

The Peace

VOL. XXIX

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1917

NO. 4

MADERIA

I FOUND his worship a jolly red-faced gentleman, of about fifty-five; he was dressed in a green coat, white corduroy breeches, and drab gaiters, and sat on an old-fashioned leather sofa, with two small, thoroughbred English terriers, one on each side of him. He had all the appearance of a genuine old English gentleman who kept good wine in his cellar.

"Sir," said I, "I have brought you a thousand pounds"; and I said this after the servant had retired, and the two terriers had ceased their barking, which is natural to all such dogs at the sight of a stranger.

And when the magistrate had received the money, and signed and returned a certain paper which I handed him, he rubbed his hands and looked very magnificently at me, exclaiming:

"And now, young gentleman, that our business is over, perhaps you can tell me where the fight is to take place?"

"I am sorry, sir," said I, "that I can't inform you; but everybody seems to be anxious about it"; and then I told him what had occurred to me on the road with the alchemist's keeper.

"I know him," said his worship; "he's a tenant of mine, and a good fellow somewhat too much in my debt, though. But how is this, young gentleman, you look as if you had been walking; you did not come on foot?"

"Yes, sir, I came on foot."

"On foot? why, it is sixteen miles."

"I shan't be tired when I have walked back."

"You can't ride, I suppose?"

"Better than I can walk."

"Then why do you walk?"

"I have frequently to make journeys connected with my profession; sometimes I walk, sometimes I ride, just as the whim takes me."

"Will you take a glass of wine?"

"That's right; what shall it be?"

"Maderia!"

The magistrate gave a violent snap on his knee; "I like your taste," said he; "I am fond of a glass of Maderia myself, and can give you such a one as you will not drink every day. Sit down, young gentleman, you shall have a glass of Maderia, and the best I have."

Thereupon he got up, and followed by his two terriers walked slowly out of the room.

"I looked round the room, and seeing nothing which promised me much amusement, I sat down, and felt again into my former train of thought."

"What is truth?" said I.

"Here it is," said the magistrate, returning at the end of a quarter of an hour, followed by the servant, with a tray; "here's the true thing, or I am no judge, far less a justice. It has been thirty years in my cellar last Christmas. There, said he to the servant, "put it down, and leave my young friend and me to ourselves. Now, what do you think of it?"

"It is very good," said I.

"Did you ever taste better Maderia?"

"I never before tasted Maderia."

"Then you ask for a wine without knowing what it is?"

"I ask for it, sir, that I may know what it is."

"Well, there is logic in that, as Parr would say; you have heard of Parr?"

"Old Parr?"

"Yes, old Parr; but not that Parr; you mean the English, I the Greek Parr, as people call him."

"I don't know him."

"Perhaps not; rather too young for that; but were you of my age, you might have cause to know him, coming from where you do. He kept school there; I was his first scholar; he flogged Greek into me till I loved him—and he loved me; he came to see me last year, and sat in that chair; I honor Parr—he knows much, and is a sound man."

"Does he know the truth?"

"Know the truth! he knows what's good, from an oyster to an ostrich—he's not only sound but round."

"Suppose we drink his health?"

"Thank you, boy; here's Parr's health, and Whittier's."

"Who is Whittier?"

"Don't you know Whittier? I thought everybody knew Reverend Whittier the philologist, though I suppose you scarcely know what that means. A man fond of tongues and languages, quite out of your way—he understands some twenty; what do you say to that?"

"Is he a sound man?"

"Why, as to that, I scarcely know what to say; he has got queer notions in his head—wrote a book to prove that all words came originally from the earth—what you know? Words have roots, and roots, live in the earth; but, upon the whole, I should not call him altogether a sound man, though he can talk Greek nearly as fast as Parr."

"Is he a round man?"

"Ay, boy, rounder than Parr; I'll sing you a song, if you like, which will let you into his character."

"Give me the haunch of a buck to eat, and to drink Maderia old, And a gentle wife to rest with, and in my arms to fold."

An Arabic book to study, a Norfolk cock to ride, And a house to live in shaded with trees, and near to a river side;

With such good things around me, and blessed with good health without, Though I should live for a hundred years for death I would not call."

—From "Lavengro," cap. xxiv, by GEORGE BORROW. (Born July 5, 1803; died July 30, 1881.)

DR. G. R. PARKIN, C. M. G., IN FREDERICTON

Fredricton, July 19.—Dr. George R. Parkin, C. M. G., and his wife, of London, arrived this morning. Dr. Parkin is one of New Brunswick's most distinguished sons and one of the prominent alumni of the University of New Brunswick. He graduated as B. A. in 1877, was given the degree of M. A. in 1872, and LL.D. in 1894, by his alma mater; and LL.D. was further honored by the University of Oxford, which conferred upon him the degree of D. C. L. From 1872 to 1880 he was principal of the Collegiate School in this city, now the Fredericton High School. In 1880 he was Canadian correspondent for the *London Times*. In 1886 he became principal of Upper Canada College, and four years later was appointed a Rhodes scholarship commissioner. He was made C. M. G. in 1886. Interviewed, to-day, Dr. Parkin said that since his arrival from England he had spent some weeks in the Eastern States and Canada in connection with the reorganization of the Rhodes scholarship system. Experience of the past several years has shown the commissioners where changes can be to advantage, and the war has given an opportunity for such reorganization, as the number of scholars has been greatly reduced. German scholarships were cancelled at the outbreak of hostilities. Colonial scholars have gone into the army, and American scholars now will do likewise. Dr. Parkin will spend a month's vacation. After that he will leave on a long tour which will include the Pacific coast and the Southern States.

RECruITING IN NEW BRUNSWICK

The official report of the result of recruiting in the Province of New Brunswick for home and overseas service, for the week ending July 21, is as follows:

York County—	44
25th Battalion	1
C. A. M. C.	1
Forestry Company	2
R. N. C. V. R.	3
G. A. S. C.	3
Kiass County—	53
Forestry Company	26
25th Battalion	26
Charlotte County—	36
Forestry Company	1
St. John County—	7
Forestry Company	7
C. A. S. C.	1
62nd O. S. Draft	1
6th Field Ambulance	1
Restigouche County—	1
62nd O. S. Draft	1
Forestry Company	1
Westmorland County—	3
Marine Service	2
Carlton County—	2
Forestry Company	2
Albert County—	0
Northumberland County	0
Gloucester County	0
Victoria County	0
Madawaska County	0
Queens and Sunbury Counties	0
Kent County	0
Total for week	97

Of the 53 recruits shown for York County for the week, 50 were enlisted in the United States.

HE KNEW

"Human natur'" in this one from *Ti-His*.

"Ay, boys! Ay, boys! I chanted the diller, as he knocked at the suburban villa. The man of the house himself opened the door.

"No, no way," he snapped, irritably. "There's nothing for you. My wife is away!

The thin man hesitated a moment, and then inquired: "Any old bottles?"

MESSAGE FROM THE KING

Ottawa, July 23.—The King has sent through the Canadian Government to the people of Canada the following message, adding his plea for food conservation and food production:

"I learn with deep gratification of the effective steps being taken in the Dominion of Canada towards providing those increased supplies of food which are absolutely essential to the defeat of the enemy's devices and to a speedy and successful termination of the war. I have no doubt that the self-sacrifice displayed on the battlefields of France by my heroic Canadian troops will find the counterpart in the efforts of those, who, at home in the Dominion, are devoting themselves to this work. All those thus loyally engaged contribute in important measure towards securing victory."

(Signed) GEORGE, R. I.

OBSCURITY

UPON the slippery tops of human fate,
The gilded pinnacle of fate,
Let others prosper and, for a while,
The giddy dangers beguile,
With joy, and with disdain, look down on all,
Till their heads turn, and down they fall.
Me, O ye gods, on earth, or else so near
That I no fall to earth may fear,
And, O ye gods, at a good distance seat
From the long ruins of the great,
Here wrap in the arms of quiet let me lie;
Quiet, companion of obscurity.

Here let my life with such alliance slide,
As time, that measures it, does glide,
Nor let the breath of infamy or fame,
From town to town echo about my name,
Nor let my homely death embroidered be
With scepter or with elegy.
An old plebeian let me die,
Alive, all that men care such as well as I.
To him, alas, to him, I fear,
The face of death will surely appear,
Who, in his life, fatturing his senses proud,
Bye knows to all the world beside,
Does not himself, when he is dying, know,
Nor what he is, nor whether he'll go.

From *Thyestes* of Seneca, translated by ABRAHAM COWLEY, (Born 1618; died July 28, 1677)

FIRM GOVERNMENT IN CHINA

London, July 20.—Confirming the announcement that Feng-Kwo-chiang has accepted the Presidency of China, a dispatch to the *Times* from Peking today says this fact serves to strengthen the hands of Tuan Chi-ju, who has now completed a cabinet of moderate men.

The victorious advance of the northern army in Peking, and the dispatch, "places" Tuan Chi-ju temporarily in the position of dictator and gives him an opportunity to establish a firm government. It is unlikely that China will declare war now, but when the offer of support is taken it will know where its opposition lies the shot.

Shanghai, July 20.—Several leaders of the Kuo-Min-Tang, or Young China Party including the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the former President and Vice-President of the Senate, and the secretary to the retired President, Li Yuan-hung, have issued the following statement:

"Owing to the publication in a foreign paper in Shanghai of an article dealing with the alleged activities of Germans in China, there is danger of the impression being created that the Kuo-Min-Tang is opposed to a Chinese declaration of war against Germany."

"We emphatically say that some of the Kuo-Min-Tang leaders in Parliament were the first to advocate the entrance of China into the war, urging upon the then Premier, Tuan Chi-ju, the necessity of formulating a war policy signing China on the side of the democracies."

Washington, July 20.—The Chinese Legation has announced the completion of the cabinet in Peking under the Presidency of Feng-Kwo-chiang, who was elevated from the vice-presidency, and the premiership of Tuan Chi-ju. The members, in addition to those holding the portfolios of Foreign Affairs, Marine, and War, previously announced are: Minister of Finance—Liang Chi-chao; Minister of the Interior—Tang Huai-lung; Minister of Justice—Lin Chang-min; Minister of Communications—Tsao Ju-lin; Minister of Agriculture and Commerce—Chang Kuo-kun; Minister of Education—Pan Yuan-hung; Liang Chi-chao is reported to be one of the leading scholars and critics of China, and is a noted journalist. He was Minister of Justice under the Presidency of Yuan Shi-kai, in the latter's first Cabinet,

LATER NEWS FROM CHINA

Shanghai, July 24.—Chen Pi-hsun, who was appointed Minister of the Navy in the cabinet of President Li Yuan-hung, and whose portfolio has not been cancelled, has issued a manifesto demanding the maintenance of the provisional constitution, the re-assembling of parliament, and the punishment of the rebellion. Tucking in accordance with law. The manifesto also declares illegal the present Pekin Government and all the mandates it has issued since the dissolution of parliament.

Chen Pi-hsun and former Premier Tang Shao-yi, on board the cruiser *Hai-chi*, are proceeding to Canton. It is expected that the entire cruiser squadron will take sides in the controversy with Chen Hsi-kuan.

London, July 25.—A dispatch to the *Morning Post* from Shanghai says the Chinese navy has refused to recognize the government of Tuan Chi-ju. The dispatch adds that 14 cruisers have left Woosung for Canton to support the southern provinces.

Denise, *Eye* written a new novel. Some up to my apartment and I'll show you the proofs. "Friend," "Proofs? Why old chap, I don't doubt your word in the least." —*South Transcript*.

"Did the prisoner strike you in the height of exasperation?" "No, sir; just between the eyes." —*Baltimore American*.

NEW VICTORIES FOR BRITISH TROOPS IN EAST AFRICA

London, July 26.—British troops in German East Africa have won new victories over the remaining German forces there and the main body of the enemy is now in retreat toward the South, after having suffered heavy losses, says an official announcement issued to-day. The text reads:

"An engagement on July 19 at Narcombe, resulted in the enemy being driven from all his positions. The main body is retreating northward. The enemy's losses were heavy."

"A small German column is at large on the north shore of Lake Manyara.

"We are in touch at Lihoko with the enemy retreating toward Malenge, in the southeasterly section of the colony."

"In Portuguese Africa we are pursuing the enemy from Mwembe toward the Rovuma River."

TERRIBLE COLLIERIES ACCIDENT IN NOVA SCOTIA

New Waterford, N. S., July 25.—Fifty miners are dead and upwards of 100 injured, as a result of an explosion, that occurred in No. 12 colliery of the Dominion Coal Co. at New Waterford this morning. The disaster is undoubtedly the worst in the history of mining in Cape Breton. A miss shot is said to have been the cause of the explosion, which took place at No. 8 level. Two hundred and sixty miners went into the pit this morning and at the time of writing only one hundred have been rescued.

One rescue party has been lost at No. 7 landing and consternation reigns at the mine. A temporary hospital has been opened in St. Anthony Hall. Physicians and nurses from all the hospitals in the mining towns have been rushed here. The police are also on the ground and are assisting in the work of rescuing. Men who have been brought out of the pit are in a semi-conscious condition. One miner had his head blown off, while others have been badly mangled and may not survive.

Sydney, July 25.—Shortly after the day shift at No. 12 mine in New Waterford went down to work this morning a gas explosion occurred, and it is feared that there may be some loss of life. The company declines to give information, but outsiders estimate that between forty and seventy-five men are engaged on the day shift. As soon as the explosion occurred, automobiles with the donors' and the company's modern, danger life-saving appliances were rushed to the pit, and some of the entombed miners were rescued.

Sydney, July 26.—Word was received here to-day that the missing and properly despatched No. 12 mine, of the Dominion Coal Co., No. 12 mine had been recovered at noon.

Montreal, July 25.—Advices to the offices of the Dominion Coal Company here this afternoon, were to the effect that several men are missing as a result of an explosion in pit No. 12 at New Waterford, N. S. Rescue parties have been organized, the advices said, and it was hoped to get out a large number of the missing alive.

SIAM'S ENTRY INTO THE WAR

Washington, July 23.—Official notification that Siam had declared war against Germany and Austria at six o'clock, July 22 was contained in a telegram to the State Department to-day from the American legation at Bangkok. German and Austrian subjects then were being interned and all German ships had been intercepted. The Germans and Austrian legations were protected by special guards.

The announcement that Siam had declared a state of war with Germany carries greater significance than might at first be supposed, according to the statement to-day of John Barrett, director of the Pan-American Union, Washington, and formerly United States Minister to Siam. Mr. Barrett was found at the Hotel Astor.

"While Siam as a country," he said "is comparatively little known in the United States, it ranks as important and strategic land in Asia as the Netherlands and Belgium in Europe. It is, next to Japan, the most progressive country in Asia, has a King and statesmen of unusual ability, a prosperous population of over ten millions an area equal to that of France, and an agricultural belt unsurpassed in the world."

"Its chief importance, however, in the present war crisis is that it is practically the rice granary or source of food supply for China and its action may have a direct effect upon China's attitude toward Germany. It also gives the Allies now, for the first time, an unbroken favorable coastline all the way from China to the Mediterranean, for Siam was the only neutral territory in that entire distance of many thousand miles. It also possesses an excellent little navy, adequate to patrol the Gulf of Siam coastline of nearly 2,000 miles." —*New York Evening Post*.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS IN CHARLOTTE COUNTY

As announced in the St. John daily papers of Wednesday, the following appointments for Charlotte County have been made by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council:

A. Mungall to be a member and chairman of the board of school trustees of Milltown for the term of four years from the 30th day of June, 1917, in place of Harry W. Smith, whose term of office has expired.

Honorable Gilbert W. Ganong to be a member and chairman of the board of school trustees of St. Stephen for the term of four years from the 30th day of June, 1917, in place of Gilbert W. Ganong whose term of office has expired.

Dr. Wallace Broad to be a member and chairman of the board of school trustees of St. Andrews for the balance of the term of Melville N. Cockburn, resigned.

Richard Keay to be a member of the board of school trustees of St. Andrews for the term of four years from the 30th day of June, 1917, in place of Albert Thompson, whose term of office has expired.

Dr. C. C. Alexander to be a member of the board of school trustees of St. George for the term of four years from the 30th day of June, 1917, in place of C. Hasen-Magee, whose term of office has expired.

Eustace Church to be a revisor for the town of Milltown, in place of Walter Falcon, resigned.

Daniel Matheson, of St. George, to be structural superintendent in place of P. W. Cawley, removed for cause.

IRISH CONVENTION OPENS

Dublin, July 23.—The convention, which is to attempt to reach a solution of the Irish problem, was opened this morning at Regent House, Trinity College, Long before eleven o'clock, the hour for the opening, a large crowd packed the college green to watch the arrival of the delegates.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, and Joseph Devlin, one of his prominent party associates, were among the early arrivals. Protestant and Roman Catholic clergymen arrived soon afterward, followed by representatives of public organizations, trades and labor councils, who came in groups. At the appointed hour all the delegates had taken their places in the assembly hall.

There was a noticeable lack of enthusiasm among the spectators. Joseph Devlin was the only delegate who was cheered.

NEWS OF THE SEA

—An Atlantic liner, July 24.—A British steamer, which arrived here to-day from Calcutta, brought word of German attempts to stop trade between the far East and English and American ports. The ship's officers said the waters off South Africa had been strewn with mines recently and that two steamers, one of 6,000 tons and another of 3,200 tons, which had not been reported since they left Cape Town, were believed to have been lost from this cause.

During the voyage the officers of the ship also heard that a German raider, operating in the Indian Ocean, had been destroyed by British warships. The raider was an oil tanker which had been changed into a cruiser.

—Paris, July 24.—During the week ending midnight July 23, not a single French vessel either over or under 1,000 tons was lost, according to an official statement issued yesterday. Six French merchantmen were attacked unsuccessfully during that time by submarines. Ships of all nationalities, numbering 1,063, entered port and 937 departed.

—Rome, July 24.—Two Italian steamers were sunk and one small sailing vessel was damaged during the week ending midnight, July 22, says an official announcement issued yesterday. Five hundred and ninety-three vessels, with a gross tonnage of 398,815 arrived and 590 of a tonnage of 403,450 left port.

JUDGEMENT FOR PLUMBER

"I could have got a new heater for about \$13; now I have two old heaters on my hands and this account for \$11," explained James Hawes, in the Division Court to-day, where George Nunn said him for work done on a gas heater which the defendant had him take down and then replace.

"He just took it down and put it back," said Hawes.

"Better keep away from plumbers," advised the judge. "They take things down and put them back and people have to pay them for it."

Judgement was given for the plaintiff for the full amount claimed, although the defendant said that the heater had been broken by the plumber, while he was working with it. —*Toronto Telegram*.

MY THRUSH

All through the sultry hours of June, From morning till the golden noon...

ST. GEORGE, N. B.

Eastport and St. George played a very exciting ten-inning game of baseball on Friday afternoon...

BOCACABE, N. B.

The Red Cross acknowledges with thanks the receipt of \$2 from Mrs. August Holt...

ELMSVILLE, N. B.

During the week-end Hatten Burton, of St. Andrews, accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Cecil DeWolfe...

BAYSIDE, N. B.

Mr. Fred Nutter spent the week-end with relatives at Greenwood...

WILSON'S BEACH, C-BELLO

Messrs. Arthur Newman and Emerson Brown spent Sunday at Welspool...

CUMMINGS' COVE, D. I.

Miss Ella Thorne, M. A. of Fredericton, gave a very interesting talk on Wednesday evening...

WHITE HEAD, G. M.

On Sunday Rev. Mr. Wilson conducted a special meeting in the church at Woodward's Cove...

NORTH HEAD, G. M.

The Steamer Grand Manan broke her crank shaft in the North Channel about 8.45 a. m. on her way to St. Stephen via Eastport...

FAIRHAVEN, D. I.

Miss Hilda M. Hewitt, of St. Andrews, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. S. Wentworth...

Mrs. Roberts Galley went to St. John on Tuesday, July 7, for medical treatment...

LORD'S COVE, D.

Frank Mitchell, traveller, visited the island on Tuesday...

LAMBERTVILLE, D. I.

Miss Edythe Lambert is visiting relatives in Lubec, Me. this week...

CAMPOBELLO

On Sunday last, while driving, Mrs. John Davidson and Mrs. Oliver Allingham were very much injured by being thrown from the carriage...

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Sam Denmore is putting up the framework for his new house in Welspool...

Miss Lawson is visiting Miss North at her home in Welspool...

Next Saturday evening, July 28, Mr. Murphy expects to put on the screen, pictures of Grand Manan boys...

Mrs. Nancy Murphy invited about fifteen of her relatives and friends to supper Sunday evening...

Mr. J. Henry Batson, of Massachusetts, is visiting his old boyhood home here...

Friday announced the death there, from tuberculosis, of Mrs. Hildin, aged 43 years...

Our summer visitors have nearly all taken up their abode with us, Mrs. Alex. Potter arriving on Tuesday...

Wild fires are devastating the haywards here, having destroyed a very large number of fowl at one yard last week...

Mr. Everett Calder arrived home last week, after some months spent in the Vermont Hills...

Mr. and Mrs. John Calder and baby, Madge, were the Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Calder...

Upon assuming office, he said to "take the hat," and "conspicuously active in American life" his hat is in the right topped off his press-agent with a funny hat...

When the present enthusiasm of fashion and been superior soft hat of smart design—are indications, I fear, that coming in again...

Our grandfathers wore "bowler" hats, and the hats of post one time frequently called "This made head-dress, even ordinary than the derby, aquette sometimes say you sh a "silk hat," but a "big London hat" a few years ago went into the City with other hat, or "topper," as they say...

If you observe any great crowd-day you will find in it few kind; it is in the main a "The American "dude" and bellum British "knu" always hats. Gentlemen at the course and fine old blubben effect a white or gray top hat which was so becoming an

Minard's Liniment Cures D

attention of a physician. They are gradually recovering...

An excursion from St. Stephen on Thursday afternoon by the Red Cross Society and friends was hospitably welcomed by the same Society here...

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Minard's Liniment Cures D

PECIAL LOT SALE At Low Prices IN THE FINEST SECTION OF ST. ANDREWS Three Lots 53x105 One Lot 53x160 \$25.00 Down, Balance \$5.00 Monthly and Upwards W. F. KENNEDY

You Can't Prove ANYTHING By Listening Over 1800 music lovers, in St. John, N. B., heard Miss Ida Gardner sing in direct comparison with the Re-Creation of her voice by Thomas A. Edison's great invention, THE NEW EDISON HEAR THE NEW EDISON AT YOUR NEAREST DEALERS. W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited, St. John, N. B.

Summer Time Has Come And The Time For Ice Cream and Cold Drinks WE HAVE ALL KINDS OF GLASSES AND TUMBLERS SUITABLE FOR SERVING. For those who want only a cheap article we have it, and those who want a more expensive one, we have it also. We have Plain, Etched, and Cut at all Prices, and Many beautiful Patterns. Sherbet Glasses in Many Sizes and Designs. R. D. ROSS & CO. ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

THE WEARING OF A HAT

THERE is a good deal to be said about wearing a hat. And yet this humorous custom, this rich topic of wearing a hat has been sadly neglected, as far as I can make out, by scholars, scientists, poets, composers, and other "smart" people.

Man has been variously defined, as the religious animal, and so on; but also, to the best of my knowledge and belief, he is the only animal that wears a hat. He has become so accustomed to the habit of wearing his hat that he does not feel that he is himself "out-of-doors" without it.

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he late King Edward. The opera hat is said to have started many persons who had not seen it before. Intoxicated gentlemen in funny pictures have always smashed their silk hats. Some men have worn a silk hat only on the occasion of their marriage. High hats are worn by small boys in England.

The day in the autumn fixed by popular mandate when the straw hat is to be discarded for the season is hilariously celebrated in Wall Street by the destruction by the affronted populace of the straw hats of those who have had the temerity or the thoughtlessness to wear them. Colored men in livery stables however, sometimes wear straw hats the year round. To the habit generally of wearing a hat baldness is attributed by some.

It is indisputable that the hats women wear to-day are more beautiful than they have been for generations, perhaps centuries. Yet this fact has met with little expression of appreciation. This present excellence is because women's hats now are the product of intellectual design. In the '30s the idea was entertained that decoration of a woman's hat was increased by attaching to it something in the way of beads or feathers wherever there was a space free.

A hat is distinguished from a cap or bonnet by the possession of a brim. The modern hat can be traced back to the beaver worn by the ancient Romans on a journey; and hats were also thus used by the earlier Greeks. Not until after the Norman conquest did the use of hats begin in England. A "hatte of deiver" was worn by one of the "nobles of the land; met at Clarendon" about the middle of the twelfth century; and Froissard describes hats that were worn at Edward's court in 1340, when the Garter order was instituted. The use of the scarlet hat which distinguishes cardinals was sanctioned in the thirteenth century by Pope Innocent IV. The merchant in Chaucer's Canterbury Tales had "On his head a Flaundersh bever hat"; and from this period onwards frequent mention is made of "felt hattes," "beever hattes," and other like names.

The Puritans affected a steep crown and broad-brimmed hat, while the Cavaliers adopted a lower crown and a broader brim ornamented with feathers. In time of Charles II still greater breadth of brim and a profusion of feathers were fashionable features of hats, and the gradual expansion of brim led to the device of looping or tying up that portion. Hence arose various fashionable "cocks" in hats; and, ultimately, by the looping up equally of three sides of the low-crowned hat, the cocked hat which prevailed throughout the eighteenth century was elaborated. The Quaker hat, plain, low in crown, and broad in brim, originated with the sect in the middle of the seventeenth century. The silk hat is an article of recent introduction. Though it was known in Florence about a century ago, its manufacture was not introduced into France till about 1825, and its development has taken place entirely since that period. In all kinds of hatmaking the French excel; in the United Kingdom the felt-hat trade is principally centred in the neighbourhood of Manchester; and in the United States the States of New York and New Jersey enjoy the greater part of the industry.

So much for hats. —ROBERT C. HOLLIDAY, in The New York Evening Post.

DINING CARS

Washington, July 19.—Herbert C. Hoover has received resolutions adopted by the American Railway Association's war board pledging the board and its individual members to put into effect the rules for the conservation of food on dining cars as worked out between Mr. Hoover and representatives of the commissary departments of the railroads.

The regulations approved provide that extra charges shall be made for all portions of wheat bread and butter; that meat orders shall be cut in half, with a charge for additional portions; that no wheat bread shall be served for breakfast or lunch; that beef, pork or mutton shall be served only once a day; that no veal, lamb, squab chickens or squab turkeys shall be served; and that use of sea foods, vegetables and fruits shall be liberal.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS in pursuance of the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act, the following notice has been addressed to the Secretary of State of Canada, embodying the petition therein set forth:

To the Honourable the Secretary of State of Canada: Sir—We, the undersigned electors of the County of Charlotte, in the Province of New Brunswick, request you to take notice that we propose presenting the following petition to His Excellency the Governor General of Canada in Council: "The petition of the electors of the County of Charlotte, qualified and competent to vote at the election of a member of the House of Commons in the said county, respectfully shows that your petitioners are desirous that the Order in Council passed for bringing into force within said county Part II of the Canada Temperance Act should be revoked; wherefore your petitioners humbly pray that Your Excellency will be pleased by an Order in Council under section one hundred and fifteen of the Canada Temperance Act, to declare that the said Order in Council which brought into force and effected Part II of the said Canada Temperance Act, in the said county, shall no longer be in force."

And that we desire that the votes of the electors of the said county be taken for and against the revocation of the said Order in Council. "And your petitioners will ever pray, etc."

AND WHEREAS it appears by evidence to the satisfaction of the Governor General in Council that such notice has been given to the genuine signature of one-fourth or more of all the electors of the said County of Charlotte, the number of the signatures to the notice proved to be genuine being two thousand one hundred and eighty-two, and that the other requirements of the law have been observed;

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor General in Council has been passed directing that the votes of all the electors of the said County of Charlotte be taken for and against the adoption of the said petition;—

Now Know Ye, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council, proclaim and declare that on Thursday, the thirteenth day of September next, 1917, a poll will be held in the said County of Charlotte, for taking the votes of the electors for and against the said petition. That such votes will be taken between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day and by ballot. That Samuel Alexander McBride, Esquire, of St. Stephen, in the said County of Charlotte, in the Province of New Brunswick, accountant, has been appointed the Returning Officer, for the purpose of taking on that day the votes of the electors for and against the petition and of afterwards summing up the same and making a return of the result to the Governor General in Council. That the said Returning Officer is empowered and required to appoint a Deputy Returning Officer at and for each polling place or station. That the Returning Officer will appoint persons to attend at the various polling stations and at the final summing up of votes on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing, respectively, the adoption of the petition, at the Town Hall at St. Stephen, in the said County of Charlotte, on Tuesday, the eleventh day of September next, 1917, at ten of the clock in the forenoon.

That the votes of the electors will be summed up and the result of the polling declared by the Returning Officer at the said Town Hall at St. Stephen aforesaid, on Wednesday, the nineteenth day of September next, 1917, at ten of the clock in the forenoon. And in the event of the petition being adopted by the electors, the Governor General in Council may at any time after the expiration of thirty days from the day on which the same was adopted, by Order in Council published in the Canada Gazette, declare that Part II of the said Act shall no longer be in force and thereafter Part II shall cease to be in force or effect in the said County of Charlotte.

turns for a County plebiscite or vote; nor would they have appointed for returning officers to supervise and record such vote any person other than the Sheriff of the County unless at the request of the County's parliamentary representative. This outrageous innovation accentuates what has been going on for a long time, and for which the day of reckoning is at hand, the steady and, we may say, insidious attempts of some of the people of the Border Towns to dominate the whole County; and that Mr. Hart, if he has not been an active tool in aiding and abetting this state of affairs so little to the liking of the rest of the County, must be regarded as a passive fool for not registering his protest and for not making an effort to stem the adverse current and to remedy this most undesirable condition that has come to pass. And if we are not mistaken, he will find that when he looks for his reward for his perfidy to the Shire Town he will find himself repudiated by the section of the County he has striven so much to placate. The gratitude of some of the people in the Border Towns, he will probably discover, consists largely of a lively sense of favors to come; and for those future favors they may think it more advantageous to work an oracle other than the one who has served their purpose for the past six years.

Sheriff Stuart may lose a small fee by this indecent (probably illegal) usurpation of his prerogative, and the old Shire Town may be placed once again in an anomalous position, but unless we altogether mistake the sentiments of the townspeople they will find their vindication in quiet resentment for the slight that has been put upon the Sheriff and upon the Town, and in fostering the hope that they have the sympathy of the majority of the people in other parts of the County in the condition created by this unnecessary and unjustifiable action on the part of the administration at Ottawa, for which action our present parliamentary representative is to be held personally responsible.

Office Boy—"Why, cert, I want more pay, I'm only gettin' four a week now an' I gives me mother all I earn." Employer—"What do you do with the remaining three dollars?"—Boston Transcript.

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* * * We reprint from The Canada Gazette of July 21 the above essential portions of the official Proclamation announcing the date and procedure of the vote to be taken in Charlotte County on the repeal of Part II of the Canada Temperance Act. We could have condensed and summarized the Proclamation, but our object in giving it more in detail is to call the attention of our readers—and of all people in the County to the deliberate slight which has been put upon a worthy officer of the Crown, R. A. Stuart, Esq., High Sheriff of the County, and upon the Shire Town, St. Andrews.

Ripe Cherries and Lantic Sugar. "Pure and Uncolored" make delicious and economical preserves. In 20 and 100-lb. sacks, 2 and 5-pound cartons. Atlantic Sugar Refining Limited, Power Bldg., Montreal 145.

No Dentist In Saint Andrews During Winter Months. DR. WORRELL has decided to close his office in Saint Andrews on or about October 1st, probably until about May 1st, 1918. He therefore invites all his patients who have not been recently attended to, to come in at the earliest opportunity and have their teeth examined and attended to if necessary, in order to avoid suffering or inconvenience during his absence. Do not wait until the last week in September and then expect to get fixed up, but come in while the coming is good. J. F. WORRELL, D.D.S. Office in Residence Montague and Princess Royal Streets TELEPHONE 33-11

KENNEDY'S HOTEL. St. Andrews, N. B. A. KENNEDY & SON, PROPRIETORS. Beautifully Situated on Water Front. Near Trains and Steamboats. All Rooms Steam Heated and supplied with Hot and Cold Running Water. RATES—\$2.00 to \$2.50 per day. Special rates by the week.

THE ROYAL HOTEL. LEADING HOTEL AT ST. JOHN, N. B. Conducted on European Plan in Most Modern and Approved Manner. NEW GARDEN RESTAURANT. 200 Rooms - 75 With Bath. THE RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., PROP.

Auto Repair Tools and Sundry Supplies. GET YOUR AUTO IN GOOD SHAPE FOR SPRING. WE HAVE IN STOCK: Weed Chains, Rid-o-Skid Chains, Auto Wrenches, all kinds, Spark Plugs, Puncture Plugs, Self-cleaning Patches, Valve Grinders, Valve Grinding Compound, Washshield Cleaners, Dry Batteries, Battery Testers, Tire Testers, Magneto Files, Graphite Lubricant, Cup Grease, Grease Guns, Auto Socket Sets and Extra Sockets for Socket Sets, Tire Pumps, Auto Tap and Die Sets, A. L. M. Thread, 1-4 in. to 3-4 in., Adamson's Vulcanizers, Carbon Remover, Auto Jacks, Storage Jacks or Tire Savers, Valve Lifters, Finished Hex. Blank Nuts, Machine Screws, Auto Split Washers, Drills and Reamers, Cotter Pins, Cotter Pin Lifters, Oilers, all kinds, Anti-Door Restlers, Auto Enamel.

T. McAvity & Sons, Ltd. ST. JOHN, N. B.

Advertising Pays---Try a Beacon Adv.



Mentholatum. The Irritation caused by shaving or chapped skin is Quickly Relieved by applying Mentholatum. A Healing Salve which is sold and recommended by the leading druggists throughout the Maritime Provinces. 2 sizes—25c and 50c. Always keep a jar handy. Send 3c in stamps for a generous size sample. The Mentholatum Co., Bridgeburg, Ont. 15-37.

WHY IS IT That some will buy their Boots, Shoes and Rubbers from some particular Store, and pay high prices when, if they would only look around a bit, and before buying call and look my stock over, they would be surprised to find that they could buy the very latest styles in Ladies' High Cut Shoes (all best colors). Also the very Latest Style in Dress Shoes for Men, Women and Boys, including the new Chocolate Brown, in Neolin Sole and Leather Soles, Work Shoes, Also Scout Shoes for men and boys. Old Elm, Red and Black, Goodrich Hipress Rubber Boots, and famous Gill-Edge Boots for men and boys. Rubber Boots for women and children. I pay no rent, and in these times of high prices, I can afford to sell at lower prices. Call and I will prove it.

NEW SHOE STORE OF EDGAR HOLMES (No Connection With Any Other Store) 131 WATER STREET, North End EASTPORT, ME.

They are when on Thurs Cross Society Refreshments proceeds will be for fund for Massachusetts some here, land, Me. of there, from 45 formerly Miss of the Island, nearly all taken Mr. Alex. Porter accompanied by her the Roosevelt. ing the ten- ed a very large last-week of the past appearance to Sunday with ed home last spent in the der and baby, guests of Mr.

Social and Personal

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Logan and daughter, Mr. Stephen, are visiting Mrs. Boyd.

Miss Quenneville returned to her home on Grand Manan after spending a fortnight as the guest of Miss Reta Delby.

Mrs. David Stuart and her two children arrived from Montreal last week to visit Mrs. Roland and Miss G. Wade.

Mrs. Boyd, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. M. N. Cockburn, returned to her home in Calais on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wade motored from Waltham, Mass., last week. Mr. Webster accompanied them, and is visiting with them at the home of Miss Wade and Mrs. Roland. Mr. John Wade is a brother of Dr. Wade and Miss G. Wade.

Mr. and Mrs. William Wallace, of Providence, R. I., arrived on Wednesday and will spend the remainder of the summer at Elm Corner.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman McLeod motored from Monticello, Me., and are occupying their summer cottage on the river front. Mr. Robert McLeod is visiting his brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Coughley, of St. John, have been the guests of Miss Wade and Mrs. Roland during the past week.

Miss Margaret Black, of Milltown, spent a few days this week visiting friends in town.

Hon. C. J. and Mrs. Bonaparte arrived on Thursday last and will spend the remainder of the summer at the Algonquin Hotel.

Mr. Austin Budd was welcomed by his friends this week when he made a short visit in town. He is very enthusiastic with regard to his new place of residence, Brownville Junction, Me.

Gunner G. H. I. Cockburn, of the 6th, Siege Battery, St. John, spent the weekend at his home here.

Mrs. G. D. Grimmer and Miss Nellie Stuart motored to St. John and back last week.

Mrs. Frank Morrison, and her daughter and son and daughter-in-law, registered at Kennedy's Hotel this week. They returned to their homes in Fredericton by automobile on Monday.

Mrs. Arthur Dobson and little son, Arthur, are visiting friends at Pleasant Ridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Fisher and children, of St. George, motored to St. Andrews on Thursday.

Mrs. Thomas Orr is visiting relatives at Pleasant Ridge.

Mr. James Mills, of St. Stephen, visited friends here on Sunday.

The Misses Brennan arrived last week to visit their uncle, Mr. Henry O'Neill.

Mr. J. E. Gaskill, North Head, Grand Manan, one of the Liberal candidates for Charlotte County in the recent provincial election, spent a few days this week at Kennedy's Hotel.

Mr. F. P. McColl was expected to arrive at his summer residence "Lake View," Chamcook, yesterday, Friday.

Mrs. Walter Stickney has returned to Boston, after a pleasant visit with relatives in town.

Mrs. David Stuart and her two children returned on Thursday to their home in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Peniston Johnston and party of friends motored from St. John and spent the week-end in town, registering at Kennedy's Hotel.

Mrs. George Elliott has gone to Boston to make a visit of several weeks with relatives.

Mr. M. N. Cockburn was in St. John during the early part of the week, attending the Conservative convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Griffiths, of Danby, Vermont, are making a fortnight's visit in town and have registered at Kennedy's Hotel.

Mrs. Thomas Burton has returned from a pleasant visit with her daughter, Mrs. Frank MacVay, in St. Stephen.

Mr. Charles Lynott, of St. George, was in town on Wednesday, and registered at Kennedy's Hotel.

Dean Sills was the preacher at the morning service at All Saints Church on Sunday. He delivered a very timely sermon on the need of economy in all things.

Miss Florence Mackubin entertained at tea on Wednesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Mrs. Furness. "Orisole Cottage," Miss Mackubin's charming summer home, is very conveniently planned for entertaining. Mrs. Edward Maxwell presided at the tea-table in the dining-room, which opens off the large double sitting-room, where many of the guests were assembled, while others were to be found enjoying the sunshine on the veranda leading from the sitting-room. The Misses Furness assisted in the serving of the refreshments. All of Miss Mackubin's many guests spent a very enjoyable afternoon.

Mrs. Douglas Cowans is in town for a few days from St. Andrews, N. B., where she is spending the summer.

Mrs. A. Allan Mackenzie and Miss Reta Mackenzie left last night for a short trip to St. Andrews, N. B., where they will be guests at the Algonquin.

Mrs. E. J. E. Hawkins is leaving tomorrow night for St. Andrews, N. B., to spend two or three weeks, the guest of Mrs. Douglas Seely. -Montreal Herald.

Local and General

Rev. Mr. Fraser will conduct the services at Greenock Presbyterian Church next Sunday.

Mr. Wheeler Mallock received word from his son Chester that he had been promoted to Sergeant-Major, and is now attached to the 6th Canadian Reserve Brigade, Bramshott, Eng.

A meeting of the St. Andrews Home Efficiency Club will be held in the Assembly Hall of the Prince Arthur School on Saturday afternoon at four o'clock. All members of the Club are requested to be present.

A party of young girls went out on Wednesday evening's train to "Spruce Hill" cabin on Chamcook Lake and had a very enjoyable picnic, returning by the night train. This is the first picnic that has been arranged this summer.

Mrs. Will McQuoid received word on Friday morning of the death of her son, Fraser, killed in action somewhere in France. He enlisted in the 115th Battalion, and is the second son in his family to lay down his life for his country. The sincerest sympathy is extended to his bereaved relatives.

The report of a serious automobile accident has been received here, but as yet no corroboration has been obtained. It is believed that a young man, Montgomery by name, was picked up on the Rolling Dam road very seriously injured in the chest and back, and that his car was found an almost total wreck with all four wheels detached from it.

All Saints Sunday School children enjoyed their annual picnic on Thursday afternoon of last week, when they met on the Beach by the Red Rocks, and played many out-door games. The candy-tossing was a favorite form of amusement, and little Margaret Wren delighted everyone with her dancing and recitations. Each child was given a game to take home; and there was only one opinion among them that that opinion was to the effect that they occurred too seldom.

The Girls' Club, of Greenock Church held a Sale of Work and Afternoon Tea in the grounds of Elm Corner on Friday afternoon of last week, under exceptionally good weather conditions. The tables were set out under the trees and were very prettily arranged. \$55.50 was made at the Sale, and when the small number of girls in the club is taken into consideration it will be seen that they were very industrious workers. They are much to be congratulated on their success. The debt on their new piano has now been reduced to \$50.

The Red Cross Society has received from the ladies of Bocabe, through Mrs. Charles Groom, a case of supplies containing forty-eight pairs of socks and six pyjama suits. This case will be repacked and shipped to St. John in the next box forwarded from the local branch. It is expected that another box will be packed at an early date. A very welcome gift of \$10.00 has been received from Mr. Edwin Andrews, for which the Society is sincerely grateful.

ST. ANDREWS MARKET

Wholesale Prices to Farmers July 26. Print Butter, .30 to .35 per lb. Eggs, .35 to .40 per doz. Chicken, .30 per lb. dressed. Fowl, 25 per lb. Beef, .15 to .15 per lb. Mutton, .15 per lb. Veal, .15 per lb. Lamb, .24 per lb. Potatoes, old, \$5.00 per bbl. Rhubarb, .02 per lb. Lettuce, 50 doz. Strawberries, 12 per box. Peas, 1.50 per bush. Beets, .05 per bunch. Carrots, .05 per bunch. Turnips, \$1.00 per bbl. Hay, loose, \$10.00 per ton. Hay, pressed, \$12.00 per ton. Straw, \$8.00 per ton.

METHODIST SALE AND SUPPER

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist Church held their Annual Sale and Supper at St. Andrews on Thursday last. The weather was everything to be desired and the affair was a decided success. For the first time the spacious Andraleo Hall was engaged, which is admirably adapted for such church enterprises. The sale of fancy articles commenced in the morning and was continued throughout the day. There was a fine display of all kinds of useful and ornamental articles, which found ready purchasers. Supper was served between the hours of five and seven o'clock, and as the tables were laden with all sorts of appetizing dishes and splendidly served, it is needless to say that a goodly number of the friends of the Congregation dropped in and remained to supper. During the evening the ice cream and candy tables were well patronized. The ladies of the Congregation interested, have good reason to be pleased with their efforts and the substantial financial result arising therefrom.

THE LADIES OF GREENOCK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

will hold their Annual Sale and Tea in Memorial Hall on Thursday, August 9.

We had a visit on Thursday from Mr. Henry M. Loomis, Director of Sardine Inspection, National Cannery Association, whose place of residence is now Esport. Mr. Loomis, accompanied by Mr. Leslie R. Bartlett, came to town on Thursday and registered at Kennedy's Hotel. They also paid a brief visit to the Biological Station. Mr. Loomis has supervision of all the sardine canneries in Maine, and is a biological chemist of distinction. His assistant, Mr. Bartlett, specializes in bacteriology.

ALGONQUIN HOTEL

The following guests registered at the Algonquin Hotel during the week:

Montreal: Andrew A. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Allan Mackenzie, Gen. W. T. Neill, Lt. Col. J. W. Chaplin, J. A. W. Wynn, Harold Thompson. Ottawa: Mrs. Frank Cochrane, Miss Cochrane, Mrs. Rowley and two children, Mrs. Hogan, Mrs. Darcy MacMahon, Miss Hope MacMahon. Toronto: Mrs. H. S. Mara, Mrs. Louis McMurray, A. P. Bennett, Mrs. J. M. Lyle, The Misses E. and M. Lyle, J. G. Englehart, Mrs. Duncan Coulson, A. W. Neller, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Snydam. Halifax: Arthur Drysdale, Mrs. Stairs, Mrs. Curry, Fredericton: Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Neill, Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. White, Mrs. D. B. Pigeon, A. S. W. White, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Winslow, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Thompson. St. John: Miss Godwin, Miss Slamera, Miss Rowan, Miss Barnes, Miss Mahoney, Miss Playtor, Miss Ross M. Blakeley, F. A. Godwin. St. Stephen: Mrs. M. L. Young, Mrs. W. R. Simpson, W. A. Fancy, Mrs. N. Marks, Miss Mildred Todd. Rothesay: Miss M. G. Thomson, Miss Rowland, New York: E. Kirby. Chicago: Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bryan, Mrs. G. E. Hassall, F. H. Millard, Hugo Carlson. Baltimore: Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Bonaparte. Philadelphia: Miss S. G. Haydock. Mrs. G. G. Maule, Miss Margaret Maule, Mrs. V. O. Strohl. Boston: W. A. Haskell. Detroit: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Staff, Charles Staff, Jr. Providence: F. H. Buffum. St. Louis: Mr. and Mrs. Henry Elliott, Miss L. Dameron. Beaconfield: Mrs. and Miss Chaplin. Winchester: Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Young, Miss G. Young, Miss Elizabeth Downs. Thomsville: Mr. and Mrs. Haskell, Duluth: Miss C. Bartlett. Lambert Lake: Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Gardner. East Orange: Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Clery. Tacoma: Mrs. George Schofield, Mrs. George D. Tart, George S. Tart, Jr. Woburn: Mrs. M. O. Chorley, Mrs. L. L. Wadsworth. Calais: Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Lowell, Mrs. George Downes, Miss MacKusick.

KENNEDY'S HOTEL

The following guests registered at Kennedy's Hotel during the week:

Montreal: Mrs. E. W. Wain, W. B. Bishop, W. W. Stewart, B. M. Wine, F. C. Lane. Toronto: R. J. Moore, Miss R. Louise Hunter, R. V. Argold. Ottawa: Miss M. Wetmore. Edmonton: Mrs. T. R. Frenze. St. John: A. and Mrs. Morrissey, F. E. Holman, Miss F. Jenkins, J. M. Keefe, A. J. Gross, L. W. Mckerson, P. B. Burns, Miss M. McLean, F. L. McLean, J. S. Neill, G. M. and Mrs. Robertson, J. H. Pope, F. P. and Mrs. Johnston, W. A. Smith, Miss E. Bissett, B. E. W. Ball, F. W. Mitchell, J. A. Kelly. Halifax: W. A. Carroll, Fredericton: Mrs. M. Walker, Mrs. G. Kitchen, H. M. and Mrs. Blair, Miss Mary Fensy, Mrs. F. L. Morrison, Miss L. Morrison, Luke S. and Mrs. Morrison, Harry D. White. St. George: M. E. Baldwin, Miss Laura Wetmore, Mrs. George Craig, Miss Craig, Miss Edith Wallace, D. Leaman, E. F. McGrattan, C. N. Lynatt, H. Epps. St. Stephen: W. A. Fancy, E. G. and Mrs. Beer, Miss Woodcock, Miss MacVay, F. Murchie, Mrs. W. J. Todd, Miss Mildred Todd, N. and Mrs. Marks Mills, The Misses W. and M. Marks Mills, F. and Mrs. Todd, M. G. McCarroll, S. D. Budd, F. E. Dever, Grand Manan: H. Small, Elmout Green, J. E. Gaskill, Capt. J. Youle. Woodstock: C. C. Sweeney. Wakeville: W. C. and Mrs. Clark. Rothesay: Mrs. E. S. Carter, Miss Carter, Miss Catheline, Miss Ballantine, Miss B. Ballantine. Sussex: W. P. Erb. Providence: Thomas Neary. McAdam: J. R. Hartford, H. Hartford. Weymouth: Fred N. Belliveau. Manila: E. M. Tallage. New York: C. S. Kiggins. Calais: W. McGregor.

MARRIED

CUNNINGHAM-PATTEN

A wedding of much interest to St. Andrews residents took place in Medford, Mass., on Monday evening, when Miss Helen Rowe Patten and Lieutenant Archie Cunningham, grandson of Mrs. Angus Kennedy, and now of the 14th Engineers, U. S. A., were married at St. Joseph's Church Rectory by the Rev. A. W. McMahon. Only members of their immediate families were present. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Maude Patten, while the groom was attended by Martin J. Coin, of the Panama Canal Zone administration. Lieut. Cunningham sailed with his battalion for France on Tuesday night.

MAGEE-BEST

On Monday afternoon at the home of the bride, in Dorchester, Miss Isabel Best, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Best

was united in marriage to Mr. James Henderson Magee, also of Dorchester. The double ring Episcopal service was used.

After the ceremony a collation was served, after which the bride and groom left on a wedding trip to the White Mountains.

OBITUARY

DR. T. DYSON WALKER

Dr. T. Dyson Walker, of St. John, N. B., died on Sunday in the Massachusetts General Hospital, which institution he had entered a few days previously. He had been in ill-health for several years, and had spent several winters in warmer climates than his native land.

Dr. Walker was one of the best known and most active of the younger group of medical men. He was a most assiduous worker in public matters in which he was interested, as well as in his professional duties. Always ready to help, along any good work, he devoted much time and energy to the cause in which he enlisted. During the last few years he was deeply interested in military affairs. For one term he filled the office of president of the Canadian Club in St. John most satisfactorily, and for a long time sat on the executive committee. He was an active member of the Masonic body. Generally he may be described as a good citizen.

The son of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Walker, Dr. T. Dyson Walker was born in St. John in 1867. He studied medicine at Edinburgh, and after his graduation practised in the north of England for a short time, and then returned home and took up practice in St. John. Dr. Walker gave much attention to the General Public Hospital, having been a member of the visiting staff for years, and he was an active member and at times an officer in the medical societies. He is survived by his parents, three sisters and three brothers, Miss Alice Walker, at home; Lieutenant Francis Walker, of No. 9 Overseas Heavy Siege Battery; Mrs. Samuel Lord, of Milton, Mass.; Mrs. Calvin Lord, of Christchurch, N. Z.; Dr. Wm. Dacre Walker, of Andover, Mass.; and Edward Blake Walker, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Shelburne, N. S.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

Two desirable building lots near the Town of St. Andrews, containing 6 1/2 and 5 1/2 acres respectively. Also one Town lot near Algonquin Hotel.

Apply to THOMAS ARMSTRONG, St. Andrews, N. B., Agent.

STINSON'S CAFE AND BOWLING ALLEY. LUNCHES SERVED AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE. ICE CREAM. A Fresh Supply of Confectionery, Soft Drinks, Oranges, Grapes, Cigars and Tobacco always on hand. IRA STINSON, ST. ANDREWS.

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News of the Sea

Petrograd, July 18.—The North and south agency reports that a Russian destroyer has sunk a German submarine in the Baltic by dropping bombs on it, and that the crew of the submarine was drowned.

Paris, July 23.—Three French merchant vessels of more than 1,000 tons and two of less than that tonnage, are announced as sunk during last week as the result of submarine attack in the weekly official statement. Four French merchantmen were unsuccessfully attacked. No fishing boats fell victims to the underwater craft.

An Atlantic Port, July 23.—The presence of a strange vessel, believed to be a German raider, due west from the Spanish coast, and two-thirds of the way across the Atlantic from Europe, was reported by a British freight steamship which escaped from the unidentified craft and arrived here yesterday.

Officers of the British vessel described the stranger as having rigging with three masts and a smoke-stack rising between the main and mizen masts. She was steering north-west at 7 knots when sighted early on July 14 and bore down on the freighter. The latter outdistanced the supposed raider after a brief chase.

Halifax, July 23.—There arrived here to-day 900 passengers of the Norwegian-American liner Kristianfjord, which went ashore near Cape Race, Nfld., eight days ago.

The passengers had a trying time for some hours after they landed on the Newfoundland coast for the steamer, but finally some by boat and some by an overland route reached Portugal Cove, whence the majority were taken to St. John's by special train over the Reid Newfoundland railway, the remainder being taken to St. John's by special steamer.

At St. John's accommodation was naturally difficult to secure for some 900 persons, but the civic authorities and citizens in general made every possible effort to provide for the comfort and shelter of these distressed people. At Halifax the passengers, nearly all of whom are Scandinavians, will take passage for a neutral European port.

London, July 24.—The number of Swedish ships lost by submarine attack through striking mines during the war has reached a total of 136, according to a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen today. The aggregate tonnage of these vessels was given as 125,000. Danish ships to the number of 180 have been lost in a similar manner, according to the same authority.

At an Atlantic Port, July 24.—Captain McDade and the crew of the 3-masted schooner Coral Lass arrived here yesterday from England. The Coral Lass was sunk off the southwest coast of Ireland on July 7th by shell fire from a German submarine.

The Germans fired 18 shots into the schooner, dismantling her and setting her on fire. She was struck a number of times before the men took to the boat. They were picked up by a trawler and later transferred to a patrol boat which landed them on the Irish coast.

St. Pierre, Miq., July 25.—The entire crew of the schooner Cygus, of St. Malo, France, which was sunk on the fishing banks by collision with an unidentified steamer a few days ago, were accounted for to-day when word was received here that eight men had been landed at Burges, Nfld. Others had been picked up by a tug and brought here.

Berlin, July 25.—The British submarine C-34 has been sunk by a submarine. It was officially announced today. The sole survivor was taken prisoner.

British submarine C-34 was built in 1909, one of eight craft of identical design. She was a boat of 313 tons and a maximum draught of twelve feet with a speed of fourteen knots above water and of ten knots submerged. She was equipped with two torpedo tubes. Her normal complement was sixteen men.

London, July 25.—The British merchant cruiser Omsy was torpedoed and sunk in northern waters on July 22. Ten men were killed. The remainder of the crew were saved. This announcement was made officially today.

The British merchant steamer Omsy, indicated as in the British admiralty service, is doubtless the vessel referred to in the official announcement. She was a steamer of 12,077 tons gross, built in Glasgow in 1909. She was 535 feet in length, 63 feet beam and 34 feet depth. She was owned by the Orient Steam Navigation Company, of Glasgow.

London, July 25.—Twenty-one British vessels of more than 1,000 tons each and three or less than 1,000 tons each were sunk last week by mines or submarines, according to the weekly Admiralty report on shipping losses. One fishing vessel was also lost.

The Admiralty's statement follows: "Arrivals, 2,791. "Sailings, 2,791. "British merchantmen sunk by mine or submarine, over 1,600 tons, including two previously, twenty-one; under 1,600 tons, three. "British merchant vessels unsuccessfully attacked, including three previously fifteen. "British fishing vessels sunk, one."

News of the Week

Seneca Falls, N. Y., July 21.—Half a million dollars' worth of woollen mill machinery, stock, in manufacture for Government purposes, and the mill building were destroyed by fire to-day at the plant of the Waterloo Woolen Company, at Waterloo. The flames were discovered in a part of the shop not in operation.

Officers of the company were unable to account for the cause of the blaze, but did not believe it was incendiary. Motor apparatus from Geneva and Seneca Falls aided in combating the fire.

Five hundred persons are thrown out of employment.

Washington, July 23.—Regulation of ocean steamship rates between the United States and Allied nations has been agreed upon in principle by the British and American governments. Negotiations are now proceeding between the British Admiralty officials and the United States to devise a programme to make the regulation effective and bring down present prohibitive rates.

France and Italy have signified their willingness to accept the principle. Negotiations probably will be completed within upon the arrival here of the Japanese mission headed by Vice-Admiral Taka-hita.

Alpena, Mich., July 23.—Fifty tons of copper, valued at \$30,000, has already been recovered from the wreck of the steamer Pesaukee, sunk off Alpena in 1905. A new deep sea diving armor was used in the search 200 feet down. This is considered a world's record in salvaging operation. The Pesaukee, when sunk, carried a valuable cargo. The copper alone consisted of 300 tons worth \$300,000 or more at the present market value.

The prize cargo has been an object of search by several companies and has cost the lives of nine men.

London, July 24.—Andrew Bonar Law, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that for 112 days the average British expenditure was \$5,795,000 daily. The Chancellor said the total advance made by Great Britain to her allies and the dominions was £1,029,000,000.

Mr. Bonar Law said the net increased expenditure was £335,000,000; not including advances to Great Britain's Allies, which represented an increase of £300,000 daily.

It was obvious, he said, that the budget estimate must be exceeded. He declared he would not be surprised if by the end of the financial year the excess was approximately the same as that of the last financial year.

London, July 24.—Alfred Moseley, for many years prominent in educational matters, died Sunday at his home, West Lodge, Hadley Wood, Barnet. Mr. Moseley at the time of his death was head of the National Educational Commission. He was well known in the United States having visited there many times in connection with his work as an educator. He was born October 13, 1865.

London, July 24.—The Russian delegates elected by the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Delegates to confer with the Labor parties of Entente countries, have arrived in England. They will be the guests of the Labor party of England for a few days, and then will proceed to Paris. The delegates are MM. Vessanoff and Erlich, of Moscow, and MM. Goldenberg and Smirnov, of Petrograd.

London, July 24.—Arthur Henderson, member of the British War Council and Labor member of the British mission to Russia, has returned to London.

Mr. Henderson reached Petrograd on June 2, and the work of the mission was virtually completed three weeks later. During his stay in Petrograd, Mr. Henderson had numerous conferences with the Russian officials and the representatives of labor and in a brief survey of conditions in Russia, said soon after his arrival there that he was much impressed with the more hopeful spirit prevailing among the Russian people.

Winnipeg, July 24.—An engine got out of control in the Canadian Pacific Railway yards here yesterday and crashed into a caboose near the roundhouse, killing three men outright and injuring one very seriously. The victims are: Killed—B. V. Rowden, aged 32, yard foreman; Oscar A. L. Penser, aged 41, switchman; H. J. Nelson, yard foreman. Injured, James Tait, aged 52, yard foreman. All of the men lived in Winnipeg.

Ottawa, July 20.—Tobacco is now the chief source of exercise revenue in Canada and intoxicating liquors have fallen to second place with the spread of prohibition. Returns for the month of June last, issued by the Inland Revenue department, show that the duties collected on tobacco amounted to \$939,681.80 and on cigars to \$82,145. The duties collected on spirits amounted to \$752,069.52, those on malt liquor to \$10,532.70 and those on malt to \$167,816. Special war taxation netted \$12,513,778. The total receipts of the Inland Revenue department during June were \$2,146,095, as compared with \$1,105,592 in June, 1916.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER

O SAY, can you see, by the dawn's early light, What so proudly we hail'd in the twilight's last gleaming? Whose broad stripes and bright stars through the perilous fight, O'er the ramparts we watch'd so gallantly streaming; And the rocket's red glare, the bombs bursting in air, Gave proof through the night that our flag was still there, O say, does that star-spangled banner yet wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave? On the shore, dimly seen through the mists of the deep, Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes, What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep, As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses? Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam, In full glory reflected now shines on the stream, 'Tis the star-spangled banner! O long may it wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave! And where is that band who so vauntingly swore That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion A home and a country should leave us no more? Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution. No refuge could save the hireling and slave From the terror of death and the gloom of the grave. And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave! O, thus be it ever, when freemen shall stand Between their loved homes and the war's desolation; Blest with vict'ry and peace, may the heav'n rescued land Praise the power that has made and preserved us a nation. Then consequent we must, for our cause it is just, And his the star-spangled banner! O long may it wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY. (Born August 1, 1779; died, 1843.)

SKILL AT GOLF NOT ONLY FOR YOUTH

VERY often middle-aged golfers are apt to ignore the fact that scratch players, or, at any event, high-class players, are not confined to young men. Many of them are forty years of age or more, and not a few have passed the half-century mark. All of which goes to show that, given good health and a proper ambition, a middle-aged man may attain something more than an average amount of proficiency in the game of golf, always provided he will take the matter seriously and strive earnestly for the desired end.

That so comparatively few players reach a degree of proficiency easily possible for them is due to several causes. In the first place, they are in too much of a hurry to play the game, believing that the sooner they get at it the more fun they will have. They are too impatient to devote time and energy to that hard, gruelling, and monotonous practice with one club after another which alone can create the ability to use all their clubs with uniform skill at critical moments.

In almost all other outdoor games each player has his particular part to play, in which he expects, and is expected, to show peculiar efficiency; the result being a well-rounded team. Not so in golf. In this each player is to all intents and purposes a whole team by himself; he is an individual multiplied by the number of clubs he carries in his bag. When he fails, he fails the use of any one of these; he finds himself on the way to defeat. Therefore, the only way to make himself a master of each club, and to repeat what can hardly be over-emphasized, is to practice assiduously.

EXERCISE AND ENJOYMENT

"But," says the man who wants to rush into the game, "I am out for exercise and enjoyment." All well and good, and he no doubt gets a large amount of health-giving exercise; but as enjoyment, like everything else, is relative, they fall through indifference and lack of attention to get from their golf playing anything like the amount of enjoyment they might get if they would only set for themselves a higher standard and by doing so learn to play better golf. A player of this description is accustomed to get round his home course in an hour, and to get on the eighty-five to ninety, seldom going outside of these limits either way. He is apt to look upon this as steady work according to his ability, to feel convinced that he is getting all the pleasure possible for him out of the game, and, therefore, to adopt this degree of proficiency as his standard.

As a contrast to this, note the keen satisfaction of the more ambitious player of the same class, who some day comes in with a victory over a club-mate whose handicap is several strokes lower than his own, and with a medal score two or three strokes better than his previous best. During the match everything went well with him; he has got off his tee shots in a straight line, and has kept out of serious difficulty; his approaches have been straight and well judged as to distance, and his putting has been above the average. It would be absurd for him to deny that his victory was worth more to him than any of those which he has previously won from opponents of his own class, although many of the latter have been close and accompanied, perhaps, by the good-natured banter which so many golfers believe helps to make a good time. What is better than all else is the fact that he now begins to believe in himself, in the possibility of his becoming a good golfer; and to this end, if he is wise, he goes out as often as possible during the next fortnight and practices carefully with different clubs.

STADINESS ON THE FAIR GREEN After he has acquired a satisfactory amount of steadiness in getting off his tee shots, he drops a dozen balls seventy-five or a hundred yards from the green and

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AN ITALIAN DEAR is my little one The ring-dove built there Close to my cot she tells To every passing bird The squirrel leaps from And shells his nuts at her For those that win the crown The shepherd's horn at The ballet danced in The canzonet and roun Sung in the silent gre These simple joys, that Shall bind me to my n (Born July 30, 1763; d 1855.)

THE MOUSE, THE THE SAU ONCE upon a time, and a sausage-ship and set up house long time all went well great comfort and prosp be able to add consider The bird's duty was to wood and bring in fuel ed the water, and the cooking. When people always begin to long for And so it came to pass while one day, met whom he boastfully excellence of his house. But the other bird snee a poor simpton, work, while the other and had a good time of mouse had made the fr the water, she could ret room and rest of the table. The sausage had pot to see that the cooked, and when it was he just threw himself in rolled in and out among three or four times, and buttered and salted, a served. Then, when the and had laid down his down to table, and when their meal, they could see the following morning really a very delightful Influenced by these next morning refused wood, telling the others their servant long enough a foot into the bargain, now time to make a cha some other way of arr Reg and pray as the sausage might, it was of some master of the ven ture had to be made, drew lots, and if fell in bring in the wood, to the and to the bird to fetch And now what happened started in search of the the fire, and the mouse, and then these two wait returned with the fuel to day. But the sausage away that they became hard flew out to meet his down far, however, when a dog who, having met the regarded him as his legit so seized and swallowed complained to the dog of robbery, but nothing he avail, for the dog answer found false credentials, and that was the reason he forfeited.

The bird picked up the sally home, and told the seen and heard. They unhappy, but agreed to things and to remain wit So now the bird set the mouse looked after the to prepare it in the salt sausage, by rolling in and vegetables to salt and be jumped into the pot; it short long before she read having already parted not and hair, but also with he Presently the bird came to serve up the dinner, but where she the cook. In hurry, he threw the wood about the floor, called and no cook was to be found. The wood that had been down, caught fire and the bird hastened to fetch but his pail fell into the w, and as he was unable to self, he was drowned.—F Tales," by the Brothers G

A PROFITABLE S Just what China can branches of industry is to a little model district in the province of Chihli. Kaoy of the district, and it is a rural community. It turns pieces of cloth. They we quality and valued at \$12, dollars, or \$8,000,000 in a report in The North Ch And the good people of the 3,000,000 pieces all only that, they did it as a main occupation being fa

AN ITALIAN SONG

DEAR is my little native vale. The ringdove builds and murmurs there: Close to my cot she tells her tale To every passing village...

(Born July 30, 1763; died December 18, 1855.)

THE MOUSE, THE BIRD, AND THE SAUSAGE

ONCE upon a time, a mouse, a bird, and a sausage were together. For a long time all went well; they lived in great comfort and prospered so far as to be able to add considerably to their stores...

Influenced by these remarks, the bird set morning to bring in the wood, telling the others that he had been their servant long enough, and had been a fool into the bargain...

And now what happened? The sausage started in search of wood, the bird made the fire, and the mouse put on the pot, and then these two waited till the sausage returned with the fuel for the following day...

The bird picked up the wood, and flew sadly home, and told the mouse all he had seen and heard. They were both very unhappy, but agreed to make the best of things and to remain with one another...

A PROFITABLE SIDELINE

Just what China can do in different branches of industry is told in the story of a little model district in the metropolitan province of Chihli. Kaoyang is the name of the district, and it is a small agricultural community. It turned out 2,000,000 pieces of cloth...

STRAWBERRIES ARE PLENTIFUL

Strawberry Cups. A quickly prepared and delicious dish may be made by removing the centres of cup cakes, filling each with a mixture of chopped strawberries and almonds, and keeping each with a mould of whipped cream.

Strawberry Ice Cream. Mix together three pints of thin cream, two boxes of hulled and washed strawberries, which have stood in one and three quarters cups of sugar for one hour, two cups of milk, and the juice of one lemon. Strain carefully and freeze.

Strawberry Shortcake. The ingredients are two cups of pastry flour, three teaspoonfuls of butter, one egg, and sweet milk to make a soft dough. Toss on a floured marble or pastry-board and shape round and about one inch thick. Place in a buttered pan and bake in a quick oven. Split while hot and spread with butter. Cover thickly with strawberries, sprinkle well with powdered sugar, and dot over with whipped cream. Put on top and garnish with whipped cream.

Strawberry Preserves. Take large strawberries not extremely ripe, weigh equal quantities of fruit and best sugar, lay the fruit in a dish and sprinkle half the sugar over it; shake the dish a little that the sugar may touch all the fruit. Next day make a syrup of the rest of the sugar and the juice which you can pour off from the fruit in the pan, and as it boils lay in the strawberries, and boil them gently twenty minutes or half an hour.

Strawberry Preserves. (Another method) Weigh equal quantities of fruit and sugar, and put them together over night. The next day boil the strawberries long enough to scald without skinning them, six or eight minutes after they begin boiling. Then skin them out, and boil away the syrup half an hour; then pour it hot upon the strawberries.

Strawberries Canned. Pick over, wash and stem the berries. Use a colander or sieve in washing them in order to prevent handling or bruising. Place the rubbers in position and fill the jars with berries, packing them as tightly as possible without crushing.

Make a syrup of one cup of sugar to four cups of water. When the sugar is completely dissolved and the syrup begins to boil, fill the jar with the boiling syrup. Adjust the top and partially tighten. Place jars upon rack or many folds of cloth in a large pan and fill with hot water to within a couple of inches from the tops of the jars. Cover the pan and boil for sixteen minutes. Remove the jars, tighten the tops and set the jars to cool away from draughts.

Strawberry Pudding. Cut thin slices of bread, butter them and lay them in a pudding dish alternately with strawberries stewed quite sweet and while warm enough to melt the butter but not hot. Make the last layer of fruit. Let the pudding stand two or three hours, then serve with sugar and cream. If desired the pudding may be ornamented by covering with the stiffly-beaten whites of two eggs mixed with two tablespoonfuls of sugar and enough of the fruit juice to color the whites. This mixture should be spread on just before serving.

Strawberry Mousse. The ingredients are one quart of cream, one box of strawberries, one cup of sugar, a scant quarter box of gelatine, two tablespoonfuls of cold water, and three tablespoonfuls of hot water. Wash and hull the berries; sprinkle with sugar; let stand one hour; mash and rub through a fine sieve add the gelatine which has previously been soaked in cold water and dissolved in hot water. Set in a pig of ice water and stir until it begins to thicken; then fold in the whipped cream, put in mold, cover, pack in salt and ice, one part salt to three of ice. Let stand four hours.

Strawberry Drops. The ingredients are half a pound of powdered sugar, half a pint of fruit juice, the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Mix all together and drop onto pans. Bake or dry in a very cool oven.

THE EVAPORATED APPLE INDUSTRY

With the apple picking season close at hand and the large quantities of apples grown in Canada, a more timely bulletin than one on the Evaporated Apple Industry, written by Mr. C. S. McGillivray, Chief Travelling Inspector of Fruit and Vegetable Canners, and issued by the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, could hardly be devised. It speaks of the old time methods when apples were cut into sections and hung up to dry, and then, with many illustrations and drawings, describes in full the progress that has been made in the process, the wholesomeness and nutritive value of the evaporated apple, the implements that can be used, and the structures that are advisable for manufacturing on a scale of different dimensions. The bulletin remarks that the industry is only in its infancy in Canada, but is of great value and importance and open to extensive development. It gives the results of many experiments and, in short, in plain and explicit language, explains very fully the operations that are necessary to bring the evaporated apple up to the highest standard of commercial excellence and nutritive value. The bulletin can be had free by addressing the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

PILOT OF CANADA'S CONSCRIPTION

THE Honorable Charles Joseph Doherty, member of Parliament for the St. Ann's division of Montreal, is Minister of Justice in Sir Robert Borden's Cabinet. When the pending conscription measure becomes law in Canada, the enactment will be entrusted not to the military authorities, but to the Ministry of Justice. Upon Mr. Doherty will fall, therefore, the ultimate responsibility for the application of the conscription to Canada. The now diffuse opposition will converge upon him, in his onerous position, he will need all the fortitude which distinguishes him and all the support which the law-abiding can contribute.

With the prominence of his responsibility clear to him, he presumably designed the machinery of the conscription bill so as to make less difficult his task of administering it. It is inherent in him to minimize the feature of coercion and to emphasize the provision for dealing with all proper and pertinent objections. Indeed, on June 29, 1917, in the Evening Post, over his signature, he stated: "The proposed measure in no way specially affects the people of any province, race, creed, or class. It bears equally and evenly on all Canadians in all parts of Canada. . . . Neither is the measure inspired by punitive intent. . . . Nor will its application produce any punitive effect. Its provisions for adjudication as to claims for exemption put that adjudication in the hands of local tribunals in each province. The method of appointment of these tribunals is such as to secure to the individual an absolutely fair court, familiar with his surroundings and appreciative of his viewpoint." These assertions specifically contradict the allegations made by the opponents of the measure, and indicate concisely the nature of the opposition.

Many of the people of Quebec believe the measure is directed against their province, their race, and their religion. (The president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, Mr. James F. Wattles, the Federation of Labor of British Columbia, and the only labor member of Parliament—the member for the district of Missisquoi—profess to believe that the measure is intended to exploit the laboring class. Most of the opponents of the bill affirm that the measure cannot bear equally and evenly on all Canadians, as the rich may utilize the elaborate system of appeals to delay their being drafted, whereas the poor cannot afford to hire counsel for this purpose.)

A distinct feeling of satisfaction exists that the final word in regard to the application of conscription rests with the present Minister of Justice, a man whose qualities fit him equally to enforce the law while tempering it with sympathy devoid of weakness, and free from partisanship. The place Mr. Doherty holds in the esteem of his fellow members of the Conservative party has been determined by the exercise of these qualities. He is that rare phenomenon in political life, a man greater than his reputation. He is not a parliamentarian, but a judge to whom party profit weighs lightly against justice and principle. While yet in his thirties, he was appointed Judge of the Superior Court Bench of the Province of Quebec. That high position he held with distinction for fifteen years, and when he relinquished it the judicial habit had long been fixed in him by the mordant action of time. That habit pervades his silences and his speech. He is the negation of Celtic impetuosity. Some time ago, in the post-prandial oratory of a Canadian press dinner, after he had duly stated that, assuming such and such facts were established, he would do so and so in a certain matter, it was contended that that and provided that no better way—out of the difficulty presented, itself, and provided that, his future course in this matter would not thereby be prejudiced, a speaker spoke of Doherty as the gentleman with the indeterminate sentence.

When he went to Ottawa, the Conservative party was still in opposition, and members of a party in opposition find themselves frequently in need of comfort and of counsel. To Doherty they turned, and few ever had recourse to him in vain. This was one of the reasons, and by no means the least, why the selection for Cabinet office of the wise and helpful member for St. Ann's was by every one regarded as certain, when Mr. Sir Robert Borden was placed in power by the election of 1911. It was in the nature of things, too, that Doherty should become Minister of Justice, an office endowed with the prestige of Sir John Macdonald, Sir Oliver Mowat, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Sir Alan Aylesworth, and other great figures in Canadian history.

In England, some years ago, a Canadian was asked the usual English question: Do Canadians not think the Irish people are incapable of self-government? My Canadian friend replied that there were in Canada three descendants of Irish farmers who were, respectively, at the head of the greatest railway, of the highest court, and of the judiciary system, and, if the Staughnessys, Fitzpatricks, and Dohertys could govern Canada, why not Ireland?

Like a new planet the House of Hughes recently swam into human vision only to suffer speedily an enobred but happily partial eclipse, which, however, was serious enough to make most of us thankful that we were not named Hughes.

That adieu, Gen. Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia in Canada, endured with our unsuccessive Presidential candidate, and with Mr. Hughes, Premier of Australia, who was defeated in his advocacy of conscription there. Besides Sir Sam other members of Sir Robert Borden's Cabinet have been criticized; the Minister of Public Works is now under investigation regarding certain of his real-estate transactions, and the Minister of Inland Revenue rises to a question of privilege to explain his connection with "the disappearance of furniture, art, and music from the Speaker's apartments in the House of Commons, Ottawa." Three years of war have made morbid the accustomed amenities of party strife and of political distrust in Canada. But the Ministry of Justice remains a sanctuary where the scandalous enter not.

Doherty's long record of judicial probity his remoteness from the petty intrigues of party politics, and the fairness and consideration which he has constantly shown towards even the lowliest of those who have sought his aid during his six years of office, convince the rational among the opponents of conscription that whatever hardships the measure imposes will be mitigated by the present Minister of Justice, to the limit of his powers. His French constituents in St. Ann's know that French interests are dear to him. His countrymen of Irish extraction will get justice from him; more they neither expect nor seek. The Catholic Church has in him a tried and trusted son. The Anglo-Saxon honors and respects in him the majesty of the law. If Mr. Doherty undertakes the duty of applying conscription to Canada, a duty which his continuance in the office of Minister of Justice will impose, Labor may take what comfort it can from the certain knowledge that in Mr. Doherty's hands the conscription measure will be used neither to exploit class nor to subvert interests, but will bear equally and evenly on all Canadians in all parts of Canada.—W. J. M. A. MALONEY, in The New York Evening Post.

WRECKED ON THE NILE AMONG CROCODILES

A dramatic story is told through the Agency of the adventures of Sir A. Sharpe, late Governor of Nyassaland, who has arrived in England after a six months' journey in Central Africa. At the end of May, while passing down the Nile at a point north of Fashoda, the steamer belonging to the Sudan Government, by which he was a passenger, was wrecked and sunk during a violent storm. The vessel, Anzara, was caught broadside and completely blown over, those on board being thrown into the river, which was about a mile and a half wide, with many crocodiles.

There were ten passengers, and of those Major Thomas, D.S.O., Captain Smith, and Sergeant Williams, of the Sudan Service, were drowned. Sir A. Sharpe sank with the ship, and was rescued by clinging to a piece of wreckage. All his belongings, including maps and photographs, were lost. His personal attendant was also drowned. Scarcely a month ago Sir A. Sharpe says that in spite of the war, the progress and prosperity of the Sudan and Egypt are marvellous. All tribes in the Upper Sudan are very quiet and loyal, and the last successful expedition against the Nueras has shown that, even in a time of war, the administration is perfectly able to maintain local order.

This is to certify that fourteen years ago I got the cure of my wrist nearly severed, and was for about nine months that I had no use of my hand, and tried other liniments, also doctors, and was receiving no benefit. By a persuasion from a friend I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and used one bottle which completely cured me, and have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family ever since and find it the same as when first used it, and would never be without it.

ISAAC E. MANN, Metapedia, P. Q. Aug. 31st, 1908.

HARDWOOD LUMBER

We are just landing several car loads of choice Hardwood Lumber in Birch, Maple and Beech and Sawm in boards, plank, deals and Timbers. Some of this hardwood we ordered in especially long lengths for making.

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Please send us your enquiries for anything in the line of hardwood for special jobs.

Haley & Son, St. Stephen, N. B.

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Dear Mary: I've just finished "putting down" my new linoleums and mattings. How neat and clean my kitchen looks! How cool my bedrooms are and how easy to sweep and keep tidy!

My "girl" just sings as she works. She was getting cross before. I don't blame her. I ought to have been considerate of her surroundings as well as my own.

When you come over and see how refreshed my whole home is since I've fixed the floors, you too will get some new linoleum and matting.

Come over—HELEN.

P.S. You get yours where I got mine—from BUCHANAN & CO. Water Street St. Stephen

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