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## The (Eanidian ellissionary giml.

pldelgued montily at tononto.
Epirore-Mra. H. J. Tose and Nra. M. Procland.

- ommunications to bo sont to Rox 8, Yorkvilte, Ont. Ordors and audtances to bo eent to Mlea J. Bucben, York rilla, Ont
Subeciption ebc. jer antum, strtet)y in advance

In the death of R. A. Fyfe, D.D., which sad event took place at Woodstock on the fth inst, the Foreign Missionary Society of Ontario and Quebec has lost its revered and beloved President. Dr. Fyfe had been in poor health for some years; but his indomitable energy and steady perseverance remained undiminished. Ever wise in counsel, ready in action, who is there to fill his place? "Truly a prince and a great man has fallen this day in Israel!""

With this issue the regular monthly publica tion of the "Link" begins. As more than the asked for 1000 subscribers have been obtained, the managers of this little sheet have no longer any doubt that it is wanted. They desire to express their sincere thanks to the newspapers of the Dominion which have given the Lask such kindly words of welcome; and also to the very many friends who have written swords of cheer and encouragenent.

His work has been undertaken in the "MasTer's" name and for His sake, and ali the protits will be given to the Forcign Mission cause.

## FOR THE LINK.

Ir has numed out as I expected when the tenta. tive copy of the little paper was sent out. We could fill the present issue of the paper with the "kind words" that have come from all parts of the Dominion of Canada. Thanks, friends, for your good words. Some have opposed. But this kind of thing is to be expected. All do not see alike among Baptists. Good old Dr. Ryland would have had Carey keep quiet if he had only had his way. He lived to change his views. I suppese some will live to change their views about the "Link." Perhaps its promoters, perhaps its op. posers. One thing I know, nothing of a denominational character has ever been started among us that has met a more wide-spread, hearty approval. It is also one of the first things after our union in foreign mission work in India that aims at bringing all the Baptists of the Dominion into cioser union. There is a fitmess in things sometimes, and I think it'can be seen in this case by those who will 1 hope it may be a real commencement of a spiritual confederation of the Baptists East and West. 1
thank God he has permitted me to have a hand in this. To me the only question that nced be asked is, Will the paper promote the interests of Foreign Missions? I unhesitatingly answer, Yes! For instance, it is needed very much for the " Women's Aid Societies" all over Canada.

One will say-" What about Home Missions, Ministerial Education, \&ic. ?" I answer let the promoters use and start for use just as many means as they find the people want and are willing to avail themselves of. A grand, intense, wide spread, thorough Foreign Mission interest can harm noth. ing at home or abroad but Satan's kingdom. If the "Link" in some humble way is calculated to do this, let us have it.

Come all who love the Saviour. Come Baptists : of Canada, men and women, Pentecost is coming again in those eastern lands. Arise and shine for the glory of the Lord is come upon the heathen world. Shine through your prayers-shine through your sons and daughters who have gone from you to old India. Shine through yqur gifts. Bring your gold and your silver unto the work of the King. Say unto them that are of a fearful heart be strong, fear not. Oh Christian men of Canada as you stand reverently, and joyously, with your heads towards heaven, and your faces beam with the commuricated manhood of Christ Jesus, have a sympathy with Jesus in His sufferings, and com. passionate your fellow subjects, and brothers in India whose faces are in the dust, and whose feet take hold of the ways of death. And what can I say to the Christian women of my native land that would stir thein to more carnestness for their heathen Hindu sisters, " unwelcomed at their birth, enslaved as wives, accursed as widows, and unla. mented when licy dic." Cannot you spend a short time onci a minth in your "Circle" neeting to talk about and plan to pray together to your Master for thent Will you refuse to have a "Circle" because of want of time or want of in. terest? It cannot be. Will you let your society that you have, die because the love and interest of some waxes cold? It canno be when millions of Telugu women await the coming of your messen gers, and drown in the dark rewer of their heathen degradation while you wail.

> A. v. Timpanio.

## OUR PAPER.

The question has been asked, why we have chosen the name "Link" for our little paper,whethet we mean by it a band of union, or a lamp or torch: The hatter meaning had certainly not occurred to us, but even in this sense we trust it ridy
o carned to us, but even ia thas sepse we trust it iuay
not be inappropriate, as we hope to be the means of shedding some rays of light on the cause we have espoused. But we understand the ford rather in its primary sense, of "something which connects " recognizing as we do, the necessity that exists for some tie to unite our different missionary societies in mutual ssmpathy and loving interest. For instance, the Baptists of the Maritime Provinces, are associated with us in endeavoring to evangelize the Telugus," but what have we known hithero of their missionaries, and their respective fields of labor, of their trials and disappointments, or it may be their glorious successes-literally nothing-it is not too much to say, fhaf to ñany of us here in Ontario, their very names are unfamiliar. This is equally true of them as regards us. We have been kept informed from time to to time through the columns of the Baptist of what the Woman's Society for the Province of Quebec is endeavouring to accomplish, but of our sister Socicties in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, we h.ve never heard at all The three last named societies have been in existence much longer than ours in Ontario and Quebec; some of them having been organized even before the formation of the Woman's Baptist F. M. Society of the United States in 1870 . Is it not possible then that we may hear something from their larger experience, or that by comparing their modes of working with ours, we may be mutually helpful to each other.
We hope also to be some assistance to the Circles in small country places. Complaints frequently arisc that little or no interest is shown in the monthly meetings, that there seems no one to lake the lead, consequently the attendance fall; off, and in some places the Cincles have almost died out ; we don't expect to work wonders in such cases, but if we succeed every month, as we hope to do, in offering to our frients a pretty fair share of interesting information, the tendency must be to create a deejer interest and enthusiasm in the work.
$\$ 7,450$ WANTED BY OCTOBER 10th, FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Rev. J. Coutts, Hone Secretary for Ontario and Quebec, gives in the Raplist of the zgth ult, the following statement of the financial condition of the Foreign Missionary Socicty :
Estimate for present year lesu Bro. McLaurin's ex.
pense for passage Honic.

Due Bank for last year. .............................
Receipts till 29th Juty for present yetar, ouly..
Amount yet required.

Now shall this money be raised, or must the year agoin close with-thedisgeze of a heavy debt upon the Society. There is no doubt it can be raised if the.Baptists of Ontario and Quebec only choose to exercise-a little self-denial, but it will require that.

The majority of the subscribers to the Link are women, can not they help? Let them not rest satisfied with their penny a week contributions for "Worann's work in India," but let each sister who reads this startling statement put forth every effort in her power to arouse an interest in the matter. She can cry unto God to open the hearts and the purses of His people. She can urge her pastor and brethren to arrange at once for a thorough canvas of every individual in the church and congregation, so that each one may be asked to contribute according to his or her means, and she can be one of the collectors. If his plan be not approved, she can devise some other means for getting the monej. "Where there is a will, there is a way."
"Oh! the " shame of this deficit." Baptists of Ontario and Quebec, God grant us grace to wipe it out, and to do it at once.

## INDIA.

EXTRACT OF LETTER FROM MRS. ARMSTRONG TO DR. CRAMP.

Chicacole, May 3rd, 1878 .
"You will be glad to learn that the property of which we wrote in Chicacole has been bought, and all. the necessary papers satisfactorily execuited. We feel most thankful to the Divine hand which has assisted us in this matter, and have hot the least doubt that through all the trials of the past few years the Lordheen leading us in a way well-known to Him as fit for us and for the cause with which we are identified. Our mission in Kimedy, though transcient, is not without its fruit, and it was a necessary entrance to Chicacole, much better than an immediate one which roight have been misunderstood.

Our Sunday services are very well attended. I counted forty-four persons present last Sabbath morning, the greater number of whom, though heathens, remained for Sabbath school and Bible class afterwards. In the evening fourteen beathen men dropped in, one after another, and remained listening respectfully, only one leaving before the close. Our day schools are well attended and the girls school particularly interesting. None have as yet taken offence at the Gospel.

You will be pleased to hear that the money sent for famine relief is feeding many poor and suffering people here. Every town in India has its beggars at the best of times. The old and infirm, blind and lepers, who cannot work and who have none to support them. We had been accustomed to giving these something every week, and there were not so many as to make it burdensome. You may judge of the increase in the poverty stricken when last week we had our 330 to feed,-all wretched, half-starved, and evidently deserving of charity. If it were not for the money yoursent we could do but verylintle for them, as it is they hear weekly the message of the Gospel accompanied by practical proof of the sympathy that Christ and His people have for them."

## cocanada.

Mr. McLaurin, of Cocanada says in a letter received a short time ago by the Yorkville Sunday School:
"Your treasurer, Mr. L. Buchan; sent me $\$ / 5 \mathrm{a}$ few weeks ago. It is hall of the money voted by you for a dormitory in our compound in Cocanada. This dormitory which you are building, will I be. lieve be preaching, or helping to make known Jesus long after you are in heaven, for I hope you will all go to heaven.

I have just read a letter from Bro. Sanford of Bimlipatam. He says, that Lazarus Edwin, his native preacher went home to glory last Sunday morning. He was bitten while asleep on the hand by some venomous crealure, and was dead in five hours. He said he saw the animal or reptile, and it is supposed to have been a carantula, a species of venemous spider. India is full of sin and sorrow-full of vilepess and corruption-full of venomous reptiles and ferocious beasts-full of wicked and vicious men. Every shrub has a thorn -every insect a sting-every serpent a fangevery bird a claw, and every beast has a tusk. "Cursed is the ground for thy sake." God's curse hangs heavy on this land. Poor Lazaris! Nay, rich Lazarus! He is now with his namesake in Abraham's bosom. Before he. died he said. "Jesus calls me, I am going-to Jesus. This is the end no doubt." Another Tclugu safe in glory. We are very sorry that there are so few to preach the gospel to these people. But the work is the Lord's. He loves it a great deal better than we do, and is more deeply interested in the spread of His own kingdom than we can be. Still it was Jesus who said, and says still, "pray ye therefore the Lord of the harvest, etc., etc."

Oh, we noedpreachers and teachers so much. People al home talk about the scarcity of Baptist ministers, and complain that the labourers are so few. But let me tell you one or two tacts akiout ' the Telugus on our field: There are a million ${ }^{i}$ more Telugus on the "Canadian Baptist Mission" feld than there are of Canadians from the Pacific coast of British Columbia to the iron-bound bays of Nova Scosia, while we have no more missionaries kere than there are Baptist ministers in Toronto.

Oh my dear young friends, I hope you appreciate your precious blood-bought privilege. So many of those poor heathen have never heard the

## - Old, old story,

Of Jesus and His glory, Of jesus and His love.'
They have never heard even His name-do not know how to pronounce it, much less trust in it for salvation. Do not relax your efforts, thousands will die in their sins before we can send the gospet to them, no matter how much we do-no matter how zeaious we be. If so, alas how many more must be lost if we be indifferent and careless. Do you think Jesus can be pleased with His people if after He has shed His blood to save the world, and has told them to tell this to all the world, they should neglect to do this. Oh how angry He must be, how grieved, if they are so fond of their money that they cannot gend the glad news of salvation, to those who are dying for the want of it. If He gaye His blood,-Fis life-cannot we give a little money?"

## HOME WORK.

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

As Secretary of the Central Board of W. M. A. Societies in this Province, I send you now a few items of intelligence about our movements. Wc; have seventy-two socielies in Nova Scotia, but only forty-ibree of these reported themselves last veat so it is to be feared that twenty-nine are extinct, or not in full working order. For some few years, we have had no missionary in the foreign field, under our special care, and for this reason our money has been largely devoted to building purposes, and helping to support schools. Last October we voted $\$ 100.00$ each to Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. Churchill and Mrs. Sanford for this purpose, and this year we have donated $\$ 500.00$ to Mrs. Sapford for building school premises. We are pleased to be able to state that now we are to have the pleacure of maintaining a young lady from New Brunswick who will go out this fall. Miss Hammond lately made a visit to Halifax, visiting our Socleties, and creating a great interest both for herself and her work. She will labour with Mrs. Sanford in the schools under her care. Since she lell us, Mrs. Armbirong has written to us, asking for an assistant for Chicacole, where she resides. I cannot do better than let her speak for hersell, she says: "As soon as you can find the right person, we are ready for her here. I shall be very thankful if some one
is ready to be accepted and sent by text meeting
of -Eonvention.- There-is-a-large field of work open to us here ; any number of children are ready to be taught, and hundreds of women are within fifteen minutes walk of our house, most, or all of whom would be accessible to a skilful visitor. The field is ready to our hand, but the ploughing and sowing must precede the reaping.
We wish your little paper much success, and shall always be willing to help in whatever way you may think best, as far as we possibly can.
M. R. Selden,

Sec. \& Treas. Cen. Brd. for N.S.

## NEW BRUNSWICK.

Mrs. March, Corresponding Secretary of the W. M. A. Society, says :

We have had twenty-three new societies orgad. ized during the last year, by Mrs. W. B. Boggs, and some are beginning to send in their contributions.

We hope the day is not far distant when all our churches will awake to the fact, that it is their high privilege, as well as duty, 10 have an Aid Society, in connection with them. I do not know how it is with you, but with us there are many churches that are living testimonies to the truth of God's word-" There is that withholdech more than is mete and it tendeth to poverty.

## TORONTO.

## inited quarteri.g meetings.

In accordance with a suggestion of some of the members of the "Jarvis St. Mission Circle," in Toronto, a meeting of all the officers connected with the "Circles" of the various city churches, was called, to consider the advisability of holding a united evening meeting once a guarter, assem. bling altermately in the different churches. It was thought that it would not only promote a social feeling among the members but that the cause of Foreign Missions would thereby be advanced.

The first of these meetings took place accord. ingly on the evening of the 4 th July, in the "Aler. St. Church." It was quite a success both as re. gards numbers and the interest manifested by those who were present. Reports were read by the several Secretaries, giving an account of the progress of the work in each church, after which an excellent paper was read on Madagascar, describ. ing the wonderful progress of Curstianity in that island during the last 50 years.
We were also favored with a beautiful address from Mrs. Harvie, a Presbyterian lady of this city, who was present-one of whom it may indeed be said, that she is ' well reported of for good works.' She took for her subject "Woman's iWork in Mis. sions." showing how much they can do at home; both by prayers and contributions. Her remarks on self-denial in giving were eminently practical and suggestive.
We heartily commend the plan of holding these meetings in all places where there are two or morc "Curcles."

Conversions to Christianity are so numerous that the Hindoos are makin's great efforts to bring back the wanderers into the fold. The question whether a Hindoo, after becoming a Christian, can be received back into Hinduism was decided in the affirmative by Pandit Sradha Ram, who declares it to be very fitting that those who, through carelessness or complaisance, adopt another religion should be allowed to come

MULTITUDES ADDED TO THE LORD" IN THE SOUTH TELOOGOO COUNTRY.
letter from mr. clough in "the missionary hagazine."
June 24 I wrote you at great length about many things, some of which are of vital iaportance to your mission to the Teloogoos. I have not the time 10 write much this morning; but I have some glorious news to tell, which you and the readers of "The Missionary Magazine" are not unprepared to hear. "The Lord lath done great things for us, whereof we are glad."
In my letter of the $24^{\text {th }}$, I mentioned that we had again commenced baptizing. We, on account of the famine, stopped receiving convers into the church early in March, 1877: hence, for over fiftern months we had no additions 10 our number, while the famine, in its direct and indirect work. constantly thianed our ranks. On June 16 we again commenced receiving converts,-beliacrs in the Lord Jesus as their Snviour, and the Saviour of the whole world Since then the work has gone on, widening and deepering; and now, as I write these lines, it seems to me that the blessed gospel which we try to preach is going to sweep everything before it.

As reported to you June 24, I and my native assistanis had baptized 328 converts. Since then we have baptized, June 24, 75; 26, 77; 27, 140; 28,$150 ; 29,186 ; 30,212$; July 1,$199 ; 2,614$; 3, 2,22:; 4, 731; 0,$216 ; 7,279$. Total number baptized from June 16 to July 7 inclusive, 5,129 .

But very few of these ever received any famincfunds: perhaps not one hundred of the whole num. ber ever reccived "a pice" (quarter of a cent) even from me, direcily or indirectly, and nover expect to receive any money or financial aid in any way.

The following extract from the report of Mr. Willians, of the Ramapatam Theological Seminary cannot fail to interest Canadians, "Kamapatam being Mr. Timpany's former field of labour.

- We louk for great ingatherings into our churches soon, such as have not been known in the histury of modern missions. If I am not utterly mistaken. (iod, by his Spirit, is moving on the hearts of thousands and thousands of these Teloogoo people. He has shown them by this fearful famiue, that vain is the hulp of idols. Their faith in then is dead. True, the priests try to keep up an appearance; but the people, as a mass, think they are working only for their 'loaves and fshes.'

The students are out from saturday morning until Sunday evening, every week. They preath. give medicine and a little money to the very help. less. They tell me that whole villages are reaty to become Christian. I believe God is about to Culfil his promise to the Son regarding this people 11 looks as though a nation is to be born in a day. We, if wise will get ready to receive them. Our responsibility is fearfully great, What is to be done with the multitudes m.st of whom can not read?
"The great work of preaching the gospel must be done by the native preachers. This statencot needs no argument, it is as clear as the noonday sun.

The. Zenana Mission connected with the Baptist Missionary Society has sustained a severe loss in the death of Miss Craik. This lady who was the eldest daughter of the Rev. Henry Craik of Bristol, was only sent out last year, and had been buta few months at work when she was smitten by cholera, and in four days called to her rest Shortly before she lett England, Miss Craik published a volume of poems, "bright with the play.of fancy, and with not a liule true poetic melody."

HINDOOS MEASURING THRIR DISTANCE
TOTHE GODS ATSINGHESWAR TO THE GODS AT SINGHESWAR

FAIR.
Mr. Evans of the Baptist Missionary Societ?, (English) gives in the Missionary /fcrald an account of a preaching tour he has recently taken. and describes Hindoos measuring their distance to the 5 n .
The mighty rush and intense excitement of Hindoo idolaters, at the recent Singheswar Mcla, did not look as if the Cospel millennium of India was near at hand, nor, says Mr. Evans, "did we get here any cvidence that Hindooism has lost any of its hold upon the people of India. Every day while the mela lasted could be seen crowds of devotees eagerly rushing into. the shrine of Mahadeo, and among them a number of men who had measured with their prostrated bodics every inch of the way from their homes to the hol: temple, and had been thus travelling for days u-gether, only able to proceed about two miles from sunrise to sunset daily.
In Muttra years ago, I used to see occasional sights of this sort, but I never before saw such a number of men, with vows upon them, crawling along in this painful and degrading manner to a distant shrine. I should think that scores of such people came into the Singheswar Mela while we were there.
They lay down flat on their faces on the road, stretch out their arms in full lengeth before then, nake three sillutations with joined hainds, kiss the ground, make a mark on the road as far as the hand can reach, and then get up and repeat the exercise. In cases of a river or a pond interrupting the road, they measure back wards the breadth of water to cross, anil do that distance over again on dry lare.
All this is done that the people inay obtain pardon of sin, and appease theis lashing consciences. They think that these things will please their idols; so they make a vow tha they will (bus mensure their wa) to the feet of their Cod; and they believe that if they Gall to fulfil their vow, the god will be angry and hill them. (h) the unspeakable privilege enjoyed by the Missionaries at this mela, of carrying the Ciospel to these $\sin$-stricken, devil-tempted multitudes! It was just what they wanted: The Lord Jesus, the gracimos stibstitute for the sin-polluted ones of India, | who has made a full atonement for $\sin$, does not require any painful or degrading effort, such as these Hinders think they must perform. The ciospel presents to them a full and free pardon through the Saviour's perfect work already performed, and through llis preciusus atoning blood aiready shed.
Crowds of people were preached io, and about 2.000 ropies of the Gospels and tracts were sold, and it is believed that good was done. This mela was one this year nearly as large as usual, yet there mose have been between two and three hundred thousiand people present. many of whom had come long dislances, not a rew from Nicpaul, and no doube thousands this vear heard the Gospel for the firs/ time under the Mission awning at Singheswat.

Hefore we left the mela, cholera in its worst form lonoke ous among the people. Many died off in a few hours: others, sick, hastened away home, but died on the ruad. I took up one poor fellow on the waysude on our bullock cars, but he died before he got into the villare. The fell malady rapidly spread from village to village around, so that wherever we went, after the mela, we heard the voice of weeping and lamentation for the dead, and we had the sad chancstestell the survivors that their friends who went to the grod at Singheswar to seck for life had found death. At the large village of cihumberia, where the people around met for the market, we sold about 150 gospels and racts, and many heard us gladly, saying they had never before seen a preacher in the fown; nor was this the only town in which we were told that we were the irst publishers of peace they had ever heard. The fact of it is, the country is so extensive, and the towns and villages so numerous, and the labourers so rew, that not one tenth pert of the penple can be wisited even in districts where there are mission starions. Hear this, oh ye young men who spend your time and talents in offering over and over again the blessing of salvation to the same peopic, and know that th re are in India millions of souls who have never' heard the name of Jesus!"

Mr. Spirgeon puts a home question to those who are in doubt as to the real use and necessity of foreign missions: "Dear friends, you sometimes say, ' Will the heathen be saved if we do not send the Missionaries ?' I will ask you anotner question, "Will you be saved if you do not send oul any Missionaries? becaluse I have very dreadful doubts about whether you will. Do not smile. The man who does nothing for his Master, will he be saved? The man that never cares about the perishing heathen, is he saved? Is he like

## -Q1STER-BELLEST CORINER

for the liltle yolks who read this paper.
Dear Bovs and Girls.-All over Canada, in ciery village, town, and city, there are Sunday schools. You go there every week to hear about Jesus, to learn lessons from God's book, and to sing sweet songs of praise.
Then they pass around the plates for the collection, and you put in your coppers because the other boys and girls do, but do youl cver stop a minute and think where this money is going to, and what good it will do?

Away off in India, there are many thousand children who never heard of Jesus, and how He died to save all who believe on Him. They never go to Sunday school because no one has started one near them. Every night before you go to bed, you kneel down and pray to God asking Him to take care of you, Long ago mamma laught you how to pray, and told you God would hear you when yon prayed "for Christ's sake." But these little' heathen children's mammas have never heard of our God, and cannot teach their children about Him. They grow up just as if Jesus had never died for them. Then they are taught to pray to idols of wood and stone that cannot hear what they say. Day after day the heathen mothers bring their children-and teach then-to make offer. ings to these idols. But some good men and women who had nice homes in Canada, and m.nny friends who loved them, have loved Jesus better than home and friends. So they have gone away off to India to tell these poor mothers not to pray to helpless idols of wood and stone, but to pray to the living God. We call these good men and women "missionaries," and we say to them "God bless you in your work." Then we pray for them, and thin we try and get all the money we can to help them work afler they reach India. Bibles have to be bought. Houses must $u c$ built for these missionaries to live in, and wood costs a great deal of money out there. Then the children must have a school-bouse built to come to, and for the minister to preach in the heathen language about Jesus.

This paper is going to be printed every month, and will always have something for you in it, so that we can all learn more about India and the work done by our missionaries with the coppers tre give them in our collections at Sunday school. So if you can read about them, you can explain it to the little brothers and sisters who are yet in the infant class. Ask your mamma or papa to tell you more about the heathen children who never heard about Jesus.

Good bye until next month,
Sister Beli.f.
Brantford, Sep. 3rd, 1878 .

## COURAGE OF A CHRISTIAN GIRL IN NORTHERN INDIA.

Among a low-caste people at Ellenpur, near Gondith, in Northern India, there has been a greals struggle to draw the converts back into heathenisn. The following casc as described by Mr R. H. Badcley, an American Missionary, we give as an illustration In the jungle lived a man and his wife who had soviral chi dren, and a young girl eighteen years of age. This unddocated village girl was very brave in her endurance of persecution for Christ's sake. She had learned to love the Saviour by attending the scrvices a: the house of the riative preacher, and noticing the
eorituct ormt wife. Severimonthis before her baptism she told her relatives that it was her purpuse to become a Christian; but they would not hear of it, and threatened to kill her if she dared to take such a step.
She continued, however, to attend the preaching, and the Lord Jesus drew her towards Himself. One Sunday after the service, her relatives canve in a body to take her away. Her infuriated mother fell upon her, and made several attempts to harm her, but was prevented. The native teacher told the people that if the girl wished io go with them they could lake ber, but if she chose to stay anong the Christian families she was at liberty to do so. They then used every effort to make her willing to go, $p$ omising her fine clothes, jewels, presents, and rich food, but in yain. They besought her not to disgrace them by becoming a Christian, but she only answered that she had become a Christian in heart, and could not change. At last, on their promising not to do her any harm, the native preacher, fearing a disturbance, let her go. They then earried her to another village some iniles away, shut her up, threate ed to kill her, endeavoured to change her purpose by incantations; but all in vain; she remained firm. At last they decided to give her up, and brought her to the native preacher, saying, "Here, take her: we can do nothing with her." Shortly after this we had the pleasure of baptizing her. The native preacher has adopted her as his daugheer, and his wife is giving her Christian instruetion. Her bravery has greatly helped the good work in this locality, and we hope soon 10 baptize several others here--Illistrated Miss. News.

## DEATH OF AN IDOL IN SIAM.

One of the fuur famuus white elephants worshipped in siam as Cods, Is tead! Tt was the eldest of the four, and was born in 1780 . This fanous white elephant, before whom a whole people have bowed the knee, was the emblem of the kingdom. It was honoured with the most beautiful presents, for the Siamese believed that so majestic an anional could only be ammated by the spirit of a god or an emperor! Each white clephant possesses its palace a vessel of gold, and a harness resplendent with jewels. Several mathdarins were attached to its service and fed it with cakes and sugar-cane. The king of Siam was the only personage before whom the white elephant would bow. A s milar salutation was rendered to if by the monarch.

The deccased idol had a magniticent funeral. A hundred Buddhist priests officiated at the ceremons. The three surviving elephants, preceded by truinpets and followed by an immense concourse of people, ac. companied the funcral car to the banks of the tienan, where the king and his nqbles followed the murtal re. mains, which were transpraged to the opposite bank for burial. A procession of thinty vessels figured at that curiou, cercinony. All the froating houses ranged in double file on the Mcnann to the number of over sixty thousand, were adurned with flags of all col'surs and symbohical attributes. -lllustrated .1/is. shimay lize.

Mosmosialts for the beathen are still wanied, but

> Oh ! ye who cannot go, help ! help

With the wondrous weapon prayer
While ye uplifi your hands al frome The cross sha!l triumph there: And give ye frect) from jour sture To the warriors in the field :
The more ye gire, the mure to jou Barrel and cruse :hall yield

Tise Meathin Weman's friend tells of a perion ulow for some time has devoted every two-rent piece uhich. comes imo ber pussession to her mute-box. Seceral dollars have aceumulated during the year, and the tudy feels sure she is none the poorer for not hasug spent them upon herself.
"Do vour gods love you?"-" Du your gods love you 3" asked a missidnary of some indians. "The gods never think of loving," was the cheerless answer. The nissionary repeated the sixteenth verse of the third chapter © St. John's Cospel : "For God so loved the world, that He gave His only begotton Son, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish but have everlasting life" "Read it again," asked the arrested pagan. "Tbat is large light-read it atain." $A^{\text {a }}$ (hird time the blessed words were repeated, and with this emphatic response, "Thia is $t$ re--I feel il:"

A Christian Hero's Grave-In my walk this morning I tarried for a few minutes at the grave of Mr. Boardman ; it was a good place for reflection, for thanksgiving for prayer. Only fifty years ago be whose dust slept there had baptised the first believer from among this then unknown people. Now inore than twenty thousand are witnesses for Christ, while thousands more have joined the church above The gospel has penetrated these jungles, and Cliristian churches are to be found all over this land. Had the sainted dead faith to belicve such grand re sults would be achicved? Have we not reason to believe that the next ewenty-five rears will see the work completed? Perhaps it will be our fault if it is not accomplished in a much shorter time.-Mr. Mor row of Tavoy, in Bapris/ A/iss. Aagrasine.

## NOTICE.

The Corresponding Secretary kindly urges the Sccretaries of the Women's Missionary Circles throughout Ontario to communicate directly with her, as to the state of their respective organizations -as there are only a few weeks b.fore the annual meeting at which the report is to be read.
H. H. Huarrhrey.
to Pembroke St., Toronto.

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