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| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |

# REPORT ON DRY-FARMING INVESTIGATIONS IN LILLOOET AND NICOLA DISTRICTS. 

Br PROFESNOR W. J. NLIIOIT.

Reprinted without ehange of paging from the Report of the Minister of Lands, 1915.

# REPORT ON DRY FARMING INVESTIGATIONS IN LILLOOET AND NICOLA DISTRICTS. 

Hy I'roreasor W. J. Miliott.

Ifon. William R. Rong, K.C.,
Minixter of Lamds, Victorla, R.C.
Sir,-1 have the boavur to molbit herewith a report covering the experimental work undertaken on the Iry Farm at 105.Mile Ilouse on the Carihoo Trall, and at Qullchena, located on the Comamouse month of Nicola, B.C. As will le rememisered, the experiments were begun at your direcllon durlng June, 1013 , the purpse helng to determine the value of certain mo ealled iry arens of Britinh Coluabla for agrleultural and setllement purposes. The rejort covers the perlon from Neplemher 1st, 1914, to dugnst 31st, 1915, and Inclndes $n$ full record of the crops grown during the summer of 1 im .

While the prosent report demls purticularly with the record of the crops grown darlag the bast summer, set we may frepuentiy refer to the 1014 resnits that aplenred la your report for the lepartment of lamis for lnet year, so that we may have a comparlson of resnlts. For it 11 ost be borne in mind that it in oniy an average over a sories of years that gives accuracy to records of thes kind.

This reiort, like lant sear.n. laeindes the records of ralnfinl and snowfall, temperature records, and, In addition, aetual records obtalned by the growlog of a varloty of crops under varlous conditlons. Some of the rewuits of last jear suggested that we . 'ght with proft underlake a "date of weedlng" experiment with certaln gralus, and aiso a " te of seedlng" experlaent. Thene were trled out this year on loth farms, and the results will he found properly tabulated below.

## 105-M1LE FAHM nEPOHT.

## Ifepabation of Soll at 10\%-Mhle hotse.

The land fte the 1015 crop was broken during the spring and early summer of 1014 , aad as it whe all natlue sod the resulls recorded lelow are those of the first erop grown uion the land. The plonghlo. $\cdot: 911$ seu done very thoroughly, and the frequent eultivations that were given during the al, $\quad$, ared a very axcelient need-bed. The last thing In the fall all of the slopes wer.: , the disk ly fuchar euch pair of disk-hlades toward each other. This was done is - it the slopes, the purpose lielng to eateh as mueh as posslble of the melth: snow in the shosis. The plan was very sneepssful, as the foremen report that very seldom, if ever, did ine suow-water in the depressions lireak through the smail ridges left by the disk to rmi off the laad and lie lost for the erop.

## Cnabacten of Spbino at 100-Mile House.

The siring of 1015, like the apring of 1914 , opened up with a considerable amount of cold, haek ward weather. There was also mueli more wind than In 1914, aad it was feared that thls wind might make a heary dranght mpon the stored-up molsture on our cultivated flelds, thut the results that are horewith glven are splendid evidenec of the fuet that the cultivatlon had leen thoroughly accompllished.

In comparling Aprif, 1015, wlth April, 1914, we find that the former was, on the average, slightly cooler than the latter. The average maximum and minlmum temperatures respectlvely for 1014 were 50.5 and 31.5 degrees, whlle the corresponding arerages for 1015 were 48.7 and 29.6 degrees. For the same month the highest and lowest temperatures recoried during 1014 were 00 and 22 degrees respectively, whlle the corresponding highest aad lowest for 1015 were is and 24 degrees. The above flgures are uentloned particularly because Aprll is the princlpal seeding taonth for both wheat and oats. The lower temperatures for 1015 as compared with 1914 seem to have no evll effect upon the proper germination and sprouting of the graln, and upon the flal very excellent results that were obtalned with praetleally all erops grown.

## 

The general Impresslon Is lhat the proflytithon for 1915 was areatly lat excese of that of
 101t, the excesen in not nearly an large an in lmaginem. The followhig table given the predpita.



T'able t.-I'rerintintion by Nomtha.

| Month. |  | Irectjifathom 1014. 10 din. \$1mi, 101 c . | Muath. | 1'ruclpitation Promi Nupt. 1ut, 1013, to AlIE. $31 \mathrm{st}, 1014$. | 1'recipttation Promi Nopt. 1ul 1014. lu Aug. $3181,101$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 nehes. | Inches. |  | Inchen. | Inchen. |
| September | 1.04 | 2.02 | . 1 ırll. |  | 0.3 |
| Otsuber ... | 1.34 | 0.30 | May . | 0.\% | 2.07 |
| Novimber | 1.37 | 0.9 | Jun | 2.04 | 0.6 |
| Derember . . | $\cdots$ | 1.9 | July | 1.32 | 9.81 |
| January | 1.41 | 0.6 | Auguxt |  | 0.2 |
| March . . . | 0.: 1.1 | 0.14 | 'Totals | 10.94 | 15.05 |

 oplnion would angext. As a mutter of fict. It is ouly 4.11 luehes greater thin for the porresponding months of $1913-14$, and ln any event 15,0 in hehes (the total for twelve montix) In regarded an a compuratlvely light ralifall. There are one or two slgnificant facte aliout the ralnfall as glven alove, and tu bring this out more clonary it will be licter to put theme fignren In the form of a chart or dharam. In thas wis the varlonm paluts may be seen mueh uore clenrly. In the follow ing chart the prechilathon by months will be given. The Hines ripresenting Seltember 1st, $191: 1$, tu Iugust 31 st . 1914. Wlll apmor as a stralght line, whlle those


Chart t.-Shoirhig 1fonthif liveriplinfion from Neptimber 1g1. 1913, to August sist, 191t, as compurrel wilh that from Ecplember Int. tili, to A ingust 31st, 1915.


The two records as they ampar in the alove dangam are nilke, generally speaking. in the fact that the preclpitation ls llaht from the end of Sentember to the end of May. Ihurlag the whiter of $1913-14$ most of the show came in January and the early fort of kebruary, whlle in $1914-1$ : he mijorlty of the snow came in liecember. This varlation is no more than that whel occurs lu any part of the Western I'rovinees.







 In May, Jinne and July, or Just when the crips needed them mont fur proper filing and innturing.

## 




Table 2.-Arrage T'emperatures for C'orrosponding Monthe during 1013-14 and 1014-15.

| Sunth of Prav. | Avrrazn Dally गaxinutu. |  | Avorage Imily Minluum. |  | Arcrage Imally Maximutu. |  | Arcrage Dally IImimum. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11133.14. | [1114.15, | 101:1-14. | 1911.1\%. | 191:1.14. | 1014-1\%. | 11138.14. | 1014.15. |
|  | 11. Strem, | therrew | 1 negrees. | Ihogrions. | thigreem. | Wigrees. | 1).griex. | 1hegres. |
| Ningtember | (5i. 1 | 87.0 | iflis | [W.T | T8.0 | 74.0 | +4.0 | 81.0 |
| tritubar | 70. 2 | 51.\% | -11.2 | 12.5 | (34.0) | 01.0 | 11.0 | 22.0 |
| Nowvimber | :11, 1 | : 11.10 | 21.4 | 21.5 | 41.01 | 38.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 |
| In'rewber | : 4.0 | 21.4 | 31.5 | 11.6 | 411.4) | 31.0 | 8.0 | $-8.0$ |
| Jıutury | -7.1 | 21.4 | 11.1 | 0.8) | :10.0 | 37.0 | - 11.0 | $-8.0$ |
| F'bbriary | : 11.1 | 15i.t | 37.8 | 18.3 | 4:1.0 | 45.0 | :1.0 | 7.0 |
| Mareh | 35. 2 | 4:1.4 | 11.1 | 25.0) | 5H.0 | 3i. 0 | 1.0 | 11.1) |
| A | [10.\% | 5-1.1 | : 11.1 . | [12. 1 | 01.0. | 17.0 | 22.0 | 8.1 |
| Mny | 20.2 | : 31.1 | 3\%. 1 | :17. 11 | N2.0 | 72.0 | 27.0 | 91,0 |
| Juni | (6). 1 | (11. H | :N.I | +0.s | ¢0.0 | T 4.0 | :11.0 | :3.0 |
| July | 7S. 1 | (is.in | :31.: | 41.S | Sis.0 | 82.0 | \$10.8 | : 31.0 |
| Alıgust | -8.4 | 71.4 | :17.11 | 48.9 | 84.0 | 80.0 | :11.0 | 40.0 |
| Average . . | $51.4{ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 411.17 | 94.84 | 30.837 | 64,3 | 61.6 | 17.0 | 18.7 |

From the aliove talle it will he notol that the averige dally maximm for $1912-14$ is higher than that for $1014-15$ by 2.2 d degrees, whlle the average dally minnmun for the corresponding perlod is In fuvour of $191+1 \% \mathrm{ly} 0 . \mathrm{m}$ degres. In other words, the average day temperature of 1013-14 was higher than the Jny tempernture of 1014.15 hy 2.25 degreen, whlle the average night temperature for $1914-15$ was highor than that of $1913-14$ by 0.53 degree. There is ahs general statement to lie made regarding the temperature nt 10 o-mille llonse, and that Is. It seems to be woll adapted to the proilnction of splemilal erops, ns both those of 1014 and those of 101i have abundantly demonstrated.

Crgip anows ar 10i-Mile llouse,
All of the seed used for exprimmental work at 100-aille llouse win prollueed on the farm last sear, and eonsequently is honie-srown sced.

The general spring conditlons were quite favouralile for the soeding and germination of the hrain, and it in lateresting mow to turn to the aetual results from the varluas crops to see the splendid records ohtalned at $10 . \mathrm{D}$ - ine Ilonse.

## Wifeat.

The followlug elinrt glves parileulars regnrding the varlous whent-crops grown with rexpeet to date of seeming, rate of seeding, date eut, days to mature, ylald per plot, and eorresponding yleld per aere:-

Tabte 3.-Giving fiwll furthwlara regarding the Variety if Wheat Teal.

| Varitty of Wheral. | Dale | Hate of Hered per Acr | male out. | Imate cui. | Imyan 10 tinitury | of Minet. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yipid } \\ & \text { per ilot. } \end{aligned}$ | Yield per Acte. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marquix |  | (4) |  |  |  | Arm. | I.th. | Ilu. M. |
| IIurua | , 17 | (4) | duy | Alin. it | 1.4 | 4 | des |  |
| Diruan | ", 88 | 41 | : | 4 | 121 | \% | 770 | 51 |
| Fiel Fytu. | , 17 | (1) | " 0 | 41 | $1: 11$ | \% | (141 | 515 30 |
| (lataniou | M115 15 | 40 | .. 14 | Mrit. If | 114 | 1.20th | 10.1 | 34 \% |
| 1 relade . | Aprll 17 | 14) | June ${ }^{0}$ | Aus. 1: | 117 | \% | 972 | 180 |

In all, six different variet les of what were tried, a ad jroducen from 00 tushels per acre In the cine: of Marguls to 18 tiunhein with the Ireinde. It will be noted that, with the exception of Trelude, all the yielda are very goni, and In the ense of the Ihrum, lluron, and Margula varletles are gulte exceptomal. The yleld of (0) busleds tis the case of the largula wherat demerven sjeclal aiention, an this yleld compares favouralily with the lient of the whent glelds on the Iralrie. In addition to thin, the Marinim is rognriod an one of the thent milling wheats grown. Junt why the Irelude whonld pronluce only is bimsing par acre in nomewtiat liard to explain. lecause the mame wheat on the Gullehena Farm produced the splendid sleld of
 wheat, and In addition has the distlnetlon of taking fuwor days to mature than most other varletles. Hoth polits are Important in demiralife wheat for the 100 -Nille IHstrict. In the case of Gaigalos, we hive another gond milling wheat, and. an will lie noted from the talue alove, a wheat that maturen In :se slortent tlme of any of thone tried. In fact, the Prelude is supponed to the our earlent Camadinn wheat, lint, an will be seen. the faignlon matureal in even less tme than did the l'reluile. The Gugalos wheat was Imported liy the writer from Northern Montaua, where on the Ntate Experimental Finrm It lims glvell very favourable reanits fur the past two yenrs. The nuccess of the Marguls, hed Fyfe, Calgalon, and lluron varletlen nugurs well for the 10 j -Mile illstrict as a successful whont-produclige aren.

> " D.ite of Sekoing" Exip:ament.

Some of the ylelds recordedl last year auggested the necessity of trying some experimenta to determine, if posslhle, the proper date for the seeding of wheat, onts, and harley. A table follows covering a "date of mydlug" experiment for wheat. For this experiment the Ghirka wheat was used. It may le remenihered that the dihlrkn wheat produced our largent yleld last year-viz., 323 hushels. This whent wan secured two years ago from the Montana Agrlcultural Experiniental Stntlon and had glven gool results In the dry thelt of Nortiern Nontana. That It is adajted to the condithons at $10 \%$-Nile llonse in evidenced hy the splendid $y$ folds recorded below.

Table 4.- Date of Eeceing uith Ghirka Wheat.

| Dale weeded. | Rate of med per Acre. | Date headed out. | Dale cut. | Duyal 10 mature. | Slye of Plol. | Yifld per I'lot. | Yield per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ru. |  |  |  | Acre. | l.b. | Bu. Ib. |
| Aprll 10 | 1 | June 30 | Aug. 24 | $1: 10$ | 1/4 | 420 | 280 |
| " 17 | , | July 1 | " 24 | 129 | 11 | 417 | $20 \quad 8$ |
| "19 24 | 1 | - 3 | " 24 | 122 | $1 / 4$ | 730 | 4810 |
| Mny 1 | 1 | " 8 | " 35 | 110 | $1 / 4$ | 722 | 488 |

The first plot was needed Apri: 10 h and the other plots were seeded at one-week latervals untll four plots were seeded. All plots werc seedel at the rate of 1 bushel per acre. The ylelds of the first three plots are in the order of the date of seeding, with a very decided advantage in
favour of the Ap:ill Mh meeding. The remilt from the May lat wevoliag produced almont an

 "daym tu mature" colnmin II hay lie noled that lhey aro just the mpoulte of the "date of weviling." In fuef, there is all asionimhlug regularily in the dron of meven dayn in the Itme ripulred to mature any ons plot an compurent will the thme ta mature the plot that wan weeded

 wheat.

## Hatrg of Nagin seir Acmi.

 lifh, nud all took the mame number os hayn to mature.

Tatile i.-liate ./ Need pur tere ulth (imirka Wheat.


The four glotm were sembed as follows: $4, \% / 4.1$ and $11 / 4$ hinshels per aere: and whlle thirio is not as great a difference lit the ylelds as ingitt be expeced, yet these arrange themselvew alnow th the ortier of the rate of remilng. All ylehis are exceptionally good for dry-land reaulim, and what iltte advantage there is mecoms to i:o in favour of a moming at the rate of 1 lumhel per nere. Hxperlmenta mueli an these, however, are valuable just lin proportion to the number of yeurn that are :eprewented lin the remilin.

## Vabiety Teat with Oats.

In Ihim experlment three varlellew of onts ithit gave good remills lant your $w$.
rlenl. The following inlile will glve the resulte of the experiment:-

Table 6.-Esperiments with Thrre liarictica of Oats on 1 i.dere lionn.

| Varlily of Oal. | Inale nemdel. | flate of Sead per Acrp. | Date heacled oll. | Date cut. | 1): 510 <br> 11 iture. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rlxi". } \\ & \text { of l'lut. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yleld } \\ \text { per I'lot. } \end{gathered}$ | Yifld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O.A.C. No. $72 .$. Imerican Hanner Abundance . . . | Aprll <br> 08 <br> 08 <br> 08 | 1.h. <br> (18 <br> 5: <br> 60 | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { July } & 8 \\ \text { " } & 10 \\ " & 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Alug. } 17 \\ \text { " } 18 \\ \text { " } \end{gathered}$ | 111 112 117 | Acre. <br> $1 / 6$ <br> $1 / 6$ <br> $1 /$ | I.b. 815 748 741 | $\begin{array}{cc} 8 \mathrm{mu} & \mathrm{It} . \\ 16 & 0 \\ 88 & 0 \\ 87 & 6 \end{array}$ |

The yledds this year are larger than those of last gear. In fact, the three ylelds recorded above would stand as expeptloual ylelds under any condilion.

## Lahger Experiment witsi Oats.

The three varletles of onis meniloned in the nliove falle, together with a sixty-day ont were trled on a larger seale. In thls experiment the Abundance, O.A.C. 72, and Slxty-day oats were each reeded on a 3-acre plot, whlle 5 aeres were used for the seedling of the Banner oat. As might be expected, the slelds are not an large an those produced on the smaller areas, yet the results are very good indeed.

Table 7.-Experiment with Larger Arcas of Oats.

| Varlety of Oat. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date } \\ & \text { sied } \mathrm{d} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | llate of Send prer Acre. | Date headed ont. | Date eut. | Days to mature. | $\begin{gathered} \text { slze } \\ \text { of P'lot. } \end{gathered}$ | Yleld per Plot. | Yleld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 111. |  |  |  | Acre. | Bu. | Bu. Ib. |
|  | April 30 | 11/2 | July 1:3 | Aug. 2 | 115 | 5 | 310 | 020 |
| Sixty diy . - - | May $\quad+$ | $11 / 2$ | - 1 | $\cdots$ | 98 | ; | 174 | 680 |
| O.A.C. No. $\mathrm{i}^{2}$ | * | $11 / 2$ | " $\quad$ K | - 203 | 100 | ; | 163 | 510 |
| Abundance | T | $13 / 2$ | 12 | $\because 2$ | 107 | 3 | 1301/2 | 4617 |

it will be noted that ail four varleties were seeded at the same rate per acre, and, in addition to this. were seeded from two to nlne days later in the spring than were the plots recorded in Tabie No. 6 alove. We think, jerhaps, that the later seeding may account somewhat for the smailer yields olitained, hut we will have something to say on this point later when the results of our "date of seeding" experiments are recorded. The above table aiso shows that the same varietles grown on a iarger piot matare in from two to ten days less time. Special attention is calied to the Sixty-das: oat recorded in the aiove tabie. This oat was also imported ly the writer from the dry areas of Montana two years ago. It prodnced 38 hushels per aere in 1914 and 58 bushels durlng the past summer. Whlle the above yields are perhaps not large, yet for a dry-land area and for larger plots they are indeed good yleids.
"Date of Seedino" Experiment.
For the experiment regarding the "date of seeding" of oats the New Market variety was seiected. This variety was grown last year on a 17 -acre fidd and produced 39 hushels per acre. Eaeh plot was seeded at the rate of $11 / 2$ lushels per acre. The first plot was seeded on April 15th, and another piot seeded one week later. and thls was continued until all five piots were sown. As wiil be noted from the following table, the dates of seeding were as follows: Aprii 15th, e2nd. 29th, Day 0th and 1ith.

Tnble 8.-"Date of Seeding" Esperiment with Serc Market Oats.

| Date speded. | Rate of Sred prer Acre. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date } \\ & \text { headelont. } \end{aligned}$ | Date ent. | Davs to mature. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Slze } \\ \text { of 1'jot. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yipld } \\ & \text { per Plot. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yleld } \\ & \text { per Acre. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 15 | 1 mu |  |  |  | Acre. | L.h. | $\mathrm{Bu}_{10} \mathrm{lb}$. |
| $\underline{29}$ | 11/2 | ., 4 | A., 18 | 118 | $1 / 4$ | 900 | 10530 |
| $\because 0^{\text {a }}$ | 11/2 | , 10 | - 26 | 119 | $1 / 4$ | 818 | 968 |
| May 6 | 11/2 | , 17 | ", 31 | 117 | 1 | 729 | 8526 |
| 13 | 11/2 | ., 9 | - 31 | 110 | 14 | 706 | 832 |

It wili he noted that the piots seeded on Aprif 22 nd matured in seven days less time than did the one whleh had been seeded one week eariler. The plots seeded April 22nd, 29th, and Blay 0th ali took practically the same tlme to mature, whife that whieh was seeded on May 13th aetuaily matured seven days earlier than that whieh was seeded one week eariler, hat the yleid for the last-sown piot is the smallest of ail. In the yleids per aere, which is really the important consideratlon, the piot seeded April 2nd gave the lient returns in the enormous field of 105 bu .30 fl . per acre. The yleids from the plots seeded Aprii 20 th . May 6th, and May 13th are in the exact order of the date of seeding, prodicing $\$ 6$ bic. $8 \mathrm{lb} ., 85 \mathrm{ju} .20 \mathrm{ib}$, and 83 hu .2 lh . respectively. So that from the above experinient and for the year 1015 April 2 end seems to be ahout the best date for the speding of onts.

## " Rate of Seedina" Expeaiment with Oats.

It was also thought advisulle to try a "rate of reeding " experiment with oats. The New Market variety was used in this test and the results were as follows:-

Table 9.-" Rate of Secting" Experiment rith Oats.

| 1)hate serderd. | Hate of Sourd prer 1'Iot. | leate of seed per Acre. | ilate herather out. | Date cut. | Dayn to mature. | of lixet. | Yictd per Plot. | Yield per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1.b. | Mu. |  |  |  | Acre. | l.b. | 13u. Ib. |
| April ${ }^{1} 4$ | 101/2 | 11/4 | July 1 | Aug. 19 | 117 | $1 /$ | 416 | 63 40 40 |
| . 34 | 121/2 | 11/2 | . " 1 | - 19 | 117 | $1 / 4$ | 416 816 | $\begin{array}{ll}49 & 0 \\ 81\end{array}$ |
| , 24 | 15 | 18/4 | - 1 | - 18 | 117 | 1 | 735 | 8110 |
| , 31 | 17 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | June 29 | - $\quad 21$ | 119 | 14 | 651 | 7617 |
| . 4.1 | 10 | 41/4 |  |  | 110 | 4 | 61 |  |

In time above experiment the flve phots were all seeded on the anme day at the rate of $11 / 4$. $114.1 \%$. 2 and $21 / 4$ hushels por acre. It will be moterl thit $1 \% / 4$ hushels per acre seems to give the licst resnits, and while the 2 - and $51 / 4$-hushel rates of seeding glve first-class returns, yet they do not compare with the $1 / 4$-hushel seeding. The $11 / 4$ - and $11 / 2$-hushel rates seent to be entirely too light to sult conditions at 10,-Nlle llouse. This experiment shows clearly the uecessity for a knowledge of the most suitalic rate to seed per acre, hecause ln the one case we uay seed so light that we do not make full use of the stored-up molsture lit the soll, and In the other case we seed too heary for the stored-up moisture, and not only waste seed in the seeding. but aetually cut down the final sled per acre.

## Barley Resclts.

Only three differeut varieties of harley were tried-the smyrma, White Ilull-iess, and Mensury. Two of these were seeded on May 17th and the White Iluil-less on May 21 st. There was mo partleular motive In testlag these hariegs out in a comparative way, because they are very different in many respects. For lnstance, the White Ilull-iess is, as lts name Implles, a barley that hulis out just like wheat ut threshlng-time. The Mensury is a six-rowed varlety. IBoth the Nensury und White linl-less were trled lust year and only gave us falr resulta.

Table 10.-Yiclds from Three Varicties of Barlef.


The suyrma harley. whieh appenrs at the hend of the list, is a new varlety recelved from Irofessor Atklnmon, who is In charge of dry-land investlgatlonal work in the State of Montana. I suall $\boldsymbol{j}-\mathrm{ll}$. package of this sample was recelved, ind the resuits arcestinated from the actual yithl from a $1 / \operatorname{mo}^{-a c r e}$ plot. This liarley las given splendid results in Montana, and apparently will sult the dry arens of Ibritish Columbla. It grew rapldy and, as will he noted. matured In less thue thin clther of the other varletles. Mention is made partlcularly of the White Intl-less varlety that produced $\mathbf{\pi} 4$ bushels yer nere. This hariey oniy produced 9 hm .28 ll . last year, and It in remarkalle that the rield should lic so very large for the past summer. It will he well to introiltce a "date of seeding" and " rate of seeding" test for thas varlety, ins its success memm much in the way of stock-femilng for settlers who may come into the district. This yenr's results promise well for Whlte Ilull-less barley.

## 

That 'Fob-rownd 'hovillor l:: rles froduced the bext rosilts last yenr. and all the seed produend was saved for a "dnte of reeding " experinent ln 191\%. Ituring the past summer
this variety lus agalu produced more largely than any other variety. In fact, it leads any other varlety ly 6 hu. 18 il.

Table 11.-Result of "Date of Sceding" Erperiment with Tero-rowell Chevalier Barley.

|  | Late seeded. | Rate of Siend per sere. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ba } \\ & \text { herder } \end{aligned}$ | out. | Date cut. | Daye to mature. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Slize } \\ \text { of l'lot. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yer Ileld } \\ \text { per } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IIeld } \\ \text { per Acre. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & " \prime \prime \\ & " \end{aligned}$ | 7149128 | 1114 | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { Juiy } & 8 \\ " & 10 \\ " & 16 \\ " & 19 \end{array}$ |  | Ang. 25 <br> Sept. 27 <br> 0 <br> 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 110 \\ 105 \\ 108 \\ 98 \end{array}$ | Acre. | Lb. | Bu. ib. |
|  |  | $11 /$ |  |  | $1 / 4$ |  | 801 | 6836 |
|  |  | $11 /$ |  |  | $1 / 4$ |  | 692 | 580 |
|  |  | 11/4 |  |  | $1 / 4$ |  | 650 | 540 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1/4 |  | 603 | 50 |

It will he noted that the yields jer acre are in the exact order of the date of seeding per acre. There is a differance of eleven days lu the time required to mature the 60 -inu. $36-\mathrm{ll}$. crop and that required to mature the 0 -bushel crop, but the longer time required to mature the former piot jroduced $16 \%$ busheis more per acre than in the intter casc. it is apparent that in this experiment, and also in the "date of seeding" experiment with oats, the plots that were seeded iate in the sioring and which, therefore, natured in a comparativeiy short time have prodcced fower ylelds than those that were seeded eariier, and cousequeutiy required more days to mature. One of the chlef reasous for thls is no doubt the fact that crops that are started as early as possible in the spring have ample molsture for growth and are well grown by the time the warm weather comes on. By thls the the crop itseif has grown to such an extent that it shades the ground and thereby prevents evaioration. It thus sares for the final uaturing of the crop the soil-molsture which might otherwise he lost by evaporation.

## Gixperiment witit Fielo-peas.

Two varletles were tried-the Canadlan leauty and the Irusshan Blue. The weed was homegrown, and the plots produced as follows:-

Talle 12.-Test with Tro larictics of Fichl-pens.

| Varlety. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date } \\ & \text { scedidl. } \end{aligned}$ | Date cut. | 1have to mature. | Nize of Illot. | Fileld per I'lot. | Yleld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cinndian Branty J'insslan Blue | May 21 <br> 1 21 | Sipt. $\cdots$ \% | 117 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Acre. } \\ 1 / 1 \\ 1 / 4 \end{gathered}$ | 1b. <br> 151) <br> 114 | Bu. Ib. $10: 36$ 730 |

Both varlelles were seeded on the same day. lut it required five days more time to mature the l'russian biue than was necossary In the case of the canadian leanty. The slelds are not by any meaus large, lut the quality of the grain is excellent.

## Flax.

Thite l'enhost fhax was thr only varlety tried. The seed was recelred from the Gullehena statlon, where it had done fillyy well. it may also le remembered wilth interent that the phame of grassinmpers wheh vislted the Qullehena Station in 1914 scarcely lujured this varlety of flax at all. The l'remost flax was seded on May 21 st, was cut September th, this remulring 103 dars to mature. It produced 115 m . on a $1 / 2$-acre jot, or at the rate of $7 \%$ husheis per acre. This ls uot a large fleld, and yet the flax ls of sullelent value to warrant lt ielag tried under varlons conditens another yenr.

## Siieep-pastuae Expeaiment.

Numerous piots were seeded on foth the Quichena and 10 -silie Farms to various kinds of grasses and legumes. On the Quilichena Farm the crops were cut for hay. The resuits wili appear at the projer time under the Quilichena report. At 105 -Mile House the piots of grasses and iegnmes were nsed as pasture for sheep. There were eight sheep in the flock, which nveraged 132.2 ib . ench, or a totai of $1,0 \mathrm{~m} 8 \mathrm{ib}$. The pasturing on the various plots was as foliows: May 14th to 29 th, on $1 / 4$ acre of brome-grass; May 20th to Jnne 20 th, on $1 / 4$ acre white ciover and $1 / 4$ acre commou red ciover: June 20th to Juiy 20 th, on $1 / 4$ acre of aisike and $1 / 1$ nere mammoth red clover; July 20 th to August 1st, on $1 / 4$ acre aifaifa; August 1st to 12 th, on $1 / 4$ acre bromegrass and $1 / 4$ acre rape.

As the sheep were moved back on to the brome pasture for the second time on August 1st the totai area rejresented in the jasture experiment nmounts to $1 \%$ acres. The beginning weight of the sheep was $1,05 \mathrm{ib}$. and the finishing weight, $1,430 \mathrm{ib}$., thus representing $n$ production of 373 ib , of mutton on $1 \% / 4$ acres. At the exceedingiy moderate estimate of $\$ 7.75$ per hundred, the 373 ib , represents a value of $\$ 25.40$ for $1 \%$ acres, or $\$ 16.51$ per acre. These flgures are siightiy under those of fast year for the sheep-pasture experiment, but the character of the sheep wili easily account for the difference. The 1015 sheep were not by any means as good $n$ cinss of feeders as were those secured during 1914. However, tiley were the oniy sheep that we couid get, and consermentiy we had to do what we could with what was avaiiabie. This pasture experiment wili be continued.

## Timothy Caop.

During the eariy summer of 1014 some iand was broken on $n$ fower portion of the farm and within a short distance of Watson Lake. This ground was given special care in the way of cuitivation, and l : August the sod seemed to be weil decomposed and a very exceilent tilth was secured. Timots was seeded on this iand at the rate of 6 ib . per acre. It may be remembered that the intter part of the summer of 1914 was quite dry, and though the timothy-seed sprouted, yet the growth that it made during the fall was quite disappointing. It did not seem to stool out and thus produce a fair growth the first senson. However, it came through the winter weli and was harrowed eariy in the sjring to loosen the soll surface and hoid the moisture. It grew weil and at baying-time produced a rather remarkable crop of timothy-hay. In ail, there were some 12 acres seeded to timothy, and the measmred stack showed a crop of 16 tons, or at the rate of $1 \frac{1}{3}$ tons per acre. This is an excelient showing on dry land with oniy 15.05 inches of ralnfali. It wili be of much interest to see how the crop will produce during next season.

## Vegetables.

There is perhaps nothing new to report regarding the success of the vegetabies tried at 105-Mlie House. I'racticaily every vegetabie that was grown produced splendid returns. In fact, the vegetable-garden at 10 -Mile House iooked Just like any other weli-kept and productive Lardeu that one might flid. The regetabies that did weil inciude all the staples, such as turnips, beets, peas, rhubarl, parsuips, radish, lettuee, cabiage, cauilfower, carrot, etc.

Potitoes gaown at 10\%-Mile Iouse.
Three varietles of potatoes were teated out ou $1 / 8$-acre piots, and one variety was grown on a $1 / 12$-acre plot. The resuits were as foliows:-

Table 13.-Comparisun of the Yiclds of Four Varicties of Potatocs.

| Varlety. | Date sureded. | Inte above i iround. | Date ilfted. | Jays to mature. | of slzet, | I leid per Plot. | Yicld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May 20 | June 20 | Oet. 14 | 141 | Acre. $1 / 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lb. } \\ & \text { i.51 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IBu. } \\ 100.1 \end{gathered}$ |
| Beanty of Tebron | Nay | ." 16 | -. 14 | $1+1$ | is | 603 | 92, 8 |
| Gharpis victar | -. 96 | $\stackrel{\square}{\square} \quad 118$ | .. $1: 3$ | 140 | 1/6 | 633) | 73.8 |
| Gold Mine . | .. 27 | - 111 | ., 1:3 | 1:9 | 1-1:2th | 340 | 73.5 |

It should he menthomed that the whelds here recorded are of marketahle potatoes, as all wintl nen-marketable potatoes were ellminated hefore the welghts were taken. The ylelds are very falr and the qualty of the patatoce for tulle use cannot lne excelled. There is uo donht

 Who may eventually tuke in land in this dlatrlet.

## QCIICHENA II:IORT

## 

 the preparatlon of the land. Some 40 neres were broken durlug the summer of 1914 . Thls newly loroken land was thomaghly colthaned and ridged with the disk in a similur manner to that at loi-dile llonse. In the sprise of $1: 15 \mathrm{~B}$ a stroke of the larrow rednced the ildges to the common level of the groumd and our seed-hed was ready.

## NPRING ('ONDITIONS AT QEILCHFN.I.

The preclpitatlon recoris for Qullehemal are vers close ta those for 100-Mille llonse. The






| Montb. | I'rumpliatlon <br>  31si. $1: 114$. |  | Month. | Irreclpitation from Nrpt. 1st. 1:11:., to Ang. $31 \mathrm{st}, 1: 44$. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spptember <br> Getoher | Inclues. | Inclors. | . Iuril ....... |  |  |
|  | 0.71 | 1.9ti: |  | Inchers. <br> 11.71 | Inches. |
|  | 1.36 | 0.40 |  |  | 9.4S |
| Vovember . | t).thi | $0.75 \%$ |  | 1.61 | 3.72 |
| 1 Prorimber | t1. 110 | t1.15 | June | (1.75 | 2\% |
| Iatmiary | $\because .61$ | (1.85) | July . . . | (1, $0^{2}$ | 1.85 |
| Frbruary | to.t; | 0.7 | daminat . . . . . | 0.12 | 0.314 |
| Mitril $\ldots . .$. t.i. |  | t0,5!) | Tutals | 10.:34 | 15.208 |

Here abilin those who espected that the $1: 14-1 \%$ rain records would reveal a prechplation
 Ilonse, there is a larger ralufall, lut not bearly as large as was autlelated. Truc, the records

 und that a ralufall that ls even as much as $1 . \operatorname{sig}$ as loches is stlll remarded as a very limulted preclpitaton. It is somewhat of a pememily acepited fact in irrigation districts that where
 at duile henat and lob-Mite Ilonse. when every ond thomght that we were getthg such an ahme
 helow the mark where it ls thought that lregathon ls remarded as necessary. We shall submit the alove table in the form of a dagram. so that the ireclplation at the varlous thes of the



Chart 2.-Shoring Diagram of Precipitation, Records from September 1at, 1913, to August 3/st, 1914, as compared with Sepiember 181, 1914, to August 31et, 1915.


Gencraly spenking, the two precpitations represented in the above chart are much aike from Neptember to dprif, with the one excejtion of the month of Janunry. 1)uring January, 1014. the precipitation reaches 2.61 luches as compared with 0.85 inch in January, 1015. The general tembency of the two lines for May, Jume. July, nid August is menthe same, although the 1914-1.5 ralifall is consideralify more than that of $1913 \%$. The $\mathbf{1 9 1 4} \mathbf{4}$. F chart confirms last yar's ( $1: 1: 13-14$ ). in that there is much more rain in the summer months, wan the grain needs it for tilling, than nt any other time of the year. This fnet is very sigulficant as far as the possibilty of broducing crops is concerned. because of the opportuneness of the rifin. For it is a well-recognized fact that $n$ district miny do with a rery moch fighter ralifall if the rain that does come faths during the growlig and flling months of the grain. This is a simlar condition to that fonnd at loi-2mle 1louse, and angurs well for the snceess of both districts.

Comparative Teaperitcre Taale for Qullchima.
In the table below the nverage monthly ma:lmum and minhoum temperatures are given, rs well as the arerage highest and lowest monthiy temperatures. These are recorded for the two gears, Neptemher 1st, 1913, to August 31st. 1014 , and Keptember 1st, iolt, to Iugust 31st, 1015.



A glance at the ahove will siow that there is not a great deal of differenee hetween the averuge temperatures for 1013 -14 and 1914-15. Howcer, the average day temperature for
 of the ulght temperature for $\mathbf{1 9 1 3 - 1 4}$ as cobopured with $1914-1$. It wili aiso be noted that the winter of 1913-14 was eonsidernbly coider than the winter of 1914-15. During fonr months of the former the thermometer reached zero or below, while it only went below zero during two months of the fatter.

## Caops grown at Quilchena.

Much the same kind and number of experiments reere undertaken at Quilchema as were tried at 10 -imile Ihuse. There was thls exeeption, however, that different grains were used for the "date of seeding" and "rate of seeding" texts. All the tahles sulmitted, glving the results of the varlous grain tests, will Include varlety of grain, date seeded, rate of seed, date beaded out, date cut. diays to mature, size of plot, yield per plot, and yicld per aere.

## Tests Witil Various Wieats.

In this experiment a varlety of wheats have been tried, the purpose being to select those that soem to be barticularly sulted to the Qullchena Instrict. Among the wheats grown are some that are known as first-class milling varletles. It wlll be noted that the three wheats that stand at the head of the list ln the matter of production come under the head of good miling varleties.

Table 16.-Yiclds from l'arious larictics of Wheat.

| Varlety. | Date seceded. | Hate of Sied per Acre. | Date headed out. | Date cut. | Days to enature. | Size of 1rlot. | Yicld per 1'lot. | Yleid per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1.1. |  |  |  | Acre. | Lh. | Hu. Ib. |
| Glirka | April $\mathbf{Q 1}_{1}$ | 00 | July 21 | Sepot. (; | $1: 38$ | $1 / 4$ | 704 | 4816 |
| IRed Fyft | -. $\quad 01$ | 75 | -. 96 | . 11 | 14: | 1/4 | 721 | 484 |
| Marguis . | " 21 | 60 | ., 21 | .. ${ }^{1}$ | $1: 34$ | 1/2 | 1314 | 4348 |
| IIarmi . | - 21 | 60 | - $\quad 31$ | Allg. | 1:7 | 1/4 | 6-18 | 4348 |
| Inrum | - 21 | 45 | , 90 | Selit. 10 | 142 | 1/4 | 630 | 420 |
| Irrolude | " 21 | 60 | - 8 | Aug. 1! | 125 | 1 | 568 | 37 \% |
| Kıbinkk | -. $\quad$ :3 | 60 | .. 119 | Sepit. 6 | 1:36 | $1 / 4$ | 503 | :165 |
| (ialgalos | May 12 | 48 | Aug. 10 | . 15 | 123 | 1-16th | 111 | 2936 |

(If the varletles trled the Ghlrki heads the list. as lt ald at 10\%-Nle Huase in 1914. Red Fyfe is second and Marquis third in polnt of ylelds. This is a first-class showhig and speaks well for the adaptaliflty of the Qullchena Dlstrlet for the productlon of desirable wheats, as all three are splendid miling varletis. Two other varletles that are regarded wlth fasour as miling wheats are the I'relude and Galkuios. The Prelude occuples the same position this year as it does at loj-Nile IIouse, whleh ls only slxth place. It nay be that this partlenlar varioty ntay need to become more accilmated to the district: thos we may olntaln better results from our own home grown seed. The Galgalos seed wis securcd In Northern Montana, hui was recelved too late in the spring to give lt a fair chance in the above test. It wlll be noted that It was seeded on May 12th, or twenty-one days after the sceding of the rest of the rarieties. Another polnt that ls worth while noting is the fact that it regulres an average of 122.5 dnys to mature the Marquis, IIuron, Iurum, Red Fyfe, Galmaios, and I'reiude at $\mathbf{1 0 5}$-Mlie IIouse, as compared with aú avrage of 1 © 1.1 days for the same varletles at Quilchena. This is a surprising fact when lt ls remembered that the 10 T - Ille IInne Station is so much farther north than is the Qullchena Farm. Farther on in this report will be found a record covering the germination of all gralns at Qullchena. It wll be noted the very excellent vitally of all wheats isted.

> "Rate of Seeding" Test.

In this experiment the Red Fyfe varlety of wheat was used. Four piots were each seeded on the same day, and the seed used was at the race of $1 / 2, \%, 1$, and $11 / 4$ hushels per aere.

Table 17.-"Rate of Scceling" Teat with Red Fufe Wheat.

| Varlely: | Date seeded. | Mate of sred per Acre. | Inate heraded out. | Date cut. | Day to mature. | $\begin{gathered} \text { size } \\ \text { of l'lot. } \end{gathered}$ | Yipld per l'tot. | Fleld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Red F'yfe " " " | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { April } & 21 \\ " & 21 \\ " & 21 \\ " & 21\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Lb} . \\ & 30 \\ & 45 \\ & 60 \\ & 72 \end{aligned}$ | July 26 <br> " 26 <br> $"$ 26 <br> $"$ 26 | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Sept. } & 11 \\ " & 11 \\ " & 11 \\ " & 11\end{array}$ | 144 144 144 144 | Acre. 1/4 1/4 1/4 $1 / 4$ | Lb. 700 $\mathbf{6 9 6}$ 703 721 | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { Bu. } & \text { tb } \\ 47 & 16 \\ 45 & 44 \\ 47 & 4 \\ 48 & 4 \end{array}$ |

Iu the above talle there is oniy a diference of $\mathbf{2}$ lu. 40 fb . between the highest aud lowest yields. In addition to this, all piots matured in the same number of days. Whife the $11 / 4$-bushel serding seems to give the best results in this test, yet we do not feei jnstified in drawing anything in the nature of a definte conclusion from the above figures. The same experiment will lie tricd next year, and we shail hope for more conciusive results. There is this to be suid, however, that ail four results shown under this test are very good indeed, and would be creditable yicids under conditions where molsture was abundant.

## Test witil Various Oats.

The same purpose was in mind in testing out the varieties of oats os was the case in the testing of the wheat-viz., the determining of the varieties best adajted to the Quilchena District. In all, six varieties were tried, aud the following gives in a tabuiated form the results obtained:-

Table 18.-Tcst with Various Kinds of Oats.

| Varlety. | Inte seeded. | Rate of Seed per Acre. | Date readed out. | Date cut. | Days tu mature. | $\begin{gathered} \text { size } \\ \text { of i'lot. } \end{gathered}$ | Yleld per Plot. | Yleld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Garton No. 22 Abundanee <br> ( ).A.C. No. 72 Regenerated Abundance. . <br> I Binner ...... <br> Sixty-day | April <br> 08 <br> $" \quad 28$ <br> 1 | 1. | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Juiy } & 27 \\ " & 21 \\ " & 21\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { Sept. } & 2 \\ \text { Aug. } & 31 \\ " \quad \mathbf{2 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 182 \\ & 130 \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ | Acre. <br> 1/4 <br> $1 / 4$ <br> $1 / 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lb. } \\ & 780 \\ & \mathbf{7 7 5} \\ & 763 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bu. } \mathrm{lb} \text {. } \\ & 91 \\ & 91 \\ & 96 \\ & 88 \\ & 86 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 591/2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 68 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 21 | 31 | 130 | 1/4 | 684 | 8016 |
|  | - $\quad 33$ | 68 | " 210 | $" \quad 31$ <br> $" \quad 31$ | 130 | $1 / 4$ | 727 | 8513 |
|  | " ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ 23 | 51 | ", 12 | " 14 | 113 | $1 / 4$ | 716 | 648 |

$\therefore$ the above table two rarieties of onts produced 00 bushels or better per acre, three varleties produced 80 bushels or hetter per acre, and oniy one variety fell below the 80 -bushel point-viz, the Sixty-day oat, with 64 hn .8 lb . per acre. However, when the nnmber ci days required to mature this oat 18 considered, the reason for the comparatively light yield is seen at once. This is a rery eariy ripening ont, and, as a mattcr of fact, rlpened 16.4 days eariler than the average of ali the rest of the varieties. All ylelds, however, are good. If the sixtyday variety is eifminated, the other five are exceptional indeed. They wouid be considered as very considerabiy above the avcrage produced under most farourabie conditions. Even if the first five exceptional ylelds were ellminated, then the yieid of 04 bn . 8 lb . wouid not be by any means regarded as a smali yleid. In fact, it would be a very creditable yield under ordinary circumstances.

## "Rate of Seeding" Test with Oats.

In this test the Garton No. 22 oat was nsed. Ali six piots werc seeded on the same day and at the following rates: $\%, 1,11 / 4,11 / 2,1 \%$, and 2 busheis per $i$ re. The Garton No. 22 ont tried in thls experinent was a new variety iutroduced into this experimentai work for the first tlme.

Table 19.-" Wate of Nerviluy" Tent irith fincton No. 22 out.

| Varlaty: | Inite nerilerd. | Itate of Nomed iwr A!re: | Inte horated out. | thatecut. | 13ay* in Dature. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nize. } \\ \text { of llot. } \end{gathered}$ | Vluld prit lot. | virld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Giartun 90. |  | 1.h. |  |  |  | dcre. | t.h. | Iu. 13. |
| * | -10 | 2.81/4 | July | .106. 31 | $1: 30$ | 1 | 717 | A8 13 |
| - | . 0 | +21/2 |  | * ! 11 | $1: 31$ | $1 /$ | (1) | 1213 |
| " | " 2:3 | \%1 |  | - 11 | $1: 10$ | 1/6 | (14) | 7! 112 |
|  | , 吕: |  | - | - 11 | 1301 | $1 /$ | 044 | $75 \times 3$ |
| * | ". 80 | 68.2 |  | :11 | 1:31 | $1 / 4$ | .71 | (10) 24 |
|  |  | O |  | Sept. 1 | 18: | 1/1 | 7*0) | $81: 30$ |

 that the hembler somblug has glvell the hext resulte. It is a nurprishig fact, however, that the

 It is simply another ease where am aceorate statement can ombe bedncted after years of
 very food hodead for ily-lind condilloms, and further sulistantates the contenton that these


## Ninfeacur: Beik Chop of O.te.





 rate of $1 \%$ mimbels jur nere.

## Test witil Vimocs linheis

In all, four different virletles of barley were trled. The sime statement may be made with
 effect that the varletles of limiles tested were so diferent In character that ue partlenar thought



| Variety. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { lina, of } \\ \text { Kordid } \\ \text { Acri. } \end{gathered}$ | heman | Out. | Imar | cut. | thy. 10 watur: | $\underset{\text { of lizot. }}{\text { Slo }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yleltt } \\ & \text { per Acre. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Smyun ..... <br> Dhensiry: <br> Twormer ('hevulier . <br> White IItill-less |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tib. } \\ & \because!! \end{aligned}$ | July | $\frac{6}{6}$ | Aug. | $1!$ | 11:3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Acre. } \\ 1 / 4 \\ 1 / 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { t.1. } \\ 510 \\ \mathbf{5 1 . 0 1 5} \end{array}$ | Hu. Ib. <br> 86.24 <br> 8420 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | .. | T | * | 19 |  | 211 | 19.7 |  |  |  |
|  | . $2: 3$ | 40 | . | 12 |  | 1) | 11: | 1/4, | 854 | 814 <br> 80 <br> 10 |

The Smyma harles. Whleh produeed the largest yeld. was lmported from Dimenana, and as only a i-ith, backige was recelved it was nembed at a very ight rate per acre, to glve it ample opinirtuilty to stool. It was therefore grown on a $1 / x$-acere phot and produced at the rate of $57 \mathrm{lm}$.21 lli . pre acre. The ylelds of the Mhasury and Two-rowed Chevaller are excellent, and. Hke many of the rewits olitahed at hoth stathons, would he remarkible ylelds wherever secured. The yled of 70 lim. If ll . for White Ifull-hess is considerally alove the average, and augurs well for the prohnctlon of such grams an will he necensary for the feeding of Hes stock.

## Rate of Nehd phia acae witt Barley,

In this experiment four $1 /$-acer phots were meeded to Tworrowed Chevaller barley at the
 day und all were cut on the anme ding, The tabulated resulte are an follow:-

Table 21.-Resulla of Rate Eecting vellh Tiro-rmed Cherelier Harley.

| Varlets: | Lute mreded. | Hate of Sheml jur Acre. | Into houdind ont. | Intocut. | Ingut 0 matora. | $\begin{gathered} \text { size } \\ \text { of I'lot. } \end{gathered}$ | Yivill per IMot. | rimid per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Two-rowed Chevalier |  | 1,6 36 48 60 70 | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { July } & 10 \\ " & 11 \\ " & 19 \\ " & 11 \end{array}$ |  | 125 125 125 120 | Acre. <br> $1 /$ <br> 1/4 <br> 1/6 <br> $1 / 1$ | 1/h, 185 874 784 884 |  |

The ronilts an given above whow that all raten of seedlag gave excellent reanlts, and whlle
 greater than that ohtained from the $: 16-\mathrm{lb}$, or $\pi / 4-$ hushel seeding. Just why the tin-lb. Reming whind give the poorest results is hurd to explah. Llowever, this particular pot is ouly sightly below the rest, and an all the remates may he regarded an very good, we ne therefore unable to draw any detinte conclandons from the above. This experiment stands la the same bowition an do some others where it is Imposslble to deluce deflate rexilts from the first yraris work. It will reyuire the results of a serins of years to give records that may he regarded an anthentic and demphable. It in interesting to note the resnits of the ahove experiment in comparlson with the one that follows. In both experiments our own homegrown need was used. It will
 plot to he sepied in the following experlment was meedel two weeks later, or on May ith. The three other flots in the following experlument were seeded respectively on May 1.jth, gend, and iath. or at intervals of one week. The point to be noted here, however. Is the fact that the curiber needlug (April 23rd) has given vers much better results than any of the subseguent spedilus.
bate of Sheming with Two-roned Cihewalek babley.
In this test fonr $1 / 4$-arre plots were used and ench was seeded at the rate of $\mathbf{t 0} \mathbf{1 b}$. or $11 / 4$ mishele ies acre. As notel nhove, the four plots were seeded one each on May 7th, 15th, 20nd, and enth, or Junt seven days apart.

Table 22--Rexills of Date of Necting Trodwhed Chevatior bartel.

| Vurlots. | 1hto suederl. | linate of Wrat pur Acre. | Inte. hrathed out. | Datecut. | lays ír matore. | Niz" of I'lot. | Ylohl prer | Yleld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Two-rowed Chevaliar |  | 1.b. <br> (1) <br> (61) <br> 60 <br> (6) | $\begin{array}{cr}\text { July } & 29 \\ \text { Aug. } & 31 \\ \text {-. } & \frac{2}{2}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Sopt. } & 11 \\ * * & 11 \\ * & 11 \\ * & 11\end{array}$ | 127 119 111 11 KI | Acr: <br> 1/4 1/4 1/4 $1 / 4$ | 14. <br> 781 <br>  <br> 618 <br> 702 | Bu. Ib. (15) 4 01628 5048 thi 0 |

It will be noted thit the later the meding the gulcker the plots head out, and also the siorter time rapulred to matnre. For instance, there are seven days difference in the date of seeding of the May Gin and 1oth plots, hint there are only two days alference at the the of heading out, and at the time of ripening the May 1 bith plot had matured In eight days less thue than the Mar Tth fiot. If compmrinon la made of the seedinge of May 15th and and and those of May gund and chath lin the same manner, It whll be found thit the ahore facts may be apyled more or less regularly throughout. It must, howerer. be lorne in mind that a very short
rijening purion is not alwayn desirable. This will be seen In the case of the May 7th seeding. which refnirenl 127 days to mature as comparel with 110 days in the cane of the May 15th plot, yet the former proluced s lu. 24 if . more per acre than the later. This la also true in compring the May 15tit and the wind meeding, lut does not follow lit the case of the May $22 n d$ nod lith semalings.

It is necessary to mention one thing in contection with the alove experiment, and that in that the piots wechled on Mny sind and anth were both injured monewhat ly a frost that came on Nepitember 10th. The plots sown on Mny 7th and 15it were sufficiently mature no that the September colit frost did no dmmage whatever, lint the two later-sown piote were still somewhat green and consemuently were nilghty Injured.

The last I wo tablem submitted alowe would indicate tint the jromer time to seed harley In sompwhere hetween April 23 rd and May 15th. These two experimente will le conducted agaln next year for the purpose of extabilshing something that may be relied uion with a fair degree of necuracy.

## Expehiafista witil Two Vabieties or Field-plah.

The same two varleties of fleld-jean that were trled invt year were again grown during the jast summer. The Comadlan Beauty pen was growit on a $1 / 2$-acre plot, whle the Pruasian Blue was grown on $\frac{1}{6}$ acre. Both varleties were mended on the anme date, and the following ly the result:-

Tabic 23.-Renuil: obtaincel from Tiro Varicticn of Field-peas.


It will he noten that the I'russian inlue. whielt was seded only at one-haif the rate per nere that was used in commection with the Canadian Beanty, refuired less time to mature hy elght days. With such a light sceeling $n$ very rank growth of vine nad a prolonging of the date of mnturity might enslly have laren expected. Yet. In splte of this fact, It whs found that it
 for the Quilchena Instrlet, for the tendeney is: pea-vines to grow so Iate in the fail that they ure enught with the enrly fall frosts. Tins faet ls also true in the growing of peas on the Iralries. Consmpuently, those that repilire a short time to mature are eagerly sought after.

Both varietles allose produced very pool willds. In fact, the sleld of 27 bushels per nere on on $1 \cdot 2$ acre plot is excellent for the Canadian Reauty. We nre rery nuch encouraged In the prowing of peas on hoth the dry farms. The lmportance of this crup is apparent when we remowher that pea-meal ndded to hinrley-chop makes $n$ very excellent fattening food, particulariy for 1.2 .

## flax Experinent.

In thls test only one varieiy, which was home-grown seed, wns tried. It will be remembered that the grnsshoppers falled to damage thls parilcular variety serlously inst yonr. It grew splendidy and produced rery superior seed. In fnet. the seed showed nut official germination test of 100 per cent. The result from the growing of the lremost varlety of flax was as follows:-

Table 2\%-Rcaulta from Premost Flas Illot.

| Varlety. | Date seeded. | Jiate of Serd per Acre. | Date headed out. | Date cut. | Dayn to mature. | size of B'lot. | Yeld per Plot. | Yield per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Premest | April 23 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L1, } \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | July 21 | Sept. 11 | 141 | Acre. 1/4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.b. } \\ & 204 \end{aligned}$ | 3u. 3b. 1654 |

The noove fax in the latent developent variety in Canada, and is almo one of the earlient maturing varletien. A sleld of $\mathbf{1 0}$ lun. in th. in very creditable indeed.

## Fall Rye.

One plot of fall rye was mown on September 8th, 1014. It mprouted well and producel a very excellent gruwth durlug the napre fall. The next apring It grew rapldy and was harvewted on Augunt 14th. "ho results frous the fall rye plot are as follows:-


The fall ryo produced $\mathbf{5 3}$ lin. 14 ll , ger acre, whlch was a very large yleld. There in no doult alout the fact that thls croll will grow and protuce pxcellent resnite on the Commonage. It mas lie used to good advantage un insture In the fall, and atll produce excellent returnn the following year. It has also proven to le valualle as an early oprlug pasture. In some instances we have known it to be gnstured untll June $18 t$, and then allowed to mature and produce a falr atuount of good seed.

## Gemminstion of Graix at Quilciena.

Hefore turning to a diccussion of the grassem, roota, and vegetables grown at Qullchenn, an officlal germunation test of the anuples of graln grown on the varlous plete of the Qullchena Commonage is nulended. It is found that 86.3 per cent. of all grains have a germination of
on ler cent. or lietter, whlch is regarded as very good Indeed.
Tuble 26.-Complete Dermination Record of all Oralns produced at Ouilchena. Percentage Germinatlon.
$\qquad$
Daryuls . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Red Fyte : . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathfrak{\text { n. }}$.
1relude . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 17.0

Knlınka . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $88 . .7$
Galgalos . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . S. S.
Ghlrka
Varletles of oats-

O.A.C. No. 72 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\quad$ m. 0
Slxty-day . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0.0
Alundance (Regenerated) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 08.0

Gartof No. 22
Varletles of barley- 100.0
Two-rowed Chevaller . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Whlte IIull-less . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 87.0
Mensury . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 80.0
Smyrua
Varlctles of peas- 04.5

I'russlan Blue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100.0
Varlety of flax-lremost . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 00.5
Varlety of fall rye-Fall rye
lit 'he grombation rewulta an glvell for the whonth it wili bee moted that all excent two nre



 fact that the Inlsalon wins revelvent from Montana very late nid wan ouly memied on May lith.









 excerilent germinathon records.

## Tane likinema dino linuegh:m.






| Viarlus. | I Mal\|, murtout. | Inter - Wht. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nlan } \\ \text { if l'lat. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rinl\|l\| } \\ & \text { mer fllow. } \end{aligned}$ | 11/41 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tinumbis. |  |  | .trers. | 1.1. | 1.15. |
| 1trumb". |  | Jujy 10t. 1115 | 1/6 |  | 11:DEM |
| 18101-10p | $\cdots \quad \cdots 1$ | - $\overline{7}$ | ' | -. llal | N,1t+1) |
| Jimmulath roul reterer | ". 1 A | - 111. | 1 | 1.7it | It, 1: \%] |
| ('omation raid daver . | $\cdots$ 1N, " | .- 111. ." | 3 | 1,2\%17 | 4.12.41 |
| Ilsik" . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ - 1N. | . 111. .. | 1 | N11 | 11.0111 |
| . If:alf: | $\because \mathrm{MN}$. | " 11. | 1/1 | 171 | -106\% |
|  |  | .. 11. | \% | 13:1 | -.7il |

Moxt of the













 with the alowe. The yletal from the thotby-plat is very excepthand for dry-land work, und it









 molvert.

## Rypina liyt: llay I'mos.


 lang moring if was deciled lo wow 1.5 nerom lo moritig rye, and ly culthig it very early in the blewn filtiment furovilo our owis hay,








 nerel mitll mext full.

BHMTK A:D l'UT.ITOM...

 Ifellnuce was irleal on a $1 /$ macre irnct. The remilis werp an follows:-

Table 28.-Rcxulin from I

| Varbety. | 1 hetio flanliot. | - bato almiva liround. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lingto } \\ & \text { liflowt. } \end{aligned}$ | \|Myy In atal Orf. |  | Illotd per I Plot. | IICld per Acre. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ( Mct. 20 | 128 | Acre. 1-20th | 1.6. | $\begin{aligned} & 1 . \mathrm{b} . \\ & 10.540 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | May 11 | Jume net | (\%). 111 | 1104 | 1/4 | 11077 | 6,1414 |
| Suthenim Relhamer | - 11 | - $\quad 11$ | 111 | 12 | $1 / 4$ | $\bigcirc .575$ | 6, 111 ! |
| thaoty ot llawow | . 11 | $\because 1$ | - 113 | 121 | 1/4 | 1. 575 | \%, wh! |
| linll Cum | - 11) | ?11 | .. 14 | 121 | $1 /$ | 1, 1.75 | 6.64 |
| I Muku of York | . 10 | 1. $\quad 11$ | - 10 | 128 | $1 /$ | 1.114 | , \%, 015 |
| tiarly (hior | .. 10 | - 11 | . 1.1 | 1121 | 1/4 | 1.14 | 4,570 |
| Nhartis VIetar | . 10 | 93) |  | 121 | $1 /$ | 1,015 | 4,020 |

In comburing Remble:s Ilellance with the rawt of the varlethen, mome allownnce will necensarlly
 lowevar. It is appureuly in lirmechas brp. Of the other varlelleg, Sution's Rellance lolds frst dace, as :+ did lasi yenr. Ilwan? Itoloron agaln takes spcond place, which ta the mame an thit oceupled lnal gear. The rew " tho varletlen vary consitepably from the previous year's yleids. Whlle the alove ylelis are wot large, yet ine quallit of the potatoes grown oll the C'ommonage is very excellent. The pitatoes looll and hake well, producing a first-clans meaty potato.

## Carnots.

At Guilchena two khids of carrots wore trion. The Fhile Fighl and Red Talde varletles. There wore each growil un a $1 / w^{-n c r e}$ plot of ground.

Table 39.-Rranlt of arouring Tro larieties of Carrots.

| Variots. | of lize | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \text { per lilot. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yife!d } \\ & \text { per Acre. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yinld } \\ \text { perAcre. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Field Riol Tabie. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.1 .1 . \\ \mathbf{2 5 , 0 0 0} \\ \mathbf{2 0 , 0 0 0 0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bu. } \\ & \text { 410.6 } \end{aligned}$ $333.3$ |

The aliove yields are very gool Indeed, and as the gnaily was excellent, it indeates what may lee done on the Commonage in the way of roots. The fleli-carrots will be fed to the horses during the winter.

## Other Vegetnmes.

To say much about the posillintty of growing veretuiles at Qullehena is to repeat what was said last vear. and what has herin sald with reference to the prosilhiltles of regetabluegrowing at $100-\mathrm{Mlle}$ Ilouse. The slmple fact of the matter is that all ordinary garden-vegetnlles grow excellentis. Beets, onfons, carrots, cabinge, eanlifower, leans, peas, turnips, ete., of good size and quality were exhlbited at Nicoln and Merritt. Those exhibited wonid do eredit to any garden.

## COMPARISON IBETWFFN 105-MILE CONIITIONS AND THOSE IT QLILCIEN.L.

It is interesting to look at a few comparlsous lietween the Qulichena and 10\%-Mile Distrlets. Whlie the one district is ennsidenily farther north than the other, yet there are conditions of climatc. temperature, etc., that enter into the growth of crops, and the actual resints are surprising. In that there seems to he a very great similnrity in the conditions influencing the growth at the two points.

## Rainfall.

As has aiready heen mentloned, the precipltation at both polnts is very much allke.
Table 30.-Tabulated Kainfall at Quilchena and. 10j-1/ile House.

| Month and Year. | Quilchena. | 105-Mile llonse. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 1, 1913, to August 81. 1914 $1,1914 \text {, to } \quad 31,191 \%$ <br> Total for two : ears | $\begin{aligned} & 10.34 \\ & 15.2113 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.04 \\ & 15.02 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 25.743 | 25.90 |

Thus, there is only a differe se of 0.246 ineh between the two districts in the totai ralnfall for two years.

## Temperatite.

A glance at the average dally maxlmm and minimum temperatures for both 100 -Mile Ilouse and Quilchena will prove to be interesting. In strlking the arerage for two eomplete years, we find the following: At 10i-Mlie House the average maximum temperature is $\mathbf{5 0 . 2 9}$ and the average minimum 30.1; for Quliehem the corresponding maxhmm and minimum averages are 49.9 and 30.37.

The following chart hows the average monthly maxlmun and minlmum temperatures for the Quifchena and 10 - Nlile Stathons for Septemier $1 \mathrm{st}, \mathbf{1 9 1 3}$, to August 31st, 1014, and Septemler 1st. 1914, to August B1st. 1915:-


The dotted llnes show the average maximum and minimum temperaturcs, covering two yeara, at 105 Mlle, and the giralght lines show the averiges at Qullehena.

From the above chart it will he seen what a very great slmilarlty and unlforiulty there is in the temperatures at the Quichena and 105-Mile Dry-land Stations.

Genfral Gaowtil of Gaain at the Two Stations.
The followling table is inserted to show the relative helght $\boldsymbol{\sim} i$ the graln grown at Qullchena and $10 \pi-M l l$ House. Namples were taken from all the growing crops on both farms durlng the first week in August, and a couparlson was made of these crops as to general growth up to that time. The table will be found to give n comparlsou of the helght of the graln at looth statlons. Where blauks appear among the grains, that particular varlety was not trled at the partlcular statlon. In the matter of the blanks aplearing for the grasses and legumes at 105 -Mile House, lt will be remembered that these plots were used for pasture purposes, and consequently no heights are glren.

Table ,11.-Nhoring 'ommarison of Helght of the Grwingrowing at Ouilehena and 105-3ile House during the Firat Week of Iuguat.

| Varlidis. | 10.\%- Murt: Howxr. |  |  | gluchexa. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inll. } \\ & \text { мथrlivl. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ihises } \\ & \text { shiner } \\ & \text { simeding. } \end{aligned}$ | 11.1¢ 11 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { inta } \\ \text { wintind. } \end{gathered}$ | Haye <br> slner <br> srirting. | Hught. |
| Whiont- |  |  | Fi. In. |  |  | 1:1. in. |
| Sialgalos | May 15 | 7! | $\pm \underline{3}$ | Misy 1: | s | : $: 1$ |
| lhal lyfo | - Invil 1\% | 116: | 4. | April $\because 1$ | 104 | 411 |
| M:arinis | .. 足 | 193: | $+1 i$ | .. -1 | 1112 | 4 3 |
|  | .. 17 | 10:\% | 1 : | .. $\because 1$ | 115 | 4 : |
| I'rulalk | .. 17 | 1115 | $\pm 1$ | .. -1 | 11\% | $\pm 15$ |
| l:hirk: | .. 10 | $\cdots$ | 411 | -! | 10.\% | $+1 ;$ |
| Ghirk:ı | 11:19 1 | 1: | 4 N |  |  |  |
| 11101 ! | luril $\quad$ ¢ | 14115 | -11 | April $\because 1$ | 112! | 411 |
| Kinhank: |  |  |  | .. $3: 3$ | 105 | 43 |
| Arorages | . |  | $4+$ |  | 101/2 | $\pm 1$ |
| 1ty0- ${ }^{\text {lima }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiall rye (gravil feed) |  |  |  | Srpt. S. '1t | $: 3+1$ | $\pm!$ |
| Noriag rye | April ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1(M) | $\therefore 11$ | April $\square^{4}$ | 1(M) | $4!$ |
| 10.d.C. No. | Iuil ${ }^{4}$ | IN: |  |  |  |  |
|  | -1p | ! H ! | 4 | .. $\quad .11$ | 1193 | 4 |
| Ahmudatre | .. $\because 4$ | ! $\mathbf{H}^{\text {I }}$ | 5) 0 | .. 3 | 104 | $\pm!1$ |
| Regemerated Almmatmex . . |  | . . . |  | ., 303 | 104 | $\pm 5$ |
| Tiartun Nı, :mı........... |  |  |  | .. 29 | 104 | $\pm 6$ |
| New Markut | Arril $\overline{1}$ | 110.) | $4 \because$ | ... | 1 | 1 |
| .. ............ | .. $\quad$ ! | 1(k) | -1: | ... | ... | . . . |
|  | Miy 15 | 41 | 48 |  | i.. |  |
| Avrrages . . . . . . . . |  | $11 \times$ | 48 |  | 104 | 47 |
| Sixty-day (Moutana) (bulk (roŋ) | Miry | 111 | $\pm 10$ | Antil 2 | 104 | 40 |
| Abumbanee (hulk eroul) . | .. $\overline{ }$ | N- | : 19 | - | . . | ... |
| lannure (bulk crupl . ..... | April : 0 | ! 1 | 4 3 | . . . | . . . | . . . |
|  | Muy $\quad 1$ | S! | 4 3 | . . | . . | . . |
| Ibarley- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twornwed flavalier ..... | Misy | 48 | 411 | April ${ }^{\text {r3 }}$ | 71 | $\pm$ fi |
| Monsury | .. 17 | 75 | $4+$ | .. $2 \cdot 3$ | 114 | 3.0 |
| Nımy rı: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | .. 17 | 77 | $\because!$ | -. ${ }^{-3}$ | 10t | - 11 |
| White linlt loss . . . . . . . . | .. $\quad \mathbf{1}$ | 7- | $\because 4$ | .. 93 | 104 | 30 |
| Ivarages | . . . | Ts | :3 | . | IMi | $3 \times$ |
| l'pols-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V'umatian lheanty | Ma. -1 | 12 |  | A. 21 | 103 | + 6 |
| Flax - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1'riomist | May 21 | -1 | $\because 8$ | - 903 | 104 | $2!$ |
| 'İmothy trot with mowery |  |  |  | July, 1:14 | ... | 3 3 |
| İromb (evt. etr.) . . . . . . |  |  | . . | .. .. |  | 44 |
|  |  |  | . . . | - ** |  | $\because 1$ |
| :agumes- <br> Maın. .th retl elower (mit |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mamn. the ret elower (ent with nower) . ......... |  | . . | . . | " |  | 21 |
| ('ummon - red allovar (aut witll mawar |  |  | . . . | * |  | 21 |
| Akik: (ellt with mowar).. |  | . . | . . . | - | . . . | $\because 1$ |
| Alfalfa (cilt with mower) | . . | . . . | . . . | " 0 |  | $\because 3$ |


 Thle fact seems to lie more or lesse intiform.
dmother fict that k worthy of hetlee is that when the same variety of granin is grown at

 fact was gulte evblent whth all varletles of wheat, oats. barley, gean, nud flax.

Sumaen Fhosts at Botil Stations.
Table 32.-Comparison of the Dates on ichich Summer Frost orcurred at Both Pointe.

|  | Aprii. |  |  |  | May. |  |  |  | June. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100-M11F. |  | Quilichena. |  | 10\%-Mile. |  | Quilchena. |  | 105-Mile. |  | Quilichena. |  |
|  | 1913. | 1914. | 1913. | 1914. | 1913. | 1914. | 1913. | 1914. | 1013. | 1014. | 1913. | 1814. |
| 1 | . | \# | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | 31 31 | . | 27.2 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\cdots$ | . |  |  | . | . | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | $\ldots$ | . | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | . | $\ldots$ | . |
| I | - | . | $\because \quad \quad \because$ |  |  | . | ¢\% | $\cdots$ | 31 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . |
| 8 | $\cdots$ | : |  |  | - | . | . | $\ldots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| 8 | $\cdots$ |  | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | . |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |
| 9 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  | . |  |  |  | . | . | 97 | . | $\cdots$ |
| 11 | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | . | ii | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 i | . | 9 | . | $\ldots$ |
| 11 | $\therefore ;$ | - | $\because$ | -. |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | 9 | . |  | . $\quad$ - |  |  | $\ldots$ | - | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | .. | . | $\ldots$ |
| 14 | t |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | . | : | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |
| 15 | $\pm 8$ | - | $\because \quad$. |  | 9080 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 31 | . | . | : | $\because$ |
| 113 | :10 | 3 |  |  | 273030 | . |  |  |  | . |  | . |
| 18 | . |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | . | - |  | : | $\ldots$ |
| 19 | . |  | $\cdots$ | . | $31)$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | : | $\cdots$ | $\bullet$ |  |
| 20 | . | 2 | 붕 | $\cdots$ | .. | . | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\dot{3 i}$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |
| 21 | $\cdots$ | -4 | 96 | 24 | .. | (x) | $\because$ |  | . | . . | . | $\ldots$ |
| 43 | $\ldots$ | -6 | $\square$ | 23 | $\because$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | - | - |  |
| 2 | . |  |  | . |  | .. | $\cdots$ | .. |  |  |  | $\because$ |
| \% | ii | 308 |  | $\cdots$ | $\ddot{9} \dot{\otimes}$ | :i | $3 i$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | - |
| 27 | . | 06 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | . | . | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | . |
| 9 | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .1 | $\cdots$ |  | . | . | . | . |
| 9 | $\cdots$ |  | $\underline{88}$ | 3 |  | 9i | . | 30 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  | - |  | .. | $\underline{17}$ | $\cdots$ | 818 | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ust. |  |  | Sept | nier. |  |
|  | 10\%- | Ilie. | Qull | bena. | 105 | Mile. | Quil | ena. |  | Mlle. | Qui | hena. |
|  | 1913. | 1914. | 1913. | 1914. | 1913. | 1014. | 1013. | 1914. | 1913. | 114. | 1013. | 1914. |
|  | . | - | -• | . | . | . | - | . | -• | $\because$ | - | - |
| $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  | . | $\ldots$ |
| 4 | . | . |  | . . | . | - | . | . | $\cdots$ | 9 | . | . |
| 3 | . | - | - | - | . | . | - | - | $\dot{3}$ | - 7.8 | $\cdots$ | - |
| ${ }^{6}$ | . | . | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | 30 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 8 | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 81.4 | $\cdots$ | - | . | 31 | 31 | . | . |
| 0 | .. | . | . | . | - | $\cdots$ | . | . | \%ip |  | - | - |
| $11)$ | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 22 | 90 | $\cdots$ | ¢i |
| 11 | . | . | . | . | . | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 30 | $\ldots$ | 31 |
| 12 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 8 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |
| 14 | $\ldots$ | - | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | . | . |  | . | . | . |
| 15 | $\ldots$ | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | - | - |
| 16 | . | . | . | . . | . . | . | $\cdots$ | . | - | - | - | $\because$ |
| 17 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | : | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 19 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 28 | . | 1 |
| 30 | $\ldots$ | . | . | . |  | . | . | . | 85 | 24 | $\cdots$ | 31 |
| 11 | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 24 | 30 | $\cdots$ | : |
| 迷: | - | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 22 | 27 | - | $\ldots$ |
| $\underline{4}$ | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | . | . | - | . | . | 31 | . | . |
| 0. | $\because$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | , | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $2 \dot{81}$ | $\ldots$ | : |
| 9 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | . | -. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | . |
| 28 | $\cdots$ | : | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | . | .. | . | $\cdots$ | . | -. | - |
| 0 | 30.8 | . | $\ldots$ | . | . | . | . | $\because$ | $\because$ | 28 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |
| 318 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | :- | 28 | $\ldots$ | : |

- Sceding begun.

A chart lims heen premared showhig the thtes on which a degree or two of frost occurred during the erophrowing montlis-viz., fromin Aprif untii sintember. Is a matter of fact, the
 S"iteminer lat, althongh some of the inter-sown crofs in the "date of seeding "experineat were harvested about Neitember 10 th.

Seeding commenced on April 17th at 10\%. Nite Ihuse and on Ipril olst at Quilchena. These dates were exactiy nine dins fister at looth pisces than in 101.i.

 conrse, was not injured ly the frost. Thitside if Aurif fonsts at lor-Mile lionse, the few scattered stmmer frosts waro much the sibme as list jear. These were only a dogree or two at a time. and so far as the growing erops were concormet, no evil effeet whs mparent at any time. In
 these frosts du very litile, if any, damage at ail.

GENEIRSI SLMMARI.
Summing the formolig, ans covering the results oltaineal in the actual growlig of crons

(1.) There were six difforent variblies of whont tried at 10\%-Mile louse, whath average
 average of 40 lnt .4 lh . for nll varleties grown. These vielals are excellent. There was not a fallure with a slagie whent crop).
(2.) Three different varleties of oats were triod int lă-Mile Ilonse, which produced an average of in lin. : 1 lb . per acre. Nix varlethes were tried at Quilchena, which produced an
 fallures at all mong the ont-croms.
(3.) Three different variotles of barley were grown at gos. Mile llonse. with au arerage
 Again, there werc extra heary yielis and no fillnres whatever anong the barieys.
(4.) Imong the peas, than, and fall rye crops, from fair to excellent resnlts have been olithined.
(5.) Among the has produced at Quilchom ali the resitis, are gond and muny are excelieat.
(0.) At 10in- Nile llonse the results frou the bisturing of sheep bive lieen good. The valne of the minton prodinced on an acre amomed to $\$ 16.51$.
(\%.) Vincious variaties of potatos were tried on looth farms, and the resuits were very encouragiog. The gutalty of the potato for tabie use was excellent.
(S.) Aif common vegefables have done spibindily on hoth farms.

 have this fin heell obtained. We further eompratulate the lion. Wi. It. Ross, Minfster of Lands
 his opinion that these vast so-called ary arais of lbritisli coinmhia may be of much more value to the Irovince than whon used shmply for range purposes.
IV. J. Bll.iott
.tviser in Charge of Jry.laml lwesstigation Work.


