

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY JANUARY 2 1896.

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 10

THE WHITE HOUSE

NEW YEAR GREETING.

"Business Cannot be Done on an Advertisement Alone.
The Stock Must be on Hand to Back it Up."

WE HAVE THE STOCK.

HENRY YOUNG & CO'Y.

Clearance Sale

COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK

ON SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY, 4th, 1896.

OUR MOST SALEABLE GOODS MARKED DOWN AT PRICES NEVER BEFORE OFFERED IN VICTORIA.

KNITTED WOOL
SKIRTS FROM
25c UPWARDS.

THIS IS A GENUINE SALE

KNITTED WOOL
SHAWLS FROM
75c. UPWARDS.

- 42 inch Black Cashmere, all wool, Blue Black, 40c. per yard.
- 42 inch Black Cashmere, all wool, Jet Black, 40c. per yard.
- 42 inch Black Figured Cashmere, all wool, 50c. per yard.
- 40 inch Heavy Serges, all wool, 25c., 33c., 45c.; worth 50c. and 75c. per yard.
- 40 inch Black Serges, all wool, 25c., 33c., 45c.; worth 50c. and 75c. per yard.

Our Reputation for Good Serges is known all Over the Province.

SEE OUR WINDOWS FOR OTHER DRESS GOODS—PRICES WONDERFULLY LOW.

- Real Eiderdown Quilts, Best English Sateen Covered, \$4.00 each.
- Patchwork, Parisian and Alhambra Quilts, AWAY DOWN.
- Best Scotch Crash Towelling, usual price 15c.; 14 yards for \$1.00.
- Children's Best Wool Mitts, 10c. per pair.
- LACE CURTAINS**—You will begin spring cleaning very soon; why not buy your Lace Curtains now and save half your money.
- Best Cashmere Hose, 75c. quality, in colors, will be sold at 25c. per pair.
- White Beehive Wool, 3 packages for 50c.

PLEASE GIVE SPECIAL NOTICE TO OUR REMNANT TABLE.

But it is impossible to mention more than a few lines. Come and see for yourselves.

Bear in mind this is a genuine mark-down of our best stock. Mr. Young is on his way to Europe, where he will buy largely for the coming spring and summer, and our present stock must make way for the new purchases.

Store closed on Friday, so that we may give our full attention to preparing our bargains for your inspection. Sale commences at 10 o'clock on Saturday next, January 4th, 1896.

If those persons who live in the country and find it inconvenient to attend the sale, will send for samples, we will immediately forward same and give their orders as much care and attention as we would themselves.

Shopping by Mail Has Proved a Great Success with Us.

THE WHITE HOUSE

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Vancouver and Its Assessments—The Tramps in the Terminal City—Found Dead.

School Matters at Burgoyne Bay—Footballers Practising for Coming Contests.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Dec. 28.—There were very few appeals against the assessments at the Court of Revision yesterday, and these were adjusted in an hour or two by Mr. C. G. Major, who presided.

Although the Vancouver Relief Society has opened its central depot and all the streets at night are still crowded with tramps begging for two bits to get a meal; it is quite possible that these tough characters are responsible for the many burglaries of late.

The local football team are going in training for the coming matches with Victoria and Nanaimo. The combination is as strong as ever, and the assurance was given by each member at a meeting last night that they would practice hard for the coming important events.

VANCOUVER, Dec. 31.—The collector of customs declines to pay his poll tax, on the ground that he is exempt in virtue of the office he holds under the government. Police Magistrate Russell is looking up the law.

The case of ex-Sergeant Haywood vs. Alderman Queen, in which the local legislator was accused of using abusive language on the street, was dismissed, as there is no law dealing with such an offence in the criminal code. The police magistrate, however, thought the language used sufficient to provoke the blows received.

J. R. Gordon, of Connecticut, an expert in tobacco, says that the samples sent him of tobacco grown in Agassiz, B.C., are equal to any grown in the United States. Mr. Gordon's interest is so aroused that he will come to British Columbia to investigate the tobacco problem at his earliest convenience.

Sir Charles Ross bonded some mines in Roseland, and is in San Francisco trying to dispose of them.

Several days downpour of heavy wet snow is doing great damage in Vancouver, and has already destroyed a large amount of telephone property and seriously affected the street system.

The Dominion authorities have written that the removal of the Burnaby shoal, the erection of a lighthouse at the Narrows, and the putting of a draw in the C.P.R. bridge will have the attention of the government.

The Vancouver poultry show takes place on January 7. One hundred and seventy dollars have been contributed in cash and prizes.

Those holding shop licenses to sell liquor, claim that the council only has power to charge them \$150 per annum, while they are charging them \$400. They ask for a refund. Messrs. Wilson & Campbell have been engaged to handle their case.

A. Robinson has been appointed market clerk.

The council of Burnaby will carry over to 1896 \$1,050 and a large amount of collectable taxes.

A London syndicate with a capital of \$75,000 is taking over the business of the Texas Lake Ice Co.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, Dec. 31.—At a meeting of the B.C.B.G.A. it was decided to ask the Minister of Militia to institute a school of instruction in New Westminster, as the Westminster company were unable to attend at Vancouver.

Thieves broke into the residence of the late D. S. Milligan on Sunday evening and stole bed clothing and jewelry.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Dec. 28.—The funeral of Mrs. R. Spar, sr., who died on Christmas night from the result of a fall on a slippery sidewalk, took place yesterday and was attended by a large gathering of friends and acquaintances.

Rev. D. A. McRae preaches his farewell sermon to-morrow evening at St. Andrew's church, prior to his six months' leave of absence.

At the miners' meeting this afternoon important questions were discussed relative to the present amount of employment for each individual. The company had submitted a proposition to reduce the number of hands and thus find more steady employment for the remainder.

NANAIMO, Dec. 31.—The small debts court was again opened for business by Police Magistrate Simpson yesterday morning, in view of the recent decision of Judge Harrison. Wednesday being a public holiday an adjournment was made until Friday.

The municipal election of 1896 will be the keenest contest that has ever taken place in the city.

Arrangements have been made for a New Year's day Association match between the Nanaimo Athletics and the Wellington team.

A group of miners called for Saturday is to decide whether or not the work shall be divided up as at present, or whether the number of hands will be diminished.

A driver on his return from Wellington on Sunday night overtook a very old lady at Northfield, wandering in a bewildered and aimless manner. The driver picked her up and drove her

into town where he handed her over to the police for safe keeping and identification. With the help of a Frenchman who lives in the vicinity of Hiddle's store, the old lady was finally piloted to the house of her son, Mr. Regard, Dixon street.

At last night's council meeting three by-laws were affirmed, viz.: The election by-law, fire limit amendment by-law and Sunday observance by-law. On Thursday night the business of the year will be wound up.

KUPER ISLAND.

KUPER ISLAND, Dec. 25.—The following is the programme of the admirable Christmas entertainment given by the pupils of the Indian Industrial School. The list, a long one consisting of twenty-nine different items, was admirably performed and is as follows:

Selection by brass band; address of welcome; "How to make a cake," recitation; "Peter Simple," song and chorals; "Visitors from fairy land," dialogue by the girls; "The snow brogue," recitation, Gustave; "Where is my hat?" recitation, Amelia; "Poor work don't pay," dialogue by four boys; selection by the band; "Kiss and good night," duet, Amelia and May; "Dispute among the seven days," Peter; "Here, here in the forest," song and chorals, by the girls; "The young soldier," recitation, Alexis; "The little gray mouse," recitation, Mary; "Come, follow me," song by the boys; "Practical joke," dialogue, Mary, Amelia and Lizzie; motion song by the boys; "My mother," recitation, Alice; "Old Black Joe," song, James, Peter and Gustave; "The old lady's advice," song and chorals by the girls; "The boy and the wolves," recitation, Michael; selection by the band; "Guess what I have in my pocket," dialogue by two girls; "A little speech," recitation, David; "How to be a gentleman," recitation, Gustave; "The Star of Bethlehem," tableau and song by the girls; "The old woman," recitation, Mary; "Military discipline," dialogue by the boys. After Santa Claus had made his appearance and made each one feel additionally happy, "God Save the Queen" was sung.

BURGOYNE BAY.

BURGOYNE BAY, Dec. 23.—The half yearly meeting for the election of officers of the Island Union Lodge was held at the school house, Vesuvius Bay, on Saturday evening. There was a large attendance of the brethren. The result of the ballot was as follows: Noble grand, A. W. Cooke; vice grand, J. Vidler; secretary, C. W. Candler; treasurer, J. Rightingale; delegates to grand lodge, W. Robertson and J. Warnock; trustees, E. Lee, W. Robertson and F. Raines; warden, T. W. Monst. The minor offices being filled, and the ceremony of initiation gone through, the ordinary business of the lodge was taken up.

The school examination commenced on Tuesday, and was principally written. High school entrance papers were used, supplemented by papers set by the teacher. The result was most gratifying, an all round average of over sixty per cent. being attained.

ASHCROFT.

(From the B. C. Mining Journal.)
Under date of December 20, W. T. Sargent, secretary of the Slough Creek Mining Company, writes: "The weather has been against us and as a consequence we have not been able to make another start on the extension of the tunnel over the Nelson creek branch, but it will be started as soon as possible."

A nugget weighing over half a pound came down by express from Stanley this week. It is worth over \$100. It is a handsome specimen and was found in Lightning creek the past season. Among good finds Mr. Sargent, of the Slough Creek company, has a handsome \$80 piece found on Slough creek near the mouth of Nelson.

Messrs. Veatch and McCrae, of the Cinnabar mine, Savona, spent a day this week in Ashcroft. About twenty-three men are at work, all but four being white miners. The mine is looking well, but no smelting was being done on account of the reports not being protected from the weather. Drifts are being run and the mine thoroughly opened up. The grade of ore is very high. This mine is said to be the only productive quick-silver mine in operation that is under the protection of the British flag. It seems strange that neither England or any of her colonies, except in this one case, should possess a cinnabar mine.

John E. Ely, now in charge of the Horsely Gold Mining Company's property in the Horsely, brings the report that McCallum and List have struck rich ground on their claim about 1,000 feet from the line of the Harper ground. They have a drift in the bench about seventy feet and from the inner end of the drift have sunk about seventeen feet to the date of Mr. Ely's departure. The extent of their strike is not known but the gravel is said to be very rich in the bottom of the shaft and the owners are jubilant. One hundred thousand pounds of the Ward pipe is now on its way to the 150. The riveters will be in about February 1, and the work on the Horsely company's ground will be pushed in under the direction of its inventor and patentee, Mr. Campbell, as early a date as possible. Some good work may confidently be looked for in the Horsely country next season.

F. E. Young, general manager for the Pittsburg & Cariboo Gold Dredging Company, has gone East to look over and test the machinery now about ready to be shipped to Quaselle for the new dredge being constructed at that point. He is interested in the small dredger now in operation at Mormon Bar, six miles from Lyton. He says the conditions are very favorable for dredging on the Fraser where he will operate, and his company have 30 miles of river bed and intend to have several machines at work within a few months of the completion of the one now building. If the new dredger does not pay for itself

every 30 days Mr. Young says he will be disappointed.

F. H. Lantz, foreman of the Montreal claims on Quaselle river near Beaver, was in town this week on his way to Alberni, where he has some interests which he goes to look after. Mr. Lantz reports work on the Montreal Company's ground, under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. Drummond, is going ahead in good shape. Some very rich ground has been found, and the company on the whole are very well satisfied. The cost of opening up this gigantic property will not be less than a quarter of a million dollars, but when ever opened up will be a dividend payer longer than the present owners can expect to live. It is expected to take two years to get the mine in working order.

CHILLIWACK.

CHILLIWACK, Dec. 28.—The following were duly installed at the Masonic hall, Chilliwack, on St. John's day, as officers of Ionic lodge, No. 19, A. F. & A. M., G. R. B. C., by V. W. Bro. Logan, grand chaplain: W. M., Samuel Mellard; S. W., S. A. Cawley; J. W., A. H. Gillanders; treasurer, A. S. Vedder; secretary, L. W. Paisley; S. D., Justinian Pelly; J. D., W. T. Jackson; S. S., W. F. Ferris; J. S., A. F. Lindell; I. G., Joseph Bromley; and Tyler, George H. W. Ashwell.

THE SLOCAN.

(From the Kootenay Mail.)
This camp is especially lively in the Washington basin and around Oody and Sandon, in fact the last named place may fairly claim to be "booming."

There is enough mineral on the North Fork of Carpenter creek to ensure the permanency of Three Forks.

Near New Denver properties on the lake shore are being bonded or sold, and several hundred promising dry ore prospects near the lake are to be opened up by assessment and development work next summer.

On Four Mile creek eight men are working on the Alpha, and Poplan & Webb are about to ship two carloads of high grade ore from the Fishermans claim. The Currie, on the Galena Farm bench below Silverton, is now opened up in good shape and is for sale or bond. The Currie, at a depth of 65 feet, shows eight feet of concentrating galena ore and being a crown-granted property would be suitable for a company able to put up a concentrator.

The Enterprise group, on Ten Mile creek, under bond to Mr. J. A. Finch, is showing up well, therefore it is almost certain that the bond will be taken up and ore shipped before spring. The Kalspel claim, also on Ten Mile creek, was recently sold for \$3,000, cash down, to an American company represented by Mr. Lardner, who proposes to put in several thousand dollars' worth of development work, hoping to make it one of the big mines of this camp. The ledge matter on this surface is 24 feet across and contains scattered bunches of high grade ruby silver ore.

On Springer creek, seventeen men are working on claims located last fall, and a twelve ton shipment of dry ore has been made to the Pilot bay smelter. Five tons from the Exchange and seven tons from the Howard Fraction claims have also been shipped. The ore is expected to average at least \$100 per ton.

Mr. H. P. Hancock, a general contractor and mining man from Helena, Montana, inspected this district last week and took away with him terms of sale on the Arlington, Tamarack, and Currie claims.

RUTHVEN, Dec. 30.—Captain McQueen in his steam yacht discovered a schooner sunk near Pelee island. He thinks it went down in the storm of the 11th instant and that all hands on board were lost.

Dr. H. F. Merrill

Results Astonish
MEN OF SCIENCE.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
A MEDICINE

WITHOUT AN EQUAL.

Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla is without an equal as a blood-purifier and spring medicine, and cannot have praise enough. I have watched its effects in chronic cases, where other treatment was of no avail, and have been astonished at the results. No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. Merrill, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills for Liver and Bowels.

Dr. H. F. Merrill

Results Astonish
MEN OF SCIENCE.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
A MEDICINE

WITHOUT AN EQUAL.

Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla is without an equal as a blood-purifier and spring medicine, and cannot have praise enough. I have watched its effects in chronic cases, where other treatment was of no avail, and have been astonished at the results. No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. Merrill, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills for Liver and Bowels.

SUDDEN CONVERSIONS.

It is amusing to see how free traders can become, when the exigencies of an election require it, the most rabid of protectionists. Although there is a high duty on fresh and canned meat some of our free traders of the other day object to the subsidy given to the Australian line of steamers because they have brought to Canada, purely as an experiment, a few carcasses of frozen mutton and a small quantity of canned meats. We did not think that ardent free traders like Dr. Milne and Mr. Marchant would be so quickly and so easily transformed into ultra-protectionists. The suddenness of their conversion must lead those who hear them to suspect that either their professions of attachment to free trade were false and insincere or their present zeal in the cause of protection is put on for election purposes. There are very few protectionists in the country who would sacrifice the prospect of a profitable trade with Australia and New Zealand merely because a little frozen and canned meat might now and then form part of the cargo of one of the steamers. It seems to us that these new converts to the doctrine of protection are a little too loud and too extreme in their professions.

ONE OF THE MYSTERIES.

Is there any one in Victoria, Liberal or Conservative, who can, to adopt the language of Mr. Bodwell, expound the policy of the Opposition on the school question upon convincing grounds? Has any Liberal yet said—and in this inquiry we include Mr. Bodwell himself—in clear, distinct and definite terms, what the Opposition would do in the matter if power were placed in their hands? We hear a good deal about the iniquity of coercing Manitoba, and we are told in thrilling tones to keep our hands off Manitoba, but beyond a few indefinite and ambiguous generalities we have not been told how the Opposition propose to settle the question. Mr. Laurier has talked about resorting to the sunny and soothing ways of diplomacy, and he has declared that he would inquire into the facts. This is all very fine, but suppose that the stubborn Manitobans should turn a deaf ear to Mr. Laurier's honeyed accents, which they certainly would if he asked them to give the minority schools of their own, or that the commissioners of inquiry give a report as unmeaning, as indefinite and inconclusive as one of Mr. Laurier's own speeches—which we are sorry to say commissions of inquiry are wont to do—what course would the Opposition then pursue? No answer has as yet been given to this question, and the leading Liberals one and all avoid answering it.

As we all know the Government of Manitoba have definitely and distinctly refused to redress the grievance of the minority. They say that there is no grievance to redress. In taking this position it is believed that they are backed up by the great majority of the people of Manitoba. It has been said that if Mr. Greenway and his colleagues showed the slightest disposition to come to a compromise with the minority on this school question they would be immediately repudiated by the men who have placed them in power.

Has Mr. Laurier, we ask, any means at his disposal by which he can change the minds and soften the hearts of the majority of the Manitoba electors? If he has, why does he keep it a profound secret. Will the people of Manitoba grant to Mr. Laurier, because he is such a very nice, sweet-spoken man, what they have refused to Mr. Bowell and his colleagues in the Government? Does Mr. Laurier propose to abandon the question? Will he leave the Manitobans to settle the school question among themselves, regardless of the petitions and appeals of the minority? If he does it would be the easiest thing in the world to say so. If he did this there would be a distinct and a fair issue between him and the Government. He would then have a policy. But he has said nothing of the kind. We are surprised that the zealous anti-coercionists, the sincere advocates of non-interference, have not put this question to him squarely before now. It seems to us that if they were in earnest they would have done so, and would have required of him a simple and definite answer—yes or no.

Mr. Laurier has been beating about the bush ever since this Manitoba school question was raised. He has not taken a decided stand upon it. He has talked in such a way as to lead confident followers to believe that he has a policy up his sleeve, which, when it suits his purpose to shake out, will settle the whole difficulty in no time. There again, he has given his hearers to believe that he expects some time or other to appeal to the Protestants of the Dominion to interpose in behalf of the Manitoba minority. This does not look like non-interference, but points to a policy the very reverse of non-interference.

We are not surprised that Mr. Laurier's uncertain attitude and indefinite utterances satisfy the Grits, for their

main object is to get into power, as the Dutchman advised his son to get money—honestly if he could, but any way to get money. But surely conscientious Conservatives who believe that Manitoba should not be interfered with will not consent to be led by a man who will not tell them where he is going. They should get from the Liberal Leader a clear and convincing exposition of his policy. They should find out from him whether or not he intends to pursue a policy of strict non-interference. If he will not give them a plain and definite answer it is safe for them to conclude that the cry "Hands off Manitoba," which some of his Western followers have taken up, is adopted for the purpose of deceiving and misleading them.

AN INDEPENDENT VIEW.

The Toronto Week, which is perfectly independent with respect to politics, and is admitted to be conducted with great ability, takes a common sense view of the Manitoba school question. It is evidently not partial to separate schools, but it puts itself in the place of those who conscientiously object to a school system which is purely secular. It says: "While Protestants, as a general rule, deplore the determination of their Roman Catholic fellow-subjects to insist upon separate schools, the larger majority feel that it would be impolitic, as well as unjust, to coerce them into attending schools to which they object, and we doubt very much whether the fanatical denunciations of the extreme ultra-Protestants find sympathy with the large majority of electors. It does seem unfair to insist upon the members of that creed being compelled to pay double rates, that is, in support of public schools, which they do not approve of, and at the same time support schools which their church requires them to attend. It is a serious concession for the country to be obliged to make, and if it could be avoided the large majority would gladly not have to make it; but as it is a question of faith and not merely of practice, we must bow to the situation."

The Week is decidedly of opinion that it would be unwise for the people of any province of the Dominion to attach undue prominence to this Manitoba school question which, after all, is of minor importance and directly affects a comparatively small number of the inhabitants of the Dominion. It asks: "Are the people prepared to allow those trade relations to be decided or disposed of by a side issue? We believe not, and we hope to see yet a sense of justice and of moderation and fair play exert a strong effort to put this vexed question of separate schools into the limbo of dead and forgotten issues. There are so many much more serious matters to unite about that we must not allow our national strength and national good feeling to be dissipated in ungenerous sectarian disputes. If the energies and abilities of our people need exercise let our political leaders take up the question of the development of the Northwest. How shall our millions of acres be brought into the market? How can our thousands of inhabitants be made millions? How can we put our militia force into proper condition? How are we to induce the English people to divert their investments from rotten South American securities into good Canadian bonds and mortgages? The English financial papers are openly declaring that English investments are leaving the United States, and they are looking in other fields in which to invest their capital. We want that capital here badly. Every day this mischievous separate school agitation is kept up damages our chances of getting any investment whatever made here. Our enemies take advantage of our dissensions—they even fan the flame. Candid friends who damn us with faint praise now point in the English papers to these troubles and prophesy our inability to settle them. We appeal to business men and men who have something to lose, to interfere before it is too late and insist that their representatives give this question an immediate quietus."

There is a great deal to be said in favor of the Week's view of the situation. Every one that thinks must see that it will be unwise in the people of this or any other province to give such prominence to this question that other and greatly more important questions will be overlooked and lost sight of. If designing Grit politicians are allowed to use this question so as to divide the Conservatives, in order that they may snatch they spoils of office, they will surely wake up to see how egregiously they have been duped when it is too late to repair the mischief that has been done. If Laurier and his Grit fellow schemers can set the Conservatives quarrelling about religion while they look on and say nothing to commit themselves on the question in dispute they will be delighted. It is evident that "Divide and Conquer" is their motto at this moment. The Conservatives of Victoria are, we are pleased to see, too wide awake to help him to succeed. The citizens of Victoria understand their true interests too well to allow Laurier and his tools to throw dust in their eyes.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX!

Sleepy.

It is man's duty in the day time after a good night's sleep, there's indigestion and stomach disorder.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

By removing the waste matter which accumulates in the system, will cure all Bilious and Nervous Disorders, and will safely relieve sick-headaches.

Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating.

Wholesale Agents, Evans & Sons, Ltd., Montreal.

For sale by all druggists.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

LOANS EFFECTED, RENTS AND INCOME COLLECTED, DEEDS PREPARED, ETC.

For Sale--1388-Acre Farm

ABOUT 1000 ACRES OF WHICH IS PLOUGHABLE PRAIRIE OF FIRST-CLASS QUALITY.

120 Head of Cattle, 1 pedigree Hereford Bull. 12 Horses, Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds, and usual farm implements. Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gents'), Bridles, etc. Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools. Nine-room House, shingle roofed. Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above. Stone Root-house, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc. About 7 miles Standing Fences, in good order, Corrals, etc. Small lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc.

THIS PROPERTY is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate; one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

THE TITLE is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

THE CATTLE are well bred. A much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

THE CLIMATE is not severe. The station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

THE SOUTH-WEST KOOTENAY AND OSOYOOS Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

For Sale - 20,000 Acres of Farm

IN CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS.

Beautifully watered, forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings; 2,000 head of cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed and most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

These localities are rapidly settling up, and as farm land is limited, great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to work these Estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

ALONE IN ITS KNAVERY.

The reader of the Eastern newspapers will look through them in vain for any expression of doubt as to the genuineness and the constitutionality of Col. Prior's appointment to a seat in the Cabinet. They all, Liberal and Conservative, take that appointment as a matter of course. The Victoria Times, as far as we know, is alone in its professed scepticism with regard to Mr. Prior's status. We observe, too, that no lawyer who has a reputation to lose, even here in Victoria, questions the power of the Premier to select a Controller as a colleague in the Government.

MRS. PRIOR DANGEROUSLY ILL.

It will be heard with regret by the friends of Hon. E. G. Prior that Mrs. Prior is dangerously ill, and now lies in a critical condition at the Jubilee hospital. It will not therefore be expected that Col. Prior for the present give to political affairs all the attention which otherwise they would claim, and the public will appreciate the reason for his temporary absence from the scenes of political action.

CHESS TOURNAMENT.

The tournament of the Victoria Chess Club is still progressing, the results so far being as follows:

	Wm.	Lost.
C. Schwengers	7	0
B. Goward	3	0
B. Williams	7	1
B. Schwengers	6	1
C. E. Clarke	6	1
R. H. Johnson	3 1/2	3 1/2
Capt. Mitchell	3	3
P. Wollaston	2	3
C. D. Aytton	2	3
T. Lawrie	1	4
P. T. Johnson	1 1/2	7 1/2
J. Barsman	0	2
P. Goepel	0	4
J. Sterling Floyd	0	3
W. Scoocroft	2	2
H. Kemp	0	8

A stimulant is often needed to nourish and strengthen the roots and to keep the hair a natural color. Hall's Hair Renewer is the best tonic for the hair.

A CUTTING REPLY.

Mr. Lecky's Answer to Those Who Objected to Him on Account of His Religious Views.

Mr. W. E. H. Lecky, one of the candidates for the representation of Dublin University, was objected to by some of the electors on account of what were supposed to be his religious opinions. Some of his opponents declared that he was an Agnostic and a Materialist. Some of the electors had, it appears, asked of Mr. Lecky's committee a statement of that gentleman's religious belief. To those who thus attempted to give the election a religious complexion in his speech on nomination day he gave the following reply:

"There is one other subject to which I am obliged to allude, though I confess I should gladly have passed it by with the silence of contempt. I mean the persistent and systematic attempts which have been made to give this election a religious character, to raise a religious cry, to gain votes by circulating in every form attacks on the personal religious belief of one of the candidates. I confess that since Macaulay's scathing denunciation on the hustings of Leeds of the intrusion of such matters into an election contest, I had hoped that they had entirely disappeared. Were I to be asked on this platform any such question as to my personal beliefs as was asked of Macaulay, I should give the same answer that he gave—I am a Christian—and I would refuse to answer one word more. In England, indeed, such topics are very rarely introduced into a political election, and if they are introduced they are speedily repressed and suppressed. Here it appears that this is not the case. If a stranger who knew nothing of what was going on had come to Dublin within the last few days, he might easily have imagined that you are electing not a member of parliament, but a member for an ecclesiastical council at a time when religious intolerance ran peculiarly high. Very rarely, I suppose, of late years has there been an election in which the odium theologium has played so great a part, and I am told that it is notorious that a large proportion of the votes that will be given against me will be due to the employment of this weapon, and that it is upon it that my opponents are chiefly basing their hopes of success. I

do not think that this will reflect honor either on those who have employed these means or on those who have silently acquiesced in and profited by them. I have myself no fear that this method will succeed. The long array of distinguished clergymen representing all that is most eminent in learning, piety and influence in the Irish church who have been good enough to support me is sufficient to show how little its best and purest elements sympathize with these attacks, and I have little doubt that the disgust and reprobation which several distinguished clergymen have expressed to me at the means that have been employed in this election are fully shared in countless humble personages throughout Ireland. Some votes no doubt will be gained, but they will be purchased by a deep and lasting discredit."

The distinguished historian's opponents were well answered. Nothing can be more contemptible than to attempt to raise a prejudice against a candidate for a political position on account of his personal religious belief. The introduction of the religious element so-called is in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred as unnecessary as it is unfair. There can be no doubt that the great majority of those who cavilled at Mr. Lecky's candidature because in their opinion he was not orthodox in religion, were not fit from an intellectual point of view to blacken his boots.

AGAINST THE CONTRACTORS.

New York Tailors Have Determined to Establish Co-Operative Shops.

New York, Dec. 30.—The executive committee of the Brotherhood of Tailors has not yet decided as to the location of the two co-operative shops which they propose opening in a few days, and for which \$1,000 has been appropriated from the funds of the brotherhood, at the suggestion of Meyer Schoenfeld. Leader Schoenfeld is sanguine that the proposed plan will prove successful, and will eventually lead to the total extinction of the contractors. He claims a large number of manufacturers have already asked for estimates of the tailors, and at the same time have given assurances of dealing directly with the tailors in preference to the contractors. Schoenfeld has engaged sewing machines and other apparatus

for the equipment of the new shops, which he expects to be running by Wednesday next. A mass meeting of the locked-out tailors took place to-day. Speeches were made by various leaders.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Yesterday Morning's Heavy Blow Detained the "City of Kingston" and "Joan."

Yesterday morning's gale came as predicted, being the heaviest blow of the season. Most of the regular boats were prevented from leaving on time, but this was the chief effect of the storm along the wharves. It was almost noon before the Joan got started, and it was after 1 o'clock when the City of Kingston sailed on her first morning trip from Victoria. Being broadside on to the wind she made several unsuccessful attempts to leave her dock, but once her bow was pointed to the wind nothing held her back.

Another trio of sealers have cleared for cruises to the Japanese Coast. Each carries a full white crew, and will no doubt sail as soon as the weather moderates. The trio are the Fortuna, Capt. T. O'Leary; the Allie I. Algar, Capt. Colin Locke; and the Umbrina, Capt. Campbell.

Since taking up the morning route the steamer City of Kingston has not put her fares back to the old mark. The cut rates still prevail, much to the satisfaction of the public. The schooner Rainbow, Capt. Sears, has been chartered by the British Columbia Fishing & Trading Co., to temporarily replace the Thistle while the latter vessel receives an overhauling. The barkentine, C. C. Funk, which was out down by the schooner Volant, has gone on the dry dock at San Francisco for repairs.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer	from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	" "

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	" "

"And you will never forget me!" asked the summer resort girl of her lover, the dry goods clerk. "Never," he said, absently; "is there anything more to-day?" Detroit Free Press.

Why the Duke of
to Encourage
Arme

The Rothschilds
Part in Issu
Lo

LONDON, Dec. 27.—
ford, in declining an
ing in the interest of
the ground that fun
long their misery by
in a hopeless strugg
"Nothing but
could extricate them
plight. We have ju
of war from the Uni
the change of front i
have been so sudd
if all England's r
required for an im
Europe. We can
President Cleveland
surprised to find
wholly on the side of
of the jealousy of F
ward England and
that any attempt
in Armenia is doome
not partake in any m
push the governme
fraught with so muc
The Berlin corres
News warns people
too much credence
sial will support P
"The relations betw
English courts," con
pendent, "are much
under Alexander III
great affection of t
for the Princess
Czarina is greatly at
Under a despotic
personal relations ar
Russia has no reason
any increase of Ame
A Constantinople
Chronicle says
The Rothschilds have
to Turkey two milli
against a new tax o
case on petroleum."

A despatch receive
Petersburg says tha
ter for foreign affa
Restovsky, in disc
of Armenia is repo
If invited by all
least three of them
Britain must be one
to pacifically
turbed province of
Czar must be assure
Europe.

Capetown co
Times, with referen
foreigners in the
equal rights with t
the British and Am
are supporting the
The Times says in
that it understands
decided not to take
of American bonds.
The general comm
can society will send
night to its members
"A meeting will be
Street hotel at 4 o
afternoon, for the pu
an expression by res
east hope and confide
all existing differenc
and the United Stat
iously and amicably

THE U. S.

WASHINGTON, Dec.
no more tariff legisla
house of Congress the
business interests of
been fearful that
would be disturbed
of the tariff rates
caused by efforts to
ley law or change
the direction of big
protections may
by the statement m
mon Dingley of the
committee. Mr.
positively that the
not attend any im
now that the recent
house, and that his
was given irrespect
the revenue tariff bi
was successful in th
the president's sign

CONNECTICUT

NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it w
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

NEWS FROM LONDON.

Why the Duke of Bedford Declines to Encourage the Suffering Armenians.

The Rothschilds Refuse to Take Part in Issuing a U. S. Loan.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The Duke of Bedford, in declining an invitation to a meeting in the interest of the Armenians, on the ground that funds would only prolong their misery by encouraging them in a hopeless struggle, spoke as follows: "Nothing but armed intervention could extricate them from their miserable plight. We have just received a threat of war from the United States. Would the change of front in American opinion have been so sudden and complete if all England's resources had been required for an impending struggle in Europe. We can safely assume that President Cleveland was unexpectedly surprised to find European sympathy wholly on the side of England, the English courts, the English and Russia toward England and the American threat that any attempt at armed intervention in Armenia is doomed to failure, I cannot partake in any movement tending to push the government into a policy fraught with so much danger."

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News warns people against attaching too much credence to reports that Russia will support President Cleveland. "The relations between the Russian and English courts," continues the correspondent, "are much more cordial than under Alexander III's reign; besides the great affection of the Dowager Czarina for the Princess of Wales, the Czarina is greatly attached to the Queen. Under a despotic government these personal relations are all-important, and Russia has no reason to be pleased at any increase of America's power."

A Constantinople despatch to the Chronicle says: "It is rumored that the Rothschilds have agreed to advance to Turkey two million pounds sterling against a new tax of two pence per acre on petroleum."

A despatch received in Paris from St. Petersburg says that the Russian minister for foreign affairs, Prince Lobanoff Restovsky, in discussing the situation of Armenia is reported to have said: "If invited by the powers, or at least by one of them, which Great Britain must be one, Russia would be able to pacifically administer the disturbed province of Anatolia; but the Czar must be assured of the support of Europe."

The Capetown correspondent of the Times, with reference to the struggle of foreigners in the Transvaal to obtain equal rights with the Boers, says that the British and American inhabitants are supporting each other. "The Times says in its financial article that it understands the Rothschilds have decided not to take any part in an issue of American bonds."

THE U. S. TARIFF. WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—There will be no more tariff legislation by the lower house of Congress this session. If the business interests of the country have been fearful that existing conditions would be disturbed by any new revision of the tariff rates or any uncertainty caused by efforts to re-enact the McKinley law, or change the Wilson act in the direction of high duties, their apprehensions may be set at rest by the statement made to-day by Chairman Dingley of the ways and means committee. Mr. Dingley said very positively that the Republicans would not attempt any important tariff changes now that the revenue bill had passed the house, and that his opinion on this point was given irrespective of whether or not the revenue tariff bill passed last week was successful in the senate or received the president's signature.

CONNECTICUT MINISTERS. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 30.—A remarkable resolution was passed at the United Ministers regular weekly meeting this morning. At the previous meeting a committee had been appointed to draft a resolution on the Venezuelan question, and it was inferred that these resolutions would have been condemnatory of Mr. Cleveland's policy and message. To-day the committee reported that it was too late to adopt resolutions on the Venezuelan question. Dr. Newman Smith, of the Centre church, advocated an alliance with England to compel Turkey to cease the massacres in Armenia. As a result of this the following resolution was to-day unanimously adopted by the members of the committee: "Resolved, that we urge our senators and representatives in congress to secure the immediate passage of a resolution by congress, in the name of the people of the United States, pledging the unrestrained sympathy and support of this country to England in any decisive action which England may take to put an instant stop to the awful tragedy now being enacted before the eyes of the Christian world in Armenia."

NEWS FROM LONDON.

Opinions on the Venezuelan Controversy—Facts and Figures Regarding the Armenian Massacres.

The King of Korea Alarmed—The America's Cup Fiasco—Rifles for Abyssinia.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The New York correspondent of the Times argues that the fact that Senator Sherman definitely allies himself with the President on the Venezuelan question, augurs ill for the cessation of the controversy. "Mr. Sherman sides with the President against all the great lawyers and all the best authorities on the question, both American and European, and against Monroe himself."

The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says: "I have excellent reasons to state that the report of an agreement between Russia and the United States about Venezuela is unfounded. On the contrary the Czar was painfully surprised at President Cleveland's message, and any war between England and Russia is unwelcome to the Russian court on the approach of the coronation. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Vienna Freie Presse telegraphs that Russia and France have actually promised diplomatic support to the United States in the Venezuelan trouble, and adds that Russia is prepared to facilitate the United States loan with her own gold reserve."

The New York correspondent of the Times, while he affirms his previous convictions that there is no longer any feeling for war with England at present in the United States, says there lies a real danger for the future. He attributes this partly to the personal character of the President, or that quality of it "which his friends call firmness and his enemies stubbornness."

The order of Crusaders have forwarded, through Hon. Neal Dow, Mother Stewart and involving England would be a disgrace to the personal character of the President, or that quality of it "which his friends call firmness and his enemies stubbornness."

CUBAN REBELLION. HAVANA, Dec. 30.—The queen regent of Spain, through the prime minister, Senor Canovas del Castillo, has called her profound thanks to the Mayor of Havana for the splendid manifestation of sympathy with the Spanish cause, which was displayed by citizens of all classes on Saturday last. Her Majesty said that she thought the meeting was a loyal and patriotic expression of sympathy with the national well-being.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—There is still much uncertainty regarding the movements of the insurgents. According to an official report they are in full retreat, and it has even been intimated that Gomez was making for Cienfuegos, in the province of Santa Clara, with the intention of capturing that important port. But an announcement made to-day would seem to show that Gomez is still in the vicinity of Jaguey Grande, south of Colon and in the province of Matanzas. Lieut. Col. Perera, commanding the Spanish battalion, was engaged with the insurgents near Calimete yesterday. Calimete is not far from Jaguey Grande and is south of Colon.

The fighting is said to have been very fierce, and the Spaniards are reported to have sustained the fire of vastly superior numbers of insurgents, commanded by Gomez. The troops are reported to have captured the insurgent positions and obliged the enemy to divide its forces. The insurgents are said to have lost heavily. About an hour after this engagement the sound of cannoning was heard in the direction of the Matanzas plantation, about three miles from Calimete, and it is supposed Gomez has been engaged with the Spanish column commanded by Col. Molinar. No details of this engagement have reached here.

UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND. LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Prince of Wales authorizes the publication of the following acknowledgment sent last week by Mr. Joseph Pulitzer:

New York, Dec. 30. To His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Sandringham, Eng.: "Your Christmas message of peace and good will was deeply appreciated and had an important effect. The reaction is almost complete. Conscience has obtained mastery over purse. The World thanks you for your wise and bold words spoken at so critical a time. It is also becoming to acknowledge with profound respect and eloquent and impressive messages of concord and amity received by the World from Cardinal Logue, Primate of Ireland (who cabled from Rome); Cardinal Vaughan, Archbishop of Westminster; Dr. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin; Lord Plunkett, Archbishop of Dublin and Kildare; the Archbishop of Armagh, the Bishops of London, Liverpool, Manchester and Chester; Mr. Gladstone and Lord Rosebery."

"It is hoped here that the logic of this unprecedented expression of kindness of Church and State may yet lead to the arbitration of a dispute, so trivial that it could remain unsettled for seventy years. Surely among all the scholars, statesmen and rulers of the world there must be one who, as arbitrator, will meet the suggestion of Lord Salisbury that he should be 'competent and free from bias.'" The surest hope of lasting peace rests upon the enlightened moral sentiment which you have voiced and which we feel shapes the course of the government in England, not less than America, and continues the progress of civilization.

(Signed) JOSEPH PULITZER, "For the World."

WINNEPEG, Dec. 30.—(Special)—The following nominations for the legislature were made to-day: Lansdowne, T. C. Norris, Liberal; Minnedosa, E. H. Myers, Liberal; Deloraine, C. A. Young, Liberal; Morden, Thos. Duncan, Liberal; Brandon City, Chas. Adams, Liberal; Portage la Prairie, W. J. Cooper, Conservative, to oppose Hon. Robt. Watson. Five conventions will be held to-morrow.

Dr. Shields, an eminent physician of Tennessee, says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and I know of no other so effective as that by its use." Physicians all over the land have made similar statements.

OUR OTTAWA SPECIAL.

The Speech From the Throne in Course of Preparation—Remedial Legislation.

Falling Off in Private Bill Proposals—Railway Measures in the Majority.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, Dec. 30.—The cabinet was engaged until a late hour this evening in drafting the Governor-General's speech for the opening of parliament on Thursday. The coming session is to be a regular one and private bill legislation will be proceeded with simultaneously with the government measures, the chief among which will, of course, be the remedial bill. This measure will from all accounts be of an exceedingly moderate nature. Indeed, the result of the recent bye-elections would seem to justify the government in proceeding cautiously. It is evident from these elections that the Roman Catholics are not greatly enamoured of separate schools, but as the minority in Manitoba have asked for them and are entitled to them under the constitution, the government has no recourse but to carry out the constitution.

Private bill legislation for the coming session shows a great falling off compared with other years. Notice has been given of fifty-eight measures as compared with an average of eighty-five. The great majority of bills pertain to railway affairs.

The Governor-General is taking a great interest in the Shortis case, which is now before him. The cabinet council, by a majority of one, favors non-interference with the sentence. His Excellency has taken the somewhat unusual course of consulting each minister.

FAITHFUL TO SPAIN.

Demonstration of Loyalists in Cuba—The Captain General Enthusiastically Feted.

General Campos Says His Mind is No Longer Gloomy as to the Future.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—Sunday night's demonstration of political parties in honor of Campos proved the grandest popular outburst of sympathy toward the Spanish cause that has ever taken place in Havana. Conservatives, Autonomists, Reformists, Spaniards, Cubans, men, women and everybody united in a great brotherhood. About 40,000 people in all took part in the demonstration. The procession started at Central park, and took its course up Obispo to the Plaza de Armas. In front of the palace of Gen. Campos a committee went up to give the general greeting, and Senor Santos Guzman, of the Union Constitutional, spoke on behalf of the Conservatives as follows: "Our party reassures you of their unconditional support when it is necessary. The entire country is represented here in the palace to-night. We protest against the revolution, backed by many of the foreigners and by many Cuban bandits, and we are not disposed to be ruined by a tendency toward the rule of barbarism."

Gen. Campos answered as follows: "What can I reply to the noble words of Senor Guzman in behalf of the three parties? I congratulate myself upon the unity of the political parties, and entreat you not to forget at this moment assuredly the standard of our future doings. The danger that threatens us is more show than real, because the genuine Cubans will forever remain under the glorious banner of the civilized discoverer of America."

"I do not deny that my mind was gloomy a few days ago at Matanzas, when I saw the flames come even to our horses' hoofs. I do not deny my great sorrow when I saw our people perish. I confess that if the enemy had attempted to resist there would have been a cruel punishment meted out for their execrable crimes."

"In view of the behavior of the rebels, I decided to return to Havana to conduct operations from here. But, gentlemen, I was disheartened at the thought that I had fallen under your displeasure. But upon arriving here I saw that I was assured of your unconditional support, which brought me ease of mind. I am, therefore, compelled to persevere, as I have always done, in the love of my country."

Gen. Campos was acclaimed in and outside of the palace, and had to make his appearance on the balconies while the spectators were frantically shouting "Viva Espana; viva Campos." In returning his thanks to the people, Gen. Campos said: "Your demonstration in my honor is a proof of your love towards Spain, and I protest against the vandal deeds of those who, in the name of liberty and independence, desolate this beautiful and wealthy island, which is not even the land where they were born. In the presence of this glorious demonstration, I feel proud that I was president of the council by which liberty to the negroes was sanctioned, because that law equalizes all who are brought up under the glorious Castilian banners. Thanks to you in the name of Spain, of our virtuous queen and of the king."

The address was followed by more shouts of "Viva Espana" and great and prolonged cheering. The different party leaders all signed a message, which was sent to Senor Canovas del Castillo, the Spanish premier, giving a description of the successful meeting and demonstration.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—A column commanded by Gen. Tejeada has had an engagement and taken strong positions held by the insurgents at San Prudencio, in the province of Santiago. The insurgents left on the field nine killed and carried away numerous wounded. Of the troops three were killed and ten wounded.

HOLIDAY SALE NOW ON

Big Reductions on all Lines. Bargains in Christmas Goods.

B. WILLIAMS & Co.,

Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

Hardware Specialties

- Enterprise Raisin Seeders. Meat Cutters, Enamelled and Tinned. Dietz Tubular Driving Lamp. Sargent's Rat and Mouse Traps. Marty's Wood and Iron Planes. Miller Padlocks and Night Latches. Ship Augers and Bits, Chain Cow Ties.

Also a full line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Wagons and Farm Implements.

E. G. Prior & Co., Ltd. By.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS.

MANUAL TRAINING.

TO THE EDITOR.—Through the columns of the COLONIST I wish to call the attention of its readers to the educational work of the Y.M.C.A. and particularly to the classes in manual training which the association proposes to organize and conduct.

In the estimations of our directors the time has come when we should undertake work along the line of technical education or manual training and we believe that if we are successful in this enterprise we will be supplying in a measure, a great deficiency in the educational training of the boys of this city. The training of the hand and eye and brain along practical mechanical lines is now recognized by all progressive educationists as of utmost importance looking to the future usefulness of the individual. Boys in the country, it is true, pick up a good deal of experience along such lines without any systematic instruction. They become practical farmers, amateur carpenters, and learn something of iron forging without ever attending a manual training class. But our city boys have not such advantages, and if we would give them the best possible, equipment for practical life we must supply such deficiency as best we can and give them some instruction and experience along manual training lines.

It is the aim of the Association to be of the utmost practical benefit to the young men of this city; and not only to the young men but to the boys as well, as the coming young men. One of the means by which we have been endeavoring to help young men is our educational classes. In reading, writing, arithmetic, bookkeeping, stenography, mechanical drawing and minierology we are helping a number of our earnest young men to better fit themselves for the practical work of life, and in the punctuality and zeal shown by the students attending our classes we have abundant evidence of their appreciation of their opportunities. We are now anxious to extend similar advantages to the boys by organizing and conducting classes in manual training, such as carpentry, wood carving and turning, blacksmith work and agriculture. We propose to begin with practical carpentry by organizing classes for boys of twelve years of age and upwards, and instructing them in the care and use of tools and in the elements of construction, with abundance of practical work. For the necessary equipment of tools, etc., for this class, the sum of \$200 is required, and it is for this that we appeal to the friends of the association who are interested in this feature of its work. The above amount will enable us to organize classes in which we can accommodate a total of from thirty to forty boys.

If you think our object is a worthy one, please show your appreciation by sending us tangible tokens in the shape of dollars, to help it along.

A. J. PRZO, Chairman Educational Committee.



CURES DYSPEPSIA, BAD BLOOD, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY TROUBLES, HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS.

B.B.B. unlocks all the secretions and removes all impurities from the system from a common people to the worst scrofulous sore. BURDOCK PILLS act gently yet thoroughly on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Advertisement for AYE'S CATHARTIC PILLS. 12 oz. Cans 25c. Diplomas Awarded 1895. BEST BAKING POWDER. Best in the World.

Vertical text on the left margin: 74, N, NT, ETC., usual farm Black-bie, armed with the many thousands eyes, the winter quar- of Yale District, the mines to date, most important, too head of e is in, corporation in the farm, the new shops, running by Wed- meeting of the place to-day, various leaders, PIPPING, by Blow Detained ston" and, gale came as pre- sistent blow of the regular boats were on time, but this the storm along almost noon he- tered, and it was e City of King- rist morning trip broadside on to eral unsuccessful ock, but once her the wind nothing ers have cleared ese Coast. Each crew, and will no the weather mod- e Fortuna, Capt. e I. Algar, Capt. Umbrina, Capt. morning route Kingston has not e old mark. The much to the satis- ow, Capt. Sears, the British Col- ing Co., to tempt Thistle while the overhauling. C. Funk, which schooner Volant, dock at San Fran-

FASHIONS ALL AT SEA

EVERY WOMAN WEARS JUST WHAT SHE CHOOSES.

Order Garments of Every Kind—Capes, Jackets and Opera Wraps—Collars, Cuffs and Silks—Description of a Reception Gown and Bonnet.

Copyright, 1896, by American Press Association.

If any one were to ask, "What is the fashion?" it would be a very difficult question to answer. While there are so many different things fashionable there is really no possible way of classing them all under the one head of fashion.



NEW JACKETS.

wear just what she likes best and is happy in the consciousness that no one can take exception to it on the ground that it is not fashion. There are the latest little ripple capes made of very fine cloth or velvet, with mites of muffs and often a hat to match, and these are to be worn with plain tailor suits.

As a general rule jackets are intended for ordinary use, for shopping and the brisk walks now considered so necessary, but this season the jacket has advanced to the position of an elegant garment quite fit for any occasion, the only difference being the material of which it is made.

When you wish to please the children, have a soap bubble party. The fluid that is recommended for producing best results is made from an ounce of white bottle soap cut into small pieces and boiled three or four minutes in three-fourths of a pint of water.



EVENING AND RECEPTION GOWNS.

velvet or brocade jackets. These are lined very warmly, and will be considered quite sufficient for everything but the very coldest weather.

voice and a persuasive earnestness and graciousness of speech and manner. She has what an old Irish woman friend of mine calls "the repressive word."

The "Columbian Ode" made Miss Harriet Monroe's fame national. Previous to that her name had appeared in The Century and other periodicals over notably excellent poems.

Miss Blanche Fearing is a young Chicago writer of whom many good things are deservedly said. Personally she is a slight, graceful woman, delicate in feature, with curling dark brown hair and a very sweet and refined manner.

Frances Oriat Lewis is rapidly winning a wide recognition from editor and reader alike. Her name signed to poem or story arrests attention and deserves it. We are learning to look for it in the magazine and paper.

When Jumbo tried to butt a fast freight off from the Grand Trunk tracks in an effort to save the baby of the Barnum herd, Tom Thumb, and lost his life in the attempt, it was said that his action gave unmistakable evidence of reason, though it was poor testimony to his judgment that he so greatly underestimated the force of the locomotive.

Not since the higher education for women was first advocated has it received such a hearty impetus as has been given by the recent action of the Catholic university at Washington.

Old Bet had been bought on the community plan by a number of farmers of Putnam county, N. Y., at the instance of one Ludwig Bistadler, each mortgaging his farm and putting \$500 into the venture.

One of the newly appointed school trustees of New York city is Mrs. Henrietta Neylan, a self supporting woman of the best class.

ABOUT ELEPHANTS.

BELIEF THAT THEY ARE ENDOWED WITH SUPERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

They Have Mental Qualities Not Possessed by Other Animals—Interesting Stories About Them—The First One Brought to This Country.

Elephants never go to sleep without leaving one of the herd awake to keep watch and give warning in case of intrusion. Go into the big menagerie tent of the show any night after the elephants have gone to sleep, or go into the pen where they are kept at night, and you will find that, no matter how quietly and stealthily you have entered, the eye of one member of the herd is upon you.

Conklin believes, as do most all elephant keepers, that the animal can understand what is said to it. Trainers assert that it has more intelligence than any other animal, and that it is the only one that can be taught to mind by word of mouth, without other cues. That it is endowed to a limited extent with reasoning powers is certain.

Well authenticated stories of the sagacity of elephants are so numerous that it is never necessary to resort to exaggeration and to something interesting about them. In their wild state the leader of a herd has been seen when approaching swampy ground to extend one foot to try its solidity before trusting his weight to it.

The mother who forgets this is sowing what she shall one day reap. Nature knows what she is about, and these first months of the life of the future man farther toward forming his mind, his constitution and his moral nature than the mother who neglects him knows, and it is neglect, though the wagon costs a small fortune, the milk is tipped with silver, the maid asks high wages and the canopy and embroidered coverlet are the envy of all the neighborhood.

Where progress leads the way the church follows. The history of the world shows that invention, discovery, art, education and science have usually antedated religious interests in those fields, and in many notable instances they have been met by bitter opposition.

The first elephant brought to America for exhibition purposes was Old Bet, and it has often been remarked that the American circus was built on her shoulders. Different accounts fail to agree in regard to the date of her importation, which is placed all the way from 1776 to 1833 by different writers of old time reminiscences.

Old Bet had been bought on the community plan by a number of farmers of Putnam county, N. Y., at the instance of one Ludwig Bistadler, each mortgaging his farm and putting \$500 into the venture.

One of the newly appointed school trustees of New York city is Mrs. Henrietta Neylan, a self supporting woman of the best class.

THE CAUSE OF THE BABY.

Mary Kyle Dallas Champions the Weak Bits of Humanity.

From my window as I write I look down upon the very common spectacle of a baby in a basket wagon on the sidewalk.

From dewy morn until the still more dewy eve of these damp days I see him there, when I do not hear him there. For hours together, with intervals of five minutes for refreshments, he utters shrieks of what one might suppose to be mortal agony but that his family and intimate friends remain utterly unmoved by them.

At first I occupied myself by trying to solve the question whether he was exiled from his home because he shrieked so, or whether he shrieked so on account of his exile. Finally I came to the latter decision, and also that he was the type of a class that has great wrongs to redress, and that it was my duty to become his champion.

She has no model or drawing of any kind to work by, but goes on steadily, unerringly, using gouges of different sizes and shaping out her cats, dogs, wolves, sheep, goats and elephants. She has made these six animals from whole life long, and she has no idea of how to cut anything else. She makes them in two sizes, and she turns out as nearly as possible a thousand of them a year.

In one house, runs the account, we found an old, old woman at work, Magdalena Paldan by name. She carved cats, dogs, wolves, sheep, goats and elephants. She has made these six animals from whole life long, and she has no idea of how to cut anything else.

Another house Miss Edwards found the whole family carving skulls and crosses for the wood carving of Grodner. That is religious in its nature as well as amusing. In other houses there were families that carved rocking horses or dolls or other toys, and in still other houses there were families of painters.

Both orated, but in the particular art of after dinner speaking Tyndall was not the equal of his brilliant rival, and his labored and rather egotistical utterances contrasted unfavorably with the delicate phrasing of Huxley, who, by the way, chaffed him unmercifully on that occasion as being one of the goats and not one of the sheep—the goats who climbed the arid rocks, while the sheep, among whom Huxley reckoned himself, browsed contentedly on the rich pastures below.—Blackwood's Magazine.

When is a ship like a woman? When she is in stays." "By George," exclaimed Fenderson when he heard this old timer, "I'll spring that on the boarders tonight!" and he did. When they had all given it up, he exclaimed with pride and pleasure in his eyes, "When it has its correct set, that doesn't sound just right or so—no; but I'm sure it was something about corsets, and it struck me as pretty cute when I heard it."—Boston Transcript.

Happening to be a visitor in the Washington building recently and passing the old office of Cyrus Field I recalled the day the house was opened to the public. Mr. Field was extremely proud of it. He had invited 200 or 300 friends to a banquet on the roof and stood at the open hatchway to welcome all who came. It was late when he had never seen a man of middle age who had never seen Cyrus Field in his life and had not only not received an invitation to the banquet, but knew nothing about such an affair. He was merely looking around the building.

The horse shots of the mob indicated that the fell work was done. "Stole a horse, I presume," ventured the tenderfoot, gesturing in the direction of the deceased. "Bicycle," they rejoined, not without revealing the pain the suggestion of the other occasioned.

The end of the age was at hand and progress was spurring in the stretch.—Detroit Tribune.

Break Up a Cold in Time BY USING PNYN-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

Mrs. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my child of coughs, colds, croup, etc. It cured myself of a long-standing cold. It has saved me several times from a severe attack of cough, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rock, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have, my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts. DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Proprietors, MONTREAL

MAKING TOYS.

The Art Descending From One Generation to Another In St. Ulrich.

Miss Amelia B. Edwards, in her "Un trodden Peaks," mentions many an interesting visit to the homes of the working people of St. Ulrich, where so many toys are made.

In one house, runs the account, we found an old, old woman at work, Magdalena Paldan by name. She carved cats, dogs, wolves, sheep, goats and elephants. She has made these six animals from whole life long, and she has no idea of how to cut anything else.

Another house Miss Edwards found the whole family carving skulls and crosses for the wood carving of Grodner. That is religious in its nature as well as amusing. In other houses there were families that carved rocking horses or dolls or other toys, and in still other houses there were families of painters.

Both orated, but in the particular art of after dinner speaking Tyndall was not the equal of his brilliant rival, and his labored and rather egotistical utterances contrasted unfavorably with the delicate phrasing of Huxley, who, by the way, chaffed him unmercifully on that occasion as being one of the goats and not one of the sheep—the goats who climbed the arid rocks, while the sheep, among whom Huxley reckoned himself, browsed contentedly on the rich pastures below.—Blackwood's Magazine.

When is a ship like a woman? When she is in stays." "By George," exclaimed Fenderson when he heard this old timer, "I'll spring that on the boarders tonight!" and he did. When they had all given it up, he exclaimed with pride and pleasure in his eyes, "When it has its correct set, that doesn't sound just right or so—no; but I'm sure it was something about corsets, and it struck me as pretty cute when I heard it."—Boston Transcript.

Happening to be a visitor in the Washington building recently and passing the old office of Cyrus Field I recalled the day the house was opened to the public. Mr. Field was extremely proud of it. He had invited 200 or 300 friends to a banquet on the roof and stood at the open hatchway to welcome all who came. It was late when he had never seen a man of middle age who had never seen Cyrus Field in his life and had not only not received an invitation to the banquet, but knew nothing about such an affair. He was merely looking around the building.

The horse shots of the mob indicated that the fell work was done. "Stole a horse, I presume," ventured the tenderfoot, gesturing in the direction of the deceased. "Bicycle," they rejoined, not without revealing the pain the suggestion of the other occasioned.

The end of the age was at hand and progress was spurring in the stretch.—Detroit Tribune.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SOO PACIFIC

TORONTO BOSTON ST. PAUL MONTREAL NEW YORK

For information as to rates and sleeper accommodation apply to GEO. MCL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Cor. Fort and Govt. Sts., Victoria.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS To and From All European Ports.

Table with columns for ship names, routes, and dates. Includes Dominion Line, Allan Line, Beaver Line, and others.

Saloon fares from \$40 to \$90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, \$25 to \$40. Steerage, \$24.50 to \$27. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from \$5 to \$10 on each fare.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

TIME TABLE No. 25. To take effect at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 28, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Table with columns for routes (GOING NORTH, GOING SOUTH) and train numbers. Includes Victoria for Nanaimo and Ar. Nanaimo for Victoria.

For rates and information apply at Company's offices. DUNSMUIR, JOSEPH HUNTER, President. H. K. PRIOR, Gen'l. Supt. General Freight and Passenger Agent.

C. P. Navigation Co., Ltd.

TIME TABLE No. 27. Takes effect June 21st, 1895.

Table with columns for routes (Vancouver Route, Northern Route, Barclay Sound Route) and ship names. Includes Victoria to Victoria-Daily, except Monday, and Victoria to Victoria-Daily, except Monday.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager. G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. Victoria, January 1st.

Victoria & Sidney R'y.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Table with columns for departure times. Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

T. W. PATERSON, Manager.

BRILLINGHAM BAY & T. COY. STR. ISLAND BELLE

Leaves Whistcom on Wednesdays calling at Roche Harbor, Friday Harbor, West Sound and East Sound, connecting at Sidney with the V. & S. R. R. A terminus train for Victoria. Returning leaves Sidney on Thursdays, calling at way ports and making close connections at Whistcom with the Great Northern and C.P.R. Trains north and south, and with steamers for up-Island. For freight and passenger rates apply to J. B. KILLAM, General Manager, Whistcom. T. W. PATERSON, General Manager, V. & S. R. R. Victoria.

THE C

Rev. Mr. ELLISON candidate for alderman North ward.

The members of the number of about fifty the old year out and

Mr. A. E. LAFFERTY, of this city, hay marriage by Rev. T. J.

Mr. S. Perry Mills, of revision and appeal that tribunal yesterday school house.

The public market ring the past year while fees collected from peddlars amount to \$1,

To-day being New Year's Eve Mrs. Dewdney will be a very gentlemen who ma

The James Bay cond neers wish to extend compliments of the sea Anderson (a King's) plying so liberally on the the inclement weat

Dr. J. K. GARROW are were yesterday afternoon admitted to stand their trial assizes for the murder James. The two pris the provincial jail.

A MERRY welcome wa by the party of dancers year out at Bertram ha After the midnight hou full advantage of their legs—the first by the woman has been permit

W. F. LUTON, of W toba, formerly editor of Free Press and one of men in the Dominion of school question, is exp to the new school board the electors at the meet interest of Hon. E. G. P

The B.C.R.G.A. are a first-class mine she date and original. It w borate scale and a num known vocalists and promised their assistance go to the length of obtain ing for the band. Mr. Finn ardon have undertaken

The B.C.R.G.A. will discard the old Sider ried with Martini-Henrys, to the number of 690 ha were stored in the drill s They are of the mark 3 grade of the arm made, with the three cornered steel barrels and the effectiveness giving a very range. The new rifles w served out to the compan the Mainland.

There was a large att "National" dance give W. Hall last night by the the Forest, I.S.A.O.E. special features was the prizes to be present best national costume dancers. Richardson's vied the music for the e been arranged to usher in Many nationalities were the fancy dresses added a to the event. The Com Forest have always providing good entertain friends, and the large evening showed a full their efforts.

A MODEL of a ship ma Lund, of the Victoria fi is on view in the window drug store. The model the Australian passenger, and is acknowledged by on nautical matters to be She is a full rigged ship w all the yards and rigging leads to the deck per ocean going vessel. The are very complete and we in every way. The mod model crew of thirty-two stull arranged on the deck h his telescope, the third jib boom and working. The captain's wife, child law are also on the poop addition there are two p sengers playing cards, be of other figures. The sh to be entering Port Malho house on the lee bow, and be seen on logs in the wa rock round the lighthouse to prove what skill, perseverance can accom worthy of high praise.

The New Year was watch night services in a city churches, and in o services will be held. A politan Methodist church part New Year's Eve the children's annual. Stupper was given to the 6 o'clock; at 8 o'clock a and then at 11 o'clock a night service began, la bells rang under the bir Year. At Victoria W church a musical service Jesus," was given last ev came refreshments and t services. A watch night s conducted at the Centen social by the Epworth l choir occupying the ear evening. At both Calva Baptist churches midni prayer and praise we Saviour's church, Victo New Year's Eve service holy communion. The Sa watch night service wa tended, as were the s churches. A sun rise m was the first service held It took place at the Fir church as a good prep year which has just b O'clock this forenoon ser St. Andrew's and the Fir churches.

Will be found an excel sick headache. Carter's I. Trouns of a poor from used them prove this fact. T

IN THE FAMI Mothers, Fathers and Child praise of Hagyard's Pectoral cure for coughs, colds, asthm throat, quinsy and all throa

THE CITY.

REV. MR. ELLISON is spoken of as a candidate for aldermanic honors in the North ward.

The members of the Valhalla, to the number of about fifty couples, danced the old year out and the new one in.

MR. A. E. LAFFERTY and Miss L. Brunell, of this city, have been united in marriage by Rev. T. J. McCrossan.

MR. S. PERRY MILLS, judge of the court of revision and appeal, held a session of that tribunal yesterday at the Royal Oak school house.

The public market rental receipts during the past year totalled \$1,079.50, while fees collected from hawkers and peddlars amount to \$1,484.40.

TO-DAY being New Year's day His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney will be at the residence of the gentlemen who may desire to call.

THE James Bay conductors and motorists wish to extend their thanks and compliments of the season to Mrs. J. R. Anderson (a King's Daughter) for supplying so liberally hot refreshments during the inclement weather.

DR. J. K. GARROW and Harry Creech were yesterday afternoon formally committed to stand their trial at the spring assizes for the murder of Mary Ellen James. The two prisoners are now at the provincial jail.

A MEETTING was held on Monday evening at the Grand Hotel, at which the ladies took full advantage of their leap year privileges—the first by the way that the new woman has been permitted to enjoy.

W. F. LEXTON, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, formerly editor of the Winnipeg Free Press and one of the best informed men in the Dominion on the Manitoba school question, is expected to arrive this evening, and while here will address the electors at the meetings held in the interest of Hon. E. G. Prior.

THE B.C.R.G.A. are arranging to give a first-class minstrel show, bright, up to date and original. It will be on an elaborate scale and a number of the best known vocalists and musicians have promised their services. The proceeds go to the fund to obtain new instruments for the band. Mr. Finn and Mr. Richardson have undertaken the management.

THE B.C.R.G.A. will in a few days discard the old Snider rifles and be armed with Martini-Henrys. The new rifles to the number of 600 have arrived and were stored in the drill shed yesterday. They are of the mark 3 pattern of the best grade of the arm made. All are fitted with the three corner bayonet and are infinitely superior to the Snider in effectiveness giving a very much increased range. The new rifles will at once be served out to the companies here and on the Mainland.

THERE was a large attendance at the "National" dance given in the A.O.U. W. hall last night by the Companions of the Forest. The A.O.U. W. has the special features was the ballot taken for the prizes to be presented to the four best national costumes among the dancers. Richardson's orchestra provided the music for the evening which had been arranged to usher in the New Year. Many nationalities were represented and the fancy dresses added a pleasing effect to the event. The Companions of the Forest have always been successful in providing good entertainments for their friends, and the large attendance last evening showed a full appreciation of their efforts.

A MODEL of a ship made by Mr. Geo. Lund, of the Victoria fire department, is on view in the window of Cochrane's book store. The model is that of one of the Australian passenger sailing ships and is acknowledged by many experts on nautical matters to be most complete. She is a full rigged ship with double top gallant yards and all her running rigging leads to the deck precisely as in an ocean going vessel. The deck fittings are very complete and well proportioned in every way. The model ship has a model crew of thirty-two. The captain stands on the poop deck looking through his telescope, the third mate is at the job boom and working at the rigging. The captain's wife, child and sister-in-law are also on the poop deck, and in addition there are two gentlemen passengers playing cards, besides a number of other figures. The ship is supposed to be entering Port Mahon, with a light-house on the lee bow, and sea gulls can be seen on logs in the water and on the rock round the lighthouse. The model goes to prove what skill, patience and perseverance can accomplish, and is worthy of high praise.

THE New Year was ushered in by watch night services in a number of the city churches, and in others morning services will be held. At the Metropolitan Methodist church the earlier part of New Year's Eve was devoted to the children's annual entertainment. Supper was given to the young folk at 6 o'clock; at 8 o'clock a concert followed and then at 11 o'clock a solemn midnight service began, lasting until the bells rang out the birth of the New Year. At Victoria West Methodist church a musical service, "The Child Jesus," was given last evening, and then came refreshments and the watch night service. A watch night service was also conducted at the Centennial church, a social by the Epworth League and the choir occupying the earlier part of the evening. At both Calvary and Emmanuel Baptist churches midnight services of prayer and praise were held. St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, held New Year's Eve service at 11:30 and Holy Communion. The Salvation Army's watch night service was largely attended. A sun rise meeting at 11:30 was the first service held this morning. It took place at the First Presbyterian church as a good preparation for the year which will begin. At 11 o'clock this forenoon services are set for St. Andrew's and the First Presbyterian churches.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache, Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

IN THE FAMILY. Mothers, Fathers and Children all speak in praise of Hagar's Pectoral Balsam as the best cure for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, sore throat, quinsy and all throat troubles. Price 25c.

IF THEY HAD VOTES.

Would Not Aid Macmillan "Steer" His "Brothers" the Chinese and Japs.

Ald. Macmillan, Tenter for the Liberal Candidate, Thinks They Should Have an "Equal Chance."

If Chinamen could only vote, what an army the friends of Col. Prior would muster at the polls!—Times, Dec. 31.

The above appeared in last evening's Times, and is one of the smart Aleck sayings that have abounded in that sheet during the present campaign. The fact that Ald. John Macmillan had placed himself on record in May last as the advocate of the Chinese and Japs, escaped the memory of the Times editor. These are his remarks at the aldermanic meeting of the 6th May last:

"He did not care whether he was politically damned or not. HE CONSIDERED THE JAP AND THE CHINESE MAN AS A BROTHER AND A CHILD OF THE SAME GOD, AND WOULD NEVER SUPPORT A RESOLUTION THAT TOOK AWAY FROM THEM AN EQUAL CHANCE OF MAKING A LIVING WITH ANY ONE ELSE."

Ald. Macmillan is one of Mr. Templeman's loudest and warmest supporters. He was one of the number who signed Mr. Templeman's nomination paper. If his "brothers," the Chinese and the Japs, had votes, it is easy to understand that Ald. Macmillan would "steer" them to vote for his friend and brother, the Liberal candidate.

The matter under discussion at the municipal council board at the time was the class of men to be employed on the improvement of the water works at Elk lake. Ald. Macmillan, the Liberal voter, wanted his "brothers," the Chinese and Japs, to have an equal show with the white voters of Victoria.

DURING the past six months the under-mentioned friends has contributed much appreciated donations to the Old Men's Home: Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney, L. Dickenson, Mrs. H. D. Helcken, Mrs. George Winter, H. T. Williams, W. T. Drake, Mrs. F. Saunders, the Salvation Army, L. Goodacre, D. Chungnam, J. Parker, Victoria-Helmcken Brewing Co., C. Morley, H. D. Helcken, A. McGregor & Son, and T. M. Henderson.

THE Sir William Wallace Hogmanay social and concert last night proved one of the most entertaining and successful affairs the society had last year. A large audience turned out notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, including a goodly number in the garb of old Gaul, and quite a number of men from H.M.S. Royal Arthur. Chief Russell presided, and the following programme was rendered: Mr. J. R. Mackie, chief, sang "Scotland Yet"; Mr. Andrew Brownlie, "Queen of the Earth"; Mr. McClachlan, "The Highland Fling"; Mr. C. L. Douglas sang "The Laird of Cockburn"; Rev. Mr. Winchester addressed the meeting. Tea, cake and fruit were then dispensed, after which Mr. Barron gave a selection on the violin from the Royal Arthur, and Mrs. Hall, Miss Greenlee sang several very fine songs during the evening; Mr. Wm. Anderson danced the Sailor's hornpipe; Mr. Bell recited the Gladiator; Mr. Douglas sang "The Old Man of the Sea"; Mr. Myham sang, while Mr. Fraser gave a fine selection of Scotch music on the violin. The chief for the evening term, Mr. J. R. Mackie, was formally introduced by retiring Chief Russell, and responded in suitable terms. Chief Wm. Anderson was also introduced. At the close the floor was cleared for dancing, which was kept up till the "wee sma' hours yaunt the twal."

ONE HONEST MAN. DEAR EDITOR:—Please inform your readers, that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility. It was rolled and swilled by the quacks until nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp to Mr. Edward Lambert, P.O. Box 55, Jarvis, Ont.

TORONTO, Dec. 30.—Messrs. Shaw and Fleming were proposed for the mayoralty at the municipal nominations here yesterday. Other mayoralty nominees are: Hamilton—Stewart, Tuckett and Morris; London—Little, by acclamation; Kingston—Wright and Elliott.

WEAK AND TIRED. DEAR SIR:—I can heartily recommend Milburn's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion. For a long time I felt so weak and could hardly keep up, little thing tiring me out. I took two bottles and the fatigue and tired feeling left me and have never returned. MRS. E. CHURCHILL, Springfield, Ont.

MONTREAL, Dec. 30.—(Special)—The bye-election for Jacques Cartier for the Dominion house took place to-day and resulted in the election of Mr. Charbonneau, Liberal, by 576 majority. There is great rejoicing in the Grip camp. The effect of the Montreal Centre and Jacques Cartier elections will, however, help the Dominion government in Ontario and all the English speaking constituencies.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS Purifies, renovates and regulates the entire system. Cures, Cures, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Dropsy, and all the ailments of the Liver, Kidneys and bowels. It also removes all impurities from the system, from a common pimples to the worse scrofulous sore.

MARTIN FALLS FLAT.

No Reason Shown Why British Columbia Interests Should Be Sacrificed for Manitoba.

Protection Even of the Salmon Opposed by Mr. Templeman and His New Ally.

Plea that the Government Have Not Power to Offer Parliament a Compromise.

MR. Joseph Martin, M.P., who when Attorney-General of Manitoba for political purposes precipitated the school quarrel, and now as a member of the House of Commons encourages his Liberal friends in Manitoba and Quebec to keep up the strife for their possible political advantage, made his debut in Victoria last night at a "no cabinet minister" meeting held in Sample's hall, Victoria West. As a speaker he did not in matter or manner come up to the expectations formed of him.

Dr. Lewis Hall presided, and there were also on the platform Mr. Joseph Martin, M.P., Mr. J. D. Donnelly, Messrs. E. V. Bodwell, Hewitt, Bostock and William Templeman. The Chairman first called upon the opposition candidate.

Mr. Templeman told of his abhorrence of "coercive" legislation and his devotion to provincial rights, and said he would endorse in advance all that those to follow him would say on those points. As he felt that the school question would capture every vote, he would express such views on other matters as would influence those who did not think with him on that main plank in his platform. Having done this he thought that over the Liberal-Conservative line he should be able to find some reason for voting for him rather than for the Hon. E. G. Prior and cabinet representation. He indicated the electors of Victoria to express their indignation at the Conservative in the iniquitous yerrymander of Ontario, though he admitted that British Columbia has not suffered because of that act.

Then he again told how much the province paid to the Dominion treasury for the maintenance of the military and the Dominion expenditure here in that year, which did not come up to the contribution, and he asked what would happen supposing that this had been the case in the year 1895-1896, if he had not and continues to the end of the chapter (which it is not likely to do). He repeated the not very practical suggestion that if the Dominion government could give up the excess of revenue over the expenditure in this province the money might be applied in building the British Pacific Railway—what scheme, however, he said has "disappeared not to come up again till the next general election."

Admitting that he does not know much about the facts, Mr. Templeman complained that the Canadian government would not permit the wholesale destruction of salmon by trawls, and that he thought it was allowed on the American side, where the fish are caught in thousands very cheaply, while the Canadian fishermen are not allowed to use trawls, and he held that because the United States fisheries are showing such signs of exhaustion that the authorities have recently applied a tax on the trawls from the Royal Arthur, and Mr. Myham sang, while Mr. Fraser gave a fine selection of Scotch music on the violin. The chief for the evening term, Mr. J. R. Mackie, was formally introduced by retiring Chief Russell, and responded in suitable terms. Chief Wm. Anderson was also introduced. At the close the floor was cleared for dancing, which was kept up till the "wee sma' hours yaunt the twal."

DEAR EDITOR:—Please inform your readers, that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility. It was rolled and swilled by the quacks until nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp to Mr. Edward Lambert, P.O. Box 55, Jarvis, Ont.

TORONTO, Dec. 30.—Messrs. Shaw and Fleming were proposed for the mayoralty at the municipal nominations here yesterday. Other mayoralty nominees are: Hamilton—Stewart, Tuckett and Morris; London—Little, by acclamation; Kingston—Wright and Elliott.

WEAK AND TIRED. DEAR SIR:—I can heartily recommend Milburn's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion. For a long time I felt so weak and could hardly keep up, little thing tiring me out. I took two bottles and the fatigue and tired feeling left me and have never returned. MRS. E. CHURCHILL, Springfield, Ont.

MONTREAL, Dec. 30.—(Special)—The bye-election for Jacques Cartier for the Dominion house took place to-day and resulted in the election of Mr. Charbonneau, Liberal, by 576 majority. There is great rejoicing in the Grip camp. The effect of the Montreal Centre and Jacques Cartier elections will, however, help the Dominion government in Ontario and all the English speaking constituencies.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS Purifies, renovates and regulates the entire system. Cures, Cures, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Dropsy, and all the ailments of the Liver, Kidneys and bowels. It also removes all impurities from the system, from a common pimples to the worse scrofulous sore.

trial as establishing points not determined by their formal decision. He held that the formal part of the order of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has nothing whatever to do with the case, and that the Colonist should not have reproduced this formal part, which it did editorially yesterday, the text being as follows:

Her Majesty having taken said report into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of the Privy Council to approve thereof and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the recommendations and directions therein contained be punctually observed, obeyed and carried into effect in each and every particular. Whereof the Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada for the time being and all other persons whom it may concern are to take notice and govern their actions accordingly, as before. This formal part, he contended, really means nothing at all; because it is in every order. If, as contended by the Colonist, he had put a one-sided case before the people, it would be no other side; He claimed that there is nothing in the contention which has been made that nobody knows what the Dominion government propose to do by legislation, holding that the remedial order—only part which he read in support—makes this plain; and proceeded to state (which is not the case) that the Dominion government wish the separate schools restored on precisely the same condition as before. In conclusion, with equal impartiality, he described the Cabinet appointment offered to Col. Prior as "an empty bribe."

Mr. Joseph Martin, M.P. from Manitoba, was then introduced. He had been pleased to learn, he said, that there was to be an election in the city of Victoria and that the Manitoba school question would be the great issue here. Under certain circumstances he admitted, a member of parliament being taken into the government would receive a complimentary election from his opponents, but that the first opportunity British Columbia has had to hold such an election in this fashion, and he wished to say that Mr. Bodwell's address to-night was the best he had ever listened to on the subject. He could add nothing but that the Conservatives had called it a "most cowardly plan" to say that this question has been forced upon the Dominion government, and he proceeded to argue that the minority in Manitoba have no right to remedial legislation under the terms of the remedial order. He admitted that Col. Prior says that the government at Ottawa do not contemplate attempting to establish separate schools on the inefficient plan which they have insisted upon before 1890, but held that the law gives them no jurisdiction to act except to restore the schools exactly as they were before. He noticed a telegram from Ottawa which said that the remedial bill is going to be very mild, but he argued that the government have no right to introduce any measure which does not go so far as the remedial order. He admitted that the government papers in London have repeatedly declared that the government will not restore the inefficient system of separate schools, but he plainly stated that they will exercise the power of the government, and he held that because the government are in this spirit the electors of Victoria should by their votes declare that they shall do nothing at all in the matter of the schools. He held that the contention that the election of Hon. E. G. Prior as a cabinet minister would be interpreted as meaning that Victoria approves of the stricter demands of the British Government, and that they are in favor of the old schools as they were. He felt satisfied that whatever the government think of bringing in that they are not at all sure of passing it, and that it is to get the six votes of British Columbia that they have called Col. Prior into the cabinet. Unlike Mr. Templeman this M.P. did not deny that Col. Prior has been called to the cabinet, but simply commented upon the circumstances under which he has been placed there. He thought Victoria has a great opportunity on this question, and while he knew that there has been a feeling in British Columbia that there ought to be representation of this province in the cabinet.

A Voice—"Yes, for a long time." (Applause.) The Manitoba M.P. continued that because the government without any voice from British Columbia (as he heard in the Cabinet) has not attended as well as it might have to the needs of this province, they should not take steps to secure this great income now, but that they should wait until after the general elections. Because the British Columbia members did not go on strike for this five years ago, when the government majority was in the majority, he thought should not be accepted now, "in order that they can get the six votes of this province so as to coerce Manitoba." He made an effort to show that it is the duty of British Columbia to sacrifice their present interests on behalf of a quarrel of the two sections of the population in Manitoba, arguing that some time in the future the Dominion parliament may impose the same constitutional limitation upon British Columbia as was imposed upon Manitoba; this argument being based upon the allegation that the clause establishing the rights of the minority was put in at the request of Manitoba. He admitted that it was duly enacted by the Dominion and Imperial authorities, who he contended might by some mysterious process impose some similar constitutional limitation upon British Columbia without the knowledge or consent of the people of this province. He justified the course of Mr. Laurier in encouraging the continuance of the political strife upon this issue, and quoted with approval the Liberal leader's advocacy of still further inquiry after the five years during which this matter has been pending. He contended that it would be patriotic for Victorians to sacrifice their own interests to make difficulty for the Dominion government at present, and in fact that to elect a Liberal would be really helping the Conservative party of the Dominion. He dealt with the prospect that if Mr. Laurier is placed in power there will be "free-trade-as-it-is-in-England" and that "carriages will be taxed, and misquoted Col. Prior's remarks on this subject, to lead the audience to believe that in the story the

Colonel had told in illustration of some of the old world taxes, he was speaking against a tax on the carriages of the rich. (The fact is, as appeared in the report from which the case for the Colonist was inspired, that the story dealt with the case of a tradesman who having taken his wife with him in his delivery wagon, was fined £3 on the decision of the magistrate that he had used it as a "carriage.") This story Mr. Martin made the basis of a sneer against Col. Prior whom he represented as opposing "taxes on carriages and croses" and other levies upon the rich. Referring to Mr. Templeman's remarks on the protection to the rice mills, Mr. Martin argued that the effect of it is to permit Mr. Hall to levy a large tax on the Chinese, which should not be encouraged. Next he dealt with the fishery question, alleging that the result of Sir Charles Tupper's recent visit here was to make the fishery difficulties worse. He, however, unlike his friend Mr. Templeman, said that the protective regulations along the Fraser river are all right, but that there should be a different set of regulations for other places, whereby the fish may be captured by wholesale before they reach the Fraser. Then as another reason why Victoria should not have cabinet representation he told how the cabinet at Ottawa had pardoned McGreevy and Connolly (which makes it possible for the Conservatives to be in the same parliament with the Liberal champion "Jimmy" McShane). He told also how a man has lately been released from prison in Winnipeg, his term not being out, and Mr. C. charged this as another Tory outrage.

Mr. Martin denied, however, that the Liberals are mean. They are disposed, he said, to spend more money than they did before 1878, but they will try next time to have a wisely spent. He declared that as the debt incurred for public works is larger and the population is greater than when the Liberals were last in power, if they can only get a chance in office again they will split the difference between their expenditure in 1878 and that at present, "and thus save five or six millions annually." They would, however, raise the wages of mail carriers and laborers, but cut down the pay of all higher officials to the least they could get them for. They would, moreover, proceed with the development of the country which the Conservatives have commended in all parts, but they would use the money very wisely this time, in the interest of the people at large. He did not for a moment hold it out as a bribe, but he did not know where money could be spent with more advantage than in British Columbia! Mr. Laurier had been charged with promising improvements in all parts of Canada as bribes, but he could give the assurance that those promises are not bribes at all. In conclusion Mr. Martin told the electors of Victoria that it is to their interest to send men like Mr. Templeman to Ottawa to help Mr. Laurier put his beneficent plans into operation.

Dr. Douglas, of Assiniboia, being called upon by the Chairman, gave a brief address, from the standpoint of the Patrons, which was well received by the independent both Grits and Conservatives, believing it quite possible to have good government from either one party or the other. He said the burning question in the Northwest Territory is the trade policy of the government, and he gave an interesting address on this matter from a Patron standpoint. He spoke in favor of a special tax on millionaires, "absolute justice between man and man." He said the government officials everywhere. He admitted that the people of the territories are not greatly exercised about the schools in Manitoba, but rather pay attention to their own affairs, and that they can get for their wheat. He believed the government have a perfect right to interfere to prevent injustice under any statute, and thought it high time that notwithstanding any laws the government may enact, they should prevent the C.P.R. from fleeing the farmers. The Patrons, he said, are like the third dog at a dog fight, and hope to get the bone while the other two parties fight.

The Chairman declared the meeting adjourned, after a vote of thanks to him had been passed, and Mr. Templeman had been cheered according to regulations.

THE METHODS OF THE 'BUNCO STEERER' MUST BE PRACTISED ON HIM. "He must be cajoled into giving his political support. The Times flatters itself that it expounded the policy of the Liberal party in a manner at once candid and convincing. The advantages that would accrue to the Dominion from unrestricted reciprocity were clearly presented, and the objections thereto were squarely met and abolished."

"THE AVERAGE VOTER IS A QUEER ANIMAL, and let him remember that unless he succeeds shortly in getting rid of some of his superfluous obtuseness he will have none to blame but himself for the abuses which are chronic."

"THOSE WHO WILL READ THESE LINES ARE THE MEN WHO WILL ORGANIZE THE AVERAGE VOTER INTO A COMPACT POLITICAL MASS AND HERD HIM TO THE POLLS."

"The class who will read these lines may be described the 'vaqueros' of politics, and during crises such as we have just passed through, hold a 'rodero.' The average voter is 'rounded up,' and, with the exception of a bolt here and there, the herd, if the interests of the 'vaqueros' seem to require it, is driven rough shod over reason and common sense. Since, therefore, the homilies of the editorial column do not reach the man who would profit by their perusal, why should newspapers play the role of political philanthropists in political administrations and which day by day are operating to put him in the position of a panderer to tyranny? But to whom are we talking? Will the average voter address himself to the effort of reading these lines? No; he had rather listen to one of Col. Prior's solos."

"THE TIMES DISTINCTLY ANNOUNCES RIGHT HERE THAT NOT UNTIL COL. PRIOR'S VOICE GIVES OUT WILL IT UNDERTAKE TO MAKE A POINT BY APPEALING TO THE REASON OF THE MOB."

It may be no harm to state just here that Col. Prior's voice has not given out

DON'T BE STEERED!

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Annual Meeting of the British Columbia Fire Insurance Co. will be held at the office of Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street, at 8:30 p.m. on January 2nd, 1896. Manager, 62-21-11-10

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD KNOW THAT



Is a very remarkable remedy, both for INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use, and wonderful in its quick action to relieve distress. PAIN-KILLER is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Chills, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, and all forms of Stomach, Bowel, Headache, Rheumatism and Neuralgia. PAIN-KILLER is UNUSUALLY EFFECTIVE IN CASES OF BRUISES, CUTS, BURNS, SEVERE SCALDS, etc. PAIN-KILLER is the well tried and most reliable remedy for all the above ailments. It is always ready and never fails. It is sold in all the leading drug stores and is the only one of its kind. Price 25c per bottle.

TEMPLEMAN'S TACTICS.

"The Methods of the Bunco Steerer Must Be Practiced on the Average Voter."

A Key to the Opposition Campaign Policy of Falsehood and Slander.

The Purpose of the Telegraphic Fakes Which Have Recently Adorned the Times.

The Times of March 6, 1891, contains Mr. Templeman's estimate of the average Victoria voter. Just now, when compliments are the order of the day, it will do the average elector no harm to let him know what the managing editor of the Times, when he is not seeking votes, thinks of him. The picture that he draws of him is not by any means pretty and, as was said at the time, not true to life. After the general election of 1891 Mr. Templeman felt and expressed the utmost contempt for the average voter. This is how he described him:

"The average voter is the reverse of pious as touching his skill. He must be approached from other directions."

"THE METHODS OF THE 'BUNCO STEERER' MUST BE PRACTISED ON HIM. "He must be cajoled into giving his political support. The Times flatters itself that it expounded the policy of the Liberal party in a manner at once candid and convincing. The advantages that would accrue to the Dominion from unrestricted reciprocity were clearly presented, and the objections thereto were squarely met and abolished."

"THE AVERAGE VOTER IS A QUEER ANIMAL, and let him remember that unless he succeeds shortly in getting rid of some of his superfluous obtuseness he will have none to blame but himself for the abuses which are chronic."

"THOSE WHO WILL READ THESE LINES ARE THE MEN WHO WILL ORGANIZE THE AVERAGE VOTER INTO A COMPACT POLITICAL MASS AND HERD HIM TO THE POLLS."

"The class who will read these lines may be described the 'vaqueros' of politics, and during crises such as we have just passed through, hold a 'rodero.' The average voter is 'rounded up,' and, with the exception of a bolt here and there, the herd, if the interests of the 'vaqueros' seem to require it, is driven rough shod over reason and common sense. Since, therefore, the homilies of the editorial column do not reach the man who would profit by their perusal, why should newspapers play the role of political philanthropists in political administrations and which day by day are operating to put him in the position of a panderer to tyranny? But to whom are we talking? Will the average voter address himself to the effort of reading these lines? No; he had rather listen to one of Col. Prior's solos."

"THE TIMES DISTINCTLY ANNOUNCES RIGHT HERE THAT NOT UNTIL COL. PRIOR'S VOICE GIVES OUT WILL IT UNDERTAKE TO MAKE A POINT BY APPEALING TO THE REASON OF THE MOB."

It may be no harm to state just here that Col. Prior's voice has not given out

DON'T BE STEERED!

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Annual Meeting of the British Columbia Fire Insurance Co. will be held at the office of Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street, at 8:30 p.m. on January 2nd, 1896. Manager, 62-21-11-10

Navigators

Pacific

Trains

Ronto

Paul

Montreal

New York

Communication

Work

and sleeper

CO. L. COURTNEY,

40 Gov't St., Victoria.

Ship Agency.

TICKETS

European Points.

FARE

London, Victoria, Jan 18

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

San Francisco, Jan 25

Victoria

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

Wharves

The Colonist

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1896. Published Every Monday and Thursday. The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

TERMS: THE DAILY COLONIST. Published Every Day except Monday. Per year, postage free to any part of Canada...

ADVERTISING RATES. REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from every other kind of advertising...

MR. BODWELL'S SPEECH. Mr. Bodwell's eloquent and elaborate speech on the Manitoba school question is published in full in Saturday's issue of the Times.

more about them than Mr. Bodwell or Mr. Wade, who appears to be his authority. But admitting that those schools were not so good as they might be under the circumstances whose fault was that? The schools were under the control of the local Government.

minority in relation to education, which existed prior to 1890, have not been affected. As a matter of fact, the objection of Roman Catholics to schools such as alone receive State aid under the Act of 1890 is conscientious and deeply rooted.

Those who contended that the decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has no binding force on the Government of the Dominion will have to conclude that the following paragraph appended to the Report of that committee, embodied in an Imperial Order in Council, means nothing at all:

Her Majesty having taken said report into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of the Privy Council to approve thereof and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the recommendations and directions therein contained be punctually observed, obeyed and carried into effect in each and every particular.

INTERESTING LETTER. EQUAL TO THE BEST SWISS MILKS.

The Manitoba Schools Act of 1890 Introduced to Cover a Shady Transaction.

Mr. Luxton Explains the Truth of the Matter - A Nefarious Contract.

The following letter from Mr. W. F. Luxton, once editor of the Winnipeg Free Press and a prominent and zealous member of the Liberal party in that province, throws light both on the political record of Mr. Joseph Martin and upon the true inwardness of the movement which culminated in the introduction and passing of the Manitoba school act of 1890:

ANYTHING BUT A SLANDER. To the Editor of the Nor'-Wester: Sir, -The Tribune of a recent date makes the following remark:

Those who contended that the decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has no binding force on the Government of the Dominion will have to conclude that the following paragraph appended to the Report of that committee, embodied in an Imperial Order in Council, means nothing at all:

Her Majesty having taken said report into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of the Privy Council to approve thereof and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the recommendations and directions therein contained be punctually observed, obeyed and carried into effect in each and every particular.

WHY SUPPRESS THE TRUTH? The Times last night, with reference to the quotation from the judgment of the Privy Council contained in our article on Mr. Bodwell's speech, said: "Our neighbor might as well abandon the idea that it can becloud the issue by appealing to the second decision of the Privy Council, for that decision does not and cannot be made to conflict with the broad principle of provincial rights."

IMPROVED ACCOMMODATIONS. From the Spokane Spokesman. Captain J. W. Troup, manager of the Columbia & Kootenay Navigation Company, says that the new boat on the Columbia will be similar to the Nakusp, without the amount of passenger accommodations. It will be 160 feet in length and with a carrying capacity of 250 tons.

GREENWAY'S GAGE. WINNIPEG, Dec. 30. (Special.) -Premier Greenway left for Deloraine today to begin the provincial campaign. The Premier is confident that his government will be sustained by as large a majority as that they now enjoy.

AN EVIL FOLLOWER. Consumption follows neglected colds. Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, asthma, sore throats and lung troubles. Price 25c and 50c.



IT IS the excellent quality of the grass, peculiar to a certain section of Nova Scotia, that makes this milk so rich and good. The Truro Condensed Milk & Canning Co., Limited.

Granby Rubbers

Are out again this season in new styles, and in all the new shoe shapes, right up to date, but with the same old "wear like iron" quality that has always characterized them, because they are honestly made of pure Rubber. Be sure you get Granbys this year.

The Occidental Hotel

Corner Wharf and Johnson Streets, Victoria. THIS popular and well known Hotel was re-opened on November 15, under the management of Wm. Jensen, its founder, with everything new and bright. It will be conducted as of former years, aiming to make it homelike for guests.



Groceries and Provisions

- FRUIT. Currants, 8 cents per pound. Raisins, 8 cents per pound. TEA. 5 pounds M.M. (genuine), \$1.35. FLOUR. Ogilvie's Hungarian, \$1.35 per sack. PORK. Long Clear, 11 pounds for \$1.00. Long Rolls, spiced, 15c. per pound.

Revolution in Chewing Tobacco

TUCKETT'S T & B MAHOGANY IS THE LATEST AND BEST. See that the T & B Tin Tag is on each plug.

WHY BRYER CAN YOU DRINK THAN JOHN JAMESON & SONS' (DUBLIN) 'OWN CASED' Very Old BLACK BOTTLE WHISKY. Please see you get it with BLUE, PINK, or GOLD CAPSULES.

MEN OF ALL AGES may be cured. We treat all sexual disorders of men. Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y. J. L. Macrae, agent of the Northern Pacific Steamship Co., is confined to his house with a severe attack of lragrippe.

S. A. STODDART, WATCHES

68 1/2 Yates St. Continued from Former Advertisements. Stemwind Elgin B. W. Raymond, ruby jewelled, double sunk second dial, adjusted to heat, cold and position, warranted 20 years, in Nickel cases \$15 Gold Filled \$20 Silver \$19.

Eight day striking Clocks in Oak or Walnut cases, visible pendulum, from \$4 to \$5. Eight day Cathedral Gong Cabinet Clocks \$5; with gold initial dials \$6.50. Nickel Alarm Clocks from 70c.

NEW YEAR CARDS. And are now prepared with new, perfect stock to supply the demands in this line. We are also in receipt of a 2nd Edition of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush."

T. N. HBBEN & CO. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.

THE ANTI-ENGLISH BIAS. The anti-English bias along the coast of the British Empire has been re-proached the

THIRTY TRANSVAAL

Further Disturbance - Dr. Jameson the U... Feeling in German Britain - Ho... berlain

LONDON, Jan. 5. - has just received the sent by Hon. Sir W. Hutchinson to Mr. J. T. D. of state for the January 4, 1896: state that on the 21, Dr. Jameson arrived Krugersdorp. The Boers numbered 1,4 was repulsed, but Randfontein to F stood at Dorinkop of January 2 heavy, and the state artil Jameson was outn his men were us of them having f for three days. exhausted, and they render. Dr. Jameson besides the wounds that the total loss of the Boers is re and a few wounded. 15 Boers were unh d by Dr. Jameson were killed."

It has been an ope past that the Ch troops were prepari for the Boers. Prsident Kruger an the premier of Cape have no doubt that D orders from the latte government to have the public would have be that in the brilliancy faults of the leaders forgotten.

A large deputatio other interested in s ters called at the C evening for the purp government to take s the protection of the vices. Right Hon. J. main, secretary of stat replied to the repr the members of the that as far as co British government, thized with the griev landers, regarding t the government. M government had do More than this it of that the governm Before it was possi sations to the gov from any quarters the energetic fashion in stop the raid, and mischief. Mr. Cham clusion that the m ment proposed to ad ations under the con that they would con convention and all p From this position m could could possibly cede.

The disaster which Jameson is attribut the last moment, a government. Dr. Jame Johannesburg, who v and joined issue with Boers.

BRITAIN, Jan. 4. - T Dr. Jameson's raid has brought to the su feeling of hostility to of the disavoval of berlain of any kind ability for the step t son, little doubt is fe prompted in high w weighty terms of the are interested in a ed the minister of f von Bieberstein, and tor of the colonial g and spoke to them f the breach of interna an official note was s of Dr. Jameson's raid would be taken to n over, it is asserted on intention to land Delagoa Bay was ab receipt of the news of feat.

The consent of B asked for the trans Portuguese territory ment made on good Germany has already ment with France to advance in South A German volunteers, start on board a in Delagoa Bay in order At the New Year's palace, Emperor Wil his treatment of the Sir Francis C. Las marked that His M dressed a few words him sternly. On th Emperor's reception usator was met on p trusts congratulation pains to manifest the of intimacy bet the U.S.

The anti-English bias along the coast of the British Empire has been re-proached the