

PAN-GERMAN LEADERS WIN ASCENDANCY IN TEUTON EMPIRE

French Take Town and Railway Station of Corcy

OPEN PAN-GERMAN RULE TO FOLLOW OVERTHROW OF KUEHLMANN PLANNED

Fall of Foreign Secretary Biggest of Series of Pan-German Victories REPLACED BY HINTZE Open Regime Under Control of Military Leaders Now Impending

Reports that Admiral von Hintze, a strong pan-German, was to be named as successor to Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann, resigned, have caused a small crisis in the Reichstag.

London, July 11.—The fall of Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann was arranged by German army headquarters, and is regarded in Germany as the introduction of an open pan-German regime under the control of the military leaders.

Reports of the appointment of von Hintze as secretary are accepted as final by the pan-German papers, which contend that this involves no change of policy.

Such excitement was caused in the corridors of the Reichstag Tuesday by a rumor that von Hintze had been appointed foreign secretary.

Paris, July 11.—(Hayas Agency) The resignation of Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann was taken Monday at a conference at German general headquarters which was attended by the emperor, Chancellor von Hertling and Admiral von Hintze.

WAR TO THE END The Home Libre says the military party is stronger in Germany than the diplomats, and in overthrowing von Kuehlmann the militarists show plainly that they want a war to the end and "and we must not forget that."

WEATHER BULLETIN Toronto, July 11.—The disturbance which is now very slight, is still in St. Lawrence Valley with the barometer rising slowly in all districts.

RUMANIA LOST OPPORTUNITY TO SMASH FOE

Could Have Annihilated German-Bulgar Armies in Dobrudja in 1916

MACKENSEN IN PERIL His Entire Army Might Have Been Pocketed and Captured

WAR MIGHT BE ENDED

London, July 11.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—How the Roumanian armies lost an opportunity of annihilating the German and Bulgarian armies in the Dobrudja in 1916 is revealed in a confidential document which has just reached the Associated Press from an authoritative source in Roumania.

The document contains an account of a conversation between Field Marshal von Mackensen and the Roumanian military leaders which occurred shortly after the Roumanian peace treaties were signed.

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WEATHER BULLETIN Toronto, July 11.—The disturbance which is now very slight, is still in St. Lawrence Valley with the barometer rising slowly in all districts.

Light to moderate winds, mostly fine and a little warmer to-day and on Friday, light showers in a few localities.

BRITISH IMPROVED POSITIONS ALSO

Lines East of Villers-Bretonneux Were Advanced in Local Operation Carried Out South of the Somme Last Night; German Artillery is Active

By Courier Leased Wire. PARIS, July 11.—Bulletin.—French troops last night captured the town of Corcy, on the front southwest of Soissons, the war office announced today.

The capture was effected in an operation for the enlarging of the French positions to the east of the Retz Forest.

In addition to gaining complete possession of Corcy, including the Corcy railway station, the French took the Chateau and the farm of St. Paul, to the south of Corcy.

The text of the French statement reads: "In the course of the night French troops enlarged their gains in the outskirts of the Forest of Retz. Our troops took possession of the entire Villages of Corcy, the railroad station of Corcy, and the Chateau and farm of St. Paul. Fifty prisoners, including one officer, remained in our hands."

"Two raids executed by us in the region of Maisons de Champagne, and an unnamed hill, resulted in a dozen prisoners being taken by our troops."

BRITISH LINES IMPROVED LONDON, July 11.—Bulletin.—In a local operation carried out last night, south of the Somme, east of Villers-Bretonneux, the British positions were improved, says today's war office announcement.

The text of the statement reads: "We improved our positions slightly during the night, east of Villers-Bretonneux. Yesterday afternoon and last night, successful raids in which we captured several prisoners and a machine gun, were carried out by us in the neighborhood of Merris and Festubert."

"The hostile artillery has shown some activity against our positions astride the Somme."

SITUATION IN REVIEW

By The Associated Press. German artillery and aerial activity has increased on the Flanders battlefield, but the infantry still is held in check.

Elsewhere on the western front there has been no marked activity, except southwest of Soissons where the French have advanced and further improved their positions.

Since the revival of the enemy bombardments most attention has been paid to the sectors of Amiens and to the Lys salient, west of Hazebrouck, an important railway and supply

centres in the Flanders region. The German guns are busy pounding the sectors of Hinges, in the south and Loivre, on the north, of the Lys battle ground.

Enemy aviators, who had not been very active on the British portion of the battle line are quite active in Flanders. British airmen in battles with the Germans have accounted for ten of them while another fell before the British anti-aircraft fire.

British superiority in the air is now firmly established and fighting scouts and bombing planes have outthought and harassed the enemy on innumerable occasions recently.

French troops in their latest gain south of the Aisne have extended their line around Corcy and Longpont, northeast of Villers-Cotterats. Enemy opposition at Chavigny Farm has been overcome and French patrols have pushed forward to the outskirts of Longpont and penetrated Corcy. Prisoners were taken.

Under Franco-Italian pressure the Austrian troops in Albania have retired beyond the Berat-Pieri line in the direction of the Skumbi River and Elbasan, the nearest natural defense northward. The evacuation of Berat, announced from Vienna probably was due to the Italian progress around Fier and the French advance between Lake Ochrida and the Tornica valley up which the Austrians also are retreating pursued by the Allied forces.

The fighting in the Macedonian Theatre has spread eastward and the Bulgarians are making strong attacks north of Monastir apparently to draw Allied attention from Albania. The Bulgarian attacks were repulsed with heavy losses by the French. There is great danger that the Bulgarian lines east of Lake Ochrida will be outflanked should the Allied forces reach the Sumbi at Elbasan.

THOUSANDS OF FINNISH WORKMEN ARRESTED AND EXECUTED, SAYS HAASE

German Deputy, Leader of Minority Socialist, Tells Home Truths CRITICIZE THE GOVT. German Rule in Livonia and Esthonia One of Oppression

Amsterdam, July 11.—Since the Germans entered Finland 73,000 workmen there have been arrested and many of them have been executed, declared Hugo Haase, leader of the Minority Socialists.

The speaker then referred to the suppression of vernacular newspapers in the provinces of Livonia and Esthonia, and added:

"Fifty persons recently were arrested at Derphat and German military dictatorship rules everywhere. A boy, aged 10, was sentenced to a long imprisonment for concealing arms, while a boy 15 years old was sentenced to death for picking up a manifesto. For a similar offence a woman, named Julia Bait, was executed."

Deputy Haase then read a letter from a Bolshevik, now under arrest, which said: "Julia Bait is dead, but her last words will live forever, as will the last maledictions which she flung at the German hangmen and oppressors."

Attempting to steal firecrackers, four "Frisco boys" dropped a lighted match in an explosive warehouse, and all "Frisco" was rocked on its foundations.

Italian Army Headquarters, July 10.—(By The Associated Press).—Evidence secured from Austrian prisoners indicates that the Austro-Hungarian losses during the recent offensive were in the neighborhood of 250,000.

The prisoners say that corporal punishment in the Austrian army, which was abolished last year by Emperor Charles has been re-established in practice.

Other reports made by captives tend to confirm accounts of poor wheat and potato crops in Austria. The condition of the Austro-Hungarian offensive were in the neighborhood of 250,000.

AUSTRIAN LOSSES ARE NEAR 250,000

Enemy Suffered Heavily During His Recent Futile Offensive

London, July 11.—The objects of the new Siberian Government include repudiation of the Brest-Litovsk treaty and the establishment of a Russian republic with an autonomous Siberia, according to a declaration made by a member of the new Government to the "Vladivostok" correspondent of the Nishi Nishi Shimbun, says a Tokyo despatch to The Daily Express.

It is also proposed to rehabilitate the army and send troops against Germany. Russia's national debt would be acknowledged, Siberia assuming responsibility for her share.

RUSSIAN REPUBLIC WITH AN AUTONOMOUS SIBERIA

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SUPERIORITY IN AIR RESTS WITH BRITISH

Allied Airmen Unquestionably and Clean-Cut Masters of the Air—Enemy Objectives are Being Effectually Bombed.

With the British Army in France, July 11.—(Associated Press).—Superiority in the air, clean-cut and unquestionably rests with the British flying men. There have been periods in times past when it seemed that a very slight addition of strength to either one side or the other might tip the balance temporarily, but no such periods exist now. British airmen are supreme.

Not only have railways, airbases and other vital objectives been effectually bombed, but the loss of life among German troops in concentration camps has been exceedingly heavy. Captured documents bear testimony to this and prisoners admit it.

The British have consistently conducted their raids from an exceedingly low height, sometimes coming down to within fifty feet of the ground to loose bombs. The Germans, on the other hand, set

WILSON'S DECISION GREATEST OF AGE ASQUITH STATES

Former British Premier Praises War Leadership of U. S. President KEEPS STEADY HEAD Wilson's Idea of League of Nations Most Urgent Peace Problem

London, July 11.—Herbert H. Asquith, the former premier, in an address last night at the National Liberal Club, praised President Wilson's leadership in the war and his advocacy of a league of nations after the war.

The occasion was a "hospitality dinner to American officers," at which 500 prominent Englishmen were hosts.

Vice Admiral Sims, commander of the American naval forces in the war zone, paid tribute to the cooperation of the British and American navies, and declared:

"The submarine menace is now at an end, for we are destroying them faster than the Germans can build them."

Major General Biddle, commander of the American forces in England, evoked long cheers when he announced the American troops were stationed at from 70 to 80 different points in England and Scotland.

Former Premier Asquith, in the course of a speech urging the importance of President Wilson's idea of a league of nations, said:

"The United States, as a nation, has had the very good fortune that in the supreme crisis of her national history, the man whom she most needed for inspiration and guidance has always appeared. Thus came Washington and Lincoln. Washington and Lincoln are illustrious names which have passed into history. We must not attempt to anticipate history's judgment upon men still living, but I will venture to say that President Wilson has been the head of the American government in times no less trying than any in its annals."

"President Wilson has taken the greatest occasion of his life and has carried his people with him in it. Moreover, he has laid before the world the grounds for his decision, the reason which justified and controlled and the spirit in which it was adopted. He has done this in state papers which are worthy to live side by side with the most inspiring utterances of his most famous predecessors."

"It is one thing to embrace a good cause. It is another to push it to a victorious issue. If a nation is to hold its own on the battlefield these days it must be equipped on the sea and land with the strongest battleships and the best and fastest ships, adequate organization of transport and supply and even with a superiority in all the manifold mechanical devices for aggression and defense, which the belated ingenuity of modern warfare has invented."

"America has had her difficulties. They have not stifled, but we grasp the opportunity to-night of acknowledging our unbounded admiration of the magnificent contribution America has made, is making, and will continue to make in ever increasing measure. Here again we gratefully trace the guiding hand and driving will of the President."

"Probably the world owes its greatest debt to President Wilson for helping men whose vision had been blurred and blinded by the smoke of the battlefield to see their eyes and to look through and beyond it. It is very difficult in time of war to keep a steady head and a clean count."

YOUR START

Now is the time to get your start; there are more splendid business opportunities waiting to be filled than there are men to fill them. Business is going on as usual, but there are scarcely enough young men left at home to keep all the wheels of industry turning. Almost any sort of a job can be yours now if you'll just bestir yourself and get the Want Ads working for you.

If you don't see exactly what you desire in the Want Ads today, insert a few Want Ads of your own telling about your qualifications. There isn't a doubt in the world, but what some employer, who hasn't thought of using the Want Ad expedient himself, will see you at there and immediately get in touch with you. Courier Want Ads bring results. Telephone 189.

SALE Red Brick Cottages... Price \$3,500.

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RAILWAY... Timetable.

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# NORFOLK NEWS

## SIMCOE NEWS LATE PAYING WATER RATES

Many Waited Until Last and Found Office Not Open

### OTHER SIMCOE NEWS

(From our own Correspondent) Simcoe, July 11.—Quite a number of citizens, apparently laborers or factory hands, stood about the town clerk's office last night, ready to pay their water rates. The Gas Co's office is said to be open on the evening of the last day, and very probably the men thought the municipal office too, would be open. We are not aware that this accommodation has ever been given in the past. But at any rate there was some kick coming.

Where both man and wife are busy on a ten hour day job, there is little chance now to do any business or even pay debts about town without knocking off work.

One lady who had turned in to assist with the strawberry and pea pack at the canning factory, called yesterday to say that with others she was unable to give the help she might because of the necessity of afternoon shopping.

There is considerable comment about the scarcity of strawberries, and other season's fruits, in the stores, while the factories get plenty, and many are shipped. One retailer says the price is too high. The stores cannot sell strawberries at 20 cents. We said nothing about "25 cents," but the fact remains that there is general complaint that the berries are not to be had, and many assert that early closing is to blame. Berries come to town late in the afternoon, and on the opening of the business was not profitable, and afternoon or held over at risk. The business was not profitable, and the berries were dropped. This may or may not be the case, but one thing is quite evident. Early closing has shut up the fruit stores this year for the first time, and this year for the first time we hear that berries are not to be had in the stores. You can buy them at rural stores any evening by the small box or crate, and some have gone out by auto for them. Anyway there's compensation the unsold berries may will help pay the 12 1/2 tax. And there will be berries next year.

Reverting to the opening topic, the clerk's office is open 9 to 12 and 2 to 5 o'clock daily except Thursday afternoon during June, July and August. The treasurer's office from about 9 to 12 and 1 to 5, with the same exception.

Got What He Expected. Five local citizens of the sort known as Russellites, were in court yesterday, charged with distributing forbidden literature in Simcoe on Sunday, June 16th. The publication in question was the "Forward Messenger" and the copies had been passed by the censor, but an order-in-council, which came into effect on the Saturday preceding, had forbidden distribution or even having the sheet in possession.

The maintenance of the activity was one Jenkinson and he admitted that the other four were his dupes in the matter. One of them was from Woodstock. They were defended by Mr. Martin of Trenton, who found Jenkinson rather a poor specimen in court and had on one occasion to admonish him to "fight up."

Magistrate Sutton remarked that the defendants were in a very bad way and other similar literature had been distributed by night always, would indicate a knowledge of wrong doing. In fact, Jenkinson is reported to have once said that he expected he might be called to court.

### SIMCOE AGENCY

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over the matter. He got what he expected.

In view of the short time which had elapsed after the order was issued, acting Attorney Agar advised that the Crown would be satisfied with a nominal fine. The limit is \$5,000 or five years, by the way. His Worship assessed the quintette \$1 and costs, or \$11.50 each.

Mr. Jenkinson—How have we to pay it?  
P. M.—Forthwith.

Jenkinson—We have no money. I told the men not to bring any money, could we pay \$5 a week?

P. M.—We are not running a collecting agency here.

A lady in the audience, presumably daughter of the clerical respondent, produced a roll of bills and the total fines and costs were paid over. And there was plenty of green backs to spare.

We deem it just to add that when advised of their error the gentlemen went about town and as far as possible gathered up the pamphlet, destroyed what they had and assured the authorities that they would desist in future.

A Long Place from Which to Escape. Second Lieut. W. J. Prier, a graduate of the Simcoe Business College, now a prisoner of war, is located at Kriegsgefangenenlager, Landshut, a Isar, Bayern. He was in the Royal Flying Corps and enlisted from Norfolk. His father lived near Vittoria, but the family have since moved to Brantford.

Aeroplane May Visit Simcoe This Week-End.

Efforts are at present being made to have a military aeroplane from one of Ontario's training camps visit Simcoe in the near future, possibly this evening.

Should these efforts be successful, Mr. S. N. Culver of Model Farms has generously consented to allow the machine to land upon one of his fields, where it will be upon exhibition to the public. A local organization will be on hand to collect money for a patriotic purpose from those who desire to view the plane closely.

Will Picnic at Dover. The Great War Veterans' Association of Norfolk, with headquarters here, will hold a picnic at Dover on Civic Holiday, August 12th. All of the clan and all the kiddies will be out and all their friends are extending a hearty welcome.

It has been suggested that auto owners in and out of town assist in the transportation, and all willing to do so should notify the secretary, Mr. French. This is one picnic that should be encouraged. The organization has taken the matter up with the food controller.

Press Photographs. Mrs. H. J. Ostrander has returned home after spending a week with her sister in Detroit.

Mr. H. A. Ostrander has returned home tonight to assist in installing officers in the I. O. O. F. Encampment.

Mr. Robert Osborne is attending the convention of master painters and decorators of Canada, held at the Royal Connaught Hamilton.

Elk Lt. Jack Marston, of Toronto, visited his aunt, Mrs. D. G. McKnight. One brother of two overseas has been killed in action.

Constable Penner of Port Dover was in town yesterday.

Mr. Martin of the high school staff is home, having completed his work as associate examiner at Toronto.

P. S. Inspector Cook is off to Guelph to learn how to farm.

Old Ends of News. Splendid rain—two days of heat-taming mist and drizzle and then a pour-down yesterday afternoon. Yes, it rained a lot of hay in the washing, but it was a grand rain, and it was needed.

The Courier last evening brought good news to many of Simcoe's boys and girls, in the results of the promotion examination.

Every day in July and August booked ahead is the report from a Pt. Rowan fishing yacht, whose skipper knows exactly where to drop the anchor in any weather.

Dover consumers are getting government fish through the Simcoe distributing depot.

It begins to look as though Simcoe is soon to have an auto-hearse or two, following Delhi's lead, somewhat more than a year behind.

Does your neighbor read your Courier before you do? If so, phone 330.

FRENCH PRESS PLEASED. By Courier Leased Wire. Montreal, July 10.—The French press hailed with pleasure the action of The Hamilton Spectator in printing a welcome to the Alpine Chasseurs in French. Le Devoir, Henri Bourassa's organ asks: "If the Ontario papers begin to print French what shall we have left to quarrel about?"

## STOP BREWERS' FUEL SUPPLY

Production of Beer in U. S. May End in Eight Months' Time

### GOVERNMENT ACTION

May be Plan Adopted to Head Off More Drastic Legislation

WASHINGTON, July 10.—While the Senate was debating the question of nation-wide prohibition, the Fuel Administration this afternoon announced the adoption of a conservation plan which would stop the supply of fuel to brewers, probably within another six or eight months, and thus end the production of beer after that period.

Considerable significance was attached to the announcement by the fact that the plan was prepared by a Commission named by President Wilson, and including in its membership Fuel Administrator Garfield, Food Administrator Hoover, Bernard M. Baruch (Chairman of the War Industries Board), and Vance McCormick (Chairman of the War Trade Board).

To Use Present Stocks. In brief the plan would be to permit brewers to obtain 50 per cent of their normal fuel supply to be used in production of beer out of the raw materials now in the process of manufacture, including malt already manufactured. When such stocks were used it was proposed that the fuel supply to brewers should end.

The Food Administrator estimated that the stocks of materials in the hands of the brewers at present would keep them in operation for anywhere from six to ten months—probably not longer than eight months. The Fuel Administrator's order did not state definitely that the fuel supply would then be cut off, but announced that such a course would be followed if the fuel was needed for vital war work.

Warning to Brewers. The tenor of the order was generally accepted, however, as a warning to the brewers that there was little or no chance of the Government permitting the manufacture of beer after the present stocks of raw materials had been consumed.

The danger of plunging the nation on a whisky basis by such a plan, it was believed, was small as it was felt that most of the distilled liquors would have been consumed or stored by private owners by the time the manufacture of beer was stopped.

There were some who believed that the plan announced by the Fuel Administration had been formulated in the hope of hastening the adoption of more drastic legislation by Congress, and that it was intended to represent the course which the President and some of his advisers looked upon as the more acceptable program at this time.

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## Conscience During a Raid

WHEN a raid begins and we sit together in my suburban house a very solemn feeling assails me, says a writer in the London Mail.

I review my past life: I open the cupboard of my conscience; I lug out the old skeletons that still have a good deal of solid flesh on them; I talk to myself somewhat as follows:

"For the first time in your life you are face to face with ultimate issues. For all you know this may be the last day of your life. What have you done with your life? What—"

"At this moment hostile aircraft pass overhead and the Pekingese dog barks and growls angrily. "Shut up!" I shout to the Pekingese dog. "Shut up! Lie down!"

All other raiders will agree with me that nothing during raids is more upsetting than when the dog barks.

"Then I start talking to myself again: 'Yes, that's typical of you. You're rattled—so you are taking it out of the poor dog. The dog is only doing his duty. The duty you yourself trained him to, barking at the approach of sinister strangers.'"

I interrupt: "The voice within: 'Come along, come along, old boy, I say to the Pekingese. There, then, snuggle in here, old chap, under here with the family.'"

The voice continues: "O, it's all very well. But is it only the Pekingese that has caught it sometimes when you are rattled? That about your wife? What about that little woman whom you promised at the altar to—"

I shiver and interrupt the voice. "Are you quite comfortable, dear? I entreat of my wife. 'Is there anything I can do for you? Another cushion? Is that cook's foot sticking into your side? Good, could you give an inch? Just—ah, thanks, cook. You're very cool and brave, cook—remarkably so. When this is all over it is the intention of—"

The voice starts again: "O, it's all very well, but why have you ever lapsed from this gentleness, this civility, this thoughtfulness? And when you were a young enthralling alone your domestic life—"

"Yes," resumes the voice, "your life in general. It is all you intended it to be when you set out upon your life. Have you not been so elastic ingenious man? When you embarked on your profession—"

"BOOM!" "Take this war time," resumes the voice. "Have you not been so elastic ingenious man? When you embarked on your profession—"

"Will you reform?" demands the voice. "O, yes," I answer. "Now—at once. After tonight I'm going to be a different man. I assure you. I am. I'm going to get up at 8:30."

"No, sir, regularly. Really?" "No, sir, regularly. Really?"

## Teutonic Prince Consort Uses Influence in Court To Make Holland Pro-Hun

WHILE openly protesting its neutrality the Dutch Government, backed by powerful interests, covertly favors the Kaiser's cause as far as it can safely do in the face of the anti-German sentiments of the middle class and the workers and without inviting hostilities from the Allies. If the powers that be at The Hague had their own way they would have joined the Central Powers. Such is the statement of Pieter Corlissen, a last day of your life. What have you done with your life? What—"

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"Yes," resumes the voice, "your life in general. It is all you intended it to be when you set out upon your life. Have you not been so elastic ingenious man? When you embarked on your profession—"

"BOOM!" "Take this war time," resumes the voice. "Have you not been so elastic ingenious man? When you embarked on your profession—"

"Will you reform?" demands the voice. "O, yes," I answer. "Now—at once. After tonight I'm going to be a different man. I assure you. I am. I'm going to get up at 8:30."

"No, sir, regularly. Really?" "No, sir, regularly. Really?"

## Proof That ADVERTISING Lowers Selling Cost

Some new facts and figures throw a flood of light on this subject

The rising cost of living is the great universal hardship of the present day. So great and so many have these rises been that few people stop to realize that there have been any exceptions to the general rule. But the fact is that there have been numerous exceptions and all of these exceptions belong to the same great class—that of nationally advertised goods.

The present agitation on the high cost of living has led to some investigations which have brought out a lot of facts hitherto unknown to the public. Some of the most important work in this line is being done by the Association of National Advertisers, an organization of 260 of the leading advertisers of the country. Mr. Sullivan, the secretary-treasurer of the association, has given out some vitally important facts concerning the relation of advertising to selling costs.

"The old idea," said Mr. Sullivan, "that the cost of advertising raises prices, dies hard. But the business man knows better. He knows that selling goods is costly business—no matter what the goods or what the selling methods. And he knows that anything which creates demand on a large scale, and thus makes selling easier, is bound to reduce selling costs and thus helps to reduce prices.

"But the evidence is better than argument; facts are better than theories, and we have been at great pains to collect the facts. We have secured an immense amount of data from our members which proves that advertising does reduce selling costs and thus tends to reduce the selling price of advertised goods. Let me quote a few examples:

"The makers of a famous photographic camera, when they began advertising twenty-eight years ago, made one camera which took a 2 1/2 inch picture, and which sold at \$25. Today they make a far better camera which sells for \$10. Another, which took a 4x5 picture, sold for \$60. Today they sell a far better one for \$20. And so on through the line.

"A prominent hat manufacturer has, by means of advertising, reduced his selling cost seven cents per hat. Result—the buyer gets a hat of better quality at no increase in price; this despite increased cost of raw material and workmanship.

"When the manufacturer of a famous breakfast food specialty began advertising, his goods sold at 15 cents a package. Today the package is fifty per cent. larger and the price has been reduced to 10 cents. Again advertising did it, the same causes producing the same results.

"The producer of another well known food specialty is selling his goods at 25 per cent. less to the wholesale grocery trade than four years ago.

"Twenty years ago a nationally advertised shaving stick was sold in a cheap metal leatherette covered box. Today a stick containing 20 per cent. more soap is sold in a handsome nickel box at the same price.

"Then take the most conspicuous example of them all—the automobile business; and compare the \$5,000, or \$10,000 cars of ten years ago with the equally good cars of today, selling for a fraction of the money.

"And so on through a long list. In every case, the manufacturer either has been able to lower the price or improve the quality at no increase in price."

How has he done it? By means of advertising, which has created demand on a larger scale, and thus permitted production and distribution on a large scale. Result—improved manufacturing efficiency and reduced costs. And all of this in the face of a steady increase in the cost of labor and raw materials which, with advertising eliminated, might in many cases have doubled the price of the goods.

"A triumph of economical marketing" is the only possible verdict for advertising in the face of these facts.



PRINCE HENRY OF HOLLAND.

bidden to meet German officials and interested German army officers. But conditions have changed owing to the influence exerted by the court on the members of the Cabinet.

"Like practically all the officers of the Dutch army, Col. Pleyte, Minister of War, was pro-Teutonically inclined from the outset. The Ministers of the Interior and Justice, Van der Linden and Ort, respectively, were and still are neutral to the casual observer. But their acts tell a different story. The T.H.G., an Amsterdam newspaper, was prosecuted for its criticism of Germany, while the publications on the pay-roll of Wilhelmstrasse remained unmolested, their rabid attacks on the allies notwithstanding.

"Prince Henry's and the court's influence are effectively assisted by economic conditions. Amsterdam and Rotterdam were, since more than five decades, German commercial outposts. Rotterdam especially was the unloading port for the heavy and profitable Rhine traffic. The leading firms of Mannheim, Cologne and Dusseldorf had their permanent depots or branch offices at the two largest and most important cities of the Netherlands. German banks were established to attend to the financial end of German economic penetration.

"They forged ahead of the Dutch banks and became the controlling factors of the Stock and Produce exchanges. Dutch commercial and industrial firms were dependent on German banks to a large degree. Since the outbreak of the present war coal can be had only from Germany, which thereby fastened her grip on the manufacturing and transporting interests. The big transatlantic steamship companies had already before the war to do the bidding of Berlin, and expect to obtain the same old favors after the restoration of peace. No wonder that the upper classes are pro-German in words and acts, if not at heart.

"It is different with the middle class in the cities, the farmers and the working people. The German banking firms were agencies of their home Government, and allowed German middle class business men relatively large credits, thereby contributing to the hard pressure to which the Dutch competitors were subjected, and often succumbed.

"Although Germany was in need of factory and mine hands and had to rely on the immigration of slaves and Italians in this respect, many skilled German workers of 'loyal disposition' were sent to the centres of Dutch commerce and industry, and formed the cadres of the German spy system, which started its extensive and even criminal propaganda immediately after the outbreak of the war. They were assisted in every way by the Deutsche Hilfswerke (German aid societies) of Amsterdam and Rotterdam and the Deutsche Vereine (German societies) of Utrecht and The Hague, which professed to be purely social organizations, but assumed the same functions as the Hilfswerke. They were subsidized by the Berlin Government like the Hilfswerke, who always had worked in harmony with the German consuls general."

Millions Starving Already. Deaths from starvation in Europe are estimated by the United States Food Administration at 4,750,000 since the war began, as compared to 4,250,000 killed by fighting.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

## THE FALSE PATRIOT



NO WHEAT PRODUCTS SERVED.

"TAKE IT AWAY & GIVE ME SOMETHING FIT TO EAT!"

PATRIOTIC MENU  
WAR DIET  
REGULAR MEAT'S TOP MEAT  
MEXICAN BEANS

And so, as Pepps said, "with great content to bed, and slept."

Had Hopes. She had just rejected him and naturally he was a bit sore. "You have refused me, Gladys," he observed as he turned to go. "but remember this—I shall not always be a ten-dollar-a-week clerk of us Consciencees."

The Service Flag. It is customary to put a blue star for each relative in the service on the service flag, a red star for one that is wounded, and a gold star for one that is killed. There is, however, no law on the subject.

Economy. She—How have you been economizing?  
He—Used last year's resolutions over again.

F. O. Bigelow, a member of Yonkers, N.Y., Chamber of Commerce, has been summoned under the anti-looting law.

SUFFERED TERRIBLE AGONY

"Fruit-a-tives" Alone Gave Him Quick Relief

Buckingham, Que., May 3rd, 1915. "For seven years, I suffered terribly from Severe Headaches and Indigestion. I had belching gas from the stomach, and I had chronic Constipation. I tried many remedies but nothing did me good. Finally, a friend advised "Fruit-a-tives". I took this grand fruit medicine and it made me well. To everyone who has miserable health with Constipation and Indigestion and Bad Stomach, I say take "Fruit-a-tives" and you will get well!"

ALBERT VARNER. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.



Comfort While Reading

A Pair of Well-Fitted Glasses are a decided comfort to those who have reached the age where vision changes. Where no complications exist, glasses for reading are all that are necessary. A little help while doing close work will conserve your eyesight considerably. If you are having trouble in seeing fine print, it is time to see us. We will give your eyes the help they need, and the charges will be reasonable.

Harvey Optical Co.

OPTOMETRIST 8 South Market St., Open Tuesday and Saturday Evenings

At the request of many of our customers we are stocking government fish.

WHITE FISH and TROUT Cash and Carry. 15c lb. Charged and Delivered..... 17c lb.

T. E. Ryerson 22 MARKET STREET 'PHONE 183-820. Automatic No. 1.

PRINTING!

We are supplying Printing to Brantford's Biggest Manufacturers. Our prices are Right, the Quality Excellent, and Deliveries Prompt. We want to serve YOU.

MacBride Press LIMITED 26 King Street. Phone 870.

Broadbent

Tailor to the well-dressed Man or Woman Agent for Jaeger's Pure Wool Fabrics Agent for Ely's Neckwear Agent for Aertex Underwear "Borsalino" and other High-grade Hats PHONE 312, MARKET ST.

AUCTION SALE

Auction Sale of Restaurant furniture at 44 Market Street, on Saturday afternoon, July 13th, at 1.30—consisting in part as follows:—1 silent salesman, cash register, 20 tables 40 chairs, 7 mirrors, coal and gas range combined, 2 coal heaters, dishes, 140 pieces, 2 sideboards, pictures, cooking utensils, coffee urns, blouses, bed and springs, jardiniere, table linen, 2 hall racks, glass and frame partitions, knives and forks, clock. This is a large sale. Come early, at 1.30 sharp. Terms cash. S. P. PITCHER, Auctioneer

DR. DEVAN'S FEMALE PILLS Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. 25c a box, or three for \$1.00, at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCOTT BROTHERS CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN Restores Vitality for Nerve and Brain; increases "grey matter" in the brain; builds up the system. 25c a box, or two for \$1.00, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOTT BROTHERS CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

MAY CALL "B" MEN IN NEAR FUTURE

Preparation Being Made to Receive Them at Garrison Unit

ARE WANTED BY R.A.F.

Indications are that a number of category B men will be called up shortly, as the 2nd Depot Battalion, 2nd C.O.R., have been asked to send a number of their men to be attached to the Garrison Battalion at Exhibition Camp for clerical work, to assist in the office routine of receiving and placing men as they are called to the colors. The Garrison Battalion takes only category B and C men. The date of calling B men has not yet been announced by the officials. It is stated that at present the Forestry and Railway Construction units, which draw the grade B men from the Garrison Battalion, are up to strength, but it is expected that drafts will be sent overseas from both these units in the near future, following which there will be a call for B men to fill their places.

Place With R.A.F. It is understood that when the time comes the call for "B" men will take in about a thousand in this district, which will use up about half the available men. A recent survey of the men in this grade to whom exemption was refused, showed approximately 2,200, but for the past two weeks the R.A.F. have been making a strong canvass among men of this category to join their mechanical services. Up to date the response has not been particularly satisfactory. It is reported by the R.A.F. that they have plenty of openings for "B" men in view of the enlargement of their organization and the failure of a large number of the R.F.C. mechanics to transfer to the R.A.F. When the organization was changed, the R.F.C. mechanics were given the option of transferring to the R.A.F. or to the C.E.F., and a considerable percentage have chosen the latter. This situation has created a great many desirable openings in the R.A.F., so that this organization declares its readiness to take inexperienced men and train them for trades which may be useful to them in civilian life after the war. The "B" men without mechanical experience may be taken to be trained as motor mechanics, welders, vulcanizers, irishmen, carpenters, wireless operators, machine-gun experts, etc., and it is stated that in many cases the men will have the opportunity to work up to the position of instructors. While no guarantee is given by the R.A.F. that "B" men signed on for this purpose will not be sent overseas, the general understanding is that they are wanted for service in Canada only. While "B" men have not been recruited with the R.A.F. in any great numbers of late, the fact that a large percentage of them are apt to be called out within a month or so for the C.E.F. will doubtless help the recruiting of the former service.

Post-Discharge Pay. As enquiries have been made as to the post-discharge payment allowed soldiers who have served with the C.E.F., a statement is made over this point, to the effect that men who have served at least six months in the forces, a portion of which is overseas, are entitled to a three-months' post-discharge allowance. In addition, there is a civilian clothing allowance of \$35, which will be added to the discharge payment, or which may be received in the form of an order on a tailor for clothing. In the case of men who have served in Canada alone, and who have been discharged owing to disability not contracted in the service, the regulations are that if the man has served at least one year, he receives a post-discharge allowance equal to fifteen days' pay; if for two years a payment equal to thirty days' pay, and if he has served for three years he gets a 45-day allowance. Clothing allowance will be provided according to the date of the man's discharge, as the recent order for \$35 was announced on June 25. Prior to that the allowances for clothing were eight dollars for a summer discharge and thirteen for a winter discharge.

RED CROSS BENEFIT DAY Montreal, July 10.—Although no official announcement has been made it is understood that the Blue Bonnets single day race meeting for the benefit of the Red Cross will be held Saturday, September 14.

G. T. R. EARNINGS (Montreal, July 10.—Grand Trunk Railway earnings July 1 to 7, 1918, \$1,500,596; in 1917, \$1,297,603, an increase of \$202,993.

Socialist and Hebrew trades unions across the border are planning to assist the negroes to organize in a vast labor union.

THE PERIL OF SWITZERLAND. Two maps which illustrate the peril Switzerland faces of being drawn into the war. That at the top shows the little angle of Swiss territory between Basel and Bala-hack, which juts into German soil across the Rhine, thus giving Germany an excellent excuse for an invasion of Swiss soil to protect the southern flank of its battle line (shown by shaded line), when it is thrown back to the Rhine by the Allies. The larger map shows Germany could then extend the battle line across Switzerland, joining it with that in Italy to block any allied enveloping movement.



HILL TRIBES IN THE BALKANS FLOCKING TO AID OF ALLIES

Successes of the Allied Troops in Albania is a Serious Threat to the Right Flank of the Bulgarian Armies in Region of Monastir.

London, July 11.—Successes won by the Allied troops in Albania will add seriously to the troubles of the Austrians. They were won by a fresh German action in the Balkan area where any military success must always have immediate and valuable political reaction. Wednesday states that Italian forces are still pressing forward between the middle Osum river and the Adriatic. They have reached the bank of the lower and middle Semend rivers, an advance of about 15 miles since Sunday, and are progressing on both sides of the west bank.

We have reached the west bank of the lower and middle Semend and have extended our line eastward, occupying the heights of Tomorica, the statement said. Retired in Disorder The French war office report said: "There was artillery and patrol activity west of the Vardar. Notwithstanding the costly checks of yesterday at the Cerna bend, the enemy yesterday again launched his assault troops against our positions north of Monastir, and was again repulsed with appreciable losses. In the region south of the Deol river our troops continued their advance in conjunction with Italian troops and occupied Gita Guripere, the highest point of Kosnica crest, which extends in a direction north-west of Bosnia. The Austrians, after having offered vigorous resistance in the course of the preceding days, retired in disorder into the Tomorica Valley, into which we pursued them. 210 Austrian prisoners and important material. Two enemy airplanes were brought down."

The Austrian war office statement of Wednesday said: "In view of pressure from strong enemy forces, our southern Albanian front has been withdrawn across the Berat-Pier line." Frederick entered on this war with something of the impishness with which he was accustomed to throw oil on the new velvet suit of a courtier who was taking too much pride in his looks. Thus we have him writing home in a vein of questionable pleasantry, "I have the honor to inform your humanity that we are Christianly preparing to bombard Neisse; and that, if the place will not surrender of goodwill, needs must that it be beaten to powder." It is hard to imagine the present wilder of Frederick's sword rubbing his hands in the same way before Louvain and Rheims. It was to the same correspondent that Frederick wrote in his dazed and cynical humor: "My dear Monsieur Jordan, my sweet Monsieur Jordan, my quiet Monsieur Jordan, my good, my benign, my patient, my most humane Monsieur Jordan—I announce to your reverence the conquest of Silesia." It was in such humor that he pursued his greatness. The same cynicism characterized his reception of Britain's intervention to bring about his withdrawal from his neighbor's territory. To some word about moderation he said contemptuously, "Do not talk to me of magnanimity. A prince ought to consult his interest. I am not opposed to peace—but I expect to have four duchies given me." In the same negotiation he said: "Guarantee? Who minds or keeps guarantees in this age? I am at the head of an army which has vanquished the enemy. The country which I desire is conquered. This is all I want. I now have it. I will and must keep it. Have no talk of peace? Let those who need it give me what I want, or let them fight me again and be beaten again."

It tried to write poetry, but even Voltaire's hired praise (which he returned as soon as his pay was stopped) has not convinced the world that he was great in that department. He tried the flute and the fiddle, but we should inquire in vain for any evidence that he ravished any ear on those instruments. He tried to be a lawyer, but outside of kicking the shins of his judges when they objected to his interference he acquired no greatness in that attempt. In what, then, was Frederick great? The answer is too plain that he was great only in those qualities of peridy, cunning, faithlessness, cruelty and rapacity that made him the greatest robber king who ever sat upon a throne. In that greatness he has had few emulators, and in our time, at least, they have been confined to his own family. Frederick, to do him justice, pretended to be nothing but what he was. When he started out to rob a neighbor he did not go forth cautioning about his misdeeds, but he did so by their right names. When he started out to rob Maria Theresa of Silesia some datterer about the court inscribed a banner to be borne before his army with the words, "For God and Our Country." Frederick regarded it with disdain. "Strike out 'For God,'" he said, "we are going to get a province, not to defend religion." He was under solemn treaty pledge to respect the Queen of Hungary's title to that province and cynically admitted it. But his ambition and his interest, he said, demanded a war of conquest, to which reasons he added one of personal vitality. He wanted, he said, to make people talk about him.

MARKETS

Table listing market prices for various commodities including Grain (Oats, Eye, Straw, Wheat, Barley), Vegetables (Cabbage, Carrots, Potatoes, Turnips, Lettuce, Asparagus, Green Peas, New Beets), Fish (Halibut, Kipper, Salmon, Salmon sea, Herring, Trout), and Meats (Dry salt pork, Fresh Pork carcasses, Bacon, Beef, Beef, roast, Beef, steak, Chickens, Celery plants).

NEW YORK STOCKS. Kenney, Matthews and Co., 140 Dalhousie street, phone 184, quotes New York stocks, 1 p.m.: Railroads—B and O 54 1/2, N.Y.C. 71 3/4, Erie pd 32 3/4, Mo. Pac 23 1/2, N. and W. 10 3/4, Penna. 44, Reading 90 1/4, R. 23 1/2, Nor. Pac 87 1/2, So. Pac 83 1/4, Un. Pac 121 1/2. Industrials—Aanconda 66 1/2, Car. Pol. 83 1/2, Smelters 77 1/2, U.S. Steel 163 1/2, Gt. Nor. 83 1/2, Wash. 11 1/2, Crucible 64 1/2, Linseed 40 1/2, Distillers 55 1/2, Best Steel 80 1/2, Corn Products 41 1/2, Central Leather 66 1/2, Ann. Can 47, Mex. Petroleum 38 1/2, Baldwin 88, Westinghouse 42 1/2. Holiday in U.S. to-morrow, July 12, Lincoln's birthday.

TORONTO MARKETS By Courier's Leased Wire Toronto, July 11.—The prices at the Union Stock Yards this morning were steady for every line of stock except calves, which were 75 cents lower. Trade was rather slow. Receipts 213 cattle, 118 calves, 1960 hogs, 362 sheep. Export cattle, choice, \$13.25 to \$14.25; medium \$12.25 to \$13.25; butchers' choice, \$11.25 to \$11.10; medium \$9.50 to \$10.75; common \$7.75 to \$8.50; butchers' cows, choice, \$9.50 to \$10.25; medium \$8.50 to \$9.50; canners \$5.75 to \$6; butts, \$9.25 to \$10.25; feeding steers \$8.50 to \$9.50; stockers, choice, \$8.50 to \$9; light \$7.75 to \$8.50; milkers, choice \$7.50 to \$11.5; springers, choice, \$8 to \$12; sheep, ewes, \$14.50 to \$15.50; butts and cut, \$8 to \$11; lambs \$20 to \$23; hogs, fed and watered, \$18.25; f. o. b., \$17.25; calves \$14.75 to \$15.25.

GOLFING

A match between the Brantford and Galt clubs played yesterday on the local links resulted in a win for the visitors as follows: Golf: Spalding, 1; Reville, 2; Buchanan, 3; Large, 0; Turnbull, 3; Gould, 0; Aiken, 2; Henderson, 0; De. McKendrick, 2 1/2; Scholfield, 1/2; Edwards, 3; Watts, 0; Smith, 1; Gibson, 2; Vair, 2 1/2; Jones, 3 1/2; Taylor, 1; Leeming, 2; Blake, 1; Igd. Hardy, 0; Radford, 0; Kohl, 0; Warnock, 0; Fitton, 0; McKendrick, 1 1/2; Aird, 0 1/2; Stuart, 0; Chapin, 3; Howell, 0; Newman, 3; Wardlaw, 2 1/2; Lating, 1/2; McLellan, 1; Heyd, 2. Total..... 26 Total..... 17

Reflecting Power of Wall-Papers.

The surface brightness of walls or ceilings lighted by daylight or artificial light is now determined directly by an apparatus for measuring illumination, known as the "holophane lumeter." Tests of various wall papers in rooms lit by tungsten lamps showed that a surface brightness of 0.3 foot-candles is usually necessary to give the room a cheerful appearance. Light blue, dark red, deep green, and very deep blue wall-papers showed surface brightness varying from 0.3 foot-candles for the first mentioned to 0.6 foot-candles for the last mentioned, with corresponding reflecting powers varying from 40 per cent. to 4.5 per cent.

An Unusual Sabbath.

In Heligoland the Sabbath begins at six o'clock on Saturday evening, when the church bells are rung, and ceases on the following day at the same hour. If treachery to an ally is a title to greatness Frederick was great in that, too. He made an alliance with France and then came to secret terms with Austria by which he was still to pretend to make war against her, but to withdraw her army from in front of him to surprise his ally in another quarter. The record of this treachery was made in Frederick's own hand. "In exchange (for Silesia) we will go no farther. We will besiege Neisse for form. The commandant shall surrender and depart. We will quietly go into winter quarters; and they (the Austrians) can take the army where they will. Let all be finished in twelve days." This is the Frederick who was called great. He was the founder of Prussianism, the full fruits of which the world now sees.

For Sale

Fine Block of Building Lots for sale, convenient to Motor Trucks, Ltd. We have 14 Lots on Alice and Rawdon streets. These are a fine, dry, level bunch of lots, and will be in demand as soon as building is resumed. Get in now.

J.S. Dowling & Co. LIMITED Phone Evenings 1014 Phones: Bell 1275, 1276 House, 561. Auto 193

SMOKE El Fair Clear Havana Cigars 10 to 25 cents Fair's Havana Bouquet Cigar 10 cents straight Manufactured by T. J. FAIR & CO., Ltd., BRANTFORD, ONT.

Private Sale of Furniture

Including one new Heintzman Player Piano, Parlor Suite, Chairs, Tables, Stands, Couch, Rockers, Pictures etc. All must be sold, as I am moving to a smaller house. Prices very reasonable. Terms for piano, 20 per cent. cash, balance in monthly payments. Sale commences Friday evening, July 12, at 7 p.m. to 10 p.m. and Saturday from 3 to 6 p.m.

A. G. LUDLOW, 105 Murray St.

JAP HAT VARNISH

Makes Your Old Hat Look Like New. All colors, will not fade or run. 15c PER BOTTLE

C. A. CAMERON George St. Opp. Market Sq.

COAL CEMENT LIME BRICK

JOHN MANN & SONS 323 Colborne Street BELL 90 MACHINE 46

REUBEN ROGERS

GUELPH, ONTARIO. GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND BUILDING MOVER Contracts Made for Moving Any Buildings, Large or Small BRANTFORD OFFICE: 43 Market Street. Phone 961.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Resorts in Ontario Including: BALA (Muskoka Lakes), FRENCH RIVER (French and Pickerel Rivers), POINT AU BARIL (Georgian Bay Resorts), BOBCAUEON (Kawartha Lakes), SMITH'S FALLS (Rideau Lakes), SEVERN RIVER (Gloucester Pool), BON ECHO (Lake Mazinaw), Etc. Are Conveniently Reached by the Canadian Pacific. Summer Tourist Fares in Effect.

General Change of Time, July 14 1918

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agt., Toronto.

J. T. BURROWS

The Mover Carting, Teaming Storage Special Piano Hoisting Machinery Office—124 Dalhousie Street Phone 865 Residence—236 West St. Phone 638

THE GIBSON COAL Co.

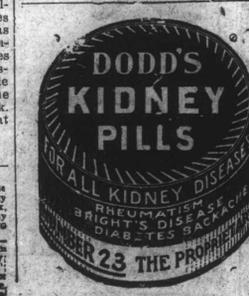
D. L. & W. Scranton Coal OFFICES: 52 ERIE AVE. 150 DALHOUSIE ST. 154 CLARENCE ST.

RESTAURANT FISH AND CHIP

Everything Clean and Fresh Try us for your Fish Dinner Made at all hours. T. HOBDAY, Prop. 145 1-2 Dalhousie St., opp. P.O. Open Evenings until 12 o'clock License Number 10-1054.

Gentleman's Valet

Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing and Altering. G. H. W. BECK Bell 560. 132 Market St.



**THE COURIER**  
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THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1918

**THE SITUATION.**  
Once more the announcement is made that the big German drive will soon commence and that the enemy has about completed the re-constitution of his battle divisions for this purpose. The confidence of both the British and the French is both to be unimpaired.

The allies continue to advance in the Balkans and the Bulgarian army is stated to be threatened. Austrian troops after offering rigorous resistance retired into the Tomiora Valley into which they were pursued and prisoners and important war material taken. Within the dual empire itself internal troubles and dangers are becoming more and more marked. The stories regarding the royal family are based on the circumstance that the Empress is an Italian and rumors have arisen that she has used her influence to lessen the Austrian offensive.

The French continue with success, their nibbling tactics and have made new gains between the Marne and the Aisne.  
The fact that Germany is not seeking to hold the Bolshevik government responsible for the murder of the German Ambassador is pretty good evidence of the understanding between that outfit and Berlin.  
The Kaiser has issued another of his blasphemous messages in which he claims that although "Our victorious arms have not yet succeeded in entirely breaking our enemies will to destruction, the task will finally be accomplished by the aid of the Almighty."

**THE GAS MATTER.**  
After consultation with Mayor MacBride, City Solicitor Henderson went to Chatham to be in attendance at the gas investigation there. It was felt that as the supplying field is the same as for this city the interests of this community should be watched in the matter. Mr. Henderson in conversation with the chairman of the Commission explained the situation and was promised that a sitting would also take place in Brantford. The City Solicitor in a letter elsewhere in this issue states that the people at Kent, Essex and Lambton do not complain of the quality of the supply and that the odor is not apparent in these districts. This is explained by the circumstance of new pipes, good draught and no open stores, whereas in the case of Brantford pipes and connections are exceedingly old. Mr. Henderson is of opinion that under the order of the board prohibiting the use of the gas for manufacturing purposes, the supply for domestic use will be better than ever and that there should be no shortage this coming winter. For instance, the Steel Company of Hamilton, which is on the Brantford supply line, have been using five to six million feet a day and have now had to substitute oil and the same thing is true in a lesser degree of many other concerns. The report of the City Solicitor is very reassuring as far as the domestic supply is concerned and in addition to this it is satisfactory to know that a session will take place here for the ventilation of all grievances.

**A TIMELY OBJECTION.**  
The Hamilton papers are protesting against the tone of U. S. movie pictures which are depicting Uncle Sam as the whole thing in this war. In this regard the Herald says: "Too many of the films which are shown nowadays are decidedly distasteful to Canadians who have respect for their own country and for Britain, and for our European allies. It is not pleasant to one who is fairly well informed as to the facts of the war, for example, to be visually instructed that the British empire, France and Italy having failed to lick Germany, Uncle Sam has stepped in to relieve them of the task and is assuming responsibility for the whole job."

No pictures of this class have yet been exhibited in Brantford but there can be no doubt as to the fact of such an output from the studios across the border and they are not wanted in this Dominion. It is well enough for such appeals to be used as a stimulus among our neighbors, and the greater the enthusiasm among them the better, but any picturizations which make Uncle

Sam the boss fighter instead of simply one of an allied task, should be confined to home consumption.  
**NOTES AND COMMENTS**  
A counter gas has been discovered which kills the fumes of the Hun noxious variety. It should also be applied to the Tibury article.  
The Kaiser has left the front for his home in Berlin because he is suffering from an attack of the grippe. As for his other grip, it will disappear under the treatment of the Allies.  
Lt. Quentin Roosevelt has brought down his first aeroplane on the Western front. Here's hoping that he will prove as successful a big game hunter as his Dad.  
German airmen dropped many bombs on a villa in Belgium in which girls were making bandages for the wounded. Thirty were killed outright and twenty-four died later. This news ought to cheer up the All Highest during his illness.  
The marvel of one day is only an incident of another. The King and Queen of Belgium, when they attended the twenty-fifth wedding anniversary of King George and Queen Mary, made the trip across the channel in an aeroplane. When that feat was first accomplished not so long ago, it merited front page attention of all papers. Now it is discussed in a paragraph.

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**MILITARY REFUSES TO PRODUCE MAN**

**Calgary Registrar Tells Judge Ottawa Says Courts Have No Authority**

Calgary, July 10.—On the order to produce Private Norton, of the Alberta Depot Battalion, before Chief Justice Harvey, of the Supreme Court of Alberta in Calgary, this morning Registrar Carson, representing the Canadian Minister of Militia, said on instructions from the Acting Premier of Canada he was to issue a section five of the order-in-council to show that no court in Canada had any authority to make an order of any military commander until the case of Norman Lewis was fully dealt with by the Supreme Court of Canada.  
Registrar Carson stated to the court that the finding of the Supreme Court of Alberta in the Lewis case had produced a state of unrest and defiance of the law among the men now called in the colors in Canada, and that the lawyers of Canada were now advising the draftees to discard his Majesty's uniform.  
The Colonel for Contempt  
A writ of attachment was ordered to-day by the Appeal Division of the Supreme Court, and Sheriff Graham was ordered to bring Col. Moore before the Supreme Court on a charge of contempt of court. Col. Moore, acting under orders from the adjutant-general, refused to appear to produce some twelve men ordered held in the province under writ of habeas corpus who, it is understood are now on their way to France. The order was issued at three o'clock this afternoon, and three hours search failed to result in the colonel's apprehension. In the meantime the court waited but adjourned at six o'clock for the day. If he is apprehended to-night he will be held by the sheriff. No bail has been fixed, the court ordering that no bail could be arranged until after Col. Moore had appeared before the court to answer to the contempt charge.  
The following order-in-council dated July 5, was produced by Registrar Carson to-day, and when it was read to the court Chief Justice Harvey commented that it apparently superseded civil law in Canada:  
Whereas, in the case of one Norman Earle Lewis, the Supreme Court of the Province of Alberta, Appellate Division, decided on the 28th of June, 1918, that the order-in-council of the 20th of April, 1918, P.C. 909, had not the force of law and that consequently all exemptions cancelled by the order-in-council of the same day, P.C. 922, remained in full force and effect; and whereas, the Attorney-General, Minister of Militia and Defence represents that military conditions make it imperative necessary that the principle of this judgment should be applied to habeas corpus cases, and that it is impossible to suspend the operation of orders-in-council pending an appeal if the exigencies of the military situation are to be met; and whereas, his Excellency, the Governor-General-in-Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Prime Minister, is pleased to order and direct, that men whose exemptions were cancelled pursuant to the provisions of the order-in-council of the 20th of April, 1918, above referred to, be dealt with in all respects provided by the said order-in-council, notwithstanding the said judgment and following any judgment or any order that may be made by any court, and that instructions be sent accordingly to the general and other officers commanding military districts in Canada.  
(Signed)  
"F. K. Bennett, Assistant Clerk of the Privy Council."  
Chief Justice Harvey said, in reply to Mr. Carson's statement, that he would not be surprised to him if the military authorities of Canada persisted in disregarding the laws and orders of the Supreme Court of Alberta if the soldiers were to rebel against the laws and orders of their citizens' right and liberties, even to the extent stated by Registrar Carson.  
The order-in-council which Registrar Carson produced was dated July 5.  
It was announced that a special session of the Appeal Court would be called for, and that Col. Moore would be given a chance to produce the men or take the consequences.

**M.S.A. NOT AFFECTED**

**Decision of Alberta Court Will Not Check Custody or Moving of Troops**

**STATEMENT BY GOVT.**

Ottawa, July 11.—An official statement, outlining the position of the Government in regard to the Calgary situation is in preparation and it is expected will be issued in the course of the day. The statement, it is understood, will emphasize the reasons which led to the passage of the order-in-council cited before the Alberta Court of Appeals.  
"The order-in-council" stated Hon. C. J. Doherty, acting Premier to-day, "was merely for the purpose of empowering the Minister of Militia to put into effect the announced policy of the Government in regard to the Calgary case."  
The policy referred to was outlined in a statement issued by the Government on July 3. After reciting the circumstances of the Lewis case, the announcement read:  
"Meanwhile the Government will proceed as heretofore in the execution of the powers conferred by the regulations and the judgment pronounced by the Alberta court will not be permitted to affect the custody or moving of the troops authorized by the regulations."  
How serious are the issues raised by the Alberta judgment, is fully realized here. While no doubt is entertained in official circles that the order-in-council declares invalid by the Alberta Court if appeal will be upheld by the Supreme Court, it is fully admitted that a difficult situation has arisen. The order-in-council in question was passed under the general powers of the War Measures Act.  
Under those powers many other orders-in-council respecting war activities have been passed and might also be called in question. If the constitutional point is pressed to the extreme, temporary dislocation of war effort might result with grave consequences not only in regard to the constant supply of reinforcements overseas, but also to measures taken at home. Any steps taken as a consequence of the Alberta disturbance were taken because of the urgent need for man-power. There was no desire to provoke a conflict between the civil and military authorities.  
In regard to Col. Moore, it is announced that, in the event of his apprehension before the court, he will be held as he is adequately defended.  
**NO APPREHENSION.**  
Calgary, July 11.—Up to this morning no apprehension was made of Lieut.-Col. Moore under the attachment writ issued out of the appellate division of Alberta by Lord Chief Justice Harvey, Justice Stuart and Justice Beckett, Justice being made by J. E. Varley, who is conducting the case for Norton, Sheriff Graham has his men working at any time that he is needed. It is believed that he still is in the city.  
The reason for Lieut.-Colonel Moore's non-appearance before the court Wednesday afternoon as given by Registrar Carson, is that he was not to appear. Chief Justice Harvey said that no matter if the judgment were reversed, it would be in effect the law of Alberta and must be obeyed. Some caustic comment on the order-in-council issued on July 5 especially framed to meet the exigencies of the present situation, appertaining any judgment or order made by any court, were made by the bench during the hearing.

**Margaret Garrett's Husband**

By JANE PHELPS

CHAPTER VIII.  
I tried with all my might to appear different, interested, when Bob came home, but I feared all feelings for me had left him. He was as indifferent, apparently as if I had been a last year's calendar, or something, equally as uninteresting. I tried to smile, but he didn't look at me, so he didn't know that I had smiled. He had absolutely no thought for me. I wiped the perspiration from my brow. Bob was making it terribly hard for me. And yet, how was I to know, even dream that I was trying to be different. I realized that Elsie was perfectly right when she had said that it would do no good if Bob knew what was going on. His was a nature that could not be won, but he didn't care.  
Finally I mentioned that I had asked curious, now that I had promised Elsie to do all I could to get my husband back, I was anxious to hear him express himself on such subjects.  
"As a rule men and women marry with their eyes shut! They don't realize that they are making prisoners of themselves; that they are making life impossible, life in its fullest sense because they are doomed to spend their days with someone who is— he hesitated, flushed, then said slowly, "forgive me Margaret."  
I joined her at the time specified and pretended not to notice that she appeared surprised that I had called her; that I had had initiative enough to do so.  
The film story was one which interested me almost painfully. It was the story of a young wife who knew he was untrue to her, and who never gave him up, even when he heaped all sorts of insult upon her. "I held him when he loved me, I shall hold him if he hates me; it will be indifference that will cause me to give up," she had said in one of those voiceless speeches flashed on the curtain.  
Bob was indifferent, I thought, or was he? Was it not more an active dislike. I had endeavored by my actions? How I wished I knew. The film held me until the end, where, when he had exhausted all else, the husband returned to the faithful little wife, who never had given up; never allowed herself to become discouraged. He had hated her for a time because she stood in the way of his pleasures, or he had thought she did, but when all else failed, he remembered the little woman who had waited.  
"Would it be so with Bob? Not that I for a minute thought Bob untrue to me, or had I even mistrusted any sort of fondness for another. But would he, when he saw that I was kind, patient, and loving, give me the love I so craved? Would he be satisfied then with my love, a rejuvenated, a better love than I ever had given him although I had always loved him?"  
I was beginning to see dimly that I had been wrong. Not yet was I sure that Elsie was right, however. But I had failed miserably in my way; so I would keep my promise to the letter no matter how hard and prove it her way was the right way; and that I had been all the time in the wrong.  
To-morrow—A Terrible Fright.  
Donald Sutherland, M.P. for Oxford declares the administration of pensions by the Pensions Commission is nothing short of a crime against the men who have suffered disabilities in the war and demands the immediate attention of the government.

**Your Problems Solved.**

BY REV. T. S. LINSOTT, D.D. (All rights reserved.)  
Dr. Linscott in this column will help you solve your heart problems, religious, marital, social, financial and every other anxious care that perplexes you. His personal answer is required, enclose a five cent stamp. No names will be published; if you prefer, sign your initials only, or use a pseudonym.

M. J. & Co.—Money invested in advertising is like money invested in seed wheat by a farmer. Some advertisements do not pay as well as others, but the persistent advertiser never fails to make large profits. There is no speculation, or chance, or luck about it—it is one of the certainties. You can depend upon it if you do upon the laws of gravitation and attraction. The most successful business men are the persistent advertisers. The moral of which is that you should never be without an advertisement in the Courier.

**A LOVER OF SHAKESPEARE:**  
You ask if I think Shakespeare was an inspired man. Well, everything depends upon your definition of inspiration. It is undoubtedly true that Shakespeare knew the human heart and could interpret its needs, describe its goodness, its badness, and picture the actions of every type of character under any condition. But Shakespeare knew no other man in history. No man, outside of the Bible, of any nationality, ancient or modern, is the equal of the immortal bard in a knowledge of and the power to depict human nature. This is unquestionably ever-human, and it also applies to the supernatural. Shakespeare was an inspired man.

**RUMANIA LOST!**  
Continued from page one with a view to cutting off all their communications and striking from the rear. General Averescu's own position was safe for behind him he had eight divisions of support and reinforcements, including Serbian and Rumanian troops of the first quality.  
But Averescu had neglected to cut the wires which connected him with the politicians in the Rumanian capital and he had only got fifteen miles beyond the Danube when there came a peremptory order to withdraw his forces. It was an absolute command from the war cabinet. Averescu tried to reason with his political chieftains over a long distance telephone wire, and even threatened to resign, but the politicians had decided and refused to change their decision. The cabinet, it appeared, felt that there was danger of the German armies on the other side of Rumania—the Carpathian front—breaking through and doing a great deal of harm at a time when Averescu's army was far afield. The politicians timidly offered a defensive policy to a daring offensive and after a day or two of delay Averescu and his army withdrew from their commanding position in von Mackensen's rear and retired back across the Danube.  
The Germans were much puzzled by this manoeuvre and never were able to secure a satisfactory explanation of this withdrawal of their enemy at the very moment when his cause seemed won. Von Mackensen was an old pre-war friend of Averescu and knew the latter's abilities too well to underestimate them.  
This was why von Mackensen sought out Averescu during the war, he was sure he would work hard for Germany and he was sure he would be a valuable asset to the German army in the Dobruja.

**Released Alien To Be Interned**

Toronto, July 11.—Acting for Alexander Resman, a. O'Donoghue, this morning secured from Mr. Justice Sutherland an order releasing his client from the custody of the police of Brantford, where the chief thought it undesirable for him to be at large. He had been interned at the beginning of the war, but was subsequently released, in a statement submitted to Chief Justice Sutherland a week ago, it was set out that the prisoner was the leader of the foreign element and that meetings had been held by this element at which the King and the Allies had been cursed. Whether the release from the custody of the police is "out of the frying pan into the fire" for Mr. Pysanuk remains to be seen, for Mr. O'Donoghue remains in the city. A wire had been received from Sir Percy Shrewsbury, saying that he would be interned at Kapuskasing when released.

**INTEREST IN RACE.**

New York, July 11.—No race scheduled for the local tracks this season has aroused more interest than the Dwyer Stakes for three-year-olds to be run this afternoon at Aqueduct. This event is substituted for the old Brooklyn Derby and the distance of a mile and a furlong will provide a great test for three stars of the division. The starters will be John, winner of the Suburban Handicap, Belmont Stakes and Latonia Derby; Jack Hare Jr. and War Cloud, both winners of the \$15,000 Preakness Stakes.  
John with Robinson in the saddle will carry 127 pounds to 124 for Jack Hare Jr., ridden by Lyka and 124 for War Cloud, which will be piloted by Buxton.  
Because the speed shown in recent races, it is likely that Jack Hare Jr. will be the favorite, but both of the other cracks will find plenty of supporters.

**SUBS HAVE LESS FREEDOM**

London, July 11.—Speaking in London to-day, Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the British Admiralty, said that mines gradually were being laid in the submarine which now had less freedom, and he was glad to say there were fewer of them.

**IS OBTAINED.**

Volodga, Russia, Sunday, July 7.—(By the Associated Press)—White Guards have occupied Uraslav, a town 175 miles northeast of Moscow, and have a detachment of men between Moscow and Volodga. Russian Bolshevik forces have been sent in the direction of Yaroslavl.

**The Royal Loan & Savings Co.**  
38-40 Market Street. Brantford.  
Incorporated 1876.  
Total Assets ..... \$2,500,000.00  
**Debentures**  
For sums of One Hundred Dollars and upwards we issue Debentures bearing a special rate of interest, for which coupons, payable half-yearly, are attached. They may be made payable in one or more years, as desired. They are a legal investment for TRUST FUNDS.

**When you make an unexpected call at a friends house, a brick of Ice-Cream will always be welcome.**

**Russell's**  
LIMITED  
BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS  
110 COLBORNE ST. BOTH PHONES 179  
CANADA FOOD BOARD LICENSE NO. 5-1330.

**Government FISH**  
Friday, Saturday

White Fish .....	15c, 11c	Lake Erie Herring .....	11c, 13c
Salmon Trout .....	15c, 17c	Haddock .....	13c, 14c
Yellow Pickerel .....	15c, 17c	Burbot .....	13c, 14c

**OUR REGULAR LINE OF FISH**

White Fish .....	20, 22c	Cod .....	18c
Jumping Herring .....	15c	Salmon Trout .....	20c, 22c
Shrimpers .....	15c	Finnon Haddock .....	20c
Halibut .....	30c	White Haddock .....	22c
Gaspé Sea Salmon .....	35c	Stripped Cod .....	15c
B.C. Sea Salmon .....	30c	Kippinies .....	30c
Skate .....	12c	Fresh Pickled Herring .....	15c

**BENWELL FISH CO**  
License No. 9-7735, 48 Dalhousie Street Both Phones, 204.

**FOOTBALL**  
The Brantford team are very good.

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# Local News

### FOOTBALL.

The Brantford Football team will journey to Toronto on Saturday to play the Toronto Scottish. The latter team are leading the league and a very good game is expected.

### HAVE LANDED SAFELY.

Nursing Sister Martha V. Carling, formerly a teacher in the Central school here, who was reported last week as aboard the Llandovery Castle, and her brother Harry Carling, for years in the Bank of Commerce here, have landed safe overseas, according to a cable received to-day.

### CONSERVE COAL.

"It is the patriotic duty of every municipal officer to use his best efforts to educate the consumers of fuel to use the strictest economy in the use of coal and to substitute wood material whenever possible." G. H. Ferguson, Provincial Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, writes to the city clerk whom he urges to take up the matter of coal conservation with the city council.

### HAMILTON PLAYS HERE.

The Brantford semi-pros will play Hamilton at Agricultural Park Friday evening at 6.30 sharp. Line-up and batting order teams: Brantford—Orcutt, 3b; Bradley, 1.f.; Mitchell, s.s.; Lee, 1b; Kaufman, r.f.; Burke, 2b; Sears, c.f.; Summerhayes, c.; Flint, p.; Albertson, 3b; Hutton—Pitterson, 3b; Buscombe, 2b; Haeckbush, 1b; Smith, 1.f.; Beattie, s.s.; Carter, r.f.; Long, c.f.; Shaw, c.; Muir, p.

### BOOM TELEPHONE CITY.

An original and effective means of spreading Brantford's fame over practically all parts of America was advanced to-day by G. W. Broomfield, plumbing inspector. Mr. Broomfield suggests that picture post cards, portraying Brantford's points of interest, and stamped ready for use, be distributed among every detachment of American soldiers passing through the city. The cost would be trivial, and the cards would be gladly received by the Sammie, and mailed to all parts of the United States. The idea has already been suggested to Mayor MacEbride and to the Women's Patriotic League, and will very likely be acted upon.

### BAND CONCERT.

By kind permission of Lieut. Col. F. A. Howard and officers, the 33rd Regt. Dufferin Rifles band will render the following program at Agricultural Park, Friday evening, July 12th, Frank C. Johnson, Jr., conductor: 1. "Penny Ivanhoe" (Brooks); 2. waltz, "Garden of Roses" (Wallace); 3. "American Patrol" (Meehan); 4. "Colonel Bogey" (Alford); 5. "Bits of Renicks Hits" No. 13B; 7. overture, "Scottish Melodies" (Beyer); 8. march, "Salutation" (Litz); 9. overture, "Sons of Erin" (Bryor); 10. march, "Invicargil" (Littigrow) God Save the King.

### CIVIC HOLIDAY.

Monday, August 5th, has been formally fixed by by-law, as Civic Holiday here this year.

### FIREMEN'S HOLIDAYS.

Lt. Fred Howarth of the Fire Hall has gone on his vacation. Fireman T. Hurley has returned from his holidays.

### BUILDING PERMIT.

A building permit has been issued to Thomas Lackey, 39 Richardson St., for the erection of a frame garage, the cost to be \$50.

### PICNIC POSTPONED.

The picnic of the Older Girls' Conference, which was to have been held at Mohawk Park yesterday, was postponed for a week, owing to weather conditions.

### DETAINED.

Mr. Lee, consulting engineer, who was expected to arrive in the city yesterday, was detained in Montreal, and will not be here until the first of the week.

### ONTARIO'S CROP REPORTS.

The district representatives in their reports to the Department of Agriculture state that haying is in full swing in Ontario, and that the grain and other crops promise to turn out well.

### AIRMAN WOUNDED.

A cable has been received by Mrs. F. Saunders that her son, Flight Lieut. T. L. Saunders, of the R.A.F., has been wounded in the chest, and admitted to hospital at Storover in France.

### PICNIC TO DOVER.

A large gathering of the young people of St. Jude's Sunday School, together with their parents and friends, left on an early car this morning for Port Dover, where the annual excursion and picnic of the Sunday School is being held.

### RECEPTION TO PASTOR.

A social reception in honor of the Rev. A. E. Marshall, the new pastor of Wesley Methodist Church, will be held to-morrow evening. Invitations have been extended to all members of the Ministerial Association to be present.

### RETURNED MEN.

Mr. Geo. MacDonald, secretary of the Soldier's Aid Commission, has received word that the following men are now at Halifax on their way home: C. O. Burnham, 12 Charlotte St.; H. L. Hamilton, 39 Brington Road; and J. Shaw, 15 Brington St.

### ORANGE CELEBRATION.

Brantford will be well represented at Preston to-morrow, where the Orangemen of Ontario will gather to celebrate the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne. Delegations from local lodges 297,742 and 2425, as well as from the Lady True Blues of the city, will be in attendance, and representatives also from Burford, Paris and Cainsville. It is estimated that the total gathering at Preston will number nearly 5000.

### TWILIGHT MEET TO-NIGHT.

"Rain or no rain, the meet will be held to-night," said Director George Mosley yesterday morning. But he changed his mind early in the afternoon, when Jupiter Phylous made it clear that he intended to make a day of it. The meet will therefore be held to-night at Agricultural Park, commencing at 7.15. Miss Bamford's race against Vic Walker will be the last event on the program.

**Whitaker's Bread**  
Like the British Navy  
Always in the lead  
Union Made

**KEEP LOOKING YOUNGER**  
Keep yourself looking younger by wearing younger looking glasses.  
You will get rid of that old look caused by eyestrain if you wear our invisible double vision lenses.

**JARVIS OPTICAL CO. LTD.**  
CONSULTING OPTOMETRISTS  
Eyes Examined, Glasses Fitted  
52 Market Street  
Phone 1293 for appointments

**Friday Specials!**  
Women's Patent Lace and Button Boots. Sizes 2 to 4 only. Regular \$4.50 and \$5.00. Friday—  
**\$2.98**  
**NEILL SHOE CO.**  
158 COLBORNE ST.

### AMBULANCE ARRIVED.

The new motor ambulance which was ordered for the city, arrived last night, and is now awaiting removal to the fire hall.

### "FIVE MINUTE MEN" POPULAR.

Frank Yelich, organizing secretary of the War League Bureau, who has completed a month's tour of the West, reports that the work of the "Five Minute Men," who give talks on war topics, is proving very popular.

### SEPARATE SCHOOL PICNIC.

The annual picnic of St. Basil's and St. Mary's schools was held this afternoon at Mohawk Park, under the auspices of the Separate School Board. The kiddies from both schools were present in large numbers, while the adults were no less conspicuous by their numbers and evident enjoyment of the afternoon's sports.

### GOING TO BE SOME GAME.

Baseball fans are assured of a lively encounter at Agricultural park on Saturday afternoon, when Pratt and Letchworth, the league leaders, will meet Verity's, who are making a hurricane rush for the championship. The league contest has practically developed into a race between these two clubs for the leadership, and Saturday's game will be a battle royal. The Motor Trucks will meet the Cordage in the other game on the afternoon's schedule. The new Paris, Galt, Preston and Kilmear League which has been organized, is under O.A.B.A. auspices, and therefore eligible to play exhibition games with the city league. Some such contests may be arranged at a later date.

### POLICE COURT.

China, Italy and Russia were represented in the police court this morning, when Sam Tei How, Ing Woe, Angelo Fazzari and Alex. Korchen were charged with not carrying registration certificates. Ing Woe was fined \$20.00 and costs, Sam Tei How \$4.85, Fazzari \$2.85 and Korchen \$4.85, while all received a warning. James Stanb, charged with non-support, will serve for three months or pay a fine of \$10.00 and costs. A lady was charged with leaving her car standing on the street for two hours, the case receiving an adjournment until to-morrow.

**LYONS TAILORING STORE BURGLED**  
Thieves Broke in Through Rear Door and Made Big Haul  
TOOK \$400.00 WORTH

Cutting their way through a wooden storm door, forcing a metal bolt and drawing another after they had cut a hole through a plate glass window, thieves last night made a haul amounting to nearly \$400 from the Lyons Tailoring Company. Raincoats, suits, collars and ties and belts were taken by the intruders, of whom there must have been several.

In December last the store was burgled in a similar manner, and a week later four Hamilton men were arrested, charged with the theft. Two were convicted and two were acquitted, while of the two who were sentenced, one has since been released. The other is in the direction of these young men, as the work was done in a manner which proved that the marauders were working on familiar ground.

Ascending from Wharfe St. to the rear of the store, the thieves cut a hole through the outer door, drew one bolt and forced the other, thus gaining access to the inner door, which is equipped with a plate glass window. A small hole was cut in the glass, presumably with a diamond or an instrument for glass cutting, and the bolt on the inside of this door then drawn. Thus accepting their entrance, the marauders ransacked the store in the most thorough manner as they could in a short time, taking something from almost every stock of wearing apparel in the store. That care was exercised in their selection is shown by the fact that shirts and collars only in certain sizes were taken, and others of larger sizes left behind. Eight cents which had been left in the cash register, were not overlooked.

The burglary was first discovered by Mr. L. G. Stewart, manager of the store, when he came down to work at eight o'clock this morning. The rear doors of the store were still wide open, and the outer door of the store in confusion. Mr. Stewart lost no time in summoning the police, who are now working on the case and confident of locating the culprits in short order.

### EXPRESS TRAIN LOOTED.

By Courier Leased Wire  
Paola, Kansas, July 11.—Three persons were shot and the mail and express cars were looted by a dozen bandits who held up a fast Missouri Kansas and Texas passenger train early to-day at Kooch, a siding three miles east of this city. They compelled the engine crew to detach the mail and express cars and run them away. When the two cars had been stripped of valuables, the bandits fired in motor cars which had either been left nearby or been brought up by confederates. A posse of 200 men are out after them.

## STREET RAILWAY UNIFORMS AGAIN WERE DISCUSSED

Trades and Labor Council Object to Their Going to Hamilton Firm

UNION LABOR WANTED Election of Officers for Ensuing Year Was Also Held MAJORITY RE-ELECTED

There was a meeting of the Trades and Labor Council last night, when several important items were discussed, chief amongst them being the question of the street car men's uniforms going to non-union workshop, and out of the city. John Lewis, a delegate from the Tailors' Union, protested strongly against this, as he said local tailors should be protected first, more so on account of the slack time they are having just at present.

Mr. Clemmensen then spoke in defence of the Street Railway, claiming that all city contracts should be let on a fifty-fifty basis between the men and the Street Railway Commissioners, and that the former could not pay the high price demanded by the city tailors, when they could get them cheaper in Hamilton; he also claimed that Commissioner Calbeck said the city tailors could not have made the uniforms under three months, when they could not have waited half that time.

Ex-Ald. Jennings, another delegate from the Tailors' Union, moved that all city contracts should be let in the city, when possible, to be made here, and that all union tailors in the city should have the union label on it. This move was heartily endorsed by the present. He mentioned Hamilton as an example, saying it was the greatest home industrial city in Canada.

Quite a heated argument took place here between Messrs. Lewis and Clemmensen, the former claiming that it was unfair to the Labor party that the street car men, who are in a union themselves, should have let a non-union shop do the work. Mr. Clemmensen replied that it was not all the fault of the men. The argument was tactfully averted at this point by Treasurer John McEwan.

Mr. Neale introduced a motion that delegates go to the City Council to get them to publish the assessment roll of the city for the current year, that all might see how property had been assessed. This motion was carried. A resolution was passed, "That this Council go on record as being opposed to the practice of giving civic work to outside firms; also that the council do the same in all cases, and that the Street Railway Commissioners be asked to cancel present one if possible." Copies of this resolution were sent to the City Council and Street Railway Commissioners.

Election of Officers.  
The following election of officers for the ensuing term took place:  
President—J. W. Stinchcombe.  
Vice-President—Mr. James, re-elected.  
Secretary—John McEwan, re-elected.  
Recording Secretary—M. Kite, re-elected.  
Auditors—Messrs. Lewis, Kirby and Graves.

Municipal Committee—Shaw, Tyler and Amos.  
Labor Committee—Neal and Beshaw.  
Organization Committee—Kite, Crowley, Armstrong, Graves and McCauley.  
Educational Committee—Neale, Scott and Lewis.  
The meeting was brought to a close at 10.30.

## STRIKE IN VANCOUVER IS SETTLED

By Courier Leased Wire  
Vancouver July 11.—Final stumbling blocks to the settlement of the street car and electricians strike were removed at an early hour this morning when the electricians, in conference with the various power companies, obtained satisfaction for their demands. Coincident with this agreement, the street car and electrical workers strike in Vancouver and other British Columbia cities was called off.

The street car men are to receive a minimum of 40 cents an hour, and a maximum of 51 cents an hour, two years' service to determine the maximum pay. They receive the 8 hour day, a six dollar basic wage and the right to re-open negotiations, dependent upon the cost of living, upon thirty days' notice.

## CANADIAN CASUALTIES

By Courier Leased Wire  
Ottawa, July 11.—To-day's list of 24 casualties reports one Canadian soldier died of wounds, three died and three wounded, six gassed and eleven ill. The list for Western Ontario follows: Infantry: Ill: B. Mann, Dundas. Services: Ill: C. Smither, Brantford.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

## WILSON'S DECISIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

President Wilson does not think. "We cannot ask ourselves too often what we are fighting for. President Wilson has done more than any other statesman to concentrate the minds of his own people, of the Allies and even of enemy peoples upon a league of nations as our dominating world aim."

"There can be no clean peace which does not clear away the causes of war. It seems to me all important that both here and in America we should realize and act as though we realized it, that a league of nations is neither a vague political abstraction nor an empty receptacle, but a concrete and a definite plan. This is a large step in advance on the road of human progress, but it can and must be taken and when the goal is reached due honor will be paid to President Wilson as the greatest of its pioneers."

## Returned Hun Decorations

Norse Pilot's Effective Protest Against Submarine Warfare

By Courier Leased Wire  
Christiania, July 11.—Hans Olsen, one of Norway's best known pilots, who for years piloted the German emperor's yacht on its summer cruises in Norwegian waters, has returned to the German legation the numerous decorations given him by the Emperor.

He wrote the German minister that the decorations were returned as a protest against the shameful murder and cruel massacre of Norwegian sailors, many of them his friends, by German submarines. While he had appreciated the decorations, their possession now gave him no feeling but disgust.

## Nuptial Notes

ZINCH-BOCKELMANN.  
Waterloo, July 10.—St. John's Church this afternoon was the scene of a pretty wedding when Miss M. M. Bockelmann, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Bockelmann, became the bride of Rev. A. A. Zinck, B.A. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. Bockelmann, father of the bride, assisted by Rev. Dr. Little, of Waterloo, and Rev. Mr. Fiegler, of Brookville, Indiana. Following a honeymoon trip to points east Rev. and Mrs. Zinck will reside at Brantford.

The Rev. Mr. Zinck is pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, Queen street.

AUSTRIAN CLAIMS  
By Courier Leased Wire  
Vienna, July 11.—Via London—Austrian forces in Albania are occupying a new defensive line, which has been organized, according to today's war office report. The statement announces the repulse of a French detachment which was advancing in the Devoli valley.

The text of the statement reads: "In Albania our troops have organized a new defensive line." "A French company, feeling its way forward in the valley of the Devoli was repulsed."

**THE LITTLE TOTS**  
If they were able to talk they would certainly insist on the Purest of Milk.  
We have pasteurized and raw milk, both guaranteed for their richness and purity.  
ALL NIGHT DELIVERY  
**The Brantford City Dairy**  
17 Sarah Street. Phone 522.

**Furniture Suggestions For June Brides**  
LIVING ROOM PIECES THAT LINE AT PRICES TO SUIT EVERY PURSE  
Beautiful Library Table, fumed oak ..... \$20.00  
Imitation Leather Rocker, with all-over upholstery ..... \$12.00  
Walnut Rocker, upholstered in beautiful tapestry, dull finish ..... \$15.00  
Walnut Dining Room Suite, 9 pieces, at ..... \$250.00  
Music Cabinet, in dull mahogany finish, very fine for only ..... \$18.00  
Walnut Bedroom Suite, Queen Ann, at ..... \$150.00  
Fumed Oak Pedestals, 36 inches high ..... \$6.75  
Chesterfield, in beautiful tapestry, mild shade \$30.00  
Parlor Table, in mahogany, pedestal round top \$12.00  
Dresser, in walnut, very newest, at ..... \$36.00  
It will pay you to see these before you buy, as our stock is large and most complete.  
**M. E. LONG**  
FURNISHING CO., Ltd.  
83 AND 85 COLBORNE STREET.

**ANNOUNCEMENT**  
**FALL WHEAT SEED**  
IN VIEW of the partial failure of the Fall Wheat crop in this Province this year, it will be necessary for farmers to make early arrangements for the supply of seed which they will need for Fall sowing. Under these circumstances farmers who have on hand quantities of wheat suitable for Fall seeding are urged to conserve them for this purpose. If there is no demand locally, the information should be supplied to this Department, or to the Local Office of this Department in your County, so that every effort may be made to have an equitable and satisfactory distribution. The need for foodstuffs justifies a large acreage of Fall wheat in this Province again this year, and the co-operation of the farmers in the mobilization and distribution of the available seed supplies is invited.  
**ONTARIO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**  
GEO. S. HENRY,  
Minister of Agriculture,  
Parliament Buildings,  
Toronto, Ontario.

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COMING EVENTS

TARE NOTICE—An Orangenemen and Friends, special through train to Preston will be run, leaving Brantford 8.15 a.m. Friday, July 12th, on L. E. & N. Ry. Geo. L. Page, County Master; A. B. Lee, County Secretary.

ALL ORANGEMEN ARE SPECIALLY requested to meet in their Temple Building, Dalhousie street, Friday morning, July 12th, 7 a.m. sharp. George L. Page, A. B. Lee, County Master, County Sec.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY SITUATION WANTED as Janitor; good references and experience. Box 271 Courier. S/W23

SITUATION WANTED—Young man willing to do carpentering or any kind of work. Box 270 Courier. S/W23

WANTED—Several salesladies for Saturdays, and one good saleslady for permanent position. Woolworth 15c store.

DIED

SIMON—On Wednesday, July 10, at the residence of his son, Mr. W. F. Simon, 174 William Street, Charles Simon, in his 73rd year. Funeral will take place on Friday at 2 p.m. to Mount Hope Cemetery.

REID & BROWN

Funeral Directors and Embalmers 814-816 Colborne St. Phone 459. Residence 44

H. B. BECKETT

Funeral Director and Embalmer 158 DALHOUSIE STREET Phone 167. 2 & 4 Darling St.

H. S. PEIRCE & CO. Funeral Directors and Embalmers Successors to H. S. Peirce 75 Colborne Street. Prompt and courteous service, day and night. Both phones 200. W. A. THORPE. O. J. THORPE

Machinists Wanted

Wanted—Several first-class Machinists to work in tool room in Munitions Plant. The highest wages and best working conditions. Apply by letter, or in person, prepared to go to work. C. W. McFARLANE Engineering Company, Paris, Ontario.

LODGE NOTICE I. O. O. F.

Installation of Officers of Brant Encampment, No. 4, on Friday evening, July 12th, at 8 o'clock. A BERGER, Chairman, of Committee.

NOTICE

If all other methods have failed, go to Dr. E. L. Hanselman, Chiropractor, 223 Dalhousie St., for a permanent cure for any disease. No drugs, no knife, only natural methods.

Notice to Horse Owners

Owing to the continued advance in stock, the Horse Shoers have been compelled to advance the prices of shoeing. JNO. GARDNER, Sec.

UPHOLSTERING

All kinds of Upholstering William & Hollinrake Phone 167. 2 and 4 Darling St. Opera House Block.

Olympia Ice Cream

ALWAYS FRESH AND VELVETY—TRY IT ONCE—PHONE 517

The Sign of Good Value

T. J. MINNES 'Phone 301. 9 King St.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

FURTHER WHEAT RESTRICTIONS

Additional Regulations Require Use of Substitutes For Breakfast Foods

Ottawa, July 11.—The Canada Food Board today issued an order providing additional regulations in order to conserve wheat by requiring the use of substitutes in the manufacture of breakfast foods, now made wholly or in part from wheat. The order provides that no person shall manufacture any rolled wheat, wheat flakes, wheat meal or cracked wheat containing more than 80 per cent, by weight, of wheat flour, in manufacturing any of these products of the whole wheat, from which the bran and shorts are not removed, no substitute need be added. No alimentary paste or self-raising flour containing more than 80 per cent, by weight, of wheat flour, may be manufactured. The manufacture of buckwheat flour, containing more than 35 per cent of wheat flour is prohibited.

Except for those products mentioned above, no breakfast food containing more than 50 per cent of wheat flour may be manufactured. On or before August 1 every manufacturer of any of the products mentioned in the order must file with the Food Board a sworn statement, showing the ingredients and the proportion of the same constituting each such product made by him. Violation of any of the provisions of the order makes the offender liable to a fine of not less than \$100 and up to \$1,000, or no imprisonment for a period up to two months, or to both fine and imprisonment.

The Canadian Council of Agriculture in convention at Winnipeg for two days, passed a resolution declaring that Canadian farmers were behind the government for the prosecution of the war, but making certain suggestions for improvements in conscription.

Automobile Bargain

1916 McLaughlin Special D 45, just recently over-hauled. Complete with two spare tires, tubes and rims, power pump on engine, chains and license. Price \$925.00 cash. Phone 647, evenings 1705.



For the Kiddies

CAMERA

Will interest and be an endless source of amusement for the children. We have reliable machines as low as \$2.50.

H. E. Perrott

Cor. Colborne & King.

H. B. GARDNER

Still makes the old reliable lines of High-Grade Cigars from Imported Tobaccos only.

Owing to the rise in the excise on cigars, the prices will be somewhat changed. Select No. 1..... 15c straight Select No. 2..... 2 for 25c Select No. 3..... 10c straight Iroquois..... 10c straight Clansman..... 7c, or 4 for 25c Small Clansman, or Our Pet, or El Sustento..... 5c straight Private Smokers can be supplied by the Box.

H. B. GARDNER

41 COLBORNE ST.

NEW PASTOR WAS GIVEN RECEPTION

Rev. Robt. White Welcomed to Pulpit of Park Church

The members of Park Baptist Church, individually and as a body, extended the hand of welcome last night to the Rev. Robert White of Hollidaysburg, Pa., who on Sunday last, assumed the pastorate of the church. Tea was served in the basement of the church at half-past six, following which a special service of welcome was conducted, at which all departments of the church paid their respects to the new pastor, while greetings were extended from a number of other local churches.

"It is indeed a happy occasion for me," declared the Rev. J. H. Silmon, of St. Andrew's Church, "here, nearly 5,000 miles away from my home church, to welcome as a fellow pastor the man who baptized me, the man who laid the foundation of whatever I may possess in the field of Christian character. Under his critical eye and kindly smile I made my first public utterance. "Intellectually and morally, you will find Mr. White as big a man as he is physically, and that is saying something. Remember, it is far easier for five hundred people to love one man than for one man to love five hundred people. On such an occasion you are apt to wonder how you will like the new minister; do you ever wonder how he will like you? Think it over."

Rev. W. E. Bowyer, Rev. G. A. Woodside and Rev. Llewellyn Brown also spoke briefly, holding forth hope for a successful pastorate for Mr. White. "Brantford was never more in need of the gospel than at the present time," observed Mr. Woodside, "nor were her people ever more receptive."

"I knew two former pastors of Park Church, Rev. Mr. Rose and Rev. Mr. Wagoner," remarked Mr. Bowyer, "and esteemed both of them highly as God's true gentlemen. When we can thus say a good word for the outgoing pastor, surely it augurs well for the incoming one."

The chair was occupied by S. G. Read, who commented upon the coincidence that the accession of Mr. White to the pulpit of Park Church took place on the anniversary of the church. Dr. U. M. Stanley, on behalf of the Deacon's Board, Mr. C. S. Tapscott, on behalf of the Bible Class, Mr. Joseph Rudolph, on behalf of the church, and the Women's Auxiliary, all delivered addresses of welcome to the new pastor and his family.

"I take my ministry among the people of this church," declared the Rev. Mr. White, in reply to the congregation "as seriously as Jesus took His Saviourhood. I was pushed into the ministry by the hand of my Father and my Saviour. How vast how deep how illimitable is the gospel of God, a thing which no human mind can fully interpret. Think of the God we have; can anyone conceive of His vastness and goodness?"

"In my ministry among you I take my stand by the cross. I believe in the transcendent personality of Jesus Christ, which overshadows all others; my phrase may be strange to you, but they will glow with the truth of His gospel. I am a Christian gentleman, I carry that into my every relationship; this pulpit will be a shrine of public utterance; you cannot bind your tongue as well seek to harness the waves of the Atlantic."

"Since I learned to know Christ I love Him and fear Him, but fear no man. The minister should be the strongest personality in any community; even though his personality be weak, it can become strong through the omnipotent backing."

The service opened with the singing of "All Hail, the Power of Jesus' Name," after which Mr. O. Morris led in prayer. Mrs. Baird and Miss Dorothy Baird sang a very pleasing duet, while Miss Docia Pearce contributed a delightful recitation, and Mr. Jones gave an excellent vocal solo.

Following is the address which was read: Rev. Robert White, Pastor Park Baptist Church: Dear Pastor,—On behalf of the officers, members and adherents of Park Baptist Church, we take great pleasure in extending a welcome to you to its pastorate, and at the same time to express the satisfaction and joy we feel in having you with us.

We are looking forward with hope and faith that the union of pastor and people will continue for many years, and that our labors together for the Lord will be richly blessed in winning many souls, who were far from God, strangers from the covenants of promise, but now made nigh by the blood of Christ." Eph. 2.

It is times in which we live make it very necessary that the Word of God in all its purity and clearness should be faithfully proclaimed. The unalterable Word of the Living God is the need of the hour; God's people need an undershepherd who will not speak smooth things nor prosperity words, but will declare the full Gospel in the saving and sanctifying power of the Holy Spirit, whose office it is to witness to His Word of Truth, convincing men of their sinfulness and judgment. We need in these awful days to have a true and faithful ministry that will not shun to proclaim the blessed truth about conversion, the forgiveness of sins, through the "blood of the everlasting covenant."

We welcome you, dear pastor to the privilege of standing in the gap for truth; for opposition to sin; for the whole counsel of God; for God's method of saving sinners; for the opportunity of saving souls; for the process God is able to implant in the life of his child. We welcome you to

the opportunity of meeting the need of the hungry and seeking multitude, and our prayer is, that by His grace, we, your people, be able and willing to support you in every good word and work.

The Christian ministry of Brantford, and the world over is engaged in the biggest business that mortal man can be engaged in, and the power of Cross in the greatest thing in the world, and our prayer is that we may, by lip and life, testify to that great fact.

Tour, in His Service, HUGH HOWIE, Chairman U. M. STANLEY, Secretary Deacon's Board Brantford, Ont., July 10th, 1918.

ACTIVE POLICY FOR BOARD OF HEALTH DRAFTED

Board Wants Control of Market and Milk Supply Inspector

OTHER SUGGESTIONS

There was a meeting of the Board of Health, in the City Hall yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. There were present: Thomas Minnes, chairman; John W. Patten, the Mayor, Sanitary Inspector Colver, and H. F. Leonard, City Clerk. The chairman submitted the following report: Brantford, July 10, 1918.

Having served six months as Chairman of the Board, I have had the opportunity of investigating the true position we have been occupying and have found some of the shortcomings of this Board of Health. I have been endeavoring to find means of making this Board more effective. Having come to the following conclusions I have adopted a definite policy along the following lines:

First—The office of the Sanitary Inspector and the Laboratory of our Health Officer are not in keeping with the Board represents and is a very bad example to any who have occasion to visit this office. The Inspector's Office has no direct means of light or ventilation, the entrance being through the Medical Officer's Laboratory. I, therefore, recommend that our Inspector and Health Officer take inventory of everything in their office and dispose of anything they may consider unnecessary for use in the performance of their duties and that the Council be interviewed and requested to build a partition of glass and match lumber running from East to West in such a manner as to allow of several windows being included in the Inspector's office and also that a counter be placed in the office, having business in this office, will find it more convenient, and that the walls and ceilings be properly decorated.

Second—As all matters and departments pertaining to sanitation are embodied in the Public Health Act and being that a qualified Sanitary Plumbing Inspector has been permanently appointed by the City Council, it should be requested to place the Plumbing Inspection Department under and in charge of the Board of Health, where it properly belongs. The only reason, as far as I can ascertain that it has never been under the control of the Health Board is that there never was until last March, a practical Sanitary Plumbing Inspector appointed, these duties being taken over by the City Engineer and his different assistants. The fact that there is a re-organization about to take place in the Engineer's Department makes the time most opportune for this recommendation.

Third—That the City Council be requested to place the Market and Milk Supply Inspector under the supervision of the Board of Health, there being now, so far as I can learn, no supervision whatever over this very important office. You can readily realize the importance of this change in the fact that the whole milk and meat supply in this city is in his care and practically out of the hands of the Board of Health, in whose care it should be.

Fourth—That the Sanitary Inspector, Plumbing Inspector and Market Inspector, share the one common office and that they have stated office hours. In this way a proper organization can be formed with a higher degree of efficiency and economy.

Fifth—In my observation I find a great deal of valuable time lost by the Sanitary Inspector having to cover the ground to all corners of the city where his duties call him, and would suggest that a runabout be procured which could be utilized by the Sanitary and Plumbing Inspectors jointly.

Sixth—I firmly believe that this city needs the undivided attention of a Medical Health Officer to safeguard the city's health, take care of indigent patients and organize a proper health propaganda to reach our citizens and school children. This later I would ask the Board to invite discussion with the Public School Board.

Seventh—That Market and Milk Inspector should devote his undivided attention to market inspection and inspection of milk supply to the city. The Inspector having some eighty or ninety sources of supply to inspect, I think you will agree that this needs no further comment. The foregoing are my conclusions and policy and I ask you to back them up and support of this Board in its furtherance and in my opinion, it is necessary that this policy be carried out if the Board of Health of this city is to be anything more to our citizens than a "Board of routine." In conclusion I wish to call your attention to the conveyance used for

J. M. Young & Co. Quality First. JULY CLEARANCE SALE. To-morrow's Specials From Our July Clearance Sale. Raincoats at \$9.98. Ladies' and Misses' Rain Coats, comes in tweeds, panamatta cloth and poplin. Worth up to \$15.00. Sale \$9.98. Children's Coats \$3.19. Ladies' Dress Skirts, in poplin, taffeta and fancy striped satin. Sale Price \$5.95. Ladies and Misses Dresses. Dainty Summer Dresses in voile muslin, gingham. Many styles to choose from. Sizes 16 to 40 bust. Sale Price \$3.49. Parasols for Rainy Days. Ladies' steel rod Parasols, good taffeta tops, natural wood handle. Sale Price \$1.50 and 150 Voile Waists, dainty styles. Sale Price 98c. Other Lines on Sale. 200 Silk Poplin, 36 inches wide, in black and colors. Special Sale \$1.50. Silk Boot Hose, in black and white. Sale Price 50c. Patent Leather Belts, in black, brown, red and white. Special Sale Price 25c. 60c and 65c Fancy Colored Voiles, big range to pick from. Sale Price 43c. Curtain Scrim, colored borders. Sale Price 16c. Remnants of Silk Dress Goods, Crepes. All to clear at special prices. Remnants of Print Table Linen Cottons, Etc. Children's Rain Capes at \$1.59. Children's Rain Capes, navy, grey cardinal. To clear at \$1.59.

Twilight Meet TO-NIGHT 7.15 to 9.15 Come!

START THE DAY RIGHT BY USING PURITY OATS FOR BREAKFAST. MANUFACTURED BY Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited.

Water Works Notice. Hours for Sprinkling Lawns. WATER WORKS BY-LAW NO. 1. CLAUSE 13, relating to the Sprinkling of Lawns and Gardens. No person or persons shall be allowed to sprinkle or use in any manner whatsoever, the water supplied by the Board of Water Commissioners, upon Lawns, Gardens, Yards or Grounds of any description, except between the hours of six and eight-thirty o'clock p.m., on Lawns up to and including 5,000 square feet; on lawns over this amount, from five to eight-thirty o'clock p.m., and any person wishing to use the water on their Lawns or Gardens in the morning, in place of the evening may do so between the hours of six and eight o'clock a.m., by giving notice to that effect in writing to the Secretary. It must however, be clearly understood that the water cannot be used on Lawns or Grounds both morning and evening. W. B. W. FRANK, Secretary. Water Commissioners' Office, Brantford, July 9, 1918.

In A Big... Binghamton Rochester Toronto Baltimore Buffalo Newark Syracuse Jersey City New York Baltimore Toronto Games to Ontario, Roche at Baltimore Others no AME Boston New York Cleveland Washington St. Louis Chicago Philadelphia Yes Chicago Boston Philadelphia Washington grounds Games to Ontario, Roche at Philadelphia York. NAT Chicago New York Philadelphia Cincinnati Boston Philadelphia Brooklyn St. Louis Yes New York St. Louis St. Louis Cincinnati Boston Games to Chicago, Brook York of Phil St. Louis. US By Courier Washington States A Ontario, I O Ontario, James Ontario, pres Zarneson, D wounded. Permanent vest where the Young men that settlement, also Hood's Square and outside. B Bra GRA A FRI B That S Law o (By Wel As for Like to G Daughte ling.

In All The Big Leagues

NEW LEAGUE. Won. Lost. P.C. Binghamton 44 18 71.0 Rochester 35 24 59.3 Toronto 36 27 57.1 Baltimore 37 23 56.9 Buffalo 30 31 49.2 Newark 28 33 45.9 Syracuse 29 35 45.4 Jersey City 14 48 22.6

Yesterday's Results. Newark 12 Binghamton 6 Baltimore 12 Jersey City 6 Baltimore 2 Jersey City 1 Toronto at Rochester—Rain. Buffalo at Syracuse—Rain. Games to-day—Syracuse at Toronto, Rochester at Buffalo, Newark at Baltimore. Others not scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. Won. Lost. P.C. Boston 45 32 58.4 New York 41 33 55.4 Cleveland 44 36 55.0 Washington 40 37 51.9 St. Louis 37 38 49.3 Chicago 30 44 40.5 Philadelphia 29 45 39.2

Yesterday's Results. Chicago 5 New York 4 Boston 2 Cleveland 0 Philadelphia 5 Detroit 1 Washington at St. Louis—Wet grounds. Games to-day—Detroit at Washington, Chicago at Boston, St. Louis at Philadelphia, Cleveland at New York.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. Won. Lost. P.C. Chicago 50 23 68.5 New York 45 26 63.4 Pittsburgh 36 36 50.0 Philadelphia 32 36 47.1 Boston 33 40 45.2 Cincinnati 29 29 42.6 Brooklyn 30 42 41.7 St. Louis 31 44 41.3

Yesterday's Results. New York 9 Pittsburgh 4 St. Louis 7 Philadelphia 3 Cincinnati 7 Brooklyn 0 Cincinnati 5 Brooklyn 0 Boston 4 Chicago 1 Games to-day—Boston at Chicago, Brooklyn at Cincinnati, New York at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia at St. Louis.

U.S. CASUALTIES

By Courier Leased Wire. Washington, July 11.—The United States Army casualty list to-day contains 103 names. Includes Private James E. Morton, Hamilton Ontario, prisoner, and Chris. W. Zarnosou, Dysart, Canada, severely wounded.

Physical muscular strength cannot exist where there is no attention to muscular development. Young men should bear this in mind. Foods, especially those which build up the whole system.

FRENCH BABY TANKS LIGHT AND SPEEDY

Carry Crew of Only Two and Weigh Only Six and a Half Tons

London, July 11.—The existence of the new type of French tanks has now ceased to be a secret, for at the brilliant local offensive at Cutry Friday, they proved their efficiency and contributed largely to the success obtained by the French. They are described in some detail by the correspondent of the London Daily News with the French army at the front.

Viewed casually as I saw them yesterday returning from Cutry, these smaller engines possess all the familiar features of tanks, their essential wheels and armor being characteristic of the type. They are, however, very striking because of their beautiful simplicity and flexibility. They are much more of the motor car type than their predecessors.

Carry a Crew of Two. These tanks carry a crew of only two. The engine behind, is of an ordinary model. The driver sits in front completely enclosed in armor with very narrow slits that enable him to see. Any motorist, in fact, seeing such a tank for the first time could crank up the engine and drive the car with ease. The tank is able to turn in its own centre as a pivot.

The gunner is installed in a sort of turret in the middle of the tank and is armed either with a machine gun or with a gun of larger calibre. The turret turns and the gunner has slits in the armor to enable him to view the general surroundings. The actual weight of the tank is 6½ tons.

Officers and men are all enthusiastic over the model, and with the healthy pride that is characteristic of most special arms, they regard it as the very best that can be produced. Despite its small size, its crew of two are entirely free in their movements. A brilliant success. At Cutry the offensive, though restricted in extent, must be regarded as a very brilliant success. The advance of 1,500 yards in depth along a front of four and a half miles, with the capture of 2,200 prisoners, is itself a very satisfactory achievement. The nature of the ground captured is such as to make its possession particularly valuable to the French and its loss correspondingly annoying to the enemy.

Moving Up British Tommies



On the British Western Front in France.—French troops on the roadside moving up with British Tommies near the line.



Some shell cases on the roadside in the front area, the contents of which have been despatched over into the German lines.

necessary between the air service and tanks. He said: "It is common knowledge that the tanks, though, roughly speaking, immune from machine gun fire, are vulnerable to artillery. It is therefore of supreme importance to the enemy to be able to maintain sausage balloons in the air to control his artillery fire, and it is of equal importance to us that our aviators should bring down those sausages in flames or force them to keep on the ground."

SERBIANS HELD IN U.S. By Courier Leased Wire. Port Huron, Mich., July 11.—United States Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder has wired draft board officials to refuse permission to deport 43 Serbians detained here, who were sent to Sussex, N. B., for service in the British army by Kansas City officers. The men have been ordered back to Kansas City. All the Serbians are eligible and willing to serve in the United States army, it is said.

ADVERTISING CLUBS MEET By Courier Leased Wire. San Francisco, July 11.—The name of Wilbur D. Nesbitt, of Chicago, was announced to-day as the first candidate for the presidency of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World in convention here. The election will be held to-morrow.

W. R. Marouse of Los Angeles was elected president of the Financial Advertisers Association, a departmental branch of the Associated Advertising Clubs. Other officers elected were: Secretary, N. E. Holderness, St. Louis; Treasurer, C. A. Code, Chicago.

New Orleans was made the unanimous choice for the 1919 convention at the session of the various presidents last night. The selection remains to be ratified by the convention Thursday morning.

The employer of the transportation, motive power, and passenger departments of the Grand Trunk have been given an increase of wages.

HUMBLE POTATO BIG FOOD FACTOR

Can be Grown in Almost Any Part of Temperate Zone

In order to emphasize, if not to help along the spring drive for a larger potato crop this year, a lecturer was recently given to a class in economics at the New York National City Bank. The war and other economic forces have greatly increased the importance of the potato as a crop. Although it has long been valued for producing more starch food per acre than almost any other crop, it has been until recently of comparatively small importance in international trade, or as a food which could be stored for permanent use and widely distributed. Since the war began, however, it has been found practicable to preserve the potato by grinding and drying that it has been "imported" from the list of local and perishable crops to one which may be produced in almost unlimited quantities in certain areas and distributed to any part of the world.

The potato can be grown in almost any temperate zone area, but heretofore nine-tenths of the world's crop of 6,000,000,000 bushels is grown in a half dozen countries and almost exclusively in Europe and North America, Germany, Russia, Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain, and the United States have produced in favorable years about 5,000,000,000 bushels while the remainder of the world produced only 1,000,000,000. These six countries that produced five-tenths of the world's potato crop have only 450,000,000 people, while the potato-growing has a population of over 1,200,000,000, from which it appears that "fully two-thirds of the population of the world live outside the area growing that extremely important food plant."

and the production of alcohol for use in her industries, and for the production of heat and power when necessary. Next in line is European Russia, with an annual crop of about 1,000,000,000 bushels; Austria-Hungary 600,000,000; France 500,000,000; United States 450,000,000; and Great Britain 300,000,000 bushels.

The value of the potato crop in the United States last year was approximately \$40,000,000 at the place of production, and yet the amount entering international trade was only \$4,000,000. The United States potato crop averages about 90 bushels per acre, that of European Russia 100 bushels; France 133 bushels; Austria 150 bushels; United Kingdom 164 bushels; and Germany 210 bushels and upwards per acre, her large flavorless potato, grown chiefly for alcohol, having reached and sometimes exceeded 500 bushels per acre.

C. N. R. EARNINGS Toronto, July 10.—Canadian Northern Railway gross earnings for the week ending 7th of July, the first week of the C. N. R. financial year were \$821,700, which indicated a decrease of \$60,000 from the figures of the corresponding week of last year.

Germany Values Manure. "Germany is by far the largest potato grower of the world, producing about 2,000,000,000 out of a world crop of 6,000,000,000 bushels, using them as a food for man and animals

of the lecture sent out by the bank. It is further stated: "Condemned Potato" on Market Now.

The people of that section producing the world's potato crop have at last learned how to put it into condition in which it can be readily available for food at any time or place, and so taken a great forward step in supplying the food requirements of the rapidly increasing population of the world—for the world's population has more than doubled in the century in which the chemical industry and also as a substitute for petrol, have grown from a dozen a few years ago to over 400 in 1914 and 840 in 1916, with a capacity to turn into this condensed form more than a 1,000,000,000 bushels of potatoes a year. The reduction in weight is about 60 per cent, while the product can be preserved almost indefinitely.

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LIVER ILLS Are Cured by HOOD'S PILLS 25c

Refrigerators We have a few of these yet on hand, and are offering them at 10 per cent. reduction during July. Also see our stock of— ICE CREAM DISHERS ICE SHAVERS ICE CREAM FREEZERS LEMON REAMERS ICE PICKS Howie's Stoves and Hardware. Jas. S. Howie, Mgr.

Do Not Let Insects Destroy Your Plants and Shrubs WE CARRY THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF INSECTICIDES IN THE CITY ARSENATE OF LEAD PARIS GREEN SLUG SHOT LAND PLASTER BUG DEATH BLACK LEAF 40 WHOLE OIL SOAP ARSENATE OF LIME SPRAY PUMPS Douglas & Roy 7 George St. Both Phones, 882

TAXI CABS MITCHELL'S PHONE 632

BASEBALL Brantford Semi-Pros. vs HAMILTON AND GRAND BAND CONCERT 38th Dufferin Rifles Band Agricultural Park FRIDAY EVE'G, JULY 12 BALL GAME COMMENCING AT 6.30 Admission 25c Including Concert BAND CONCERT 8 to 10 O'CLOCK ADMISSION 10 CENTS Children accompanied by parents admitted Free. GRAND STAND FREE

That Son-in-Law of Pa's (By Wellington.) As for Pa, He'd Like to Get Rid of Daughter's Darling.

WOMEN-FOLKS'LL NEVER BE ANYTHING BUT MYSTERIES TO ME! SUFFERIN' SNAKES! AND THAT'S 'HER DARLIN' CEDRIC! I JUST COULDN'T STAY ANOTHER DAY AWAY FROM MY DARLING CEDRIC! WHY YES PA-PA! DID INTEND TO STAY A MONTH LONGER, BUT— WE'RE SURE MIGHTY GLAD I HAVE YA HOME AGAIN, SALLY GIRL, BUT HADN'T YOU PLANNED I STAY AWAY ANOTHER MONTH?



### AN UNEXPECTED SHOOT

(By Major C. J. C. Street, R. G. A. Author of "With the Guns," etc.)

The O. P. behind the British lines was cramped in any case. There was only just room in it for the observing officer and his telephonist, the one sitting on the bench, the other crouching at his feet. And on a summer's day like this, with a hot sun beating down upon it, and not a breath of air to stir the sandbag curtain that covered the entrance, it was like a furnace. The observing officer sat in his shirt sleeves, gazing wearily out of the slit at the hot country that lay before him. He had been up in the O. P. since dawn, and absolutely nothing had happened to relieve the monotony of his vigil. For some reason a sudden spell of inactivity had come over this part of the line. Nothing stirred in the whole of his sector of vision. The usual fleets of aeroplanes were cruising about the sky, followed by clusters of grey or white stragglers, but it seemed as if the heat had dented everything else to sleep.

The officer turned away from the slit with a sigh, and looked down at his telephonist, who was diligently reading a year old magazine for at least the tenth time.

"Looks as if the war was over," he said. "Any news from the Battery?"

"Not a word, sir," replied the telephonist. "They rings through every half-hour or so to test the line, but that's all."

The officer turned to the slit again. Somewhere behind him he could hear an aerial battle going on, the rattling of the machine guns high up in the air came faintly to his ears. It struck him as a pity that it was not going on where he could see it, any such excitement would be a most welcome diversion. As he listened, the sound of the machine guns grew louder and louder, he could hear the hum of the aeroplanes engines. Suddenly, after a longer burst of fire than usual, the hum became intermittent and stopped to give place to the whistling of a swiftly descending plane, seemingly right over his head.

As he gazed eagerly out of the slit, the ruffled and machine guns in the British trenches before him burst into a crackle of fire. An evidently badly damaged aeroplane, with the black cross conspicuous upon its wings, skimmed over the lines, and landed unsteadily in a slight depression about five hundred yards behind the German front-line trench.

The observing officer gave a gasp of excitement. He knew that depression of old and the difficulties of see-

ing it. His was the only O. P. in the British lines from which any sort of view of it could be obtained. The dead batteries all round him opened fire upon the spot where they thought the aeroplane was lying, but they were firing at a venture, and were nearly all short.

"Battery, action!" he called to the telephonist. Then he turned feverishly to his man and made a few rough notes on a piece of paper, which he handed to the man for transmission to the Battery. No time now to work out exact corrections; he would fire his first round and correct from that.

"Ready, sir," called the telephonist within the minute.

"Fire!" exclaimed the officer.

The big shell moaned slowly over, to burst in a cloud of black smoke, and a dozen men, trusting to the depression, hid their heads, but it seemed as if the heat had dented everything else to sleep.

"Elevation, one-seven, degrees, fire!" he called. This was a considerable drop, and should give him his bracket.

As he had expected, the shell fell in the depression, not far short of the aeroplane. He saw the remaining men throw themselves on the ground as the shell burst, then got up again quickly and redoubled their pace towards the machine.

Elevation one-seven degrees, two minutes, fire!" he called again.

This time the shell fell within ten yards of his target, and the salvages of the aeroplanes that had been found, retired hastily joined by the pilot and observer, and disappeared in a trench nearby, leaving the machine to its fate.

The last round had been so close that it was only a matter of time before one of a series of shells fired from the same elevation must be a direct hit.

"Elevation, one-seven degrees, two-o minutes, fire four rounds," said the observing officer quietly.

The shells came over at regular half minute intervals, to burst all round the target. A splinter of one tore off a wing, and knocked the machine over on its side.

"Fire four rounds," repeated the officer quietly.

The first of this series was abnormal, as often happens, and burst some way from the target. The next, by way of making up for the aberration of its predecessor, fell right on top of the machine. When the smoke had cleared away there was nothing to be seen but a few remnants of tattered canvas, splintered wood and twisted steel. The next two rounds

### Lemon Juice For Freckles

Official. Make beauty lotion at home for a few cents. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and sun-burn lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

distributed these rather more widely over the country-side.

"Cease firing," said the officer. Then he hid a report on a slip of paper. "Hostile aeroplane landed at Z 11 C 43 at 3.47 P. M. Enemy rounds fired, aeroplanes destroyed."

"Send that through," he said to the telephonist. "We haven't had a blank day all the other Battery series will be pretty much when they see it in to-morrow's report."

### HOW ONE HOUSEWIFE KEEPS SERVANTS

Domestic Problem Becoming a Serious One—Girls Prefer Other Work

"With all the trouble people are having over the domestic problem, how in the world have you managed to keep your servants so long?" was asked of a Toronto housewife the other day.

"Why, I just treat them as human beings," she returned. "So many people seem to feel that they are the only home your cook or housemaid has. Then why not try and make it comfortable and happy for her?"

In this home a couple of newspapers are ordered daily for the servants, together with magazines, etc., and they are made to feel that they are considered, and the result is that all of them have remained for nearly five years. A record for any housewife to be proud of.

The domestic problem is daily becoming greater, mainly because the girls are going into other fields of labor, "where you can have your evenings to yourself if you wish it," they say.

"Living out" has come to stay in Toronto, also. So scarce has help become that many housewives are willing to take a girl or woman who comes in during the day and goes home at night.

"The girl feels freer," they say, "and we would not mind if she helps than none at all, but on the whole it is not satisfactory."

Some housewives who have tried out both systems, however, have said that according to the present outlook they don't see how the girls can be "living out" workers without relatives for very long.

There seems no relief in sight either as the supply of domestic help is becoming more scarce every day, or if the girls could only see that it is part of their work to help a mother with small children, it might help some," said an official of the Government Labor Bureau.

### GRAND CIRCUIT EVENTS

Cleveland, O., July 11.—Five high class grand circuit events were on today's North Randall program with the Ohio State, value \$3,000, for 2.05 class trotters as the feature.

In the second division of the Pacific Sweepstakes, nine of the greatest juvenile trotters on the circuit are entered to start, twelve will face the starter in the 2.14 trot and another field of 12 is named in the 2.13 trot in the only racing race on the card the 2.14 class, no entered.

SUFFER FROM LACK OF SOAP

Amsterdam, July 11.—A new disease which recently appeared in Germany is attributed to the shortage of soap. So far, the German health authorities have been unable to find a remedy for the malady, which is called "trichonosis" and affects the skin and hair. The disease is caused by lack of soap and insanitary conditions from it.

### What Portugal Has Done To Aid Allies in the War

Told by Former Premier

DR. SIDORO PAES, the premier of Portugal, recently gave an interesting interview to newspapermen from this continent, in which he set forth the position of Portugal in the war and told what the little republic had done to aid her historic friend, Great Britain, and the other Allies.

"Our aims are like those of the other Allies," he said. "We have nothing whatever to gain in the war and are fighting solely for a principle—for the right of a nation to determine its own affairs without dictation from outside. Under these circumstances it is a little discouraging to find that many even of the allied officials do not know we are in the struggle. Our ships are some neutral, but have been asked recently by men who should know better whether it is likely that Portugal will be drawn into the war."

"Portugal has nearly 50,000 men in the trenches in France. Her troops held a section of perhaps 10 miles adjoining the British southeast of Arras, before she was remembered that though the British, the Portuguese,

### ITALIANS RECTIFY LINES

By Courier Leased Wire

Rome, July 10.—Italian troops in the Brenta Valley on the mountain front carried out operations yesterday by means of which the Italian line in this region was rectified, the War Office announced today.

"On the Asiago plateau and in the western region of the mountains," says the official statement, "intense artillery action was more frequent and intense."

"South of St. Elvino the garrison of one of our advanced posts, at an altitude of 2,841 metres, drove back all enemy detachments."

"In the Brenta Valley we carried out rectifying operations, taking 22 prisoners."

POSTER COMPETITION

Montreal, July 10.—Artists who desire to obtain particulars of the victory loan poster competition, for which several thousand dollars worth of prizes have been donated, can secure the rules governing the contest by writing to R. A. Stephenson, 26 King street east, Toronto, or Murray E. Williams, Transportation building, Montreal.

### U. S. PLANS NEW WAR REVENUE BILL

Present Taxes on Many Luxuries to be Doubled

By Courier Leased Wire

Washington, July 10.—Preparations for framing the new war revenue bill were advanced in the House Ways and Means Committee today with attention centring upon the list of suggestions for new or higher taxes on luxuries and necessities submitted yesterday by the Treasury Department.

Members of the committee indicated that the list would form the basis for consumption taxes in their draft of the bill, though some of the proposals would be changed and others disregarded.

Besides doubling present taxes on liquors and tobaccos, quadrupling soft drink taxes and increasing general increases in other existing rates, the Treasury suggestions include increased taxes of 50 per cent on retail prices of jewelry, watches and clocks, except those sold to the army or navy men, twenty per cent on automobiles, bicycles, musical instruments, etc., ten cents a gallon on gasoline to be paid to the wholesaler; ten per cent on beer, and 10 per cent on American pianos over \$50; ten per cent on all cafe restaurant bills and taxes on unstated amounts on men's suits selling for more than \$20; women's suits over \$30 and men's hats over \$4 and shirts over \$2; pajamas over \$2; hosiery over 35 cents; shoes over 25; gloves over \$2; underwear over \$2; silk neckwear and cases; women's dresses over \$35; skirts over 15; hats over 10; shoes over 36; lingerie over 25; corsets over 45; and all fur, furs, etc.; children's clothing, including suits over \$15; purses, toilet articles, etc., over \$2.

In addition to all these taxes which would be levied directly upon the consumer, the bill proposes doubling the present motion picture admission tax and imposing a tax of five per cent on moving picture theatre rentals, with the present film tax eliminated.

### LABOR CONGRESS MEETS NEXT WEEK

Thirty Fourth Annual Convention Will be Held in Quebec City

By Courier Leased Wire

Ottawa, July 10.—The convention call for the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada has been issued. This will be the thirty-fourth annual session and the meetings will be held in the provincial parliament buildings in the city of Quebec, commencing on Monday, September 16. All delegates are required to have at least three bona fide union labels on their meeting apparel.

The program sent to the various unions says in part:

"The war is about to enter upon a fifth year of general devastation and upheaval, as in the domain legislation practically every question is laid aside to devote every energy to the mighty task which the gigantic struggle has imposed upon the country, so with the congress, very many matters that would under the circumstances command special attention have to be overlooked in order to concentrate all efforts in the study and solution of the exceptional problems that the present state of affairs has necessitated. Like last year we again call attention to one very special subject, namely, the means to be adopted to protect the general labor man after the war, the government will be urged to renew its efforts upon lines objectionable to organized labor to induce immigrants to come to Canada from all parts of the world."

"There is much in the legislation of the year's federal session that will command attention, and very much also regarding the future legislation that is of vital interest to organized labor that should be considered."

### OFFENSIVE IN ALBANIA

By Courier Leased Wire

Rome, July 10.—The Italian troops on the offensive in Albania are continuing their operations, the war office announced today. The enemy in yesterday's fighting was beaten back on both sides of the Gornj. "Albania," says the official statement, "our troops, having reached ground west of the lower middle Semini and having extended to the scattered their operations to the heights at the head of the Tomerica Valley, are advancing, repelling the enemy at the centre, astride the Osmi."

The U. S. Dry Goods Association is protesting the National Defense Council's suggestion that the usual Christmas trade campaign be abandoned.

### LADY'S COMBINATION CORSET COVER.



A very new and practical idea for a woman's undergarment is introduced in No. 8756. It is patterned after the athletic underwear worn by men, and it will prove equally as comfortable. It is a combination of corset cover and open drawers, and it closes at centre front. There is a seam across the waistline at the back to insure a smooth fit. The neck is cut quite low and round and it is shaped so that it does not require any ribbons. Armhole shields are stitched to the inside of the garment. Cambric, long cloth or crossbar muslin may be used.

The lady's combination corset cover pattern No. 8756 is cut in seven sizes—36 to 48 inches bust measure. As on the figure, the 36 inch size requires 3 1/2 yards 27 inch, 2 1/2 yards 30 inch or 2 1/4 yards 36 inch, with 1/2 yards of elastic.

To obtain this pattern send 15 cents to The Courier office, or two for 25 cents.

The difference in the blending—the difference in the roasting, the difference in the packing—makes a difference in the fragrance, a difference in the smoothness and a difference in the cup—makes DALLEY Coffee

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DR. SIDORO PAES

and the Belgians defend only one-third of the line along the western front, there are opposed to them one-half of the German divisions. The difficulty of the terrain and the number of the opposing troops make it necessary for the German trenches more thickly than at other parts of the line.

The little republic has also nearly 20,000 men fighting in East Africa, a campaign of the most arduous kind. Germany is here making her last stand for colonial empire. She has armed the warlike blacks with machine guns and rifles. The German commander has crossed into Portuguese territory, where the joint armies of Great Britain and Portugal are busy wearing down and destroying his forces. The climate is a deadly one to Europeans and the sight of a returning troop ship, filled with fever-stricken victims of the African swamps, is one to fill the heart with pity. Yet the soldiers of the small republic have no complaint to make. They, too, are detesting themselves to the duty that calls them.

A great number of Portuguese laborers are working in the munition factories of France and England to release men needed at the front. Portugal could readily furnish more soldiers, but the difficulty of transportation, of securing supplies, and the expense of maintaining them make a larger army not feasible.

"Portugal is a poor country, already deeply in debt, and the expense of this war presses heavily upon her," explained the expert.

The republic of southwestern Europe came into the war to meet her treaty obligations. Her Parliament announced its readiness to stand loyally by these whenever Great Britain should call upon her. The need came when the Allies, as a counter stroke to the submarine warfare, asked Portugal to close the international German shipping lanes in her ports. This was done. Eighty per cent of these German ships were turned over to the British for her carrying trade. Berlin retorted by declaring war upon Portugal.

Already Portugal had shown where her sympathy lay by shipping rifles—a modification of the French seventy-five—to England, whence it was transferred to Flanders for the use of the Belgians.

It has been charged that the new President of Portugal is a pro-German, but this is Teutonic propaganda. The President has stated publicly more than once that the fundamental foreign policy of Portugal lies in the line of an alliance with Great Britain.

The population of Portugal is between 7,000,000 and 8,000,000. For every one thousand young men come up each year for military service. But Portugal is not a military country. War is to her a deplorable necessity.

An Archaeological Discovery

The Governor-General of Korea and a party recently on tour in Northern Korea discovered the site of the capital of an old Korean kingdom known as Kuryu. This kingdom flourished at an early stage in Korean history from 37 B.C. until A.D. 668. It first established its capital at a place called Kuryu, and then removed it to Kwandong, the site of which has long been a subject of discussion by archaeologists.

Sutherland's Electric Lamps

Just Received a Large Shipment in Assorted Finishes, Such as:

BRONZE, BRONZE AND GOLD, VERDE GREEN, VERDE GREEN AND GOLD, IVORY TINTED AND ANTIQUE BRASS.

Prices from \$3.50 to \$35

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The French Red Cross

Appeal to Canada For Help!

Brantford Campaign

July 13th & 14th, Saturday and Sunday

The French Red Cross has now a double task to perform. In addition to taking care of the thousands and thousands of wounded, the French Red Cross has had charge of the refugees, aged men and women with their children, who have been forced to flee from their homes in the territory now occupied by the horrible Hun. They have asked us for help. Can we refuse?

A Monster Garden Party

SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING—at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Livingston, Brant Ave.

Admission 25 Cents

Sunday special collections will be made in all the Churches

GIVE FREELY AND GENEROUSLY

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