

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY JANUARY 2 1896.

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 10

THE WHITE HOUSE

NEW YEAR GREETING.

"Business Cannot be Done on an Advertisement Alone.
The Stock Must be on Hand to Back it Up."

WE HAVE THE STOCK.

HENRY YOUNG & CO'Y.

Clearance Sale

COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK

ON SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY, 4th, 1896.

OUR MOST SALEABLE GOODS MARKED DOWN AT PRICES NEVER BEFORE OFFERED IN VICTORIA.

KNITTED WOOL
SKIRTS FROM
25c UPWARDS.

THIS IS A GENUINE SALE

KNITTED WOOL
SHAWLS FROM
75c. UPWARDS.

- 42 inch Black Cashmere, all wool, Blue Black, 40c. per yard.
- 42 inch Black Cashmere, all wool, Jet Black, 40c. per yard.
- 42 inch Black Figured Cashmere, all wool, 50c. per yard.
- 40 inch Heavy Serges, all wool, 25c., 33c., 45c.; worth 50c. and 75c. per yard.
- 40 inch Black Serges, all wool, 25c., 33c., 45c.; worth 50c. and 75c. per yard.

Our Reputation for Good Serges is known all Over the Province.

SEE OUR WINDOWS FOR OTHER DRESS GOODS—PRICES WONDERFULLY LOW.

- Real Eiderdown Quilts, Best English Sateen Covered, \$4.00 each.
- Patchwork, Parisian and Alhambra Quilts, AWAY DOWN.
- Best Scotch Crash Towelling, usual price 15c.; 14 yards for \$1.00.
- Children's Best Wool Mitts, 10c. per pair.
- LACE CURTAINS**—You will begin spring cleaning very soon; why not buy your Lace Curtains now and save half your money.
- Best Cashmere Hose, 75c. quality, in colors, will be sold at 25c. per pair.
- White Beehive Wool, 3 packages for 50c.

PLEASE GIVE SPECIAL NOTICE TO OUR REMNANT TABLE.

But it is impossible to mention more than a few lines. Come and see for yourselves.

Bear in mind this is a genuine mark-down of our best stock. Mr. Young is on his way to Europe, where he will buy largely for the coming spring and summer, and our present stock must make way for the new purchases.

Store closed on Friday, so that we may give our full attention to preparing our bargains for your inspection. Sale commences at 10 o'clock on Saturday next, January 4th, 1896.

If those persons who live in the country and find it inconvenient to attend the sale, will send for samples, we will immediately forward same and give their orders as much care and attention as we would themselves.

Shopping by Mail Has Proved a Great Success with Us.

THE WHITE HOUSE

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Vancouver and Its Assessments—The Tramps in the Terminal City—Found Dead.

School Matters at Burgoyne Bay—Footballers Practising for Coming Contests.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Dec. 28.—There were very few appeals against the assessments at the Court of Revision yesterday, and these were adjusted in an hour or two by Mr. C. G. Major, who presided.

Although the Vancouver Relief Society has opened its central depot and all the streets at night are still crowded with tramps begging for two bits to get a meal; it is quite possible that these tough characters are responsible for the many burglaries of late.

The local football team are going in training for the coming matches with Victoria and Nanaimo. The combination is as strong as ever, and the assurance was given by each member at a meeting last night that they would practice hard for the coming important events.

VANCOUVER, Dec. 31.—The collector of customs declines to pay his poll tax, on the ground that he is exempt in virtue of the office he holds under the government. Police Magistrate Russell is looking up the law.

The case of ex-Sergeant Haywood vs. Alderman Queen, in which the local legislator was accused of using abusive language on the street, was dismissed, as there is no law dealing with such an offence in the criminal code. The police magistrate, however, thought the language used sufficient to provoke the blows received.

J. R. Gordon, of Connecticut, an expert in tobacco, says that the samples sent him of tobacco grown in Agassiz, B.C., are equal to any grown in the United States. Mr. Gordon's interest is so aroused that he will come to British Columbia to investigate the tobacco problem at his earliest convenience.

Sir Charles Ross bonded some mines in Roseland, and is in San Francisco trying to dispose of them.

Several days downpour of heavy wet snow is doing great damage in Vancouver, and has already destroyed a large amount of telephone property and seriously affected the street system.

The Dominion authorities have written that the removal of the Burnaby shoal, the erection of a lighthouse at the Narrows, and the putting of a draw in the C.P.R. bridge will have the attention of the government.

The Vancouver poultry show takes place on January 7. One hundred and seventy dollars have been contributed in cash and prizes.

Those holding shop licenses to sell liquor, claim that the council only has power to charge them \$150 per annum, while they are charging them \$400. They ask for a refund. Messrs. Wilson & Campbell have been engaged to handle their case.

A. Robinson has been appointed market clerk.

The council of Burnaby will carry over to 1896 \$1,050 and a large amount of collectable taxes.

A London syndicate with a capital of \$75,000 is taking over the business of the Texas Lake Ice Co.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, Dec. 31.—At a meeting of the B.C.B.G.A. it was decided to ask the Minister of Militia to institute a school of instruction in New Westminster, as the Westminster company were unable to attend at Vancouver.

Thieves broke into the residence of the late D. S. Milligan on Sunday evening and stole bed clothing and jewelry.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Dec. 28.—The funeral of Mrs. R. Spar, sr., who died on Christmas night from the result of a fall on a slippery sidewalk, took place yesterday and was attended by a large gathering of friends and acquaintances.

Rev. D. A. McRae preaches his farewell sermon to-morrow evening at St. Andrew's church, prior to his six months' leave of absence.

At the miners' meeting this afternoon important questions were discussed relative to the present amount of employment for each individual. The company had submitted a proposition to reduce the number of hands and thus find more steady employment for the remainder.

NANAIMO, Dec. 31.—The small debts court was again opened for business by Police Magistrate Simpson yesterday morning, in view of the recent decision of Judge Harrison. Wednesday being a public holiday an adjournment was made until Friday.

The municipal election of 1896 will be the keenest contest that has ever taken place in the city.

Arrangements have been made for a New Year's day Association match between the Nanaimo Athletics and the Wellington team.

A driver on his return from Wellington on Sunday night overtook a very old lady at Northfield, wandering in a bewildered and aimless manner. The driver picked her up and drove her

into town where he handed her over to the police for safe keeping and identification. With the help of a Frenchman who lives in the vicinity of Hiddle's store, the old lady was finally piloted to the house of her son, Mr. Regard, Dixon street.

At last night's council meeting three by-laws were affirmed, viz.: The election by-law, fire limit amendment by-law and Sunday observance by-law. On Thursday night the business of the year will be wound up.

KUPER ISLAND.

KUPER ISLAND, Dec. 25.—The following is the programme of the admirable Christmas entertainment given by the pupils of the Indian Industrial School.

The list, a long one consisting of twenty-nine different items, was admirably performed and is as follows:

Selection by brass band; address of welcome; "How to make a cake," recitation; "Peter Simple," song and chorus; "Visitors from fairy land," dialogue by the girls; "The snow brogue," recitation, Gustave; "Where is my hat?" recitation, Amelia; "Poor work don't pay," dialogue by four boys; selection by the band; "Kiss and good night," duet, Amelia and May; "Dispute among the seven days," Peter; "Here, here in the forest," song and chorus, by the girls; "The young soldier," recitation, Alexis; "The little gray mouse," recitation, Mary; "Come, follow me," song by the boys; "Practical joke," dialogue, Mary, Amelia and Lizzie; motion song by the boys; "My mother," recitation, Alice; "Old Black Joe," song, James, Peter and Gustave; "The old lady's advice," song and chorus by the girls; "The boy and the wolves," recitation, Michael; selection by the band; "Guess what I have in my pocket," dialogue by two girls; "A little speech," recitation, David; "How to be a gentleman," recitation, Gustave; "The Star of Bethlehem," tableau and song by the girls; "The old woman," recitation, Mary; "Military discipline," dialogue by the boys.

After Santa Claus had made his appearance and made each one feel additionally happy, "God Save the Queen" was sung.

BURGOYNE BAY.

BURGOYNE BAY, Dec. 23.—The half yearly meeting for the election of officers of the Island Union Lodge was held at the school house, Vesuvius Bay, on Saturday evening. There was a large attendance of the brethren. The result of the ballot was as follows: Noble grand, A. W. Cooke; vice grand, J. Vidler; secretary, C. W. Candler; treasurer, J. Rightingale; delegates to grand lodge, W. Robertson and J. Warnock; trustees, E. Lee, W. Robertson and F. Raines; warden, T. W. Monst. The minor offices being filled, and the ceremony of initiation gone through, the ordinary business of the lodge was taken up.

The school examination commenced on Tuesday, and was principally written. High school entrance papers were used, supplemented by papers set by the teacher. The result was most gratifying, an all round average of over sixty per cent. being attained.

ASHCROFT.

(From the B. C. Mining Journal.)
Under date of December 20, W. T. Sargent, secretary of the Slough Creek Mining Company, writes: "The weather has been against us and as a consequence we have not been able to make another start on the extension of the tunnel over the Nelson creek branch, but it will be started as soon as possible."

A nugget weighing over half a pound came down by express from Stanley this week. It is worth over \$100. It is a handsome specimen and was found in Lightning creek the past season. Among good finds Mr. Sargent, of the Slough creek company, has a handsome \$80 piece found on Slough creek near the mouth of Nelson.

Messrs. Veatch and McCrae, of the Cinnabar mine, Savona, spent a day this week in Ashcroft. About twenty-three men are at work, all but four being white miners. The mine is looking well, but no smelting was being done on account of the reports not being protected from the weather. Drifts are being run and the mine thoroughly opened up. The grade of ore is very high. This mine is said to be the only productive quick-silver mine in operation that is under the protection of the British flag. It seems strange that neither England or any of her colonies, except in this one case, should possess a cinnabar mine.

John E. Ely, now in charge of the Horsely Gold Mining Company's property in the Horsely, brings the report that McCallum and List have struck rich ground on their claim about 1,000 feet from the line of the Harper ground. They have a drift in the bench about seventy feet and from the inner end of the drift have sunk about seventeen feet to the date of Mr. Ely's departure. The extent of their strike is not known but the gravel is said to be very rich in the bottom of the shaft and the owners are jubilant. One hundred thousand pounds of the Ward pipe is now on its way to the 150. The riveters will be in about February 1, and the work on the Horsely company's ground will be pushed in under the direction of its inventor and patentee, Mr. Campbell, as early a date as possible. Some good work may confidently be looked for in the Horsely country next season.

F. E. Young, general manager for the Pittsburg & Cariboo Gold Dredging Company, has gone East to look over and test the machinery now about ready to be shipped to Quaselle for the new dredge being constructed at that point. He is interested in the small dredger now in operation at Mormon Bar, six miles from Lytton. He says the conditions are very favorable for dredging on the Fraser where he will operate, and his company have 30 miles of river bed and intend to have several machines at work within a few months of the completion of the one now building. If the new dredger does not pay for itself

every 30 days Mr. Young says he will be disappointed.

F. H. Lantz, foreman of the Montreal claims on Quaselle river near Beaver, was in town this week on his way to Alberni, where he has some interests which he goes to look after. Mr. Lantz reports work on the Montreal Company's ground, under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. Drummond, is going ahead in good shape. Some very rich ground has been found, and the company on the whole are very well satisfied. The cost of opening up this gigantic property will not be less than a quarter of a million dollars, but when ever opened up will be a dividend payer longer than the present owners can expect to live. It is expected to take two years to get the mine in working order.

CHILLIWACK.

CHILLIWACK, Dec. 28.—The following were duly installed at the Masonic hall, Chilliwack, on St. John's day, as officers of Ionic lodge, No. 19, A. F. & A. M., G. R. B. C., by V. W. Bro. Logan, grand chaplain: W. M., Samuel Mellard; S. W., S. A. Cawley; J. W., A. H. Gillanders; treasurer, A. S. Vedder; secretary, L. W. Paisley; S. D., Justinian Pelly; J. D., W. T. Jackson; S. S., W. F. Ferris; J. S., A. F. Lindell; I. G., Joseph Bromley; and Tyler, George H. W. Ashwell.

THE SLOCAN.

(From the Kootenay Mail.)
This camp is especially lively in the Washington basin and around Oody and Sandon, in fact the last named place may fairly claim to be "booming."

There is enough mineral on the North Fork of Carpenter creek to ensure the permanency of Three Forks.

Near New Denver properties on the lake shore are being bonded or sold, and several hundred promising dry ore prospects near the lake are to be opened up by assessment and development work next summer.

On Four Mile creek eight men are working on the Alpha, and Poplan & Webb are about to ship two carloads of high grade ore from the Fishermans claim. The Currie, on the Galena Farm bench below Silverton, is now opened up in good shape and is for sale or bond. The Currie, at a depth of 55 feet, shows eight feet of concentrating galena ore and being a crown-granted property would be suitable for a company able to put up a concentrator.

The Enterprise group, on Ten Mile creek, under bond to Mr. J. A. Finch, is showing up well, therefore it is almost certain that the bond will be taken up and ore shipped before spring. The Kalspel claim, also on Ten Mile creek, was recently sold for \$3,000, cash down, to an American company represented by Mr. Lardner, who proposes to put in several thousand dollars' worth of development work, hoping to make it one of the big mines of this camp. The ledge matter on this surface is 24 feet across and contains scattered bunches of high grade ruby silver ore.

On Springer creek, seventeen men are working on claims located last fall, and a twelve ton shipment of dry ore has been made to the Pilot bay smelter. Five tons from the Exchange and seven tons from the Howard Fraction claims have also been shipped. The ore is expected to average at least \$100 per ton.

Mr. H. P. Hancock, a general contractor and mining man from Helena, Montana, inspected this district last week and took away with him terms of sale on the Arlington, Tamarack, and Currie claims.

RUTHVEN, Dec. 30.—Captain McQueen in his steam yacht discovered a schooner sunk near Pelee island. He thinks it went down in the storm of the 11th instant and that all hands on board were lost.

Dr. H. F. Merrill

Results Astonish
MEN OF SCIENCE.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
A MEDICINE
WITHOUT AN EQUAL.

Statement of a Well Known Doctor
"Ayer's Sarsaparilla is without an equal as a blood-purifier and spring medicine, and cannot have praise enough. I have watched its effects in chronic cases, where other treatment was of no avail, and have been astonished at the results. No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. Merrill, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.
Ayer's Pills for Liver and Bowels.



Dr. H. F. Merrill

Results Astonish
MEN OF SCIENCE.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
A MEDICINE
WITHOUT AN EQUAL.

Statement of a Well Known Doctor
"Ayer's Sarsaparilla is without an equal as a blood-purifier and spring medicine, and cannot have praise enough. I have watched its effects in chronic cases, where other treatment was of no avail, and have been astonished at the results. No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. Merrill, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.
Ayer's Pills for Liver and Bowels.

SUDDEN CONVERSIONS.

It is amusing to see how free traders can become, when the exigencies of an election require it, the most rabid of protectionists. Although there is a high duty on fresh and canned meat some of our free traders of the other day object to the subsidy given to the Australian line of steamers because they have brought to Canada, purely as an experiment, a few carcasses of frozen mutton and a small quantity of canned meats. We did not think that ardent free traders like Dr. Milne and Mr. Marchant would be so quickly and so easily transformed into ultra-protectionists. The suddenness of their conversion must lead those who hear them to suspect that either their professions of attachment to free trade were false and insincere or their present zeal in the cause of protection is put on for election purposes. There are very few protectionists in the country who would sacrifice the prospect of a profitable trade with Australia and New Zealand merely because a little frozen and canned meat might now and then form part of the cargo of one of the steamers. It seems to us that these new converts to the doctrine of protection are a little too loud and too extreme in their professions.

ONE OF THE MYSTERIES.

Is there any one in Victoria, Liberal or Conservative, who can, to adopt the language of Mr. Bodwell, expound the policy of the Opposition on the school question upon convincing grounds? Has any Liberal yet said—and in this inquiry we include Mr. Bodwell himself—in clear, distinct and definite terms, what the Opposition would do in the matter if power were placed in their hands? We hear a good deal about the iniquity of coercing Manitoba, and we are told in thrilling tones to keep our hands off Manitoba, but beyond a few indefinite and ambiguous generalities we have not been told how the Opposition propose to settle the question. Mr. Laurier has talked about resorting to the sunny and soothing ways of diplomacy, and he has declared that he would inquire into the facts. This is all very fine, but suppose that the stubborn Manitobans should turn a deaf ear to Mr. Laurier's honeyed accents, which they certainly would if he asked them to give the minority schools of their own, or that the commissioners of inquiry give a report as unmeaning, as indefinite and inconclusive as one of Mr. Laurier's own speeches—which we are sorry to say commissions of inquiry are wont to do—what course would the Opposition then pursue? No answer has as yet been given to this question, and the leading Liberals one and all avoid answering it.

As we all know the Government of Manitoba have definitely and distinctly refused to redress the grievance of the minority. They say that there is no grievance to redress. In taking this position it is believed that they are backed up by the great majority of the people of Manitoba. It has been said that if Mr. Greenway and his colleagues showed the slightest disposition to come to a compromise with the minority on this school question they would be immediately repudiated by the men who have placed them in power.

Has Mr. Laurier, we ask, any means at his disposal by which he can change the minds and soften the hearts of the majority of the Manitoba electors? If he has, why does he keep it a profound secret. Will the people of Manitoba grant to Mr. Laurier, because he is such a very nice, sweet-spoken man, what they have refused to Mr. Bodwell and his colleagues in the Government? Does Mr. Laurier propose to abandon the question? Will he leave the Manitobans to settle the school question among themselves, regardless of the petitions and appeals of the minority? If he does it would be the easiest thing in the world to say so. If he did this there would be a distinct and a fair issue between him and the Government. He would then have a policy. But he has said nothing of the kind. We are surprised that the zealous anti-coercionists, the sincere advocates of non-interference, have not put this question to him squarely before now. It seems to us that if they were in earnest they would have done so, and would have required of him a simple and definite answer—yes or no.

Mr. Laurier has been beating about the bush ever since this Manitoba school question was raised. He has not taken a decided stand upon it. He has talked in such a way as to lead confident followers to believe that he has a policy up his sleeve, which, when it suits his purpose to shake out, will settle the whole difficulty in no time. Then again, he has given his hearers to believe that he expects some time or other to appeal to the Protestants of the Dominion to interpose in behalf of the Manitoba minority. This does not look like non-interference, but points to a policy the very reverse of non-interference.

We are not surprised that Mr. Laurier's uncertain attitude and indefinite utterances satisfy the Grits, for their

main object is to get into power, as the Dutchman advised his son to get money—honestly if he could, but any way to get money. But surely conscientious Conservatives who believe that Manitoba should not be interfered with will not consent to be led by a man who will not tell them where he is going. They should get from the Liberal Leader a clear and convincing exposition of his policy. They should find out from him whether or not he intends to pursue a policy of strict non-interference. If he will not give them a plain and definite answer it is safe for them to conclude that the cry "Hands off Manitoba," which some of his Western followers have taken up, is adopted for the purpose of deceiving and misleading them.

AN INDEPENDENT VIEW.

The Toronto Week, which is perfectly independent with respect to politics, and is admitted to be conducted with great ability, takes a common sense view of the Manitoba school question. It is evidently not partial to separate schools, but it puts itself in the place of those who conscientiously object to a school system which is purely secular. It says: "While Protestants, as a general rule, deplore the determination of their Roman Catholic fellow-subjects to insist upon separate schools, the larger majority feel that it would be impolitic, as well as unjust, to coerce them into attending schools to which they object, and we doubt very much whether the fanatical denunciations of the extreme ultra-Protestants find sympathy with the large majority of electors. It does seem unfair to insist upon the members of that creed being compelled to pay double rates, that is, in support of public schools, which they do not approve of, and at the same time support schools which their church requires them to attend. It is a serious concession for the country to be obliged to make, and if it could be avoided the large majority would gladly not have to make it; but as it is a question of faith and not merely of practice, we must bow to the situation."

The Week is decidedly of opinion that it would be unwise for the people of any province of the Dominion to attach undue prominence to this Manitoba school question which, after all, is of minor importance and directly affects a comparatively small number of the inhabitants of the Dominion. It asks: "Are the people prepared to allow those trade relations questions to be decided or disposed of by a side issue? We believe not, and we hope to see yet a sense of justice and of moderation and fair play exert a strong effort to put this vexed question of separate schools into the limbo of dead and forgotten issues. There are so many much more serious matters to write about that we must not allow our national strength and national good feeling to be dissipated in ungenerous sectarian disputes. If the energies and abilities of our people need exercise let our political leaders take up the question of the development of the Northwest. How shall our millions of acres be brought into the market? How can our thousands of inhabitants be made millions? How can we put our militia force into proper condition? How are we to induce the English people to divert their investments from rotten South American securities into good Canadian bonds and mortgages? The English financial papers are openly declaring that English investments are leaving the United States, and they are looking in other fields in which to invest their capital. We want that capital here badly. Every day this mischievous separate school agitation is kept up damages our chances of getting any investment whatever made here. Our enemies take advantage of our dissensions—they even fan the flame. Candid friends who damn us with faint praise now point in the English papers to these troubles and prophesy our inability to settle them. We appeal to business men and men who have something to lose, to interfere before it is too late and insist that their representatives give this question an immediate quietus."

There is a great deal to be said in favor of the Week's view of the situation. Every one that thinks must see that it will be unwise in the people of this or any other province to give such prominence to this question that other and greatly more important questions will be overlooked and lost sight of. If designing Grit politicians are allowed to use this question so as to divide the Conservatives, in order that they may snatch they spoils of office, they will surely wake up to see how egregiously they have been duped when it is too late to repair the mischief that has been done. If Laurier and his Grit fellow schemers can set the Conservatives quarrelling about religion while they look on and say nothing to commit themselves on the question in dispute they will be delighted. It is evident that "Divide and Conquer" is their motto at this moment. The Conservatives of Victoria are, we are pleased to see, too wide awake to help him to succeed. The citizens of Victoria understand their true interests too well to allow Laurier and his tools to throw dust in their eyes.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX!

Sleepy.

It is man's duty in the day time after a good night's sleep, there's indigestion and stomach disorder.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

By removing the waste matter which clogs the system, will cure all Bilious and Nervous Disorders, and will safely relieve Sick Headaches.

Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating.

Wholesale Agents, Evans & Sons, Ltd. Montreal.

For sale by all druggists.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

LOANS EFFECTED, RENTS AND INCOME COLLECTED, DEEDS PREPARED, ETC.

For Sale--1388-Acre Farm

ABOUT 1000 ACRES OF WHICH IS PLOUGHABLE PRAIRIE OF FIRST-CLASS QUALITY.

120 Head of Cattle, 1 pedigree Hereford Bull. 12 Horses, Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds, and usual farm implements. Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gents'), Bridles, etc. Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools. Nine-room House, shingle roofed. Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above. Stone Root-house, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc. About 7 miles Standing Fences, in good order, Corrals, etc. Small lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc.

THIS PROPERTY is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate; one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

THE TITLE is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

THE CATTLE are well bred. A much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

THE CLIMATE is not severe. The station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

THE SOUTH-WEST KOOTENAY AND OSOYOOS Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

For Sale - 20,000 Acres of Farm

IN CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS.

Beautifully watered, forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings; 2,000 head of cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed and most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

These localities are rapidly settling up, and as farm land is limited, great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to work these Estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

ALONE IN ITS KNAVERY.

The reader of the Eastern newspapers will look through them in vain for any expression of doubt as to the genuineness and the constitutionality of Col. Prior's appointment to a seat in the Cabinet. They all, Liberal and Conservative, take that appointment as a matter of course. The Victoria Times, as far as we know, is alone in its professed scepticism with regard to Mr. Prior's status. We observe, too, that no lawyer who has a reputation to lose, even here in Victoria, questions the power of the Premier to select a Controller as a colleague in the Government.

MRS. PRIOR DANGEROUSLY ILL.

It will be heard with regret by the friends of Hon. E. G. Prior that Mrs. Prior is dangerously ill, and now lies in a critical condition at the Jubilee hospital. It will not therefore be expected that Col. Prior for the present give to political affairs all the attention which otherwise they would claim, and the public will appreciate the reason for his temporary absence from the scenes of political action.

CHESS TOURNAMENT.

The tournament of the Victoria Chess Club is still progressing, the results so far being as follows:

	Wm.	Lost.
C. Schwengers	7	0
B. Goward	3	0
B. Williams	7	1
B. Schwengers	6	1
C. E. Clarke	6	1
R. H. Johnson	4 1/2	3 1/2
Capt. Mitchell	3	3
P. Wollaston	2	3
C. D. Aytton	2	3
J. Lawrie	1	4
P. T. Johnston	1 1/2	7 1/2
J. Barsman	0	2
P. Goepel	0	4
J. Sterling Floyd	0	3
W. Scoocroft	2	2
H. Kemp	0	8

A stimulant is often needed to nourish and strengthen the roots and to keep the hair a natural color. Hall's Hair Renewer is the best tonic for the hair.

A CUTTING REPLY.

Mr. Lecky's Answer to Those Who Objected to Him on Account of His Religious Views.

Mr. W. E. H. Lecky, one of the candidates for the representation of Dublin University, was objected to by some of the electors on account of what were supposed to be his religious opinions. Some of his opponents declared that he was an Agnostic and a Materialist. Some of the electors had, it appears, asked of Mr. Lecky's committee a statement of that gentleman's religious belief. To those who thus attempted to give the election a religious complexion in his speech on nomination day he gave the following reply: "There is one other subject to which I am obliged to allude, though I confess I should gladly have passed it by with the silence of contempt. I mean the persistent and systematic attempts which have been made to give this election a religious character, to raise a religious cry, to gain votes by circulating in every form attacks on the personal religious belief of one of the candidates. I confess that since Macaulay's scathing denunciation on the hustings of Leeds of the intrusion of such matters into an election contest, I had hoped that they had entirely disappeared. Were I to be asked on this platform any such question as to my personal beliefs as was asked of Macaulay, I should give the same answer that he gave—I am a Christian—and I would refuse to answer one word more. In England, indeed, such topics are very rarely introduced into a political election, and if they are introduced they are speedily repressed and suppressed. Here it appears that this is not the case. If a stranger who knew nothing of what was going on had come to Dublin within the last few days, he might easily have imagined that you are electing not a member of parliament, but a member for an ecclesiastical council at a time when religious intolerance ran peculiarly high. Very rarely, I suppose, of late years has there been an election in which the odium theologium has played so great a part, and I am told that it is notorious that a large proportion of the votes that will be given against me will be due to the employment of this weapon, and that it is upon it that my opponents are chiefly basing their hopes of success. I

do not think that this will reflect honor either on those who have employed these means or on those who have silently acquiesced in and profited by them. I have myself no fear that this method will succeed. The long array of distinguished clergymen representing all that is most eminent in learning, piety and influence in the Irish church who have been good enough to support me is sufficient to show how little its best and purest elements sympathize with these attacks, and I have little doubt that the disgust and reprobation which several distinguished clergymen have expressed to me at the means that have been employed in this election are fully shared in countless humble personages throughout Ireland. Some votes no doubt will be gained, but they will be purchased by a deep and lasting discredit."

The distinguished historian's opponents were well answered. Nothing can be more contemptible than to attempt to raise a prejudice against a candidate for a political position on account of his personal religious belief. The introduction of the religious element so-called is in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred as unnecessary as it is unfair. There can be no doubt that the great majority of those who cavilled at Mr. Lecky's candidature because in their opinion he was not orthodox in religion, were not fit from an intellectual point of view to blacken his boots.

AGAINST THE CONTRACTORS.

New York Tailors Have Determined to Establish Co-Operative Shops.

New York, Dec. 30.—The executive committee of the Brotherhood of Tailors has not yet decided as to the location of the two co-operative shops which they propose opening in a few days, and for which \$1,000 has been appropriated from the funds of the brotherhood, at the suggestion of Meyer Schoenfeld. Leader Schoenfeld is sanguine that the proposed plan will prove successful, and will eventually lead to the total extinction of the contractors. He claims a large number of manufacturers have already asked for estimates of the tailors, and at the same time have given assurances of dealing directly with the tailors in preference to the contractors. Schoenfeld has engaged sewing machines and other apparatus

for the equipment of the new shops, which he expects to be running by Wednesday next. A mass meeting of the locked-out tailors took place to-day. Speeches were made by various leaders.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Yesterday Morning's Heavy Blow Detained the "City of Kingston" and "Joan."

Yesterday morning's gale came as predicted, being the heaviest blow of the season. Most of the regular boats were prevented from leaving on time, but this was the chief effect of the storm along the wharves. It was almost noon before the Joan got started, and it was after 1 o'clock when the City of Kingston sailed on her first morning trip from Victoria. Being broadside on to the wind she made several unsuccessful attempts to leave her dock, but once her bow was pointed to the wind nothing held her back.

Another trio of sealers have cleared for cruises to the Japanese Coast. Each carries a full white crew, and will no doubt sail as soon as the weather moderates. The trio are the Fortuna, Capt. T. O'Leary; the Allie I. Algar, Capt. Colin Locke; and the Umbrina, Capt. Campbell.

Since taking up the morning route the steamer City of Kingston has not put her fares back to the old mark. The cut rates still prevail, much to the satisfaction of the public. The schooner Rainbow, Capt. Sears, has been chartered by the British Columbia Fishing & Trading Co., to temporarily replace the Thistle while the latter vessel receives an overhauling. The barkentine, C. C. Funk, which was out down by the schooner Volant, has gone on the dry dock at San Francisco for repairs.

ENTERED.

Str. Charming	from Vancouver.
"City of Kingston"	Port Townsend.
"Rosalia"	"

CLEARED.

Str. Charming	for Vancouver.
"City of Kingston"	Port Townsend.
"Rosalia"	"

"And you will never forget me!" asked the summer resort girl of her lover, the dry goods clerk. "Never," he said, absently; "is there anything more to-day?" Detroit Free Press.

Why the Duke of
to Encourage
Arme

The Rothschilds
Part in Issu
Lo

LONDON, Dec. 27.—
ford, in declining an
ing in the interest of
the ground that fun
long their misery by
in a hopeless strugg
"Nothing but
could extricate them
plight. We have ju
of war from the Uni
the change of front i
have been so sudd
if all England's r
required for an im
Europe. We can
President Cleveland
surprised to find
wholly on the side of
of the jealousy of F
ward England and
that any attempt
in Armenia is doome
not partake in any m
push the governme
fraught with so muc
The Berlin corres
News warns people
too much credence
sialia will support P
"The relations betw
English courts," con
pendent, "are much
under Alexander III
great affection of the
for the Princess
Czarina is greatly at
Under a despotic
personal relations ar
Russia has no reason
any increase of Ame
A Constantinople
Chronicle says
The Rothschilds have
to Turkey two milli
against a new tax of
case on petroleum."

A despatch received
Peterburg says that
ter for foreign affairs
Restovsky, in discus
of Armenia is repor
If invited by all
least three of them
Britain must be one
turbid province of
Czar must be assure
Europe.

Captown co
Times, with referen
foreigners in the
equal rights with th
the British and Ame
are supporting the
The Times says in
that it understands
decided not to take
of American bonds.

The general comm
can society will send
night to its members
"A meeting will be
Street hotel at 4 o
afternoon, for the pu
an expression by res
east hope and confide
all existing differenc
and the United Stat
iously and amicably

THE U. S.
WASHINGTON, Dec.
no more tariff legisla
house of Congress the
business interests of
been fearful that
would be disturbed
of the tariff rates
caused by efforts to
ley law or change
the direction of big
protections may
by the statement ma
mon Dingley of the
committee. Mr.
positively that the
not attend any im
now that the recent
house, and that his
was given irrespect
the revenue tariff bi
was successful in th
the president's sign

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

WASHINGTON, Dec.
no more tariff legisla
house of Congress the
business interests of
been fearful that
would be disturbed
of the tariff rates
caused by efforts to
ley law or change
the direction of big
protections may
by the statement ma
mon Dingley of the
committee. Mr.
positively that the
not attend any im
now that the recent
house, and that his
was given irrespect
the revenue tariff bi
was successful in th
the president's sign

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

WASHINGTON, Dec.
no more tariff legisla
house of Congress the
business interests of
been fearful that
would be disturbed
of the tariff rates
caused by efforts to
ley law or change
the direction of big
protections may
by the statement ma
mon Dingley of the
committee. Mr.
positively that the
not attend any im
now that the recent
house, and that his
was given irrespect
the revenue tariff bi
was successful in th
the president's sign

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

CONNECTICU
NEW HAVEN, Co
remarkable resoluti
United Ministers re
ing this morning.
ing a committee ha
draft a resolution
question, and it wa
personnel of the c
resolutions would b
tory of Mr. Clevele
To-day the
that it was too late
on the Venezuelan
man Smith, of the

NEWS FROM LONDON.

Why the Duke of Bedford Declines to Encourage the Suffering Armenians.

The Rothschilds Refuse to Take Part in Issuing a U. S. Loan.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The Duke of Bedford, in declining an invitation to a meeting in the interest of the Armenians, on the ground that funds would only prolong their misery by encouraging them in a hopeless struggle, spoke as follows: "Nothing but armed intervention could extricate them from their miserable plight. We have just received a threat of war from the United States. Would the change of front in American opinion have been so sudden and complete if all England's resources had been required for an impending struggle in Europe. We can safely assume that President Cleveland was unexpectedly surprised to find European sympathy wholly on the side of England, the English courts, the English and Russia toward England and the American threat that any attempt at armed intervention in Armenia is doomed to failure, I cannot partake in any movement tending to push the government into a policy fraught with so much danger."

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News warns people against attaching too much credence to reports that Russia will support President Cleveland. "The relations between the Russian and English courts," continues the correspondent, "are much more cordial than under Alexander III's reign; besides the great affection of the Dowager Czarina for the Princess of Wales, the Czarina is greatly attached to the Queen. Under a despotic government these personal relations are all-important, and Russia has no reason to be pleased at any increase of America's power."

A Constantinople despatch to the Chronicle says: "It is rumored that the Rothschilds have agreed to advance to Turkey two million pounds sterling against a new tax of two pence per acre on petroleum."

A despatch received in Paris from St. Petersburg says that the Russian minister for foreign affairs, Prince Lobanoff Restovsky, in discussing the situation of Armenia is reported to have said: "If invited by the powers, or at least by one of them, which Great Britain must be one, Russia would be able to pacifically administer the disturbed province of Anatolia; but the Czar must be assured of the support of Europe."

The Capetown correspondent of the Times, with reference to the struggle of foreigners in the Transvaal to obtain equal rights with the Boers, says that the British and American inhabitants are supporting each other. "The Times says in its financial article that it understands the Rothschilds have decided not to take any part in an issue of American bonds."

THE U. S. TARIFF. WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—There will be no more tariff legislation by the lower house of Congress this session. If the business interests of the country have been fearful that existing conditions would be disturbed by any new revision of the tariff rates or any uncertainty caused by efforts to re-enact the McKinley law or change the Wilson act in the direction of high duties, their apprehensions may be set at rest by the statement made to-day by Chairman Dingley of the ways and means committee. Mr. Dingley said very positively that the Republicans would not attempt any important tariff changes now that the revenue bill had passed the house, and that his opinion on this point was given irrespective of whether or not the revenue tariff bill passed last week was successful in the senate or received the president's signature.

CONNECTICUT MINISTERS. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 30.—A remarkable resolution was passed at the United Ministers regular weekly meeting this morning. At the previous meeting a committee had been appointed to draft a resolution on the Venezuelan question, and it was inferred that these resolutions would have been condemnatory of Mr. Cleveland's policy and message. To-day the committee reported that it was too late to adopt resolutions on the Venezuelan question. Dr. Newman Smith, of the Centre church, advocated an alliance with England to compel Turkey to cease the massacres in Armenia. As a result of this the following resolution was to-day unanimously adopted by the members of the committee: "Resolved, that we urge our senators and representatives in congress to secure the immediate passage of a resolution by congress, in the name of the people of the United States, pledging the unrestrained sympathy and support of this country to England in any decisive action which England may take to put an instant stop to the awful tragedy now being enacted before the eyes of the Christian world in Armenia."

NEWS FROM LONDON.

Opinions on the Venezuelan Controversy—Facts and Figures Regarding the Armenian Massacres.

The King of Korea Alarmed—The America's Cup Fiasco—Rifles for Abyssinia.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLES.

Crisis Between the Boers and Foreign Settlers Has Reached a Climax.

The Situation Explained—What is Demanded by the Discontented Uitlanders.

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 30.—The political crisis, brought about by the efforts of the foreign population to obtain an equal political footing with the Boers, has reached an acute stage. The exodus of women and children is increasing. All trains leaving are crowded and the price of food stuffs has risen greatly. All kinds of bellicose rumors are current, and the government has notified the burghers to be ready for active service in case of emergency. The mercantile association has formed itself into a town guard for the purpose of preserving order and protecting life and property. They will not take part in a revolution or riot of any kind, and have asked the government to supply them with arms and ammunition. Several leading mines are expected to close to-day.

President Kruger, in an interview with a representative of the Associated Press, expressed regret at the recent agitation. "If the position is aggravated many disastrous consequences are to be apprehended, especially in mining and commercial enterprises. The present attitude of the Uitlanders does not conduce to calm consideration of their alleged grievances. The government will give them an opportunity for free speech on their grievances, such as does not incite to rebellion, but is fully prepared to stop any movement against the disturbance of law and order."

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The crisis has been long threatened. The trouble, in brief, is as follows: The European and American reform party, whose members are known as Uitlanders, have decided to endure no longer the state of things by which they are entirely excluded from political power while bearing three-fourths of the burden of taxation, and out-numbering the Boers by three to one. British, American and German capitalists have provided all the money by which the vast gold and diamond wealth of the Transvaal has been developed, but the Boer government will not allow any language but the Dutch Government will not allow any language to be taught in the State schools, the cost of maintaining which is almost wholly defrayed by the Uitlanders.

After eight years' fruitless remonstrance and agitation, the Uitlanders have arrived at the conclusion that the existing laws and the system of government are incapable of affording them relief, and the Boers retort that if they dare to venture beyond the bounds of constitutional action they will answer with their Maxim guns in Johannesburg. The situation is distinctly menacing, but the immense money stake that both sides will have to risk in the event of war, probably will work for peace. A remarkable feature of the case is that although the majority of the Uitlanders are English, all disavow, and it is believed with perfect sincerity, any desire for the transfer of the Transvaal to the British flag. If civil war occurs and the Boers are beaten, the Transvaal will most certainly remain a republic.

The Times in an article, explanatory of the Transvaal trouble, says: "Equality of representation with taxation, language, law, the responsibility of the administration to the legislature, and the removal of religious disabilities, are among the chief of the Uitlanders' demands, while they desire to maintain republican institutions."

Professor James Bryce, member of parliament for the South division of Aberdeen, has arrived in England from South Africa, and he was asked for his views upon the situation in the Transvaal. He said: "There is a pretty widespread feeling of dissatisfaction with the existing condition of affairs in the Transvaal. Much will depend upon President Kruger's attitude. It is to be hoped that the Transvaal government will recognize that the situation is or may become serious, and the population of Uitlanders is increasing rapidly." Professor Bryce said that when he was at Cape Town, one thousand persons were leaving there weekly for the Rand.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 30.—The agency building on the Blood reserve, near Macleod, was burned down on Saturday night.

OUR OTTAWA SPECIAL.

The Speech From the Throne in Course of Preparation—Remedial Legislation.

Falling Off in Private Bill Proposals—Railway Measures in the Majority.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 30.—The cabinet was engaged until a late hour this evening in drafting the Governor-General's speech for the opening of parliament on Thursday.

The coming session is to be a regular one and private bill legislation will be proceeded with simultaneously with the government measures, the chief among which will, of course, be the remedial bill. This measure will from all accounts be of an exceedingly moderate nature. Indeed, the result of the recent bye-elections would seem to justify the government in proceeding cautiously. It is evident from these elections that the Roman Catholics are not greatly enamoured of separate schools, but as the minority in Manitoba have asked for them and are entitled to them under the constitution, the government has no recourse but to carry out the constitution.

Private bill legislation for the coming session shows a great falling off compared with other years. Notice has been given of fifty-eight measures as compared with an average of eighty-five. The great majority of bills pertain to railway affairs.

The Governor-General is taking a great interest in the Shortis case, which is now before him. The cabinet council, by a majority of one, favors non-interference with the sentence. His Excellency has taken the somewhat unusual course of consulting each minister.

CUBAN REBELLION.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—The queen regent of Spain, through the prime minister, Senor Canovas del Castillo, has called her profound thanks to the Mayor of Havana for the splendid manifestation of sympathy with the Spanish cause, which was displayed by citizens of all classes on Saturday last. Her Majesty said that she thought the meeting was a loyal and sagacious expression of the feelings of the people, and that she was glad to see that the national feeling was so united in support of the national cause.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—There is still much uncertainty regarding the movements of the insurgents. According to an official report they are in full retreat, and it has even been intimated that Gomez was making for Cienfuegos, in the province of Santa Clara, with the intention of capturing that port. But an announcement made to-day would seem to show that Gomez is still in the vicinity of Jaguey Grande, south of Colon and in the province of Matanzas. Lieut. Col. Perera, commanding the Spanish battalion, was engaged with the insurgents near Calimete yesterday. Calimete is not far from Jaguey Grande and is south of Colon.

The fighting is said to have been very fierce, and the Spaniards are reported to have sustained the fire of vastly superior numbers of insurgents, commanded by Gomez. The troops are reported to have captured the insurgent positions and obliged the enemy to divide its forces. The insurgents are said to have lost heavily. About an hour after this engagement the sound of cannoning was heard in the direction of the Matanzas plantation about three miles from Calimete, and it is supposed Gomez has been engaged with the Spanish column commanded by Col. Molinar. No details of this engagement have reached here.

UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Prince of Wales authorizes the publication of the following acknowledgment sent last week by Mr. Joseph Pulitzer: "New York, Dec. 30. To His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Sandringham, Eng.: "Your Christmas message of peace and good will was deeply appreciated and had an important effect. The reaction is almost complete. Conscience has obtained mastery over purse. The World thanks you for your wise and bold words spoken at so critical a time. It is also becoming to acknowledge with profound respect the eloquent and impressive messages of concord and amity received by the World from Cardinal Logue, Primate of Ireland (who cabled from Rome); Cardinal Vaughan, Archbishop of Westminster; Dr. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin; Lord Plunkett, Archbishop of Dublin and Kildare; the Archbishop of Armagh, the Bishops of London, Liverpool, Manchester and Chester; Mr. Gladstone and Lord Rosebery."

"It is hoped here that the logic of this unprecedented expression of kindness of Church and State may yet lead to the arbitration of a dispute, so trivial that it could remain unsettled for seventy years. Surely among all the scholars, statesmen and rulers of the world there must be one who, as arbitrator, will meet the suggestion of Lord Salisbury that he should be 'competent and free from bias.' The surest hope of lasting peace rests upon the enlightened moral sentiment which you have voiced and which we feel shapes the course of the government in England, not less than America, and continues the progress of civilization."

(Signed) JOSEPH PULITZER, "For the World."

WINNIPEG, Dec. 30.—(Special)—The following nominations for the legislature were made to-day: Lansdowne, T. C. Norris, Liberal; Minnedosa, E. H. Myers, Liberal; Deloraine, C. A. Young, Liberal; Morden, Thos. Duncan, Liberal; Brandon City, Chas. Adams, Liberal; Portage la Prairie, W. J. Cooper, Conservative, to oppose Hon. Robt. Watson. Five conventions will be held to-morrow.

Dr. Shields, an eminent physician of Tennessee, says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and I know of no other so effective as that by its use." Physicians all over the land have made similar statements.

HOLIDAY SALE NOW ON

Big Reductions on all Lines. Bargains in Christmas Goods.

B. WILLIAMS & Co.,

Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

Hardware Specialties

- Enterprise Raisin Seeders. Meat Cutters, Enamelled and Tinned. Dietz Tubular Driving Lamp. Sargent's Rat and Mouse Traps. Marty's Wood and Iron Planes. Miller Padlocks and Night Latches. Ship Augers and Bits, Chain Cow Ties.

Also a full line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Wagons and Farm Implements.

E. G. Prior & Co., Ltd. by.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS.

FAITHFUL TO SPAIN.

Demonstration of Loyalists in Cuba—The Captain General Enthusiastically Feted.

General Campos Says His Mind is No Longer Gloomy as to the Future.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—Sunday night's demonstration of political parties in honor of Campos proved the grandest popular outburst of sympathy toward the Spanish cause that has ever taken place in Havana. Conservatives, Autonomists, Reformists, Spaniards, Cubans, men, women and everybody united in a great brotherhood. About 40,000 people in all took part in the demonstration. The procession started at Central park, and took its course up Obispo to the Plaza de Armas. In front of the palace of Gen. Campos a committee went up to give the general greeting, and Senor Santos Guzman, of the Union Constitutional, spoke on behalf of the Conservatives as follows: "Our party reassures you of their unconditional support when it is necessary. The entire country is represented here in the palace to-night. We protest against the revolution, backed by many of the foreigners and by many Cuban bandits, and we are not disposed to be ruined by a tendency toward the rule of barbarism."

Gen. Campos answered as follows: "What can I reply to the noble words of Senor Guzman in behalf of the three parties? I congratulate myself upon the unity of the political parties, and entreat you not to forget at this moment assuredly the standard of our future doings. The danger that threatens us is more show than real, because the genuine Cubans will forever remain under the glorious banner of the civilized discoverer of America. "I do not deny that my mind was gloomy a few days ago at Matanzas, when I saw the flames come even to our horses' hoofs. I do not deny my great sorrow when I saw this momentary setback. If the enemy had attempted to resist there would have been a cruel punishment meted out for their execrable crimes. "In view of the behavior of the rebels, I decided to return to Havana to conduct operations from here. But, gentlemen, I was disheartened at the thought that I had fallen under your displeasure. But upon arriving here I saw that I was assured of your unconditional support, which brought me ease of mind. I am, therefore, compelled to persevere, as I have always done, in the love of my country."

Gen. Campos was acclaimed in and outside of the palace, and had to make his appearance on the balconies while the spectators were frantically shouting "Viva Espana; viva Campos." In returning his thanks to the people, Gen. Campos said: "Your demonstration in my honor is a proof of your love towards Spain, and I protest against the vandal deeds of those who, in the name of liberty and independence, desolate this beautiful and wealthy island, which is not even the land where they were born. In the presence of this glorious demonstration, I feel proud that I was president of the council by which liberty to the negroes was sanctioned, because that law equalizes all who are brought up under the glorious Castilian banners. Thanks to you in the name of Spain, of our virtuous queen and of the king."

The address was followed by more shouts of "Viva Espana" and great and prolonged cheering. The different party leaders all signed a message, which was sent to Senor Canovas del Castillo, the Spanish premier, giving a description of the successful meeting and demonstration.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—A column commanded by Gen. Tejeira had had an engagement and taken strong positions held by the insurgents at San Prudencio, in the province of Santiago. The insurgents left on the field nine killed and carried away numerous wounded. Of the troops three were killed and ten wounded.

Winnipeg, Dec. 30.—(Special)—The following nominations for the legislature were made to-day: Lansdowne, T. C. Norris, Liberal; Minnedosa, E. H. Myers, Liberal; Deloraine, C. A. Young, Liberal; Morden, Thos. Duncan, Liberal; Brandon City, Chas. Adams, Liberal; Portage la Prairie, W. J. Cooper, Conservative, to oppose Hon. Robt. Watson. Five conventions will be held to-morrow.

Dr. Shields, an eminent physician of Tennessee, says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and I know of no other so effective as that by its use." Physicians all over the land have made similar statements.

WATER BAKING POWDER. 12oz. Cans 25c. Diplomas Awarded 1895. Best in the World.

BURDOCK'S BLOOD BITTERS. CURES DYSPEPSIA, BAD BLOOD, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY TROUBLES, HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS.

Vertical text on the left margin containing various fragments and advertisements.

FASHIONS ALL AT SEA

EVERY WOMAN WEARS JUST WHAT SHE CHOOSES.

Order Garments of Every Kind—Capes, Jackets and Opera Wraps—Collars, Cuffs and Silks—Description of a Reception Gown and Bonnet.

Copyright, 1896, by American Press Association

If any one were to ask, "What is the fashion?" it would be a very difficult question to answer. While there are so many different things fashionable there is really no possible way of classing them all under the one head of fashion.



NEW JACKETS.

wear just what she likes best and is happy in the consciousness that no one can take exception to it on the ground that it is not fashion. There are the latest little ripples in the sea of fashion, fine cloth or velvet, with mites of muffs and often a hat to match, and these are to be worn with plain tailor suits.

As a general rule jackets are intended for ordinary use, for shopping and the brisk walks now considered so necessary, but this season the jacket has advanced to the position of an elegant garment quite fit for any occasion, the only difference being the material of which it is made.

When you wish to please the children, have a soap bubble party. The fluid that is recommended for producing best results is made from an ounce of white bottle soap cut into small pieces and boiled three or four minutes in three-fourths of a pint of water.



EVENING AND RECEPTION GOWNS.

velvet or brocade jackets. These are lined very warmly, and will be considered quite sufficient for everything but the very coldest weather.

voice and a persuasive earnestness and graciousness of speech and manner.

She has what an Irish woman friend of mine calls "the repressive word."

The "Columbian Ode" made Miss Harriet Monroe's fame national. Previous to that her name had appeared in The Century and other periodicals over notably excellent poems.

Miss Blanche Fearing is a young Chicago writer of whom many good things are deservedly said. Personally she is a slight, graceful woman, delicate in feature, with curling dark brown hair and a very sweet and refined manner.

Frances Oriat Lewis is rapidly winning a wide recognition from editor and reader alike. Her name signed to poem or story arrests attention and deserves it. We are learning to look for it in the magazine and paper.

When Jumbo tried to butt a fast freight off from the Grand Trunk tracks in an effort to save the baby of the Barnum herd, Tom Thumb, and lost his life in the attempt, it was said that his action gave unmistakable evidence of reason, though it was poor testimony to his judgment that he so greatly underestimated the force of the locomotive.

Not since the higher education for women was first advocated has it received such a significant impetus as has been given by the recent action of the Catholic university at Washington.

How to Make Custard For Invalids. A delicate invalid custard is made as follows: Beat up 2 eggs, mix in half pint of milk, sugar to taste and some vanilla, lemon or nutmeg flavoring.

Starch In the Bath Water. If one may believe all one reads in The Court Journal, the women of Paris put starch in the water to soften it.

A Successful Business Woman. One of the newly appointed school trustees of New York city is Mrs. Henrietta Neylan, a self supporting woman of the best class.

ABOUT ELEPHANTS.

BELIEF THAT THEY ARE ENDOWED WITH SUPERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

They Have Mental Qualities Not Possessed by Other Animals—Interesting Stories About Them—The First One Brought to This Country.

Elephants never go to sleep without leaving one of the herd awake to keep watch and give warning in case of intrusion. Go into the big menagerie tent of the show any night after the elephants have gone to sleep, or go into pens where they are kept at night, and you will find that, no matter how quietly and stealthily you have entered, the eye of one member of the herd is upon you.

Conklin believes, as do most all elephant keepers, that the animal can understand what is said to it. Trainers assert that it has more intelligence than any other animal, and that it is the only one that can be taught to mind by word of mouth, without other cues. That it is endowed to a limited extent with reasoning powers is certain.

Well authenticated stories of the sagacity of elephants are so numerous that it is never necessary to resort to exaggeration and to something interesting about them. In their wild state the leader of a herd has been seen when approaching swampy ground to extend one foot to try its solidity before trusting his weight to it.

The mother who forgets this is sowing what she shall one day reap. Nature knows what she is about, and these first months of the life of the future man farther toward forming his mind, his constitution and his moral nature than the mother who neglects him knows, and it is neglect, though the wagon costs a small fortune, the milk is tipped with silver, the maid asks high wages and the canopy and embroidered coverlet are the envy of all the neighborhood.

EDUCATION OF WOMEN.

Where progress leads the way the church follows. The history of the world shows that invention, discovery, art, education and science have usually antedated religious interests in those fields, and in many notable instances they have been met by bitter opposition.

Old Bet had been bought on the community plan by a number of farmers of Putnam county, N. Y., at the instance of one Ludwig Bistadler, each mortgaging his farm and putting \$500 into the venture. They exhibited her under wagon sheds at hotels by putting a piece of side canvas up in front of the shed.

Intellect are among the strongest bulwarks of democratic institutions, and extended to all alike the nation which enjoys such conditions must inevitably become the greatest on earth. We are a long way from the savage. We are an equally long way from the ideal civilization of the future.

THE CAUSE OF THE BABY.

Mary Kyle Dallas Champions the Weak Bits of Humanity.

From my window as I write I look down upon the very common spectacle of a baby in a basket wagon on the sidewalk.

From dewy morn until the still more dewy eve of these damp days I see him there, when I do not hear him there. For hours together, with intervals of five minutes for refreshments, he utters shrieks of what one might suppose to be mortal agony but that his family and intimate friends remain utterly unmoved by them.

At first I occupied myself by trying to solve the question whether he was exiled from his home because he shrieked so, or whether he shrieked so on account of the letter decision, and also that he was the type of a class that has great wrongs to redress, and that it was my duty to become his champion.

Another house Miss Edwards found the whole family carving skulls and crossbones for fixing at the bases of crucifixes, for the wood carving of Grodner Thal is religious in its nature as well as amusing. In other houses there were families that carved rocking horses or dolls or other toys, and in still other houses there were families of painters.

Both orated, but in the particular art of after dinner speaking Tyndall was not the equal of his brilliant rival, and his labored and rather egotistical utterances contrasted unfavorably with the delicate phraseage of Huxley, who, by the way, chaffed him unmercifully on that occasion as being one of the goats and not one of the sheep—the goats who climbed the arid rocks, while the sheep, among whom Huxley reckoned himself, browsed contentedly on the rich pastures below.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Got It Mixed.

"When is a ship like a woman? When she is in stays." "By George," exclaimed Fenderson when he heard this old timer, "I'll spring that on the boarders tonight!" and he did. When they had all given it up, he exclaimed with pride and pleasure in his eyes, "When it has its correct one—no; that doesn't sound just right either. But I'm sure it was something about corsets, and it struck me as pretty cute when I heard it."—Boston Transcript.

Cyrus Field as a Host.

Happening to be a visitor in the Washington building recently and passing the old office of Cyrus Field I recalled the day the house was opened to the public. Mr. Field was extremely proud of it. He had invited 200 or 300 friends to a banquet on the roof and stood at the open hatchway to welcome all who came. It was late when he had never seen a man of middle age who had never seen Cyrus Field in his life and had not only not received an invitation to the banquet, but knew nothing about such an affair. He was merely looking around the building.

The New Vigilantes.

The hoarse shouts of the mob indicated that the fell work was done. "Stole a horse, I presume," ventured the tenderfoot, gesturing in the direction of the deceased. "Bicycle," they rejoined, not without revealing the pain the suggestion of the other occasioned. The end of the age was at hand and progress was spurning in the stretch.—Detroit Tribune.

Break Up a Cold in Time BY USING PNYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

Mrs. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "PNYNY-PECTORAL has never failed to cure my child of coughs, colds, croup, etc. It cured myself of a long-continued cold. It has saved me several times from a severe attack of cough, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rock, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs PNYNY-PECTORAL is the best selling medicine I have, my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts. DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Proprietors, MONTREAL

MAKING TOYS.

The Art Descending From One Generation to Another In St. Ulrich.

Miss Amelia B. Edwards, in her "Un trodden Peaks," mentions many an interesting visit to the homes of the working people of St. Ulrich, where so many toys are made.

In one house, runs the account, we found an old, old woman at work, Magdalena Paldan by name. She carved beads, dogs, wolves, sheep, goats and elephants. She has made these six animals for her whole life long, and she has no idea of how to cut anything else. She makes them in two sizes, and she turns out as nearly as possible a thousand of them a year.

She has no model or drawing of any kind to work by, but goes on steadily, unerringly, using gouges of different sizes and shaping out her cats, dogs, wolves, sheep, goats and elephants with an easy I ask for what she thinks God gave her ample bosom, her broad lap, her soft arms but for that baby who has a born claim to them and who is robbed of his birthright by being dumped upon his back into that wagon, unable to change his own position or tell what hurts him, his spine overheated, his little limbs chilled; Can she not give to her man-child a few months of care? Is she less alive to the joys of maternity than a cat or a cow?

Another house Miss Edwards found the whole family carving skulls and crossbones for fixing at the bases of crucifixes, for the wood carving of Grodner Thal is religious in its nature as well as amusing. In other houses there were families that carved rocking horses or dolls or other toys, and in still other houses there were families of painters.

Both orated, but in the particular art of after dinner speaking Tyndall was not the equal of his brilliant rival, and his labored and rather egotistical utterances contrasted unfavorably with the delicate phraseage of Huxley, who, by the way, chaffed him unmercifully on that occasion as being one of the goats and not one of the sheep—the goats who climbed the arid rocks, while the sheep, among whom Huxley reckoned himself, browsed contentedly on the rich pastures below.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Got It Mixed.

"When is a ship like a woman? When she is in stays." "By George," exclaimed Fenderson when he heard this old timer, "I'll spring that on the boarders tonight!" and he did. When they had all given it up, he exclaimed with pride and pleasure in his eyes, "When it has its correct one—no; that doesn't sound just right either. But I'm sure it was something about corsets, and it struck me as pretty cute when I heard it."—Boston Transcript.

Cyrus Field as a Host.

Happening to be a visitor in the Washington building recently and passing the old office of Cyrus Field I recalled the day the house was opened to the public. Mr. Field was extremely proud of it. He had invited 200 or 300 friends to a banquet on the roof and stood at the open hatchway to welcome all who came. It was late when he had never seen a man of middle age who had never seen Cyrus Field in his life and had not only not received an invitation to the banquet, but knew nothing about such an affair. He was merely looking around the building.

The New Vigilantes.

The hoarse shouts of the mob indicated that the fell work was done. "Stole a horse, I presume," ventured the tenderfoot, gesturing in the direction of the deceased. "Bicycle," they rejoined, not without revealing the pain the suggestion of the other occasioned. The end of the age was at hand and progress was spurning in the stretch.—Detroit Tribune.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SOO PACIFIC

RUNNING THROUGH TRAINS

TORONTO... BOSTON... ST. PAUL... MONTREAL... NEW YORK.

And all Eastern points. Direct communication with all Atlantic Steamers.

For information as to rates and sleeper accommodation apply to GEO. MCL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Cor. Fort and Govt. Sts., Victoria.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS To and From All European Ports.

Table with columns for ship names, routes, and dates. Includes Dominion Line, Allan Line, Beaver Line, and others.

Saloon fares from \$40 to \$90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, \$25 to \$40. Steerage, \$24.50 to \$27. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from \$5 to \$10 on each fare.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

TIME TABLE No. 25. To take effect at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 28, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Table with columns for routes (GOING NORTH, GOING SOUTH), ship names, and times.

C. P. Navigation Co., Ltd.

TIME TABLE No. 27. Takes effect June 21st, 1895.

Table with columns for routes (Vancouver Route, Northern Route, Barclay Sound Route), ship names, and times.

Victoria & Sidney R'y.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Table with columns for departure times for Victoria and Sidney.

T. W. PATERSON, Manager.

BRILLINGHAM BAY & T. CO.'S STR. ISLAND BELLE

Leaves Whistcon on Wednesdays calling at Roche Harbor, Friday Harbor, West Sound and East Sound, connecting at Sidney with the V. & S. R. R. a terminus train for Victoria.

THE C

Rev. Mr. ELLISON candidate for alderman North ward.

The members of the number of about fifty the old year out and the

Mr. A. E. LAFFERTY, of this city, has marriage by Rev. T. J.

Mr. S. Perry Mills, of revision and appeal that tribunal yesterday school house.

The public market ring the past year while fees collected from peddlars amount to \$1,

To-day being New Honors the Lieutenant Mrs. Dewdney will be a young gentlemen who ma

The James Bay court needs wish to extend compliments of the sea Anderson (a King's) playing so liberally on the public market

Dr. J. K. GARROW are were yesterday afternoon admitted to stand their trial assizes for the murder James. The two pris the provincial jail.

A MERRY welcome was by the party of dancers year out at Bertram ha After the midnight hour full advantage of their legs—the first by the woman has been permit

W. F. LUTON, of W toba, formerly editor of Free Press and one of the men in the Dominion of school question, is expected to be elected to the band. Mr. Finn ardsen have undertaken

The B.C.R.G.A. are a first-class mine she date and original. It is borate scale and a num known vocalists and promised their assistance to the number of 600 have were stored in the drill s They are of the mark 3 grade of the arm made, with the three cornered steel and equipped for the festiveness giving a very range. The new rifles w served out to the compan the Mainland.

There was a large atte "National" dance give W. Hall last night by the the Forest, I.S.A.O.F. special features was the prizes to be present best national costume dancers. Richardson's vided the music for the e been arranged to usher in Many nationalities were the fancy dresses added a to the event. The Com Forest have always providing good entertain friends, and the large evening showed a full of their efforts.

A MODEL of a ship ma Lund, of the Victoria fi is on view in the window drug store. The model is the Australian passenger and is acknowledged by on nautical matters to be She is a full rigged ship w all the yards and rigging leads to the deck per ocean going vessel. The are very complete and we in every way. The model model crew of thirty-two stull and equipped with his telescope, the third jib boom and working

The captain's wife, child law are also on the poop addition there are two p sengers playing cards, be of other figures. The shi to be entering Port Malho house on the lee bow, and be seen on logs in the wa rock round the lighthouse to prove what skill, perseverance can accom worthy of high praise.

The New Year was watch night services in a city churches, and in o services will be held. A politan Methodist church part New Year's Eve the children's annual Stupper was given to the 6 o'clock; at 8 o'clock a and then at 11 o'clock a night service began, la bells rang under the bir Year. At Victoria W church a musical service Jesus," was given last ev came refreshments and the service. A watch night s conducted at the Centen social by the Epworth l choir occupying the ear evening. At both Calva Baptist churches midni prayer and praise we Saviour's church, Victo New Year's Eve service holy communion. The Sa watch night service fr tended, as were the s churches. A sun rise m was the first service held It took place at the Fir church as a good prep year which has been 1 o'clock this forenoon serv St. Andrew's and the Fir churches.

Will be found an excel sick headache. Carter's I. Trouns of a poor from used them prove this fact. T

IN THE FAMI

Mothers, Fathers and Child praise of Hagyard's Pectoral cure for coughs, colds, asthma, throat, quinsy and all throa

The Colonist

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1896

Published Every Monday and Thursday
The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS: THE DAILY COLONIST. Published Every Day except Monday. Per year, postage free to any part of Canada...

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST. Published every two weeks. Per year, postage free to any part of the Dominion of the United States...

ADVERTISING RATES. REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from every other kind of advertising...

MR. BODWELL'S SPEECH. Mr. Bodwell's eloquent and elaborate speech on the Manitoba school question is published in full in Saturday's issue of the Times...

Mr. Bodwell's eloquent and elaborate speech on the Manitoba school question is published in full in Saturday's issue of the Times...

Near the beginning of his address Mr. Bodwell said: It also goes without saying that any party who ask to be intrusted with the administration of affairs...

At this point the eloquent speaker should have stopped, for he had in the sentences he had just uttered pronounced a full and complete condemnation of the Liberal party...

With respect to the construction to be put upon the second decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council Mr. Bodwell speaks as a gentleman...

But the Privy Council did not decide, or find, or direct that there was any right or privilege existing in Manitoba which should be abrogated. They did not decide whether the legislation of Manitoba was based on sound or unsound reasoning...

Contrast the position of the Roman Catholics prior and subsequent to the Acts from which they appeal. Before these passed into law there existed denominational schools...

Moreover, while the Catholic inhabitants remain liable to local assessment for school purposes, the proceeds of that assessment are no longer destined to any extent for the support of Catholic schools...

A very large part of the speech is taken up with the description of the Manitoba separate schools under the Manitoba law of 1870. This we contend has nothing to do with the question which the electors of Victoria have now to consider...

more about them than Mr. Bodwell or Mr. Wade, who appears to be his authority. But admitting that those schools were not so good as they might be under the circumstances...

As a matter of fact, the objection of Roman Catholics to schools such as alone receive State aid under the Act of 1890 is conscientious and deeply rooted.

The following passage of the judgment does not indicate how the difficulty may be settled, what does it mean? It is certainly not essential that the statutes repealed by the Act of 1890 should be re-enacted...

Those who contended that the decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has no binding force on the Government of the Dominion will have to conclude that the following paragraph appended to the Report of that committee, embodied in an Imperial Order in Council, means nothing at all:

Her Majesty having taken said report into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of the Privy Council to approve thereof and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the recommendations and directions therein contained be punctually observed, obeyed and carried into effect...

Why SUPPRESS THE TRUTH? The Times last night, with reference to the quotation from the judgment of the Privy Council contained in our article on Mr. Bodwell's speech, said: "Our neighbor might as well abandon the idea that it can becloud the issue by appealing to the second decision of the Privy Council..."

Improved ACCOMMODATIONS. From the Spokane Spokesman. Captain J. W. Troup, manager of the Columbia & Kootenay Navigation Company, says that the new boat on the Columbia will be similar to the Nakusp without the amount of passenger accommodations...

GREENWAY'S GAGE. WINNIPEG, Dec. 30. (Special)—Premier Greenway left for Deloraine today to begin the provincial campaign. The Premier is confident that his government will be sustained by as large a majority as that they now enjoy.

AN EVIL FOLLOWER. Consumption follows neglected colds. Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, asthma, sore throats, bronchitis and lung troubles. Price 25c and 50c.

minority in relation to education, which existed prior to 1890, have not been affected. As a matter of fact, the objection of Roman Catholics to schools such as alone receive State aid under the Act of 1890 is conscientious and deeply rooted.

The following letter from Mr. W. F. Luxton, once editor of the Winnipeg Free Press and a prominent and zealous member of the Liberal party in that province, throws light both on the political record of Mr. Joseph Martin and upon the true inwardness of the movement which culminated in the introduction and passing of the Manitoba school act of 1890:

ANYTHING BUT A SLANDER. To the Editor of the Nor'-Wester: Sir,—The Tribune of a recent date makes the following remark: "The Mail and Empire says the public schools act of 1890 was introduced to cover a shady financial transaction."

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

INTERESTING LETTER. EQUAL TO THE BEST SWISS MILKS.

The Manitoba Schools Act of 1890 Introduced to Cover a Shady Transaction.

Mr. Luxton Explains the Truth of the Matter—A Nefarious Contract.

The following letter from Mr. W. F. Luxton, once editor of the Winnipeg Free Press and a prominent and zealous member of the Liberal party in that province, throws light both on the political record of Mr. Joseph Martin and upon the true inwardness of the movement which culminated in the introduction and passing of the Manitoba school act of 1890:

ANYTHING BUT A SLANDER. To the Editor of the Nor'-Wester: Sir,—The Tribune of a recent date makes the following remark: "The Mail and Empire says the public schools act of 1890 was introduced to cover a shady financial transaction."

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...

It is not the statement of the Mail and Empire that is false, but this one of the Tribune. The "shady financial transaction" alluded to is, of course, the infamous Northern Pacific contract—so "shady" indeed was it that five of the previously staunchest government supporters, including the very best, most talented and most representative men in the Liberal party in the legislature, voted against it when the government brought it up for ratification...



IT IS the excellent quality of the grass, peculiar to a certain section of Nova Scotia, that makes this milk so rich and good. The Truro Condensed Milk & Canning Co., Limited.

Granby Rubbers

Are out again this season in new styles, and in all the new shoe shapes, right up to date, but with the same old "wear like iron" quality that has always characterized them, because they are honestly made of pure Rubber. Be sure you get Granbys this year.

The Occidental Hotel,

Corner Wharf and Johnson Streets, Victoria. THIS popular and well known Hotel was re-opened on November 15, under the management of Wm. Jensen, its founder, with everything new and bright. It will be conducted as of former years, aiming to make it homelike for guests.



Groceries and Provisions

- FRUIT. Currants, 8 cents per pound. Raisins, 8 cents per pound. TEA. 5 pounds M.M. (genuine), \$1.35. FLOUR. Ogilvie's Hungarian, \$1.35 per sack. PORK. Long Clear, 11 pounds for \$1.00. R. H. JAMESON, 33 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

Revolution in Chewing Tobacco, TUCKETT'S T & B MAHOGANY

IS THE LATEST AND BEST. See that the T & B Tin Tag is on each plug. MANUFACTURED BY The George E. Tockett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario. JOHN JAMESON & SONS' (DUBLIN) "OWN CASED" Very Old BLACK BOTTLE WHISKY.

MEN OF ALL AGES

may be cured. We treat all sexual disorders of men. Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. The dread alarm of Impotency, the exhaustion of Spermatorrhea, may be CURED in strict confidence at moderate expense.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y. J. L. Macrae, agent of the Northern Pacific Steamship Co., is confined to his house with a severe attack of lragrippe.

THIRTY TRANSVAAL

Further Disturbance—Dr. Jameson the U... Feeling in German Britain—Hobland

LONDON, Jan. 5.—has just received the sent by Hon. Sir W. Hutchinson to Mr. Stanley on the 4th, 1896: state that on the 21, Dr. Jameson arrived Krugersdorp. The Boers numbered 1,4 was repulsed, but Randfontein to F stood at Dorinkop of January 2 heavy, and the state artil Jameson was outn his men were us of them having f for three days. exhausted, and they render. Dr. Jameson besides the wounds that the total loss of the Boers is re and a few wounded. 15 Boers were unh d by Dr. Jameson were killed."

It has been an ope past that the Ch troops were prepari for the Boers. Prsident Kruger an the premier of Cape have no doubt that D orders from the latte government to have the public would have been that in the brilliancy faults of the leaders forgotten.

Large deputations other interested in s ters called at the C evening for the purp government to take s the protection of the vices. Right Hon. B. main, secretary of stat replied to the repr the members of the that as far as co British government, thized with the griev landers, regarding t the government. More than this it of that the governm Before it was possi sations to take m from any quarters the energetic fashion in stop the raid, and mischief. Mr. Cham clusion that the m ment proposed to ad ations under the con that they would con convention and all c from this position c could possibly oede.

The disaster which Jameson is attributed the last moment, by the British South Sea, Johannesburg, who v and joined issue with Boers.

BRILLIANT, Jan. 4.—T Dr. Jameson's raid has brought to the su feeling of hostility to of the disavoval of berlain of any kind, ability for the step tation, little doubt is f prompted in high w weighty terms of the are interested in th ed the minister of f von Bieberstein, and tor of the colonial g and spoke to them f the breach of interna an official note was s of Dr. Jameson's raid would be taken to n over, it is asserted on intention to lan Delagoa Bay was ab receipt of the news of feat.

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to—Times, July 18, 1894. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, &c. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROODYNE is prescribed by scores of eminent practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—Medical Times, January 12, 1888. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, &c. CAUTION—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony at complete each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell Street, London. Sold at 1s, 1/2d, 2s, 3d, 4s.