

Ladies' Whitewear Selling Commences on Wednesday.....

On Wednesday we commence our Whitewear Sale. We offer very exceptional values to early buyers of Whitewear. Very many lines were bought in immense quantities for this sale at so low a price that we cannot repeat them. These are the lines on which the early buyers effect a big saving. Come on Wednesday or after to see these:—

GOWNS

Made of fine White Cambric, square yoke, close neck, frilled neck, front and sleeves, very special at..... 60c

Made of Cambric, yoke formed of wide embroidery, ruffle of embroidery on neck and sleeves, very special value at..... 95c

Made of extra fine Cambric, V shaped neck, yoke formed of tiny tucks, embroidery, interior and ruffles, special at..... \$1.50

Made of extra Nainsook, fancy yoke of fine tucking and insertion, trimmed with washable ribbon, special at..... \$3.00

DRAWERS

Made of Cambric, trimmed with deep Cambric ruffle, finished with wide hemstitched hem, very special at..... 25c

Made of fine Nainsook, trimmed with deep ruffle and insertion with lace frills and washable ribbons, very special at..... \$1.50

Made of fine Cambric, deep ruffle trimmed with lace, special at..... 65c

UNDERSKIRTS

Made of Cambric, wide Nainsook ruffle, trimmed with lace insertion, special..... 60c

Made of Cambric, deep embroidery ruffle, five fine tucks in body, very special value at..... \$1.00

Made of special fine Cambric, deep umbrellae flounce of fine wide embroidery with frill of lace, trimmed with hemstitched tucks, dust frill, special..... \$2.65

Made of extra Nainsook, deep umbrellae flounce, edged with wide Cluny Lace, dust frill, special at..... \$1.50

CORSET COVERS

Made of Nainsook, low neck, Dorothy style, trimmed with lace and washable ribbons, very special at..... 25c

Made of special Nainsook, French style, elaborately trimmed with lace, insertion and washable ribbons, special..... 50c

Made of super Nainsook, Dorothy style, beautifully trimmed, special at..... \$1.75

Thos. Stone & Son

THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

Will cost \$150,000,000 and every citizen of Canada must pay his share. Start saving at once by opening an account at

Westman Bros....

Our quotations on Builders' Hardware will prove a nest egg for a saving bank account.

Westman Bros
BIG HARDWARE AND STOVE HOUSE

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

SATURDAY, FEB'Y 10.
Matinee and Night.

THE FATAL WEDDING

By Theo. Kremer. A story that appeals to every man, woman or child. Viciously portrayed. Completely portrayed. Complete production. Capable Company. Reserved seats now on sale. Prices Night—25c, 35c, 50c. Matinee—15c and 25c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8

The Big Musical Comedy Success

HIS HIGHNESS THE BEY

A Musical Comedy in Two Acts. Most Emphatic Musical Comedy Hit known in years. The Show with 10—Musical Com. Stars—10, and 40 others, including the famous Broilers and Big Beauty. 20—Big Musical Numbers. 10—Positive Song Hits. Beautiful Costumes; Caravan. Special scenery. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Even the milk of human kindness may contain a few germs.

You can't acquire money without making sacrifices, even when you marry for it.

A fellow feels most downcast when he is on his uppers.

The trouble with our changeable climate is that we can't change it for a better one.

THE MARKET VERANDAHS

Matthew Wilson Advises the Council not to Accept Them in Present Shape

Size of Iron in Brackets Changed After the Contract was Let

The question of the market verandahs, which has been the subject of so much unfavorable comment lately, came up at the Council meeting last evening, when the following advice was read from Matthew Wilson, K. C., the city solicitor:

RE MARKET VERANDAH.

Dear Sir,—Upon instructions from Mr. Potter, I saw the break in the roof and thereafter saw Mr. Rutley and Mr. Riddell and Mr. Westman for the purpose of learning the facts and ascertaining whose fault led to the bad state of this verandah.

It was, of course, the duty of the architect to plan and specify such a building in all its details as would stand the best of actual use for the purpose for which it was erected. If he is guilty of neglect in this respect he, like any other professional man, is liable for the consequences.

On the other hand, if the architect plans and specifies a proper verandah and the builder fails to make it according to the plans and specifications, then the builder is at fault and liable for any damage resulting therefrom.

In any event, the city should not be the loser from such a state of affairs.

Mr. Rutley, according to his statement and according to Mr. Riddell's statement, detailed the main part of the bracket as 5-8 inch thick, but changed to 1-2 inch in thickness, and another part of the bracket was detailed at 1-2 inch in thickness and this also was changed to 3-8 inch in thickness.

It was in these weeks that the verandah gave way. Mr. Riddell says that the change was made so far as he was concerned by Mr. Westman bringing him the changed detail and that he changed the bracket according to the changed detail. When I saw Mr. Rutley he said that he had no recollection whatever of ever authorizing the change to be made and he said that, as far as he knew, it was not made; but he came with me to see the changed detail in Mr. Riddell's shop and Mr. Rutley recognized it as having been made in his office. When we returned to Mr. Rutley's office the young man there admitted that the change had been made by him but could not at first recollect how he had come to make it. He subsequently said that Mr. Westman had got him to make a tracing of the detail and that it was at that time that the change was made which weakened the brackets as above mentioned. The young man seems to think that Mr. Westman must have asked him to make the change in the detail.

Mr. Westman was sub-contractor under Mr. Carwell. The changes seem to have been made after the contract was let and when the city was entitled to have the stronger brackets.

Mr. Westman says that he did not make the changes, but that he told Mr. Rutley that the brackets as first detailed by Mr. Rutley with a 5-8 inch thickness in the main support and 1-2 inch thickness in the circular part would weigh about 220 pounds. The specifications say that the brackets would weigh 220 lbs. Mr. Westman does not know whether Mr. Rutley or his clerk made the change in the plans but he says that he, Mr. Westman, did not do so. He says that when he drew Mr. Rutley's attention to the weight of the brackets that Mr. Rutley replied that the brackets might be lightened in the way indicated without reducing its usefulness. And Mr. Westman says that as lightened the brackets exceeded 220 pounds.

It is quite evident that the change was made in Mr. Rutley's office after the contract had been let and the city had become entitled to a stronger bracket.

Mr. Riddell said that Mr. Westman had to furnish the material with which the brackets were made and that he, therefore, would profit by the less expensive brackets.

The matter is evidently one of dispute between the architect and Mr. Westman; and as the architect says that he has not accepted these verandahs, I would, therefore, advise that you notify the architect that you do not consider the verandahs as satisfactory and that the architect should accept them in the state in which they are, that you will hold the architect liable therefor. I would also advise you not to pay for the verandahs in their present state, because it is quite evident that they are too weak to stand even an ordinary snow fall, and they are not what the city contracted to have.

Yours truly,
MATTHEW WILSON.

The Council will act on the solicitor's advice, and the Clerk was instructed to notify the architect not to accept the verandahs in their present shape.

MANY MATTERS DEALT WITH AT CITY COUNCIL MEETING

Busy Session Held Last Evening—Questions of Importance Arise and Action Taken on Civic Problems

His Worship the Mayor and all of the aldermen were in their places at eight o'clock and, on motion of Ald. Austin and Massey, the minutes of the preceding meeting were taken as read.

Ald. Scullard presented an account from Shea & O'Keefe for \$3; Bell Telephone Co., \$109; Collegiate Institute, \$1,100; Smith & Smith, insurance, \$97.50; for collectors' bond; Planet, \$36.80; W. R. Baxter, \$7.50.

Ald. Stone presented accounts from M. W. Lowe, \$1; Fleming & Tillson, \$5.20; Riddle & Son, \$50; S. Glenn & Son, \$3; J. C. Wanless, \$30.80; T. Hadley Co., \$9; and a petition from the residents of Cross and Jeffrey streets for an electric light.

Ald. Benson asked for the payment of an account for R. Riddle & Son, \$2.75, and from W. M. Drader for \$47.88. He read a communication from the P. M. Railway re Head street that appears in another column, and which was referred to the Railway committee.

Ald. Edmondson presented the pay lists for \$38.87 and \$52.97 for the past two weeks, also an account from W. J. Kenney for \$1. He also read a report from the City Engineer on the condition of the sidewalks, having a total measurement of ten thousand and fourteen feet. Upon motion this matter was referred to the committee for further consideration.

His Worship reported having a request from M. Campbell for permission to cut down two trees in the rear of his residence, which was referred.

Ald. Hadley presented an account from the Thompson Pipe Company for \$34.05.

Ald. Massey presented accounts from the G. L. R. for 68 cents and from A. A. Adams & Co., \$10, and from S. Kovinsky to cut down a tree on Baxter street, and a similar one from J. Donovan to remove a tree from Wellington street.

Ald. Potter presented accounts from The Planet, \$2.34; Ark, \$1.20; John Holmes, \$1.25; R. F. Fleming, \$10.35; Waterworks, \$169.75; for January coal, and from James Summers for 100 lbs. of coal.

Ald. Thompson presented an account for coal from Sterling & Co. for \$13.65.

His Worship the Mayor read a communication from Lewis & Richards for J. Kime, V. S., threatening action for damages sustained to a horse that was injured when crossing a pavement that had been improperly put down on the market square.

Ald. Edmondson, on behalf of the Board of Works, said he had inspected the pavement in company with the City Engineer and, in the opinion of the City Engineer, the matter was referred to the Finance committee.

His Worship read a communication asking for the appointment of a committee to attend a meeting at Ottawa for the discussion of the care of patients afflicted with tuberculosis on 28th prox. He also read a communication from Mahler Bros., asking for the remission of taxes, in accordance with the terms of an agreement entered into with the city in 1902. Referred to Finance.

His Worship had a lengthy communication from A. McDonald, P. E. S., that was a general condemnation of the sewers on Ursuline and Sheldon avenues, and in answer to this letter Engineer Jones contended these sewers were in good working condition, except a stoppage at one point, which would be remedied as soon as funds were opened. He admitted that trouble would often arise that could not be obviated by means of the fact that foundations in many instances had to be laid on a floating bottom when they came in coming with quicksand, and any depressions that might exist were caused by these conditions, but with these exceptions the sewers would carry off the water. G. A. Thompson, one of the ratepayers interested in the Sheldon avenue sewer, was permitted to explain the position from his standpoint, and criticized the whole work, and upon the suggestion of His Worship the Engineer was asked to present a report on the work at the next meeting.

Ald. Austin advised the Engineer and residents to meet and try to come to an amicable settlement of the difficulties, and to suggest a remedy if any fault existed.

Ald. Stone was of the opinion that the members of the Board of Works should have accompanied Mr. McDonald, but as Ald. Edmondson pointed out it was a matter of levels, it could only be determined by engineers familiar with the work.

Ald. Scullard, for Finance, reported on the continuing the present financial arrangements which have been in existence for some time with the Chatham Loan Association with their successors, the Reliance Loan and Savings Company, and that the Mayor be authorized to sign a petition for the repeal of section 600 of the Municipal Act, referring to liabilities of corporation to repair highways and bridges. That no action be taken regarding copies of the Canadian Woodman nor with the

increase in the salary of the City Engineer.

Ald. Benson, for the Board of Works, reported that the Engineer recommended an expenditure of \$220 on Adelaide street bridge and \$85 on Indian Creek bridge. Adopted. The repairs on William street bridge were left in abeyance.

The City Clerk was instructed to prepare a contract for extension by the Municipality of the Pavement Company the School street pavement. He also recommended that no action be taken in the dispute regarding the Athletic ground outlet, as this was a dispute between private parties.

Ald. Stone, for Parks and Cemetery committee, recommended no action be taken with the request of H. Garrett to cut down certain trees on the P. M. R. property.

Ald. Potter, for Property committee, recommended that the light on Harvey street be transferred to Jeffrey street, which brought a vigorous protest from Ald. Stone, and this matter was allowed to stand for further consideration. He also made the following recommendations, which were adopted:

PROPERTY COMMITTEE.

Re petition for electric light corner of Harvey and Jeffrey streets, would recommend that as soon as we have sufficient power for additional lights we grant petitions. Lost.

Re account of McKeough & Trotter for \$129.28. Adopted.

Re petition of the C. W. & L. E. R. for electric light on corner of Third and King streets, no action recommended. Adopted.

Re appointment of Chief of Prichard to take affidavits would recommend that the Chief appear before Council, stating that it is in the public interest that he be appointed to take them and that the fee of \$250 be paid by city. Adopted.

Re cutting down of tree and endangering electric light wires, those about to cut trees down should notify the Electric Light Department first. Adopted.

Re report of City Engineer on incandescent light for Electric Light Works Department and Waterworks, recommends that the City Clerk ask tenders for five horse power engine and one 50 light multiple dynamo with necessary switches, etc. Adopted.

Would recommend that linemen report each day to the superintendent of this office not later than four o'clock p. m. Adopted.

Recommends that extra room in Fire Hall be fitted up as electric light repair and store room. Adopted.

Would recommend that Job Moore be allowed to use his present shop for temporary repairs only. Adopted.

With the exception of the first clause the report was adopted.

Ald. Austin presented a very flattering report on his visit to the Defiance Iron Works, and said there were fifty-two men employed, the weekly pay list amounting to five hundred and thirty dollars. That was six thousand dollars per annum in excess of the amount required to comply with the by-law, and that the value of the machinery was seven thousand dollars in excess of what the company agreed to install. He recommended that the debentures be sold and that the proceeds be handed over, in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Ald. Stone was asked to take the chair, and Ald. Austin supplemented his remarks by saying that the Defiance Iron Works would, in his opinion, prove to be one of our most important industries, as it had already proved to be a great acquisition to our rapidly growing city, and that the ratepayers were to be congratulated upon lending the aid and support for by the management of this industry.

Ald. Austin reported for the special committee that they had called upon the County Council and had conferred with the members of the Board of Trade and the Board of Education, and that the Mayor has been appointed chairman and J. W. Plewes secretary, to urge the claims of the city upon the Government for establishing the Normal School, by making proper representation to get this institution.

Ald. Stone asked for an expression of opinion regarding the old market building, which he was informed could be put in repair for three thousand dollars, and from which a large revenue could be obtained by the city. The butchers would not use the new building, which was a bungle from start to finish.

Ald. Edmondson—Something ought to be done on the old market building, at once, as it is in a disgraceful condition, and he moved that the Property committee bring in a report at the next meeting.

Ald. Potter was always opposed to the present market building, but it was the people's choice and it was now too late to talk about the blunders that are everywhere in evidence.

The committee has an offer to rent, buy, or lease the old part of the market building, and the committee will

Continued on Page Five.

THAT HEAD STREET SPUR

General Manager of Pere Marquette Makes Proposition to Council

Will Lower Track to Grade and Pave Road Between Rails—Referred to Railway Committee

In reference to the Head St. spur matter the following letter was received by the Council, from the Pere Marquette, in which the Railway Company offer to settle all arguments and disputes. The matter was referred to the Railway committee to bring in a report at the next meeting of the Council:—

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 27, '06.

Referring to the spur track built by the L. E. & D. R. Co. from its main line, through Head St. and Kent St., and to the questions that have arisen in respect to same: If your honorable body sees fit to rescind the repeal of the by-law of 1883, and to obtain from further acts with reference to the removal of said track, and to take further action by-law, or otherwise, as will establish and confirm the right of L. E. & D. R. Co. and its lessee and assigns, to maintain the said track in said streets for a further period of 20 years, the undersigned, in consideration thereof agree as follows:—

To lower that portion of said track in Head St. and Victoria Ave. to the level of the established grade and to pay the cost of paving between rails and 18 inches outside the rails on each side, in that portion of said street, with the same material and in the same manner as the paving now in progress.

2. To lay (and maintain during said period of 20 years) three inch plank between the rails and ten inches outside rails on each side, in that portion of Head St. east of the west side of Victoria avenue, the planking to be kept as nearly as practicable on a level with the rails in order to facilitate the passage of vehicles thereover.

3. In case of improvement in Head St. east of Victoria Ave., to lower grade of track according to requirements.

4. In case of improvement or alteration in Kent St. to lower grade and suit city's requirements.

If we do not comply with these conditions during the twenty years we will indemnify city against loss resulting therefrom.

We ask that a suitable by-law be passed to this effect.

We are etc.,
PERE MARQUETTE RY. CO.
Per General Manager.

If you would hit the target, aim a little above it. Every arrow that flies feels the attraction of earth.

FRIED CAKES

Just Like Mother Makes

LAMON BROS.

PHONE 489

HERE was an old chap once who was troubled with insomnia. He was advised to try counting—he did—counted up to 89,347, without stopping. "Did you go to sleep then?" he was asked. "No," said he, "when I'd counted that far it was time to get up." And he added a few other things about the man who gave him the advice. That seems to be the way with some stores, too—they will try anything that comes along to bolster up business.

We have a fixed policy which is getting us nearer our goal every day—which goal is

The Perfect Shoe Store

What we say about our shoes may be depended on to the last stitch.

Don't Argue. Prove it

Geo. W. Cowan

THE Reliance Loan & Savings Co. OF ONTARIO.

Successors to the Chatham Loan and Savings Co.

Assets over **\$2,000,000.00.**

3 1/2 Per Cent per annum interest allowed on **deposits.** On sums of \$1.00 and upwards.

4 Per Cent interest per annum allowed on **deposit receipts** issued for twelve months or longer.

4 1/2 Per Cent. paid on **Debitures.**

S. F. GARDINER,
BRANCH MANAGER

The Planet.

Business Office 53
Editorial Room 102

S. STEPHENSON - Proprietor.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

In the year 1856 an election for the Legislative Council took place between Col. Rankin, John Dougall and Col. Prince. At that time Col. Prince was a member of the Legislative Assembly, but was flouting for more honors, and was successful in getting a nomination.

A meeting between the three candidates was held in the Eberts building, and Col. Rankin was the first called upon to address the audience. He was a fluent speaker and his language was moderate and in good taste, and, to judge from the applause, the majority of those present were supporting him.

When Col. Prince arose he commenced his address somewhat as follows: "Gentlemen, the position of one of my opponents, Col. Rankin, in this election reminds me very much of one of the Aesop fables, which is doubtless familiar to the majority of you, there the dog was seen carrying a bone across the stream on a log, and, seeing his shadow in the water, he dropped the bone he was carrying to snatch what he supposed to be a larger one." The audience saw the point and a perceptible change was soon manifested in the feelings of the electors, and the result of that campaign was that Col. Prince was elected by five hundred and fifty of a majority.

A. McCoig has given evidence of the same thirst for additional honors as the late Col. Rankin, and will probably realize the truth of the application of the fable long before the election. Men of far greater calibre than the present nominee of the Liberal party in West Kent have received practical illustrations by the electors that they quickly recognize cases of swelled head and have been given a cooling application in the shape of a crushing defeat.

The Bells of England.

The metal tongue of the big bell rings out many changes to our modern ears. It speaks of disaster and death, of rejoicing and devotion. In England it often tells of old times and quaint customs. Mr. Ditchfield, in a book on old England, gives some of the traditions handed down through the "tintinnabulation of the bells."

In some parts of the country the bell which tolls the old year out, is called the "Old Lad's Passing Bell." In western England the bells peal merrily on "Oak Apple Day," to celebrate the escape of King Charles at Boscombe. Another bell, rung at the beginning of Lent, is known as "Pancake Bell," because, in old time phrase, it "summons people away from their pancakes to confession and fasting."

A lively peal of bells is often rung at the end of the Sunday morning service, and is called "Pudding Bell." Perhaps its purpose is to announce to the stay at home that service is over and that the pudding may come out of the oven.

Every night at five minutes past 9 "Great Tom," the great bell of Christ Church College at Oxford, booms out his ponderous note 101 times. This particular number was chosen in accordance with the number of students at the foundation of the college.

Military Handy Men.

The order of the French Minister of War that the sharpshooters of the garrison towns on the coast shall devote their time to the extermination of the seals, which threaten the fisheries of the French coast, is novel, but merely a repetition of history. Some years ago the province of Luxembourg was infested with wolves. The alarmed inhabitants appealed to the Minister of Agriculture, who in turn called upon the Minister of War, with the result that several regiments were ordered to the province, and the pests were exterminated in short order. It is not many years ago that German soldiers were ordered to east Belgium to assist the peasants in combating a plague of rats, and millions were killed before the troops were withdrawn.

Swine Notes.

An abundance of clover, corn and hogs is a good thing to have on the farm.

It should be true of every breeding animal in the herd that it is large around the heart.

The evil condition, not the abundance of the bedding, engenders disease.

It is a mistake to breed a sow too young. She should be at least eight months old, and twelve is better—Farm Progress.

Many men think nothing matters except financial matters.

Many men make themselves disagreeable over the smallest of troubles.

DISTRICT DOINGS THAMESVILLE

Feb. 5.—Skating on the pit is good. Mrs. Picard is spending the day in Chatham.

George Fraser has returned from Detroit.

The Misses Hall come from London this week to begin special services in the Methodist church.

Mr. Gardner will occupy the house of Mr. Edsell on Victoria street.

Mrs. Everitt is slowly recovering from her serious illness.

Wm. Brown is confined to the house through illness.

The Misses Ripley returned to Chatham to-day.

Oddfellows Lodge meets Thursday night.

Rev. Mr. Rae, who has been assisting Rev. Mr. Orton in special services in the Baptist church this week, left for his home to-day.

A very interesting meeting of the Art Club was held at the home of Mrs. Fraser, who had charge of the meeting on the Provinces to Confederation. Miss Armstrong and Evans gave papers on Ontario and Quebec. Miss McCulloch spoke on Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, while Mrs. Courtis took up British Columbia, Manitoba and Prince Edward Island. A communication was read asking this club to become a member of a Canadian Historical Club.

The Reading Circle meets this week at the home of Rev. Mr. Aycarst, and will be the last meeting until after the special services.

The special services to have been held in the R. C. church have been postponed.

The funeral of Samuel Randall was held from Mr. Thomas Clinie's residence on Friday. Interment took place at Sylvan.

Miss Rose Causgrove attended the executive meeting of the East Kent Teachers' Association in Ridgeway on Saturday. The committee will prepare a program for the spring convention.

Mrs. Charles Watts and Miss Kathryn Stewart spent yesterday in Port Hope.

Miss Doll Causgrove spent Sunday at home.

The curlers have returned from Grand Rapids.

The young bachelors have decided to give another assembly about the 21st of February.

The Extended Popularity of Diamond Dyes

Induces Speculators to Introduce Weak and Worthless Imitations

DIAMOND DYES, true home helpers and money-savers for mothers and wives, are dear to every woman's heart.

Recently, speculators have gone into the package dye trade with the view of gaining a share of the immense and ever-increasing trade held by the manufacturers of the DIAMOND DYES, but all such efforts will, as in the past, result in failures.

The crude and worthless dyes brought out in opposition to the DIAMOND DYES, can never become popular, for the simple reason that they have not one good quality to boast of. The merchants of Canada who have been induced to buy these adulterated package dyes now find them dead and worthless stock.

The progressive and busy druggists and dealers of Canada sell only the DIAMOND DYES, which have an established reputation of over twenty-five years. The modern merchant has not the time or inclination to encourage the sale of worthless and deceptive goods.

If our Canadian women desire full, brilliant and fast colors, they should at all times ask for the DIAMOND DYES, the only guaranteed package dyes in the world. When buying package dyes, see that the words DIAMOND PACKAGE DYES are on each packet handed out by your dealer. Wells & Richardson Company, Limited, Montreal, P. Q., will send you on any address their new Dye Book, Card of Dyed Samples, and new book in verse entitled "The Longjohns' Trip to the Klondike." This little book is interesting thousands.

CHARING CROSS.

A. Ritchie, of concession 10, has recovered from his recent illness.

J. Bailey is laid up with la grippe.

Quite a number of our young bachelors took in the annual ball held in Chatham on Tuesday evening.

A surprise party which was to have been held at F. Woods on Friday evening last, was a greater surprise to the parties getting it up, as when they arrived no one was home, but the party were not to be beaten out of their evening's enjoyment, for they went to the home of Alex. Boyce and had a fine time.

Mr. Harrington, of Chatham, spent a very pleasant evening here last week attending the I. O. F. installation.

We are glad to report Mrs. E. Wiley rapidly improving after an operation performed a few weeks ago.

Wm. Meloche has returned home after spending a few days in the Maple City.

The regular California weather is quite welcome among many of the farmers here. Quite a number of them are plowing at present.

Mrs. E. B. West has returned home after spending a week with friends in Guelph.

Robert Wilson intends erecting a fine residence on the town line in the spring.

The M. G. R. intend laying a double track in the spring. They are meeting with some difficulty in buying land from some of the farmers, as they are only offering about \$25 or \$30 for the land they want.

THE STAGE

"All the world's a stage
and all the men
and women merely players."

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

At The Grand—
His Highness the Bey—Feb. 8.
Fatal Wedding, matinee and night—Feb. 10.
Uncle Tom's Cabin—Feb. 15.
Little Johnny Jones—Feb. 24.
Sommers Stock Co., week—Feb. 26.

(Supplied to The Planet by Press Agents.)

Next Thursday evening, February 8th, the attraction at the Grand will be, "His Highness the Bey," which will be a run of five months in the La Salle Theatre and is one of the greatest successes that have been produced in Chicago in ten years. The comedy was only removed temporarily to admit of the fulfillment of previous contracts, to all appearances, from a box office standpoint, it could have enjoyed prosperity at the La Salle for another season.

The action tells of the tribulations of Louis Wurtzelheimer, a band leader from Kankakee, who, by odd series of mischances, becomes both a Turkish boy and the leader of a band of desperate insurgents who are seeking the life of the new bey in order to overthrow the government. Louis, who originally lands in Turkey in answer to an advertisement for a band leader, is followed by a jealous wife who becomes involved with the hours of the harem bequeathed the new bey by his fleeing predecessor. An American war correspondent and foreign ambassadors complicate the affair by making love to the numerous wives of Wurtzelheimer, and these afford comedy situations galore.

Not to be overlooked, for they contribute much, are the "Broilers," as the dancing girls are known. Without them the production would be incomplete. These agile dancers execute the most difficult steps with perfect ease. The movement is, "Remember the date—Feb. 8th, Seats now on sale at Frisco's."

THE FATAL WEDDING.

"The Fatal Wedding," a play full of heart interest, by Theodore Kramers, and under the management of Sullivan, Harris & Woods, will be the attraction at the Grand for Saturday, matinee and night. It is a play which fills a long felt want, and while it is both dramatic and comic, it is truly a play of the wholesome. The scenic effects are very vivid and realistic, and show a number of reproductions of well-known New York scenes, among them being the Criminal Court while in session, and the interior of the famous Grace Church while a wedding ceremony is in progress.

TEMPLARS' MEETING

The Royal Templars of Temperance held their weekly meeting in the Auditorium Sunday afternoon.

There was a very large attendance and the meeting was a success in every way. The Rev. Mr. Hoyt delivered a strong, evangelistic address, which was much appreciated by all his listeners.

Harry Flowers and Geo. Gant each rendered solos and the ever-popular A. O. F. orchestra supplied music for the singing. The movement is making rapid strides in this city and should receive support from all.

ST. SWITHIN AND RAIN.

The Legend of the Chapel Over the Bishop's Grave.

The superstitions referring to particular days are very numerous. The legend of St. Swithin is an example that will occur to every one:

St. Swithin's day, if thou dost rain,
For forty days it will remain;
St. Swithin's day, if thou be fair,
For forty days 'twill rain no more.

St. Swithin, bishop of Winchester, according to the author of "The Popular Antiquities" was "a man equally noted for uprightness and humility. So far did he carry the latter virtue that on his deathbed he requested to be buried not within the church, but outside the churchyard on the north of the sacred building, where his corpse might receive the eavesdroppings from the roof and his grave be trodden by the feet of passersby. His lowly request was complied with, and in this neglect spot his remains reposed till about 100 years afterward, when a fit of pious indignation seized the clergy at the fact that the body of so holy a member of their order was allowed to occupy such a position, and on an appointed day they all assembled to convey it with great pomp to the adjoining cathedral of Winchester. When they were about to commence the ceremony a heavy rain burst forth and continued without intermission for the forty succeeding days. The monks interpreted this tempest as a warning from heaven of the blasphemous nature of their attempt to contravene the direction of St. Swithin, and instead of disturbing his remains they erected a chapel over his grave." "St. Swithin is christening the apples" is the more poetical way of describing St. Swithin's rain.

Fashionable women are called upon to pay their calls.

In praising a rubber plant, the florist is apt to stretch it.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

The Baby Sick?

Then probably it's a cold. Babies catch cold so easily and recover so slowly. Not slowly, however, when you use Vapo-Cresolene. Then a single night is all that is necessary for a cure. You just put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath, and place near the crib. While baby sleeps he breathes in the healing vapor. Cold loosens, inflamed membranes heal, and all trouble ceases. It's a perfect specific for whooping-cough and croup.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists, or sent express prepaid on receipt of price. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including a bottle of Cresolene, complete \$1.00. Send for free illustrated booklet. LEEZING, MILLS CO., Ltd., Agents, 288 St. James St. Montreal.

SELECTING POULTRY.

How to Pick a Tender Fowl When Buying Poultry for the Table.

A well rounded form and neat, compact legs and no sharp, bony angles on the breast are the distinguishing marks in selecting poultry for the table, according to the United States agricultural department's bulletin on this topic.

"The skin," continues the bulletin, "should be a clear color (yellow being preferred in the American market) and free from blotches and pin feathers; it should look clean and smooth and the bird has probably been scalded before picking. The flesh should give neither flabby nor stiff, but should give evenly and gently when pressed by the finger.

"One of the commonest ways of testing the age of dressed poultry is to take the end of the breastbone farthest from the head between thumb and finger and attempt to bend it to one side. In a very young bird—say a broiler chicken or a green goose—it will be easily bent, like the cartilage in the human ear; in a bird a year or so old it will be brittle and in an old bird tough and hard to bend or break. Unfortunately, tricky dealers sometimes break the end of the breastbone before exhibiting the bird and thus render the test worthless."

It may be well to look solely to the feet, for the department says: "If the feet are left on the carcass they furnish a test of age. In a young bird they are soft and smooth, becoming hard and rough as the bird grows older. The claws are short and sharp in a young bird, becoming longer and blunter with age and use."

At three years up to a year old are said to have black feet, which grow pink up to three years old and then turn gradually gray and grow dull. In a fresh bird the feet feel moist, soft and plump. If dressed with the head on the eyes look bright and full. As it becomes stale the eyes shrink and the feet dry and harden when too stale—i. e., when decomposition is well under way the body turns dark and greenish.

Cash or Cure

If Shiloh's Consumption Cure fails to cure your Cough or Cough, you get back all you paid for it. You are sure of a Cure or the Cash.

If it wasn't a sure cure, this offer would not be made.

Can anything be fairer?

If you have a Cold, Cough, or any disease of the Throat, Lungs or Air Passages, try

SHILOH

25c per bottle. All dealers guarantee it.

Beauties on Waistcoat Buttons.

"Old masters" are being pressed into service for the embellishment of men's fancy waistcoats, says the London Mail. A London tailoring firm is selling sets of six miniature reproductions of beautiful women by Gainsborough, Greuze and Lawrence just as big as a sixpence. These are considered appropriate when posed on tartan plaids, fancy checks or knitted vests. The buttons are said to be much sought after by ladies as gifts for men friends.

A lazy liver may be only a fired liver, or a starved liver. A stick is all right in the back of a lazy man. But it would be a savage as well as a stupid thing to beat a weary man or a starving man because he lagged in his work. So in treating the lagging liver it is a great mistake to load it with drastic drugs. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred a torpid or sluggish liver is but a symptom of an ill-nourished body, whose organs are weary with overwork. Let your liver loose. Start with the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition. Put them in proper working order, and see how quickly your liver will become active and energetic. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has made many marvelous cures of liver trouble by its wonderful control of the organs of digestion and nutrition. It restores the normal activity of the stomach, increases the secretions of the blood-making elements, cleanses the system from poisonous accumulations, and so relieves the liver of the burdens imposed upon it by the defection of other organs. costly and handsome gifts, evidences

The time taken for thinking is not always time wasted.

THE FAST TRAINS

To California are run over the Union Pacific, via Omaha, 16 hours quicker to San Francisco than any other line. No change of roads, no detours. "The Overland Route" all the way. Be sure your ticket reads over the Union Pacific. Inquire of H. P. Carter, T. P. A., 14 James Building, Toronto, Canada, or F. B. Choate, G. A., 126 Woodward avenue, Detroit.

Invitation Cards, Programmes, Pencils, etc., can always be obtained at THE PLANET Office

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

COME EARLY



HAVE YOU VISITED

The White Carnival

STAY LATE



Hundreds of women of thrift and shrewdness are coming—bargain intent—to this store and are ever most pleased and gratified at the results. This is different from most white sales—it's different in more ways than one—assortments are larger—goods are better—and prices are lots lower. Come, if you haven't been here—if you have we are sure you will come again.

Ladies' Cambric Drawers

At 25c—
Made with deep frill, two large tucks and three rows hemstitching.

At 39c—
Good cambric, made with deep muslin frill, ten fine tucks, torchon insertion and lace.

At 50c—
Fine cambric with ten fine tucks and frill of fine embroidery or torchon lace.

At 75c—
Fine Lonsdale with ruffle of wide Swiss embroidery and six fine tucks.

At 1.00—
Umbrella style in fine cambric with deep muslin flounce, trimmed with fine Swiss insertion and embroidery.

At 1.70—
Fine Lonsdale cambric, deep flounce of torchon lace and insertion, finished with Swiss braiding and ribbon.

At 2.25—
Of fine Lonsdale and nainsook, handsome styles, at each \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

At 2.50—
Superior cambric, all-over Swiss insertion yoke, neck, sleeves and front, trimmed, fine Swiss embroidery and finishing braid.

At 2.75—
Superior cambric, all-over Swiss insertion yoke, neck, sleeves and front, trimmed, fine Swiss embroidery and finishing braid.

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At 2.75—
Superior cambric, all-over Swiss insertion yoke, neck, sleeves and front, trimmed, fine Swiss embroidery and finishing braid.

Gowns

At 50c—
Cambric gowns, yoke trimmed, with 10 fine tucks and 7 rows Swiss insertion, neck and sleeves trimmed with cambric frills.

At 75c—
Good quality, yoke with 12 fine tucks, 2 rows cambric insertion, fine embroidery and frills on neck and sleeves.

At 1.00—
Cambric gowns, full cut, 4 groups fine tucks and 4 rows fine insertion on yoke, neck and sleeves, trimmed with wide torchon lace and finishing braid.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Throwing Fire at Soldiers.

Greek fire, which had several other names—wild fire, liquid fire, wet fire and fire rain—was the most destructive war material used before the introduction of gunpowder. Discovered by Callinicus, a Syrian, it was first used in the siege of Constantinople, 673-678, and at Mecca, 680. According to an eyewitness, it made a noise like thunder, looked like a dragon flying through the air and made night light as day. This, allowing for a vivid imagination, gives its striking characteristics when poured from caldrons, shot from copper tubes in balls of twisted flax or expelled from catapults in vials during sieges and naval engagements. Water made it burn more fiercely, and wherever it fell it spread a trail of fire. So well was the secret of its production kept that its precise ingredients and admixture were still unknown, but it is certain that naphtha, sulphur, gums of resinous trees, charcoal, saltpetre, pitch and other bitumens were used.

When the old man speaks of his oldest daughter as the flower of the family he probably means the wall flower.

Does Your FOOD Digest Well?

When the food is imperfectly digested the full benefit is not derived from it by the body and the purpose of eating is defeated; no matter how good the food or how carefully adapted to the wants of the body it may be. Thus the dyspeptic often becomes thin, weak and debilitated, energy is lacking, brightness, snap and vim are lost, and in their place come dullness, lost appetite, depression and languor. It takes no great knowledge to know when one has indigestion, some of the following symptoms generally exist, viz.: constipation, sour stomach, variable appetite, headache, heartburn, gas in the stomach, etc.

The great point is to cure it, to get back bounding health and vigor.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

It is constantly effecting cures of dyspepsia, because it acts in a natural yet effective way upon all the organs involved in the process of digestion, removing all clogging impurities and easing the way of digestion and assimilation.

Mr. R. G. Harvey, Ameliasburg, Ont., writes: "I have been troubled with dyspepsia for several years and after using three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters I was completely cured. I cannot praise B.B.B. enough for what it has done for me. I have not had a sign of dyspepsia since."

Do not accept a substitute for B.B.B. There is nothing "just as good."

The advice of our friends comes handy when we really want to blame our failures on something.

It may be possible to have two girls at the same time, but not if they know it.

The most brilliant match ever made would not set the world on fire.

THE ENSIGN REMEDIES

"Whatever is sufficient to build a human body is sufficient to keep it in repair."

—Ensign.

RHEUMATISM

It is caused by the retention of waste matter. ENSIGN REMEDY No. 22 cures naturally by eliminating the waste. Effects prompt: cure permanent.

Booklets on General Diseases, Private Diseases, Women's Diseases and Varicose of drugists.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

A CONVICT'S ROMANCE

ODD WAY IN WHICH A LIFE PRISONER WON HIS FREEDOM.

The story of the construction of the Old Statehouse at Albany—The Price of a Genius Who Saw and Grasped His Opportunity.

Vouched for by the late Henry Smith, who said he learned the fact through being speaker of the assembly, there is an interesting bit of history connected with the old statehouse at Albany, where it stands on the easterly side of Eagle street, between Pine and Steuben streets, its walls and partitions all of solid stone, very much as if its halls, rooms and stairs had been carved out within a huge block of marble.

It was completed in 1842, costing the state about \$350,000. It is built entirely of Sing Sing marble, quarried and cut within the prison walls.

The old capital being inadequate to accommodate the increasing business of the state, this additional building was planned and built and is still used for the offices of the state comptroller, the state engineer and surveyor and the state banking department.

In a spirit of economy it was decided to have as much as possible of the work done by the prisoners from the material found within the prison walls at Sing Sing, fairly good material, too, but not the best, as it is a soft marble, as evidenced by the wear which now shows so plainly in the steps and by the crumbling of some of the stones from exposure to the weather. All the material was cut to completion within the walls of the prison under such plans that when shipped to Albany there would be no further work necessary except practically to lay one stone upon another, and so on until the whole was assembled in the completed building.

To accomplish this detailed plan a system of marking the stones was necessary. The plans were carefully laid out by the architect in charge, who found in the prison at Sing Sing a life prisoner whose record showed him to be an engineer of the highest ability and who seemed as competent as any man in the country to carry out the work to be done in the prison, and naturally he was not unwilling to follow his chosen profession in preference to doing the manual labor of cutting or quarrying stone. So, following the spirit of economy referred to above, the plans in detail and the system of marking were turned over to him and the whole work at that end given over to his full superintendence and absolute control.

In due time the stones in their various shapes and sizes and in quantity for the whole building were delivered in Albany and the work of construction commenced in accordance with the plans and system of marking originally furnished. With the very first stone there was trouble. It not only did not fit the place, but none of the stones marked to adjoin it fitted it, and, further, it did not seem ever intended for the place the number indicated. Investigation brought out that the stones were not of the sizes or shapes specified and shown on the plans, and, as to the system of marking, it was quite evident that the stones brought together by it had no relation whatever to each other.

The bewildered architect hardly knew whether he was a candidate for the asylum or possibly for Sing Sing. However, a careful verification of his plans and his marking system proved their correctness, and the blame fell squarely upon the civil engineer, the life prisoner. He was questioned, taken severely to task and roundly rated for his incompetence and threatened and abused. He met it all calmly. "It looks to me like a mighty good joke on you fellows. Any way it is the best joke I have heard since I came to Sing Sing."

Finally, in answer to the abuse and slurs as to his capabilities as an engineer, he said he had changed the plans both in dimension and shape where they had diverged from purity of style, and the system of marking of the stones, but if they could find some one who understood his system and perfect, excelling the original plan. "But," he added, with a grin, "you can probably get out new stone a good deal quicker than you can work out my system."

Then the state officials said, "We will take you to Albany and force you to put up the building."

He said, "No."

They pointed out the advantage of life in Albany for a time in preference to Sing Sing.

He said, "No."

They tried to bargain with him.

He said, "Secure my pardon and I will stand by you until the building is complete."

They offered to have him pardoned after he had proved what he said by finishing the building.

He said, "No."

He said he would be compelled to work in prison, but not in Albany, and that even in prison they could compel him to do only manual labor unless he chose and that the price of his genius in grasping the opportunity that had come his way was a full pardon.

What else was there to do?

He was pardoned, and the old statehouse stands today in testimony of the fact that he kept his word and a glorious memory to an unknown genius.

THE NEWS

What Do You Know of Ontario?

Where are you trying to do business? Do you know all about Ontario?

Ontario has over one-third the total population of Canada—pays over 50% of the money paid in the Dominion to wage earners and over 51% of the salaries. Has over 51% of the working capital of the Dominion invested in Manufacturing.

Don't you think it's worth advertising to your neighbors. The "News" covers the whole Province—goes into 2,475 Post Offices daily. The rate is Flat 56 cents per inch.

This advertisement would cost \$2.50 per day in The News

Announcement of the Toronto News

The London 'Bus.

It is beginning to be felt that the horse omnibus in London will by-and-by disappear. A writer in T. P.'s Weekly recalls the introduction of the vehicle, and points out that London did not take kindly to the word "omnibus." "What is the plural?" people asked, and when Joseph Hume spoke in the House of Commons of omnibuses there was the laughter called "much." The vehicles were long known as "shillibeeers." The first two shillibeeers ran to the city by the New road, now the Marylebone, Euston and Pentonville roads. They were drawn by three horses abreast, and had conductors who had been with Shillibeeers in Paris. When it became known that they were sons of naval officers the young ladies of the Paddington used to ride as far as King's Cross in order to improve their French.

These shillibeeers carried twenty-two passengers; the fare was a shilling. Newspapers and magazines were provided—without reason, since the journey was slow, and there was a long half-way halt. In this generosity Shillibeeers was outdone by a later omnibus, the Haymarket and Chelsea. Cloud placed a small, well-chosen library in each of his omnibuses, so that he who rode might read the standard authors. Mr. Henry Charles Moore, whose history of "Omnibuses and Cabs" is admirably full, says that people rode to Hammersmith purposely to read these books. As they also stole them, this method of getting culture was not so expensive as it looks. The first Free Library was an omnibus.

Pure Tea

Hygienic Packages

Users of Grand Mogul Tea pronounce it the beverage of good health. Grown on the sun-kissed mountains of Ceylon, it has the delicious and mellow flavor of purity.

Prepared by machinery from plantation to cup. The packages, lined with airtight paper, protect it from store dust and microbes. Never sold in bulk nor in poisonous lead. The effort to substitute some other tea to be "just as good" is the desire of some dealers for an excessive profit on an inferior article.

Grand Mogul Tea

Gold at 25c, 30c, 40c, and 50c per pound. Look for the premium coupon and list of premiums in each package.

ICE CREAM PARLORS

OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL

One of the finest assortments of Candy in the city, fresh every day.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Ice Cream or goods delivered to any part of the city. Light lunches served.

J. H. Rhody

In Wigzell's Old Stand.

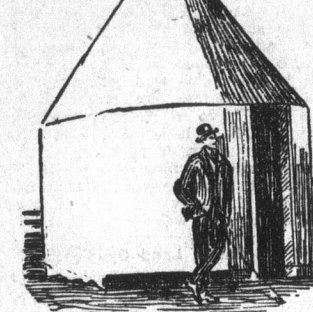
THE NORDARCH TENTS

IMPROVED TENTS FOR HOUSING CONSUMPTION SUFFERERS.

Built With a Frame As Substantial As That of a Dwelling. They Are Models of Comfort, Will Withstand the Heaviest of Gales and Are Not Affected by Either Rain or Snow—Octagonal in Shape.

Never before in the history of the world has more attention been given than now to that dread disease, consumption. Never has the "tent treatment" been so widely used. This "tent treatment" is being given a thorough test in several places, notably in Colorado, where the climatic conditions are such that life out of doors is possible for most of the year.

The tents most in use are of the Nordarch pattern, so called after a camp



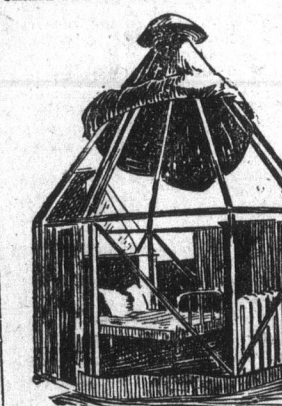
STEAM HEATED TENTS FOR TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS.

of that name, where consumptives have been treated with marked success. In the Union Printers' Home of Colorado, where ten of these tents are in use, fully fifty per cent. of the patients have recovered health.

These tents are octagonal in shape, as this form has proved the best to resist wind. They are built with a framework as substantial as that of a house, the intersections reinforced with castings, and every part so firmly anchored that they will withstand a wind of one hundred miles an hour. They are covered with the best double filled army canvas, which is not affected by snow or rain.

It is in the arrangement for ventilation that the chief virtue in these tents lies, for this is the all important factor in the outdoor treatment of tuberculosis. The tents have hardwood floors, built a few feet from the ground. Four feet from the ground, and four feet in length, are at the corners of the floor, and these can be opened or closed at pleasure, a wire screen forming a protection against bugs and insects. Another ventilator is in the peak of the roof. This is managed by a cord.

The tents are attractively furnished with a white iron bedstead, rug, chairs and a built-in closet, bureau and



SHOWING THE INSIDE OF TENT AND THE FRAMEWORK.

washstand. Those in Colorado Springs, which were considered models of their kind, are the only steam heated tents in the world. The first cost of the installation of this heating apparatus was expensive, but after the tents are laid, the tents can be built for a little more than one hundred dollars each.

The diet of tuberculosis patients is raw eggs, milk and roast and boiled meats. Other foods are added as the appetite increases and there is better circulation of blood. In all cases, where the outdoor treatment is tried, there is no neglect of sanitary precaution, and care is exercised as much as if the patients were in a house or hospital. Sputum cups are used day and night and all clothing is disinfected.

Newspapers of the World. Among European countries, according to the Revue Hebdomadaire, Germany stands at the head with 5,500 newspapers of which 800 are dailies. England occupies second place with 3,000, 869 dailies. France has 2,513, of which, however, only one-quarter appear daily or two or three times a week. Italy publishes 1,400 newspapers, followed in their order by Austria-Hungary, Spain, Russia, Greece and Switzerland. The total number of newspapers published in Europe is about 20,000.

In Asia not less than 3,000 newspapers appear periodically, the largest number in Japan and the British Indies.

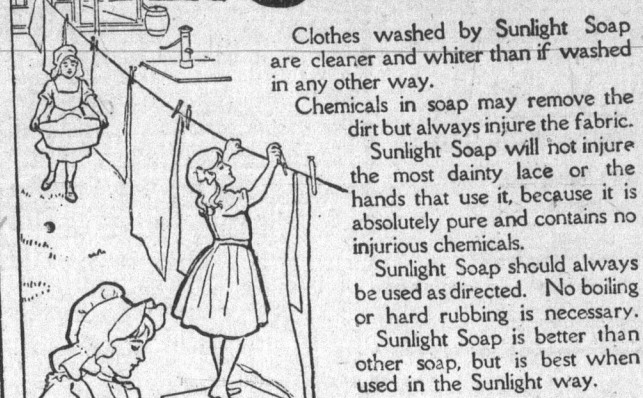
Africa has the smallest number of newspapers, only 200 dailies being published in the whole continent, of which thirty are published in Egypt, the balance in the European colonies.

Newspapers published in the United States at the close of 1903 are given by Rowell's Directory as: Weeklies, 14,455; semi-weeklies, 499; tri-weeklies, 54; dailies, 2,215; total newspapers, 17,223; total periodicals, 3,262; total newspapers and periodicals, 20,485.

The daily and weekly newspapers published in the United States are in number nearly equal to the dailies and weeklies in all Europe.

The distance from Halifax to Vancouver is greater than from London to Halifax.

SUNLIGHT SOAP



Clothes washed by Sunlight Soap are cleaner and whiter than if washed in any other way.

Chemicals in soap may remove the dirt but always injure the fabric. Sunlight Soap will not injure the most dainty lace or the hands that use it, because it is absolutely pure and contains no injurious chemicals.

Sunlight Soap should always be used as directed. No boiling or hard rubbing is necessary. Sunlight Soap is better than other soap, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

5c. Buy it and follow directions. 5c.

\$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

THE GIANT INDIANS.

Peccoliar Ways of the Onas of Tierra del Fuego.

The Onas, a tribe of Indians inhabiting the mainland of the Tierra del Fuego island, are over six feet. A few average height is over six feet. A few are six and one-half feet; a few fall below six feet. The women are more corpulent and not so tall. There is no race in the world with a more perfect physical development than the Onas Indians. This is partly due to the topography of the country and the distribution of the game, which makes long marches across the country a necessity.

In mentality they fall far below their physical attainments. In the past their supply of game has been plentiful, and this may account for the lack of inventive genius among them. This lack of progressive skill is portrayed in their home life, clothing and homes. Their children suffer from it, for, contrary to the practice common among most Indians of the children well, the Onas' little ones are mostly naked, poorly fed and altogether forlorn. They have abundant material for supplying themselves with clothing and homes, and yet they throw a few branches together, put skins over the windward side and then shiver under the miserable shelter.

Scientists who have made a study of the subject say that the language of the Onas is the strangest ever listened to. Many of the words are not difficult to pronounce, but very few words are interrupted by a sound which it is impossible to produce. The speaker hacks, coughs and grunts, distorting his face in the most inhuman manner, and then passes on to the next stumbling block. The Onas live principally upon meat, which in former years was obtained from the guanaco.

Do You Want to Know What You Swallow?

There is a growing sentiment in this country in favor of MEDICINES OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. It is not natural that one should have some interest in the composition of that which he or she is expected to swallow, whether it be food, drink or medicine.

Recognizing this growing disposition on the part of the public, and satisfied that the fullest publicity can only add to the well-earned reputation of his medicines, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has taken time by the forelock, as it were, and is publishing broadcast a list of all the ingredients entering into his famous medicines, the "Golden Medical Discovery," the popular liver invigorator, stomach tonic, blood purifier and heart regulator; also of his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, over-worked, broken-down, nervous and invalid women.

This bold and outspoken movement on the part of Dr. Pierce, has, by showing exactly what his well-known medicines are composed of, completely disarmed all the harping critics who have heretofore unjustly attacked them. A little pamphlet has been compiled, from the standard authorities of all the several medical schools of practice, showing the strongest endorsements by leading medical writers of the several ingredients which enter into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Granules. They regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Do not begrudge the "pill habit," but take these. One or two each day for cure constipation. Once tried always in favor. Active habit. Once tried always in favor.

\$50,000 GIVEN AWAY. In copies of Medical Advertiser, a book that sold to the extent of 500,000 copies a few years ago, at \$1.50 per copy.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has taken time by the forelock, as it were, and is publishing broadcast a list of all the ingredients entering into his famous medicines, the "Golden Medical Discovery," the popular liver invigorator, stomach tonic, blood purifier and heart regulator; also of his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, over-worked, broken-down, nervous and invalid women.

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The more cred a man has the less charity he is apt to have with it.

Cause of Headaches

You must look well after the condition of your liver and bowels. Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headaches, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia. Ayer's Pills are genuine liver pills.

We have no secret. We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

GRAND TRUNK

Taken effect Sunday, Oct. 1st, 1905.

WEST.
9.30 a.m. for Windsor, Detroit and intermediate stations except Sunday.
12.52 p.m. for Windsor and Detroit.
4.18 p.m. for Detroit, Chicago and west.
International Limited daily.
Mixed 2.30 p.m.

EAST.
2.37 a.m. for London, Hamilton, Toronto, Buffalo.
12.00 p.m. for London, Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo and New York.
5.18 p.m. for London, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal and East.
9.00 p.m. for London and intermediate stations.
Daily except Sunday: *Talis.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
Corrected Oct. 1st, 1905.

GOING EAST GOING WEST
7 a.m. daily, ex. Sunday 1.03 a.m.
3.18 a.m. m. Express. 1.13 a.m.
3.32 p.m. 8.50 p.m.
*This train runs daily except Sunday. Starts from here and remains over night.

THE VASHAW RAILROAD CO.
GOING WEST EAST BOUND
6.1 a.m. 12.23 p.m.
3.07 p.m. 4.11 p.m.
13.1.25 p.m. 6.1.32 a.m.
5.30 p.m. 8.24 p.m.
9.13 a.m. 6.1.32 a.m.

J. A. RICHARDSON,
J. C. PRITCHARD,
Station Agent.

W. E. RISPIN,
W. P. A. 115 King St. Chatham.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

166,570,000

bushels of wheat, oats and barley were harvested from

5,884,800 Acres

IN—
MANITOBA, ALBERTA
SASKATCHEWAN

IN 1905.

Facts and figures of practical interest to the prospective settler are found in "WESTERN CANADA" and "SETTLER'S GUIDE," free upon application to W. H. Harper, Chatham, or write C. B. Foster, D. F. A., Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts in February....

California, Mexico, Florida, Cuba, offer attractions difficult to find in any other part of the world.

Delightful, restful, health restoring climate, luxurious hotel.

Round Trip Tourist Tickets are on Sale daily to all Southern Resorts.

The Mount Clemens Mineral Baths, and St. Catharines Mineral Springs, situated on our direct line, are celebrated for their curative waters. Try it.

Tickets and full information call on W. E. Rispin, City Agent, 115 King St.; J. C. Pritchard, depot Agent.

THE WABASH

For Mardi Gras Festivities New Orleans, La., February 22nd to 27.

The Wabash will sell round trip tickets at single first-class fare plus \$2.25; tickets on sale February 21st to 26th inclusive, good to return until March 3rd, on payment of fifty cents tickets can be extended until March 17th.

Special round trip rates to Cuba, Old Mexico and California on sale daily.

Sweeping reductions in the one-way colonist rate to Pacific Coast Ports, from February 15th to April 7th.

For full particulars address any Wabash Agent, or J. A. Richardson, District Passenger Agent, North-east corner King and Yonge Sts., Toronto and St. Thomas, Ont.

J. C. PRITCHARD, Depot Agent.

W. E. RISPIN, City Pass. Agt., Chatham.

TO SECURE A Good Situation

YOU must have a good business education. It will pay best to secure it in a large, reliable school, well known to business men and employers for thorough work and competent graduates. Such a school is the famous

Detroit Business University

Under new management it is the best in the land for training young men and women and for aiding them to secure good paying places.

Catalogue free. Enter any time. Write W. F. JRWELL, Pres.

R. I. BENNETT, C. A., Principal

W. H. SHAW, Secy.

The Sovereign Bank

OF CANADA.

(Chartered by Dominion Parliament)
Is Now Open for Business
King Street, Opposite Market

(In premises lately occupied by Smith Seed Store)

Deposits of \$1.00 and Upwards Received.

Interest Paid Four Times Per Year...

W. WALLACE BRUCE, Manager

DRS. CORNELL & FISHER

DENTISTS

Corner Sixth and King St.

Over the Bee Hive.

Phone—Office 317. Residence 442.

PROBABILITIES.

Special per G. N. W.

Toronto, Feb. 6.—11 a. m.—Fine and extremely cold. Wednesday, fair and gradually moderating.

THE LOCAL BUDGET

Dr. Anderson, of Detroit, is on a short visit here.

Mr. Laird, of Dresden, was in the city on Sunday.

James Fleming, of Blenheim, was here on Saturday.

J. W. Smith, of Stewart, was in the city on Saturday.

James Campbell, of Stewart, spent Saturday in Chatham.

F. Mayhew, of Ridgeway, was in town on business yesterday.

Charles Campbell, of Fletcher, was a Chatham visitor on Saturday.

J. Lewis, of St. Thomas, spent Sunday with his Chatham friends.

The event of the season is His Highness the Bey, at the Grand, on Thursday night. Prices only 25, 50, 75, and a few at \$1.00.

Skating from four to six this afternoon and from eight to ten to-night at the rink.

The only proper way to see His Highness the Bey is to rent a pair of E. J. MacIntyre's Opera Glasses.

Fifteen below zero means fur jackets—one near seal jacket with German Otter collar, and cuffs, worth \$50, for \$24.99 at the Urban bankrupt closing sale, Garner Block.

Go with the people: don't be behind the times; this opportunity does not come very often—His Highness the Bey Co., at the Grand Thursday night.

The ladies of the Turkish Booth will hold their first tea in their tea room over the Bank of Commerce on Saturday next from 4 to 6 o'clock, and on the following Wednesday and Saturday afternoons until after Lent.

Special electric cars from Wallaceburg and intermediate points, with special prices, for His Highness the Bey, at the Grand, Thursday night.

No. 1 Debating Society, of Harwich, will not hold their regular debate to-night in order that the members of that Society may attend the production of "The Magistrate," which the Macaulay Club presents at the Grand to-night.

"THE MAGISTRATE"

"The Magistrate," which is to be played by the Macaulay Club at the Grand to-night, is a typical Pinner Comedy, replete with capitalizing humor, ingenious complications, and unsurpassed dramatic situations.

To all those who appreciate wholesome fun, and clever staging of every day incidents so that they become at the same time interesting and amusing, Pinner's plays are particularly appealing. The Magistrate is admitted by all to be his masterpiece, and therefore those who witness its performance this evening by local amateur talent are assured of a splendid, mirth-provoking entertainment.

LOST A FINGER

Ross Weaver, an employee of the Dowsley Spring & Axle Works, met with an unfortunate accident yesterday.

While running an axle bending machine he lost one of his little fingers. Dr. Rutherford attended to his case and he is now doing as well as can be expected under the circumstances.



FOR LOVE'S SWEET SAKE...

An Engagement Ring should in its beauty and delicacy be a fit exponent of its mission. It needs, therefore, to be elegantly designed and skillfully made and superbly set. Such jewelry can only be had at my store. See my collection and convince yourself that my jewelry and jewels are matchless.

E. J. MacIntyre,

Leading Jeweler and Optician...

Marriage Licenses...

MANY MATTERS DEALT WITH

Continued from Page 1.

In all probability consider this offer when submitting their report. He then read a letter from the City Solicitor, which will be found in another part of this issue.

Ald. Stone presented a petition for a hydrant on Wade street. Referred to Property.

Ald. Austin asked for the sum of fifty dollars to be placed to the credit of the Industrial committee, to bring to the notice of the Government our educational advantages.

His Worship read a petition from Wm. Gray & Sons, M. Campbell, T. H. Taylor Co., and over two hundred other ratepayers, asking for the submission of a by-law empowering the Council to enter into an agreement with the Electric Railway Company for the construction of a new bridge at Third street.

Ald. Stone—The benefits that merchants and others are getting by the construction of the road have been widespread and he was not in favor of exacting the "pound of flesh," but was willing to meet the management in a liberal spirit, and was in favor of submitting a by-law.

Ald. Elmondson also favored the by-law, but thought the Company should bear the expense.

Ald. Potter—Before the by-law is submitted the matter should be discussed by the Railway committee and the managers of the road in order to arrive at some definite understanding.

Ald. Austin—I realize what a great benefit the road has been to the merchants and citizens generally, but before submitting any by-law it must be put on such a basis that there is a probability of its being acceptable to the people. He was satisfied the ratepayers wanted to act generously towards the road and to offer the management every reasonable facility for doing a profitable business, so that the Company and the municipality can get every possible benefit from the enterprise; but at the present time the Council cannot comply with the demands of the Company. It will be necessary for the Railway committee to have more definite terms before an agreement could be reached to submit the by-law asked for in the petition.

Ald. Scallan—We are not in a position to discuss this matter intelligently. It is a business proposition in which both parties are expected to reap a benefit, and a definite proposal will have to be submitted together with the cost. He moved that the matter be referred to the Railway committee. Carried.

Council adjourned.

THE CODE OF HONOR.

Duelling as it was in France in the time of Richelieu.

The passion for duelling, which had cost France, it was said, between 7,000 and 8,000 lives during the twenty years of Henry IV's reign, was at its height when his son came to the throne. The council of Trent in 1545 had solemnly condemned the practice of single combat, impartially including principals, seconds and spectators in its penalty of excommunication. In 1602 an edict of Henry pronounced the "damnable custom" of duelling introduced by the corruption of the century to be the cause of so many piteous accidents, to the extreme regret and displeasure of the king and to the irreparable damage of the state, "that we should count ourselves unworthy to hold the scepter if we delayed to repress the enormity of this crime."

A whole series of edicts followed to the same effect, but it was easier to make edicts than to enforce them. Degradation, imprisonment, confiscation of property, loss of civil rights and death were the penalties attached to the infringement of the laws against duelling, and still the practice prevailed. In 1626 Richelieu published a milder form of prohibition. The first offense was no longer capital, a third only of the offender's property was to be confiscated, and the judges were permitted to recognize extenuating circumstances.

A few months later the Comte de Bouteville thought fit to test the minister's patience in this direction. The Place Royale had long been a favorite dueling ground, and De Bouteville traveled from Brussels to fight his twenty-second duel here, in the heart of Paris, in deliberate defiance of the king's authority. The result was not encouraging. Montmorency thought he was the count went with his second to the scaffold, and the marked decrease from that time in the number of duels may be attributed either to the moderation used in framing the law or to the inexorable resolution with which it was enforced.

RUSSIAN PROVERBS.

Roguary is the last of trades. Without cheating, no trading.

Every fox praises his own tail.

A debt is adorned by payment.

A good beginning is half the work.

Every little frog is great in his own bog.

Trust in God, but do not stumble yourself.

Go after two wolves and you will not catch even one.

If God doesn't forsake us, the pigs will not take us.

The deeper you hide anything the sooner you find it.

Be praised not for your ancestors, but for your virtues.

Send a pig to dinner and he will put his feet on the table.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

HEAD SEVERED FROM BODY.

Most Brutal Murder of a Farmer Reported From Halifax.

Halifax, Feb. 6.—The decapitated body of Freeman Harvie, a well-known farmer of Ellershouse, Hants Co., on the line of Dominion Atlantic Railway, was found in the cellar of his house yesterday morning. The head was completely severed from the trunk, and there seems to be no doubt that a most brutal murder has been committed. The facts, so far revealed, are as follows:

Harvie was last seen on Saturday. It is known that on that day a stranger, an Englishman, called at the farm to discuss the question of his purchase. This man has disappeared, and the police are searching for him.

The ghastly discovery of the dead man's body was made yesterday morning by neighbors who, knocking and getting no response, forced an entrance.

Harvie's farm is about a mile from Ellershouse. He lived alone there, his wife being employed in the cotton factory at Windsor.

The body when found yesterday morning lay underneath a heap of potatoes.

Late last night George Stanley, who says he came from London, England, was arrested and placed in the hands of the sheriff to stand trial for the crime, and James Fisher of Ellershouse is also a prisoner.

It is likely also that other arrests will follow before the police decide that they have all in their clutches who may have had something to do with the murder.

Several local men may have plotted to secure the money which Harvie was known to have, taking advantage of the fact that he was living alone.

Owen Sound Land Syndicate.

Winnipeg, Feb. 6.—An Owen Sound, Ont., land syndicate have disposed of large sections of Saskatchewan and Alberta lands to New York and Ohio farmers, who will locate on it this spring. There are about 15,000 settlers assured for the west through this source alone.

Canadian Mining Institute.

Quebec, Feb. 6.—The annual meeting of the Canadian Mining Institute will be held at the Chateau Frontenac, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, March 7, 8 and 9. It is expected that at least one hundred delegates from all parts of the Dominion will be present.

McGill For British Columbia.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 6.—The bill establishing McGill as the state-recognized university of British Columbia passed yesterday the second reading. There was much opposition, led by Toronto University graduates.

Five Years For Stealing Nine Cents.

Binghamton, N. Y., Feb. 6.—For stealing nine cents, Daniel Fitzgerald was sentenced by Judge Parsons to Auburn prison for five years.

A BROAD STATEMENT.

This announcement is made without any qualifications: Hem-Roid is the one preparation in the world that guarantees it.

Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid is in the form of a tablet.

It is the only pile remedy used internally.

It is impossible to cure an established case of Piles with ointments, suppositories, injections, or outward appliances.

A guarantee is issued with every package of Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid, which contains a month's treatment.

Go and talk to your druggist about it.

The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

Dr. Holmes' Revenge.

When "The Last Leaf" was published by Oliver Wendell Holmes a critic attacked it savagely and cruelly. Dr. Holmes, though importuned by friends, did nothing in revenge. He waited for time to avenge him, which time did liberally. The critic fell upon evil days and ended his existence with suicide. The only morose of personal revenge which the good doctor allowed himself was to cut out the paragraph about his enemy's career and paste it in his scrapbook on the same page with the announcement of the successive editions of the poem. This was a mild revenge, but even this was unworthy of Dr. Holmes.

Seemed to Have Him Cornered.

The teacher was discoursing to the class on the wonders of nature. "Take the familiar illustration of the sting of a wasp," he said, "as compared with the finest needle. When examined through a microscope the sting is still round, smooth and polished, while the needle appears blunt and rough."

"It is so with everything. The works of nature are infinitely superior to those of art. Try how we may, we cannot improve on nature."

"It isn't so with my eyes, teacher," said a little girl in the class.

"Why, how is that, Nellie?" he asked.

"Cause nature made me cross eyed," she said, "and the doctors fixed my eyes all right."

Old maids would be scarce and hard to find.

Could they be made to see, how grace and beauty is combined.

By using Rocky Mountain Tea.

A. I. McCall & Co.

Blowing one's nose is not apt to make one feel blue.

Most of us would feel flattered by our obituaries.

It will pay you to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in your house. It only costs a quart.

Sold by all druggists.

The reformer never thinks it necessary to practice on himself.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Higher, Chicago Lower—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Monday Evening, Feb. 5.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day 1/4 higher to 1/2 lower than Saturday, and corn futures 1/2 higher to 1/2 lower.

At Chicago, May wheat closed 1/2 lower than Saturday, May corn 1/2 lower, and May oats 1/2 lower.

WINNIPEG OPTIONS.

The following were the closing quotations yesterday at this market: Feb. 706 bid, May 79 1/2, July 80 1/2.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY.

Wheat, Feb. 5, 1906. Feb. 6, 1906.

Corn, Feb. 5, 1906. Feb. 6, 1906.

Oats, Feb. 5, 1906. Feb. 6, 1906.

Barley, Feb. 5, 1906. Feb. 6, 1906.

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Beyond Criticism...

"SALADA"

CEYLON NATURAL GREEN TEA

is a perfectly pure tea of the highest quality

Lead Packets only—25c, 30c, 40c, 50c. and 60c. per lb.

At all Grocers.

Highest Award St. Louis, 1904

VARICOCELE CURED

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.
Confined to His Home for Weeks.

"Heavy work, severe straining and evil habits in youth brought on a double varicocele. When I worked hard the aching would become severe and I was often laid up for a week at a time. My family physician told me an operation was my only hope—but I dreaded it. I tried several specialists, but soon found out all they wanted was my money. I commenced to look upon all doctors as little better than rogues. One day my boss asked me why I was off work so much and I told him my condition. He advised me to consult Dr. Kennedy and Kergan, as he had taken treatment from them himself and knew they were square and skilful. He wrote them, and got the New Method Treatment for me. My progress was somewhat slow and during the first month's treatment I was somewhat discouraged. However, I continued treatment for three months longer and was rewarded with a complete cure. I could only earn \$12 a week in a machine shop before treatment, now I am earning \$21 and never lose a day. I wish all sufferers knew of your valuable treatment."

HENRY C. LOCUST.

HAS YOUR BLOOD BEEN DISEASED?
BLOOD POISONS are the most prevalent and most serious diseases. They sap the very life blood of the victim and unless entirely eradicated from the system will cause serious complications. Hence of Mercury. It only suppresses the symptoms—our NEW METHOD positively cures all blood diseases forever. YOUNG OR MIDDLE AGED MEN—Impure acts or later excesses have broken down your system. You feel the symptoms stealing over you. Mentally, physically and vitally you are not the man you used to be or should be. Will you heed the danger signals?

READER Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you intending to marry? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. BOOKS FREE—(The Golden Monitor) (Illustrated), on Diseases of Men.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of treatment FREE for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Cor. Mich. Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

A BIG LIFT

The Nordheimer plan of easy payments is a big lift towards getting a new piano. You can buy any one from our splendid list of instruments at its regular price and pay for it at from \$8, \$10, \$12 and \$20 per month to suit your convenience. Let us help you choose your piano.

Illustrated Booklet Mailed Free on Enquiry

The House of Nordheimer,

188 Dundas St., London.

SUITS...
...TO ORDER

No matter what you need you'll find plenty good choices for dress, for business, for shop, for outdoors, heavy weights, medium weights, light weights.

Why not anticipate your Spring and Summer needs? **Spring Suitings** are arriving daily, choice patterns to select from at the lowest possible prices for first-class work.

Homespun in the new shades of Grey for Ladies' Suits at

THE T.H. TAYLOR CO. LIMITED

NOW IS THE TIME TO ADVERTISE

The LUST of HATE

BY GUY BOOTHBY

Author of "A Beautiful White Devil," "A Bid For Fortune," "The Marriage of Esther," "Dr. Nikola," etc.

(Continued From Saturday)

The words were hardly out of his mouth before the enemy were upon us, brandishing their assegais and shields, and yelling in a manner that would have chilled the blood of the oldest veteran. It was the first time I had ever fired a shot at my fellow man, and for the moment I will confess to feeling afraid. However, that soon passed, and I found myself taking aim, and firing as coolly as the best of them. Though I was hardly conscious that I had pulled the trigger, I saw the man directly in front of me—a fine, tall fellow with a nodding head-dress of feathers—suddenly throw up his arms and fall forward on his face, tearing at the ground with his hands in his death agony. But I was not able to do more than glance at him before two others were upon me. This time I fired with more deliberation than before, with the result that both went down, one after the other, like ninetails. Then for what seemed a year, but must in reality have been about three minutes, I continued to fire, depressing the finger lever between each shot and tipping out the empty cartridge with automatic regularity. In front of my defences a ghastly pile of bodies was fast accumulating, and by craning my neck to right and left, I could discern similar heaps before the shelters of my next-door neighbors.

This desire to ascertain how my friends were getting on was, however, nearly my undoing; for if I had been more intent upon my own concerns, I should have seen a man wriggling along on the ground towards me. Just however, as he was about to hurl his assegai, I caught sight of him, and brought my rifle to the shoulder. Seeing this, he rose to his feet with a jump, and hurled his spear. I dodged with the quickness of lightning, and heard it strike the tyre of the wheel behind me. At the same instant I covered him and pulled the trigger. To my horror the rifle did not go off. I had fired my nine shots, and the magazine was empty. But my will did not desert me for long. Before the savage had time to clamber on to the wheel and raise his knob-kerry, I was within striking distance, and, swinging my rifle round, I levelled it into the air, brought the butt down upon his head with a crash that might have been heard yards away. It crushed in his skull like an egg-shell, and he fell like a log and never moved again.

As he went down a sudden peace descended upon the field, and for a moment or two every man wondered what had happened. The smoke quickly cleared away, and when it did we saw that the foe had retired. I accordingly clambered back to my old position, and looked about me. My throat was like a lime kiln, and my eyes were dry and smarting. I was not going to take any refreshment, though a bucket stood quite close to me, until I had refilled my rifle. This done, I crossed to the bucket, filled the mug and drank its contents with a relish such as I had never known in my life before. When I had handed it to another man, I turned about and endeavored to take stock of our company. From where I stood I could see two men stretched out upon the ground. The one nearest me I knew instantly. It was Mackinnon, and a single glance was sufficient to tell me that he was dead. The other I could not for the moment identify. Mr. Maybourne, I was relieved to see, was unhurt save for a wound on his left hand, which he explained he had received in a hand-to-hand encounter in his corner.

We've taught the brutes a lesson in all conscience," he said. "I don't fancy they'll be as eager next time. How many men have we lost?"

In order to find out, we walked quickly round our defences, encouraging the garrison as we went, and bidding them replenish the magazines of their rifles while they had the chance.

On the other side of the house we discovered Agnes, busily engaged binding up the wounds of those who had been hurt. She was deadly pale, but her bravery was not a bit diminished. When we got back to our own quarters we had counted three dead men, two placed, hors de combat by their wounds, and five more or less out and scratched. Of the enemy we estimated that at least a hundred had fallen before our rifles, never to rise again.

For something like half-an-hour we stood at our posts, waiting to be attacked, but the foe showed no sign of moving. I was just wondering what the next move would be when I heard a shout from the right. I gripped my rifle and peered ahead of me, but there was nothing to be seen save the foe crouching behind their shelters in the distance.

"What is it?" I cried to my right-hand neighbor. "What do they see?" "A horseman," he replied, "and coming in our direction."

"Is he mad?" I cried, "or doesn't he see his danger?"

My informant did not reply, and a moment later I saw for myself the person referred to. He was mounted on a grey horse, and was riding as fast as his animal could travel in our direction. I turned my eyes away from him for a moment. When I looked again I saw a man rise from behind a bush and hurl a spear at him. The cruel weapon was thrown with unerring aim and struck the horse just behind the saddle. He leapt into the air, and then with a scream of agony that could be heard quite plainly where we all stood watching, dashed frantically towards us. He had not, however, gone a hundred yards before he put his foot into a hole, and fell with a crash to the ground, to lie



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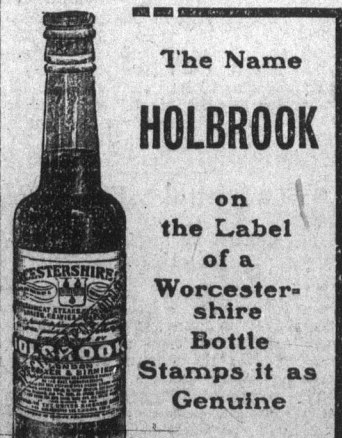
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there motionless. His neck was broken, so we discovered later.

From where I stood, to the place where the man and beast lay, was scarcely eighty yards; hence, on to the spot where the enemy were in ambush, not more than a hundred. For some reason—why, I shall never be able to explain—an irresistible desire to save the injured man came over me. I could not have resisted it, even had I wished to do so. Accordingly, I placed my rifle against the axle, sprang upon the box of the wagon wheel, vaulted over, and ran as hard as I could towards the victim of the accident. Ahead of me I could distinctly see the nodding plumes of the foe as they crouched behind their enormous shields. They did not, however, move, and I was therefore enabled to reach the man's side, and to take him in my arms unmolested. I had not gone ten yards on my return journey, however, before I heard their yells, and knew that they were after me. Fortunately, I had nearly a hundred and twenty yards start; and I had a heavy man to carry, and was quite out of breath. However, I was not going to be beaten, so putting out every ounce of strength I hoisted in my body, I raced on. By the time I reached the wagons again, the foe were not fifty yards behind me. A couple of assegais whistled passed my ears as I climbed over the wheel, and dropped my burden on the ground, but fortunately neither hit me. So exhausted was I that for a moment I lay against the wagon, unable to move. But the instinct of self-preservation gave me strength, and picking up my rifle I let drive blindly at the nearest of the foe who was already on the wheel before me. I saw the man's forehead open like a cracked walnut as my shot caught it, and a moment later he fell forward on the tyre—dead. I threw him off in time to shoot the next man as he took his place. Of the following five minutes my only recollection is a sense of overpowering heat; a throat and mouth parched like the sands of the Great Sahara; a rifle growing every moment heavier in my hand, and dominating all the necessity of stemming, at any cost, the crowd of black humanity that seemed to be overwhelming me. How long the fight lasted I cannot say. But at last a cheer from the other side of the laager reached me, and almost at the same instant the enemy turned tail and fled for their lives. Then, with an empty rifle at my feet, a dripping cutlass in one hand, and a still smoking revolver in the other, I leant against the wagon and laughed hysterically till I fell fainting to the ground.

CHAPTER XIII.

When I recovered consciousness I found a stranger dressed in uniform kneeling beside me. What was more singular still I was not under the wagon as before, but was lying sur-



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rounded by a dozen or so of my comrades in the verandah of my own house. Agnes was kneeling beside me, and her father was holding a basin of water at my feet.

"There is nothing at all to be alarmed about, my dear young lady," the man in uniform was saying as he felt my pulse. "Your friend here will live to fight another day, or a hundred days for that matter. By this time tomorrow he'll be as well as ever."

Then, turning to me, he asked: "how do you feel now?"

I replied that I felt much stronger; and then, looking up at Mr. Maybourne, enquired if we had beaten off the enemy.

"They have been utterly routed," replied the gentleman I addressed. "The credit, however, is due to Captain Haviland and his men; but for their timely arrival I fear we should have been done for. Flesh and blood could not have stood the strain another half hour."

"Stuff and nonsense," said the doctor, for such I afterwards discovered he was, "all the credit is due to yourselves; and, by George, you deserve it. A finer stand was never made in this country, or for that matter in any other."

After a few minutes' rest and another sip of brandy, I managed to get on to my feet. It was a sad sight I had before me. Stretched out in rows beyond the verandah rails were the bodies of the gallant fellows who had been killed—twelve in number. On rough beds placed in the verandah itself and also in the house were the wounded; while on the plain all round beyond the laager might have been seen the bodies of the Matabele dead. On the left of the house the regiment of mounted infantry, who had so opportunely come to our assistance, were unloading after chasing the enemy, and preparing to camp.

After I had had a few moments' conversation with the doctor, Mr. Maybourne and Agnes came up to me again, and congratulated me on having saved the stranger's life. The praise they gave me was altogether undeserved, for, as I have already explained, I had done the thing on the spur of the moment without for an instant considering the danger to which I had exposed myself. When they had finished I enquired where the man was, and in reply they led me into the house.

"The doctor says it is quite a hopeless case," said Agnes, turning to me in the doorway; "the poor fellow must have injured his spine when his horse fell with him."

I followed her into the room which had once been my own sleeping apartment. It was now filled with wounded. The man I had brought in lay upon a mattress in the corner by the window, and, with Agnes beside me, I went across to him. Once there I looked down at his face, and then, with a cry that even on pain of death I could not have kept back, I fell against my feelings. One thing was certain, lying on the bed before me, his head bandaged up, and a bushy beard clothing the lower half of the face, was no less a person than Richard Bartrams—my old enemy and the man I believed myself to have murdered in London so many months before. I could hardly believe my eyes; I stared at him and then looked away—only to look back again half expecting to find him gone. Could this be any mistake? I asked myself. Could it be only a deceiving likeness, or an hallucination of an overtaxed brain? Hardly knowing what I did I dragged Agnes by the wrist out of the house to a quiet corner, where I leant against the wall feeling as if I were going to faint again.

"What is the matter, Gilbert?" she cried. "Oh, what is the matter with you?" "Matter!" I almost shouted in my joy. "This is the matter. I am free—free—free! Free to marry you—free to do as I please, and live as I please, and go where I please!" For there in that bed was my old enemy, the man I told you I had killed."

For a second she must have thought me mad. For I noticed she shrank a step away from me, and looked at me with an apprehensive glance. But she soon recovered her composure, and asked if I were certain of what I said. "As certain as I am that you are standing before me now," I answered. "I should know him anywhere. Where is the doctor?"

A moment later I had found the doctor. "Doctor," I said, "there is a man in that room yonder whom, I am told, you say has a broken back. He is unconscious. Will he remain so until he dies?"

"Most probably," was the other's matter-of-fact reply as he began to bind up the arm of the man he had been operating on. "Why do you ask?" "Because it is a matter of the most vital importance that I should speak with him before he dies. All the happiness of my life and another's depends upon it."

"Very well. Don't worry yourself. I'll see what I can do for you. Now go away and be quiet. I'm busy."

I went away as he ordered me, and leant against the verandah rails at the back of the house. My head was swimming, and I could hardly think coherently. Now that Bartrams was alive, every obstacle was cleared away—I was free to marry Agnes as soon as her father would let me; free to do whatever I pleased in the world. The reaction was almost more than I could bear. No words could over-estimate my relief and joy.

Half an hour later the doctor came to me.

"Your man is conscious now," he said. "But you'd better look sharp if you want to ask him anything. He won't last long."

I followed him into the house to the corner where the sick man lay. As soon as he saw me, Bartrams showed with his eyes that he recognized me.

"Pennethorne," he whispered, as I knelt by the bed, "this is a strange meeting. Do you know I've been hunting for you these nine months past?"

"Hunting for me?" I said. "Why, I thought you dead!"

(To Be Continued.)

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DISTRICT DOINGS.

THORNCLIFFE.

Miss Mary Grimsell is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. Shaw.

Mr. G. Shaw was severely bitten by his own dog last week.

Mrs. J. Kendall has purchased a new team to take to her home in the Northwest.

Free Methodist prayer meeting on Thursday evening in the church.

TILBURY.

Jan. 30.—Mrs. Elmer Lang, of Detroit, is visiting relatives here.

E. Layman has severed his connection with the Big Store, where he has been managing the grocery department, and leaves this week for the

east to take a position as traveller for a wholesale grocery house. Miss Caroline Cassidy returns this week from Niagara Falls.

Miss Ella Anderson attended a lecture in Comber last evening, where she was the guest of Mrs. Pettit.

Mrs. Samuel Sales left on Saturday to visit relatives in Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Johnson leave this week to visit friends in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace pleasantly entertained a few of their friends last evening.

Young man, do your best, and leave it to others to beat it if they can.

The egotist may be imbued with his subject, but not to the extent that his subject is imbued with him.

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WELLINGTON LODGE, No. 46, A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.: meets on every month, in the Masonic Hall, Scane Block, King St., at 7:30 p.m. Visiting brethren heartily welcomed.
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Real Estate for Sale

House and Lot on Baxter Street, 100-102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

House and Lot on Baxter Street, 100-102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

HE WAS LAID UP FOR OVER A YEAR.

Till Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured his Kidney Troubles

Now He's Perfectly Healthy and Able to Work—Gives all the Credit to the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Wapella, Assa, N. W. T., Feb. 5.—(Special).—Cured of Kidney Disease that had laid him up for over a year, Mr. George Bartleman, a well-known man here, is loud in his praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills, for to them and nothing else he claims he owes his cure.

"Yes, I had Kidney Trouble," Mr. Bartleman says. "I had pains in my back and in other parts of my body and though the doctor did what he could for me, I grew worse till I was unable to work. Then I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I took them all winter and summer while I was unable to work. I took in all twelve boxes, and now my pains are all gone and I am able to work. I heartily recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all sufferers from Kidney Disease."

Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure the Kidneys. Healthy Kidneys strain all impurities, all seeds of disease, out of the blood. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills cure such a wide range of diseases, including Bright's Disease, Rheumatism and Urinary Troubles.

The Moon's Phases.

The phases of the Moon are caused by its relative position to the earth and the sun, so that when it is full moon in one part of the earth it is full moon in all parts of the earth, and so for all its other phases. The moon revolves around the earth once in twenty-seven days, though on account of the earth's revolution around the sun the mean duration of the lunar month—that is, the time from new moon to new moon—is twenty-nine days, twelve hours and forty-four minutes. The "dark of the moon" is that half of the lunar month during which the moon shines least at night.

A FAMILY NECESSITY.

It's a remedy capable of affording immediate relief to the hundred and one ailments that constantly arise. It may be a cold, perhaps toothache, neuralgia, pain in the back—use Pelson's Nervine, it is penetrating, pain subduing and powerful. Nervine is at least five times stronger than ordinary remedies and its worth in any household can't be over-estimated. For man or beast Nervine is a panacea for all pain and costs only 25c. per bottle. Buy Nervine to-day from your druggist.

A Cold, Hard Snub.

"Excuse me, madam," he said, "but ah—you remember, in the restaurant after the theater the other night you kept me enough to notice me. I hope I am not mistaken in supposing that your interest was—ah—not altogether—"

"Oh, not at all. I remember now. I thought for a moment that you were the coachman my husband discharged a few weeks ago for trying to make love to the cook, and I wondered how you could afford to eat in such an expensive place."

THE WORST OF A COLD.

Is how suddenly it comes. No time to hurry to the drug store, croup develops, the lungs are affected with pneumonia, tuberculosis, and it's too late. Keep Catarrhose on hand—it kills colds instantly. Cures Catarrh and Bronchitis. Catarrhose is the natural way it heals, soothes and restores permanently. Carry a Catarrhose in your pocket, use it occasionally and you'll never catch cold—that's worth remembering.

Reminiscent.

The author had written one successful story, and he never grew tired talking of it.

"Don't you know," said one of his friends to another one day, "Ritter always reminds me of a pleased dog."

"That's odd. How does he?"

"He's always wagging his tail."

STARTLING BUT TRUE.

People the world over were horrified on learning of the burning of a Chicago theatre in which nearly six hundred people lost their lives, yet more than five times this number, or over 3,000 people died from pneumonia in Chicago during the same year, with scarcely a passing notice. Every one of these cases of pneumonia resulted from a cold and could have been prevented by the timely use of Catarrhose's Cough Remedy, who had every reason to fear pneumonia had he not used Catarrhose's Cough Remedy.

The following is an instance of this. "How much cannot be said in favor of Catarrhose's Cough Remedy, and especially for colds and influenza. I know that it cured my daughter, Laura, of a very severe cold, and I believe saved her life when she was threatened with pneumonia. W. B. Wilcox, Logan, New York. Sold by all druggists."

The man who sings well gives most of his attention to the women in the audience.

Coughs, colds, soreness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Catarrhose's Cough Remedy. Sold by all druggists.

The grading of the Canadian Northern is completed, and the Prince Albert bridge across the river is also completed.

SOURCES OF OUR HISTORY.

Dr. Doughty's Plan for the Publication of a Set of Source Books of Canadian History.

One of Dr. Doughty's plans for the reorganization of the Canadian Archives is the publication of a set of source-books of Canadian history. Mention already has been made of this project in the reports of the Archives. Hitherto these principally consisted of statements as to where documents containing certain information are to be found; henceforth select documents will be printed in full, and so made available. The grouping of documents so as to set forth political, constitutional, social or economic progress in the next step, and is being taken. Dr. Doughty and Prof. Short, of Queen's University, at present are working on a collection which should prove of the highest interest—a complete reprint of all the documents of constitutional development between the conquest and the introduction of representative Government in 1791. This is the period out of which the French and English disputes as to the rights of the colonies, and the relative rights of the two nationalities. The collection will be published as a separate volume.

To render the volume complete the editors have decided to include several central documents already in print, such as the terms of capitulation, the royal proclamations, the Quebec Act, the Constitutional Act, and other acts of importance relating to the powers and duties of the Colonial Governments. In addition to these better-known sources of information, which will not lose by being placed in close association, a great many documents will be included which relate to the efforts of the different colonial and Imperial interests to have the constitution altered or amended, together with the arguments with which these proposals were supported. The advice and comments of the Colonial Governments in seeking to direct the policy of the Home Government as to the rights and privileges to be granted to the Legislature, and as to the character of the laws and institutions—French, English and U. E. Loyalist, American—were to prevail, will be found in a place. The object is to give in the volume not only the bare bones of the constitution, but also the chief formative forces which caused it to take the line of development actually followed. Further, the volume will contain the leading alternatives which were then presented; some of these were afterwards returned to, or revised in modified forms, as for instance, Imperial Federation.

The editing will consist for the most part of biographical explanatory notes intended merely to give the connection of the documents. A general introduction will preface the work, stating the scope and object of the collection, and the editor will be made to interpret the documents or to draw any conclusions from them. The object is to furnish a fairly adequate basis of fact so that independent readers may form their own conclusions and furnish their own interpretations.

If the reception of the first volume is sufficiently encouraging, the editors may follow it with another volume of documents bearing on the development of representative to responsible Government, and perhaps from responsible Government to Confederation.

Comment on the importance of this project is scarcely needed. All that need be said is that the volume is in a more suitable form than the bulky, inconvenient and perishable shape in which the documents are now bound. It should be a well-bound volume, of considerable size and proportions. Secondly, an adequate number should be issued, and an ample number kept for the future demand, with interest in the country's history—H. in Toronto News.

Within Four Years of Century. The birthdays of King Edward and Mrs. Wm. Byers, of late Stratford, fell on the same day, Nov. 9, but the latter had been living thirty-two years when the former was born, and consequently, was last year just one and a half times as old as the King, having reached ninety-six years. Her faculties of sight and hearing are somewhat impaired, notwithstanding that she was able to receive many callers to congratulate her on the occasion. She was born in Annan, Dumfriesshire, Scotland, Nov. 9, 1809, and has lived in the reign of five sovereigns of Great Britain. She came to Canada in 1842, and took up her residence in Downville, where her husband, the late William Byers, was a pioneer farmer. They spent twenty-three years on the farm, and then removed to Stratford to the residence occupied by Mrs. Byers. Her husband died sixteen years ago, and to his bequest of \$4,700 was largely due the establishment of the

