St. John Chronicle.

AND COLONIAL CONSERVATIVE.

Volume XVII. Saint John, New-Brunswick, Friday, November 5, 1852. Number 6.

THE SAINT JOHN CHRONICLE,

is published every Friday afternoon, by WILLIAM DURANT, at his Office in the Brick Building of L. H. Deveber & Son, west side Prince Wm. street.

☞ Visiting and Business Cards, (plain and ornamental,) Handbills, Blanks, and Printing generally, neatly executed.

TERMS OF THE CHRONICLE:

12s. 6d. in Advance;—$3 if not paid until the termination of the year;

but as the Proprietor intends to discontinue, as far as practicable, the *Credit system*, and stop the practice of making *good subscribers* contribute for those who *never pay*, he offers the following

Inducements for Clubbing,

by which means parties will be able to procure a valuable Family and Business Newspaper at a CHEAPER RATE than any heretofore offered in this Province. He proposes to send

For $10 IN ADVANCE, 5 copies of the Chronicle, *to one address*, to any part of this or the Sister Provinces, for One Year;

For $20 in advance, 11 copies for One Year;

For $40 in advance, 24 copies for One Year;

Mind! IN ADVANCE, and to one address.

☞ No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the discretion of the publisher.

All letters, orders, communications, &c., must be post paid, and addressed to

WILLIAM DURANT,
Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

Mutual Assurance Company.

JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER, Esquire, *President.*
J. V. LAWRENCE, ZEBEDEE RING, } *Directors.*
S. L. TILLEY, S. K. FOSTER,
J. M. ROBINSON, Esquire, *Solicitor.*
ISAAC WOODWARD, Esquire, *Secretary.*

Applications for Insurance against Fire to be made at the Office of the Secretary North Market Wharf.

DOOLEY'S

Merchant's Exchange Hotel—Post Office Building

State Street, BOSTON.

TERMS—ONE DOLLAR per day.

CHARLES W. STUCKTON,
Attorney & Barrister at Law,
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

CHARLES W. WELDON,
Attorney at Law & Notary Public
OFFICE—Over Messrs. Ranney, Sturdee & Co
Prince William-street, St. John, N. B.
May 28, 1852.

1852.
Spring Style of HATS.
C. D. EVERETT & SON

HAVE just received, per *Cuba* from Boston, their *Spring Style* of HAT BLOCKS, and are prepared to furnish Gentlemen with *Fashionable HATS*, of various qualities.

Our best Hats, which are equal to the best manufactured in the United States or elsewhere, are only 20s. each; other qualities proportionally low.

HATS and CAPS of all kinds constantly on hand. ☞ *Call and see the New Style.*

C. D. EVERETT & SON,
East side Market Square and
North side King-Street.
March 12.

SOAP & CANDLE MANUFACTORY.
GEORGE WOODS,
West side Water Street, between the Ferry Landing and Fish Market,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
August 29, 1851.

HAMMOND RIVER HOUSE.

THE Subscriber grateful for past patronage from the Travelling community, begs to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has lately removed his establishment to the above House, 16 miles from this City, 1 mile North of Hammond River Bridge, where he is prepared to entertain Travellers at all times and seasons.

DINNERS, &c. &c., go up at shortest notice.
Constantly on hand, a choice supply of WINES, &c. &c.
Comfortable and commodious Stabling attached to the Premises, careful hostlers always in attendance.
WASHINGTON ALDEN.
February 2, 1849.

JOHN BARRY,
Silver Smith, Jeweller & Engraver
North side of King Street, St. John, N. B., a few doors below the *Waverley House.*

MANUFACTURER of all kinds Silver Plate, viz: Tea, Table, and Dessert Spoons; Forks, Ladles, Fish and Butter Knives, &c. &c.; also, Silver Cups of different patterns, which he will furnish *Cheaper* than any other House in the City. The above work is warranted to be made of Sterling Silver, and for neatness of style and superiority of finish, challenges competition.

JEWELLERY made to order and repaired.

—All Kinds of ENGRAVING neatly executed.

Traders, Pedlers and others, furnished with plain Gold Finger RINGS *cheaper* than can be imported. In all cases punctuality may be relied on. Cash pays the highest price given for Old Silver.
June 4.

HIBERNIAN HOTEL,—At the old Stand Again!

THE Subscriber would respectfully intimate to his friends and the public at large that he again occupies the old stand, and he is prepared to furnish those who favor him with the comforts of the Season, and can accommodate families or Ed with which they have been formerly accommodated in this Establishment.

DINNERS, SOUPS, LUNCHES, SUPPERS, &c. to the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
JAMES METHERY.
St. John, N. B., May 7th, 1852.

HENRY P. SANCTON,
Soap and Candle Manufacturer,
ORANGE STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.,

HAS constantly on hand, SOAP and CANDLES which he can recommend to his friends and the public in general—such as cannot fail to give satisfaction to the consumer and dealer—and trusts, by attending to his business, to ensure as amount of patronage which it will be his effort to deserve and extend.

☞ Those who are in want are invited to call and see for themselves—We confidently assert that there are no better manufactured in the City.—The smallest favor thankfully received.

☞ *MIND!! Orange-Street—near the Centenary Chapel.* July 2.—3†

WM. WESTLOTORN,

HAS Removed his place of business to Dock street opposite the Store of Mr. Ferguson, where he will be ready at all times to execute orders in his line.

☞ Journeymen and an Apprentice wanted.

TURPENTINE & OLIVE OIL.—To
Barrels Spirits of TURPENTINE,
Casks of OLIVE OIL,
August 6. S. L. TILLEY.

National Loan Fund LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY of London.

EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
Capital, £500,000 sterling.
Exclusive of a Reserved Fund (Surplus Premiums) of £51,000 sterling.

BOARD OF LOCAL DIRECTORS AT ST. JOHN, N. B.
(Office Nelson street.)
ROBERT F. HAZEN, *Chairman.*
Edward Allison, Esq. William Wright, Esq.
John H. Gray, Esq.
Medical Examiner.—Wm. Bayard, Esq., M. D.

Advantages offered by this Society.

PERFECT SECURITY, arising from a large Capital totally independent of the Premium Fund.

LOANS.—Two-thirds of the Annual Premiums paid, or half the Premiums for the first five years, which half may remain on interest, to be deducted from the amount of the Policy at the death of the insured.

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM.—The rates of Premium are as low as any society of equal standing.

DIVISIONS OF PROFITS.—The Bonus in the Society are declared annually, and each year the Assured has the option of receiving the profits in Cash in reduction of Premium, or in addition to the sum insured.—The Bonus are permanent.

Premiums may be paid Annually, Half-Yearly, or Quarterly.

Insurance may be effected for one year, for five years, or for life, with or without participation in the profits of the society.

A liberal allowance for the surrender of policies.

Every information to the Society's Rates of Premium, mode of Insurance, and blank forms of application, may be had at the Office of the subscribers, or of the sub-Agents, who have Pamphlets for gratuitous distribution, and all documents required for effecting Insurance.

CALIFORNIA.—Parties proceeding to California can effect insurance on liberal terms.

SUB-AGENTS FOR NEW BRUNSWICK.
Bathurst: Theophilus Deblois, Esq.
Chatham: William Carman, Junior, Esq.,
Dorchester: Albert J. Smith, Esquire,
Dalhousie: William S. Smith, Esq.,
Fredericton: J. Henry Phair, Esq.,
Hampton: Samuel Hallett, Esq.,
Hopewell: Thomas B. Moore, Esq.,
Monkton (the Bend) Bliss Botsford, Esq.,
Newcastle: Edward Williston, Esq.,
Richibucto: William Bowser, Esq.,
St. Andrews: George D. Street, Esq.,
St. Stephens: W. T. Rose, Esq.,
Shediac and Cocagne: Richard C. Scovil, Esq.,
Woodstock: James Robertson, Esq.

WILLIAM J. STARR,
February, 1850. *Manager, St. John, N. B*

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON Fire and Life Insurance Company.
[*Established in* 1836.]

Capital £2,000,000—in shares of Twenty Pounds.

THE Stockholders of this Company are responsible to the full extent of their property for the liabilities of the Company.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Public of New-Brunswick that the above-named Company have empowered him, by a full and ample Power of Attorney, to open an Office in the City of Saint John, for the Insurance of PROPERTY against loss or damage by FIRE, in any part of the Province, and to sign and issue Policies in the name of the Company; and that in virtue of the power vested in him by the said Power of Attorney, he has appointed Mr. ADAM JACK to act as Agent for the said Company, in the receiving of proposals for Insurance, and the inspection of premises proposed for Insurance, and all other the usual duties of an Agent; and to collect and receive the amount of premium on any policy issued by the undersigned in the name of the said Company, or for the renewal of the same.

The Deed of settlement, and the supplemental Deed of settlement, lies with Mr. JACK, at the Office of the *New Brunswick Marine Assurance Company*, also the pamphlets issued by the office at Liverpool, affording ample details of the mode of transacting business by the Company.

The rates of premium will be as low as any other respectable Company, and the undersigned trusts a fair portion of public patronage will be accorded to the Company.

Losses not exceeding £300 will be settled without referring to the head Office at Liverpool.

EDWARD ALLISON.
Dated at St. John, N. B., 4th August, 1851.

RAILROAD HOUSE,
SOUTH SIDE KING STREET—ST. JOHN

THE Subscriber, in accordance with the fashion of the day, deems it necessary to acquaint his friends and the Travelling Public, that he has Fitted Furnished, and Repaired his House, in a manner that defies rivalry, for the accommodation of PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS.

His Fare consists of the choicest delicacies of the season. Clean Beds, good attendance, and (Better yet) moderate charges, are the prominent features of his establishment.

Truly grateful to his former patrons, he solicits a continuance of public favour.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ESTABLISHMENT IS A

LIVERY STABLE,

With Fashionable "Turn-Outs." And excellent accommodations for the Horses of Travellers and Country customers.
May 21. JAMES E. McDONALD.

FASHIONS!—The Subscribers have made arrangements by their Senior when in Paris last season, to receive a regular supply of the New Parisian Fashionable Styles, as early as they appear. Our Spring Stock of these Goods, to be opened by the *Devon* upon arrival, from one of the first houses in the trade, will convince our patrons that the newest fashions, with combined elegance, durability and cheapness, are at all times offered to our customers.
LOCKHART & CO.

TURPENTINE AND BURNING FLUID.—
3 Casks Burning Fluid; 4 do. Spirits Turpentine. For sale by
23. July FELLOWS & CO.

NOTICE.

A. McL. SEELY has removed his Office to the City Wiggins' Brick Building, over the Telegraph Office, and opposite the new Post Office, where he will continue the business of

TIMBER BROKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Having in May last resigned his Pond business to RICHARD SEELY and D. V. ROBBERS, and the receiving and surveying of Timber at Indian Town to GEO. W. ROBBERS, solicits for them that patronage so liberally bestowed on himself. 3† May 7.

WINE, BRANDY, &c.—Now landing ex *Sir Harry Smith* from London, *Henry Porcher* from Grangemouth, and *Oromocto* from Clyde—Our Spring supply of Choice Old WINES, &c. consisting of Port, Pale Golden and BROWN SHERRY, Madeira, Pale and Brown Cognac BRANDY, Hollands' GENEVA, London Brown Stout and PORTER, Scotch and East India PALE ALE, which with a well assorted Stock of choice Old WINE, &c., are offered for Sale by.
RANNEY, STURDEE & CO.,
WINE MERCHANTS.
May, 7.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.
In King's County.

THE FARM, comprising Lots 34 and 35, containing 400 acres each, situated on Mill stream, Studholm, one mile above Hon. John Ryan's residence, 100 acres of which is very superior Intervale, 50 acres cleared.

There are on the Premises a good HOUSE, and a new Frame BARN, 30x40 feet.

Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, if required, and at a low figure.

Reference to W. E. Jack, Esq., or Mr. C. Betts.
St. John, April 23, 1852.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, his Farm, situated in the Parish of Springfield, (King's County.) The said Farm contains Two Hundred Acres, Eighty of which is cleared and under good cultivation, with a comfortable Dwelling House, and good BARN; cuts Twenty Five Tons English HAY, annually. The Farm is situated near a Grist and Saw Mill, and likewise a Carding Machine, and within 4 miles of Belesle Church, and 1 1-2 of the Baptist Meeting House. It is known as the Case Settlement, and branches off from the Finger Board to Sussex and Mill Stream, and is within thirty-three miles of the City of Saint John.

Terms of Sale will be half down, and the remaining half in yearly instalments.

For further particular apply to the Subscriber on the premises. JOHN O'NEIL.
Springfield, (K. C.) June 18, 1852.

FARM at Musquash for sale:—

A VERY valuable and well situated FARM, at Musquash in the Parish of Lancaster, 15 miles from the City of Saint John, containing 460 acres in the whole—60 acres of which are Dyked Marsh, the remaining best quality Upland, about 100 acres being cleared and in excellent condition.—The Mail Road to St. Andrews and the United States runs through the property. It is situated in the Village of Musquash—bounded on one side by the River, and in a place well calculated both for farming purposes and a public establishment.

There is on the place, a large and convenient Dwelling House, in good repair; also, a small house, suitable for a tenant; a Blacksmith's Shop, and two large Barns, capable of containing 60 tons of hay besides cattle; and plenty of good water near the house.

The Farm and Establishment will be found on examination to be well worthy the attention of any persons inclined to purchase; and the probability is that the Western Railroad Depot will be at this spot.

The terms of payment will be made easy; and further particulars may be obtained on application to DUNCAN ROBERTSON, Esquire, Barrister at Law, St. John, or to the Proprietor on the premises.
May 21, 1852. WILLIAM FOGG.

COMMERCIAL SCHOOL.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT ABOLISHED!—MORALS GUARDED! *Good Pupils only Retained!! The Incorrigible Expelled!!!*—This School contains three departments—the INFANT, the COMMERCIAL and the MATHEMATICAL. The Infant department, conducted by a female, accommodates pupils of both sexes, from 3 to 6 years of age, in Spelling, Reading, Mental Arithmetic, and Natural History, at 7s. 6d per quarter. The Commercial Department, conducted by two teachers, receives pupils leaving the Infant Department, and furnishes to them a through instruction from Spelling up to Common and Mental ARITHMETIC—the elements of Mathematics, Geography with the use of the Globes, English Grammar, &c., together with Reading and Writing, at fees from 10s to 20s per quarter.—The Mathematical Department, conducted by two teachers, comprises Composition, Ancient and Modern History, Book Keeping, use of the Globes, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Astronomy, &c., the Reading Writing and Speaking of the FRENCH LANGUAGE, and Classics, at fees from 25s to 50s per quarter.

S. D. MILLER, A. M.,
ay 10 tf *Manager.*

Cod Liver Oil.

20 GALLONS, pure and fresh, without any offensive taste or smell; just received from Newfoundland.

GEORGE F. EVERETT & CO.
No. 4 King-street. (adjoining Barlow's Corner.)

New-Brunswick STEAM, BLIND, DOOR, AND BLIND FACTORY,—*Harding Street, St. John.*

HAVING put up the best Machinery that can be procured for the manufacture of Doors, Sashes, inside and outside Blinds, Window Frames, Mouldings, and other kinds of Wood Work. I am prepared to furnish to any extent the best and cheapest article ever offered to the people of this Province.
May 9. JOHN E. TURNBULL.

For Sale or Lease,
And immediate Possession given:—

A SAW MILL, with 300 acres of Land attached, in upper Sussex, formerly owned by John C. Vail, Esq., and now in possession of H. C. Snider—Terms moderate. Enquire of
Feb. 27. L. H. DEVEBER & SON.

DRUGS, Medicines, &c.—The subscriber has received per *Sir Harry Smith*, from London, his Spring Supply of English DRUGS, MEDICINES, SPICES & PERFUMERY, which together with his Stock in store, he offers Wholesale and Retail at the lowest market prices.

S. L. TILLEY.
April 23. *No. 15 King street*

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has removed the Retail DRY GOODS and FANCY WARES of the *Variety Store*, from the South Side to the *North Side of King street*, (in Vernon's Brick Building) to the Store lately occupied by Dr. Livingston, which will be conducted under the name and style of the ST. JOHN HOUSE, where a general assortment of Retail GOODS will be supplied, and solicits a continuance of the Public favours.

JOSEPH LORDLY,
Proprietor.

Selling off at the Variety Store, a large quantity of Mahogany Household Furniture, Clocks, Room Paper, Tea, Boots, Shoes, Stoves and sundry other articles. J. LORDLY.

FOREIGN GOODS.

At the Cheap Hat, Cap and Fur Store, Number 17, King st., fresh arrivals per Steamers "America" "Sarah Louisa," and William Wallace.

A FEW Cases of the *Paris* Velvet HATS, so much admired by our customers at 20s.; Drab and Silk *Kossuth* and *Magyar* HATS—best quality—*very cheap*. Leghorn and Summer Hats *in new styles*, with an extensive variety of articles Manufactured in the premises—the attention of the Wholesale and Retail Trade, is invited to this fine stock. LOCKART & Co.
June 18.

PEW FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—that eligible and commodious Pew, (cloth lined and cushioned,) No. 31, in the Organ Gallery of Trinity Church. Apply to
GEORGE BLATCH,
Barrister at Law

SHOULDER BRACES.—A fresh supply just received and for sale by
August 27. FELLOWS & CO.

BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS.—Just received per *Admiral*—a further supply by
Sept. 3 FELLOWS & CO.

POETRY.

FIRESIDE HIT.

It is pleasant to sit with one's wife,
By the light of a brilliant taper,
While one's dear companion for life
Looks over the family paper—
And now and then reads a song or a story,
A marriage, or death, or a tragedy gory.

To feel that one's nothing to do
But to sit and philosophize gravely;
Each murderous deed to eschew—
Applauding the editor bravely,
For his tact and his talent, his taste and his shears,
Now waking in laughter, now moving in tears.

Oh, happy the man that is blest.
With a wife who can tastefully read,
Who will give his newspaper no rest
Till its items have all gone to seed—
Who exclaims now and then, as she pricks up the taper,
My dear, wont the printer want PAY for his paper?

PARISH OF SIMONDS AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Fair and Cattle Show appointed by this Society was held at Loch Lomond on Thursday the 14th October. The Stock, Grain, Vegetables, &c. exhibited on the occasion did great credit to the farmers of the Parish, and, in many instances, their excellence surprised gentlemen from a distance, who were present.

The following is a list of successful competitors, to whom the judges awarded premiums:

1st Prize	—3 year old Bull,		William Hawks,
2d	"	do. do.	Caleb Ratcliffe,
1st	"	2 year old Bull,	Robert Power,
2d	"	do. do.	Robert Moore,
1st	"	1 year old Bull,	Alonzo A. Darrow,
2d	"	do. do.	Richard Sands,
1st	"	Dairy Cow,	Alonzo A. Darrow,
2d	"	do.	George Cody,
1st	"	2 year old Heifer,	George Cody,
2d	"	do. do.	A Darrow,
1st	"	1 year old Heifer,	William Hawks,
2d	"	do. do.	Robert Power,
1st	"	Calf Heifer,	Richard Sands,
2d	"	do.	R. Allan,
1st	"	Mare and Colt,	John Jordon,
1st	"	2 year old Colt,	John Moore,
1st	"	1 year old Colt,	William Hawks,
2d	"	do, do.	James Ennis,
1st	"	Ram,	Caleb Ratcliffe,
2d	"	do.	William Hawks,
1st	"	Ewe,	George Cody,
2d	"	do.	Peter Dewar,
1st	"	Pair Lambs,	George Cody,
2d	"	do.	William Hawks,
1st	"	Sow, over year,	George Cody,
2d	"	do.	Henry Nichols,
1st	"	Sow, under year,	John Jordon,
2d	"	do.	Richard Sands.

JOHN K. CAMPBELL,
JOHN McAVITY,
ROBERT KELTIE, } *Judges.*

The Judges appointed to award premiums for the best sample of Grain, Roots, &c. report as follows:

In Wheat, there was one sample grown by R. Douglas, weighing 63 1-2 lbs., to whom the first premium was awarded.

Oats—1st prize, James Cunningham; 2d, P. Murphy.

Barley—1st, R. Douglas; 2d, Robert Keltie.

Buckwheat—1st, J. Cunningham; 2d, Robert Douglas.

Peas—1st, R. Sands; 2d, J. Cunningham.

Swedish Turnips—1st, Henry Nichols; 2d, William Hawks.

Yellow do.—1st, R. Douglas; 2d, J. Davidson.

Early Horn Carrots—1st George Ambrose; 2d, Robert Douglas.

Long Orange do.—1st, R. Douglas; 2d, Richard Sands.

White do.—1st, Robert Douglas.

Parsnips—1st, R. Sands; 2d, R. Sands.

Mangold—1st, Robert Douglas.

Early Blue Potatoes—1st. James Davidson; 2d, Patrick Murphy.

Any other kind—1st, Robert Douglas; 2d, Patrick Murphy.

Cabbage—1st, R. Douglas; 2d, James Cunningham.

Pumpkins—1st, R. Sands; 2d, Robert Allan.

Squash—1st, R. Sands; 2d, Robert Allan.

Turnip Seed—1st, J Cunningham; 2d, John Collins.

Parsnip Seed—1st, R. Douglas; 2d, J. Collins.

Carrot Seed—1st, Richard Sand-.

Homespun Cloth—1st, Caleb Ratcliffe.

Timothy Seed—1st, Caleb Ratcliffe; 2d, Patrick Murphy.

Firkin Butter—1st, Patrick Murphy; 2d, Peter Dewar; 3d, Robert Power.

Ten pounds Roll Butter—1st, Patrick Murphy; 2d, Robert Moore; 3d, Robert Douglas.

Four do. do.—1st, James Cunningham; 2d, J. Cunningham; 3d, Robert Power.

JAMES BROWN,
THOMAS DAVIDSON,
AARON HASTINGS. }

The Judges appointed to view the Grain and Potatoe Crops in the Field, have awarded premiums to the following competitors, viz:—

The best Field of Wheat,	Robert Douglas,
2d do. do.	James Cother,
The best Field of Barley,	Robert Douglas,
2d do. do.	Alonzo B. Darrow,
The best Field of Peas,	Richard Sands,
2d do. do.	Robert Douglas,
The best Field of Potatoes,	James Brayden,
2d do. do.	James Brown, Esq.,
The best Field of Oats,	Patrick Murphy,
2d do. do.	Robert R. Allan,
The best Field of Buckwheat,	John Connoway,
2d do. do.	James Brayden.

JAMES McCORMICK,
PATRICK BROWN,
ROBERT BOWES, } *Judges.*

The undersigned Committee appointed at the last Monthly Meeting to inspect the Root Crops, have attended to the same, and awarded the premiums to the following competitors:—

For the best Field of Turnips,	Henry Nichols,
second do.	Robert Douglas,
best Carrots,	Richard Sands,
second do.	Robert Douglas,
best Cabbages,	Robert Douglas,
second do.	James Brayden.
best Parsnips,	Richard Sands,
best Mangold Wortzel,	Robert Douglas,

PETER DEWAR,
GEORGE H. CODY.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.—In pursuance of Warrant under the Sign Manual of Her Most Gracious Majesty, dated the 7th day of January, 1850, I do hereby appoint RICHARD HANSON, Esq., of Fredericton, in the County of York, to enlist and attest, in the Province of New Brunswick any soldiers or persons desirous of enlisting or re-enlisting into the Army of the Queen. Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, in the year of our Lord, 1852, October 13.

EDMUND HEAD,
Lieut. Governor.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that at a meeting of the Honorable the Provincial Board of Education, held on the 9th instant, it was ordered, in pursuance of the Act 15 Victoria Chapter 40, Section 20, that the Parish School Teachers be paid by Warrants payable to the Treasurer or a Deputy Treasurer, such Warrants to be issued in the names of the Teachers themselves, and to be paid only to the Teachers themselves or to their order endorsed on the Warrants.

JAMES PORTER, *Secretary to the Board.*

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.—His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to appoint Ward Chipman Drury, Esq., to act as his Private Secretary in the place of Richard T. Pennefather, Esq., absent on leave.

By His Excellency's Command.
Secretary's Office, Oct. 15th, 1852.

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.—The Reverend John Quin, to be a Commissioner of the Roman Catholic School in the city of St. John, in the room of the Reverend James Quin, who has left the County.

By His Excellency's Command.
J. R. PARTELOW.
Secretary's Office, October 16, 1852.

THE AMERICAN FISHERIES.

(From the North Wales Chronicle.)

The subject of peculiar interest at the present moment is our North American fisheries, and the amusing fury and frailty of the Yankee in reprobating our conduct in managing our own affairs:

Let us put the case upon its legs. Have the French any right to fish for oysters or anything else in Carnarvon Bay? The answer to this must be in the negative. But supposing that the temptation were strong enough, our liberality profuse enough, and that our political economy absurd enough, and that the French *were* allowed to fish in our waters occasionally without any remonstrances being made, would that fact of poaching constitute a right, or confer a privilege that never was conveyed nor recognized?

This is the British question as regards the American claim to a right of fishing by consent or connivance in the Bays of Fundy and Chaleur in our North Western possessions. It is well known, as it is lamentable, that the American fisheries in our waters have been flourishing, while our own have gone to decay. This has not been caused by superior skill on their part, or want of capital or inferior industry on our part, but solely by the encouragement which the Government of the United States give to their fishermen, and the Government of this country have refused to her Majesty's subjects. The Americans, in their wisdom, give bounties, (so much per cwt. for all fish caught and cured on our coasts), while we, in our profound ignorance, repudiate bounties as being obnoxious to the admired principles of the quack school of political economy.

Our North American colonists have long and loudly complained of this injustice. But while the Whigs were in office they complained in vain. The men of the Economy School did not see any value in colonies at all—the idiots of the Peace Society considered it a waste of the public money, in paying soldiers to defend our own possessions—and all the Free-traders to a man thought if the Foreigner could compete successfully with our countrymen, no matter by what means, the former ought to be encouraged and the latter consigned to ruin.

But when Lord Derby was called to office the neglected and despised grievances of our Colonists were respectfully listened to. The justice of their cause was abundantly clear. The redress they sought could not be refused by an honest and independent Minister of the Crown. It, then, became Lord Derby's duty, either to expel the intruders from our waters altogether, or impose upon them tonnage duties, or what is more likely to be the result, grant bounties to our Colonial and British fishermen.

First and foremost, however, it was necessary to send an armed Squadron of Steamers to ascertain the extent of the encroachment. This movement alarmed the Americans, and it was made the subject of party clamour in the approaching Presidential election. Mr. Webster, who is called a statesman, a great and gifted orator, a Demosthenes from the slave states of the South, had the bad taste, and unpardonable weakness to sound the tocsin of war, and ever since, the whole democratic press have been blustering and bragging, and menacing us with annihilation or something worse.

Now all these threats are equally vain and senseless. England has the undoubted and unquestioned right to send her fleets into her own Bays, Creeks, Rivers, and Waters. America has no such right. If she would dare to send a single frigate or armed vessel into the Bay of Fundy or Chaleur, without the consent of the British Government, it would amount to a *casus belli*—it would lead to a declaration of war and an immediate embargo on every American ship in the port of Liverpool and all the other ports in the kingdom. But we have no fear of this. The Americans are brave in talk, and cautious in everything but speech; and they are never at a loss for noise, while they have so many thousand of Irish rebels ready to back them in their chorus of yells. But there will be no war, no fighting. As soon as Parliament meets, the whole case of our deeply-injured American Colonists will be presented to its deliberation, and it will then have to be decided, whether we ought not give to the subjects of Queen Victoria the same protection and encouragement which foreigners receive from their respective Governments.

Of course to purchase prosperity, and meet rivalry, by means of bounties, will be a reversal of the recent policy, an abandonment of those economics which have been the delight of the small statesmen of this degenerate age. But necessity has no respect for theories, any more than hunger has for stone walls. Justice is on the side of our colonial countrymen, and that will prevail over all the fine fustian fabrics of the Manchester School.

It is not a little remarkable, and worthy of notice at this juncture, that every kind of trade and manufacture that has excelled, or is still eminent in this country, has been promoted, if not created by bounties. By bounties alone calico printing was introduced into England in competition with the French, cured herring against the Dutch, and various other products and fabrics. Parliamentary rewards encouraged and gave us eminence in chronometers and watch movements, and so with many other things. Why then should we not once more take the leaf out of an old book, and revert to the bounty system? It is a question of life and death to the British population in New-Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and even Newfoundland. The Government of the United States, who are extremely sensitive on the subject of public and pecuniary appropriations, grant bounties, and have thereby given profitable employment to nearly nine hundred sail of vessels, and twelve thousand hardy seamen, and the French Government, with nearly the same success, pursue the same policy. Why then should we not do so likewise?

ASIATIC CHOLERA.—A correspondent of the North British Daily Mail writes as follows:—Reasoning from what happened in 1832 and 1847, Asiatic Cholera will in the course of a few months, perhaps weeks, visit Glasgow for the third time, to sweep into the grave thousands of its citizens. I believe it would prove of material use towards the prevention of this fearful scourage, were it well understood by the public that three factors seem necessary for its production. The first is an unknown change in the constitution of the elements or an unknown agent present, with them, now for the third time, moving, steadily on from East to West from Hindoostan, through Persia, Turkey, Russia, Poland, and Prussia, to the British Islands, and hence to America and to the West Indies. The second factor seems unnecessary to fix the disease in transit, and consists in the miasmata arising from putrifying animal and vegetable substances left exposed in the alleys and neglected courts of filth-accumulated towns, and especially in those parts of them which are ill supplied with water and incompletely drained. The third factor is a debilitated condition of the human body, brought on by the employment or improper articles of food especially such as tend to loosness of the bowels, and by the habitual use of intoxicating drinks. The first of these factors has hitherto proved inscrutable in its nature, and has resisted all attempts to limit its progress by sanitary conditions or quarantine regulations, but the second and third are, in a great measure, within our own power entirely indeed, were we to put in operation our protective means against them early enough; and there can be little doubt that if either of them can be annihilated, the first factor would pass over us without mischief. Cleanliness, then, and temperance are the preventives of cholera; dirt and drink beckon it and welcome it to the scene of its destructive dealings with human life."

KIRWAN'S LETTERS TO CHIEF JUSTICE TANEY.

LETTER XI.

Sham Miracles.—Altar in the Catacombs.—Saint Januarius—the Liquefaction of his blood.—A terrible Incident for the Priests.—Ara Cœli.—Bambino.—A Scene.—History of Bambino.—Its wonderful Powers.

MY DEAR SIR.—Having, as I trust, satisfied you, and all my readers, that Popery, in its forms, ceremonies, and external arrangements, is nothing but the Paganism of the old Roman state, which Christianity found there on its first introduction into our world, permit me to proceed to the consideration of some other topics.

On entering the Catacombs at Naples, the first thing that strikes you, so as to attract attention, is a rude Papal altar, covered with all the insignia of Romanism. You ask, Why is it there buried under a high mountain, and shut out from all save those visiting this wonderful receptacle of the dead of the heroic ages of Italy? The reply is, that "it marks the spot where the bones of the far-famed St. Januarius were found." "How long did they remain here," said I to our guide, "before discovered?" "About three hundred years," he replied. "But how tell, at that distance of time, whose bones they were?" "By miracle," he replied.—Of course I could say no more. In the cathedral church of the city, dedicated to this saint, is a beautiful chapel, where are two vials of his blood; I was shewn the case in which they were locked up; but my eyes were unworthy of seeing them. "How," said I to the guide, "could they get this blood, when it was not known where his body was for three hundred years?" "By miracle," was again the reply. "When, and how is it," I asked, "that this blood liquefies?" "In September, May, and December," he replied, and at other times when the bishops pray. And the blood melts when the saint's head looks at it." "But the head is dead, how can it look?" "By miracle," was the reply. "But how does the look of the head melt the blood?" "By miracle," was the answer. And egregiously absurd as the whole thing is, it is by these sham miracles that Romish priests, in all lands where belief in them is the vulgar faith, seek to retain their ascendency over a deluded people. And in all this they prove themselves to be the worthy and true successors of the Pagan priests, who sought by prodigies and omens to excite and strengthen the vulgar belief. Let me place some of these miracles before you.

"There, in two old vials, is the fabled blood of St. Januarius. On the set time, these vials are brought out by a priest; and the head, which was cut off about the year 305, and which must have been often renewed in nearly sixteen hundred years, is brought out and placed near them. The blood melts at the sight of the head. The Rev. Alban Butler, a most erudite scholar in lying wonders, tells us, "that when the blood is brought within sight of the head, though at a considerable distance, it melts, bubbles up, and upon the least motion, flows on all sides." Then a boy holds up a lamp behind the vial to make the liquefaction visible. Then the faithful, usually composed of beggars, press toward the altar, when a priest touches their forehead and lips with the wonderful vials. When persons in a clerical dress approach, which is rarely the case, it is touched to their forehead, lips, and bosom; and surely, like the soothsayers of old, they must laugh when they look each other in the face. It would seem to me that the man who left the company of waiters upon the priests, who were saying high mass for the purpose of showing us the wonders of the church, was laughing in his sleeve at our apparent credulity as he was describing to us the miracle-working relics. And that miracle of stupid credulity, Rev. Alban Butler, tells us, with all seriousness, that in 1707, the shrine of St. Januarius, carried in solemn procession, extinguished a fiery eruption of Mount Vesuvius! Indeed, he attributes the preservation of Naples from being buried, like Pompeii, in the lava of its neighboring volcano, to its possession of the head, and blood, and bones of this old saint, whose holy history is a monkish fable. A less credulous person might ask, how Vesuvius could send its lava to Naples, without first making a bridge across the bay?

The following story, often published to the confusion of the priests, was confirmed to me in Naples, and by a Neapolitan, who, though avowing himself a Catholic, loved the priests just as much as if he were an American. When the French, in the days of Napoleon, occupied that country, the blood of St. Januarius refused to liquefy, as a token of his vast displeasure with the people for permitting the Franks to abide there. The awful news was spread in whispers from the confessionals through the city. The people, especially the Lazzaroni, were determined on another "Sicilian Vespers" and on the procession of the vials, which usually calls out the entire populace. The French commander was informed of all the plot. The day arrived. High mass was said. The old head of the saint was brought within sight of the old vials, but the blood refused to liquefy! A low murmur passed through all the streets. Two cannons were wheeled in a moment before the church, and other cannon were at the corners of the streets, ready to sweep them in an instant. Orders were sent to the priests in management of the juggle, that unless the blood liquefied in 1 minutes, the church and city would be fired. In five minutes the saint changed his mind; he became alarmed, fearing the effects of a lighted match when placed in contact with gunpowder. The blood boiled up, and all the people rejoiced together. And the priests yet delude the people with the contemptible farce!—The priests that performed Pagan ceremonies in the temple of Castor and Pollux would have given up this bungling fraud long ago.

You have no doubt heard of, if you have not seen, the church of Ara Cœli at Rome. It is a very grey, bare-looking affair on the Capitoline Hill, and on the very spot, it is said, where stood the temple of Jupiter Capitolinus. It is in the possession of the Franciscan Friars, a brotherhood, we fear, that stand sadly in need of a shaking. This church is less famed for its rare treasures than for its wonderful figure of the infant Jesus, called the "Sanctissimo Bambino," whose power in healing the sick has given it a world-wide celebrity, and which receives more fees than any table pay-house in Rome. "*Bambino*" is the Italian word for child, and this image is called *Il Bambino*—*The Child*, to mark its superiority to all others. The bare-headed monks, either bowing profoundly to the earth, or piously turning up their faces to heaven, call it "Il Sanctissimo Bambino."

I have seen this wonderful image, and yet I lie. It is a wooden doll about two feet long, and is dressed, in form, to the Dutch dolls which are often given among us as a holiday present to children. It is wrapped in swaddling clothes after the custom of the Italians, so as to cover it all save its face and its feet. On its head is a royal crown, studded with brilliants; and from its head to its feet it is covered with rubies, emeralds, and diamonds. This is the favorite divinity of the lower classes of the Romans, almost casting into the shade the Virgin herself!

As the good fortune which always attends me would have it, I entered the little chapel while this image is kept in state, just in time to see a little ceremonie go through a healing process. A monk opened for us the main door, and shuffled us into a small room, whence we were shown by an

[illegible] who the wonderful chapel. There were [illegible] before the altar, three poor women [illegible] sick child. The priest who acted in the [illegible] was going through some ceremony before the altar. Soon he turned to the right, and with a [illegible] which, because feigned, was laughable, [illegible] a little cradle in which lay the glittering doll. He prayed over it; and then taking it in [illegible] upright position on the altar. Here he prayed over it again. He then took it in his hands, and [illegible] touched, with its foot, the head of the sick child, and crossed it with it. He then put its foot to the lips of the child, which was made to kiss it. And then each of the women, who were all the while upon their knees, kissed its foot. After a little more ceremony, Bambino was put back in his beautiful cradle, and the women withdrew. When the chapel was empty of Italians, we were invited inside by the priest. We were taken up to the cradle. He told us of the immense value of the jewels, many of them the gifts of kings; of the many miracles wrought by Bambino; and pointed to the many silver and gold hearts by which it was surrounded, in evidence. He gave us some items of its history, which were very rich. The cradle was under a canopy; at one end of it is Joseph; at the other, the Virgin Mary; and over it is an image of God the Father! The priest was polite, communicative, but grossly ignorant. We paid him a few pauls, and retired, wondering more, and more, and more at the shameless, lying wonders of Popery; at the folly and wickedness of its priests; and at the stupidity of its people.

As the Bambino is among the most wonderful things at Rome, and is worth more than a mine of gold to the dirty monks of Ara Cœli, I will give you some account of it, as quoted from its authentic history, published with the permission of the Pope and cardinals, and for the edification of the faithful!

It was carved in Jerusalem, by a monk of St. Francis, from a tree of olive, which grew near to the Mount of Olives. The good monk was in want of paint, and could find none. By prayer and fasting he sought paint from heaven. On a certain day he fell asleep, and lo! when he awoke, the little doll was perfectly painted, the wood looking like flesh! The fame of this prodigy spread over the country, and was the means of the conversion of many infidels. It was made for Rome, and the maker embarked with it for Italy. But the ship was wrecked; and when all gave up a holy image as lost, lo! the case in which it was, suddenly and miraculously appeared at Leghorn. This wonderfully increased its fame and the veneration of the people. Thence it was soon transported to Rome; and when first exposed to the devout gaze of believers on the Capitoline Hill, their shouts of joy and their clamorous hallelujahs ascended to the stars. On a certain occasion, it is said that a devout lady took away with her the pretty doll to her own house; but in a few days it miraculously returned to his own little chapel, during all the bells of the convents as he passed. The bells assembled all the monks, and as they passed into the church, behold, to their infinite joy, Bambino was seated on the altar. Did you ever hear of such a wonderful doll?

But this is not all. It is the universal belief among the lower classes of the Romans, that the laying of this laying of this doll at the foot of the bed of a woman in child-birth insures a safe delivrance! It is also the universal belief that this doll, by a change of its countenance, by becoming pale or flushed, infallibly indicates whether a sick person will live or die. And when doctors fail, the aid of Bambino is invoked for the recovery of the sick. It visits the sick in a splendid coach, and is attended by priests in full canonicals. As it passes along through the streets, every head is uncovered, and however muddy may be the streets, the poor are on their knees for its worship. For these visitations, the monks, who have the doll in keeping, charge the most enormous prices. During my sojourn in Rome, it was sent for to the Vatican, for the healing of somebody sick in the palace of the Pope! And this miraculous image is exposed to public veneration and adoration in a scenic presentation of the stable at Bethlehem, from the 24th of December to the 26th of January of each year, during which time tens of thousands of pence crowd the Ara Cœli and the Capitoline Hill for the purposes of its worship!

Now, Sir, here is a shameless imposture, palmed off upon an ignorant people by impious priests and monks. Nor is this thing done in a corner. This outrageous fraud is not perpetrated in Connaught, nor in Mexico, nor in Austria, nor down in deeply-degraded Sicily, but in Rome—on the Capitoline Hill—and under the eye, and by the sanction of a Pope and his cardinals! What epithets or language does our language supply sufficiently strong to express our abhorrence of the enormous wickedness of Pope, cardinals, and priests, who could thus delude and degrade an ignorant and confiding people! And yet, Sir, the priests of Romanism, steeped in these vile, lying superstitions and wonders, come over here to tell us in America that there is no salvation for us so long as we refuse to submit our necks to the yoke of this Pope and his cardinals!

And tell you, Sir—will any American citizen, in any form, give their countenance to the shameless missionaries of such miraculous nonsense?

With great respect, yours,

KIRWAN.

PUBLIC DINNER TO ISAAC BUTT, ESQ., M. P. FOR YOUGHAL.

The above demonstration came off at the Devonshire Arms Hotel, Youghal, on Monday, the 22nd September. We subjoin extracts from the speeches of Mr. Butt and Colonel Chatterton on the last occasion. They possess remarks of great interest to the great bulk of our readers. It is enough to make the blood run cold to read the details of the priestly iniquities as given by the gallant Colonel. Specimens of such brutal and unchristian outrages, as furnished by the Irish papers, we could offer to without number. We trust that the Parliament about to be convened will enact such wholesome measures as may effectually put down in the future any similar attempts on the part of these blood-stained myrmidons.

Colonel Chatterton rose to reply, and was received with several rounds of applause. He said Mr. Chairman, not being the senior military gentleman here present I feel the utmost delicacy in undertaking the pleasing duty of acknowledging the toast just proposed to the profession. To it I have the honor to belong, but being called upon, it devolves on me, and in the name of the Army I most sincerely thank you. (Cheers). It has ever been the pride of the army to receive the approbation of their fellow-citizens whether employed either at home or foreign or domestic foes. Most unhappily we have been lately much engaged in preserving the tranquility of this country, during the period of the elections, and upon some occasions, and particularly upon one, blood has been, and many lives lost; the soldiers have been assaulted and grossly used by a savage and misguided place, urged on by fanaticism and priestcraft. These outrages have been met by them with the calmest courage and the most forbearance, but as "good nature in excess weakness," such could not long be endured. Remonstrance demanded retaliation, and an example was made; but even their military firmness forth, humanity and mercy prevailed, soldiers reflecting that

"Mercy shed laurel on the warrior's brow
Which mercy wreathes,"

the volley began and closed the scene of blood. (Hear, hear). Believe me, sir, there is no thing so annoying to the soldier as being obliged to act against his fellow-citizens and countrymen, but is it to be imagined that we have in our hands the power of protecting the [illegible] and they are to profane, [illegible] they would not endeavor? Every [illegible] to protect the interests of the country called upon to protect life [illegible] destruction, spoliation, or riot, [illegible] from a foreign foe, or from ill-[illegible] by those whose sacred [illegible] other things, and who should [illegible] be the God and the counsellors of their deluded and misguided [illegible]. (Hear, hear). Although, sir, [illegible] unfortunate affair at Skibbereen either to palliate or excuse [illegible] military there engaged, for [illegible] enlightened assemblies there [illegible], nor is it my intention to [illegible] and Priest-ridden [illegible] defiance of all law, reason or [illegible] to express my regret that [illegible] proof that the great [illegible] twixt them by a bull, or "shop," which they give

[illegible] bulwark of our social freedom, which has now existed upwards of 800 years, "trial by jury," has become a dead letter in our unfortunate country; but, sir, I am anxious, as I see here so many of that admirable and most respectable fraternity, "the gentlemen of the Press" I am anxious, well knowing they

"Will nothing extenuate

[illegible] to give renewed publicity to the opinion of one of the most amiable and talented men that ever adorned the judicial bench, the late Lord Chief Justice Tindal, in his charge to the Grand Jury of the city of Bristol. During the alarming riots there (where at the time I happened to be), the officers of the army and yeomanry were much censured for not having in the first instance repelled, by force of arms, and without the authority of a magistrate, the attacks of a very violent and lawless mob, whereby a great loss of life was occasioned, and vast destruction of property, by sacking and burning several public and private edifices, the military being at that time impressed with the erroneous idea that they could not act without magisterial authority. (Hear, hear). Upon the opening of the Special Commission to try the rioters, the Lord Chief Justice, alluding to the military, remarked: "In the first place, by the common law, every private person may lawfully endeavour, of his own authority, without any warrant or sanction of a magistrate, to suppress a riot by every means in his power. He may disperse, or assist in dispersing, those who are assembled, and not only has he the authority, but it is his bounden duty, as a good subject of the king, to perform this to the utmost of his ability. If the riot be general or dangerous, he may arm himself against evil doers to keep the peace. The law acknowledges no distinction in this respect between the soldier and the private individual. The soldier is still a citizen, lying under the same obligation, invested with the same authority to preserve the peace of the king as any other subject. If the one is bound to attend to the call of the civil magistrate, so also is the other.—If the one may interfere for that purpose where occasion demands it, without the requisition of the magistrate, so may the other too. If the one employs arms for that purpose, where arms are necessary, the soldier may do the same—but when the danger is pressing and immediate, the military subjects of the King, like his civil subjects, not only may, but are bound to do their utmost of their own authority to prevent the perpetration of outrage, to put down riot and tumult, and preserve the lives and properties of the people." I would now beg to ask if any one with a rational mind can any longer doubt but that the military strictly performed their duty according to law at that sad affair. (Hear, hear.) Sir, of such value has this admirable exposition of the law been thought, that the law advisers of the Crown deemed it expedient to recommend its amalgamation with the orders for the army in Ireland, and, accordingly, the Commander-in-Chief directed that every officer should at all times have in his possession a copy of this charge as his guide when on duty. Sir, history informs us that upon no occasion has revolution been successful in any state without the aid and co-operation of the soldiery; but, sir, as we possess an army, as proverbially loyal as they are brave, whose attachment to our most gracious Sovereign, and the institutions of the country, can never be called in question, we shall, with the blessing of Heaven, be preserved from the designs of our domestic foes, who, whether under the insidious guise of either Priest or Jesuit, or the more manly bearing of open treason, would endeavour, and on my soul I believe are this moment endeavouring, to subvert our much cherished institutions—our religion and our country, and consign us to the hateful sway of Popish supremacy. (Loud and reiterated cheering.)

MR. BUTT—ON PROTECTION.

There is one other subject I am anxious to say a few words on; I mean the question of protection. I have nothing to qualify, nothing to retract on this subject (hear and cheers). I formed my opinions deliberately on protection, and I believe the best economy for a State is, to support its own inhabitants and protect its own industrial operations (applause). I would certainly deceive you if I said that the present ministry will propose a return to a duty on foreign corn, although my convictions are, that we would be more prosperous if we went back to protection; and whenever an opportunity occurs, I will assert my opinions in the British Parliament. I believe that many years will not pass over, when you will see the British ministry obliged to have recourse to duties on imports, in order to save the country from the intolerable system of direct taxation, against which the people will cry out. I may remind you, however, that the present ministry have promised relief to that interest most depressed by foreign competition.—To any such measure it will be my duty to give my earnest and cordial support; and while, sir, I retain my own opinions, while I will endeavour to urge them on all fitting opportunities, while I will do so in perfect independence of the government, and while I will look to their ultimate triumph, because I believe them to be true, yet you will agree with me that I would not act wisely, even for the cause of protection itself, if I refused to sustain in office the only ministry that can be formed, that is not pledged to what I believe the erroneous policy of free trade (loud cheers).

NEW YORK HOTELS.

The following description is from an article in the New York Herald:

The New York Hotels form a curious and interesting phase in our social condition. In Broadway alone, their number approximates to forty, accommodating, in the aggregate, about sixteen thousand persons. Of these hotels, many of them, in point of size, beauty, and magnificence, eclipse anything of the kind to be seen elsewhere throughout the civilized world. Within the last year a remarkable spirit of competition and rivalry seems to have seized upon hotel proprietors, and prompted them to launch out in a style of unbounded extravagance and total regardlessness of expense in the fitting out and management of their concerns. Four new establishments, of the very first order, have, during that time, been erected in Broadway, two of which have been opened within these few months past, and the other two are preparing to open in a week or two hence. Others are in course of construction throughout the city, and it is said that, magnificent as those now in existence are, it is in contemplation to erect an edifice at Madison square, which will surpass them all. In connection with this great hotel movement, we may cite as a remarkable evidence of the success and prosperity of these establishments, the fact, which we chronicled a few days since, of one of them—the Irving House—having sold his interest in it for the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, and thus cleared the immense sum of three hundred thousand dollars in three years of his management.

But in respect to elegance and magnificence, the Metropolitan Hotel, opened about a month since, stands at the very head of its class, and is unrivalled either in this or any other city of the universe. Furnished throughout in a style of gorgeousness and taste, hitherto undreamt of, with its table equipments of the most elegant and expensive kind, and all its appointments in the most complete order, yet its rates of charges are as moderate as those of any other similar establishment in the city. To be sure, if one wishes to be extravagant, he may have a suite of apartments as expensive as his taste may suggest; and we know that some of the boarders of the metropolitan do indulge in this way to the tune of eighty dollars a week. But ordinary mortals, with less expensive tastes, live here as cheaply as they do at any of the inferior class of hotels, and if they are addicted to the weakness of desiring association with distinguished personages, they are gratified by having as neighbor, or *vis-a-vis* at the *table d' hote*—where all, without any exception, take their meals—a foreign prince or princess, a millionaire, an ambassador, a legislator, an actor, a Parisiennes, a musician, ladies of rank and beauty, and men of all conditions and degrees. Most civilized countries, as well as classes, are also represented here; and it is no uncommon thing to hear French spoken at one side of you, Spanish at another, and high Dutch opposite. In fact, this we take to be the great claim of the American hotel system, that it blends into one common family persons of all tongues and conditions. This is the rational perfection of social democracy, where there is no such thing as exclusiveness, but where every grade of life, from respectable competency up to untold wealth, is represented at the same board. It brings us back to the days of Lycurgus and the republics of antiquity, where the same system, though in a less refined degree, prevailed.

We notice, too, that the proprietors of this new establishment have adopted the very pleasant and agreeable mode of introducing their boarders to one another, and creating a degree of intimacy between them by a ball, or "hop," which they give once a week. This occasion forms one of the gayest and most amusing scenes imaginable. All the young and handsome women of the house make it a point of more than religious observance to attend and polka, with uncommon industry and zeal, as long as the musicians can stand out. The more antique and stiffish female specimens of humanity, [illegible] of dresses which whirl by their noses; and solemn looking divines, bustling politicians, senators impressed with the immense importance of their position, and staid, business men, here relax from their ordinary severity of demeanor, and suffer themselves to be made human spinning jennies of by the fascinating and mischievous beauties in petticoats, whose heads appear to be entirely unaffected by the ordinary principles of gravitation. In the quadrilles there seems to be as great a diversity of thought and action as there is variety in costume—no two couple of dancers entertaining the same views with respect to the figures, but all dashing away, according to their own ideas of style, in the most laughable and ridiculous confusion. From the ball-room the merry crowd adjourn to the supper room, which is always on "hop" evenings provided with more than ordinary attention.

The Chronicle.

Saint John, November 5, 1852.

NOVA SCOTIA AND RAILWAYS.

The negociations entered into by the Government of New Brunswick in reference to the construction of the European and North American Railway, so recently confirmed by the Legislature, and to which the people are almost exclusively indebted for the present fair prospects of the enterprise in question, have, as might have been expected, attracted considerable attention in the sister Province. We find by our exchanges from Nova Scotia, and are also happy to learn through the medium of private advices, that the course adopted by our Executive has been duly appreciated in that Province, and held out as an example worthy of imitation. *Palmam qui meruit ferat.*

In connexion with this subject, a series of remarkably well written letters over the signature of "A Nova Scotian," has appeared in the Halifax *Colonist*, in which the writer "renders unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsars"—a characteristic of a *truly* liberal and well-informed mind, whilst he does not fail to de rocate, "in words that burn," the tampering and thimble-rig policy of his own Government, by which a great work, imperatively demanded by the requirements of the age and harmonising with its progression, has been so disgracefully retarded.

The letters of "A Nova Scotian" display a sound knowledge of railway statistics, and of other incidents connected with the ends which they attain, and have therefore honestly recommended themselves to the serious consideration of his countrymen.

Whether our brethren in Nova Scotia will, or will not, arouse themselves from their present apathy, is a question in which New Brunswickers are not concerned very materially, and although the writer referred to has clearly pointed out the great advantages which will result to his countrymen, by their early and hearty co-operation with the people of this Province, yet, on the other hand, we feel tolerably well assured, that if they continue to act the passive character of Rip Van Winkle for the next half century, New Brunswick will not suffer *very* much during the somnolency.

At the present time Halifax is virtually the commercial capital of our North-eastern counties, owing to the facilities presented by a direct water communication, between that extensive portion of our Province and the principal mart of the sister colony. On referring to the census of last year, we can readily ascertain the population of the counties bordering on the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Bay of Chaleur, and allowing that one quarter only of the inhabitants of Westmorland are located in the North-eastern side of that County, the account will stand thus: Westmorland 4,553, Kent 11,410, Northumberland 15,064, Gloucester 11,701, Restigouche 4,161, in all 46,892 inhabitants of New Brunswick dealing almost exclusively with Halifax, owing to the physical difficulties which present themselves in the way of their trading with their brother provincialists, who reside on the shores of the Bay of Fundy.

Now, let us see what effect a railway uniting Saint John with Miramichi will have on the present halcyon days of Halifax, if the Nova Scotians do not obviate the consummation to a certain extent, by building their share of the European and North American Railway, as *promised* by them at the Portland Convention. The distance from St. John to Shediac by railway will be 106 miles; the iron horse will accomplish this in about three hours, and in two hours more he will be blowing off his steam at Chatham, on the Miramichi.—Which will then have the preference, the week or ten days' voyage to Halifax, or the expeditious ride to St. John in less than half a day?

Even at the present time, and in spite of the difficulties which present themselves, goods to a limited extent are occasionally purchased by our northern friends in this city, whence they are conveyed by water to the Head of Petitcodiac, thence by land to Shediac, and from this port, as opportunities present themselves, they are shipped to Richibucto, Miramichi, and the Bay of Chaleur; whilst now and then we are informed of persons who have made purchases here to be forwarded via Shediac to Prince Edward Island. Now, if these transactions take place, in spite of the difficulties of transit, to which we have alluded, what, we repeat, will be the inevitable result when the extraordinary facilities of a railway are substituted in their place?

Our Nova Scotia friends will thus perceive that their continued apathy and supineness will work little or no injury to the people of New Brunswick. Their countryman in the *Colonist* has ably pointed out the consequences which must result from such folly; and as we have reason to believe that his communications have been very extensively read, we shall not labour the subject by refering more minutely to the evils which he deplores, and having just grounds for believing that he is a true patriot, and anxious for his country's welfare, we now dismiss the topic by expressing our conviction that the European and North American Railway, *with or without* the Nova Scotia portion, will greatly advance the interests and secure a lasting prosperity to the Province of New Brunswick.

Since writing the above, we learn through the *Acadian Recorder* that Messrs. Sykes & Co., the Contractors of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway, have offered to build a line from Halifax to the Nova Scotia border—forming part of the European and North American Railway—and other lines and branches, in all 225 miles, and that it is likely that the proposition will be accepted by the Government of Nova Scotia, the terms being favourable, and in the ability of the Province to comply with. We hope for the credit of our brother colonists that the report may prove correct, and that the offer may be accepted, and then, to adopt the sentiment of Mr. Howe when in St. John last year, these North American Colonies will become united as one powerful body, and ultimately form an empire, attached by every tie of patriotism and interest to the mother country, and ruled over by a Prince, the son of our beloved Queen.

"LET HIM LAUGH WHO WINS."

The following *jeu d'esprit* we copy from the Montreal *Herald*; a paper bye the bye, most bitterly opposed to the present Canadian Ministry.

RAILWAY RHYMES, No. 1.

RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED TO THE HON. F—SH—KS.

AIR—"*Here's a health to General Jackson.*"

Here's a health to terrible J——n,
The man for railway action,
Here's a health to terrible J——n,
Oh, J——n is de man!

Says he to H——ks, says J——n,
"Let's make a general paction,
"The country's distraction
"For want of a railway plan."

"If you and I take action"
Says the great and terrible J——n,
"We'll manage a little *retraction*—
"We will. Oh, H——ks, my man!"

Now H——ks looked "satisfaction,"
And he smiled on Mr. J——n,
For he felt a great attraction
To have a "finger in the pan."

"Just mention your terms, dear J——n,
"I am tired of friends and faction,
"And I'd like a little "*transaction!*"
"Come, 'out with y'r shot,' my man!"

"Nine thousand a mile", says J——n,
"Nine thousand pounds, to a fraction,—
"Will that suit your "*complaction*"?
Saith H——ks, "It's a capital plan"!

"Four thousand five hundred to J——n,
"Will pay for the whole transaction—
"Of the rest, we'll make *substraction*,
"As deftly as we can"!

Then H——ks embraced great J——n,
And he danced for real "distraction",
And he—d the parliament faction,
As a *virtuous* premier can!

"My life has been inaction,
"Until I know great J——n—
"Long live the noble Saxon"!
Oh, J——n is de man!

ST. JOHN MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—The Lecture Season will commence on Monday the 15th instant, when Professor Robb will deliver the introductory lecture. We anticipate for this excellent institution the large amount of patronage to which it is justly entitled. The Library of the Institute has been much increased, and removed to a larger and more convenient room on the ground floor; the Reading Room, and other departments of the building, have also been renovated and embellished; and the seats in the Lecture Hall have been improved. Progress is the order of the day in the Mechanics' Institute of St. John; and its active Directors are ever studying to render it increasingly worthy of public support. We therefore naturally anticipate a considerable addition to the number of its subscribers this season.

NATIVE INDUSTRY AND GENIUS.—Our attention has been called to a beautiful model of a Frigate, and a smaller model of a Ship, both fully rigged, the exclusive workmanship of a native of this city, Mr. G. B. K. Blatch, Jun. The first named, and larger model, was constructed expressly for the Provincial Exhibition at Fredericton, and was there exhibited; and we are informed that it attracted universal admiration, and was considered fully entitled to a prize; but inasmuch as no provision was made by the managers of that Exhibition for a premium for any specimen of naval architecture, or for any *model* of whatsoever description, no prize was given for any production of that kind, which we cannot but consider as a very remarkable omission. These beautiful models are at present on view at Mr. Hoyt's Commission Store, in Prince William Street, and are well worthy the inspection of those who are inclined to patronise native talent and ingenuity.

RISE OF THE VALUE OF LAND.—So certain are the good people of Shediac, that they are not only to have a Railway in that quarter, but a terminus also, in their pretty and healthful village, that real estate with them has taken a wonderful rise of late in public estimation, as will appear by an article which we subjoin:

Extract of a letter, from a gentleman of St. John, N. B., dated Shediac, 7th ult.—"I arrived here this morning, and find that land has risen a hundred per cent in a week. Much money has changed hands here to-day, and more will to-morrow. I am perfectly satisfied that a Steamer from Pictou to Charlottetown, Bedeque, and this place, would be by far the best undertaking going next year.—This will be the centre of a large business, as there will be 1000 men at work on the Railway from this to the Bend, which is to be opened for traffic in the spring of 1854. Already a site is being looked out here for warehouses for a forwarding firm to Canada."

We learn from a gentleman in Pictou that for some time past he has had in contemplation the making an attempt to start such a communication as that mentioned above.—*Eastern Chronicle.*

VIEW OF THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE.—A very pretty and accurately finished picture of this scientific work and the surrounding scenery, can be seen in the shop window of Mr. Wm Avery, Bookseller, Prince William Street. This beautiful production is from the pencil of our townsman, Mr. George N. Smith, and is highly creditable to his skill and taste. We learn that it has been purchased by Mr. John Lyman of the adjoining parish of Portland. The *Morning News* styles the painting a "*chef de œuvre*,"—possibly he means *chef d' œuvre*? that is, 'a master-piece, an unrivaled performance.'

☞ Frederick Herbert Ruel, 2nd Lieut. Royal Marines, who was formerly a resident of this city, has been appointed to the *Agamemnon*, a magnificent first class Screw Steam Frigate, of 90 guns, which was lately launched from H.M. Dock Yard, at Woolwich. It is stated that the *Agamemnon* is to form one of a most powerful squadron now in process of formation.—*Church Witness.*

☞ THE BANK OR B. N. AMERICA *vs.* JAMES TRAVIS.—This case, which was tried here last January, and decided in favour of Defendant, was set aside by the Judges, and a new trial ordered. The trial on this occasion was taken to St. Andrews, which resulted, as before, in favour of Defendant.

☞ The adjourned Circuit Court, will be opened in this City, on Thursday, the 11th inst. Mr. Justice Parker will preside.

☞ Harper's Magazine for November is received from Mr. B. O'Brien, and is an unusually interesting number, abounding with engravings and valuable matter for all sorts and conditions of men.

AMERICAN FISHING VESSELS.—A correspondent of the *Miramichi Gleaner*, writing from Shippegan, says:—The American Fishing Vessels which have been all summer in the Gulf and Bay de Chaleur, are now about taking their departure for home.—There is scarcely an instance where one of them has got a full cargo during the season. During the Summer they made Little Shippegan Harbour their chief depot for wood and water. Several times forty or fifty sail were in at one time, and strange to say, I discovered that the principal number of these vessels were commanded by Nova Scotians. The crews chiefly consisted of Nova Scotians, Americans, Swedes, Russians, Portuguese, &c.—They complain hard against Capt. Colin Campbell, of the steamer *Devastation*, and his tender a brigantine, and owing to their activity in keeping them out of the Bay they solely attribute their short take. Several of these vessels in former years have been known to make two and three trips in a season from these shores and home, averaging 600 bbls. yearly.

AMERICAN PRIZE.—H. M. Steamer *Basilisk*, Capt. Mon. F. Egerton, arrived at Halifax on Saturday afternoon, from a cruize to the Coast of Newfoundland, with the American Schr Creole in tow—supposed a prize for violation of the Fishery Treaty.—*British North American.*

Four Days later from England!

The American steamship Pacific arrived at New York on Monday morning last, in 11 1-2 days from Liverpool, bringing dates to the 26th Oct.

The Cotton market was without change—sales [illegible] factory.

Flour was without material change and in less demand. The supply of Wheat was good and market not so firm. Corn unchanged. Sugar at London had advanced 6d, and plantation Coffee 1s. & 2s.

The steamship Africa arrived at Liverpool on Sunday afternoon.

The Funeral of the late Duke of Wellington will take place about the 17th Nov.

The Convention of the Church of England is exciting the Religious world.

Considerable remittances of gold are again being made from London to the Continent, caused by the recent increase of produce and rise in prices.

According to the *Gateshead Observer* the arrivals at, and sailing from, the Tyne, in the course of each twelve-months, are larger in number than those of and from Liverpool or London.

The London Trinity House have built a steam yacht, the Irene, expressly for speed. On her first trial she ran 17 1-2 knots an hour, and is believed to be the fastest steamer afloat.

The bullion-office of the Bank of England has issued a notice, that, from the 1st, of November ensuing, gold will, in future, be weighed by the troy ounces and its decimal parts, instead of by pounds, ounces, penny-weights, and grains. This will tend much to simplify calculations.

The *Boersehalle*, of Hamburgh, of the 4th, says: "Every Traveller, at his entry into Poland, is obliged to make a declaration of what money he has in his possession, and what employment he purposes making of it. On his return the passenger is obliged to say how he has employed it. Any false declaration entails confiscation.

SIR E. BELCHER'S SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.—We have heard that intelligence has been received from the squadron commanded by Sir E. Belcher, and led by him up the Wellington Channell, to the effect that, from what they have discovered floating down the channel—remains of whales, bears, and other animal substances—the party have been led to the conclusion that not only is there food for mankind in that direction, but that the floating portion of whales and bears for the relics of what has been actually consumed by human beings. Sir E. Belcher has by this time, most probably, explored the regions pronounced to be accessible by Captain Penny, but injudiciously abandoned, and thus confirmed the truth of Captain Penny's testimony. It is fearful to contemplate the consequences of a year's delay in following the track presumed to have been taken by Franklin, as, of course, hopes of effectual succour must be demimished by the year's postponement of that search which Penny so warmly suggested on the spot, and which he so nobly volunteered to undertake on his return to England last autumn.

FRANCE.—A decree has been issued in France convoking the Senate on the 4th Nov.

Abel Kader has been liberated, and receives a pension from the French Government.

Louis Napoleon has returned to Paris. If after the deliberations of the Senate the forms of Government shall be changed, the result will be submitted to the people, and the Legislative body will be appointed to ascertain the regularity of the vote, and declare the result,

The entree of Louis Napoleon into Paris on the 16th was celebrated with great *eclat*.

The speculation mania continues to increase, and in some cases 110 per cent has been paid to carry on transactions from one settlement to another.

ITALY.—The funeral services in honor of the late Duke of Wellington was celebrated at Verona on the 12th.

TURKEY.—The Sultan of Turkey has refused to ratify the Turkish loan. A change has occurred in the Turkish Cabinet, which is now quite Austrian and Russian in its character.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION—TRIUMPH OF THE DEMOCRATS—PIERCE ELECTED BY AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY.

The anticipations of the success of the Democrats have been more than realized. Pierce has been elected by an overwhelming majority. On this result, we congratulate the Provinces. The markets of the United States are now absolutely indispensable to us, and our markets are of vast importance to them. Free intercourse, such as that promised by this election, will be greatly to our mutual advantage.—*News.* [We don't believe it.

We understand the following to be the returns so far as heard from:—

FOR PIERCE.—Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio.

FOR SCOTT—Massachusetts and Vermont.

Other States not heard from.

THE RETURNS.

A Telegraphic Despatch to the News Room yesterday, (4th,) gives the following list of returns in favour of Pierce—

Maine, 8; New Hampshire, 5; Rhode Island, 4; Connecticut, 6; New York, 35; New Jersey, 7; Delaware, 3; Maryland, 8; Pennsylvania, 27; Virginia, 15; South Carolina, 8; Alabama, 9; Mississippi, 7; Missouri, 9; Arkansas, 4; Texas, 4; Michigan, 6; Illinois, 11; Indiana, 13; Ohio, 23.

Total 212—Necessary for a choice, 149. Clear majority for Pierce, 63.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Pursuant to the Circulars issued from the office of the Grand Scribe of the Sons of Temperance, Delegates numbering over one hundred and seventy, representing the several Temperance Organizations throughout the Province, assembled in the Sons of Temperance Hall, Great George Street, on Thursday evening, 23d October, for the purpose of considering the important matters set forth in said Circular.

S. L. Tilley, Esq., was called to the Chair, and W. H. A. Keans requested to act as Secretary.

The following Gentlemen were elected Office-Bearers, viz;

N. S. Demill, Esq., *President.*

Vice Presidents.—Samuel L. Tilley, County St. John; Asa Coy, York; Justus S. Wetmore, King's; Hon. Harry Peters, Queen's; Rev. A.D. Thompson, Charlotte; Jonathan P. Taylor, Sunbury; Robert A. Hay, Carleton; Joseph Spratt, Northumberland; John Main, Kent; Henry W. Baldwin, Gloucester; Edward Wood, Westmorland; Rev. Chas P. Bliss, Albert; Robert V. Tait, Restigouche; Charles A. Hammond, Victoria.

William H. A. Keans, *Secretary*; Robert Salter, Esq., *Treasurer*; Rev. Samuel Robinson, *Chaplain.*

A Committee was appointed to prepare a petition to the Legislature, praying that the Liquor Law passed at the last Session may not be repealed; but if any Legislative action be taken on the subjects, it may be only to render its provisions similar to the Maine Law.

☞ The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance in Nova Scotia, held its annual session in this city on Wednesday and Thursday last, when there was a respectable attendance from various parts of the Province. The proceedings were interesting and harmonious. An address was presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, who assured the Grand Division of his approval of their object, and his best wishes for their success.

The "Maine Law" came up for discussion, and it was resolved to petition the Legislature for the adoption of a similar enactment in Nova Scotia.—*Halifax Church Times.*

FROM TURKS ISLAND.—A file of the *Royal Gazette*, published at Grand Turk, to the 6th instant, contradicts a statement, which it quotes from a Boston paper, of a destructive gale having occurred there August 19, which destroyed 100,000 bushels of salt. It announces that there has been no blow there, and that they have on hand, ready for shipment, many hundred thousand bushels of salt.

NORFOLK, U. S. Oct. 25.—The British schooner Peri, from Dominica, for Baltimore, in Hampton Roads, having on board the crew of the British brig Vesuvi, of Liverpool, Nova Scotia, from Wilmington for Trinidad, abandoned at sea.

MELANCHOLY CASUALTY.—*Four Chester Men Drowned at Blind Bay.*—We are sorry to learn of a sad affair that happened at Blind Bay, situated between Dover and Prospect, in Halifax County, on last Friday week, the day of the southwesterly gale.

Six men put off from a fishing vessel to fix an anchor. Two of them were [illegible] their white man and one colored, whose names we have not heard, but who were both saved.

On putting off from shore, the first four mentioned persons jumped incautiously into the boat and capsized her in deep water, and not being able to swim, were unfortunately drowned. The white man who was saved, swam ashore, and the colored man saved himself by clinging to the boat.

The four men who were drowned could not swim, and were seen by their comrades clinging to each other in the agonies of drowning, without their being able to render any assistance.

One of the Refuses left a family, a wife and two children, to mourn his untimely fate. The others were single men. They were on a fishing expedition in a vessel belonging to R. D. Clarke, Esq.—*Halifax British Colonist.*

☞ J. TERRILL, Esq., M.P.P. for Stanstead, died suddenly yesterday morning. He was an active, industrious, and intelligent lawyer, and probably, had he lived, would have been distinguished as a politician; but the present was the first Parliament in which he had a seat, and time for distinction was not afforded him.

Mr. Terrill's unexpectedly sudden death created a profound sensation, when first made known.

The body was buried yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, in Mount Hermon Cemetery, the House of Assembly having adjourned to attend the funeral.—*Quebec Chronicle, Oct. 30.*

APPLICATION OF THOMAS F. MEAGHER FOR CITIZENSHIP.—On Monday, Thomas Francis Meagher, the escaped convict, made a formal declaration to one of the judges of the Superior Court, of his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States. The following is the form of oath to which he subscribed:—"I Thomas Francis Meagher, do declare on oath, that it is *bona fide* my intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce for ever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate or sovereignty whatever, *and particularly to the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland*, of whom I am now a subject." Mr. J. P. Smythe, his secretary, one of those who was compelled to fly to America, on account of his participation in the revolutionary events in Ireland, followed the example of Mr. Meagher, and signified his intention in the same manner of becoming a citizen of the United States.—*New York Herald.*

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—The communication from King's County, in reply to *A Traveller* in last *Chronicle*, came too late for insertion in this impression.

☞ Lines from "W." will be inserted in next issue.

Married.

Last evening, by the Rev. I. E. Bill, Mr. Wm. W. Ansley, (of the firm of Ansley & Tufts,) to Miss Sarah Herring, both of this City.

On Wednesday Morning, by the Rev. Dr. I. W. D. Gray, Mr. William Fisher, of Fredericton, to Mrs. Catherine Amelia Clawson, of of this City.

On the 26th instant, by the Rev. I. W. D. Gray, D. D., Mr. Michael Kennedy, of the Parish of Hampton, to Miss Ann Fawcett, of the same place.

On the 22d, by the same, Mr. Thomas Foster, to Miss Margaret McKay, both of St. John.

On the 23d, by the same, Capt. Joseph Atkins, of Boston, to Mrs. Ann Crews, of St. John.

On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Wm. Donald, A. M., Mr. John McIlae, to Miss Mary Robson, both of this city.

On the 28th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Ferrie, A. M., Mr. Archibald Jackson, of Lancaster, to Miss Elizabeth Wallace, of this city.

On Saturday evening last, by the Rev. R. Knight, Mr. George McKee, to Miss Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Capt. Maxwell, all of this city.

On Monday evening, at the house of the Bride's Father, by the Rev. Charles Mackay, the Rev. Robert K. Black, of Lanark, Canada West, to Mary Jane, eldest daughter of John B. Sulis, of this City.

On Wednesday evening, by the Rev. S. Robinson, Mr. Chas. Godsoe, to Miss Ellen, eldest daughter of Mr. Grant McKenzie, all of this city.

On Thursday morning, by the same, Mr. Isaac Chalton, to Miss Maria Hodges, all of this city.

On the 1st inst., Rev. Alex. McLeod Stavely, Mr. Henry Muirhead, to Miss Martha McCance, both of Portland.

At Fredericton, on the 25d October, by the Rev. S. D. Casewell, Mr. Solomon Sewell, of Lincoln, (County of Sunbury,) and Margaret Carrigan, of same place.

On Wednesday the 19th inst., by Elder Bunting, Mr. William Kay, to Miss Mary Ann Gildart, all of the Parish Salisbury.

At Toronto, C. W., 12th ult., by the Rev. Adam Lillie, Mr. George Ritchie, Congregational Minister of St. John, N. B., to Miss Sarah Helen, only daughter of Joseph Solfree, Esq.

Died.

On Monday, November 1st, Mary, wife of Mr. Robert Fraser, aged 37 years. Mrs. F. was a native of Cornwallis, N. S.

At the residence of Mr. Robert Wallace, after a few days of severe suffering from Erysipilis, Mr. John King, of Ayrshire, Scotland, aged 19.

At Indian Town, on Sunday last, Arthur Sutcliffe, adopted son of B. Lingley, Esq., aged 5 years and one month.

In Carleton, on Sunday evening, George, youngest son of George Gay, aged five months.

Monday, the 1st instant, Eliza Carr, in the 19th year of her age, leaving a husband and 4 children to mourn their loss.

Monday morning, in Portland, Mr. Charles Monaghan, aged 52 years, native of Donegal, (Ireland.)

On Monday morning,

CLEARED.

Oct. 29th—Ship Alfred, Delaney, Liverpool, timber, deals, &c.; barque Douglas, Smith, Hull, deals; Schr. Cuba Brannen, Boston, boards and shingles.

30th—Ship Elizabeth Holderness, Fridyen, Hull,

Nov. 2d—Ship Josephine, Bonnoom, London Road, deals; Brig Oregon, Carey, ditto, do; Brigt. Elizabeth Goddard, Veach, Boston, lumber.

3d—Ship Martha, Bell, Liverpool, timber and deals; Superior, Mason, Londonderry, deals; Barque Robert, Renuchamp, London, do.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the Province Treasurer, on or before noon, of Wednesday the 1st December next, for the supply of COPPER COIN, to be struck from the Provincial Dies, viz: a sum not exceeding Two Thousand Pounds of PENCE, and One Thousand Pounds of HALF PENCE, to be delivered in the month of April, 1853.

J. R. PARTELOW,
Provincial Secretary.
B. ROBINSON,
Province Treasurer.

St. John, 4th November, 1852.

[City papers one notice]

SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE.—Now landing from France ex *Isabella* via New York, 20 Baskets Finest Sparkling CHAMPAGNE—For sale by
Nov. 6. RANNEY, STURDEE & CO.

STRONG RUM.—Just Received ex steamer *Admiral* from BOSTON—Five Puncheons Strong RUM—For sale by
Nov. 6. RANNEY, STURDEE & CO.

Flour, Pork and Butter.

Received ex schr. "Rose," direct from Montreal:—

650 BARRELS Superfine FLOUR;
75 bbls. Extra do.;
100 barrels MESS PORK;
50 barrels Prime Mess PORK;
17 kegs BUTTER;

For sale landing at our wharf by
Nov. 6. ROBERT RANKIN & CO.

LEECHES, LEECHES.—Just Received and for sale by the Subscriber—a lot of superior Leeches. Nov. 4. S. L. TILLEY.

Kinny's Oyster Saloon—Water st'et

THE subscriber begs respectfully to bring under the notice of the Public his Establishment, famed for the best of Ocean Tribes of this life.

MUTTON, and all kinds of PIES—constantly on hand.

WINES, LIQUORS, SYRUPS, BEERS, &c.

☞ DINNERS and LUNCHES—served up at the shortest notice with the best materials the market affords.—The hungry or thirsty have only to call and make known their wants and they will be administered to with Rail Road speed.

November 5, 1852.

GIBSON'S
Livery Stable.

Brussels street, opposite the Baptist Chapel.

THE subscriber returns thanks to his friends and the public for the patronage received by him in the above line, and begs leave to inform them, that he still continues to keep good

HORSES AND CARRIAGES,

which he will hire on the most reasonable terms.

ANDREW GIBSON.

St. John, November 5, 1852. 6m.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE,
BETWEEN
St. John and St. Andrews.
DAILY.

THE subscriber having become contractor for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails between St. JOHN and ST. ANDREWS, begs leave to inform the travelling public, that he has provided himself with first rate teams and carriages, for the comfort of passengers, and that careful and attentive drivers will always be found on the route.

Orders left at the subscriber's residence, Great George street, or at the St. John Hotel, will receive due attention.

November 5, 1852. W. H. WILLIAMS.

NEW BOOKS.—Westminister Review, for October; Knickerbocker Magazine for No-
Christian Parlor do. do.
Book for a Corner by Leigh Hunt, 2nd series;
The Cabin and Parlour, by J. T. Randolph, with magnificent illustration.
A further supply of Harper's Magazine, for November. ☞ Late American Papers.
Nov. 5. B. O'BRIEN.

SAINT JOHN HOUSE,
No. 22 KING STREET, 30th OCTOBER, 1852

THE Subscriber informs his numerous friends and customers, that he has received per ship *Devon*, and late steamers, part of his Fall Supply of

Winter and Staple Goods,

comprising the usual Retail Stock, and making the assortment of this Establishment nearly equal to any in the trade—The following are some of the leading articles, viz:—

Heavy Canada, Beaver, and Broad CLOTHS;
Heavy SATINETTS—newest styles;
Doeskins and Cassimeres, BLANKETS;
FLANNELS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS;
Fleecy COTTON, BED TICKS, DRILLS;
TOWELLINGS, SHAWLS, Hosiery, Gloves;
Cotton BATTINGS, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO—*on Consignment, for Wholesale*—
3 cases GERMAN GOODS, consisting of FLUTINOS, ACCORDEONS, Work Boxes, Playing Cards, Razor Strops, Portmonies, Wallets, &c. very cheap.

Nov. 5. JOSEPH LORDLY.

S. K. FOSTER'S
Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,
Germain Street, Foster's Corner.

NEW CLOTH BOOTS.

Just received per Steamer from Liverpool:
LADIES, Girls and Children's Black Cloth BOOTS, of every quality;
Ladies' Cashmere and Prunnella Boots, in great variety; *Carpet Shoes* of all qualities.
For sale Wholesale and Retail.
October 19—2w S. K. FOSTER.

ALMANACKS FOR 1853.

JUST Published, and for sale by the gross, dozen, otherwise—THE MERCHANTS' and FARMER'S ALMANACK for 1853. For sale Cheap.
W. L. AVERY.
St. John, Oct. 29, 1852. 3i.

Cheap Room Paper.

THE Best and Cheapest ROOM PAPERS to be found in the City are for sale at the store of
S. K. FOSTER,
Oct. 29—2w Germain-street, Foster's Corner.

Tea, Molasses, Sugar, & Cigars.

Now receiving and for Sale—
50 PUNS. good retailing MOLASSES;
25 chests prime English Congou TEA;
60 Kegs SALERATUS; 20 M. CIGARS.
Also—15,000 assorted 28 to 34 inch LOCUST TRENNAILS.
October 15. EDWARD ALLISON.

Earthenware & China.

"Mary Caroline" and "Themis."

THE Subscriber has received per above, a large and varied assortment, and is now prepared to execute orders;

BREAKFAST, DINNER, TEA, and TOILET SETS, in variety of patterns.

W. E. P. HANFORD,
24, *Dock Street.*

N. B. Crates packed to order, with care and despatch. October 15.—6i.

APPRENTICE WANTED—An Apprentice will be taken to learn the Printing Business. Apply at the office of this paper. Nov. 5.

HOUSEKEEPERS.

CAN get a good assortment of Looking Glasses, low for cash. Fancy Articles, Corner King and Dock streets. J. CROUCH.

BOOKS BY AUCTION.—THE Subscriber has received on Consignment from a firm in Boston, who are retiring from Business—15 Cases of New and Second-hand BOOKS, with orders to sell without reserve, which will be sold on the Evenings of MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, at the Store lately occupied by Mr. John Leitch, Prince William street, commencing at 7 o'clock. Catalogues can be had at the place of sale and at the store of the Subscriber.

November 5. B. O'BRIEN.

Steamer Admiral,
A. WOOD, *Master.*

THE Steam Ship ADMIRAL will leave St. John for Eastport, Portland, and Boston, on MONDAY morning, 8th November, at 8 o'clock; and on FRIDAY morning, 12th November, at 8 o'clock, for Eastport and Boston direct; and after which time, will make *One Trip per Week*, leaving St. John for Eastport, Portland, and Boston, on THURSDAYS, at 8 o'clock, A. M., and returning, leave Boston for Portland, Eastport, and St. John, on TUESDAYS, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Steamer *Nequasset* will meet the *Admiral* at Eastport, to convey passengers to St. Andrews, Calais, and Robinstown.

GEORGE THOMAS,
Nov. 6, 1852. *North Market Wharf.*

NIGHT SCHOOL.
BRUNSWICK SEMINARY, CHARLOTTE ST.
Near the Cottage of the Hon. John H. Partelow, Queen's Square:

A NIGHT SCHOOL, for the accommodation of Young Men, and Boys will be opened in the Brunswick Seminary on the first evening of November, commencing at 7 o'clock, P. M.—The course will comprise—Reading, Writing, Spelling, and Arithmetic, with exercises in Grammar, and Geography.

Young Men who may be imperfect in Bookkeeping, can in one quarter finish a complete set of Books, as well as materially improve their hand writing.

Orthography, Grammar and Arithmetic taught in so simple and familiar a manner, that the Pupil cannot fail to comprehend.

A class for Young Ladies (limited to 12) will be opened, from 4 to 6 o'clock p. m., as soon as 7 more names shall have been obtained. This class will practice in acquiring an elegant style of Penmanship; likewise polite Reading, with syntactical and analytical Parsing; systematic Orthography and Grammer; without which, the most finished education appears perfectly rediculous.

H. W. SEWELL,
November 5. Teacher

Richmond Mills for Sale.

THAT valuable Flour Mill establishment situated at Black River, in the Parish of Simonds, known as the Richmond Mills. The machinery is of the very best English manufacture, made by Messrs. Peel & Co., of Manchester. There are five run of French burs, and two of granite stones, with all the necessary bolts and cleansers for the manufacture of flour and meal, capable of grinding over 1000 barrels per week. The machinery is driven by a principal over-shot water wheel. The Mill is ninety feet long, and four stories high, built in the most substantial manner, and is so situated, that a vessel of 100 tons register can go alongside and be discharged by the machinery; there is ample storage for 15,000 bushels of grain; a cooperage, and a blacksmith's shop are connected with the establishment; also a most comfortable Dwelling House, with gardan, barns and outbuildings, suitable for a respectable family, and a house for workmen, and a sufficiency of land for farming purposes—altogether about fifteen acres.

The house is so situated as to command an extensive view of the Bay of Funday and of the surrounding country, and is one of the most healthy situations to be found in the Province. The motive power and a considerable portion of the machinery could be applied to other manufacturing purposes in the buildings, and the stones, bolts, &c. might be sold seperate.

The cost of the whole establishment has been little short of £10,000, and it will be sold at a great reduction upon the cost. Terms of payment will be made liberal.—For further particulars apply to
Nov. 2. 4 ins. ROBT. RANKIN & CO.

A CARD.

THE Subscriber, in returning his most sincere thanks to his Town and Country Customers, for the very liberal patronage they have extended to him since his commencement in business, begs leave to inform, them that he has received lately from the UNITED STATES, a large addition to his Stock, which, added to his former Stock of well assorted GOODS, will be found to contain almost every article usually kept by persons in his line of business, all of which he deems unnecessary to particularize; but would simply intimate, that on inspection it will be found to contain every article usually kept by a General FAMILY GROCER, among which are—

PROVISIONS, FRUITS, BUTTER, CHEESE, FLOUR, MEAL, WINES, LIQUORS, &c. &c.

The Subscriber hopes with his present well assorted Stock, together with his usual unreserved attention to business, and a determination to sell as good Articles, and as cheap as any in the Trade, hopes to merit a continuance of the patronage that they have extended to him since his commencement in business.

L. MITCHALL.

Next door to Mr. Reed's Flour Store, North Side of King Square. Oct 15, 1852.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against cutting or carrying away any TIMBER off the Lot owned by the Subscriber, at the Mile Road leading to the NARROWS at Musquash. Persons found trespassing thereon, will be prosecuted as the law directs. WM. HAYWARD.
October 15, 1852. 3i.

Twenty Shillings Reward.

WHEREAS some feloniously disposed person, did on the 10th September last, at midnight, enter my premises, and take therefrom a Crock of Butter, and on the 14th of the same month, (in the absence of the family) the house was again entered by thieves who abstracted from a Bureau, Spoons, and sundry other articles. I hereby offer the above reward to any person, who may give such information as may lead to the detection of the offenders. LEACY HAYWARD,
Musquash, Oct. 14. *Musquash.*

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that valuable Business, stand at *Hampton Ferry*, more generally known as the RAILROAD HOTEL.

The above Property has a front of 95 feet upon the Post Road, by 160 feet deep, with a comfortable and extensive Stage House, and well arranged Out-Houses. Terms made known on application to H. P. OTTY,
October 15 6i. *Hampton Ferry.*

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having legal demands against the estate of the late DUNCAN FRASER, of Waterborough, (Queen's County,) deceased, are requested to hand in their Claims, within three months from this date, duly attested; and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment to JOHN FARRIS.
Queen's County, Oct. 22, 1852. *Administrator.*

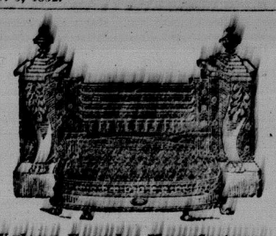
THE APOCALYPSE—Popularly explained; 100 numbers of the Oracle.
ALSO—50 packets of Ipswich Temprance Tracts; just received from London. For sale by
Oct. 22. JOHN KINNEAR.

SEA ELEPHANT OIL, and SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE.—Now landing, 25 barrels. For sale by
Oct. 22. JOHN KINNEAR.

MUSTARD, GROUND GINGER, &c.—By the *Devon*, from England; 25 kegs Mustard; 25 kegs ground Ginger; 10 kegs Queen's Blue; 10 cases Salad Oil; 2 cases Stove Black Lead, in 2 oz. and 4 lb. papers; 2 casks Washing Soda; 6 barrels Split Peas; 2 barrels Cream of Tartar. For sale by JOHN KINNEAR, Prince Wm. Street.
Oct. 22. 1852.

HIBERNIAN LODGE—No. 301, (under the Registry of the Grand Lodge of Ireland,) will meet on TUESDAY evening next, at their Lodge Room, St. Stephen's Hall.
R. N. By order of the W. M.
Nov. 5, 1852.

Saloon, Water Street, a lot of very superior Shediac OYSTERS—the best lot in the market.
Families can be supplied with any quantity.
Nov. 5, 1852.



Vulcan Foundry Manufactures.
Stoves Franklins, Registers, &c.

A LARGE and extensive assortment of Cooking STOVES; Close STOVES; FRANKLINS; Register GRATES; PLOUGHS; and all description of CASTINGS; for sale at the *Vulcan Foundry Ware Rooms*, in Prince William-street, and at the Warehouse of the Subscriber.

The style, pattern and quality of the Vulcan Foundry Cooking STOVES and FRANKLINS, it is believed, are equal if not superior to any in the market, while the prices are exceedingly low. Purchasers are requested to call and examine for themselves.

Orders for Castings or other work left at the above places will have immediately attendance.

JOHN V. THURGAR,
St. John Oct. 1, 1852. *North Market Wharf*

BRITISH HOUSE,
No. 16, King-street,
Saint John, 29 October, 1852.

J. DOHERTY & CO.,
British & Foreign Importers.

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF—
Per Steamships "Niagara," "Canada," and America," and per last Ships from London, Liverpool, and the Clyde—
Extensive Importations
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
COMPRISING:

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, *(latest styles;)*
SHAWLS, Long and Square *(newest designs;)*
CLOAKS and MANTLES, *(London and Paris made;)*
FURS, of every description;
Hosiery and Gloves;
RIBBONS, in French and British;
BROAD CLOTHS, PILOT and BEAVER CLOTHS;
TROWSERINGS, VESTINGS &c.;
Flannels, Blankets, &c.;
Grey and white COTTONS, SHEETINGS and WARPS;
TICKENS' LINENS, HOLLANDS, &c., with an endless variety of every kind of
Fancy and Staple Goods.

OVER COATS,
Immense Stock of Over Coats, &c.
AT GRANITE HALL,
No. 1, DOCK STREET.

20s. to 30s. for a HEAVY CANADA **COAT;**
18s. to 30s. for a HEAVY **PILOT COAT;**
18s. to 50s. for a FANCY DRAB BEAVER COAT;
30s. to 45s. for a superior **BEAVER COAT;**
25s. to 30s. for a WOLF OR BEAR SKIN COAT;
12s. 6d to 25s. for a **BOY'S OVER COAT.**
20s to 40s for a SUPERIOR BLACK SACK COAT;
35s to 50s for a DRESS OR FROCK COAT;
12s. 6d. to 30s. for a Superior REEFING JACKET;
12s. 6d. to 25s. for a Pair of Heavy Black **CASSIMERE PANTS;**
10s. to 20s. for a Pair of **FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS.**

october 29. THOMAS R. JONES.

NAILS, MUSTARD AND BLACK LEAD.

Per "Thetis," from Liverpool—
25 KEGS MUSTARD; 224 lbs. Black Lead, in 2 oz., 2 oz. and 4 oz. papers;
25 kegs assorted Horse NAILS,
40 do. rose-head, ass'd size, board & other Nails.
15 do. clasp-head do.
Oct. 1. 1852. JOHN KINNEAR.

STEAMER
JOHN WARING

Will leave Merritt's Wharf, Indiantown, for FREDERICTON, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 12 o'clock: Leaves Fredericton, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 9 o'clock, A.M.

The JOHN WARING, will pass on the West side of Long Island, on Wednesdays and Thursdays.

☞ Freight may be delivered on the Wharf at any time, for which a Way Bill will be signed by
JAMES JOYCE,
October 15. *Agent.*

S. K. FOSTER'S
LADIES' FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE,
Foster's Corner, Germain Street.

India Rubber Shoes.

JUST Received—A very large and general variety of RUBBER SHOES, for Ladies, Gentlemen, Youth's and Children. For sale Cheap, Wholesale and Retail.
Oct. 20—2w S. K. FOSTER.

Hibernian Hotel Notice.

THE subscriber wishes to inform his numerous friends and the public; that there always may be had at this Establishment, OYSTERS of the best quality. Also, Chicken PIES, Mutton PIES, and Roser Fowls always on hand with which private families can be supplied at any time. Also, CORDIALS suitable for Temperance advocates or teetotalers, besides, comfortable Rooms, for public or private parties always ready at a call, to which the attention of the travelling community is respectfully solicited.

JAMES NETHERY,
St. John, Oct. 1, 1852. *Church Street.*

Sugar, Flour, Pork, &c.

Just received per "Oliver Frost."
10 HHDS. Bright SUGAR.
Daily expected by the "Harlequin:"
50 Barrels heavy Mess PORK;
100 Do. extra superfine FLOUR, ground from New Wheat;
25 Do. Mess BEEF; 20 do. Prime ditto.
Also—10 Puns. RUM.—For sale at lowest rates.
JOHN MCCOSKERY,
October 15. *Reed's Point.*

WANTED

TWENTY FIVE Active, Industrious and Responsible Men, to sell several New and Valuable BOOKS by subscription and otherwise, in the British Provinces. Not a copy of the Works has in which they are got up, with the high character of the Authors, will enable a smart man with a very small capital to realize from fifty to one hundred dollars profit per month.

Good recommendations as to character and ability will be indispensible. Address (Post paid)
L. P. CROWN & CO.,
October 8. 61, *Cornhill, Boston.*

EVENING SCHOOL.—The Subscriber hereby informs his Friends and the public generally, that he will open an Evening Class in his School Room, nearly opposite the Baptist Chapel, Brussel Street, on the first of November next, for the Instruction of Adults in the different branches of an English Education. Hours from 7 to 10 P. M. Terms very moderate. Persons wishing to avail themselves of this opportunity, will please to enter their names before the above date.

Also, a few pupils of either sex can be admitted to his Day School on moderate terms. Early application is necessary, as the number will be limited.
Oct. 8. GEORGE M'CONNELL.

Toys! Toys!

THE Subscriber has just received from Germany, Three Cases well assorted Cloth TOYS.

ALSO, per "Actress," from London—
3 Cases well-assorted English TOYS, which he will sell Wholesale or Retail.

Wanted a smart, active Boy, about 14 or 15 years of age. WM. MAJOR.
Oct. 8.—(Courier.)

CAUTION.

ALL Persons are hereby cautioned not to come in contract with the WHARF now sunk at Reed's Point, as in the event of any damage received, they will be prosecuted as the law directs.
JAMES STACKHOUSE,
GRIFFIS STACKHOUSE.
Oct 15, 1852.

KIDDER'S SUPERIOR HORSE LINIMENT.—The subscriber has recently received from the Proprietor, 4 1-2 Gross of this Celebrated LINIMENT. It is put up in quart bottles of various sizes and prices to suit Customers.

A liberal discount made to the Trade and to Country dealers.
Oct. 15. S. L. TILLEY.

H. CUTHILL.—From London.
(FURRIER.)
UNION STREET, NEAR CHARLOTTE.

All kinds of Furs, made cleaned, and altered to the latest Fashions.

Fur Caps made to order.
St. John, October 1.

GOODS ON HAND.

6 PUNS. Clayed MOLASSES; 5 Bbl. Bright SUGAR; 20 Boxes TEA; 10 Firkins BUTTER; 10 Bbl. No. 1, SHAD; 6 Half Bbl. do. do.; 60 Boxes Smoked HERRINGS; 700 Pounds Good CHEESE;
600 Pounds Smoked BEEF; 100 Bags SALT;
30 Bbls. Cooking APPLES;
1500 Feet 7x9 8x10 10x12 WINDOW GLASS;
1 Blue NITRIOL; 1 do. ALUM;
1 Ton LOGWOOD; 150 Bbl. Senna LEAVES;
Saleratus, STARCH, PEPPER;
200 Yards Country HOMESPUN;
Cheap For Cash.
M. BURNS,
St. John, October 1. *North Market Wharf*

UNION FLOUR STORE,
Portland.

ON hand—250 bbls. of Canada FLOUR—a first rate article. Mill FLOUR, in Bags, from the best Manufactories.

Daily expected a fresh supply of CANADA FLOUR. RICHARD SCOLES.
Portland, Sept. 3d.

HOSIERY, &C.

S. K. FOSTER has just received per Steamer from Liverpool—
Children's Cotton and Worsted Highland Socks,
Do Tartan Socks and Stockings;
Do White and Grey Merino SOCKS;
Do White and Grey Lambs' Wool SOCKS;
Do Fancy, Plain and self Colored GAITERS;
Infants Fancy SOCKS, in great variety;
Misses White and Grey Merino Stockings;
Do White and Colored Cotton ditto;
Women's black, white & grey Merino Stockings,
Do Black Cashmere ditto;
Do Black Worsted ditto;
Do White and Colored Cotton ditto;
Women's, Girls, and Children's Patent Elastic GARTERS, in great variety;
For sale Wholesale and Retail.
October 29—2w S. K. FOSTER.

PURE ZINC PAINT.—Per Acteon from London—1 cask Pure White Zinc PAINT.—This article is highly recommended for indoor use, and will be sold at the same price as the best description of White Lead.
Oct. 15. S. L. TILLEY.

Cheap HAT, CAP and FUR STORE,
Number Seventeen, King-street.

NEW GOODS opened by the Fall Ships, from Great Britain, France and the U. S.

FUR GOODS.—Ladies' Muffs, Boas, Victorines, Queen's Gauntlets, Cuffs and Muffs, in French Sable, Stone Martin, Fitch, Siberian Squirrel, Polish and British Sable, Minivet, Ermine and Silver Mink.

Gents' FUR CAPS, in Beaver, Otter, Mink, South Sea Seal, Mitria, Astracan and Hair Seal—newest patterns.

Gents' FUR GLOVES and GAUNTLETS, very cheap.

Gents' Russian Jennet, Wolf, Alpaca, Seal and Buffalo Winter Coats.

A choice lot of Sleigh Robes, in Bear, Lynx and Racoon—*we manufacture.*

Buffalo Robes, Sleigh Fast, cheap.

Gents' Satin HATS—Fall style; Cloth CAPS, new styles;

Gents' Hungarian Storm Caps—domestic.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, in Shirts, Collars, Stocks, &c.; a large variety of Cloth and Woollen Gloves; Trunks, Valisses, Carpet Bags, Glazed Hats and Caps, Gold and Silver Laces; with an assortment of other goods—wholesale and retail.

FUR GOODS of every description manufactured to order. LOCKHART & CO.
Oct. 8, 1852. 6i.

NOTICE.—All persons having any legal demands against the Estate of Mr. GEORGE HOLMES, late of the Parish of Springfield, and formerly of Southolm, deceased, are hereby required to send in their claims within three months from this date, and all who are indebted to make immediate payment to

CHRISTOPHER WILSON,
GEO. G. HOLMES,
Executors.
Springfield, Beleisle, Oct. 1. 3m. p'd.

Cheap Toys and Fancy Goods.

THE Subscriber having just returned from the United States, where he has made a personal selection of the above named articles which he offers for sale at prices to defy competition. The public would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

A. TAGE,
Hair Cutter and Perfumer
October 8. Prince Wm. street.

CLEARING OUT SALE!

Glasgow House, King Street.

THE Subscriber will, during the present months, sell off, at a great reduction from former prices the balance of the Summer Stock, and would call particular attention to the following articles, viz—

PRINTED CASHMERES and DELAINES;
PRINTED COTTONS;
FANCY DRESS STUFFS;
PRINTED MUSLINS;
LIGHT SHAWLS;
STRAW BONNETS;
BINDS, FLOWERS, &c.

The whole of which will be sold cheap in order to make room for the Fall Stock, shortly expected
Sept. 3. BALLENTINE & BOWMAN.

STOVES & PLOUGHS.

DESIROUS of reducing his very heavy Stock of **Stoves** and **Ploughs**, previously to removing to his New Establishment, the subscriber is than ever, and respectfully solicits an early call from persons wishing to purchase.

THOMAS C. EVERITT.
St. John, September 3, 1852.

Fall & Winter Importations.

Boots and Shoes.

D. PATERSON has received per the *Acteon* from London, part of his Fall and Winter Supply of BOOTS and SHOES, comprising Ladies', Misses and Children's Black Cloth Goloshed BOOTS; Ladies', Misses and Children's FELT OVER BOOTS, a splendid article to keep the feet warm; Gent's Felt SLIPPERS, Do. do. Albert SHOES.

Also per Admiral, from Boston—A large assortment of Ladies', Gents, Misses and Children's India Rubber SHOES, warranted of the best quality, 25 per cent below last year's prices.

On hand—A large and varied stock of BOOTS and SHOES, all of which, with the above, will be sold at as low rates as any other Establishment in the City.

N. B.—Remainder of his Winter Supply per the Ship *Commodore*, from Liverpool.

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BOOTS,
Oct. 8.—6w. Foster's Corner, King-st.

Old Wines, Brandy, Geneva &c.

In store and now landing ex "Acteon," from London:

30 HHDS. & 20 Qr. Casks Choice Old Port, Pale Brown and Golden Sherry, Madeira, Lisbon, Marsalla, &c.
5 Puncheons } Old Pale and Brown Cognac
30 Hhds. } Brandy. Martells. Henessys &c.
40 hhds. best Pale Hollands GENEVA;
10 Puncheons RUM;
5 hhds. very old and curious Jamaica RUM;
2 hhds. Old Tom. or English GIN;
45 puns. Old Campbelton and Islay Whisky;
10 Baskets } best Sparkling CHAMPAGNE,
12 Cases } in Pints and Quarts;
100 cases Cherry Cordial;
0 Casks Byass' best London PORTER and Brown Stout. East India and Allsa ALE, in Pints and Quarts;
5 hhds. Preston Pans Bitter Ale;

Which, together with a Stock of choice old Bottled WINES and LIQUEURES, are offered for sale by
RANNEY, STURDEE & CO.,
Oct. 15. *Wine Merchants, &c.*

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

THE Library of this Institution, which has lately been re-arranged, and has received a large addition of new and standard English and American Publications, will be opened to the Members on MONDAY, the 1st November, from 7 to 8 o' clock, P. M.

Arrangements are nearly concluded for having a complete and consecutive Course of Lectures delivered in the ensuing season, on Literary and Scientific subjects, a full announcement of which will be made next week.

Member's Season Tickets can be obtained at the Library on Monday and Friday Evenings, or on application to WM. HUTCHINSON,
Nov. 5, 1852. SECRETARY.

☞ Persons having in their possessions any Books belonging to the Library, will confer a favour by returning them immediately to the Library.

☞ The Directors desire to obtain, either by purchase or otherwise, the Journals of the House of Assembly for the years 1809, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1819, 1820, 1826, 1829, 1825, 1836, 1837, and 1852, to complete the set now in the Library of the Institute.

Auction and Commission Card.

THE Subscriber having extensive acquaintance through the Province, has concluded to devote his attention particularly to the business of COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER.

Being thoroughly acquainted with the several departments of trade in this City and Province, as regards imports and exports, and having by the experience of a number of years acquired a distinct knowledge of the value of all commodities, both real and personal, he trusts he can with confidence recommend his abilities to the community, as competent to do justice to the sale of any property which his friends may place in his hands.

JAMES ADAM,
Oct. 1 Office in Water-street.

Turner's Sarsaparilla.

6 CASES, just received per *Melinda* from New York. The Sarsaparila which is superior to all others, is put up in two Quart Bottles, and sold at the reduce rate of *One Dollar* per Bottle.

GEORGE F. EVERETT & CO., *Agents,*
No. 4 King-street, (adjoining Barlow's Corner.)
Sept. 3d, 1852.

GEO. HUTCHINSON, JUN.,

HAS just received per ship "Olive" from Liverpool:—An assortment of English WATCHES, JEWELLERY, &c., superior articles, which will be sold low for prompt payment.

SHIP'S CHRONOMETERS for Sale, Cleaned, Repaired, and carefully Rated.

☞ All kinds of Time Pieces and NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS for Sale and Repaired, at the Old Stand of Wm. HUTCHINSON, *Coffee House Corner.*
St. John, N. B., July 23 1852.

STEAM BOATS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber being desirous of closing up his present business, offers for sale, the Steamers COMMODORE, FAIRY QUEEN, and HERALD.—The COMMODORE had Six Hundred Pounds laid out on her last winter, and with a little outlay can be put in good condition. The FAIRY QUEEN had about Three Hundred Pounds expended on her also last winter, and a very small sum will put her in excellent condition. They would make first rate Night Boats between this City and Fredericton, or are suited for any route out side, or for the Grand Lake or the St. Croix, being well supplied with bedding, &c.; or they would make admirable Tow Boats for the River.

Also, the Steamer HERALD, now lying at Carleton. This Boat, with some repairs, would make a good Tow Boat.

These Boats have all first rate Engines, made by FAWCETT, PRESTON & Co., Liverpool, and will be sold low, on a long credit.

If not disposed of by private sale on or before the 25th November next, they will be offered by Auction.

Also for sale, an ENGINE, suitable for a Mill or Boat.

The Subscriber would solicit from parties disposed to purchase, a thorough inspection of these Boats
JAMES WHITNEY.
St. John, 15th October, 1852.

GRANITE HALL,
No. 1, DOCK-STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

CLEARING OUT FOR THE FALL TRADE.
"Clothing at a Discount!"

THE whole Summer Stock selling at 20 per cent. less than even the usual low prices of this far famed Cheap Clothing Establishment, to make room for an immense stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
Now on the way, and shortly expected to arrive.

Purchasers will do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Sept. 3d. THOS. R. JONES.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE
Union-street, St. John.

JOHN BROWN begs to inform his numerous and daily increasing customers, and the Trade generally, that he is now prepared to supply them with the above articles.

Inferior to none Manufactured.

☞ All orders left at the Stores of Mr. JAMES MCFARLANE, Messrs. FAIRWEATHER and RAMSAY, Prince William Street, or the Factory in Union Street, will be punctually attended to.
JOHN BROWN.
St. John, June 18.

Cod Liver Oil.

20 GALLONS, pure and fresh, without any offensive taste or smell; just received from Newfoundland.
GEORGE F. EVERETT & CO.

Cheap Clothing, Cloths, &c., &c.,
AT THE
North American Clothing STORE.
South side of King Street.

R. HUNTER,

HAS received per late arrivals from GREAT BRITAIN and the UNITED STATES, his FALL IMPORTATIONS, which, with the Stock previously on hand, comprises a most extensive, varied, and general assortment of CLOTHING, CLOTHS, &c.; and as his present object is *not to make money* but to dispose of his entire Stock of Goods during the Fall and Winter, he therefore offers them by WHOLESALE and RETAIL at a sacrifice, and most positively at a great reduction from what articles of the same description and quality can be had at any other Establishment in the Province.

The Stock consists of

Superfine BROAD CLOTHS, Pilot and Beaver CLOTHS, Petershams, Witney CLOTHS, with all the new materials now in use for Winter Coats; Cassimets, Doeskins, Kerseys, Tweeds, Satinetts, Moleskins, Canada Cloths, &c., &c.; VESTINGS, in a great variety of materials.

CLOTHING:

A large assortment of COATS, of various styles, such as Dress, Frock, Glenlyon, Paletot, Sack and Shooting Coats, &c., &c., in Superfine Broad Cloth of various shades, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Satinett, Tweed, &c. Vests, in such a variety of materials renders it too tedious to enumerate. PANTS, in Blue Cassimeres, Doeskin, Tweeds, Satinett, Moleskin, &c. REEFING JACKETS, in Pilot and Beaver Cloths, Goodyear's Patent INDIA RUBBER COATS, CAPES, and LEGGINS.

Furnishing Department!

Gent's White SHIRTS, Fancy Regatta do., Linen, Wool and Flannel Shirts and DRAWERS, Merino and Cotton do., White and Fancy Shirt Fronts and Collars, Muffle Handkerchiefs, Silk and Satin Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs, Satin Scarfs and Stocks, Scarlet and Shaded Wool Comforters, Snow Stockings, Braces, Gloves, Umbrellas, Carpet Bags, Felt Hats, &c., &c.

R. H. having engaged the service of Mr. J. McNIGHT, as Cutter in his Establishment, whose long experience in business in this City, and generally acknowledged abilities, renders it quite unnecessary to say anything further than that those who would prefer leaving their orders can depend upon having their garments made up in the most fashionable style, and by the best Workmen.

☞ No second Price. All Goods marked in plain figures. R. HUNTER.
October 29, 1852.

Prospectus of Volume VIII., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

THE Eighth Volume of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN commences on the 18th September, and as a great proportion of our readers usually commence their subscriptions at this point, we take occasion to extend them our gratitude for the encouraging and liberal support heretofore bestowed on our humble efforts, and to re-assure them of our determination to advance it still higher in the scale of utility, and, if possible, in their own estimation. We aim at an honorable independence in discussion upon all subjects; and, in some instances no doubt, our readers may have been surprised at our determined opposition to highly lauded discoveries in the Arts and Sciences.

Time tries all things, and it is with some degree of pride that we revert to the efforts made through the columns of the Scientific American, to establish sound views respecting several conspicuous miscalled discoveries. Since the commencement of this Volume, that peerless Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations closed its gorgeous display, affording a delightful episode in the stern page of the world's history. Above and beyond all criticism it has passed away, leaving a world-wide influence, beneficial to every branch of industry, and although not profusely represented by gew-gaws and tinselry,—the character of our country shone forth with magnificence in all the elements of substantial utility. Acting under the stimulus suggested by the success of the Great Exhibition, the enterprizing citizens of New York have determined to construct a Crystal Palace of no mean dimensions, and as this is likely to become an important feature in our history, we shall endeavor to present our readers with descriptions and illustrations of such novelties as may be deserving attention.

The present form of the Scientific American will be preserved as most suitable for binding and preservation. The paper will be of the best texture, and we shall aim to store its pages with practical knowledge in every branch of the Arts and Sciences. Invention claims important attention, as one of the fundamental agencies in the world's advancement—hitherto we hope to have satisfied our readers by our weekly summary of "New Inventions." The Weekly List of Patent Claims, officially reported for our columns, is a distinguishing feature, which must commend itself to every one interested in Patents.

We need the co-operation of our readers to enable us to publish a journal, worthy of their support, at two dollars per annum. We have never appealed to them in vain, and the Premiums offered for the largest list of subscribers will, we presume encourage new efforts. All subscriptions are payabl in advace.

We repeat our warning against Travelling Agents, as none are accredited from this office.

Letters should be directed (post-paid) to
Munn & Co.,
128 Fulton street, New York.

TERMS! TERMS! TERMS!

One copy, for One Year	$2
" Six Months	$1
Five copies, for Six Months for	$4
Ten Copies for Six Months	$8
Ten Copies for Twelve Months,	$15 for
Fifteen Copies for Twelve Months,	$22
Twenty Copies for Twelve Months,	$28

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Third Division of Profits

MINERVA
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LONDON,
ESTABLISHED, 1836.

AT the Third Quinquennial Meeting of this Company, held in London, 24th June, 1852, a Surplus of £42,400 Sterling, (being four-fifths of £53,000 Sterling) was declared distributable amongst the Policy holders entitled to participate. This sum allows of a reduction of Premium for the next five years, of £9,633 16s. 3d. Sterling, per annum, or an equivalent reversionary Bonus payable at Death, of £68,939 10s. 7d.

The reduction of Premium averages 35.22 per cent. on the Premiums payable during the next five years.

The reversionary Bonus averages 60 per cent. on the Premiums received during the last five years, or 9 per cent. on the sums Assured.

Upon the Policies which had been full five years in existence, the reversionary Bonus averages 2 1-2 per cent. Prem

(For the Chronicle.)

MISCELLANEOUS ENIGMA, COMPOSED OF 28 LETTERS.

My 10, 17, 11, 1, 6, 13, 23, Is a Country in Europe.
My 24, 2, 19, 8, 16, Is a Ferocious Fish.
My 2, 23 26, 20, 21, Is a West India Island.
My 1, 8, 13, 19, 16, 11, Are what we often have.
My 6, 13, 11, 5, 19, 22, 8, 3, Is what on one wishes to be.
My 5, 8, 13, 10, Is a beautiful Island.
My 26, 21, 6, 19, 26, 21, 14, 2, 21, Is a Town in New Brunswick.
My 2, 3, 4, 8, 26, Is a Cape in North America.
My 16, 19, 4, 22, 3, 11, Is a Surgeons Instrument.
My 3, 1, 2, 4, 13, 14, 15, 11, Need the labours of Protestant Missionaries.
My 16, 26, 19, 22, 2, 26, 19, 12, Is a terror to the Lowlees.
My 7, 19, 18, 13, 19, 10, Is a Remarkable Tree.
My 7, 9, 8, 10, 11, was a Celebrated Poet.
My 26, 8, 24, 2, 3, 26, 19, 10, 11, Is the name of a renowned Poetess.
My 8, 19, 13, 16, 12, 23, 26, 24, are attracting public attention.
My 2, 3, 19, 16, 20, 2, Is what all desire.
My 14, 9, 22, 17, 26, 7, 5, 8, Is an edible Fruit.
My whole is a magnificent and useful edifice in New Brunswick.

Fredericville, (C. C.) A. M.

A Short Canadian Sermon.—Perhaps it may not be amiss to remember the printer in my discourse. He is in a very disagreeable situation. He trusts everybody, he knows not whom; his money is scattered everywhere, and he hardly knows where to look for it. His paper, his ink, his type, his journeymen's labor, his living, &c. must be punctually paid for. You, Mr——, and Mr——and a hundred others I could name, have taken his paper, and you and your children, and your neighbours have been informed, and I hope improved by it; if you miss one paper, you would rather go without your best meal than be deprived of your newspaper. Have you ever complied with the terms of your subscription? Have you taken as much pains to furnish the printer with his money as he has to furnish you with your paper? Have you paid him for his type, his handiwork his headwork? If you have not go and do so.

What He Drank. (Scene in the Lowell Police Court. The Kelton liquor case being up, a witness was asked if he had ever seen any liquor drank in the bar-room.

Witness—Yes.
Lawyer—More than once?
No.
Who did you see drink it?
Myself.
Who gave you the liquor?
A friend.
Who placed it on the bar.
There was no bar. The bottle was taken out of his pocket!
Where did the liquor come from?
Don't know.
Did you ever drink in any other part of the building?
Yes.
Whom with?
Mr. Kelton.
What did you drink?
I drank his health. (Great laughter.)
You can go, sir. Lowell Courier

An eccentric man was asked to contribute to foreign missions. He gave a quarter of a dollar, but stopped the agent as he was departing, and said, "Here is a dollar to pay the expense of getting the quarter to the heathen.

MYERS' EXTRACT OF ROCK ROSE.

FOR all cases of Scrofulous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Sick Headache, Canker & Nursing Sore, Mouth, General Debility, &c. &c. No Medicine has ever received such high testimonials from persons who have been afflicted with the above named diseases, as the Rock Rose. Myers' Extract is an elegant preparation, perfectly save, and a wonderfully efficacious remedy. The extraordinary Medicinal properties of the Rock Rose Plant, have become known to some of the most eminent Medical practitioners of the country; others are fast becoming acquainted with its healing virtues, and desire to have it more extensively known and used.

The following is an extract from a note on the subject of a work published by D. A. Tyler, M. D., New Haven, Conn. on the efficacy of Rock Rose. These pages were penned without any expectation of their ever being presented to the public—ince which time the plant (Rock Rose) under consideration has been more fully tested its virtues developed, and their character more fully established. They are published by with the consent of several medical friends. The object of this dissertation is to lay before the members of the profession and to the public, the virtues of a plant too much neglected which undoubtedly (as an order member of the profession once remarked to me) possessed far more attractive hours than the popular sarsaparilla. I ask for the plant an impartial trial."

ITS MEDICAL HISTORY AND PROPERTIES

Are far the most important, since upon these depends its value to the community. Dr. Loudon says, that in 1799, it was so valuable in England, that it was cultivated from seeds. Ever since 1808.

PROF. IVES, OF YALE COLLEGE,

Has habitually used it with great success in *Scrofula*, and *Chronic Disease*, and through him its virtues were made known until, as Dr. Tyler says, "it is now in this section [New Haven] a common article in domestic practice, for the cure of *Scrofula* and cutaneous diseases." Dr. Whitlaw, a Scotch botanist of notoriety, while traveling in America, in 1814, learned its use in Canada. Returning to England, he employed it in medicating his baths, when became greatly celebrated for the cure of similar diseases.

DR. PARISH, OF PHILADELPHIA.

Remarks that it has been successfully used in bad cases of *Scrofulous Diseases*.

DR. J. R. THOMPSON, OF THE SAME PLACE

Prescribed it in bad cases of Scrofulous patients a Wells' Hospital. His success attracted the attention of senior physicians. He reports the following remarkable cases of White Swelling of the right hip. In February, 1848. The lad was seven years old, and had the disease for three years. The bone was dislocated upward and outward. There was a large opening on the hip leading to the bone, into which I could thrust my finger. I counted twelve ulcers. He had been under several physicians, who had given him up. I ordered a decoction of the *Rock Rose*. In two days his night sweats ceased; I then ordered a tea spoonful of the tincture of Rock Rose, three times a day. *Thirty-nine* days after he was *entirely well*.

For sale by *Druggists Generally*, where Circulars and Certificates of cases may be obtained.

GEO. F. EVERETT & CO.
St. John, N. B.

Sole Wholesale agents for the Province. Manufactured by William Franklin & Co., Proprietors New Haven Conn.

PROVINCIAL MARINE AND Fire Insurance Company of Toronto.

JOINT STOCK CAPITAL £100,000.
Offices over the Telegraph Office, Princess Street.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the above Company, continues to issue policies on Marine and Inland Navigation Risks, and on Property in Town and Country against Fire risk.

The financial position of this Company is undoubted, and the rates of Premium moderate. The fullest information afforded on application to

CHAS. L. STREET,
St. John, August 27, 1852. 12i. *Agent.*

H. H. POWERS, UNDERTAKER, &C.
Fourth Door North Trinity Church, Germain St.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

KEEPS constantly on hand, COFFINS of all description which he will furnish at Prices that will defy competition.

A Hearse always on hand—Pall, &c. furnished.

P. S.—CABINET FURNITURE, Mattresses, Curtains, Carpets, &c. made to order, on as good terms as any other Establishment in this city.

October 3, 1851. [H. Freeman.]

"FLOUR SALE!"
Shewell and Thomson
Warehouse.
STANTON'S BUILDINGS, DOCK STREET,
(Other side.)

FULL Sets of 50 pieces balance-handle Ivory, Self-tip, Black Tip, and white bone Knives and Forks, scale, tang, black tip, white bone stag, and cocoa Knives and Forks; Carving Knives and Forks; table and butchers Steels; Spring Knives, in 1, 2, 3, and 4 bladed, in pearl, shell, ivory, stag, buffalo handles; team, sportsman, and lock Knives: RAZORS—in ivory, black buffalo and clear horn handles, of *Elliot* and other makers; English and American Razor Strops; Scissors, of every description, of various makers: Bread, Butcher, Shoe, and Farriers Knives; Albata and German Silver Ware, in tea, table, dessert, egg, salt, sugar and mustard Spoons; Toddy and Soup Ladles; Plated Ware in candlesticks, snuffers and trays; Cruett Stands; Cake Baskets; Nut Crackers, Spoons and Forks; Silver Tea Spoons; Gold Rings, in jewellery, fine, standard, and sterling Gold; Britannia Tea and Coffee Pots; Cream Jugs; Sugar Bowls; Candlesticks; Shaving Boxes; tea, table, and mustard Spoons; Cruett Stands and Ink Stands; Tea Trays; Bread Baskets; Waiters, in gothic and plain pattern; Papier Mache Tea Trays; Portfolio and Work Tables; Block-tin Tea and Coffee Pots; Candlesticks, tall, upright, and chamber; brass Candlestick Snuffers and Trays, polished steel Fire Irons and bronzed Fenders, *Guns, Pistols, Caps, Nipples, Scythes, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches; Spectacles, Cork Screws, Iron Spoons; cloth, hair, shoe, tooth, and nail Brushes; fine tooth rack, lash, back and side Combs; Shaving Boxes and Brushes; Cash Boxes; Hardwood Slates; Railway Companions; Work Boxes.*

A large assortment of cheap Brooches, Rings Watch Chains, and keys; Pencil Cases, black steel; Broaches; Shawl Pins; Pictures; Beads; Looking Glasses; Fancy Soaps; wooden combs; Eau de Cologne Water; Hair Oil; Thimbles; Purses, slides and tassels; steel Beads; seed Beads; brass, pearl, bone and agate Buttons; Hooks and Eyes; Pins, Needles, Writing Paper, Snuff Boxes; Fiddle Strings; Fancy Pen Holders, with various other articles.

☞ A Stock of Nottingham *LACE* to be sold wholesale only. The above Goods were purchased in England for Cash, by the proprietor.

W. B. NICHOLSON.

A further supply daily expected from England July 29.

THE GREAT REMEDY.

Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed,

An never faillling cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Shortness of Breath, &c.

The extraordinary celebrity which this simple, pleasing, and effectual medicine has attained, may be seen by the following proofs, or certificates, all from persons well known:—

Mr. J. G. Sharp.—

Since you appointed me agent for the sale of your valuable Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed, I have been repeatedly informed by those who have used it, that it is without doubt one of the best medicines they have ever had, for the complaints in which it is recommended.

R. D. M'ARTHUR.

To Mr. J. G. Sharp—

Sir,—One of my children has been suffering *for years* under a severe Cough. The usual remedies were applied without effect. Having heard of Mr. *J. G. Sharp's "Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed."* I obtained some, and after the use of about 8 oz., or one vial of this extraordinary mixture, the cure was complete.

J. G. CAMPBELL,
April 28, 1852, City of Saint John,

Mr. J. G. Sharp,

Had, a few weeks ago, a very bad cold. Being recommended to try *Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed*, I got a quarter dollar bottle, and found it not only a pleasant but a most useful and effective medicine. It is pleasing to take, and a first rate cure.

PATRICK POWER,
April, 23, 1852, City of Saint John,

For the last sixteen years I have suffered from Asthma so bad that I was often obliged to sit in bed to prevent suffocation. I tried every means, during that time, that the usual or ordinary medicines could produce, but without effect, until I obtained some of *Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed*, (which was recommended to me,) and after using two bottles, I found the relief so long sought for.

M. SMITH,
Studholm, Kings County, March, 1852,

Sold in bottles at 1s. 6d and 2s. 6d, each, at the stores of JOHN G. SHARP, King street; R. D. M'ARTHUR, Medical Hall, Kings square, and JOHN CHALONER, King street.

SPRING GOODS,
Steamship "Niagara."
SMELLIE & ABERCROMBY,

Have received per Steamships "Niagara," one case of Sewed MUSLINS, comprising—

LADIES' Wrappers; Ladies' Collars;
do. French Cambric Handkerchiefs;
do. Chemisettes and Habits;
do. Long and Short Under Sleeves;
Book and Jaconet EDGINGS, Insertions, and FLOWERINGS;
Ladies' Mourning Habits, Chemisetts, Sleeves, and Collars;

Per "Harriet" from Glasgow:—

Long and Square SHAWLS, in Paisley Filled, White and Printed Cachmere, Printed Barege, Check, White and Coloured Glaze, Indianas, &c. &c.

LADIES' DRESS MATERIALS, in Balzarines, Opinos, Silk and Wool Printed and Plain Barege, all Wool Delanies, Silk Greenadines, Printed Muslins, Apacas and Orleans, plain and figured, and their usual good assortment Printed Cottons, Regattas, Ginghams, &c.

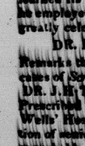
Bales COTTON WARPS.

Consigned—4 cases Gent's. Satin HATS, which will be sold whole sale at low prices.

Also, per "Cuba," from Boston—Cotton Tick, Demins, Wadding and Batting, Grey Cottons, &c.

☞ Remainder of Stock expected daily.

For Sale or Exchange
For Property in Town.



THE Subscriber's FARM at Musquash, Parish of Lancaster, 14 miles from the City. It contains 600 acres, 200 of which is cleared, and about 80 acres diked Marsh. There is a good half acre garden adjoining the House. There are on it a good two story House, containing 7 rooms and a kitchen: Cellaring for 2,000 bushels of Roots, and all necessary outhouses. There are two Barns adjoining the House, and one on the Marsh. There is a good School, an Episcopal Church, and two large Saw Mills in its immediate vicinity. The Railroad if it pass that way will run through the Farm.—Payments will be made accommodating.

JOHN GILLIES.
St. John, December 19, 1851. *Peter's Stree*

PRIME COD LIVER OIL.

JUST Received from Newfoundland, via Halifax,—1 Cask COD LIVER OIL, Warranted pure and fresh, prepared expressly for Medicinal purposes.

August 6. S. L. TILLEY.

OSNABURGHS, CANVAS, &C.

2 BALES OSNABURGHS, 2 bales Canvas, 1 bale Candle Wick, 1 case Reel THREAD, 1 case Irish LINENS; landing ex *Pilgrim*, from Liverpool.

L. H. DEVEBER & SON.
Sept. 3. Prince William-street.

Number Seven, Dock-street,

The Subscriber has received ex the "Oburn" from Charleston:

30 HDS. best Old Brandy, "J. Henessee & Co brand; 200 Cases Old Brandy, dozen each, Guice Leaf, "J. Denis Henry Mount. Co." May 23. ROBERT ARMSTRONG.

SEEDS.—Received from the Agricultural Seed Establishment, Boston—A Supply of Fresh GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS—warranted genuine. W. O. SMITH.

Here is your Remedy!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A MOST MIRACULOUS CURE OF BAD LEGS, AFTER 43 YEARS' SUFFERING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Wm. Gelson, of 70 St. Mary's street, Weymouth, dated May 15, 1851

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—At the age of 18 my wife (who is now 61) caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep. Every remedy that medical men advised was tried, but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your Advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and, strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without seam or scar, and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 43 years, and contrast them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow-creature.

(Signed) WILLIAM GALPIN.

A PERSON 70 YEARS OF AGE CURED OF A BAD LEG, OF THIRTY YEARS' STANDING.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. William Abbs, Builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbutic symptoms. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact. (Signed) WILLIAM ABBS,

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr. W. P. England Chemist, 13, Market Street, Huddersfield.

A DREADFUL BAD BREAST CURED IN ONE MONTH.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated December 13th, 1850.

To Professor Holloway.

Dear Sir,—My wife had suffered from Bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case, and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends.

(Signed) FREDERICK TURNER.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF A DANGEROUS SWELLING OF THE KNEE.

Copy of a Letter from John Forfar, an Agriculturist, residing at Newborough, near Hexham, dated May 15th, 1850.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—I was afflicted with a swelling on each side of the leg, rather above the knee, for nearly two years, which increased to a great size. I had the advice of three eminent surgeons here, and was an inmate of the Newcastle Infirmary for four weeks. After various modes of treatment had been tried, I was discharged as incurable. Having heard so much of your Pills and Ointment I determined to try them, and in less than a month I was completely cured. What is more remarkable I was engaged twelve hours a day in the Hay Harvest, and although I have followed my laborious occupation throughout the winter, I have had no return, whatever of my complaint. (Signed) JOHN FORFAR.

AN INFLLAMMATION IN THE SIDE PERFECTLY CURED.

Copy of a Letter M. Francis Arnot, of Breahouse, Lothian Road, Edinbro', dated April 29th, 1851.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—For more than twenty years my wife has been subject, from time to time, to attacks of inflammation in the side, for which she was bled and blistered to a great extent, still the pain could not be removed. About four years ago she saw, in the papers, the wonderful cures effected by your Pills and Ointment, and thought she would give them a trial. To her great astonishment and delight she got immediate relief from their use, and after persevering for three weeks the pain in her side was completely cured, and she has enjoyed the best of health for the last four years.

(Signed) FRANCIS ARNOT.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:—

Bad Legs	Chiego-foot	Fistulas
Bad Breasts	Chilblains	Gout
Burns	Chapped hands	Glandular Swelling
Bunions	Corns (Soft)	Lumbago
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand Flies	Cancers	Piles
	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Rheumatism
		Scalds
Coco-bay	Elephantiasis	Sore Nipples
Sore-throats	Skin-diseases	Scurvy
Sore-heads	Tumours	Ulcers
		Wounds

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Vendors of Patent Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Pots, at 1s. 1-2-1d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 22s., and 33s. each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER has removed his his Stock of DRUGS, &c., to No. 15, in block of BRICK BUILDINGS, recently erected in King Street, and a few Stores above the *Old Stand*, where, with largely increased facilities for doing business, and an extensive assortment of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, SPICES, PERFUMERY, &c.,

expected by first arrivals from *Europe* and the *United States*, in addition to his present Stock, he is prepared to supply customers upon terms as favourable as any similar Establishment in the City.

He would avail himself of this opportunity of thanking the public for the liberal patronage he has hitherto enjoyed, and respectfully solicits a continuance of their support.

His Stock now on hand is comprised in part, of the following articles:—

93,000 feet CROWN and SHEET

WINDOW GLASS,

—OF THE FOLLOWING SIZES—

7x9, 8x10, 9x11, 9x12, 10x12, 10x14, 10x15, 11x14 11x15, 11x16, 12x16, 12x18, 14x16, 14x20, 16x24, 21x25.

20 Casks Raw and Boiled LINSEED OIL;
8 Bbls. *SPIRITS TURPENTINE;*
Barrels Copal and Japan VARNISH;
300 Kegs Brandram's No. 1, White Lead, assorted sizes;
100 Kegs Yellow, Black, Red, Green & Blue Paints
Casks of PUTTY;
LOGWOOD, Redwood and FUSTIC, Ground and in Stick.

S. L. TILLEY.

—New Brunswick Agent for—

Old Townsend's SARSAPARILLA;
Bliss' Compound COD LIVER OIL CANDY;
Holloway's CELEBRATED MEDICINES;
Wistar's BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY;
DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA;
Kidders' HORSE LINIMENT;
HUNGARIAN BALSAM.

St. John, N. B., 12th March, 1852.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL, £2,000,000 STERLING.

John Shaw, Esq., Chairman, R. H. Blackall, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

Directors, &c., in Liverpool.

Charles Turner, Esq., Chairman.—John Campbell, Esq., and J. Bramley Moore, Esq., Deputy Chairmen.

George Armstrong, Esq.	Edward Johnston Esq.
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq.	Roger Lyon Jones, Esq
Michael Housfield, Esq.	James Lawrence, Esq.
David Cannon, Esq.	Francis Maxwell, Esq.
William Claxton, Esq.	George Maxwell, Esq.
Thomas Dover, Esq.	Robert M'Andrew, Esq.
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Thos. D. Hornby, Esq.	John Torr, Esq.
John Chas. Jack, Esq.	

Manager and Actuary—Percy M. Dove, Esq

Directors, &c., in London.

Samuel Baker, Esq.	Edw. Mackmurdo, Esq
Robert B. Byron, Esq.	Daniel H. Rucker, Esq
Richard C. Coles, Esq.	Wm. Wainwright, Esq.

John Westmorland, Esq.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent to the above Company for New-Brunswick, begs to announce that he is prepared to receive Proposal for FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE. The large Capital of the Company, and the number and influence of its Proprietors, enable it to rank with the most eligible Offices, either in America or Europe, with respect to the advantages offered to the Public.

FIRE BRANCH.

Persons assured by this Company are not subject to any covenants or calls to make good losses which may happen to themselves or other, nor do they depend upon an uncertain fund or contribution, the Capital Stock of this Company being an unquestionable security to the Assured in case of Loss or Damage by Fire.

LIFE BRANCH.

In addition to the more customary methods of Insurance, the Company likewise Assures Live on any of the following contingencies:—

For the term of One Year, Seven Years, or any other definite period.

For the whole continuance of Life.—The Premiums to cease, after a limited number of Annual Payments,

For Two Joint Lives.—The sum assured to be paid on the death of either.

On the longest of Two or Three Lives.—The sum assured to be payable at the death of the last survivor; or,

The Survivorships.—To secure the payment of the sum assured, if a life A die before another life B.

For a sum to be payable at age 60, or at death.

Premiums on Credit.—A portion of the Premiums may remain on Credit. Assurances may be effected in various ways, not enumerated, to meet the convenience of parties.

The important advantages afforded by the Company in the Life Branch will include the following viz.:—

The Guarantee of an ample Capital, and Exemption of the Assured from liability of Partnership.

Moderate Premiums.

Large Participation of Profits by the Assured amounting to Two-thirds of its net amount, which may be applied at the option of the party effecting the Assurance:—1st. By the immediate payment of the sum so apportioned.—2nd. By an equivalent reduction of the future Premiums.—Or, 3rd. By an equivalent increase of the sum assured.

Small Charge for Management.—The expenses of the Office being borne in due proportion by the two Branches.

Prompt Settlement of Claims.

Policies lapsed by non-payment of the Premium may be renewed within three months, by paying the Premium, with a fine of 10s. per cent., on the production of evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the good state of health of the life assured.

The Company willl always be prepared to Purchase the Policies of this Office at their equitable value or will grant a New Policy in lieu thereof, without any further payment of Premium, for a sum to be agreed on.

Extra Premiums, suitable to special circumstances, will be accepted to enable a party possessing a Policy on the life of another to guard against the possibility of its being vitiated by the Life departing beyond limits, or by any other cause.

Thirty Days are allowed for the Payment of Premiums after the day on which they respectively

Additional Advantages offered to Lives Assured with this Company at St. John, N. B.

I.—RESIDENCE.—Persons assured for the whole term of life will have permission, without the payment of extra Premium, to reside in any part of Europe, or in any place in North America to the north of 38 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

II.—VOYAGES.—They will also, if not sea-faring by profession, be allowed, without any extra charge—

To cross and re-cross the Atlantic Ocean, in steamers or first-class sailing-vessels;

To pass from any part of Europe to any other, or from any part of North America to another, within the limits above specified; also,

To pass to and from, but not to reside in any place which shall not be further south than 35 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

☞ *Office, corner of Prince William street and the Market-square in St. John.*

JAMES J. KAYE, *Agent.*

January 2nd, 1852.—6ᵐ.

GLASGOW DYE HOUSE.
King Street, St. John, N. B.

THE Subscribers return their sincere thanks to the Ladie's and Gentlemen of this City, and vicinity, for the support they have received, and beg to acquaint them, that they have taken the above Premises for another year, and hope for a continuance of their patronage.

All kinds of SILKS, Woilen, and Cotton Goods Dyed,—Also, Cashmere, and Plaid SHAWLS Cleaned and Pressed, (*coloring renewed*). Ladies' Dresses, Coburgh, and Orleans Dyed without taking them apart; likewise Gentlemen's Garments.

W. & P. would particularly call attention to MOREEN and DAMASK CURTAINS, which they are prepared to Dye and Finish equal to new.

WESTERMAN & PERRY.

St. John, February 27, 1852.—3ᵐ.

Window Glass, Feathers, &c.

Just received, and offered for sale

14,000 FEET large sizes, superior quality White Window Glass;
1 bale Steamed FEATHERS, three different qualities, (*oil all extracted*);
10 boxes, assorted sizes, LOOKING—GLASS PLATES;
2 cases Writing PAPERS and Blank Writing BOOKS;
1000 pieces, New Patterns, Paper Hangings;
25 dozen assorted CHAIRS, &c.

Patterns of superior and high-priced Paper Hangings are to be seen, any of which can be ordered deliverable in eight or ten days.

JOHN KINNEAR.
Oct. 1. *Prince William Street.*

DR. PAIGES PERPETUAL ELECTROMETERS AND GALVANIC SUPPORTERS:—The Subscriber having been appointed AGENT for the sale of *Paige's Electrometers and Galvanic Supporters*, he is now prepared, having received a general assortment, to supply customers at Boston prices.

Pamphlets, explaining the medical advantages of these Instruments, with directions for their use, furnished gratuitously.

Sept. 10 S. L. TILLEY, Agent.

FASHION—for 1852.

A. MACKEE, King street, has received from Boston, this Spring's style of HAT BLOCKS, and is prepared to furnish Gentlemen with Fashionable HATS, of various qualities. Best SATIN HATS, with Fur Bodies; not surpassed by any in America, *only* 20s.; and other qualities proportionately low.

SILK HATS—6s. 3d., and upwards;
KOSSUTH Hats, with and without Plumes;
FELT HATS, various shapes and colors;
Cloth and Glazed CAPS, of every description;
GLAZED HATS, &c. &c.

☞ PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE. [3i

CASTOR OIL.—300 Gallons Pale Castor Oil, Castor Oil warranted to keep sweet.

PHILLIPS & CO.

STRAKOSH'S Family MEDICINES

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
OF INTEREST TO ALL.
Sharp's Celebrated Family Medicines and Preparations.

Sharp's Compound Alterative Infusion of Sarsaparilla.—Sarsaparilla has of late years been much used, and with great success, in cases of Chronic Rheumatism, as an alternative in Scrofulous affections, Scurvy, Obstinate, Cutaneous Eruptions, Indolent Ulcers, Diseases of the Periosteum and Bone, attended with obscure pains, wasting the flesh, tenderness of the part, tumors and nodes unconnected with Syphilis, and in that state of the habit known among medical men under the term of Cachexia, but which is not easy to define. In such cases Sarsaparilla proves a most valuable remedy, and often effects a cure when all other remedies have long been administered in vain, and when the diseased state of the system has been of many years duration.

This article, prepared by John G. Sharp, has performed numerous and most astonishing cures of persons who have for years been festered with sores from head to feet, and others who have been cut up with Mercurial Rheumatism, which they had been laid up with for 2 or 3 years. Prepared and sold by John G. Sharp, Member of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain. N. B.—Dose, a Wine Glass full, three times daily.

SHARP'S BALSAM of HOARHOUND AND ANISEED, for Coughs, Colds, Shortness of Breath, Asthma, &c.

This excellent medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, and Huskiness of the Throat. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, and causing free expectoration.

Persons who are troubled with that unpleasant tickling in the Throat which deprives them of rest night after night, by the incessant cough which it provokes, will by taking one dose find immediate relief, and one bottle in most cases will effect a cure. Sold in bottles at 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. each.—Prepared by John G. Sharp, member of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, Dock street, St. John, N. B.

Sharp's Tincture of Myrrh and Borax; prepared with Eau de Cologne.

This article is excellent for washing and refreshing the mouth, and alleviating Rheumatic Pains which are often mistaken for the Tooth-ache. It is composed of choice Turkey Myrrh, Camphor and Eau de Cologne. Prepared by John G. Sharpe Chemist, St. John, N. B. Sold in bottles at 2s. 6d each.

COCOA NUT OIL FOR THE HAIR.

This is one of the best articles ever offered to the public, for *cleaning, strengthening*, and *promoting* the growth of the Hair. Sold in pots at 1s, 3d. to 2s. 6d. each. Prepared only by J. G. SHARP, Chemist, &c., St. John, New Brunswick.

Sharp's Camphorated Tooth Powder is superior to, and more agreeable than any other Dentifrice, for beautifying the Teeth and Gums. It removes Tartar with injuring the enamel of the Teeth, giving them a beautiful Pearly appearance. Prepared by JOHN G. SHARP, at 1s 3d and 2s 6d per Box.

Sharp's Oriental Hair Wash, for restoring, beautifying, cleansing, and preserving the Hair.

This article is of unfailing efficacy for preserving Baldness, for aiding the Growth of the Hair to an extent surpassing belief. Prepared by JOHN G. SHAP, Chemist and Druggist. (Sold in bottles at 2s. 6d. each.)

Also, Sharp's Nutritive Cream, for the Hair.—This Cream possesses the properties of promoting and strengthening the growth of the Hair, giving it a glossy appearance, rendering the most indifficile Hair perfectly pliable, and keeping it in strong Curl during damp weather or violent exercise, and preventing an accumulation of Scurf upon the Head. Prepared only by JOHN G. SHARP. Sold it bottles at 1s 3d. each.

To the Ladies.

Sharp's Celebrated Kalydor, for the Complexion

By applying the KALYDOR, copiously, several times a day, and by letting it remain on, it will radically cure all Eruptions, Tetters, Ring Worms, Inflamed Eyes, Burns, Scalds, &c., &c.

Ladies suckling will find it an excellent remedy for allaying inflammation—cooling and refreshing the infant's mouth. It being perfectly innocent, the most delicate lady or child may use it with safety.

Gentlemen after shaving by applying the Kalydor and letting it remain on the face, will find it allay the irritation and smarting pain, and render the skin soft and pleasant. Prepared and sold by JOHN G. SHAP, Chemist, Saint John, N. B.

Sold in Bottles at 2s. 6d. each.

Bug Poison.

"The Dead Shot" Bug Poison—To those who are afflicted with these crawling, biting, and bothering tormentors of our nightly rest, the subscriber would humbly recommend this article one thorough application of which will exterminate them forever from your premises. Prepared by John G. Sharp, Chemist. Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. to 2s. 6d. each.

Sharp's celebrated vermin and insect EXTERMINATOR! for the destruction of Rats and Mice, Cockroaches, Beetles, Crickets, Bugs, &c., &c.

The "EXTERMINATOR" is designed to supersede the use of Common Poisons, by furnishing a preparation convenient and safe to sell, at the same time attractive to the Vermin.

Directions for using the "Exterminator."—Roll up pieces the size of a small marble, and throw it into their holes; or spread it on a baked bread, with a thin piece of wood, and cut it into small pieces and distribute it about the places they frequent.

Put up and Sold by the Proprietor, in boxes at 1s. 3d. to 2 6d. each.

☞ None genuine unless signed

JOHN G. SHARP,
Pharmaceutical Chemist,
October 2. St. John, N. B.

GEORGE F. EVERETT & CO.,
Apothecaries & Druggists,
NUMBER FOUR, KING STREET.

RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have fitted up the Building formerly occupied by Ballentine & Bowman, No. 4 King-street, where they intend carrying on the APOTHECARY and DRUGGIST BUSINESS, and solicit a share of public patronage.

By recent arrivals from London, Liverpool, New York and Boston, we have received a large and well selected Stock of DRUGS, Chemicals, PERFUMERY, Patent Medicines, *Paints, Oils, Glass*, Brushes, Spices, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

Ship Medicine Chests fitted up at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Orders from the country punctually attended to.

Saint John, N. B., May 14, '851.

Ladies' Fashionable
BOOTS & SHOES,
ex "Caxmus."

First Fall Supply of Ladies' Cashmere and Prunella

PUMP AND TIES.

ALSO 10 cases Patent Leather and Seal-skin Glazed BOOTS, with a great variety of Ladies' and Girls' SLIPPERS, all manufactured expressly for us. The Thread used in sewing undergoes a secret process, which in the course of time by rapping. Our Pair will prove the above fact. Selling very cheap. Call and see.

FAULKNER & WENNIGAR,
Corner of Rock Hill and Germain street.
Sept. 24, 1852. 6i.

OIL, OIL.—300 GALLONS OLIVE OIL.
Fresh Pure SALAD OIL.
Sweet Oil, Table Oil.

W. O. SMITH.

NEW YORK SOAP, "Sign of the Royal Pine, Water St."

Recieved ex ships Alliance, and Dorset, from New York, the Subscriber offers for sale, Pale Soap, Mottled Soap, Shaving Soap, and Castile, from Leonard Smith, New York.

Also, the Subscriber has received from New York per Schr. Mary Lowell, Cargo of Coal.

An Extensive Stock of British and American CLOTHS, RUSSELL, Cord, Cashmereted, Mohaired, and FLANNELS.

French Satin VESTINGS—a splendid assortment.

40 cases of Ready-made CLOTHING, which will be sold Wholesale, cheap, 1s approved paper.

READY-made DEPARTMENT.

500 COATS, in Black, Blue, Olive, and Invisible Green, and other Fashionable shades;

1 Dress Suit of Black, for	£1	15	0
1 Suit of Tweed,	1	7	6
1 Suit of Plain or Plaid Cassimere,	1	12	6
1 Suit of Russell Cord,	1	0	0
Black and figured Satin Vest, from	0	7	6
Cassimere Beathes, and Satinett, from	0	3	9
Cashmerett, Berathes, Russell Cord, from	0	5	0
Cashmere Pants, plain and figured, from	0	12	0
Cloth Pants, in every color, from	0	10	0
Tweed Pants, in every color, from	0	7	0
Boys' Clothes of every description—Suit of Tweed,	0	15	0

SEAMEN'S CLOTHES and OUTFITS, of every description, selling off very Cheap;

Silk, Satin, Felt, Glazed, Leghorn, and Palmetto HATS; RUSSUTH HATS;

Gents' White SHIRTS, with Linen Bosoms;
Fancy, Regatta, and Heavy Striped Shirts;
Red, Blue, and White Flannel Shirts & Drawers;
Ladies' Wool Shirts and Drawers;
Silk and Satin Neck-Ties, Scarfs, and Stocks;
Silk, Cotton, and Muslin Handkerchiefs;

A large stock of HOSIERY, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas, Travelling Bags, Trunks, and Valises; India Rubber COATS, JACKETS, & LEGGINS Seamen's OIL SUITS, for 9s. 6d.;

Tailors' Trimmings, and every article connected with the Trade.

N. B.—A first-rate Cutter in this Establishment. A full suit of Dress Clothes made in Ten Hours—fit or forfeit.

☞ *Selling off the Stock at Prime Cost!*

F. NEILL, returns his sincere thanks to the public, for the very liberal support received since opening his New Establishment, and hopes, by attention to business, and selling at a small profit, still to continue to receive their future favours and patronage.

June 18, 1852. F. NEILL, Water-Street.

JAMES LUPTON,
TAILOR AND DRAPER.

Begs to inform his friends that he has taken the shop in King street, well known as "Vernon's Corner," where they will find a choice and well selected stock of

BEST SAX