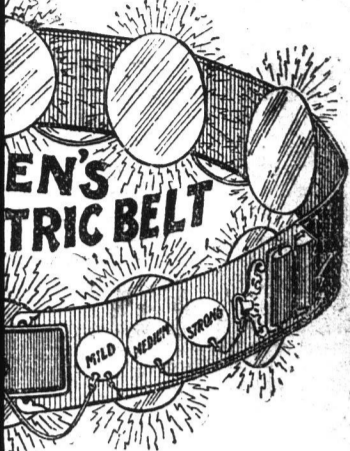


FEEL WELL.

and Light of Heart, with  
ep You Well. When  
n Vigor, You Can  
Using This  
remedy.



EN'S  
TRIC BELT

The fountain of  
animal life is in  
your nerves. When  
you are weak your  
nerves need toning  
up.

energy of youth by excesses of high living;  
fally growing fainter, and who have, while  
mainly power lessening as age had come  
physical and vital energies; to such men,  
forces are slow of action and lacking in the  
orth its weight in gold.

feels. Nothing in this world is worth  
d yet here is a remedy which thousands of  
ne since has proved to be all you recom-  
ending it to my friends. I would like to  
by express, C.O.D. S. J. GRAHAM, Ross-  
6

Electric Belt will do what is claimed for it  
and being cured. They don't mention it be-  
y are in need of such a remedy.  
ects of early habits, indigestions, excesses, e.  
e. It helps Nature to mend and makes

even of other so-called electric belts, is no  
o other treatment, no other belt, is in  
ill, and still Dr. Sanden's Belt will cure,  
remedies without avail.

effort to regain his power until he tries Dr.  
reat remedy will make it unnecessary to

y has done me a great deal of good. I feel  
ago. My flesh is firm and strength in-  
rusted since I commenced wearing your  
March 1, 1897.

your friends. Regain your health. Give to  
to your eye. Regain your manhood for  
Sanden's celebrated book "Three Classes of  
on application. 22K

**SANDEN,**  
Washington Street, PORTLAND, Oregon,  
shipped to this Province.

SEE  
THAT THE  
FAC-SIMILE  
SIGNATURE

OF  
OF EVERY  
BOTTLE OF

**CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It  
is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell  
you anything else on the plea or promise that it  
is "just as good" and "will answer every pur-  
pose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The  
Castoria is an  
signature of  
every  
wrapper.

the growth of prosperity, wealth, comfort,  
and vigor, in which Ireland has not  
shared."

New York, May 26.—The Press publishes  
the following: Officers of the  
Cuban League have decided to attempt  
the raising of a fund of \$1,000,000 in the  
United States, believing that this will  
enable the Cubans to establish their in-  
dependence. The fund is to be raised in  
two ways—by donations and by the sale  
of gold bonds at 5 per cent. "payable  
ten years after the evacuation of Cuba  
by the Spanish troops."

**CROW'S NEST BARGAIN.**

Three and a Half Millions for the  
C.P.R., Which Makes Liberal Re-  
ductions on Through Freight.

Road to Pentstemon Also to Be Sub-  
sidized, and That to the Coast  
"In Due Course."

(From Our Own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, June 1.—It is said that the  
Crow's Nest Pass proposals to be sub-  
mitted by the Government to the Lib-  
eral caucus to-morrow involve the pay-  
ment of \$8,500 per mile to the C.P.R., in  
return for which the company makes im-  
portant concessions in regard to freight  
rates.

There is talk in the lobbies to-night of  
Parliament proroguing by the 19th to  
enable most of the members to celebrate  
the Jubilee at their own homes.

The house spent the whole day in  
committee on the tariff and as midnight  
the reciprocity clause was passed.

The Senate to-day passed an address  
to the Queen congratulating her on the  
Jubilee. Sir Oliver Mowat and Sir Mac-  
kenzie Bowell made appropriate  
speeches. The Commons will pass the  
address to-morrow.

Premier Turner interviewed Mr. Laurier  
to-day on British Columbia matters.  
D. C. Corbin, of British Columbia,  
wrote the special committee on the Mac-  
lean and Casey bills to protect railway  
employees, strongly approving the mea-  
sures.

Norman Maclean thinks that, despite  
Mr. Heintz's opposition, the Vancouver,  
Victoria and Eastern charter will be  
granted.

OTTAWA, June 2.—(Special)—At a Lib-  
eral caucus to-day there was a very large  
attendance of members and Senators.  
The principal question discussed was  
the building of the Crow's Nest Pass  
railway. Mr. Blair presented the ar-  
gument which the government had  
entered into with the C.P.R. for the  
consolidation of 330 miles of the line  
from Lethbridge to the mining region at  
Rossland. The balance of the road  
through to Pentstemon will be given to an  
independent company. By this arrange-  
ment the C.P.R. Company will get a  
Dominion subsidy of \$11,000 per mile.  
For this subsidy the C.P.R. has  
arranged to make very important  
concessions to the government. In the  
first place they give over the control of  
rates west of Fort William to the govern-  
ment. The railway company also  
makes a cut of 20 per cent. in a specified  
number of articles. For instance,  
a cut of 15 per cent. per hundred is  
made for this year, and 15 per cent. more  
for next year, or 3 cents in all.

As to the arrangement for building  
the road westerly from Rossland, it was  
not discussed at length, but the policy  
of the government evidently is to give a  
similar subsidy as far as Pentstemon and  
in the course of time to continue it to  
the Pacific coast.

While there were a number of Ontario  
and Western members in the first in-  
stance opposed to going on with the  
building of the road this year, thinking  
that nothing would be lost by another  
year's delay, still when they saw the  
large concessions made by the Canadian  
Pacific, the arrangement received their  
support, so that the legislation will be  
proceeded with this session and the  
work of construction of the road gone on  
with at once.

The government also takes control of  
250,000 acres of the coal lands given as a  
loan grant to the B. C. Southern. This  
coal land will be divided into blocks,  
and the government will have the first  
choice and the railway company second  
choice for each block.

It is understood that there will be a  
reduction of 20 per cent. in the rates on  
coal oil, 10 per cent. on agricultural im-  
plements, 35 per cent. on fruits, and a  
reasonable percentage upon binder  
twine, wire, boilers, nails, barbed wire,  
bags, belts, animals for breeding pur-  
poses, etc. All these reductions apply  
on through rates from the East. There  
will be no reductions on local rates.

**J. W. MELLOR,**  
76-73 Fort Street, above DuRoi.

**AGAINST ALIEN LABOR.**

OTTAWA, June 1.—The alien labor bill  
was reported at a meeting of the com-  
mittee to-day. It will apply only to the  
United States, and will only be en-  
forced by the Attorney-General of the  
Dominion of Canada. The bill will come  
into force when passed, but, as already  
said, another clause provides that only  
the Attorney-General of the Dominion can  
enforce it. The clause holding it  
over to be put in force by proclamation  
was defeated, and Wood (Brockville)  
and others suggested that there would  
be a storm of opposition to the bill from  
the Americans now working in British  
Columbia.

The fine clause makes it unlawful for  
any person or company to assist or en-  
courage the importation of foreigners  
under contract. This was passed with-  
out amendment, and also the second  
clause, which declares such a contract  
null and void. A penalty of \$1,000 is  
provided for violation of the act by an  
individual, and the power of  
prosecution is given to the Attorney-  
General for Canada, or his appointed  
agents. The master of any vessel who  
shall knowingly land from his vessel any  
alien laborer or mechanics under con-  
tract is liable to a fine of \$500. Any  
foreigner temporarily residing in Can-  
ada is given power to bring in his own  
servant, private secretary, etc. Skilled  
workmen, such as cannot be obtained in  
Canada, may be brought in, as in the  
case of a new industry. Professional  
actors, artists, singers and persons em-  
ployed as personal or domestic servants  
are exempted from its operation, and  
any individual may assist a member of  
his family, a relative or a personal friend  
to migrate from a foreign country for  
the purpose of residing here.

When the inquiry of the parliamentar-  
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was resumed to-day Mr. Alfred Beit,  
former director of the British South  
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fending the charges of Mr. Henry Labou-  
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Senator after a heated debate on the  
subject of the Belgian resolution  
submitted to the United States Senate. The  
Queen Regent will hold a cabinet council to-  
morrow.

**THE SENATE TOO CURIOUS.**  
WASHINGTON, June 1.—The Senate to-  
day was called to order by Mr. Bradley,  
and the first business was the report of  
the committee on the case of the Govern-  
ment against John E. Searles, secretary of  
the Sugar Trust, for recusancy before the  
Senate sugar investigating committee.  
Both Searles and Mr. Havemeyer were  
present. Judge Bradley sustained the  
motion of the defence and ordered the  
jury to return a verdict of acquittal.  
The jury accordingly returned a verdict  
of not guilty and Mr. Searles was set  
free. The case of E. J. Edwards and  
John Scriber, the newspaper correspond-  
ents, were postponed until next Mon-  
day.

The judge pointed out that Mr. Searles  
had testified specially that no money  
had been contributed by the sugar trust  
to the national campaign for the purpose  
of influencing legislation or the election  
of United States senators. Certainly,  
the judge said, a simple investigation as  
to whether the sugar trust had contrib-  
uted to the campaign fund would be an  
unwarranted search into the private  
affairs of the company and plainly be-  
hind the power of the Senate. If money  
had gone for the purpose of electing  
members of the Senate, it would in  
time would elect a U. S. senator, it was  
beyond the power of the United States  
Senate to go behind the election of leg-  
islative members. If the money had  
state matters, how much more so was it  
of local elections?

It appeared from the report of the  
committee that they were not in posses-  
sion of any facts upon which they could  
base the most remote hope of showing  
that the sugar trust had contributed to  
sugar trusts contributions and the sugar  
schedule. Under these circumstances it  
must be held that the questions asked  
were not pertinent that they were un-  
warranted prying into the private affairs  
of the company, and therefore beyond  
the jurisdiction of the Senate; conse-  
quently the discharge.

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together with the nervousness, which I  
traced to my system, have completely dis-  
appeared, and I am now strong and well."

**THE METAL SCHEDULE.**  
WASHINGTON, June 2.—The senate  
made greater progress on the tariff bill  
to-day than on any other day since the  
debate opened, completing more than  
half of the important metal schedule.  
The speaking was by the Democratic  
senators, the Republican senators tak-  
ing no part in the debate except at rare  
intervals to answer questions which  
would expedite the advance of the bill.  
Messrs. Jones (Arkansas) and Vest urged  
numerous amendments embodying in  
the main the Wilson rates, but these  
were rejected with only one exception.  
Mr. Vest secured a reduction of the com-  
mittee rate from 2 to 1 1/2 cents per  
pound. It was the first change made  
without the assent of the committee,  
and it was due merely to the listless  
manner of many senators in voting.

During the consideration of the cutlery  
paragraph the first one relating to  
pen knives, pocket knives, razors, scis-  
sors, etc., was contested. Mr. Vest offer-  
ed a substitute reducing the rates of the  
present law. A letter read by Mr.  
Vest stated that the writers had shipped  
three hundred dozen knives to Sheffield,  
showing the American market is in-  
vading the great English cutlery centre.  
Mr. Vest's substitute was defeated.

**TWO NATIONS PROTEST.**

Germany and Belgium Formally  
Claim Equal Trade Rights With  
Britain in Canada.

Mr. Chamberlain Tells of His Warn-  
ing to Mr. Cecil Rhodes  
Against the Raid.

LONDON, June 1.—Replying in the  
House of Commons to-day to a question  
put by Sir Charles Howard Vincent,  
Conservative and Fair Trader, the Sec-  
retary of State for the Colonies said that  
Belgium and Germany had protested  
against British goods entering Canada  
at a lower tariff than applied to their  
Mr. Chamberlain added that the mem-  
bers of the crown are now considering  
the matter.

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**MR. HUDDART'S WORK.**

The "Times" Thinks it Has Not Been  
Properly Recognized in the  
Steamship Contract.

His Personal Energy and Enter-  
prise Have Made the Fast  
Service Practicable.

LONDON, June 3.—The Times this  
morning in an article discussing Cana-  
dian affairs says:—"Canada stands  
midway upon an imperial high road, the  
opportunity of which enables her to re-  
sist with relative indifference the forces  
prected along her southern frontier. The  
longer that force is maintained in its  
present position the more anxious will  
be the connection between the Dominion  
and the mother country, the connection  
we have now had ample proof that both  
the Canadian parties are desirous of  
maintaining."

Referring to the fact that Patterson,  
Tait & Co., the Newcastle shipbuilders,  
have secured the contract for the fast  
Canadian service instead of the Allan  
Line Steamship Company, the Times  
says: "Perhaps in this connection pro-  
per consideration has not been given to  
the services of Mr. J. E. Huddart, prom-  
oter of the Canadian-Australian Steam-  
ship Company. To his personal energy  
and labor it is largely due that difficul-  
ties appear insuperable have been  
overcome, and the adoption of the scheme  
of his inception has been made prac-  
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these services, should gratefully recog-  
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**TURKEY AND GREECE.**

LONDON, June 1.—The exact position  
as to the armistice negotiations is not  
yet clear. During the councils of min-  
isters at Yildiz Kiosk the peace condi-  
tions have certainly been discussed, but  
all mention of Thessaly is studiously  
avoided. The assumption seems to be  
that Thessaly belongs to Turkey by  
conquest, and that there is  
nothing more to be said on the  
subject. The powers will have to show  
a united and very energetic front before  
the Sultan will recede from this position.  
In the meantime, in order to remove the  
impression that she rejects all the peace  
proposals, Greece has sent another note  
to her representatives abroad repeating  
that she is prepared to acquiesce in the  
decisions of the powers, but that the  
payment of a large indemnity is im-  
possible.

Edhem Pasha having sent the aide-  
camp whom the Sultan appointed to  
watch him back to Constantinople under  
a spy, the cabinet was forthwith  
promoted by the Sultan.

A special to the Times from Constanti-  
nople says there is strong reason for be-  
lieving that Bulgaria is exerting an in-  
fluence to induce the Sultan to transform  
Macedonia into an autonomous province  
under an imperial Prince.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 1.—Last night the  
insurgents furiously attacked Hiera-  
polis. The French and Italian warships  
bombarded the positions of the assail-  
ants, causing considerable loss to the in-  
surgents.

ATHENS, June 2.—It is expected that  
representatives of the two armies will  
meet to-day (Wednesday) to sign an ex-  
tension of the armistice.

**TURKS KEEP POSSESSION.**  
CONSTANTINOPLE, June 2.—Edhem  
Pasha has given all merchants fifteen  
days in which to withdraw their goods  
from the custom house at Volo. At the  
expiration of that time all goods re-  
maining in the custom house will be  
conducted by the Turkish authorities.

LONDON, June 3.—The Turkish  
Premier, Mr. Said Pasha, has promised  
to sign the extension of an  
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**THE MINING CONVENTION.**  
BATHURST, June 2.—(Special)—The  
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**QUEBEC PROVINCE.**  
MONTREAL, June 2.—(Special)—The  
new Liberal government of Quebec is  
following the example of the Ottawa  
government and the axe is to be wielded  
heavily. The first victim is Mr. Chap-  
man, an English-speaking employe  
of the Attorney-General's office. Chap-  
man is a writer of some note, and his  
sin, it seems, is that he wrote an article  
in the Avant Garde. It is said that the  
Liberals will make a clean sweep in the  
civil service.

It is stated that Mr. Merry del Val  
has received word from the Vatican that  
His Excellency, as already reported, had  
been delegated to represent the Holysee  
at the Queen's Jubilee celebra-  
tion in London, and that in conse-  
quence of this Mr. Merry del Val will  
return to Europe within a few days.  
The "Barons" von Turkheim is  
being closely guarded by detectives as  
rumors are current that he is at an at-  
tempt to be made to kidnap her on her  
way to San Francisco, whether she is  
going to give evidence in the celebrated  
Fair will cause.

**QUESTIONS FOR THE PEOPLE.**  
WASHINGTON, June 1.—Senator Pettigrew  
to-day introduced a bill to provide  
for the submission to a popular vote at  
the congressional election of 1898 of the  
following questions:  
"Shall congress at once enact a law  
providing for the immediate free and  
unlimited coinage of silver and gold at  
the ratio of 16 to 1?"  
"Shall the constitution of the United  
States be so amended as to provide for  
the election of United States senators  
and the President and Vice-President by  
direct vote of the people?"  
It is made the duty of the secretary of  
each state to forward the result of the  
vote to the President, who is required  
to transmit the statement to congress.

The People are convinced  
that the only cure for the  
Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by  
men and women, and are plain, straight-  
forward statements of fact. The people have  
confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they  
know it cures permanently, cures, even  
when other medicines fail.



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening  
power and its purity, and all forms  
of adulteration are strictly prohibited.  
SOLELY MANUFACTURED BY  
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.

**AN IRISH HORSE WINS.**

The Jubilee Derby Confers That  
Distinction for the First Time  
on the Green Isle.

Yachting Fleet in Commission—  
Wheeling Races Projected for  
Summer Evenings.

EROM DOWNS, June 2.—The Derby  
of 1897 was won to-day by Mr. J. Gub-  
bins' brown colt Galteemore, by Ken-  
dall, out of Morganette. After the usual  
parade the flag fell at 3:16 p.m. to a  
capital start. Prime Minister was first  
away, followed by Montevoy, Allegis,  
Oakdene and History, with Galteemore,  
Frisson and St. Cloud II as whippers.  
In passing Sherwood Prime Minister  
was joined by Oakdene, who shortly  
afterwards took the lead with Galteemore  
third. On entering the straight  
Oakdene drew clear followed by Galteemore,  
Telaesque and History, and who  
quarrelled far in front of the field. In  
crossing the road Galteemore easily took  
the lead, and a quarter mile from the  
goal he was leading by a long margin,  
but Velasquez continued to gain and  
soon closed on Galteemore. A short  
race Galteemore was beaten, but  
the Irish colt was far from that.  
Gal



Cariboo and Lillooet STAGE TRAVEL

Stages for the undermentioned points leave ASHCROFT as follows:
Clinton and Way Points, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
All Points in Cariboo, Monday and Friday.

BRITISH COLUMBIA EXPRESS CO., Ltd. HEAD OFFICE, ASHCROFT, B.C.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS FOR WEAK PEOPLE. At all Drugists. Price 60 cents per Box.

Men Made Manly

The new remedy "Oriental Pills" for all weakening disorders of the male sexual system, is potency, etc. is highly endorsed by leading physicians as being the only satisfactory and reliable treatment.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Pass Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chloroxyne.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE is a certain cure for Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Diarrhoea, Colic, etc. It is a certain cure for all the above without the use of any cathartic.

SUCCESSFUL GROWERS USE THE STEELE BRIGGS SEEDS. LEADING DEALERS IN CANADA CATALOGUE FREE.

JOHN JAMESON & SONS (DUBLIN)

SOLE EXPORT BOTTLING AGENTS TO J. & S. CO. DAY & CO., LONDON

WHISKY. Please see you get it with Metal Cap and One Star.

180 ACRES GOOD LAND, WILLAMETTE VALLEY.

Two new houses, 3 barns, 2 orchards; 1 1/2 miles from town; will trade for place near Victoria.

NANAIMO MINING DIVISION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following described tracts of land have been reserved for the Nanaimo Mining Division.

B.C. STEAM DYE WORKS. Ladies and gent's garments and household furnishings cleaned, dyed or pressed according to new.

CAPTAIN BROTCHE.

Dr. J. S. Helmeke, Tells of This Sailor of By-Gone Days.

Cadboro Bay and the Little English Place whose Name It Bears.

The reference in yesterday morning's Colonist to Brotschie's ledge has proved of considerable interest. Dr. J. S. Helmeke has handed in the following in regard to the ancient mariner whose name the grave of the San Pedro bears:

"In 1860 I saw Capt. Brotschie at Fort Rupert. He had been to England, obtained a ship, sailed for Dungeness, United States, to load with spars, near about the time of the Oregon Treaty. This ship was seized by the customs authorities on account of informality in about entering and so forth, and forfeited. At this time, of course, the country was unsettled and in a sort of chaos and but little justice to be had, only spolia.

"This is all you wanted Brotschie, said the Indians, why did you not tell us, we would have quickly done this thing for you?" "How?" "Got hot stones, buried the plank in seaweed and heated the whole with hot stones. Ugh! You white men know nothing—can't even fish. Why if we did not feed you, you would starve!"

"A few years ago a bell-buoy rung out notes of warning from Brotschie's ledge." The reference in the same article to Cadboro Bay has brought out the following interesting letter:

To the Editor:—When I reached these shores some years ago, how the likeness of the name of the bay struck me. Ten-mile point, an old farm house in the bush wherein I was born struck me at once. This morning, however, I learn for the first time that likeness is not chance.

Cadboro farm stands on the top of a cliff a mile to the west of the ancient town of Kwa, whose history goes back before the Norman conquest. In the ward the Confessor to the monks of Feamp in name, though I wondered all that was in their power by God and Harold, who owned nearly all Sussex and said to have a bestowal with Winchester from the Conqueror himself, overlooking the sea, and the English Channel, even the French hills being in view on a fine day herefrom.

To the right over the marsh in Winchester, built by Edward I, and meant by him to be the head town of the sea confederation, which stood him in such good stead in the Welsh and Scotch wars. At the feet lies Henry VIII's Castle of Camber, the unroofed walls of which still draw the pleasure-seeker and the stroller for the bygone landmarks of history. Such is now the homestead that over seventy years ago yielded the loan of a name to a ship that was in every way a prove worthy.

It may be of further interest to your readers to know that the ring of the shipwright's wooden hammer can yet be heard through the gabled streets of Kwa, Sussex, the birthplace of Fletcher, the dramatist, and Flate, the antiquary, and for which the Iron Duke once sat in the Commons, though I fear it will be long before another craft will slip her moorings where whose life story will match that of H.B. Company's ship Cadboro, as set forth by this morning's paper.

P. A. VIDLER, Market Building, Victoria, B.C., 29th May, 1897.

DEMAND AND SUPPLY.

The District Fruit Growers Inaugurate a New Condition of Things.

A Movement That Should Command Itself to Every Resident of This City.

At the eastern end of the interior quadrangle of the market building four stalls have been filled up and without any flourish of trumpets, the District Fruit Growers' Association have inaugurated their long-talked of enterprise whereby two very desirable objects will be obtained—the farmers will find a ready and remunerative market for all their produce, and the market building, which hitherto has been but a confusion to the average citizen, will be made a market in fact as well as in name.

Co-operation, which in the older centers of civilization has proved such a monumental success, is the condition of the condition of the laboring classes, is the primum mobile of the present undertaking of which the new departure at the market building is the outward and visible sign to the eyes of Victorians. In charge of the entire business end of the undertaking is Mr. M. J. Musson, in whose hands is placed the management of the sale of all the produce handled by the association. And if the buying and selling does not prove a great success, not only to the farmers of the concern but also to the patrons of the movement it will not be for want of experience and ability on the part of the manager.

A few words as to the methods to be followed in the handling of the fruits, vegetables, etc., by the association may not be out of place. It is to be noted that the produce is to be packed in the packages in which the fruit is prepared for market, the manager to supply, and the produce to be packed in boxes, crates, etc., at cost price, the company having already on hand a large supply of packages suitable for the purpose. The produce is to be packed in the morning, and the boxes, crates, etc., are to be packed in the afternoon. The produce is to be packed in the morning, and the boxes, crates, etc., are to be packed in the afternoon.

There was a largely attended and enthusiastic meeting last evening of the citizens committee in charge of arrangements for the Diamond Jubilee celebration. The special hymn decided upon to conclude the service was "The Lord's Prayer." The hymn was also determined to have a collection taken up in aid of the British Columbia Benevolent Society. The most cordial and harmonious character. In moving to the inexorable decree of the Methodist discipline, they now take leave of you, your amiable partner in this interesting and profitable work, and will ever pray the God of all mercies to bless your future ministrations, and to preserve you in the most abundant and successful manner possible in the discharge of your duties. The gift to Mr. Cleaver was a handsome gold chain; that to Mr. Cleaver a dressing case.

CORDIAL ESTEEM EXPRESSED.

Prior to his departure for his new home in the Kootenay this morning, Mr. J. B. McKillop, for some time past manager of the Victoria branch of the British Columbia electric railways, was favored by a farewell visit to the offices on "a little business matter, that would not take much of his time." Mr. J. B. McKillop, for some time past manager of the Victoria branch of the British Columbia electric railways, was favored by a farewell visit to the offices on "a little business matter, that would not take much of his time."

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LEAGUE SHOOTING.

The shooting in the second League match, not completed on Saturday, was finished yesterday. Team No. 1 headed the scores of the city teams with 726, No. 4, which shot on Saturday, coming next with 511. The scores of yesterday were as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Team No. and Score. Team No. 1: 726. Team No. 2: 726. Team No. 3: 511.

Total (7 men only)..... 432 At the Central Park range, where the Vancouver and New Westminster teams fired on Saturday, the earlier part of the afternoon, men.

COAL EXPORTS.

Foreign Shipments Show a Slight Increase in the Total for May.

Table with 2 columns: Ship Name and Tons. Ship Name: R. Holyoke, Port Townsend. Tons: 2,332.

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SCARCELY a week passes now that does not see one more vacant place created at the Old Man's Home, and one fresh grave in the cemetery adjoining. Yesterday the few remaining pioneers for whom the city is providing, bore sadly to God's acre the remains of Francis Lonest—a pioneer of the early sixties and a man who in his lifetime had seen many changes, and many a hard day's work.

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In some cases, however, the grading of the road, will be the main object. Mr. Musson, who is thoroughly competent to carry out this very important part of the programme, and everything will be done to see that the confidence and support of the public. With the care which it is proposed shall be bestowed on all shipments entrusted to their hands the confidence and support of the public. With the care which it is proposed shall be bestowed on all shipments entrusted to their hands the confidence and support of the public.

The fact that the tomato crop has this year been a dismal failure in California and all the supply of this seasonable delicacy at present comes in consequence from Mexico, is another illustration of the benefits which Victoria will receive when the projected steamer line to Central America is in operation. The demand for tomatoes throughout British Columbia is always heavy, and were it possible to import the red beauties from Mexico, it would be a great benefit to the people of this city. The demand for tomatoes throughout British Columbia is always heavy, and were it possible to import the red beauties from Mexico, it would be a great benefit to the people of this city.

NOT A PUFF OF SMOKE.

(Funeh, May 15th, 1897.) (Change, the Chinese ambassador, declared that he would rather return to China in disgrace than submit to be furnished by the quarantine officials—Vide Daily Paper.)

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GRENADIER AND BUTCHER

A Military Bandsman of 50 Years' Standing and a Young Butcher Experience the Marvellous Curative Powers of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

A NEWSPAPER INVESTIGATION.

In the Case of Mr. Henry Pye, Diabetes Had Brought on Paralysis—Two Doctors Said Wm. Wade Was Dying of Bright's Disease.

Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Them.

Each of them tells an interesting story to a newspaper Reporter—Mr. Pye played in the Marine Band at the Duke of Wellington's funeral—in the Royal Grenadiers' Band for 20 years—He had given up hope when Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him—Wm. Wade, after being sick for years with Bright's Disease and his life despaired of, tests the power of Dodd's Kidney Pills and is now in good health.

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MILLIONS IN SIGHT.

A Near-By Treasure House in Mount Sicker—Canadian Smelters for Canadian Ore.

Kamloops to the For-Gold Find in Ainsworth Camp—Five Months' Production.

A small piece of almost solid mineral, running in value, according to assays, \$6 in silver, \$14 in gold and about \$17 in copper, was exhibited by a prospector on Hudson's Bay wharf last evening...

The lead is about 30 feet in width and extends on the surface for 40 feet at an elevation of 50 feet for every hundred feet...

The only feature lacking of a paying mine is said to be a road to the lead, and this, it is urged, would not involve any great expense in construction...

During the last three months there have been from twenty to thirty men on the mountain continuously, and three camps are at present in full blast...

The Athabasca mine, on Toad Mountain, will be shipping its ore to the Halling smelter in five days...

A prominent member of the Dominion cabinet has written the following letter to a gentleman in Kamloops...

OTAWA, 21st May, 1897. The wire which reached me from the Premier I should hope would answer every purpose...

SIX little cases of whiskey form the basis of an interesting case in which the services of the justice of the peace were invoked on Monday evening...

The Pedro is showing up well in two places, and the owners are confident of shipping ore very soon...

Dickinson Bros. of Fairhaven, are represented here by L. W. Nestle, who bonded the Gold from the Grass Roots...

Ainsworth camp is no doubt on the eve of a very busy summer. The prospect is that the ore will be shipped in every instance...

Development on the War Eagle at Roseland has disproved the stories that the ore body had petered out...

The War Eagle company, it is said, had before the sale, sunk a mine at the same slope which had marked the spot...

ing of low grade ore, it is said, which caused the offer of \$700,000 to be accepted so promptly.

L. A. Jarnigan has bonded to Herbert Cuthbert for \$12,000 the mineral claims known as the Paradise, Hidden, and Easter, lying about one mile from the Blue Bell.

The Home-Payne concentrator at Leaside is handling 200 tons of ore every day and the shipment of the daily car concentrates goes on like clockwork.

The shipments of bullion, matte and ore, from the Slocan and other districts tributary to Nelson and Revelstoke, have reached the substantial total of \$3,000,000 for the first five months of this year.

From Revelstoke the shipments during the week ended May 22 consisted of 200 tons of value \$18,000, sent by E. B. White & Co. to Omaha.

Duncan McDonald, of Nelson, is credited with having sold a one-fourth interest in a shipping business in the water basin, to J. Fred Ritchie and the Kootenay & Columbia Prospecting and Mining Company for \$10,000.

The ore is free milling and is concentrating, but far the best considered expedient to ship it to the smelter instead of attempting to put up a concentrator here.

The Ontario, adjoining the Mannan, on the north fork of the Salmon, has been sold by the owners, Jude Adie, W. Waseley, R. W. Craig, Campbell and Wm. Berwick, of North Fork, for \$15,000 cash to parties in Victoria.

PROPERTIES AT KAMLOOPS. Kamloops, May 29.—The Iron Cap, which was bonded by a local syndicate two or three weeks ago for \$5,000, has again changed hands...

The Mountain, near the Iron Cap and Fragment, has been bonded to T. P. Power and H. Stevenson for \$5,000, also have the Garfield and Little Ethel for \$2,000.

Development work is being vigorously pushed in all sections of the camp. On the Beeson, at Jack's lake, a shaft has been sunk thirty-four feet through an iron capping, coming into copper sulphurets at that depth.

The Pedro is showing up well in two places, and the owners are confident of shipping ore very soon.

Dickinson Bros. of Fairhaven, are represented here by L. W. Nestle, who bonded the Gold from the Grass Roots, an extension of the Pedro.

Ainsworth camp is no doubt on the eve of a very busy summer. The prospect is that the ore will be shipped in every instance, and the indications are that work will be immediately resumed on several others.

Development on the War Eagle at Roseland has disproved the stories that the ore body had petered out, which were circulated in explanation of the sham in the Golden-Backer syndicate.

The War Eagle company, it is said, had before the sale, sunk a mine at the same slope which had marked the spot where the vein above, and as the mine deepened the ore became lower grade, until work was stopped, lest the ore body should be lost entirely.

NEW CANNING DEVICE.

The Steamship "Danube" Carries North the First Shipment of the New "Tins."

The "Willapa" to Be Wrecked—A Big Cut in Steamboat Rates.

Included in the cargo of the O. P. N. steamship Danube when she sailed for Northern ports last evening was a shipment of 2,000 cases of salmon tins for the Carlisle Canning Company...

There are two of the O. R. & N. fleet now en route to the coast, and one of them, the Monmouthshire, is due at Portland on the 9th inst.

There was a little accident at the scene of the San Francisco, when she was being towed by the tugboat "Trent" from the Columbia, the ship comes here with freight and passengers and for freight...

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MAKING PROGRESS.

The Friends of the Victorian Order of Home Helpers Busy at Work.

Local Collections to Be Retained Till the Success of the Scheme is Assured.

Last evening's public meeting at the city hall for the furtherance of the project to commemorate by the establishment of a Victorian Order of Home Helpers the completion of the longest reign in British history, produced one especially interesting resolution...

There are two of the O. R. & N. fleet now en route to the coast, and one of them, the Monmouthshire, is due at Portland on the 9th inst.

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ONE DAY'S SUICIDES.

New York, June 2.—Suicides have been unusually numerous to-day in this city and vicinity.

Wolfe Cohen, a small shoe dealer in Rivington street, who was married only a fortnight ago, got into financial straits and took carbolic acid with fatal result.

Edward H. Seal, aged 27, also of Brooklyn, killed himself by taking carbolic acid.

Lee Guy, a Chinaman, is dying in the hospital from the effects of opium poisoning taken with suicidal intent.

Policeman Theo. Lappert, of Newark, N.J., because of domestic troubles, shot himself through the heart.

A hanger-on, known only as "Army Red," was found dead beside the road near the "Track," with a horse in front of him, from which he had fallen.

Mrs. Orange D. Petty, a widow aged 74, of Orient Point, L.I., was found in the front room to-day, an empty laudanum bottle empty and a card pinned to the wall.

Philadelphian, June 2.—The Princess Troubetzkoy, formerly Amelia Rives Chandler, and known to the world under her maiden name of Amelia Rives, is a patient in a private sanitarium in Philadelphia.

It is altogether probable that collections in aid of the fund will be taken up on Sunday, the 20th inst., in the majority of the city and district churches.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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THE FOUNTAIN OF LIFE.

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The Colonist.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1897. THE ORIENTAL LABOR BILL.

The statement is made in regard to the Oriental labor bill, on the strength of an Ottawa telegram, that Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney withheld his consent either of his own motion or because of the advice of the provincial ministers. This may, perhaps, be the subject of some observations from the Lieutenant-Governor, but he is absent from the city and it is therefore impossible to learn if he has anything to say on the subject. We can speak with positiveness and say that he did not act upon the advice of his ministry. The Ottawa telegram says that he did consult the federal authorities and was informed that they could do nothing until the matter came before them in an official way. If this is true, and we are very much of the opinion that it is not the whole truth, the Lieutenant-Governor took the only course open to him, and that was to throw the whole responsibility upon the shoulders of the Dominion government. The question involved is of more than provincial interest. It touches the relations between Canada and two friendly nations. If the bill had become law it certainly would have led to controversy with the Japanese government. Under these circumstances, the bill was peculiarly one for the federal authorities to pass upon, and while it may be quite possible that the Minister of Justice declined to give the Lieutenant-Governor explicit instructions in the premises, it is quite supposable that he conveyed the impression that the ultimate fate of the bill was a matter of doubt. It is easy to understand the Lieutenant-Governor's position. Here was a bill which was not of emergent character. It would not make much difference whether it came in force in May or September. Its purpose was of such a nature that if he permitted it to come in force, it might be disallowed. He communicated with the Dominion authorities, and while he may have received no direct instructions in the premises, he was given to understand that the fate of the bill is an open question. Under these circumstances his wisest course unquestionably was to reserve his assent. The measure is now before the Dominion government. If that body believes the law to be one that ought to come in force, it can bring it into force at any time. The Times has invented a story about a report being circulated from Victoria that the Lieutenant-Governor had been instructed from Ottawa in the premises, and calls the circulation of such a report "a crooked proceeding." Nobody ever heard of any such report. At the time it was stated in the Colonist that presumably the Lieutenant-Governor was acting under instructions. This was a plain inference, and we shall hesitate about believing that it had not a good foundation.

CANADA'S EAST DOMAIN.

Reference was made in the COLONIST a few days ago to the pamphlet issued by Col. Harris, in which he said, among other things, that Churchill, on Hudson's Bay, would one day be a great city. A statement of this kind is apt to be received by every one with a great deal of incredulity, so contrary is it to our preconceived notions. Yet there is nothing intrinsically improbable in it. The surprise, when the facts of the case are investigated, is that such a possibility should not long ago have been recognized. Corresponding in some respects to Hudson's Bay is the Baltic Sea, and its arms, the Gulfs of Bothnia and Finland. Hudson's Bay is much the larger, being more than three times as great as the European sea. It lies for the most part in a more southerly latitude. James Bay, which is the southern extremity of Hudson's Bay, reaches more than two degrees further south than the Baltic Sea, and the northern boundary of the Canadian inland sea is nearly three degrees south of the northern extremity of the Gulf of Bothnia, which is the northern extension of the Baltic. The greatest breadth of Hudson's Bay, i.e. at Fort Churchill, is approximately at 58° N. latitude, which is south by at least one degree of the Gulf of Finland. The navigation of the Baltic is interrupted by ice for from three to five months every year, that of Hudson's Bay is certainly not more interrupted. The great difference between the two inland seas is that while the entrance to Hudson's Bay, though wide, is at its northern extremity, that to the Baltic, though tortuous and narrow, is at its southern extremity. But both are interfered with to a considerable extent by ice, although that of the Baltic is very much less so than that of Hudson's Bay. All the harbors of the Baltic are usually completely blocked with ice from the latter part of December to early in April, but sometimes the ice forms earlier and continues later. From this comparison it will be seen that Hudson's Bay possesses advantages quite equal to those enjoyed by the Baltic Sea, and that its communication with the ocean, though open for a shorter period than that of the Baltic, is quite as safe. Hence there are no reasons on the point of navigation why an extensive commerce should not be built up on Canada's great inland sea. The drainage basin of the Baltic is 200,000,000 square miles, and that of Hudson's Bay is 1,000,000,000 square miles. The area of Hudson's Bay is described as being "remarkable for the small proportion of its area that consists of mountainous country," and as "consisting of land of no considerable elevation, which slopes down gradually to its coast line, and of which a large proportion is covered by lakes." This description suits the drainage basin of the Hudson's Bay as well as if it were written for it. In a general way the mean annual temperature of the two areas is much the same, but the land surrounding Hudson's Bay is probably a little colder in winter and a little warmer in summer than that surrounding the Baltic; but the greater cold of the winter is not to be taken for granted. Dr. Robert Bell, in his last report on the land around the head of James Bay, describes a country not greatly dissimilar to Prussia in climate and productions. It is a little more southerly than most of Prussia. The coast of Hudson's Bay is quite equal in soil and climate to the Baltic coast of Sweden and Russia, and the prairie lands of Canada lying between Hudson's Bay and the Rocky Mountains extend to the provinces of Russia lying between the Baltic and the Ural Mountains. Yet these Russian provinces contain more than 45,000,000 people. Let us make a few comparisons: Stockholm lies in the same latitude as Churchill. It has more than 160,000 population, and is the seat of wealth, culture and refinement, and the headquarters of a great commerce. St. Petersburg lies still further north, and has a population of 700,000. Moscow lies more than a hundred miles further north than Prince Albert, N.W.T., and Nijni Novgorod is further north still. Berlin with its million people is in the latitude of Edmonton. A hundred million people live in the drainage basin of the Baltic, which, as has been said above, is only one-third as large as the great Canadian area included in the drainage basin of Hudson's Bay. Facts such as the foregoing are certainly calculated to challenge public attention. They not only show that Col. Harris has expressed as the opinion which he expressed as the possible future of Churchill, but they give us new ideas of the almost infinite potentiality of Canada. In truth we do not as yet half understand what this great Dominion may become. We only know that it is equal in area and greater in natural resources than all that part of Europe which gave to the world its conquering races, and to-day is the home of at least five of the great nations.

NO DISPUTE ABOUT YUKON.

In the Seattle Times there is an interview with one of the agents of the Alaska Commercial Company, in which occur the statements that the British government is endeavoring to get possession of the Yukon, and that the Duke of Teck's company has made application to that government for certain rights in that district. We are surprised that in so well-informed a paper as the Seattle Times such extraordinary misstatements should be made. Only on Saturday the Seattle gentleman said in the Colonist office that he supposed the ownership of the Yukon gold fields depended upon the settlement of the boundary question. Such misconception of the plain facts of geography, as is exhibited in the cases just mentioned is the cause of much of the animosity displayed in the United States against Great Britain. During the Venezuelan dispute some sensational writers saw their opportunity to earn a few dollars by sending East statements that were ludicrously false. As a sample we may quote the copy sent from Fort Townsend to the effect that the people of Juneau slept with loaded rifles at their side ready to resist the British redcoats, who were preparing for a descent over the mountains, and the report added that the glare of the searchlights of British gunboats on the Yukon rivalled the Northern Lights. Can the imagination conceive of more exquisite tomfoolery. Yet in more than one leading Eastern paper this monstrous rubbish was printed with "scare heads" a quarter of a column, and at least one very prominent Boston paper treated it editorially as exhibiting British greed in a new quarter of the globe. Columns of editorial appeals were written to show that just as Great Britain was seeking to acquire the territory of Venezuela because of the gold that was there, so she was seeking to possess herself of the gold fields of Alaska. Incredible as it may seem, this alleged policy of Great Britain was coupled with the known intention of the British government to adhere to the gold money standard, and the result was a series of appeals to popular passion and prejudices which one would have thought impossible in a country where the free school is everywhere found. When will the newspapers of the United States learn that not one rod of the Yukon can be a subject of territorial dispute? The surveyors may not agree as to the location of the 141st meridian by the matter of a few feet, but this can and will be settled by observations and calculations. The exact position of a meridian cannot always be fixed with absolute precision; but when representatives of the two countries meet to fix the location of that which separates Alaska from the Yukon district, they will decide upon the meridional point, put up a monument and settle the matter, so far as the Yukon and its tributaries are concerned, for all time to come. The open question as to the boundary between southeastern Alaska and British Columbia has not the remotest bearing upon the ownership of the Yukon. If the maximum claim made on behalf of the United States were allowed it would not affect the ownership of a square yard of land in the Yukon valley or a drop of water in the Yukon river. We print these statements, though not with much hope that they will lead any American paper to cease publishing the ridiculous stuff which they delight in when discussing the Alaskan matter. The fact is that these papers do not want the truth. About two years ago, that is, when the discussion of the Alaskan boundary was at its height, a leading New York paper asked a Northwest newspaper man for an article on the subject. The instructions were: "Write anything you please as long as it is anti-British." The truth is not sufficient for those papers which introduce everything with half a yard of headlines and illustrate the most ordinary events with pictures that are veritable nightmares. We should have thought, however, that a paper printed on Puget Sound would not be so careless as to permit any one to say in its columns that Great Britain is seeking to get what she already owns beyond the shadow of a question. As to the statement about the Duke of Teck's company, we are not quite so much surprised, for the average citizen of the United States is in doubt whether a Canadian can sneeze without first laying a petition asking for permission at the foot of the throne.

SETTLING THE NORTHWEST.

During the last few months over three thousand Galicians have arrived in Canada and been forwarded to their future homes in the Northwest. The last party numbered 600, of whom 195 were men. They had with them over \$13,000, not a very large amount per family, but rather more than any of their predecessors had. We are not prepossessed in favor of Galician immigration. They are Slavs by nationality and have not by any means reached in their European homes that stage of advancement which is calculated to commend them as colonists in Canada. We are told that the Dominion government is averse to Japanese immigration, but fail to see wherein the Galicians are superior to the Japanese, judged from any standpoint that can be suggested. If we are to have assisted immigration, and even on this point there is room for at least a difference of opinion, the assistance should be confined to British, Scandinavian and perhaps German immigrants. The best settlers are those from the United Kingdom. It is not very easy to get many of these just now. The English tenant farmers are at present doing pretty well, at least it is so stated by correspondents of the Canadian Commission in London. English farm laborers are, as a rule, indisposed to emigrate, according to the same authorities. There is little or no emigration from Scotland, and most of those who leave Ireland go to join friends in the United States. South Africa, the Argentine, Southern Brazil and Australia are very strong competitors with Canada for emigrants. Nevertheless the correspondents referred to think that there is a reasonably good prospect of attracting a very considerable number of first class settlers to Canada. One of them says it would be an easy matter to establish a strong Welsh colony in the Dominion. Next to people from the United Kingdom, Scandinavians, including in that term Danes, Swedes and Norwegians, are most highly to be esteemed. In the Northwestern States there are many of these people, and excellent settlers they make. They are eager to become land owners. They are industrious, economical and adapt themselves immediately to the conditions of their new homes. The possible supply of Scandinavian immigrants is limited, although there is very little reason to doubt that if a few colonies could be located in Canada under favorable circumstances they would be soon strengthened by many of the same race from the United States. The German emigrants as a rule do not come to America for the purpose of engaging in farming. They are usually artisans or tradesmen. What we want in Canada at present is farmers. It is to the farming class that the arguments of the immigration department should be directed. That the inauguration and carrying out of a successful immigration policy on a large scale is a matter of very great difficulty must be conceded. It would be unpatriotic to seek to interpose mere captious objections to any plan that may be tried. At the same time it is not easy to find anything commendable in an expenditure which results in dumping upon our shores a heterogeneous lot of people, who are absolutely unfamiliar with our methods of living and are utterly stolid in their mental make-up ever to learn how to adapt themselves to their new surroundings. It may be that the Galicians are better than we think they are, and that under the conditions existing in the Northwest they will greatly improve.

"Is Miss Strathearn circumspet?" asked Miss Pert. "Circumspet?" cried Miss Causie; "why, she won't accompany a young man on the piano without a chaperone."—Tit-Bits.

This statement is made that Sir Charles Tupper is not going to the Diamond Jubilee. From this it is to be inferred that the story about a peerage being offered him is without foundation. We are inclined to the idea that it is undesirable to create colonial peers. There is such a thing as having too many titled people in a democratic country. Say what you will, it gives a man an artificial standing to make him a knight, except in very rare cases, although, as a rule, it makes very little difference to the man himself. Sir Charles Tupper has undoubtedly earned a peerage if a Canadian can earn one. As one of the few survivors of the provincial leaders who brought about Confederation, he is entitled to special recognition. An exception might have been made in his case, but we repeat that as a general proposition the creation of colonial peers is undesirable. It is out of harmony with our social and political conditions.

The most interesting news from Greece is the statement that the British Government has ordered forty men-of-war to rendezvous at Pharum. All news from that quarter of the world must be received with a good deal of allowance; but there is some ground for believing Great Britain to be preparing for a very decided stand. Of all the European powers, her position in the Eastern Mediterranean is the strongest. She can concentrate a strong fleet and an efficient army at any point on very short notice. It is said that she can land 35,000 men at any point in Turkey, Greece, Syria and Egypt within two or three days after orders to that effect are given.

The Moncton, N. B., Transcript grows excited in its demand for the dismissal of Dominion official. It is to be hoped that wiser counsels will prevail and that the spoils system will not take deep root in Canadian politics. If a public officer becomes an active partizan he has no reason to complain of dismissal, but it is questionable if he should be dismissed in case his partizanship has not interfered with the discharge of his official duties.

The Revelstoke Herald wants a petition circulated asking the Federal government to veto the Cassiar Railway Act and the subsidy to the Coast-Cariboo railway. It also wants the government impeached. Let us be thankful that our hysterical contemporary does not ask to have somebody hanged for having the hardihood to differ with it on some public question.

GOLDWIN SMITH thinks a collision between the Kaiser and the Czar one of the possibilities of the existing political situation in Europe. One need not be an ex-Oxford professor to see that far into the European millstone. Any sort of a collision may be regarded as among the possibilities of that very much involved situation.

A WRITER in the North American Review says a part of McKinley's programme is to annex Canada. Is it? Well, a part of the Canadian programme is not to be annexed. There never was enough annexation sentiment in Canada to be worth talking about, and there is less now than ever.

The Times of this city is quite right in thinking that the next Provincial elections will not be fought on Dominion lines. The sole issue will be good government, and Mr. Turner and his colleagues can face the contest with perfect equanimity.

It is proposed to pass a law in the Transvaal imposing a penalty upon any one who makes out a note, receipt or bill in any language but Dutch. If this sort of nonsense prevails there the Transvaal will have to be snuffed out.

On June 22nd slavery is to cease in all the semi-independent states which acknowledge British control. A fitting memorial this of a reign which has been characterized by the expansion of the true principles of individual liberty.

GREENWAY'S scheme for a railway from Winnipeg to Duluth is meeting with opposition from the press all over Canada. But Sir John Macdonald once said: "You cannot check Manitoba."

"I AM NOW A CHANGED MAN."

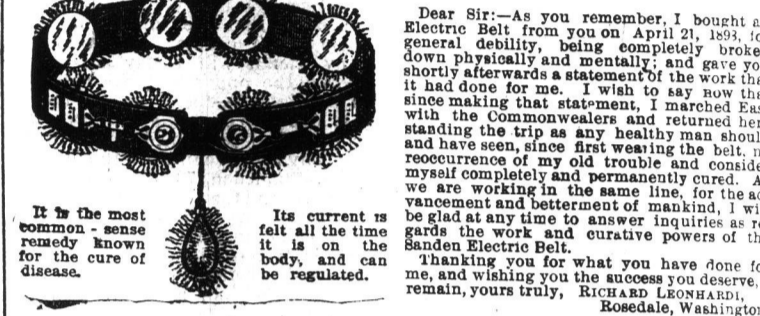
"I Am Convinced That Paine's Celery Compound Has No Equal."

The Only Medicine that Produces Positive and Permanent Cures.

The declarations above are made by Mr. Charles B. Holeman, 202 King street, West Hamilton, Ont., a young man known to hundreds in the ambitious city. Mr. Holeman's declarations are honest and from the heart. After a siege of sickness and failure with other medicines, friends who had been cured by Paine's Celery Compound recommended him to use the same life-saver and health restorer. Mr. Holeman, who had been so often deceived, had yet faith to do as he was advised, and a glorious reward was his. The dangerous cough, his debility, his weakness and depression of spirits that were dragging him to the grave were all banished, and he was made a new man. He writes about his cure as follows: "In the spring of 1895 I was troubled with a cough, debility, and general depression of spirits. During the summer and autumn I used a number of medicines, but received no benefit from them. About the beginning of November I was advised to use Paine's Celery Compound, and procured the preparation and began to use it with the same life-saver and health restorer. After using several bottles of this wonderful medicine, that no other can compare with it in any respect. "I am now a changed man; my health is renewed, depression of spirits is gone, my appetite is good, and I sleep well. "I will always gladly say a good word for Paine's Celery Compound."

LOST MANLY POWER.

THE FEELING OF WEAKNESS OR WASTED VITALITY CAN BE CURED BY DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.



IT HAS MANY HOME CURES. Home cures, hundreds of them, are the evidence of merit in Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. They speak for it louder and stronger than any advertisement can. When you feel yourself weak, despondent, and lacking confidence in yourself and every advertised remedy which promises to cure you, it must be grateful news to learn that a man who was once as weak as you are has been cured and wishes you to know so that you may find relief from your troubles in the same manner. You are doing yourself an injustice if you do not buy your Electric Belt and you will never regret it. "Three Glasses of Men," is free. For information, address: DR. A. T. SANDEN, 355 Washington Street, PORTLAND, Oregon. Dr. Sanden pays the duty on all goods shipped to this Province.

DR. A. T. SANDEN, 355 Washington Street, PORTLAND, Oregon. Dr. Sanden pays the duty on all goods shipped to this Province.

Advertisement for Straw Hats... Light Weight Jackets. Cricket and Outing Flannels. Outing Shirts, Etc. B. WILLIAMS & CO., 27 JOHNSON ST.

Advertisement for E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ltd. Ly. Toronto and Brantford Mowers. With ROLLER and BALL BEARINGS. Sharp and Tiger Sulky Rakes. Also a full line of hand tools, such as Scythes, Forks, Rakes, etc. Send for Catalogues and Prices. VICTORIA, VANCOUVER AND KAMLOOPS.

Advertisement for B. C. IRON WORKS CO., LTD. Mining Machinery a Specialty. Mining Machinery a Specialty. General Founders, Engineers, Boiler Makers and Manufacturers of all classes of Machinery. Keep in stock a full supply of Engineers' and Mill Supplies, Pipe and Fittings, Brass Goods, Steam Fittings, Wood-Spall Pulleys, Oil-Tanned Leather Belting, etc. Estimates for Boilers and Engines on application. Corner Alexander Street and Westminster Avenue, Vancouver, B.C. P.O. Drawer 764. Telephone 214. Cable address: B.C. Iron Works.

NEWS OF THE

Romantic Story of Gold Deposits Takooosh

An Old Murder Case Japanese Visits at Westminster

(Special to the Colonist)

VANCOUVER, May 31. Vancouver left yesterday for to inquire into the rich strike made in the mill. A bank official landed two or three days ago, and entering a man lying on the bank in the cabin was much excited. He questioned said that the man had the appearance of a man who had been in the hospital for some time. The man was much agitated and over again, "I've found it!" He finally got out of the cabin and pulled and cubby holes many men of free milling gold. The man was very pale and the veins of the face were like a case full of jewels. Some difficulty that he induced to get out of the boat and cover. Before the taken off the man seen by a COLONIST reporter around and gold as if bound with woven golden cord. The specimens of the kind cover if not in America is dead white, which is very attractive. The out of two claims only being made, how wind of it and staked vicinity.

The Governor-General Christ church, for the two dozen copies of the containing the Psalms, Canticles and Hymns printed for chanting. Mr. A. C. Stewart, wounded by a bullet returned from South America, assumed his duties in school.

Detective William Mahoney men at spending a few days in connection with an estate case. Eight Mansell was sentenced to prison at Sand. Two or three Judge Campbell, of received a letter from it was stated over "Thomas Ambrose," was done by a person probe for other offences connected heretofore case. With the he may be procured to the chief of the sought the assistance bureau. Mr. Humphrey, that Thomas Ambrose, the wife of the Hon. Ontario and sister-in-law Schenck, princely school, Ottawa.

WESTMINSTER New Westminster Saturday afternoon Mr. who was terribly but night, succumbed to a residence of her son, Armstrong. The doctor lamp, and the oil that for her clothing. Mr. smothered the flames. The terrible injury break, hands and eyes. Owing to her years' recovery deceased was a native but had resided in the Besides Mrs. Armstrong Farrer of Vancouver ceased. Mrs. Schenck the wife of the Hon. Ontario and sister-in-law Schenck, princely school, Ottawa.

FORT STEELE, May 2. Fort Steele, May 2. The river which betel the river below here so far have related the admir in this district numbers of prospect coming in over the frontier, while travel from Golden is a tax on in that direct Steele itself there are progress, those who ago noticing a man in the appearance Building is limited of lumber, and much caused by the incapacity hereabout to meet the need. Had this not buildings and half a houses would be no nearing completion. Lack of hardware, a building was suspended; but freights forward and now, with men are busy in all up homes and more a long ride by stage or Kallapel, and only hardly will undertake The gratifying intelligence Jennings that one of Wendoline, was only in her collision with, she has been dry doct whence site was anno river on the 25th. The construction is a route, so that with better service than ev on the river. There improvement in the shape of a mail se This will mean a fast the therefore speedier than coming from the Canadian Pacific rail Properly served th

CHANGED MAN.

That Paine's Celery is No Equal.

Produces Positive and Permanent Cures.

In the spring of 1886 I was troubled with a cough, debility, and general depression of spirits...

LY POWER.

DR WASTED VITALITY CAN BE EN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

Dear Sir:—As you remember, I bought an Electric Belt from you on April 21, 1888, for general debility...

HOME CURES.

Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt advertisement. When you feel yourself getting weaker...

Washington Street, PORTLAND, Oregon. Shipped to this Province.

Plats...

Eight Jackets. and Outing Flannels. Shirts, Etc.

97 JOHNSON ST.

& CO., Ltd.



Haying Machines just arrived: Cantford Mowers. RINGO, Sharp's and Tiger Solly Rakes.

WORKS CO., LTD.

J. E. MACFARLANE, Mgr. Tel. 449.

Mining Machinery

A Specialty.

Manufacturers of all classes of Machinery: Mill Supplies, Pipe and Fittings, Brass Castings, Leather Belting, etc.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Romantic Story of Fabulously Rich Gold Deposits Found Near Takooosh Harbor.

An Old Murder Case Revived—The Japanese Visitors—Fatality at Westminster.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, May 31.—A party of miners left yesterday for Takooosh Harbor to inquire into the alleged fabulously rich strike made in the vicinity of the mill. A bank official on a pleasure trip landed two or three days ago at Takooosh harbor, and entering a shack noticed a man lying on his back on the floor...

The Governor-General has donated to Christ church, for the use of the choir, two dozen copies of the Cathedral Psalter containing the Psalms of David and the Canticles and Hymns of the Church printed for chanting.

Mr. A. C. Stewart, who was seriously wounded by a bullet last November, has been discharged from St. Mary's hospital, and is now at his home in the Mount Pleasant school.

Detective William Humphreys, one of the Mahoney men at San Francisco, is spending a few days in Vancouver in connection with an old but very interesting case. Eight years ago, Herbert Mansell was sentenced to 21 years imprisonment at San Quentin for murder.

The Hawaiian government, in its reply to Japan on May 24, refused to concede with the views held by that country on the sending back of 543 Japanese immigrants brought by the Kinai Maru. Official notice has been given in Japan that the immigration cases of Hawaii are to be vigorously upheld.

The position taken by the Hawaiian government is that the immigration laws are a reasonable exercise of the police power of the state, and that the denials of the Supreme court in the habeas corpus cases was a denial of justice, and for that reason the Hawaiian government is expected to recognize the principal in the indemnity cases of the Kinai Maru immigrants presented to this government. The Empire of Japan also demanded the assurance of this government that a like action would not be again taken with Japanese immigrants coming into Hawaii.

PORT STEELE. FORT STEELE, May 24.—While the disaster which befel the steamers on the river below here some weeks ago may have retarded the advancement looked for in this district this season, great numbers of prospectors and others are coming in over the trail from the frontier, while travel over the stage line from Golden is a tax upon accommodation in that direction. As for Fort Steele itself there are evidences of steady progress, those who were here a year ago noticing a marked improvement in the appearance of the place. Building is limited only by the supply of lumber, and much delay has been caused by the incapacity of the saw mills heretofore to meet the demand for material. Had this not been so three hotel buildings and half a dozen new business houses would be now under way and nearing completion. There has also been lack of hardware, and for some days building was suspended for want of nails, but freights have been hurried forward and now, with supplies at hand, men are busy in all directions putting up homes and mercantile houses. It is a long ride by stage from either Golden or Kallispel, and only the persistent and hardy will undertake it.

The gratifying intelligence comes from Jennings that one of the steamers, the Gwendoline, was only slightly damaged in her collision with the Ruth, and that she has been dry docked at that place, whence she was announced to sail up the river on the 25th. The steamer under construction is also nearly ready for the trial, so that within a short time a better service than ever will be provided on the river. There is also talk of improvement in the Golden route in the shape of a mail service twice a week. This will mean a faster stage route, and therefore speedier transit for passengers coming from the East or West over the Canadian Pacific railway. Properly served this camp promises

'ALMIGHTY VOICE' DEAD

Artillery Successfully Used Against the Indian Murderers Who Defied the Police.

Their Ammunition Exhausted and Without Food They Bravely Held Their Ground.

(Special to the Colonist.)

DUCK LAKE, May 31.—(Special.)

'Almighty Voice' the Indian murderer was killed by the shells of the Mounted Police yesterday afternoon. The volunteers from Prince Albert arrived at the bluff about 5 p.m. on Saturday, under command of James McKay, Q.C., and took a position around the bluff. Shortly after 25 police from Regina in command of Inspector McDonnell came, bringing with them a nine-pound gun, and commenced to shell the bluff about 5 a.m. Sunday, keeping up a fire for about two hours, during which time the bluff was much cut up. The Indians not returning the fire the shelling was stopped at 11 a.m. After a consultation among the officers a general charge was ordered, and the volunteers, either a continuous fire as they charged. When they arrived at the rifle pits they found all the Indians had been shot. 'Almighty Voice' was literally riddled with bullets and the other two Indians were mortally wounded in several places. Police Constable Kerr and Mr. Grundy's bodies were found about twenty yards from the pit, both shot in several places in the head and body. They were stripped of their clothing, which was found on the bodies of the Indians. After the bodies of the three Indians had been identified they were left there to fall.

The bodies of the murdered police were taken to Prince Albert and buried at his residence at Duck Lake. He was a man held in very high esteem and leaves a widow and a young family. Both of the police who were shot are unmarried. Much praise is due to Constable Kerr and Mr. Grundy for their showing, with wider and richer leads, in a formation much easier to deal with, than does West Kootenay.

JAPAN AND HAWAII.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—The following Hawaiian cases were brought in by the Peru to-day: The Hawaiian government, in its reply to Japan on May 24, refused to concede with the views held by that country on the sending back of 543 Japanese immigrants brought by the Kinai Maru. Official notice has been given in Japan that the immigration cases of Hawaii are to be vigorously upheld.

The position taken by the Hawaiian government is that the immigration laws are a reasonable exercise of the police power of the state, and that the denials of the Supreme court in the habeas corpus cases was a denial of justice, and for that reason the Hawaiian government is expected to recognize the principal in the indemnity cases of the Kinai Maru immigrants presented to this government. The Empire of Japan also demanded the assurance of this government that a like action would not be again taken with Japanese immigrants coming into Hawaii.

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THREE NEW KNIGHTS.

First Names Announced of the List to Be Recommended for Jubilee Honors.

Premier Turner Making Progress—Preferential Agreement Still Debated in the House.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, May 31.—The house spent nearly the whole of to-day's session discussing the preferential clause. Mr. Foster moved an amendment to make the clause clearer, but it was voted down. Then he presented one to compel the government to submit any agreement for preferential terms to parliament before making it binding.

So far as known Mr. Laurier has not yet decided on the list of recommendations for Jubilee honors. Only three names are positively announced, these being Lieutenant-Governor Kirkpatrick, Premier Hardy of Ontario and Chief Justice Taylor of Winnipeg. The government contemplates criminal proceedings against some of the officers implicated in the Kingston penitentiary exposures. Premier Turner, of British Columbia, had satisfactory interviews to-day with Mr. Blair on railway matters, and with Mr. Sifton regarding the removal of the Songheese Indians. Causes of both political parties will be held on Wednesday. It is said that Mr. McNeill desires to present a resolution at the Conservative caucus on the preferential trade question, and that the expects will receive the support of both political parties.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

MONTREAL, May 31.—(Special.)—Sir Charles and Lady Tupper spent Saturday in the city, returning to the Capital in the evening. During the afternoon the Conservative leader had an interview with Sir Wm. Van Horne. It is not at all probable that the Conservatives will offer any opposition to the reelection of Hon. A. Macdonald or that of any of his ministers. Sir Charles in speaking with friends expressed the belief that the Ottawa government have begun to realize the error and mistake they made in tinkering with the tariff. As for the preferential clause, he declared that there is no doubt whatever that goods from Germany and other countries having favored nation treaties will have to be introduced on the same terms as those from Great Britain. Sir Charles added that the soundest opinion in England favors this contention, and that the Canadian government must realize this in an early day. Sir Charles will not be in London for the Queen's Jubilee celebration. He will first go to British Columbia, after which he will cross the ocean, reaching London, perhaps, in July.

TO RUSH THE RAILWAY.

MONTREAL, May 29.—(Special.)—The Herald, the government organ, semi-officially announces that the contract between the government and the C.P.R. for the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass railway, will be completed within a few days, and it hopes that the foot of the locomotive will be heard among the pines of the Crow's Nest before the snow lies. It says the route will probably follow the Elk river to the Kootenay valley along the way to Cranbrook, near Fort Steele, and then up the St. Mary's river.

CANADA IS RESPONSIBLE.

LONDON, May 31.—The Secretary of State for the Colonies, answering a question in the House of Commons to-day regarding the proposed fast steamship service between Canada and Great Britain, said the contract for this service is being made by the Canadian Pacific & Co., of Newcastle. Mr. Chamberlain added that he would not be certain whether the Canadian Government objected to the publication of the terms of the contract. The Government of the Dominion had informed him that it was fully satisfied with the competency of the contractors to carry out their engagement.

CHEYENNES SHOOTING.

HELENA, Mont., May 31.—The Cheyenne Indians are on the warpath, and are said to have killed almost a dozen men, including five United States soldiers. White settlers are arming, and women and children are being sent to northern towns for safety. Cavalry and infantry have been sent from Fort Keough and Custer. On Saturday a courier arrived from the agency with information that George Walker, the postmaster, and Louis Anderson, a stockman, had been shot and killed, also that the Indians had killed the runner that the Duke's seeds had six cowboys surrounded. There are certainly grounds for fear. The Cheyennes are determined and they are being reinforced by renegade Crows.

LONDON, June 1.—The Morning Post says to-day: "We are requested to congratulate the Earl of Aberdeen as Governor-General of Canada."

GREECE A SUPPLIANT.

LONDON, May 31.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says that Greece will be compelled to pay a large indemnity, to reduce her army to 20,000 men, and to give up her fleet.

The Athens correspondent of the Standard says: King George paid a visit to Mr. Onou, the Russian minister, yesterday, and after a two hours' interview sent a long telegram to Emperor Nicholas urging him to intervene on behalf of Greece.

The Athens correspondent of the Times says: Turkey's continued arming and her reports of Russian preparations for other rumors of Russian character have raised the hopes of some of the Greek newspapers that Greece may yet benefit from the war. The majority of the Greek nation, sobered by a sad experience, is only desirous that Europe shall protect Greece against her conqueror. A dispatch to the Times from Canes, island of Crete, dated Sunday, says: Armed Mussulman bands made a sortie from Canes Saturday night and burned the village of Kalliva, killing fourteen. The dispatch adds: "This is certain to have the same consequences, as it will incense the Cretans, who will make reprisals."

ATLANTA, May 30.—(Special.)—The Turkish government has received a note from the collective note presented by the ambassadors. The ambassadors then announced that they do not object to the conclusion of a military armistice, which the Turkish government insisted must be signed between the military commanders in the field, after which the Porte will negotiate peace conditions with the ambassadors, the treaty to be signed by the Turkish and Greek plenipotentiaries in Thessaly.

DURRANT SOON TO HANG.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., May 30.—Theodore Durrant will hang on June 11, one week from next Friday. Gov. Budd this evening telephoned that much in effect to the Hawaiian consul, and that the same time ordering the death warrant placed upon the prisoner. Immediately after telephoning this message to Warden Hale the Governor was driven in a closed carriage to the depot, where he took the train for Honolulu. Notwithstanding the fact that the Governor has made known his decision and that the Hawaiian consul has accepted it, the secrecy is being maintained regarding the statement which the Governor has prepared, and his statement will be given to the Hawaiian consul.

SAN QUENTIN, Cal., May 30.—Theodore Durrant has made the declaration that if he must meet his fate on the gallows he will accept it with a calm and dignified resignation. He is a man of the highest character, and his conduct during his imprisonment has been exemplary. He is a native of the State of New York, and was captured while engaged in a military expedition against the Hawaiian Islands. He is now in the custody of the State Prison at San Quentin, where he is being held pending his trial.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS ARE RELATIVE CONDITIONS.

Health and happiness are relative conditions; at any rate, there can be little happiness without health. To give the body its full measure of strength and energy, the blood should be kept pure and vigorous, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, rigorously, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Strong Points About B. B. B.

1. Its Purity. 2. Its Economy. 3. Its Efficacy. Regulates the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, unlocks the Secretions, Purifies the Blood and removes all the impurities from a common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore, and Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Headache, SALT RHEUM, BRUISES, SORE THROAT, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES.

Wm. W. MULLER, Agent, 25 St. Henri, Que. P.O. Box 50, St. Henri, Que.

TRIPlicate OF REGISTRATION OF A FOREIGN COMPANY.

"Comp. Sales Act," Part IV, and Amending Acts. "The M. on Copper and Gold Company" (Foreign).

Registered on the 23rd day of March, 1897.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have this day registered the "The Raven Copper and Gold Company" (Foreign), under the "Companies Act," Part IV, "Registration of Foreign Companies," and Amending Acts. The head office of the said Company is situated at the City of Seattle, State of Washington, U.S.A. The object for which the Company is established are:— 1st. The mining, smelting, or working ores by any process, or for any and all purposes: 2nd. To locate, buy, sell, lease, own, pledge, and mortgage mines, claims and mill-sites, whether patented or unpatented, or ungranted: 3rd. To locate, buy, sell, lease, own, pledge, and mortgage any other species of property, whether real or personal, not only for the purpose of mining, but for any other purpose whatsoever, and for the carrying out of any business for the acquisition of gain: 4th. To appropriate or locate water, in public streams, to dig canals, ditches, dikes, aqueducts, reservoirs, dykes, dams, and bridges, not only to facilitate mining, but for any other operation of business, whatever, and to buy, sell, lease, own, and mortgage any such property for any purpose whatsoever: 5th. To develop mining and other kinds of property, both upon the Company's own land and upon that of others, to build roads, trails, tunnels, drifts, shafts and cross-cut: 6th. To build, buy, sell, lease, own, or for any other kinds of business whatsoever: 7th. To build, buy, sell, lease, and operate steam and sailing boats and river crafts of all kinds, and steam or electric railways, with their rolling stock, telegraph and telephone lines, electric light lines, and erect machinery for developing electricity for the use of railway, telephone, telegraph and electric light lines, and for use in the mines, either for light or power, or to collect tolls or compensation for the use of same: 8th. To buy, sell, and traffic in merchandise of all kinds for all purposes; to build, buy, sell, lease and operate stores and warehouses, and to buy, sell, lease, own, or for any other kind of stocks or bonds for any other kind of business whatsoever: 9th. To buy, sell, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate, and generally to act as brokers in and to deal in mining stocks and bonds, or any other kind of stocks or bonds for any other kind of business whatsoever: 10th. To buy, sell, mortgage, or mortgage ore, bullion, concentrates, and sulphurates, and all kinds of all kinds and for all purposes: 11th. To operate in any and all of the aforesaid capacities in the Province of British Columbia, in so far as the laws of that Province may allow, and in conformity with the statutes respecting foreign corporations: 12th. To do any and all of the aforesaid acts and business either in the State of Washington or Province of British Columbia, or in any other State, Province, or country whatsoever: The capital stock of the said Company is one million dollars, divided into one million shares of the value of one dollar each. Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 23rd day of March, 1897. S. Y. WOITTON, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session, for an act to incorporate a company with power to construct, equip, operate and maintain either standard or narrow gauge railways, for the purpose of conveying passengers, freight and ore from a point at or near the head of steamboat navigation on Kitimat Inlet, Douglas Channel, North West coast of British Columbia, by the most direct and feasible route along the Kitimat Valley, about twenty-five miles more or less, thence to a point at or near Kitselas Canyon on the Skeena river, thence along the valley of the Skeena river in a North Easterly direction to a point at or near Hazelton, thence in a North Easterly direction to a point at or near Germanen Creek, Omineca, with power to construct, equip, operate and maintain a branch connection with or extension of the same from a point at or near Hazelton, thence in a North Westerly direction by the most direct and feasible route to a point at or near Telegraph Creek on the Stickeen river, and with power to construct, equip, operate and maintain branch lines, and all necessary roads, bridges, ways, ferries, wharves, docks and coal bunkers; and with power to build, own, equip, operate and maintain steam and other vessels and boats, and with power to build, equip, operate and maintain telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railways and branches, and to generate electricity for the supply of light, heat and power; and with power to appropriate lands for the purposes of the company, and to acquire lands, bonuses, privileges, or other aids from any government, municipality or other persons or bodies corporate, and to make traffic or other arrangements with railway, steamboat, or other companies, and with power to build wagon roads to be used in the construction of such railways and in advance of the same and to buy and collect tolls from all parties using and on all freight passing over any of such roads, and to sell or lease any lands, or before or after the passage of the Act hereby applied for, and with all other usual necessary incidents, powers or privileges, or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them. Dated at the city of Victoria the 14th day of May, A.D. 1897. HUNTER & OLIVER, Solicitors for the Applicants.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to give the Great Commission of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the lands and sixty acres of pasture land in Lillooet District, commencing at a stake marked M.L.M. thence N. 40 chains to south line of lot 18, thence W. along line 40 chains to line of road.

MAGNUS L. MASON, Lillooet District, B.C. March 17th, 1897.

PAINT YOUR BUGGY FOR \$1.00

J. W. MELLOR Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Plaster, Glass, Putty, etc. VICTORIA.

New York, June 1.—The Atlantic transport line steamer Mississippi, Capt. Cannon, from London, May 20th, with a general cargo and six cabin passengers, arrived this afternoon with her port quarter stove in, rails bent and twisted, and her after-deck smashed into kindling-wood, the result of a collision with the Danish steamer Hecla, which she had sunk the Mississippi in mid-ocean. The collision occurred during a heavy fog. Nobody was injured.

