

When Won!

The Alerts Defeat the Leafs and Tie Them for First Place.

World's Four-Oared Championship Won by Canadians.

Wading at Grimby—Shooting at Galt and Hamilton—Various Sporting Events Elsewhere.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES—SATURDAY.

At St. Louis—	R. H. E.
Cleveland.....	12 10 9
St. Louis.....	2 13 1
Batteries—Young and Zimmer; Donohue and McFarlin. Umpire—Betta.	

At St. Louis—Second game—	R. H. E.
Cleveland.....	2 9 4
St. Louis.....	6 11 1
Batteries—Wilson and Zimmer; Breitenstein and McFarlin. Umpire—Betta. Game called to allow St. Louis to catch train.	

At Boston—	R. H. E.
Philadelphia.....	1 7 1
Boston.....	3 9 1
Batteries—Orth and Grady; Nichols and Bergen. Umpire—Lynch.	

At Brooklyn—	R. H. E.
New York.....	1 10 1
Brooklyn.....	3 7 2
Batteries—Clark and Warner; Payne and Burill. Umpire—Hunk.	

At Baltimore—	R. H. E.
Washington.....	0 6 4
Baltimore.....	7 12 1
Batteries—Meyer and McGuire; Hoffer and Clark. Umpire—Sheidan.	

At Chicago—	R. H. E.
Louisville.....	3 12 1
Chicago.....	3 6 1
Batteries—Fraser and Dexter; Griffith and Kittredge. Umpire—Kinnell.	

At Cincinnati—	R. H. E.
St. Louis.....	2 10 3
Cincinnati.....	6 11 9
Batteries—Loyett and Berger; Moran, Dunn and Sugden. Umpire—Hornung.	

At Rochester—	R. H. E.
Buffalo.....	4 6 2
Rochester.....	7 11 0
Batteries—Callahan and Boyd; Coughlin and Leahy. Umpire—Doeschler.	

At Syracuse—	R. H. E.
Providence.....	5 7 2
Syracuse.....	15 10 5
Batteries—Hodson, Fried and Dixon; Whitehill and Ryan. Umpire—Swartwood.	

At Buffalo—	R. H. E.
Buffalo.....	13 10 6
Wilkesbarre.....	13 10 6
Batteries—Gray and Ughart; Keenan and West. Umpire—Kittredge.	

At Rochester—	R. H. E.
Rochester.....	8 9 4
Springfield.....	15 18 0
Batteries—McFarlin and Boyd; Coughlin and Leahy. Umpire—Doeschler.	

At Rochester—Second game—	R. H. E.
Rochester.....	2 11 3
Springfield.....	15 18 0
Batteries—Herdson and Boyd; T. Smith and Leahy. Umpire—Doeschler.	

At Syracuse—	R. H. E.
Providence.....	0 4 8
Syracuse.....	15 10 5
Batteries—Dolan and Dixon; Cogan, Mason and Ryan. Umpire—Swartwood.	

At Chicago—	R. H. E.
Chicago.....	1 2 0
Louisville.....	2 6 0
Batteries—Briggs, Dahlen and Kittredge; Hill and Friend. Umpire—Emalle.	

At Cincinnati—	R. H. E.
Cincinnati.....	2 7 1
St. Louis.....	1 3 1
Batteries—Dwyer and Peitz; Hart and McFarland. Umpire—Lally.	

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room, and Chamberlain brought his hands to rest a few minutes before 6 o'clock, kicking all the way. The faithful, who had been patiently lingering outside, followed in the rear, and it is evidence of a good deal of ball enthusiasm that several hundreds, both sexes included, paid admission at the risk of seeing the game cut off at any minute by the rain. The soil at the park is sandy, and the water soaks through quickly. Consequently the moisture did little harm. The best proof of this is the fielding record. A carpet had kept the pitcher's box dry, and Fisher had some chalk in his hip pocket, which enabled him to get a good grip on the ball. That is more than the Guelph hitters could do.

Despite adverse conditions, the game was a brilliant one, and the audience sat it out until nearly 7 o'clock, when the weather put a wet blanket on it just at the right time. So long as the Alerts had the lead the crowd was content to see it pour any time after the fifth inning. The Leafs would have gone without supper to have seen the home turned on between the third and fifth innings, and they did a good deal of looking in the hope that the clouds would come to their rescue, but it is safe to say that nobody wanted to hang round the park for enough fun and excitement crowded into the six and a half innings to satisfy the most ardent fan. He hasn't had much chance this season to see when Guelph was in the way, but he got his opportunity on Saturday, and he made the most of it. Fisher's delivery was too hot for the Leafs, and they looked pretty sore and yellow when he got through with them. They talked their solitary run in the third, when Daddy Hewer got a base on balls and came home on Roberts' double. Then they resumed goose-egg laying, and when they nearly had a hit, they were struck out by a grounder, which Clark threw low to first. With two such sprinters as Strowger and Sippi on bases, things looked promising. The crowd got excited, and Roberts' wheels went 60 revolutions a minute. Hynd knocked a pretty one over second base, and in came Strowger. Then Snyder made a beautiful sacrifice at center field, and Sippi tallied. A single by Dr. Wood scored Hynd. Mertsch fled to third, and Dr. Wood was caught at first. In the eighth the Alerts came in, and after some more fireworks, Dr. Wood was thrown out at first. Mertsch got four bad balls. Rathburn got first on Hynd's error. Delaney flew out to right field, scoring Mertsch. Sippi had a chance to distinguish himself, as the bases were full, but he struck out. The score:

Alerts.....	R. H. E.
Strowger, s.b.....	1 0 2 3 0
Sippi, c.....	1 0 2 3 0
Hynd, c.....	1 0 2 3 0
Boyer, c.....	1 0 2 3 0
P. B. Wood, b.....	1 0 2 3 0
Mertsch, f.....	1 0 2 3 0
Delaney, f.....	1 0 2 3 0
Fisher, p.....	1 0 2 3 0
Totals.....	24 6 15 0

Guelph.....	R. H. E.
Roberts, c.....	1 0 2 3 0
McLaur, b.....	1 0 2 3 0
Dick, s.....	1 0 2 3 0
Lauer, b.....	1 0 2 3 0
Gallagher, f.....	1 0 2 3 0
Hanly, f.....	1 0 2 3 0
Congalton, c.....	1 0 2 3 0
Bradford, p.....	1 0 2 3 0
Hewer, b.....	1 0 2 3 0
Totals.....	25 1 5 18 9

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Totals.....	25 1 5 18 9

Alerts.....	0 0 3 0 0 1 -
Guelph.....	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 -

Earned runs—Alerts 2, Guelph 1.

Struck out—By Fisher, Melroy, Hanly, C. Galton, Bradford; by Bradford, Sippi, Fisher.

Hit by pitcher—Strowger, Jauer.

230 and 232 Dundas Street.

WHISKARD'S

TWO BUSY DEPARTMENTAL STORES.

In This Hot Weather

Everyone expects wonderful bargains, and of course they look to us for them, and most assuredly they shall have them.

There are light and airy things here that would almost make you forget Mr. Humidity.

The store is full of them—and of a world of substantial—and incidentally—and of everything else that touches your summertime or any time needs. Come in and look over our stock.

Hot Weather Millinery

A shower of bargains will greet you from every nook and corner of this department. Our popular prices do not fail to bring the economical shoppers to our stores. These are big values but small prices.

Ladies' Sailors, mottled straw, regular 75c hats, for 25c.

Children's Mixed Straw Hats for 10c.

Beautiful Chiffons, in gold, Nile, pink and black, great value, for 25c.

Measure It

If you have the inclination. You will find it measures just as we said. No short measure here—rather long measure. Have you been here lately? Do you know the bargains the whole store fairly bristles with? This is the season, you know, when you can get things for very small prices. Come and see if you can't find something to interest you.

Silk Ribbons, wide widths, all shades, 15c and 20c per yard.

Silk Moire Ribbons, wide widths, all shades, 15c and 20c.

Silk Ribbons, wide widths, all shades, 8c, 10c and 12c per yard.

Silk Ribbons, medium width, all shades, 6c per yard.

Silk Ribbons, narrow width, all shades, 4c and 5c per yard.

Baby Ribbon, all colors, 3c and 4c per yard.

Baby Ribbon, shaded, 2c per yard.

Fancy Plaid Ribbons, wide widths, 10c per yard.

Special line of Sash Ribbons, all shades, at 15c per yard.

Satin Ribbons, 15c and 20c per yard.

Silk Velvet Ribbons, satin back, all shades, wide width, 5c and 10c per yard.

Silk Velvet Ribbon, linen back, all shades, wide width 5c per yard.

Black Velvet Ribbon, all prices.

Silk Belting Ribbon, in white, black, navy, blue and brown.

Canvas Belting Ribbon, in different colors, at 8c per yard.

Fancy Millinery Ribbons, in all colors and shades, from 25c to 75c, per yard.

WHISKARD'S

GEO. PARISH'S
Is the place for good and cheap Bedroom Sets, Mattresses and Springs, Sideboards, Extension Tables, Lounges, Chairs, Cooking Stoves (new and second-hand).
357 Talbot St., south of Market.

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Private residence, 236 King St.
Telephone—Store 40; House, 425. xiv

John Ferguson & Sons,
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EMBALMERS.
FIRST-CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS.
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General Book Bindery
—AND—
Blank Book Manufactory.

Business chances, articles for sale, 1 cent per word for first insertion and same rate in the "Advertiser," namely, houses to let, boarders wanted, male help wanted, etc., are all charged the 1-2 cent per word for each subsequent insertion.

done by the new Government. It will be our duty to obtain for you free markets for all that you have to dispose of in the markets of the world. As you well know, there is a present agitation on foot in the mother country for the purpose of uniting more closely together the various portions of the empire. I am not going at the present moment to enlarge on the possibilities of preferential trade, or to make any more remarks on the subject. I am, however, heartily glad to welcome any movement that will extend our trade with the mother country. I am bound to say that up to the present time all these schemes have been of the future rather than of the present. I am not aware of the extent to which the mother country will be prepared to go. If it will promote the interests of Canada the present Administration will not be so far behind their duty as to keep it back. Now, I do not pretend to say for one moment that everything has been going on as we would wish it to go in the United States. Of late years there have been considerable and considerable faults, in the various transactions that have occurred between us and our neighbors. I believe that it is fairly incidental to the best interests of the people of Canada that we should in all possible shapes and ways maintain friendly relations with that great country, and it is especially incumbent on us to do so. The farmers of this peninsula, that we should obtain for you free access to their markets. That, as you know, has been part of our duty in the Reform party. That is a thing that I have always striven to bring about, and that is an object that will commend itself to the Ministers at the first opportunity that we have of obtaining access to the United States markets on fair and reasonable terms.

CLEANING OUT
There is one thing more, as my friend, Mr. Jones, the mayor, told you, we were going to clean out the stables. There is no doubt whatever that if we possessed, as did the former Government, of power of turning the stables into a public building we would find employment for a great deal of the power that is now going to waste there. There are, however, the stables which have been going on almost unchecked for some two or three parliamentary terms, and still we will not shrink from doing our duty in that matter. We will also show that we act justly and do not punish innocent men for faults that are due to the faults of the Administration. I will also remind you of this: Some eighteen years have passed away since the people of Canada were induced to give to a very considerable extent the powers of usefulness of another Administration that comes into power. When I look at the record of the Administration I find your actual

TAXATION HAS ALMOST TREBLED.
Your nominal taxation has almost doubled. I do not pretend to tell you that it will be as easy to deal with the present taxation as it was with the old. It is an expenditure of \$18,000,000, with an expenditure of \$20,000,000. Even our opponents admit that there is a reasonable prospect of our fulfilling our promises, but so far as possible it will be our best endeavor to lessen the burdens that now press on the shoulders of the people.

LESSONS ON THE ELECTIONS.
There were some things in the late elections as to which he desired to say a word or two. He would not dwell on the opposition in this constituency. It was a mistake that two parties so closely allied as the Patrons and Liberals should be arrayed against each other. It was a mistake which they would do well to take to heart. The result was to inflict injury on the Patrons themselves, and to give several seats which might otherwise have been won by the other party. "The chief lesson of the election," continued Sir Richard, "is that we have been too much in the habit of looking down on the other Provinces, and of regarding ourselves as a superior standard of political morality. One thing the people of Canada should rejoice in as an augury for the future is the noble example set to us by Quebec in the last election. (Applause.) I lay stress upon this because every possible means was taken to stir up the minds of the people of Quebec on subjects of race and religion, as to which they are naturally particularly sensitive. It is at one and the same time an extraordinary tribute to the personal qualities and genius of Mr. Laurier, and to the great qualities of the people of Quebec when properly appealed to, and in these circumstances Quebec for the first time in its history, has rolled up the greatest Liberal majority Canada has ever seen. In that I see a pledge and an augury that the future Administration will be able to do more than we have been successful in doing in the past in welding Canada into one harmonious people. The Canada that I hope to see, is a Canada in which every man shall be a Canadian first and an Englishman or a Frenchman, a Protestant or a Catholic afterwards. It is on this ground and on this only, that our nationality can hope to be built up firmly and strongly. Though we have been accused in past times of taking a pessimistic view of Canada, of depreciating our country of running down the resources and prospects of Canada, I regard it for myself, and still more for the Liberal party, any such charge as that. On the contrary, the whole foundation of the policy of the Reform party is this, that given fair play, an equal chance by the people of Canada, whether they be artisans or manufacturers or farmers or fishermen, we hold that with fair play and with fair chances given to them, the Canadians are able, as they have demonstrated time and again, to maintain their own with any people on the face of the earth—(applause)—and if there be one proof more strikingly than any other, it lies in this fact, that while it is most unfortunately true that an enormous number of the youth of Canada, of the people of Canada, have for various causes in the past years found a home in the United States, the country which joins us for so many thousand miles, anyone who has paid the slightest attention to the records of the immigration from Canada into those States knows that I am speaking the simple truth when I say that a most extraordinary and unusual percentage of these who have gone to the United States, have attained there positions of trust and eminence and importance, in far greater proportion than an equal number of natives of the same country—(applause)—and if Canadians can give such a good account of themselves under circumstances of some disadvantage such as have attended to such as are countered by all who set out to better themselves in a foreign land, we are not claiming too much when we say that in our own soil, after we remove what has held us back for many years, surely we Canadians will be able to hold our own. (Applause.)

THE GOVERNMENT'S DUTY.
It will be our duty as Ministers of the Crown and as representatives of the Reform party to endeavor to give them fair play. I will allow me to say to you, my friends, that if we fail in that duty it will be your duty to punish us for our neglect, and I hope and expect that you will do so. (Laughter.) No doubt, as our friend Mr. Jones, marked, there are obvious abuses which it will be our duty to abolish. There is no doubt that particularly in this Province of Ontario there is in operation some most iniquitous gerrymander act of which you yourselves have been a very prominent example for many years. I need not tell you that so soon as it is in our power the Reform Government will make an end of that act. The extravagance and corruption which have unfortunately marked our public record for many years will likewise be put a stop to. I will not be able to manage all these reforms at once, but I must say to you that in the new Government you will find the Administration's chief aim will be to give you clean, honest and economical government.

ment. We do not believe that it is within the power of any Government, by a few acts of Parliament, to make the people rich and prosperous. We may be able to point out a path by which you can better your condition; but it is upon the people themselves that a country must rely for prosperity. We believe that prosperity will be found to depend upon the number of intelligent and industrious men and women that it contains, and it will be our desire to make Canada in the future a country in which its own people will be glad to remain, and to put a stop to that exodus which has been for so long a time a blot and a disgrace upon us. There is no item of the wealth of the country which deserves for one moment to be put in comparison with the people. I do not suppose that we can put an end to that exodus all at once. But I do believe that we can, by wise and wholesome legislation, offer far better inducements to our own people to remain in or own country. While I am willing to welcome the people of other countries, still, as a Canadian, I feel it is far better to keep the people of our own country than to encourage, at great expense, immigration from foreign countries. I would rather see our own people remain here than twice as many coming here to displace our sons and daughters. Above all, and before all, the policy of our Government should be to keep the Canadians in Canada, and it will be one of the objects to which the attention of our Government will be directed first, last and all the time.

CANADA FOR THE CANADIANS
is the right and true sense of the term. Not that we should exclude worthy citizens of other countries, but that we should retain the people of Canada. (Cheers.) And now, ladies and gentlemen, I can only say to you in conclusion, that I feel extremely honored by the reception you have given me tonight. I was not able to do so much as I had hoped to do, but I had an instinct that I would soon have occasion to come before you in a different capacity, and that instinct at least I was not deceived. I rejoice with you over the victory of June 23rd. The result of that day will be to place the political and political of Canada on a higher plane than they have been fated to occupy for a number of years. I am not going to boast tonight of what we are going to do. It will be enough to do that, after we have been tested and proved in the next three or four years; but if it be our fate to come back to you to seek your endorsement, I hope that I shall be able to come before you and say that we have tried to do our best to live up to the promises we made when we were in Opposition, and that the leaders of the Reform party have stood in any way to aggrandize their friends or themselves. It may be our duty to apply a little wholesome moral instruction to the Conservative friends. I am perfectly certain that a little period of Opposition will do a great deal to purify and uplift that party. At any rate, the gentlemen have had full opportunity of showing what they can do in the last eighteen years. In these eighteen years they have failed, and failed notably, in carrying out the promises by which they won the support of the people. They have induced the people to dismiss honest Alexander Mackenzie and to put in his place men whose honesty was not so certain.

SANGUINE SIR CHARLES.
I notice that my esteemed friend, Sir Charles Tupper, takes a very sanguine view of the situation. He was always the most sanguine man. It may comfort him in his old age to believe that the check he has met with will be only of a temporary character. He exhibited great deal of personal pluck and courage in the late election. It is a curious thing that Sir Charles Tupper on that occasion appears to have given more, so far as Quebec is concerned, to the snail than to the stars. (Laughter.) It is the first time he has done it, and it may be hoped to be the last. In this Province he did not rely on the spiritual weapons, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children. Quarrel with Sir Charles' views of the situation. If the Reform party live up to the duties of their office, if they do not flinch in carrying out their doctrines they have preached to in the past, the Reform party are likely to enter on an era of government probably nearly as long. Sir Charles Tupper to the contrary notwithstanding, as their predecessors enjoyed in the last eighteen years. At any rate, we will endeavor to deserve that we say to you, the electors of South Oxford, I feel it a very high honor to be elected by you as your representative, and I will endeavor in the discharge of the duties that fall to my lot to handle them so that you will have no cause to regret the confidence you have bestowed in me. (Loud cheers.) Short addresses were also delivered by Andrew Patullo and Dr. McKay, M.P.P. Both of whom spoke in support of the Reform party. Sir Richard in terms of the warmest admiration. Letters of regret were received from Hon. Wm. P. Howland, Hon. Geo. E. Ross, Hon. A. S. Hardy, and Mr. C. S. Hyman, ex-M.P.

The meeting closed with hearty cheers for the Queen and Sir Richard.

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JOHN CAMERON, President and
Eng. M.

London, Monday, Aug. 3.

Wonders will never cease. There are
more Johnsons than Smiths in Chi-
cago.

The Montreal Gazette berates Mr.
Laurier for not jumping in next week
to uproot the tariff. Seeing that the
Gazette is a high tax organ, one
wonders at its anxiety for so much
trouble in this matter of the part of the
new Government at Ottawa.

Tomorrow the nomination for the
seat in South Essex, rendered vacant
by the acceptance of the office of Pro-
vostic Secretary by Hon. W. D.
Balfour, takes place in Kingsville.
There is every indication that the new
Minister will be re-elected by accla-
mation.

Mr. George Wrigley, who has been
editor of the Canada Farmers' Sun
since its inception, has been compelled
to retire from its editorial manage-
ment because of failing eyesight. Mr.
Wrigley is a trenchant writer, and
while he has been chief newspaper ex-
ponent of Patron principles he has
wielded a vigorous pen. His many
friends in and outside the profession
will regret to hear that for a time he
has retired from active duty. It is to
be hoped not for long, and that a
needed rest will soon re-establish his
health and energies.

A successor to Mr. Sato, as dele-
gate to the United States, seems to
have been chosen in the person of
Father Martineau. Mr. Sato, who was
practically a sort of handy court of
arbitration for the United States
Catholics. Having large powers, he was
able to save many direct appeals to
Rome, and stood as a sort of buffer
between the arrogance of high ec-
clesiastics and the working clergy and
laity; for human nature is much the
same in personages of every denomi-
nation. It is said that Canada is like-
ly to come under the domain of the
new delegate. There is a general dis-
like among the working clergy and
laity of the Roman Catholic Church
in Canada that such should be the
case.

Some discussion has recently arisen
as to the methods which have hitherto
been pursued with regard to Do-
minion Government advertising. That
the business of the taxpayers has not
been properly managed in this matter,
as in many others, has been conclu-
sively proved. But the fact that mis-
takes were made, and money wasted
by those charged with advertising the
wants of the various departments of
the public service, does not suggest to
any experienced man that such adver-
tising, as a whole, is to be condemned.
This is an age of publicity, and as all
Governments are largely business con-
cerns, it would be just as reasonable
to suggest that a Government should
never advertise, as to hold that adver-
tising in ordinary business is a mistake.
What the public will demand is that
the advertisements shall be printed
in journals of standing and of ac-
knowledgeed circulation, and that waste-
fulness shall not be encouraged.

Very many of the Royal Templars
have reached the conclusion that Mr.
W. W. Buchanan's usefulness is gone,
and consequently accept his rumored
retirement with composure. From time
to time, in the Hamilton paper which
he has controlled, Mr. Buchanan has
been in the habit of attacking various
individual Liberals and Liberal or-
ganizations, and in this way many
citizens of London have been assailed.
If we are to judge from the numerous
mis-statements and unwarranted in-
sultations printed in this Hamilton
sheet with regard to men and affairs
in this city, but very little attention
need be paid to these wholesale tirades.
The Cobourg World asserts that Mr.
Buchanan, in his recent attitude to-
wards those whom he cannot control,
for his own purposes, has shown how
very mischievous and "irritating little
velocities" can at times prove. There
is no division of society free from
them. They crop up in politics, in
churches, Sunday schools, church
choirs, benevolent societies and in
every walk of life. These pests are
never actuated by really good mo-
tives, but by jealousy, ambition, self-
seeking, or more frequently envy. It
is more satisfactory when they at-
tempt to assert themselves and thus
lay their conspiracy open to destruc-
tion, as in the present case (the at-
tempt to injure Hon. George W.
Roe). But as a rule they prefer to
work in the dark and apply the tactics
of the midnight assassin and cut-
throat, though in the end their fate is
the same.

Chicago is the greatest bicycle cen-

Cable Gossip

Salisbury Slept While the Lords Discussed
the Land Bill—Cabinet Changes Coming.

Wolsley in Bad Odor—Rhodesian News Far From
Rosy—Queen Victoria a Record-Breaker—Inter-
esting Discoveries in Cairo.

London, Aug. 2.—The first Saturday
sitting of the House of Commons oc-
curred yesterday, which heralds the
close of the session, and it is expected
that Parliament will be prorogued on
Saturday, Aug. 15. The amount of
work which Mr. A. J. Balfour, the
Government leader in the House, pro-
poses to dispose of during the coming
fortnight is immense, and it is very
doubtful whether the catalogue of bills
can be pushed through. The Commons
did brisk work during the past week,
but there are some measures still
pending which are looked upon as
certain to meet with considerable op-
position. A measure dealing with
auto-motor cars passed its committee
stage on Thursday, and is expected to
become a law during the present ses-
sion. It permits auto-motors to run
on English highways at a speed not ex-
ceeding fourteen miles an hour.

THE IRISH LAND BILL.
The Chronicle says: "Unless the Gov-
ernment has given categorical pledges
to the Irishmen to return for their
support, what is to save them from a
great betrayal? If a landlord major-
ity refuses to allow Mr. Balfour to de-
stroy the landlord amendments, the
Irish will be caught in a cleft stick,
and it will be too late to defeat the
Bill. A single night must finish the
debate, and the Government forces
will joyfully unite to give the land-
lords their triumph."

SALISBURY SLEPT.
A big assembly of noble dames at-
tended to the debate in the House of
Lords on the Irish Land Bill, includ-
ing the Marchioness of Salisbury and
the Duchess of Cadogan, mayor of
London, Arran and Ribblesdale. The
Marquis of Salisbury displayed his
personal interest in the Irish land
measure by slumbering heavily, while
Lord Lansdowne moved his second
reading. Once the Premier's head in-
clined to rest on the Duke of Devon-
shire's shoulder, and the latter hastily
arose and stroled to the bar of the
House until the Marquis awoke.

LANSDOWNE'S COMPARISON.
The bill is said now to be practically
certain of getting through the Lords.
The Marquis of Lansdowne, in pro-
posing it, felicitously likened himself
to a tame elephant who was employ-
ed luring his wilder fellows into cap-
tivity. This most aptly describes the
situation. No landowner, whether Irish
or English, likes the bill, but the
Government is committed to it, and if
it is thrown out there is a moral cer-
tainty that some other bill still less
to their liking will have to be passed
later on. Hence, though there may be
lots of curious talk, it is not prob-
able that there will be much practical
obstruction.

CABINET CHANGES COMING.
After Mr. Chamberlain and Sir
Michael Hicks-Beach simultaneously
spoke up for Mr. Balfour, and dis-
claimed all desire to take his place
as leader in the House of Commons,
there was some pause in the club and
lobby criticisms of Mr. Balfour's man-
agement of Government bills. The
Conservatives concluded that Mr. Bal-
four might be tolerated for another
session, and might improve by keep-
ing. Now there are signs of an
adverse current against his leader-
ship setting in again. But for his re-
lationship to Lord Salisbury and the
strength of the Cecil family influence,
Mr. Balfour would be obliged to seek
the leisure of the Upper House. There
are now, even within the Carlton
Club, yearnings and talkings over a
reformed Cabinet, in which the two
Balfours—Arthur and Gerald—would
have no working part, and the Duke
of Devonshire would have the lead-
ing role, with Lord Salisbury still
Foreign Secretary. There are certain-
ly to be important Cabinet changes dur-
ing the recess.

LORD WOLSELEY IN BAD ODOR.
Military officers now in England
who have served in India declare
there is no ground for General Lord
Wolseley's remarks in regard to the
native troops of that country. The
Indian troops, they declare, are an
admirable fighting force, and in every
way to the soldiers of Russia or
any other country. It is the con-
sensus of opinion in military circles
that the commander-in-chief was
animated in making his statement by
a feeling of jealousy towards Gen-
eral Lord Roberts, whose high opin-
ion of the Indian soldiery is based
upon experience. Field Marshal Lord
Wolseley's action has caused indig-
nant protest upon all sides, and has
placed him in evil odor.

LABBY WILL BE THERE.
The Government has decided that
the Parliamentary committee which
will inquire into the administration
of the British South Africa Company
and the circumstances attending the
raid into the Transvaal is to be com-
posed of eight "Unionists," four Lib-
erals, and an Irish Nationalist, and
it is expected in spite of denials, that
the Secretary of State for the Colo-
nies Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, will pre-
side over the deliberations of the com-
mittee. The Government after a vain
resistance has consented that Mr.
Henry Labouchere shall sit on the
committee. His presence insures the
fullest light being shed on the origin
of the raid. Sir Vernon Harcourt, the
Liberal leader of the House of Com-
mons, will also be a member.

RHODESIAN NEWS IS NOT ROSY.
The news from Rhodesia is far from
rosy. Sir Frederick Carrington's
forces seem capable of little more
than holding their own. In fact, some
of the recent fights look very much
like reverses. The insurgent natives
have profited by the previous defeats
inflicted upon them, and they now
decline to rush into the open and
fight the Maxim rapid fire
guns, which during recent encounters
have been almost useless.
An official dispatch from Rhodesia
states that Capt. White, with 250 men,
a seven pounder and two Maxims,
had gone to the relief of the Hartley
laager and the latest news from the
column was that Capt. White had tak-

en up a position on the top of a Kop-
je, which he was defending, and ask-
ed for food and ammunition. Thus
it appears that the strong force is
only able to hold its own, owing to
the altered tactics of the enemy. Sir
Frederick Carrington admits that he
needs more troops, but he is unable
to feed or transport them, owing to
the prevalence of the rinderpest. The
latest telegrams from Rhodesia report
increasing numbers of cattle and sheep
dying among the friendly, who are
supplying the insurgents with cart-
ridges and food. The authorities have
abandoned the idea of driving the in-
surgents out of the Matopopo hills, de-
ciding instead to build a chain of
forts around them and starve the en-
emy, twenty forts having been al-
ready commenced. These will be
maintained after the revolt is quelled
as a refuge for settlers in the event
of another outbreak. In addition, a
permanent police force of 1,000 men
is to be enrolled.

Mr. Poultney Bigelow arrived in
England from Cape Town on Satur-
day. He has been an opportunist
for inquiring into the situation in the
Transvaal and talked with President
Kruger and others on both sides. He
thinks the trouble between the Boers
and the Uitlanders is sure to come,
and says that the methods of the
Boer Government are bad. He adds
that Russia's police spies are every-
where, and that letters are opened,
etc.

THE RAIDERS.
Englishmen deserve all the com-
pliments showered upon them by the
French press for the vigorous impar-
tiality with which the Jameson trial
has been conducted. The defendants
were convicted and sentenced for
manifest breaches of the law, and no
heed was paid to their connections.
The law has been vindicated, and the
prisoners are now in Holloway Jail;
but except for a few hours they were
not compelled to suffer the degrada-
tion of prison dress, and discipline.

The Queen was merciful, ordering
them out of Wormwood Scrubs, and
enabling them to hire a caterer. No
sooner are the lawbreakers in jail
than a hundred members of Parlia-
ment join in an appeal to the crown
for the commutation of the sentence,
with a view of protecting Jameson
and his companions from the ignom-
iny of eating prison fare and wearing
convict dress. Hard-headed journal-
ists like the Scotsman, go even further,
and plead for their unconditional re-
lease, even if the Boers are offended
by the remission of the sentence. This
is done in spite of the fact that the
Lord Chief Justice's charge exposed
the guilt of the leaders and revealed
their betrayal of the Sovereign's
confidence. It is probable that they
will not serve out their full term of
imprisonment, but the moral effect of
their conviction is enormous. More
than the \$150,000 which their prosecu-
tion has cost the state it is currently
reported that Dr. Jameson desired to
plead guilty and accept the sentence
on the mercy of the court, but that he
was deterred by unwillingness to pre-
judice the case of his associates.

INTERESTING DISCOVERIES.
Several most important discoveries
have just been made in Cairo bear-
ing upon the history of the Christian
Church in the first two centuries of
the era. Among them is a manu-
script from the fifth century, which is
a Coptic translation of three or
four original Gnostic writings of the second
century. Its value consists not only
in the fact that it hands down old
Gnostic writings that have hitherto
been unknown even by name, but
above all, in the circumstance that
one of them was known to Irenaeus
and epitomized by him without any
statement of the source from which
he had derived it. The discovery of
this manuscript enables us for the
first time to test the accounts of the
Gnostic system as given by the
church fathers in the light of the
original manuscripts. It contains
three independent treatises, entitled
"The Gospel According to Mary," or
"The Apocryphon of John"; second,
"The Wisdom of Jesus known to the
third," "The Practice of Peter," "The
Gospel of Mary" is the document
used by Irenaeus, and consists main-
ly of the revelation of John. "The
Wisdom of Jesus known to the third,"
consists of questions addressed to Him by His
disciples and His answers. "The Prac-
tice of Peter" is a narrative of one of
Peter's miracles of healing.

A WEAK POINT.
The result of the naval maneuvers
just concluded has given a shock to
Englishmen who insist that Great
Britain's naval bulwark was impen-
etrable. The idea of the maneuvers
was that a foreign fleet was trying to
reach Lough Swilly and that a British
fleet, which was much stronger and
faster, had to prevent it.
The foreign fleet met off Torbay,
and the British fleet was spread from
Land's End to Cape Close, but the
foreign fleet did not try to pass up
the Irish Sea, it went around the
west coast of Ireland and succeeded
in reaching Lough Swilly unmolested.
There was a complete reversal of
what was generally expected, and it
helped to prove that the landing of an
invading force in Great Britain is
quite possible, even though a greatly
superior naval force would be trying
to bar the way.

THE COLOR LINE.
The color question has suddenly come
into prominence in France by the
recall of Gen. Dodds, the hero of the
Dahomey campaign, from his post of
brigadier-general in Indo-China, and
it is believed this step is due to his
being a mulatto, having been born in
Senegal of a Senegalese mother. It
appears that the French colonial ex-
pansion in the Ministry of the colonies against
mulattoes, who, it is claimed, are ob-
taining too many posts in the col-
onial service, and it is difficult to de-
ny that the feeling in France, which
before the colonial expansion placed
Frenchmen in close touch with the
natives, was very tolerant to them,
has recently veered.

Mr. Grenville-Beauche, the mulatto
deputy from Guadeloupe, intends to
bring the matter into the arena of
politics by questioning the colonial

Ministry on the subject. This will be
the first time that the color question
has been introduced into the Chamber
of Deputies.
The recent career of Gen. Dodds is
interesting. His able conduct of the
Dahomey campaign earned the Gov-
ernment, who feared he would become
a popular idol, a sort of second Boul-
anger. Therefore he was kept in the
background, and was not given com-
mand of the Madagascar expedition,
for which he was well fitted, but was
packed off into Indo-China, and is
now recalled and exhibited to the
public as a colored man.

QUEEN VICTORIA A RECORD-
BREAKER.

Though Lord Bray's suggestion to
make Sept. 23 a bank holiday in order
to celebrate the fact that Queen Vic-
toria's reign will then have lasted
longer than that of any other English
sovereign, has been declared by the
Marquis of Salisbury to be inconve-
nient and impracticable this year, it is
generally understood that the accom-
plishment of the 60 years' reign next
year will be the occasion for a national
celebration similar to the jubilee.

GRAND NAVAL REVIEW.
Emperor William will hold this fall
the grandest naval maneuvers yet es-
sayed by the German navy. The fleet
will consist of 63 ships, inclusive of 64
torpedo boats. Prince Henry of Prus-
sia, contrary to expectations, will not
have an important command.

SHADOWING SOCIALISTS.

The Berlin police have found a new
way to look after the dreaded Social-
ists. Policemen in citizens' clothes are
sent to all places of public resort fre-
quented by malcontents and the lower
classes generally. They are allowed
a certain sum to pay for drinks and
food, and are expected to keep their
eyes open and make arrests for sedi-
tious utterances. A new police order provides for the
arrest of persons who after 11 o'clock
at night play the piano or sing with
open windows. The regulation is now in
force in the suburbs, and if found ap-
plicable will be introduced in the
capital.

ORGANIZING A BIG STRIKE.

The leaders of the great London
dock strike of 1889 are organizing an-
other of equal magnitude. Tom Mann,
Ben Tillett and J. H. Wilson, M.P.,
are working to get the various
Thames unions to federate and strike
simultaneously. It has long been
publicly known that the sixpence rise,
the "dockers' banner," supposed to
have been conceded by the dock com-
panies, was a delusion. The dock-
ers are really worse off than ever.
Strike combination agents are actively
 canvassing the men at Deptford, Bel-
gian and German ports to help the
Thames strikers. The dock companies
have refused all the men's demands.

Sparks From the Wire.

Mrs. C. E. Poulin, wife of the man-
ager of the Hudson Bay Company's
store at Vernon, B. C., died from the
effects of a dose of carbolic acid, tak-
en in mistake.

The Sunday Detroit Free Press
states that Esther Mote, aged 15, from
Lambeth, Middlesex, who has been
visiting her brother in that city, was
on Saturday the victim of a fatal ac-
cident by an unknown fiend, who has
been at large for several months. Es-
ther Mote is the sixth who has lately
suffered in a similar way.

Mrs. Wm. Roberts, 42 Ulster street,
Toronto, and her three children, were
nearly fatally poisoned Friday even-
ing by eating ordinary chicken, ac-
companied by beer. Monday, the
hour after partaking of it they were
taken seriously ill, showing every
sign of acute poisoning. All were af-
flicted with cramps and vomiting, ac-
companied by hemorrhages. Monday,
the 8-year-old girl, is in a precarious con-
dition, but the others are better.



**CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS**
SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these
Little Pills.

'They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia,
Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-
fect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drow-
ziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue,
Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They
Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose.
Small Price.

PETHICK & McDONALD

Have Removed to 136 Dundas Street,
Opposite Market Lane.

Alpaca and Linen Coats, \$1 each.
Men's Cotton Pants, 40c pair.
Men's Tweed Pants, \$1 and \$1 25 pair.
Men's Serge Suits, \$5 50.
A big range of Summer Ties, 10c each.

PETHICK & McDONALD

136 Dundas Street,
Opposite Market Lane.

Telephone 909.



HAMS, BACON,
LONG CLEARS.

CHEAP.

THE CANADIAN PACKING CO.

Store, 445 Richmond St.

JOHN H. CHAPMAN & CO.

August finds us briskly following up the
biggest selling season in our history. Thanks
to our patrons, this month we will say farewell
to many odd and end remnants that are none
the worse because there are only a few yards
left. The last yard cost us just as much
as the first, but we are going to sacrifice them
all the same. They must go in the next few
days. Sharp is the word.

Organdie Muslins

Only a few ends left, about 150 yards in
all, fast colors, neat patterns, was 15c, selling
for 8½c.

Striped DIMITIES

Pink, heliotrope, buttercup and black, was
12½c, now 10c.

American DIMITIES

Very dainty patterns, a few ends left, fast
colors and very serviceable, worth 20c and
25c, your choice for 12½c.

Surah Finish

Printed Satines, 32 inches wide, new designs,
fine finish and very serviceable, worth 17c,
now going at 10c.

Pink Scotch Chambray, worth 25c, for
12½c.

Blue Scotch Chambray, worth 20c and
25c, for 12½c.

Fine Corded Chambray, blue, pink, car-
dinal, black and navy, worth 20c, for 12½c.

Crinkle Chambray

Fast colors, in navy, black, pink and helio-
trope, stripes and floral patterns, was 18c,
now only 12½c.

Dotted Swiss Muslins

Worth 10c, selling for 7½c; worth 12½c, sell-
ing for 10c; worth 18c, selling for 12½c; worth
20c selling for 15c; worth 25c, selling for
20c; worth 38c, selling for 25c.

Cottons and Sheetings

At prices lower than ever before.
Bleached Sheeting, plain or twill, 2 yards
wide, for 20c per yard.

Unbleached Sheeting, plain, 2 yards
wide, at 15c and 18c.

Unbleached Twill Sheeting, 2 yards
wide, 20c and 25c.

36-inch Bleached Cotton, worth 8c,
for 6½c.

36-inch Bleached Cotton, worth 10c,
for 8½c.

36-inch Fine Bleached Cotton, worth
12½c, for 10c.

See our 36-inch Unbleached Sheeting at
5c, 6½c, 7½c, 8c.

Heads of families would do well to visit
this store this week. Many useful articles can
be picked up at money-saving prices.

CHAPMAN'S
PHONE 791

THE THREE GREATEST

—Stimulants—
—In the world are Youth, Debt and

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

The Latter Is Everybody's Stimulant.

Lead Packets Only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

A Brother's Error.

They could see the men walking off with the prisoner between them, and they could hear him ask:

"Will you let me speak with my sister and Miss Blanchard? This may be my last chance."

"We can't do it," replied one of the men brutally. "If you wanted any favors you'd only ask Bouton."

They went on again, and when they were 50 yards from the camp Henry Kyle and Kuschat were on their feet and after them. The men with their prisoners walked fast, though the road was rough and the path so dark that the hand could not be seen before the face. They had gone over half the distance and were just abreast the place that Capt. Brandon had made so terrible by daylight, when Bouton's men came to a halt and one of them asked:

"Didn't you hear a noise as if we were followed?"

They were nearly through the pass, and Kuschat was about to ask Henry if the time for action had not come, when, quick as a flash, he bowed from her side, and with his uplifted rifle knocked one of the men senseless. He was in the act of raising his rifle again, when, with a cry of alarm, the other man leaped to one side, and, drawing a pistol, fired. So close was he that the shot would have been fatal had not Kuschat, with the rapid spring of a mountain lion, thrown himself on his arm and sent the shot into the earth. The next instant the second outlaw was down and fell in inoffensive to Bouton and his plans. Before Louis Kyle could comprehend what had happened a knife flashed and the rope that bound his arms fell to the ground.

"Follow me," whispered Henry, seizing his arm.

"Who are you?"

"I am your friend, and once you called me brother," was the reply, with a sob at the close.

"And you are still my brother," cried Louis, and he reached out his arms, for in the sweep of gratitude all the past of this brave though erring youth was forgotten.

He was just through the pass when a voice demanded in low, stern tones, which Henry recognized as those of Pont Robb:

"Who goes there?"

No answer was made, but still the brothers, with Kuschat between them, hurried on.

"Answer, or I'll fire!" shouted Pont Robb, now thoroughly alarmed.

"I am Henry Kyle," replied the owner of that name.

"Henry Kyle!" exclaimed Robb.

"Yes, fire if you dare. I did not mean to bring you under my rifle, Pont Robb, for once I called you friend. You must begin the struggle between you and me, and I will end it."

"And what are you doing here?"

"I will tell you, I want you to carry the message to Bouton. While Henry was speaking he still kept walking on with Louis and Kuschat till they reached the foot of a rock at the exit from the pass.

"Let me hear."

"Tell Bouton that I have left two of his gang in the rift, and that I have rescued from their hands my brother. Tell him that I defy the bloodhounds he has put on my trail, and that one by one they shall go down before my rifle. Tell him that I stood over the ruins of my father's home, burned down by him, and that I there swore that this earth was too small for Bouton and me. I shall follow him night and day, for henceforth I am sleepless, and the balance of my life I will spend in marking reparation to the innocent and bringing vengeance to the camps of the guilty. His end is nearing, and I shall live to see it."

This was said with a dramatic intensity of voice that struck horror into the souls of Robb and his companions. Every one of them felt that the weather had become suddenly cold, and the bravest did not dare to make a reply. Though stiff from being bound, and weak from anxiety and sleeplessness, the strength born of excitement kept Louis Kyle up and enabled him to follow his brother and Kuschat. After some time of hard climbing Henry came to a halt in a little depression on the mountain side, where his horse and Kuschat's were grazing.

"You must be very weary. You have yet hard work before you. Sleep here till daylight, and Kuschat and I

will guard you as the eagles guard their young."

Louis followed this advice, and he felt again as he had felt in the past when his elder brother was his ideal of all that was brave and strong and handsome. The rising sun was flushing all the cloud patches floating in the upper blue and lighting up the crowns of the snow peaks when Louis Kyle woke from a refreshing sleep and saw his brother and the Sioux girl standing with their backs toward him and talking in low tones. Kuschat brought some dried meat from her saddlebag, and of this the three made a meal which to the brothers was the sweetest they had ever eaten. When they had finished breakfast Louis laid his hand on Henry's shoulder and said:

"Let us go to our friends. Let us find Capt. Brandon on the road and watch you fill out of all danger," replied Henry. "But do not ask me to go with you. I have sworn an oath, and when I have done as that oath before me I will come with you to father and mother and ask forgiveness. Till then do not urge me, but yet a little longer let me follow my own bent."

"Let it be as you say, Henry. I only wished others who loved you so much to be made happy by the change that has come over you."

"Tell them when you see them," Henry was interrupted by a low cry from Kuschat. She had ascended an elevation near by and was watching in the direction of the pass.

"What do you see?" called Henry.

"The white smoke of rifles," she replied.

The brothers ran to where she stood, and looking toward the valley they could see that a conflict was in progress.

"Capt. Brandon is attacked," exclaimed Henry, "and he is holding them at bay. Now to the rescue! Now I may have a chance to avenge the blow that I swore should fall on Bouton's head. We will leave the horses. Come, Kuschat! Come, Louis!"

With blazing eyes and compressed lips, and nostrils dilating with the keen excitement of the occasion, Henry Kyle, examining his rifle as he ran, dashed down the mountain.

CHAPTER XXV.

Kuschat was not mistaken. She did hear firing and see the smoke of puffs, and Henry Kyle was right in thinking that Brandon had been attacked. Far down the rift the clatter of hoofs and the clink of arms told that Bouton was through the pass and in possession of the trail leading to the Prophet's valley. The captain saw that a minute's delay would place him between two fires.

"Keep cool, my men," he shouted. "We must get in Bouton's advance! Press on and I will cover." He checked back his horse, and the others, intent on getting down the trail before Bouton, urged their horses into a wild gallop, looking neither to the right nor left.

Robb and his men were on foot, and they attempted to head off the horsemen. They would, without doubt, have succeeded in their object had not the captain flung himself from his horse and brought them to a sudden halt by sending down the man who was in the advance. Still on kept the captain's party. They were 200 yards ahead of him when he remounted to follow. But in his efforts to save his men he had placed himself in deadly peril.

(To be Continued.)

BRAVE ELLA SMITH

Saved a House but Lost Her Life by Doing So.

Detroit, Aug. 3.—Ella Smith died on Saturday at the home of Mrs. F. B. Boden, Locust street, of blood poisoning, resulting from gasoline burns received about a week ago. The unfortunate woman had been acting as nurse in Mrs. Boden's family. On July 23, while she was lighting a gasoline stove, the oil exploded, igniting some towels that were hanging over it. Miss Smith at once rushed out doors with the burning towels, which she threw away. Running back into the house, she hastily lit the oil stove and carried it, too, outside. In doing so, however, she spilled oil on her arms and her sleeve caught fire. The oil flowed down her arm to her back, and the flames were rapidly enveloping her entire figure, when she picked up a rug and extinguished them. This was not accomplished, though, before the woman's flesh had been painfully burned by the flames. By removing the stove so quickly Miss Smith saved the house from burning.

For a few days following the accident Miss Smith seemed to improve, but blood poisoning set in Friday, and on Saturday she died. She will be buried in Elmira, N. Y.

FOR HONEST MONEY.

Democrats Have Decided to Hold a Convention in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Chicago is to witness another national Democratic convention within a month. The good standard Democratic leaders have decided definitely upon a new convention, to be held about Sept. 1 in this city. The announcement has been authentically made that such a course is a certainty, unless something wholly unforeseen intervenes. The arrangement looking to the consummation of the plan are already under way, the New York leaders particularly regarding matters settled beyond a peradventure, as far as the location and date of the convention are concerned, and being inclined to busy themselves now chiefly with discussion as to the question of candidates.

CINCINNATI DELUGED.

Cincinnati, Aug. 2.—Four rain and hail storms, with the wind at 60 miles an hour, accompanied by terrific thunder and lightning, visited the city Saturday afternoon. The rain continued till last night. Telegraphic and telephone communications were cut off for some time, but soon resumed. Reports from the railroads indicate that the storms extended many miles north. Numerous barns were blown across the tracks, and there was much damage from the wind as well as from washouts. Chas. Baugh was killed by attempting to throw a telegraph wire out of his door yard. The wire was crossed with a trolley wire.

Prominent Lawyer Says:

"I have eight children, every one in good health, not one of whom but has taken Scott's Emulsion, in which my wife has boundless confidence."

The domestic pets of the world carry 50 per cent of the common contagious diseases from house to house. An electric umpire has been devised to determine hits in fencing. When the foil strikes the opponent's jacket it makes a bell ring, and the place hit is distinguished by the difference in sound of the electric bells.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother's Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Western Ontario.

Wholesale Theft of Thoroughbred Cattle at Puce.

The Oil Product at Bothwell Continues to Prove Satisfactory.

Mr. Wm. Shaw, of Chatham, has been appointed organist of Knox Church, Galt.

The Grand Opera House at Chatham has been sold to Mr. R. O. Kinney, of Detroit, for \$45,000.

The Ridgeway Caledonian Society will celebrate on or about Aug. 10. Lord Aberdeen will be invited.

One of the candidates at the entrance examinations in Walkerton was a married man, 32 years of age.

Miss Gibson, formerly lady superintendent of the Galt General Hospital, has gone to Perth, Scotland, where in future she will reside.

David Purvis, of Puce, had eight head of thoroughbred cattle stolen from his farm Thursday night. There is no clue to the thieves.

Word has been received that Father Wagner, of St. Alphonsus' Church, Windsor, who died in Alaska for the benefit of his health, is much improved, and that no immediate fears are entertained of his death.

A letter has been received from Lord Aberdeen's secretary, stating that his Excellency would be pleased to visit Brantford and open the Agricultural Fair of the Six Nations Indians on Oct. 1.

The corner stone of the new church, which the congregation of Christ Church, Listowel, is erecting on their fine site, will be laid by his Lordship the Bishop of Huron on Tuesday, Aug. 4.

Referring to the mysterious disappearance of Walton Smith, the adopted son of Mr. A. Smith, con. 9, Mersey, who comes from Glenwood, the boy is alive and well and in the employ of Samuel Cooper, Port Alma.

On Thursday, at the residence of the bride's father, Miss Maggie, daughter of Mr. Wm. Simson, Ridley, was united in marriage Mr. Wm. T. Street, of Palmyra. Very handsome presents were received. Mr. and Mrs. Street will reside on the Street homestead at Palmyra.

Fatal results are anticipated in the case of the deaf mute, Leguille, struck by an Erie and Huron train Monday morning. The injured lad has been removed to his home, down near the Eau. He is only 17 years of age, and recently came up from Belleville Institute, where he was a pupil.

Mr. James Burnett, Mitchell, narrowly escaped death on Wednesday. He was ripping up a piece of rock with a circular saw in the Mitchell plant, when a strip flew back and struck him upon the chest. For some time his injuries were thought to be fatal, but he rallied, and is now doing nicely.

Essex town has decided to hold its civic holiday on the same date as Windsor's, Aug. 12. Those who are of that town will join the Windsor brethren in an excursion to Put-In-Bay on the steamer City of Detroit.

After the confirmation services held in the Ridgeway Roman Catholic Church on Thursday, by Bishop O'Connor, members of the congregation waited on and urged the bishop to have a resident priest sent there. His lordship complied with their views, and will carry out their wish. It can be shown that a priest can be supported there.

While steel rails were being unloaded from the ship, power Porter at Point Edward Saturday morning, one of the pulleys about 30 feet from the deck broke loose, and descending with great force, struck Benjamin Volney on the shoulder, knocking him down and smashing his foot. An inch nearer and he would have been struck in the head and killed.

The death of A. Sample, aged 64, occurred on Monday night at Ridgeway. Mr. Sample came to Canada from England in 1857, settling in Brantford, moving to Ridgeway from Tilsonburg in 1877. He leaves three daughters, Mrs. Charles Latta, Mrs. Robert and Mrs. Ebbelouse, of Brantford. Mr. Sample was a member of the C. O. F. and one of the original 540 who seceded from the Independent order.

The Bothwell oil fields are pleasing the most sanguine of interested parties. On Thursday the Detroit Oil Company's well on the Allen farm struck a second show of oil, and the fluid rose 110 feet in the well. They started pumping Friday. The Walker well is still pumping. Two more drilling rigs have reached the fields.

John Ramsey alias Wentworth, was arraigned before Judge Bell in Chatham Saturday afternoon on a charge of stealing \$200 from an Orford farmer named Bateman and pleaded guilty. Ramsey is believed to have a bad criminal record, and is also thought to have something to do with the Bothwell burglary. He was remanded for sentence, and by the meantime inquiries will be made for his record.

The town of Blenheim is much worked up over a most disagreeable affair, both plaintiff and defendant being prominent members of one of the leading churches. The facts are that Mrs. W. Burse, wife of Mr. Burse, of the Campbell-Rutherford mills, received a letter some time ago, in which very disrespectful statements were made. She suspected Mrs. M. Irwin, and a suit for criminal libel is the result. The police magistrate thought the case of sufficient importance to have it tried at the fall assizes.

The corner stone of the new Knox Church, Woodstock, was laid Thursday afternoon in the presence of a vast assemblage of townspeople. The ceremony was performed by Mrs. (Dr.) McMullen, wife of the pastor. A silver trowel was presented to her by Dr. McMullen, chairman of the plans committee, and Rev. Mr. McMullen replied on behalf of the recipient. The corner stone of the Sunday school building was laid by Miss Eva Hunter, daughter of H. D. Hunter, principal of the Collegiate Institute. Mr. C. C. Eber, and replied in her behalf. The church will cost over \$45,000.

SYMPTOMS.—Moisture; intense itching and stinging, mostly at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue, tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, 50 cents. Dr. Swayne's Ointment is sold by Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

An Arkansas young man married a girl with \$900 in cash and lost it next day, on a horse race.

Railway Accidents.

Fatal Results of the Trainmen's Blunder.

Two Old People Killed at a Crossing and Their Grandchild Seriously Injured.

Clinton, Ill., Aug. 3.—Through the carelessness of trainmen a frightful wreck occurred on the curve just east of Hirkbeck, a small station on the Illinois Central, five miles north-east of Clinton, Saturday afternoon. Passenger train No. 504, going south, and passenger train No. 501, going north, collided while going at full speed. The killed are Charles Burchough, engineer, Clinton, Ill.; Wm. Baker, mail agent, Springfield. The injured are Miss Rosa Baker, Chestnut; N. W. Davis, baggage man; Thos. C. Dukes, baggage man; Walter Evans, engineer; Jack Lovell, fireman; Louis Martin, baggage man; Kankakee; J. T. Naylor, baggage man; E. D. Peckens, conductor; Shuman Swartwood, engineer.

Both engines are a complete wreck. One mail car was reduced to splinters, and the other mail car and both baggage cars are badly damaged. The trains were running 35 miles an hour. Engineer Burchough leaves a widow and three small children. He was a man of iron nerve, and when advised that his wife was in danger, he said, "No, I will stick to her till the last," and he did. He had been in many collisions, and was in the Clinton, Ill., wreck.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 3.—A carriage containing Mr. and Mrs. Willard Mastick and their 6-year-old granddaughter, Mabel Lavigne, was struck by a train at Smith's Crossing Saturday night. Mr. Mastick was instantly killed. Mrs. Mastick died soon after being brought to Plattsburg, and there are only slight hopes of the child's recovery.

THE VANDERBILT-WILSON WEDDING.

New York, Aug. 3.—The World says: "The wedding of Cornelius Vanderbilt, jun., and Miss Grace Wilson has been fixed for Friday at the Wilson home, on Fifth avenue. Frank Cook, of Boston, a classmate of Mr. Vanderbilt at Yale, will act as best man. Miss Wilson will be unattended."

IT IS IN THE AIR.

London People Talk About It.

It is in the air. Can't stop its spreading. Can't keep down a good thing. People who don't know about it want to know.

People who know want to tell about it. It is kidney education. London people are learning fast. Learning by experience from their neighbors.

It is what we say and what they say. We say backache means kidney ache. They say Doan's Kidney Pills cure it. We say lame and weak back means weak kidneys.

The different Presses of the Windsor and Walkerville have the excursion in hand.

After the confirmation services held in the Ridgeway Roman Catholic Church on Thursday, by Bishop O'Connor, members of the congregation waited on and urged the bishop to have a resident priest sent there. His lordship complied with their views, and will carry out their wish. It can be shown that a priest can be supported there.

While steel rails were being unloaded from the ship, power Porter at Point Edward Saturday morning, one of the pulleys about 30 feet from the deck broke loose, and descending with great force, struck Benjamin Volney on the shoulder, knocking him down and smashing his foot. An inch nearer and he would have been struck in the head and killed.

The death of A. Sample, aged 64, occurred on Monday night at Ridgeway. Mr. Sample came to Canada from England in 1857, settling in Brantford, moving to Ridgeway from Tilsonburg in 1877. He leaves three daughters, Mrs. Charles Latta, Mrs. Robert and Mrs. Ebbelouse, of Brantford. Mr. Sample was a member of the C. O. F. and one of the original 540 who seceded from the Independent order.

The Bothwell oil fields are pleasing the most sanguine of interested parties. On Thursday the Detroit Oil Company's well on the Allen farm struck a second show of oil, and the fluid rose 110 feet in the well. They started pumping Friday. The Walker well is still pumping. Two more drilling rigs have reached the fields.

John Ramsey alias Wentworth, was arraigned before Judge Bell in Chatham Saturday afternoon on a charge of stealing \$200 from an Orford farmer named Bateman and pleaded guilty. Ramsey is believed to have a bad criminal record, and is also thought to have something to do with the Bothwell burglary. He was remanded for sentence, and by the meantime inquiries will be made for his record.

The town of Blenheim is much worked up over a most disagreeable affair, both plaintiff and defendant being prominent members of one of the leading churches. The facts are that Mrs. W. Burse, wife of Mr. Burse, of the Campbell-Rutherford mills, received a letter some time ago, in which very disrespectful statements were made. She suspected Mrs. M. Irwin, and a suit for criminal libel is the result. The police magistrate thought the case of sufficient importance to have it tried at the fall assizes.

The corner stone of the new Knox Church, Woodstock, was laid Thursday afternoon in the presence of a vast assemblage of townspeople. The ceremony was performed by Mrs. (Dr.) McMullen, wife of the pastor. A silver trowel was presented to her by Dr. McMullen, chairman of the plans committee, and Rev. Mr. McMullen replied on behalf of the recipient. The corner stone of the Sunday school building was laid by Miss Eva Hunter, daughter of H. D. Hunter, principal of the Collegiate Institute. Mr. C. C. Eber, and replied in her behalf. The church will cost over \$45,000.

HAIRENE

THE ONLY SCIENTIFIC ANTISEPTIC PREPARATION FOR THE HAIR. IT ALAYS THE ITCHING OF THE SCALP CURES DANDRUFF, PREVENTS FALLING OUT OF THE HAIR, RESTORES GRAY OR FADED HAIR AND PROMOTES A NEW GROWTH OF HAIR ON BALD HEADS BY ITS NUTRIENT AND STIMULATING ACTION ON THE SCALP FOLLICLES.

Distin-guished

racers use Adams' Tutti Frutti to aid digestion and give staying power on long runs.

Some dealers try to palm off imitations which they buy cheaper. See that the Trade Mark name

Tutti Frutti

is on each 50c. package. for Save coupons inside of wrappers

LATEST BOOKS.

106

Victor Bicycles

ALWAYS LEAD

They excel all others in fine mechanical construction and perfection of detail. The strongest light wheel on the market. They spend their time on the track and road; not repair shops. See one before you buy.

We have also full line of Baseballs, Gloves, Mitts, Footballs, Boxing Gloves, Tennis Balls, etc. Call and see them.

JOHN MILLS,

Edge Block 404 Richmond Street, 227

THINK OF THIS

CHEAP SUMMER WOOD

WHAT YOU WANT FOR WARM WEATHER

83.50 PER CORD.

CAMPBELL & CHANTLER

276 Bathurst Street.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Scothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

STAG ISLAND TIME TABLE.

SARNIA TIME					
Boat.	Leave Pt. Huron	Leave Sarnia	Arrive Island	Leave Island	Arrive Pt. Huron
Hiawatha.....	6:45 a.m.	8:50 a.m.	7:35 a.m.	8:15 a.m.	8:25 a.m.
Clark.....	10:00 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	10:50 a.m.	11:00 a.m.	12:40 noon
Hiawatha.....	11:30 a.m.	11:40 a.m.	12:20 p.m.	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Clark.....	2:00 p.m.	2:10 p.m.	2:50 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Hiawatha.....	3:00 p.m.	3:10 p.m.	3:50 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:50 p.m.
Clark.....	4:00 p.m.	4:10 p.m.	4:50 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Hiawatha.....	5:00 p.m.	5:10 p.m.	5:50 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Clark.....	6:00 p.m.	6:10 p.m.	6:50 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Hiawatha.....	7:00 p.m.	7:10 p.m.	7:50 p.m.	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Clark.....	8:00 p.m.	8:10 p.m.	8:50 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m.

Saturday evenings Hiawatha leaves Island 7:30 p.m., and makes an extra trip leaves Port Huron 9:30 p.m., Sarnia 8:40 p.m., arriving at Island 10:10 p.m.; leaving Island 10:10, arriving Sarnia 11 p.m., Port Huron 11:10 p.m.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Boat.	Leave Pt. Huron	Leave Sarnia	Arrive Island	Leave Island	Arrive Pt. Huron
Hiawatha.....	10:00 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	10:50 a.m.	11:00 a.m.	12:00 noon
Clark.....	11:30 a.m.	11:40 a.m.	12:20 p.m.	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Hiawatha.....	2:00 p.m.	2:10 p.m.	2:50 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Clark.....	3:00 p.m.	3:10 p.m.	3:50 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
Hiawatha.....	4:00 p.m.	4:10 p.m.	4:50 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
Clark.....	5:00 p.m.	5:10 p.m.	5:50 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Hiawatha.....	6:00 p.m.	6:10 p.m.	6:50 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Clark.....	7:00 p.m.	7:10 p.m.	7:50 p.m.	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.

They say Doan's Kidney Pills make the kidneys strong.

Here is a proof of it. Take the case of Mr. Edward Marshall, a retired farmer, living at 832 Dundas street, London, who says:

"I have taken one box of Doan's Kidney Pills and they have cured me. They have accomplished the purpose for which I took them. I have no hesitancy in saying that Doan's Kidney Pills are a grand medicine for all affections of the kidneys and bladder, and I am able to say from my own experience that I have never taken a medicine so productive of such good results in so short a time."

The new Policy Forms of this Company are models of liberality, and Premium Rates compare favorably with the rates of other companies.

MONEY TO LOAN at lowest current rates of interest and on most favorable terms of repayment of principal. If about to buy or build a house, examine our monthly installment plan—\$13 82 per month for 90 months, \$12 73 per month for 100 months, or \$11 10 per month for 120 months will repay loan of \$1,000, interest and principal included. Borrowers are not made subject to bylaws of which they know little or nothing. The whole contract is contained in the mortgage, and when the stipulated number of monthly payments are paid the mortgage will positively be discharged.

For fuller particulars write or apply in person to
J. G. RITCHER, Manager.

Jeyes' Sanitary Powder.

Jeyes' Fluid,

Disinfectants, etc.

AT WHOLESALE.

HOBBS HARDWARE COMPANY.

CHAUTAUQUA

Niagara-on-the-Lake,

NOW OPEN.

75 rooms. Everything first-class. Rates, \$1.00, \$2 and \$2.50—\$8, \$10, \$12, \$16 per week. Special rates for families.

S. GRIGG, Late of the Grigg House, London, 211thx PROPRIETOR.

GOVERNMENT SCHOOL OF ART

Sponsor Block, Dundas St.

SUMMER TERM.

Till further notice classes will be held only on Mondays and Saturdays from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m. Oil, water colors and china painting, crayon drawing, modeling in clay, etc. School teachers should take advantage of these classes. For particulars apply to

JOHN H. GRI

You Ought to Grasp this Chance

Come and visit us. Not on your summer holidays, but to see our immense variety of Wall Papers. From the cheapest to the highest in price. Variety in design cannot be surpassed.

O. B. Graves,

222 DUNDAS STREET.

R.K. Cowan

Barriester, etc., over Bank of Commerce London.



Dr. W. H. Graham

Toronto, Ont.
Treats Chronic Diseases and gives special attention to skin diseases, as Pimples, Ulcers, etc.
PRIVATE DISEASES, and Diseases of a Private Nature, such as Syphilis, Gonorrhea, etc. (the result of youthful folly and excess), Gleet and Stricture of long standing. DISEASES OF WOMEN—Painful, Profuse or Suppressed Menstruation, Leucorrhoea, etc. Office hours—9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Sundays, 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.



P. J. EDWARDS, Solicitor of Patents
MECHANICAL AND PATENT LAW EXPERT.
202-61 Richmond, corner King, London, Ont.
Telephone 391.

"OUT OF SIGHT."

That is—the profits on the balance of our Summer Hats. We haven't many hats left, but they are going now at cost.

H. BEATON,

138 Dundas St.

GOOD

Fishing Tackle is indispensable to

FISHING

Your catch depends on the nature of your tackle. The finest can be had

Brook's Gun Shop

192 Dundas Street, London.

THE LIGHT OF THE EYE

Rainlight, Candle and Gas
Have forever passed away;
The Electric Light has come to pass,
And make the night like day.
You can see
Why you can't
See through
The Electric Light.
And call upon practical electricians:
The London Electric Co.

Our specialty is wiring private houses, churches, institutions, etc.
388 Richmond Street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

—When making purchases of merchants who advertise with you will confer a favor on this paper by mentioning that you saw the advertisement in the "London Advertiser."

Tisdale's Toronto Iron Stable Fittings
Healthful, durable, attractive, and cheaper than other fittings. Send for our new catalogue—The Tisdale Iron Stable Fittings Co., Ltd., No. 6 Adelaide Street East, Toronto.

Bedroom suites, \$8; parlor suites, \$15; extension tables, \$3; curtain poles with brass trimmings. We must raise \$5,000 by 1st of August, and have reduced some things one-half. Come at once; it will pay you. Keene Bros., 127 King street, opposite the Market House.

Hunt & Sons' old established Feather Bed and Hair Mattress Factory. Beds weighed, samples given. Manufacturers of hair mattresses and goose feather pillows. Furniture and stores of every description. 282 to 287 Richmond street, opposite Victoria Park and Central Avenue. Telephone 997.

The Seven Ages of Man.
From head to foot we clothe the man.
Clothe him rightly.
Clothe him cheaply.
Clothe him in all his seven ages.
From his first juniors to his last seniors.
Our \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9 line of Men's Suits are first in newer styles, better fit, finer trimmings, wear longer, and retain their shape better than any suits at this price elsewhere.
OAK HALL, Dundas street, London.

We have bought one hundred dozen of the bankrupt stock of O. M. Lawrence's Remember Toilet Soap. We are selling it two boxes for 15 cents. Free demonstration of Appleton's Tea all this week. All are invited. T. M. GIBBON & CO., The Newmarket Grocery, 347 Dundas street. xiv

A London hotel has 1,000 rooms. An electrical machine cuts cloth. The paper trunk is unbreakable.
THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary acknowledged efficacy. It cures spasms and lameness when applied externally, as well as swollen neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claims to public confidence.

—When making purchases of merchants who advertise with you will confer a favor on this paper by mentioning that you saw the advertisement in the "London Advertiser."

Fancy Hosiery,

In Lisle Thread and Cotton, worth 75c,

Our Sale Price—

25c.

Priddis Bros.

158 Dundas Street,

157 Carling Street.

Telephone 324.

Screens All houses need Screens. Their uses are various—decorative and protective.

In the Kitchen—Buy a blue flame oil gas stove with a high steel frame. Saves fuel and when not active is cool.

In the Garden—To help the growing flowers: Galvanized Iron Watering Pots.

STEVELY'S,

362 Richmond Street.

FINE AND DECIDEDLY WARM.

Toronto, Aug. 2-11 p.m.—The pressure is low in the Northwest States and Territories and about average elsewhere. Since Saturday heavy thunder storms have been general from the Rockies to Manitoba, and some showers have occurred in Ontario and the Maritime Provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 46-70; Qu'Appelle, 56-84; Winnipeg, 62-82; Port Arthur, 48-74; Parry Sound, 56-72; Toronto, 62-78; Ottawa, 58-80; Montreal, 60-75; Quebec, 58-74; Halifax, 52-62.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, Aug. 3-1 a.m.—Probabilities for the lower lakes region are: Southwesterly to southerly winds; fine and decidedly warm; showers or thunder storms in some places on Tuesday.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The readings of the thermometer at the Observatory on Saturday were: Highest, 75 above; lowest, 58 above. On Sunday: Highest, 76 above; lowest, 55 above.

Dainty Sweet Peas

are universal favorites with everyone. Our show of these beautiful blossoms is the largest and best in the city. All colors. See us for Bouquets, Wedding Flowers, etc. That's where we excel most. Sunk prices.

J. Gammage & Sons, 213 Dundas St.

A WOMAN WHO HUNTED GOATS.

Mary Trowbridge Townsend's Account of Sport in the State of Washington.

"He scorns the protection of a coat which changes color with the autumn leaves, and proudly flaunts at all seasons the white of the overlying snow. He has neither the fatal inquisitiveness of the plains antelope, the timidity of the deer, nor the cunning of the sheep. He is as deliberate as a bear, and, if approached from above, as reckless as a caribou. The Rocky Mountain goat is not a true goat, but an antelope that masquerades in goat's clothing. He is unique in living where other game would die, and dying where other game would live. He is not found in mountains, nor in circus tents. Only his mounted skin is found in such places."

Mary Trowbridge Townsend writes that the mountain which she sought and killed near Lake Chelan in the State of Washington, having hunted elk, sheep, and other big game so much that some new sport was wanted. She saw her first goat on the little steamer on her way to the lake, much the same as the tenderfoot visitor to the Adirondacks occasionally sees deer from the stage, but it was not until she and her companion started next day with a guide that she learned some peculiarities that makes goat hunting different from most other kinds of hunting.

For instance, there was no special place for hunting. The goats were among the mountains high up, but in no particular place, and they had to be hunted on the hit or miss fashion of a tarpon fisherman. They traveled for hours over slippery pine carpets, over sharp loose shale, over hot, ragged rocks, zigzagging along and taking to a goat trail eagerly, since there the walking was easier. At night they camped without having seen a goat.

Next day they started again, and saw a goat on a distant bench, acting as if he was meditating deeply, or in a sort of lethargy. On looking down they saw a small bunch of goats a quarter of a mile away. They slid down, and when the 40-70 rifle rang out twice a nannie and a billy had died. It was compensating luck. The fatigue, the climbing, the thirst, and all the discomforts were forgotten in the success as they stood beside the dead game. But they had a weary time of it getting back to the lake: tumbling down a dry water-course, over logs and tangles of "devil's walking sticks," around or over boulders. At last, abandoning the effort to get out that night, four miles from the home camp, they scrambled up a bed in the gully, rolled themselves up in their blankets, and went to sleep. In the morning a little stream of water was found to have started down the gully, and from this they quenched their thirst, and went on, soon getting to the lake.

Mrs. Seleste Coon, Syracuse, N.Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Parlin's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

We Live

In an age of unparalleled passion, pulse and power. An age with gigantic problems suddenly thrust upon us. The gigantic problem which now confronts us is how to induce the people to buy of us within the next 30 days \$5,000 worth of Tan Shoes. The solution is in the following low prices:

Ladies' Tan Oxfords at - \$ 55
Misses' Tan Oxfords at - - 45
Childs' Tan Oxfords at - - 35
Men's Tan Laced Boots at - 1 00

J. P. Cook

173 Dundas Street.

Get Your money back if you want it.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

107.....Business Office

134.....Editorial Rooms

175.....Job Department

X RAYS

Not in it with reproduced sunlight on wheels in all the color of the rainbow.

THE MOONLIGHT "SPECIAL"

Is now open for engagements.

TELEPHONE 1,307.

London and Environs

—Programmes turned out neatly and cheaply at Advertiser Job Department. "Phone 115.

—Principal States of Woodstock College who was poisoned with ivy in Muskoka, is in a critical condition.

—Messrs. Macbeth & Macpherson, barristers, city, are the legal agents of the petitioner in the London election case.

—Dr. Buchanan, of London, was one of the pall-bearers at the funeral of Mrs. Thos. Stewart at Toronto Friday.

—James F. Kelly, an old pensioner, about 70 years of age, has turned his pension, a shilling a day, over to the county in return for a home in the House of Refuge at Stratford. He has been living at Pottersburg for some time.

—The Detroit News says of the former proprietor of the Criterion Restaurant here: "Thomas Taylor, convicted in the Recorder's Court of keeping his saloon open, has lost his case in appeal to the Supreme Court. His defense was that he carried his father-in-law into the saloon in a faint. The Supreme Court says he should have patronized a drug store, which was near by."

—One of the G. T. R. engineering staff, Mr. H. A. Wilkinson, was in the city Saturday looking over the site of the new city shops, which, he said, would be erected very shortly. It is said the old buildings will have to be torn down. Mr. Wilkinson is connected with the waterworks. Engineer Moore with reference to new hydrants for fire protection at the grounds.

—Mr. A. Grant, of St. Thomas, solicitor for Mrs. Charlotte Mennie, who died at the residence of the late James S. Scandrett, who died at Alvinston, has issued a writ against John B. Scandrett, Joseph W. Scandrett, and Mary Scandrett, of this city, executors of the estate of John Scandrett, to have certain mortgages set aside, and for the return of all moneys paid by said plaintiff on account of the mortgage.

WENT THROUGH THE TIES.
Mr. Annis, a blacksmith living near Belmont, had a trick horse that can walk, trot and break shafts. Mr. Annis was driving along York street last night about 9 o'clock in a democrat wagon, and when near the power house the horse took fright at the buzz of the machinery and bolted on to the corner of the York street bridge. The rig had two occupants, who were given a rare shake-up, until the horse took a drop through the ties. The horse was extricated from its uncomfortable position by the aid of planks. The animal sustained no injury beyond a scratch or two. The shafts of the wagon were broken. A crowd of about 200 people congregated in about five minutes at the bridge.

THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

A worker in the Children's Aid Society writes: "The Children's Aid Society have two boys, one a year old, the other 10, for adoption. The board of management will be glad to hear of suitable parents or homes for these little ones. The society has done noble work, and has greatly increased its usefulness since its inception. The monthly meetings are held on the second Friday of each month in the Somerset Hall, at 4 o'clock, when all interested in child-saving will be heartily welcomed, and every facility given for disseminating the knowledge of and the need of such a society in our city. Particulars may be obtained on application to Mr. Thos. R. Parker, president, or to Joseph Sanders, inspector."

LAID AT REST.

The remains of the late Mr. Wm. Greenwood, of London West, were laid at rest in Mount Pleasant Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The burial services were performed by Rev. B. Clement, of the London West Methodist Church, of which deceased was a member. A number of handsome floral tributes were sent to the family to be placed on the casket, as tokens of respect for the deceased and sympathy for those left behind. Among these was a beautiful cross, bearing the words at the foot—"At Rest." This was sent by Mr. J. H. Chapman & Co. of which Miss Kate Greenwood is a member. The cortege was one of the largest ever seen in the city, and was attended by many of the most prominent men in the city. The pall-bearers were: Messrs. Alex. Currie, J. D. Sanby, Robert Green, Wm. Spence, James Elison, and R. Woodward.

SIR ISAAC WILLIAM'S RUBY PILLS MAKE ROSEY PEOPLE

Cures Anemia, After-Effects of La Grippe, Nervous Diseases such as Female Weakness, Depression of the Periods, Pale and Sallow Complexions, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Headache and all diseases arising from mental worry, overwork, excess, early decay, etc., can all be cured by following the directions, viz: Begin by taking the white pill at night, then take one of the Ruby Pills make Rosey People after every meal, and continue until completely cured.

Price 50 cents or six boxes \$3.50.

W. S. DRYERS BARKWELL, Agent for Canada.

Our Line of 25c Pipes Are

GAINING FAVOR.

You'll buy one if you see them.

Sam K. Stewart, 202 1/2 Dundas Street.

minent men in the city. The pall-bearers were: Messrs. Alex. Currie, J. D. Sanby, Robert Green, Wm. Spence, James Elison, and R. Woodward.

The Modern Dance.

Evangelist Meikle Severely Denounces Some Social Customs

Christ Church Reopened After Notable Improvements.

The Dean Is Reminiscent—Rev. Thos. Wilson in the City—Anniversary of Mr. Talling's Induction.

Christ Church, Wellington street, was reopened yesterday after the renovations which have been carried on during the past few weeks. The church has been handsomely carpeted throughout; the pews have been grained; a new lectern and pulpit, with massive brass railings, have been placed in position, and the pipe organ has been artistically repainted, regilded and revarnished, and now stands at the north side of the building. The frescoing and painting of the walls, pillars and ceiling of the edifice have also been prettily touched up. These repairs, which cost several hundred dollars, greatly improve the appearance of the interior of the church, making it decidedly pretty and pleasing. The congregations at both services were charmed with the alterations.

Very Rev. Dean Innes occupied the pulpit in the morning, and was assisted in the service by the rector, Rev. J. H. Moorhouse. In the evening Rev. Canon Dann delivered the sermon, and Rev. E. N. English, principal of Hellmuth College, assisted in the service. Excellent music was furnished by the choir, both morning and evening, under the able leadership of Mr. James T. Dalton. In the morning Mr. J. Coates Lockhart sang a tenor solo, "The Promise of the Kings," in admirable voice. In the evening, during the offering Mr. Dalton gave a baritone solo, and Mr. A. Gammel took the solo part of the anthem.

In the course of his sermon the dean fell into an interesting reminiscence. "I remember," he said, "the laying of the corner stone in 1862. I can recall the consecration and opening by the Right Rev. Bishop of Huron, Bishop Cronyn. It was the second Church of England in London, then a comparatively small place with a population of about 12,000. I remember the heartiness with which the work was entered upon and carried to a successful issue without a cent of debt, and above all, I can see before me the faces of those earnest workers who worshipped in the congregation, and all of whom, I believe, were sincere and devoted friends of mine. Oh, how few remain!—one here and one there—the great majority have gone to their eternal rest. But I must not sadden this glad occasion by recalling the memories of the past. Since those days you as a congregation have passed through many vicissitudes and yet through all have sustained the character manifested at the beginning. The amount of the debt of this church is so insignificant that I am sure what has been done in the past will be repeated now, so that tomorrow morning no debt will remain."

DENOUNCING DANCING.
The world, its amusements, the flesh and the devil were attended to by Evangelist Meikle, at St. Andrew's Church, last night. He spoke strongly against dancing, as being the first step to gambling. Society men and Christians should give up the practice, which was carried on to an alarming extent. The clubs in London were not better in his opinion than clubs in other places, which were general rum shops. He said: "I wouldn't give a snap of my finger for the red or green coat posted up in these resorts. Why should club men want to get away from their wives, mothers, brothers, sisters or friends and go to such places?"

My honest conviction is that they want to get away so that they can tell stories which they couldn't tell before their friends, and have a real good time otherwise. I tell you we need the women and their refining influences. Men have no business to go away to places where there are no ladies, to give a right spirit to their transactions." Even the boys not out of their teens were forming clubs, he said. Worse sins than drinking and gambling were committed in them, and all under the guise of nice buildings and a little money.

Mr. Meikle then condemned the modern dance, which he said was a western invention—the devil's latest strategy. Men and women never danced together in eastern countries. Continuing he said: "I believe it would do the young ladies a little good if they skipped and danced a little more than they do. Society people say they cannot entertain their guests for a whole evening without a little dance. Well, all I have to say is that it is a very poor compliment to the brains of society if they cannot spend an evening without getting up and hopping around like—why, you could get a Punch and Judy show or something of that kind. The Church of Christ has been against the modern dance. I can tell you that some of the Methodists of Canada are beginning to dance, and I often say to the people, 'Lord, help the rest of us when the Methodists begin to dance.' When the standard in the Church of Christ is getting so low that the Methodists are beginning to dance, Lord, have mercy on the rest of us."

The speaker also alluded to dancing as a means by which women fell, and said that in the city of Ottawa 212 women passed through a Miss Wright's care in one year, and those 212 women were only the women who were tired of their immoral ways. The men who were sent to Ottawa to make the laws were the greatest violators of the law. The majority of the fallen women in cities came from country places. The theater was another wrong; it was rotten to the core. Men had tried to reform it, but gave the job up in despair. A reformed theater would be sent to Ottawa to make the laws were the greatest violators of the law. The majority of the fallen women in cities came from country places. The theater was another wrong; it was rotten to the core. Men had tried to reform it, but gave the job up in despair. A reformed theater would be sent to Ottawa to make the laws were the greatest violators of the law. The majority of the fallen women in cities came from country places. 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