

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Vol. I. No. 237.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1914.

Price:—1 cent.

BRITISH INDIAN TROOPS GIVE PROOFS OF PROWESS IN BIG FIGHT AT LABASSE

By a Tremendous Effort, the Germans Succeeded in Rushing the British Trenches, but Men From India Met and Repulsed the Enemy With the Cold Steel

London, Oct. 27.—A despatch to The Daily Telegraph dated from Northern France gives the first instance of British Indian troops coming into action: "It was at Labasse last week," says the despatch, "when, by a great effort, the Germans carried British trenches and the position looked dangerous."

"An avalanche of the enemy poured through, evidently supposing that the way was open to the east. They had a rude awakening, for the supports of the British line were Indian troops, who had been thirsting to prove their quality."

"It was a bayonet affair and the German advance was beaten and broken. The Indians ran through them, using steel in their own workmanlike fashion and thrusting the foe back to receive the right and left fire of the British Infantry who awaited their coming."

"Not only did the Indians regain the lost trenches, but they pursued the enemy down the hill until their officers thought it prudent to recall them."

United States Demands the Release Of The Oil Tank Steamer Brindella

Claims That Her Seizure Was Unjustifiable—John D. Rockefeller, Another Captured Oil Tanker, Released

Washington, Oct. 25.—Acting Secretary Lansing, of the State Department has announced that the United States had protested to Great Britain against the seizure of the American steamer Brindella, now at Halifax, N.S., as unjustifiable, and demanding her immediate release.

U.S. OIL TANKER BRINDELLA FREE

London, Oct. 26.—The British Government, satisfied, after examination, of the innocence of the destination of her cargo, has ordered the release of the American oil-tank steamer Brindella, which will now be permitted to proceed from Halifax to Alexandria, off the Orkney Islands, according to a despatch to the British Admiralty.

ment's protest against the seizure. Great Britain's explanation was not entirely clear to administration officials. It stated that the vessel had been seized because it was "consigned to order."

SETS THE TOTAL LOSSES IN GREAT EUROPEAN WAR AT 1,300,000 MEN TO DATE

This Estimate is Based on 16 Per Cent. of the Total Men Engaged, That Being the Proportion of Losses in the British Army, According to Official Reports

New York, October 24.—Estimating the casualties among the eight hostile nations on the proportionate basis of British losses, the total number killed, wounded and captured during the first ten weeks of the war is nearly 1,300,000.

The official report of British casualties from September 13th to October 8th, places the number at 13,541. Previous reports have given the British casualties from beginning of the war to September 10, as approximately 18,000. The total British land losses, therefore, for the first ten weeks of hostilities aggregate about 32,000.

The British forces fighting on the continent are understood to total not more than 200,000 combatants. The casualties represent 16 per cent. of this number and by using 16 per cent. as the basis for estimating the losses of all the hostile powers, the total losses are by minimum reckoning, almost 1,300,000.

The following tables gives, as nearly as possible the number of men actually engaged on the firing line. This does not represent the total under arms, but only the actual offensive strength in use. There are perhaps 50 per cent. more men now with the colors who are being employed for other work than actual fighting or are being held in reserve. The following figures are approximately the number of combatants among whom casualties can be reckoned:—

Table with 2 columns: Nationality and Number of Combatants. Includes Germans (2,500,000), Russians (2,000,000), French (1,500,000), Austrians (1,000,000), Servians (400,000), Belgians (300,000), British (200,000), Montenegrins (50,000).

Total 7,950,000 The total British losses are the only ones that have an official basis. The 16 per cent. of casualties among the British, therefore, may be said, as nearly as possible, to represent an official estimate. If this

proportion prevails among all the combatants the following is the distribution of casualties: Germans 400,000 Russians 320,000 French 240,000 Austrians 160,000 Servians 64,000 Belgians 48,000 British 32,000 Montenegrins 8,000

Total 1,272,000 It is not possible to proportion the killed, wounded, and captured on any common basis for each of the eight nations. The Austro-Germans have undoubtedly suffered more heavily in killed and wounded, while the Allies appear to have lost the greater number in prisoners.

As far as the total official figures can be used as a basis for estimating, the average proportion of casualties among all the countries is one killed, three wounded, ten captured. On this basis, the casualties have been:—Killed, 90,858; wounded, 272,570; captured, 908,571.

THIRTY DROWN IN FRENCH SHIP

Dover, Oct. 27.—The steamer Admiral Ganteaume was sunk today by a mine just outside Boulogne Harbor. Thirty were drowned, owing to the panic which prevailed as the passengers were being transferred to the steamer Queen which rushed to the assistance of the sinking vessel.

Most of the passengers were peasants from Pas de Calais who had been taken aboard at Calais to be transferred to Boulogne.

Due to Boiler Explosion

London, Oct. 27.—A despatch from Folkestone to The Daily Chronicle says the disaster to the Admiral Ganteaume was not due to a mine explosion but to the bursting of a boiler.

London, Oct. 27.—It is officially announced that the steamer Queen rescued 2,000 passengers from the French steamer Ganteaume. When the steamer Queen left the scene of the accident the ship was still afloat with British destroyers still standing by.

ITALIANS RESENTFUL

Bitter Feeling Caused by Statement of Austrian Governor of Trieste

London, Oct. 25.—Advises from Rome indicate that the friction between Italy and Austria is constantly increasing.

The bitter feeling has been greatly added by the declaration of Prince Von Hohenlohe, Governor of Trieste, that he is convinced the fire in the Montefalcone dockyard, more than a week ago, was the result of an Italian conspiracy.

TO ENTRENCH FOR WINTER

Germans Can Do This On the Aisne if They So Desire

London, Oct. 27.—A correspondent of The Morning Post, writing from a point near Rheims on Saturday and discussing the situation in the eastern part of the Aisne Valley, says it is possible that the Germans intend to hold this line all the winter and if they fortify their positions it is quite possible that they can do so.

It is certain that they can make no further move forward in the French territory.

KEEPS PROFESSOR LOSES \$10,000,000

Harvard Refuses to Accept the Terms of the Wiener Bequest

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 25.—Professor Hugo Munsterberg, has withdrawn his resignation from the chair of Psychology at Harvard University, "at the request of the authorities," according to an announcement just made.

The resignation was submitted recently after Professor Munsterberg had learned that the University had accepted a communication from Major Clarence Wiener of London, threatening to withhold a legacy of ten million dollars to Harvard unless the Professor was dismissed.

According to information given out regarding Major Wiener's communication it said that he had already provided in his will for such a legacy, and had added a cancelling clause to take effect if his wishes regarding Professor Munsterberg were disregarded. His objection to the head of the University Psychological Department was based on the latter's pro-German utterances since the opening of the European war.

The announcement of the withdrawal of the resignation appeared in the columns of the Harvard alumni Bulletin, and it was understood that the Bulletin's announcement would be the only thing approaching an official statement.

The Bulletin says editorially that the University cannot afford to admit "any suggestion that it would be willing to accept money to abridge free speech, to remove a professor, or to accept his resignation."

BIG GERMAN EFFORT FAILS

To Push Back the Allied Line in the Western Belgium Battle Area

Paris, Oct. 26 (Official).—In Belgium, Nieuport has been violently bombarded, and the effort of the Germans has continued on the front between Nieuport and Dixmude without, according to latest advices, any result whatever having been reached.

All the front between Labasse and Somme has been equally the object of violent attacks by night, all of which were repulsed.

On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of St. Thomas' Women's Association takes place on Friday afternoon at Canon Wood Hall.

BRITISH WILL AVOID FRICTION

Won't Bother About Reservists on Neutral Ships Unless They Are Many

London, Oct. 27.—The British Government has not given a direct ruling on the question of taking Reservists from neutral ships and is not expected to do so until the number of Reservists becomes so great as to constitute a real military menace.

Meanwhile, the Government feels that the number of reservists is so small that their detention is not worth the friction which it might cause.

BRITISH ISSUE CASUALTY LIST

London, Oct. 27.—A casualty list issued last night and dated Oct. 25th and 26th, reported 15 officers killed, 42 wounded and 17 missing.

Among the wounded is Lieut. Philip Lee Brocklehurst, who accompanied the British Antarctic Expedition in 1905.

SENT DOWN SUGAR PRICES

Government Action in Britain Keeps Retail Prices At 7c. a Pound

London, Oct. 27.—The Government has been so successful in cornering the sugar supply and accumulating large stores of it that it has been announced that the great wholesale price will be reduced 60c. per hundred weight which will make the maximum retail price seven cents a pound for good granulated and eight cents a pound for good cube sugar.

EXPLORERS OFF FOR FAR NORTH

Buenos Aires, Oct. 27.—The British Antarctic Expedition, headed by Lieut. Sir Ernest H. Shackleton, departed southward today.

ISSUES WARNING TO U. S. SHIPPERS

Must Have Their Cargoes Properly Consigned or Run Risk of Capture

Washington, Oct. 26.—The British Ambassador, by instructions of Sir Edward Grey, has issued a warning to American shippers, through the State Department, to consign all cargoes for neutral countries to neutral governments, or to a specific consigne.

Two notes addressed to the Acting Secretary of State say that British cruisers will not interfere with neutral commerce when shipments are properly consigned.

With respect to mineral oils and articles listed as conditional contraband, the notes say that the British will seize no cargoes, if the papers of the ship show their ultimate destination to be neutral.

Only in cases where cargoes have been consigned to order, the note points out that the British Government has been exercising scrutiny.

Allied Troops Make A General Advance

Paris, Oct. 26.—Advises this morning indicate a general advance by the Allies in the region between Nieuport and Ypres, as well as east of Arras.

COMPLETE DEFEAT FOR REBEL FORCES

Maritz, Wounded in Fight, Seeks Sanctuary in German Territory

(Official Bulletin) Capetown, Oct. 27.—The rebel Lieut. Colonel Maritz and his forces have been defeated completely at Kakama, in Gordonia district, by the Union of South Africa troops. Maritz was wounded in the engagement and fled to German territory.

DEFENDS BRITISH

German Paper denies Stories Of Cruelty of British Soldiers

Berlin, via Amsterdam and London, Oct. 25.—While most of the German papers continue to publish allegations of outrages by the troops of the Allies, the Vorwaerts declares it had investigated a number of specific instances of alleged cruelties practiced on German civilians and soldiers and has found no basis of truth in the allegations.

\$75,000 FIRE AT HALIFAX

Halifax, Oct. 27.—Fire this morning completely destroyed three buildings on Barrington Street, occupied by the McDonald Music Company, Frank Reardon, and the Maze Cafe. The loss is about \$75,000.

HEAVY STOCKS POOR DEMAND

A letter dated Oct. 9th from Lind & Couto of Oporto received yesterday by the Board of Trade states:—"The demand is insufficient to cope with the heavy stocks, and prices are declining."

\$2,000 GOES UP IN HOUSE FIRE

Bonne Bay House Destroyed With All Contents, Including \$2000 Cash

Curling, Bay of Islands, Oct. 27.—Magistrate March has received word from Bonne Bay of a fire at Lobster Cove, near Rocky Harbor, eight miles to the east, on the night of Sunday, October 25.

The fire occurred in the house of Samuel Decker, a fisherman, and the building was burned to the ground. Practically all the furniture and other contents were destroyed, including the sum of Fifteen Hundred Dollars in cash which Decker had in the house at the time.

A man, named Ogley Snowden, also had his grip in Decker's house at the time of the fire and lost it in the flames, together with the sum of Five Hundred and Forty-six Dollars, which it contained.

Japs Seized \$250,000 In South Sea Islands

Also Destroyed the German Military Equipment

Tokio, Oct. 26.—A special despatch received here from Sasebo says that the Japanese in their recent raids on the German islands in the South Seas destroyed the German military equipment and seized \$250,000 in gold and also ammunition and rifles.

Ten officials on each of the captured islands surrendered to the Japanese.

CAPTURE GUNS AND PRISONERS

London Officially Announces That Allied Situation Continues Satisfactory

(Official Bulletin) London, Oct. 27.—The situation continues satisfactory and the fighting severe and continuous but ground has been gained and many prisoners have been taken.

One of our divisions has captured two guns.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Mild and showery today. Wednesday strong winds and gales from northward and turning colder.

LATEST GREAT BATTLE FRONT IN EASTERN WAR THEATRE IS OVER 70 MILES IN LENGTH

Russians Attack Germans With the Bayonet, Inflicting Severe Loss on the Enemy—Make Many Captures of Men and Artillery—Check German Offensive

(Official Bulletin) Paris, Oct. 27.—The Havas Agency has received from Petrograd the following official communication, issued at the Russian capital:

"Combats on the routes leading to Petrokof and Radom have assumed the character of a great battle of which the front extends over 100 versts (70 miles) from Rawa to north-east of the river.

Used Cold Steel. "At Bjanika on the evening of Oct. 24th to the north of Rawa we attacked the Germans at the point of the bayonet, inflicting upon them considerable losses.

"In the village of Morchild alone we buried over 700 Germans. In a bayonet combat in a village near Mahemarjef we captured two batteries of machine guns.

"Our troops command the forest of Nemglovo to the southeast of Rawa, where we took over 400 prisoners. In the forest between Radom and Kozentiz a tenacious combat continues.

Made Progress. "We have progressed along the routes from Nova to Alexandria where we captured numerous prisoners and cannons.

"The stubborn resistance of the Austrians in Galicia is weakening and our troops are making vigorous progress in region south of Sambor and Staromasto, where we took 11 cannons.

"The entire valley of the river Sprynje is covered with bodies of the enemy, estimated to aggregate 5,000.

"All attempts by the Germans resume a partial offensive on the eastern Prussian front have been repelled."

Western Battlefield Is Covered With Bodies of German Soldiers

Shells of the Allies Rain Down on the Germans and Cause Terrible Destruction—Bombardment by French and British Ships

Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 22, 10.10 p.m.—The Telegraaf's Sluis correspondent reports that the bombardment of Ostend and Nieuport is becoming still heavier.

"The shells of the Allies," the correspondent says, "are raining down upon the Germans, and causing terrible destruction. The battlefields are covered with bodies, but fresh German troops continue to arrive. Since morning the Germans have retreated slightly."

"A French squadron is supporting the English warships, which can only be reached with difficulty by the German gunners.

"The German cavalry is useless, and men and horses alike are being mowed down.

Destroying Railway Line. "The Allies positions are strongly fortified by inundations of territory and entrenchments. The Allies, in addition to Ostend and Nieuport, are also firing in the direction of Jabbeke, about seven miles southwest of Bruges, in order to destroy the railway line between Ostend and Bruges. All the Ostend hotels are filled with wounded.

"The Germans are firing from Marlerkerke and Middlekerke; the French from Nieuport, and the English from their warships. English aviators directed the fire of the Allies on the German positions.

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HILLS OF CORPSES TELL OF THE FURIOUS ATTACKS ON PRZEMYSL FORTS

Russian Soldiers, Utterly Contemptuous of Death, Launched Their Assaults with Notable Skill—Search Lights Made Night on the Battlefield Bright as Day

Berlin, October 24.—A correspondent of the Zeitung Amittag, who entered Przemysl after a four days' motor ride over unspeakable roads, learned the story of the siege of that place. The first shots were fired on September 18, the city was surrounded on the 20th and an unbroken bombardment, with many desperate sorties, ensued until October 2 when the Russians sent a white flag and demanded the city's surrender. This was refused.

Contemptuous of Death. The attack reached its height on October 5. The Russians seemed utterly contemptuous of death and stormed again and again. They seemed to have learned much from the Japanese war, for they attacked with great skill. The men seemed especially trained for fortress work. Hills of corpses outside of the works testify to the furious attacks they made. The Austrians estimate that 40,000 men fell.

Carrying Outworks. The Russians succeeded in carrying temporarily one of the outlying works. Eleven battalions succeeded in approaching these works without being detected, because of damage to the searchlight, and suddenly mounted the walls. The garrison retired to the casemates, from which they defended themselves, with machine guns and rifles. The Russians forced their way to the casemates and a hand-to-hand struggle with bayonets, gun butts and hand grenades ensued.

Left Many Dead. When reinforcements, which had been hastily telephoned for, arrived the attacking party was already retiring, leaving 300 dead and wounded in the casemates and 150 corpses on the wall.

The Russians were still in contact with the fortress on one side and cannonading was in progress when the correspondent left. Rockets light shells, and searchlights illuminated the land before the fortress and the night was made as bright as day.

It was a majestic sight, says the correspondent, as the troops marched out through this lighted zone.

ITALY OCCUPIES ALBANIAN PORT

Rome, Oct. 27.—Avlona, Albania, was occupied yesterday by Italian naval forces.

The expedition was in the nature of a relief and sanitary organization which purposes to aid the large population which has taken refuge in the city to escape the persecution of insurgents.

Well Known Here Newfoundland will join with the Mother Country in extending congratulations to Commander Freemantle of the Badger for sinking the German submarine as announced yesterday's cables. The Commander who is a son of Admiral Freemantle, is well known in St. John's, as he was a Sub-Lieutenant on H.M.S. Comus, when she was on this station some years ago. He was of a quite retiring disposition, and to many seemed delicate, but his recent actions prove that he is made of the right stuff. S. S. Digby arrived at Halifax yesterday afternoon. A case of diphtheria was reported from Freshwater Road this morning.

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| Harbor Breton | Pass Island | Hermitage |
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| Burgeo | Rose Blanche | Channel |
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Stories Of The Fighting As Told By The Soldiers

THE LAST MATCHES

Corporal G. W. Cooper (16th Lancers):
"I have now my fifth horse since we started. Two were shot under me. I could do with some matches. We have about three matches left in our squadron, and when one is struck everybody crowds round. We have had a terrible shelling, but it has averaged a hundred German shells to kill three Englishmen."

NEW "K. OF K." STORY

A new story on Lord Kitchener is going the rounds now, and it is a typical Kitchener story. On one of the first days, after he had taken command of England's War Forces, he sent word to a post-office official to send him twenty-four telegraphers for field work at once. Word was sent back that owing to the great rush of business they could not be spared.
"You tell him to have twenty-four men here within one hour, or I'll go down there and get them myself," thundered K. of K.
The telegraphers presented themselves to him in less than an hour.

OFFICER UNDERSTOOD.

Here is an example of the patriotism shown by some of the English. A man went over forty, but erect and rugged, was anxious to serve his King and his country. How to get by the examiner puzzled him, because of his age. But he resolved to make a desperate try. He shaved off his moustache, donned his most "sporty" suit, and presented himself.
"Age?" snapped the official.
"Twenty-eight," was the reply.
"Eh," and the official looked up sharply. And then as his left eyelid moved perceptibly, he said:
"You'll do."

HOW THEY SHOOT SPIES

An Englishman returning from France tells of seeing two military executions there.
"I had just entered the village," he said, "when I saw a party of soldiers leading two prisoners away. A crowd was following and I joined in. Reaching the edge of the city the two prisoners were blindfolded and placed against a wall. I realized that I was witnessing a military execution.
"One of those men leaned against the wall in a careless attitude and seemed to take no interest in the proceedings. Six soldiers fired upon him and he dropped dead. The other went the same way. I learned later that they had been captured trying to blow up a bridge. One had been disguised as a priest and the other as a woman."

EUROPE'S SOLDIERS COMPARED

Private F. Barnes (Royal Warwickshire Regiment):
"I returned a short time ago from Soutari, Albania, with a detachment of my regiment and during the time there we were stationed in the same barracks with the French, and Austrians. The Germans and Italians were a short distance on our left.

"The Austrians soldiers would give us anything. I have seen them strip their breast of medals and give them all to us, although, of course, they get a breast of medals for going on manoeuvres in their Army. The Germans seemed rather cold towards the others, although they were polite to a certain extent. You would always see a German private salute an English private whether in a hotel or street.
"It was very interesting to watch the ways of each country's soldier. I think the one that is most like a British Tommy is our ally the French man, both in tactics and in sport. We did not know war had been declared until we were taken suddenly to Malta. It appears we had been soldiering together in peaceful harmony while our respective nations were at war."

GERMANS AND "CIVIL WAR"

From Private E. Haikness, Royal Irish Regiment, to his mother in Dublin:
"You couldn't help laughing, indeed you couldn't, at some of the tales the German prisoners have about us. When they knew they had been captured by an Irish regiment they wanted to know why it was that we weren't at home taking part in the civil war that was going on. Says I to one of them that came off with that blarney in his queer English. "This is the only war we know or want to know about for the time being, and there's mighty little about that that's civil, to my thing, with the way you're behaving yourself in it." I don't think he liked a plain Irishman's way of putting things, for he took out his pipe chimney over Guinness's brewery. I have a notion that the Germans aren't in love with this war, anyhow.
"I see men of other Irish regiments now and again, and they're terribly put out over the way these German heathens are destroying churches and sending priests out to starve by the roadside in order that the Germans may be free to live in the swinish way in the houses and churches and sacred buildings. There's not a man in any of the regiments, Protestant or Roman, that doesn't mean to make the Germans pay for this, and with their bitterness against our faith there are Protestants from the North who are wilder than we are about it, and declare they won't stand by and see such things done by dirty Germans without making a row about it. One of them said the other day in his solemn Presbyterian way, 'I hate the Pope as much as any man, and I wouldn't think twice about shutting down all your chapels, but it's another story when the Germans try it on.' That's the way most of the men from the North look at it."

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FOR SALE

One Motor Boat, about 22 feet long, equipped with new Ferro, 5 1/2 h.p. Engine with Kerosene Adapter and Reverse Gear. A snap for a quick sale.—oct1,tf

St. John's Municipal Board.

Tenders for Oats and Hay

Tenders addressed to the undersigned will be received until Friday, 30th inst., at 4 o'clock p.m., for delivery at the Sanitary Stables, Hayward Avenue, from time to time as required, 3,500 bushels No. 1 Heavy Black P.E.I. Oats or 3,500 bushels No. 1 White Oats, duty free. Also One Hundred Tons Prime Timothy Hay, (in bundles), duty free. Applications are requested to mark across the envelope the words "Tender for Oats" or "Tender for Hay" as the case may be. The Board is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
JNO. L. SLATTERY,
Secretary-Treasurer.
oct27,29,21

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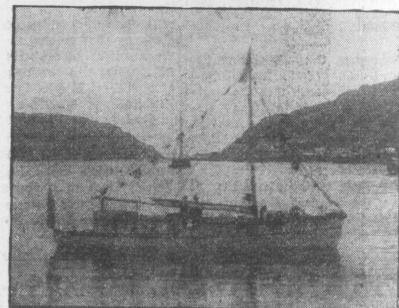
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MOTOR BOAT F.P.U.

For Sale! Motor Boat F.P.U.

Built for R. H. Silver, Esq., at their premises, Greenspond, in 1912. Used by President Coaker the last two summers during his cruises North. Boat is fitted with a 27 h.p. Fraser Engine, which has given splendid satisfaction. The boat is 40 feet long and 9 feet wide, and would make an ideal mission boat.

She contains sleeping accommodation for four, and tanks for 250 gallons of fuel. Nineteen-tenths of the fuel consumed by the engine is Kero oil.

The reason for selling is, the boat is not large enough for the purpose she is now used for. The boat cost about \$1800, and is well fitted in every respect. She is provided with sails. She would make a fine boat for collecting bait or for fishery uses. Apply to

W. F. Coaker.

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We bought these Costumes at a Clearing Price, far below the Wholesale Cost. Here they are:

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5. " " " " " " " " " " " "	7.50. " " " " " " " " " "	6.30.
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TRANSFORMING "JOHNNY RAW" INTO A FINISHED SOLDIER

The "Rookie" is Drilled Hard and the Usual Six Months' Preparation Reduced to Three

To take a lad fresh from field or factory—a "Johnny Raw" he is called in army parlance—and turn him into a trained soldier in three months would seem at first sight a difficult, if not an impossible task. As a matter of fact it is nothing of the kind. It has been done, is being done.

Of course, however, this applies only to infantry soldiers. Artillerymen and cavalrymen naturally take longer to train. But the infantry, after all, the body and backbone of the army. The other branches are only adjuncts.

Works Harder.

In time of peace six months is the minimum period usually allotted for the recruit to become fitted to take his place in the ranks of his regiment as a fully-trained and qualified soldier. But this is because he only puts in about three hours drill a day, taking one day with another; the rest of his time is taken up by what are called in the army "fatigues"—odd jobs about barracks—and by such avoidable extras as gymnasium instruction, school instruction, and so forth.

In war time these, in a sense, superfluous duties are cut out, as regards most corps at all events, and the recruit's whole time is devoted to drill. He learns to march in step, to form fours, to perform simple evolutions with his squad, his company, his battalion. But, above all, he is taught to use his weapons.

Taught to Use His Bayonet.

The business of a soldier is, after all, to kill or disable his enemy, and this the infantryman can, broadly speaking, only accomplish in one of two ways; either by shooting him at long range or by running him through with his bayonet at close quarters. So the get-it-quick recruit is taught to shoot straight with his bayonet.

As regards the latter, what is called in the army "bayonet exercise" is generally regarded as rather a difficult and complicated thing. It is not so really. There are, strictly speaking, only three lunges—they are called "points" in the army, but "lunge" conveys the better idea to the civilian mind—to learn. The first, or shorter arms position, is used against a foe on the level; the downward lunge is for use against an enemy climbing up to the attack over, say, a parapet; while the third, or upward, lunge is used by a man on foot against a man on horseback. All the other lunges are variations of these three, and their acquirement is merely a matter of practice. There are also parries to learn, corresponding to the thrusts or lunges, but these also are not difficult of acquirement.

Quickly Learnt.

A few days are all that are required to teach a recruit enough of the bayonet exercise to enable him to meet his adversary in the field on fair and equal terms. Of course, for a man to be able to get through the entire exercise with the beautiful clockwork precision that one witnesses in connection with the picked teams at the army and navy tournament at Olympia, or at ceremonial reviews, is quite another matter. But bayonet

Rhodes Scholarship For 1915.

The qualifying Examination for the 1915 Rhodes Scholarship has been deferred till March 1915, and the election will take place in April.

Applications for this Scholarship may be made to the undersigned up to the 1st day of March next.

A. WILSON,
 Secretary C.H.E.

oct22,51

NOTICE!

All persons holding receipts for fish shipped to me on the Labrador coast, must present them to my office at Catalina for payment.

On no account whatever will they be paid at St. John's.

PHILIP TEMPLEMAN.

oct. 23, 61.

work on the battlefield is not done in unison. Each man fights on his own, and his parries, and points are regulated, not merely by an acquired clock work precision, but by the desire to kill and the instinct of self-preservation.

Good Shot in Two Weeks.

It is the same with shooting. To become what is known in army parlance as a "first-class marksman" takes a lot of time and a lot of practice. But any average individual, possessed of normal eyesight, can learn in a week or two to shoot accurately up to 800 yards; and, after all is said and done, to hit a single individual in the field under service conditions at anything over 800 yards is, in nine cases out of ten, more a matter of luck than judgment.

He learns also, of course, other things, side by side with drilling, bayonet work, and shooting. He is taught for instance how to judge distance, so as to be able to sight his rifle correctly. Likewise he is taken on route marches, to accustom him to carry his kit and equipment without undue fatigue.

He learns, too, to skirmish, to take open and close order, and to right or left incline at the sound of whistle or bugle; and he is taught the use of cover, and the right method of constructing shelter trenches and rifle pits.

The net result is that at the end of his three months' training he is a fit and able soldier.

SOLDIERS WORE OPERA HATS

London, Oct. 24.—The Morning Post has received a letter from an officer at the front containing an amusing description of the weird headgear and clothing that the troops have adopted, having lost their own.

He says he saw men wearing all sorts of civilian caps, soft felt hats, and straw hats, others with opera hats and broken silk hats, while still others, had big straw hats, such as Mexicans wear, while there were quaint makeshifts, for instance, a khaki cover for a cap.

NOTICE

Amongst the other important matters to be discussed at the Twillingate District Meeting to be held at Catalina will be the Herring Fishery and delegates should, be given a full understanding of the Council's wishes in this respect. All delegates should be able to give particulars of the Settlements in their section and the population of the same in order to supply data for the arranging of Municipal Boards. It will be necessary to know the local and main line mileage of settlements.

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THE DIRECT AGENCIES,
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CONTRADICTS BIG GUN YARNS

Scientific American Says German Artillery Has Been Overrated

So many absurdly exaggerated statements are current respecting the guns of stupendous power being built by the Krupps for Germany, an editorial in The Scientific American, discussing the subject is timely.

In the course of an article it characterizes as "rubbish" the favorite statement that the Germans have a "mobile" 16 inch gun, which can annihilate a whole regiment with a single burst of a shell.

It says the 16-inch "mobile" gun does not exist. Siege guns may, it is true, be so built for fixed fortifications but never as mobile guns. The largest field siege gun is the 11 inch howitzer or mortar, which travels on its own mount and can throw a shell five or six miles distant.

"The weight bag of a gun and its ammunition increase as the cube of the cube of the calibre," it remarks, "and on the basis of the 11 inch gun, the weight of a 16 inch gun and its shell would be approximately one hundred tons."

"Even if such a gun were built its weight and the necessary traction engine would crush down the finest roads in the world, and be utterly impossible of transit over ordinary dirt roads."

The magazine quoted also argues that one 11 inch howitzer could place more shells in a fort in a single hour than a whole fleet of Zeppelins could do in an all day attack.

WAR HUMOR

Two war jokes from Punch: Seven reasons have been given for the destruction of Rheims Cathedral. The real one is now said to be the following:—Owing to the Red Cross flag being flown from one of the towers the Germans thought it was only a hospital.

Incredulous Friend (to soldier invalided home): "What! You captured ten Germans by yourself? Good gracious! How did you do it?"

Tommy: "I just shouted out 'Waiter!' and they came along."

PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

Are you prepared for a fire? Most folk are not! One of my liberal policies will make the calamity easier to bear. It will cost you nothing to ask for a low rate and very little to be perfectly secure with Percie Johnson's insurance agency.

LOOK OUT NOW!

Everybody's doing it now? Doing what? Why, reading The Mail and Advocate of course. It's surely the house paper now! Without doubt the most widely circulated in the country.

Satisfactory Upholstering

We wish to call the attention of our large circle of customers to our extensive and up-to-date Upholstering Department, which is replete with every thing which goes to make first-class work.

The latest machinery, the newest colors and designs in Brocades, Silks, Satins, Tapestries, Velours, Saddle Bags, etc.; the prettiest and most serviceable Cords, Fringes and Gimps; the strongest and most pliant Springs—these—and the skilled work of men who thoroughly understand their business are a sufficient guarantee of perfect satisfaction.

Don't you think it would be advisable to have your upholstered furniture repaired and renewed now? If you do, why not let US give you an estimate? Our motto:—Reliable Workmanship at reasonable Prices.

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Mr. F. Roberts, of the Elite Tonsorial Parlors, begs to announce to his many patrons, that he has installed the very latest Massage machines for face and hair; also that he will carry full assortment Choice Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

On and after to-day the Parlors will be open each weekday from 8 a.m. until 11 p.m.

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A 6 h.p. Stationary Engine

Master workman make, suitable for running a Stave Mill or Machine Shop.

Engine is fitted with a Patent Clutch Pulley and regulated with a Governor, and is in first-class condition.

Price \$150.

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A Good, serviceable working Shirt, combining warmth with neatness.

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The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., OCT. 27, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

Those Seizures

A CABLE message today announces that the British authorities have ordered the release of the Standard Oil steamer Brindilla, which was seized by British cruisers in the North Atlantic a few days ago and taken into Halifax as a prize.

This seizure made the third Standard Oil ship taken prisoner within a short time.

There appear to have been several reasons for the seizure of the Brindilla.

In the first place, the ship was not transferred to the American registry until some time after the war broke out, and the British authorities had some doubt as to the bona fides of the transfer when it was made.

When the ship sailed, instead of heading for her destination across the Atlantic, she laid her course toward the south, which in itself, was enough to cause her arrest by the British on suspicion.

In her charter papers, too, no definite consignee was mentioned, the oil being consigned "to order."

Now, it seems, the owners have satisfied the British that they were acting fair and above board and the ship has been released.

The Brindilla was formerly the giant American liner George Washington, and was of 25,000 tons burden, so that with her big oil cargo she would have made a valuable prize for the British jacksies who captured her.

In the case of the two other captured Standard Oil ships, the Platara and the John D. Rockefeller, it transpired that the letter was a bona fide American vessel and her release was immediately ordered. Doubtless, in the case of the Platara the owners will have to prove to the British that they were not endeavoring to smuggle her cargo of oil to some German ship or German depot.

The seizure of these ships and the subsequent action of the British in relation thereto will definitely make plain Great Britain's attitude in regard to neutral vessels carrying contraband of war. As Sir Edward Grey announces, it must be definitely established that the cargoes are not intended for delivery to the enemy and, to avoid all doubt on this score, the ships' papers must show definitely that the contraband is consigned to some neutral nation or specific consignee.

The Only Course

HARVARD UNIVERSITY did the obvious thing when it refused to accept the Wiener bequest on the terms under which it was offered. It will be remembered that the Great American University was notified by Mr. Wiener, of England, that he had made a will leaving ten million dollars to it, providing Professor Munsterberg, the head of the Department of Psychology, was dismissed, the reason given for this peculiar condition being that the Professor had offensively championed the cause of Germany against the Allies.

There is little doubt that Professor Munsterberg has, by his conduct, rendered his services almost valueless to the institution with which he is connected. Still Harvard could not, without obvious loss of dignity and in-

fluence, agree to the terms set forth in the Wiener bequest.

To have accepted the ten million dollars would have meant the dismissal of Professor Munsterberg, and this action would have signified that the great American University had discarded all claims to independence and had set itself up as an antagonist of free speech—at a price.

So, while we deplore the lack of good judgment displayed by the Harvard Professor, we must admit his right to the expression of his own personal opinions and must commend the institution retaining him for the stand it has maintained, even at a financial sacrifice.

Flash In The Pan

GENERAL BOTHA'S forces seem to have made short work of the rebel Maritz and his following in South Africa for the news today intimates that the latter has been defeated in an engagement with the loyalists and chased into territory that is German for the time being.

Maritz has created a record. He is the only British subject that, in the course of the present war, has attempted to raise the standard of organized rebellion against Great Britain. Of course, there was a small mutiny of disgruntled Hindus of India, but it was not accompanied by any attempt at systematic campaigning.

This much the failure of the Maritz rebellion has definitely established—the British cause is the popular one in South Africa. Those sturdy old burghers whom Kruger inveigled into war with the British a few years back have learned that they are as truly free and independent men under the Union Jack as they were when they were citizens of the Transvaal Republic. In fact, they have profited rather than lost, for now they are truly governors of their own country, whereas in the old days Kruger had built up a supremacy that really amounted to a dictatorship.

The Maritz rebellion has proven but a "flash in the pan"; it is another example of how the best laid plans of even Germans may go astray. It was an unfortunate affair—even as it is ever unfortunate to see men act the traitor in such utterly dishonorable fashion as did Maritz. But, seeing that by it Boer loyalty was put to a practical test and found beyond reproach, we are surely justified in saying that out of it will proceed more harm than good.

Arrant Misjudgment

THE outstanding feature of the present great war is the absolute failure of all the plans by which Germany hoped to secure a rapid and effective victory over the Allies. Belgium, and the fatal check she administered to German arms are an old story now. South Africa is proving that German hopes of an uprising against British authority there were founded on an unstable foundation. German expectations of a second Great Rebellion in British India have come to naught.

How mistaken German public men were as to the spirit of the British Dominions Overseas is proven by comparing the theories of Bernhardi's "Germany and the Next War" with what has actually occurred since the beginning of hostilities in Europe.

The British, "loosely-compacted world-empire," says Bernhardi, might be disintegrated and "the colonies might consult their own interests should England have her hands tied by a great war."

In this expression of opinion, Bernhardi did, of course, prove himself a good guesser. The colonies consulted their own interests which, they decided, was intimately bound up with those of the Mother Country.

But the German military theorist scores a big miss when he goes on to elaborate his ideas as to just where the Overseas Dominions would stand in the case of a Great European War, such as that now raging.

"The British Empire," he declares, "is divided, from the military point of view, into two divisions: into the United Kingdom itself, with the colonies governed by the English Cabinet, and the self-governing colonies. These latter have at this disposal a militia, which is sometimes only in the process of formation. They can be completely ignored so far as concerns any European theatre of war."

Now, what has actually occurred? India, according to German military theorists, was seething with disaffection and would seize the occasion of a general European War to revolt. But when the general European War did occur India manifested such practical loyalty as enabled Great Britain to remove from that country seventy thousand seasoned troops for participation in active hostilities at the front.

And what of the Overseas Dominions that "could be ignored"? Canada has landed a fully equipped army of thirty-five thousand men in Great Britain and will keep this force at full strength throughout the war. New Zealand and Australia have sent an Expeditionary Force of twenty-five

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Interesting news items.

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NOTHING BUT THE BEST ALWAYS.

GERMANY PLANNED THE WAR

(From the London Times.)

THE following message from our Cape Town correspondent shows that Germany was preparing for war as early as June 14th. The murder of Archduke Ferdinand did not occur until June 28th, while Austro-Hungarian note to Serbia was not presented until July 23rd. Thus, a fortnight before there was any conceivable pretext for an European quarrel, we find Germany issuing secret instructions to be observed in case of a war which she pretends has been thrust upon her.

A striking illustration of the completeness of the German plans for mobilization has come to my knowledge.

A German cruiser, the Eber, was in dock at Cape Town a few days before the outbreak of war, and got away just in time. An intercepted letter addressed to the commander contained certain instructions from Berlin, which were dated June 14. These instructions revealed a complete system for coaling the German navy on

the outbreak of war through secret service agents in Cape Town, New York, and Chicago.

The Commander of the Eber was given the names of shippers and bankers with whom he could deal confidentially, the essence of the plan being that a collier would leave Table Bay, ostensibly bound for England, but really to meet a German warship at an agreed rendezvous. Naturally, so far as Cape Town is concerned, the arrangements have been upset owing to the discovery, and this, perhaps, explains why German cruisers have been more in evidence in the North Atlantic waters than in the southern ocean. Evidence has also come to light within the last few days which points to a system of communication from an arranged base in Cape Town by means carrier pigeons, with German south-West Africa.

It is probably in this way that arrangements have been made for the supply of petrol for the two Windhoek aeroplanes, which have been seen on several occasions across the border since the outbreak of war.

thousand men; South Africa, the Mecca of German hopes, has released all the regulars for service at the front, and its old-time Transvaal burghers are now bestowing punishment upon Maritz for daring to raise in their country the standard of rebellion against Great Britain.

And not only have the Overseas Dominions given of their best men, they have poured into Great Britain immense gifts of cash and kind, to help those who may have been reduced to destitution as a result of the war.

Bernhardi evidently viewed the matter entirely from the "military standpoint," and the Prussian "military standpoint" at that.

But, even as we Britons know nothing of the tyranny and oppression of that militarism neither do German Military theorists understand the breadth of British freedom and the intense practical loyalty it cultivates in the hearts of those who look to the Motherland as the origin and source of those great blessings which today make Britons as proud to say "We are British subjects" as were those of olden time to boast of their Roman citizenship.

Germany is learning some needed lessons—and in the hardest of all schools.

**Wonderful Results
From the A. I. C.,
The World's Cure**

The remedy discovered at far Labrador has given relief to many a sufferer; hundreds testifying of this great remedy. Another gives her testimonial from the City.

Couldn't Eat a Half Meal.

St. John's, Oct. 12, 1914.

I have been troubled with indigestion for a number of years, in fact I have been so bad I couldn't eat half a meal of anything.

A friend advised me to try A.I.C. and one half pint bottle cured me. I couldn't believe I could be cured in such a short time and now I can eat anything, and food does not trouble me in the least. I think I am perfectly cured. I haven't felt indigestion this month.

I recommend this medicine to all sufferers from indigestion. You are at liberty to use my name, and anyone not believing this statement can write or consult me personally.

MRS. GEORGE WELLS,
St. John's.

Sold at St. John's by M. J. Malone, M. Kent, Walter Gosse, J. C. Ryan, J. Healey, C. P. Egan, Soper & Moore, Wholesale Agent.

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OINTMENT**

17 Brennan St.,
St. John's, July 13, '14.

Dear Sir,—
I was a cripple for 25 years, and had several doctors treating me; also spent some time at the hospital, but all failed to do me any good.

I am glad to say that "Your Ointment," &c., has made a perfect cure of me. Previous to this I was obliged to walk around on crutches. So I advise all sufferers to give his medicines a trial and prove for themselves my statements.

Yours truly,

(Signed) MRS. SHAW.

To MR. L. STEBAURMAN,
15 Brazil's Square,
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Stebaurman's Ointment, 20 cents
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WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of the GILL NETS, used by Messrs. Job Brothers & Co. in the Straits this year. They have been successful at a time when traps had partially failed. We make them in all sizes to order.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of COTTON DRIFT NETS, such as are used in the North Sea Herring fishery. As the catch of Herring will be interfered with during the war, a good opportunity occurs for use of these Nets in Newfoundland.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of the celebrated STANDARD brand of Herring Nets, which is universally acknowledged to be the very best Net on the market. We are now making the CRESCENT brand Herring Net, which is the best and strongest low priced Net made. It is mounted just the same as the Standard Net, and it is barked for preservation, not merely dyed like other cheap Nets.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of SQUID TRAPS, which are now legal, we make them in any size required, to order.

We manufacture TARRED COTTON LINES, all sizes, for Bankers use, strong, durable, and easily handled.

We make Cod Traps, Cod Seines, Caplin Seines, etc., to order, in all sizes.

All the above fishery gear we can strongly recommend, and we would urge our fishermen to patronize articles of home manufacture, in order to give employment, which is so much needed this year.

Colonial Cordage Co., Ltd.

oct3,tues,sat,1m

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Get an oil stove and use our oil, gives most heat and goes furthest.

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Our oil burns best, gives clearest light and is the best.

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Gives best results, does not carbonize, get more power.

Always use our Kerosene oil.
STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

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Can you boast of teeth like these? Everyone should answer this question for himself. We can't all be beautiful but we can all have perfect strong and long lasting teeth. After long years of study and experience we can supply teeth perfect in fit, workmanship and material, the best that money can buy.

Our Price is \$12.00 per Set.

One bad tooth may cause you more trouble than all the rest combined. Your health demands immediate attention. If possible we will save your teeth or extract the useless and diseased ones with our method, which has become so popular.



Extraction 25 cents.

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TO THE EDITOR

STAGGERING UNDER MISRULE

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

Dear Sir,—In looking over the columns of your paper I have noticed what strenuous efforts the President of the F.P.U. has put forth in defense of the interests of our island home. I am a Newfoundlander to the backbone, and it has made my blood run cold to see the place we stand in to-day in this age of invention and civilization.

No one can fail to note our financial standing. There is no one in the country or out of it that can fail to observe that the Newfoundland of to-day is far worse, financially, than the Newfoundland of ten years ago. We are in a desperate plight, facing an enormous debt of \$10,000,000 on railways alone, and, if these money-eaters were in a satisfactory condition for the operations of the "iron horse," it wouldn't appear so bad, but they are not and very far from it, as I have proved by reliable report and experience.

Series of Hollows

The Trepassey Branch is merely a series of "hollows, humps and cavities." The Bonavista line of road is, together with its many other failings, literally unapproachable to the poorer class, because of its fabulous freight-charges, and I can safely say does not tend to the welfare and betterment of our people. The Heart's Content Branch is a ridiculous line

of road for any contractor to put out of hands as "graded."

This line, where boughs, fog and sods were unattainable is composed of solid matter, but where these elements were procurable, they were freely used in building up "fills." I actually saw a hollow filled in with boughs and a top layer of sods to make it appear level and firm to the eye, but in reality it was a honey-comb—like the warlike stratagems of Bruce at Bannockburn—and I have stood on the dump and shook the grading fully fifty feet on either side of me.

Unstable Foundation

In other instances fills were built up with logs of wood put up in "wind-fashon" and a layer of sods on top, and I did not make strange of it when I heard the news that the engine crashed through the grading in one of those "fills" which I have described. The only reliable road in this colony, as yet, is the main line through the country.

Mr. Editor, do not infer from this that I am against railways. I know they are the great promoters of advancement in any country, but let everything be considered. What is there to pay for them? Nothing in the present stagnant condition of the country, but I believe many more industries could be in operation than there are if we had as lively a Government for the advancement of the people as they are for spending money on railways that cannot possibly do any good in our present "behind the world" condition. So much for railways.

Alarming Decrease

The staple industry of our country—the cod-fishery—shows an alarming



THE STANDARD ARTICLE SOLD EVERYWHERE REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

decrease in that of last year's catch, which was bad enough. Gloomy reports are heard of the lobster-fishery, which will also fall behind that of last year. The seal-fishery of this year is behind that of last year's turnout, and yet in spite of all these drawbacks to the welfare of the colony, the "Herald" says that we are prosperous, but the people do not think so, and they are not asleep. They are waking up to see things as they really are. They see the true condition of the country stands in. They have listened but too long to the wiles and caprices of politicians, and they are determined to be under their rod no longer, as they really have in the past.

Fishermen Disregarded

The fishermen are not regarded in the least. Mr. Coaker, "the people's champion" has been since March calling down the action of the Gov-

ernment in allowing the peculiar action of Abram Kean on the ice-floe to pass with impunity. He has also fought to get a Commission of Inquiry granted to pry into the sealing disaster, with no result whatever, except a polished report of legal proceedings—putting the whole blame on a wireless operator—by Judge Knight. Then again Squires and Blandford were pitch-forked into positions of Minister of Justice and Minister of Agriculture and Mines respectively, against the wishes of the people—if we keep up to British Laws and Statutes—who plainly said as one man by their votes that they were done with Squires and Blandford as politicians. Fishermen of the whole Colony, and especially those of Bonavista and Trinity Bays, what was the use of your votes you used to oust Blandford and Squires from place and power as your representatives if the powers that be thus brazenly throw them in your faces a second time. Anyone with the blood of Anglo-Saxons in his veins will not live under such a gross insult.

What They Face

Does the Government want to see a repetition of the "sealers' strike"—only on a much larger scale—enacted. The people are discontented, and not without reason. I venture to say that one-third of the bread-winners of our Island will have to take their departure from the country to the U.S. or Canada this coming season, whereas if the Colony was rightfully developed they could remain at home. Times are black in this country. No one can deny this, and the people are so enormously taxed, that if amendments are not soon made, living here will be impossible.

Time to Wake Up

Wake up ye politicians, its a warning note I sound you. Wake up and try to amend matters if you can, or you will wake perhaps too late to see a long-suffering people clamouring for British rights and fair-play. You may think of this as impossible, for Newfoundlanders are such a loyal people to their King and country. So they are, but "tread on a worm and it will turn," and it will only be an exhibition of that loyalty if they arise in their might and claim their rights by force.

Again, I say beware, for the wishes of W. F. Coaker and the Union members are the wishes of the majority of the fishermen in our Island today. I warn you not to hold to the stability of the old adage that "Newfoundlanders are too green to burn." They are that no longer. They are men, who when once aroused, will have their rights and privileges at any cost.

PATRIOT.

Forteau, Labrador.

FREE TO BOYS AND GIRLS

Watches, Printing Outfits, Cameras, Footballs, Fountain Pens, etc., etc. for selling 25 of our Beautiful Art Pictures, size 16x20 at 20c. each. Write for some today. Address GOLD MEDAL ART CO., P.O. Box 68, St. John's.

WIDOW'S PLEA AND COMPLAINT

Mr. W. F. Coaker,—

Dear Sir,—I am writing you concerning a little matter, and it is about my poor money. This is the fourth or fifth time I had my money out. This is the second time since last April.

I went for it this summer and I received five dollars and I was credited on the book for six and I went again the first of this month and I received three dollars; I talked to the officer myself, but my words are of little use so I considered I would consult you about it. Kindly do your best for me please and you will oblige me very much.

(Mrs.) Ellen Howell, Templeman.

(This is the treatment widows are receiving at the hands of the Government while thousands are wasted on salaries for fat, lazy civil servants with nothing to do; and while fishermen must have their earnings cut down one third, these officials are maintained at full pay, and as retrenchment must be enforced owing to lack of revenue the first sufferers are, as expected, the widows and orphans. The next move by the Government will be to cut down the amount or number of the Old Age Pension. It would be only in keeping with their other conduct.—Ed.)

Anglo-American Telegraph Co., Ltd.

REGISTERED ADDRESSES

On and after 26th inst. censorship will permit the use of abbreviated telegraphic addresses between Newfoundland and places in British Territory, and Territory of British Allied Countries, including Egypt.

Such addresses must have been registered previous to July 1st, 1914, and are permitted to be used as addresses only not as signatures.

For telegrams to Allied Countries full address of addressee must be given (not to be telegraphed).

In all cases it is provided that addressee or sender or both are non-European residents.

R. C. SMITH,

General Superintendent.

oct24,27,29

ANGLO-AMERICAN TELEGRAPH CO., LTD.

BRAZILIAN TRAFFIC

Brazilian authorities advise that Code addresses are permissible and signatures optional, but on account of continued censorship in Brazil all messages are at senders risk as to suppression.

R. C. SMITH,

General Superintendent.

oct24,27,29

NOTICE!

The Sixth Annual Convention of the Supreme Council of the Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland will be convened at Catalina on the morning of November 14th next. Every Local Council and District Council of the F.P.U. should endeavor to be represented. Every Chairman of a Local Council and all the Officers of District Councils are members of the Supreme Council and in event of such Officers not being able to attend, Councils may appoint a substitute.

By order of
W. F. COAKER,
President F.P.U.

St. John's, Oct. 4th, 1914.

NOTICE

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd., will be held at Catalina on the 16th day of November next.

By order of
W. W. HALFYARD, Secretary.

St. John's, Oct. 1st, 1914.

NOTICE

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Union Publishing Co., Ltd., will be held at Catalina on the 16th day of November next.

By order of
W. W. HALFYARD, Secretary.

St. John's, Oct. 1st, 1914.

NOTICE

The Annual Convention of Trinity District Council of the F.P.U. will be held at Catalina on the 14th day of November next.

By order of
J. G. STONE,
District Chairman.

Catalina, Oct. 1st, 1914.

NOTICE

The Annual Convention of Fogo District Council of the F.P.U. will (by special permission of the President) be held at Catalina on the 17th day of November next.

By order of
W. W. HALFYARD,
District Chairman.

St. John's, Oct. 1st, 1914.

NOTICE

The Annual Convention of Twillingate District Council of the F.P.U. will (by permission of the President) be held at Catalina on the 17th day of November next.

By order of
W. B. JENNINGS,
District Chairman.

Moreton's Hr., Oct. 1st, 1914.

NOTICE

The Annual Convention of Bonavista District Council of the F.P.U. will (by permission of the President) be held at Catalina on the 16th day of November next.

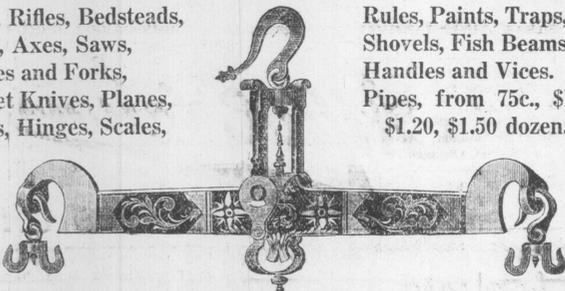
By order of
R. G. WINSOR,
District Chairman.

Wesleyville, Oct. 1st, 1914.

FIRE STOCK SELLING CHEAP

Guns, Rifles, Bedsteads, Tools, Axes, Saws, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Planes, Locks, Hinges, Scales,

Rules, Paints, Traps, Shovels, Fish Beams, Handles and Vices. Pipes, from 75c., \$1.00, \$1.20, \$1.50 dozen.



Martin Hardware Co., Ltd.
Front and Rear, next West of Old Store.

P.S.—All Mail Order Goods will be supplied in new stock unless otherwise ordered.

Rubber Footwear

For some months to come will be in daily demand. We are now well-stocked in all sizes, in Men's, Women's and Children's.

We carry the well-known make
The Merchant Rubber Co.

which is a sure guarantee of satisfaction.

Marshall Bros

Oats and Vegetables

500 Bags Black Oats.
200 " White "

Ex S.S. Morwenna To-day.

George Neal

SEASONABLE GOODS At Bottom Prices.

Cotton Blankets and Tickings.
Overalls, Matted Flannel,
Fleeced Calico, Overshirts,
Fleeced Lined Underwear.
WHOLESALE

ROBINSON EXPORT Co.

Stoves! Stoves! Tinware! Tinware!

We have received a shipment of
STOVES

"Star Stirling," "Improved Success,"
"Improved Standard."

We also carry a large stock of
Tin Kettles, Boats Kettles, Measures and Funnels.

Local Councils and Union Stores requiring such goods should order at once.

Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Limited.

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate

RAISE SECOND CONTINGENT

Patriotic Association Decide to Ask For More Newfoundland Volunteers For the Front

A meeting of the Reserve Force Committee, appointed at the last meeting of the Patriotic Association, took place at the Board of Trade Rooms last evening.

Those present were Sir Joseph Outerbridge, Chairman; Dr. V. P. Burke, Secretary, and W. J. Higgins, M.H.A., Asst. Secretary. Others present were J. A. Clift, K.C., W. H. Rennie, Lt.-Col. Rendell (C.L.B.), Lt.-Col. Conroy (C.C.C.), Capt. McKay (Highlanders), Major Hutchings (Guards), Capt. Montgomerie and Lieut. E. Ayre.

Begin at Once.

A committee consisting of Lt.-Col. Conroy, J. A. Clift, Capt. Montgomerie the chairman and secretary, were appointed to draft a proclamation.

Volunteers will be enlisted at St. John's and the various outposts, and a recruiting office, with Capt. Montgomerie in charge, assisted by an officer from each of the four brigades and a number of members of the Rifle Club will be opened at a date to be announced later.

All applicants will be drafted by the Reserve Committee to one of three units, which shall be under the direction of the city brigades, which will undertake their preliminary training in conjunction with the members of the Rifle Association.

Sent if Called For.

The object is to prepare men if called upon, so that a second contingent is needed from Newfoundland they will be ready.

We hope every young man in the city and outposts will come forward. They may not be needed at the front but if they are there will be no delay in sending them forward.

Had these suggestions of Lord Roberts a few years ago been acted upon Great Britain would have been better prepared at the outbreak of war than she was. Every unmarried young man between the ages of 18 and 35 years should rally round the old flag.

Do our Share.

The Mother Country has done wonders in men and money; Newfoundland has done well, but there is need for even greater efforts.

We are into this fight and we must win. Defeat is not thought of. If every young man in the Colony would be a great impetus to our friends abroad.

There is now another opportunity to show our loyalty. Let us all get busy. The eyes of the enemy and neutrals as well are on us let us show a bold and united front.

Canada's Example.

Canada is bubbling over with enthusiasm. The men are almost fighting amongst themselves in their eagerness to enlist.

Is Newfoundland less loyal than Canada. We think not, for we have been called the most loyal Colony of the Crown.

Mothers do not keep back your boys, rather encourage them to go forward. Think of the losses of the poor Belgians. They are our allies. They need our help let us give it to them. Many could contribute more than we have after all money is not everything.

We should all take up this movement in a whole-hearted manner. Our support is needed let us give it freely and ungrudgingly.

D. U. CABLE STAFF TO LEAVE HR. GRACE

Will be Transferred to the Western Union Offices at Bay Roberts

The Direct United States cable staff will shortly leave Hr. Grace and go to Bay Roberts and do work at the Western Union Office, says the Bay Roberts Guardian.

The members of the staff on Thursday night gave a partridge supper at Gordon Lodge at which a number of their friends of the town were invited. A very enjoyable time was spent and speeches were made by those present.

Regrets were expressed at the departure from the town of the Cable Staff, and the operators referred to the kind words said of them by their friends and hoped that their stay in this town had been so pleasant that its memory would be a lasting one.

Fish Plentiful

Several fishermen were on the grounds yesterday, and during the afternoon and early this morning, large quantities of fish were for sale in the city.

JOLLY TIME AT CHANNEL

Two Successful Concerts Held in Aid of Patriotic Fund

A concert under the auspices of the Ladies' Patriotic Committee, was given in the Parish Hall on Thursday and Friday evenings last, the net proceeds of which, amounting to a substantial sum, were devoted to the objects for which the Committee was formed, viz: Patriotic Purposes.

A most interesting programme had been prepared, which was presented to a crowded house, and carried through in a highly satisfactory manner. A most amusing incident occurred on Thursday night during the rendition of the Army marching chorus, "It's a Long Way to Tipperary," and one which the audience thoroughly enjoyed, though it was no joke for the performers, and was perhaps, on the whole, the sole unrehearsed item in the bill.

Unrehearsed.

Either German spies had been at work sowing mines beforehand or their emissaries had been tampering with the stage mechanism, for during the march to the chorus of Tipperary the centre sections of the stage collapsed, and those who were standing on that particular portion went below. Notwithstanding the surprise, all hands soon got on deck, or at least on as much of it as was left standing, and the work of rescue commenced. Not being able to restore the stage again, the next best thing was done, and the "Tipperaries" took it completely down.

Improved the Delay.

Advantage was taken of the momentary stay of proceedings to serve tea to the audience, during which time first aid to the wounded was rendered; injuries being more to the mind than to the body, which gave an admirable opportunity to the swains to administer consolation to the startled but by no means daunted, fair ones. So soon as matters were straightened out, the Company formed up again, and the call "Are we downhearted?" was responded to by a thunderous NO! And we weren't, and reached Tipperary without further accident.

At the conclusion of the programme a Tableau representing the British Empire was set, which pleased and delighted the audience.

Deserve Praise.

Great praise is due all the ladies who assisted in the arrangements, especially Miss E. M. Edgar to whose initiative most of the success of the whole affair was due. The gentlemen as well must not be forgotten. They rendered valuable assistance which contributed much toward the desired end. Lastly, to the general public, who so liberally patronized both nights the thanks of the company are given.

Repetition on Friday night was held to be even a greater success than was made Thursday; the singers being repeatedly encored, and the Tipperary corps had to respond three times, and even then the audience, like the late Mr. Oliver Twist, wanted more.

The Program.

The programme was as follows: Instrumental, Miss Crane; Chorus, Tenth Tonight, Company; Solo Songs my mother used to sing, Mrs. Mosdell; Recitation, The Revenger, Miss A. Taylor; Solo, Strolling, Miss Read; Reading, Our bit of the Thin Red Line, Miss Davis, Song, The Jolly Britons, Mr. James; Recitation, The Charge of the Light Brigade, Mr. Gushue; Song, Hearts of Oak, Capt. C. Taylor; Solo, Sweet Eileen Asthore, Mrs. Rolis; Recitation, The Day, Miss L. Taylor; Part Song, Evening Bells, Company; Recitation, The Flag, Miss M. Keating; Marching Song, It's a long way to Tipperary, Company; Duet, Like to Spoon With Me? Mrs. Rolis, Miss Pike; Song, Wireless Telegraphy, Miss S. Pike; Action song, Annie Laurie, Miss C. Keating, Mrs. Rolis, Mrs. Russ; Song, McCarthy, Mr. Phippard; Song, England's Glory, Mr. James.

Tableau The British Empire. Characters—Britannia, Miss Smart; Scotia, Miss Clement; Hibernia, Miss Crane; Terra Nova, Miss Grant; Canada, Miss Whitford; Australasia, Miss L. Pike; The Navy, Mr. F. Pike; The Army, Mr. James; Overseas Troopers, Messrs. Read and Phippard.

Rule Britannia. God Save the King. C. Q. D.

DISASTER FUND

Already acknowledged, \$304,625.46
Members of St. John's Church, Arichat, N. S., per Rev. George A. Andrew, Rector, 20.65
Rev. C. E. Fynes-Clinton, Leyland, Preston (stamps) per His Excellency the Governor, 12

\$304,646.23
R. WATSON, Hon. Treas.

WAS ARRESTED AFTER 15 YEARS

Man Wanted on Charge Preferred 10 Years Ago is now 70 Years of Age

Toronto, October 26.—After a chase which has extended over the whole North American continent and part of South America, for the past fifteen years, Dr. R. C. Flower, alias Oxford, alias Montgomery has been arrested here.

Flower was held on an indictment returned against him in the fall of 1899 in New York city. He is alleged to have swindled New Yorkers and others out of \$1,000,000 by means of a mine which was not even a prospect.

Flower, is now nearly seventy years of age, and his health is such that he is now compelled to use drugs to keep up his apparent vigor and nerve.

Flower's career is in keeping with some of the wildest stories of frenzied finance.

Patriotic Fund

Already acknowledged	\$61,193.60
William Milley, Esq.	1.50
Captain G. H. F. Abraham	20.00
Employees T. & F. French & Son, Gander Bay, per S. O. Steele—T. & J. French & Son, \$20; Frank Simms, \$1.80; Eli Hart, Amb. W. Burt, Henry Scott Walter Hodder, Levi Hodder, Eli Hodder, \$1.40 each; Leonard Simms, \$1.20; Rd. Scott, 80c.; Arthur Burt, 90c.; Allan Simms, Alex Hart, 60c. each; Herbert Dalley, \$1.70; Simeon Hodder, \$1.50; total	37.50
Thomas Winter, Esq.	100.00
M. A. Fraser, Esq.	5.00
J. Alex Winter, Esq.	15.00
Collected by Rev. John Goodacre Cragg; Rev. J. G. Cragg, \$5; St. John Baptist Church, \$3.26	8.26
Employees Reid Newfoundland Co., 1 day's pay	4,184.95
	\$65,565.81

JOHN S. MUNN,
Hon. Treas. Fin. Com.

Match Postponed

The Bon's-Methodist football match did not take place yesterday afternoon, owing to the disagreeable weather. It will take place tomorrow afternoon.

Address on the War

Mr. I. C. Morris will give a short address on the war, in the Oddfellows Hall, on Wednesday evening next, at 9 o'clock.

DEATHS

BURGESS.—Passed peacefully away at 6.45 p.m. yesterday, at her late residence, 24 Freshwater Road, Lydia, widow of the late James E. Burgess, of Burin, aged 55 years, leaving two brothers, two sisters, two sons and one daughter, besides a large circle of friends, to mourn their sad loss. Funeral notice later. (Nova Scotia papers please copy.)

MOORE.—This morning, after a brief illness, Elizabeth Moore, aged fifty-eight years, leaving a father, mother, three sons, five brothers and four sisters to mourn their sad loss. Funeral on Thursday at 2.30 p.m. from her son's residence, Mr. T. Pottle, 121 Cornwall Avenue.

An Appeal

To the Former Members of the Newfoundland Royal Naval Reserve

Five hundred men are required for Active Service in European Waters.

Former members of the Newfoundland Royal Naval Reserve are eligible, provided they are under the age of 35 and medically fit. They will be entered for a period of one year only, which will count from the time of joining "Calypso".

Former Reservists wishing to join under these conditions (namely, for one year,) are requested to communicate with the Commanding Officer of H.M.S. "Calypso," (Sgd.) A. MacDERMOTT, Lieutenant-Commander, oct27,6i

FALSE ALARM "NIOBE" SAFE

No Truth in Reports of Disaster to the Canadian Warship

Mr. R. G. Reid had the following message from Robinson's Head yesterday:—

"They are picking up wreckage at Bank Head with 'Niobe' marked on a door. The peole at Heatherthon heard guns, and explosions two or three times on Saturday night. It was pieces of doors. They also say they heard a ship blow on Saturday night."

Further Particulars.

Mr. Reid at once communicated with the Premier, and directed the Co.'s agent at Robinson's Head to make further enquiries, and received this reply:—

"It was William Young who picked up the boards on yesterday at Middle Bank, and James Barry picked up some this morning at Fischells. They saw a good many pieces."

Niobe's Name.

The postal operator at Robinson's sent the following to Sertg. Stott:—

"A man here from Bank Head says he saw wreckage and described it as two pieces of panel partition 8 by 5, painted white on one side. The reverse was black with electric wire running along it, and one board 7 by 1 painted white, with the letters Niobe painted across in black."

The Niobe was in that vicinity on Saturday, but the articles picked up were no doubt thrown overboard, as early this morning a message was received that the Niobe was safe.

GETS OFFICIAL APPOINTMENT

G. H. Halley Queen Agent For Newfoundland

The Queen Insurance Co. made a wise appointment when it gave Mr. George H. Halley, the agency of the Company in Newfoundland.

Although in charge of the company since the death of the lamented John Cormack, Mr. Halley did not receive official notification of his appointment until a week ago.

Although still a young man, Mr. Halley has spent more than a score of years in the insurance business and is considered one of the best authorities in the Colony on such matters.

Coupled with his business qualities there is his genial disposition for every one knows him and he is liked by all.

The company is to be congratulated on having such an able representative.

War Map, 3 0 x 40 inches FREE with the Hr. Grace Standard and the Montreal Herald to any one, new or old subscriber, sending in to this office \$1.50 for one year's subscription to both.

MILITARY MASS AT BELL ISLAND

Military Mass was celebrated at Bell Island, Sunday morning, by Rev. Thos. Nangle. The servitors were Cadets in their uniforms.

Fr. Nangle was the preacher and delivered an impressive discourse.

After Mass the Cadets and the Executive Officers were photographed.

Good Morning!

We Are Introducing

American Silk American Cashmere American Cotton-Lisle HOSIERY

They have stood the test. Give real foot comfort. No seams to rip. Never become loose or baggy. The shape is knit in—not pressed in.

GUARANTEED for fitness, style superiority of material and workmanship. Absolutely stainless. Will wear 6 months without holes, or new ones free

OUR SPECIAL OFFER to every one sending us \$1.00 in currency or postal note, to cover advertising and shipping charges, we will send post-paid, with written guarantee backed by a five million dollar company, either

3 Pairs of our 75c. value American Silk Hosiery or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value Am. Cashmere Hosiery, or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value Am. Cotton-Lisle Hosiery, or 6 Pairs Children's Hosiery.

Give the color, size, and whether Ladies' or Gent's hosiery is desired.

DON'T DELAY—Offer expires when a dealer in your locality is selected.

The INTERNATIONAL HOSIERY CO. P. O. Box 244, DAYTON, OHIO, U.S.A.

oct19,12w,4,w,



**Embroidered
Silk and Linen
Art
Novelties.**



We have just opened an especially handsome shipment of Embroidered Art Novelties, in HANKERCHIEF SACHETS, HANKERCHIEF BOXES, PIN CUSHIONS, TEA COSIES, SOFA CUSHIONS, HAIR TIDIES, HAT PIN STANDS, WALL POCKETETS, JEWEL BOXES, etc.



The Daintiest
Goods of the
kind we have
ever shown.





Ayre & Sons
LIMITED

Mr. Huskins Sings "Mary of Argyle"

The Nickel theatre was thronged last evening, as great interest was centered in the war slides, the elaborate two-reel feature picture "Romance and Duty," and Mr. Huskins' singing of "Bonnie Mary of Argyle."

The pictures were unquestionably of the highest quality and everyone was delighted with them. The war slides were particularly good and were favorably commented on. "Romance and Duty" is a charming drama. The scenes are beautiful and the acting perfect.

The other pictures were in keeping with it.

Mr. Huskins made another big hit in his singing of Mary of Argyle. It was pronounced by many to be the best rendition of this popular old Scotch love ballad ever heard in the City. The applause was deafening and proved that the audience was pleased with Mr. Huskins by his wonderful voice and pleasing disposition has made many friends in St. John's.

Everyone is charmed with his work, and it is correct to say that no previous soloist has made such a favorable impression on the music lovers of the city.

This evening the programme will be repeated and we strongly advise all our readers to attend.

Morwenna Sails

S. S. Morwenna sails at 4 p.m. taking the following passengers:—Misses Grant (2), Miss Rankin, Mr. Wallace, Mrs. Benedict and 6 steerage.

S.S. Durango left Liverpool at 4 a.m. Sunday for St. John's with 500 tons cargo.

Schr. Maud is loading fish at Pallen & Forsey's, Grand Bank, for Europe.

WANTED. A Housemaid, apply to MRS. J. BROWNING,—oct27,tf

LOST

Last evening, a Purse containing between Ten and Fifteen Dollars. Finder will be rewarded on leaving the same at this office.

Herring in Demand

Herrings are plentiful at North Arm, Bay of Islands. Five vessels are there. Two are at Wood's Island and four at Bonne Bay.

The following message was received from Bonne Bay to-day:—Captains Anderson, Conroy and Morris of schrs. Lizzie Griffen, Vera E. Hemmelman and Alma Nelson with permission to load bulk herring for Gloucester.

German Prisoners

A 23-year-old fisherman, of Killgrews, arrested under warrant will sign bonds.

Otto Rusch, 26; Tobias Feuerbach, 16, and Wilhelm Lembeck, 16, German sailors, were brought from Hr. Grace by Consts. Benson and Farady; they will be held as prisoners of war.

Fogota Sails

Fogota sailed at 10 a.m. taking:—Mr. Noel, W. Whitway, S. Abbott, W. Hicks, C. Murrin, A. Blundon, Mrs. Cobb, H. French, Mrs. E. Tucker, C. E. Hunt, M. Moulard, Mr. Ritecy, S. Abbott, Mr. Norman and 28 steerage.

Recruits Required Newfoundland Royal Naval Reserve.

500 Recruits are required immediately for Active Service in Europe.

Candidates must be between the ages of 18 and 35 and must be either Fishermen or Seamen.

Period of service for this special force will be for one year from date of enrolling.

Free passes to St. John's can be obtained from Magistrates, Justices of the Peace, Customs Officials, or by application to H.M.S. "Calypso."

A. MacDERMOTT, Lieutenant-Commander, oct26,6i

Magistrates' Court

A 17-year-old tailor, his brother, a 14-year-old schoolboy, of Adelaide St., and a 13-year-old schoolboy were charged with stealing an air rifle, a lady's white collar, 4 boxes cartridges, and other articles from Mr. Percival's bungalow. The youngest prisoner was discharged and the other will be dealt with this afternoon.

S.S. Dernes, which left Flat Islands, Labrador, on the 12th, took 15,580 fish for Gibraltar for orders.

Job Bros. steamer Beothic which took a cargo of fish from St. John's, arrived at Alicante on Saturday last after a fine run of 12 days.

The crew are all well.

WANTED.

Commissions for the Collection of Rent, Overdue Accounts, &c. Accepted on a commission basis. Advertiser has had plenty of experience and can give references. C. W. THISTLE, 148 New Gower Street.—oct12,1m



THE FIRE ALARM

may ring at a moment's notice. What a hurry and scurry and how the horses dash by to reach the fire.

IF YOUR HOUSE BURNED WOULD YOU SUFFER LOSS?

It's almost a sin to think you would when insurance we write is so cheap. Before insuring see us.

YOU'RE ABSOLUTELY SECURE WHEN WE INSURE YOU.

PERCIE JOHNSON, Insurance Agent.