EXCHANGE OF NOTES

(May 20, 1941)

RELATING TO

ADDITIONAL DIVERSIONS OF WATER FOR POWER PURPOSES AT NIAGARA FALLS

BETWEEN

CANADA

AND THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

In Force June 12, 1941



OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
32 756 209
1941

EXICHANGE OF NOTES

(May 20, 1941)

ADDITIONAL DIVERSIONS OF WATER FOR POWER PURPOSES AT NIAGARA FALLS

ANGGINA BARATE ATTINA

The profitment of surplus to the our delivert afficients of the contract of the surplus of the contract of the

Gouvernment of the desired to the second of the second of

PRIVATE TO THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS.

EXCHANGE OF NOTES (MAY 20, 1941) RELATING TO ADDITIONAL DIVERSIONS OF WATER FOR POWER PURPOSES AT NIAGARA FALLS BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

The Secretary of State of the United States of America to the Canadian Minister at Washington.

> DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, May 20, 1941.

SIR,-I have the honor to refer to conversations which have taken place recently between officials of the Government of the United States and Canada with respect to the immediate and pressing needs for additional power in the Miagara Falls area for national defense purposes. Throughout these conversations, as well as in previous conversations during the course of years, on the general subject of the Falls at Niagara, two objectives have been kept in mind: first, the scenic beauty of this great heritage of the two countries; and second, the utilization of the power resources available there, consistent with the

primary obligation of preserving the scenic beauty of the Falls.

Recent surveys have indicated that there is now idle equipment available and set up which could utilize at once an additional diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second on the United States side. I am informed by the defense authorities of this Government and by the Federal Power Commission that this additional power is urgently needed in connection with the Government's National Defense Program. It is likewise understood from conversations with National Defense Program. with the appropriate Canadian officials that 3,000 cubic feet per second could be used immediately on the Canadian side in connection with the furtherance immediately on the Canadian side in connection with the immediate needs of of the war efforts of Canada. These figures represent the immediate needs of the two consideration all industrial the two Governments and do not pretend to take into consideration all industrial reon: requirements of the two countries in the area by reason of the present emergency.

In view of the above, and having in mind assurances of engineers that there will be no material adverse effect to the scenic beauty of the Falls, I propose through no material adverse effect to the scenic beauty of the emergency and in all through this exchange of notes that for the duration of the emergency and in all events. events subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, an additional subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments on October 1, 1942, and the subject to reconsideration by both Governments of the subject to reconsideration by th additional diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second be utilized on the second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion for power purposes of 5,000 cubic feet per second diversion feet per second div on the United States side of the Niagara River above the Falls. In making this prothis proposal this Government is prepared to give assurances that no objection will be proposal this Government is prepared to give assurances that no objection the will be raised to an additional diversion of 3,000 cubic feet per second on the Canadian Telescopic Proposed that Canadian side of the Niagara River above the Falls. It is also proposed that the encir the engineers of the two Governments be instructed to take such steps as may be engineers of the two Governments be instructed to take such steps to hecessary with a view to initiating forthwith the construction of works designed designed to distribute the flow of waters over the Falls in such a manner as to preserve their scenic beauty.

Moreover, the American Government proposes that upon the entry into effect of the Agreement for the Utilization of the Water in the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Basin signed on March 19, 1941, the foregoing arrangements be sultiple IX of the Agreement, and that it be subject to the provisions of Article IX of the Agreement, and that it



will be open to the Commission appointed under the provisions of the Agreement and carrying out the duties imposed upon it, to take such action as may be necessary, and as may come within the scope of the Agreement with regard to diversions at Niagara.

If the foregoing is acceptable to the Government of Canada, this note and your reply thereto, when approved by the Senate, shall be regarded as placing on record the understanding arrived at between the two Governments

concerning this matter.

Accept, Sir, etc.

For the Secretary of State:

A. A. BERLE, Jr.

The Canadian Minister at Washington to the Secretary of State of the United States of America

Canadian Legation,
Washington,
May 20, 1941.

Sir,—With reference to your note of May 20th, 1941, concerning the immediate and pressing needs for additional power in the Niagara Falls area for national defence purposes, I have the honour to inform you that the Government of Canada concurs in the arrangements set forth in your note and is prepared to give assurances that no objection will be raised by the Government of Canada to an additional diversion of 5,000 cubic feet per second on the United States side of the Niagara River above the Falls.

neers of the two Covernments be instructed to take such steps as may

I have, etc.,

H. H. WRONG,
for the Minister.