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Volume 49.--No. 6

The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1920

BEST WAY TO BOOST
Boost your town by boosting your
business. Try a little advertising.

Whole No. 2504

FARM TO RENT
Farm consisting of 75 acres good land, lot 15, con. 2, Mosa, between Wardsville and Newbury, with good house, outbuildings, pasture, orchard, good water, etc. Apply Miss Rachel Smith, Wardsville.

WOOD WANTED
Tenders will be received by the undersigned for fifteen cords of hard maple and beech wood 20 inches long, to be delivered at the school house in S. S. No. 1, Mosa.—Charles Ferris, Sec.-Treas.

CREAM WANTED
Cream received, tested and paid for daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Phone 73 if you want our delivery truck to call.

LAMBTON CREAMERY CO.
ALEX. McNeil, Local Manager.

WOOD WANTED
Tenders will be received by the undersigned for fifteen cords of hard maple and beech wood 20 inches long, to be delivered at the school house in S. S. No. 1, Mosa.—Dan Walker, Secretary, Route 1, Walkers.

FARM FOR SALE
Lot 18, first range north Longwoods Road, consisting of 100 acres; 75 acres under grass and 10 acres of bush. Apply to John E. Reycraft, R. 1, Glencoe.

FARM FOR SALE
Fifty acres, being the north half of the south half of lot 9 in the 2nd range north, township of Mosa. Has frame house, small barn and stabling; spring well; 12 acres in fall wheat; 10 acres seeded down, and 15 acres fall plowed. Tobacco has been grown successfully on adjoining place. For further particulars apply to Lorne Goff, Route 1, Glencoe.

MRS. W. A. CURRIE
Teacher in Oil Paintings
Studio and Residence: Symes Street, Glencoe, Ontario.
Artists' Materials Kept in Stock.

WANTED
Raw furs by parcel post, by express—any way. What have you—what price? Prompt returns.—Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont. 01-13

\$5 daily.—Men, send me your address and I will show you how to earn \$5 daily the year round. Sample case and plans free. Harry V. Martin, P. O. Box 27, Windsor, Ontario.

EKFRID MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
29th Annual Meeting

The twenty-ninth annual meeting of the policy-holders of the above company will be held in the town hall, Appin, at the hour of two o'clock afternoon of Wednesday, the 18th day of February, 1920, for receiving the officers' report for the past year, the election of two directors and transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. Let there be a full meeting.
A. P. McDUGGALL,
Secretary, Melbourne.

GIRL WANTED
For general housework, in family of three. Good wages. Apply to 15 Pearl street, St. Thomas; phone 1863.

FARM FOR SALE
Lot 6, con. 1, Mosa, consisting of 100 acres. A never-failing spring well at house, rock well at barn; good sugar bush on place. Apply to Mrs. Alex. Munroe, on premises.

A. B. McDONALD
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 74. 470

DR. L. W. M. FREELE
Successor to the late Dr. Walker. Office and residence, Main street, Glencoe. Office hours—9 to 10, 1 to 2, 7 to 8.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

DELCO-LIGHT
The complete Electric Light and Power Plant
Will operate over 200 time- and labor-saving electrical appliances.

M. C. MORGAN DEALER
Kerwood, Ont.

J. B. COUCH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

Johnston's DRUG STORE

The Brunswick
ALL PHONOGRAPHS IN ONE

Achieves the ultimate in Phonograph Music by means of two exclusive and scientific features. The Brunswick method of reproduction gained instant and wide-spread public favor because it enriches the tone quality of all records. Ask to hear the Brunswick. The newest Columbia records always on hand.

Phone 35 Glencoe

NOTICE

DONALD MCINTYRE, Appin, Ont.,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
is prepared to conduct Auction Sales, large or small. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Phone DONALD MCINTYRE, Appin

THE SOVEREIGN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Every man has three financial requirements, as follows:
1. An income in event of disability.
2. Protection for dependents.
3. A competence for his old age.
The SOVEREIGN LIFE ENDOWMENT and LIMITED PAYMENT LIFE Plans of Insurance completely provide for the above requirements.
Our DISABILITY BENEFIT pays your premiums and guarantees a monthly income for life, and when death occurs (or the policy matures) the full face value is payable WITHOUT ANY DEDUCTIONS.

For further particulars write to
H. J. JAMIESON,
District Manager, Glencoe, Ont.
Ontario Branch 603 Temple Bldg., Toronto, Ont.
Lachlan McKelvie Local Agent Glencoe

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Order your next lot of these at the Transcript Office

WE HANDLE THE McCASKEY SYSTEMS BOOKS

Be Loyal to Local Enterprise

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital and reserve \$35,000,000
Total Assets over \$535,000,000

Open a Savings Bank Account with this Bank.
Interest paid twice a year. Notes collected on favorable terms.

GORDON DICKSON, Manager, Glencoe

KEITH'S CASH STORE

DRY GOODS MILLINERY GROCERIES

Large stocks of Winter Clothing and Millinery on hand, at lowest prices.

LUMBER! POSTS! SHINGLES!

We have a full stock at present and can fill your requirements. It will pay to buy now.

McPHERSON & CLARKE
PLANING MILL LUMBER DEALERS
GLENCOE, ONT.

ELECTRIC WIRING

Why not have your electric wiring done now and be ready for Hydro and avoid the rush? Estimates free. All work guaranteed to pass inspection.

Expert work on car batteries after installation of Hydro.

Will shortly have shop in McAlpine Building, McRae St. Present address: Box 257; residence, corner Orange and O'Mart streets, Glencoe.

W. B. MULLIGAN

APPIN GRAIN STORE

Having taken over the Grain, Feed and Coal Business from R. E. C. McDonald at Appin, I respectfully solicit the same liberal patronage as has been given this business in the past.

I will endeavor to give the very best service at all times, at reasonable prices.

Will also handle Cement and Fertilizer.

Phone us your order.

Angus McMaster

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, Section 56," that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of Daniel M. Smith, late of the township of Elfrid in the county of Middlesex, farmer, deceased, who died on or about the twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1919, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to the undersigned, solicitors for John A. Smith, Abner Smith and Dugal Smith, executors of the estate of the said Daniel M. Smith, deceased, their names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And take notice that after the 26th day of February, A. D. 1920, the said John A. Smith, Abner Smith and Dugal Smith will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that the said John A. Smith, Abner Smith and Dugal Smith will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim they shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Glencoe this 27th day of January, A. D. 1920.
ELLIOTT & MOSS,
Executors' Solicitors, Glencoe, Ont.

We Carry A Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
Tinsmith Plumber
GLENCOE

Notice

During January, February and March we have decided to take our truck off the road. When we draw your cream these cold months the samples freeze, therefore we think we can give our patrons better satisfaction if they bring in the cream, which I will be at my office to receive every day of the week. In the spring I will be ready to give you the same prompt service as in the past. We pay cash as soon as tested.

D. R. HAGERTY.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE
between MONTREAL TORONTO DETROIT and CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service. Sleeping Cars on night trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains. Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Hornung, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

A Paris physician claims that the low-neck dress is a preventative of the flu.

Middlesex county council will expend nearly \$308,000 on improvement of roads this year.

Wm. R. Hickey, a well-known bar-rister of Bothwell, died January 28, in his 65th year.

Elgin county council has increased the seasonal indemnities of its members from \$4 to \$5 a day, with mileage. Six million Jews are starving to death in Eastern Europe. An appeal is to be made in Canada for funds with which to buy food and clothing.

Lawrence Duckworth, a well-known resident of Mosa township, near Bothwell, died on January 25, and the remains were taken to Dorchester for burial.

The chain of eight "Cash and Carry" stores and three butcher shops in Sarnia and Pt. Edward have been closed owing to the disappearance of the manager.

While hunting rabbits in Thorold township two boys found an old bag in the rear of the Coniagas Reduction Co. plant containing a bar of silver worth \$1,000.

Stephen Noxon, a pioneer manufacturer of farm implements, who was widely known a few years ago as head of the Noxon Works at Ingersoll, died suddenly while in Toronto last week.

Miss Bessie McLean died at the family residence, 4th concession, Aldborough, on Sunday morning, in her 48th year, after a lingering illness. The funeral took place to the Purcell cemetery on Tuesday.

Young women of Sayre, Pa., in an effort to prevent the spread of the "flu" have organized a society, members of which are sworn to refrain from being kissed until danger of the epidemic has passed.

A disease which has not yet been diagnosed by the veterinarians has caused the death of two valuable horses of Charles McDonald, near Bothwell, and three other horses are suffering with the disease.

A shortage of cattle is predicted by those who know. Farmers who can are strongly urged to extend breeding. It's a dangerous and difficult operation to attempt to reduce the "chin" of any woman, single or double.

A New York woman is suing a "beauty doctor" for \$5,000 because he failed to make a job of removing her double chin. It's a dangerous and difficult operation to attempt to reduce the "chin" of any woman, single or double.

Food prices in Britain and the United States are dropping some. A drop may be expected in Canada when a few heavy fines or jail sentences are handed out to profiteers instead of an order that is side-stepped or withdrawn.

Elgin, Kent, Essex and Middlesex county councils are co-operating in a memorial to the Provincial Government to have both the Talbot Road and Longwood Road designated for the proposed highway scheme from London to Windsor.

Sly, insidious propaganda is being circulated by the various manufacturers who declare the public doesn't want moderate priced goods, the object being to make the public want what the manufacturers want them to want.—Forest Standard.

Our good neighbors across the line are generally agreeing on the claim that "America won the war." But now they are disagreeing. About half of them claim that the Democratic party won the war, and the other half are equally sure that the war was won by the Republicans.

The Petrolia Wagon Works Company has closed its doors after an eventful career of twenty years. Although a splendid industry for the town it was a white elephant for the shareholders. Ten years ago there were 160 hands on the payroll. The lumber in the yards has been disposed of to an outside firm, and it is now being loaded on cars to be shipped away.—Petrolia Topic.

Because members of the family were guilty of listening on party lines the Sandwich West Telephone Company removed the telephone from the home of Albany Melouche. As a result he entered an action against the company, but the suit was dismissed after 27 witnesses were heard. The court held that Melouche had violated the telephone company's rules and ruled that the removal of the telephone was proper under the circumstances.

Word has been received by Mr. and Mrs. Hector Purcell of Rodney of the death of their son, Archie D. Purcell, of Swan River, Manitoba, aged 45 years. The deceased, with two other men, had been shot at Roscoe, Man., on January 15, by a returned soldier by the name of Brand. Two of the men, including the deceased, died instantly, while the third was seriously injured. The late Mr. Purcell went to the West about twenty years ago and settled on a farm at Swan River. His wife predeceased him by some years. His son, Hector, aged fourteen years, is left.

Old papers for sale at The Transcript office. Don't Submit to Asthma.—If you suffer without hope of breaking the chains which bind you, do not put off another day the purchase of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. A trial will drive away all doubt as to its efficiency. The sure relief that comes will convince you more than anything that can be written. When help is so sure, why suffer? This matchless remedy is sold by dealers everywhere.

NEARLY A DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Rev. N. D. Keith Faces a Terrible Death and Makes a Thrilling Rescue

A thrilling and hairbreadth escape from death happened on the arrival of the International Limited from Toronto at the Grand Trunk depot here at 10:30 Friday night. Mrs. P. D. Keith and her daughter Florence had gone to the station to meet Rev. N. D. Keith, principal of Westminster Ladies' College, Edmonton, Alberta, who was coming east in connection with the finances of his institution.

Leaving the depot, what appeared to be a dead freight train obstructed the spur crossing. A number of people made their way around the end of the car and crossed over safely. As Miss Keith reached the middle of the tracks the train shunted. The young lady screamed and, paralyzed with fear, fell helpless in the deep snow between the rails. Mr. Keith, who was a few feet in advance, dropped his grips and sprang towards her, the oncoming train being only one yard away. With a quickness born of desperation he threw himself prone upon the helpless girl and by a superhuman effort rolled her and himself to safety. A fraction of a second afterwards the car wheels passed over the spot. Both escaped without a scratch. The young lady's hat was cut to pieces under the wheels. Onlookers are unable to explain the miraculous escape. The shock was too much for Miss Keith, who collapsed in the arms of her rescuer.

Representations are likely to be made to the authorities for recognition of the heroic action of Principal Keith. He took one chance in a thousand and fortunately won.

DEATH OF ALEX. MCPHAIL

The remains of Alexander Verner McPhail, who died in the Presbyterian hospital, New York, after a four days' illness from influenza, arrived in Glencoe on Friday afternoon and were taken to the home of Mrs. Duncan McPhail, aunt of the deceased, where the funeral service was conducted that afternoon, interment being made at Alvinston cemetery. Mr. McPhail's death was very sad and unexpected. He was a young man of fine physique and very popular. A native of Alvinston, being a son of the late Alex. McPhail, formerly postmaster at that place, he was employed in the Royal Bank at Owen Sound when he enlisted in the Royal Flying Corps. He served overseas three years with that unit, and on his return last July re-entered the service of the bank. For the past four months he had been connected with the Royal Bank at New York, filling a position he had been appointed to permanently.

Deceased, who was 31 years of age, is survived by his mother, who at present is visiting her sister in Portland, Oregon. She was unable to get home for the funeral. He also leaves his wife, who is still in England and had about completed arrangements to join her husband in New York. A sister of the deceased, Miss L. McPhail, died from the effects of the influenza in Detroit a year ago.

Mr. McDonald of the Royal Bank staff at New York accompanied the remains to Glencoe, and members of the bank staff here were among the pallbearers at the funeral. The bank in New York furnished a magnificent double casket, and also forwarded a beautiful wreath of flowers. The Royal Bank at Glencoe made the funeral arrangements here.

TAIT'S CORNERS AND DUFF'S

The above congregations have held their annual meetings, and reports showed the past year to have been the best in the history of the congregations. During the year 31 new members were added to the rolls, all on profession of faith. The amount raised for all purposes was \$5,450, an increase of \$1,097 over last year; \$2,159 was raised for missions. All the organizations have been working in harmony and the credit for the good work is theirs. The allocation of \$4,000 for the Forward Movement has been accepted and at least one of the organizations has already put up its share.

TAKE CARE OF YOURSELF

Influenza is contracted in only one way, and that is by coming into personal contact with somebody who has it. It cannot be carried by a third person, on the clothes or in any other fashion. You can't get it second-hand. It can't float across the street to you. But if you shake hands and talk with somebody who has it, the germs are likely to find their way to you before they have been killed by exposure to the air. Unprotected coughing and sneezing is the most dangerous thing that can be met. And this is only dangerous when near at hand.

H. S. LITERARY

The high school literary met on Thursday, January 22. The meeting opened with the French national anthem and the following program was given:—President's address, Earl McDonald; secretary's report, Elsie Leitch; piano solo, Catharine Lawrence; address on the geography of France, Agnes McEachren; reading, Corinne Howe; address on the history of France, Miss Steele; piano solo, Frances Moss; address on French writers, Marion Huston; reading of The Oracle, Frances Moss; address on French education, Ernest McKellar; critic's report, Louise Garbut.

Try a little advertising!

GLENCOE SEXTETTE DEFEAT LONDON INTERMEDIATES

Monday night in Alvinston Glencoe hockey boys defeated London Intermediates in the second game of the first round of the semi-finals. This was London's first defeat.

The game was played before the largest crowd of spectators that ever entered the Alvinston arena. Davenport scored the first goal after twenty seconds' play and the Glencoe boys kept in the lead to a final score of 4-3. Bill McMillan showed London team a few points in looking after the nets, while Davenport, Dobie and Aldred set the pace for the forwards. In view of the fact that no special train could be procured, about seventy of the townspeople followed the boys to victory. When without practice our boys can do such credit to Glencoe it is hard to tell what would happen if they had a rink of their own, so everyone should immediately get together and push "a new rink for 1920-21."

MEMORIAL TABLET UNVEILED

The school house in section No. 7, Mosa, was the scene of a memorable event on the evening of Friday, Jan. 30th, when the section came out en masse to honor to the memory of her four heroes who gave their lives for the cause of freedom in the great war.

Owing to the absence of Geo. Innes, who was supposed to have been the chief speaker, a change of plans was made necessary with the result that the meeting was called to order by the teacher, Ward Leitch, who acted as chairman during the evening. The program, which was of purely local talent, consisted of recitations and choruses by the pupils, duets by Marion and Hazel Armstrong and Alton and Bessie McVicar, mouthorgan solo by Cecil Goldrick, and a drill by 12 of the older pupils. The pupils all did great credit not only to themselves but also to those who helped in their training, the teacher having been ably assisted by Mrs. Colin McNaughton and Mrs. Dan Hillman, the latter acting as accompanist during the evening and having had the responsibility of the songs and choruses throughout. The dialogue "Courtship Under Difficulties" was well given and brought forth laughter and cheers, while the Knapsdale orchestra charmed the audience with their splendid numbers. Percy Shred won the applause of all by his songs, "Just Before the Battle, Mother" being especially well rendered.

At the close of the drill, while the pupils stood with bowed heads, Colin McNaughton played a lament for the fallen, after which he unveiled the memorial tablet and read the names of Philip McRae, James McConnell, Gilbert Fletcher and Theodore Tyler. Although Mr. McNaughton was at a disadvantage, not expecting to be called upon to make such a part, he filled the position well as he told of cherished memories and early associations with those boys. Peter Munroe, one of the section's returned soldiers, also spoke in highest terms of them.

After the program was over the relatives of the fallen heroes were invited to the front where they could get a closer view of the tablet. A very touching sight occurred when Marion, the little orphan daughter of Philip McRae, was lifted up to see the tablet. During the evening she gave a beautiful recitation. The school was tastefully decorated for the occasion with flags and bunting.

LITERARY SOCIETY MEETS

The literary in S. S. No. 5 was held Thursday evening, Jan. 22, an exceptionally good program being rendered. John B. McKellar acted as chairman, and in his usual good style filled the position very acceptably. One of the main features of the program was the play entitled "Our Aunt From California," each of the participants acting her part well. The following program was rendered:—Violin selections, D. Graham, D. McAlpine and W. Cyster; vocal selections, S. Hartley; recitations, Margaret and Harold Gates; play, "Our Aunt From California"; readings, Misses M. Westcott, M. Brown and F. Moss. The program committee for the next meeting are W. Gardiner, D. McAlpine, Miss E. Goff and Miss L. Gates.

APPIN ARMENIAN RELIEF

The following donations have been received at Appin by Elmer McIntyre for the Armenian Relief:—
R. E. C. McDonald.....\$ 5.00
Mr. and Mrs. McCulloch..... 5.00
Elmer McIntyre..... 3.00
Elliis Gibbs..... 3.00
Ann Lee..... 3.00
O. I. C..... 1.00
Mr. and Mrs. John Stocks..... 1.00
D. L. McIntyre..... 1.00
George McGill, sr..... 1.00
Joseph Lotan..... 1.00
Whit. Johnson..... 1.00
I. E. Laughton..... 1.00
T. Eaton..... 1.00
D. E. Laughton..... 1.00
Cradle Roll & Home Dept. Presbyterian Sunday School, Appin..... 1.00
Alfred Bardwell..... 1.00
F. W. Nicholls..... 1.00
L. L. McTaggart..... 1.00
James C. Allan..... 1.00
Roy Eddie..... 1.00
Miss G. Walters..... 1.00
D. McIntyre, Jr..... 1.00

\$36.00

The passenger rates on the G. T. R. for students attending business college or other educational institutions was materially increased on Feb. 1.

NEW WHEAT AND FLOUR PRICE SET BY CANADIAN WHEAT BOARD

Price of Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia Wheat to Mills Advanced 25 Cents Per Bushel—Wholesale Price of Flour Now \$11.25 Per Barrel.

Winnipeg, Feb. 1.—Effective from midnight on Saturday last and until further notice, the Canadian Wheat Board has ordered changes in the price of wheat and flour. The price of British Columbia, Ontario and Quebec wheat to mills in Canada is now raised by 25 cents per bushel, and the Board also increases the maximum wholesale price of Government standard winter wheat flour from \$10.10 per barrel to \$10.25 per barrel, basis f.o.b. cars, Montreal.

The new regulation, No. 85, says the following prices now obtain:

\$2.50 per bushel, including 5 cents per bushel carrying charges, basis No. 1 Manitoba Northern and No. 1 Alberta Northern in store, public terminal elevators, Fort William or Port Arthur.

\$2.70 per bushel, including 5 cents per bushel carrying charges, basis No. 1 durum, in store public terminal elevators, Fort William or Port Arthur.

\$2.55 per bushel, including 5 cents per bushel carrying charges, basis No. 1 Spring, No. 1 white winter, and No. 1 red winter wheat in store Montreal.

\$2.56 per bushel, including 5 cents per bushel carrying charges, basis No. 1 mixed Ontario and Quebec wheat in store Montreal.

\$2.49 per bushel, including 5 cents per bushel carrying charges, basis No. 1 commercial grade wheat in store Montreal.

\$2.50 1/2 per bushel, including 5 cents per bushel carrying charges, basis No. 1 British Columbia wheat in store Canadian Government elevator, Vancouver.

The spreads for lower grades than those above shall be the same as the spreads in the orders of the board relating to cash payments to be paid to the producer.

The maximum wholesale price ordered in regulation No. 89 are as follows:

1. That the standard of flour manufacture in Canada for sale in Canada be the standard set by the Canadian Wheat Board and designate as:
 - (a) Government standard Spring wheat flour.
 - (b) Government standard Winter wheat flour.
2. That the maximum wholesale prices of flour from midnight Jan. 31, 1920, inclusive, until further notice, shall be:
 - (a) Government standard Spring wheat flour, \$13.15 per barrel, basis 95 pounds net, fute bags.
 - (b) Government standard Winter wheat flour, \$11.25 per barrel, basis 95 pounds net, fute bags.

These prices are basis f.o.b. cars, Montreal.

MILLION PAID TO OUT-OF-WORK MEN

Total Grants to Veterans Will Not Exceed 3 Millions.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—In the neighborhood of one million dollars has been paid to ex-soldiers out of work since the opening of the Federal Emergency Operation. Returns from all Canadian centres are not yet complete, but the estimate includes the cost of administration as well as the unemployment amounts paid to the men.

In the first week of January alone there were 17,000 applicants who benefited to the extent of nearly \$600,000. The cost of administration was \$6,737. It was the holiday season then, and first payments were made without much investigation, because it was feared hardship might be worked if officials were too strict. As soon as there was time every case was investigated, until now the list of "renewals"—those who come back weekly for money—is said to be almost wholly deservng.

General A. E. Ross, C.B., who has charge of the administration of the fund, said on Friday it was fairly certain the total spent would not be more than three millions. "The first month was our heaviest, and we required just about a million dollars," he stated. "The relief is withdrawn at the end of March, and the lists are much smaller now than in January, owing to a thorough weeding out by investigators."

The statement that the Government's grant of \$40,000,000 had been exceeded was vigorously denied by General Ross. In the first place, he said, no definite sum was mentioned, and, secondly, they would not require anything like \$40,000,000. They drew weekly what they required from the Finance Department.

Judging from the figures given about as many soldiers were out of work in Montreal as in Toronto in January. There were 4,000 applicants in Montreal, who received \$140,000 and 4,500 in Toronto who took \$188,000.

Von Tirpitz and Bethmann Demanded From Germany

Paris, Feb. 1.—In addition to already published lists of those who will be demanded from Germany by the allies on charges of violations of the laws of war, the Allies say Belgium will ask for Dr. Theobald von Bethmann-Hollweg, former Imperial German Chancellor, while England will demand Admiral von Tirpitz, former German Secretary of Marine; Admiral Reinhardt von Scheer, former chief of the German Admiralty staff and commander of the German fleet in the Battle of Jutland, and Prince Oscar of Prussia, fifth son of former Emperor William.

FARMERS NEAR SOO FORM POWER CO.

To Obtain Power From City and Construct Own Pole Lines.

Sault Ste. Marie, Feb. 1.—Members of the U.F.O. in East Korah township have succeeded in forming an organization to be known as the East Korah Township Light and Power Club. Its object is to furnish light and power to the farmers of the rural section close to the Soo. Last fall a deputation of farmers from East Korah waited on the Public Utilities Commission of the Soo and asked them to furnish the farmers within a radius of say five miles of the city with power. The Public Utilities Commission advised the farmers to erect their own line and conduct the business connected with it themselves, and they would supply them with power to their line at the city limits.

The officers of the newly-organized company are: W. W. Lettbridge, President; Geo. H. Farmer, Vice-President; Alex. A. Scott, Secretary-Treasurer; and the Directors are: N. Sherman, T. W. Farmer, W. H. Penno, S. Richards.

To commence with there will be 15 farmers using power from the new line. Arrangements are being completed for the erection of the pole line by March 15.

\$325,000,000 Loan Interest Owed to U.S. Government

A despatch from Washington says:—Accrued interest on loans to European countries totals approximately \$325,000,000, according to a table submitted to the House Ways and Means Committee by the Treasury Department, which plans to defer collection for a few years pending reconstruction.

Great Britain owes the most interest, the total on loans to that country being \$144,440,837. Interest owed by other countries is:

France, \$94,021,749; Italy, \$54,256,589; Russia, \$16,832,662; Belgium, \$11,466,278; Czech-Slovakia, \$1,667,083; Serbia, \$917,296; Roumania, \$609,873; and Liberia, \$548.

Kaiser's Picture Out of Books in German Schools

A despatch from Berlin says:—German textbooks hereafter will be minus the formerly inevitable pictures of the Kaiser and his predecessors on the Prussian throne.

This is the result of an order by the Minister of Education, who also rules out all anecdotes of the Hohenzollerns which "might serve only to glorify the dynasty and foster the monarchistic idea in the minds of the pupils."



HELPING WINNIPEG GET THE NEWS
While Winnipeg papers were unable to publish through lack of paper the students of Manitoba University issued daily a small paper called "The Manitoban," containing the big news of the day in brief. Here is the staff: Back row, left to right: Homer Robinson, Edward Pitblado, H. Ferrier, Norman Young; Sitting, left to right: Graham Spay, Miss E. Willis.

Weekly Market Report

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.80; No. 2 Northern, \$2.77; No. 3 Northern, \$2.73, in store Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 94%; No. 3 C.W., 91%; extra No. 2 feed, 91%; No. 1 feed, 89%; No. 2 feed, 86%; in store Fort William.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 C.W., \$1.83; No. 4 C.W., \$1.47; rejected, \$1.35; feed, \$1.35; in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.83; No. 4 yellow, \$1.80, track, Toronto; prompt shipment.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 98c to \$1.00, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, \$2.00 to \$2.01; No. 2 do, \$1.97 to \$2.03; No. 3 do, \$1.93 to \$1.94 f.o.b. shipping points, according to freight.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Spring, \$2.02 to \$2.08; No. 2 Spring, \$1.99 to \$2.05; No. 1 Spring, \$1.95 to \$2.01, f.o.b. shipping points according to freight.

Barley—Malt, \$1.80 to \$1.82, according to freight outside.

Buckwheat—\$1.45 to \$1.48, according to freight outside.

Rye—No. 3, \$1.77 to \$1.80, according to freight outside.

Manitoba flour—Government standard, \$13.25, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Government standard, \$9.65 to \$9.85, Montreal and Toronto, in fute bags. Prompt shipment.

Provisions—Wholesale.

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 34 to 36c; do, heavy, 29 to 30c; cooked, 31 to 32c; 10-lb. tins, 25c; 20-lb. tins, 18 to 20c; corn, 16-oz., \$6.00 to \$6.50 doz.; 10-oz., \$4.25 to \$4.50 doz.

Maple products—Syrup, per imperial gal., \$4.25; per 5 imperial pails, \$4.00; sugar, lb., 29 to 30c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 31 to 32c; clear bellies, 30 to 31c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 31 to 31 1/2c; tubs, 31 1/2 to 32c; pails, 31 1/2 to 32 1/2c; 32 to 32 1/2c. Compound tierces, 28 1/2 to 29c; tubs, 29 to 29 1/2c; pails, 29 1/2 to 29 3/4c; prints, 30 1/4 to 31c.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—Oats—Extra No. 1 feed, \$1.08. Flour—New standard, \$13.25 to \$13.55. Rolled oats—Bag of 90 lbs., \$5.15 to \$5.25. Bran—\$4.25 to \$4.50. Shorts—\$5.25. Hay—No. 2, per ton, \$18 to \$20. Cheque—Finest eastern, 30 to 30 1/2c. Butter—Choice creamery, 67 to 68c; do, seconds, 60 to 61c. Eggs—Fresh, 80 to 85c; selected, 62c; No. 1 stock, 54c; No. 2, do, 51 to 52c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$3.75 to \$4.50. Dressed hogs—Abattoir-killed, \$25.50 to \$26. Lard—Pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 29 to 30c.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—Choice heavy steers, \$13.75 to \$14.00; good heavy steers, \$12.50 to \$13.00; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11.50 to \$12.25; do, good, \$11 to \$11.25; do, medium, \$9.50 to \$10.00; do, medium, \$8.00 to \$8.50; do, common, \$7 to \$7.25; stockers, \$7.50 to \$10; feeders, \$10 to \$11; canners and cutters, \$5.25 to \$6.50; milkers, good to choice, \$11 to \$16; do, com. and med., \$6 to \$7; springers, \$9 to \$16; sheep, \$6.50 to \$12; lambs, per cwt., \$14.50 to \$19.50; calves, good to choice, 19 to \$23; hogs, fed and watered, \$19; do, weighed off cars, \$19.25; do, f.o.b., \$18; do, do, to farmers, \$17.75.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—Butcher steers, medium, \$10.75 to \$12; common, \$8.50 to \$10.50; butchers' heifers, medium, \$9.50 to \$10.75; common, \$7.50 to \$9.25; butchers' cows, medium, \$7 to \$9.50; canners, \$5.50; cutters, \$5.75 to \$6.50; butcher bulls, common, \$8 to \$9. Veal calves, good, \$16 to \$18; medium, \$12 to \$15; grass calves, \$7.50 to \$8. Hogs, select, \$20; sows, \$16.

Those who object to the complete abolition of political patronage point to this as an example of how the new system often works clumsily.

While the member for the constituency would appear to be the most suitable person to whom to apply for information as to suitable men, that is now expressly forbidden by the Civil Service Commission Act, even though his recommendations should be non-partisan. The Commission must hunt out its own men without reference to the representative in Parliament.

The old rate of payment for the work varied according to local conditions, the general rule being that the enumerator got 5 cents per name with 25 cents for each farm, although where the country was sparsely populated he was usually paid by the day.

TAKE CANADA'S CENSUS IN 1921

Civil Service Commission to Appoint All Enumerators.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The next decennial census enumeration takes place in June, 1921, and already the department is making preparations for it. In the last census, 9,703 enumerators were employed, and next year the number will probably be greater.

Appointments to this work in the days of political patronage proved an easy way for members of Parliament to discharge political obligations, but hereafter it will probably be handled by the Civil Service Commission.

65 SINN FEINERS ROUNDED UP

Arrests Made in Dublin, Tipperary, Limerick and Cork.

Dublin, Feb. 1.—A total of 65 prominent Sinn Feiners and Republicans have been arrested in Dublin, Tipperary, Limerick and Cork. There were no further developments in the situation today.

On this occasion, the raids were carried out by the military, only one policeman being present with each party for the purpose of identification. The soldiers visited the various points in motor lorries. They were in field kit with rifles and ammunition. In some cases searchlights were used to prevent any attempt to escape in the darkness and the officers carried electric torches.

The Dublin raids began soon after four a.m., when heavily laden lorries began to pass through the streets in various directions. The streets were empty at the time and the whole thing was over before Dublin awoke from its morning slumber.

Seven of the newly-elected members of the Municipal Council were among those arrested. The military alone carried out the raid.

The wife of one of the men arrested was informed that the warrant for the arrest would be read when the prisoner was taken to the barracks.

Joseph McGrath, Sinn Fein member of the House of Commons for the St. James' Division of Dublin, also was arrested.

The prisoners were taken in lorries to the barracks.

More than twenty of the arrested men were placed in Mount Joy Prison. The arrests caused great excitement in the city.

France to Double Price of Bread

Paris, Feb. 2.—The Ministers of Commerce, Finance and Agriculture to-morrow will ask the Cabinet to authorize an increase in the price of wheat flour to between 90 and 92 francs per 100 kilograms.

It will be left to the Mayors to fix, in agreement with the Prefects of Departments, the price of bread, which will vary between 90 centimes and one franc 10 centimes per kilogram—double the existing prices. The new prices will be effective March 1.

There is no question of resuming the bread cards at present, but large families and war cripples more than 50 per cent. incapacitated will be able to buy bread at the present special tickets.

Cow Acts As Fire Alarm; Saves Family From Death

Egg Harbor, N. J., Feb. 2.—The bellowing of a cow saved William Foster, his wife and their five children from being burned to death early today. The Fosters live on a farm on the outskirts of the town. About 2 o'clock this morning Mrs. Foster was awakened by the bellowing.

Flames were already eating their way into the bedroom. She aroused her husband and children, and they escaped through a window in their night clothes. The building and much live stock were destroyed by the fire.

Herring Fishing Failure In Cape Breton Waters

Ottawa, Feb. 2.—The herring fisheries near Cape Breton for the latter part of the year 1919 were almost a total failure and the mid-Summer and Fall mackerel catches were also very seriously affected by a plague of grayfish. These fish are shaped somewhat like a saw and cause much trouble by cutting the nets of the fishermen. A statement from the Naval Department says that they proved a serious handicap to Eastern fishermen during the latter part of the year.

Woman is Candidate For Northampton

A despatch from London says:—Miss Bonfield, Secretary of the National Federation of Women Workers, who was a member of the British delegation to the Labor Congress at Washington, has been adopted as the Parliamentary candidate of the Labor Party for the seat of Northampton.

Marine mines to the number of 300,000 were made in British factories, of these only 130,000 were actually laid.

POUND REACHES NEW LOW LEVEL

Discount of 32 Per Cent. on Normal Value of \$4.86 5-8.

New York, Feb. 2.—New low records for British, French, Belgian, Italian and Danish exchange were established in the local market today on a resumption of recent pressure to sell. The pound sterling at \$3.43 1-8 was 4 7-8 cents under its previous minimum, or a discount of about 29 per cent. from the normal of \$4.86 5-8.

Paris cheques at 13.72 francs to the dollar represented a discount of about 62 per cent., and Belgian and Italian remittances, normally the same as the French quotation, were depreciated by about 65 and 72 per cent., respectively.

Exchange on Montreal duplicated its recent premium of 12 1-2 cents at this centre, dealers reporting heavy offerings of grain bills. In the more remote markets slight improvement was shown by rates to Japan and the East Indies.

The exchange situation was the engrossing topic of discussion among bankers overshadowing all other matters in the financial markets of the world. Pessimistic statements of Frank A. Vanderlip and other prominent financiers, emphasizing unfavorable economic and political conditions abroad, were sentimental factors in the further collapse.

An interesting sidelight on some of the old world's important industries was furnished by advices from Switzerland, which declared that Government intervention might be urged to save that country's watch and clock making interests from the serious exchange situation.

Sir Robert Borden Has Arrived in England

Montreal, Feb. 2.—"Sir Robert Borden will arrive at Portsmouth, England, to-morrow morning on the battleship New Zealand, on which he is with Admiral Lord Jellicoe, and will land there for a visit in England."

It was the official statement made here last night by Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Canadian Minister of Marine and Fisheries and Naval Defence.

It is understood that Sir Robert Borden will spend about a month in England, and then probably visit France before returning to Canada. The Prime Minister is stated to be in better health, and to have enjoyed his voyage.

The reports that Sir Robert had not improved in health and was returning to New York to consult a specialist were characterized by Mr. Ballantyne as having "been made out of whole cloth," with what object he did not know save that those who wrote them did not know the facts.

17,000 Coffins to Bring U.S. Dead From France

Washington, Feb. 2.—The purchase of 17,000 caskets, at a cost of \$1,104,508, to be used for the return of army dead from Europe has been completed by the War Department, in accordance with its announced policy to return as soon as practicable the bodies of American soldiers buried in France to the next of kin, for interment in this country. The manufacturers were instructed to expedite deliveries.

Reds Capture Whole Battalion.

London, Feb. 1.—A Bolshevik communication released here this evening says:—"We have captured Perekop (town in Taurida, near the Black Sea) and driven the enemy out of his fortified positions on the Chencarsk peninsula, inflicting heavy losses."

"In the capture of Joinsudinsk, in the Kansk region, we took the whole of the second Slav Battalion prisoner and captured five armored trains."

BOY'S THIS WONDERFUL LIQUID PISTOL GIVEN I

Looks like a real automatic. Great fun! This absolutely new liquid pistol is selling only \$3.00 worth of our snap fasteners. Every woman who buys them will sell them in five minutes. Just send us a postal and we'll send you the goods. Sell them, return us the money and the pistol is yours. Write: EMMO SALES ASSN. W. L. P. O. BOX 1955 K. TORONTO

FRENCH DOCTOR HAS FLU REMEDY

Obtains Serum Which Also Cures Sleeping Sickness.

A despatch from New York says:—Three-quarters of the world's population have been affected with Spanish influenza, which is now declared to be the same disease as the sleeping sickness, and a serum has been found to cure both, according to reports today. Experiments are being carried on here and in Paris.

Simultaneously with the receipt of word from Paris that a serum had been made by Dr. Charles Folley which would cure both influenza and sleeping sickness came a report from Bellevue Hospital that a preliminary report had been issued from Mount Sinai Hospital of the probable isolation of the sleeping sickness germ.

To produce a serum to cure the encephalitis lethargica, as the sleeping sickness is known to science, it would be necessary to segregate the germ of the disease, as serums are made from the disease germs themselves, the live germs in the blood being killed by the injection into the blood of the dead bodies of the same germs.

The germ of Spanish influenza is said to have been isolated, but no perfect serum is known to have been produced.

Dr. Folley, in Paris, produced the serum for the cure of sleeping sickness without isolating the encephalitis lethargica germ at all, but by using germs of influenza, which led him to assert that the two are twin diseases and caused by the same germ under different conditions.

The same serum with which he cured many cases of influenza was found equally effective in curing sleeping sickness. This theory of twin disease is borne out in the famous Mrs. Mintz case here, where the sleeping sickness followed a severe attack of Spanish influenza.

U.S. GIFT OF 125 MILLION

For the Starving People of Armenia, Poland and Austria.

A despatch from Washington says:—Following the appearance of Secretary Glass and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury David before the Ways and Means Committee relative to an appropriation for the famine-stricken of Europe, which was the subject of discussion on Thursday by President Wilson, it was announced that the committee would report a bill which will afford the necessary aid to the starving in Poland, Austria and Armenia.

Secretary Glass said that he had a conference with Herbert Hoover last night and that the latter had declared that relief to the amount of \$50,000,000 would do harm rather than good to the starving. It was estimated by Secretary Glass that Congress need not authorize more than \$125,000,000, as Canada and Argentina had offered more than \$12,000,000.

Immediate financial aid for the relief of these countries cannot be expected of England. Secretary Glass said that the officials of that country had promised, however, to transport the grain free of charge and that this would be a great saving and would afford not only prompt transportation but greater relief, as there would be no expense deducted from the appropriation for steamer transportation.

Secretary Glass said that common humanity and the dictates of good government favored the United States making an appropriation for the relief of the starving in the three countries.

Eyes and Illness.

Just as we find the state of the weather by reference to a barometer, so can we tell whether a person is in good health by examining the eyes. This method of diagnosing disease from the eyes is known as the "iris science," and according to Dr. Anderson, of Denmark, is the only really reliable method by which the seat of a disease can be discovered.

The science was discovered by a Hungarian. During boyhood he had caught an owl which had broken its leg, and noticed that a black spot appeared in a certain part of the iris. Some years later he noticed the same black spot in the iris of a man who had sustained a broken leg. The experience caused him to investigate, and he found that every disease could be read from a certain portion of the iris.

When a disease is cured white lines enclose the dark spot that proclaimed the disease. From this the shape of the disease can be ascertained. If the white lines do not entirely surround the dark spot the disease is not completely cured.

Drugs are always clearly shown on the iris—arabic by white specks on the outer edge, inorganic iron by brown marks round the pupil.

British Release German Admiral

A despatch from London says:—Admiral von Reuter, the chief officer of the German fleet at Scapa Flow, who gave the order for the scuttling of the German warships there last June, has been set free by the British authorities. The Admiral has returned to Germany.



Costly Ailments of Horses— And How to Prevent Them

BY A. S. ALEXANDER, V.S.

More than ever before it now is a matter of the greatest importance to prevent your animals from suffering disease and injury, instead of having their ailments to treat. I shall try here to tell you some ways in which you can do this.

Did space allow, hundreds of ailments of animals might be listed as preventable, directly or indirectly, but to demonstrate the importance of this subject and indicate the possibilities of a campaign of disease prevention, it will suffice to mention some of those most commonly met with.

Azoturia and its harmful associate, lymphangitis, or "Monday morning disease," are induced by continuing to give the ordinary ration of oats, or other rich feed, when bad weather or a holiday confines the horse to his stable.

Both diseases might absolutely be prevented, were it made the invariable rule that no horse shall ever stand for a single day without work or adequate exercise, and that oats and other protein-rich feed shall be omitted or materially lessened in amount during all periods of idleness.

That you may be able to recognize these diseases it may be stated that the urine is dark red-brown in color in azoturia, and the muscles of the loins, hips, and thighs become swollen, hard and paralyzed, so that the horse loses the power of his hind legs. Acute attacks often are fatal.

All attacks lay the horse off work. In lymphangitis a hind leg becomes acutely swollen, and so great is the pain in the region of the groin that high fever is caused, and the horse stops eating, sweats, breathes fast, and has a full, bounding pulse. The animal is "anchored" in his stall and unfitted for work for a period of one to two or three weeks.

Unnecessary suffering entailed upon the stricken horse and the heavy financial loss due to the terrible mortality from azoturia surely are matters of serious concern, but they do not complete the bill of loss.

Puncture of the sole by sharp objects, generally termed "nail prick," is another cause of temporary or permanent retirement of the horse from work, and many cases end in death from tetanus (lockjaw), which might be prevented.

In the recent world war it did not take the Allies and enemy long to discover that steel helmets, by protecting the head against shell splinters, shrapnel, and partially spent bullets, would save many a life and prevent the thousands of troublesome wounds.

But to this day few work horses have the soles of their feet protected against the ever-present and deadly nail. Why? Who can answer? Well, we fancy the explanation is chiefly one of negligence.

No horse should work without a thin plate of canvas-covered steel or a thick pad of leather between his shoes and the soles of his feet. Then, under these pads, should be a dressing of oakum and wool fat (lanolin). Time was when pine tar was used, but it is too strong, and always injurious in the long run. Wool fat, on the contrary, softens and encourages growth of the hoof. So shod, the hoof of the horse actually may improve instead of drying, contracting, and causing lameness.

But some nail-prick cases will occur, while some bruises and corns are other common causes of lameness, and so the modern veterinarian must do all he can to prevent deadly lockjaw. To this end every horse's feet (manure) in the morning before harnessing must be immediately given a protective hypodermic injection of tetanus antitoxin, and it is well to give similar preventive treatment in all wounds, in addition to the usual disinfectants.

Sore necks, backs, and shoulders usually cause the temporary retirement of many horses from work or make their work less efficient. Everything possible should be done to prevent such sores. Most of them are caused by ill-fitting harness, but even a properly fitting collar will cause sores, unless it is kept clean

and smooth. The draft of the tugs also must be properly adjusted on the same harness, and the swing of the wagon pole, or tongue, kept from hurting the horse.

The efficient "barn boss" will see to it that collars fit properly, are kept clean and smooth, and that the skin of the neck and shoulders is soothed and strengthened by bathing with salty cold water two or three times a day.

Barbed wire is another common cause of wounds, and such wounds also necessitate protective treatment with tetanus antitoxin. Usually it is a loose wire at the ground that does the harm, so that the fences should be examined at regular intervals to keep all wires in place and taut.

Better far would it be were barbed wire fences done away with in pastures. Where a board fence is too expensive, 48 to 52 inch woven wire should be used, with two strands of barb wire over that to keep horses from pasturing over the fence.

It also is wise to carefully examine a strange stall before a horse is allowed to enter it. Depend upon it that if a projecting nail is there, your horse will be sure to come in contact with it.

The navel of every foal should also be saturated with tincture of iodine at birth to prevent infection. Thousands of foals are killed each year by this preventable form of infection, and the joint diseases which occur as complications. Colts that survive are left with unsound joints.

The attendant, rather than the horse, usually is to blame when a case of colic occurs. The same man should always feed all of the horses, and each feed, so far as possible, should be given at exactly the same hour. Watering should be done with similar care and regularity.

Sudden changes of food commonly cause colic. The feeding of new hay or new oats without due preparation often proves disastrous. All changes of feed should be made gradually, and the horse should not immediately be fed when he comes in hot.

There would be fewer cases of colic were the following plan adopted in the city and on the farm: Allow the horse a few swallows of cold water when he comes in hot and tired. Remove his harness, and bathe neck and shoulders with cold water containing a heaping teaspoonful of salt per pint. Allow him to eat a pound of good hay while cooling off; then allow drinking water, and then the feed of oats.

Do not allow drinking from the trough if the horse immediately goes to work, but let him drink now and then when at work.

The modern veterinarian no longer prescribes a hot bran mash to be given to a work horse on Saturday night. Such a feed is absolutely unnatural and a fertile cause of colic. It is better to mix bran with the feed for every work horse. It will lessen bolting of feed, induce more perfect mastication, help to regulate the bowels, and be a valuable nutrient.

Green grass suddenly allowed is also a common cause of indigestion, as is cut green grass that has been allowed to start heating before being fed.

It is not generally understood that a horse usually is suffering from indigestion when suddenly overcome by heat or killed by heat apoplexy when at work in the sun. Were the attendant to note the appearance and consistency of each horse's feces (manure) in the morning before harnessing many a horse could be saved from attack.

If the feces in any marked way is other than normal, the horse is unfit to work hard in the hot sun, and should be rested until well. The changes in feces indicative of deranged digestion are mushy, stinking, stinking condition, semi-liquid passages, clay-colored masses, or dark-colored, mucus-covered balls.

I mention here only a few of the common preventable troubles, which if you manage by precaution to prevent, will save you much money.

Poultry

If old household scales are used in weighing dressed poultry for private customers, it may be best to have them tested by comparison with scales known to be accurate. If the scales underweigh it means a financial loss to the poultryman. If they overweigh it means a still more serious loss by casting a reflection on the honesty of the producer.

In advertising hatching eggs it is not best to place too much emphasis on home egg records even if they are good. Producers who wish to bring up their stock and charge high prices for the eggs should enter their birds in the official contests and obtain records supervised by disinterested parties. Poultrymen who do not enter their birds in the contests can obtain birds of good laying ability and sell the hatching eggs at fair price. But they cannot expect buyers to place too much confidence in private records now that we have the egg-laying contests to furnish producers with official records.

A broody coop made of slats should be in every poultry house. Then the broody hens needed for hatching eggs can be quickly removed from the nest and fastened up until broken. These coops should be portable so they can be taken outside for sunning and spraying. And in the summer when it is very hot in the poultry house it may be best to place the broody coop outside in the protection of a shade tree. In the winter and early spring the broody hens must be locked up inside the laying house where they will be protected from storms and draughts.

The Lion's Head.

The water in a great many public fountains, whether for man or beast, comes out of a lion's mouth. This is said to be the reason: Among the ancient Egyptians the rising of the waters of the River Nile was the most important event of the year, since it meant life and prosperity to the whole nation. The rising always took place when the sun was in the constellation of Leo, or the Lion; so the Egyptians adopted the shape of a lion as the symbol for the life giving waters of the Nile.

Warm lemons before squeezing. You will get more juice.



THE CANADIAN FUR AUCTION SALES COMPANY, Limited, of Montreal, organized and financed by a representative body of Canada's leaders in great commercial enterprises will hold its

First Great Sale of Raw Furs IN MARCH

Offering immense quantities of fresh, original, unculled Canadian Furs—the Best in the World—UNMIXED with inferior southern varieties, the company will sell to the highest bidder of hundreds of eager buyers from all parts of the United States and Europe.

You get the world's best prices on the WORLD'S BEST FURS, your CANADIAN goods, at our sales.

We do not issue extravagantly-quoted, misleading price lists, but we do see that your furs bring absolutely top prices. Eager inquiries reach us daily from the world's chief buying capitals.

Buyers from London, Paris, New York, Chicago and other great distributing centres have already arranged to attend the MARCH SALE.

The widespread interest shown by buyers clearly indicates the unusual scarcity of raw furs; unmistakably points to an unusually keen demand, particularly for the finer furs—Canadian goods. We think we are not unduly optimistic in predicting

WORLD'S RECORD PRICES FOR OUR MARCH SALE

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES will gladly be made on request accompanying any shipment large or small pending sales. The expense to shippers to the Montreal sales is less—the buying force is as strong—as in any market in the world. Write us. Get our advice—market reports, accurate, reliable guidance to you in buying, and SHIP NOW—any quality, of any variety or grade. No market in the world will net you better results. Last day of receiving for this sale is MARCH 1st.

The Canadian Fur Auction Sales Company
MONTREAL LIMITED
Temporary Offices—Windsor Hotel

The Dairy

How vital it is that every milk-producing cow should be free from disease, seeing that infants often are largely dependent upon cow's milk for their sustenance!

Milk is a secretion from the blood elaborated in the mammary glands (udder), and there supplied with added ingredients. To have healthy milk preconditions the idea that the cow's blood must be healthy. Given a healthy cow we should so feed and house the animal that she will remain healthy, and so produce safe and wholesome milk.

Many of the diseases attacking cattle are avoidable. This is well demonstrated by the extreme rarity of contagious foot-and-mouth disease among cattle in this country. At all times the disease is more or less prevalent somewhere in Europe, but our live-stock sanitarians keep it out of this country. Occasionally it has appeared, but almost instantly has been stamped out. It never appears spontaneously. Always it comes from a previously existing case. So with other infectious diseases of cows.

Tuberculosis, for example, cannot occur spontaneously. Each new case comes from an old one. Do away with the seed-producing case, and the seed from it, and no new case can occur. Bacilli of tuberculosis are its seeds. Kill them, and there can be no crop. So the modern veterinarian tests every cow with tuberculosis, and discovers and eliminates those which react because they are infected. Afterward he does everything in his power to make the remaining cows resistant against disease, and to prevent them from coming in contact with germs of disease. John's disease (chronic bacterial dysentery) may also be kept out, as we now have a test for it similar to that for tuberculosis. Anthrax, blackleg, and hemorrhagic septicaemia also are germ diseases, but different from tuberculosis, in that they may be prevented by vaccination just as people nowadays are immunized with serum against typhoid and vaccinated against smallpox.

Even many of the simpler ailments of cattle are avoidable. Were scrupulous cleanliness observed and maintained in the cow stable, and as regards the udder and teats of the cow and hands of the milker, cases of cowpox, mammitis or garget, and

sores of the teats would be comparatively rare. Cleanliness and proper hygiene would also help to prevent many of the skin diseases of cattle, and some of the common cases of lameness.

Seed Orders and Supplies.

The new seed catalogues are coming in with their lists of novelties and staple varieties attractively advertised, and one gets much enjoyment in turning over the pages of one of these catalogues and mentally picturing the fine crops one will have next summer. Often, however, the catalogue is laid aside without the order being sent, and nothing further is done until spring, when it may be too late to get what is desired. The quantity available of the best strains of vegetables and flowers is usually small, hence it is very important to order early before the stock is exhausted.

There is a great difference between the best and the poorest strains. The stock of the best has been rigidly selected so that a large proportion will come true to type, whereas stock which has not been kept up by selection may have a bad mixture of types, and the resulting crop will be very unsatisfactory. This is of so much importance that, with a crop like the cauliflower, for instance, where a strain that will give a large proportion of good heads means much profit, and a poor strain may mean very little, it pays the market gardener when he gets a good strain to hold over what seed he does not use until another year, as he will thus be sure of having a good strain next year. This

History is little more than a record of wars, privations and heroism, because these things kindle the imagination and make the blood run warm. But, after all, the tranquil arts of husbandry are what measure a nation's greatness, gauge its commercial power. Without agriculture commerce would die and the cottage give way to the hunter's cabin. Civilization begins and ends with agriculture. Great is commerce, great are armies, wonderful is the power of education. But greatest of all is the plow. Speed the Plow!

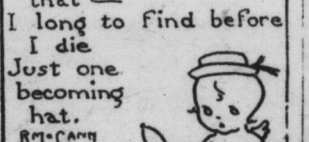
Good Advice. Don't be a sneering cynic. And needlessly give pain. Or soon you'll find your pathway is turned to Lonesome Lane.

Wet the spoon before serving jelly with it.

Parades like a somewhat sandy soil. In planting spread the roots out carefully and plant firmly. Liquid manure occasionally is beneficial, and a light mulch of manure during hot weather.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I do not aim for wealth or fame. I've other hope than that—I long to find before I die Just one becoming hat.



The Welfare of the Home

Is Your Child Well Nourished?

Is Your Child Well Nourished? This seems a surprising and even impertinent question to the average parent, but it is a matter of fact that even in well-to-do homes children are found who fail to measure up to the required standard. The relation of weight to height is considered the best standard of nutrition. Test your child by means of the accompanying table and satisfy yourself on this all-important question.

First, have the child stand with heels together, shoes having been removed, against a wall. Mark his height by placing a ruler or book on top of his head. Now measure this height from the floor by inches. Next have the child weighed in ordinary indoor clothing without coat or shoes. Having the weight in pounds and the height in inches, consult the table.

For a boy, run your finger down the first column until you come to his height, then look in second column for the average weight corresponding to this height. If he is up to this standard he is probably not undernourished. If he is below this standard then see if he is 10 per cent. or more underweight by comparing with the corresponding figures in third column. If he is below the weight shown in the third column, then his condition is serious, and he needs the best of attention. If his weight lies between these two, he is then undernourished to a slight degree, and should also receive attention, although his condition is not as yet really serious.

The same measures apply to girls, using, however, the second table.

Table of average heights and weights of children, also showing weights 10 per cent. under weight for height.

—Boys—

Average weight for height 10% under weight

Height. Inches. Pounds. Pounds.

35 35.0 32.0

36 36.0 33.0

37 37.0 34.0

38 38.0 35.0

39 39.0 36.0

40 40.0 37.0

41 41.0 38.0

42 42.0 39.0

Height. Inches.	Average weight for height Pounds.	10% under weight Pounds.
35	35.0	32.0
36	36.0	33.0
37	37.0	34.0
38	38.0	35.0
39	39.0	36.0
40	40.0	37.0
41	41.0	38.0
42	42.0	39.0
43	43.0	40.0
44	44.0	41.0
45	45.0	42.0
46	46.0	43.0
47	47.0	44.0
48	48.0	45.0
49	49.0	46.0
50	50.0	47.0
51	51.0	48.0
52	52.0	49.0
53	53.0	50.0
54	54.0	51.0
55	55.0	52.0
56	56.0	53.0
57	57.0	54.0
58	58.0	55.0
59	59.0	56.0
60	60.0	57.0
61	61.0	58.0
62	62.0	59.0
63	63.0	60.0
64	64.0	61.0
65	65.0	62.0
66	66.0	63.0
67	67.0	64.0
68	68.0	65.0

—Girls—

Average weight for height 10% under weight

Height. Inches. Pounds. Pounds.

35 35.0 32.0

36 36.0 33.0

37 37.0 34.0

38 38.0 35.0

39 39.0 36.0

40 40.0 37.0

41 41.0 38.0

42 42.0 39.0

43 43.0 40.0

44 44.0 41.0

45 45.0 42.0

46 46.0 43.0

47 47.0 44.0

48 48.0 45.0

49 49.0 46.0

50 50.0 47.0

51 51.0 48.0

52 52.0 49.0

53 53.0 50.0

54 54.0 51.0

55 55.0 52.0

56 56.0 53.0

57 57.0 54.0

58 58.0 55.0

59 59.0 56.0

60 60.0 57.0

61 61.0 58.0

62 62.0 59.0

63 63.0 60.0

64 64.0 61.0

65 65.0 62.0

66 66.0 63.0

67 67.0 64.0

68 68.0 65.0

THE CHILD'S RIGHT TO HAPPINESS

A man in middle life once wrote to his parents, "I shall never cease to be thankful for the happy boyhood which my father and mother gave me. It is a treasure house of memories more valuable than gold and silver."

Fathers sometimes forget that children have the right to be happy at home as well as at school. Let fathers become the friends and companions of their children, share in the Sunday walks and talks, evening games and stories, help with studies or take an interest in inspecting some achievement. The right relationship between father and child will increase when mothers cease to resort to the father's discipline and punishment as a threat for disobedience. Any man prefers to work and sacrifice for an affectionate, confiding child than for one who has been led to consider him a harsh judge and strict disciplinarian.

Almost anything which a child can claim as his very own, can protect and care for will serve to develop his affections, and increase his sense of responsibility and self-respect. A dog, a cat, rabbits, guinea pigs, pets of any kind are a source of joy to any child, for it takes very little to make healthy children happy.

Playmates are helpful in adding joy to the child's life, and an only child should frequently have playmates. Little friends should be invited to the home, and the child encouraged to share his toys with them. Every child, too, should have the opportunity to go to the social kindergarten, for in its democratic atmosphere, little people of all types come together. The over-indulged, the neglected, the shy and the backward all meet on common ground and learn adaptability and self-control in their happy activities.

There is nothing which a boy despises more than idleness and inactivity. On the other hand toil and fatigue, day after day stunt growth and take the joy out of life. A certain farmer once complained that the school enticed all his children away from the old farm. Upon inquiry, it was found that he assigned useless tasks on rainy days to keep them busy and that they never had any time for play or recreation. The leisure and the companionship of the school were the only relief from drudgery which those children ever knew, and only through compulsory attendance laws was that relief insured them. "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy." On the other hand, all play and no work is the curse of the rich man's son.

Every child finds satisfaction in work for which he receives pay. So-called projects from which he derives an income and for which he is responsible give him a taste for work and develop an appreciation for the value of money. "I'll pay you back when we get home," whispered a self-respecting son of nine as he watched his father pay the family car fares one holiday. A smile crept over the kindly face of the father as he replied, "No, indeed, Sonny."

Both city and country children have opportunities to earn money. Though a farm may be the graveyard of talent, it is the best place to spend one's childhood if life there is coupled with good school advantages.

Potash in France. The potash monopoly of the world will be held by France instead of Germany in the future because of the cession of Alsace-Lorraine to France. The potash deposits extend sixteen kilometres (9.94 miles) to the north of Mulhouse, over a surface of more than 180 square kilometres (69.2 square miles). They are unusually rich in potash salts, much richer in fact than the beds in the interior of Germany. They are, moreover, easier to exploit. Their thickness ranges from 3.7 to 6.4 metres (12.1 to 17.7 feet). The thickness of the smaller beds in the upper layers varies from 0.8 to 1.5 metres (2.6 feet to 4.9 feet).

The first workings were begun in 1909; in 1913 there were twelve in operation. In a period of only three years the production rose from 42,420 to 237,000 metric tons, so that the production of potash in Alsace in 1913 was already one-fifth of the entire German output. The total capital invested in the potash works of Alsace amounted to 34,000,000 marks (\$8,187,200 at normal exchange).

Points of Heart Peace.

1. To claim God as the reality of realities.

2. To practise persistently companionship with Christ.

3. To pray daily in simplicity and earnestness.

4. To frequently read the Holy Scriptures through devout spectacles.

5. To never lose an opportunity for thinking kindly of and acting magnanimously towards the other fellow.

6. To keep up the struggle for noble thinking.

7. To watch unceasingly for the best in others.

8. To cultivate the sense of humor.

9. To eliminate from our nature all mean streaks.

10. To make the House of God our spiritual conservatory.

11. To mingle with and love children.

12. To make our dollars mighty in doing good.

13. To ever keep young in spirit.

Fertilizing the Orchard Pays

Because:—

1. Fertilizers supply well balanced food for orchard trees. This means desirable wood-growth.

2. Fertilizers cause fruit to all and mature uniformly.

3. Fruit borne by trees that have been properly nourished with fertilizers is superior in size, color and flavor.

4. Fertilizers cause great increase in yields.

Write for Pamphlet No. 3.

Soil and Crop Improvement Bureau

Of the Canadian Fertilizer Ass'n.

1111 Temple Bldg., Toronto, Ont.

54a

OVERCOMES CHILLS IN 60 MINUTES

February Starts Our Big Sale of Wash Fabrics for Spring, 1920

**Fancy Plaid Gingham, American Printed Voiles,
Chambrays and Zephyrs, Galateas and Prints**

We bought these lines many months ago with such care that we feel safe in guaranteeing colors and quality; more than this, we have a much larger selection than you will find elsewhere when goods of Quality are so scarce.

A word of Advice—Anticipate your full requirements for at least six months ahead and **Buy Now**. Later on you will see the wisdom of this better than we can lead you to understand now.

Thrifty people get their sewing done this month. The advantage of this practice this spring will be greater than ever before.

Our Early Placing Orders saved us paying 20% to 25% more on our spring orders. While these early orders we are in a position to save our customers many dollars. In no case has the price increased except when absolutely compelled to, and then not in proportion to wholesale price advances.

Just opened up this week

**Special Values in
All Wool Botany Serges**

Nice fine twill, wide widths, superior dye, prices \$2.75 to \$5.50 yard. The different weights suitable for dresses or suits.

Silks

We want our early buyers to see these special lines of Silks put into stock this week at \$1.95, \$2.25, \$2.75 and \$2.95. Some in a heavy satin finish for suits. Some in chiffon finish for dresses. In black, mid light blue and the new shades for early spring.

While showing Spring Goods to early buyers, we are still clearing many winter lines at much below regular prices. Many shrewd buyers are buying at to-day's price for next winter thereby saving money.

Clearing lines in Underwear, Hosiery, Mitts and Gloves, Overcoats and winter clothing.

The store with the Goods, Values and Service. Out for a Record Year's Sales for 1920.

J. N. Currie & Co.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—In Canada, \$1.50 per year; in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.

Advertising—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. **Job Printing**—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1920

ARMENIAN RELIEF

The Transcript acknowledges the following donations to the Armenian Fund:

Previously acknowledged.....	\$195.25
Edgar Munson.....	1.00
Wm. G. Poole, South Elfrid.....	10.00
Miss Mary C. Campbell.....	5.00
Mrs. Duncan Campbell.....	1.00
Mr. and Mrs. George Innes.....	5.00
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Sutter.....	5.00
Total.....	\$222.25

That near tragedy in the railway yards on Friday night calls for a more careful observance of the rules as to shunting of cars over thoroughfares. It is said the train crew were remiss in their duty by not giving the slightest warning before shunting their train over the foot crossing, and this when a passenger train had just discharged a large number of passengers whose route lay across the switch. At this particular junction point it would be well if the railway company could see its way to extending its freight yards more to the west and dispensing altogether with that portion of its side track between the freight sheds and the east side of the Main street crossing. An attractive plot could be made of the grounds thus rendered available, with access from two of the leading streets. This plot could be laid out with flower beds and green sward, with convenient walks and drives to and from the depot. A few trees and settees would make it a restful spot in the summer time for travellers who may have to await train connections.

WATERWORKS FOR TOWNS

Many of our moderate-sized communities have not availed themselves of the advantages and benefits of a public waterworks system. While some years ago only the larger cities could afford waterworks systems, modern progress has extended this privilege to the smaller towns and villages. The advantages of a common water supply with the convenience of tap water in each house, as against individual supply, need scarcely be pointed out. It is sanitary, convenient, cheaper in the long run, and greatly reduces the fire hazard. This

last can be measured in dollars and cents in the reduction on insurance costs and consequent increase in value of property. Added to this, and perhaps of even greater value, is the assurance that the possibility of the entire town being destroyed by a conflagration has been immeasurably lessened.

That waterworks installations are not restricted to the large centres is plainly demonstrated in our own country. In our two larger provinces, Ontario and Quebec, there are over 180 public water systems for communities of 2,000 population or less, and nearly one-half of these have a population under 1,000.—L. G. Denis.

CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS

To the Editor of the Transcript: In your issue of Jan. 29 J. A. Matheson of Crinan has a lengthy article on the Consolidated School. Among other arguments which he sets forth, he makes the statement that we are paying higher salaries "generally for the misfits in the teaching profession." I do not know how far his acquaintance among the rural teachers in the district may extend, but I would judge it must be among a very few or he would not make that statement. The rural teachers of the surrounding counties as a whole are doing and have done good work, often under very discouraging circumstances and with poor pay.

I agree with him that consolidated schools are what we should have, but would it not be more fair to treat teachers if other reasons were given than misfit teachers.

I might ask Mr. Matheson where a large proportion of our great Canadian men received their education. Thanking you for space.

Yours sincerely,
A RURAL TEACHER.

CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS

To the Editor of the Transcript: A few remarks referring to Mr. Matheson's letter regarding consolidation in your last issue may be of interest to your readers. Mr. Matheson in his article is very broad-minded in looking after the teachers' welfare and the spending of the paltry dollar, but he is apparently not broad-minded enough to realize the hardships he would impose on the worn-out and suffering children being conveyed miles to and from school in this climate on our roads and in the care of a van driver who in many cases would have a more degrading and immoral influence over the children than all their childish companions. Mr. Matheson is not worrying about the poor children five miles away. His children would be at the very door of the palatial school of his dreams.

Mr. Matheson apparently does not realize that the narrow-minded, miserly ratepayers in that part of No. 9 "petitioning for a reasonably priced school for the twenty little children" have been paying taxes supporting Crinan school, which is from three to five miles distant, and that the land in the proposed little school section has paid taxes to build and support four schools all equally far distant, including the "Mountain of Extravagance, Union S. S. No. 3." Ask the "devoted ratepayers" if any information is required regarding the costs and comforts of No. 3.

Mr. Matheson refers to the taxes in the proposed new school section as prohibitory. If Mr. Matheson were really broad-minded he would be in favor of paying back some of the

moneys Crinan has received for the benefits he has derived. We are not asking any favors, however. All we want is to have the Department of Education permit us to build a reasonable little school, the running expenses of which could be easily paid out of the running expenses of one van as proposed by the consolidation fadists, and the van driver's time could be usefully employed in production.

A future generation educated according to Mr. Matheson's high ideas of consolidation would not likely have the necessary paltry dollars to support even the present system of education.

Teach our children thrift, economy, perseverance and the value of the paltry dollar, with education, and all Mr. Matheson's high idea of the future generation will be realized. My previous letter was not intended as personal. It was what I thought would appeal to the broad-minded successful taxpayers that know the value of the paltry dollar.

ALFRED E. ALDRID.

First Woman to Get Hon. Degree.

At a meeting of the provincial committee of the National Council of Women, Dr. Augusta Stowe Gullen drew attention to the fact that Mrs. Willoughby Cummings was the first Canadian woman to receive an honorary degree. She was given, at Halifax, the D.C.L. The second woman to receive an honorary degree was the Countess of Aberdeen, the third Miss A. E. Mary, and the fourth Matron-in-chief Edith Kayside.

Toronto's First Newspaper.

The Upper Canada Gazette, published at Newark (now Niagara-on-the-Lake), which was the original capital of Upper Canada, was the first paper issued in the province. Its publication at Newark was continued till 1799. In that year the seat of Government was transferred to York, and the Gazette followed it, becoming the first paper in that town, the name of which was changed in 1834 to Toronto.

Worse and Worse.

Mrs. Homebody—The cost of living is something awful. I don't know where it'll end.

Mrs. Runabout—Yes; isn't it terrible? Our bridge club has just advanced the stakes 10 cents a point.

"Avoid crowds" is one of the Toronto medical health officer's suggestions for fighting influenza.

Lincoln county council will, instead of erecting a county memorial to men who lost their lives in the war, make grants to municipalities individually erecting memorials.

There are some astrologers in China but not many, as astrology is a very pious profession. When one of these so-called prophets predicts an event which does not occur, he loses his head.

Internally and Externally it is Good.—The crowning glory of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is that it can be used internally for many complaints as well as externally. For sore throat, whooping cough, pain in the chest, colic and many hundred ailments it has curative qualities that are unsurpassed. A bottle of it costs little and there is no loss in always having it at hand.

Worry knocks the life out of lots of men before they are dead.

If you want to see something that is really funny hunt up a photograph of yourself taken about twenty years ago.

WEDDED IN SMOCK

Reason for Scanty Garb of Some Old-Time Brides.

In England It Was Held That Act Relieved Husbands of Debts Contracted by His Bride Before Their Marriage.

"A Bangor lawyer attending court in the ancient town of Wiscasset, Lincoln county, recently went rummaging in the Colonial court records of the place, and in the course of his reading came across the official registration of a 'smock marriage,'" writes L. T. Smyth from Bangor, Me., to the Boston Transcript. "Not knowing what a smock marriage was, the lawyer looked further, and got considerable light upon a custom that prevailed in England a century or more ago and also to some extent in the American colonies.

"Smock marriages were weddings where the bride appeared dressed in a white sheet or chemise. The reason for such a garb was the belief that if a man married a woman who was in debt he could be held liable for her indebtedness if he received with her any of her property; and also, that if a woman married a man who was in debt, his creditors could not take her property to satisfy their claims if he had received nothing from her at marriage. In England, says an antiquarian, there was at least one case where a bride was clothed in puris naturalibus while the ceremony was being performed in the great church at Birmingham. The minister at first refused to perform the ceremony, but, finding nothing in the rubric that would excuse him, he finally married the pair.

"To carry out the law fully as the people understood it, the ceremony should always have been performed as it was in the church at Birmingham, in the case noted; but, modesty forbidding, various expedients were used to accomplish the end without the unpleasant features. Sometimes the bride stood in a closet and put her hand through a hole in the door; sometimes she stood behind a cloth screen and put her hand out at one side; again, she would about her a white sheet fastened by the bridegroom, and sometimes she stood in her chemise or smock. Eventually, in Essex county, at least, all immodesty was avoided by the groom furnishing all the clothes worn by the bride, retaining the title to the same in himself. This he did in the presence of witnesses, that he might be able to prove the fact in case he was sued for any debts she might have contracted. A marriage of this kind occurred at Bradford in 1773, and the following is true copy of the record of the same:

"Bradford, Dec. ye 24, 1773—This day certified by the same writer that James Bailey of Bradford, who was married to the widow Mary Bacon November 22 last past by me ye subscriber then declared that he took said person without anything of estate and that Lydia the wife of Liaser Burbank and Mary the wife of Thomas Stickney and Margaret the wife of Caleb Burbank all of Bradford were witnesses that the clothes she then had on were his providing and bestowed upon her.

"WILLIAM BLANCH,

Minister of ye Gospel."

"It is noted by the same writer that in all cases of smock marriages that have come to his notice the brides have been widows.

"It is thought that during the reign of George III there were many smock marriages in Maine, then a part of the province of Massachusetts Bay, chiefly in the counties of Lincoln and York, or in the territory which is now so known. There is nothing to show that the practice outlived the Revolution. In Maine, up to 1852, a husband was liable for debts of his wife contracted before marriage, and no such subterfuge as the smock marriage could relieve him."

How Pipe Reveals Character.

A new method of telling a man's character is now advanced by William E. Critchlow, ninety, of Macon, Me. He said:

"You can tell more about a man by the way he lights his pipe than you can by the shape of his head. There's the fellow who strikes a match on the south end of his trousers, holds his hands over the bowl until he gets it going, throws down the match any old place, and tilts his pipe up toward the North Star. That man may burn down his home and barn, but he'll never lick his wife or children, because his heart's right.

"Crooks and bad men don't often smoke pipes. They wouldn't be crooks if they did, because there's something about an old hickory pipe that inspires a man to play fair with his neighbors."

In Memory of James Watt.

The centenary of James Watt, the inventor of the modern condensing steam engine, who died on August 19, 1819, was celebrated in Scotland by the raising of a fund of \$250,000 to fund the engineering department of Glasgow university, to provide additional facilities for the training of engineers.

Doctor Was a Comfort.

Patient (after operation)—Doctor, they say you are getting better and better on these appendix operations every day.

Doctor—That's a fact. The man I operated on yesterday lived twelve hours, and I'm in hopes you'll live twice as long, if you don't worry—Life.

SOMETHING ABOUT MILK

Mysteries and Marvels in Its Production and Life.

How Milk Is Secreted—Thunder Does Not Sour Milk, But Bacteria Does the Business—Agalactia, or Absence of Milk, Occurs More Frequently With Cows Than in the Females of Other Live Stock.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

A CONDITION known as "agalactia," or absence of milk in the mammae at the time of parturition, probably occurs more frequently in cows than in females of other classes of stock.

It may occur in a female in any condition as regards general health, general care and surroundings. The causes, or conditions to which it is due, are not well understood. It occurs even though pregnancy has been apparently normal and has reached full term. It is probably more frequently seen in females which have not bred for a long time, or in those which have produced their first young, though themselves aged. While it may occur in an animal under any conditions, there are conditions that appear to predispose an animal to the trouble. In such cases there appears to be a want of development in the lacteal apparatus, which may have been caused by previous or present chronic disease of the udder, a chronic lessening in bulk, called "atrophy" of the udder, exhaustion following disease, severe labor, insufficient food, either during or immediately after pregnancy, natural debility, emaciation, etc.

The mammae is usually small and soft, and attempts to milk produce only a few drops of a yellowish fluid, in some cases followed by a few drops of a whitish, watery fluid. Treatment is frequently unsuccessful. It consists in feeding liberally on easily digested milk-producing food, massaging the udder frequently and stripping the teats three or four times daily. Great attention should be paid to the digestive organs in order to keep them as normal as possible, and the patient should be kept so that she will take considerable exercise. The writer's experience has been that the administration of drugs is non-effective.

In many cases the gland becomes perfectly inactive, and remains so until after the next parturition, when, in most cases, it becomes normal.—J. H. R. O. A. College, Guelph.

How Milk Is Secreted.

No one knows exactly how the cow secretes milk. Various theories have been put forth explaining the process, but none of these are entirely satisfactory. About all we know is that milk is a true secretion of the mammary glands located in the udder, and that it is commonly called the "bag" of the cow. It is made from blood.

In order that the cow may have plenty of blood, out of which she may manufacture milk, she must be in a healthy condition, be supplied with plenty of pure air, and water, and have an abundance of the right kind of feed.

Some cows are unable to make milk abundantly even though the owner does all he can be expected to do for his cows. In these cases, it is the fault of the cows—they have not the power within themselves of making milk from their feed. They seem to change their feed into blood which is used as a basis for manufacturing beef, instead of milk. In addition, there are cows which apparently do little or nothing with their feed—they neither give milk in paying quantity, nor do they become fat. These are classed as "boarder" cows, and are very unprofitable for a farmer to keep.

The only way to know for certain whether or not a cow is able to secrete milk in paying quantity, is to weigh the milk from each cow for at least three days in each month. Also test the milk for fat at least twice during each lactation period. In this way, the owner may select the good from the poor cows, and thus avoid the expense of keeping her for dairy purposes.—Prof. H. H. Dean, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Why Milk Sours.

It is a common impression that thunder sours milk, but this is not so. The reason that milk sours is that minute plants, known as bacteria, act on the sugar in milk, changing it into lactic or milk acid. One scientist, however, says this explanation is not satisfactory. He regards the souring of milk as a result of feeding on milk sugar by the lactic acid germs, leaving behind them what is known as sour milk.

No matter what the true explanation may be in detail, we believe that souring of milk is caused in some way by "germs" or bacteria which are microscopic plants that fall into milk from the air, and get in from many other places.

Like all plants, they must have air, suitable temperature, and moisture, in order to grow. The common plan of preventing the milk going sour is to cool it to 60 deg. F. as soon as possible after milking and keep it cold until it is used. The reason for this is, the cold makes an unfavorable condition for these plants to grow, hence the milk remains sweet, though sometimes it takes on bad flavors, or develops disease-producing germs in order to prevent this, are "pasteurize" milk in order to kill the germs present, by means of heat. If it is cooled and kept cold after heating, the milk will keep sweet for some time and is free from disease germs. This is known as the safest kind of milk to use. "Safety First" is a good rule when buying milk.—Prof. H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

Try a little advertising!

Borrow to Buy Cattle



"Mixed Farming" is the big money-maker today. Of course, grain and fruit and vegetables pay well—but beef and bacon, butter and cheese, are piling up the profits for the farmer.

Milk more cows—fatten more cattle—raise more hogs. If you need money to do it, come to The Merchants Bank. We are glad to assist all up-to-date farmers.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. OF CANADA. Established 1864.
GLENCOE BRANCH, R. M. MACPHERSON, Manager.
BOTHWELL BRANCH, F. C. SMYTH, Manager.
NEWBURY BRANCH, G. T. MURDOCH, Manager.
Safety Deposit Boxes to Rent at Glencoe Branch.

W. A. CURRIE'S NEW GROCERY STORE EXTENDED

Now occupies the large store formerly occupied by Mrs. Currie with Millinery—Main street W.

This store is now filled to overflowing with a newly assorted stock of Fresh Staple and Fancy Groceries, Imported and Domestic Fruit, Fish, Dried and Fresh Meats, Oysters, etc. Parnall's Bread and London arrives daily.

A large and well assorted stock of Christies and other popular makes of Cakes and Sodas always in stock.

Fresh Eggs, Table Butter and all marketable produce taken at highest price in cash or trade.

W. A. CURRIE

TELEPHONE 25

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A FARM ACCOUNTING SYSTEM THAT IS A GODSEND TO ANY FARMER

Dun's and Bradstreet's, the greatest merchantile agencies, both say that "Carelessness is the greatest business criminal"—that 60 per cent. of failures are due to this cause.

As a class, farmers are apt to be financially careless, largely because there has heretofore been no complete method—so SIMPLE the ordinary man could follow it—provided for keeping accurate track of their operations.

Scott's SIMPLIFIED Accounting System for Farmers meets this need—its forms provide for a monthly showing on every branch of farm work for Five Years—include a detailed inventory which will be accepted by any bank.

Following its simple principles, any farmer can keep accurate accounts—have a perfect check on every detail of farm work—it is a perfect bookkeeping system—compiled by a banking expert especially for farmers.

The only system with which is given a Systematized Pocket Note Book and which simplifies your Income Tax Return.

Endorsed by Government and Farmers' Organization officials and leading financial men.

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THE TRANSCRIPT OFFICE

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Saves Work for John**

The handiest helper on the farm is a

Leader Home Water System

It means less daily work for the women folks and the men folks. More time to do the things that leave no regret.

Profits on the farm, 50,000 now in use. Be a happy Leader farmer from now on.

Plenty Fresh Running Water

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Windsor Ontario

Citify Your Farm Home

Get a box of LUMLEY'S COLD CURE

It will cure that cold in a few hours Guaranteed

Store Phone 64

House Phone 77

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. G. S. Lloyd, M. A., Minister.
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 8
11 a.m.—The Minister.
7 p.m.—A Trip Through Korea (illustrated by colored slides); male choir.

Railway Trains at Glencoe

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Main Line
Eastbound—No. 20, Toronto express (daily) 3:25 a.m.; No. 12, accommodation (except Sunday) 9:37 a.m.; No. 18, express (daily) 2:55 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer (daily, no local stops) 6:05 p.m.; No. 116, accommodation (except Sunday) 10:40 p.m.
Westbound—No. 7, Detroit express (ex. Sunday, no local stops) 4:45 a.m.; No. 17 (Sundays only, stops at Glencoe and Chatham) 5:45 a.m.; No. 75, accommodation (ex. Sunday) 7:30 a.m.; No. 15, International Limited (daily, stops Glencoe and Chatham) 10:05 p.m.

Wabash and Air Line

Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, 9:37 a.m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:15 p.m.; No. 354, mixed, 4:20 p.m.
Westbound—No. 351, mixed, 9:25 a.m.; No. 3, Wabash, 1:44 p.m.; No. 353, mixed, 2:50 p.m.
Nos. 2 and 3, Sundays included.

Kingscourt Branch

Leaves—7:35 a.m., 6:40 p.m.
Arrives—7:05 a.m., 5:55 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Eastbound—No. 634, 12:25 p.m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, 4:17 p.m.; No. 22, stops for Toronto passengers, 5:46 p.m.
Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, 4:48 a.m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, 9:20 a.m.; No. 633, 5:15 p.m.
Trains 22, 634, 633 and 635, Sundays included.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mails closed—G. T. R. East, 9:05 a.m.; G. T. R. West, 6:05 p.m.; London and East, 7:00 p.m.
Mails received—London and East, 8:00 a.m.; G. T. R. East, 7:00 p.m.; G. T. R. West, 9:45 a.m.
Street letter box collections made at 8:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

Misty Vision



Comes with advancing years but can be cleared by properly fitted glasses. Spectacles are our specialty. When we fit them, they give satisfaction. Eyes examined free.

G. E. DAVIDSON
JEWELER OPTICIAN
Marriage Licenses Issued

Chantry Farm

Can spare a few good young ewes; also five nice roan Shorthorn calves; still have a few Dorking and Black Leghorn cockerels for sale at right prices. Might as well have a breed that will lay when eggs are high in price.

ED. de GEX, Kerwood.



RAW FURS WANTED

Highest cash prices paid for Skunk, Raccoon and Mink. Enquiries promptly answered.

ROSS LIMITED
MANUFACTURERS
Established 1888
LONDON - ONT.

THE TORTURES OF RHEUMATISM

Happy Stopped When He Began To Take "Fruit-a-lives"

8 OTTAWA ST., HULL, P. Q.
"For a year, I suffered with Rheumatism, being forced to stay in bed for five months. I tried all kinds of medicine without relief and thought I would never be able to walk again. One day while lying in bed, I read about 'Fruit-a-lives' the great fruit medicine; and it seemed just what I needed, so I decided to try it. The first box helped me, and I took the tablets regularly until every trace of the Rheumatism left me."
LORENZO LEDUC.
Box, a box, 5 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

The funeral of the late Mrs. D. L. Cameron, of St. Catharines, took place from the residence of Chas. M. Cameron, Mossa, on Wednesday of last week, interment being made at Oakland cemetery. Rev. G. S. Lloyd, pastor of Glencoe Presbyterian church, conducted the service.
Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Mulligan have moved to Glencoe from St. Thomas. Mr. Mulligan has a good reputation as an electrician and is shortly to open a shop in McAlpine's garage building on McTear street, for car battery service. He is now taking orders for electric wiring of residences and shops.

Francis Chambers of Bittern Lake, Alberta, renewing his subscription to The Transcript, writes on Feb. 2nd that they are experiencing a very severe winter, which set in early in October, the earliest since he has been in the West. Lots of snow and 25 below zero, with stock feed scarce and high in price, he says.

The death occurred at the residence of his daughter in Duart on Wednesday, January 23, of Hugh Downie, a well-known resident of Alvinston section, in his 79th year. The remains were brought to Burns' church, Mossa, on Saturday, where the funeral service was held, and interment was made at Alvinston cemetery.
Saturday was the coldest day experienced this winter. Temperatures as low as 16 and 22 degrees below zero were recorded in Western Ontario, with one of those penetrating north-east winds blowing all day. The temperature moderated on Sunday and on Monday there was warm sunshine and the first thaw since some time in December.

There is considerable sickness in the community—mostly severe colds or influenza.
Peter McArthur, the well-known writer, is recovering after a severe cold and attack of erysipelas.
Arrangements are being made for a men's choir in the Presbyterian church Sunday evening next.
If Adam had had to pay the price at which apples are now sold he might have been less easily tempted.
The townline from Glencoe southward would be safer for travel if some of the ditch-holes were levelled up.
Miss Stacia Dobbie, nurse, is very ill in a Detroit hospital with pneumonia, which developed after the influenza.
J. G. Lethbridge and Dr. McLachlan have been appointed auditors of the municipal accounts for Glencoe this year.

A large number of hockey fans attended the game between London and Glencoe at Alvinston on Monday night.
Glencoe hockey boys play Watford in a Senior Northern League game at Watford on Wednesday night of this week.
Andrew Lane, B. A., of Knox College, Toronto, will preach in the Presbyterian churches at Wardsville and Newbury next Sunday.
The house social advertised to be held at the home of Mrs. Fred Aldred on Thursday evening has been postponed until further notice.
The Alisa Craig Banner has suspended publication after a struggle with the many obstacles that beset the newspaper business at this time.
The lecture advertised to be given in the town hall on February 12th by Capt. Rev. A. Ketterson "has been postponed indefinitely owing to danger of the flu."
Those people who are melting snow to get wash water could have running water in their homes all the year round for less than five cents per day, says the Forest Free Press.
On account of illness of some of those to take part, the operetta "Isle of Jewels," advertised by the high school girls for this week, has been postponed. Watch for new date.

Angus A. Campbell has sold the west half of the south half of lot 6, concession 8, Mossa, 50 acres, to his brother, D. P., and intends moving to near Alvinston in the spring.
E. Hurdle has sold his old farm in Mossa, consisting of about 125 acres of land with good buildings, recently occupied by his son, Norman, to a gentleman from Dawn township. Price said to be about \$9,200.
On the recommendation of the finance committee Middlesex county council granted \$300 to each high school in the county, and decided to grant \$2.50 for every \$1 granted to these institutions by the Provincial Government.

J. N. Currie of Glencoe and Dr. Orme of Lucan were a deputation to wait on the county council at London last week asking for a special grant in aid of high schools. The result was a special grant of \$300 to each high school in the county.
Middlesex county council went on record as favoring a permanent Winter Fair in Western Ontario, and that the city of London is the logical place for such fair. It was decided to appoint a committee to work jointly with a committee from the city to further this purpose.

The death occurred at his home in Newbury on Tuesday after a brief illness with pneumonia of Norman Hurdle, son of Councillor Edway Hurdle of Mossa. Deceased recently moved from the farm in Mossa and opened a garage at Newbury. He leaves a widow and one child.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Grace's Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.
Try a little advertising!

TAI SHAN A SACRED PLACE

Chinese Mountain Said to Be the Oldest Permanent Place of Worship on Earth.

There are five sacred mountains in China, and the most sacred of all is Tai Shan, the Great mountain, said to be the oldest permanent place of worship in the world. In 2000 B. C. Tai Shan's crest had been a regular scene of sacrifices and prayers for nobody knew how long. Emperors and lesser officials, even Confucius the Wise, journeyed up the long, narrow trail of Tai Shan to come near to the God of Heaven and Earth and made their prayers before Him.

Since those days of simple worship, many temples and shrines have been built on Tai Shan's slopes. Buddhism, Taoism, Confucianism, all are represented, and there are temples, too, to the Lady of the Mountain, who is called by some a fairy, by others a goddess, and by others the spirit or soul of the mountain. Whatever her character, the lady is well represented on her mountain top and her shrines are popular.

The journey up the mountainside is accomplished by the traveler partly in swinging chairs supported by Chinese bearers and partly on foot. The "Way" consists of a granite walk, interrupted every little while by flights of steps which stretch on and on and become steeper and closer together until the pilgrim has mounted 6,000 steps and the peak of Tai Shan is reached.

Here there are more temples and thick incense and grave old priests who announce a pilgrim's presence to the gods by ringing deep-toned bells. A little way off is pointed out a rock overhanging a sheer precipice. From this rock, called "The Rock of the Love of Life," persons who had sick relatives used to fling themselves, hoping that the sacrifice of one life would appease the gods so that the other would be spared. Now the dangerous cliff is barred, and pilgrims are forced to appeal to the gods in the conventional Chinese methods.

WILL BE WONDERFUL ROAD

Highway of Solid Granite in the Rocky Mountains a Rival of the Appian Way.

Taking example from the famous Appian way, which has the honor of being the first great road undertaken by the Romans as a public work, the state of Colorado, with the help of an appropriation by the United States government, is building a highway of solid granite in the Rocky mountains. No other highway in the world, it is predicted, will provide travelers with so magnificent a scenic setting, close to a sheer fall of 8,000 feet on the other side of the great concrete posts and cables that will safeguard vehicular traffic. One gets an idea of the road from the practical statement that it is costing \$25,000 a mile to build. Like the Appian way, on which long stretches of pavement first traveled over 3000 years before the Christian era, still remain practically perfect, the chairman of the Colorado highway commission believes that Colorado is creating a work which will defy the centuries and stand, on completion, as the most wonderful road in the modern world.

Quite Comfortable, Thank You.

A comfortable widow is Mrs. Amanda Jackson, colored. She is drawing three \$57.50 pensions, or \$172.50 a month, for the loss of three husbands during the war, and will draw that amount for 20 years. Mrs. Jones' husband died of spinal meningitis soon after entering the service and taking on a \$10,000 insurance policy. The widow married one Smith. He took a maximum life insurance policy in her favor and was killed in action. Then Mrs. Jones-Smith married Private Jackson, a returned soldier, who also named her a \$10,000 policy. Influenza made her a widow a third time in less than two years. The clerk of the bureau declined to make known her address, doubtless fearing that she would be inundated with offers of marriage.

Brother to the Mosquito.

The prolonged drought has produced a prolific host of insects, and certain species of gnats are developing a disconcerting interest in people. Says London Daily Mail: "Some women are wearing linen bandages as a protection."
An official at the Natural History museum, South Kensington, states that the chief offender is a tiny insect bearing the long name of Ochlerotatus dorsalis, which breeds in estuaries and explores inland. It is to be found all around London, especially on the Surrey downs.

Another bloodthirsty gnat is the Pullaris, which is labeled at the museum as "particularly troublesome in the evening. Its bite is severe, and with many people causes bad sores."

Spanish Birth Rate.

Now it is Spain that they are beginning to worry about the rising death rate and the falling birth rate. Dr. Gomez Oceana presents in El Siglo Medico (Barcelona) statistics for several years, showing that in 1912 the death rate was 21.6 per 1,000 population, and that by 1917, before the advent of the Spanish flu, it had risen to 28.16. And the birth rate fell from 31.60 per thousand in 1912 to 29.2 in 1917.

Official figures for 1918 are not yet available, but in the city of Madrid the death rate rose in that year to 30.37, while the birth rate fell to 28.70. The figures for 1918, however, are abnormal because of the pandemic.

FORWARD MOVEMENT PEACE THANK-OFFERING

Five Christian Bodies ask Prosperous Canada for \$12,000,000

1919

I. New Business in Life Insurance, \$600,000,000.

II. Deposits in Canadian Chartered Banks, \$1,866,000,000.

III. Victory Loan, \$680,000,000.

OUR THANK-OFFERING IS TO GOD

I. For Peace with Victory.

II. For Security of Homes, Women and Children throughout the War.

III. For Freedom From Alien Domination.

IV. For the Wonderful Prosperity of Our Dominion.

V. For the Self-sacrifice and Heroism of Our Boys Who Offered Themselves for Us.

1919

IV. Field Crop Value, \$1,500,000,000.

V. Silk, \$15,000,000.

VI. Tobacco, \$30,000,000.

In view of the above figures, is not \$12,000,000 the minimum offering to Almighty God? Surely Glencoe's congregations must not fall behind.

Proverbs 11, 24: "There is that scattereth, and yet increaseth; and there is that withholdeth more than is meet, but it tendeth to poverty."

—THE GLENCOE MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Miss Fern Graham is home from Toronto and is ill with a severe cold.
—Mr. and Mrs. Carman left this week to spend some time in California.

—Mrs. Douglas and little daughter Margaret of Petrolia spent Saturday with Mrs. C. Leitch.

—Miss Margaret Waterworth attended the funeral of her nephew, Frank McLean, at Euphemia last week.

—Mac Leitch and son Murray of St. Thomas spent Monday with Mr. Leitch's mother, Mrs. Mary Leitch, who is ill.

—D. L. Cameron of St. Catharines, who brought the remains of his wife here for burial last week, returned to St. Catharines on Monday.

—J. C. Elliott, ex-M. P. P., is home after spending two weeks in the hospital at London undergoing treatment successfully for an affection of the eyes.

—Mrs. A. J. Wright and Mrs. Robert Clannahan are delegates to attend a convention of the Daughters of the Empire to be held in Hamilton this week.

—Mrs. H. P. Jeffery of Blytheswood left for her home on Monday last. Mrs. Mitchell Innes and young son accompanied her for a visit to their old home.

—Dr. Carlyle Cameron of Erie, Pa., a former Glencoe boy, was here on Tuesday of last week, coming from St. Catharines with his brother, D. L., who brought the remains of his wife here for burial.

—Rev. Neil D. Keith visited relatives here over the week-end while on a trip east in connection with Westminster Ladies' College, Edmonton, of which he is principal. After the sermon in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening Mr. Keith addressed the congregation at some length.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Fresh oysters in stock at W. A. Currie's.

Two girls wanted.—McKellar House, Glencoe.

Chopping Tuesdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Applin.

Corn for sale.—In the ear.—H. N. Hurdle, Newbury P. O.

Carload of cedar shingles arrived.—W. R. Stephenson, Applin.

For sale—double-barrelled shotgun. Apply at Transcript office.

Come in and see the new light four Overland sedan.—Wm. McCallum.

Labrador herring, fresh white fish and fresh pick at George's this week.

Mrs. W. A. Currie will commence her art class on the 15th of February.

Alex. McAlpine & Son, dealers in flour and feed, coal, salt, cement, etc.

For sale—thrashing outfit; good as new. For particulars apply to Box 91, West Lorne.

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets.—J. D. McKellar.

For sale—cutter, nearly new. Apply J. A. McTaggart, care of Cyrus McTaggart, Applin.

Registered Shorthorn bull for sale, 15 months old. Apply to D. A. Coulthard, Route 1, Glencoe.

Ekfrid Mills will be chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Your patronage solicited.—Bert Cyster.

A sale of homemade cooking will be held at McKellar Hall, opposite post office, on Saturday, February 7, from 3 o'clock.

Thomas Hardy, North Ekfrid, is having a sale of ladies' and gentlemen's underwear. Come early and avoid the rush.

second-hand cars.

Must be sold to make room for new stock coming in.—Wm. McCallum.

Fifteen sets of No. 1 one-inch team lines, now worth \$8.50 per set, will sell on Saturday next for \$6.75. Good for Saturday only.—D. Lamont.

Book Club book "Ramsay Mythology" taken by mistake from Hayter's store. Please return to Hayter's or to the librarian, Mrs. Wright.

The party who picked up a leather halter at the Methodist sheds on Friday evening about six o'clock is requested to return the same to this office.

Three dozen pairs Bob Long Big 11 grey overalls, worth \$3 per pair, to clear out at \$2.25 a pair. Smock and overalls for \$3.95. This offer good for one week only.—D. Lamont.

The sacred drama, "The Challenge of the Cross," by seven young ladies and a chorus, which was to have been given at the Epworth League meeting last Monday night, has been postponed.

For sale—one top buggy, set of single harness, set of beam scales, Jersey cow, a number of grain bags, one half rack, two wooden bedsteads and a folding bed. Apply to Mrs. A. Burchiel.

Special sale of horse collars, for one week only. Collars that will cost you \$6 in the spring, now for \$4.50. These collars are the best. Have cheaper grades.—D. Lamont.

For sale—a quantity of White Cap Dent seed corn, \$2.50 per bushel. Also still handling Homestead fertilizer, and expect a carload about first of March. Leave your orders early.—Roy Siddall.

Mrs. W. A. Currie offers a large assortment of winter hats. Your choice of any hat left from \$1 to \$2—hats that were formerly worth \$5 and \$8. About 10 boxes of beautiful straw braids will be sold at 2c to 5c a yard, part all new braids just opened up. Artificial flowers and wings at 5c each. Sale will continue until everything is sold.

To the motor public.—Most of all the makers of motor cars and also the dealers will be very short of cars this spring, but I have bought early and now have 25 cars in stock and more coming. All who have placed their orders with me, also those who will do so in the near future, will get their cars as soon as the roads will permit me to deliver them. Thanking you for past favors and soliciting a continuance of a share of your trade.—Wm. McCallum.

Miller's Worm Powders are sweet and palatable to children, who show no hesitancy in taking them. They will certainly bring all worm troubles to an end. They are a strengthening and stimulating medicine, correcting the disorders of digestion that the worms cause and imparting a healthy tone to the system most beneficial to development.

GLENCOE PUBLIC SCHOOL

Principal McMullen's Room

Report for the month of January; 75 per cent. and over, honors; 40 per cent. required to pass.

Senior Fourth Class.—Florence McEachren 87, Margaret McDonald 86, Leslie Reeves 80, Ethel George 74, Nuala Stuart 71, Grace Dalgety 51, Arlie Parrott absent for month.

Junior Fourth Class.—William Moss 72, Alex. Sutherland 58, Willie Diamond 56, Clarence Leitch 53, Joseph Grant 50, Marvin Waterworth 50, Sherman McAlpine 50, Mary Quirk 34, James Snelgrove 24, John Hillman 23, Mabel Wright 24.

Senior Third Class.—Eleanor Sutherland 82, Mariner McCracken 80, Emma Reycraft 77, Willie Anderson 75, Ida Irwin 75, Fred McRae 70, Delbert Hicks 67, Miriam Oxley 66, Martin Abbott 56, Garnet Ewing 53, Donna McAlpine 45, Wilfred Haghighi 43, Clifford Stinson 42, Scott Irwin 36.

Harold Waterworth 35, Verna Stevenson absent for month.

Miss Marshall's Room
Junior Third Class.—Thelma McCaffery 90, Mildred Anderson 88, Blake Tomlinson 87, Margaret Smith 83, Lowell Best 82, Irene McCaffery 82, Glen Abbott 81, Gordon McDonald 78, Ivana Reycraft 86, Nelson McCracken 85, Vera McCaffery 84, Freddie George 79, Della Squire 78, Tommy Hillman 77, Bessie McKellar 76, Margaret Dickson 75, George McEachren 75, Katie McCracken 71, Winifred Snelgrove 70, Stanley Abbott 67, Albert Young 63.

Miss Chailson's Room
Junior Second Class.—Florence Hills 97, Donald Oliphant 86, Mervin Stuart 86, Robert McCallum 85, Ethel McAlpine 77, Sidney Ewing 77, Alvin Hagarty 75, Margaret McLachlin 72, Llewellyn Reycraft 65, Carrie Smith 65, Helen Clarke 61, Campbell Miller 60, Bert Diamond 55, Nelson Reycraft 55, Albert Squire 51, absent—Jean Grover, Irene Squire, Willie Ramsey, Harold Wilson.

Senior First Class.—Norene Innes 94, Roy Munford 93, Helen Eddie 90, Claude Tomlinson 90, Lillian Hagarty 89, Kathleen McLintyre 88, Blanche McCracken 87, Lorene Best 86, Virginia Clarke 86, Jack Heal 84, James Oliphant 83, Gordon McCracken 83, Genevieve Cowan 81, Della Stevenson 80, Richard Brand 73, Florence McKellar 72, absent—Gertrude Abbott, Clara George, Angus Ramsey, Gordon Ramsey, Ariel Waterworth, Margaret Young.

Mrs. Gilbert's Room
Junior First Class.—Hugh McAlpine 95, Kennie Miller 88, Bobbie Miller 80, Kenneth McRae 55, George McCracken 30.

Primer.—A Class.—Clara George, George Blacklock, Marie Stinson, Viola Eddie, Dorothy Waterworth, Margaret McMurphy, John McMurphy, Charles McCracken, Ivy McCracken; B class—Mercedes Hall, Mildred Blacklock; C class—Ralph Ewing, Leland Innes.

The most obstinate corns and warts fail to resist Holloway's Corn Cure. Try it.

A SAFE GUIDE IN WINTER

The Health Commissioner of New York City gives a warning for private care which should be generally observed at this time and which is a safe guide for our winter months in any year. That is, that persons with bad colds should stay indoors for a few days and should live so far as possible in sunny and well-ventilated rooms. The infectious nature of all the inflammations of the nose and throat has been well established, and the way to avoid receiving or communicating infection is to keep out of crowds. The general excellent health and the well-fed condition of the people provide the best condition for resisting an epidemic of any kind. Low vitality, induced by under-feeding or by living in unheated rooms and using up nervous force in keeping warm, provides the condition in which disease germs work most rapidly. It remains for individuals to maintain conditions of personal hygiene, not to risk careless and unnecessary exposure and then to refrain from worrying about an epidemic.

The Bowels Must Act Healthily.—In most ailments the first care of the medical man is to see that the bowels are open and fully performing their functions. Parnelle's Vegetable Pills are so compounded that certain ingredients in them act on the bowels solid and they are the very best medicine available to produce healthy action of the bowels. Indeed, there is no other specific so serviceable in keeping the digestive organs in healthful action.

RELATIVE MISERY

There is a saying of a great French writer that he who has ten needs is not happy when nine of them are satisfied. It is true that we all of us have needs that cannot be satisfied, and that they will make us unhappy, if we let them. It is true that there is no complete and absolute happiness. Fortunately, it is also true that there is no absolute misery.

When things go wrong, our own personal misery is likely to seem to us absolute, whereas the ills by others seem unreal and insignificant. Even trifles prick so deep that we forget that they are trifles, unimportant not only in the larger movement of the world but even in the total current of our own lives. The great preacher Wesley once visited a wealthy parishioner to get some idea of the needs of the parishioner's fireplace, which would smoke, no matter what was done to remedy the difficulty. "Would you believe it, Mr. Wesley, I have had the best advice from London, and still it smokes? These are my troubles, Mr. Wesley." To this man the life and death of Mr. Wesley's proteges was of little consequence compared with the smoking fireplace. How often is it so with all of us.

To appreciate the relative quality of our own troubles we should keep an open heart for the troubles of other people; not brood over them, not wear our lives away in useless pity, not lose the possibilities of joy that are given to us by vague complaining over the sorrows of the world, but remember, when vexations come, that they come to all and to most more thickly than to us.

It is sometimes urged that this relative cure for unhappiness is a selfish one, and that we have no right to cultivate our own contentment by dwelling on the sufferings and the wretchedness of others; but that is not what is meant at all. We are not to gloat over others' misery, not to emphasize whatever truth there may be in the remark of another great Frenchman, that there is something not only disagreeable to us in the misfortunes of even our best friends. The sense that we are not alone in trouble, that millions of people daily endure far more than we endure, ought to soften us and render us more considerate and forbearing and helpful. At any rate, it will teach us that our own miseries are not monstrous and that, viewed relatively, they are in most cases insignificant.

When your fireplace smokes, do not complain. "These are my troubles, Mr. Wesley," but mend it or forget it.

The Greatest of These.

The world has need of greatness; men who rise.
Upon the stepping-stones of Yesterday.
To the tomorrow of their dreams and ours.
The world has need of power; the power to build.
The strength to break down barriers; to erect.
The gleaming edifice of betterment.
Upon the new foundation-stone of faith.
Faith in mankind and staunch and tender trust.
The world has need of hope invincible;
Of daily effort crowning daily prayer.
The world has need of vision, are it sees.
The first dawn of that fairer, nobler sphere.
Rising from out the soil of sacrifice.
Great in the world's need! All the gifts of might.
And power and will to conquer Destiny.
The gifts of service, tolerance, loyalty.
Of strenuous purpose and of honest toil.
Of gladness and good cheer, of merry hearts.
Of knightly zeal and gallant bravery.
But most of all the world has need of love!

What All Prospective Bridesmaids Know.

That he won't be able to find the wedding ring at the fatal moment.
That his hands will look as big as the broadsides of a barn during the ceremony and that it is a confounded nuisance when he is permitted to hide them in his trousers' pocket.
That it would be an immense relief to elope instead of going through the fuss and flurry of the church wedding.
That his pal has too much of a smile on his face and is sure to play some sort of a trick before the ceremony is over with.
That all the women in the congregation will wonder what on earth it is that the bride sees in him.
That all his school friends are sadly shaking their heads and saying, "Another good man gone."
That though the bride's father has protested vehemently that he doesn't want to give up his little girl, he still seems remarkably happy over the fact that she is getting married.
That while the fact remains that he isn't marrying the whole family one winter longer, he has laid out a schedule of visits they are going to pay him during the next few months.
That if the bride's mischievous little brother pulls off any of his so-called "cute little tricks" during the ceremony it will be with extreme difficulty that he will restrain himself from upending little brother and giving him a splendid little paddling.

KEEP HEALTHY DURING WINTER

Colds and Diseases May be Avoided if the Blood is Kept Pure.

Do not let your blood get thin this winter. For people who have a tendency towards anemia, or bloodlessness, winter is a trying season. Lack of exercise and fresh air, and the more restricted diet are among the many things that combine to lower the tone of the body and deplete the blood.

As soon as you notice the tired feeling, lack of appetite and shortness of breath that are warning symptoms of thin blood, take a short course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Do not wait until the color has entirely left your cheeks, until your lips are white and your eyes dull. It is so much easier to correct thinning of the blood in the earlier stages than later. This is well illustrated in the case of Mrs. E. Williams, Elk Lake, Ont., who says: "I take great pleasure in letting you know the benefit I have found in the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I was in an anemic condition, and was very weak and run down. The least exertion would leave me breathless and it was with difficulty that I did household work. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after the use of four boxes I felt like a new person. In fact, my system seemed filled with new energy and new life. I strongly recommend this medicine to all who feel weak or run down."

The purpose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is to build up the blood. They do this one thing and they do it well. They are for this reason an invaluable remedy in diseases arising from bad or deficient blood, as rheumatism, neuralgia, after-effects of the grip or fevers. The pills are guaranteed to be free from opiates or any harmful drug and cannot injure the most delicate system.

You can procure Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or they will be sent you by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing direct to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Signals From Another Planet?

Interruptions of the Marconi wireless instruments by mysterious undecipherable signals, which were noted before the war, and have been publicly referred to since, are specially featured in the Daily Mail, London, and discussed by Marconi in an interview published by the paper.

"We occasionally get very queer sounds and indications, which might come from somewhere outside the earth," said Signor Marconi. "We have had them both in England and America. The Morse signal letters occur with much greater frequency than others, but we have never yet picked up anything that could be translated into a definite message."

"The fact that the signals have occurred simultaneously at New York and London with identical intensity seems to indicate that they must have originated at a very great distance. We have not yet the slightest proof of their origin. They might conceivably be due to some natural disturbance at a great distance, for instance, an eruption of the sun causing electrical disturbances."

Asked whether possibly attempts were being made by another planet to communicate, Signor Marconi said: "I would not rule out the possibility of this, but there is no proof. We must investigate the matter much more thoroughly before we venture upon a definite explanation."

He added that the mysterious sounds are not confined to any particular diurnal period; they are equally frequent by day and night.

New Restaurant Plots.

In addition to food a new plate for restaurants holds in separate compartments a knife, fork, salt and pepper shakers and a butter dish.

New Postage Stamps.

It has been calculated that about 8,000 new postage stamps have been issued in Europe since the end of the war. This shows how useless our old stamps are when we come to study the political geography of that continent.

VARIED DESIGNS FOR WOMEN



No. 9236—Ladies' and Misses' Breakfast Coat. Price, 20 cents. In ankle length. Cut in 3 sizes; small, 34, 36; medium, 38, 40; large, 42, 44 inch bust measure. Small size requires 5 1/2 yards 36 inches wide, or 3 3/4 yards 40 inches wide.

No. 9175—Ladies' Dress. Price, 25 cents. With or without vest and tunic; two styles of sleeve; two-piece skirt, instep or shorter length. Cut in 7 sizes, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inch bust measure. Size 36 requires, instep length, with tunic, 5 yards 36 inches wide, or 3 3/4 yards 40 inches wide; instep length, without tunic, 3 3/4 yards 36 inches wide, or 2 3/4 yards 40 inches wide. Width around bottom, 1 1/2 yards.

No. 9171—Ladies' Mannish Shirt-waist. Price, 20 cents. Adjustable collar, two styles of sleeve, French cuffs. Cut in 8 sizes, 34 to 45 inch bust. Size 36, with French cuffs, 2 3/4 yards 36 inches wide, or 1 3/4 yards 40 inches wide; with gathered sleeves, 2 yards 36 inches wide, or 1 1/2 yards 40 inches wide.

No. 9231—Ladies' Two-Piece Skirt. Price, 20 cents. High waistline; 38 or 36-inch length. Cut in 8 sizes, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36 and 38 inch waist measure. Size 26 requires, 38-inch length, 2 3/4 yards, 40 inches wide, or 1 3/4 yards 54 inches wide; 36-inch length, 2 3/4 yards 40 inches wide, or 1 3/4 yards, 54 inches wide. Width around bottom 1 1/2 yards.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Dept. W.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

The Thoroughbred Auction Sale.

Swift foot, single foot down the orchard lane;
All the old, deserted farm still beneath the stars;
Nickered soft a low good-by till hoofs beat home again.

Satin nose from satin nose across the orchard bars.
Swift foot, single foot down the valley road;
Iron shoe and flint fire up the rocky hill;

Slanting ear for stranger voice—does empty ebb!
Past the empty pastures where the shadows lie so still.

Brown cast, velvet coat, pointed ears alert,
Jasmine, the stable's pride, had blocked the swinging door;
Shying from the waiting crowd as though the feared a hurt;

Headless now of man's command as never once before.
Thin hair, silver hair, shaken voiced and slow,
Came the master to her side, at the word they sent.

Laid his hand upon the reins, with his head bent low,
To lead her to the auction block—then at last she went.

Swift foot, single foot—dying far away.
Empty stalls, a vagrant rat prowling to and fro;
Silence where the hammer fell on the bids to-day;

Silence where were stamping hoofs only hours ago.
Swift foot, single foot over all the ways;
Allen hands upon the reins, silver tears, the stars.

Apple bloom and clover bloom—but never through the days
Will satin nose touch satin nose across the orchard bars.

You cannot do anything in the world, achieve any success, unless you believe in yourself.

Spiders' Threads For Telescopes.

The threads of the garden spider are fixed by astronomers in their telescopes for the purpose of giving fine lines to the field of view, by which the relative positions of stars may be accurately measured.

For a century astronomers desired to make use of such lines of the greatest possible fineness, and procured it first silver wire drawn out to the extreme limit of tenuity attainable with that metal. They also tried hairs (1-500th of an inch thick), and threads of the silkworm's cocoon, which are split into two component threads, each only 1-200th of an inch thick. But in 1820 an English instrument maker named Troughton introduced the spider's line. This can be readily obtained three or four times smaller than the silkworm's thread and has also advantages in its strength and freedom from twist.

In order to obtain the thread the spider is carefully fixed on a miniature "rack," and the thread, which at the moment of issue from the body is a viscid liquid, is made liquid, and adheres to a winder, by turning which the desired length of firm but elastic thread can be procured.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipation—that disordered state of the digestive tract which is nearly always caused by improper feeding—can be readily regulated by the use of Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative. They are easy to take and are absolutely free from injurious drugs. Concerning them Mrs. Joseph Dion, Ste. Perpetue, Que., writes:—"I have nothing but praise for Baby's Own Tablets. When my baby was three months old he was terribly constipated but the Tablets soon set him right and now at the age of fifteen months he is a big healthy boy and this good health I attribute entirely to the use of the Tablets." They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 35 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

As Friend to Friend.

By loving speech,
By friendly smile
Give joy awhile;
To those in need
True courage teach:
Let love beguile
And kindly lead
From selfish greed
And passions vile
To the up-reach
Whence God would lead,
Where all are freed,
Nor sin defile.
As each to each
Gives loving heed.

MONEY ORDERS.

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

Bubble in a Sapphire.

There is exhibited in the British Museum, a sapphire weighing nine carats which contains a bubble that appears and disappears with changes of temperature.

It is believed that a cavity in the gem enclosed a quantity of carbonic acid gas under great pressure. When the temperature is such as to correspond with the "critical point" for that gas under the particular pressure to which it is subjected in its brilliant prison house it liquefies and becomes visible as a bubble.

The publisher of the best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces in writing to us states:

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unfailing remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

Carved Himself in Wood.

The most marvelous woodworker in the world is Hananuma Masakichi, of Tokyo, Japan, who has carved a figure in wood so like himself that when the two are placed side by side it is said to be almost impossible to tell which lives and breathes and which does not.

By several connoisseurs in art this wooden figure has been pronounced the most perfect image of a man ever made. Masakichi has faithfully reproduced every scar, vein and wrinkle to be seen on his body. The figure is composed of two thousand pieces of wood, dovetailed and jointed with such skill that no seams can be detected.

He drilled tiny hairs to receive the hairs and placed in the wooden figure eyelashes and glass eyes that as far as anyone can see are exactly like his own.

The Japanese artist posed between two mirrors while modeling this figure and for some time after its completion he posed frequently beside it, to the confusion of spectators, who were often unable to tell which was the artist. The figure stands with a little mask in one hand and an instrument for carving in the other. The lifelike eyes are apparently gazing at the mask, and the face wears a look of intense absorption.

An ounce of assistance is worth a pound of advice.

RHEUMATISM

This is just the reason when Rheumatism with its grinding pain and stiffening of joints gets hold of you. Fight it with

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules bring certain relief, and permanent results. They are recommended by doctors, and sold by reliable druggists everywhere for \$1.04 a box, or write to Templeton, 142 King St. W., Toronto. Mailed anywhere on receipt of price.

ASTHMA

Templeton's RAZ-MAN Capsules are guaranteed to relieve Asthma. Don't suffer another day. Write to Templeton, 142 King St. W., Toronto, for free sample. Reliable druggists sell them at \$1.04 a box.

Made a Hit, Anyway.

Mr. Higginson had been away from home for a week and on his return found that burglars had visited the house during his absence, and, although one had been wounded, they had succeeded in getting away.

"And so you shot a burglar while alone and unprotected," he said to his wife. "You are a brave little woman! What became of him?"

"The other man carried him off," she replied.

"The other man?" he asked.

"Yes," she said, "the one I aimed at."

Price of Radium.
Radium, which was discovered in Paris by Madame Curie, and which is used in medicine and for many other purposes, is worth about \$5,000 a grain.

Regardless of our own necessity, we should work because of the need of the world.

SUFFERING CATS! GIVE THIS MAN THE GOLD MEDAL

Let folks step on your feet hereafter: wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called frezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug is a sticky ether compound, but dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue.

It is claimed that a quarter of an ounce of frezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or wrinkle from one's feet. Cut this out, especially if you are a woman reader who wears high heels.

"SYRUP OF FIGS" CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poison from little stomach, liver and bowels



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear. Mother! You must say "California."

Coughs and Colds Mean Restless Nights

which sap the vitality. Danger lies in over-heat a cold is allowed to run. A cold culture to being your children cough and colds and avoid serious complications by the prompt use of Gray's Syrup—over 60 years in use. Always buy the Large Size.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM

Manufactured by D. WATSON & CO., New York

ISSUE No. 6-20

BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE

Swiftness of Revenge.

Timothy Brown was a commercial traveller and a valuable asset to his employers.

On one of his periodical rounds he included in his list of calls a certain yarn merchant, Jones Perkins by name—a crotchety, ill-natured individual—who invariably treated him with the greatest discourtesy, and who on more than one occasion had torn his card up in his presence and thrown it on the floor. As becomes a good commercial, however, Timothy was undaunted, and vowed to be revenged.

In due course he called on his friend again and presented his card.

"Halloa!" shouted old Perkins, giving the card the usual wrench. "What the—?" But here he interrupted himself with a yell of pain, accompanied by a miniature war dance. Timothy's card was made of enamel-plate!

BULLY!

If Bilious, Constipated or Headachy, take "Cascarets"

Feel grand! Clean up inside! Your system is filled with liver and bowel poison which keeps your skin sallow, your stomach upset, your head foggy and aching. Your meals are turning into poison and you can not feel right. Don't stay bilious or constipated. Feel splendid always by taking Cascarets occasionally. They act without griping or inconvenience. They never sicken you like Calomel, Salts, Oil or nasty, harsh Pills. They cost so little too—Cascarets work while you sleep.

A Kidney Remedy

Kidney troubles are frequently caused by badly digested food which overtaxes these organs to eliminate the irritant acids formed. Help your stomach to properly digest the food by taking 15 to 30 drops of Extract of Koota, sold as Mother Seign's Curative Syrup, and your kidney disorder will promptly disappear. Get the genuine.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies Book on DOG DISEASES

and How to Feed. Mailed Free to any Address by the Author. Dr. Gray Glover Co., 220 113 West 21st Street New York, U.S.A.

ACHES AND PAINS QUICKLY RELIEVED

You'll find Sloan's Liniment softens the severe rheumatic ache

Put it on freely. Don't rub it in. Just let it penetrate naturally. What a sense of soothing relief soon follows! External aches, stiffness, soreness, cramped muscles, strained sinews, back "cricks"—these ailments can't fight off the relieving qualities of Sloan's Liniment. Clean, convenient, economical. Made in Canada. 50c, 70c, \$1.10.

Sloan's Liniment Keep it handy

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" is the thumb-print of genuine Aspirin. It positively identifies the only genuine Aspirin—the Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years and now made in Canada. Always buy an unbroken package a few cents. Larger "Bayer" packages. There is only one Aspirin—"Bayer"—You must say "Bayer!" Aspirin is one trade mark registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monks, and it is one of the most important facts that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public in their selection, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their genuine "Bayer Cross."

Classified Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED.

PORTRAIT AGENTS WANTED. Good prints and negatives—lowest prices on frames—ask for catalogue. United Art Co., 4 Brunswick Ave., Toronto.

FOR SALE

NEWSPAPER WEEKLY IN BRUCE County. Splendid opportunity. Write Box 7. Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, 71 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,000. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 62. Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

CHOICE SILVER BLACK BREEDING Poles. Also, we are buyers of Raw Fur. What have you—what price? Sold Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

COFFIN STOCK WANTED. IF YOU are able to supply, advise us, as we will pay the highest prices, dry or green from the saw. Keenan Bros., Limited, Owen Sound, Ont.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. James Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

A Busy Implement.

The shovel, ever on the go. Doth now impress the soul. 'Tis either tossing out the snow or throwing in the coal.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Shadows of History.

The small boy read from his history, "William the Conqueror landed in England in 1066 A.D."

"What does 'A.D.' stand for?" inquired the teacher.

The small boy pondered. "I don't exactly know," he replied at last. "Maybe it means after dark."



Let Cuticura Help You Look Like This

Nothing better to care for your skin, hair and hands. The Soap, Ointment and Purify. The Ointment to soothe and heal. Use them for daily toilet. Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Agents: Lyman, Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal. "Cuticura Soap shaves without pain."

LET "DANDERINE" BEAUTIFY HAIR

Girls! Have a mass of long, thick, gleamy hair



Let "Danderine" save your hair and double its beauty. You can have lots of long, thick, strong, lustrous hair. Don't let it stay lifeless, thin, scraggly or fading. Bring back its color, vigor and vitality.

Get a 35-cent bottle of delightful "Danderine" at any drug store or toilet counter to freshen your scalp; check dandruff and falling hair. Your hair needs this stimulating tonic, then its life, color, brightness and abundance will return—Hurry!

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

This Store is Always Searching and Striving to Procure
The **BEST VALUES** For YOU
and Striking Sledge-hammer Blows at the Profiteer

Tables Littered With Bargains
Many odds and ends found while stock-taking.
Come and save money.

Many lines of Shoes sharply reduced.
Clearing prices on Rubbers and all Winter Goods.

Do All Your Shopping at This Store

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1920

NEWBURY

Stuart Gibson of Melville, Sask., is visiting at Bruce Fletcher's.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Boynton (nee Mary Johnston) from Prestville, Northern Alberta, are visiting relatives and friends here.

Born—Jan. 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bell, a daughter—Florence Ruth.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McVicar of Nesbitt, Man., are visiting his brother, Dr. J. P. McVicar. Also L. Russell McVicar and bride of Regina are guests at "Ingleside."

Born—at Windsor, Jan. 29, to Mr. and Mrs. June (nee Ila Armstrong), a son.

Rev. Mr. Fotheringham of Welland preached in Knox church on Sunday afternoon.

D. Stalker, D. G. M., visited Florence Lodge, I. O. F., installing the officers, last week.

Holman's annual auction sale begins Saturday night at 8 o'clock.

Rev. Wm. Lowe, a former rector, gave a very earnest and practical address on the Forward Movement in the Church of England on Monday evening.

Reeve Holman attended county council in London last week.

Mrs. Alex Armstrong is visiting her daughter at Windsor.

MIDDLEMISS

Arthur McArthur visited his home here over the week-end.

A number in this vicinity are complaining of bad colds, but no cases of flu as yet.

The Women's Institute held their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. J. A. McDonald, where the usual business was transacted and an enjoyable afternoon spent.

S. Gratton has sold out his interest in the butcher business to C. H. Lucas.

Henry Annett lost a valuable horse last week. In some way the horse got over the end of the stall, causing rupture, and had to be killed.

Wm. Carroll is hauling elm logs to the G. T. R. yards here for shipment.

Green wood is selling here at \$3 per cord for soft and \$4 for hard wood.

K. Lucas has purchased the pasture farm, lot 6, con. 4, from R. A. Campbell.

Thos. Brown of Tait's Corners was in town last week, on business.

George Graham, who has been at Bothwell for two weeks, has returned home.

"Taste and try before you buy" is the old saying, but these times you had better not take too long doing this or you will pay higher when you buy, as prices are advancing all the time.

EKFRID STATION

Mrs. Margaret McTaggart is suffering from a slight stroke.

The U. P. O. will hold a meeting in S. S. No. 4 on Friday evening, Feb. 6. The main object of this meeting will be to discuss the clover seed question.

Services will be held in S. S. No. 4 Sunday evening, Feb. 8, at 8 o'clock.

On Friday evening last the Union Sunday school gathered at the home of Mrs. W. R. McDonald and presented her with a handsome cut glass berry bowl in recognition of her services as superintendent of the Sunday school for the past two years. A nicely-worded address was read by Miss Marion Campbell and the presentation was made by Miss Anna Eaton. Recitations, songs, speeches and violin selections were given, and afterwards lunch was served.

Miss Anna McCallum has returned to Detroit.

Miss Letitia Cornell is visiting at W. P. Cornell's.

A young daughter has arrived at the home of John McAlpine. Congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Beales and family spent Sunday at Geo. Tuffin's.

WARDSVILLE

Miss Addie Ward spent Friday in London.

Thomas Paulds spent a few days in Toronto last week.

Remember the Mosa Union S. S. convention Friday afternoon and evening. A good program is prepared. Everyone welcome. In the Anglican church.

At the sacramental services held in the Methodist church on Sunday, four united with the church.

As a result of the "At home" of the W. M. S. last week, thirteen of the men joined as honorary members of the society.

Mrs. F. B. Davis returned home from London last week.

Miss Mina O'Malley is on the sick list.

Reeve Paulds attended county council last week.

Miss Muriel McIntosh and Miss Florence Randles of Chatham business college spent the week-end at their homes here.

Rev. Mr. Fotheringham of Niagara preached in the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Mrs. (Rev.) Murphy was called to Markdale last week on account of the illness and death of her father.

Lyle Milner of Walkerville spent a few days with Jack Douglas last week.

Miss Sutherland of Delaware visited Mrs. Branton last week.

Mrs. Wesley Willis was taken to the hospital last week for a very serious operation. She is doing as well as can be expected but is very ill yet.

Miss Verna B. Waterworth, Cherry Valley, has returned home after spending a week with relatives in Glencoe.

Mrs. C. Winger received word last week of the death of her sister, Mrs. Susanna Fretz of Ridgeway, and also of the death of her cousin, Jonas Zaritz of Sherston.

Little Mildred Winger is recovering after a short illness occasioned by a severe cold.

CAIRO

The tea meeting held in the town hall under the auspices of the Presbyterian church was a grand success, financially and otherwise. Total proceeds, \$105.

The body of Frank McLean arrived from Detroit on Jan. 29 via G. T. R. and was conveyed to his former home here. He had contracted the flu, accompanied with pneumonia, and survived only nine days.

The funeral took place on Friday, Jan. 30. Rev. A. E. Wagborne of Bothwell and Cairo Presbyterian churches conducted the service. The death of this young man was a severe blow to his mother and friends, he having departed this life so suddenly and unexpectedly.

The annual meeting of the Cairo Presbyterian church took place on Thursday, Jan. 29th, and the reports from the various sources indicated progress and success, due to the leadership of Rev. A. E. Wagborne, pastor.

W. D. Smith of Aberfeldy arrived on February 1st from Detroit. He contracted the flu there but has fully recovered.

SHIELDS SIDING

Rev. Hugh D. Leitch of Regina spent the week-end at Hugh R. McAlpine's.

Mr. and Mrs. Dunc. Purcell, Wardsville, visited on Tuesday at A. J. Purcell's.

Mr. and Mrs. George McIntyre of Swan River, Manitoba, are renewing old acquaintances here.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. McAlpine visited recently with her mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Waterworth.

Mr. and Miss Wilson spent one day last week at Hugh A. McAlpine's.

Mrs. John F. McTavish is with her uncle, Archie McCahill, Alvinston, who is under the doctor's care.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Campbell and family were guests at her old home.

The W. M. S. club met in the school house of S. S. No. 12 on Wednesday of last week and made arrangements for an oyster supper to be held on Friday evening, Feb. 6.

NEWBURY CASH STORE

This is Stock-taking Week
Bargains in plenty when we finish
Watch this space

W. H. PARNALL NEWBURY

TAIT'S CORNERS

A very interesting meeting of the South Ekfrid U. P. O. was held on Friday night, Jan. 30, when a debate, "Resolved that the farmer needs a higher education to take his place in the activities of the country," was very ably discussed. Speakers for the affirmative were R. D. Coad and Will Cyster and for the negative Mrs. James McRae and Mrs. J. S. McAlpine. A decision was given in favor of the negative. The musical part of the program was ably rendered by the following:—Violin selections by Russell Childs, Will Cyster and Philip Coad, solo by D. H. McRae, instrumental duet by Miss Alberta and Donald McRae, solo by Mrs. J. S. McAlpine, and vocal duet by Mrs. James McRae and Mac. McAlpine. Wilfrid Lethbridge, who very ably filled the chair for the evening, made a number of well-chosen and humorous remarks. The meeting was then brought to a close, to meet on Friday evening, Feb. 27. This meeting will be taken charge of by the U. P. W. O.

CASHMERE

Mr. Cadogan of Kintore is visiting his sister, Mrs. Charles Tunks.

The death occurred on January 25 of Lawrence Duckworth, aged 92 years. He leaves to mourn his loss his widow and two daughters and four sons.

Melvin Sittler has returned to River Rouge after spending six weeks at his home here.

Mrs. Fred Jeffery spent the week-end at Chatham.

League will be held as usual on Wednesday at 8 p. m. The topic will be taken by Basil Sittler.

We extend our deepest sympathy to E. Duckworth and family in their recent sad bereavement.

Mrs. Calvin Sittler spent a few days at Newbury with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jeffery.

Mrs. Wesley Willis was taken to the hospital in London on Friday.

On Sunday sacrament was dispensed, when eighteen new members were taken into the church.

STRATHBURN

Many cases of the flu are reported in this section, the latest to be taken ill being three members of the family of Duncan K. McRae. Three of the Willey family, three of the Ross McAlpine family and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Lethbridge are recovering from the disease.

Russell Childs took a sleighload of young sports to the hockey match at Alvinston on Monday evening.

Bert Cyster was had to close his mill for a few days on account of scarcity of fuel.

Try a little advertising!

TEMPERATURES OF AIR

The Atmosphere and its Relation to Agriculture.

High and Low Temperatures Sometimes Beneficial and Sometimes Harmful—Old Sol the Primary Source of Heat and Light—An Interesting Study of Air—Live Stock Notes.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

ATMOSPHERIC temperature has ever been a matter of much concern to agriculturalists. A high temperature, although necessary and beneficial in some cases, is detrimental in others, but in each case requires a liberal amount of precipitation. On the other hand the destructive frost of late spring and early autumn is an unpleasant but frequent visitor to the agriculturalist. Man has harnessed much of nature and made it his servant, but as yet no one can say that man can control the atmospheric temperature, although he may modify it in a few instances or overcome some of its disastrous effects.

The primary source of all heat is the sun. Old Sol shines and heat and light travels the intervening 92,900,000 miles of space with a velocity of 186,000 miles per second. Some of this heat is absorbed in its transit by dust particles, water-vapor and the temperature of the air in contact with it. The latter has the greater effect on air temperature.

Local conditions have a great effect on temperature. Water requires about five times the quantity of heat to raise its temperature one degree as does soil, thus large water areas tend to prevent high temperatures. Also, as there is always slow evaporation and it requires about 300 times as much heat to evaporate one gallon of water as to raise its temperature one degree, the temperature is kept more moderate. Large swamp and bush areas free large quantities of water to the atmosphere as well as retaining the spring water longer in the country and consequently has a moderating effect.

Frosts are also prevented by water, swamp and bush areas, because they produce a high humidity and are not so readily cooled as large land areas. Air of high humidity acts as a better blanket as it were, than the dry air. Also the temperature at which dew formed is higher and the lowering of the temperature may be sufficiently arrested to eliminate any danger of frosts.

The type of agriculture in any section is decided by its air temperature. Any new crops which are imported must first become acclimatized to that section before they are a success. Winter cereal crops of Ontario and hay crops are not affected by extremely low temperatures unless growth is started by warm weather followed by low temperature or by heaving of the soil about the roots. Late spring and early fall frosts are a critical period between the temperature does not drop below 25 deg. F. only the tenderest vegetation suffers, but if below it wholesale destruction results. High temperatures cause string evaporation from the leaves of plants and thus the need of a large amount of precipitation to prevent stunting or death itself.

In a pamphlet by A. J. Connor, of the Entomological Office, Toronto, an interesting relation between the growth and yield of wheat and the temperature is set forth. Both yield and growth are increased by a low temperature and a low range in temperature. A critical period appears to exist in the latter part of the 90 days following sowing, and if the weather in this period be warm, dry, with great temperature range, the wheat plants will head quickly and the harvest be light; but if the cool moist conditions exist heading will be postponed and the yield increased. Thus it remains a matter of seeding at the proper time to insure the cool moist weather in the critical period. In the Western Provinces the sowing is early, namely, the last of April, throwing the critical period about the middle of July, the variability of the temperature of which is the critical factor. However, the rule there is the earlier the better, while in Ontario we are unable to sow spring wheat sufficiently early to procure that desired cool, moist weather, nor can it be obtained by late sowing.

All cereals are best adapted to the temperate regions and especially those of low temperature and small temperature range. Consequently the above temperature effect is applicable to all. Fruits as a rule require a higher temperature region, but not a high-temperature range. Many fruits, however, have a wide distribution and is the result of variety.—R. C. Moffatt, O. A. College, Guelph.

Live Stock Notes.

This is the time of year when horses are in danger of getting too much hay and too little exercise. Idle horses will keep in much better condition if given regular exercise, and if their supply of hay is wisely restricted.

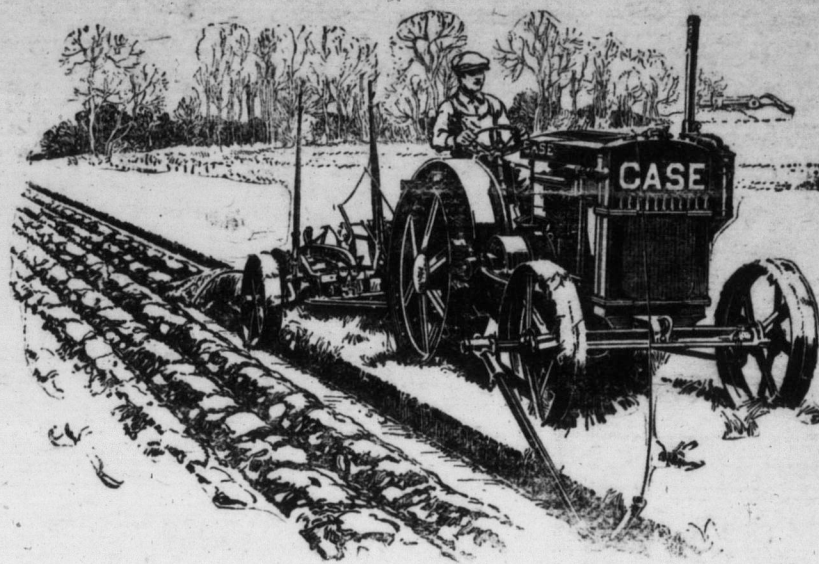
Stables that are well ventilated and lighted, even though on the cold side, are more comfortable and more healthful than dark, steamy, warm stables.

Young cattle and breeding stock of beef breeds only a short outdoor run every day during winter, and treatment of this kind promotes health.

Breeding ewes must have abundant exercise if vigorous, healthy lambs are looked for.

Good alfalfa or clover hay, with about four pounds roots, or two or three pounds of turnips, per ewe, per day, makes a good ration.

Roots fed to horses not at hard work will cut down the cost, as well as add variety, to the ration.



Case 10-20 Tractor A Real Tractor

Winner at Chatham competition against a field of 37.

Hyatt Roller Bearings; Valve in Head Motor; develops 3 more horsepower than rating.

Your best protection against depreciation is to buy a Case. See

N. & A. M. Graham, Glencoe

NORTH EKFRID

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. Robert Pierce is very ill with pneumonia. Teaming gravel is now the order of the day. Something doing in the spring.

Rev. Mr. McIntosh of London gave an interesting address on the Forward Movement in the Presbyterian church Friday evening of this week.

Louis Ramey and brother Emerson are recovering from a slight attack of the flu.

Mrs. George Chisholm is very ill with influenza.

APPIN

A meeting of the literary society was held on Tuesday evening, Jan. 27. An excellent program was given and over fifty members were enrolled. On account of the flu the officers have decided not to hold any more meetings until further notice.

The monthly meeting of the Women's Institute was held in the town hall on January 29 with an attendance of 33. The debate "Resolved that consolidated schools are beneficial to the community" proved interesting.

The affirmative was upheld by Mrs. Brownlee and Mrs. (Rev.) McCulloch, and the negative by Mrs. John Macfie and Miss Walters. The affirmative won by two points. Instrumental selections were given by Miss Walters, Miss Jeannette Lotan and Miss Mary Galbraith. Lunch was served by Mrs. Charles Bardwell and Mrs. L. D. Galbraith. A charge of 25c will be made to anyone wishing to use the library books between now and April, also a charge of 2c per day on all books not returned at the end of 14 days from date taken out.

Mrs. Hugh Rankin was called to Windsor on Saturday to see her daughter, Mrs. Harold Hewitt, who is very ill with pneumonia.

EUPHEMIA

The bear saw his shadow. According to prophecy, February's going to have six weeks of continued rip-snotter weather.

The flu epidemic is on the rampage throughout the township and cases are so numerous that medical attendance for all is not available. They say there's nothing in a name, but in our opinion if people would be content to just call it gripe and dose up with the old goose oil, turpentine and mustard remedies further medical attendance would be nil.

"Lots of snow—lots of wheat" is an old saying. We suppose this means oats, corn and all the rest. So cheer up. It's coming your way bye and bye.

Reeve W. J. Davis, who was a contender for the wardship over at Sarnia, has been very poorly since his return home.

That farmers are determined to fully learn the dark secrets of the abnormal profits of the middlemen is being manifested by the fact that several in our vicinity have disposed of their farms and gone into general merchandising.

Wedding cake boxes at The Transcript office.

Begin the new year right by providing yourself with Scott's Simplified Accounting Systems for Farmers. The Transcript is handling them for this district. Call and examine. Every farmer should have one.

BARGAINS - BARGAINS

We are still stock-taking and finding lots of lines that we are clearing out at reduced prices to make room for the Spring Goods. Every day we put out new lines on the bargain table as we find them, and as the quantities are sometimes small we do not attempt to advertise them, but it will pay you well to come often to our store and see lines displayed. All the Special Sales advertised in last week's papers will be continued this week, including the following Special Sales:

Special Sale Little Daisy Hose—These are the best quality of Pure Cashmere Stockings for children, sizes 5 to 8, in following shades—red, brown, pink, pale blue. We haven't complete sizes in every shade but we have every size in some of these colors. Present prices of these stockings—65c for small sizes to \$1.25 for large sizes. **This week we offer any size at one price—49c pair.**

Two Specials in Infant's Shoes—25 pairs Infant's Shoes, sizes 1 to 5. Your choice for 69c pair. 15 pairs Infant's Shoes, sizes 4 to 7, one price—98c pair.

Special Sale Boys' One-Buckle Mackinaw Rubbers—Sizes 11 to 13, sale price \$1.39. Sizes 1 to 5, sale price \$1.59.

Ladies' Waists in Print and Wrappe—About 12 Waists to sell, small sizes—34 to 36. Take them at 35c each.

Eiderdown Wool—A Beautiful Yarn for knitting ladies' or girls' caps or scarfs, also excellent for making slippers. Colors—black, red, navy and gray. While it lasts—4 skeins for 50c.

Specials for 1 Week--Prices Good Till Wednesday, Feb. 11

Finnan Haddie, pound tins, 2 for..... 39 cents
Kipperd Herring, 2 tins for..... 34 cents
Ladies' Print Aprons, with bib and strap over shoulder..... 59c each

MULLIGAN'S THE PEOPLE'S STORE WARDSVILLE