

If you like the EVENING TIMES, Tell your friends about it.

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES

WEATHER--The weather tomorrow will be fine and mild.

VOL. I, NO. 37

TWELVE PAGES--ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904--TWELVE PAGES

ONE CENT.

PENDING PEACE CONFERENCE.

The United States Will Emplace Some 1600 Big Guns For Coast Defence -- Fortifications to be Modernized at Cost of Over \$10,000,000 -- River and Harbor Works.

Washington, Nov. 12.--General M. Mackenzie, chief of engineers of the U. S. army in his annual report to the secretary of war presents an exhaustive review of the work accomplished by his corps during the fiscal year ended June 30th last, and submits estimates of appropriations required for the fiscal year beginning July 1 next.

BIG LOSS BY FLAMES.

Fire and Explosion Wreck Several Buildings in Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 12.--A fire, accompanied by an explosion of either dynamite or powder occurred today, on Gay street, the principal business street of the city, causing a loss of about \$260,000. Six firemen were injured. A number of other persons sustained slight injuries from flying glass but none were seriously hurt.

MORGAN TO BE KNIGHT.

King of Italy Will Honor Him For Returning Stolen Cope.

Rome, Nov. 12.--On the proposal of the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs King Victor has decided to send to Mr. J. P. Morgan, of New York, the insignia of the Order of the Crown of Italy as a testimonial of the crown prince's appreciation of the voluntary return of the Ascoli cope to the Italian government.

WAR IN OCEAN STEAMSHIP RATES.

Berlin, Nov. 12.--Lord Inverclyde, chairman of the Cunard S. S. Co. and Herr Ballin, director general of the Hamburg-American line and Dr. Wiegand, director general of the North German Lloyd S. S. Co. are meeting here today seeking to settle the trans-Atlantic rate war.

INSTITUTE ANNIVERSARY.

The church of England, Institute celebrated its twenty-ninth anniversary by two services in Trinity church yesterday.

SUPPORTER OF BALFOUR

London, Nov. 12.--The election yesterday in the Horsham division of Sussex, for a member of parliament to succeed the late J. H. Johnson, conservative, resulted in the return of Lord Thurston, conservative, by 3268 votes, a majority of 784, which is an actual reduction of the former poll.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

An Artillery Duel Still in Progress at Mukden.

Report That Supply Steamers Have Got into Port Arthur--Emperors of Germany and Russia to Meet Soon.

Mukden, Nov. 12.--Afternoon: The situation is unchanged today. Artillery fighting continues, the firing at times growing heavy, particularly in the southwest. The Japanese shelled the Russian positions intermittently yesterday. The Russians did not reply. This afternoon's severe artillery duel took place on the Russian right. The Japanese communicated in strong terms the Russian position on the Russian right. The Japanese communication is in the report published by the Birmingham Post, to the effect that Japan has communicated in strong terms with several European governments on the subject of the Russian second Pacific squadron at neutral ports, which, it was added, Japan considered to be a serious breach of neutrality. The telegram has taken no steps in the matter and has not heard of any such communications or protest.

SHE GOT TO FTON.

New Star Line Steamer Reached There at One O'clock -- Supreme Court.

Fredericton, Nov. 12.--(Special)--The steamer Champlain and Pokanoket, arrived from St. John at one o'clock. They encountered considerable ice from Gagetown up, but the Pokanoket which had the lead went through it without the slightest difficulty. A large number of citizens inspected the new boat on her arrival and all well pleased with her. The steamer returned to St. John this afternoon. The following court reports were dealt with in the supreme court this morning.

MESSAGING AERIAL SHIP.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.--As the result of a scientific experimental balloon ascension made from the aeronautic concourse on the World's Fair grounds, the practicability and accuracy of the method of aerial messaging could be received both as to altitude and distance, were satisfactorily tested. More than twenty messages were transmitted from the World's Fair wireless tower and received by the aeronautic concourse. Mr. W. S. Foreman of St. Louis, made the ascension. After making a successful journey through the air, one hour and a half in duration, aeronaut Knabenshue made a safe landing four miles south-west of the concourse. The ascent was made in the presence of several hundred spectators. The highest altitude reached was estimated at about two miles.

IMPORTANT ARREST MADE.

Portland, Me., Nov. 11.--United States Deputy Marshal Hasty has returned to this city after making an important arrest in Calais. Yesterday noon he arrived in Grand with George Mucker of Bangor Falls, N. B., who is charged with bringing mail to the Maine woods in violation of the alien contract labor law.

HER AGE IS LEFT IN DOUBT.

Peekin, Nov. 12.--(Evening)--The American, Austrian, Belgian, German, and Russian ministers today were received in audience in the forbidden city and presented the dowager empress with autograph letters from their respective rulers, congratulating Her Majesty on her birthday. The other ministers will present letters later. The dowager empress will send her portrait to the rulers who notified her birthday.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

The final performance of "Facing the Music" will be given by the Dalley company at the opera house this evening. On Monday evening "The Parish Priest" will hold the boards and as it is entirely different construction to the two preceding plays, it will give the individual members of the organization ample scope to demonstrate their versatility. Homer Mullaney is cast for the title role. "The Parish Priest" is a beautiful and wholesome play that appeals to all classes of theatre goers. It was first produced by Dan'l Sully and through legal complications he was compelled to return to the author, Dan Hart, from whom the Dalley company have received the rights for its local presentation.

A THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

Knocked Down With Sling-Shot, But Saved the Money.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 12.--(Special)--A daring attempt was made to hold up Walter Champ, cashier at the Hamilton Bridge Works, shortly before 6 o'clock, last evening. Champ was returning to the office after paying off the men in the main building when a man approached him and without warning, hit him a severe blow over the eye and struck him over the head with a slingshot, knocking him down. Champ was seized by the two blows, but did not become unconscious, and held onto the satchel, containing a considerable sum of money, which he was carrying. He also cried for help, and as another man came by, his assailant ran away. It is said that the satchel contained \$2,580 or \$3,000.

ONLY TEN GALLONS?

Oysters Must be Rather Scarce in Wisconsin.

Sussex, Wis., Nov. 12.--Joseph Marsden, a farmer, made so much money on election bets that he has given an oyster supper to the entire town. A banquet was spread in the town hall, and the giver of the feast rode to the hall in a wheelbarrow, pushed by a defeated bettor, to the accompaniment of the Sussex brass band, and followed by a torchlight procession, which included every able bodied man and boy in the surrounding neighborhood. Ten gallons of oysters with other things to correspond were provided for the crowd.

A FAMILY QUARREL.

Ended in Sensational Suicide of Young Wife.

New York, Nov. 12.--A quarrel of long standing between husband and wife early today resulted in the suicide of the young wife. Mrs. William J. Zimmernan, 28, of West 87th street, during the quarrel, threw a bottle of cyanide of potassium into the stove. Zimmernan told the police that the quarrel resulted from attention shown to her by another woman. Yesterday an unusually bitter quarrel, Zimmernan set the house on fire for her husband and when he returned home early today, he replied that her own acts had been responsible for all the trouble. Even then it was not too late, and he would gladly have forgiven her. "You needn't forgive me," said Mrs. Zimmernan, "this will end all." Raising the bottle of cyanide she was dead. Mrs. Zimmernan was 28 years old, her husband 50.

SOME MORE ATTORNEYS

Will be Sworn in at Fredericton--A Log Sale.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 12.--(Special)--The Law Examinations, which have been going on since yesterday, will be finished this afternoon, and the successful candidates for attorney will be sworn in on Tuesday morning. W. H. Harrison, of St. John, and Walter Limerick, of Fredericton, will be sworn in barristers at the same time.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON.

Waterloo, Que., Nov. 12.--(Special)--The first of the season for the Waterloo Knitting Mills, Eugene Reuter broke through the thin crust of ice which had formed on the river, and the kind in fifteen years, at Waterloo.

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THE WEATHER.

Washington, Nov. 12.--Eastern states and northern New York--Fair to-night, warmer in east portion. Sunday increasing cloudiness followed by rain in west and extreme south portions fresh to brisk and west to west winds. Maritime--Fresh to strong westerly to southwesterly winds, fine and milder. Sunday fine and mild. Forecast--Fresh to strong westerly to southwesterly winds, fine and milder. Sunday fine and mild. Local Weather Report at Noon, Nov. 12, 1904.

WANTED TO BURN HIM OUT.

Schomberg, Ont., Nov. 12.--(Special)--Thomas Godson, Jos. Godson, Hamilton Bateman and Sussanah Bateman were committed yesterday by Magistrate Davis, for trial at general sessions in December, on charges of arson. The accused, all of whom pleaded "Not Guilty," are charged with having caused a series of fires which since July, 1903, have destroyed all the buildings on the farm of James Bell, King township.

BECOMES SERIOUS.

Row Between German and Italian Students Still on MAY CAUSE TROUBLE

Italians Refuse to Sing German Anthem, and this Starts the Row Again--Many Heads Broken, but no Arrests

PORTLAND'S BUSY TIME.

The "Other Winter Port" Has no Scarcity of Traffic.

(Portland Press, Nov. 12.) Portland seems to be shipping grain even if the other ports are sending very little abroad. The "Lion" steamship company sails tomorrow afternoon and will take out 45,000 bushels of wheat which is about 30 per cent of all on the other side.

THE MUSEUM AT OTTAWA.

Will Cost Over a Million and a Quarter.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.--(Special)--It is understood that George Goodwin of Ottawa is the lowest tender for the construction of the Royal Victoria Museum in this city. The work will cost over a million and a quarter of dollars. The contract has not yet been awarded.

ONTARIO POLITICS.

The Conservatives Will be Called Together.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 12.--(Special)--The Mail and Empire says today it is understood that a meeting of the liberal-conservative of the province will be called by the executive committee of the party, which will meet in Toronto at an early date. Details are now under consideration. A definite public announcement will be made on Monday next.

DARING BURGLARY.

A Private Bank in Ontario and a Bank in Illinois.

Chatham, Ont. Nov. 12.--(Special)--The village of Florence, about ten miles from here, was the scene of a daring burglary early yesterday when marauders broke into the private bank of Isaac Inaworth at that place, blew the large safe to atoms with nitro-glycerine, and succeeded in obtaining a small amount of money. The burglars also destroyed some very valuable papers that Mr. Inaworth kept in the safe. They left no clue.

KILLED BY ESCAPING GAS.

Montreal, Que. Nov. 12.--(Special)--Telegrams received here tell of the death of one Canadian and probably of a second through asphyxiation in Chicago. The dead man was Adam Spivak, of Brandon, and his companion Angus Taylor of Pembroke, Ontario. Taylor was taken to the hospital unconscious. The men left the gas half turned on in their room.

GOLDWIN SMITH.

Ottawa, Ont. Nov. 12.--(Special)--Goldwin Smith addressed the Canadian Club at luncheon here today. Sir Wilfrid Laurier was present.

WALCOTT NOT GUILTY.

Boston, Nov. 12.--"No bill" in the case of Joe Walcott, the colored pugilist charged with manslaughter in shooting Nelson Hall Jr., was returned by the grand jury today. The jury found that the shooting was accidental.

LONDON PRESS ON ROOSEVELT.

The Spectator Anticipates Great Things from the Re-elected President -- Secretary Hay Described One of the Oldest Living Diplomats -- The Monroe Doctrine to be Upheld.

London, Nov. 12.--The weekly newspapers issued today devote considerable space to the presidential election in the United States, and dwell lengthily upon the personality of President Roosevelt as the prime factor in the republican victory. The most notable article appears in the Spectator, which says the result of the election is "a subject for congratulation throughout the English speaking world." The Spectator then asks "what will he do?" and proceeds to credit Mr. Roosevelt with an ideal programme for the next four years, the standard of which will be "reason, justice and moderation, and common sense."

C. P. R. MEN IN THE CITY.

Traffic Manager, and His Assistant, From Montreal, Are on an Inspection Tour.

W. R. McInnes, general traffic manager of the C. P. R., and W. B. Bulling, assistant general traffic manager, arrived on the Atlantic express at noon today and were met by J. N. Sutherland, district freight agent. McInnes and Bulling will remain in the city until Friday.

SAYS JAPS WILL WIN.

Returned Minister Talks Interestingly of the Eastern War.

Rev. E. A. Wicker, a native of Toronto, but who for the past seven years has been in charge of the Presbyterian church at Kojima, Japan, stopping at the Clifton House. He is on his way to his home in Toronto. Mr. Wicker is a graduate of the University of Toronto, of Knox College, and has studied at the University in Germany.

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Two Blooming The Adventures of Two Criminals. Bay Treas.

They poured out his own, blew out the oil stove, and his own... (Continued) ...to run to cover—a bolting hole, as you put it, replied Jack.

What Sulphur Does For the Human Body in Health and Disease.

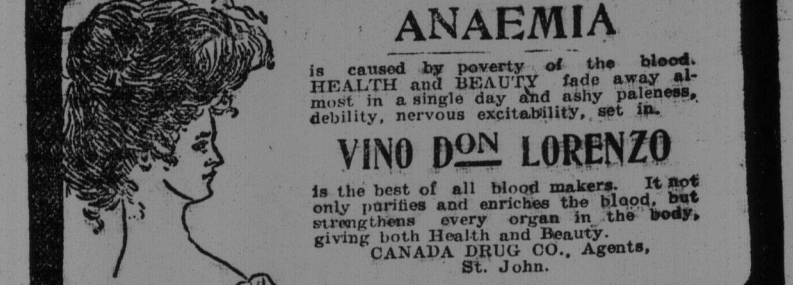
The mention of sulphur will recall to many of us in the earlier days when our mothers and grand-mothers gave us our daily dose of sulphur and molasses every spring and fall. It was the universal spring and fall "blood purifier," and, as we do not mean to kill him, we should have his moving heaven and earth to lay by the heels of his trousers, and when a man has a cheque-book like Van Coortvelt's, he becomes a pretty dangerous antagonist. I don't say that we must give up the idea altogether, but I think we must reserve it for a fine coup, a curtain act, to be performed at some future time when we are thinking of leaving the country.

PEN PICTURE OF CZARINA.

Glady Leaves Splendid Receptions in Maternal and Wifely Duties. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Courier des Etats-Unis brings out a striking pen picture of the Czarina at home and at court, with details which cannot fail to interest women generally. Here it is, somewhat reduced in plain English, says an exchange: "The Czarina finds the Empress in the apartments of the children, to whom she speaks sometimes in French, sometimes in Russian, rarely in English. She likes the French language, and wants the little Grand Duchesses Olga, Tatiana, Maria and Anastasia, to cultivate it. Nicholas II, who speaks French perfectly, rarely deigns to speak to his mother and the Czarina never fail to read together the literary novelties that appear in Berlin and Paris, with the exception of the Empress detests formal receptions, although she resigns herself to them when she can prescribe luxury and ceremony. Her guests are persons to which a limited number of persons are invited, have a special attraction for her, and she spends her time in conversation with them, without counting the wedding ring. The simplicity of the Empress is painted by the ladies of honor, who are obliged to follow her example. High Russian society loves splendor, but the Czarina makes an incomparable frame for the display of refinement and elegance.

ANAEMIA

is caused by poverty of the blood. HEALTH AND BEAUTY fade away almost in a single day. Hair falls out, and every organ in the body, especially nervous system, set in. VINO DON LORENZO is the best of all blood makers. It not only purifies and enriches the blood, but strengthens every organ in the body, giving both Health and Beauty. CANADA DRUG CO., Agents, St. John.



H. S. CRUIKSHANK, FLORIST. Fine, Large Chrysanthemums, Choice Roses, Carnations, Violets, etc. Not being able to extend my business on Golding street I have removed my Greenhouse Plant to Lancaster Heights, Where I have now the largest and most up-to-date Greenhouses in the Province. I am now prepared to fill all orders at any time promptly.

Millinery. Millinery. Millinery. We are now showing one of the choicest and finest selections in Fall and Winter styles of trimmed ready to wear. Hats in the City, and for the knowledge of experienced hands is at the disposal of our Customers. If desired weekly. Our Wool Frieze Coats for Ladies at \$3.95 are still selling for this week only.

B. MYERS, 696 Main Street. YOUR AD. HERE Would be read by thousands every evening

A FAMOUS YORKSHIRE BAR. HORSE. Ale and Porter 4 C per glass or tankard. Teddy of Paardeburg the Pride of the Guards. Readers who pass down Whitehall should look closely at the horses mounted by two of the household troops which stand outside the Horse Guards. By doing so they may be rewarded by seeing the most remarkable horse in the British Army. This particular horse is to be distinguished from all others belonging to the Guards by a silver medal, bearing his official number "D 36," which together with six bars, is attached to his bridle.

J. RHEA NORTHROP & CO., Wholesale Grocers. Let us have your orders, please. Our prices are right. 23 and 24 North Wharf.

Ladies-- TELEPHONE 705 IF YOU WANT A GOOD GIRL

The Old Blend Whisky of the White Horse Cellar. The Original Recipe Dated 1769. The Old Blend Whisky of the Coaching Days without alteration for 150 years. OLDEST, BEST, PUREST IN THE MARKET. REFUSE IMITATIONS. HIGHEST ON GETTING White Horse Cellar. Orders for direct import solicited.

Why Burn Your Flesh With acid corn salves when 25c. buys a bottle of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. It's purely vegetable, never causes sores, and acts entirely without pain. Use only Putnam's—the best.

IS THERE A MATTER TO WHICH YOU THINK PUBLIC ATTENTION SHOULD BE CALLED? TELL THE TIMES ABOUT IT. R. Sullivan & Co., 44 and 46 Dock Street.

THIS DAY FINDS MONEY. Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 11.—Preston Clark's dog, Rex, which he trained to find money lost in the streets, today took his master a muddy two dollar note making 127 cents a day since the 1st of June. The dog receives a daily cash for the finds money and is now wise enough to frequent the shopping districts on the wetted days, where he today found the two dollar note. His chief finds are small silver pieces, nickels and cents, but he carries so many of these to his master that the amount thus found is considerable. When he can do so, Clark returns the money to the owner. The dog by some remarkable instinct a short time ago realized that a check which he had found, was worth money and took it to his master.

THE PALE FACE TRICKS. Nyctura is one of the white man's tricks the Indian has been slow to learn, for the first application by children to the forest for legal separation of man and wife has just been made of the U. S. district court at Vinita. The woman in the case seems to have advanced rapidly in the ways of civilization, however, and she married a waiting swain and his squaws have gone forever.

EDUCATION IN GERMANY. If Germany stands for anything it is for education. It is now proposed to establish a school for the instruction of people who intend to emigrate from Germany to other countries. The plan is for the person who wishes to leave his fatherland to take a course in the history and economic conditions of the country to which he wishes to go. It is thought that many will remain at home when they know fully the situation of affairs in other countries. Great benefit would result to the United States if all our emigrants were so established such schools and do something towards preparing for the new conditions on which they are to enter.

No Breakfast Table complete without EPIS'S An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. It is a valuable diet for children. COCOA The Most Nutritious and Economical.

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 12, 1904.

The St. John Evening Times is published at 19 and 21 Canterbury street every evening (Sunday excepted) by the St. John Times Printing & Publishing Co., Ltd. A company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act, 1862. A. M. BELDING, Editor.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN.

In an editorial article on the park the Globe pursued a course that is most unusual with reputable newspapers. It made charges against the contractors and the common council, in connection with the delay in the construction of the new building, and declared that the affair was "little short of a public scandal." There is, says the Globe, "a pretty strong belief that it is due to the fact that the delay is of advantage to—or for the convenience of—a member of the common council who is peculiarly interested in the erection of the building."

This reference is evidently to Ald. Maxwell, but all the members of the council are involved in the condemnation if it be deserved. The charge in plain words is that the city has been looked for the benefit of one Alderman, by consent of the rest. Even the architect is brought in for veiled censure.

It is to be noted that the Globe has not been looked for the benefit of one Alderman, by consent of the rest. Even the architect is brought in for veiled censure.

THE R. K. Y. CLUB. Commodore Robert Thomson and a "boys" of the Royal Newfoundland Yacht Club are to be congratulated on the successful formal opening of their new club rooms last evening. Never in the history of the club were so many members present at an entertainment of similar character. It was a thoroughly democratic assembly, including local leaders in finance, merchants, brokers, professional men, mechanics, clerks, and representatives of all branches of industrial and commercial activity.

THE FERRY BOATS. The board of works has discovered that the ferry steamer Western Extension, which has been lying in Rodney Hospital for months, is in need of considerable repairs, and has ordered that the work be done forthwith, because nobody knows how soon the other ferry steamer may break down.

A NARROW VIEW. In an interview with the Times on Thursday, Mrs. Olive, secretary of the Tourist Association, stated that New Brunswick needed more hotels to accommodate tourists, and a reference was made to the St. John river and the city of Fredericton. Mrs. Olive said that Fredericton hotel accommodations had been greatly improved, but there is room for more improvement. The Fredericton Gleaser objects to this statement and asserts that the hotels of the city are equal to the occasion in all

their appointments. The Gleaser further observed:— We have difficulties to face, already too numerous, in our efforts to capture the tourist business which should be ours, without having it thoughtlessly sent abroad that we cannot accommodate the people who desire to come to Fredericton in the season to enjoy a few days in this charming city.

The Gleaser takes entirely too narrow and local a view. If Fredericton hotels are never over-crowded in summer, its experience differs from that of St. John. Nobody pretends that St. John has hotel accommodations enough for the tourist traffic it is hoped to bring here. The hotels of the province are able to accommodate local traffic, but Mrs. Olive's reference was to tourist business such as crowds special hotels in Nova Scotia, and which New Brunswick will not get till it provides the hotels and makes the fact known. The sooner the people of all parts of the province realize the fact and act upon it, the sooner the volume of tourist traffic will increase.

By the time the St. John city council has built a few more \$80,000 ferry steamers, and paid the bills for extras, they will no doubt learn that it is wise to consult the government inspector of boilers before work on the construction of the boilers is begun. Of course it costs more to do some work and then undo it, but that, from the taxpayer's standpoint, is not always desirable. Naval Architect MacLean is reported to have said that the inspector ordered unwarrantable changes, but it is understood that the changes were ordered by two inspectors, one from St. John and one from Halifax, and they probably know the law.

Says the Monitor:—"The success of 'The Liberal News' was beyond all precedent in the newspaper life of this province, its circulation had never been equalled by a New Brunswick paper, and its forceful, clean articles were potent factors in the case of the liberal party of Canada."

The town council of Whiting, Ont., has decided unanimously to hold a conference with the board of trade to consider the proposition to establish an independent municipal telephone system. The town is now supplied with a fine system of water-works, light and power.

Secretary of State John Hay, of the United States, is to remain in office during Roosevelt's second term. Mr. Hay is a remarkably astute diplomat, who has won a great reputation, and is regarded with much favor by British statesmen.

President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay will want to shake hands with each other when they read what the London papers say about them.

It appears that Fredericton will be ahead of St. John in getting its new drill hall. The subject might properly be revived here.

THE JEWISH POPULATION. The statistics gathered for the American Jewish Year Book covering the year from Sept. 22, 1903, to Sept. 9, 1904, place the Jewish population of this country at 1,127,268, and with this population the United States ranks third among the nations of the world in respect to the number of Jews within its borders. Russia is credited with a population of 5,180,401 Jews; Austria-Hungary with 2,071,254; Germany with 586,948; Turkey with 250,000; the British empire with 276,614; Abyssinia with 128,000; France with 80,000 on the continent and 109,132 in Algeria, and Tunis. The number of Jews in the world is put at 10,678,802, or 1,000,000 more than was the total number of persons in the United States according to the census of 1903. Canada and British Columbia have attracted but a small Jewish immigration, there being but 25,000 Jews in them now. The Jew is not an agriculturist, and he does not seek independence on the farm.

JOEY AND RESENTMENT. (From the Chicago Tribune.) Miss Ethel who had begun to take music lessons, was seated at the piano in the parlor according to instructions, while the paternal aunt was in the library doing over a book.

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A TEMPEST IN A TEAPOT?

The Globe Vigorously Assails a Lot of People.

THE NEW LIBRARY.

Charge That Aldermen are Favoring One of Their Number Who is a Contractor—The Reply of the Contractors.

The Globe last night made an attack editorially on the city council in connection with the new library. The Globe, among other things says:—"If the building were not completed by the 15th day of April it was the fault of the contractor, who was to be paid five dollars a day imposed upon the contractor; but there was a provision that the delay be caused by strikers. Seven months have elapsed, or nearly so, since April 15th. Whether the contractor has completed all the work he was bound to do or not we are not quite sure, but we have not heard that any fine has been imposed upon him, or even that it is likely to be imposed upon him. Indeed, it is said that he has been able to procure in some way, or through some influence, a waiver of the penalty. In fact, this long delay is little short of a public scandal, inasmuch as there is a pretty strong belief that it is due to the fact that the delay is of advantage to—or for the convenience of—a member of the common council who is peculiarly interested in the erection of the building."

It has been explained in reply, says this morning's Telegraph, that some time previous to April it was seen that the contractor was not doing the work. The reason given was that the winter had been very severe and work had been impossible to do, because of the heavy snows not being dry. It was also said that the matter of the \$25 a day penalty was not to be paid, but that the contractor had agreed, with no one dissenting, that, considering what the weather should not be enforced; at least there was no decision to enforce it.

As to the penalty clause, he said this is practically never enforced. It had not been decided to enforce it in this case. Mr. Maxwell said Mr. Myles and he were out of the building. The library commissioners moved some books in and virtually took possession. As a matter of fact, he said, he had completed his part of the work much before September 1. He referred to the meeting at which the delay was considered and said that Mr. Myles had carried out his agreement to prevent expenses of the contractor because of the delay; that he had paid the library rent for May, June, July and August. Mr. Maxwell did not think it fair to hold the contractor responsible for the delay after September 1, when the contractor must not be held for months. The library commissioners had been in since September 1 and the contractor was finished with the work as early as August. The exception of one or two trifling details which invariably arose in contracts of this nature—as regards the fine of \$25 a day for which he was nominally liable by the delay, Mr. Myles said that up to the present he had heard nothing of it and did not expect to. He had done all that lay in his power, and had willingly paid \$80 for four months' rent for the old library building on account of the new quarters not being ready in time.

The matter will be aired in the coming council meeting. It is understood that of the contract of \$45,000, Mr. Maxwell's figures as follows: \$10,000 for site, work, masonry, etc.; \$27,000, the remaining \$18,000 being divided among the other sub-contractors and

Mr. Myles, the contractor, responsible for the work. It was said last night that the library commissioners have decided to have the opening of the institution next Monday.

Mayor White interviewed by a Times reporter this morning, said that a meeting of the building committee with the contractor was held some time ago, and it was agreed that the contractor would pay any additional expense. Mr. O'Brien, who is chairman of the library commission, was present. The question of how can exact the penalty referred to lies exclusively in the hands of the commission council, and not the building committee.

TOMORROW IN THE CHURCHES.

St. James church, Rev. A. D. Deering, pastor. Services at 6 1/2 a. m., and 7 p. m. Holy Communion at 9 a. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 9 1/2 p. m.

St. Paul's (Valley) church—Holy Communion 8 a. m., Morning prayer 11 a. m., children's service 3 p. m. in the afternoon. Rev. J. M. Dickson, pastor. Rev. A. G. H. Dickson.

Calvin Presbyterian church. Rev. J. W. A. Nicholson, M. A., pastor. Sunday school 10 1/2 a. m., public worship and preaching, 2:30 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class. Rev. Jas Ross, minister in the morning.

Leinster St. Baptist church. Rev. David Long will preach in the morning and Pastor Christopher Burnett in the afternoon. "Parable of the Bible class at 2 p. m.

First church of Christian Science, 15 Gorman St., services 11 a. m., Sunday school 10 1/2 a. m., Wednesday 8 p. m. Subject for Sunday morning "Soul and Body." The reading room is open for the convenience of the public every week day from 2:30 to 5 p. m.

Mission Church St. John Baptist, 15 Gorman St., Rev. P. O'Connell, pastor. Priest in charge: 24th Sunday after Trinity, Holy Eucharist (plain) at 11 a. m.; High Mass, with sermon at 11 a. m.; Choral evensong and sermon at 7 p. m.; Catholic ritual at 7 p. m.

St. C. A. meeting for men at 4 p. m. Rev. N. W. Knox, returned missionary from Zealand will address the meeting. Meeting for boys at 10 1/2 a. m. Sing-song at 8:30 p. m.

Peoples' Mission, Waterloo St. Sabbath school at 11 a. m. free and any service at 3 p. m., preaching service at 8 o'clock. Thanksgiving Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock.

Fairview Methodist church 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. P. O'Connell, pastor. Priest in charge: 24th Sunday after Trinity, Holy Eucharist (plain) at 11 a. m.; High Mass, with sermon at 11 a. m.; Choral evensong and sermon at 7 p. m.; Catholic ritual at 7 p. m.

Coburg street Christian church, J. E. Floyd, minister. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Prayers and social meeting Wednesday evening at 8 p. m. A cordial invitation given to all.

Douglas Avenue Christian church, J. C. B. Appel, minister. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Prayers and social meeting Wednesday evening at 8 p. m. A cordial invitation given to all.

Interesting

For those who want the very Best at the Lowest Prices. I RECOMMEND: Elgin Watches every Time. And knowing an expert dealer in first class lines of WATCHES do that the ELGIN WATCHES are the most reliable at the price, they have just taken the agency for showing and selling them, and will be most pleased to show you goods and prices with any other goods to be found in the city, for I consider them equal to any, second to none, and is a splendid line just opening in Solid Gold, Gold Filled and Silver. Cases, and offered at prices much below that of any other make in reliable goods, and warrant them just as represented. Call and inspect and get prices at No. 77 Charlotte Street, W. TREMAINE GARD, Goldsmith and Jeweler.

THE KISS SHUNNERS.

By Opie Reid. Evanson has a club known as the Kiss Shunners. It is not composed of old maids nor old bachelors to whom feminine lips have grown stale, but of blooming young women and maturing young men. They say that kissing, which during the past few thousand years has made such a hit, and attained what seemed to be a lasting popularity, is not only tiresome, but dangerous from a sanitary point of view.

Whether they have taken a warning cue from the traditional old woman who kissed the jaw, or the servant girl who became impudent after kissing the policeman, their constitution does not say. But they have declared against the kiss, and that must mean occasion in Evanson.

Recently in that town it was thought best to throw all bug books out of the library. One of the members of the society, a charming blonde, says that she is determined not only to give up kissing, but that so earnest and devoted to the principle has she become that she now refuses to drink Kissinger beer, to which she was at one time much addicted.

It is said that some of the young ladies of the Northwestern University, far from home and therefore in need of affection, protest against the club. One of them has expressed herself in this wise: "Well, I don't care. But if they don't want to be kissed it's their own lookout. All girls aren't cold-blooded stumps because they are studying science. I think that this club is setting a bad example. Our grandmothers and our mothers were kissed by their sweethearts, and I don't see why the rule should be against us. We can kiss our own fair. Do they think we are a lot of Chinese women? Do they expect us to be kissed by a Chinese man?"

"But don't you think that disease might be conveyed by kissing?" "I was asked by a woman deep in the study of microbes. "Disease," says she, "is conveyed, perhaps, but what are we to get out of life if we have to keep our minds on disease all the time? Why we ought to throw away the engagement ring, because it might be infectious?" "You destroy romance!" "But you know that disease has been spread by telephone—putting the lips too close."

"I know that scandal has been spread by telephone. Lips too close. Now, who wants to kiss by telephone? Do I want to be a new woman? Not if I do away with the old-fashioned method of kissing." It is said that a young professor called on a well-known young woman who had joined the Kiss Shunners. He said that he was much surprised to see her a member of that absurd organization. During a number of years he had paid his court, and his "fessory" respects to her, and he thought they were to be married; but then, "trite"—the bubbles on the stream of life arose and burst in the sun, and still there was nothing definite.

"I understand," said the professor, "that you have joined that absurd society." "I have joined a society, but I do not think it absurd." "I understand that its object is to abolish kissing." "That is true, but it is not absurd." "Then you believe that kissing is wrong?" "That reminds me that I have never kissed you, and I never shall."

"Indeed you haven't. Nor shall you ever kiss me." "I do not ask for that privilege." "You mean that dangerous nonsense." "Yes, you may put it that way. And now, since we are so nearly one mind, why should not I join the Kiss Shunners?" "Oh, you should. Let me present your petition."

"With pleasure. Shall I write it out?" "Yes. But I haven't a piece of paper. Yes, here's a piece. Oh, this reminds me of the cool little notes you once wrote to me." "Did I write cool notes? Probably it was because I fancied that at some time you might join an anti-kissing club." "Yes. Isn't it funny?" "Yes, it is laughable. But I didn't intend to be cool."

"Didn't you?" "No. My heart was yearning for you." The President of the Kiss Shunners came in hastily and found him kissing her. Established 1889—Telephone 628. NORTH END FISH MARKET 577 Main Street, St. John, N. B. JAMES P. QUINN, Dealer in all kinds of Fresh, Smoked, and Boneless FISH, Oysters and Clams. VALLEY WOOD YARD, PARADISE ROW. JOS. A. MANN, Proprietor, Dealer in Soft Coal, Hard Soft Wood and Kindling, Cracked Gals. PHONE 1227.

FRAGRANT OLD ENGLISH

Mitcham Lavender Bath Powder. Dissolved in hot water, the natural odor of MITCHAM LAVENDER FLOWERS is diffused through the room. Excellent for the complexion. 50 Cents a Box. E. CLINTON BROWN, Druggist, THE FLATIRON BUILDING, Corner Union and Waterloo Streets, OUR NEW STORE—Don't forget the address. Phone 1006.

TIMES' WANT ADS

readily secure for mistress and maid Servants and Service.

SPATS. GAITERS. LEGGINGS.

From 25c. to \$3.50 per pair. We sell you superior quality. Overgaiters at popular prices, and claim to be 20 p. c. lower than other dealers. Women's 7 button length, 25c to 50c. " 9 " " 40c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. " 12 " " 75c, 1.00, 1.25. Leggings at \$1.00, 1.35, 1.80. Flisses " 90c, sizes 11 to 2. Children's " 60c, 70c, size 8 to 10. Men's Leather Leggings, black, \$1.00. " tan, 1.50, 3.00.

Francis & Vaughan 19 King Street.

To the Public.

The Publishers of the St. John EVENING TIMES beg that you will give this paper a very careful perusal, and they have every reason to believe that you will concede it to be one of the best and brightest journals to be found anywhere. It is their intention to improve THE TIMES day by day, and make it without exception the leading evening paper east of Montreal.

The subscription price of THE TIMES is \$3.00 per year, payable in advance, but any one subscribing at the present time will get the paper until December 31st, 1905, for this amount. If you desire to subscribe for THE TIMES either by the year or by the month, kindly fill out either of the attached order forms and return with the required amount to the THE TIMES office, Canterbury Street, as soon as possible. The paper will then be delivered to your address each evening.

St. John Times Printing & Pub. Co., Ltd. Enclosed please find \$3.00, for which send THE EVENING TIMES until Dec. 31, 1905, and thereafter until ordered discontinued by me, in writing, at regular annual rate, payable in advance.

NAME..... ADDRESS.....

St. John Times Printing & Pub. Co., Ltd. Please send to my address for one year and thereafter until further notice the St. John EVENING TIMES, for which I agree to pay you the sum of 25 cents each month in advance.

NAME..... ADDRESS.....

Bargains for Cash! Bargains on Credit! IN FURS TO KEEP THE LADIES WARM. COON, MINK and MARTIN RUFFS and MUFFS. Beautiful Canadian RED FOX COLLARS, and other Fall and Winter Goods at P. CARTER'S, 655 Main Street.

JAMES V. RUSSELL, 8 1-2 Brussels Street. A LARGE ASSORTMENT Boots, Shoes and Rubbers AT LOWEST CASH PRICES. Men's Hand Made Kip Long Boots, \$3.00.

J. W. ADDISON, Importer and Dealer in Builders and Housekeepers' HARDWARE, PAINTS, OILS and GLASS. All kinds of Weather Strips now in stock. 44 Germain Street. (Tel. 1074.) Market Building.

Those Who Think they must either go without or buy cheap jewelry when they have a limited amount of money to spend, SHOULD SEE the many good and tasteful things we have that are moderately priced. For instance, Diamond Rings from \$15.00 up; Gem Rings from \$1.25 up; Silver Brooches from 25c. up. A. POYAS, Watchmaker and Jeweller, 845 MAIN STREET, N. B.

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

Interesting Letter Dealing with Theatrical Attractions, Local and Foreign -- The Dailey Company at the Opera House.

St. John's winter theatrical season opened this week in real earnest and with two theatres offering diverse classes of entertainment -- but catering to the one class of patronage which is in a more important position as a centre of dramatic art than has been for many years.

The St. John season opened with the Dailey Stock Company at the opera house in the vaudeville company at the York Theatre. Of the Dailey company it is perhaps too soon to speak with fairness.

The same play, "The Lionel" by Mlle. Adige, at the Coliseum Music Hall, during this journey from New York. This will not affect the fact of Mlle. Adige.

Richard Mansfield went to work this week in Buffalo. He will use in a repertoire this season "The Terrible," "Beau Brummel," "Merchant of Venice," and several other of his old successes.

Drugging Won't Cure Catarrh. All the medicine in the world taken into the stomach won't cure catarrh, and it's useless to squander money on tablets, bitters and liquid remedies.

BEGIN NOW! Times Wants Bring Good Results. Do you hate the Times and like it? Tell your friends it is your favorite paper.

HOW WAITERS MAKE MONEY.

Many of Them Have Received Princes Gifts From Patrons.

(From the New York Sun) "New York has undoubtedly the very best specimens of the genus waiter," said the manager of one of the big hotels.

There are waiters in some of the big hotels who are so good that they are almost always in demand. They are particularly so in the case of the French waiters in the great hotels abroad.

PRINCES ON AMERICANS.

They Say Chicago is Slangy, St. Louis is Lovely and Philadelphia is Charming.

New York, Nov. 11.—Louis Marie Philippe, prince of Orleans, said today that he had been to Chicago, St. Louis and Philadelphia.

BUBBLES.

A warm friend—cold bubble. Does without saying—the speak says the quarters of the bubble are in the left hand.

SAYS CHEE FOO.

Once again Part Arthur's fall, Kurupatin's had a gain, Stakelberg has been imprisoned, All's confusion was confounded.

R. K. Y. CLUB'S GOOD TIME.

The New Rooms Thronged at Last Night's Smoker.

When yachtmen foregather there is something doing. The Royal Kennebecasis Yacht club held their first smoker last evening in the new club rooms in the M'Kinnon building.

After an overture by the R. K. Y. club orchestra, Mr. Fox and Mr. Gilmer gave a splendid musical programme, with the aid of the several numbers which were repeated by special request of the audience.

PROVINCIAL.

Marconi, the wireless telegraph inventor, was in Glouce Bay last week, and will return here about the middle of the year.

CHILD LABOR.

After all that has been said in just depreciation of child labor it is encouraging to learn from a recent labor bureau bulletin that the conditions in this respect are not so bad as many have been led to believe.

GENERAL.

The marine department has received intelligence of remarkable speed made by the steamer Vigilant yesterday at Toronto. The vessel, which was tested for the fisheries protection service, made seventeen and one-half knots.

Morning News in Brief.

Local.

There was a slight fire last evening about 8:30 o'clock in J. D. Devoll's room, corner of Gesselin and Duke streets. Some clothing in a clothes chest caught fire, but the flames were subdued in a few minutes.

SEEKING DIVORCE.

Protestants in Massachusetts Weary of Marriage Tie.

A Boston letter to the Sun says that the Suffolk county superior court judge, Mr. J. H. Harris, has entered a petition for a divorce in the case of Mrs. M. B. Harris.

ROYAL STAMP BOOK.

The great interest taken in stamp collecting by the Prince of Wales, who has collected over 200,000, is well known. Consequently the hobby is being followed by many of the nobility.

BEGIN THE DAY RIGHT.

A good breakfast of "SWISS FOOD" is the best means to a successful day's work, try it.

THE TIMES READERS MUST MAKE THEIR PURCHASES SOMEWHERE.

Advertisements in The Evening Times show them where. Contract for space. 40,000 eyes cannot fail to see it.

RECEIVED THE MEDAL.

This medal was awarded to Mr. J. H. Doherty, a Pullman car conductor, shot himself last night at the rear of the Academy of Music.

THE "WHITE" AUSTRALIA.

The "White Australia" policy of the Australian Commonwealth is having numerous side effects. One of these concerns the missions amongst the Kanakas of Queensland.

EFFORTS TO SECURE FIRE BRIGADES.

The large building in Boston known as the Harcourt building, running from Irvington to Harcourt streets, and occupied by the Hatching-Vogel Company, George H. Walker, publisher and photographer, the Blawie-Machin Company, the Pennsylvania Metal Co., and about thirty artists studios, was completely destroyed by fire last night.

PROTESTANTS IN MASSACHUSETTS WEARY OF MARRIAGE TIE.

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THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1904.

EXPERT TYPEWRITERS ARE SCARCE ARTICLES.

The Stenographer who is Thoroughly Proficient can Obtain an Excellent Salary, and Need Never Lack Steady Employment—Qualifications Necessary to Success.

From the New York Sun. The supply of expert typewriters and stenographers falls far short of the demand. Yet expert stenographers and typewriters can easily command salaries from \$200 to \$500 a week, so wonderfully has this trade widened since the days when a stenographer was a mere scribe...

A NEW IDEA. Tonic Treatment by Indigestion—New Strength for the Stomach from New, Rich Red Blood.

The Tonic Treatment—that is the latest and only scientific cure for indigestion and other ailments arising from a weak stomach. It is a new idea, and one that is being tried by thousands of people...

A NEW TAN YARD GANG. Police Discover Another Rendezvous For Bad Boys.

The boy problem, which agitated the city at the time of the Doherty murder and consequent "gang wars" revelations, may well be taken up again, judging from developments of the past few days. Located in a vacant lot on George street...

NO ARGUMENT NEEDED. Every Sufferer from Catarrh Needs that Salve, Lotions, Washes, Sprays and Douche do not Cure.

Powders, lotions, salves, sprays and inhalers cannot really cure Catarrh, because this disease is a blood disease, and local applications, if they accomplish anything at all, simply give transient relief. The catarrhal poison is in the blood and the mucous membrane of the nose, throat and sinuses...

COL EDGARTON ON THE RUSSIAN VICTORY.

"This successful engagement of the Russian fleet with the English fishing boats," remarked Colonel Aie for his own. The contrast between Edgarton, the Arizona mining man, his former proud estate as chief of the camp and his lowly lot as a miner, is a study in itself...

Be Ready For Croup AND PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN BY KEEPING IN THE HOUSE Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed Turpentine

THE THOROUGHLY TESTED AND RELIABLE FAMILY MEDICINE. To overcome croup you must act quickly. There is usually no time allowed for sending for doctors of medicine. The hollow, croupy cough at night might be your child's last cry...

MANY HAKE ARE SALTED. More Have Been Sent From Portland This Year Than For A Long Time.

Portland, Me., Nov. 11.—Hake, hundreds of them, thousands of them, have been salted in Portland during the present fall and shipped to other cities. The exact number is unknown, but it has been said by those who have kept track of the business that it is in excess of that of last fall and ahead of any other year for a long time.

CHATHAM. Matthew Lynch Still Missing—A Wedding—Personal Notes.

Chatham, Nov. 11.—The marriage of Miss Catherine, daughter of Alexander McIntyre, to David Cameron, took place in St. John's church on Wednesday evening. The bride was attended in a stylish suit of brown broadcloth and brown hat, the groom in a dark suit...

EX-POLICEMAN FOR MAYOR. London, Nov. 11.—There is a danger that the royal and ancient borough of Kingston-on-Thames will elect a young man as mayor...

BIG PROFIT IN FEATHERS. California Ostrich Farms Are Paying Large Dividends Now.

After twenty-odd years of constant financial loss in ostrich farming and without a moment's respite, the English ostrich farms are now paying dividends. The success of California ostrich farming has come largely from an invention of an ostrich incubator by a young woman in 1884...

THE SLOCUM DISASTER. The last of the awful Slocum disaster has been heard from when on Thursday a report was made to the mayor as to the distribution of the funds for the relief of the sufferers.

Are All Women Pretty? An unnecessary question, because so many women have such poor complexions. We want to tell you of a new medicine...

HARCOURT NEWS. Harcourt, Nov. 11.—The "Mother's Magazine," Volume 1, number 1, published by Miss Marion Watson of Harcourt, appeared this week.

Medicines Loaded With Alcohol. Think of it! The Danger You Run—Drink Habit is Easily Acquired, but Hard to Cure.

Careful analysis shows that many so-called "tonics" contain little else but whisky—the rankest, poorest kind of whisky. You may unconsciously be using an alcoholic liquid remedy. Some member of your family may be doing so. Your duty is plain; stop it at once.

ABOUT NEWFOUNDLAND. The American who happens into Newfoundland will find innumerable causes for interest and surprise. The interior of the island is a wilderness primitive and practically unexplored.

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS. A POSITIVE CURE FOR NEURALGIA AND ALL FORMS OF RHEUMATISM AND BLADDER ILLS.

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS. A POSITIVE CURE FOR NEURALGIA AND ALL FORMS OF RHEUMATISM AND BLADDER ILLS. AT ALL DRUGGISTS. AT ALL DRUGGISTS. AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

ANCIENT MEDICAL ADVICE. More than 1,000 years ago, Rhazes, an Arabian physician, gave his advice to his patients with reference to the selection of a physician...

THE TIMES AIMS TO RECOMMEND THE BEST AFTERNOON NEWS-PAPER EAST OF MONTREAL.

IF YOU LIKE THE TIMES, SUBSCRIBE AND GET IT EVERY DAY.

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS. A POSITIVE CURE FOR NEURALGIA AND ALL FORMS OF RHEUMATISM AND BLADDER ILLS.

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THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12 1904.

NEWS OF SPORT. MANY EYES WILL WATCH FOR FOOTBALL RESULTS.

Today, an Important One on Many Grid-irons—Yale Plays Princeton and McGill Plays Montreal While There are Also Important Matters in St. John and Halifax.

FOOTBALL.

Several Games Today. Two games of football on the Shamrock grounds this afternoon. Carleton and Fairville teams of the intermediate league will play the first game, after which Trinity will go against the Neptunes.

The final game of football between the Dalhousie and the Wanderers will go on this afternoon at Halifax. Should Dalhousie win they will be champions, while a draw will give the Wanderers the championship.

Football Notes.

Montreal will play football with McGill college team this afternoon at Montreal. Don Malcolm, of this city, is playing with the McGill team, he recently made a record run of 83 yards. It will be a corking game.

Princeton and Yale will meet at New Haven, Conn., this afternoon. The last three games that Princeton won from Yale were due to the individual work of one man. It was Arthur Poe who turned seeming defeats for Old Nassau into victories in 1898 and 1899, and last year it was John DeWitt who scored all the points for Princeton.

John B. Foster is growing reminiscent. Let's see, wasn't it only a year ago that O'Connell, the Princeton tackle, when he was that he would have to play opposite his old chum, "Jim" Hogan, the Yale tackle, expressed his sincere regret in his good-natured way about the "good days at Exeter," and then they went forth and fell upon one another's necks, and it wasn't any David and Jonathan fall, either.

HOCKEY.

Halifax Preparing. Hockey is at hand. The Crocuses, it is said, will have a fair team. The Wanderers do not expect to have quite so fast a seven as last year, yet a capable team. Schwartz, their star of last year, is in Amherst, and will, perhaps, play for the champions.—(Halifax Mail, Nov. 11.)

From the Far North. Dawson city will send a hockey team to play Ottawa, January. They will play all the noted clubs of Canada. The Dawson team will have about 4,000 miles to play the Ottawa, the longest trip ever taken by a hockey team, and their expedition will cost them about \$6,000. At the most, they will not receive more than \$2,000 as their share of the receipts of the Stanley Cup games and they will, in all probability, be quite deficit as possible by playing exhibition matches.

They will arrive in Ottawa a couple of weeks in advance in order to get acclimated and to dissipate any evil effects from their long journey. Joe Boyle, of Dawson, who played inside of their games, is looking after the challenges' arrangements in the East. The Dawson players have been practising since September.

BASEBALL.

"Rube" is No Rube. Rube Waddell, the famous baseball pitcher, who is now in Buffalo, a member of the Oakland football team, is an eccentric character, but by no means the Rube that some people imagine. Waddell began his career as a baseball player about 12 years ago he started football about the same time. He pitched for Columbus and Detroit in the American League team, but at that time there was nothing so very remarkable about his work. He was seen pitch here against the Blues when we were in the American League. He had plenty of speed but was quite erratic. Since that time, however, Waddell has developed into a splendid pitcher and is today one of the very best in the business. He does not like to be called Rube on the ball field, and when any of his team mates bestow that appellation on him, in a game he invariably sulks, and plays poor ball. Waddell is susceptible to a jolly, and when in a game his captain or one of the other players in coaching him will say something like this: "Come on, Ednaard, shoot 'em over there. They are all easy picking for you." Mr. Waddell's cheer expands and he strikes out his men in easy style.

BASKET BALL.

Change in Rules. Up to the present the basket ball rules have been amended each season by additions and omissions in the various places. This year, however, the rules have been rearranged, and many rules have different numbers and are not found in the same successive order. An advantage in the new rule book also, is that at the top of the page is indicated the rule author-printed on that page, so that it is no longer necessary to page back and forth to ascertain which rule is being read. The first new feature is that the rules become effective November 1, 1904. This position is a new idea.

lengthened out for the fight to the wire, Lou Dillon slightly faltered. Both horses and driver, upon their pleasantry those present. Lou Dillon will be shipped to New York on Monday.

THE RING.

Young Corbett Training.

Young Corbett has been compelled to ease up in his training for his fight with Battling Nelson, which takes place in San Francisco on Nov. 29 owing to an injury to a tendon of his right foot. Corbett hurt the foot while out on the road. It is not thought the mishap will prevent him from facing Nelson or cause a postponement of the contest. Corbett is not having much difficulty in getting to 130 pounds. He weighs only 127 pounds now and is taking off weight rapidly. Regarding a rematch with Britton, Corbett says: "Britton fought me at 130 pounds one before and he will have to make that weight again if we are to meet. He says he wants me to make 133, but I don't think I can make such a weight, inasmuch as he is a much better fighter than I am. I will not fight him at 130 pounds in December I will go east and fight Terry McGovern. I am rapidly getting into trim as I realize what a tough proposition I am going up against in Mexico. I will quit the game for good."

STRANGE WAGERS.

Some Remarkable Ones Recalled by T. B.'s Wager.

A gentleman of an old Shrewsbury family, named Corbett, says T. B.'s wagers, but won his wagers that his leg was the handsomest in the county or the kingdom. No doubt the gentleman intended to pronounce this new judgment of Paris was feminine, but the ladies were not recorded. He is on record who were the judges that decided a somewhat similar bet in George II's reign. A bet was made that the slums of London would be ransacked in vain to find an uglier man than Heidegger, master of the revels to his majesty. At last an old hag was unearthed somewhere in St. James' hidousness was supposed to surpass that of the master of the revels, and the judges at first were inclined to pronounce the lady's pre-eminence. Before however, pronouncing a final decision they begged Heidegger, who entered into the spirit of the sport with the utmost good humor, to don the hag's bonnet, and the additional hideousness imparted to the appearance of the master of the revels by the grotesque head-dress won him the palm of ugliness.

THE OAR.

The Diamond Sculls.

Lou Scholes, when shown the record appearing in the New York Sun, alleging looseness on his part in the custody of the Diamond sculls, stamped the article as a deliberate falsehood. "It is a most infernal and outrageous lie, the work of some unscrupulous fellow, whose chief accomplishment is shooting hot air. The Diamond Sculls are never taken out of the safe in the office except by me. The only time they were ever out of the safe was when they were in the City hall, at the Industrial Exhibition, and on exhibition in Kyrie Brothers' window. Since that time they have never been taken out of the safe except by my own hands, even when school most of the time, the trophy is locked up in the safe in the office, and no one knows the combination of that safe but me. My own father does not know it. I would not lose the trophy nor have it damaged for \$10,000. Why, my goodness, imagine the disgrace that would come down on me and on this country, and particularly the city of Toronto. The statement that man makes is an abominable, lying fabrication from a to z. Mr. Scholes produced the trophy, which is in a wooden case, much thicker than glass in the New York description, and is lined with blue plush, with the silver plates on the bottom of the box instead of the top.

THE TURF.

A Canadian Plunging.

New York, Nov. 11.—One of the recent sensations of the racing at Aqueduct, is the success of a hitherto unknown speculator named P. Wilson. He hails from Canada, and has been a hustler and a stable boy for several years. He arrived here several days ago, and was taken in tow by Willie Shields, trainer for E. B. Thomas. Wilson was one of the few who bet on Ocean Tide yesterday. He bet \$800 on the filly and won \$3000 by her victory. Then he went right back to Thespian in fifth race and won \$2000 more. Elated at his success, he lost no time in bidding Thespian from \$500, the entered selling price, up to \$1500, at which point Matt Byrnes, who trained the Rapallo filly for J. B. Haggin, let her go to Wilson. The latter hurried to the secretary's office, and paid cash for his new purchase out of a large roll of greenbacks. Somebody was unkind enough to say that Wilson merely represented Shields in the whole transaction, but the Canadian denied this assertion.

Another World's Record.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 11.—Lou Dillon trotted a mile at the Driving this afternoon in 2:10, breaking the world's unopposed trotting record. After scoring twice, the word was given. The little mare stepped the first quarter in 30 seconds flat. When straightened out down the back stretch, Sanders called on her for a faster effort, and the half-mile post was passed in 59 1/2 seconds. The runner challenged the mare in the turn for home and she passed the three-quarter mark in 1:40 1/2, and the full mile in 2:10.

Mechanics, Barbers, Septiman!

To heal and soften the skin and remove grease, oil and rust stains, paint and earth, etc. Use the "Master Mechanic" Bar Soap. Albert Toller Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal. (See ad on page 2.)

ADVICE ANENT MARRIED LIFE. No Reason Why it Should Not be a Time of Perfect Happiness.

You are married, and it is for better or for worse. You are bound to one another as companions for life. You have but one life to live and no amount of money or influence or fame can pay you for a life of unhappiness. You cannot afford to quarrel with one another. You cannot afford to cherish a single thought, to harbor a single desire, to gratify a single passion, nor indulge a single selfish feeling that will tend to make this union anything but a source of happiness to you. So it becomes you at starting to have a perfect understanding with one another. It becomes you to resolve any matter that you are bound to one another. You are not to be selfish. You are not to be unkind. You are not to be unkind to one another. You are not to be unkind to one another. You are not to be unkind to one another.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL. Few People Know How Useful it is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most effective of all purgatives, and that it is a natural and healthful remedy for the human system for the same reasons. Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better it is. It is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system. Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating of any other odorous vegetables. Charcoal effectively clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic. It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh. All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey. The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit. A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says, "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath; mouth and throat. I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of these; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

BAD FORM.

"Would it be good taste for me to wear a low neck given the opera this evening?" "Yes, it is good taste, but with your shoulders so prominent, I suggest you wear a high collar."



Baby's Own Soap. A soap worthy of baby—tender, good enough for any skin. Pure, Fragrant, Cleansing. Albert Toller Soap Co., Mfrs. MONTREAL. (See ad on page 2.)

We Launder Everything.

From a handkerchief to a circus tent, but we make a specialty of COLLARS, CUFFS and SHIRTS. Our Shirt Bosoms are elastic and warranted not to crack. In Collars and Cuffs we give you whatever finish you desire. To be faultlessly dressed you want our heavy, pliable, finish that is so much sought after.

UNGAR'S Laundry, Dyeing and Carpet Cleaning works, Ltd. Phone 38. Gilbert's Lane Dye Works. LACE CURTAINS cleaned and done up EQUAL TO NEW. Carpets cleaned and beaten. Dyeing and scouring. MACAULAY BROS. & Co., City Agent.

Take a Friend's Advice

"THAT'S A BAD COLD YOU HAVE" "Yes; and getting worse" "Going to keep it?" "Hope not. Can't seem to get rid of it though" "Cough too?" "Bad. All night" "Well, listen to me. I've cured five men this week, and the advice is free. Do as I tell you. Get a bottle of HAWKER'S BALSAM OF TOLU AND WILD CHERRY. It's the real thing nowadays."

CANADIAN DRUG CO., LIMITED

Sole Proprietors St. John, N. B.

It Costs Money

To advertise in THE TIMES, but it costs money to carry stocks of goods till they become stale. Do you see the point? THE TIMES can bring you in touch with thousands of readers that see no other paper. Business Office Telephone 705.

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904

Local News.

Mrs. W. H. Rankin of Halifax, will receive her fiancée on Tuesday afternoon at the Hotel Dufferin.

Magistrate Jones reports twelve marriages for this week; also four-teen births, nine females and five males.

The West India steamship Dalmon, is expected to leave Bermuda today, sailing direct to this port. She will be due to arrive the first of next week.

At Chubb's corner today Auctioneer Lantulum offered at auction six shares of paid-up stock of the Lawton Wood Working company. It was withdrawn at \$20.

Macaulay Bros. & Co. in their usual space in this evening's Times, advertise a fine collection of Girls' Winter Coats and Jackets, also Infants' Headwear in great variety.

Seven deaths have been reported for the week ending Nov. 12th. They are, from consumption, 3, old age, burns, drowned, chronic bronchitis and congestion of the lungs, one each.

The American sardine fish buyers which left this port recently are at Beaver harbor buying the fish which at the present time are quite plentiful there. The price is 30 per hundred head.

The Mohawk hockey team will probably hold an indoor sporting event at Queen's rink in the near future. A tug of war between the west, south and north end teams will be one of the chief events.

The funeral of Mrs. George Caplan, took place this afternoon, at 2.30, from her residence, 80 Sheriff street. Interment was at Fernhill. Rev. P. McKim conducted the services at the house and grave.

Rev. Dr. Parker's yacht Amos, which has been for sale since his new one was built, and which was on the side barter was looking over, has been purchased by the owners of the Sunol, and will remain with the N. N. Y. club fleet.

C. P. R. steamship, Lake Manitoba landed passengers at Quebec this morning at 6 o'clock from Liverpool. This is her last trip to the city and her next trip will be to this port, leaving Liverpool on the 18th December.

Donaldson line steamship Alcides, Captain Horsberg, left Glasgow this morning direct for this port. This is the first steamer of the above line to open the winter port business. She has on board a large cargo for this city and the west.

The Donaldson line steamship, Tritonia, Captain Abernethy, received her consignment of 710 cuttings and 1500 sheep from the west this morning and they are now being put on board at No. 3 berth west wharf. The steamer will sail tomorrow morning for Liverpool and Glasgow, via Halifax.

W. J. Raymond, of the Telegraph staff, returned this morning from a day trip to Boston. He went through to Hampton and before returning to St. John, will spend a few days in the Canadian hunting woods. The knights of the pen will await with eagerness his return with a monarch of the forest.

W. Tremaine Gard invites all interested in good watches to visit his store, 77 Charlotte St., and inspect the display of Elgin watches in solid gold, gold filled, and silver cases. Mr. Gard's long experience in the jewelry business enables him to judge what is good and what is not, and to advise accordingly. He has a large stock of Elgin watches on hand, and is prepared to repair and clean them. His advertisement on page 4 of this issue will be found very interesting.

HARVESTER MADE MERRY.
But St. John Fire Water Proved Too Strong For His Constitution.

Walter Johnston, who is on his way home from the western wheat fields before the magistrate this morning on a charge of drunkenness. Johnston is about twenty years of age, and stated that he arrived in the city on the noon train from the west where he had been employed for a month in the harvest fields. He procured a stop over check and with some companions started out to "see the town." He visited a number of liquor saloons in the vicinity of the depot and became intoxicated. "Were you ever arrested before?" asked his honor.

"No sir," was the reply.
"You have to remember these, said the magistrate that the first time you were arrested was for drunkenness. That's a sad state of affairs."
"Yes sir, it is, and it won't happen again."
His honor did not seem to agree on this point.

Johnston had a sum of money amounting to nine or ten dollars when he reached the city. This he said had been stolen or else he had lost it. He also had a railway ticket for Fugmark, N. S.

He was allowed to proceed on his journey.

POLICE REPORTS.
Domville G. Wagner, an insane person from Westfield, Kings county, was taken to the Provincial Hospital for the treatment of nervous diseases yesterday, by Detective Killen, on a certificate of Drs. Case and Mott.

Yesterday afternoon a lost terrier dog was found wandering on British street, wearing collar bearing five initials. The owner can obtain it by calling at W. E. Rolstone, No. 43 Elmwood street.

There is a dangerous hole in the plank sidewalk near Christie's factory, City Road.

AN ANCIENT DOCUMENT.

Rev. W. O. Raymond Has an Original Deed Bearing Date of 1784.

Rev. Dr. W. O. Raymond, has in his possession an interesting old document. It is the original deed to Wm. Hazen and James White, of 1,000 acres of land, situated to the east of the city of St. John, and extending from Drury's Cove to Riverside. There is attached to the document, a plan of the grant by Chas. Morris, surveyor general, of Nova Scotia. There is added to the deed the great seal of Nova Scotia, which is 4 1/2 inches in diameter. The document is dated June 25th 1784, and is signed by John Parr, governor and Richard Buckley, secretary, the registry was Hon. Arthur Gould. It was afterwards registered at Fredericton by J. O'Neil, secretary.

On the back of the deed is written:—"These are to certify that the several disbanded corps settled on lands opposite the town of St. John, on the river St. John, called New Town having represented to the government that Jas. White and Wm. Hazen, were proprietors of lands there, which greatly interfered with their settlement, and that the said Jas. White and Wm. Hazen, are willing to make over their titles to the said lands, for the benefit and settlement of the town of St. John, and in consideration of the government will give to them a like quantity of acres. In consequence thereof, a grant was passed on the 2nd day of June, to said Jas. White and Wm. Hazen, of 1,000 acres of land, which was the quantity, they had possessed, and had given up for the accommodation of the said corps. The lands rendered by Hazen and White, were situated on the St. John river opposite Fredericton, in the present town of Marysville, and extending up river above the Nashuaas.

It is quite probable that the St. John liquor license act will be considerably amended in the near future and that as a result of the changes the liquor dealers will find it harder to engage the business of dispensing spirituous beverages.

The system of granting extension retail licenses, in excess of the number provided by the act, (75), will also probably be done away with and the license commissioners will be instructed to grant only 75 licenses, and thus come within the precise limits of the act.

Temperance people, all over the province, but particularly in St. John, are agitating for a change in legislation affecting the liquor traffic. Their ultimate goal is prohibition, but at the present time they are seeking to amend the St. John license act and are inserting in the thin edge of the wedge which may eventually be driven and more sweeping reforms accomplished.

At the recent annual meeting of the grand division of the Sons of Temperance considerable attention was given to the St. John license act and the G. W. P. was requested to communicate with all temperance societies in the province with a view to obtaining their support for the proposed amendment in requesting the provincial government to pass section 4 of the proposed bill to amend the license law. By this section it was asked to provide that before an applicant can be granted a license he must have a petition of a majority of the ratepayers in the ward or wards, where he wishes to do liquor business.

The Sons of Temperance will make every possible effort to have the act amended to meet their ideas, and will endeavor to impress the provincial government with the desirability of the change.

It will probably be fought, not only by the whole strength of the licensed victuallers association of Canada, but also by the enforcement of a great change in the regulations governing licenses.

In the matter of limiting the retail license to seventy-five, the temperance people have been agitating for some time, and the government has already practically committed itself to their views in this regard.

Under the present license regulations it is necessary for every person who desires to sell liquor, to make application to the inspector of licenses on or before March 23rd each year, after which date, the commission meet and fix a date for the hearing of the applications. It is also a condition of the license, that the applicant must be present at the meeting of the board.

The inspector is required, under the act, to keep in his office, for saloon, and kitchen will be enlarged. The time made by the Pokanoket to Oak Point has never been beaten by a river boat.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.
At the Dufferin—F. N. Clarke and wife, Boston; Mrs. Thomas Lancaster, and child, New York; Gordon Mills and wife, Sussex; Dr. Geo. Dickson, Toronto; C. B. Durfee, Ashland, Cal.

At the Royal—J. MacLaren, Toronto; Dr. P. H. Byrre, Ottawa; F. S. Thompson, Portland; William H. Hasted, New York; W. L. Matthews, D. H. Clarke, Toronto.

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There were five prisoners at the police court this morning. Three simple drunks were disposed of as usual. Michell Rooney charged with drunkenness fined \$2.00.

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Arthur V. Brantcomb of Manchester, Robertson, Allison, Ltd., is on his way to Europe, where he will buy millinery and other novelties for the spring trade. R. M. Smith of the same establishment, is in New York on a buying trip.

IMPROVEMENTS.
W. A. Davies, of the I. C. R. water department, who was in the city today returned to Moncton this afternoon. He was here in connection with the putting in a fire protection service in No. 9 shed, at Long Wharf. Pipes are being now put in the building under the supervision of Joshua Morrell, of Moncton. One thousand feet of pipe will be laid. It is how connection provided for the building. An up-to-date service will be provided.

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IN TELEGRAPHIC AND GENERAL NEWS THE TIMES LEADS.

TEMPERANCE PEOPLE ASK CHANGE IN LICENSE ACT.

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MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Girl's Cloth and Tweed Winter Jackets and Long Coats.

In a great variety of Styles and Fabrics. All New This Season.

Many with the new Wing Capes and Metal Button Trimmings. All are at exceptionally low prices for stylish garments. At some time we shall show a fine collection of

Infant's Warm Winter Cloaks and Coats, with Bonnets and Tams to match.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

\$10.00 OVERCOATS.

The Best in the City.

GOOD LOOKING, GOOD WEARING, GOOD FITTING, GOOD VALUES.

Just right for the man they are meant for—"YOU."

Don't wait until it is freezing cold, but buy NOW, and settle the Overcoat question.

If you want the best value to be had in a \$10.00 OVERCOAT you can get it right here.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

HENDERSON & HUNT,

Opposite Royal Hotel. FIT-REFORM-WARDROBE. 40-42 King Street.

TWENTIETH CENTURY

Fine Tailored Garments for Men.

Canada is now making Ready-to-wear Clothing equal, at least to fine American.

This Fall 20th Century Brand Competed with several of the best American makes for the order of a large concern in Toronto. The sample garments were all submitted at the same time and the concern selected Twentieth Century.

This is proof beyond question of the great advancement made in Canada in this line, particularly illustrated by 20th Century Garments, because U. S. high grade ready-to-wear has been regarded as the best produced.

If a Winter Overcoat of dark grey or black is to your taste, as it is to that of the majority, we think we can please you with these at \$10.00, \$12.00, \$13.50 and \$15.00 and upward.

WE KNOW WE CAN FIT YOU.

New Dress Suits, 20th Century, \$25, silk lined.

A. GILMOUR, Fine TAILORING and CLOTHING, 68 King Street.

Close at 6.30. Saturday, 10 p. m.

St. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 12, 1904.

Suits and Overcoats,

\$3.95 to \$15.00.

No matter what amount of money you wish to spend on a SUIT or OVERCOAT you'll find something here to suit you at the price, the quality of the goods, as well as the style, make and patterns, will appeal to your good judgment—you'll find the values unapproached.

Ask to see our Mens' Suits and Overcoats at \$3.95, \$5., \$6, \$7, \$8, \$8.75, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00.

J. N. HARVEY, MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHIER, 199 and 201 Union Street.

SECOND SECTION.

ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES

PAGES 9 TO 12.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904.

IT IS NOT HEREDITARY AND IT IS NOT INCURABLE.

An Address on the Prevention and Cure of Consumption, Delivered by Dr. William Bayard Before the N. B. Association in 1889, and Published Later by the Provincial Board of Health--It is of Special and Timely Interest.

Four Honor, Ladies and Gentlemen: Good health is the greatest blessing that can be conferred upon mankind. And it is beyond the region of doubt that we possess, in a measure, the power of preserving it. But how few realize its value until they begin to lose it.

Hence the State has found it necessary to enact preventive laws. Boards of health have been established to enforce them. And in those places where the laws have been faithfully observed and obeyed, the death rate has invariably decreased. In the year 1887 when the first sanitary laws were enacted, the general mortality was fifty per cent. more than it is at present, and that mortality will decrease in proportion as the laws are obeyed.

England is the mother of hygiene. An illustration I may say to you that the mortality from consumption yearly in Russia is 4,000 per million, while in England it is 1,338 for the same number.

It is claimed that in this country the healthy adult individual is worth one thousand dollars to the State. And I find by a late report of the Registrar General of England, that he values the life of every individual, old and young of both sexes, at one hundred and fifty-nine pounds sterling. The disease of which we are about to speak is a chronic one, and it is claimed that each death represents six hundred and thirty days of sickness. Therefore the State is interested in the individual from that of self-preservation.

But you naturally ask the meaning of tuberculosis. It is a name given to a class of diseases, caused by a germ called the Tubercle Bacillus. This germ may infest various parts of the body, as the intestines, lungs, brain, joints, glands, etc. And the disease receives its name from the locality in which the germ is found. When the germ appears in the lungs, it passes what is commonly called consumption, a disease always with us, and one with which we are too familiar. The disease was formerly supposed to be hereditary, or transmitted from the parent to child.

It is quite evident that the best preventive against the spread of consumption is the destruction of the spores before it becomes dry, but this destruction is surrounded by difficulties. The sufferer must be made to understand that unless they adopt and carry out faithfully the necessary precautions, they are a standing danger to their family, to their friends, and to the public generally.

I may say to you that a similar Association has been established in England, of which Sir William Broadbent was president, but now Lord Derby has taken his place. The Prince of Wales, in December last, displayed his interest in the movement by calling a meeting at his residence, at which Lord Salisbury, Lord Lansdowne and many of the leading men from various parts of the Kingdom spoke strongly in support of the undertaking.

You will naturally ask the meaning of tuberculosis. It is a name given to a class of diseases, caused by a germ called the Tubercle Bacillus. This germ may infest various parts of the body, as the intestines, lungs, brain, joints, glands, etc. And the disease receives its name from the locality in which the germ is found. When the germ appears in the lungs, it passes what is commonly called consumption, a disease always with us, and one with which we are too familiar.

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Therefore ladies should be careful to wash their skirts so that they can not touch the ground. It is wise to wear shoes that are clean, and to change them often. Skirts should be dragged through the sputa on the sidewalk, and taken home, dried, brushed, and cleaned, and thus infection is introduced into the household.

As I have already stated, consumption cannot be conveyed by the breath; it can be carried by the clothes, hair or hands, solved by the expectation of a child laboring under the disease when it is certain that the child has the disease he should be refused admission into the public schools, or, if admitted, he should be isolated in a separate room.

Consumptive patients are not subjects for a general hospital; they are a menace to the other patients in the institution. This will largely prevent the filthy habit of expectorating on the sidewalk, floors of rooms, railway cars, etc. There should be a law to prevent the use of cuspidors in houses, hotels, or public places, without a certain quantity of some disinfecting fluid in them.

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Is consumption hereditary? No. Prior to the discovery of the germ by Koch, it was generally believed that it was transmitted from parent to child. This belief was supported by the fact that the children of consumptive parents often died of the disease.

Is consumption curable? Yes, to a much larger extent than is generally believed. Statistics teach us that when the disease is treated in its early stage nearly fifty per cent. recover. Hence the necessity for a general knowledge of the disease and an early bacteriological test of the expectoration.

Spontaneous cures have repeatedly taken place in persons in whom the disease was not suspected or treated. It has been claimed that out of every one hundred autopsies made on people having died accidentally, or of disease, have been found evidences of healed tuberculous lesions.

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The power possessed by milk of absorbing germs from the surrounding atmosphere is such that, being allowed to remain for a comparatively short time in a room with a patient laboring under typhoid fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, or cholera, another drinking it would probably take the disease. It will also absorb the germs from any food which comes in contact with it.

These should be a positive prohibition against exposing milk in restaurants or refreshment saloons to another drinking it. It will not be disputed that an atmosphere in such places is far from being pure.

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Unless the herd from whom the milk is obtained is known to be free from disease it should be boiled or sterilized. Boiling injures its taste, and it is not so readily accepted. Sterilization does not, indeed, it is more prudent to take this precaution always, for milk may be contaminated with germs from unsuspected sources.

On one occasion in London two hundred and ninety-four cases of scarlet fever were traced to one dairy, in which a case existed. Sterilization is a simple process, and one that any cook can perform. All she has to do is to place the milk in the inner cooler of a double-boiler, surround it with boiling water, and heat slowly until the milk reaches a temperature of 160 degrees, an ordinary thermometer being used.

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Statistics teach us that consumption is the cause of one-seventh of all deaths in a community. Experience teaches us that this mortality is largely among the poor, whose environments are such that they are seldom treated successfully at their homes. When they enter general hospitals this success is not much better. And experience is daily teaching us that when they are placed in sanatoria, and treated at an early stage of the disease, recoveries range from thirty to sixty per cent. If those facts, and I do not think they will be disputed, do they not call loudly for remedial measures?

Sanatoria must suggest themselves to all. They cost money, but their construction and support. Who should furnish the money? The State or the kind philanthropist? The unhesitatingly say the State. All are to reap benefit. And throwing aside the moral interest, the State has a pecuniary interest in the life of every individual in it. I have already claimed that every adult individual is worth \$800 to \$1,000 to the State. Let us reduce that amount to \$500. Last year 102 persons died from tuberculosis in this city out of 670 from all causes. Suppose thirty out of the 102 had been saved, here we have a money value of \$15,000. We have no means of ascertaining the death rate of the disease in the Province, but we may assume it to be nearly the same. Apply this calculation to the whole Province, and you will find a margin that would support all the hospitals in the Province. When the members of the legislature are approached to grant money for the saving of human life they are apt to move. This is not a matter of sympathy or feeling, it is because they have not been made to appreciate the necessity for the give freely to railways, exhibitions, for the purchase of live horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, etc. Why, because the constituents—knowing what they want—push the members and they in turn push the government. Let us follow the example of the constituents; let us all educate the members to that which we believe to be desirable, and they in turn will push the government, and success will follow. It is not immediately apparent, but the near future, for the day is approaching—among civilized nations—when the government will be but one opinion upon this subject.

The location and construction of the sanatoria must be such that they should be located on elevated ground, with a southern exposure, as nearly as possible protected against a cold wind, and placed in the neighborhood of a park or forest. Out of the range of fog, and on the line of railway, but not distant from the town, and not on the last stage of consumption, the poor who are caring for him and her. After the patient has recovered, the sanatorium should be a place where the patient can remain until he is able to return to his home. It should be a place where the patient can remain until he is able to return to his home.

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MEMORIES OF SCOTLAND, WRITTEN FOR THE TIMES.

Edinburgh is of course the Mecca of all patriotic Scotchmen. So much of the history of the nation centres in that city, it is so full of memories of the early struggles for independence, both in national and church life, that one cannot linger long about its streets without entering into an understanding something of the pride of birth and breeding that characterizes the place.

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Edinburgh and Its Castle--Holyrood and Mary--The Den and Bonnie Hoose O' Airlie--Stirling and Bannockburn--The Language of the Lowlands and Its Relation to the English Tongue.

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IN TELEGRAPHIC AND OTHER NEWS THE TIMES LONDON.

FROM COWBOY TO PRESIDENT.

(Toronto Mail and Empire.) President Roosevelt much more faithfully represents the ideals and ambitions of his fellow-countrymen than does the hackneyed portrait of Uncle Sam, lank and limb and uncouth of speech. Our cousins prefer none of the sterling qualities of the gentleman with the plug hat and the trousers strapped over his boots. All that is the impression President Roosevelt makes on the great majority of his fellow-countrymen. There is about President Roosevelt also a brusqueness that is essential to an American quality. He is a man with whom you would not care to take liberties, and exactly the same thing may be said about the United States in its dealings with foreign powers. The temper of the country is pugnacious. It would more quickly, probably, than any other large nation in the world, take offense at the President also. He is very prompt and violent in his personal efforts in founding on fact. All this is pretty well summed up in the word "strenuous" so frequently applied to Mr. Roosevelt and to the age in which he lives. Strenuous is the idea of the present generation of Americans. From childhood the President has led a strenuous life. A boxer at college, a cowboy on the plains, a hunter in the mountains, an explorer, a lover of nature in the West, in the East a politician, a superior sort of detective in New York. Under-Secretary of the Navy, a rough rider in the West with Spain, a leader of a "rough" charge up San Juan Hill, Governor of his State, Vice-President and finally President. His record in the story of strenuousness of a superior order. To cap it all, in the Maine woods, he would have raised his to the position he now occupies, unless aided and abetted by large means and influential family connections, may be reasonably doubted. In fact, it was his money which gave him a chance to become strenuous. As a youth he was sickly, and so was comfortably despatched to the Maine woods, there to live in the open and still-hunt for the health that had never been his. The President is fond of telling of an adventure he had in the woods, in which he played quite an interior part. He

was, in fact, soundly thrashed by a native. It was Roosevelt's first encounter with the strenuous life. He elongated to be six feet high and two feet thick. On the scene of his discomfort he vowed to attain as near as possible to his ideal, so that he might not again figure as prey for a raw bumpy. With this resolve burning in his breast, he returned home and re-entered Harvard, where he cultivated gymnastics and the noble art of self-defense. Roosevelt the Westerner. Still his health did not become all that he desired, and young Roosevelt, on completing his course, resolved to go West and become a cat-man. "Though a man of means he did not attempt to save himself. Fatigue and hardship he courted. He lived not only with cowboys, but as a cowboy. No trail was too long, no weather too rough for the tenderfoot. He became one of those partners in a cattle ranch, and might, had he chosen, have been a rambling king, for he had the money and also the necessary knowledge. But he had not gone far to make a fortune. Health was his primary consideration, and he decided that there were more agreeable ways of establishing and conserving it than in the toil and anxiety which the ownership of vast herds would entail. So he became more and more a hunter and less and less a cow puncher as the time went by. All over Montana, Wyoming and Dakota, he roamed, gathering prairie lore, prairie news and increasing vigor wherever he went. He became a Westerner in very spirit, and till this day he has remained one. His Police Commissioner. Having acquired the health he so earnestly sought, Roosevelt's immediate business in the West was at an end, and he returned to the East. Soon after his arrival we find him active in New York politics. His rough rodeo among men with the "big game" had developed in him a decided liking for a manly life. This, backed by energy, ambition and sanguine influences, made him a leader. At the age of 35 he was elected delegate to a Republican national convention, and became one of the "rough riders" for Benjamin Harrison. He "roughed" rapidly, and in two years was rewarded in two years by an appointment as Civil Service Commissioner, which he held for some years, after the time strengthening himself physically. It was his work at the Police Commissioner in New York in 1895 that first brought him prominently before the people who, nine years later, were to elect him President of the United States. Theodore Roosevelt was the best official of the sort New York ever had, and what any

one man could do to reform the "corruptible" force he did. Rough Rider, Governor, President. His next step was that of Under-Secretary of the Navy, under McKinley, a position he promptly resigned when the Spanish-American War broke out, in order that he might be free to organize a force of rough riders. At the head of this "formidable unit" he saw honorable service in Cuba, and had the good fortune to figure in one or two sensational encounters, so that he came home a national hero. He became Governor of his State, but resigned to accept the nomination for Vice-President. The supreme office became his on McKinley's death. His chief acts as President have been his anti-trust legislation, his intervention in the great anthracite coal strike of 1902, and his really discreditable course with Panama. The Washington post-office scandal was an incident to his administration for which he cannot be held responsible. President Roosevelt has shown courage, audacity and honesty. It remains for him to prove that he has inherited from his illustrious predecessor any of that deep sagacity and wide coloration which made William McKinley one of the great figures of his day. Skipping at Exercise. To sixty-nine persons out of a hundred the mention of skipping and an exercise suggests nothing, but an ordinary piece of rope, by aid of the gyrations of which they used as children, either singly or in numbers to compete with one another in their power to score successive "singles" or "doubles," or even, in cases of extreme proficiency, the highly distinguished "trebles," says Francis Bond M. D., in the National Review. One of my correspondents, who permits his evidence in this matter to be quoted, and who has been a systematic skipper all his life, avers that on one occasion at school he set a record of 300 consecutive "singles," and on another of 300 "doubles," being stopped on each trip only by the school bell. But the hundredth man to whom skipping may be suggested as a pure exercise may be a trained athlete, and as such he will know that skipping holds a high place in the repertoire of exercises which the candidates for honors in athletics of whatever kind practicing in his muscles generally, capacity of braced power and the maintenance of sustained effort. He is quoted on good authority that a well known pugilist of the mid-Victorian era (John Macco) had high an opinion of skipping for the purpose of training that he used it largely to get himself into condition for fighting, and especially as a means of promoting agility, in which he was remarkably proficient. Many a football and boxing man also has had reason to thank the skipping rope for bringing him into condition for the struggle in which with leg or arm he had prepared himself to engage. IT WILL PAY YOU, IF YOU ARE IN BUSINESS TO ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES.

COM WAS VERY EASY.

The Latest Confidence Game Reported from Jersey City.

This story of elaborate enterprise and abuse of confidence comes from Jersey and is vouched for by commuters in the region about Union, says The New York Times. A farmer, who may be called for convenience Timothy Hay, was driving along near the railway station when he observed a well-dressed man very busy with what looked like a stone at that place, turning over a stone here and every now and then bending down to look intently at the ground. The man was absorbed in his singular occupation that he did not appear to observe the farmer. Mr. Hay's curiosity was aroused. He climbed down from his wagon and asked the stranger if he could render him any assistance. The stranger said at first that he feared not—and kept on prodding with his stick. Mr. Hay, however, continuing to stand by and watch the proceedings, the other presently looked up. "The fact is," he said, "I lost a diamond ring somewhere about here, and I've spent an hour already trying to find it, but I've got to catch a train in ten minutes, and if you will help me look I'll be much obliged." The farmer joined in the search. Presently there was the sound of the whistle of an approaching engine. The stranger stopped. "That's my train," he said. "I've here a ring somewhere between this point and about twenty yards back. It's worth \$300, and I'll be glad to pay \$100 reward to anybody who returns it to me. Here's my card with my address. I don't think there's much chance, but if you should happen to find the ring or hear of anybody finding it drop me a dash for the station, a hundred yards away. The farmer saw him swing aboard the last car, and then settled down to look for the ring. He spent the rest of the day at it—it was about noon when he had first given the stranger—and it was good and dark before he gave over the search. He came next day, and looked again very carefully, and every time he drove that way for a week he got down and looked about more or less. He never found anything like a ring. It was three weeks afterward, perhaps (that was only a few days ago), and Hay had pretty much forgotten all about the stranger and his ring, when as he was standing near his barn watching his horse a tramp came up—a particularly disreputable-looking tramp—and asked for some-

thing to eat. Mr. Hay told him gently to "git out," but the man sidles up to him and whispered: "Say, boss, d'ye know anything about this sort o' truck?" He drew a very dirty hand from within his shirt and displayed what appeared to be a diamond ring. "What are you doing with that, did ye steal it?" asked Hay, sharply. "I foun' it," said the tramp. "Git away with your old glass," said Mr. Hay. "Sure, boss, I did an' it," the tramp insisted, "jus' now down the road a piece not fur from the railroad depot, whar the road's full of rocks. I dunno what it's with, but I thought you might give me somethin' fur it." At the mention of the road near the station Mr. Hay started, but he concealed his agitation. "I don't go in for them kind o' things," he said, "and I don't know much about 'em, but that there ring don't look to me val'ble. Most like 'yif you foun' it, which I don't believe, it's jus' plain glass." "But I'll chance it to give you dinner for it," "Not on yer life yer don't," said the tramp, and made a move to do so. "Lemme look at the thing again." The tramp held out his hand cautiously. "I'll give you \$2.50 for it," said Hay. The tramp told him roughly that he wasn't throwing diamonds away, and the upshot of the matter after much talking was that the farmer agreed to give \$50 for the ring, reflecting within himself that he would get the credit of honesty and clear \$50, anyway, on the reward the stranger had mentioned. He wrote at once to the name and address which had been given him to announce the finding of the ring, and waited with confidence for the result. When, in a couple of days, the letter came back marked "person unknown," Hay got uneasy and went to a local jeweler to have the ring valued. Previously he had said nothing to anybody, cherishing his luck in secret. When the jeweler said that the ring was worth about \$8 cents, the victim broke out into loud lamentations and told his story. His neighbors, however, his every appearance with a charge of boots and jeans. THE CZAR'S DREAM. (Kansas City Star.) The czar is superstitious and often consults fortune tellers. A young gypsy girl has been making a success in St. Petersburg along this line and the czar, hearing of her, sent word for her to visit him. He told her of a dream that he had had, of seeing three rats, a lean one, a fat one, and a blind one. He wanted the dream interpreted, saying that it troubled him. "Has it a meaning?" he asked. "It has," said the gypsy, who is extremely frank. "The fat rat stands for Russian officialdom—for all your various ministers and department heads. The lean rat is your people. The blind rat is your-

INTERESTING HINTS ON NATURE STUDY.

(Mail and Empire.) Most people look upon the study of nature as an ornamental appendage to education, as a pursuit adapted to the hour of leisure and appropriate only to those who are comparatively independent and whose time is at their own disposal. Few ever think of taking up the matter seriously unless their profession calls for such investigations as the necessity of a strong desire to be standing these facts, there are many who profess to have a strong desire to be acquainted with the lessons which nature has to teach but who from various reasons have deferred the study. If we are to judge by the many enquiries made by such persons, one of the principal barriers consists in the difficulty of getting upon a proper course to pursue and of knowing how and where to begin the study. Many of these enquiries have doubtless been deterred from entering upon the subject because of the apparent confusion which exists among the literary writings relating to natural objects, wherein so many systems and methods of study are to be found. The very mention of a subject as scientific seems to be a stumbling block to many, while the so-called popular works upon nature with their repetitions and descriptions of well known or abnormal forms, seldom satisfy the craving to be able to follow the line existing between natural objects and their relation to natural phenomena. A few hints relating to these matters drawn from one who has experienced similar drawbacks may not, therefore, be out of place to those whose desire it is to get acquainted with nature and her numerous and important revelations. These hints must, however, be confined to present realities and be of the briefest, in order not to trespass upon the space allotted to the subject. Two sources of information present themselves to the student. The first of nature which surrounds us on every side forms the first and most important of these sources, while observation and comparison enable us to utilize the information thus presented. The recorded observations and deductions of previous investigators constitute the second and scarcely less important means of acquiring knowledge of this most interesting subject. Although there is a tendency at the present time to belittle the importance of knowledge already gained, investigation of an object affords the best and surest way to obtain correct information regarding its structure, character and purpose. That even the closest observer is apt to overlook, and the clearest mind to misapprehend, the presence and purpose of things that are of vital importance. Hence the advantage of being able to make comparisons with, and of obtaining knowledge, and getting acquainted with the opinions and observations of others. The student who has qualified himself for the purpose, and who has had the opportunity of nature and her revelations, should be prepared to acquire an accumulation of ideas so acquired as much more likely to be consistent and accurate. Making use of both these sources of information by taking hints and suggestions from the records obtained from previous investigators, our deductions should be fairly correct. That the study of nature is a task of great magnitude and variety will at once be evident that some systematic arrangement of the material objects is seen necessary, and here at the outset is seen the advantage of having the aid of recorded observations and assistance of systematic classification. By such an arrangement the student is enabled to arrange all the objects with which he comes in contact in such a way as to show the affinity that exists between them and the points upon which they differ. In such arrangements we will find that the presence or absence of the peculiar force which we call life, separates all natural objects into two great divisions, which are known as the organic and inorganic worlds. Again, we find the organic world subdivided into two kingdoms, because life is manifested in two distinct ways, one being known as the animal, the other as the vegetable world as a third kingdom, we produce three groups having the following characteristics: (1) Living objects. The organic world. (2) Objects that grow but do not move. The vegetable kingdom. (3) Objects that neither grow nor move. The mineral kingdom. These divisions are the character of which there are exceptions, are sufficiently definite for the purpose of nature study and by considering the various objects under the characters thus indicated considerable advances is made in the dissection which exist among natural objects. It may be added that while the power of reproduction exists as a rule among organic objects the inorganic world does not possess this quality of function. A mistaken idea regarding nature study is extremely prevalent among those who enter upon the task. The collecting and arranging of objects according to some system to which are attached the scientific or common name, or both, with a view to the study of the objects, is to be taken as the end and aim of such efforts. While we have nothing to say against such collections as collections, and which are useful for their proper place, we would at the same time point out that such the aim of nature study and that as such the game nature study and means are justified a more scientific, more profitable, and more interesting method is to select some particular line of development, and progress, and to arrange these in such a method as to show these characteristics to the best advantage, and extend such work as time and circumstances will permit. By this method a knowledge of nature's purposes and applications is obtained, such as could never be acquired in the accumulation of a general collection. There are a few suggestions that the intending nature student would do well to consider and put in practice, not very attractive, but upon which much that is of value and interest may be built by any intelligent mind. REDEMPTION OF COLORADO. (Chicago Chronicle.) Mrs. A. M. Welles of Denver says that Colorado parents "are made to use the 'C' brand' and are held responsible for delinquent children." That is he it should be. Now, if someone is found to be made to use the 'C' brand, and is responsible for Colorado women who try to cheat the police, that particular state will have a far better reputation for honesty than it has at present. Women in Colorado are doing some wonderful things in their zeal to have matters advanced they have defied the law, stolen the halber boxes and done things that even politicians decry. It is gratifying, however, to learn that the children in Colorado are being brought up right and that there is hope for the next generation of women if not for this. CALLING HIS BLUFF. (Baltimore American.) An Atlantic Highlands man has been trying to save a bluff there from the encroachment on the sea. He has found out what the wild waves are saying—they are calling his bluff.

ABBEL'S... Used by the masses, who, unsolicited, certify to its worth... Tones the Stomach and Stirs the Liver to Healthy Action... EFFER VESCENT... Is Nature's Remedy for Tired, Fagged out and Run-down Men or Women... If taken regularly contributes to Perfect Health, Makes Life Worth Living... ALL DRUGGISTS... SALT

THE GUESTS SIZED UP. Hotel Waiter Makes Shrewd Observations Upon Types of Men.

"One guest that I rather like to see," said the hotel waiter, "is the man that saves up his money and goes travelling only once a year. He comes in to breakfast the minute the bell rings and eats everything on the bill of fare. Begins with fruit, and then eats a cereal and then breakfast and ham and eggs and then rolls and whatever there is to eat, and drinks probably two cups of coffee, and tops off with a plate of hot cakes, maybe two, and goes away without giving me any tip, but I do not dislike him. He comes in before breakfast and gives me something to do, and I'd rather be doing something than standing around, and I like to see him eat. He's out for his money's worth, and if he isn't getting it he's doing the best he can, and he enjoys it.

"The man who disturbs me is the lanky man who scans the bill of fare slowly and keeps me waiting, and finally says, 'You may give me this, and you may give me that,' and then tosses the bill on the table and turns away and looks somewhere else or turns to talk to somebody else, as if I was just nobody. But now the youngster, the young fellow that's enjoying every minute of his time and every breath he breathes, and who's just started with being alive, and sort of half-fancies that he's a young prince, though he's friendly enough to me, why, when he says 'You may give me so-and-so,' he's more than half-natural about it, and I'm glad to get him what he wants, and he'll be all right in a year or two anyway.

AMONG THE HUMORISTS.

Parson Brown—Why do you doubt the genuineness of Green's conversion? Deacon Smith—Because he never says anything about what a shameless wretch and sinner he used to be.

Blacks—'Josee hasn't an ounce of brains, yet he seems prosperous. What does he do for a living?' 'Yes, it's an outgrowth of his successful business plan.'—Philadelphia Press.

THE MODERN DETECTIVE.

As Portrayed in the Sherlock Holmes Stories and Others of Similar Type. (From the New York Evening Post.) To many a every layer of the English reading public the most important literary announcement of last year doubtless was that Sherlock Holmes had not met his death in the encounter with the late Professor Moriarty, and that Dr. Watson would give an account of some of his later adventures. With mixed feelings was the news received, a few days ago that the great detective is to abandon his profession and retire to a home farm.

It is true that the resurrected Sherlock Holmes has failed to meet the expectations of his admirers. It is not because people are tired of this particular detective, but because the new stories with all their ingenuity have failed to bring the old in this consideration—fair play with the reader. Here is your Chinese puzzle, says the author, 'what do you make of 1877? It can make nothing of it.' The reader may say, 'Ah, is the solution?' I expected you would fail, if it be true that the resurrected Sherlock Holmes has failed to meet the expectations of his admirers.

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