

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.]

E carissimum est optimum. - Cic.

[125 CTS. PER ANN. IN ADVANCE]

No 181

SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1857.

Vol. 24

The County of Charlotte, to D. W. Jack, Co. Treasurer.

1856. DR.

Apr. 8.—To paid William Sharkey, for cutting wood,	£0 17 6
Donald Clark, bread	4 13 11
Jurors' fees, April Common Pleas,	13 0 6
Edward Lank, Constable, for services	1 5 6
Wellington Hatch, Esq., Clerk of the Peace, for services	29 6 6
C. R. Hatheway, Esq., for services	4 15 6
Constables attending November Circuit	9 15 6
do General Sessions	4 10
Hennan, Haddock and Cain, Constables, for services	1 16
W. Hennan, Constable, for services	8 2
R. Haddock, do do	1 3
C. Cain, do do	1 6 3
Dr. Gore, Coroner, do	6 14
Thos. Jones, Esq., Sheriff, do	31 4 10
W. R. M. Law, Gaoler, do	44 5
C. E. O. Hatheway, stationery	2 6
Michael Cronan, ringing bell	2 15
A. W. Smith, printing	5 4
William Ker, Esq., services	2 5 6
Dr. Robert Thomson, Coroner, do	5 3 3
Mark Hall, Constable do	3
Jesse Christie, witness fees	2 2
Thos. M'Kewen, Constable, services	8 9
Thos. Hardy, do do	8 5
Geo. F. Stickney, repairing clock	13 3
Jurors, April Circuit	10 13
H. H. Hatch, Record Book	2 10
Thos. C. Everett, stoves	9 10
Geo. D. Street, Esq., insurance	5
Patrick Clinch, Esq., Coroner, services	4 17 6
Michael Cronan, ringing bell	1
Chas. Kennedy, glazing	4 9 5
William Knappman, work at gaol	15
Donald Clark, bread	4 13 6
Isaac Knight, Esq., services	2 4 6
Dr. M'Kay, medical services	7 19
John Bradford, agent for selling liquor	13 6 8
Jas. W. Street, Esq., sundries for Gaol and Court House	2 2 8
George Moore, tin work at Gaol	6 1 1
Dennis Bradley, sundries for Court House	1 17 9
Thos. Berry, for carpenter work	6 3 9
Odell & Turner, stationery	2 5 4
John D. Cameron, mason work	7 6
Driscoll & Bailey, cartage of coal	2 5
Jurors, Sept. Common Pleas	14 11
D. A. Rose, Esq., services	8 2
Michael Cronan, ringing bell	17 6
C. R. Hatheway, Esq., services	1 10
C. E. O. Hatheway, sundries	13
H. H. Hatch, coal	22 10
Wellington Hatch, Esq. Clerk of the Peace, for services	39 9 6
Nicholas Meeting, agent for selling liquors	3
J. F. Hanson, constable, for services	3 8
W. R. M. Law, gaoler, do	44
Patrick Clinch, Esq., Coroner, do	3 5 6
William Ker, Esq., do	12
Constables attending Court	6
W. Hennan, constable, services	8 18
R. Haddock, do do	15 6
C. Cain, do do	15
C. Morrison, do do	10
Donald Clark, bread	3 1 9
John Doherty, wood for gaol	2 10
Dr. Gore, coroner, services	4 18 6
Thos. Jones, Esq., Sheriff, do	25 2 6
Thos. Berry, work on Gaol and Court House	10
Dr. Robt. Thomson, coroner, services	8 11
Michael Cronan, ringing bell	15
Jurors, the present Circuit	36 12
W. Sharkey, for cartage of wood	2 6
Thos. Berry, work on Gaol and Court House	45 14 3
William Ellis, witness fees	14 6

1857.	
Jan. 2	Donald Clark, bread
9	J. Bridges & T. Hardy, witness fees
13	Geo. M'Kay, Esq., road damage
Feb. 10	Geo. Kerr, witness fees
Mar. 6	Robert Ross, firewood
11	W. Sharkey, cartage
13	Daniel Hinds, cutting wood
Apr. 3	Donald Clark, bread
8	William Whitlock, Esq., floor matting, &c.
11	Salary for the past year
	Balance in hand

CR.

1856.	
Apr. 7.—By Balance in hand, per account rendered,	£202 0 6 1/2
Amount received from J. W. Street, Esq., tax as auctioneer for 1855,	3
Do from C. R. Hatheway, Esq., fine for drunkenness	15 0
Daniel Lee, Collector of Rates, Saint George, for 1855,	22
Do James E. Mealy, do Pennfield, 1855	1 19 3
Do John Campbell, Esq., tax as auctioneer for 1855,	3
Do of Entrance fees at Circuit Court	1 10
May 25 Do Warrant on Treasury for Jurors' fees	31 3 6
Aug. 8 Do received from John Bradford, agent for selling liquor, St. Andrews,	1 5 9
Sept. 6 Do Wellington Hatch, Esq., for licenses	18 10
16 Do John Stivers, agent for selling liquor, West Isles,	1
18 Do D. A. Rose, Esq., liquor fine	5 1 8
Do do for a liquor fine	2
Oct. 7 Do Wellington Hatch, Esq., for licenses	270
16 Do William Barber, collector, St. James, for road assessment,	2 11 7
Nov. 21 Do Entrance fees at last Circuit	7 10
1857.	
Jan. 13 Do received from G. B. Alward, collector, St. Stephen, for road assessment,	4 11 10
23 Do Wellington Hatch, Esq., for licenses	15

Feb. 20	Warrant on Treasury for Jurors' fees	46 13
Apr. 8	Wellington Hatch, Esq., on account of auctioneers' taxes	19 6 8
9	Robert Clark, collector, St. Stephen, for account of road assessment,	6 4 5
11	Amount received from the Parish Collectors for 1856, viz:	
	St. Andrews	£69 4 3
	St. Stephen	115 1 5
	St. James	24
	St. David	
	St. Patrick	31 16 4 1/2
	St. George	
	Pennfield	27 4 7
	Campobello	15
	Grandmanan	20 12
	West Isles	20 2
		343 0 9 1/2
		£999 3 7

St. Andrews, 11th April, 1857.

DAVID W. JACK,
County Treasurer.

Friends of Constitutional Government awake to the rescue of your rights which have been set at defiance by a faction animated by one feeling that of selfishness.

The Liberalism of New-Brunswick has sunk so low that thinking men have become ashamed of being identified with it. Its tattered flag is now trailing in the dust, and independent men shrink from its touch, for the motto engraved on it is,

"TO THE VICTORS BELONG THE SPOILS."

ELECTORS come forward and prove your independence, and drive from the Halls of Legislation the obstructives, the men who have so basely betrayed and insulted you.

Show them your honest indignation, and teach them to know that you feel deeply the injury they have heaped upon the country. Know friends of Freedom that the rule of such men would shortly cause this Province to retrograde, and fall back to a similarity of the dark ages.

No Schools—no Roads—no Bridges—what a melancholy reflection for this thrice blessed land. And how is this? Why were the necessary supplies refused? Simply because they, the obstructives could not displace the Government, and obtain for themselves the unchallenged control of the "Loaves and Fishes."

Thus at the shrine of self have they sacrificed the best interests of a too confiding people, and whose servants they are. Denounce them then in the eloquent words of Sir Walter Scott, who says of the Separation

MAN

"If such there be mark him well,"

"For him no Minister's Harp shall swell,"

"Living shall forfeit fair renown,"

"And dying doubly shall go down."

"To the vile Earth, from whence he sprung"

"Unwept, unhonored and unsung."

Read the graphic sketch as portrayed by one who was an eye-witness to the "inspired" on that day, when a disappointed faction sought to trample upon the freedom of debate in the Hall of a British Legislature, and also the report of Mr. LAWRENCE'S Speech, delivered amid a scene which ought to consign the actors to an oblivion from which for the country's good they ought never to emerge.

And then remember that to crown their crime they insulted the Representative of our Queen, by remaining below, and turned the floor of Legislation into a play house, in place of obeying the Message and going up to the Council Chamber to be prorogued, with a view to the Dissolution that they so long pretended they were anxious for.

THE EMPRESS OF THE FRENCH.—The Paris Correspondent of the New York Times, by the last mail contains the following gossip about the Empress, of the French:

"The Empress, it is said, by an unexpected weakness of mind, has gradually lost the hold she had on the Emperor's affections. Weakness of mind, perhaps is too strong a word; (and if it is, I beg the fair accused's pardon.) But she has at least exhibited lately a degree of frivolity and of lightness, totally unbecoming her elevated position. Thus her time is spent in discussing and getting up fine robes; she wants to revive the system of court pages and other expurgated fooleries of other centuries; she wants her court to dazzle but her inventions are those of the milliner. It appears that Eugenie is one of those delicate and premature organizations which reach their prime of brilliancy early, and then rapidly decline into inefficacy mediocrity. It would be absurd to suppose that Napoleon, with his practical turn of mind, and a full knowledge of the difficulties that surrounded him, was going to unite his fortunes to an unknown woman, merely for her beauties of person: for he might have found plenty of beauties who were known and esteemed in France. But he married Eugenie because he believed, her brilliant woman in point of intellect, assistance in the management of that part of his affairs more particularly belonging to her sex. But, however much cleverness she may have had younger, the hopes of the Emperor appear to be sadly deceived, and it is said that he cannot even trust the or-

ganization of the palace fetes to Her Majesty. He is obliged to be a tyrant in his own house. In fine, Eugenie does not come up to his standard, and he is growing tired of her; hence the sins that are laid at his door. This is the substance of the reports in circulation, and although as I said before, I cannot guarantee their authenticity, there is a multitude of corroborating evidence which I might give you."

FREEMASONS ON JURIES.—In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, the proceedings were singularly interesting. A man named Thomas Deniny, was tried for arson in January last. The Jury failed to agree, was again placed at the bar; but at the instance of the District Attorney, this second trial was not allowed to proceed. From affidavits of three prisoners now confined in the Tombs it appeared that Deniny, with the assistance of his counsel, a police officer, and Lewis Baker, obtained at the commencement of the March and April Terms of the Court, Lists of the Petit Jurors, and discovered which among them were Freemasons, and, through the agency of the above parties, tampered or attempted to tamper with them. It is also alleged that on his first trial the only Juror who refused to convict was a Freemason, to whom he had given the Masonic sign.—New York Times, 22d.

[The above is a gross fabrication, got up by "cowans" and anti-masons. Every Mason knows it to be devoid of truth.]—Ed.

Standard.

NEW MANUFACTURE OF PAPER.—A man in England patented a process for the manufacture of paper from the refuse or waste of Brazilian grass. Having removed the most ligneous parts, as the stem of the leaf and extraneous matters, the remainder is boiled in a suitable vessel with lime and water for about twelve hours,—in the manner usually pursued in making paper from coarse materials. It is then placed in a rag engine, and subjected to the ordinary washing breaking-in treatment, is subjected to a second boiling for about twelve hours, but with a solution of soda instead of lime, and after the usual washing and pressing, it is passed through a screening machine, so as to farther open the fibres and cleanse the stuff of the action of chlorine gas, in what is termed a chest or by steeping it in a solution of chloride of lime; after bleaching, it is again washed in a rag engine, and then converted into a pulp and made into paper.

CHURCH PROPERTY IN OHIO.—A bill has become a law in Ohio which provides that all property held for religious purposes shall be deemed to be the property of the congregation, and shall be held by a corporation for that purpose, for organizing which the bill also provides; but in cases where it has already been decided to an individual, for the church, exclusive of any rights of the congregation, it may remain in his hands till his death or removal; after which it must pass into the possession of the contemplated corporation. But if no such corporation has been formed, it shall pass to the State, to be held in trust for the congregation. This, of course would interfere with the present system of holding church property among the Catholics.

How the Utah Difficulties may be Settled.—There is one way in which the troublesome affairs of Utah may be settled without violently disturbing the doctrine of squatter sovereignty, and in exact accordance with the wishes of the sectional interests into whose hands the government has wholly fallen. Let a dozen slaves, a few of them pretty mulatto girls, run away and take refuge among the Mormons. Mr. Buchanan would send the whole army after them, with Gen. Scott at its head. Brigham Young would naturally refuse to surrender the fugitives, especially the feminine part of them. He would have a "special revelation" upon the matter in less than fifteen minutes. A con-

dict would ensue, and while the army was employed in the great constitutional duty of getting back the negroes, it would, by overturning the power of Brigham Young, incidentally establish peace and law and order in the territory.—Providence Journal.

GREAT RAILWAY SCHEME.—McDonald Stephenson, in Herepath's Railway Journal, proposes a great project, namely, the construction of a Railroad from London to Lahore, in the East Indies, with only two breaks—one at the straits of Dover, and the other at Dardanelles. The entire length of the line is stated at about 3405 miles, and the cost at about one hundred and seventy millions of dollars. If carried out, the distance between London and India will be reduced to a ten days journey.

SAD OCCURRENCE.—Tuesday noon, as the Boston train of cars was returning home from the Grand Trunk Depot to the P. S. & P. Depot, a lad named William Killday, about 8 years of age, son of Mr. David Killday, while attempting to get off the cars, fell upon the track, and the train ran over his legs, crushing them badly. Amputation of one of them above the knee, was performed by Dr. Robinson, assisted by Doctors Dana, Gillman and Plummer, and it is feared he will, if he survives, be obliged to lose the other.

An English nobleman once sent his stupid son to Rowland Hill, in order that he might be educated, accompanied with a note, in which his father said of his hopeful son, "I am confident he has talents, but they are hidden in a napkin." The eccentric, but shrewd divine, kept the youth a few weeks under his care, and then sent him back to his father with the following laconic message,—"I have shaken the napkin at all corners, and found nothing in it."

An order has been received by a firm in Paris for 3,000 tom and pussy cats, which are to be sent out to Australia; bagnen are out in all directions, buying up all young, sound, and healthy cats, that are in market. A firm in Lille has received an order for 500 grimalkins; it appears that the cats of the north of France are in repute at the antipodes, the prices ranging from 15 to 150.

PROOF OF PATENT.—Mr. Moore, a Major Moore, as he is better known, was travelling through Texas, and leaving the main road, drove his sulky, to avoid the mud, by a side path that, brought him out near a log cabin. Being in doubt as to his course, and seeing a youngster near, he called out to him, "I say, my son, can you tell me if this is the right road to Leona?" "Your son!" said the creature. "You're the second man that's called me his son to-day, and I should like to know which one of them is my father?" "And what else has he said?"

The major was so much pleased with the boy's answer that he threw him a quarter.

The lad picked it up and cried out, "I believe you're my dad, for you're the first man that ever gave me a quarter."

"Won't you stop and see my man?"

The major thought it time to go, but his way, and waited for no further instructions.

A young enthusiast was talking to his intended a few evenings since, urging upon her speedy marriage, and a start to spend the honeymoon in California.

"I tell you," said he his fate glowing with enthusiasm, "California is the paradise of this earth. There's no use talking."

"No use talking," exclaimed the lady with a look of surprise.

"No use talking," he repeated, "I don't care."

"Well if there is no use in talking," said the lady, "what in the name of sense do you want of women there?" "I don't go."

In trial of strength at Troy, New York, on the 5th inst., Professor Carl, the strongest man in America, fairly beat James Madison, the cast iron man. A paving stone was placed on Madison's breast and broken with sledge hammers. He held an anvil weighing 214 pounds upon his breast, while two men struck upon it with sledge; held an anvil upon each knee; bent a bar of iron 1-4th of an inch thick by striking it over his arm; and held an anvil weighing two hundred pounds upon each arm, while men struck upon it with sledge. Carl did all these things, and more, letting two men take hold of his hair while he whirled them about, top fashion, until their feet struck out an angle of 45 degrees.

Oswego, April 6.—A fire yesterday morning in the suburbs of this city, destroyed the dwelling occupied by a French family named Plenta. Three children, the eldest 17 years of age, were burned to death.

To the Polls! To the Polls!

GO EARLY TO THE POLLS AND
VOTE FOR
**BOYD,
STREET,
THOMSON,
WETMORE.**

BOYD has served you faithfully for eight years—and is willing to do so again.

STREET proved himself a statesman and orator, during the short time he was a Representative,—a man whose word all parties could rely on,—a true patriot and loyal subject.

THOMSON has no past legislative services to refer to; but you all know him to be a talented and upright man, and one who would shine as a legislator.

WETMORE is a young man of sound judgment, honest and independent—generous and trustworthy.

Let no bribery, threats, or corruption prevent you voting the ticket all through—the whole ticket, and nothing but the ticket.—Let it be a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether, and all will be well. Vote for principles, not men. Stick by your colours, with stout hearts and brawny arms. Hurra for the glorious old Union Jack, and three cheers for the Queen!

European Intelligence.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, May 1st.
The steamship Africa, which sailed from Liverpool on the 18th April, has arrived. The political news is unimportant.

Queen Victoria has been safely delivered of a daughter.

It has been resolved to double the capital of the Bank of France.

MARKETS.—The Liverpool Cotton market shows a slight decline on all quotations, but the market nevertheless is steady. Sales of the week 42,000 bales.

Breadstuffs generally steady at a slight advance on the week.

Provisions without quotable change.

London Money Market rather more stringent. Consols closed at 93.

Arrest of a Notorious Canadian Murderer and Highway Robber.

For the last two years, says the Cleveland Plaindealer of the 13th ult. Great efforts have been made to secure the person of a man named Wm. Townsend, who in the autumn of 1854 caused a terrible excitement in Upper Canada by a series of daring and bloody crimes, seldom equalled in the history of any country. On the 29th of October of that year was murdered Dr. Hamilton Nellis, in Cayuga, near Grand River, by five men who shot him and robbed him of a large sum of money. Two of these men were afterwards caught, tried and hung. One was shot by the officers while attempting to escape. Townsend, who was reputed to be at the head of the gang, after shooting three or four officers who were in pursuit of him, and committing several of the most atrocious crimes, burglaries and robberies, made his escape, although the authorities of Canada offered a bounty of a thousand pounds for his head, and the friends of those murdered added large amounts to the government's offers for his person, the greatest efforts were unable to arrest his course.

On Saturday evening about seven o'clock, Mr. John Hies, who keeps a tavern, below St. Clair, and who had been an officer in Canada, and engaged in the pursuit, recognized in one of his guests the notorious Townsend, who had given so much trouble. He was sure of the identity of the visitor with Townsend, and gave information to the officers, who arrested Townsend during the evening. He was told that he was arrested for stealing a trunk at Buffalo, in which he said they must be mistaken. A Colt's revolver loaded was found among his effects. He is a smart, well formed man of 28 or 30 years, and seems not to be easily scared. Several persons who knew Townsend, gave their opinion that this is the same man, yet, the identity is not fully established. He has just returned from Walker's army, to which he belonged. He says that on his way home from California with six comrades, he was, while crossing the Isthmus, induced to join Walker's army, and while in Nicaragua was in four hard fought battles. He deserted with thirteen others, after great hardships had been encountered, and no prospect of an end to the war seemed encouraging. Communications with the Canadian police have been had, and all doubts will be speedily dispelled. If the prisoner proves to be the murderer, there will be great credit due to Mr. Hies, and a reward of \$5000 to be divided.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. George Spragg of Portage, Sussex, went to the woods on Monday the 20th ult., with his oxen to twitch some firewood to his house. Some time after, the oxen returned alone, which excited the fears of his family, and a daughter was dispatched in search of her father. On arriving where he had been at work, she found him, by the side of the wood he had cut, dead. The oxen had drawn the wood a little distance, and then been loosed from it. It is supposed that Mr. Spragg was taken suddenly ill, and finding himself unable to travel, had loosed the oxen from their load, so that their return home would alarm the family and bring help. He expired however before the help arrived. He was sub-

ject to sudden illness, and the coroner's jury returned a verdict accordingly. Mr. Spragg was a native of Sussex, was about sixty-six years of age, and left a large family, principally grown up.—[Religious Intelligencer.

FALLING OF A BRIDGE.—We regret to have to announce that the bridge across the stream at Wark's Mills, near Tobique, fell on Friday night last at the moment at which the mail stage was crossing. The horses were precipitated into the gulf below. One of them, a valuable horse, was rendered perfectly useless; the other was injured, but may recover. Strange to say the driver received but little injury.—[Ibid.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, MAY 6, 1857.

THE STANDARD OFFICE is removed to Mr. H. O'Neill's building fronting on Water Street; rooms adjoining the Telegraph Office.

CHARLOTTE ELECTION.

CANDIDATES FOR THE GOVERNMENT.

Messrs. JAMES BOYD,
GEO. D. STREET,
GEO. J. THOMSON,
DOUGLAS WETMORE.

NOMINATION DAY.

On Friday last, according to Public Notice given, a Court was opened in the County Court House, for the purposes of the Election. After the usual preliminaries were gone through, the Candidates were proposed in the following order:—

James Brown, proposed by J. Cotterell, seconded by C. R. Hatheway.

James Boyd, by Thos. Berry, seconded by R. Stevenson.

John McAdam, by H. Hitchings, seconded by Jas. Russell, Jr.

A. H. Gillmor, by H. E. Seelye, seconded by F. Hibbard.

GEO. D. STREET, by Maj. Jas. Brown, seconded by M. J. C. Andrews.

GEO. J. THOMSON, by M. J. C. Andrews, seconded by R. Stevenson.

DOUGLAS WETMORE, by Dr. R. Thomson, seconded by H. Ludgate.

J. W. Chandler, by J. Bailey, seconded by J. Carlisle.

A large concourse assembled from various parts of the County. The steamer Nequa-set brought up a large party from Campbell, with the Band belonging to the Island, under the direction of their popular leader Mr. R. Foster. The men from the Islands had each a true blue rosette on the left breast, and looked what they really are, a noble and loyal set of men. The steamer Queen had also a large party, and waggon loads of persons from the country were arriving all the forenoon.

The views of the Candidates having been given at the various meetings which were held throughout the County for the past fortnight, and their addresses on this occasion being similar, we merely give a very brief notice of them.

Mr. Brown addressed the audience at great length, pointing out what Responsible Government is, and the advantages it conferred on the people. He went back upwards of a century for proof of the position he advanced, and came out the end of the horn, (as in all probability he will the election,) with the assertion, that he was a liberal, and if elected, he would oppose the present Government.

Mr. Boyd next addressed the Electors, and after stating that he had been elected several times by large majorities, believed that he had done nothing to forfeit the confidence reposed in him, and therefore hoped that he would again be returned by the sturdy yeomanry of Charlotte. He was more liberal in the true sense of the word than those who had arrogated to themselves the title of "Liberals." He defended the Government, and condemned the Opposition, stating that they were mere Office seekers, and that their desire to obtain the "loaves and fishes," actuated them in their factious opposition during the late Session. He adverted to a Bill which he had introduced, giving lumbermen a lien upon logs for their wages, and stated that McAdam was opposed to it; and concluded by saying that if elected he would do as he had always done, serve the County to the best of his ability.

Mr. McAdam was severe on the Government—did not believe in the men who composed it—condemned their acts, particularly the Emigration scheme, and for sending Perley to England at a cost to the Province of £500—stated that he did not oppose the Lumber Lien Bill, but wished protection to all classes.

Mr. GILLMOR spoke for upwards of an

hour, and entered at great length into the course pursued by the Opposition and defended them. He pronounced the Government as unable to carry on the business of the country—that they had brought down no new measures—merely reviving the old Election law for one year—and one or two old measures. In consequence of some interruption, he evinced a considerable degree of excitement, and was very severe in his remarks.

Mr. STREET followed, and made one of the best speeches ever listened to at an Election in this County. He adverted to the brief period he had served as a Legislator—that he had gone to the House at a personal sacrifice, as he was not seeking office.—Responsible Government if properly carried out would benefit the Province, but if turned to selfish purposes as had been the case, it would be an injury. He commented on the manner in which the Government in 1854 had been turned out, and asked what had the Fisher Cabinet done while in power?—They had passed three measures—viz: the Liquor Law, which was condemned by the voice of the Province—an Election law which owing to its machinery was inoperative—and a Railroad law, which if carried out would sink the Province. He showed that the grounds on which the Opposition resisted the Government during the late Session, were factious. He had gone to the Assembly as an independent member, and wished to give the Government a fair trial—but they could not bring down any of their measures, as the Opposition were united and determined to oppose them, and as the House was so equally divided they resolved to dissolve the House and appeal to the Country. Mr. Street's remarks were well received and frequently applauded.

Mr. THOMSON, although laboring under severe indisposition addressed the electors in his usually eloquent manner. He regretted that his health did not permit of his stating his views at length. He had been before them on two former occasions, and had been so well supported, that his friends induced him to come forward again. He had no selfish or interested motive, there was no office in the gift of the Government that he would accept. He alluded to the term "Liberal," and asked what had the party done who arrogated to themselves that title; how did their acts correspond with their professions? why had they not reduced their salaries when they came into power after having said so much about high salaries? He adverted to the Fisher railway scheme, which, he said, if carried out, would plunge the Province in debt, and also operate injuriously to the St. Andrews railroad. He challenged even his enemies to come forward and show that he had ever falsified his word or professions. His only motive in coming forward was that of acting for the benefit of the people.

Mr. CHANDLER followed, complimented Mr. Thomson, and then gave an explanation of the term "Liberal." He stated that he came out on the liberal interest; and said that liberalism consisted in giving equal rights and privileges to all—in extending the franchise, and educating the children of the poor. He was against imprisonment for debt; alluded to the Jury law, which he assisted to frame, as a liberal measure, and compared the present with the former state of the Province, before Responsible government had been introduced; and in our opinion made a capital speech in favor of Conservative views.

MR. DOUGLAS WETMORE, was unavoidably absent at the time it came his turn to address the Electors; but Dr. R. Thomson came forward, and after apologising for Mr. Wetmore's absence, recommended him as a young man of sterling integrity, largely engaged in lumbering and mercantile business; that he was a true liberal in the proper sense of the term—kind and universally esteemed by all who knew him; that he had been requested to offer himself as a Candidate by a large and influential meeting of freeholders from various sections of the County, and that his services were now at their disposal.

[With great pleasure we endorse Dr. Thomson's remarks. Mr. Wetmore is a man of the right stamp—of and from the people; one who can be depended upon; of enlightened and progressive views, and would not accept office under any Government; his sole object in becoming a Candidate is for the interest of his native County, and acting for the benefit of the people.—His principles are sound, and if elected, which we have no doubt he will be, he will prove himself a working Member and worthy Representative.]

CALIFORNIA.—The news from California is meagre. Mining business was generally prosperous.

A fire at Sacramento had destroyed \$50,000 worth of property of the California Stage Company.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last about one o'clock, p. m., a false alarm of fire was given, and the Engines turned out; as they were returning, we regret to add a most melancholy and fatal accident occurred, a fine little boy named Michael Healy, second son of Mr. Thomas Healy, had hold of the man ropes of Torrent Engine, tripped and fell before the wheels which passed over his body and throat, crushing him in a shocking manner, and killing him almost instantly. He was taken to his home, (which he had left but a few minutes before in the full enjoyment of health) a mangled corpse; and the feelings of his parents and family may be conceived, but cannot be described; a more heart-rending scene we never witnessed. The poor little boy was but nine and a half years of age, and was universally liked by all that knew him for his amiable disposition and manly bearing; and his parents and family have the sympathies of the community in their sudden bereavement.

COMMUNICATION.

A Question from an Elector to Mr. Gillmor. Mr. Gillmor in his address to the Electors at the Court House on Thursday last, spoke in condemnation of a few of the people at Frederick driving about and living on the blood and sweat of our ancestors; if Mr. Gillmor condemns such conduct, why has he been living and driving about for last 3 years at the expense of our blood and sweat? and why has he the assurance to come before us and ask us to permit him "like the mosquito" to suck us still more? Hang it! I like to see consistency in a member of Parliament, whatever may be his intellectual qualifications.

Yours,
AN ELECTOR.

NEW YORK, APR. 29.

Steamer Illinois from Aspinwall 20th, arrived here this afternoon. She is connected with the John L. Stephens, which brought down nearly \$2,000,000 in treasure.

The Illinois brings upwards of 800 passengers, and nearly one million and a half in specie.

The Costa Rican accounts deny that Walker obtained any advantage at Rivas, and on the contrary they assert, that he was defeated with much loss.

SOUTH AMERICA.—Dates at Panama are from Valparaiso to March 15, and Callao 26. The English Admirals had seized the Peruvian insurgent war vessels Loa and Tumbes.

Vessels were still loading at the Chinese, under permit, from the insurgent General, Vivanco.

OPENING OF THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN CARETOWN.—The new Presbyterian Church of Caretown will be opened on Sabbath eight days, by the Rev. Nicholas Murray, D. D., of Elizabeth Town, New Jersey, the author of the celebrated Kirwan Letters, a clergyman not only of American but European reputation. Dr. Murray has engaged to preach three times on the day of opening, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and at 3 and 6 o'clock, P. M. The admission on each occasion will be by tickets, which may be had on Monday next, at the stores of Messrs. McMillan, Robert Thomson, Morrison & Co., Prince William Street, R. D. MacArthur, King-Square, and E. Hunter, Caretown.

An early application for tickets will be necessary, as the fame of the preacher—who has, we believe, never visited this Province, and may not again—will, without doubt, produce an intense anxiety to hear him. It is not for us to commend any one whose praise is in all the churches. We anticipate large audiences on the occasion, and we trust that all who attend will be prepared to contribute handsomely towards the liquidation of the heavy debt which has been contracted by the Building Committee of the Church. The erection of the Church has cost about £1,700, about 1,000 of which has been cleared, leaving 700 yet to be liquidated. Those friends of the cause who may not be able to attend on the occasion may remit their subscriptions through the Commercial Bank, or to the Pastor of the Congregation, the Rev. James Baird.—[Colonial Press.

Ship News.

Barque Pallas, Green, Harwich, on shore at Moosepaca, totally lost.
Ship American, Baldwin, which sailed from New London 18th inst. for St. John, N. B. was compelled to return in consequence of head winds, and anchored below the lighthouse. To prevent her from going ashore during the severe N. E. gale on the 20th, her masts were cut away.

The brig Caroline, of Prince William, N. S., Capt. Thomas, went ashore at the Glades House, on the 20th inst. She is loaded with cordwood. The crew were landed safely about 8 o'clock in the life-boat, which was manned by a crew from the Glades House. The vessel is ashore on the flats and will undoubtedly be got off when the storm abates.

Charlotte County Bank.

St. Andrews, 1st May, 1857.

At a meeting of the Stockholders held this day pursuant to notice for the purpose of choosing Directors for the ensuing year the following Directors were duly elected agreeably to the Act.

J. W. STREET,
SAML. T. GOVE,
G. D. STREET,
WILFORD FISHER,
H. H. HATCH,
DANIEL GILLMOR,
T. T. ODELL,
G. D. STREET,
Chairman.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors Geo. D. Street Esq., was re-elected President for the coming year.

C. W. WARDLAW,
Cashier.

MOLASSES.

35 HDS. Prime Retailing Molasses.
For sale by
J. W. STREET,
May 1, 1857.

Assessors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned, Assessors of Rates and Taxes for the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, will receive, at the Office of ODELL & TURNER, until the 5th day of June next, statements, in writing, from all who are liable to be assessed for the current year, in the Parish of Saint Andrews, of the real and personal properties and incomes they possess; such statements to be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, as the Law requires.

THO. TURNER ODELL,
WM. WHITLOCK,
JAMES RUSSELL,
Assessors,
St. Andrews, May 5th, 1857.

Notice to the Public.

MAILS FOR ENGLAND.—MAY, 1857.
Sunday, 3rd May, via Halifax, 9 A. M.
Tuesday, 5th do., via New York, per United States Packet, 6 A. M.
Friday, 8th do., via New York, per British Packet, 6 A. M.
Tuesday, 12th do., via New York, per United States packet, 6 A. M.
Sunday, 17th do., via Halifax, 9 A. M.
Tuesday, 19th do., via New York, per United States packet, 6 A. M.
Friday, 23rd do., via New York, per British Packet.
Tuesday, 26th do., via New York, per United States Packet.
The Postage for the United Kingdom, via Halifax, is 7d single rate, via New York by British packet 10d, and by United States Packet 1s. 5d. Pre-payment optional.

By Order,
G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.
Post Office, St. Andrews,
May 1, 1857.

STEAM, STEAM.

For Portland and Boston.
STEAMER Admiral,
ON MONDAYS.

STEAMER Adelaide,
ON THURSDAYS.

For St. John,
ON TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

The Steamer Queen,
will leave Calais at 8 A. M., to connect as above.

W. WHITLOCK, Agent.
St. Andrews, May 1, 1857.

New Brunswick and Canada Railway & Land Company.

COMPANY'S OFFICES,
St. Andrews, April 16, 1857.

TENDERS for GRADING a further distance of

TWENTY MILES

under the above Company, commencing at the termination of the present Works on the 40th MILE near TOBQUE GUZZLE, and extending to and on near DEER LAKE, will be received at these offices till

Monday the first day of June next.

The distance will be divided into lengths or districts of 5 miles each, and the Tenders may be made for one or more of such districts.

—ALSO—
(AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE.)

TENDERS for the ERECTION at the SAINT ANDREWS STATION

OF A

Brick & Stone Engine House,

TO CONTAIN

SEVEN LOCOMOTIVES.

The building will be 130 feet diameter, and 40 feet to centre of dome.

SECTIONS and PLAN of the LINE, and detailed drawings of the ENGINE HOUSE may be seen at the ENGINEER'S Office, where full particulars of Specification, and terms of Contract will be given; and where forms of Tender may also be obtained.

JULIUS THOMPSON,
Manager.

Flour, and Corn Meal.

Just received from Philadelphia 100 Bbls. S. F. Flour, in round hoop Barrels, a prime article.

Also a supply of fresh 50 Bags Botted Corn Meal.

GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS.

Also in Store
A good assortment of Cut Nails
W. WHITLOCK,
St. Andrews, April 12, 1857.

SCHOONER FOR SALE.

Will be sold by Auction, at Woodward's
Coe, Grand Manan, on Monday
the 25th of May :—
A FIRST class Schooner of 43 tons or upwards
aged one year, named the
"Long Island Traveller,"
well found in every respect with rigging, sails,
chains, cables, anchors, and patent windlass;
copper fastened, and built of the best materials.
The above vessel sails well, and is well adapted
for a Packet or Fishing Vessel.
For particulars apply to R. Mow, Esq., Eastport,
E. Snel, St. Andrews, or to
W. INGERSOLL,
Grand Manan.
April 29, 1857.
New Brunswick and Yarmouth Herald, 3
ins.; send bills to this office.

TO LET.

Residence given last May.
THAT Cottage at the upper end of Water
Street, known as the "Springdale house,"
with a garden attached. The house has been
recently thoroughly repaired and painted, and
contains a good cellar kitchen, with a never fail-
ing well of water.
Apply to
C. GILLILAND.
April 28, 1857.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, IN THE TOWN PLAT OF ST. ANDREWS. BY AUCTION.

Will be sold by Public Auction, on the pre-
mises, on Tuesday, THE 24 DAY OF JUNE,
at 12 o'clock, noon.
THE UNDERMENTIONED ELEGANT
BUILDING LOTS,
Viz:—

FOUR Town Lots, numbers 1, 2, 5 & 6, in
Letter B; Bulky's division, situated on
Prince of Wales and Carleton streets, near the
Barracks.
Four Town Lots, 5, 6, 7, 8, in Letter K; Bulky's
division, situated on Carleton and Edward
streets. On one of these lots is a commodi-
ous COTTAGE, with BARN and OUTHOUSES.
Lots numbers 1 and 5, in Block B; Bulky's
division, extending from Water street to Queen
street, with the Buildings thereon.
Lot number 7, in Block H; Parr's division,
situated on the corner of William Henry and
Parr streets.
Several of the above lots will be divided,
in order to accommodate persons requiring only
space for a House and Garden, a Plan of which
will be exhibited.
Also, at the same time and place will be sold,
100 ACRES of LAND, in the Parish of Saint
George, known as lot number 5, in the Grant
of Christie and others.
Terms, and further particulars, made known
by application to the subscriber in St. Andrews,
or WILLIAM GARNETT, Auctioneer, St. John.
GEO. D. STREET.
St. Andrews, 18th April, 1857.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on SAT-
URDAY the 31st day of October next, at 12
o'clock, at the Court House in St. An-
drews:—

ALL the right, title, interest and claim of
JAMES PATTERSON,
in and to the following piece or Lot of
Land situate in the Parish of Saint George,
in the County of Charlotte, containing Four
hundred and fifty-six Acres, purchased by
James Patterson, from William and
Samuel Patterson, Jun., bounded on the
South by lands formerly owned by Solo-
mon Stone.
The same having been seized and taken
to satisfy an execution at the suit of James
Patterson, against James Patterson and An-
drew Patterson, endorsed to levy £15 2 6,
besides Sheriff's fees, &c.
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, April 29, 1857.

ELECTION.

CHARLOTTE, to wit:
THOMAS JONES Esquire, High Sheriff of
the County of Charlotte, having received
Her Majesty's Writ for the Election of four able
and discreet persons to serve in the General As-
sembly of this Province, for the said County, do,
in obedience thereto, hereby PROCLAIM and
GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE, that a Court will be
held by me at the County Court House, in the
Town of St. Andrews, on FRIDAY, the 1st day
of MAY, next, at eleven of the clock, A. M., for
the purposes of the said Election; of which all
persons will take notice and govern themselves
accordingly.
And in case a Poll shall be then and there de-
manded, I do hereby further proclaim and give
Public Notice, that POLLING Booths will be
opened on THURSDAY the 7th day of MAY next
at 8 of the clock A. M., and will continue open
until four of the clock P. M., of the same day,
at the following places, to wit:—
For the Parish of St. Andrews, at the County
Court House.
For the Parish of St. David, at the head of Oak
Bay.
For the Parish of St. Stephen, at Salt Water, near
the head of Tide Waters.
For the Parish of St. James, at or near the Kirk
on the Scotch Ridge, and at or near John
King's, Baillie Settlement.
For the Parish of St. Patrick, at Digdegash Mills.
For the Parish of Dunbarton at the Rolling Mills.
For the Parish of St. George, at the Rolling Falls.
For the Parish of Penfield, at the School House,
near the Episcopal Church.
For the Parish of Leppan, at or near William
McGowan's.
For the Parishes of West Isles and Campo Bello
at Indian Island, and
For the Parish of Grand Manan, at Grand Har-
bour; for the purpose of taking the said
Poll.
And I hereby further Proclaim and give Public
Notice, that the said ELECTION will be
CLOSED on MONDAY the 11th of May next,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, P. M.
at the County Court House, and the persons cho-
sen to serve in the General Assembly, will be
then and there openly declared. Of all which
said Proclamations, all persons will take notice
and govern themselves accordingly.
THOS. JONES,
High Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
April 7, 1857.

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber intending to leave this part
of the country, to locate elsewhere, will sell that
Valuable and Convenient Cottage,
with outbuildings and garden attached, now occu-
pied by Rev. Mr. Ross. Terms will be made easy
to any wishing to purchase.

—ALSO—

THAT VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,
now occupied by Mr. Geo. McCulloch. The stand
is a desirable one—suitable for Dry Goods or Gro-
cery business. This property is well known, and
therefore requires no further description; it is sub-
ject to a yearly ground rent of twenty-six shillings.
An undoubted title of the above named properties
will be given.

TERMS—CASH.

For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber
at Eastport, or Mr. John Bradford, St. Andrews—
who is fully authorized to act as his agent.
SAMUEL KYLE.
April 14, 1857.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber takes this opportunity to thank
them for all past favours, and begs leave
to inform them that he has
REMOVED to the Corner formerly occupied
by Mr. S. GERRY,
where he has just received, in addition to his former
STOCK:—
200 Barrels PHILADELPHIA FLOUR, ground from
new wheat,
45 Bbls. CORN MEAL,
40 Bags WHEAT FLOUR, new.
DONALD CLARK.

**At a large and influential Meeting of CON-
SERVATIVE FREEHOLDERS** from
the different sections of the County of
Charlotte, held in the Town Hall, at
Saint Andrews, on Thursday evening,
16th inst.:—

WM. PORTER, Esq., in the chair, the following
Resolution among others, was unani-
mously passed:—

RESOLVED—That it is the duty of the
Conservative Electors of this County to
support at the coming election, Four Can-
didates, on whose integrity and principles,
they can with confidence rely, and this
Meeting pledges itself to give its undi-
vided and firm support to the following
gentlemen, and to use every exertion in
their power as individuals, to ensure their
election, VIZ:—

**JAMES DOYD, G. D. STREET, G. J.
THOMSON, and DOUGLAS WETMORE, Esqrs.**

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN,
I have been unexpectedly called upon by
a large and respectable meeting of Freeholders,
from various sections of the County, held at
the Town Hall in St. Andrews, on Thurs-
day evening, 16th inst., to offer myself as a
Candidate for your suffrages, at the approach-
ing Election of Members to serve in the Gen-
eral Assembly, in support of the present Con-
servative Government of this Province. I
much regret that the choice had not fallen
upon a gentleman more competent to serve
you, but with such abilities as I possess, I
place myself at your service, and should
I have the honor of being returned one of your
Representatives, I shall at all times support
such measures as I conceive to be for the
advancement of the interests of the County.
I am, Gentlemen,
Your old Servant,
DOUGLAS WETMORE.
St. George, April 17, 1857.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN,
The General Assembly of this Province
having been lately dissolved, you are again
called upon to exercise that most important
right—your Elective Franchise; and as I
have been requested by a large number of
the Electors of this County to become a Can-
didate, in common with Messrs. M. Adam,
Brown, and Gillmor, for its Representation,
I have cordially responded to their wishes,
and now come before you to ask your Suff-
rages at the approaching Election.
If returned as one of your Representatives,
I shall firmly support the most liberal prin-
ciples—Responsible Government in its purity
—and such measures as have for their object
the advancement of the general welfare of the
Province.
I am, Gentlemen,
Yours, very respectfully,
JAMES W. CHANDLER.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN,
Again you are called upon to choose
Representatives for the General Assembly,
which has been dissolved on account of a fac-
tious opposition to the Government—an op-
position distinguished only by a struggle for office
and in which the well-being and advancement
of the Country, has been totally disregarded.
I am not a seeker for any office of emolu-
ment under the Government. There is none
I would accept.
My views as to the best course to be pur-
sued by the Legislature in respect to the
support of the parish schools by the appropriation
of tracts of Crown Lands—the taxation of the
vast tracts of land held by private individuals
for roads—and the adoption of such mea-
sures as will tend to avoid the increase of
Taxation upon the people are already known
to you—my endeavors shall be directed to ef-
fecting these desirable objects, if I am re-
turned.
I think I will be able to show you that the
Government were prepared fully with all the
measures contemplated in the Governor's
speech, up on the most liberal basis, and that
they have been unjustly accused by their op-
ponents of indifference and neglect in refer-
ence to their introduction.

Think and judge for yourselves; and I
doubt not your decision will be just.

From the state of the roads and the short-
ness of the time, I will, I fear, be unable to
visit you personally, but I will hold such pub-
lic Meetings as time will permit, and more
fully at them and at the meetings, explain my
views on the present unfortunate state of
public affairs.

I had intended to bid farewell to politics,
and not to present myself again as a Can-
didate; but my friends would not consent—
and I now, perhaps for the last time, ask
your suffrages.

You all know me. I have lived among
you from childhood, and I can only say, that
if I have the honor of being returned, I will
try and do my duty as your Representative,
in the trust liberal sense of the term, and
not by lip-profession. If I am not returned,
I will always meet on the same friendly
terms which have hitherto marked our inter-
course, those who have conscientiously and
honorably opposed me.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
G. J. THOMSON.
St. Stephen, 13th April, 1857.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

Gentlemen,
In consequence of the Dissolution of
the House of Assembly, I have ceased to be
one of your Representatives; and, in again
coming before you to solicit your suffrages,
after so short a tenure of the trust reposed in
me, I deem it my duty to explain to you my
views of the present position of affairs in this
Province.

The result of the last Election, and the
votes of a large majority of the House of
Assembly, both on the Prohibitory Liquor
Law and the course pursued in reference to
that question by the Lieutenant-Governor,
established the correctness and constitution-
ality of His Excellency's conduct, and I
had hoped that those issues having been de-
termined, the late House of Assem-
bly would have proceeded with the business
of the Country independent of faction or party
spirit, and would have been prepared to con-
sider the measures submitted to them by the
existing Government, and judge of them by
their merits without reference to the par-
ticular individuals by whom those measures
had been prepared.

As you will have observed, however, from
the published proceedings of the late House
of Assembly, a different course was pursued,
and from the commencement of the Session
to its abrupt termination, it seemed to be the
combined determination of a strong party to
obstruct the progress of public business, and
to force the Government to resign their
offices into the hands of their opponents.
Believing as I did, and still do, that the E-
lectors of this County whose votes I received
at the last Election, did not wish me to pur-
sue such a course, I did not hesitate to ex-
press my condemnation of it and my intention to
support the present Government, if I ap-
proved of their measures, rather than throw
the Government of the Country into the hands
of men, who from their previous acts while in
power, and their conduct when in opposition,
did not appear to me to be at all events a bit
better entitled to the confidence of the
County.

With these views I again offer myself as a
Candidate for your suffrages; and should
they meet with your approval, I shall feel
proud of the honor of being one of your Re-
presentatives.
I am, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
GEO. D. STREET.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECT- ORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN,
The outrageous conduct of a Radical
faction in the House of Assembly, having led
to a dissolution, I feel it to be a duty which
I owe to the present Administration, as well
as to yourselves, to again offer my services
as one of the Candidates for this County.
My public conduct as one of your Representa-
tives for the past eighteen years is fully be-
fore you, and you are to be my judges at
the coming contest; to that judgment I shall
cheerfully submit. Had the late House
(for which you so handsomely returned me)
at the head of the Poll, against bribery, cor-
ruption and the warmest contest ever ex-
hibited in this County), continued to exist
for its ordinary period of four years, and my
health had been spared, I should not have
again been a Candidate without a Requisition
from you for that purpose—(but from the
extraordinary position of our affairs, Provin-
cially and local, without any of the neces-
sary Supplies being granted for Roads,
Bridges, Schools, and many other services
in which you are all more or less interest-
ed.) I would be recreant to a duty which I
owe to one and all of you who have so
handsomely supported me for so long a pe-
riod, did I not come forward at the present
crisis. I need not say to you, that if I am
again returned, I will serve you faithfully.
You know I will. I know it is true, getting
old, but the old man is good yet, smart and
lively as ever, and always at my post. The
bad state of the roads at this season of the
year will prevent me from making personal
calls in the rural districts—nevertheless, other
gentlemen who entertain the same political
views with myself, will hold meetings in the
different parishes, of which due notice will
be given.
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your devoted Servant,
JAMES BOYD.

BOSTON WHOLESALE HOUSES.

At the amount of \$100,000, St. Andrews and the City of Boston is
directly large and rapidly increasing, we have a large stock of
Clothing, Shirts, Trunks and Cases, and a large stock of
Fruit and Vegetables.

Agricultural Goods, Seeds, Trees, &c.
PARKER, WHITE & GANNETT, Agricultural Ware-
house and Seed Store, 47, 49 and 51 Market Street.

DRY GOODS, Gent's and Ladies' Wear, &c.
JAMES M. BEBLE & CO., Importers of Dry Goods; deal-
ers in American and Foreign Goods, 10 and 12 N. Main Street.

HAUGHTON, SAWYER & CO., Dressmakers, 10 N. Main Street.
Dress & Children's Clothing and Shawl Dressing, Hat-
ting, First Street.

ASTIN, SIMMER & CO., Importers of Dry Goods, and
Manufacturers of Hosiery, 10 N. Main Street.

MACINTYRE, LAWRIE & CO., Importers of Dry Goods,
10 N. Main Street.

Y. HATHAWAY & CO., Manufacturers of Hosiery,
10 N. Main Street.

SAMUEL LAMIES & CO., Hosiery, Caps and Fur, Agents
for the Lawrence Wool Hat Company, 10 Congress St., corner of
Water Street.

F. T. HOLMES, Manufacturer of the excellent Windsor, red
and black Hosiery, 10 N. Main Street.

W. G. HALL & T. J. DAVIS, Manufacturers and Deal-
ers in Hosiery, 10 N. Main Street.

ADAMS, TROTT & CO., Importers of Dry Goods, 10 N. Main Street.

ISRAEL NASH & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Importers
of Flour, 10 N. Main Street.

DAVIS, FARRAR & HYDE, Wholesale and Retail in Tea,
Spices, Foreign Fruit & Groceries, 10 N. Main Street.

JONES, PLATT & CRISTY, Tea, Tobacco, Spices and
Groceries, 10 N. Main Street.

CURRIER & GIBBLEY, Tea Packers, Tea put up in
bulk, 10 N. Main Street.

W. D. WATERS & CO., Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Spices,
Tobacco and Cream Tartar, 10 N. Main Street.

W. L. HALL & T. J. DAVIS, Manufacturers and Deal-
ers in Hosiery, 10 N. Main Street.

PIERCE & MERRILL, Manufacturers of Yarn, 10 N. Main Street.

T. D. BOND'S celebrated Boston Crackers, in bulk, boxes,
10 N. Main Street.

CARRIAGES, Furniture, Carpets, Room Paper,
SARGENT, HARLOW & CO., Manufacturers of Carriages,
10 N. Main Street.

BLAKE, WAHLE & CO., Manufacturers and Importers of
Furniture and Upholstery, 10 N. Main Street.

JAMES H. HALLETT, Mattresses, Curled Hair and Bed-
ding, 10 N. Main Street.

HOLMES & FLETCHER, Sofa and Chair Manufacturers,
10 N. Main Street.

T. D. SOMES & SON, Furniture, Sofas, extra tables, chairs,
10 N. Main Street.

G. M. MANNING, Furniture and dealer in all kinds of
Furniture, 10 N. Main Street.

JAMES W. GATES & CO., Dealers in CHAIRS and
Furniture, 10 N. Main Street.

DAVIS, WRIGHT & CO., CARPENTERS, 10 N. Main Street.

W. L. GOSPEL, Flour, Grain and Provisions, 10 N. Main Street.

HENRY JAMES & CO., Furniture and Groceries, 10 N. Main Street.

JOSEPH M. WRIGHTMAN, Philosophical and Chemical
Apparatus of all kinds, 10 N. Main Street.

J. M. COOK, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN H. BAYFORD, Engraving and Lithography,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper Illustration,
10 N. Main Street.

J. W. GOSPEL, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOSEPH M. WRIGHTMAN, Philosophical and Chemical
Apparatus of all kinds, 10 N. Main Street.

J. M. COOK, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN H. BAYFORD, Engraving and Lithography,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper Illustration,
10 N. Main Street.

J. W. GOSPEL, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOSEPH M. WRIGHTMAN, Philosophical and Chemical
Apparatus of all kinds, 10 N. Main Street.

J. M. COOK, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN H. BAYFORD, Engraving and Lithography,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper Illustration,
10 N. Main Street.

J. W. GOSPEL, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOSEPH M. WRIGHTMAN, Philosophical and Chemical
Apparatus of all kinds, 10 N. Main Street.

J. M. COOK, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN H. BAYFORD, Engraving and Lithography,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper Illustration,
10 N. Main Street.

J. W. GOSPEL, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOSEPH M. WRIGHTMAN, Philosophical and Chemical
Apparatus of all kinds, 10 N. Main Street.

J. M. COOK, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN H. BAYFORD, Engraving and Lithography,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper Illustration,
10 N. Main Street.

J. W. GOSPEL, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOSEPH M. WRIGHTMAN, Philosophical and Chemical
Apparatus of all kinds, 10 N. Main Street.

J. M. COOK, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN H. BAYFORD, Engraving and Lithography,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper Illustration,
10 N. Main Street.

J. W. GOSPEL, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOSEPH M. WRIGHTMAN, Philosophical and Chemical
Apparatus of all kinds, 10 N. Main Street.

J. M. COOK, Stationer and Cut Glass, for Church windows,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN H. BAYFORD, Engraving and Lithography,
10 N. Main Street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper Illustration,
10 N. Main Street.

STILES'S INTERNATIONAL AGENCY.

FOR THE TRANSACTIONS OF A
GENERAL CASH COMMISSION BUSINESS.
Markets, and the Highest Prices presented for
Commissions of Colonial Produce, Fish, Lumber, Fuel, Wool, &c.

Small or large Cash Orders promptly filled, at lowest Prices, for
American or Imported Goods, Manufactures, Machinery, &c.
St. Andrews, 31st March, 1857.

Farmers Look Here.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, at his store, 100
Bushels of BLACK SEA WHEAT, at 10s.
per bushel. Also 100 bushels of
POTATO OATS, and 100 bushels of HOPS. All of
the best quality for Seed.
HENRY O'NEILL.
St. Andrews, 31st March, 1857.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKET SHIPS.

Appointed to Sail from Liverpool as under:—
1857.

Ships	Captains	Tonnage	To sail
John Owen	Brown	1226	5th Feb'y.
Athenais	Crocker	1016	5th March
John Barbour	A. Betts	990	20th do.
John Duncan	Kenney	921	5th April
Peter Maxwell	Marshall	1056	20th do.
Middleton	H. Betts	990	5th May
Imperial	Moran	1279	20th do.

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail
remarkably fast, are classed A 1 at Lloyd's, and
coppered, and will be dispatched punctually on the
days appointed.

They are commanded by men of the greatest ex-
perience and nautical skill, and no expense or ex-
ertion will be spared to make this line efficient in
every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance
of Goods.

Orders for shipment of Goods by this line are
specifically solicited.
For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool, to
Messrs. FERNIE BROTHERS & Co, Warren
Buildings, Water Street, or at St. John to
J. & R. REED.
January 1, 1857.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons liable for Taxes in St. James Par-
ish, will save costs by paying the same into the
hands of Mr. James Grant, or to the Subscri-
ber.
WM. BARBER,
Collector of Rates.
St. James, Feb. 18, 1857.

SHAD, and BUCKWHEAT MEAL.

75 H ALF Barrels No 1 SHAD;
1 Ton Buckwheat MEAL—For
sale low by
St. John.
W. E. STRONACH.

BRICK, BRICK.

FOR Sale, a quantity of large STOCK BRICK
hard and frost proof, delivered in St. An-
drews, early in the spring. These brick are of the
best manufacture and quality.
Orders may be left at the "Standard Office,"
where price &c. will be made known.
January 21, 1857.

INDIAN MEDICAL SOCIETY.

A meeting of this Society, held in Boston, Oct. 1856, the
following Officers were chosen:—
President, Dr. J. C. Smith, Boston.
Vice President, Dr. J. C. Smith, Boston.
Secretary, Dr. J. C. Smith, Boston.
Treasurer, Dr. J. C. Smith, Boston.
The Society was organized for the purpose of promoting
the medical education of the Indians, and for the
purpose of disseminating the principles of medicine
among the Indians. The Society has since that time
been actively engaged in its work, and has been
successful in its efforts. The Society has been
successful in its efforts to promote the medical
education of the Indians, and to disseminate the
principles of medicine among the Indians. The
Society has been successful in its efforts to
promote the medical education of the Indians,
and to disseminate the principles of medicine
among the Indians. The Society has been
successful in its efforts to promote the medical
education of the Indians, and to disseminate the
principles of medicine among the Indians.

INDIAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

Office, 25 Broad Street, Boston.
The Indian Medical Institute was organized for the
purpose of promoting the medical education of the
Indians, and for the purpose of disseminating the
principles of medicine among the Indians. The
Institute has since that time been actively engaged
in its work, and has been successful in its efforts.
The Institute has been successful in its efforts to
promote the medical education of the Indians,
and to disseminate the principles of medicine
among the Indians. The Institute has been
successful in its efforts to promote the medical
education of the Indians, and to disseminate the
principles of medicine among the Indians.

J. BERRINGTON, Clock and Watchmaker.

QUEEN-STREET.
RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of
St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has opened
a shop at the head of Queen Street, where he
will be happy to attend to all orders in his line.
Watches and Clocks neatly repaired and cleaned.
March 25, 1857.</

SHERIFF'S SALES

to take place at the Court House.

Real Estate of E. Lynott July 11.
Do. Do. July 11.
Do. of John McColl & Edwin R. Russell, Sept. 19.
Do. John McColl, Oct. 10.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, on Saturday the 11th day of July next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the Court House in Saint Andrews—

ALL the right, title and interest of EDWARD LYNOTT, of in and to the following piece or Lot of Land situate in the Parish of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte abutting and bounded thus, to wit:

Northerly by the River Maguadavie, Southerly by lands owned by one Anderson, and being the Easterly half of lot Numbered Fifty four, in the Mascareen Grant, which said lot is estimated to contain Fifty-three Acres and was conveyed by William H. Lockett to the said Edward Lynott.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Samuel Gatty against said Edward Lynott, ordered to levy £60 10, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, 29th Decr., 1856.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 11th day of July next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in St. Andrews—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever of Edward Lynott, to that certain LOT OF LAND, No. 53 in the Mascareen Grant, bounded on the North by the River Maguadavie, and containing 50 ACRES more or less, formerly owned by William Lockett.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution in favor of Robert Ross against said Edward Lynott, ordered to levy £13 12 10, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 31st Dec. 1856.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction on Saturday the 19th day of SEPTEMBER next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever, of JOHN MCCOLL & EDWIN R. RUSSELL, of in and to the following piece or Lot of Land, in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, viz:

Being Lot No 40, Upper Mills Brook, Puckehagan, situated in the Parish aforesaid, formerly granted to John McColl, and containing 100 acres more or less.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Daniel Gilmor, Esq. against the said McColl & Russell, ordered to levy £2423 11s 3d, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, 10th March, 1857.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 10th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews—

All that certain Lot of Land situate at Milltown, in the Parish of St. Stephen, in said County, with the Dwelling House and buildings thereon, which said Lot was formerly conveyed by John Ross to John McGarrigle, excepting therefrom a portion thereof conveyed by the said John McGarrigle to John McColl in 1854.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an alias execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Samuel Neil against the said John McColl.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 1 25th March, 1857.

L. SCOTT & CO.,
RE-PRINT OF THE
British Periodicals
AND THE
FARMER'S GUIDE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF THE LATTER PUBLICATION.

L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals viz:

LONDON QUARTERLY (Conservative.)
EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig.)
NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free Church.)
WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal.)
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory.)

These Periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory, and Radical—but politics forms only one feature of their character. As Organs of the most profound writers on Science, Literature, Morality, and Religion they stand, as they ever have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, while to the intelligent reader

of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the current literature of the day, throughout the world, than can be possibly obtained from any other source.

EARLY COPIES.
The receipt of advance sheets from the British publishers gives additional value as these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS.
For any one of the four Reviews \$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews 5 00
For any three of the four Reviews 7 00
For all four of the Reviews 9 00
For Blackwood's Magazine 3 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews 9 00
Payments to be made in all cases in advance.

Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

POSTAGE.
The Publishers will prepay United States postage.

N. B. The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above-named is about \$31 per annum.

THE FARMER'S GUIDE
TO SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE
BY HENRY STEPHENS, F.R.S., of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, Professor Scientific Agriculture in Lane College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1600 pages and numerous Wood and Steel Engravings.

This is, confessedly, the most complete work in Agriculture ever published, and in order to give it a wider circulation the publishers have resolved to reduce the price to FIVE DOLLARS FOR THE TWO VOLUMES.

When sent by mail (post paid) to California and Oregon the price will be \$7. To every other part of the Union, and to Canada (post paid, \$6.) This work is not the 'Book of the Farm.'

Remittances for any of above publications should always be addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers,
LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
No. 51 Gold-street, New York

Notice to the Public.
WHEN any LETTERS are dropped into the Letter boxes, marked "Registered," in stead of being handed in at the Window and a receipt taken for them, they will be Registered, and the Registration, in addition to the Postage, charged to the person addressed.

FRANCIS M'PHELIN,
General Post Office, Fredericton, N.S., 23rd, 1856

Scientific American
TWELFTH YEAR
One Thousand Dollar Cash Prizes.

The Twelfth Annual Volume of this useful publication commences on the 13th day of September next.

The "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN" is an ILLUSTRATED PERIODICAL devoted chiefly to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemical Arts, Industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering, Millwork, and all interests which the light of PRACTICAL SCIENCE is calculated to advance.

Reports of U. S. Patents granted, are also published every week, including Official copies of all the Patent Claims, together with names and information upon thousands of other subjects.

\$1,000, in CASH PRIZES, will be paid on the 1st of January next, for the largest list of subscribers, as follows:—\$300 for the 1st, \$175 for the 2d, \$150 for the 3d, \$125 for the 4th, \$100 for the 5th, \$75 for the 6th, \$50 for the 7th, \$40 for the 8th, \$30 for the 9th, \$25 for the 10th, \$20 for the 11th, and \$10 for the 12th. For all Clubs of 20 and upwards, the subscription price is only \$1.19. Names can be sent from any Post Office until January 1st, 1857. There are fine chances to secure cash prizes.

The "Scientific American" is published once a week; every number contains eight large quarto pages, forming actually a complete and splendid volume, illustrated with several hundred Original Engravings.

TERMS—Single Subscriptions, 2 Dollars a year, or 1 Dollar for six months. Five copies for six months, 4 Dollars; for a year, 8 Dollars. Specimen copies sent Gratis.

Southern, Western and Canada money, or Post Office Stamps, taken at par for subscriptions.

Letters should be directed (post paid) to MUNN & CO., 125, Fulton St., New York

MUNN & CO. are extensively engaged in procuring patents for new inventions and will advise inventors, without charge, or regard to the novelty of their improvements.

ODELL & TURNER, Agents for St. Andrews.

F. & F. Rice,
WHOLESALE GROCERS—116 & 118 State street, Boston.

Old Stand Union Store.
GEO. A. MANSFIELD,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers, LEATHER AND FURRIERS.
No. 4 Market Square, and 5 North Street, Opposite North side Faneuil Hall, BOSTON.

THE UNION STORE
At Robbinston,
Has just received a full stock of desirable FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Which are offered at the lowest prices above the cost of production, for cash. Particular attention is invited to our new and fresh invoices of
Stuff and Dress Goods,
comprising a great variety of styles, entirely new and never before offered in this market.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Colds, Coughs, and
Hoarseness.

Boston, Mass., 23rd Dec. 1856.
Dr. J. C. Ayer: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the numerous symptoms of a Cold, is your Cherry Pectoral. I can say in my private and my family as the last few years have shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints.

EDWIN KNIGHT, M.D.
A. R. MORTLEY, Esq. of Troy, N. Y., writes: "I have used your Cherry Pectoral in my family ever since you invented it, and follow it as the best medicine for the purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should never pay twenty-five cents for a bottle, but I would not do so without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.
Barnesboro, Mass., Feb. 1, 1857.
I have used your Cherry Pectoral in my family ever since you invented it, and follow it as the best medicine for the purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should never pay twenty-five cents for a bottle, but I would not do so without it, or take any other remedy."

AMOR LEE, Esq. of Montreal, 1st, writes, 31 Jan. 1856: "I had a severe Influenza, which confined me to my bed for several days, and I was unable to do any of my usual business. I used your Cherry Pectoral, and in a few days I was able to resume my usual business. I can say in my private and my family as the last few years have shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints."

ASTHMA or PHthisis, and Bronchitis.
Wm. M. GARDNER, M.D., Feb. 1, 1856.
I have used your Cherry Pectoral in my family ever since you invented it, and follow it as the best medicine for the purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should never pay twenty-five cents for a bottle, but I would not do so without it, or take any other remedy."

Consumption.
Probably no remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases of this disease as human and animal, but even to these the Cherry Pectoral affords relief and comfort.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is a most valuable remedy for all the above complaints, and is sold by all the leading Druggists and Chemists in the United States.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.
THE object of Chemistry and Medicine has been to find a remedy which would cure the most common and dangerous diseases of the human system, and which would be so simple and so easy to use, that it could be administered to the most delicate and the most infirm.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

ODELL & TURNER,
St. Andrews.

GOVERNMENT EMIGRATION OFFICE
St. John, 10th April, 1856.
NOTICE is hereby given, that JOHN SHANNON, of the County of Charlotte, and of the Parish of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, is the proprietor of the public buildings thereon.

M. H. PERLEY,
H. M. Emigration Officer,
for New Brunswick.

TO LET.
THREE good ROOMS and a SHOP on the first floor of my House in Water Street formerly occupied by Mrs. Kennedy.

April 23, 1856
J. W. STREET.

Best Superfine Flour.
Just received ex. schr. "Bonita" from Philadelphia, via Calais:
60 Barrels best superfine Philadelphia Flour.

July 9th 1856.
J. W. STREET.

NOTICE.
The Subscriber begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Saint Andrews, that he intends opening a SCHOOL in this town, on MONDAY the 17th instant.

By strict attention to the improvement of Pupils, he hopes to give general satisfaction to all who favour him with their patronage.

Terms—From five to ten shillings per quarter.
WALTER GILLEY,
St. Andrews, Nov. 4, 1856.—(31)

Hennessy Brandy—Best Pale Geneva, &c.
JUST Received—10 Hogsheads Best "Hennessy" Brandy.

5 Do. do. Pale-ja. (Vintage 1855).
Per the Ann Rankin from London, via Saint John, 25 Hhds. best Pale Geneva, large "anchor."
20 casks, old Port Wine
1 do. Sherry
7 Hhds. Boiled and New Lined Oil
2 tons best London White Paint
32 casks London Bottled Porter, (Quarts and pints)

Oct. 20 1856
J. W. STREET.

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been a desideratum for many years, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown that what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills—one which should be taken judiciously. Many directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Appetite, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Lungs, for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of deranged action in the liver, and the patient who takes this pill will find relief in the Bowels, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Dyspepsia, Polypus of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be taken in the morning, with a glass of water, and a light diet.

AYER'S PILLS.

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Constipation, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fever, Gout, Hemorrhoids, Nervousness, Irritability, Indigestion, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female complaints, &c., &c. Indigestion, and suffering cannot be prevented, if a humane and efficient Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a bilious habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is the true of Colds, Fevers, and symptoms, and Bilious derangements. They tend to become or produce the most equal and formidable distempers which load the human system. Hence it is a reliable, family physic of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing anything hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of fraud.

Among the eminent gentlemen to whom we are allowed to refer for these facts, are—
Prof. Valerius Moxley, the distinguished Surgeon of New York City.
Doct. A. A. HAYES, Practical Chemist of the Port of Boston, and Geologist for the State of Massachusetts.

ISAAC MOORE, M.D., an eminent Surgeon and Physician, of the City of Lowell, who has long used them in his extensive practice.
H. C. SOUTHWICK, Esq., one of the first merchants in New York City.

C. A. DAVIS, M.D., Surg. and Surgeon of the United States Marine Hospital, at Chelsea, Mass.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred such names, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the certificates of these eminent public men is shown in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete remedy for the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process, in a state of purity and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of acrid, poisonous and injurious qualities; by this, the medicinal virtues only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed are left behind; the curative virtues only being retained. Hence it is self-evident the effect should prove as they have proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a more powerful, suitable to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently remarked that my medicine should be taken under the counsel of an attending Physician, and as he could not properly judge of its merits without knowing its composition, we have supplied the accurate Formula by which both my Pectoral and Pills are made to the whole body of Practitioners in the United States and in most of the American Provinces. If however there should be any one who has not received them, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

Of all the Patent Medicines that are offered, how few would be taken if their composition was known! Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mystery.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge of the subject, freely acknowledge their convictions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was recommended by scientific men to be used as a medicine before its effects were known. Many eminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and Chemists and Scientists, by testing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal system to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstruction of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs, thereby restoring the regular action of the system, and by correcting wherever they exist such derangements as are the first origin of disease, and are well adapted to be taken by the most delicate and infirm.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see the wrapper on the box.
Prepared by JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

ODELL & TURNER,
Agents for St. Andrews.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES,
of every variety.

34 KILBY STREET, BOSTON
GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing and measuring and store furniture, for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales, set in any part of the country.

Flour, Pork, and Sugar—
Oct. 25, 1856.
Per "Utica" from Boston and "W. T. McKim" from Baltimore.

200 BARRELS best white superfine FLOUR.

10 Bbls. MEAT PORK,
10 Tierces MUSCOVADO SUGAR.
For sale low. J. W. STREET.

CALAIS HOUSE.
THE Subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of St. Andrews, and the Public generally, that he continues to keep the above named House, Parties favoring him with a call, will find every thing conducive to their comfort and convenience. The House is within five minutes walk of the Steamboat Landing.
Calais, Nov. 1856. J. VEAKEY.

THE STANDARD.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
A. W. P. Smith.

At his Office, Market Square, Saint Andrews, N. B.

TERMS.
12s 6d per annum—if paid in advance.
16s, if not paid until the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS
Inserted according to written orders, or continued till notified, if no written directions.

First insertion of 12 lines and under 1s. 4d.
Each repetition of 12 lines 1s. 4d.
First insertion of all over 12 lines 1s. 6d.
Each repetition of 12 lines 1s. 6d.
Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

St. Andrews, May 28, 1857.

TO BE SOLD A SHINGLE MACHINE.
CHINE, Amos Webster's patent nearly new; the only one of the sort in the Province. Apply at the Office of this Paper.

St. Andrews, May 28, 1857.

Original issues in Poo Bec