

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL,

Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REBUILT AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STYLE. AN ELEGANT RESTAURANT PARLOR OFFICE, AND BEAUTIFUL DINNER AND BREAKFAST ROOMS ON Ground Floor. PERFECT VENTILATION AND SEWERAGE THROUGHOUT. LARGE AND ABBY BEDROOMS. COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS AND CLOSETS. Comfortable and is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS. It is rapidly growing in popularity, and is today one of the LEADING, as well as the MOST COMFORTABLE HOTELS IN THE PROVINCE.

Wm. Wilson,

Barrister, Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

Secretary-Treasurer York Registrar University of New Brunswick. Agent Glasgow and London Insurance Co's.

Office: CARLETON STREET.

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

New Brunswick Division.

ALL RAIL TO BOSTON, VIA THE SHORT LINE TO MONTREAL, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS. In Effect October 12th, 1890.

LEAVE FREDERICTON. EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

6.30 A. M.—Express for St. John and intermediate points: Yorkville, Vanterline, St. John, and Halifax.

7.15 P. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John and Portland.

RETURNING TO FREDERICTON FROM St. John, 4.30, 7.35 a. m.; 4.45, p. m. Fredericton Junction, 6.10, a. m.; 12.10, 6.35, p. m. Meads Junction, 10.45, a. m.; 1.15, 7.15, 10.15, p. m. St. John, 11.45, a. m.; 8.15, 10.15, a. m. St. John, 11.45, a. m.; 8.15, 10.15, a. m.

Arriving in Fredericton at 9.20 a. m., 1.20, 7.20 p. m.

LEAVE GIBSON. 6.30 A. M.—Mixed for Woodstock, and points north.

ARRIVE AT GIBSON. 6.10 P. M.—Mixed from Woodstock, and points north.

C. B. McPHERSON, H. P. TIMMERMAN, Dist. Pass. Agent. Gen'l Supt.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1889 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1889.

On and after Monday, June 10th, 1889, the trains of this railway will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN. Day Express for Halifax and Campbellton, 7.00 a. m. Accommodation for Point St. Charles, 7.10 a. m. Fast Express for Halifax, 11.30 a. m. Express for Sussex, 14.30 a. m. Fast Express for Quebec and Montreal, 16.35 a. m.

A motor car runs each way daily on express trains leaving Halifax at 8.30 o'clock and St. John at 12.00 o'clock. Passengers from St. John for Quebec and Montreal leave St. John at 16.35 and take sleeping car at Montreal.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN. Fast Express from Montreal and Quebec, 10.50 a. m. Day Express from Halifax, 14.50 a. m. Express from Halifax, Pictou and Mulgrave, 20.10 a. m.

The trains of the Intercolonial Railway to and from Montreal are lighted by electricity, or steam as seen from the locomotive.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Montreal, N. B., June 8th, 1889.

For tickets and other information, apply at the office of JOHN RICHARDS, Agent, Fredericton.

NORTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT. In Effect Nov. 25th, 1889.

TRAINS RUN ON EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAINS will leave Fredericton daily (Sundays excepted) for Chatham.

LEAVE FREDERICTON. 8.45 p. m. Gibson, 2.45, Mayville, 2.55, Manzer's Brook, 3.05, Durham, 3.05, Cross, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 3.55, 4.05, 4.15, 4.25, 4.35, 4.45, 4.55, 5.05, 5.15, 5.25, 5.35, 5.45, 5.55, 6.05, 6.15, 6.25, 6.35, 6.45, 6.55, 7.05, 7.15, 7.25, 7.35, 7.45, 7.55, 8.05, 8.15, 8.25, 8.35, 8.45, 8.55, 9.05, 9.15, 9.25, 9.35, 9.45, 9.55, 10.05, 10.15, 10.25, 10.35, 10.45, 10.55, 11.05, 11.15, 11.25, 11.35, 11.45, 11.55, 12.05, 12.15, 12.25, 12.35, 12.45, 12.55, 1.05, 1.15, 1.25, 1.35, 1.45, 1.55, 2.05, 2.15, 2.25, 2.35, 2.45, 2.55, 3.05, 3.15, 3.25, 3.35, 3.45, 3.55, 4.05, 4.15, 4.25, 4.35, 4.45, 4.55, 5.05, 5.15, 5.25, 5.35, 5.45, 5.55, 6.05, 6.15, 6.25, 6.35, 6.45, 6.55, 7.05, 7.15, 7.25, 7.35, 7.45, 7.55, 8.05, 8.15, 8.25, 8.35, 8.45, 8.55, 9.05, 9.15, 9.25, 9.35, 9.45, 9.55, 10.05, 10.15, 10.25, 10.35, 10.45, 10.55, 11.05, 11.15, 11.25, 11.35, 11.45, 11.55, 12.05, 12.15, 12.25, 12.35, 12.45, 12.55, 1.05, 1.15, 1.25, 1.35, 1.45, 1.55, 2.05, 2.15, 2.25, 2.35, 2.45, 2.55, 3.05, 3.15, 3.25, 3.35, 3.45, 3.55, 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THE HERALD
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CORNER QUEEN AND ROBERT STREETS,
BY
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FREDERICTON, NOVEMBER 3, 1890.
ILLEGAL PRACTICES AT ELECTIONS.

Scarcely is an election ever held in Canada, but the defeated party charges its failure to the corrupt acts of its opponents, who retaliate with counter-charges of the same character. The effect of this must be bad altogether. There can be no such thing as healthy public sentiment where the electors are led to believe that the result of a contest is determined by the number of dollars each party is able to command. We do not believe that as much is accomplished by the use of money as many people think—in fact, we believe that a great deal of the money spent in an election is simply thrown away. If one may credit half that is told, the amount of money spent in New Brunswick since confederation for illegal practices at elections is enormous. There are stories of \$10,000, \$20,000, and as high as \$30,000 being spent in one constituency by one party. It is stated upon what seems to be good authority that the opposition in the late contest in York expended \$10 for every vote they got—yet that they bought their votes at that average price; because doubtless a large number of their supporters were men who do not take money for voting; but that their campaign fund employed in one way or another, amounted to over \$22,000, and some bills unpaid. This money was contributed in part by the candidates and their friends in the county and was supplemented by contributions from Carleton, Northumberland, Westmorland, St. John and perhaps elsewhere. In the interests of purity the hat was passed around and a great corruption fund collected. We do not pretend to say how much was raised, but we are inclined to believe that it was not less than \$100,000. We are not inclined to believe that the electors were influenced by the use of this money. Let us for argument sake, admit that none were, and that the electors who received \$10, \$15 or \$20, would have voted opposite any way, and only took the money because it was going. Yet the reason for reform is none the less as urgent. If any large portion of the electors get it into their minds that money is sure to be going at an election and that they may as well have a part of it, it requires a good deal of refining to distinguish between such a case and one of absolute bribery. We think we voice the sentiment of politicians of every party when we say that if legislation can be devised, whereby the use of money at elections can be prevented, such legislation should be had without delay. The law which provides for the unseating of members, on whose behalf corrupt means have been used, is the greatest favor in the statute book. It is absurd to punish the successful candidate, and allow the unsuccessful one and the electors, who by their readiness in becoming parties to corrupt methods, really are responsible for them, to go scot free. Candidates do not of choice sanction the use of corrupt methods. They would much prefer, on the ground of expense alone, to advance no higher reason, than that the only outlet necessary in an election contest was confined to what would be travelling expenses, for the circulation of campaign literature and the like. No candidate or party prefers to spend money and give liquor directly for the purpose of securing votes. If the electors refuse to countenance such things, there would be an end to them. The conclusion to which this points is that the law should be so amended that the acceptance by an elector of money in consideration, in any sense, of his vote, ought to be made an offence punishable by fine and imprisonment. Precisely the same measure of punishment should be meted out to the man who gives the money. And in order that such a law would be enforced, there ought to be in every county, one or more officers (removable for cause only and after investigation) whose duty it should be to prosecute offenders. Such a law would speedily remove what is becoming a very serious evil in this province.

HEROES FROM THE FIGHT.

If one may believe the gossip of the street, the conservative managers in and about Fredericton, who have been working with the opposition, will not have anything more to do with Mr. Gregory. The observations attributed to "our army in Flanders" are mild in comparison with some of the expressions of opinion which these gentlemen have uttered since the election in regard to the effect of Mr. Gregory's candidature upon a party. Dr. Atkinson has given him up—at least the Woodstock Press, which represents the doctor in local politics, informs him in so many words that it is plain that York does not want him. The Sun, which lauded him before the contest, has not yet expressed a regret that his services are lost to the country. There is, on the contrary, a sort of glacial look of satisfaction upon the faces of Mr. Gregory's late allies, as if they were of Gregory. Two things are very evident. The conservatives in York, who have opposed the local government, will either accept the situation with a good grace, or when the next contest comes will decline to take hold of Mr. Gregory. The other proposition is that the opposition in other parts of the province will no longer identify their fortunes with those of a gentleman whom the electors of York never accepted and four times rejected.

It would be a mistake to characterize the opposition in York either as conservative or liberal. Perhaps the main support of the opposition ticket came from those who have been identified with the conservative party; but on the other hand the government ticket received a handsome conservative support. As a matter of fact, donation political lines are rather hazy in this constituency just now, and have been getting more and more so ever since Mr. Gregory forced himself upon the liberals as a candidate in 1874.

The declaration proceedings were harmonious. The successful candidates were dignified and did not exult over their opponents. Mr. McFarlane was the only one of the defeated quartette who really gained in public esteem by his speech. He was so manly and straightforward about the matter that we are inclined to wish there had been a fifth seat so that he could have it. Mr. Gregory's references to Hon. A. F. Randolph were very much unbecomingly of course they only hurt the man who made them. It is now well understood that in his opinion all men are base, who do not lend themselves to his schemes. Mr. Allen was cross because some people told him, so he said, "writing to me that he is a decent fellow, only he is in bad company." George Colter evidently

did not like being beaten; but he made as good a face over his medicine as was to be expected.

Mr. Gregory said on declaration day that the county had endorsed the government's stonage policy. This he professed was his chief reason for regretting his defeat. That admission must not be lost sight of.

The following matters have been buried with the opposition by the late election: The stonage question, the Leary charge, and the Gleason's scandals. This county can never be disturbed over these again.

THE POSITION OF CANADA.

While THE HERALD is a staunch advocate of the free trade relations between Canada and her great southern neighbor, it deprecates the adoption, by any of our public men and any section of the press, of a tone of supplication, when dealing with this great subject. The position of Canada is altogether too strong for that. There is no necessity for the dominion to assume the role of a mendicant and to beg for favors.

The fact is that our neighbors are living in a fool's paradise just now. They have passed a high tariff law and fondly imagine that they can keep foreign products out of the country and at the same time receive from abroad in gold the price of the surplus products of the Union. This will probably prove to be the greatest economic blunder of the century. The idea underlying this policy is the capacity of the United States to supply the world with food and other prime necessities of life is practically unlimited. The bumptious patriotism of the American press, which indeed permeates the whole body politic from the president down, prevents the recognition of facts which, if their due weight was given to them, would show the absolute futility of the policy of which the McKinley bill is the consummation. Our neighbors have been greatly disappointed by their last census. It shows a population of from two to three millions less than the so-called best authorities anticipated. They will find this only the first of several disagreeable surprises in store for them—surprises due to the fact that they have refused to listen to those who tell them that there is a limit to the natural wealth of their great country, which limit has in one important respect, that of arable public domain, been already reached. The pitiful tales that have come from Dakota and other points in the west ought to have been the earnest of the people to the west, warnings, which a few economists have given, but they have not done so.

The United States will very shortly cease to be an exporter of wheat. The area in wheat acre to expand in 1890, and although further expansion may be possible, it will only be through the utilization of worn out lands, the cultivation of irrigable soils or the reduction of the areas in forest. Neither of these sources will afford a large margin and if they did, it would be impossible to utilize them profitably in competition with the prairies of Canada.

Canada's great wheat growing area must therefore be a source of strength, which at present can scarcely be overestimated. There is this year a shortage in the wheat crop the world over; that is, there is not enough wheat to meet the requirements of consumers until another harvest is gathered, if the usual rate of consumption is maintained. This is in part due to a poor season, but principally is the result of an increase of population, which is more rapid than the expansion of wheat culture. We are on the threshold of an era in which consumption will be in advance of production. While immigration was pouring in and occupying the prairies of the United States, an enormous surplus of breadstuffs was raised. One effect of this was to reduce the consumption of the coarser grains, by cheapening the cost of wheat flour. The civilized world probably requires considerably more wheat flour per capita than it did fifty years ago.

When the world begins to understand that the only great wheat growing region in North America is in Canada, a large influx of population may be expected; but what is of greater importance, Canadian producers may reasonably hope to occupy that place in supplying European markets which the United States has so great an extent filled. The Argentine republic will be the dominion's greatest rival in the future but we ought to be more than able to hold our own against that country.

Therefore, though much is to be expected from free trade relations with our neighbors, though the consummation of a broad reciprocity treaty is greatly to be desired, the future of Canada is not bound up in it; and if our people go to work in the right spirit, of which there is happily every indication, they will learn that there are other sources of prosperity, not so great perhaps, or so readily realized, but nevertheless not unworthy to be compared with free admission to the markets of the republic.

UNITED STATES CROPS.

From the October bulletin of the department of agriculture we gather the following particulars regarding the season's crop in the United States:

The condition of wheat during the season has been uniformly unfavorable. Large areas were ploughed up and sown in corn and other crops. The effect of this, while reducing the acreage, has increased the average yield per acre, which was 11.1 bushels. In the Ohio valley the yield per acre ranged from one bushel to thirty, in the Dakotas from one to twenty-five, and an average for the latter states of nine bushels.

The record of oats is the worst ever made by the department, the low condition being attributed to early frosts, rust, drought and insects. The average yield per acre was 10.8 bushels.

Rye was a poor crop, the average yield per acre being 11.8 bushels.

Barley was under average with a yield of twenty-one bushels per acre.

Corn is short in yield but fair in quality. The surplus will be comparatively small.

Buckwheat has been a good crop. Potatoes make a very poor showing, due largely to excess of moisture early in the season. In New England and the middle states the prospect for potatoes was fair up to September, but that month proved very unfavorable and the crop all over the country may be classed as a partial failure. The average yield per acre will probably be less than fifty-seven bushels, and the supply of potatoes for consumption is the lowest for many years.

Cotton is not nearly up to average.

In short, it is many years since the farmers of the United States have had to contend with so hard a season as that of 1890.

THE HERALD takes a joke as well as any body; but when fun takes the form of incendiarism it ceases to be fun. The civic authorities ought to take some action in regard to the fire of Friday night and the guilty persons, if they can be detected, ought to be punished. Most people are not averse to a little sport being indulged in by the boys on Hollow Evening, but when it comes to destroying property, it is time to call a halt.

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CANADIAN NEWS.

The Week's Events in Brief.—The Cream of our Exchanges.

Kicking Horse, the Sioux "prophet," claims to have visited heaven and returned to earth to tell the Indians what good things are in store for them.

Five boys, ranging from 5 to 10 years of age were arrested in St. John, for stealing cigars from Jardine & Co.'s store and three older ones for receiving the stolen goods.

It is calculated that about 150 Canadian exhibits will be shown at the Jamaica exhibition. There are 117 now entered, and many more are the subject of correspondence.

An Ottawa despatch says: Sir John Macdonald has consented to lay the cornerstone of the McLeod street Methodist church Toronto, on the afternoon of Thanksgiving day.

The St. John exhibition association accounts show that the receipts of the recent fair, including the grant of \$6,000, was nearly twenty two thousand dollars, while the expenses were probably one thousand dollars in excess of that sum.

A fatal accident occurred near Paradise N.S., on Thursday, which a man named Hines was instantly killed. While driving down a steep hill, the wagon containing Hines and another man upset, killing the former and severely injuring the other.

Six horses on a train from Pt. du Chene to St. John jumped from the car, the door of which had jammed open, while the train was in motion. Their absence was not noticed until the train reached St. John. They were found at Sussex, apparently all right.

A movement is on foot among the St. Anthony school teachers to purchase a Canadian flag to hoist on days memorable in our history. The trustees will probably provide a staff for it. If they were as loyal as they ought to be they would provide both flag and staff.

Says the Annet Press: Sunday evening while a drove of cattle were crossing the bridge over the river at Sunday evening, a cow was struck by a car, and was killed. The driver, who was driving with care, was fortunately all escaped without serious injury.

His Excellency the governor general spent Monday in Truro, and afterwards visited Acadia Mines. At both places he was most enthusiastically received. He and his party passed through Moncton last evening, on their way to Ottawa, having spent the entire month in the provinces.

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A correspondent of the Cologne Gazette has had an interview with T. P. O'Connor. O'Connor said the O'Brien-Dillon mission to America had nothing to do with the British government. "Our only concern," he said, "is to get money for political purposes. The mission costs upon getting £100,000. He himself would probably go to Canada, Dillon and O'Brien not daring to risk arrest there."

Diphtheria, which has been lurking about Paris ever since the influenza epidemic, has attacked the birds. The discovery seems to have been made at the Jardin des Plantes. The men of science are said to be satisfied that these birds do not communicate the disease to mankind. It is a prevalent and very dangerous disease, and some pigeons in the markets were proved to have suffered from it, but in no case did the disease spread to persons who came in contact with the infected birds.

The Prince and Princess of Wales, are at Weymouth Park, and will remain the guests of Lord and Lady Lytton until the end of the week, when they go to Sandringham, where they will entertain a succession of visitors during next month. As they are to be in constant residence at the hall until Dec. 8, the Prince of Wales has received his title of the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Princess of Wales, and attending the royal wedding at Berlin, and they are to be represented at the ceremony by the Duke of Clarence.

In connection with the Eyraud murder trial in Paris, hypnotism will be very thoroughly gone into. Henri Robert, counsel for the woman Bonnard, having decided to make a test question of the issue whether his client was or was not hypnotized, as she claims, by her accomplice. To decide the matter he will call Drs. Charcot and Voisin, the former standing at the head of specialists in nervous diseases here, and these gentlemen will make hypnotic experiments in open court.

The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough occupied an upper promenade box at a performance of "The Master of Woodbarrow," at the Lyceum theatre the other evening. They were the guests of Henry Clews. The Duke began to talk loudly directly after being seated, and the actors and actresses looked up in astonishment at him. In the second act it was apparent that the persons in the stage were becoming disconcerted by the chatter of the banker's party. Finally dozens of persons in the orchestra turned towards the box and hissed in decided disapproval, and it was said that Mr. Sothem would have been obliged to perform the scene had he been talking in the box not stopped.

Representatives of all the big ale breweries in New York and vicinity met at 2 Irving place and raised the price of every grade of ale \$1 a hog-head. The new prices will go into effect on November 1st. The brewers average a bushel, an advance of \$1 on the cheapest ale made. The brewers say they are driven to make the advance by the Mackinley bill, which raises the duty on Canadian malt from twenty cents to fifty-five cents a bushel, twenty cents on Canadian barley from ten cents to thirty cents, and the duty on foreign hops from eight cents to fifteen cents. The finer qualities of ale which are exported from New York breweries to foreign countries are made from Canadian barley and from hops imported from Bohemia and Bavaria. The retail dealers will not be able to advance the price of ale per glass, but they may get even by using smaller glasses.

Shortly after midnight an unknown stranger rushed into the despatchers' office of the Reading Railway at Lebanon, Pa., and demanded a free pass to Reading. When it was refused he threatened to fight the officials, and rushed out into the train gallery where two engines and an empty passenger train of four cars were standing. At the pistol's point the man drove off the engine of one of the engines and mounted the cab himself. Keeping off an officer with his drawn revolver, the man with his other hand pulled the throttle, and the engine started with a rush. The locomotive, crashing into the passenger car, pushed it into the engine ahead, and off they started for Lebanon at a high rate of speed. After going half a mile an officer, who had jumped on the train, shut down the brakes and stopped the train just as a pack of officers caught up to the rear engine. The desperate man then leaped from the cab and escaped in the darkness. The officer has not yet been apprehended.

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To bishop Courtney's high personal worth and distinguished abilities, all those who have come in contact with him bear unanimous testimony. It is therefore the more to be regretted that he has taken this extraordinary position. The ordinary mind stands amazed at the presumption manifested in his reported utterance. When a bishop tells the people that they must regard their rector as though he were Christ, we are at a loss to determine what states he would claim for himself. Undoubtedly there is a great deal of senseless and useless criticism upon preaching; but there is likewise a great deal of senseless and useless preaching. The people are expected to receive their faith from the pulpit and an exhibition of ignorance, which they would not tolerate for a moment on the lecture platform; but on the other hand, the people are too much given to pointless fault-finding. To present old truths, old rules of conduct, old speculations, ordinarily known as beliefs, old illustrations, old promise of reward, old threats of punishment, which everybody has heard over and over again, in a new and attractive form, is no easy task. Preachers are usually shackled by their creeds, they are thrown out into the great ocean of thought, bound hand and foot with creeds fashioned in the days of darkest ignorance, and because they do not give twice on every Sunday, a brilliant exhibition, we shrug our shoulders, forget in our seats and as we go home tell each other that the sermon was below mediocrity. If the critics would undertake to prepare, not one hundred and four sermons in a year, but four sermons to occupy half an hour in delivery, which would be fresh, bright, convincing and yet keep within the letter of the creed of their respective churches, they would be able to form some idea of what they expect of their clergymen.

We do not wish to be understood as intimating that bishop Courtney claims this exemption from criticism. No, we are not so much as to meet and sup with these. Doubtless from his point of view, to criticize a Baptist, Methodist, Presbyterian or Roman Catholic clergyman, or possibly an Anglican curate, would be eminently right and proper, or at least a matter of commendable indifference. No, we are to understand that to meet and sup with these is the same as to enjoy the personal fellowship of the Divine Master. Rectors are the class for whom the claim is made. Now what will strike most people as extraordinary is that, if this claim is well founded, it is not long ago discovered the fact. Perhaps if there is any class of clergymen under the sun who could most truly apply to themselves the apostle's words, "We are men of like passions with you," it is this class which bishop Courtney deifies. It is for the most part amiable men who try to do their duty, as they understand it, make no pretence of special sanctity, are first, last and always eminently respectable; but to claim for them the same reverence as is due to Him, who thought it not robbery to be equal with God, is an extravagance of pretence of which one would scarcely think an intelligent Christian would be capable.

THE MOON'S INFLUENCE.

Upon the weather is accepted by some as real, by others it is disputed. The moon never attracts corn from the tender, except spots. Putnam's Palmist. Corn extractor removes the most painful corns in three days. This great remedy makes no noise, doesn't go soiling around a man's feet, and does to business at once, and effects a cure. Don't be misled by substitutes and imitations. Get "Putnam's" and no other.

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It is semi-officially stated that negotiations between France and England relative to the Newfoundland fisheries will not be resumed until M. Waddington arrives in England, at present absent, returns to London.

The financial report of the exhibition recently in Edinburgh shows a deficit of £30,000. This more than absorbs the guarantee fund, which amounted to £25,000. The affairs of the exhibition have been placed in liquidation.

For the first time since the death of Emperor Frederick the Imperial standard on his palace in Unter den Linden, Berlin, which is now the residence of Empress Frederick, was hoisted Sunday week without any mourning car on it.

Mr. Gladstone in an address to the workmen of the Pumpherson Oil Works expressed his regret that the results of the last 50 years' legislation had not been so successful as he would have wished. He said that trade had multiplied five-fold, that the population had doubled, and that the material, social, moral and political condition of the country had enormously improved.

Startling evidence has been discovered in the case of Daniel Gorrin, who was hanged a few weeks ago for the murder of a fellow-workman in a bakery at Herne Hill. Gorrin stoutly maintained his innocence to the last, and now facts have come to the knowledge of the authorities showing that he was guilty of the crime.

One of the most prominent figures in English literary life disappears by the death of Mr. Mudie, the great librarian and bookseller. For Mudie to take up a new book meant that its success was established and the name of Mudie is closely identified with all the successful literary ventures in England during the latter half of the century.

A correspondent of the Cologne Gazette has had an interview with T. P. O'Connor. O'Connor said the O'Brien-Dillon mission to America had nothing to do with the British government. "Our only concern," he said, "is to get money for political purposes. The mission costs upon getting £100,000. He himself would probably go to Canada, Dillon and O'Brien not daring to risk arrest there."

Diphtheria, which has been lurking about Paris ever since the influenza epidemic, has attacked the birds. The discovery seems to have been made at the Jardin des Plantes. The men of science are said to be satisfied that these birds do not communicate the disease to mankind. It is a prevalent and very dangerous disease, and some pigeons in the markets were proved to have suffered from it, but in no case did the disease spread to persons who came in contact with the infected birds.

The Prince and Princess of Wales, are at Weymouth Park, and will remain the guests of Lord and Lady Lytton until the end of the week, when they go to Sandringham, where they will entertain a succession of visitors during next month. As they are to be in constant residence at the hall until Dec. 8, the Prince of Wales has received his title of the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Princess of Wales, and attending the royal wedding at Berlin, and they are to be represented at the ceremony by the Duke of Clarence.

In connection with the Eyraud murder trial in Paris, hypnotism will be very thoroughly gone into. Henri Robert, counsel for the woman Bonnard, having decided to make a test question of the issue whether his client was or was not hypnotized, as she claims, by her accomplice. To decide the matter he will call Drs. Charcot and Voisin, the former standing at the head of specialists in nervous diseases here, and these gentlemen will make hypnotic experiments in open court.

The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough occupied an upper promenade box at a performance of "The Master of Woodbarrow," at the Lyceum theatre the other evening. They were the guests of Henry Clews. The Duke began to talk loudly directly after being seated, and the actors and actresses looked up in astonishment at him. In the second act it was apparent that the persons in the stage were becoming disconcerted by the chatter of the banker's party. Finally dozens of persons in the orchestra turned towards the box and hissed in decided disapproval, and it was said that Mr. Sothem would have been obliged to perform the scene had he been talking in the box not stopped.

Representatives of all the big ale breweries in New York and vicinity met at 2 Irving place and raised the price of every grade of ale \$1 a hog-head. The new prices will go into effect on November 1st. The brewers average a bushel, an advance of \$1 on the cheapest ale made. The brewers say they are driven to make the advance by the Mackinley bill, which raises the duty on Canadian malt from twenty cents to fifty-five cents a bushel, twenty cents on Canadian barley from ten cents to thirty cents, and the duty on foreign hops from eight cents to fifteen cents. The finer qualities of ale which are exported from New York breweries to foreign countries are made from Canadian barley and from hops imported from Bohemia and Bavaria. The retail dealers will not be able to advance the price of ale per glass, but they may get even by using smaller glasses.

Shortly after midnight an unknown stranger rushed into the despatchers' office of the Reading Railway at Lebanon, Pa., and demanded a free pass to Reading. When it was refused he threatened to fight the officials, and rushed out into the train gallery where two engines and an empty passenger train of four cars were standing. At the pistol's point the man drove off the engine of one of the engines and mounted the cab himself. Keeping off an officer with his drawn revolver, the man with his other hand pulled the throttle, and the engine started with a rush. The locomotive, crashing into the passenger car, pushed it into the engine ahead, and off they started for Lebanon at a high rate of speed. After going half a mile an officer, who had jumped on the train, shut down the brakes and stopped the train just as a pack of officers caught up to the rear engine. The desperate man then leaped from the cab and escaped in the darkness. The officer has not yet been apprehended.

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LOCAL NEWS.

A SOCIAL EVENING.—A very enjoyable time was spent at the residence of Jackson Doughty Kingsclear, on Friday evening last. About fifty people were entertained, and dancing, singing and games kept all amused until the wee sma hours of dawn.

WORK AT THE BOOMS.—The work at the Sterling, Mitchell, and Douglas booms has been above the average for the last two weeks. There is still a great quantity of lumber to be got out, but the forecast that the work will be finished before navigation closes.

HALLOWEEN.—The usual old time customs were observed on Friday evening last. The boys played a number of practical jokes upon the unsuspecting citizens, and the girls went down the cellar backwards in order to obtain a peep into the hymenal future.

FOOTBALL.—E. Lee Street telegraphed to St. John on Wednesday last, stating that the university team could not play the St. Johns to-day (Saturday), but would come down later. On Thursday next the St. Johns will play the university team on the A. A. grounds in this city.

THE LUMBER WOODS.—John Kilburn has now succeeded in despatching about 100 men to work in the woods at Quebec. J. A. Morrison will hire 75 men; Robt. Connors took a large force of men and teams to the upper St. John on Wednesday last, and how the roads of St. John are being made for the Michichi district.

CALISTHENICS.—The women's christian temperance union of this city have made arrangements with sergeant Gregory of the R. S. I., to give a course of instruction to ladies and children this winter in physical education. Classes for calisthenics will be established at once, one for ladies and one for children, and will meet twice a week.

BURIAL PERMITS.—The following are the returns for the month of October. There were thirteen deaths during the following causes: Liver complaint, 1; lung disease, 1; convulsions, 2; consumption, 1; asthma, 1; quinsy, 1; spinal disease, 1; congestion, 1; inflammation of bowels, 1; cholera infantum, 1; diabetes, 1; paralysis, 1. Total 13.

OFF TO THE WEST.—On Monday next, Ernest Carlyle, Wm. Currie, Herman Hawkins, Edna Munn, George Cheyney and Ludlow Hawkins will start for Erie, Canada, to visit their relatives. Mr. Currie, Alfred Hart and Jas. Barnes, all of Kingsclear, left for that place on Wednesday last. Ezra McKel has altered his mind and will go to Michigan.

A BEAR STORY.—Andrew Murrell was driving on the road in the vicinity of Grand Lake on Wednesday when he was surprised to see a large bear sitting calmly in the middle of the road. The huge beast shambled slowly off into the woods at the noise of the wagon. Alas! that Winchester was at home, and Andrew for once lost a great opportunity.

THE CANNING INDUSTRY.—Messrs. Hoegg have had a crew of men at work on the King street tannery this week, and intend to make the new canning factory second to none in the province. D. W. Hoegg has returned from Nova Scotia, where he has purchased a large quantity of apples suitable for the canning business, and it is intended to prosecute this industry on a large scale.

A VERDICT LOSS.—That handsome lady St. Bernard's dog belonging to Mr. Edwards of the Queen hotel, was found dead on Thursday morning near the hotel. It was only last week the animal was poisoned. The dog was a most valuable animal and the owner would not have taken a hundred dollar bill for it. It was of an affectionate disposition and was a great favorite with all.

A PECULIAR ATTACHMENT.—An exchange says: A St. Stephen travelling man returned from Fredericton, but he was minus his sample bag. It followed on the next train. A tag attached to the bag read: "Pretty drunk when he left." The travelling man says it is a gross lie, prompted by a spirit of revenge. His friends know him to be a sober man, with his thoughts constantly bent upon the graveyard, and they are inclined to believe him. The end is not yet.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.—Llewellyn A. Morrison, the well known poet of Toronto, has been spending a few days in town, partly for business and partly for pleasure. Mr. Morrison, who is a manufacturer of machinery, has been turning his attention to the fine arts, and has purchased several studies by Hedley Edgecombe. He speaks in warm praise of the celestial city. Mr. Morrison is a powerful writer, and has composed some hymns which are very much thought of.

CONVERSATIONS.—The members of the Epworth league and the teachers of the Methodist S. S., entertained the university and Normal school students in the lecture room of the Methodist church last Wednesday evening. A short musical and literary programme, consisting of recitations, songs, and entertaining readings was agreeably rendered by the members and teachers. At half-past nine refreshments were served, and a pleasant intercourse followed. There were about 150 present, and all declare they spent a good time.

A FINE ORCHARD.—Squire Lyons, of Monument, has for the last several years been giving his attention to fruit culture, selecting classes of trees best suited to the soil and climate, and carefully noting any peculiarities of the varieties he is raising. His Apples, Golden Wonder, New Brunswick, Walbridge, Crab, and Montgomery cherries have all turned out well, and returns have been most ample. The consequence is, his little well-kept orchard calls forth the warmest praise from all who visit this section of the country.

Bitten by a Cat.—John Eggar who resides at the west end of the town, was severely bitten in the left hand by a cat a few days ago, two ugly lites being inflicted. The hand has since swelled, and some very painful pustules formed. So excruciating became the wounds, Mr. Eggar was obliged to call in Dr. Currie, who pronounced the hand to be poisoned. The wounds were dressed, but the patient has for the past few days been unable to dress himself with comfort, the pain extending up the left arm. It will be some time before Mr. Eggar will be able to resume work.

The City Teachers.—An important meeting of the scholastic profession in this city took place Monday last at the Normal School, when several important educational subjects were taken up for discussion. The grading system of the schools is claimed by the teachers requires organizing, the lower grade pupils are not thoroughly prepared for the advanced. More elementary work is required in order that lower grade pupils should succeed in the upper classes. This important question was fully discussed, and it was resolved that some method be devised to avert this evil if possible.

A Good Farming District.—An exchange remarks: It is pleasing to read the constant reports of the success of men who have stuck by old Maine. Josiah M. Noyes, of Limestone, Aroostook county, this season had 11,000 bushels of A. M. Dudley, Castle Hill, and picked out thirty potatoes that weighed sixty pounds quick, and sixty-nine that weighed 120 pounds. I also filled a four barrel more than even just ninety potatoes. Weighed potatoes just from one hill, seven pounds. A. M. Dudley said he found one potato that weighed three and a quarter pounds. Mr. Dudley has 925 barrels of potatoes in his cellar.

Social Gatherings.

THE UNIVERSITY SPORTS.

An Interesting Series of Events.—A Well Contested Field. The fall sports in connection with the U. A. A. C. took place on Saturday last on the university lawn. A great number of ladies and gentlemen were present, and much interest was centred in the thirteen events. The R. S. I. band was on the grounds, and rendered a delightful programme of dance, operatic and classical music.

The sports began at 2 p.m. Messrs. A. F. Street, J. H. Hawthorne, J. D. Fowler, Prof. Strong, and J. W. Wetmore were the judges. Mr. Fowler officiating as starter.

The 100 yds. dash was won by Peake in 11 sec. taking the silver medal; Peppers was 2nd, prize a silk umbrella.

The standing broad jump was well contested, Thorne jumping 11 ft. 4 in. and capturing the medal; Peppers was 2nd, prize a silver cup.

In the 220 yds. dash Peppers won a brilliant race in 29 sec., taking the medal. Peake was a good second; silver, gold headed cane.

The putting wedge was won by McLeod with 33 ft. 11 in.; silver medal; Campbell was 2nd, prize opera glass.

Running broad jump: This event brought out nine competitors. Peppers took the medal with 10 ft. 5 in.; silver medal; Ruel Longfellow's poems.

In the mile race, Peake, Ruel, Downey, and Kilpatrick did the seven laps with the usual varying tactics, but in the eight lap Peake shot ahead and won the medal; Ruel was 2nd, prize silver skates. Time, 6 min. 11-5 sec.

In the running high jump Campbell was 1st, with 5 ft. 11 in. McColough 2nd. This was a fine contest; Campbell winning the medal in grand form; McColough captured 2nd, a pearl pin; Peppers 3rd, a napkin ring.

Half mile race: Peake was 1st in 2 min. 35 sec.; Ruel 2nd, clock; Mitchell 3rd, pair kid gloves. A splendid event, Peake and Ruel running grandly.

Hurdle race: Peppers 1st in 50 sec.; silver medal; Lemont 2nd, cigar case.

Quarter mile race: Peake, Aitken, and Ruel ran in grand form and secured a great excitement. The race resulted in a broken record, Peake taking the medal in 1 m. 15 sec.; Ruel 2nd, a silver cup. This was the event of the day.

Pole vault: Tweedie 1st 8 ft. 7 in.; silver medal; Campbell 2nd, silver cup; McLeod 3rd; Paradise lost.

Half mile walk: Burton 1st, a gold medal; McLeod 2nd.

After the sports were over Mrs. T. C. Allen, presented the prizes to the successful competitors, and Prof. Duff gave a brief address. Peppers again proved himself the best all round athlete, and D. Lemont, R. Watson, E. F. Peake, and H. T. McLeod were the winners of the silver badges for best general athletes in the freshman, sophomore, junior, and senior classes.

Three cheers for Mr. Morrison and Prof. Duff concluded a very successful afternoon's sport.

Recent Fires.—The two granite stores at Harvey Station caught fire on Saturday morning last, about 4 o'clock. The buildings containing flour and heavy goods were completely gutted, and everything destroyed. The goods in the other building were saved, all working with a will to prevent the fire from spreading, but in spite of all efforts, both buildings were destroyed. The origin of the fire is a mystery. The loss estimated at \$5,000 is covered by insurance.

A week ago to-day as Joseph King, of Blaney Ridge, was at work in the afternoon digging potatoes, the roof of the house was observed to be on fire. Mr. King and the neighbors were quickly on the spot, but in consequence of water having to be hauled from some distance, very little could be done to stop the conflagration. The neighbors worked with a will and all the furniture in the lower rooms was saved. The house, which was a fine double tenement was completely destroyed. The loss is covered by an insurance of \$1,000 in the Central Fire Insurance company. It is supposed that a defective fuse was the cause of the fire.

On Friday night shortly before 11 o'clock, the small single story building on the corner of the street between George and Charlotte streets, owned by Miss Bean and recently unoccupied, was set on fire by some one, whose zeal in the matter of Hollow Men was severely injured about the head and body and was lying in a pool of blood. Dr. Murray was sent for and pronounced his patient to be in a very serious condition.

Warrants were at once issued for the arrest of the two men.

Dr. McAlpine was sufficiently recovered to proceed home to Grand Falls on Tuesday night last. His two assailants have been seen in the vicinity of Harvey and Prince William.

The Many Dances.—Arrangements have now been completed by a committee of the prominent young men of this town for the holding of a series of popular dances throughout the winter season. The hall chosen is the Masonic, and the committee have spared no pains in making everything cozy and comfortable, and a good waxed floor has been prepared for the rotaries of the light fantastic. That artistic combination, the ever popular R. S. I. orchestra has been engaged, and will render some delightful programmes of dance music under the leadership of bandmaster Hayes.

Refreshments will be served during the evening and J. W. Tabor will manipulate the recherche ice cream with his accustomed ability, in short everything will be done to make these dances pass off with eclat.

J. D. Stockford will act as floor manager, and J. D. will be there. The opening event of the season is announced for Thanksgiving night, when a promenade concert and dance will be given in Masonic hall. Gentlemen will be charged a small fee of fifty cents, with the privilege of bringing their lady friends, and all may expect a roasting time, and a pleasant intercourse followed. There were about 150 present, and all declare they spent a good time.

STATISTICS OF CRIME.—Summary by the Police Court for the Fiscal Year. Fiscal year ending Oct. 31st 1880, the statistics of crime compare most favorable with last year's records. In 1880 there were 301 cases before the court this year, there are but 245. The previous year 153 of these cases were drunks, this year 93 offences only are recorded.

A total of 1427 in fines were collected, viz. Scott act offences \$800; illegal houses and other offences \$627. The following statement shows the records of crime and offences for the year.

Table with 2 columns: Offense and Count. Includes categories like Drunk on public streets, Disturbances on public streets, Against city bye law, Drunk in houses and charges, For damages to property, Common assaults, Abusive language, Cruelty to animals, Disturbance at public meetings, and Protection cases.

It will be seen from the above tabulated statement that the returns for this year show a marked improvement as compared with the previous year.

Wedding Bells.

A HERO'S DEATH.

On Monday evening last there was a quiet wedding at St. Ann's church, when James McLean and Mrs. James Gibson, both residing at the lower end of the city, were united in marriage by the Rev. Mr. Roberts. W. Thompson Bliss, late of this city, but now of Somerville, Mass., and a son of the late Geo. Bliss, was married to Jennie, the only daughter of John Gibson, of Marysville, on Tuesday morning last. The bride and groom were the bridesmaid, and Fred. St. John Bliss attended the groom. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. D. Chapman at the residence of the bride's father, a large number of relatives and friends being present. The presents were numerous and costly. The happy couple took the train for Somerville, their future home, on Tuesday afternoon, being saluted with a jovial shower of rice and good wishes on their departure from the city.

The cathedral was the scene of another happy event on Wednesday morning last, when a large crowd of spectators assembled to witness the marriage of Frank White, of the firm of J. & A. McMillan & Co. of this city, to Miss Annie Hart, of this city. Alfred M. Smith, of St. John, was groomsmen, and Miss Etta Block, of this city, attended the bride. The happy couple were felicitated, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Alexander. Many congratulations were showered upon the happy couple at the conclusion of the ceremony. They departed for St. John by the 11 o'clock train, amid the happy tokens of good will from a large circle of friends.

The Pro-Cathedral, Chatham, was the scene of an interesting wedding, on Tuesday morning of this week, at six o'clock, when Miss Margaret Macdonald was wedded to C. J. Neale, formerly of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Bannon. The bride wore a tailor made gown of cadet blue, the last being an outfit, and looking exceedingly well; while the bridesmaid, Miss Noonan, was garbed in a checked costume, which was most becoming. Mr. Frank Griffin acted as the groom.

After the ceremony, the bridal party proceeded to the residence of the bride's father, Dr. Crimmon, where a recherche repast was served. Many friends, handsome gifts and good wishes, combined to make the reception which followed an exceedingly pleasant one. The Rev. Mr. Neale, who had the accommodation for an extended tour.

There are thirteen guests at present staying at Hawthorn's hotel.

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Geo. White, of Fort Creek, lost three steers and two heifers in the woods a few days ago. It is believed the animals have strayed some miles from home.

Five of the Normal school candidates were placed at the recent written examinations in the Junior class, and will have to retire.

The Rev. Mr. Morrison will be in St. John on Wednesday, taking with him H. Estabrook, residing near Morrison's mill, to the lunatic asylum.

Harry Danforth, an employe of Morrison's mill, was on Wednesday morning last, removed to the Victoria hospital, suffering from an attack of typhoid fever.

A social frolic and dance was held at Murrell's residence on Wednesday last. A party of friends, including Mr. Morrison, and a good time was spent by all.

The fifth annual meeting of the King's county teachers took place on Thursday last, when superintendent Crockett gave an instructive educational address.

The dance at Forester's hall, St. Mary's, on Wednesday night, was a financial success. Over forty couples enjoyed the light fantastic to the music of the R.S.I. orchestra. A large number of guests were present, and willfully destroyed last Friday evening, a few of them being found on various parts of the river side, and two in the neighborhood of the Douglas house.

The stallion Nelson, at Cambridge city, Ind., Tuesday, 21st, broke his great teeth, haunts record by doing the mile in 2:04 in the presence of 10,000 spectators. The first quarter was done in 34 seconds, and when he reached the half there was a subdued murmur of wonder as the stop watches showed that 1:03 had elapsed. The third was done in 1:28, and then followed a fine finish, for as the running mate came thundering up behind, at the sound of his hoof, the noble stallion shot forward like an arrow from the bow. In another instance Nelson rushed under the wire in 2:03.

Nelson is a very handsome bay horse, he stands nearly sixteen hands high, and weighs 1000 lbs. He has a fine head, full eye, intelligent countenance. Nelson has been taken to Chicago, where he will give an exhibition of speed to the numerous lovers of the track in that city.

Says the Amherst Press: Mr. Lamy's brood mare, Irya, 2:28 1/2, has turned out to be a producer of no mean order, being the dam of Blue Blood, which sired the phenomenal filly, Blue Queen, which trotted Chatham's poor half mile track in 1:19. Blue Queen is fifteen months old and weighs 815 pounds. Blue Prince four-year-old, had a trial on the same track in 2:30, and True Blue, two years old, can trot his mile better than 2:50. Col. Willowside, out of Irya, should be with the same opportunities bred of better speed than Blue Blood, as his sire Nutbourne was a faster and a better bred horse than Kentucky Prince.

The Woodstock Press says: The Kinardine annual ploughing match was held on Tuesday, the 21st inst., at David Low's farm, Kinardine. The greatest was all that could be desired, and by ten o'clock the ground had been cleared for completion. The ground, though somewhat dry, was well cleared of stones and stumps, and the whole pretty equitably. Refreshments were very liberally supplied to the plowmen, judges and all present. Mrs. Low undertook this part of the work, assisted by her neighbor, Mrs. 2111. The part of the work was pronounced to be well executed. The judges, Messrs. Drum, A. Hutchison and D. McKenzie, after a careful inspection, awarded the prizes as follows: For best horse and harness, the first prize by J. B. Adam was awarded to Jas. Cocker; 2nd, Jas. Duncan; 3rd, Wm. McKenzie; for plowing, 1st, Wm. McKenzie; 2nd, Jas. Aitken; 3rd, Jas. Cocker; 4th, A. Davidson; 5th, Joseph Stevenson; 6th, D. Low; for the best furring, Wm. McKenzie; best fish, Wm. McKenzie; first off the ground with a prize, D. Low; oldest plowman, Jas. Aitken; youngest, Thos. Hunter. We have also to tender our thanks to Jas. Duncan, Fredericton, for the interest he takes and the help he gives to this affair.

From the Far West. Everet Brown, a young Englishman from Comox, B. C., who has been on a visit to this city for the past few days, gives some very interesting accounts of how the Comoxians enjoy life in the rocky mountain province. The little port near the sea has been indulging in quite a round of gaiety. Just before the harbor left, the visit of H. M. S. Wasp and Daphne had set the inhabitants in an unusual flutter of excitement. A very enjoyable ball was given to the officers and a sociable and enjoyable evening was spent. The settlement, which is growing, is an agricultural, mining and fishing district, and the residents are a pushing, energetic race of people. A new school district has just been formed there, and a new building is to be erected at once. The winter at Comox is unusually mild, and very little snow falls during the year. There is good sport and good fishing in the neighborhood.

Mr. Brown, who is on a flying visit to the old country, will bring out a party of farmers with capital, to Vancouver next spring.

Captain and Mrs. McLean who were ordered to St. John to take charge of the 1st Cavalry at that city have returned. They will remain here another term.

A Good Conundrum. Mr. Williams. "Why is a drum without a head like a model wife?" Mr. Cross. (A henpecked husband). "Because she is mite." Mr. Williams. "Right, now tell me why a muller wife, a drum without a head, a turnip, a plumber and Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder are similar?" Mr. Cross. (triumphantly). "Because they can't be beat."

The Fredericton Market. There has been a good attendance at the market this week, and a large amount of country produce brought into town. Beef, 10 to 12c per lb; lamb, lard, 15c; butter, 18 to 24c; eggs, per dozen, 18 to 24c; cheese, 10 to 12c; chickens, 45 to 60c; hay, \$8 to \$10 per ton; straw, \$5 per ton; oats, 45c per bush; buckwheat \$1.75 per cwt.

It will be seen that market prices are slightly better. Oats have dropped owing to the good supply on hand. Green stuff continues firm.

Stop and Read! This fall's announcement. Between Yanwart's and Mr. Estey's Grocery Stores, Queen St., you will find the Cheapest and Best Tailor in the City.

I have always on hand a Choice Selection of Tweed and Overcoatings, all of which will be made up at a small profit.

Call and examine my stock before placing your orders elsewhere.

JOSEPH WALKER, Practical Tailor, QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON. NOTICE.

THE CENTRAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of New Brunswick, has this day declared a dividend of amount of capital paid in full of three and one half per cent. for half year ending September 30th, 1880, payable to the stockholders at the Company's Office, on or after the 15th day of November next.

By order of the Board. A. D. MACPHERSON, Secretary. Fredericton, Sept. 25, 1880.

GUNS, RIFLES, AND SPORTING GOODS! JUST RECEIVED (direct imports): 4 CARBINE GUNS AND RIFLES, as follows: Winchester Magazine and Single Shot Rifle, the Martini Rifle, full and half Magazine the newest and best rifle made; Double and Single Barrel Shot Gun, Remington's famous Muzzle Loading Shot Gun, single and double barrel, price from \$4 to \$10. Also above lines of Guns and Rifles are the best value I have ever had in stock, and an intending purchaser would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also a full and complete stock of Sporting and Rifle Powder, Shot, Shell, and Caps, Fuzes, Bolts and Cartridges, Trainers, Gun Lovers and Revolvers, Gun Cases, Covert and Bags. Shells loaded to order. Wholesale and Retail at

WELLS'S HARDWARE STORE.

"Greatest Thing in The World!" AT Hall's - Book - Store.

This Celebrated Book by DRUMMOND Can be Procured of M. S. HALL.

"Greatest Thing in The World!" By DRUMMOND. HALL'S BOOK STORE CHARTER OAK STOVES.

MERIT WILL HAVE ITS REWARD. Efficient, reliable, and simple in construction. Fine smooth castings. F. B. - "The best demand for this stove warrants us in making the above statement."

For Sale only by R. CHESTNUT & SONS. YERXA & YERXA.

Here is Your Chance if You Buy a Can of National Baking Powder.

You Have a Chance to Get a WILLIAMS SEWING MACHINE FOR 50 CENTS. ALSO GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL GROCERIES.

YERXA & YERXA.

YERXA & YERXA.

YERXA & YERXA.

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YERXA & YERXA.

YERXA & YERXA.

YERXA & YERXA.

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YERXA & YERXA.

The Question Answered! TO those who are inquiring where they can find the best place to BUY GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, I would say it will be to the advantage of such parties to look for the sign

W. R. LOGAN

And there will be found a well selected stock, and the best all round GROCERY FOR FAMILY TRADE.

JUST RECEIVED: Quinces, Chestnuts, New Figs, Cape Cod Cranberries, New Raisins, Florida Oranges, Florida Lemons, French Peas, Red Cabbage, Greenstein Apples.

AT W. R. LOGAN'S. Goods Delivered Free to Train and Steamer.

New Fall Goods JUST OPENED.

NEW DRESS GOODS, Ladies and Misses Black Cashmere, New Cloth and Jersey Jackets, Ladies and Gents Fall Underwear, Black Silks, extra value.

Gray, White, and Scarlet Flannels, BEST MAKES.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO. 202 QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

THOS. W. SMITH Custom Tailoring - A SPECIALTY. ALL THE LATEST STYLES

Mens, Youths and Boys Suits, Overcoats and Reefers; also Pants, Vests and Jumpers. English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, German Suitings and French Trouserings to select from. Work Warranted and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

PRICES MODERATE. CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

THOS. W. SMITH, 192 Queen Street.

ATTENTION! We are Selling these Goods at the following Reduction to Clear:

Lot No. 1, Gents Split Lace Boots in No. 6 and 7, former price \$1.25, now 75c. Lot No. 2, Boys Split Lace Boots, former price \$1.10, now 70c. Lot No. 3, Youths Split Lace Boots, former price 90c, now 60c. Lot No. 4, Gents Tan Colored Cal Shoes, former price \$2, now \$1.50. Lot No. 5, Boys Tan Colored Shoes, former price \$1.30, now \$1.00.

Gents and Boys WIGWAMS at less than cost to clear. We have still a number of pairs let of our Ladies INDIA KID BUTTON BOOTS at \$2.00, at

LOTTIMER'S SHOE STORE, 210 QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

A FULL STOCK AT THE TINSMITHS, - GASFITTERS, - PLUMBERS ESTABLISHMENT OF LIMERICK & DUNCAN, YORK ST., FREDERICTON, N. B.

THEY would inform the public in general that they will sell their goods at the Cheapest, and they carry a full line of KITCHEN FURNISHING AND LUMBERMEN SUPPLIES. And guarantee all goods made by them to be through in Quality and Workmanship. HOT AIR FURNACES fitted up in the most approved style. REPAIRING done in all branches with business and dispatch. Telephone 166.

FOR SALE BIRD SINGER. Apply at HALL'S BOOK STORE, Fredericton, N. B.

G. R. PERKINS' Phoenix Square.

Are you going to paint your house this summer? If you are, use the best SUPERPHOSPHATE.

Now in Store at G. R. PERKINS' Phoenix Square.

Paints. They can be had in any quantity Ready Mixed if you prefer them, or ground in oil in paste form. Cheap at

G. R. PERKINS' Phoenix Square.

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POETRY.

ON WAKING FROM A DREAMLESS SLEEP.

I waked; the sun was in the sky, The face of heaven was fair, The silence all about me lay Of morning in the air.

SELECT STORY.

THE PIONEERS.

By J. Finimore Cooper

AUTHOR OF "THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS," "THE PATHFINDER," "HOMECWARD BOUND," ETC.

The edifice was composed of a basement of squared logs, perforated here and there with small gratings, through which a few wistful faces were gazing at the crowd without.

When the judges were seated, the lawyers had taken possession of the table, and the noise of moving feet had ceased in the area, the proclamations were made in the usual form, the jurors were sworn, the charge was given, and the court proceeded to hear the business before them.

"I did; but the warrant was in my hand," proceeded Mr. Lippert, with your examination.

"You have heard the testimony, and I shall deliver my verdict at this moment. If an officer meets with resistance in the execution of a process, he has an undoubted right to call any citizen to his assistance, and the acts of such assistant come within the protection of the law.

"You are acquitted of this charge, Nathaniel Bumpo," said the Judge. "Annan" said Natty. "You are found not guilty of striking and assaulting Mr. Doolittle."

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On outward corners of these wings are placed propeller wheels, which run right on for raising or lowering the ship. At the bow is a very large propeller wheel, which propels the ship forward and backward, and directly on the top of the buoyancy chamber is a rudder extending its full length, which is used to steer the ship horizontally.

THE ENGAGEMENT RING ROMANCE.

The first one usually doesn't cost much; but it costs enough for all that. You are about twenty when you begin looking over the jeweler's advertisements and find yourself wondering if she will be pleased with what you save and pluck so to get.

At length you have bought it. Then comes the eventful evening; you stroll down the street feeling your importance at every step; with thumping heart you pass into your love's sweet presence; there she sits expectant; before you know anything about it her hand is in yours. Over her taper fingers the jeweled band is slipped, and what follows you remember so well it need not be recalled.

Hank Hillard was born and reared away down in the wild Ozark region of Christian county, Missouri, almost within grasp of the famous Bad Knobbers of South Missouri. He had never been out of the county, much less out of the state, and his ideas of engagement rings were limited.

When pretty Sallie Diggs—pretty in spite of her length, stammering talk and freckles—insisted upon a ring before she would consider the engagement binding, Hank was nonplussed.

He expostulated without avail, scratched his head, thought a long while, and finally went away. He came back the next afternoon his face wreathed in smiles.

"I've got her," he exclaimed, and reaching in his pocket he drew out a great ring of brass.

Sallie smiled and reached out her hand. Hank slipped the ring over the girl's largest finger, and, leaning near the simple maiden, whispered:

"Now, Sal, are ye satisfied that weuns is engaged?" "Yes, Hank," Sal whispered, shaking the ring around on her finger; "but say, Hank, wouldn't it be better to get it?" "Ye won't tell?" "None."

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M. MURRAY & CO.

Employs no Agents, but gives the Large Commission to the Buyer, and so by doing, can sell you an



AT VERY LOW PRICES,

and on as easy terms as any other company on the

INSTALMENT PLAN.

Call and See our ORGANS and PRICES.

WE SELL THIS SEWING MACHINE for \$18, AND THE HIGHEST PRICE MACHINE MADE IN MONTHS, AND NOT SATISFACTORY, MONEY REFUNDED.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

WE ALSO SELL THE

Celebrated "White" Sewing Machine,

which took the First Prize Gold Medal over all others at the Paris Exhibition.

ROOM PAPER—We have much pleasure in stating that we have bought in the United States, before the rise in Wall Paper, 1700 Rolls, and will be in a position very shortly to show the BEST ASSORTMENT of WALL PAPERS to be had anywhere, in Brown and White, Blacks, Gilt, Grapes, Engrain and fine Gold Papers, with Borders to match; and we will offer them at prices never known in this City.

BROWNS FROM 5 CENTS UPWARDS; WHITES FROM 8 CENTS UPWARDS; GILTS FROM 20 CENTS UPWARDS.

Call and see the Stock and Prices. To arrive this week from Montreal, 8000 Rolls (cheap) Wholesale or Retail.

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THE

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND

GLOBE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

ASSETS, 1st JANUARY, 1889, - \$30,722,809.56

ASSETS IN CANADA, - \$70,925.67

TO ARRIVE,

3 Cars Ontario Seed Oats,

1 Car Bran and Middlings,

LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

WM. WILSON,

Agent,

WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH,

MASON,

Plasterer, - and - Bricklayer,

SHORE ST. NEAR GAS WORKS,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

JOHNSON a specialty. Workmanship first-class. Prices satisfactory.

Per S. S. Nova Scotian.

1 1/2 TONS assorted sizes of CABLE CHAIN, from 3/16 to 7/16 of an inch. Just received at

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

WANTED

RELIABLE PUSHING MEN to sell coal in every town. Commission assured. Splendid opportunity offered for Spring work. My Salesmen have good success, many selling from \$100 to \$200 or more. Send for Proof and testimonials. A good pushing man wanted here at once. Liberal terms, and the best goods in the market. Write to G. T. WHELPLEY, Fredericton, N. B.

Coal Tar.

FROM NEW YORK.

10 BARRELS best AMERICAN COAL

Just received at

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE in the City for Fine Work and Fine Jewels.

One Door Below the People's Bank

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 - TURNIP - SOWER,

BY

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Carriage Bolts.

JUST RECEIVED:

5 C (ASSETS) containing 10,500 Carriage Bolts and 9,000 Tire Bolts.

For sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

S. L. MORRISON,

Dealer in

FLOUR, MEAL,

TEA,

COFFEE,

SUGAR,

MOLASSES,

TOBACCO,

CANNED GOODS

General Groceries.

QUEEN STREET,

OPP. CITY HALL,

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