



settlers on the mainland. It is not denied. In 1101, and a bound of the state of the settler and the settle an

LOCAL LEGISLATURE. CONTRIBUTED. The work of the session goes bravely on at Fredericton. The opposition make a stand at every cross road but are borne down by the dead weight of the government. Lieutenant Pitts is always to the front when want ed. The provincial secretary has made

ed. The provincial secretary has made his budget speech in his c-nventicle style of oratory and finds the govern-issue of bridge bends will be supplied nent deserves great credit for its agriculture policy. It is a wooder Mr. Mitchell's amendment was caragriculture policy. It is a wooder that the government by some kind of ried, the vote being 24 to 11. ledgerdemain or mesmeric power which they seem to have over their which they seem to have over followers had not tried to take the credit of Professor Robertson's work

That Mr. Speaker do not leave the chair, but that it be resolved: I. That the financial state of the pro-vince, owing to a succession of yearly de-ficits, calls for the immediate adjust-ment of expenditure to income, and to accomplish this the most rigid economy should be practised in all branches of the public service. 2. The enormous proportions of our 3. The chair, but that it be resolved: 1. That the financial state of the pro-relatives here leaves for the west shout the end of Lappintote points connected with the cheese indus-relatives here leaves for the west shout the end of this month. Mr. Lund here the east for the west shout the end of this month. Mr. Lund here the east shout should be practised in all branches of the public debt, in view of our limited sour-es of income, imperatively demand that there should be no further increase; and there and of Lappintote according to the months in jail. Man, who has been visiting friends and relatives here leaves for the west shout the end of this month. Mr. Lund here the east free province compliant the end of this month of the months in jail. Man, who has been visiting friends and relatives here leaves for the west shout the end of this months in jail. Man, who has been visiting friends and relatives here leaves for the west shout the end of this months in jail. Man, who has been visiting friends and relatives here leaves for the west shout the end of this months in jail. Man, who has been visiting friends and relatives here leaves for the west shout the residence of Mrs Joshua there should be no further increase; and Man, who as been visiting friends and there should be no further increase; and Man, who as been visiting friends and there should be no further increase; and Man, who stole the months in jail. Man, the function is the residence of Mrs Joshua months in jail. Man, the months in jail. Man, who stole the month in function for York. Man, the function for Yor

Cookville.

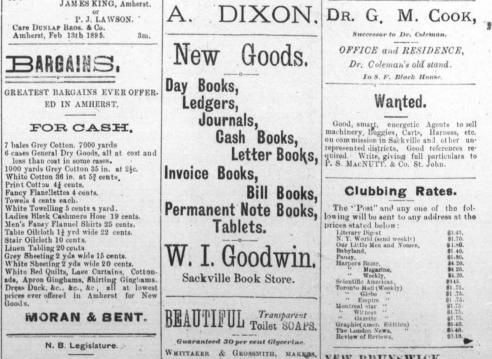
-- Miss Mary Cook of Cookville left

quarters, previous to their removal to Rochfort. The Abbe Casgrain thinks Liven Tabling 20 cerus quarters, previous to their removal to Rochfort. The Abbe Casgrain thinks of the 3,000 French inhabitants of P. E. Island, about one-half returned again to France, the remainder being dispersed through Acadia or finding an asylum in Quebec.

other officials arrived at Port Lajoie with materials and mechanics to erect

lodgings for the new rulers. In August the same year Mr. Francklin became governor, and in the next year Mr. Walter Patterson became gover- TO THE EDITOR.

came governor, and in the next year Mr. Walter Patterson became governor, the Island being then made into a separate Province. The foundations of the first English government house still visible, near a brook winding down the vally are utilized to form an admirable duck pond. This is an age of utility. Goats find a congenial rambling place on the supposed site, amid the stirring memories of Fort La Tour; the blood stained heights of Beausejour are rented out as a cow-pasture, the guns having been sold to be cast into stores and ploughs; and the historic slopes of Port Lajoie are devoted to growing forage for Ch arlottetown horses. *M. de Bonnaventure was a son of Nichols Denys one of the feudal lords "M. de Bonnaventure was a son of Nichols Denys one of the feudal lords of Acadia, and the first grantee of P. E. Island. He was the officer selected to a cake, An Address from P. T. Shutt, an Address from Co.
A. Chemistic to Dominion Experimental Elements of plant for the first English governments in a conversation box.
A. Chemist to Dominion Experimental Strengther of plant for the first English governments is a cov-pasture, the guns having been sold to be cast into the Stores from Co.
B. Saperin Drainage, Experimental Elements of plant for the first English governments is a cov-pasture, the guns having been sold to be cast into the Stores.
B. Saperin Drainage, Experimental Elements of plant for the first English governments is a cov-pasture, the guns having been sold to be cast into the Stores and ploughs; and the historic slopes of Port Lajoie are devoted to proving forage for Ch arlotteown horese.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Nichols Denys one of the feudal lords.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Nichols Denys one of the feudal lords.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Nichols Denys one of the feudal lords.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Nichols Denys one of the feudal lords.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Nichols Denys one of the feudal lords.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Pichols.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Pichols.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Pichols.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Sichols Denys one of the feudal lords.
M. de Bonaventure was a son of Sichols.
M. de Bonaventure was son of Sichols.
M. de Bonaventure was son of Sichols.
M. de Bonaventure was son of Sic



JAMES KING, Amherst

25c A POUND.

NEW BRUNSWICK WESTNOBLAND CO S.S

\$1.75. \$5.40. \$3.10.

SAMPLE ROOMS IN Music Hall block in the centre of the business part of the town. Teams to the town free.

3 small " 25c.
Pure Castile 'Le Virgin' of the estate and derive Contable with the cast of the estate and derive Contable with the cast of the estate and derive of the estate and derive contable with the estate and derive of the estate and derive contable with the estate and derive of the estate and derive contable with the estate and derive of the estate and derive contable with the estate and derive of the estate and derive contable with the estate and derive of the estate and derive contable with the end of the estate and derive of the estate and derive of the estate and effects, and prayed that a contable with the estate and effects, and prayed that a contable with the passine of said account and effects, and prayed that a contable with the passine of said effects, and prayed the act and effects, and prayed that a contable with the passine of said effects, and prayed the act and effects, and prayed the act active of said account a grow interested in said effects, and prayed the active and effects, and prayed the act active of the estate and effects, and prayed the act active and effects, and prayed the active and effects, and prayed the act active and effects, and prayed the active and effects, and prayed the active active of the estate and effects, and prayed the active active of the estate and effects, and prayed the account of Probates at Dorchester within and for said county of the estate active of the estate active acti

DON'T FORGET Our

JOB DEPARTMENT

tribution of the seats in our "Assemble founded on population giving each ele oral division one member, and ea elector one rote sch elect-and each member of the P. E. Island government has been called to the senate in success ion to Ligut-Governor Howland.

Yours truly,



was only 40 per cent. The resurt was that our refineries were closed, thou-sands of men thrown out of employ-ment, and almost every pound of sugar we consumed was brought from abroad at a high price. The Conservative party have reserved that. They have free raw sugar and they have placed a small duty against the importation of refined sugar. The result has been that our refineries are in full blast, thou-sands of people are profitably employed, sugar is cheaper than ever it was before here and cheaper than it is in the Unit-ed States too. Mr. Jones should now be supporting the Conservative Conservative party went into power on in 1878. It has been their policy ever since. The policy of the Grit party was the very opposite ; they allowed the products of other countries to come in free and compete with the Canadian farmer without getting any privilege in foreign markets in return. They wish A CASTLE IN THE AIR. Since What Time A. D. "I made her keep it," said Nellie, A Host of Liberals Favor Has Endorsed 1810. foreign markets in return. They wish to do the same thing again. Protection. e is not a medicine in use today which possesses the confidence of the public to so g int as JOHNSON'S ANDOYNE LINIMENT. For more than eighty years it has stood u intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it and transmitted dige of its excellence to their children as a valuable inheritance. The bab store is its first that in the state where it originated the sale of it is steadily increas WITNESS No. 5. THE POLICY FOR CANADA Witness No. 5 is Mr. Blain, M.P. for 7. S. JOHNSON, HSQ. My Dear Sir-Fifty years ago this month your father, Dr. Johnson, called at my store and left me some Johnson's Anodyne Limiment on sale. I have sold it ever acce. I can most truly say that it has maintained its high standard and popularity from the to this. JOHN B. RAND, North Waterford, Maine, Jan., 1894. West York in 1876 (See Hansard), and rich! This is What Leading Liborals Hay this is what he said : Themselves Acknowledged-Hon, Ed-"I feel that I should like the Finance Thave used if your Johnson's Audyne Lini-tent for more than fifty years in my family. This certifies that Dr. A. Johnson, who rem for more than fifty years in my family. The second second second second second second second second ings, cramps, sore stomach, rheumatism ings, cramps, sore stomach, rheumatism ings, cramps, sore stomach, rheumatism und it always good every way. I would not always good every way. I would not since (over fifty years) this incentiate, court is the without it. I am a man yi years it my house be without it. I am a man yi years it. Johnson's Liniment is my family remedy. Turomas CLELAND, So. Robbinson, Me. Jamez KNOWLTON, Newburg, Me. ow be supporting the Conservative Minister (Sir Richard Cartwright) to come down with a tariff policy that ward Blake Says Home Industry Should party. be Encouraged-Mr. Laurier, Mr. Jol WITNESS NO. 10. would enable us to protect our home tie's arm. Charlton and Others Quoted. industries and that would enable us to Witness No. 10 is a gentleman named bring our producers and consumers to The declarations of the Liberal Party Mr. Devlin, who represented Montreal in parliament during Mr. Mackenzie's term of office. Mr. Devlin is on record The Doctor's Signature and directions are on every bottle. If you can't get it send to us. Price 35 cents; six \$3.00. Bold by Druggists. Pamphlet fi I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass., Sole Proprieto Exactly so ! This is what the Conser-1st-That protection is a fraud and vative party did, and what it proposes to continue to do. 2nd-That they will absolutely desin Hansard as follows:- (See Debates troy the protective system and remove every vestage of it from the WITNESS NO. 6. "I feel it my duty to say that I am in RHODES, CURRY & Co. Witness No. 6 is Mr. Workman, M. P. for Montreal, and his evidence, like soil of Canada, should they get into AMHERST, NOVA SCOTIA.

Shall we call some witnesses to conthat of Mr. Blain, is contained in a speech given in Parliament in 1876. (See Hansard, page 74.) infail we assume the solid sol "We feel the unjustness of admitting provisions into our country from the United States free, while a duty of 20 give some of the Liberals themselve as evidence on the question of protec per cent. is placed on flour and grain sent to the United States. I am sure that the Government of the day will not ignore, and I do not think they can ig-

Let us begin with Mr. Laurier him Ignore, and roo not think they can by nore, the cry for protection that has gone forth through this country, com-mencing at Quebec and coming to Montreat, Toronto, London, Hamilton and all through Canada. Every candi-date who will dare to announce himself as opposed to protection will be elected to say at home." If. On the 9th of November 1871, Mr. aurier, speaking on the trade queson declares 'It is humiliating to have o admit that after the existence of hree hundred years, this country is not Nature bas been marvellously prodigal in her gifts and has done so much to to stay at home. And Mr. Workman was not very far from right. Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. David Mills and such gentlenake this a manufacturing country we are yet dependent on foreign coun-tries. It is our duty to foster our na-tional industries." Of course Mr.

men were opposed to protection and so announced themselves. The result was Laurier says now that he said this in Laurier says now that he said this in the innocence of youth when he did not consider the question, But he had thoroughly considered the question, and was a leading member of his party in 1876 and at that time Mr. Laurier that they were swept out of power and only a ragged remnant of their supporters came back.

ocke as follows:-."It is asserted by nany, and assumed by others, that free rade is a Liberal principle, and pro-Witness No. 7 is the Hon. James oung, a man of sufficient ability to have been selected by Sir Oliver Mowat as his Provincial Treasurer. Here i what Mr. Young stated in Parliament ore in Great Britain. I would be a fre ender, but I am a Canadim born and a esident have, and I think that war as une projection. We have within our-

Hansard, 1876.) "It we are to have the tariff altered and if my honorable friend can frame the measure that some relief can be sity s the ability to create an industry, is table shown that we cannot main-in it, unliss by legislation either in given to the manufacturers from the unfair competition of the United States, the Finance Minister would earn the he way of premium or prohibitory ariff, then I should be ready to take hat into consideration." This is witness approval of the House and of the coun-

WITNESS No. 7.

No. 1, and he does not say anything about protection being a "fraud" or a "robb.ry." Indeed, he goes for more than protection; he wants prohibition. But Sir Richard failed to do it and lost the confidence of the House and of the country. The Conservative party did it and have ever since retained the Under production, the wants promotion. Under production, combines will be formed. The Conservative party do not b lieve in prohibition: they believe in a "ar measure of protection, such as will st ad, the home market for the home confidence of the House and of the country.

WITNESS No. 8.

Witness No. 8 is Mr. William Patterson, M.P., blscuit manufacturer, mem-ber of the biscuit combine, M.P. for

ber of the biscuit combine, M.P. for South Brant and general anti-protection orator of the Grit party. Mr. Pattor-son has testified many times, and he has been known to admit in recent years, that the worst thing he has to fight against in denouncing a defensive tariff, is the strong argument he adariff, is the strong argument he ad-vanced in favor of a defensive tariff a w years ago. Anyone who cares to ook up Mr. Patterson's evidence will ind as follows: (See Hansard, page

646, March 14, 1876.) "He held that the Administration hould protect our agricultural interests. Such a duty would not bear in my way upon the consumers and would be of great advantage to the interests oncerned. The small duty upon grain would benefit the farmers of this coun ry. It is well known that we pay somus to the inhabitants of other coun ries to come into Canada and settle in our midst. I believe by a defensive tariff that you would not have to pay

bring those men here.

at that moment?"

CHIGNECTO POST. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1895.

complete harmony with a policy of pro-tection for our manufacturing indus-tries. I am perfectly willing to assist in the passage of any law that will re-verse the policy of the present Government though it gives me great regret. When the United States people close their market we should retailate by closing our markets against them. It is not necessary to say that Mr. Devlin was, like all the rost was have quoted, a very strong Liberal.

quoted, a very strong Liberal. Just here our readers will notice, that very strong pressure was brought, from his own supporters, upon Sir Richard Cartwright in 1876-and the quotations her. we have given are only a few of the many that might be given-to reverse his policy and adopt protection. He refused, and the men who had been pushing for protection, instead of desert-ing their party, whipped into the support exaggerated stories should come to Neling their party, whiped into the support of their party and desorted their prin-ciples. And so we find Mr. Pattersm, Mr. Young, Mr. Jones, Mr. Laurier, Mr. Charlton and Mr. Joly, who shouted so loudly for protection, now shouting still more loudly for the destruction of a pro-tective policy. Like Hosce Bigelow they may well declare "As for princi-rals Leith care untils de the act." lie's honest ears too soon. Then came a day which Gertie never will forget—when it was found that Uncle Silas had gone, no one knew whither

pals, I ain't got nuthin of the sort. ain't a Whig, I ain't a Tory, I am just candidate in short.

RECIPROCITY WITH THE U.S.

What Is the Use of Talking of It?-I Takes Two to Make a Bargain

is one in favor of reciprocity with the United States. It appears to us that the Liberal party must regard the electors of this country as having bad memories and worse judgment. What is the use talking reciprocity with the people of the United States in trade matters? It takes two to make a bargain, and the

do not intend to discuss the subject at length; it would be a waste of space. Let us, however, give the following brief and pointed history of reciprocity

the British Minister at Washington. This was done, but the United States

1830 - Messrs. Gait, Howland, Shith and Henry were ambassadors from the British Provinces to Washington to offect a renewal of the treaty. But the United States abrogated it. 1867-An offer was then made through the British Minister at the time of Earl Russell's Government by Songet of

offer of reciprocity in its customs laws It met with no response from the United States. 1869—Canada sent its Finance Minis

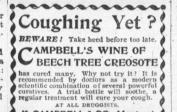


You use GITOLENE Your money will be saved, and your cooking praised, when You use Offolene

Famous cooks, prominent phy-sicians and thousands of everytreat them both with equal favor. But at the same time she was very eager for him to reveal his plans, and to enter the life of luxury he so often hinted of to housekeepers endorse it. Will you give it a trial? Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers

The girls at school were growing Made only by more and more curious, but hardly mor impatient than Gertie herself. Her cas The N. K. Fairbank the in the air had grown so real to her that never a morning came but she ex-pected to see it realized before the night. Her only dread was lest some of her Company,

Wellington and Ann Sts. Ada - Oh, bring lots. Bring two dol-lars and a half.'- Puck. MONTREAL.



BICYCLE. Admitted by all to be Largest sale of any wheel in Amarica. Prices lowar than any other wheel of high grade. Duty paid, F. O. S. Cars Toronto.

Condition

POWDER

KEEPS CHICKENS STRONG

It is a powerful Food Digestive. Large Cans are Most Economical to Buy.

MAKE HENSLAY

If you can't get it send to us. Ask Fi

High Rollers/-Ada-'Bring lots of

money, dear, and come around to my nouse to-morrow afternoon. We're go-ng to have another poker party, just like

'Olive-'How much shall I bring?'

Doubtful Seeds alone. The are easy to get, and cost more. Ask your dealer for

FERRY'S

SEEDS

THE MONARCH

HIGH GRACE

THE BEST.

Leave

ore, no matter what kind of fe daily Sheridan's Powder. Other and winter will be lost when t

Jamples for 25 ets. Five \$1. Large two-lb. ca anas, \$5. Exp paid. Sample "BERT POULTRY P Farm-Poultry one year (59 c.) and large can L 3. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Re

Canadian Branch 6 & 8 Adelaide St. W. AGENTS WANTED. P. R. WRIGHT, Toronto.



"I Believe SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE Saved the Lives of Two of My Children."-Puny Children Grow Fat and Strong-Tired and Ailing Women Take on the BLOOM of EARLIER YEARS.



The second resolution on the platform laid down by the Grit party, as the one upon which they will go to the country,

people of the United States have time and again told us that they will not make a fair bargain with Canada. We

negotiations : 1865-As the old reciprocity treaty was about to expire, Sir John Macdon-ald and Hon. George Brown when in England urged the Imperial Govern-

declined. 1866-Messrs. Galt, Howland, Smith

Russell's Government, by request of Canada. The United States refused.

THE HERITAGE. 1868—In framing its first tariff, United Canada at Confederation put a standing The rich man's son inherits lands. And he interits soft, while havds. And he inherits soft, while havds. And tender fiesh that fears the cold, Nor dares to wear a garment old; A heritage, it seems to me. One searce would wish to hold in fee.

sey again:

fiight.



* MT. * ALLISON * LADIES' C LLEGE Owens Art Institution CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

The Fall Term of the 40th year be gins Aug. 30th, 1894

Trust

of study are provided es through the whole Universit legree of B. A. The staff con-in addition to the Universit no, Pipe Organ, Violin, Voc , Elocution, Physical Cultur are all taught after the latest ion which with its mag n charge of Prof. Hammond, R.C.A the Paris Salon the Royal Academ: Dixon.

The Conservatory of Music employs eight inst and of whom is an experienced teach taff of the N. Y. College of Music, wh a Berlin, under Von Bulow and Joseff eessful study under some of t n Germaay, Mr. C. L. Chisho arge of the Violin departmen taught by an accomplished Swe is a graduate of the Munich Co

From Harper's Weekly

and magazines, as well as in stamp albums, fac-similes of stamps. They

were used to attract attention to a

advertisement, or to designate the

it would prevent even the reproduc

tion of the design of a piece of coi

or paper money or of a stamp in picture published in a newspaper of

est persons to take advantage of th

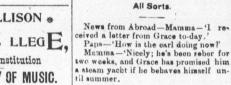
acts of honest ones to defraud others

periodical. The intent of was to make it impossible for dishon

grants as curiency.

are in demand for philatelic collections

great injury could be done to individ- t,



Manufacturers and Builders

SCPOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH AND HOUSE FURNITURE.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of Builders Material

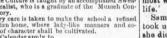
Send for Estimates.

ISTAE BEST TAKE NO. OTHER.

ETTERN'T

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the Great South American Kidney Cure. This new remedy is a

REV. B. C. BORDEN, D. D.



Addrey Cure. This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urnary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and paun in passing it almost im-mediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by A.

Dinah- 'Yo' done gone ses dat clah-Voyant' bout losin' yo' pockatbook? Sam — 'She ain't at dat place no moah. Dat clahvoyant am no good nohow.' Dinah — 'Why yo' tink she am no good? She done tole Mis' Brown de meat wonnerful t'ings 'bout her pas' life.'

Sam-'Mebbe she did, but she's been tries, and this is just what they have

took up fo' swindlin' a man out Westan' she didn't know they wuz a warrant out fo' her till de p'hceman come!' been doing. RECMATION CUPED IN A DAY - South

narks of Mr.

party have all along agreed. They be leve that if a tariff is to be placed to raise a revenue, that we ought to plac-that tariff so as to assist our home indus

we legitimately can, distribute the taxes so as to give a benefit to ou ome indu try. If not absolutely essen tial to the greatness of a people, variety of industry is certainly a great help to its growth." This is, of course, the Con-

oducer, but such too as will allow for

ign competition to come in to prevent

WITNESS No 2.

prices being raised.

Now let us take witness No. 2. This me it is the Hon, Edward Blake on Nov. 14th, 1875, in Toronto, Ont., de clared as follows: "We should, as far as

servative doctring pretty fully. As we understand it, however, the Conserva-tive party believe that variety of indus ry is absolutely essential to the great e is of a country. With the other re-marks of Mr. Blake, the Conservativ

 Betwille, N. B., Aug. 2nd.
 Intercont Researched Cure, for Rheumaic
 Cure, for Rheumaic

 INNOCENT COUNTERFEITERS
 1 to 3 days.
 1 taction upon the system is remarkable and mysterious.
 1 tree
 WITNE'S No. 3 Witness No. 3 shall be another gen

is remarkable and mysterious. It rest theman prominent in Liberal ranks, who moves at once the cause and the disease now goes about the country tearing his

A DECISION recently rendered by the Solicitor of the Treasury Depart-Dixon. John Charlton-the ment at Washington promises to put Nature made her so. - 'And now about that the fyles at Washington describe a stop to the innocent counterfeiting of the stamps of this and other countries. For many years dealers in stamps have published in trade papers and magazines, as well as in stamp a stop to the innocent counterfeit as "John Charlton, of Michigan." Mr. Charlton, in 1876 (see Hansard's Budget

debate), declared as follows : ourage gentlemen, but O. wein more or less attractive.' HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MIN UTES-DT Agnew's Cure for the Hear ves perfect relief in all cases of Organio ir Sympathetic Heart Disease fu 30 min the same market was of greatest value.'' Here is a statement of fact and of invincion both. What new light has

spot in an album where a particular stamp was to be affixed in making a collection. Three years ago Congres passed a sweeping law prohibiting the imitation of movey or stamps. So broad was the scope of this law that

ir Sympathetic Heart Disesse in 30 min ptes, and speedily effects z cure. It is neerless remedy for Palpitation, Shor tess of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pai t. Left Side and all symptoms of a Dis-sased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by A. Dixon. Teacher-'Tommy Figg, you may de-fine the word 'heroine.'' always cryin' and 'marries the biggest' always cryin' and marries the biggest fool in the play, just because he's got a little dood moustache.' and the set WITNESS No. 4.

Witness No. 4 is a gentleman who is - Late Literary News

Late Literary News. Can be a constructed with the set of the set looked upon by Liberals as a thorough-General Lord Wolseley makes a most

criginal and genuine compound of Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Pancrea-tine; and has never been equalled as a tonic and flesh producer.

grants as currency. The counterfeiting of stamps, of injury as the counterfeiting of money. Xet in the case of rare stamps, which Yet in the case of rare stamps, which The counterfeiting of money. The counterfe Bobby-'Paw, why do you always

Hicks-'Mr. X Horter, the evangel ist, is doing a good work. They say he has made a hundred converts in two MR. JOHN DOUCETT, of Plympmeetings.' Harry—'And how many of them will

stick!' Hicks-''Dh, that doesn't make any difference. Horter, you know, gets \$50 a night, and there's no discount for backsliding.'

ter, Hon. John Rose, to Washington with offers which the Liberal leaders of those days said were too favorable. But Uncle Sam as usual turned a deaf you will find that the steam whistles of our factories will be the call for them to come. The other ear. 1871—Sir John Macdonald, at the

year, the Finance Minister, in revising 1871—Sir John Macdonald, at the Washington treaty, offered reciprocity with Canada as one basis of settlement. The United States representatives re-jected the proposition with scorn. 1873—The national beards of trade of Canada and the States memorialized their respective Governments in Tavor of reciprocity. Canada reiterative her for-mer willingness to negotiate, but the United States authorities deigned no realy. our tariff gave some encouragement to one industry which it never had before. The result was that one thousand men.

who were engaged in that industry in Germany were literally transported, by the change in the tariff, to Canada and set to work here. The cost of the article was not increased one iota and Canada got all the benefit."

United States and reply. 1874-Hon, George Brown, on behalf of the Mackenzie Government, went to Washington and a treaty was drawn up. But the United States Senate threw Here Mr. Patterson has let the cat out of the bag. He declares himself in favor of agricultural protection; declares that protection, and proves the rates to the consumer, and proves by a case in point that a defensive tariff brings people into the country and keeps them here instead of driving them out. up. But the United States Senate threw it out. 1879-In enacting protection. Canada

placed a standing offer of reciprocity on its statute books. It never met with the

slightest response. Theyer met with the slightest response. 1888—Sir Charles Tupper, at the Fish-eries Convention at Washington offered reciprocity as a basis of settlement. The United States refused to consider

1891-Our Ministers visited Washington and offered reciprocity minus tarifi discrimination against Great Britain, but the United States Government de-

clined. 1894—In the recent tariff revision of

1894—In the recent tariff revision offers of reciprocity were re-enacted, but without effect. In view of this record, it is simply nonsense to talk about more reciprocity megotiations. The Dominion Government are pursuing the proper course; — They are endeavoring to open up our trade with other countries, and particularly to increase trade with Great Britain, and they are establishing lines of communication with those of other markets of the world. Let them continue to do so and at the same time to rotain the home market for the Canadian firmer, and they will be doing a thousand rimes batter sorvice for our people, than making fuile and humilating efforts to make a bargain with us. "There must be a readjustment of the "There must be a readjustment of the duties on sugar so as to encourage our refineries. At present they are closed and some thousands of people are thrown out of employment. The duties on raw material are too high and on the

refined article too low. Mr. Jones stated the facts truth-The duty on raw sugar was 50 per cent. and the duty on refined sugar



Thousands of women in Canada with

Thousands of women in Canada with restricted as one of the family! -While. Abraham Lincoln was once triding along on a lonely road a man suddenly faced him with a rovolver in his hand. 'What do you mean, my friend,' enquired Abraham. 'T amgoing to shoot you,' replied the man. 'Well, 'answered Abe, I don's mind being killed, but I would like to know your reasons.' 'I once vowed,' asid the man, 'that if I ever saw a man homelier than I am, I would shoot him.' Abraham looked at him critically for a minute and then said; 'Well, if I'm any homelier than you are, for God's srke shoot!'

The rich man's son inherits cares; A brank may break, the factory burn, A breat may burst his bubble shares, And soft, white hands could hardly earn A living that would serve his turn; A heritage, it seems to me, One scarce would wish to hold in fee.

to get disapp'inted !"-Demorest's Maga

The rich man's son inherits wants; His stomach craves for dainty fare: His stomach craves for dainty fare; With sated heart he hears the pants Of toiling ones with brown arms bare, And wearies in his easy chair; A heritage, it seems to noc, One scarce would wish to hold in fee.

What doch the poor man's son inherit? Stout muscles and a snewy heart, A hardy frame, a hardier spirit, King of two hands, he does his part In every useful toil and art; A king might wish to hold in fee.

What doth a poor man's son inherit? Wishes o'erjoyed with humble things, A rank adjudged by toil-worn merit, Content that from employment springs, A heart that in fits labor sings: A heiritage, it seems to me, A king micht wisht to hold in fee.

What doth the poor man's son inherit? A patience learned of being poor: A particle tearned of being poor. Courage, if sorrow comes, to bear it, A fellow-feeling that is sure To make the outcast bless his door; A heritage, it seems to me, A king might wish to hold in fee.

Oh, rich man's son ! there is a toil That with all others level stands; That with all others are solt. Large charity doth never solt. But only whitens soft, white hands— This is the best crop from thy lands; A heritage, it seems to me, Worth being poor to hold in fee.

Oh, poor man's son! scorn not thy state: There is worse weariness than thine In merely being rich and great; Toil only gives the so... I to shine, And makes rest fragrant and behing; A heritage, it seems to me, Worth being poor to hold in fee.

Both, heirs to some six feet of sod, Are equal in the earth at last; Both, children of the same dear God, Prove title to your heirship vast By record of a weil-filled past; A heritaze, it seems to me, Weil worth a liffyto hold in fee.

Vaccination and Smallpox.

Pacenation and Snallpos. It may be of interest to the opponents of from the epidemic of small-pox in Penn-from the epidemic of small-pox in Penn-termity of the small pox in Penn-pox in Penn-Penne Mann-Market Small Penn-Penne Mann-Market Small Penn-Market Small Pox in Penn-Penne Mann-Market Small Penn-Penne Mann-Market Small Penn-Penne Mann-Market Small Penne-Penne Mann-Market Small Penne-Penne Mann-Market Small Penne-Penne Mann-Market Small Penne-Penne-Penne-Penne-Market Small Penne-Penne-Penne-Market Small Penne-Penne

Price Ponialonski (the guest of honor at Mrs. Newlyritch's afternoon recep-tion)-Zank you, madame. I shall ac-cept a cup of coffee wiz mooch plaiz-baire.

Mare. Newlyritch (concerning whose early history society is in the dark, ad-dressing the caterer's attendant)—Draw

What will touch the mother heart | Science has made perfectly clear that more deeply than the illness of her the troubles that affect the individual little ones? She may suffer much organs of the body, have their seat in herself, and women are sorely afflicted these nerve centres, so, without any with many ills, but she will endure wasteful experimenting, South Amerall this, however often, without a lican Nervine reaches out to the seat murmur; but there can be no dis- of the difficulty, and straightening guising her anxiety when the little out what is wrong there heals the ones of the home are stricken down whole body. Listen to what Mrs. with sickness. And how many puny H. Russell, Wingate, writes on this children there are ! We talk of the point : "I have used several bottles bloom of youth, but thousands of of South American Nervine Tonic, children know not of it. Others may romp, but they are weaklings. Mothers, would you have your saved the lives of two of my children.

loved ones strong and healthy? They were down, and nothing ap-Would you enjoy good health your- peared to do them any good until I self! Then use South American procured this remedy. It was very Nervine Tonic; there is no doubting surprising how rapidly both improved its efficacious properties. Investigate on its use. I don't allow myself to from a scientific or a common sense be without some of it in my house. point of view and you will find that I recommend the medicine to all nearly all disease has its start in the my neighbors." It will certainly grant new life to all who are delicate nerve centres of the body.

The mission of South American whether young, middle-aged, or old. Nervine is to at once reach the nerve Do not worry along with ill health, centres, which are to the whole body but dispel it, and brighten your lives what the mainspring of the watch is by the immediate use of South Amerto every other part of the timepiece, ican Nervine.

Sold by Amasa Dixon, Sackville, N B

great injury could be done to individ uals. And a petty fraud, when com-mitted in the name of the United States, is just as abhorrent to the i objurge a quarter of a bottle of Pruse could not move without great pain, but govarnment as fraud which involves millions. Hence the law enacted by Cougress, under which the publication could.

of facsimiles of currency and stamps has been prohibited. NO LANTERN NEEDED. A fellow with a red headed girl at night will never need a lantern. Gray-When Whackford called you a liar, did you resent it? White-You bei I did, I went right off and told Spriggins what, an assin to his pocket. The no discount for The fin-de-siecle lover put it thus: "I love the very ground Miss Bloomer 'I guess I'll take them,' mused the burglar, softly slipping the silver spoons into his pocket. The no darmed gold-ing.'

Mr. Patterson, no wonder you find it few years ago.

fully.

and

same gentlema

lifficult to answer your arguments of WITNESS No. 9.

Witness No. 9 is the Hon. Mr. Jones,

familiarly known as "haul down the flag Jones," a gentleman who was Minister of Militia in Mr. Mackenzie's Govern-

ment. Now, Mr. Jones is a practical man. He was interested in sugar re-fining and he therefore felt pretty keen-

ly the nonsensical nature of the policy

of the Mackenzie Government upon that question. Here is Mr. Jones' evidence. (Hansard 1973.)

said yesterday the cook in her house was treated as one of the family!