WHOLE NO. 11,204.

What Is Going On In The Leading Churches Of The City.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Pastor, Rev. Thomas S. Johnson. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School at 2:45 p.m.

ASKIN ST. METHODIST CHURCH-Rev. J. W. Holmes, pastor. Subjects, morning and evening, "In His Steps."

CENTENNIALMETHODISTCHURCH -Rev. W. J. Ford pastor. Morning, "The Lord Knoweth Them That Are His." Evening, "The Command His." Evening, "The Command-ments of God Not Grievous." The workingman's church; come and see.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN Church, corner Waterloo and Grey-Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Bible Class and Sabbath School at 3 p.m. Seats free.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, CORNER OF Dundas and Elizabeth streets-Rev. C. Sinclair, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST-Rev. George Jackson, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

DUNDAS CENTER METHODIST Church-Rev. J. B. Saunders, D.D., pastor. Morning-Rev. J. J. Sinclair will preach. Anthem, "Ye Shall Dwell in the Land" (Stainer); solo and chorus, "O Come to the Saviour" (Archer). Evening-Rev. W. J. Mortimore will preach. Anthem, "The Splendors of Thy Glory, Lord" (Woodward): solo, "The Heavenly Song" (Gray).

DUNDAS CENTER SCHOOL FOR Bible Study-Fifty classes, every class a Bible class. A cordial welcome to visitors and strangers. Musical service, 2:30; opening service, 2:45.

ELDER R. B. HOWLETT AT LATTER Day Saints' Church, Maitland street. Subjects of great interest at 11 and 7. All welcome Come.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church-10 a.m., classes. Morning, James Wilkins. Evening, pastor.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (Scientist)—Sunday services: Morning, 11 o'clock; evening, 7 o'clock. Subject, "Love." Testimonial meeting on Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Sunday School immediately after morning service. All welcome. D. S. Robb, C.S.B., first reader; Mrs. Edna Robb, C.S., second reader. Residence, 293 Princess avenue. Christian Science Reading Room open daily from 10 a.m. until 6 p.m. The above services will be held in the school room of church property prior to opening, Aug. 6.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL—REV. J.
W. Pedley. Morning, "Tests of
Christianity," Evening, July 23 "The Model Man." Evening, July 30, "The Model Woman."

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH-Rev. J. V. Smith, D.D., pastor, will preach at both services. Morning-"Persecuted Today; Popu-

lar Tomorrow." Anthem, "The King of Love" (Shelley); solo, "Shall We Meet" (Rice). Evening-"Elbow Room." Anthem.

"The Radiant Morn" (Woodward); solo, "The Coming of the King" (Roeckel). J. Truman Walcott, or-Obliging ushers will extend a cordial

welcome to all. FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH--Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor. Public worship, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath School

at 10 a.m. HILL STREET METHODIST Church-Morning, Rev. W. J. Morti-more Evening-Rev. J. J. Sinclair. b

HAMILTON ROAD METHODIST Church—Rev. J. G. Fallis, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sun-

day School at 3 p.m. KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church-Rev. Thomas Wilson, pastor. Services as usual.

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, South London-Rev. J. G. Stuart, B. A., pastor. Services as usual.

MEETINGS, AFTERNOON AT 4, AND evening at 8, in the tent opposite the C. P. R. In the evening Mr. Simpson will show from the Bible who changed the Sabbath.

T. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. A. J. McGillivray, M.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. in Mission Church; at 7 p.m. in Collegiate Institute, conducted by Rev. A. Mc-Williams, B.A., of Hamilton. Sunday School at 3 p.m., in Collegiate Insti-

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN SHURCH.

Rev. Robert Johnston, D.D., pastor. Rev. M. P. Talling, Ph.D., of Toronte, will preach at both services. 3 p.m.-Sabbath School and Pastor's Class.

Wednesday-Prayer meeting.

ET. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL-MORN-ING—"Venite" (Monk), "Te Deum" (Sippi), "Benedictus" (Barnes). (Barnes). Preacher, Rev. Canon Dann, B.A. Evening — "Magnificat" (Webbe)
"Nune Dimittis" (Crotch); anthem,
"Blessed Are They." Preacher, Rev.
Canon Dann, B.A. Collection for
widows' and orphans' fund.

SOUTHERN CONGREGATIONAL Church—Rev. W. H. Ciaris, pastor. Services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH -Rev. Douglas Laing, of Kingston, will preach morning and evening. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church-Morning, Rev. A. G. Harris. Evening, Rev. J. S. Fisher. Mr. Blaikle will sing a solo at each ser-

Miscellaneous.

THE LONDON CARPET-CLEANING
Works-Carpets cleaned and relaid and
every carpet disinfected. Jes.S. Shaw. Phone

******** WHERE TO BUY THEM CHEAP.

Summer Shoes-

All the latest noveities in Canvas and Tan at greatly reduced prices. Our well assorted stock must be cleared out by the end of August to make room for large consignments of fall goods. Thousands of styles and kinds to select from for men, women and children. See our windows for low prices.

Pocock Bros.,

140 Dundas St. Trunks & Valises Cheap.

Births, Marriages, Deaths

TALLING-At 148 Berkeley street, Toronto, July 19, 1899, to Rev. Dr. M. P. Talling and

AXFORD-On Friday, July 21, George Axford,

aged 85 years. Funeral tomorrow (Sunday), from the family residence, lot 25, con. 3, Southwold, at 10:30 a.m. The services will be held in Talbot-ville Methodist Church. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

Amusements and Lectures

GARDEN PARTY MONDAY NIGHT,
July 24, at 168 Adelaide street, under the
auspices of Latter Day Saints. Ice cream and
refreshments. Admission, 10 cents. 2u wt
WAIT FOR THE I. O. F. EXCURSION TO
Niagara Falls. August 8. Tickets 31 75,
good for two days. Leaves London via M. C.
It gealling at St. Thomas. 92c t

\$12-BOSTON TO HALIFAX AND return, via SS. La Grande Duchesse. Rooms can be occupied on ship while in port. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

GROCERS' EXCURSION. NIAGARA
Falls, Wednesday, July 26, via Michigan
Central. Special fast train, first-class coaches.
Leave London 7 a.m. Fare \$1 75. Good for
two days.

KEEP COOL BY TAKING A PLUNGE in the swimming pond at Sulphur Springs. Cole & Edmonds. 1899 THE POINT FARM, GODERICH is open for the season. J. J. Wright 92h tx

VOICE CULTURE—
EVA N. ROBLYN.
Studio, Mordheimer rooms. Residence, No. 320
Dundas street. Concert engagements. Tele
xt

PERSONS TRAVELING TO THE OLD country desire to obtain the best vessels, the lowest rates and reliable information. All these are required to make your trip a success. I am happy to give you information and saillarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

BOAT EXCURSIONS TO MONTREAL VIA the favorite steamers Persia and Ocean, sail from Hamilton and Toronto every Tuesday and Saturday, pass the rapids and Thousand Islands in daylight. Direct connection with morning boat for Quebec, F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser, agent.

RACING MEN WHO INTEND TO TAKE Part in coming meets in Teoumseh Park can secure permits for training privileges for entire season, for one dollar, by applying to Jas. McCormick, care Dayton & McCormick, or care of R. C. Struthers & Co.

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED-GENERAL SERVANT - AP-PLY Mrs. J. A. Nelles, 24 Prospect ave-

WANTED-HOUSEKEEPER FOR LIGHT work; small family. Apply 146 Lichfield WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light housework. Apply Mrs. F. Plant, 730 Queen's avenue.

ANTED GENERAL SERVANT -AP-PLY Wellington House. 99tf WANTED-AT ONCE: A GOOD KITCHEN girl. Apply Central House. 98n

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED-FIRST-CLASS MAN TO TAKE charge of lining-room. Apply William Fraser, Port Stanley.

WANTED - GOOD RIVET-HEATER - Good wages. Geo. White & Sons, King WANTED-MALE TRACHER AS PRIN-CIPAL in Hyde Park school. Must hold second-class Normal certificate. Applica-tions will be received up to August 5. Address Thos. Skippon, jr., sec.-treas., Hyde Park Post-office.

MEN — OUR ILLUSTRATED CATA-LOGUE explains how we teach barber trade in eight weeks. Mailed free. Moler Barber Cellege, Chicago, Ill. 98n

Female Help Wanted WANTED - EXPERIENCED CIGAR packer. Joseph Smith, 288 Dundas WANTED-GIRLS-GOOD HAND SEW-ERS and improvers; also a good man tailor. Apply L. D. Evans, third floor, R. Greene's, Carling street.

Lost and Found.

LOST-SMALL GOLD CROSS, ENGRAVED one side, plain on other. Reward this office.

STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM PREM-STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM PREM-township, two red steers, 2 years old; one red and white heifer, 4 years old; one roan yearling, all fat cattle. Handsome reward for informa-tion. John McArthur, Lobo, Out. 4n&bw LOST-THURSDAY-COCKER SPANIEL pup with rope around neck, about nine months old. Finder will please return to Aged Peoples' Home. LOST-ON PORT STANLEY TRAIN'
Tuesday, 18th, purse containing money.
Reward at Advertiser office.

Business Cards.

W. J. LEGG, 447 TALBOT STREET, horseshoeing and jobbing. 96g eod GEORGE MOGUIRE, 30 DUNDAS STREET,

D. DODD & CO.—PRACTICAL BUILDERS carpenters and joiners. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 10 Fuller-ton street.

Situations Wanted

SITUATION WANTED - BY YOUNG lady, as houskeeper. Apply Box 33, Advertiser,

BICYCLE BOOTS

AT COST.

To close out our remaining summer stock of Ladies' Bievele Boots, we have concluded to offer them at cost.

pairs Tan Dongola, kid top; former price \$2.50, now \$1 75 pairs Choc. Dongola, canvas

top; former price \$2.75, now.. \$2 00 pairs Tan Dongola, canvas top; former price \$3, now ... \$2 45 pairs Black Dongola, canvas

top; former price \$3, now...\$2 45 5 pairs Black Dongola, kid top; former price \$3, now...\$2 60 Don't Miss These Genuine Bargains.

They are the latest styles from the leading American and Canadian houses.

145 Dundas Street.

Articles For Sale.

FOR SALE-BICYCLE-REDUCED TO \$8. Blythe's shop, 310 Dundas. WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF FIRST-class cheese. An extra fine lot of new cheese just arrived to be retailed at 11 cts. lb.; old cheese, first-class flavor and very rich, 13 cts. lb. We have advanced the price of our fruit jars. Quarts 55 cts. and pints 45 cts. dozen. They are not seconds, but good, heavy sealers. Faulds' Provision Store, 8 Market Lane.

A FEW GOOD SECOND-HAND BICYCLES A for sale cheap. Bicycle repairing, tire vulcanizing, and sundries at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 374 Richmond street.

BUY YOUR GROCERIES FROM Wortley road, South London, and save money.
Trading stamps given on all purchases. Dominion, anudry sygeney.

minion Laundry agency. PER TON FOR THE GENUINE POC-AHONTAS coal for furnaces and kitchen ranges. Makes a quick, hot fire. Nothing like it. Bowman & Co. are the only firm who are agents for this coal. F. B. Clarke, Hichmond street, next Advertiser office, is their city agent. their city agent.

OR SALE-NEW HIGH GRADE AND used bicycles; wholesale prices. Bicycles repaired. Casey's Bicycle Livery, Maitland street, corner St. James, London. 98i tw FOR SALE-BICYCLE IN GOOD CON-DITION; only \$12. 394 Adelaide street.

FOR SALE-PONY AND OUTFIT-APPLY
428 Piccadilly street. 100k yxvt BUILDERS AND FARMERS—OHEAPER than ever—Lumber, \$8 per M: shingles, \$1 per M; lath \$2 per M: posts, 12c each. Doors sash, frames. Will furnish all material for and building—pine, hemlock, planed, matched, Delivered any station on ears. Call at yard or address J. A. Sutherland, Pall Mail street, North London.

FOR SALE-GOOD POOL TABLE-APPLY 16 Morton street. 2n TENTS FOR SALE OR TO RENT, IN first-class condition. A. P. Sainsbury, King street.

COAL AND WOOD-GOOD HARD WOOD and mixed summer wood, cheap; the best hard coal, and smokeless coal guaranteed equal to or better than Pocahontas coal, at a low price. Green & Co., corner William and Bathurst streets. Phone 1391.

BUGGIES. PHAETONS AND GLAD STONES exchanged on Palmerston bug gies. Selling for what they will bring. Great bargains this month. Stringer's, 141 King

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DELIVER ERED in all parts of the city. W. G. Eadey, 771 Dundas street. Phone, 1134.

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD jewelry made up-to-date at small expense J.T. Westland, 340 Richmond street, upstairs DIGEONS FOR BALE OR EXCHANGE-"Homers" a specialty. Apply for particulars, Box 198, this office.

FOR SALE-ONE SQUARE PIANO ON easy terms, quantity second-hand stoves and ranges, bedroom sets, sideboards, extension tables. Parish's store, 367 Talbot street, south market.

FOR SALE-SUMMER WOOD-AT THE phone 1312, and try a load. D. H. Gillies & Co. 300 YARDS RAG CARPET AT 30c AND 36c a pard. Keene Bros.' Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street.

KEENES, MASONIC TAMPLE, IS THE Large stock on hand. ONE HEINTZMAN & CO. PIANO, UP-RIGHT. 7% octaves, slightly used, at a bargain. Heintzman Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

MERRY BELLS-WE MAKE BELLS and Brass Work. Our Babbit metals are equal to any, and cannot be beat. John Law. 121 Clarence street, London.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

HOUSE TO LET-303 OXFORD STREET.

TO LET-DESIRABLE HOUSE, TEN MIN-UTES walk from market; rent moderate. Apply 34 Victor street. TO LET-TWO-STORY HOUSE, 20 STAN-LEY street. Apply J. Heaman, York street.

TO LET-TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE modern conveniences, ten rooms, 355
Princess avenue. Apply W. Taylor, 314 Hy-TO LET-BRICK HOUSE-EVERY CON-VENIENCE, in first-class repair. C. D. Johnston, 198 Dundas street, In

TO LET-STORE 189 DUNDAS STREET-Apply R. Short, 673 York street. 99n TO LET—THE UNION FURNITURE VAN.
Have your furniture carefully handled.
John Biggs, Catheart street, South London,
late of London Furniture Co.

Business Chances.

INVEST \$200, SECURING LARGE weekly income. Safe, conservative proposition. Second successful year. Statistics free. H. Griffin, 1180 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE-GOOD BARBER BUSINESS—cheap. Apply John White, Courtright,

FOR SALE-GENERAL MERCHANDISE business, store, building and stock of goods for \$1.500. Postofflee goes with it. Located between San Diego, famous for its mild climate, and Julian, famous for its gold mines. Will agree to teach the business to any one not familiar with the same. Write W. T. Kneen, Ballena, Cal. GROCERY BUSINESS-SMALL STOCK: good stand. Good chance; reasonable rent. Apply Box 17. this office.

Viavi Treatment.

VIAVI TREATMENT-MRS. L. STEIN

Wanted.

WANTED - CHRISTIAN MAN OR woman to qualify for permanent office work. Saiary, \$500. Inclose self-addressed, stamped envelope to Director, care Advertiser, London. WANTED-GOOD DRIVING HORSE— Apply Thursday or Saturday, Sanborn & Trebilcock, Bell Plano Warerooms, 183 Dundas street (Anderson's Book Store). Setf HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLE MEN'S cost-off clothing. A. P. Sains bury, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to

Board and Lodging. ROOMS-WITH BOARD, IF WISHED-

ROOMS TO LET-APPLY 245 RICHMOND, corner Horton.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE — VERY CHEAP — EASY terms—Lots on Central avenue, east of Adelaide. Good location to build cottages to rent. Apply 588 Adelaide street. 1bu xt ARGE LOT IMMEDIATELY JOINING Grand Trunk Railway, with siding, for sale; suitable for manufacturer. For particu-lars apply to J. W. G. Winnett, Barrister, etc., 420 Talbot street.

FOR SALE-BRICK DWELLING, NO. 227 Oncon's evenue: 3 frame houses, Nos. 229, POR SALE—BRICK DWELLING, NO. 227
Queen's avenue: 3 frame houses, Nos. 229, 231 and 233 Queen's avenue: brick dwelling, No. 432 Park avenue: brick cottage, No. 350
Burwell street; 2 frame houses, Nos. 197 and 199
Mill street, and frame house, No. 1972 Dundas street, together with lands thereto belonging.
Also a number of good building lots on Charlotte and Dorinda streets. For particulars inquire at Abbott's Carriage Factory. 29tftyw FORSALE-NEW UP-TO-DATE COTTAGE
will be finished in a few days; 10 minutes
walk from Postoffice; bargain for quick sale.
J. F. Sangster, 403 Richmond street. wt FOR SALE - MODERN DWELLING-ALL

Conveniences, 87 Maple street; cheap. Also several desirable building lots. Flock & Flock, Barristers. FOR SALE-VALUABLE PROPERTY ON Oneon's avenue lat 2220 St. Control Queen's avenue, lot 232x6; feet, house in first-class repair; all modern improvements; 7 rooms. Apply from 4 to 8 p.m. the first three days of the week to Mrs. John Elliott, 434 Queen's avenue.

98h t

HARM FOR SALE IN WESTMINSTER 1 —105 acres; first-class improvements, 5 miles from London. Apply Joseph McDongall, Pond Mills, Ont. FOR SALE-BRICK VENEER COTTAGE— East of city limits, situated on Homer street, near Hamilton road. Apply Lewis Clark, 368 Rootory street, or this office. CORSALE-NICE RESIDENCE, WILLIAM

street. All modern appointments. Apply A. N. Udy. over C. P. R. ticket office. \$100 A YEAR WILL PURCHASE A fifty-acre farm in the township of Dawn, county of Lambton, or will exchange same for city property. Tennent, McDonagh & Coloridge, London,

P. Walsh's Bulletin.

200 Victoria street—A large frame cottage, 7 rooms, lot 50x150 feet; at a bargain. Owner leaving the city.

15 Thornton avenue—A new 1½-story frame house, 6 rooms, lot 50x150 feet; price \$800.

24 Stanley street—A splendid 2-story frame house, on brick foundation, good lot; price \$1,600.

\$800 Maitland street—A new 1½-story brick house, stone foundation, 8 rooms, good lot; price \$1,650.

King street—A large 3-story brick factory, having a frontage of 40x102 feet; at a bargain.

John street—Two frame cottages, 6 rooms each, rented at \$11 per month; the two for \$1,100. A snap.

\$1,100. A snap.

1,081 Florence street—A neat frame cottage,
in good order, frame barn, let 52x175 feet; price reduced to \$600.

637 Elias street—A neat frame cottage. 6
rooms, in good order, frame barn, lot 50x150
feet; inspection invited, Owner leaving the

feet; inspection invited, Owner leaving the city.

289 Dundas street—Two frame cottages, with a frontage of 66 feet, next to the McCormick Mfg. Co.; price \$75 per foot.

Those grand lots on Piccadilly and Waterloo streets are now offered for sale to the building public, which is now the most eligible residential property north of the Park. We invite inspection. Our prices are right.

Romember those cheap lots on the Hamilton road and Redan street: we have some yet to dispose of. Those looking for cheap property in this locality should apply at once. We have also got five cheap lots on corner of Rectory and Simcoe streets. This neighborhood is building up fast.

building up fast.

Phone 1021. P. WALSH, 110 Dundas St. EARLY IN THE SEASON WE PREDICTED that the real estate market in city realty would be extremely active, and the many transactions on the local market prove that our prognostication was well founded. Even through our office alone over \$100,000 worth of real estate has been sold. The tendency among buyers is still towards further investments. The extremely low rates now being paid on savings bank deposits will have a tendency also of increasing investments in real estate. To meet this looked-for demand we have secured a number of very eligible properties. We can only mention a few in this list, but if you will a number of very eligible properties. We can only mention a few in this list, but if you will call at our office we will be pleased to give you full particulars of any property you think might be suitable for your requirements. We mention a few:

mention a few: Dundas street-One of the best retail business blocks in the city, making returns of 8 per cent on investment. Price, \$30,000.

Queen's avenue—A very fine 2-story brick residence, containing all modern appointments.

Price, \$3,200. Will bring in a rental of 8 per cent per annum. Piccadilly street—2-story brick residence, containing 8 or 9 rooms; large lot. Price, \$1,850 for immediate purchase. Will pay over 8 per

York street—14-story brick residence, containing 8 rooms. Price, \$900. Will pay 10 per cent on investment. Piccadilly street—2-story brick residence, containing all modern appointments; slate roof; built in 1896; a beautiful home at a low figure. Price, \$2,700.

King street, near Wellington—2-story brick residence, all modern improvements, includ-ing hot water heating; assessed \$3,500. Price on application. Dundas street—Large 2-story brick residence, containing 11 rooms, all modern appointments, including hot water heating. Will pay 7 per cent.

pay 7 per cent.

Central avenue—That very eligible building site, occupying the northeast corner of Central avenue and Wellington street; will divide into two lots if desired. When this lot is gone you cannot duplicate it; overlooks the Park. Lots are getting scarce—secure it now.

Wellington street. Choice building the contraction of Wellington street—Choice building lot, west side, near Hyman street; City Trust survey, lying between the residences of Mr. Magee and Major Hayes. This is a fine lot at a low price price.

Also a large number of vacant lots, ranging in price from \$100 to \$3,000 each, and cottages ranging in price from \$500 to \$2,000. Money advanced to purchose property, build, remodel or pay off old loans. No trouble to show property or give information. A. A. CAMPBELL, Real Estate, Loans and Investments,

Molsons Bank Buildings. C. H. Armitage, Field Manager. Telephone 642. London Real Estate Agency.

To rent—No. 481 Queen's avenue, 6 rooms, in first-class repair; good 509 Richmond. street, 6 rooms; large 6 finest part of the city. Also 5 roomed house, Central avenue, near 4 delaids street.

Pine pullding sites—Southwest corner of Piccadilly and Waterloo streets, property lately purchased by Sisters of St. Joseph. Double brick dwelling and brick cottage; low prices; easy terms. easy terms.

Renwick estate-Choice lots in this estate adjoining new Presbyterian Charch. Fine or namental and fruit trees; property tecreasing in value. See th.

No. 22 Queen's avenue—The brish residence of Samuel Wright Eq., let 60x330; choice from barn; first-class location; will be added to the pain.

An Outside View.

Mr. S. M. Wickett, B.A., Ph.D., Lecturer on Political Economy in the University of Toronto, recently came to London for the purpose of looking into the strike from the standpoint of one interested in the working out of modern social and economic questions. The results of his observation appeared in yesterday's Toronto Globe in the form of a signed letter. One does not need in toto to indorse Mr. Wickett's views, while admitting the moderation and fairness which pervade his letter, and observing with interest his philosophy of such temporary economic disturbances as that through which London is now passing. We give in this issue some selections from Mr. Wickett's letter.

Mr. Wickett is by no means disposed to say, were a full arbitration or mediation to be held, that either party to the controversy would get all its own way. As to arbitration itself, Mr. Wickett apparently thinks something of the kind the best, if not the only way out.

With such a view The Advertiser can have no fault to find. In fact, this journal, from the beginning of the dispute, has persistently advocated full and fair arbitration, or mediation, or whatever it might be termed. At the Opera House meeting, two months ago, being called on to speak, the founder of The Advertiser in a moderate address gave his judgment that the only settlement likely to be right, and therefore permanent, would be a settlement arrived at through "consultation, conciliation and arbitration." A similar view was taken by the same speaker at the Board of Trade meeting. The same view has been re-

Notice to Creditors. Creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of Margaret Carney, late of the city of London, in the county of Middlesex, spinster, who died on or about the first day of June, 1899, are, on or before the first day of August, 1899, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Macbeth & Macpherson, of No. 57 Dundas street, London, Ontario, solicitors for the Rev. James G. Stuart, of London, aforesaid, the executor of the deceased, their Christian and surparticulars of their claims, a statement

of their securities, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them. And notice is hereby given that the said executor will, on the first day of August, proceed to distribute the assets of the estate of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice. Dated this twenty-fourth day of

June, 1899. MACBETH & MACPHERSON, . Solicitors for the said estate.

80i-tvttt AUCTION SALE

Of Real Estate, No. 878 Wellington Street, on Tuesday, Aug. 1st. NEIL COOPER has been instructed to offer for sale at his auction room, 241 Dundas street, a modern residence. Call and examine for yourself. You can own this property cheaper than you can rent; terms easy. Sale at 8 p.m. NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer. 98c t

AU CTION SALE

Of Real Estate on Monday, July 31, at 1027 Florence Street, East London. NEIL COOPER will offer for sale a two-story frame house with large lot and large barn, also vacant lot 50x150 or more, near car works and street railway; will be sold cheap and en easy terms. Sale at 6:30 on the premises.

4c txt NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF FARM LANDS

IN LONDON TOWNSHIP. THERE WILL BE OFFERED FOR SALE There will be offered for Salle
by public auction, on Saturday, July
29, 1399, at 2 o'clock p.m., by Mr. J. W.
Jones, auctioneer, at his auction rooms, 242
Dundas street, London the following lands'
namely: The south half of lot No. 8, in the tenth
concession of the Township of London, in the
County of Middlesex, containing one hundred
nares, more or less.

County of Middlesex, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

The soil is clay loam, excellent quality, and well drained; about twenty acres wood, the remainder being cleared and in a good state of cuitivation. There is a good stone dwellinghouse, large bain, 50x36 feet, in good repair. The farm is situated at the junction of the Siloam side road and the tenth concession line, about ten miles from the City of London. Convenient to school and church.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent at the time of sale, and the balance of the purchase money payable in thirty days. Part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

J. W. Jones, auctioneer; T. W. Scandrett, vendor's solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London, Ont.

Chattel Mortgage Sale Of Household Furniture at Jones' Auction Rooms, Tuesday, July 25,

at 10:30 a.m. COMPRISING ESTY ORGAN, square piano, beam scales, lady's saddle, boy's saddle, rattan chairs, parlor suites, sofas, easy chairs, over-mantels, sideboard, dining tables and chairs, book cases, book shelves, center tables, bureaus, hall stands, hanging lamps, bedroom suites, bedsteads, springs, mattresses, camp bed, wash stands, sewing machines, child's crib, baths, baby carriages, whatnots, blinds, carpets, oil stoves, baseburners, cook stoves, etc. Ne reserve.

J. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

TAXES 1899.

NOTION IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE tax collecter will be in his office, City Hall, on and after July 20, to receive taxes of 1898. To be solitied to full discount, taxes must be paid on or before Sist inst, after which take percentage will be charged on first installment man impaid. De not put off payment to the less day.

The Teeth

Use the most refreshing, agreeable and beneficial dentifrice ever placed before the public.

Odontine (Cairneross & Lawrence) is a delightful substitute for tooth powder. Keeps the teeth pearly white, the breath sweet, the gums healthy, and prevents decay.

Odontine is recommended by dentists and physicians as the ideal dentifrice. Price, 25 cents. Every bottle of the genuine bears the name of Cairneross & Lawrence.

peatedly advocated by The Advertise since the men went out on strike on the 22nd of May.

That view, in favor of full and fair arbitration, or mediation, or whatever one likes to call it—to be undertaken with the idea not of debating abstractions or ancient history, but of adjusting the actual differences, and getting the men back to work-such an arbitration or mediation The Advertiser as strongly advocates today as it did two months ago. Such an arbitration, conducted by men of tact, and with honest desire to find a way, would be along the line equally of Christianity and of common-sense, which are not, after all, contradictory, as some seem

to suppo. Judge Finkle, of Woodstock, according to the Sentinel-Review, has been giving out official information to one newspaper, and withholding it from another, according to his own good pleasure, as if such information was his private property. The Sentinel-Review properly and pointedly brings up his honor with a round turn.

"The Man With the Hoe" has just as much right to the presumption that he is innocent until he has been found guilty, and as much right to respectfull treatment, as the man who owns aw-hammer coat.

Troops Have Gone to Their Homes in Peace.

And Will Resume Their Civil Avoca tions After an Enforced Holiday -Col. Holmes Is Glad.

"The brave old Duke of York,
He had ten thousand men;
He marched them up to the top of the hill,
And he marched them down again." London is no longer under martial law. The outside troops, who have been quartered on the city were all mustered out this morning by order of Col. Holmes, D. O. C., in compliance with the requisition eigned by Mayor Wilson, Ald. Wilkey and Ald. Mc-Phillips, which was published in yesterday's Advertiser, and was presented to the commanding officer last night.
The men from the Twenty-first Essex Battalion left this morning for Windsor at 11:25, via C. P. R.

The cavalry, consisting of No. 1
squadron of the First Hussars, were
disbanded at the barracks at about 11

o'clock this morning, and after marching down town in a body, dispersed to their homes. Col. Holmes, speaking to The Advertiser this morning, said he was ex-tremely glad to have done with the matter. It had been an awful bore. He hoped now to be able to get a couple of

\$50,000 A YEAR FOR SPARROWS. Paw Paw, Mich., July 22.-Sparrow bounty paid in this county for the halfyear represents more than 15,000 birds. Basing an average on Van Buren figures the state pays out \$50,000 a year

Light-Weight

for the destruction of sparrows.

For Summer Wear. Look light, made light

and feel light and cool

Merchant Tailors.

Phone 844 399 Richmond St. 0000000000000000

Help From Canada

Cecil Rhodes Thinks There Is No Chance of an Anglo-Transvaal War.

Britain Will Maintain the Strength of Her Pleets-Anthrax Spreading in Sweden-Milan's Cruelty-Farewell to Wyndham.

London, July 22. - During the consideration of the war office vote, dealing with the subject of recruiting, Mr. George Wyndham, parliamentary secretary to the war office, and member for Dover, referring to the reproaches leveled against the government for not entering into some agreement with the colonies, said it was difficult to approach the colonies on the subject unless they displayed a disposition to volunteer their assistance in sharing the burdens of the empire. At the present moment, however, proposals were being submitted for Canada's consideration, the nature of which he could not now indicate.

FOUR MEN KILLED.

London, July 22.-The explosion or the Bullfinch, on the Solent, during her trial trip, killed four of those on board and injured eleven others. It was the worst naval accident of this nature that has occurred in the British navy in 20 years. The victims were terribly injured, steam and scalding water filling the boiler room. The Bullfinch is one of the latest designed 30-knot torpedo-boat destroyers.

NO LIKELIHOOD.

Cape Town, July 22,-In the course of his reply to an address of welcome at Claremont, Mr. Cecil Rhodes, for-merly premier of Cape Colony, declared that there was not the slightest chance of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal Republic breaking out,

BRITAIN'S POLICY. London, July 22. — in the House of commons, discussing the shipbuilding vote, the Right Hon. George J. Goschen, first lord of the admiralty, said that there had been no change in the policy of foreign governments, and so there was nothing to induce the British Government to change theirs, which was to maintain equality with the fleets of Russia and France, in whose programmes, however, he saw no menace to England. Alluding to the use of electricity in the navy, Mr. Goschen said:
"Both the United States and Japan are now navy powers sufficiently important to make us think we ought to have a naval attache in those countries. As attache to the embassy at Washington, we are going to appoint an officer especially competent to deal

with electrical matters."

CRUEL MILAN. Every day's news from Belgrade, regarding the treatment of alleged conspirators against ex-King Milan is horrifying. Many imprisoned Radicals are dungeons are unsanitary, and their prison fare is most meager. Ex-King Milan, who is responsible for this cruelty, perpetrated in the name of his son, sed-ulously nurses the fletion that his life is in constant peril. "I am sure," he is said to have remarked to Alexander yesterday, "that the assassins are just at the beginning of their attempts on

my life." I will destroy these evils from the root and will tranquilize Servia," Alexander is said to have replied.

THE VENEZUELA BOUNDARY. Maitre Prevest opened the case for Venezuela at yesterday's sitting of the British-Venezuelan boundary arbitra-tion commission. Maitre Prevost cited authorities on international law to show that the right of discovery gives prior rights under laws, which, claimed, Spain fulfilled. Spain had occupied and settled points on all the important rivers between the Orinoco and the Amazon in 1630.

ANTHRAX SPREADING.

The epidemic of anthrax prevailing emong the cattle on the Island of Gothland is spreading in a most alarming manner. Forty parishes have bebeings who had contracted the disease are recorded. The military maneuvers, which were to have been held in West Gothland, have been countermanded. Soldiers have been stationed to guard the roads in the infected districts, with orders to prevent people leaving

THE EMPRESS AUGUSTA. Empress Augusta Victoria, who met with an accident on Tuesday last, while on an excursion to St. Bartholoma, on the Koenig Zee, is progressing favorably towards recovery.

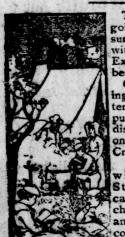
MR. TARTE IN PARIS. Paris, July 22 .- President Loubet yesterday afternoon received the Hon. Joseph I. Tarte, the Canadian minister

of public works. WYNDHAM'S FAREWELL,

London, July 22.-A crowded and brilliant audience, including the Prince of Wales, the Duchess of York, Princess Victoria of Wales, Prince Christian, a host of titled personages, and Miss

CAMPERS

Should take with them a supply of Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry.



Those who intend going camping this summer should take

ing cold, drinking wa-ter that is not always pure, or eating food that disagrees, may bring on an attack of Colic. Cramps and Diarrhoea. Prompt treatment with Dr. Fowler's Strawberry in such cases relieves the pain, checks the diarrhœa and prevents serious

consequences. Don't take chances of spoiling a whole summer's outing through neglect of putting a bottle of this great diarrhoad doctor in with your. olies. But see that it's the genuine Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, as most of the imitations are highly dan-

Mackay and Miss Wyndham, assembled at the Criterion to witness Mr. Charles Wyndham's farewell. The play presented was "Rosemary." At the close of the performance Mr. Wyndham, in a pretty speech, referred to his 23 years' connection with the Criterion, and al-

luded tenderly to his old comrades and colleagues.

It is announced that the house, which usually only holds £220, last evening held £1,474, which will be devoted to the Prince of Wales' hospital fund. At the conclusion of Mr. Wyndham's speech the orchestra played "Auld Languages."

Hicks-Beach Defends the Government's Policy.

Mr. Chamberlain Explains the Future of the Country

Ar Egg Sold at Auction for \$1,600-Twins Killed by a Cat.

London, July 22.—Mr. Chamberlain explained in the House of Commons the future of Nigeria under the new bill. The territory will be divided into three governorships-Lagos, Southern Nigeria and Northern Nigeria, the last named under the governorship of Colonel Lugard, who, in spite of Chamberlain's recent personal explanation about the holdings of the Niger Company stock, still directs the passage of a bill of customs for the three districts identical with the annual deficit expected. But, trade improving with the removal of the company's monopoly of trade, it soon develops that the sale of spirits is prohibited in the northern district, but not altogether in the other two, because other trade would be ruined by prohibition.

Domestic slavery existed, said Mr. Chamberlain, but it could not be im-

mediately abolished. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach objected to the criticism of the bill on the part of stingy "Little Englanders," who forgot that the Niger Company had opened up a great artery through West Africa, which otherwise would now be

under Germany or France.

Altogether the bill is to pay the company nearly four and a half million dollars for its rights in Nigeria. While pursuing the invariable British custom, it gives the opposition another chance of effective attack on the Administration. It is unfortunate for the government that all its recent attempts at legigislation hit the pockets of the taxpayers.

SOLD FOR \$1,500. London, July 22.-The sensational sale of a great auk's egg, the property of Baron d'Hamonville, took place yesterday afternoon. Although disfigured by a small crack, the egg fetched 300 guineas, which is the record price for an egg. The purchaser, a hotel-keeper named Middlebrook, having a small

already has three auk's eggs therein. STOLE A THRONE. Rome, July 22.—Burglars entered a building near the palace during the exposition at Turin and stole the throne used by the kings at the official receptions held at Turin.

museum in his hotel in Regent's Park,

CAT KILLED THE TWINS. Vienna, July 22.—The feline pet of many homes has appeared in a new many homes has appeared in a new and dreadful character at Markranstaedt. Little twins, a few months old, were there left alone in a room with the cat, which had long been the pet of the family.

The horror of the mother may be imagined when, on coming back, she found that the cat had killed both the babies. One had been smothered, and the other had been killed by the shock caused by the wounds which the cat

had inflicted. CANNOT GET DRIVERS. London, July 22.—The Electric Cab Company has dismissed its employes and closed its yeard, chiefly in conse-quence of the difficulty it has had in finding drivers for the vehicles.

WAZIRIS CAUSH TROUBLE. Simla, July 22. The Waziris made an attack upon a political officer at tached to Col. Watson's baggage train at Wano yesterday. One man belong-ing to the train was killed. Several shots were fired at Watson near Sar-wekai, but none of them took effect. The troops are pursuing the Waziris.

AFLOAT AGAIN. London, July 22.—At the office of the British Admiralty it is stated that the British cruiser Bonaventure, reported ashore in a bad position at Cornilov, has been floated and is now en route to Nagasaki. From that place the Bona-venture will proceed to Hong Kong for repairs. It is assumed that the cruiser suffered no serious damage by ground-

WINNING PRIZES

Canadians Keep Up Their Good Record Made at Bisley.

Bisley Camp, July 21.—Fresh bonors came to the Canadians today, and Surgeon-Lieut. Bertram, 'Seventy-seventh Battalion, has distinguished himself again. In the contest for the corporation of the city of London's prize of £25, offered to the colonial or Indian volunteer making the highest score in the grand aggregate competiwith them Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Getting wet, catching cold, drinking was as the colonials, but was at the top of the the colonials, but was at the top of the list, over every competitor, and as a consequence the Dominion of Canada challenge trophy, presented to the National Rifle Association by the councli of the Dominion Rifle Association, along with the N. R. A. gold cross and £20. falls into the possession of Ber-tram. Capt. R. Rennie, of the Queen's Own, though unfortunate in failing to win in the tie that he was called on to shoot off for first place in the Graphic, got a sufficient number of points in shooting off the tie for second place to give him the second prize, which con-sists of three sketches in frames and

> Yesterday's shooting in the Daily Telegraph Cup took place. Sergt. Crowe came in 52nd; Pte. R. Fleming, 63rd, and Lieut. A. Robertson, 42nd, each securing £2. Capt. Wetmore did better. ranking 27th.

and winning £3. This competition was at 600 yards, seven shots. Ptc. Sharpe, of Kingston, got 6th place in the Daily Graphic shooting, which took place today. He was awarded three sketches, in frame, and £5. Sharpe's score was 34. Surgeon-Lieut. Bertram also made 34, but only got 10th place, his prize being two sketches and £5. Major J. H. Boss, 13th Battalion, made 34, coming 21st on the list, and winning two sketches and £5.

For the cup donated by the Canada Club, through Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Sergt.-Major Huggins headed the list in the Canadian team, and was awarded the prize. The decision is reached through the figures in several competitions, the members of the Canadian team ranking the highest getting the cup.

of the Canadian team ranking the highest getting the cup.

In the Daily Graphic event, Capt. J.

H. Weatherbee also wins a prize, standing 100th and getting £1. Lieut.

Blair scored 47 in the Thorburn, 46 in the Handsworth, and 44 in the Kyngob and will likely win the Wingraya. noch, and will likely win the Wingrove Cup, which is awarded to the competitor who makes the highest aggregate in the three matches named. In the Thorburn the shooting was at 800 yards, with ten shots. In the Handsworth the shots numbered the same, but the range was 900 yards. One thousand yards was the range in the thousand yards was the range in the Kynoch, with ten shots.

Shooting today in the Steward, Pte. J. H. Simpson scored a possible. The range was 200 yards, seven shots. The first prize in this competition is a nickel-plated telescope, valued at £21; £45 is also divided among the prize-

winners. Canada competed in the MacKinnon Cup squadded competition, but failed to reach the top, ending next to last.

Patrone of a Summer Hotel Have . Narrow Escape

Montreal Church Struck by Lightning plenty of money to spend for things and Destroyed.

Nantasket Beach, Mass., July 22,-The Park House on Atlantic Hill was the n being dawn today. The patrons of the hotel narrowly escaped. The loss was estimated at from \$25,000 to \$30,000. Partially incured

ally insured.

Montreel, July 22.—The wildest and most prolonged lightning and thunderstorm experienced in many years passed over the city between 12 and 5 o'clock yesterday morning. There appeared to be three distinct electrical storms. The rainfall was exceptionally While the first of the storms was in progress the Roman Catholic Church at Cote St. Paul, a western su-burb, was struck by lightning and

Smith's Falls, Ont., July 22.—As the result of being struck by lightning the stable and sheds of Mrs. John Campbell, of South Elmsley, three miles from here, were destroyed by fire, with the

contents. Loss, about \$800.
The outbuildings of John Cross, about three miles from Easton's Corners, were also totally destroyed about the same time. Two barns, one belonging to John Cobourn, jun., and the other to Michael Norwood, at Wertfort, were struck by lightning and totally de-stroyed, together with a portion of this season's crops. Hail also did much damage.

LYNCH LAW

Terrible Outcome of a Quarrel-Five Italians Hanged by a Mob.

Tallulah, La., July 22. — The grand jury which investigated the lynching of five Italians reported last night as "It is evident from the facts follows: brought to our knowledge that the men who were lynched had formed a conspiracy to assassinate Dr. Hodges, and the mob, learning of the facts, took the law into their own hands. After diligent inquiry we have not been able to learn the names or identity of any of the men composing the mob."

Dr. Hodges, a prominent citizen of Fallulah, quarreled with an Italian. The latter secured a shotgun and mortally wounded Dr. Hodges. The shooting created intense excitement. A mob immediately captured the would-be as sassin and five of his friends, strung them all up to trees and filled their bodies with buckshot. Tallulah is a small town in Madison parish, 17 miles

A HAMILTON LITERALIST

Owner of a Big Departmental Store Filled Up With a Fad.

(Hamilton Herald.)

Although few Herald readers will be likely to agree with Frederick W. Watkins in his conviction that Saturday, as the seventh day of the week, should be strictly observed as the Sabbath day, all will be inclined to respect him for having the courage of his conviction, as shown by his determination to keep his great store closed from sundown on Friday to sundown on Saturday. Heretofore Mr. Watkins has closed the store on Saturday afternoons during the summer months for a philanthropic reason-to allow his employes a half-holiday; now he will keep it closed all day through a religious motive, opening it for two hours after 8 p.m. It is to be hoped Mr. Watkins will not interpret the Fourth Commandment so literally as to feel himself compelled to obey the injunction, "six days shalt thou labor," as well as the command to rest on the seventh day. That might bring him into collision with the Lord's Day observance act.

Heavy field ice and many icebergss are reported outside Belle Isle Straits.

This word is our copyrighted guarantee of Purity and Strength. All goods with this trade mark are standard and fully warranted for their several purposes.

Persiatic Cloth and Carpet Powder is used by Cloth & leading furriers to protect their goods from moths. It is recegnized as a sterling article for this purpose and also for use on carpets and upholstered goods. It should be in the hands of every house-wife on the occasion of packing away the winter woolens, or during the Spring house cleaning for use on curtains, hangings, etc. At all druggists, or send to us for it. 25c.

The Pickhardt - Renfrew Co., Limited, Stouffville. Ont.

London's Fashionables Leaving for the Continent.

Now That the Queen and Cour Have Gone to Osborne.

Brilliant Marriages Have Aided the Successful Season.

Great Gathering of Dog-Loving Ladies -Extraordinary Disclosures - The Heat in London-The Queen Indulges in a Sherry Cobbler.

[Special London Cable Letter to The Advertiser.]

London, July 22.—Now that the Queen and court have gone to Osborne, the rest of the fashionable world will soon flit to the continent or the grousemoors. The Prince of Wales will end the London season on Monday, after which he will visit in the neighborhood of Goodwood and attend the races there. Later in the week, the prince will go to Cowes, where he will remain a fortnight on board the royal yacht Osborne. From Cowes his royal highness will go to Marienbad. The season has been the most prosperous that has been experienced in recent years. The tradesmen have had rich

that are not necessaries of life. The best evidence of the prevailing prosperity, however, is the abnormal sale of pictures at the Royal Academy, the number sold and the prices realized being far above the average, although the productions themselves were below

BRILLIANT MARRIAGES.

A series of brilliant marriages have materially assisted business, as can be judged by the list of costly gifts at the marriage on Thursday of the Marquess of Tullibardine, and the daughter of Sir James Ramsay, which almost rivalled those of the Crewe-Primrose nuptials as a rich social function. Costly and novel presents were fairly showered

upon the bride and bridegroom.

The Prince of Wales sent the bride a beautiful adaptation of the late Parisian fad of allowing chained living creatures to wander about the wearer's shoulders. This adaptation consists of a small brooch-pin, with a large central pearl, to which is attached by gold chains, set with pearls, large jeweled flies, one of diamonds and emeralds, and another of diamonds and rubies, each of which is fastened to the dress like a brooch.

A ROYAL WEDDING.

The approaching marriage of Crown Prince Danilo, of Montenegro, and Princoss Jutta, of Mecklenburg-Stretlitz will be celebrated with splendor unprecedented in the land of the Black Mountains. The bride will arrive at Antavari, on Monday, and her formal conversion to the Greek orthodox faith will occur a few hours later in a pri vate house specially consecrated for the There is only a bridle-path purpose. from Antivari to Cettinje, and the princess will therefore perform the journey to the Montenegrin capital on horseback. She will be accompanied by her future brother-in-law, the Prince of Naples, whose wife is Princess Helene of Montenegro. The prospective bride and her suite will enter Cettinje on Wednesday next, and the wedding will take place on the following day Great festivals are being prepared in honor of the event.

DOG-LOVING LADING.

The enthusiasin which marked the inaugural meeting of the International Kennel Club, on Wednesday, at Stafford House, St. James, S. W., which the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland have loaned for the occasion, promises well for the future of the club. The objects of the club are: Through a powerful combination of representative owners from all parts of the world, to effect improvements in national breeds and to raise the tone of dog-owning and dog-showing. Lord Alger-non Lennox presided, and many wellknown ladies who are dog lovers were present. The Prince of Wales had promised the club his patronage. Among the national presidents appointed were the following: The Duke of Mari-borough, England; Mr. James Gordon Bennett, United States; Baron Strathcona and Mount Royal, Canada; the Earl of Dunraven, Wales.

EXTRAORDINARY DISCLOSURES. Extraordinary disclosures were made this week in the course of an action for debt tried at Brackley, which have an interest for Americans, as they concern church affairs at Sulgrave, a Northamptonshire village, which is visited annually by scores of Americans on account of local memorials of the Washington family. The parish clerk sued the church wardens for 30 shillings—two months' salary. The debt was not disputed, but the poverty of the church was releaded as the reason the church was pleaded as the reason for the non-payment of even this pittance. The judge animadverted strongly upon the vicar's disgraceful conduct, adding that there must be many wealthy Americans who would gladly have subscribed hundreds of pounds to perpetuate the memory of Washington if they had known the parish was so poor.

HOT WEATHER IN LONDON. The heat throughout the week, both in England and on the continent, has been unprecedented. While the mercury has not approached American records, Americans who have arrived eords, Americans who have arrived here recently say that it is hotter here than at home. The clearest evidence of the heat, however, and one which most impresses Englishmen, is the fact that in certain courts the judges informed lawyers that they could dispense with the wearing of wigs. The judicial permission was gratefully accepted. In spite of the heat the Queen, on Thursday, drove twelve miles to a garden party bazar, which the Duchess of Connaught had which the Duchess of Connaught had organized for the restoration of a church. The Queen visited all the stalls, and made numerous purchases at the American stall, over which Countess Coke and the Countess Dud-Countess Coke and the Countess Dud-ley presided. Her Majesty also tasted a real American sherry cobbler through a straw. Jaggers, the message boy, who was on duty at one of the stalls, was presented to the Queen, who ques-tioned him about his American trip.

Western

London, Sept. 7 to 16, 1899. .

ENTRIES CLOSE SEPT. 6.

GREAT preparations are being made to meet the ever-increasing demand for space. Machinery Hall doubled in capacity. Agricultural, Horticultural and Dairy Hall enlarged and made into one immense building. Exhibitors should make

their applications early. Space alletted Aug. 1.

Special features will be first-class. Send for Prize List.

Booths and privileges will be sold on the grounds, on Wednesday, Aug. 23, 2 p.m.

LIEUT-COL. W. M. GARTSHORE, President.

J. A. NELLES, Secretary.

WIVES

IF ANY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY DRINKS, the tasts for liquor can be removed permanently by giving Samaria Prescription (tasteless) secretly in food or drink. Failure impossible, Pamphlet, testimonials, particulars free. Correspondence confidential. Write The SAMARIA REMEDY CO., Toronto, Ont.

Rich, Delicate Flavor

For the breakfast porridge Tillson's Flake Barley in hot weather. For the dessert at dinner-Flake Barley pudding, no matter whether the weather be hot or cold.

Flake Barley is an ideal substitute for rolled oats-its flavor is delicious. Even the weakest stomach digests it easily-best grocers sell it by the pound.

Tillson's 'Flake Barley.

The Tillson Co'y, Limited, Tilsonburg, Ont.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS BEGAN AT SUNRISE

Manitoba's Legislature has pro-Picton corporation will have an electric light plant to cost \$15,000.

Straight 5-cent fares are restored in Detroit on the street railways. It is understood that the late Hon. C. A. Geoffrion carried insurance on his life amounting to about \$50,000. The National Iron Molders, in con-

vention at Indianapolis, selected Toronto as the place of next meeting. Constable Deanley, in charge of the canteen of the Northwest Mounted Police, dropped dead in the canteen at Calgary on Friday. He came from

The Montreal police have been asked to look out for Wallace Graham, of Chicago, who is a defaulter to the tune of \$75,000. Graham was born near Montreal.

Burglars at Bobcaygeon took cutlery and silverware from A. G. Bot-tum's hardware store and left \$500 in the safe, the door of which was partly blown off.

Thomas Connors, of Stratford, was struck by freight train No. 91, westbound, on Thursday, and was picked up unconscious. He was taken to the hospital and may recover.

The United States National Association of Iron Pump Manufacturers, re-presenting 22 factories throughout the United States, agreed to make a small advance in the price of pumps.

The little 9-year-old daughter of Mr. Nathan Sloves, watchmaker and jeweler, of Montreal, Que., was kill-ed by falling out of the window of her home. She was playing on a table near the window. During a heavy thunderstorm which

passed over Waterford, Ont., on Friday, the barns of John Thompson, half a mile from town, were struck by lightning and burned to the ground. Hail smashed many skylights. James Ross, the wealthy colored farmer of Sandwich East, who was brutally assaulted and robbed on a

lonely road at midnight on Tuesday last, is dead. Levi Stewart (colored), aged 28, is held for murder. On Thursday, for the second time inside of two weeks, Geo. Watt. Selkirk

street, was bothered with burglars. A neighbor saw lights in the dining-room, and knowing Mr. Watt was not at home, drove the men away. Toronto building returns show re-

markable activity. During the past half-year, factories and extensions thereto totaled in the building commissioner books at \$288,300, the highest figure in the city's recent history.

The British steamer John Bright, from Batasian, via Quebec, July 14, for London, with lumber and general cargo, has arrived at St. Johns, Nfld., with her bow stove in by a collision with an iceberg in the Straits of Belle Isle. John McCoig. Chatham, has sold his interests in the celebrated quicksilver mines in Colorado to an English syndicate for \$4,500,000. Mr. McCoig has been located in that country for the last 25 years, and formerly resided in Chat-

An appropriation for automobiles to gather mails at first class postoffices will be asked when the United States Congress again convenes. Permission to use the present \$410,000 horse hire fund for buying the machines will be requested.

The advisory board of architects of the Pan-American Exhibition, Buffalo, have decided upon the block plan, setting forth the location of the buildings and spectacular features of the exposition, as well as the general style of

architecture and coloring. Gov. Pingree handed to the Associated Press a prepared, signed interview, giving what the governor asserts to be facts bearing upon the relations between Gen. Alger and President Mc-Kinley. The governor says: "I have no hesitation in saying that the course pursued by the president in this matter is little less than cowardly. It is to say the least, very unmanly."

8,000 Delegates Attend Epworth Lead gue Meeting in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, July 22.—The first sun-rise prayer meeting of this convention was held at 6:30 yesterday morning by the Epworth Leaguers in Monument Place. Probably 2,000 delegates congregated on the west side of the esplan-ade and clustered about the fountain. At the subsequent session about 8,000

In Tomlinson Hall the first meeting was devoted to the discussion of spiritual work. Rev. W. A. Frye, of Kalamazoo, Mich., presided. In the opera house, the department of charity, mercy and help was conducted by W. F. Goreth, New York. Other departmental conferences were held in the various churches. Evangelistic services were conducted in the tent by Rev. Dr. L. Munhall, Germantown, Pa. The entire morning session was devoted to addresses. There was no afternoon ses-

AGED 104 YEARS. Chatham, Ont., July 22.-Mrs. William Barry died on Thursday in the Home for the Friendless, aged 104 years. Deceased was a slave in Virginia. She had resided in Chatham for over 40

HOT SPELL AT PIERRE. S. D. Pierre, S. D., July 21.—Today was the hottest day of the season, the government record showing a maximum of 103° at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Hot winds are blowing from the south, and unless relief comes soon small grain is likely to be badly damaged. DIED FROM A RATTLESNAKE

BITE. Pontiac, Mich., July 22. - Thomas Barnett was bitten by a rattlesnake here late last evening. Before he got help the poison spread through his system and he died. His brother is pastor of the First Baptist Church.

SENATOR SANFORD'S WILL. Hamilton, July 22.-Senator Sanford'€ will leaves nothing to charity, the estate being left practically to Mrs. Sanford and her two daughters, with the provision for Mrs. Jackson Sanford and daughter, and legacies to his nephews and nieces. The deceased was of the opinion that the Ontario Government takes sufficient in succession duties for all charitable purposes. Yesterday the private services over the remains of the late senator were held in the cemetery chapel. Members of the family and intimate friends were in attendance. Rev. Geo. F. Salton and Prof. Reynar conducted the services, which were simple but impressive. The body will remain in the chapel for about week, when the mausoleum will be ready to receive it.

CARI

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Wills' English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of con-tents of bottle, they do not relieve Con-stipation and Headache. We also war-rant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate case of Con-stipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Wills' English Pills are used. J. Callard, chemist, 390 Richmond street, London, Ont.

B. A. Mitchell, Chemist, Gothic Hall, London, Ont. W. T. Strong & Co., Chemists, 184 Dundas street, London, Ont. E. W. Boyle, Druggist, 652 Dundas street, London, Ont. J. G. Shuff, Chemist, 540 Dundas street. London, Ont. H. J. Childs, Druggist, 632 Dundas

street, London, Ont. C. McCallum, Druggist, London, Ont. N. W. Emerson, druggist, 120 Dundast street, London Ont. N. I. McDermid, Druggist, corner Dundas and Wellington streets, Lon-

don, Ont. W. S. B. Barkwell, Chemist, corner Dundas and Wellington streets, Lon-

Anderson & Nelles, Druggists, 24 Dundas street, Lendon, Ont. 7435 t

2 One- Off COLORED DRESS GOODS

One table of Colored Dress Goods, plain and fancy, your choice for

25c YARD.

Every piece in this lot is worth from 50c to 75c per yard, but starting Monday morning they are to be sold at 25c yard.

Don't forget the good value we are showing in Print Wrappers at

49c EACH.

Come and See the Bargains at

CHAPMAN'S

126-128 Dundas Street.

Couldn't Find M'Cann

Champions Were Up Against It at Hamilton.

Woodstock Reorganized and Will Finish the Season.

Asylum Cricket Team Defeat the Strathroy Delegation.

Londoners Win the Lawn Tennis Game Played at Alvinston.

Entries for Fiel 1 Trials at Chatham-Sporting News of All Sorts.

BASEGALL

[Special to The Advertiser.] Hamilton, July 21.-If Hamilton people were fairly sure of seeing as good ball as today's game every day this city would draw well enough to pay in any league. The Hamiltons played an errorless game, and Pitcher Mc-Cann had the Londons at his mercy all through. The only good hit made off him was Reid's single in the eighth. The two base hits credited to Jones and Schwartz were both easy left field flies, but Schrall was playing very deep for these two hard hitters, and failed to reach the ball in time. Hamilton hit Cooper for twelve hits with a total of eighteen bases.

Schrall scored in the fourth on his own hit, followed by Congalton's single to deep right field, which Lohman juggled just enough to let the hitter get to second, and Schrall scored on the throw to second. In the eighth, with two men out, Hagerty hit for two bases. Collins got a base on balls, and Schrall drove the ball out to left field fence for a homer. The run in the ninth was due to McKevitt's single and steal and Phillips' drive to deep left field, which fell within six inches the chalk line, and which some of the visitors claimed was on the foul side of the line. London's only run was due to two bases on balls, to Lohman and Cooper, and Reed's single. Umpire James McKeever, who had Bates and Schreckengost. just arrived from Pittsburg, gave the best of satisfaction. Score:

	ONDO					
Mohler, 2b	4 4 3	R. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	B.H. 0 1 0 1 1 0	6 2 10 2 2 0 2	4 0 0 2 1 2 1	E. 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
Lohman, r.f Cooper, p	2	1 0	0	3	9	1 0
	30	1	-	27	12	-2
H.	AMILT	ON				
Hagerty, 3b. Collins, 2b. Schrall, 1.f. Niton, 1b. Congaiton, c.f. McKevitt, r.f. Phillips, s.s. Conwell, c. McCann, p.	3 3 3 3 3 3	1 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	B.H. 2 1 2 1 1 0 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	2 0 5 11 3 1 0 5 0 	2 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 3	E. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
London				000		
Two-base hits- Echwartz, Jones. Home run-Schr Sacrifice hits-Co	-Hagert	y ,			3 1- hill	

THE WOODSTOCK CLUB.

Bert Sheere received the following telegram this morning from Cal. Davis, president of the Canadian League: "Woodstock reorganized, and which season out. C. DAVIS." finish season out. Another telegram from Woodstock was as follows:

"Team not disbanded. Will play sea-on out. DARBY O'BRIEN." son out. O'Brien is the Woodstocks' second baseman. The Bain people have sold out to a stock company, and it is probable that O'Brien will manage the team. The news that the league is not to go up will be gladly received in London. It would be a great pity to lose the best ball team the city has

ever had. A telegram from Woodstock says: The Bain Canadian League baseball team was disbanded for only one day. At a meeting held last night a company of business men was formed, which took over the team, Eddy, the center fielder, was appointed manager. The team went to Guelph this morning, and will finish the season out in the Cana-

dian League. EMSLIE'S DECISION DENOUNCED.

In any other National League city but Boston the decision of Emslie, which robbed Collins of a sensational catch, a double play and the opportunity to beat St. Louis in a splendidly close game, would have been greeted by a mob, or an approach to it. Dispatches from Boston simply say: "The decision caused general manifestations of disappointment." Philadelphia was soundly trounced by Louisville, too, so the Quakers didn't gain on Boston. St. Louis moved into fourth place on the victory, New York downing Chicago. Baltimore lost the third straight to the

NATIONAL LEAGUE-FRIDA	Y.	
At Washington (first game)-	0	
Washington R. 3 Cleveland 5 Batteries—Mercer and Duncan;	6 13	6
flower and Schreckengost.		
At Washington (second game)- Washington	7 8	1
Batteries-Dineen and Kitt	rida	re:

At Pittsburg-Pittsburg 6 11 Philadelphia 3 9 Batteries-Chesbro and Schriver; Donahue and McFarland.

EASTERN LEAGUE-FRIDAY. At Rochester-Batteries—Conn and Smink; Felix, G. Bannon and Jacklitz. At Syracuse-Syracuse 3 Batteries-Keenan and O'Neill; Allo- Nov. 1.

way and Rothfuss. At Worcester-Hartford 7 Worcester 3 11 Batteries — Esper and Urquhart; Lampe and Yeager. At Providence-

Providence 6 11 Springfield 1 4 1 Batteries-Evans and Leahy; Mc-Dermott and Phelps. WESTERN LEAGUE-FRIDAY.

At Grand Rapids-Grand Rapids 6, Minneapolis 4. In Indianapolis-Indianapolis 4, Kan-

ASYLUM BEATS STRATHROY. A cricket match was played yesterday on the Asylum orease between Strathroy and a team of the Asylum. Owing to delay in the railway con-nections of the visiting eleven the game did not begin until 1:30, which only allowed the playing of one inning apiece. The Asylum, on going to bat, compiled the score of 146 runs, towards which total England contributed 33; Walker, 21; W. Sippi, 21; H. Bucke, 19; J. Labatt, 17; and F. Reid, 16. On Strathroy going to bat they lost some of their best bats early, 8 wickets being down for 41 runs. The last two men, however, brought the total up to 87 runs by vigorous batting, F. Stewart carrying his bat for 23 runs. J. A. Newton also made the good score of The score:

M. Walker, b Pope Flyn, b Armstrong Burwell, not out Bucke, b Pope 19 Sippi, c Evans, b Dampier 21 Labatt, b Pope Strathroy: L. H. Dampier, b Reid R. F. Richardson, b Reid E. H. Rawlinson, b Reid J. H. McIntosh, c Walker, b England Stevenson, not out Dr. A. S. Thompson, run out 8
F. L. Evans, std, Sippi, b England 4
J. A. Newton, b England 20 Extras 2 AT GALT.

Galt, Ont., July 22.—A cricket match played here yesterday between Toron-to Rosedale club and Galt, resulted in favor of Galt, by 6 wickets. Scores: Toronto, Rosedale, 43 and 72; Galt, 48 and 121 for 5 wickets.

BASEBAL 6 ...il. ..6 ..6 ..6..6..... WOODSTOCK'S TEAM ON STRIKE. Guelph, July 22. — The Woodstock-Guelph game was not played, owing to financial difficulties, the Woodstock team refusing to play until paid wages overdue for the past two weeks. THE AMATEURS.

In a game of baseball at Petrolia yesterday, the result was as follows: Petrolia 10, Wyoming 2. Batteries — McGamwell and Julias; Thomas and

A game of ball last night on St.John's A. C. grounds resulted as follows:

 St. John's A. C.
 8
 8
 2

 Rattlers
 2
 3

 Batteries—Murray and Woolley; Gib
 son and Gibson. Umr es-Friendship

> LAWN TENNIS. LONDONERS WIN.

In the Ontario Tennis League game played at Alvinston yesterday, London won from Alvinston, 4—2. Singles—

Beltz (L.) beat Harvey (A.), 6-4, Bayly (L.) beat Hunt (A.), 1-6, 6-4, McIntyre (A.) beat Canon Dann (L.),

-6, 6-2, 6-3. Lind (L.) beat Cillespie (A.), 6-2, Doubles-

and Hunt (A.) beat Beltz and Lind (L.), 6-4, 6-4.

Dann and Bayly beat Gillespie and McIntyre, 6-0, 2-6, 6-3.

ATHLETICS. EXCITEMENT OVER AN INTER-

NATIONAL EVENT. London, July 21.—The calm preceding a battle marked the eve of the inter-national 'varsity struggle. The demand for seats has long since exhausted the supply, and the exorbitant prices charged by speculators cause the management to refuse all applications, so that tonight £5 and £10 are vainly offered by late comers. The Americans are confident of winning the half-mile, the high jump and throwing the 16pound hammer; three are considered doubtful, the 100 yards and hurdle races, the 440 yards dash, and three are virtually conceded to the Englishmen, the long jump, the mile and the three

> TURF. RACING IN ENGLAND.

London, July 21.-At the second day of the Liverpool July meeting today Mr. P. Buchan's Easethorpe won the Liverpool Cup; Lord Wm. Beresford's Grodno was second; Martin, the American jockey, finished third on Sir R. Waldie Griffith's St. Ia. Eleven horses ran on the cup course, 1 mile and 8 furlongs.

AT GROSSE POINT Detroit, July 22.-A heavy fall of rain yesterday caused the postponement of the trotting race at the Grosse Point track. FRIDAY'S WINNERS.

At St. Louis, Mo .- Clarendo, Devenie, Aunt Mary, Chimura, Moralist and Miss Mae Day. At Hawthorne Park, Chicago-Tile, Unsightly, Gwn Metal, Helen's Pet, Carnaro and Bon Jour.

on Beach, New York-Sakhrat, Wolhurst, Dread, Winepress, Tyrshena and Howard Mann. The first race furnished a chapter of accidents. Timely reared in the paddock, and fell over backwards on her jockey. Mason, who was so badly hurt that Collins had to be substituted. When the field was rounding into the stretch there was a good deal of crowding, and John Feintz fell, throwing Odom heavily. He was picked up and brought back to the paddock in the starter's wagon, and it is feared his leg is broken above the knee or his hip frac-

KENNEL. FIELD TRIALS AT CHATHAM.

Chatham, July 22.—Entries for the eleventh annual derby of the international field trials club closed with 23 nominations of which 17 are English setters, and 6 pointers. Seventeen of the entries are from Ontario and 6 from Michigan. The trials will again be held at Mitchell's Bay. The judges are: Dr. Totten and Montague Smith, of Forest, and J. Gourley Armstrong, of Detroit. The trials begin Tuesday Nov. 14, with the Derby, followed by the all-aged stake, entries for which close

AQUATIC.

C. A. A. A. O. REGATTA. Brockville, Ont., July 22.-The committee of the Brockville Rowing Club have completed arrangements for the C. A. A. A. O. regatta, which will be held here on Aug. 3 and 4. The club will send a crew to Boston for the N. A. O. O. regatta on July 28 and 29, to compete in the senior four (mile and a half) and the intermediate four (mile and a half) events.

SPORTING NOTES. James J. Jeffries, who, by his recent victory over Bob Fitzsimmons, won the title to the heavy-weight pugilistic championship of the world, is enjoy-

ing a week of rest and quiet in the vicinity of Sarnia, Ont. His party intend remaining until the end of the week, and to return in August, when Jeffries will go into training for his contemplated encounter with Sharkey. Pitcher Bailey is still without a home. Manager Selee wired Torreyson the other day that they had better accept his offer of \$250 for the man. They are asking \$300.

They are asking \$300.

One of the most promising young-sters in the league ranks this season is

"Sykes" Crisham, the hustling back-stop of the Baltimores. Old-timers who have closely observed him in his work say he is a natural hitter and every inch a ball player. With Providence last season he led the catchers in fielding, and was above the .300 mark

Green, Black and All Kinds From the Same Bush.

Scientific Method of Making-The Differences Are in the Time Taken for Curing.

[Chicago Tribune.]

Many years ago it was believed that there were two kinds of tea shrubs, one producing green tea and the other black and this idea was handed down in cyclopedias and articles on tea by writers, none of whom probably ever saw a tea tree or knew anything of the manifacture of tea.

The fact is, there is only one genus of plant, Camellia Theifera, from which the tea of commerce is produced, though there are many species produced by difference in soil, climate, hybridization and cultivation. All the different kinds of tea, green, black, golden tips, Pekoe, Oolong, Soochong, Bohea, etc.—are made from the same bush. Pure green tea is made by quickly drying the leaves after they are plucked, and black tea is produc-ed from the same kind of leaves by drying them after they have been withered and allowed to ferment for ripen for a short time in a heated

Pure green tea can be made by rolling the leaves on a board in the sun or in a bowl or pan over a fire until they are thoroughly dried and their color would be that of fresh mown dried grass as cut by a lawn mower. Green tea is not such because of its color, but on account of its unripeness, as it has all the astringent, bitter qualities that unripe dried fruit would have.

In making black tea a longer time is required. The leaf is first wilted or withered, and then left for a time in a warm room to ferment. This could be done by throwing the leaves in a pile, but this process would be unequal, as the inner part would be fermented too much and the outer layers none at all, and there would be no uniformity.

MODERN SCIENTIFIC METHODS. The modern scientific method is to wilt the leaves in a machine by means of a slow fire, then to place the wilted leaves in shallow, bamboo trays, placed in a room where the heat is from 110 degrees to 130 degrees. By equally affected by the heat. During this stage the greatest watchfulness has to be given lest the leaves being under are overfermented, as on this depends the value of the black tea, in the same degree as fruit might not be ripe enough or too ripe to suit the

ence between pure green and black tea, take clover grass. Any one who has tasted green clover as it is growing in the field knows that it has a bitter astringent taste, not at all pleasant. Dry this grass quickly so the color remains green, and it will have the same unpleasant flavor. Take some of the grass after it has fermented and turned black and dried as hay, and it will have a sweet, agreeable flavor, and one is not sur-prised that cattle enjoy it. Any farmer will say that to make good clover hay it must sweat in the cock or winrow before it is gathered in. All he may know about it is that his grandfather or father said so. In the sweating or fermentation a chemical change takes place, the starch becomes sugar, and

the hay is nutritious and palatable. For a long time it was supposed that the tea tree was a native of China, when so little was known in the western world about tea and its manufacture. There is much ignorance still about it, as I have been asked if we sow the plant every year, if we mow it with a scythe, or could we harvest it with a reaper. The Thea Camellia is a tree sometimes 40 feet high, and a foot in diameter, as it is found in the forests of Assam, in India. It is now conceded that here has been its native home, whence the seed or plants were taken to China across the mountains and thence to Japan. forest it grows to wood, with few laurel-like, large, tough leaves. For a plantation only young, tender leaves

are desired. PICKING THE LEAVES

The seeds, in appearance like hazlenuts, are sown in a nursery. While they are growing the acreage is pre-pared by frequent digging and terracing, as the best plantations are on the hillsides. Holes are dug four or five feet apart each way, ready for the little trees. When these are about one foot high they are transplanted from the nursery. They are carefully pro-tected and shielded from the sun. They are pruned with a knife or shears, and not allowed to grow more that two and one-half to three feet high. The remain dwarfed trees, the top one mass of small branches, and the stem, at the age of 30 years, not more that three inches in diameter. During the first two years no leaves

In the third year, perhaps, 50 pounds of tea may be gathered from an acre. when the plantation has arrived at maturity from 500 to 800 pounds of tea may be gathered from an acre. The season commences in March and lasts till November. During this time

there are from ten to fifteen sproutings or "flushes," as the growth of the young twigs is called. From these the young leaves are picked, according to the kind of tea desired. If the finest, the little tips at the top of the twig, only a few hours old, making tea costing \$20 to \$100 a pound; then the next leaf below for flowery Peko; still further down Peko, Oolong, Soochong and down to the long, harder leaf, Bohea. The old leaves are not plucked, as they are withered, and to pluck them would injure the tree. The flowers are never used, though beautiful enough to adorn a bride's hair. When seed is not desired the flowers are plucked from the tree and thrown

THE INDIA AND CEYLON INDUS-TRY. Since the tea industry has been assumed by Europeans during the last 30 years in India and Cylon, inventors

have been at work, and various machines have been constructed for every process except that of plucking the leaves. It would be as difficult to pick tea leaves as it would be to gather raspberries with a machine.

This is cleanly done. Tach picker

has a little basket and picks each leaf with the thumb and forefinger. The different machines are for whitening, rolling, drying, sifting and packing. With them there is scarcely any hard work on the leaves. The European tea houses are models of cleanliness. Bread in the best furnished bakeries could not be more cleanly than the tea produced on these plantations.

The tea industry in India and Cylon is almost entirely in the hands of Europeans, most of them well educated and well experienced in their business. They have made as much or more advancement in the making of tea as there has been improvement in the dairy industry in America. COLORED AND UNCOLORED TEA.

In mentioning green tea, I used the adjective pure, for there can be pure green tea, though as unfit for drinking as bitter green fruit when dried would be for eating. There is scarcely any pure green tea in the market. One reason for this is that among the Chinese each family has its own tea plant and makes up the product which is sold to dealers, who find it neces-sary to use coloring matter to give the various batches a uniform color, and make it fit for a foreign market. Another reason is that the Chinese being a frugal people, wasting nothing, after steeping leaves for their own use, dry and color the grounds for the American market, for no colored green teas are admitted in the European markets, and but little pure greet tea is used there. The Chinese themselves never use colored teas, and it is stated by the best authority that seven-eighths of all the tea exported from China is colored and made in Japan, for if there is no colored Japan tea, why the frequent use of the word uncolored by dealers and users when speaking of Japan tea? No one ever head of uncolored Indian or Cey-

Nearly Every Industry in the Country Affected.

Straight Fight Between the Employers' and Employes' Unions.

How It Is Being Conducted-Where Arbitration Comes In.

The Copenhagen correspondent of the London Times send the following very interesting letter to that paper: Very few people outside of Denmark have been aware that for over a month that little kingdom has been occupied by a labor struggle quite unprecedent-ed in magnitude, in proportion at least to the industrial population of the country. At the present moment there is a general lockout of all the men in the building, engineering, and iron trades, and all the trades connected with these, embracing half the whole

industrial population of Denmark. All the industries of the country, except, perhaps, agriculture, are directly or indirectly affected by it, and are likely to feel the after-effects of the present standstill of all work for a long time to come. The struggle has a special interest for English readers in view of organization to which it has been possible to bring both workmen and employers in so small a country as Denmark, as typifying the sort of a struggle that might take place on an infinitely larger scale

with us.

In Denmark, owing to the smallness of the country and the concentration of so large a part of the industrial population in Copenhagen, the task of organization was made particularly easy. Of the 80,000 workmen engaged in industrial undertakings throughout Denmark, practically all are members trade unions. But beyond that all the trade unions themselves are organized in a central association of trade unions. This central association is a most effective body, and is itself closely federated with the political executive of the Social Democratic body. The mainstay of the Social Democratic and labor party is its journal, the Social-Demokraten, which is edited with great sbility, and is, moreover, what is perhaps even more important, a great material success. Its circulation of some 40,000 copies daily is probably the largest in Denmark, and brings in a considerable revenue to the party funds. With the sums at their disposal the joint trade unions and social Democratic executives have undertaken various industrial and social enterprises with a considerable measure of success. They have several large and comfortablyarranged club houses in Copenhagen, each with a central hall, where lectures can be given or political meetings addressed. The most important industrial undertaking of the party is the co-operative bakery in Copenhagen, whose rye bread has a justly deserved reputation. The bakery, which is a model of cleanliness, sells annually some £26,000 worth of good bread at a low price, and by its competition has generally kept down the price of bread in Copenhagen. A co-operative butcher shop, with an ice-chamber and salting-room, has also just been started, and will probably be followed by several others. Another interesting experiment organized under the same auspices is the exchange of country children and town children during the

To meet this powerful and active organization of the working classes the employers in their turn have been obliged to organize themselves into a central federation. A trial of strength between the two confederations was sooner or later almost inevitable. The occasion for it was given this spring by a trifling strike of the joiners in a few villages in Jutland affecting some 300 men in all. An agreement was come to between the Employers' Federation and the Central Union of Joiners in Copenhagen which the Jutland joiners in question refused to accept. The Employers' Federation, therefore, on May 2, declared a general lock-out of the whole joining trade, involving some 3,500 men. The Jutland joiners now repented, but the employers re-fused to go back on the agreement which had not been observed, and instead presented on May 10 an ultimatum to the United Trade Unions Federation in the form of eight demands. Of these, four dealt with minor matters, mainly concerning the disputes in the joinery trade; the other four, however, affected the whole of the in-dustrial relations between employer and employed in every branch of Danish industry. These four demands were that all agreements made between the central executives should be universally binding on local trade union branches; that the employers should have the sole direction of the organization and arrangement of labor in their factories; that no permanent employes, foremen, etc., should belong to trade unions; that all agreements be-

summer holidays.

ween employers and men as to qu tions of wages and hours should terminable on January 1 of each year, instead of at a certain number of weeks' or months' notice. Of these demands the first was not unnatural after the experience the employers had just had with the joiners' strike in Jutland. The Workmen's Federation, however, declared itself unable to undertake their responsibility, and as to the other demands rejected them on principle, as constituting a vital attack on the position of the trade unions. The last demand was in its view an attempt to cause all settle-ments of labor disputes to fall together at a time when the economic position of the workmen was weakest. The employers followed up the rejection of their ultimatum by proclaiming from May 24 a general lock-out of all the men engaged in the building and iron industries in the country or connected in any way with those industries, such as tinsmiths, painters, carpenters, etc. Over 30,000 men were thus thrown out of work at once, and the number was soon raised to some 40,000 by the pressure brought to bear on the smaller employers who had not locked out their men at first.

There can be no doubt that the strugle was entirely forced on by the Employers' Federation as a trial of strength with the trade unions. Even If the employers have had to suffer a great deal from trade union interference, the policy of provoking a conflict in order to settle standing difficulties is a dangerous one, and one whose only possible justification is success. But it is very doubtful whether even that justification will fall to the lot of the employers. Public sympathy in Denmark is, on the whole, on the side of the workmen, and all the Liberal papers have taken up their cause most

vigorously.

The most interesting feature of the great struggle is to be found in the efforts that the leaders of the workmen's party, helped by many of the leading men in Denmark of all parties, have made to prevent the workmen altogether losing their time or falling into idle or drunken habits. Lectures on scientific and historical subjects, dra-matic and poetical recitals, tours round all the museums and picture galleries have been organized on a large scale, and almost all the professors and teachers of Denmark have lent their assistance to this excellent work. The men, and to some extent their families too, have taken very readily the opportunities of instruction offered them. I have rarely observed so orderly, attentive, and intelligent-looking assemblies as those which now gather every day at the Socialist clubs and at various lecture halls and assembly rooms in Copenhagen.

A most important stage of the struggle was reached on Saturday, June 24, when the permanent trade court gave its decision on the complaints brought before it by the various trade unions. Nine trade unions complained before this court that the employers had violated agreements entered into not to bring about a lockout or strike on any dispute before negotiations. On seven out of the nine counts the verdict unanimously given was that the lock-out was inconsistent with the expectations the unions were justified in founding on the agreements made with the employers, and that so far there had been a violation of right through the court could not impose a fine. Or, in other words, the court, including the employer members, decided that the lockout was morally unjustifiable. This decision can by no means force the employers to terminate the lock out, but it will certainly have a great influence on public opinion and on that very considerable section of smaller employers who would be only too glad to terminate the lock-out if they dared. The court offered to constitute itself a court of conciliation, and the offer was at once accept-ed by the Workmen's Federation. The employers have also declared their readiness to accept, but only on certain conditions which the other party consider unacceptable. Whether some compromise can still be arrived at is doubtful, but if not the continuance of the lock-out may provoke a situation of the most serious character.

DISLOCATED HIS LIVER.

[Philadelphia Times.] Daniel Macgolgen has the distinction being the third in the records of Agnes' Hospital to meet with a peculiar sort of accident. He is an iceman, and lives at 2,122 Dickinson street. While serving one of his customers yesterday morning he had occasion to lift a heavy lump of ice up some high steps. In doing this he experienced a curious sensation, which in a few minutes became so painful that he applied to the hospital. There it was found that his liver had dropped from its customary position and was not only congesting the other organs, but causing a protuberance of several inches. The patient, after treatment, was able to return to his home, but it will be some weeks before he is able to attend to his usual work.

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Zondon Advertiser. CRABINGED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1963.]

and Editor, John Cameron

Loudon, Saturday, July 22, 1899.

The Summer Holidays. Londoners going away on vacation may have their favorite paper—The sent to their temporary reidence, without extra charge. Leave your address in the business

London's Bitter Lesson.

a syndicate of foreign capitalists may purchase the Hamilton street railway and construct a widespread system of radial electric railways in that vicinity. We trust Hamilton and vicinity will consult London's bitter experience, and rigidly safe-guard public interests, before handing any street railway franchises over to a private corporation, especially a nonresident corporation. The situation in which this city is placed is so unjust that it would seem to warrant the interference of the Legislature. The street railway franchise in this city was given away in 1875, for the outrageous period of 50 years. At that time there was no conception of the value of such a charter. Twenty years later the controlling interest in the road was purchased by Mr. H. A. the Cleveland millionaire. gentleman has virtually a monopoly of the streets of Lonand can defy the will of the people and the interests of the city for next twenty-six years, if he chooses, unless some legislative remcan be found. The Street Railway Company, under ent management, have been continually at war with the City Council. The Company have brought on two strikes within six months, utterly regardless of the public convenience. For the past two months the people of London have been practically without a street car service, because the mass of them are morally averse to riding under existing conditions. A public franchise is being used to punish the public who conferred it.

It is absurd that any body of men calling themselves a City Council should have the power to pass an ordinance binding a municipality for the period of 50 years. This is everywhere recognized at the present time, and few municipal franchies are now granted for more than ten years. There is reason to believe that if the proper steps were taken, London might find legislative redress. It is a case the proper power could be invoked with confidence, and ungreat wrong, perpetratedunconsciously, perhaps-by a handful of men elected for a year only, using their little brief authority to vote away the Mberties and rights of a future generation of Londoners.

An Un-British Institution.

It was not the intention of the fathers of confederation that the Senate of Canada should be an un-British institution, but such in its working has the constitution of the Chamber turned out to be. It was the desire of those who drew up the Confederation Act to have the Senate, as near as possible, an exact copy of the House of Lords of the Motherland, with, of course, the absence of the hereditary feature. The rights of the people were conserved in Great Britain, however, to a much greater extent than they have been in

In Britain, in the event of a deadlock taking place between the two Chambers, it is always in the power of the sovereign, on the advice of her responsible ministers, to create a sufficient number of new peers to overcome the hostile majority that may exist in the House of Lords, and enable the Queen's Government to be carried on. Such a right was exercised in 1832, when Lord Grey refused to take office, though supported by a very large majority in the House of Commons, until he had the assurance of King William IV. that enough peers would be created to carry the measare. It never became necessary to make the new peers, because the House of Lords, knowing the power that was behind the popular assembly, gave way. The threat was enough, and it has always been so under similar circumstances. Indeed, a like crisis was raised in 1869, when the question of the disestablishment of the Episcopal Church in Breland was brought forward as a measure of justice to the great majority of the people of that Island. Then, Archbishop Tait, at the request of her Majesty, as is recorded in his biography by his son-in-law, became the medium for the persuason of the House of Lords to allow the Irish Church Bill to pass its second reading. It is well known that at that time, if better counsels had not prevailed, so strong was the feeling of

the country against the threatened interference of the House of Lords with this just piece of legislation, that the Liberal leaders, were ready, as in 1832, to demand that the power to create additional peers to overcome the hostile majority should be exercised by her Majesty. The Queen, as a constitutional monarch, well knew that she could not have refused the demand of her Ministry, and she used her persuasive powers to prevent the humili-

ation of the Upper Chamber. There is no such safeguard of the interest of the people in the constitution of the Canadian Senate. Only to a very limited degree is it possible to add to the membership of the Senate with the object of bringing its members into harmony with the representatives of the people. Section 26 of the Confederation Act provides that if at any time, on the recommendation of the Governor-General-in-Council, the Queen thinks fit to direct that three or six members shall be added to the Senate, the Governor-General may, by summons to three or six qualified persons, add to the Senate accordingly. Provision was also made that after these three or six persons were summoned, no more should be called until the normal number was reached, unless under a similar recommendation by the Governor-General to the Queen.

Look at the difference between the two systems.

In Britain, the popular will, duly ascertained, cannot be thwarted. It is open to the Ministers to call on her Majesty to appoint enough new members of the House of Lords to carry its legislation.

In Canada, only three, or at most six, Senators can be added.

The British system enables the people to rule. The Canadian system, up to date, enables an irresponsible body of men, who may for the time being be in the majority, to set aside the action of the people, acting on the will of the electorate expressed at the

This is what is happening today. Because one party held power for so long a period in Canada, the large majority of the Senators are members of that political party. It may have been imagined by the Fathers of Confederation that it would be otherwise; but it cannot be denied that the practical results of the un-British constitution of the Senate has been to olish and build up a Chamber of the very strongest of partisans, who assed the very worst measures sent to them by their friends when in power in the House of Commons, and who have mutilated or defeated good measures brought in by their political opponents in accordance with the declared will of the people. Under the British system, this would

not be possible, under our system it has been possible. No Star Chamber ever was more irresponsible to public opinion than is the Senate of Canada. It is time for a change. We have been told that the Colonial Secretary, Right Hon. Mr. Chamberlain, but awaits the decision of the popular Chamber at Ottawa, in confirmation of the demand of the public as expressed at the polls. As an Englishman who believes in constitutional rule he is believed to be ready to carry through the British Parliament an amendment doing away with the present un-English system, and putting in its place a prevision which shall enable the will of the people to be carried out.

The reform cannot be longer post-

A Glimpse of Johannesburg.

Olive Schriener, the authoress, thus describes the scene as it is presented in Johannesburg, the leading city of the Transvaal, made so by foreign money and foreign push and brains:

"On first walking the streets one has a strange sense of having left South Africa, and being merely in some cosmopolitan center, which might be anywhere where all nations and colors gather round the yellow king. Russian Jews and Poles are here by thousands, seeking in South Africa the freedom from oppression that was denied that much-wronged race of men in their own birth-land. Cornish and Northumberland miners; workingmen from all parts of the earth; French, German and English tradesmen; while in the stock exchange men of every European nationality are found though the Jews predominate. Your household servant may be a Kaffir, your washerwoman is a halfcaste, your butcher is a Hungarian, your baker English, the man who soles your boots a German, you buy your vegetables and fruit from an Indian coolie, your coals from the Chinaman the corner, your grocer is a Russian Jew, your dearest friend an

American. This is an actual and not an imaginary description." When we take into consideration the sacrifices of the Boers to preserve their nationality, and to keep a country to themselves, we can well understand the feelings of Oom Paul when he is told that all these nationalities have a right to manhood suffrage on an equality with their neighbors the or-

iginal settlers. The Boers who treeked across the Vaal River to get away from British

sovereignty, and have a country all to themselves, never contemplated such a change. But it is bound to come, and Kruger may make up his mind to it.

The majority sooner or later rule in every civilized country,

The Binder Twine Contract.

The Montreal Gazette asks, in reference to the recent discussion in Parliament over the binder twine contract in 1897, why there was but one tender submitted in that year. The probability is that the scarcity of tenderers was caused by the fact that in 1895, the last year in which the late Parliament was in power, the selling of the twine was awarded to Mr. John Connor, of St. John, N. B., without contract, and he was paid 10 per cent on all sales for his trouble. It may have been thought that the Minister of Justice in the present Government was doing business in the same way, and thus responsible firms were inclined not to bother with the penitentlary twine. That such was unwarranted has been seen since then. This year, for example, there were a number of tenders, and the firm which offered the best terms to the Department of Justice was awarded the output.

Hon. Peter Mitchell, who is dying at Ottawa, is one of the fathers of Confederation. Very few of the old school

One hundred and fifty persons have committed suicide in New York in the past three months. This is a sad commentary on civilization.

Glasgow street railways this year show a clear profit of \$270,000, an increase of 25 per cent over last year. The Glasgow system is run by the city for the city-not for a private corpora-

Hundreds of children have died in the United States from lockiaw, due to exploding toy pistols on July 4. It is estimated that more casualties resulted from Fourth of July demonstrations this year than from the whole Spanish-American war.

The Montreal Star is soan-chewing again. In a screaming article on Liberal perfidy, it accuses The Advertiser of abetting the corrupt practices in West Elgin because it ventured to protest against the reckless vilification of Mr. W. T. R. Preston. The Adverser regards the doings in West Elgi as whameful, and has more than once said so, pretty emphatically. As to what Mr. Preston's share in that election was, the journals who are blackguarding him know nothing at all, and the least they might do is wait till he has a chance to explain. He has already given notice that he wil sue one of his defamers for criminal libel.

Mr. N. C. Frederiksen, professor of economics in the University of Copenhagen, read a paper in London, England recently on the question, "Are We on the Road to a Commercial Crisis?" Mr. Frederiksen dismissed as untenable Jevon's hypothesis that sun spots and the periodicity of commercial crises were connected as cause and effect, though it was undeniable that the span from one crisis to another was about ten years. The real cause of these remarkable periods was in Mr. Frederiksen's opinion, a mental process. They were due to waves

Little Boy's Terrible Eczema. Mass of Sores from Head to Foot.

Not an Inch of Body Unaffected. Skin Came off with Bandages. Screams Were Heart-Breaking,

3 Dectors & Institute no Avail. CURED BY CUTICURA.

My little boy broke out with an itching rash. I tried three doctors and medical college but he kept getting worse. There was not on nch of skin on his whole body unaffected. He was one mass of sores, and the stench was frightful. At the time I was induced to try CUTICURA remedies, he was so bad that I had to cut his hair all off, and put the CUTICUR! (cintment) on him on bandages, as it was inpossible to touch him with the bare hand. In removing the bandages they would take the skin with them, and the poor child's scream art-breaking. After the second appli cation of CUTICUEA (ointment) I saw signs o improvement, and the sores began to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but now he is entirely cured. I used CUTHOURA RESOLVENT for his blood, and a stronger and healthic boy you never saw than he is to day. BOB'T WATTAM, 4728 Cook St., Guicago, III

CUTICURA Segins with the Blood and Ends with The Skin and Soulp.

That is to say, CUTICUBA RESOLVENT purifies That is to say, Cuticua Resolvent purifies the blood and circulating fluids of living Genera, and thus removes the cause, wille warm baths with Cuticuma Soar and gentle anointings with Cuticuma Soar and gentle anointings with Cuticuma (elament), greatest of emollicit skin cures, cleanse the skin and soalp of crusts and scales, allay itching, burning, and inflammation, soothe and heal. Thus are specify, pagmamently, and accommically cured the most festuring, disfiguring humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, when the best physicians and all other remedies fall.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., SAVE YOUR SKIN Hand and Ret by Cornovas Boar

RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE Phone 1046

BARLY CLOSING During July and August we close every Wednesday afternoon. Our salespeople will consider it a favor if you will make your purchases on Wednesday in the forenoon.

Just passed into stock today, several packages new goods, ex Steamship "Lucania." Some lines arriving a little late for the summer trade we have marked below their value and they will be found amongst our regular Saturday and Monday offerings.

For Saturday and Monday.

Saturday and Monday in the Basement

6-inch White Tea Plates, per dozen 25c 7-inch Plain White Dinner Plates, Large Plain White Cups, per dozen 35e Large Brown Teapots, each 15c 50 Fancy Decorated Creamers, each 5c 22 pounds Redpath's Standard Granulated Sugar for\$1 00 Our Imperial Blend Black and Mixed Tea, at 25c per pound, is better than any 40c tea on the market today. Corn Starch 50 3 lbs. Washing Soda 5c 10c Bottle of Extract of Lemon .. 5c

3 cans corn, 3 lbs rice, 3 lbs tapi-oca, 6 lbs bright yellow sugar and 1 lb of our 10c Japan tea, all for\$1 00 -----------

Shoe Section Men's Box Calf Laced Boots, English back straps, hand process soles, newest shape toes,

1-lb Jars of Mustard, each 10c

8 lbs Layer Raisins for 25c

Men's Laced and Congress Boots, Nobby and stylish, also good fit-ting and wear guaranteed \$2 00 Special Assorted Lot of Men's Laced Boots, worth \$2, for per pair .. \$1 25 Women's Oxford Shoes, at 68c to \$2 50 per pair; every pair represents more than the money's worth.

Women's Button and Laced Boots at \$1 to \$8 50; special value at\$1 90 to \$2 00

Hosiery

Boys' Extra Heavy Ribbed Cotton Hese, double heel and sole, all sizes, worth 18c a pair, for per pair 10e

Ladies' and children's Plain Cotton Hose, double heel and sole, fast dye, all sizes, special, per pair .. 10c Ladies' Plain Cotton Hose, spliced heel and toe, regular 20c a pair; very special, 2 pairs for 25c Ladies' Lisle Thread Hose, in plain and drop stitch; very special, at per pair 25c

Ladies' Blouses.

We're out for big trade in Blouses, and if styles and prices count, we'll get them sure. Saturday and Monday we'll have a regular clean-up sale in this department, which you can't afford to miss if you want just double your money's worth and plenty to pick from.

75c and \$1 Shirt Walsts for 50c \$1 25 Blouse Waists for75c See our New White Muslin and P. K. Waists, 75c, \$1, \$1 50, and\$2 00

Ladies' Whitewear and Corsets

Ladies' Drawers, good cotton, with tucks, for, per pair 20c Ladies' Chemise, best cotton, un-with embroidery and tucks, good cotton, sizes 56 to 60, regular 85c, dery and muslin frills, very special, at, each\$1 00 Corsets, R. and C., special, gray

dove and white sateen; a perfect fitting short corset, special, at, per short hip, all steel-filled, special, per pair 75c

Lace and Handkerchief Department.

White and Cream Washing Brussells Net, per yard, 35c and 25c 20 dozen Ladies' Fine White Lawn Handkerchiefs, hem edge, spe-Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 15c and 20c each, 3 for 25c 40 pieces Embroidery and Inser-

tion, new designs, per yard, 10c, 20c Ladies' Lace-Trimmed Vests, each 10c Ladies' Vests, with or without sleeves, bleached or unbleached, lace trimmed, very special, 2 for 25c

Dress Goods Department

Phone 1048

Seaside Serge, 44 inches, all-wool goods, hard finish, heavy twill, black and navy; extra value, per yard Boating Serge, 44 inches, all-wool black and navy, fast dye, hard finish and heavy twill; extra

value, per yard 506 English Coating Serges, 52 inches, special for suits, black and navy, beautiful finish twills; extra sp New Black Crepons, silk and mohair goods, in new blister effects, blister waves, plaids and fancy raised designs; beautiful, bright silky goods; regular \$1 75 to \$2 a yard; special\$1 2 14-inch Mohair Crepons, heavy rais-

ed designs, large and small figures; regular 90c and \$1 a yard, for 65e

Staple Section

White Sheets, ready-made, wide hems, best Hochelaga Sheeting: 2½ by 2½ yards, twilled, each....750 21/2 by 21/2 yards, plain, each 70c 21/4 by 21/2 yards, plain, each 60c 2 by 21/2 yards, plain and twill...50c Ready-made Pillow cases, 87 inches long, 3-inch hem

42-inch19c 44-inch20c

Best Circular Pillow Casing. Fine India Muslins, in white, beautiful sheer goods, in stripes and checks. This lot arrived a little late, and are marked less than regular value, at, per yard18c, 22c, 25c, 80c, 35c and 40e Cream Quaker Flannels, 28-inch; this is a nice wool summer flannel, per yard......35c and 25c English Shaker Flannels, in cream, Cotton Bath Towels, bleached and unbleached, per patr

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

in the human mind. Men movtogether, often without much like a flock of sheep, reason. following the same impulses and influences. As to the present position, we had left the period of depression following the Baring crisis and the American crisis of 1893, and were in the expanding period. We were not yet at a point where a general crisis was possible. With a rate of discount in London at 2 per cent or less and still a relative abundance of money in New York this was out of the question. But we were already over the first period of reviving life, and the best moment for the conversion of government and municipal debts and similar securities was past. In the United States the speculative period was still far from its point of culmination, and if crops were good there was likely to be a still stronger development.

What Others Say.

Sweetness and Light. [Hamilton Herald.]

Sweetness and light must be banished from all Anglican Churches in England. In other words, the Archbishops of Canterbury and York have decided that incense and candles must go.

> Free Speech in England. [New York World.]

Governor Roosevelt's idea that it is outrageous and even treasonable to criticise the administration's policy or no-policy in the Philippines would not pass muster in England. He is more imperialistic that the imperials. The London Spectator, though fa-

voring a firm, and if need be, a forcible policy toward President Kruger, "By all means let those who think we have no right to interfere in the

Transval speak out, and let them denounce what they believe to be an op-pressive and unjustifiable policy. We trust the day will never come when Englishmen will be afraid of pro-claiming that their country is in the wrong when they honestly think her It is a century too late to muzzle the speech of Anglo-Saxons.

neath Rate Busy in High Life. [Montreal Gazette.]

1899 opened the Parliament of

Canada has lost by death seven members, all of whom in one way or other ed by Senator Sutherland, and Sena- civil war. tor Sutherland by Senator Boulton, At Serai and Senator Boulton by Senator San-The House of Commons lost first Mr. J. F. Wood, then Mr. Ives, that deceased came to his death by then Mr. Geoffrion. If none of these climbing a tree, venturing too far out clever, capable men, in their

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

"EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 200s.
"VICTORIA" Parlor Matches, 65s.
"LITTLE COMET Parlor Matches, 100s. The Finest in the World. No Brimstone.

The E. B. Eddy Company, Limited HULL, RQ

or both. develops, and how much of the best gets the benefit of.

Strain of Parliamentary Life.

1St. Thomas Journal.] Parliamentary life imposes a strain upon the physical system that frequently causes illness and a breaking down. Not only have two members of the commons succumbed to death in a few days, but others are ill and com pelled to seek rest. Hon. Mr. Tarte, it is well known, had to absent himself from the house some time ago, and is now in England, endeavoring to obtain restoration to health. It is announced that Speaker Edgar will also have to stay out during the remainder of the session, while Mr. Leduc, the member for Nicolet, is dying at his home, and may have passed away ere this paragraph reaches the eye of the reader.

Isn't This Too Gloomy? [Prof. Goldwin Smith, in Weekly Sun.]

The Bystander has received a visit from a colored man, an Abyssinian negro, intelligent and with good introductions, who seeks to give some of his race in the south technical education. His idea is that, being so trained, they may be welcomed as mechanics by the British settlements in Africa and thus the forerunners of an exodus of their brethren from thraldom in the Southern States. There does not seem to be much hope in his scheme, or in any scheme involving the deportation of 9,000,000 of people to the other side of the Atlantic. But what was the most remarkable was the absolute despair with which the man regarded the case of the negro in the Southern States. It is, indeed, difficult to discern any ray of light in the darkness that situation. The antipathy of race seems to be ever growing more Not only is the negro deprived of the political franchise; he is put out of the pale of law, so that he can be shot down like a wild beast. government dares not interfere; the people of the north dare not interfere. Even the voice of rebuke or remon-strance is scarcely heard. So much were men of more than ordinary ca-pacity. Senator Adams was follow-mously bloody and prodigiously costly

At Scranton, in Mississippi, a negro having been lynched, the verdict of the coroner's jury is: "We, the jury, find of commanding position, all on a limb and broke his neck." This hideous jocularity betrays a contemptway, and all had won recognition for uous hatred of the negro even deeper their merits by ability or character than that which is betrayed by the Co., Idah

Remembering them and lynching itself. One cannot help asktheir work will help people to under- ing once more whether the people in stand how many good men public life whose country these things are being done might not, before they set forth that is in its good men the country to carry civilization abroad with fire and sword, turn their attention to the barbarism at home. Of all barbarism, civilization which has relapsed into savagery is the worst."

> Irreverence Condemned. [Montreal Witness.]

We have to apologize for the appearance through lack of oversight of some profane stories told at a meeting of Canadians at the Christian Endeavor convention. There would be no fairness in singling out the speaker in the case for criticism, so common is the sort of irreverence which we have to deplore in our report. Jests not only at honest religiousness, but at the most sacred things of religion itself, are all too common all over the world. We have heard this sort of profanity—for profanity it is, worse, we should think, in its effects than the ordinary vulgar swearing of the streets—over and over again among the very leaders of religion. Indaea, men whose daily occupation is with the most sacred subjects seem to be under special temptation in their lighter moments to deal with them lightly, and men noted for piety and honored for their zeal as evangelists, often seem to have little idea how they are injuring their cause among people, who, however little attention they give to religion, still associate it only with thoughts of worship and reverence. We can imagine nothing more calculated to remove the good effects of a gathering for mutual pledges to & consecrated life than turning the holiest thoughts to ridicule, as was done in our report. Take only one of these stories as an example, that which represents a young woman as going out to pray under a tree for a husband, and who, on hearing an owl shout "Hoo-hoo," said anyone would do. We pass over the vulgarizing effect of the situation here depicted on the mutual respect, and even reverence, which normally exists between the sexes, a subject on which more needs to be said, for, next to the matter we have on hand, there is no holy sentiment more constantly insulted by injurious jesting than this. This woman is represented as addressing her prayers presumably to God and to mistake the. ry of the owl for the answer of the Almighty. The essence of humor lies in uncongruity. Here is incongruity with a vengeance, but see at what infinite expense to every sentiment of reverence the humor is bought. Religion is reverence or it is nothing.

There is a Hoodoo valley in Kootene

THE MARKETS.

Mining Stocks. Toronte, July 11.—Following are to-day's cosing quotations on the Toronto Mining and Industrial change:

Smuggler 17 Van Anda
Big Three
Alice A
Empress. Empress 41
Republic 120
Deer Park 3 Evening Star..... Iron Colt.
Iron Horse.
Iron Mask.
Montreal Gold Fields. loveity.... St. Paul. Silver Bell Con. War Eagle Con. 370
White Bear. 4½
B. C. Gold Fields 4½
Can. G. F. S. 8
Cold Hills 8 Gold Hills. 6
Crow's Nest Pass Coal. 36.50
Fairview Corporation. 9

 Rathmullen
 13½

 Morrison
 13½

 Brandon & Golden
 28

 Winnipeg
 32

RAMILTON'S SEED STORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY BINDER TWINE.

Local Market.

London, Saturday, July 22. The market this morning was largely attended. A sensation was sprung among the fruit dealers. Red raspberries were surprisingly plentiful, and remained flat all morming, at 6c. Black raspberries brought 6c and 7c. Thimbleberries are beginning to come in. They sold for 7c. The meat market was dull, and in dairy produce butter in rolls

A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REPORT. Wheat, red, per bu69c to 70c Wheat, red, per bu69c to 70c Wheat, spring, per bu69c to 70c Oats, per bu34c to 35c Barley, per bu40%c to 50%c Rye, per bu560 to 560 Today's deliveries of wheat and oats were fairly good; sales were made at

much the same prices as on Thursday
—\$1 15 to \$1 16 for wheat, and 98c to \$1 03 for oats. Wool was steady, at 141/2c to 15c. Dressed hogs brought \$6 10 to \$6 15. Live hogs, \$4 50 to \$4 60 for choice. Spring pigs were slow, at \$250 to \$4

a pair, according to size.
Twenty-four loads of hay came in; \$7 was the ruling price. Quotations:

GRAIN.		_	William !	Į
	1 15	(0)	1 16	I
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs	1 15	(0)	1 16	i
	1 15		1 18	١
Oats per 100 lbs	98	6	1 03	١
	1 00	0	1 00	ł
Corn per 100 Ibs	75	0	75	١
Barley, per 100 lbs	85	0	1 00	١
Rye per 100 lbs	00	0	1 00	ı
Beans, per buPROVISIONS.	75	0	80	ı
	10		12	ı
Cheese, per 1b	10	~		J
Eggs. single dozen	13	0	14	
Eggs. fresh, basket, dozen	12	0	12	
Eggs, fresh, store lots, doz	12 16	@	17	
Butter, pound rolls, baskets	15	0	16	
Batter, ib, large rolls or crocks	17	(0)	18	
Butter, per lb. retail	9	0	10	
VEGETABLES AND	FRU		10	
	99	(0)	1 25	
Potatoes, new, per bu	25	a	30	
Turnips, new, per dos	10	0	13	
Green peas, per quart		0	60	
Beans, per peck	40	@	50	
Cabbage, per doz.	30		40	
Cucumbers, per don	15	(0)	20	
Radishes, per doz. bunches	15	0	20	
Rhubarb, dozen	20	6	20	
Onlons, per doz bunches		0	25	
Poets and day by Marie		0	25	
Beets, per doz budiana	No.	-	-	
Beef, per 1b	3	0	4	
Home light new 100 ins	4 50	à	4 60	
Hogs, light, per 100 its Pigs, young, per pair	2 50	a	4 00	
Sows, per 100 lbs.			3 50	
Ducks, per pate	60	æ	70	
Spring ducke her hair		a	1 00	
Spring ducke, per pair Chickens, epring, per pair	50	a	75	
Hens per nair	50	a	50	
Hens, per pair	DS.	1		
Hay, per ten	7 00		7 00	
Straw per load :	2 00	@	3 00	
Straw, per load : MEAT, HIDES,	ETC			
Beef, per lb.	5		6	
Mutton, quarters, per 1b	5		6	
Veel, quarters, per lb	5	- 0	6	
Lamb. quarter	9	0	10	
Dressed hogs, 100 lbs, light	6 10	@	6 15	
Pressed home 100 lbs, heavy .	1 00	. 6	5 00	
His No. 1, per lb	7	@	7	
Hid No. 2, per fo	- 16		6	
Hiec. No. 3, per 1b	0		5	
Ca. Stims, green	. 8	. 0	. 8	
Sheep Pelts	13		15	
Lambskins	20		25	
Washed per lb	14	4 @	15	

St. Thomas Market St. Thomas, July 20.—Wheat, per bu, 70c; oats, 32c to 35c; peas, 50c to 60c; barley, 48c to 55c; corn, 45c to 50c;

English Markets. Ruling prices for the past four market days— The following table shows the quotations per cental at Idvergeol for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest

prices are given.	July 18.	July 19.	July 20.	July 21.
WHEAT- Red Winter	5 10%	5 10	5 10	5 10
No. 1 Nor. Spri	ng 5 11%	6 1%	6 1%	6 13
July	00	5. 6%	5 6%	5 67
Dec				5 10%
CORN-		3 4%		
July	0 0	3 5		3 43
Sept.			3 4%	
Flour.	18 0	18 0	18 0	5 10
Pork	50 0	20 0	50 0	50 0 28 0
Tallow	93 0	23 0	43 e	23 3 31 0
Bacon, light Cheese, white	43 0	31 0 48 0	43 0	48 O
Change colored	43 0	143 0	143 0	143 0

to 8%d; No. 1 red serthers spring, dull, 5s 10d; spet No. 1 red serthers, Duluth, steady, 5s 10d. Oern—Spot. American mixed new, easy; 2s 4%d; da. 2dd; da. 2dd; det., 2s 4%d. Fleur—St. Boule tadey winter. dull, 7s 9d. Peas—Western, 5s 13/d. Canadian, 5s 10d. Beef—Steady; prime mess, 55s; extra India mess, steady, 80s.

Pork—Firm; prime mess, fine western, 50s; do, medium, western, 42s 6d.

Hams—Short cut. 14 to 16 lbs., strong, 54s.
Bacon—Cumberlashi cut. 23 to 30 lbs., steady, 33s; short ribs, 18 to 20 lbs., steady, 33s; long clear middles light, 30 to 36 lbs, steady, 31s; short elear backs, 18 to 18 lbs, steady, 33s; olear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., steady, 33s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, steady, 33s.

Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs. firm, 23s 6d.

Lard—American refined, in 28-pound pails, steady, 28s 6d; prime western, in tierces, dull, 28s.

Cheese—Firm; American finest white, 43s; colored firm American finest white, 43s; colored firm

dull. 28s.
Cneese—Firm; American finese white, 43s; colored, firm, 48s; do, eld, easy, 42s; ordinary, new, 43s 6d.
Butter—Finess American, nominal; good, 62s.
Tallow—Prime city, firm, 23s; Australian London, steady, 35e-3d.
Cottonsed ell—Hull refined, July-August, steady, 15e 6d.
Hops—At London (Pacific coast), nominal, £4
15s to £4 16s.
Turpentine spirits—Steady, 32s.
Rosin—Common, steady, 4s.
Petroleum—Rofined, 6%d.
Linseed oil—23s.
Oil Markets.

Oil Markets. PITTSBURG, Fa., July 22.—Oil opened and closed today at \$1|25.
PETROLIA. July 22.—Oil opened and closed at \$1 45.
OIL CITY, July |21.—Oredit balances, \$1 25; certificates \$1 24 bid for cash; no sales.

American Markets. CHICAGO, July 21 .- Wheat declined a full cent today, and closed at the bottom. Large shipments from Argentine caused the slump, which carried the September option under 70c for the first time. Corn and oats lost 1/4c to 3/8c, and provisions closed un-%c to %c, and provisions closed un-changed to 2½c higher, the latter in pork. Wheat opened easy and ½c low-er, at 70%c for September. Liverpool was slightly higher, but receipts were-big and crop prospects good. Septem-ber sold off immediately to 70%c. Ar-gentine shipments for the week were reported at 1.342,000 bushels. as comreported at 1,343,000 bushels, as compared with 16,000 last year. A continental demand was reported, and pre-

dictions of showers in the Northwest following other predictions of more favorable weather caused some buying, on which September rallied to 71%c. The demand was soon satisfied, however, and after holding for a time around 71c September started on a around 71c, September started on a regular decline, which ended only with the adjournment of the board. Receipts at primary points were 815,194, compared with 317,438 a year ago.
Duluth and Minneapolis reported 441 cars, as compared with 483 last week,

and 37 a year ago. Local receipts were 113 cars, 7 of contract grade.

The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat —No. 2 July, 69%c; Sept., 69%c to 70c; Dec., 71%c. Corn.—No. 2 July, 32%c; Sept., 31%c to 31%c; Dec., 39%o. Oat.—No. 2 July, 24%c; Sept., 19%c; May, 21%c. Pork.—Sept., \$9 20; Oct., \$9 20. Lard.—Sept., \$5 55; Oct., \$5 60. Short ribs.—Sept., \$5 25; Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, easy; No. 3 spring wheat, 65%e to 69%c; No. 2 red, 71%c; No. 2 corn. 32%c to 33c; No. 2 yellow corn. 33%c to 33%c; No. 2 sats, 24%c; No. 3 white, 21c to 27%c; No. 2 rye, 52%c to 53c; No. 1 faxseed, 99c to \$1; No. 1 Northwest, \$1 03%; prime timothy seed, \$2 47%; mess pork, \$0 05 to \$8 10; lard, \$5 37% to \$5 50; short rib sides, loose, \$5 10 to \$5 30; dry salted shoulders, boxed, 5%c to 51%c; short clear sides, boxed, \$5 40 to \$5 46; sugars, cut-lonf, \$6 02; granulated, \$5 6%; clover, contract grade, \$6 50; eggs, fresh at 11%c to 12c. RECEIPTS.—Flour, 11,000 bls; wheat, 99,000 bushels; corn. 447,000 bushels; cats, 220,000 bushels; SHIPMENTS.—Flour, 6.00 bbis; wheat, 43,000 bushels; corn, 687,000 bushels; cats, 267,000 bushels; barley, 2,000 bushels.

If you have any tub butter to effor, let us hear from you. Will buy any quantity from one tub to a car load.

Also Eggs and other Produce. CHAS. ABBOTT, Wholesale Produce and Commission Merchant. Phone 1288. 721 King St., London, Ont.

Live Etock Markets.

TORONTO, July 21.—The receipts were 65 carloads, composed of 1,400 cattle, 75 cows, 25 calves, 1,000 sheep and lambs and 1,400 hogs. Export cattle-Demand fairly active; quotations were from 12½c to 25c per cwt lower, and choice selections fetched \$4 50 to \$5 per cwt, and some extra choice brought \$5 10 per cwt. Light quoted about 15c per cwt lower, or \$4 25 to \$4 60 per cwt. Butchers' cattle—Choice selections brought \$4 to \$4 25 per cwt; commoner grades were quotable at \$3 25 to \$3 75 per cwt. Good export bulls in demand at \$3 50 to \$4 25, and light stock buils firm at \$2 50 to \$2 75 per cwt. Stockers — Prices quoted from 15c to 25c per cwt lower. A few loads of good stockers brought \$3 to \$3 25 per cwt, and a light supply of stock heifers were slew at \$2 75 to \$3 per cwt. Calves and milch cows—Extra good cows were in fairly good demand at firm prices, bringing \$45 to \$50 each, at firm prices, bringing \$45 to \$50 each, and poorer grades brought \$25 to \$30 each. About 25 good veal calves brought \$2 to \$8 per head. Sheep and lambs—Choice heavy export sheep fetched firmer prices, or \$3 50 to \$8 65 per cwt. Butcher sheep firm at \$3 to \$3 50 each, and spring lambs found ready sale at \$3 50 to \$4 25 each. Bucks were steady at \$2 50 to \$4 per cwt. Hogs—Choice selections fetched firm prices or \$5 1214 and light and thick fais were or \$5 121/2, and light and thick fats were steady at \$4 27% per cwt. A light run of sows brought \$3 per cwt, and a few stags fetched \$2 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO, July 21.—Cattle— The total offerings were 7 loads, part butcher cattle and part stockers; the demand was moderate, and sales at about steady prices. Calves were in moderate supply-about 70 head-light demand, and easy at the quoted figures; choice to extra, \$6 to \$6 25; good to choice, \$5 50 to \$6; heavy, \$4 to \$5. Sheep and lambs—The offerings were fair, a loads; there was a good demand for sheep at steady to strong prices; also for good spring lambs; but the common spring lambs sold no better than for the last few days; spring lambs, choice to extra, are quotable at \$6 25 to \$6 50; good to choice, \$6 to \$6 25; common to fair, \$4 to \$5; yearlings, choice to extra. \$5 25 to \$5 50; good to choice, \$5 to \$5 25; sheep, choice to extra wethers, \$5 to \$5 25; mixed sheep, choice to extra, \$4 75 to \$5; good to choice, \$4 50 to \$4 75. Hogs-The market opened 10c to 15c lower, and active, with 30 loads on sale; heavy were quotable at \$4 65 to \$4 721/2; mixed, \$4 60 to \$4 721/2; Yorkers, \$4 60 to \$4 65; pigs, \$4 70 to \$4 75; roughs, \$3 90 to \$4 10; stags, \$3 25 to \$3 65; the offerings were well cleaned up, and the

close was stronger at the best prices of the day.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Beeves—Receipts, 3,230; good cattle firm; others slow, but steady; cows strong; whole market strong, and top grades a shade higher; steers, \$4 80 to \$5 05; grass bulls, \$3 to \$3 10; good to choice fat do, \$4 15 to \$4 60; cows, \$2 40 to \$3 90; choice, \$4 25. Cables slow; shipments today, 528 cattle, and 3,400 quarters of beef; tomorrow, 938 cattle, 60 sheep and 4,757 quarters of beef. and 4,757 quarters of beef. Calves — Receipts, \$37; veals, \$5 to \$7; butterfilks, \$5e higher, at \$3 25 to \$8 75; common southern grassers, \$2 56. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5,-152; sheep more active; not higher; lambs steady and slow, owing to late arrivals; closed dull without a full clearance; sheep, \$8 to \$4 62½; extra export wethers, \$5 12½; lambs, \$5 12½ to \$7; one deck, \$7 15; culls, \$8 75 to \$4. Hogs—Receipts, 2,875; quoted weak, at \$4 80 to \$4 90.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The cattie market was unchanged today, with the usual small Friday receipts; good to cure it for you.

fancy, \$4 45 to \$5; commoner grades, \$4 40 to \$5 20; stockers and feeders, \$3 50 to \$4 75; bulls, cows and heifers, \$2 to \$5 10. Calver were soid at \$4 50 \$3 50 to \$4 75; bulls, cows and heliefs;
\$2 to \$5 10. Calver were soid at \$4 50 to \$6 75; western fed steers at \$4 65 to \$5 65; and Texas steers, \$3 50 to \$5 25. Hogs were sold at about 15c advance from the opening; heavy, \$4 10 to \$4 60; mixed lots, \$4 20 to \$4 60; light hogs, \$4 30 to \$4 60; pigs, \$3 75 to \$4 52½; culls and rough lots at \$2 to \$4 10. Sheep sold about unchanged, at \$2 25 to \$3 25 for culls, to \$5 to \$5 25 for prime flocks; western range sheep brought \$3 60 to \$4 65; native ewe sheep, \$3 75 to \$4 25; yearlings, \$4 50 to \$5 50; feeders, \$3 50 to \$3 75; lambs sold at \$5 50 to \$7. Receipts—Cattle, 2,000; hogs, 26,000: sheep, 5,006.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Hogs—Estimated receipts, today, 18,000; Monday, 30,000; left over, not quoted; the market

o00; left over, not quoted; the market averaged 10c higher; mixed and butchers', \$4 85 to \$4 65; good heavy, \$4 55 to \$4 65; rough heavy. \$4 25 to \$4 40; light, \$4 45 to \$4 60. Cattle—Receives 200: market steady. ceipts, 200; market steady. OLD COUNTRY PRICES. London, July 21.-Prices here and in London for cattle remain weak and depressed; American steers are quoted at 10%c to 11%c per lb. (dressed weight); refrigerator beef sells at 8%c

per 1b. The Dairy Markets. MONTREAL, July 21.—Cheese, 8c to bc. Butter—Townships, 17c to 18c; western, 13c to 15c.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Butter weak; creameries, 13½c to 17½c; dairies, 11c to 16c. Cheese, 8½c to 9c.

SOUTH FINCH, Ont., July 21 .- Regular meeting of South Finch cheese board. Buyers present: Logan, Prun-ner, Bardsell, H. Wood and W. Wood. Number of cheese boarded, 1,238; 900 white, balance colored; 8%c offered for both; two factories sold for this; balance holding for more.

KEMPTVILLE, Ont., July 21 .- Nine hundred cheese offered here today, 250 white; usual buyers present; all sold at 9c; sale divided between Bissell, Howe, Scott and Webster.

SHELBURNE, Ont., July 21 .- At the cheese board here today ten factories boarded 1,070 boxes colored, first half of July make; 735 boxes sold from 850 to 8%c; balance not sold; five buyers present; board meets again in August. WINCHESTER, Ont., July 21 .- At the meeting of the cheese board today 560 boxes were registered, 410 colored and 150 white; the price offered for both was 834c, with no sales.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 21.-Nine center was obtained for both white and colorand 27 a year ago. Local receipts were ed at the Ottawa cheese board today;
113 cars, 7 of contract grade.

was obtained for both white and colored at the Ottawa cheese board today;
1,372 white and 225 colored were of-

PERTH, Ont., July 21.-There were 1,764 boxes of cheese boarded at the cheese board here today, all white and July make; all were sold at 8%c; Bissell bought 450, Webster 300 and Fowler 1,014.

BRIGHTON, Ont., July 21.—At the cheese board today 990 cheese—840 white and 150 colored-were boarded; 200 were sold to Brower at 9c, and 150 to Bird at 9c; buyers present, Whitton, Bird, Thompson, Brower and McGrath. NEW YORK, July 21.—Butter steady; western creamery, 15c to 18c; factory 12c to 14½c; imitation creamery, 13c to 16c; state dairy, 13½c to 17c; do, creamery, 15c to 18c. Cheese firm; large white, 8½c; small do, 8½c to 8½c; large colored, 8½c; small do, 8½c to 8¾c.

IROQUOIS, Ont., July 21.—At the meeting of the cheese board 835 cheese were boarded, of which 622 were colored and the balance white; \$11-16c was offered for all on the board, at which price 352 were sold; the balance, 483, remaining unsold at close of board. resent, Messrs, Ault, Bissell

FIRE IN A

Midnight Blaze Which Threatened Valuable Business Block-Loss About \$1,500.

Fire broke out last night in the building occupied by the Moorehead Bros.' Company, at 73 Dundas street, and did considerable damage to the building and the stock.

The fire was discovered by the employes of the Bell Telephone Company, who were startled at about 11:30 to see clouds of smoke pouring in through the windows of the operators' room. An alarm was sent in and the brigade re-

sponded promptly.

The fire had evidently started in the basement from a boiling furnace, which had been in use until about 10 o'clock last night. There was a considerable quantity of straw used for packing in the basement, which caused the fire to spread rapidly. Large quantities of goods ready for shipment were destroyed by the fire, and hundreds of bottles were broken by the force of the water from the fire hose. The flames spread by way of the elevator shaft to the third floor, where more

goods were stored. The firemen had a hard fight to control the fire, and to keep it from spreading to the Parisian Steam Laundry Company's building on the one side and to the Bell Telephone Company's building on the other.

The loss on the building was about \$400, and on the stock is estimated at about \$1,000. The building is owned by Hugh C. Baker, of the Bell Telephone

Company, Hamilton.
The Moorehead Bros.' Company manufacture fruit cider and syrups, and were in the midst of their busiest sea-The loss on both the building and stock is covered by insurance. While fighting the fire on the third floor, Fireman Notley fell down a stairway and badly sprained his knee.

KINGSTON CONFIRMATION

W. C. Bennett, of Kingsien, Says Dodd's Kidney Pills Will Do All That Le Claimed for Them,

Kingston, July 17 .- Mr. W. C. Bennett, of Barryfield, just over the hill from the Limestone City, confirms what the Canadian press has been as-serting recently, that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure to stay cured.

To a Toronto inquirer Mr. Bennett wrote back as follows:

Kingston, May 28, 1839.

Dear Sir,—Your letter referring to Dodd's Kidney Pills received, and in reply would say that I have used them to great advantage. Dodd's Kidney Pills do all that is claimed for them. Yours truly,

Mr. Wellheeled-Just to sit and look Minard's Liniment Cures Gargetin Cows Self-trust is the essence of heroism.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleas-ant, sure and effectual. If your drug-



THE WEATHER TODAY-Moderate winds; fine and warm.

Big Inducements For All Day Saturday and Saturday Evening.

That is, what are left will be sold Saturday evening at same prices. We will aim to sell every item given before nightfall, se make an extra effort to come during the daythe earlier the better.

BIG INTEREST ON YOUR MONEY.

Blouse Waists=-Three Tables.

We have placed on this table LADIES' MUSLIN and PERCALE BLOUSES that were 50c, 75c and \$1.00. You never were offered such big value for 39c.

On this table are Ladies' Blouses, in Gingham, Muslin and Percale, stripes, checks and plaids, that were 85c, \$1,00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. You never were offered such big value for 69c.

On this table are Ladies' \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 Blouses, in Dimity, Pique, Gingham and Muslin; some with clusters of tucks across front, in polka dot, stripes and figures. You never were offered such big value for \$1.00.

7 Only==\$3.25 Chambray Blouses for \$1.95.

In blue and white, pink and white, mauve and white stripe, very full all over tucking.

VALUE IN CORSETS, TOO.

A 50c SUMMER CORSET FOR 39c.

Thirty dozen of our regular 50c Summer Corsets secured at a bargain from the manufacturer. Are made Thirty dozen of our regular 500 Summer Collects secured at a summer of bar net, have two side steels, corded bust and are lace trimmed. Our word for it they are extra good value at 50c. Commencing Saturday morning at......

Untrimmed Fancy Straw Hats at 25c.

A lot of Jet Sprays, some worth as much as 50c now at...... 10c

Ladies' White Skirts Go, Too.

White Pique, trimmed with folds of blue and white, red and white, double stitched raised seams, latest cut, White Duck Skirts, corded in clusters of fine double stitched seams, very new, regular \$1 50 skirts, now 95 Also Fancy Crash in stripe, blue and white, fawn and white, latest American cut, clearing now at 2 25

> Take the Elevator Direct to Second Floor. These Attractions Are All There.

CIDER FACTORY SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

TWO MEN SHOT AT A CHARIVARI

Young Man Killed by Lightning While Working in a Field.

Brantford Man Killed by a Runaway

Horse in Buffalo-Other Casualties. Montreal, July 22.—During a charivari near the house of Noel Gustard, a farmer living at Point-au-Calumet, near St. Eustache, Isaac Lamoureux, 62 years of age, was shot and killed, and his nephew, Felix Lamoureux, was ser-

SHOT AT A CELEBRATION. Windsor, Ont., July 22.-While attending a celebration in Michigan last week, Roy Bayley, a well-known young Woodslee man, was accidentally shot in the stomach by a revolver in the hands of a friend. He was brought home and everything possible done for him, but on Wednesday he died from the effects of his wound.

HE WAS A BRANTFORD BOY. Buffalo, N. Y., July 22.—Ex-Alderman Alexander McMaster, vice-president of the Union Bank, was almost instantly killed by a runaway horse. Mr. McMaster was born in Fort Erie, Ont., in 1844. When a boy his parents moved to Brantford, Ont., where he finished a course in the common schools. When 16 years old he became a machinist's apprentice in the Waterous engine works at Brantford. He was employed by this well-known firm for a number of years before com-

ing to Buffalo. NEARLY ELECTROCUTED.

Brantford, July 22.-George Lowe, a lineman for the street railway company, was nearly electrocuted by a live wire Thursday night. Lowe was repairing a broken trolley wire. He was on top of a high wagon used for that purpose, and while putting the two ends of the wire together in some manner his body formed a circuit, when in a moment the unfortunate man was doubled up with the full voltage of the wire. Had it not been for his timely rescue by an eye-witness, Lowe would assuredly have been killed. He was released from the wire with difficulty, and for a time suffered convulsions, caused by the shock. His hands were terribly burned.

KILLED INSTANTLY. Cape Vincent, N. Y., July 22.—John Rodney, jun., aged 23 years, was killed instantly by lightning yesterday morning, while working in the field at his home near Rosiere, N. Y., about four miles from this place.

BADLY BURNED. Quebec, Que., July 22.—While engaged in the laundry department at Beauport convent yesterday morning Miss Paradis, aged 16, daughter of Mr. Napoleon Paradis, was terribly burned through a coal falling on her dress and

setting her clothing on fire. Her recovery is very doubtful.

MANGLED.

West Selkirk, Man., July 22. — An Indian named Willa Magtagak, was killed near here yesterday by a freight train. His head and legs were completely severed and the body mangled. SUICIDE BY DROWNING.

An unknown man committed suicide at Union Point, Man., by jumping into the Red River. The police are investi-

PROBABLE SUICIDE. Georgetown, Ont., July 22 .- Yesterday morning about 8:30 the body of a young man was found on Mr. C.

Barnes' farm, near Georgetown, with a terrible gun-wound in his head. The empty gun was lying across his body. A small memorandum book found in his pocket contained his name, J. H. Hall, Palgrave, and also a number of messages to his mother and other members of the family. A small stick was found near him, with which he is supposed to have discharged the gun. Advices from Palgrave state that the young man was a prosperous farmer, and no reason can be given for his rash act. The coroner decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

CANADA'S CHAMPION HORSE-THIEF.

Belleville, Ont., July 22.-Humphrey Guest was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for stealing a horse, buggy and harness belonging to S. A. Lozier. He owned up. Guest is the most notorious horse-thief in Canada. He is 78 years of age, and has served 42 years in the penitentiary. AERONAUT KILLED.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 22.—S. H. Hawkins, an aeronaut, was killed in a balloon ascension at Euclid Beach Park. After ascending 800 feet he was knocked from the trapeze, and fell to the ground, receiving injuries from which he died an hour later. The accident was witnessed by nearly 1,000

Children Cry for CASTORIA. CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimile agrature Chart H. Fletchers. Wrayper.

Children Cry for CASTORIA. Children Cry for CASTORIA.

French P. D. Corsets.



These World-Renowned Corsets are positively without rivals for FIT, COMFORT and DURA-

To be had only at Smallman & Ingram's

Fall Exhibitions.

WESTERN FAIR, LONDON, SEPT. Central Canada Exhibition, Ottawa, Sept. 11-23.
Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition, Winnipeg, July 10-15. South Lanark Fair, Perth, Sept. 11-13. Kingston District Fair, Kingston, Sept. Quebec Exhibition, Quebec, Sept. 11-16. West Middlesex Exhibition, Strathroy, Sept. 18-20. Industrial Fair, Toronto, Aug. 28-Northern E Sept. 19-22. Exhibition, Collingwood, North Riding of Oxford Agricultural Society, Woodstock, Sept. 21-23. Provincial Exhibition, Halifax, Sept. 23-

30. North Brant, Paris Sept. 25-26. Center Bruce, Paisley, Sept. 26-27. South Grey, Durham, Sept. 26-27. Haldimand, Cayuga, Sept. 26-27. Northwestern, Goderich, Sept. 26-28 West Kent, Chatham, Sept. 26-28. Center Wellington, Fergus, Sept. 27-28, North Dorchester Agricultural Society, Dorchester, Oct. 4.
Other dates will be added as receive ed from secretaries.

Here's a Little Nut to Crack. Just a grain of corn! The principle upon which Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor acts is entirely new. It removes the corn layer by layer, with-

out any pain whatever. It never fails either. Try it

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER. Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance 'phone. OFFICES, Masonic Temple London

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for offers of GRAIN, FLOUR and MILLFEED. If offering please state quantities and lowest prices.

P. O. BOX 807. . MONTREAL

New York Stocks. Reported by F. H. Butler, 15 and 16 Masonic Femiple, for The Advertiser.

New York, July 22. Yesterday's

Close.	Open.	High.	LOW. 2	p.m.
Atcheson 20	20	201/8	1974	19%
Atcheson Pfd 613/	62	6246	615/8	615/8
N. Y. Gas 177%	177	177	177	177
Brookiyn Tran115%	115%	1157/8	1151/8	1154
Canada Pacific				
C., B. & Q1361/2	137 1/4	137%	18658	13634
C. & N W 160%	160	160	160	160
Chicago Gas1131/	1181/8	118%	118	118
Gen. Blectric 120%	120	120	120	120
Jersey Central1163	1161/2	1165/2	116%	116%
K. & T., Pfd 351/8	35	35	35	35
L. & N 7814	733/8	781/2	731/8	731/2
Manhattan11878	1184	11834	118	118
Metropolitan St. 2124	213	2131/4	211%	8111%
Mo. P 481/4	481/4	483%	473%	48
N. Y Central1591/2	1301/2	141/8	1231/2	13914
Northern Paoific 77%	77%	77 1/8	773/2	7754
Ont. & Western. 261/8				
P. M 4836			.::	.::
R. I119	11936	1193/8	1181/2	1183/4
Reading 60%	6034	61	60	60
St. Paul	1321/2	1321/2	131 3/8	132
Southern Ry, Pfd 51%	5238	521/2	521/4	52%
T. C. I 6954	6834	69	6834	681/4
U. Pacific 77%	77 1/2	775%	775%	175%
W. U	901/2	901/4	80%	901/2
TRUSTS:	011/	911/	911/	311/4
Lead 31	311/4	311/4	3114	7234
Leather 731/8	731/8	731/4	72%	
Sugar	1581/8	1581/8	156%	157 1/8 58 1/4
Federal Steel 58%	38%	581/2	581/8	50%
Rubber 51	50 1/2	501/2	561/2	561/8
Steel and Wire. 56	56%	563%		9716
Tobacco 98	9754	973%	97 1/2	41
Continental 41	411/4	11.40	- 21	

Teronto Produce Market. Toronto, July 21.—Wheat steady at 68c for white and red and 67c for goose west. Manitoba wheat steady; No. 1 hard, 79c, west. Flour dull; cars of straight roller in barrels, \$2 80, west. Millfeed steady at \$14 to \$15 for shorts, and \$11 to \$11 50 for bran west. Corn -Canada yellow nominal at 35c west; No. 2 American, 41c, west. Oats steady at 29c for white west. Peas steady at 67c to 68c west. Eggs firm at 131/2c to 14c. Butter steady at 13c to 14c for choice dairy pails and tubs, and 10c to 12c for inferior; creamery, 17½c for prints, and 16½c to 17c for boxes and

American Markets.

NEW YORK, July 22.-Flour-Receipts, 21,001 bbls; sales, 2,700 packages; state and western was steadier in tone, but not quotably higher; Minnesota patents, \$3 75 to \$3 85. Rye flour—Dull. Wheat—Receipts, 143,900 bu; sales, 645,-000 bu; options, No. 2 red was fairly active and firm this morning on hot weather news from the Northwest and covernings; it later eased off through realizing; July, 75 9-16c to 75%c; Sept., 75%c to 76%c; Dec., 77%c to 78c. Rye—Steady; state, 56c; No. 2 western, 60%c. Corn. Receipts. 158,925 bu: sales. 25,000 bu; options, No. 2 was stronger on a demand from shorts and sympathy with successful paper for adverse. Oats—Receipts, 60,200 bu; oplost articles. CHICAGO TO SEND 300. 4,814 packages; steady. Cheese-Receipts, 1,081 packages; firm. Eggs-Receipts, 6,203 packages; steady. Sugar-Raw firm; refining, 37%c; centrifugal, 96 test, 47-16c refined steady. Hops—Quiet. Lead—Quiet; exchange price, \$4 55 to \$4 571/4.

Chicago Exchange.

broker, Masonio				
		High.		Clare.
Wheat-Sept	70%	711/3	703/2	70%
Dec	7234	73	7214	723/
Corn-Sept	321/8	321/4	31 16	313/
Dec			293/	30
Oats - Sept	1974	19%	1914	195
Dec		2014	20	20
Pork -Sept 9		9 30	9 17	9 17
Oct 9		9 30	9 20	9 20
Lard-Sept 5		5 62	5 57 -	5 57
Oct 5		5 67	5 62	5 62
Ribs-Sept 5		5 30	5 22	5 22
Oct 8		5 32	5 27	5 27
Puts 69%. Cal				·

QUALITY

should be the first thing to consider in buying Baking Powder.

Strong's Baking Powder

is pure, pleasing and popular Quality never varies.

W. T. STRONG & CO

Dispensing Chemists, 184 Dundas St., London.

Marriage Licenses Issued

HE MARVELED MUCH. He had been elected member for his native county and had come up to the metropolis to take his seat in the house. He was a modest, retiring in-dividual, and felt quite overswed as he stood diffidently in the lobby among a throng of the ordinary mem-

Well, Mr. G-," said one of the legislators near him, "and what are your impressions of the house?"
"To tell you the truth," replied the

new member, in some confusion, "I wonder how I got here!"

A week after he made a speech which etonished them, and the same member button-holed him again after the

debate.
"What are your impressions of the house now?" was the question. "Getting to know us, eh?"

"Yes," quietly replied Mr. G—;
"and now I wonder how you all got

pressions after that.—London Ans-

School Girls' Nerves.

Many a pale, weak school girl, suffer-ing the evil effects of an exhausted yous system, and thin, watery blood, has been fully restored to the vigor and buoyancy of robust health, by using Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food. The healthful glow on the cheek and the brightness in the eye tell of the building-up process which is taking place in

The most severe electric storm in years throughout Northern New York ocurred Thursday night.

Latest Probabilities

Toronto, July 32-10 a.m.—Probabili-les for the lower lakes region for the next 24 hours: Moderate easterly shifting to southerly winds; fine and moderately warm

today and on Sunday.

-City Council meeting Monday night. -Dr. H. Arnott and wife, of Marlette, Mich., are visiting their parents in this

-Miss P. Titherington, of Toronto, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Rose, York street.

-Mr. Wm. O'Brien, Horton street, city, is the guest of Mrs. John Bowman, Port Stanley. -The employes of Lawson & Jones

and of Wortman & Ward picnicked at Port Stanley today. -A young girl charged with vagrancy was the only case at the police court this morning. She was discharg-

-The hospital building committee visited the hospital yesterday and decided upon the location of the chande-

-Misses Irene and Trixie McKenzie St. Thomas, are the guests of Misses Pearl and Flossie Hoskin, 440 King

-Mr. Charles Schofield, stenographer, has gone on a two weeks' visit to his brother, Mr. James Schofield,

-Messrs. H. Moorehouse, G. Mc-Cormick, W. J. O'Brien and S. Mc-Donell leave today for a two weeks' camp at Port Stanley. -Mr. John Thompson, of Spittal, Sabine & Co., left yesterday afternoon on a bicycle trip to Toronto, Whitby,

Buffalo and Niagara Falls. -Mr. Roy McMillan, a former student at the London Collegiate Insti-tute, and now in charge of a Bracebridge school, is holidaying in the city. -Messrs. Anderson Bros. threshed for J. Hawkins, of Arva, 162 bushels of wheat the product of six acres. It was a very good sample. The variety was Dawson's Golden Chaff.

-The funeral of the late John R. Dixon took place this afternoon from the family residence King street, to Woodland cemetery. Rev. J. W. Pedley conducted the service.

-No. 2 committee misunderstood W. H. Gould's tender for gravel, which was accepted Thursday night, and a meeting to reconsider the matter will be held before the council sits Monday night.

-At the last meeting of Court Mag-nolia, A. O. F., Bro. William Loughrey, who is leaving the city, tendered his resignation as minute secretary, when the members presented him with a handsome check

THE WATCH TICKS AGAIN.

Yesterday Mr. Currie, of Oak Hall, handed in to The Advertiser a "lost" advertisement of a lady's gold watch. Mr. Currie called again this morning and stated that the watch was returned by a Mrs. Walsh. Mr. Currie asked her in what paper she had seen the advertisement, and she replied "The Advertiser." Day after day The Advertiser is proving that it is the most successful paper for advertising for

The London Old Boys' Association of Chicago, consisting of about 45 members, met at the Great Northern Hotel Thursday evening, to complete arrangements for an excursion which is to leave Chicago at 10 o'clock the evening of Aug. 4, and arrive in London at 10 o'clock the following morning. About 300 are expected to go. It is intended to have a three days' celebration, Aug. 5-7. On the day of arrival there will be a ball game between the visiting "old boys" and the "old boys" at home. There will also be processions, receptions and

AT A STANDSTILL

concerts.-Chicago Chronicle.

No More Military Operations Till the Rainy Season Closes-Gen. Otis and the War Correspondents.

Manila, July 22.-The unprecedented rains of the last week have convinced observers here that military operations on a large scale or advances covering many miles will be impossible for a

long time. The Paranaque bridge, which was considered impregnable, has been swept away, cutting off temporarily the garrisons of Imus and Bacoor from comdunication with Manila. In the cir-cumstances it would be impossible to drive wagon trains, as the trails have become doubtful. Pack mules will be utilized if it should become possible for

soldiers to make marches. STATEMENT BY GEN. OTIS Washington, July 22.—The war department has issued a statement, quoting certain dispatches from Gen. Otis, in answer to the press correspondents'
"round robin." The general says, in
substance, that the correspondents wish to send statements that imperil operations; that they have no specifications to support their charges against him, and that these charges are untrue. He denies that he minimizes the work

HON P. MITCHELL

Suffering From Paralysis-May Not

Ottawa, July 22.-Hon. Peter Mitchell is lying at the Hotel Cecil suffering from paralysis and not expected to recover. He was attacked while leavthe parliament building. McLenan, M. P., Inverness, was close at hand, and had him conveyed in a hack to his residence at the Hotel

Cecil. ported to be resting quietly, and ap-

THE WRONG BODY BURIED. San Francisco, Cal., July 22.—The Chronicle says: "A casket supposed to contain the remains of Pte. Francis Deckelman, Company L, First California Volunteers, was bowered in May last into a grave in the Deckelman family plot at Oddfellows' Cemetery. On the 11th of the present month, on the suspicion that a mistake had been made, the casket was disinterred at the request of the boy's father, and the suspicion verified. Decomposition had set in to such an extent that identification was impossible, but it was plain to the bereaved father that a

CITY COUNCIL

Commissioners Want to Know if More Police Are Needed

Since the Soldiers Have Been Withdrawn-The Mayor Thinks the Government Must Foot Military Bill-Company's Special Detectives Not Paid by the City.

The police commissioners met this morning in secret session. Mayor Wilson, chairman of the board, gave out that a resolution was passed this morning asking the advice of the city council as to whether or not special police protection for the city should be procured, in view of the withdrawal of the soldiers.

"From present indications," said the mayor, "I do not believe the city needs any additional police protection.'

Mayor Wilson was asked concerning the rumor that the special detectives brought here to protect the street rail-way company's property were being paid by the city. "They have never received a cent from the city," replied the mayor. "The city has not brought in one special policeman during the whole trouble."

The city had not even paid anything for the soldiers as yet, and the mayor was under the impression that the government and not the city would have to foot the bill, which would, he, believed, be something under \$4,000.

THE LABORER Ah, little recks the laborer, How near his work is holding him to

The loving Laborer through space and time.

-Walt Whitman. MORE SKEPTICISM.

Canada, barring London itself, is still waiting for an explanation of the idiocy which resulted in the calling out of the militia to maintain order in that city. The act was a disgrace to the country. The London papers can magnify a little disorderly conduct as much as they please, and London can ornament itself with a seemingly in-capable police management for years to come, before it can convince this great family journal that any mob can be gathered together in Canada, which it requires soldiers to suppress.-Chatham Planet.

CIRCUMSTANCES ALTER CASES. Judge William Elliot, of London, Ont., champions the "scab." Writing his opinion in regard to the London street car strike, he takes the posi-tion and says that any man has a right to take employment when he can get it and should not be debarred because he does not belong to a union. Of course the judge has no sympathy with any class of workmen who combine to protect their interests. circumstances should so shape themselves that another man could come along and underbid the judge for his job, he would, then, likely take a different view of the protection of lab-or.—Peterboro Examiner.

STRIKE NOTES. Persons connected with the company are boasting of their prompt knowledge of what takes place at the men's meetings. The men are not ignorant mation.

On Tuesday night next, under the auspices of the ladies, a band concert will be given on Victoria Park, on behalf of the striking street railway employes. Particulars later.

The street railway company ran 21 cars yesterday, including the Springbank car. All but five were run into the barn at 8:20 p.m. The other five ran full time.

The ladies of the Home Defense Union held a most successful meeting yester-day afternoon in Labor Hall, and the following resolution was passed: The ladies of the Home Defense Union wish to return thanks to the Oregon Club Mrs. C. Smith, Mrs. Currell and others who rendered their services to make the social on the grounds of the Oregon Club a success.

CLEVELAND STRIKE

Four Companies of the 5th Ohie Called Out.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 22. - Four companies of the Fifth Regiment, Ohio National Guards, were called out by Mayor Farley today for strike duty. The companies will assemble in the armories this afternoon.

GETS A DIVORCE

Mrs. Macdougall, Formerly Mrs. Biegelow, Wins Her Case.

Chicago, IH., July 22.-Mrs. William Macdougall, of Chicago, formerly Mrs. N. G. Bigelow, of Toronto, was yesterday granted a divorce from her husband, Mr. Wm. Macdougall, by the su-

perior court here. About three years ago Mr. Macdou-gall left his wife and instituted a suit for divorce against her. His suit, however, was shown to be groundless,

and was dismissed. Mrs. McDougall brought her action on account of desertion and non-support, and has been granted her divorce, with the right to resume her former name of Mrs. Bigelow.

BOTH DROWNED

Boy Hero Risked His Life to Save An. other Youth.

Chicago, July 22.—Raymond Corcoran, 14 years old, risked his life before a crowd to save Oscar Anderson, 18 years old, from drowning, and lost. The boys perished together before a throng of pleasure-seekers standing on the beach at Lincoln Park.

Anderson, who was just learning to swim, had ventured out too far, when he sunk. As he arose to the surface he cried for help. Corcoran, who was a good swimmer, was far inshore, and, shouting encouragement to the struggling boy in the water, hurried to his assistance. As he arose again, Corcoran caught him around the neck. He made but a few strokes, when he threw up his hands with a cry, and

both sank from sight.
Park Policeman Sleiger, who had heard the cries of the people on shore, hurried to the scene in a rowboat. He was too late. The two swimmers came up for the third time locked in each others' arms, but sunk again for the last time.

Ball-Playing. BASEBALL. Eastern League Standing.

National League Standing. Brooklyn. 55 Boston 49 Philadelphia 48 Cincinnati

Woodstock Express, Friday: It was breathed on the streets this morning that several influential monetary men of the town were willing to take hold of the ball team and carry it over the rest of the season, provided that they get the support of the public by pat-

concerned. CHALLENGE.

is not responded to the Violets claim the city championship. Address all cor-

FOR THE FANS.

William Kershaw, better known to Londoners as "Willie" Kershaw, has been forced to retire from ball playing. He was with Toronto for a time this season, but was released. The St. John, N. B., Sun, of Monday, 17th inst., says: "William Kershaw, who came here to pitch for the Alerts, went home Saturday. Mr. Kershaw is a most gentlemanly pitcher, and made many friends during his stay here, who deeply regret that his shoulder gave out. Mr. Kershaw thinks he will be all right next season.'

LAWN BOWLING

W. O. BOWLING TOURNAMENT. The fourth annual tournament of the Western Ontario Bowling Association commences here Tuesday, July 25, on the grounds of the London Bowling

The Labatt Trophy-To be held by the club represented by the winning rink for one year, and to become the property of the club whose rink shall

Association Match-Game 18 ends-For cempetition by all rinks defeated in trophy match, excepting the winner of second prize. First prize, four cutlass decanters. Second prize, Four sportsman's flasks.

Consolation Match-Game 18 ends-For competition by all rinks, except winner of first and second prizes in trophy match and association match. First prize, four pairs military hair brushes. Second prize, four ham-

two members of same club. First prize, two silver-mounted cut-glass claret jugs. Second prize, two French, hand-painted jardinieres. Singles-Game 13 points-First prize,

one Bristol steel fishing rod, presented by Mr. W. R. Hobbs, London. Secong prize, one silver-mounted fern jardiniere. Third prize, one brass hotwater kettle. The executive committee has ap-

pointed the president, Lieux 21.
Macbeth, as umpire, to settle any
questions or disputes arising at the tournament, with power to name a

Entrance Fees-Rinks-Each rink, \$4. Doubles—When members of any rink, each man, 50 cents. Doubles—When not a member of any rink, \$1. Singles—When member of any rink, each man, 50 cents. Singles—When not member of any rink, each man, \$1.

The preliminary game in trophy match will commence at 2 nm. Doubles-When members of any rink,

match will commence at 2 p.m., on Tuesday, 25th. The trophy presented by Mr. John Labatt was won in '96 by the "Victoria" Club, Toronto, in '97 by the "Thistle" Club, Hamilton, and in '98

by the "Thistle" Club, Toronto. FISTIC AFFAIRS.

CHOYNSKI VS. McCORMACK. Chicago, July 22 .- Joe Choynski, of California, got the decision over Jack McCormack, the Philadelphia, heavyweight, here last night at the end of a six round contest. Choynski was knocked down in the first round but from that until the sixth he had a decided advantage.

Denver, Colo., July 22.—Kid Parker and Spike Sullivan have been matched to fight twenty rounds before the Olympic Club in this city Aug. 11. The winner will meet Frank Erne in a fight for the light-weight champion-

CHALLENGES THE WORLD.

At the cushion game Carter is willing to play one game of 500 points, or three Summer Fuel

Don't blow your head off by using gasoline, er poison your food with the fumes of gas, for

Hunt Bros.

REFRIGERATORS!

CHALLENGE ICEBERG REFRIGERATORS-

THE BEST IN THE MARKET

ICE CREAM FREEZERS, ALL SIZES, LAWN MOWERS, GARDEN HOSE,

SCREEN DOORS, ALL KINDS. WINDOW SCREENS.

COWAN'S CASH HARDWARE 127 DUNDAS STREET.

Important Notice.

The COAL and WOOD Business of

A. D. Cameron & Son,

having been purchased by

R. W. Scott & Co.,

They beg to announce that they will open up THIS WEEK with a clean, bright stock of Coal, Wood, Lime, Cement, Sewer Pipe, etc., purchased in the best known

PLEASE RESERVE YOUR ORDERS.

Office and yards, Burwell street (Cameron's old stand), near Grand Trunk Railway tracks.

R. W. SCOTT & CO.

Telephone No. 58.

************ games of 400 points each at any time after making the match for \$2,500 a

CRICKET.

AYLMER VS. ST. JOHN'S A. C. The return match between the Aylmer cricket club and the St. John's A C., of this city, will be played on Monday on the grounds of the latter, corner of Oxford street and Wharncliffe road. Play will commence at 10 o'clock. The club is always glad to welcome visitors at its grounds.

COLLEGE CONTESTS

Inter-Collegiate Contests in London-Honors Divided.

London, July 22.-The hot spell of weather was temporarily broken last night by a heavy fall of rain, followed by a somewhat gloomy morning, causing apprehension for the inter-university sports. At noon, however, the sun was again shining, and the heat was mist, but dispelled the fears of rain. The gates of the Queen Club's grounds were thrown open at 2:15 p.m. to the crowds that were already surrounding the entrances. The American and English flags were flying down the center

of the grounds. England won the choice of positions for the mile and half-mile races. The long jump was won by G. C. Vassall, Oxford; C. D. Daly, Harvard, was second; J. T. Roche, Harvard, third, and L. Robevan, Cambridge,

fourth. The hammer-throwing contest was won by W. A. Boal, Harvard; Holcombe J. Brown, Harvard, was second. and J. D. Greenshields, Oxford, was third. Boal threw 136 feet 8½ inches; Brown, 122 feet, 9 inches, and Green-

shields, 109 feet, 6 inches. The one hundred yards' dash was won by Quinlan, Harvard; C. R. Thomas, Oxford, was second; F. S. Blount, Yale, was third, and A. L. Hine, Cambridge, fourth. The winner's time was 10

In the mile run, A. Hunter, Cambridge, won; A. L. Dawson, Oxford, was second; C. B. Spitzer, Yale, third; P. Smith, Yale, fourth. Time, 4:24. The hurdles was won by F. Z. Fox, Harvard; W. Paget Tomlinson, Cambridge, was second; H. R. Parkes, Oxford, was third, and J. W. Hallowell, Harvard, was fourth. Time, :15%. The half-mile run was won by H. E. Graham, Cambridge.

In the half-mile run, C. F. W. Struben, Cambridge, was second; J. P. Adams, Yale, was third, and T. E. Burke, Harvard, was fourth. Time, 1:57%. Graham won by 12 yards. The quarter-mile run was won by C. G. Davidson, Cambridge.

In the long jump Vassall led off with 22 feet 5 inches, followed by Roche, with 21 feet 7 inches. Bevan, who followed, did not make 20 feet, and the jump was not measured. Daly came next, with 20 feet 6½ inches. In the second trial Vassall jumped 22 feet 4 inches. Both Roche and Bevan failed to do 20 feet, while Daly made 21 feet 9½ inches. On the third trial Vassall made 22 feet 6 inches, and Roche 21

feet 9 inches. In the quarter-mile run, D. Board-man, Yale, was second; T. R. Fisher, Yale, was third, and A. M. Hollins, Oxford, was fourth. Time, 49% seconds. Davidson won by 5 yards.

The high jump was won by A. Rice, Harvard. He cleared 6 feet. The three miles run was won by H. W. Workman, Cambridge. England won the odd event.

In the high jump, C. M. Rotch, Harvard, was out at 5 feet 11 inches. The other three continued the contest. In the three miles run, C. K. Palmer, Yale, was second. The others did not finish. Time, 15:24%

A MEAT-EATING NATION.

In the eating of meat the United States heads all nations. Not less than 11,000,000,000 pounds of meat are used there yearly, or 147 pounds to each person. Five thousand million pounds of beef, 4,000,000,000 pounds of pork, and 800,000,000 pounds mutton. The United Kingdom stands next with 100 pounds, per inhabitant. Norway uses 80 pounds; France, 77; Spain, 70; Germany, 64; Switzerland, 62; Belgium, 61; Austro-Hungary, 60; Russia, Portugal, and Netherlands, 50 pounds each; Italy, pounds.-Caterer.

The schooner John Breden foundered on Lake Huron off Lexington in the north gale Thursday. Three of her crew were drowned. The only name known is that of Jane Conners, the woman cook. The vessel was worth

THE FIRST DUTY

of a married man is self-protection-that is, to buy where he can get the best for the least

THE FIRST HOUSE

in our lines of Farniture is John Ferguson & Sons, 174-180 King street. They make

THE FIRST THING

you should do after reading this

ad is to come down and see for

goods known so well by most of

the wide-awake buyers in Canada.

yourself, and be happy. Paris Green, Hellebore,

Insect Destroyers.

B. A. MITCHELL'S, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

114 Dundas Street.

SELLS.... GOOD WOOD,

SLABS and KINDLING,

Cut and Split to Order. 19 York Street.

UP-TOWN-M.C.R. TICKET OFFICE. THE BLUE ROSE

Reports of Its Production in Bulgaria Arouse Skepticism - Soil in Which the Flower Is Said to Grow.

A blue rose, says the London News. has long been the desire of those who in their appreciation of flowers place a higher value upon mere novelty than upon perfection of form, beautiful coloring and delightful fragrance, but the Gardeners' Magazine does not credit the report that this treasure has at last been found in Bulgaria. Our horticultural contemporary has been told often in the course of the last quarter of a century that the blue rose has made its appearance, and has seen plants of what his friends assured him were those of the veritable black rose, but when the season of flowering arrived the only things that were black were the looks of the owners, who were naturally vexed that they should have wasted their money and made themselves objects of ridicule. In the case of the blue rose he has not even been able to catch a glimpse of a plant bearing blue flowers, nor has anyone stated that he has seen either flowers or

plants. The Bulgarian blue roses would appear closely to resemble the chameleon, which frequently changes color to the eye of the observer, for in one case they were reported to be of a beautiful azure blue and in another they are said to be of a greenish blue, the latter hue recalling the delicate tints of the turquoise. A sample of the soil in which the bush is growing has, it is said, been sent to a chemical laboratory to be analyzed, but surely, says the Gar-deners' Magazine, it would have been more sensible to have taken as many buds as possible from the branch and worked them to other stocks, with a view to a perpetuation of so remarkable

a novelty. ALGER'S SUCCESSOR.

Washington, D. C., July 21. - Mr. Eithu Root, of New York, has been tendered, and has accepted the secretaryship of war.

of the navy, and quotes from navy dis-patches to justify his statement.

Recover.

At midnight Mr. Mitchell was reparently improved.

dead Filipino had been given the rest-ing-place intended for his son.

LATE SPORTING

Willie Kershaw Obliged to Give Up

 Eastern League Standing.

 Won. Lost.
 Per Ct.

 Toronto.
 39
 30
 .565

 Worcester.
 39
 30
 .565

 Rochester.
 39
 30
 .565

 Montreal.
 37
 30
 .562

 Springfield.
 33
 32
 .507

 Providence.
 34
 39
 .465

 Hartford.
 31
 39
 .443

 Syracuse.
 21
 43
 .328
 Won. Lost. Per Ct

A. RUMOR. ronage, and they were of the opinion that they would. Woodstock is a great ball town and ball should pay here. There is a certain crowd who demand good ball, and if they get it they will give their patronage. This little company of moneyed men claim to be able to handle the team satisfactorily to all

The East End Violets challenge any team of the city, average age 16 years, to a series of games, to be played at a reasonable time, and if this challenge respondence to Wm. Arthur, 731 Lorne avenue, city.

Club. The grounds are in better shape than ever before, and no effort will be spared to make the tournament a most enjoyable and successful one. The programme is as follows: Trophy match-Game 18 ends-Open to any four players of same

win it three times. First prize, four gold medals, Second prize, Four bowl-

Doubles-Game 13 ends-Open to any

Substitute.

No game to be commenced later than 7 p.m., unless by mutual con-sent of both skips.

MATCHED.

Chicago, July 22.—Eugene Carter, the billiard player, has issued a challenge to play any man in the world at cushion caroms or three cushion caroms. At three cushion game he will play 100 points for any part of \$2,500; the game to be played not earlier than 30 days from the date that the match is made.

For Cooking

cooking in summer, but order some of our Soft Maple Block Wood at \$4 50 per cord, which is the cheapest and best. Delivered from our new yard, Waterloo street, between Bathurst and Horton; telephone 412. Head office, 363 Richstreet: telephone 128.

Remnants...

We are cleaning up our stock of Wall Paper after the rush of house-cleaning, and have some great bargains in rem-nants to offer. Bring size of your room and see what we have to offer.

E. N. HUNT, 190 Dundas Street.

JESSAMINE.

CHAPTER XXI.

"I knocked at Mr. Fordham's door, ma'am, as you bid, and he said that he wasn't well enough to leave his room, and would you be pleased to eat breakfast without him. And he said, ma'am, that you needn't be uneasy the leastest bit in the world, for it's only a cold and sore throat that he's got, and, indeed, if I may make so bold as to say it, he's that hoarse I could scarcely

hear him at all." Phoebe eyed her mistress slyly and keenly when she had delivered her Although not particularly given to prying and gossip, her curiosity was excited by certain peculiar-ities in the home life of Mr. and Mrs. Fordham, for which the supposition that the master of the house had "picked up German ways" while abroad, did not fully account. They had distinctly separate apartments, carrying the rule of division so far that Mr. Fordham never entered his wife's sitting-room without knocking at the door, and if the invaded the library when he was in, she not only asked admittance, in the same way, but apologized for interrupting his studies.

They are too polite by half," Phoebe estimated, judging them by her not very extensive observation and experience. There's Mrs. Baxter will make more fuss over her dried-up atomy of a man in one day that Mrs. Fordham does about her fine figure of a husband in a

She had never seen Mrs. Fordham kiss or otherwise caress his bride, or indulge in any of the romping fondling which the lately wedded are prone to forget may be less interesting to spectators than to themselves. Yet, she was ready to affirm stoutly that, in her parlance, "they thought the world and all of one another": that Mr. Fordham studied his wife's inclinations, anticipated her wishes, and ministered to her comfort more than any other gentleman she knew; while "Mr. Fordham likes she knew; while this," or "he is not fond of that," were decisive phrases in Jessie's mouth in the conduct of her domestic affairs, and her many new devices to make his homecoming at noon and evening an ever-new pleasure, called forth continual admiration of the handmaid-

It was a puzzle past her finding out. But here was a test that could hardly fail. The wise should, according to Phoebe's creed, fly on the wings love and anxiety to the bedside of her sick lord: become his nurse and servitor until he recovered.

To the girl's grieved disappointment for she was sincerely attached to the whilome "Miss Jessie," and wanted to think well of her in all things-Mrs. Fordham said, composedly, if not coolly—"Very well, Phoebe! Bring in breakfast," and turned again to the window at which she was standing, when the news was brought to her of her husband's sad case.

"I'm right down sorry—that I am!" grumbled the servant over the kitchen range. "I did hope she'd show some feeling for him when he's maybe took for dipthery or quincy or something else awful. And he's such a good provider and well-spoken gentleman, and never so much as raising his voice in a temper with her, but treating her like a queen! I've a mind to slip up myself, and ask what he'll have to eat These are the beautifullest muffins ever I see! She is a master hand at the like. And I know she made these, as she does all sorts of nice things, because he likes 'em. Queer she never lets on but what I get up the dishes he praises. Mistresses mostly is glad enough to pocket the compliments as belongs to their girls. She's a genuwine lady, and no mistake, but it cuts me to see her so cold-hearted to him. I suppose they're what folks call a

'fashionable couple.' " While this soliloguy was going on, the subect of it stood still at the window, gazing into the street. It was a bleak December day. There had been rain in the night; then the thermometer sank abruptly, and by morning the sidewalks were glazed with ice. earth was black and grim; the clouds, grayly sullen, seemed to rest upon the chimney tops; and while Jessie looked it began to snow, gently for a while, then so fast that a wavering sheet soon shut out her view of distant objects. The cottage was on a corner, and this being a side window, gave upon the college grounds on one hand, Judge Provost's house, garden and lawn on By changing her position never so slightly, the lady could have beheld the balconied front and imposing cupóla of the Wylly's residence, of which the happy pair had taken formal possession ten days before, postponing their bridal tour until spring. For," as the bride eagerly explained to everybody-"both of us have been everywhere on this side of the water, and winter-traveling is an awful bore. To be sure, we've been abroad, too, and seen everything that is worth seeing. So we are beating our brains to devise something recherche" (pronounced re-"in the way of a wedding trip. And it is so sweet and romantic

Appetizing

For this season of the year when fresh vegetables are scarce......

Large 3-lb. tins French String Beans. 20C.

to come to our own home, right away!

Rodel French Peas, 15c. Rodel Mushrooms, 28c. Whole Tomatoes for slicing, 20c. Canned Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, Beans,

French Kidney Beans, Succotash, Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce. California Prunes, 8c per lb. California Silver Prunes, 121/2c per lb. California Dried Peaches, 10c per lb.

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co

169 DUNDAS ST.



Indeed, as I told Orrin, it isn't safe to leave such carpets and furniture as ours unprotected."

Jessie had heard all this fanfaronade, and much more from Mrs. Baxter, but

she was not thinking of it now. Nor did she move so as to bring the "new and superb mansion of our popular fellow citizen, Orma Wyllys, Esq.," within the range of her vision; only seemed to watch the falling snow, and the few passers-by who dotted the whitening streets at this early hour. In reality, she was speculating upon the meaning of the stillness in the chamber over head. Was Roy, then, too ill to get up? Was his room comfortable? What attention from nurse or physician did he need? How was she to learn and supply his wants? It would be barbarous unkindness, if he were very sick, to stand aloof and leave the charge of him to hirelings. Yet her personal attendance would be awkward for both. She was not sure that he would approve of it, so fastidious had been his care to excuse her from such offices. He had spoken, in an offhand way, overnight, of being chilly, and apologized for not offering to read the new number of a magazine to her by saying that his throat was sore. Without consulting him, she had brewed a pitcher of hot lemonade, and insisted upon his drinking it after he went to his room. He had thanked her with the invariable courtesy that met her every effort to serve him, and "was sure it was all he needed. A most agreeable prescription, too!" he added, as he bore the It was a shock, after this pleasant parting, to hear that he was sick in bed. What if he were to be seriously ill? Her heart gave a great bound, then ceased moving for a moment. He was a robust, so full of life

and energy, that this could not be. What if he were to die! She, too, thought of diphtheria. There had been several fatal cases of it in Hamilton recently. She was pale and faint; her limbs giving way under her as she admitted the frightful supposition. What would she be-what would she do if the strong staff of his protection, the solace of his companionship, were reft

For she knew that little cause as she had given him, in the circumstances attending their marriage, to cherish her, as all men should—as some men do-the women who love them fervently and constantly, there was hardly a wife in the land who was surrounded by the atmosphere of chivalrous devotion which encompassed her in the secluded life she led as the nominal mistress of Roy Fordham's home. Her deep mourning was a sufficient excuse for declining to enter the gay circle in which Mrs. Wyllys fluttered and her diamonds and husband shone. But Roy saw to it that she was not lonely. The Baxters, Provosts, and others of his friends were often with them during the day, and he spent his evenings, as a rule, at home.

"Will you favor me with your company in the library, or shall I come to your sitting-room?" he would ask when supper was over.

They wrote and studied together as two friends of the same sex might; talked freely upon all subjects suggested by either each watchful that no chance touch should wound the other; make him or her swerve quickly aside lest the next step should be upon the fresh grave that lay ever between them. In all their intercourse, Roy's apparent ease far surpassed his wife's. Cheerful, cordial, always kind and more sociation; as if passion and regret were warmer love-name than "Jessie, dear," clasp, night and morning; a smiling bow and lively phrase when he came in to dinner and tea, were the most af-fectionate countesies exchanged. But no distraught lover, at the height of his lunacy, ever studied his mistress's fantasies, sought to penetrate and fulfill her will, as did this quiet and courtly husband that of the woman who had confessed that her heart was none of his when he married her. Flowers, fruits, birds and books were lavished upon her; passed into her hands through other than his, but were always procured by him in response to some expressed liking on her part, or in ac-cordarce with what he imagined were her wishes or needs. Nor was his unobtrusive attention to her health less constant. In the same friendly style he regulated exercise, diet and work; saw that her habits were not too sed-entary, and that she did not expose herself, imprudently to cold, damp, or fatigue.

Her review of all that was rapid and

circumstantial. "He deserves all that I can do for him. False delicacy nor pride shall keep me back from ministering to the wants of one who is to me father, brother, friend. I may, at least, wait upon him as a hostess might tend an honored guest-a housekeeper the master of this house," she had decided by the time Phoebe set coffee, muffins, and

steak upon the table. Then, to the servant's increased chagrin, she sat down with Roy's vacant chair opposite her, and breakfasted

"Not much of a breakfast, to be sure," said Phoebe, returning at the end of ten minutes, to find the room deserted. "Half a muffin, and a cup of coffee, and she clean forgot to carve the steak. Looks like she was in love -but that can't be.'

"Come in," said the changed voice. that had wrought upon Phoebe's womanly compassion, as Jessie awaited the warrant to enter the sick-room - a faint-hearted lingerer upon the threshold. She buoyed up her courage by remembering that she was the housekeeper who had come for the orders of been suspended since Feb. 20 last, chargfor the day; the diffidence she railed at, inwardly, as ridiculous, and uncalled for, had no visible effect, except to heighten her color, and make her carry her head a trifle less loftily.

[To be Continued.]

EASTBROOKE CHILD IS SAFE. Windsor, July 22 - Windsor's kidnapping scare terminated suddenly. Mrs. Mary E. Fetbrooke, residing on East Pitt street, reported to Chief Wills that her little daughter had been picked up and spirited away by a stout gray-haired woman and taken on the ferry to Detroit. It was learned later that the child was taken by Mrs. McNoah, the agent for the Women's Protective Association, of Detroit, who claims that the child had not been properly taken care of. Her authority for hringing the little one to Detroit is for bringing the little one to Detroit is based upon the statement that Mr. Eastbrooke formerly resided there.

LIFE SAVED—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eelectric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believe it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me good.

THE THAMES

William Sulston, of Kilworth, Lost His Life Last Night,

While Bathing Near Con, 3, London Township-Was Scized With Cramps -An Expert Swimmer.

William Sulston, a young farm hand employed by Mr. R. Shaw-Wood at "Woodholme," was drowned last night while bathing in the Thames near the third concession of London township. Sulston wheeled to the river with a party of young men, and, arriving first, was found struggling in the water when the others came up. He sank from view and did not come up again. Sulston was an expert swimmer, and his companions were not alarmed at first, supposing that he was making a iong ous. After breakfast he telephoned his dive, as he had frequently done before. As the minutes passed the truth dawned on them. It was ten minutes before the body was recovered, when every expedient to revive him was tried in vain. Sulston suffered from heart trouble, and it is supposed that the

and a large family live on a farm. The family came from England about four years ago. Sulston was a popular young man of good habits, and had been employed by Mr. Shaw-Wood for three months, where he was well-liked. The young men with him were all employed at the same place.

It is said that this makes the sixth drowning at this point in the river.

ON PAROLE

President Rossiter of Brooklyn Transit Company Is Out.

Sued for Giving Out Libelous Statements to Newspapers.

New York, July 22.-President Rossiter, of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, was arrested on a charge of violating section 254 of the penal code, which makes it unlawful to give out libelous information to newspapers. The complaint was made by A. L. Johnson, former president of the Nassau street railway system, and a man named John Weedon. It is claimed Rossiter said they advocated the use of dynamite by strikers. Rossiter was par-in the custody of his counsel until Thursday, when a hearing of the case will take place.

IN BROOKLYN.

The street railway men's strike in than kind in manner and language, he yet comported himself as if there were business of the lines. The schedules nothing abnormal in this sort of astoday practically restored and mainalike of the past, to which he had said | tained through the city and suburbs. they need never again recur. No | Aside from greased rails and the occasional explosion of a torpedo, which passed his Mps, and after the night had beeen placed on the tracks by of the home-bringing, he had never sympathizers to frighten new motor-offered to kiss or embrace her. A hand-men, nothing hindered the general men, nothing hindered the general operation of the road during last night.

AN ACCIDENT. A car of the Rockaway avenue line started from the Adams street police station about 2 o'clock this morning with thirteen policemen, in charge of Sergt. Dillon, for Canarsie, to relieve a force that had been on duty there. When the car reached Dumont avenue it ran off a "blind" switch and upset, throwing all on board down a slight embankment. Several of the policemen were cut and quite badly bruised. The mishap was purely accidental.

A BOMB. Cleveland, July 22 .- A dynamite bomb was thrown upon the roof of the Big Consolidated Company's barn at Lake View yesterday, and made a hole about two feet square in the roof. A Wade Park avenue car, which stood directly beneath the hole, was wrecked, the roof of the car being torn off by the explosion. No one was injured. Post-Director Birrell stated that troops would doubtless be called out soon to suppress mob violence. SPREADING.

The ore handlers' strike at Ashtabula Ohio, threatens to become general. The strikers demand the removal of Supt. Raser and Engineer McNut.

STRIKE IN CAPE BRETON. Sydney, C. B., July 22.-The drivers at Dominion pit, No. 1, of the Dominion Coal Company, are on strike for an advance of 15 cents a day. The demand was refused and the mine is idle. The

miners may strike in symathy.

COMING THEIR WAY. Detroit, July 22.-The members of the Street Railway Employes' Association have but one regret today, and that is that their agreement with the company is not now open for discussion, as in the present temper of the officers of the octopus they think that everything would come their way. Four suspended employes were reinstated last night without arbitration, and they appeared ready to concede almost anything that the men asked. Fred B. Dibble, conductor on Brush street,

ceive about \$270 back pay.

PROSPECTS OF SETTLEMENT. Detroit, July 22.-Frank C. Pingree says the statement has reached him that the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union was going to inaugurate a national boycott on Pingree & Smith's shoes. Deputy Timothy O'Connor de-nies the truth of the report. "We have every confidence," said Mr. O'Connor "that we will be able to arrive at a peaceable settlement with the firm of Pingree & Smith.

GONE UP IN SMOKE

The Old Presbyterian Church at Wallaceburg Eurned.

[Special to The Advertiser per G.N.W.] Wallaceburg, Ont., July 22.—The old Presbyterian Church in this town was destroyed by fire last night.
about \$3,000. Insurance, \$1,000.

Weary of Experimenting With salves, suppositories and ointments, and dreading a surgical operation, scores and hundreds have turned to Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment and have found in it an absolute cure for piles. The first application brings re-lief from the terrible itching, and it is very seldom that more than one box is required to effect a permanent cure. | police justice.

INGERSOLL'S DEATH CANADA'S

CameSuddenly-Heart Disease Was the Cause of His Demise.

New York, July 22.—Col. Robert G. Ingersoll's death at Walston-on-Hudson was sudden and unexpected, and resulted from the heart disease from which he suffered since 1896. In that year, during the Republican convention, he was taken ill and had to re-turn home. He never fully recovered from the attack of heart disease, and was under the care of physicians con-

stantly. For the last three days Mr. Ingersoll had not been feeling well. Thursday night he was in better health, and spent a portion of the evening playing billiards with Walston H. Brown, his son-in-law, and C. P. Farrell, brother-in-law and private secretary. He seemed to be in better health and spirits when he retired than he had been for several days.

Yesterday morning he rose at the usual hour and joined the family at breakfast. He then said he had spent a bad night, but felt better. He did not think his condition at all dangerphysican, and told him of his experience during the night. Dr. Smith told him, he said, to continue the use of nitro-glycerine and that he would see him during the day.

Col. Ingersoll spent the morning swinging in a hammock and sitting on shock of the cold water after violent family. He said he was better, and He was 22 years of age, and his home upstairs. Upon reaching the head of was near Kilworth, where his parents the stairs Col. Ingersoll turned into his had no pain. At 12:30 he started to go wife's room. Mrs. Ingersoll was there. Together they discussed what they would have for luncheon. After talking for a few minutes Col. Ingersoll crossed the room and sat down in a rocking-chair. He leaned his head upon his hand, which rested on the back of the chair. Mrs. Ingersoll asked him was feeling, and he replied: 'Oh. better.'

These were his last words. A second after they were uttered he was

Mrs. Ingersoll was the only person in the room with him when he died. Death came to him as he had recently expressed a desire it should. He often in old times said he wished to die slowly, with a full consciousness, so he might tell those about him how it felt. Recently he experienced a change of desire to die painlessly and without warning. Mr. Ingersoll was nearly 66 years

old, and had retired from the active practice of law for the past three years, although he continued to accept lecture engagements. Lecturing had always been to his fancy; not only the delivery, but preparation of lectures, and in his new home on Madison avenue, New York, he had a library out of which it was said to have been almost as difficult to dig him as if he had been built into his chair.

Robert Green Ingersoll was born Aug. 11, 1833, at Dresden, N. Y., and his father was a congregational minister of such broad views as frequently to cause dissension between him-self and his parish. The family removed to Illinois when Robert and his brother Eben opened a law office in Shawneetown. In '57 they removed to Peoria, and in 1860 Rot rt was defeated as a Democratic candidate for congress. Mr. Ingersoll earned his title of colonel in 1862 as colonel of the Eleventh Illinois cavalry. In '64 he joined the Republican party, was appointed attorney-general of Illinois in 1866, and in 1877 declined the post of

minister to Germany.
Col. Ingersoll first attracted general notice in 1876, when his speech proposing James G. Blaine for president at the Republican National Convention made him celebrated. From that time on his services as a campaign speaker were in great demand. One of his finest oratorical efforts was the Memorial Day address at New York in 1882. He also took part in many famous trials, and was counsel for the alleged star-route conspirators, who were

acquitted in 1883. Col. Ingersoll's first book attacking the Bible and Christianity was published in 1878, being entitled "The Gods and Other Lectures."This was followed by "Some Mistakes of Moses," "What Shall I Do To Be Saved?" "Modern Thinkers," etc. But is was not as a writer, but as a lecturer that Col. Ingersoll gained his greatest celebrity and made the fortune which enabled him to retire from active business pursuits. For many years he had been known as one of the most eloquent orators that America ever produced, although his doctrines were held in great abhorrence by orthodox people. Col. Ingersoll was a master of the English language, and excelled in descriptive passages. It was the personal mag netism of the man and his rare ability as an elocutionist that, coupled with the audacity of his statements, placed him in the front rank of American lecturers, and constituted his chief hold on the public. Now that he is dead, the great infidel will be forgotten, except by those of the older generation who have heard his lectures for the past twenty years, and who will themselves soon pass away. If Col. In-gersoll's talents had been put to a nobler use than that of seeking to destroy the hope of the world without offering any substitute to take its place, he might have become the most popular man in the United States, and obtained more than a fleeting reputa-

JOTTINGS FROM **NEAR-BY PLACES**

On Wednesday evening a charming house wedding took place at the residence of Mrs. Eliza Cooper, Melbourne, it being the occasion of the marriage of her daughter Mary Kathleen, to Rev. M. M. Bennett, B.A., pastor of the Methodist Church at Grenfell, Assa. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. E. Martin, pastor of the Memorial Methodist Church, bourne, in the presence of over one hundred guests. The bride was prettily gowned in white organdie, carried a large bouquet of red roses. The bride was assisted by Miss Martha Harvey, of London. The groom was supported by Mr. Emerson Cooper, the bride's brother. Following the ceremony a reception was held on the west lawn, after which the wedding party partook of refreshments on the spacious lawn to the south. The bride was a graduate of the Victoria class of '98. The newly-married couple will spend their honeymoon on a trip through the great lakes.

TEMPO.

Tempo, July 21 .- Rev. R. McIntyre will not be able to preach in Tempo and South Delaware next Sabbath, on account of illness.

To err is human, to forgive divinebut it is useless to mention it to the

GREAT TRADE.

Last Year the Largest in the History of the Country.

A "Tiff" Between Col. Domville and Mr. Foster-The Yukon Affair.

Ottawa, July 22.—Official returns which are available today go to establish the remarkable trade development of the last year, showing a total trade export and import of \$306,104,708, as against \$290,222,959 for 1898, a gain of \$15,881,749. The gain is attributable entirely to the increase in imports which amount to \$21,323,052. The total exports show a falling off of \$5,441,303; the exports of the produce of Canada show a decrease of \$7,245,241. The customs revenue for the twelve months totals \$25,157,930, which is an improvement over 1898 of \$3,000,142. For the month of July alone the exports have increased by \$10,545, and imports by

IN THE HOUSE.

Although in order to expedite the progress of public business a morning sitting was held, it was nearly 5 o'clock before the House of Commons went into committee on supply for the consideration of the estimates, which was the real business before it. The delay was caused by a repetition of the dis-cussion on the Yukon charges, which arose on a question raised by Mr Davin, who called attention to a dispatch appearing in the North British Daily Mail of Glasgow, which was sent by Reuter's agent at Ottawa by request, stating that the editorial in the London Times on the charges of maladministration in the Yukon made by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper had created great surprise in Canada, and that in the debate in the Can-adian Parliament Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper had been compelled to admit that the charges in his resolution indicting the government and demanding a judicial investigation were unfounded. Mr. Davin asserted that an attempt had been made by the government through its bureau of press representatives to throw dust in the eyes of the British people and to offset the effect of the outspoken deliverances of the London Times upon the refusal of the government to allow a judicial investigation.

Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Fielding deprecated wasting time when business was so pressing.

Mr. Fielding, in discussing the estimates, ridiculed Mr. Foster's plea that all government work should be done by contract. Mr. Foster had spent \$170,000 in day work at St. John, N. B., and now demanded that the government should not employ day labor in a \$15,-000 job.

Col. Domville poked fun at Mr. Foster. The colonel said he desired to call the attention of Mr. Foster to some incidents of his past history. For instance, there was the occasion when, having been disappointed in the election, Mr. Foster telephoned to his friend in 1891: "What have you done with my money? You have given me no votes for it.

Mr. Foster denied the statement, but Col. Domville said he could give the place and store from which Mr. Foster telephoned, and went on to charge that at the time Mr. Foster was running in the temperance interests, liquor had been supplied to electors at his meet-

ings. Mr. Foster denied the statement, but expressed confidence that if liquor was circulating Col. Domville knew something about it. (Laugh-

Col. Domville said that if he had succeeded in getting anything out of Mr. Foster, he was probably the only one that ever had. (Laughter.) Sir John Macdonald had once correctly described the honorable gentleman "as a windmill run by water power," and Col. Domville insisted that Mr. Foster sat on the floor of parliament and took advantage of the privilege of parliament, which protected him from physical influence, he would call it. Dr. Sproule came to Mr. Foster's rescue, and advised the colonel to square himself with the militia department before criticising an honor-

able member. The committee rose at 12:05, after passing the public works department estimates for the harbors and rivers in Manitoba, Northwest Territories and British Columbia, for dredging, slides and booms, roads and bridges and miscellaneous.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

♦0000000000000000000000<u>₹</u>

+000000000000000000000000000 Picton has voted to raise \$15,000 for

a new electric light plant. The Gaspesia has been sold in St. Johns, Nfld., for salvage expenses. The whole of the crew of the Hattie E. Worcester, wrecked on Sable Is-

At the present rate of change, the Dominion Senate will be Liberal in complexion in three or four years. J. H. Hall, a well-to-do farmer of Palgrave, committed suicide by shooting himself, near Georgetown, yester-

land, have been rescued.

day. Lizzie Irwin, the 2-year-old daughter of a Stony Mountain, Man., farmer, has been missing on the prairie since :Wednesday morning.

The successor to Gen. Alger as secretary of war has been made, and it is understood that Elihu Root, of New York, is the president's choice. After years of quiescence Mokuaweoweo Volcana, Hawaii, began an erup-

tion on July 4, which still continues. Three lava streams are flowing down the mountain toward the ocean. Miss Rose O'Donnell, Mrs. Ollie Davis and Ennis Wykoff were fatally injured by an explosion at the plant of the Xenia Fuse Manufacturing Company, at Xenia, Ohio. The plant was wreck-

An application for a charter to build a wireless telegraph from Lake Bennett, Alaska, to the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia, has been made by W. A. Anderson and A. E. Porter, of Bennett.

The dead body of a man was found upon the steps of Trinity Church, Landudno, Wales. Death had been caused by a shot from a revolver. In one of the dead man's pockets was found an envelope indicating that his name was Alfred Poole, and that he came from Glen, Colorado.

The habit of peeping over the banis-ter every time the door-bell rings often results in your being seen by the very persons who wish to avoid.

Miss Simperling-Yes, and distance seems to lend enchantment to your

JOINT HIGH COMMISSION

Will Not Meet, as Arranged Aug. 2

Ottawa, July 22. - In place of reconvening at Quebec on the 2nd of August, the joint high commission will not meet until a later date. This arrangement has been arrived at by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and United States Senator Fairbanks, representing the British and American commissioners. Reluct-ance to fulfill the agreement to meet on the 2nd ultimo was felt by both Sir Wilfrid and Senator Fairbanks, who are both convinced that it would be futile to proceed with the deliberations of the commission whilst the Alaskan boundary difficulty is unsettled. This grave international question, as is known, has been remitted to Lord Salisbury and Ambassador Choate. who have had frequent consultations concerning it, but who have not yet been able to devise any accommodation. It is the hope of the Canadian administration that a settlement may speedily be arrived at, and so soon as this shall happen there will be no obstacle in the way to a resumption of the commission's work.

JEWELRY BURIED

It Consists Chiefly of Rings and Seldom Includes Articles of Great Value.

[New York Sun.]

As a rule not much jewelry of value is buried with the dead. In the case of women the jewelry buried with them is likely to be confined to a plain gold ring, which in the case of a wife would be her wedding ring. It might easily happen that this would be the only ring worn at the time of death; other rings having been taken from the fingers because the wearing of them might have been a source of discom-fort to the wearer. On the other hand, it might happen that the rings could not be easily removed. In such a case the rings would be left on the fingers

and buried with the body. The wedding ring is not always buri-Sometimes the husband desires to keep it; in some instances, if there are children in the family, it is given the oldest grown-up daughter. Other rings buried with the dead would be most commonly some plain bands valued as a gift or a keepsake or of some dear association. Sometimes a diamond ring might be buried for a similar reason, perhaps with the diamond turned inward, showing only a plain band upon the finger as the hand lay across the body in

casket. But while such is the prevailing practice, with constantly increasing observance, it is not invariably follow-There have been cases in which the bodies of women have been buried with earrings, and all the rings commonly worn in life, including perhaps valuable diamonds, relatives permitting nothing to be taken away. Such cases are unusual, and are becoming

Substantially the same practice prevails with regard to the burying of jewelry with the bodies of men. Watches and chains of value have been buried with the dead, but not often. Costly jewelry has been thus buried. but this is seldom done; commonly such jewelry as may be buried is simple and comparatively inex There might be left upon the finger some ring that had been specially dear to the dead, and that he had wished to

keep always.

Besides the rings there might be buried various other articles of more or less value, for which a special attachment had been formed, or that the dead had requested should be buried with them. Still, not very much jewelry of value is buried after all, and the tendency is to bury less and less.

A MIDNIGHT ADVENTURE.

"I walked up and down the upstairs landing all last night," said Brown,

the junior partner.
"Baby?" asked the bookkeeper.
"Worse than that," said the junior

partner. "Impossible," said the bookkeeper

'Blame sight worse than that," repeated the junior partner, emphati-

cally. "What was it?" asked the bookwell," said the junior partner, "it well," said the junior partner, "it was a cross between cholera and smothering."

"Sounds bad enough." said the book keeper. "The sound is nothing to the feel," id the junior partner. "I thought I said the junior partner. "I thought I was a goner at one time there. I had

was a fearful pain in the stomach. I was walking up and down the landing groaning like sixty, and presently I felt an awful sensation in my chest. I hung on to the bannisters for I was provided in the landing than I distinctly distributed by the state of the state perfectly dizzy, and then I distinctly felt my heart miss a beat. I always knew I had a weak heart, and thought my time had come sure, so I called back to the room and woke my wife. What do you think she said? Said I'd been eating something indigestible and gave me a Dodd's Dys-pepsia Tablet. I knew I'd only had a supper of some cold ham and radishes and a glass of ice-water, but I swal-lowed the Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablet like a lamb. Would you believe I went right back to bed and was asleep inside fifteen minutes."

"Get out," said the bookkeeper.
"Those Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are the finest things in the world," said the junior partner. "How much are they?" said the bookkeeper. "Fifty cents for a big box," said the junior partner. "Any drug store."

THE CHRISTIAN CITY. I dreamed one night that I was dead And went straight up to heaven; And Peter said, as he scratched him

head. We cannot give this man a bed. Until his history is given.

So I told them all my dreary past-Told it to a committee; Ending at last, as they stood aghast, I lived where they hold the dollar fast, Down in a Christian city.

lived where dollars make men cold, Where greed kills charity and pity, And then I told, in language bold, How millionaries in the Christian fold Serve God-and rob the city.

And Peter said " 'Tis enough: 'tis well! (Addressing the committee); Go ring the bell and warm a cell-We can not send this man to hell, For God is a God of pity."

And, as they opened wide the cell. Peter said to the committee; "You know full well the truth I tells This man has had enough of hell Down in the Christian city."

If by taking a course in Business and horthand with us you are qualified to accept a responsible position, perhaps doubling your present opportunities for advancement and placing you on the high road to success, don't you consider it would pay? Better write for our catalogue.

Forest City Business & Shorthand College, London.

J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal

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Tandems and Single Wheels. HORTON, 233 Dundas Street Phone 801.

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Wellington Street, opposite Public Library, London.

"Union Forever!"



Union Men,-Buy your Fishing Tackle at W. A. BROCK S. 192 Dundas Street.

We Have Continued

To please patrons this spring with our handsome WALL PAPERS. Nowhere can you secure better satisfaction both in variety and workmanship. It is not too late to come and see what we have. You will be delighted and the prices will meet your approbation.

H. & C. COLERICK, 443 Richmond Street.

ITZGERALD Larristers 171 Dundas street,

Tecumseh and Forest Queen

brands of flour always maintain a high standard. Best results in baking are always assured if you use them.

J. D. SAUNBY.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Feather and down cushions, 50 cents each—the best value in London. Goose feather pillows a specialty. Bedroom Suites, Fancy Rockers, Tables, Spring Beds, Stoves of every kind, at the Bed and Mattress Factory, 593 Richmond street north. JAMES F. HUNT & SONS. Telephone 997.

Ten Dollar Excursion, Toronto to New York, Mon.ay, Aug. 7, 1899. Via Niagara Navigation Company and West Shore Railroad.

On Monday, Aug. 7, the Masons of Toronto will participate in an excur-sion to New York. Arrangements have been made for the party to leave Toronto by the Niagara Navigation Company at 2 p.m. The route beyond the Suspension Bridge being over the West Shore Railroad to Albany and Day Line steamers on the Hudson River; returning all rail to Lewiston. The rate is only \$10 for the round trip; tickets being good for ten days. This will be the only excursion this season. Full particulars can be obtained by calling on or addressing Mr. George C. Patterson, 23 Jordan street,

Toronto, or H. Parry, general agent, West Shore Railroad, Buffalo, N. Y. Removal. Dr. S. J. Campbell, dentist, has removed from 439 Park avenue to 211 Dundas street, over Taylor's hardware

Blectric Turkish Baths. Mr. J. V. Voorman, Albany, N. Y .; Miss Eva Lefft, Jackson Sanitarium, N. Y.; Lyman Smallman, Montreal, Q.; and G. C. Derby, of Selkirk, Ont., were taking Turkish Baths and Massage at 220 Dundas street, and in appreciation of the benefits leave their names as ev-



11. Holiday Hats and Caps.

Ladies' Wheeling Hats, JUST THE THING FOR YOUR OUTING.

DUNDAS STREET.

Strength Is Necessary

in a fish line. If you have a poor line it may break at the critical moment, and you will lose your fish. We have some splendid lines at reasonable prices; for instance, a good braid linen line at 250; a waterproof linen line at 350; good braid silk line at 350; waterproof silk line at 50c. Have you seen our Sericum braid silk line? Tested and guaranteed to stand 23-lbs. pull. They never break. We have lines from 1c to \$1 50, and can suit you as to price and quality.

Wm.Gurd&Co

FINE TAILORING

METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, July 21-8 p.m.-The depression which was near the Straits of Mackinaw last night is now situated over the Bay of Fundy, and another depression covers Dakota. Rain has fallen generally from Montreal to the Maritime Provinces, and some scattered showers have occurred in the lake region and also from the Rockies to Manitoba. Some heavy local thunderstorms have been experienced in nearly all of the provinces. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 54-68; Kamloops, 54-72; Prince Albert, 52-70; Winnipeg, 60-80; Parry Sound, 60-66; Toronto, 60-87; Ottawa, 56-68; Mon-treal, 60-64; Quebec, 52-56; Halifax, 44-

Local temperatures: The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Friday, July 21, were: Highest, 87°; lowest, 63°. Today sun rises at 4:56, sets 7:53; moon rises 7:37 p.m., sets 4:32 a.m.

00000000000000 Jersey Cream Bread ...

Is the height of the bakers' art. It is light, pure and nutritious. Better try a loaf if you haven't

JOHNSTON BROS. 00000000000000

London Adbertiser.

-Mrs. Wm. Boug and daughter Beryl, of Maitland street, are spending a month at Lorne Park.

-Mrs. George H. Lott, of West London, has returned from an extended visit to friends in Toronto, Orangeville, Wingham and other places. -Mrs. E. Clegg, of Grey street, and

daughter, Mrs. E. R. Guiney, of Toledo, Ohio, who have been visiting in Ingersoll, returned home yesterday. -Rev. J. W. Pedley, of the First Congregational Church, has received a call to the pastorate of the Western Congregational Church, Spadina avenue, Toronto. He has not yet an-

-Mr. Harry Stewart returned this morning from the Detroit races, where he has been for the past two days, a guest of his friend, Mr. Chiera, of the Oriental Hotel. Mr. Spry, of the Par-isian laundry, accompanied Mr. Stewart on his trip.

nounced whether or not he will accept

Obituary.

GEORGE AXFORD,

Mr. George Axford, a much-esteemed pioneer of Elgin county, died last evening after two weeks' illness, at his home in Southwold, lot 25, con. 3, aged 85 years. Deceased, who was born in Devonshire, England, came to this country about 60 years ago, and after a stay of about three years in Ohio, removed to Yarmouth, where he engaged in farming, afterward settling in Southwold. Mr. Axford was an earnest working member of the Methodist denomination, and in his younger days did good service as a local preacher, his faithful, upright character, and his many excellent qualities winning for him the respect and esteem of a large tircle of acquaintances. Mr. Axford took considerable interest in public affairs generally. He had served as a member of Delaware township council, and was a promoter of the Westminster, as well as of the Delaware Agricultural Societies. He leaves one son, Albert, who resides in Southwold. Mrs. Robert Kennedy, of St. Thomas, and Mesdames John and David Bogue, of Lambeth, are daughters of deceased. The funeral takes place tomorrow (Sunday) from the family residence in Southwold, leaving the house at 10:30 a.m., for Talbotville, where services will be held in the Methodist Church.

Chinese papers of recent date contain announcements that all applicants for military service will hereafter be examined in archery and stone-slinging. President Cannon, of the Mormon Church, Salt Lake City, has been arrested on a charge of polygamy.

A Question Which the City Solicitor Is Asked to Decide.

The \$2,000 Account Before the Finance Committee—Is the Company Liable?

Lieut.-Col. Holmes' \$2,000 account for the preliminary expenses of bringing and maintaining the militia here, came before the finance committee of the city council last night. Ald. Carrothers thought the government might foot the bill. He moved to lay the matter

Ald. Plant held that under clause 17, section 1 of the street railway bylaw, the company might be held liable for all loss the corporation incurred in this case. One of the chief causes of the rioting, Ald. Plant claimed, was the drawing of a revolver by a street car

The city solicitor's opinion will be obtained. The Retail Grocers' Association will be asked to specify their charges against the C. P. R.

Tenders for the year's printing, stationery and bookbinding will be called. Messrs. Love and Dignan wrote that Mrs. Walsh's property in West London had been sold for arrears of taxes, although the taxes were paid. Walsh will be asked to produce the tax receipts.

The insurance policies on the exhibition buildings were renewed. Ald. Greenlees and Ald. Graham

Greatest Fat Stock Show Ever Held in Canada,

To Take Place Here in December - Meet ing of the Executive Committee at the Tecumseh - Arrangements Com-

The Provincial Fat Stock Association executive committee met in session at the Tecumseh House yesterday. The object of the meeting was to make arrangements for the holding of the annual show here on Dec. 12, 13, 14 and 15 next. This year's show will eclipse any of the splendid shows that have already been held by the association. Among those present were J. J. Hobson, Guelph, president of the association; F. W. Hodson, Guelph, secretary; James Mattinson, president of the Board of Trade; Col. Gartshore, president, and J. A. Nelles, secretary of the Western Fair; Allan Bogue and R. M. Piper, Westminster; Wm. McNeil and J. S. Pearce, city; J. C. Brethour, Bur-ford; H. Wade, Toronto; G. W. Clein-

ons, St. George; G. E. Day, Guelph.
Sir John Carling will be asked to
preside at the public meeting on the day of the opening of the show. It is also expected that the following gentlemen will be present: Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture for the dominion; Hon. John Dryden, provincial minister of agriculture; Prof. Rob-ertson, of the dominion experimental farms; Prof. Craig, of the American experimental station at Ames, Iowa; Prof. C. F. Curtiss, director also at Ames, Iowa, and Prof. Gilbert, of the Ottawa experimental farm poultry department. Short speeches will be made by these and other prominent gentlemen. A programme of music will also be in order, the details of which were left in the hands of Col. Gartshore and Mr. John Mattinson, London.

The following committee were ap-pointed, some of the gentlemen having, however, previously Cattle-Henry Hardy, Strathroy; Chas. Trebilcock, The Grove; R. W. Jackson, Arva; Allan Bogue, London; John L. Hobson, G. W. Clemens, R.

Swine—John Laidlaw, Wilton Grove; Hardy Shore, Glanworth; G. B. Hood, J. E. Brethour, George Green. Dairy-R. M. Piper, Lambeth; Ald. E. Parnell, J. S. Pearce, London; G. E. Day, Guelph; H. Wade, G. W. Clemons, R. G. Murphy, Elgin; Daniel

Drummond, Petite Cote, Montreal, Dressed Poultry—A. Bogue, W. Mc-Neill, J. S. Pearce, J. E. Meyer, Kossuth; R. H. Essex, Toronto. The display of dressed poultry will undoubtedly be the largest ever held in America. The prize list amounts to

\$300. The largest sum previously of-fered was at Boston last year, where the total was \$275. The most previously offered in prizes by this association The department of swine carcasses was left in the hands of E. Brethour,

Burford: G. B. Hood, Guelph; George Green, Fairview; H. A. Folds and C. W. Yapp, Brantford. This year there will be a carcass department for sheep, and the commit-tee in charge will be James Toulton, Walkerton: John Jackson, Abingdon; H. A. Foulds and C. W. Yapp.

The following gentlemen are added A DISH FOR DYSPEPTICS.

Persons suffering from stomach troubles find it hard to secure a food of assimilation that enough nourishment. A number who have been suffering from serious forms of stomach disorders have tried Grape Nuts, the pre-digested food, and obtained a food rich in nourishment and easily digested. Food experts say there is as much nourishment in one pound of Grape-Nuts as ten of meat.

It is a food for athletes, brain workers and invalids. Made by the Postum Cereal Company, Battle Creek, Mich. Grocers sell it.

Sugar-Cured

There is no meat more enjoyable and tasty in the hot weather than a piece of nice ham. Fearman's are not dry nor salty like most hams—they're sweet as a nut.

TRY GRAPE NUTS FOR BREAKFAST.

T. A. Rowat & Co. 234 Dundas Street. Phone 317.

A Test PAY THE BILL? Is Requested...

If you have never used any of our breads, all we ask is a trial of any of our numerous makes. We bake enough every day to supply customers, but want more, so leave your order. Rigs call every day.

THE PARNELL-DEAN STEAM BAKING COMPANY, Telephone 929. 75 Bruce Street.

to the reception committee: Col. Gartshore, Mayor Wilson, president and vice-president of the board of trade W. J. Reid, Ald. R. A. Carrothers and

Col. Leys.

Added to the executive committee:

A. M. Smart, Col. Gartshore, Col. J. H. Saunders, of London, was ap-pointed assistant superintendent for

the show.

Judges on sheep carcasses—H. A.
Foulds, C. W. Yapp. Reserve judge,
George Morris, London. This will be
the first time for the block test with
sheep. Last year the test on swine
was inaugurated.

About \$1,500 will be offered in special prizes, in addition to the regular
prize list of \$4,500. the show.

prize list of \$4,500. The chairmen of the various committees were appoined to take charge

of the judges' rings. Some changes were made in the rules regulating the dairy department judging. In place of 30 points being allowed on milking test, 10 will be the limit. A cow will have to make at least ten pounds of butter a week in order to be eligible for a first prize. Heifers must make eight pounds.
Other officers, committees and judges were appointed in February last.

WHEN THE BOYS **COME HOME**

Preparations for a Cordial Reception-Seventh Band to Help Raise Funds -An International Tatoo.

London will don gala garb for the Old Boys' reunion. Flags will be raised on all the public buildings, and every merchant and business firm in the city will be waited upon by members of the committee on music and decorations, and asked to adorn their places of bus-

the suggestion that all the bands accompanying the different delegations unite in giving a grand international tattoo. The suggestion meets with great favor from the local committee, and will doubtless form part of the pro-

Communications were read at last night's meeting of the music and decorations committee, from Mr. W.Begg, secretary of the Toronto association, and from Mr. W. A. Small, secretary of the Chicago association. Both reported good prospects for large delegations. The Chicago boys will come in on a special train.

Ald. McPhillips has been in correspondence with a number of prominent ex-Londoners in Toronto and elsewhere, and reported that two or three of them will probably deliver addresses in reply to the address of welcome. The Seventh Battalion Band's kind offer to give a concert to aid in raising funds for the reception was gratefully accepted. The concert will be held in Victoria Park next Thursday evening. A collection will be taken at the gates. The following were appointed to act on the gates on the evening of the on the gates on the evening of the concert: Frank Cooper, Charles Stevens, Thos. Gillean, J. M. Daly, R. W. Scott, B. C. McCann, W. J. Reid, E. Flock, J. Minhinnick, W. Gray, G. Loveless, J. Tytler, R. Kirkpatrick, W. McPhillips, Frank Love, R. R. Bland, J. Carling, W. A. Mace, Ald. Jolly, J. W. Pocock, J. Stevely, Carrothers, Plant, Douglass and Par-nell, R. Southam, Wm. Ward, Col. Leys, H. B. Elliot, Walter Bartlett, C. A. Kingston, M. A. Dillon, J. S. Bell, T. J. Murphy, Ald. Graham, R. K. Cowan, J. W. Little, R. Bennet, W. Wanless, jun., J. W. McIntosh, J. L. Fitzgerald, J. S. Brown, T. W. Scandrett, Harry Craig, Ald. Garratt, S.

Those present were Ald. Carrothers (chairman), James S. Bell (secretary), Ald. Rumball, Plant. Jolly and Mc-Phillips. B. C. McCann, E. W. M. Flock, J. Stevely, J. W. Pocock, R. R. Bland, W. McPhillips, Wm. Gray, J. Minhinnick, George Loveless, James

A. E. Marks, teller of the Woodstock branch of the Bank of Commerce, has received word from the head office to go to Dawson City.

The governor-general, Lord Minto, and Lady Minto have been invited by Carlyle Camp, No. 82, Sons of Scotland, Chatham, to attend their Caledonian games there on Monday, Aug. 14. On Tuesday George Stirrett, of Glenrae, happened with a serious ac-

cident in a mill, whereby his leg was broken above the knee, and his arm broken in two places. The unfortunate boy is about 15 years of age, and is the youngest son of Mr. John Stirrett. Glenrae. The colored people of Western On-

tario will hold a demonstration at Chatham on Tuesday, Aug. 1, Emancipation Day. The grand lodges of the Colored Knights of Pythias, Masons and Oddfellows convene there during the first week in August. Delegates from United States and Canadian points are to be present.

There died a few days ago, at the advanced age of 75 years, James Millar, of con. 16, Raleigh, after a lingering illness. Deceased was born in Scotland and came to this country.

No Doubt About It!

It's profitable to trade here at any time, and especially so during our

Every department offers you something at a price not usually so low, but stocks must be lowered to make room for early fall shipments.

Between Seasons Silk Values.

Fancy Figured Pongee Silks, 24 inches wide 25c. Between seasons price	15c
Fancy Figured Silks, cream grounds, 75c. Between seasons price	100
French Broche Silks, light shades and a pretty range of Dresd Silks that were \$1 10. Between seasons price	•º 79€
A line of Colored Surah Silks, in all new shades, 75c, Between seasons price	KOO
One piece only, Black Brocade, a decided bargain, 75c. Between seasons price	200
A complete range of Colored Satins, also Black. Between seasons price	00
Every lady interested in getting the prettiest for Waist should visit the Silk counters.	or Dress

Between Seasons Sale of Seasonable Goods.

LOST IDENTITY

Every Fit-Reform Suit has the maker's brand and price sewn in the left breast pocket.

If that brand and price should happen to get CUT, LOST, STRAYED or STOLEN, then the garment ceases to be Fit-Reform, and may be sold at any old price.

We have about two dozen suits which lost their identity last night, and some of them appear in our window today looking for an owner. Most of these unhappy suits are made of Scotch tweed from Scotland and a few are of the best Canadian stock.

Some of this nameless lot are in slender and stout shapes in medium sizes, and some are in normal shapes, large and small sizes.

A few are in pronounced Scotch effects, which win favor every time with Londoners.

There is not a suit in the lot worth less than \$22 made to order, nor less than \$15 judged by Fit-Reform standards.

Every one of these garments bears our full and unequivocal guarantee and comes under our "money-back-if-dissatisfied" clause.

Our tailors make such alterations in the fit as you request, free of charge, and as cheerfully as if you were paying us the value of the garments instead of the vanishing price.

We have a few pairs of trousers which are equally unfortunate in having lost their labels.

Now who will own these daring exceptions to Fit-Reform?

Take a look in our window.

The Fit-Reform Wardrobe

ROBERT M. BURNS, 180 Dundas Street.

some fifty years ago, settling on con. 6, Harwich, but moved shortly after to the present homestead. He leaves a wife, three sons and three daughters to mourn his loss.

Robert Wintermute received a severe injury about the face and neck while working the hay-fork in his father's barn near Springfield recently. accident was caused by the breaking of the rafter to which the upper pulley was attached, and he was struck in the face by the falling tackle, breaking his nose, and rendering him unconscious. He was insensible for over an hour. He is recovering.

For an offense committed at Windsor over two years ago, Henry Calvert, a former resident of that city, but now of Detroit, was arrested on Thursday. In 1897 Calvert assaulted his father-inhaw and then skipped across the river to avoid arrest. Thursday he returned, and had no more than set foot on Canadian soil than the heavy hand of an officer was placed on his shoulder and he was taken to Police headquarters. Magistrate Bartlet allowed Calvert to go on suspended sentence.

The death is announced at Woodstock of Mrs. Robert Johnston, at the great age of 100 years, less a couple of months. She was born on Oct. 10, 1800. in Moffatt, Dumfriesshire, Scotland, and along with her husband and little family, came to Canada in the year 1832. Deceased was the mother of thirteen children. Only one son, Wm. Johnston, of Toronto, now survives. Mrs. Johnston had 39 grandchildren, and 7 greatgrandchildren, and representatives of all the generations were present to cel-

Comfortable Shoes. This amount invested in FOOT ELM will make bad-fitting shoes comfortable. It allays all infishmation, preserves the leather and stops sweating and chafing.

ebrate her last birthday. She had always enjoyed good health, and her last illness may be said to have been the only illness she ever had.

Minards Liniment Cures Distempe P.

Holiday Sessions.

The Western Ontario Shorthand and Business Academy, 76 Dundas street, is open during the summer holidays, and the full staff of experienced teachers in attendance. Pupils may join at any time. Mr. W. C. Coo, principal of this well-known business and shorthand school, has had many years' experience as a stenographer and teacher, and pupils who attend his academy are sure of a first-class training, and he guarantees to secure a situation for every pupil who passes final examination, and has never failed to fulfill his guarantee during the 16 years he has taught in London. Miss Bryant has been placed as stenographer for Graydon & Graydon, barristers.

The largest proportion of suicides in European countries is to be found

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by
MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILD.
REN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT
SUCCESS. It SOOTHS the CHILD. SOFTENS
the CUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES
WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for
DIARRHEA... Sold by Druggists in every
part of the world. Be sure and sak for "Mrs.
Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take ne other
kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

After orosses and losses men grow humbler and wiser.—Franklin.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullity this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a pulmonic, of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses

ENTRANCE **EXAMINATIONS**

Good Record for London Scholars and Teachers.

Over 300 Out of 373 Who Wrote Were Successful-Bertha Thornley Wins the Robb Gold Medal-Ethel Mc-Roberts a Close Second.

The results of the Collegiate Institute entrance examinations from London schools only were given out by the board of examiners yesterday afternoon, and shows that out of 373 who wrote, 301 were successful in passing. This is about the usual number who | 725. get through. Bertha Thornley was the bright and shining star of all who wrote. She made 948 out of a possible 1.100. This is the highest mark ever made by a scholar in entering the London Collegiate, and entitles her to the Robb Gold Medal. Ethel Mc-Roberts made the second highest marks with 912. To pass the scholar had to total 550.

The board of examiners was composed of Inspector Carson, Principal F. W. Merchant, Mrs. M. J. Gahan, representing the public school board, and Mr. C. C. Collins, of Guelph, representing the separate school board. examinations were held on June 28, 29

Following is a list of the successful students, in alphabetical order. The List. BOYS.

A-A. Ashton 617, C. Allen 610, W. Arthur 609, M. Abbott 572. B-B. Balfour 567, W. Bryce 715, W. Bradley 673, H. Beynan 707, J. Barker 560, J. Bell 557, E. Burridge 635, P. Black 582, W. A. Bradford 607, R. J. Brown 706, A. Burgess 576, W. Bell W. Brodison 564, H. W. Blackwell 575. H. Bowman 804.

C-E. Cameron 701, B. Childs 738, A. Clarke 689, W. Claris 565, H. P. Coughlin 622, L. F. Costello 649, A. Carswell 579, A. O. S. Cameron 708, J. H. Carling 684, P. Chadwick 617. D-D. Dennison 788, J. A. Davis 646, C. Danks 655, E. Davis 630, W. Dear-

ness 721, A. Drew 572, W. Dobie 818. E—H. Essex 675. F—C. Fraser 758, R. Fraser 619, W. Forbes 753, S. Flynn 600, M. H. Ferguson 597, G. Fallis 709. G—B. Gidley 634, H. Greenlees 688, N. Grass 701, A. G. Gerard 685, J. M.

Gunn 775, C. Gilmour 720. H—A. Hobbs 769, G. Howell 613, G. C. Hunt 665, A. Hart 554, F. Higginbottom 635, B. Holmes 648, E. Hum-phrey 582, T. Hutton 685, K. F. Ham-mond 679, G. R. Harkness 720, J. J. Hennigar 721, E. W. Hyman 778, V. Howe 638, C. Hillier 574, S. Hardy 557, D. Haylock 655, C. Hutton 762, R. Higman 664, C. Hoare 640, R. Hodgins 553, W. Hudson 608.

I-L. H. Ingram 555. J-G. Johnson 635, H. A. Jennings 671, F. Jackson 572, C. Jones 550. K-G. King 556. L-A. Lovell 812, H. Lister 647, H. J.

Luney 558, R. Linfoot 649, W. Laut 677, L. Lawson 726, E. Leffer 573. 642. C. Manness 568, H. Moore 518, E. A. 581; Victoria, \$832,764.

McGarvey 756, I. R. Mackintosh 573. W. Dun & Co. say: Canadian reports of T. McBroom 678, W. McLennan 579, N. business this week disclose no import-McNeil 681, D. McLarty 655.

N-E. Nuttycombe 627, R. Nopper 577, E. Nutkins 581, W. Northcott 587. P-T. Pryor 576, C. Perry 577, R. Page 600, H. W. C. P arson 598, S. Pavey 611, J. Porteous 724.

R-C. Rowantree 686, C. Robinson 586, R. Rich 623, J. Rogers 565, W. Richman 675, E. Rapsey 610.

S-B. Stapleton 661, I. Sharpe 679, S. Stiles 611, F. H. Smith 677, L. Smith 747, O. Sipple 584, A. L. Smith 641, B. Spittal 627, H. Steele 696, C. Shannon 583, W. Stettner 659, P. Stinson 583. T-A. Taylor (West London) 559, S. Threapleton 595, S. Turner 683, C. Ten-

nent 577, A. Tate 697, S. Thorpe 552, J. Tanton 627, A. Taylor (Lorne avenue) 687, A. M. Turner 784, E. L. Tierney 676. U-N. Underhill.

W-C. C. Whittaker 703, H. Wilkins 744, W. W. Wright 748, M. Wardle 585, C. White 556, W. Willis 593, A. Wonnacott 720, W. Winslow 638, T. 682, W. Whitehall 589, R. Wright 682, G. R. M. Wells 720, E. E. Wells 677, G. Wilson 822, F. J. White 734, G. C. Walsh 619

Y-L. Yealland 550. GIRLS. A-R. Ashford 725, L. Ashplant 866,

M. E. Anderson 619, K. Avery 589. B-D. Brener 644, A. E. Boyd 622, N. M. Burtch 676, B. Booker 652, B. Berry 654, L. Bond 642, M. Błack 770, A. Brock 712, M. Burke 636, M. Beal 650, J. Blackwell 690, M. Bland 559, M. Brock 612, Ada Brown 667. C-J. Cameron 790, A. Connor 675, A.

659, M. R. Coo 687. Durkin 617. L. Doe 646. E-A. Elliott 689. L. Errington 632, F. M. S. Evans 565.

F-B. Fishleigh 592, F. Finnegan 675, only \$1,798,696 in amount, against \$3,-E. Fraser 660. M. Fraser 731, M. Fox 405,833 last year, and from six to eight 603, B. W. Fletcher 615. G—C. German 730, A. Geary 697, E. ures for the week have been 145 in the Greenway 706, W. Gould 612, L. Gay United States, against 207 last year. 634, E. Gillies 569, A. L. Grant 691, G.

Graham 636, M. Gartshore 738. H-A. Hopperton 708, W. Hornsby 618, G. Hopperton 708, Z. Holladay 585,

KIDNEY DISEASE

And B'adder Lisorders Were Cured by

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Mr. W.D. Wilson, Center street, London, Ont. states: was troubled with kidney disease and bladder disorders, which caused too frequent urination and scalding

"I was advised to use Dr.Chase's Kidpey-Liver Pills and found them to work like a charm. I can now sleep all night through without inconvenience, and consider myself entirely cured."

For kidney and liver disorders, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are a specific of superior merit. They are purely vegetable, and act naturally and pleasantly. One pill a dose. 25 cents a box. At all dealers or Edmanson. Bates & . Toronto

F. Hodges 671, E. Howell 703, M. Hutchinson 826, V. Hamilton 802, E. Hammond 596, B. Hooper 752, N. A. Healey 731, M. Hartford 643, I. Hayman 726, M. Holladay 708. J-W. James 590, A. Jones 660, L.

Jackson 592. K-F. Kipp 555, M. Kilty 782, E. Kerrigan 621, L. Kelland 674. L—F. Lawson 650, A. Lucas 641, J. C. Loughlin 630, A. Lillie 626.

M—M. McNeil 562, J. M. McKenzie 626, I. McCombes 567, W. J. McBroom 712, M. McCormick 567, A. McCormick 614, M. McNaughton 722, L. McAlpine 607, E. McLenn 721, E. McRobert 618

607, E. McLean 721, E. McRobert 912, M. Mack 828, E. Mansbridge 659, G. Munson 592, F. Mallory 627, L. Martin 550, A. Milroy 571, L. Milroy 557, A. Martin 640, B. Moule 709.

Martin 640, B. Moule 709.

N-B. Needham 595, L. Nash 772.

P-A. Pugh 697, M. Pierce 585, B. C.

Plastow 795, V. Pearson 627, D. Prebble 580, N. Pearen 751. Q-F. Quick 565.

R-E. Robb 732, A. M. Rose 585, J. Robinson 592, O. Robinson 627, M. Roberts 702, I. Robertson 672, I. M. Rockwood 672, M. R. Rowan 671, F. Rowland 725, W. Rapsey 551, V. Ramin

S-P. Sifton 867, N. Spry 776, M. Stanley 727, J. H. Strong 618, N. Stroyan 725, A. Snow 659, F. Scott 579, F. Somerville 638, L. Spry 552, B. Steele 575, C. Sage, 658, K. Spannon 550, N. Switzer 563. T-N. Toll 607, E. Thompson 588, J. M. Taylor 600, B. Thornley 948, O. Tune

557, W. Taylor 617. W-L.N. Whitwan 798, L. Winters 673, M. Warner 647, E. Ward 662, M. Wilson 567, M. Webster 663, A. Wall 594, M. Walsh 778, B. Wilson 578, E. Wind-Any of the scholars who failed to

teacher when the schools open.

pass can get their marks from their

Says Bradstreet's Weekly Review of Trade.

Prices Tend Upward, Collections Prompt and Trade Steady.

New York, July 22.-Bradstreet's weekly review of trade says: Times are good in the Dominion of Canada. From Montreal comes the report that crops, except hay, are in excellent condition; that prices still tend up-ward; that collections are prompt, and that trade is of steady volume. mony to the widespread scarcity of iron and steel is furnished by the statement that foreign iron and steel manufacturers could sell considerably more in Canada, but are unable to promptly fill orders offered. Advices from British Columbia as to

the mining industry are not particularly favorable. Things are said to be at a standstill. About the usual trade is doing in the Maritime Provinces, where crops are good, but collections are hardly satisfactory.

The failures in the Dominion number 19, as against 27 last week, and 17 in this week a year ago.

In Canada the bank clearances for the week were as follows: Montreal, \$15,656,670; increase, 20.2 per cent. To-M—T. Murray 640, W. Mountjoy 765.

J. Mattinson 709, J. D. Michael 615, E. Winnipeg, \$1,876,999; increase, 27.1 per Marley 582, W. Morgan 710, G. Maccent; Halifax, \$1,441,229; increase, 14.8 cent; Halifax, \$1,441,229; increase, 148 per cent. Hamilton, \$788,310; increase,

> ant change, but a general continuance of fair trade and hopeful prospects. At St. John business is more quiet, except ing in lumber, which is active; but the hay crop is a very good one. Halifax trade prospects are good, and at Quebec business continues fairly active, considering the season, and col-lections are well up to the mark. At Montreal general trade and collections continue good for the season. Victoria reports no particular change in wholesale business, which is fair, with collections quite satisfactory. Vancouver reports no special feature, though seasonable dullness is felt in certain branches. Collections are fair.

IN THE UNITED STATES. R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Official returns of the most wonderful year in the nation's commerce show a decrease of \$85,900,000 in values of the great staples exported, largely owing to prices, but an increase of about \$80,000,000 in other exports, mostly manufactures.

Fear of deficient crops has been buried under western receipts from farms amounting to 13,861,046 bushels of wheat for the month thus far, against 3,773,108 last year, and 15,298,-655 bushels of corn, against 6,612,315 last

Pig iron has not advanced. Wool is still advancing. Cotton goods are un-changed, but farly strong. Shipments of boots and shoes, 103,057 cases for the week, against 84.421 last year, and 296,-137 in three weeks, against 259,154 in the largest previous year, show the pres-Clarke 683, M. Crofts 583, L. Campbell sure for early delivery, and works are 59, M. R. Coo 687.

D-B. Dewar 790, M. Duff 589, E. R. is in good demand and slightly higher, and hides at Chicago rise slightly with limited receipts.

Failures in July thus far have been millions in the years 1894 to 1896. Fail-

MILITIA MATTERS

Changes in Different Corps-Winners at the School of lastruction.

Ottawa, Ont., July 22.—The following have been granted certificates of the royal schools of military instruction: Second Lieut., W. H. Thompson, 12th Battalion; do. F. H. Lennox, do. do; do. C. B. Patterson, 20th do.; R. R. Parker, do. do.; do. A. J. Oliver, 29th do.; do. S. Shrigley, 35th do.; do. S. G. Beckett, 36th do.; do. A. W. Boddy, do.; do. W. A. Smith do.; do. E. F. Osler, do.; do. T. A. Hicks, do.; do. H. E. Smith, do.; do. J. T. C. Thompson, 36th; do. W. Cewan, do.; do. G. W. Stoddart, do.; do., J. L. Flynn, do.; do., L. Hale, 42nd; do., E. A. Dunlop, 42nd; do., J. R. MacKay, 45th; do., O. McGaw, 48th; do., C. W. Darling, 48th; do., G. S. Kirkpatrick, 28th (48); Corp. F. W. Master, 35th; Trumpeter W. B. Bogue, 1st Hussars; Col.-Sergt. W. J. Gil-mour, 12th Battalion; Sergt. H. E. Smith, 36th do; do., A. Peters, 40th do.; Smith, 36th do; do., A. Peters, 40th do.; do., W. Frank, 47th do.; do., F. L. Stevenson, 47th do.; do., R. E. Mc-Lean, do.; do., R. W. Walker, 66th; do., Corp. J. Jorden, 2nd do.; do., J. Sargar, do. do.; do., T. Norten, 20th do.; do., F. W. Master, 35th do.; do., R. W. Battle, 46th; do., Lee; Corp. C. E. McLaughlin, R. C. R. I.; do. G. Oakes, do.; Private T. A. Moore, 2nd Battalion; do., J. D. McWilliams, 2nd Battalion; do., W. Rogers, R. C. R. I. Second Brigade Division—To be ad-Second Brigade Division—To be adjutant, Lieut. W. B. M. King, to com-

plete establishment. 19th "St. Catharines" Battalion of Infantry To be second lieutenants, provisionally, T. S. Chattertown, A. S. Laing, gentlemen, to complete establishment.

77th "Wentworth" Battalion of Infantry Theorems and January and Property of Company of

fantry—To be second lieutenant, pro-visionally, E. S. Wilson, gentleman, vice H. L. Hagar, promoted, 31st "Grey" Battalion of Infantry— To be lieutenant, H. Danard, gentleman, vice A. G. MacKay, promoted. Provisional second lieutenant, H. G. Tucker retires. "Haldimand" Battalion

Rifles-Lieut. F. R. Geddes resigns his To be Lieutenant-Second Lieut. R. H. Read. vice F. B. Geddes, retired.

GREAT CHASM

Opening of the New Suspension Bridge Across Niagara.

Connecting Lewiston With Queenston -Three Types of Bridges Combined in One.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., July 21.—The formal opening of the new suspension bridge across the Niagara River, connecting Lewiston on the American side with Queenston on the Canadian side of the river, took place at noon yesterof the river, took place at noon yester-day. The ceremonies were in charge of Hon. W. Caryl Ely, secretary to the president of the International Traction Company, and General Manager Burt Van Horn. Many prominent citizens from Buffalo, Toronto and the frontier towns and cities were present. A luncheon was served on Queenston Heights, at the base of Brock's monu-

The new bridge, one of the most complete of modern suspension bridges, is designed to form a connecting link in a belt line trolley system to completely encompass the Niagara gorge from just below the falls of the Niagara to the end of the gorge at Queenston and Lewiston. Work on the new suspension bridge at Lewiston and Queenston was commenced last fall. It is owned by the Lewiston Connecting Bridge Company, f New York State, and the Queenston Heights Bridge Company, of Canada, embraced in the International Traction Company. The cable span from tower to tower is 1,040 feet, the same as the old bridge, and the stiffening truss 800 feet long. The width of the roadway is 25 feet. The towers are of stone. Those on the American side are 28 feet back from the edge of the bluff, with a 12-foot square base and a height of 12 feet. There are four cables of support, each composed of 14 two and one-quarter-inch galvanized east steel wires. The anchorages are drilled into the solid rock and are heavily cemented. The total weight of the bridge is about

1,000 tons.

The bridge embraces three distinct types of bridges, the steel arch, the cantilever and the suspension. The first suspension bridge to span the gorge at Niagara Falls, which the present structure has replaced, was erected in 1854. That bridge was the largest and longest in the world at that time. The total length of cable was 1.245 feet; span between towers, 1.040 feet. In the winter of 1863-64 a big ice jam occurred at Lewiston, and guys attached to the shore line, which kept the bridge from swinging, were all Marriott 662, E. Miller 750, J. R. Mills increase, 34 per cent. Vancouver, \$811,
Marriott 662, E. Miller 750, J. R. Mills increase, 34 per cent. Vancouver, \$811,
by some carelessness on the part of the employes of the bridge company they were not replaced, and in a big windstorm on Feb. 1, 1864, after the ice, the bridge was blown to shreds.

> THE CEREMONIES. Another dispatch says: President W. Carlyle Ely, of the International Traction Company, formany opened the new suspension bridge between Queenston, Ont., and Lewiston, N. Y. In response to the invitations sent out, about four hundred guests assembled at the ends of the bridge, and at the time mentionea walked out to the center to a large and handsomely decorated arch, where Canadians and Americans exchanged hearty handshakes. President Ely stepped forward, and in a few words declared the bridge officially opened. The Seventy-fourth Regiment Band of Buffalo then played 'God Save the Queen," and this portion of the day's exercises were at end. The next event was the grand banquet in the park at Queenston Heights, at the foot of Brock's monument, attended by 400 guests. President Ely, in opening the after-dinner pro-gramme, extended a very cordial welcome to his guests, after which he proposed the toasts to her Majesty Queen and the president of the United States, both being enthusiastically responded to. Hon. George W. Ross, Ontario minister of education, replied in a brilliant oration. He was followed by Hon. Geo. Paines, of Rochester; Mr. J. A. Langmuir, chairman of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park commission; Major Muman, or the Thirteenth New York Regiment; Andrew H. Green, New York; Hon. J. G. Cursoe, St. Catharines, and others.

LAID IN THE GRAVE

Funeral of the Late Hon. C. A. Geoffrion at Montreal.

Montreal, July 22.—The funeral of the late Hon. C. E. Geoffrion took place yesterday and was attended by a large representative gathering of men in professional and public life. The re-mains were first taken to Notre Dame Church, where the impressive service of the Roman Catholic Church was held, Archbishop Bruchesi officiating, with the assistance of a number of priests. The remains were then conveyed to Cote de Niges Cemetery, where they were interred in the Do-

rian-Geoffrion plot. The cortege arrived at the church shortly before 10 o'clock, and among the leading men in it were Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Henri Joly, Hon. Sydney Fisher and Hon. William Mulock, representing the Federal cabinet; Capt. Lascelles, A. D. C., representing Lord Minto; Lieut.-Gov. Jette, Pre-mier Marchand and Hon. Mr. Parent, A. Turgeon and A. Guerin, represent-ing the Quebec cabinet. Twenty-five members of the House of Commons and Senate, judges and members of the bar, Mayor Prefontaine and members of the city council, and representatives of many Liberal clubs.

FAGGED OUT-None but these who have become fagged out know what a strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cureone box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelien are two of the articles entering into the compesition of Parmelee's

THE OUTSIDE

Toronto University Professor Studies the Street Car Strike.

And Records His Impressions-Arbitration Should Be Incorporated in Such Charters.

Mr. S. Morley Wickett, B.A., Ph.D., lecturer on political economy in the University of Toronto, came to London early this week to investigate the street car strike. Mr. Wickett recorded his opinions in yesterday's To-ronto Globe. All may not agree with his conclusions, but they deserve attention as those of an impartial and disinterested observer. Mr. Wickett's arguments tend toward the principle for which The Advertiser has always contended—namely, arbitration. His letter begins as follows:

"Through the press the story of the summons of several companies of militia to London last Saturday week is now matter of record and the citizens of London have expressed their strong regrets. In many quarters it has indeed been emphatically asserted there was never any need for that summons, yet part of the soldiers continue to remain, and what is more important the strike, which in its present phase has been dragging on since May 11, still rests almost in statu quo. "It is a curious coincidence that a

city that prides itself, as London does, being a city of home; a city in which a larger proportion of their homes is owned by working men than case, it is said, in any other city in Canada; a city of 38,600 popula-tion, with a police force of but 40 men, including the chief and two detectives; a city of so modest a police court that the 'fines and fees' for the year do not amount to the salary of an ordinary official-though the same may be said of many other Canadian cities-should have ranged itself with certain cities on the other side of the line that have unfortunately made themselves only too notorious in connection with labor strikes. On the other hand, it is strange that the experiences of past strikes has in so many instances not had more influence on the policy of our large corporations with regard to their employes, and also on the actions and demands of the men, especially in connection with 'official' recognition of their union, which in case of strike the men so frequently demand in a quite undiplomatic and unpalatable form. The present strike is a case in But we do not wish to act here as censor. Let us, therefore, only observe in general that in this age of great combinations of capital have come to see that it is decidedly advisable that along with unions of capital unions of labor should likewise come into being. We have come to recognize that such unions, when properly conducted are a benefit, both the working man and to society at large; and that in place of being a menace to the employer and a clog to his administration they can in many ways be turned to useful account. What is required is sympathetic and careful action on both sides. Conservative and moderate action on the part of lief, and never fails to effect a positive labor organizations is to be looked for cure. Mothers should never be without only when they are openly and gen- a bottle when their children are teetherously recognized, and made to feel ing. that they are a part of the social manent success on public sympathy. Such recognition will go considerable way to safeguard also the interests of employers, which, it should never be forgotten, it is the duty and policy of labor organizations to consult." Mr. Wickett then goes on to give a history of the relations of the London Street Railway Company and their

employes, and of the conditions leading up to the first and second strikes. Speaking of the settlement of the first strike and the subsequent dispute, he

"The strike undertaken was settled on Nov. 11 by a written agreement, according to which, among other provisions the men were to be re-employed at a somewhat higher rate of wages. viz., at a maximum of 151/2 cents per hour, and all employes of the company were to have "full liberty to affiliate with any lawful association or club."
The agreement was 'to be in force for six months, or for such further period as the employe may continue in the service of the company.' The peculiar wording of the last clause led the men to seek a fresh agreement at the end of the six months, which should hold valid for a further specific term. real reason appears, however, to have been an alleged violation of the spirit and letter of the clause securing freedom to join a union. The present strike is therefore primarily for the existence of the union and the protection of the unionist, and in the second place for another slight increase in pay, viz., to a maximum of 15% cents an hour, the rate paid by the Toronto Street Railway Company. The maximum day's work in Toronto, conformable to a provision in the company's charter, is ten hours. In Hamilton the regular wage is 15 cents, with a somewhat longer workday, viz., ten to twelve hours. The London strikers ask for \$1 50 per day of nine hours to all employes of one year in the service of the company. In Hamilton the maximum wage is paid at once after a two-weeks' apprenticeship; in Toronto as soon as one is 'on

the board,' i. e., is a regular hand." Mr. Wickett concludes as follows: "As stated above, no definite compromise has been as yet outlined by either side. In the absence of any we may suggest in connection with the question of the recognition of the union a con-sideration of the plan adopted last May in Hamilton, and found to work with eminent satisfaction to both the Hamilton company and the men. There the management, by written agreement, recognizes the union and treats with the men individually or collectively, as the men themselves may desire. company, moreover, carefully avoids interfering in any way with the men, as for instance, in inquiring whether they are members of a union or not; while the men attempt no pressure whatever in the appointment of fresh hands. The reason for any dismissal, however, is frankly communicated, if desired, to the union's committee. The Toronto street railway also follows the policy of non-interference with regard to union membership.

The question of wages is one in which an outsider can hardly have a definite opinion. Merely by way of suggestion, then, we may say that a compromise may be arrived at, in case the company sees its way clear to grant 16% cents per hour, by dating the increase from the 1st of January next, or from some subsequent date. With reference to the number of hands to be reinstated, a compromise is also advisable. A little charity on both sides seems, in fact, all that is needed to end this strike, which has already been unduly extended, and if continued will arouse deeper feelings, which it is highly impolitic to call forth. "In conclusion, it is interesting to

note how the present dispute has sharpened public interest in matters of municipal import. Civic ownership of some of the public franchises has been mooted. There is, however, in Canada a healthy prejudice against over hasty municipalization; and in this regard London is apparently no exception. A more moderate and at the same time a valuable suggestion has been made, that in the case of all public franchises a clause should be introduced in the charters, to secure, at the direction of the mayor, arbitration between public or semi-public corporations and their

Mr. Wickett may be assured that the present strike has cured a good deal of the prejudice against municipaliza-tion, if such prejudice existed. The people of London, if they had the street railway franchise at their disposal to-morrow, would hesitate a long time befee handing it over to a private corporation again.

FROM QUEBEC

A Letter From the Oldest City in Canada Concerning Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mr. James Walters, of Quebec City, Replies to a Toronto Inquirer-Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him of Kidney

Quebec, July 21.-Mr. James Walters, of this city, was cured of Kidney Disease a year ago by Dodd's Kidney Pills. In a statement of his case published at the time he said:

"I have been troubled with Stomach and Kidney Diseases for eleven years and could get nothing to help me. 1 by the paper that Dodd's Kidney Pills could cure these diseases, and I i determined to try them. I have been so bad my son had to attend to my business, but after I had used two boxes of your Dodd's Kidney Pills I was cured."

A Toronto man who keeps a record of such cases, where diseases such as Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Lumbago, Dropsy Sciatica, Neuralgia, Urinary and Bladder Troubles, Blood Impurities and Woman's Weakness-which are so many forms and symptoms of Kid-ney Disease—are cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills, wrote to Mr. Walters asking him about his cure. Mr. Walters replied as follows:

Quebec, June 13, 1899. Dear Sir,-Yours of the 25th May to hand, and I am pleased to say that the cure has been entirely satisfactory to me. I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to scores of people who have been greatly benefitted by them. I am, yours truly,
JAMES WALTERS,

443 St. John St., Quebec City. Dodd's Kidney Pills are for sale at all druggists, 50 cents a box, six boxes for \$2 50, or will be sent on receipt of price by The Dodds Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto.

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of the whole amount of public money held by the London banks does not bear interest. We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhea, cholera and all summer complaints.

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374 Dundas street. MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST OF Dundas Center Methodist Church, will resume teaching at his residence, 418 Queen's avenue, on Saturday, July 29. INEZ ETHELYN SMITH, SOPRANO SOLOIST.

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Han syon truk Blue Ribbon Ceylon Ten yet?

THE WOMEN

How They Live in the city of Para.

They Are Fond of Canay - Not Good Looking as a Rule.

Frank S. Carpenter, in one of his letters from South America, writes about the city of Para, Brazil, as fol-

Let me tell you how Para looks. As you see it from the river it is a low white city with red and other brightwhite. A long row of palm trees lines the shore, and back of these are the creat wood and corrugated iron ware-houses from which the Para rubber is shipped to all parts of the world. You look at this scene through a thicket of masts. The Amazon is here filled with shipping. There are big ocean steamers from Europe and the United States. There are iron lighters shaped much like the whaleback boats of the lakes. There are soores of queer salling ves-sels, and hundreds of dugout canoes, with dark-faced boatmen padding them to and fro.

A STREET SCENE.

'As you land you find yourself in one of the busiest of the South American ports. Negroes and mulattoes are load-ing and unloading the steamers. They are carrying on board great boxes of rubber. They are toting on their neads boxes and bales to the shore. The crowd about the wharves is much the same as that on the docks of New Orleans. The people are of all shades of white, yellow and black. There are swarthy negroes from Jamaica, yellowskinned men from Upper Brazil, sallow Portuguese and a sprinking of all the nations of Burope.

The laboring people are in the bare feet, and most of them are bare-headed. The men wear cotton shirts and trou-bers, the latter held up by waistbands. The women dress in bright-colored callooes. See that negro trotting along with a bale of sole leather on his head. Behind him is a woman carrying a great basket of mandioca in the same way, and further back comes a mulatto with an enormous turtle balanced upon his crown. That turtle is as big around as a washtub. It kicks out its legs and

shipping houses for sale.

There are scores of rubber-houses

near the wharves. Everyone is handling rubber and the air smells as though there had been a recent fire and water had been dashed over it Men are carrying rubber from the canoes to the warehouses. They are taking it in and out of the buildings. They are chopping it up and packing it into boxes and marking it for shipment to all parts of the world. Para is the greatest rubber port on earth, and the chief business of the city is the supplying rubber camps with goods and selling the product.

A LOOK AT THE GIRLS. But let us take a street car and ride

out through the residence section. Para is one of the cleanest and best built towns of Brazil. It has hundreds of houses, made of ventilated brick, covered with stucco and painted in all the colors of the rainbow. Some are frescoed and others are decorated with wreaths and figures in plaster. There are many houses faced with porcelain tiles, which have been brought here from Portugal. Some of the houses have balconies of wrought iron, and many have wrought ironwork over their windows.

The houses all face the streets and are flush with the sidewalk. Each has two or more windows on the first floor looking on the street, and each window looking on the street, and each window has one of more Brazilian girls lolling on its sill looking out. The girls are bareheaded, with flowers in their hair. They are of all ages from 6 to 60, and many are sweet sixteen. They watch the streets cars as they pass. If they see anyone they know they crook their fingers at him as though backening fingers at him as though beckoning him to come in. This is the method of salutation, and means "How do you All the girls are brunettes, and some to such an extent that you can see the negro blood in their faces. They are not, as a rule, good-looking, and so far the homeliest women I have found on this continent are in the land

BRAZILIAN WOMEN. The women here are not as far advanced as they are in Chili. They have no business chances in comparison with our women. They do not clerk in the stores. They have not made their way in to the telegraph offices, and the girl book-keeper has yet to break into the business establishments. The beautiful typewriter has not yet appeared, nor are there Brazilian postoffice girls or telegraph clerks. Wherever there are telephones women are employed at the central station, but outside of this about the only re-

spectable thing a woman can do is to take a place in the public school or become a governess. Marriage is considered the chief end women, and so far the new woman unknown in Brazil. Marriage is more a matter of love than is generally thought. The men make good husbands and fathers, the parents love their children, and the children show great affection for their parents. A child always kisses the hands of its elderly relatives, and men often kiss

the hands of women as a mark of re-The average Brazilian woman does not spend much time on her dress before afternoon. She is, in fact, a little slouchy and likes to take things easy. She often wears a Mother Hubbard until noon, or goes about in a dressing-sacque and a black skirt. She has a oup of coffee and a roll upon rising, does not eat again until the noon breakfast with her hair down, and af-ter a siesta which follows she dresses

up for her pose at the window.

the day. They have cushious made to fit the window-side, apon which they rest their arms, and they often have padded stools or beaches, upon which they kneel while looking out. The Brazilian women. I venture, spend more time on their knees than any other women in the world; but, alas! it is

not in prayer. I have met a number of the ladies during my stay in Brazil, and I have discovered one way to their hearts. This is through their mouths. Each of them has 20 teeth, more or less, and all of them sweet. Some of them would sell their souls for American candy, and they all like choice confections. They are fond of rich desserts, and one of their favorite dishes is a cake made of the yolks of eggs and flour. It is a kind of sponge cake of the lightest nature. It is eaten with melted sugar poured over it, and it soaks up the syrup like a sponge. Quince marmalade is another favorite dish, and there is a guava cheese, exceedingly sweet, which is eaten at almost every meal.

A LAND OF PEDDLERS. Brazilian women seldom go out shopping, and in neither Para nor Manaos is there a store with a bargain counter. Many kinds of goods are sold by peddlers, who carry packs on their backs, and go through the streets slapping their yard-sticks together. When a woman hears the slapping she beckons to them to come in. This custom is changing slightly now, but until lately almost all drygoods were sold in this way.

And still some of the Brazilian stores here are very large. There are establishments at Para which carry quite as big stocks of goods as any store in a city of similar size in the United States. The goods are brought here from Europe, with the exception of a few coming from our country.

Cared of Epilepsy.

The Story of a St. Catharines Lady Who Is Restored to Health.

She Suffered Severely, Sometimes Having as Many as Four Spasms in a Week-Several Dectors Consulted Without Benefit.

[From the Star, St. Catharines.]

Mrs. S. B. Wright, of St. Catharines, Here comes a cart, hauled by a pony. It looks as though it had a load of hams in it, and as it goes by the hams smell like a smokehouse. Those are lumps of rubber on their way to the shipping houses for relations it. has for a number of years been a se-vere sufferer from epilepsy, from which the trouble was, but the doctor who was called in to attend me at once said it was epilepsy, and that the disease was incurable. After this I had the spasms as often as two, three and four times a week. I had no premonitory symptoms, but would fall, no matter where I was. I always slept heavily after an attack. Finding that the local treatment was not helping me my husband took me to a doctor in Hamilton. He also said that he could not cure me, but that he could give me medicine that would prolong the period between the spasms. This he accomplished, but I longed for a cure accomplished, but I longed for a cure rather than for relief, and I finally consulted a specialist, who told me that he could cure me, but that I must have patience. I asked him how long he thought it would require to effect a cure, and he replied at least six months. He gave me medicine, and I took it faithfully, but instead of getting better I was surely growing worse. After following this treatment for some months without avail, I felt that I could not hope for a cure and was about resigning myself to my fate. My sister, however, urged me to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a trial and reluctantly I decided to take her advice. For a time after beginning to use the pills I continued to have the spasms, but I felt that gradually they were less severe and my strength to bear them greater, and I persisted in the treatment until the time came when the spasms ceased and I was as well and strong as I ever had been. I took in all twelve or fourteen boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and although several years have elapsed since I discontinued their use, I have not in that time had any return of the malady. I owe this happy re-lease to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and

> The experience of years has proved that there is absolutely no disease due to a vitiated condition of the blood or shattered nerves that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will not promptly cure, and those who are suffering from such troubles would avoid much misery and save money by promptly resorting to this treatment. Get the genuine Pink Pills every time, and do not be per-suaded to take an imitation or some other remedy from a dealer, who for the sake of the extra profit to him-self, may say is "just as good." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicines fail.

will always have a good word to say

for them.

Live only for today and you ruin tomorrow.-Simmons. The world produced in 1898 more

gold than it produced both gold and No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bot-tle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly, and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular

medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market. According to official returns Great Britain expends \$90,000,000 a year on the support of the poor. This does

not include private charities. A DINNER PILL. - Many persons suffer excruciating agony after par-taking of a hearty dinner. The food pattaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healing nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegebreakfast. She frequently appears at table Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutri-You may see women looking out of ment. They are just the medicine to the Brazilian windows at all hours of take if troubled with indigestion.

Wonderful Changes in Glasgow in 80 Years.

Marvelous Result of Municipal Ownership-The City Built at No Cost.

[Cincinnati Enquirer.] Apropos of the recent agitation for municipal ownership, a few facts con-cerning the much-talked-of Glasgow will doubtless be of interest. Eighty years ago Glasgow was a

filthy manufacturing city, situated on a muddy ditch. Today it stands sec-ond only in population and commerce in the British Empire, and in matters of sanitation and municipal government a century in advance of its nearest rival. Till 1845 the corporation levied no taxes. The whole of its revenue was derived from duties made on all articles of food brought into the city. Every year this revenue was in excess of the expenditure, and the surplus was put aside, and in 1845 this accumulated money was invested in the purchase of ground right in the heart of the city, now known as the "common That purchase was the foundation of Glasgow as it stands today. At first the income from the "common good" was only a little over \$75,000. It

now brings in over \$176,000 yearly.
Glasgow is owned by its population.
The people own the ground, the street railways, the gas plants, the waterworks, the parks and gardens and concert halls. And, although every one of these institutions is worked more cheaply than in any other town, each one is made to bring in a greater yearly profit to the community, the total profit per annum on municipal undertakings being \$374,500. The corporation of Glasgow has spent over \$150,000,000 on making its mud ditch into a river up which the greatest ships afloat can sail, and in raising the town to its present position. And yet its public debt is, taking into consideration its size, by fur the smallest of any city in the world. The key to its prosperity is that every common improvement has been done by the corporation.

Instead of the city being supplied with those necessities of life, water and gas, by private companies, the people, through their own corporation, supply themselves at the nominal rate of, in the first case, 12 cents, and in the second, 27, as against 17 and 64 when formerly supplied by companies. And it may be added that not only is the charge for water the very lowest of any town, but the water itself is acknowledged by experts to be the very purest supplied to any city or village. Yet Glasgow reaps from the water supply alone an annual profit of \$210,-000. At the same time as Glasgow purchased the "common good" property the markets were also bought. And although the lightest tolls are levied, so that the sellers are able to dispose of their goods to the inhabitants at less price than in any other town, the city garners in a yearly revenue of \$16,500. And \$147,500 is also gained from the

gas supply. Working on the good results of their former enterprise in these directions, they have now taken over the electrical lighting of the city at a yearly profit of \$10,070. With this money the corporation has looked to procuring public recreation parks, with the result that in the matter of "lungs" Glasgow stands first in the world. It has some 700 acres allotted to this purpose, which works out at one acre of public snow what grass-covered ground for every 800 of the population. During the spring and summer bands play in each of these parks, and there is no collection. They are paid by the corporation, which puts aside \$8,500 for this purpose.

In one matter Glasgow stands alone. All laundries are public property. By this means the inhabitants are able to have their clothes washed in the very best manner at the very lowest price.
And one can feel, when indulging in an extra clean shirt, that any profit made on it goes to the public welfare.

There is one great source of evil which, up to the present, Glasgow has not been able to cast off. Millions upon milions of tons of coal are consumed yearly, and the black, suffocating smoke hangs continually over the city like a death pall. But is is not Glasgow's fault that it has not been removed. The corporations are willing to pay anyone \$10,000,000 who will dash it

By running their own street railways, gas plants and waterworks, and also being owners of their own city, they been able to build Glasgow at practically no cost to themselves. And not only this. By improving their city they have saved every year an average of over 1,200 lives, and scourging diseases are known no more.

The Man With The Lawn Mower

[With suitable explanations to Edward Markham.l

Bowed by the meanness of the act, he Upon the handle, gazes on the ground, With empty stomach-'tis but 5 a.m.-And on his back naught but an undershirt; Who made him dead to other people's rights,

A thing that cares not how much woe he makes, Stolid and selfish brother to the ox? His is the hand that shoves that thing

along. Whose loud, infernal racket breaks the Is this Thing, made in likeness of man,

To have dominion o'er the neighbor-

hood: To end the tired dreamer's morning And shall no victim have the right to

shoot him? Is this the Dream of all the ages past, For whose sake bends the spacious firmament? Down all the block to its remotest house

There is no dread so terrible as this-More potent to o'erwhelm the soul with wrath, More filled with portent of a day's unrest-More fraught with emphasized profan-

O masters, lords and aldermen, give How will ye deal out justice to this

Man? How answer when some gaunt, longsuffering wretch Whose slumbers he has murdered craves the right

To punch his head off, and once more bring peace To a distracted neighborhood? men-Ye men who rule the town, 'tis up to

you!

-Chicago Tribune. Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done it will do again.

BOBBLETON PACKS UP

Shows His Wife How to Get Out of Town in a Rush on His Vacation.

With nervous haste Mr. Bobbleton rushed into his flat where his wife was giving the dinner a finishing touch.
"Well, Mary, it's come at last," shouted Bobbleton, throwing down his hat and dropping tired and hot into the next easy chair.
"You don't mean to say that you've

lost your place in the bank?' faltered

Mrs. Bobbleton.

"Lost my place? No, not at all! I mean that my vacation has come at last, and that we are going to start tomorrow morning for the country. I bought the tickets on the way home, and here they are!"

Bobbleton flourished two long green

slips of paper, and marked at one end, "Good for thirty days."

"They look long enough to go to Denver with," replier Mrs. Bobbleton. Then she added, with a shade of concern in her voice. "But, Henry, I can't get ready in time. A man can put on his hat and walk right away. With a wo-man it's different. I want to look well, you know, for the Davises and the Fowlers are at Daisy-Town-in-the-Mountains,"

"Who cares for dress when it's 90 degrees in the shade," said Mr. Bobbleton, recklessly.
"But, Henry, a woman must dress.

Society expects and demands it."
"Oh, hang society," replied Mr. Bobbleton. "Society cuts no ice with me."
"Well, I'll do the best I can," replied Mrs. Bobbleton, in a resigned sort of a way. "But for goodness sake, Henry, don't put everything off until the last We want to have the two

minute. We want to have the two trunks packed without delay."
"And so they will be," answered Mr. Bobbleton. "The baggage expressman wijll be here at 6 o'clock in the morning for the trunks. I'll pack my trunk right after dinner. It won't take me over an hour." "I'm mighty thankful that the wash

came in today," said Mrs. Bobbleton, as they sat down in their little dining-room. "We'll have enough clen clothes to last us, anyhow."
"Yes, that's nice," replied Bobbleton.

Immediately after dinner Mr. Bobbleton went into his room. For the next hour or two Mrs. Bobbleton heard him slamming around, upsetting things and murmuring to himself.

"I wonder how Henry is getting along?" thought Mrs. Bobbleton. Yet she did not dare go into his room, for their are times when Mr. Bobbleton becomes highly trascible, and consequently dangerous to approach.

About half past nine Mr. Bobbleton emerged from his room very hot, but still triumphant. "That's the way to do," he said.

"Pack up in a hurry without any fuss and feathers. Why, I could get ready to go to Europe just as easily! You women don't know how to do anything! My trunk's all ready to go."
"So is my trunk." said Mrs. Bobbleton, quietly, as she banged down the lidered and she pad the look and snapped the look.

Early the next morning the expressmen were on hand for the trunks. "Hawkins the baggagemaster, is a particular friend of mine," Bobbleton explained to the expressman. "Just tell him to check these trunks to Daisytown and to hold the checks until I reach the station. I want the trunks to go out on that 7:55 train. We follow

When the express men had departed Mr. Bobbleton turned back into his flat and said to Mrs. Bobbleton:
"There! That's the way to do."

"But are you quite sure you did everything just right: that you didn't leave anything out or pack up any thing you will need?" "Mary," replied Mr. Bobbleton, se-erely, "don't you think I know my

verely, business?" About an hour later Mrs. Bobbleton heard her husband storming around his room.

"I wonder what's the matter now," she thought.

Just then Bobbleton came out of his room very red and very angry.
"What's the matter?" asked Mrs.

Bobbleton. "Have you seen my blue serge vest?" "No, I have not."

"Well, I can't find it anywhere. It had two weeks' salary and the railroad "You mislaid it in your room."

"Mislaid nothing. I didn't."
"Then you packed it up in your Mr. Bobbleton groaned. Then he sank

feetbly into a chair.
"By thunder, so I did!"
"Henry!" "It's true. I haven't anoth r cent with me. The tickets are no good to us now. I'll have to get them redeem-

ed, I suppose, if ever we get them back Mr. Bobbleton jammed his hat on

his head and went out. In twenty minutes he was back again.
"I borrowed \$20 from Pillets, the corner druggist. Let's get out of here." "I'm awfully sorry you packed up that vest, Henry," said Mrs. Bobbleton

timidly. "What do you suppose I feel like?" snorted Mr. Bobbleton, as he hailed a passing car.

SCOTT'S RIVAL

He Married the Woman Sir Walter Loved.

It is a loyal friendship indeed that survives intense rivalry in love; such was the friendship of Sir Walter Scott and Sir Willam Forbes, who married the woman the poet and rom-

Williamina's children were all, however, still quite young when the call came for her to pass from their clinging arms to the custody of a higher love. She died on December 5, 1810; and from that day, so far as so-ciety and the outer world were concerned, Sir William Forbes may said to have died with her. He retired into the most complete seclusion. maintaining the heart-stricken silence of a grief too deep for words, and scarcely seeing even his own nearest relatives. He was naturally a reserved and sensitive man, as Sir Walter Scott himself described him in the introduc-

Dangerous

CANCER ROOTS cannot be removed be operations or by agonizing plasters. They only give temporary relief, and in most cases the disease returns in a worse form We would be glad to send particulars of a painless method which leading physicians are now adopting. The ource are remarkable.

A. L. Stott & Jury, Bowman-ville, Ont. Mention London Advertiser.

You Do Not Know

What "Delicious" tea is until you have tried MON-SOON. All grocers sell it, in lead packets only—20c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per pound.

NDO-CEYLON TEA

tion to the canto of "Marmion" which he dedicated to Sir William Forbes's brother-in-law, James Skene, of Rubislaw. Speaking of their early companions, he adds:

"And one whose name I may not say; For not Mimosa's tender tree Shrinks sooner from the touch than

Only at the call of duty did Sir William Forbes ever emerge from his retirement, and on one occasion, when he did so, he gave a touching proof that the friendship between him and Walter Scott had not been affected at all by their early rivalry. When the great financial misfortune fell on Scott which drove him to the heroic, ceaseless toil that undermined his health and life, Sir William Forbes, whose bank was among the largest losers by the disaster, came forward at once with most generous offers of help in every way. Scott writes thus of those efforts to lighten his heavy burden:
"Sir William Forbes called, with all

offers of assistance—high-spirited, noble fellow as ever, and true to his friend. In what scenes have Sir Wiliam and I not borne share together! It is fated our planets should cross, though, and that at the periods most interesting to me. Down, down, a hundred thoughts!"

Even then, amid his crushing anxlety, the vision of Williamina had evidently risen up before him in all its alluring sweetness; but he never knew till after the man who had won her from him was laid beside her in the grave that he had secretly paid one of Scott's most pressing debts for a large amount out of his own private means, and carefully concealed the generous action from him.

It were better to be of no church than to be bitter for any.—Penn. STUFFING hSa&s ooga at, The sherry cobbler is one kind of a shoe-horn.

BADDECK, June 11, 1897.
C. C. RIOMARDS & Co.
DEAR SIRS—MINARD'S LINIMENT is my remedy for NEURALGIA. It relieves at once.

A. S. McDonald.

ELECTRICAL WORK

OF ALL KINDS . . .

Removed to Spencer Block, Dundas Street, Formerly at 434 Talbot Street

APIOL STEEL Tor Ladies. PILLS

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Pennyroyal, etc.
Order of all Chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from EVANS & SONS, LIMITED,
Montreal, Que., Toronto, Ont., and Victoria B.C., or
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Mammoth Livery Hacks, Coupes, Landaus, Busses and Light Livery. Saddle Horses. Sale and Boarding Stable. Open day and night. Phone

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CLARKE & SMITH, Undertakers and Embalmers Scientific work, first-class ap-pointments. 113 Dundas St. Phone 586.

Railways and Navigation

GRAND TRUNK PAILWAY MACINAC Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur,

Duluth and Upper Lake Ports

MUSKOKA Lakes and Georgian Bay Ports. **EXCURSION**

Tickets now on sale at Company's offices "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets, and at G. T. R. depot. A Variety of Summer Trips at low fares

LINE ALLAN Royal Mail Steamships, For Liverpool, Calling at Moville, From Montreal.

Tainui July 27, 9 a.m.
Parisian Aug. 3, 9 a.m.
Laurentian Aug. 10, 9 a.m.
Californian Aug. 10, 9 a.m.
Californian Aug. 17, 9 a.m.
Tainuf Aug. 17, 9 a.m.
From New York to Glasgow—State of Nebraska, Aug. 5; Mongolian, Aug. 19.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
First cabin, \$50 and upwards. Second cabin
\$35. Steerage, \$22 50 and \$23 50. New York to
Glasgow. First cabin, \$47 50 and upwards.
Second cabin, \$30. Steerage, \$23 50. Reduction on first and second cabin return tickets.
London agents—E. De la Hooke, T. R. Parker, F. B. Clarke.

Steamer Urania

on each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday during season will leave Port Stanley for Cleveland, 11 p.m., returning leaves Cleveland 10 p.m. Sunday, Wednesday and Friday. Fare from London \$2, return \$3.

CAR FERRY, "SHENANGO NO. 1,"

on each Monday and Friday during the season will leave Pt. Stanley at 6 p.m. (eastern standard time) arriving at Conneaut, Ohio, at 11 p.m. Returning leaves Conneaut, each Monday and Friday at 9 a.m. (central time), arriving Pt. Stanley at 4 p.m. Fare, one way, from Pt. Stanley, \$1; return, \$2. Saturday to Monday, return fare, \$150. Special tourists rates to points in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route."

Excursions

At Following Low Rates

Grocers' Excursion-

Niagara Fells, July 26, good for \$1.75

Further particulars at City Ticket Office 395 Richmond street. JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent. O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CPR+ CPR+ CPR+ CPR+ CPR+ CPR

Upper Lake Service CPR Every Tuesday, Thursday and CPR Saturday during season of navi-CPR gation, Steamships Alberta, Ath-CPR abasea and Manitoba will leave CPR

CPR arrival of SS. Express leaving CPR Toronto at 1:30 p.m. CPR COnnection will be made at CPR Sault Ste. Marie and Port Arthur CPR and Fort William for all points CPR west.

CPR A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. CPR Pass. Agent, 1 King street east, CPR Toronto. CPR THOS. R. PARKER, City Pass. CPR Agent, 161 Dundas street, corner CPR of Richmond.

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REDUCED FARES. New York to Liverpool via Queenslown

S.S. MAJESTIC, July 26....12 Noon S.S. BRITANNIC, Aug. 2... 12 Noon S.S. TRUTONIC, Aug. 9....12 Noon S.S. CYMBIC, Aug. 15......12 Noon S.S. GERMANIC, Aug. 16..12 Noon S.S. MAJESTIC, Aug. 23....12 Noon

*Excellent Second Cabin accommodation on these steamers. Rates as low as by any first-class line. Berths secured by wire if desired.

E. De La Hooke, Sole Agent for London, "Clock" Corner.

On and after Monday, June 19, 1899, the trains leaving Union Station, Toronto (via Grand Trunk Railway) at 9 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., make close con nection with Maritime Express and Local Express at Eonaventure Depot, Montreal, as follows:

The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily except on Saturday, at 7:30 p.m., for Half-fax, St. John, N. B., and points in the Maritime fax, St. John, N. B., and points in the Maritime Provinces. It will run on Saturday to Levis only, stopping at St. Hyacinthe and other points.

The Maritime Express from Halifax, St.
John and other points east, will arrive at
Montreal daily, except Monday, at 5:30 p.m.
The Monday train will be from Levis and intermediate points.

The local express will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 a.m., due to arrive at Riviere du Loup at 5:05 p.m., and Little Metis

at 8:25 p.m.

The Local Express will leave Little Metis daily, except Saturday, at 4:25 p.m., and Levis daily, at 11:45 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 6:30 a.m.

Through sleeping and dining cars on the Maritime Express. Sleeping cars on Local Ex-

press. VESTIBULE TRAINS. The Intercolonial Railway gives the finest train service between Moureal and the mag-nificent tourist country in Eastern Quebec and nificent tourist country in Eastern Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. In this route are in-cluded Quebec City. Eiviere du Loup, Cacouna, Metis, the Metapedia, Restigeuche and ether

Metis, the Metapeoia, Restiguiche and other great fishing rivers, the Baie de Chaleur. Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton, and many other desirable places for a summer outing at a moderate cost.

The vestibule trains are new and are equipped with every convenience for the comfort of the traveler. The elegant sleeping, dining and first-class cars make travel a luxury within the reach of all. reach of all.

reach of all.

Tickets for sale at all offices of the Grand
Trunk system, at Ucion Station, Toronto, and
at the office of the General Traveling Agent.

William Robinson, General Traveling Agent,
39 York street, Rossin House Block, Toronto.

H. A. Price, District Passenger Agent, 134
St. James street, Montreal.

************************************ OUR SHORT STORY

"Uncle Caleb's Will."

*66666666

"You mean that you can't put your- what's your opinion of Uncle Chevermelf out to give your mother's brother a night's lodging!" said Caleb Chever-

The March wind, bearing dust and grit and bits of flying paper on its restless wings, came whistling around the corner, lifting the old man's faded comforter's ends and turning his blue nose a shade bluer still, while Mrs. Larkins, his eldest niece, stood in her doorway, filling up the aperture with her ample person in such a way as to suggest the familiar legend, "No ad-

Mrs. Larkins was stout and blooming and cherry-cheeked, dressed in substantial alpaca, with gay gold brooch and eardrops, which bespoke

anything but abject poverty.
Uncle Caleb was thin and meager
and shabbily dressed, with glossy seems in his overcoat and finger-ends protruding from his worn gloves like ancient rosebuds coming out of their

'I'm very sorry," said Mrs. Larkins, stiffly; "but we have but one spare room, and that is at present occupied. Of course, I should be glad to do all I could for you, but—"
"I understand," said

Uncle Cheveral, turning coldly away. "I'M go to my niece, Jenny. I wish you a very good evening." Mrs. Larkins closed the door with a

Mrs. Lark...

sigh of evident relief.

"I dare say Jenny will take care of him," she said, philosophically. "Jenny has a smaller family than I have. But I don't see why he came up to London instead of staying peaceably down in Tortoise Hollow, where he belongs."

Mrs. Jenny Eldertop, Mr. Cheverel's woungest niece, had a smaller family you," said Mrs. Larkins, "I ought to show him some attention, the dear, generous-hearted old man."

just finished a vigorous day's cleaning when Uncle Caleb was announced.

"What sends him here, just now of all times in the world?" And she went down stair ungraciously enough to the street door, where her husband was welcoming the

old stranger. "Come in, Uncle Cheverel-come in!" said honest Will Eldertop. "We're all upside down here—we mostly are, now that the spring cleaning is going on. But there's room for you if you don't mind-the children and their noise and

a little smell of whitewash in the Mrs. Eldertop's welcome was by no means so cordial. She looked, to use a common expression, "vinegar and darning needles" at the visitor, while in her inmost soul she calculated the probability of the cold boiled ham and turnips holding out for once more at

"Come, Jenny, don't scowl so," said Mr. Eldertop, when Uncle Caleb had gone up stairs to wash his hands and ce. "Ain't he your uncle?"
"A good for nothing old vagabond,"

said Mrs. Eldertop, acidly, "without a half-penny laid up ahead." "For all that he's your guest," said her husband, "and you're bound to be civil to him. And here's his overcoat now, with a zig-zag rent in it. Just ried her point. mend it while you are waiting for the kettle to boil.

"I won't!" said Mrs. Eldertop.
"All right," retorted her lord and "Then I'll take it next door to Alexia Allen to mend.

Now, Miss Allen, the tailoress, who lived in the adjoining house, was ty and buxom to look upon, and Mrs. Eldertop had nursed comfortably a jealously of her for the last four years. "You'll do no such thing," Jenny, tartly. "Hand it here." said

And she threaded a needle with black silk and thrust her finger into a thimble, very much as a determined crusader of old might have donned sword and shield for some encounter with the Moslem.
"What's that?" said Mr. Eldertop;

for a folded paper fell from the pocket of the garment as his wife turned it upside down.

"Some tomfoolery or the other." answered Mrs. Jenny, brusquely.
"I fancy you're mistaken," said Mr.
Eldertop. "It's the rough draft of a

"But he has got nothing to leave, shrieked Mrs. Eldertop. "I'm not so certain of that." retorted "Just look here, Jenny! 'I give and bequeath to my beloved nieces, in equally divided parts, the sum of £10,000, at present invested in consols,

'Go on!" said Mrs. Eldertop, breathlessly. "Read the rest."
"There is no rest," said her husband. "That's the end of the paper. It's only a rough draft. I tell you. And now,

CURIOUS CUCKOOS.

The cuckoo is generally known only as a bird with a very monotonous note: a continuous cry of "cuckoo, cuckoo" over and over again. Among naturalists, however, the cuckoo is known as a bird that never builds a nest for itself, but takes advantage of one already built by some more industrious bird.

There is a good deal of the cuckoo about these advertisers who, instead of making a success of their own, seek to profit by the success which some one else has made with much effort and labor. It is so with those imitations of Dr. Pierce's methods, by which free medical advice is offered, although those who make the offer are without qualified medical ability or experience. And the cry raised in some cases of "woman, woman, woman write to woman" makes the resemblance to the cuckoo even

stronger. There is as far 28 known no qualified woman physician connected with any proprietary medicine establishment, and none therefore competent to give medical advice. It is certain that there is no one, man or woman, who can offer free medical advice backed by such knowledge and experience as is possessed by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y. For over thirty years Dr. Pierce has made a specialty of the treatment of diseases peculiar to women. In that time he has treated ove. half-a-million women, ninety-eight per cent. of whom have been perfectly cured. Every sick woman is invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter absolutely without charge or cost. Every letter is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential, and all answers are mailed securely sealed in perfectly plain envelopes bearing no printing whatever upon them.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

"He's been a miser all along," said Mrs. Eldertop, her face growing radi-ant. "Making up poor mouths and traveling around the country with all this money in funds. A regular old character—just like those one reads about in novels Put it back, Will-put is back. We've no business to be prying into Uncle Caleb's secrets; but what a blessing it is he came here in-stead of stopping at Rebecca Larkins'." And when Uncle Caleb came down stairs he was surprised at the sweet smiles with which his niece Jenny

welcomed him. "Been mending my coat, eh?" said 'Uncle Cheverel, "Thank'ee kindly, Jenny, I caught it on a nail yesterday and I was calculating to sew it up myself, when I could borrow a needle

and thread." "I'm glad to be of use, Uncle Caleb," beamed Mrs. Eldertop. "Johnny, put on your cap and run to the grocer's for a smoked mackeral for your uncle's breakfast. I hope you found your room

comfortable, Uncle Caleb?"
Before she slept that night Mrs. Eldertop put on her bonnet and shawl and ran around to the Larkins' mansion to impart her wonderful tidings to sister Rebecca.
"You don't say so," cried out the

astonished matron.

shrewdly remarked sister Jenny. "You

top, wringing her parboiled fingers out of a basin of steaming soapsuds, "No more than "No more than Larkins, bristling up. "But's it's my family I'm thinking of, Jenny. I'll tell you what-I'll come around and see him tomorrow."

"But don't you breathe a syllable about the will," said Mrs. Eldertop, in a mysterious whisper.
"Oh, not for worlds," said Mrs.

Larkins, fervently. During the next week Uncle Cheverel was overwhelmed with civilities. On Thursday a new suit of clothes arrived, with Mrs. Larkins' best love and compliments. On Friday Mrs. Larkins came with an open barouche to take dear Uncle Caleb for a drive in the park. And on Saturday Mrs. Eldertop burst into tears and declared she should never be happy again if her mother's only brother didn't pledge himself then and there to make his future home with herself and Will.

Uncle Caleb looked little puzzled. "Well," said he, "if you really make a point of it—but I was intending to meet Cousin John at Gravesend." "Dear uncle promise me to stay here always," cried Mrs. Eldertop, hyster-

ically. "Just as you say Niece Jenny," assented the old man, complacently.

Mrs. Eldertop felt that she had car-

But when Mr. and Mrs. Larkins came on Sunday afternoon to press a similar invitation, Uncle Caleb opened his eyes.

'My importance seems to have 'gone in the market," he observed, quaintly. "I never was in such demand among my relatives before. But I can't be in two places at once, that's

And he decided to remain with Mrs. Eldertop, greatly to the indignation of the Larkins family, who did not hesitate to hint boldly at unfair advan-tages and undue impartialitty.

But just as Mrs. Larkins was rising to depart, with her handkerchief to her eyes, little Johnny Eldertop came clamoring for a piece of paper to cut a kite tail from. "Go along," said Mrs. Eldertop,

impatiently. We have no paper here. Go to Amelia.

"Hold on, little chap-hold on," said Uncle Caleb, fumbling in his overcoat pocket—he had been just about start-ing for a walk when the Larkins party arrived-"here's a bit as is of no use to nobody." And he produced the "rough draft"

and bestowed it on Johnny.
"One side's written on." said he,
"and t'other ain't. It was lying on the floor in Mr. Watkin's law office, when I stepped in to see if Joseph Hall was employed there as porter still. An old chum of mine Hall was in Tortoise Hollow. I can't bear to see even a bit of paper wasted, so I axed the clerk if it was of any use. He said no-it was only a draft of Dr. Falcon's will. Dr. Falcon made a new will every six months, he said, so I just picked it up and put it in my pocket. Everything comes in use once in seven years, they say, and this is just right for little

Johnny's kite tail." Mrs. Larkins looked at Mrs. Eldertop. Mr. Eldertop stared into the spectacled eyes of Mr. Larkins. Uncle Caleb chuckled benevolently

as little Johnny skipped away with the piece of paper which had been freighted with such wealth and anticipation.

The Larkins took leave without any unnecessary formula of adieux, and Mrs. Eldertop took occasion to tell Uncle Caleb that perhaps he had better prosecute his original design of the Gravesend visit.

So Uncle Caleb Cheverel went to Gravesend, where Cousin John was as poor and warm-hearted as himself. and he was never invited to return to London again.

Five years later Uncle Caleb departed this life and left behind him o in consols—willed to John To his "dear nieces," Jane El-£20,000 dertop and Rebecca Larkins, he left £5 each to pay for the trouble he put them to when he visited them. To say that there was joy in the nieces' households when the will was read would be to say what is false, for, of the old man could have guessed at all the unkind things that would be uttered regarding him, I doubt if he would have left them even £5 each.

SKYLARK'S GLORIOUS SONG.

Exchange.

[From the Minneapolis Journal.] Need I say a word about the sky-lark and its wholly joyous song? It inspired one of Jeremy Taylor's most beautiful and best-known passages— the lark rising from his bed of grass and soaring upward, singing as he rises and hoping to get to heaven and climb above the clouds; singing "as if it had learned music from an angel as he passed sometimes through the air about his ministering here below." And it inspired, too, one of the finest odes in the English language, Shelley's finest work, his "supreme ode." But, as may be said of another ode, it is "not in tune with the bird's song and the feeling it does and ought to waken." The rapture with which the

strain springs up at first dies down before the close into Shelley's everhaunting melancholy.

Like Keats' "Ode to the Nightinggale," it is no key to the bird's song.
It does not teach us anything of the
thought and feeling which inspired
that quivering, ascending embodiment
of joy that pligrim of the sky, hiding
itself in the glorious light of the summer heavens. The skylark may be
heard as early as January—I heard
it this year in November—as may also
the rarer woodlark, whose song, utterthe rarer woodlark, whose song, uttered from trees or when flying, we recognize from its likeness to that of the skylark, though it lacks much of its rush and spirit and haste.

Summer's Fashions.

Harper's Bazar says: Foulards are in high favor for all womankind. Suitable designs have been provided for every age. Elbow sleeves are popular, and sashes are again in favor for the freshening of summer gowns. Some of these pass over the right shoulder and tie at the left side. Others are passed around the waist, and are knotted at the left side of the front at the waist-line. A caprice of the moment is to use a long scarf of point d'esprit, with tucked and pleated ruffles at the ends as a sash or girdle. These are seen in many varying lengths, but are all tied at the left side, with ends depending from a one-looped bow. Where silk scarfs are used, the ends are fringed and knotted. Fringe for sash-ends must be fully eight inches long when knotted, to have the seal of really recent style. Narrow fringes obtain very gener-

'Tom Thumb" fringes. Every day shows an increasing de-mand for directoire hats. Wide brims, bent and quaintly turned to suit the needs of individual faces, "jam-pot" crowns—round, wide, and flat-topped and poke-bonnets tied under the chin, indicate the kind of novelties we may expect to see in the autumn millinery displays. The new bonnets are likely to excel in richness of trimming rather than in change of shape; and the favorite toques, that suit so many faces, are sure to have a fair representation

ally for dress trimmings, but these are of the American variety known as the

in the new season's hats.

Black and white ostrich plumes will be among the new trimmings for evening gowns. These will be disposed of about the corsage and skirt and in the elaborate coiffures which are predicted. Fluffy curls are to edge the brow, and the hair will be dressed with many wavy effects, but generally built high on the crown of the The excessive use of pompadour frames has been the "deathwarrant" to this picturesque style of hair-dressing, and massive braids wound around the back of the head will be the preferred style for the street, with the hair brushed softly back from the temples.

+++ How Consumption Is Carried.

Over 150,000 deaths from consumption occur yearly in Germany, a fact which has inspired some of the ablest scientific minds to action. There has just the prevention and cure of consumption was discussed. The German emperor, to whom report of the finding made, is said to have exclaimed that the greatest of all remedies would be a little more soap and water!, For consumption has again been proved not to be a hereditary malady, but one transmitted by the breath, and by the presence of bacilli in the carpets and the air. Again, too, as in England, the medical men who met in Berlin laid great stress upon the necessity of providing sanitaria not far from home, in which consumptives could be lodged and cared for, and in which the needed attention required to keep the body in good condition and enabling it to throw off the disease might be given. And certainly it would be well if something could be done to prevent those long and fruitless journeys away from home in vain search of a climate-journeys which every consumptive in dying regrets, since they carry him away from those who love him, and with whom he might have had some few more happy days. +++

Lord Salisbury Severe.

So great a statesman as Lord Salisbury publicly mourns the fact that in woman's dress the cult of beauty is dying out. His belief is that if there were a Dante to write an artistic Inferno, the lowest circle would be assigned to women who dress themselves in divided skirts. Might not the next circle await the women whose trailing skirts are defiled with the filth of the streets? +++

A Convenient Place.

Modistes have for some time been trying to contrive a convenient pocket for a woman's watch, one that will not interfere with the fit of a tailormade gown or the set of a fancy waist. The difficulty is adjusted by inserting a tiny pocket in the sleeve of the left arm, half-way between the elbow and wrist, on the inside seam. The watch will be secure there and is easy to get at. Buttons are sewed on to close the flap of the pocket, and continue along the sleeve as a trimming.

All for Effect.

When, as is often the case, a petticoat costs more than the gown, it behooves the wearer to show it, especially nowadays, when it is the fashion to have the hat match the undergarment in tint, so that to get the full effect of a well thought-out costume there must be a glint of the same color at both extremities.

To daintily shake out a skirt after leaving a carriage or public conveyance and lift it just a trifle at the crossing, and to give it the right swing when taking a seat, so as to show the bright ruffles, and do it all without obvious intent, is not so easy.

+++ Receipts That Have Eeen Tried. Luncheon Dish-Ten eggs hard boiled. Chop whites, grate yolks. One pint milk, scalding hot, poured over two tablespoonfuls of flour rubbed smooth together. Add whites and of toast buttered. Heap the mixture on, using care not to let it cover the edges. Put grated yolks on top, dust

with pepper, and serve gamished with ribbons of crisp bacon.

Mutton Sandwiches—Chop cold cooked mutton fine, and to each pint add a teaspoonful of capers, a teaspoonful of mint, a dash of pepper and a little lemon juice. Spread thickly on slices of buttered whole wheat bread.

The Poets.

And the blessed candles Burning at thy head; The drifting mist of ocean.
The incense; the holy song.
The wind that whispers its responses To the deep intoning of the sea; The stars and winds and waters Say mass forever for thy soul. Fear not to sleep-

These waves were once The pathway of our Lord. -Paul Kester.

Good-Night, Angels! When de evenin' come an' de clouds

float by, Boun' home to dah eas'n bed; Dat wee li'l chile he look at de sky An' he nod dat cu'ly head; He look whar de sun done paint de wes' Wif a beau'ful pink an' gray; He nod dat head as he sink to res', An' dis li'l song he say:

'Good-night, angels! · meet you in de mawnin', Has to go to Sleeply Land away; Good-night, angels! see you at de dawnin'. When you come wif me to spen' de

When de evenin' come an' de darkness

tries Fo' to lull de worl' to res' Dat wee li'l chile he close his eyes. An' sleep on his mother's breas'; De painted wes' done lose its light, When de shadows 'cross it creep;

But de angels tellin' dat chile goodnight. Kase he smilin' in his sleep. 'Good-night, angels! meet you in de

mawnin',
Has to go to Sleepy Land away;
Good-night, angels; see you at de dawnin', When you come wif me to spen' de

-George V. Hobart.

In That Country It Is a Thing of Many Trials.

Servants Have Unalterable Rules of Their Own, Which They Follow Religiously.

[G. W. Steevens, in the London Mail.] Servants at home know everything; in India they know yet more. The quiet men who wait at the table know more English than they pretend. Usually there is somebody in the house who can read English letters. Ango-Indian life is all in verandas, benind open windows, transparent blinds and doors that will not shut. Also, every adjourned at Berlin a tuberculosis con-gress, at which the best means for well as the clerks at the bank and in well as the clerks at the bank and in the government offices. Therefore a man will first hear of his impending promotion or transfer from his bearer. And when he is promoted his wife, hoping to save money to eke out the ever-nearer retirement pension, will discover that the expenses have arisen in exact proportion to the rise of pay. "The presence has more to pay now, says the virtueus khansamah (male servant). "Does it become the presence to live like a mere assistant commissioner? I have seen many sahibs, and

I know what is fitting."
Where does it go? Do not ask, but count from time to time the bangles on the khansamah's leading wife. You will notice that they enlarge and multiply. The word for this process is "dastur;" in French it is spelled "mes sous," and in English "housekeeper's discount." You may say confidently that no money changes hands between a sahib and a native without it has borne commission. "What is the price in the bazar of a tin pail?" the memsahib asks of a "God knows I am a poor man." So by making inquiries it can be known. So he disappars around the corner, where he waits the pail merchant, and by making inquiries it is known. Every man has his price. But if the rich man's expenses increase with his pay the poor man's re-

main steady. The pinched married subaltern gets exactly the same food and servants and everything as the plump commissioner. The Indian servant may be a tyrant, but he is also a providence. He asks no more than your all; give him that honesty and he will see that you want for nothing. His honor is in his sahib and his sahib's establishment. It is his pride that he never steals, contrary to custom: he will take a farthing commission on twopence, but he is safe as the grave with your whole month's pay in his pocket. When the exile is over and the sahib returns across the black water he weeps quite sincerely. "Behold, I am grown old in the service of the presence. The presence is my father and mother; what, now, shall this dust-like one do?" Then one day, in the riced-and-buttered cose of his native village, he hears that his old master's son is on the way to India. God knows how, but he hears it. And when the boy lands at Bombay an old man creeps up to him tearing a chit from his father. "Be-

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Maintenance Community Longcloth Bodies, with 4-fold pure linen fronts and currs, \$8.52 the half-doz. (to measure 48e extra.) New designs in our special Indiana Gauze Oxford and Unshrinkable Flannels for the season. Old shirts made good as new, with best materials in neckbangs, currs and fronts, for \$3,36 the half-doz.

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CANNOM STOVE & OVEN CO., Limited Economy Stove with extra Burner for Oven. hold, it would be a shame to me if any

but me should be the presence's bearer, seeing that I have many times held him on my knee when he was so high. So he is the presence's bearer. The old man, who had retired rich for life from a general's establishment, begins again in a subaltern's quarters, and serves the young sahib till his infirmities will let him serve no longer. Then he goes back to his village again, with a pension, and sends his son to serve the presence instead.

The bearer and khansamah may well take loads on themselves, for there are agonies in Indian housekeeping which must fall on the memsahib alone. How would you like to do your shopping at a thousand miles range? Madras, Bombay and Calcutta, there is hardly a possible shop in India. You must think what you want and order it a fortnight in advance; even so it will probably arrive a fortnight later. And then, if people are coming to stay out Christmas * * I have heard of a resident's wife who had to send 200 miles for a flock of sheep for the needs of her house party, and then the local Brahmans intercepted them and put them in the pond, and religion ordains that what has once been in the pound can never be slaughtered.

There are other sorrows. Go into the Indian drawing-room; it is shady and cool and charming, but nearly always it seems a little bare. The rest of the furniture—the pretty nothings—are packed in boxes in Calcutta or Bombay or Pindi. The piano is staying with a friend, and the silver has not yet come back from the bank. Leave one year and transfer to the next camp next month, and an imperative change to the hills for the memsahib the hot weather after that-the Indian court is ever a place of transition. It is a mere caravansari—a double exile. We have at home no fixed place of banishment. It is not, anyhow, that the mother must send away her children; she may not even live with her furniture. In this fugitive encampment on allen

soil the very order of meals is shaken When it is hot you rise before dawn, take your chotauri, your tea and toast. Then for your rice, your bicycle spin, your game of racquets in the first hours of the sun. 'Then home to dress and then breakfast, and then a day's work through the long, long heat glare. Tiffin you have no stomach for, and so you wait for tea. After that bearable again; there is air if you only gasp hard enough. There is the drive by the heights of Calcutta, on the shore of Back Bay at Bombay, on the Marina at Madras. Then for men the club; in similar stations the club is free to women also. All prepare for dinner with billiards or badminton, which is battledore and shuttlecock over a net. Then dinner under the punkah; or maybe it is dance night, and everybody forgets hot today and hotter tomorrow and the whole weary

Sunday brings little respite. has his week's arrears of work; for woman, if she cares, there is church at the big station; in the small, the little Scotch missionary, or the residence of the deputy commissioner, reading the service in a drawing-room to his wife and his assistant and the engineer's wife-the engineer is out on the canal-

man and his wife and children. It does your heart good to see how the missionary enjoys his sermons, the one taste of theological Scotland is his crush of stupid scholars and stupider patients; it does you good to hear the railway man grunt out the hymns of his childhood.

DICKENS' LOVE FOR "COPPER-FIELD."

[Philadelphia Record.] It is well known among literary people that Charles Dickens considered "David Copperfield" the best of his novels, but occasions when he actually expressed that opinion are so rare that it is worth while to recall an incident which happened when he was in Philadelphia. Mr. Chapin, of Dr. John B. Chapin, the well-known expert on insanity, was at that time at the head of the blind asylum here. Raised type for blind reading was just coming into vogue, and. desiring to have one of Dickens' books printed in that way, Mr. Chapin took advantage of an introduction to the great novelist to ask him which of his works he considered the best, and mentioned the reason why he wanted to know. Dickens unhesitatingly answered "David Copperfield."

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Some of the Wonders of This Mysterious Sea.

The Vast Wealth in Its Waters-It Is Characterised as the Paradise for Bathers-Effect of Lake Breeze.

"The most wonderful feature of lake, people wake up with a decided lake, people wake up with a decided salty coating.
"Our summer resorts on the lake are "Our summer resorts on the lake are [New York Sun.] salt sea, which always seems to me the a mystery only a little less weird than the Dead Sea which rolls over Sodom and Gomorrah. Every time I look at this great American dead sea I set to speculating about its past and its probable future, which will be more interesting to the next generation or two than to the present. The origin of the lake is only a matter of curiosity, but its future will be a question of dolhars and cents to this country. I have lately been figuring out the probable which will exploit it. At first I was surprised at the magnitude of its wealth, and then astonished beyond measure. The fact is, that Utah is the richest state in the union, and all by reason of this great American dead sea. Her salt is worth more than all the gold and diamond mines in the world. The estimated value of the products of this salt lake is, in round numbers, nearly \$103,500,000,000. Think of over one hundred billion dollars lying unused and untouched right in the heart of our

ENORMOUS MONEY VALUE. "How do I figure out such value? It is simple enough. According to analyaverage of more than 16 per cent of sait and sulphate of soda; that is, about one-sixth of every bucketful of the water dipped out of the lake is of commercial value. About one-eighth of this is sulphate of soda, and seven-eighths common salt. Now, to find out the value of the lake's contents, one has only to figure out roughly the amount of water in it. To make the calculation easy we will say the lake the 100 miles long, with a width varying between 25 and 30 miles, or approximately 2,700 square miles in surface area, or 75,271,680,000 square feet. The average depth of the lake can be safely placed at 20 feet, which would make 1,505,433,600,000 cubic feet of water. Now, one-sixth of this total is common salt and soda; or 250,905,600,000 cubic feet. A cubic foot of sulphate of soda weighs 50 pounds, and a cubic foot of salt 80 pounds. The ordinary valuation of sulphate of soda is 1 cent a pound, or \$20 a ton, and common salt is worth half a cent a pound, or \$10 a ton. According to my figures, there would be 784,080,000 tons of sulphate of soda in the lake, and 8,789,169,600 tons of common salt. Now, at the ruling prices for these two commodities given above, the total valuation of the lake's products would amount to \$103,483,296,000. What state can produce a better showing than

"But it is not only the money value of this great inland sea that attracts me. The lake is a mystery which appeals to one, even though he lives on its rim for a lifetime. There are four large rivers pouring fresh water con-tinually into the lake, but the saltiness does not diminish 1 per cent at any season of the year, not even when the freshets of summer pour millions of visible outlet, and yet the lake rises and falls from year to year only a triffe. There is no visible source of the great salt beds or mines that must underlie the lake somewhere. The reason for the saltiness of this sea is almost as great a mystery to the scientists of today as it was to the Indians most as great a mystery to the scientists of today as it was to the Indians of a century ago. There is simply no must have been at least 1,000 feet deep. Its greatest depth now is about 60 feet. It is saltier than the Dead Sea of Palestine, although many people are not aware of it, for the simple reason that they compare only the percentage of solid matter in the water of the two lakes. The Asiatic dead sea contains 23 per cent of solids, and the American dead sea only 18 per cent. But, besides common salt and sulphate of soda, this solid matter includes magnesia, sul-phur, calcium, bromide, potassium, lithia and boracic acid. When these solids are taken from the water of the Asiatic sea it will be found that the salt and soda form far less than onesixth of the whole.

IMPOSSIBLE TO DRAIN IT. "Compared with the Atlantic Ocean

itself was quite heavy, and weighed him down. He was advised not to make the trial, and above all not to wear his rubber suit; but he would not listen to advice. He plunged into the water and started on his famous arrive. Well he rever reached Antelone sweep across it in summer. If you should come out to Salt Lake City we would give you a genuine surprise. Your water contains only 3.5 per cent of solids and only 2.6 per cent of solids and only 2.6 per cent of salt. Your salty breezes have only a tinge of salt in them. When the wind blows in the right direction across the full length of Salt Lake it is so laden with salt that it will leave a crust or coating of salt on the face and clothes that gives a ghostly appearance to you. In the summer time people go do to the lake and take salt baths without going into the water. They simply dress in their bathing suits and rest on the With the windows open at night, when the wind is blowing off the lake, people wake up with a decided

and hardened into a crust that became unbearable. The weight of the water, impelled by a hard breeze, simply knocked him out. Now, if he had attempted the swim in calm water on a day when little wind was blowing and as attractive as any you have along the coast. Everybody goes to the lake in the summer to take a bath. This is a delightful and novel sensation. You dive under, but it is impossible to go The water resists your efdown far. fort, so that you soon come to the surwhere you float about like corks. We don't have suicides from drowning out there. They couldn't do it very well if they tried. They might hold well if they tried. They might hold their heads under water by sheer force of will, but if they jumped into the water they would only float about until somebody picked them up. Eastern people who boast of being good swimmers come to Salt Lake and make a laughing-stock of themselves. It is better than a circus to see one go into the lake for the first time. If he at-tempts to sit down in shallow water he never reaches the bottom, but slides along in the most unearthly fashion. If you dive you come up with eyes smarting from the effect of the salt. For a few minutes you wonder if the burning of the eyes will ever cease, and you imagine that you are going blind. The only way to relieve this smarting is to suck the fingers a few minutes to wash off the salt, and then rub the eyes with the cleansed fingers. When you get through and can see again, you will find that all the other bathers are laughing heartly at your predicament. Then if you attempt to float it will take some time to learn how to balance yourself. You are more apt to stand on your head than on your feet in the water, for the simple reason that the upper part of the body is heavier than the lower. Your skill as a diver and swimmer in other bodies

of water counts for little. You must begin and learn all over again. "The lake has receded from the city proper about twenty miles, and the trains run down to its edge all through the summer months. The excursion is as popular as your Coney Island trip, and considering the size of the city the crowds are greater. One of the finest bathing pavilions in the world has been erected on the lake at a cost of half a million dollars. It is called Salt Air, and it is appropriately named, for the air around it at times is so thick with salt that vegetables and meats you eat don't need any salting. You take enough salt into the mouth with each gulp of air to season your food. Of course everybody who goes down to the lake takes a bath, because everybody can swim. The water is a great tonic and invigorator, and after a swim of an hour you feel like a different per-son. You can't take cold in such salt water, and so children are left in half a day. There is also no danger of the children's drowning, for if they walk in over their depth they will only float and splutter around until somebody comes to the rescue.

A PARADISE FOR BATHERS. "Naturally, there isn't any fishing there, and that's one point you have ahead of us here on the coast. Fish simply can't live in the dead sea-not the lake, and never can. So you see explaining the matter. In ages gone we have our compensations for the lack by the lake was much larger, covering of good fishing. If you have the paraat one time a total area larger than dise for fishermen on your Atlantic that of Lake Huron. In places the sea coast, we certainly have the paradise for bathers. If you once come and take a bath there, your swim in the eastern waters will ever afterward seem tame

"One thing more about swimming, in comparison. and then I am done. If you come out to the Salt Lake to swim just follow the lead of those who have lived there for years, and don't think that you know everything. Just throw your body as far out of the water as you can with each stroke, and swim hand over hand. Remember that the density of the water makes progress in the ordinary way slow. But your body is so dinary way slow. But your body is so buoyant that you will almost swim on top of the water instead of through it. Then you can slide along at a speed that will astonish you. I remember that Capt. Boyton, the famous swimmer, came out to Salt Lake and attempted other surprise. You talk of the salt to swim to Antelope Island, in the sea that washes your coast from Maine to Florida, and the cooling breezes that

swim. Well, he never reached Antelope Financial Difficulties Bring Them Into the Public Eye. ing washed ashore, exhausted and half dead, in the marsh east of Black Rock. He was coated with a crust of salt that weighed half as much as his body, and weighed half as much as his body, and

History of the Bahamas, the Windward, the Leeward, the Virgin Groups and Jamaica-The Latter the Gem of the British Possessions of the West Indies-The Climate and Industries.

Some of Britain's possessions, notably Jamaica, in the West Indies would like to solve their financial difficulties, which extravagant administrations have given them, by annexation to the Dominion of Canada. They see in such a move, in addition to the solution of government financial difficulties, the provision of a staple market for their products. Their commissioners, who have just concluded · reciprecity treaty with the United

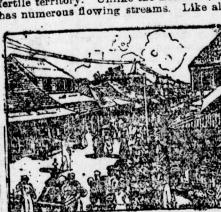


IN THE INTERIOR OF TROPICAL JAMAICA. States, are presently in Ottawa, at the request of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, to conter with the Premier of Canada and members of the Government.

In numbers these islands, including those of the Bahamas, the Windward, the Leeward, the Virgin groups and Jamaica, probably outnumber the Philippines, which have been proposed as a quid pro que for surrendering them to the United States for possession of the latter by Britain. Of the Bahamas alone there are 23 islands, 661 keys and almost an innumerable number of valueless rocks. The history of the Bahamas has been one of disaster, lawlessness and want. Soon after Columbus had landed on little San Salvador the Spanish began their practices of cruelty upon the natives until they had practically disappeared. From the coming of the English in 1629 until 1718, when the Spanish formally renounced their claim to the islands, was but one long series of disasters. Time after time the islands were practically depopulated of the English colonists by the Spaniards. Then again as late as 1782 the Spanish governor of Cuba made a raid on the islands and captured Nassau, the capital city. In addition to the wars and raids which retarded the development of the islands nature contributed largely to the disasters that beset the colonists. Hurricanes and drought killed the crops of the colonists time after time and left them in want.

The picturesque teatures in the history of the Bahamas have been furnished by two things. First, the pirates who roamed the western Atlantic and levied tribthe on all vessels that fell into their clutches made these islands their headquarters. Chief of these was the famous Bluebeard. The second picturesque feature in their history was the part they played in the blockade running of the southern ports during the days of t civil war. Nassau, which has the only harbor affording anchorage for sea-going vessels of any size, reveled in luxury during those days. But with the luxury came a lawlessness that was almost unbearable. But with the passing of these stirring times the islands settled back into the old channel where they are today. In their present condition they are of but little value. Tropical fruits, salt and sponges are the chief exports, and the imports are but few. With proper development the timber of the islands might become valuable, but it would mean, first of all, the construction of roads over which to get the timber to the reashore. The destructive hurricanes and droughts which visit the islands make crops of all kinds uncertain, and will always be a retarding feature.

Jamaica is the gem of England's posseessions in the West Indies. It comprises 8,250 square miles of mountainous but fertile territory. Unlike the Bahamas, it



From the sea level on all sides of Jamaica a series of ridges gradually ascend toward the central ranges of mountains. The culminating peak of these mountains is 7,335 feet high. From the mountains at least 70 streams descend

The beautiful blue mountains, forming the eastern part of a range which runs across the island very nearly from west to east, overshadow Kingston, the island capital, and present a grand and picturesque background to the city. Running both northeast and northwest from Kingston a railway line connects Montego Bay

The principal industry of Jamaica is tropical agriculture, and the markets for the islands products are Canada and the United States. The entire island is a mass of tropical foliage, with the excep-tion of an occasional sugar plantation, and this makes it one of the prettiest

A manatee. familiarly known as "Mermaid," was sold the other day at a Covent Garden auotion room for 20

ALL OF A TREMBLE

Most Remarkable Seismic Disturb ances on an Island-Soil Agitated Like Waves of a Sea.

Montserrat, one of the lesser Leeward Islands. Which is blessed with telegraphic isolation and communicates with the outside world by mail only twice a month, has just sent forth a somewhat regiarkable earthquake story. For some time, a period apparently coincident with the recent seismic disturbances on the mainland, extending from Argentine through Brazil and the Guianas northward as far as Salvador, Montserrat had felt repeated shocks. But little attention was paid to these. They were slight and inoffensive and were regarded by the natives with the contempt born of familiarity.

But following this experience a remarkable thing happened. From 1 a.m. to 6 a.m. the little island was fairly bembarded with shocks, some of them lasting about two minutes, with an occasional exceptionally heavy one thrown in. Altogether during the five hours there were 45 shocks. After that there was a bull of several hours, and then came one or two more. During the night there were others, and so on, at intervals by day and night for a week, when the record stops.

What has happened in the island since is not known. But the result of the "seismic bombardment" was singular. to say the least. What may be regarded as peculiar was the effect on the surface of the soil. It is said in a descriptive letter to hand by mail that in many places the open ground under cultivation was thrown up into wave formation, thus to some extent destroying the cultivation. Trees, small houses or huts. fences and similar objects were prostrated in a uniform direction, as though a cyclonic blast had passed over them. Elsewhere, in the hilly interior, several landslides were precipitated, which did some damage to the limes.

The total injury, however, is less than might have been expected, and the crop will not be appreciably affected. Montserrat is famous the world over for its excellent lime juice and essential oils, which make it far better known commercially than geographically.

GOETHE'S BIRTH REMEMBERED.

The Peet's 150th Anniversary Will Be

Celebrated in Germany. All the cities of Germany are preparing to celebrate the 150th anniversary of the birth of the post Johann Wolfgang Gosthe, on Aug. 28. Specially fine ceremonies will mark this anniversary at Goethe's birthplace, Frankfort-on-the-Main, and at Weimar, where the poet is entombed in the ducal vault beside the body of his friend and patron, the Grand Duke Charles Augustus. Goethe has been long and is now the first poet of Germany. Personally he was so beautiful that whenever he entered an inn or tavern conversation would stop and those present would look from him to one another



JOHANN WOLFGANG GOETHE. amazed. Goethe and Schiller were fast friends, and is was Schiller who persuad ed the author of "Faust" to finish that masterpiece. Germany's greatest pact died at Weimar March 22, 1832, as great a naturalist as he was a singer.

SHOT A TIGER WHITE AS SNOW. Curious Felius Phenomenen Is Willed in

Assam. There are white leopards and black leopards, and neither is very common, but white tigers and black tigers are the rarest of wild beasts. A white tiger was, however, shot in Assam in February, last. The animal was shot by W. H. Greenish, manager of the Naharkutia tea estate in upper Assam, and the skin sent

to Mr. Newing, a Calcutta taxidermist. Mr. Newing has given the following particulars to The Englishman, a Calcutta newspaper: "Under process of curing, in which stage it is at present, the skin measures 9 feet 6 inches from the nose to the tip of the tail, but on completion of the process another ten inches will be added to its present length. The color of the skin is a beautiful white, while the stripes, though not very clearly indicated at present, establish its identity as a genuine tiger skin, even did its length fail to bear out that belief.

"When the skin is properly cured and dried the marks will show quite distinct." Mr. Newing says that in the whole 18 years during which he has exercised his calling he has not only never seen but never heard of such a thing before as a white tiger.

A correspondent of the same Calcutta paper points out that, though extremely white tigers are not unknown. Early in the century a specimen was on view at the Exeter Change and was figured by Griffith for Cuvier. Another was obtained by Major Robinson of the Lancaster Fusiliers, near Poons, in the Bombay Presidency, and either this one or another has been recorded by Howard Saunders. Colonel Goodwin Austen was aware of yet another specimen. Black tigers are still more rare, a single specimen seen by C. T. Buckland near Chittagong being the only one on record. London Times.

The Scene of Dreyfus' Trial.

Rennes-the scene of Captain Dreyfus' econd trial-was the ancient capital of Brittany, and is now the chief town of the Department of Ile-et-Vilaine. Besides being the headquarters of the 10th Army Corps it is the seat of an archbishop, and has a population of about 70,000. Few traces of its ancient aspect now remain, as the town was almost entirely burned down in 1720 by a conflagration lasting week, and it has been rebuilt on a regular and monetonous plan-its spacious modern streets being lifeless, dull and deserted, fer it has little industry or commerce. From Rennes to Brest the distance is 140 miles. It is a curious mixture of a garrison and a cathedral town.

Cures Diphtheria.

A WARY WOMAN.

Mrs. George Williams, Fairfield Plains, Ont., refused all substitutes. - Would have only Laxa-Liver Pills.

When you get hold of a remedy that does you good, stick to it.
When you find Laxa-Liver Pills better than anything else for Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Liver Torper and Dyspepsia, don't be persuaded to try

Take example from Mrs. Goorge Williams, Fairfield Plains, Ont., who says: "As there are so many other medicines offered for sale and recommended to be as good as Laxa-Liver Pills I am particular to get only the genuine, as they far sur-pass anything else for regulating the bowels and correcting disorders of the

A WOMAN'S PLUCK WINS

How a Drunken Husband Was Made a Sober Man by a Determined Wife.

She writes: "I had for a long time been thinking of trying the Samaria Prescription treatment on my husband for his drinking habits, but I was afraid that he would discover that I was giving him medicine, and the thought unnerved me. I hesitated for nearly a week, but one day when he came home very much intoxicated, and his week's salary nearly all spent, I threw off all fear and determined to make an effort to save our home from the ruin I saw coming, at all hazards.
I sent for your Samaria Prescription
and put it in his coffee as directed next morning and watched and prayed for the result. At noon I gave him more and also at supper. He never suspected a thing, and I then boldly kept on givregularly, as I had discovered ing it omething that set every nerve in my body tingling with hope and happiness, and I could see a bright future spread out before me - a peaceful, happy home, a share in the good things of life, an attentive, loving husband comforts, and everything else dear to a woman's heart, for my husband had told me that whisky was vile stuff, and he was taking a dislike to it. It was only too true, for before I had given him the full course he had stopped drinking altogether, but I kept giving the medicine till it was gone, and then sent for another lot to have on hand if he should relapse, as he had done from his promises before. He never has, and I am writing you this letter to tell you how thankful I am. I honestly believe it will cure the worst

We will send our pamphlet free, givcases.' ing testimonials and full information, with directions how to take or administer Samaria Prescription. Correspondence considered sacredly confidential. Address The Samaria Remedy Company, Jordan street, Toronto, Ont.

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ACE	MARRIED	OR SING	E	18 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -

day when little wind was blowing, and had left his rubber suit off and tried to swim over and not through the water, he would have found his task comparatively easy. When you get under the water you soon have to give up, and one of your old-fashioned eastern swimmers would never get along in the Salt Lake unless he learned the art all over again." LADY BERESFORD Her Beautiful Hair-A Good Business Woman. One of the most striking characteristics

Island. He was found the next morn-

in giving his experiences afterward he said that the water blew in his face

of Lady Beresford (who has been before the public of two continents for many years sucessively as the very rich Mrs. Hammersly, of New York; the Duchess of Marlborough, of England, and now as Mrs. William Beresford, of Ireland) is her beautiful hair. Judging from her published portraits her hair is light in color. In reality it is very dark, and her latest photograph, taken in London just before she left for this country to look after her vast property interests, is the only one taken, so far, that produces this feature faithfully.

In business matters Lady Beresford is re-

markably alert. In that respect she resembles Mrs. Elliot F. Shepard, who was once called by her father, the late William H. Vanderbilt, "the best business man in his family." Her ladyship's three marriages have all been worldly wise, however much sentiment may have played a part in them, and this same commercial acumen makes her one of the very thriftiest land-

owners on Manhattan Island. But Lady Beresford does not devote all of her time to business matters. She is regarded in Europe as one of the three finest horsewomen in the Old World. The hunt, her social life, and the care of her child, the offspring of her latest marriage, make her life a busy one.

She is especially fond of horses and her stable is one of the choicest in Great Britain. Among the inmates is an underbred dray horse, who owes his present good fortune to his owner's kindness and knowledge of horses. One day this animal, while drawing a load in the courtyard of the estate set up a loud neighing accompanied by

a peculiar limping.

Lady Beresford personally investigated the matter and bound one of her gloves on the horses hoof. She took his actions as a token of his intelligence, although the hostler shrewdly suspected that an imbedded stone was the cause. At all events, when her ladyship learned that the horse had been bred on the estate he was promptly put among the hunters, and his future is now assured.

TRAVELING IN SOUTH AFRICA

As It Was Before Railro Their Work of Civilization.

To the ordinary traveler or tourist who now visits South Africa the word travel will have little more meaning than what it invokes in other lands. The railway now runs to most parts of the country, and a more or less tedious journey in a comfortable compartment will carry him to his destination. Such was not, however always the case, and it is not so long since those who through pleasure or ne essity were forced to travel had to avail themselves of the facilities offered by post carts or transport wagons. It is true that in some remote dorps in the Transvaal and Free State the scream of the railway whistle has never been heard, and probably never will be; but these places are out of the way of the ordinary traveler, and are rarely visited by him. In the old days the traveler who had to trust himself to the tender mercies of the post contractor did so with fear and trembling. There were, as in all else, degrees in the various services, but the man who could have found pleasure in a trip even on the best roads must have indeed possessed a disposition of which Mark Tapley might

have been proud. In some of the services on the principal routes from Cape Colony and Natal the carts were well horsed, the drivers were thoroughly up to their work and the conditions were made as desirable as was possible under the circumstances. But the carts had been built to suit the roads, the space was strictly limited, and the mails would absorb a considerable quantity of this space and the unfortunate passenger, jammed in between a couple of other unfortunates, his knees compressed against a pile of bags and his back sore form constant friction against the seat would sit in silent agony until his destination was reached—the only relief obtainable being when the cart stopped for the night and the weary traveler could throw himself partly dressed on a bed to snatch a few hours' sleep before the driver's call at the earliest dawn warned him that the dread hour had arrived for him to again

take his seat in the cart. The start from the town was always of the same nature. The four or six horses would stand pawing the ground while a couple of Hottentots would hang on to their heads, the driver would gather up the reins heads, the driver would gather up the felias at Dry Harber always indeceding scenes and crack his whip, the boys would spring of its memories of the stirring scenes to one side, and the equipage would disappear in a cloud of dust in the distance. On some lines this would hold good at all the various stopping places, but in others once the first halt was reached, and civilization left behind, a span of weary mules would be reluctantly dragged forth, and the traveler's heart would sink within his boots and he would glance reproachfully at the driver. The mules would be inspanned and a fresh start made, and the driver's assistant would bring forth his short sjambok and prepare for business. Tender hearted travelers would at first sympathize with the mules; later on the sympathy would be transferred to the wretched boy who had to urge them on by jumping down from the cart every few minutes, and running alongside the animals and belaboring them. After a time the trave'er'ssympathy for both would have vanished and he would no stally consign both to the nether world. When the boy climbed on the cart at intervals the passengers would draw deep breaths. "Everything comes to him who waits," and at last a stage would be reached on the confines of civilization, where a span of horses would be produced and a better start made. Like the Irish Jarvey, the post-cart driver firmly believed in "say ing his trot for the avenue," and the coach would often wheel irto the village in a blaze of glory, the driver awakening the echoes with a shrill blast from his bugle.

has numerous flowing streams. Like all

A VIEW IN PRINCE STREET, HINGSTON. the West Indies, it was first taken pessession of by Spain; in fact, it was the great discoverer Columbus who was the first white man to set foot upon the island. This was in 1494, and it remained Spanish territory until 1655, when it was taken possession of by the English. Like the Bahamas, it has been the resort of pirates, and tourists, of whom there are many, find a visit to the wonderful cave at Dry Harbor always interesting because connected with the lawless rovers of the

to the north and south shores.

and Port Antonio with the capital.

spots in the western hemisphere.