

JAPAN'S ACTION STIRS WORLD

VIVID DESCRIPTION OF BATTLEFIELD WHICH WAS STREWN WITH DEAD

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Aug. 17.—A trip over the battlefield of Diest, Belgium, is described by the Brussels correspondent of the Daily News. He says: "I remember best a brown stretch of harrowed ground, half a furlong in length, which is the grave of 1,200 Germans, who fell in the fighting of Wednesday. All over the field are other graves, some of Germans, some of Belgians and some of horses. "When I reached the place, peasants with long spades, were still engaged in the work of the burial. The battle ground is about three miles long, with the village of Haelen at one end. The village is harshly scarred. Its houses are

pierced with bullet holes. Hardly a pane of glass remains. The church spire is tumbled over and the town clock wrenched from its place. "As I passed across the battlefield a German biplane swept by like a carrion crow, seeking other victims. Later in the day I visited the German prison, where 400 Germans are held. I never before saw men sleep as these men did. They lay like logs after seven days and nights of almost constant duty on the field of battle. These prisoners are no cowards. They surrendered only when no other course was possible. They were victims of the German military system, which drills men out of all independence."

BREAD AND BUTTER

Sufficient to Effect Capture of Many Germans Who are Hungry—A Belgian Story.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON Aug. 17 7.50 a.m.—A troublesome problem of the war is likely to be the housing and guarding of prisoners. Already more than 5,000 Germans have been captured before the battles have really begun. The Belgians are sending a large proportion of these prisoners into France. When the big fighting with at least 2,000,000 men engaged commences the number of prisoners probably will run into vast embarrassing totals on both sides. There will be exchanges of prisoners but these are not always easy to arrange. Another difficulty is anticipated in the matter of the commissariat for unprecedentedly large armies. The Germans are even now confronted with this gigantic task. The Brussels correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company says that today's official communication of the Belgian War Office is largely devoted to unimportant incidents. This is done evidently to satisfy the public demand for news without betraying any information regarding the movement of the troops. For example says the correspondent, a story is going the rounds here of a soldier who has taken several

German prisoners. He is quoted in the War Office statement as saying, "I don't take a rifle with me now. I go out with a slice of bread and butter and they follow me into camp." "One of the prisoners told a Belgian officer it is said that the German soldiers were told that they must go on or be shot. He added: "They forgot that we needed sleep occasionally." "Two Belgian aviators were compelled to land between the opposing armies owing to engine trouble. Before repairs had been effected a party of Uhlans came up and the aviators took to their heels, regaining the Belgian lines. Two days later it was ascertained that their aeroplane was still at the same place guarded by the Uhlans. Thereupon, it is declared the aviators mounted a rapid fire gun in an automobile and making a sudden attack upon the Germans, rescued the airship and escaped unharmed." The Chronicle to-day publishes a despatch from Amsterdam which says it is reported that the Austrian troops in Belgium are under the command of Count Von Buelow, commander of the German second army corps.

ITALY IS GREATLY EXCITED OVER WAR

Believed That Austrian Fleet in Mediterranean Has Been Driven to Cover. [By Special Wire to the Courier] NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—The Tribune publishes the following London Standard despatch from Rome: "Since England has been at war with Austria, all the old traditions and feelings which united Italy and Great Britain have been revived and intensified. England is now as popular as when it refused to receive Messina and other exiles and when it did receive Garibaldi as a hero. All here look toward London impatiently to know the developments in the activities of the British squadron understanding that the fate of the sea is now being entrusted to Anglo-French fleets. Excitement over the war, already acute, is becoming a frenzy. The authorities are making strenuous efforts to prevent manifestations. "As illustrating the situation here is reported that the police have proclaimed a new gospel, to the effect: "It is forbidden to think against the government." "Little is known concerning the Austrian fleet but it is believed that feeling the great superiority of the Anglo-French ships it has retired to the northern Adriatic, under the protection of the guns of Pola.

A REAL CAPTURE

First Prussian Eagle is Displayed Before Thousands in Paris. [By Special Wire to the Courier] PARIS, Aug. 17.—The first Prussian eagle captured by the French during the present war swung to-day above the entrance to the French War Office in Paris. It is the red and black flag, bearing a Prussian eagle in the centre, which was borne into battle by the First Lower Alsatia Regiment, No. 132, of the German army, when it came into action at Sainte Aux Mines. The regiment came from the German fortress of Strassburg. The flag was taken by the 10th Battalion of French Rifles, and was brought to Paris last night by Colonel Marcel Serret, formerly French military attaché at Berlin. "Crowds of Parisians stood hour after hour this morning staring at the captured standard. FRENCH SCORED VICTORY LONDON, Aug. 17.—8.25 a.m.—Rome correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company, sends a despatch received by the Giornale D'Italia from Basel, Switzerland, under date of August 16, timed 5 p.m., which says that a bicyclist arriving from Muelhausen states that a battle occurred in the vicinity of Muelhausen between the French and German forces, which resulted favorably for the French. The correspondent adds that it has not been found possible to confirm this report.

NOT ONE WORD TODAY AS TO THE MOVEMENTS OF ARMY OR FLEET PERMITTED OVER WIRE

Summary of all War News Today Shows but Little Doing --British Fleet and British Army are Enshrouded in Mystery--Battle is Reported from the Mediterranean.

The censorship put into effect by the British authorities over the movements of the empire's armed forces afloat and in Belgium, is effective to a remarkable degree. Not one word of news has come through for several days past concerning British military or naval activities. Censored despatches from Brussels and Paris have frequently referred to the presence of British troops arrayed against the forces of Germany, but not one word has been allowed to come through from any source to indicate what the numerical strength of the British field army may be, or where the units may be located. Equal secrecy shrouds the movements of the British warships believed to be holding the German fleet in check in the North Sea. Not one word has come through of the position of any British or German battleship, cruiser or torpedo boat in these waters. So far as the general public is concerned, naval activities in European waters are a sealed book. French official reports assert that the French armies continue their forward march in Alsace, where many guns are said to have been captured from the Germans as

well as many prisoners, and the standard of an Alsatian infantry regiment which is now on view at the French war office. St. Petersburg reports successes by the Russian troops over the Austrians on the frontier, where an Austrian dragon regiment is said to have suffered severely in a sabre engagement. A German dreadnought is reported by the captain of a Dutch steamer as having been put out of action. He asserted on arriving in Holland to-day that she was lying in the harbor at Trondhjem severely damaged. No confirmation has been received in official quarters. A naval battle between French and Austrian warships off Budua, Delmatia, is said to have resulted in the sinking of two Austrian ironclads, while one was set on fire and another fled. Four battleships are reported to have chased two Austrian cruisers from Antivari, where they had established a blockade. The standard of the famous Death's Head Hussars, the German crown prince's regiment, is said to have been captured by the Belgians. Despatches saying Greece had received information of the pass-

ing through Bulgarian territory of Turkish troops going toward Greece, are published in Copenhagen. It is said Greece has threatened to take similar measures. Germany has followed England's example and that of other countries in acknowledging receipt of President Wilson's proffer of good offices. Russia has not yet replied. J. P. Morgan and Company have abandoned a proposed loan to France owing to Washington's attitude on the subject. This is expected to affect other similar financial transactions, which were under negotiation. Japanese press regards the ultimatum sent to Germany as containing reasonable demands. Large numbers of travellers arrived in New York to-day from Europe, whence they had hurried after the outbreak of war. Many wealthy persons were glad to obtain accommodation, even in the steerage, in order to get away from the scenes of hardships and privations. The pope is reported to have recovered somewhat from his indisposition, said to have been induced by grief over the outbreak of war.

STERN BUSINESS IS AHEAD--BRANTFORD RESERVISTS CALLED

After over two weeks anxiety and anxious forethought, augmented by the home associations which, at a time like this, grow closer and more dear, the army reserve men resident in the city of Brantford, have received their papers, transportation, etc. to Great Britain. The feeling among them is of relief that the anxiety to know "just when" is gone, and nothing remains to them but to look ahead and leave for a time at least, the ties that bind, and hasten to the far-off shores where Britain, dependant on such courageous sons as they, is fighting for her destiny. To those with whom Brantfordites are familiar as daily acquaintances, the local Constables, Cobden and Blanchard, it means much—much that civilians living under the everyday conveniences and security cannot understand. Their lot is shared by many others, who have played a prominent part in local military circles. The police constables received their pay up till to-day by cheque at nine o'clock this morning, and will leave to-day for Quebec. The call for ex-naval stokers, was answered by a party of seven or eight men on Saturday night, and they entrained for Halifax, where coaling duty will be their task. This will enable the British cruisers to call and coal in a space of time which astonishes the land lubber by its rapidity of shipment and quantity. An advantage is therefore gained by this wise move of the Government which will have far reaching results. The City Clerk has been receiving telephone messages from all over the city, requesting him to keep a watchful eye over those that "Tommy leaves behind him." To-day, there is a letter from a soldier's wife appealing for sympathy and assistance, and the local military chapter of the Daughters of the Empire will, it is sure, see to it that they are assured of coal and sustenance throughout the winter—many are, at present in very straightened circumstances. The local contingent of active service volunteers, with advance guards out in front, passed down Dalhousie street this forenoon, while on a route march. They were marching with a steady, regular tread, and an earnestness never before witnessed by this city, marked their demeanor. It was a splendid example of disinterested patriotism and physical well-being to see their healthy fit movements as they swung along.

WHEN GERMANY STRIKES FRANCE WILL HIT BACK BUT IN ANOTHER SPOT

Announcement Made by French War Office Which Shows that Two Great Battles May Rage at Once.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Aug. 17.—The Paris correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company sends an official communication issued by the French War Office Sunday. It says: "At the moment that the German main force comes in contact with our forces, our allies will force both Austria and Germany to engage in an additional struggle which it seems likely, will be of vast proportions. "It is well known by now that the Germans anticipated a decisive defeat of the French, so that they might immediately follow up such success with a battle against our allies. It is also well known that they counted on the slow mobilization of the Russian forces

and upon disturbance in Holland to gain time for their arms. The Emperor, however, by his promise to give autonomy to Poland has obtained the fidelity of the Poles, and Russia's mobilization has been accomplished with remarkable rapidity. The Russian army is now moving forward for an offensive blow, the result of which will soon be felt. Already in Galicia, Russian cavalry has crossed the frontier and Austrian cavalry and infantry have been routed, while other battalions have turned tail. "Germany is being put on the defensive, and it is impossible to avoid the conclusion that her position at the front is not all that could be desired at such a critical time in her history."

Proclamation

[By Special Wire to the Courier] OTTAWA, Ont. Aug. 17.—It is notified for the information of all concerned that a despatch has been received from the war office requesting that the widest publicity be given to the following army order: "His majesty, the king, has been graciously pleased to approve pardons being granted to soldiers, who were in state of desertion from the regular forces on August 5th, 1914, and who surrender themselves in the United Kingdom on or before September 4th, 1914, at any station aboard where there are regular forces on or before October 4th, 1914. They will forfeit all service prior to date of surrender, but such service may subsequently be restored under the conditions laid down in the king's regulations for restoration of service forfeited under section 79 of the army act. Deserters who enlist between Aug. 5th, and October 4th, 1914, both days inclusive, in any colonial corps which may have been or may be placed at the disposal of imperial government for the war, will be

granted a free pardon, and at the expiration of their service in such corps, will not be called for further service in the regular forces of the United Kingdom. They will, however, forfeit all service rendered in the regular forces of the United Kingdom, prior to the date of such enlistment. The provisions of this order will not be applied to men who have fraudulently or improperly enlisted." HUERTA IN LONDON LONDON, Aug. 17.—Victoriano Huerta, former president of Mexico, accompanied by General Planquet, who was minister of war in his cabinet, landed at Bristol Sunday from the British steamer Patia from Jamaica. He will resume his journey to Spain to-day. MARCONI'S OFFER ROME, via Paris, Aug. 17.—William Marconi, the inventor of wireless telegraphy, has written to friends in Rome saying that he will return to Italy to offer to his own country all the assistance that he can give in case of need his scientific knowledge, or his arm, whichever may be most useful.

PLAINLY SEEN THAT LITTLE JAP MEANS STERN BUSINESS

Get Out of China and Stay Out is the Order Given to Germany---United States is Greatly Concerned but Assured that Interests Will be Protected.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—President Wilson declared to-day he had no reason to question the good faith of the declaration of Japan in promising to observe the integrity of China in connection with the Japanese ultimatum to Germany, demanding the surrender of Kiau-Chau to the Japanese Government. The President would not discuss the ultimatum as a whole, saying that one of the duties of neutrality was to have no opinion on what other nations were doing. The President made it clear that the United States would not be involved in any way in the Japan-German controversy, and spoke of the assurances of Japan that she would maintain the integrity of China as having been given to the powers generally, as well as the United States. Asked particularly as to the promise of Japan for the "eventual restoration to China" of the German provinces, he indicated his confidence in the good faith of Japan to carry out that assurance at the close of the war.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Japan's ultimatum to the Berlin government demanding that Germany withdraw from Kiau-Chau, its stronghold in China, overshadowed in Washington to-day all developments growing out of the war in Europe. One outstanding feature of the crisis was the determination of the United States not to be drawn into the controversy. Administration officials look upon it on an issue strictly between Japan and Germany. Secretary of State Bryan was assured by Baron Chinda, the Japanese ambassador that the Tokio government would exercise the utmost care to safeguard the interests of the United States and other countries not immediately involved during the settlement of the issue. Baron Chinda presented a note from his government, which comprised the announcement of the ultimatum and a statement of Japan's intention to restore Kiau-Chau to China. Germany took the territory from China after the killing of several German missionaries sixteen years ago. Japan's sudden move bringing her into the range of the European con-

Reasonable Says Jap Press

[By Special Wire to the Courier] TOKIO, Aug. 17.—The Japanese newspapers, commenting to-day upon the ultimatum sent by Japan Saturday to Germany, demanding the withdrawal of German warships from the Orient and the evacuation of Kiau-Chau, say they consider the document to be reasonable. No anti-German sentiment has been displayed here.

should Japan take another step and declare war. Japan's demand—the withdrawal of German warships from Oriental waters and the abandonment of Kiau-Chau fulfills her part in her alliance with Great Britain, and was made on the proposal of the English Government, according to authoritative sources in Washington. However it is also designed to bring to an end German rule in a territory which Japan contends, threatens China's integrity and peace in the Far East. The German stronghold lies directly opposite Korea, where Japan is developing colonies, and across the sea from the southern Japanese Islands. The first move in the immediate situation was made at the outbreak of war in Europe when China expressed the hope that she might depend on the policy of the United States as an influence against violation of her neutrality. Then the British government sounded American sentiment over the proposition of neutralizing German provinces in China. Through the United States the German attitude

(Continued on Page Four.)

Advertisements on the left margin including: 'RMANS LEAVE LIEGE', 'KEN GRAY HAIR, LOOK YOUNG, PRETTY', 'OUR BIG Motor Truck', 'T. Burrows', 'The World', 'BOOKSTORE', 'ON & CO.', 'DUSIE ST.', 'West of Hall'.

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Order a pint or a brick of Brant Ice Cream and you'll realize how good ice cream can be.

The only cream we use is rich, pasteurized cream from regularly inspected dairy herds.

Ours is an up-to-date model plant, where utmost cleanliness is enforced and practised as a matter of course. That's why.

Brant Ice Cream

is safe and healthy to give to children, invalids, everybody.

You can't know what the best ice cream tastes like until you try Brant Ice Cream. The only ingredients are purest thick cream, refined cane sugar and double-distilled flavoring. Nothing to hurt the most delicate—plenty to do lots of good.

Give it liberally to the children—it will make them thrive. Take it yourself and serve it often to the family. It's good for you and for them. Sold in bricks and in bulk. Ask your dealer for a trial quantity, and insist on getting Brant Ice Cream.

N.B.—Brant Ice Cream bricks are carefully packed in improved sanitary cartons.

Brant Creamery, Brantford, Ont.

LOCAL SOLDIERS DOING WELL AT THEIR WORK

A Service Was Held at Agricultural Park on Sunday Morning—Other Notes.

Active Service Men There was a grim note of suggestiveness in the lines of guards that surrounded the pleasure ground where the Brant and Hamilton teams battled on Saturday at Agricultural Park.

The active service contingent of 140 men, under Capt. Colquhoun, Lieut. Jones and Sergt. Major Oxtoby were practising the arts which in a short period will receive the test of war.

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When Peace Will Come

Conclusion Reached by Ven. Archdeacon MacKenzie in Eloquent Sermon—War is Not Made by Christians.

"When nominal Christianity becomes applied Christianity. When we shall recognize Christ as the Lord or Lords in our hearts; when you and I have that mind in us which was in Christ Jesus—then and not before, shall peace come permanently to this world."

Thus did Venerable Archdeacon Mackenzie speak of the present European war in Grace Church last evening, when he preached an eloquent and masterly sermon on the life of the soldier and his response to the call to arms. The church was well filled with an attentive congregation and special prayers were offered for the British soldiers and appropriate hymns were heartily sung by the choir and congregation.

Rev. Dr. Mackenzie commenced his discourse by referring to the fact that patriotism is or should be at the bottom of the life of every soldier. Soldiers are to-day responding to the call to arms by hundreds of thousands. Our British soldiers are going forth leaving wives and children to suffer to the end that every foot of the Empire may remain British. The Archdeacon then referred to the fact that this response to arms means sacrifice. Sacrifice is not a popular though with many and yet a soldier is willing to make the most costly of all sacrifices—that of his very life, so that others might enjoy the benefit. Even though we all did our best, as the Daughters of the Empire are doing, what is all that to the gift of good strong manhood given unto death. The church had its symbols of sacrifice, the altar

and the cross, and when one sees these, he must think of sacrifice. Some people fancy that the altar and the cross are out of place in the protestant church, but thank God, the true protestants are not ashamed of the symbols of their faith.

Speaking of the present war itself, the Archdeacon called attention to the cost of it. Who is there who can reckon up what this war will cost. It will cost a few, the manufacturers of firearms, it will make a few millionaires, but it will also impoverish millions. How, indeed then, can one account for such a war. On whom does the responsibility for the war rest. Certainly not upon the Christians of Germany. Certainly not upon the Greek Catholics of Russia, nor upon the Roman Catholics of France nor the Anglo-Catholics of Great Britain. The world knows full well upon whom the responsibility for this war rests, and the ruler who attempts to drive men, shall accomplish his own undoing.

"Peace," continued the speaker, "cannot come, and will not come permanently into the world, until Christ shall be recognized as the Lord of Lords, not nominally, but in all hearts. When you and I have that mind in us, that was in Christ Jesus, when nominal Christianity becomes applied Christianity, then and not before, shall the Prince of Peace reign."

The Archdeacon closed by exhorting the congregation to pray often for the soldiers now at war. The church is open all day for worshippers who care to enter and pray.

Mrs. Totten is the guest of Miss Christie.

Miss A. Tweedle, Montreal, is the guest of Mrs. R. G. Ballantyne for a few days.

Miss Frances Quinlan of William street, has left for a short holiday in London.

Mrs. A. H. Clanger of London is the guest of Mrs. C. Frank Smith, 34 Chatham street.

Mr. Welby Almas left today to attend a large thoroughbred stock sale at Parkersburg, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Watts of Dalhousie street, leave to-morrow for a holiday to be spent at Vienna, Ont.

Mr. R. J. Campbell of Messrs Hughes and Howie reached this morning from an extended tour of the West.

Mr. Thomson, membership secretary of the Y. M. C. A., to-day begins a vacation which will be quietly spent at home.

Miss S. E. Greiner is the holiday guest of Miss V. V. Huber, of Do Dome, Ontario.

Mr. R. G. Brown of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has returned home after a pleasant two weeks vacation spent at Buffalo, New York City, and other Eastern points.

Detective Chapman this morning begins his annual vacation which will spend in a trip west, Edmonton being one of the points he intends to visit.

Mr. J. H. Valentine of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal, left for Dundas this morning where he has been appointed assistant manager of the branch there.

Miss Phillis Fisher, New York City, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Day and Lionel, Windham Centre, Mr. Jas. Miller, Willie and Jack, Stratford, were visitors with Mr. and Mrs. W. Mooney, during Old Home Week.

Miss Minnie Woolsey, who has been spending the past month at Stratford and other western points, is a guest for a few weeks at the residence of Mrs. and Mr. H. Woolsey, 86 Dundas street, before returning to her home at Ayr.

STOPPED BY CRUISER LONDON, Aug. 17—4.05 a.m.—The Exchange Telegraph Company's Paris correspondent says that he learns from an official source at Stockholm that the Swedish Steamer Hansa was stopped by a German cruiser not far from Stockholm archipelago.

Mr. Murray Wickens of Hamilton, who is a visitor at the parental home, Rawdon street, rendered a solo at Alexandra Church last evening.

Mr. E. Goodenough of Woonsocket, R.I., with her daughters, is visiting at the home of Mrs. Robert Hunt, 142 Elgin street, for the next two weeks.

Alexandra congregation were privileged to listen to two splendid sermons yesterday by the Rev. J. L. Small of Hespeler, who occupied the pulpit in exchange with Rev. D. T. McClintock.

Mrs. J. S. Hamilton to-day received a telegram dated St. Johns Newfoundland, from Major Hamilton, announcing his safe arrival from the Old Country at that port.

J. M. YOUNG & COMPANY Store Closes Wednesday at 1 p.m. See Windows for Wednesday Bargains

TUESDAY BARGAIN LIST!

Remnants of Dress Goods In Black and colors, lengths 1 1/2 to 4 yards, suitable for odd skirts, children's school dresses, etc., all to clear at BIG REDUCTIONS

Fancy Parasols 2 dozen only Ladies' Fancy Sunshades, a few white ones amongst the lot. All to clear at HALF-PRICE

Remnants of Embroidery Flouncing Remnants of Embroidery Flouncing, Corset Cover Embroideries, Edging and Insertions, Laces, etc., all to clear at HALF-PRICE

Plaid Dress Goods 3 pieces Plaid Dress Goods, choice colorings, 40 in. wide, suitable for children's school dresses, regular 30c. On sale 29c

Ladies' Suits \$5 1 lot Ladies' Tailored Suits, in Tango, Grey, Navy and a few check worsted effects, all up-to-date styles. Worth up to \$15 Sale Price: \$5.00

Fancy Collars and Jabots 25c 1 lot Ladies' Fancy Collars and Jabots, good assortment to pick from. 25c

15c Prints 10c 1 lot best quality English Prints in light and dark colors, 30 inches wide. To clear at 10c

Ginghams 300 yards best quality Anderson Ginghams, stripe, plaids and checks, fast washing, full 32 in. wide. Regularly sold at 25c. On sale at 12 1/2c

Cushion Tops 39c 3 dozen Fancy Cushion Tops, 22 x 22 sizes, in dark and light colors. Worth up to 75c. For 39c

Remnants of Cottons, Prints, Sheetings, Table Linen, etc., at SPECIAL PRICES

Men's Fine Shirts 69c 5 dozen Men's Fine Shirts in spots, stripes and checks, all sizes, coat style. Worth up to \$1.25. For 69c

Men's Underwear 35c Men's Balbriggan Underwear, shirts and drawers to match, full line of 35c

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HIGH PRICES HIT U.S. CITIES

Disorders in Brooklyn Because Credit Was Refused to Out-of-Workers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17—Plans to stop speculation, which is said to have much to do with the increasing price of food, were to be perfected to-day, at a meeting of the executive board of the mayor's committee appointed last week to aid federal and county officials in their investigations of the causes of the upward trend of the cost of living.

Joseph Hartigan, city commissioner of weights and measures who is working with the committee, planned to present to the board a scheme in operation among grocery and drug retailers by which they form associations and purchase in large quantities for the members stores, thereby obtaining marked reductions from the usual middleman's prices.

Commissioner Hartigan believes that uniformly lower prices would result if there were more of these associations or co-operative stock buying companies.

In the Long Island city section of Brooklyn, disorders occurred yesterday at meat markets and grocery stores where credit was refused to persons thrown out of work on account of the war closing the industrial plants in which they were employed.

The police were prepared to-day to strengthen their guards in these districts.

The secretary of the Central Federated Union, announced that a committee of the union would meet with Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor here to-day regarding the increased prices of certain food stuffs.

Inquiry at Chicago CHICAGO, Aug. 17—Inquiry into the present high price of food stuffs was begun here to-day by officials of the federal, state and city governments. Prosecution of firms or individuals held responsible for the recent advance in price was planned.

James H. Wilkinson, United States District Attorney, was prepared to serve subpoenas on men wanted to testify before the Federal grand jury. The district attorney said he would prosecute heads of establishments or others whom he found violating the anti-trust act by combination or concerted action intended to control or advance prices.

Legislation providing for the punishment of dealers who make the European war an excuse for increasing food prices beyond reason was to be considered at the special meeting of the municipal market commission.

House wives, representatives of numerous women's clubs, city, state and county officials, officers of the federal government were invited to participate in the meeting.

The Armories presented a very lively scene this morning. The volunteer force 125 strong, under Captain Colquhoun was on the job early and immediately taken out for morning drill, as the regulations call for drilling twice daily until orders come for the force to leave for Quebec.

On their return from the work out, the men under the direction of Sergt.-Major Oxtoby commenced packing up all the equipment they will need including uniforms in boxes which will be sent to Quebec at once where it will be redistributed.

The orders for the company to leave are expected any day now and every drill sees the men in better shape. As they marched down Dalhousie St. this morning the general good appearance of the company was remarked on by all sides.

Military Notes

St. Marys vs. St. Judes A number of interesting and hard fought games of tennis were played at St. Judes tennis court on Saturday afternoon when St. Marys and St. Judes played gentlemen's doubles and mixed doubles.

Although St. Judes won both the contests, the St. Marys players played a strong game throughout. The following are the scores

Men's Doubles St. Marys—Messrs W. J. Phillips and G. G. Kew 6—2

St. Judes—Rev. C. E. Jeakins and P. Unsworth, 6—2 and 6—1

Mixed Doubles St. Marys—Miss J. Kew and Mr. W. J. Phillips

St. Judes—Miss C. Peddie and F. Pelling 6—2, 7—5

Refreshments were served after which the remaining available time was spent playing friendly exhibition games.

LEFT FOR MOSCOW

LONDON, Aug. 17—A Reuter despatch from St. Petersburg, says the Russian Emperor and Empress, the Crown Prince Alexis and the Imperial Grand Duchesses have left for Moscow.

More and more diamonds are bought, sold and worn every year. And this in spite of the fact that the tendency of diamond prices is steadily upward.

Which last fact makes the purchase of a good diamond a worth-while investment.

Our diamond display to-day is away above the average. We import our diamonds direct from the cutters and set them in our own workshop.

We are positive we can save you money.

E. H. NEWMAN & SONS Diamond Setters Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Lawn Tennis

St. Marys vs. St. Judes A number of interesting and hard fought games of tennis were played at St. Judes tennis court on Saturday afternoon when St. Marys and St. Judes played gentlemen's doubles and mixed doubles.

Although St. Judes won both the contests, the St. Marys players played a strong game throughout. The following are the scores

Men's Doubles St. Marys—Messrs W. J. Phillips and G. G. Kew 6—2

St. Judes—Rev. C. E. Jeakins and P. Unsworth, 6—2 and 6—1

Mixed Doubles St. Marys—Miss J. Kew and Mr. W. J. Phillips

St. Judes—Miss C. Peddie and F. Pelling 6—2, 7—5

Refreshments were served after which the remaining available time was spent playing friendly exhibition games.

LEFT FOR MOSCOW

LONDON, Aug. 17—A Reuter despatch from St. Petersburg, says the Russian Emperor and Empress, the Crown Prince Alexis and the Imperial Grand Duchesses have left for Moscow.

More and more diamonds are bought, sold and worn every year. And this in spite of the fact that the tendency of diamond prices is steadily upward.

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Our diamond display to-day is away above the average. We import our diamonds direct from the cutters and set them in our own workshop.

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Social and Personal

The Courier is always pleased to use items of personal interest.

Miss Eva Vince is visiting friends in Sarnia and Detroit.

Mr. Reg. Robbins spent Sunday at his home in Hamilton.

T. H. Wildon of Thorold, Ont., was in the city on business on Saturday.

Mr. C. A. Robbins of St. Catharines was a business visitor in the city on Saturday.

Miss Agnes Butler rendered a solo with much acceptance at the evening service at Alexandra church.

Mr. J. E. Kelly of Cranbrook, B. C., was visiting friends in the city over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Reed of Flint, Michigan, were week-end guests at the Kerby House Saturday.

Miss Naftel and Mr. D. J. Naftel of Goderich, Ont., were the guests of Mr. Walter Naftel over the week end.

The Rev. J. L. Small of Hespeler, while in the city was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McNally, Peel street.

Mr. H. Roddy of Toronto, spent the week end the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James T. Whittaker, 3 Darling street.

Miss Lizzie Holmes has returned from Sarnia after spending Old Home week with Mrs. James Smith 305 West street.

Mrs. J. Simmons and Miss A. Simmons of 45 Huron street are spending two weeks vacation at Portland, Maine.

Miss Bert Poss, left this evening for Chicago, where she will spend three weeks the guest of her cousin, Mr. George Poss.

Miss Gladys Garvin and Mr. J. Wilson rendered most acceptable solos at Sydenham street Methodist church last evening.

Mrs. Mears and family of 251 Nelson Street, have returned to Brantford, after spending a week at Brant Hill, Port Dover.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Northmore of Toronto, are the guests of Mrs. Northmore's sister, Mrs. James T. Whittaker, 3 Darling street.

Mr. Herbert Bradley of the Waterous Engine Works office staff, has returned to the city after a two weeks vacation spent in Toronto.

Mr. Murray Wickens of Hamilton, who is a visitor at the parental home, Rawdon street, rendered a solo at Alexandra Church last evening.

Mr. E. Goodenough of Woonsocket, R.I., with her daughters, is visiting at the home of Mrs. Robert Hunt, 142 Elgin street, for the next two weeks.

Alexandra congregation were privileged to listen to two splendid sermons yesterday by the Rev. J. L. Small of Hespeler, who occupied the pulpit in exchange with Rev. D. T. McClintock.

Mrs. Totten is the guest of Miss Christie.

Miss A. Tweedle, Montreal, is the guest of Mrs. R. G. Ballantyne for a few days.

Miss Frances Quinlan of William street, has left for a short holiday in London.

Mrs. A. H. Clanger of London is the guest of Mrs. C. Frank Smith, 34 Chatham street.

Mr. Welby Almas left today to attend a large thoroughbred stock sale at Parkersburg, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Watts of Dalhousie street, leave to-morrow for a holiday to be spent at Vienna, Ont.

Mr. R. J. Campbell of Messrs Hughes and Howie reached this morning from an extended tour of the West.

Mr. Thomson, membership secretary of the Y. M. C. A., to-day begins a vacation which will be quietly spent at home.

Miss S. E. Greiner is the holiday guest of Miss V. V. Huber, of Do Dome, Ontario.

Mr. R. G. Brown of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has returned home after a pleasant two weeks vacation spent at Buffalo, New York City, and other Eastern points.

Detective Chapman this morning begins his annual vacation which will spend in a trip west, Edmonton being one of the points he intends to visit.

Mr. J. H. Valentine of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal, left for Dundas this morning where he has been appointed assistant manager of the branch there.

Miss Phillis Fisher, New York City, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Day and Lionel, Windham Centre, Mr. Jas. Miller, Willie and Jack, Stratford, were visitors with Mr. and Mrs. W. Mooney, during Old Home Week.

Miss Minnie Woolsey, who has been spending the past month at Stratford and other western points, is a guest for a few weeks at the residence of Mrs. and Mr. H. Woolsey, 86 Dundas street, before returning to her home at Ayr.

STOPPED BY CRUISER LONDON, Aug. 17—4.05 a.m.—The Exchange Telegraph Company's Paris correspondent says that he learns from an official source at Stockholm that the Swedish Steamer Hansa was stopped by a German cruiser not far from Stockholm archipelago.

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Mrs. J. S. Hamilton to-day received a telegram dated St. Johns Newfoundland, from Major Hamilton, announcing his safe arrival from the Old Country at that port.

NOT THE SAME. I thought you said the bath house had a capacity for five hundred. No, I said it held 'em.

NOT THE SAME. I thought you said the bath house had a capacity for five hundred. No, I said it held 'em.

NOT THE SAME. I thought you said the bath house had a capacity for five hundred. No, I said it held 'em.

Consult Our Expert

Repair Department!

—if your watch isn't keeping time.

They are experts in this work and can tell you what is wrong in short order.

It will pay you to have the watch repaired they will tell you so. All work guaranteed.

Buller Bros.

108 COLBORNE STREET Jewelers and Opticians

Bell Phone 1357 Mack Phone 535

CHILDREN'S AID

The Children's Aid Society beg to acknowledge the following donations for June and July:

Junior Hospital Aid, cakes; Congregational Church, potatoes; Mrs. Woodside, clothing; A friend, 2 doz. eggs; Wellington St. Church choir, cake; Mrs. Davis, clothing, toys and magazines; Good Templars, cakes, pies, and sandwiches; Brant Lodge, milk cake, etc.; Teachers of Central School cake and biscuits; Mr. Peel, Wilsonville, onions; Mrs. Munroe, 2 baskets potatoes; A friend, marmalade and eggs; J. Bloxam, meat; Wellington St. Church, cake; Chief Stemin, crate of lettuce; a friend, three books; Primary class First Church, cake and sandwiches; Mrs. Patterson, candles; Miss Bell, lettuce; a friend, eggs; Plumbers Union Picnic sandwiches and cheese; Harvey Cockshutt, lemonade and fruit; Ritsel Co buns and cakes twice; Mrs. Adams, carpet; Mount Horeb Chap., R.A.M., cake and bananas; John Bowers vegetables; Mr. Cullver, onions; Mrs. C. Allen, beans; Lloyd Adams, clothing; Park Road S.S., sandwiches and cake; a friend, basket apples; Mrs. E. Westbrook, milk daily; Mrs. H. Cockshutt, milk daily; Whittaker Baking Co., buns and cake weekly; Brant Ave. Methodist Church collection \$9.16; Mite box Waterous Engine Co. 72c; Mite box, Boles Drug store \$2.00.

ED. HARRIS ENLISTS. Ed. Harris, the well-known lacrosse player, has enlisted for active service.

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WEDNESDAY BARGAINS

LIST!

Ginghams, stripe, 2 in. wide. 12c

Men's Fine Shirts 69c

Men's Fine Shirts, stripes and checks, 50c

Men's Underwear 35c

Balbriggan Underwear 35c

Balance of all our Wash Goods in Crepe, Voiles and To clear at SPECIAL PRICES

Prints 10c

Best quality English in light and dark colors, 10c

CO. 351 and 805

Lawn Tennis.

St. Marys vs. St. Jades

Number of interesting and hard games of tennis were played at St. Marys court on Saturday

Men's Doubles

Miss J. Kew and Mr W. Phillips

Miss C. Peddie and F. Hennessey

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Miss C. Peddie and F. Hennessey

Miss J. Kew and Mr W. Phillips

Financial, Commercial and Real Estate

ONE KERNEL OF TRUTH

LIFE is uncertain, and while you may be in health to-day, you cannot tell what the morrow will bring forth.

The Brantford Trust Co., Limited
Royal Loan Building, 38-40 Market Street, Brantford

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

ESTABLISHED 1875
Capital Authorized \$10,000,000
Capital Paid Up 7,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits 7,000,000

Savings Bank Department

Interest Paid on Deposits From Date of Deposit
Open Saturday Evenings from 7 to 9
BRANTFORD BRANCH: 12 Market Street, Opposite Market Square
HARVEY T. WATT, Manager.

THE BANK OF TORONTO NEWCOMERS TO CANADA

Should open a Bank Account with The Bank of Toronto as soon as possible, at any of its numerous Branches. In Canada most successes arise from small beginnings, and your prosperity in the future may depend on the small accumulations of to-day.

Many Thousand Farm Laborers Wanted FOR HARVESTING IN WESTERN CANADA
"GOING TRIP WEST." \$12.00 TO WINNIPEG
"RETURN TRIP EAST." \$18.00 FROM WINNIPEG

BLACK DIAMONDS At 137 West Street

Did you ever hear of the new black diamonds. At 137 West Street The National Coal Company are putting in forty carloads of the brightest and best quality of Scranton Coal that money can buy.

4% to 5% on Trust Funds

Trustees of funds are accountable not only for the safety of the funds in their charge, but also for the income derived therefrom.

The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: Toronto, Ontario
BRANTFORD BRANCH: 114 Dalhousie Street. T. H. MILLER, Manager.

REAL THRILLER

Three Big Liners Arrived at Montreal From Across Atlantic.

By Special Wire to The Courier. MONTREAL, Aug. 17.—Three thrilling Atlantic voyages ended here this morning when the C. P. R. steamship Virginian, the White Star liner Teutonic and the Allan Line Tunisian steamed into port.

One night, the story goes among the passengers on the Teutonic, a German cruiser was sweeping the sea with her searchlight to find the ship. It lay in darkness, and the enemy could not discover it.

Rev. J. E. Rheame, Chicago, another Teutonic passenger, had to in Brussels for 24 hours on 15 cents. He first managed to get a bed in the Teutonic stateroom.

A sensational act of Captain Kendall, who was in charge of the Empress of Ireland when she went down, is told by an officer of the steamer Virginian.

So grateful were the people on the Virginian to Captain Rennie for bringing them through a dangerous passage so safely, that the whole 600 signed a testimonial of thanks to him.

LEAVE HAMILTON HAMILTON, Ont., Aug. 17.—A detachment of twenty seasoned veterans from here will leave to-night to join Hamilton Gault's regiment at Ottawa.

LEAVE WITH CONTINGENT. QUEBEC, Aug. 17.—Among the volunteers that will leave with the Canadian contingent are Hormidas and Conrad De Chateaufort.

FINANCES BETTER OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 17.—The British colonial office informs the Government here that financial conditions have become much better and improved owing to steps taken to deal with the financial situation.

MARKET REPORTS

CHICAGO, August 15.—Disappointment that no immediate relief for ocean shippers could be obtained thru the Washington conference about exports had a seriously unsettling effect on the wheat trade.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET. Wheat, fall, bushels, \$1.30 to \$1.35. Barley, bushel, 63c to 64c. Oats, bushel, 50c to 51c.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET. WHEAT, Aug. 15.—Another substantial drop was brought about in wheat prices by lower Liverpool cables and extensive wheat movement to the west.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET. WHEAT, Aug. 15.—Wheat September, 98c; December, 95c to 96c. Corn—No. 2 northern, 77c to 78c.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET. DULUTH, Aug. 15.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.08 1/2; No. 1 northern, \$1.07 1/2.

CHEESE MARKETS. BELLEVILLE, Aug. 15.—At the cheese board meeting held today, white was offered, and 630 sold at 15c.

CATTLE MARKETS CHICAGO LIVE STOCK. CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Receipts, 1,100. Texas steers, \$6.40 to \$9.30; stockers and feeders, \$5.50 to \$8.10.

DATES OF FALL FAIRS, 1914. Issued by the Agricultural Societies Branch, Department of Agriculture, Toronto.

ONE SPOONFUL GIVES ASTONISHING RESULTS. Brantford residents are astonished at the QUICK results from the simple mixture of buckhorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-ka.

CARTER & BUCKLEY REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. Address: 150 1/2 Dalhousie St. Upstairs.

SUNSHINE FURNACE Call and see the Gas Heating Combination. Instantaneous effect, perfect results, no gas in fact required when once installed.

Richard Feely 48 Market St. Phone 706 Sheet Metal Works

H. B. Beckett FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER 158 DALHOUSIE ST. First-class Equipment and Prompt Service at Moderate Prices

OUR WEEKLY NEWS

Within the last three or four days several men have come to us for garden properties. Their statements are as follows: We have been working in the shops for the last ten years or so, and have come to the conclusion that it will be better for us to own and work a good garden property near the city.

TO ALL OUR PATRONS, and the public generally, we say, whether you want to buy or sell, come direct to us, and we will give you our best service.

S. G. Read & Son, Limited Real Estate & Insurance Agents, Brokers & Auctioneers, President of International Ass'n of Auctioneers, and members of National Real Estate Agencies Exchange, 126 Colborne St., Brantford.

Bungalow For Sale ON CHESTNUT AVE.

1 1/2 storey bungalow, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, cellar with 2 compartments, piped for furnace, electric and gas, lot 33 ft. by 90 ft. Price \$2300.00.

F. J. Bullock & Company 207 Colborne St. (upstairs) Bell Phone 28. Real Estate, Insurance—Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Valuators and Financial Agents

OTTAWA, Ont. Aug. 17.—The Ottawa Baseball Club has donated to the hospital ship fund its gate receipts of Thursday next, with the exception of the \$75 guarantee to the visiting club, St. Thomas.

HE LEFT LONDON LONDON, Aug. 17.—The Austrian ambassador left London last night for Plymouth. From Plymouth he will proceed to Genoa on board a steamer placed at his disposal by Great Britain.

ATTACK ON WIRELESS OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 17.—A despatch from St. Marie to the militia department states that an attack was made on the wireless station there early this morning. Four sentries fired and pursued the attackers into the woods. No details are given.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM Harvest Help Excursions \$12.50 TO WINNIPEG VIA CHICAGO AND DULUTH August 18th

W. H. & B. Railway For Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany, New York, Boston. Solid train of sleeping cars from Hamilton, and from New York.

W. ALMAS & SON Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers 25 and 27 George Street (upstairs) Phone 110.

FOR SALE On Easy Terms

\$1400—Buys one and a half storey red brick near Cook-shuis, 5-room house, large lot, easy terms.

\$1725—Buys new red brick cottage in Eagle Place, 6 rooms, summer kitchen, good cellar, hard and soft water. Terms \$225 down.

\$1600—New red brick cottage in Holmedale, 6 rooms, clothes closets, pantry, summer kitchen, gas, lot 39 x 130. Easy terms.

P. A. SHULTIS and Company Choice North Ward Homes WILLIAM ST.—New 1 1/2 storey red brick, 3 bedrooms and closets, 3-piece bath, reception hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, full basement, outside and inside entrance, furnace, gas, electric lights and fixtures, large double-deck verandah and porch, nice driveway and lot. For quick sale only at \$3500.

BRANT AVE.—New 1 1/2 storey brick, 6 rooms, full basement, furnace, gas, electric lights, 3-piece bath, large verandah. Only \$2750.

FOR RENT—Several good houses. O.E. Bell 326. Res. Bell 1913. Auto. 202. 7 SOUTH MARKET ST. OPEN: Tues., Thurs., Sat. Evening Insurance and Investments Marriage Licenses

Special Bargains

JOHN FAIR Surveyor and Civil Engineer Solicitor for Patents. 20 MARKET ST. Phone 1458

50 Acres Do you want 50 acres? Here it is for \$2800. Good frame house, out-buildings, right near church, school, store, mill. Come and see about this.

L. Braund 136 Dalhousie Street Phone: Office 1533, Residence 1339 Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

To Rent \$12 per Month—No. 340 St. Paul's Ave. 6-room cottage, with conveniences, new, with large lot. Also good store in central part of city. Rent very reasonable.

Farms For Exchange 55 acres choice clay loam, new two storey red brick house, 8 rooms, furnace and bath, bank barn, cement floor, drive shed, good water, close to church and school. Price \$7500.

W. ALMAS & SON Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers 25 and 27 George Street (upstairs) Phone 110.

THE COURIER
 Published by The Brantford Courier Limited, every afternoon at Brantford, Ontario, Canada. Subscription rate: \$3 per annum, \$1 per quarter, \$1 per month, by mail to British possessions and the United States, \$4 per annum.
 SEMI-WEEKLY COURIER—Published on Tuesday and Thursday mornings, at 11 AM. Yearly, payable in advance. To the United States, 50 cents extra for postage. Executive Office: Queen City Chambers, 25 Church Street, Toronto. E. M. Smallwood, Representative.

Monday, August 17, 1914

THE SITUATION.
 The outstanding event of the last few hours is the sending of an ultimatum by Japan to Germany. It has long been apparent that the people of the land of the Mikado have been itching to take a hand in the present embroglio. She is ambitious, and, moreover, has always resented the fact of Germany's occupation of part of the Shantung coast in China. Here the Fatherland has commenced to construct a fortified coaling station, from which he could make a strike at Japan in a few hours. The Mikado and his advisers have never relished this menace to them in the China Sea, and there is small cause for wonder that the present favorable opportunity has been taken for action. Germany has been told to take out or dismantle her ships in the sea named by Sunday next, and also to dismantle the fort or else stand the consequences. She will, of course, refuse, and thus have whatever prestige she possesses in the East speedily wiped out. She has two excellent modern cruisers in these waters, excellently armed, and as prizes they will come in very handy for the Jap navy. What other demands she may have in view in the event of a general distribution at the close of a successful humiliation of Germany does not appear, but it is safe to assume that there will be some. Another phase of the matter is that the United States cannot fail to be interested in the new move in view of her Philippine possessions in a like portion of the world.

That no conflict of any decisive import has yet taken place is certain, but it seems to be equally sure that one must take place within a few hours. All that has occurred thus far has been much of a skirmishing nature, although the casualties have been many. Meanwhile the Germans are manifestly advancing in force in Belgium, and they and the combined allies must inevitably soon lock horns in what will unquestionably prove one of the bloodiest and most stubborn battles in all history. An unconfirmed rumor is that the Socialists in Germany are inclined to revolt. It is to be hoped that they do; in fact, some think that their menacing unrest was one of the minor causes for the hurrying on of hostilities by the Kaiser. They constitute the largest single body in the Reichstag, and have long openly opposed the militarism of the Emperor.

It might be well to explain the form of Government in the Fatherland. The supreme executive is in the hands of the Kaiser, who controls the combined administration and organization of all the German States. He has the aid of a Chancellor and thirteen heads of departments. In addition to these Ministers (who do not, by the by, constitute a responsible Cabinet) there is the Bundesrath, or legislative federal council, and the Reichstag, or Diet of the realm. All laws must receive an absolute majority of both bodies and then be assented to by the Kaiser. It will thus be seen that he is absolutely the biggest one-man tyrant in all Europe, and also in the civilized world.

THE TRAGIC END OF BIG RULERS.

History records that Alexander the Great, who was the pupil of Aristotle at fourteen, and who reigned over the Macedonians at sixteen, while his father was absent, and who succeeded Philip when he was nineteen, after climbing the heights of this ambition, fell from his lofty eminence. Alexander, with his temples bound in chaplets dipped in the blood of conquered nations, looked down upon a conquered world and wept that there was not another one for him to conquer, then set a city on fire and died amid scenes of debauch!

Hannibal, one of the greatest soldiers who ever lived, after having passed the Alps, to the amazement of Rome, and having successfully fought and conquered the armies of the mistress of the world, stripping three bushels of gold rings from the fingers of her slaughtered warriors, fled from his country. He died by poison, administered by his own hand, unlamented, in a foreign land.

FREEDOM FOR POLES
 ST. PETERSBURG, via London, Aug. 15.—The Russian government promises Poland freedom in the matter of religion and language and autonomy if the Poles are loyal in the present struggle with Germany and Austria-Hungary.

millions of his enemies, after having pursued to death the only rival he had, was assassinated by those whom he considered to be his best friends. Bonaparte, the greatest general of modern times, after having filled the earth with the terror of his name, deluged it with tears and blood, and clothed the world, as it were, in sackcloth, ended his days in banishment upon a lonely island in the South Atlantic.

The Kaiser seems to think himself in the same class with the above, but he has never done anything to show it, and probably never will, and his end ought to be just as tragic.

THE FIRST GREAT WORK.

The New York Sun has been devoting a series of thoughtful and well informed articles to the progress of the war. Here is an extract from a recent editorial:—

"England's fleet has performed its first great task and opened a long stretch of ocean to the commerce of her subjects. Before a serious blow has been struck on land or sea British shipping is notified that the Atlantic is clear as far south as Trinidad and that the transportation of foodstuffs in security may be resumed at once. The official announcement of the success of this prime and vital naval manoeuvre comes after a series of operations in which no spectacular battle was fought, if, indeed, a hostile shot was fired. Yet its importance to the allies and to this nation is greater than victory in a pitched battle on land."

The Sun is undoubtedly correct. As previously pointed out in these columns, the States itself depends to a very large extent upon British bottoms to carry the surplus yields of its plains and the products of its factories and the speedy keeping open of the trade routes means as much to her as to any other land. It would, of course, have been impossible for Canadian Cruisers to have accomplished what the British fleet has done so speedily and efficiently.

SOME FIGURES.

The Courier has been asked to give the areas and the populations of the more prominent countries in the world.

	Square Miles	Population
British Empire	13,123,712	400,000,000
United Kingdom	120,651	45,250,000
India	1,773,170	315,000,000
Canada	3,730,000	7,250,000
Newfoundland	162,750	250,000
Australia	3,053,041	5,000,000
New Zealand	105,000	1,100,000
S. Africa	473,100	6,000,000
United States	3,027,000	92,000,000
Dependencies	721,100	10,000,000
Belgium	11,400	7,500,000
Austria	134,634	29,000,000
Brazil	3,300,000	23,600,000
China	4,300,000	400,000,000
France	207,100	40,000,000
Colonies		
Algeria	1,120,000	5,600,000
Morocco	103,000	7,000,000
Tunis	46,300	1,800,000
Germany	208,780	65,000,000
Colonies	1,134,240	15,000,000
Italy	110,623	35,000,000
Colonies	601,200	
Japan	140,200	50,000,000
Dependencies	95,700	15,100,000
Mexico	769,000	16,000,000
Netherlands	12,761	6,000,000
Colonies	832,500	38,000,000
Norway	124,400	2,400,000
Portugal	35,500	5,500,000
Colonies	804,000	10,000,000
Russia	8,400,000	164,000,000
Spain	194,702	20,000,000
Sweden	172,900	5,500,000
Switzerland	15,950	3,800,000
Turkey	695,000	20,000,000
Venezuela	394,843	2,325,000

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Kaiser let loose the dogs of war, and now most of them are at him. The Jap is the latest one to yap.

The British Lion, the Russian Bear and the French Tiger are quite a menagerie for the German eagle to tackle and get away with.

The ladies of Toronto secured over \$30,000 in subscriptions for the hospital ship fund. Good for them and the Queen City.

It begins to look as if the present European flare-up will be likely to wipe out a lot of old sores more completely than a dozen Hague Palaces of Peace.

Sir Adam Beck has followed up his offer for service by presenting eleven prize horses in his stables in England to the British Government. Whether it is Hydro-Electric or anything else, that man always does everything with a thoroughness to challenge general admiration.

The Czar in a proclamation to the entire Polish population in Russia has promised them freedom in religion and language and the restoration of their territory. This is one more good outcome of the present war. The residents have long been restive under a stiff Russian yoke.

FREEDOM FOR POLES
 ST. PETERSBURG, via London, Aug. 15.—The Russian government promises Poland freedom in the matter of religion and language and autonomy if the Poles are loyal in the present struggle with Germany and Austria-Hungary.

JAPAN HAS TAUGHT ART OF SILENCE

Result is That World Knows Practically Nothing of Movement of Troops Now.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Aug. 17.—While Japan has borrowed most of her military science from Europe, she taught the west, in return, the enormous value of secrecy in warfare. All the powers engaged in the European death grapple have learned that lesson.

Reports from Belgium say that the German prisoners have no regimental insignia on their uniforms and have been instructed to refuse information as to what regiments they are attached. In 1870, the British newspapers gave full accounts of the German and French regiments where they were, and what regiments composed each army. The commands and personalities of all the leading generals were widely known.

Over all these details, the armies engaged in the war theatre in Western Europe, except perhaps the Belgians, have folded a shroud of mystery concerning the men who will play the greatest parts in the drama, about beginning. The public knows almost nothing about the commander-in-chief of the French army, General Joseph Joffre. Joffre is not an advertising general. Even the French people know less about him than almost any man who ever guided their military machines.

The present dispositions of the combatant forces, their movement and plans, are chiefly matters of guesswork. Experts can only surmise that during the oppressive darkness for the past fortnight of mobilization and of suspense for Europe, the four great armies of Germany, France, Austria and Russia have been moving into positions, which those who have theorized on the subject have expected.

The great mobilization appears to have proved one fact—that even the German organization, when put to the test under real war conditions could not move as fast as expected. The great swift battle on the French frontier which was due last week has not yet begun, so far as is known, or perhaps it may be beginning to-day.

The British army permits a few war correspondents to take the field, but under strict rules. The French staff prohibits correspondents at the front from using the telegraphs. The Russian army will have no correspondents. The German staff is known strongly to disapprove of them.

HOW FRENCH DROVE GERMANS INTO RETREAT

Correspondent of London Times Gives Description of Battle at Dinant.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Aug. 17, 5.30 a.m.—The Times correspondent at Namur, Belgium, who witnessed the fighting at Dinant Saturday, says:—"The battle occupied a whole day, but was made up of two actions. The first continued from morning until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The second occupied the remainder of the afternoon."

From early morning, when the Germans took possession of a part of Dinant on the left bank of the Meuse, and a regiment of French infantry advanced at the same time from the south and to the north and occupied the other side of the town, skirmishes between the two forces proceeded throughout the forenoon.

"In the afternoon the fighting took the form of an artillery engagement. The French infantry withdrew from the town into the woods at the side of the Meuse, four miles from the river. The artillery then took charge of the battle, while at the same moment a French infantry regiment, advancing along the Meuse on the south of Namur, flung a chain of the Germans in the town and, aided by artillery, drove them off. Then from 3 o'clock until 6 the two armies were engaged in an artillery duel across the town. It was always the Germans who were retiring along the hills to the south of the town and always the French who moved forward their batteries little by little. Gradually the French drove the Germans southward, probably along the road to Nan-sur-Lesse, pursuing all the time infantry and cavalry. To all appearances the French artillery made better practice than the German. The number of killed and wounded must have been heavy.

"Several attempts have been made by the Germans to destroy this town by means of an attack with aeroplane bombs within the past few days. On Friday an aviator dropped three bombs during a fast flight across the city. One of these fell on the sidewalk of the bridge D'Omalius, injuring five men. The other bombs did no damage. Saturday a bomb struck the roof of the railway station, injuring one man, but doing slight damage to the building. Seven bombs dropped at other points in the town did no harm."

The correspondent of the Times at Namur, describing the plan of battle at Dinant Saturday, when he says the French defeated the Germans and drove them from the place, states:—"The general scheme of the French plan seemed to be to turn the Germans out of Dinant by a crushing force, after having first allowed them to enter it; and secondly, to drive them back towards Rochefort, a town 26 miles south of Huy."

"In both objects I believe they succeeded. It was a magnificent sight to see the French chasseurs advance, looking like a huge flock of crows on a yellow field."

Plainly Seen

(Continued from Page 1)

informally was conveyed to Japan. That government's response was the intention that whatever steps Japan might feel compelled to take to discharge its share in the Anglo-Japanese alliance, the United States could rest assured of the intention to maintain China's integrity. Germany's neutralization proposal apparently was not favored in Tokio.

"Since the German fleet sailed into Kiau-Chau harbor, sixteen years ago, and claimed the territory as indemnity for alleged attacks on German missionaries, Japan's avowed intention has been to restore it to her Oriental neighbor. The Anglo-Japanese alliance was said to have brought about Japan's decisive step in that direction. Recent exchanges between officials of the Japanese and British Governments were said to have resulted in Great Britain taking the attitude that her "special interests" in the Far East, as mentioned in the treaty, were menaced by the operations of German warships in Oriental waters, and by the general situation involved in Germany's military strength in Kiau-Chau. Japan was said to have lost no time in accepting the British viewpoint.

CHASED THEIR CRUISERS
 LONDON, Aug. 17.—A despatch from Rome to the Exchange Telegraph Company, says it is reported from Ancona that four British battleships chased the Austrian cruisers Aurora and Szigetvar, which were blockading Antivari. The Austrian vessels were pursued until they took refuge in the naval station at Pola.

Laid at Rest

Late Mrs. Dutcher.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Dutcher took place yesterday from the residence upon Maple avenue to the Congregational cemetery, Brantford, and was largely attended by many sorrowing friends of the deceased. The last sad rites were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Fyddell over the remains, amid a large concourse of friends.

The pallbearers were: W. H. J. C., Charles, Herbert and James Bibbar, Paul Madlinger, Henry Cox and C. D. Smith.

Many flowers testified to the respect held for the deceased.

Late Mrs. McGill.

The funeral of the late Mrs. McGill took place yesterday from the residence of Mrs. Huber, 21 Fair avenue when interment took place in St. Joseph's cemetery after the last high mass had been celebrated by Dean Brady in St. Basil's church. The sad ceremonies were largely attended by many sorrowing friends.

There were many tributes of respect offered and they included the following flowers and mass cards: Cross, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Bruce, Herman McGill, sprays, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hubert, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hubert, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hubert, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hawley, Mr. R. A. Ball, Mr. F. C. Minnes, Mass cards—Mrs. Catherine Lake, Mrs. Robert Lake, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hurley, Mr. and Mrs. M. Kerr, Mr. W. Huber, Mr. A. Hubert, Mr. C. Huebert, Mr. J. Hurley, J. Hubert.

ACKNOWLEDGED IT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Germany has acknowledged receipt of President Wilson's proffer of good offices in mediation or arbitration. All the warring countries except Russia have now replied Secretary Bryan, consistent with his refusal to discuss the replies from any of the powers, would not go into details as to Germany's acknowledgement, but it is understood to like others received, to be only an acknowledgement.

A GOOD COMPLEXION MEANS PURE BLOOD

Everybody that wants a fine, glowing, youthful skin, should take old reliable Hood's Sarsaparilla, a physician's prescription, which gives a clear, healthy color. When your blood is made pure, pimples, boils, hives, eczema disappear. Langour, loss of appetite, tired feeling, weakness are symptoms of impure, unhealthy blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood. Get a bottle today.

Uncle Walt
 The Poet Philosopher

AUGUST

This is the month of August, according to men's talk; and now the sprightly togethery lays in his winter stock. His heavy clothes he's getting, big shipments every day, while yet we're sorely sweating and shooting flies away. The urbane, genial geezers who run the hardware store, are chucking ice cream freezers where they'll be seen no more; and from dark hiding places, in attics or in sheds, they bring, with cheerful faces, last winter's skates and sleds. The corn is turning yellow, the grass will shortly die, the pumpkin's growing mellow, and almost fit for pie. So let us prize and cherish fair August's sizzling heat, for it will shortly perish, the warmth that can't be beat. The gladsome flies that cheer us will seek another clime, for Autumn's drawing near us, and good old Winter time.

To The Editor

SOLDIER'S WIFE APPEALS.

Editor of The Courier:—Sir—On behalf of the married men that are going to the front we wish to ask the citizens of Brantford for their kind support and help for their wives and children, while they are away on active service. It would be a comfort to them to know that they are being well looked after while they are away on the field of battle.

A Soldier's Wife.

War Service

First—No extra premium will be charged on policies now in force on the lives of any policyholders of the Canada Life Assurance Company who may engage in military or naval service, in or outside of Canada, irrespective of whether such policies provide for an extra premium or not.

Second—In the event of any policyholder not having paid any premium falling due during his absence, the Company will keep his policy in full force and effect during his term of service abroad, the unpaid premium being treated as a loan upon the policy.

Policyholders should notify the Company upon entering foreign service.

Canada Life Assurance Company
 HERBERT C. COX, President and General Manager

Chew it after every meal

Every Package Tightly Sealed

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT
 THE PERFECT GUM

Be SURE it's WRIGLEY'S

MADE IN CANADA. Wm. Wrigley, Jr. Co., Ltd., 7 Scott Street, TORONTO

LOCAL
 Left for Camp. The Boy Knights left for Grimsby Beach this morning under charge of Prof. Hunt. There is a large turnout, and all are looking forward to the usual good time.

Has Arrived Home. Miss Murray of the Brantford legation staff who was touring the continent when war broke out, has returned home at Toronto. She came via the Virginian.

A Hospital Account. Superintendent E. M. Beatty of the Nicholls Hospital, Brantford, Ont., has forwarded an account of \$30.40 for the maintenance of that institution of E. Haywood, Brantford as his home.

Hydro Electric. A meeting of the Parkdale view ratepayers has been called to take place with regard to the subject on Tuesday night at 8 in Bellview School. There is to be some difference as to proper rates.

Civic Works. The city works department is busy laying a concrete sidewalk on the north side of Nelson street, from Drummond to Stanley streets, and a sanitary sewer on Wellington street from Clarence street to Buck's factory, and putting curb on Dundas street from Grand street.

Farwell Service. A farwell service was held by the Boy Knights of our city last evening. H.C.L. Henry Roger, H.C.L. John Hawke read the Prof. Hunt addressed the boys very feelingly of the past, and hoping that God guide them in doing the right. Appropriate hymns were sung. Charles Snowden sang a solo. Attendance was very large, the ing being crowded.

Cannot be Deported. Last Wednesday Mr. E. F. City Relief Officer, wrote the immigration department at Ottawa to make out deportation papers for Aprahamian a local Armenian was in bad circumstances and to support himself and family. Mr. Eddy received from the department a statement that Aprahamian could not be deported until the present war was over. Undesirable immigrants from the United States were being deported. Other deportations have stopped.

Farmer's Letter. Captain Newman has received typical of many received by officers during these days of war. It is from a private at Brantford who says he is to fight for his king and country. He enclosed pieces of string stating the measurements of his uniform and arms and asked for his uniform which would enable him to travel free. He is very anxious for a telegram in case of an emergency and requests an early reply letter.

For T

SPECIAL in TRU AND S

Neill

HOW Temple Building

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Left for Camp.

The Boy Knights left for camp at Grimsby Beach this morning in charge of Prof. Hunt. There was a large turnout, and all are looking forward to the usual good time.

Has Arrived Home.

Miss Murray of the Brantford Collegiate staff who was touring the continent when war broke out, has arrived home at Toronto. She came over on the Virginian.

A Hospital Account.

Superintendent E. M. Beamish of the Nicholls Hospital Peterboro, Ont., has forwarded an account to the city of \$30.40 for the maintenance in that institution of E. Hayward, who claims Brantford as his home.

Hydro Electric.

A meeting of the Parkdale and Bellview ratepayers has been called to take place with regard to the above subject on Tuesday night at 8 p.m. in Bellview School. There seems to be some difference as to proportionate rates.

Civic Works.

The city works department are now busy laying a concrete sidewalk on the north side of Nelson street from Drummond to Stanley streets; constructing a sanitary sewer on Campbell street from Clarence street east to Back's factory, and putting in a curb on Dundas street from High to Grand street.

Farewell Service.

A farewell service was held at the Boy Knights armory last evening for the Boy Knights who are going to the front. H.C.L. Henry Rogers and H.C.L. John Hawke read the lessons. Prof. Hunt addressed the boys, speaking very feelingly of the past associations and hoping that the right always guide them in doing the right always. Appropriate hymns were sung. Master Charles Snowden sang a solo. The attendance was very large, the building being crowded.

Cannot be Deported.

Last Wednesday Mr. E. B. Eddy, City Relief Officer, wrote the immigration department at Ottawa to make out deportation papers for Onig Arahamian, a local Armenian who was in bad circumstances and unable to support himself and family. This morning Mr. Eddy received a reply from the department stating that Arahamian could not be deported until the present war was over as only undesirable immigrants from the United States were being deported. All other deportations have stopped.

Farmer's Letter.

Captain Newman has received a letter typical of many received by military officers during these days of warfare. It is from a private on a farm at Brantford who says he is anxious to fight for his king and country. He enclosed pieces of string stating they were the measurements of his chest and arms and asked for his rifle and uniform which would enable him to travel free. He is very anxious for a telegram in case of an early call and requests an early reply to his letter.

Local Ladies

Will Help

There has been some talk among local women's auxiliaries, which is expected will take definite shape within the next few days, to have sewing bees started for the local volunteers and reservists who may leave for the war. Socks and underclothing would be greatly appreciated by the men, and it would not be necessary to have these ready for the boys when they leave, as the British authorities would guarantee them safe delivery at the front.

Reference Room Closed.

The reference room at the public library is now undergoing re-arrangement and has been closed for a short period. It will be thoroughly overhauled during operations.

Delegates Picnic.

A picnic has been arranged by the Y. M. C. A. which promises to be a very pleasant affair. It is for all girls who have been selected as delegates during the past five years to the annual Y. W. C. A. summer conference of workers at Muskoka, and will be held at Mohawk Park in the afternoon and evening. It is probable that about thirty girls will participate in the happy event.

A Novel Machine.

Many people noticed a peculiar looking red motor car of a powerful type around the city on Saturday. It was a Mitchell Ranger, built five years ago, and was the first car used in postal service. It was also notable on account of the fact that it was used in 1910 in the sending of despatches from New York to San Francisco, and has covered the ocean to ocean route five times. Until the beginning of this year, it had covered 105,000 miles, with the original engine, which is still running a powerful 30-horse unit.

Favorable Comment.

Many favorable comments were made at Massey Hall, Toronto, on Friday, at the commencement of D. V.B.S., on the work of the Brantford branch. Mr. Massey, Dr. Boville, Mayor Hocken, Ald. Hiltz and Bishop Brexwing were on the platform. The speakers from Brantford, Master Gordon Felton and Prof. Hunt, gave splendid addresses. Five of the articles made at the Brantford school have been sent to New York for exhibition. It has been decided to open up many new schools in Brantford next year, also several in London. Three hundred and eighty schools were in operation this summer. Prof. Hunt will be appointed superintendent of this district, an advancement that his many friends will be glad to learn of, as he has done splendid work here in the past.

CLEANED UP

Market and Streets Were Washed Early on Sunday Morning.

The expediency with which the Washburn shows gathered and packed their lumber and scenario was a tribute to the excellence of their dispatch work.

The crowd began to wane at 11 o'clock, and at 12 all the shows had closed up, and immediately the market was a scene of busy workers, each going about their own particular task. At one time there was a large number of citizens gathered around to watch operations, and they marvelled at the business. Tents and canvas disappeared and nothing but gaunt frames stood up by two o'clock and soon these were packed and sent to the station. At five o'clock every vestige of the fair was gone and the market had been swept by Fred Unger and his men.

The main streets had been washed early on Sunday morning, and when church goers left their homes the cleanliness was quite apparent.

SUDDEN DEATH

Harold Webber, Former Well-known Brantford Man, Died in Vancouver.

Friends will be sorry to learn of the sudden death on Friday last in Vancouver of a former well known Brantford man in the person of Mr. Harold Webber, brother-in-law of Mr. F. H. Gott of this city. Death resulted from heart failure. Mr. Webber was popularly esteemed in both Brantford and Vancouver. He was a former member of the office staff of the Waterloo Engine works, and conducted the Woodstock Business College prior to coming to Brantford. He leaves to mourn his loss a wife and daughter in Vancouver, also a mother and sister in Woodstock.

L. E. & N. WORK STOPPED ALL ALONG ROUTE

Only Raising of Lorne Bridge Will be Proceeded With, It is Announced.

All work on the L. E. and N. Railway between Brantford and Port Dover will be stopped until further notice, in two weeks time. Beyond a few men, who are to be retained on the work of completing the line from here to Galt, all assistants were given two weeks notice on Saturday, to the effect that these services would no longer be required after two weeks, the C. P. R. officials having decided to discontinue work on the line from here to Port Dover. The work of raising Lorne Bridge, which was resumed this morning, will be completed as rapidly as possible, and the entrance of the railway into the city, completed along Jubilee Terrace, but the work of constructing the bridge across the river just below the T. H. and B. bridge has been stopped, as it constitutes part of the line from Brantford to Port Dover. The line from here to Galt is now practically finished and it is expected that it will be in operation as soon as possible, at least that it is understood on good authority, is the present intention of the C. P. R.

The reason given for the stopping of the work from here to Port Dover is apparent to those who have been watching the movements of big corporations since the war began. All unnecessary expenditure has been stopped and only the most urgent is to be gone on with.

THANKED PRESIDENT LONDON, Aug. 17.—7.20 a.m.—A despatch to the "Chronicle" from Paris, says that the French Foreign Minister, Premier Viviani, replied to the American offer of mediation, remarking that France has been attacked, despite her steady refusal to take the aggressive, says in thanking President Wilson: "You may be assured that the French Government and people will recognize in your idea new evidence of your interest in the destinies of France."

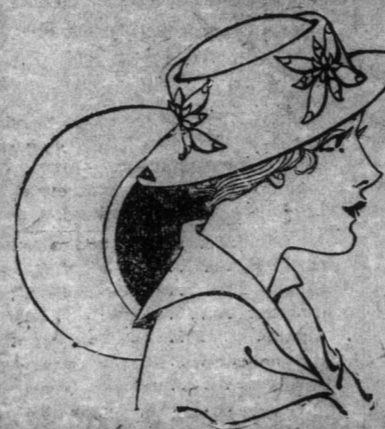
Now--

You can have your orders filled, with English, French and German china, but no guarantee for the future while the war lasts. Order at once.

VANSTONE'S CHINA HALL

CROMPTON'S THE HOUSE OF QUALITY AND GOOD VALUE CROMPTON'S

A Few New French Hats Have Arrived



Silk sailor shapes and small sloping turbans which will have peculiar interest for women who know how great the vogue for silk hats is in Paris.

Also shown are the strange little hats of black velvet from our own workrooms. One has the straight ostrich which promises to be fashionable, and prices run from \$6.50 to \$8.50 upwards.

The Sale of Dainty Princess Slips is Attracting Many Buyers to the Underwear Store

The selection is just as good as on the first day of the Sale. Savings are near half.

—Queen Street Annex.

Lingerie A-Plenty for the Girl in Her Teens

NEWLY IN ARE

Petticoats, straight and untruffled, with flat trimming of durable embroidery or lace, trimming, 28, 30, 32, 34 and 36-inch lengths. .50c to \$1.50

New Nightgowns of nainsook have similar flat, pretty, durable trimming in several different styles, 6 to 16 years sizes. .50c to \$1.50

—Queen Street Annex.

Many Women Will Take Advantage of this Golden Opportunity

Thirty Smart Suits of finest material such as satin, silk, all-wool serges, whipcords and checks in a great variety of styles and colors.

Original Prices Were: \$26.20 to \$32.50

NOW \$15.50 TO \$18.50

—Second Floor.

E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO.

Linoleum Special

Ends of 4-yard-wide Linoleum to clear

49c

Actual value 60 and 65c, about 10 to 14 square yards in each end, very best Scotch Linoleum.

—Third Floor.

Handkerchiefs Out of Europe Just in Time

They are of notably fine linen and in prettiest of French colorings, in designs that women especially will like.

Ladies' New Monogram Handkerchiefs, made from very sheer linen, sold six in a fancy box. At \$1.75 a box

We have a large assortment of Swiss Muslin Handkerchiefs, with very good patterns, for, 12 1/2c each

Ladies' Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs, with pretty floral design in corner, regular 40c and 50c, for, 25c

Ladies' Novelty Handkerchiefs, made of fine silk crepe. We have these pretty Handkerchiefs in various colors to match the dresses. Each, 50c

Ladies' and Men's Very Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs, with the new two-inch hem. Each 25c, 35c and 60c

—Annex, Queen and Colborne Sts.

Some Good Lace Voile and Marquisette Curtains for Less

Curtain groups of one, two or three pair of a kind in patterns that cannot be repeated, and prices range from

\$1.25 TO \$8.45

EXTRA VALUE—All Nottingham and Novelty Lace Curtains that were \$3.50 to \$4.75. To clear, \$2.95

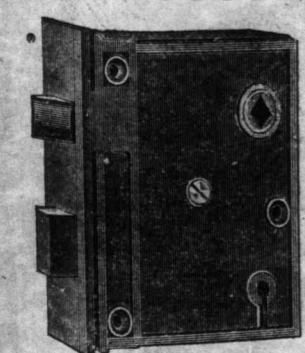
—Third Floor.

—Annex, Queen and Colborne Sts.

For This Week

SPECIAL BARGAINS in TRUNKS, VALISES AND SUIT CASES.

Neill Shoe Co.



Builder's Hardware

We have just received a shipment of lock sets, in three styles and antique and dull brass finishes, and with easy spring locks. These we can sell as a bargain. Front door and inside sets to match. See our stock.

HOWIE & FEELY Temple Building Dalhousie Street

With the City Police

An insight into the underside of life was afforded at the police court this morning when two girls, Lita Clark and Mabel Subject charged their late employer, Wm. Martin, with non-payment of wages, indecent assault and with using indecent language.

Martin owns a side show which travels around with the Washburn creations and while in Stratford he hired the two girls. Apparently no definite scale of wages was named, but the girls just patronized his booth and an acquaintance sprang up from which it is alleged the bargain of their accompanying him was struck. Upon arrival in Brantford he procured lodgings for the girls, his son and himself in the same house. To this they all returned at night after working on the stall at about 12 or 1 o'clock. On two occasions, the girls say the men attempted to take liberties with them.

They did not say anything then because they wanted their wages first, being afraid they would not get them if they laid any complaint.

Defendant said the girls had not conducted themselves properly on the booth and had fellows behind it. He had found it necessary to discharge them, and then it was that the complaints were laid. He had never attempted anything improper, although he admitted that he had asked the girls if he could accompany them to a ball game for a little fun. He denied the indecent language charge and said it was an insinuation on the part of the girls.

On the non-payment of wages charge he said he had never made an arrangement with the girls, just saying he would treat them fair.

Both girls, however, denied this and said he agreed to pay them \$1.50 a day and all expenses, or they would never have left Stratford. After a lengthy hearing, during which cross-examinations were frequent by Mr. Hollinrake for the defendant and Mr. McEwen for the complainants, the bench decided that Martin was indebted to the girls for \$19 wages, and this would have to be paid, as well as costs on the assault charge, which he would dismiss upon payment.

A Little Firebrand.

Florence Gaynor proved a little

SYNOD MEETING HAS BEEN DEFERRED

Archbishop of Ottawa Has Forwarded Notice to Canadian Church.

The Archbishop of Ottawa has issued the following notice, which explains itself: To the Right Reverend Bishops, and the Clerical and Lay Delegates to the General Synod.

The Archbishop of Ottawa, acting as Senior Archbishop under Article 6 of the Constitution of the General Synod, and advised by a majority of the Bishops, and some of the Clergy and Lay Members of the Church, begs to inform you that there will be no meeting of the General Synod on September 9th, in Vancouver.

The members of the General Synod will kindly observe that the Archbishop is not assuming any power to prevent the Synod meeting, or to postpone it. The Archbishop is informed by a majority of the Bishops, and by some of the Clergy and Lay Delegates, that the trying circumstances of the world-wide spread war at this time will, in the opinion, make it exceedingly difficult for men to leave their families and their business for the long period necessary to attend Synod, and to make the long journey to and from Vancouver.

In the Archbishop's opinion, there would not be a quorum. Further, it is strongly held that many of the important questions before the Church ought to have the large advantage of a good attendance of both clergymen and laymen from the whole Dominion.

The Archbishop has been very reluctant to take the responsibility of issuing this notice in the absence of the Primate; but the improbability of the Primate's getting back to Canada in time to act has left the Archbishop and the members of Synod in great uncertainty; and then there might be no Synod for lack of a quorum, or the attendance might be so limited as to occasion widespread regrets.

CHARLES OTTAWA, Archbishop.

T. W. TOWELL, Prolocutor.

firebrand when the officers tried to conduct her to a cell this morning. She, a colored girl, was charged with vagrancy, and denied the charge, saying she was being escorted home when P.C. Stanley interrupted her. She belonged to the Washburn Shows and would go to Buffalo if she was released. The magistrate decided that she should be held for the immigration officials, and she was taken to the cells. He recalled her, and her temper was aroused. "Don't touch me," she cried as Sergeant Wallace pointed the way, and the Magistrate calmed her when he said she could go if she went to Buffalo. She thereupon turned to P.C. Stanley and cried that if she ever got him outside she would brain him, and she lifted up a chair with which to hit him when he closed in, and she was safely taken downstairs to liberty.

Josephine Wallace charged William Williams with the non-payment of wages and also assault, and he pleaded not guilty to both charges. He runs a cafe on Market street, and engaged her as waitress. He borrowed \$30 from her, and has not since repaid it, and during her three weeks of work he had not paid her a cent. He, so she said, threw her down, and she fainted, one day last week when she was vexed. He for his part said she very rarely worked in his restaurant, and had never earned wages, while she had done a great deal of damage at his home, where she boarded. He had witnesses to prove this, and for them the case was adjourned.

FROM THE WEST

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 17.—125 men for Princess Patricia's light infantry arrived this morning from Edmonton.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Sutherland's

Old Home Week

FLAGS! FLAGS! FLAGS!

All Sizes.

CONFETTI! CONFETTI!

Thousands of Packages.

Pennants in Great Variety.

BRANTFORD SOUVENIRS. — STERLING SILVER SPOONS

And an Endless Number of Souvenir Novelties.

J. L. SUTHERLAND

Advertisement for Wrigley's chewing gum, featuring the 'The Flavor Lasts' logo and the text 'Be SURE WRIGLEY'S'.

GERMANS ARE SAYING IN THE PRESS

Russian Disaffection and Promises to the Jews.

Special Wire to the Courier] DON, Aug. 17—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Keuter Telegram says: Several German newspapers reached here. The Berlin Post for Thursday reproaches the Austrian commander-in-chief for his proclamation to the Poles, upon them to join in the Austro-Germanic army as Austria brings freedom from Muscovite rule.

AL STIMULANT

us and Racial Sentiment a Big Help to the Russians.

Special Wire to the Courier.] DON, Aug. 17, 4:20 a.m.—Petersburg correspondent of Standard says that the Russian authorities are using two mighty to stimulate the feeling for by are religious fervor and rationally.

the author's sixth latest novel he has tremendous influential books. All to the author for ant-day evils in Art

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FRANCE CRUSHED IN THE LAST WAR

Though Napoleon III. has been represented by some writers as a murderer and a fanatic, as well as a degenerate, there is reason to believe that it was his advisers rather than the French Emperor who created the situation that gave Bismarck his opportunity and provoked the Franco-Prussian War. Napoleon was told over and over again that the French army was never so well prepared for war as Marshal Leboeuf said: "Never have we been so ready, never shall we be so ready again; not even a gaiter button is wanting. The war sooner or later is inevitable. Let us accept it." Either the marshal was deceived, or he must be reckoned one of the most monumental asses in history. France was far from ready. She had nothing with which to oppose the German, but her valor. She did not win an engagement of any importance in the course of the whole war she was unable to put up such a resistance to the Prussian advance as the Belgians have furnished at Liege.

Hoped Much from Mitrailleuse It was on July 19, 1870, that France declared war on Germany, and began immediately the mobilization of her army. Four days earlier the order for the German mobilization had been given. There is a tradition that Moltke was awakened by an officer, who brought the news of the declaration of war, and was asked what he would do. Moltke said that he had nothing to do—all his plans had been made months before. By August 1, Germany had 520,000 men under arms, and was advancing toward France with three armies. Napoleon was in supreme command of the French army, numbering 350,000, but within a fortnight had relinquished the post. Napoleon thought that the mitrailleuse, a sort of revolving cannon, which he is said to have invented, would give the French a tremendous advantage, but this arm was a failure. The first engagement was fought at Saarbrücken, where a force of 1,000 Prussians faced 30,000 French. After three hours the Prussians retired. It was little more than a skirmish, but the retirement of the Prussians was hailed with great delight.

One Failure After Another The rejoicing was premature. One failure followed another. On August 3th, the French were defeated at Wissembourg with great loss. Part of the force retired upon Worth, but was again set upon and 6,000 French dead were left on the field. Another French army under Bazaine retired toward the great fortress at Metz. On August 16 the Battle of Gravelotte was fought, and Bazaine took refuge with his army in the fortress where he was to remain practically a prisoner for the remainder of the war. In fact the cowardice of Bazaine, who held a great army in retirement, all through the struggle, and finally surrendered, instead of making an effort to fight his way out, is one of the most humiliating pages in the history of warfare. He was subsequently tried for high treason and sentenced to death. The sentence was commuted to life imprisonment, but he escaped from St. Marguerite and fled to Spain.

Sedan and Paris The great battle of the war was fought at Sedan on September 1 and the French army, numbering 124,000 men, under Marshal McMahon was practically annihilated. McMahon and the Emperor of France were both made prisoners. When the news of Sedan reached Paris, a revolution broke out, and the Empress Eugenie fled to England to escape death at the hands of the mob. The empire had fallen, but Paris chose a new government and prepared to defend itself from the advancing Prussian army. The city was invested on September 19, and for four months it held out, the gallant resistance being the only incident of the war upon which renchmen can now look without shame. On January 28, 1871, Paris surrendered, and instead of the French dictating terms of peace at Berlin, as they boasted, the Prussian soldiers marched through the streets of their capital.

Under Prussia's Heel The French were utterly beaten, and the Germans were able to demand whatever terms they chose. They did not err on the side of moderation. A war indemnity of \$70,000,000 was paid within three years, and the Provinces of Alsac and Lorraine, which were upian the German border, were taken from France. In the course of the war 159 engagements were fought, fifteen being considerable battles. Prussia took to Germany nearly 400,000 prisoners, and held 100,000 more in Paris. Although she had only 520,000 men, by the time peace was declared there were a million German soldiers on French soil, undoubtedly the failure of the French Generals, and the fact that France was utterly unprepared for the war despite the claims of insters, explain the collapse of French arms. The Germans not only outnumbered the French, but they were commanded by great generals, who worked along plans settled long in advance. Individually the French soldiers were as good as the Prussians, but they were a mere mob led by orators against troops fresh from their conquest of Austria, and the story of the war is the story of a steady advance on the part of the Prussians to Paris.

As Things Are In Money World (Monetary Times.) All can make guesses, but not one can prophesy with half-marked accuracy. What will be the mean to the business world? It is impossible to predict. The files of history have no parallel. Modern finance and business have been practically unchallenged in modern times. Never before have they had to meet the modern war, armed to the teeth. They encounter him now on stock exchange floors, in the rooms of bankers, in shipping lanes, and wherever else finance and commerce are known. Never before has the modern war giant struck credit to the ground and peremptorily told business to wait until it had got through with its own brand of business. The ancient giant had done such things, but clumsily. Their business was clumsy and disjointed. Since those days, business has acquired extensive international proportions and credit, with a sensitivity unequalled, has cobwebbed itself around the globe. The war giant has acquired the wireless and the aircraft and trappings which have transformed him completely, putting his ancient brother in history's niche. Now, for the first time, modern business and modern warfare meet. The former scarcely knows how to turn because the latter has haled it sharply. No records are there to dictate what must be done. The situation is a new one. Having gathered the data in 1914 and after, they will be available for future occasions. But having gathered the data of 1914 and after, business and finance may have to insist that there shall not be any such future occasion. In the meantime the most obvious sign to business and finance is Caution.

LEIPZIG IS THERE SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 17.—The German Cruiser Leipzig, which stripped for action has been patrolling the coast off this harbor for the last week entered San Francisco Bay early to-day and anchored just inside the Golden Gate. The vessel sent word ashore that it desired to communicate with the German consul.

CAPTURED UHLANS PARIS, Aug. 17.—3.50 a.m.—A special train, the first cars occupied by captured Uhlans arrived here yesterday. The destination of the prisoners was kept secret. Most of the Frenchmen were only slightly wounded. They laughed and sang and declared they were eager to return to the battle.

SERVIAN SUCCESS. LONDON, Aug. 17.—3.50 a.m.—The correspondent of the Reuter Telegram company at Nish, Serbia, telegraphing under date of August 15, says: "Our troops at Buyak near Lyssa, successfully repelled the enemy. Near Kumachitza, opposite Lohmitza, the enemy has thrown a bridge across the Drina and fortified its position on both banks. The night at Belgrade passed quietly."

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Servian Army Doubled By Enlistment of Women

"Serbia's war strength may be given as 240,000, but that figure must be doubled for all Servian women can and will bear arms," declares Princess Lazarovich-Hrebellanovich, the American wife of the late descendant of the old Servian kings.

"Even now I have no doubt they are drilling as the Montenegrin women did during the Balkan campaign, and looking over their underground storehouses, for they have already had charge of the commissary department of the army. For every Servian soldier who falls there will be a wife or a sister to take up his gun. They are wonderful creatures, tall and almost over-muscled from the outdoor work they have done for generations. They are often very beautiful. And always they are fired with patriotism. The Princess drew herself up and her blue eyes brightened with pride in her adopted country women. It is easy to believe that she was very kindly received when she went to them as a California beauty fifteen years ago. "In the great wars of the past when the men have fought the Turks in front, the women have fired their guns at the Austrians in the rear. They have fought side by side with the men, worn the same uniforms, undergone the same hardships, and in the end received the same honor from their country. Status of the Servian Women "Perhaps it is because these women have fought and died beside the men that there is no need for suffrage in Serbia. Long before Magna Charta was thought of the Queen sat in the Servian Parliament with her husband, and when the King issued a proclamation he began it: "I, having taken counsel with my dear wife, the Council of State and the National Assembly, do hereby decree: "To-day if a woman is considered the most able member of one of the great family groups of Zadruga into which Servia is organized she is unhesitatingly business to oversee the work of the fields which belong to the family and its branches in common and the work of the household as well. Then men obey her unreluctantly. "When a man is head of the family, his wife oversees the household work. There is the great central house, with its immense never-dying fire in the middle of the central room, Oxen and sheep are often roasted whole over the oak logs and hams and pieces of sheep meat are smoked in immediately. This mighty swarm of people consumes each day five million loaves of bread, four thousand tons of potatoes, 350,000 gallons of milk, nearly a million cabbages and in season 30,000 pecks of peas and beans. From the world people are busy growing the grain, raising the cattle, looking after the poultry, catching the fish and keeping the fruits and vegetables to keep London and England supplied with their foods from day to day. America has been supplying an enormous proportion of it. Rearing Food Avenues But there must be a great rearrangement of the food avenues in case of war. The way to America is long and perilous. This perhaps is the cause of certain articles in the Declaration of London. It helps to explain the cause of England's alliance with Russia so soon after the Russo-Japanese war, when we found her a firm ally of Japan. Britain's main source of supply in case of war will be Russia and the British colonies that are not too far distant. That is one great disadvantage with most of the British colonies. They are so far away that the route is beset with all manner of perils in case of war. And then it is difficult to keep many routes open and protected. Far simpler it would be to maintain one great route of supply from Russia, patrolled by the most powerful of England's warships. It was for such purpose that they were built. It is for such purpose that they will be used if war is to be. Considering England's position, then we must admit that she has been far-sighted in building her mighty fleet of battleships and forming an alliance with Russia, the greatest food producing nation on earth. The same is true of France.

FOOD SUPPLY AND THE WAR SIZE-UP OF AN EXPERT Says Britain Will Have to Depend on Russia—Germany Will Also Find Problem a Difficult One.

Ruthledge Rutherford, a food expert who recently toured Europe studying food conditions, says in the New York Herald:—Should the Armageddon come, it will be a war of foods. Already the famine scare has seized parts of Germany and England, and it would not be surprising if it soon developed into a panic. France, too, remembering the days of 1871, when meat sold at \$20 a pound, is feeling trepidation. To England and Germany the problem is of most momentous concern, for these two nations are dependent on the outside for most of their sustenance. "Starvation, not invasion, the danger of the country," declared A. J. Balfour several years ago in arguing against the declaration of London. The declaration will prevent America from contributing prominently to the relief of war-ridden nations. England expects to gain by her treaty with Russia more than she will have lost through the restricted relations with the United States, and maybe in England she shows wisdom. That remains to be determined. England's Serious Problem It is the most serious problem England has to consider, the continuous of her food supply. With her it is not a question of quality. Hence little attention is paid there to the purity of foods. The food laws are lax and inadequately enforced. Chemical preservatives are used freely. A report of the local government board of Scotland shows that of three hundred and fifty-two food samples of British origin submitted to chemical analysis, one hundred and fifty-eight were found to contain boron compounds, and twelve preservative sulphites. Any means of obtaining the requisite amount of food and making it safe as long as possible is welcome in England. Should the nation's food supply be shut off by any means starvation would impend immediately. London's Plight Think what it would mean to London alone! London with its environs has a population of nine millions, which receives its substance through the London markets and produces no food at all. Not in history is there a situation like this—such a vast assemblage of people huddled together in such a small area on an island and all dependent for their food on outside sources. If London should be besieged as was Paris in 1871 famine would set in

Water Drinking Race "When every man has his own interest in the land of the Zadruga there is no poverty. The boy who becomes his father's partner at birth, though he is expected to do his little share of the work. Outside of that his time is his own. The land is wonderfully fertile, the soil has never needed fertilizer, and the great oak forests supply a mass of acorns that makes Servian pork known the world over. "The men are a water drinking race. Now and then they take a glass of prune brandy, but not often. They take their pleasures singing and laughing among their great happy families. Each new baby is welcomed as an added sunbeam in the great Zadruga. That is why Servia has been able to withstand Turkey for these many centuries. Do you wonder that Servian women are ready to fight to preserve such a home life as theirs? "Not 800 Serbs have left their country, but they emigrate from the Austrian ruled provinces by thousands every year. These are the men who are crowding the boats—the men who want to see Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia free once more. And the women will follow them, if they fall, brighter than the daggers they wore from childhood to preserve themselves from the Turkish and Austrian soldiers."

THE STORY OF Waitstill Baxter By KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN. Copyright, 1913 by Kate Douglas Wiggin.

Baxter, after a few days' acquaintance, drove into the doorway of the house where she was a visitor and, showing her his two curly-headed boys, suddenly asked her to come and be their stepmother. She assented, partly because she had nothing else to do with her existence so far as she could see, and also because she fell in love with the children at first sight and forgot as girls will, that it was their father whom she was marrying.

She was as plucky and clever and spirited as she was handsome, and she made a brave fight of it with Foxy, long enough to bring a daughter into the world, to name her Waitstill and start her a little way on her life journey—then she too, gave up the struggle and died. Typhoid fever it was, combined with complete loss of illusions and a kind of despairing rage at having made so complete a failure of her existence.

The next year Mr. Baxter, being unusually busy, offered a man a good young helper if he would log about the country a little salary wages, and the man, a likely woman who would if she proved energetic, economical and amiable be eventually raised to the proud position of his wife. If she was young, healthy, smart, tidy, capable and a good manager, able to milk the cows, harness the horse and make good butter he would give a dollar and a half a week. The woman was found, and, incredible as it may seem, she said "Yes" when the deacon, whose ardor was kindled at having paid three months' wages, proposed a speedy marriage. The two boys by this time had reached the age of discretion, and one of them evinced the fact by promptly running away to parts unknown, never to be heard from afterward; while the other, a reckless and unhappy lad, was drowned while running on the logs in the river. Old Foxy showed little outward sign of his loss.

His third wife, the one originally secured for a housekeeper, bore him a girl, very much to his disgust, a girl named Patience, and great was Waitstill's delight at this addition to the dull household. The mother was a thin, colorless, docile creature, but Patience nevertheless was a sparkling, bright-eyed baby, who speedily became the very center of the universe to the older child. So the months and years wore on, and Patience grew up, and was on a level with the other children. Baxter succumbed after the manner of her predecessors and slipped away from a life that had grown intolerable. The trouble was diagnosed as "liver complaint," but scarcity of proper food, no new frocks or kind words, hard work and continual bullying may possibly have been contributory causes. Dr. Perry thought so, for he had witnessed three most contented deaths in the Baxter house. The ladies were all members of the church and had presumably made their peace with God, but the good doctor fancied that his pleasure in joining the angels was mild compared with their relief at parting with the deacon.

"I know I hadn't ought to put the care on you, Waitstill, and you only fourteen," poor Mrs. Baxter sighed, as the young girl was watching with her one night when the end seemed drawing near. "I've made out to live till now when Patience is old enough to dress herself and help round, but I'm all beat out and can't try any more." "Do you mean I'm to take your place, be a mother to Patience and keep house and everything?" asked Waitstill quaveringly. "I don't see but you'll have to, unless your father marries again. He'll never hire help, you know that!" "I won't have another mother in this house," dashed the girl. "There's been three here and that's enough! If he brings anybody home I'll take Patience and run away, as Job did, or if he leaves me alone I'll wash and iron and scrub and cook till Patience grows up, and then we'll go off together and hide somewhere. I'm fourteen. Oh, mother, how soon could I be married and take Patience to live with me? Do you think anybody will ever want me?" "Don't marry for a home, Waitstill! Your own mother did that, and so did I, and we were both punished for it! You've been a great help, and I've had a sight of comfort out of the baby, but I wouldn't go through it again, not even for her! You're real smart and capable for her age, and you've done your full share of the work every day, even when you were at school. You can get along all right."

"I don't know how I'm going to do everything alone," said the girl, forcing back her tears. "You've always made the brown bread, and mine will never suit father. I suppose I can wash, but I don't know how to iron starched clothes, nor make pickles, and oh! I can never kill a rooster, mother, it's no use to ask me to! I'm not big enough to be the head of the family."

Mrs. Baxter turned her pale, tired face away from Waitstill's appealing eyes. "I know," she said faintly. "I hate to leave you to bear the brunt alone, but I must! . . . Take good care of Patience and don't let her get into trouble. . . . You won't, will you?" "I'll be careful," promised Waitstill, sobbing quietly. "I'll do my best!"

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"You've got more courage than ever I had; don't you s'pose you can stiffen up and defend yourself a little more? Your father'd ought to be opposed, for his own good, but I've never seen anybody that dared do it." Then, after a pause, she said with a flash of spirit, "Anyhow, Waitstill, he's your father after all. He's no blood relation of mine, and I can't stand him another day; that's the reason I'm willing to die."

Ivory Boynton lifted the bars that divided his land from the highroad and walked slowly toward the house. It was April, but there were still patches of snow here and there, fast melting under a drizzling rain. It was a gray world, a bleak, black and brown world, above and below. The sky was leaden; the road and the footpath were deep in a muddy ooze flecked with white. The tree trunks, black, with bare branches, were outlined against the gray sky; nevertheless, spring had been on the way for a week, and a few sunny days would bring the yearly miracle for which all hearts were longing.

Ivory was season wise, and his quick eye had caught many a sign as he walked through the woods from his schoolhouse. A new and different color haunted the tree tops, and one had only to look closely at the elm buds to see that they were beginning to swell. Some fat robins had been bouncing about in the schoolyard at noon, and the sparrows had been chirping and twittering on the fence rails. Yes, the winter was over, and Ivory was glad, glad for it had meant no coasting and skating and sleighing for him, but long walks in deep snow or slush, long evenings, good for study, but short days and greater loneliness for his mother. He could see her now as he neared the house, standing in the open doorway, her hand shading her eyes, watching, always watching, for some one who never came.

"Spring is on the way, mother, but it isn't here yet, so don't stand there in the rain," he called. "Look at the nose-bleed I gathered for you as I came through the woods. Here are pussy willows and red maple blossoms and mayflowers, would you believe it?" Lois Boynton took the handful of budding things and sniffed their fragrance. "You're late tonight, Ivory," she said. "Rod wanted his supper early so that he could go off to singing school, but I kept something warm for you, and I'll make you a fresh cup of tea."

(To be Continued.)

MT. VERNON [From Our Own Correspondent] Mr. A. Youmans took in the excursion to Detroit on Saturday last. Misses Alice and Eva Elmes of Etonia have been visiting their uncle and aunt, Mr and Mrs. Chas. Douglas. Miss Marguerite Boughner of St. George is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Bert Amey. Miss Mac Sturgis has returned home after visiting relatives at Hagersville. Mr. Charles Daniel of Brantford, spent the week end with A. Perrin and sister. Misses Creighton of Brantford spent Monday and Tuesday with Mrs. Neil Young and family. The Rev. Mr. Cole announced last Sabbath that there would not be any service next Sabbath afternoon, but Sabbath school would be held at the usual hour. Wedding bells will soon be ringing in Mt. Vernon.

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HOW TO GET IT ALMOST FREE Clip out and present five coupons like the above, bearing consecutive dates, together with our special price of 98c. Book on display at office of BRANTFORD DAILY COURIER Monday, August 17, 1914.

5 COUPONS AND 98c Secure this \$3.00 Volume The Genuine Cardinal, Seal Grain, Flexible Binding, Red Edges, Round Corners, with full-page portraits of the world's most famous singers, and complete dictionary of musical terms. Out-of-town readers will add 10c extra for postage and packing.

"HEART SONGS" The song book with a soul! 400 of the song treasures of the world in one volume of 500 pages. Chosen by 20,000 music lovers. Four years to complete the book. Every song a gem of melody.

LOCAL ADVERTISING RATES

CLASSIFIED ADS
Female Help, Male Help, Help Wanted, Agents Wanted, etc.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Published by the Brantford Courier Limited, every afternoon, at Dalhousie Street, Brantford, Canada.

TRANSIENT

Amusements, Excursions, Auction Sales, Tenders Wanted, and other transient notices.

MALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—10 CARPENTERS TO start work at once. Apply J. Balentine, Contractor, Canada Glue Works.

WANTED—Men and boys to buy Bicycles from \$10 up; best in the city. F. H. Gott, 100 Dalhousie St. c

\$185 CASH WILL BUY A beautiful new upright piano, mahogany case, 7 1/2 octave, full iron plate. This is the greatest piano value ever offered in Brantford.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN TO room and board, central, all conveniences. Apply to Box 13, Courier, m29

WANTED—TWO GENTLEMEN boarders, all conveniences, private family. Apply Box 14, Courier, m37

WANTED—All kinds of high-class shoe repairing at Sheppard's, 73 Colborne St. G. Sutton, manager, late of Temple Shoe Store. t-106mar26-15

BUSINESS CARDS

WATCH WORK our Watch-work. Bronco Jeweller, Cartwright, 118 Market St. c

CONCRETES AND EXCAVATING of all kinds—sidewalks, cisterns, etc. E. Sage, 183 Elgin St. Bell 2095. c

BRING IN THAT OLD SUIT—All work done by tailor methods. Ladies' Suits a specialty. Goods called for and delivered. J. Brady, 228 Colborne St. Phone 1142. c

A. J. OSBORNE—Successor to the late Joseph Tilley, is carrying a full and up-to-date range of Wall Papers. 168 Market St. c

WANTED—Carpet cleaning, awning and tent work. Greater Brantford Carpet Cleaning Works, C. B. Wright, proprietor. Phones: 690, Machine 147. c

WANTED—All kinds second-hand furniture bought and sold; highest cash price. Woods' Furniture Store, 49 George St. Both phones, Bell 1003, Auto. 740. c

WANTED—EXCAVATING AND concrete work; sidewalks and cisterns put in; old and new plastering; also repairing of all kinds. A. G. Austin, 344 St. Paul's Ave. Bell phone 2124. c

ARTICLES FOR SALE

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED and fifty yards Axminster Carpet, dark green; also several household utensils, bed, etc. A snap. 52 Walnut St. a35

FOR SALE—STRONG SOUND horse, with or without harness and carriage. Apply Post Office Box 175. a23tf

FOR SALE—TOURING CAR, good condition. Apply 130 Northumberland, or phone 850. 17tf

FOR SALE—\$100.00 cash will buy a good upright piano, this week only, at the Mason & Risch warehouses, 9 George St., near Vanstone's Grocery. a29tf

CHIROPRACTIC

MARRIE M. HESS, D.C., Graduate of the Universal Chiropractic College, Davenport, Ia. Office in Ballantyne Bldg., 195 Colborne St. Office hours: 9:30-11:30 a.m., 1:30-5, and evenings by appointment. Phone: Bell 2025

CARTING

GIVE us a trial for general carting and baggage transfer. J. A. Mathewson, 29 Queen St. Auto. phone 657. Bell phone 2113. e-apr-1915

CALL A. C. HUTTON FOR ALL kinds of teaming and carting; satisfaction and quick service guaranteed. 36 Jarvis St. Bell phones 870 and 1653.

TO LET

TO LET—HOUSE, 10 ROOMS. Apply 27 Sarah St. 135

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOM. Apply 54 William St. 129

TO LET—89 Charlotte St. Apply 100 Wellington St. 139

TO LET—EXCEEDINGLY pleasant rooms, very central, use of bath and phone. Apply 8 Albion St. 143

TO LET—SMALL FURNISHED flat, central, electric light, gas, bath. Apply 158 Dalhousie St. 91f

TO LET—GOOD HOUSE. Apply 42 Park Ave. 165tf

TO LET—RED BRICK COTTAGE, East Ward, gas, \$9.00. Apply 30 Market Street. 154f

MEDICAL

DR. R. J. TEETER, WATERFORD, Ont., makes a specialty of Chronic Rheumatism. Phone 44, North York Rural

RESTAURANTS

CAMPBELL'S CAFE, 44 MARKET St.—Meals at all hours, ice cream and ice cold drinks and home-made pies, cigars, cigarettes and tobacco. Open 6.30 to 12 p.m. Sunday, 9 a.m. till 2, 5 p.m. till 12. Phone 1226. res-mar28-15

PAINTING

D. D. TAYLOR—GRAINING, paperhanging and kalsomining, signs, raised letters, business and office signs; glass, ornamental plate and sheet; automobile painting. 20 Colborne St., phone 392. Automobile paint shop in rear, 146 Dalhousie St. c62

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

DARWEN PIANO & MUSIC CO., pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, Musical Instruments, Edison Disc and Cylinder Phonographs, Edison Disc and Blue Amberol Records, Sheet Music; Violins and Strings our specialty. 139 Market St., corner Chatham. Bell Phone: Store 698, Residence 671.

AUTO LIVERY

MAIN LINE LIVERY, 42 Dalhousie St., 3 doors west of Fire Hall, opposite Bell Telephone. Auto for hire at shortest notice, also all kinds of hacks, coupes, and rigs of any description; safe drivers, safe horses. Both 'phones 305. Open day and night. c

MONUMENTS

THE GRANITE & MARBLE CO.—Importers of all foreign granites and marble; lettering a specialty; building work, etc. Alex. Markie, representative, 39 Colborne St., Brantford. Phone 1553 or 1554

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—OWNER LEAVING the city, pressed brick house with barn and deep lot; all conveniences; easily financed. 174 Marlboro. r29

FOR SALE—1 1/2 STOREY RED pressed brick, 6 rooms, complete bath, laundry, furnace, 3-compartment cellar, electric lights, gas. 117 Victoria St. re

PERSONAL

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued; no witnesses required. A. S. Fitcher, 43 Market St. P-1-C

LEGAL

BREWSTER & HEYD—Barristers, etc. Solicitors for the Royal Loan & Savings Co., the Bank of Hamilton, etc. Money to loan at lowest rates. W. S. Brewster, K.C., Geo. D. Heyd.

ERNEST R. READ—Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Money to loan on improved real estate at current rates and on easy terms. Office, 127 1/2 Colborne St. Phone 487.

BREWSTER & HEYD—Barristers, etc. Solicitors for the Royal Loan & Savings Co., the Bank of Hamilton, etc. Money to loan at lowest rates. W. S. Brewster, K.C., Geo. D. Heyd.

WHOLESALE

MERMAID TOFFEE (made in England) is sold by Confectionery Grocers and Druggists. McPhail Bros., Importers. res-mar26-15

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

DR. CHRISTINE IRWIN—Graduate of American School of Osteopathy, is now at 46 Nelson St. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m. Bell telephone 1380.

DR. C. H. SAUDER—Graduate of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Office, Suite 1, Criterion Chambers, 80 Colborne Street. Lady in attendance. Office hours: 9-12 a.m., 2-5 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Bell phone 1544. Residence Room 61 V.M.C.A.

DENTAL

DR. RUSSELL, Dentist—Latest American methods of painless dentistry. 201 Colborne St., opp. George St., over Roberts & VanLane's Shoe Store. Phone 306. c

DR. HART has gone back to his old stand over the Bank of Hamilton; entrance on Colborne St. d-mar26-15

COMING EVENTS

MT. PLEASANT WOMEN'S INSTITUTE is holding an ice cream social at home of Mrs. Morgan Harris, Wednesday evening, Aug. 19. Excellent program and band. Refreshments served 6 to 8 p.m. Admission 25 cents.

Local News

THE PROBS TORONTO, Aug. 17.—Since Saturday showers have occurred in many portions of the western provinces, also over the greater portion of Ontario.

Forecast. To-day and on Tuesday moderate south to southwest winds; some local showers or thunderstorms, but mostly fair and warmer.

Won Another. Mr. Fred Westbrook's clever pacer Tredwell won another \$1,000 stake in Ohio last week and races again this week at Parkersburg, W. Va.

Building Permit. A building permit was granted to Peter M. Yule this morning for the erection of a frame verandah at 44 Sarah street.

Mourn the Loss. Mr. and Mrs. David Edwards of 14 Gilkinson street, mourn the loss of their infant daughter, Alice May, who passed away at the parental home yesterday. The funeral will take place to-morrow to Mount Hope cemetery.

Money Found. P. C. Cobden found a sum of money upon the streets on Thursday and it is now in the care of the chief constable who will hand it over to the parties who lay claim and describe the property.

Wheel Stolen. John Gallagher left his wheel outside of the Y. M. C. A. for a few minutes this morning while he went in for a dip. It was gone when he returned to look for it and it could not be found. He values it at \$25 and informed the police of the theft.

U. S. Reserves Pass This City. A party of United States army reservists from Michigan passed through Brantford Sunday morning at 1.44 a.m. on the G. T. R. express on their way to Philadelphia to attend a convention of reserves in progress in that city.

Reservists Leave To-night. This evening at six o'clock Brantford will bid good-bye to the Army Reservists from this city who leave on the 6.30 T. H. and B. express for Toronto where they will transfer for Quebec. According to arrangements the men will form up on the Market Square and from there march to the station. There will be about 200 enrolled.

Salaries Kept on in Full. Captain George D. Watt manager of the Bank of British North America, received a telegram from the head office this morning that the salary of Lieuts. Percy Jones and Frederick W. Miller who have volunteered their services for the Canadian contingent will in event of their being called out, kept on in full during their absence.

Machinists Laid Off. A number of men employed in the tool rooms of the Masey Harris works were temporarily dismissed this morning, there being no work for them to do. This is without precedent in the history of the firm, for during all the hard season and stock taking holidays, the machinists of the firm in the tool room have been continuously employed. They have never lost any time for many years.

Penman's Get Big Order. The Pezman Manufacturing Co. of Paris, on Saturday received a large order from the militia department of the government for underclothing for the soldiers that will compose the Canadian contingent to the European war. Up to date the Watson Manufacturing company of this city had not received any orders from the government and when enquiries were made at the office this morning the officials of the company stated that they did not expect any orders as they understood that all orders were pretty well placed now.

On Board H. M. S. Niobe. John Windle of this city, who left the city at the commencement of activities and is now a naval writer on board the H. M. S. Niobe stationed at Halifax, N.S., writing to a friend, Mr. Huntington, at the Y. M. C. A., says that preparations are now being made on the Niobe for the escorting of Canadian troops to the front. The Niobe has recently undergone overhauling and repainting, and all men on board are notified to be ready for immediate action. She is now lying under sealed orders and her next move will be to act as convoy for the Canadian contingent. Mr. Windle says excitement runs high in Halifax, and all on board the Niobe are anxious to get to the front.

CLEAN IT UP

The Willows in Eagle Place Held to be a Serious Menace.

That step should be taken at once to clean up for all time the place known as the "Willows" at the foot of Market St., is the view expressed by several of the prominent citizens of the city. The Willows as is well known to every citizen of the city, who has lived here for any length of time has been the scene of more than one crime in the history of Brantford. Some of the worst crimes have been committed in this spot and one only last week. This morning when Constable Boylan made a search of the place he found two little girls both under twelve years of age playing in there, beneath the trees. This should be a warning to every parent, but warnings, as has been proved, are not enough; the place should be cleaned up, the trees cut down and made plainly open to observation. The above is the view of many residents of the district.

A CLOSE CALL

Runaway on Saturday Afternoon Proved an Exciting Affair.

Ethbert Wallis, the young son of Walter Wallis, chauffeur for the Burke Mineral Water Co., met with an exciting runaway on Saturday afternoon. He and his father were driving the delivery rig down Brant avenue when the horse, which is a nervous one, took fright and dashed up Colborne street at a terrific clip, throwing Mr. Wallis out near the corner of Brant Avenue and Colborne Street. Wallis pluckily hung on, though pedestrians on the street, expected any minute to see the lad dashed to the pavement, so fast was the horse going. When just at the corner of Market and Colborne the rig struck a standing wagon and brought the horse to such a sudden stop that the lad was thrown out over the horse's back to eye witnesses, the horse, according to eye witnesses, had barely escaped as he did any serious injury. Mr. Wallis was uninjured by his fall.

FOUR HORSES

Were Killed by a Brantford & Hamilton Radial Car.

A mare and three horses valued at about \$1,000 were killed outright on Saturday night when they were struck by a radial car while they were straying along the lines of the radial track. The animals belong to Mr. George Vanderlip and had been let out to graze in the early evening. They had managed to get on the track unknown to their owner near a bend in the line at Cainsville and were struck by the 10.20 car from Hamilton. The driver could not see the horses until he was right upon them as his headlight, owing to the curve did not shine on the track. When he sighted the horses he applied all possible brake pressure, but before the car could be brought to a standstill four animals had been heavily struck and were lying cut and wounded in their death struggles; a fifth horse managed to escape running into a hedge.

When the car arrived at the Brantford terminal the fender was smeared with blood and horse hair and presented a very gory appearance. Mr. Vanderlip will probably sue the radial company for damages.

ALL ARRESTED

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—All German residents in Jamaica have been placed under arrest, according to the captain of the steamship Obidense, in port to-day from Jamaica ports. The Obidense flies the Norwegian flag.

GRIERSON IS DEAD

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Lieut. General Sir James M. Grierson died suddenly in a train in England to-day. General Grierson, who was born in 1859, was one of the foremost of British military leaders. He had a long war record, and at the time of his death held the eastern command in the British army.

"Our cavalry has penetrated as far as Lutzelhausen and Mulbach or Rosheim."

"Farther to the south we occupy Vallée east of Durbeis on the road to Schlestadt and Saint Croix-Aux-Mines, and some heavy field artillery have been captured by the French troops."

"In Alsace we have a strongly supporting line from Thann through Cernay to Bannemerie."

NOT CONFIRMED

LONDON, Aug. 17, 12.40 p.m.—Official circles in London have not received any confirmation of the reported French naval success over the Austrian warships in the Adriatic.

VICTORY ALL ALONG THE LINE

France and Russia More than Hold their Own at Land Fighting.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—1.25 p.m.—The official press bureau of the war office and admiralty has issued a statement saying the French troops in the course of a rapid advance along the valley of the Schirmeck, have taken a thousand prisoners.

The scene of the fighting of the last few days, the official announcement continues, shows the great destructive effect of the fire of the allies artillery. Trenches abandoned by the enemy are filled with dead and wounded.

DREADNOUGHT DAMAGED LONDON, Aug. 17.—2.15 p.m.—A despatch from Amsterdam to the Central News says the captain of the Dutch steamer Epsilon, on his arrival at Ymiralen to-day, reported seeing a German dreadnought in the harbor at Tromsø which had been put out of action. Her funnels were smashed and on one side, she was scorched with holes from shell fire.

No confirmation of the report has reached the official news bureau here.

FRENCH RUSH IN.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—2.56 p.m.—A despatch from Paris to the Havas Agency says French troops have occupied the town of Schirmeck, twelve kilometers (7 1/2 miles) beyond Saales, in Alsace. They took twelve field guns, twelve caissons and eight rapid fire guns.

The French cavalry then pushed on to Mulbach and Lutzelhausen.

RUSSIAN SUCCESS TS. PETERSBURG, via London, Aug. 17.—12.45 p.m.—The Russian war office to-day issued an official communication giving information as to the recent military movements on the frontier between Austria Galicia and Russian Poland. It says: "The defensive operations, the movements of reconnoitering detachments of the Russian army on the frontier of Galicia, between August 13 and 17, led to a series of attacks by cavalry supported by infantry and artillery."

In the provinces of Piotrkof and Kielce, the Austrian cavalry occupied a front of over 80 miles in length extending along a line from Tchenstokova through Andrejew to andomir. The cavalry was supported by infantry and by artillery.

"On August 14, Austrian advance guards penetrated a short distance into Russian territory. It is reported that this offensive movement was checked by the Russian."

"An Austrian attempt to advance from Andrejew toward Kielce failed on August 15, when the Russian troops by a series of brilliant cavalry attacks succeeded in dislodging the enemy from Kielce and also occupied a town in the Tomaszoff district."

The Russian cavalry cut up the Austrian advance guards and invaded the frontiers of Austrian Galicia, penetrating a distance of 8 miles.

"Near Tomaszoff, Russian cavalry inflicted serious losses on the 11th Austrian dragoon regiment in a brilliant sabre engagement. "Russian cavalry is in close contact with the enemy everywhere."

"OFFICIAL STATEMENT. PARIS, Aug. 17.—An official announcement to-day by the French war office, says: "The advance of the French army continues to develop. Our troops have taken the heights to the north of the Alsaitan frontier in German territory, and the French line now passes through Abrecherville, Lorquin, Azouange and Marsal."

"In the Dondon or Rougemont region, we have occupied Schirmeck, eight miles from Saales in Alsace, and we have captured 12 German field guns with ammunition."

"Our cavalry has penetrated as far as Lutzelhausen and Mulbach or Rosheim."

"Farther to the south we occupy Vallée east of Durbeis on the road to Schlestadt and Saint Croix-Aux-Mines, and some heavy field artillery have been captured by the French troops."

"In Alsace we have a strongly supporting line from Thann through Cernay to Bannemerie."

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Russia Makes Demand on Turk

[By Special Wire to The Courier] LONDON, Aug. 17.—A despatch from Copenhagen says: The Politiken publishes a telegram from Constantinople stating that Russia has demanded from Turkey permission for the unrestricted passage through the Dardanelles of the Russian Black Sea fleet.

The Russian fleet in the Black Sea since the beginning of war-like operations has captured about a hundred German and Austrian merchant vessels trading in those waters. Many of them were tank steamers conveying oil.

First Clash Of Warships Has Resulted

Said that French Fleet Destroyed Two of the Austrian Ships.

LONDON, Aug. 17, 6.40 a.m.—A despatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from Nish, Serbia, under date of Saturday, says: "A naval battle between French and Austrian warships began off Budua, Austria, in the Adriatic, Friday night this morning. The French squadron coming from the southwest attacked the Austrian warships. Two Austrian ironclads were sunk, one was set on fire, and a fourth fled northwards towards Cattaro. The fight lasted over an hour."

THE ENTERPRISE

Change of Management in the Popular Millinery Establishment

The Enterprise, the popular and up-to-date millinery parlors, have changed hands, the business in the future will be carried on by Miss W. Green, a sister of Mrs. Watson, who is retiring from business. Miss Green is a thoroughly experienced milliner and has been well acquainted with the millinery business for a number of years. Miss Green will be assisted by Miss Ferguson, Toronto, who has been engaged as head trimmer. Miss Ferguson is well known in the millinery circles in Toronto and is an artist in the work, her past success being evidence of her capabilities of doing excellent work, which the ladies of Brantford will no doubt greatly appreciate.

The Enterprise Millinery parlors have been very popular and under the new management, the success of the past, will undoubtedly be continued at 77 Colborne St.

COL. SAM'S MESSAGE.

MONTREAL, Aug. 17.—"You are going to defend the liberties of all humanity and to humble the greatest tyrant of modern times," was the message read to the Belgian reservists from Colonel Sam Hughes, when the Belgian contingent leaving on the Ionian paraded at the Champ de Mars Sunday.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The Board of Water Commissioners will receive tenders for furnishing materials for and constructing a new pump well.

This contract comprises all labor and materials necessary for the construction of a pump well thirty feet in diameter and twenty-three feet in depth, also the placing in position of the piping and valves shown on plan, and the construction of the manhole on the existing gallery adjoining well.

As a guarantee of the good faith of the bidders, each tender shall be accompanied by a marked cheque payable to the Board of Water Commissioners, Brantford, Ontario, for \$500.

Tenders to be in the hands of the Secretary, Fred. W. Frank, Secretary Board of Water Commissioners, City Hall, Brantford, on or before Saturday, August 29th, at 1 o'clock p.m.

CHIPMAN & POWER, Engineers.

Mail Building, Toronto, Ont.

WATER WORKS NOTICE

HOURS FOR SPRINKLING LAWS. By resolution of the Board: "No person or persons shall be allowed to sprinkle, or use in any manner whatsoever, the water supplied by the Board of Water Commissioners upon lawns, gardens, yards or grounds of any description, except between the hours of 6 and 8.30 o'clock p.m., on lawns over 2 and including 5,000 square feet; on lawns over that amount, from 5 to 8.30 o'clock p.m.; and any person wishing to use the water on their lawns or gardens in the morning in place of the evening may do so between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock a.m. by giving notice to that effect in writing to the Secretary."

It must, however, be clearly understood that the water cannot be used on lawns or grounds both morning and evening, and hose must be detached from hydrants at 8 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

FRED. W. FRANK, Secretary.

Water Commissioners' Office, Brantford, July 17, 1914.

AMUSEMENTS

BRANT THEATRE

NICK HUFFORD & LOCKPORT SISTERS A Classy Comedy Blackface Act

HUNTER & ROSS 500 lbs. of Comedy

BOB STANLEY & COMPANY Novelty Wire Act

5th SERIES THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

Championship BASEBALL

NEXT HOME GAMES: Thursday, Friday and Saturday August 27, 28, 29

St. Thomas vs. Brantford Game Called at 3.30 Admission, 25c; Grandstands, 10 and 15c

Aug. 31, Sept. 1 and 2 TORONTO vs. BRANTFORD

VACATION TRIPS

Thousand Islands, Toronto, Niagara Falls

Daily service. Stops at all important points en route. Low passenger fares, including meals and berths.

City of Quebec

Service nightly at 7.00 p.m. from Montreal.

Far Famed Saguenay

Express Service from Montreal S.S. "Saguenay" sails Tuesdays and Fridays, at 7.15 p.m. from Montreal. Through without change to Lower St. Lawrence Resorts. Steamers from Quebec to Saguenay leave daily at 8.00 a.m.

CANADA S. S. LINES, LIMITED.

9-11 Victoria Sq., Montreal.

After the Theatre Visit the Royal Cafe

Best Restaurant in the city. First-class service. Prices reasonable. Hours, 10 a.m. to 2 a.m. Sunday hours from 10 to 2 p.m. and from 5 to 12 p.m.

CHAS. & JAMES WONG 15 Queen St. Managers Bell Telephone 1888.

Bell Phone 560 - Automatic 560

The Gentlemen's Valet

Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing and Repairing Ladies' Work a Specialty Goods called for and delivered on the shortest notice. G. H. W. BECK, 132 Market St.

"THE TEA POT INN"

134 Dalhousie Street

"TEA AS YOU LIKE IT"

151 Colborne St. Open Day and Night