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1838
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## THE <br> UPPER CANADA ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD



Being the second year after Bissextile, and the first year of the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty

QUEEN VICTORIA.


Calculated for the Meridian of Brantford; but will answer for any part of the Province.

## BRANTFORD, U. C.

## SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC.

$P$ Aries, Head. $1 \Omega$ Leo, Heart. $\quad \mid$ Sagitarius, Thighs. ӊTTaurus, Neck, mVVirgo, Belly. $\square$ Gemini Arms. $\bumpeq$ Libra, Reins. vsCapricorn, Knees.
onet, and

Dominical Letter, Lunar Cycle, Epact,

## PLANETS AND ASPECTS.

© 类Sun. $\succ$ Mercury. \& Venus. $\oplus$ Earth.


## CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

solar and lunar eclipges for the tear 1838.
There will be four Eclipses this year; two of the Sun, and two of the Moon, as follows: 1 st . Of the Sun, March 25th, 2 h .46 m . morning invisible. 2d. Of the Moon, April 9 th, 9 h .56 m . morning invisible. 3 d . Of the Sun, September 18 th , at 3 h .44 m . evening.

Beginning at 2 hours 44 minutes evening.

Middle,
End,
Duration, $\quad 3 \quad$ "6 20 " "
Digits eclipsed, seven on Sun's northern limb. 4th. Of the Moon, October 3d, at 11 h . 22 m . morn. invis.


## CIVIL LIST OF UPPER CANADA.

Lieutenant Governor-His Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head, Baronet, Knight, Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order and of the Prussian Military Order of Merit, \&c. \&c.
Private Secretary-John Joskph, Esq.
Aid-De-Camp-Lieutenant F. Halket.

## GOVERNMENT OFFICE.

Chief Clerk, Edward McMahon, Esq.; Clerks, Arthur Gifford, James McDonell, Walter Mackenzie.

## MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The Honorable Robert Baldwin Sullivan, Presiding Councillor; the Honorable William Allan, the Honorable Augustus Baldwin, and the Honorable John Elmsley.

Clerk of the Council-John Beikie. Confidential Clerk-William Henry Lee. Clerk, - Hurd. Door Keeper and Messenger, Hugh Carfrae.

Regular Council Day-Thursday, in every week.

## PUBLIC OFFICES IN TORONTO.

Receiver General--The Honorable John Henry Dunn. Clerks, Bernard Turquand, J. F. Maddock. Office, Public Buildings, Fr street.

> All patent fees payable at this office.

Inspector-General-The Honorable George H. Markland. Clerks, James Nation, Raymond Baby. Uffice, public buildings, Front street.

Provincial Secretary and Registrar-Duncan Cameron. Clerks, Thomas D. Harrington, E. Kent. Office, public buildings, Front street.

Registry Office, 18 Newgate street-Samuel Ridout, Register for the county of York. An office for registering deeds, conveyances, wills, \&c. Office hours 9 to 2. Fees, for entry of every memoriai of 100 words, 2 s .6 d .; every additional $100,1 \mathrm{~s}$. Like fees to Register ior every certificate of such memorial under his own hand. For every search, a fee of 1 s .6 d .

Surveyar General's Office-Public buildings, Front street. Fees; reports on applications to purchase crownland, 2s 6 d ; reports on petitions, 2s 6d; certificate from surveyor general, 2s 6d; fling certificates of settlement duty on grants to individuals not privileged, 2s 6 d ; location ticket on grants not privileged, 3 s 9 d ; location ticket on privileged persons after first location, 3 s 6 d ; for searching plan or record, Is 3 d ; copy of township plan, 12s 6 d .

Commissioners of crown land and agent for the sale of clergy re-serves-Honorable Robert Baldwin Sullivan. Clerks, Richard H. Thornhill, Andrew Tod, John Dean. Office, public buildings, Front street.

Emigrant Office-Anthony B. Hawks, superintendent; clerk. Office, public buildings, Front street.
Indian Department-S. P. Jarvis, chiefsuperintendent; Honorable John H. Dunn, Hon. George H. Markland, William Hepburn, Trustees; Bernard Turquand, accountant. Office, public buildings, Front street.

## QUEEN'S BENCH TERMS.

| Easter | Term | Com. | 6th Feb. and ends on the 17th Feb. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trinity | do. | ' | 11th June and ends on the 23d June. |
| Michaelmas | do. | " | 6 th Aug. and ends on the 18th Aug |
| Hiliary | do. | " | 3d Dec. and ends on the 15th Deo |

## DISTRICT COURT TERMS.

1st. Term com. 26th March and ends on the 31st.
2 d . do do 25th June, and ends on the 30th. both days in3d. do do 24th Sept. and ends on the 29th. 4th. do do 24th Dec. and ends on the 29th.

## QUARTER SESSIONS OF THE PEACE.

Eastern District-At the town of Cornwall, on the 4th Tuesday in January and April, and on the second Tuesday in July and October.
Ottawa District-At L'Original, on the 3d Tuesday in January, April, June and September.
Bathurst District-At the town of Perth, on the 3d Tuesday in March, September and December, and on the second Tuesday in
ohnstown District-At the town of Brockville, on the 3d Tuesday 4 February and May, and on the second Tuesday in August and November.
Midland District-At Kingston, on the 4th Tuesday in January, and the 2d Tuesday in July, on the 4th Tuesday in April, and on the 2d Tuesday in October.

Prince Edward District-At the town of Picton, on the 1st Tuesday in January, April, July and October.
Newcastle District-At the sown of Amherst, in the township of Hamilton, on the '2d Tuesday in January, April, July and Oetober.
Home District-At the city of Toronto, on the 2d Tuesday next following the termination of the terms of sitting of the court of Queen's Bench.

Gore District---At the town of Hamilton, on the 2d Tuesday of January, April, July and October.
Niagara District-.-At the town of Niagara, on the 2d Tuesday in January, April, July and October.
London District---At the town of London, on the 2d Tuesday in January, April, July and October.
Western District--At the town of Sandwich, on the 2d Tuesday in January, April, July and October.

## WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

| Wheat per bush. | 60 | lbs. | Indian Corn, | 56 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rye, | 56 | " | Peas, | 60 |
| Barley, | 48 | ${ }^{6}$ | Oats, |  |
| Timothy Seed, |  |  | Beans, | 50 |

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To avoid injury from bees．－A wasp or bee swallowed may be killed before it can do harm，by taking a tea spoonfull of common salt dissolved in water．It kills the insect，and cures the sting．－ Salt at all times is the best cure for external stings；sweet oil，pound－ ed mallows，or onions，or powdered chalk made into a paste with water，are also efficacious．

To clean Gold Lace．－Gold Lace is easily cleaned and restored to its original brightness by rubbing it with a soft brush dipped in roche alum burnt，sifted to a very fine powder．

## 1838．－JANUARY begins on Monday；hath 31 days． PHASES OF THE MOON．

First（1）3d．3h． 17 m. morn．．｜Third（1）18d．5h． 40 m ．morn． Full（3）10d． 8 h .28 m ．eve．New 25d．2h． 50 m ．eve． DM DW ASPECTS，WEATHER，\＆C 然R．S．R．S．PL．
 2 tues＠．2¢．Snow．（2）so． 7334271049 II 3 wed Bat．Princeton， $177 \%$. 4 thur 漛 Slow 5 m ． 32 şec． 5 frid Fire at Detroit， 1837. 6 satu Stormy． 7 G（2）Runs low．7＊s．7， 28. 8 mon Bat．N．Orleans， 1815. 9 tues
10 wed Fair and frosty if wind．
11 thur slow 8 m .30 s ．
12 frid dec． 21 d .41 m ．
13 satu（3）Apogee．
14 G ת．Peace rat． 1784.
15 mon Rain or snow if wind S．
16 tues Gibbon d． 1794 ，※s． 10 m
17 wed Franklin b． 1706.
18 thur
19 frid
20 satu（3）Runs high．
21 G＊Ent．※゙．
22 mon
23 tues Bat．Cowpens， 1781.
24 wed Stormy
25 thur slow 12 m .50 s ．［Michigan ad． 715445 －sets $\uparrow$
26 frid $\quad 1837]$.
27 satu Fair and
28 G Per．Peter the Great d． 1725 29 mon © $\odot$ Geo．III．d． 1820.
30 tues $\oplus$ dec．17d． 43 m ．S．7＊set 2,25710450 9 37 ［
31 wed Cold Tuesday， 1815 mild． $7084521041 \mid 26$

Transplanting shrubs in full growth.-Dig a narrow trench round the plant, leaving its roots in the middle in an isolated ball of earth: fill the trench with plaster of Paris, which will become hard in a few minutes, and form a case to the ball and plant, which may be lifted and removed any where at pleasure.

To bring horses out of a stable on fire.-Throw the harness or saddles to which they may have been accustomed, over the backs of the horses in this predicament, and they will come out of the stable as tractably as usual.
1838.-FEBRUARY begins on Thursday ; hath 28 days. PHASES OF THE MOON.
First (1) 2d. 0h. 2m. morn.
Full (2) 9d. 9h. 12m. morn.
Third (14) 16d. 6 h .23 m . eve. New (1) 24d. 3h. 24 m . morn.

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18

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12 m
13 tu 14 we
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16 fri
17 sa 18
19 mc 20 tue 21 we
22 the 23 fri 24 sa 25
26 mc 27 tue 28 we 29 th 30 fri 31 sat

A cure eor Burns.-Scrape the inside of a potatoe; mix sweet oil and turpentine so as to make a poultice of the mixture, then apply it to the burn immediately and it will exiract the heat.

A Cough.-Linseed. sugar, licorice, and lemon-juice, added to a little rum, is an excellent remedy for a cough'.

Rep Ants.-Sage leaves, scattered plentifully about places infested by red ants, will completely exterminate them.

To Cure a Felon. - A strong lye of Hickory ashes, add a pint of beer, and thicken with wheat bran, then grease the poultice with lard and apply.
1838.-APRIL begins on Sunday; hath 30 days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.
First (1) 2d. 11h. 55m. morn. $\mid$ Third (1) 16d. 6h. 37 m . eve, Full (2) 9d. 9h. 26 m . morn. New (1) 24d. 5h. 2 m morn.

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weet oil apply it ded to a infested pint of ith lard

Cure for the Croup. - Take a lump of Indigo, the size of a pea, and dissolve it in a pint tumbler of luke warm water, one tea spoonfull of which the child must swallow which seldom fails to effect a a speedy cure.

Cure for Whonping Cough.-A little sweet oil with nutmeg grated over it, given twice a day to children with the whooping cough, is a certain remedy, if administered in the first stage of the complaint.
1838.-MAY begins on Tuesday; hath 31 days. PHASES OF THE MOON.
First (1) 1d. 0h. 14 m . eve. Full © 8d. 9h. 25m. eve.

Third (17) 16d 6h. 36 m . morn. New (1) 23d, 5h. 47 m . eve.

First (D) 31d. 2h. 58 m . morn.

DM DW ASPECTS, WEATHER, \&C. (2) SO. R. S. QR S. PL.

2 wed Very rainy. $\quad 7 \quad 3551659$

3 thur Nap. Emp. 1804.
4 frid 3 Apogec.
5 satu 8 .
6 G Warren b. 1794.
7 mon dec. 17 deg. N.
8 tues
9 wed Ticon. taken 1775.
10 thur Rainy if wind.
11 frid (3) Runs high.
12 satu
13 G Va. settled $160 \%$.
14 mon (2) Fast 4m.
15 tues
16 wed Bat. Albwera, 1810.
17 thur Perigee.
18 frid $\vartheta$
19 satu Dark day, N. E. 1780.
20 G Lafayette d. 1834.
 22 tues Pope b. 1688.
23 wed Changeable.
24 thur John Randolph d. 1833.
25 frid 3 low. Ar. of Howe, Bost. 1775.
26 satu Calvin d. 1564.
27 G
28 mon
29 itues
28 mon
29 tues
30 wed
31 wast 3 th . Gen. P. in Eưrope 1815.
31thur

| 7 | 52 | 4 | 07 | 00 | 1 | 19 |
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$\begin{array}{llllllllll}9 & 30 & 4 & 57 & 7 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
$10 \quad 294557 \quad 5 \quad 35221$

| 11 | 18 | 4 | 54 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 40 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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morn $45357 \quad 7$ rise 17

| 0 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 4 | 52 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 12 |
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$\begin{array}{lllllll}0 & 56450 & 7 & 10 & 8 & 00 & 14\end{array}$

1. $454449711 \mid 84627$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}2 & 34 & 4 & 48 & 7 & 12 & 9 & 22 & \text { 犬 }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}3 & 23 & 4 & 47 & 7 & 13 & 10 & 08 & 23\end{array}$
4124467141051 P
$\begin{array}{lllllll}4 & 45 & 7 & 15 & 11 & 34 & 20\end{array}$
444716 morn ૪

| 4 | 43 | 7 | 17 | 0 | 16 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 16

$\begin{array}{lllll}4 & 427 & 18 & 1 & 929\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}4 & 41 & 7 & 19 & 2 & 3\end{array}$ 프

| 4 | 41 | 7 | 19 | 2 | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 439 | 7 | 21 | 4 | 34 | 13 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 4 | 38 | 7 | 22 | sets |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 26 |  |  |  |  |


$\begin{array}{lllllll}4 & 367 & 24 & 6 & 50 & 23\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}4 & 35 & 7 & 25 & 7 & 48\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}4 & 35 & 7 & 26 & 8 & 45 & 19\end{array}$
$4.34727 \quad 9 \quad 40 \bumpeq$

| 4 | 33 | 7 | 27 | 10 | 36 | 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{lllllll}4 & 32 & 7 & 28 & 11 & 33 & 28\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}4 & 31 & 7 & 29\end{array}$ morn 1 m

Dysentery and bilious disoraers.-The medical qualities of pulverized charcoal are daily developing themselves. In addition to its value in bilious disorders, two ounces of the charcoal, boiled in a pint of fresh milk, may be taken in doses of a wine-glassful, by audults, every two hours, in the most obstinate dysentery, until relief is imparted, which has not failed to be the effect in almost every instance. It is harmless, and the experiment may be safely tried. Charcoal made from maple wood is the fittest for this purpose.

Cement.-lsinglass boiled in spirits of wine, will unite broken glass.
1838.-JUNE begins on Friday; hath 30 days. PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full (3) 7d. 9h. 9m. eve. Third© 14d. 9h. 20m. eve.

New( 22d. 6h; 31 m . morn.
First (17) 29d. 3h 42m. eve.


Roman cement．－A sort of plaster so called，which well withstands our soft climate，is made by mixing a bushel of lime slacked，with three pounds and a half of green copperas，fifteen gallons of water， and half a bushel of fine gravel sand．The copperas should be dis－ solved in hot water；it must be stirred with a stick，and kept stirring continually while in use．Care should be taken to mix at once as much as may be requisite for one entire front，as it is very difficult to match the color again；and it ought to be mixed the same day it is used．

> 1838.-JULY begins on Sunday; hath 31 days. PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full（3）7d．0h．53m．morn． Third（14d．10h． 4 m ．morn． New（21d． 7 h .15 m ．eve． First（2）29d．4h．26m．morn． DM DW ASPECTS，WEATHER，\＆C．© SO．世R．©（2）R．S．PL． | $\mathbf{1}$ | G |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 |  | 7 | 42 | 4 | 27 | 7 | 33 | 0 | 51 | 仡 | 2 mon Slow 3m．31sec． 3 tues Fort Erie taken 1814 4 wed Independence．

5 thur Runs high s． 4 m ． 6 frid
7 satu Sheridan d． 1816. 8 G $\quad$ dec． $22 \frac{1}{2}$ d．N． 9 mon Fair ând very hot． 10 tues Columbus b 1447.
11 wed 3 Per．Eastport tk． 1814 12 thur（－）O． 13 frid slow $5 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~m}$ ． 14 satu French Rev．com． 1789. 15 G 16 mon
17 tues A．Smith d． 1790. 18 wed
19 thur（3）Runs low． 20 frid 21 satu 7＊rise 013. 22 G ．Slow 16 m ．

Some rain． 23 mon Ent．$\Omega$ ．Eng．t．Gib＇r． 1704. 24 tues ＊Slow 6m．Dry weather． 4417719 25 wed Dog days begin．Fr．F v．1830． 44271895819 26 thur Apogee． 27 frid（3）\＆．Bainbridge d． 1833 28 satu


To determine whether wheat flour, or bread be adulterated with chalk.Mix with the flour to be tried, a little sulphuric acid; if chalk or whiting be present, an effervescence (arising from the discharge of the carbonic acid of the chalk) will take place; but if the flour be pure, no effervescence is produced.

Dr. Rudcliff s cough maxture.-Mix together four drachms of syrup of squills; four drachms of paregoric: and the same of syrup of poppies Take a tea spoonful in warm water or tea, as occasion may require.
1838.-AUGUST begıns on Wednesday; hath 31 days. PHASES OF THE MOON.
Full (2) 5d. 1h. 37 m . eve.
New (1)21d. 10h. 20 m. morn
Third (1) 12d. 10 h .48 m . eve. First (1) 28d. 5h. 10m. eve.

chalk．－ chalk or harge of be pure，
of syrup of pop－ ion may
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18 ఠ్ర 0113 4326 $25 \Omega$ 723 ets 㪂 5019 $25 \bumpeq$ 0015 ． 36 ：8 16 m 4823 orn 1 2721 24 V 9 2117

Japanese cement，or rice glue．－This elegant cement is made by mix－ ing rice－flour intimately with cold water，and then gently boiling it： it is beautifully white，and dries almost transparent．Papers pasted together by means of this cement will sooner separate in their own substance than at the joining，which makes it useful in the prepara－ tion of curious paper articles，as tea－trays，ladies＇dressing boxes，and other articles that require layers of paper to be cemented together．

Lee＇s Windham anti－bilious pills．－Gamboge，three pounds；aloes． two pounds；castile soap，one pound；salts of nitre（salt petre，）half a pound；extract of cow parsnip，half a pound，beat in a mass with a sufficient quantity of spirits or molasses．
1838．－SEPTEMBER begins on Saturday；hath 30 days． PHASES OF THE MOON． Full（2）4d．2h．21m．morn．｜New（18d．3h．44m．eve． Third（1） 11 d .11 h .32 m ．morn． First（D26d．0h．55m．morn． DM DW ASPECTS，WEATHER，\＆C．© SO．漒R．淃 S．（2）R．S．PL．
 2 G London burnt 1666．O．S． 1106530630 3 mon Doy days end．Rain． 11555326 4 tues 7＊Rise 9 h .10 m ．morn 534626 rise 27 5 wed Perigee．$\quad \begin{array}{lllllllll}0 & 44 & 5 & 35 & 6 & 25 & 7 & 48 & \text { 犬 }\end{array}$ 6 thur $\odot$ ソ．Cold $\quad 1 \quad 395376$ 7 frid Fast 2 m .11 s ．with 8 satu＇Twilight ends 8． 03. $9 \mathrm{G} \quad$ frequent showers．$\quad \begin{array}{rrrrrrr}3 & 175 & 396 & 21 & 10 & 02 & 20 \\ 4 & 65 & 40 & 20 & 20 & 10 & 46 \\ 4\end{array}$ 10 mon Bat．Lake Erie 1813．$\quad{ }^{9} 455554161911 \quad 31 \mid 16$ 11 tues Bat．L．Champlain $1814 . \quad 543617$ morn 29 12 wed 2 Runs low．澲 dec． $4 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{N}$ ．$\quad 5456 \quad 15 \quad 14 \mid$ ■ 13 thur N．Lon．bt． 1781. 14 frid 15 satu N．York taken 1776.
16 G Fast 5 m .18 sec.
17 mon 7＊Rise 8． 22.
18 tues 淇 Ecl．vis．Ald．rise 937.
19 wed Apogee．帚fast 6 m ．
20 thur $(3)$ South wind brings rain．
21 frid
22 satu Scott d．1832
23 G Enter $\bumpeq$ 24 mon ${ }^{*} 7$ rise 8 h ． 25 tues Arnold des． 1780 26 wed 3 High． 27 thur © Fast 9 m ．
28 frid Fair and cold．
29 satu
30 G ：Fast 10 m ．

Chavreable． | 5 | 596 | 1 | 9 | 2 | 15 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6 | 06 | 0 | 9 | 48 | 28 |$|$ $\begin{array}{llllll}5 & 46 & 14 & 1 & 1 & 96\end{array}$

$548612 \quad 2 \quad 9$ 丂ु

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 5 | 51 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 14 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{lllll}5536 & 7 & 5 & 1 \text { ® } & 52\end{array}$
$5546 \quad 6$ sets $23^{\circ}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 55 & 5 & 5 & 6 \\ 4\end{array}$ 㠼

| 5566 | 4 | 7 | 30 | 19 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 58 & 6 & 2 & 8 \\ 16 & \bumpeq\end{array}$
，

| 10 | 34 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $11^{\bullet}$ | 20 | 25 |
| morn | 1 |  |
|  | 6 | 21 |
| 1 | 5 | 19 |
| 2 | 7 | 17 |
| 3 | 11 | $w^{2}$ |

To make excellent bread.-Steam off the water from three pounds of pared boiled potatoes, and leave them a few minutes over the fire; then mash them fine and mix them while hot with seven pounds of good flour, adding a spoonful or more of salt. Put a quart of water milk warm, with three large spoonfuls of yeast, gradually to the potatoes and flour, and after working it well, let it remain four hours before baking.
1838.-OC'OBER begins on Monday; hath 31 days. PHASES OF THE MOON.
Full() 3d. 11h. 22m. morn. Third (5) 11d. 0 h .16 m. morn.

New 18d. 9 h .27 m . morn ${ }^{-}$ First (10 25d. 6h 38m. eve.

## Ssum

 gallons oil of stand This is soap.Perp
quarts
letters stone i
1838.

Full
Third
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1 thur
2 frid
3 satu
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9 frid
10 satu
11 G
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15 thur
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18 G
19 mon
20 tues
21 wed
22 thur
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26 mon
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ree pounds er the fire； pounds of t of water to the po－ four hours
days．
m．morn m．eve．

R．S．PL 4 14｜～N

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| :--- | :--- | sets 64623 721 P

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$\begin{array}{lll}9 & 39 & 16\end{array}$
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$24 \sigma$
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$527 \bumpeq$ rise 15
63228
736 ๆ

| 8 | 37 | 14 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 9 | 34 |
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420 犬

| 5 | 24 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Steer＇s opodeldoc．－Castile soap，three pounds；high wines，three gallons；camphor，twelve ounces；oil of rosemary，three ounces： oil of origanum，six ounces；aqua ammonia，two pounds．Let it stand in a well stopped vessel，exposed to moderate heat a day or two． This is made solid or liquid in increasing or lessening the quantity of soap．

Perpetual ink for inscriptions on tomb stones，marble \＆c．－Melt three quarts of pitch，and mix it with one quart of lamp－black．Fill the letters with this ink in a melted state－it will endure as long as the
stone itself．

## 1838．－NOVEMBER begins on Thursday；hath 30 days． PHASES OF THE MOON．

Full（3）2d．3h． 49 m. morn．New（a）16d． 10 h .11 m ．eve． Third（1）9d．1h． 00 m ．eve．First（1）24d．7h．22m．morn．
DM．DW ASPECTS，WEATHER，\＆C．© so．R．S．R．S．PL．

2 frid Fast 16 m ．
3 satu American Ar disb． 1783.
4 G Canal Cel．N．Y． 1825.
5 mon Powder plot 1605．Cold
6 tues $\odot$ Runs low．storms．
7 wed Pensacola ta． 1814.
8 thur Rain and snow．
9 frid Montreal ta． 1775.
10 satu


14 wed C．Carroll d． 1832.
15 thur
16 frid 卷 Dec． $18 \mathrm{deg} .42 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{S}$ ．
17 satu 7＊South 11． 52.
18．G Cortes sail＇d for Mexico， 1518.
19 mon Fair and frosty
20 tues 3 Runs high．
21 wed
22 thur＊．Ent．$f$.
23 frid
24 satu $\%$ Fast 13 m ．
25 G Wash．ent．N．Y． 1783.
26 mon Cold rain
27 tues © Peri．©（） 9.
28 wed 7＊South 11． 08.
29 thur
30 frid $\operatorname{St}$ ．Andrew．
Snow


For botts in horses．－Take of bees－wax，mutton tallow，and loaf sugar，each eight ounces，put it into one quart of new milk and warm it until it is melted；then put it into a bottle，and give it just before the wax \＆cc．begins to harden．About two hours after，give physic， and the botts will be discharged in great numbers，each piece of wax having from one to six or eight of them sticking to it，some by the head，but most of them by their legs or hooks．

To destroy the fly on turnips．－As the turnips come up，sow recent－ ly slacked lime upon them．It is an infallible protection．
1838．－DECEMBER begins on Saturday；hath 31 days． PHASES OF THE MOON．
Full（）1d．4h．33m．eve． $\mid$ New（1）16d．10h． 55 m ．morn． Third（10 9d．1h． 44 m. morn．First（D）23d．8h．6m．eve．

Full 〇31d．5h． 17 m ．morn．
 1／satu 17 ＊so．10． 57 ．
2 G 潆 Fast 10 m ．
3 mon 漛 Dec．22deg． 6 m ．S．
4 tues © Runs low．spell 5 wed Fast 9 m ．of weather． 6 thur
7 frid R．Isl．tak． 1776.

8 satu 9 G 10 mon 11 tues Mississippi ad． 1817. 12 wied $\odot$ Fast 6 m ． 13 thur Milton b． 1608.

14 frid G．Washington，d． 1799. 15 satu Genl．P．O．burnt 1836. 16 G Tea drowned，Boston 1773.
17 mon Bolivar d． 1830.
18 tues Runs high．N．Y．bt． 1835.
19 wed Ft ．Niagara tak． 1813. 20 thar
21 frid 带 Fast 1m． 24 sec ．
22 satu
$\odot$ Ent．VS．high wind． 23 G 7＊so．9． 30.
24 mon © Per．漛 dec． 2327 so． 25 tues $\odot$ © Christmas．
26 wed A cold storm． 27 thur St．John Evangelist． 28 frid ．Slow 2 m ．
29 satu Java tak． 1812.
30 G Blk．Rock burnt 1812. 31 mon Runs low．

Fair． （3）Ap．and $\delta^{7} 7^{*}$ so． 1021

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## MISCELLANY．

How to choose a wife．－Dr．Franklin recommends a young man， in the choice of a wife，to select her from a bunch．giving as his rea－ son，that when there are many daughters they improve each other， and from emulation，acquire more accomplishments，and know more， and do more，than a single child spoiled by paternal fondness．This is a comfort to people with large families．

The use of books．－There never was a wit at the bar so ready as Curran．Upon one occasion，where he had laid down some points which did not find favor in the eyes of the presiding judge．－＂If that be law，＂said Lord Clare to Curran，＂I may as well burn my books． ＂Better read them，my lord，＂replied Curran．

Polishing．－A person in public company accusing the Irish nation with being the most unpolished in the world，was answered mildly by an Irish gentleman，＂that it ought to be otherwise，for the Irish met with hard rubs enough to polish any nation upon earth．＂

Fortune－hunters－Fortune－hunter at the springs marries the West－ India heiress．Regular take－in．Heiress says earthquake has swal－ lowed every rupee of her estate，leaving her nothing but a lively trust in her husband＇s affections．

Preaching and practice－How easy it is for those in power and prosperity to preach heroism to the vanquished！How little can they understand that life itself may rise in value with the unfortunate， when naught but life remains．

Either way will do．－＂Will you have me，Sarah？＂said a young man to a modest girl．＂No，James，said she，＂but you may have me， if you will．＂

Prorerb exemplified．－＂A soft answer turneth away wrath，＂as the man said when he hurled a squash at his enemy＇s head．

A young lady passed down Washington－street last week，whose beauty was so attractive as to draw the nails ont of a board fence near which she passed，and the boards came lumbering about her heels．

An oyster was opened at Point Comfort lately，which was so large that it took three men to swallow it whole．

An Eventfut Life.-A memoir was read at a recent session of the Academy of Sciences at Paris, detailing some curious facts in the life of a man who was twice buried alive.-M. Morel was a Lieutenant in the army of Egypt, and at the memorable battle of St. Jean d'Acre, he had both his thighs broken by a grape shot. When he had nearly recovered from the effects of this wound, he was attacked with the plague, and conveyed to the hospital, where he grew worse rapidly -lost all sensation, was pronounced dead, and with a number of corpses of those who had died of the same disease, he was thrown into a ditch. Soon after, one of the soldiers on guard in that vicin ty, was much astonished at seeing one of the dead men standing bolt upright! He hastened to his assistance, and Morel was again conveyed to the hospital. In a few days after. he was again attacked with a fit of lethargy, and believed to be dead. This time he was wrapped in a linen cloth, and buried in the sand. In the night a high wind arose, which displaced the sand which covered his bodyand caused the unfortunate man to awake. He tore off his winding sheet, and crept towards the hospital-where he remained a long time before he recovered his general health--but he did not recover the faculties of speech or hearing until several years after he entered the Hospital of Invalids at Avignon. He is now sixty-seven years old-and has the aspect of a decrepit old woman, being hardly able to walk.
Zetland Humanity.-There is yet a living man, if he can ue called so, to whom the following story belongs:-He was engaged in catching sea-fowl upon one of the cliffs, with his brother. All three were suspended by a cord, according to custom and overhanging the ocean at a height of'some hundred feet. This man, being uppermost upon the cord, observed that it was giving way, as unable to support their united weight. He called out to his brother who was next to him, "Cut away the nail below, Willie!" meaning he should cut the rope beneath and let his father drop. Willie refused, and bid him cut himself if he pleased He did so; and his brother and father were precipitated into the sea. He never thought of concealing or denying the adventure in all its parts.

A Sufficient Rfason.-The editor of the Chicago American, having nominated his brother of the Democrat for High Constable, a correspondent of the former demurs to the nomination, thus-" "I protest against your nomination of the editor of the Democrat for High Constable. His legs are too long. Whenever I vote for a Sherift or Constable, I make my calculation, whether in a fair race I could outrun him!" The objector is a powerful advocate for leg buil, certainly.
The Woman who went Abroad.--A lady who was in the habit of spending most of tor time in the society of her neighbors, happened one day to be taken suddenly ill, and sent her husband in great haste for a physician. The husband ran a few rods, but soon returned exelaiming, "My dear where shall I find you when I get back?"
A man in Lowell, in attempting to hang himself. forgot to put the rope around his neck, and jumped off the barrel into a mud hole. He did not discover his mistake until he attempted to kick.
A physician in Boston on Tuesday last, gave one of his patients a piece of brown papor, and threw the medicine into the fire. He did not discover his mistake until the sick man began to recover from his illness.

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An lndian's Jore.-In the time of Indian troubles, an Indian visited the house of Governor Jenks, of Rhode Island, when the Governor took occasion to request him, if any strange Indian should come to his wigwam, to let him know it. This the Indian promised to do; and the Governor told him that if he should give such information, he would give him a mug of flip. Some time after, the Indian came again, and on meeting the Governor, said to him, "Well, Mr. Gubenor, strange Indian come to my house last night." "Ah!" says the Governor, "what did he say?" "He no speak. 'replied the Indian. "What! not speak at all?-that looks suspicious," said his Excellency, and inquired if he were there still. Being told that he was, the Governor ordered the promised mug of flip. When this was drank off, and the Indian was about to depart, he mildly said, "Mr. Gubenor, my squaw have a child last night." And the Governor, finding the strange Indan was a new-burn papoose, was glad to find there was no cause of alarm.
Absencr of Mind.-Rouella, the celebrated French chemist, was remarkable for his extraordinary absence of mind. One day, in the absence of his assistant, being left to perform his experiments before a large class alone, he said "Gentlemen, you see this caldron upon this brazier. Well, if 1 were to cease stirring for a single moment, an explosion would ensue which would blow us all into the air."This was no sooner said than he forgot to stir, and his prediction was accomplished; the explosion took place with a horrible crash, all the windows of the laboratory were smashed to pieces, and two hundred auditors were whirled awav into the garden. Fortunately, no serious injury was received, the greatest violence of the explosion being directed to the chimney. The forgetful stirrer himself escaped with the loss of his wig only.
Garlic.-The Hungarian jockies frequently tie a clove to their racers' bits, when the horses that run against them fall back the moment they breathe the offensive odour. It has been proved that no horse will eat in a manger if the mouth of any other steed in the stable has been rubied with the juice of this plant. I had occasion to ascertain this fact. A horse of mine was in the same stall with one belonging to a brother officer. Mine fell away and refused his food, while his companion throve uncommonly well. I at last discovered a German groom, who had charge of the prosperous animal had recourse to this vile stratagem. It is also supposed that men who eat garlic, knock up upon a march the soldiers who have not made use of it. Hence in the old relations of the French armies, there existed an order to prohibit the use of garlic when on march.
Ploughing an Amúsement in Il.linois.-A letter from Illinois says: -The roll of the prairies is so free from stumps and stones that the plough, after the first furrow, generally needs no guide; prepared with a seat for the driver, graduated by a pair of wheels, and drawn by an expericnced team, it cuts a firrow of equal thickness, and will pursue the even tenor of its way for miles without obstruction. A gentleman informed me that he had seen drivers seated on a plough, playing on their violin, while the oxen and the plough kept their regular motion through the long furrows, apparently without any attention from him. I have often seen them, although having sole charge of the work, so intent upon a book or newspaper, as to appear utterly regardless of the team or the implement it drew, except at the com mencement or termination of a furrow,"

Expedient of a Needy Traveller.-We have heard the story of an English half-pay officer living at Florence, much in debt, and desirous to get to England, but unable to procure his passport, without which he could not be permitted to depart, on account of the interference of his creditors. He one day, in a coffee-house, fell to abusing the Grand Duke in very outrageous terms, in consequence of which he was next day conducted to the Tuscan frontier by a police officer. The following expedient, related by a London paper, is much less obvious and more ingenious:

John Kilburn, a person well known on the turf, as list seller, \&c., was in a town in Bedfordshire, and as a turf phrase is, "quite broken down." It was during harvest, and the week before Richmond races (Yorkshire,) whither he was travelling, and near which place he wes born: to arrive there in time he hit upon the following expedient:He applied to an acquaintance of his, a blacksmith, to stamp on padlock the words "Richmond gaol," with which, and a chain fixed to one of his legs, he oumposedly went into a cornfield to sleep. As he expected, he was soon apprehended, and taken before a magistrate, who, after some deliberation, ordered two constables to guard him to Richmond; no time was to be lost, for Kilburn said he had not been tried, and hoped they would not let him lay till another assize. The constables, on their arrival at the gaol, accosted the gaoler with, "Sir, do you know this man?" "Yes, very well: it is Kilburn; I have known him for many years." "We suppose he has broken out of your gaol, as he has a chain and padlock on with your mark: is he not a prisoner?" "I never heard any harm of him in my life." "Nor," says Kilburn, " have these gentlemen, Sir; they have been so kind as to bring me out of Bedfordshire, and I will not put them to further inconvenience. I have got the key of the padlock, and I will not trouble them to unlock it; I am obliged to them for their kind behavior." He travelled this way about 170 miles.

Going it Strong.-James Knowles of Point Judith, in the last war, lived in an exposed situation near the ocean, and never went to bed without having his gun well charged by his side. One night there was a violent thunder.gust which shook the house to its foundation. "Husband! husband!" screamed to wife, " get up! the British have landed, or the day of judginent has come-I don't know which."-"By gosh!" said Knowles, springing from the bed and seizing his firelock, "I'm ready for either!"

Two Sharps.-On Saturday an old man picked up a half a dollar in the Park. "Old man that's mine," said a keen looking rascal, "so hand it over." "Did yours have a hole in it?" asked the finder. "Yes, it had," said the other smartly. "Then is'nt thine," mildly replied the old man, " thee must learn to be a little shaıper next time."

A Distinction.-"I say Pomp, wot de stinction'tween poetry and what they call plank werse!"
"Wy, İ tell ye, Nebucknezzar! wen I say-
'Tuinble ober mill dam,
Come down slam:-
dat' poetry: but wen I say-
Tumble ober mill-dam, Come downk-splash;

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roof of ing a sort of male-Medusa of himself at so much a sight, and he charges in proportion to the number of live snakes with which he decorates his fool's caput. He has, it seems, an assortment of pet serpents which he puts into his mouth at a penny a piece, and lets the reptiles show their red eyes and flourish their forked tongues while he holds their bodies between his teeth. The rascal ought to burrow with rattlesnakes, and take all his meals off the same plate with a bevy of water mocsasins.

Strict etiquette.-A lady residing on the Boulevard des Italiens, two steps only from the Rus Lepelletire, was invited to the ball at the opera. She had only to step across the street to gain the entrance to the ball-room, and the evening having been very fine, she could scarcely have deranged her toilette. But Parisian etiquette would not permit of such a course. What would be said, were she to make her appearance at the door on foot? She must needs take a coach, and the coach must needs take its turn in the " queue," the extremity of which unfortunately extended to the Bastile. Three mortal hours passed over the lady's head before she reached the threshold of the scene of gaiety.

Avecnote.-The king of Prussia is frequently seen driving in a modest carriage and pair, wrapped up in a blue cloak, with his head buried in a large casquette. A short time since le was driving in this manner, and encountered the brilliant equipage of Count-. The road was narrow, and the coachmen quarrelled for precedence. The count, who did not know the king by sight, was determined to make the other carriage give way. Frederick William, curious to know his competitor, inquired his name. "I am the rich Count H-," replied the rich magnifico, to the king's servant. "Go and tell him," said the king, "that 1 am the poor king of Prussia;" and at the same time ordered his coachman to let the count pass.

Laconick.-A remarkable example of the laconick style has recently taken place, wiich would put Leonidas and his country to shame. An Edinburgh quaker sends to a brother quaker in London a sheet of letter-paper, containing nothing whatever in the writing way, save a note of interrogation, thus (?) his friend returned the sheet, adding, for a sole reply, a 0. The meaning of the question and answer is as follows--" What news?"-"Nothing!"

A whopper!-The following from the late, Boonville (Missouri) Herald, a "leetle" surpasses, in the way of extravagance, even the stories of Hacket's Wildfire:-"A friend writes us from St. Charles, that since the inundation of Chauvin's bottom, opposite to that place, the mosquitoes have been so very thick that the moon could not rise through them. We suppose this is the case of the moon rising so late for some nights past.'

A wagoner in Vermont intending for market, lifted his horse into the wagon, and tacklod himself up in the traces.-He did not discover his mistake untii he undertook to neigh.

A man in New-York intending to go to church, dodged into a restaurateur. He did not discover the mistake until he was too drunk to mend the matter.

A tree was hlown down lately by a strong newspaper puff. The roof of the priating office suffered much at the same time.

## TABLE OF JUSTICE'S FEES.

Information and warrant for apprehension for misdemeanor, $\begin{array}{llll} &$| $f$ | $s .$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 3 | \& $d .\end{array}$ Discharge of defendant, Information and warrant for surety of the peace, - 039

0013
Discharge of defendant, - - 026
Recognizance, $\quad-\quad 013$
Information besides that of complaint, - . 026
Warrant of commitment, - - 006
Subpæna to witness, $\quad \because \quad-\quad 076$
Conviction under penal statute, - . . 026
Warrant to levy penalty, - . . 026
Certificate of dismissal of charge, - . 026
Warrant to levy,

## COMMISSIONER'S FEES.

Every final judgment,
CLERK'S FEES.
Recording judgment, - $\quad . \quad \begin{array}{lll}0 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 6\end{array}$
Summons or subpœna, - - - 010
Copy of judgment, (if demanded, ) . 010
Execution,

## BAILIFF'S FEES.

Serving summons or subpœna within 1 mile of the clerk's house, 010 Travelling expenses per mile when distance exceeds 1 mile, 0004 For serving writ of execution, seizing and selling effects and making return,

21-2 per ct.
Allowance to witnesses not to exceed per day each,

## ASSESSMENTS.

By Statute 59 Geo. 3d, Chap. 7, Sec. 2, the following property is de. clared rateable at the raluation set forth.
f s. d.
Every acre of arable pasture or meadow land,
100
Every acre of uncultivated land,
040 Every town lot in Toronto, Kingston, Niagara and Queenston,

5000
Every town lot in Cornwall, Sandwich, Johnstown and Belleville,

2500
Every house built with timber squared or hewed on two sides not two stories high, with not more than two fire places,

Every additional fire place,
Every house as above, two stories in height and not more than two fire places, the sum levied not to exceed one penny in the pound, per annum.

## STATUTE LABOR.

By 59 George 3d, chap. $\varepsilon$, sec. 2, every person included in the Assessor's roll shall work on the highways in proportion to such assessment, viz:

Days

If rated at not more than 257.
Above $25 l$ and not more than 50
Above 50 and not more than 75


| Above |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Every 1007 | hove 500 | no | 1000, |
| Every 200 | ' 1000 | " | 2000, |
| Every 300 | " 2000 | ' | 3500, |
| Every 500 | " 3500 | '6 |  |

Every person possessed of a waggon, cart, or team of horses, or beasts of burthen, or drait used to draw the same, shall be liable to work on the highways not less than three days.

Any person liable to perform statute labor may compound for such duty at 2 s 6 d per day.
Lands subject to assessment but not included in the assessment shall be rated at one eighth of a penny per acre annu'ally, for mending the roads.

By an act passed during the last session, all male inhabitants between 21 eand 50 years of age, not rated, are liable to two days statute labor.

## RATES OF POSTAGE.

Not exceeding 60 miles,

$$
\text { f s. } d \text {. }
$$ $4 \frac{1}{4}$

Above 60 and not exceeding 100, 7
Above 100 and not exceeding 200, - 9 And two pence more for every additional hundred miles. N. B. Letters for the United States must be past paid to the lines, and those for Europe must be paid to the port whence they depart.

