea and rescued a boy about to drown. Her name is Francesca Bandini.

Lieutenant Colonel De Winton, aide-de-campand military Secretary to the Governor-General, has purchased a cattle ranch at Calgarry, and will return to the Northwest and take charge of it at the expiration of the Governor-General's term.

One of the recent dramatic failures in London was that of "My Life," a play by a Miss Archer, who herself assumed the principal character. It was produced at the Gaiety Theatre, and was pronounced by the critics a bad play badly performed.

Leo XIII. gave lately 10,000 francs to the Institute of Little Workingmen of St. Joseph. He gave also 15,000 francs more to the victims of the inundations, reaching, by this last donation, nearly the sum of 50,000 francs hitherto given by him on different occasions.

Mrs. Mary Clemmer, writing from Washington, says that the mentally strong men among the Democrats, like Bayard, Butler, of South Carolina, Randall and others, have been powerful enough to see that their autumnal triumph is far more a Republican rebuke than it is absolutely a Democratic victory.

There is a rumor that Miss Mary Anderson intends to take a long course of study under the centre tobacco fragrant, and that next year. She could scarcely adopt a more sensible resolution, if she wishes to fulfil the promises of her first appearance. Miss Anderson has enjoyed, and still enjoys, great popularity, but her artistic advancement is described as dangerously slow.

Ward's island insane patients are to publish a newspaper, *The Moon*. It has undemeath the title a good engraving of the buildings on the Island as seen by moonlight. It bears the appropriate motto:—

Fair Moon, to thee I sing!
Bright regent of the heavens,
say, why is everything
Either at sixes or at sevens!

It is frankly and honestly dated "New York City Asylum for the Insane, January 1, 1883."

Baron von Hulsen, the intendant at the Royal Opera House at Berlin, never attends a first performance of a new opera. He says "I make it a principle never to go to a first performance, but to the second or third, if I wish to see if the work is fit for acceptance in Berlin." Baron von Hulsen thinks the singers need a few rehearsals before the public before they can be considered as at ease in any new *role* undertaken by them.

The poet Schiller received from 1794 to 1805, in payment for his works, the sum of $14,500, and since his death his heirs at law have got in all $150,000 for the copyrights of all his works. As a set off, the manager and lessee of the Bouffes Parisiennes made in less than two years $400,000 by a single comic opera, the well-known "Mascotte," which thus proved indeed an El Dorado to him. The same gentleman made $500,000 net by the irresistible "Fille de Madame Angot."

Mr. W. C. Anderson, who has been some years a telegraph operator in the railway station at Lachute, received a cable message from Edinburgh, Scotland, the other day, to the effect that he was residuary legatee to the Cameron estate for £150,000 sterling. This fortunate young man is a son of a clergyman who is chaplain to an institution somewhere west of Toronto. His mother was a Cameron, and at the time that he was born his uncle was on a visit to this country, and then promised to remember him by the gift of a farm. Marshal Neils, and Glorie de Dijon, chestnut browns, chocolate, dull wallflower reds and dull gold color. A beautiful rouge who is a great favorite in English society, wears a gold band in her hair, and usually dresses in the evening in yellow satin or gold colored velvet. She is a picture, indeed, and in her walking gowns of chocolate, relieved with amber or of tawny red and gold, is as picturesque a woman as one would wish to meet.

Capt. Brice, one of the inspectors of the Board of Trade, was on Monday, the other day, watching experiments for the purpose of rendering the passage of vessels over the Goodwin Sands more safe by pumping oil upon the water. A heavy south-westerly gale was blowing. Seal oil was used. After the pumps had been at work twenty minutes the crested waves, which were dashing with great fury against the piers, became greatly assuaged, and the entrance was rendered safe. The experiments were considered successful.

While a California woman was selecting a tombstone it fell and killed her little girl.

New Advertisements.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

C. J. WHITNEY, LESSEE AND MANAGER.

Announcement Extraordinary. The Elite Event

Thursday Evening, Dec. 28th

MISS MARIE PRESCOTT

AND MR. LEWIS MORRISON,

Supported by a Powerful Dramatic Company, in the wonderfully interesting and pathetic drama, in four acts, entitled,

The New Magdalen.

Popular Prices: 75c., 50c., 25c. Reserved seats on sale at Murray's without extra charge. td

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE

C. J. WHITNEY.....Lessee and Manager.

Friday, December 29

Extraordinary announcement. The greatest success on record. America's greatest artiste,

LILIAN SPENCER!

In her unrivaled character,

THE CREOLE

In Article 47, supported by a grand company, under the management of Claybaugh & Polsifer, as played in Paris 1,000 times, New York 500 times, with all the beautiful effects, elaborate appointments, suberb costumes, the realistic gambling scene.

Popular prices. Reserved seats at Murray's. 1,26td

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

C. J. WHITNEY, - Lessee and Manager.

SATURDAY, DEC. 30TH.

A Great Play and a Great Company!

"A CHARACTER BORN TO LIVE."

Engagement of the Distinguished Artists and Greatest of German Dialect Comedians,

MR. & MRS. GEO. S. KNIGHT

(Under the Management of F. G. and R. G. Berger), in Bronson Howard's Greatest Play, entitled

BARON RUDOLPH

Supported by their own Company of

SUPERIOR DRAMATIC ARTISTS.

Popular prices. Reserved seats at Murray's. 1,26td

NORMAN'S ELECTRO - CURATIVE Belts, Bands and Insoles. Toronto established 1874.

Back Belt.

Adapted for Weak Back, Lumbago, Kidney Complaint, Nervousness, &c. Price, $7.50, $6, $4. Circular and consultation free.

Norman & Co.,
Agents, London.

New Advertisements.

Municipal Elections.

ELECTORS

—OF—

NO. 2 WARD

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE ARE respectfully solicited for the election of

T. F. KINGSMILL

As Alderman for 1883.

NO. 1 WARD!

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the election of

GEORGE S. BIRRELL,

AS ALDERMAN FOR 1883.

1,26td

NO. 1 WARD.

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the election of

C. B. HUNT

As Alderman for 1883.

1,26td

—TO—

James S. Niven, M. B.

DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned ratepayers of No. 4 Ward, sincerely desire that you should represent our Ward as school Trustee for the ensuing year. We feel that our representative in the School Board should be a resident of the Ward; and we feel satisfied that you will stay in represent us and the Ward as Trustee. We promise to do our utmost in your behalf.

Yours truly,

Saml. Crawford, M. D. Fraser, Geo. T. Hiscox, J. H. Fraser, T. H. March, Chas. Murray, A. W. Ferris, W. Webster, A. Morphy, J. R. Flock, M. B., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to the industrial request of which I have received from you, I offer myself as a candidate for

SCHOOL TRUSTEE FOR NO. 4 WARD.

Your obedient servant,

1,26 J. S. NIVEN.

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 4 WARD.

AT THE REQUEST OF A LARGE number of the ratepayers, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for election as School Trustee for No. 4 Ward for 1883, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obdt. servant,

M. D. FRASER.

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 1 WARD.

AT THE SOLICITATION OF A large number of ratepayers, I beg to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman for 1883, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obedt. servant,

JOHN LABATT.

REQUISITION.

TO W. M. MOORE, ESQ.:

We, the undersigned ratepayers of No. 4 Ward, being desirous of having your services in the Council for 1883, respectfully request your acceptance of this requisition, and pledge you our votes and support if you allow yourself to be nominated.

Joseph Jeffrey, G. Macbeth, W. Gregory, W. Tarkberry, A. Ellis, Geo. Watson, W. Joanes, A. Santo, Wm. Murray, Wm. Bor. Vining, A. Greening, Chas. Murray, C. F. Compton, Robt. Walking, Chas. Murray, Walter Fairbairn, Jos. Wilkinson, F. Bullen, Samuel Payne, J. L. Dampier, Alex. McBride, H. Cramer, A. Wilson, J. Wilson, Jas. Saunders, W. E. Hiscott, H. E. Nelles, Jas. Hall, Alex. Atkinson, J. Gostlock, H. Mathewson, F. Beitz, W. Espy, H. Merritt, G. H. Merritt, James Taylor, C. Leonard, J. & W. Morrison, Francis Love, H. H. Hoskin, Jas. McKenzie, George A. Matheson, Edward Morkin, J. R. Peck, William Spencer, George Berry, Samuel Crawford, Thomas Peel, Charles B. Richardson, Thomas Maddocks, John McFarland, Wm. Mallock, W. J. Lucas, H. P. Bock, John Gutteridge, J. A. Nunn, H. H. Dobson, W. Sage, Robert Kirkpatrick.

Jas. Newman, Wm. Stone, James Wright, Henry J. Smith, T. Panton, Geo. O. Chester, Henry Smith, T. H. Dobson, W. Sage, W. S. Ely, C. W. Anderson, A. J. Tees, A. Nellies, M. D., J. Anderson, C. Green, Sam'l E. Brown, H. Hodgson, G. H. Cottrill, Wm. Price, John Hodge, F. C. Barnard, M. H. Rowland, T. H. Taylor, Jas. Logan, C. F. Colwell, Jas. Hall, John G. Dodd, Wm. Cater, H. Philip, J. B. Elliott, Wm. Scarrow, H. Scott, Wm. Westland, J. Treneman, Jas. Mills, P. Kelly, Wm. Noble, J. Hollingsworth, Wm. Mercer, A. Durand, R. Butler, R. Dennis, C. L. T. Campbell, J. Cross, J. Essex, John Barns, Robt. Chapman, Chas. Chapman, J. Shopland, G. S. T. Bryce, J. J. Wellsteed, M. Masuret, N. T. Wilson, Jas. Rogers, Wm. Mavo, H. McLaren, Warren Rock, Wm. Duffield, Arthur G. M. Cooper, Chas. Fewings, Frank H. Coles, C. A. Conover.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—I assure you I feel highly flattered by the requisition you have presented, and although my inclination does not lead me to public life, still, with this before me, I feel that I should allow myself to be put in nomination.

I, therefore, willingly accede to your request and leave myself in your hands, and will endeavor, if elected, to do the best of my ability and with strict regard to the interests of the city.

Very Sincerely Yours,

W. M. MOORE.

—TO—

JOHN M. DENTON ESQ.:

DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned ratepayers of ward number four, desire that you should represent our ward as School Trustee for the ensuing year. You served for the past four years while acting as trustee for No. 4 Ward in a manner satisfactory to the city meets with the approval of all, and the interest you have taken in school matters in the past leads us to hope that you will consent to our request, in which case we promise to use our votes and influence in your support.

BENJ. CROWYN, W. MAYO, WM. SAUNDERS, H. MATHEWSON, J. C. MERRITT, and others.

London, Ontario, December 18, 1882.

GENTLEMEN,—Thankful for the confidence you have expressed in me, and in response to your request, I place myself in the hands of the electors of No. 4 Ward, and if returned to represent them at the School Board again shall do my utmost, as heretofore, to ensure efficiency and economy in every department.

Truly yours,

JOHN M. DENTON.

London, December 21, 1882. 1,2l-tawd

LONDON

Soda Water Works.

J. TUNE & SON

are now prepared to supply the citizens of London with Soda Water at all times; and as they have had several years' experience in the business, would now ask the public to give their drinks a fair trial. They guarantee a good article. They also manufacture Ginger Ale and Plain Soda Water as a specialty, and satisfaction is guaranteed to all who may favor them with a call.—340 Dundas Street London.—JAMES TUNE, C. C. TUNE. 1,l4tuteow

STOVES OF ALL KINDS,

In Great Variety and at Bottom Prices, at

STEVELY'S Stove Emporium,

1,l5tuteth 361 Richmond St.

New Advertisements.

SALE BY AUCTION

In Re W. P. McDONALD,

OF BRIGDEN.

THE GENERAL FIRST-CLASS stock of the above, consisting of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &c

amounting to about $5,550.34, will be sold by public auction by W. N. Brunton, auctioneer, at his rooms, Dundas street, London, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 27TH INSTANT,

AT 2 P.M.

Dry goods	$2784 64
Ready-makes	384 17
Hats and caps	133 76
Boots and shoes	1494 50
Crockery and glass	217 44
Groceries	524 28
Shop furniture	172 50
	$5551 34

This is a first-class stock. List can be seen on the premises, or at Gibbons, McNab & Mulkern's. Terms, one-third cash; balance 2, 4 and 6 months, secured.

td C. R. ARMSTRONG, Trustee.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

(CHANCERY DIVISION).

RE ROOKS.

PURSUANT to the order made in this matter, and bearing date the 25th day of October, 1882, there will be sold, with the approbation of James Shanly, Esquire, the Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario, at the city of London, by Matthew W. Manville, Auctioneer, at the auction rooms of Manville & Scrivens, Dundas street, London, at the hour of 12 o'clock p. m., on

Friday, the 29th Day of December, 1882,

the following lands and premises, in two parcels:—

1. The two-story brick dwelling, No. 396, on the east side of Ridout street, in the said city of London, having a frontage on Ridout street of 25 feet 9 inches, more or less, by a depth of 86 feet, more or less, with a right of way in rear.

2. The three-story brick dwelling, No. 398, on the east side of Ridout street, in the said city of London, having a frontage on Ridout street of 22 feet 3 inches, more or less, by a depth of 86 feet, more or less, with a right of way in rear.

The property will be offered for sale subject to a reserve bid on each of the said parcels, which has been fixed by the said Master.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money is to be paid cash at the time of sale, and the balance within two weeks thereafter, with interest.

Each parcel is occupied by a tenant, on the terms of a lease of $12.50, and the purchasers are to take the properties subject to the present tenancies.

The Vendor is a Trustee, and is not to be required to produce any title deeds not in his own possession, nor to give any covenants other than that he has not encumbered the property.

The remaining conditions of the sale are the standing conditions of the Chancery Division of the Court of Justice. Full particulars may be had on application to the Vendor's Solicitor, London.

J. SHANLY.

Dated Dec. 19, 1882.

DAVIDSON & SANDERSON, Vendors' Solicitors. 1,20td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Oil Paintings,

Steel Engravings, Water Colors, Chromos, Hand-painted Plaques, Easels, Picture Frames, together with

A CHOICE STOCK OF FANCY ARTICLES,

suitable for the toilet and mantle.

MANVILLE & BROWN

will sell by auction on the premises of

McINTYRE & CO.,

28 Dundas street, commencing

Saturday Afternoon and Evening, Dec. 28,

and will continue to sell every evening until sale is sold. Sale at 1.30 and 7p. m. The trade will find it to their interest to attend.

M. W. MANVILLE,
1,26ditsdh Auctioneer.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, parlor fixtures, liquors, &c., under a chattel mortgage, Re Francis Aquair. Manville & Brown will sell at the Golden Quoit Hotel, corner York and Burwell street, on

Thursday, December 28th,

at 10.30 a.m. sharp, the entire contents of the fully furnished hotel, comprising parlor and bedroom furniture, carpets, quilts, blankets, sheets, feather beds and pillows, mattresses, pictures, desk, bookcase and box stores, chamberware, crockery, cutlery and glassware, clocks, and a general assortment of household utensils, together with all the bar fixtures, liquors, also a cutter, harness and outdoor effects. The furniture and bedding are all in good order.

No reserve. Terms cash.

FRANK KIRCHMEIER,
1,26-stut Bailiff.

BAILIFF'S SALE

—OF—

OIL PAINTINGS, STEEL ENGRAVINGS, Water Colors, Chromos, Hand-painted Plaques, Easels, Picture Frames, together with a choice stock of Fancy Articles, suitable for the toilet and mantle.

MANVILLE & BROWN

Will sell by Auction, on the premises of McINTYRE & CO., 28 Dundas street, commencing on THURSDAY EVENING, December 28, and will continue to sell every evening until all sold. The above goods are being sold under landlord's warrant, and discontinuant for city lines, and will be sold without reserve. Sale at 7.30 each evening. Terms, cash.

FRANK KIRCHMEIER,
1,26v-ftut Bailiff.

THE DOMINION

Savings & Investment Society.

DIVIDEND NO. 21.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Dividend of Four Per Cent. upon the paid up capital stock of this Society has been declared for the half-year ending 31st inst., payable at the office of the Society, Richmond street, London, on and after TUESDAY, JANUARY 2ND, 1883.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th inst. till the 3rd day of January next.

By order of the Board.

F. B. LEYS,
MANAGER.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

CHEAP HOLIDAY TICKETS.

SINGLE FARE FOR DOUBLE JOURNEY.

—ON—

Xmas and New Year's Day,

GOOD FOR THE DAY ONLY.

FARE AND A-THIRD

—ON—

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 22,
SATURDAY DECEMBER 23,
MONDAY, DECEMBER 25.

Good to return up to December 26th, 1882.

Also, on Friday, Dec. 29th; Saturday, Dec. 30th; Monday, Jan. 1st, good to return up to January 2nd, 1883.

J. HICKSON,
General Manager.

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THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the business lately carried on by Mr. Bullivant, corner Dundas and Maitland streets, begs to inform the public that he has on hand a large and well selected stock of choice family groceries, provisions, flour and feed, school books, &c., which he will sell cheaper than the cheapest. Goods promptly delivered to any part of the city. Oysters always on hand. Give me a trial. Teas and sugar a specialty.

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Corner Dundas and Maitland Streets.
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MANAGER.

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The Free Press.
LONDON, ONT.

Tuesday, December 26, 1882.

MRI. GEOFFREY.

A CEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

And all the land is rich with sugry
unty beneath the rays of the cold moon,
at
'Over the dark her silver mantle throws,"
d the deep waves break themselves
th impotent fury upon the giant walls of
unite thatline the coast, and the clouds
ccrued upon the hills and the sea birds
ick aloul, and all nature seems to cry
Mona.
But to the hill of Carrickdhuve, to sit
ne and gaze in awing silence on the
even-born grandeur of earth and sky and
, comes Rona Scully no more forever.

CHAPTER XIV.

W CLOFFREY WRITES A LETTER THAT DARKENS ALL THE PROSPECTS OF DYNASTE—AND HOW CONFUSION REIGNS AT THE OWERS.

e the house of Rodney there is mourn-
and woe. Horror has fallen upon it,
something that touches on disgrace.
y Rodney, leaning back in her chair
h her scented handkerchief pressed
e to her eyes, sobs aloud and refuses to
onforted.
he urn is hissing angrily, and breathing
h defiance with all its might. It is
rtainly possessed with the belief that the
pot has done it some mortal injury, and
aging on it war to the knife.
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rtainly possessed with the belief that the
pot has done it some mortal injury, and
aging on it war to the knife.
e tea-pot, meanwhile, is calmly ignor-
ts rage, and is positively turning up its
at it. It is a very proud old tea-pot,
s looking straight before it, in a very
ified fashion, at a martial row of cups
saucers that are drawn up in battle
y and are only waiting for the word of
mand to march upon the enemy.
it. this word comes not. In vain does
angry urn hiss. The tea-pot holds aloft
haughty nose for naught. The cups
saucers range themselves in military
r all for nothing. Lady Rodney is
olved in tears.
h! Nicholas, it can't be true! it
y can't! she says, alluding to the new
linked in a letter Sir Nicholas is read-
with a puzzled brow.
is a tall young man, about thirty-two
looking younger, with a somewhat
w complexion, large dreamy brown
and very fine sleek black hair. He
s neither mustache nor whiskers,
ipally for the very good reason that
re has forgotten to supply them. For
h perhaps he should be grateful, as it
d have been a cruel thing to hide the
ave beauty of his mouth and chin
perfectly-turned now. These are his
charms, being calm and thoughtful
a trifle firm and in perfect accordance
the upper part of his face. He is
y handsome, but certainly attractive in
manner he is somewhat indolent,
perhaps lazy. But there is about
whole frame that endears him to all
know him. Perhaps it is his innate
r of offending the feelings of any one,
great or small, and perhaps it is also
n knowledge of humanity, and the
r he possesses with most other
ve peoples of being able to read the
ts of those with whom he comes in
ct, that enables him to avoid all such
e. Perhaps it is his honesty, and
itforwardness, and general, if inac-
kindliness of disposition,
takes little trouble about anything,
inly none to make himself popular,
n all he seems easy-side to man and be
eloved as he is. It is true that a
word here, or a smile in the right
does more to make a man a social
han substantial deeds of charity doled
an unsympathetic hand. This may
quak; it is certainly beyond dispute
ct.
now his forehead is drawn up into
frown, as he reads the fatal letter
has reduced his mother to a Niobe.
er young man, his kinsman, Captain
y, who is two or three years younger
he, is looking over his shoulder, white
ght, brown-haired, very attractive-
ng girl is endeavoring, in a soft,
lated voice, to convey comfort to Lady
.
akfast is forgotten; the rolls and the
and the kidneys are growing cold. Her
her own special little square of home-
bread is losing its crispness and fall-
into a dejected state, which does
t more than anything else could that
Rodney is very far gone indeed.
let is growing as nearly frightened as
breeding will permit at the protracted
ng, when Sir Nicholas speaks.
is inconceivable!" he says to nobody
ticular. "What on earth does he
? He turns the letter round and round
ben his fingers as though it were a
shell; though, indeed, he need not at
ge of the proceedings, for he has read it
forms, as it has gone off long ago and
ed Lady Rodney to atoms. "I
n't have thought Geoffrey was that
f fellow."
ut what is it?" asks Miss Mansergh
ed," says Jack Rodney, pulling his
fair mustache, and speaking rather
redly. It has been times out of
d to him, since his return from India,
Violet Mansergh being received for
rother Geoffrey, any of his attentions
at quarter will be eyed by the family
disfavor. And now to tell her one
dam lover's affection is not pleasant,
vertheless he watches her critically as she
s
s that all?' says Violet, in a tone of
ise certainly, but as certainly one of

o, it is not all," breaks in Sir Nicho-
"it appears from this," touching the
sheet, "that he has married
g woman of very inferior birth."
h! that is really shocking," says
t, with a curl of her very short upper

do hope she isn't the under-house-
said Jack, moodily. "It has grown
wfully common. Three fellows this
married the housemaids, and
e are tired of it now; one can't keep
he excitement always. Anything new
a create a diversion in Society, but
done for if he has married another
r-house-maid."
is worse," says Lady Rodney, in a
d tone, coming out for a brief instant
behind the deluged handkerchief. "He
married a common farmer's niece."
Well, you know that's better than a
or a common niece," says Jack consol-

What does he say about it?" asks
et, who shows no sign whatever of
ning to wear the willow for this mis-
ed Benedict, but rather exhibits all a
an's natural curiosity to know exactly
t he has said about the interesting
it that has taken place.
r Nicholas again applies himself to the
phering of the detested letter. "He
d have written before, but saw no good
aking a fuss beforehand,'" he reads
ly.
Well, there's a good deal of sense in
," says Jack.
pute the loveliest girl in the world,"
a heavy stroke under the 'pute,'
t's always so, you know—nothing new
striking about that." Sir Nicholas all
ugh is speaking in a tone uniformly
dy and disgusted.
t is a point in her favor nevertheless,"
Jack, who is again looking over his
lder at the letter.
She is charming at all points,'" goes
Sir Nicholas, deliberately screwing his
s into his eye, "'with a mind as sweet
er face.' Oh, it is absurd!" says Sir
olas, impatiently. "He is evidently
he last stage of imbecility. Hopelessly
atched!
And a very good thing, too," puts in
, tolerably.—"it won't last, you know,
he may as well have it strong while he
ent it."
What do you know about it?" says
Nicholas, turning the tables in the most
pected flashing upon his brother, and
ing decidedly ruffled, for no reason that
can see, considering it is he himself is

condemning the whole matter so heartily.
"As he is married to her, I sincerely trust
his affection for her may be deep and last-
ing, and not misplaced. She may be a
very charming girl."
"She may," says Jack. "Well, go on.
What more does he say?"
"He will write again. And he is sure
we shall all love her when we see her."
That is another sentence that goes without
telling. They are always sure of that be-
forehand. They absolutely arrange our
feelings for us! I hope he will be as
certain of it this time six months, for all our
sakes."
"Poor girl! I feel honestly sorry for her,"
says Jack, with a mild sigh. "What an
awful awful woe has hain made of himself!"
"And he is happier now than he has
ever been in his life before." Pshaw!" ex-
claims Sir Nicholas, shutting up the letter
impatiently. "He is mad!"
"Where does he write from?" asks Violet.
"From the Lanavre. They are in Paris."
"He has been married a whole fortnight
and never deigned to tell his own mother of it
until now," says Lady Rodney, hysterically.
"A whole fortnight! And he is as much
in love with her as ever! Oh! she can't be
half bad," says Captain Rodney, hopefully.
"Misfortunes seem to crowd upon us,"
says Lady Rodney, bitterly.

To be continued.

GEMS WITH A HISTORY.

The Reunion of Twin Diamonds that Once Belonged to Warren Hastings.

"There are the $100,000 twins—brought
together by chance, after more than a
quarter of a century of separation, and
never to leave this country, now we've got
them."
The speaker was a German gentleman,
the head of a wholesale diamond importing
house in Maiden Lane. As he spoke he
took a packet of silken tissue-paper from a
big safe behind him, and dropped it upon a
counter covered with green baize, at which
the reporter had seated himself. A wire
gate slammed to and locked the visitor in
without seeming to have imprisoned him,
and the German gentleman began to
open the tissue-paper packet. Two lustrous
gems, which blazed with a pure bluish-
white fire, gleamed side by side. Each was
about as big around as a three-cent piece,
but what was more striking than their size
was their identity of appearance and
beauty. They are cut alike, weigh alike
(84 carats each), and are veritable mineral
twins.
"I could create a sensation and make a
fortune with them in Paris," said the dia-
mond merchant. "They are old Indian
mine diamonds, and have a history that
puts them in the catalogue of the famous
gems of the world. I have proofs that es-
tablish their identity. They must have
been in the possession of Warren Hastings
when he was Governor-General of India.
Previously they had been the jewels of a
Rajah, and after they left Hastings' pos-
session they were secured by a Russian noble-
man during a mutiny in India. He took them
to Amsterdam, where a skilled Dutch lapi-
dary recut them, thereby greatly enhancing
their beauty while only slightly decreasing
their weight. The nobleman lost posses-
sion of one of them at the celebrated gam-
bling table of M. Blanc, at Monaco. At least,
it is supposed he lost it gaming, for it was
only recovered at the auction sale of the
effects of M. Blanc, widow of the famous
gambler, in Paris, a year ago. I secured it
through an agent at the sale.
"Its mate," continued the jeweler, "had
a no less eventful career. It found its way
to a French jeweler, who cut it to the
Duke of Brunswick, who, with eccentric
prodigality, lavished money on precious
stones, which he left to the city of Geneva.
The history of the first blue diamond was
published in Paris when I bought it, but
the mate was made afterward for the mate, which
the Duke of Brunswick had bought, reveal-
ed the fact that it had disappeared.
"We found it two months ago—and
how, do you think? Why, my partner
saw it sparkling in the vest front of a
Chicago merchant. He could hardly be-
lieve it. But by a stratagem he secured
the means of comparing the gems, and
proved their identity to his satisfaction.
The merchant said he had bought the stone
in Amsterdam from a Jewish diamond mer-
chant in London. He was induced to part
with it at a handsome figure.
"So this day they came together," said the
owner, as he rewrapped the sparks of mind-
less fire with tender care, and thus they
stay. They'll never be separated again if
we can help it."—*New York Sun.*

Shooting in Ontario.

The man who shoots the bounding deer
now breaks the game law), and will per-
haps, find deer shooting dear sport.—*Bar-
rie Advance.*

In the recent deer shooting case, tried at
the last sittings of the Division Court here,
judgment has been given for the plaintiff,
with damages to the amount of $10 and
costs.—*Amherstburg Echo.*

A hunting party composed of Mr. T. S.
Arnold and two companions had the luck
to capture three fine deer, while in a hunt in
Romney, lately. One dressed upwards of
200 lbs.—*Bridges and Planet.*

Large numbers of water-fowl, with an in-
stinctive idea, perhaps, of an open water,
still linger about the shores of Lake On-
tario, contrary to their usual habit of mi-
grating southward early in November.—
Kingston News.

Deer-hunting is over. Wm. Quick prob-
ably made the best score by any one this
season, he shot 16 quail, and on the way home
killed a deer with his shot-gun. He has
since killed three with a rifle.—*Verekee Cor.
Amherstburg Echo.*

One of the members of the Provincial
Legislature of Ontario has made application
to Mr. Dugas, M. A., to be appointed a copy
of the commission of Mr. George H. Wragge,
dentist, of Cornwall, who, it will be re-
membered, was fined for shooting game in
the Province of Quebec without a license.
It is presumed that the reason for obtain-
ing this document is to form a similar law
in the Province of Ontario.—*Montreal Star.*

Chinese Cooking.

Our cuisine would, I fear, have hardly
recommended itself to Western travellers.
Pork, in various forms, is naturally the
chief delight of the Chinese cook. Stewed
pork, roast pork, pork sausages (terrible
things they are), and pig's foot gelee are
apt to pull upon the uncultured Western
palate. We had a hard struggle with our
chef on this point, but eventually he gave
way so far as to vary pork with dried duck
and salt eggs. Potato, or sulphuretted
eggs, we managed to escape. Neverthe-
less, Chinese food is by no means the hor-
rible stuff Englishmen usually believe. It
need not be urged that puppy dog, cat and
rat do not form items in the Chinaman's
daily menu. Except for the terrible amount
of pork, we were by no means so very bad-
ly off, though sweetened pork-fat patties
are a trial to an appetite that has not got a
very keen edge to it.—*London Graphic.*

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets and tins (½lb. and 1lb.), labelled—"James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, Eng."—Also makers of Epps's Chocolate Essence for afternoon use. 13tuts4wtn

One hundred and thirty-two languages are spoken within the limits of the Indian Empire, according to the late census.

LONDON COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
AND
Telegraphic and Phonographic Institute.

All departments are filling up rapidly, and students from all parts of the Dominion are entering to take a course at this Popular Training School. The only business college in Canada which has a large staff of thoroughly qualified Professors, who are specialists in their departments. Large classes in Telegraphy and Phonography. For circulars containing full particulars address W. N. YERKE, Principal. DAW

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Latest Notes of Turf, Field, Ring, Cue, Diamond and Oar.

A rumor of a big six-day walk for Chicago is now going the rounds.

Paddy Ryan is in training, and will meet some one at an early date.

Charley Ford (2.16¾) and Alta (2.25¾) are in veterinary hospital at Ottawa, Ill.

Joe Vermueilen is out with a challenge to play 250 points, cushion caroms, $100 a side.

E. J. Baldwin's horses will be handled by Cyrus Holloway during the coming season.

John Splan says the coming season will develop a higher rate of speed than ever before known.

William Sexton, the old expert, is once more in practice, and will be ready to meet any of the knights of the cue.

An athlete named Pennell, of New York, pushed up a 204-pound dumb-bell ten times in rapid succession a few days ago.

A handsome four-year old colt, May Queen, bought in London for Hon. Frank Smith, of Toronto, was shipped recently.

Mr. Lorillard has purchased for a sleighing team Ethel Medium (2.23½), by Happy Medium, and Birdie C. (2.28½), by Gaines baldi.

Maud S. will be driven to pole with Early Rose, she being considered the only one of her stable-companions who can keep up with the Queen.

De. J. P. Dawes, of Lachine, Que., has purchased the well-known steeple-chaser Glasgow, and will retire him permanently from the turf.

Billy Madden has gone to England to rake and scrape up a man to knock John Sullivan out. The question now is, will Billy ever return?

James Dustin has sold to Luke Dubois his trotter, Colonel Dawes (2.24½), for $1,200. Luke will take his purchase to Colorado, his home.

John French has a fine Abdallah colt, two years old, dam Betsy Baker, by Mambrino Pilot, which he will put in training the coming season.

George Leonard has a stable of thoroughbreds at Islip, L. I., twenty in all, with Memento, Magnate, Monitor and Reveley among the names.

J. A. Pickens, of Ottawa, Ill., has sold the pacing stallion Tyrone, by Scott's Hiatoga, foaled 1873, for $1,000, to Mr. W. T. Bigbee, of Springfield, Mo.

There are 200 associations represented in the membership of the National Trotting Association at the present time. 61 of which are new members this year.

Jay-Eye-See is pronounced by Dr. L. Herr to be as sound as any living horse. Mr. J. I. Case, his owner, will doubtless put him forward next season to beat his record, 2.19.

Spotted Colt, a veteran of the turf, was killed at his owner's stable in Cayuga on Thursday. The horse slipped at the stable door and broke a leg, necessitating his destruction.

J. R. Keene's Foxhall has been placed on sale at $35,500. This seems a fine figure for a single race horse. Nevertheless $32,500 was offered and refused, the owner being firm at the former figure.

George Littlewood, the champion heel-and-toe walker of the world, has refused to offer to come to this country. He will allow any pedestrian in America a start in a heel-and-toe race for $2,500 a side.

In a bet of £1,000 even, against seven winners for the Derby, no American horse was named. The seven selected were Mr. Fulmen, Macbeath, Keir, Prince Maurice, Gallard, Sigmaptone, and Ladislas.

Fred. Archer, the celebrated English jockey, has had 512 mounts: 317 were lost and 195 won. Charlie Wood had 568 mounts, with 398 lost and 170 won. These two jockeys are the leading ones of the entire turf.

Billy Bair, who trains Maud S (2.10¼), has his famous charge in fine new quarters near Chester Park, Cincinnati. Her box stall is 18 by 20 feet, is lighted up with less of expense, and Billy lives close by and gives her exercise daily. She is in perfect shape.

Commodore Kittson has purchased a tract of land at Chestnut Hill, Pa., for $750 an acre. He will lay out a mile track for training his stable of trotters, and John Splan will be the trainer in charge of the camp. The St. Paul stables will be shipped east at once.

Wallace Ross says that the only man in the country he would care to mate, in can a double-scull race was proposed to him, would be Kennedy, of Portland, Me. He does considers him far superior to Lee, and in a single Kennedy would run away from Lee.

Oct. 29, in New Zealand, Jem Mace and Joe Bellcher fought with gloves for a purse of $1,000. Belcher was defeated in four rounds, after a hard-fought and desperate battle, lasting 16 minutes.

William Beckwith, the celebrated England pedestrian, intends visiting the United States early next season, when Captain Webb will also return. At last advices a match between them, to be decided in American waters, was being negotiated.

In the recent one-hour walking match for the championship of America, between Dennis, Driscoll and John Meagher, the latter won, covering 8 miles and 320 yards, beating the record of 170 yards. The match took place during a heavy snowstorm.

Joe Coburn says he received a visit from Sullivan in Sing Sing, and thinks he is a powerful thumper. He is anxious to put on the gloves with Sullivan. He says this now duck needs investigating. Joe is in better condition than when he entered Auburn five years ago.

Mr. Jim Quirk has arrived home from Shenandoah, Penn. He says he thinks he will be able to run again in six weeks time, although his physicians say six months. So soon as he gets in condition again he will issue a challenge to any pedestrian in Canada seventy-five yards, and give them a start.

The announcement that Joe Coburn will appear in a friendly passage-at-arms with John L. Sullivan creates excitement in sporting circles. Madison Square Garden, New York, has been engaged, and the pugilists will spar there on the evening of Dec. 28. Coburn is in excellent condition, but his friends say has not a dollar.

Hanlan states that if the people of Winnipeg will hold out the same subscription as last summer, he would like to row Ross there next summer. He would prefer the stakes in the forthcoming race to be $2,500, as now seems more than likely that Hanlan will not go to New Orleans, as matters are not shaping themselves favorably for that locality.

Clarence Whistler, not satisfied with the result of his late wrestling match with Joe Acton, which terminated in a draw, has deposited a forfeit with Richard K. Fox, of the *Police Gazette*, for a match for $1,000 a side, to come off in Kansas City, and he will allow Acton $250 for expenses, the match to take place in four weeks after signing articles.

A young gentleman of Lynn, Mass., named Reed, at an exhibition under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, lifted a dumb-bell weighing fifty pounds-eight ounces 7,600 times in ninety minutes. The lifting was done with the right hand alone, and the performance, which is the best on record, is sworn to by officers of the association.

M. K. Kettleman, of Kansas, and George H. Smith, of Pennsylvania, ran a foot race of 125 yards at Cleveland, Ohio, the past week, which resulted in a victory for the latter. Odds of $1,000 to $800 were freely offered on Kettleman, as his previous record had been excellent, but he proved unequal to the task. The time recorded is 12½ seconds, $12,000 was in the pool box.

A circular has been sent by the Secretary of the National Rifle Association to the various State governments and members of the National Guard interested in the return international military match to take place at Wimbledon next year, urging them to induce long-range marksmen in their respective commands and regiments to compete for places on the American team for 1883.

A European Sensation.

A murder trial which has attracted the attention of all Europe is now in progress at Brussels. Whole columns in the London and Parisian journals are every day devoted to detailed reports of the judicial proceedings, to surmises as to the real cause and method of the crime and to comments on the ingenious theory in support of which every effort of the entire police and detective force of Brussels has for the past nine months been devoted. The great interest excited by the tragedy is due to the prominence of the victim, the cold-blooded atrocity of his taking off, and the subtle though unsuccessful scheme adopted by the murderers for throwing their pursuers off the scent.

Briefly told, the story of the crime is as follows: On the morning of January 7th, William Bernays, a noted lawyer of Antwerp, accompanied his little son to school, went to the railway station and boarded the train for Brussels. From that moment he disappeared as from the face of the earth and was not seen again until two months later, when his decomposed body was found in an uninhabited house located on a retired street of the Belgian capital. In his profession M. Bernays was both respected and prominent. His married life, however, had been for many years most unhappy. He accused his wife of treating him with unmerited coldness, and she in turn alleged that undue absorption in business and a penchant for a certain pretty denizen of her kitchen had wholly alienated her husband's affections from their legitimate object. Himself under such circumstances altercations between the ill-mated pair were both bitter and frequent. Finally these scenes became so violent that thoughts of a divorce were seriously entertained. There now appears upon the stage a new and important character in the shape of a "mutual friend," Armand Peltier came to Brussels from Buenos Ayres in 1873 to assist his brothers, Leon and James, who had then the objects of a prosecutions fraudulent bankrupts. M. Bernays was engaged as his legal adviser, and in the capacities of lawyer and client the two men met frequently, and a warm personal friendship was soon established between them. Armand frequently visited the Bernays at their home, and soon both husband and wife had confided to him their domestic troubles. He acted to perfection the part of a peacemaker, counselled mutual forbearance and forgiveness, and permitted his friends to give up all thoughts of divorce. For a time all things went well, but soon M. Bernays suspected unduly and criminal intimacy between Armand and his wife, and as these suspicions were confirmed by the revelations of a servant, a terrible scene occurred between the injured husband and the false friend, and the latter was forbidden the house. A duel was arranged, but was won by George Hearst's b. m. Precious, finally prevented by friends of M. Bernays.

This occurred in September, 1881, and in January of the following year Bernays disappeared as related above. For two months every effort to discover his whereabouts was fruitless, but at the end of that period the first clew was obtained in a letter addressed to the Procureur du Roi, and unsigned but signed by "Henry Vaughan." It stated that the writer, an Englishman, had summoned M. Bernays to his house on professional business, and that while the two at the end of the interview, were examining a revolver the unfortunate lawyer had been accidentally shot dead. Continuing, Vaughan said that overwhelmed with horror at the accident and being a perfect stranger in Brussels, he had placed the dead man in an arm chair and hurriedly fled from the city. Proceeding to the address given in the letter the police found everything as stated. Every effort was then made to find the mysterious "Vaughan." Fac similes of his letter were scattered broadcast throughout the kingdom, and finally a tradesman at Vervins recognised the hand-writing as that of Leon Peltier. He was at once arrested and a few days after Armand was also taken into custody.

On the 27th of November their trial commenced in the Brabant Court of Assizes. The theory of the prosecution was as follows: Armand, in order to continue his intimacy with Mme. Bernays, determined to murder her husband, and persuaded his weak-minded brother to commit the deed. The house in Brussels was rented, the unfortunate lawyer summoned to an interview, and shot by Leon on entering the room. The evidence against the latter was supposed to be wholly circumstantial, no one but the victim and his executioner were present when the fatal shot was fired, and Leon, while admitting the fact that he killed M. Bernays, persists in his statement that the shooting was accidental, and exonerates his brother from all complicity in the murder. Wishing advice on an important business matter, Armand called on counsel on the legal ability of M. Bernays, he sent him a retainer of 500 francs, and arranged for an interview. At this he did not refer the assumed name of Vaughan, owing to the social concerning his brother, and for the same reason received the lawyer in disguise. He was, however, recognised, and in the struggle which ensued, M. Bernays was accidentally shot by a pistol which was lying on the table at the time. Such is the defense set up by Armand confines himself to a general denial of the existence of improper relations between Armand and Mme. Bernays, asserts that he had no desire to marry her, and thus endeavors to overthrow the theory of the prosecution as to the motive of the crime.

From this short and incomplete review of the case it will be seen that it is one of unusual mystery, and one can understand why it has attracted such universal attention. Though public feeling is very strong against the brothers, their conviction is highly problematical. Should the authorities fail to prove the existence of an adequate motive for the crime, Armand Peltier must be acquitted and Leon escape on the ground of accidental homicide.

That "General Purpose Cow."

An agricultural paper says, upon a topic which has occupied the minds of many a thoughtful farmer and stockman, that the Shorthorn, naturally a good dairy cow, has been made a mountain of flesh at the expense of her milking qualities. With exceptions of course, she is bred and raised for her meat. Is the profit greater than it would be if there was a little less meat and a great deal more milk? Is the greatest profit secured by keeping two kinds of cows, one for beef and the other for milk? We do not believe it. The milking qualities of the Shorthorn, Hereford and other large breeds that possess such qualities often successfully struggle against the tendency of our Good Providence to allocate them, and thus prove that we could combine both milk and beef production very easily if we only would, and we should do it, if it were not for the very erroneous belief that "we want cattle for distinct purposes." The idea that has several times been broached that we want a new dairy breed, is based primarily upon the desire to have both a milk and a beef producer in one animal. A good quality of beef is the ideal of a farmer's good, and the ideal can be realized if we only will.

All over the country the dairy is receiving special attention, and to neglect it where the circumstances are at all favorable to its success is not considered the part of wisdom. On our western plains it may cut no figure in the selection of stock, but it does cut a considerable figure in the States, and especially in those where the price of loud is so high that we cannot afford to feed it to cattle for beef only. The only way that beef can profitably be produced under such circumstances is to feed it in the cottage where the animal can make her earn a living and yield a profit in the dairy until she is ready for the butcher, and then her carcass will prove profitable too.

The native cow is susceptible of being made a good dairy animal, and improved as we have described to a very large degree. She has many characteristics that are valuable. Of course she is fully adapted to our soil and climate. She is hardy, having been made so, as we all know, largely by a long series of neglect and abuse. These qualities are desirable, and can be maintained. Now, what does she need in the way of improvement? Her milking qualities should be increased as far as possible, her form needs improvement, aptitude to fatten should be bred in, and the quality of meat should be improved. No one need to be told how this can be done. Within the reach of almost every one—at least, within the reach of the majority—are bulls of the beef-producing breeds, and the dormant milking qualities of whose families, too, may be awakened to life in the offspring, thus improving both the milking and the beef points. The very first cross will astonish one who has never given the matter any attention, and we will venture to say that the farmer who begins to breed up will not stop until he has a splendid herd of cattle.—*Chicago Tribune.*

Preserving Beef in Gas.

Professor Kolbe, of Leipzig, has reported some curious and instructive experiments relative to the antiseptic properties of carbonic acid gas (carbon and iaxide. Joints of beef were hung in specially-constructed metallic cases charged with gas, and kept in a warm atmosphere. For the first eight days the meat did not change in any way. In fourteen days it had become gray externally, but its nutrient properties were undiminished, and its flavor was that of fresh meat. In three weeks time it had become softer than fresh meat, but it was still otherwise unchanged. After five weeks it had no unpleasant smell, but the cooked gravy was not so good as that of fresh meat. Mutton and veal did not withstand a like treatment, for both began to smell badly at the end of the first week. Fish and fruit also gave way very soon. Professor Kolbe believes from these experiments that a simple mode of keeping beef fresh for several weeks has now been devised, and he suggests that the discovery will be particularly valuable in places where the gas in question rises naturally from the soil.—*London Graphic.*

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE.

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Liverpool, Dec. 9.

Bacon—The market has further declined about 3s per cwt., buyers holding off, showing great determination to break the price down as much as possible. The demand this week being small, stocks have somewhat accumulated. Clear bellies, 62s to 64s; rib in bellies, 60s to 62s 6d; backs, 56s to 60s; short clear middles, 58s 6d to 59s 6d; long clear, 56s to 60s; shoulders, ordinary Western, 45s to 47s per cwt.; long and short clear middles (equal quantities) are offered together for delivery all this month at 52s to 52s 6d, and for January, 50s to 51s.

Hams are also lower, 2s to 3s per cwt., with a very limited enquiry. We quote choice long cut 16 to 17 lbs. average, 60s to 64s 6d; heavy weights, 60s to 62s. Staffordshire cut, 17 to 18 lbs., average 62s to 64s; short cut, 60s to 62s 6d per cwt.

Lard—The demand for immediate delivery has been quiet since the first of the month, but holders ask nearly the same quotations. Finest fresh Western, in tierces, 59s to 59s 6d per cwt., and for forward delivery 58s to 58s, according to distance; March, 57s; January, 58s.

Pork is lower, 2s 6d per barrel, buyers holding off. We quote choice Eastern prime mess, 97s to 97s 6d; ordinary to choice Western, 85s to 90s per 200 lbs.

Cheese has been in good demand this week, and holders of choice September make have been able to obtain an advance of 1s to 2s per cwt., sales having been made at 66s for such, and holders are decidedly firm on this description of goods. Ripe cheese have been in good demand at 49s to 54s, and the stock of all qualities here is now getting into much smaller compass.

Butter remains about unaltered, both as to stocks and prices. Finest fresh parcels sell at 115s to 175s, and qualities just below 100s to 110s, and for inferior grades 70s to 80s.—*Belgian Brut. Circular.*

THE AGRICULTURAL SEED TRADE.

London, Dec. 11.—The trade for clover seeds of all descriptions continues steady, with no quotable change. Both Trefoil and Italian rye-grass maintain the firm position previously recorded, and fine lots readily find buyers. White clover is now receiving more attention. Canary seed has again established a considerable rise. Hemp seed scarce and held for a further advance. The imports of clovers and grasses into the United Kingdom for last month were 33,087 cwts., value of £65,472, against 16,454 cwts., value of £27,238, for November, 1881.—*John Shaw and Sons' Circular.*

REVIEW OF THE BRITISH GRAIN TRADE.

London, Dec. 23.—The Mark Lane Express says: It is now beyond doubt that the acreage of wheat in 1883 will be extremely limited. The tendency of trade is distinctly downward, and business is quite nominal. For foreign wheat there was merely a retail inquiry; rates nominally unchanged. Cargoes of the coast are inanimate; sixteen arrivals and three sales. The forward trade has been practically suspended. Flour is generally cheaper, and the poorer qualities difficult of sale. Foreign flour is in large supply. Barley is easier, holders making concessions in order to effect sales. Foreign is dull and cheaper. Malt is in small demand and barely sustained from the city. Proceeding to the address given in the letter the police found everything as stated. Every effort was then made to find the mysterious "Vaughan." Fac similes of his letter were scattered broadcast throughout the kingdom, and finally a tradesman at Vervins recognised the hand-writing as that of Leon Peltier. He was at once arrested and a few days after Armand was also taken into custody.

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N. & N.-W.—A New Manager.

From the Hamilton Times.

Mr. Samuel Barker, late solicitor to the Great Western Railway, has been appointed Manager of the Northern & North-western Railways, in place of Mr. Townshend, who will probably resume stock-raising. From which he was promoted after Mr. Cumberland's death. By the terms of amalgamation between the Northern and the North-western roads, the Northern Board has the power of appointing officials, and the joint Board of the two roads fixes the remuneration. Mr. Barker is a thorough Hamiltonian, and his experience as solicitor of the Great Western has given him a good insight into the details of railway management. In addition to his legal skill, he is known to be an expert accountant, and gentlemen qualified to judge affirm that Mr. Barker will prove to be the right man in the right place. Taken as a sign of the times, Mr. Barker's acceptance of the new position may be read in this way—He does not change his base with the expectation that the position of Manager of the N. & N.-W. will only be temporary; he considers it possible to maintain the independence of the N. & N.-W. roads. Looking at the matter from this point of view, the appointment of Mr. Barker will be generally approved in Hamilton business circles.

A Novel Time Piece.

A man who was appointed watchman at a mine on the Comstock had no watch. He did not wish to buy one, yet was desirous of knowing how the time was passing. He borrowed the watch of a friend for one night. On returning the watch the next day he told his friend that he was all right now, that he had a time-keeper of his own. He then unrolled a strip of paper, some four inches in width, from a stick and exhibited it as his clock. On this strip of paper, he had marked down, as they rose above the horizon, all the stars and constellations within a narrow belt. Opposite each star was the time of its making its appearance—hour and minute. The watchman says his watch is a fine time-keeper. He has recently improved it somewhat. The slip of paper now runs on two small rollers that are placed on a small box, which has a sliding lid of glass. As the night wears away and the stars pass over, he now turns the crank of his watch and looks at the time marked by the side of each. To wind up his watch he unpins the tape back upon the initial roller.—*Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.*

A charity fair in St. Louis is "at least an English town, one of the houses being a reproduction of Shakespeare's residence. There are sports on the green, boys who sing madrigals, an inn of the real old-fashioned style, a merry-go-round, a Punch and Judy show, barmaids (who deal out nothing stronger than lemonade), and, of course, all sorts of things to sell.

RAILWAY NOTES.

A Batch of Local and General Car Couplings.

Kingston is again to be made a Grand Trunk Railway despatching station.

Every foot of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railway line between Port Huron and Chicago is now laid with steel rails.

The Michigan Central and Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroads have declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent., payable Feb. 1st.

The Chicago & Northwestern announces that it will resume business to the Black Hills Jan. 1st. The freight embargo at Pierre having been removed.

On account of a snow blockade on the Hastings & Dakota Division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, this company will sell no tickets to points west of Milbank Junction until further notice.

Detroit Free Press:—While the good people of St. Thomas, Ont., are objecting to the removal of the Canada South-ern offices from that town they forget that the loss will be more than offset by the increase to their number in train men and their families that will be obliged to settle there.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Canada Southern Railway Company held at the Grand Central Depot, the Treasurer, C. Vanderbilt, presented a statement of the financial affairs of the company compared with its condition in 1881, the receipts and expenditures for December being partly estimated. According to this statement, the gross earnings of the road for 1882 have been $3,452,799.33, against $3,409,259.56 for the previous year, and the operating expenses and taxes $2,553,999.38, making the net earnings $898,797.95. Here it has attracted much universal attention. $7,937.72, making the total net receipts $906,735.77. From this is deducted the interest on bonds, amounting to $679,088.93, leaving a balance of $227,646.74—an increase over the balance of 1881 of $190,701.92. Of the balance, $35,487.14 is appropriated to new side-tracks, $13,238.42 to the building of new bridges and buildings, $10,347.37 to new cars, and $15,265.55 to other purposes, leaving a surplus of $123,308.26. Included in the operating expenses are $77,310.10 for ties and rails, and $87,070.51 for cars built and rebuilt.

Modjeska and the Canary.

When she first played "Camille" in New York, the management, in order to add a final touch of pretty realism to the room in which the cottage where "Armand's" father comes to see her, had a live canary hung in its cage in the window. Unfortunately the bird was a good songster, and when "Camille" was on the stage and the scene was comparatively still, began to sing shrill and clear. The noise was too much, and after attempting to hear it for a minute or two, Modjeska found that the unaccustomed sound drove every word of her part out of her head. This could not go on. It was one of the most important scenes of the play—"Armand's" father was already on the stage. No one guessed her difficulty, and no one came to help her. Driven to despair, she did the only thing that occurred to her as possible. She took the cage down, and going to one of the windows in the scenes, dropped it through. Then she turned round and

French & English

Novelties!

Entirely New Designs.

Very handsome, cheap and useful. Suitable for

XMAS!

Really worthy of inspection.

—AT—

STRONG'S

Drug Store,

184 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONT.

Tuesday, December 26, 1882.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file among other places in Toronto at the branch office, 20 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL.

London, Tuesday, Dec. 26, 1882.

Sun rises.....7.41 a. m. | Moon rises.. 7.08 p. m.
Sun sets.....4.28 p. m. | Moon sets.. 8.50 a. m.
Day of the year 360th.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last quarter	2nd	9.47 a. m.
New moon	9th	10.28 a. m.
First quarter	17th	11.36 a. m.
Full moon	24th	10.32 a. m.

MANSILL'S PREDICTIONS FOR 1883.

(Continued.)

TO THE EDITOR.—The following is from Mansill's "Perthelia Crisis:"

January.—The temperature is likely to average above the mean of the season during January, both in Europe and the United States—or between latitudes 35 and 37 degrees of north latitude in the United States and parts of Canada, and between latitudes 35 and 46 degrees north latitude in Europe. There may be a sharp digression of temperature between the 9th and 12th, and between the 22nd and 24th, together with storms, and again about the 29th.

February.—The temperature of February is also likely to average a little above the mean of the season—with sharp depressions, perhaps below the mean, from the 16th to the 19th, and from the 26th to the 25th, accompanied with severe snow storms in the more northern districts, and heavy rains and some lightning in southern sections.

March.—The temperature of March is not expected to average above the mean of the season, neither is it likely to be an unusually stormy month. It will not probably run to great extremes of temperature, either of elevations or depressions. It may be somewhat stormy from the 5th to the 12th, and from about the 22nd to the 25th.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Dec. 26, 1 a. m.—Since yesterday there has been an increase in the pressure throughout Canada. The temperature has remained almost stationary in the Lake region, while in other parts of the country there has been slight fall. The weather is fine along the St. Lawrence and in the Ottawa Provinces, and in the Lake region it is dull and gloomy. Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—Light winds; cloudy to fair; continued mild weather.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS. — Forest City Lodge, I. O. O. F., elected the following officers, at the regular meeting last night, for the ensuing term:—N. G., Bro. W. Maddiford; V. G., Bro. John Tweed; R. S., Bro. Jas. Hilton; P. S., Bro. W. Gartley (re-elected); Treas., Bro. J. Macdonald, P. G. (re-elected). Bros. Jas. Logan, D. D. G. M. and A. Anderson, P. G., of Eureka Lodge, acted as scrutineers during the election.

GENEROUS GIVERS.—The following contributions of fruit and other dainties were received at Victoria Hall yesterday in reply to an appeal made by the Secretary at last Sunday's services on behalf of the inmates at the Hospital:—Mrs. Attwood, Mrs. J. Duffield, and Mrs. T. G. Whiskard, oranges; Messrs. Swaize, apples; Messrs. Wm. & Jas. Jeffrey, oranges; a Friend, raisins and candy; Unknown, cake and oranges. By the kindness of the above named friends, some members of the Y. M. C. A. were enabled to present each inmate of the Hospital with a tangible proof that they were not forgotten at this festive season.

"THE NEW MAGDALEN."—The Chicago *Tribune* of Sunday has the following remarks upon Miss Marie Prescott, who is to play "Mercy Merrick" in the above named play at the Grand Opera House here on Thursday night.—"It is a little singular that the performance of 'The New Magdalen,' with Mr. Emerson and Miss Prescott in the lead, attracts more people on off nights than Salvini on regular nights at the Grand. It must be admitted, however, that these two clever players give great interest and force to the representation of the characters assumed. A better performance of this play has not been seen here in a long time."

LARCENY AND SENTENCE.—The Winnipeg *Free Press* of the 22nd contained the following paragraph which may interest Londoners:—Wm. Denby and Charles F. Stanton were arrested last week at Brandon by P. C. Keays for stealing $280 from the clothes of a person named Charlson, of Minnedosa. Charlson was a guest at the Grand Central, and during the night was awakened by a noise in his room and then saw Denby reaching out his hand he caught hold of one of the prisoners, who easily made his escape and returned to the room occupied by himself and confederate. On examination Charlson discovered that his money had been taken, whereupon he gave the alarm. While absent down stairs procuring assistance one of the prisoners threw the money back into his room. P. C. Keays was called in and the men were arrested. Monday they were up before Mr. Winter. Denby was elected to be tried summarily and was sentenced to four months in jail. Stanton thought he would try his chances with a jury and was therefore sent down for trial at the next assizes, in March. They are now lying in the Provincial jail in this city."

LOCAL NOTICES.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—At the Opera House on Thursday evening next, Dec. 28th, "The New Magdalen" will be presented, with Miss Marie Prescott and Mr. Lewis Morrison in the leading roles of "Mercy Merrick" and "Julian Gray," respectively, supported by a powerful dramatic company. As this is a play deeply absorbing in interest, replete with pathos; a love story which touches the heart, written by that great English novelist, Wilkie Collins, should be a sufficient guarantee of its merit, and an incentive to attract a large and fashionable audience. Miss Prescott and Mr. Morrison are popularly known in the Provinces, and the company supporting them are said to be particularly meritorious. The following is the cast of characters:—

Julian Gray	Mr. Lewis Morrison
Horace Holmcroft	Mr. Archie Cowper
Captain Arnould	Mr. L. S. Outram
Surgeon Sarville	Mr. James Taylor
Surgeon Wetherherher

CARLING & CO.,

Brewers and Maltsters,

HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF THEIR VERY

FINE AMBER ALES, XIX PORTER,

AND STOCK LAGER,

In casks and bottles. Ask your grocers for our SPECIALLY BREWED

HALF & HALF

Highly recommended by the medical profession for invalids.

AMUSEMENTS.

7TH FUSILIER BAND AT THE QUEEN'S Avenue Skating Rink on New Year's afternoon and evening. 1266

CATHOLIC BAZAAR.—MEALS AT ALL hours; oysters in every style, at City Hall, during Bazaar. Come! 1264

GOOD SKATING THIS AFTERNOON and evening at the Westminster Rink. 1266tf

GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL at the Queen's avenue Skating Rink on Wednesday, the 3rd Jan., on which occasion the order of the Full Moons will make their first appearance. Ice specially for those in costume until 9:30. Sweet's Band will furnish music. Admission 25cents. 1266d

GRAND CARNIVAL AT THE QUEEN'S Avenue Skating Rink on Wednesday, January 3rd. 1263td

MISS N. H. HILLARY, OF DUBLIN, will sing at Philharmonic Concert Tuesday evening, Jan. 9th, 1883.

MISS MAGGIE BARR WILL SING AT Philharmonic Concert on Tuesday evening, January 9, 1883.

MR. BEDDOE WILL SING AT PHILHARMONIC Concert Tuesday evening, January 9th, 1883.

MR. F. WARRINGTON WILL SING at Philharmonic Concert Tuesday evening, Jan. 9th, 1883. 1274-wfm

PREPARE FOR THE GRAND CARNIVAL at the Queen's Avenue Skating Rink on Wednesday next. 1263td

INSPIRATION.—ESSAY ON same subject by McGuigan, on Monday evening, Jan. 2nd, at meeting of Centennial Literary society. Also choice selections and readings by other members of the Society. Public invited. Admission 10cts. 1264l

REFRESHMENTS.—FIRST-CLASS Meals served at Refreshment Table, City Hall. 1.29c

SKATING AT THE EAST END RINK on New Year's Day. Ice in splendid condition. 1266

SKATING AT THE QUEEN'S AVENUE Skating Rink on New Year's afternoon and evening. Music by 7th Fusiliers Band. 1264l

SKATING AT THE RICHMOND STREET Rink on Monday at 2 o'clock p.m. of the Seventh on hand. Splendid ice. 1266l

SKATING AT THE QUEEN'S AVENUE Skating Rink every afternoon from 2 to 5, and in the evening from 7.30 to 10. 1.266f

TURKEY SHOOTING ON NEW YEAR'S Day, at Clarke's Bridge. There will be a Grand Carnival on the Rink, afternoon and evening. Music by the Seventh Band. Rink to begin at 10 a.m. sharp. The carnival tickets will be good for one week's use.—H. BRUSSEAU, Proprietor. 1.29c

FULL MOONS WILL MAKE their first appearance on Wednesday at the Queen's Avenue Skating Rink.

MEETINGS.

THE SALVATION—GRAND MEETINGS at 8 o'clock every evening. Barracks Colborne street, near Queen's avenue 1.266tf

NOTICE.—MEMBERS OF THE LONDON Curling Club are requested to meet at Richmond Rink New Year's Day, at 8.30, to play the New Year's game. J. DUNCOMBE, Sec-Treas. 1f

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Forest City Bicycle Club will be held on Friday, 5th inst., when election of officers will take place. 1f

FOR SALE.

ASSIGNMENT OF PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, etc. Samples can be seen at the FREE PRESS office, and prices obtained. Same for auctioneers and country dealers. 1f

BOARD AND LODGING.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, at 119 Maple street. 1.30h

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST.—[illegible] Advertisement.

RING KEY LOST ON SATURDAY last. Finder will please leave it at the FREE PRESS Office and receive reward. 1f

A WOLF ROBE LOST IN THIS city, believed to be in northern part. Finder can be endorsed with by applying at FREE PRESS office. 1f

A MEMORANDUM BOOK LOST IN the city, within the past few days. Finding receipts and commercial traveller will please leave same at Smith & Scatcherd's office. 1.26h

EDUCATIONAL.

SHORTHAND.—MR. J. L. PAYNE WILL commence another class early in January in Victoria Hall. Hand in names to the secretary. 1f

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR young ladies, 346 Dufferin Avenue, conducted by Miss MCMILLAN, will re-open on Jan. 8. 1.25-m-w-s-dv

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR VIEW HOTEL, PORT BRUCE, TO Let or for Sale.—Terms reasonable, as owner going selling; contains four rooms, bathroom (hot and cold), washhouse grounds, &c.—apply to JAMES Port Bruce P. O., County Elgin. 1.27t

CAPITALISTS.—WANTED, CAPITALISTS to invest in [illegible] in Canada or United States. Large interest to the investor. Address [illegible]. 1f

HOTELS.

MERCHANTS HOTEL, MARKET square, Stratford, Ont.; sample rooms for special travellers; night clerks in attendance. T. MAGARITY, Prop. Alvn

MISCELLANEOUS.

BATHS — HOT AND COLD — NOW ready for members of Young Men's Christian Association. Come and see them.

TRUSTEES OF THE PROTESTANT ORPHANS HOME acknowledge with gratitude the sum of fifteen dollars received from Rev. J. Ross, being proceeds of collection taken at the United Fellowship in Dundas Street Centre Church, on Christmas Day. 1f

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Burwell street (4th house from corner of Dundas), by W. G. MOSCRIEFF. 1265m

PHONIC DEMITS, ARTISTIC and cheap, at FREE PRESS Office. All Society Printing in the best style of the art. 1f

MARRIAGE LICENSES CAN BE obtained on application at residence of EDWARD HARRIS. 1264wly

HIBBS & CO. PRIVATE ENQUIRY and Collecting Agency, 43 Brock street, Market Square, Kingston, Ont. Strictly confidential. Enclose stamp for reply. 1266y

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

1,000 FEET CLEAR INCH BLACK ash lumber wanted for immediately. Also 10 good poles. Apply to A. MACRAE, Export and Gen'l Commission Agent, Hunt's Block, London. 1f

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES—EVERY SORT made to order, good, stylish and cheap. CARAVILLA'S, Talbot St. C2y

HARDWARE.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Just received an immense assortment of POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY AND A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF PLATED WARE

HOBBS, OSBORNE & HOBBS, Superior Buildings, Richmond street.

MUSICAL.

MUSIC FOR PRIVATE PARTIES, assemblies, &c. Lessons on cornet playing.—DUNCAN SCORRER, 89 Hill St., corner Clarence and Wellington. 72dtf

The Free Press

VOL. XXIV. LONDON, ONT., MONDAY, JANUARY 1, 1883. WHOLE NO. 8361

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

THE "EMPRESS"

For 1882 is the best and most perfect Skate made. No nut to get loose, and no keys to carry; instantly adjusted and firm as a rock.

Gave entire satisfaction last season. The cheapest Skate in the market.

Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Agent in London:—

T. Herbert Marsh,

137 DUNDAS STREET.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion.

A GOOD RELIABLE MAN AS BARTENDER wanted at the Queen's Hotel, Strathroy. Must have good references. E. WOODBURY. 1.26dh

WANTED — TWO CARRIER BOYS living in the vicinity of London South and London West. Apply at this office.

WANTED.—MACHINISTS — GOOD steady work; accustomed to agricultural work. Apply to J. E. WESTON, Manager of the Tilsonburg Agricultural Works. 1f

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT man, as Accountant, Secretary or Manager. Excellent references.—Apply immediately, Industry, P. O. 1.27h

SERVANTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this heading one cent per word each insertion

CHAMBERMAIDS—TWO, GOOD, THAT can wait on table, and one first-class dining-room girl, capable of taking charge of dining-room. First-class wages will be paid. Apply to S. PERRIN, Garner House, Chatham. 1264tf

SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS FREE.—Good domestic and hotel servants in great demand. Orders for servants promptly attended to. Wire unfortunate people at all hours. Oysters, best in city, only 20c. Coffee House, Market Square.—S. COTTAM. 1266

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL servant. No washing or ironing. Apply to Mrs. J. E. LINNS, Upper Kensington. 1f

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED GIRLS for take-out situations. No charge to girl till after Christmas. All kinds of domestics wanted. Male help for 31 week in good demand.—J. OSBORN'S Intelligence Office, 56 Dundas St.

WANTED—FIFTY GENERAL SERVANTS, 10 cooks, 3 chamber girls, 6 dining-room girls, 3 nurse girls, 7 kitchen girls, 1 laundress girls wanted for other cities and towns. Male help in demand. Call on OSBORN'S Intelligence Office, 56 Dundas St.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—THE WAREHOUSE on Carling street recently occupied by John Birrell & Co., except the west tenement.—Apply to MEREDITH & SCATCHERD, Solicitors, London. 1.27th

TWO LOTS FOR SALE—ON CATHARINE street, St. Thomas, 30 x 35, opposite Crowley's Hotel and adjoining Air Line Depot. Price, $38 each. Apply to J. S. DEWAR, Free Press Office, London. 1.26w

WANTED TO RENT.

COTTAGE WANTED—PARTIES HAVING a cottage to rent in a central locality near Dark of a permanent tenant by addressing "Cottage," FREE PRESS office. 1.26w

TO LET.

A BRICK HOUSE, WITH SEVEN rooms and bath-room, Block Depot, to let.—Apply to D. O'HEARN, 258 Richmond street. tf

A TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE TO let, corner Queen's avenue and Elizabeth street. Apply Queen's Livery, Wellington street. 1.17f

A GOOD BRICK HOUSE TO LET, centrally located; three minutes' walk from Post Office. Apply to Dr. McLEAN, 274 Dundas street.

TO LET—NUMBER 360 RICHMOND street, a few doors south of King. This is one of the finest stores and situations in the city, brick and front entrance. Depth of store, 100 feet; good cellar, hoist, &c.—Apply to FRANCY, WILD & CO., Seed Merchants, Market Square, city. 1.26dw

BUSINESS CARDS.

FOR FRESH OYSTERS GO TO THE Noted Confectionery and Fruit Store, 357 Richmond street. Sales and cheapest for all kinds. ANGUS DAMERA, 357 Richmond street. K-26-od-v-n

MISS E. B. ALLEY, 193 DUNDAS ST., has a fine assortment of Millinery and Fancy Goods, the which will be sold at cost. Now is the time to bargains. 1.26y

C. J. SMITH, 84 DUNDAS STREET, manufactures Venetian Blinds of all descriptions to order, repairs furniture and does jobbing work generally. N. B.—There is no accommodation like few boarders. K127

FEATHER BEDS CLEANED BY steam, at Jas. F. Hunt's Feather and Mattress Factory, 87 Richmond street, London. 1.26y

HAND-MADE CORSETS.—LADIES wishing a good and perfect-fitting hand-made corset could call at Mrs. J. LAMB'S, 61 Dundas street, London East. Orders left at Prince-Hungarian Embassy. 1.26w

JEWELRY ENGRAVING EXECUTED neatly and with dispatch. Engraving Department, FREE PRESS Office.

VICTORIA LAUNDRY — NO. 215 King st. Ladies and gentlemen requiring first-class Laundry Work, should send to Miss. Lamb's, 215 King street. Satisfaction guaranteed. K3od-y

W. CATHRO, ROOFER AND MANUFACTURER, including Material wholesale. Also contractor for laying asphalt on sidewalk and block pavement. All work guaranteed and promptly attended to. Address or application to 90 Wellington street, London, Ont. 276y

LEGAL.

J. F. HELLMUTH,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office—In Albion Block, Richmond Street, London, Ont. 1265y

GIBBONS, McNAB, & MULKERN Barristers, etc., London.

Office—Corner of Carling and Richmond streets. Thomas Gibbons, F. Mulkern, Geo. C. Gibbons, Fred. F. Harper. 1f

GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE, Barristers, &c. Office, English Loan Co.'s Buildings, Dundas street, London, Ont.

GLASS & GLASS, Barristers, etc., 428 Main street, Winnipeg Manitoba. CHESTER GLASS. DAVID GLASS, Q.C. 1265y

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, English Loan Buildings, Talbot street, London. 1265y

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING.—SELL YOUR Cast-off clothing to A. MORRIS, 377 Clarence street, for he pays the highest price for them. Give him a trial, for he beats all in that line. Orders left to call will be punctually attended to. H2lly

PARTIES HAVING CAST-OFF CLOTHING will do well to call on T. FOX, the Original Pawnbroker. Lends money on diamonds, watches, jewellery, silverware, &c. Business strictly private.—372 Clarence street. 1265ly

ARCHITECTS, &c.

PETERS & JONES, LATE S. PETERS & Son, Architects, Surveyors and Civil Engineers. Offices—Albert Block, southwest corner Dundas and Clarence streets.—S. FRANK PETERS, C. A. JONES. K1ltd-od

V.T.C

TWIN - NAVY !

Smoking Tobacco,

MANUFACTURED

FROM THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF VIRGINIA LEAF.

mwf

SMOKE

CAP ANA BDD LER ELE

Cigars.

To be had on all Railway Trains in Canada, and of all first-class hotels and dealers. Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SON,

MONTREAL.

FACTORY—54 and 56 Medill St., 73 and 75 Grey Nun Street, Montreal.

581 FACTORY—581 King Street, Montreal.

TORONTO BRANCH—34 Church St. K1Mdwly

FOR 30 DAYS.

Gas Fixtures, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Portable Lamps, &c., &c.

—CHEAP—

Jobbing Work in Plumbing and Gasfitting Promptly Attended to.

HEARD & GREENAWAY

Steam and Hotwater Heating Engineers,

10 Masonic Temple.

125mwfy.

THE LONDON BRUSH FACTORY

MANUFACTURES

BRUSHES

of every description. All kinds of Mill and Machine Brushes made to order. Sole agents for the celebrated Arctic axle, for the London brushes.

THOS. BRYAN.

73 and 75 Dundas st. west

SKATES !

ACME SPRING,

Cheaper than Ever !

Cheap Iron and Wood Skates, Straps, Heel Plates, &c.

FIRE IRONS AND STANDS

Reid's Hardware,

NO. 116 N. S. DUNDAS ST. eod

E. H. KORDES

BINDERY & BLANK BOOK

Manufactory.

428 RICHMOND STREET.

Magazines, Periodicals, Music and other Books Bound or Rebound in First-class Style. Cheap.

tus-ly

MEDICAL.

J. WISHART, M. D., F. R. C. S., EDINBURGH, M. R. C. S., England, 426 Clarence street, second door north of Oddfellows' Hall. Special attention paid to diseases of the eye, ear and throat. 1265dn

DR. J. M. SMITH, CORONER. Office and Residence, HARVEY TERRACE, 48 Talbot st., London.

DR. ANDERSON, OF 24 JAMES ST., Hamilton, Surgeon of the Eye, Ear and Throat, can be consulted at Spencer House, London, on the first and third Thursday of each month. Cross-eyes straightened. 1.dawly

DR. W. F. McLEAN, LICENTIATE of the Royal College of Surgeons, Licentiate Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh. Office and residence 294 Dundas st. 1.dly

DR. JAS. MACARTHUR. — OFFICE and residence, corner Maitland and Dundas streets. Telephone connection. 1.dhn

DR. J. H. GARDINER, L.R.C.P., LONDON, England. Office and residence, No. 21 Dundas street, London East. Skin diseases a specialty. 1y

DRS. EDWARDS & McTAGGART.

OFFICE—189 Dundas street, over Fitzgerald & Saunders's Grocery. Entry, 371 King street, opposite Central School. Special attention paid to diseases of the heart and lungs; also to diseases of women and children. 1y

EYE, EAR AND THROAT. — DR. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.R., lectures on the eye, ear, throat and nose in Trinity Medical College, Toronto, oculist and aurist, Toronto General Hospital; late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital; and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital; may be consulted at 37 Church street, Toronto, Saturdays excepted.

DENTISTRY.

F. N. HARVEY, DENTIST, IS AGAIN at the old stand, 110½ Dundas street, English Loan Co.'s Building.

H. R. ABBOTT, DENTIST.—VITALIZED AIR administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office—Strong's Block, London. Kl1ly

L. McDONALD & DAVIS, DENTISTS. — Office: — Dundas Street, four doors east of Richmond street, over Davis' Jewellery Store. Vitalized air administered for the painless extraction of teeth. P1ly

S. WOLVERTON, DENTIST. Dental Rooms, N. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, over Brown & Morris' hardware store. Entrance next to Ely Bros., on Dundas street.

VITALIZED AIR FOR RELIEVING pain in extracting teeth.—H. H. NELLES, D. D. S., Richmond street, corner of Dundas street. ly

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

COMPLETE CAMPBELL PRESS. — For sale by the FREE PRESS PRINTING Co., one of these excellent presses. Takes a form 32x47. Does excellent work. Has been in use 18 months. Is well suited for a country office. For specimen of work, price and other particulars apply at this office.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE.—A twelve-horse upright steam boiler, in use for a short time by the FREE PRESS PRINTING Co. Extra strong. Makes steam fast. Good economizer of fuel.

ELECTORS OF NO. 2 WARD.

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the election of

T. F. KINGSMILL

AS ALDERMAN FOR 1883.

KINGSMILL'S

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

Commencing Friday, 1st Dec.

GOODS will be SOLD EXCLUSIVELY for CASH

WE CLOSE THE OLD YEAR WITH THE LARGEST OFFERING OF

Dress Goods!

AT THE MOST RUINOUS PRICES.

WE SHALL MAKE THIS THE MOST INTERESTING SALE WE HAVE EVER HELD

!! THE GREATEST REDUCTIONS !!

WILL BE IN THE

Millinery Department,
Mantle Department,
Dress Department,
Silk Department,
Trimming Department,
Ribbon Department,
Silk Ties and Pocket Handkerchief Department,
Corset Department,
Cloth & Tweed Department.

Every Person Should be Made Aware of the Prices We are Selling

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS

FOR

If You Want

BLACK OR COLORED SATINS!

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY.

100 Doz. Ladies' Skirts, worth $1.50, Selling for $1 Each.

You will hear from us regularly during this month, and your visits to our warehouse will be made pleasant and profitable.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

Great Clearing Sale.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Hundreds of Families in West Ireland Starving.

The Austrian Ambassador at Paris Commits Suicide.

Russia Building and Increasing Her Black Sea Fleet.

Further Invasion of Tonquin to be Resisted by China.

An English Steamer Sunk—The Crew Saved.

British Army of Occupation in Egypt to be Reduced One-half.

Ravages of Cholera in China—Gambetta's Condition.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Cork, Dec. 30.—The corporation of Cork has voted £300 toward the proposed industrial exhibition.

Poff and Barrett, under sentence of death for the murder of farmer Browne, have been removed to Tralee.

Dublin, Dec. 30.—Several newspaper reporters have been sentenced to short terms of imprisonment for refusing to leave a prohibited meeting. Edmond Leamy, barrister-at-law, of Parramatta will defend Biggar in the approaching prosecution.

Dublin, Dec. 31.—The resources of Catholic priests in West Ireland are said to be exhausted. There are hundreds of evicted families without shelter or food, and starvation and disease are stalking among the houses of priests, beggar[illegible] about the doors, and [illegible] piously for alms.

London, Dec. 31.—[illegible] reports of the resignation of Spencer as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland are denied.

It is considered probable that O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*, will be elected to Dublin [illegible] Mallow.

United Ireland, who will be arraigned to-morrow on the charge of seditious libel, has summoned 236 witnesses, including Jenkinson, Director of the Criminal Investigation Department, the Chief Superintendent of Detectives, Crown Directors, and nearly all the special jurors in the Lough Mask murder case.

Earl Spencer attended service in Christ Church chapel to-day. He was hissed by a boy, who was arrested.

GAMBETTA'S CONDITION.

Paris, Dec. 30.—A doctor who visited Gambetta yesterday afternoon ascertained that inflammation was extending outwards towards the skin, and the condition of the lower intestines unchanged. There was a slight return of fever during the day. Gambetta passed a restless night, the abscess becoming more localized. This morning the physicians observed some symptoms of erysipelas.

Paris, Dec. 31.—Gambetta passed a good night, but suffers from fatigue arising from confinement in bed for so long a time. The exterior inflammation shows a tendency to disappear. Nevertheless an operation is believed necessary, and will probably be performed to-morrow.

LATER.—Dr. Lannelongue, who left Gambetta at seven o'clock this evening, was recalled at nine o'clock, a change for the worse having occurred.

Paris, Dec. 30.—It is stated that if unfavorable symptoms continue, Gambetta cannot survive long. His physicians say he is impatient and hard to control.

Paris, Dec. 31.—Paris telegrams indicate there is a probability of a fatal result of Gambetta's illness. His constitution is broken down, and it is believed symptoms of blood poisoning have presented themselves.

THE CUBAN REFUGEES.

Madrid, Dec. 31.—A letter from the Cuban refugee Maceo is published, in which he protests against imprisonment at Cuba, denying he is a political prisoner. Maceo relates the circumstance attending his arrest in Cuba, alleges that he stipulated with a Spanish General, in presence of English and French Consuls, that he himself and companions should be pardoned on condition of their voluntary exile to Jamaica. Accordingly they embarked on an English steamer, but the vessel was stopped four miles from land by two Spanish gunboats and the Cubans forcibly conveyed to Porto Rico and afterwards to an island off Morocco. With reference to the surrender by the British at Gibraltar, Maceo affirms that the Spanish consul asked the English police to arrest certain convicts who escaped from Cuba. He protests against this violation of the extradition treaty of 1871.

AN AMBASSADOR'S SUICIDE.

Paris, Dec. 31.—Count Von Wimpffen, Austro-Hungarian Ambassador here, committed suicide to-day. He left his home in a carriage at 10 this morning after having tenderly embraced his children. An hour and a half later he alighted from the carriage in the avenues Marceau, and leaning against a building drew a revolver and shot himself in the right temple, the ball passing out through the opposite side of the forehead. During the last few days Count Von Wimpffen exhibited considerable mental excitement, caused by annoyance connected with his official duties and the furnishing of a new home which he was to occupy as headquarters of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy.

ENGLAND AND THE COLONIES.

London, Dec. 30.—The *Times*, in a leading article referring to the fact of Lord Derby, Colonial Secretary, consenting to receive the High Commissioner of Canada and other Colonial Agents-General upon his accession to office, considers it wise to recognize more formally than has hitherto been done the official status of the gentlemen whose value in conveying directly to the Home Government the wants and aspirations of the colonies is not to be underrated.

DILKE'S POLITICAL INFANCY.

London, Dec. 30.—In a speech at Chelsea last evening Dilke, while urging the reform of the corporation of London as a measure of which he had always been an advocate, said some of his earlier opinions were those of his political infancy, which anyone might regard as unwise. When he grew older this language doubtless would be connected with recent reports that the Queen's objections to Dilke entering the Cabinet was because of his early opinions in favor of Republicanism.

STEAMER SUNK.

London, Dec. 30.—A despatch from Roche's Point entrance to Cork harbor, inland, says a large steamer has sunk off there.

Roche Point, Ireland, Dec. 30.—The steamer that sank off here was a coaster, Crew saved.

Roche's Point, Ireland, Dec. 30.—The steamer which foundered off here was the Chiapas, Glasgow, for Trinidad.

London, Dec. 31.—The steamer Chiapas, which sunk off Roche's Point yesterday was a new steel vessel of 2,200 tons, and was on her first voyage. It is supposed she struck a sunken wreck.

THE PANAMA CANAL

Madrid, Dec. 30.—A red book just published contains a note dated 19th March, from the Marquis De Vega, Spanish Foreign Minister, to the Spanish Minister at Washington, examining and refuting the principles enunciated in Blaine's circular, and supporting the view that the best mode of guaranteeing the freedom of traffic in the future Panama Canal is for the United States to fulfil the terms of the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty.

A REFUGEE SURRENDERED.

Teheran, Dec. 31.—A letter from Meshed states that Afghanistan, having demanded the extradition of Ahmed Khan, formerly Governor of Tash, who took refuge in Persian territory, the Ameer of Kaseen, who assisted Ahmed Khan's escape, has been ordered to surrender him to the Afghans. It is stated that the Afghan Government had troops in readiness to march into Seistan and seize Ahmed if its demand was not granted. The recent rising in the neighborhood of Cabul has been suppressed.

FLOODS IN EUROPE.

Worms, Dec. 30.—The dykes on both sides of the Rhine burst and all low-lying districts were flooded.

Lyons, Dec. 30.—The river Saone has risen to a great height, reaching the level of 1856. The Mayor has warned the inhabitants against the danger from an overflow.

AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

Hong Kong, Dec. 1.—The Chinese Government is exasperated at the action of France respecting Tonquin. The belief is growing that armed resistance will be made to further French invasions. Chinese declarations are unusually defiant.

Cholera is devastating cities and villages in the interior of Kwantung provinces.

PALMER'S MURDERERS.

Suez, Dec. 30.—It is stated that nine of the principal culprits out of the twenty-one Bedouins implicated in the murder of Prof. Palmer's party have been captured, together with their wives and other relatives. The murderers of Palmer and Captain Gill are among the prisoners. Sufficient evidence has been collected for the trial of the accused.

SOCIALISTS IN LONDON.

London, Dec. 31.—Louise Michel will shortly deliver a series of lectures in London. A large meeting of Socialists and Nihilists was held to-day to arrange a reception. London is full of foreign Socialists, whose activity is unconcealed.

GERMANY AND THE VATICAN.

Rome, Dec. 30.—It is announced that negotiations between Germany and the Vatican have been resumed on a basis which will afford a prospect of a complete settlement of the differences between them.

THE ARMY OF OCCUPATION.

Cairo, Dec. 30.—It is stated on official authority that the British army of occupation in Egypt will be reduced one-half.

RUSSIA'S PREPARATIONS.

Vienna, Dec. 30.—Russia is refitting and increasing at immense cost her fleet in the Black Sea.

CABLE BREVITIES.

The Egyptian budget shows a surplus of £2,000.

The Duke of Grafton has been made a Knight of the Garter.

A London despatch says the Russo-German snare has passed away.

Wood Bestwick Hall, in Norfolk, a private seat, was burned. Loss £50,000 to £60,000.

The Vienna Common Council has approved a scheme for the embankment of the Danube, costing 16,000,000 florins.

Leading Zulu chiefs are reported in late dispatches from South Africa to be greatly dissatisfied with the arrangements for Cetewayo's restoration.

On the reassembling of the Reichstag the German war office will submit supplementary demands to meet increased military expenditure.

The German bishops have unitedly made private representations to the Pope against begging permission for Bishop Fulda to return to his diocese.

A dispatch from Marseilles reports that the Municipal Committee have requested the Mayor to obtain a formal deed of the gift of Pharo park from the ex-Empress Eugenie, as a preliminary step to the discussion of her offer.

The *North Germania Gazette* publishes a telegram from Mexico stating that when the Senate adopted the new treaty of commerce and navigation with Germany the prospects of the operation of the present treaty until the end of June, 1883.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THE DISHONEST WASHINGTON POLICE

Washington, Dec. 30.—An inquiry into the charges made by the Citizens' Committee that certain members of the detective police have acted in collusion with thieves, burglars and forgers, resulted today in the issue of an order by the Commissioners that Geo. W. McIlfresh and James A. McDevitt, detectives, should be held to answer under the laws governing the police force, and directing that they be suspended and prohibited from any intercourse with the police without permission of the Commissioners. It is understood that the order was precipitated by the charges made against members of the Citizens' Committee, at whose instance the investigation was begun. It is expected the names of the other officers will follow those given. Some members of the grand jury, it is said, are subject to charges similar to those made against the detectives.

RAILWAY DISASTERS.

Providence, R. I., Dec. 30. — A collision occurred on the New England RR between a wrecking train and a freight train this afternoon. Several injured.

Cleveland, Dec. 30.—Freight trains on the Lake Shore and N. Y. P. and O. Railroads were wrecked to-day by a collision at Lahnier crossings. Two train hands are killed.

Troy, Dec. 30.—A freight train on the Boston, Hoosac Tunnel & Western Railway plunged off an open switch near Schaghticoke this morning. Two cars and a locomotive landed. The Hoosac River is fifteen feet below. The train hands were saved by jumping. The track was blocked seven hours. Loss, $5,000.

A THIEF'S CONFESSION.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—A young colored thief, George Wilson, long arrested for burglary, confessed to having entered a residence on Dearborn street and stole $300 worth of jewellery. He did so under the instruction of Isaac Goldbaus, in whose house some of the stolen property was found. A breastpin and diamond ornaments melted out of their cases were discovered in Goldbaus' residence. The negro said Goldbaus pointed out another house on Wabash avenue that he might enter. Goldbaus has been arrested. He owns considerable property.

FIVE PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 30.—Whilst the wife of Adam Currance, of Beverley, Randolph county, was absent nursing a sick neighbor, the house caught fire, and he and four of their children were consumed in sight of the wife and others, who were powerless to help them. In seeking to rescue her children Mrs. Currance received fatal injuries.

A WAR OF RACES.

Macon, Ga., Dec. 30.—A race riot occurred at Oconee to-day. Asa Lawson was killed. Marshall Webster and son William were mortally wounded—all white men. Three colored brothers, Handy, Jefferson and Squire Washington, were dangerously wounded. Several others of both races were injured.

BADINTS AT WORK.

Matamoras, Mex., Dec. 30.—Twenty-five bandits raided Palvadera Ranch, near this place, to-day, and killed Don Jose Trevino, proprietor, and carried off his son. It is supposed he has also been murdered. In the fight which occurred a number of persons were wounded. A body of cavalry has gone in pursuit.

A FATAL DUEL.

Matamoras, Mex., Dec. 30.—Angelo Hermosillo, member of Congress, and Senor Galina fought a duel with swords at Pachuca. Hermosilla was mortally wounded.

The Order-in-Council of the 12th July, 1882, constituting health districts for the purpose of statistics, has been cancelled, and a number of rules, regulations, and forms for the collection and publication of mortuary statistics published.

AMERICAN BREVITIES.

Ticket No. 61,361 drew the capital prize $50,000 in the Louisville lottery drawing Saturday.

The Cleveland rolling mills have been shut down for a few weeks in order to take stock. One thousand men are concerned.

Mrs. George Harris and Mrs. Hughes (both colored) have died from malpractice in Boston. Dr. Nathan Dillingham has been arrested.

Col. Seaton, acting-superintendent of the census, Washington, is reported temporarily insane through continuous attention to the study of statistics.

Three Chinamen were killed and three seriously wounded in the head, by the explosion of giant powder at Weeksville, Pa., 1856. The Mayor has warned the inhabitants against the danger from an overflow.

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At New Philadelphia, O., Friday night, a young man named Rex and a girl named Shearer quarreled. Miss Shearer shot Rex twice, mortally wounding him. She says he tried to break into her room after being warned away.

It is rumored that Jordan, Marsh & Co., of Boston, who do a business of $14,000,000 a year, are embarrassed, and have engaged a banking house to purchase all of their paper that can be secured at 6½ per cent. discount. There is no doubt of the ultimate solvency of the firm.

At Madison, Neb., two 7-year old boys named Tyrrell and Crew, were playing with a Winchester rifle when the weapon was accidentally discharged. The ball struck Tyrrell in the forehead and completely shattered the skull, scattering his brains in all directions.

Father Willard, of the Catholic Church at Yankton, D. T., says no effort was made to prevent the marriage of Sister Mary Paul to Dr. Rose, that her act excommunicates her from the church. He intimates that a nun can readily obtain permission to marry if she so desires.

Highway robberies have been frequent and bold of late in Cleveland, even ladies being attacked early in the evening on leading thoroughfares. Eleven persons have been robbed in the streets within a week. The police have been ordered to patrol their beats in citizens' dress hereafter until a stop is put to such crimes.

Mary Isabella Martin, who was tried at Emporia, Ks., in November for the murder by poisoning of Mrs. Kinger, and who has been feigning insanity since a verdict of guilty was rendered against her, has been pronounced sane by a competent board of physicians, and sentenced to be hanged according to the law of Kansas, after one year's confinement at hard labor in the penitentiary. The crime was committed for the purpose of obtaining $5,000 insurance upon the life of the deceased.

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Highway robberies have been frequent and bold of late in Cleveland, even ladies being attacked early in the evening on leading thoroughfares. Eleven persons have been robbed in the streets within a week. The police have been ordered to patrol their beats in citizens' dress hereafter until a stop is put to such crimes.

Mary Isabella Martin, who was tried at Emporia, Ks., in November for the murder by poisoning of Mrs. Kinger, and who has been feigning insanity since a verdict of guilty was rendered against her, has been pronounced sane by a competent board of physicians, and sentenced to be hanged according to the law of Kansas, after one year's confinement at hard labor in the penitentiary. The crime was committed for the purpose of obtaining $5,000 insurance upon the life of the deceased.

CANADIAN NEWS.

MONTREAL

Montreal, Dec. 30.—An old lady named Mrs. O'Halloran fell down stairs in her own house and received what is thought to be fatal injuries. Several bones were fractured.

The coroner's jury in the case of the late Mr. Huot, of Arthabaskaville, returned a verdict of murder against Chabot, father and son, two men named Blanchett and Orr, who were also present. An inquest is being held on the body of an old farmer named Drouin, whom it is believed the younger Chabot poisoned to get his property.

The private detectives are still actively engaged on the robbery from Carsley's dry goods establishment, and have made further arrests. The matter is kept private here, except that one evening

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONT.

Monday, January 1, 1883.

GOOD HOLIDAY READING

THE ELK-MOUNTAIN MURDER.

A Tale of the Far West.

One afternoon last autumn we were lounging down the wide and dusty street of a small town in one of the Western States of America. The weather in front of one was not encouraging. A sandy track called by courtesy a road, stretched straight before us for several miles, and finally disappeared over one of those low rolling hills which, in prairie scenery, mark the limit of vision. Altogether the prospect was not one to inspire two lazy men with energy on a hot day. Nevertheless, I had just announced that we should saddle our horses and ride over to an Indian encampment, which we had been told was to be found somewhere beyond the outskirts of the town, and my companion was fiercely pointing out the superior charms of a game of pyramids in one of the numerous saloons which dotted the main street of the busy English man, who found himself (he scarcely knew how) located in that part of the world. Now, as an old campaigner in western ways, he evidently considered that being in town was sufficient excitement for any man, and that to lounge, and smoke, and play billiards, to eat whenever one were hungry, and to drink of course as one were asked, was a mode of existence by no means to be despised, after the enforced simplicity of camp life. I was not at all willing to humour him, for the sun was hot, and our horses were at some distance; and these considerations disposed me to acquiesce in the mean opinion he had evidently formed of me. Indians being, I did exist in a third-rate Indian camp. So we strolled on. All at once my companion stopped, and pointing to three men who were crossing the road just in front of us said, "You see that man. Well, you can go back to the Old Country, and tell them you have seen the most famous Western desperado of the day. He is the 'Big-Nose' George, the Elk-Mountain murderer." There could not be much doubt which of the three he was referring to. They were all stood nearly a head taller than the others, had handcuffs on, and was evidently in the custody of the police. I was in doubt as to what to say in reply to my friend's remark. "Yet us have a look in." Hastily dismissing the Indian camp and its doubtful attractions from our minds, we crossed the road after them, and, catching a large building, the ground floor of which was unfinished, we followed the prisoner and his guard up stairs, and found ourselves in a big room at the farther end of which the business of administering justice had evidently been temporarily suspended until the prisoner should appear.

The man himself had seats on each side of a passage, or aisle, up the centre, leading to a railed-in space at the other end, within which stood a large table covered with green cloth. Altogether it appeared to me more like a church than anything I had seen for several months, by reason of the general resemblance which caused the involuntary shudder with which I observed that the person who was just settling himself in the seat of judgment was smoking a cigar. There was no time for further observations, for now a gentleman in a light suit stood up beside the table, and began to read the indictment against the prisoner. This occupied several minutes, and I could not help thinking of the amazement such a lengthy proceeding would have excited in the minds of any of the Old Bailey officials if they had been present. The prisoner stood in front of the judge, and just underneath him sat his lawyer, who was in earnest conversation with him all the time the arraignment was going on. When the clerk ended with the usual formula, "How say you, George Johnson, *alias* ——?" the apparently possessed a choice selection of patronymics, "are you guilty, or not guilty?" The prisoner looked up from his colloquy with the lawyer, and said quietly, "Guilty, I did it." There was a pause. This was evidently not what he was expected to say; and the faces of most of the spectators seemed to express considerable astonishment. Then the judge looked at the lawyer, who stood up and stated that he appeared for the prisoner, and asked permission for him to withdraw his plea. This, however, the prisoner declined to do, adding, by way of explanation, "I shot the man." The judge, who did not appear to like the aspect of affairs, now addressed the prisoner at some length, warning him that if he persisted in pleading guilty, there could be only one course open for him the judge to take under the circumstances, and the prisoner showed no signs of relenting, he concluded by remanding him until the next day.

I had an idea that justice in the Far West, when it did overtake an offender, was speedy and unrelenting, and I quite expected that the prisoner would be condemned to death offhand. I have since learned that if a man can afford to employ a tolerably ingenious lawyer he may generally commit homicide, if not with impunity, at all events without apprehending any very serious consequences, though any minor peccadilloes will probably be visited upon him with unpitying promptitude.

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As we walked away from the court my friend gave me an account of the crime to which we had just heard the notorious Big-Nose George plead guilty. This was his story, which I afterwards heard confirmed by others who witnessed the different scenes I am about to describe:—

One day several months before the time of which I have just been writing, a solitary man walking along that wild and desolate portion of the Union a Pacific Railway which is situate among the Rocky Mountains, before the train rushes down through the magnificent Echo and Weber cañons into Utah, happened to notice a wire attached to the track which did not appear to serve any ordinary purpose. The day train, as it was called, was then shortly due at this spot. This day train which, as regular intervals across the country is be paid to all the employes upon that section of the railway, and its freight was consequently a valuable one. Not liking the looks of things, and being suspicious that some foul play was intended, he took the precaution of cutting the wire and so severing its connection with the track. He then went on his way without having seen any signs of the presence of human beings in the vicinity. The train shortly after arrived and passed in safety. Further investigation revealed the fact that a mine had been laid under the rails with, the apparent intention of blowing up the track in front of the train, which would then be wrecked, and become an easy prey to the gang of robbers, or as they are euphoniously termed "road agents," who were doubtless concealed close at hand in anticipation of the catastrophe. The railway company were naturally anxious to catch some of these villains and make an example of them; and, as a party of men had been seen encamped in the neighborhood, and as it was not known what their object was in being there, the sheriff and his assistant Vincent and Widdowfield by name started out to see if they could be found. It was a bold, nay a rash enterprise; but men, whose immediate neighbors are not always the most peaceful, living, too, in a country always liable to be disturbed by the raids of hostile Indians, are not easily deterred from setting out on such an expedition by the fact that they may find themselves opposed by a force superior in numbers. Time enough, they may have thought, to turn back, when that has been ascertained. Be that as it may, they set out and they never returned. Days passed away and there were no tidings of them, and at last a number of men started out to try to find out what had become of them. This search party followed their trail for a considerable distance as well as they could, and then lost it altogether, near the ashes of an old camp fire. Here, it seems, they must have overtaken the men they were looking for. Further search was abandoned for the time, but was again renewed as time elapsed, without anything being heard of the sheriff or his assistant. By this time everyone was convinced that they had been killed, and a vigorous search was made in the rough ground near the place where their trail had disappeared. At last, within a few hundred yards of the old camp fire, their dead bodies were found hidden away among the sage brush. They were decomposed beyond all recognition; but nothing had been taken from them, and they were easily identified by their clothes and the contents of their pockets. Information is not easily collected in such a thinly-populated district, but gradually it became almost certain that "Big-Nose" George, and a band of six or seven equally lawless companions, were the men who had pitched their camp in that secluded part of the mountains. The deceased men were going up in their district, but the indignation expressed against their murderers was beginning to subside when the news arrived that by the exertions of the railway company "Big-Nose" George had been tracked and captured, and that he would be brought to the county jail by a particular train. It was soon apparent that a large contingent had arrived, and it promptly collected down. When the train bearing the prisoner and his guards arrived at the station more than one side and Widdowfield had resided, it was a close boarder by a crowd of determined-looking men, who proceeded to relieve the sheriff of further responsibility by taking charge of the cars and subjecting him to a somewhat trying ordeal. The scene must have been a picturesque one. The station was full of men, whose bronze complexions and broad-brimmed sombre hats would have brought down the comparison with those of the Spanish melo-drama. Many of them wore long hair, and nearly all made up for any deficiencies in their attire by a bright-colored handkerchief tied loosely round the throat, and a pair of high-heeled riding boots, unfolded by blacking, but adorned with heavy Mexican spurs. Someone threw a rawhide lasso over the prisoner's head and shoulders, as a practical admonition that the crowd claimed the right to put prisoner in a formed in plain, but not altogether unadorned language, that he might please himself about making a clean breast of it, but that, unless he did, he would stand a "right smart chance" of becoming practically acquainted with the height of the telegraph poles in that part of the country. He took the hint (or, in Western vernacular, "tumbled to the racket") at once. Looking about him as if to see whether he had any friends among them, he began to speak quietly and coolly, as though the narrative itself was not in any way extraordinary, but with the unwilling air of a man who does not expect much sympathy from his audience. "There were seven or eight of us," he said, "on the outfit" (i.e. the party) "camped on the creek. We were living around comfortable enough, when we came on to the Indian camp and its doubtful attractions from our minds, we crossed the road after them, and, catching a large building, the ground floor of which was unfinished, we followed the prisoner and his guard up stairs, and found ourselves in a big room at the farther end of which the business of administering justice had evidently been temporarily suspended until the prisoner should appear.

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The Free Press.
LONDON, ONT.

Monday, January 1, 1883.

MRS. GEOFFREY.

A NOVEL—BY THE DUCHESS.

"You will introduce me to your wife?" he asks, after a few minutes, in her own, rationale choice, and is then taken up to the big arm-chair before the fire, and is made known to Mona.

"Dinner will be ready in a few minutes, if course we shall excuse your dressing to-night," says Lady Rodney, addressing her on far more than Mona, though the words ersonality are meant for her. Where- pon Mona, rising from her chair, with a gh of relief, follows Geoffrey out of the om and up-stairs.

"Well?" says Sir Nicholas, as a deadly ence continues for some time after their parture, "what do you think of her?"

"She is painfully deficient positively about brains," says Lady Rodney, with nvicion. "What was the answer e made me when I asked her about the rriage? Something utterly outside the rk.

"She is not brainless; she was only fright- ed. It certainly was an ordeal coming o a house for the first time to be, in effect, ared at. And she is very young."

"And perhaps unused to society," puts in ther, mildly. As she speaks she picks up ay feather that has clung to her gown lightly blows it away from her into the

"She looked awfully cut up, poor little ng," says Jack, kindly. "You were the y one she opened her mind to, Nick, but did she say? Did she betray the ings of a lunatic or the inanities of a

"Neither.

"Then, no doubt, she heaped upon you lous gems of Irish wit and her mother- gue?"

"She said very little; but she looks good I true. After all, Geoffrey might have e worse."

"Worse!" repeats his mother, in a ror having in this mood she is not , and a very little of her suffices.

"She is decidedly good to look at, at all nts," says Nicholas, shifting ground. on't you think so, Violet?"

"I think she is the loveliest woman I saw," returns Miss Mensergh, quietly, aout embarrassed, but with decision. old, she is just, and above the pettiness taking a woman because she may be ted more worthy of admiration than self.

"I am glad you are all pleased," says y Rodney, in a peculiar tone; and then oung sounds, and they all rise, as Geof- and Mona come more under their agree-

Sir Nicholas gives his arm to Mona, e begins her first evening at the vers.

CHAPTER XVII

MONA RISES BETIMES—AND HOW SHE ENCOUNTERS A STRANGER AMIDST THE DAWNING DEWS.

It through the night Mona scarcely her eyes, so full is her mind of trouble- and perplexing thoughts. At last her grows so tired that she cannot pur- suit subject to its end, so she lies wearily awake, watching for the coming of arly dawn.

last, as she grows weary for wishing —

using fair
e forth with pilgrim steps in amice ray
lights break through shutter and cur- and objects pale and ghostly at first grow large and intimate.
n night retires; young day pours in ers
pens all a lawny prospect wide."

Morally an early riser, Mona slips leasily from her bed, lest she shall Geoffrey,—who is still sleeping the of the land,—and, going into his ing-room, jumps into his bath, leaving for him.

general bath-room is to Geoffrey an imation—nothing would induce him ter it. His own bath, and nothing his own bath, can content him. To to make comfortable basis to it, or else to await shivering the good ne of our modern neighbor, is, according to Mr. Rodney, a hardship too for human endurance.

ving accomplished her toilet without ssistance of a maid (who would bore to death), and without disturbing her nd master, she leaves her room, and, descending the stairs, bids the maid e hall believe a fair good-morning.

ears no malice in that the said maid ppalled by her unexpected appearance he forgets to give her back her greet- She bestows her usual bonnie smile this stricken girl, and then, passing opens the hall door, and sallies nto the grey and early morning.

ost low fluttering breath of waking day he wide air. This clouds of pearly hase newly risen sun, to meet the myri- nutiveen sunbeams, is very lovely.

ay ready to go? To Mona all round indiscovered country, and for that possesses an indescribable charm.

she goes up the avenue, beneath and bedecked elms, and presently a small path that leads she knows, ther, she turns aside and follows it. he loses herself in the lonely wood. air is full of death and desolation. cold and raw, and no vestige of tion is anywhere. In the distance, she can see some first-trees that alone reen amidst a wilderness of brown, pe linked with rapture by the eye, of the gray and sullen monotony. ere for these all is dull and unfruit-

Mona is happy,—the walk has done od, and warmed her blood, and its color, soft and rich as carmine, cheeks. She has followed the wind- ds for about an hour, briskly, and sense of homesickness that only the and god can know, when suddenly comes aware that some one is follow-

turns, slowly, and finds her follow- an is a young man clad in a suit of possible tweed,—she blushes hotly, ause he is a young man, but because no hat on her head, having covered ownhat riotous hair with a crimson handkerchief she had found in Geof- room, ere before starting. It covers d completely, and is tied under the ntenanin fashion, letting only a few ls-locks be seen, that roam across rehead, in spite of all injunctions to ruary.

ugs, could she only know how charm- ooking this style of head-dress is flower-like face, she would not have at all.

tranger is advancing slowly,—he is , and certainly not prepossessing. ir is of that shade and texture that unpleasantly the negro. His lips -to-think, his over-like sizes. There expression of low cunning in these atures that breeds distrust in the

He does not see Mona until he is within a yard of her, a thick bush standing between him and her. Being always a creature of impulse, she has stood still on seeing him, and is lost in wonder as to who he can be. One hand is lifting up her gown, the other is holding together the large soft white fleecy shawl that covers her shoulders, and is therefore necessarily laid upon her breast. Her attitude is as picturesque as it is adorable.

The stranger, having come quite near, raises his head, and seeing her, starts naturally, and also comes to a stand-still. For a full half-minute he stares unpardonably, and then lifts his hat. Mona—who, as we have seen, is not great in emergencies—fails to notice the rudeness, in her own embarrassment, and therefore bows politely in return to his salutation.

She is still wondering vaguely who he can be, when he breaks the silence.

To be continued.

The Bible in Schools—Conclusion.

SIXTH LETTER BY "JUSTICE."

To the Editor of the Free Press.

DEAR SIR,—To make the Bible a text-book, and to establish by law a uniform system of opening and closing the exercises of the day in our schools, have been of late favorably considered, ad especially so by the clergy of the various Protestant denominations throughout Ontario. In support of such a course permit our humble correspondent to bear testimony to irregularities which came under his own observation, committed by teachers and trustees in a town not far distant, as direct outcome of the following indifferent clause in the School Act, viz.:—"The department recommends that the daily work of each school shall be opened and closed by reading a portion of Scripture or prayer."

The Public and High Schools of this highly-favored town were wanted consequently under a joint board of management. At the time referred to the Principal of the Public School removed to carry out practically the above recommendation by calling upon the senior class of his room to join in reading a poem of Scripture, which was followed by interpreting the Lord's prayer, and this constituted the opening exercise in his room for the day. The second master, a very bus young man generally, read a few vses and made an extemporaneous prayer to suit the occasion, that took about twnt minutes to deliver. The other teachers attended themselves by repeating the Ld's prayer. So far well, but in the high School how different! There is Head Master and his assistants irded the religious exercises altogether. In course of procedure was frequently ignored upon, but laughed at, by the trustees, the result being much unpleasantness between the senior and junior pupils of the ten schools and sorrow to parents. Pa their statements three conclusions may clearly be drawn:

1st. It is desirable to have a regular and uniform system of opening and closing both Public and High School

2nd. That the exercises for such purposes partake of a religious character.

3rd. That the said exercises be not recommendatory, but established by law.

As No. 6 completes it series of letters on the defects of the Scool Law, permit me here to express sincere thanks to you, sir, for kindness permitting me to place said letters before public through the medium of the Fe Press, and to remind the numerous rears thereof that I advocated in

No. 1. Equal rights to teachers and inspectors in regard to retiring prizes.

No. 2. The report from medical practitioner, alone sufficient warrant a worn-out teacher being superannuated.

No. 3. Greater protesn to first-class teachers as an incentive to others to qualify for the profession.

No. 4. Public school examations (oral) to be held half-yearly, of hich due notice must be given.

No. 5. Another Model Scool for Middlesex, to relieve the overcrded city and country schools.

Finally. A happy New Ye to all.

JUSTICE.

THE BARBER'S MAY CLUBS.

THE UNFORTUNATE TIME TH THE BARBER AT THE NEXT CHAIR CAN TO TELL A STORY.

"I am President der Benkle Glub," said the German barber near U Cooper Institute, yesterday. "Segrely der Bretzel Glub, und high brevate in Blat-de tschole glub und a schuteen glubund a singing glub, und a fishing glub—dot's dot von all der glubs I belong mit. Vell, dere is a vot there is a Chermain glub berfry Chermain in der city. Der Chermans much to glubs joining peecause a man can blarker peer at wholesale prices get in dot ty, instead of fife cents a glass. You dot like so much peer already. Mine frendt bilty you. Larker peer is der lofelie dings vot is owd!

"Ven a man has shafed ut shafed und he dinks he vos a sdeam sling machine, und must go right avay hot und s afe his vife und children, und den sife some more already, in his room, und up early und shafe again his gustimers, I shoot dakes a couple dozen classes peerbil he dinks he vas der Brince of Vail sdeet. His vife looks py his eyes so poothfulike an angel mit out some wings, und hakes her up in der ped und says—

"'Haf you, doo, some liker peer peen trinking?'

"Maype she says 'No,' ut vos ankry mit him.

"Does such a man makster dable oter upsate town mit his footind baint dot angel's eye mit der loker go ner man der first floor vere I if vich vy trinks? No, my vrend, he choost says:

"'All right! Dot vos goo. I haf for bote of us blendy larker trank.'

"After a long panse the uber, as he bade the reporter sit up, and sached for the brush and comb, said he had many Socialists for customers, ad would not offend one for the world, if that he feared ... of them had been offded.

"'Dot monkey parber py der negst ... so said, cros choke avay like a glown in der minstrels, ue he started to to this infliction. This is one reason why der door inside. Vell, dparber had to go right avay on oud finisher story. Oh, my! Oh, my! I hobe dparber vill ief a couple tousand years ut get himselief some years.'

"What was the story?

"Der story vos how inderim effery Socialist must make acquaintance mit von soldier, und argue mit hi, und so make Socialist der whole armyfready. So in a peer cellar sits a shtanding soldier, and to him dem Socialists ce—Vrend, if a rut comes avay, vood you shoot down your farder und broder und perrypoly in der streets?' 'No, der soldier says, der dog of his wouse. Ha! ha!' dem Socialists hat said, 'be von von of der de of us togedder sheet—von of hots of we—how der dickens can you in Engtis say von of ourselfs togedder. I don't know. I chenerally shoot English soldiers.'

"One of us,' said the reporter.

"'Ha! ha!' said dem Socialists, 'de is von of us togedder!' und they gife him bleenly peer und cigars. Py and py one Socialist says—'Schneider! how is vy you would not shoot der beeple in der sheets down?'

"'Because,' der soldier says, 'I pelong py der pand!' —N. Y. Sun.

An Angry Tree.

From the Virginia (Nev.) Enterprise.

A gentleman of this place has a tree which is a species of accacia. It was grown from a seed brought from Australia. The tree is now a sapling some eight feet in height, and it is in full foliage and growing rapidly. It is leguminous, and very distinctly shows the characteristics of the mimosa, or sensitive plant. Regularly every evening, about the time the chickens go to the roost, the tree goes to roost. The leaves fold together, and the ends of the tender twigs coil themselves up like the tail of a well-conditioned pig.

After one of the twigs has been stroked or handled, the leaves move uneasily and are in a sort of mild convulsion for a minute or more. All this was known about the tree, but it was only yesterday that it was discovered that the tree had in it much sensitive and feeling than it had ever before been credited with. The tree being in quite a small pot, one which it was fast outgrowing, it was thought best to give it one of much larger size. Yesterday afternoon the tree was transferred to its new quarters. It resented the operation to the best of its ability.

Arriving at his residence about the time the tree had been transplanted, the gentleman found the house in grand commotion. On asking what was up he was told that they had transplanted the tree according to orders and the operation had made it very sad.

Hardly had it been placed in its new quarters before the leaves began to stand up in all directions like the hair on the tail of an angry cat, and soon the whole plant was in a quiver. This could have been endured, but at the same time it gave out an odor most pungent and sickening—just such a smell as is given off by rattlesnakes and many other kinds of snakes in summer when teased. The odor so filled the house and was so sickening that it was found necessary to open the doors and windows. It was fully an hour before the plant calmed down and folded its leaves in peace. It would probably not have given up the fight even then had it not been that its time for going to roost had arrived.

DOCTORS' TALK.

WOMEN IN MEDICINE—A WONDERFUL POLITICE —THE DOCTOR AND THE POSTMAN—ON CATCHING COLD.

An Illinois physician has been compelled by a jury to pay $1,000 damages for unskilfully setting a broken bone.

Paris women have not shown much desire to study medicine, yet Mme. Bros, one of the few French ladies who have become doctors of the faculty of medicine of that city, has lately presented to the Academy of Sciences an interesting and important analysis of human milk. Some points are given, in connection with its use for infants, which are well calculated to startle those mothers who believe in the healthfulness of what is called the bottle method.

In answer to the curious question of a correspondent, a scientific journal says:—"It is impossible for a man to kill himself by simply holding his breath, for the suits matic efforts to inspire prove too strong for the will to resist, but the head might be held under water till unconsciousness supervened, and the automatic efforts to inspire would then be ineffectual, and death would result."

A New Zealander who was suffering from a dreadful headache, conceived the idea that, since the gum-tree was potent against miasma, a poultice of its leaves might relieve his pain. He accordingly made a mash and soaked his head in it for an hour or two, when he was delighted to find himself completely cured. But on glancing in the mirror he was overcome with astonishment, which has since deepened into woe. The gum positive had dyed his hair a fine peacock blue, and the color is as fast as the famous Tyrian purple, of which the world has lost the secret.

The American Consul at Liege informs the State Department that the patent medicines manufactured in the United States are becoming quite popular in Belgium. Conversing with a druggist in his consular district he learned that such was the demand for certain kinds of medicines that the druggist was about to largely increase his orders to the American manufacturers. The Consul expressed the opinion that if the makers of patent medicines would pass to the proper course a large trade might be built up, not only in Belgium, but in the several countries of Europe.

The ladies have distinguished themselves once more in the London University class lists. The scholarship for the gold medal for obstetrics are taken by a lady; two ladies are placed in the first class, one a student from Girton College; five more have gained second classes, and several others are in the third class.

The following appears in the New York Sun:—Scene: Office of a pompous doctor who knows it all. Enter a tired man, who drops into a seat, and says that he wants medicine. The doctor puts on his eye glasses, looks at his tongue, feels of his pulse, sounds his chest, and then draws up to his full height, and says:—Same old story, my friend. Men can't live without fresh air. No use trying it. I could make myself a corpse, like you are doing by debauchery, if I sat down in my office and didn't air. You must have fresh air; you must take long walks, and brace up by staying out doors. Now, I could make a drug store of you, and you would think I was a smart man, but my advice to you is to walk, walk, walk."

Patient—But, Doctor—

Doctor—That's right. Argue the question. That's my reward. Of course you know all about my business. Now will you take my advice? Take long walks every day, several times a day, and get your blood in circulation.

Patient—I do walk, Doctor. I—

Doctor—Of course, you do walk. I know that; but walk more. Walk ten times as much as you do now. That will cure you.

Patient—But my business—

Doctor—Of course, your business prevents it. Change your business, so that you will have to walk more. What is your business?

Patient—I am a letter carrier.

Doctor (paralyzed)—My friend, permit me to once more examine your tongue.

It is noteworthy as a curious yet easily explicable fact that few persons take cold who are not either self-consciously careful or fearful of the consequences of exposure. If the attention be wholly diverted from the existence of danger by some supreme concentration of thought, as, for example, when escaping from a house on fire, or plunging into cold water to save life, the effects of "chill" are seldom experienced. This alone should serve to suggest that the influence exerted by colds falls on the nervous system. The immediate effects of a displacement of the blood from the surface of its determination to the internal parts are not, as was once supposed, sufficient to produce the sort of congestion that issues in inflammation. If it were so, an inflammatory condition would be the common characteristic of our bodily state. When the vacular system is healthy, and that part of the nervous apparatus by which the calibre of the vessels is controlled performs its proper functions normally, any disturbance of equilibrium in the circulation from which may have been produced by external cold will be quickly adjusted. It is therefore on the state of the nervous system that everything depends, and it is, as we have said, on the nervous system the stress of a "chill" falls. Consciousness is always present in the production of a cold, and when that is wanting, the phenomenon is not very likely to ensue. It is of this fact that persons who do not cultivate the fear of cold catching are not, as a rule, subject to this infliction. This is one reason why the habit of wrapping up tends to cause a morbid susceptibility.

TRADE, TRAFFIC AND FINANCE.

Latest Notes by Telegraph and Mail.

BRITISH GRAIN TRADE.

Liverpool, Dec. 29.—A leading weekly grain circular says:—"Grain has been steady, a limited business was done at previous prices. Cargoes were fairly held, the demand was inactive. At to-day's market wheat was in moderate request, prices were unchanged. Flour was quiet but steady. Corn declined 2d to 3d."

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.

London, Dec. 29.—In the Mincing-lane markets there was a fair business in coffee and rates were maintained. In sugar there was a limited private business in West Indian. Rice was dull. Oils were firm.

MANCHESTER DRY GOODS.

The Manchester *Guardian*, in its commercial article, says:—"There has been a fair business in every department, and rates have been upheld, sellers sometimes giving way slightly in view of the slackness of the cotton market."

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 30.—This week's circular of the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Association says:—"Cotton continues dull, and the quotations are somewhat lower. American was in moderate demand, and, being freely offered, fell generally 1-16d. In Sea Island there was a fair business at previous prices. Futures, after falling 3-32d per bear, and 5-74d for distant positions, closed steady at a recovery of 1-64d."

Postmaster-General Fawcett, who has been in such ill health that it was expected that he would die, is one of the most popular men in England. He is over six feet tall, and is a very strong man. Although he is totally blind he rides, rows and skates well. He will sometimes walk eighteen miles of an afternoon. He was born in 1833.

Late investigations have uncovered the fact that the gentlemen in Wall street who are popularly supposed to be manipulators of stocks do not even know what a "corner" means. The world always does injustice to its greatest men.

Sometimes when the doctor orders you to a warmer climate he does not refer to the other world.

HOME GOS

LATEST TIPS AND POINTS FOR THE LADIES.

Ladies scarcely realize the possibilities of chamois leather. It is excellent material for decorative purposes. It takes color well, and is besides pliable and durable. It can be very readily moulded in addition to this it answers well for designs in dry colors.

Several years ago paper curtains were in great demand in England. They were usually in imitation of Eastern designs, and were also lined with paper, the linings being differently decorated. An attempt has been made to introduce them here, but hitherto without success. They are, of course, much cheaper than hangings of worsted materials, and as they have a glazed surface, they are readily shaken or wiped free from dust.

A novel lace curtains is announced, which consists in the peculiarity of the design, which contains nothing special in the way of a pattern. It represents, within a border of fabric it self, a window with drapery design, a window with drapery and a vase in perspective beyond. The idea may be new, but is certainly not artistic.

The fashionable table-lamp today is mounted upon a beautifully painted vase of china or glass, and is often of very great value. A choice porcelain being selected for this purpose.

One of the most beautiful carving by ladies is carried out in cedar wood. They are specially adapted for glove boxes and other small articles.

The table drapeys are now often embroidered in the centre only. An initial letter is frequently selected, and within a fanciful or grotesque figure is carried out in appropriate embroidery.

A novelty is about to be introduced for bedrooms in the shape of a draped toilet table. The foundation is of ordinary wood, and above the table an upper frame is supplied with a swinging mirror. The drapery is arranged upon a projecting shelf above the frame and festooned round the glass, which is also decorated with a double ruching of the material. Usually pale shades of light color is selected as a background, and spotted Swiss supplies the material of the drapery itself.

Crystal is gaining in favor. Most beautiful centrepieces for the lunch table are in vogue, deeply cut in this material, and a new shape has superseded the globular. It is not unlike a crescent.

Iridescent mother-of-pearl is much used now for bouquet-holders, fan-handles, &c. It is often richly carved, but still more frequently inlaid with gold and silver.

Braiding is to become popular again. Rounded soutache will be used, as the designs can be executed in raised work by its use. It is easy to give Eastern effects by carrying out a free design upon muslin, serge, or thin materials of any kind.

The effect of applique work, which is given to the popular jute and linen plushes so much in use now is gained by the great attention that is paid to the effect of light and shade. Even without the outline embroidery in gold thread, which gives them their handsome finish, the same result is largely effected.

Cushions for deep cane chairs are made of tufted plush or satin, and as an accompaniment a strip of the same material and color is embroidered as a scarf for the back, and finished off with deep fringe, which is often of rich quality.

A handsome ornament for the parlor wall consists of a small cabinet in carved wood, the doors of which open downward, and by means of movable supports form a writing desk. Frequently the panels are either painted or pieces of embroidery are mounted upon them.

Oddly shaped tables are much in demand. Some of them are round and just low enough to reach a lady's elbows as she sits at work, and are rotatory. Others are round in front and straight at the back, and are supported upon half recumbent figures. Tables of every shape are to be had for decoration at home, and are covered with pale plush embroidered in raised figures or simply finished off by a deep fringe.

Ornamental figures in terra cotta are seen everywhere. By the introduction of color an immense variety in effect is gained, and where only moderately used it is as beautiful as effective.

Mean cards can be beautifully decorated at home. They should be in three folds, like miniature screens, and each fold should bear a different floral or emblematic device. The outer one, if possible, should have as decoration the monogram of the guest by whose plate it is placed.

Vegetables may be aesthetically beautiful, but the attempt to introduce them as appropriate decoration for table mats and ottoes has not proved successful. Fruits, blossoms, or fancy figures are far more suitable.

LOCAL LEGAL NOTES.

Decisions in Cases Affecting Western Ontario Residents.

At the last sitting of the Common Pleas Divisional Court, the following judgments were rendered:—

Robinson vs. Hayes.—Judgment. Case tried at Woodstock before Osler, J., without a jury, and verdict for defendant. Motion allowable to set aside the verdict for the defendant, and enter one for the plaintiff. With costs. Osler, J., dissenting. Robinson, Q. C., and Guthrie, Q. C., Guelph, in support of the motion. W. R. Meredith, Q. C., contra.

Niles vs. Dorehan.—Judgment. Action is one against a corporation for damages for injuries occasioned to the plaintiff owing to the defective state of a township road. At the trial at London, before Galt, J., the plaintiff was non-suited. Judgment making order nisi absolute, setting aside the nonsuit, and for a new trial with costs to the plaintiff in the cause if he is successful. J. K. Kerr, Q. C., for the motion. Belcher, Q. C., contra.

London Gas Co. vs. Smith.—Judgment. Action tried at Woodstock before Osler, J., without a jury, and verdict for the plaintiff. Motion to set aside the verdict and for a new trial dismissed with costs. Gibbons (London) in support of the motion. W. R. Meredith, Q.C., contra.

Kelsey vs. Rogers.—Judgment. Interpleader issue tried at London before Hagarty, C.J., without a jury, and a verdict for plaintiff. Motion to set aside the verdict and for a new trial dismissed with costs. Gibbons (London) for the motion. W. R. Meredith, Q.C., contra.

Gallagher vs. Glass.—Judgment. Action is one against a sheriff to recover from him certain goods claimed by the plaintiffs under an assignment for the benefit of creditors. The assignment was impeached on the ground that it provides for carrying on the business of the debtor for the purpose of winding it up. Case tried at London, before Hagarty, C. J., and verdict for the plaintiffs. Defendant's counsel asked the verdict and enter one for the plaintiff dismissed with costs. Bertram (London) for the motion. Gibbons (London) contra.

HIGH SCHOOL ENTRANTS.

THE SUCCESSFUL STUDENTS OF THE CENTRAL SCHOOL—THEIR MARKS.

The following is a list of the successful candidates who sought admission to the London Collegiate Institute at the recent examination. 420 marks were required to pass:—Maggie Fraser, 525, Ella Hutchmore, 502; Emma Marshall, 500, Jessie Palmer, 470; Ethel Rock, 331; Grace Simson, 300; Alice Smith, 293; Mary Wyatt, 295; Florence White, 302; Ethel Street, 329; James Colerick, 332; Thomas Duff, 335; Clarence Gaetz, 331; Alfred Garner, 325; Harry Jewell, 296; Lyell Johnston, 314; Wm. T. Luxton, 321; Thomas Nash, 334; G. Herrison Savage, 280. Arthur Sipp, 285; George Wyatt, 297, of the city; and Gustavus Fox, Delaware, and Wilson Simons, of Byron.

INSTALLATION AT THORNDALE.—After the installation of the officers elect in Mount Olivet Lodge, No. 300, A. F. & A. M., Thorndale, on Wednesday evening last, the brethren were entertained by the Master-elect to an oyster supper, which was gotten up in good style by Messrs. Byckman & Son. Thirty-six persons sat down to partake of the bivalves, and subsequently a pleasant intellectual treat was enjoyed with toast and song.

A deaf and dumb girl of Detroit gains an advantage in a breach of promise suit brought her infirmity. The defendant necessarily used her tablet in making his proposal of marriage, and she had sufficient forethought to preserve the writing.

Religion presents some very curious facts, but if it be true that "everything is for the best" what is there left for the second best?

Municipal Elections.

VOTE FOR
COUSINS
FOR
Water Commissioner!
1288

NO. 1 WARD!

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the election of
GEORGE S. BIRRELL,
AS ALDERMAN FOR 1883.
1284

NO. 1 WARD.

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the election of
C. B. HUNT
As Alderman for 1883.
1284

SECOND WARD!

THOMAS BEATTIE
Requests the vote and influence of the electors of the Second Ward as
ALDERMAN
FOR 1883.
1284

ELECTORS
—OF—
NO. 2 WARD
YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE ARE respectfully solicited for the election of
T. F. KINGSMILL,
As Alderman for 1883.

ELECTORS
—OF—
NO. 2 WARD
YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE ARE respectfully solicited for the election of
C. S. HYMAN
As Alderman for 1883.

ELECTORS
—OF—
NO. 2 WARD
YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE ARE respectfully solicited for the election of
JAS. COWAN
As Alderman for 1883.
1284

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 4 WARD.

AT THE REQUEST OF A LARGE number of the ratepayers, I beg to offer myself as a candidate for election as Alderman for No. 4 Ward for 1883, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obdt. servant,
M. D. FRASER.

TO THE ELECTORS
—OF—
WARD NO. 4.

GENTLEMEN:—
I am a candidate for the position of Alderman for your Ward for 1883, and beg to solicit your votes and influence. I am,
Your obedient servant,
HENRY BECHER.
1284d

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 1 WARD

AT THE SOLICITATION OF A large number of ratepayers, I beg to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman for 1883 for No. 1 Ward, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors.

Your obedt. servant,
JOHN LABATT.

—TO—
James S. Niven, M. B.

DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned ratepayers of No. 3 Ward, respectfully request that you should again contest our Ward as School Trustee for the ensuing year. We feel that our representative on the School Board should be a resident of the Ward; and we feel satisfied that you will ably represent us and the Ward as Trustee. We promise to do our utmost in your behalf.

Yours truly,
Chas. Murray. A. W. Porte, W. Webster, A. Murphy, J. R. Flock, M. R., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to the influential requisition which I have received from you, I offer myself as a candidate for
SCHOOL TRUSTEE FOR NO. 4 WARD.
Your obedient servant,
J. S. NIVEN.
1284

VOTE FOR PLATT,
FOR REEVE, IN
LONDON WEST, ON MONDAY
Additional Sidewalks and Lighter Taxation!
1284

Municipal Elections.

TO THE ELECTORS OF LONDON WEST.—In response to the solicitation of a large number of the ratepayers of the village, I have placed my self in your hands to elect me as reeve, and will do all in my power to further your interests. As the time is so short it will be impossible for me to make a personal canvass; but I earnestly solicit your vote and influence in my behalf; and, if elected, I will do all in my power to further the interests of the schools and village.—E. LAURY, Elev

CALIFORNIA
Wines!
From the Sunny Slope Vineyards,
—AT THE—
NEW YORK STORE.
London, Dec. 15, 1882. dvn

—GREAT—
SLAUGHTER
—OF—
Dress Goods
IN MONTREAL.
WALKER'S
GET THE GREAT BULK.

NO OTHER FIRM IN THE CITY has these goods at the price.

WE WILL SELL THEM RETAIL AT LESS THAN ORIGINAL WHOLESALE PRICES.

Very Latest Styles, Newest Colorings.

NOTE SOME OF THE PRICES

15 Cent Goods	for	10 Cents.	
20	"	"	15 "
30	"	"	20 "
35	"	"	25 "
50	"	"	36 "
65	"	"	45 "

SALE BEGINS SATURDAY, DEC. 2ND.

Come Early and Get First Choice

Yet a large stock of all kinds of Dry Goods, Millinery and Ready-made Clothing. 50 hundred Ladies' Ulsters, worth $8, selling at $4.

CASH ONLY.

R. WALKER & SONS,
GOLDEN LION,
SOUTH SIDE DUNDAS STREET, LONDON
eod

A POSITIVE CURE
Without Medicines.
ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED BOUGIES
Patented October 16, 1874. One box
No. 1 will cure any case in four days, or less.
No. 2 will cure the most obstinate case, no matter of how long standing.
No nauseous dose of salts, colerie, copaiba, or oil sandalwood, that are certain to produce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of the stomach. Price $1.50. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. For further particulars send for circular. Beware of worthless imitations. Sole agent, 24 John street, New York City.
ALLAN'S.

LYMAN'S
CHERRY,
TOOTH PASTE
Whitens the Teeth,
Prevents Decay,
Removes Tartar,
Sweetens the Breath.
Put up in Handsome Pots.
Price 25 Cents.
November 10, 1882. eodly

Finest Assortment
—OF—
FANCY GOODS,
BOOKS,
ALBUMS,
CARDS,
AND GOODS SUITABLE FOR
New Year's Gifts
—AT—
BRYCE'S DEPOTS,
London, - - Ontario
Compare Assortment and Prices, and satisfy yourself.

MAGNETIC MEDICINE
BRAIN & NERVE FOOD
Positively cures Nervousness in all its stages Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats, Spermatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Barrenness, Seminal Weakness, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain, and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative Organs in either sex.
Price $2.50 per box, or two boxes, accompanied with five dollars, will send our written GUARANTEE to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is the cheapest and Best Medicine in the market. Pamphlet sent free by mail to any address.
MAGIC'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE is sold by all druggists at 50 cents per box, or boxes for $2.50 or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of money, by addressing MAGIC'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO., Windsor, Ont. Canada.
Sold by all Druggists. Guarantees issued by C. McCALLUM, London. tuts

FLORAL NOTICE.
For First Class Bouquets,
And Designs of Cut Flowers for Weddings and Funerals, &c., go to A. R. MURDOCK, Florist, Kensington Park, London, Ont.
Orders by mail attended to. 1284ed-t

EVERY MAN SHOULD READ
PROF. MARSTON'S NEW WORK
on Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all Sexual Diseases, sent free in sealed envelope. Address MARSTON REMEDY CO., Chatham, Ont.
K34-eod-vn-wvn

A. COLE,
WOOD TURNER AND SAWYER,
290 and 292 York street, London, Ont., opposite G. W. R. Freight Station. Newel Posts, Balusters, Hand Rails, Twist Moulding, and every other description of Wood Turning. Band and Scroll sawing of every description. Orders promptly filled. 1284dy

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

AMENDED LAND REGULATIONS.

The Company now offer lands within the Railway Belt, along the main line, at prices ranging from
$2.50 PER ACRE UPWARDS
with conditions requiring cultivation. A rebate for cultivation of from $1.25 to $3.50 per acre, according to price paid for the land, allowed on certain conditions. The Company also offer lands
Without Conditions of Settlement or Cultivation,
at prices which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner. Valuable sections offered in
SOUTHERN MANITOBA,
along the South-western Branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and in the districts of the Souris, Pelleau and White Water Lakes and Moose Mountains.
TERMS OF PAYMENT.—If paid for in full at time of purchase, a Deed of Conveyance of the land will be given, but the purchaser may pay one-tenth in cash and the balance in five annual instalments with interest at six per cent. per annum in cash and the balance in five annual made in Land Grant Bonds, which will be accepted at par value and accrued interest. These Bonds can be purchased at 90c. per cent. premium on their

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

—IN—

DRY GOODS!

—AT—

PRIDDIS BROTHERS

SALE

FOR THIRTY DAYS.

L2feodly

French & English

Novelties!

Entirely New Designs.

Very handsome, cheap and useful. Suitable for

XMAS!

Really worthy of inspection.

—AT—

STRONG'S

Drug Store,

184 DUNDAS STREET.

The Free Press.

LONDON, ONT.

Monday, January 1, 1883.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

The Daily Free Press is on file (among other places) in Toronto at the branch office, 20 Wellington street east.

ASTRONOMICAL.

London, Monday, Jan. 1, 1883.

Sun rises ..... 7.42 a.m.; Moon rises ..... 12.10 a.m.
Sun sets ..... 4.42 p.m.; Moon sets ..... 11.59 p.m.
Day of the year—1st.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last quarter	1st	7.41 a.m.
New moon	9th	12.50 a.m.
First quarter	15th	7.58 p.m.
Full moon	23rd	2.04 a.m.
Last Quarter	30th	5.50 a.m.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto, Jan. 1, 1 a.m.—Lakes—Westerly winds; fair weather; possibly snow flurries in some localities.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES in New Year's calling cards at the FREE PRESS office.

VITAL STATISTICS.—For the month of December there was registered with the City Clerk, Mr. A. Abbott, 39 births, 33 marriages and 23 deaths. During the year the total number of births were 458; marriages, 250; and deaths, 318.

PRESENTATION.—Mr. Alex. McDonald, who has for some time been employed in the G. T. R. freight offices here, was on Thursday evening presented by his fellow clerks with an elegant ring, accompanied by an appropriate address, prior to his departure for Winnipeg, where he is to assume a position in the Canada Pacific freight offices under Mr. W. Brown. Before the departure of the train for the West a number of citizens also made Mr. McDonald the recipient of a diamond breastpin.

MASONIC FUNERALS.—The Masonic burials in one day is something unusual in a city the size of London. Yesterday morning the late Rev. W. H. Hunter, St. John's Lodge, 209a, was interred in Woodland Cemetery, and in the afternoon the mortal remains of the late H. J. P. Murdock, M.D., of Tuscan Lodge, No. 195, were consigned to their last resting place in Mount Pleasant. Both funerals were numerously attended by the Brethren, and in addition, the Sir Knights of Richard the Adirmable Preceptory, Knights Templar, formed an escort at the late Sir Knight Hooks' funeral.

BARON RUDOLPH.—The appearance of the George S. Knight Company at the Grand Opera House on Saturday evening was greeted by an audience much smaller than the excellence of the performance merited, but those who were present appeared to thoroughly appreciate the entertainment. Mr. Knight gave a capital rendition of the Baron docteur's bibi, particularly in his dis-use in the basement as Dancing Rudy, the ragged tramp, who subsequently performs and comes into his German inheritance. The dashing young widow found a fine exponent in Miss Neil, and the other parts were well sustained.

A SUICIDAL ATTEMPT.—A telegram from Portage la Prairie on Friday announces that a man named McGuinness, working in a biscuit factory, who has for some time past been drinking heavily, attempted to take his life yesterday afternoon and again last night. He purchased a pistol, loaded it, and attempted to commit suicide. The pistol refused to discharge the cartridge on account of an irregularity. He returned to the store, and, gaining a knowledge how to discharge the revolver, made his way to Portage Hotel, and there shot himself between the seventh and eighth ribs. He came from Woodstock, Ont.

ALMOST SUFFOCATED.—Mrs. White, the matron in the ladies' waiting room at the Richmond street depot, and her family, had a narrow escape from being suffocated the other night. They retired at the usual time, but after some hours Mrs. White was aroused by the moaning of one of the children, and, though almost unable to move in consequence of having inhaled a quantity of gas which had escaped from the stove, managed to shut off the foul air and to open the door. A physician was summoned, and through his efforts the family were with some difficulty resuscitated, although the eldest daughter is still in a serious condition from the inhalation of the noxious gas. Had Mrs. White not been awakened at the time she was the family would almost certainly have been suffocated.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Keep out the wintry blast by getting door and window strips from Brown & Morris, 216 Dundas street. See their meat cutters, cutlery and tools. K179y

Blankbooks of all kinds made from best material, at Chapman's, 91 Dundas street.

Every house should have a Good Tack Puller. Pulls a tack out straight and easily. A child can use it. For sale by T. HERBERT MARSH, 157 Dundas street.

It is stated that paper made from strong fibres—as linen—can now be compressed into a substance so hard that it cannot be scratched with anything but a diamond. In view of this the *Papier Zeitung* thinks that before long a great variety of house furniture will be made of paper instead of wood.

The remarkable durability of mortar in Italy, a fact which is well known, is attributed by the London *Builder* to the practice of allowing the lime to remain on a pit covered with water for two years before it is used, whereas in England lime is slaked and used the same day.

At the Concert—Fair Critic—"You like Parsifal?" Sour and Serious Male Critic—"Yes." Fair Critic—"Then you are a Wagner ite?" Sour and Serious Male Critic—"No, I'm deaf."

Twenty-seven women working in a chain gang were a sad sight at Atlanta.

For evening wear:—Full Dress Suits, stylish in cut and perfect in fit, made to order on shortest possible notice. A beautiful assortment of Black, French and English Worsteds, for full frock and cut-away Coats.—ROBT. WALLACE, Clothier and Gents' Outfitter, 146 Dundas Street, nearly opposite Market Lane.

"The Fat of the Land!"

FIRST PRIZE HAMS

—AT—

J. B. MURPHY'S,

246 Dundas Street.

None genuine unless branded with the Shamrock. He has on hand the largest and finest lot of Turkeys, Geese and Ducks in the city. Come and see them.

N.B.—Groceries retailing at wholesale prices. We defy competition. L220n

During the month of August last the FREE PRESS published the particulars of an indecent assault alleged to have been committed upon Ada Young, daughter of Mr. Seth Young, of Dreaney's Corners. The young man charged with the offence, John Stephenson, left at the time and remained away for some months, but on Saturday he surrendered himself, and gave bail before Squire Peters in the sum of $800 for his appearance on Tuesday next.

Referring to the extensive fire at Hamilton on Friday night the *Spectator* remarks: "Several gentlemen who were quickly on the scene say that had sufficient water pressure been obtainable when the firemen first reached the place, the fire could easily have been confined to the story in which it originated, and would not have been allowed to spread westward at all." London newspapers can't say this of the L. F. D.

The closing meeting of the Board of Water Commissioners for 1882 was called for Saturday evening, and Chairman Powell and Commissioner Cousins turned up promptly on time with the financial statement. Mayor Meredith failed to attend, and as he could not be found, after waiting for about an hour, the Board adjourned until Tuesday evening.

Home decorations are achieving great things with the aid of common pottery paint, which, applied to white wood, gives it an ebonized appearance. Carved figures and bracket supports can be bought very cheaply in common wood, and with their aid mantels and cabinets can be made at home which will prove highly decorative.

The annual meeting of the London Conservative Association of the North Riding of Middlesex will be held at Ailsa Craig on Friday, January 12th, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and to select a candidate to contest the riding in the interest of the Conservative party for the Local Legislature.

Two men, named Charles Quinn and James Connelly, were arrested on Saturday night, by Detectives Murphy and Hair, while endeavoring to dispose of a large quantity of chocolate sticks. They were remanded to jail to await examination.

The average price obtained for the product of the Melrose cheese factory during the past season was 10¼ cents. The average number of pounds of milk required to a pound of cheese was 101-1,000 pounds.

Mr. H. B. Dean, son of His Honor Judge Dean, of Lindsay, has been married to Miss Lillie Weller, daughter of Mr. C. A. Weller, Master in Chancery, Peterborough.

Rev. A. C. Courtice, B. C. minister, of London South, preached in the Methodist church yesterday. The rev. gentleman also speaks this evening at the annual tea-meeting.

The Hope English Opera Company are billed to play the "Mascotte" at Chatham this evening.

Another G. W. R. brakeman, Robert Clarke, has been promoted to the position of conductor.

THE ELECTIONS TO-DAY.

List of Candidates for the Different Positions.

THE SUBDIVISIONS OF THE WARDS, POLLING PLACES AND RETURNING OFFICERS.

The municipal elections in the four wards of the city will be held to-day commencing at nine o'clock this morning (New Year's Day) promise to be provocative of exciting contest, and it is a very difficult matter at this writing to foretell, with any degree of certainty, who will be the successful candidates. The London Junction Railway question in Wards 1 and 3 will no doubt enter largely into the contest, while in the northern wards the granting of a bonus of $30,000 to the company will make some more or less interest. It must be remembered that in case the bonus by-law is defeated, the company will retain their right to run the line along the streets of the city. The electors, therefore, who desire to see the railway brought to the city should mark their ballots "for the by-law." The electors qualified to vote on the by-law are freeholders and leaseholders of twenty years, who can vote in every ward of the city in which they have property.

The following is a list of the candidates for the position of Aldermen, Water Commissioners, and the city trustee, together with divisions and returning officers in the various wards.

FIRST WARD.

Candidates—Aldermen Hunt, Birrell, Pritchard, Jones and Taylor and Mr. John Labatt.

First Sub-division—That part of the ward lying between Bathurst and York-King streets. Polling place, City Hall. Returning officer, E. Glackmeyer.

Second Sub-division—South side of King street to North Bathurst street. Polling place — Summers' office, York street. Returning officer, Thomas Hall.

Third Sub-division—South Bathurst to north side of Dundas street. Polling place, Horton street school house—J. M. Keary, Returning Officer.

Fourth Sub-division—South Simcoe to river. Polling place, at odd-fellows' hall, corner of Dundas street, opposite Mr. J. R. Gurd's. T. S. Minton, Returning Officer.

Second Division polling place at T. Marshall's, Bonaparte. Thos. Marshall, Returning Officer.

Candidates—Aldermen Skinner, Higgins and Browne, and ex-Alderman Stringer.

First Sub-division—All property between South Dundas and North Bathurst streets. Polling place — Colborne street school-house. Alex. Purdom, Returning Officer.

Second Sub-division—All property on South Bathurst to North Grey streets. Polling place—School-house corner Grey and Waterloo streets. John Phillips, Returning Officer.

Third Sub-division—All property from south Grey street to river. Polling place—St. Mary's school house, Maitland street. Nicholas Glynn, Returning Officer.

FOURTH WARD.

Candidates—Aldermen Boyd, Becher, Ferguson, Buckle, and Messrs. M. D. Fraser and W. M. Moore.

First sub-division — All property from north Dundas to south side Dufferin avenue. Polling place at C. Teale's house, Queen's avenue. Alex. Gunn, Returning Officer.

Second Sub-division—All property on north Queen's avenue to south side Central avenue. Polling place—Bond Street School. Jas. Jury, Returning Officer.

Third Sub-division—All property north of Central avenue to limits of city. Polling place—St. George's school. James Thornton, Returning Officer.

WATER COMMISSIONERS.

Candidates—A. L. Powell and James M. Cousins (present Commissioners) and John Harper.

Polling places same as for Aldermen.

LONDON WEST.

Candidates for Reeve—John Platt the present Reeve) and W. H. Bartram. For Councillors — Messrs. D. Collins, Henry Emigh, Jas. Campbell and T. F. McCrory, three of whom are to be chosen.

First Division polling place on Blackfriars' street, opposite Mr. J. R. Gurd's. T. S. Minton, Returning Officer.

Second Division polling place at T. Marshall's, Bonaparte. Thos. Marshall, Returning Officer.

THE

DOMINION

Savings & Investment Society.

SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICE,

Opp. City Hall, Richmond Street,

LONDON.

Savings Bank Deposits received and highest rates of interest allowed thereon. Money to Loan on mortgage security.

F. B. LEYS,
MANAGER.

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NORWEGIAN

COD LIVER OIL.

—AND—

COD LIVER OIL

EMULSION

ALL THE LEADING PATENT MEDICINES AT REDUCED PRICES.

WM. SAUNDERS,

CHEMIST,

188 DUNDAS STREET.

PATENT FLOUR!

I am now prepared to supply the finest quality of the above at reasonable prices, and solicit a trial order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. D. SAUNBY.

255-7-9 YORK ST.

L38mw6vn

A YEAR'S TRANSACTIONS.

Collections Made by the Police Court Clerk During the Year.

The following statement shows the amount of money collected by Police Court Clerk Wigmore during the year 1882, and which has been paid into the City Treasury:—

Jan.—By cash paid by late P.M.			$ 80 15
Feb.	"	"	68 20
Mar.	"	" Treasurer by P. C. Clerk	191 25
April	"	"	252 40
May	"	"	103 50
June	"	"	219 65
July	"	"	406 85
Aug.	"	"	198 60
Sept.	"	"	206 45
Oct.	"	"	203 65
Nov.	"	"	152 80
Dec.	"	"	103 75
			$2,459 74
By cash paid Government Inspector Henderson			$255 00
Less two-thirds coming from Government to city			503 33
Paid Collectors Taylor and Lester and Inspector Lee.			55 00
Total			$3,098 07

The following statement shows the amount of fines levied on parties who served their time in jail, the Central Prison, Toronto, $721.45; taken to Reformatory, Toronto, $10, cases appealed against and lost, $13.40; cases Inland Revenue Office, $5; cases Peter McGann, Fish Inspector, $1; fines refunded by City Council, $78.95; taken out of jail and sent to hospital, $30.95; extension to time given by the Court, $139.35; prisoners putting in time in jail, $49.10; witness fees, office costs, etc., $223.18; total number of arrests and summonses issued from January to the 31st December, 1882, 4672.

UNFORTUNATE.—The Clinton *New Era* says:—On Friday Mr. C. Morrish was brought home from Manitoba, being so delirious with fever as to be almost unmanageable. It appears that he started for home alone, on Dec. 16th, by train at Emerson. Mr. Frank Gorrell, who was passing through that place, also on his way home, observed Morrish acting very strangely, and learning that he had started for home, got him on the train and came with him. At Stratford it was almost impossible to get him on the cars, and when he arrived here, it required the strength of several men to control him. He was at once put in a way track rendered almost useless for public travel? The bonus I consider the best, safest and cheapest, and we will know exactly what we have to pay, as the Credit Valley Railway Company have agreed to accept the amount of the bonus asked for, buying their own right-of-way and build the railway. And I hope those voting will consider it their interest and the interest of the citizens in general to vote for the bonus, and save litigation and keep our streets free. Yours truly,

H. C. GREEN.

London, Dec. 30, 1882.

An Explanation.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

DEAR SIR,—In the *Advertiser* of Wednesday last the highly graphic account of my mother's death, in which my name figures most conspicuously, I beg to give my statement of the true facts. First—That on the night in question I, the London Junction Railway question in Wards 1 and 3 will no doubt enter largely into the contest, while in the northern wards the granting of a bonus of $30,000 to the company will make some more or less interest. It must be remembered that in case the bonus by-law is defeated, the company will retain their right to run the line along the streets of the city. The electors, therefore, who desire to see the railway brought to the city should mark their ballots "for the by-law." The electors qualified to vote on the by-law are freeholders and leaseholders of twenty years, who can vote in every ward of the city in which they have property.

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Second Division polling place at T. Marshall's, Bonaparte. Thos. Marshall, Returning Officer.

PURE WHITE LEAD,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

—AND—

WINDOW GLASS

Largest and Best Assorted Stock in the West. Purity and Prices Guaranteed.

Fine Carriage & House Painting a Specialty.

R. LEWIS

434 RICHMOND STREET.

Fine Goods for Evening Wear!

JUST RECEIVED, AND PURCHASED AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, AND

SELLING AT WHOLESALE PRICES,

—BY—

A. B. POWELL AND CO'Y.

Silk Grenadines in Brocades and Tinsells, worth $1.25, selling for 75c.

Pink, Cream, Light Blue and Cardinal Satins, worth $1.40, selling at 90c.

All shades of Light Silk, 24in. wide, Heavy Gros Grain, worth $1.75 wholesale, selling at $1.25

Cream, Pink, Light Blue, in the Finest India Muslin. Full lines of Cream, Blue and Pink Nun's Cloth; also Laces, imported especially for evening wear. CALL SOLICITED.

A. B. POWELL AND CO'Y,

The Great Kid Glove House.

Glove Sale This Week.

Largest Stock in Western Ontario OF ALL KINDS OF

GLOVES & MITTS

Best Makes. Fine Assortment, Low Prices

GARLICK'S FURNISHING HOUSE,

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FINANCIAL.

THOMAS BLAKENEY, G. S. HELLMUTH

BLAKENEY & HELLMUTH,

Bankers and Brokers,

NO. 1 MASONIC BLOCK,

RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

Sterling English, American and Canadian Stocks bought and sold for cash, or on margin, at current rates.

Correspondents in New York, Chicago, Montreal and Toronto.

Money to Lend on Farmers' Notes.

Highest rates of interest allowed on deposits.

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ACCOUNTANT,

INSURANCE & COMMISSION AGENT

OFFICE—No. 4 Odd-fellow's Building, Dundas st., London, Ont. 1ydwd

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, December 30, 5 p. m.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Flour	10	0@12	0 Barley	5	4@6
Wheat, spring	9	3@9	4 Peas	5	4@5
Wheat, winter	9	4@9	5 Pork	63	0@63
White	9	6@9	7 Lard	37	0@37
Club	9	8@9	9 Bacon	35	0@35
Corn, old	5	11@6	0 Tallow	42	9@43
Corn, new	5	6@5	7 Cheese	60	0@62
Oats	5	6@6	0		

The following table shows the highest quotations for the past week:—

	Dec. 25	27	28	29	30
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Flour	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
Wheat, spring	9 6	9 6	9 6	9 6	9 6
Wheat, winter	9 6	9 6	9 6	9 6	9 6
White	9 6	9 6	9 6	9 6	9 6
Club	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
Corn, old	7 7	7 7	7 7	7 7	7 7
Corn, new	7 5	7 5	7 5	7 5	7 5
Peas	7 6	7 6	7 6	7 6	7 6
Barley	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
Pork	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0
Lard	38 0	38 0	38 0	38 0	38 0
Bacon	48 0	48 0	48 0	48 0	48 0
Tallow	42 6	42 6	42 6	42 6	42 6
Cheese	64 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	64 0

EUROPEAN FINANCES.

London, Dec. 30, 3 p. m.—Consols, money, 99¼; account, 99⅜, 1¼; 3's, 101; Erie, 40¾; Ill. C., 147.

BEERBOHM'S TELEGRAM.

London, Dec. 30.—Floating cargoes of wheat steadily held; maize inactive. Cargoes on passage—Wheat quiet and steady; maize neglected. London—Fair average Cal. wheat, just shipped, was 6s 8d; new do., nearly due, was 6s 9d; new 43s. Good cargoes of California wheat, just shipped, were 6s 8d; new do., nearly due, was 6s 9d; new 43s. Good cargoes of Cal. No. 1 London terms